

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1791.

PHILADELPHIA, September 26.

Gen. WILKINSON's Expedition.

Authentic report of Lieutenant-colonel commandant WILKINSON, to his excellency governor St. Clair, containing the particulars of the late expedition against L'Anguille, and the Indians on the Wabash.

FRANKFORT, on KENTUCKY,

August 24th, 1791.

SIR, HAVING carried into complete effect the enterprise which you were pleased to direct against L'Anguille, and having done the savages every other damage on the Wabash to which I conceived my force adequate, I embrace the first moment's recess from active duty to detail to your excellency the operations of the expedition entrusted to my conduct.

I left the neighbourhood of Fort Washington on the first instant, at one o'clock, and, agreeable to my original plan, feinted boldly at the Miami villages, by the most direct course the nature of the ground, over which I had to march, would permit; I persevered in this plan until the morning of the 4th instant, and thereby avoided the hunting ground of the enemy, and the paths which lead direct from White river to the Wabash, leaving the head waters of the first to my left; I then, being about 70 miles advanced of Fort Washington, turned north-west. I made no discovery until the 5th, about nine o'clock, A. M. when I crossed three much frequented paths within two miles of each other, and all bearing east of north; my guides were urgent for me to follow these paths, which betrayed their ignorance of the country, and convinced me I had to depend on my own judgment only. In the afternoon of that day I was obliged to cross a deep bog, which injured several of my horses exceedingly, and a few miles beyond I struck a path bearing north by west, marked by the recent footsteps of five or six savages. My guides renewed their application to me to follow this path, but I pursued my course, which had been N. 60 W. since two o'clock. I had not got clear of my encampment next morning, before my advance reported an impassable bog in our front, extending several miles on either hand, and the guides asserted that the whole country to the Wabash was cut by such bogs, and that it would be impossible for me to proceed, unless I followed the Indian paths, which avoided these bogs, or led through them at places where they were least difficult. Although I paid little regard to this information, as delay was dangerous, and every thing depended on the preservation of my horses, I determined to turn to the right, and fall into the path I had passed the evening before, which varied in its course from N. by W. to N. E. The country had now become pondy in every direction, I therefore resolved to pursue this path until noon, in the hope that it would conduct me to better ground, or to some devious trace which might lead to the object sought.

At seven o'clock I crossed an east branch of Calumet river, about 40 yards wide, and about noon my advance guard fired on a small party of warriors, and took a prisoner, the rest ran off to the eastward. I halted about a mile beyond the spot where this affair happened, and on examining the prisoner found him to be a Delaware, living near the site of the late Miami village, which he informed me was about 30 miles distant: I immediately retrograded four miles, and filed off by the right, over some rising ground which I had observed between the east branch of Calumet river and a creek four or five miles advance of it, taking my course N. 60 W. This measure fortunately extricated me from the bogs and ponds, and soon placed me on firm ground; late in the afternoon I crossed one path running from N. to S. and shortly after fell into another varying from N. W. to N. by W. I pursued this about two miles, when I encamped—but finding it still inclined northward, I determined to abandon it in the morning.

I resumed my march on the 6th, at four o'clock, the Calumet being to the westward of me, I was fearful I should strike the Wabash too high up, and perhaps fall in with the small town, which you mentioned to me, at the mouth of the former river. I therefore steered a due west course, and six o'clock, A. M. crossed a road, much used both by horse and foot, bearing due north. I now knew that I was near a Shawanese village, generally supposed to be on the waters of White river, but actually on those of the Calumet, and was sensible that every thing depended on the celerity and silence of my movements, as my real object had become manifest. I therefore pushed my march vigorously, leaving an officer and 20 men in ambush, to watch the road, in order to intercept or beat off any party of the enemy which might casually be passing that way, and thereby prevent, as long as possible, the discovery of my real intentions.

At eight o'clock I crossed Calumet river, now 80 yards wide, and running down N. N. W. and pursuing my course, I crossed one path near the western

bank of the river, taking the same course, and at six miles distance another bearing to the N. E. I was now sensible from my reckoning, compared with my own observations during the late expedition under general Scott, and the information received from your excellency and others, that I could not be very distant from L'Anguille. The party left at the road soon fell in with four warriors encamped half a mile from the right of my line of march, killed one and drove off the others to the northward. My situation had now become extremely critical, the whole country to the north being in alarm, which made me greatly anxious to continue my march during the night, but I had no path to direct me, and it was impossible to keep my course, or for horsemen to march through a thick swampy country, in utter darkness. I quitted my camp on the 7th, as soon as I could see my way, crossed one path at three miles distance, bearing N. E. and at seven miles I fell into another, very much used, bearing N. W. by N. which I at once adopted, as the direct route to my object, and pushed forward with the utmost dispatch. I halted at twelve o'clock to refresh the horses, and examine the men's arms and ammunition; I marched again at half after one, and at 15 minutes before five struck the Wabash, at one and a half leagues above the mouth of Eel river, being the very spot for which I had aimed from the commencement of my march. I crossed the river, and following the path a N. by E. course, at the distance of two and a half miles, my reconnoitering party announced Eel river in front, and the town on the opposite bank, I dismounted, ran forward, and examined the situation of the town as far as was practicable, without exposing myself; but the whole face of the country, from the Wabash to the margin of Eel river, being a continued thicket of brambles, black jacks, weeds and shrubs of different kinds, it was impossible for me to get a satisfactory view without endangering a discovery. I immediately determined to post two companies near the bank of the river, opposite to the town, and above the ground I then occupied, to make a detour with major Caldwell, and the second battalion, until I fell into the Miami Trace, and by that route to cross the river above, and gain the rear of the town, and to leave directions with major McDowell, who commanded the first battalion, to lie perdu until I commenced the attack, then to dash through the river with his corps and the advanced, and assault the houses in front and upon the left. In the moment that I was about to put this arrangement into execution, word was brought me that the enemy had taken the alarm, and were flying. I instantly ordered a general charge, which was obeyed with alacrity, the men forcing their way over every obstacle, plunged through the river with vast intrepidity. The enemy was unable to make the smallest resistance. Six warriors, and (in the hurry and confusion of the charge) two squaws and a child were killed, thirty-four prisoners were taken and an unfortunate captive released—with the loss of two men killed, and one wounded. I found this town scattered along Eel river for full three miles, on an uneven scrubby oak barren, intersected alternately by bogs almost impassable, and impervious thickets of plumb, hazel and black jacks. Notwithstanding these difficulties, if I may credit the report of the prisoners, very few who were in the town escaped; expecting a second expedition, their goods were generally packed up or buried. Sixty warriors had crossed the Wabash to watch the paths leading from the Ohio; the head chief, with all the prisoners, and a number of families, were out digging a root which they substitute in the place of the potatoe, and about one hour before my arrival, all the warriors, except eight, had mounted their horses and rode up the river to a French store, to purchase ammunition. This ammunition had arrived from the Miami village that very day, and the squaws informed me was stored about two miles from the town. I detached major Caldwell in quest of it, but he failed to make any discovery, although he scoured the country for seven or eight miles up the river. I encamped in the town that night, and the next morning cut up the corn, scarcely in the milk, burnt the cabins, and mounted my young warriors, squaws and children, in the best manner in my power, and leaving two infirm squaws and a child with a short talk (a copy of which I have the honour to enclose you) I commenced my march for the Kickapoo town in the Prairie. I felt my prisoners a vast incumbrance, but I was not in force to justify a detachment, having barely 53 rank and file, and being then in the bosom of the Ouattanon country, one hundred and eighty miles removed from succour, and not more than one and a half days forced march from the Pattawattamecs, Shawanese and Delawares.

Not being able to discover any path in the direct course to the Kickapoo town, I marched by the road leading to Tippecanoe, in the hope of finding some diverging trace which might favour my design. I encamped that evening about six miles from Kenapocomaqua, the Indian name for the town I had destroyed, and marched next morning at four o'clock. My course

continued west till nine o'clock, when I turned to the north-west on a small hunting path, and at a short distance I launched into the boundless Prairies of the west, with the intention to pursue that course, until I could strike a road which leads from the Pattawattamecs of Lake Michigan, immediately to the town I sought. With this view I pushed forward, through bog after bog, to the saddle skirts in mud and water, and after persevering for eight hours, I found myself environed on all sides with morasses which forbade my advancing, and at the same time rendered it difficult for me to extricate my little army. The way by which we had entered was so much beat and softened by the horses, that it was almost impossible to return by that route, and my guides pronounced the morass in front impassable. A chain of thin groves, extending in the direction to the Wabash, at this time presented to my left, it was necessary I should gain these groves, and for this purpose I dismounted, went forward, and leading my horse through a bog to the arm-pits in mud and water, with great difficulty and fatigue I accomplished my object, and changing my course to S. by W. I regained the Tippecanoe road at five o'clock, and encamped on it at seven o'clock, after a march of 30 miles, which broke down several of my horses.

I am the more minute in detailing the occurrences of this day, because they produced the most unfavourable effect. I was in motion at four next morning, and at eight o'clock my advanced guard made some discoveries, which induced me to believe we were near an Indian town, I immediately pushed that body forward on a trot, and followed with major Caldwell and the 2d battalion, leaving major McDowell to take charge of the prisoners. I reached Tippecanoe at 12 o'clock, which had been occupied by the enemy, who watched my motions and abandoned the place that morning. After the destruction of this town in June last, the enemy had returned and cultivated their corn and pulse, which I found in high perfection and in much greater quantity than at L'Anguille.

To refresh my horses and give time to cut down the corn, I determined to halt until the next morning, and then to resume my march to the Kickapoo town, in the Prairie, by the road which leads from Ouattanon to that place. In the course of the day, I had discovered some murmurings and discontent among the men, which I found on inquiry to proceed from their reluctance to advance farther into the enemy's country; this induced me to call for a state of the horses and provisions, when, to my great mortification 270 horses were returned lame and tired, with barely five days provisions for the men.

Under these circumstances, I was compelled to abandon my designs upon the Kickapoes of the Prairie, and with a degree of anguish not to be comprehended but by those who have experienced similar disappointments, I marched forward to a town of the same nation, situate about three leagues west of Ouattanon—as I advanced to that town, the enemy made some show of fighting me, but vanished at my approach. I destroyed this town, consisting of thirty houses, with a considerable quantity of corn in the milk, and the same day I moved on to Ouattanon, where I forded the Wabash, and proceeded to the site of the villages on the margin of the Prairie, where I encamped at 7 o'clock. At this town and the villages destroyed by general Scott, in June, we found the corn had been replanted, and was now in high cultivation, several fields being well ploughed, all which we destroyed. On the 12th I resumed my march, and falling into general Scott's return trace, I arrived without any material incident, at the Rapids of Ohio, on the 21st instant, after a march by accurate computation, of 458 miles from Fort Washington.

The volunteers of Kentucky have, on this occasion, acquitted themselves with their usual good conduct, but as no opportunity offered for individual distinction, it would be unjust to give one the plaudits to which all have an equal title. I cannot, however, in propriety forbear to express my warm approbation of the good conduct of my majors McDowell and Caldwell, and of colonel Russell, who, in the character of a volunteer, without commission, led my advance; and I feel myself under obligations to major Adair and captain Parker, who acted immediately about my person, for the services they rendered me, by the most prompt, active and energetic exertions.

The service which I have been able to render, full short of my wishes, my intention and expectation—but, Sir, when you reflect on the causes which checked my career, and blasted my designs, I flatter myself you will believe every thing has been done, which could be done in my circumstances; I have destroyed the chief town of the Ouattanon nation, and made prisoners, the sons and sisters of the king; I have burnt a respectable Kickapoo village, and cut down at least 430 acres of corn, chiefly in the milk. The Ouattanons left without houses, home or provision, must cease to war, and will find active employ to subsist their squaws and children during the impending winter.

SOLD,
C-VENDUR,
day of October next, on the
city of Annapolis,
the unexpired term of
less Carrol, Esquire, of Cal.
executors of John Crisall,
ROUND, being part of two
foreclosed, situate on Prince-
subject to a ground rent of
billings, current money, per
are five tenements, renting
per annum, and will be sold
as now divided and rent

SON, } Executors of
AVIS, } JOHN CRISALL,
1, 1791.

county, August 23, 1791.

given, that a number of the
ent county intend to petition
y of Maryland, to pass an act
court of said county to cause
from Isaac Perkins's mill to
their discretion to shut up
old road from Marches lane
and to tax the county (or
concerned) the expence of
entering the said new road.

hereby given,

er intends to petition the next
that an act may pass to em-
way of execution, all public
Howard as collector for the
county charges and officers fees,
due to him as sheriff and
for the years 1788 and 1789.
A HOWARD, Executor.

county, August 30, 1791.

under the disagreeable necessity
er dictors, that he intends to
at their next session, for an act
which he is not able to off-
of suits already instituted against
impracticable.

FRANCIS KING.

el county, August 31, 1791.

vice, that I mean to apply to
tombly of the state of Mary
cy in my favour, being unable
w 8

ISAAC SIMMONS.

CE is hereby given,

iber intends to petition the leg-
and Kent county courts, in the
or commissions to prove and
following TRACTS of LAND,
ath's Paine, the first part of
Selfield, Tod's Purchase, H
Forest, and Carl's Old
assembly in those cases and
MIEL CHARLES HEATH

ounds Reward.

the subscriber, living in Anne-
within one mile of Severn
6th day of August, 1791, a ne-
AR, about 44 years of age, are
th; he is a stout square well made
of temper speaks very loud, and
legs for a man of his size, and
was formerly the property of Ma-
ty, who raised him, has since
he became the property of
and took with him, a new
nd one white ditto, striped
short blue jacket. He is a very
probably will change his name,
a freeman. Whoever secures
of the county where he is, or
so that the owner may get him
THREE POUNDS, or the above
home, with all reasonable charges

LANCELOT WARFIELD.

ed Dollars Reward.

ort-Tobacco, August 20, 1791.
on Saturday the 19th instant, be-
hours of ten and eleven o'clock at
man called BENJAMIN was ing
adventure, as soon as he reached
commonly called Theobald's Hill,
le distant from this town) he was
by a white man who had on a dark
ho rode a small black horse, some
n ensued, when this man rode up
ave him a violent stab in the breast
such weapon, of which he died
following—I will pay the above re-
dred dollars to any person who will
rator of this inhuman act, to dat
reof.

J. H. STONE.

NAPOLIS:

FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

Should these services secure to the country which I immediately represented, and the corps which I had the honour to command, the favourable consideration of government, I shall infer the approbation of my own conduct, which added to a consciousness of having done my duty, will constitute the richest reward I can enjoy.

Mr. Charles Vancouver will have the honour to deliver this letter to your excellency, who attended me as quartermaster to the expedition, and rendered me important services. He is able to give a satisfactory idea of the situation of the country over which I passed, and can ascertain with precision the course and distance to any point of my route. I recommend him to you as a gentleman of worth.

With the warmest and most perfect respect, I have the honour to be your excellency's

Obliged, obedient and most faithful servant,

J. A. WILKINSON.

His excellency major-general St. CLAIR,
Fort Washington.

A T A L K,

From lieutenant-colonel commandant JAMES WILKINSON, to the Indian nations living on the river Wabash, 9th August, 1791.

To the Indian nations living on the river Wabash, and its waters.

THE arms of the United States are again exerted against you, and again your towns are in flames, and your wives and children made captives: Again you are cautioned to listen to the voice of reason, to sue for peace, and to submit to the protection of the United States, who are willing to become your friends and fathers; but at the same time, are determined to punish you for every injury you may offer to their children. Regard not those evil counsellors, who, to secure to themselves the benefits of your trade, advise to measures which involve you, your women and children, in trouble and distress.—The United States wish to give you peace; because it is good in the eyes of the Great Spirit, that all his children should unite and live like brothers: But if you foolishly prefer war, their warriors are ready to meet you in battle, and will not be the first to lay down the hatchet. You may find your squaws and your children under the protection of our great chief and warrior general St. CLAIR, at Fort Washington, to him you will make applications, for an exchange of prisoners, or for peace.

Given under my hand and seal, at Kenapacomaqua, the 9th day of August, 1791.

JAMES WILKINSON,
Lieut. Col. Comdt.

LONDON, August 4.

P E A C E.

AT an early period we submitted to the public the pleasing information that on the 6th, 7th, and 8th days of June last, the several propositions made to the empress of Russia from our court by Mr. Fawkenor, for the accomplishment of peace between the courts of Petersburg and Constantinople, had been acceded to on the part of her imperial majesty, and only waited the ratification of the Divan.

That ratification being acquired, and the Belligerent powers having mutually pledged themselves to effect and perpetuate the great object—Peace upon honourable terms—which appeared all that the allied courts either pressed or wished, agreed thereto, on certain specific terms proposed for that purpose; and the courts of London and Berlin approved of the same.

This approbation was the notification to Mr. Fawkenor, for appearing at the court of Petersburg, in the dignified appointment of envoy extraordinary and minister Plenipotentiary from the court of London, in which character he completed the objects effectually that he commenced in a more private capacity, and transmitted officially the intelligence thereof.

Thus, in the space of two months, has Mr. Fawkenor, with an uncommon degree of spirit and expedition, completed the intent and design of his mission, and been the happy medium whereby two jarring nations, which had been years at variance, become reconciled to each other; at the same time that he displayed that consequence, rank and exalted pre-eminence, with Great Britain holds among the nations of the world, as the powerful arbiter of peace and war.

PORTSMOUTH, July 31.

Friday evening the following experiments were made on board a ship in this harbour, by that very ingenious artist Mr. Hill, carpenter of the active frigate, and inventor of a machine for drawing bolts out of ship's sides, &c.

1st. He stopped a shot hole on the outside of the ship, four feet under water, in the space of one minute, without the assistance of any person out of the vessel.

2d. He stopped, in the same manner, a space in the ship's side, four feet under water, of four feet by four inches, in two minutes and an half. During the time of effectually curing both leaks, the ship only made ten inches water in the well.

3d. An experiment on the chain-pump, with a new constructed wheel of Mr. Hill's inventing, which acts upon infinitely better principles than that at present in use, is much safer, less liable to be out of order, and will be a material saving to government in chains and saucers.

These experiments were made before the commissioner, sundry officers of the navy, master shipwright, his assistants, master attendants, and several of the most scientific carpenters in the fleet: by all of whom they were highly approved, and pronounced to be of the greatest service in an engagement, and to navigation in general.

NEW-YORK, September 26. R E P O R T.

Accounts, it is said, are received at the Havanna, of a revolution having taken place in Arragon, and two other places in Spain.

IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE.

The schooner Peggy, captain White, arrived on Saturday in 19 days from St. Mark, Hispaniola. He confirms the accounts we had before received from that island. The distressed situation of the white people almost exceeds description. The negroes having desolated and destroyed all the open country, proceeded to attack the Cape (François). They were defeated with great slaughter in three desperate attempts on that town. In one defeat 2000 of them were killed, and 1500 taken prisoners, of whom every tenth man was beheaded. Many of the white people were also killed in these conflicts—one regiment alone left fifty men killed in one engagement. The mulattoes had not joined the negroes; they were in arms for their own defence, and had informed the white people, that if they would conform to the decrees of the national assembly, they would assist them to suppress the insurrection. We do not learn whether any or what answer has been given to this message.

Upwards of 60 sail of American vessels are detained at the Cape.

Erroneous information corrected.

A person, lately from the Havanna, is sorry to observe, that the account, published on Saturday last, respecting the inundation in the island of Cuba, is much exaggerated. As he arrived in that place but two days after the melancholy accident happened, he is happy in informing the public, that only ten houses, and about 105 persons, perished. This account may be depended on as being the most authentic. Also, in addition to the above relation, he remarks, that the space of land, which was overflowed, is about one mile in length, and one quarter of a mile in breadth.

[The above was communicated through the letter-box of the New-York Journal.—We conceive that information of such an important nature, if well founded, should be handed personally, in which case suspicions of counterfeits would not exist.]

ANNAPOLIS, October 6.

Allen Quynn and Gabriel Davall, Esquires, are elected delegates to represent this city in the ensuing general assembly.

"On the 6th ult. at the Sweet Springs, in Bottetourt county, Virginia, Mr. WALTER STONE, of Charles county and state of Maryland, merchant, departed this life.—He was able and useful in business—an agreeable companion, and warm friend.—Generous, candid, humane and pious.—In all his transactions perfectly honest and sincere."

To the CITIZENS of the City of ANNAPOLIS, ANNE-ARUNDEL and PRINCE-GEORGE'S COUNTIES.

Gentlemen,

I RESPECTFULLY offer you my services to represent your district in the Congress of the United States, become vacant by the resignation of Mr. Pinkney; and, with earnest zeal for your public prosperity, I am, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

JOHN F. MERCER.

ANNAPOLIS, October 4, 1791.

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY the 24th instant, at ten o'clock, at the late dwelling house of major Henry Ridgely, Elk-Ridge.

ALL kinds of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and sundry other ARTICLES, viz.

Seven feather beds, bedsteads and bedding, tables, chairs, looking-glasses, chest of drawers, an eight day clock, china of different kinds, about 7½ lbs. of silver plate, about 40 head of hogs, some wheat, rye, oats and hay, in stacks; the crop of Indian corn, of about 200 barrels, in the field, and fodder; and sundry other articles. The sale to continue till all are sold. Taken and sold as the property of Henry Ridgely, by

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

By virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas and fieri facias, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY the 31st instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at Mr. George Mann's,

SUNDRY TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND, viz.

Part of a tract of land called Snowden's Manor, supposed to contain two hundred and sixty-five acres—taken and sold as the property of Nathan Waters.

One other parcel or tract of land called Miles's Chance, 35 acres, on the mouth of Lyon's creek—taken and sold as the property of Thomas Miles.

One other parcel or tract of land, about 50 acres, whereon John Chew lives; taken and sold as the property of John Chew.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

TO BE RENTED,

By the SUBSCRIBER, for one Year,

THAT well known STAND for a PUBLIC HOUSE, where Jonathan Rawlings, deceased, lately lived; with sixty ACRES of LAND, and a MEADOW that will cut five tons of hay per year—and possession will be given the 10th of November next.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

September 30, 1791.

Matthew and John Beard,

HAVE LATELY RECEIVED,

And now opening, at their STORE in Church-street, next door to Mr. Stephen Clark's stationery and book-store, and near the market,

An Assortment of choice

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Which they will sell low for cash,

—VIZ.—

MATCHCOAT

Blankets,
Rofe do.
Fearnought,
Kerseys,
Kendal Cottons,
Green Welch do.
Linsley,
Coatings,
White and red Flannel,
Buckram,
Mens Yarn Hose,
Boy's Worsted do.
Mens ribbed do.
Womens fine white do.
Turkey Stripes,
Moreens,
Durants,
Camblets,
Wildbore,
Thickset,
Mens fine Beaver Gloves,
Superfine Broad Cloth,
Elastic do.
Drab do.
Swan Down,
Velvet Waistcoat Shapes,
Royal Rib,
Striped Cotton and Linen,
Check,
Romal, Bandano, Bark &
Linen Handkerchiefs,
Toilet Shapes,
Annapolis, October 5, 1791.

Fine Irish Linen,
Do. Sheetings,
Morocco Shoes for Children,
Sewing Silk,
Dowlais,
Curry Combs,
Shot,
Coarse and fine Tooth Combs,
Black Silk Hose,
Best Patent do.
Brown Holland,
Bed-Ticking,
Mens Country made Saddles,
Knee and Shoe-Buckles,
Coloured Thread,
Cambric and Osnabrigs do.
A Variety of Calicoes, suitable for the present & approaching Seasons, Fastians,
Hat Band Crape,
Mens and Womens black Gloves,
A Variety of Queen's Ware, and a Quantity of Hyson and Boha TEAS, &c. &c. &c.

WILLIAM CATON,

Ladies and Gentlemen's Hair-Dresser,

Has just IMPORTED, in the ship NANTAS, CAPTAIN SPENCER,

A Quantity of HAIR,

OF DIFFERENT COLOURS and LENGTHS.

HE begs leave to acquaint those ladies who wish for convenience and little trouble, that he makes CURL and ELASTIC CUSHIONS that fit easy and firm upon the head without any trouble of pinning; and, when dressed, no head of hair whatever, though dressed by the completest hand, can look better or more natural, so that a lady, in a few minutes, may complete her own hair-dressing. Also new fashioned CURL BRADES, and fashionable WIGS—Ladies who wish to have any alteration in any they have got from other hair-dressers, he will do it on the most REASONABLE TERMS.

