

# The Maryland Gazette.

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Annapolis, Thursday, March 5, 1829.

No. 10.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED  
BY  
**Jonas Green,**  
CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Three Dollars per annum.

**Bryan & Bassford,**  
**Merchant Tailors,**  
Have just received a large and handsome assortment of  
**CLOTHES AND CASSIMERES,**  
consisting of some of the best  
**Blue, Black, Olive, Green, Drab, Gray, Flannel, cloths and Cassimeres.**  
And a variety of handsome  
**VESTINGS.**

All of the LATEST FASHIONS, which they will be happy to make up for their friends in the best style, and shortest notice.  
Oct 9. 21.

**Fresh and Splendid  
VELVET CLOTHES.**

**GEORGE OFFICER,**  
**Merchant Tailor,**

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a  
**Large Stock of Goods,**

including some of the best  
**Some of the best Velvet Cloths, and an assortment of Cassimeres, and a variety of VESTINGS,**

Of the latest fashions, with an assortment of  
**Stocks, Gloves, Collars & Suspenders.**

All of which he will sell for Cash or to punctual men on moderate terms.  
Sept. 18.

**100 Dollars Reward.**

Ran away from the farm of the late Jonathan Pinkney, Esq. near Annapolis, two negroes, one named **JIM WOOLLEN**, aged a bout thirty years, five feet ten inches high, and

the other named **BEN SNOWDEN**, about 19 years old, five feet 8 inches high, very black and walks a little lame. It is supposed that these negroes went away in company with a bright mulatto man named Henry Wallace, belonging to Mrs. Juliana Price. The clothing of the above negroes is not known. A reward of fifty dollars will be given for the apprehension of the two negroes, or twenty five for each, if taken within this state and secured in jail so that I get them again, or one hundred dollars for both, or fifty for each if taken out of the state.

Sam. Pinkney admr.  
of Jonathan Pinkney.  
June 5. 40

**Persons**

Who have borrowed any Books belonging to the late Jonathan Pinkney, are requested to return them to the office of the subscriber.  
Sam. Pinkney.

Jan. 17.

**Public Sale**

Pursuant to the last will and testament of John Macoubbin, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, the subscribers will offer at public sale, on the 20th day of May next, if fair, if not on the next fair day thereafter, the FARM on which said Macoubbin formerly resided, situate on the north side of Severn river, and near to Magothly, being part of a tract of land called Homewood's Lot, but commonly known in the neighborhood by the name of Rich Neck, and containing

**150 Acres of Land,**

more or less. The improvements consist of a comfortable two story frame dwelling house, and some out buildings. This farm, from its vicinity to Baltimore and Annapolis, ought to be desirable. The sale will take place on the premises at 10 o'clock, A. M. when and where the terms will be made known by

Haratio Ridout,  
James Mackubin,  
Executors of John Macoubbin.  
Feb. 5

## Legislature of Maryland.

### House of Delegates.

SATURDAY, February 21, 1829.

The house met. Were present the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Hope presented a petition of Benjamin G. Jones, formerly sheriff of Harford county, praying for the passage of a resolution suspending all further proceedings on certain judgments obtained by the state against him, and that he may be chargeable with an interest of six per centum only, on the conditions therein mentioned, which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Hope, M. Mahon, of Baltimore city, and Ganitt.

Mr. Rogerson asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, A further supplement to an act regulating fences in Charles and Allegany counties, passed at December session 1826, chapter 82.

And, on his motion, it was ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker to prepare and report said bill. Messrs. Rogerson, Mitchell and Kings were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order. Whereupon,

Mr. Rogerson, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill, which being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Wallis, chairman of the select committee, therein mentioned, delivered the following report:

The select committee, to whom was referred the memorial of sundry citizens of Kent county, praying that the provisions of an act passed at a December session 1826, chapter 82, relating to fences in Charles and Allegany counties, may be extended to Kent county, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report—That they have given to it all the attention which its importance required, and from all the information that they have been able to obtain relative to the operation of said law, in said counties, are of opinion, that the said act would not remedy the evils complained of; they therefore request that the memorialists have leave to withdraw their memorial.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Which, being twice read, was concurred in by the house.

Mr. Dunc, chairman of the committee on ways and means delivered the following report:

The committee of ways and means, to whom was referred a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to amend the lottery system, with the amendment proposed, with instructions to inquire whether the revenue arising therefrom, which constitutes the sole inducement to the whole system, will not be materially increased, and the pecuniary interests of the state materially subverted, by farming or letting out the lottery franchise, or by authorizing the sale of lottery tickets generally, under an increase of license money, and a payment of a per centum upon the proceeds of the sale of foreign lottery tickets, have had the said bill and order under their consideration, and make the following report:

In a moral or political view, few persons are found who approve of the lottery system, either as a source of revenue to the state, or as a means of receiving funds for any particular purpose. So long, however, has it been suffered, and so habitual has become the practice of venturing in lottery schemes, that it is almost, if not quite, impossible, to abolish, and difficult even to control it.

It is, however, the serious duty of every state to render this system as little mischievous as possible in its operation, and if practicable, to circumscribe its operations; and although Maryland has as yet failed to reduce the evil which all complain of, and to confine its operation to the limits of our own territory, the obligation on the legislature still remains with increased strength, to interpose all the power of the state to effect that object.

Other states to the north and east, have, it appears, completely excluded the Maryland lottery tickets; while millions of dollars continue to be drawn from our citizens, and embarked in the schemes of the same states, and an important portion of our capital is thus continually drained, without any equivalent whatever.

The farming out the franchise of drawing lotteries within the state, would of course include the right of selling indiscriminately, tickets in any lottery whatever, and without such an extension of rights, no dealer, it is presumed, would embark in the contract. The effects of such a project upon the community, are at once to be seen—what is now done by art and contrivance, to elude detection and prevent prosecution, would become legalized, and the restraint in selling foreign tickets being removed, the amount of money carried off would be greatly increased.

Your committee, however, deeming it a duty to make every inquiry, soon after the subject was referred to them, sought from every source of information within their reach, what could be the largest amount that might be raised by farming out the franchise; they have it in their power to say, that not more than \$15,000 can be obtained, unless the right of licensing dealers is also surrendered—a sum far from being an equivalent for the sacrifices which would be the consequence of such a measure.

With regard to licensing the sale of foreign tickets, from which it was presumed that a considerable revenue might be received, your committee are of opinion, after investigation, that it would fail in effecting any increase whatever; that it would be easily evaded, and would extend the evil we now suffer under; and the proposal has been disapproved of by every person who has been inquired of, and who are informed upon the subject. Some increase could doubt be effected in the amount received from licenses to dealers, by authorizing the indiscriminate sale of tickets; but not enough of itself to merit consideration.

Your committee, therefore, recommend to the legislature to persevere in endeavoring to limit as far as legislative enactments can effect it, the sale of foreign lottery tickets, and to continue the present system of state lotteries, in fact, until a fair trial can be given to additional guards against fraud or evasion, which are presumed to be provided by the bill reported to the house on the 11th inst.

The clerk of the senate returned the resolution referring

to the chancellor of Maryland, the claim on the state, of John M. Hepburn, administrator de bonis non of John Hepburn deceased, endorsed, assented to, with the proposed amendment, which amendment was read the first, and by a special order, the second time, and concurred in.

Ordered, That the said resolution be engrossed.

Also delivered the following message, which was read, viz.

By the Senate, February 20, 1829.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates.

The senate have received your message, and accede to your proposition for the adjournment of the legislature on the 28th instant, and would take leave to add, that the business now before the senate can with convenience be acted on and finished by an earlier day than the one designated, should an earlier day meet the views of your honorable body.

By order, L. Cassaway, Clk.

Also returned the bill, entitled, An act to make valid certain proceedings of Thomas H. Hicks, late sheriff and collector of Dorchester county.

And the bill, entitled, An act to divorce Eliza Howell, and her husband Isaac Howell, of Washington county, severally endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendment.'

Also returned the bill, entitled, An act to authorize marriage in certain cases, endorsed 'will not pass.'

And returned the bill, entitled, An act to provide for electing commissioners for Washington county, and prescribing their powers and duties, endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendment.' Which amendment being read the first time.

Mr. Yoe moved that it now have a second reading by a special order.

Pending the question on this motion, and the debate which arose thereon, the Speaker announced, that the hour had arrived for resuming the consideration of the order of the day; which was the unfinished business of yesterday, in reference to the several bills reported from the committee on ways and means, for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, with the amendments proposed and reported by the committee of the whole house to the one first reported. When,

Mr. Mahon of Baltimore city, moved, that the said order of the day be postponed.

And the question on this motion being put, it was decided in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Mahon, of Baltimore city, seconded by two other members, the house was then called, and the door-keeper sent for such of the absent members as were remaining in the city. When,

On motion by Mr. Mahon of Baltimore city, the house agreed to proceed in the consideration of its ordinary business, until the door-keeper shall have returned.

The Speaker stated the ordinary business of the house to be the question then depending on the motion of Mr. Yoe for a second reading, by a special order, of the amendment proposed by the senate to the bill, entitled, An act to provide for electing commissioners for Washington county, and prescribing their powers and duties. And,

The house accordingly resumed the consideration of said motion.

When the previous question was called for by Mr. Beck-

ett, and being demanded by a majority of the members present.

The previous question was then put, in the form prescribed by the rules of the house, to wit: Shall the main question be now put? And it was resolved in the affirmative.

The said main question was then put, to wit: Will the house agree to give a second reading, by a special order to the said amendment? And it was resolved in the affirmative.

The said amendment was then read the second time, accordingly.

Mr. Turner of Baltimore county, moved that the said bill, with the amendment proposed by the senate, be laid on the table.

And the question thereon, being put, was decided in the negative.

The question then recurred, and was stated, Will the house assent to the amendment proposed by the senate to the said bill?

Pending this question,

The door-keeper returned and reported, that he had given notice to the absent members, remaining in the city, to attend the house.

The Speaker stated, that the ordinary business of the house, then under consideration, was suspended, and that according to the rules, the order of the day, before mentioned, came up for consideration to the exclusion of all other business. When,

Mr. Mahon of Baltimore city, moved further to postpone the said order of the day, for the purpose of submitting to the consideration of the house, certain orders, which he then held in his hand.

The Speaker decided that this motion was not in order.

From which decision of the Speaker, Mr. Mahon of Baltimore city, seconded by another member, appealed to the house.

And, after some debate, on the question, Shall the decision of the Speaker stand as the judgment of the house? It was resolved in the affirmative.

Pending the call of the yeas and nays, when the vote of Mr. Smith, of Worcester, was called for, he rose in his place, and asked to be excused from voting; and on the question being put, Shall Mr. Smith of Worcester, be excused from voting? It was resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Mahon of Baltimore city, then moved that the clerk be directed to enter on the journal of the proceedings of the house, the orders referred to in the statement of his motion further to postpone the said order of the day, for the purpose of submitting them to the house.

The speaker decided that this motion was not now in order.

The house then again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house, and resumed the consideration of the order of the day, being the unfinished business of yesterday, in regard to the two several bills reported from the committee on ways and means, each entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, with

the amendments proposed and reported by the committee of the whole house to the one which was afterwards recommended to the committee from which it was originally reported, with certain instructions; after some time spent therein, the speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Thomas, the chairman, reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had under consideration the bill of the above title, which had been last reported from the committee on ways and means, pursuant to said instructions; and having adopted sundry amendments thereto, he was directed to report the same to the house, with the said two several bills and amendments before mentioned, which had been committed and recommitted to said committee.

Ordered, That the said bills, with the amendments proposed to each of them, do lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Semmes, it was Ordered, That the amendments proposed and reported to-day, by the committee of the whole house, to the bill which had been committed to said committee, as above mentioned, be printed.

A message was received from the senate by their clerk, and also a message from the executive department by its clerk, which were delivered in at the speaker's desk, but not read.

On motion by Mr. Semmes,

The house then adjourned until Monday morning nine o'clock.

MONDAY, February 23, 1829.

The house met. Were present the same members as on Saturday. Mr. Eccleston, who had been absent since Thursday last, in consequence of indisposition, again appeared, and resumed his seat in the house. The proceedings of Saturday were read.

Robert Swann, esquire, who has been declared and returned duly elected a delegate for Allegany county, to the general assembly, to supply the vacancy in the representation of said county, in this house, occasioned by the death of William Price, esquire, late a member of this house, for said county, appeared, and after being duly qualified in the manner and form prescribed by the constitution and laws of this state, before Isaac Holland, esquire, a justice of the peace for Anne Arundel county, took his seat as a member of the house of delegates.

Mr. Semmes presented a memorial of Mary S. Magee, of the city of Annapolis, praying for the payment of a claim against the state, left by her late father Joseph Clarke, who was the architect of the state-house, for the superintendence, or completion, of certain repairs of the state-house and government-house, in the said city; which memorial was referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

Mr. Hughes presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Montgomery county, praying for an alteration in the manner of granting licenses to ordinary keepers; which memorial was referred to the committee already appointed on the subject.

Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, presented a petition of Mary J. J. Williamson, and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying that an act may be passed for the incorporation of a charitable society, for the purposes therein mentioned; which petition was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Stewart and M. Mahon of Baltimore city, and Ely.

Mr. King presented a petition of sundry citizens of Charles county, praying that a certain road therein described, may be made a public road; which petition was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. King, Rogerson and Mitchell.

Mr. Gale presented a petition of Robert Thompson, and others, citizens of Charles-town, in Cecil county, praying for the repeal of certain acts of assembly therein mentioned, relative to a house and lot of land in said town appropriated to the purpose of religious worship, and a public school, and as a place of meeting for the commissioners of said town; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Gale, Evans and Townsend.

And a petition of Andrew Barratt, and others, of Cecil county, praying for the passage of a law to encourage the destruction of crows; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Mercer, Evans and Gale.

The message received from the executive department on Saturday last, was announced by the speaker, when three several communications were read, and are as follow:

Executive Department,  
Annapolis, February 20th, 1829.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We have received your resolution of yesterday's date, requesting us to inform you "to what amount the rights given to the visitors and governors of St. John's and Washington colleges, to draw schemes of lotteries for the purpose of raising the sum of one hundred and sixty thousand dollars, have been extinguished;" also to report to you "whether in our opinion, the law or laws authorizing the drawing of such lotteries, and also the law passed at December session 1823, are so ambiguously expressed or framed, that any fraud or injury may be committed or suffered by the state;" and respectfully inform you that we are not in possession of information sufficient, to enable us to determine "to what amount the rights given to the visitors and governors of St. John's and Washington colleges, to draw schemes of lotteries for the purpose of raising the sum of one hundred and sixty thousand dollars have been extinguished." The said colleges, soon after the enactment of the law of 1823, sold to Palmer Canfield, of the city of New York, the rights given to them to raise the sum aforesaid. We are not informed, with exactness, what amount of capital is contained in the several schemes proposed and drawn by Mr. Canfield, but we are in possession of evidence of his having proposed the following schemes, viz.

5th class, new series,	\$66,440 00
6th do.	98,000 00
7th do.	98,000 00
8th do.	784,000 00
9th do.	88,000 00
10th do.	78,400 00
11th do.	78,400 00
12th do.	78,400 00
	\$1,801,440 00

It is believed that the 6th and 12th classes or schemes &c.

(See last page)



(Continued from last page.)  
Until patent has issued thereon, and it is deemed proper and necessary that the people of this state, holding such lands, should be apprised thereof. Therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the register of the land office for the western shore be and he is hereby authorized and required, to make out and transmit to the clerks of the several county courts of this state, lists of all unpatented certificates of survey and resurvey, remaining in his office, for lands in said counties, respectively, and which had become ready for patent before and since the revolution; and said clerks are hereby respectively required to set up at the doors of their respective court houses, copies of said lists, during the sessions of their respective courts.

Which being read the first time, were on motion of Mr. Semmes, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Hughlett submitted the following resolutions:  
Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby required and directed, to superintend the collection of the state's claims on the western shore, and to employ such attorney or attorneys as he may deem proper, and in all things in said collection, to use his sound discretion to bring the said claims into the treasury. Also

Resolved, That the treasurer of the eastern shore, be and he is hereby required and directed to superintend the collection of the state's claims on the eastern shore, and to employ such attorney or attorneys as he may deem proper, and in all things in said collection to use his sound discretion to bring the said claims into the treasury.

Resolved, That the respective treasurers shall be indemnified for all reasonable commissions, not exceeding five per cent. for all sums actually received by such attorney or attorneys as they may employ, and such other compensation to said treasurers as may be just and reasonable for any expense that they may incur in the performance of said duties.

Which, being read the first time, were, on motion of Mr. Semmes, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Turner of Baltimore county, chairman of the select committee, appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act to provide for the appointment of visitors and governors of the jail of Baltimore county, and to prescribe their powers and duties.

Mr. Gale, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act to alter and change the time of holding the county courts in the second judicial district of this state, and for other purposes.

Mr. Wallis, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to empower the levy court of Kent county, to grant relief to indigent persons, in said county, passed December session, 1827, chap. 39. And

Mr. Wright, of Dorchester, chairman of the select committee, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act to repeal a part of an act, entitled, An act for draining a branch, and the low lands at Parson's creek, and Tobacco Stick, in Dorchester county.

Which said bills, being severally read the first time, were ordered to lie on the table.

The two messages, received yesterday from the senate, were announced by the speaker, and read by the clerk, to the house.

By the first message, were returned, the resolution concerning Henry Harding, late collector of Montgomery county; and the resolution suspending further proceedings against Benjamin G. Jones, formerly sheriff of Harford county; severally endorsed, "assented to."

Also, the bill, entitled, An act for the relief of Mary Debruler, of Frederick county. And,

The bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the relief of the poor of Montgomery and Harford counties; severally endorsed, "will pass."

Ordered, That the said resolutions and bills, respectively, be engrossed.

Also, the bill, entitled, An act to reduce into one act, the several acts of assembly, relating to the civil jurisdiction of justices of the peace, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned; endorsed, "will not pass."

And, delivered a bill, originated in, and passed by, the senate, entitled, An act relating to the public lands, which, being read by its title, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Buskirk, M'Mahon of Allegany, and Graven.

And, a communication from the trustees of the Maryland college, formerly the Harford county academy, (enclosing their report, exhibiting the state and condition of that institution; addressed to the superintendent of public instruction, in obedience to a resolution, passed at the last session;) which, being referred by the senate to the consideration of this house, was referred to the committee on education.

And, by the second message, were returned the resolutions and bills of the following titles:

A resolution in favour of John Goddard, of Prince George's county, who was a soldier of the revolutionary war.

A resolution in favour of John Curtis, of the city of Baltimore, a soldier of the revolutionary war.

A resolution in favour of Philip Sizler, of the city of Baltimore, a soldier of the revolutionary war. And,

A resolution in favour of John Stanton, a soldier of the revolutionary war; severally endorsed, "assented to."

An act to abolish the office of trustee of the state, and to authorise the treasurer of the western shore to employ a clerk, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered, That the said resolutions and bill be severally engrossed.

An act to establish a bank and incorporate a company, under the name of The Washington County Bank, at the town of Williams Port, in Washington County. And,

A supplement to an act for regulating and inspecting weights and measures used in this state, passed at December session 1825, chapter 206. Severally endorsed "will not pass."

An act to authorise the issuing of attachments by justices of the peace, for the recovery of small debts, endorsed, "reconsidered and will not pass."

By the Senate, February 23, 1829.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

The senate, in compliance with your request have reconsidered the bill, entitled, An act authorising the issuing of attachments by the justices of the peace for the recovery of small debts, and after the most mature reflection are constrained to dissent from the views of your honourable body. The senate have accordingly again rejected the bill, and now return it.

By order, L. Cassaway, Clk.

And delivered a bill, originated in, and passed by the senate, entitled, An act to authorise the governor and council to appoint an inspector and measurer of lumber, and a measurer of coal in the town of William's-Port, Washington county; which, being read by its title, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Yoe, Beatty and Miller.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills and a resolution, of the following titles:

An act to authorise the building of a bridge across the Severn river, from a point on the land of Thomas R. Cross, to the county road on the opposite shore, leading to Ashpaw's Landing, on Marley Creek. And,

An act for the relief of Martha Jacobs, of the city of Baltimore. Severally endorsed "will pass."

Also an act for accelerating and effectuating proceedings upon writs of mandamus, and for facilitating and determining the rights of offices and franchises in corporations, endorsed "will

pass, with the proposed amendments." Which amendments being read the first, and by a special order the second time, were severally assented to.

Also, a resolution relative to the free school fund of Talbot county, endorsed "assented to."

Ordered, That the said bills and resolution, be severally engrossed.

And, an act for the benefit of certain proprietors of lots in the city of Baltimore, endorsed "will pass, with the proposed amendments."

Which amendments were read the first time, and on motion by Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, ordered to lie on the table.

And delivered several petitions from sundry citizens of Washington county, counter to the petitions from other citizens of said county, praying for a change in the organization of the levy court of said county; which being referred by the senate, to the consideration of this house, were on motion of Mr. Teackle, ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Semmes, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, as regards the bill originally reported on the 9th instant, by Mr. Done, an chairman of the committee on ways and means, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, and reported by the committee of the whole house, to which it had been committed, with sundry amendments.

A message was received from the senate, by their clerk, which was delivered in at the speaker's desk, and not announced or read.

Mr. Lee moved, that when the house adjourns, it will stand adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

And the question thereon being taken, was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Blakistone, The house accordingly adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, February 25, 1829.

The house met. Were present, the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Gale presented a petition of sundry citizens of the town of Port-Deposit, in Cecil county, praying for an amendment of the act of incorporation of said town; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Gale, Evans and Townsend.

Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act relating to the city of Baltimore.

And, on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker, to prepare and report said bill. Messrs. Stuart and M'Mahon of Baltimore city, and Price, were appointed the said committee pursuant to the order. Whereupon,

Mr. Stuart, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill; which being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Done, chairman of the committee on ways and means, delivered the following report:

The committee of ways and means, which was directed, by order of the house on the 27th January, to enquire into the cause of the falling off in the auction duties; the omission of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, to comply with the 22d section of the act of 1827, chapter 111, and the expediency of repealing the 21st section of said law, report,

That immediately after the adoption of the said order, the committee opened a correspondence with the Mayor of the City of Baltimore, the several licensed Auctioneers, and a number of intelligent Merchants, requesting such information as would enable the committee to make a satisfactory report to the legislature.

From most of the persons with whom the committee has communicated, it is understood that there has been no diminution of the proceeds of duties on auctions during the last year. The statement, however, which has been received from the city register, does not authorise the committee to state positively the fact.

In the report of the treasurer, it is seen that there was paid into the treasury to December 1st 1828, from these duties, the sum of \$2,390 17 cents. In that of the register it is stated, that from April 1st, to October 1st, there had accrued the sum of \$8,076 19 cents, and from October 1st, to January 1st 1829, the further sum of \$2,708 68 cents, which last under the city regulations would be payable the 1st April 1829. The aggregate of these three sums exhibits the whole amount accruing in the last nine months of the last year, to be \$13,175 04 cents. If the product of the first three months of the last year was in the same ratio, the whole amount of duties would be \$17,566 72 cents. It is supposed that a larger proportion than that allowed above, was realised during the first quarter of 1828, from the spring sales; but of that your committee can form no opinion themselves, and the register of the city having confined his report to the months succeeding that in which the law went into operation, the committee are unable, as before stated, to come to any conclusion.

It would, however, appear from the amount of duties which accrued during the six months previous to the 1st January last, from six auctioneers licensed under the act of 1827, that if there have been a diminution in the receipts of the last year, there is reason to believe that in the present there will be a considerable increase; and some hope may be entertained, that the amount will be above the sum to be paid for deepening the harbour of the city of Baltimore.

The amount accrued as above to the 1st January is \$9,901 51 cents; and as a number of licenses from the city authorities did not expire until the close of the last year, and some of them extended to the present time, it may fairly be presumed, that when the whole amount of accruing duties shall be paid into the treasury, a considerable revenue will be received from that source.

Your committee would, however, for reasons obvious to all who are acquainted with the fluctuations of trade, recommend an alteration in the law, so as to require the payments to be made quarterly, instead of half yearly. The auctioneers have always been accustomed to that arrangement under the city ordinances, and it would be dividing the labour of the treasurer in examining the accounts. Several other amendments your committee are of opinion ought to be adopted, all of which are embraced in a supplemental law, which will be reported; and the committee trust they will be able so to explain them to the house as to satisfy the members of the propriety of the changes proposed.

The mayor of the city of Baltimore has accounted satisfactorily to the committee for the failure in furnishing an account, as directed in the 22d section of the law of 1827. Under the city ordinances the register is directed to call in all city accounts for adjustment by the last day of the year. The accounts when filed are audited by the city council, who assemble on the first Monday in January, and from their multiplicity cannot be finally passed on before the middle of the month, it was therefore impossible to meet the directions of the law to report by the first day of January, and it will be hereafter impossible, unless the city council shall concede their fiscal year at a different period antecedent to the close of the natural year.

Your committee have duly considered the last order, directing them to inquire into the expediency of repealing the 21st section of the law of 1827. Although it is plain, that there is no pledge given by the state to continue the appropriation of \$20,000 annually, for keeping open the harbour of the city of Baltimore, and that it can be discontinued whenever the legislature thinks proper to do so; it is nevertheless an interesting consideration, how far the interest of the whole community requires that every facility and assistance should be afforded by

the legislature to prevent the harbour from filling up. In the prosperity of Baltimore, as a great commercial emporium, every individual of our state is deeply concerned, and it is certainly the duty of the legislature to advance and promote the increase of its wealth, its commerce, and its population.

At a period of time when the commerce and navigation of this city, is in a depressed condition, when the tonnage duties which are appropriated to the improvement of the harbour are far below their former value; when a struggle is making for its very existence as a commercial city, and a debt already heavy is about to be increased to a vast amount in the prosecution of stupendous works of internal improvement, which will make the age in which they are projected glorious to the end of time, it is surely unwise, inexpedient and liberal, either to increase its burthens, or to deprive it of any source of revenue to which it now looks, and has hitherto enjoyed.

Your committee therefore think it inexpedient to repeal the said section.

Which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Crabb, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act to repeal an act passed at December session 1825, chapter 206, entitled, An act for regulating and inspecting weights and measures used in this state; which was read the first, and by a special order, the second time.

On motion by Mr. Hood, the said bill was amended, by inserting therein, after the words, "be and the same is hereby repealed," the following, "except so much thereof as concerns the tobacco inspection warehouses."

On motion by Mr. Johns, the said bill was further amended, by inserting "Harford," after "Anne-Arundel," in the last line thereof.

On motion by Mr. Hughlett, "Talbot" was also inserted.

On motion by Mr. Wallis, "Kent" was also inserted.

On motion by Mr. Mercer, "Cecil" was also inserted.

On motion by Mr. Beckett, "Calvert" was also inserted.

On motion by Mr. Hardcastle of Caroline, the name of that county was also inserted.

On motion by Mr. Smith of Worcester, the name of that county was also inserted.

The word "county" at the end of the bill was then changed to "counties."

Mr. M'Mahon of Allegany, moved that the said bill, as amended, be laid on the table.

This motion was negatived.

The question was then put, Shall the bill pass as amended?

It was resolved in the affirmative; and the bill sent to the senate for concurrence.

Mr. Lee submitted the following message:

By the House of Delegates, February 25th, 1829.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We send you herewith a bill to provide for a reassessment and revaluation of the property of this state; as its structure was of the highest importance to the interest of our fellow citizens, and more time has been taken up in preparing it than we anticipated, when we proposed to your honourable body to adjourn the session on the 28th inst. we beg leave to suggest to you propriety of extending the session beyond that day, in order that ample time may be afforded to your honourable body to examine the principles involved therein, and to obtain your concurrence thereto, as well as to act upon other important measures now pending in this house.

Which, being read, Mr. Thomas to amend the same, by striking therefrom, so much thereof as follows the terms, "on the 28th inst." and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:

"We beg leave to say to your honourable body, if it should appear, from a consideration of the subject, that you have not time to pass upon the several measures before you, with that deliberation which a due regard to their importance may seem to require, we are prepared to extend the session beyond the day now stipulated."

Pending the question on this motion;

Mr. Semmes moved, that the proposed message and amendment be laid on the table.

And the question thereon, being taken, was resolved in the affirmative.

The message, received yesterday from the Senate, was announced by the speaker, and read by the clerk, to the House; by which message were returned the bills of this house, of the following titles.

An act relating to county clerks. And,

An act to relinquish the right of the state to the personal property of Elizabeth Jackson, deceased, and to transfer the same to Mary Elizabeth Ringgold, severally endorsed "will pass." And,

An act to authorise the justices of the levy court of Talbot county to protect the roof of the court house from the effects of fire, endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendment."

Which amendment being read the first, and by a special order the second time, was assented to.

Ordered, That the said bills be severally engrossed.

And also was delivered a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, counter to the passage of the bill for abolishing the levy court, and electing commissioners; which petition being referred by the senate to the consideration of this house, was,

On motion of Mr. Teackle, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Rogerson, chairman of the committee therein mentioned, delivered the following reports:

The committee on pensions and revolutionary claims to whom was referred the petition of Thomas Chenoweth, of Harford county, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report—that it is the opinion of this committee that the petitioner is not entitled to a pension; therefore recommend that he have leave to withdraw his petition.

By order, Geo. A. Farquhar, Clk.

The committee on pensions and revolutionary claims to whom was referred the petition of James Burden, of Kent county, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report—that it is the opinion of this committee that he is not entitled to a pension; therefore recommend that he have leave to withdraw his petition.

By order, Geo. A. Farquhar, Clk.

The committee on pensions and revolutionary claims to whom was referred the petition of Elizabeth Merriken, of Anne-Arundel county, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report—that it is the opinion of this committee, that she is not entitled to a pension; therefore recommend that she have leave to withdraw her petition.

By order, Geo. A. Farquhar, Clk.

The said reports being twice read, were severally concurred in by the house.

Mr. Gough, chairman of the committee on insolvency, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of Victor D. Montali, of Baltimore county.

Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act to incorporate a mutual relief society within the city of Baltimore, by the name of The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the state of Maryland.

Baltimore Gazette

Thursday, March 5, 1829

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel County.

Gentlemen,  
I offer myself to your consideration, to represent you in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

JOHN S. SELLMAN.

For the Maryland Gazette.

Who is to be the next Member of Congress?

There appears to be such a mysterious confusion in the administration of affairs, respecting who will be their candidate for Congress, that the good people of the district are filled with no little distrust upon the subject. They are apprehensive, it is true, and many make no bones in speaking of that there appears to be rather too much meddling in the business. They say they see the wires in motion, but the hands who move them are invisible; and in sober truth, (and the managers know it well,) the steady and reflecting yeomanry of the country, notwithstanding many of them were opposed to the elevation of Jackson, to the presidency, are not disposed to sanction an opposition to his administration, before an opportunity is presented to them of judging of its measures. Particularly when they reflect that he comes into office by an overwhelming majority of the votes of the people, fairly and constitutionally given. It is really amusing, and perhaps will not be altogether uninteresting, to place in review before the good people of the district, the means that have been resorted to, in bringing out a candidate to oppose Mr. Weems, who, altho' guilty of some indiscretions, will be admitted by all to be honest in his intentions, and to manifest an ardent devotion to the interests of his constituents. In the first place, then, Colonel Boyle was announced, but it was soon discovered that the hey-day of the Colonel's popularity was on the decline, and he prudently makes a respectful communication to the Editor of the Maryland Republican, stating that it would be incompatible with his professional pursuits to take a poll at the coming election. No sooner is the Colonel's declining made known, than Mr. Thomas Carroll, of the city of Annapolis, is presented to the public, by many voters of the Ridge—heaven save the mark! But Mr. Carroll follows the example of Colonel Boyle, and respectfully withdraws himself from the public consideration! Col. Boyle, and Mr. Carroll are gentlemen of distinguished talents. But we suppose that talents are of but little weight in the cause of a falling party, and therefore upon the heels of Mr. Carroll's declaration, Mr. Estep is gravely announced who has not time to offer thanks, and make a respectful exit, "ere Mr. Edmund B. Duval, of Prince-George's, is brought forward as the candidate of the agricultural interest!!!!!! Thus Mr. Estep and Col. Duval are arrayed against each other. Mr. Estep, it is presumed, is the candidate of the commercial interest, being himself rather extensively engaged in commerce. Whether these gentlemen will prove obstinate, and refuse to give way, is not known. Whether a secret or public caucus will be resorted to, is alike unknown; or whether certain distinguished luminaries, of the state, who once came forward to heal dissension, when disorder was apparent in the democratic ranks, will be ushered upon the stage again as the candidate of all interests, is like the weather above, unknown, but a matter of speculation and conjecture. Thus far, gentlemen, we have seen, and although four candidates have been named, whether discreetly or indiscreetly I know not, yet before the people, not one has yet come up to the starting post, or sticking point. Let gentlemen beware! The eyes of eagles are upon them, and let them also be assured, that their public movements, tho' they correspond to all the lines in geometry, will be observed and delineated by

A PLANTER.

Lines occasioned by the Death of an affectionate Sister, who died Nov. 24th, 1828.

And is she gone—ah yes 'tis true, Without one fond, one last adieu,

To cheer her weeping Mother— 'Twas Heaven's decree that she should die, The bands are burst, and every tie Of her fraternal lover.

Thy beautiful form, thy sweet mild, Proclaim'd thee dear to all the child;

Thy worth surpass'd all few, Thy virtues, glowing in thy breast, Did thee to list to each distress, And happiness renew.

How fleet, how transient, on this earth, The course of one of Heaven's birth;

No longer is she seen— To grace the Church with meekest air, For she was good, as she was fair, Or deck the village green.

Her course was like the Comet's flight, Brilliant, glorious, sparkling, bright,

All luminous divines, And like that fiery meteor blaze, Short liv'd—but admiration's gaze, Can caught be more sublime!

Thou' 'tst left this nether world below, For scenes of bliss, this vale of woe,

Two chronicles'd a sphere; Fond parents could not here retain Their Daughter dear, tho' sighs were vain, Tho' mingled were their tears.

Friends forbear! nor ask me why, The tear does gather in my eye—

Or hangs my drooping head, Or lonely pass my weeping hours, 'Tis silent grief my heart departs I mourn a Sister dead!

Stranger! beware! beneath this sod Lies one, whose spirit's flown to God,

The mansion of the blest! For me, when life's short voyage is o'er, O! may I reach that happy shore, And with my Martha rest.

H. E. A.

Remedies—For sea sickness, stay on shore. For drunkenness, drink cold water, and repeat the prescription until you feel sober. For the gouty host, rub the printer. To keep out of jail, get out and keep out of debt.

To please every body, mind your own business.

To stay hungry, scrutinize the cook.

