

## The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII<sup>d</sup> Year.]

THURSDAY, January 1, 1767.

[N<sup>o</sup>. 1112.]

V E N I C E, September 19.

**T**HE Regency of Tripoli has given Salt to the Value of 10,000 Sequins, and other Goods to the Amount of 4000, and refitted the Ships belonging to the Squadron which we sent there, by Way of Indemnification for the Damage which their Corsairs did our Subjects. They saluted our Squadron with 27 Guns when it entered the Port of Tripoli, and the Senator Nany, who commanded it, was treated with great Honour by the Bey. This Squadron will leave Tripoli the 22d Instant, in Order to return hither.

The Senate has rewarded the Commander Nany, by creating him a Knight of the Golden Star; and our Consul at Tripoli with a Present of 1000 Sequins, besides a Pension of 100 Sequins per Annum, for his Behaviour upon this Occasion.

Paris, Sept. 27. Since the unfortunate Expedition of Larache, an Exchange of the Prisoners which fell into the Hands of the King of Morocco has been Negotiating, and we were in Hopes was almost brought to a happy Conclusion; but we have lately received Advice, that the Barbarian King will not listen to any reasonable Proposition, that he expects to have all our Prisoners redeemed at once, and demands a Ransom of 18,000 Livres for each of them.

September 29. Last Thursday, the King was present at a wild Bear Hunt in Compeign Wood, and was going to fire on one of those Animals; but the Piece misfired; and the Bear attacked the Horse which his Majesty rode on, and wounded him on the Flank. The Horse kept on his Feet, and happily the King received no Hurt.

Munster, May 30. The Situation of the Inhabitants of the neighbouring Garrison of Ajaccio is become very critical. A Ballad was lately composed, and sung in the Streets there, in Honour of Liberty and our Country. The Genoese Commissary considering this as an Insult, had it strictly prohibited; in Consequence of which a Mob ensued, and a Man of the Name of Capponi, has been Hanged. Reports have been spread, as if the Citizens of Ajaccio had conspired against the French Garrison; to which they have always shown the most respectful Attention. The greatest Difficulties and Jealousy prevails among the Citizens of Ajaccio, many of whom, and those of the first Rank, have retired to this Place, where they can live in greater Security and Freedom.

Copenhagen, Oct. 4. On the 18th Instant the Marriage Ceremony between their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Sweden, and the Princess Sophia Magdalena of Denmark, was Celebrated by Proxy, in the Chapel Royal of Christianburg, in Copenhagen. Prince Frederick of Denmark was Proxy upon this Occasion.

A succession of Entertainments has since been given by the Court, and the Ministers of the Council. The Swedish Ambassador is to have the Honour of presenting one to the Royal Family tomorrow: He is to accompany the Princess to Helsholm, on Wednesday, the 7th Instant.

Ratisbon, Oct. 2. There is much Talk here of a triple Alliance which is on the tapis between Great Britain, Russia, and a third Power; and it is added that three other Powers will be invited to accede thereto. This triple Alliance will probably induce two powerful States to enter into a still closer League.

## L O N D O N.

Sept. 24. In the Ship Peter, Capt. Christopher Smith, from New-York, arrived lately one Mrs. Wilson, aged upwards of 104 Years. She was remarkably cheerful and hearty on the Voyage, excepting for a few Days that she had a slight Fever. Having no Surgeon on board, the Mate of the Ship bled her, and she got quite well again. She has her Memory perfect, diverted the Captain and Passengers with old Stories, and her own History. She is a Native of Northumberland, where she was married, had three Children at one Birth, who were all married in one Day by one Parson, are all alive now in that County, with upwards of Twenty Children. Her Husband being in the Army, was ordered to North-America, where she went with him. When he died she fixed her Residence at

New-York, where she supported herself by letting Lodgings for Fifty-one Years. She praises the Climate so much that she has bespoke a Passage out with the same Captain next Spring, being extremely thankful to him and his Mate for their care of her on her Voyage, and during her indisposition. She assures him of a good Passage when she is on board, having been always lucky. Her Erand to England was to see her Children and Grandchildren, and to save Time, went out of the Peter in a small Boat, and went up the Side of a large Light

on the 2nd of Yesterday Evening, at Half an Hour past 12 o'Clock, her Royal Highness Princess Matilda, was married at the Chapel Royal, at St. James's; his Royal Highness the Duke of York was Proxy for the King of Denmark, and the Ceremony was performed by his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury.

This Morning at a Quarter past Six her Majesty the Queen of Denmark, set out from Carlton House, Pall-mall, for Harwich, accompanied by his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, the Right Hon. Lady Mary Boothby, and Count de Bothmar, her Majesty's Vice Chamberlain, and a Train of Three Coaches, escorted by Parties of the Light Horse, Horse Grenadiers, and Life Guards, and a numerous Train of Domestics and Attendants.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, July 15. "It has been rumoured here, that the Corsicans have of late been building a Number of flat-bottomed Boats, with Intention to make a Descent upon Genoa, with a Body of 30,000 Men, and by one bold Stroke revenge the Severities which they have so long suffered from their old Oppressors."

For these several Weeks past Expresses have been continually coming and going between Genoa and Paris, as it is said that the Court of France, displeased on many Accounts with the Genoese Senate, has threatened to recall the Troops now stationed in the Garrison of Genoa. If that should take Place, it is said that the Genoese are determined to throw themselves into the Arms of a certain Northern Potentate, who wants only a Pretext to get a Footing in Italy; and has of late while he appeared as if in a profound Slumber, been meditating a Project which the hardiest Politicians will be astonished at. In short, Whispers are passing across the Continent, as if such Designs were on the Carpet as have not been thought of since the Days of the Goths.

Oct. 4. By Letters in Yesterday's French Mail from Cadix and Madrid, we have undoubted Accounts, that the Ransom of the Manilla was happily settled between that Court and ours; in Consequence of which, an Express was sent to Vera Cruz, ordering the Flota to sail for Europe; which had been detained by order of the Spanish Court, some little Time before, inasmuch that the Express met the Flota, after being at Sea three Days, and returned to Vera Cruz, and unloaded the Treasure, until further Orders.

Yesterday his Royal Highness Prince Henry, the King's youngest Brother, kissed his Majesty's Hand, on being created Duke of Cumberland. As did likewise

The Right Hon. the Earl of Northumberland, on being created Duke of Northumberland. It is said his Grace will also be appointed Groom of the Stole.

Yesterday Morning a Messenger arrived at St. James's, with the agreeable News that her Majesty the Queen of Denmark arrived at Harwich, in perfect Health, at 4 o'Clock on Thursday last.

At present there are nine Princes and Princesses Royal of the Crown of Great Britain, and nine Princes and Princesses in the second Degree, all Descendants of our late illustrious Sovereign King George the Second and Queen Caroline. There has not been at one Time so numerous a Royal Issue of England since the Conquest, to the great joy of all true Protestants.

It is said the Sum of 20,000l. per Annum, which the late Duke of Cumberland enjoyed before the Rebellion, will be settled by Parliament on the present Duke.

Oct. 7. It is said the Earl of Bath was offered a Ducal Coronet, but at present declined it.

A Letter from Dublin, dated Sept. 27, says "It is with Pleasure we hear, that a very great Personage has declared, that for the future no Blatant or Pension will be granted in England upon the Establishment of this Kingdom, either for Life or Years."

The petty Officers on board Admiral Cornish's Squadron at taking the Manilla, it is said, will share Six Hundred Dollars per Man, when the Ransom is paid.

October 9. Letters from Madrid advise, that the Earthquake in the Island of Cuba (which lasted near seven Minutes) had entirely swallowed up the Quarries of Free-Stone and Chalk-Pits in the Neighbourhood of St. Jago; the Inhabitants of which City all abandoned their Houses, and took Refuge in the open Fields, others in the Barracks erected in the great Square of the City, in some of which the Host had been deposited. This Calamity happened on the 11th of June last, about Midnight; though there were not above Forty Lives lost, yet the Number of the Maimed and Wounded was far more considerable. The same Earthquake was pretty violent at Bayamo, a Port in that Island, and slight Shocks continued to be felt when the Accounts came away.

Letters from Bologna say, that the Differences between the Courts of Rome and Florence, on Account of certain Ecclesiastical Immunities, claimed within Tuscany by the former, increase every Day; the Grand Duke being determined not to acknowledge them, and furthermore to establish in Tuscany and its Dependencies, a mixed Tribunal, like that of Naples.

They write from St. John's, Newfoundland, that Admiral Pelisser had issued Orders for all French Ships, on departing the Coast, to remove their Stages, Pithing-Tackle, and Boats, from the Islands of St. Peter's and Miquelon, on Pain of being destroyed, if found on Shore by any of his Majesty's Cruisers.

Oct. 11. We hear that his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland will have the first Troop of Horse Guards that shall become vacant.

The three following Articles are inserted in one of this Morning's Papers:

"We have the great Pleasure of offering our Readers, that the Queen's being brought to Bed of a Princess, was a Circumstance most fervently wished and prayed for by their Majesties, and the whole Royal Family."

"A Northern young Potentate, when on the Eve of Marriage with an amiable Princess, wrote a Letter with his own Hand to his intended Royal Bride, in which, amongst other gallant Expressions, we have it strongly affirmed to us, is the following: 'With a Crown you gain too a Heart, not, I trust, unworthy your possessing; and though you lose a Parent and a Brother, you may be assured of meeting with all the Tenderness of both, and something yet beyond it, in the warm Affection of a Husband.'"

"It is confidently said, that the Public are very materially (it has been said almost solely) indebted to the Ardor and persuasive Eloquence of the Right Hon. Charles Townshend, for that timely Embargo which gives such general Satisfaction; and which, we are further informed, was chiefly drawn up by him."

Extract of a Letter from Genoa, dated Sept. 17.

On the 11th of this Month, a Courier arrived here from Vienna, in five Days, with Dispatches for our Government. Letters from Madrid advise, that the Emperor of Morocco is negotiating a Treaty of Commerce and Friendship between his State and those of his Catholic Majesty.

These Letters also, that the Differences between England and Spain, on the Subject of the Manilla Ransom, are at length amicably terminated; that in Consequence thereof, the Court of Madrid will pay 70,000 Pieces, that is to say, 30,000 on the Arrival of the Spanish Fleet from the Indies, and 40,000 in two other Payments, at a stipulated Time.

An Express is also arrived at Madrid, dispatched from London by the Spanish Ambassador, with Advice that an English Man of War, lately arrived at London, sailed into the Gulf of Florida, with the Spanish Fleet which is returning from the East-Indies to Cadix.



The great Regard which the Government has shown to the Laws of the Land, and their Unwillingness to take any Step that seemed contrary to them, is very manifest in their Orders about preventing the further Exportation of Corn, and must give a very sensible Pleasure to all true Englishmen. Nothing but the Preservation of the People from the dreadful Misery of a Famine, could induce the Government to exert the Power of the Royal Prerogative, and prevail upon them to lay an Embargo on all Ships laden with Wheat and Flour; and the Necessity of such Measures is so very apparent, that even those who may be injured by it, cannot but own the Rectitude of it. Never was the Royal Prerogative more apparently exerted for the Good of the People than on this Occasion, as the happiest Consequences may be expected from it. The Price of Corn will of Course immediately fall considerably, and the Poor, who were induced by their Distresses to rise tumultuously in almost every County, to the Danger of their own Lives, and the Loss of all Order, will now be able to get Bread at a reasonable Rate, and, consequently, we shall hear no more of such dangerous Riots. May every future Government shew the same tender Regard for the Laws as the present have done; and may the Royal Prerogative be ever exerted on the like Occasions, for the manifest Good of the People, as it hath been now.

It is said the Sum of £. 15,000 per Annum, which the late Duke of Cumberland enjoyed before the Rebellion, will be settled by Parliament on the present Duke.

It is worth Observation, that in all human Probability, the Attention of Parliament will be little less deeply engaged the next Session, with the Affairs of the EAST, than it was in the last with those of the WEST; as well as, that the *Honor and Right of Great-Britain* will be the principal Points in Agitation in the ensuing Enquiry, as they were in the former One.

A Scheme is said to be under Consideration for introducing an equitable and easy Land-Tax throughout the British Provinces in North-America, which, without distressing the Subjects, will more than compensate for the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

One Robert Webber, capital Convicted at last Maidstone Assizes, for a Robbery on board the Medway Man of War, but reprieved by his Majesty to be Transported, made strong Instances to be rather Hanged, promising to make great Discoveries were he permitted to die: However he was Transported with other Convicts, and left behind him the following Confession.

*Maidstone Goal, Sept. 11, 1766.*

"This is to Certify whom it may Concern, that I would have made a full Discovery of the Destruction of the temporary Bridge in April 1758; and in 1757 of a Burglary committed in the House of Mr. Christopher Hay, now Keeper of the Poultry Compter; and of another Burglary committed in the House of Mr. P. W—ll, for which Sir John Fielding offered a Reward of £. 40; it was committed in January 1764; and another Burglary committed on the 5th of January 1765, in the House of Mr. Moses Christaine, a Jew, in Leadenhall-Street, for which a Reward was offered by Sir William Stevenson of £. 100 from the City, and £. 50 from the Lord."

Oct. 14. By an Express arrived on Friday from our Ambassador at Paris, Prince Ferdinand has refused every Thing the French had offered him, viz. the same as Marshal Saxe had, Generalissimo of the Army, and Prince of the Blood.

His Majesty has been pleased to allow his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland 9000*l.* per Annum out of the Civil List, to commence from the 10th of this Instant October.

There is Advice from Berlin, of the 30th of last Month, that his Prussian Majesty had not only confirmed Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, in the Dignity of Dean of the Church of Magdeburgh, but had likewise granted to that Prince, who was already Provost of St. Sebastian's, in the same City, the Ensigns of a particular Order, being a Golden Cross, enamelled with white, and crowned; charged on one Side with four sable Crofiers, and on the other with a Figure of the Patron of the Church. At each of the four Extremities of the Cross is his Majesty's Cypher.

Private Letters from Hamburgh mention, that a fresh War between the Houses of A— and B— was expected soon to break out, and it is conjectured that S— is the Bone of Contention between those two Powers.