He has also just received by the same ship, a variety of articles in the line of his profession, among which are the following, viz.—Perfumes of all kinds; different sorts of pomatum, hard and soft; plain and perfumed powder; powder knives and bags; ladies elegant pocket bottles; court plaiter; dressing and fine tooth-combs; swan-skin, cat-skin, and silk puffs; ladies powder boxes, with puffs; hair-pins, long and short, double and single; tooth-brushes; razors in cases, and razor-strops; shaving-boxes, soap and brushes; wash-balls; hair-riband; band-boxes; craping, pinching, and toupee irons.

He has likewise for SALE, an elegant fashionable HEAD-DRESS, from London.

Said CATON respectfully returns his sincere thanks to all his customers, and hopes a continuance of the favours, as he does, and always will do, his utmost to oblige.

Orders from any part of the state, will be thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend applying to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for redress of an injury done my late grand father, NICHOLAS SEWALL, of this county, deceased, in the condemnation of a certain tract of land, lying in Dorchester county, for the use of a tribe or tribes of Indians.

St. Mary's county, September 27, 1791.

NICHOLAS SEWALL.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1791.

THE subscriber, from a variety of causes and misfortunes, is under the disagreeable necessity of giving this public notice, that he means to petition the next general assembly of this state to release him from debts which he is unable to pay, upon his giving up all his property for the use of his creditors.

10th 1791 BENJAMIN BELT, fec.

October 5, 1791.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of STEPHEN A STEWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby desired to make immediate payment, and those who have claims against the said estate are requested to bring them in properly authenticated, that they may be adjusted, by

STEPHEN STEWARD, Admr.

THE subscribers here whatever from hunting on the lands in South river of William Sanders, lately

Oct. 4, 1791.

Just A

In the sloop Phoenix, from fold

James W

A FEW PIPES of

London Bill

Shipped by the house of L by order, and for particu to any wine shipped.

August 17, 1791.

NEW

ANNAPOLIS, E

LADE

Water and La

Via CÆCIL COURT

CAS

THE Subscribers, phia and Baltimore

inform the inhabitants of the intend to establish a com direct to Philadelphia, for t

passengers, to commence ru the following route:—A p

the stage immediately con Court House, where the p

proceeds direct for Annapo at Annapolis on her return

of this tour, in point of to every traveller going to

tain this route can be pe land. The proprietors foli

lic, assuring them every der this line pleasing, agre

variableness of the winds r return from Eastern rather

she will leave this place e Passengers, and shippers th

requested to leave their na instruct the captain to wa

hour of departure.

JOHN CHAM

HENRY DAR

Wm. CLAY,

BOND and LI

Passage to Cæcil Court-H

to Newcastle in st

to Philadelphia in

Heavy freight, 2/ per cw

in propos

Annapolis, August 19,

LOST, o

From the Indian Landing

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SORREL MARE

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and switch tail; the trot

gates are remarkable easy

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ver brings home said m

active FOUR DOLLAR

paid by

Sept 3, 1791. 3X

who lives nei

JOHN

Boot and

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RESPECTFULLY

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by Mr. John Adam B

of hides, or tans one

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he also informs the pu

sell leather as low as it

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custom of those who

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N. B. He still carri

business, in Condui

Mann's new building

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Ken

NOTICE is herel

the next general assem

to empower the count

a new road to be open

New-Market, and in

leave open part of the

New-Market aforesaid

their option the perfo

damages incurred for o

John Beard,
RECEIVED,
STORE in Church-street,
Clark's stationary and book
ket,

MENT of choice
INTER GOODS,
fell low for cash,
VIZ.

Fine Irish Linen,
Do. Sheerings,
Morocco Shoes for Children,
Sewing Silk,
Dowlais,
Curry Combs,
Shot,
Coarse and fine Tooth
Combs,
Black Silk Hosiery,
Best Patent do.
Brown Holland,
Bed-Ticking,
Mens Country made Saddle
dies,
Knee and Shoe-Buckles,
Coloured Thread,
Cambric and Osnabrigs
do.
A Variety of Calicoes,
suitable for the present
& approaching Seasons,
Fustians,
Hat Band Crape,
Mens and Womens black
Gloves,
Raisins,
A Variety of Queens
Ware, and a Quantity
of Hyson and Boha
TEAS, &c. &c. &c.

M CATON,

lemens Hair-Dresser,
ED, in the ship NANTES,
IN SPENCER,

of HAIR,
COLOURS AND LENGTHS.

acquaint those ladies who wish
and little trouble, that he makes
CUSHIONS that fit easy and
without any trouble of pinning;
head of hair whatever, though
test hand, can look better as
a lady, in a few minutes, may
re-dressing. Also new fashioned
and fashionable WIGS—Ladies
alteration in any they have got
re, he will do it on the most

ived by the same ship, a variety
of his profession, among which
—Perfumes of all kinds; dis-
h, hard and soft; plain and per-
ner knives and bags; ladies ele-
court plaiter; dressing and fine
n, cat-skin, and silk puffs; ladies
uffs; hair-pins, long and short,
th-brushes; razors in cases, and
boxes, soap and brushes; wash-
and-boxes; craping, pinching.

r SALE, an elegant fashionable
in London.

ctfully returns his sincere thanks
and hopes a continuance of their
nd always will do, his utmost to

any part of the state, will be
nd punctually attended to.

CE is hereby given,
applying to the general assembly
at their next session, for redress
late grand father, NICHOLAS
nty, deceased, in the condemna-
t of land, lying in Dorchester
a tribe or tribes of Indians.

NICHOLAS SEWALL,
September 27, 1791.

ge's county, October 1, 1791.
from a variety of causes and mil-
under the disagreeable necessity of
notice, that he means to petition
ably of this state to release him
is unable to pay, upon his giving
the use of his creditors.

BENJAMIN BELT, fec.

October 5, 1791.
debted to the estate of STEPHEN
te of Anne-Arundel county, de-
ired to make immediate payment,
claims against the said estate are
em in proper authentication, that
by

STEPHEN STEWARD, Admr.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons
whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun,
on the lands in South-river neck belonging to the estate
of William Sanders, lately deceased.

OS. 4, 1791. F. GREEN,
W. W. DAVIS.

Just Arrived,
In the sloop *Phoenix*, from MADEIRA, and to be
fold, by

James Williams,
A FEW PIPES of Choice Three Years Old
London Bill WINE,

Shipped by the house of Laimar, Hill, Bisset and Co.
by order, and for particular use; perhaps its equal
to any wine shipped.

August 17, 1791. 6X

NEW LINE.

ANNAPOLIS, EASTON, and PHILADELPHIA,

Water and Land STAGES,
Via CECIL COURT HOUSE & NEW-
CASTLE.

THE Subscribers, (Proprietors of the *Philadel-
phia and Baltimore New Line*) very respectfully
inform the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, they
intend to establish a communication from this place
direct to Philadelphia, for the conveyance of freight and
passengers, to commence running the 29th instant, by
the following route:—A packet will leave Philadelphia
every Monday morning for Newcastle, on its arrival
the stage immediately conveys the passengers to Cecil
Court House, where the packet waits their arrival, and
proceeds direct for Annapolis and Easton; and touches
at Annapolis on her return. The peculiar advantages
of this tour, in point of expedition, will be obvious
to every traveller going to the northward, it being cer-
tain this route can be performed in less time than by
land. The proprietors solicit the patronage of the pub-
lic, assuring them every exertion shall be used to ren-
der this line pleasing, agreeable and expeditious. The
variableness of the winds renders the day of the packets
return from Easton rather uncertain; but it is expected
she will leave this place early every Sunday morning.
Passengers, and shippers that have freight to forward, are
requested to leave their names at the Printers, who will
instruct the captain to wait upon them and inform the
hour of departure.

JOHN CHAMBERS, Cecil Court House.
HENRY DARLEY,
Wm. CLAY,
BOND and LEES, Newcastle.

Passage to Cecil Court-House, 7 6
to Newcastle in stage, 6 0
to Philadelphia in packet, 3 9

Heavy freight, 2s. per cwt. from city to city. Light,
in proportion to bulk. 4
Annapolis, August 19, 1791.

LOST, OR STOLEN,

From the *Indian Landing*, on the fifteenth of August
last,

A HORSE, about fourteen hands high,
blaze face, her hind feet white, a hanging mane
and switch tail; she trots, paces and canters; all her
gates are remarkable easy, only when jaded, then trots
rough; when lost had on a saddle and bridle. Who-
ever brings home said mare, saddle and bridle, shall re-
ceive FOUR DOLLARS, or in proportion for either,
paid by

Sept 3, 1791. 3X JOHN WARFIELD,
who lives within three miles of said Landing.

JOHN HYDE,

Boot and Shoe-maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, and his
friends in particular, that he carries on the tan-
ning and currying business at the yard lately occupied
by Mr. John Adam Bayer, where he buys all kinds
of hides, or tans one half for the other, as may be
most convenient for those who have them to dispose of;
he also informs the public, that he is determined to
sell leather as low as it can be purchased in Baltimore,
and hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit the
esteem of those who may please to favour him with
their commands.

N. B. He still carries on the boot and shoe-making
business, in Conduit-street, opposite Mr. George
Mann's new building, where he makes all kinds of
boots and shoes in the neatest manner, on the shortest
notice, and most reasonable terms.

Kent county, August 23, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of the
inhabitants of Kent county intend to petition
the next general assembly of Maryland, to pass an act
to empower the county court of said county to cause
a new road to be opened from Isaac Perkins's mill-
New-Market, and in their discretion to shut up or
leave open part of the old road from Marches lane to
New-Market aforesaid, and to tax the county (or in
their option the persons concerned) the expence and
damages incurred for opening the said new road.

Twelve Dollars Reward.



RAN away from the subscriber,
living in St. Mary's county,
on the 10th day of May, a country
born negro slave named PHILL, a-
bout twenty-eight or nine years of
age, five feet seven or eight inches
high; he is a very likely black fellow, and has large
black eyes; had on and took with him when he went
away, a new felt hat, a short red broad cloth coat, a
brown linen ditto, a yellow flamp cotton jacket, a
white linen shirt, a pair of brown fustian breeches, a
cotton and linen shirt, a pair of striped bed-ticking
trousers, a pair of worsted stockings, and a pair of
shoes and buckles. I understand that he has hired
himself in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, and passes
by the name of CHARLES BUTLER. I will give the
above reward to any person delivering the said fellow
to me, or eight dollars for securing him in any goal,
so that I get him. All persons are forewarned har-
boring the said negro at their peril.

August 22, 1791. 3 HENRY NEALE.

A HOUSE & LOT
TO BE RENTED,

FOR a term of years, near Severn ferry. Appli-
cation to be made to the Printers hereof, or the
guardians of Russell Lee, at Blenheim, Charles coun-
ty.

September 19, 1790. w 3 2

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the Hockley Forge,
near Elk-Ridge Landing, on Wednesday night
the 14th of September, a roan HORSE, four
years old last spring, about fourteen hands high, brand-
ed on both shoulders thus, O; trots and gallops, has
been lately shod before, and fetlocks trimmed. The
above horse is supposed to be stolen by a certain John
Lamb, living in Annapolis, a well dressed fellow, of
a yellow complexion, and peck marked. Whoever
delivers the said horse to the subscriber, shall receive
THREE DOLLARS REWARD, or SIX DOL-
LARS for the horse and thief, paid by

2 JOSEPH JACOB, Blacksmith.

JAMES MACKUBIN,

At his STORE, near the Market,
Hath just received, by the brig *Greyhound*, and ship
Chesapeake, from LONDON,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of
Fall & Winter GOODS,

Which he will sell, on the most reasonable terms, for
CASH,

—CONSISTING OF—

SUPERFINE Cloths, Bed-Ticking,
Fine Ditto, Corduroys,
Elastic Ditto, Thickets,
Milled Drap Ditto, Sattinets,
Forrest Ditto, Royal Ribs,
Cassimers, Silk Stockings,
Coatings, plain & striped, Cotton Ditto,
Halfsticks, Worsted Ditto,
Negro Cottons, Plated Ditto,
Fearnoughts, Yarn Ditto,
Flannels, Lutealings,
Baize, Perfians,
Cassimer Vest Shapes, Modes,
Toyliner Ditto, Black Sattin Florentine,
Rose and Striped Blankets, Calicoes,
Carpets and Carpeting, Durants,
Osnabrigs, Wildboars,
Ticklenburgs, Camblets,
Ruffia Sheeting, Jane's Spinning,
Rolls and Hessian, Moreens.

He hath also, in the GROCERY LINE,
RUM, SUGAR, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, HY-
SON, CONGO and BOHEA TEAS.

Montgomery county, September 18, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the sub-
scriber, being in custody under an execution for
a large sum of money, is under the necessity of apply-
ing to the general assembly, at their next session, for
an act to release him from confinement, and discharge
him from all debts heretofore contracted, upon his de-
livering up all his property.

2 SAMUEL OFFUTT.

St. Mary's county, September 17, 1791.

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable neces-
sity of informing her creditors that she intends to
petition the legislature, at their next session, for an act
to liberate her from confinement for debts which she
is unable to discharge.

2 MARY ROACH.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the general
assembly, at their session in November next, for
an act to subject the lands within the city of Washing-
ton, in the territory of Columbia, belonging to infants,
persons insane or absent, or who will not agree to the
same terms as the proprietors in general have, by
agreement, subjected their lands to within the same
city, instead of the common mode of condemnation
on a valuation by jury.

September 9, 1791. 4

Kent county, September 18, 1791.
THIS is to give notice to all whom it may con-
cern, that, from a variety of causes and misfor-
tunes which have befallen me, I am rendered incapable
of paying my debts; I therefore intend to petition the
next general assembly of this state to be released and
discharged from the payment of my debts, whether in
my own name, or the name of Thomas Smyth and
Sons, upon delivering up all my property for the bene-
fit of my creditors.

3 THOMAS SMYTH.

NOTICE,

THAT the undersigned having been already at-
tached to answer a claim he is entirely incapaci-
tated, by insolvency and losses in trade, to satisfy
fully without doing material injury to the rest of his
creditors; and it being his wish to render as equal jus-
tice to them as possible—he is constrained to manifest
his intention of petitioning the legislature of Mary-
land, at their next meeting, to relieve his person from
arrest, on his giving up his property, real and person-
al, in trust, for the benefit of those who have claims
against him, either on his private account, or on ac-
count of the firms in which he has concerned. He
intends also to petition the legislature, in a similar
manner, in behalf of his brother, who is beyond sea.

BEN. CONTEE.

Charles county, September 19, 1791. 3

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to prefer a petition to the next
general assembly of the state of Maryland, pray-
ing an act to liberate me from confinement, and dis-
charge from debts which I am unable to pay.

STEPHEN CLARKE.

Annapolis, September 1, 1791. 5

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next
general assembly of the state of Maryland, at
their next sitting for an act to discharge him from
debts which he is unable to pay.

RISDON BOZMAN.

Somerset county, September 7, 1791. 5

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity
of informing his creditors, that he intends to
petition the next general assembly, for a law to relieve
him from debts he is unable to pay.

MARSH M. DUVAL.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next
general assembly, that an act may pass to em-
power her to collect, by way of execution, all public
taxes due to Benjamin Howard as collector for the
year 1786, also all county charges and officers fees,
and all fees or other balances due to him as sheriff and
collector of the county for the years 1788 and 1789.

MARTHA HOWARD, Executrix.

Anne-Arundel county, August 30, 1791. 6

Calvert county, August 24, 1791.

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity
of informing his creditors, that he intends to
petition the legislature at their next session, for an act
to liberate him from debts which he is not able to dis-
charge, as the number of suits already instituted against
him render a payment impracticable.

6 FRANCIS KING.

Anne-Arundel county, August 31, 1791.

HEREBY give notice, that I mean to apply to
the next general assembly of the state of Maryland,
for an act of insolvency in my favour, being unable
to pay my debts.

6 ISAAC SIMMONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT I intend to petition the next general as-
sembly of Maryland to reinstate me in the same
right to my land in St. Mary's county, that was given
by my father for my support, which was changed by
the act of confiscation.

ELIZABETH WILSON.

St. Mary's, August 26, 1791. 5

To be SOLD,

By the Subscriber,

TWELVE hundred ACRES of good LAND in
one body, between the heads of Sassafras and
Appoquinimink, the greater part of which is well tim-
bered, and the residue well adapted for the production
of wheat and Indian corn. The time of payment will
be made easy to the purchaser, and the land disposed
of in lots, or otherwise, as may be agreed on.

22 DANIEL CHARLES HEATH.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

Port-Tobacco, August 20, 1791.

WHEREAS, on Saturday the 15th instant, be-
tween the hours of ten and eleven o'clock at
night, as my negro man called BENJAMIN was going
from this place to Haberdventure, as soon as he reached
the top of the hill, commonly called Theobald's Hill,
(about half of a mile distant from this town) he was
met and accosted by a white man who had on a dark
cloth coat, and who rode a small black horse, some
trifling conversation ensued, when this man rode up
to Benjamin and gave him a violent stab in the breast
with a knife, or some such weapon, of which he died
on the Monday following—I will pay the above re-
ward of one hundred dollars to any person who will
discover the perpetrator of this inhuman act, so that
he be convicted thereof.

J. H. STONE.

September 12, 1791.
THE creditors of WILLIAM RUSSELL, (an insolvent debtor) are requested to meet in Chester-town on Monday the 7th day of November next, with their respective claims properly attested.
THO. WORRELL, Administrator of EDWARD, late Sheriff of Kent county.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber intends to petition the general assembly, in November next, to pay him for the lot and warehouses for the reception of tobacco in Upper-Marlborough-town. The rent is kept from him to pay the repairs; he has not received any for six years past, and has the assessment to pay annually.
THOMAS CONTEE.

September 10, 1791.

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to the estate JAMES FARNANDIS, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and all those to whom he stands indebted are desired to exhibit their accounts, legally authenticated, for payment, to
CHLOE FARNANDIS, Executrix.

Charles county, September 12, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to prevent SWINE from running at large in the town of BLADENBURG, Prince-George's county.

September 15, 1791.

TO BE SOLD,
At PUBLIC VENDUE,
On the premises, on MONDAY the 10th day of October next,
THOMAS LANE's part of two tracts or parcels of land called WHITE'S PLAINS and BREWSLY HALL, for which I have judgment and a writ of possession executed; and in case the same is not sufficient to pay my debt, with interest and costs, at same time and place will be EXPOSED TO PUBLIC SALE, the remainder of those two tracts that was the property of John Watkins, deceased, now in possession of Mrs. Plummer, widow of John Plummer, the whole containing three hundred and fifty acres of valuable land.

September 21, 1791.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court, will be EXPOSED TO PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the twenty-second of October next, at the house of Mr. S. Hamilton, in Upper-Marlborough, at three o'clock, P. M.

ALSO,
A LOT of ground in the said town, late in the possession of Mr. BERNARD SHANLY, on which is a large framed dwelling house, two story high, and almost new, some out houses, and a garden paled in.

ALSO,
A tract of land called COVERT, containing one hundred and four acres, in Prince George's county, on the road from Upper-Marlborough to the Eastern-Branch ferry, and about eight miles from each place. The purchaser to give bond, with security (to be approved by the chancellor) for the payment of one half of the purchase money, with legal interest thereon, within one year, and the residue with legal interest thereon within two years from the day of sale, on the receipt of which, deeds will be executed to them pursuant to the decree above mentioned.

JOHN READ MAGRUDER, Trustee.

September 20th, 1791.

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esquire, agent for the State of Maryland, I shall EXPOSE TO SALE, for ready cash, on MONDAY the 31st day of October next, between 12 and one o'clock, at Rose's tavern, in Bladensburg,

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called DEAKIN'S HALL, containing 264 acres more or less, lying in Prince-George's county, late the property of Leonard Marbury Deakins.

Wm. MAREBURY, Deputy Agent.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

ON TUESDAY the 11th day of October, 1791, will be run for, over the course near this city, the JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of FORTY GUINEAS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, being the property of a member of the Club; aged to carry 126 pounds, six years old to carry 120 pounds, five years old 110 pounds, four years old 98 pounds, and three years old a catch. Heats four miles.

On WEDNESDAY the 12th of October, a JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of TWENTY GUINEAS, for three and four years old colts and fillies, to give three pounds to fillies. The horse winning the first day, excluded running the second. Heats two miles.

On THURSDAY the 13th, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of SIXTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, the horses winning the Jockey Club Purse excepted; to carry weight agreeable to the rules of the Jockey Club. Heats four miles.

Any horse winning two clear heats, to be entitled to the purse. Three horses to start for the subscription purse, or no race. Entrance eight dollars.

The riders to be dressed in silk jackets, jockey caps and half boots.

The horses to be entered each day preceding the race with Mr. George Mann, and to start each day at 12 o'clock precisely. Proper judges will be appointed for the races.

Lands, Negroes, and Stock, FOR SALE.

On the 12th of October next, WILL BE SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises,

A valuable FARM, containing 348 ACRES of LAND, in a healthy situation, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, about 14 miles distant from Baltimore-town. The improvements on this farm are very convenient and in good repair; the dwelling house has four rooms below stairs and five above, with two brick chimneys at each end, and a garden adjoining it, well paled in. Near 50 acres are now in excellent timothy meadow, and 30 acres more may be made with ease. There is on this place an apple orchard, containing 300 bearing trees, with a great variety of other fruit; near forty bushels of wheat will be put in corn ground this fall.

There will also be SOLD, on the same day, and upon the same terms, SIXTEEN NEGROES, men, women and children, amongst whom are two very valuable men grown, and several fine boys, from eight years old upwards; seven head of HORSES; twenty-three head of CATTLE, some of them fit to kill, and others fine milch-cows; twenty-seven head of SHEEP, and thirty head of HOGS.

Any persons desirous of viewing any part of the above property, will please to apply, on the premises, to

JOSHUA DORSEY.

September 8, 1791.

Sheriff's Sales.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *condemni exponas*, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Friday the 27th day of October next, at the dwelling plantation of John Cartwright, Esq; for ready cash,

A LIFE ESTATE in the third part of the said plantation commonly called Marsh Neck, containing by estimation 824 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land, being part of Chaotic Manor, containing 131 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Trent Park, having a grist mill thereon, containing 125 acres, more or less. Alto one other tract or parcel of land called The Ridge and Part of Ludgate, containing by estimation 75 acres, more or less.

—ALSO,—

A number of valuable negroes, consisting of men, women, boys and girls; horses, black cattle, hogs and sheep, with a variety of household and kitchen furniture; also, a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named John Cartwright to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *condemni exponas*, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, for ready cash, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, on the premises,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of Mr. Stephen Cawood, called Westham, containing by estimation 1984 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Cawood's Inheritance, containing 10 acres, more or less.

—ALSO,—

Sundry negroes, horses, black cattle, sheep and hogs, and household furniture, together with a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named Stephen Cawood, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *condemni exponas*, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, for ready cash, on the premises,

A TRACT or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 100 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 102 acres, more or less. Also, one other tract or parcel of land called Bedlam Neck, containing 383 acres, more or less. Sold as the property of Clement Gardiner, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

Annapolis, September 28, 1791.

ALL persons having claims against Mr. William Sanders, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make them known to the subscribers as speedily as possible, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

FREDERICK GREEN, } Executors.
WILLIAM W. DAVIS, }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT there will be a petition preferred before the next general assembly of Maryland for a law to pass empowering sundry inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county to erect an inspection house, for tobacco, on South river, at a place called and known by the name of Howard's Point, where there formerly was one for that purpose, though burnt down by some malicious person or persons.

September 2, 1791.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH.

At the late dwelling house of THOMAS PIPER, deceased, on Friday the 7th day of October next, at 11 o'clock, if fair, if not the next fair day.

ALL the ESTATE of the said Thomas Piper, consisting of two tenements on lease, a negro girl about 17 years of age, a variety of household furniture, a quantity of block-maker's and pump-maker's tools, some dead eyes, two battoes, a canoe, four hogs, and some fishing teins.

All persons having claims against the said estate are desired to bring them in, properly authenticated, that they may be discharged, and any person or persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, to

CHARLES RIDGLEY, Administrator.
Annapolis, September 23, 1791.

Prince-George's county, September 24, 1791.
On SATURDAY the 19th day of November next, WILL BE SOLD, to the highest bidder, by the subscriber, at his dwelling house,

ABOUT seven hundred and forty acres of good LAND, situated between Queen-Anne and Belle-Air, and about three miles from the former. The land is well improved, has several good dwelling houses, tobacco houses, corn houses, &c. on it; also, one good mill, with two pair of stones, double geared, and one other mill nearly finished, calculated to carry two pair of stones as the former, both standing on a constant stream, the latter to near Patuxent that it is proposed to take water therefrom in addition to the stream; both mills are calculated for merchant work. The lands, &c. may be seen, and the terms made known, by applying to the subscriber any time before the day of sale. This property will be sold together, or divided in parcels, as may be most convenient to purchasers.

THOMAS BOYD.