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COMMERCIAL

Departed this life, on the morning Thursday the 28th ult. Mr. JOHN LAW, in the 88th year of his age, noticing the demise of this gentleman, justice to his memory requires that we should say something of him than that he has finished his course upon earth. There are points in his character, which earned the earnest approbation of all men while he lived, and which, though we shall barely mention the most prominent of them, deserve to be remembered and imitated, now that he has disappeared from amongst us. Mr. Shaw was not only one of the best and most respectable inhabitants of this city, but, until disqualified for active life by age, and its concomitant infirmities, was one of the most useful of them. In the gallant and arduous struggle for our independence, he espoused the cause of freedom, and filled the then truly responsible and difficult station of attorney to the state. In that office he acquitted himself completely to the satisfaction of the public, as was shown by his having been continued many years after that struggle successfully terminated. He was gifted by nature with strength, as well as fortitude of mind, and possessed a degree of self-control which permitted the calmness of temper for which he was remarkable, to be undisturbed. Thus happily constituted, he pursued his way, content in the quietude of his heart, and just aim of his actions. Notwithstanding his earthly existence was protracted, by Divine Providence, to a term beyond that allotted to most men, his whole conduct remained free from reproach, and he ended into the grave, survived a fair and unblemished reputation, and in peace with the human race. He was not afraid to die!—He was characterized by industry, perseverance, strict integrity, and faithful attention to religious duty, which, in the face of his long and arduous career, prepared him for that awful day. To conclude—he was a good man, who lived sincerely beloved by his family, and deservedly eulogized by his fellow-citizens; and we trust, passed from this world here, to partake of the joys prepared to the righteous.

He died, on Monday morning last, after a short though painful illness, at the residence of his son, Mr. James Holland, of this city.

A FIRST RATE

Advertisement for a first rate building, located in the city of Annapolis, Maryland. The building is situated on the corner of East and Prince Georges streets, in a very healthy and airy location. It is a large, airy and commodious building, and is the present residence of the proprietor. It is situated at the corner of East and Prince Georges streets, in a very healthy and airy location. It is a large, airy and commodious building, and is the present residence of the proprietor. It is situated at the corner of East and Prince Georges streets, in a very healthy and airy location. It is a large, airy and commodious building, and is the present residence of the proprietor.

Collector's Sales.

Notice is hereby given, that on Friday the 13th day of March next, at 3 o'clock, at the White House Tavern, in the city of Annapolis, will be offered for sale, a sufficient quantity of Timber to satisfy taxes due Anne Arundel County by George Shipley & Co. Anthony Smith, Coll. A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given, that on Friday the 14th day of March, at 1 o'clock, at Greenbury's shop, all proceeds to sell Timber to satisfy taxes due by John Walker to Anne Arundel County, due for 1827. Anthony Smith, Coll. A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given, that on Friday the 15th day of March, at 11 o'clock, the premises near the Poplar Springs, all proceeds to sell Timber to satisfy taxes due by John Walker to Anne Arundel County, due for 1827. Anthony Smith, Coll. A. A. County.

By the General Assembly of Maryland.

Resolved, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the clerk of the Council, immediately advertise three times in all the newspapers printed in Annapolis, in two newspapers printed in Baltimore, and in one newspaper printed in Frederick and Hagerstown, and in one newspaper printed on the Eastern Shore of this state, for proposals for printing, covering with blue paper, and stitching, the usual number of Laws and Resolutions passed at the present Session of the Legislature, embracing an Index and Marginal Notes, and within twenty days from the passage of this resolution, he shall contract for said printing, covering, and stitching, on the lowest and best terms; Provided, that the contractors shall enter into bond and security, to deliver the said laws at the city of Annapolis, within thirty days from the close of the present session.

COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Annapolis, Feb. 27, 1829. In compliance with the foregoing resolution of the General Assembly, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That proposals will be received at this office, until Saturday the 16th of March next, for printing in the usual form, covering with blue paper, and stitching, two thousand copies of the Laws and Resolutions passed at the present session of the Legislature, embracing an Index and Marginal Notes. And on Monday, the 16th of March, the proposals received will be opened, and notice given immediately to the party whose offer may be accepted, that the contract may be completed, in conformity with the foregoing resolution.

Thos. Culbreth, Clk. of the Council. The editors of all the newspapers printed in Annapolis, the Patriot and Gazette in Baltimore, the Political Examiner in Frederick, the Maryland Herald in Hagerstown, and the Centreville Times will please insert the above three times in their respective papers. March 5.

NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Anne Arundel county, will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on the last Monday in March, being the 30th day of the said Month, for the purpose of ascertaining and levying the expenses of the county for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight. March 6. R

The State of Maryland.

At an Orphans Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown on the 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine.

PRESENT.

Joseph Stone, Esquires. George Thomas, Esquires. Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff. Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz: On application of John A. Clarke and wife, administrators of Calistus Underwood, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court that the said administrators give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans court for St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed the (seal) seal of the said court, this 26th day of February, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and twenty-nine. E. J. Millard, Register.

This is to give Notice.

That the subscribers of Saint Mary's county, have obtained from the Orphans court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Calistus Underwood, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 7th day of February next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 24th day of February 1829. John A. Clarke and wife, Administrators.

COWS & CALVES.

The subscriber wishes to sell about 8 or 10 MILK COWS, with the CALVES. The Cows are from 4 to 6 years old. Apply to Henry Mayer, Sandy Point. March 6.

Valuable Property for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the court of Chancery, the subscriber will sell at public sale, in the city of Annapolis, on Saturday the 4th day of April next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, the dwelling plantation of Dr. Geo. M. Worthington, late of Anne Arundel county, &c. &c. This plantation is situated about four miles from the city of Annapolis, it contains by recent survey,

975 ACRES.

The quality of this land is said to be excellent, a considerable part of it is very heavily timbered, it has also extensive meadows, and a water mill now in operation, capable of attention of being made very valuable to the owner.

The buildings consist of a new and comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, & all necessary out houses. A plot of this land will be exhibited on the day of sale, and it will be sold entire or in parcels to suit purchasers.

THE TERMS OF SALE.

Are, a credit of four, eight and twelve months, the purchaser or purchasers to give bond with good securities for the payment of each instalment, with interest thereon from the day of sale. George Wells, Jr. Trustee.

March 5. The creditors of the said Dr. B. M. Worthington, deceased, are required to produce their claims properly authenticated, to the Register of the court of chancery, within four months from the day of sale.

Corporation Notice.

All persons having claims against the Corporation of the city of Annapolis, are requested to present the same to the treasurer, by the 10th day of March next. By order, Holland, Clk.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel county, Orphans Court. Feb. 10th, 1829.

On application, by petition, of James A. Meredith, administrator with the will annexed, of Thomas Meredith, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis. Thos. T. Simmons, Reg. of Wills, A. A. C.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Thomas Meredith, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of August next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 10th day of February, 1829. James A. Meredith, Adm'r. Feb 12. 6w

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court February 6th, 1829.

On application, by petition, of John S. Sellman, administrator of Joseph Harwood, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis. Thos. T. Simmons, Reg. of Wills, A. A. C.

Notice is hereby given,

That the Subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Joseph Harwood, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 6th day of August next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of February 1829. John S. Sellman, Adm'r. Feb 12. 6w

Cheap Dry Goods.

The undersigned, offers for sale, at his old stand opposite the MARKET HOUSE, A handsome assortment of Dry Goods, consisting in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Vestings, Flannels, Blankets, Calicoes, Ginghams, Broads of Naples Silks, Irish Linens, Irish Sheetings (3 yards wide), Hoosier, Gloves, Shawls, and a variety of other GOODS, all of which he has determined to sell very low for cash. RICHARD RIDGELY. Feb. 12.

Swain's Panacea.

For the cure of Scrofula or King's Evil, Syphilis, and Mercurotic Diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcerous Sores, Burns, Scalds, Discharges of the Liver and Skin, General Debility, &c., and all diseases arising from impure blood. It has also been found beneficial to Nervous and Dyspeptic complaints. Price—Two Dollars per bottle, and Twenty Dollars per Dozen.

TO THE PUBLIC.

In consequence of the numerous frauds and impositions practised in reference to my medicine, I am again induced to change the form of my bottles. In future, the Panacea will be put up in round bottles, fluted longitudinally, with the following words blown in the glass, "Swain's Panacea—Philadelphia."

These bottles are much stronger than those heretofore used, and will have but one label, which covers the cork, with my own signature on it, so that the cork cannot be drawn without destroying the signature, without which none is genuine. The medicine must consequently be known to be genuine when my signature is visible; to counterfeits which, will be punishable as forgery.

The increasing demand for this celebrated medicine has enabled me to reduce the price to two dollars per bottle, thus bringing it within the reach of the indigent.

My Panacea requires no encomium; its astonishing effects and wonderful operation, have drawn, both from Patients and Medical Practitioners of the highest respectability, the most unqualified approbation, and established for it a character, which envy's pen, tho' dipped in gall, can never tarnish.

The false reports concerning this valuable medicine, which have been so diligently circulated by certain Physicians, have their origin either in envy or in the mischievous effects of the spurious imitations.

The Proprietor pledges himself to the public, and gives them the most solemn assurance, that this medicine contains neither mercury, nor any other deleterious drug.

The public are cautioned not to purchase my Panacea, except from myself, my accredited agents, or persons of known respectability, and all those who will consequently be without excuse, who shall purchase from any other persons. Wm. SWAIM. Philadelphia, Sept. 1828.

From Doctor Valentine Mott, Professor of Surgery in the University of New York, Surgeon of the New York Hospital &c. &c. I have repeatedly used Swain's Panacea, both in the Hospital and in private practice, and have found it to be a valuable medicine in chronic, syphilitic and scrofulous complaints, and in obstinate cutaneous affections.

Valentine Mott, M. D. New-York, last mo 5th, 1828.

From Doctor William P. Dewees, Adjunct Professor of Midwifery in the University of Pennsylvania, &c. &c. I have much pleasure in saying, I have witnessed the most decided and happy effects in several instances of inveterate disease, from Mr. Swain's Panacea, where other remedies had failed—one was that of Mrs. Brown.

Wm. P. Dewees, M. D. Philadelphia, Feb. 20, 1823.

From Doctor James Mease, Member of the American Philosophical Society, &c. &c. I cheerfully add my testimony in favour of Mr. Swain's Panacea, as a remedy in Scrofula. I saw two inveterate cases perfectly cured by it, after the usual remedies had been long tried without effect—those of Mrs. Officer and Mrs. Campbell.

James Mease, M. D. Philadelphia, Feb. 18, 1823.

The GENUINE PANACEA may be had, wholesale and retail, at the Proprietor's own prices, of HENRY PRICE, Sole Agent in Baltimore.

At the corner of Baltimore and Hanover streets. Nov 27.

SWAIN'S PANACEA.

To the Editor of the American Daily Advertiser.

Sir—Enclosed you have a letter, a deposition, and certificate entitled to the highest consideration. If such detail as is here sworn to by the unhappy sufferer himself, and certified to be true, as of their own knowledge, by two most respectable Physicians; and by the Magistrate, before whom the deposition was made, then do I aver that those who resist such evidence would not believe even though the miraculous cure should be performed under their own eyes. This case has made a deep and lasting impression on the neighbourhood where Mrs. Applegate lives, and I do not at all doubt but it will leave an impression little less durable wherever it shall be read. I ask, and am asked by others, with such wonderful cures, sustained by the most unimpeachable testimony, why is not Swain's Panacea prescribed by more of our regular Physicians? They know well the cases in which it would surely be efficacious. If it were not for the high respect I have for the Medical Profession, I would not hesitate to implore their conduct to jealousy or envy, or to some equally unequitable quality. I ask from the public

for the following statement, signed and certified, a candid and impartial bearing—I ask no more, because I know no more are necessary to carry conviction to the mind of the most prejudiced.

A Neighbor.

Greenbury, Middlesex County, N. J. January 17th, 1829.

Mr. William Swain, Philadelphia, Sir—Being for a few days at this place, and having heard astonishing accounts of the cure of Mrs. Sarah Applegate, of a disease which had baffled the skill of the best physicians for seven years, I determined to call and be convinced if it were strictly true. I found her enjoying good health, which she assured me had been the case for the last three years—from the time she had been cured by the use of Swain's Panacea.

The horrid ravages made by the disease, are of course visible, and the lower extremities present an appearance which beggars description; that disease in any form could make such inroads on the human system without producing death, is as astonishing as it is wonderful. She informs me that in June, 1818, a tumor formed immediately below the knee, which was extremely painful, the anasarca and swelling of it caused her so much alarm, that she applied to a medical gentleman for relief. The tumor opened, and was succeeded by many others, until the whole limb was covered with large corroding ulcers. Medical skill was entirely unavailing to check the progress of the disease, and the patient was reduced to a most deplorable condition, the flesh seemed to be separated from the bones—the immense discharge from so many ulcers, completely prostrated the patient's strength, her appetite was gone; and nature nearly exhausted.

In this state of misery Mrs. Applegate passed under the hands of several skillful Physicians, without experiencing benefit for a period of seven years. To give you a just idea of her sufferings, as gathered from her own candid and artless description, I confess my utter inability. She lingered on, sometimes able to take a little exercise in a carriage, and then again unable to leave her bed for several successive months, until about five years after she was first attacked with the disease, when as she was riding the horses ran away, overturned the carriage threw her out, and caused a compound fracture of the hip. Under this accumulation of misery and suffering she lingered two years. Her bones and integuments were laid bare, large pieces of the remaining flesh she had were constantly sloughing out, and her situation was wretched and pitiable beyond comparison, cheered by no ray of hope, doomed to wear a way a miserable existence, and hourly wishing for death. She was told by some of her friends that Swain's Panacea would, if any thing could, relieve her. Mrs. Applegate consented to remove, and did remove to Philadelphia; this removal was with difficulty accomplished, and she remained, as you may recollect, under your care for about two weeks. Being at the end of that time convalescent, she returned home. It is impossible to express the astonishment created by her return in the minds of all who had seen her during the seven years of her sufferings. She was soon, to general admiration, restored to perfect health.

Thus, Sir, by the use of your Panacea, which is acknowledged to be one of the richest gifts bestowed on suffering humanity—this unfortunate woman was restored to health and usefulness. Three years have elapsed since Mrs. A. was cured, since that time she has become the happy mother of a daughter, and a finer or healthier infant I never beheld. This fact, while it is a convincing proof of the efficacy of your medicine in removing affections that originate from impurity of the blood, is equally convincing that it regenerates and invigorates all the vital principles and functions of humanity.

This case should be published—it is your interest to publish it, & it is for the benefit of the whole human family, that such astonishing and well authenticated facts be made known, although perhaps, to those who are already acquainted with the virtues of Swain's Panacea, it may not be necessary, yet believe me there are yet numbers entirely ignorant of its many virtues, and powerful restorative properties, who are labouring under all the horrors of disease, that for their benefit alone such cases should be made as public as possible.

With sentiments of esteem, I remain respectfully, yours, Signed William B. Hamilton.

Personally appeared before me, (L. S.) Robert McChesney, one of the Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, in the State of New Jersey, Sarah Applegate, who made oath that the foregoing letter contains an accurate account of her case, and cure by Swain's Panacea.

Signed Sarah Applegate. Swain and subscribed to before me, the 17th day of January, 1829.

Signed Robert McChesney. CERTIFICATE. We, the undersigned, inhabitants of Cranberry, were witnesses of the

above mentioned case of Mrs. Sarah Applegate, and her cure by Swain's Panacea, after seven years' continuance, and cheerfully subscribe to the truth of the above case, in the hope that others may be induced to apply for relief to this same source.

Signed Ralph P. Lott, M. D. Signed George Davis, M. D. Signed Robert McChesney, J. P.

N. B. In order to put the public on their guard, we are assured that there are a number of counterfeit advertisements of this most valuable remedy, which has already done much injury, not only to the character of the genuine Swain's Panacea, but to the lasting injury of the patient's health. Feb 28

State of Maryland.

Anne Arundel county to wit. I hereby certify, that John W. Baker, of said county, hath this day brought before me, a Justice of the peace for the state and county aforesaid, a Grey Gelding, as a trespassing stray on his enclosure, about ten years old, sixteen hands high, shod all round, racks and canters; no perceptible work marks. Given under my hand and seal this 21st day of February, 1829.

Samuel Brown, (seal.) The owner of the above Gelding is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. John W. Baker. Feb 26

Trustees Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of Maryland, the subscriber as trustee, will expose at public sale, on Friday the 20th March next, at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises, all those tracts or parts of tracts of land, situate lying and being in the upper part of Anne Arundel county, near the Poplar Springs and binding on the Frederick town Turnpike road, 27 miles from Baltimore, and 18 from Frederick town, and containing about 115 acres of land, about 30 acres of the above is a good meadow land, 40 cleared upland, and the balance in wood. This land is said to produce equal to any in its neighbourhood. The improvements are a comfortable dwelling house, stable, tobacco house, and other out houses. A further description is deemed unnecessary as those disposed to purchase will of course view the premises, which will be shown by Mr. John Flockhart, residing thereon, or by the subscriber in Lisbon. The terms as prescribed by the Chancellor, are that the purchaser or purchasers pay the whole money, either on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor, when the subscriber is authorized to make a good and sufficient deed, clear of all claim, either of the said John Flockhart, or any person or persons claiming under him. JOHN BRINGROSE, Trustee. Feb 26

Anne Arundel Colonization Society.

The attention of the Officers of the Society is called to the following resolution, passed at a meeting held on the 16th inst.

Resolved, That the Officers of this Society be requested to be active in obtaining subscriptions to their neighbourhoods, and that they make monthly returns to the Treasurer, stating in such returns the names of the persons from whom received and distinguishing donations from subscriptions. Feb. 19.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Parkerson, late of said County, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to produce them properly authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment to Samuel Harrison, (of Jno.) Administrator. Feb. 12.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at public sale, on Thursday the 5th day of March next, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, at the late residence of William Parkerson, in South River neck.

The Personal Estate

Of the said deceased, consisting of a Schooner, Horse, Cattle, Hogs, Household Furniture, &c. Terms of Sale—Six months credit, for all sums of twenty dollars, or upwards, the purchaser given bond with security, with interest from the date, under that sum the cash to be paid. To commence at eleven o'clock. Samuel Harrison, (of Jno.) Administrator. Feb. 12.

PERSONS

Who have any books belonging to the late Honorable Jeremiah Townley Chase, are requested to return them to either of the executors Richard M. Chase, Esq. of Richard J. Crabb, Esq. of Jeremiah Townley Chase. Feb. 12.



above mentioned have not been drawn, but it is also believed that several others numbered 1, 2, 3, 4 and 10, have been proposed and drawn by Mr. Canfield.

The laws appear to us to be defective in not making any provision for ascertaining the amount of the schemes that may be drawn under the authority which they confer, or determining when the rights they grant may be extinguished. They do not appear to be framed in such manner as to express distinctly and clearly the nature or extent of the rights they confer; but whether their ambiguity is such as that fraud or injury to the state may be committed under colour of them, with impunity, we beg leave respectfully to submit to the legislature, the proper authority to determine upon the subject, and apply a remedy, if found necessary.

We have the honour to remain,  
With the highest consideration,  
Your ob. servts.

Dani. Martin.

Ordered, That the said communications be referred to the committee on ways and means.

The Speaker also announced the message, received on Saturday last from the senate, returning the bill of this house, entitled, An act for the relief of Walter Cross, of Anne-Arundel county, endorsed, 'will not pass.'

Mr. Townsend submitted the following order:

Ordered, That for the purpose of expediting the business now before the house, and bringing the session to a close at the time proposed, the house convene at 7 o'clock in the evening during the remainder of the session.

Which being twice read,

On motion by Mr. Beckett, it was amended, by striking out '7,' and inserting '6,' and also by adding at the end thereof, these words, 'for the transaction of local business only.'

The said order thus amended, was then adopted.

Mr. Hughlett asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to regulate the levy courts of the several counties in this state.

And, on his motion it was Ordered, That a select committee of five members be appointed by the Speaker to prepare and report said bill.

Messrs. Hughlett, Done, M'Mahon of Baltimore city, Hughes and Burchenal were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order.

Mr. Stewart of Anne Arundel, from the committee on claims, delivered the following report; which was read and laid on the table, viz:

The committee on claims, to whom was referred the order of this house, of the 12th ult. instructing them to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, for the purchase and preservation of stationary and fuel, for the use of the legislature, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report the accompanying resolution and bills.

By order, Richd J. Bowie, Clk.

The said report was accompanied by the following resolution, which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table, viz:

By the House of Delegates, February 23d, 1829.

Resolved, That from and after the passage of this resolution, the Librarian of this state, for the time being, be and he is hereby appointed one of the committee clerks of the house of delegates, and from and after the present session, he shall act as clerk to the committee on claims, and perform in all other respects, the duties of a committee clerk; and that from and after the present session the house of delegates shall appoint but four committee clerks.

And, also by two several bills of the following titles:

An act authorizing the purchase of stationary for the use of the legislature, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

And,

An act to provide for the purchase and preservation of the fuel for the use of the state.

Which said bills, being severally read the first time, were ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Osborn, chairman of the select committee to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act to establish a bank, and incorporate a company under the name of The Commercial Bank of Millington, in Kent county.

Mr. Miller, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act for the protection of sheep in the several counties in this state, and for other purposes.

Mr. Steuart of Baltimore city, chairman of the select committee, appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act to authorise the appointment of special justices for the peace, in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Semmes, chairman of the select committee, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, 'An act to prevent the assemblage of persons of colour in Prince George's county.'

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of Saturday last, in reference to the message then received from the senate, returning the bills of the following titles:

An act to provide for electing commissioners for Washington county, and prescribing their powers and duties.

An act to divorce Eliza Howell, and her husband Isaac Howell, of Washington county.

An act to make valid certain proceedings of Thomas H. Hicks, late sheriff and collector of Dorchester county; severally endorsed, 'will pass, with the proposed amendment.'

And the question depending in regard to the amendment proposed by the senate to the first mentioned of said bills, recurred, and being stated, viz. Will the house assent to the said proposed amendment?

On motion by Mr. Blakistone, the said amendment, with the said bill, was laid on the table.

The amendment proposed by the senate to each of the other two of said bills, were then taken up for consideration, read the first, and by a special order, the second time, and severally assented to.

Ordered, That the two last mentioned bills be severally engrossed.

On motion by Mr. Semmes, the house proceeded to consider the report made on Saturday last, from the committee of the whole house, to which had been committed and re-committed the two several bills reported from the committee on ways and means, each entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, with the amendments adopted and reported by the committee of the whole house on the 31st ultimo, to the bill recommended.

The said report being read and considered the amendments adopted in committee of the whole house, and by the said committee reported to the house on Saturday last, were severally concurred in by the house.

The bill, reported by the committee of the whole house, to which it had been committed as before mentioned, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, (being the bill originally reported on the

9th instant by Mr. Done, as chairman of the committee on ways and means), was taken up for consideration. And in the progress of the second reading thereof,

On motion by Mr. Osborn the second section of said bill was amended by striking therefrom, these words, 'government securities of every sort, either of the state or the United States,' in the 15th and 14th lines of that section, in the printed bill.

Mr. Turner of Baltimore county, moved to amend the third section of the bill, by erasing therefrom these words, 'provisions necessary for the use of the person to whom the same shall belong, and his family, for the year,' in the 6th and 7th lines of that section.

And the question thereon, being taken, was determined in the negative.

Mr. Turner of Baltimore county, then moved to amend the third section of the bill, by erasing therefrom the words 'for the year,' in the seventh line of that section.

And the question thereon, being taken, was determined in the negative.

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, moved to amend the third section of the bill, by inserting therein, after the words, 'all licensed or registered vessels whatever,' in the eleventh line of that section, in the printed bill, these words, 'and all vessels building or fitting before licensing.'

And on the question, Will the house agree to the amendment proposed? It was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Done, seconded by two other members who voted with him in the majority on the question last taken, the house agreed to reconsider its vote thereon. When,

Mr. Done moved, that the words inserted, by the adoption of the amendment last proposed, be stricken out.

And the question thereon being taken, was determined in the negative.

Mr. Burchenal moved further to amend the third section of the bill, by inserting therein, immediately after the above amendment, adopted on the motion of Mr. Wright of Dorchester, as above, the following words: 'and all houses, or other mechanical property in an unfinished state, and materials in the hands of mechanics, necessary to carry on their trade or occupation.'

Mr. Hughes offered as a substitute for the proposed amendment, the following: 'and materials of mechanics necessary to carry on their trade or occupation.'

Mr. Burchenal accepted the substitute offered, and by leave of the house, withdrew the amendment which he had proposed.

Mr. Wright of Queen-Anne's, moved to amend the substitute, so offered and accepted, by adding at the end thereof, these words, 'and also the books and medicines of physicians, and the books of lawyers.'

On the question being put, Will the house adopt the amendment proposed by Mr. Wright of Queen-Anne's? It was determined in the negative.

And on the question being put, Will the house adopt the substitute offered by Mr. Hughes, and accepted by Mr. Burchenal, as above? It was also determined in the negative.

Mr. Grason then moved further to amend the third section of the bill, by inserting therein, immediately after the above amendment, adopted on the motion of Mr. Wright of Dorchester, as above, the following words: 'and every instrument of water or land carriage, and every implement or utensil, used in agriculture, manufactures, or any kind of trade, and remaining unfinished in the hands of the builder or maker of the same.'

And the question thereon, being taken, was decided in the negative.

Mr. Burchenal moved to amend the eighth section of the bill, by inserting therein, after the words, 'and shall appoint to their respective counties,' in the fifth line of that section, the following words: 'one or more assessors for each election district, at the discretion of the commissioners, or levy courts, as the case may be.'

And the question thereon, being taken, was decided in the negative.

Mr. Blakistone called for the previous question; and the call being sustained by a majority of the members present, The said previous question was put in the form prescribed by the rules of the house, to wit: Shall the main question be now put? And it was resolved in the affirmative.

The main question, being then put, to wit: Will the house agree to the amendment proposed? It was determined in the negative.

And the question thereon, being taken, was decided in the negative.

Mr. Hughes moved to amend the bill, by striking out the eighth section thereof, contained in the following words: 'Sec. 8. And be it enacted, That the commissioners of the tax in the several counties of this state shall meet at the place where the county courts are usually held in their respective counties, on the first Monday of April next, or as soon thereafter as they may have notice of this act; and shall appoint for their respective counties, three sensible and active persons to be assessors of the real and personal property in such county, which appointment, and the names of the assessors, shall be entered in the proceedings of the said commissioners in a book to be kept for that purpose, and the said commissioners shall immediately after such choice appoint a place and day not exceeding ten days thereafter, of which five days notice shall be given by some one of the commissioners, or their clerk, to each assessor, for the said assessors to appear before them, and at their appearance the said commissioners shall read, or cause to be read, to the said assessors, such parts of this act as relate to their duty, and also direct and advise them in what manner to make their assessment, and in what form to return their certificates thereof, and how to perform the several duties required of them by this act, and the said commissioners shall also appoint a place and day for the several assessors to appear and deliver in writing, the several valuations of property in their respective counties.'

And inserting in lieu thereof the following:

'And be it enacted, That the existing commissioners of the tax of the county, or such as may hereafter be appointed, according to law, as the case may be, in the several counties of this state, shall meet at the place where the county courts are usually held in their respective counties, on or before the first Monday of April next, or as soon thereafter as they may have notice of this act, and have received from the treasurer of the western shore, the instructions necessary for its execution, and divide their counties into districts of not less than three, nor more than twelve districts in any one county, according to the population and extent of the county, taking the election districts for that purpose, as far as the same may be deemed suitable and convenient; and shall appoint in each district, one sensible and active person to be assessor of the real and personal property in such district, and the said commissioners shall enter in a book to be kept by them, the name of the person appointed assessor in each district, and shall immediately after such choice appoint a place and day, not exceeding ten days thereafter, of which five days notice shall be given by one of the commissioners to each assessor, for the said assessors to appear before them; and at their appearance the said commissioners shall read or cause to be read to the said assessors, such

parts of this act as relate to their duty, and also direct and advise them in what manner to make their assessment, and how to perform the several duties required of them by this act, according to the true intent and meaning thereof, and the instructions of the treasurer of the western shore, which it shall be the duty of the said treasurer to supply, which said instructions the said commissioners shall deliver to each and every of the said assessors; and the said commissioners shall also appoint a place and day, not to be more than three months thereafter, for the said assessors to appear and deliver in writing the several valuations of property in their respective districts, in pursuance of this act, and the instructions aforesaid; Provided, That the said commissioners may, in their discretion, assign the duties of two or more election districts, to any one assessor if they should think the said assessor competent to the faithful discharge of such duties in due and proper season, and that the public interest will be promoted thereby.

And on the question will the house agree to the amendment proposed? It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Grason asked to be excused from further service as a member of the joint committee on engrossed bills. His request was granted by the house, and Mr. Oldson was appointed by the Speaker to supply the vacancy thereby occasioned.

Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, also asked to be excused from further service as a member of the joint select committee on the subject of the chancery records. His application was granted by the house, and Mr. Wright of Queen-Anne's was appointed by the Speaker to supply the vacancy thereby occasioned.

On motion by Mr. Gantt, it was Ordered, That when this house adjourns, it will stand adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

Two several messages were received from the senate, by their clerk, which were delivered in at the Speaker's desk, but not announced or read to the house.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

TUESDAY, February 24, 1829.

The house met. Were present, the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Steuart of Baltimore city, presented a petition of Victor D. Montalt, an imprisoned debtor in the jail of Baltimore county, praying that a special act of insolvency may be passed in his favour; which petition was referred to the committee on insolvency.

Mr. Kent presented a petition of Ann Tucker of Anne-Arundel county, praying that the commissioners of said county may be directed to levy a sum of money for her support.

Mr. Gaither presented a petition of Ann Elms of Montgomery county, praying that pecuniary relief may be afforded her as an out pensioner.

Ordered, That the two last mentioned petitions be severally referred to the committee on the subject to which they relate.

Mr. Turner of Baltimore county, presented a memorial of sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, praying that a law may be passed directing the commissioners of said county to make compensation to a certain John Merryman, (of Benjamin), for his services in repairing a certain public road, therein mentioned; which memorial was referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying that the commissioners of said county may be authorized to levy a sum of money sufficient to repair the bridge over the Patapsco Falls on the Liberty road, in said county; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Ely, Price and Shower.

On motion by Mr. Lee, it was Ordered, That the committee on internal improvement have leave to sit during the sitting of the house.

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, submitted the following order: Ordered, That the names of the absent members be entered upon the journal of this house, whenever absent at a call of the house, during the remainder of the session.

Which was read the first time; and on motion of Mr. Semmes, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Crabb asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, An act to repeal an act passed at December session 1826, chap. 206, so far as it relates to Anne-Arundel county.

And on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the speaker to prepare and report said bill. Messrs. Crabb, Watkins, and Stewart of Anne-Arundel, were appointed the said committee pursuant to the order.

Mr. Shower submitted the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, the happiness, prosperity and stability of all republican governments, materially depends upon the morality and intelligence of the people: And whereas it is the peculiar province and duty of those who are invested with the law-making power, to foster and cherish every measure which they may believe conducive to the improvement of the human intellect: And whereas the subject of education is best calculated to accomplish so important an object, when properly attended to, and encouraged by legislative enactment; And whereas the state of Maryland, being one of the confederated states of the union, is of right entitled to a large quantity of public lands situated in the western parts of the union, which should be appropriated and applied to the encouragement of education within this state, upon the same principles of justice and common right which some states of the union have obtained and applied it: And whereas the depressed state of the finances of the state of Maryland render it expedient and necessary that every source, from whence a fund can possibly be derived, should be resorted to, in order to aid the school fund of the state; Therefore,

Resolved, That our senators in the congress of the United States be instructed, and our representatives requested, to use their efforts to obtain a grant, or grants, of said lands, in like manner which grants have been made to some other states in the union, for the purpose of encouraging education in this state.

Resolved, That the governor be requested to forward to each of our senators and representatives in congress, a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolution.

Which, being read the first time, were, An motion by Mr. Semmes, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. M'Mahon of Allegany, submitted the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas it is represented to the general assembly, that there are remaining in the western shore land office of this state, a number of certificates of survey and resurvey of lands, which have been compounded on, but never patented, some of which were returned to the said office, before the revolution: And whereas, according to the established rules and laws of the land office, no certificate can be recorded

(Continued to second page.)

THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL BOOKS Have been lately received at the circulating Library in this City.

Donnellan, 2d Series of Tales of My Grandfather.

Polham, Opie's Works.

Lady of the Manor, Father Clemeat.

Decision, Erskine on the Gospel.

Jay's Lectures.

Hannah Moore's Works.

Flint's Geography of the United States.

Darby's View of the United States.

Memories of Philip Freke, of Uxbridge.

of Scott.

Romance of History.

The following works are daily expected Dr. Granville's Peterburg.

Chronicle of the Conquest of Granada by Washington Irving, and the lives of Richmond and Eastburn.

With H. Hall, Librarian.

Jan 29

The State of Maryland.

At an Orphans Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonard town, on the 6th day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight.

Present,

Luke W. Barber, Joseph Stone and George Thomas, Esquires.

Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.

Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz.

On application of Michael J. Lee, administrator of Parker Loker, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, ordered by the Court, that the said administrator give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit claims against the estate of the deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis by John G. Feb 19

Coach and Harness Making.

Jonathan Hutton

Still continues the above business his Shop in West street, just above the Farmers' Bank. His Camp will be made of the best materials and every attention paid to the construction to unite in them durability and neatness. He respectfully solicits public patronage.

He has on Hand

A FIRST RATE FASHIONABLE

Gig and Harness,

made of the best materials, and the latest fashion.

ALSO

A Light, Fashionable Hand

Coach and Harness

In complete order.

Both of which will be disposed on the most reasonable terms.

Orders from the country may be attended to.

Jan. 1

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the very court of Maryland, the undersigned will offer at public sale, the large of Tracy's Landing, on the 9th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, M.

A House and Lot.

situate in said village. This would be a desirable acquisition to persons desirous to engage in the cattle business, there being a house in good repair on the premises. The above described property will be sold for cash, payable on the day of sale, or upon the ratification of the Chancellor, and at the residence of Robert H. McPherson, the former owner.

Feb 18

Annapolis Lodge.

No. 71.

OF ANCIENT YORK MANSION.

Members of the Masonic Lodge are hereby notified, that the Annapolis Lodge, No. 71, will hold its regular Wednesday evening meeting during the winter season, and their attendance is respectfully solicited.

By Order, John B. Wells, Secy.

Jan. 20, A. D. 1829.

PRINTING

Neatly executed at

VOL. 10. PRICE—THREE CENTS. BRYAN'S MERCHANDISE. Have just received a large assortment of CLOTHES, consisting of Blue, Brown, and Green Drab, and a variety of other goods. All of the which they for their friends at the shortest notice. Oct 9. Fresh VELVET. GEDD'S MERCHANDISE. Has just received a large assortment of some of the most fashionable and cheap of the season. Stocks, Glens, or to panicle. Sept. 18. 100 D. Ran away. of a brig. The other SNOWD years old. inches high and walks a. It is supposed negroes were bright mu Wallace, b. Brice. No. The gross is only dollars a week for each and secure again; or for fifty for state. June 3. Who b. belonging to me, are in the office. Jan. 17. Parents sent of J. Arndel. Mrs. will 20th day on the n. FARM. formerly re. of Sever being p. Howers in the ne. Rich Ne. 150. more or list of a dwelling. This fa. more ab. valuable. the pro. and wh. known. Jan. 20, A. D. 1829. Feb.