Letters from Constantinople, by the Way of Leghorn, advise, that the Porte were no longer under any Apprehensions from the Georgian Re-

bels, having received undoubted Intelligence, that Prince Heraclius had retired to the Desiles of his own Country, on the Approach of a numerous Body of Turkish Troops.

A Minister from the Emperor of Morocco is daily expected in Town from Gibraltar, on Affairs of Importance.

CHARLES-TOWN, (*South-Carolina*) Nov. 24.

Tuesday last, about One o'Clock P. M. a very uncommon Phenomenon was observed in the Air, by many People here, and many other and distant Parts of the Province. It was first observed as a large Ball of Fire, projected along, with great Velocity, in a Direction from S. E. to N. W. and then to break or burst, when a large Body of Smoke and Vapor was seen to be thrown up higher in the Air. When it burst, it seemed to be about 50 or 55 Degrees of Altitude; and from the Time that the Explosion was seen, to the Time that the Report was heard, several Minutes passed, some say 5, some 6, and others 7 Minutes, but as no one made any accurate Observations, there can be no certain Time fixed on. The Medium, however, of the several Conjectures, as to the Time between seeing the Ball or Fire burst, and hearing the Report, makes the Distance, by the common Computation, at least 70 Miles from Charles-Town; and yet so great was the Effect of this Explosion in the Air, at that great Distance, in shaking all the Houses so severely, as to make many think it was an Earthquake, particularly those who had been accustomed to the peculiar Noise of Earthquakes. The Noise of the Explosion seemed like the Report of two very large great Guns, at no great Distance, very quickly fired one after the other.—We learn that it was heard, equally loud, 70 Miles S. W. and W. of Charles-Town, and the same Distance N. and every where surprised People, with the uncommon Noise and violent Shake of the Houses; and that the Cattle scattered about in the Fields and Woods, were observed immediately to collect themselves together in Bodies.—What this extraordinary Meteor was, or whence it arose; whether it broke upwards from the Earth; or, whether it arose from some fortuitous and sudden Congestion of igneous and inflammable Materials in the Atmosphere, we have not as yet, Date enough to determine exactly: But shall be glad to receive further Information and Observations from the Curious.

Dec. 1. A Beacon is forthwith to be erected upon Middle Bay Island, near the Bar, to be built of Brick, 115 Feet high, with a Lanthorn on the Top, so that it may occasionally serve as a Light-house, which will be of very great Service to the Navigation.

It has been lately reported in the Cherokee Country, that the Chickesahs have joined the Chactahs in their War against the Creeks, and surprised and destroyed three of their Upper Towns, with all the Inhabitants. But this Report, at present, seems to want Confirmation.

QUEBEC, November 24.

Friday last were brought to this Town, by the Provost Marshal of the District of Montreal, six Persons of considerable Note in that Place, as well English as French, charged with having been concerned in the Assassination of Thomas Walker, on the 6th of December, 1764. We hear there are Orders issued for apprehending several others.

HALIFAX, November 28.

Yesterday Evening arrived in the Glasgow Man of War, his Excellency the Right Honourable William Campbell, Captain-General and Governor in Chief of this Province; and this Day his Excellency was sworn into the Government with the usual Solemnities.

BOSTON, December 11.

We hear that on Saturday Evening last, the House of Mr. Tucker, of Cumberland, near Providence, was consumed to Ashes, and himself and Two Children burnt therein. It is thought the Fire was occasioned by a Candle left with the Children when put to Bed: There was a Quantity of Flax in the Room, and the Children calling out Fire! Mr. Tucker went up and threw some Water on the Flax; which occasioned so much Smoke, that it suffocated him and the Children.

Saturday last the Bill, intituled as follows, An Act for granting Compensation to the Sufferers, and of free and general Pardon, Indemnity and Oblivion to the Offenders in the late Times, passed both Houses of Assembly now sitting here; to which his Excellency was pleased to sign his Consent the same Day.

The House it is said passed Resolutions to the following Effect, previous to sending up the Bill. That the Grant was made in loyal and grateful Regard to his Majesty's mild and gracious Recom-

mendation, for the sake of internal Peace and Order, but without any Regard to the Governor's Interpretation, and under a full Persuasion the Sufferers had no just Claim or Demand of Right against the Province; and that those of them who applied Home, instead of first applying here, are very reprehensible. That the Resolves of Assembly here last Year could not be the Occasion of Riots two Months preceding.

We hear the Assembly were almost unanimously for the Dismission of Richard Jackson, Esq; from the Agency of this Province. The Vote in the House was carried by 81 against 6, yet the Governor has not assented. So hard is it to get rid of an Agent. This should serve for a proper Caution for the future.

NEW-YORK,

December 18. We are well assured from New-Jersey, that upon the News of the several Ships coming from England to Load Wheat, and its raising the Price to a Dollar a Bushel, that one single Farmer at Rariton, brought to Market One Thousand Bushels:—This proves that there might be Plenty of Wheat in this Country, if we had but Farmers enough.—And notwithstanding the Dearness of Provisions in general here, it shews only Money is wanting to procure them: For several of those Ships are already loaded and sailed with Wheat, both from this Place and Philadelphia, and it has been brought to Market since in such Plenty, that the Price has fell considerably.

By the Packet we have the following melancholy Advice, relating to Captain Brigstock, of the Brig Bristol Packet, bound from this Port for Amsterdam, who on the 3d of September last, seven Days after she left this Place, in a hard Gale of Wind, shipped a large Sea, which washed Captain Brigstock, with three of his Men over board; the next Sea two of them got in again, but the Captain, with one John Brown, a Seaman, were drowned: The Brig was hove on her Beam-ends, lost her Main-top-mast, and was otherways distressed.—She arrived at Falmouth, three or four Days before the Packet failed.

By Letters from Africa, via Dominica, we learn that the Soldiers at James's Fort, on that Coast, had formed a Design in August last of seizing the Fort, and murdering the Officers, and other Residents there; but the horrible Conspiracy was discovered by a Soldier to the Commanding Officer, the Night before it was to have been put in Execution, who immediately put the Ringleaders in Irons, and sent them by Commodore O'Hara to Senegal, to take their Trials; that Governor M'Pherson died in August; that two French Snobs were lying within Gun Shot of James's Fort, trading for Slaves, without the least Interruption, tho' detrimental to the English; that the Commandant of James's Fort receives, for the Benefit of Governor O'Hara, for the clearing of Vessels, as follows, viz. for a Ship, £. 11 : 11 : 0 Sterling; for other square-rigged Vessels, £. 10 : 10 : 0; and for a Sloop or Schooner, £. 8 : 0 : 0.

ANNAPOLIS, January 1.

Last Week a large Fodder-House, about 7 Miles off, belonging to a Gentleman of this Town, was wilfully Burnt down, by some Wretch not yet discovered.

About the same Time, a House uninhabited, near the Head of Severn, was likewise wilfully Fir'd and Burnt.

This Morning, the Commissioners for Paying off the Public Claims, deposited about 18,000*l.* of the New Bills of Credit, in the Iron-Chest at the Paper-Currency Office, being Part of what is appropriated for that Purpose.

Annapolis, January 1, 1767.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, on very cheap Terms, for Cash, at the Store lately kept by Mr. Bennett Chew, the following Goods, viz.

VARIETY of Broadcloths, Irish Rattens, Worsted Breeches Patterns, Stuffs, Poplins, Crapes, Thread, Sattins, Irish Linens, Cambricks, Checks, Osnabrigs, Mens Shoes, and best Milled Hose, Cane Spirit, best West-India Rum, Madeira Wine, Molasses, White-wine Vinegar, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Hyson and Bohea Tea, Coffee, Raisins and Currans, Rice, French Barley, Anchovies, and all Sorts of Spices, with sundry other Articles too tedious to insert.

(3<sup>rd</sup>)

JAMES NEVIN.

N. B. He keeps a COOPER at Work, and will supply all Persons that may want Jobs done in that Way, very reasonably.

WHEREAS

Herringham, late of G... did, about 25 Years ago Part of the... afterwards go to... America: This is... if the said William... or the Surviv... living, or to the... frators, if dead, otherwise, to the... Prince George's Co... of something great... any Person can gi... said Persons, if... when and where... such Person shall... Trouble, by appl... (6<sup>th</sup>)

RAN away from

December la... Guy Evans, aged... and about 5 Feet... he went away, a... worn, a red Fla... good Pair of... coloured Worsted... shoes, with open... Whoever secur... Master may get... shillings Reward

N. B. All Per...

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RAN away from

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SAMUEL SI...

low, fresh Com... 30 Years of A... wears his own d... with him a prett... Hat, one of the... ing, several pre... Pair of Buckli... Lersey or Drab... Hair Buttons, c... mps, and one P... 1/2 Pumps, and... the Soles, one P... figured Buckles... and Breeches...

THOMAS

Vinaged, pale... down-look, ab... about 28 or 30... him, one Pair o... old Cloth ditto... ton Jacket, on... Downas Shirt, coloured Stock... 1/2 Falls, one... other Things... It is suppos... Water, and h... ever apprehen... gain, shall rec... m. if 20 M... the County, L... vince, £. 5 ea... for John Fryer... to the said Fur... (3<sup>rd</sup>)

THERE

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Piscataway, Dec. 6, 1766.

**W**HEREAS William, Mary, and Frances Herringham, the Children of William Herringham, late of Greenwich, in the County of Kent, did, about 25 Years ago, leave England, and go to some Part of the West-Indies, and, as it is believed, afterwards go to some of the Northern Colonies in America: This is therefore to give Notice to them, if the said William, Mary, and Frances Herringham, or the Survivor, or Survivors of them, be living, or to their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, if dead, that by applying by Letter, or otherwise, to the Subscriber at Piscataway, in Prince George's County, Maryland, they will hear of something greatly to their Advantage: Or, if any Person can give Information where any of the said Persons, if living, now reside, or if dead, when and where they died, and where buried; such Person shall be genteely rewarded for their Trouble, by applying as above, to

WM. RUSSELL.

Annapolis, January 1, 1767.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, the 28th of December last, an Apprentice-Lad, named Guy Evans, aged about 18 Years, is smooth faced, and about 5 Feet 8 Inches high: Had on when he went away, a light colour'd Duffel Coat much worn, a red Flannel Jacket with Metal Buttons, a good Pair of dirty Buckskin Breeches, light coloured Worsted Stockings, and Country made shoes, with open Pattern Steel Buckles.

Whoever secures the said Guy Evans, so as his Master may get him again, shall receive Twenty shillings Reward.

PHILIP WILLIAMS.

N. B. All Persons are forewarn'd not to harbour the said Apprentice, as they shall Answer the contrary at their Peril.

P. W.

Baltimore-Town, December 29, 1766.

**R**AN away from Kingbury Furnace, in Baltimore County, last Night, Three Convict Servant Men, viz.

**JOHN FRYER**, by Trade a Wheel-wright, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, dark brown curled Hair, fresh Complexion, had on and took with him the following Things, one Calico and one Felt Hat, a blue grey broad Cloth Coat, red Jacket, blue Duffel Breeches, one Pair of light coloured Plush ditto, blue grey stockings, one Pair English Falls, one Pair Country made Pumps, one white Shirt of English Linen, several Oznabrig Shirts, one or two silk Handkerchiefs, and several other Things unknown.

**SAMUEL SEARSON**, a lusty well made Fellow, fresh Complexion, down-look, about 28 or 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, wears his own dark brown Hair, had on and took with him a pretty good English Calico, and one Felt Hat, one of them bound round with black Binding, several pretty good white Linen Shirts, one Pair of Buckskin Breeches, one light coloured Lacey or Drab furtout Coat, double-breasted, and Hair Buttons, one Pair good black ribbed Stockings, and one Pair dark plain ditto, one Pair English Pumps, and two Pair English Falls, nailed in the Soles, one Pair square Steel, and one Pair Brass figured Buckles, 2 Oznabrig Shirts, Cotton Jacket and Breeches, and several other Things unknown.

**THOMAS NORTH**, a tall stout Fellow, thin Visaged, pale Complexion, short brown Hair, four down-look, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, about 28 or 30 Years of Age; had on and took with him, one Pair of old Leather Breeches, one Pair of old Cloth ditto, one Pair of Cotton ditto, one Cotton Jacket, one Spotted old Swanskin ditto, one Dowlas Shirt, 2 Oznabrigs ditto, 2 Pair of dark coloured Stockings, one Pair of them ribbed, English Falls, one pretty good Felt Hat, and several other Things unknown.

It is supposed the above Servants are gone by Water, and have all got forged Passes.—Whoever apprehends them, so that they may be had again, shall receive, if within 10 Miles from Home,  $\text{£}10$ , if 20 Miles from Home,  $\text{£}40$ , and if out of the County,  $\text{£}3$  for each, and if out of the Province,  $\text{£}5$  each for North and Searson, and  $\text{£}10$  for John Fryer, with reasonable Charges if brought to the said Furnace, to be paid by

FRANCIS PHILLIPS.

**T**HERE is at Plantation of Joseph Revlin, living in Baltimore-Town, taken up as a Bay, a small Black Horse, about 10 Years old, 12 or 13 Hands high, paces and trots, branded on the off Shoulder M. seemingly lame in the off Buttock.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Benjamin Brashear, near Bladenburg, taken up as Strays, viz.

A Bay Mare upwards of 13 Hands high, has a Star in her Forehead, and branded on the near Buttock I C, is about 10 Years old, and has one Shoe on.

A dark Bay Horse about 14 Hands high, has a Star in his Forehead, branded on the near Shoulder S, and on the near Buttock cox, and seems to be about 5 Years old.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

2 OXFORD, December 5, 1766.

JUST IMPORTED from LIVERPOOL,

**A** NEAT Assortment of Yard,  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  wide white Irish Linen, white and brown Ell wide Sheetting, Yard,  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  wide Manchester and Home made Check, Hempen Osnabrigs, Dowlas, Nails, Strong Beer, &c.—And to be sold reasonably, by Wholesale, for Cash, Bills, or short Credit, by

THOMAS BRERETON.

