

Humphreys & Tilghman
HEADQUARTERS FOR
**Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Lime, Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Fertilizers, Coal, Hay, etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**

WE HAVE IN STOCK A LARGE SUPPLY OF
LEE WHITE ASH FREE-BURNING COAL.—The same quality that
we speak of heretofore. None better, but little as good. Free from slate, screened and in good
condition.

"OUR MIXTURE B"—The best Fertilizer on the market. We use nothing
but the best high grade materials, and know whereof
we speak. Results will tell. Our trade increases every season.


SHINGLES.—We have an arrangement with the largest Shingle manufacturer in
North Carolina for our supply of "Dennis Simmons" brand. Stand
abead of any other.

TIMOTHY HAY.—Direct from the celebrated grass-growing farms of Cecil county.

A full assortment of Lumber, Window Sash, Doors, etc.

HUMPHREYS & TILGHMAN.

NO FOOLISHNESS, BUT PLAIN FACTS! TAKE TIME TO READ WHY THE
— BOSS PLOW —
IS THE BEST.



1st. It has curved iron standard with flanges to hold the beam, and a simple de-
vice under the rear end of beam to make plow run deep or shallow.

2d. It can be made to go in the ground in any weather and get double wear out
of a point.

3d. Beam is fastened firmly to side of standard by two bolts, and protected above
and below by flanges (as shown in cut) and cannot twist to right or left, which will
make plow land correctly and run well until entirely worn out. Land can be
made to be as desired.

4th. It is entirely free from choking.

5th. When other plows with beams to handles, or bolts through beams like other
plows on this market, are loose, work badly, and are almost worthless, the "BOSS"
will be solid and work as good as when new.

6th. The handles do not fasten to the mouldboards; hence weeds, trash, &c.,
cannot collect there. The handles are fastened to standards, 8 inches from the
ground and will not get wet and rot out like those in other plows.

7th. The "BOSS" castings are made of very superior metal, prepared by us for
this plow and will wear longer than any other castings on the market.

Various sizes are made to suit different soils and crops, which do perfect work
and are very light draught. Do not fail to examine the BOSS before you buy.

*If you want to save money, and give long life to your horse, throw
your old plow away and get the "BOSS" from*

L. W. GUNBY,
HARDWARE, STOVES, AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS,
29 and 31 Main street, Salisbury, Md.

All of our customers will please call and examine this Plow, which we guaran-
tee to be as represented.


— CHOICE
CECIL
COUNTY — **HAY** —

We have on hand a large lot of choice Cecil County Hay,
which we are selling very cheap.

Also CORN and MILL FEED.

**Lime, Cements, Hair, Plaster,
Oils, Coal, etc.**

SALISBURY OIL AND COAL CO.



SPRING CLOTHING | **A. C. YATES & CO.**
OR MEN, YOUTHS, | LEDGER BUILDING,
BOYS AND CHILDREN. | SIXTH AND CHESTNUT,
PHILADELPHIA.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

A new lot of spring *Hats and Caps* now ready for you. Come and
examine our stock.

Our line of *men's and youths' Furnishing Goods, Boots and
Shoes* is complete, and we feel sure that we can please you.

We carry a superior and complete assortment of *Underwear*, and
we make a specialty of *fine Neckwear*.

Call on us at our place of business, on GROVE STREET.

Cooper, Wilson & Co.
DELMAR, DEL.

Salisbury Wood Working Factory.
MAIN STREET, NEAR PIVOT BRIDGE.

MITCHELL & MURRELL desire to inform the public that having put in STEAM
WATER AND AMPLIFIED MACHINERY, they are prepared to fill all orders for DOOR
WINDOWS FRAMES—Bracket, Balusters. Also all kinds of Lathes and Scroll
Work—Being practical carpenters, we shall try to carry out instructions to
letter. Contractors and Builders will be supplied at City Prices, or less. Exi-
tates cheerfully furnished. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Our New Goods are Here.

We are showing the most attractive line of goods this season that we have ever
Below we mention some of the leading articles in our line:

— Ladies' Goods a specialty —

GLOVES.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
GINGHAMS,
SHEERINGS,
TABLE LINENS,
NAPKINS,
FLANNELS,
CANTON FLANNELS,
CARRIAGE ROBES,
WALL PAPER,
COMFORTABLES,
BLANKETS,
HAMBURGS,
TOWELS,
etc., etc., etc.

STRIPTES.
LAIN CLOTHS,
STRIPTES CLOTHS,
SIDE-BAND SERGES,
PLAIN SERGES,
BLACK GOODS (in stripes),
PERSIAN TRIMMINGS,
WORSTED BRAIDS,
CARMERES,
VELVETS,
FLUSHES,
SURAH SILKS,
SHAWLS,
HOSIERY,
UNDERWEAR

Our Millinery Department is under the supervision of
Laura Bresler, and we take pleasure in announcing that we have the largest
of Millinery we have ever had. This department has been improved and
enlarged, and everything has been added to lend to the comfort of the ladies. We
are sure we can please the ladies in this department. Come and see us. No trouble
now goods.

Fowler & Timmons,
SALISBURY, MD.

SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.
THOMAS PERCY, Publisher.

THE KING OF PORTUGAL.

The king of Portugal, who is now in the city of Lisbon, is a very healthy and happy man. He is a monarch, with a good digestion, and is not at all fat. He is a monarch, with a good digestion, and is not at all fat. He is a monarch, with a good digestion, and is not at all fat.

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Five Strong Points of S. S. S.

1st. It is entirely vegetable, contains no minerals or poisons of any kind, and builds up the system from the first dose. 2d. It cures Cancer of the Skin. No other remedy or treatment was ever known to cure it.

3d. It cures hereditary Blood Taint, even in the third and fourth generations. No other remedy has ever done it. 4th. It has never failed to eradicate Scrofula (or King's Evil) in all its forms from the system.

5th. It cures cutaneous Blood Poison in all its stages by eliminating the horrible virus from the system, thus giving relief from all the consequences of this base of the human family.

"My blood had been so out of order during the summer of 1888 that I virtually had no health at all. I had no appetite, nothing I ate agreed with me. I was feeble, puny, and always feeling bad. I had tried various remedies without receiving any benefit, until at length I commenced on Swift's Specific (S. S. S.). That medicine increased my weight from 125 pounds to 177 pounds in a few months, and made me as well and healthy as any man now living. S. S. S. is undoubtedly the greatest blood purifier to-day on the American continent."

JOHN BELLER, No. 449 North State, Chicago, Ill., Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A Lost Opportunity. "I can sympathize with those passengers who are now bound on the Western railroad," he said, as he laid down his paper. "I have been right there myself."

"Give us the particulars," remarked "It was the second year of the Union Pacific road, and we were caught in the Rocky Mountains. It was a sudden storm and no one was prepared for it. We were six days in the drift."

"How did you keep warm?" "Burned all the wood and then the baggage car."

"How were you for provisions?" "How would you after the second day, and had cut up your boot legs and chew 'em. On the fifth day we were going to kill a goat and a boy, but his mother made such a fuss that we decided to wait one day more. I have always been sorry."

"What, for waiting?" "Yes, my stomach has never been right since, and it wasn't two weeks later when the boy fell out of a window in San Francisco and was killed. He would have made a good square meal for twenty-five of us, and best of all, he would have been a good deal of help to his fellow men. But I don't know a simpleton of myself again."

A Visit Ruskin Paid Carlyle. I heard a pretty account once from Mr. Alfred Lyttelton of a visit paid by Ruskin to Carlyle in the old familiar room in Chesham Way, with the old picture of Cromwell on the wall, and Mrs. Carlyle's little table and pretty knick-knacks still in their quiet order. Mr. Ruskin had been ill not long before, and he talked on of something he had heard about Mr. Lyttelton said his eyes lighted up, and he seemed agitated and moved. Carlyle stopped him, saying the subject was too interesting. "You must take care," he said, "that that infinite kindness which Carlyle could show you will be making yourself ill once more. And Ruskin, quite simply, like a child, stopped short. "You are right," he said, calling Carlyle "master," and then went on to talk of something else, as dull, no doubt, as anything could be said by Ruskin and Carlyle could talk about together."

From "John Ruskin: an Essay," by Anne Thackeray Ritchie, in Harper's Magazine for March.

A Scamp of Paper Saved Her Life. It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, and by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she wrote the name of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her more, brought a larger and grew better fast, continued in use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For full particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith, Trial Bottles of this wonderful Discovery Free at Dr. White's Druggists.

He Achieved Greatness. Miss Reddick, a young girl, I remember, I am not engaged. When I marry it will be a great man."

Mr. Brindle (doubtfully). "Well, I dunno. You can't always tell who a man will turn out. Now, there's Josiah—"

Miss Reddick. "You don't mean to say Uncle Brindle has ever distinguished himself for March."