# The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. LXXXIV.

Annapolis, Thursday, March 12, 1829.

No. 1.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

BY

Jones Green,

CHURCH STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Three Dollars per annum.

Bryan & Bassford,

Merchant Tailors,

Have just received a large and hand

some assortment of

CLOTHES AND CASSIMERES,

consisting of some of the best

Blue, Black, Olive, Green,

Drab, Gray, Violet, cloths

and Cassimeres.

And a variety of handsome

VESTINGS.

All of the LATEST FASHIONS,

which they will be happy to make up

for their friends in the best style, and

shortest notice.

Oct 9.

22

Fresh and Splendid

VELVET CLOTHS.

GEORGE WYLLIE,

Merchant Tailor,

Has just returned from Philadelphia

and Baltimore, with a

Large Stock of Goods,

In his line, consisting of

Some of the best Velvet Cloths, and

an assortment of Cassimeres,

and a variety of

VESTINGS,

Of the latest fashions, with an

assortment of

Stocks, Glaces, Collars & Suspenders

All of which he will sell for Cash,

or on punctual terms on moderate terms

Sept. 18.

21

100 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the farm of the late

Jonathan Pinkney, Esq.

near Annapolis, two ne

groes, one named JIM

WOOTEN aged a

bout thirty years, five

feet ten inches high, and

of a bright complexion

The other named BEN

SNOWDEN, about 19

years old, five feet

inches high, very black

and walks a little lame

It is supposed that these

negroes went away in company with

a bright mulatto man named Henry

Wallace, belonging to Mrs. Juliana

Brice. The clothing of the above ne

groes is not known. A reward of 50

dollars will be given for the apprehen

sion of each, if taken within this state,

and secured in jail so that I get them

again; or one hundred dollars for both,

or fifty for each if taken out of the

state.

Row Pinkney adm'r.

of the above Pinkney.

June 5.

Persons

Who have borrowed any Books

belonging to the late Jonathan Pink

ney, are requested to return them to

the office of the subscriber.

Som. Pinkney.

Jan. 17.

Public Sale

Pursuant to the last will and testa

ment of John Maccubbin, late of Anne

Arundel county, deceased, the subscri

bers will offer at public sale, on the

20th day of May next, if fair, if not

on the next fair day thereafter, the

FARM on which said Maccubbin for

merly resided, situated on the north side

of Severn river, and near to Magothy,

being part of a tract of land called

Homewood's Lot, but commonly known

as the neighbourhood by the name of

Rich Neck, and containing

150 Acres of Land,

more or less. The improvements con

sist of a comfortable two story frame

dwellling house, and some out buildings.

This farm, from its vicinity to Balti

more and Annapolis, ought to be de

sirable. The sale will take place on

the premises at 10 o'clock, A. M. when

and where the terms will be made

known by

Horatio Ridout,

James Maccubbin,

Executors of John Maccubbin.

Feb. 8

## Legislature of Maryland.

### House of Delegates.

WEDNESDAY February 25, 1829.

The bill passed by this house yesterday, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, was sent to the senate for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Semmes, the house agreed to take up for consideration the bill from the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Washington Rail Road Company.

The said bill having been read throughout, The question was put, Shall the said bill pass, with the proposed amendments?

It was resolved in the affirmative; and the said bill, with the amendments proposed, was returned to the senate.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills of this house, entitled,

An act for the relief of Charles V. Nickerson and James D. Nicholson, of the city of Baltimore; endorsed 'will pass.' Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed.

And, an act to authorise Edward Browne, former sheriff and collector of Kent county, to complete his collections; endorsed, 'reconsidered, and will not pass.'

And delivered a report of the committee appointed by the senate, to enquire into the number and condition of the public arms, with a resolution, the passage of which is recommended by the said committee; endorsed, 'assented to by the senate,' accompanied by the documents specified in a list appended to said resolution.

The said report and resolution were read, and with the said documents, referred to the committee on the militia, and ordered to be printed.

The resolution with its preamble, submitted by Mr. Hitch, on the 14th instant, to provide for the early transmission of printed copies of the Laws and Journals of proceedings of the two branches of the legislature, to the several counties of this state, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, assented to, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

The bill from the senate, entitled, An act to regulate the removal of proceedings in criminal cases, and to make certain changes in the constitution and form of government for that purpose, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, and rejected.

The said bill was then passed, with the proposed amendments.

The bill reported, on the 14th instant, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, with sundry amendments, to which on the 21 instant, it had been referred, entitled, 'An act to exempt the wearing apparel of deceased persons, from appraisement and exposure to sale by executors and administrators,' was taken up for consideration, in just turn when.

Mr. Smith of Worcester, made an unsuccessful motion to adjourn.

On motion by Mr. Smith of Worcester, seconded by two other members, the house was then called, and the door keeper sent for the absent members in the city.

On motion by Mr. Phelps, the house proceeded to the consideration of the ordinary business of the session, during the absence of the door keeper.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills of this house, entitled,

An act for the opening a street in Boonsborough, in Washington county, to be called Patrick street; endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendment.'

And, an act to authorise the justices of the levy court of Washington county to levy a sum of money for the erection of a bridge over the Antietam, at or near the old bridge, on Samuel M. Hitt's farm; endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendments.'

The amendment proposed by the senate, to the first, and the amendments to the last mentioned bill, being read the first, and by a special order, the second time, were severally assented to.

Ordered, That the said bills be severally engrossed.

The bill from the senate, entitled, An act altering and changing the name of Andrew Jackson Guyton to Andrew Jackson Clinigan, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed without amendment.

The bill from the senate, entitled, An act to authorise the commissioners of the town of Havre de Grace to convey certain lands therein mentioned, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed without amendment.

Mr. Dunc, as chairman of the committee on ways and means, by special leave of the house, (the prescribed order of business being suspended for the purpose,) reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to regulate sales by auction, passed at December session 1827; which, being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

And also delivered the following report; which was read:

The committee of ways and means have been laboriously employed, for several weeks, in the discharge of the duties imposed on them by order of the house; as far as they have progressed, they have reported the result of their labours, but many important subjects are still under their consideration.

From the vote of the house this morning, your committee presume that it is the intention of the legislature to adjourn on the 28th instant; under this circumstance, it will be impossible for your committee to gratify the expectation of the house, and attend to their duties as members of the house—feeling that an immense responsibility rests upon the committee to act upon every subject referred to them, and finding that to be impossible, they respectfully ask the house, to relieve them from that responsibility, and to discharge them from the further consideration of the several orders not already acted upon.

The house then adjourned until this evening six o'clock.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK,

February 25th, 1829.

A sufficient number of members necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, not having convened this evening.

On motion by Mr. Lee.

The members present adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

THURSDAY, February 26, 1829.

The house met. Were present, the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Semmes (seconded by two other members, who voted with him in the majority on the question) moved that the house do now agree to reconsider its vote of yesterday, adopting the substitute offered by Mr. Lee to the message which he

had proposed to the senate, relative to the time heretofore appointed for the close of the present session of the legislature, for the purpose, as he stated, of amending the same, by inserting in the said substitute, after the words, 'to continue the session,' these words, 'to Saturday the 7th day of March.'

And, on the question, Will the house agree to reconsider its vote, as stated in said motion? It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Gittings presented a petition of sundry taxable inhabitants of Montgomery county, praying that an act may be passed authorising the levy court of said county to levy such a sum of money as may be considered sufficient to maintain a certain Samuel Ewing of said county, who is entirely unable to support himself; which petition was referred to the committee on that subject.

Mr. Beckett presented a petition of James C. Sedwick, of Calvert county, praying the enactment of a law authorising the removal of certain obstructions to a water course therein mentioned; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Beckett, Turner of Calvert, and Billingsley.

Mr. Shafer presented a petition of sundry citizens of the town of Boonsborough, in Washington county, praying the passage of a law to incorporate a company in said town, to be styled The Boonsborough Fire Company; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Shafer, Yoe and Miller.

Mr. Miller asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries, and others, passed at December session eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, chapter one hundred and seven.

And, on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the speaker to prepare and report said bill. Messrs. Miller, Yoe and Ely, were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order.

Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to appoint state wharfingers in the city of Baltimore, and to authorise the collection of wharfage in certain cases in the said city.

And on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker to prepare and report said bill. Messrs. Stuart and M'Mahon of Baltimore city, and Turner of Calvert, were appointed the said committee pursuant to the order. Whereupon, Mr. Stuart, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill; which being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Lee, the following message, offered by him, was twice read, agreed to and sent to the senate, viz.

By the House of Delegates, February 26, 1829

Gentlemen of the Senate,

The legislature having before it the memorial of Dr. McKenzie, counter to the report of the directors of the Baltimore Hospital, and the subject matter of this report being of the character of that institution, we propose, with your concurrence, that a joint committee be authorised to make full inquiry into the facts alleged in said communications, with power to send for persons and papers, and on the part of this house Messrs. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, Grassm, Semmes, M'Pherson, Thomas, Townsend and Lee, are to join such gentlemen as may be named on the part of your honourable body.

Mr. Beckett, chairman of the committee on claims, delivered the following report:

The committee on claims, to whom was referred the petition of Henry Westley, of Anne Arundel county, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report—that they consider the petitioner's claims to be properly rather against the general government, than the state of Maryland, and therefore recommend that the petitioner have leave to withdraw his petition.

By order. Richd. J. Bowie, Clk.

Which being twice read, was concurred in by the house.

Mr. Buskirk, submitted the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, the state of Maryland, as a stockholder to a large amount in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, as well as the citizens of this state generally, (and more particularly those of the western sections of the state,) must view with a lively interest the progress of the canal towards its final completion; and it is considered that a strict and exclusive application of the funds of said company, to the construction of said canal, from the head of tide water to the western termination of the eastern section of the same, will not only tend to realize the expectations of the stockholders and the public, of the rapid advancement of the work, but is absolutely necessary to the accomplishment of the objects contemplated by the act incorporating said company; And whereas it has been represented to this general assembly, that a bill has been reported in the House of Representatives of the United States, by which it is proposed so to amend the charter of said company, as to give to the president and directors of said company the power of acquiring, by condemnation or otherwise, lands to an unlimited extent, along the borders of said canal, and to sell or let the same for manufacturing or other purposes, and to sell or let water rights in the discretion of the president and directors of said company, and to deprive, by condemnation, the proprietors of lands through which the canal must pass, from crossing said canal.

And whereas by a memorial of the president and directors of said company to congress, it is assumed, that by the proper construction of the charter of said company, the eastern termination of said canal is fixed at the mouth of Rock creek, in the District of Columbia, a point about two miles below tide water, when in fact the charter of said company has specified no particular point as the eastern termination of the canal, nor is it considered proper that a question of so much magnitude, should be determined except by a general meeting of the stockholders, at which all the stock of said company shall be represented.

And whereas it is also represented to this general assembly, that the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company have, by their engineers, agents and servants, entered on, and taken possession of the lands, of certain individuals, bordering on the Potomac river, and have removed the fences, and cut down the timber thereon, and converted the same to their own use, and have declined to comply with the mandates of their charter, either by having the said lands and materials condemned in the manner therein prescribed, or by contracting with the owners of the said lands and materials for the purchase thereof, when they have signified to the said company their willingness to enter in such agreement, or abide by the decision of a jury of their country. Therefore,

Resolved, That the charter of said company did not contain

plate the acquirement or possession, by said company, of lands to any extent beyond what was absolutely and indispensably necessary to the completion and preservation of said canal; that by the charter of said company, they are expressly restricted from selling, or otherwise disposing of any of the waste water of the canal, except where waters shall be essential to the security of said canal, that the possession of large landed estates by incorporated companies, (and more especially by companies incorporated for the purposes of internal improvements by roads and canals,) is to be deprecated as destructive to the interests of the great body of the people, and adverse to the spirit of our institutions; that it was not contemplated by the charter of said company, that they should be engaged or concerned, in any manner, either directly or indirectly, in banking or merchandising, or in milling, or the erection of mills or other works, or in manufacturing or mining, or in any other business, other than such as may be necessary to the construction, preservation and repair of said canal, and the appurtenances thereto, and in the exercise and performance of the duties and functions of a canal company.

Resolved also, That as the interests of the proprietors of the lands through which the canal must pass, should be compromised as little as possible, consistent with a due and proper regard to the interests of said company, and the objects of their incorporation, the charter of the said company should be so amended, as that whenever the said canal shall cross any public highway, or shall pass through the lands of any person or persons, so as to require a ford or bridge to cross the same, it shall be the duty of the jury, who shall make inquiry of damages according to the provisions of the charter of said company, to find and ascertain, whether a passage across the same shall be made by a bridge or ford; and upon such finding, that the said company shall cause a bridge to be built, sufficient for the passage of carts and wagons, or a ford to be rendered passable, and the same forever thereafter to keep in repair, at every place so ascertained by the jury, at the cost of said company; and that the charter of said company ought to be further so amended, as to permit any person to build and keep in repair any foot or other bridge across the said canal at his own proper cost, when the same shall pass through his land; Provided such bridge shall be of such height as is usual in the bridges built by said company; And provided also, that such bridge shall not in anywise interfere with any locks, bridges or other works of said company, or with the navigation of said canal.

Resolved also, That it is considered inexpedient and unnecessary to expend any of the funds of said company, in constructing said canal along the margin of tide water, until the same shall have been completed, from the head of tide water, to the western termination of the eastern section of said canal.

Resolved also, That the attempt on the part of said company to take possession of any real or personal property, or to appropriate the same in any manner to their own use, without a condemnation of the same in the manner prescribed, in direct violation of the charter of said company, and of that article of the declaration of rights, which declares, that 'no freeman shall be disseized of his freehold, liberties, privileges or property, but by the judgment of his peers, or by the law of the land;' and that that clause in the charter of said company, which secures them against hindrances in certain cases, is not to be so construed, as to relieve said company from the obligation imposed upon them by that provision of their charter, which makes it imperative upon said company, where they cannot agree with the owners of property for the purchase of the same, or where the said owner shall be a feme covert, non compos mentis, or out of the state or county, to proceed to the condemnation of the same, in manner and form, as is prescribed in the charter of said company.

Resolved, That his excellency the governor, be directed to transmit as soon as may be, a copy of these resolutions to the president of said company, with a request that he will lay them before the board of directors, and the stockholders, at their next general meeting.

The said preamble and resolutions, being read the first time, were ordered to lie on the table.

The speaker announced the message received yesterday from the senate by their clerk; which message returned the bill of this house, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries and others, passed at December session 1827, chapter 117; endorsed, 'will pass.'

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed.

And conveyed a bill, originated in, and passed by, the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate The Canton Company of Baltimore; which being read by its title, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. M'Mahon and Stuart of Baltimore city, and Miller.

The bills from the senate, passed by this house yesterday, were returned to that body; the titles whereof are as follows:

A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the opening of Monument-street in the city of Baltimore.

An act altering and changing the name of Andrew Jackson Guyton to Andrew Jackson Clinigan.

And an act to authorise the commissioners of the town of Havre-de-Grace to convey certain lands therein mentioned.

The bill from the senate, rejected by this house yesterday, entitled, An act to regulate the removal of proceedings in criminal cases, and to make certain changes in the constitution and form of government for that purpose, was also returned to the senate.

And the bill of this house, passed yesterday, entitled, An act supplementary to an act for the opening of Pratt-street, passed at December session 1817, chapter 71, was sent to the senate for concurrence.

Mr. Lee, from the joint committee therein mentioned, delivered the following report:

The joint committee of the two houses to which was referred the petition of Baltimore city, chairman of the select committee to which was referred the bill from the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate the members of Christ church in the city of Baltimore, as a separate congregation of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, reported the same without amendment.

The said bill was then read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Hitch, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act to provide for

See last page.



(Continued from last page.)

The said preamble and resolutions having been read the second time;

On motion by Mr. Lee, they were again ordered to lie on the table, and to be printed.

On motion by Mr. M. Mahon of Allegany, the preamble and resolution, submitted by him, on the 24th instant, relative to unpatented certificates of survey and resurvey of lands, remaining in the western shore land office, was taken up for consideration, and, being read the second time, was assented to, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Done, the house proceeded to consider the report made on the 21st instant, from the committee on ways and means, to whom had been committed the bill as amended by the house, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to amend the lottery system, and the amendment proposed, with certain instructions that may be seen by reference to the journal of the 27th ultimo.

And the said report being read the second time, the amendments proposed and reported by the committee on ways and means, were severally concurred in by the house.

The said amendments having been engrossed in the bill, referred to in said report, it was then taken up and read the second time, as amended. When,

On motion by Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, the said bill was further amended, by inserting at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following:

"And be it enacted, That the compensation of the commissioners of lotteries, and their clerk, shall be dependent upon, and be received out of the fund derived from the avails of lotteries drawn or to be drawn during the current year."

The question was then put, Shall the said bill pass as amended?

It was resolved in the affirmative; and the bill was then sent to the senate for concurrence.

Mr. Lee, as chairman of the committee on internal improvement, by a special leave of the house, (the prescribed order of business being suspended for the purpose,) delivered the following report:

The committee on internal improvement, to whom was referred the bill authorizing the construction of a canal from Washington to Annapolis, have had the same under consideration, and deeming it important to cherish every channel of intercourse between the seat of the general government and that of the state, beg leave to recommend the passage of the same.

The said report, and the accompanying bill, entitled, An act incorporating The Annapolis and Potomac Canal Company, were severally read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills of this house, of the following titles:

A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to appoint commissioners for the regulation and improvement of Chesterton, in Kent county, and for other purposes, endorsed, "will pass." And,

A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to authorise the governor and council of Maryland to appoint the inspectors of flour of this state; passed at December session 1825, chapter 174, endorsed "will pass, with the proposed amendments," which amendments were read the first, and by a special order the second time, and severally assented to.

Ordered, That the said bills be severally engrossed. And, an act for the benefit of James White and James W. Melvin, executors of James Melvin, late of Accomac county, in the Commonwealth of Virginia, severally endorsed, "will not pass."

On motion by Mr. Gantt,

The house then adjourned until this evening six o'clock.

#### FRIDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK.

February 27th, 1829.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment. Were present, the same members as in the morning.

Mr. Lee asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to amend an act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the line of the District of Columbia, where it crosses the post-road leading from George-town, to Frederick-town, through Montgomery and Frederick counties, to Frederick-town.

And, on his motion, it was Ordered, That the committee on internal improvement be instructed to prepare and report said bill.

On motion by Mr. M. Mahon of Baltimore city, The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

#### SATURDAY, February 28, 1829.

The house met. Were present, the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Shower presented a petition of sundry inhabitants of the town of Hampstead and its vicinity, in Baltimore county, praying for the revival of a supplement to an act, entitled, An act authorizing a lottery to raise a sum of money to purchase a lot of ground in Hampstead alias Cox's-town, in Baltimore county, and to erect a building thereon to be used as a school-house and meeting-house, passed at December session 1816, chapter 145, and the appointment of certain commissioners, therein named, in lieu of the managers named in said act; which petition was referred to the committee on lotteries.

Mr. Watkins presented a petition of Abraham Hurst and Mary Ann Hurst his wife, of the city of Annapolis, praying that a law may be passed investing them with full power to execute a deed of conveyance to Charles Webb, of the city of Baltimore, for a tract of land situate in Anne-Arundel county, which he had purchased from them, and the purchase money for which he had paid, notwithstanding the minority of the said Mary Ann, which petition was referred to the select committee appointed on the 19th instant, to prepare and report a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of Charles Webb of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Miller, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries and others, passed at December session 1827, chapter 117.

On motion by Mr. Stewart of Anne-Arundel, the bill reported by him, entitled, An act to provide for the building of a bridge over the Patuxent river, at the place called Mullikin's Ford, was taken up for consideration, by a special leave of the house, read the second time, passed without amendment, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. M. Mahon, the house proceeded to consider the bill reported by him, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to provide for the making of several turnpike roads, and for the extension of the charters of the several banks therein mentioned, passed at December session eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, chapter 17-two. When,

On motion of Mr. Lee, seconded by Messrs. Buskirk and M. Mahon of Allegany, the house was called, and the door-keeper sent for the absent members remaining in the city.

On motion by Mr. Wright of Dorchester, the house resolved to progress in the consideration of its ordinary business, during the absence of the door-keeper.

On motion by Mr. Smith, of Worcester, it was Ordered, That when the house adjourns, it shall stand adjourned until Monday morning nine o'clock.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills of this house of the following titles:

An act supplementary to an act for the opening of Pratt street, passed at December session 1817, chapter 71; endorsed "will pass."

An act to authorise the laying out and opening a road through a part of Frederick, Anne-Arundel and Montgomery counties, endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendment."

An act to incorporate the Maryland Society for promoting the culture of the vine.

And an act to alter the time for the transaction of equity business in the first judicial district of this state, and for other purposes, severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments."

The amendment to the second mentioned bill, and the amendments to the two last mentioned bills, proposed by the senate, respectively, were read the first, and by a special order, the second time, and severally assented to.

Ordered, That the said bills be severally engrossed.

Also an act to authorise the transfer of licenses by merchants and keepers of ordinaries, and others, endorsed "will not pass."

On motion by Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, the bill reported by him, entitled, An act to prevent the operation of the escheat laws of this state, in certain cases, was by a special leave of the house, taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed without amendment.

The door keeper having returned, reported that he had notified the absent members, now remaining in the city, to attend the house. When,

On motion by Mr. Smith of Worcester,

The house then adjourned until Monday morning nine o'clock.

#### MONDAY, March 2, 1829.

The house met. Were present, the same members as on Saturday. The clerk having made some progress in reading the proceedings of Saturday.

On motion by Mr. M. Mahon of Allegany, the further reading thereof, was dispensed with.

Mr. Burchenal presented a petition of Thomas Harman of Caroline county, praying for the passage of an act authorising and directing the levy court of said county to levy such a sum of money in his favour, or in the hands of some friend for him, as may be thought right and proper, to afford him the means of support; which petition was referred to the committee on the subject to which it relates.

Mr. Bowles asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise the governor and council to appoint an additional inspector of flour in the city of Baltimore, and for other purposes.

And on his motion it was Ordered, That the committee on inspections do prepare and report said bill.

The resolution assented to by this house on Saturday last, in favour of Michael Burnham, and company; and,

The bill of this house, passed on Saturday last, entitled, An act to prevent the operation of the escheat laws of this state, in certain cases, were sent to the senate for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Lee, the bill reported from the committee on internal improvement, to which it had been referred, entitled, An act incorporating the Annapolis and Potomac Canal Company, was taken up for consideration, by a special order, and read the first time.

Mr. Crabb moved to amend the preamble of the bill, by inserting therein, immediately after the words, "in the opinion of the president," in the sixth line of said preamble, these words, "of the United States."

Mr. Buskirk offered as a substitute for the proposed amendment, to insert, at the place above designated, the following words, "directors and stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company."

And on the question, Will the house adopt the substitute proposed?

It was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Crabb, the several blanks in the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, eighth, tenth, thirteenth, fourteenth and sixteenth sections of the bill, were filled up in the manner proposed by him.

On motion by Mr. Buskirk, the 13th section of the bill was amended; by erasing therefrom the following words, from the 24th to the 31st lines inclusive, viz. "and in every such valuation and assessment of damages, the jury shall be, and they are hereby instructed, to consider in determining and fixing the amount thereof, the benefit which will accrue to the owner from conducting the said canal through or erecting any of the said works upon his land, and to regulate their verdict thereby, except that no assessment shall require any such owner to pay or contribute any thing to the said company, where such benefit shall exceed, in the estimate of the jury, the value and damages ascertained as aforesaid."

The said bill having been read throughout, and amended as above stated,

On motion by Mr. Burchenal, the ninth section of the bill was reconsidered, and amended, by striking out these words, "to be forever exempt from the payment of any tax, imposition, or assessment whatsoever," in the ninth, tenth and eleventh lines of that section, and inserting in lieu thereof the following, "subject to the same tax as other incorporated companies in this state."

The question was then propounded, Shall the said bill pass, as amended?

It was resolved in the affirmative, and the said bill was then sent to the senate for concurrence.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills and a resolution of this house, of the following titles:

An act to authorise the orphan's court of Saint-Mary's county to have perfected and recorded certain papers and instruments of writing left incomplete and unrecorded by the late register of wills for the said county. And,

An act to provide for the building of a bridge over the Patuxent river at the place called Mullikin's ford; severally endorsed, "will pass."

A resolution authorising the sheriff of Frederick county to discharge Philip Markley from the jail of said county, and for other purposes; endorsed, "assented to."

Ordered, That the said bills, and resolution, be severally engrossed.

And, an act to establish a Public Library in each of the several counties of this state, and in the city of Baltimore; endorsed, "will not pass."

And delivered a bill, originated in, and passed by, the senate, entitled, An additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make the several turnpike roads therein mentioned, passed at December session eighteen hundred and fifteen, chapter one-hundred and ninety.

Which said bill, being read by its title, was referred to the committee on internal improvement.

## Maryland Gazette

ANNAPOLIS:  
Thursday, March 12, 1829.

Married on Thursday Evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Vinton, Mr. Charles Munroe, to Miss Ellen Macculbin, all of this city.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel County

Gentlemen,  
I offer myself to your consideration, to represent you in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

JOHN S. SELLMAN.

Communicated for the Maryland Gazette.

### RECIPE.

For obtaining the best Extract of Mint. Provide a stone vessel with a cover, (such as the large water jug in common use in the country,) fill it, (without pressing,) with the green leaves and soft tops of the *Mentha Sylvestris*, cut in the early part of June, and pour on them as much good pure whiskey as the vessel will contain. Let the liquor remain in about five hours, and not longer than six—and then draw it off, it is immediately fit for use, and if preserved in bottles, or other vessels closely stoppered, will be good for two or three years. This extract diluted and sweetened, is excellent as a medicine for children, and mixed with an equal quantity of French Brandy or Jamaica Spirit, diluted and sweetened, makes a most agreeable drink for persons more advanced in life.

From the United States Telegraph.

### THE INAUGURATION.

A national salute was fired at sunrise, and whilst the surrounding hills were sending back the echo, our streets and avenues were thronged with persons moving towards the Capitol. At half past 10 o'clock, the officers and soldiers of the revolution formed in procession at Brown's Hotel, and proceeded to Gadsby's, where they delivered the following address:

Washington 4th March, 1829.

General Andrew Jackson,  
Sir, We, a few of the surviving officers and soldiers of the army of the Revolution, now convened at this place, most respectfully solicit the honor of forming your escort to the Capitol, where you are about to be inaugurated as President of the United States.

Former events, and our advanced ages, preclude the idea, that this is designed to be a military pageant; no, Sir, it is far otherwise: having fought in the defence of the sacred rights of man, and for the liberty, sovereignty, and independence of these United States, now happily bound together, as we fondly hope, by an indissoluble chain, we feel desirous to avail ourselves of the opportunity of being present when the guardianship of these invaluable benefits shall be deposited in your hands.

The valor, the judgment, the independence of mind, the prudence, the firmness of character, Washington, led us triumphantly through the revolutionary war, and the nation through the first periods of the Federal Constitution, and we have entire confidence that the exercise of the same transcendent virtues will, under God, preserve inviolate our liberties, independence and union, during your administration—and it is our most ardent prayer that they may be perpetual. May your days be long and happy—may increasing honors multiply on your head—and, like your first predecessor, may you add a civic monument to your martial glory, and like him, may they be imperishable!

We have the honor to be,

With the highest respect,

Your most obedt. servts.

William Polk, Chairman.  
John Nicholas,  
Aaron Ogden,  
Abraham Broom,  
Robert Bolling,  
Ethan Allen,  
Robert Keane,  
J. Woodside,  
Philip Stewart,  
Armistead Long,  
John M. Taylor,  
John Brown Cutting,  
Caleb Stark,  
William Gambel,  
Jacob Gideon, Senior.

To this Address, the President made the following reply.

Respected Friends, Your affectionate address awakens sentiments and recollections which I feel with sincerity, and cherish with pride. To have around my person, at the moment of undertaking the most solemn of all duties to my country, the companions of the immortal Washington, will afford me satisfaction and grateful encouragement. That by my best exertions, I shall be able to exhibit more than an imitation of his patriotic labours, a sense of my own imperfections, and the reverence I entertain for his virtues, forbid me to hope.

To you, respected friends, the survivors of that heroic band, who followed him so long and so valiantly in the path of glory, I offer my sincere thanks, and to heaven my prayers, that your remaining years may be as happy as your toils and your lives have been illustrious.

Andrew Jackson.

At an early hour an immense concourse of people had collected around the door of the Hotel, anxiously awaiting the appearance of the President. At eleven, the dense mass made room for the revolutionary officers, and for Gen. Thomas Hinds, Gen. Richard Jones, of the Navy, Capt. Samuel Spots, United States Army, Lt. Andrew Ross, Marine Corps, L. M. Hobb, Mr. John Mitchell, Mr. James H. Harper, officers of the late army, who were with Gen. Jackson in the memorable 8th of January, to form in line, and the President, preceded by the Central Committee, and supported by Col. Towson and the Marshall of the District, followed by Major Lewis and Mr. Donaldson, joined the procession on foot, and proceeded to the Senate Chamber. It was ascertained that the press of the crowd on the East front, was so great as to make it almost impossible to gain admittance from that direction, and by moving to the right, the President, Col. Hunter and Dr. Carson, leading the members, the committee and the officers of the late war, entered the

over the parapet at the western door. Even there the press was so great as to create a loss of some one might be thrown into the arms, or trodden under foot. At half past eleven, the President entered the Senate Chamber, and was seated in front of the Secretary's table. The ministers and charges of foreign nations, resident near the United States, were seated on his left, and vacant seats for the Supreme Court on his right. The President of the Senate, and Senators in their seats, and the western gallery, and the area in the chamber without the bar of the Senate, crowded with the members of the late House of Representatives, and such of the fair as were so fortunate as to obtain a view of the imposing spectacle. For ourselves, it was the proudest moment of our existence. When we saw the President seated by the side of the representatives of other nations—he habited in a suit of plain black cloth, manufactured by his enterprising fellow citizens of Baltimore—they with the embroidered coats, glittering with gold, and ornamented with stars and ribbons—he the representative of the supremacy of the will of the people—they wearing the badges of hereditary power—we were impelled to contrast the plain citizen, whose confidence is placed in the virtue, the intelligence and the affections of a great people, with the tawdry pageant of hereditary power, who on such occasions, would look to the bayonet and the strong arm of military force, to protect him against the violence of a people, whom he considers himself born to oppress. Where lives the American who does not rejoice in the contrast?

At twelve, the President, with the Supreme Court, the Senate and its officers, accompanied by the Marshal and his private secretaries, proceeded to the East front of the Capitol. His appearance on the platform was announced by the cheer of thousands and tens of thousands of spectators all looking for his approach. In a moment all was silence; he bowed, and pronounced in an audible voice, the following address:

INAUGURAL ADDRESS  
Delivered by  
GENERAL ANDREW JACKSON.  
On being sworn into office, as President of the United States, on the 4th of March, 1829.

Fellow-citizens,  
About to undertake the arduous duties that I have been appointed to perform, by the choice of a free people, I avail myself of this customary and solemn occasion, to express the gratitude which their confidence inspires, and to acknowledge the accountability which my situation enjoins. While the magnitude of their interests convinces me that no thanks can be adequate to the honour they have conferred, it admonishes me that the best return I can make, is the zealous dedication of my humble abilities to their service and their good.

As the instrument of the Federal Constitution, it will devolve on me, for a stated period, to execute the laws of the United States; to superintend their foreign and their confederate relations; to see that the laws be faithfully executed; and, by communications to the legislature, to watch over and to promote their interests generally. And the principles of action by which I shall endeavour to accomplish this circle of duties, it is now proper for me briefly to explain.

In administering the laws of Congress, I shall keep steadily in view the limitations as well as the extent of the executive power, trusting thereby to discharge the functions of my office without transcending its authority. With foreign nations it will be my study to preserve peace, and to cultivate friendship, on fair and honorable terms; and in the adjustment of any differences that may exist or arise, to exhibit the forbearance becoming a powerful nation, rather than the sensibility belonging to a gallant people.

In such measures as I may be called on to pursue in regard to the rights of the separate States, I hope to be animated by a proper respect for those sovereign members of our Union, taking care not to confound the powers they have reserved to themselves with those they have granted to the confederacy.

The management of the public revenue—that searching operation in all governments—is among the most delicate and important trusts in ours; and it will, of course, demand no inconsiderable share of my official solicitude. Under every aspect in which it can be considered, it would appear that advantage must result from the observance of a strict and faithful economy. This I shall aim at the more anxiously, both because it will facilitate the extinguishment of the national debt—the unnecessary duration of which is incompatible with real independence—and because it will counteract that tendency to public and private profligacy, which a profuse expenditure of money by the government, is but too apt to engender. Powerful auxiliaries to the attainment of this desirable end are to be found in the regulations provided by the wisdom of Congress for the specific appropriation of public money, and the prompt accountability of public officers.

With regard to a proper selection of the subjects of impost, with a view to revenue, it would seem to me that the spirit of equity, caution and compromise, in which the constitution was formed, requires that the great interests of agriculture, commerce and manufactures, should be equally favored; and that, perhaps, the only exception to this rule, should consist

in the peculiar encouragement of the products of cotton, wool, and iron, that are so essential to our national independence. Internal improvement, and the diffusion of knowledge, so far as they can be promoted by the constitutional acts of the Federal Government, are of high importance. Considering standing armies as dangerous to free governments, in times of peace, I shall not seek to enlarge our present establishment, nor disregard that salutary lesson of political experience which teaches that the military should be held subordinate to the civil power. The gradual increase of our navy, whose flag has displayed, in distant climes, our skill in navigation, and our fame in arms; the preservation of our forts, arsenals and dock yards; and the introduction of progressive improvements in the discipline and science of both branches of our military service, are so plainly prescribed by prudence, that I should be excused for omitting their mention, sooner than for enlarging on their importance. But the bulwark of our defence is the national militia, which, in the present state of our intelligence and population, must render us invincible. As long as our government is administered for the good of the people, and is regulated by their will; as long as it secures to us the rights of person and of property, liberty of conscience, and of the press, it will be worth defending; and so long as it is worth defending, a patriotic militia will cover it with an impenetrable scabbard. Partial injuries and occasional mortifications we may be subjected to, but a million of armed freemen possessed of the means of war, can never be conquered by a foreign foe. To any just system, therefore, calculated to strengthen this natural safeguard of the country, I shall cheerfully lend all the aid in my power.

It will be my sincere and constant desire to observe towards the Indian tribes within our limits, a just and liberal policy; and to give that humane and considerate attention to their rights and their wants, which are consistent with the habits of our government, and the feelings of our people.

The recent demonstration of public sentiment, expressed on the list of executive duties, in characters so legible to be overlooked, the task of reform; which will require, particularly, the correction of those abuses that have brought the patronage of the Federal Government into conflict with the freedom of elections, and the counteraction of those causes which have disturbed the regular course of appointment, and have placed, or continued power in, unfaithful or incompetent hands.

