

M FOXCROFT
of the Golden Bee-Hive,
fully acquaints his friends
that he has just received, via P.
now opening.
General Assortment of
L GOODS,
CONSISTING OF

Table Cloths,
Bed-Ticks,
Flannels, Bed-Baths,
Checks, 2 and yard wide
Cotton Stripes,
7-8 and yard wide Irish
Linen, & Sheetings,
Ink Powder,
Snuff,
Ladies fashionable Beavers,
Hats,
Mens corse ditto,
Fashionable Coat & Va
Buttons,
Imperial ditto,
Broad and Narrow R
bands,
Modes and Sattins,
Tapes,
Bindings,
Thread,
Edging and Bobbing,
Ladies and Gentlemen
Cotton, Silk & Worl
ed Hosiery,
Silk and Cotton Pate
ditto,
Ladies Gloves,
Gentlemen's Beaver d
Ditto lined with Nam
Best Philadelphia & co
mon Stuff Shoes,
White Sattin ditto,
Ironmongery,
Queen's Ware, &c. &c.

Old MADEIRA,
in a PIPE, or GALLON. 2

Pounds Reward.

from the subscriber, living in Ann
uity, within one mile of Severn est
the 6th day of August, 1791, a ne
CESAR, about 44 years of age, five
high; he is a stout square well made
out of temper speaks very loud; he
small legs for a man of his size, and
he was formerly the property of Mr.
Antony, who raised him, has since be
fore he became the property of the
on, and took with him, a new felt
and one white ditto, striped Hol
and a short blue jacket: He is a very
d probably will change his name and
for a freeman. Whoever secures the
goal of the county where he is taken,
and, so that the owner may get him
ve THREE POUNDS, or the above
nt home, with all reasonable charges.

LANCELOT WARFIELD.

Red Dollars Reward.

Port Tobacco, August 20, 1791.
On Saturday the 13th instant, be
the hours of ten and eleven o'clock
a man called BENJAMIN was going
Haberdeventure, as soon as he reached
l, commonly called Theobald's Hill,
mile distant from this town) he was
d by a white man who had on a suit
who rode a small black horse, some
tion ensued, when this man rode
gave him a violent stab in the back
some such weapon, of which he died
following—I will pay the above re
dred dollars to any person who will
petrator of this inhuman act, to that
thereof.
J. H. STONE.

TO BE RENTED,

SUBSCRIBER, for out Year.

all known STAND for a PUBLIC
where Jonathan Rawlings, deceased,
th sixty ACRES of LAND, and a
it will cut five tons of hay per year—
ill be given the 10th of November next.
GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.
1791.

gomery county, October 10, 1791.
I hereby given, that I intend to pre
to the next general assembly of the
nd, praying an act to exonerate me
I am unable to pay.
DAVID GEDDES.

NAPOLIS:
FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(XLVIII YEAR)
THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1791.

LONDON, September 6.
HE spirit of the navigation act has,
for some time past, been completely
defeated, by the Americans having
become the general carriers of all our
Trans-Atlantic commerce. Con
gress have, for nearly twelve months
past, enacted an additional port du
ty, amounting to near 200,000 sterling upon the entrance
of any British ship freighted with British merchandise.
Notwithstanding this, American vessels still continue
to pay nothing more on their arrival in England than
the common alien duty, which is so trifling, that all
our ports are now full of their shipping; who get
freighted immediately, while English ships, usually
employed in that trade, lay useless in the docks, with
brooms at their mast-heads denoting their only sale.
Surely some immediate measure will be adopted by
government, to give at least an equal share of the car
rying trade to our own vessels, and not to suffer the
whole thus to fall into the hands of our revolted colo
nists, to the manifest injury and degradation of the
British marine.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) September 5.
An artist in Ireland has, we understand, discovered
the composition for a calcareous cement so compact and
durable, as to be equally capable of resisting water,
with lead or any other metallic substance, and to an
swer every purpose to which either metal or wood are
applied, though cheaper than either.
The vast utility of a composition so valuable in the
building of ships, and in the construction of the very
great saving it will effect, in substitution for wood,
renders the discovery of the utmost consequence.

The inventor, we hear, intends propounding to the
directors of the pipe-water works in Dublin, as being
more durable, and in every respect superior to the
wooden pipes used for the instantaneous conveyance of
water from the fountains to the different quarters of that
city.

If this composition answers no other purpose than
that of covering the roofs of houses, it is one of the
utmost importance in architecture.
Sept. 6. Amongst the many philosophical and me
chanical inventions which have speculated and experi
mental age daily produces, we are led to notice two new
and curious ones, for which patents have been obtained
as advertised in the last London printer. The first, sym
phonic hinges and locks, for folding doors; it is pec
uliar to these hinges, that which ever door be moved,
the other receives precisely the same motion, so that
both doors open and shut exactly together; and it is
peculiar to these locks, that the handle of either door
opens both; this invention, though evidently contri
buted to domestic convenience and elegance, is much
exceeded in utility, by the other, which is called a
thermomutual fire alarm, and possesses the invaluable
property of giving immediate notice, to any required
distance, of the least increase of heat which may hap
pen in the premises in which it is fixed. This early
communication and alarm will enable families to resort
to the necessary measures to stop the progress of the
flames; or, in the worst case, to provide for the safety
of their persons and properties.

Sept. 7. The counsellor of Birmingham, who has been
for some time past indisposed, purposes failing on
Thursday morning next, in his majesty's ship Diana,
captain Ruffel, for New York. It is thought a change
of climate will tend greatly to a re-establishment of her
health.

A person in the vicinity of Liverpool has invented
a machine for sawing timber, the construction of which
is very simple, can be effected at a very trifling expence,
and two boys, when erected, will be able to work as
much as twenty men, and that with the most criti
cal exactness.

Sept. 13. Yesterday morning his majesty's frigate
Daphne sailed for New York, having on board her
ladyship the countess of Bingham.
The alarm becoming general throughout the French
part of the island of Hispaniola, by the late disturbances,
has occasioned several families to take shelter for
this island. A few arrived here on Sunday, and many
more may be hourly expected.

Every mark of hospitality is undoubtedly due to
these unfortunate strangers, but a prudent attention to
our own safety is requisite. The number of these com
mittees admitted on shore should be limited, lest
while we are showing freedom to others, we should
ourselves receive a wound.

Sept. 20. The import of such a number of negroes
in a neighbouring island must occasion a considerable
advance in the price of sugar. Thus while the plan
tations were kept in order by the assistance of the In
dian men, and the growing importance
of the sugar business of America, the government has
been enabled to maintain a human freight could
possibly have discovered. It was, as we have the example,
and govern, ourselves, and others, that is in at
tention to the preservation of the will of Provi
dence, be poor indeed!

BOSTON, October 24.
A correspondent hopes that congress will in their
present session, compel the owners of every ship or
vessel, to make the first suit of sails of American duck.
—This would effectually answer the purpose of setting
up and prosecuting the manufacture of that useful and
extensive article; and be the means of saving to this
country many thousand pounds yearly.

At the Boston duck manufactory, can be produced
duck equal, if not superior, to any imported, and the
demands for it are greater than can be readily complied
with.

The limited number of shares in the Boston Ton
nage (amounting to 100,000) having been subscribed,
the subscription books were closed on Friday.

Friday arrived from France, Burrill Carnes, Esquire,
consul of the United States for the port of Nantes.
This gentleman left France the 26th September, at
which time the king had not assented to the constitu
tion.

NEW LONDON, October 27.
The last advices we have received from Port-au
Prince are to the 22d September, at which date the
whites and mulattoes were at peace, the former having
accorded to all the demands of the latter, after having
a skirmish with them in which 60 of the whites were
killed and a number wounded. Through the instiga
tion of the mulattoes the negroes had risen on many
plantations in the vicinity of Port-au-Prince, burnt
them, and murdered a number of the planters—and a
general insurrection was apprehended. The terror
and confusion there was not less than at the Cape.—
The embargo is the same—many vessels have not broke
bulk, their cargoes perishing on board; all communi
cation being stopped from the out ports.—No intelli
gence from the Cape.

PHILADELPHIA, October 29.
We learn from Martinico, that M. la Cotte, Mag
nityer, Mondenox and Linger, the king's commis
sioners, sent to enforce the laws for restoring tranquility
to that island, have issued a very spirited proclamation,
in which they threatened with the pains of death all
who shall endeavour to foment, or aid an insurrection
by crying to arms, or appearing armed. This has had
effect at St. Pierre—where tranquillity is preserved.

Extract of a letter from captain William Vandusen, to
his cousin in Middleton, dated Port-au-Prince, Sep
tember 17, 1791.

Yesterday the municipality resolved upon the final
destruction of the property belonging to the Americans,
now in port, that is, that no person, planter or retailer,
shall have permission to carry out of the place more
than one barrel of provisions, and that liable to seizure,
unless accompanied with a permit from the municipali
ty-office, though their stores are so filled with beef,
pork and flour, and every other kind of provision, that
numbers of vessels are not able to land any to the mer
chants they have valued themselves upon. The em
bargo is still to be kept, and no Americans allowed to
fall, but if others arrive.

Oct. 1. Accounts from Port-au-Prince received
yesterday say, that upwards of 20,000 negroes have
risen and are encamped in that quarter. The price of
sugar is limited to eight dollars. Provisions plenty.

Oct. 1. The brig Hetty, captain Clouser, arrived
yesterday from Cape Francois. Captain Clouser left
the Cape the 6th instant, and contradicted the extract of
a letter from New York, published in our list, to the
effect, that captain Clouser failed the negroes continued
obstinate—He refused all terms of accommodation,
but that of equal liberty—and attempts made to defeat
them had proved fruitless.

Extract of a letter from Cape Francois, dated October 1,
1791.

We are here in a distressing situation respecting
the negroes. There is very little hopes that peace and
safety will be restored until we get stronger forces
into the island.

Extract of a letter from Cape Francois, dated October 4,
1791.

My last was by captain Sheffield, of the brig
Anne Elizabeth, who left this day at night, since which
nothing material has occurred, except the repeated at
tacks on the rebel slaves, who always are defeated, but
retreat to the mountains. When peace will be es
tablished it is impossible to tell—business, you may well
suppose, is all at a stand.

Nov. 2. By a gentleman, who came passenger in the
brig Hetty, captain Clouser, who arrived here on Sun
day evening last from Cape Francois, which place he
left October 5, we have received the following intelli
gence.

On the 4th, M. de Blanchelande received a letter
from the negro king (Francois) in which he requests
some person may be sent to form a treaty with them,
the basis of which shall be their emancipation.

The same day an embargo was laid on all the
Spanish vessels in the port, owing to strong suspicion
of their furnishing the negroes with ammunition.

On the 3d, two of the English frigates, which had
carried the ammunition, &c. to the Cape, left that
place for Jamaica; with a request from the assembly
of that island, for 600 free negroes, known by the
name of the Mountain Blues, and also for a loan of six
millions of livres for the use of the unfortunate planters.

One of the frigates left the Cape on the 1st, with
the thanks of the assembly to the king of England and
Mr. Pitt.

A gentleman arrived at Boston from Nantes, which
place he left the 24th of September, informs, that when
he sailed, the king of France had not yet accepted the
constitution; but that the people had shown no marks
of impatience notwithstanding the length of the de
lay.

GALLIPOLIS.

The settlers of Gallipolis are in great hopes of suc
ceeding in making wine,—not of the exotic vine, but
by cultivating the wild American grape. A singular
circumstance gave rise to these hopes. In the Ohio,
immediately opposite to Gallipolis, is a sandy island
remarkable for the goodness of the wild grapes pro
duced on it. They are juicy, the skin much thinner
and stone smaller than the grapes of the same kind in
the other parts of the country. This difference is at
tributed to the effect of the ice in winter, which
when the river rises, sweeps over the island and trims
the vines. This coarse dressing, though it happens at
an unfavourable season of the year, together with the
exposed situation of the island to the direct rays of the
sun, is conceived to be the reason of the superiority of
the grapes in this small spot. Very palatable wine has
already been made of these grapes, and when the hint
is improved upon, and a regular course of culture be
flowed upon our native vine, (which is the determina
tion of the settlers to attempt) Scioto wine, who knows,
may perhaps, one day supplant the Madeira on our
tables.

SAVANNA, October 6.

The Augusta Chronicle of the 24th ult. mentions,
that his excellency the governor has been pleased to
appoint the honourable Nathan Brownson, Esq; and
generals Twigg and Clarke, commissioners to attend
the running of the temporary line between this state
and the Creek nation.

Mr. Ellijot (late) arrived from the northward) and
the commissioners, we are informed, have gone from
Augusta to perform the above-mentioned business.

WINCHESTER, October 22.

A person arrived here on Wednesday last from Ken
tucky, who informs, that he started from the Crab
Orchards in company with several other persons: that
as they passed through the wilderness, they discovered
two human bodies, which had been killed and scalped
by some Indians; and that he and his companions stop
ped and buried them.

Another party, who recently came in through the
wilderness, were attacked by a small number of In
dians; but they all escaped, saving one woman, who
fell into the hands of the savages. She however, was
fortunate enough to liberate herself afterwards, in the
following manner.—The night after she was taken,
the Indians made a large fire, and placed her between
themselves and it; they then fell asleep, and, appar
ently, the woman did the same; but watching her op
portunity, she stole away from them unperceived, and
wandered in the woods until she came to a run
of water, whose course she kept for a considerable num
ber of miles, and at length arrived safe in a settlement
of white inhabitants.

ANNAPOLIS, November 10.

The honourable Levin Winder, Esquire, is chosen
speaker of the house of delegates, and the honourable
William Smallwood, Esquire, president of the senate.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the
house of delegates in the present general assembly, viz.
For Kent county, Richard Miller, James Ringgold,
Thomas Ringgold and Cornelius Comery, Esquires.
For Baltimore county, Charles Ridgely, of Wm.
Charles Ridgely, Harry D. Gough and Thomas Dey
Cockey, Esquires.

For Talbot county, Hugh Sherwood, David Kerr,
James Tilgham and Woolman Gibson, Esquires.
For Caroline county, Joseph Douglas, Thomas
Lookerman, Charles Emory and William Whitley,
Esquires.

Extract of a letter from a friend of mine, in the 14th ult.
to his friend in this city, dated Cape Green River,
the 10, 10th and 20th of September.
This place, N. 12 W. at Port Washington about
20 miles, is situated between a small lake and the river,
by nature a strong and defensible post, which we shall

M WILKINS,
an ASSORTMENT of
H LINENS,
cheapness, will merit the attention
who may be in want.