By order of William Campbell, Esquire, agent for the State of Maryland, WILL BE SOLD, on the first TUESDAY in November next, between the hours of eleven and one o'clock, if fair, or otherwise on the first fair day that may happen thereafter, at the house of Peter Lawton, Esquire,

A NUMBER of valuable negroes, consisting of men, women and children; a quantity of stock, of all kinds; as also the right of the said Peter Lawton in and to an undivided moiety or half part of all that part of a tract of land called Bohemia Manor, lying and being in Cecil county, in the state of Maryland, and in the possession of the said Peter Lawton—the same to be sold for cash, being taken to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland.

JAMES ORRICK, Sheriff of Cecil county.

TO BE SOLD, At PUBLIC VENDUE,

On THURSDAY the 13th day of October next, on the premises, in the city of Annapolis,

ABOUT eighty years, the unexpired term of a LEASE from Charles Carroll, Esquire, of Carrollton, to the subscribers, executors of John Carroll, deceased, a portion of GROUND, being part of the LOTS, lying in the city aforesaid, situate on Prince-George's and Fleet streets, subject to a ground rent of twenty-six pounds five shillings, current money, per annum: On the premises are five tenements, renting for ninety-nine pounds per annum, and will be sold together, or in the portions as now divided and rented, by

J. DAVIDSON, } Executors of
R. P. DAVIS, } JOHN CHASELL.
Annapolis, September 1, 1791.

FOR SALE,

THAT beautiful SEAT or LOT of LAND, the place of residence of the late Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer, Esquire, known by the name of STEPNEY, lying in Anne-Arundel county, within one mile of South river ferry, containing 835 acres. The improvements on this valuable farm are remarkably good, and several orchards of excellent fruit, from which may be made in a favourable year 15,000 gallons of cider, equal, if not superior, to any in the state.

—ALSO,—

A small TRACT of LAND, binding on South river, nearly adjoining the above, containing 229 acres, on which is an orchard of choice fruit, a convenient and comfortable dwelling house, a large barn, quite new, with other necessary out-houses. A more particular description of the above lands is considered unnecessary, as it is presumed those disposed to purchase, will previously view them.

The two tracts will be sold together, or separately, as may be most convenient to the purchasers, and possession given on the first day of January next, with permission to sow fall grain.

Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms, which will be made easy, by applying to

DANIEL JENIFER, sen. } Executors.
DANIEL JENIFER, jun. }

Port-Tobacco, August 3, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland to confirm my title to part of a TRACT of LAND called RICHARD'S DELIGHT.

DENNIS NALLEY.

Charles county, August 30, 1791.

(XLVIII)

MA

W A
B
portance from the been out fourteen c
V I

Her majesty the Duke Francis, were return of the emperor. It is expected, t on the 16th.

The defeat of leagues from Brail took place on the but two hours, th their enemies, too mortars, more tha supplies which we action.

He was in mo but suddenly halted from Brailow; and the communication be in a great mea

The progress of the Turks to much to turn themselves Notwithstanding Austria and the T appearance that i return of the emp

A Russian cou barch within the brought an answer of the court of B thorised in saying gress of Szilovia

It is hoped th animated with th is, to contribute the emperor may another way.

It is whispered of his approaching interview with th time the elector on the succession the decisions of subject.

BRAN Our troop, are 28th of next mo that any attempt take place.

GE The conclusion of the claims of will be certain lowing is the will probably of the empire modifications.

Flan In consequen son touching th cessions in Fran erces of the na assembled in the unanimously ag

1. In an act by the directors be thanked for majesty, in pu congress, held i

The most se Christian majesty since if showe retribution, or in territories, or

2. His imp required by th sentations to his that the gener sisting between departed from; of the states in they were befo —but, that the attained, it has 3. All the g the peace of

SOLD
CASH,
of THOMAS PIER, de-
th day of October next, at
or the next fair day.

of the said Thomas Pier,
on lease, a negro
a variety of household fur-
k-maker's and pump-maker's
batoes, a canoe, four hogs,

against the said estate are
properly authenticated, that
and any person or persons in-
ake immediate payment, to
IDGLEY, Administrator,
23, 1791.

2X
nty, September 24, 1791.
19th day of November next,
to the highest bidder, by the
ling house,

red and forty acres of good
d between Queen Anne and
ree miles from the former—
ed, has several good dwelling
corn houses, &c. on it; also,
pair of stones, double geared,
ly finished, calculated to carry
e former, both standing on a
ur to near Patuxent that it is
therefrom in addition to the
calculated for merchant work,
be seen, and the terms made
the subscriber any time before
property will be sold together,
s may be most convenient to

THOMAS BOYD.

Esquire, agent for the
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may happen thereafter, at the
Esquire,

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children; a quantity of stock,
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ded moiety or half part of all
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county, in the state of Mary-
ion of the aforesaid Lawfence-
each, being taken to satisfy a
Marland.

JAMES ORRICK, Sheriff of
Cecil county.

E SOLD,
BLIC VENDUE,

th day of October next, on the
city of Annapolis,

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Charles Carroll, Esquire, of Ce-
cils, executors of John Cris-
GROUND, being part of the
city aforesaid, situate on Prince-
streets, subject to a ground rent
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rtions as now divided and run-

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DAVIS, } JOHN CRISSELL,
be 1, 1791.

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L JENIFER, jun. }

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saryland to confirm my title to the
LAND called RICHARD'S DE-

DENNIS NALLEY.

August 30, 1791.

(XLVIIIth YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 2335.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 13, 1791.

W A R S A W, July 16.

Y an estafette from Petersburg, it
appears, that peace between Russia
and the Porte is likely to be con-
cluded agreeable to the empress's
wishes, without the interference of
Poland.

We look daily for news of im-
portance from the Black Sea, the Russian fleet having
been out fourteen days.

V I E N N A, July 13.

Her majesty the empress, accompanied by the arch-
duke Francis, went yesterday to Gratz, to wait the
return of the emperor.

It is expected, that our sovereign will be again here
on the 16th.

The defeat of the Turks near Babad, about six
leagues from Brailow, is fully confirmed; the action
took place on the 9th of June; and though it lasted
but two hours, the Russians killed fifteen hundred of
their enemies, took twenty three brass cannon, eight
mortars, more than a thousand muskets, and all the
supplies which were destined for Brailow.

The grand vizier is much embarrassed by this
action.

He was in motion for marching towards Silistria,
but suddenly halted his troops. He is fifteen leagues
from Brailow; and if the Russians retain their position,
the communication between Wara and his army must
be in a great measure cut off.

The progress of the Russians appears to discourage
the Turks to much, that they do not know which way
to turn themselves.

Notwithstanding these events, the affair between
Austria and the Turks goes on well, and there is every
appearance that it will be brought to maturity on the
return of the emperor.

A Russian courier, who is arrived here from Peter-
burgh within these three days, it is conjectured, has
brought an answer from the empress to the propositions
of the court of Berlin; and people think they are au-
thorized in saying, that the determination of the con-
gress of Szilistria will depend on this answer.

It is hoped that the court of Petersburg will be
animated with the same sentiments with ours, which
is to contribute to a general peace in the North, that
the emperor may be at liberty to turn his thoughts
another way.

It is whispered, that the emperor, on the occasion
of his approaching coronation at Orague, will have an
interview with the king of Prussia; and that about that
time the elector of Saxony will definitively determine
on the succession to the crown of Poland, as he waits
the decisions of our court and that of Russia on this
subject.

B R A N D E N B U R G H, July 23.

Our troop are to break up their encampment on the
28th of next month, and go into winter quarters, so
that any attempt on Thorn or Dantzick is not likely to
take place.

G E R M A N Y, July 27.

The conclusion of the Electoral college with regard to
the claims of the German princes upon France, will
be certainly formed in a few days. The fol-
lowing is the plan of this conclusion, and which
will probably be adopted by the two other colleges
of the empire, with the exception of a few trifling
modifications.

Plan of the Electoral conclusions.

In consequence of a decree of the imperial commis-
sion touching the princes of the empire that have pos-
sessions in France, and which are injured by the de-
crees of the national assembly, the Electoral college
assembled in the accustomed manner, and it was almost
unanimously agreed,

1. In an act of the empire, which shall be drawn
by the directory of Mentz, his imperial majesty shall
be thanked for his interposition with his most Christian
majesty, in pursuance of the desire of the Electoral
college, held immediately after his glorious accession.

The most serene Electors are grieved that his most
Christian majesty's answer is by no means satisfactory,
since it shows that France has no desire of making
restitution, or even offering a sufficient amends either
in territories or in subjects.

2. His imperial majesty shall be most respectfully
required by the assembled empire to make new repre-
sentations to his most Christian majesty, and to declare,
that the general conventions and treaties of peace sub-
sisting between Germany and France shall never be
departed from; in fine, to insist upon the establishment
of the states in question upon the footing on which
they were before the decrees of the national assembly;
—but, that the end of these representations be securely
attained, it has been resolved, that,

3. All the guarantees, ancient as well as of late date,
the peace of Westphalia, and at subsequent treaties,

as well as all the states of the empire, who have am-
bassadors at the French court, shall be called upon,
and required by the empire on carps to make manifest
their participation in this important affair.

4. His imperial majesty shall in the same act of the
empire, be humbly desired to enjoin all the circles and
states to complete their troops, to the end that they
may be immediately enabled to furnish their contingent
in duplo, efficaciously to defend the dignity of the
German empire, its authority and rights, by employ-
ing all those means that are authorized by the rights of
nature and of nations.

P A R I S, July 29.

A subscription has been opened here to erect a statue
of the late Dr. Franklin, in order to preserve to distant
ages the memory of a man, who by inducing France
to support the standard of liberty in America, taught
her the way to erect it in the heart of her own do-
minions.

L O N D O N, July 25.

Lord Mansfield has lately declared his recantation
on the doctrine of *libels*, and his perfect acquiescence
in the doctrine so ably and constitutionally laid down
by the venerable earl Camden.

Cheap Surgery.—A sign-board, lately exhibited at
a small village in Lancashire, expressed that the owner
drew teeth for 2d. bled for 3d. set bones for 4d. and
was a midwife, at ten miles distance, for 5s.—He has,
nevertheless, retired with a fortune.

July 28. The election of a governor to the DAU-
PHIN will take place, on Saturday next, in the na-
tional assembly of France.

When the new constitution of France is completed,
it is to be hoped that the national assembly will take
off all guards from the king. If he is disposed to quit
the kingdom, let him go; and twenty-six millions will
then have to try, whether they can exist in peace and
safety by their own labour and care.

The frontier towns of France are said to be extreme-
ly defenceless—they may be so; but it is men, not
towns, that are to defend a kingdom, and of the for-
mer there are about four millions, devoted to the na-
tional assembly, and whose late conduct shews that they
will obey the LAW, and support it with their lives
whether they approve it or not. This LAW, however,
is made for them, by their representatives.

The success of the new constitution in France will
be dreadful to every arbitrary monarch in Europe, and
upon the question—“Whether it will succeed, or
not?” depends their fate. It will be dreadful, that
their subjects should have another nation to whom
they may look up, where the lives, the property and
the peace of millions are in their own keeping.

July 29. On Sunday last, after a review of the na-
tional guards of Paris, the volunteers, intended for the
defence of frontiers, formed three battalions, and en-
camped in the plain of Federation, where they wait
for the order of their route. They were to be joined,
in the course of the week, by two battalions of hired
troops, and some companies of chaffeurs.

Perfect peace prevailed in Paris on Monday at mid-
night, when our accounts came away.

In the evening sitting of the national assembly, of
the 23d day of July, the attorney-general of the sixth
division appeared at the bar, and informed the assem-
bly, that the murderers of the two men, found under
the altar of the Champ de Mars, and the person who
had attempted the life of M. la Fayette, were all in
custody, and that criminal prosecutions were already
commenced against them.

Aug. 2. His majesty's proclamation, with respect to
the Birmingham riots, is highly satisfactory. Both
sides of the question appear, and both parties equally
pursued.

Counter-Revolution.

What rumour has long without sufficient likelihood
affirmed, seems now to wear an aspect more serious.—
From the frontiers, passengers assert, that every day
small parties of Austrian troops arrive, 20, 40, and
frequently 60 together, generally in disguise. About
200 soldiers have deserted from the regiments Berwick
and Legeois, to join the royal party.

The troops of the emperor, which are now posted
adjoining to, and on the banks of the Rhine, are said
to amount to no less than 170,000 men.

Aug. 3. The courts of Vienna and Madrid are ear-
nestly pursuing some concealed object of political mo-
ment. Couriers are continually passing with amazing
expedition. This, however, touches us not.

The letters of the king and queen of France to Vi-
enna, can contain nothing confidential, for they are all
sawedly examined by M. la Fayette and his satellites.
They are therefore fabricated for their inspection.

Q U E B E C, August 18.

Last Thursday evening arrived here his majesty's
ships, Ulysses and Resistance in seven weeks from Gib-
raltar, having on board the seventh or royal regiment
of fusiliers under the command of the colonel his royal
highness prince Edward.

On Saturday at the castle of St. Lewis his royal
highness received the respectful compliment of the of-
ficers of the garrison, civil and military, the clergy,
merchants, citizens, &c.

In the afternoon the ladies of Quebec were also in-
troduced to his royal highness.

On Tuesday the 21th regiment disembarked on the
beach or landing place in the Lower town, where,
after having formed, his royal highness in compliment
to the garrison made them perform the usual evolution
of a salute, the drums beating and music playing God
save the king. They then marched up to the parade
before the castle, where being drawn up in the pre-
sence of a great concourse of spectators they were view-
ed by his excellency lord Dorchester and his honour
general Clarke, his royal highness commanded in per-
son, in a manner that shewed the prince not less than
the soldier. From thence the regiment filed up Port
Lewis-street, deposited the colour at his highness's
house, and marched to the block-house at Cape Dia-
mond.

Saturday last arrived here (accompanied by Sir John
Johnston) colonel Brandt, with about 40 chiefs, &c.
deputed from the confederated Western nations of In-
dians, to represent to government their situation with
regard to the United States of America, in the war
now carrying on betwixt them.

Sunday they were admitted to a public conference
at the castle, in which they complained of incroach-
ments on their territories, prayed for the interposition
of the British government to accommodate their dif-
ferences with the states, &c. After having explained
the objects of their mission, they were referred to next
day (Monday) to represent their situation to his maj-
esty, and said he would be happy to contribute all in
his power to effect the restoration of peace on solid
and advantageous terms.

We are happy to have it in our power to congratu-
late the public on the very promising and forward state
of the crop all over the province.

C O N C O R D, (N. H.) September 14.

On Thursday the 23d of August, Mr. William
Kimball, of Bradford, in Massachusetts, as he was
standing with his back towards a Mr. Frye, who had
been at work with him, the latter innocently (though
rashly) caught hold of the former, unaware, and with
a sudden exertion, tossed him over his head, by which
unlucky circumstance Mr. Kimball's neck joint was
dislocated. He was immediately carried to a surgeon,
but no relief could be had until the Saturday follow-
ing, when doctor Kitteridge came and set the joint;
but it had lain too long out of its place—the sense of
feeling, from his neck to his feet immediately left him,
on the joint's being put into its place; and he died the
next Saturday. His mental faculties continued, and
he could speak distinctly, until a few minutes before
he expired. This misfortune may serve as a monitor
to those who frequently and imprudently divert them-
selves in a manner that endangers life.

B E N N I N G T O N, September 26.

The return of the marshal's assistant, for the county
of Bennington, states, that there are in the county
2503 white males, over sixteen years of age, and 2617
under that age; 5559 white females; 27 black males
over, and 4 under, sixteen; 15 black females. Total
of inhabitants, 12,254. To the honour of humanity,
NO SLAVES!

P I T T S B U R G H, September 24.

Lieutenant Jeffers, from Fort Franklin, has related
to us the following, in order to shew the disinterested
attachment of Cornplanter to the United States.

A proposal having been made to some of the war-
riors of the Six Nations to join the hostile Indians in
order to prevent our army from penetrating into their
country, and several had actually accepted the proposal,
and were endeavouring to persuade others to join them.
As soon as the Cornplanter heard of this, he immedi-
ately sent a runner, with a speech, which he ordered
to be spoke three times to them, the purport of which
was, that if they were determined for war to go off
immediately, and never return, for should he, or any
of his warriors ever see them, they would put them to
death. This had the desired effect, the Indians im-
mediately disbanded, and thus the affair subsided.

Captain Buell, of the 2d United States regiment,
arrived here on Saturday last with a fine company of
men, enlisted for three years.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, October 3.

Extract of a letter from Cape-François, September 7.

“Since my last I have not been able to leave the
army for a moment, which is actually employed against
the negro insurgents. They have massacred a great
number of the whites, and have taken prisoners some
females of that complexion, whom they force to do
the duties of servants.—They have burned more than
200 sugar plantations. I was compelled to escape by
night, and could save nothing.—My wardrobe, my

of the City of Annapolis,
PRINOR-GEORGE'S COURT.

offer you my services to re-
in the Congress of the United
y the re-ignation of Mr. Pink-
zeal for your public prosperity.

obedient servant,
JOHN F. MERCER.
4, 1791.

CAMPBELL, Esquire, agent
land, I shall EXPOSE
all, on MONDAY the 31st
between 12 and one o'clock,
Bladensburg.

tract of LAND, called DEA.
containing 264 acres more or less,
y the county, late the property of
ins.

ANAPOLIS, October 4, 1791.
its of *conditio expensis* and *for*
will be EXPOSED to PUB-
ONDAY the 31st instant, at 4
on, at Mr. George Mann's.

S or PARCELS of LAND,
d called *Snowden's Manor*, sup-
hundred and sixty-five acres—
property of Nathan Waters.

r tract of land called *Miles*
mouth of Lyon's creek—taken
y of Thomas Miles.

tract of land, about 50 acres,
ves; taken and sold as the pro-
MES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

E RENTED,

RIBER, for one Year,

own STAND for a PUBLIC
e *Janathan Rawlings*, deceased,
ty ACRES of LAND, and a
cut five tons of hay per year—
even the 10th of November next.
ASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

2

county, September 24, 1791.
e 10th day of November next,
to the highest bidder, by the
selling house.

hundred and forty acres of good
land between Queen-Anne and
three miles from the former—
oved, has several good dwelling
s, corn houses, &c. on it; also
two pair of stones, double geared,
early finished, calculated to carry
the former, both standing on a
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therefrom in addition to the
calculated for merchant work.

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a property will be sold together,
as may be most convenient is

THOMAS BOYD.

Campbell, Esquire, agent for the
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vided moiety or half part of all
land called *Bohemia Manor*, ly-
ing in the state of Mary-
land, in the county of Cecil.

JAMES ORRICK, Sheriff of
Cecil county.

USE & LOT
BE RENTED.

years, near Severn ferry. Appli-
cations to the Printers herof, or the
Lee, at Blenheim, Charles coun-

90. 3X

TOLIN, from the Hockley Farm,
the Landing, on Wednesday night
ember, a roan HORSE, four
about fourteen hands high, brand-
s thus, O; trots and gallops, has
ore, and fetlocks trimmed. The
osed to be stolen by a certain John
Annapolis, a well dressed fellow, of
on, and pack marked. Whoever
se to the subscriber, shall receive
RS REWARD, or SIX DOL-
e and thief, paid by
JOSEPH JACOB, Blacksmith.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition the general as-
sembly, in November next, to pay him for the
lot and warehouses for the reception of tobacco in Up-
per-Marlbrough-town. The rent is kept from him
to pay the repairs; he has not received any for six
years past, and has the assignment to pay annuallly.

THOMAS CONTEE.

September 10, 1791.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate JAMES FAR-
NANDIS, late of Charles county, deceased, are
requested to make immediate payment to the subscri-
ber, and all those to whom he stands indebted are de-
sired to exhibit their accounts, legally authenticated,
for payment, to

CHLOE FARNANDIS, Executrix.

Charles county, September 12, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT a petition will be presented to the next
general assembly of Maryland for an act to pre-
vent SWINE from running at large in the town of
BLADENBURG, Prince-George's county.
September 15, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to apply to the next general as-
sembly of Maryland to confirm my title to part
of a TRACT of LAND called RICHARD'S DE-
LIGHT.

DENNIS NALLEY.

Charles county, August 20, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT there will be a petition presented before
the next general assembly of Maryland for a
law to pass empowering sundry inhabitants of Anne-
Arundel county to erect an inspection house, for to-
bacco, on South river, at a place called and known by
the name of Howard's Point, where there formerly
was one for that purpose, though burnt down by some
malicious person or persons.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to prefer a petition to the next
general assembly of the state of Maryland, pray-
ing an act to liberate me from confinement, and dis-
charge from debts which I am unable to pay.

STEPHEN CLARKE.

Annapolis, September 1, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next
general assembly of the state of Maryland, at
their next sitting for an act to discharge him from
debts which he is unable to pay.

RISDON BOZMAN.

Somerset county, September 7, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend applying to the next general assembly
of Maryland, at their next session, for redress
of an injury done my late grand father, NICHOLAS
SEWALL, of this county, deceased, in the condemna-
tion of a certain tract of land, lying in Dorchester
county, for the use of a tribe or tribes of Indians.

NICHOLAS SEWALL.

St. Mary's county, September 27, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT I intend to petition the next general as-
sembly of Maryland to reinstate me in the same
right to my land in St. Mary's county, that was given
by my father for my support, which was charged by
the act of confiscation.

ELIZABETH WILSON.

St. Mary's, August 26, 1791.

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity
of informing his creditors, that he intends to
petition the next general assembly, for a law to relieve
him from debts he is unable to pay.

MARSH M. DUVAL.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next
general assembly, that an act may pass to em-
power her to collect, by way of execution, all public
taxes due to Benjamin Howard as collector for the
year 1786, also all county charges and officers fees,
and all fees or other balances due to him as sheriff and
collector of the county for the years 1788 and 1789.

MARTHA HOWARD, Executrix.

Anne-Arundel county, August 30, 1791.

NOTICE.

THAT the undersigned having been already at-
tached to answer a claim he is entirely incapa-
citated, by infirmities and losses in trade, to satisfy
fully without doing material injury to the rest of his
creditors; and it being his wish to render as equal jus-
tice to them as possible—he is constrained to manifest
his intention of petitioning the legislature of Mary-
land, at their next meeting, to relieve his person from
arrest, on his giving up his property, real and person-
al, in trust, for the benefit of those who have claims
against him, either on his private account, or on ac-
count of the firms in which he has concerned. He
intends also to petition the legislature, in a similar
manner, in behalf of his brother, who is beyond sea.

BEN. CONTEE.

Charles county, September 19, 1791.

Calvert county, August 24, 1791.

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity
of informing his creditors, that he intends to
petition the legislature at their next session, for an act
to liberate him from debts which he is not able to dis-
charge, as the number of suits already instituted against
him render a payment impracticable.

FRANCIS KING.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1791.

THE subscriber, from a variety of causes and mis-
fortunes, is under the disagreeable necessity of
giving this public notice, that he means to petition
the next general assembly of this state to release him
from debts which he is unable to pay, upon his giving
up all his property for the use of his creditors.

BENJAMIN BELT, sen.

Kent county, September 18, 1791.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may con-
cern, that, from a variety of causes and misfor-
tunes which have befallen me, I am rendered incapable
of paying my debts; I therefore intend to petition the
next general assembly of this state to be released and
discharged from the payment of my debts, whether in
my own name, or the name of Thomas Smyth and
Sons, upon delivering up all my property for the bene-
fit of my creditors.

THOMAS SMYTH.

Montgomery county, September 18, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the sub-
scriber, being in custody under an execution for
a large sum of money, is under the necessity of apply-
ing to the general assembly, at their next session, for
an act to release him from confinement, and discharge
him from all debts heretofore contracted, upon his de-
livering up all his property.

SAMUEL OFFUTT.

St. Mary's county, September 17, 1791.

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity
of informing her creditors that she intends to
petition the legislature, at their next session, for an act
to liberate her from confinement for debts which she
is unable to discharge.

MARY ROACH.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

John Eager Howard, Esquire,
GOVERNOR of MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by the deposition of REZIN HAM-
MOND, Esquire, of Anne-Arundel county,
it appears, that on the morning of the 25th of April
last ELIJAH GAITHER, son of Edward, came to
the dwelling of the said Hammond, and fired at him
two pistols and a gun, with intention, as the said Ham-
mond believes, to kill him: And whereas, by the de-
position of JOHN G. HAMILTON, of Montgome-
ry county, it appears, that the said Gaither afterwards,
in conversation with him, acknowledged the facts set
forth in the deposition above mentioned, except the
firing of the gun, and declared that he did discharge
the said pistols with a design to kill the said Hammond,
and did then further declare that it was still his settled
determination to kill the said Hammond whenever an
opportunity should offer: And whereas it is obviously
the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be
against the commission of such enormities, and to bring
such offenders against the laws and peace of society to
justice—I have therefore thought proper, by and with
the advice of the council, to issue this my proclama-
tion, authorising and enjoining all sheriffs, and other
officers of the peace, to apprehend and convey before
some one of the judges or justices within this state, the
said Elijah Gaither, in order that he may be dealt with
according to law; and I do hereby exhort and require
the good people of this state to be aiding and assisting
the said officers in the execution of their duty.