In the performance of a task thus generally delineated, I shall endeavor to select men whose diligence and talents will ensure, in their respective stations, able and faithful co-operation—depending, for the advancement of the public service, more on the integrity and zeal of the public officers, than on their numbers. A difference, perhaps too just, in my own qualifications, will teach me to look with reverence to the examples of public virtue left by my illustrious predecessors, and with veneration to the lights that flow from the mind that founded, and the mind that reformed, our system. The same diffidence induces me to hope for instruction and aid from the co-ordinate branches of the government, and for the indulgent support of my fellow-citizens generally. And a firm reliance on the goodness of that Power whose providence mercifully protected our national infancy, and has since upheld our liberties in various vicissitudes, encourages me to offer up my ardent supplications that he will continue to make our beloved country the object of his divine care and gracious benediction.

When the address closed, the gratified multitude again rent the air with cheers, and the President, after taking the oath of office, proceeded on horseback to the President's House, where, for several hours, he was the salutation of such of his friends as could force their way through the crowd. At about four o'clock he returned to his lodging at Gadsby's, much fatigued. To day he has been engaged in public duties.

The day itself was remarkable and pleasant, and all nature seemed to rejoice with the people.

The number of persons present at the inauguration, has been variously estimated; we believe it could not have been less than thirty thousand; yet, in this immense crowd, not one single accident, tending in the least to disturb the order, or to mar the harmony of the occasion, occurred.

### CHURCH-BURNT.

We learn says the Boston Daily Advertiser, that the Meeting House in Westchester was burnt down on Friday morning last. It is supposed that the fire was communicated from a stove on Sunday. That it had been secretly burning from the 15th to the 20th of February morning. It was a handsome and commodious building erected about twelve years since.







Continued from 1st page.  
the payment of balances due to the legal representatives of revolutionary officers and soldiers.

The bill, reported by Mr. Hitch, entitled, An act to authorize the transfer of licenses by merchants and keepers of ordinaries, and others, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, and read the second time when,

On motion by Mr. Done, the said bill was amended, by the insertion, in the 11th line thereof, after the words "to sell under the same," of these words, "at the same tavern or store." The said bill, thus amended, was then passed and sent to the senate for concurrence.

The bill, from the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate the stockholders of the Corralo Mining Company of Baltimore, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, read the second time, passed, without amendment, and returned to the senate.

The bill, from the senate, entitled, An act for the benefit of the heirs at law of John Eyer Howard, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, and the second time, passed without amendment, and returned to the senate.

Messrs. Gough and Yoe, of the joint committee, appointed on the part of this house, to wait on his excellency the governor, and to invite his attendance in the senate chamber, at the hour of six o'clock this evening, for the purpose of signing and sealing such of the engrossed bills of both branches of the legislature, as may be prepared for that process, reported, that the said committee had discharged the duty assigned them; and that the governor had returned for answer, that he would accordingly attend in the senate chamber at the time appointed, for the purpose above mentioned.

The clerk of the senate returned the resolutions of this house, of the following titles:

A resolution in favour of William Wolcott of the state of Ohio, a soldier of the revolutionary war.

A resolution in favour of Thomas Smith, of the state of Ohio, a soldier of the revolutionary war.

And a resolution in favour of John Denoon, of the state of Ohio, a soldier of the revolutionary war; severally endorsed, "assented to."

Ordered, That the said resolutions be severally engrossed.

The bill reported by Mr. Teackle, entitled, An act to establish a public library in each of the several counties of this state, and in the city of Baltimore, was taken up for consideration in just turn, and read the second time.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the said bill was amended, by inserting at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following:

"Sec. 19. And be it enacted, That the several libraries to be established in the several counties of this state, under the provisions of this act, shall be located at the seat of justice in each of the said counties, excepting the county of Baltimore, without the limits of Baltimore city, in which the same shall be located according to the discretion of the commissioners of the said county."

The bill thus amended, was then passed.

The clerk of the senate delivered the engrossed bills of that body, from number twenty-four to number thirty-one, both inclusive, and also from number fifty-nine to number sixty-three, both inclusive, with the originals thereof, as heretofore passed by both branches of the legislature, since the commencement of the present session; which said engrossed bills, having been severally read and assented to by that body, were also severally read and assented to by this house.

The house then adjourned until six o'clock this evening.

#### THURSDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK, February 26, 1829.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment. Were present, the same members as in the morning.

Mr. Smith of Worcester, presented a petition of Brittingham Bevens, of Worcester county, praying that a sum of money may be allowed him annually, as he is incapable of procuring the means of support; which petition was referred to the committee on applications of indigent persons for pecuniary relief by county assessments.

A deputation from the senate being announced, Messrs. Forrest and Harrison, members of that body, appeared with- in the bar of the house, who stated, "that they were charged by the senate to inform the speaker, and the other members of this house, that conformably to the joint invitation of both houses, which had been communicated to him, his excellency the governor, was then attending in the senate chamber, for the purpose of signing and sealing such of the engrossed bills of both branches of the legislature, as were prepared for that process; and that they were further charged to request the attendance, in the senate chamber, of the speaker, with that of the honourable body over which he presided, there to witness the ceremony of signing and sealing said bills, as required by the provisions of the constitution and form of government." And they withdrew.

Whereupon the speaker left the chair, and (accompanied by the other members of this house, and the clerk thereof,) proceeded to the senate chamber, where he presented the engrossed bills of both houses, from number one to number eighty-two, both inclusive, to his excellency the governor, who thereupon, severally, signed, and affixed the great seal of the state to the said bills, in the presence of the members of both houses, in conformity with the provisions of the constitution and form of government; the titles whereof are as follow:

No. 1. An act to alter and repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the division of Dorchester county into election districts.

2. An act to allow Adam Robb, executor of Upton Beall, late clerk of Montgomery county court, further time to complete certain records.

3. An act to extend the time of taking the bond of Thomas W. Morgan, sheriff of Saint Mary's county.

4. An act to incorporate the American Insurance Company of Baltimore.

5. An act to repeal part of an act, passed at December session, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and for other purposes.

6. An act for the construction of a canal through Frederick county.

7. An act to incorporate the Baltimore Screw Dock Company.

8. An act to preserve the side walks in the village of Liberty, in Frederick county.

9. An act to incorporate the trustees of the Particular Baptist Church, in Baltimore county.

10. An act for the benefit of John Morris, alias John Morrison, of Baltimore county.

11. An act to prevent the unnecessary accumulation of debts upon state fines.

12. An act to regulate the meeting of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county.

13. An act to divorce Luke Ensor, of William, and Rachel his wife, of the city of Baltimore.

14. An act to regulate the appointment, and enlarge the

powers of the levy court, and to abolish the office of commissioners of the tax, in Queen-Anne's county.

15. An act relating to the appointment of the commissioners of the tax for Somerset county.

16. An additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act for erecting a public school in Frederick county.

17. An act to confirm an act, entitled, An act to alter and repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state, as relate to the division of Worcester county into election districts, passed at December session 1827, chapter 50.

18. An act to incorporate the Phoenix Shot Tower Company of Baltimore.

19. An act to enable Charles Carroll of Carrollton, to receive a patent on a certificate returned under a warrant of resurvey, on a certain tract of land heretofore conveyed in trust by him.

20. An act to change the public road leading from Allen's Fresh to Newport, in Charles county.

21. An act to abolish the levy court and commissioners of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, and for other purposes.

22. An act for the relief of Thomas Burchenal of Caroline county.

23. An act to continue in force the acts of assembly which would expire with the present session.

24. An act to incorporate the Maryland and Virginia Steamboat Company.

25. An act altering and changing the name of Abraham Barnes Mason to Abraham Barnes.

26. A supplement to the act, entitled, An act respecting idiots, lunatics, and persons non compos mentis.

27. A further supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the better regulation of chancery proceedings in certain cases.

28. An act to repeal an act, entitled, An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act respecting the equity jurisdiction of the county courts of this state.

29. An act to authorise the vestry of St. Paul's Parish in Baltimore county, to sell the ground therein mentioned.

30. A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Maryland Hospital.

31. An act to revise the act to incorporate the Humanitary Society of the city of Baltimore.

32. An act to incorporate the Ely's Ville Manufacturing Company.

33. An act to incorporate the Master and Wardens of Patmos Lodge No. 70, of free and accepted Masons, and for other purposes.

34. An act authorising the levy court of Frederick county to levy a sum of money to erect a bridge over the river Monocacy.

35. An act to repeal an act, entitled, An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the distribution of a certain fund for the purpose of establishing free schools in the several counties therein mentioned, and for other purposes.

36. An act to authorise the levy court of Somerset county to alter a ferry in said county.

37. A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate a Presbyterian and Lutheran Church, in the county of Baltimore.

38. An act to authorise the levy court of Caroline county, to levy on the assessable property of said county a sum of money sufficient for defraying the expenses of enlarging the clerk's office in said county.

39. An act for the relief of Sally A. Jones of Prince-George's county.

40. An act to alter and change the name of Charles Stanley, of Kent county, and the names of his children.

41. An act to transfer the Snow-Hill militia company of Worcester county, from the 37th to the 9th regiment of Maryland militia.

42. A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to authorise the levy court of Frederick county, to levy a sum of money for the purposes therein mentioned, passed December session 1825, chapter 84.

43. An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the appointment of commissioners for the regulation and improvement of Cambridge, in Dorchester county, and to establish and regulate a market in said town.

44. An act for the relief of Anne Gilder of Queen-Anne's county.

45. An act for the relief of Elizabeth Shoebrooks, of Queen-Anne's county.

46. An act to enlarge the powers of the president and managers of the Baltimore and Frederick-Town Turnpike Road.

47. An act incorporating a company to erect a toll-bridge across the Potomac river, at some eligible point between Nowland's Ferry and the mouth of Goose Creek.

48. An act to authorise John Armstrong, of Baltimore county, to hold real estate.

49. An act to authorise the levy court of Somerset county, to levy a sum of money for the use of Mason Abbot of said county.

50. A supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the amendment of the law, passed at December session 1811, chapter 161.

51. A further supplement to an act, entitled, An act to incorporate an Insurance Company in Baltimore town.

52. An act to confirm the proceedings of the levy court of Somerset county.

53. An act for the relief of Henrietta Booker, of Queen-Anne's county.

54. An act to authorise William Trager to erect a pier on Drew's Bar lying in the Chesapeake Bay, between Rumney Creek and Still Pond, in Harford county.

55. An act to repeal part of an act, entitled, An act for the encouragement of Primary Schools in Anne-Arundel county.

56. A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Allegany Iron Company.

57. An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Pittston Coal Company.

58. An act to authorise the clerk of Frederick county court, to record the deed therein mentioned.

59. An additional supplement to the act for making the river Susquehanna navigable from the line of this state to tide water.

60. An act to incorporate The Baltimore Flint Glass Company.

61. A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate The Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail Road Company.

62. An additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the city of Baltimore to Havre-de-Grace.

63. A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805.

64. An act to repeal an act, entitled, An act to create a

Board of Public Works, passed at December session 1825, chapter 166.

65. An additional supplement to the act concerning crimes and punishments, passed at December session 1818, chapter 72.

66. An act to authorise the judges of Queen-Anne's county court to issue a commission to divide the estate of the late James Davidson.

67. An act authorising the levy court of Frederick county, to levy a sum of money to erect a bridge over the Monocacy river.

68. A supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the widening of Orange alley, in the city of Baltimore.

69. An act to divorce Eliza Howell, and her husband Isaac Howell, of Washington county.

70. An act to make valid certain proceedings of Thomas H. Hicks, late sheriff and collector of Dorchester county.

71. An act to regulate the keeping of swine and geese in the town of Nottingham, in Prince-George's county.

72. An act to repeal an act, entitled, An act to revive an act passed at November session 1811, chapter 153, and to repeal an act passed at December session, 1826, chapter 144, concerning the town of Salisbury, in Somerset and Worcester counties.

73. An act for the relief of Mary Debruler of Frederick county.

74. An act to abolish the office of trustee of the state, and to authorise the treasurer of the western shore to employ a clerk.

75. A supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the relief of the poor of Montgomery and Harford counties.

76. An act to authorise the building of a bridge across the Severn river, from a point on the land of Thomas R. Cross, to the county road, on the opposite shore, leading to Ash-paw's Landing on Marley Creek.

77. An act for the relief of Martha Jacobs, of the city of Baltimore.

78. An act for accelerating and effectuating proceedings upon writs of mandamus, and for facilitating and determining the rights of offices and franchises in corporations.

79. An act to relinquish the right of the state to the personal property of Elizabeth Jackson, deceased, and to transfer the same to Mary Elizabeth Ringgold.

80. An act relating to county clerks.

81. An act to authorise the justices of the levy court of Talbot county to protect the roof of the court-house from the effects of fire.

82. An act for the relief of Charles V. Nickerson, and James D. Nicholson, of the city of Baltimore.

The Speaker, (attended by the other members of the house of delegates, and their clerk,) returned and resumed the chair.

Mr. McMahon of Allegany, then moved that the house do now adjourn.

Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Hughes,

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

#### FRIDAY, February 27, 1829.

The house met. Were present the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Done presented a memorial of Josiah Bayly, deputy attorney of the state, for Somerset and Worcester counties, stating the performance of extraordinary services, and claiming a compensation for the same, which memorial was referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

On motion by Mr. Lee, it was

Ordered, That the committee of ways and means be instructed to inquire into the expediency of selling the right of the state, to subscribe for the shares reserved to the state, in the Commercial and Farmers' Bank of Baltimore, and yet unsubscribed for.

Mr. Gale asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal company, passed at November session 1799, chapter 10.

And, on his motion, it was

Ordered, That the committee on internal improvement be instructed to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Rogerson asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act relating to the owners and occupants of shell and herring fisheries on the Potomac river, and for other purposes.

And, on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the speaker to prepare and report said bill. Messrs. Rogerson, King and Semmes, were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order.

Whereupon, Mr. Rogerson, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill; which, being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Teackle submitted the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas, in consequence of a variety of alterations in the constitution of this state, it is very difficult of comprehension: And whereas it is proper that the people should distinctly understand the organic law which forms the basis of their legislation: Therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the governor and council be requested to engage some competent person to compile the constitution as it now is, excepting so much thereof as relates to the details of the subdivision of counties into election districts, the number of such districts being only referred to; and that the same, with the declaration of rights prefixed thereto, be printed and distributed in pamphlet form to each of the civil officers, and members of the legislature of this state; and that one thousand copies be deposited in the state library; and that the governor and council be authorised and required to pay a reasonable compensation for the same, by a draft on the treasury of the western shore.

Which being read the first time were ordered to lie on the table.

The bill from the senate, entitled, An act to repeal part of the act therein mentioned, was then taken up, read the second time, by a special order, passed, without amendment, and returned to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Lee, the following message, which he submitted, was twice read, assented to, and, with the documents therein referred to, sent to the senate, viz:

By the House of Delegates, February 27, 1829.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We herewith transmit you communications from the president and directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company for your consideration.

On motion by Mr. Buickirk, the ordinary progress of business was suspended, for the purpose of taking up, and considering, by a special order, the preamble and resolutions, submitted by him yesterday, relative to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company. And,

(Continued to second page)

#### LOST

A certain Book, or Book of Accounts, containing a list of names, and other particulars, formerly in the possession of one of the undersigned, and which he has since lost, and for which he will give a reward of three dollars to any person who will find and deliver it to him, or to the undersigned, at his residence, at No. 10, South Street, in Baltimore.

Feb. 5.

#### THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL BOOKS

Have been lately received at the circulating library in this City.

Dunellen, 2d. Series of Tales of My Grandfather.

Oliphant, Pelham.

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# The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. LXXXIV.

Annapolis, Thursday, March 13, 1829.

No. 12.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

BY

Jonas Green,

CHURCH STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Three Dollars per annum.

**Bryan & Bassford,**

**Merchant Tailors,**

have just received a large and handsome assortment of

**COATS AND CASSIMERES,**

consisting of some of the best

**Blue, Black, Olive, Green,**

**Drab, Gray, Claret, cloths**

**and Cassimeres.**

And a variety of handsome

**VESTING.**

of the LATEST FASHIONS.

which they will be happy to make up

their friends in the best style, and

at the lowest prices.

Oct 8. 25

**Fresh and Splendid**

**VELVET CLOTHES.**

**EDWARD WINTER,**

**Merchant Tailor,**

has just returned from Philadelphia

and Baltimore, with a

**Large Stock of Goods,**

In his line consisting of

one of the best Velvet Cloths, and

an assortment of Cassimeres,

and a variety of

**VESTINGS,**

Of the latest fashion, with an

assortment of

**Stocks, Gloves, Collars & Suspenders**

of which he will be happy to cash

on punctual men on moderate terms

Sept. 18.

**100 Dollars Reward.**

an away from the farm of the late

Jonathan Pinkney, Esq.,

near Annapolis, two negroes;

one named JIM

WOOTEN, aged a

about thirty years, five

feet ten inches high, and

a bright complexion

other named BEN

POWDER, about 19

years old, five feet 8

inches high, very black

and walks a little lame

supposed that these

negroes went away in company with a

light mulatto man named Henry

Waller, belonging to Mrs. Juliana

Waller. The clothing of the above

negroes is not known. A reward of \$1-

00 will be given for the apprehension

of each, if taken within this state,

secured in jail so that I get them

in, or one hundred dollars for both,

if they are taken out of the

state.

Som. Pinkney, adm'r.

Jonathan Pinkney.

Sept. 5.

**Persons**

Who have borrowed any Books

belonging to the late Jonathan Pink-

ney, are requested to return them to

the office of the subscriber.

Sum. Pinkney.

Sept. 17.

**Public Sale**

of the late will and testa-

ment of John Macoubin, late of Anne

Arundel county, deceased, the subseri-

or will offer at public sale, on the

day of May next, if fair, if not

the next fair day thereafter, the

RM on which said Macoubin for-

ly resided, situate on the north side

of the Severn river, and near to Magdalen

ing part of a tract of land called

Macoubin's Lot, but commonly known

as the neighbourhood by the name of

the Neck, and containing

**150 Acres of Land,**

more or less. The improvements con-

sist of a comfortable two story frame

dwelling house, and some out-buildings

on the farm, from its vicinity to Bal-

timore and Annapolis, ought to be

valuable. The sale will take place on

Monday at 10 o'clock, A. M. when

the terms will be made

known.

Herbert Ridout,

James Macoubin,

Executors of the last will and testa-

ment of John Macoubin.

Sept. 20.

## Legislature of Maryland.

### House of Delegates.

MONDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK,

March 24, 1829.

The bill reported by Mr. Stewart of Anne Arundel, entitled, An act to exempt certain persons from serving as jurors in the courts of Anne Arundel county, was taken up for consideration in just turn, conformably to the 40th rule of the house, read the second time and passed without amendment.

Mr. Gibbons then moved that the house do now adjourn. This motion was negatived.

The bill reported by Mr. Stewart of Anne Arundel, entitled, An act to provide for filling up vacancies in the board of trustees of Severn church, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, conformably to the 40th rule of the house, read the second time and passed without amendment.

On motion by Mr. McMahon of Allegany, The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

TUESDAY, March 3, 1829.

The house met. Were present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, presented a petition of Julia Gwynn, of the city of Baltimore, the widow of John Gwynn, who was a soldier of the revolution, praying that some provision may be made her, in consideration of her late husband's revolutionary services; which petition was referred to the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims.

Mr. Watkins presented a petition of Priscilla Daley, of the city of Annapolis, praying that the levy court of Anne Arundel county may be authorized to place her name on the pension list of said county; which petition was referred to the committee on the subject to which it relates.

The several bills of this house, passed yesterday evening, were sent to the senate for concurrence, the titles whereof are as follow:

A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to authorize the trustees of the poor of Charles county to purchase land and build a new poor's house.

An act empowering the commissioners of Harford county, in their discretion, to build two fire proof offices for the use of the clerk of the county and register of wills, for the safe keeping of the records appertaining to their respective offices, in the town of Belle Air.

An act to make valid a deed of bargain and sale and release from John G. Michael Morningstar, of the state of Ohio, to Jacob Roe of Frederick county.

An act to exempt certain persons from serving as jurors in the courts of Anne Arundel county. And,

An act to provide for filling up vacancies in the board of trustees of Severn church.

Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, An act to incorporate the Maryland Iron Company.

And, on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker to prepare and report said bill.

Messrs. McMahon and Stuart of Baltimore city, and Boyer, were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order. Whereupon,

Mr. McMahon, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill; which being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, An act to incorporate the Catoctin Mining Company.

And on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker to prepare and report said bill.

Messrs. McMahon and Stuart of Baltimore city, and M'Pherson, were appointed the said committee pursuant to the order. Whereupon,

Mr. McMahon, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill; which being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, An act to incorporate the Maryland Mining Company.

Mr. Crabb asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to provide for the public instruction of youth, in primary schools, throughout this state.

And on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker to prepare and report said bill.

Messrs. Crabb, Watkins and Lee, were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order. Whereupon,

Mr. Crabb, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill; which being read the first time, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Done, chairman of the committee on ways and means, delivered the following report:

The committee of ways and means, to which was referred an order to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the present lottery system of this state, and authorizing, in its stead, the drawing of such private lotteries as the legislature may from time to time think proper to grant, have had the same under consideration, and report—That the session has too far advanced to allow a sufficient time either to determine upon the propriety of changing the present system for any other, or to mature a new law on the subject; they therefore ask to be discharged from the further consideration thereof.

Wm. Done, Chairman.

Which was twice read, concurred in, and the said committee discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Mr. Done, chairman of the committee on ways and means, delivered the following report:

The committee of ways and means, to which was referred so much of the executive message as relates to the state warehouses in Baltimore for the inspection of tobacco, have had the same under consideration, and make the following report, viz:

The whole amount of the cost of the warehouses, and lots

on which they stand, amounted on the 1st day of December last, to

\$157,667 25

The amount estimated for the cost of building the new warehouse on Dugan's wharf by the contractor, is

50,457 32, viz:

Amount paid away up to Feb'y.

14, 1829, 23,771 70 1/2

Amount due on that day for materials and work,

13,685 61 1/2

Amount estimated to finish entirely the building,

13,000 00

50,457 32

Deduct the amount of funds placed by the executive in the contractors hands,

29,512 85

Leaving a sum yet to be received, amounting to

20,944 47

And making the whole expense of the purchase of the several lots, and erecting the new building, to be

178,611 72

The repairs on the pavement on Dugan's and O'Donnell's wharves, and before Shephard's warehouse, and other incidental expenses, will probably amount to

3,000

\$181,611 72

Of this sum there has been paid in stock bearing 5 per cent. interest, and now due by the state,

102,050 00

Cash received for tobacco inspection,

55,617 25

157,667 25

And to be provided for

23,944 47

\$181,611 72

The nett revenue arising from the inspection of tobacco in the years 1826, 1827 and 1828, is

\$59,134 57

Of which there had been paid out of the treasury, to Dec. 1,

55,617 25

Leaving a sum on that day to be applied to the building, which has since been paid,

3,517 32

Which sum deducted from that of \$23,944 47,

leaves a balance which will be required in the present year of

\$20,427 15

The foregoing statement, in the committee's opinion, includes every expense which the state will be subject to, in completing the work; and although it is now presumed that the revenue arising from the inspection of tobacco will, in the current year fall considerably below the usual amount, it is believed that it will rise so near to the sum which will be required, as to render unnecessary any other provision for raising it.

After the year 1829, the state will be able to commence the extinguishment of the loans for this work, now amounting to \$102,050, and no doubt exists, that if the pledge so solemnly given that it should be paid out of the nett revenue arising from the inspection of tobacco, and the present charges for inspection be continued, a redemption of from 10 to 15 per cent. besides paying the interest of the loan, can be effected every year; and as the diminution of the revenue for the present year is only on supposition, and it may possibly rise beyond the sum wanting to complete the warehouse, it is proper to authorize the treasurer to apply the excess of receipts, and all the nett revenue arising after the present year, towards extinguishing the debt.

The cost of the building has amounted to a large sum; and exceeding what was estimated, and it is more than probable that if it had been built under a contract, it would have cost less; but after viewing and examining the style and materials of the building, its substantial, and at the same time, neat construction, no one can hesitate to say, that the state has gained more than the difference in the cost. The new edifice is nearly 400 feet in length by 65 in breadth, four stories high, and covered with slate. It is at this time nearly covered, and will be ready for the inspector by the 1st of April, when the lease of Calhoun's warehouse expires.

The committee have also taken into consideration so much of the executive message as relates to the building offices for the tobacco dealers, and also the propriety of appointing some suitable person to take charge of the property of the state, and collect the rents, and further report— That your committee, after examining the premises, are of opinion, that the safety of the property requires that the part of the old warehouse owned by Cumberland Dugan, which is covered with shingles, ought to be removed; and as there are nearly all the principal materials for the building such offices as may be sufficient, on the ground, your committee recommend that a number of offices, not exceeding eight, be built for the tobacco dealers, provided the cost of each shall not exceed two hundred dollars rent, which is believed more than sufficient.

The care of the warehouses should certainly be placed in the hands of the inspectors, the duty of having such small repairs made, as accident or decay may require, would interfere very little, if any, with their other engagements, for which they receive a liberal compensation.

Your committee see no necessity for erecting another office; and as the state's wharves are placed under the care of a wharfinger, who collects and pays over the revenue arising from them, and who can, with very little additional trouble, extend his care to the other property, exclusive of the warehouse, your committee recommend that the said property may be placed under his care, and that he shall collect any rents that may become due, and be allowed an additional compensation for said services.

Your committee will report a bill to provide for the several recommendations herein included.

The said report was read and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Hughes, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act relative to the granting of licenses to ordinary keepers,

Which said bills being severally read the first time, were ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Lee, chairman of the committee therein mentioned, delivered the following report; which was read, viz:

The committee on internal improvement, to whom was referred the bill received from the senate, entitled, An additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make the several turnpike roads thereto mentioned, passed at December session 1817, chapter 190, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to recommend the passage of the same without amendment.

A. Lee, Chairman.

By order,

D. Ridgely, Clk.

The bill mentioned in said report, was then read the first, and on motion by Mr. Lee, the second time, by a special order. When,

On motion by Mr. Ely, the said bill was proposed to be amended, by inserting therein, at the end of the first section, the following proviso, which was adopted by the house:

Provided nevertheless, that the said company hereby incorporated, shall not have the right to locate said road on the road leading from Baltimore to Belle Air, now used as a free country road.

The question was then put, Shall the said bill pass with the proposed amendment? It was resolved in the affirmative; and the said bill, with the proposed amendment, was returned to the senate.

On motion by Mr. M'Pherson, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, in reference to the bill, reported by him, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to provide for making the several turnpike roads, and for the extension of the charters of the several banks therein mentioned, passed at December session 1827, chapter 42. When,

On motion by Mr. Lee, the further consideration of said bill was postponed until to-morrow.

Mr. Done, chairman of the committee on ways and means, to which was yesterday referred the resolution, received from the senate, relative to the construction of certain parts of the act, entitled, An act to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries, and others, passed at December session 1827, chapter 117, (by a special leave of the house obtained for the purpose,) reported, that the committee, having attentively considered the same, were of the opinion, the said resolution ought to pass without amendment.

On motion by Mr. Done, the said resolution was then read the first, and by a special order the second time, assented to, and returned to the senate.

Mr. Lee, (by a special leave of the house obtained for the purpose,) offered the following order:

Ordered, That the governor and council be respectfully requested to report to this house the extent of remissions of fines that have been made for the last five years, and whether in any instance the same has extended to a remission of that portion of the forfeiture allowed by law to the informer.

Which, being twice read, was adopted by the house.

The bill, originally reported by Mr. Yoe, entitled, An act to exempt the wearing apparel of deceased persons from appraisement and exposure to sale by executors and administrators, and which was, on the 14th ultimo, reported from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, (to which, on the 2d instant, it had been referred,) with sundry amendments, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, conformably to the 40th rule of the house.

The amendments reported by the committee on grievances and courts of justice, were read the second time, and severally concurred in by the house, as entered on the journal of the 14th ultimo.

The said bill, thus amended, was then read the second time; when,

On motion by Mr. Miller, it was further amended, by inserting in the first section, immediately antecedent to the proviso, the following words:

Except in such cases where there be no widow or orphan children, nor any person willing to pay the just debts of such deceased.

The question was then propounded, Shall the said bill pass as amended? And it was resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills and a resolution of this house of the following titles:

An act to authorize William Thomas, of Prince-George's county, to hold real estate.

And an act to repeal an act, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to prevent the unlawful exportation of negroes and mulattoes, and to alter and amend the laws concerning runaways, passed at December session 1824, chapter 171, and for other purposes; severally endorsed, "will pass."

Also, an act for the benefit of certain proprietors of lots in the city of Baltimore; endorsed, "reconsidered, the first amendment proposed by the senate receded from, and the second amendment adhered to."

Also, a resolution in favour of Richard Iglehart, sheriff of Anne Arundel county; endorsed, "assented to."

Ordered, That the said bills and resolution, respectively, be engrossed.

Also, an act to repeal an act passed at December session eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, chapter ninety-four.

And, an act to repeal an act passed at December session 1825, chapter 206, entitled, An act for regulating and inspecting weights and measures used in this state; severally endorsed, "will not pass."

And delivered a bill, originated in, and passed by, the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Potomac Steam Packet Company; which being read by its title, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Stuart and McMahon of Baltimore city, and Hawkins.

On motion by Mr. Donoho,

The house then adjourned until this evening six o'clock.

TUESDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK.

March 3, 1829.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment. Were present, the same members as in the morning.

The bills of this house, of the following titles, were severally taken up for consideration, in just turn, conformably to the 40th rule of the house, read the second time, and passed without amendment, viz:

An act relating to the records in the office of register of wills of Harford county. Reported by Mr. Johns.

An act to authorize the levy court of Frederick county to levy a sum of money for the purpose therein specified. Reported by Mr. Shriver.

See last page.



[illegible]



ought to be banished from this goodly land, to some dreary island in the frozen sea; where the breathings of freedom were never felt upon the wintry winds, and the greetings of his fellow man would never cheer his solitude. Not while a glow of patriotism pervades the breasts of the American people, the virtues of Washington will remain embalmed in their memories, and in future times the weary traveller will often turn aside from his way to visit Mount Vernon, that he may spend a moment of pleasing pensiveness and shed a tear of mingled love and gratitude over the place of his ascription.

Some gloomy speculators have said that our government will soon have the fate of all other republics ever instituted on the earth, and that some future aspirant will erect his throne on the ruins of American liberty. Are there any just grounds for such an apprehension? We trust not. This government, the happiest ever devised by the wit of man, existed unimpaired during all the pangs and throes of Europe, at the commencement of the present century, and when at the close of those convulsions, our country came once more to measure swords with the mistress of the ocean, both on the land and on the sea, she maintained her rights with invincible honour, and came out of the conflict with her laurels bright and green. We have nothing to fear from external violence. Nothing but the most deplorable degeneracy, and internal dissension, can undermine the fair temple of liberty that now stands so firm and unshaken among us. The principles of republicanism, government have taken deep root in our soil, and they have gradually spread over the whole continent. In the South the idolatrous Spaniard has arisen from his sleep, and shaken his locks. Throughout the whole of Andalusia and the Andes, the cheering voice of liberty is heard.

The dwellers on the rocks and in the vale, shout to each other, and the mountain tops from distant mountains catch the flying joy.

It will be the wish and prayer of the wise and the good, that this voice may continue to cheer the natives of the earth, that the principles of civil and religious liberty may continue to spread until they prevail over the whole globe, and that our government, established in beauty and order, may remain as firm as the pillars of heaven, and fair as the fame of Washington, 'till life's last long lingering pulse shall cease to move the human heart.

**Anne Arundel County.**  
**ORPHANS COURT.**  
Horatio Ridout Thomas H. Dorsey  
Gideon White

**COMMISSIONERS.**  
1st District—Robert W. Kent  
2d do.—Leonard F. Heath  
3d do.—John Hall  
4th do.—John James  
5th do.—Samuel Brown, Jr.  
6th do.—Thomas Hood  
Annapolis—Thomas H. Carroll  
**CORONER**—Philip Clayton.  
**SURVEYOR**—John W. Davall.  
**JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.**  
Nich. Worthington, George Cooke, Thomas, William O'Hara, Edward Warfield, John S. Williams, Joseph G. Harrison, Edward Dubois, Samuel Brown, Jun., William Humphrey, Richard G. Hutton, William Moore, N. Dorsey, of Lloyd, Thomas Griffith, Richard C. Watkins, Charles Richardson, Gideon White, John W. Baker, J. Howard Duvall, John Dickey, of Wm. Richard H. Harrison, Robin Warfield, Joseph Norri, Gratton Duvall, George Duvall, John Knighton, Lloyd Selby, Benjamin Redman, Nathan Shipley, Samuel E. Hubbard, Richard Phelps, Edward E. Huxley, Edward A. Anderson, George Wells, William D. Merrick, Paul Crabter, Joseph Mayo, John Dorsey, of Allen, Thomas W. Watkins, Heskiah Lanthorn, Nicholas D. Warfield, of Slingby, Charles R. Stewart, Lewis D. Jones, John F. Wilson, Henry Whalen, John Clayton, Wm. W. Watkins of Wm. Harrison, of Jno. Thomas, John Burgess, Otho Belt, John Lane Brown, William S. Moore, Albert Lintchum, C. G. Worthington, Edward Gaither, Mortimer Dorsey, Horatio Hudson, Zeleiah Moore, John G. Worthington, William J. R. Leonard, Stephen Gambrell, A. Sappington, Robert Welch, of Den, Stephen Beall, Joseph Ray, Jonathan Derby, James Hunter, Jonathan Bonney, Caleb White, Joseph II. Hunter, Benjamin Brown, Jun., Amos Dorsey, Ellis Thomas, Basil Dwyer, James Webb, Gasaway Winterrow, Thomas J. Brice, Wm. Carr, of Ben. Richard G. Stockett, James Clarke, Henry C. Proud, Nicholas Harley, John Q. Dunbar, George W. Hobbs, Benjamin Wells, John Haines, Charles Waters, Lewis Sutton, Thomas Anderson, Henry W. Woodward, Joseph Sands, Samuel Nichols, Robert Boone, Joseph W. Simmons, Joseph Nicholson, of N. Linton, Dennis Gaither, Philimon Warfield, John Lane, Charles S. Matthews, Moses St. Lawrence, Charles J. Hall, Rinaldo Pinell.

**3 Negro Women For Sale.**  
Persons wishing to purchase property of the above description can be accommodated on reasonable terms. For particulars apply at this office.

**Notice.**  
Is hereby given, that an election will be held at the Hall Room, in this city, on the first Monday of April next, for the purpose of electing seven Common Council men, for the corporation of the city of Annapolis.

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**Farmers Bank of Maryland.**  
Annapolis, March 12th, 1829.

The President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, have declared a dividend of 24 per cent, on the stock of the said bank, for six months, ending on the 31st instant, and payable on or after the first Monday of April next, to stockholders on the western shore at the Bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the eastern shore at the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order.

By order of the Board  
Sam. Maynard, Cash.  
March 19. R 3w  
The Gazette and American, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week for three weeks.

**Dancing Academy.**  
VICTOR D. MONTALT.

Professor of Dancing, has the honour to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis, that he proposes to open a School, for teaching that delightful accomplishment in this city.