Also, a Variety of
ABLE GOODS,
in the most moderate terms, among
a few handsome and large
NG PIECES.

FREE of GRIEVANCES AND
ARTS OF JUSTICE.

reby given, that the COMMITTEE
and Courts of Justice will
the present session, from nine
morning until three in the after.

A. GOLDER, clk.

MITTEE of CLAIMS.

reby given, that the COMMITTEE
will sit every day during the pre-
sine o'clock in the morning until
on.

A. GOLDER, clk.

of Severn, November 10, 1791.

bers, having lands adjoining the ri-
do hereby forewarn all persons
wanting within our enclosures siting
those that do not comply with this
to be dealt with agreeable to law.

HENRY BALDWIN,
JOHN BROWN,
ACHSAH MARRIOTT,
BASIL BROWN.

AUTHORITY.

HE THEATRE.

NCH COMPANY,

P A R I S,

formed, for the third time,

ing, the 10th of November,

of Activity

CK and TIGHT ROPE,

ng & Pantomimes,

f which are published in the bills
of the day.

neur PLACIDE, the first

g of France, doubts not but that he
al satisfaction to the audience who
with their company.

ights of Performance will be on
AYS and THURSDAYS.

S MACKUBIN,

STORE, near the Market,

d, by the brig Greyhound, and ship
speaks, from LONDON,

ERAL ASSORTMENT of

Winter GOODS,

l, on the most reasonable terms, for
C A S H,

CONSISTING OF—

Cloths,

Bed-Ticking,

Corduroys,

Thickfets,

Sattins,

Royal Ribs,

Silk Stockings,

Cotton Ditto,

Worsted Ditto,

Plated Ditto,

Yarn Ditto,

Lutestrings,

Perfians,

Modes,

Annapolis, November 1, 1791.
By virtue of a writ of conditional exonerat, to me direct-
ed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on
WEDNESDAY the 16th instant, at the late dwell-
ing house of major Ridgely, Elk-Ridge.

ALL kinds of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
and sundry other ARTICLES, viz.

Seven feather beds, bedsteads and bedding, tables,
chairs, looking-glasses, chest of drawers, an eight day
clock, china of different kinds, about 7½ lbs. of silver
plate, about 40 head of hogs, some wheat, rye, oats
and hay, in stacks, the crop of Indian corn, of about
800 barrels, in the field, and fodder; and sundry other
articles. The sale to continue till all are sold. Taken
and sold as the property of Henry Ridgely, by

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,
At PUBLIC VENDOR,

On TUESDAY the 29th of November next, at 11
o'clock, A. M. at Taney-town, in Frederick coun-
ty.

TRACT of LAND called DINAH'S GOOD-
WILL, containing 314 acres.

On THURSDAY the 1st of December next, at 11
o'clock, at Spurrier's Tavern, in Anne-Arundel coun-
ty, a tract of land called SIMPSON'S STONES, contain-
ing 153 acres, and another tract called BATCHELOR'S
CHOICE, containing 100 acres.

On THURSDAY the 8th of December next, at
11 o'clock, on the premises, in Baltimore county,
three tracts of land, viz. EDINBURGH, contain-
ing 2684 acres; LOWRY'S LOT, containing 50
acres; GISTSYLVANIA, containing 120 acres; and
DAWLEY'S RANGE, 100 acres.

The purchase money to be paid in three equal annual
payments. Bond with security will be required.

CHARLES STEUART, } Executors of
JAMES McCULLOCH, } James Dick.

LAND,
A PLACE called SANDGATE, for sale, con-
taining above 300 acres, situated between the
Baltimore and South river roads, within one mile of
Annapolis. Apply to MATTHIAS BOARDLEY,
on Wye river, Eastern Shore.

LEWIS NETH,
Informs his friends and the public, that he has removed
from where he kept store in Fleet Street, to the house
lately built by Mr. F. Grammar, opposite the south-
west end of the Market, where he has opened a large
and general ASSORTMENT of

GOODS,
Suitable to the season;

IMPORTED in the last Vessels from Europe,

Among which are—

ROSE & Duffel Blankets,

Sheetings and Dowels,

Russia Sheetings,

Ofnabrigs,

Ticklenburgs,

German Linens,

Brown Hollands,

A handsome Assortment of
Calicoes and Chintzes,

Shawls,

White Cottons,

Mullins,

Mullin Handkerchiefs and
Aprons,

Rich Silk, Tamboured
Cafimer, Calfinet, and
Bagatelle Jacket Shapes,

Rich white and black Sat-
tins and Luteftrings,

Black Peelongs,

Modes,

Sarfunts,

Perfians,

An Assortment of Rib-
bons,

Silk, Linen, and Cotton
Handkerchiefs,

Gloves,

Fine and coarse Hats,

Silk, Cotton, Silk & Cot-
ton, Worsted and Yarn
Hose,

Writing Paper,

Ink Powder,

Sealing Wax,

Wafers,

Ironmongery, Cutlery and
Hard Ware,

Queen's Ware,
Wool and Cotton Cards,

With a number of other ARTICLES, all which he
will sell at the lowest prices.

He has also for Sale,
GROCERIES.

Well-India and New-England Rum, French Bran-
dy, Wine, Molasses, Loaf and Brown Sugar, Impe-
rial, Hylon, Hyfon skin, Souchong, Congo, and Bo-
hea Teas; Raisins, Currants, Pepper, Allspice, Gin-
ger, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Starch, Fig-
Blue, Indigo, Salt, Saltpetre, Glauber Salts, Allum,
Copperas, Powder and Shot, &c. &c.

Annapolis, November 1, 1791.

NOTICE.

THE DRAWING of Mr. JAMES PATTL-
SON'S PROPERTY LOTTERY, is post-
poned until some time next month, ow-
ing to a return of the tickets not being yet made.

There still remain a few tickets on hand, therefore
those persons who wish to adventure, are requested to
make speedy application—otherwise probably they may
be disappointed in their laudable Intentions. Notice of
the precise time of drawing will be published in the
Annapolis news-paper.

Herring Bay, Maryland, October 20, 1791.

NEW LINE.

ANNAPOLIS, EASTON, and PHIL-
ADELPHIA,

Water and Land STAGES,

Via CECIL COURT HOUSE & NEW-
CASTLE.

THE Subscribers, (Proprietors of the Philadel-
phia and Baltimore New Line) very respectfully
inform the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, they
intend to establish a communication from this place
direct to Philadelphia, for the conveyance of freight and
passengers, to commence running the 29th instant, by
the following route:—A packet will leave Philadelphia
every Monday morning for Newcastle, on its arrival
the stage immediately conveys the passengers to Cecil
Court House, where the packet waits their arrival, and
proceeds direct for Annapolis and Easton, and touches
at Annapolis on her return. The peculiar advantages
of this tour, in point of expedition, will be obvious
to every traveller going to the northward, it being cer-
tain this route can be performed in less time than by
land. The proprietors solicit the patronage of the pub-
lic, assuring them every exertion shall be used to ren-
der this line pleasing, agreeable and expeditious. The
variableness of the winds renders the day of the packet's
return from Easton rather uncertain—but it is expected
the will leave this place early every Sunday morning.
Passengers, and shippers that have freight to forward, are
requested to leave their names at the Printers, who will
instruct the captain to wait upon them and inform the
hour of departure.

JOHN CHAMBERS, Cecil Court House,
HENRY DARLEY, } Newcastle.
Wm. CLAY, }
BOND and LEES, }

Passage to Cecil Court-House,
to Newcastle in stage,
to Philadelphia in packet,

Heavy freight, 2s. per cwt. from city to city. Light,
in proportion to bulk.

Annapolis, August 19, 1791.

JOHN HYDE,

Boot and Shoe-maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, and his
friends in particular, that he carries on the tan-
ning and currying business at the yard lately occupied
by Mr. John Adam Bayer, where he buys all kinds
of hides, or tans one half for the other, as may be
most convenient for those who have them to dispose of;
he also informs the public, that he is determined to
sell leather as low as it can be purchased in Baltimore,
and hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit the
custom of those who may please to favour him with
their commands.

N. B. He still carries on the boot and shoe-making
business, in Conduit-street, opposite Mr. George
Mann's new building, where he makes all kinds of
boots and shoes in the neatest manner, on the shortest
notice, and most reasonable terms.

Annapolis, September 20, 1791.

FOR SALE,

THAT beautiful SEAT or LOT of LAND, the
place of residence of the late Daniel of St. Tho-
mas Jenifer, Esquire, known by the name of STEP-
NEY, lying in Anne-Arundel county, within one
mile of South river ferry, containing 83½ acres. The
improvements on this valuable farm are remarkably
good, and several orchards of excellent fruit, from
which may be made in a favourable year 15,000 gal-
lons of cider, equal, if not superior, to any in the
State.

—ALSO,—

A small TRACT of LAND, binding on South ri-
ver, nearly adjoining the above, containing 129 acres,
on which is an orchard of choice fruit, a convenient
and comfortable dwelling house, a large barn, quite
new, with other necessary out-houses. A more par-
ticular description of the above lands is considered un-
necessary, as it is presumed those disposed to purchase,
will previously view them.

The two tracts will be sold together, or separately,
as may be most convenient to the purchasers, and pos-
session given on the first day of January next, with
permission to sow fall grain.

Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the
terms, which will be made easy, by applying to
DANIEL JENIFER, sen. } Executors.
DANIEL JENIFER, jun. }

Port-Tobacco, August 3, 1791.

Advertisements omitted, will be inserted in one
month.

Montgomery county, October 30, 1791.

WHEREAS my creditors are pressing on me and
will not give me an opportunity of making
my collections to discharge my just debts, and now
have me in confinement, I take this method of informing
them that I intend giving up my property to trustees,
together with all my accounts, and petition the next
general assembly to be released from confinement.

WALTER SMITH.

This is to give NOTICE,

That, by virtue of an order from the orphan's court
of Anne-Arundel county, WILL BE SOLD, at
PUBLIC SALE, on the 14th day of November,
1791, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of DELIA
LUSBY, late of Anne-Arundel county, de-
ceased, consisting of several negroes, some stock and
household furniture. The said property will be sold
for the purpose of paying the just debts of the said
Delia Lusby, and all those who are indebted to the
said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

The sale to be at the plantation of Jacob Lusby, de-
ceased, near South river, if fair, if not the next fair
day; and if there should not be purchasers to purchase
all that is set up, it will be brought to Annapolis and
sold the next day, and further notice will be given by
the drum.

ELIZA MURDOCH, Adm.

Annapolis, October 20, 1791.

A New Store.

JOHNSON AND HARWOOD,

—HAVE JUST RECEIVED—

By the latest arrivals from EUROPE, and have now for
SALE, at their STORE nearly opposite to Mr.
Stephen Clark's,

A PRETTY GENERAL

Assortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the present and approaching season, which
they will sell low for CASH or COUNTRY PRO-
DUCE.

WILLIAM FOXCROFT,

At the Sign of the Golden Bee-Hive,

Most respectfully acquaints his friends
and the public, that he has just received, via Phi-
ladelphia, and now opening,

A Neat and General ASSORTMENT of

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Fashionable, Superfine & Second Clothes,

Three quarters and seven-
eighths stripe Clothes,

Cassimers,

Superfine, stripe & plain
Coatings,

Cardinals,

Halfsticks,

Knapt Cottons,

Flannels,

Baizes,

Welsh Plains,

Duffel Blankets,

Durants,

Calimancoes,

Jones Spinning,

Moreens,

Wildboars,

Crapes,

Mullinets,

Mullins of all sorts,

Plain, stripes and spotted
Gauzes,

Royal Ribbs,

Thickets,

Satinets,

Fustains,

Corduroys,

Black Princesse Stuff,

Cottons and Calicoes,
Cotton & Chintz Shawls,
Cotton and Linen Hand-
kerchiefs,
Black Silk & Love Hand-
kerchiefs,

Table Cloths,
Bed-Ticks,
Flanders Red-Buntings,
Checks, 2 and yard wide,
Cotton Stripes,
7-8 and yard wide Irish
Linen, & Sheetings,
Ink Powder,
Snuff,
Ladies fashionable Beaver,
Hats,
Mens coarse ditto,
Fashionable Coat & Vef
Buttons,
Imperial ditto,
Broad and Narrow Re-
bands,
Modes and Sattins,
Tapes,
Rindings,
Thread,
Edging and Bobbing,
Ladies and Gentlemen's
Cotton, Silk & Worst-
ed Hosiery,
Silk and Cotton Patent
ditto,
Ladies Gloves,
Gentlemen's Beaver ditto,
Ditto lined with Flannel,
Best Philadelphia & com-
mon Stuff Shoes,
White Sattin ditto,
Ironmongery,
Queen's Ware, &c. &c.

Fine Old MADEIRA, 3
By the PIPE, or GALLON.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

Port-Tobacco, August 26, 1791.

WHEREAS, on Saturday the 13th instant, be-
tween the hours of ten and eleven o'clock at
night, as my negro man called BENJAMIN was going
from this place to Haberdventure, as soon as he reached
the top of the hill, commonly called "Jacob's Hill,"
(about half of a mile distant from this town) he was
met and accosted by a white man who had on a dark
cloth coat, and who rode a small black horse. Some
trifling conversation ensued, when this man rode up
to Benjamin and gave him a violent stab in the breast
with a knife, or some such weapon, of which he died
on the Monday following—I will pay the above re-
ward of one hundred dollars to any person who will
discover the perpetrator of this inhuman act, so that
he be convicted thereof.

J. H. STONE.

Recd of a letter from a gentleman at Nantes, to a friend in Baltimore, September 10.

"We learn with concern, by captains of vessels from our side of the water, the erroneous reports made you of the situation of this country: We can assure you that we are in the most perfect tranquillity, and that commerce was never more flourishing or better protected."

Last Friday arrived the brig Hetty, captain Davis, from Cape François, which she left the 16th of October, ult. when the situation of public affairs in that island was much the same as at the date of the account brought by captain Clouier, given in our papers of the last week. The negroes continued to burn and destroy the plantations, and although many of them had been killed in different excursions, and others executed after their capture, it had not the effect of subduing the insurgents. All fears of them at the Cape had, however, subsided.

Nov. 9. A man in this city, having a dispute with his wife, last week, snatched up a pair of tongs, with which he aimed a blow at her; a child of eight years old, unfortunately rushing between its misguided parents, received the fatal stroke on the back part of its head, which put a period to its existence.

The jury of inquest brought in a verdict "accidental murder." The man surrendered himself, and is in confinement to stand trial.