GIVEN at Annapolis, under the seal of the state
of Maryland, this seventh day of June, in the
year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred
and ninety-one.

J. E. HOWARD.

By his Excellency's command,

T. JOHNSON, jun. Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE STATE.

ORDERED, That the above proclamation
be published six weeks.

T. JOHNSON, jun.

HEREBY offer a reward of FOUR HUNDRED
DOLLARS for apprehending the above-mention-
ed Elijah Gaither, agreeable to the foregoing proclama-
tion, and will pay the same upon his being brought
before any one of the judges of the general court, or
either of the associate justices of Anne-Arundel coun-
ty, to be dealt with according to law.

REZIN HAMMOND.

June 7, 1791.

Messrs. GREEN.

IN order fully to disclose the wicked and premed-
itated intent of Elijah Gaither, in his attack on me, be
pleased to publish in your paper the deposition of John
G. Hamilton, which is as follows:

REZIN HAMMOND.

MARYLAND.

On the second day of June, one thousand seven
hundred and ninety-one, came before me, the

subscriber, one of the judges of the general court,
JOHN G. HAMILTON, and made oath, that on
or about the thirteenth of May last he was in company
and had conversation with Elijah Gaither, son of Ed-
ward, and that, in the course of the said conversation,
the said Gaither informed this deponent as follows:—
That he had had a round with colonel Rezin Ham-
mond, of Anne-Arundel county; that the said Ham-
mond had injured his reputation, and that, in conse-
quence thereof, he, the said Gaither, for several months
before, had premeditated and determined to kill him,
and that he came down from New-York for that pur-
pose; that having discovered in Baltimore-town that
colonel Hammond had brought suits against him, he
immediately hired horses, provided himself with three
braces of pistols, all which he loaded, or caused to be
loaded, with three bullets and two buck-shot each, and
a gun, which was loaded with three bullets and a
quantity of shot, after which (viz. on Easter Monday
before day-light) he, the said Gaither, started with
his servant from Elk-Ridge for colonel Hammond's
place of residence with a full determination to kill him,
and arrived at the farm just after day-break; that he
placed and concealed himself in a certain field belong-
ing to the said farm, where it was usual for colonel
Hammond to pass every morning, and so concealed,
together with his said servant, waited for some time in
expectation of the said Hammond coming along, during
which time he, the said Gaither, and his servant,
watched for him alternately; that some time after sun-
rise he, the said Gaither, finding that the said Ham-
mond did not pass through the said field as he expect-
ed, sent his servant up to the house to inquire if the
said Hammond was at home, and if possible to discover
and give him information whether the said Hammond
intended to come out, and which way he intended to
go, who was at the house with him, and whether he
was still in bed or not; that his servant returned and
informed him that Mr. Hammond was at home and in
bed, and no body with him; whereupon the said Gaith-
er formed the design of going up to the house, enter-
ing Mr. Hammond's room (with which the said Gaith-
er was well acquainted) and assassinating him while
in bed, but that he changed this resolution from an ap-
prehension that he might be discovered before he could
carry his views into execution; that he remained in his
first situation until about eight o'clock, when he and
his servant rode up to the house with the gun and pis-
tols aforesaid; that when he arrived there, he sent one
of Mr. Hammond's negroes into the house to inform
Mr. Hammond that he wanted to speak with him; that
Mr. Hammond came into the yard and invited
him to alight and walk in, which he refused; that
Gaither then asked Mr. Hammond to come up to him,
as he wished to speak with him; whereupon Mr. Ham-
mond said, I see you are armed, and if I come to you,
you will shoot me; that Gaither then promised upon
his honour he would not, and that he made use of this
promise as an artifice to get Mr. Hammond in his
power; that Mr. Hammond then went within seven
steps or thereabouts of him, and Gaither ordered him
to stop, gave his gun to his servant, and alighted from
his horse, at which time two of his pistols fell from his
belt; that he thereupon offered Mr. Hammond a pis-
tol, and insisted upon fighting, which Mr. Hammond
declined, because there were no witnesses by, but of-
fered to fight at any subsequent day if he was bent up-
on it; that Gaither would not defer it, and said Mr.
Hammond should either fight him that moment, or he
would kill him; that, on hearing a noise behind him,
proceeding from the approach of a negro or negroes,
he, the said Gaither, turned in order to keep the said
negro or negroes off, and that then colonel Hammond
run from him towards the house; that he turned about,
and before he had run many steps, he the said Gaither
levelled one of his pistols at him, and fired the same,
and was astonished that he missed him, as he never took
a more cool and deliberate aim in his life; that as soon
as he found he had missed him, he drew another pistol,
and before Mr. Hammond had run above fifteen steps,
he fired that also at him, and thought he saw the wad-
ding burning on his back; that thereupon, although
Mr. Hammond did not fall, he the said Gaither con-
cluded he had killed him; but finding that he conti-
nued to run until he got into the house, and supposing
that Mr. Hammond intended to get a gun, and return
with it, he the said Gaither took his gun from the ser-
vant, and got behind the pales of the yard, and le-
velled his gun over the pales, with his finger upon the
trigger ready to fire as soon as Mr. Hammond should
come out; that Mr. Hammond did come out of the
house with a gun in his hand, and fired at him, and
struck him in the left hand; that thereupon, under
an apprehension that Mr. Hammond's negroes were
coming to attack him, one of which had a gun, and
fearing Mr. Hammond would also get another gun, he
mounted his horse, and as he was mounting the said
negro fired and struck him on the neck and left shoul-
der; that then the said Gaither went off; that the said
Gaither, at the time of the above conversation, further
declared, that he was not yet satisfied, and would at-
ways go prepared for the said Hammond, and would
kill him wherever he met him, and expressed his re-
gret and complained that he was unfortunate in not
having killed him before; that this deponent endea-
voured to dissuade the said Gaither from the further
prosecution of his revenge, but that such dissuasions,
instead of having any salutary effect upon him, only
seemed to make him the more determined; and that
the said Gaither further declared, that he could recon-
cile it to his conscience to hire assassins to take away
the life of the said Hammond; and that the debt for
which Mr. Hammond had brought suit against him
was a just debt, but that he never would pay it, and
would kill him, or any one else, if he ever asked for
it. Sworn before me on this 2d June, 1791.

True Copy. J. T. CHASE.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY, For the disposal of PROPERTY belonging to Mr. JAMES PATTISON.

	L.	s.	d.	
Prize of 1 full-blooded mare,	50	0	0	4
1 do.	45	0	0	4
1 mare colt,	40	0	0	4
1 mare,	35	0	0	5
1 do.	15	0	0	5
1 do.	12	0	0	5
1 mare colt,	15	0	0	6
1 do.	15	0	0	7
1 do.	15	0	0	7
1 do.	12	0	0	8
1 do.	12	0	0	8
17½ yards of black silk mode,	15	10	7½	10
32 do. fine spotted jeans,	12	3	9	11
16 do. striped mullin,	10	3	4	11
23½ do. fine spotted jeans,	7	14	4½	11
31½ do. black calimanco,	5	9	4½	11
23½ do. striped cotton,	5	5	9	68
1 mill-saw,	4	12	6	81
50 yards of broad coloured ribbon,	4	3	5	
17 do. souflee gauze,	3	16	6	
24½ do. white flannel,	3	14	7½	
23½ do. calimanco,	3	0	8½	
12½ lbs. of antimony,	2	13	9	
12½ yards of white durants,	2	4	11	
2 gros and 3 dozen horn buttons,	2	3	0	
11 China cups and saucers,	2	2	10½	
8 shawls,	1	16	0	
7 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	15	0	
7½ yards of narrow lace,	1	10	4½	
2 black silk hats,	1	10	0	
1 pair of mens slippers, & 1 jeanet vest shape,	1	10	0	
2 do. brass candlesticks,	1	10	0	
18 lbs. coffee,	1	10	0	
8 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	8	0	
23 dozen mohair buttons,	1	6	10	
2 large bowls,	1	6	8	
2 shawls,	1	5	0	
1 worsted breeches pattern & 6½ yards of gauze,	1	4	9	
1 large bowl & soup tureen,	1	4	7	
2 pair of brass candlesticks,	1	4	0	
4 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	4	0	
1 pair of mens leather shoes, and 3 yards of shalloon,	1	4	0	
6 pair of cloth breeches,	1	2	6	
2 large bowls,	1	2	6	
5 large dishes,	1	2	6	
1 scarlet vest shape, and 3 pieces of fine Dutch tape,	1	2	6	
3 pair of cotton stockings,	1	2	6	
2 do.	1	2	6	
4 yards narrow lace, & 3 yards white buckram,	1	2	4	
4½ do. Red Persian,	1	2	3	
3 pair worsted stockings & 4 sticks of twist,	1	2	0	
6½ yards of blue fagathy,	1	1	10½	
1 pair fine worsted stockings, 2 pair garters, & 1 piece worsted bind,	1	1	6	
1 do. thread stockings, & 10½ thousand pins,	1	1	6	
30½ dozen shirt buttons, & 12 small sticks twist,	1	1	3	
1 lb. of ounce thread,	1	1	4	
6 small dishes, and 3 large stone butter pots,	1	1	0	
17 cups & saucers, & 12 milk pots with covers,	1	0	9	
4 yards white Persian,	1	0	0	
2 pair cotton stockings,	1	0	0	
22 cups, 25 saucers, and 8 salt stands,	1	0	0	
6½ yards spotted gauze, & 2 gauze handkerchiefs,	0	19	10	
2 gauze aprons, & 1 gauze handkerchief,	0	19	6	
3 gros small horn buttons, and 2 butter boats,	0	19	6	
0½ lb. ounce thread, & 13 thimbles,	0	19	8	
1 pair silver plated spurs, & 3 dozen small mohair buttons,	0	19	8	
2 quart mugs, & 1 pair of brass candlesticks,	0	19	0	
8 yards of striped souflee gauze, and 1 gauze handkerchief,	0	19	0	
1 dozen breakfast plates, and 5 sugar pots with covers,	0	18	6	
1 lb. of ounce thread, and 6 silk laces,	0	18	9	
1 lb. fine slip thread, and 8 slips balandine,	0	18	6	
2 mustard pots, 11 white saucers, and 2 adges,	0	18	2	
26 penknives,	2	3	4	
2 black silk bonnets,	3	10	0	
2 shawls,	3	10	0	
4 do.	3	17	0	
3 pair thread stockings,	2	5	0	
3 pieces narrow worsted bind,	2	5	0	

1 worsted breeches pattern,	3	0	0
1 large trunk,	3	0	0
6 lb. of allspice,	1	16	0
2 pair fine worsted stockings,	3	15	0
2 shawls,	4	10	0
4 yards blue cloth,	4	0	0
1 vest shape of stripe cassimer,	5	12	0
2 do. scarlet,	6	0	0
3 pieces broad worsted bind,	4	10	0
1 gauze handkerchief,	5	0	0
10 sticks worsted cruels,	5	0	0
1 pair of seal skin slippers,	3	15	0
25 lb. large Bristol shot,	10	0	0
1 handsome waistcoat shape,	7	17	6
2 Jeanet do.	10	10	0
5 ells check,	6	8	3
1 coverlid,	12	0	0
24 pair of garters,	7	4	0
1 do. womens fatten shoes and slippers,	11	5	0
2 do. mens leather shoes,	11	0	0
1 pewter dish,	8	10	0
5 ells of check,	12	19	6
7 yards of Irish linen,	84	14	4
44 do. of snabrigs,	85	2	6

367 Prizes 730 13 9
633 Blanks. Contingent expences, 19 6 3
1000 Ticket at 15s. each, is 750 0 0

THE advantages of the above SCHEME are very obvious.—It is well calculated to suit adventurers, from the valuable variety of its prizes—which are also very numerous.—It is therefore intended to be drawn on the 20th of October next, in this city; previous to which, TICKETS may be had at the Printing-Office; of William Hammond, Barrack Fowder, at Mr. Stevens's; William Foxcroft, William Alexander, and John Addison, Annapolis.—At Lower-Marlborough, of captain Thomas Harwood, William Allen, Robert Moore, Dr. Parran, James McBlair, and James Whittington.—Of Joseph Griffith, at St. Leonard's creek.—and also of James Pattison, at Herring bay.

For the information of adventurers, a list of the prizes will be published in the Maryland Gazette.

Five Pounds Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, within one mile of Severn chapel, on or about the 6th day of August, 1791, a negro man named CESAR, about 44 years of age, five feet eleven inches high; he is a stout square well made fellow, and when out of temper speaks very loud; he has remarkable small legs for a man of his size, and large flat feet; he was formerly the property of Mrs. Lewin of this county, who raised him, has since had several masters before he became the property of the subscriber; had on, and took with him, a new felt hat, of snabrig shirt and one white ditto, striped Holland trousers, and a short blue jacket: He is a very artful fellow, and probably will change his name and cloaths and pass for a freeman. Whoever secures the said negro in the goal of the county where he is taken, or in any other goal, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive THREE POUNDS, or the above reward if brought home, with all reasonable charges, paid by

LANCELOT WARFIELD.

Anne-Arundel county, August 31, 1791.
I HEREBY give notice, that I mean to apply to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for an act of insolvency in my favour, being unable to pay my debts.

ISAAC SIMMONS.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT application will be made to the general assembly, at their session in November next, for an act to subject the lands within the city of Washington, in the territory of Columbia, belonging to infants, persons insane or absent, or who will not agree to the same terms as the proprietors in general have, by agreement, subjected their lands to within the same city, instead of the common mode of condemnation on a valuation by jury.
September 9, 1791.

Kent county, August 23, 1791.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of the inhabitants of Kent county intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, to pass an act to empower the county court of said county to cause a new road to be opened from Isaac Perkins's mills to New-Market, and in their discretion to shut up or leave open part of the old road from Marches lane to New-Market aforesaid, and to tax the county (or in their option the persons concerned) the expence and damages incurred for opening the said new road.
October 5, 1791.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of STEPHEN STEWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby desired to make immediate payment, and those who have claims against the said estate are requested to bring them in properly authenticated, that they may be adjusted, by
STEPHEN STEWARD, Admr.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun, on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate of William Sanders, lately deceased.
Oct. 4, 1791.

F. GREEN,
W. W. DAVIS.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the twenty-second of October next, at the house of Mr. S. Hamilton, in Upper-Marlborough, at three o'clock, P. M.

A LOT of ground in the said town, late in the possession of Mr. BERNARD SHANLY, on which is a large framed dwelling house, two story high, and almost new, some out houses, and a garden pailed in.

—ALSO—

A tract of land called COVERT, containing one hundred and four acres, in Prince George's county, on the road from Upper-Marlborough to the Eastern-Branch ferry, and about eight miles from each place. The purchasers to give bond, with security (to be approved by the chancellor) for the payment of one half of the purchase money, with legal interest thereon, within one year, and the residue with legal interest thereon within two years from the day of sale, on the receipt of which, deeds will be executed to them pursuant to the decree above mentioned.

JOHN READ MAGRUDER, Trustee.

September 20th, 1791.

4X

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY the 24th instant, at ten o'clock, at the late dwelling house of major Henry Ridgely, Elk-Ridge.

ALL kinds of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and sundry other ARTICLES, viz.

Seven feather beds, bedsteads and bedding, tables, chairs, looking-glasses, chest of drawers, an eight day clock, china of different kinds, about 7½ lbs. of silver plate, about 40 head of hogs, some wheat, rye, oats and hay, in stacks; the crop of Indian corn, of about 200 barrels; in the field, and fodder; and sundry other articles. The sale to continue till all are sold. Taken and sold as the property of Henry Ridgely, by

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Friday the 27th day of October next, at the dwelling plantation of John Cartwright, Esq; for ready cash,

A LIFE ESTATE in the third part of the said plantation commonly called Marsh Neck, containing by estimation 82½ acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land, being part of Charles Manor, containing 131 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Trent Park, having a grist mill thereon, containing 125 acres, more or less. Also one other tract or parcel of land called The Ridge and Part of Ludgate, containing by estimation 75 acres, more or less.

—ALSO—

A number of valuable negroes, consisting of men, women, boys and girls; horses, black cattle, hogs and sheep, with a variety of household and kitchen furniture; also, a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named John Cartwright to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, for ready cash, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, on the premises,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of Mr. Stephen Cawood, called Westham, containing by estimation 108½ acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Cawood's Inheritance, containing 10 acres, more or less.

—ALSO—

Sundry negroes, horses, black cattle, sheep and hogs, and household furniture, together with a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named Stephen Cawood, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, for ready cash, on the premises,

A TRACT or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 100 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 102 acres, more or less. Also, one other tract or parcel of land called Bedlam Neck, containing 38½ acres, more or less. Sold as the property of Clement Gardner, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

THE creditors of WILLIAM RUSSELL, (an insolvent debtor) are requested to meet in Chelster-town on Monday the 7th day of November next, with their respective claims properly attested.

THO. WORRELL, Administrator.

of EDWARD, late sheriff of Kent county.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

it, had caused houses, otherwise been dreadful. whole square some people were time a sensation shock.

"Notwithstanding damage being done Bently, watchmen a part of the parcel of iron its breaking two its direction up considerable, degn jury to the furni which it shattered pily none of the

Aug. 11. It is ecuted the purpo derstanding which that of Petersburg the empreis has cial treaty, whi both countries w

Aug. 13. A Philadelphia, hu maple tree, whi present to her ma

The order of strangers resident the catholic religi nexion with, and never to appli protection, or to on pain of consti the galleys, is a with foreign na Great-Britain in against British fu

The king of S tion, addressed t lished:

"After a long ey of Tunis, fin of laying the fu ship and commi genous to my sub ing them that navigation and which Spain ha signed this day,

"Madrid, Ju The consols price of eighty that has not be American war.

The church largit in Euro working on it t the top of the outside and in high; the bafe greatest curiosi covers the who particular man the same imme has 1500 wind which the em lined with polli her imperial m

TI We have alt ture of Anapa, to lay before Repain; the co on the Danube "I have thi neral Gudowit on the 3d of J feners, Myllap Echa, who co then made pri Manfour, and troops and inph

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1791.

LONDON, August 6.
Extract of a letter from York, July 30.
LARGE mass of etherial fire during a violent thunder storm on Monday, fell upon the Corn-hill in the Market-place, Thirsk, and burst, with a report equal to that of the largest cannon. Fortunately a violent shower of hail, which preceded it, had caused the market people to retire into the houses, otherwise the consequences most probably had been dreadful. During the moment of explosion, the whole square seemed to be in one universal flame, and some people were struck down, feeling at the same time a sensation similar to that of a forcible electrical shock.

"Notwithstanding, we do not hear of any material damage being done, save in the dwelling house of Mr. Bently, watchmaker and ironmonger, into which a part of the electric matter (attracted probably by a parcel of iron standing at the door) forced its way, breaking two squares in the shop window; it passed through the shop (wherein was Mr. Bently) and took its direction up the stair-case, which it damaged in a considerable degree; and after doing some trifling injury to the furniture, &c. it passed up the chimney, which it shattered in a most surprising manner. Happily none of the family received the least injury."

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, dated August 5.
 "The grand fleet at Spithead remains without any alteration whatever, nor have any orders for sailing or dismantling reached this place. All the ships still remain in the same stations, no alterations whatever having taken place."

Aug. 11. It is said that Mr. Faulkner has fully executed the purposes of his embassy; that the good understanding which long subsisted between our court and that of Petersburg is perfectly re-established; and that the empress has assented to a renewal of the commercial treaty, which expired in 1786, and by which both countries were so much benefited.

Aug. 13. A ship, lately arrived in the river from Philadelphia, has brought over six fine plants of the maple tree, which we understand are intended as a present to her majesty.

The order of the court of Madrid, which requires strangers resident in Spain to take an oath of fidelity to the catholic religion and the king, to renounce all connexion with, and allegiance to their native country, and never to apply to it, its ambassadors or envoys, for protection, or to quit the kingdom within fifteen days, on pain of confiscation of property, and being sent to the galleys, is a direct contravention of existing treaties with foreign nations, and cannot be overlooked by Great-Britain in particular, if attempted to be enforced against British subjects.

The king of Spain has caused the following intimation, addressed to the supreme council, &c. to be published:

"After a long negotiation with the Bey and regency of Tunis, since the truce of 1786, for the purpose of laying the foundation of a treaty of peace, friendship and commerce, by a treaty useful and advantageous to my subjects, I have the satisfaction of informing them that this treaty, which secures for ever free navigation and commerce on the coasts of Tunis, of which Spain has been deprived for several ages, was signed this day, with thanks to Almighty God, &c."

Madrid, July 19th, 1791.
 The consols were yesterday done at the very high price of eighty-nine (with the dividend) an instance that has not been known since the year before the American war.

The church now building at Petersburg is the largest in Europe. Two thousand men have been working on it these twenty years, and are not yet at the top of the walls. The roof is of polished marble, both outside and in; the pillars are of one piece, fifty feet high; the base and capitals of solid silver; but the greatest curiosity of all is the wooden box, which covers the whole from the weather, constructed in a particular manner. All the empress's buildings are in the same immense scale. The great duke's dog-house has 1500 windows, and the audience chamber, in which the empress receives foreign ambassadors, is lined with polished silver—Such is the magnificence of her imperial majesty.

TURKS AND RUSSIANS.

We have already informed our readers of the capture of Anapa, by the Russians. We are now enabled to lay before them the account transmitted by prince Repnin, the commander in chief of the Russian army on the Danube, to the Russian ambassador at Warsaw.

"I have this moment received information that general Gudowicz took the fortress of Anapa by assault, on the 2d of July, new style. There was made prisoner, Mullah Pacha of Three Tails (son to Battal Pacha, who commanded last year to Anapa, and was taken prisoner together with the famous Scheith Mansour, and about 14,000 persons, including the troops and inhabitants of both sexes.

"The Turks defended themselves obstinately, and many of them were killed. I am yet unacquainted with the extent of their loss, and I do not yet know our's, which, however, the courier assures me is but trifling."

Letters from the Crimea add, that at Anapa were taken 71 cannon, 9 mortars, 100 stand of colours, &c. Other advices, which we have this day received, state, that the assault continued three hours; that the Turks made the most obstinate resistance, abandoning the town and shutting themselves up in the citadel which commands it, where they continued their resistance, but without effect, as every thing gave way to the impetuosity of the attack.

According to the same advices, the number who bore arms in Anapa, including soldiers and inhabitants, amounted to 14,000 men. Scheith Mansour, who was among the prisoners, is the famous enthusiast, who, under the pretence of religion, some years ago formed a great assemblage of Tartars in the Cuban and the neighbouring countries, where he first hoisted the banner against the Infidels.

The booty which the Russians took at Anapa is very considerable, the inhabitants of all the neighbouring country having deposited there, as in a place of safety, their most valuable effects.

The losing of this only strong hold, which the Porte still possessed in the Cuban, must make them renounce all hopes of again recovering, by force, that country and the Crimea—and this, with their other recent losses, will probably convince them, that a speedy peace is the best means to prevent the Russians from penetrating to Constantinople.

Aug. 19. Yesterday morning an express arrived at the secretary of state's office from lord Cornwallis, with an account of his lordship being before Bangalore with twenty-five thousand men, and that Tippoo Saib in person was encamped with his army in sight of him, so that an engagement between the two armies appeared to be inevitable; and that general Abercrombie was within forty miles of Seringapatam, to which place he was going to lay siege. The British army appeared in the greatest spirits, and expressed an eager desire to engage their footy opponents.

EPIDEMIC FEVER.

The inhabitants of Totnes, in Devonshire, and its neighbourhood, have been much alarmed by a dreadful fever that has raged there with great violence for upwards of three weeks past, during which period numbers have died, amongst whom were two medical gentlemen, and several nurses, in consequence of their attendance on the sick—and the dread is so great at present, that many people will not quit their houses;—the fever is so rapid in its progress, that the party afflicted seldom survive three days; it was first taken to Totnes by a poor unfortunate creature released from gaol.

SALEM, October 4.

The following note to the editor was received from an obliging correspondent at Marblehead, whose repeated attentions have our warmest thanks.
 Marblehead, September 25, 1791.