Mr. Brindle. "Well I tell you to the world. I sent him down to the store with a ribbon the other day and he matched it!" From Lippincott's Magazine for March.

Wanamaker's.

There are handsome new comers in troops at every dress goods counter. Three at random: All-wool Melange Twills, with 2-inch stripes of lighter shade, splashed with bright colors. Six styles. And about as many more with cluster instead of splashed stripes. \$1.25 Plain to match, \$1.25.

Twilled Silk Striped Melange in a variety of new shades. 42 inches, \$1.25. Cashmere Vigoureux, light weight, fine, and done in a surah twill. A new candidate for your favor. Thirteen new mixtures—grays, browns, tans, blues, and greens. 48 inch \$1.25.

We started the story of Black Stuffs some days since. Lo, the air is filled with Black—a veritable flock of crows! But we keep right on the riches of Black in Spring Dress Stuffs can only be realized by study, the same as the variety of plain Blacks.

Black Silk-warp Mohairs: Brilliant 44 inches, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00. Alpaca, 44 inches, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00. All-wool Alpaca Brilliant, 42 inches, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75. There is no equal variety of wool, wool-and-silk, mohair, and mohair-and-silk elsewhere. The claims are big. The stocks warrant the claims.

Silk Twilled Cheviot. Cotton-and-silk. The lustre and feel are silk, the cotton shows mostly in the price. Stripes and plaids, from the neat and modest to bold designs. A charming stuff for all the Flannel uses; a sort of sublimated wash flannel. 40 inches wide; may be 75 patterns at 75c.

All the Flannels are in the rank. Everybody's favorites. Cotton-warp Wash Flannels, 25, 37½, 50, and 60c. Same, with silk stripes, 50 and 65c.

All-wool Paris Printed Flannel, 65c. All-wool Woven Flannels, entirely novel, 50c.

Woman's Muslin Underwear is again a center of special interest. Unusual value in every item. And not a bit of trash in any of the lots.

Muslin Gown, V-necked yoke, 8 rows Hamburg insertion between plaids and banding on yoke, edge on neck and sleeves. \$2.00. Muslin Gown, Mother Hubbard yoke, with clusters of fine plaids, and Hamburg insertion between plaids and banding on yoke, edge on neck and sleeves. \$2.00. Square Necked Cambric Corset Cover, with fine white Hamburg edge, extra-ordinary value at \$5.00. Muslin Underwear, with wide cambric cuffs. \$1.00. Muslin Underwear, with Hamburg ruffle. \$1.00. Long Muslin Skirt, with wide hem and 8 bands. \$1.00. Muslin Drawers, with cambric ruffle. \$1.00. Flannellette Hand Embroidered Underwear. \$1.00.

You can now furnish the house from basement to garret without getting from under our roof. Carpets, Furniture, Upholstery and Kitchen things you know of. All on the broadest scale of quality and variety.

Wall Papers and Interior Decorations have now been added. The new department has set the town talking—and buying. The variety the prices—of what you were used to.

By odds the largest and most complete stock we know of. Thousands of designs and colorings of every quality it is worth your while to put money into.

Samples of wall papers to any address. In asking say what room or rooms you wish to treat, and about what cost paper you have in mind.

JOHN WANAMAKER. ESTABLISHED 1845. In the oldest and most popular advertising medium in the world, the Scientific American, we have the largest circulation of any paper of its kind in the world. It is published weekly, except on Sundays and holidays, and is sold at the rate of 10 cents per copy. It is a valuable medium for advertising, and is read by millions of people in every part of the world.

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS. Edition of Scientific American. A great success. Each issue contains colored illustrations of the most modern buildings in the world. It is a valuable medium for advertising, and is read by millions of people in every part of the world.

PATENTS. To secure a patent, you must first have an invention. Then you must apply to a patent attorney, who will prepare a petition for a patent, and will also represent you in all matters relating to your patent. It is a valuable medium for advertising, and is read by millions of people in every part of the world.

TRADE MARKS. In order to protect your trade mark, you must first have a trade mark. Then you must apply to a patent attorney, who will prepare a petition for a trade mark, and will also represent you in all matters relating to your trade mark. It is a valuable medium for advertising, and is read by millions of people in every part of the world.

LIPIPCOTT'S MAGAZINE, with its varied and excellent contents, is a literary gem. It is published weekly, except on Sundays and holidays, and is sold at the rate of 10 cents per copy. It is a valuable medium for advertising, and is read by millions of people in every part of the world.

Notice to Taxpayers. I will be at the Court House in Salisbury every Tuesday and Saturday for the purpose of collecting taxes for Salisbury and Parsons districts. JNO. W. PARKER, Col. 4th Col. district.

Time Tables.

NEW YORK, PHILA. & BALTIMORE R. R. "CAPS CHARLES ROSE" Time Table in Effect February 17th, 1890.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.			
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
New York	7:00	Philadelphia	8:00
Philadelphia	8:00	Baltimore	9:00
Baltimore	9:00	Washington	10:00
Washington	10:00	Richmond	11:00
Richmond	11:00	Fredericksburg	12:00
Fredericksburg	12:00	Stafford Springs	1:00
Stafford Springs	1:00	Fredericksburg	2:00
Fredericksburg	2:00	Richmond	3:00
Richmond	3:00	Washington	4:00
Washington	4:00	Baltimore	5:00
Baltimore	5:00	Philadelphia	6:00
Philadelphia	6:00	New York	7:00

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.			
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
New York	7:00	Philadelphia	8:00
Philadelphia	8:00	Baltimore	9:00
Baltimore	9:00	Washington	10:00
Washington	10:00	Richmond	11:00
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Fredericksburg	2:00	Richmond	3:00
Richmond	3:00	Washington	4:00
Washington	4:00	Baltimore	5:00
Baltimore	5:00	Philadelphia	6:00
Philadelphia	6:00	New York	7:00

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Poor, Foolish Men.

The Athens correspondent of The London Athenaeum in a recent letter says the tomb opened by M. Toussaint at Vaphio, near Sparta, which yielded results which far surpass any discovery of the sort since the finding of the great treasures at Mycenae by Dr. Schliemann. Here, as there, an undisturbed tomb of an ancient chieftain has been opened, with all the vessels in gold, silver and bronze, arms, and engraved gems intact. And we have not simply a repetition of the same discovery, for this tomb at Vaphio was a 'treasure' type, with a 'domes' lead into a half an inch shaped vault—a form universally recognized as belonging to a later stage of the so-called 'Mycenaean' culture than the simple pitlike graves on the citadel of Mycenae.

"This view is fully borne out by the nature of the objects discovered, which in many ways occupy an intermediate position between Mycenaean work and the earliest products of Hellenic art. M. Toussaint has already published a short account of his excavations. By his courtesy I have been permitted to examine his discoveries, and I may say a few words about them without anticipating his final publication.

"The vaulted tomb chamber and also the avenue, or 'dromos,' were built of stones, mostly of small size, from a neighboring quarry on Taygetus. It is remarkable that in the door and elsewhere the joints and the masonry work, stone were concealed with lime mortar, and the undisturbed state of the tomb shows that it must have remained buried for centuries. A similar work practice was observed in the last 'treasure' tomb excavated by Mycenae. But as that was emptied and shown in ancient times, later repairs were there possible. Within the vaulted tomb at Vaphio was a shallow grave lined and covered with stone. The skeleton was not disturbed, and the bones, not buried, seem to be mostly infantile; no bones were found. The treasures buried were scattered all over the floor of the vaulted chamber.

"The most important of all are two gold cups, each made of two plates of gold, the inner one plain and the outer decorated with a very fine design in response work that fills the whole field. The relief is fairly high; the drawing and composition are of a few mistakes or inaccuracies, are bold and successful, but the execution lacks the exquisite delicacy in details that marks the gold work, and especially the inlaying work of Mycenae.

"The subjects are most interesting—the hunting of wild bulls and the feeding of tame bulls by men—and thus we see carefully executed figures of men about two and a half inches high, and in the color costumes as we find them in the Mycenaean, Tiryns, etc.—a kind of loin cloth depending from a girdle, and anklets, pointed shoes, etc. These are all so clear now that no further doubt is possible as to their nature and the way in which they were worn. The bulls, which are rendered with great spirit, resemble in form that on the wall painting from Tiryns, one, which is caught in a net, is doubled up in a contortion which recalls the strangely distorted animals of early Egypt. It is remarkable that the two of the tree represented are palms.