**To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE**, on the 29th Day of January next ensuing, at the House of Mr. Henry James, in Baltimore-Town, for Current Money, or good Bills of Exchange,

**A** TRACT of LAND lying on the Great Falls of Gunpowder, and about 12 Miles from Baltimore-Town, called Cabb Hills, containing about 900 Acres, the greatest Part of which is as good as any in the Country, proper for either Farming or Plantation Business. There is about 200 Acres cleared, with a Dwelling House, and convenient Out Houses thereon, an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees, 2 or 3 good Streams, and convenient Situation for a Furnace, &c. The whole is well Timbered, and remarkably healthy.

Also another Tract in said County, called Tibbi's United Inheritance, lying on Middle River Neck, containing by Patent 640 Acres, chiefly surrounded with Water, is very well Timbered, and has good Improvements thereon. With very little Expence, this Land may be made as good a Farm as any upon the Continent, and produce considerable Profit to any Person who would give their Attention to the Improvement of Land; besides it is remarkable for the Great Rock Fishery, and wild Fowl, in the proper Season.

About 50 Acres of Land adjoining to Baltimore-Town, which will be sold together, or in Parcels of 4 or 5 Acres, as is most suitable and agreeable to those who want to purchase.

The noted and well known Tavern where Mr. Fogg formerly lived, and is now kept by Mr. Henry James.

The House and Lot formerly belonging to Thomas Clendenning.

Also the House, and Part of the Lot, late the Property of James Bonfield.

(6<sup>th</sup>) 2 THOMAS SLIGH.

T O B E S O L D,

**A** COMMODIOUS BRICK HOUSE; with a paved Garden, in West-Street, near the Town Gate, ANNAPOLIS.

For Terms, and Title, apply to

(7<sup>th</sup>) 2 ROBERT COUDEN.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, Dec. 16, 1766.

**T**HE Subscriber is authorized to receive all Debts due to Dr. John Shippen, late of Elk-Ridge, and takes this Method to inform all those who are indebted to the said Doctor, that immediate Payment is expected.

(1<sup>st</sup>) 3 JULIUS CLARE.

**To be SOLD cheap, for Cash, by the Subscriber**, at the House of Mr. Samuel Middleton in ANNAPOLIS,

**A** FEW Hogheads of choice Barbados and St. Kitt's RUM, a few Hogheads and Barrels of good Muscovado SUGAR, and one Hoghead of English Loaf Ditto.

SAMUEL SMITH.

N. B. The RUM at Three Shillings and Four Pence per Gallon, by the Hoghead.

**To be SOLD, FREIGHTED, or CHARTERED**, and if any Person be inclinable to Purchase, they may have her cheap, and Six Months Credit,



**THE Sloop CHARLOTTA**, a very good Vessel, and a Prime Sailer, upwards of 60 Tons Burthen, now lying in Herring-Bay. Any Person inclinable to Freight, Charter, or Purchase, may apply to the Subscriber at Herring-Bay.

SAMUEL CHEW.

**To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE**, on Tuesday the 20th of January last, at the Elk-Ridge Furnace in Anne-Arundel County,

**TWO HUNDRED TONS of PIG IRON**, for ready Cash, or good Bills of Exchange.

(7<sup>th</sup>)

CALEB DORSY.

S C H E M E OF THE

MARYLAND LIBERTY LOTTERY.

**T**HE Lower House of Assembly of Maryland have constantly and ineffectually hitherto, since Seventeen Hundred and Thirty-nine, RESOLVED, That his Lordship hath no Right to collect Twelve-pence per Hoghead on Tobacco exported.

A Constitutional Tax on the People to support an Agent of the Appointment of the Lower House, has been greatly desired, frequently attempted, and as often refused by the Upper House.

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Clerk of the Council his reasonable Reward, as well as every other Expence necessarily attending the Execution of the Powers of Government, ought to be defrayed out of the Fines, Forfeitures, Amerciaments, and other Monies received by the Government for the Support thereof; and, "That Sentiment being directly opposite to the Opinion the Upper House had, on mature Consideration, formed upon the Subject of the Clerk of the Council's Claim," principally occasioned the Non-payment of the Public Debt for upwards of Ten Years: The Distress of Trade for Want of a Circulating Medium, and the extreme Necessity of Public Creditors, compelled the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his Majesty in Council, on the Subject Matter of Difference, without the Allotment of any Public Money for that Purpose, as the only Means to settle Disputes, restore Public Credit, and lay a sure Foundation for the future Ease and Good of the Province.

A Subscription therefore, by RESOLVE of the Lower House, has been Open'd, and Subscriptions are taken in by every Member, for maintaining an Agent, and supporting the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining Redress of their other Grievances; and, by RESOLVE also of the Lower House, as an additional Means of raising Money for the same Purposes, the following S C H E M E of a LOTTERY, by which to raise One Thousand Pounds Common Money, is submitted to the Public.

1	PRIZE	of	£. 500	is	500
1		of	250	is	250
1		of	100	is	100
2		of	50	are	100
2		of	30	are	60
4		of	20	are	80
4		of	15	are	60
10		of	10	are	100
20		of	5	are	100
50		of	4	are	200
80		of	3	are	240
73		of	2 : 10	are	182 : 10
2250		of	2	are	4500
1	First drawn Blank,				13 : 15
1	Last drawn Blank,				13 : 15

£.6500

2500 Prizes.  
2500 Blanks.

5000 { Tickets, at Thirty Shillings each, amount to } £.7500

From which deduct 1000 £.6500

Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted from the Prizes, to defray the Expences of the Lottery.

The Drawing to be in the Court-House at Annapolis, in the Presence of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall be pleased to attend, on the last Monday in May next, or sooner, if sooner full.

The Managers are, William Murdock, Esq; Messieurs Thomas Sprigg, William Paca, John Wern, Thomas Gassaway, South River, Thomas Ringgold, B. T. B. Worthington, Henry Hall, John Hammond, Thomas Johnson, John Hall of Annapolis, and Samuel Chase, or such of them as shall chuse to act.

The said Managers to give Bond to the Hon. SPEAKER, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be Published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, and the Prizes paid as soon as the Drawing is finished; and those not demanded in Six Months after the Drawing, to be deemed as generously given to the above Use.

The Scheme to be made publick in the Maryland and Virginia GAZETTES, and Pennsylvania JOURNAL.

"LIFE without LIBERTY is worse than DEATH."

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers, and of most of the Members of the Lower House of Assembly.



**THE** Subscriber takes this Method of informing the Public, That he has Open'd **TAVERN**, at *Patuxco Lower Ferry*, in the House formerly kept by Mrs. *Hughes*. He has provided himself with the best of **LIQUORS**, *Clover and Timothy Hay, &c. &c.* and shall do his utmost to accommodate to their Satisfaction, such Gentlemen as may chuse to call at his House.

(6\*)

JAMES KELSO.

December 10, 1766.

**A**LL Persons that are any Way indebted to the Estate of *Ann Pearman*, of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to make Payment, and those that have any just Claim against the said Estate, are desired to make them known to

T<sup>h</sup>o<sup>s</sup>. HYDE, Administrator.

Annapolis, December 17, 1766.

**L**OST or Stolen from the Subscriber, a large Silver single Case Watch, Makers Name, *John Bayley, London, No. 726.*—Whoever will bring the said Watch to the Subscriber, shall receive a Reward of Twenty Shillings Currency, and no Questions asked.

ST. GEORGE PEALE.

Baltimore-Town, Dec. 9, 1766.

**A**LL Persons indebted to Messieurs *Fenwick and Sydenham*, of London, Merchants, during Mr. *James Fenwick's* transacting Business on their Account in this Province, are desired to come and pay their respective Balances to me, by the 15<sup>th</sup> Day of February next, otherwise they may depend on being sued without further Notice. And, as I intend for London next Fall, I think my own Customers and Friends cannot take it amiss, that I should inform them, if their old Accounts, Bonds, &c. from Two to Nine Years outstanding, are not discharged very soon, (at farthest by the last July next) I shall be under the Necessity of having Recourse to the pernicious Custom in this Province, of going to Law with them. I have now to Dispose of, just Imported, in the *New Industry*, Capt. *Duncan*, a Parcel of Healthy Country Seven Years Servants, Men, Women, and Boys, amongst them many valuable Tradesmen, Farmers, Labourers, &c. which I will sell to the Farmers, Planters, and others do their Wheat, for Ready Money only.

JONATHAN FLOWMAN.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, very reasonably, for Ready Money only,

**CHOICE JAMAICA SPIRITS**, *Barbados and St. Kitt's RUM*, by the Hoghead: As also a small Quantity of *West-India Lemons and Limes*, by the Barrel.

(15)

JAMES REITH.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the *Hannah and Nancy*, Capt. *Carcaud*, from London, and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store, at *Pig-Point*, on *Patuxent River*, for Cash, or Bills of Exchange,

**A** QUANTITY of *Sail-Duck*, *Sewing and Roping-Twine*, *Chester and Gloucester Cheese*, and *Single Refined Sugar*, with many other Articles, too tedious to mention.

STEWART and NORRIS.

TO BE CHARTERED

To *Barbados*, or any of the *West-India Islands*.

**THE BRIG HANNAH and NANCY**, 120 Tons Burthen, now lying in *Patuxent River*, at *Silby's Landing*. For Terms apply to the Captain, on board, or the Subscriber, at *Port-Tobacco*.—She is now ready to take in a Cargo.

THO. CONTEE.

ANAPOLIS, Dec. 3, 1766.

**A**LL Persons having any legal Claims against the Estate of *JOHN BRICE*, Esq; late of this City, Deceased, are requested to bring them in, that they may be Paid: And all those who are indebted to the same, are desired to come and settle their respective Debts with

SARAH BRICE, Executrix.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at his House in Baltimore-Town, A VARIETY of WINES, by the Pipe, Hoghead, or Quarter-Cask.

GEO. PATTEN.

SEVEN POUNDS REWARD.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, in *Frederick County, Maryland*, Three Convict Servants, on the 30<sup>th</sup> of November past, viz.

**THOMAS RAVEN**, an *Englishman*, a Blacksmith by Trade, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, about 27 Years of Age, has fore Eyes; had on and took with him, a brown Cut Wig, brown Coat full big and long with a large Cape, black Velvet Jacket and Breeches, with black Horn Buttons, Coarse white Yarn Stockings, a Pair of Ribb'd Worsted Ditto; and has a loud forward Way of Speaking.

**WILLIAM BARTLEY**, an *Irishman*, about 26 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has a remarkable large Head, thick Neck, and red Hair about Three Inches long; had on a Worsted Cap, brown Coat and Breeches, strip'd Linsey Jacket, and coarse white Yarn Stockings.

**JAMES REED**, an *Englishman*, about 29 Years of Age, the End of his Nose flat, was formerly a Sailor, and has been several Times in the Country before, is slender made, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, and has black Hair; he had on a Castor Hat bound round with Ferrett, blue double-breasted Sailor's Jacket lined with red, the Button-holes not Worked, brown Cloth Under-Jacket lined with Flannel, brown Breeches not lined, and a Check Shirt.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, or secures them, so as the Subscriber may get them again, shall receive, for *Thomas Raven*, Three Pounds, and Forty Shillings for each of the other Two, with reasonable Charges, paid by

WALTER BEALL.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forewarn'd to carry them off, at their Peril.

X 3

ANAPOLIS, December 4, 1766.

**JUST IMPORTED**, in the *Brigantine Anne*, from *Plymouth*, and to be Sold on the Lowest Terms, by the Subscriber, next Door to the Store lately kept by *Zachariah Hood, Esquire*, for Cash only.

**L**INENS of all Sorts, Checks, Striped Cottons, Bed-Ticks, Lawns, Mullins, Printed Cottons, Hats, Broad-Cloth, French Blanketing, Millenary Ware, of the newest and newest Fashion, Men and Women's Shoes and Stockings, a Variety of French Slippers, *A-la-mode de Paris*, Dutch Knives, Cooper's Tools, Cleaving, and Brushing Axes, Mattocks, and other Assorted Hard-ware, of the best Workmanship, English Cordage, Smith's Bellows and Anvils, *Dorchester Beer* and Porter.

4

JOHN MACNABB.

Dec. 1, 1766.

**THE** Executors of *David McCulloch*, some Time ago, requested by Advertisement, all Persons indebted to that Estate by Open Account, to settle the same by Bond; but little Regard has been paid to that moderate Request. The Executor therefore thinks proper, once more, to make the same Request, and to give this Notice, that all Accounts remaining unpaid, or not settled by Bond, before the First Day of February next ensuing, will be put into the Hands of *Thomas Johnson, Esq;* in order that Actions may be commenced to March Court: And as this timely Notice is given, the Executor will hold himself excusable from any Imputation of Rigour which may be attributed to him on this Occasion. Mr. *Charles Lin* will give constant Attendance at *Joppa*, to settle Accounts, and receive Payments, and his Receipts shall be good against the Executors.

X 4

ANTHONY STEWART, Acting Executor of

DAVID McCULLOCH.

Kent-Island, November 5, 1766.

**THE** Subscriber purposing to decline keeping the Ferry from *Kent-Island* to *Annapolis*, he will Rent *Broad-Creek Ferry* for the Term of Seven Years, on the most reasonable Terms, and will furnish the Person who may incline to Rent it, with Boats, and many other Materials, necessary for the Prosecution of the Business.

JAMES HUTCHINGS.

ANAPOLIS, Nov. 26, 1766.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at first Cost and Charges,

**FOUR** Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Sterling's Worth of *East-India* and *European GOODS*: Invoices of which may be seen by applying to the Subscriber. A Time for Payment will be given, on giving Bond on Interest, with Security, if required.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Open Account, are requested to discharge the same, or to give Obligation for the Balances due, and 'tis hoped this Request will be complied with, to save further Trouble.

BENNETT CHEW.

Talbot County, Nov. 8, 1766.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

**R**AN away from his Bail, in August 1765, a certain *James Wilson*, about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, a Native *Irishman*, speaks good English, but with his Country's Tone, has been lately here with his Wife, and a Child of 2 Years old, of a fair Complexion, much pitted with the Small-Pox, wears his own Hair, of a reddish or sandy Colour, commonly tied with an Eel's Skin. He served his Time here, saws well with the Whip-Saw, is a good Hand by Water, and has been seen at *Baltimore*, or on a Plantation belonging to Mr. *Stephen West*. Whoever apprehends the above Person, so as the Subscribers may him again, shall receive the above Reward, from

FREDERICK LEITH,

and

JAMES CHAPMAN.