By accounts from Cape-François we learn, that Mr. Bourne, who was appointed consul of the United States for St. Domingo, has been, after some difficulty, admitted provisionally to execute the duties of consul in the three ports of St. Domingo, called the ports of entry, and not elsewhere.

Extract of a letter from Cape-François, dated October 6.

"The damage sustained in the province is moderately estimated at 500 millions currency; besides the coffee estates, the number of which cannot be ascertained, two hundred and twenty sugar plantations have been destroyed; we have now some hopes of an accommodation with the blacks, on condition of a general amnesty."

Nov. 11. Yesterday arrived the brig Theodosia, captain Lake, from Cape-François, which she left the 23d ult. when nothing particular had occurred respecting the negroes in that quarter, who remained in nearly the same situation as at the date of our former advices. The day before captain Lake failed, a frigate, with a number of troops, left the Cape, to attack a large body of negroes at Port Magot.

Extract of a letter from St. Mary's River (Georgia), October 10.

Since peace has been re-established with the Creek Indians, this part of the State of Georgia, has begun to flourish incredibly. Wealthy men at a distance now find it their interest to purchase lands in this quarter, which are for the most part excellent, and lying in one of the most delightful climates of the known world. We have already made some progress in building a town about six leagues up the river St. Mary's, which from the natural advantages of that river, and a variety of other circumstances, bids fair in time to be a flourishing and important capital at the extremity of the United States. Having spent two years here, I can say from my own experience that the summers are neither so hot nor the winters so cold as in Carolina; there is at all times a genial temperature in the air, and, except in the neighbourhood of sunken marsh lands the country is as healthy as any part to the northward. From the number of vessels that are every day passing and repassing our bar, we begin to anticipate an extensive commercial intercourse with the world at large from this port; and particularly as we have a vast extent of territory to the west and north-west, capable of the highest cultivation; an infinity of rich swamps proper for rice, and the upland at present covered with timber of the largest growth in America."

Besides the civilities which strangers, on visits among us, have a right to expect on the principles of hospitality, the countess of Effingham, just arrived at New-York from Jamaica, for her health, has claims to the distinguished attention of our citizens. Earl Effingham, in the beginning of the late contest with Great-Britain, alone opposed, in the house of peers, an attempt to reduce these states *vis à vis*. Finding his opposition of no weight, he resigned a commission of lieutenant-general, rather than act against us.

Six per cent. stock of the United States, a Boston paper says, is now remitted to London in lieu of bills of exchange.

The ransom of the dey of Algiers for the American prisoners detained there, amount to thirty-four thousand seven hundred and ninety-two dollars.

A letter was, a few days ago, received by a gentleman in New-York, from his correspondent in the island of Jersey, mentioning, "that it is the prevailing opinion there, that the American vessels which had been seized upon their arrival at Guernsey and Jersey, with cargoes of tobacco, under an act of parliament in the reign of Charles the II. will be released, and measures taken to secure indemnification to the concerned."

ANNAPOLIS, November 10.

On Monday last, the honourable George Plater, Esquire, was unanimously elected governor of this State. And the day following, the honourable James Brice, Henry Ridgely, Randolph Brandt Latimer, John Hoskin Stone and John Davidson, Esquires, were chosen a council to the governor.

The honourable Daniel Bowley, Esquire, is chosen a senator in the room of Samuel Chase, Esquire, resigned.

The honourable Henry Lee, Esquire, is elected governor of the State of Virginia.

The president of the United States has appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, the following persons:

David Meade Randolph, marshal of the Virginia district, vice Edward Carrington, appointed supervisor of said district.

Alexander Campbell, attorney for the United States, in the Virginia district, vice William Nelson, jun. resigned.

Josiah Murdaugh, surveyor of the port of Hartford, in North-Carolina, vice Joshua Skinner, jun. son of William, deceased.

Andrew Barrett, to be supervisor of the district of Delaware, vice Henry Latimer, who has resigned his appointment.

Extract of a letter from a merchant in the commission business in Cape-François, to his correspondents in Philadelphia.

"The odious Droit d'Aubaine has, upon petition of the American merchants, been unanimously abolished by our general assembly, the moment after having read our petition."

"The quantity of flour and other provisions stored here is immensely great,—very little of what has arrived for seven weeks past has yet been sold.—Send nothing at all to this market until further notice."

Extract of a letter from a captain of a vessel in Cape-François, to his owner in Philadelphia.

"I embrace this opportunity of writing to you, with reluctance, because I cannot give you any agreeable information.—This port is extremely overstocked with American produce, particularly Flour—a great quantity of which is in danger of spoiling in the stores; its nominal price is four and one half to five and one quarter dollars for best superfine. The fury of the negroes is for the present abated, nevertheless I can see no end to the unhappy insurrection. Within this week past business begins to revive in regard to exportation, but imports of every kind are, as I before mentioned, a perfect drug."

Extract of a letter from Mr. de Caze, aid-de-camp to Mr. de Blanchelande, governor of the French port of St. Domingo, to Mr. Gautier, an inhabitant of the Cape.

"Cape François, October 4.
"We enjoy much greater tranquillity here for some days past. We have taken those famous camps of Daguait and Gaisset, without losing a single man. We did not meet with a vigorous resistance, although the enemy discharged five cannon shot against us; but they passed over our heads."

"We are to go and attack L'Acu and Limbe, and are taking measures for that purpose. A sufficient force is to be sent to Genaves, to prevent the insurgents from going to St. Mark's."

"No troops have been sent to our assistance from any quarter. On the contrary, we have sufficient proofs that the Spaniards supply the negroes with ammunition. A letter found in the camp of Gaisset furnishes evidence, that Don Montenegro, commandant of a Spanish town, has made them an offer of ten barrels of gunpowder. He further adds, that they may confidently apply to another commandant, who will furnish them with whatever they may want."

To the PEOPLE of MARYLAND,
Through their Delegates in General Assembly now met.

MANY faults are found in our constitution by several individuals.—I shall confine myself at present to only one, and which I take to be obvious to you all. The case is manifest in several counties, that the mode of electing sheriffs, as at present practised, and must be adhered to under our present constitution, hath, in very few instances, answered the purpose for which it was originally intended.—This being a plain truth, why should we hesitate a single moment to make such alterations as may be absolutely necessary.—The 4th section of our constitution could, I am certain, be greatly altered for the better. If it was so altered as to let the people vote *vis à vis*, in the same manner that they vote for delegates, it would destroy much confusion, and prevent that chicanery which hath been too often practised by way of balloting. A poor ignorant man, for instance, who cannot read, runs the risk of having a ballot put into his hands, with quite the reverse of names he intended to ballot for. He could not suffer this imposition if he voted by word of mouth. I am sorry to find that there are a number of good votes in every county who are of that class, who cannot write their own tickets, or ballots. There are many of opinion, that a tribunal for the appointment of sheriffs ought to be erected somewhere within the state, for the sole appointment of sheriffs. A good sheriff is certainly an officer on which the execution of our laws as certainly depends. Our sheriffs ought to be unbiased by popularity or any other motive. Let them be humane, steady and just to all. Let them have sufficient resolution, to do their duty according to law. If we can get such men as sheriffs, we should scarcely hear of a vendition, issued against themselves or their securities, as too often heretofore hath been the case. I leave the legislature to make a beginning in order to remedy the evils complained of. One thing I would wish, that if elections are continued under the present mode, that a law may pass, laying heavy penalties on those who, for one month preceding the elections, and during the time they continue, may presume to treat or distribute grog, for the purpose of gaining votes. This law to extend to candidates, as well as every individual of the state.

I must, before I conclude, mention that our present superfluous law wants altering. The confinement to the 10th February, and after the 10th May, is, in many cases, a great hardship on the people. Let this be altered that, in order to keep debtors from gaol, who are unprepared to pay, that every one may supercede

for a certain number of months from the date of judgments obtained against them. This might promote equal justice, and prevent the arts of designing speculators.

A MARYLANDER.

October 9th, 1791.

TO BE SOLD,

At Public Sale, at Lower-Marlborough, on Patuxent, on Saturday the 26th instant, November, for the benefit of the underwriters,

ONE BALE OF IRISH SHEETING, and one damaged SEIN, imported in the Kitty, captain Forster, from London. *J. H. Petty*

Cheap LANDS for Sale,

In MONGALIA County, Virginia.

I WILL SELL

EIGHTEEN HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, in the county of Mongalia, held by right of settlement, for which I will give a general warranty deed. The land lies on the Mongalia river, within 15 miles of Morgan-town, through which runs the Baltimore creek. The land is of the first quality, both upland and meadow; and, to accommodate the purchasers, it will be divided into three tracts. It agreeable, I will take negroes, or any other property, at their value, in payment. Immediate possession will be given, either by colonel John Evans, at Morgan-town, or the subscriber, in Berkeley county, Virginia.

DAVID GRAY.
N. B. The state road from Morgan-town to the mouth of the Little Kanhawa, passes within three quarters of a mile of the said land. D. G.
October 27, 1791.

The SUBSCRIBER has upwards of 300 acres of valuable LAND, in St. Mary's county, Bedlam Neck, which he will sell for cash in hand, or on long credit.

THOMAS BOND.

November 11, 1791.

For Sale,

THE following TRACTS of LAND, lying in St. Mary's county, viz.

BUSHWOOD LODGE, containing about four hundred and fifty acres, one hundred and fifty acres of which are uncleared; PENRIN, containing about two hundred acres, eighty acres uncleared; one hundred acres in MAIDEN'S BOWER, about twenty acres uncleared.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are requested to apply to J. Briscoe, in St. Mary's county, or to Edmund Key, in Philadelphia. *J. H. Petty*

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, for several good reasons, postpones the sale of his negroes till the third Tuesday in March next.

R. H. COURTS.

JOSEPH COURT,

Has for sale, for cash and charges,

A SMALL Assortment of FALL GOODS, of about 300l. cost, imported in the ship Kilo, captain Forster.

He has also for sale,

By the piece or package, a general assortment of FALL GOODS, which he will sell for cash or tobacco, at the Baltimore wholesale prices, at his store at Nottingham, Pig-Point and Tracey's Landing.

N. B. A small invoice of MEDICINE, to be sold, very low, for cash or produce; also, two TENT BEDS, with cotton furniture, mattresses, blankets, counterpanes, &c. complete.

West River, November 10, 1791.

Sixteen Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending four slaves, or four dollars for each, viz. BEN, a black well-set man, about 35 years of age, and 5 feet 8 inches high; had with him when he absconded good cloaths of a variety of kinds, he has been long and well known as a waterman on this bay, and had charge of a schooner of Mr. Spriggs.—PHIL, a young black crop negro, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, very forward and impetuous, about 22 years of age, and well made, had the ordinary clothing of a crop negro.—MARKEN, a light coloured negro woman of about 21 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, stout and well made, had also a variety of good clothing.—JACK, a stout young man of about 28 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and well made, has been some time a coachman. It is apprehended that these slaves are lurking in the neighbourhood of West river. All persons are forewarned against harbouring them, as they will, when discovered, be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law. These persons have assumed the name of Boston, and have petitioned for their freedom at the last term of the general court, and have since absconded under a pretence that they are free. The above reward will be paid to any person, who will deliver the said slaves, or either of them, to the subscriber, in Annapolis, or Richard Spriggs, Esq. of West river.—The fellow Jack will be hired to any strict master at a very reasonable rate, until next April term.

JOHN F. MERCER.

Annapolis, November 10, 1791.

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November 12, 1791

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months from the date of judg-
ment. This might promote
the arts of designing specu-

A MARYLANDER.

BE SOLD.

power-Marlborough, on Patuxent,
6th instant, November, for the
writers,
IRISH SHEETING, and one
imported in the Kitty, captain
J. M. Petty

ANDS for Sale,

ALIA County, Virginia.

WILL SELL

HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND,
of Mongalia, held by right of set-
I will give a general warranty
on the Mongalia river, within 14
m, through which runs the Bal-
and is of the first quality, both up-
and, to accommodate the purcha-
led into three tracts. It agrees, or
any other property, at their va-
Immediate possession will be given,
John Evans, at Morgan-town, or the
ley county, Virginia.

DAVID GRAY,
e road from Morgan-town to the
le Kanhawa, passes within three
of the said lands. D. G.

BER has upwards of 300
LAND, in St. Mary's county, Bed-
he will sell for cash in hand, or on

THOMAS BOND.

For Sale,

ing TRACTS of LAND,
Mary's county, viz.

LODGE, containing about four
acres, one hundred and fifty acres of
ared; PENRIN, containing about
s, eighty acres unenclosed; one hun-
AIDEN'S BOWER, about twenty

of purchasing, are requested to ap-
in St. Mary's county, or to Edmund
phia.

NOTICE.

iber, for several good reasons, possi-
sale of his negroes till the third Tues-
at.

R. H. COURTS.

PH COURT,

or sale, for cost and charges,
Assortment of FALL GOODS, of
ol. cost, imported in the ship King.

He has also for sale,
or package, a general assortment of
S, which he will sell for cash or to-
altimore wholesale prices, at his store
Pig-Point and Tracey's Landing.
all invoice of MEDICINE, to be sold,
cash or produce; also, two TENT
cotton furniture, mattresses, blankets,
&c. complete.

November 10, 1791. /

Dollars Reward,

ending four slaves, or four dollars in
z. BEN, a black well-set man, about
age, and 5 feet 8 inches high; had with
absconded good cloaths of a variety of
been long and well known as a water-
ay, and had charge of a schooner of Mr.
PHIL, a young black crop negro, about
inches high, very forward and imperious
2 years of age, and well made, had the
thing of a crop negro. — MARKED

red negro woman of about 21 years of
feet 7 inches high, stout and well made,
variety of good cloathing. — JACK, a
man of about 28 years of age, 5 feet 8
high, and well made, has been some time

It is apprehended that these slaves are
neighbourhood of West river. All per-
warned against harbouring them, as they
lifered, be prosecuted with the utmost
law. These persons have assumed the
on, and have petitioned for their freedom
term of the general court, and have firm-
under a pretence that they are free. The

d will be paid to any person who will de-
d slave, or either of them, to the sub-
Annapolis, or Richard Spry, Esq. of
The fellow Jack will be hired to try
at a very reasonable rate, until next April

JOHN F. MERCER.

November 10, 1791.

London town, November 14, 1791.

THIS to inform gentlemen who wish to import
horses for the turf, stud, saddle, or carriage
horses, that the subscriber intends sailing for England
in March or April next, and to return next fall. Any
orders, with the necessary, to empower him to pur-
chase and ship horses, will be thankfully received,
and executed with much attention and care, by their
Humble Servant,
JOHN CRAGGS.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons from hunting, with
either dog or gun, or passing through any of my
enclosed lands, near Herring creek church, in Anne-
Arundel county, as I am determined to prosecute all
such offenders to the utmost rigour of the law.
JOHN L. CHEW.

