

# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, September 6, 1749.

## A Succinct ACCOUNT of the Island of Tobago.

OBAGO was formerly the property of the dukes of Courland, who had likewise made a settlement; and built a fort on the coast of Guinea, which they called *St. Andrew*, to supply it with Negroes. After the duke's subjects had discovered, cultivated, and fortified *Tobago*, they were, some time in the reign of king *Charles II.*, dispossessed by the *Dutch*; whereupon *James*, then duke of *Courland*, confirmed the sovereignty to *Charles*, together with the said settlement of *St. Andrew*, and on the 17th of November, 1664, the following treaty was signed between the two princes.

I. The king grants the duke and his successors full liberty of trade and commerce, for such ships as properly belong to him and his heirs (but not to those of his subjects), in any rivers or havens within the dominions of his majesty on the coast of *Guinea*; as also to trade for goods not exceeding 12000 *l.* per Annum, according to the price they were first bought for on those coasts from whence they were exported, with full liberty to build one or more storehouses to lay up goods, under the castles or forts belonging to his said majesty, or his subjects, on those coasts, to hold and enjoy the said liberties as long as friendship, amity, and a good understanding continued between the said king and the duke.

II. In consideration of the abovementioned concession and grant, the duke makes over to his majesty, his heirs, and successors, the fort of *St. Andrew*, in *Guinea*, and all other forts, fortifications, and licences, there, belonging to the said duke; together with all guns, bullets, powder, and other instruments of war, thereto belonging.

III. The duke agrees, that himself and his heirs shall pay 3 per cent, for all the goods imported or exported to or from any of his majesty's dominions in *Guinea*.

IV. His majesty grants to the said duke, his heirs, &c. the island of *Tobago*, together with all lands, havens, creeks, rivers, and profits, to the same belonging, to be held and enjoyed under the king's protection; provided always, that the said duke shall not suffer any besides his own subjects, and the subjects of his majesty, to abide in the said island, to settle plantations, or build houses; but the king's subjects shall have all the privileges of the duke's subjects.

V. The duke promises and agrees, that neither he, nor his heirs, &c. nor his subjects, nor any for their use, shall export any merchandize or product of the said island of *Tobago*, or import, otherwise than out of or into some ports belonging to *England* and *Courland*, or the ports of the city of *Dantzick*.

VI. As an acknowledgement that the duke of *Courland* does hold and enjoy the said island from his majesty, it is further provided and agreed, That when and as often as the king of *Great-Britain*, his heirs, &c. shall so require it, or when he or they shall happen to be engaged in a war against any king, prince, or state, except the king of *Poland*, the dukes of *Courland* shall, at their own proper cost and charge, from time to time, bring, or cause to be brought, one good man of war, furnished with 40 good iron guns, to such port, station, or place, as his said majesty, &c. shall name; into which ship his majesty shall put commanders and seamen, and supply them with victuals and wages, under the conduct, and at the expense, of his said majesty, so long as the said ship shall continue in his or their service, which shall never be more than a year at one time.

In testimony whereof, and for the undoubted confirmation of this treaty, *Charles II.*, king of *Great-Britain*, and *James*, duke of *Courland*, have signed and sealed the above-named treaty.

It does not clearly appear to me what ensued hereupon, other than that the *Dutch* soon after quitted the Island; but I do not find that the duke of *Courland* repossessed it; so that it remains at least a fief of the Crown of *Great-Britain*: And under what pretence the *French* presume to settle it our treaty makers only know, tho I cannot fairly suppose that there is any secret article about it. If I am rightly informed, the court of *Spain* seems to be of opinion against the *French* possessing it, and will act with some spirit on the occasion; as the *French* are wholly masters of *Hispaniola*, or are to be so, in lieu of settling *Don Philip* in *Italy*; therefore the settling *Tobago* likewise, besides the defect of title, will totally overthrow the Balance of the sugar-trade in the *West-Indies*.

## NAPLES, May 6.

THE merchants of this capital have armed several tartans to join the four galleys which are cruising against the corsairs of *Barbary*, and the king has supplied every ship with forty soldiers, ammunition, and artillery, together with bread for the crew, on condition only, that these tartans should be subject to the orders of the commander of the galleys.

Rome, May 10. The pope has wrote to the grand master of the order of *Malta*, intreating him to send out two men of war against the *Barbary* corsairs, in order to rid this coast of them. With the same view his holiness has ordered an arm'd pink to put to sea from *Civita Vecchia*, the command of which is given to the chevalier *Bonacorsi*, who is to join the galleys of the Ecclesiastical state.

Leghorn, May 10. Never did we see such a swarm of pyrates as now infest the Mediterranean: They hover chiefly on the coasts of the Ecclesiastical state, *Naples* and *Sicily*, and in the canal of *Piombino*. Within these few days they have pick'd up ten or eleven vessels belonging to *Naples* and *Genoa*, and a *Maltese* tartan; which last capture must needs please them more than any of the others, as the order of *Malta* is by its institution the declared enemy of all the *Mahometan* states.

Hague, June 10, N. S. The earl of *Holderness* arrived here last Friday night, after the departure of the mail for *England*. His lordship delivered yesterday his credentials to count *Bentink*, president of the week; and this day *M. Byemount*, their high mightinesses agent, waited upon his lordship, and delivered the resolution of the states, by which they acknowledge him as his majesty's minister plenipotentiary. The prince of *Orange* returned hither yesterday evening from *Loo*; and her royal highness the princess royal, with the young prince and princess, arrived this day about noon. The states of *Holland* resumed this day their assembly. There have been lately some considerable commotions at *Amsterdam*, occasioned by a dislike the mob has taken to the sect, which is known in this country, by the name of *Hernhuters*. The populace assembled last week several days successively before the house of one *M. Bruyninx*, a famous preacher among those people, with an intention to pull it down, but were timely prevented by some companies of *Burghers*, who were ordered thither by the magistrates. The mob having however reassembled several times since, the magistrates thought proper to issue a proclamation, by which they prohibit all the conventicles and other clandestine meetings, which they have been informed are held in that city, to the great detriment of the established religion. All persons are, on the other hand, strictly enjoined to abstain from making any tumultuous or riotous assemblies, or committing any violence, on pretence of hindering the above mentioned meetings; and the infractors are threatened with the most rigorous punishments, as disturbers of the public tranquillity.

Moscow, May 8. It is believed, that by the help of some



expedients; the peace of the North may be preserved; but in the mean time our armies are ready to take the field, and our fleets to put to sea, for which they want nothing, but the last orders.

*Dantzick, May 27.* Instead of being at all appeased, the disturbances here grow worse and worse. The citizens emboldened by the appearance of the king's commissioners, declare their grievances publicly; and, without ceremony, expose to open view what a few months ago they would scarce have had courage to have whispered to each other in their closets. They have also acquainted the commissioners, that it is impossible to admit of any kind of expedients or abatements in their demands; not that they would not be content to abate largely, if it were possible to do it, without leaving authority in the hands of those who are at present possessed of it, and who, in the space of a few years, would resume all again. We have an account here, that the eldest son of the chevalier de St. Oedige, actually arrived at the palace of a certain noble Pole; notwithstanding which, many affect to doubt it.

*Leghorn, May 19.* The insolence of the Barbary corsairs has at last brought the republic of Venice to a resolution, to send out several galleys, to protect the trade of her subjects in the Adriatic. She has likewise sent a few frigates to the coasts of Spain, to protect her merchantmen there; but we do not hear that they have any orders to join the squadrons sent out by the other states of Italy, to cruise upon the corsairs.

*Parma, May 23.* We have a report here which meets with credit, that the republic of Genoa has received advice of the final resolutions taken in the last general assembly in the island of Corsica, with which they are by no means pleased, though it is known to be with the consent and approbation of the French minister plenipotentiary.

*Venice, May 2.* As there is such a great number of Barbary rovers cruising in the Mediterranean, we are in some pain, lest they should communicate the contagious malady (of which there is much reason to think they are not free) to the vessels employed against them; and this has caused our magistrates of health to issue a decree, by which all the ships which come from the ports and isles of the Mediterranean, and the straits of Gibraltar, are subjected to a quarantine of 21 days.

#### L O N D O N.

*May 23.* They write from Durrkirk, that the fortifications of that place towards the sea are to be demolished immediately, an English engineer being arrived to examine the works, and see it executed.

Letters from Paris advise, that the twenty French battalions, whose march into Dauphiny so much alarmed the protestants in those parts, are intended for Corsica.

On Saturday last several transports were contracted for by the government, to carry four regiments of foot to Minorca, one to Annapolis Royal, and another to the Leeward Islands, for exchanging the forces in those garrisons.

A Barbary rover, with a large number of hands on board, has been taken by one of the Pope's galleys, and carried into Civita Vecchia.

*June 1.* Tuesday his majesty was so well recovered from his late indisposition, as to walk in the gardens at Kensington for the benefit of the air.

Twenty-five slaves came home in the Crown man of war, lately arrived here from Fez, some of which have been fifteen years in slavery; twenty-seven remained to be redeemed when they came away; the consul was then treating for their liberty.

We learn from Turin, by letters dated the 15th of May, that his Sardinian majesty being steadily resolved to prevent any alteration in the balance of power in Italy, was inclined for that purpose to enter into a new treaty with the empress queen of Hungary.

On Tuesday morning a considerable quantity of French cambricks were seized on board a ship in the river by the officers of the customs, who conveyed them to the custom-house warehouses; and they are valued at upwards of 300 l.

*June 3.* We are informed that the parliament will rise on Friday next.

Orders are sent to his majesty's yards, to use the utmost expedition in fitting out the men of war intended for the Mediterranean.

On Thursday last the third regiment of foot guards went through a new exercise (particularly adapted to engagements) before their officers in Hyde-Park; and the same morning the battalion on duty at the Tower preformed the same exercise there.

They write from Warsaw of the 27th of May, N. S. that all the Russian auxiliaries had passed the frontiers of Lithuania;

that part of them marched into Courland, and the rest took the route of Riga, in Livonia.

An order is signed for the provost, &c. of Glasgow in Scotland, to receive 10,000 l. to make good the damages done in that city by the rebels during the late rebellion.

We have advice from Venice, that they are still under very great apprehensions of designs formed against that republic by the Ottoman Porte, notwithstanding the assurances they have received of the contrary from a certain power, misled by the warm persuasions of the infidels. It is certain that the Turks find themselves under a necessity of entering into some war or other, to occupy their troops; it is also certain, that they have been for some time making great naval preparations, and purpose speedily to have a strong fleet at sea; and therefore we need not wonder that the Venetians are, in such a conjuncture, jealous of their safety.

The depredations committed by the Barbary corsairs in the Mediterranean, have struck such a terror, that the new duchess of Parma and Placentia, has declined making her passage to Italy on board the Spanish galleys, and is resolved to go by land through Piedmont, for which journey vast preparations are making, most of the great cities through which she is to pass, having determined to receive her royal highness with the utmost magnificence.

#### Extract of a letter from Paris, June 2. N. S.

There is much talk of a scheme that has been presented to his majesty for building as many ships of war in Canada, from 70 to 80 guns, as the court shall think proper, at the rate of 500,000 livres for each ship, at a medium, and provided that a certain number of able hands be sent over from our ports, to direct the Savages or Indians, that are to be employed in this work. We are assured that the merchants of Nantz, St. Malo, and other places, have also made proposals to the court, for building ships of war for the king's service.

Private letters from Nantz, dated the 7th of April, intimate, that they had received accounts from Pondicherry of what passed at that siege, very different in their circumstances, from those which have been published in England; by which it is pretended, that the governor, M. du Rieux, had gained a very considerable advantage, in a sally made upon the besiegers when they began their retreat, and that, by the warm fire from the place, some large ships were disabled and taken. These letters very much commend the conduct of the English admiral, and the courage of the troops, and seamen, till such time as their spirits were quite broke, by hardships and diseases. It is added, that the French lost near a thousand men, during the siege, and the blockade, and that they computed the loss of the English at eighteen hundred. They farther pretend, that on account of certain circumstances, the government have thought fit to decline publishing this relation.

Yesterday at noon a wager, of a very extraordinary nature, was walked in St. James's park, by a little girl of eighteen months old, for a considerable sum of money. The child was allowed thirty minutes to walk the length of the Mall, which is half a mile, but preform'd it in twenty-three minutes, to the admiration of thousands of spectators.

*Falmouth, May 8.* The prince Frederick packet boat arrived yesterday morning in 64 days from Lisbon, but lost from Algiers, whither four cruizers carried her, and detained her twenty three days, under colour that the Captain named in the commission was not on board. They used all the people well, but condemned the money and diamonds on freight, to the amount of 25,000 l. The Dey would have delivered up the effects; but the soldiers and men threatened to murder him unless he immediately divided it amongst them. The consul's chaplain is come home in the packet, with an authentic document of all that passed in the affair. They had taken a Venetian, laden a few days before at Falmouth. When they met the packet, one Israel, an Englishman, was on board her as pilot and linguist, who is turned Turk; it was by his means the packet was carried in, for he told the admiral, that the captain of the packet was not on board, and that the money and diamonds belonged to Jews, and not to English subjects. The people of the packet lost nothing, nor the passengers.

#### N E W Y O R K.

*August 21.* Within a few days past we have heard of several robberies committed on boats going up and down the North river, by persons unknown: And yesterday about one o'clock, a man dressed in woman's cloaths was taken up in this city on suspicion, and committed to goal: He had been to church in the forenoon, in his woman's habit, which was neat and good; but in his bundle was his man's cloaths, very poor and mean: On his being apprehended, he pretended that he came from the manor



manor of Phillipsburg, and disguised himself there on a wager; but 'tis conjectur'd that he will turn out on a wager one of those robbers.

Last night between 9 and 10 o'clock, a fire broke out on board a new ship belonging to Capt. Thomas of this city, lying at Cannon's wharf, and got to such a head before it was discover'd, that it was found impossible to extinguish it; and it being almost high water, she was tow'd off into the stream, and with the tide carried above the town, where she was entirely burnt down to the water's edge. She was built up at Connecticut, and was brought down but a few days ago, ballasted with wood; all which, together with her masts, yards, and rigging, was destroyed. It was with difficulty some other vessels lying near her, when the fire broke out, were preserved.

On the alarm of fire, Mrs. Levy, a widow gentlewoman in this city, was taken with a fainting fit, supposed to be with the fright, and died immediately.

#### PHILADELPHIA.

August 17. Sunday last came to town Conrad Weiser, Esq; and with him the deputies of eleven different nations of Indians, in order to transact some affairs with this government: The deputies are of the Onondaga's, Seneca's, Mohocks, Cayuga's, Oneida's, Tuscarora's, Shawana's, Nanticokes, Delawares, Mohigans, and Tutelo's. The whole number of Indians now here, women and children included, is about 260.