Alexandria, (Virginia) Oct. 13, 1766.

**T**O be Rented or Sold, an Acre of Ground on the River Side, in the Middle of the Town on which is a House, containing Four Rooms below, and Four above, with Four Fire-Places; an exceeding good dry Cellar, a Kitchen, Stable and several other good Houses, viz. a Store-house and a Bale-House, both Rented, though at Will so that the Purchaser can have the Incumbrance easily removed. For Terms enquire of the Subscriber near *Alexandria*.

PHILIP ALEXANDER.

Nov. 10, 1766.

To be SOLD for Ready Money, or short Credit, (giving Security if required,)

**A**TRACT of Land lying within less than Three Miles of *Piscataway*, in *Prince George's County*, containing Four Hundred and Sixty-five Acres. Part of it is Cleared, so that Four Plantations might be commodiously settled, with a very little Trouble. At present there is One well improved Tenement on it, having a Dwelling-house of framed Work, a Kitchen, Meat-house, Milk-house, Tobacco House, a Garden and Yard, lately paved in, and a young Peach Orchard. The Land is mostly level, and well Wooded.

Those who have a Mind to purchase, may be shown the Land, with the Title, (which is indisputable) by applying to the Subscriber, living on the Premises.

(1)

EDWARD DYER.

October 16, 1766.

**THE JUSTICES** of *Queen-Anne's* and *Talbot Counties*, being empowered by Act of Assembly, to levy on the taxable Inhabitants of *St. Paul's Parish*, in the said Counties, certain Sums of Tobacco, to be applied by the Vestry and Church Wardens of the said Parish, towards Building and Completing a new Parish Church and building an Addition, and Galleries to the Chapel: The said Vestry and Church Wardens, will be ready to contract for the said Buildings, the First Tuesday in every Month.

Signed per Order.

(6\*)

N. S. T. WRIGHT, Register.

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in Charles-Street: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.



# The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII<sup>d</sup> Year.]

THURSDAY, January 8, 1767.

[N<sup>o</sup>. 1113.]St. JAMES'S, *Genl* 8.

**T**HIS Day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor (Sir Robert Ladbroke, Knt. Locum Tenens) Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, waited on his Majesty; and being introduced to his Majesty by the Right Hon. the Earl of Oxford, James Eyre, Esq; the Recorder, made their Compliments in the following Address:

To the KING'S Most Excellent MAJESTY.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

**W**E, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, with the most zealous Ardour and Affection, embrace the earliest Opportunity of approaching the Throne of the best of Princes, with our joyful Congratulations on every Event pleasing to your Majesty, and salutary to your Kingdoms.

The safe Delivery of the Queen, a Princess endeared to your Majesty and the whole Nation by every royal and virtuous Accomplishment, fills our Hearts with the utmost Thankfulness to Divine Providence.

An Increase of your Majesty's august Family by the Birth of a Princess Royal, cannot fail of diffusing universal Joy amongst all your faithful Subjects, as it farther secures to them and their Posterity, a long continuance of those inestimable Blessings which they have hitherto enjoyed under the Protection of your Majesty's Illustrious House.

The auspicious Marriage of your Majesty's Royal Sister, the Princess Caroline Matilda, with that great Potentate the King of Denmark (on which we beg Leave to felicitate your Majesty) must afford the most interesting Satisfaction, not only to us and all your Majesty's loyal Subjects, but also to every Protestant Power in Europe.

Permit us, Royal Sir! to assure you, That your faithful Citizens of London are ever ready to evince to all the World, that their Hearts and Affections are sincere Oblations of Gratitude to your Majesty, for your constant paternal Care, and especially for the recent Instance of your tender Attention to the Necessities of your People.

To which ADDRESS His MAJESTY was pleased to return this most gracious ANSWER:

"YOUR loyal and affectionate Professions upon the happy Events of my Queen's safe Delivery, and the Marriage of my Sister to my very good Ally the King of Denmark, cannot but be most acceptable to me.

"It is with Pleasure that I see the just Sense which the City of London entertains of those Measures, which the Necessity of the Occasion obliged me to take for the relief of my People; and I hope they will have the desired Effect of quieting Mens Minds, and removing the Distresses which seemed daily to increase."

They were all received very graciously, and had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand.

After which his Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Robert Darling, and James Biddall, Esquires, the Sheriffs of the City of London.

## L O N D O N.

*Oct. 2.* It is thought that the English and Scotch Gentlemen now in Corsica, have taken a Trip thither, induced as much by Business as Curiosity. The Value of that Island is not generally known; but it is thought that it will not remain long before the Usefulness of its Ports, Product of the Country, and its Situation, will stimulate our Government to annex it, if they can, to the Crown of Great-Britain.

*Oct. 7.* It is said that the East-India Company, as a grateful Acknowledgment for the many great and signal Advantages with which it has pleased Divine Providence to bless their Arms in the East-Indies, intend to alleviate the Distress of their unfortunate Fellow Subjects in Barbados, with a Donation of several Thousand Pounds.

It is likewise said, that several other Companies, particularly the South-Sea, will, according

to their respective Abilities, follow this truly glorious Example.

The Disputes between the King of Prussia and England are at present subsided. His Demand, it is said, was Half our Conquests in America, as Co-partners in Trade; on which England demanded Half Silesia, and his other Conquests, which the King of Prussia refused, and threatened to invade Hanover: He was then informed, if any of his Troops set Foot on the Territories of that Electorate, all his Ships should be seized immediately, and then he might see whether the Money he could raise in Hanover, would be equal to the Profit received by the Trade of 600 Ships constantly employed, which the King of Prussia is possessed of.

The King of Denmark has appointed the Baron de Dieden to be his Minister at this Court, in the Room of Count Bothmar, recalled.

Accounts from Birmingham, dated the 2<sup>d</sup> Inst. inform, that on the Monday before, being Fair-Day, some People assembled there, and demanded a Reduction in the Price of Provisions, and grew riotous; which occasioned the Interposition of the Peace Officers, who carried several of them to Prison; but they were afterwards released through the Threats of their Confederates. Next Day the Inhabitants were summoned, and Bread, Butter, &c. were settled at a reasonable Price. And several Gentlemen of Fortune appearing in the Market-Place, promised Protection to the Farmers and others, who would supply the Market at moderate Prices; and threatened Punishment to such of the Populace who should offer any Insults; by which spirited Behaviour, all further Disturbances were prevented.

By Letters received Yesterday from Leicester we are informed, that the Mob have lately pulled down the County Jail, in order to rescue some Rioters confined there on Account of seizing Corn, Butter, &c. offered to sale at an exorbitant Price.

It is said that the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick will arrive in England before the Meeting of Parliament.

Yesterday Morning early a most dreadful Storm of Rain, Thunder and Lightning, happened. Many Chimnies were thrown down in the high Grounds at the West End of the Town, where the Storm was very violent. John Hill, a Watchman of High Holburn, declares, that about two o'clock a Ball of Fire fell near his Stand, that the Earth trembled under him, and that there was so great a Smell of Sulphur, that he was near being suffocated.

The Ships at Anchor below Bridge received very great Damage Yesterday Morning; several of them were drove from their Anchors and run foul of each other, and some had their Masts shattered by the Lightning, so that they must be repaired before they can proceed on their Voyages.

Yesterday three Expresses arrived from different Parts of the Country at the Secretary of State's Office, Cleveland Row, relative to the Riots and Disturbances about Corn, &c.

The Distilleries are said to use 500,000 Quarters of Wheat in a Winter; and were just beginning to work, and that Wheat of the best Sort too; for since the Duties have been so high, they buy none but the best Corn. Now such a Quantity of Wheat would feed 80,000 People a Year; instead of which, by being made into Spirits, it might be the Destruction of Thousands.

*Oct. 9.* On Thursday last, in Consequence of the Lord Lieutenant of Gloucester's Notice, a great Number of Gentlemen of the first Rank in that Country met at the Boothhall, and resolved upon the following beneficial Regulations.

That they will give all Encouragement to their Tenants to thresh out and bring their Corn, and all other Provisions, to Market immediately.

That they will prosecute to the utmost of their Power, all Forestallers, Ingrossers, and Regrators, at their joint Expence.

That the Justices of Peace, acting in the several Divisions, wherein any Market Town is situated, will issue their Warrants to the several Constables of such Market Towns, and the adjacent Parishes, to charge all Able-bodied Persons within their re-

spective Parishes to aid and assist in quelling all Riots.

That the said Justices will also attend at such Market-Towns, on the Market-Days, for one Month ensuing, to assist the Civil or Military Force that should be employed to quell such Riots, and to secure the peaceable Sale of all Commodities that should be brought to such Markets.

Signed by Lords Berkeley, Beaufort, Botetourt, Ducie, and 37 Gentlemen of the greatest Property in that Country.

At the above Meeting it was agreed, that an Address of Thanks should be presented to his Majesty, for the seasonable stop to the Exportation of Corn, and to the Distilling.

A Letter from Leicester, dated October 4. says, "This Town is, or rather has been, in an Uproar. The Mayor, Recorder, &c. were Yesterday selling fine Cheese, at 2<sup>d</sup> per lb. A Cheese-Factor had bought, and lodged at an Inn in the Town, a large Quantity of Cheese, which the Mob seized, and were going to divide among themselves; in order to prevent it, he agreed it should be sold for 2<sup>d</sup> per lb. The Mob examine all Waggon's that come into the Town, and take all Butter and Cheese they find in them. By stealing small Parcels, and Damages done to his Waggon, one Carrier is a Sufferer to the Amount of 50l. The Proclamation against Riots has been read. They told the Mayor, who is a Baker, that they would pull down his House, and burn his Mills. The Windows of the Bridewell and the Goal have been broken."

*Oct. 11.* A Letter from Great Colton, Warwickshire, dated Oct. 6. says, "A Mob has risen here, consisting of upwards of 1000 Men, who divided themselves into Gangs of 3 or 400 each, and continue traversing from one Market Town to another, doing incredible Mischief wherever they come; the Reason they alledge for their assembling in this Manner, is the Farmers sending their new Corn to Bristol for Exportation, which has raised its Price to 8<sup>s</sup>. per Bushel, and through this iniquitous Practice the Bakers sell only 3 Pounds 4 Ounces of Bread for 6<sup>d</sup>. In their Rout they visited Alcester Market, where they committed no very great Outrages; from thence they proceeded to Kidderminster, where the Soldiers being under Arms (having heard of their Approach) fired at them, and killed 8 Persons upon the Spot; but we have not heard which Side got the better. Intelligence has been received here, that the Birmingham Gang went to Stratford, well armed, and with Iron Caps on their Heads; stopping all the Wheat they met in their Rout, and disposing of it at their own Prices. If some speedy Method be not found out to relieve the Distresses of the People, there is no knowing where this will end."

*Oct. 16.* Early on Saturday Morning a Letter was found in the Area of Mr. Horner, an Attorney, at Alton, in Hants; threatening that the whole Town should be set on Fire in four different Places at once, and reduced to Ashes, if the Price of Provisions is not lowered; and also declaring that the Poor would rather be killed or hanged than starved to Death: The Inhabitants were put into great Consternation on the Occasion, and have taken proper Precaution to prevent the threatened Mischief.

## ANNAPOLIS, January 8.

Saturday Night, Sunday, Monday, and Part of Tuesday last, a great deal of Rain fell, and the Weather very warm considering the Season.

On Sunday Evening last, the Body of Capt. Samuel Chapman, was found lying Dead near a Gate on his own Plantation on Patuxent. He had been at Queen-Anne, and is supposed to have been flung by his Horse.

All the Bills of Credit of the Denomination of Eight Dollars, Six Dollars, and Four Dollars, are Number'd, Sign'd, and Deposited in the Iron Chest, in the Paper Currency Office. Those of a smaller Denomination are in Hand.

**L**EFT, by a Person unknown, at the Subscriber's House in Annapolis, Two Pieces of BOLTING-CLOTH. Any Person, proving his Property and paying Charges, may have them, on Application to SAMUEL MIDDLETON.



THE Subscriber takes this Method of informing the Public, That he has Open'd TAVERN, at Patapco Lower Ferry, in the House formerly kept by Mrs. Hughes. He has provided himself with the best of LIQUORS, Clover and Timothy Hay, &c. &c. and shall do his utmost to accommodate to their Satisfaction, such Gentlemen as may chuse to call at his House.

(6\*)

JAMES KELSO.

December 10, 1766.

ALL Persons that are any Way indebted to the Estate of Ann Pearman, of the City of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to make Payment, and those that have any just Claim against the said Estate, are desired to make them known to

THO. HYDE, Administrator.

Annapolis, December 17, 1766.

LOST or Stolen from the Subscriber, a large Silver single Case Watch, Makers Name, John Bayley, London, No. 726. — Whoever will bring the said Watch to the Subscriber, shall receive a Reward of Twenty Shillings Currency, and no Questions asked.

(16)

ST. GEORGE PEALE.

Baltimore-Town, Dec. 9, 1766.

ALL Persons Indebted to Messieurs Foulca and Sydenham, of London, Merchants, during Mr. James Fishwick's transacting Business on their Account in this Province, are desired to come and pay their respective Balances to me, by the 15<sup>th</sup> Day of February next, otherwise they may depend on being sued without further Notice. And, as I intend for London next Fall, I think my own Customers and Friends cannot take it amiss, that I should inform them, if their old Accounts, Bonds, &c. from Two to Nine Years outstanding, are not discharged very soon, (at farthest by the last July next) I shall be under the Necessity of having Recourse to the pernicious Custom in this Province, of going to Law with them. — I have now to Dispose of, Just Imported, in the New Industry, Capt. Duncan, a Parcel of Healthy Country Seven Years Servants, Men, Women, and Boys, amongst them many valuable Tradesmen, Farmers, Labourers, &c. which I will sell as the Farmers, Planters, and others do their Wheat, for Ready Money only.