November 12, 1791. /

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE.

On TUESDAY the 20th of November next, at 11
o'clock, A. M. at Taney-town, in Frederick coun-
ty.

A TRACT of LAND called DINAH GOOD-
WILL, containing 314 acres.

—ALSO—

On THURSDAY the 1st of December next, at 11
o'clock, at Spurrier's Tavern, in Anne-Arundel coun-
ty, a tract of land called SIMPSON'S STONES, contain-
ing 153 acres, and another tract called BACHELOR'S
CHOICE, containing 100 acres.

—ALSO—

On THURSDAY the 8th of December next, at
11 o'clock, on the premises, in Baltimore county,
three tracts of land, viz. EDINBURGH, contain-
ing 2684 acres; LOWRY'S LOT, containing 50
acres; GISTSVANIA, containing 120 acres; and
DAWLEY'S RANGE, 100 acres.

The purchase money to be paid in three equal annual
payments. Bond with security will be required.

CHARLES STEWART, } Executors of
JAMES M'GILLOCH, } James Dick.

LAND,

A PLACE called SANDGATE, for sale, con-
taining above 300 acres, situated between the
Baltimore and South river roads, within one mile of
Annapolis. Apply to MATTHIAS BOARDLEY,
on Wye river, Eastern Shore.

October 24, 1791. 3

FOR SALE,

THAT beautiful SEAT or LOT of LAND, the
place of residence of the late Daniel of St. Tho-
mas Tenifer, Esquire, known by the name of STEP-
NEY, lying in Anne-Arundel county, within one
mile of South river ferry, containing 835 acres. The
improvements on this valuable farm are remarkably
good, and several orchards of excellent fruit, from
which may be made in a favourable year 15,000 gal-
lons of cider, equal, if not superior, to any in the
State.

—ALSO—

A small TRACT of LAND, binding on South ri-
ver, nearly adjoining the above, containing 229 acres,
on which is an orchard of choice fruit, a convenient
and comfortable dwelling house, a large barn, quite
new, with other necessary out-houses. A more parti-
cular description of the above lands is considered un-
necessary, as it is presumed those disposed to purchase,
will previously view them.

The two tracts will be sold together, or separately,
as may be most convenient to the purchasers, and pos-
session given on the first day of January next, with
permission to sow fall grain.

Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the
terms, which will be made easy, by applying to

DANIEL TENIFER, sen. } Executors.
DANIEL TENIFER, jun. }

Port-Tobacco, August 3, 1791. 10

BE THE COMMITTEE OF GRIEVANCES AND

COURTS OF JUSTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the COMMITTEE
of GRIEVANCES and COURTS OF JUSTICE, will
sit every day during the present session, from nine
o'clock in the morning until three in the after-
noon.

By order, A. GOLDER, clk.
November 10, 1791. 2

By the COMMITTEE of CLAIMS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the COMMITTEE
of CLAIMS will sit every day during the pre-
sent session, from nine o'clock in the morning until
three in the afternoon.

By order, A. GOLDER, clk.
November 10, 1791. 2

NOTICE.

THE DRAWING of Mr. JAMES FATTI-
SON'S PROPERTY LOTTERY, is pos-
poned until some time next month, ow-
ing to a return of the tickets not being yet made.

There still remain a few tickets on hand, therefore
those persons who wish to adventure, are requested to
make speedy application—otherwise probably they may
be disappointed in their laudable intentions. Notice of
the precise time of drawing will be published in the
Annapolis news paper.

Meeting Bay, Maryland, October 30, 1791.

WILLIAM WILKINS,

Has just received, an ASSORTMENT of
IRISH LINENS,
Which, from their cheapness, will merit the attention
of those who may be in want.

He has also, a Variety of
SEASONABLE GOODS,
Which he will sell on the most moderate terms, among
which are a few handsome and large

FOWLING PIECES.

LEWIS NETH,

Inform his friends and the public, that he has removed
from where he kept store in Fleet-street, to the house
lately built by Mr. F. Grammar, opposite the south-
west end of the Market, where he has opened a large
and general ASSORTMENT of

GOODS,

Suitable to the season,

IMPORTED in the last Vessels from EUROPE,

Amongst which are—

ROSE & Duffel Blankets,
Rugs,
Furnitures,
Twilled Kerseys,
Halticks,
Negro Cottons,
Striped & plain Costings,
Plains,
Forrest Cloths,
Superfine, second & coarse
Broad Cloths,
Superfine Calimers,
Double milled Drab,
Baizes,
Flannels,
Linen,
Carpet and Carpeting,
Moreens,
Taboreens,
Joans Spinning,
Wildlores,
Camblets,
Dimities,
Bombazenes,
Bombazets,
Crapes,
Corduroys,
Thickets,
Franklin Corda,
Velvets,
Valencias,
Satinets,
Fustians,
Jeans,
Tolletnets,
Checks,
Bed-Ticks,
Irish Linens,
Sheetings and Dowlais,
Russia Sheetings,
Ofenbrigs,
Ticklenburgs,
German Linens,
Brown Hollands,
A handsome Assortment of
Calicoes and Chintzes,
Shawls,
White Cottons,
Mullins,
Mullin Handkerchiefs and
Aprons,
Riches Silk, Tamboured
Cafimer, Cafimer, and
Bagatelle Jacket Shapes,
Rich white and black Sat-
tins and Lutestrings,
Black Peelongs,
Modes,
Sarinets,
Perfians,
An Assortment of Rib-
bons,
Silk, Linen, and Cotton
Handkerchiefs,
Gloves,
Fine and coarse Hats,
Silk, Cotton, Silk & Cot-
ton, Worsted and Yarn
Hose,
Writing Paper,
Ink-Powder,
Sealing-Wax,
Wafers,
Ironmongery, Cutlery and
Hard-Ware,
Queen's Ware,
Wool and Cotton Cards,

With a number of other ARTICLES, all which he
will sell at the lowest prices.

He has also for Sale,

GROCERIES,

West-India and New-England Rum, French Bran-
dy, Wine, Molasses, Loaf and Brown Sugar; Impe-
rial, Hyson, Hyson-Skin, Souchong, Congo, and Bo-
hea Teas; Raisins, Currants, Pepper, Allspice, Gin-
ger, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Sarsaparilla,
Blue, Indico, Salt, Saltpetre, Glauber Salts, Allum
Copperas, Powder and Shot, &c. &c.

ANAPOLIS, November 1, 1791. 3

Montgomery county, October 30, 1791.
WHEREAS my creditors are pressing on me and
will not give me an opportunity of making
my collections to discharge my just debts, and now
have me in confinement; I take this method of informing
them that I intend giving up my property to trustees,
together with all my accounts, and petition the next
general assembly to be released from confinement.

WALTER SMITH.

Head of Severn, November 10, 1791.

WE the subscribers, having lands adjoining the ri-
ver Severn, do hereby forewarn all persons
wherever from hunting within our enclosures either
with dog or gun. Those that do not comply with this
notice, may expect to be dealt with agreeable to law,
by

HENRY BALDWIN,
JOHN BROWN,
ALSHAH MARRIOTT,
BASIL BROWN.

Annapolis, September 28, 1791.

ALL persons having claims against Mr. William
Sanders, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased,
are requested to make them known to the subscribers
as speedily as possible, and those indebted are desired
to make immediate payment, to

FREDERICK GREEN, } Executors.
WILLIAM W. DAVIS, }

THE subscriber is compelled, from a variety of
circumstances, to inform his creditors that he
intends to petition the general assembly, at
their next meeting, for a law to liberate him from his
debts, on his giving up his property, as he is unable to
pay them.

RICHARD WHEELER.
Anne-Arundel county.

A NEW STORE.

JOHNSON AND HARWOOD,

—HAVE JUST RECEIVED—

By the latest arrivals from Europe, and have now for
Sale, at their STORE, nearly opposite to Mr.
Stephen Clark's,

A PRETTY GENERAL

Assortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the present and approaching season, which
they will sell low for CASH or COUNTRY PRO-
DUCE.

WILLIAM FOXGROFT,

At the Sign of the Golden Bee-Hive,
Most respectfully acquaints his friends
and the public, that he has just received, via Phila-
delphia, and now opening,

A Neat and General Assortment of

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Fashionable, Superfine & Second Clothes, Three quarters and seven- eighths stripe Cloths, Cassimers, Superfine, stripe & plain Coatings, Cardinals, Halfthicks, Knap Cottons, Flannels, Baizes, Welsh Plains, Duffel Blankets, Durants, Calimancoes, Jones Spinning, Moreens, Wildbores, Crapes, Mullinets, Mullins of all sorts, Plain, stripe and spotted Gauzes, Royal Ribbs, Thicket, Satinets, Jeans, Fustians, Corduroys, Black Prince's Stuff, Cottons and Calicoes, Cotton & Chintz Shawls, Cotton and Linen Hand- kerchiefs, Black Silk & Love Hand- kerchiefs,	Table Cloths, Bed-Ticks, Flanders Bed-Bonts, Checks, 2 and yard wide, Cotton Stripes, 7-8 and yard wide Irish Linen, & Sheetings, Ink-Powder, Snuff, Ladies fashionable Beavers, Hats, Mens coarse ditto, Fashionable Coat & Velt Buttons, Imperial ditto, Broad and Narrow Ri- bands, Modes and Sattins, Tapes, Bindings, Thread, Edging and Bobbing, Ladies and Gentlemen's Cotton, Silk & Worsted Hose, Silk and Cotton Patent ditto, Ladies Gloves, Gentlemen's Beaver ditto, Ditto lined with Flannel, Best Philadelphia & com- mon Stuff Shoes, White Satin ditto, Ironmongery, Queen's Wart, &c. &c.
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Fine Old MADEIRA,

By the PIPE, or GALLON. 4

NEW LINE.

ANNAPOLIS, EASTON, and PHILADELPHIA,

Water and Land STAGES,

Via CECIL COURT HOUSE & NEW-
CASTLE.

THE Subscribers, (Proprietors of the Philadel-
phia and Baltimore New Line) very respectfully
inform the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, they
intend to establish a communication from this place
direct to Philadelphia, for the conveyance of freight and
passengers, to commence running the 29th instant, by
the following route:—A packet will leave Philadelphia
every Monday morning for Newcastle, on its arrival
the stage immediately conveys the passengers to Cecil
Court House, where the packet waits their arrival, and
proceeds direct for Annapolis and Easton, and touches
at Annapolis on her return. The peculiar advantages
of this tour, in point of expedition, will be obvious
to every traveller going to the northward, it being cer-
tain this route can be performed in less time than by
land. The proprietors solicit the patronage of the pub-
lic, assuring them every exertion shall be used to ren-
der this line pleasing, agreeable and expeditious. The
variableness of the winds renders the day of the packet's
return from Easton rather uncertain; but it is expected
she will leave this place early every Sunday morning.
Passengers, and shippers that have freight to forward, are
requested to leave their names at the Printers, who will
instruct the captain to wait upon them and inform the
hour of departure.

JOHN CHAMBERS, Cecil Court House.
HENRY DARLEY, }
WM. CLAY, } Newcastle.
BOND and LEES, }

Passage to Cecil Court-House,
to Newcastle in stage,
to Philadelphia in packet,

Heavy freight, of per cwt. from city to city. Light
in proportion to bulk.
Annapolis, August 19, 1791.

Somerset county, October 1, 1791.
NOTICE is hereby given, That the subscriber, a languishing prisoner in Somerset county jail, intends to apply to the next session of assembly to liberate him from confinement, and from debts which he is unable to pay.
4 JOHN KENNEDY.

Montgomery county, September 18, 1791.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the subscriber, being in custody under an execution for a large sum of money, is under the necessity of applying to the general assembly, at their next session, for an act to release him from confinement, and discharge him from all debts heretofore contracted, upon his delivering up all his property.
SAMUEL OFFUTT.

St. Mary's, October 8, 1791.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That I intend to apply to the next general assembly for an act to make valid a deed executed by Caleb Jones to me, for about forty-eight acres of land, Part of BACKWITS LODGE, lying in St. Mary's county, which deed was not recorded in the time prescribed by law, and to direct the recording of the said deed.
MORDECAI JONES.

NOTICE,
THAT the undersigned having been already attached to answer a claim he is entirely incapacitated, by infirmities and losses in trade, to satisfy fully without doing material injury to the rest of his creditors; and it being his wish to render as equal justice to them as possible—he is constrained to manifest his intention of petitioning the legislature of Maryland, at their next meeting, to relieve his person from arrest, on his giving up his property, real and personal, in trust, for the benefit of those who have claims against him, either on his private account, or on account of the firms in which he has concerned. He intends also to petition the legislature, in a similar manner, in behalf of his brother, who is beyond sea.
BEN. CONTEE.
Charles county, September 19, 1791.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1791.
THE subscriber, from a variety of causes and misfortunes, is under the disagreeable necessity of giving this public notice, that he means to petition the next general assembly of this state to release him from debts which he is unable to pay, upon his giving up all his property for the use of his creditors.
BENJAMIN BELT, sen.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT I intend applying to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for redress of an injury done my late grand father, NICHOLAS SEWALL, of this county, deceased, in the condemnation of a certain tract of land, lying in Dorchester county, for the use of a tribe or tribes of Indians.
NICHOLAS SEWALL.
St. Mary's county, September 27, 1791.

Montgomery county, October 10, 1791.
NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, praying an act to exonerate me from debts which I am unable to pay.
DAVID GEDDES.

St. Mary's county, September 17, 1791.
THE subscriber is under the disagreeable necessity of informing her creditors that she intends to petition the legislature, at their next session, for an act to liberate her from confinement for debts which she is unable to discharge.
MARY ROACH.

Elk-Ridge, October 16, 1791.
THIS is to forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on a bond given by me to Charles Greenbury Ridgely, bearing date October 8, 1787, as I have paid considerably thereon; and am determined, unless compelled thereto, to pay no further, until the said Ridgely complies with the condition of a bond I have of his bearing equal date.
WILLIAM BATEMAN.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, praying an act to liberate me from confinement, and discharge from debts which I am unable to pay.
STEPHEN CLARKE.
Annapolis, September 1, 1791.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

Port-Tobacco, August 20, 1791.
WHEREAS, on Saturday the 15th instant, between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock at night, as my negro man called BENJAMIN was going from this place to Haberdenture, as soon as he reached the top of the hill, commonly called Theobald's Hill, (about half of a mile distant from this town) he was met and accosted by a white man who had on a dark cloth coat, and who rode a small black horse, some trifling conversation ensued, when this man rode up to Benjamin and gave him a violent stab in the breast with a knife, or some such weapon, of which he died on the Monday following—I will pay the above reward of one hundred dollars to any person who will discover the perpetrator of this inhuman act, so that he be convicted thereof.
J. H. STONE.