August 24. By Capt. Mifflin, from Barbados, we hear that the vessel which was sent to Tobago some time ago, with dispatches from the government relating to the French leaving that settlement, had returned, no regard being shewn to her orders: Upon which, three men of war were ordered down there.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

Last Week we had here very violent Rains, which have done considerable Damage in several Parts of the Province; rendering the Roads in many Places impassible, carrying away many Mill-Dams, and even some of the Mills themselves: In Baltimore County, a Forge belonging to Mr. Stephen Onion was carried away entirely; the Dam of another, belonging to Mr. Faulkner, was destroyed; and it was with much Difficulty those at the Patapsco Iron Works were preserved. A Negro Woman, at the Plantation of John Brice, Esq; on the North Side of Severn River, attempting to pass a small Run, was carried away and drowned.

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

Baltimore Town, August 31, 1749.

Whereas Mr. Jonathan Forward, Merchant in London, hath declined the Maryland Business, in Favour of Messieurs Sydenham and Hodgson, and wants to make a final Settlement with his old Correspondents: All Persons indebted to him in this Province, are desired to come and settle their respective Accounts, and pay off their Ballances, by the first Day of October next; whereby they will greatly oblige

Their humble Servant,

DARBY LUX, { Attorney in Fact  
to J. Forward.

To be LET,

A Plantation at Lower-Marlborough, whereon is a good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Milk-House, Meat House, Stables, Cornhouse, two Houses for Negroes, two very good Tobacco-Houses; the Stock consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs, with Negroes, &c. For Terms, enquire of Mr. David Arnold, Merchant, at the Place, or of the Subscriber in the Fork of Gunpowder, in Baltimore County.

R. BOYCE.

Bladenburg, August 15, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 8th Instant, a Convict Servant Man named John Moore; he is a tall ill-made Fellow, about 6 Feet 2 Inches high, in kneed, has a very lazy Look, and pretends to be a Weaver by Trade: He had on when he went away an old dark-colour'd Kersey Coat, an Onabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, coarse country-made Shoes, without Stockings, and an old Felt Hat. Whoever secures the said Servant so as his Master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds Reward, if taken in Maryland; or if taken in Virginia or Pennsylvania, Three Pounds of the Currency where taken; and reasonable Charges if brought home.

JOHN ROW.

A Well-handed Servant Woman, having about Three Years to serve, to be Sold either for Tobacco or Current Money; she can card, spin, knit, and sew; and is a good Cook. For further Particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM ROBERTS.

THE Subscriber, living in the City of Annapolis, near the House of William Cumming, Esq; carries on the Business of Stay-Making; where Ladies and others may be supplied with all Sorts of Stays, done in the best and neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates, for Ready Money only.

CHARLES WALLACE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives public Notice, that he intends for London, with the present Shipping.

JOHN LOMAS.

N. B. A good Dwelling House and Lot, over against the House of Edmund Jennings, Esq; in Annapolis, to be sold very reasonably, either for Sterling or Currency. For Terms, enquire of

JOHN LOMAS.

Cambridge, in Dorchester County, August 18, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 15th of this Instant, a Negro Man named Prince, a well-set yellow Fellow, aged about 25 Years: He had on and with him when he went away a new blue Great Coat, a country Kersey Jacket, two country Linnen Shirts, two Pair of Breeches, one of Leather, the other of black Cloth; an old Felt Hat cut in the Fashion of a Leather Cap, an old Fiddle, and plays very well on the Banger. Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and delivers him to me, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, if taken out of the County.

JOHN WOOLFORD.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,

For the Benefit of the Heirs of Capt. Christopher Grindall, deceased, by Way of Public Vendue, on Friday the 22d Day of September, at the Plantation of the said Grindall (formerly belonging to Nicholas Haile), in Baltimore County, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

Hooker's Farm, containing 160 Acres, with very good Improvements thereon, and the Crop now on the Ground; together with the Plantation Utensils, Cattle, Horses, and Hogs: Also two Negro Men, two Negro Women, and four Children.

Haile's Forest, containing 100 Acres:

Taylor's Discovery, containing 80 Acres:

Smallwood, containing 50 Acres: All lying in Baltimore County, with good Improvements on each Tract.

The next Day, the 23d of September, will be SOLD, at the House of William Rogers, in Baltimore-Town,

A Sortable Parcel of European Goods; to the Amount of about 200 l. Sterling; which may be view'd, and the Invoice, at the House of James Slemaker, near Patapsco Ferry, where they now are.

All for ready Money, either Currency or Sterling, or for good Bills of Exchange; by

GEORGE ATKINSON, } Executors.  
JAMES SLEMAKER, }

N. B. Three other Tracts of Land, lying at Ants-Eatam, in Frederick County; viz.

Shadreck's Lot, containing 262 Acres;

Messch's Garden, containing 200 Acres; and

Abednego's Pasture, containing 70 Acres; are to be Sold by the said Executors.

STolen, or given out by Mistake, from the Subscriber's Shop in Annapolis, some Time ago, two Silver Watches: One of them is a fizeable Watch, the Maker's Name on the Inside, Joseph Smith, Bristol; the Number supposed to be 205, but not certain; the Ballance work'd in a Steel Hand, fix'd in the Cock, which was Silver. The other is a large old-fashioned Watch, the Maker's Name Joshua Cobban, Dublin.

If any Gentleman is possessed of either of the said Watches stolen, whoever will bring them, or either of them, to the Subscriber, shall have Four Pounds Reward for the first-mentioned Watch, and Forty Shillings for the other.

JOHN INCH.



To be SOLD, or LET, in Partnership or Otherwise,  
**A** Good Brewhouse, situated in the City of Annapolis, with most Conveniences for carrying on the Businesses of Brewing, Malting, and Distilling; together with one or two Acres of Ground adjoining the same. For further Particulars, enquire of  
**PATRICK CREAGH**

**L**OST by the Subscriber, within a Month past, but not found till lately, a Silver Watch, with a Silver Chain, the Maker's Name *John Clark, London*; the Number forgot. Whoever will bring the said Watch to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.  
**PATRICK CREAGH.**

*Westmoreland County, Virginia, August 17, 1749.*

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, on Monday last, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas Wincy*, a middle-sized Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, of a swarthy Complexion, has had a Piece cut out of one Side of the End of his Nose, very remarkable, which he says was done by the Kick of a Horse; he professes Farming, was imported lately in the *Litchfield*, Capt. *Johnson*, and came from *Maidstone* Goal, in the County of *Kent*, in England: His Dress, when he went off, was a Brown cloth Coat with a small Cape, a Pair of Sailor's Trowsers, a brown Wig, a check'd Shirt, and dark-colour'd Worsted Stockings.

The above-mentioned Servant took with him a Mulatto Slave, named *James*, a well-set Fellow, 21 Years old, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, and is very apt to stutter when closely examined, having a stoppage in his Speech; he has on his Back a large white Scar: His Dress was a Dowlas Shirt, and a brown Linnen Coat and Breeches: He has been us'd to drive a Chariot for several Years.

I have been inform'd by their Confederates, since they went off, that they intend for *Pennsylvania*, and from thence to *New-England*; unless they can in their Way get a Passage in some Vessel to *Great Britain*, where the Mulatto pretends to have an Uncle, who escaped from his Master in this Colony near 20 Years ago, and is said to keep a Coffee-House in *London*.

Whoever apprehends the said Runaways, and secures them so that they may be had again, if taken in *Maryland* or *Pennsylvania*, shall have TEN POUNDS STERLING Reward, besides what the Law allows; or FIVE POUNDS for either of them; and if taken in any Government to the Northward of *Maryland* and *Pennsylvania*, the Reward shall be TWENTY POUNDS STERLING for both, or TEN POUNDS STERLING for either; which shall be paid on Demand by  
**WM. FITZHUGH.**

**T**HE Printer of this Paper being in great want of Money, begs of those who are Indebted to him, to Pay as soon as they conveniently can.

#### JUST PUBLISHED,

**T**HE LAWS made and passed at the last Session of Assembly of this Province, To be Sold by the Printer hereof. Price 2 s. 6 d.

**JOHN FERRON,**

Remov'd to the Store-House of Mr. ROBERT SWAN, near the Court House in Annapolis.

**S**ELLS European and India Goods at the Lowest Prices, for Ready Money; or Tobacco lying in any Inspecting-House on the Western Shore. Constant Attendance is given by *MR. Samuel Chapman*, or  
**JOHN FERRON.**

*Annapolis, July 12, 1749.*

**R**AN away from *Nanticoke* River, in *Somerset* County, (where he was then at Work for Mr. *Daniel*), an Irish Convict Servant Man, a Cooper by Trade, belonging to the Subscriber; he is a short well-set Fellow, about 27 Years of Age, broad faced, has red Hair, and speaks but indifferent English. He had on when he went away a blue Pea Jacket, an Osnabrig Shirt, and Trowsers of the same; but may possibly have changed his Apparel. Whoever will bring the said Servant to Mr. *William Dams*, Merchant in *Queen Anne's* County, or to the Subscriber at *Annapolis*, shall have Fifty Shillings Reward, if taken in *Maryland*; or Five Pounds, if taken in *Pennsylvania* or *Virginia*; and reasonable Charges.

**PATRICK DORAN.**

To be SOLD by Wholesale,

**B**Y the Subscriber, at his House in *Annapolis*, where he lately kept Store, a large Quantity of *Barbados Rum*, *Muscovado Sugar*, *Melasses*, and fresh *Limes*, at Reasonable Rates.  
**ROBERT SWAN.**

TO BE RUN FOR,

At *LEEDS-TOWN*, in *Virginia*, on Wednesday the 17th of September,

**A** Purse of about Thirty-five Pounds Value, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, carrying Weight for Inches; the Heats three Miles. And,

On Thursday the 18th of the same Month, will be Run for at the same Place, a Plate of about One hundred Pounds Value by any Horse, &c. to carry 10 Stone, the Heats 4 Miles.

That Gentlemen may be more particularly informed of the Terms of Running, Copies of each Subscription are lodged at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

JUST IMPORTED

By **WILLIAM GOVANE**, and to be SOLD by Wholesale, at his House near *Annapolis*, for Ready Money, or short Credit, at the cheapest Rates,

**C**HOICE *Barbados*, *Antigua*, and *New-England Rum*, *Loaf-Sugar*, Best *Barbados* Potted Ditto, Fine *Muscovado* Ditto, *Iron Pots*, *Kettles*, and *Skillets*, *Train Oil*, &c. &c.

TO BE RUN FOR, on the Race Ground near the City of *Annapolis*, on Friday the 29th Day of September instant,

**A** PURSE of the value of TWENTY POUNDS Currency, Three Heats, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, bred in this Province, to carry Seven Stone.

The said Horses, Mares, or Geldings, to be entered the preceding Day, by XII of the Clock, with *Jonas Green* at *Annapolis*, and to pay each Twenty Shillings Entrance, for the Benefit of the Second Best.

All Disputes to be determined by the Mayor and Aldermen present.

*Annapolis, July 3, 1749.*

**T**HE Subscriber intending to depart this Province early in the Fall, gives this public Notice. And all Persons Indebted to him, or Mr. *James Johnson*, late of this Place, Merchant, by Bonds, Notes of Hand, or open Accounts, are desired to pay off and settle the same; which will prevent them Trouble from  
**ROBERT SWAN.**

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, on the 9th of June last, a Convict Servant Man, named *George Gold*, a Glazier and Plumber by Trade, aged about 30 Years, of a middle Stature, fair Complexion, has a large Scar on his right Cheek, under his Eye, and several about his Head; has a proud strutting Walk, and his Knees stand somewhat in: He had on when he went away a short Wig, a darkish camblet Coat, a cloth Waistcoat without Sleeves, and Breeches of the same, a Pair of Fustian Breeches with brass Buttons, and grey Stockings: He may have other Cloaths, may probably change his Name, have a false Pass, and pretend to some other Trade.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, if taken in this County, shall have Ten Shillings more than the Law allows; if out of the County, Twenty Shillings; and if taken out of the Province, Two Pistoles, besides what the Law allows; and reasonable Charges; paid by  
**PATRICK CREAGH.**

*Annapolis, April 26, 1749.*

**T**HIS is to give Notice to all those who have any Bonds in the Loan-Office, that if they do not come and pay the Interests due upon the same, on or before the last Day of October next ensuing the Date hereof, the Commissioners, in Discharge of the Trust reposed in them by the Public, will think themselves obliged to enter up Judgment, and sue out Executions on the same; and this they are determined to do, unless those who are concerned take due Care to prevent it.

By Order of the Commissioners,

**R. DORSEY, Clerk of the Pap. Cur. Office.**

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# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

No. 229

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, September 13, 1749.

From the Traveller's Magazine for March, 1749

Considerations on the proposal for the better peopling Nova-Scotia, in North-America; with an Account of the Country, its Produce, &c.

HE treatises of the learned, concerning the several forms of government; their respective advantages and disadvantages, are generally so perplex'd with ambiguities, or involved in error, that a wise man can hardly read them without some kind of disgust or dissatisfaction! What, say they, is the principal end and design of government? Why, to make the people governed, prosperous and happy. Whence then all this mighty pothier about forms and models of government? Since that must, in the very nature of the thing, be the best, which contributes most to the welfare and prosperity of the subjects. Britain, therefore, may justly boast of the finest constitution now subsisting, all whose laws have a direct tendency to promote the good of her people.

I shall only here take notice of the zeal and affection of every true Englishman for his present majesty; which nothing has more contributed to heighten, than the laudable scheme, now on the carpet, for establishing a civil government in New-Scotland, and for the better peopling that province. A scheme! which has been favour'd with his majesty's approbation; who is most graciously pleas'd to give suitable encouragement, to all such Officers and private men, whether soldiers or sailors, who have been lately dismiss'd from the service of their country: A scheme! of such importance to the welfare of the nation in general, as well as to so many private persons and families, as ought not to be pass'd over in silence. Never was a scheme better concerted; never a more favourable opportunity of putting it in execution.

Whoever will give himself time to reflect upon the vast number of idle hands, strolling about the streets of this city and suburbs, as well as in divers other parts of the kingdom, lately discharg'd from their usual employments, and having no visible way of supporting themselves and their families, if they should be tempt'd to take unwarrantable measures for present subsistence, who can be surpris'd to see our daily papers fill'd with the melancholly relations of daily robbers? Hunger will break thro' stone walls, nor will the gallows terrify the starving sinner. Ought we not therefore, thankfully to acknowledge the compassionate disposition of his majesty? Ought we not to applaud the wisdom of his ministers, in thus providing for the necessitous? Who, by these means, instead of being burthenom to their several and respective parishes, or become nuisances to the public, will be intitled to a comfortable provision, and also be thereby render'd beneficial to their native country.

The great advantages accruing to the nation, from the peopling and planting distant colonies, from the importation of foreign commodities of their growth, and from the exportation of our own manufactures thither, might be manifest beyond contradiction, by laying before you the annual profit arising from our Sugar and Tobacco plantations: But as the present trade of Newfoundland seems most suitable to my purpose, I shall here give you a short account thereof.

It is comput'd that we make at Newfoundland, one year with another, above two hundred thousand quintals of fish, which will sell for one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, clear of all charges; and which may be reckon'd as clear gain to this kingdom, for the oil would pay for salt, &c. Nay farther, all this sum is actually got by our labour, and therefore is of much more service to the nation, by breeding up useful seamen, than if so much was to be dug out of the mine, with a thousandth part of the labour. We have likewise from New-

foundland great quantities of furs; namely, Seal, Deer, Otter, Fox, Bear, Mink, and some Beaver.