"SIR,

"CAPT. William Hooper, of the schooner Union, hath this moment arrived here from Bilbao, which place he left the 9th of August last, and brings the following intelligence.—That while he lay in Bilbao, several vessels arrived there from England, which all brought the following accounts, uniformly, viz.—That the courts of Great-Britain and Spain had combined together to make war on France, for the purpose of compelling her to reinstate the French monarch on his throne.—That there was never known a hotter press, nor greater preparations for war, which was momentarily expected to be declared in form. The principal merchants in Bilbao, as well as other ranks of people there, had no doubt but that a war was inevitable."

The assessors of the town of Boston, in apportioning a late tax, have made property in the funds a subject of taxation. This, it is said, has determined a number of its wealthiest citizens to remove to the southward, which will carry vast sums of active property from that town.

BENNINGTON, October 3.

The lovers of game may perhaps be gratified in reading the following paragraph respecting hunting:

A gentleman from the northward informs, that a certain Mr. Seeley, of Middlebury, killed seven bears in one day; and another man in Salisbury, the same day, killed four bears, one wolf, two otters, one hawk, and one muskrat.

HARTFORD, October 3.

On the Progress of the WOOLLEN MANUFACTURE in Hartford.

This manufacture, after struggling with every obstacle, begins to flourish, and bids fair to be advantageous to the proprietors as well as to the public. The quality of the clothes, more especially the coarser, is acknowledged on all hands to be superior to that of the

English of the same fineness. It is an undeniable fact that the coatings made here are more durable than the English. The great objection formerly made to the colouring and finishing the clothes, is now removed—it being agreed by the best judges that the difference between the best finished English clothes and those of this manufacture, is hardly perceivable—and the writer of this paragraph, a few days ago, saw a tailor mistake cloth from the Hartford manufactory for English.—This being the fact, the reputation of American clothes will rise and facilitate the sale, especially as they can be afforded as low as English clothes of the same fineness.

As this manufacture consumes large quantities of wool, it is recommended to our farmers to attend to the raising of sheep, and also to the improving of the breed: Wool will always be in demand and command cash.

The bell-foundry, by Mr. Doolittle, also deserves notice. The bells cast at this foundry are equal in quality to any imported; and the whole continent may be furnished at this single foundry.

DANBURY, October 3.

Our accounts from the southern parts of the state of New-York are far from being pleasing, they state that, the fields of wheat sowed this fall, and which have just begun to cover the earth with verdure, and promise a reward to the husbandman; are now visited with that destructive insect the Hessian fly, to a degree it is feared, that will prevent the farmer from reaping the quantity he sowed, the ensuing harvest.

PHILADELPHIA, October 10.

The circumstance of a few negroes who had assembled on only two plantations near Port-au-Prince, to remonstrate about their provisions, has given rise to the report of an insurrection there;—this, we are happy to hear, is premature news, as these few were immediately pacified, and every thing is quiet at Port-au-Prince. Indeed there could not have been much dread of an insurrection there, as the place is a garrison, and has a great number of regular troops in service.

Among a variety of accounts from Cape-François, the following has been related.—A widow, who owned a plantation on which there were about 500 negroes, having always treated them with humanity and kindness, on the alarm from the insurgents these slaves applied to their owner for arms to defend her property—and when the plantation was attacked, they repelled, and beat off the assailants, by which means the estate was preserved from destruction.—Humanity as well as honesty will be found to be the best policy.

ST. DOMINGO.

Letter from the President of the General Assembly to the Governor of Jamaica.

"Cape-François, August 31, 1791.

"SIR,

"SINCE I had the honour of writing to your excellency, in the name of the general assembly of the representatives of St. Domingo, our condition has not altered for the better; on the contrary, every day exposes us to new misfortunes; and we are unable to put arms even into the hands of those who present themselves to assist us. This has induced our assembly to pass a decree, authorising me to request your excellency to grant us as great a supply of muskets, fuses and pistols, as you possibly can. Fifteen thousand muskets would not be too many. Ah, Sir, how slow that assistance is in coming, which we requested of you! Our melancholy situation will not allow us to measure distance; unreasonable (and men in affliction are ever so) we tax you with want of humanity! as if it were possible to step over the space which divides us with as great rapidity as the flames devour our possessions!—Every day our eyes are fixed upon the waves, in hopes of seeing your ships and your armies emerging from the horizon. What a death-blow to our hopes, if, after whole days of expectation, we found ourselves at length abandoned!

"I have the honour to be, with the most cordial and fraternal affection, Sir, your most obedient, humble servant,

(Signed) "PL. DE CADUSCH, President.

Letter from the President of the General Assembly, to the Members of the General Assembly of Jamaica.

"Cape-François, August 31, 1791.

"GENTLEMEN,

"WE hope you have felt yourselves interested in our misfortunes. Each day we expect the arrival of those succours which we have requested of you; and each day we fear they will arrive too late. We find, indeed, still some persons, who present themselves, to defend us; and we hope that others will do the same, when our neighbours are acquainted with our distresses—but we are in want of arms. This circumstance has induced the assembly to pass a decree, authorising me to entreat you, Gentlemen, to endeavour to procure them for us. Fifteen thousand muskets would not be too many. Come to our assistance; and by your protection, preserve this beautiful country from

the chancery court, will be sold, on Saturday the 20th next, at the house of Upper Marlborough, as three

in the said town, late in the BARNARD SHANLY, on which a house, two story high, and a garden paved in.

LSO.

COVERT, containing one in Prince George's county, Marlborough to the Eastern.

eight miles from each place.

ond, with security (to be ap-

) for the payment of one half

with legal interest thereon,

the residue with legal interest

from the day of sale, on the

will be executed to them par-

mentioned.

D MAGRUDER, Trustee.

4X

napolis, October 4, 1791.

ri facias, to me directed, will

BLC SALE, on MONDAY

on'clock, at the late dwelling

Ridgely, Elk Ridge.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

ARTICLES, viz.

bedsteads and bedding, table,

chest of drawers, an eight day

kinds, about 7½ lbs. of silver

of hogs, some wheat, rye, one

crop of Indian corn, of about

and fodder; and sundry other

articles till all are sold. Taken

of Henry Ridgely, by

MES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

ff's Sales.

county, September 19, 1791.

conditions exposas, to me direct-

court of the western shore of the

will be SOLD, on Friday the

next, at the dwelling plantation

Esq; for ready cash,

B in the third part of the said

only called Marsh Neck, con-

824 acres, more or less. One

of land, being part of Charles

acres, more or less. One other

called Trent Park, having a

ing 125 acres, more or less. All

of land called The Ridge and

staining by estimation 75 acres,

ALSO,—

able negroes, consisting of men,

horses, black cattle, hogs and

of household and kitchen un-

of corn and tobacco. Sold

above named John Cartwright

state of Maryland, as late collect-

ty.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

's county, September 19, 1791.

conditions exposas, to me direct-

court of the western shore of the

will be SOLD, for ready cash,

3th day of October next, on the

NO PLANTATION of M-

od, called Westham, containing

acres, more or less. One other

and called Cawood's Inheritance,

more or less.

ALSO,—

horses, black cattle, sheep and hogs

ure, together with a quantity of

Sold as the property of the above

ood, to satisfy a debt due the late

of the securities of John Car-

collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

's county, September 19, 1791.

conditions exposas, to me direct-

court of the western shore of the

will be SOLD, on Satur-

of October next, for ready cash,

parcel of land called Collingwood,

no acres, more or less. One other

and called Collingwood, containing

less. Also, one other tract of

dam Neck, containing 381 acres,

as the property of Clement Gard-

due the state of Maryland, as one

John Cartwright; Elquire, late col-

county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

of WILLIAM RUSSELL, (as

tor) are requested to meet in Chel-

y the 7th day of November next,

claims properly attested.

O. WORRELL, Administrator.

WARD, late sheriff of Kent county.

APOLIS:

FREDERICK and SAMUEL

GREEN.

being laid entirely waste with fire and sword. The inhabitants of St. Domingo expect every thing from you, as from brethren.

"I have the honour to be, with the most cordial and brotherly affection, Gentlemen, your most obedient humble servant,

(Signed) "PL. DE CADUSCH, President.

Aug. 28. It being represented to the general assembly, that the captains of vessels bound to Cape-François might, by the informations of the pilots, be induced to proceed to the lower parts of the island; the assembly decreed, that the lieutenant-governor should be requested to cause an armed vessel, of sufficient force, to cruise at the head of the island, and oblige all vessels, bound for St. Domingo, punctually to follow their original destination.

From a BOSTON Paper.

An old correspondent, who has been afflicted with the gravel, has received great benefit from being advised to eat thirty or forty *cockles* an hour before dinner every day, and taking two spoonfuls of *castor oil* every night, before going to bed. By persisting in this course for eleven days, his pains were entirely removed, and having had no return of them, thinks it his duty to communicate the medicine to the public.

A VALETUDINARIAN.

Oct. 13. Yesterday arrived the ship *Grange*, captain Manlove, from Liverpool. The *Grange* left Liverpool the 2d of September, and has brought English papers to the beginning of that month, by which we learn, that the people were still peaceable with regard to the Birmingham business—that there were no apprehensions of a counter-revolution in France,—that England has no intention of joining Spain against the proceedings of the national assembly—that, for many years, there has not been so plentiful a harvest as the present in England—and, by the London Gazette we are assured, that the ports of Great-Britain are shut against the importation of all foreign wheat and flour.

Extract of a letter to a respectable house in this city, received by the *Grange*, dated Liverpool, Aug. 29.

"Information is this day received, that an order of the king in council is issued, by which our ports will be shut against wheat and flour, the second of next month."

WINCHESTER, October 1.

INTELLIGENCE from the territory of the United States south of the Ohio.

The latter end of July last, the Cherokees killed two men on the Tennessee, who were going to the Chickasaws.

It is reported, that the three towns of Creek Indians that stood out, and would not accede to the New-York treaty, have, through the great exertions of McGillivray, ratified the same—and it is generally expected that they will remain at peace, if the Cumberland people will overlook the depredations committed on that settlement during the last winter.

The proprietors of the Muffel Shoals, on the Tennessee, are determined to effect a settlement there, at the risk of every thing, and are making all the preparations in their power for a number of emigrants to set out early in November next. The Creeks and Cherokees are very much alarmed at this, and are determined to sacrifice both nations sooner than suffer that country to be settled; for, should it take place, the Cherokees must leave the Tennessee.

About the 1st of September a party of Indians came to a place called Moccasin Gap, in Clinch mountain, within seven miles of Ro's furnace, and killed four persons—a party of men followed them immediately, but through some mismanagement returned without coming up with them. It is not known to what nation they belonged, but, from several circumstances, it is thought they were northern Indians.

The southern Indians were never more inclined for peace than they are at present.

In August last, several brothers, of the name of Sherrald, were travelling together. In the course of their journey the two younger brothers quarrelled with one of the elder, in consequence of which, one of the first mentioned ran up to the latter, and struck a tomahawk into his skull, which unhappily occasioned his death in twenty-four hours afterwards. The deceased was a man of good character, and has left a wife and several children to lament his fate. The murderer is now in confinement.

Saturday last, a boy in the vicinity of Cape Capon, went a short distance from his father's house, with an intention of shooting pheasants, should he discover any. It seems, not far from the house there is a noted tree, entwined with grape-vines, much frequented by pheasants—hither, in the absence of the boy above-mentioned, a younger brother had gone to gather grapes, and was up in the tree, within a short distance of which the former passed, on his return homeward. He discovered something in the tree, but could not tell what, it being dusk; but, supposing it to be a pheasant, he fired, and melancholy to relate, shot his brother through the head, his rifle being charged with a ball.

ANNAPOLIS, October 20.

George Waggaman, Levin Denwood, Levin Winder and Tubman Lowes, Esquires, are elected delegates, to represent Somerset county, in the ensuing general assembly.

Benjamin Dennis, John Holland, John Rackliffe and John Parnell Marshall, Esquires, are elected for Worcester county.

Montgomery county, October 10, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the State of Maryland, praying an act to exonerate me from debts which I am unable to pay.

DAVID GEDDES.

To the CITIZENS of ANNAPOLIS, and the PUBLIC.

HAVING understood that some persons of this city have formed an opinion, that I accompanied Mr. Eliza Gaither into this state for the purpose of aiding him in the execution of his intentions on the life of col. Rezin Hammond—this is therefore to beg the candid public not too hastily to adopt an idea so abhorrent to my feelings, but to suspend their suspicions until I should have an opportunity of procuring evidences relating to my conduct in the affair, by which I promise sufficiently to remove every ground for such a suspicion, and undeniably to make appear the uprightness of my designs in regard to the whole business, by manifesting to the public that my intentions were uniformly exercised from the time I knew any thing of their dispute, to defeat the machinations of Mr. Gaither against col. Hammond—And here I beg leave to acknowledge my obligations to certain gentlemen of this city for their friendly treatment to me, and particularly several from Harford county, who were here as jurymen, who generously offered to be security for my appearing, to answer any thing that might be brought against me relative to my apprehension of Mr. Gaither. I am the public's most obedient servant,

JOHN M'BUEN.

This is to give NOTICE,

That, by virtue of an order from the orphan's court of Anne-Arundel county, WILL BE SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 14th day of November, 1791,

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of DELIA LUSBY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of several negroes, some stock and household furniture. The said property will be sold for the purpose of paying the just debts of the said Delia Lusby, and all those who are indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

The sale to be at the plantation of Jacob Lusby, deceased, near South river, if fair, if not the next fair day; and if there should not be purchasers to purchase all that is set up, it will be brought to Annapolis and sold the next day, and further notice will be given by the drum.

ELIZA MURDOCH, Adm'r.
Annapolis, October 20, 1791.

TO BE SOLD,

By the subscriber, at PUBLIC SALE, at Broad creek, in Prince-George's county, on Patowmack, on TUESDAY the 22d day of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

TWENTY likely young NEGROES, consisting of men, women, boys and girls, among which are some valuable tradesmen. The terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale.

RICHARD H. COURTS.
October 12, 1791. Benjamin Bond

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esq; agent for the State of Maryland, I shall expose to public sale, on TUESDAY the 1st day of November next, at four o'clock, P. M. at the house of Mr. Thomas Crackles, in Port-Tobacco, for ready cash,

THE TWO following TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND, viz.

LUCKETT'S BENEFITS, containing 44 acres, and MOSES'S DITCH, containing two hundred and twenty-nine and one half acres, lying within three miles of Port-Tobacco, late the property of Thomas H. Lockett.

Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.
October 17, 1791. William Campbell

A New Store.

JOHNSON AND HARWOOD,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED—

By the latest arrivals from EUROPE, and have now for SALE, at their STORE nearly opposite to Mr. Stephen Clark's,

A PRETTY GENERAL

Assortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the present and approaching season, which they will sell low for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

October 14, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That in pursuance of a warrant, to me directed by the governor and council, an ELECTION will be held for Anne-Arundel county, at the city of Annapolis, on WEDNESDAY the 26th instant, for the purpose of electing a person, for the third district, to represent the State of Maryland in the house of representatives of the United States. A vacancy has arisen by the resignation of William Pinkney, Esquire.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

St. Mary's, October 8, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That I intend to apply to the next general assembly for an act to make valid a deed executed by Caleb Jones to me, for about forty-eight acres of land, Part of ROCKWELL'S LOUSE, lying in St. Mary's county, which deed was not recorded in the time prescribed by law, and to direct the recording of the said deed.

MORDECAI JONES.

WILLIAM FOXCROFT,

At the Sign of the Golden Bee-Hive.

Most respectfully acquaints his friends and the public, that he has just received, via Philadelphia, and now opening,

A Neat and General ASSORTMENT of

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF—

Fashionable, Superfine & Second Clothes,	Table Clothes,
Three quarters and seven-eighths stripe Clothes,	Bed-Ticks,
Cassimers,	Flanders Bed-Bunks,
Superfine, stripe & plain Coating,	Cheeks, 2 and yard wide,
Cardinals,	Cotton Stripes,
Halfstiches,	7-8 and yard wide Irish Linens, & Sheetings,
Knaps Cottons,	Ink-Powder,
Flannels,	Snuff,
Baizes,	Ladies fashionable Beaver Hats,
Wells Plains,	Mens coarse dms,
Duffel Blankets,	Fashionable Coat & Velt Buttons,
Durants,	Imperial dms,
Calimancoes,	Broad and Narrow Ribbands,
Jones Spinning,	Modes and Satins,
Moreens,	Tapes,
Wildboars,	Bindings,
Crapes,	Thread,
Mollinets,	Edging and Bobbing,
Mullins of all sorts,	Ladies and Gentlemen's Cotton, Silk & Work'd Hosi,
Plaids, stripe and spotted Gauzes,	Silk and Cotton Patent ditto,
Royal Ribbs,	Ladies Gloves,
Thickset,	Gentlemen's Beaver dms,
Satinets,	Ditto lined with Flannel,
Jeans,	Best Philadelphia & common Stuff Shoes,
Fustians,	White Satin ditto,
Corduroys,	Ironmongery,
Black Prince's Stuff,	Queen's Ware, &c. &c.
Cottons and Calicoes,	
Cotton & Chintz Shawls,	
Cotton and Linen Handkerchiefs,	
Black Silk & Love Handkerchiefs,	

Fine Old MADEIRA,

By the PIPE, or GALLON.

Prince-George's county, October 15, 1791.

ALL persons who have claims against the estate of A BIRK MOCKBEE, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are desired to bring them in properly authenticated to the subscriber, near Upper Marlborough, on or before the 10th day of December next, or they will be excluded on the distribution of the assets in hand.

Wm. N. MOCKBEE, Administrator.

To be SOLD,

By the Subscriber,

TWELVE hundred ACRES of good LAND is one body, between the heads of Sassafras and Appoquinimink, the greater part of which is well timbered, and the residue well adapted for the production of wheat and Indian corn. The time of payment will be made easy to the purchaser, and the land disposed of in lots, or otherwise, as may be agreed on.

DANIEL CHARLES HEATH.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

Port-Tobacco, August 20, 1791.

WHEREAS, on Saturday the 15th instant, between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock at night, as my negro man called BENJAMIN was going from this place to Haberdenture, as soon as he reached the top of the hill, commonly called Theobald's Hill, (about half of a mile distant from this town) he was met and accosted by a white man who had on a dark cloth coat, and who rode a small black horse, some trifling conversation ensued, when this man rode up to Benjamin and gave him a violent stab in the breast with a knife, or some such weapon, of which he died on the Monday following—I will pay the above reward of one hundred dollars to any person who will discover the perpetrator of this inhuman act, so that he be convicted thereof.

J. H. STONE.

TO BE RENTED,

By the SUBSCRIBER, for one Year,

THAT well known STAND for a PUBLIC HOUSE, where Jonathan Rawlings, deceased, lately lived, with sixty ACRES of LAND, and a MEADOW that will cut five tons of hay per year, and possession will be given the 10th of November next.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

September 30, 1791.

October 12, 1791.

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esquire, agent for the State of Maryland, I shall offer for SALE at Bladensburg on MONDAY the 31st instant, for ready cash,

THAT part of the TRACT of LAND, on which Mr. HUMPHRY BELT now lives, which was purchased by WILLIAM KILTY, Esquire, late agent, to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland, from said Belt, as security for John Beall, Esquire, late collector of Prince-George's county.

Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

On SATURDAY the 22d at PUBLIC SALE, at MILTON, in Upper-Maryland.

TEN country-born NEGROES, about 25 years old, 15 to 20, and three children 4 o'clock. Credit will be year, on giving bond with October 10th, 1791.

By virtue of a deed of trust to the subscriber, WILLIAM VANDER, on WEDNESDAY next, if fair, if not after, for ready money.

THE DWELLING late Henry Ridgely land thereto adjoining, which deed, containing about 95 cel of land called WILLI containing 320 acres, more of the property in the deed to answer the purpose.

BRUCE T.

October 13, 1791.

SHERIFF

Prince-George's county, taken, by virtue of a writ out of the general court to SALE, at John New on the 14th day of November between the hours of 1

THREE LOTS in the houses and other in the property of Fielder due the State of Maryland.

On the same day, at 1 will be EXPOSED to PLANTATION where lives, containing about 20 ty of John Brown, to state Maryland.

EDWARD

By direction of WILLIAM for the State of Maryland SALE, for ready cash day of October next, at Rose's tavern, in Bl

PART of a TRACT KIN'S HALL, containing in Prince-George's Leonard Marbury Deaki Wm. M

By virtue of sundry writs, to me directed, LIC SALE, on MONDAY the 10th day of October next, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon

SUNDRY TRACTS viz.

Part of a tract of land posed to contain two hundred and sold as the pro

One other parcel or Chancery, 35 acres, on the and sold as the property

One other parcel or t whereon John Chew lives perty of John Chew.

3 JAN

Prince-George's county On SATURDAY the WILL BE SOLD, subscriber, at his dw

ABOUT seven hundred Belle-Air, and about The land is well improved, tobacco houses, one good mill, with two and one other mill near two pair of stones as constant stream, the last proposed to take water stream; both mills are The lands, &c. may known, by applying to the day of sale. This or divided in parcels, purchasers.

By order of William State of Maryland, TUESDAY in November of eleven and one of the first fair day the house of Peter Law

A NUMBER of men, women and of all kinds; as also to son in and to an undiv that part of a tract of ing and being in Cecil land, and in the posses the same to be sold for

By order of the State of Maryland, the day of sale, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon

4

FOX-CROFT,

Golden Bee-Hive
acquaints his friends
he has just received, viz. Pat-
enting.
ASSORTMENT OF
GOODS,
Selling of
Table Cloths,
Bed-Ticks,
Flanders Bed-Bunks,
Cheese, 1 yard wide,
Cotton Stripes,
7-8 and yard wide Irish
Linen, & Sheetings,
Ink-Powder,
Snuff,
Ladies fashionable Beaver,
Hats,
Mens coarse ditto,
Fashionable Coat & Velt
Buttons,
Imperial ditto,
Broad and Narrow Rib-
bands,
Modes and Satins,
Tapes,
Bindings,
Thread,
Edging and Bobbing,
Ladies and Gentlemen's
Cotton, Silk & Wor-
ed Hosiery,
Silk and Cotton Pattern
ditto,
Ladies Gloves,
Gentlemen's Beaver ditto,
Ditto lined with Flannel,
Bell Philadelphia & com-
mon Stuff Shoes,
White Satin ditto,
Ironmongery,
Queen's Ware, &c. &c.

MADEIRA,

PE, or GALLON.

SOLD,

By the Subscriber,
dred ACRES of good LAND is
between the heads of Sassafras and
greater part of which is well im-
proved well adapted for the production
corn. The time of payment will
purchaser, and the land disposed
life, as may be agreed on.
NIEL CHARLES HEATH.

Dollars Reward.

On Saturday the 13th instant, be-
tween the heads of Sassafras and
greater part of which is well im-
proved well adapted for the production
corn. The time of payment will
purchaser, and the land disposed
life, as may be agreed on.
NIEL CHARLES HEATH.

BE RENTED,

SCRIBER, for one Year,
known STAND for a PUBLIC
where Jonathan Rawlings, deceased,
dred ACRES of LAND, and a
will cut five tons of hay per year—
given the 10th of November next.
GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

October 12, 1791.
WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esquire, agent
Maryland, I shall offer for SALE
a MONDAY the 31st instant, for
the TRACT of LAND, on which
HARRY BELT now lives, which was
WILLIAM KILTY, Esquire, late agent,
the State of Maryland, from John
John Beall, Esquire, late collector
county.
MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

On SATURDAY the 22d instant, WILL BE SOLD,
at PUBLIC SALE, at the house of Mr. S. HA-
MILTON, in Upper-Marlborough.

TEN country-born NEGROES; to wit, one man
about 25 years old, six women and girls from
15 to 20, and three children. The sale to begin at
4 o'clock. Credit will be given the purchaser for one
year, on giving bond with approved security.
October 10th, 1791.

By virtue of a deed of trust from major Henry Ridge-
ly to the subscriber, WILL BE SOLD, at PUBLIC
VENDUE, on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of No-
vember next, if fair, if not the next fair day there-
after, for ready money.

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of the
late Henry Ridgely, with the several parcels of
land thereto adjoining, which are mentioned in said
deed, containing about 954 acres; also, a tract or par-
cel of land called WILLIAMS' CONTRIVANCE,
containing 320 acres, more or less, or such other part
of the property in the deed specified, as shall be suffi-
cient to answer the purpose thereof.

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.
October 13, 1791.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Prince-George's county, October 4, 1791.
TAKEN, by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued
out of the general court, and will be EXPOSED
to SALE, at John Nevitt's tavern, in Nottingham,
on the 4th day of November next, for ready cash,
between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock.

THREE LOTS in the town of Nottingham, with
houses and other improvements thereon; taken
as the property of Fielder Bowie, Esq; to satisfy a debt
due the State of Maryland. And,
On the same day, at four o'clock in the evening,
will be EXPOSED to SALE, on the premises, the
PLANTATION whereon Mr. John Brown now
lives, containing about 200 acres; taken as the prop-
erty of John Brown, to satisfy a debt due the State of
Maryland.