WILLIAM CATON,
Ladies and Gentlemen's Hair-Dresser,
Has just IMPORTED, in the ship NANTES,
CAPTAIN SPENCER,
A Quantity of HAIR,
OF DIFFERENT COLOURS and LENGTHS.

HE begs leave to acquaint those ladies who wish for convenience and little trouble, that he makes CURL and ELASTIC CUSHIONS that fit easy and firm upon the head without any trouble of pinning; and, when dressed, no head of hair whatever, though dressed by the completest hand, can look better or more natural, so that a lady, in a few minutes, may complete her own hair-dressing. Also new fashioned CURL BRADES, and fashionable WIGS—Ladies who wish to have any alteration in any they have got from other hair-dressers, he will do it on the most REASONABLE TERMS.

He has also just received by the same ship, a variety of articles in the line of his profession, among which are the following, viz.—Perfumes of all kinds; different sorts of pomatum, hard and soft; plain and perfumed powder; powder knives and bags; ladies elegant pocket bottles; court plaister; dressing and fine tooth combs; swan-skin, cat-skin, and silk puffs; ladies powder boxes, with puffs; hair-pins, long and short, double and single; tooth-brushes; razors in cases, and razor-strops; shaving-boxes, soap and brushes; wash-balls; hair-riband; band-boxes; craping, pinching, and roupee irons.

He has likewise for SALE, an elegant fashionable HEAD-DRESS, from London.
Said CATON respectfully returns his sincere thanks to all his customers, and hopes a continuance of their favours, as he does, and always will do, his utmost to oblige.

Orders from any part of the state, will be thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

A LIST OF LETTERS
Remaining, in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of January next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters:—

REV. JOHN ASHTON, White Marsh.
Andrew Brown, Samuel Birdall, Annapolis; H. A. Brooke, Arch. Boyd, Prince-George's county; Ignatius Boswell, Charles county.
David Crauford, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Contee, near Nottingham; John Casey, near Piscataway; Samuel Cox, Allen's Fresh; Henry Carberry, St. Mary's county; Jeremiah Cox, junior, Calvert county.

Joseph Dowson (2), Isaac Dickson, Annapolis; Samuel Diggins, Carroll's Manor; Samuel T. Dyson, and Co. Allen's Fresh; Dare and Allnutt, Hunting creek.

David English, Calvert county.
John Gwinn (5), Annapolis; James Gibson, sen. Lower-Marlborough; Gray and Wilkison, Huntingtown; Thomas Gray, Hunting creek; Dr. James Gray, Calvert county.

James Heighe, St. Leonard's creek; Thomas Harrison, Broad creek; Elizabeth Heighe, Maryland.
Hon. Thomas Johnson, Annapolis; James Johnston (2), Port-Tobacco; James Johnston, West Marlborough; Samuel Johnson, St. Leonard's creek; Thomas Jenkins, Hunting creek; William Ireland, Hall's creek.

Frederick Limpert, Annapolis; William Leigh, Charles county; Tubman Lowel, Lower Marlborough.

Reuben Merriweather, Anne-Arundel county; Samuel Maynard, Herring Bay; Jacob M'Ceney, Joseph M'Ceney, Pig-point; Elizabeth Maddox, Edward Maddox, Charles county; Maynard and Whittington, William M'Blair, Lower Marlborough; Colmo Mackenzie, Calvert county.

Martin Norris, West river.
Richard Parrol, Annapolis.
Henry Ridgely (2), Annapolis; Matthias Redmond, Nottingham; James Ritche, and Co. care of William M'Bride, Port-Tobacco.

Charles and William Stewart, Dr. James Stewart, Annapolis; Robert John Smith, near Annapolis; Clement Sewall, St. Mary's county; John Stanforth, James Sewell, Hunting creek; Walter Smith, St. Leonard's creek; John Jonathan Spencer, James Stone, Lower Marlborough.

Richard Tilghman (2), Annapolis; Thomas Tiltard (2), Pig point; Brian Taylor, St. Leonard's creek.

William Wallace (4), James West, John West (2), John Welsh, Annapolis; John Wastneys, Herring Bay; James Whittington, Francis Whittington, sen. Lower Marlborough; Francis Whittington, near Lower Marlborough; Hilliary Wilson, Hunting creek; Joseph Wilkison (2), Wilkison and Gray, Huntingtown.

Mr. Young, Nottingham.
S. GREEN, D. P. M.
Those persons who send to the Post-Office for LETTERS, are requested to send the MONEY, as none will be delivered without.
October 5, 1791.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun, on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate of William Sanders, lately deceased.

October 4, 1791. F. GREEN, W. W. DAVIS.

JOHN HYDE,
Boot and Shoe-maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, and his friends in particular, that he carries on the tanning and currying business at the yard lately occupied by Mr. John Adam Bayer, where he buys all kinds of hides, or tant one half for the other, as may be most convenient for those who have them to dispose of; he also informs the public, that he is determined to sell leather as low as it can be purchased in Baltimore, and hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit the custom of those who may please to favour him with their commands.

N. B. He still carries on the boot and shoe-making business, in Conduit-street, opposite Mr. George Mann's new building, where he makes all kinds of boots and shoes in the neatest manner, on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.
Annapolis, September 20, 1791.

November 18, 1791.
THERE is at the plantation of the subscriber, living on the head of South River, taken up as a stray, a dark bay HORSE, about seven or eight years old, about fourteen hands and an half high, shod behind, with a hanging main and switch tail, trots and gallops. The owner may have him again, by proving property and paying charges.
JOSEPH SELBY.

Matthew and John Beard,
HAVE LATELY RECEIVED,
And now opening, at their STORE in Church-street, next door to Mr. Stephen Clark's Stationary and book store, and near the market,

AN ASSORTMENT of choice
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Which they will sell low for cash,

MATCHCOAT

Blankets,
Rifle do.
Fearnought,
Kerseys,
Kendal Cottons,
Green Welch do.
Linsley,
Coatings,
White and red Flannel,
Buckram,
Mens Yarn Hosiery,
Boy's Worked do.
Mens ribbed do.
Womens fine white do.
Turkey Stripes,
Moreens,
Durants,
Camblets,
Wildbore,
Thickset,
Mens fine Beaver Gloves,
Superfine Broad Cloth,
Elastic do.
Drab do.
Swan Down,
Velvet Waistcoat Shapes,
Royal Rib,
Striped Cotton and Linen,
Check,
Römal, Bandano, Bark & Linen Handkerchiefs.
Annapolis, October 5, 1791.

Toilet Shapes,
Fine Irish Linen,
Do. Sheetings,
Morocco Shoes for Children,
Sewing Silk,
Dowlais,
Curry Combs,
Shot,
Coarse and fine Tooth Combs,
Black Silk Hosiery,
Best Patent do.
Brown Holland,
Bed-Ticking,
Mens Country made Saddles,
Knee and Shoe-Buckles,
Coloured Thread,
Cambric and Osnabrig do.
A Variety of Calicoes, Fustians,
Hat-Band Crape,
Mens and Womens black Gloves,
Raisins,
A Variety of Queens Ware, and a Quantity of Hyson and Boker TEAS, &c. &c. &c.

Prince-George's county, October 15, 1791.
ALL persons who have claims against the estate of **ABRAHAM MOCKBEE**, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are desired to bring them in properly authenticated to the subscriber, near Upper Marlborough, on or before the 10th day of December next, or they will be excluded on the distribution of the assets in hand.
Wm. N. MOCKBEE, Administrator.

Prince-George's county, September 24, 1791.
ON SATURDAY the 19th day of November next, WILL BE SOLD, to the highest bidder, by the subscriber, at his dwelling house,

ABOUT seven hundred and forty acres of good LAND, situated between Queen Anne and Belle-Air, and about three miles from the former. The land is well improved, has several good dwelling houses, tobacco houses, corn houses, &c. on it; also, one good mill, with two pair of stones, double geared, and one other mill nearly finished, calculated to carry two pair of stones as the former, both standing on a constant stream, the latter so near Patuxent that it is proposed to take water therefrom in addition to the stream; both mills are calculated for merchant work. The lands, &c. may be seen, and the terms made known, by applying to the subscriber any time before the day of sale. This property will be sold to the purchaser, or divided in parcels, as may be most convenient to purchasers.

THOMAS BOYD.
ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(XLVIIIth Yr)
MA
KINGSTON,
R. C.
the
in
river
Nor
from
his ecclesiastic and ac-
pected of exciting a long
extensive sect: But at
the death of the ven
which took place in
was found that the g
thodist societies had be
deed enrolled in chan
selected from the body
are to choose a presiden
OB. 12. America,
with the service of
trade, and she is alrea
fistance the formerly
This will plainly app
in the port of Liverpo
of the number of vell
of the United States,
whereas the American
Sugars, not the top
fillings per cwt. wer
by the hoghead.
OB. 13. A stout
partaken of a land cra
in great agony on Tu
ately after having ea
which continued alm
time of her decease.
sonous species, or for
roduced, could not b
portion of it was left
A small piece whic
man, and of which
fame consequences,
days.
OB. 14. Yesterday
Royal, his majesty's
Esq; commander, an
mander, in seven day
The accounts brou
unfavourable to the
the colony of Hispan
they cannot but fal
which, at present, c
N A S S A
If credit is to be
in circulation here
fence must have be
We are told, that a
Mole, we know n
than forty persons
from the vengeance
it included the 'Ge
Iland a few days
This vessel, it is a
Downham Newton,
B. O. S.
Official
Since our last, a
brig Mermaid, an
Grace, in France,
September. Amo
Dunn, of this tow
Challenger and Mack
able citizens who ha
in France, and app
and understanding
who have had the
polite and enlight
these gentlemen, I
part of France, an
procuring, as well
tion, as the conver
information of the
By their account
situation—though i
ton meet the wish
his final sanction,
was supposed by
the objections; bu
thereafter right
billion, to secure
old form, from th
might otherwise
fect liberty, havi
some compelling t
quality appeared
the interruption,
often been als
been either fabrica

HYDE,
Shoe-maker,
informs the public, and his
lar, that he carries on the tan-
at the yard lately occupied
Bayer, where he buys all kinds
half for the other, as may be
of who have them to dispose of,
public, that he is determined to
can be purchased in Baltimore,
tion and punctuality to merit the
may please to favour him with

ries on the boot and shoe-making
-street, opposite Mr. George
g, where he makes all kinds of
neatly manner, on the shortest
able terms.
ber 20, 1791.

November 1st, 1791.
HERE is at the plantation of
the subscriber, living on the
of South River, taken up as a
a dark bay HORSE, about
n or eight years old, about four
hands and an half high, shod be-
g main and twitch tail, trod and
r may have him again, by proving
charges.

JOSEPH SELBY,
and John Beard,

LATELY RECEIVED,
at their STORE in Church-street,
Stephen-Clark's Stationary and book
market,

ASSORTMENT of choice
WINTER GOODS,
they will sell low for cash,

WIZ.

OAT Toilets Shapes,
Fine Irish Linen,
Do. Sheetings,
Morocco Shoes for Cla-
dren,
Sewing Silk,
Dowlas,
Curry Combs,
Shot,
Coarse and fine Tooth
Combs,
Black Silk Hosi,
Best Patent do.
Brown Holland,
Bed-Ticking,
Mens Country made Sal-
dies,
Knee and Shoe-Buckles,
Coloured Thread,
Cambric and Onabrigs
do.

Gloves, A Variety of Calicoes,
Cloth, Fustians,
Hat-Band Crape,
Mens and Womens black
Gloves,
Raisins,
A Variety of Queens
Ware, and a Quantity
of Hyson and Boba
TEAS, &c. &c. &c.

at Shapes,
nd Linen,
Bark &
rchiers.

October 5, 1791.

George's county, October 15, 1791.

who have claims against the estate of
MOCKBEE, late of Prince-
deceased, are desired to bring them
entitled to the subscriber, near Up-
on, or before the 10th day of De-
they will be excluded on the dispo-
sition in hand.

N. MOCKBEE, Administrator.

George's county, September 24, 1791.

AY the 19th day of November 1791,
SOLD, to the highest bidder, by the
his dwelling house,

even hundred and forty acres of good
D, situated between Queen-Anne and
about three miles from the former—
Improved, has several good dwelling
houses, corn houses, &c. on it; also,
with two pair of stones, double geared,
mill nearly finished, calculated to carry
ones as the former, both standing on a
the water therefrom in addition to the
mills are calculated for merchant work.
c. may be seen, and the terms made
plying to the subscriber any time before
This property will be sold together
parcels, as may be most convenient in

THOMAS BOYD.

NAPOLIS:

FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(XLVIIIth YEAR.)
THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1791.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) October 11.

R. COKE, one of the bishops of the Methodist church, and who was in this island some time ago, arrived in London, in July last, from North-America.—This gentleman, from his known character, and a certain consequence derived from his ecclesiastical and academical appointments, was suspected of casting a longing eye to the supremacy of that extensive sect: But at their first annual meeting, since the death of the venerable and laborious Wesley, which took place in Manchester the 26th of July, it was found that the general government of the Methodist societies had been vested seven years ago, by a deed enrolled in chancery, in one hundred persons, selected from the body of itinerant preachers, and who are to choose a president and secretary annually.

OS. 12. America, at present, can well dispense with the service of other nations, in the carrying trade, and she is already able to repay some of the assistance she formerly received from them in that line. This will plainly appear from a view of the shipping in the port of Liverpool, on the 23d of last June; for, of the number of vessels bound for the different ports of the United States, *five only* belonged to Britain—whereas the American flag was displayed by twenty.

Sugars, not the top of the market by seven or eight shillings per cwt. were sold, on Monday last, at 84s. by the hoghead.

OS. 13. A stout healthy negro woman, who had partaken of a land crab, on Sunday morning last, died in great agony on Tuesday: She was seized immediately after having eat of it, with violent reachings, which continued almost without intermission till the time of her decease. Whether the crab was of a poisonous species, or something deleterious had been introduced, could not be ascertained, as not the smallest portion of it was left.

A small piece which had been given to another woman, and of which she ate, had nearly produced the same consequences, as she was dangerously ill for two days.