JONATHAN PLOWMAN.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, very reasonably, for Ready Money only.

CHOICE JAMAICA SPIRITS, Barbados and St. Kitt's RUM, by the Hoghead: As also a small Quantity of West-India Lemons and Limes, by the Barrel.

(16)

JAMES REITH.

JUST IMPORTED.

In the Hannah and Nancy, Capt. Carcaud, from London, and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store, at Pig-Point, on Patuxent River, for Cash or Bills of Exchange.

QUANTITY of Sail-Duck, Sewing and Roping-Twine, Chester and Gloucester Cheese, and Single Refined Sugar, with many other Articles, too tedious to mention.

STEWART and NORRIS.

TO BE CHARTERED

To Barbadoes, or any of the West-India Islands.

THE BRIG HANNAH and NANCY, 120 Tons Burthen, now lying in Patuxent River, at Selby's Landing. For Terms apply to the Captain, on board, or the Subscriber, at Port-Tobacco. — She is now ready to take in a Cargo.

THO. CONTEE.

ANAPOLIS, Dec. 3, 1766.

ALL Persons having any legal Claims against the Estate of JOHN BRICE, Esq; late of this City, deceased, are requested to bring them in, that they may be Paid: And all those who are Indebted to the same, are desired to come and settle their respective Debts with

(17)

SARAH BRICE, Executrix.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at his House in Baltimore-Town,

A VARIETY of WINES, by the Pipe, Hoghead, or Quarter-Cask.

GEO. PATTEN.

SEVEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in Frederick County, Maryland, Three Convict Servants, on the 30<sup>th</sup> of November past, viz.

THOMAS RAVEN, an Englishman, a Blacksmith by Trade, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, about 27 Years of Age, has fore Eyes; had on and took with him, a brown Cut Wig, brown Coat full big and long with a large Cape, black Velvet Jacket and Breeches, with black Horn Buttons, Coarse white Yarn Stockings, a Pair of Ribb'd Worsted Ditto; and has a loud forward Way of Speaking.

WILLIAM BARTLEY, an Irishman, about 26 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has a remarkable large Head, thick Neck, and red Hair about Three Inches long; had on a Worsted Cap, brown Coat and Breeches, strip'd Linsey Jacket, and coarse white Yarn Stockings.

JAMES REED, an Englishman, about 29 Years of Age, the End of his Nose flat, was formerly a Sailor, and has been several Times in the Country before, is slender made, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, and has black Hair; he had on a Castor Hat bound round with Ferrett, blue double-breasted Sailor's Jacket lined with red, the Button-holes not Worked, brown Cloth Under-Jacket lined with Flannel, brown Breeches not lined, and a Check Shirt.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, or secures them, so as the Subscriber may get them again, shall receive, for Thomas Raven, Three Pounds, and Forty Shillings for each of the other Two, with reasonable Charges, paid by

WALTER BEALL.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forewarn'd to carry them off, at their Peril.

X 3

ANAPOLIS, December 4, 1766.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Brigantine Anne, from Plymouth, and to be Sold on the Lowest Terms, by the Subscriber, next Door to the Store lately kept by Zachariah Hood, Esquire, for Cash only.

LINENS of all Sorts, Checks, Striped Cottons, Bed-Ticks, Lawns, Muslins, Printed Cottons, Hats, Broad-Cloth, French Blanketing, Millenary Ware, of the neatest and newest Fashion, Men and Women's Shoes and Stockings, a Variety of French Slippers, A-la-mode de Paris, Dutch Knives, Cooper's Tools, Cleaving, and Brushing Axes, Mattocks, and other Assorted Hard-ware, of the best Workmanship, English Cordage, Smith's Bellows and Anvils, Dorchester Beer and Porter.

4

JOHN MACNABB.

Dec. 1, 1766.

THE Executors of David McCulloch, some Time ago, requested by Advertisement, all Persons indebted to that Estate by Open Account, to settle the same by Bond; but little Regard has been paid to that moderate Request. The Executor therefore thinks proper, once more, to make the same Request, and to give this Notice, that all Accounts remaining unpaid, or not settled by Bond, before the First Day of February next ensuing, will be put into the Hands of Thomas Johnson, Esq; in order that Actions may be commenced to March Court: And as this timely Notice is given, the Executor will hold himself excusable from any Imputation of Rigour which may be attributed to him on this Occasion. Mr. Charles Lin will give constant Attendance at Joppa, to settle Accounts, and receive Payments, and his Receipts shall be good against the Executors.

ANTHONY STEWART, Acting Executor of DAVID McCULLOCH.

X 4

Kent-Island, November 5, 1766.

THE Subscriber purposing to decline keeping the Ferry from Kent-Island to Annapolis, he will Rent Broad-Creek Ferry for the Term of Seven Years, on the most reasonable Terms, and will furnish the Person who may incline to Rent it, with Boats, and many other Materials, necessary for the Prosecution of the Business.

X

JAMES HUTCHINGS.

ANAPOLIS, Nov. 26, 1766.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at first Cost and Charges,

FOUR Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Sterling's Worth of East-India and European GOODS: Invoices of which may be seen by applying to the Subscriber. A Time for Payment will be given, on giving Bond on Interest, with Security, if required.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Open Account, are requested to discharge the same, or to give Obligation for the Balances due, and 'tis hoped this Request will be complied with, to save further Trouble.

BENNETT CHEW.

Talbot County, Nov. 8, 1766.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from his Bail, in August 1765, a certain James Wilkins, about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, a Native Irishman, speaks good English, but with his Country's Tone, has been lately here with his Wife, and a Child of 2 Years old, of a fair Complexion, much pitted with the Small-Pox, wears his own Hair, of a reddish or sandy Colour, commonly tied with an Eel's Skin. He served his Time here, saws well with the Whip-Saw, is a good Hand by Water, and has been seen at Baltimore, or on a Plantation belonging to Mr. Stephen West. Whoever apprehends the above Person, so as the Subscribers may him again, shall receive the above Reward, from

FREDERICK LEITH,

and

JAMES CHAPMAN.

Alexandria, (Virginia) Oct. 13, 1766.

TO be Rented or Sold, an Acre of Ground on the River Side, in the Middle of the Town on which is a House, containing Four Rooms below, and Four above, with Four Fire-Places; an exceeding good dry Cellar, a Kitchen, Stable and several other good Houses, viz. a Store-house and a Bale-House, both Rented, though at Will so that the Purchaser can have the Incumbrances easily removed. For Terms enquire of the Subscriber near Alexandria.

PHILIP ALEXANDER.

Nov. 10, 1766.

To be SOLD for Ready Money, or short Credit, (giving Security if required.)

A TRACT of Land lying within less than Three Miles of Piscataway, in Prince-George's County, containing Four Hundred and Sixty-five Acres. Part of it is Cleared, so that Four Plantations might be commodiously settled, with a very little Trouble. At present there is One well improved Tenement on it, having a Dwelling-house of framed Work, a Kitchen, Meat-house, Milk house, Tobacco House, a Garden and Yard, lately paled in, and a young Peach Orchard. The Land is mostly level, and well Wooded.

Those who have a Mind to purchase, may be shown the Land, with the Title, (which is indisputable) by applying to the Subscriber, living on the Premises.

(17)

EDWARD DYER.

October 16, 1766.

THE JUSTICES of Queen-Anne's and Talbot Counties, being empowered by Act of Assembly, to levy on the taxable Inhabitants of St. Paul's Parish, in the said Counties, certain Sums of Tobacco, to be applied by the Vestry and Church Wardens of the said Parish, towards Building and Compleating a new Parish Church; and building an Addition, and Galleries to the Chapel: The said Vestry and Church Wardens, will be ready to contract for the said Building, the First Tuesday in every Month.

Signed per Order,

N. S. T. WRIGHT, Register.

(6m)

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in Charles-Street: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.



# The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII<sup>d</sup> Year.]

THURSDAY, January 8, 1767.

[N<sup>o</sup>. 1113.]

St. JAMES'S, October 8.

**T**HIS Day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor (Sir Robert Ladbroke, Knt. Locum Tenens) Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, waited on his Majesty; and being introduced to his Majesty by the Right Hon. the Earl of Oxford, James Eyre, Esq; the Recorder, made their Compliments in the following Address:

To the KING's Most Excellent MAJESTY.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

**W**E, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, with the most zealous Ardour and Affection, embrace the earliest Opportunity of approaching the Throne of the best of Princes, with our joyful Congratulations on every Event pleasing to your Majesty, and salutary to your Kingdoms.

The safe Delivery of the Queen, a Princess endeared to your Majesty and the whole Nation by every royal and virtuous Accomplishment, fills our Hearts with the utmost Thankfulness to Divine Providence.

An Increase of your Majesty's august Family by the Birth of a Princess Royal, cannot fail of diffusing universal Joy amongst all your faithful Subjects, as it farther secures to them and their Posterity, a long continuance of those inestimable Blessings which they have hitherto enjoyed under the Protection of your Majesty's illustrious House.

The auspicious Marriage of your Majesty's Royal Sister, the Princess Caroline Matilda, with that great Potentate the King of Denmark (on which we beg Leave to felicitate your Majesty) must afford the most interesting Satisfaction, not only to us and all your Majesty's loyal Subjects, but also to every Protestant Power in Europe.

Permit us, Royal Sir! to assure you, That your faithful Citizens of London are ever ready to evince to all the World, that their Hearts and Affections are sincere Oblations of Gratitude to your Majesty, for your constant paternal Care, and especially for the recent Instance of your tender Attention to the Necessities of your People.

To which ADDRESS His MAJESTY was pleased to return this most gracious ANSWER:

**Y**OUR loyal and affectionate Professions upon the happy Events of my Queen's safe Delivery, and the Marriage of my Sister to my very good Ally the King of Denmark, cannot but be most acceptable to me.

"It is with Pleasure that I see the just Sense which the City of London entertains of those Measures, which the Necessity of the Occasion obliged me to take for the relief of my People; and I hope they will have the desired Effect of quieting Mens Minds, and removing the Distresses which seemed daily to Increase."

They were all received very graciously, and had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand.

After which his Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Robert Darling, and James Efdail, Esquires, the Sheriffs of the City of London.

L O N D O N.

October 2. It is thought that the English and Scotch Gentlemen now in Corsica, have taken a Trip thither, induced as much by Business as Curiosity. The Value of that Island is not generally known; but it is thought that it will not remain long before the Usefulness of its Ports, Product of the Country, and its Situation, will stimulate our Government to annex it, if they can, to the Crown of Great-Britain.

Oct. 7. It is said that the East-India Company, as a grateful Acknowledgment for the many great and signal Advantages with which it has pleased Divine Providence to bless their Arms in the East-Indies, intend to alleviate the Distress of their unfortunate Fellow Subjects in Barbadoes, with a Donation of several Thousand Pounds.

It is likewise said, that several other Companies, particularly the South-Sea, will, according

to their respective Abilities, follow this truly glorious Example.

The Disputes between the King of Prussia and England are at present subsided. His Demand, it is said, was Half our Conquests in America, as Co-partners in Trade; on which England demanded Half Silesia, and his other Conquests, which the King of Prussia refused, and threatened to invade Hanover: He was then informed, if any of his Troops set Foot on the Territories of that Electorate, all his Ships should be seized immediately, and then he might see whether the Money he could raise in Hanover, would be equal to the Profit received by the Trade of 600 Ships constantly employed, which the King of Prussia is possessed of.

The King of Denmark has appointed the Baron de Dieden to be his Minister at this Court, in the Room of Count Bothmar, recalled.

Accounts from Birmingham, dated the 2<sup>d</sup> Inst. inform, that on the Monday before, being Fair-Day, some People assembled there, and demanded a Reduction in the Price of Provisions, and grew riotous; which occasioned the Interposition of the Peace Officers, who carried several of them to Prison; but they were afterwards released through the Threats of their Confederates. Next Day the Inhabitants were summoned, and Bread, Butter, &c. were settled at a reasonable Price. And several Gentlemen of Fortune appearing in the Market-Place, promised Protection to the Farmers and others, who would supply the Market at moderate Prices; and threatened Punishment to such of the Populace who should offer any Insults; by which spirited Behaviour, all further Disturbances were prevented.

By Letters received Yesterday from Leicester we are informed, that the Mob have lately pulled down the County Jail, in order to rescue some Rioters confined there on Account of seizing Corn, Butter, &c. offered to sale at an exorbitant Price.

It is said that the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick will arrive in England before the Meeting of Parliament.

Yesterday Morning early a most dreadful Storm of Rain, Thunder and Lightning, happened. Many Chimnies were thrown down in the high Grounds at the West End of the Town, where the Storm was very violent. John Hill, a Watchman of High Holburn, declares, that about two o'Clock a Ball of Fire fell near his Stand, that the Earth trembled under him, and that there was so great a Smell of Sulphur, that he was near being suffocated.

The Ships at Anchor below Bridge received very great Damage Yesterday Morning; several of them were drove from their Anchors and run foul of each other, and some had their Masts shattered by the Lightning, so that they must be repaired before they can proceed on their Voyages.

Yesterday three Expresses arrived from different Parts of the Country at the Secretary of State's Office, Cleveland Row, relative to the Riots and Disturbances about Corn, &c.

The Distilleries are said to use 500,000 Quarters of Wheat in a Winter; and were just beginning to work, and that Wheat of the best Sort too; for since the Duties have been so high, they buy none but the best Corn. Now such a Quantity of Wheat would feed 80,000 People a Year; instead of which, by being made into Spirits, it might be the Destruction of Thousands.

Oct. 9. On Thursday last, in Consequence of the Lord Lieutenant of Gloucester's Notice, a great Number of Gentlemen of the first Rank in that Country met at the Boothhall, and resolved upon the following beneficial Regulations.

That they will give all Encouragement to their Tenants to thresh out and bring their Corn, and all other Provisions, to Market immediately.

That they will prosecute to the utmost of their Power, all Foretellers, Ingrossers, and Regrators, at their joint Expence.

That the Justices of Peace, acting in the several Divisions wherein any Market Town is situated, will issue their Warrants to the several Constables of such Market Towns, and the adjacent Parishes, to charge all Able-bodied Persons within their re-

spective Parishes to aid and assist in quelling all Riots.