I shall now proceed to Nova-Scotia, which bounded on the north-east and north-west by the bay and river of St. Lawrence; on the east by the Atlantic ocean; on the south by the bay of Fundi; on the west by Canada, and part of New England. From north to south it is about five hundred miles long; from east to west it is about three hundred miles broad, and is divided from New-England by the river Penobscot. This country is not divided into counties, and still remains uncultivated; except a few places near the sea coast, all the rest is a forest. The principal towns now are Port-Royal, or Annapolis, in the bay of Fundi; the other call'd Canto, opposite the island of Cape-Breton. Port-Royal has an excellent harbour, capable of containing a thousand ships: In some places eighteen fathom water, in others seven. This town is tolerably well fortified, in which the governor resides, with a garrison of five hundred English.

Canto lies in the east of Acadia, and will doubtless by this scheme be soon made a very considerable town, on account of its being contiguous to an excellent fishery: And, I am inform'd, that the inhabitants of New-England have of late not only built and peopled this city, but manage the fishery to great advantage; however, the other parts of the country remain unplanted.

The chief part of the European inhabitants are French, who have taken the oaths to the crown of England. Now this land, lying this country lies more to the southward than we do, yet is their winter colder, and their summer much hotter than with us. The face of the country is high and mountainous, and cover'd with woods of pine, fir, &c. and if it was peopled and plant'd by the English, it would not only yield us all manner of naval stores, great plenty of rich furs and skins, but preserve to us the finest fisheries in the world, secure Acadia from ever being attack'd by the French from Cape-Breton; and, with the assistance of an English squadron in time of war, protect the coast of the northern colonies.

Here, therefore, will be a sufficient and generous provision for all those who have contribut'd either to the glory of his majesty's arms, or the renown of the nation he governs. Is it not meritorious goodness, to export an indigent man, incurable perhaps, with a numerous family, from a land in which he has no possessions or prospect of living, to one where he is intitled to both, without expending a single farthing; to be supply'd with necessaries for making himself and family happy, and to be secur'd in the peaceable possession of his acquisitions, by the forces of a powerful prince? Is it not a blessing to be removed from the contempt which always attends poverty, to a state and condition of life, in which every man is not only his own master, but may soon, in all probability, be the master of hundreds? This is the very essence of a good government. This is extensive charity! the highest external act which God has granted to our rulers, and consequently to be prefer'd before all others; and, as such, to be entitl'd to a reward in the next life. Herein consists the worth and excellence of a wise and good king, whose sole aim tends to the benefit of the whole community, abstracted from all private views; exalts his station beyond comparison, and places him, as it were, in an orb of glory, suitable to his dignity. Happy Britons! under the care and direction of such a sovereign. Happy sovereign! who has found out a way to reign in the hearts of his subjects.

H A G U E, May 15.

WE begin to enter here a little into the secret of affairs, the consequences of which will grow more and more perceptible. It seems the resignation of the grand pensionary



was not a resolution taken hastily, or without advice, but quite the contrary; for it is now known, that the night before his resignation, count Bentinck and Mr. Raadt, formerly Burgomaster of Leyden, went to pay him a visit on the part of his supporters, in order to intimate to him how great an addition the taking this step would make to the services he had already rendered to his country; and being convinced by their agreements, he acquiesces in the proposition they made him. The post of treasurer of Holland, with a salary of 4000 Florins, and a pension of the like sum, which he is to receive, are the effects of a very wise bargain he made, at the time he consented to accept the employment of grand pensionary, on the death of M. Van Heim; by this agreement he was also to preferre a right of entering into all councils, and all assemblies; but is content to waive this, and to desire no other distinction than preserving the seat, which in right of his office, he had in the church. We look upon this resignation as the forerunner of some others, either voluntarily, or in consequence of good advice, given them by friends, that are blessed with a faculty of foresight. Indeed the family of prophets is grown pretty large; for we already take the liberty of naming several persons, who, before it is long, will give most edifying proofs of their humbleness.

May 25. The prince stadtholder has just attach'd more firmly than ever to his interest, the tradesmen, and poorer sort of people of this province: The former, by the resolution which he has communicated to the states, inviting them to follow his example, to wear nothing but the manufactures of this country, and to suffer no other to be worn by his household, those of his court, and in general all in his service: And the poorer people, by the proposition his highness has made to the states, to lessen the double duty on potatoes, the montre paid for grinding rye, and to find out some means that they may have their firing, particularly turf, as cheap in winter, when the canals are frozen, as those have that can lay in their firing in the proper season.

*Extract of a Letter from Frankfurt, May 3.*

"His Electoral highness of Treves arrived here this afternoon between two and three, but continued his journey to Ellwangen, in Suabia, without making any stay, which did not, however, hinder our firing all the artillery on our ramparts.

The happy news of his Swedish majesty's recovery having dispelled the terrors they were under at Cassel, his electoral highness of Cologne is actually gone thither, from whence his serene highness is expected in this city; and, it is said, we shall be farther honoured with the presence of the elector, and electress of Bavaria, prince Xavier of Saxony, and several other illustrious personages.

We see with some amazement, a strange fluctuation of intelligence in most of the printed gazettes, in reference to the affairs of Berlin, and of the North, which we apprehend to be pretty much without foundation, since if our intelligence may be depended upon, nothing can be more uniform, than the counsels, and the measures of those courts. We are farther informed from one of them, that a great monarch has written a letter to his principal ally, which cannot fail of producing an explanation, as to the conduct he shall determine to pursue, in reference to the affairs above mentioned.

Some private letters from Poland, report, that the province of Pordolia is in a miserable condition, the inhabitants being afflicted at once with pestilence and famine, most of their cattle, and horses being already dead, for want of food."

Rome, April 17. The court of France have lately purchased a great number of large fir tree, fit for masts, in the woods of Constable Colonna, which being already cut down, and reduced to their proper form, are to be transported to the Mediterranean, and will be there embarked for the French ports. We are extremely surprized at the advices received from Barni, Lucca, and Basilicata, that through a strange malignity in the air, numbers of people have had their eye sights exceedingly impaired, and that at Barni particularly, there are no less than two hundred who are actually become blind.

Tetuan, April 4. The emperor of Morocco, having some time ago ordered his army of Blacks to march against the Highlanders, in the neighbourhood of Tangienost, and that army having refused to obey till their arrears were paid, he caused several of the Principals to be put to death, and had likewise ordered his white army to march against them, notwithstanding they had submitted, and demanded pardon. Since that time his excellent son, prince Mahomet, who has for many years govern'd the southern provinces of the empire with general applause, has been prevailed upon to interpose in their favour; upon which the emperor has summoned a grand divan,

or general council, at Fez, in which many think he will resign the imperial dignity to the prince. However that matter may be, the affairs of the empire continue very much embarrassed, and are like to continue so, unless they shall be settled by the resolutions taken in the assembly before mentioned. The Dutch agents who have been some time at Gibraltar, with presents for his majesty of Morocco, are like to continue there 'till the issue of their business shall be known.

Parma, May 1. Some Germans lately came down the river Po, and carried off thirteen mills, that were on that river, between Parmezan, and the Guasallois, which cannot fail of at least, producing some warm expostulations.

Turin, May 3. According to our last advices from Cagliari, the tranquility of Sardinia, which has been interrupted some time by the disturbances, which have been made by the Banditti, begins to be restored by the care of the prince Valguarnera, viceroy of that kingdom, who has taken 200 of the rascals within these three months, some of whom have been executed, and forty are confined in prison, in order to be sent to the galleys. The troops which were sent against these Banditti, killed several of them, and the chiefs being discouraged by repeated repulses, retired into Corsica with a few of their men; as the number of those that remain, is so small, and as some of them are continually taken up, we hope soon to see them entirely routed out of the kingdom.

Copenhagen, May 13. His Danish majesty sailed Yesterday with a fair wind for Norway. If the public tranquillity should be restored in the North, it will be in a great measure ascribed to the prudent and timely measures taken by his Danish majesty.

Ratisbon, May 8. They write from Weickertheim, that the prince of Saxe Hildburghausen, general of the foot in the service of the states general, and governor of Nimegueu, has married the countess dowager of Holenloe, born princess of Holstein Floeh.

Orders are given to repair all fortifications of the principal sea ports of this kingdom, and particularly those that are situated upon the ocean.

## L O N D O N.

May, 20. Letters from Scarborough say, that the distemper among the horned cattle has broke out afresh, and rages there; and from York, where it had ceased seven weeks, that it has broke out there with more violence than ever.

Last Sunday near 20 sheep were struck dead by a flash of lightning, in the grounds of Edward Ellison, Esq; at Ferwin, Lincolnshire, and a barn in Mr. Ellis's park was set on fire, but was happily extinguished by the rain.

We hear from Leighton Buzzard, in Bedfordshire, that a few days ago they had the most violent storm of thunder, lightning, hail, and rain, as was ever known in the memory of any man living in those parts. It lasted a considerable time, and was most shocking and frightful to behold: Four score sheep that were feeding upon the common, near the town were killed at once by the lightning; they all belonged to one man except four: The shepherd that looked after them was struck down by the flash, and had his hair very much singed, and his body scorched, but is in a fair way of recovery. And at Barkhamstead St. Peters, in Hertfordshire, the storm if possible was greater, and of a longer continuance than at Leighton: The hail stones that fell were full as big as hazel nuts, and in such abundance, and lay so thick, that the ground appeared just as it does in the middle of winter, when covered with snow. But we don't hear of any damage done there by the lightning. The same storm was at Aylesbury, and Chesham, in Bucks, and a great many other places in the north west of England; tho' we had not the least appearance of it at London.

By letters from Roydon, in the county of Hertford, we have advice, that they have lately had so great rains, that several places in that neighbourhood, have been entirely under water for several days, by which many sheep and black cattle have been drowned.

By letters from Northampton, we have an account, that a farmer in that neighbourhood had upwards of 50 sheep killed by lightning and thunder, which happened there a few days since.

## A N N A P O L I S.

Last Week arrived here from Dieppe, in France, whither he had been with a Load of Tobacco from Glasgow, Capt. Robert Hamilton, in a Brigantine (formerly the sloop Endeavour) of this Province. On the 13th of December, 1747, they sailed from hence, loaded with Indian Corn, &c. for Barbados, and the next Day at Night were forced out of the Cape by hard Gale,



Gales, not having Time to Row away their Cables, and the Seas continually breaking over them to the 16th at Night, when it became calm for about three Hours; during which Time they stow'd away their Cables, and then came on another violent Storm. On the 17th, in Lat. 36, 46, and Long. 71, 40, they found some of her Seams parted, and the Vessel very leaky. On the 29th, in Lat. 36, 3, and Long. 61, 24, there arose the most terrible Storm they had ever seen, the Wind at N. by W. which carried away their Bow-sprit, and obliged them to lie to under their bare Poles; and at 8 o'Clock at Night, by one Sea they lost their Mast, Rudder, Sails, Boat, Guns, Cambouse, Binnacle, and Water Cask, having nothing left on the Deck, but one spare Yard and the Tiller; they had six Feet Water in the Hold, and in the Cabin and Steerage it was breast high, they expecting every Moment to sink: As soon as she righted a little, being lightened by the falling of the Mast, they got to work at the Pumps, and with much Labour kept her up. On the 30th in the Morning four of the Men were wash'd overboard at once, one of whom (*James Hall*) was drowned, and the other three thrown on board again by the Waves; tho' one of them was carried to a considerable Distance from the Vessel, and toss'd about by the Sea near 15 Minutes. After this Accident, they look'd upon themselves as inevitably lost, and sinking; but by throwing out some of the Corn, and working at the Pumps, on the 1st of *January* they seem'd to have gain'd of the Water. Their Provision in this their Distress, for about a Fortnight, was raw Beef and Pork: they lay in this Condition, without Mast, Sails, Rudder, &c. 'till the 8th of *April*, when having made a sort of Rudder of some Pine Plank, which cost them six Weeks Work, and fix'd up a small Sail, they got her to steer on the 10th; and judging that they were nearest to the Coast of *Ireland*, and the Wind proving Westerly, they steer'd for that Coast; for she would steer only before the Wind. Thus they went slowly on 'till the 3d of *June*, when they arriv'd at the Island of *Tyrie*, in the Highlands of *Scotland*; where having made a kind of Mast, they attempted three several Times to get out from thence, but were as often beat back on the Rocks: At length, on the 24th of *September* they got out, intending for *Clyde*, or the Coast of *Ireland*, where they might rest; but were driv'n into *Oban* in the Highlands; and the Season of the Year being far spent, it became dangerous to proceed any farther in the Condition they were in; so that having got Carpenters and Materials from *Greenock*, and refitted, they proceeded to *Greenock*, where they arriv'd the 25th of *March* last, and loaded with Tobacco for *France*; from whence they came hither, being all the same Hands that went out from hence in *December* 1747, except *James Hall*, who was drowned as above related. They saw several Vessels at Sea, while they were in Distress, and were very near some of them, but met with no Assistance from any of them. They were much put to it for Water, having none for a long Time but what Rain Water they catch'd as it run off the Quarter Deck. Their Bedding and Cloaths were all rotten, the Vessel being twice overset, and their Chests stove to pieces.

At the Assizes for this County, which ended yesterday, one *Charles Elliott* was tried, convicted, and received Sentence of Death, for stealing a Mare.

#### ADVERTISEMENT S.

**A**LL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are hereby defered to come and settle, and pay off their respective Balances, on or before the 25th Day of *September*, or give good Security for the same; which will prevent them Trouble from  
JOHN ROW.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at Public Sale, on Saturday the 7th of *October*, at the House of *William Rogers*, at *Baltimore*.

**S**everal Tracts of Land, with good Improvements, well Timber'd and Water'd, with good Buildings, Orchards, &c. containing in all 14 or 1500 Acres, lying in *Baltimore* County: Also a Parcel of Slaves, consisting of Men, Women, and Children: All to be sold for Sterling or Paper Money, or good Bills of Exchange.  
HENRY MORGAN.

N. B. There are also to be disposed of at the several Plantations, Cattle, Horses, all sorts of Plantation Utensils, &c. and Corn if wanted.

Any Person may purchase at private Sale, if desired.

**T**HE Schooner belonging to *Isaac Webster* and Company, at *Bush River* in *Baltimore* County, being lately in *James River, Virginia*; one *Crawford*, a Sailor on board the said Vessel, took in there a young Negro, which he is supposed to have stolen, by his secreting, and afterwards selling him to *George Lawson* of *Cecil County*. On Discovery of his bringing the abovemention'd Negro, the said *Crawford* has an order.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber on the 5th Day of *September* instant, a Country born indentured Servant Man named *John Philips*, alias *German*; he had on when he went away an Osnabrigs Shirt, and Crocus Trowsers, an old Castor Hat, and a striped Country cloth Jacket. He was born on the Eastern Shore, and led most of his Life on the Water, and is addicted to thieving; he pretends to know most Part of the County; is pretty tall and well made, about 20 Years of Age, has light Hair, no Beard, and a roguish Look: It is supposed he will change his Apparel. Whoever will bring the said Servant to his Master, living at the Head of *Seven*, near Mr. *Philip Hammond's*, shall have Three Pounds Reward besides what the Law allows.  
FRANCIS DAVIS.