OS. 14. Yesterday anchored in the harbour of Port Royal, his majesty's ship Centurion, W. A. Orway, Esq; commander, and Hound, J. Lawford, Esq; commander, in seven days from Port-au-Prince.

The accounts brought by these vessels are extremely unfavourable to the interest of the white inhabitants of the colony of Hispaniola. Divided among themselves, they cannot but fall an easy sacrifice to that power, which, at present, carries every thing before it.

NASSAU, (N. P.) September 9.

If credit is to be given to reports which have been in circulation here for some days past, a very bloody scene must have been recently acted in St. Domingo. We are told, that a vessel from Cape Francois, or the Mole, we know not which, having on board more than forty persons of both sexes, who had escaped from the vengeance of the triumphant party (in which included the Gen de Couleur, called off Harbour Island a few days since, for water and provisions. This vessel, it is also said, was commanded by capt. Downham Newton, and was bound for Charleston.

BOSTON, November 3.

Official account from France.

Since our last, captain Mungo Mackay, jun. in the brig Mermaid, arrived in this port from Havre-de-Grace, in France, which place he left the 10th of September. Among the passengers is captain S. Dunn, of this town, together with messrs. Parriman, Collidge and Mackay, sons of some of our most respectable citizens who have resided some years at an academy in France, and appear by their manners, information, and understanding, to do ample justice to the persons who have had the charge of their education in that polite and enlightened country. Captain Dunn and these gentlemen, have travelled through the greater part of France, and have had the best opportunities of procuring, as well from their own particular observation, as the conversation of others, the most authentic information of the present state of that kingdom.

By their accounts, the king had not signed the constitution—though it was universally believed he would soon meet the wishes of his fellow-citizens, by giving his final sanction to this celebrated instrument. It was supposed, by many, that he would make no essential objections; but give it his full approbation, with the reserved right of pardon in cases of treason or rebellion, to secure the friends of the monarchy, in its old form, from the evils and penalties to which they might otherwise be exposed. The king was at perfect liberty, having elected his guards from the citizens composing the national soldiers. Profound tranquillity appeared in every part of the kingdom, and the interruption, with the rumours of which, we have so often been alarmed, by the British papers, have been either fabricated altogether, or highly exaggerated,

to say no more, by the aristocratic party, to serve their own views, and to promote their own interest.

The depreciation of the assignats, has been occasioned in a great measure, as those gentlemen report, by the want of a small paper currency, to supply the wants of the people. But, that precautions were taken to remedy this inconvenience, by emitting small bills, on private credit, which, as far as the experiment had been made, proved successful.

It seems that the fears of a counter-revolution from any real or supposed defects in the constitution, had entirely vanished; as the astonishing and almost unexampled unanimity which prevails, precludes even the hopes of the malcontents, from this quarter. There is nothing, therefore, to report to, but the interference of sovereign nations, and the Germans in an especial manner, to support the expiring dreams of the aristocracy, as this event. But the German frontier is firmly guarded by an immense army sustained by the active zeal and courage of their associates, which presents the strongest barrier against an invasion.

The French, in fine, have three millions of men at arms—well accoutred, and fully determined to risk all in defence of their freedom. It was reported that dissensions had taken place between the marquis de Bouille and count de Artois. In consequence of which, the former of these gentlemen had retired to Sweden.

The national assembly had taken the wise precaution to place the heir apparent under the care of M. de la Fayette, lest the future intrigues of the aristocratic party, might render it necessary to have recourse to a regency, provided the king should choose to abdicate the kingdom, and thus forfeit all constitutional pretensions to the crown. It was generally imagined that trade and manufactures would revive and flourish, as soon as the government was established, by the signing of the constitution. The elections had gone in favour of the revolutionists, and had succeeded with the least possible disturbance.

On the whole, the present state of France was quiet, and the prospect of futurity, brilliant and flattering in a high degree.

It is with peculiar pleasure that the editor can give the public the present account, which from the known credibility of the authors of it, appears incontestible.

Extract of a letter from Halifax, September 24.

"A new act of parliament has lately passed, which the collector is possessed of, which admits of a free intercourse in American bottoms with all the British West India islands, and the collector says, he is also advised, the same privileges are to be permitted the Americans here."

PROVIDENCE, November 5.

Tuesday last Captain Wheaton arrived here from Cape-Francois.

Extract of a letter from a master of a vessel at Cape-Francois to his owners here, dated October 10, received by captain Wheaton.

"From a scene of tumult, noise and disorder, I have retired, to give you some information respecting your brig and cargo, which I greatly fear will go to destruction; the first by worms, the latter by the heat of the climate—and 'tis out of my power to prevent it. Were I to land my cargo, and proceed home with fast ballast, the vessel might be preserved, but I fear the cargo would perish, as several others have since my arrival. Should I remain here, both will be lost. Every possible exertion on my part, assisted by Mr. —, has been in vain used to get away from the port. As a last effort, we have drawn up a memorial to Mr. Bourne, our consul, requesting him to throw in a spirited remonstrance to the assembly, desiring them either to take our cargoes, as no one else will, or permit us to depart. This was done yesterday, but no answer has been given.

"The situation of the colony is more alarming now than ever. The negroes have advanced their camp within three miles of the French. We can see their colours displayed from our vessels, and they had the audacity to take three grenadiers within half a mile of the French encampment, which is four miles from town. Vessels keep their sails bent, and some of the inhabitants send their families on board every night."

PHILADELPHIA, November 12.

By the brig Theodosia, captain Lake, who sailed the 23d ult. from Cape-Francois, and arrived here on Thursday last, we are informed, that three days previous to his sailing, a body of troops marched from the Cape to attack the negroes, who were embodied at Port-Margaret; also, that a French frigate sailed for the above place, and that the night before she sailed, the hills appeared on fire, but the issue could not be learned.

Nov. 15. On Friday last Mr. Hammond was introduced to the president, by the secretary of state, and presented his credentials as his Britannic majesty's minister plenipotentiary to the United States.

Extract of a letter from captain Howell, of the ship Sampson, dated Isle of France, May 27.

"I arrived at this place on the 24th of April; and shall sail for Canton on the 1st of June. The ship President Washington, captain Nickleson, is here. The ship Neptune, captain Barle, sailed from this port for Madras yesterday."

Yesterday arrived the schooner John, captain Darrel, from Bermuda, by which we have the following important advices, received by the ship Nonpareil, capt. Barker, arrived there on the 22d ult. from London, after a passage of 27 days. The Nonpareil brought English papers to the 19th of September, from which we learn, that on the 14th of September died at Weymouth, England, the marquis de la Luzerne, ambassador from the court of France.—That a treaty of peace was signed between the Russians and Turks, the empress still holding the city of Oczakow, with all its fortifications and whole district, (which has been the great obstacle between them)—in consequence of which the English ships in commission were paying off and disarming. That the king of France had been again put into possession of the crown, and accepted of the new constitution; a general amnesty was published in favour of all who assisted him to make his escape, as well as those who resisted the decrees and were inimical to the measures of the national assembly; but the fugitives on the frontiers of France continued raising troops for a counter-revolution. The national assembly, after the king had signified his acceptance to the new constitutional act, decreed, on the 13th of September last, as follows:

1st. All persons accused or under arrest, in regard to the king's departure, shall be immediately set at liberty, and all further prosecution shall cease. 2dly. The committee of the constitution and jurisprudence shall to-morrow present the plan of a decree respecting the immediate abolition of all proceedings relative to the events of the revolution. 3dly. To-morrow a plan of a decree shall also be presented for abolishing the use of passports, and for annihilating all momentary restraints, in regard to that liberty which the constitution allows to all citizens, of entering into and departure out of the kingdom. The goals of the kingdom, are to be thrown open on the occasion.—That the king of Spain has declared war against the emperor of Morocco.—That by accounts from India, down to the 23d of March last, we learn, that the army under lord Cornwallis was still pursuing Tippoo with great success, carrying every thing before them.—And that the Russian and Turkish trade from England was getting into the usual prosperous channel.

The number of burials in Kingston, Jamaica, last year, was 289—marriages 29—baptisms 266. This statement includes whites and blacks.

Nov. 17. The unbounded advantages which will flow to the public from opening the proposed canal between the waters of Delaware and Susquehanna rivers, by the space of a few miles between the Quittapahilla and Tolpehocken, have influenced the legislature to reward the undertakers with liberality, in order to insure its accomplishment; but, to prevent any monopoly in this advantageous, as well as useful business, they have improved upon the plan for receiving subscriptions in the national bank: Besides requiring public notice of the time and place of receiving subscriptions, for a considerable length of time before, both in the English and German newspapers, they have directed that all subscriptions received for the first fifteen days after opening shall be on a footing; the surplus beyond the amount of shares in the corporation to be excluded in proportion. The notice aforesaid hath been given, and the subscription book will be opened in this city on the first of December, now at hand. Let none therefore, who wish to interest themselves in this valuable Institution, complain, if after all these precautions they are shut out. In such case they will have to blame themselves only, for not having attended to their interest in due time, when they will have to give an advanced price for shares to entitle them to a participation of the annual profits.

Much has been said about making the post-office the medium of news and information to the people; and it seems to be the general sentiment, that if it is practicable, this medium should be adopted for this truly patriotic purpose. It is, however, said, that there are very great obstacles in the way—the expense is the most formidable—another is, that it will interfere with that dispatch so necessary to give satisfaction to the mercantile interest, which is considered as the great support of the post-office department, and whose convenience and accommodation ought therefore to be primarily consulted. With respect to the expense, it may be presumed, that if newspapers were particularly specified in the contracts of transporting the mails, those contracts might be made on nearly the present terms; and it is universally supposed, that punctuality in receiving the papers would induce every person cheerfully to pay such a sum over and above the subscription, as would amply compensate the deputy post-masters for the small addition to their business, which

By the ship *Industrie*, arrived on Tuesday evening from Bayonne, we have received a printed copy of a letter from the king of France to the national assembly, accepting the constitution. The following is a translation of it—

I HAVE examined with attention the constitution which you have presented me for acceptance. I accept it, and shall see it executed.—This declaration would have been sufficient at another time; but at present I owe the interests of the nation and myself an explanation of the motives that have induced this acceptance. From the beginning of my reign I have been desirous of reforming abuses, and in every act of government have wished to be guided by public opinion. Various causes, among which the situation of the finances, when I came to the throne, should be mentioned, as also the immense expenses unavoidably incurred for the support of an honourable war, carried on for a length of time, without an increase of taxes, had established a great disproportion between the revenues and the expenses of the state.

Let every one call to recollection the time when I left Paris. The constitution was nearly completed, and the authority of the laws was diminishing. Public opinions, far from being fixed, appeared to be more divided than ever. The least moderate opinions appeared alone to have weight. The licentiousness of the press was at its height, and no authority was respected. I could not obtain an acquaintance with the general will, when, by looking around, I could see nothing but the laws without weight, and not enforced.—Then, I must say it, had you presented the constitution at that time to me, I should not have thought it the interest of the people, the constant and only rule of my conduct, that I should have accepted it.

I therefore accept the constitution. I promise to support it in the kingdom, to defend it against foreign violence, and to procure its execution by all the means which it places within my power. I declare, that, convinced of the attachment of the great majority of the people to the constitution, I give up the right of concurrence, which I called for in this work, and that, being responsible to the nation alone, no-one has a right to complain of this departure from my original requisition.

At this time the constitution being finally established, Frenchmen living under the same laws should know no other enemies than those who disregard them. Discord and anarchy,—they are our common enemies: I will oppose them with all my might. It is important that you and your successors should second my efforts with energy. Without attempting to control thought, the law protects equally, all those whose actions are in conformity to it. Let those whom fear of persecutions and disturbances have driven from their country, find, when they return, security and tranquillity: And to put an end to feuds, to lessen the distresses which a great revolution always occasions, and, that the law may from this time command with full energy and be well executed, let us consent to forget the past. Let the accusations and prosecutions which took their rise in events which accompanied the revolution die away, and let a universal reconciliation take place. I make no mention of those who have been guided only by their attachment for me: Is it possible that you should deem them guilty? With regard to those who, having been guilty of excesses that involved personal injuries, have drawn upon their heads the vengeance of the laws,—I prove to them, that I am king of all Frenchmen.

The king will meet the assembly this day at twelve, preceded by the city band of music and escorted by the national guard, &c. The deputies of the national assembly will go to receive him. His seat [chair, not throne] shall be next to that of the president. His ministers only shall accompany him.

The following information we have received from Salem and Beverly, dated November 5.

SHEPHERD'S-TOWN, October 31.

ANNAPOLIS, *November 24.*

The president of the United States, by the advice and consent of the senate, has appointed

Alexander Moore, to be surveyor of the port of West Point, in Virginia, in the room of John Spotswood Moore, who has resigned his appointment.

PROCEEDINGS of CONGRESS.

TUESDAY, November 15.

The schedule of the census was then taken up in committee of the whole,—Mr. Muhlenberg in the chair.

Mr. Page thought the question under consideration was of a delicate nature; and such as the house ought to be cautious in deciding upon; and which was fitted

Mr. Stells observed, that stability in councils, is object of the highest importance to every government; is not always to be found in numerous representative bodies; that the equality or inequality of representation does not depend so much on the ratio, as on the privileges of the electors;—that whilst the same purity prevails in the system of representation, as now exists, there will be little danger of corruption in the House;—that the state legislatures ought not to be a rule for congress; but that, on the contrary, in proportion as the numbers are greater in the state legislatures, it is the less necessary to have a numerous representation in the federal legislature;—that solid merit alone can recommend a man to the notice of a very numerous body of electors;—that the security of the people is increased, in proportion to the number of those who watch over the conduct of each representative. A proof of this was to be found in the British parliament, where corruption ever prevails more with the representatives of petty boroughs, than with those of greater cities.

Mr. Vinin could not conceive how the liberties of America could be affected by a trifling difference in the number of the representative body. He used several arguments to shew how little danger there is of corruption prevailing in the house; and declared in favour of the ratio of thirty-four thousand.

Mr. Sedgwick proposed to retain the words "thirty thousand" for the purpose of inserting "three," and "four" between them.

Mr. Kitchell was in favour of a numerous representation, and against striking out.

The committee then rose, and reported the resolution, which the house took into immediate consideration; and on the question for adopting the report of the committee, it was carried in the affirmative.

Wills, _____ 35. N. A. V. 5.
Messrs. Ames, Atch, Barnwell, Boudinot, B.
Bourne, S. Bourne, Clarke, Gilman, Goodhue, Gross,
Hillhouse, Livermore, Mason, Niles, Sedgwick,
Smith (W.) Smith (V.) Smith (S. G.) Steele, Sturges,
Thatcher, Vining. Word _____ 34.