The School will be opened at the Assembly Room on Friday next, at half past two o'clock in the afternoon, for young Ladies and Boys; and at early candle light for Gentlemen of a more advanced age.

Mr. M. will continue to give lessons every Tuesday and Friday, during the season, at the hours above mentioned, and there will be a Ball once every fortnight, for the improvement of the Scholars, and the amusement of those who may have the goodness to patronize him. The price of instruction will be \$12 per quarter as heretofore, in this city. The Spanish Dance will be taught if requested.

Mr. M. may be seen at any time at Williams' Hotel.  
Annapolis, March 19, 1829.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Benjamin Armiger, the subscribers will offer at public sale, at the Court House in Annapolis, on WEDNESDAY, the 22d day of April next, at 12 o'clock, a tract of land called Selby's Lot, lying on the north side of Severn river, and containing 300 3/4 acres, more or less. This land is now in the occupation of Benjamin Armiger, adjoins the lands of Nicholas J. Watkins, of Capt. Boon and of Mrs. Boon, and is equal in quality to any in the neighbourhood. Persons disposed to purchase, are requested to examine the premises before the day of sale. The terms will be made known at the time of sale.

Daniel Kent,  
Mordcaid F. Smith,  
William M. Parlin.  
March 19.

**State of Maryland,**  
Anne Arundel county to wit,  
I hereby certify, that Horatio Keith, of said county, brought before me, the subscriber as a trespassing stray on his enclosures, a dark Bay Gelding, about eight years old fifteen hands high the right hind foot white, shod all round, his tail rather of a switch, trots gallops & around the right hind leg, above the knee joint, that has the appearance of being cut by a rope, and appears to be accustomed to the draft given under my hand and seal, this 2d day of March 1829.

Thos. Burgess, (Seal)  
The above described horse came to the subscriber's, living on Carroll's Manor, on Monday the second day of March inst. The owner of said horse is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.  
Horatio Keith.  
March 19, 1829.

**The Voters**  
Of the Second Congressional District.

Composed of Prince Georges and Anne Arundel counties and Annapolis, who are opposed to the re-election of their late representative in Congress, are respectfully invited to meet in their respective election districts, on Saturday the 11th of April next, (should no notification be made by them of any other day more convenient) for the purpose of choosing three delegates from each district, who will meet in Convention at Vanover, on Saturday the 9th of May next, with authority to decide upon a suitable candidate to represent the said district in the next Congress.

The Patriot and Chronicle, Baltimore, and Intelligence and Journal, Washington, will please give the above several insertions.  
March 19.

**C. HAYDEN,**  
DENTIST.

Respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Annapolis and its vicinity. He is at Mrs. Robinson's, where he will remain a few days only.  
March 12.

**TO BE RENTED.**  
The House lately occupied by Mrs. Kelly, near the church on circle, Possession can be given on the first day of April next. For terms apply to  
Henry Maynard.  
March 12. 3w

**Valuable Property for Sale.**  
By virtue of a decree of the court of Chancery the subscriber will offer at public sale, at Mr. James Hunter's Tavern, in the city of Annapolis, on Saturday the 4th day of April next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, the dwelling plantation of Dr. Seal M. Worthington, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. This plantation is situated about four miles from the city of Annapolis, it contains by recent survey,

**976 ACRES.**  
The quality of this land is said to be excellent, a considerable part of it is very heavily timbered, it has also extensive meadows, and a water mill now in operation, capable of attention of being made very valuable to the owner.

The buildings consist of a new and comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, & all necessary out houses. A plot of this land will be exhibited on the day of sale, and it will be sold entire or in parcels to suit purchasers.

**THE TERMS OF SALE**  
Are, a credit of four, eight and twelve months, the purchaser or purchasers to give bond with good securities for the payment of each instalment, with interest thereon from the day of sale.  
George Wells, Jr. Trustee.

March 2.  
The creditors of the said Dr. B. M. Worthington, deceased, are required to produce their claims properly authenticated, to the Register of the court of Chancery, within four months from the day of sale.  
By order,  
J. Holland, Clk.  
Feb 5.

**Swain's Panacea.**  
For the cure of Scrophulous, King's Evil, Syphilis, and Mercurotic Diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Hæmorrhoids, Strains, Swellings, Diseases of the Liver and Skin, General Debility, &c. and all diseases arising from impure blood. It has also been found beneficial in Nervous and Dyspeptic complaints.

Price Two Dollars per bottle, and Twenty Dollars per dozen.

**TO THE PUBLIC.**  
In consequence of the numerous frauds and impositions practiced in reference to my medicine, I am again induced to change the form of my bottles. In future, the Panacea will be put up in round bottles, fluted longitudinally, with the following words blown in the glass, "Swain's Panacea—Philadelphia."

These bottles are much stronger than those heretofore used, and will have but one label, which covers the cork, with my own signature on it, so that the cork cannot be drawn without destroying the signature, without which none is genuine. The medicine must consequently be known to be genuine when my signature is visible; to counterfeit which, will be punishable as forgery.

The increasing demand for this celebrated medicine has enabled me to reduce the price to two dollars per bottle, thus bringing it within the reach of the indigent.

My Panacea requires no encomium; its astonishing effects and wonderful operation, have drawn, both from Patients and Medical Practitioners of the highest respectability, the most unqualified approbation, and established for it a character, which envy's pen, tho' dipped in gall, can never tarnish.

The false reports concerning this valuable medicine, which have been so diligently circulated by certain Physicians, have their origin either in envy or in the mischievous effects of the spurious imitations.

The Proprietor pledges himself to the public, and gives them the most solemn assurance, that this medicine contains neither mercury, nor any other deleterious drug.

The public are cautioned not to purchase my Panacea, except from my self, my accredited agents, or persons of known respectability, and all those who consequently be without excuse, who shall purchase from any other persons.  
Wm SWAIM.  
Philadelphia, Sept. 1828.

From Doctor Valentine Mott, Professor of Surgery in the University of New York, Surgeon of the New York Hospital, &c. &c.  
I have repeatedly used Swain's Panacea, both in the Hospital and in private practice, and have found it to be a valuable medicine in chronic, syphilitic and scrofulous complaints, and in obstinate cutaneous affections.  
Valentine Mott, M. D.  
New-York, 1st mo 6th, 1824.

From Doctor William P. Dewees, Adjunct Professor of Midwifery in the University of Pennsylvania, &c. &c.  
I have much pleasure in saying, I have witnessed the most decided and happy effects in several instances of inveterate disease, from Mr. Swain's Panacea, where other remedies had failed—one was that of Mrs. Brown.  
Wm. P. Dewees, M. D.  
Philadelphia, Feb. 20, 1823.

From Doctor James Mease, Member of the American Philosophical Society, &c. &c.  
I cheerfully add my testimony in favour of Mr. Swain's Panacea, as a remedy in Scrophulous. I saw two inveterate cases perfectly cured by it, after the usual remedies had been long tried without effect—those of Mrs. Offner and Mrs. Campbell.  
James Mease, M. D.  
Philadelphia, Feb. 18, 1823.

**THE GENUINE PANACEA** may be had, wholesale and retail, at the Proprietor's own prices, of  
**HENRY PRICE.**  
Sole Agent in Baltimore.  
At the corner of Baltimore and Hanover-streets.  
Nov 27.

**SWAIN'S PANACEA.**  
To the Editor of the American Daily Advertiser.

Sir—Enclosed you have a letter, a deposition, and certificate entitled to the highest consideration. If such detail as is here sworn to by the unhappy sufferer herself and certified to be true, as of their own knowledge, by two most respectable Physicians; and by the Magistrate, before whom the deposition was made, then do I aver that those who resist such evidence would not believe even though the miraculous cure should be performed under their own eyes. This case has made a deep and lasting impression on the neighbourhood where Mrs. Applegate lives, and I do not at all doubt but it will leave an impression little less durable wherever it shall be read. I ask, and am asked by others, with such wonderful cures, sustained by the most unimpeachable testimony, why is not Swain's Panacea prescribed by more of our regular Physicians? They know well the cases in which it would surely be efficacious. If it were not for the high respect I have for the Medical Profession, I would not hesitate to impute their conduct to jealousy or envy, or to some equally culpable quality. I ask from the public

**State of Maryland, se.**  
Anne Arundel county Orphans Court  
Feb. 10th, 1829.

On application, by petition, of James A. Meredith, administrator with the will annexed, of Thomas Meredith, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

Thos. T. Simmons,  
Reg. of Wills, A. A. C.  
Feb 5.

**Notice is hereby given,**  
That the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Thomas Meredith, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of September next; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 28th day of February, 1829.

James A. Meredith, Adm'r.  
Feb. 12.

**The State of Maryland,**  
At an Orphans Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown, on the 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.  
**PRESENT.**  
Joseph Stone, Esquires.  
George Thomas, Esquires.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz:  
On application of Francis Abell, executor of Mary H. Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court, that the said executor give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans court of St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my (SEAL) name, and affixed the seal of the said court, this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.  
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In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans court of St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my (SEAL) name, and affixed the seal of the said court, this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.  
E. J. Millard, Register.

**This is to give Notice,**  
That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Mary H. Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of September next; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 28th day of February, 1829.

Francis Abell, Exr.  
March 12.

for the following statement, deposited and certificate, a candid and impartial hearing—I ask no more, because I know no more are necessary to carry conviction to the mind of the most prejudiced.  
A Neighbour.

Granberry, Middlesex County, N. J.  
January 17th, 1829.  
Mr. William Swain, Philadelphia.

Sir—Being for a few days at this place, and having heard astonishing accounts of the cure of Mrs. Sarah Applegate, of a disease which had baffled the skill of the best physicians for seven years, I determined to call and be convinced if it were strictly true. I found her enjoying good health, which she assured me had been the case for the last three years—from the time she had been cured by the use of Swain's Panacea.

The horrid ravages made by the disease, are of course visible, and the lower extremities present an appearance which beggars description; that disease in any form could make such inroads on the human system without producing death, is as astonishing as it is wonderful. She informs me that in June, 1818, a tumor formed immediately below the knee, which was extremely painful; the uneasiness and swelling of it caused her so much alarm, that she applied to a medical gentleman for relief. The tumor opened, and was succeeded by many others, until the whole limb was covered with large corroding ulcers—Medical skill was entirely unavailing to check the progress of the disease and the patient was reduced to a most deplorable condition, the flesh seemed to be separated from the bones—the immense discharge from so many ulcers, completely prostrated the patient's strength, her appetite was gone; and nature nearly exhausted.

In this state of misery Mrs. Applegate passed under the hands of several skillful Physicians, without experiencing benefit for a period of seven years. To give you a just idea of her sufferings, as gathered from her own candid and artless description, I confess my utter inability. She lingered on, sometimes able to take a little exercise in a carriage, and then again unable to leave her bed for several successive months, until about five years after she was first attacked with the disease, when as she was riding the horses ran away, overturned the carriage, threw her out, and caused a compound fracture of the hip. Under this accumulation of misery and suffering she lingered two years. Her bones and integuments were laid bare, large pieces of the remaining flesh she had were constantly sloughing out, and her situation was wretched and pitiable beyond comparison, cheered by no ray of hope, doomed to wear a way a miserable existence, and hourly wishing for death. She was told by some of her friends that Swain's Panacea would, if any thing could relieve her. Mrs. Applegate consented to remove, and did remove to Philadelphia; this removal was with difficulty accomplished, and she remained, as you may recollect, under your care for about two weeks. Being at the end of that time convalescent, she returned home. It is impossible to express the astonishment created by her return in the minds of all who had seen her during the seven years of her sufferings. She was soon, to general admiration, restored to perfect health.

Thus, Sir, by the use of your Panacea, which is acknowledged to be one of the richest gifts bestowed on suffering humanity—this unfortunate woman was restored to health and usefulness. Three years have elapsed since Mrs. A. was cured, since that time she has become the happy mother of a daughter, and a finer or healthier infant I never beheld. This fact, while it is a convincing proof of the efficacy of your medicine in removing affections that originate from impurity of the blood, is equally convincing that it regenerates and invigorates all the vital principles and functions of humanity.

This case should be published—it is your interest to publish it, & it is for the benefit of the whole human family, that such astonishing and well authenticated facts be made known, although perhaps, to those who are already acquainted with the virtues of Swain's Panacea, it may not be necessary, yet believe me, there are yet numbers entirely ignorant of its many virtues, and powerful restorative properties, who are labouring under all the horrors of disease, that for their benefit, alone such cases should be made as public as possible.

With sentiments of esteem, I remain respectfully, yours,  
Signed, William B. Hamilton.

Personally appeared before me, (L. J.) Robert M'Chesney, one of the Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, in the State of New Jersey, Sarah Applegate, who made oath that the foregoing letter contains an accurate account of her case, and cure by Swain's Panacea.

Signed Sarah Applegate.  
Sworn and subscribed to before me, the 17th day of January, 1829.  
Signed Robert M'Chesney.

**CERTIFICATE.**  
We, the undersigned, inhabitants of Granberry, were witnesses of the

dreadful sufferings of Mrs. Sarah Applegate, and her cure by Swain's Panacea, after seven years confinement, and cheerfully subscribe to the truth of the above case, in the hope that others may be induced to apply for relief to the same source.

Signed Ralph P. Lott, M. D.  
Signed George Davis, M. D.  
Signed Robert M'Chesney, J. P.  
N. B. In order to put the public on their guard, we statement that there are a number of counterfeit advertisements of this most valuable remedy, which has already done much injury, not only to the character of the genuine Swain's Panacea, but to the lasting injury of the patient's health.  
Feb 26

**A FIRST RATE**  
Establishment for Sale or Rent.

The undersigned, agent for Mrs. Juliana Brice of Annapolis, Maryland, offers for sale or rent, that BUILDING, the present real estate of the proprietor. It is situated at the corner of East & Prince George's streets, in a very healthy part of the town, and combines advantages, which few private dwellings possess. The main building with its wings, occupy upwards of a hundred feet in front. Attached to which is a garden of choice fruits enclosed by a brick wall. The whole, including the out houses, which are all of brick, and several wells of excellent water, embrace about two acres of ground.  
James F. Brice.

The editors of the Baltimore Republican, and U. S. Telegraph, Washington, will please to insert the above once a week for three weeks, and forward their accounts to  
James F. Brice.  
Agent for Mrs. J. Brice, Annapolis.  
March 6.

**The State of Maryland,**  
At an Orphans Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown on the 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.  
**PRESENT.**  
Joseph Stone, Esquires.  
George Thomas, Esquires.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz:  
On application of Francis Abell, administrator of John Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court that the said administrator give the notice required by law, for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the orphans court for St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my name (SEAL) and affixed the seal of the said court, this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.  
E. J. Millard, Register.

**This is to give Notice,**  
That the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of September, next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 28th day of February 1829.

Francis Abell, adm'r.  
March 2.

**Cheap Dry Goods.**  
The undersigned, offers for sale, at his old stand opposite the  
**MARKET HOUSE,**  
A handsome assortment of Dry Goods, consisting in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Vestings, Flannels, Blankets, Calicoes, Ginghams, Green de Naples Silks, Irish Linens, Irish Sheetings, (2 yards wide), Hosiery, Gloves, Shawls, and a variety of other Goods, all of which he is determined to sell very low for cash.  
RICHARD RIDGELY.  
Feb. 2.

**COWS & CALVES.**  
The subscriber wishes to sell about 8 or 10 MILCH COWS with the CALVES. The Cows are from 6 to 8 years old. Apply to  
Henry Mayer,  
Sandy Point.  
March 3.

**NOTICE.**  
The Commissioners of Anne Arundel county, will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on the 30th day of March, for the purpose of ascertaining and laying the expenses of the county for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight.  
March 5. R



Continued from 1st page.  
A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to authorize the levy court of Frederick county to levy a sum of money to purchase a tract of land and build a house thereon for the use of the paupers, and sell the present poor-house of said county, and for other purposes. Reported by Mr. M'Pherson.  
An act for the relief of Robert Johnson, of Cecil county. Reported by Mr. Gant, from the committee on applications for pecuniary relief by county assessments.  
An act for the relief of Samuel Messenger, of Frederick county. Reported by Mr. Shriver.  
An act to authorize the levy court of Frederick county to levy a sum of money for the purpose of building a bridge over the Catoctin creek in said county. Reported by Mr. How-lus.  
An act for the relief of Thomas W. Wharton and James C. McCallion, of the city of Baltimore. And an act for the relief of George King, of the state of Ohio. Reported by Mr. Gough, as chairman of the committee on insolvency.  
An act to lay out and open a road from the town of Westminster, in Frederick county, to the eastern edge of the ford- ing place on the western fork of the Patuxent Falls, near Wampler's mills, in Baltimore county. Reported by Mr. Shri- ver.  
On motion by Mr. Crabbe,  
The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

#### WEDNESDAY, March 4, 1829.

The house met. Were present, the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Spencer presented a petition of Robert Rolfe of Talbot county, praying the relief granted to officers and soldiers of the revolution by the state of Maryland, in consideration of his military services during that eventful period, which petition was referred to the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims.

Mr. Yon presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying for the passage of the bill, now pending before the legislature, which provides for changing the present levy court system in that county; which petition was referred to the select committee heretofore appointed to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Turner of Calvert, presented a petition of sundry citizens of the lower part of Anne-Arundel county, praying that a certain road running from the public road leading from the village of Friendship in Anne-Arundel county, to Fishing creek, in Calvert county, through a part of the plantations of John Scrivener of said county, and Samuel Owens of Richard, of Calvert county, as therein described, may, by law, be opened and made a public highway; and also a petition of sundry citizens residing in the upper part of Calvert county, of similar import, and to the like effect.

And Mr. Stewart of Anne-Arundel, presented a petition of John Scrivener and others, residents of the lower part of Anne-Arundel county, counter to the said petitions.

Ordered, That the said petitions and counter petition be severally referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Turner of Calvert, Beckett, Kent, Hood and Sutton.

Mr. Kemp presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Liberty town, in Frederick county, praying that an act may be passed authorizing and empowering certain trustees therein named to convey a part of a lot of ground in said town, upon which a market house was formerly erected, to certain persons therein appointed, for the purpose of erecting a house of public worship thereon; which memorial was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Kemp, Shriver and M'Pherson.

Mr. Gale presented a petition of the trustees of the Charles town Presbyterian congregation in Cecil county, praying that they may be vested with the same powers as are now exercised by the commissioners of the said town, in relation to their church or house of public worship erected therein; which petition was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Gale, Evans and Townsend.

On motion by Mr. Hood, it was Ordered, That the committee on applications of indigent persons for pecuniary relief by county assessments, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of placing Mary Nicholls, of Anne-Arundel, on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Shower asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill to entitled, "A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to provide for the public instruction of youth, in primary schools," throughout this state.

And on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the speaker to prepare and report said bill.

Messrs. Shower, M'Mahon of Baltimore city, and Turner of Baltimore county, were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order.

Mr. Shower, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from near Ellicott's Lower Mills towards George-town, in the District of Columbia.

Which said bills were severally read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, (by a special leave of the house,) submitted the following order:

Ordered, That the governor be requested to cause the flag to be hoisted on the state house this day at 12 o'clock, in honour of the inauguration of Andrew Jackson, as president of the United States of America.

Which was twice read; when,

Mr. Millis moved, that the further consideration of the said order be postponed until the fourth day of July next.

Mr. Gant moved to amend the said order, by striking out the words "Andrew Jackson, as," and inserting in lieu thereof, the word "the."

And the question on the latter motion being taken, was determined in the negative.

The question was then put on the motion of Mr. Millis for the indefinite postponement of the order, and determined in the negative; there appearing, upon a division and count of the house, to be 22 in the affirmative, and 33 in the negative.

After considerable debate,  
The question was propounded on the adoption of the said order,

And it was resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Donohoe, (by a special leave of the house, suspending the business then under consideration,) offered the following order:

Ordered, That the house now adjourn, not in commemoration of General Andrew Jackson's inauguration.

Which was twice read, and the question on the adoption thereof being taken, was determined in the negative.

The house then resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, in regard to the bill reported by Mr. M'Pherson, entitled, A supplement to the act, en-

titled, An act to provide for the making the several turnpike roads, and for the extension of the chapters of the several banks therein mentioned, passed at December session 1827, chapter 42; and the same having been read through-out yesterday.

The question was put, Shall the said bill pass?

It was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Kent, the bill reported by him, entitled, An act to preserve the breed of fish in the river Patuxent, was taken up for consideration by a special leave of the house, read the second time, and passed without amend-

ment.  
On motion by Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, the bill reported by him, entitled, An act to exempt the property of the Grand Lodge of Maryland from taxation, was taken up for consideration, by a special leave of the house, and read the second time.

After some discussion thereon,  
The question was put, Shall the said bill pass?

And it was resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills of this house of the following titles:

An act to incorporate certain trustees to build an academy or school house in or near the town of Manchester, in Baltimore county, to be known by the name and style of The Manchester United Academy or School; endorsed, 'will pass.'

And, a further supplement to an act regulating fences in Charles and Allegany counties, passed at December session 1826, chapter 82; endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendment.'

Which amendment being read the first, and, by a special order the second time, was assented to.

Ordered, That the said bills be severally engrossed.

The house then resumed the consideration of the bill reported by Mr. Turner, as chairman of the committee on divorces, entitled, An act for the relief of Mary Ann Blick of the city of Baltimore, which had been taken up, read a second time, debated, and laid on the table on the 16th in-

stant.

The said bill was again read; and after further discussion thereon,

The question was propounded, Shall the said bill pass?

And it was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Smith of Worcester,  
The house adjourned until this evening six o'clock.

#### WEDNESDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK, March 4, 1829.

The speaker attended and resumed the chair; when the roll was called,

And a sufficient number of members necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business not having convened this evening.

On motion by Mr. Smith of Worcester,  
The members present adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

#### THURSDAY, March 5, 1829.

The house met. Were present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, chairman of the select committee to which was referred the bill from the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Potomac steam packet company, reported, that the committee having considered said bill, were of opinion it ought to pass without amendment.

The said bill was then read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

A message was received from the executive department of the government, by its clerk, which was delivered in at the Speaker's desk.

On motion by Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, the bill reported by him, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act relating to the city of Baltimore, was taken up for consideration, by a special leave of the house, and read the second time. When,

On motion by Mr. Stewart of Anne-Arundel, the said bill was amended by the insertion therein, after the word "corporation," in the third line thereof, of these words, "which they are now, or may hereafter be, authorised by law to appoint."

The said bill, thus amended, was then passed, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Stockett, the bill reported by him yesterday, entitled, A supplement to the act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from near Ellicott's lower mills towards George-town in the District of Columbia, was taken up for consideration, read the second time by a special order, passed without amendment, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

The house resumed the consideration of the bill, reported by Mr. Wright of Dorchester, entitled, An act to regulate and equalize the tonnage or duty imposed and collected by the port wardens in the city of Baltimore, on vessels belonging to the citizens of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned; which had been taken up in just turn on the 25th ultimo, and the further consideration thereof then postponed until to-morrow.

The said bill having been read the second time,  
Mr. Shower moved that the further consideration thereof be postponed to the first day of June next.

And after considerable debate thereon,

The question was propounded, Shall the further consideration of said bill be postponed as proposed?

It was resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate delivered this day two several messages:

By the first message were returned bills and a resolution of this house, of the following titles:

An act empowering the commissioners of Harford county, in their discretion, to build two fire proof offices, for the use of the clerk of the county, and register of wills, for the safe keeping of the records appertaining to their respective offices, in the town of Belle Air.

An act to provide for filling up vacancies in the board of trustees of the Severn Church.

A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to authorise the trustees of the poor of Charles county, to purchase land and build a new poor's house.

And, An act for the relief of Samuel Messenger, of Frederick county; severally endorsed, 'will pass.'

Also, A resolution in favour of Thomas Kennedy, late State's Agent for the western shore; endorsed, 'assented to.'

Ordered, That the said bills and resolution be severally engrossed.

And, An act to incorporate the guardian institute of Baltimore; endorsed, 'reconsidered, and will not pass.'

And was also returned the bill of the senate, entitled, 'An act to regulate the removal of proceedings in criminal cases, and to make certain changes in the constitution and form of government, for that purpose,' which had on the 25th ultimo, been rejected by this house, accompanied by a message, enclosing a list of cases removed, upon suggestion and affidavit from Baltimore city court, to Anne Arundel coun-

ty court, to be held on the 3rd, Monday of April 1829, in the city of Annapolis, therein referred to; the said message was read, and is as follows:

By the Senate, March 4, 1829.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,  
The senate respectfully request the reconsideration by your honourable body, of the bill, entitled, An act to regulate the removal of proceedings in criminal cases, and to make certain changes in the constitution and form of government, for that purpose. The bill is one of considerable importance to the public, and the senate indulge the hope, that upon reconsideration your honourable body will pass it.

In the administration of the criminal justice of the state, impartiality, dispatch, cheapness and certainty, are prominent and important objects to be attained. The bill, so far as these objects are concerned, will have a salutary effect. In all cases of capital offences, the commission of which is likely to excite the public mind, and thereby prevent a fair and impartial trial, the bill secures to the accused the absolute right of removal. No discretion is allowed even to the court. In larcenies and misdemeanors, where no excitement is to be apprehended, it allows of removal, if the court in its discretion deems the removal necessary and proper. The right to judge of the propriety of removal should exist somewhere, and not in all cases be left to the will or the caprice of the accused. Where could it be lodged with greater safety than with the judicial tribunals of the country? Surely not in the bosom of the supposed culprit. At present, great evils exist, and great abuses are practised. A familiar case, one of frequent occurrence, will illustrate this position. The crime of larceny is committed, where the property taken is of inconsiderable value. The accused is unknown to the court and the jury, and perhaps to but few persons in the community—His offence even has not been heard of until the moment of presentment; it is in fact unknown except to those who have been plundered. Upon his arraignment, he alleges he cannot have a fair trial, and demands a removal, and the court is bound, imperatively bound, for no discretion is to be exercised, to order the removal of the cause. Numerous witnesses are thus compelled to attend the court of an adjoining county, at great sacrifice to themselves, and expense to the public. Frequently a person is accused of taking the property of an individual residing in a distant part of the state, or in another state; to detain the witness in person until the session of the court of the adjoining county, which is often remote, would be unjust—yet if not so detained, he seldom appears to prosecute; and if he does attend, it is at great inconvenience and expense. If he should not attend the culprit escapes. It is believed removals are not unfrequently obtained under the expectation that the witnesses will not attend, and the accused may thus escape condign punishment. Many individuals, it is not doubted, escape the punishment due to their crimes, from the apprehension untainted of the inconvenience, trouble and expense unavoidably incurred by those who attend as witnesses on prosecutions on behalf of the state. The senate beg leave to refer to the accompanying list of removals during a part of the present session of Baltimore city court, from which it will be perceived that thirty seven witnesses have been recognised to appear in this county in cases of removal—that twelve cases have actually been removed from that court, during a part only of one term—that those were cases of persons unknown in a great degree to the court and to the jury, and the charges are universally for taking feloniously some article of inconsiderable value.

By order,

L. Cassaway, Clk.

On motion by Mr. M'Mahon, of Baltimore city, the house agreed to reconsider its vote of rejection in relation to the said bill; and thereon the bill, with the said message and its inclosure, was referred, to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

And by the second of said messages were also returned the bills of this house, entitled, An act for the sale of the real estate of which Mark Benton, of Queen Anne's county, died seized.

And, An act to establish a public road in Charles county; severally endorsed, 'will not pass.'

Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, (by a special leave of the house obtained for the purpose,) then submitted the following preamble and Orders:

Whereas the senate have returned to this house the bill, entitled, An act to provide for the appointment of commissioners of Washington county, and prescribing their powers, with a mere verbal amendment, proposing to insert the word 'county' after the word 'Washington'; and whereas, a solemn decision in favour of this bill has already been made by a large majority of this house; and upon its return with said amendment, it is now opposed, not upon the ground that the amendment does in anywise affect the bill as formerly passed by this house, but upon the avowed ground, that it takes away the official influence of the executive in reference to said county, and confides to the people of a Jackson county the power of electing their own county commissioners; And whereas at the present session of the general assembly, a law has been passed at the instance of the delegates from Anne-Arundel county, affecting a change in the constitution of the levy court of said county, equally objectionable as a mere departure from the general constitution of said courts. Therefore,

Ordered, That in the opinion of this house it is the right of the people of any county of this state to demand any change in the mere county governments which may be required by a fair and just consideration of their own county interests, and for the purpose of sustaining and advancing those interests.

Ordered also, That the powers conferred by this bill, being purely local, and operating merely upon the county interests of Washington county, it is inconsistent with the rights of the people of said county, and anti-republican in practice, to deny to the people of said county the privilege of having such a form of county government as may, in their opinion, be calculated to diminish their county expenses, to improve the condition of their county, to increase its local facilities by the improvement of its roads and bridges, and to give to every district in said county such a representation in the county government of said county, as will enable each district to give a fair and full expression of its wishes and wants, and to protect its interests in contrast with the interests of the other districts.

Ordered also, That a refusal to modify or alter any such county government, when petitioned for by the people of said county generally, and sustained by the entire representation of said county, to subvert the views and interests of a state party, is incompatible with the proper motives and object of legislative action; and calculated to convert government, which was instituted for the benefit of the people of the state generally, into a mere engine of party, for the oppression of those who may have been opposed, or may be opposed to the powers that be.

Ordered also, That the frequent postponements of this

(Continued to second page.)

#### THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL BOOKS

Have been lately received at the circulating library in this city.

Dunstable.  
3d. Series of Tales of My Grandfather.  
Vol. 1.  
Opie's Works.  
Lady of the Manor.  
Father Clement.  
Decision.  
Erskine on the Gospel.  
Jay's Lectures.  
Hannah Moore's Works.  
Flint's Geography of the States.  
Darby's View of the United States.  
Memoirs of Phyllis.  
of Urquhart.  
of Scott.  
Romance of History.

The following works are daily expected Dr. Granville's *Peterburg*. A Chronicle of the Conquest of Grenada, by Washington Irving, and the Annals of Richmond and Eastburn, Wm H. Hall, Librarian.

Jan 29

#### The State of Maryland.

At an Orphans Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown, on the 6th day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, Present,

Luke W. Barber, Esquire.  
Joseph Stone, Esquire.  
George Thomas, Esquire.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz.

On application of Michael J. Lohr, administrator of Parker Lohr, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, his order by the Court, that the administrator give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis by John Green, &c.

#### Trustees Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of Maryland, the subscriber as trustee, will expose to public sale, on Friday the 20th March next, at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises, all those tracts or parts of tracts of land, situate lying and being in the upper part of Anne Arundel county, near the Poplar Springs and binding on the Frederick town turnpike road, 27 miles from Baltimore, and 18 from Frederick town, and containing about 115 acres of land, about 30 acres of the above is a good meadow land, cleared upland, and the balance is wood. This land is said to produce equal to any in its neighbourhood. The improvements are a comfortable dwelling house, stable, tobacco house, and other out houses. A further description is deemed unnecessary as the view of the premises, which will be shown by Mr. John Fluckhart, residing thereon, or by the subscriber in Lisbon. The terms as prescribed by the Chancellor, are that the purchaser or purchasers pay the whole money, either on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Chancellor, when the subscriber is authorised to make a good and sufficient deed, clear of all claims, either of the said John Fluckhart, or any person or persons claiming under him.

JOHN W. RINGROSE, Trustee.

Feb. 26

#### State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County Orphans Court, February 6th, 1829.

On application, by petition, of John S. Sellman, administrator of Joseph Harwood, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis. Thos T. Simmon, Reg. of Wills, A. A. C.

#### Notice is hereby given,

That the Subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Joseph Harwood, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 6th day of August next, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of February 1829. John S. Sellman, Adm'r.

Feb. 12

#### PERSONS

Who have any books belonging to the late Honorable Jeremiah Taylor Chase, are requested to return them to either of the executors, Richard M. Chase, Esq., or Jeremiah Taylor Chase, Esq., Feb. 12.



# The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. LXXXIV.

Annapolis, Thursday, March 26, 1829.

No. 13.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED  
BY  
**Jonas Green,**  
CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Three Dollars per annum.

**Bryan & Bassford,**  
**Merchant Tailors,**  
Have just received a large and hand-  
some assortment of  
**CLOTHES AND CASSIMERES**  
consisting of some of the best  
**Blue, Black, Olive, Green,**  
**Drab, Gray, Claret, cloths**  
**and Cassimeres.**  
And a variety of handsome  
**VESTINGS.**

All of the LATEST FASHIONS,  
which they will be happy to make up  
for their friends in the best style, and  
shortest notice.  
Oct 9.

**Fresh and Splendid**  
**VELVET CLOTHS.**

**GEORGE M'NEER,**  
**Merchant Tailor,**

Has just returned from Philadelphia  
and Baltimore, with a  
**Large Stock of Goods,**  
In his line, consisting of  
**Some of the best Velvet Cloths, and**  
**an assortment of Cassimeres,**  
**and a variety of**  
**VESTINGS,**  
Of the latest fashions, with an  
assortment of

**Hocks, Gloves, Collars & Spencers**  
All of which he will sell for Cash,  
or to punctual men on credit, to terms  
Sept. 18.

**100 Dollars Reward.**

Ran away from the farm of the late  
**Jonathan Pinkney,** Esq.  
near Annapolis, two ne-  
groes, one named **JIM**  
**FOOTEN,** aged a-  
bout thirty years, five  
feet ten inches high, and

of a bright complexion.  
The other named **BEN**  
**SNOWDEN,** about 19  
years old, five feet 8  
inches high, very black  
and walks a little lame.  
It is supposed that these  
negroes went away in company with a  
bright mulatto man named **Henry**  
**Wallace,** belonging to Mrs. **Juliana**  
**Pinkney.** The clothing of the above ne-  
groes is not known. A reward of fifty  
dollars will be given for the apprehen-  
sion of the two negroes, or twenty  
dollars for each, if taken within this state,  
and secured in jail so that I get them  
again; or one hundred dollars for both,  
if taken out of the state.  
Som. Pinkney, adm'r.  
June 5.

**Persons**

Who have borrowed any Books  
belonging to the late Jonathan Pink-  
ney, are requested to return them to  
the office of the subscriber.  
Som. Pinkney.  
Jan. 17.

**Public Sale.**

Pursuant to the last will and testa-  
ment of John Maccobbin, late of Anne  
Arundel county, deceased, the subscri-  
ber will offer at public sale, on the  
10th day of May next, if fair, if not  
the next fair day thereafter, the  
ARM on which said Maccobbin for-  
merly resided, situate on the north side  
of Severn River, and near to Magothy,  
being part of a tract of land called  
Somewood's Lot, but commonly known  
as the neighbourhood by the name of  
High Neck, and containing

**150 Acres of Land,**

more or less. The improvements con-  
sist of a comfortable two story frame  
wellington house, and some out buildings.  
This farm, from its vicinity to Balti-  
more and Annapolis, ought to be de-  
sirable. The sale will take place on  
the premises at 10 o'clock, A. M. which  
day, where the terms will be made  
known by

**Heratio Ridout,**  
**James Maccobbin,**  
**Executors of John Maccobbin.**  
Feb. 6

## Legislature of Maryland.

### House of Delegates.

SATURDAY, March 7, 1829.