**R**AN away on the 21st of *August* last, from the Subscriber living in *Westmoreland County, Virginia*, the three following Servants; viz.

*John Wigley*, a West Country Man, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, well made, of a ruddy Complexion; pock freckled, and understands Farming; he left his usual Apparel behind him: He has Marks on one of his Arms above the Elbow, done with Indian Ink, supposed to be I W. He has short brown Hair, if not cut off; and is a very palavering Fellow. He was imported in the Ship *Litchfield* about a Year ago, is a great Rogue, and attempted once before to make his Escape.

*Edmund Cryer*, alias *Grievous*, a very good Shremaker, given to drinking and whoring, is very handy at Planers Bole-ness, and will pretend to be a Sailor; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, thin faced, and a good Complexion, when well. They took with them a Gun, with the Name of *Braxler* upon the Lock, and a Parcel of Shremakers Tools: His Apparel is unknown. He has been in the Country about four Years, attempted once before to escape, was born at *Leeds* in *Yorkshire*, has been on board a Man of War, is a very impudent active Fellow, and quarrelsome in Liquor.

*Rebecca Woolley*, a lusty Irishwoman; she can sew, wash, and iron, very well, is very big with Child, has been in the Country upwards of two Years, and has been burnt in the Hand; she is of a ruddy Complexion, and a sally Temper. She took with her a straw colour'd sattin Gown, a *Virginia* cloth Gown, two *Virginia* cloth Petticoats, and a red Cloak. The said *Cryer* and *Woolley* will pass for Man and Wife.

The said three Servants stole, and took with them; a large Pettibugre, with a Hole burnt in her Gunnel; and it is supposed they have some Silver Plate, but in small Pieces, and melted up.

Whoever secures the said Runaways, so that they be delivered at the Subscribers Houses in *Westmoreland County* aforesaid, shall have two Pistoles Reward for each of the Men, and one Pistole for the Woman, besides what the Law allows.

GEORGE LEE,  
RICHARD LEE.

*Baltimore-Town, August 31, 1749.*

**W**HEREAS Mr. *Jonathan Forward*, Merchant in *London*, hath declined the *Maryland* Business, in Favour of Messieurs *Sydenham* and *Hodgson*, and wants to make a final Settlement with his old Correspondents: All Persons indebted to him in this Province, are desired to come and settle their respective Accounts, and pay off their Balances, by the first Day of *October* next; whereby they will greatly oblige  
Their humble Servant,

DARBY LUT, { Attorney in Fact  
to J. Forward.

To be LET;

**A** Plantation at *Lower Marlborough*, whereon is a good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Milk House, Meat House, Stables, Cornhouse, two Houses for Negroes, two very good Tobacco-Houses; the Stock consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs, with Negroes, &c. For Term, enquire of Mr. *David Arnold* Merchant, at the Place, or of the Subscriber in the Fork of *Gunpowder*, in *Baltimore* County.  
R. BOYCE.



**A** Well-handed Servant Woman, having about Three Years to serve, to be Sold either for Tobacco or Current Money; she can card, spin, knit, and sew; and is a good Cook. For further Particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM ROBERTS.

**T**HE Subscriber, living in the City of Annapolis, near the House of William Cumming, Esq; carries on the Business of Stay-Making; where Ladies and others may be supplied with all Sorts of Stays, done in the best and neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates, for Ready Money only.

CHARLES WALLACE.

**T**HE Subscriber hereby gives public Notice, that he intends for London, with the present Shipping:

JOHN LOMAS.

**N. B.** A good Dwelling House and Lot, over against the House of Edmund Jennings, Esq; in Annapolis, to be sold very reasonably, either for Sterling or Currency. For Terms, enquire of

JOHN LOMAS.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,

For the Benefit of the Heirs of Capt. Christopher Grindall, deceased, by Way of Public Vendue, on Friday the 22d Day of September, at the Plantation of the said Grindall (formerly belonging to Nicholas Hale), in Baltimore County, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

**H**ooker's Farm, containing 160 Acres, with very good Improvements thereon, and the Crop now on the Ground; together with the Plantation Utensils, Cattle, Horses, and Hogs: Also two Negro Men, two Negro Women, and four Children.

Hale's Forest, containing 100 Acres:

Taylor's Discovery, containing 80 Acres:

Smallwood, containing 50 Acres: All lying in Baltimore County, with good Improvements on each Tract.

The next Day, the 23d of September, will be SOLD, at the House of William Rogers, in Baltimore Town,

**A** Sortable Parcel of European Goods, to the Amount of about 200 l. Sterling; which may be view'd, and the Invoice, at the House of James Slemaker, near Patapsco Ferry, where they now are.

All for ready Money, either Currency or Sterling, or for good Bills of Exchange; by

GEORGE ATKINSON, } Executors.  
JAMES SLEMAKER, }

**N. B.** Three other Tracts of Land, lying at Ante-Eatom, in Frederick County; viz.

Shadrach's Lot, containing 262 Acres;

Messbach's Garden, containing 200 Acres; and

Abdugo's Pasture, containing 70 Acres; are to be Sold by the said Executors.

**S**Tolen, or given out by Mistake, from the Subscriber's Shop in Annapolis, some Time ago, two Silver Watches: One of them is a fixable Watch, the Maker's Name on the Inside, Joseph Smith, Ipswich; the Number suppos'd to be 205, but not certain; the Balance work'd in a Steel Hand, fix'd in the Cock, which was Silver. The other is a large old-fashioned Watch, the Maker's Name Joshua Cobbom, Dublin.

If any Gentleman is possibled of either of the said Watches through Mistake, they are requested to return them; or if stolen, whoever will bring them, or either of them, to the Subscriber, shall have Four Pounds Reward for the first-mentioned Watch, and Forty Shillings for the other. JOHN INCH.

To be SOLD, or LET, in Partnership or Otherwise,

**A** Good Brewhouse, situated in the City of Annapolis, with most Conveniences for carrying on the Business of Brewing, Making, and Distilling, together with one or two Acres of Ground adjoining thereto. For further Particulars, enquire of

PATRICK CREACH.

**L**OST by the Subscriber, within a Month past, but not mis'd 'till lately, a Silver Watch, with a Silver Chain, the Maker's Name John Clark, London; the Number forgot. Whoever will bring the said Watch to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

PATRICK CREACH.

**T**HE Printer of this Paper being in great want of Money, begs of those who are Indebted to him, to Pay as soon as they conveniently can.

JOHN REARON,

Removed to the Store-House of Mr. ROBERT SWAN, near the Court-House in Annapolis,

**S**ELLS European and India Goods at the Lowest Prices, for Ready Money, or Tobacco lying in any Inspecting-House on the Western Shore. Constant Attendance is given by Mr. Samuel Chapman, or

JOHN REARON.

To be SOLD by Wholesale,

**B**y the Subscriber, at his House in Annapolis, where he lately kept Store, a large Quantity of Barbadoes Rum, muscovado Sugar, Melasses, and fresh Limes, at Reasonable Rates.

ROBERT SWAN.

JUST IMPORTED

By WILLIAM GOVANE, and to be SOLD by Wholesale, at his House near Annapolis, for Ready Money, or short Credit, at the cheapest Rates,

**C**HOICE Barbadoes, Antigua, and New-England Rum, Loaf-Sugar, Best Barbadoes Potted Ditto, Fine Muscovado Ditto, Iron Pots, Kettles, and Skillets, Train Oil, &c. &c.

TO BE RUN FOR, on the Race Ground near the City of Annapolis, on Friday the 29th Day of September instant;

**A** PURSE of the value of TWENTY POUNDS Currency, Three Heats, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, bred in this Province, to carry Seven Stone.

The said Horses, Mares, or Geldings, to be entered the preceding Day, by XII of the Clock, with Jonas Green at Annapolis, and to pay each Twenty Shillings Entrance, for the Benefit of the Second Best.

All Disputes to be determined by the Mayor and Aldermen present.

Annapolis, July 3, 1749.

**T**HE Subscriber interding to depart this Province early in the Fall, gives this public Notice And all Persons Indebted to him, or Mr. James Johnson, late of this Place, Merchant, by Bonds, Notes of Hand, or open Accounts, are desired to pay off and settle the same; which will prevent them Trouble from

ROBERT SWAN.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, on the 9th of June last, a Convict Servant Man, named George Gold, a Glazier and Plummer by Trade, aged about 30 Years, of a middle Stature, fair Complexion, has a large Scar on his right Cheek, under his Eye, and several about his Head; has a proud strutting Walk, and his Knees stand somewhat in: He had on when he went away a short Wig, a darkish camblet Coat, a cloth Waistcoat without Sleeves, and Breeches of the same, a Pair of Pufftan Breeches with brass Buttons, and grey Stockings: He may have other Cloaths, may probably change his Name, have a false Pass, and pretend to some other Trade.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, if taken in this County, shall have Ten Shillings more than the Law allows; if out of the County, Twenty Shillings; and if taken out of the Province, Two Pistoles, besides what the Law allows; and reasonable Charges; paid by

PATRICK CREACH.

Annapolis, April 26, 1749.

**T**HIS is to give Notice to all those who have any Bonds in the Loan-Office, that if they do not come and pay the Interests due upon the same, on or before the last Day of October next ensuing the Date hereof, the Commissioners, in Discharge of the Trust reposed in them by the Public, will think themselves obliged to enter up Judgment, and sue out Executions on the same; and this they are determined to do, unless those who are concerned take due Care to prevent it.

By Order of the Commissioners,

R. DORSEY, Clerk of the Pay-Cur. Office.



# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

No. 230.

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, September 20, 1749.

ROME, May 24, N. S.

THE emperor, on the remonstrances made by the Pope, of the vast prejudices which the treaty of a mity, lately stipulated by him as Great duke of Tuscany, with the regencies of Barbary, occasions to the Pope's trading subjects, and in general to those of the neighbouring princes, has caused a copy of those treaties to be transmitted to the court of Rome, demonstrating, that they are exactly conformable to those which the king of the Two Sicilies had stipulated, with them; in which is expressly mentioned, that those pirates shall not take shelter in the ports of Tuscany, but only in case of distress of weather. The republic of Venice has subjected to 20 days quarantine all vessels that shall arrive in the Venetian dominions from any ports in the Mediterranean.

*Hague, June 11.* Ali Effendi, the Tripolitan ambassador, having been lately insulted in his house by some Jews who had quarrelled with his attendants, represented a memorial to the states general, to redress the violence then committed against him: But last Friday (being the day appointed for the public rejoicings on account of the peace) he wrote to the States General, that as it was a maxim in his country, upon such solemn occasions, to forgive all trespasses, he desired this affair might be entirely buried in oblivion. The states of Zealand have lately resolved to raise a million of florins by way of a lottery, to consist of ten thousand tickets, divided into fifty classes, which are to be paid off in a many years, in the following manner: the bearer of a ticket that shall have been drawn a prize of 40 florins in the 30th class, is to receive 40 florins per annum for 30 years, and at the end of that term he is to be reimbursed the hundred florins which are to be paid down on the subscription.

*Petersburg, May 27.* The admiralty has received fresh orders from court within these few days, to send to sea without delay twelve ships of the line, four frigates, and two bomb-vessels; and likewise to have all the rest of the fleet ready to sail on the first notice. One hundred gallies, and forty other vessels, are ordered to be in readiness for the embarkation of 30,000 men, which are to be assembled for that purpose here, at Revel, and at Fredericksham; and tho' there are magazines already sufficient for the subsistence of 40,000 men till the month of September, orders are given to form new ones equally considerable.

*Stockholm, June 2.* It is generally believed, that our differences with the court of Petersburg will be amicably adjusted; yet our military and naval preparations are still carried on with as much vivacity as ever. We have at present no less than 80 gallies perfectly equipped, besides a bundle of smaller vessels that are likewise fitted out in a warlike manner.

*Madrid, May 25.* We hear that several men of war and frigates are sailed, in order to cruise in the Mediterranean against the corsairs of Barbary; and orders are sent to the commissaries of the marine to fit out eighteen more ships of the line as soon as possible, which 'tis thought are destin'd for the same purpose. Mr. Keene's negotiation seems to be on a very good footing; but the convention which was talk'd of was a mere chimera.

*Paris, May 9.* It is assured that a scheme is on foot for protecting our coasts from all manner of insults; and that according to this plan there are to be twenty five ships of the line in each of our principal sea ports, always ready to put to sea; that a fix'd number of troops and sailors are to be kept on foot, and that there shall always be provisions and stores enough for three years; for which purpose the necessary magazines are to be formed. A great many families that retired to Rochelle from Cape Breton, are preparing to return thither by the next fleet, which will sail very soon.

Several persons have lately been committed to the Bastille, for selling scandalous prints.

*Hague, June 12.* Tho' we have been told in some letters from London, that the convention negotiating by Mr. Keene, between the British and Spanish courts, is as good as concluded, yet all we can learn from Madrid is, That nothing more than one article relating to the South sea company is agreed upon; the grand point of searching and visiting in the American seas, remaining as the definitive treaty left it.

*June 15.* The 13th instant our grand piece of folly, vulgarly called fireworks, by way of rejoicing for a bad peace, was play'd off here: The whole was performed in an hour and four minutes, without the least unlucky accident, which is the only thing worth noting or rejoicing for.

*Extract of a Letter from Holland, June 13.*

"We are in great apprehensions here from the strange spirits of the populace, which runs counter to all the maxim upon which the republic is founded; full freedom in civil and religious matters being the source from whence the populousness, trade, and wealth of these provinces have flow'd: The mob hath already disquieted a congregation of christian protestants; against whom the objection is, that they live in a singular manner, and that they are Puritans.

*Hamburgh, May 23.* We have received repeated and certain advice, that the eldest son of the Pretender passed some time since incognito thro' Leipzig to Berlin, on his way to Poland, in which kingdom there is no doubt he has been some time; we are farther told, and with circumstances which incline our belief, that after quitting Avignon somewhat unexpectedly, he went directly to Paris, where he remained very privately for a few days, and then proceeded towards Luneville in Lorraine, in the neighbourhood of which he remain'd about a fortnight; he then went to Strasburg, where he likewise spent some days; but with all the privacy imaginable; which was the reason that hitherto we have had such imperfect accounts of his motions.

*Petersburg, May 7.* A courier passed through this place for Moscow lately, with extraordinary diligence; it is reported that he is charged with his Swedish majesty's acceptance of the proposition made by our court, for terminating the differences relating to the frontiers.

*Smyrna, May 15.* Great preparations are making here, and in the other ports belonging to the Grand Signior, to have the fleet, which his highness ordered to be fitted out, ready to put to sea by the end of May.