"Another cup of silver has a pretty wrought gold rim, and numerous small ornaments in gold, silver, amber, etc., were found, including a delicate little pair of gold fishes cut out of a flat plate of gold, and a small gold ring with a central inset of a precious stone. Some specimens of fine granulated work in gold closely resemble later Greek technique. Various strange bronze implements, large and small, and two stone arrowheads, and an iron ring were found, and there were fragments, but no perfect specimens, of the beautiful inlaid sword. A bronze ax of peculiar form, with two apertures between the edge and the haft, of iron, and seems to confirm Dr. Warren's suggestion that it was through a line of axes of this form that Ulysses shot his arrow.

"The engraved gems, mostly of the 'al' and gem type, were very numerous and had the usual representations of animals, and the human figures, both of men and women, and of clear in several instances and of the well known types. There are two gems with the strange non-descript animal with a head like a goat (or horse) and a body like a lion, carrying a jug (Mithras-like); one gem has a pair of these monsters face to face, another has one. In many respects the Vaphio treasures seem to be intermediate between Mycenaean and primitive Greek work; if it really helps to bridge this gap it will be of the utmost value and interest."

Amateur Entertainments. There are several different styles of entertainments which are usually adopted in places far away from great centers of public amusements, such as on ship-board, in country and seaside hotels, and the homes of private families; and it is a difficult matter to find some new and original feature which shall be picturesque and yet have enough of local color to make it of genuine interest to the audience. Probably a mixed program affords the best satisfaction, except perhaps really good amateur theatricals, and this latter requires certain "properties," which are in many cases difficult to obtain.

There is a little in the Queensland only a few hundred feet high, which is attracting deserved notice, because it has made Queensland the greatest gold producing colony in Australia. It was not known until five years ago that Mount Morgan, as it is called, was worth anything, and it has since attracted millions of people to buy it now. The original stock of the company, organized to dig out the inside of Mount Morgan, is now at the market price about \$8,000,000, and the mine is supposed to be the richest in the world.

The strangest thing about Mount Morgan is that it was evidently made by geysers or hot springs, like those in the Yellowstone park, a formation that has not hitherto been regarded as valuable. But there is more gold distributed through this rocky mass to the square yard than in being dug out anywhere else, and the beauty of it is the gold increases in quantity the deeper the miners go, and nobody knows when this fabulous wealth will be exhausted. This little mine is now yielding an average of \$180,000 of pure gold a week. Mr. Lullin, well known for his travels among the canals of Australia,

KINDNESS FOR ANIMALS.
A Woman's Life Devoted to Charity,
Which Sprang the Boys' S. P. A.
The will of the late Mrs. Rebecca V.
Wing, widow of Dr. Charles Wing,
who was buried from her residence,
Jenkintown, recently, provides
for charitable bequests.
Conspicuous among the number is

to the Young American Humani-
tion," to which she gives her con-
fession, "I am a creature of reading room."
J. L. Philanthrop, of Rhode Island,
at the time of her marriage was con-
sidered the most beautiful specimen
of a young man in the country, and
in the eastern part of the United
States. Endowed with great wealth and an
excellent high social position, she de-
voted herself to works of philanthropy,
and was a member of the Philanthro-
pic Society of Philadelphia, of which
she was a lady member.

In the country. But she had a pe-
culiar theory. She was a devotee of
the theory of the "human race." She
believed that the human race was
not a human race, but should be
the dumb creatures of the field and
domestic creatures of the hearthstone.
She believed that the human race
was a creature of the field and
domestic creatures of the hearthstone.
She believed that the human race
was a creature of the field and
domestic creatures of the hearthstone.

educating the masses from the tender age of childhood in humane principles and was largely instrumental in inducing the board of public education to refine the teaching of kindness to the brute creation, as part of the course of school instruction, and to supply, with the smallest possible encroachment upon time, and without expense to the school, the simple system of humane education which has been already accepted by teachers and directors in many sections comprising great numbers of schools. In this work she was the pioneer in the country.

In 1874 she formed a society among the boys of the Grammar school, with the motto, "Be Brave, Bold, and Courageous," and with the purpose of eradicating among themselves habits of cruelty, as well as protecting from cruelty. It was called the "Boys Society for the Protection of Animals," and held occasional meetings. The principal, who was president of the branch in his own school, said:

"There was recitation or reading of the poem, 'The Alarm Bell of Atrium,' written by the principal, and a banner, the color of which represented the color of the alarm bell. The boys were enrolled by the presentation of a badge, there was a short address, a set of books, papers and cards were distributed and the reading of the poem. The organization gradually extended with the sanction of teachers and directors and the

seven days' grammar schools, carry on humane literature to thousands of home-
less readers, and to the great advantage
make excellent books and magazines
could be enjoyed in the intervals of
school hours and on holidays, and in
the most interesting and profitable in-
terest and enjoyment as well as an in-
crease of good.

At the same time the Band of Mercy
movement was organized in England
and during the next eighteen months
rapidly extended. In the meantime Ho-
mer's mission was extended to the
West Indies. Mercy introduced the English Band
of Mercy into the schools and homes
of the West Indies. The first Band of
Mercy was founded in Philadelphia by Mrs. Willing
and followed their action by establishing oth-
ers in the West Indies. The movement
had reached a membership of 8,000
gathered by their own efforts and those
of the committee of ladies, under the
leadership of Mrs. Willing, who were
then in mission schools, orphan home

Sunday schools of all denominations are in the midst of their annual Christmas pageants. The boys' society being equally large, and its earlier members having come to manhood, the two departments were in the same building. The program was given by the Young American Humane union." If the members, believing humane education to be the best way to reach the masses, work of mercy, direct their efforts mainly to this object, and seek its furtherance by this act, it means in their power to do good to the millions of the world. Every step in teaching mercy is a step to prevent crime. —*Philadelphia Press.*

Wealth Well Spent.
A current whimsicality of wealth in the gifts of money to the needy, is illustrated by the multiple-millionaire's mother-in-law, who, on dying, has left her estate of \$5,000,000 to be divided among 100,000 children. The mother-in-law, of course, only an expression of love was meant, yet it seems a prodigious loss on the face of it. However, the gift is a good one.

A special dispatch from Cammabhar, Arabia, five days ago a citizen of Palestine Bridge found a begrimed and badly battered metallic box. It was opened with a key and inside was found a bundle of parchments, letters and a piece of faded blue ribbon. The Y. A. S. has been studying the manuscript. On one side in monogram are the letters "A. H. D." and on the other a

A Russian Verdict.
An engineer of the Central Asian railway who sustained concussion of the brain in a serious accident on Gen. An's train, has just been sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment for having used the railway officials as a cover for his crimes in a court at Samarcand, and obtained very satisfactory and somewhat original results. He was sentenced to 10 years, but that he should be paid 7,000 rubles down at once, and, in addition, should receive 100 rubles for every day of his imprisonment, extra 10 rubles for every child which might be born to him.—Cor. London Times.

The next question to be discussed by the Brooklyn Women's club is, "How Much Money Can a Woman Make for Herself and Her Homes, Give to Outside Matters?" If the husbands were al-

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A Farmer's Alliance.

Many of the most progressive and influential farmers of this county met in the Court House last Saturday afternoon and organized a Farmers' club to be known as the Central Farmers' Alliance of Wisconsin county. Mr. George Waller presided over the meeting and H. L. Brewington acted as secretary.

After brief speeches by some of the gentlemen present, who spoke to show the necessity of a close alliance among the farmers, officers were chosen. Mr. H. W. Anderson was selected for president; Messrs. George W. Matlack and C. C. Parker were designated, respectively, first and second vice-presidents; and Hugh J. Phillips was made secretary; and Mr. J. Oscar Freeny was chosen treasurer.

The executive committee consists of Messrs. J. Bayard Perrine, Chas. E. Williams, Wm. H. H. Coulburn, Alois L. Williams and Capt. T. W. H. White. Monthly meetings will be held at such places as the executive committee shall designate. This committee will also select the subject for discussion at each meeting. The purpose of the Alliance is to draw the farmers into closer communion with a desire that by such association they may understand one another more thoroughly and thereby be enabled to adopt measures destined to mutually benefit the most useful and least favored class of our population.

The subject of tomato growing was taken up. Mr. Wm. B. Tilghman stated to the meeting that in his correspondence with capitalists outside of the county, who desire to take stock in a large cannery to be located here, provided our farmers will agree to grow sufficient quantities of the product at a reasonable price. It was the opinion of the assembled farmers that tomatoes could be profitably cultivated at \$5.50 per ton, provided a ready market could be assured the growers.

Messrs. Wm. B. Tilghman, H. J. Phillips and Sydney L. Truitt, were asked to represent the truckers and farmers and ascertain what quantity of tomatoes would be grown at \$5.50 per ton delivered at the cannery. The committee will report to-day at a meeting to be held in the Court House at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

From Pittsville.
One of the most distressing accidents that ever can happen in any community occurred in this place on Monday night last. About 10 o'clock in the evening fire broke out in the house of Mrs. Sarah C. Gory, 2nd, on the corner of the building, together with a large part of furniture, and nearly all the clothing of the family was consumed.