That the said Justices will also attend at such Market-Towns, on the Market-Days, for one Month ensuing, to assist the Civil or Military Force that should be employed to quell such Riots, and to secure the peaceable Sale of all Commodities that should be brought to such Markets.

Signed by Lords Berkeley, Beaufort, Botetourt, Ducie, and 37 Gentlemen of the greatest Property in that Country.

At the above Meeting it was agreed, that an Address of Thanks should be presented to his Majesty, for the seasonable stop to the Exportation of Corn, and to the Distilling.

A Letter from Leicester, dated October 4, says, "This Town is, or rather has been, in an Uproar. The Mayor, Recorder, &c. were Yesterday selling fine Cheese, at 2<sup>d</sup> per lb. A Cheese-Factor had bought, and lodged at an Inn in the Town, a large Quantity of Cheese, which the Mob seized, and were going to divide among themselves; in order to prevent it, he agreed it should be sold for 2<sup>d</sup> per lb. The Mob examine all Waggons that come into the Town, and take all Butter and Cheese they find in them. By stealing small Parcels, and Damages done to his Wagon, one Carrier is a Sufferer to the Amount of 50l. The Proclamation against Riots has been read. They told the Mayor, who is a Baker, that they would pull down his House, and burn his Mills. The Windows of the Bridewell and the Goal have been broken."

Oct. 11. A Letter from Great Colton, Warwickshire, dated Oct. 6, says, "A Mob has risen here, consisting of upwards of 1000 Men, who divided themselves into Gangs of 3 or 400 each, and continue traversing from one Market Town to another, doing incredible Mischief wherever they come; the Reason they alledge for their assembling in this Manner, is the Farmers sending their new Corn to Bristol for Exportation, which has raised its Price to 8<sup>s</sup>. per Bushel, and through this iniquitous Practice the Bakers sell only 3 Pounds 4 Ounces of Bread for 6<sup>d</sup>. In their Rout they visited Alcester Market, where they committed no very great Outrages; from thence they proceeded to Kidderminster, where the Soldiers being under Arms (having heard of their Approach) fired at them, and killed 8 Persons upon the Spot; but we have not heard which Side got the better. Intelligence has been received here, that the Birmingham Gang went to Stratford, well armed, and with Iron Caps on their Heads; stopping all the Wheat they met in their Rout, and disposing of it at their own Prices. If some speedy Method be not found out to relieve the Distresses of the People, there is no knowing where this will end."

Oct. 16. Early on Saturday Morning a Letter was found in the Area of Mr. Horner, an Attorney, at Alton, in Hants; threatening that the whole Town should be set on Fire in four different Places at once, and reduced to Ashes, if the Price of Provisions is not lowered; and also declaring that the Poor would rather be killed or hanged than starved to Death: The Inhabitants were put into great Consternation on the Occasion, and have taken proper Precaution to prevent the threatened Mischief.

A N N A P O L I S, January 8.

Saturday Night, Sunday, Monday, and Part of Tuesday last, a great deal of Rain fell, and the Weather very warm considering the Season.

On Sunday Evening last, the Body of Capt. Samuel Chapman, was found lying Dead near a Gate on his own Plantation on Patuxent. He had been at Queen-Anne, and is suppos'd to have been flung by his Horse.

All the Bills of Credit of the Denomination of Eight Dollars, Six Dollars, and Four Dollars, are Number'd, Sign'd, and Deposited in the Iron Chest, in the Paper Currency Office. Those of a smaller Denomination are in Hand.

**L** EFT, by a Person unknown, at the Subscriber's House in Annapolis, Two Pieces of BOLTING-CLOTH. Any Person, proving his Property and paying Charges, may have them, on Application to SAMUEL MIDDLETON.



January 3, 1767.

ALL Persons having any just Demands against my Sister, *Mary Moore*, are desired to send them, properly authenticated, to me, or to Mrs. *Caton*, at *London-Town*. I shall, on the 2<sup>d</sup> Day of *February*, sell off all the Negroes, Stock, Wheat, Corn, and every Thing on the Plantation, and Household Furniture belonging to my Sister, at her late Dwelling-House near *London-Town*.

(46)

STEPHEN WEST.

ANNAPOLIS, January 6, 1767.

AS many of the Adventurers in Messieurs *Rivington* and *Brown's* LOTTERY have neglected to apply for their Prizes, since the Drawing of the said Lottery, and most of the Prizes for the Southern Colonies being now deposited with me, I take this Method to inform the said Adventurers, that such Prizes as remain in my Hands are ready to be delivered when called for; and, as I am fully authorized, I hope it will not be taken amiss, if at the same Time, I shou'd earnestly require those Gentlemen who still remain in Arrears for Tickets, to settle their respective Accounts with me immediately.

(47)

THOMAS B. HODGKIN.

ANNAPOLIS, January 8, 1767.

THE Land heretofore advertised by the Subscriber, in this Gazette, No. 1107 and 1108, not being sold at the Time therein mentioned, the same will be exposed to Sale, upon the Premises, on Friday the 30th Instant.

JOHN DUCKETT.

WHEREAS WILLIAM, the Son of JOHN RICHARDSON, of *Stafford*, in *England*, came over to *Maryland*, and was a Servant in the Year 1754, to Mr. *Samuel Tipton*, on the River *Patuxet*: If the said *William Richardson* be living, by applying to the Printer, he will hear of something to his Advantage; if dead, any Person producing an authenticated Certificate of his Death, will be reimbursed his Expences, with Thanks.

Annapolis, January 1, 1767.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, on very cheap Terms, for Cash, at the Store lately kept by Mr. *Bennett Chew*, the following Goods, viz.

VARIETY of Broadcloths, *Irish* Ratteens, Worsted Breeches Patterns, Stuffs, Poplins, Crapes, Thread, Sattins, *Irish* Linens, Cambricks, Checks, Osnabrigs, Mens Shoes, and best Milled Hosiery, Cane Spirit, best *West-India* Rum, *Madeira* Wine, Molasses, White-wine Vinegar, Loaf and *Muscovado* Sugar, Hyson and Bohea Tea, Coffee, Raisins and Currans, Rice, *French* Barley, Anchovies, and all Sorts of Spices, with sundry other Articles too tedious to insert.

(37)

JAMES NEVIN.

N. B. He keeps a COOPER at Work, and will supply all Persons that may want Jobs done in that Way, very reasonably.

ANNAPOLIS, January 7, 1767.

THE Subscriber being out of Employment, would be glad to engage with any Gentleman of the *Turf*, to keep running Horses, having had a great deal of Experience, and given many Proofs of his Skill and Abilities in that Way, hopes that he will meet with Encouragement from all true Sportsmen. He likewise professes Farriery in all its Branches; and there being so many Impositions on the Public from superficial loquacious Coxcombs, whose Cant, though deemed by the Credulous, in nothing but the Oracles of old specious Delusion, while Imposition is learned, nothing passes but Impertinency and barren superfluity of Words, and wondrous Knowledge and Elocution. Any Gentleman who may incline to Favour me with their Commands, either as Farrier or Groom, may depend upon having their Business performed with Fidelity, by Their humble Servant,

MICHAEL WALKER.

OXFORD, December 5, 1766.

JUST IMPORTED from LIVERPOOL,

A NEAT Assortment of Yard,  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  wide white *Irish* Linen, white and brown Ell wide Sheeting, Yard,  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  wide *Manchester* and Home made Check, Hempen Osnabrigs, Dowlas, Nails, Strong Beer, &c. And to be sold reasonably, by Wholesale, for Cash, Bills, or short Credit, by

(47)

THOMAS BRERETON.

Baltimore-Town, December 29, 1766.

RAN away from *Kingbury* Furnace, in *Baltimore* County, last Night, Three Convict Servant Men, viz.

JOHN FRYER, by Trade a Wheel-wright, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, dark brown curled Hair, fresh Complexion, had on and took with him the following Things, one Castor and one Felt Hat, a blue grey broad Cloth Coat, red Jacket, blue Duffil Breeches, one Pair of light coloured Plush ditto; blue grey Stockings, one Pair *English* Falls, one Pair Country made Pumps, one white Shirt of *English* Linen, several Oznabrig Shirts, one or two silk Handkerchiefs, and several other Things unknown.

SAMUEL SEARSON, a lolly well made Fellow, fresh Complexion, down-look, about 28 or 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, wears his own dark brown Hair, had on and took with him a pretty good *English* Castor, and one Felt Hat, one of them bound round with black Binding, several pretty good white Linen Shirts, one Pair of Buckskin Breeches, one light coloured Kersey or Drab surtout Coat, double-breasted, and Hair Buttons, one Pair good black ribbed Stockings, and one Pair dark plain ditto, one Pair *English* Pumps, and two Pair *English* Falls, nailed in the Soles, one Pair square Steel, and one Pair Brafs figured Buckles, 2 Oznabrig Shirts, Cotton Jacket and Breeches, and several other Things unknown.

THOMAS NORTH, a tall stout Fellow, thin Visaged, pale Complexion, short brown Hair, four down-look, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, about 28 or 30 Years of Age; had on and took with him, one Pair of old Leather Breeches, one Pair of old Cloth ditto, one Pair of Cotton ditto, one Cotton Jacket, one Spotted old Swanskin ditto, one Dowlas Shirt, 2 Oznabrigs ditto, 2 Pair of dark coloured Stockings, one Pair of them ribbed, *English* Falls, one pretty good Felt Hat, and several other Things unknown.

It is supposed the above Servants are gone by Water, and have all got forged Passes. Whoever apprehends them, so that they may be had again, shall receive, if within 10 Miles from Home, 20s. if 20 Miles from Home, 40s. and if out of the County, £. 3 for each, and if out of the Province, £. 5 each for *North* and *Searson*, and £. 10 for *John Fryer*, with reasonable Charges if brought to the said Furnace, to be paid by

(37)

FRANCIS PHILLIPS.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 29th Day of this Instant January, at the House of Mr. *Henry James*, in *Baltimore-Town*, for Current Money, or good Bills of Exchange,

A TRACT of LAND lying on the Great Falls of *Gunpowder*, and about 12 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, called *Cubb Hills*, containing about 900 Acres, the greatest Part of which is as good as any in the Country, proper for either Farming or Plantation Business. There is about 200 Acres cleared, with a Dwelling House, and convenient Out Houses thereon, an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees, 2 or 3 good Streams, and convenient Situation for a Furnace, &c. The whole is well Timbered, and remarkably healthy.

Also another Tract in said County, called *Tibbi's United Inheritance*, lying on *Middle River* Neck, containing by Patent 640 Acres, chiefly surrounded with Water, is very well Timbered, and has good Improvements thereon. With very little Expence, this Land may be made as good a Farm as any upon the Continent, and produce considerable Profit to any Person who would give their Attention to the Improvement of Land; besides it is remarkable for the Great Rock Fishery, and wild Fowl, in the proper Season.

About 50 Acres of Land adjoining to *Baltimore-Town*, which will be sold together, or in Parcels of 4 or 5 Acres, as is most suitable and agreeable to those who want to purchase.

The noted and well known Tavern where Mr. *Fogg* formerly lived, and is now kept by Mr. *Henry James*.

The House and Lot formerly belonging to *Thomas Clendenen*.

Also the House, and Part of the Lot, late the Property of *James Bonfield*.

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3

THOMAS SLIGH.

TO BE SOLD.

A COMMODIOUS BRICK HOUSE, with a paved Garden, in *West-Street*, near the Town Gate, ANNAPOLIS.

For Terms, and Title, apply to

(76)

3

ROBERT COUDEN.

To be SOLD, FREIGHTED, or CHARTERED, and if any Person be inclinable to Purchase, they may have her cheap, and Six Months Credit,



THE Sloop CHARLOTTA, a very good Vessel, and a Prime Sailer, upwards of 60 Tons Burthen, now lying in *Herring-Bay*. Any Person inclinable to Freight, Charter, or Purchase, may apply to the Subscriber at *Herring-Bay*.

SAMUEL CHEW.

# SCHEME OF THE MARYLAND LIBERTY LOTTERY.

THE Lower House of Assembly of *Maryland* have constantly and ineffectually hitherto, since Seventeen Hundred and Thirty-nine, RESOLVED, That his Lordship hath no Right to collect Twelve-pence per Hoghead on Tobacco exported.

A Constitutional Tax on the People to support an Agent of the Appointment of the Lower House, has been greatly desired; frequently attempted, and as often refused by the Upper House.

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Clerk of the Council his reasonable Reward, as well as every other Expence necessarily attending the Execution of the Powers of Government, ought to be defrayed out of the *Fines, Forfeitures, Amerciaments, and other Monies* received by the Government for the Support thereof; and, "That Sentiment being directly opposite to the Opinion of the Upper House had, on mature Consideration, formed upon the Subject of the Clerk of the Council's Claim," principally occasioned the Non-payment of the Public Debt for upwards of Ten Years: The Distress of Trade for Want of a Circulating Medium, and the extreme Necessity of Public Creditors, compelled the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his Majesty in Council, on the Subject Matter of Difference, without the Allotment of any Public Money for that Purpose, as the only Means to settle Disputes, restore Public Credit, and lay a sure Foundation for the future Ease and Good of the Province.

A Subscription therefore, by RESOLVE of the Lower House, has been Open'd, and Subscriptions are taken in by every Member, for maintaining an Agent, and supporting the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining Redress of their other Grievances; and, by RESOLVE also of the Lower House, as an additional Means of raising Money for the same Purposes, the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY, by which to raise One Thousand Pounds Common Money, is submitted to the Public.

1 PRIZE	of £. 500	is	500
1	of 250	is	250
1	of 100	is	100
2	of 50	are	100
2	of 30	are	60
4	of 20	are	80
4	of 15	are	60
10	of 10	are	100
20	of 5	are	100
50	of 4	are	200
80	of 3	are	240
73	of 2 : 10	are	182 : 10
2250	of 2	are	4500
1 First drawn Blank,			13 : 15
1 Last drawn Blank,			13 : 15

£. 6500

2500 Prizes.

2500 Blanks.

Tickets, at Thirty Shillings each, amount to £. 7500  
From which deduct 1000 £. 6500

Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted from the Prizes, to defray the Expences of the Lottery.