*Leghorn, May 26.* Ever since the gallies and other vessels, that have been lately fitted out by the several powers in Italy, in order to give chase effectually to the Barbary rovers, our navigation is much more free than it was, as none of those pirates dare now make their public appearance on our seas. It is generally thought they will not venture out for the future far from home; and that they have no great inclination to wait for the arrival of the British Squadron, who are daily expected in the Mediterranean, not only to give a check to the insolence of those audacious pirates, but to demand satisfaction of the Algerines for the indignities which they lately offered to the British flag.

*Genda, May 27.* The weather in this country, from the 21st to the 24th of this month, was extremely warm, and gave us great hopes of a plentiful harvest. On the 24th the day was sultry beyond expression, hardly a breath of air stirring, and what there was, as hot as if it came out of a furnace. About 4 o'clock it began to lighten from all quarters of the sky, and thunder'd dreadfully. In less than half an hour the flood-gates of heaven were opened, and the water pour'd down upon us for 5 hours together in such a manner, as gave us a very lively image of the general deluge. In the neighbouring village of Mouaïsin, the stables and other outhouses were carried away.



**A** Well-handed Servant Woman, having about Three Years to serve, to be Sold either for Tobacco or Current Money; she can card, spin, knit, and sew; and is a good Cook. For further Particulars, Enquire of  
**WILLIAM ROBERTS.**

**T**HE Subscriber, living in the City of Annapolis, near the House of William Cumming, Esq; carries on the Business of Stay-Making; where Ladies and others may be supplied with all Sorts of Stays, done in the best and neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates, for Ready Money only.  
**CHARLES WALLACE.**

**T**HE Subscriber hereby gives public Notice, that he intends for London, with the present Shipping;  
**JOHN LOMAS.**  
**N. B.** A good Dwelling House and Lot, over against the House of Edmund Jennings, Esq; in Annapolis, to be sold very reasonably, either for Sterling or Currency. For Terms, enquire of  
**JOHN LOMAS.**

**To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS;**  
For the Benefit of the Heirs of Capt. Christopher Grindall, deceased, by Way of Public Vendue, on Friday the 22d Day of September, at the Plantation of the said Grindall (formerly belonging to Nicholas Haile), in Baltimore County, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

**H**ooker's Farm, containing 160 Acres, with very good Improvements thereon, and the Crop now on the Ground; together with the Plantation Utensils, Cattle, Horses, and Hogs: Also two Negro Men, two Negro Women, and four Children.

**Haile's Forest,** containing 100 Acres:  
**Taylor's Discovery,** containing 80 Acres:  
**Smallwood,** containing 50 Acres: All lying in Baltimore County, with good Improvements on each Tract.

The next Day, the 23d of September, will be SOLD, at the House of William Rogers, in Baltimore Town,

**A** Sortable Parcel of European Goods, to the Amount of about 200 l. Sterling; which may be view'd, and the Invoice, at the House of James Slemaker, near Patapsco Ferry, where they now are.

All for ready Money, either Currency or Sterling, or for good Bills of Exchange; by

**GEORGE A. KINTON,**  
**JAMES SLEMAKER,** } Executors.

**N. B.** Three other Tracts of Land, lying at Ants-Eaton, in Frederick County; viz.

**Schubert's Lot,** containing 262 Acres;  
**Mitchell's Garden** containing 200 Acres; and  
**Abdugo's Pasture,** containing 70 Acres; are to be Sold by the said Executors.

**S**TOLES, or given out by Mistake, from the Subscriber's Shop in Annapolis, some Time ago, two Silver Watches: One of them is a Bracelet Watch, the Maker's Name on the Inside, *Joseph Smith, Bristol*; the Number suppos'd to be 205, but not certain; the Balance work'd in a Steel Hand, fix'd in the Cock, which was Silver. The other is a large old-fashioned Watch, the Maker's Name *Joshua Cobham, Dublin*.

If any Gentleman is posses'd of either of the said Watches through Mistake, they are requested to return them; or if stolen, whoever will bring them, or either of them, to the Subscriber, shall have Four Pounds Reward for the first-mentioned Watch, and Forty Shillings for the other.  
**JOHN DREN.**

**To be SOLD, or LET, in Partnership or Otherwise,**  
**A** Good Brewhouse, situated in the City of Annapolis, with most Conveniences for carrying on the Businesses of Brewing, Making, and Distilling; together with one or two Acres of Ground adjoining thereto. For further Particulars, enquire of  
**PATRICK CREACH.**

**L**OST by the Subscriber, within a Month past, but not miss'd lately, a Silver Watch, with a Silver Chain, the Maker's Name *John Clark, London*; the Number forgot. Whoever will bring the said Watch to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.  
**PATRICK CREACH.**

**A N N A P O L I S.** Printed by **JONAS GREEN**, Post-Master, at his Printing-Office in Charles-Street; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper,

**T**HE Printer of this Paper being in great want of Money, begs of those who are indebted to him, to Pay as soon as they conveniently can.

**JOHN BEARON,**  
Removed to the Store-House of Mr. ROBERT SWAN, near the Court House in Annapolis.

**S**ELLS European and India Goods at the Lowest Prices, for Ready Money, or Tobacco lying in any Inspecting House on the Western Shore. Constant Attendance is given by Mr. Samuel Chapman, or  
**JOHN BEARON.**

**To be SOLD by Wholesale,**  
**B**Y the Subscriber, at his House in Annapolis, where he lately kept Store, a large Quantity of Barbadoes Rum, muscovado Sugar, Melasses, and fresh Limes, at Reasonable Rates.  
**ROBERT SWAN.**

**JUST IMPORTED**  
By **WILLIAM GOVANE**, and to be SOLD by Wholesale, at his House near Annapolis, for Ready Money, or short Credit, at the cheapest Rates,

**C**HOICE Barbadoes, Antigue, and New-England Rum; Loaf-Sugar, Best Barbadoes Potted Ditto, Fine Muscovado Ditto, Iron Pots, Kettles, and Skillets, Train Oil, &c. &c.

**TO BE RUN FOR, on the Race Ground near the City of Annapolis, on Friday the 29th Day of September instant;**

**A** PURSE of the value of TWENTY POUNDS Currency, Three Heats, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, bred in this Province, to carry Seven Stone.

The said Horses, Mares, or Geldings, to be entered the preceding Day, by XII of the Clock, with *Jonas Green* at Annapolis, and to pay each Twenty Shillings Entrance, for the Benefit of the Second Best.

All Disputes to be determined by the Mayor and Aldermen present.

**T**HE Subscriber intending to depart this Province early in the Fall, gives this public Notice. And all Persons indebted to him, or Mr. *James Johnson*, late of this Place, Merchant, by Bonds, Notes of Hand, or open Accounts, are desired to pay off and settle the same; which will prevent them Trouble from  
**ROBERT SWAN.**

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, on the 9th of June last, a Convict Servant Man, named *George Gold*, a Glazier and Plummer by Trade, aged about 30 Years, of a middle Stature, fair Complexion, has a large Scar on his right Cheek, under his Eye, and several about his Head; has a good strutting Walk, and his Knees stand somewhat in: He had on when he went away a short Wig, a darkish camblet Coat, a cloth Waistcoat without Sleeves, and Breeches of the same; a Pair of Fustian Breeches with brass Buttons, and grey Stockings. He may have other Cloaths, may probably change his Name, have a false Pais, and pretend to some other Trade.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, if taken in this County, shall have Ten Shillings more than the Law allows; if out of the County, Twenty Shillings; and if taken out of the Province, Two Pistoles, besides what the Law allows; and reasonable Charges; paid by

**PATRICK CREACH.**

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By Order of the Commissioners,  
**R. DORSEY, Clerk of the Pay-Car Office.**

**Annopolis, April 26, 1749.**

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# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE

No. 230.

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WEDNESDAY, September 20. 1749.

ROME, May 24. N. S.

THE emperor, on the remonstrances made by the Pope, of the vast prejudices which the treaty of a treaty, lately stipulated by him as Great duke of Tuscany, with the regencies of Barbary, occasions to the Pope's trading subjects, and in general to those of the neighbouring princes, has caused a copy of those treaties to be transmitted to the court of Rome, demonstrating that they are exactly conformable to those which the king of the Two Sicilies had stipulated with them; in which is expressly mentioned, that those pirates shall not take shelter in the ports of Tuscany, but only in case of distress of weather. The republic of Venice has subjected to 20 days quarantine all vessels that shall arrive in the Venetian dominions from any ports in the Mediterranean.

Hague, June 11. Ali Effendi, the Tripolitan ambassador, having been lately insulted in his house by some Jews who had quarrelled with his attendants, he presented a memorial to the states general, to elide satisfaction for the violence then committed against him: But last Friday (being the day appointed for the public rejoicings on account of the peace) he wrote to the Græffier, That as it was a maxim in his country, upon such solemn occasions, to forgive all trespasses; he desired this affair might be entirely buried in oblivion. The states of Zealand have lately resolved to raise a million of florins by way of a lottery, to consist of ten thousand tickets, divided into fifty classes, which are to be paid off in a many years, in the following manner; the bearer of a ticket that shall have been drawn a prize of 40 florins in the 30th class, is to receive 40 florins per annum for 30 years, and at the end of that term he is to be reimbursed the hundred florins which are to be paid down on the subscription.

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Extra of a Letter from Holland, June 13.

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Petersburg, May 7. A courier passed through this place for Moscow lately, with extraordinary diligence; it is reported that he is charged with his Swedish majesty's acceptance of the proposition made by our court, for terminating the differences relating to the frontiers.

Smyna, May 15. Great preparations are making here, and in the other ports belonging to the Grand Signior, to have the fleet, which his highness ordered to be fitted out, ready to put to sea by the end of May.

Leghorn, May 26. Ever since the galleys and other vessels that have been lately fitted out by the several powers in Italy, in order to give chase effectually to the Barbary rovers, our navigation is much more free than it was, as none of those pirates dare now make their public appearance on our seas. It is generally thought they will not venture out for the future far from home; and that they have no great inclination to wait for the arrival of the British squadron, who are daily expected in the Mediterranean, not only to give a check to the insolence of those audacious pirates, but to demand satisfaction of the Algerines for the indignities which they lately offered to the British flag.

Genoa, May 27. The weather in this country, from the 21st to the 24th of this month, was extremely warm, and gave us great hopes of a plentiful harvest. On the 24th the day was sultry beyond expression, hardly a breath of air stirring, and what there was, as hot as if it came out of a furnace. About 4 o'clock it began to lighten from all quarters of the sky, and thunder'd dreadfully. In less than half an hour the flood-gates of heaven were opened, and the water pour'd down upon us for 5 hours together in such a manner, as gave us a very lively image of the general deluge. In the neighbouring village of Mouaisin, the stables and other outbuilds were carried away.



away with the cattle in them; and the peasants were in such danger of being destroyed in their houses, that they were forced to break holes in the wall, in order to give passage to the water. The mischiefs occasioned by this accident are very considerable.

*Madrid, June 5.* The articles that were left unsettled at Aix-la-Chapelle, between our court and that of Great-Britain, are now settled, to the reciprocal satisfaction of both parties; and the convention has since been ratified by the English, but the contents are not as yet publicly known.

*Leghorn, June 9.* A French ship is arrived here from Salomonia, laden with Tobacco, the master of which reports, that in his passage he was boarded by two corsairs from Tripoli, one of 18, the other of twelve guns; who took out of his ship what provisions they thought proper, and then permitted him to proceed on his voyage.

*Berlin, June 21.* Great damages have been done throughout this electorate, by breaking of Clouds, and violent storms. According to letters from Stockholm, the differences with Russia are as good as adjusted; and that the treaty of Nyssadt will be the basis of a new peace.

*June 24.* Private letters from Breslau in Silesia, dated the 20th instant, mention, that early that morning they had a most violent storm of lightning and thunder happened there; and the lightning set their magazines on fire, which communicated itself to the town, and half the city was soon consumed; and as it was upon the approach of St. John's fair, there was a great number of foreigners settled as well as the inhabitants: And had not a violent rain ensued, the whole city would have shared the same fate.

*Extract of a Letter from Venice, May 10; N. S.*

According to private letters from Constantinople, there is a great ferment among the Janizaries; the consequences of which, the Porte sedulously endeavours to avert. As this restless spirit is very common in Turkey, in time of peace, it is presumed, that the Porte will find herself under a necessity to seek employment abroad for this turbulent soldiery; but where, is the important question! We are inclined to believe it will be on the side of Persia, as the said letters already mention some difficulties between that kingdom, and the Ottoman empire, about their respective boundaries. As for our part, we don't seem to fear any attempt from the Turks upon the republic's possessions; the late reports on this head, being as ill-grounded as the rumours of an expedition against the island of Malta. However, much depends on the turn of affairs in the North. If peace can be preserved there, it may likewise be maintained in the South.

*Paris A-la-main, May 19.* The king has given the India company leave to raise troops, in order to send to the Indies, to defend their settlements, and accordingly they are enlisting both here and in the country, all the soldiers that have been disbanded, and all the young men that are fit for service, even those under five feet.

*Cologne, May 18.* The church of Lechnich, which was burnt to the ground about three years ago, having been rebuilt, and the arch of the roof almost closed, this unhappily fell in, kill'd the master-builder and another, and dangerously wounded six or seven others.

*Paris, May 19.* There is now no longer doubt, that the disgrace of the count de Maurepas was owing to some concerns he had with a relation of his, invested upon his recommendation, with an employment of great consequence in the West-Indies, and the secrets of the schemes between them was discovered by M. de la Bourdonaye, who, by his connections with a great lady, found means to convey into a certain closet, intelligence that would have hardly reached that place any other way.

## L O N D O N.

*June 16.* Several private letters from Amsterdam assure us, that all ranks and degrees of people are sincerely disposed to accept of such regulations, with respect to the manner of levying the public money, as shall be proposed by his serene highness the prince stadtholder, in as much as they are now convinced that several schemes that were formerly thought for the benefit and ease of the people, would be some of them oppressive, and others impracticable; whence it is manifest, that by patience and forbearance the prince has obtained what perhaps would never have been obtained by force.

Private letters from Amsterdam and the Hague insinuate, that a more regular form of government is on the point of being introduced than was ever seen in that country; the grand position is for the future to confine himself to the proper duties of his office, without having any thing to do with the

ministry; domestic concerns are to fall under the department of the count de Bentinck; count de Gronseidt is to have the direction of foreign affairs; secretary Back is to superintend the military; and Mr. Wenxel is to preside in what relates to the finances.

Sir John Norris, Knt. lay yesterday dangerously ill, being given over by his physicians.

By an act to prohibit the wear of foreign gold and silver brocades, any Taylor who shall make up a brocade waistcoat after the first of next July, forfeits 100l. By which act the mercers will clear their shops of all their brocade.

On Thursday last a number of brass cannon, 12 pounders, were shipped off from the Tower wharf, for Nova-Scotia, in order to secure that province.

The same day near 100 men, women and children, who came from divers parts of Germany, attended the lords of trade and plantations, to get an order to settle in Carolina, or some other of our American colonies.

We are assured, that a court martial will shortly sit at Chatham for the trial of several Mariners accused of offences in the West Indies, at which time several officers are to appear before the said court, on complaints exhibited against them.