THOSE persons who have not
the subscription
requested to make
this date, otherwise
ter which notice w
commence drawing

Herring Bay, N.

TO
SINCE I came
that some pub
Cecil county, by
major Thomas M
which several char
neral circulation.

Though I am far
as mere electioneering
ward just before the
to refuse them; yet
regard I have for the
it now necessary that
as I return home I
the public will do

Annapolis, Nov

ALL persons
ing, with
Rhode river, with

November 21,

THE subscriber him to leave next, and will prove he therefore earned to call in the court, not discharge their some agreeable and reasonable, it is, perhaps, complying therewith, quents, they may to a mode more or not be granted.

St. M.
ALL persons
of GEOR
county, deceased
claims, properly
fore the first day
will not deem ha
further claims.

WAS coming on the man, who calls lately been prov-
 Clarke, of the st-
 property, and the
 fellow, about to
 niel, who then
 Virginia. Some
 feet six inches h-
 on his forehead
 ed to pay charge

October 11.

At Public Sale,
on Saturday

ONE BAL damaged
for the same

RAN away
scriber's

the name of Al
high, knock

petitioned for
napolis, last So

but did not sta
a free negro.
rhony and t

shall have a re
if brought home
cover by whom

harboured and
court, to be
ward of five p



general convention. He would be
satisfy the predictions of the enemies
who had said that congress would
amendments in the constitution,
diminish their own consequence,
and in consequence, he questioned
the number of representatives
upon a numerous representation as
of a republican government. He
thought for the house to decide, when
able. He concluded, by expressing
his opinion, that the amendment would be rejected.

ed, that stability in councils, is
of importance to every government.
found in numerous representative
equality or inequality of representa-
and so much on the ratio, as on the
ratio;—that whilst the time pur-
n of representation, as now exists,
anger of corruption in the house,
ures ought not to be a role for con-
contrary, in proportion as the num-
the state legislatures, it is the less
numerous representation in the fe-
that solid merit alone can recom-
notice of a very numerous body of
security of the people is increased,
the number of those who watch over
h representative. A proof of this
the British parliament, where cor-
is more, with the representatives of
a with those of greater cities.

ed, that when gentlemen called in
people, as an argument in favour
to thirty thousand, they would not
an aristocrat for opposing that ratio,
with the spirit of aristocracy, he
he came to that house.—It is in-
on would bring more wisdom and
sense, it would also introduce more
—a candidate, he observed, can
purchase the votes of a small distric-
ne.—Improper elections can alone
of the people; and if congress take
elections be properly conducted, there
danger of corruption in the house.
bility of congress, it will depend
than upon their number.—Alas
against an over-numerous representa-
d in favour of a larger ratio, than
and.

ld not conceive how the liberties of
affected by a trifling difference in
the representative body. He used
to show how little danger there is of
ing in the house; and declared it
of thirty-four thousand.

observed, that if in consequence of
it be now fixed, the house should be
tly numerous, it would be very easy
fect at an after day. As to the pre-
tion in the space of ten years from
d, he treated the idea as chimerical;
think a smaller number of representa-
the free choice of the people, more
tion, than a larger body. The es-
ved, has not the power of applying
cient to bribe even a single member:
e did exist a power to apply money
one hundred members, the same
nd to the corruption of two hundred:
e no danger, so long as the right of
in the people. He asked whether a
eighty or a hundred members, is not
the purposes of government, and
tries of the country are not safe in
concluded with declaring his opinion,
sensation, would rather embarrass the
otherwise.

proposed to retain the words "thirty
purpose of inserting "three," of
them.

made several remarks to shew the di-
finition between members residing at
s they now do, when elected to re-
nitive districts; and observed that three
members were from states, that have
ofed amendment to the constitution.

was in favour of a numerous repre-
sentation striking out.

and Mr. Gerry spoke in defence of the
had before delivered in favour of a
entation; after which,
was taken on the motion for striking
thirty thousand," and lost—yeas 27,
nays 21.

was then taken on the original resolu-
d; yeas 36, nays 21.

ree then rose, and reported the resolu-
house took into immediate considera-
the question for adopting the report of
it was carried in the affirmative.

days, were,
YEAS:
twin, Benson, Brown, Findley, Fie-
Giles, Gordon, Gregg, Griffin, Heller,
Kitchell, Kitchens, Lawrence, Leavelle,
Moore, Muhlenberg, Murray, Pige,
Sheredine, Sumpter, Sylvester, Tred-
Venable, Weddworth, Wayne, White,

NAYS:
nes, Allen, Barnwell, Boudinot, B.
ne, Clarke, Gilman, Goodhue, Groves,
vermore, Mason, Niles, Salwey,
ith (V.) Smith, (S.) Steele, Sturge,
ine, Ward, 23.

A committee was then appointed to bring in a bill
pursuant to the resolution.

Mr. Baldwin moved for the appointment of a spe-
cial committee on the petition of general Jackson; but
it being observed, that the prayer of the said petition
extended no farther, than to a suspension of proceed-
ing in consequence of the return of general Wayne;
and that the house had nothing to do in the business;
until the petitioner came forward with proofs, &c. the
motion was withdrawn, and the petition ordered to lie
on the table. Adjourned.

NOTICE.

THOSE persons having TICKETS for sale, in
the subscriber's PROPERTY LOTTERY, are
requested to make returns of them in ten days from
this date, otherwise they will be considered as sold, af-
ter which notice will be given when the lottery will
commence drawing.

JAMES PATTISON.

Herring Bay, November 24, 1791.

TO THE PUBLIC.

SINCE I came to this place, I have been informed
that some publications, addressed to the people of
Cecil county, by colonel Henry Hollingsworth and
major Thomas M. Forman, especially the last, in
which several charges are made against me, are in ge-
neral circulation.

Though I am satisfied they are considered in Cecil
as mere electioneering manoeuvres, being brought for-
ward just before the election, and when I had not time
to refute them; yet the justice I owe myself, and the
regard I have for the good opinion of the public, make
it now necessary that I should answer them. As soon
as I return home I shall do it, and have no doubt that
the public will do justice to me and those gentlemen.

W. MATTHEWS.

Annapolis, November 21, 1791.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned against hunt-
ing, with dog or gun, within my enclosures on
Rhode river, without permission from my overseer.

JAMES CARROLL.

November 21, 1791.

Annapolis, November 23, 1791.

THE subscriber apprehends business will require
him to leave Annapolis by the first of January
next, and will probably be absent some length of time,
he therefore earnestly begs those who are in his debt,
to call in the course of next month, and if they can-
not discharge their accounts, they may at least make
some agreeable arrangements.—This request is so rea-
sonable, it is presumed those concerned will not neglect
complying therewith. Should there still remain delin-
quents, they may rest assured, that recourse will be had
to a mode more obligatory, as longer indulgence can-
not be granted.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

St. Mary's county, November 10, 1791.

ALL persons having legal claims against the estate
of GEORGE AISQUIT, late of St. Mary's
county, deceased, are requested to bring in their
claims, properly attested, to the subscriber, on or be-
fore the first day of February next, after which the
will not deem herself bound to receive or satisfy any
further claims.

ELIZABETH AISQUIT, Admx.

WAS committed to my custody, as a runaway,
on the 20th day of September last, a mulatto
man, who calls himself HARRY JONES: He has
lately been proved, in Charles county court, by Joseph
Clarke, of the state of Virginia, to have once been his
property; and that he the said Clarke sold the aforesaid
fellow, about ten years ago, to a certain John McDa-
niel, who then lived near Fort Pitt, in the state of
Virginia. Jones is about twenty-four years old, five
feet six inches high, tolerably well clothed, has a scar
on his forehead and right hand. His master is request-
ed to pay charges, and take him away.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of

Charles county.

October 11, 1791.

TO BE SOLD.

At Public Sale, at Lower-Marlborough, on Patuxent,
on Saturday the 26th instant, November, for the
benefit of the undersigners.

ONE BALE of IRISH SHEETING, and one
damaged SEIN, imported in the Kitty, captain
Forster, from London.

RAN away, about one year ago, from the sub-
scriber's plantation, in Prince-George's county,
three miles from Alexandria ferry, a negro man by
the name of ANTHONY, five feet eight or ten inches
high, knock kneed, which gives him a bad counte-
nance when walking, he hammers a little, and has
been punished for his freedom at the general court at An-
napolis, last September was one year, and was ordered
to return to my house, he came back in December,
but did not stay more than a fortnight, and passed for
a free negro. Any man who will stop the said An-
thony, and secure him so that I may get him again,
shall have a reward of one guinea, and three pounds
if brought home to me; also, any man who will dis-
cover by whom, planter, farmer, or tradesman, he is
harboured and employed, and certify it before any
court, so as I may recover damages, shall have a re-
ward of five pounds, paid by

PETER SAVARY.

Cheap LANDS for Sale,

in MONGALIA County, Virginia.

I WILL SELL

EIGHTEEN HUNDRED ACRES of LAND,
in the county of Mongalia, held by right of set-
tlement, for which I will give a general warranty
deed. The land lies on the Mongalia river, within 15
miles of Morgan-town, through which runs the Buf-
falo creek. The land is of the first quality, both up-
land and meadow; and, to accommodate the purcha-
sers, it will be divided into three tracts. If agreeable,
I will take negroes, or any other property, at their va-
lue, in payment. Immediate possession will be given,
either by colonel John Evans, at Morgan-town, or the
subscriber, in Berreley county, Virginia.

DAVID GRAY.

N. B. The state road from Morgan-town to the
mouth of the Little Kanhawa, passes within three
quarters of a mile of the said land.

October 27, 1791.

The SUBSCRIBER has upwards of 300
acres of valuable LAND, in St. Mary's county, Bed-
lam Neck, which he will sell for cash in hand, or on
long credit.

THOMAS BOND.

November 11, 1791.

For Sale,

THE following TRACTS of LAND
lying in St. Mary's county, viz.

BUSHWOOD LODGE, containing about four
hundred and fifty acres, one hundred and fifty acres of
which are uncleared; PENRIN, containing about
two hundred acres, eighty acres uncleared; one hun-
dred acres in MAIDEN'S BOWER, about twenty
acres uncleared.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are requested to ap-
ply to J. Briscoe, in St. Mary's county, or to Edmund
Key, in Philadelphia.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, for several good reasons, pos-
tpones the sale of his negroes till the third Tues-
day in March next.

R. H. COURTS.

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE,

On TUESDAY the 29th of November next, at 11
o'clock, A.M. at Taney-town, in Frederick coun-
ty.

A TRACT of LAND called DINAH'S GOOD-
WILL, containing 114 acres.

ALSO,

On THURSDAY the 1st of December next, at 11
o'clock, at Spurrier's Tavern, in Anne-Arundel coun-
ty, a tract of land called SAMPSON'S STORES, contain-
ing 153 acres, and another tract called BACHELOR'S
CHOICE, containing 100 acres.

ALSO,

On THURSDAY the 8th of December next, at
11 o'clock, on the premises, in Baltimore county,
three tracts of land, viz. EDINBURGH, contain-
ing 2684 acres; LOWRY'S LOT, containing 50
acres; GILTSVILLE, containing 120 acres; and
DAWLEY'S RANGE, 100 acres.

The purchase money to be paid in three equal annual
payments. Bond with security will be required.

CHARLES STEUART, } Executors of
JAMES McCULLOCH, } James Dick.

London town, November 14, 1791.

THIS to inform gentlemen who wish to import
Horses for the turf, stud, saddle, or carriage
horses, that the subscriber intends sailing for England
in March or April next, and to return next fall. Any
orders, with the necessary, to empower him to pur-
chase and ship horses, will be thankfully received,
and executed with much attention and care; by their
Humble Servant,

JOHN CRAGGS.

WILLIAM WILKINS,

Has just received an ASSORTMENT of
IRISH LINENS,
Which, from their cheapness, will merit the attention
of those who may be in want.

He has also a Variety of

SEASONABLE GOODS,
Which he will sell on the most moderate terms, among
which are a few handsome and large

FOWLING PIECES.

LAND,

A PLACE called SANDGATE, for sale, con-
taining above 300 acres, situated between the
Baltimore and South river roads, within one mile of
Annapolis. Apply to MATTHIAS BOARDLEY,
on Wye river, Eastern Shore.

October 24, 1791.

Somerset county, October 1, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the subscriber, a
longsuffering prisoner in Somerset county gaol,
intends to apply to the next session of assembly to li-
berate him from confinement, and from debts which he
is unable to pay.

JOHN KENNEDY.

JOSEPH BROWN,

Has for sale, for cash and charge,

A SMALL Assortment of FALL GOODS, of
about 3000. cotts, imported in the Ship-Ratey,
captain Forster.

He has also for sale,

By the piece or package, a general assortment of
FALL GOODS, which he will sell for cash or to-
bacco, at the Baltimore wholesale prices, at his stores
at Nottingham, Pig-Point and Tracey's Landing.

N. B. A small invoice of MEDICINE, to be sold;
very low, for cash or produce; also, two TENT
BEDS, with cotton furniture, mattresses, blankets,
counterpanes, &c. complete.

West River, November 10, 1791.

St. Mary's, October 8, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
That I intend to apply to the next general as-
sembly for an act to make valid a deed executed by
Caleb Jones to me, for about forty-eight acres of land,
Part of Backwater's Loppa, lying in St. Mary's
county, which deed was not recorded in the time pre-
scribed by law, and to direct the recording of the said
deed.

MORDECAI JONES.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1791.

THE subscriber, from a variety of causes and mis-
fortunes, is under the disagreeable necessity of
giving this public notice, that he means to petition
the next general assembly of this state to release him
from debts which he is unable to pay, upon his giving
up all his property for the life of his creditors.

BENJAMIN BELT, sen.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend applying to the general assembly
of Maryland, at their next session, for redress
of an injury done my late grand father, NICHOLAS
SEWALL, of this county, deceased, in the condemna-
tion of a certain tract of land, lying in Dorchester
county, for the use of a tribe or tribes of Indians.

NICHOLAS SEWALL.

St. Mary's county, September 27, 1791.

Montgomery county, October 10, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer
a petition to the next general assembly of the
state of Maryland, praying an act to exonerate me
from debts which I am unable to pay.

DAVID GIBBES.

St. Mary's county, September 17, 1791.

THE subscriber is under the disagreeable neces-
sity of informing her creditors that she intends to
petition the legislature, at their next session, for an act
to liberate her from confinement for debts which she
is unable to discharge.

MARY RQACH.

Head of Severn, November 10, 1791.