The fire originated from a defective flue at the place where the flue or chimney chime through the floor, and on story, and was discovered by some persons who were sitting up with Mrs. Gory's children, three of whom were sick of diphtheria. Dr. Freeny and two or three of the nearest neighbors were soon on the spot, but although they made all the efforts they could to extinguish the flames, the fire had spread around between the floor and ceiling to such an extent it was found impossible to stop its progress. The section near an attic from the roof of the M. P. church, which soon drew a crowd of people to the scene, but as it had taken considerable time to remove the three sick children to a place of safety, it was impossible to save much of the furniture from the second story. Mrs. Gory's son Charles, aged about 17, died next morning at Dr. Freeny's and her little daughter, Effie, aged about seven, died about 9 o'clock the same morning, both were buried at Mr. Gory's funeral on Wednesday morning. The house was not insured, and Mrs. Gory's loss will amount to about eight hundred dollars. Subscriptions are being circulated for her relief, and it is to be hoped it will meet with a generous response, as about her property was invested in this house.

Vox.

High School.

Honor roll for winter term, ending February 28th, 1890.

SENIOR CLASS, NUMBERING 5.

Eliza L. Holloway 92.3

Wm. W. Leonard 92.3

Elmer C. Williams 92.3

MIDDLE CLASS, NUMBERING 17.

Ernest Turner 92.3

Henry S. Wallis 92.3

Lizette L. Wallis 92.3

Clara E. Wallis 92.3

Annie E. Towdine 92.3

JUNIOR CLASS, NUMBERING 26.

Joseph Byrd 92.3

Annie Price 92.3

Grace W. Allen 92.3

Ernest Mitchell 92.3

Bess Cooper 92.3

Hannah Uman 92.3

Marion Hearn 92.3

Parents are requested to examine the reports of their children.

T. H. WILLIAMS, Principal.

Church Notes.

Trinity M. E. Church, South, order of services: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., services at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m.

The Rev. E. W. Gaylord will preach in the Wisconsin Presbyterian Church to-morrow (Sunday) morning and evening, at the usual hours.

St. Peter's Church, Rev. Wm. Munford, Rector: Third Sunday Lenten tide Holy Communion, 7:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; services, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Familiar Talks with men at 4 p. m. Daily services at 5 p. m. with a lesson each afternoon. Litany services on Wednesday and Friday at 10 a. m. Holy Communion on Wednesday at 7:30 a. m. The subject of the sermon on Sunday night, "Christian Unity"—Is there "One Faith"? What is it?

School Notes.

The regular monthly meeting of the School Board was held last Tuesday. In the absence of Mr. Cannon, who was called away on account of sickness in his family, Mr. Laws acted as president. J. S. Phillips and others presented petitions asking the removal of teachers from School No. 9, Pittsville district. The Board fixed upon Monday, 10th, at 10 a. m. to hear the case. Secretary was authorized to send to Tyaskin, lumber to build the desks and seats for the school. No. 6. The appointment of Miss May Turner, Teacher of School No. 1, at Ellettsville in 7th Election district, for the Spring term was confirmed. Bills were passed and ordered paid to the following: Alonzo L. Williams, \$9; James H. Mitchell, \$10.36; Laws & Hamblin, \$2.50.

A Singular Accident.

Mr. William P. Morris, a farmer of Freeland, sustained a serious loss last Wednesday. He was in Salisbury during the morning selling grain products and after he had disposed of his stock to private families in town, he started home. When he reached Tony Tank Mills he attempted to ford the creek below the broken dam. The tide was up and when Mr. Morris arrived mid-way the stream his horse stumbled and fell in the water. The owner of the team, jumped from his seat in the darkness into the water to assist the fallen creature to his feet, but narrowly escaped drowning himself. Before assistance could be given the animal he had died of strangulation.

From Wango.

I never see anything in your columns from Wango, but I want your readers to understand that we are a live set of people and are not at all weary. The little village of Wango comprises residences, one store and postoffice, one church, one school house, and one steam saw mill. The church I speak of is not yet completed, but hope it will be soon. It is a right large structure, and when finished, will be one of the finest in the county outside of Salisbury. The cost of the building is estimated at \$1000.

Pine lumber is being manufactured in large quantities in and near this place. The saw mill here in Wango, which is a fine lot of pine timber, owned by Winbrow, there are five others within three miles of the place, and all busily engaged in making what is called the "Jackson lumber".

In looking about them their eyes rested

A day or two before the election he appeared in the village with the sinews of war in the shape of silver dollars (for blanket Indian will have nothing to do with paper money), parasols, yellow paint, chewing gum, and other things dear to the red man's heart, besides a commission to count the ballot and bring the returns to the agency.

It would have taken a keen ward worker to have told on the morning of election how the village would vote. History tells us that when the ballots were counted the leasers had carried their point by a bare majority; but it is hard to mention that, in order to do this, more votes were counted than there are voters to cast them.

...struggle with mental arithmetic and a final count by noses (the Indian method of balloting), had discovered this fact, he got out his Winchester and went back inquiring for Two Bellies. That worthy, by this time, however, was far on the road to the agency, and, as a cowboy who met him expressed it, "He had move on himself like a man who was riding for a record."

the leasers carried the day, and the larger part of the reservation was turned over to the cow men. A change was on noticeable. Substantial buildings took the place of dugouts; corrals were built at convenient points; surveyors ran the lines between the ranges and wire fences followed close behind.

Down at the agency Two Bellies was enjoying the reward for the part he had

ayed, and, if his work could be judged by the reward, he had played it well. He went right into the swim he landed, and in a short time was putting on the airs of a man who owned the pool itself. Discarding the tribal blanket and "gee string," he donned a major general's coat, spring-bottom pants and had his moccasins laced to the heel. After the excitement that followed the election had subsided

The first thing on the cards was to secure a squaw. After accomplishing this, I felt well satisfied with his bargain, he entered negotiations for another, and was soon recognized as a man of family and of affairs. He also enjoyed the favors and perquisites that formerly fell to the lot of Crazy Mule. As I saw him standing in front of the agency one one evening with his hat tilted to

the right angle, his cigar between his fingers, practicing spitting between his teeth, as became a politician of his standing, I thought of the old medicine man in his lonely village, shorn of what power and privileges it was possible for an agent to take from him, watching over and guarding alike his little corn patch and the sick children of his followers, to whom, in spite of defeat, he

The years rolled by, and in the course of events another election was held. The party who had been in power so long in Washington city stepped down and out, and the friends of reform took up the reins of government.

As I rode along I wondered what changes I would find at the village, which was approaching. If I expected any I was disappointed. The same curs, apparently, barked and snapped at my horse's heels; the squaws seemed busy with the same tasks, and under his armor the old medicine man sat smoking his

with the air of a proprietor and one who had earned his rest, and furthermore had the advantage of knowing it. With a wave of the hand that included seating and an invitation to a seat, he bade me welcome and fell to asking me the whereabouts of the other boys, who in days gone by had "smoked the sisters" out of these thickets and sand bars. I answered as best I could, for

They were scattered from the Rio Grande to the British possessions. I in turn began to think of some of those who had played a prominent part in those days, and was about to put the question as to their fate, when the sight of a buck bending low under a load of wood attracted my attention. Something about him appeared familiar, and as he approached I could scarcely believe my eyes, for in the

When I recognized the ex-politician,
Two Bellies, seeing my look of
surprise, gave a grunt and a chuckle and
passed into silence. Instead of the
general's coat and spring bottom
pants and high hat, in which I had last
seen Two Bellies, he now appeared with
old blanket over his shoulders, his
limbs incased in a pair of blue

turned to get another, I saw the seat these had been removed in deference to the tribal custom, and then I knew the fall was complete; that another backer was abroad, and that civilization had lost another convert. As he disappeared in the timber, I could but think of his own prophetic words: "May be, pretty soon, long time come, things even up."—Ned H. in Atlanta Constitution.

No Snakes, but Mosquitoes.

acter that holds water for days after rain, and the insects are bred out of it in such swarms that it is hardly possible for man or any other animal to exist among them. They attack the moose with such ferocity as to drive the beasts from the rivers, where the natives attack them with knives. Bears and reindeer are plentiful. Perhaps the worst part of the Yukon is that to the northwest, south of the Yukon river—crossed but once by a

of explorers, who nearly starved to death.—Washington Star.

—SOUTHERN Robinson Crusoe.

A solitary sailor has been discovered on a desolate island near Santa Cruz, apparently dead from exposure. He gives the name of Robrignez, and claims to have lived eight years on the island. He has been sent to his home in Spain.—

Public Opinion.