*June 20.* The Rainbow man of war is sailed for her station at Nova-Scotia; and the Dispatch sloop of war is sailed for the Mediterranean.

The elegant and magnificent monument, sacred to the memory of the late duke of Argyll, which has been some time erecting in Westminster abbey, is now finished. On the front of the pedestal, in basso relievo, appears Liberty seated in her temple; and two Genii offering the sword and shield of the deceased duke to the goddess. The pedestal is supported by two grand figures; on the right side that of Eloquence, with the works of Demosthenes, Caesar's Commentaries, and the emblems of Justice lying by; on the left side that of Pallas, with the emblems of Wisdom and Valour. The cornice of the pedestal is ornamented with various trophies, alluding to his grace's different titles, honours and employments. Above is placed a sarcophagus of black and gold marble, on which rests the statue of the duke, supported by a figure representing History, whose left hand points to a book, in which is recorded, born October 16, MDCLXXX. Died October 4, MDCLXXXIII; while the right hand is employed in writing upon an obelisk the following inscription:

Briton, behold! if patriot worth be dear,  
A shrine that claims thy tributary tear;  
Silent that tongue, admiring senates heard,  
Nerveless that arm, opposing legions fear'd;  
Nor less, O CAMPBELL! thine the pow'r to please,  
And give to grandeur all the grace of ease.  
Long from thy life let kindred heroes trace  
Arts, which ennoble still the noblest race.  
Others may owe their future fame to me,  
I borrow immortality from thee.

## JOHN DUKE OF ARGYLE and GREENWICH.

Last Wednesday night a breeches maker near Chelsea, having some words with his wife, took up an oaken stick, and beat her with it; which so incensed two of his female neighbours, that they wrenched the stick out of his hand, and returned him the same compliment; and afterwards dragged him to the Thames, and duck'd him there, till he ask'd pardon upon his knees, and promised never to beat his wife again.

From the BARBADOS GAZETTE.

Remember the WAR, PEACE, and FIRE WORKS.

BE it remember'd in the Annals of Posterity, and to the eternal Honour of the British Nation, That in the Year of our Lord 1739, and in the Twelfth Year of the auspicious Reign of GEORGE II, a War was enter'd into with Spain, for the Nonpayment of Ninety Thousand Pounds, due to the South Sea Company, and to secure a free Navigation without Search (or cutting Peoples Ears off) to the West-Indies. Which Declaration of War soon involv'd England in another with France; who contrary to Treaty, had open'd and fortified the Harbour of Dunkirk. Be it then, I say, remember'd, That Great-Britain, after a vast Profusion of Blood, and running in Debt full Thirty Millions, when it had reduced the Royal Fleets of France and Spain to so wretched a Condition, that they durst not appear at Sea, and had by the brave New-Englandmen, taken the important Isle of Cape-Breton; did, by that very memorable Peace, concluded at Aix-la-Chapelle, 1749, not only generously restore Cape-Breton to the Crown of France, send two of her Prime Nobility thither as Hostages, leave Dunkirk in part still fortified; but also expended, in a Firework, a Sum



little inferior to the original Demand upon Spain, and concluded a most gracious and honourable Peace with that Nation; leaving the grand Affair of the Search, and the Barbarities us'd towards her gallant Sailors, just where she found them. Thus ended this long, bloody, and taxing War; which was open'd with *Doufres* at Home, carried on with *Potguis* in the Field, and ended with the loud Roar of Cannon in the Green Park, the 27th of April, 1749.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

A few Days ago arrived in *Patuxent River*, from *London*, but last from *Gibraltar* and *Bermuda*, Capt. *Serjeant*, with the Proclamation of Peace, directed to his Excellency our Governor; and yesterday *PEACE* was proclaimed here.

Last Friday Morning died in *Calvert County* Col. *Gabriel Parker*, a worthy Inhabitant of that County; who was many Years Chief Justice and Deputy Commissary, and several Times High Sheriff of that County, which Place he held to the Time of his Death.

He is succeeded, as High Sheriff, by Mr. *John Skinner*; and as Deputy Commissary, by Mr. *Samuel Harrison*.

On Saturday last, *DANIEL DULANY, Junior, Esq;* Barrister at Law, was married to Miss *REBECCA TASKER* (second Daughter to the Hon. *BENJAMIN TASKER*, of this City, Esq;) a very agreeable young Lady, with a handsome Fortune.

We hear from *Philadelphia*, that the Ship *Francis* and *Elizabeth*, belonging to this Place, is arrived there from *Holland* with *Patuxent*; many of whom died at Sea: As did also Capt. *Anthony Beck*, late Commander of the said Ship.

This Day his Excellency the Governor, in Council, was pleased to prorogue the Assembly (which stood prorogued to the second Tuesday in *October*) to the second Tuesday in *February* next.

#### CUSTOM HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Entired.

Sloop *Endavour*, Robert Hamilton, from *Dieppe*;  
Sloop *Dolphin*, Richard Gresham, from *Rhode Island*;  
Schooner *Laurel*, Thomas Martin, from *Virginia*;  
Ship *Leathly*, John Lirkly, from *Aberdeen*;  
Sloop *Swan*, Isaac Dapee, from *New England*;  
Sloop *Peggy*, Joseph Greenhill, from *Virginia*;  
Ship *George*, William Brisbane, from *Virginia*;

#### Cleared.

Sloop *Fair Trader*, John Sawyer, for *Bermuda*;  
Brigantine *Diligence*, George Dapen, for *Aberdeen*;  
Sloop *Mary Anne*, John Smith, for *Bermuda*;  
Sloop *Hopewell*, William Surachan, for *Barbados*.

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

##### JUST PUBLISHED.

And to be Sold by the Printer hereof. (Price 7 s. 6 d.)

VOTES and PROCEEDINGS of the Last Session of Assembly of this Province.

September 20, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscribers on *Elk Ridge* in *Anne Arundel County*, on the 4th of this Instant *September*, the two following Servants; viz.

Robert Harrison, a Convict, lately imported in the Ship *Prince Frederick*, *James Carveloy* Commander; he is a middle siz'd, pert, bold looking Fellow, about 24 Years of Age, much pitted with the Small Pox: He had on, and carried with him, an old blue cloth Coat with yellow metal Buttons, a new white cotton Waistcoat, a Pair of strip'd flannel Breeches, a Pair of Linnen ditto, a Pair of worsted Stockings, a Pair of thread ditto, a white Shirt, an Osnabrigs ditto, a Castor Hat half worn, and new Shoes; he may have a false Pass, and other Things unknown, and is supposed to have stolen a Sword and Bells.

He took with him a Negro Fellow named *Joe*, short and well-set, full faced, under 30 Years of Age, and speaks pretty good *English*: He had on, and carried with him a Country cloth black and white Coat, much worn, trimm'd with metal Buttons, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a coarse Shirt, a new Felt Hat, and other Things unknown.

Whoever takes up the said Runaways, and brings them to their Masters on *Elk Ridge* aforesaid, shall have Twenty Shillings for each, if taken in *Anne Arundel County*; if taken in any other County, Forty Shillings; and if taken out of the Province, Four Pounds; besides what the Law allows.

HENRY RIDGELY, Senior,  
HENRY RIDGELY, Junior.

September 20, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscriber a Convict Servant Man named *John McDonald*, a Bricklayer by Trade: He had on when he went away a light Sagatoy Frock, an Osnabrigs Jacket, and blue Cloth Breeches, a Pair of Yarn Stockings, London Fall Shoes, and Buckles, and an old Castor Hat: He is a well set Fellow, of a low Stature, a fresh Complexion, is a West Country Man, and wears his own Hair. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward; besides what the Law allows.

WILLIAM CHAPMAN.

September 20, 1749.

STolen or Strayed from the City of *Annapolis*, on Saturday Night the 16th of this Instant *September*, a Black Horse with a Star in his Forehead, a hanging Mane and Tail, a small Neck and Head, with little Ears, some white Hairs about his Neck and Head, and some white about his hind Feet, which are small, but no Shoes; he is branded on the near Buttock W D, and paces very well. Any Person that finds the said Horse, and will bring him to Mr. *Jonas Green* in *Annapolis*, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are hereby desired to come and settle, and pay off their respective Balances, on or before the 25th Day of *September*, or give good Security for the same; which will prevent them Trouble from JOHN ROW.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at Public Sale, on Saturday the 7th of *October*, at the House of *William Rogers*, at *Baltimore Town*,

Several Tracts of Land, with good Improvements, well Timber'd and Water'd, with good Buildings, Orchards, &c. containing in all 14 or 1500 Acres, lying in *Baltimore County*: Also a Parcel of Slaves, consisting of Men, Women, and Children: All to be sold for Sterling or Paper Money, or good Bills of Exchange.

HENRY MOREAU.

N. B. There are also to be disposed of at the several Plantations, Cattle, Horses, all sorts of Plantation Utensils, &c. and Corn if wanted.

Any Person may purchase at private Sale, if desired.

RAN away on the 21st of *August* last, from the Subscribers living in *Westmoreland County, Virginia*, the three following Servants; viz.

*John Wiglay*, a West Country Man, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, well made, of a ruddy Complexion, pock-fretten, and understands Farming; he left his usual Apparel behind him: He has Marks on one of his Arms above the Elbow, done with Indian Ink, supposed to be I W. He has short, brown Hair, if not cut off; and is a very palavering Fellow. He was imported in the Ship *Litchfield* about a Year ago, is a great Rogue, and attempted once before to make his Escape.

*Edmund Cryer*, alias *Grievous*, a very good Shoemaker, given to drinking and whoring, is very handy at Planters Business, and will pretend to be a Sailor; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, thin faced, and a good Complexion, when well. They took with them a Gun, with the Name of *Braxier* upon the Lock, and a Parcel of Shoemakers Tools: His Apparel is unknown. He has been in the Country about four Years, attempted once before to escape; was born at *Leeds* in *Yorkshire*, has been on board a Man of War, is a very impudent active Fellow, and quarrelsome in Liquor.

*Rebecca Wooley*, a lusty Irishwoman; she can sew, wash, and iron, very well, is very big with Child, has been in the Country upwards of two Years, and has been burnt in the Hand; she is of a ruddy Complexion, and a surly Temper. She took with her a straw-colour'd fatten Gown, a *Virginia* Sheet, two *Virginia* cloth Petticoats, and a red Cloak. The said *Cryer* and *Wooley* will pass for Man and Wife.

The said three Servants stole, and took with them, a large Pettibugre, with a Hole burnt in her Gonnell; and it is supposed they have some Silver Plate, but in small Pieces, and melted up.

Whoever secures the said Runaways, so that they be delivered at the Subscribers Houses in *Westmoreland County* aforesaid, shall have two Pistoles Reward for each of the Men, and one Pistole for the Woman, besides what the Law allows.

GEORGE LEE,  
RICHARD LEE.



RAN away from the Subscriber on the 5th Day of September instant, a Country-born indentured Servant Man named *John Philips*, alias *Gorman*; he had on when he went away an *Osnabrigs Shirt*, and *Crocus Trowlers*, an old *Castor Hat*, and a striped Country cloth Jacket. He was born on the Eastern Shore, and led most of his Life on the Water, and is addicted to thieving; he pretends to know most Part of the Country, is pretty tall and well made, about 20 Years of Age, has light Hair, no Beard, and a roguish Look: It is supposed he will change his Apparel. Whoever will bring the said Servant to his Master, living at the Head of *Severn*, near Mr. *Philip Hammond's*, shall have Three Pounds Reward besides what the Law allows.

FRANCIS DAVIS.

THE Schooner belonging to *Isaac Webster* and Company, at *Rye River* in *Baltimore County*, being lately in *Texas River, Virginia*; one *Crawford*, a Sailor on board the said Vessel, took in there a young Negro, which he is supposed to have stolen, by his secreting, and afterwards selling him to *George Lawson* of *Cecil County*. On Discovery of his bringing the abovementioned Negro, the said *Crawford* has absconded.

Baltimore-Town, August 31, 1749.

WHEREAS Mr. *Jonathan Forward*, Merchant in London, hath declined the *Maryland Business*, in Favour of Messieurs *Sydenham* and *Hodgson*, and wants to make a final Settlement with his old Correspondents: All Persons indebted to him in this Province, are desired to come and settle their respective Accounts, and pay off their Balances, by the first Day of October next; whereby they will greatly oblige Their humble Servant,

DARBY LUX,

Attorney in Fact to J. Forward.

To be LET,

A Plantation at *Tower-Marlborough*, whereon is a good Dwelling House, Kitchen, Milk House, Meat House, Stables, Cornhouse, two Houses for Negroes, two very good Tobacco Houses; the Stock consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs, with Negroes, &c. For Terms, enquire of Mr. *David Arnold* Merchant, at the Place, or of the Subscriber in the Fork of *Gunpowder*, in *Baltimore County*.

R. BOYCE.

A Well handed Servant Woman, having about Three Years to serve, to be Sold either for Tobacco or Current Money; she can card, spin, knit, and sew; and is a good Cook. For further Particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM ROBERTS.

THE Subscriber, living in the City of *Annapolis*, near the House of *William Cumming*, Esq; carries on the Business of Stay-Making; where Ladies and others may be supplied with all Sorts of Stays, done in the best and neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates, for Ready Money only.

CHARLES WALLACE.

STOLEN, or given out by Mistake, from the Subscriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, some Time ago, two Silver Watches: One of them is a fixable Watch, the Maker's Name on the Inside, *Joseph Smith, Bristol*; the Number supposed to be 205, but not certain; the Balance work'd in a Steel Hand, fix'd in the Cock, which was Silver. The other is a large old-fashioned Watch, the Maker's Name *Joshua Cobham, Dublin*.

If any Gentleman is possessed of either of the said Watches through Mistake, they are requested to return them; or if stolen, whoever will bring them, or either of them, to the Subscriber, shall have Four Pounds Reward for the first mentioned Watch, and Forty Shillings for the other.

JOHN INCH.

To be SOLD, or LET, in Partnership or Otherwise,

A Good Brewhouse, situated in the City of *Annapolis*, with most Conveniences for carrying on the Businesses of Brewing, Making, and Distilling; together with one or two Acres of Ground adjoining thereto. For further Particulars, enquire of

PATRICK CREACH.

LOST by the Subscriber, within a Month past, but not miss'd till lately, a Silver Watch, with a Silver Chain, the Maker's Name *John Clark, London*; the Number forget. Whoever will bring the said Watch to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

PATRICK CREACH.

THE Printer of this Paper being in great want of Money, begs of those who are Indebted to him, to Pay as soon as they conveniently can.

To be SOLD by Wholesale,

BY the Subscriber, at his House in *Annapolis*, where he lately kept Store, a large Quantity of *Barbadoes Rum*, *Muscovado Sugar*, *Melasses*, and *Fresh Limes*, at Reasonable Rates.

ROBERT SWAN.

JUST IMPORTED

By WILLIAM GOVANE, and to be SOLD by Wholesale, at his House near *Annapolis*, for Ready Money, or short Credit, at the cheapest Rates.

CHOICE *Barbadoes*, *Antigua*, and *New-England Rum*, *Loaf sugar*, *Best Barbadoes Potted Ditto*, *Fine Muscovado Ditto*, *Iron Pots*, *Kettles*, and *Skillets*, *Fish Oil*, &c. &c.