The house met. Were present the same members as on  
yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.  
Mr. Turner of Baltimore county, presented a petition of  
Thomas G. Owen of Baltimore county, praying for the grant  
of a lottery, whereby he may raise a sum of money to en-  
able him to prove the utility of his Screw Propelling Pow-  
er, an improvement invented by him to propel steam or  
team boats; which petition was referred to the committee  
on ways and means.

Mr. Lee presented a communication, addressed to him as  
chairman of the committee on internal improvement, dated  
yesterday, and received by express, from the president of  
the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, enclosing a certi-  
fied copy of an act passed by the general assembly of Vir-  
ginia, on the 27th ultimo, entitled, An act further to amend  
the act incorporating the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Com-  
pany; which were read.

On motion by Mr. Lee, it was Ordered, That the said  
communication, with its accompanying document, be refer-  
red to the committee on internal improvement, and be also  
printed.

Mr. Watkins submitted the following resolution:  
Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That  
the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby au-  
thorised and directed, to pay to Ritchie and Gooch, or  
their order, the sum of fifteen dollars; to Peter Force, or his  
order, the sum of thirteen dollars and fifty cents; to Green  
& Jarvis, or their order, the sum of thirty-six dollars, out of  
any unappropriated money in the treasury, for newspapers  
furnished to the members of the legislature at December  
session 1827.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the se-  
cond time, assented to, and sent to the senate for concur-  
rence.

On motion by Mr. Gibbons, the house proceeded to con-  
sider the preamble and orders, submitted by him yesterday,  
in relation to the bill of this house, entitled, An act to pro-  
vide for electing commissioners for Washington county,  
and prescribing their powers and duties, with the amend-  
ment proposed thereto by the senate, and also in relation to  
the preamble and orders submitted on the 5th instant, by  
Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city. When,

On motion by Mr. M'Mahon, of Baltimore city, seconded  
by two other members, the house was called, and the  
door-keeper sent for the absent members remaining in the  
city.

The door-keeper having returned, reported that he had  
notified the absent members remaining in the city, to attend  
the house.

The consideration of said preamble and orders, submit-  
ted by Mr. Gibbons, was then resumed.

And in the progress of the second reading thereof,  
Mr. Mahon of Baltimore city, moved to amend the said  
preamble, by inserting after the words to ascribe unworthy  
motives to its members for refusing to consider said bill,  
in the ninth line of the said preamble, in the manuscript,  
the following words, viz.

"In ascribing their opposition to party feelings, and a de-  
sire to subvert party interests, merely because it unfortu-  
nately happened that these feelings and motives were open-  
ly avowed on the floor of this house by the several oppo-  
nents of this bill, when the amendment was first called up  
for consideration in this house; and have ever since at each  
subsequent effort to call up said amendment, been avowed  
and openly held by its opponents in debate, as proper feel-  
ings and motives of legislative action justifying and requir-  
ing the rejection of said bill, even in opposition to the will  
of the people of Washington county."

Mr. Teackle moved to amend the proposed amendment,  
by adding at the end thereof, these words, "as retaliation for  
previous avowals on the part of a leading member of the  
minority of this house."

And the question thereon, being taken, was resolved in  
the affirmative.

By permission of the house, after the amendment offered  
by Mr. Teackle had been adopted, Mr. M'Mahon of Balti-  
more city, engrafted the following words upon his original  
amendment, to come in immediately after the amendment  
offered by Mr. Teackle, viz.

"In reference to the contested election for the city of An-  
napolis, and at an early period of the session, that it was the  
intention of the Jackson party of this state again to submit  
the question to the people of this state whether they would  
sustain the existing administration, after it had been called  
into power by an overwhelming majority of the people of  
these United States."

After considerable debate on the subject, the question  
was put, Will the house assent to the amendment proposed  
by Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, as amended and mod-  
ified? And it was determined in the negative.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills of this house of  
the following titles, viz.

A supplement to an act to provide for the repair of public  
roads in Montgomery county, passed at December ses-  
sion 1826, chapter 227.

An act to confirm the marriage of Basil Grimes and Ma-  
ry Grimes, of Frederick county.

An act for the relief of George King, of the state of  
Ohio.

A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to confirm the  
proceedings of certain commissioners in Queen-Anne's  
county.

A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to provide for  
the making the several turnpike roads, and for the exten-  
sion of the charters of the several banks therein mentioned,  
passed at December session eighteen hundred and twenty-  
seven, chapter 42.

An act to incorporate in the town of Boonsborough, in  
Washington county, a company to be called The Boonsbor-  
ough Fire Company.

An act to authorize the levy court of Prince-George's  
county, to convey certain lots therein mentioned, in the  
town of Nottingham.

An act to make good and valid the acts and duties per-  
formed by James M'Guire, as a justice of the peace for Car-  
oline county.

An act to change the divisional line between Dublin and  
Brinkley's election district, in Somerset county.

An act to authorise the levy court of Somerset county to  
alter and straighten the public road in said county, which  
leads across Dames' Quarter Neck.

A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to incorporate  
the village of Port-Deposit, in Cecil county.

An act for the benefit of James H. Mitchell, of Worces-  
ter county. And,

An act for the compensation of the judges of Baltimore  
county court. Severally endorsed "will pass."

Also an act to preserve the breed of fish in the river Pa-  
tuxent, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Which amendments were read the first, and by a special  
order the second time, and severally assented to.

Also a supplement to an act, entitled, An act to amend  
the lottery system; endorsed, "amendment reconsidered  
and receded from."

Also a resolution extending the time allowed Richard  
Barner, of Charles county, to record certain papers therein  
mentioned.

A resolution in favour of Randall Hoskins, alias Ran-  
dolph Hoskins, of Washington county, state of Kentuc-  
ky.

And a resolution in favour of Richard Spires, of Brown  
county, and state of Ohio, a soldier of the revolutionary  
war. Severally endorsed "assented to."

Ordered, That the said bills and resolutions, respective-  
ly, be engrossed.

Also an act to provide for the repairing a certain bridge  
therein mentioned.

And an act to provide for the appointment of visitors and  
governors of the gaol of Baltimore county, and to prescribe  
their powers and duties; severally endorsed "will not pass."

And delivered two several bills, originated in, and pass-  
ed by the senate, entitled, An act relating to pleas of mis-  
nomer, and a further supplement to the act, entitled, An  
act to provide a summary mode of recovering possession of  
lands and tenements, holden by tenants for years, or at  
will, after the expiration of their terms; which said bills,  
being read by their respective titles, were severally refer-  
red to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

Mr. Wright of Dorchester, submitted the following or-  
der:

Ordered, That when this house adjourns, it shall stand  
adjourned until Monday morning nine o'clock.

Which was twice read, and the question thereon put,  
Will the house adopt the said order?

It was resolved in the affirmative.

The house then adjourned until Monday morning nine  
o'clock.

MONDAY, March 9, 1829.

The house met. Were present, the same members as on  
Saturday. The proceedings of Saturday were read.

Mr. Semmes, chairman of the select committee, to which  
had been referred the bill from the senate, entitled, An act  
to regulate the anchorage of vessels in regular and known  
seins-hauls, also to regulate seines in the waters of this state,  
reported, that the committee having considered said bill,  
were of the opinion it ought to pass, with the following  
amendment proposed by said committee, viz.

Strike out the second and third sections of the bill.

The said amendment and bill, were severally read the  
first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Buskirk, the preamble and resolutions,  
submitted by him on the 26th ult. relative to the Chesapeake  
and Ohio Canal company, were made the order of the day  
for to-morrow.

On motion by Mr. Lee, the bill reported by him, as chair-  
man of the committee on internal improvement, entitled,  
"An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act to in-  
corporate a company for the purpose of making and cutting a  
canal between the river Delaware and the Chesapeake bay,"  
was taken up for consideration by a special leave of the house,  
read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate for con-  
currence.

The bill reported by Mr. Done, entitled, An act to con-  
firm the title to property purchased at sheriff's sale, was  
taken up for consideration, in just turn, conformably to the  
40th rule of the house.

The said bill having been read throughout, and so amend-  
ed,

The question was put, Shall the said bill pass as amend-  
ed?

And it was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Done, the title of the said bill was  
then amended, to read as follows: "An act to confirm the  
title to property purchased at sales made by sheriffs, cor-  
oners, constables or elisors."

The bill reported by Mr. Hughlett, entitled, An addi-  
tional supplement to the act, entitled, An act relating to  
sheriffs, and for other purposes, passed at December ses-  
sion 1813, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, con-  
formably to the 40th rule of the house, and read the se-  
cond time. When,

On motion by Mr. Hughlett, the enacting clause of the  
bill, to wit, "Be it enacted by the General Assembly of  
Maryland," was stricken therefrom; and so the bill was re-  
jected.

Mr. Stewart of Anne Arundel, from the committee on  
claims by a special leave of the house, obtained for the pur-  
pose, submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the  
treasurer of the western shore, pay to Gideon Pearce, chief  
clerk of this house, the sum of — the amount expended by  
him, under an order of this house, to provide newspapers  
for the members thereof.

Which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the  
table.

The bill from the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate  
Abingdon in Harford county, was taken up for considera-  
tion, in just turn, conformably to the 40th rule of the house,  
read the second time, and passed without amendment.

On motion by Mr. Donoho,

The house then adjourned until this evening six o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK.

March 9, 1829.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment. Were present,  
the same members as in the morning.

The bills of this house, passed to day, of the following  
titles, were sent to the senate for concurrence, viz.

An additional supplement to the act, entitled, "An act to  
authorise the governor and council of Maryland, to appoint  
the inspectors of flour in this state, passed at December ses-  
sion 1825, chapter 174."

And, An act to confirm the title to property purchased at  
sales made by sheriffs, coroners, constables or elisors.

And the bill from the senate, passed by this house to-day,  
entitled, "An act to incorporate Abingdon in Harford coun-  
ty," was returned to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Smith, of Worcester,

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning nine  
o'clock.

TUESDAY, March 10, 1829.

The house met. Were present the same members as on  
yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

On motion by Mr. Gough, it was Ordered, That the  
speaker be authorised to appoint such additional clerks as  
may be necessary to expedite and complete the engrossment  
of bills.

On motion by Mr. Lee, the committee on internal im-  
provement was discharged from the further consideration of  
all such parts of the memorial of the Chesapeake and Ohio  
Canal Company, and also of all such matters in relation to  
the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal Company, respectively  
referred to said committee, as have not yet been acted on by  
the said committee.

Mr. Done chairman of the committee on ways and means,  
to which the subject had been referred, reported the fol-  
lowing resolutions, viz.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That  
the net revenue received from the inspection of tobacco in  
the city of Baltimore, after the new edifice now building in  
Dugan's wharf, be finished and paid for, be and the same is  
hereby appropriated to the payment of the loans raised by  
the state for the purchase and erection of warehouses in said  
city, and the treasurer of the western shore is hereby au-  
thorised and directed, to pay any part of the said loan, which  
is redeemable at the pleasure of the state, out of any reve-  
nue thus accruing and remaining in the treasury after the  
said new warehouse is paid for.

Resolved, That the several states warehouses, in the ci-  
ty of Baltimore, be placed under the care of the several  
inspectors who are employed in them, and when any repairs  
shall be necessary in either of them, the inspector thereof  
shall cause the same to be made on the best practicable  
terms, and pay for the same out of any monies in their  
hands, and shall file the vouchers of any monies thus paid,  
supported by affidavit, with the treasurer of the western  
shore.

Resolved, That the care of all the property of the state  
in the said city, exclusive of the said warehouses, be placed  
under the care and superintendence of the state's wharf-  
finger, who is authorised to rent the same on the best terms  
obtainable, and collect any rents which are or may become  
due, and the said wharfinger shall be entitled to receive out  
of said rents collected by him, ten per cent. for his trouble  
and care; Provided, that nothing in this resolution shall au-  
thorise the said wharfinger to interfere with any property  
which is already rented, except in collecting the rents due,  
until the expiration of the time for which the same is ren-  
ted; And provided also, that the said wharfinger shall not  
rent any of said property to any person who may intend to  
deposit in, or about the same, any inflammable or other  
substance that may, in the opinion of the inspectors, endan-  
ger the said property, or the contiguous warehouse or  
warehouses.

Resolved, That the inspectors in the warehouses on Du-  
gan's and O'Donnell's docks are hereby directed in the  
course of the present year to advertise, in at least two of the  
news-papers printed in the city of Baltimore, for four  
weeks, proposals for building a number of offices suitable  
for tobacco dealers, on the ground owned by the state, on  
said wharves, not exceeding eight in number, (the con-  
tractor to be authorised to use the materials of the old build-  
ing now on said lot,) the said offices to be twelve by four-  
teen feet in dimensions, one story high, and finished re-  
ady for tenants; and the said inspectors are directed to report  
any proposals that they may receive, to the next general  
assembly.

Which were read the first, and by a special order the se-  
cond time, severally assented to, and sent to the senate for  
concurrence.

The clerk of the senate returned the bills and resolutions  
of this house of the following titles, viz.

An act for the repairing of a bridge over the main falls of  
Patapsco on the Liberty road, in Baltimore county.

An act incorporating a company for the improvement of  
the public road from the city of Frederick to Harper's ferry.

And an act to divorce James Poter and Margaret Poter,  
of Harford county; severally endorsed, "will pass."

Also, a supplement to the act, entitled, An act to regulate  
sales by public auctions, passed at December session 1827,  
endorsed, "will pass, with the proposed amendment."

Which amendment was read the first, and by a special order  
the second time, and assented to.

Also, a resolution relating to the land records of Prince-  
George's county; endorsed "assented to."

A resolution suspending proceedings at the suit of the  
state against Robert C. Lusby, late sheriff of Cecil county,  
on the condition therein mentioned; endorsed, "assented to  
with the proposed amendment." Which amendment was  
read the first, and by a special order the second time, and  
concurred in.

Ordered, That the said bills and resolutions, respectively,  
be severally engrossed.

Also, a resolution in favour of Mary Ireland, widow of  
George Ireland, a revolutionary officer of the Maryland  
line.

A resolution in favour of Thomas Jones, of Anne-Arun-  
del county, a soldier of the revolutionary war.

A resolution in favour of William Price, son and heir of  
George Price, deceased.

See last page.



(Continued from last page.)

After some discussion, Mr. Hawkins moved to strike out the enacting clause of the said bill.

And the question thereon being taken, was decided in the negative.

Mr. Ely then moved to amend the first section of the bill, by inserting therein, immediately after the words, 'of this state in the several counties thereof,' in the third line of that section, in the manuscript, the following words: 'except Baltimore county which has the power, under existing laws, to elect, immediately by the people, county commissioners, invested with certain powers for the transacting of county business.'

On motion by Mr. Hope, the word 'Harford' was inserted in the proposed amendment, after the words 'except Baltimore county.'

On motion by Mr. Gale, the words 'and Cecil,' were also inserted in the proposed amendment, after 'Harford,' and the word 'county' was changed to 'counties,' and the word 'has,' to 'have.'

The question was then put on the adoption of the proposed amendment, so amended; and determined in the negative.

Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, then moved to amend the said bill, in its first section, as follows, viz:

Strike out from the word 'thereof,' in the third line of the first section to the word 'elective,' inclusive, in the 10th line, printed bill, and insert the following: 'and resident within any election district of any of the said counties, may and shall vote by ballot, at the time and places of holding the elections for delegates to the general assembly, for one person resident in his election district, having the same qualifications as are or shall be required for delegates to the general assembly, to be a justice of the levy court of his county for such election district.'

And the question on the adoption of this amendment, being taken, was resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Phelps then moved that the said bill be recommitted to the committee from which it was reported, for the purpose of amendment.

And the question thereon being taken, was determined in the negative.

Mr. Teackle then offered as a substitute for the said bill, so amended, a bill, which was read, and is as follows:

An act to provide for electing commissioners of counties, and prescribing their powers and duties.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the persons qualified to vote for delegates to the general assembly at the time and places of election in each of the several counties of this state, after the confirmation of this act, shall vote by ballot for three persons, having the same qualifications as required for delegates to the general assembly, to be commissioners for the county in which the same shall be elected; and the judges of election for each district of the said county, or a majority of them, shall certify under their hands and seals, and return in a form and manner similar to their certificates and returns of other elections, the number of votes given in their respective districts for commissioners as aforesaid; and the judges from the several election districts, when met at the court house of their proper county to ascertain and certify the election of delegates, shall in like manner ascertain the whole number of votes given for each person as commissioner, and the said judges shall, by a certificate to be filed with the clerk of their said county, and by him recorded, certify in similar form as the certificate of the election of delegates, that the three persons, by name, being duly qualified, who they shall ascertain to have received the greatest number of votes, are duly elected commissioners of the said county; and the said judges shall also state in the said certificate, the number of votes received by each person elected, of whom the highest in votes shall be entitled to serve three years, the next highest two years, and the lowest in votes one year, and their places respectively shall be supplied by the annual election of one commissioner, in like manner, and with the same qualifications, to serve three years; and if any commissioner shall die, resign, refuse or neglect, for twenty days, to take the oath of office herein prescribed, or remove from the county, the governor and council shall appoint a properly qualified person to fill his place, until the time of the next annual election, when a person shall be elected to serve the residue of his term, if any, in addition to the commissioners to be annually elected.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That every commissioner elected, or appointed, as aforesaid, shall, before he enters upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe, before some judge, or justice of the peace, an oath or affirmation, that he will faithfully, diligently and impartially, exercise the powers, and perform the duties of commissioner of his proper county, as the case may be, as authorized and required by law, according to the best of his skill and judgment, without favour, affection, hatred, malice, or ill-will, and that he will, in making all appointments to office, vote for such persons, among those who are willing to accept, as in his judgment and belief shall be most capable and best qualified to perform the duties of such office; which oath shall be recorded in a book to be kept for that purpose among the records of the said county, as the case may be.

Sec. 3. And be it enacted, That the commissioners elected, or appointed, as aforesaid, and their successors, shall be and they are hereby incorporated and constituted a body politic, by the name, style and title, of The Commissioners of \_\_\_\_\_ county, as the case may be, and by that name shall have continual and perpetual succession, and be capable in law of suing and being sued, of making and using a corporate seal, and of altering the same, of taking, holding, selling and conveying, all kinds of estate, property and effects, and of doing all such acts as shall be necessary to the exercise of all the powers which are or shall be vested in them by this act, or by any other act of assembly, as fully and effectually as corporate bodies may or can lawfully and rightfully do.

Sec. 4. And be it enacted, That when and as soon as the commissioners to be elected or appointed as aforesaid, and shall have taken and subscribed the oath, or affirmation, herein before described, all the powers, rights and privileges, lawfully exercised by, and all property, estate and effects, vested in the justices of the levy court of the proper county as aforesaid, as the case may be, shall be transferred to and vested in the commissioners of the said county, who or a majority of them, shall thereafter exercise all the said powers, rights and privileges, and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by the said justices of the levy court, and no appointment of justices of the levy court shall thereafter be made, and all the powers lawfully exercised by, or vested in, the commissioners of the tax for the said county, as the case may be, and all the duties required by law to be performed by them, shall be vested in, and exercised and performed by, the said commissioners, as the case may be, after they shall have become qualified as aforesaid.

Sec. 5. And be it enacted, That the commissioners of each

and every of the said counties, as the case may be, shall appoint a treasurer for their proper county, who shall give bond to the state of Maryland, in the penal sum of not less than five thousand, nor more than twenty thousand dollars, with at least two securities to be approved of by the said commissioners, with condition that he will faithfully and honestly perform the duties of treasurer of the said county, as the case may be, to the best of his ability, and pay over and apply all monies which shall come into his hands, or care, as treasurer, to such persons, and in such manner, as the commissioners of his said county, or a majority of them, shall direct, and that he will keep and enter fair and full accounts, of all monies received and paid by him, and of all matters relating to his duties and office, and preserve the same, and all vouchers relating thereto, and deliver up all books, vouchers, papers and accounts, relating to his said duties and office, when thereto required by the said commissioners, or a majority of them; or by such person or persons as they shall appoint to receive the same; and the said treasurer shall hold his office during the pleasure of the said commissioners, and shall receive such a compensation for his services, as the said commissioners shall think proper to allow, the same not being less than at the rate of two hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, per annum.

Sec. 6. And be it enacted, That the said commissioners shall appoint a clerk for the proper county as the case may be, whose duty it shall be to attend at their meetings, make minutes of and record all their proceedings, and perform such other duties as they shall from time to time require; he shall hold his office, and be removable at their pleasure, and shall receive such compensation as they shall deem just, not exceeding two dollars per day, for his attendance and services.

Sec. 7. And be it enacted, That the said commissioners, shall be entitled to meet and transact business in the court houses of their proper and respective counties, as the case may be, or at such other house, or place, as in their judgment may be deemed most suitable and convenient, and they shall be entitled to receive into their care and custody all the books, records and papers of the levy court, and all monies, books of accounts, vouchers, and other papers in the possession or under the charge and direction of the said levy court, as the case may be, when the said commissioners shall have been qualified as herein before provided; and each and every of the said commissioners shall be entitled to receive for his services, a rate of compensation similar to that allowed by law, to the justices of the levy court of his proper county as aforesaid.

Sec. 8. And whereas, the provisions of this act have been substantially granted to Baltimore, Harford and Cecil counties, therefore, Be it enacted, That the same shall not be construed to include the said counties nor operate to abrogate, nor repeal, in anywise, the same, in any of their provisions.

Sec. 9. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly of Maryland, after the next election of delegates at the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, in such case this act shall constitute and be considered a part of said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 10. And be it enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, that all laws contrary or inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

When another message was received from the senate, by their clerk, which was also delivered in at the speaker's desk.

Mr. Sommes, (by a special leave of the house obtained for the purpose,) then submitted a motion, that the further consideration of the subject matter immediately before the house be suspended for the purpose of taking up and considering so much of the messages received from the senate to-day, as may relate to the bill heretofore passed by this house and sent to the senate for their concurrence, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state.

And the question thereon, being taken, was resolved in the affirmative.

The Speaker then handed to the assistant clerk, the bill of this house, returned by the second message from the senate, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, endorsed 'will not pass,' accompanied by a communication, in relation thereto; which was read, and is as follows:

By the Senate, March 11, 1829.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

After considering the bill, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, and the amendments thereto, reported by the joint committee, we have rejected the same, and return it to your honourable body.

We are of opinion, that the good faith of the state should be preserved, and an adequate revenue provided to meet all demands against the state, but the senate do not consider it right and proper at this time to adopt an entire new system of assessment, and therefore are prepared, with your concurrence, to adopt a system of revenue, similar in its provisions to that adopted by the act of 1821, chapter 192, entitled, An act to provide a revenue for the support of the government of this state, not exceeding forty thousand dollars annually; and also, that a bill shall pass laying an additional duty of five dollars on all licenses granted to dealers in foreign goods, wares and merchandise.

By order, L. Cassaway, Clk.

Mr. Grason then submitted the following message, in reply to the senate, viz:

By the House of Delegates, March 11, 1829.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We have received your message informing us of the rejection of the general assessment bill, and proposing as a substitute for the same, the imposition of a direct tax on the counties of this state, according to the basis established in the year 1821.

Since that period, the relative wealth of the different counties has materially changed, and the system which might have been equal in its operation, when first introduced, would be unjust and oppressive at the present time. But that system is liable to an objection, existing at all times, inasmuch as it imposes the chief burden of taxation upon the agricultural interests; whereas, according to our Bill of Rights, and the obvious principles of justice, every man ought to contribute to the support of government, in proportion to what he is actually worth, in real and personal property.

These being our impressions, we cannot consent to revive that system, or to introduce any other which is liable to similar objections.

Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, proposed to amend the same, by adding at the end thereof, the following:

'At the same time we profess our entire willingness to assent to any modification of the bill, which will not conflict with the general principle embodied in it; that every man should contribute according to his actual worth in real or personal property,' nor is our adherence to the bill to be considered as a final adherence to all of its details. We are desirous to know whether the objectionable novelty of the bill, which we have sent to you consists in the principle of taxation above mentioned. If it be not, we may yet hope to redeem ourselves from the disgrace consequent upon leaving the state without the means of subsistence, by a course of compromise and mutual concession.'

Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, moved to amend the pro-

posed amendment, by appending at the end thereof, the following:

'We had hoped, that the amendments proposed by the joint committee of conference would make this bill acceptable to a majority of both houses, and we still hope, that upon mature consideration of those amendments, your honourable body may be reconciled to the principles of taxation most agreeable to us, and which, as we think, are now most agreeable to a great majority of the people of this state.'

And the question being taken on the adoption of Mr. Stuart's proposition to amend, it was determined in the negative.

Mr. Lee then moved, that the house do now adjourn.

This motion was negatived.

The question was then taken on the adoption of the amendment proposed by Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, and resolved in the affirmative.

The question on the adoption of the said message, as amended, was then stated;

And debate arising thereon,

Mr. Smith of Worcester, called for the previous question; which was also demanded by a majority of the members present, as required by the 23d rule of the house, but before the said previous question was put,

On motion by Mr. Donoho,

The house adjourned until this evening six o'clock.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK,

March 11, 1829.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment. Were present, the same members as in the morning.

The first message, and the residue of the second message, received to-day from the senate, were severally announced by the Speaker, and read by the clerk to the house.

By the first message were returned the bills and resolutions of this house, of the following titles, viz:

An act for the relief of Walter Cross of Anne-Arundel county, endorsed, 'reconsidered and will pass.'

An act to prevent the assemblage of persons of colour in Prince-George's county.

A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to authorise the levy court of Frederick county, to levy a sum of money to purchase a tract of land, and build a house thereon, for the use of the paupers, and sell the present poor's-house of said county, and for other purposes.

An act to authorise a transfer of a part of a lot of ground in the town of Liberty in Frederick county, for the purposes therein mentioned.

An act to incorporate the trustees of the Maria Marthian Society of Baltimore.

And a supplement to the act, entitled, An act incorporating the Frederick Town Savings Institution, passed at December session 1827, severally endorsed 'will pass.'

Also an act for the relief of Robert Johnson of Cecil county, endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendments.'

Which amendments were read the first, and by a special order the second time, and severally concurred in.

Also, a resolution in favour of Hohne and Mallonee, for washing the windows of the chambers of the senate and house of delegates, endorsed 'assented to.'

Ordered, That the said bills and resolutions, respectively, be engrossed.

Also, An act for the relief of Thomas W. Wharton and James C. McCallion, of the city of Baltimore.

An act authorising and directing the levy court of Calvert county, to appoint commissioners for the purposes therein mentioned.

An act to confirm the title to property purchased at sales made by sheriffs, coroners, constables or elisors.

And, An additional supplement to the act entitled, An act to authorise the governor and council of Maryland to appoint the inspectors of flour of this state, passed at December session 1823, chapter 174; severally endorsed, 'will not pass.'

Also, A resolution requiring the printed sheets of the journals of proceedings, and documents of both branches of the legislature, remaining undelivered at the close of each session, to be forwarded, per mail, to the several members thereof, respectively; endorsed, 'disputed from,' and was delivered, a bill, originated in, and passed by the senate, entitled, An act to authorise certain alterations in the court house of Baltimore county; which said bill, being read by its title, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Stuart and McMahon, of Baltimore city, and Ely. Whereupon,

Mr. Stuart, from that committee, reported said bill, without amendment.

On motion by Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, the said bill was then read the first, and by a special order, the second time, and passed.

And by the second message, the senate also returned the several resolutions of this house, of the following titles; (being the residue of the said second message received and but partially announced to day, as before mentioned, viz:

A resolution providing for the placing of head and foot stones, at the graves of William Price and Peter Rich, late members of the house of delegates.

A resolution in favour of Jonas Green and William McNeir, for printing the journals of proceedings of both branches of the legislature.

A resolution in favour of Richard I. Jones and John Tilghman, of Queen Anne's county.

A resolution in favour of Foote, Ritche and Gnoch, Porter Force and Green and Jarvis, for newspapers furnished to the members of the legislature at December session, 1827.

And, A resolution providing for the suspension of proceedings on certain judgments obtained by the state, in Allegany county court, against Thomas Pollard, former sheriff of said county, and his securities, on the condition therein mentioned; severally endorsed, 'assented to.'

Ordered, That the said resolutions be severally engrossed.

On motion by Mr. Semmes,

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of to-day, in reference to the message proposed by Mr. Grason, as amended on the motion of Mr. McMahon, of Baltimore city, in reply to that received from the senate, relative to the general assessment bill, passed by this house and rejected by the senate.

The said message so amended, was again read; and the previous question depending at the adjournment, to-day; 'shall the main question be now put,' recurring.

And, being so put,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

The said main question was then accordingly put, viz: 'Will the house adopt the said message as amended?'

And it was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Townsend, the house proceeded to consider the message to the senate, submitted by him this morning, proposing to close the session to-morrow, and to appoint a joint committee to wait on his excellency the governor, and request his attendance in the senate chamber this evening at eight o'clock, to sign and seal such laws as may be ready for his signature; and in the progress of the second reading thereof,

Mr. Ely then moved that the further consideration of said message be postponed until to-morrow.

And the question thereon being taken, was resolved in the affirmative.

## Maryland Gazette

ANNAPOLIS:

Thursday, March 26, 1829.

BY APPOINTMENT.

Married on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Jonathan Munroe, Mr. Elisha B. Munroe, of the city of Baltimore, to Miss Rebecca Ann Munroe of this city.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel County

Gentlemen,

I offer myself to your consideration, on, to represent you in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

JOHN S. SELLMAN.

For the Maryland Gazette.

Some great men—as I'm a sinner,

Have given Henry Clay a dinner,

Cook'd by one Bernard, sir;

Their wine was good, their wit was keen,

For they had disappointed been,

Which was very hard, sir.

They had a General at their head,

Did those pawlits feel no dread?

They each might be a fool, sir,

When Two Colonels gave support,

As Vice's in this brilliant court,

'Twas military rule, sir.

The wine went round, the toast was given,

With loud acclaims the room was given,

Each thought himself a host;

As soon as silence was obtain'd,

The orator attention gain'd,

And then he said his boast.

Now, Mr. President, you see,

Custom requires there should be,

Some mock embarrassment,

I feel it all, it gives a grace,

And asks a sympathetic face,

So be you all content.

A jury pack'd you are, I see,

Your verdict then I'm sure will be,

All in my own favour;

Each witness has no intelligence,

To praise you all is no offence,

It has a pleasant savour.

Now what I say you know is meant,

About the country to be sent,

Sent to gull the people;

But much I fear it may tell,

As if it were my funeral knell,

Sounded from a steeple.

Could I my temper but command,

I well might hold a higher stand,

And vent no abuse, sir;

I've lost my place, and I must scold,

'Tis no use now, sir.

I deprecate this election,

For it has been my election,

No offence, hold, sir;

I'll make a fuss 'bout the bargain,

And gloss it over with nice jargon,

The story's now grown old, sir.

I'll send it out in printer's ink,

That half a million with me think,

All for their country's good, sir,

All of them are wise and true,

And patriots, sir, like me, and you,

Who for oursel's, hold, sir.

I will not deign to think the laugh,

Is by a million and a half,

It's against your Clay, sir,

They are a set whose greatest sin,

Was their not keeping Adams in,

And driving me away, sir.

But all of them I now defy,

I'll not retract or modify,

Or alter an expression;

But will like foreboding raven,

Fright them all, from their safe haven,

By a well-timed lesson.

And I'll so nicely cloak my spleen,

That all the patriot shall be seen,

When I'm all for self, sir;

Ere I will never be at rest,

Until I rule the East and West,

Then we'll have the puff, sir.

I'll tell them of each place afar,

Of Peru rul'd by one Le Mar,

Then I will aver, sir,

That Columbia's overthrow,

And all her dearest rights are gone,

To grace Hallowell.

Of Chili I will give you O!

And tell them of one Colonel Pinto,

Who holds the chief command, sir;

I'll tell them all America,

Oh! awful time, Oh! awful day,

Is ruled by truncheon hand, sir.

My countrymen, they are not wise,

They will not see with my good eyes,

They are now in danger,

They've dismiss'd the patriot band,

Who wish'd to rule this happy land,

And feed a public manger.

It grieved my heart when I did hear,

The cannon roar, and then the cheer,

While Jackson took his station;

I could curse him, I could curse fate,

And all who did him elevate,

O'er this happy nation.

Yet I am a patriot bold,

Myself in readiness to hold,

If I don't rule them yet you see,

The fault will never be in me,

For I'll never swerve, sir.

Injustice has been done to me,

The men turn'd out who join'd you see,

To put Adams in, sir,

I'm sure I did it for the best,

To join the East unto the west,

Self was all the sin, sir.

And now, before I do sit down,

My thanks I give to all this town,

And all the people round, sir,

For 'tis my purpose, when I rise,

To throw the



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**LATEST FROM ENGLAND.**  
We are indebted to our correspondent of New-York, Gazette and Mercantile Advertiser, for proof sheets containing the following items of late intelligence brought by the packet ship Britannia, from Liverpool, which place she left on the 3d of February, with the papers to that day, and London, to the 21, both inclusive.

**RUSSIA AND TURKEY.**  
The greatest activity was making by the Turkish Government to complete the defense army. Considerable reinforcements of troops had arrived in the fortresses on the Danube, the garrison of Widin, since the 1st ult, had received an accession of 5,000 infantry, 20,000 cavalry, 600 artillery, and 200 artillery. Rouschnek had received an accession, since the 8th ult, of 6,000 infantry, 2,000 cavalry, and 500 artillery. Other troops have received similar accessions. The amount of the garrison of Silistria is not intimated, because the supplies came from the interior. It is said that the Turkish troops are impatient for the commencement of the next campaign.

The Emperor of Russia is equally disposed to increase his means of annoyance. He sent orders to the Grand Duke Constantine to put himself at the head of the army, and to march and occupy the fortresses. The army of the Baltic had received orders to march to the South. Gallatz, pontons were preparing for a bridge over the Danube, in order that an immense Russian army may cross to reconquer hostilities in the Spring. It is difficult to reconcile the conflicting accounts which appear in some of the Foreign Journals respecting the real state of affairs in the East. The fact, however, is beyond question that each power is collecting strength—the one to vanquish and overcome the other to defend and repel.

**the Voters of the Second Congressional District of Maryland.**

**A CARD.**

Whereas meetings of the voters opposed the re-election of our present representatives in congress, have been called in the various districts of the county of which the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of nominating an opposition candidate; and whereas it is believed that this insidious device is only resorted to for the single purpose of fomenting upon the people some detestable party of the "war, pestilence and famine" dynasty, to oppose the administration of Jackson, right or wrong, and where the duty of all who possess reasonable rights, to be the ally of the people, and act independently of all personal or local considerations to thwart schemes which are so shallow to pass without detection, and of too much consequence if successful, to pass unnoticed—it is therefore respectfully proposed, to all the friends of the present administration, an administration which has been called into existence by the voice of the people, backed by the unopposed majority of one hundred and fifty thousand voters of American freemen, to meet in their respective election districts on Thursday the 23d day of April at 10 o'clock, and there appoint five, friendly to the present administration, who shall meet in convention at John Hallap's tavern, on the Washington Turnpike, 23d May, at 10 o'clock, to consult upon measures best adapted to give to the present administration, an open and liberal support.