S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Baking

Powder

LY PURE

A dark, textured surface, possibly a book cover or endpaper, showing signs of wear and discoloration. The texture is grainy and uneven, with some lighter patches and darker spots. There are some small, dark, irregular marks scattered across the surface, which could be dust or damage. The overall appearance is aged and worn.

SALISBURY DIRECTORY.
MAYOR: W. B. Tilghman.
CITY COUNCIL: W. B. Tilghman, J. H. Morris, S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams, J. H. Morris, S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams.
BOARD OF TRADE: R. E. Williams, J. H. Morris, S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams.
SALISBURY NATIONAL BANK: R. E. Williams, J. H. Morris, S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams.
SALISBURY PERMANENT BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION: R. E. Williams, J. H. Morris, S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams.
WATER COMPANY: S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams, J. H. Morris, S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams.
LOCAL DEPARTMENT: S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams, J. H. Morris, S. S. Smith, R. E. Williams.

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Humphreys & Tilghman
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Lime, Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Fertilizers, Coal, Hay, etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
WE HAVE IN STOCK A LARGE SUPPLY OF
LEE WHITE ASH FREE-BURNING COAL.
OUR MIXTURE B.
SHINGLES.
TIMOTHY HAY.
A full assortment of Lumber, Window Sash, Doors, etc.
HUMPHREYS & TILGHMAN.
NO FOOLISHNESS, BUT PLAIN FACTS! TAKE TIME TO READ WHY THE
BOSS PLOW
IS THE BEST.

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Salisbury Oil and Coal Co.
Lime, Cements, Hair, Plaster,
Oils, Coal, etc.
We have on hand a large lot of choice Cecil County Hay,
which we are selling very cheap.
Also CORN and MILL FEED.

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Salisbury Wood Working Factory.
MAIN STREET, NEAR PIVOT BRIDGE.
MITCHELL & MURRELL, desire to inform the public that having put in STEAM POWER and AMBLE MACHINERY, they are prepared to fill all orders for DOOR & WINDOW FRAMES—Brackets, Balusters. Also all kinds of Lath and Sash. Saw Work—Being practical carpenters, we shall try to carry out instructions to the letter. Contractors and Builders will be supplied at City Prices, or less. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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Our New Goods Are Here.
We are showing the most attractive line of goods this season that we have ever had. Below we mention some of the leading articles in our line:
Ladies' Goods a specialty.
HENRIETTA, PLAIN CLOTHS, STRIPED CLOTHS, SHEETINGS, TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, PILLOWCASES, CANTON FLANNELS, CARRIAGE ROBES, WALL PAPERS, COMFORTABLES, BLANKETS, HAMBURG, TOWELS, ETC., ETC., ETC.
Our Millinery Department is under the supervision of Miss Laura Brenner, and we take pleasure in announcing that we have the largest stock of Millinery we have ever had. This department has been improved and enlarged, and everything has been added to lend to the comfort of the ladies. We feel sure we can please the ladies in this department. Come and see us. No trouble to show goods.
Fowler & Timmons.
SALISBURY, MD.

SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.
THOMAS PERRY, Publisher.

A DANGEROUS PLANT.

It looks the blood of whatever comes in contact with it. Dr. J. H. Dunstan, the well known naturalist of this city, who has recently returned from Central America, where he has spent nearly two years in the study of the flora and fauna of the country, relates the finding of a singular growth in one of the swamps about the great lake of Nicaragua.

He was engaged in hunting for botanical and entomological specimens in this swamp, which is known as San Sebastian's, when he heard his dog cry out as if in agony from a distance. Running to the spot from which the animal's cry came, Mr. Dunstan found him enveloped in a perfect network of what seemed to be a fine, ropelike tissue of roots or fibers, the nature of which was unknown to him.

The plant or vine seemed composed entirely of bare, interlacing stems, resembling more than anything else the branches of the weaver's willow, devoid of all foliage, but of a dark, nearly black blue, and covered with a thick, viscid sum that exuded from the joints. Drawing his knife, Mr. Dunstan endeavored to cut the animal free, but it was only with the greatest difficulty that he succeeded in severing the fibers, muscular fiber. To his horror and amazement the naturalist then saw that the dog's body was covered with blood, and that the less skin appeared to have been actually sucked or sucked in spots, and the animal staggered as if from weakness and exhaustion.

In cutting the vine the twigs curled like living, sinuous fingers about Mr. Dunstan's hand, and with a sudden force to free the member from its clinging force, he felt the flesh red and blistered. The gum exuding from the vine was of a grayish black tinge, markedly adhesive and of a disagreeable animal odor, very powerful and nauseating to inhale.

The native servants who accompanied Mr. Dunstan manifested the greatest horror of the vine, which they call it sanguine diablo, the devil's seine or snare, and were full of stories of its death dealing powers.

One of these stories was of an Englishman residing in Managua, who, while hunting in the swamp a few years ago, lay down beneath a tree where a large and powerful specimen of this singular plant was growing, and, in the midst of falling asleep, awoke to find himself entangled in its web, and in spite of every effort made to extricate him, perished in its deadly embrace.

Another story was of an escaped convict who had hidden in the swamp, whose bones had been found in the folds of the sagueno only a short time before Mr. Dunstan's visit. These stories, re-usable as they may be, are firmly believed in by the people, but the only three specimens which Mr. Dunstan was able to find were all small ones, though the meshes of the largest would probably, if extended in a straight line, measure nearly, if not quite, 100 feet. It was able to hold a very large snake, the nature of the plant, owing to the difficulty of handling it, for its grasp can only be torn away with loss of skin and even of flesh, but, as Mr. Dunstan could ascertain, its power of suction is contained in a number of infinitesimal mouths or little suckers, which, ordinarily closed, open for the reception of food.

The gum exuded seemed to serve the two-fold purpose of increasing the tenacity and overcoming a victim by its sickening odor. The plant was found only in low-lying places, and usually beneath a large tree, and when found, seemed to be only a network of dry, dead vines covering the black earth for several feet, but coming into contact with anything will instantly begin to twist and twine upward in a horrible, life-like manner, breaking out with the gum like substance spoken of before, and, when the object with a certainty almost incredible.

If the substance is animal the blood is drawn off and the carcass or refuse then dropped. A lump of raw meat being thrown in, in the short time of five minutes the blood will be thoroughly drunk up and the mass thrown aside. Its voracity is almost beyond belief, it devouring at one time over ten pounds of meat, though it may be deprived of all food for weeks without and, on the other hand, it kills. Mr. Dunstan attempted to bring away a root of the sagueno, but it died during its return voyage, growing so foul with a strong odor of real animal corruption that he was obliged to get rid of it.—New Orleans Cor. Atlanta Constitution.

Gobelin Tapestry.
Real Gobelin tapestry is hard to find in the dry goods stores. Much is sold as gobelin tapestry that is not genuine. Gobelin is quite a history, and gave a new word to our vocabulary. A Flemish painter named Gobelin found a process for dyeing a beautiful and a very peculiar scarlet, and sold it to the king of France, who built a factory in France, where he made tapestries and cloths of this peculiar color. Everybody looked on him as a crack, and his factory was always spoken of as "Gobelin's folly," but he made a go of it, and his success was so great that those superstitious people supposed he was aided by the devil. The devil was supposed to have taught him the art of dyeing scarlet on condition that at a certain time the devil was to have him.

When the time was up the devil came after him, and caught him going through a yard at night with a little piece of lighted candle in his hand. Gobelin begged for his life, but the devil wouldn't let him live. At last Gobelin requested his satanic majesty to wait until the bit of candle in his hand burned out, and the devil consented. The wily old Gobelin, as soon as he got this command, threw the candle into the well and pitched the devil in after it. The devil was very angry, but before he could get out Gobelin gathered a crowd of enthusiasts about him and secured him from any further attack.

Now, for the new word. From this story came the word "goblin," a ghost or specter, and it has become one of the words of the language, but it is its origin in this silly story that was told about the man who first made these tapestries.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Shells Deposits in Maine.
Ever since the whittles settled the coast of Maine numerous deposits of shells of both the clam and oyster have been discovered from time to time. These shells were found either on the coast itself or on the banks of rivers not far from the sea. The oyster shell heaps on the western bank of the Damariscotta river early attracted the wonder of the settlers, and became, many years ago, celebrated throughout the surrounding region.

A mile above the town of Damariscotta indications of shells appear on the river banks. From the point of their first appearance the shells are in small and struggling heaps. As one ascends the river, however, the heaps become larger and the intervals between them become shorter. Soon the shells are in great numbers, and the intervals are very small. The shells are of various sizes, but the most common is a small, round, white shell, which is the most common of the shells of the river. The mass assumes the form of bluffs whose tops are covered with trees and shrubbery, but whose precipitous faces have never been covered, but have been kept exposed by the erosive action of the tide and by the frosts of unending years. Exact dimensions of these deposits cannot be given for reason that no extensive mining of the shells has ever been undertaken. They occupy a peninsula of several acres area.—Boston Globe.