The Drawing to be in the Court-House at *Annapolis*, in the Presence of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall be pleased to attend, on the last Monday in May next, or sooner, if sooner full.

The Managers are, *William Murdock*, Esq; Messieurs *Thomas Sprigg*, *William Pace*, *John Weems*, *Thomas Gassaway*, *South River*, *Thomas Ringgold*, *B. T. B. Worthington*, *Henry Hall*, *John Hammond*, *Thomas Johnson*, *John Hall* of *Annapolis*, and *Samuel Chase*, or such of them as shall chuse to act.

The said Managers to give Bond to the Hon. SPEAKER, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be Published in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, and the Prizes paid as soon as the Drawing is finished; and those not demanded in Six Months after the Drawing, to be deemed as generously given to the above Use.

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ALL Persons that are any Way indebted to the Estate of *Ann Pearman*, of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to make Payment, and those that have any just Claim against the said Estate, are desired to make them known to

THO<sup>s</sup>. HYDE, Administrator.



## The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII<sup>d</sup> Year.]

THURSDAY, January 15, 1767.

[N<sup>o</sup>. 114.]

the following short ACCOUNT of the Kingdom of POLAND, it is hop'd will not be unacceptable to the Readers, at this Season, when there is a Dearth of News.

I SHALL not here pretend to give a History of any of the Kings of Poland, since it could never lead us to form an Idea of the Government of this Country. No Nation upon Earth has a more destructive Constitution than Poland; and no People are more fond of what they falsely call Liberty; a Liberty that is destructive of the Freedom of the most useful Part of the Community. The Power of the King is so extremely limited, that the Kingdom is justly stiled a Republick; the Authority of the Nobles so unbounded, that they may all be considered as Sovereign Princes, who have no Law but the Caprice of their own Humours, and the Subjection of the Peasants to them is so extreme, that they are most abject Slaves.

Poland has scarcely any of those Commodities on which Trade is founded, and which may be called the moveable Effects of the Universe, except the Corn, which is the Produce of its Lands. Some of their Lords possess entire Provinces; and oppress the Husbandman, in order to have greater Quantities of Corn, which they send to Strangers, to procure the superfluous Demands of Luxury. If Poland, says a celebrated Writer of the present Age, had no foreign Trade, its Inhabitants would be more happy: the Grandees, who would have only their Corn, would give it to their Peasants for their Subsistence; and as their too extensive Estates would become burthensome, they would divide them amongst their Peasants; and every one would find Skins or Wool in their Herds or Flocks, so that they would no longer be at an immense Expence in providing Clothes: the Great, who are always fond of Luxury, not being able to find it in their own Country, would encourage the Labour of the Poor; and the Nation would then be more flourishing, at least if it did not become barbarous; and that the Laws might easily prevent. How wretched must the Constitution of that Country be, in which Trade, the Source of Plenty and Happiness to other States, is the Source of Poverty, and of the Misery of the People!

The common People are without Property; they have no Possessions, nor can they have any, and being obliged to work three or four Days in a Week for their Masters, the rest of their Time is employed in procuring a miserable Subsistence for themselves and Families. All they possess is at the Will of their Lords; and if one of them gives a Piece of Land to a Peasant, he orders his other Peasants to furnish him with a Cow, Hens, Geese, as much Rice as will serve him for a Twelvemonth, and to build him a House. If they are ill used they bear it, and if treated with the least Indulgence are thankful. Any Gentleman for killing a Peasant pays only a Fine of about the Value of Twenty Shillings. A Lord condemns his Vassal to die, sometimes on the most frivolous Pretences; and what is no small Aggravation of their Slavery, without any Form of Trial.

Their Councils, Assemblies, and Diets, where Order and Moderation should principally preside, are filled with Orators in Arms, and military Blustering. Scarce a Motion or Speech can be made but with Sword in Hand: Every one imagines that he has a Right to speak first, or at least to contradict the first Speaker, whence soon arises a confused Clamour, which is only increased by the Voices of those who would silence it. In the midst of all this Confusion the Affairs of State are laid before them, discussed, and at last, when after long Contentions, and furious Debates, they seem coming to some Conclusion, they are often prevented by the Expiration of the Session, which cannot exceed six Weeks. At other Times, losing all Regard to Decency, and giving way to a Fury incited by the Heat of Contest, and of separate Interests, they lay aside their Debates, and making use of their Arms, conclude in a Skirmish.

Thus Anarchy seems to be settled by the Constitution of the Country, and Slavery by the Liberty indulged to the Nobles.

When the Throne becomes vacant, the Archbishop of Gnesa summons a general Convocation of the Gentry to meet at Warsaw. Mean while Care is taken to guard the Roads from Thieves, and the Frontiers from Invaders.

At the Time of the Election, the Diet forms an Act for the Security of their Liberties, which is stiled the *Pacta Conventa*, which the King, before he is Recognized, swears to observe, and again repeats the Oath at his Coronation. This is the Rule of his Government, and contains the Maxims which he is obliged to follow. As this may give some Idea of his limited Authority, we shall here give an Abstract of the royal Capitulation, only observing, that other Articles are occasionally added to these, according as particular Circumstances may require; but the following are never omitted.

"That the King shall not appoint any Successor, but preserve all the Laws for the Freedom of the Election; that he shall pretend to no Right of coining Money, but leave that in the Hands of the Republick; that he will satisfy and confirm all the Treaties made with foreign Princes; that he will maintain the Tranquillity of the Publick; that he will not declare War against any Prince, bring foreign Troops into the Kingdom, or suffer any to go out, nor levy any new Troops, without the Consent of the Diet; that all Field-Officers, and Officers of the Guards, shall be either Poles, Lithuanians, or the Natives of those Provinces depending on the Crown of Poland; and all swear to be subject to the Grand Marshal; that he shall give no Man more Places than the Law allows; that after a Place has been vacant six Weeks, he shall bestow it on some well-qualified Polish Gentleman; that he shall not marry without the Consent of the Senate,

"who shall assign his Queen what Revenues they please; that he shall regulate the Number of his Troops by Consent of his Council; that he shall build no Fleet without the Advice of his Senate; that he shall not diminish his Treasure in the Castle of Cracow, but rather encrease it; that he shall borrow no Money without the Consent of the Diet; that he shall always administer Justice by the Advice of his Senators; that he shall be content with the Revenue of his Predecessors; that no Strangers be introduced into his Councils, and that he shall bestow no Offices or Dignities upon them; that he shall not diminish any of the Offices at his Disposal; that he shall maintain and defend all Rights, Liberties, and Privileges granted by former Kings to the Poles or Lithuanians, or to any of the Provinces that depended on these two Nations."

The King bestows all Employments; but then they are enjoyed for Life; by which means those on whom he has bestowed them are rendered entirely independent of the Crown, since he cannot take away what he has once given. The King, though always of the Romish Profession, swears to protect four Religions, the Romish, the Protestant, the Greek, and that of the Jews, for which the latter pay upwards of 12,000 l. a Year. From such a Constitution as we have just described, it is not at all to be wondered at, that the Country is the poorest, and that by far the greatest Part of the People, are the most miserable of any in Europe.

L O N D O N, October 2.

THEY write from Algiers, that the Master of a Genoese Bark, who had ventured to put in there under English Colours, and a false Pass, had been thrown into Prison, and Circumcised, by Order of the Dey, and his Vessel confiscated; which that Prince had declared should be the Punishment of all such Offenders; the Crew, consisting of seven Men, were made Prisoners.

According to private Advices from Hamburg, a Report was current, that his Prussian Majesty was actually making Dispositions for bringing a powerful Army into the Field next Spring; but the secret Object of these Preparations were variously talked of.

Oct. 11. Last Friday a Number of genteel People of both Sexes, began to assemble at St. James's, in order to regale themselves with Caudle and Cake. The Doors were open till Five, at which Time they were increased to many Thousands, and thronged in such a tumultuous Manner, that one Lady was almost pressed to Death. The Battle-Axes were obliged to drive them all out, it being impossible (unless such a Miracle as that of the Loaves and Fishes had been wrought) to satisfy the craving Appetites of such a vast Multitude. This mortifying Disappointment chagrined a prodigious Concourse of Ladies, who thirsted for the Honour of having it to say, in future Times, that they had eat Cake, and drank Caudle, at the Birth of the Prince's Royal of England.

Letters from Cadiz, dated Sept. 9, says, "The Advices from our Settlements in South America, which arrive here very regularly, by Means of the Packets established for that Purpose, say, that every Thing there is in a State of perfect Tranquillity; so that what has been published in foreign News-Papers to the contrary, is false, and invented."

Oct. 14. Every Body is pleased with the additional Honour his Majesty has conferred upon Lord Northumberland: It is a Distinction that will be well supported on all Parts. Titles dignify other Persons: These dignify Titles.

Whitehall, Oct. 11. The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. Wills Earl of Hillsborough, of the Kingdom of Ireland, Soame Jenyns, Edward Elliot, George Rice, John Roberts, Jeremiah Dyson, William Fitzherbert, and Thomas Robinson, Esquires, to be his Majesty's Commissioners for Trade and Plantations.

Edinburgh, Oct. 8. On Monday last his Majesty's Commission came down, appointing the Right Hon. James Stewart Mackenzie, Esq; Lord Privy Seal for Scotland.

Dublin, Oct. 5. It is talked here, that the Lists of all the Pensions, Civil and Military, on this Kingdom, that have been granted for Lives and for Years, are to be laid before the English Parliament next Session; as also the Enrolments of all the Patents, and his Majesty's Letters for granting Civil and Military Pensions on this Establishment.

WILLIAMSBURG, Dec. 11. On Monday the 20th of October last there fell in Halifax-County an amazing Shower of Hail,

which was preceded by a great Noise in the Air. Many of the Hailstones were as large as a Pint-Bowl, and one measured five or six Inches long an Hour after it fell. The Cloud arose in the North-West, and had its Direction to the South-East. The Trees are not only stripped of their Leaves but of their Boughs and Twigs also, and appear more Naked than they would have done in the Middle of Winter. The Noise which preceded the shower, and the Shower itself, which lasted near an Hour, were so dreadful that many People began to apprehend the last Day to be at Hand. It killed many Fowls, and some Hogs; (It was the LAST DAY to them,) and it is surprising it did not kill even Cattle and Horses.

ANNAPOLIS, January 15.

Tuesday last arrived here together, Three Brigantines from Whitehaven, the *Brayton*, *John Harrison*, the *Curwen*, *Charles Young*, husband, and the *Anne*, *Henry Jacques*. They are Mann'd with Eleven Men each, were Charter'd by one Merchant, all Built by one Man, Clear'd out together at Whitehaven, Sail'd from thence in one Tide, never saw one another on the Passage till they met together at our Capes, Enter'd at the Custom-House here together, all came for Wheat, and Sail'd together from hence for Baltimore.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Shop in ANNAPOLIS, for Ready Money,

EXCEEDING good Bohea Tea at 7<sup>s</sup> per lb. Green Ditto at 14<sup>s</sup>. best London single refined Sugar at 17<sup>d</sup>. per lb. by the Loaf, Philadelphia Ditto at 16<sup>d</sup>. West India Rum at 4/6 by the Gallon, Molasses at 3<sup>s</sup>. Mulwara Sugar at 9<sup>d</sup>. 8<sup>d</sup>. & 7<sup>d</sup>. per lb. that at 9<sup>d</sup>. is the very best Sort, Currans at 15<sup>d</sup> and Raisins at 10<sup>d</sup>. per lb. Flour of Mustard, Coffee, Chocolate, Ginger, Allspice, Nutmegs and Cinnamon, Indigo and Fig Blue, Florence Oil, Stoughton's Elixir, Bateman's Drops, and James's Powders, Castile and Philadelphia Soap, Window Glass of most Sizes, London Steel, and a few other Dry Goods, on the most reasonable Terms:

(3) W<sup>m</sup>. WILKINS.

Imported in the Snow Industry, from LONDON,

SAIL-CLOTH, CORDAGE, SEINE TWINE, and small ANCHORS, to be sold at their Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Country Produce, by (4) BUCHANAN & M<sup>c</sup>G CHIN.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, living near Benedict Town, on Patuxent River,

BETWEEN five and six Hundred Bushels of very good WHEAT, for ready Cash. LEONARD HOLLYDAY.

MARYLAND, January 13, 1767.

THE Subscribers continue to carry on their DISTILLERY at Baltimore-Town, where their Friends and Customers may depend on being constantly supply'd, on the most reasonable Terms, with the best AMERICAN RUM made on the Continent; for which they will take Payment in Bar Iron, Flour, Pork, Wheat, Rye, Indian Corn, Pine Boards, Shingles, Heading, Pipe, Hogthead, or Barrel Staves, if made according to the Philadelphia Staves, and cull'd. They have also to dispose of for Cash, or Bills of Exchange, best West-India Rum, Molasses by the Hogthead or Tierce, Muscovado and Loaf Sugars in Barrels, best New-England Mackrel and Fish Oil. SAMUEL and ROBERT PURVIANCE.

(4)

Patuxent, January 12, 1767.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Estate of Susanna Anderson, late of Anne-Arundel County, deceased, are desired to come and pay off their Accounts; and all Persons who have any just Demands against the said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment, to

ABRAHAM ANDERSON,

per J. S. S. toward to 107.



January 3, 1767.  
**A**LL Persons having any just Demands against my Sister, *Mary Moore*, are desired to send them, properly authenticated, to me, or to Mrs. *Caten*, at *London-Town*. I shall, on the 2<sup>d</sup> Day of *February*, sell off all the *Negroes*, *Stock*, *Wheat*, *Corn*, and every Thing on the *Plantation*, and Household Furniture belonging to my Sister, at her late Dwelling-House near *London-Town*.  
 (w6) STEPHEN WEST.

ANAPOLIS, January 6, 1767.  
**A**S many of the Adventurers in Messieurs *Rivington* and *Brown's* LOTTERY have neglected to apply for their Prizes, since the Drawing of the said Lottery, and most of the Prizes for the Southern Colonies being now deposited with me, I take this Method to inform the said Adventurers, that such Prizes as remain in my Hands are ready to be delivered when called for; and, as I am fully authorized, I hope it will not be taken amiss, if at the same Time, I shoud earnestly require those Gentlemen who still remain in Arrears for Tickets, to settle their respective Accounts with me immediately.  
 (4<sup>v</sup>) THOMAS B. HODGKIN.