EDWARD L. WAILES, Sheriff.

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esquire, agent
for the State of Maryland, I shall EXPOSE
to SALE, for ready cash, on MONDAY the 31st
day of October next, between 12 and one o'clock,
at Rose's tavern, in Bladensburg.

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called DEA-
KIN'S HALL, containing 264 acres more or less,
lying in Prince-George's county, late the property of
Leonard Marbury Deakins.

Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.
By virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas and fieri
facias, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUB-
LIC SALE, on MONDAY the 31st instant, at 4
o'clock in the afternoon, at Mr. George Mann's,

SUNDRY TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND,

viz.
Part of a tract of land called Snowden's Manor, sup-
posed to contain two hundred and sixty-five acres—
taken and sold as the property of Nathan Waters.

One other parcel or tract of land called Miller's
Chance, 35 acres, on the mouth of Lyon's creek—taken
and sold as the property of Thomas Miles.

One other parcel or tract of land, about 50 acres,
whereon John Chew lives; taken and sold as the prop-
erty of John Chew.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

Prince-George's county, September 24, 1791.
On SATURDAY the 19th day of November next,
WILL BE SOLD, to the highest bidder, by the
subscriber, at his dwelling house,

ABOUT seven hundred and forty acres of good
LAND, situated between Queen-Anne and
Belle-Air, and about three miles from the former—
The land is well improved, has several good dwelling
houses, tobacco houses, corn houses, &c. on it; also,
one good mill, with two pair of stones, double geared,
and one other mill nearly finished, calculated to carry
two pair of stones as the former, both standing on a
constant stream, the latter is near Patuxent that it is
proposed to take water therefrom in addition to the
stream; both mills are calculated for merchant work.
The lands, &c. may be seen, and the terms made
known, by applying to the subscriber any time before
the day of sale. This property will be sold together,
or divided in parcels, as may be most convenient to
purchasers.

THOMAS BOYD.

By order of William Campbell, Esquire, agent for the
State of Maryland, WILL BE SOLD, on the first
TUESDAY in November next, between the hours
of eleven and one o'clock, if fair, or otherwise on
the first fair day that may happen thereafter, at the
house of Peter Lawson, Esquire,

A NUMBER of valuable negroes, consisting of
men, women and children; a quantity of stock,
of all kinds; as also the right of the said Peter Law-
son in and to an undivided moiety or half part of all
that part of a tract of land called Bohemia Manor, ly-
ing and being in Cecil county, in the State of Mary-
land, and in the possession of the aforesaid Lawson—
the same to be sold for cash, being taken to satisfy a
debt due the State of Maryland.

JAMES ORRICK, Sheriff of
Cecil county.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition the general as-
sembly, in November next, to pay him for the
lot and warehouses for the reception of tobacco in Up-
per-Marlborough-town. The rent is kept from him
to pay the repairs; he has not received any for six
years past, and has the assentment to pay annually.

THOMAS CONTEE.
September 10, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT a petition will be presented to the next
general assembly of Maryland for an act to pre-
vent SWINE from running at large in the town of
BLADENBURG, Prince-George's county,
September 15, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT I intend to apply to the next general as-
sembly of Maryland to confirm my title to part
of a TRACT of LAND called RICHARD'S DE-
LIGHT.

DENNIS NALLEY.
Charles county, August 26, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT there will be a petition preferred before
the next general assembly of Maryland for a
law to pass empowering sundry inhabitants of Anne-
Arundel county to erect an inspection house, for to-
bacco, on South river, at a place called and known by
the name of Howard's Point, where there formerly
was one for that purpose, though burnt down by some
malicious person or persons.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT I intend to prefer a petition to the next
general assembly of the State of Maryland, pray-
ing an act to liberate me from confinement, and dis-
charge from debts which I am unable to pay.

STEPHEN CLARKE.
Annapolis, September 1, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next
general assembly of the State of Maryland, at
their next sitting for an act to discharge him from
debts which he is unable to pay.

RISDON BOZMAN.
Somerset county, September 7, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT I intend applying to the general assembly
of Maryland, at their next session, for redress
of an injury done my late grand father, NICHOLAS
SEWALL, of this county, deceased, in the condemna-
tion of a certain tract of land, lying in Dorchester
county, for the use of a tribe or tribes of Indians.

NICHOLAS SEWALL.
St. Mary's county, September 27, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT I intend to petition the next general as-
sembly of Maryland to reinstate me in the same
right to my land in St. Mary's county, that was given
by my father for my support, which was changed by
the act of confiscation.

ELIZABETH WILSON.
St. Mary's, August 26, 1791.

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity
of informing his creditors, that he intends to
petition the next general assembly, for a law to relieve
him from debts he is unable to pay.

MARSH M. DUVAL.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next
general assembly, that an act may pass to em-
power her to collect, by way of execution, all public
taxes due to Benjamin Howard as collector for the
year 1786, also all county charges and officers fees,
and all fees or other balances due to him as sheriff and
collector of the county for the years 1788 and 1789.

MARTHA HOWARD, Executrix.
Anne-Arundel county, August 30, 1791.

NOTICE,

THAT the undersigned having been already at-
tached to answer a claim he is entirely incapa-
citated, by infirmities and losses in trade, to satisfy
fully without doing material injury to the rest of his
creditors; and it being his wish to render as equal jus-
tice to them as possible—he is constrained to manifest
his intention of petitioning the legislature of Mary-
land, at their next meeting, to relieve his person from
arrest, on his giving up his property, real and person-
al, in trust, for the benefit of those who have claims
against him, either on his private account, or on ac-
count of the firms in which he has concerned. He
intends also to petition the legislature, in a similar
manner, in behalf of his brother, who is beyond sea.

BEN. CONTEE.
Charles county, September 10, 1791.

Kent county, September 18, 1791.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may con-
cern, that, from a variety of causes and misfor-
tunes which have befallen me, I am rendered incapable
of paying my debts; I therefore intend to petition the
next general assembly of this State to be released and
discharged from the payment of my debts, whether in
my own name, or the name of Thomas Smyth and
Sons, upon delivering up all my property for the bene-
fit of my creditors.

THOMAS SMYTH.

To the CITIZENS of the City of ANNAPOLIS,
ANNE-ARUNDEL and PRINCE-GEORGE'S Coun-
ties.

Gentlemen,
I RESPECTFULLY offer you my services to re-
present your district in the Congress of the United
States, become vacant by the resignation of Mr. Pink-
ney; and, with earnest zeal for your public prosperity,
I am, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,
JOHN F. MERCER.

ANNAPOLIS, October 4, 1791.

Calvert county, August 24, 1791.
THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity
of informing his creditors, that he intends to
petition the legislature at their next session, for an act
to liberate him from debts which he is not able to dis-
charge, as the number of suits already instituted against
him render a payment impracticable.

FRANCIS KING.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1791.

THE subscriber, from a variety of causes and mis-
fortunes, is under the disagreeable necessity of
giving this public notice, that he means to petition
the next general assembly of this State to release him
from debts which he is unable to pay, upon his giving
up all his property for the use of his creditors.

BENJAMIN BELT, sen.

Montgomery county, September 18, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the sub-
scriber, being in custody under an execution for
a large sum of money, is under the necessity of apply-
ing to the general assembly, at their next session, for
an act to release him from confinement, and discharge
him from all debts heretofore contracted, upon his de-
livering up all his property.

SAMUEL OFFUTT.

NEW LINE.

ANNAPOLIS, EASTON, and PHIL-
ADELPHIA,
Water and Land STAGES,
Via CECIL COURT HOUSE & NEW-
CASTLE.

THE Subscribers, (Proprietors of the Philadel-
phia and Baltimore New Line) very respectfully
inform the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, they
intend to establish a communication from this place
direct to Philadelphia, for the conveyance of freight and
passengers, to commence running the 29th instant, by
the following route:—A packet will leave Philadelphia
every Monday morning for Newcastle, on its arrival
the stage immediately conveys the passengers to Cecil
Court House, where the packet waits their arrival, and
proceeds direct for Annapolis and Easton, and touches
at Annapolis on her return. The peculiar advantages
of this tour, in point of expedition, will be obvious
to every traveller going to the northward, it being cer-
tain this route can be performed in less time than by
land. The proprietors solicit the patronage of the pub-
lic, assuring them every exertion shall be used to ren-
der this line pleasing, agreeable and expeditious. The
variableness of the winds renders the day of the packet's
return from Easton rather uncertain; but it is expected
the will leave this place early every Sunday morning.
Passengers, and shippers that have freight to forward, are
requested to leave their names at the Printers, who will
instruct the captain to wait upon them and inform the
hour of departure.

JOHN CHAMBERS, Cecil Court House.
HENRY DARLEY,
Wm. CLAY,
BOND and LEES, Newcastle.

Passage to Cecil Court-House, 7 6
to Newcastle in stage, 6 0
to Philadelphia in packet, 3 9

Heavy freight, 2s. per cwt. from city to city. Light,
in proportion to bulk.

Annapolis, August 19, 1791.

FOR SALE,

THAT beautiful SEAT or LOT of LAND, the
place of residence of the late Daniel of St. Tho-
mas Jenifer, Esquire, known by the name of STEP-
NEY, lying in Anne-Arundel county, within one
mile of South river ferry, containing 835 acres. The
improvements on this valuable farm are remarkably
good, and several orchards of excellent fruit, from
which may be made in a favourable year 15,000 gal-
lons of cider, equal, if not superior, to any in the
State.

—ALSO—

A small TRACT of LAND, binding on South ri-
ver, nearly adjoining the above, containing 229 acres,
on which is an orchard of choice fruit, a convenient
and comfortable dwelling house, a large barn, quite
new, with other necessary out-houses. A more particu-
lar description of the above lands is considered un-
necessary, as it is presumed those disposed to purchase,
will previously view them.

The two tracts will be sold together, or separately,
as may be most convenient to the purchasers, and pos-
session given on the first day of January next, with
permission to sow fall grain.

Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the
terms, which will be made easy, by applying to
DANIEL JENIFER, sen. & Executors.

S C H E M E OF A L O T T E R Y. For the disposal of PROPERTY belonging to Mr. **JAMES PATTISON.**

1	Prize of 1 full-blooded mare,	50	0	0
1	do.	45	0	0
1	1 mare colt,	40	0	0
1	1 mare,	35	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	1 mare colt,	15	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	17 1/2 yards of black silk mode,	15	10	7 1/2
1	32 do. fine spotted jeans,	12	3	9
1	16 do. striped muslin,	10	3	4
1	23 1/2 do. fine spotted jeans,	7	14	4 1/2
1	31 1/2 do. black calimanco,	5	9	4 1/2
1	23 1/2 do. striped cotton,	5	5	9
1	1 mill-saw,	4	12	6
1	50 yards of broad coloured ribbon,	4	3	5
1	17 do. souflee gauze,	3	16	6
1	24 do. white flannel,	3	14	7 1/2
1	23 do. calimanco,	3	0	8 1/2
1	1 lb. of antimony,	2	13	9
1	12 1/2 yards of white durants,	2	4	11
1	2 gross and 3 dozen horn buttons,	2	3	0
1	11 China cups and saucers,	2	2	10 1/2
1	8 shawls,	1	16	0
1	7 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	15	0
1	13 1/2 yards of narrow lace,	1	10	4 1/2
1	2 black silk hats,	1	10	0
1	1 pair of mens slippers, & 1 jeanet vest shape,	1	10	0
1	2 do. brass candlesticks,	1	10	0
1	18 lbs. coffee,	1	10	0
1	8 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	8	0
1	23 dozen mohair buttons,	1	6	10
1	2 large bowls,	1	6	8
1	2 shawls,	1	5	0
1	1 worsted breeches pattern & 6 1/2 yards of gauze,	1	4	9
1	1 large bowl & soup tureen,	1	4	7
1	2 pair of brass candlesticks,	1	4	0
1	4 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	4	0
1	1 pair of mens leather shoes, and 3 yards of shalloon,	1	4	0
1	6 pair of cloth breeches,	1	2	6
1	2 large oowls,	1	2	6
1	5 large dishes,	1	2	6
1	1 scarlet vest shape, and 3 pieces of fine Dutch tape,	1	2	6
1	3 pair of cotton stockings,	1	2	6
1	2 do. do.	1	2	6
1	4 yards narrow lace, & 3 yards white buckram,	1	2	4
1	4 1/2 do. Red Persian,	1	2	3
1	3 pair worsted stockings & 4 sticks of twist,	1	2	0
1	6 1/2 yards of blue sagathy,	1	1	10 1/2
1	1 pair fine worsted stockings, 2 pair garters, & 1 piece worsted bind.	1	1	6
1	1 do. thread stockings, & 10 1/2 thousand pins,	1	1	6
1	30 1/2 dozen shirt buttons, & 12 small sticks twist,	1	1	3
1	1 lb. of ounce thread,	1	1	4
1	6 small dishes, and 3 large stone butter pots,	1	1	0
1	17 cups & saucers, & 12 milk pots with covers,	1	0	9
1	4 yards white Persian,	1	0	0
1	2 pair cotton stockings,	1	0	0
1	22 cups, 26 saucers, and 8 salt stands,	1	0	0
1	6 1/2 yards spotted gauze, & 2 gauze handkerchiefs,	0	19	10
1	2 gauze aprons, & 1 gauze handkerchief,	0	19	6
1	3 gross small horn buttons, and 2 butter boats,	0	19	6
1	0 1/2 lb. ounce thread, & 13 thimbles,	0	19	8
1	1 pair silver plated spurs, & 3 dozen small mohair buttons,	0	19	3
1	2 quart mugs, & 1 pair of brass candlesticks,	0	19	0
1	3 yards of striped souflee gauze, and 1 gauze handkerchief,	0	19	0
1	2 1/2 dozen breakfast plates, and 5 sugar pots with covers,	0	18	6
1	1 lb. of ounce thread, and 6 silk laces,	0	18	9
1	1 lb. fine slip thread, and 8 slips belandine,	0	18	6
1	2 mustard pots, 11 white saucers, and 2 adzes,	0	18	2
2	26 penknives,	2	3	4
2	2 black silk bonnets,	3	10	0
2	2 shawls,	3	10	0
2	4 do.	3	17	0
2	3 pair thread stockings,	2	5	0
2	3 pieces narrow worsted bind.	2	5	0

2	2 worsted breeches patterns,	3	0	0
2	1 large trunk,	3	0	0
2	6 lb. of allspice,	1	16	0
2	2 pair fine worsted stockings,	3	15	0
2	2 shawls,	4	10	0
2	4 yards blue cloth,	4	0	0
2	1 vest shape of stripe casimer,	5	12	0
2	2 do. scarlet,	6	0	0
2	3 pieces broad worsted bind.	4	10	0
2	1 gauze handkerchief,	5	0	0
2	20 sticks worsted cruck,	5	0	0
2	1 pair of seal-skin slippers,	3	15	0
2	25 lb. large Bristol shot,	10	0	0
2	1 handsome waistcoat-shape,	7	17	6
2	2 Jeanet do.	10	10	0
2	5 ells check,	6	8	3
2	1 coverlid,	12	0	0
2	24 pair of garters,	7	4	0
2	1 do. womens fatten shoes and slippers,	11	5	0
2	2 do. mens leather shoes,	11	0	0
2	1 pewter dish,	8	10	0
2	5 ells of check,	12	19	6
2	7 yards of Irish linen,	84	14	4
2	14 do. snabrigs,	85	2	6

367 Prizes. 730 13 9
633 Blanks. Contingent expenses, 19 6 3
1000 Ticket at 15s. each, is 750 0 0

THE advantages of the above SCHEME are very obvious—it is well calculated to suit adventurers, from the valuable variety of its prizes—which are also very numerous—it is therefore intended to be drawn on the 20th of October next, in this city; previous to which, TICKETS may be had at the Printing-Office, of William Hammond, Barrack Fowler, at Mr. Stevens's; William Foxcroft, William Alexander, and John Addison, Annapolis—At Lower-Marlborough, of captain Thomas Harwood, William Allen, Robert Moore, Dr. Parran, James McBlair, and James Whittington—Of Joseph Griffiths, at St. Leonard's creek—and also of James Pattison, at Herring bay.

For the information of adventurers, a list of the prizes will be published in the Maryland Gazette.

Five Pounds Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, within one mile of Severn chapel, on or about the 6th day of August, 1791, a negro man named CESAR, about 44 years of age, five feet eleven inches high; he is a stout square well made fellow, and when out of temper speaks very loud; he has remarkable small legs for a man of his size, and large flat feet; he was formerly the property of Mrs. Lewin of this county, who raised him, has since had several masters before he became the property of the subscriber; had on, and took with him, a new felt hat, offshag shirt and one white ditto, striped Holland trousers, and a short blue jacket; He is a very artful fellow, and probably will change his name and cloaths and pass for a freeman. Whoever secures the said negro in the goal of the county where he is taken, or in any other goal, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive THREE POUNDS, or the above reward if brought home, with all reasonable charges, paid by

LANCELOT WARFIELD.

Anne-Arundel county, August 31, 1791.
I HEREBY give notice, that I mean to apply to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for an act of insolvency in my favour, being unable to pay my debts. **ISAAC SIMMONS.**

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the general assembly, at their session in November next, for an act to subject the lands within the city of Washington, in the territory of Columbia, belonging to infants, persons insane or absent, or who will not agree to the same terms as the proprietors in general have, by agreement, subjected their lands to within the same city, instead of the common mode of condemnation on valuation by jury.
September 9, 1791.

Kent county, August 23, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of the inhabitants of Kent county intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, to pass an act to empower the county court of said county to cause a new road to be opened from Isaac Perkins's mills to New-Market, and in their discretion to shut up or leave open part of the old road from Marches lane to New-Market aforesaid, and to tax the county (or in their option the persons concerned) the expence and damages incurred for opening the said new road.

October 5, 1791.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of STEPHEN STEWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby desired to make immediate payment, and those who have claims against the said estate are requested to bring them in properly authenticated, that they may be adjusted, by

STEPHEN STEWARD, Admr.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun, on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate of William Sanders, lately deceased.
Oct. 4, 1791. **F. GREEN, W. W. DAVIS.**

TWELVE DOLLARS REWARD.



RAN away from the subscriber, living in St. Mary's county, on the 10th day of May, a country born negro slave named PHILIP, about twenty-eight or nine years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high; he is a very likely black fellow, and has large black eyes; and on and took with him when he was away, a new felt hat, a short red broad cloth coat, a brown linen ditto, a yellow stamp cotton jacket, a white linen shirt, a pair of brown fustian breeches, a cotton and linen shirt, a pair of striped bed-ticking trousers, a pair of worsted stockings, and a pair of shoes and buckles. I understand that he has hired himself in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, and passes by the name of CHARLES BUTLER. I will give the above reward to any person delivering the said fellow to me, or eight dollars for securing him in any goal, so that I get him. All persons are forewarned harbouring the said negro at their peril.

HENRY NEALE.

August 22, 1791. **4X**

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.
By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be EXPOSED TO PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY the 24th instant, at ten o'clock, at the late dwelling house of major Henry Ridgely, Elk-Ridge, ALL kinds of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and sundry other ARTICLES, viz.

Seven feather beds, bedsteads and bedding, tables, chairs, looking-glasses, chest of drawers, an eight day clock, china of different kinds, about 7 1/2 lbs. of silver plate, about 40 head of hogs, some wheat, rye, oats and hay, in stacks; the crop of Indian corn, of about 200 barrels, in the field, and fodder; and sundry other articles. The sale to continue till all are sold. Taken and sold as the property of Henry Ridgely, by **JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.**

Sheriff's Sales.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Friday the 27th day of October next, at the dwelling plantation of John Cartwright, Elsq; for ready cash,

A LIFE ESTATE in the third part of the said plantation commonly called Marth Neck, containing by estimation 8 1/2 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land, being part of Chaptin Manor, containing 1 1/2 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Trent Fork, having a mill thereon, containing 1 1/2 acres, more or less. All one other tract or parcel of land called The Ridge and Part of Lodgegate, containing by estimation 7 1/2 acres, more or less.

—ALSO—

A number of valuable negroes, consisting of men, women, boys and girls; horses, black cattle, hogs and sheep, with a variety of household and kitchen furniture; also, a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named John Cartwright, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, for ready cash, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, on the premises,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of Mr. Stephen Cawood, called Welham, containing by estimation 198 1/2 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Cawood's Inheritance, containing 10 acres, more or less.

—ALSO—

Sundry negroes, horses, black cattle, sheep and hogs, and household furniture, together with a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named Stephen Cawood, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, for ready cash, on the premises,

A TRACT or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 100 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 102 acres, more or less. Also, one other tract or parcel of land called Bedlam Neck, containing 38 1/2 acres, more or less. Sold as the property of Clement Gardner, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

THE creditors of WILLIAM RUSSELL, (an insolvent debtor) are requested to meet in Chertown on Monday the 7th day of November next, with their respective claims properly attested.

THO. WORRELL, Administrator.

of EDWARD, late Sheriff of Kent county.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(XLVIIIth YEAR.)

MARY

T H

ALGIERS, July 15

ABA MAHOMET, died the 12th inst: in of a dysentery, at the years, and in the twenty reign: Cid Hassan, minister, a man about fifty, immediately proclaimed, and the election was made without three first officers of the regency had each to the sovereignty, but they very willingly, and were permitted to pay their new dey. One of the three, the only ag his, was arrested and taken into custody they were going to enter the palace. He ed him to be banished to a fort twelve m capital, and confiscated his estates.

The reign of Baba Mahomet was remarkable for brilliancy, utility and tranquillity. It is that that of Cid Hassan, who appears to be disposed towards France, will not be less seems eager to ratify the capitulations.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July

A chief eunuch, who was treasurer, credit during the last reign, but was ban intrigues of Hassan Pacha, has since vowed to raise a party, and is now actually of some thousands of rebel Arabs, and attempt to get possession of all the treasure the chief of which renowned place he has great fruits.

The Khaja Bey and the Bostangi Bachi, the first for want of ability, and the latter seems more eager to get money than to partial justice.

LISBON, August 2

The like apprehensions which have been tained by the court of Spain, of a revolution, at present pervade the breasts of several degrees, intended for the suppression of almost every description, has issued, but they are calculated to ferment suppress any wish in the Portuguese to nation.

It is currently reported here, that a Spain and the emperor of Morocco is in what foundation there may be for the re not conceive; indeed, some have gone so far that the Moorish monarch has surprised the garrison to the sword; but this ac certainty, untrue.

SALISBURY, August

Some few farmers in this neighbourhood to reap their wheat, the general appearance is lately much improved, and promises productive harvest than was before crops of other corn are also particularly the present fine weather, a continuance be highly advantageous to the community will make the harvest general in the country week.

VIENNA, August 2

Last Sunday a courier arrived at the Galatin, the Russian ambassador, from min, with news, that on the 15th instant nary articles of peace between Russia were signed at Galatz by him and the g And that in order to have time for future treaty, and appointing commiss purpose, they had agreed upon an arm months.

The count d'Artois, brother to the arrived here four days ago, with 20 persons he went to court, and was received by perial family. He went away yesterday The emperor, attended by the arch set out on Monday morning for Bohem

LONDON, August

One of the king's private messengers set off yesterday morning for Palmon very particular dispatches to his majesty the several West-India Islands.

Aug. 17. The national assembly have new constitution, and with it their d ability by the letter of it, independent of nation: it will, however, be presented day. The consequences of his refusal participate; his acceptance of it will possession of as much power, as it has a king of France ought to have.

A counter-revolution is yet talked several accounts, we have reason to power upon the continent, which are have the fullest pretence for disturbing peace of France, are rather disposed to demand to this the national assembly accede; and in consequence, have pr their two various proceedings against the

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1791.

ALGIER S, July 15.

ABA MAHOMET, dey of Algiers, died the 12th inst. in consequence of a dysentery, at the age of eighty years, and in the twenty-fifth of his reign. Cid Hassan, his prime minister, a man about fifty, was immediately proclaimed by the militia, and the election was made without tumult. The three first officers of the regency had each pretensions to the sovereignty, but they very willingly resigned them, and were permitted to pay their respects to the new dey. One of the three, the only aga of the spahis, was arrested and taken into custody the moment they were going to enter the palace. His rival ordered him to be banished to a fort twelve miles from the capital, and confiscated his estates.

The reign of Baba Mahomet was remarkable for its brilliancy, utility and tranquillity. It is to be hoped that that of Cid Hassan, who appears to be favourably disposed towards France, will not be less glorious. He seems eager to ratify the capitulations.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 8.