On Stripes Canes be Cured.

This is a hard question to answer. Swift's Specific has cured thousands of cases of Skin Cancer, and there have been many cases of Stripes Cancer reported cured by it. We do say that S. S. is worth a trial in any case of Cancer. We append a statement from Miss Green, of Tallapoosa, Ga.

In 1884 I had a small lump in my left breast, which proved to be a cancer. The first remedy I tried was to have it burned off. This did not cure it, for, shortly afterwards it broke out again in a much worse form. I then consulted our druggist, who advised me to try Swift's Specific (S. S.), and after taking about one dozen bottles, was completely cured, and my general health was greatly improved. This has been over six years ago, and my cancer has never appeared since, nor has it troubled me in any way. I can cheerfully recommend Swift's Specific (S. S.) to any one suffering with Cancer.

MISS T. E. GREEN.
Tallapoosa, Ga.
We will mail our Treatise on the Blood to any who send us their address.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Photographing Bullets.
Rifle bullets are now photographed in their course by means of the electric spark. The camera is taken into a dark room, which the bullet is caused to traverse. As it passes the camera it is made to produce a series of electric sparks, which illuminate the bullet for an instant and enables the impression to be taken. The wave of condensation in the air before the bullet and the rarefaction behind it are visible in the photograph, and can be studied by the eye, thus enabling the form of ball or rifle which minimizes the resistance of the air to be selected.

The Public will Appreciate It.
The public are indebted to the Royal Baking Powder Company not more for having perfected and prepared a leavening agent that is pure and wholesome beyond a question than for its exposure, in a bold manner, of the numerous impure adulterated and injurious articles that are sold under the name of baking powders, bread preparations, etc., throughout the country. In making these exposures the company has, of course, made its target for all sorts of counter attacks, but we are sure that these attacks have been perfectly understood by the general public, and by their violence have served to more prominently call attention to the good qualities of the "Royal" Company.

Ordinary adulterations such as are found in coffee, spices, etc., although they are swindles in a commercial sense, are often tolerated because they do not particularly affect the health of the consumer. But when an article is advertised as being pure and wholesome, and is relied upon for the healthful preparation of almost every meal, it is so made as to carry highly injurious if not rankly poisonous elements into our daily food, it is the duty of the public authorities to take cognizance of it.

In this fight for pure food made by the "Royal" Company, it is to be noticed that the most trustworthy scientific authorities are emphatically on its side. In all the contests of the company with the alum and other impure baking powders the result has proved that every statement made by the Royal Baking Powder Company, both as to the purity of its own and the adulteration of other baking powders in the market, was fully authorized by the most competent chemical and medical authorities of the country.

In this contest two facts have been pretty generally settled in the minds of the public—the first that the Royal Company has found the means, and used them, to make a chemically pure article of food; and the other that the market is full of poisonous, alum and other adulterated baking powders, which, no matter how strongly endorsed by "commercial" chemists, are to be studiously avoided.

A pure baking powder is one of the chief aids to the cook in preparing pure and wholesome food. The recent controversy in the press has left it no longer a question with those who desire purity and wholesomeness of food what baking powder they shall use.

A Centenarian Banker.
In London, England, resides Mrs. Deborah Powers, her hundredth year, as smart as a cricket. Since the death of her husband she has been the managing head of the Powers Bank, one of the oldest and most successful institutions in that section. She is a widow, and her husband, an Afghan, just completed by her busy fingers, is on exhibition at a church fair. Mrs. Powers shows but few marks of her great age.

The New Discovery.
You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may suppose one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have not tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it, that when once you get a trial of it, you will never give it up. The New Discovery ever holds a place in the heart of the afflicted. It has never failed to cure a case of Croup, Whooping Cough, or any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every cure, or money refunded. Trial Bottles Free at Dr. Williams' Dispensary.

The Value of Vaccination.
After moving from this place ten days before we reached another plantation, during which time we lost more men than we had lost between Baniyas and Uparrow's. The small pox broke out among the Marynans and their followers, and the mortality was terrible. Our Zanzibaris escaped this pest, however, owing to the vaccination they had undergone on board the Madras. The foregoing is an extract from the interesting letter of Mr. Stanley published this week, and we commend it to the notice of the anti-vaccinationists.—Lancet.

Life Insurance.
Is a social duty, because no person has a right to expect society to support or provide for those who have been himself, by a little self-denial, made a certain amount of money. As one secures a reproof upon the memory of those whose selfishness leaves their widows or children a tenderly loved or legal support. Read / are you insured? If not get a policy at once in the "W. H. L. Life Insurance Company of New York."

Wanamaker's.

There are studies here in Dress Goods. One, important, ECONOMY. A very slender purse may provide neatness, even style in women's dress. American Gingham 10 and 12 1/2 cents, Crazy Crepe 10 cents, Cotton Challis 6 and 8 cents, Indigo Chintz 6 cents, Striped Skirtings 12 1/2 cents, are some of the incidents in cotton. In wool and worsted, 23 colors in French Serge at 50 cents; All-wool Tights, Fancy Wool Suitings, English Mohairs, a great variety in each, 37 1/2 cents. Such chances are the outcome of aggregation—this study of Dress Cottons now here would amuse, instruct, interest you. Two years ago Sateens were supreme. We then advertised them by the thousands of styles. Sateens are in retirement now. To be sure we have the choice French Blacks with white figures, and the best in other colors at 25, 30, and 35 cents; also American at 12 1/2 and 20 cents. But the great glory of Sateens is departed. Gingham are regnant. Mark this. The Gingham counts have styles by the thousands, and in the vast quantity there are no two pieces alike. The duplicates are upstairs—room only for sample pieces. Fastidiousness o'erleaps itself when our Gingham falls to the great selections. The great unknown maker (25 cents) is sending in the Tartans now. Hunt up your heraldry, know your plaid, and find it here, or the colors of your plaid in a bold stripe. Nobody will chide you if lacking the Scotch you buy the Tartan.

Continue to study the cottons. Cunard and Galatea Stripes 25 cents, Duganear 30 cents, Oxford Cheviots 30 cents, Cambridge Twills 30 cents, Madras Cloth 30 and 40 cents. In all the fancies a wide variety. The latest additions to the cotton group are Jaconets 30 cents, and Organdies 37 1/2 cents. The latter a mere film, a spider's web texture, wire cloth for strength. Your fashion is. How can so slight a fabric hold so much color effect? Economy talk above told of the cheaper cottons.

Fancy Tricot that is remarkable for three things: 1—width (45 inches); 2—good looks; 3—bargain price on new goods. The broadish stripes are in saffron weave, and are self-colored. All the desirable shades are in the line. But here's where the fun for you comes in: We practically give you nine inches of width with every yard you buy. 36-inch Fancy Tricot; this grade would be 50c; this 45-inch stuff is 50c—and two yards less of it is enough for a dress pattern.

One of the brightest spots in all the Lace Curtain hall here is where the new Nottinghams are heaped. Pretty patterns, right qualities, and surprise prices.

Three hints from the Book store; Christ and Christianity Series, by Rev. H. R. Hawses, 5 vols., 12mo. Our price has been 90c a vol., now 25c. Sold separately; The Story of the Four Evangelists, by A. W. B. Hall, 1 vol., 12mo. The Picture of Paul.

Fiction.
The Vagrant, and Other Stories, from the Realistic Novel, by H. W. B. Hall, 1 vol., 12mo. The Picture of Paul, by A. W. B. Hall, 1 vol., 12mo. The Picture of Paul, by A. W. B. Hall, 1 vol., 12mo.

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Time Tables.

NEW YORK, PHILA., & NORFOLK R. R.
"CAPE CHARLES ROUTE."
Time Table in Effect February 17th, 1890.

Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives
New York	Phila.	New York	Phila.
8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.

NORTH BOSTON TRAINS.

Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives
New York	Phila.	New York	Phila.
8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.

SOUTH BOSTON TRAINS.

Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives
New York	Phila.	New York	Phila.
8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.

CRISFIELD BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives
New York	Phila.	New York	Phila.
8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.

MARYLAND STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
BALTIMORE AND SALISBURY ROUTE.

Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives
New York	Phila.	New York	Phila.
8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.

WINGATE'S POINT, DEAR'S ISLAND, MOUNT VERNON, WASHINGTON, WIDGON.

Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives
New York	Phila.	New York	Phila.
8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m.

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Skin Diseases.