**MANY VOTERS.**  
The Washington Turnpike, and Baltimore will please see the above resolutions.

**Steam Boat Maryland.**  
Commences her regular route on Tuesday next. Leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge and Annapolis; returning, leaving Annapolis at 7 o'clock for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore. On Mondays leave Baltimore at 6 o'clock, returning, leave Annapolis at 1 o'clock the same day. On Tuesday the 1st of April, she will leave Baltimore at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, and return, leaving Annapolis at 1 o'clock; continuing this route throughout the season. Passage to and from Annapolis, 81

**State of Maryland.**

Prince George's County, to wit: I hereby certify that Horatio B. Collins, of said county, brought before me as subscriber, one of the justices of the peace, in and for said county, as a trespassing on a dark Bay Mare, about ten or eleven years old, fourteen hands high, no perceptible mark, shod with iron shoes, and has a long mane and switch tail. Given under my hand and seal, this 31 day of March 1829.

Overton C. Warner.  
The owner of the above described property is requested to come, prove property, pay charges and take it away.

March 26. Horatio B. Collins.

**This is to give Notice,**

That the subscriber, of Saint Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Judith Davis, late of Saint Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of October next; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate, given under my hand this 10th day of March, 1829.

Richard Burroughs, Adm'r.

March 26.

**TO BE RENTED.**

The House lately occupied by Mrs. Killy, near the church circle. Possession can be given on the first day of April next. For terms apply to Henry Maynadiar.

**THE STATE OF MARYLAND.**  
At an Orphans Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown, on the 13th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine.

**PRESENT.**

Luke W. Barber, Esquires.  
George Thomas, Esquires.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz:  
On application of Henry G. Garner, administrator of Ignatius Edwards, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court that the said administrator give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans Court for St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my (SEAL) name, and affixed the seal of the said court, this 12th day of March, in the year of our Lord, 1829.  
E. J. Millard, Register.

**THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,**

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Ignatius Edwards, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 12th day of March 1830. They may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 12th day of March 1829.

Henry G. Garner, Adm'r.  
of Ignatius Edwards.

March 26.

**Planters Bank of Prince George's County,**

March 19th, 1829.

The Board of Directors of this institution, have this day declared a dividend of three per cent. on the capital stock thereof, payable to the respective stockholders, of their legal representatives, on or after Thursday the 26th inst.

Test. Treasman Tyler, Cash.

March 26.

**Dancing Academy.**

VICTOR D. MONTALT,

Professor of Dancing, has the honor to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis, that he proposes to open a School, for teaching that delightful accomplishment in this city.

The School will be opened at the Assembly Room on Friday next, at half past two o'clock in the afternoon, for young Ladies and Boys; and at early candle light for Gentlemen of a more advanced age.

Mr. M. will continue to give lessons every Tuesday and Friday, during the season, at the house above mentioned, and there will be a Ball once every fortnight, for the improvement of the Scholars, and the amusement of those who may have the goodness to patronize him. The price of instruction will be \$12 per quarter as heretofore, in this city. The Spanish Dance will be taught if requested.

Mr. M. may be seen at any time at Williamson's Hotel.

Annapolis, March 19, 1829.

**By virtue of a deed of trust from Benjamin Armiter, the subscribers will offer at public sale, at the Court House in Annapolis, on WEDNESDAY, the 22d day of April next, at 12 o'clock, a tract of land called Selby's Lot, lying on the north side of Severn river, and containing 300 3/8 acres, more or less. This land is now in the occupation of Benjamin Armiter, who is the executor of the will of Nicholas J. Watkins, of Capt. Boon and of Mrs. Boon, and is equal in quality to any in the neighborhood. Persons disposed to purchase, are requested to examine the premises before the day of sale. The terms will be made known at the time of sale.**

Daniel Kent,  
Mordcaif P. Smith,  
William M. Parlin.

March 19.

**Notice,**

Is hereby given, that an election will be held at the Ball Room, in this city, on the first Monday of April next, for the purpose of electing seven Common Council men, for the corporation of the city of Annapolis.

March 5. J. J. Holland, Clk.

**C. HAYDEN,**

DENTIST.

Respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Annapolis and its vicinity. He is at Mrs. Robinson's, where he will remain a few days only.

March 12.

**PRINTING**

Neatly executed at this Office.

**Valuable Property for Sale.**

By virtue of a decree of the court of Chancery the subscriber will offer at public sale, at Mr. James Hunter's Tavern, in the city of Annapolis, on Saturday the 4th day of April next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, the dwelling plantation of Dr. Deal M. Worthington, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. This plantation is situated about four miles from the city of Annapolis, it contains by recent survey,

**976 ACRES.**

The quality of this land is said to be excellent, a considerable part of it is very heavily timbered, it has also extensive meadows, and a water mill now in operation, capable by attention of being made very valuable to the owner.

The buildings consist of a new and comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, & all necessary out houses. A plot of this land will be exhibited on the day of sale, and it will be sold entire or in parcels to suit purchasers.

**THE TERMS OF SALE**

Are, a credit of four, eight and twelve months, the purchaser or purchasers to give bond with good securities for the payment of each instalment, with interest thereon from the day of sale.

George Wells, Jr. Trustee.

March 2.

The creditors of the said Dr. B. M. Worthington, deceased, are required to produce their claims properly authenticated, to the Register of the court of chancery, within four months from the day of sale.

**Corporation Notice.**

All persons having claims against the Corporation of the city of Annapolis, are requested to present the same to the treasurer, by the 10th day of March next.

By order, I. Holland, Clk.

Feb. 5.

**State of Maryland, se.**

Anne Arundel county Orphans Court,

Feb. 10th, 1829.

On application, by petition, of James A. Meredith, administrator with the will annexed, of Thomas Meredith, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

Thos. T. Simmons,  
Reg. of Wills, A. A. C.

**Notice is hereby given,**

That the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Thomas Meredith, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of August next, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 10th day of February, 1829.

James A. Meredith, Adm'r.

Feb. 12.

**The State of Maryland,**

At an Orphans Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown, on the 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.

**PRESENT.**

Joseph Stone, Esquires.  
George Thomas, Esquires.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz:  
On application of Francis Abell, executor of Mary H. Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court, that the said executor give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans court of St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my (SEAL) name, and affixed the seal of the said court, this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.

E. J. Millard, Register.

**This is to give Notice,**

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Mary H. Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of September next; they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 28th day of February 1829.

Francis Abell, Exr.

March 12.

**Swain's Panacea,**

For the cure of Scrofula or King's Evil, Syphilis and Mercurial Disease, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Sores, White Swellings, Diseases of the Liver and Skin, General Debility, &c. and all diseases arising from impure blood. It has also been found beneficial in Nervous and Dyspeptic complaints.

Price Two Dollars per bottle, and Twenty Dollars per Dozen.

**TO THE PUBLIC.**

In consequence of the numerous frauds and impositions practised in reference to my medicine, I am again induced to change the form of my bottles. In future, the Panacea will be put up in round bottles, fluted longitudinally, with the following words blown in the glass, "Swain's Panacea—Philadelphia."

These bottles are much stronger than those heretofore used, and will have but one label, which covers the cork, with my own signature on it, so that the cork cannot be drawn without destroying the signature, without which none is genuine. The medicine must consequently be known to be genuine when my signature is visible; to counterfeit which, will be punishable as forgery.

The increasing demand for this celebrated medicine has enabled me to reduce the price to two dollars per bottle, thus bringing it within the reach of the indigent.

My Panacea requires no encomium; its astonishing effects and wonderful operation, have drawn, both from Patients and Medical Practitioners of the highest respectability, the most unqualified approbation, and established for it a character, which envy's pen, tho' dipped in gall, can never tarnish.

The false reports concerning this valuable medicine, which have been so diligently circulated by certain Physicians, have their origin either in envy or in the mischievous effects of the spurious imitations.

The Proprietor pledges himself to the public, and gives them the most solemn assurances, that this medicine contains neither mercury, nor any other deleterious drug.

The public are cautioned not to purchase my Panacea, except from myself, my accredited agents, or persons of known respectability, and all those who shall purchase from any other persons.

Wm SWAIN.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1828.

From Doctor Valentine Mott, Professor of Surgery in the University of New York, Surgeon of the New York Hospital, &c. &c.

I have repeatedly used Swain's Panacea, both in the Hospital and in private practice, and have found it to be a valuable medicine in chronic, syphilitic and scrofulous complaints, and in obstinate cutaneous affections.

Valentine Mott, M. D.

New-York, 1st mo 5th, 1824.

From Doctor William P. Dewees, Adjunct Professor of Midwifery in the University of Pennsylvania, &c. &c.

I have much pleasure in saying, I have witnessed the most decided and happy effects in several instances of inveterate disease, from Mr. Swain's Panacea, where other remedies had failed—one was that of Mrs. Brown.

Wm. P. Dewees, M. D.

Philadelphia, Feb. 20, 1823.

From Doctor James Mease, Member of the American Philosophical Society, &c. &c.

I cheerfully add my testimony in favour of Mr. Swain's Panacea, as a remedy in Scrofula. I saw two inveterate cases perfectly cured by it, after the usual remedies had been long tried without effect—those of Mrs. Offner and Mrs. Campbell.

James Mease, M. D.

Philadelphia, Feb. 18 1823.

THE GENUINE PANACEA may be had, wholesale and retail, at the Proprietor's own prices, of HENRY PRICE.

Sole Agent in Baltimore,

At the corner of Baltimore and Haver streets.

Nov 27.

**SWAIN'S PANACEA.**

To the Editor of the American Daily Advertiser.

Sir—Enclosed you have a letter, a deposition, and certificate entitled to the highest consideration. If such detail as is here given to by the unhappy sufferer herself, and certified to be true, as of their own knowledge, by two most respectable Physicians; and by the Magistrate, before whom the deposition was made, then do I aver that those who resist such evidence would not believe even though the miraculous cure should be performed under their own eyes. This case has made a deep and lasting impression on the neighbourhood where Mrs. Applegate lives, and I do not at all doubt but it will leave an impression little less durable wherever it shall be read. I ask, and am asked by others, with such wonderful cures, sustained by more of our regular Physicians? They know well the cases in which it would surely be efficacious. If it were not for the high respect I have for the Medical Profession, I would not hesitate to impute the conduct to jealousy or envy, or to some equally unamiable quality. I ask from the public

for the following statement, deposition and certificate, a candid and impartial hearing—I ask no more, because I know no more are necessary to carry conviction to the mind of the most prejudiced.

A Neighbour.

Cranberry, Middlesex County, N. J.

January 17th, 1829.

Mr. William Swain, Philadelphia,

Sir—Being for a few days at this place, and having heard, astonishing accounts of the cure of Mrs. Sarah Applegate, of a disease which had baffled the skill of the best physicians, for seven years, I determined to call and be convinced if it were strictly true. I found her enjoying good health, which she assured me had been the case for the last three years—from the time she had been cured by the use of Swain's Panacea.

The horrid ravages made by the disease, are of course visible, and the lower extremities present an appearance which beggars description; that disease in any form could make such inroads on the human system without producing death, is as astonishing as it is wonderful. She informs me that in June, 1818 a tumor formed immediately below the knee, which was extremely painful, the uneasiness and swelling of it caused her so much alarm, that she applied to a medical gentleman for relief. The tumor opened, and was succeeded by many others, until the whole limb was covered with large corroding ulcers. Medical skill was entirely unavailing to check the progress of the disease, and the patient was reduced to a most deplorable condition, the flesh seemed to be separated from the bones—the immense discharge from so many ulcers, completely prostrated the patient's strength, her appetite was gone; and nature nearly exhausted.

In this state of misery Mrs. Applegate passed under the hands of several skillful Physicians, without experiencing benefit for a period of seven years.

To give you a just idea of her sufferings, as gathered from her own candid and artless description, I confess my utter inability. She lingered on, sometimes able to take a little exercise in a carriage, and then again unable to leave her bed for several successive months, until about five years after she was first attacked with the disease, when as she was riding the horses ran away, overturned the carriage, threw her out, and caused a compound fracture of the hip. Under this accumulation of misery and suffering she lingered two years. Her bones and integuments were laid bare, large pieces of the remaining flesh she had were constantly sloughing out, and her situation was wretched and pitiable beyond comparison, cheered by no ray of hope, doomed to wear a way a miserable existence, and hourly wishing for death. She was told by some of her friends that Swain's Panacea would, if any thing could, relieve her. Mrs. Applegate consented to remove, and did remove to Philadelphia; this removal was with difficulty accomplished, and she remained, as you may recollect, under your care for about two weeks. Being at the end of that time convalescent, she returned home. It is impossible to express the astonishment created by her return in the minds of all who had seen her during the seven years of her sufferings. She was soon, to general admiration, restored to perfect health.

Thus, Sir, by the use of your Panacea, which is acknowledged to be one of the richest gifts bestowed on suffering humanity—this unfortunate woman was restored to health and usefulness. Three years have elapsed since Mrs. A. was cured, since that time she has become the happy mother of a daughter, and a finer or healthier infant I never beheld. This fact, while it is a convincing proof of the efficacy of your medicine in removing affections that originate from impurity of the blood, is equally convincing that it regenerates and invigorates all the vital principles and functions of humanity.

This case should be published—it is your interest to publish it, & it is for the benefit of the whole human family, that such astonishing and well authenticated facts be made known, although perhaps, to those who are already acquainted with the virtues of Swain's Panacea, it may not be necessary, yet believe me there are yet numbers entirely ignorant of its many virtues, and powerful restorative properties, who are labouring under all the horrors of disease, that for their benefit alone such cases should be made as public as possible.

With sentiments of esteem, I remain respectfully, yours,

Signed William B. Hamilton.

Personally appeared before me, (L. S.) Robert M'Chesney, one of the Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, in the State of New Jersey, Sarah Applegate, who made oath that the foregoing letter contains an accurate account of her case, and cure by Swain's Panacea.

Signed Sarah Applegate.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, the 17th day of January, 1829.

Signed Robert M'Chesney.

**CERTIFICATE.**

We, the undersigned, inhabitants of Cranberry, were witnesses of the

awful sufferings of Mrs. Sarah Applegate, and her cure by Swain's Panacea, after seven years confinement, and cheerfully subscribe to the truth of the above case, in the hope that others may be induced to apply for relief to the same source.

Signed Ralph F. Lott, M. D.

Signed George Davis, M. D.

Signed Robert M'Chesney, J. P.

N. B. In order to put the public on their guard, we are assured that there are a number of counterfeit adulterations of this most valuable remedy, which has already done much injury, not only to the character of the genuine Swain's Panacea, but to the lasting injury of the patient's health.

Feb 26

**The State of Maryland,**

At an Orphans Court, held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown on the 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.

**PRESENT.**

Joseph Stone, Esquires.  
George Thomas, Esquires.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz:

On application of Francis Abell, administrator of John Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court that the said administrator give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the orphans court for St. Mary's county I have hereunto subscribed my name (SEAL) and affixed the seal of the said court, this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.

E. J. Millard, Register.

**This is to give Notice,**

That the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of September, next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 28th day of February 1829.

Francis Abell, adm'r.

March 18.

**Cheap Dry Goods.**

This undersigned offers for sale, at his old stand opposite the

**MARKET HOUSE,**

A handsome assortment of Dry Goods, consisting in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassimere Vestings, Flannel, Blankets, Calicoes, Gingham, &c. &c. of Naples Silks, Irish Linens, Irish Sheetings (3 yards wide), Ho—rs, Gloves, Shawls, and a variety of other GOODS, all of which he is determined to sell very low for cash.

RICHARD RIDGEWAY.

Feb. 12.

**COWS & CALVES**

The subscriber wishes to sell about 8 or 10 COWS with the CALVES. The Cows are from 4 to 8 years old. Apply to

Henry Mavor,

March 5. Sandy Point.

**Farmers Bank of Maryland,**

Annapolis, March 15th, 1829.

The President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, have declared a dividend of 2 1/2 per cent. on the stock of the said bank for six months, ending on the 31st instant, and payable on or after the first Monday of April next, to stockholders on the western shore at the Bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the eastern shore at the Branch Bank at Eastern, upon personal application on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order.

By order of the Board

Sam. Maynard, Cash.

March 19.

The Gazette and American, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week for three weeks.

**State of Maryland,**

Anne Arundel county to wit, I hereby certify, that Horatio Keith of said county, brought before me as subscriber, a dark Bay Gelding, about eight years old fifteen hands high the right hind foot white, shod all round, his tail rather of a switch, trotting gallops &



(Continued from last page.)

After some discussion, Mr. Hawkins moved to strike out the enacting clause of the said bill.

And the question thereon being taken, was decided in the negative.

Mr. Ely then moved to amend the first section of the bill, by inserting therein, immediately after the words, 'of this state in the several counties thereof,' in the third line of that section, in the manuscript, the following words: 'except Baltimore county which has the power, under existing laws, to elect, immediately by the people, county commissioners, invested with certain powers for the transacting of county business.'

On motion by Mr. Hope, the word 'Harford' was inserted in the proposed amendment, after the words 'except Baltimore.'

On motion by Mr. Gale, the words 'and Cecil,' were also inserted in the proposed amendment, after 'Harford'; and the word 'county' was changed to 'counties,' and the word 'has,' to 'have.'

The question was then put on the adoption of the proposed amendment, so amended; and determined in the negative.

Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, then moved to amend the said bill, in its first section, as follows, viz:

Strike out from the word 'thereof,' in the third line of the first section to the word 'elected,' inclusive, in the 10th line, printed bill, and insert the following: 'and resident within any election district of any of the said counties, may and shall vote by ballot, at the time and places of holding the elections for delegates to the general assembly, for one person resident in his election district, having the same qualifications as are or shall be required for delegates to the general assembly, to be a justice of the levy court of his county for such election district.'

And the question on the adoption of this amendment, being taken, was resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Phelps then moved that the said bill be recommitted to the committee from which it was reported, for the purpose of amendment.

And the question thereon being taken, was determined in the negative.

Mr. Teackle then offered as a substitute for the said bill, so amended, a bill, which was read, and is as follows:

An act to provide for electing commissioners of counties, and prescribing their powers and duties.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the persons qualified to vote for delegates to the general assembly at the time and places of election in each of the several counties of this state, after the confirmation of this act, shall vote by ballot for three persons, having the same qualifications as required for delegates to the general assembly, to be commissioners for the county in which the same shall be elected; and the judges of election for each district of the said county, or a majority of them, shall certify under their hands and seals, and return in a form and manner similar to their certificates and returns of other elections, the number of votes given in their respective districts for commissioners as aforesaid; and the judges from the several election districts, when met at the court house of their proper county to ascertain and certify the election of delegates, shall in like manner ascertain the whole number of votes given for each person as commissioner, and the said judges shall, by a certificate to be filed with the clerk of their said county, and by him recorded, certify in similar form as the certificate of the election of delegates, that the three persons, by name, being duly qualified, who they shall ascertain to have received the greatest number of votes, are duly elected commissioners of the said county; and the said judges shall also state in the said certificate, the number of votes received by each person elected, of whom the highest in votes shall be entitled to serve three years, the next highest two years, and the lowest in votes one year, and their places respectively shall be supplied by the annual election of one commissioner, in like manner, and with the same qualifications, to serve three years; and if any commissioner shall die, resign, refuse or neglect, for twenty days, to take the oath of office herein prescribed, or remove from the county, the governor and council shall appoint a properly qualified person to fill his place, until the time of the next annual election, when a person shall be elected to serve the residue of his term, if any, in addition to the commissioners to be annually elected.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That every commissioner elected, or appointed, as aforesaid, shall, before he enters upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe, before some judge, or justice of the peace, an oath or affirmation, that he will faithfully, diligently and impartially, exercise the powers, and perform the duties of commissioner of his proper county, as the case may be, as authorized and required by law, according to the best of his skill and judgment, without favour, affection, hatred, malice, or ill will, and that he will, in making all appointments to office, vote for such persons, among those who are willing to accept, as in his judgment and belief shall be most capable and best qualified to perform the duties of such office; which oath shall be recorded in a book to be kept for that purpose among the records of the said county, as the case may be.

Sec. 3. And be it enacted, That the commissioners elected, or appointed, as aforesaid, and their successors, shall be and they are hereby incorporated and constituted a body politic, by the name, style and title, of The Commissioners of \_\_\_\_\_ county, as the case may be, and by that name shall have continual and perpetual succession, and be capable in law of suing and being sued, of making and using a corporate seal, and of altering the same, of taking, holding, selling and conveying, all kinds of estate, property and effects, and of doing all such acts as shall be necessary to the exercise of all the powers which are or shall be vested in them by this act, or by any other act of assembly, as fully and effectually as corporate bodies may or can lawfully and rightfully do.

Sec. 4. And be it enacted, That when and as soon as the commissioners to be elected or appointed as aforesaid, and shall have taken and subscribed the oath, or affirmation, herein before described, all the powers, rights and privileges, lawfully exercised by, and all property, estate and effects, vested in the justices of the levy court of the proper county as aforesaid, as the case may be, shall be transferred to and vested in the commissioners of the said county, who or a majority of them, shall thereafter exercise all the said powers, rights and privileges, and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by the said justices of the levy court, and no appointment of justices of the levy court shall thereafter be made, and all the powers lawfully exercised by, or vested in, the commissioners of the tax for the said county, as the case may be, and all the duties required by law to be performed by them, shall be vested in, and exercised and performed by, the said commissioners, as the case may be, after they shall have become qualified as aforesaid.

Sec. 5. And be it enacted, That the commissioners of each

and every of the said counties, as the case may be, shall appoint a treasurer for their proper county, who shall give bond to the state of Maryland, in the penal sum of not less than five thousand, nor more than twenty thousand dollars, with at least two securities to be approved of by the said commissioners, with condition that he will faithfully and honestly perform the duties of treasurer of the said county, as the case may be, to the best of his ability, and pay over and apply all monies which shall come into his hands, or care, as treasurer, to such persons, and in such manner, as the commissioners of his said county, or a majority of them, shall direct, and that he will keep and enter fair and full accounts, of all monies received and paid by him, and of all matters relating to his duties and office, and preserve the same, and all vouchers relating thereto, and deliver up all books, vouchers, papers and accounts, relating to his said duties and office, when thereto required by the said commissioners, or a majority of them; or by such person or persons as they shall appoint to receive the same; and the said treasurer shall hold his office during the pleasure of the said commissioners, and shall receive such a compensation for his services, as the said commissioners shall think proper to allow, the same not being less than at the rate of two hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, per annum.

Sec. 6. And be it enacted, That the said commissioners shall appoint a clerk for the proper county as the case may be, whose duty it shall be to attend at their meetings, make minutes of and record all their proceedings, and perform such other duties as they shall from time to time require; he shall hold his office, and be removable at their pleasure, and shall receive such compensation as they shall deem just, not exceeding two dollars per day, for his attendance and services.

Sec. 7. And be it enacted, That the said commissioners, shall be entitled to meet and transact business in the court houses of their proper and respective counties, as the case may be, or at such other house, or place, as in their judgment may be deemed most suitable and convenient, and they shall be entitled to receive into their care and custody all the books, records and papers of the levy court, and all monies, books of accounts, vouchers, and other papers in the possession or under the charge and direction of the said levy court, as the case may be, when the said commissioners shall have been qualified as herein before provided; and each and every of the said commissioners shall be entitled to receive for his services, a rate of compensation similar to that allowed by law, to the justices of the levy court of his proper county as aforesaid.

Sec. 8. And whereas, the provisions of this act have been substantially granted in Baltimore, Harford and Cecil counties, therefore, Be it enacted, That the same shall not be construed to include the said counties nor operate to abrogate, nor repeal, in anywise, the same, in any of their provisions.

Sec. 9. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly of Maryland, after the next election of delegates at the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, in such case this act shall constitute and be considered a part of said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 10. And be it enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, that all laws contrary or inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

When another message was received from the senate, by their clerk, which was also delivered in at the speaker's desk.

Mr. Sommes, (by a special leave of the house obtained for the purpose,) then submitted a motion, that the further consideration of the subject matter immediately before the house be suspended for the purpose of taking up and considering so much of the messages received from the senate to-day, as may relate to the bill heretofore passed by this house and sent to the senate for their concurrence, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state.

And the question thereon, being taken, was resolved in the affirmative.

The Speaker then handed to the assistant clerk, the bill of this house, returned by the second message from the senate, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, endorsed 'will not pass,' accompanied by a communication, in relation thereto; which was read, and is as follows:

By the Senate, March 11, 1829.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, After considering the bill, entitled, An act for the general valuation and assessment of property in this state, and the amendments thereto, reported by the joint committee, we have rejected the same, and return it to your honourable body.

We are of opinion, that the good faith of the state should be preserved, and an adequate revenue provided to meet all demands against the state, but the senate do not consider it right and proper at this time to adopt an entire new system of assessment, and therefore are prepared, with your concurrence, to adopt a system of revenue, similar in its provisions to that adopted by the act of 1821, chapter 102, entitled, An act to provide a revenue for the support of the government of this state, not exceeding forty thousand dollars annually; and also, that a bill shall pass laying an additional duty of five dollars on all licenses granted to dealers in foreign goods, wares and merchandize.

By order, L. Cassaway, Clk.

Mr. Grason then submitted the following message, in reply to the senate, viz:

By the House of Delegates, March 11, 1829.

Gentlemen of the Senate, We have received your message informing us of the rejection of the general assessment bill, and proposing as a substitute for the same, the imposition of a direct tax on the counties of this state, according to the basis established in the year 1821.

Since that period, the relative wealth of the different counties has materially changed, and the system which might have been equal in its operation, when first introduced, would be unjust and oppressive at the present time. But that system is liable to an objection, existing at all times, inasmuch as it imposes the chief burden of taxation upon the agricultural interests; whereas, according to our Bill of Rights, and the obvious principles of justice, every man ought to contribute to the support of government, in proportion to what he is actually worth, in real and personal property.

These being our impressions, we cannot consent to revive that system, or to introduce any other which is liable to similar objections.

Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, proposed to amend the same, by adding at the end thereof, the following:

'At the same time we profess our entire willingness to assent to any modification of the bill, which will not conflict with the general principle embodied in it; that every man should contribute according to his actual worth in real or personal property,' nor is our adherence to the bill to be considered as a final adherence to all of its details. We are desirous to know whether the objectionable novelty of the bill, which we have sent to you consists in the principle of taxation above mentioned. If it be not, we may yet hope to redeem ourselves from the disgrace consequent upon leaving the state without the means of subsistence, by a course of compromise and mutual concession.'

Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, moved to amend the pro-

posed amendment, by appending at the end thereof, the following:

'We had hoped, that the amendments proposed by the joint committee of conference would make this bill acceptable to a majority of both houses, and we still hope, that upon mature consideration of those amendments, your honourable body may be reconciled to the principles of taxation most agreeable to us, and which, as we think, are now most agreeable to a great majority of the people of this state.'

And the question being taken on the adoption of Mr. Stuart's proposition to amend, it was determined in the negative.

Mr. Lee then moved, that the house do now adjourn. This motion was negatived.

The question was then taken on the adoption of the amendment proposed by Mr. McMahon of Baltimore city, and resolved in the affirmative.

The question on the adoption of the said message, as amended, was then stated;

And debate arising thereon, Mr. Smith of Worcester, called for the previous question; which was also demanded by a majority of the members present, as required by the 33d rule of the house, but before the said previous question was put,

On motion by Mr. Donoho,

The house adjourned until this evening six o'clock.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK,

March 11, 1829.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment. Were present, the same members as in the morning.

The first message, and the residue of the second message, received to-day from the senate, were severally announced by the Speaker, and read by the clerk to the house.

By the first message were returned the bills and resolutions of this house, of the following titles, viz:

An act for the relief of Walter Cross of Anne-Arundel county, endorsed, 'reconsidered and will pass.'

An act to prevent the assemblage of persons of colour in Prince-George's county.

A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to authorise the levy court of Frederick county, to levy a sum of money to purchase a tract of land, and build a house thereon, for the use of the paupers, and sell the present poor's-house of said county, and for other purposes.

An act to authorise a transfer of a part of a lot of ground in the town of Liberty in Frederick county, for the purposes therein mentioned.

An act to incorporate the trustees of the Maria Marthian Society of Baltimore.

And a supplement to the act, entitled, An act incorporating the Frederick Town Savings Institution, passed at December session 1827, severally endorsed 'will pass.'

Also an act for the relief of Robert Johnson of Cecil county, endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendments.'

Which amendments were read the first, and by a special order the second time, and severally concurred in.

Also, a resolution in favour of Hohne and Mallonee, for washing the windows of the chambers of the senate and house of delegates, endorsed 'assented to.'

Ordered, That the said bills and resolution, respectively, be engrossed.

Also, an act for the relief of Thomas W. Wharton and James C. McCallion, of the city of Baltimore.

An act authorising and directing the levy court of Calvert county, to appoint commissioners for the purposes therein mentioned.

An act to confirm the title to property purchased at sales made by sheriffs, coroners, constables or elisors.

And, An additional supplement to the act entitled, An act to authorise the governor and council of Maryland to appoint the inspectors of flour of this state, passed at December session 1825, chapter 174; severally endorsed, 'will not pass.'

Also, a resolution requiring the printed sheets of the journals of proceedings, and documents of both branches of the legislature, remaining undelivered at the close of each session, to be forwarded, per mail, to the several members thereof, respectively; endorsed, 'disented from,' and was delivered, a bill, originated in, and passed by the senate, entitled, An act to authorise certain alterations in the court house of Baltimore county; which said bill, being read by its title, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Stuart and McMahon, of Baltimore city, and Ely. Whereupon,

Mr. Stuart, from that committee, reported said bill, without amendment.

On motion by Mr. Stuart of Baltimore city, the said bill was then read the first, and by a special order, the second time, and passed.

And by the second message, the senate also returned the several resolutions of this house, of the following titles; (being the residue of the said second message received and partially announced to-day, as before mentioned, viz:

A resolution providing for the placing of head and foot stones, at the graves of William Price and Peter Rich, late members of the house of delegates.

A resolution in favour of Jonas Green and William McNeir, for printing the journals of proceedings of both branches of the legislature.

A resolution in favour of Richard I. Jones and John Tilghman, of Queen Anne's county.

A resolution in favour of Fonte, Ritchie and Gooch, Porter Force and Green and Jarvis, for newspapers furnished to the members of the legislature at December session, 1827.

And, A resolution providing for the suspension of proceedings on certain judgments obtained by the state, in Allegany county court, against Thomas Pollard, former sheriff of said county, and his securities, on the condition therein mentioned; severally endorsed, 'assented to.'

Ordered, That the said resolutions be severally engrossed.

On motion by Mr. Semmes,

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of to-day, in reference to the message proposed by Mr. Grason, as amended on the motion of Mr. McMahon, of Baltimore city, in reply to that received from the senate, relative to the general assessment bill, passed by this house and rejected by the senate.

The said message so amended, was again read; and the previous question depending at the adjournment, to-day; "shall the main question be now put," recurred.

And, being so put,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

The said main question was then accordingly put, viz: 'Will the house adopt the said message as amended?'

And it was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Townsend, the house proceeded to consider the message to the senate, submitted by him this morning, proposing to close the session to-morrow, and to appoint a joint committee to wait on his excellency the governor, and request his attendance in the senate chamber this evening at eight o'clock, to sign and seal such laws as may be ready for his signature; and in the progress of the second reading thereof,

Mr. Ely then moved that the further consideration of said message be postponed until to-morrow.

And the question thereon being taken, was resolved in the affirmative.

ANNAPOLIS:  
Thursday, March 26, 1829.

Married on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Jonathan Munroe, Mr. Joseph H. Munroe, of the city of Baltimore, to Miss Anna Munroe of this city.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel County

Gentlemen, I offer myself to your consideration, to represent you in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

JOHN S. SELLMAN

For the Maryland Gazette.

Some great men—as I'm a sinner, Have given Henry Clay a dinner, Cook'd by one Bernard, sir, Their wine was good, their wit was keen, For they had disappointed been, Which was very hard, sir.

They had a General at their head, Did those pawlows feel no dread, They each might be a fool, sir, When two Colonels gave support, As Vice's in this brilliant court, 'Twas military rule, sir.

The wine went round, the toast was given, With loud acclaim the room was riven, Each thought himself a host, As soon as silence was obtain'd, The orator attention gain'd, And then in his own boast.

Now, Mr. President, I see, Custom requires there should be, Some mock embarrassment, I feel it all, it gives a grace, And asks a sympathetic face, So be you all content.

A jury pack'd you are, I see, Your verdict then I'm sure will be, All in my own favour, Each witness has intelligence, To praise you all is no offence, It has a pleasant savour.

Now what I say you know is meant, About the country to be sent, Sent to gull the people; But much I fear it may tell, As if it were my funeral knell, Sounded from a steeple.

Could I my temper but command, I well might hold a higher stand, And vent no abuse, sir, But I am a patriot bold, I've lost my place, and I must scold, Tho' it is no use, sir.

I deprecate this election, For it has been my objection, No office I'll hold, sir, I'll make a fuss 'bout the bargain, And gloss it over with nice jargon, The story's now grown old, sir.

I'll send it out in printer's ink, That half a million with me think, All for their country's good, sir, All of them are wise and true, And patriots, sir, like me, who for ourselves would do.

I will not delude to think the laugh, Is by a million and a half, It's laid against your Clay, sir, They are a set whose greatest sin, Was their not keeping Adams in, And driving me away, sir.

But all of them I now defy, I'll not retract or modify, Or alter an expression; But will like foreboding raven, Fright them all, from their safe haven, By a well timed lesson.

And I'll so nicely cloak my spleen, That all the patriot shall be seen, When I'm all for sick, sir, For I will never be at rest, Until I rule the East and West, Then we'll have the pel, sir.

I'll tell them of each place afar, Of Peru rul'd by one Le Mar, Then I'll aver sir, That Columbus's overthrow, And all her dearest rights are gone, To grace Hollis.

Of Chili I will give you O! And tell them of one Colonel Pinto, Who holds the chief command, sir, I'll tell them all America, Oh! awful time, Oh! awful day, Is ruled by truncheon band, sir.

My countrymen, they are not wise, They will not see with my good eyes, They are now in danger, They've dismissed the patriot band, Who wish'd to rule this happy land, And feed a public manger.

It grieved my heart when I did hear, The cannon roar, and then the cheer, While Jackson took his station, I could curse him, I could curse fate, And all who did him elevate, O'er this happy nation.

Yet I am a patriot bold, Myself in readiness I hold, If time ever serve sir, If I don't rule them yet—you see, The fault will never be in me, For I'll never serve sir.

Injustice has been done to me, The men turn'd out who join'd you see, To put Adams in, sir, I'm sure I did it for the best, To join the East with the west, Self was all the sin, sir.

And now, before I go sit down, My thanks I give to all this town, And all the people round, sir, For 'tis my purpose, when I rise, To throw the dust into their eyes, With words of empty sound, sir.

We understand (says the Maryland Gazette) that Mr. Selman has been elected to represent the city of Baltimore in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

State of Maryland, Prince-George's County, I hereby certify, of said county, as subscribers to the peace, in

March 26, 1829.

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# LATEST FROM RUSSIA.