A chief eunuch, who was treasurer, and in high credit during the last reign, but was banished by the intrigues of Hassan Pacha, has since that time endeavoured to raise a party, and is now actually at the head of some thousands of rebel Arabs, and has made an attempt to get possession of all the treasures at Mecca, the chief of which renowned place he has reduced to great straits.

The Klaja Bey and the Boltangi Bachi, are deposed; the first for want of ability, and the latter because he seems more eager to get money than to distribute impartial justice.

LISBON, August 2.

The like apprehensions which have been long entertained by the court of Spain, of a revolution in that country, at present pervade the breasts of our ministry; several decrees, intended for the suppression of public meetings of almost every description, have been lately issued, but they are calculated to ferment rather than suppress any wish in the Portuguese to effect a revolution.

It is currently reported here, that a war between Spain and the emperor of Morocco is inevitable; but what foundation there may be for the report, we cannot conceive; indeed, some have gone so far as to say, that the Moorish monarch has surprised Ceuta, and put the garrison to the sword; but this account is, to a certainty, untrue.

SALISBURY, August 3.

Some few farmers in this neighbourhood have begun to reap their wheat, the general appearance of which is lately much improved, and promises a much more productive harvest than was before expected. The crops of other corn are also particularly benefited by the present fine weather, a continuance of which will be highly advantageous to the community at large, and will make the harvest general in the course of the present week.

VIENNA, August 24.

Last Sunday a courier arrived at the house of prince Galitzin, the Russian ambassador, from prince Repnin, with news, that on the 11th instant, the preliminary articles of peace between Russia and the Porte were signed at Galatz by him and the grand vizier.

And that in order to have time for adjusting a definitive treaty, and appointing commissioners for that purpose, they had agreed upon an armistice for eight months.

The count d'Artois, brother to the king of France, arrived here four days ago, with 20 persons in his suite; he went to court, and was received by the whole Imperial family. He went away yesterday.

The emperor, attended by the archduke Francis, set out on Monday morning for Bohemia.

LONDON, August 10.

One of the king's private messengers (Mr. Dowson) set off yesterday morning for Plymouth. He carries very particular dispatches to his majesty's governors in the several West-India Islands.

Sept. 1. The national assembly have published their new constitution, and with it their determination to abide by the letter of it, independent of the king's acceptance: it will, however, be presented to him in a few days. The consequences of his refusal we cannot anticipate; his acceptance of it will put him again in possession of as much power, as it has been determined a king of France ought to have.

A counter-revolution is yet talked of; but from several accounts, we have reason to think that those powers upon the continent, which are most able, and have the fullest pretence for disturbing the internal peace of France, are rather disposed to negotiate their demands; to this the national assembly are willing to accede; and in consequence, have properly suspended their violent proceedings against the refugee princes.

The furious Basille has entered into the service of the king of Sweden; and we believe, is working up that monarch to his purpose, if we may judge from a letter of instruction, said to be written to the Swedish ambassador at Paris, as well as from another letter, reported to be sent from Bouille himself to the abbe Maury, promising to keep his word with the national assembly; but this we consider as present as all vapour, unless the meditated attack be universally supported by other powers. The French nation are said to express a jealousy of our naval force, but we hope and trust they have no reason.

Spain has published a most extraordinary decree relative to strangers, which nothing but an extreme terror of revolution-principles could have dictated: it goes absolutely to prohibit the residence of all foreigners in Spain of liberal sentiments. This is evidently levelled at the French, who are very numerous in Spain; but how it will be relished by the other powers of Europe, the penal execution of the decree, which by this time has taken place, must determine. Troops are marching to the frontiers towards France, more for the purpose, we should suppose, of enforcing this, and former proclamations, than to assist in bringing about a counter-revolution in that country. With due deference to his catholic majesty's judgment on this subject, we presume this is not the way to prevent a revolution from taking place in his own kingdom.

Desperation and despondency alternately succeed each other in the declining empire of Turkey, at the commencement of a battle, and on the event of it, which is uniformly in favour of Russia; a peace, we believe, on any terms, is now the desirable object of the Turks in general.

Extract of a letter from Totness, August 10.

"The contagious distemper at Totness, in Devon, is daily spreading its baneful influence over all ranks; and the dreadful knell scarcely has failed proclaiming the departure of three or four souls a day. Added to this, the remaining few of the aldermen resident in the town, who have escaped its ravage (three of whom are dead) received last week an anonymous letter, full of incendiary and inflammatory matter, which has caused the greatest consternation among them; but one of the authors being apprehended and committed to Exeter goal, to take his trial at the next assizes for the offence, has in some measure alleviated their fears. The accomplices, however, are still at large, and the nomination of the mayor is in consequence postponed.

"The neighbourhood are so much alarmed at the number of deaths, that little or no provisions are brought to the market; and those who used to bring the produce of their farms into the town, now stop at a place called Banker's Hill, where the servants go to purchase it."

Extraordinary reverse of fortune. A person, who, a few years since, obtained the title of *reverend*, by taking holy orders, and held forth to a crowded audience at a chapel in the neighbourhood of Spitalfields, is now a bricklayer's labourer! and was a few days since in that capacity, assisting in pulling down the chapel in which he used to preach.

Sept. 3. We hear from Gibraltar, that the embassy lately sent to the emperor of Morocco has returned—it was well received, and we believe has been productive of every advantage that could be expected. Provisions have since been in great abundance.

A vessel, just arrived in the bay from Oran, confirms the report of the besiegers having received considerable supplies, both of men and ammunition—reports false, from the Maltese. They continued their offensive operations with vigour, and with a probability of success.

Several of the British merchants at Alicante, Carthagena, &c. have sent considerable parts of their property hither, and are shortly expected to follow themselves, in consequence of the late edicts of the court of Madrid respecting foreigners.

The plague threatens to do much mischief in the eastern parts of Europe; it has reached the Prussian army, and committed some ravages before its baneful effects could be prevented.

Among other presentations at the levee on Wednesday last, was M. de Heras (the commissary appointed by the court of Spain to settle the damages which are to be allowed captain Mearns, and the gentlemen concerned with him, as proprietors of the vessels which were captured in Nootka Sound) by his excellency the Spanish ambassador.

Letters from Constantinople mention, that the rebellion in Arabia has greatly terrified the Divan; and that it was generally apprehended, that as there was no force to oppose them, they would over-run the whole country.

One of the commanders of the Belgic army in their late attempt to gain independence, now at Paris, declared lately, at the table of M. de Fayette, that he was sorry the French king had not succeeded in his attempt to leave the kingdom. The company being somewhat surprised, he explained himself—"A war between the emperor and France would have been the

consequence, which would have furnished me with an opportunity to return to the Netherlands, assisted by the French, where, after hanging a few rascals of priests, every Austrian would have been driven from the country."—This proves, in some degree, that, should the emperor attempt any thing against France, he will soon have his own dominions to quiet again.

The states of Brabant having declared the council of Brabant to be illegally composed, the governor-general of the Low Countries have prohibited not only them, but the magistrates of Brussels, from deliberating on that business.

Every thing announces a second revolution in Brabant. The states have claimed the liberation of two burgesses and six priests, who were seized and confined by a detachment of soldiers, on account of celebrating the birth day of Vandermoot: these have been at length set at liberty; but the same body still complain that they were imprisoned during a longer period than that prescribed by law, "in violation of the constitution," and the late oath so solemnly sworn in the name of the emperor.

Should the emperor invade France, it is the intention of the patriots to make a diversion in Brabant, by means of Vandermoot, as, by giving independence to the Austrian Low Countries, they will be able to parry the exertions and dissipate the operations of the Imperial troops.

The king of Spain has made a very charitable qualification of his late decree concerning foreigners. He declares, that they are not to renounce their domestic connexions, or their political and civil dependence upon their governments, *i. e.* they are to do that for which they will be considered as traitors whenever they return home.

An Irish officer, detained upwards of twelve years in the island of St. Marguerite, in consequence of a lettre de cachet, has found means to write a letter to the president of the national assembly, in which he has informed him of his situation, and demanded the justice and the vengeance of a free nation.

An African slave ship was lately lost on the Middle Passage; the account adds, "that the men were saved, but the ship and cargo lost."—Left the reader should mistake the nature of this cargo, he is informed, that it consisted of 230 of our fellow creatures—found guilty of having been born on the coast of Guinea, of black parents.

Sept. 8. On the 23d of August the emperor of Germany, with his eldest son, and the king of Prussia, with his eldest son, arrived at the palace of the elector of Saxony, at Dresden; and on the 25th Mr. Fawcener, the English envoy, arrived also at Dresden from Peterburgh and Warsaw.

On the same day arrived at Dresden also, the count d'Artois, the marquis de Bouille with his son, M. de Calonne, and the prince of Nassau.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, September 2.

"An express is arrived here with accounts that peace has been signed between Russia and the Porte, at Maczin, in sight of the two armies."

"There is not the least doubt of the powers of Europe forming a league to settle the affairs of France; but it is said, that the courts of England, Prussia and Holland, have not yet absolutely come into the views of other powers in that important affair."

Original letter from the king of Poland to M. de Villeneuve, at Paris.

I have been very much flattered by receiving, after an absence of thirty years, such an affectionate testimony of your sentiments as that afforded by your letter of the 4th of June last.

The active and honourable part which you have taken in the revolution in France, is related in a paper which has been, for some time past, constantly brought to me. The same humane and civic motives, that have governed your conduct in the country which you inhabit, induce you to take a part so agreeable to me in the revolution in Poland.

The success of the latter can never be more pleasing to me, than when I find it approved by those whose merit has long commanded my particular esteem. My most sincere thanks are due to you for the sentiments you express upon an event, that promises to Poland a more happy and secure existence for the future.

I am very glad to have found this opportunity of assuring you of the constancy of that friendship which formed, when I had the happiness of knowing you.

Stanislaus Augustus, King.

NEW-YORK, October 17.

Extract of a letter from Marietta, to a gentleman in Ward's letter, (Mass.) August 21.

"I am happy in being able to inform you, that notwithstanding our being almost continually harassed by small parties of Indians, ever since the affair at Big Bottom, and our people frequently fired on, yet Providence has so ordered it, that only two persons have been killed, viz. captain Rogers and Mr. Kerr, both late from Virginia, and a lad, son of James Converse, formerly of Hardwick, taken prisoner on our part

LARS REWARD.

away from the subscriber, living in St. Mary's county, 10th day of May, a country negro slave named PHILIP, twenty-eight or nine years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, black fellow, and has large teeth, took with him when he went short red broad cloth coat, a yellow flannel cotton jacket, a pair of brown fustian breeches, a pair of striped bed-ticking, a pair of stockings, and a pair of underclothes that he has hired of Annapolis, and put on as BYRNE. I will give the person delivering the said fellow for securing him in any jail, all persons are forewarned by their peril.

HENRY NEALE.

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

To be sold, to me directed, will

PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY

ten o'clock, at the late dwelling

of Ridgely, Elk-Ridge,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

ARTICLES, viz.

bedsteads and bedding, table,

chest of drawers, an eight day

clock, about 7 1/2 lbs. of silver

of hogs, some wheat, rye, some

crop of Indian corn, of about

1, and fodder; and sundry other

continue till all are sold. Taken

by Henry Ridgely, by

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

iff's Sales.

county, September 19, 1791.

condition, to me directed,

court of the western shore of the

will be SOLD, on Friday the

next, at the dwelling plantation

of Elk, for ready cash,

in the third part of the said

commonly called Marsh Neck, con-

sisting of 8 1/4 acres, more or less. One

of land, being part of Chappa-

quas, 1 acre, more or less. One other

called Trent Fork, having a grist

mill, 1 1/2 acres, more or less. All

of land called The Ridge and

containing by estimation 75 acres,

—ALSO,—

able negroes, consisting of men,

and women, black cattle, hogs, and

of household and kitchen furniture

of corn and tobacco. Sold in

above named John Cartwright, of

the state of Maryland, as late collector

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one Indian has been killed, whose body we recovered, and there is reason to believe some others have been wounded. As soon as the war broke out, several of our best settlements were abandoned, and the people began to erect works for their security at Marietta, Belle-Pré, fifteen miles down the Ohio, and at Waterford, twenty miles up the Muskingum; and although we have been able to clear very little new land, and a great deal of the lands which have before been cleared we have been not able to plant, yet we have harvested most of our English grain, which was very good, and we have a prospect of a good crop of Indian corn, sufficient for the settlement. We have suffered considerably in our stock, several horses having been stolen, and upwards of forty head of cattle either killed or driven off by the Indians.

"This unhappy war has involved us in a great deal of expence and trouble, and greatly checks the growth of the settlement. Several people have already left us, and should it continue longer than the present year, there is great reason to fear that most of the non-proprietors will quit the settlement, as they can obtain no land on which they will be able to establish themselves; and the proprietors cannot employ them, because they, being restrained from prosecuting their farming business, and shut up in garrison, have no means in their power to pay for the hire of labour."

Extract of a letter from Captain Armour, of the *Ship Grace*, to the owners.

"Amsterdam, August 12.

"It was but the other day I informed you of expecting to sail from this about the 20th, but it is now with much regret, I must inform you of the unfortunate accident that has happened to the *Grace*. Yesterday we received accounts from the *Texel* of her taking fire, about four o'clock of the day before, and was totally consumed, but how it happened I have not yet learnt, as I have no accounts from Mr. Henshaw. It appears by accounts, that the fire was so rapid that the people were with difficulty saved with nothing but what they had on, and I am here in much the same situation, as my things were all on board before the ship left this. As soon as her cables were burnt, she drifted on the hakes, and there burnt down to the water's edge. The ship had about two thirds of her cargo on board when this most unfortunate accident happened."

The port of Alburgh, on Lake Champlain, in the state of Vermont, which by act of congress was made the sole port of entry and delivery in that state, is some miles within the lines at present held by the British troops: Information of this circumstance having been communicated to the secretary of the treasury, by colonel Keys, who has the appointment of continental collector for that port, with a request to be furnished with directions for his conduct in the premises—the secretary has replied, that congress fixing Alburgh for the port of entry, &c. must have been through misinformation, and that therefore, he would not have colonel Keys, take any steps to obtain possession thereof—but requests he would acquaint himself, by actual survey, with the most eligible place on the Lake, in the possession of the United States, for a port of entry, &c. and communicate information thereof to him, that it may be laid before congress at their ensuing session.

Oct. 20. By late accounts from Port-au-Prince, it appears that a coalition has been formed between the whites and the free people of colour—and by a written convention, the whites have recognized the rights and privileges granted to the people of colour by the national assembly, as well as those which they claim under certain ancient edicts of the French monarchs.

BURLINGTON, October 11.

Burlington county society for the promotion of agriculture and domestic manufactures.

Saturday, May 7, 1791.

"IT appearing to the society that the attention paid by them to the means of improving the quality of the CHEESE made in this county, has been productive of beneficial effect; and the society being desirous, further to promote a manufacture of the greatest importance to the agricultural interest of the state, Resolved, That for the greatest quantity of the best flavoured, mildest, and richest cheese, (not less than 300 lbs. weight) which shall be made the ensuing season on any one farm in this county, and produced in good order to this society, on the first Saturday in November next between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon, accompanied by a certificate from at least two reputable freeholders, mentioning the place at which the said cheese was made; a premium of thirty silver dollars shall be paid, together with the market price for 300 lbs. weight of the same cheese.

The mode of application to be as follows:—

Each candidate shall mark the quantity of cheese offered by him with some particular mark, and shall put the same mark on the outside of a sealed paper, containing his name and place of abode, which shall be delivered to the society. The letter only which shall be distinguished by the mark similar to that on the quantity of cheese to which the preference shall be given, will be opened; all other letters will be returned unopened, together with the parcels of cheese to which they shall respectively belong.

A convenient place will be provided, free of expence to the candidates, at the house of Mr. Sterling in Burlington, for the reception of such parcels of cheese as shall be offered with a view to obtain the premium.

By order of the society,

WILLIAM COXE, jun. secretary.

PHILADELPHIA, October 15.

Captain Miller, of the brig *Minerva*, on his passage from Jamaica to this port, on the 12th ult. spoke two British frigates and three sloops of war, sent by the governor of Jamaica to the assistance of the assembly of

Hispaniola.—There were on board this small fleet ten thousand stand of arms.

Extract of a letter from Port-au-Prince, to a gentleman in this city, dated September 17.

"I did myself the pleasure of writing to you by the last opportunity, informing you of my arrival—since which an embargo has been laid on all vessels in this port and the Cape, and no person dare go out of town for fear of the mulattoes, who were encamped about three leagues from this town, 4000 in number—but on the 13th the whites made peace with them, and on the 14th the mulattoes gave the adversary a dinner, and went to church and sang Te Deum. The communication with the country is again open, and I shall in a few days go into the country, to get the remainder of the sugar.—168 or 9 plantations are destroyed, with all the sugar, and at least 20,000 negroes.—Twice has this town been threatened to be set on fire, and every one, for fear, kept up all night. At present all is quiet, but I think it will not last long; however, as the saying is, time brings forth all things.

"Sept. 19.—A large army of negroes are within 40 miles of us, and I expect they will come towards this town and destroy all before them.—Every house has a cask of water and lights before the door, for fear of the negroes in town setting fire to them—a strong guard every night."

Oct. 17. The following paragraph is copied from a London paper of August 27th:

"Mr. Hammond, the new consul general to the United States of America, and late secretary to the embassy at Madrid, will set off in a few days for Philadelphia. His appointment is of the highest importance to this country, as he has it in commission to conclude a treaty of offensive and defensive alliance between England and America. The outlines of this treaty have been already discussed, and we learn that some very considerable commercial advantages are held out to America as the basis of it, which will in time supplant the greater part of the trade of Russia with this country."

In the national assembly of France on the 19th of August last, M. Determe gave an account of his having found all the towns of Alsace in a good state of defence. He cautioned the assembly against listening to rumours of danger, assuring them that all the most experienced officers agreed in thinking the frontiers sufficiently provided against any probable attack.

Oct. 18. On the 22th ult. nearly a third part of the houses in the late flourishing town of Newbern, in North-Carolina, fell a sacrifice to fire. The exertions of the inhabitants, in endeavouring to stop the progress of this destructive element, were truly conspicuous, but unfortunately they were unprovided with fire-engines.—The wind was also high; and had the flames continued but a short space longer, not a single building would have escaped. A general consternation, as it may well be supposed; took place, at length it was suggested to have recourse to an expedient, perhaps never before practised in this part of the world. A considerable number of barrels of gunpowder were placed in a house, which the flames were rapidly approaching. This house, by being blown up, insured the safety of the rest: by the mere heat of the fire, which raged at the distance of 80 feet, flames were kindled in wooden tenements; and thus the ruin of the town would have been complete, had not fire been used for the purpose of extinguishing fire.

A FACT.

Extract of a letter from Reading, October 12.

"There grew a pumpkin or calhaw in this town this last summer, the amazing size of which has excited the curiosity of a number, among whom I went yesterday to contemplate this wonderful production of nature, and must confess my wonder was excessive, never before having the least idea of a single vine producing a fruit (if it may be termed a fruit) of so enormous a size; it was nearly the shape of an apple, and measured six feet three inches and an half in circumference one way, and about three inches less the other; weight 138 pounds. Had it not been for the cavity in each end, serving as a hole similar to those of an apple, it would have been impossible for me to lift it from the ground, which this enabled me to do and could not do it by any other I could take."

ANNAPOLIS, October 27.

Mr. Hammond, consul general from the court of Great Britain to the United States, with his secretary, arrived in the *Granham* packet, at New-York.

We are told that the following instructions are going forward in Charles county:

WILLIAM CRAIK, CALED HAWKINS, WILLIAM HANSON M'PHERSON, and HENRY HENDLEY CHAPMAN, Esquires, representatives of Charles county, in the house of delegates of Maryland.

GENTLEMEN,

WITH the most perfect respect for the framers of our constitution, and veneration for that compact, we are convinced, that the mode of electing sheriffs within this state was not originally founded on correct and solid political principles; and we find the execution more injurious than could have been foreseen.—We have remarked with pain—that the zeal diffused by the candidates among the people has diverted their attention from objects more important to the public.—We have seen that the present mode tends—to ruin the morals and the health—to waste the time and property—to disturb the harmony and good will of the community.—We conceive that a mode of appointing sheriffs may be devised, which shall insure the due execution of the laws, and be free from the vices of the present plan. We, your constituents, therefore authorize and instruct you to endeavour to obtain the passage of a law to alter and amend the forty-second article of the constitution and form of government.—The system

to be adopted we submit to the wisdom of the legislature.—Presuming, that a perfect responsibility and removability from office for mal-administration of the office, will be secured by plain and speedy process. We are, Gentlemen, with sentiments of confidence and respect,

Your most obedient.

EXTRAORDINARY FACT.

The following extraordinary and melancholy circumstance lately occurred in the parish of Glenties, in Ireland:—

On the borders of the extensive barrens or deserts of Baneshowen, there are a few miserable hovels, which form part of the estate of the marquis of Downe. The barren near the sea is bounded by stupendous rocks, which hang in a most awful manner over the water; in the cavities of these rocks, eagles, famous for their uncommon size, than extraordinary ferocity, abide in general, preying on such fish as may be cast ashore by the violence of the sea.

As several children were playing before one of the cottages above mentioned, they were attacked by a large eagle. One fine boy, of about four years of age, unconscious of his danger, endeavoured to defend himself; the voracious bird, incensed rather than deterred by his puerile efforts, seized the infant in its talons, and conveyed him to its nest, where two eagles waited with impatience its return.

The father of the child, who was quickly apprised of his danger, traced the flight of the bird with anxious care, and observing where it alighted, procured assistance, and by means of a rope was let down the rocks into the nest, where, horrible to relate, he found the child mangled in the most shocking manner—his eyes were both picked out, and the flesh entirely torn off his left side. The birds, on his approach, alarmed by the noise, took to flight, so that he, without danger to himself, was able to carry back the fragments of his child, who, after languishing about three hours, died.

A LIST of the FORTUNATE NUMBERS in the ORPHAN'S SCHOOL LOTTERY.

No. 620. 100 Dollars.

No. 63. 50 Dollars.

No. 642, 925. 20 Dollars each.

No. 89, 793, 1083, 1393, 8 Dollars each.

No. 33, 69, 424, 439, 519, 832, 892, 1282, 4 Dollars each.

Prizes of two Dollars.

100	485	588	718	953	1081	1199	1214
203	559	628	820	1043	1121	1238	1459
270	555	696	881	1051	1139	1254	1455
377							

Prizes of one Dollar and an half.

9	219	368	567	742	974	1134	1303
10	223	371	528	752	970	1135	1304
16	224	376	559	755	977	1130	1305
18	228	382	574	793	982	1141	1319
26	233	385	575	768	983	1143	1320
27	239	393	581	771	986	1145	1321
42	241	395	583	779	987	1147	1325
42	242	400	585	780	990	1152	1327
44	244	406	589	782	996	1155	1328
48	248	410	594	786	998	1157	1330
49	249	411	599	787	999	1163	1335
56	250	413	601	788	1002	1166	1337
58	252	420	604	790	1009	1166	1339
60	253	421	606	791	1011	1167	1343
62	254	427	607	794	1012	1173	1354
65	257	428	614	799	1013	1174	1359
67	259	431	615	809	1014	1175	1365
70	260	435	622	810	1015	1178	1364
83	261	437	623	813	1016	1179	1369
85	264	440	624	817	1018	1180	1375
92	268	441	625	819	1020	1181	1378
93	273	442	628	823	1022	1185	1382
96	281	445	641	833	1023	1189	1381
97	283	452	644	834	1027	1192	1385
99	286	453	650	840	1028	1195	1391
104	289	454	652	849	1031	1197	1399
108	292	461	653	853	1033	1198	1397
110	296	464	654	859	1036	1202	1394
112	298	465	657	862	1037	1204	1399
114	300	466	663	866	1039	1208	1400
116	304	468	664	870	1050	1210	1403
117	305	469	667	872	1057	1212	1409
119	306	471	669	879	1058	1215	1411
138	307	476	671	884	1063	1217	1417
139	309	477	673	886	1064	1221	1417
142	310	481	675	888	1069	1224	1419
147	311	484	683	889	1072	1227	1420
152	313	486	685	893	1073	1233	1426
155	316	491	686	899	1075	1235	1427
156	317	492	687	901	1076	1237	1432
158	326	496	688	902	1077	1240	1441
161	327	498	690	906	1079	1241	1449
164	329	507	693	911	1087	1243	1459
167	330	514	695	913	1089	1246	1469
169	334	516	699	915	1094	1246	1463
176	338	519	701	935	1096	1252	1463
178	340	521	702	937	1104	1265	1465
182	345	532	706	945	1108	1270	1471
184	346	533	713	945	1108	1270	1471
189	348	536	720	947	1113	1273	1473
190	351	540	722	948	1116	1277	1475
194	353	541	723	956	1117	1279	1478
196	354	542	728	957	1119	1285	1484
199	355	543	730	964	1122	1289	1493
209	357	548	731	967	1125	1290	1493
210	358	551	732	968	1126	1293	1493
211	360	564	735	969	1139	1304	1503
212	361	565	738	970	1134	1301	1510
213	365	566	739	970			

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ORDINARY FACT.
extraordinary and melancholy cir-
curred in the parish of St. Clement.