SKIN AND ITS DISEASES.
The DERMATOLOGICAL and SYPHILITIC INSTITUTION was established here seven years ago for the special purpose of treating and curing Diseases of the Skin and Syphilis. It is the only institution of the kind in the country in this state, as well as city to be found. It is a place where the patient can find relief from the most distressing and dangerous skin diseases, and where the physician can find the most complete and successful treatment of these diseases. The institution is a place where the patient can find relief from the most distressing and dangerous skin diseases, and where the physician can find the most complete and successful treatment of these diseases.

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Superficial Hair.
Dr. Benson permanently removes them from the face, neck, etc., and the patient is left with a smooth, clear skin. The institution is a place where the patient can find relief from the most distressing and dangerous skin diseases, and where the physician can find the most complete and successful treatment of these diseases.

Nerves! Nerves! Nerves!
Who is it that does not at times with the word "Nerve" feel a certain amount of sympathy? Nerve is a word that is used in many different ways, and it is often used in a way that is not very accurate. The institution is a place where the patient can find relief from the most distressing and dangerous skin diseases, and where the physician can find the most complete and successful treatment of these diseases.

DR. BENSON'S INSTITUTION.
And Office Are At No. 52 North Howard Street, Balto., Md. Opp. the Academy of Music. Hours From 9 to 5 daily, and Every Night From 7 to 9. EXCEPT WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY NIGHTS.

THE "Century Magazine" in 1890.
The "Century Magazine" is a publication that is well known throughout the world. It is a publication that is well known throughout the world. The "Century Magazine" is a publication that is well known throughout the world. It is a publication that is well known throughout the world.

NOTICE.
We the undersigned hereby notify all persons who have any claims against the estate of the late John W. B. Hall, deceased, that they should present them to the undersigned at once, so that they may be properly adjusted. The undersigned is a public administrator of the estate of the late John W. B. Hall, deceased.

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Scratched 28 Years.

Body covered with scales, itching terrible, suffering endless. No relief. Doctors and medicines fail. Speedily cured by Cuticura. Cured by Cuticura.

Cuticura Resolvent.
The new blood and skin purifier and best of all remedies for itching, burning, and all other skin diseases. It is a medicine that is well known throughout the world. It is a medicine that is well known throughout the world.

FREE FROM RHEUMATISM.
In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains, and all other pains. The first and only pain killing plaster.

Wm. Radam Microbe Killer Co.
54 Third Avenue, NEW YORK CITY.

PIANOS.
The finest and most beautiful pianos are sold here. They are sold here at a very low price. The pianos are sold here at a very low price.

Christmas Presents.
The finest and most beautiful Christmas presents are sold here. They are sold here at a very low price. The Christmas presents are sold here at a very low price.

ORGANS.
The finest and most beautiful organs are sold here. They are sold here at a very low price. The organs are sold here at a very low price.

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Peirce of Business College.

Record Building, 917-919 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Second, Third and Fourth Floors. Morning and Afternoon Sessions every weekday except Saturday. Night Session on Tuesday and Thursday Evenings till April 1st.

THE WEHR HOBELMAN GOTTLIEB BREWING AND MALTING CO.
Brewing and Maltng Co.

L. Power & Co.
Manufacturers of Most Improved Wood Working Machinery.

W. L. Douglas's \$3 Shoe.
The finest and most beautiful shoes are sold here. They are sold here at a very low price. The shoes are sold here at a very low price.

THRESHING MACHINES.
The finest and most beautiful threshing machines are sold here. They are sold here at a very low price. The threshing machines are sold here at a very low price.

Henry W. Grady.
The finest and most beautiful Henry W. Grady are sold here. They are sold here at a very low price. The Henry W. Grady are sold here at a very low price.

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SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

100 PER ANNUM.
ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.
THOS. PERRY, Publisher.

AN INTERESTING RELIC.

KENTUCKY'S LIBRARY GETS WHAT IS LEFT OF A RAILROAD.

It is a piece from the first Railway West of the Alleghenies, a fatal accident.

Causes the Management to Substitute Horse Power for Steam.

State Librarian Thompson, through the suggestion of Col. John O. Hodges, of Lexington, and the courtesy of Vice President M. H. Smith of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, was put into possession of a relic for the state library, which has an interesting bit of history attached to it.

The relic consists of two large stones, each about four feet long, eighteen inches wide and twelve inches deep. One stone is hollowed out on the top, the full length of the middle, about two and one-half inches wide, and two inches deep. On the edge of this chiseled indentation is a flat strip of bar iron about two and one-half inches wide, fastened with iron spikes driven into drilled holes in the stone.

The other stone has the bar iron fastened at the edge of the outer surface. These stones are all that is left of the first railroad west of the Alleghenies mountains, and the second railroad ever built in the United States.

STONES FOR STAIRS.

The road had its beginning in Lexington, Oct. 31, 1837, when the "common stone" was laid with appropriate public demonstrations. It was finished in this city, a distance of twenty-eight miles, in December, 1838, stone sills in line of broad flat street curbing in called Lexington, to which the relic was taken.

The ordinary street or slightly curving lines of the road were constructed with plain flat surface stones, but for the average or heavy curving, the stones were chiseled gutter-way in the center were used as a double precaution to keep the flange of the wheel from jumping the rails.

The engineers of the day claimed that the road was the safest and most substantial that could be built, but it was found that for any length of time the action of the machinery pressing heavily against the edge of the stone rendered it liable to wear and crumble, requiring constant attention at a great expense to keep the road in good repair. Despite all this care and cost in the construction of this road had the honor of the first railroad accident in the United States. This accident occurred in March, 1839, at a point about two miles the other side of this city. From a report of Thomas Smith, president of the Lexington and Ohio railroad, of which the Lexington and Frankfort was a part, published in 1836 and reproduced by Col. John O. Hodges for his March number of The Courier Journal, the following excerpt is taken:

"Notwithstanding these precautions on the occasion alluded to, the flanges of the wheels of the engine, while passing with the usual speed over an embankment, lost their hold upon the rails, and before the brakes could be used the engine and several cars, one of them containing a large number of passengers, were upset and broken. Two individuals were killed and several wounded. It is probably not within the scope of human invention to devise a means of traveling entirely free from all accidents."

WHAT ONE OCCURRED.

The locomotive first used upon this railroad was built by Joseph Bruen, of Lexington, in 1835. It had an upright boiler and two large cylinders and lever beams, both attached to one axle, with cross-headers. Bruen got his idea from the locomotive built by George B. Stevens, of New York, which was used on the Erie Railroad, in 1825-27.

It was a small locomotive, weighing about two tons, and was used to ascend an elevation eighty feet in height. In May, 1827, it was opened for public exhibition in a large room over Joseph Bruen's machine shop, where an oval track around the room was constructed. This was the first train in western America. Gen. Leslie Colburn and Dr. W. S. Chappin rode in it at fifty cents a trip. The locomotive was afterward exhibited in Louisville and other cities in the south.

The accident referred to, "in consequence of the respectability of the officers and the novelty of the occurrence," directed public attention so strongly to it that the company substituted horse for steam power in the transportation of passengers. This primitive mode of construction and conducting a railroad was continued until 1848, when a change of ownership brought with it a change from steam to wooden stringers and a return to steam from horse power. An inclined plane at Arsenal Hill, in this city, was in use until 1849, when the tunnel was completed to Louisville, a part of which, from the center of Louisville to the Portland wharf, had long been in successful operation. Frankfort (Ky.) Cor. Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Dead Marine.

Capt. Mark Welch, late of Belfast, Me., was an old time ship master, and many amusing stories are told of his sea life. Capt. Welch had a great abhorrence of tobacco, and dilated to find tobacco "quids" about the vessel deck. One night he found an immense "quid" on the quarter deck alongside the house, which had been recently painted. The captain called all hands to the watch and how turned out, and as the night was pleasant they could not imagine what the difficulty was. "Get the watch on the watch," said Capt. Welch, "bring them aft," shouted the captain. The crew obeyed in amazement. "Put a strap around the main boom and hook on the watch tackle," said Capt. Welch. "What is to be done?" asked the mate. "Slung that dead marine lying there between the house and boiler on the main board," said the captain, pointing to the tobacco "quid." It was done. No more dead marines were found lying about the decks after that. Lexington Journal.

Saving an Arm.

Col. H. C. Hamilton, clerk of the United States district court, was telling yesterday how it felt to have a limb cut off. He was perfectly comical when his arm was cut off in a field hospital, and says it:

"I really don't regret except when the first cut around the limb is made, cutting the skin. That's because the nerves are all situated just under the skin, and after they are cut there is nothing to convey the sensation of pain. Cutting through the flesh is like cutting a nail or a bit of dead skin, and doesn't hurt. Even sawing the bone is only a dull feeling. The real pain is over when the knife cuts into the flesh."—Atlanta Constitution.