TO BE RUN FOR, on the Race Ground near the City of *Annapolis*, on Friday the 29th Day of September instant;

A PURSE of the value of TWENTY POUNDS Currency, Three Heats, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, bred in this Province, to carry Seven Stone.

The said Horses, Mare, or Geldings, to be entered the preceding Day, by XII of the Clock, with *Jonas Green* at *Annapolis*; and to pay each Twenty Shillings Entrance, for the Benefit of the Second Best.

All Disputes to be determined by the Mayor, and Aldermen present.

Annapolis, July 3, 1749.

THE Subscriber intending to depart this Province early in the Fall, gives this public Notice. And all Persons Indebted to him, or Mr. *James Johnson*, late of this Place, Merchant, by Bonds, Notes of Hand, or open Accounts, are desired to pay off and settle the same; which will prevent them Trouble from

ROBERT SWAN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 9th of June last, a Convict Servant Man, named *George Gold*, a Glazier and Plummer by Trade, aged about 30 Years, of a middle Stature, fair Complexion, has a large Scar on his right Cheek, under his Eye, and several about his Head; has a proud strutting Walk, and his Knees stand somewhat in: He had on when he went away a short Wig, a darkish camblet Coat, a cloth Waistcoat without Sleeves, and Breeches of the same, a Pair of Rustan Breeches with brass Buttons, and grey Stockings: He may have other Cloaths, may probably change his Name, have a false Pass, and pretend to some other Trade.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, if taken in this County, shall have Ten Shillings more than the Law allows; if out of the County, Twenty Shillings; and if taken out of the Province, Two Pistoles, besides what the Law allows; and reasonable Charges; paid by

PATRICK CREACH.

Annapolis, April 26, 1749.

THIS is to give Notice to all those who have any Bonds in the Loan Office, that if they do not come and pay the Interests due upon the same, on or before the last Day of October next ensuing the Date hereof, the Commissioners, in Discharge of the Trust reposed in them by the Public, will think themselves obliged to enter up Judgment, and sue out Executions on the same; and this they are determined to do, unless those who are concerned take due Care to prevent it.

By Order of the Commissioners,

R. DORSEY, Clerk of the Pap. Cur. Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in Charles-Street; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper,



# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, September 27, 1749.

From the New-York WEEKLY POST-BOY,

NEW-YORK, August 28.

**T**HURSDAY and FRIDAY last the famous infamous vagrant TOM BELL made his appearance in this city, but being discovered a little sooner than he could wish, he left the place before Friday noon, otherwise would have been secured:— 'Tis somewhat surprizing that this fellow should continue rambling here in America, playing dishonest pranks; for as he is now pretty well known throughout the country, his impositions pass only upon innocent and unwary people; tho' several honest persons have suffered at times, because they have been suspected to be like him. He must certainly now be a pain to himself, as well as an injury to society; and as he seems almost incurable in that sort of life, it is not unlikely but his craft may one day fail him, and he have the just reward of his demerits on a triple tree.

The above Paragraph gave Occasion to the following Letter in the New-York EVENING-POST.

S I R, North-America; August 30, 1749.

IS impossible that I should be the derision of all the discerning world, for my impieties and absurdities: I should have thought that you, Sir, and some other certain gentlemen in this city (above all other persons), would not only inwardly detest and abhor malicious cowardly reflections and accusations, but have used all possible endeavours to hinder their influence. But to my great surprize, I find that the compiler and printer of the *Weekly Post Boy* is authoritatively and arbitrarily enjoin'd to accept of such materials, as my implacable and ungenerous enemies have intellects to frame, compose, and force upon the public, in order (rem, rem quæcumque modo rem) any how to render me as contemptible and impious in the eyes of the public, as they have by former and very late paragraphs made themselves appear impotent, inveterate, and ridiculous. The news-writer, at first sight, appears to be an entire stranger to truth and good manners, or he would not have been so barefaced as to have declared, that I was lately discover'd in this city before I could wish; whereas 'tis notoriously known, that I had made the most public appearance in town for upwards of ten days before the pretended discovery was made. The case is plain, there's no intricacy in it:—The hand of *Jest* is in all this; but there's no fence against a snail, therefore the author of the paragraph may lay about him in as wild a manner as he pleases, 'tis hardly possible to ward off the blow, he acts in obedience to authority; and his assertions and general charges of errors, crimes, and enormities (according as their malice and inveteracy dictate), are like false dice, he has run them as high and low as he thought might be pleasing and acceptable to his masters: I'll only remind the public of a former paragraph of his publishing, in April, 1746; it runs thus: 'Yesterday the famous and notorious cheat and impostor, Tom Bell, was committed to prison for selling a horse, which he had hired of a man on Long-Island: 'Tis said the man has sworn expressly to his person, notwithstanding which, he asserts his innocence with an undaunted front of matchless impudence.' When at the same time the substance of the oath only describ'd me, as having an eye like the man to whom the *Dutchman* had hired his horse: And by the printed and written advertisements dispersed up and down by the owner of the beast, the person, manner of expression, and composure of the real stranger was thus described; viz. 'A stout, sturdy, well set man, very much pock-broken, wearing very long straight sandy colour'd hair, a swore high, and drank hard; carried a bottle of Rum in his pocket, and by the roughness of his body and apparel seem'd

\* to be a privateer's man.' Agreeable to this description, I have the testimony of above fifty persons, the neighbouring inhabitants on Long-Island; and of my being in the province of New Jersey, in the town of Whippany, on March the 19th, 1746, being the day that the horse was hired, &c. 'Tis no wonder that innocent persons are taken to be like me, and have suffered, when this News-monger and his accomplices metamorphosize and transform me (*Proteus* like) into all shapes and appearances.

But I would be glad if this News-writer would inform me, who ever was confin'd three several times in two different goals; or put to great charge and expence, for being taken for me; as I have been for resembling the stranger who hired the horse, as just now related. I hope the eyes of the world are by this time opened, to see what strange relations this same Printer imposes on the Public, for their information and amusement; and what's worse, he still continues to entertain his customers with glaring ridiculous fables and scurrilities; larded with hard names and opprobrious language, with big sounding words, without any truth or signification, fit only to swell the throat of a bully, and keep up the buzz of a bear-garden quarrel.

However, I am entirely at a loss to know what the M—tes of this C—ty intend, wherein I never actually offended, and in which I have bought and paid for some score pounds worth of goods and merchandize for the space of twelve years; have sail'd as a foremast man out of this port; enlisted as a soldier in the neighbouring province; taught school in almost every government in America; survey'd land, &c. &c. notwithstanding I am treated here as if I was justly deemed either *Bel* or the *Dragon*, the destroyer or devourer of the lives and properties of mankind: Or, were I some hideous monster, horrible to behold, of a prodigious size, moity mixture, and of præternatural or diabolical production and offspring, I should not wonder that there appears in the countenances and behaviour of the inhabitants of this city, &c. so great a consternation as there does; for no sooner than I make my appearance in this city, but the alarm's given, TOM BELL's in Town!—Great is the company of them that publish it; misers, informers, and busy bodies, trudge space, and they that tarry at home protect and defend their mammon from falling a prey into the jaws of so voracious an animal: To arms! To arms! To arms! has been the loud and repeated cries of some, for the troubler of our Israel is again come amongst us! What shall be done to this incorrigible villain? Forthwith all their artillery is level'd against me. *Woe is me, that I sojourn in Melech, and dwell in the tents of Kedar; Behold, when I am for peace, they are for war.*

Thus I am hastily and closely pursued and chased from street to street, and from ward to ward, with the eyes of *Argus*, light as air, swift as an eagle, and innocent as a dove:—Yet, perhaps it may be objected, Why so much vigilancy and velocity, where there's so much innocency? The wicked flee, when only the sting of corporal punishments, which attends the perpetration of their wicked principles, pursues; when men of honour and conscience abide the strictest scrutiny and enquiry: Yet I rely upon't, it very often happens, that the innocent and righteous are obliged to flee, when every body pursues.

As to the generality of the inhabitants of this city, how they are inclined to treat me, I won't say; yet I cannot be persuaded but that I appear to the gentry and clergy, as an object of pity, and subject of prayer.——However, in the main I am strangely oppress'd on every side, when ever I reside a day or an hour in this city.——As to what may be expected from me by way of defence and reply, to the almost innumerable charges laid against me, by slanderers and haters of truth, 'twill be to no manner of purpose for me to answer. The world is no more satisfied, when I have a word to say in my own defence



and justification, than when I arraign myself, read my own indictment, and become my own executioner.

For my own part, by what I have seen and observed in my Caves or rambles through the *American* provinces, I have found the magistrates of every town and city, &c. busily employ'd within themselves, without wandering abroad amongst their neighbours and strangers for business, they have found tough work on't to reform and correct the reigning vices and irregularities of the times.

Therefore for the good gentlemen m—tes of this C—y, to suffer their time to be spent and lost, in debating and determining whether I am, or am not, an injury to this community; when for the space of twelve years it has not been in the power of any of my enemies to charge me justly with actually transgressing any act or law of this government; except the intentional design, &c. towards *Robert Livingston, Esq; junior*, transacted near eleven years ago, and for which I am to this day reproach'd; tho' that gentleman and the then commander in chief afforded me their generous pardons: Notwithstanding 'tis insinuated by some, that for that only offence I ought to be debar'd the liberty of the city, being still inclin'd (had I an opportunity) to abuse the same to the worst ends and purposes: However, I can't see how they could help themselves, if I should apply to that truly honourable and most worthy gentleman the c—f j—ce for relief; offering to his honour's acceptance such bail and security for my peaceable and honest behaviour, as the law of this province requires of persons of my romantic and comical humour and reputation; introducing myself at the same time as a splitter of wood and a drawer of water. However, I am not desirous to become an eye-sore amongst my enemies; as any degree of promotion or advancement of mine would soon become so conspicuous and glaring, as to be irresistible. But as the news writer imagines that I am almost incurable of my sort of life, I should take it as a particular favour of him to call upon the reformers of the times, to use their utmost efforts, in order to prevent my total and final ruin and destruction; as they never have yet done, except by prosecutions, imprisonments, censures, and reproaches, &c. —only calculated for, and adapted to the constitution, complexion, and disposition of incorrigible slaves and offenders, but is entirely lost upon persons of education, penetration, and of tractable and ingenious natures; and which has produced multitudes of hypocrites, but scarcely ever made a sincere convert. However, if the printer will act the part of a generous enemy, and recall his prediction, I'll yet further vehemently importune him to assure the public, that I am not wholly lost to all sense of honour and honesty, nor so far incorporated into vice and immorality, but what with a little indulgence, less assistance, a say-urable censure, and a generous pardon, I may be easily reclaim'd: But my enemies care for none of these things; but are rather inclinable to be obliged to my past crimes and offences, &c. for a part of their daily amusement and diversion: If so, I promise them, if they'll prevail upon any gentleman of ability and education to undertake to set my enormities and foibles in a fair public view, I'll furnish him with facts and materials, that so at least thereby the Printer may adorn his paper with realities and truths, and not expose his weakness and ill nature to the view of his honest customers. —But before I dismiss this tedious scrawl, gratitude and good manners loudly call upon me, to return my most hearty thanks and acknowledgements to the honourable, worthy, and charitable gentlemen, &c. of this city and province, for their generous and human benefactions and charities, unexpectedly and unmeritedly bestowed upon me for many years, and which is hence now most humbly and unfeignedly offered for their acceptance: And I do solemnly promise them, that from this day forward I'll use my utmost endeavours to introduce myself into some lawful, visible vocation and calling, and thereby convince the world, that 'tis hardly possible for a man, of my years, travels, and experience, and superficial education, for one that is master of three of the four cardinal virtues, &c. (tho' the chief of sinners) and who has skimmish'd under the denomination and comrade of *Alexander* and the beggar, by way of oddity and jocundity, with every province, and almost all the gentry and commonalty in *America*; I say, for me to blunder into the commission of any capital transgression, and thereby fulfil the prediction of l—g Printers, most wonderful wise authors, and ridiculous prophecies, would be insatiation with vengeance.

I am yours &c. T. BELL.

N. B. If any gentlemen, being merchant, owner, or commander of any ship, brigantine, sloop, or other trading vessel, bound to any port in *North-America*, wants an able and experienced pilot or sailor, they may be supplied, by applying to

The slander'd and unworthy Person of T. BELL.

ROME. May 27, O. S.

THE governor of Benevento has sent a courier to the Pope, with advice that the Neapolitan deserters detained in the castle, mutinied and took up arms; but that they are secured again, and more closely confined. It's assured that the negotiation with the court of Naples, concerning these deserters, is finish'd, and that the king of the Two Sicilies is to pay 500 ducats to this court, instead of 18000 which were demanded. There is, however, one article still undecided, that the ministry of Naples strongly insists upon, which is, That there should be always a Neapolitan officer at Benevento, and that the governor of that town should be obliged to deliver up to him all the deserters from the king's troops, which should retire there for the future.

Several merchants of this city have been greatly alarmed at the news which they have received, that M. Corboli, a great banker at Florence, was become a bankrupt for no less a sum than 170,000 crowns; and that two merchants at Leghorn, who were reputed immensely rich, had followed his unhappy example.

Vienna, June 3. An express arrived a few days ago from Fereburg informs us, that the troops in Livonia, and the adjacent countries, are so numerous that it is very difficult to find quarters for them; but that it is nevertheless taken for granted, that their number will scarce be diminished before the month of October next. It was this day declared at court, that the empress queen is with child.

Aix in Provence, June 10. The corn here is quite spoiled, and therefore expect a very bad harvest, by which means the prices of all sorts of grain rise considerably at Marseilles; as it is so, their greatest dependence is to be supplied from England.

Frankfort, June 11. Yesterday Sophia Zengerim, who had belonged to a nunnery at Wurzburg, and had been promoted to be sub priores, was executed at that place for divers forgeries. Her right hand was cut off first, then her head, and afterwards her body burnt.

#### L O N D O N.

June 24. Thursday the commissioners of the navy contracted for several transports to carry tools, and other materials, to Nova Scotia.

The following is a true list of the names of those to whom his majesty was pleased to give the vacant garters; his royal highness prince George; the Margrave of Anspach Brandenburg; the duke of Bedford; the duke of Leeds; the earl of Granville; and the earl of Albemarle. They are to be installed at Windsor the first of August, by their graces the dukes of Portland and Kingston, the two junior knights of that most noble order.

The politicians in Italy have furnished us, by the last mail, with a scheme more extraordinary than that which was the subject of their former dispatches. It seems they are satisfied, that the royal Infant does not think his new establishment worth keeping after all the blood and treasure spent to obtain it, and therefore it is now to be disposed of in the following manner; the duchy of Parma is to be given to the Genoese in exchange for the island of Corsica, which will be very convenient for Spain. His Sardinian Majesty is to have Placentia for a valuable consideration; and the duke of Modena, Guastalla, as a recompence for his losses. As for the royal Infant, it is supposed that he will find an equivalent of another kind elsewhere.