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SCHOOL LOTTERY.

620, 100 Dollars.
0, 63, 50 Dollars.
925, 20 Dollars each.
1023, 1393, 8 Dollars each.
4, 439, 549, 832, 824, 1282,
4 Dollars each.

izes of two Dollars,

718 653 1081 1109 1181
820 1043 1121 1258 1470
881 1051 1139 1254 1425

of one Dollar and an half.

577 742 974 1134 1301
528 752 970 1135 1304
559 755 977 1130 1305

574 763 982 1141 1319
525 768 983 1143 1320
581 771 985 1145 1321

583 779 987 1147 1323
585 780 990 1152 1327
539 782 995 1155 1328

594 785 998 1157 1330
599 787 999 1163 1335
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604 790 1009 1166 1339
606 791 1011 1167 1341
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614 799 1013 1174 1359
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624 817 1018 1180 1375
625 819 1020 1181 1378

628 823 1022 1185 1382
641 833 1023 1189 1383
644 834 1027 1192 1385

650 840 1028 1195 1391
652 849 1031 1197 1399
653 853 1033 1198 1397

654 859 1036 1202 1394
657 862 1037 1204 1399
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667 872 1057 1212 1420
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671 884 1063 1217 1424
673 888 1064 1221 1427
675 888 1069 1224 1419

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685 898 1073 1233 1440
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699 915 1094 1246 1460

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702 937 1104 1265 1458
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720 947 1113 1273 1475
722 948 1116 1277 1475

723 956 1117 1279 1478
728 957 1119 1285 1484
730 964 1122 1285 1492

By AUTHORITY.

AT THE THEATRE.

By the FRENCH COMPANY.

From P A R I S.

Will be performed, for the first time,

On SATURDAY Evening, the 29th of October,

Feats of Activity

On the SLACK and TIGHT ROPE,

Tumbling & Pantomimes,

The particulars of which will be published in the bills
of the day.

• • Monsieur PLACIDE, the first
dancer to the King of France, doubts not but that he
will give universal satisfaction to the audience who
will honour him with their company. 1027/6

On WEDNESDAY the 16th day of November next,
will be set up and sold to the highest bidder, at the
dwelling plantation of the late Henry Ridgely,

A TRACT of LAND called LEWIS'S LOT,
containing two hundred and sixty-one acres.—
The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

October 24, 1791. 1027/6

Wm. HOLMES.

NEGROES

For SALE, on a credit.

The subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC SALE, in Up-
per Marlborough, on THURSDAY the 17th day
of November,

A NUMBER of likely country-born SLAVES,
consisting of men, women and children, on a
credit of three years. Bond, with approved security,
will be required, and the interest to be punctually paid,
otherwise the principal will be called for.

1027/6 MARGARET LEE ROGERS.

NOTICE.

THE DRAWING of Mr. JAMES PATTI-
SON'S PROPERTY LOTTERY, is pos-
tponed until some time next month, ow-
ing to a return of the tickets not being yet made.—
There still remain a few tickets on hand, therefore
those persons who wish to adventure are requested to
make speedy application—otherwise probably they may
be disappointed in their laudable intentions. Notice
of the precise time of drawing will be published in the
Annapolis news-paper.

Herring Bay, Maryland, October 20, 1791.

Elk-Ridge, October 16, 1791.

THIS is to forewarn all persons from taking an
assignment on a bond given by me to Charles
Greenbury Ridgely, bearing date October 8,
1787, as I have paid considerably thereon; and am
determined, unless compelled thereto, to pay no fur-
ther, until the said Ridgely complies with the condi-
tion of a bond now of his bearing equal date.

1027/6 WILLIAM BATEMAN.

THE subscriber is compelled, from a variety of
circumstances, to inform his creditors that he
intends to petition the general assembly, at
their next meeting, for a law to liberate him from his
debts, on his giving up his property, as he is unable to
pay them.

RICHARD WHEELER.

Anne-Arundel county. 1027/6

Somerset county, October 1, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the subscriber, a
languishing prisoner in Somerset county gaol,
intends to apply to the next session of assembly to libe-
rate him from confinement, and from debts which he
is unable to pay.

1027/6 JOHN KENNEDY.

Montgomery county, September 18, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the sub-
scriber, being in custody under an execution for
a large sum of money, is under the necessity of apply-
ing to the general assembly, at their next session, for
an act to release him from confinement, and discharge
him from all debts heretofore contracted, upon his de-
livering up all his property.

1027/6 SAMUEL OFFUTT.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the general
assembly, at their session in November next, for
an act to subject the lands within the city of Washing-
ton, in the territory of Columbia, belonging to infants,
persons insane or absent, or who will not agree to the
same terms as the proprietors in general have, by
agreement, subjected their lands to within the same
city, instead of the common mode of condemnation
on a valuation by jury.

September 9, 1791.

October 5, 1791.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of STEPHEN
STEWART, late of Anne-Arundel county, de-
ceased, are hereby desired to make immediate payment,
and those who have claims against the said estate are
requested to bring them in properly authenticated, that
they may be adjusted, by

1027/6 STEPHEN STEWARD, Admr.

On SATURDAY the 22d instant, WILL BE SOLD,
at PUBLIC SALE, at the house of Mr. S. HA-
MILTON, in Upper-Marlborough.

TEN country-born NEGROES, to wit, one man
about 25 years old, six women and girls from
15 to 20, and three children. The sale to begin at
4 o'clock. Credit will be given the purchaser for one
year, on giving bond with approved security.

October 10th, 1791. 2X

By virtue of a deed of trust from major Henry Ridgely
to the subscriber, WILL BE SOLD, at Public
Vendue, on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of No-
vember next, if fair, if not the next fair day there-
after, for ready money,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of the
late Henry Ridgely, with the several parcels of
land thereto adjoining, which are mentioned in said
deed, containing about 934 acres; also, a tract or par-
cel of land called WILLIAMS' CONTRIVANCE,
containing 320 acres, more or less, or such other part
of the property in the deed specified, as shall be suffi-
cient to answer the purposes thereof.

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.
October 13, 1791. 3

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Prince-George's county, October 4, 1791.

TAKEN, by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued
out of the general court, and will be EXPOSED
to SALE, at John Nevitt's tavern, in Nottingham,
on the 4th day of November next, for ready cash,
between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock.

THREE LOTS in the town of Nottingham, with
houses and other improvements thereon; taken
as the property of Fielder Bowie, Esq; to satisfy a debt
due the state of Maryland. And,

On the same day, at four o'clock in the evening,
will be EXPOSED to SALE, on the premises, the
PLANTATION whereon Mr. John Brown now
lives, containing about 200 acres; taken as the prop-
erty of John Brown, to satisfy a debt due the state of
Maryland.

1027/6 EDWARD L. WAILES, Sheriff.

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esquire, agent
for the state of Maryland, I shall EXPOSE to
SALE, for ready cash, on MONDAY the 31st
day of October next, between 12 and one o'clock,
at Rose's tavern, in Bladensburg,

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called DEA-
KIN'S HALL, containing 264 acres more or less,
lying in Prince-George's county, late the property of
Leonard Marbury Deakins.

1027/6 Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

By virtue of sundry writs of *condemni expensis fieri*
facias, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUB-
LIC SALE, on MONDAY the 31st instant, at 4
o'clock in the afternoon, at Mr. George Mann's,

SUNDRY TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND,
viz.

Part of a tract of land called *Snowden's Manor*, sup-
posed to contain two hundred and sixty-five acres—
taken and sold as the property of Nathan Waters.

One other parcel or tract of land called *Miles's*
Chances, 35 acres, on the mouth of Lyon's creek—taken
and sold as the property of Thomas Miles.

One other parcel or tract of land, about 59 acres,
whereon John Chew lives; taken and sold as the prop-
erty of John Chew.

1027/6 JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

Prince-George's county, September 24, 1791.

On SATURDAY the 19th day of November next,
WILL BE SOLD, to the highest bidder, by the
subscriber, at his dwelling-house,

ABOUT seven hundred and forty acres of good
LAND, situated between Queen-Anne and
Belle-Air, and about three miles from the former—
The land is well improved, has several good dwelling
houses, tobacco houses, corn houses, &c. on it; also,
one good mill, with two pair of stones, double geared,
and one other mill nearly finished, calculated to carry
two pair of stones as the former, both standing on a
constant stream, the latter so near Patuxent that it is
proposed to take water therefrom in addition to the
stream; both mills are calculated for merchant work.
The lands, &c. may be seen, and the terms made
known, by applying to the subscriber any time before
the day of sale. This property will be sold together,
or divided in parcels, as may be most convenient to
purchasers.

1027/6 THOMAS BOYD.

By order of William Campbell, Esquire, agent for the
state of Maryland; WILL BE SOLD, on the first
TUESDAY in November next, between the hours
of eleven and one o'clock, if fair, or otherwise on
the first fair day that may happen thereafter, at the
house of Peter Lawson, Esquire,

A NUMBER of valuable negroes, consisting of
men, women and children; a quantity of stock,
of all kinds; also the right of the said Peter Law-
son in and to an undivided moiety and half part of all
that part of a tract of land called *Bohemia Manor*, ly-
ing and being in Cecil county, in the state of Mary-
land, and in the possession of the aforesaid Lawson—
the same to be sold for cash, being taken to satisfy a
debt due the state of Maryland.

1027/6 JAMES ORRICK, Sheriff of
Cecil county.

This is to give NOTICE.

That, by virtue of an order from the supreme court
of Anne-Arundel county, WILL BE SOLD, at
PUBLIC SALE, on the 14th day of November
next, 1791.

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of DELIA
LUSBY, late of Anne-Arundel county, de-
ceased, consisting of several negroes, some stock and
household furniture. The said property will be sold
for the purpose of paying the just debts of the said
Delia Lusby, and all those who are indebted to the
said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

The sale to be at the plantation of Jacob Lusby, de-
ceased, near South river, if fair, if not the next fair
day; and if there should not be purchasers to purchase
all that is set up, it will be brought to Annapolis and
sold the next day; and further notice will be given by
the drum.

ELIZA MURDOCH, Admr.
Annapolis, October 20, 1791. 2

TO BE SOLD.

By the subscriber, at PUBLIC SALE, at Broad creek, in
Prince-George's county, on PATUXENT, on TUES-
DAY the 22d day of November next, if fair, if not
the next fair day,

TWENTY likely young NEGROES, consisting
of men, women, boys and girls, among which
are some valuable tradesmen. The terms of payment
will be made known on the day of sale.

1027/6 RICHARD H. COURTS.
October 12, 1791. 2

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esq; agent
for the state of Maryland, I shall expose to public
sale, on TUESDAY the 11th day of November next,
at four o'clock, P. M. at the house of Mr. Thomas
Crackles, in Port-Tobacco, for ready cash,

THE TWO following TRACTS or PARCELS
of LAND, viz.

LUCKETT'S BENEFITS, containing 44 acres,
and MOSES'S DITCH, containing two hundred and
twenty-nine and one half acres, lying within three
miles of Port-Tobacco, late the property of Thomas
H. Lockett.

1027/6 Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.
October 17, 1791. 2X

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esquire, agent
for the state of Maryland, I shall offer for SALE at
Bladensburg on MONDAY the 31st instant, for
ready cash,

THAT part of the TRACT of LAND, on which
Mr. HUMPHREY BELT now lives, which was
purchased by WILLIAM KILTY, Esquire, late agent,
to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, from said
Belt, as security for John Beall, Esquire, late collector
of Prince-George's county.

1027/6 Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

Annapolis, October 8, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
That I intend to apply to the next general as-
sembly for an act to make valid a deed executed by
Caleb Jones to me, for about forty-eight acres of land,
Part of BACKWICK'S LONG, lying in St. Mary's
county, which deed was not recorded in the time pre-
scribed by law, and to direct the recording of the said
deed.

1027/6 MORDECAI JONES.

To be SOLD.

By the Subscriber,

TWELVE hundred ACRES of good LAND in
one body, between the heads of Sassafras and
Appoquinimink, the greater part of which is well tim-
bered, and the residue well adapted for the production
of wheat and Indian corn. The time of payment will
be made easy to the purchaser, and the land disposed
of in lots, or otherwise, as may be agreed on.

1027/6 DANIEL CHARLES HEATH

A New Store.

JOHNSON AND HARWOOD,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED—

By the latest arrivals from EUROPE, and have now for
SALE, at their STORE neatly opposite to Mr.
Stephen Clark's,

A PRETTY GENERAL

Assortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the present and approaching season, which
they will sell low for CASH or COUNTRY PRO-
DUCE.

1027/6

THE creditors of WILLIAM RUSSELL, (an
insolvent debtor) are requested to meet in Chel-
tertown on Monday the 7th day of November next,
with their respective claims properly attested.

1027/6 THO. WORRELL, Administrator
of EDWARD, late Sheriff of Kent county.

Prince-George's county, October 15, 1791.

ALL persons who have claims against the estate of
BIRK MOCKBEE, late of Prince-
George's county, deceased, are desired to bring them
in properly authenticated to the subscriber, now Up-
per Marlborough, on or before the 10th day of De-
cember next, or they will be excluded on the distribu-
tion of the estate in hand.

1027/6 Wm. N. MOCKBEE, Administrator.

Annapolis, September 28, 1791.
ALL persons having claims against Mr. *William Sanders*, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make them known to the subscribers as speedily as possible, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to
FREDERICK GREEN, } Executors.
WILLIAM W. DAVIS, }

Matthew and John Beard,
 HAVE LATELY RECEIVED,
 And now opening, at their STORE in Church-street, next door to Mr. *Stephen Clark's* Stationary and book store, and near the market,
 An Assortment of choice
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
 Which they will sell low for cash,
 —FIZ—

MATCHCOAT Fine Irish Linen,
 Blankets, Do. Sheetings,
 Rose do. Morocco Shoes for Children,
 Fearnought, Sewing Silk,
 Kerseys, Dowls,
 Kendal Cottons, Curry Combs,
 Green Welch do. Shot,
 Linsey, Coarse and fine Tooth
 Coatings, Combs,
 White and red Flannel, Black Silk Hosiery,
 Buckram, Best Patent do.
 Mens Yarn Hosiery, Brown Holland,
 Boys' Worsted do. Bed-Ticking,
 Mens ribbed do. Mens Country made Saddles,
 Womens fine white do. do.
 Turkey Stripes, Knee and Shoe-Buckles,
 Moreens, Coloured Thread,
 Durants, Cambric and Osnabrigs do.
 Camblets, do.
 Wildhorses, do.
 Thickset, A Variety of Calicoes,
 Mens fine Beaver Gloves, suitable for the present
 Superfine Broad Cloth, & approaching Seasons,
 Elastic do. Fullians,
 Drab do. Hat-Band Crape,
 Swan Down, Mens and Womens black
 Velvet Waistcoat Shapes, Gloves,
 Royal Rib, Ruffs,
 Striped Cotton and Linen, A Variety of Queen's
 Check, Ware, and a Quantity
 Romal, Bandano, Bark & of Hylon and Bohemian
 Linen Handkerchiefs, TEAS, &c. &c.
 Toilett Shapes,
 Annapolis, October 5, 1791.

JAMES MACKUBIN,
 At his STORE, near the Market,
 Hath just received, by the brig *Greylound*, and ship
Chesapeake, from LONDON,
 A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
Fall & Winter GOODS,
 Which he will sell, on the most reasonable terms, for
 CASH,

—CONSISTING OF—
SUPERFINE Cloths, Bed-Ticking,
 Fine Ditto, Corduroys,
 Elastic Ditto, Thicksets,
 Milled Drab Ditto, Sattins,
 Forrest Ditto, Royal Ribs,
 Cassimers, Silk Stockings,
 Coatings, plain & striped, Cotton Ditto,
 Halsticks, Worsted Ditto,
 Negro Cottons, Plated Ditto,
 Fearnoughts, Yarn Ditto,
 Flannels, Lintings,
 Baize, Perfians,
 Cassimer Vest Shapes, Black Sattin Flannel,
 Toyliner Ditto, Calicoes,
 Rose and Striped Blankets, Durants,
 Carpets and Carpeting, Wildboars,
 Osnabrigs, Camblets,
 Tickenburgs, Jones's Spinning,
 Russia Sheetings, Moreens,
 Rolls and Heddin,
 Irish Sheetings,

He hath also, in the GROCERY LINE,
 RUM, SUGAR, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, HY-
 SON, CONGO and BOHEA TEAS.

JOHN HYDE,
 Boot and Shoe-maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, and his friends in particular, that he carries on the tanning and currying business at the yard lately occupied by Mr. *John Adam Bayer*, where he buys all kinds of hides, or tans one half for the other, as may be most convenient for those who have them to dispose of; he also informs the public, that he is determined to sell leather as low as it can be purchased in Baltimore, and hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit the custom of those who may please to favour him with their commands.

N.B. He still carries on the boot and shoe-making business, in Conduit-street, opposite Mr. *George Mann's* new building, where he makes all kinds of boots and shoes in the neatest manner, on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.
 Annapolis, September 20, 1791.

WILLIAM CATON,
 Ladies and Gentlemen's Hair-Dresser,
 Has just IMPORTED, in the ship *Nantes*,
 CAPTAIN SPENCER,

A Quantity of HAIR,
 OF DIFFERENT COLOURS and LENGTHS.

HE begs to acquaint those ladies who wish for convenience and little trouble, that he makes CURL and ELASTIC CUSHIONS that fit easy and firm upon the head without any trouble of pinning; and, when dressed, no head of hair whatever, though dressed by the completest hand, can look better or more natural, so that a lady, in a few minutes, may complete her own hair-dressing. Also new fashioned CURL BRADES, and fashionable WIGS—Ladies who wish to have any alteration in any they have got from other hair-dressers, he will do it on the most REASONABLE TERMS.

He has also just received by the same ship, a variety of articles in the line of his profession, among which are the following, viz.—Perfumes of all kinds; different sorts of pomatum, hard and soft; plain and perfumed powder; powder knives and bags; ladies elegant pocket bottles; court plaister; dressing and fine tooth combs; swan-skin, cat-skin, and silk puffs; ladies powder boxes, with puffs; hair-pins, long and short, double and single; tooth-brushes; razors in cases, and razor-strops; shaving-boxes, soap and brushes; wash-balls; hair-riband; band-boxes; craping, pinching, and toupee irons.

He has likewise for SALE, an elegant fashionable HEAD-DRESS, from London.

Said CATON respectfully returns his sincere thanks to all his customers, and hopes a continuance of their favours, as he does, and always will do, his utmost to oblige.

Orders from any part of the state, will be thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

A LIST OF LETTERS
 Remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of January next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters:—

REV. JOHN ASHTON, White Marsh.
 Andrew Brown, Samuel Birdall, Annapolis; H. A. Brooke, Arch. Boyd, Prince-George's county; Ignatius Boswell, Charles county.

David Crauford, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Contee, near Nottingham; John Casey, near Piscataway; Samuel Cox, Allen's Fresh; Henry Carberry, St. Mary's county; Jeremiah Cox, junior, Calvert county.

Joseph Dowson (2), Isaac Dickson, Annapolis; Samuel Diggins, Carroll's Manor; Samuel T. Dyson, and Co. Allen's Fresh; Dare and Allnutt, Hunting creek.

David English, Calvert county.
 John Gwinn (5), Annapolis; James Gibson, sen. Lower-Marlborough; Gray and Wilkinson, Huntingtown; Thomas Gray, Hunting creek; Dr. James Gray, Calvert county.

James Heighe, St. Leonard's creek; Thomas Harrison, Broad creek; Elizabeth Heighe, Maryland.

Hon. Thomas Johnson, Annapolis; James Johnston (2), Port-Tobacco; James Johnston, West Marlborough; Samuel Johnson, St. Leonard's creek; Thomas Jenkins, Hunting creek; William Ireland, Hall's creek.

Frederick Limpert, Annapolis; William Leigh, Charles county; Tubman Lower, Lower Marlborough.

Reuben Merriweather, Anne-Arundel county; Samuel Maynard, Herring Bay; Jacob McCeney, Joseph McCeney, Pig-point; Elizabeth Maddox, Edward Maddox, Charles county; Maynard and Whittington, William M'Blair, Lower Marlborough; Colmo Mackenzie, Calvert county.

Martin Norris, West river.

Richard Parrot, Annapolis.
 Henry Ridgely (2), Annapolis; Matthias Redmond, Nottingham; James Ritchie, and Co. care of William M'Bride, Port-Tobacco.

Charles and William Stewart, Dr. James Stewart, Annapolis; Robert John Smith, near Annapolis; Clement Sewall, St. Mary's county; John Stanforth, James Sewell, Hunting creek; Walter Smith, St. Leonard's creek; John Jonathan Spencer, James Stone, Lower Marlborough.

Richard Tilghman (2), Annapolis; Thomas Tilhard (2), Pig point; Brian Taylor, St. Leonard's creek.

William Wallace (4), James West, John West (2), John Welsh, Annapolis; John Walencys, Herring Bay; James Whittington, Francis Whittington, sen. Lower Marlborough; Francis Whittington, near Lower Marlborough; Hilliary Wilson, Hunting creek; Joseph Wilkinson (2), Wilkinson and Gray, Huntingtown.

Mr. Young, Nottingham.

S. GREEN, D. P. M.

Those persons who send to the Post-Office for LETTERS, are requested to send the MONEY, as none will be delivered without.

October 5, 1791.

Montgomery county, October 10, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, praying an act to exonerate me from debts which I am unable to pay.
DAVID GEDDES.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition the general assembly, in November next, to pay him for the lot and warehouses for the reception of tobacco in Upper-Marlborough-town. The rent is kept from him to pay the repairs; he has not received any for 2 years past, and has the affidavit to pay annually.
THOMAS CONTEE.

September 10, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to prevent SWINE from running at large in the town of BLADENBURG, Prince-George's county.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT I intend to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland to confirm my title to part of a TRACT of LAND called RICHARD'S DELIGHT.

DENNIS NALLEY,
 Charles county, August 20, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT there will be a petition preferred before the next general assembly of Maryland for a law to pass empowering sundry inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county to erect an inspection house, for tobacco, on South river, at a place called and known by the name of Howard's Point, where there formerly was one for that purpose, though burnt down by some malicious person or persons.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, at their next sitting for an act to discharge him from debts which he is unable to pay.
RISDON BOZMAN.
 Somerset county, September 7, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT I intend applying to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for redress of an injury done my late grand father, *Nicholas SEWALL*, of this county, deceased, in the condemnation of a certain tract of land, lying in Dorchester county, for the use of a tribe or tribes of Indians.
NICHOLAS SEWALL.
 St. Mary's county, September 27, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT I intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to reinstate me in the lease right to my land in St. Mary's county, that was given by my father for my support, which was changed by the act of confiscation.
ELIZABETH WILSON.
 St. Mary's, August 26, 1791.

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity of informing his creditors, that he intends to petition the next general assembly, for a law to relieve him from debts he is unable to pay.
MARSH M. DUVALL.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been already attached to answer a claim he is entirely incapacitated, by insolvencies and losses in trade, to satisfy without doing material injury to the rest of his creditors; and it being his wish to render as equal justice to them as possible—he is constrained to manifest his intention of petitioning the legislature of Maryland, at their next meeting, to relieve his person from arrest, on his giving up his property, real and personal, in trust, for the benefit of those who have claims against him, either on his private account, or on account of the firms in which he has concerned. He intends also to petition the legislature, in a similar manner, in behalf of his brother, who is beyond sea.
BEN. CONTEE.
 Charles county, September 19, 1791.

Kent county, September 18, 1791.
THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that, from a variety of causes and misfortunes which have befallen me, I am rendered incapable of paying my debts; I therefore intend to petition the next general assembly of this state to be released and discharged from the payment of my debts, whether in my own name, or the name of Thomas Smyth and Sons, upon delivering up all my property for the benefit of my creditors.
THOMAS SMYTH.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1791.
THE subscriber, from a variety of causes and misfortunes, is under the disagreeable necessity of giving this public notice, that he means to petition the next general assembly of this state to release him from debts which he is unable to pay, upon his giving up all his property for the use of his creditors.
BENJAMIN BELT, Sen.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun, on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate of *William Sanders*, lately deceased.
 Oct. 4, 1791.
F. GREEN,
W. W. DAVIS.

ANNAPOLIS:
 Printed by **FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.**

(XLVIII)

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