Life Insurance.

Is an act of prudent foresight, which earns the respect of the best mankind, and increases the credit of the assured. It is also a fact, that insured lives are more prolonged than those of the uninsured, and we need not doubt that the risk of death is smaller to him who, on a bed of illness, remembers that his family is provided for, than to him who contemplates the future destitution of those dependent on him. Reader, are you insured? If not, get a policy of one in the "Washington Life Insurance Company of New York."

L. H. NOCK, Genl. Agt.
P. O. Box 183, Salisbury, Md.

An English scientist says that if we were to visit the moon we should find the day and night as fortnight in length, and if we returned the morning during the day we should certainly be frozen to death during the evening night."

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, May 4, 1890.

Four new varieties of Scotch Novelty Zephyr Gingham, made especially for us, come last week. The assortment covers twenty-six colorings; a portion are stripes, 20 inches, at 40 cents; the balance 42-inch border at 65 cents.

Jaquard figures and lace effects in exquisite colorings give the hue and style of silk rather than cotton. It would tax your credulity to tell you all about our Gingham.

We make and sell the best Shirts for the money to be had in this country.

That's the pith of the whole matter. Not a bit of guesswork. We've seen every shirt that claims to be best; seen the outside, which is open to every body, and the inside, which only know-eyes and fingers can truly get at. There's the test.

It isn't in the cloth for any maker to get up a better shirt than we can for the money; our fault is we're equalled. We don't mean to be. We surely are not now. Just as our Shirts of the past led competition in the past, so our Shirts of to-day are in the very front of the rank.

Crown, unlaundered, 75c.

Crown, laundered, 90c.

Conqueror, unlaundered, \$1.

Conqueror, laundered, \$1.25.

University, unlaundered, \$1.40.

University, laundered, \$1.70.

To tell half the Handkerchief story would fill columns. You must mostly take it for granted. Our way of handling Linens you know—straight from the looms, nothing rubby, nothing but pure Linen that pretends to be Linen. The gain for you of this way shows as well in Handkerchiefs as anywhere. Let four point the moral:

Men's printed borders, 12½c—not the newest, but think of the price.

Men's printed borders, 25c—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 50c—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 75c—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 1.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 1.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 1.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 1.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 2.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 2.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 2.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 2.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 3.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 3.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 3.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 3.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 4.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 4.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 4.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 4.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 5.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 5.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 5.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 5.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 6.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 6.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 6.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 6.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 7.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 7.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 7.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 7.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 8.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 8.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 8.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 8.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 9.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 9.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 9.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 9.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 10.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 10.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 10.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 10.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 11.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 11.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 11.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 11.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 12.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 12.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 12.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 12.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 13.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 13.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 13.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 13.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 14.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 14.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 14.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 14.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 15.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 15.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 15.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 15.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 16.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 16.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 16.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 16.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 17.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 17.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 17.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 17.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 18.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 18.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 18.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 18.75—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 19.00—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 19.25—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 19.50—handsome designs and prices.

Men's printed borders and initials, 19.75—handsome designs and prices.

Time Tables.

NEW YORK, PHILA. & NORFOLK R. R.

"CATS CHAIRS" ROUTE.

Time Table in Effect February 17th, 1890.

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.

No. 10. N. Y. to Phila. 7.15 a.m.

No. 11. Phila. to N. Y. 7.30 a.m.

No. 12. N. Y. to Phila. 7.45 a.m.

No. 13. Phila. to N. Y. 8.00 a.m.

No. 14. N. Y. to Phila. 8.15 a.m.

No. 15. Phila. to N. Y. 8.30 a.m.

No. 16. N. Y. to Phila. 8.45 a.m.

No. 17. Phila. to N. Y. 9.00 a.m.

No. 18. N. Y. to Phila. 9.15 a.m.

No. 19. Phila. to N. Y. 9.30 a.m.

No. 20. N. Y. to Phila. 9.45 a.m.

No. 21. Phila. to N. Y. 10.00 a.m.

No. 22. N. Y. to Phila. 10.15 a.m.

No. 23. Phila. to N. Y. 10.30 a.m.

No. 24. N. Y. to Phila. 10.45 a.m.

No. 25. Phila. to N. Y. 11.00 a.m.

No. 26. N. Y. to Phila. 11.15 a.m.

No. 27. Phila. to N. Y. 11.30 a.m.

No. 28. N. Y. to Phila. 11.45 a.m.

No. 29. Phila. to N. Y. 12.00 p.m.

No. 30. N. Y. to Phila. 12.15 p.m.

No. 31. Phila. to N. Y. 12.30 p.m.

No. 32. N. Y. to Phila. 12.45 p.m.

No. 33. Phila. to N. Y. 1.00 p.m.

No. 34. N. Y. to Phila. 1.15 p.m.

No. 35. Phila. to N. Y. 1.30 p.m.

No. 36. N. Y. to Phila. 1.45 p.m.

No. 37. Phila. to N. Y. 2.00 p.m.

No. 38. N. Y. to Phila. 2.15 p.m.

No. 39. Phila. to N. Y. 2.30 p.m.

No. 40. N. Y. to Phila. 2.45 p.m.

No. 41. Phila. to N. Y. 3.00 p.m.

No. 42. N. Y. to Phila. 3.15 p.m.

No. 43. Phila. to N. Y. 3.30 p.m.

No. 44. N. Y. to Phila. 3.45 p.m.

No. 45. Phila. to N. Y. 4.00 p.m.

No. 46. N. Y. to Phila. 4.15 p.m.

No. 47. Phila. to N. Y. 4.30 p.m.

No. 48. N. Y. to Phila. 4.45 p.m.

No. 49. Phila. to N. Y. 5.00 p.m.

No. 50. N. Y. to Phila. 5.15 p.m.

No. 51. Phila. to N. Y. 5.30 p.m.

No. 52. N. Y. to Phila. 5.45 p.m.

No. 53. Phila. to N. Y. 6.00 p.m.

No. 54. N. Y. to Phila. 6.15 p.m.

No. 55. Phila. to N. Y. 6.30 p.m.

No. 56. N. Y. to Phila. 6.45 p.m.

No. 57. Phila. to N. Y. 7.00 p.m.

No. 58. N. Y. to Phila. 7.15 p.m.

No. 59. Phila. to N. Y. 7.30 p.m.

No. 60. N. Y. to Phila. 7.45 p.m.

No. 61. Phila. to N. Y. 8.00 p.m.

No. 62. N. Y. to Phila. 8.15 p.m.

No. 63. Phila. to N. Y. 8.30 p.m.

No. 64. N. Y. to Phila. 8.45 p.m.

No. 65. Phila. to N. Y. 9.00 p.m.

No. 66. N. Y. to Phila. 9.15 p.m.

No. 67. Phila. to N. Y. 9.30 p.m.

No. 68. N. Y. to Phila. 9.45 p.m.

No. 69. Phila. to N. Y. 10.00 p.m.

No. 70. N. Y. to Phila. 10.15 p.m.

No. 71. Phila. to N. Y. 10.30 p.m.

No. 72. N. Y. to Phila. 10.45 p.m.

No. 73. Phila. to N. Y. 11.00 p.m.

No. 74. N. Y. to Phila. 11.15 p.m.

No. 75. Phila. to N. Y. 11.30 p.m.

No. 76. N. Y. to Phila. 11.45 p.m.

No. 77. Phila. to N. Y. 12.00 a.m.

No. 78. N. Y. to Phila. 12.15 a.m.

No. 79. Phila. to N. Y. 12.30 a.m.

No. 80. N. Y. to Phila. 12.45 a.m.

No. 81. Phila. to N. Y. 1.00 a.m.

No. 82. N. Y. to Phila. 1.15 a.m.

No. 83. Phila. to N. Y. 1.30 a.m.

No. 84. N. Y. to Phila. 1.45 a.m.

No. 85. Phila. to N. Y. 2.00 a.m.

No. 86. N. Y. to Phila. 2.15 a.m.

No. 87. Phila. to N. Y. 2.30 a.m.

No. 88. N. Y. to Phila. 2.45 a.m.

No. 89. Phila. to N. Y. 3.00 a.m.

No. 90. N. Y. to Phila. 3.15 a.m.

No. 91. Phila. to N. Y. 3.30 a.m.

No. 92. N. Y. to Phila. 3.45 a.m.

No. 93. Phila. to N. Y. 4.00 a.m.

No. 94. N. Y. to Phila. 4.15 a.m.

No. 95. Phila. to N. Y. 4.30 a.m.

No. 96. N. Y. to Phila. 4.45 a.m.

No. 97. Phila. to N. Y. 5.00 a.m.

No. 98. N. Y