The following men of war are commission'd by the lords of the admiralty at Plymouth, to be guard ships, viz. the Mars, Capt. Rogers; the Vanguard, the hon. John Hamilton; the Eagle, Capt. Richard Collins; the Monmouth, Capt. George Edgcombe; the Assistance, Cap. Matthew Buckle; and the St. Alans, the hon. John Biron.

This day an express arrived from Portsmouth with an account, that admiral Knowles, in his majesty's ship Cornwall, and the Stafford, were arrived at Spithead.

Letters from Genoa of the 2d of this month acquaint us, that the galleys of the Republic have lately taken, in the gulph of St. Boniface, between Corsica and Sardinia, four galliots or feluccas of Tunis, having each of them 35 men on board, all of which are made slaves, except 15 that were kill'd in the fight.

On Tuesday his majesty, attended in council, finally set aside the affair of the Genoese losses in the late war.

Among the presents designed for the Bey of Algiers, there is a model of a sixty gun man of war, built at Chatham, said to have cost 12001, a chariot of curious workmanship, and two sets of remarkable fine horses.

The Hornet sloop of war sailed as a convoy to the transports destined for Gibraltar; and general Bland embarked on board for his government there.

A great



A great many transports have been taken into the government's service; they are said to be destined for carrying a great number of German families to settle in the American colonies.

By a private letter from Vienna, dated the first of June, we are informed, that they have advices from several places in the Upper Hungary, that upon the coming in of warm weather, the locusts have begun again to appear; and that upon examining one of those balls, which has been hitherto taken for an egg, but which in reality, is a cluster of their eggs, there have been found in it no less than sixty young ones. They are likewise extremely plagued with water snakes, which come out of the Danube, and spread themselves not only over their fields and gardens, but also creep into their houses, which gives them inexpressible trouble.

They have received advice, that the Russian auxiliaries, which lately marched through Poland, instead of entering, as it was said they would, the duchy of Courland, have taken quarters of refreshment, to avoid giving umbrage to a neighbouring power. The elector of Cologne will certainly make a journey to Rome.

St. JOHN'S, Antigua, July 21.

On Monday last about 4 o'clock in the morning, we were suddenly alarm'd by two violent shocks of an earthquake, which were felt over the whole Island, and on board the vessels in the harbour, tho' not a ground. The last shock is said to have been as great as any ever known here, yet we don't hear of any damage done by it.

August 4. The brig, Kingston, Cap. Drout, from Philadelphia, bound to this port, was wreck'd on Barbuda, at 3 o'clock on Monday morning last. With all the assistance that could be given very little of her cargo, which consists chiefly of flour, will be saved.

PHILADELPHIA, August 31

By the last post from New York, we had accounts of several robberies lately committed in that government. 'Tis now supposed some of the gang who committed them may have removed hither. For last Friday evening, a chair, in which Mr. Thomas Green and Mr. Jacob Kollock, were coming to town, was stopp'd on the road, and their money demanded by two men on foot with pistols. They took from Mr. Green a dollar, and some small bills, and his silver shoe buckles. Soon after this, the same fellows met a Dutchman coming to town, and robb'd him also of what money he had. In the evening, Mr. Green's son, who was an horseback with his Father when robbed, saw the two men pass by his father's door, as they were coming into town, and called out Robb'thieves, they ran forward, but were immediately pursued and taken in the street; and carried before William Allen, Esq; where they were search'd, and two pistols found on them, loaded with cut slug shot, and pistol bullets, with the money taken from Mr. Green, and one of his shoe buckles; during their examination, another pistol, dropt by one of them when he was taken, was brought in, loaded likewise. They were committed to prison. Their names Thomas Fielding and James Johnson, said to be sailors. The next day their chests were searched, and several things of value found; particularly two silver spoons, mark'd T. F. but had another mark, rubbed out, and the T. F. put over it; some good ruffled shirts, and several good coats, waistcoats, &c. thought not to be their own, as they are very fine, and not made fit for the men. It is apprehended there are more of them in a gang, as two men, unknown, were lately at Mr. Rushe's a gun smith, enquiring for six pair of pocket pistols, to make up twelve pair, having, as they said, got six pair at some other place.

The same evening the above robberies were committed, Capt. Dorrell's cabin was robbed of his wearing cloaths, silver shoe and knee buckles, and a loaf of sugar; and Mr. Peter Bard's Kitchen of some valuable linen.

In the night, between Saturday and Sunday, several fellows were observed lurking about Mr. Allen's House, and attempting to get in; but were frighten'd away by his dogs.

And on Sunday night a house in Third street was attempted to be broke open, but the villains did not succeed.

We hear also, that a few evenings since, a man was attacked on Society Hill, and a pistol clapt to his breast, by a single rogue, who demanded his money; but being near the houses, he found means to escape, without being robb'd.

It is but a few weeks since two men were hang'd at New-castle for housebreaking; which it seems has not been sufficient to deter others from the same practices.

Several skulking fellows have been also seen within these few days on the roads near the town, suspected from their actions to

be of the same trade; but prevented in their designs, by the frequent appearance of travellers coming up.

Friday last came to town Mr. George Croghan from Ohio river, whither he lately went, on the report we had of some French from Canada, intending an expedition to those parts, in order to deprive us of that trade, and to endeavour to take back some Indians, who had left them to settle there. The Indians received Mr. Croghan very kindly, told him the French had been with them some time before, and brought them a belt of wampum from the governor of Canada, requesting that they would not trade with the English; but that they had treated them with a great deal of contempt, and answer'd, That as long as there were one of them left, they would continue to trade with the English; on which they left them, and went to a settlement of Twightwees, to try to persuade them to return to their old habitations; but found them as firmly attach'd to the English as the others, having fortified their town, and determined to defend themselves, while any of them were left, rather than return to the French.

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

By the Subscriber in Queen Anne's County, on Monday the 20th Day of November next,

A Grist Mill and Saw Mill, with several Utensils thereunto belonging, as Carriage Whees, &c. situated on the Red Lion Creek, within half a Mile of navigable Water on Chester River, with Water for small Craft up to the Mill: The Stream is exceeding good for Merchants and Country Business. The Sale to be on the Premises. — JAMES ROBASS.

## JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be Sold by the Printer hereof, (Price 7s. 6d.)

VOTES and PROCEEDINGS of the Last Session of Assembly of this Province.

September 20. 1749.

RAN away from the Subscribers on Elk Ridge in Anne Arundel County, on the 4th of this Instant September, the two following Servants; viz.

Robert Harrison, a Convict, lately imported in the Ship Prince Frederick, James Carwley Commander; he is a middle siz'd, pert, bold looking Fellow, about 24 Years of Age, much pitted with the Small Pox: He had on, and carried with him, an old blue cloth Coat with yellow metal Buttons, a new white cotton Waistcoat, a Pair of strip'd flannel Breeches, a Pair of Linnen ditto, a Pair of worsted Stockings, a Pair of thread ditto, a white Shirt, an Osnabrigs ditto, a Cassin Hat half worn, and new Shoes; he may have a false Pass, and other Things unknown, and is supposed to have stolen a sword and Belt.

He took with him a Negro Fellow named Joe, short and well-set, full faced, under 30 Years of Age, and speaks pretty good English: He had on, and carried with him a Country cloth black and white Coat, much worn, trimm'd with metal Buttons, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a coarse Shirt, a new Felt Hat, and other Things unknown.

Whoever takes up the said Runaways, and brings them to their Masters on Elk Ridge aforesaid, shall have Twenty Shillings for each, if taken in Anne Arundel County; if taken in any other County, Forty Shillings; and if taken out of the Province, Four Pounds; besides what the Law allows.

HENRY RIDGELY, Senior.

HENRY RIDGELY, Junior.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at Public Sale, on Saturday the 7th of October, at the House of William Rogers, at Baltimore Town,

Several Tracts of Land, with good Improvements, well Timber'd and Water'd; with good Buildings, Orchards, &c. containing in all 14 or 1500 Acres, lying in Baltimore County: Also a Parcel of Slaves, consisting of Men, Women, and Children: All to be sold for Sterling or Paper Money, or good Bills of Exchange.

HENRY MORAN.

N. B. There are also to be disposed of at the several Plantations, Cattle, Horses, all sorts of Plantation Utensils, &c. and Corn if wanted.

Any Person may purchase at private Sale, if desired.



September 20, 1749.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber a Convict Servant Man named *John McDonald*, a Bricklayer by Trade: He had on when he went away a light Sagathy Frock, an Osnabrigs Jacket, and blue Cloth Breeches, a Pair of Yarn Stockings, London Fall Shoes, and Buckles, and an old Castor Hat: He is a well set Fellow, of a low Stature, a fresh Complexion, is a West Country Man, and wears his own Hair. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows.

WILLIAM CHAPMAN.

**R**AN away on the 21st of August last, from the Subscribers living in *Westmoreland County, Virginia*, the three following Servants; viz.

*John Wigley*, a West Country Man, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, well made, of a ruddy Complexion, pock-fretten, and understands Farming; he left his usual Apparel behind him: He has Marks on one of his Arms above the Elbow, done with Indian Ink, supposed to be I W. He has short brown Hair, if not cut off; and is a very palavering Fellow. He was imported in the Ship *Litchfield* about a Year ago, is a great Rogue, and attempted once before to make his Escape.

*Edmund Cryer*, alias *Grievous*, a very good Shoemaker, given to drinking and whoring, is very handy at Planters Business, and will pretend to be a Sailor; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, thin faced, and a good Complexion, when well. They took with them a Gun, with the Name of *Braxier* upon the Lock, and a Parcel of Shoemakers Tools: His Apparel is unknown. He has been in the Country about four Years, attempted once before to escape, was born at *Leeds in Yorkshire*, has been on board a Man of War, is a very impudent active Fellow, and quarrellsome in Liquor.

*Rebecca Wooley*, a lusty Irishwoman; she can sew, wash, and iron, very well, is very big with Child, has been in the Country upwards of two Years, and has been burnt in the Hand; she is of a ruddy Complexion, and a surly Temper. She took with her a straw-colour'd fatten Gown, a *Virginia* cloth Gown, two *Virginia* cloth Petticoats, and a red Cloak. The said *Cryer* and *Wooley* will pass for Man and Wife.

The said three Servants stole, and took with them, a large Pettibugre, with a Hole burnt in her Gunnel; and it is supposed they have some Silver Plate, but in small Pieces, and melted up.

Whoever secures the said Runaways, so that they be delivered at the Subscribers Houses in *Westmoreland County* aforesaid, shall have two Pistoles Reward for each of the Men, and one Pistole for the Woman, besides what the Law allows.

GEORGE LEE,  
RICHARD LEE.

**T**HE Schooner belonging to *Isaac Webster* and Company, at *Buff River* in *Baltimore County*, being lately in *James River, Virginia*; one *Crawford*, a Sailor on board the said Vessel, took in there a young Negro, which he is supposed to have stolen, by his secreting, and afterwards selling him to *George Lawson* of *Cecil County*. On Discovery of his bringing the above-mentioned Negro, the said *Crawford* has absconded.

*Baltimore-Town, August 31, 1749.*

**W**HEREAS Mr. *Jonathan Forward*, Merchant in *London*, hath declined the *Maryland* Business, in Favour of Messrs *Sidenham* and *Hodgson*, and wants to make a final Settlement with his old Correspondents: All Persons indebted to him in this Province, are desired to come and settle their respective Accounts, and pay off their Ballances, by the first Day of October next; whereby they will greatly oblige

their humble Servant,

DARBY LUX, { Attorney in Fact  
to J. Forward.

**T**HE Subscriber, living in the City of *Annapolis*, near the House of *William Cumming*, Esq; carries on the Business of Stay Making; where Ladies and others may be supplied with all Sorts of Stays, done in the best and neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates, for Ready Money only.

CHARLES WALLACE.

**A** Well minded Servant Woman, having about Three Years to serve, to be Sold either for Tobacco or Current Money; she can card, spin, knit, and sew; and is a good Cook. For further Particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM ROBERTS.

**S**Tolen, or given out by Mistake, from the Subscriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, some Time ago, two Silver Watches: One of them is a sizeable Watch, the Maker's Name on the Inside, *Joseph Smith, Bristol*; the Number (supposed to be 20; but not certain; the Ballance work'd in a Steel Hand, fix'd in the Cock, which was Silver. The other is a large old-fashioned Watch, the Maker's Name *Joshua Cabbam, Dublin*.

If any Gentleman is possessed of either of the said Watches through Mistake, they are requested to return them; or if stolen, whoever will bring them, or either of them, to the Subscriber, shall have Four Pounds Reward for the first-mentioned Watch, and Forty Shillings for the other. JOHN INCH.

To be SOLD, or LET, in Partnership or Otherwise,

**A** Good Brewhouse, situated in the City of *Annapolis*, with most Conveniencies for carrying on the Business of Brewing, Malting, and Distilling; together with one or two Acres of Ground adjoining thereto. For further Particulars, enquire of

PATRICK CREAGH.

**L**OST by the Subscriber, within a Month past, but not miss'd 'til lately, a Silver Watch, with a Silver Chain, the Maker's Name *John Clark, London*; the Number forgot. Whoever will bring the said Watch to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward. PATRICK CREAGH.

**T**HE Printer of this Paper being in great want of Money, begs of those who are indebted to him, to Pay as soon as they conveniently can.

#### JUST IMPORTED

By WILLIAM GOVARE, and to be SOLD by Wholesale, at his House near *Annapolis*, for Ready Money, or short Credit, at the cheapest Rates,

**C**HOICE *Barbadoes, Antigua, and New-England Rum*, Loaf-ugar, Best *Barbadoes* Potted Ditto, Fine *Muscovado* Ditto, Iron Pots, Kettles, and Skillets, Train Oil, &c. &c.

**T**O BE RUN FOR, on the Race-Ground near the City of *Annapolis*, on Friday the 29th Day of September instant;

**A**PURSE of the value of TWENTY POUNDS Currency, Three Heats, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, bred in this Province, to carry Seven Stone.

The said Horses, Mares, or Geldings, to be entered the preceding Day, by XII of the Clock, with *James Green* at *Annapolis*, and to pay each Twenty Shillings Entrance, for the Benefit of the Second Best.

All Disputes to be determined by the Mayor and Aldermen present.

*Annapolis, July 3, 1749.*

**T**HE Subscriber intending to depart this Province early in the Fall, gives this public Notice. And all Persons indebted to him, or Mr. *James Johnson*, late of this Place, Merchant, by Bonds, Notes of Hand, or open Accounts, are desired to pay off and settle the same; which will prevent them Trouble from

ROBERT SWAN.

*Annapolis, April 26, 1749.*

**T**HIS is to give Notice to all those who have any Bonds in the Loan-Office, that if they do not come and pay the Interests due upon the same, on or before the last Day of October next ensuing the Date hereof, the Commissioners, in Discharge of the Trust reposed in them by the Public, will think themselves obliged to enter up Judgment, and sue out Executions on the same; and this they are determined to do, unless those who are concerned take due Care to prevent it.

By Order of the Commissioners,

R. DORSEY, Clerk of the Pay. Car. Office.