WE the subscribers, having lands adjoining the ri-
ver Severn, do hereby forewarn all persons
whatever from hunting within our enclosures either
with dog or gun. Those that do not comply with this
notice, may expect to be dealt with agreeable to law,
by

HENRY BALDWIN,
JOHN BROWN,
ACHSAH MARRIOTT,
BASIL BROWN.

Annapolis, September 28, 1791.

ALL persons having claims against Mr. William
Sanders, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased,
are requested to make them known to the subscribers
as speedily as possible, and those indebted are desired
to make immediate payment, to

FREDERICK GREEN, } Executors.
WILLIAM W. DAVIS, }

NOTICE

HEREBY forewarn all persons from hunting, with
either dog or gun, or passing through any of my
enclosed lands, near Herring creek church, in Anne-
Arundel county, as I am determined to prosecute all
such offenders to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOHN E. CHEW

November 12, 1791.

By THE COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES AND
COURTS OF JUSTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the COMMITTEE
of GRIEVANCES and COURTS OF JUSTICE will
sit every day during the present session, from nine
o'clock in the morning until three in the after-
noon.

By order, A. GOLDBER, clk.

November 10, 1791.

By the COMMITTEE of CLAIMS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the COMMITTEE
of CLAIMS will sit every day during the pre-
sent session, from nine o'clock in the morning until
three in the afternoon.

By order, A. GOLDBER, clk.

November 10, 1791.

THE subscriber is compelled, from a variety of
circumstances, to inform his creditors that he
intends to petition the general assembly, at
their next meeting, for a law to liberate him from his
debts; on his giving up his property, as he is unable to
pay them.

RICHARD WHELEA

Matthew and John Beard,
HAVE LATELY RECEIVED,
 And now opening, at their STORE in Church-street,
 next door to Mr. Stephen Clark's Stationary and book
 store, and near the market,
 An Assortment of choice
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
 Which they will sell low for cash,
 VIZ.

MATCHCOAT
 Blankets,
 Rose do.
 Farnought,
 Kerseys,
 Kendal Cottons,
 Green Welch do.
 Linsey,
 Coatings,
 White and red Flannel,
 Buckram,
 Mens Yarn Hosiery,
 Boy's Worsted do.
 Mens ribbed do.
 Womens fine white do.
 Turkey Stripes,
 Moreens,
 Durants,
 Camblets,
 Wildbore,
 Thickset,
 Mens fine Beaver Gloves,
 Superfine Broad Cloth,
 Elastic do.
 Drab do.
 Swan Down,
 Vellvet Waistcoat Shapes,
 Royal Rib,
 Striped Cotton and Linen,
 Check.
 Romal, Bandano, Bark &
 Linen Handkerchiefs,
 Annapolis, October 5, 1791. X

WILLIAM CATON,
 Ladies and Gentlemen's Hair-Dresser,
 Has just IMPORTED, in the ship NANTES,
 CAPTAIN SPENCER,

A Quantity of HAIR,

OF DIFFERENT COLOURS AND LENGTHS.

HE begs leave to acquaint those ladies who wish
 for conveniency and little trouble, that he makes
 CURL and ELASTIC CUSHIONS that fit easy and
 firm upon the head without any trouble of pinning;
 and, when dressed, no head of hair whatever, though
 dressed by the completest hand, can look better or
 more natural, so that a lady, in a few minutes, may
 complete her own hair-dressing. Also new fashioned
 CURL BRADES, and fashionable WIGS—Ladies
 who wish to have any alteration in any they have got
 from other hair-dressers, he will do it on the most
 REASONABLE TERMS.

He has also just received by the same ship, a variety
 of articles in the line of his profession, among which
 are the following, viz.—Perfumes of all kinds; dif-
 ferent sorts of pomatum, hard and soft; plain and per-
 fumed powder; powder knives and bags; ladies ele-
 gant pocket holers; court plaiter; dressing and fine
 tooth combs; swan-skin, cat-skin, and silk puffs; ladies
 powder boxes, with puffs; hair-pins, long and short,
 double and single; tooth-brushes; razors in cases, and
 razor-strops; shaving-boxes, soap and brushes; wash-
 balls; hair-ribands; band boxes; craping, pinching,
 and roupee irons.

He has likewise for SALE, an elegant fashionable
 HEAD-DRESS, from London.

Said CATON respectfully returns his sincere thanks
 to all his customers, and hopes a continuance of their
 favours, as he does, and always will do, his utmost to
 oblige.

Orders from any part of the state, will be
 thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

Prince George's county, October 15, 1791.
 ALL persons who have claims against the estate of
BIRK MOCKBEE, late of Prince
 George's county, deceased, are desired to bring them
 in properly authenticated to the subscriber, near Up-
 per Marlborough, on or before the 10th day of De-
 cember next, or they will be excluded on the distribu-
 tion of the assets in hand. W6
 Wm. N. MOCKBEE, Administrator.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

Port-Tobacco, August 20, 1791.
WHEREAS, on Saturday the 11th instant, be-
 tween the hours of ten and eleven o'clock at
 night, as my negro man called BENJAMIN was going
 from this place to Haberdventure, as soon as he reached
 the top of the hill, commonly called Theobald's Hill,
 (about half of a mile distant from this town) he was
 met and accosted by a white man who had on a dark
 cloth coat, and who rode a small black horse. Some
 trifling conversation ensued, when this man rode up
 to Benjamin and gave him a violent stab in the breast
 with a knife, or some such weapon, of which he died
 on the Monday following—I will pay the above re-
 ward of one hundred dollars to any person who will
 discover the perpetrator of this inhuman act so that
 he be convicted thereof. 10 J. H. STONE,

WILLIAM FOXCROFT,
 At the Sign of the Golden Bee-Hive,
 Most respectfully acquaints his friends
 and the public, that he has just received, via Phi-
 ladelphia, and now opening.

A Neat and General ASSORTMENT of
FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF
 Fashionable, Superfine &
 Second Clothes,
 Three quarters and seven-
 eighths stripe Clothes,
 Cassimers,
 Superfine, stripe & plain
 Coatings,
 Cardinals,
 Halfstiches,
 Knapt Cottons,
 Flannels,
 Baizes,
 Welsh Plains,
 Duffel Blankets,
 Durants,
 Calimancoes,
 Jones Spinning,
 Moreens,
 Wildbores,
 Crapes,
 Mollinets,
 Mullins of all sorts,
 Plain, stripe and spotted
 Gauzes,
 Royal Ribbs,
 Thickset,
 Satinets,
 Jeans,
 Fullains,
 Corduroys,
 Black Princess Stuff,
 Cottons and Calicoes,
 Cotton & Chintz Shawls,
 Cotton and Linen Hand-
 kerchiefs,
 Black Silk & Love Hand-
 kerchiefs,
 Table Cloths,
 Bed-Ticks,
 Flanders Bed-Bunts,
 Checks, 7 and yard wide,
 Cotton Stripes,
 7-8 and yard wide Irish
 Linens, & Sheetings,
 Ink-Powder,
 Snuff,
 Ladies fashionable Beaver,
 Hats,
 Mens coarse ditto,
 Fashionable Coat & Vest
 Buttons,
 Imperial ditto,
 Broad and Narrow Ri-
 bands,
 Modes and Sattins,
 Tapes,
 Bindings,
 Thread,
 Edging and Bobbing,
 Ladies and Gentlemen's
 Cotton, Silk & Worst-
 ed Hosiery,
 Silk and Cotton Patent
 ditto,
 Ladies Gloves,
 Gentlemen's Beaver ditto,
 Ditto lined with Flannel,
 Best Philadelphia & com-
 mon Stuff Shoes,
 White Sattin ditto,
 Ironmongery,
 Queen's Ware, &c. &c.

Fine OLD MADEIRA,
 By the PIPE, or GALLON.

LEWIS NETH,

Inform his friends and the public, that he has removed
 from where he kept store in Fleet-street, to the house
 lately built by Mr. F. Grammar, opposite the south-
 west end of the Market, where he has opened a large
 and general ASSORTMENT of

G O O D S,

Suitable to the season,

IMPORTED in the last Vessels from EUROPE,

Amongst which are—
R O S E & Duffel Blan-
 kets,
 Rugs,
 Farnoughts,
 Twilled Kerseys,
 Halfstiches,
 Negro Cottons,
 Striped & plain Coatings,
 Plains,
 Fprreit Clothes,
 Superfine, second & coarse
 Broad Cloths,
 Superfine Cassimers,
 Double milled Drab,
 Baizes,
 Flannels,
 Linens,
 Carpets and Carpeting,
 Moreens,
 Taboreens,
 Joans Spinning,
 Wildbores,
 Camblets,
 Dimities,
 Bombazenes,
 Bombazets,
 Crapes,
 Corduroys,
 Thickset,
 Franklin Cord,
 Velvets,
 Valenciens,
 Satinets,
 Fullains,
 Jeans,
 Toilets,
 Checks,
 Bed-Ticks,
 Lish Linens,
 Sheetings and Dowlais,
 Russia Sheetings,
 Osnabrigs,
 Ticklenburgs,
 German Linens,
 Brown Hollands,
 A handsome Assortment of
 Calicoes and Chintzes,
 Shawls,
 White Cottons,
 Mullins,
 Mullin Handkerchiefs and
 Aprons,
 Rich, Silk, Tamboured
 Calmer, Cabinet, and
 Bagatelle Jacket Shapes,
 Rich white and black Sat-
 tins and Lutetrings,
 Black Peellongs,
 Moles,
 Saffrines,
 Persians,
 An Assortment of Rib-
 bings,
 Silk, Linen, and Cotton
 Handkerchiefs,
 Gloves,
 Fine and coarse Hats,
 Silk, Cotton, Silk & Cot-
 ton, Worsted and Yarn
 Hosiery,
 Writing Paper,
 Ink Powder,
 Sealing Wax,
 Waters,
 Ironmongery, Cutlery and
 Hard-Ware,
 Queen's Ware,
 Wool and Cotton Cards,

With a number of other ARTICLES, all which he
 will sell at the lowest prices.

He has also for Sale,

G R O C E R I E S,

West-India and New-England Rum, French Bran-
 dy, Wine, Molasses, Loaf and Brown Sugar; Impe-
 rial, Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong, Congou, and Bo-
 hea Teas; Raisins, Currants, Pepper, Allspice, Gin-
 ger, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Starch, Fig-
 Brags, Indico, Salt, Saltpetre, Glauber Salts, Alum,
 Copperas, Powder and Shot, &c. &c.
 Annapolis, November 1, 1791.

JOHN HYDE,
 Boot and Shoe-maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, and his
 friends in particular, that he carries on the mak-
 ing and currying business at the yard lately occupied
 by Mr. John Adam Bayer, where he buys all kinds
 of hides, or runs one half for the other, as may be
 most convenient for those who have them to dispose of;
 he also informs the public, that he is determined to
 sell leather as low as it can be purchased in Baltimore,
 and hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit the
 custom of those who may please to favour him with
 their commands.

N. B. He still carries on the boot and shoe-making
 business, in Conduit-street, opposite Mr. George
 Mann's new building, where he makes all kinds of
 boots and shoes in the neatest manner, on the shortest
 notice, and most reasonable terms.

Annapolis, September 20, 1791. X

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons
 whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun,
 on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate
 of William Sanders, lately deceased.

Oct. 4, 1791.

F. GREEN,
 W. W. DAVIS.

NEW LINE.

ANNAPOLIS, EASTON, and PHILADELPHIA,
Water and Land STAGES,
 Via CECIL COURT HOUSE & NEW
 CASTLE.

THE Subscribers, (Proprietors of the Philadel-
 phia and Baltimore New Line) very respectfully
 inform the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, they
 intend to establish a communication from this place
 direct to Philadelphia, for the conveyance of freight and
 passengers, to commence running the 29th instant, by
 the following route:—A packet will leave Philadelphia
 every Monday morning for Newcastle, on its arrival
 the stage immediately conveys the passengers to Cecil
 Court House, where the packet waits their arrival, and
 proceeds direct for Annapolis and Easton, and touches
 at Annapolis on her return. The peculiar advantage
 of this tour, in point of expedition, will be obvious
 to every traveller going to the northward, it being cer-
 tain this route can be performed in less time than by
 and. The proprietors solicit the patronage of the pub-
 lic, assuring them every exertion shall be used to re-
 der this line pleasing, agreeable and expeditious. The
 variability of the winds renders the day of the packet's
 return from Easton rather uncertain; but it is expected
 the will leave this place early every Sunday morning.
 Passengers, and shippers that have freight to forward, are
 requested to leave their names at the Printers, who will
 instruct the captain to wait upon them and inform the
 hour of departure.

JOHN CHAMBERS, Cecil Court House.
HENRY DARLEY,
 Wm. CLAY,
 BOND and LEES, } Newcastle.

Passage to Cecil Court-House,
 to Newcastle in stage,
 to Philadelphia in packet,

Heavy freight, 2/ per cwt. from city to city. Light
 in proportion to bulk.
 Annapolis, August 19, 1791. 9

Sixteen Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending four slaves, or four dollars for
 each, viz. BEN, a black well set man, about
 35 years of age, and 5 feet 8 inches high; had with
 him when he absconded good cloaths of a variety of
 kinds, he has been long and well known as a water-
 man on this bay, and had charge of a schooner of Mr.
 Sprigg's. PHIL, a young black crop negro, about
 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, very forward, and imperi-
 nent, about 22 years of age, and well made, had the
 ordinary cloathing of a crop negro. MAREEN,
 a light coloured negro woman of about 21 years of
 age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, stout and well made,
 had also a variety of good cloathing. JACK, a
 stout young man of about 28 years of age, 5 feet 8
 or 9 inches high, and well made, has been some time
 a coachman. It is apprehended that these slaves are
 lurking in the neighbourhood of West river. All per-
 sons are forewarned against harbouring them, as they
 will, when discovered, be prosecuted with the utmost
 rigour of the law. These persons have assumed the
 name of Boston, and have positioned for their freedom
 at the last term of the general court, and have since
 absconded under a pretence that they are free. The
 above reward will be paid to any person who will de-
 liver the said slaves, or either of them, to the sub-
 scriber, in Annapolis, or Richard Sprigg, Esq. of
 West river. The yellow Jack will be hired to any
 strict master at a very reasonable rate, until next April
 term.

JOHN F. MERCER.
 Annapolis, November 16, 1791.

ANNAPOLIS:
 Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL
 GREEN.

(XLVIII. Yr.)
 MA

PROCEEDING
 HOUSE of RE
 UNITED

MONDAY
 R. W.
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