We are indebted to our correspondent at New-York, for the following intelligence brought by the steamer Britannia, from Liverpool, which place she left on the 24th of February, with the papers to that day, and London, to the 2d, both inclusive.

## RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

The greatest activity was making by the Turkish Government to complete the defense army. Considerable reinforcements of troops had arrived in the fortresses on the Danube; the garrison of Widin, since the 1st ult., had received an accession of 5,000 infantry and 2,000 cavalry—making the total garrison 20,000 infantry, 600 cavalry, and 200 artillery. Radoschek had received an accession, since the 8th ult. of 6,000 infantry, 2,000 cavalry, and 500 artillery. Other troops have received similar accessions.

The Emperor of Russia is equally disposed to increase his means of annoyance. He has sent orders to the Grand Duke Constantine to put himself at the head of the Turkish army, and to march and occupy the principalities. The army of the Baltic had received orders to march to the South. Gallaz, pontooning were preparing for a large over the Danube, in order that an immense Russian army may cross to reconquer the provinces in the Spring. It is difficult to reconcile the conflicting accounts which appear in some of the Foreign Journals respecting the real state of affairs in the East. The fact, however, is beyond question, that each power is collecting his strength—the one to vanquish and overcome the other to defend and repel.

## The Voters of the Second Congressional District of Maryland.

### A CARD.

Whereas meetings of the voters opposed the re-election of our present representative in Congress, have been called in the various districts of the counties of which the Second Congressional District is composed, the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of nominating an opposition candidate; and whereas it is believed that this insidious and only resorted to for the single purpose of foisting upon the people some deleterious party of the "war, pestilence and famine" dynasty, to oppose the administration of Jackson, right or wrong, and where the duty of all who possess the rights of citizenship, to be independent of all personal or local considerations, to thwart schemes which are so shallow to pass without detection, and of too much consequence if successful, to pass unnoticed—it is therefore respectfully proposed, to all the friends of the present administration, an administration which has been called into existence by the voice of the people, backed by the unprecedented majority of one hundred and fifty thousand votes of American freemen, to set in their respective election districts on Thursday the 23d day of April at 10 o'clock, and there appoint five, friendly to the present administration, who shall meet in connection at John Halap's tavern, on the Washington Turnpike, 23d May, at 10 o'clock, to consult upon measures best adapted to give to the present administration the open and liberal support of the voters.

## Steam Boat Maryland.

Commenced her regular route on Tuesday next, leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton; returning, leaving Easton at 7 o'clock for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore. On Mondays leave Baltimore at 6 o'clock, returning, leave Easton at 1 o'clock the same day. On Sunday the 1st of April, she will leave Baltimore at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, and 2 o'clock; continuing this route throughout the season. Passage to and from Annapolis, 81

## State of Maryland.

Prince George's County, to wit: I hereby certify that Horatio B. Collins, of said county, brought before me as subscriber, one of the justices of the peace, in and for said county, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, a dark BAY MARE, about ten or eleven years old, fourteen hands high, no perceptible mark, shod with iron, and a white blaze, and a long mane and switch tail. Given under my hand and seal, this 3d day of March 1829.

Overton C. Warner.  
The owner of the above described property is requested to come, prove property, pay charges and take it away.  
Horatio B. Collins.

March 26.

## This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Saint Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Judith Davis, late of Saint Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of October next; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate, given under my hand this 10th day of March, 1829.

Richard J. Burroughs, Adm'r.

March 26.

## TO BE RENTED.

The House lately occupied by Mrs. Kelly, near the church of St. Mary, in Annapolis, can be given for the term of one year, from the 1st day of April next. For terms apply to Henry Maynard.

## THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

As an Orphan Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown, on the 12th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine.

### PRESENT.

Luke W. Barker, Esquire.  
George Thomas, Esquire.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz:

On application of Henry G. Garner, administrator of Ignatius Edwards, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court that the said administrator give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans Court for St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my (SEAL) name, and affixed the seal of the said court, this 12th day of March, in the year of our Lord, 1829.

E. J. Millard, Register.

## THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Ignatius Edwards, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 12th day of March 1830, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 12th day of March 1829.

Henry G. Garner, Adm'r.

of Ignatius Edwards.

March 26.

## Planters Bank of Prince George's County,

March 19th, 1829.

The Board of Directors of this institution, have this day declared a dividend of three per cent. on the capital stock thereof, payable to the respective stockholders, of their legal representatives, on or after Thursday the 26th inst.

Test. Treman Tyler, Cash.

March 26.

## Dancing Academy.

VICTOR D. MONTALT.

Professor of Dancing, has the honor to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis, that he proposes to open a School, for teaching that delightful accomplishment in this city. The School will be opened at the Assembly Room on Friday next, at half past two o'clock in the afternoon, for young Ladies and Boys; and at early candle light for Gentlemen of a more advanced age.

Mr. M. will continue to give lessons every Tuesday and Friday, during the season, at the house above mentioned, and there will be a Ball once every fortnight, for the improvement of the Scholars, and the amusement of those who may have the goodness to patronize him. The price of instruction will be \$12 per quarter as heretofore, in this city. The Spanish Dance will be taught if requested.

Mr. M. may be seen at any time at Williamson's Hotel.

Annapolis, March 19, 1829.

## By virtue of a deed of trust from Benjamin Armiger, the subscribers will offer at public sale, at the Court House in Annapolis, on WEDNESDAY, the 23d day of April next, at 12 o'clock, a tract of land called Selby's Lot, lying on the north side of Severn river, and containing 300 3/8 acres, more or less. This land is now in the occupation of Benjamin Armiger, who is the owner of the same. It is situated in the neighborhood of Persons disposed to purchase, are requested to examine the premises before the day of sale. The terms will be made known at the time of sale.

Daniel Kent.

Mordecai P. Smith.

William M. Parlin.

March 19.

## Notice,

Is hereby given, that an election will be held at the Ball Room, in this city, on the first Monday of April next, for the purpose of electing seven Common Council men, for the corporation of the city of Annapolis.

March 5.

## C. HAYDEN, DENTIST.

Respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Annapolis and its vicinity. He is at Mrs. Robinson's, where he will remain a few days only.

March 12.

## PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

## Valuable Property for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the court of Chancery, the subscriber will offer at public sale, at Mr. James Barker's Tavern, in the city of Annapolis, on Saturday the 4th day of April next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, the dwelling plantation of De. Deal M. Worthington, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. This plantation is situated about four miles from the city of Annapolis, it contains by recent survey,

### 975 ACRES.

The quality of this land is said to be excellent, a considerable part of it is very heavily timbered, it has also extensive meadows, and a water mill now in operation, capable by attention of being made very valuable to the owner.

The buildings consist of a new and comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, and all necessary out houses.

A plot of this land will be exhibited on the day of sale, and it will be sold entire or in parcels to suit purchasers.

### THE TERMS OF SALE.

Are, a credit of four, eight and twelve months; the purchaser or purchasers to give bond with good securities for the payment of each instalment, with interest thereon from the day of sale.

George Wells, Jr. Trustee.

March 2.

The creditors of the said Dr. B. M. Worthington, deceased, are required to produce their claims properly authenticated, to the Register of the court of chancery, within four months from the day of sale.

## Corporation Notice.

All persons having claims against the Corporation of the city of Annapolis, are requested to present the same to the treasurer, by the 10th day of March next.

By order, I. Holland, Clk.

Feb. 5.

## State of Maryland, se.

Anne Arundel county Orphans' Court.

Feb. 10th, 1829.

On application, by petition, of James A. Meredith, administrator with the will annexed, of Thomas Meredith, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

Thos. T. Simmons.

Reg. of Wills, A. A. C.

## Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Thomas Meredith, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of August next, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 10th day of February, 1829.

James A. Meredith, Adm'r.

Feb. 12.

## The State of Maryland.

At an Orphan Court held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown, on the 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.

### PRESENT.

Joseph Stone, Esquire.  
George Thomas, Esquire.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz:

On application of Francis Abell, executor of Mary H. Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court, that the said executor give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my (SEAL) name, and affixed the seal of the said court, this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.

E. J. Millard, Register.

## This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Mary H. Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of September next; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 28th day of February 1829.

Francis Abell, Ex'r.

March 12.

## SWAIM'S PANACEA.

For the cure of Scrofula, or King's Evil, Syphilis, and Mercurotic Diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcerous Sores, White Swellings, Diseases of the Liver and Skin, General Debility, &c. and all diseases arising from impure blood. It has also been found beneficial in Nervous and Dyspeptic complaints.

Price Two Dollars per bottle, and Twenty Dollars per Dozen.

### TO THE PUBLIC.

In consequence of the numerous frauds and impositions practised in reference to my medicine, I am again induced to change the form of my bottles. In future, the Panacea will be put up in round bottles, fitted long and indelibly, with the following words blown in the glass, "Swaim's Panacea—Philadelphia."

These bottles are much stronger than those heretofore used, and will have but one label, which covers the cork, with my own signature on it, so that the cork cannot be drawn without destroying the signature, without which none is genuine. The medicine must consequently be known to be genuine when my signature is visible; to counterfeit which, will be punishable as forgery.

The increasing demand for this celebrated medicine has enabled me to reduce the price to two dollars per bottle, thus bringing it within the reach of the indigent.

My Panacea requires no encomium; its astonishing effects and wonderful operation, have drawn, both from Patients and Medical Practitioners, the highest respectability, the most unqualified approbation, and established for it a character, which every pen, tho' dipped in gall, can never tarnish.

The false reports concerning this valuable medicine, which have been so diligently circulated by certain Physicians, have their origin either in envy or in the mischievous effects of the spurious imitations.

The Proprietor pledges himself to the public, and gives them the most solemn assurances, that this medicine contains neither mercury, nor any other deleterious drug.

The public are cautioned not to purchase my Panacea, except from myself, my accredited agents, or persons of known respectability, and all those will consequently be without excuse, who shall purchase from any other persons.

Wm SWAIM.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1828.

From Doctor Valentine Mott, Professor of Surgery in the University of New York, Surgeon of the New York Hospital, &c. &c.

I have repeatedly used Swaim's Panacea, both in the Hospital and in private practice, and have found it to be a valuable medicine in chronic, syphilitic and scrofulous complaints, and in obstinate cutaneous affections.

Valentine Mott, M. D.

New-York, 1st mo 5th, 1824.

From Doctor William P. Dewees, Adjunct Professor of Midwifery in the University of Pennsylvania, &c. &c.

I have much pleasure in saying, I have witnessed the most decided and happy effects in several instances of inveterate disease, from Mr. Swaim's Panacea, where other remedies had failed—one was that of Mrs. Brown.

Wm. P. Dewees, M. D.

Philadelphia, Feb. 20, 1823.

From Doctor James Mease, Member of the American Philosophical Society, &c. &c.

I cheerfully add my testimony in favour of Mr. Swaim's Panacea, as a remedy in Scrofula. I saw two inveterate cases perfectly cured by it, after the usual remedies had been long tried without effect—those of Mrs. Officer and Mrs. Campbell.

James Mease, M. D.

Philadelphia, Feb. 18, 1823.

The GENUINE PANACEA may be had, wholesale and retail, at the Proprietor's own prices.

HENRY PRICE.

Sole Agent in Baltimore, At the corner of Baltimore and Hanover-streets.

Nov 27.

## SWAIM'S PANACEA.

To the Editor of the American Daily Advertiser.

Sir—Enclosed you have a letter, a deposition, and certificate entitled to the highest consideration. If such detail as is hereawon to by the unhappy sufferer herself, and certified to be true, as of their own knowledge, by two most respectable Physicians; and by the Magistrate, before whom the deposition was made, then do I aver that those who resist such evidence would not believe—even though the miraculous cure should be performed under their own eyes. This case has made a deep and lasting impression on the neighbourhood where Mrs. Applegate lives, and I do not at all doubt but it will leave an impression little less durable wherever it shall be read. I ask, and am asked by others, with such wonderful cures, sustained by the most unimpeachable testimony, why is not Swaim's Panacea prescribed by more of our regular Physicians? They know well the cases in which it would surely be efficacious. If it were not for the high respect I have for the Medical Profession, I would not hesitate to impute their conduct to jealousy or envy, or to some equally unamiable quality. I ask from the public

for the following statement, deposition and certificate, a candid and impartial hearing—I ask no more, because I know no more necessary to carry conviction to the mind of the most prejudiced.

A Neighbour.

Granberry, Middlesex County, N. J.

January 17th, 1829.

Mr. William Swaim, Philadelphia.

Sir—Being for a few days at this place, and having heard astonishing accounts of the cure of Mrs. Sarah Applegate, of a disease which had baffled the skill of the best Physicians, for seven years, I determined to call and be convinced if it were strictly true. I found her enjoying good health, which she assured me had been the case for the last three years—from the time she had been cured by the use of Swaim's Panacea.

The horrid ravages made by the disease, are of course visible, and the lower extremities present an appearance which boggles description; that disease in any form could make such inroads on the human system without producing death, is as astonishing as it is wonderful. She informs me that in June, 1818 a tumor formed immediately below the knee, which was extremely painful, the uneasiness and swelling of it caused her so much alarm, that she applied to a medical gentleman for relief. The tumor opened, and was succeeded by many others, until the whole limb was covered with large corroding ulcers. Medical skill was entirely unavailing to check the progress of the disease, and the patient was reduced to a most deplorable condition, the flesh seemed to be separated from the bones—the immense discharge from so many ulcers, completely prostrated the patient's strength, her appetite was gone, and nature nearly exhausted.

In this state of misery Mrs. Applegate passed under the hands of several skillful Physicians, without experiencing benefit for a period of seven years.

To give you a just idea of her sufferings, as gathered from her own candid and artless description, I confess my utter inability. She lingered on, sometimes able to take a little exercise in a carriage, and then again unable to leave her bed for several successive months, until about five years after she was first attacked with the disease, when as she was riding the horses ran away, overturned the carriage, threw her out, and caused a compound fracture of the hip. Under this accumulation of misery and suffering she lingered two years. Her bones and integuments were laid bare. Large pieces of the remaining flesh she had been constantly sloughing out, and her situation was wretched and pitiable beyond comparison, cheered by no ray of hope, doomed to wear a way a miserable existence, and hourly wishing for death. She was told by some of her friends that Swaim's Panacea would, if any thing could, relieve her. Mrs. Applegate consented to remove, and did remove to Philadelphia; this removal was with difficulty accomplished, and she remained, as you may recollect, under your care for about two weeks. Being at the end of that time convalescent, she returned home. It is impossible to express the astonishment created by her return in the minds of all who had seen her during the seven years of her sufferings. She was soon, to general admiration, restored to perfect health.

Thus, Sir, by the use of your Panacea, which is acknowledged to be one of the richest gifts bestowed on suffering humanity—this unfortunate woman was restored to health and usefulness. Three years have elapsed since Mrs. A. was cured, since that time she has become the happy mother of a daughter, and a finer or healthier infant I never beheld. This fact, while it is a convincing proof of the efficacy of your medicine in removing affections that originate from impurity of the blood, is equally convincing that it regenerates and invigorates all the vital principles and functions of humanity.

This case should be published—it is your interest to publish it, & it is for the benefit of the whole human family, that such astonishing and well authenticated facts be made known, although perhaps, to those who are already acquainted with the virtues of Swaim's Panacea, it may not be necessary, yet believe me there are yet numbers entirely ignorant of its many virtues, and powerful restorative properties, who are labouring under all the horrors of disease, that for their benefit alone such cases should be made as public as possible.

With sentiments of esteem, I remain respectfully yours,

Signed William B. Hamilton.

Personally appeared before me, (J. S.) Robert M'Chesney, one of the Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, in the State of New Jersey, Sarah Applegate, who made oath that the foregoing letter contains an accurate account of her case, and cure by Swaim's Panacea.

Signed Sarah Applegate.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, the 17th day of January, 1829.

Signed Robert M'Chesney.

## CERTIFICATE.

We, the undersigned, inhabitants of Granberry, were witnesses of the

dreadful sufferings of Mrs. Sarah Applegate, and her cure by Swaim's Panacea, after seven years' afflictment, and cheerfully subscribe to the truth of the above facts, in the hope that others may be induced to apply for relief to the same means.

Signed Ralph F. Lott, M. D.

Signed George Davis, M. D.

Signed Robert M'Chesney, J. P.

N. B. In order to put the public on their guard, we are assured that there are a number of counterfeit adulterations of this most valuable remedy, which has already done much injury, not only to the character of the genuine Swaim's Panacea, but to the lasting injury of the patient's health.

Feb 26

## The State of Maryland.

At an Orphan Court, held for St. Mary's county, at the court house in Leonardtown on the 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.

### PRESENT.

Joseph Stone, Esquire.  
George Thomas, Esquire.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.

Among other proceedings were the following, viz:

On application of Francis Abell, administrator of John Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court that the said administrator give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans Court for St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my name (SEAL) and affixed the seal of the said court, this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1829.

E. J. Millard, Register.

## This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Wise, late of St. Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 10th day of September next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 28th day of February 1829.

Francis Abell, adm'r.

## Cheap Dry Goods.

The undersigned offers for sale, at his old stand opposite the

### MARKET HOUSE,

A handsome assortment of Dry Goods, consisting in part of Cloth, Cassimeres, Cassimeres, Flannels, Blankets, Calicoes, Gingham, &c. de Naples Silks, Irish Linens, 1 lb Sheeping (3 yards wide) Ho-ry, Gloves, Shawls, and a variety of other GOODS, all of which he is determined to sell very low for cash.

RICHARD RIDGE, V.

Feb. 12.

## COWS & CALVES.

The subscriber wishes to sell about 8 or 10 WELCH COWS with the CALVES. The Cows are from 4 to 8 years old. Apply to

March 3.

Harry Myer.

Sandy Point.

## Farmers Bank of Maryland,

Annapolis, March 18th, 1829.

The President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, have declared a dividend of 21 per cent. on the stock of the said bank for six months, ending on the 31st instant, and payable on or after the 1st of Monday of April next, to stockholders on the western shore at the Bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the eastern shore at the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order.

By order of the Board

Sam. Maynard, Cash.

March 19.

The Gazette and American, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week for three weeks.

## State of Maryland,

Anne Arundel county to wit, I hereby certify, that Horatio Keith of said county, brought before me as subscriber, a dark Bay Gelding, about eight years old fifteen hands high the right hind foot white, shod all round, his tail rather of a switch, trots gallops & round the right hind leg, above the knee joint, that has the appearance of being cut by a rope, and appears to be accustomed to the draft. Given under my hand and seal, this 2d day of March 1829.

Thos. Burgess, (Seal.)

The above described horse came to the subscriber, living on Carroll's Manor, on Monday the second day of March inst. The owner of said horse is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

March 19, 1829.

Horatio Keith.



Continued from 1st page.  
And, a resolution in favour of Mary Cheseldine, widow of the late John Blackiston, who was a soldier during the revolutionary war; severally endorsed "disented from."  
Also, an act to incorporate a bank to be called by the name of the Bank of Salisbury.  
An act to establish the divisional lines between Harford and Cecil counties.  
An act for the relief of Mary Ann Blick, of the city of Baltimore.  
And an act to authorise the commissioners of Baltimore county, to assess and levy on the assessable property of said county, a sum of money to build a bridge over the western branch of Gunpowder Falls at the place where the county road from Middletown to Black Rock Mills crosses; severally endorsed "will not pass."  
And delivered bills, originated in, and passed by the senate, of the following titles, viz.  
An act to provide for taking testimony in civil cases. And,  
An additional supplement to the act for enlarging the powers of the chancery court; which said bills being read by their respective titles, were severally referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.  
Also, an act relating to habitual drunkards; which bill was read by its title, and referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Done, Miller and M'Mahon, of Allegany.  
And an act for the benefit of Lewis M'Lane, of the state of Delaware; which last mentioned bill was read by its title, and referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Lee, Townsend and Thomas.  
Mr. Buskirk asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill to incorporate the Temperance Society of Hagerstown.  
And on his motion, it was Ordered, That the select committee to which has been referred a bill from the senate entitled, An act relating to habitual drunkards, be instructed to prepare and report said bill.  
Mr. Lee, chairman of the select committee to which had been referred the bill from the senate, entitled, An act for the benefit of Lewis M'Lane of the state of Delaware, reported verbally, that the said committee having considered said bill, were of the opinion it ought to pass without amendment.  
The said bill was then read the first time; and,  
On motion by Mr. Lee it was read the second time, by a special order; when,  
On motion by Mr. Lee, seconded by two other members, as required by the 39th rule, the house was then called, and the door-keeper sent for the absent members, remaining in the city.  
On motion by Mr. Done, the house resolved to progress in its ordinary business during the absence of the door-keeper. When,  
The clerk of the senate returned the bills of this house of the following titles:  
An act to authorise the trustees of the primary school district No. 9, in Queen-Anne's county to deposit in the Savings Bank of Baltimore the sums due to the representatives of John Delord for a school lot in said district; endorsed "will pass."  
Also, an act to exempt the wearing apparel of deceased persons from appraisement and exposure to sale by executors and administrators.  
An act to authorise the levy court of Frederick county to levy a sum of money for the purpose of building a bridge over the Catoctin creek in said county.  
And, an act to incorporate The Catoctin Mining Company; severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment." The amendment proposed by the senate to each of said bills, was read the first, and by a special order, the second time, and concurred in.  
Ordered, That the said bills, respectively, be engrossed.  
Also, an act to repeal certain acts therein mentioned, and for other purposes; endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;" which amendments were read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.  
And, an act for the relief of Ellen Streby of Anne-Arundel county; endorsed, "will not pass."  
Mr. Done, chairman of the select committee, to which had been referred the bill from the senate, entitled, An act relating to habitual drunkards; reported verbally, that the said committee, having considered the bill, were of the opinion it ought to pass without amendment.  
The said bill was then read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.  
Mr. Wright of Dorchester, chairman of the select committee appointed on the subject, (by a special leave of the house obtained for the purpose,) reported a bill, entitled, "An act to fix the times of holding the county courts in the several counties comprehending the fourth judicial district of this state." When,  
On his motion, the said bill was read the first, and by a special order, the second time, passed without amendment, and sent to the senate for concurrence.  
On motion by Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, the bill from the senate, entitled, "An act to incorporate the Canton company of Baltimore," was taken up for consideration, by a special leave of the house obtained for the purpose, and read the second time. When,  
Mr. Semmes offered as an additional section, to be inserted at the end of the said bill, the following:  
"And be it enacted, That nothing herein contained, shall ever be construed to prevent the legislature of this state, altering, amending, or repealing, this act at pleasure."  
Which was read.  
In the progress of reading the said bill, the door-keeper returned and reported, that in obedience to orders, he had notified the absent members, remaining in the city to attend the house.  
And pending the question on the motion of Mr. Semmes, to amend the said bill, and the debate which arose thereon, Mr. Grason moved, that the house do adjourn.  
And the question thereon, was resolved in the affirmative. The house then accordingly adjourned until this evening six o'clock.  
**TUESDAY EVENING, SIX O'CLOCK.**  
March 10, 1829.  
The house met pursuant to adjournment. Were present the same members as in the morning.  
The bill reported by Mr. Turpin, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the relief of the poor of Queen-Anne's county, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, conformably to the 40th rule of the house, read the second time, and passed without amendment.  
The bill reported by Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, as chairman of the committee on divorces, entitled, An act for the relief of James Phillips, of Washington county, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, conformably to the 40th rule of the house, and read the second time; when,

On motion by Mr. Yoe, the title of said bill was amended by striking out "Washington county," and inserting in lieu thereof, "the state of Ohio."  
Mr. Crabb moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill.  
And after some debate thereon, the question was put, Will the house agree to strike out the enacting clause of the bill, as propounded?  
It was resolved in the affirmative; and so the bill was rejected.  
Mr. Stewart of Anne-Arundel, asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Washington Rail Road Company, passed at the present session of the general assembly of Maryland.  
And, on his motion, it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker to prepare and report said bill.  
Messrs. Stewart of Anne-Arundel, Semmes, and M'Mahon of Baltimore city, were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order.  
Whereupon, Mr. Stewart, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill; which was read the first, and by a special order, the second time, and passed without amendment.  
On motion by Mr. Done, the bill reported by Mr. Stewart, of Baltimore city, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to appoint state wharfingers in the city of Baltimore, and to authorise the collection of wharfage, in certain cases, in said city, was taken up for consideration, by a special leave of the house obtained for the purpose, and read the second time. When,  
On motion by Mr. Done, the said bill was amended, by striking out the second section thereof, which is contained in the following words:  
"2. And be it enacted, That the state wharfinger shall have charge of all the state property and lots in the vicinity of the state tobacco warehouses, shall rent the same, collect and pay over the rents, on the same terms as he now collects, and pays over the monies received for wharfage, on account of the state."  
The said bill, so amended, was then passed.  
On motion by Mr. Hawkins, the bill from the senate, entitled, An act supplementary to an act, entitled, An act to regulate elections, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed without amendment.  
On motion by Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, the bill from the senate, entitled, An act to prevent obstructions in Smith's and other docks, in the city of Baltimore, reported on the 19th ultimo, by the select committee to which it had been referred, with sundry amendments, was taken up for consideration.  
The report of the said committee was then read the second time, and the said amendments were severally concurred in by the house.  
The said bill was then read the second time as proposed to be amended. When,  
On motion by Mr. Done, the following amendments offered by him, were adopted by the house, viz.  
After the word "other," in the 3d line of the preamble, insert the word "private."  
After the word "other," in the 2d line of the 1st section, insert the word "private."  
On motion by Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, the following amendment offered by him, was also adopted by the house, viz.  
After the word "vessel," in the 12th line of the 1st section, insert the words "unless when loading or unloading."  
The question was then put, Shall the said bill pass, with the proposed amendments adopted by the house as above stated?  
And it was resolved in the affirmative.  
On motion by Mr. Done, the following amendment offered by him, was also adopted by the house, viz.  
In the title of the said bill, after the word "other," insert "private."  
The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.  
**WEDNESDAY, March 11, 1829.**  
The house met. Were present, the same members as on yesterday.  
On motion by Mr. Townsend, the reading of the proceedings of yesterday was dispensed with.  
On motion by Mr. Ely, the amendments proposed by the senate to the bill of this house, reported by him, entitled, An act to repeal certain acts therein mentioned, and for other purposes, were read the second time, and severally assented to.  
Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed.  
Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, presented a petition of H. W. Boal, junior, an auctioneer of the city of Baltimore, praying for certain amendments of the law to regulate sales by public auction; which petition was referred to the committee on ways and means.  
Mr. Buskirk submitted the following resolution:  
Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore, pay to John Quynn, twelve dollars and fifty cents, advanced by him for the hire of a man to saw wood for both branches of the legislature of Maryland.  
Which was read the first, and by a special order, the second time, assented to, and sent to the senate for concurrence.  
Mr. Done submitted the following resolution:  
Resolved by the general assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore, be and he is hereby authorised and directed, to pay to Fielding Lucas, jr. of the city of Baltimore, or order, one hundred and ninety five dollars, and seventy five cents, being the amount of his account for books furnished the state in 1828; under the act passed at December session, 1826.  
Which was read the first, and by a special order, the second time, assented to, and sent to the senate for concurrence.  
Mr. Rogerson, chairman of the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, to which the subjects, respectively, had been referred, reported the following resolutions:  
Resolved, That the register of the land office, for the western shore, be and he is hereby authorised and directed, to issue to the legal representatives of George Ireland, a revolutionary officer of the Maryland line, a common warrant for two hundred acres of vacant land, lying to the westward of Fort Cumberland, in Allegany county, and to issue a patent for the said quantity of acres of land, upon a certificate of the survey thereof, duly returned, without requiring payment, or proof of payment of any composition money therefor.  
Resolved, That the treasurer of the western shore, pay to the legal representatives of George Price, deceased, or to their order, the balance of pension due the said George Price, at the time of his death.

The said resolutions were read the first, and by a special order the second time, severally assented to, and sent to the senate for concurrence.  
Mr. Rogerson, as chairman of the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, submitted the following message:  
By the House of Delegates, March 11, 1829.  
Gentlemen of the Senate,  
We return you the resolution in favour of Thomas Jones, of Anne-Arundel county, indulging the hope that you will be satisfied, upon an examination of the additional evidence presented to you in this case, of the propriety of reconsidering and passing the same.  
The said message was twice read, assented to, and with the resolution to which it relates, sent to the senate.  
Mr. Townsend offered the following message:  
By the House of Delegates, March 11, 1829.  
Gentlemen of the Senate,  
Believing that the public interest does not require the legislature to continue in session longer than to-morrow, we propose with the concurrence of your honourable body, to close it on that day. And we further propose to appoint a joint committee to wait on his excellency the governor, and request his attendance in the senate chamber this evening at 8 o'clock, to sign and seal such laws as may be ready for his signature. Messrs. — have been nominated to join such gentlemen as may be named by your honourable body.  
Which was read; and on motion by Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, ordered to lie on the table.  
Mr. M'Mahon of Baltimore city, from the committee on inspections, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to regulate the gauging of casks and the inspection of domestic distilled liquors in this state, passed at December session 1827, chapter 181. And,  
On his motion, the said bill was read the first, and by a special order the second time, passed without amendment, and sent to the senate for concurrence.  
On motion by Mr. Hawkins, the resolution submitted by him on Monday evening the 9th instant, to compensate Gottlieb I. Granger, sergeant at arms of the house of delegates, for serving subpoenas on certain witnesses therein mentioned, was taken up for consideration, and read the second time. After some discussion, the question was put, Will the house assent to the said resolution?  
It was resolved in the affirmative; and the said resolution was then sent to the senate for concurrence.  
On motion by Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, the bill reported by Mr. M'Mahon of said city, entitled, An act to provide for the execution of certain trusts, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed without amendment, and sent to the senate for concurrence.  
A message was received from the senate, by their clerk, which was delivered in at the Speaker's desk.  
The bills of this house, passed yesterday evening, were sent to the senate for concurrence; the titles whereof are as follow:  
A supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the relief of the poor of Queen-Anne's county.  
A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Washington Rail Road Company, passed at the present session of the general assembly of Maryland.  
And a supplement to the act, entitled, An act to appoint state wharfingers in the city of Baltimore, and to authorise the collection of wharfage, in certain cases, in said city.  
And the bills from the senate, also passed by this house yesterday evening, were returned to the senate; the titles whereof are,  
An act supplementary to an act, entitled, An act to regulate elections. And,  
An act to prevent obstructions in Smith's and other docks, in the city of Baltimore, with the amendments adopted and proposed by this house to the last mentioned bill.  
Mr. Hughes, by a special permission of the house granted him for the purpose, asked and obtained leave to introduce a bill, to be entitled, An act to prevent the register in chancery, the clerk of the court of appeals, the clerks of the county courts, the clerks of the city court of Baltimore, and the registers of wills, from collecting fees before the services charged for, have been rendered.  
And on his motion it was Ordered, That a select committee of three members be appointed by the speaker to prepare and report said bill. Messrs. Hughes, Hope, and Wright of Queen-Anne's, were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order. Whereupon,  
Mr. Hughes, from that committee, accordingly reported said bill; which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.  
On motion by Mr. Stewart of Baltimore city, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, as regards the bill from the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate The Canton Company of Baltimore; and the question depending at the adjournment, on the motion of Mr. Semmes, to amend said bill, by inserting at the end thereof, the additional section, which he had offered, and is recited on the journal, recurred and was stated. When,  
After further debate thereon,  
The question was put, Will the house adopt the proposed amendment?  
And it was determined in the negative.  
The question was then propounded, Shall the said bill pass?  
It was resolved in the affirmative, and the bill was then returned to the senate.  
On motion by Mr. Lee, the house then resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, in reference to the bill from the senate, entitled, An act for the benefit of Lewis M'Lane, of the state of Delaware. The said bill was again read. When,  
On motion by Mr. Lee, the question was propounded, Shall the said bill be rejected?  
And it was resolved in the affirmative. So the bill was rejected, and returned to the senate.  
The hour having arrived for passing to the orders of the day,  
On motion by Mr. Buskirk, the preamble and resolutions, submitted by him on the 28th ultimo, relative to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, which had been made the order of the day for yesterday, being taken up for consideration, was ordered to be again laid on the table.  
The house then proceeded to consider the order of the day, postponed from the 9th instant, in reference to the bill reported by Mr. Hughlett, entitled, An act to regulate the levy courts of the several counties of this state. And in the progress of the second reading thereof,  
Mr. Hawkins moved that the further consideration of the said bill be referred to the next general assembly.  
The question thereon being taken, was decided in the negative.

**State of Maryland.**  
At an Orphans Court, held at the City of Annapolis, on the 10th day of March, 1829, the following was presented, to-wit: The will of the late John Harwood, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. It is ordered, that he be notified to exhibit his claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis. Thos. T. Simmons, Reg. of Wills, A. A. G.  
**PRESENT.**  
Joseph Stens, Esquire.  
George Thomas, Esquire.  
Thomas W. Morgan, Sheriff.  
Enoch J. Millard, Register.  
Among other proceedings were the following, viz.  
On application of John A. Clark and wife, administrators of the estate of Underwood, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered by the court, that the said administrators give the notice required by law for the exhibition of their claims against the estate of the said deceased; and that the same be published once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.  
In testimony, that the foregoing is a true copy taken from one of the records of the proceedings of the Orphans Court for St. Mary's county, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed the (SEAL) seal of the said court, this 10th day of February, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and twenty-nine.  
E. J. Millard, Register.  
**This is to give Notice.**  
That the subscribers of Saint Mary's county, have obtained from the Orphans Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Callistus Underwood, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereunto, to the subscribers, at or before the 1st day of February next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 24th day of February 1829.  
John A. Clarke and wife, Administrators.  
March 5.  
**Prince George's county, set.**  
I hereby certify, that John Hodges of said county, brought before me, in a stray trespassing on his enclosure, a Brown Horse Mule, about ten years old, twelve hands high, has white hair on his breast, and some white hairs on his right shoulder, and has been wounded in gear. Given under my hand and seal of office, this 24th day of February, 1829.  
H. B. Hall, Clerk of the Peace.  
The owner of the above described property, is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.  
John Hodges.  
March 12.  
**NOTICE.**  
The Commissioners of Anne Arundel county, will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on the last Monday in March, being the 30th day of the said month, for the purpose of ascertaining and trying the expenses of the county for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight.  
March 5.  
**3 Negro Women For Sale.**  
Persons wishing to purchase property of the above description are accommodated on reasonable terms. For particulars apply at this office.  
March 12.  
**State of Maryland, ss.**  
Anne Arundel County Orphans Court, February 6th, 1829.  
On application, by petition, of John S. Sellman, administrator of Joseph Harwood, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he be notified to exhibit his claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis. Thos. T. Simmons, Reg. of Wills, A. A. G.  
**Notice is hereby given,**  
That the Subscribers, of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Joseph Harwood, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereunto, to the subscribers, at or before the 1st day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 6th day of February 1829.  
John S. Sellman, Admin.  
Feb. 12.  
**PERSONS**  
Who have any bona fide claims against the late Honorable Jeremiah Taylor, are requested to present them to either of the undersigned.  
Richard M. Childs, Esq.  
Jeremiah Taylor, Esq.  
Feb. 12.

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