ANAPOLIS, January 8, 1767.  
**T**HE Land heretofore advertised by the Subscriber, in this Gazette, No. 1107 and 1108, not being sold at the Time therein mentioned, the same will be exposed to Sale, upon the Premises, on Friday the 30th Instant.  
 JOHN DUCKETT.

WHEREAS WILLIAM, the Son of JOHN RICHARDSON, of *Stafford*, in *England*, came over to *Maryland*, and was a Servant in the Year 1754, to Mr. *Samuel Tipton*, on the River *Patuxet*: If the said *William Richardson* be living, by applying to the Printer, he will hear of something to his Advantage; if dead, any Person producing an authenticated Certificate of his Death, will be reimbursed his Expenses, with Thanks.

ANAPOLIS, January 1, 1767.  
 To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, on very cheap Terms, for Cash, at the Store lately kept by Mr. *Bennett Chew*, the following Goods, viz:

VARIETY of Broadcloths, Irish Rattens, Worsted Breeches Patterns, Stuffs, Poplins, Crapes, Thread, Sattins, Irish Linens, Cambricks, Checks, Osabrigs, Mens Shoes, and best Milled Hops, Case Spirits, best West-India Rum, Madeira Wine, Molasses, White-wine Vinegar, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Mylon and Bohea Tea, Coffee, Raisins and Currans, Rice, French Barley, Anchovies, and all Sorts of Spices, with sundry other Articles too tedious to insert.  
 (3<sup>v</sup>) JAMES NEVIN.

N. B. He keeps a COOPER at Work, and will supply all Persons that may want Jobs done in that Way, very reasonably.

ANAPOLIS, January 7, 1767.  
**T**HE Subscriber being out of Employment, would be glad to engage with any Gentleman of the *Turf*, to keep running Horses, having had a great deal of Experience, and given many Proofs of his Skill and Abilities in that Way, hopes that he will meet with Encouragement from all true Sportsmen. He likewise professes Farriery in all its Branches; and there being so many Impositions on the Public from superficial loquacious Coxcombs, whose Cant, though deemed by the Credulous, in nothing but the Oracles of old specious Delusion, while Imposition is learned, nothing passes but Impertinency and barren superfluity of Words, and wondrous Knowledge and Elocution. Any Gentleman who may incline to Favour me with their Commands, either as Farrier or Groom, may depend upon having their Business performed with Fidelity, by their humble Servant,  
 MICHAEL WALKER.

OXFORD, December 5, 1766.  
**JUST IMPORTED** from LIVERPOOL,

A NEAT Assortment of Yard,  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$  wide white Irish Linen, white and brown Ell wide Sheeting, Yard,  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$  wide Manchester and Home made Check, Hempen Osabrigs, Dowles, Nalls, Strong Beer, &c. And to be sold reasonably, by Wholesale, for Cash, Bills, or short Credit, by  
 (4<sup>v</sup>) THOMAS BRETTON.

Baltimore-Town, December 29, 1766.  
**R**AN away from *King's* Furnace, in *Baltimore* County, last Night, Three Convict Servant Men, viz:

JOHN FRYER, by Trade a Wheel-wright, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, dark brown curled Hair, fresh Complexion, had on and took with him the following Things, one Calor and one Felt Hat, a blue grey broad Cloth Coat, red Jacket, blue Duffil Breeches, one Pair of light coloured Plush ditto, blue grey Stockings, one Pair English Falls, one Pair Country made Pumps, one white Shirt of English Linen, several Osabrig Shirts, one or two silk Handkerchiefs, and several other Things unknown.

SAMUEL SEARSON, a lolly well made Fellow, fresh Complexion, down look, about 28 or 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, wears his own dark brown Hair, had on and took with him a pretty good English Calor, and one Felt Hat, one of them bound round with black Binding, several pretty good white Linen Shirts, one Pair of Buckskin Breeches, one light coloured Kersey or Drab furstout Coat, double-breasted, and Hair Buttons, one Pair good black ribbed Stockings, and one Pair dark plain ditto, one Pair English Pumps, and two Pair English Falls, nailed in the Soles, one Pair square Steel, and one Pair brass figured Buckles, 2 Osabrig Shirts, Cotton Jacket and Breeches, and several other Things unknown.

THOMAS NORTH, a tall stout Fellow, thin Visaged, pale Complexion, short brown Hair, four down look, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, about 28 or 30 Years of Age; had on and took with him, one Pair of old Leather Breeches, one Pair of old Cloth ditto, one Pair of Cotton ditto, one Cotton Jacket, one Spotted old Swanskin ditto, one Dowlas Shirt, 2 Osabrigs ditto, 2 Pair of dark coloured Stockings, one Pair of them ribbed, English Falls, one pretty good Felt Hat, and several other Things unknown.

It is supposed the above Servants are gone by Water, and have all got forged Passes. Whoever apprehends them, so that they may be had again, shall receive, if within 10 Miles from Home, 20s. if 20 Miles from Home, 40s. and if out of the County, £. 3 for each, and if out of the Province, £. 5 each for North and Searson, and £. 10 for John Fryer, with reasonable Charges if brought to the said Furnace, to be paid by  
 (3<sup>v</sup>) FRANCIS PETERS.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 20th Day of this Instant January, at the House of Mr. *Henry James*, in *Baltimore-Town*, for Current Money, or good Bills of Exchange,

A TRACT of LAND lying on the Great Falls of *Gumpowder*, and about 12 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, called *Cubb Hills*, containing about 900 Acres, the greatest Part of which is as good as any in the Country, proper for either Farming or Plantation Business. There is about 200 Acres cleared, with a Dwelling House, and convenient Out Houses thereon, an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees, 2 or 3 good Streams, and convenient Situation for a Furnace, &c. The whole is well Timbered, and remarkably healthy.

Also another Tract in said County, called *Fiddler's United Inheritance*, lying on *Middle River Neck*, containing by Patent 640 Acres, chiefly surrounded with Water, is very well Timbered, and has good Improvements thereon. With very little Expence, this Land may be made as good a Farm as any upon the Continent, and produce considerable Profit to any Person who would give their Attention to the Improvement of Land; besides it is remarkable for the Great Rock Fishery, and wild Fowl, in the proper Season.

About 50 Acres of Land adjoining to *Baltimore-Town*, which will be sold together, or in Parcels of 4 or 5 Acres, as is most suitable and agreeable to those who want to purchase.

The noted and well-known Tavern where Mr. *Fogg* formerly lived, and is now kept by Mr. *Henry James*.

The House and Lot formerly belonging to *Thomas Clendinning*.

Also the House, and Part of the Lot, late the Property of *James Bonfield*.  
 (6<sup>v</sup>) 3 THOMAS SLIGH.

TO BE SOLD.  
**A** COMMODIOUS BRICK HOUSE, with a paved Garden, in *West-Street*, near the Town Gate, ANAPOLIS.

For Terms, and Title, apply to  
 (w6) 3 ROBERT COBURN.

To be SOLD, FREIGHTED, or CHARTERED, and if any Person be inclinable to Purchase, they may have her cheap, and Six Months Credit.



THE Sloop CHARLOTTA, a very good Vessel, and a Prime Sailer, upwards of 60 Tons Burthen, now lying in *Herring-Bay*. Any Person inclinable to Freight, Charter, or Purchase, may apply to the Subscriber at *Herring-Bay*.  
 SAMUEL CHAW.

## SCHEME OF THE MARYLAND LIBERTY LOTTERY.

THE Lower House of Assembly of *Maryland* have constantly and ineffectually hitherto, since Seventeen Hundred and Thirty-nine, RESOLVED, That his Majesty hath no Right to collect Twelve-pence per Hoghead on Tobacco exported.

A Constitutional Tax on the People to support an Agent of the Appointment of the Lower House, has been greatly desired, frequently attempted, and at often refused by the Upper House.

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Clerk of the Council his reasonable Reward, as well as every other Expence necessarily attending the Execution of the Powers of Government, ought to be defrayed out of the *Finer, Profits, Amortments, and other Monies* received by the Government for the Support thereof; and, "That Sentiment being directly opposite to the Opinion the Upper House had, on mature Consideration, formed upon the Subject of the Clerk of the Council's Claim," principally concerned the Non-payment of the Public Debt for upwards of Ten Years: The Dispute of Trade for Want of a Circulating Medium, and the extreme Necessity of Public Creditors, compelled the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his Majesty in Council, on the Subject Matter of Difference, without the Allotment of any Public Money for that Purpose, as the only Means to settle Disputes, restore Public Credit, and lay a sure Foundation for the future Ease and Good of the Province.

A Subscription therefore, by RESOLVE of the Lower House, has been Open'd, and Subscriptions are taken in by every Member, for maintaining an Agent, and supporting the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining Redress of their other Grievances; and, by RESOLVE also of the Lower House, as an additional Means of raising Money for the same Purpose, the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY, by which to raise One Thousand Pounds Common Money, is submitted to the Public.

1. PRIZE of £. 500	is	500
1. of 250	is	250
1. of 100	is	100
2. of 50	are	100
2. of 30	are	60
4. of 20	are	80
4. of 15	are	60
10. of 10	are	100
20. of 5	are	100
50. of 4	are	200
80. of 3	are	240
73. of 2	are	146
2250. of 1	are	2250

1 First drawn Blank, 13:15  
 1 Last drawn Blank, 13:15

£. 6500

2500 Prizes.

2500 Blanks.

Tickets, at Thirty Shillings each, £. 7500  
 amount to  
 From which deduct 1000 £. 6500

Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted from the Prizes, to defray the Expenses of the Lottery.

The Drawing to be in the Court-House at *Annapolis*, in the Presence of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall be pleased to attend, on the last Monday in May next, or sooner, if sooner fall.

The Managers are, *William Mardock*, Esq; *Messieurs Thomas Sprigg*, *William Pace*, *John Watts*, *Thomas Goffe-way*, *South River*, *Thomas Ringgold*, *B. T. B. Worthington*, *Henry Hall*, *John Hammond*, *Thomas Johnson*, *John Hall* of *Annapolis*, and *Samuel Chase*, or such of them as shall chuse to act.

The said Managers to give Bond to the Hon. SPEAKERS, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be Published in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, and the Prizes paid as soon as the Drawing is finished; and those not demanded in Six Months after the Drawing, to be deemed as generously given to the said Use.

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"LIFE without LIBERTY is worse than DEATH."

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers, and of most of the Members of the Lower House of Assembly.

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 THO. HYDE, Administrator.



## The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII<sup>d</sup> Year.]

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[N<sup>o</sup>. 1114.]

be following short ACCOUNT of the Kingdom of POLAND, it is hop'd will not be unacceptable to the Readers, at this Season, when there is a Dearth of News.

I SHALL not here pretend to give a History of any of the Kingdoms of Poland, since it could never lead us to form an Idea of the Government of this Country. No Nation upon Earth has a more destructive Constitution than Poland; and no People are more fond of what they falsely call Liberty; a Liberty that is destructive of the Freedom of the most useful Part of the Community. The Power of the King is so extremely limited, that the Kingdom is justly stiled a Republick; the Authority of the Nobles so unbounded, that they may all be considered as Sovereign Princes, who have no Law but the Caprice of their own Humours, and the Subjection of the Peasants to them is so extreme, that they are most abject Slaves.

Poland has scarcely any of those Commodities on which Trade is founded, and which may be called the moveable Effects of the Universe, except the Corn, which is the Produce of its Lands. Some of their Lords possess entire Provinces; and oppress the Husbandman, in order to have greater Quantities of Corn, which they send to Strangers, to procure the superfluous Demands of Luxury. If Poland, says a celebrated Writer of the present Age, had no foreign Trade, its Inhabitants would be more happy: the Grandees, who would have only their Corn, would give it to their Peasants for their Subsistence; and as their too extensive Estates would become burthensome, they would divide them amongst their Peasants; and every one would find Skins or Wool in their Herds or Flocks, so that they would no longer be at an immense Expence in providing Clothes: the Great, who are always fond of Luxury, not being able to find it in their own Country, would encourage the Labour of the Poor; and the Nation would then be more flourishing, at least if it did not become barbarous; and that the Laws might easily prevent. How wretched must the Constitution of that Country be, in which Trade, the Source of Plenty and Happiness to other States, is the Source of Poverty, and of the Misery of the People!

The common People are without Property; they have no Possessions, nor can they have any, and being obliged to work three or four Days in a Week for their Masters, the rest of their Time is employed in procuring a miserable Subsistence for themselves and Families. All they possess is at the Will of their Lords; and if one of them gives a Piece of Land to a Peasant, he orders his other Peasants to furnish him with a Cow, Hens, Geese, as much Rice as will serve him for a Twelvemonth, and to build him a House. If they are ill used they bear it, and if treated with the least Indulgence are thankful. Any Gentleman for killing a Peasant pays only a Fine of about the Value of Twenty Shillings. A Lord condemns his Vassal to die, sometimes on the most frivolous Pretences; and what is no small Aggravation of their Slavery, without any Form of Trial. Their Councils, Assemblies, and Diets, where Order and Moderation should principally preside, are filled with Orators in Arms, and military Blusterings. Scarce a Motion or Speech can be made but with Sword in Hand: Every one imagines that he has a Right to speak first, or at least to contradict the first Speaker, whence there soon arises a confused Clamour, which is only increased by the Voices of those who would silence it. In the midst of all this Confusion the Affairs of State are laid before them, discussed, and at last, when after long Contentions, and furious Debates, they seem coming to some Conclusion, they are often prevented by the Expiration of the Session, which cannot exceed six Weeks. At other Times, losing all Regard to Decency, and giving way to a Fury incited by the Heat of Contest, and of separate Interests, they lay aside their Debates, and making use of their Arms, conclude in a Skirmish.

Thus Anarchy seems to be settled by the Constitution of the Country, and Slavery by the Liberty indulged to the Nobles.

When the Throne becomes vacant, the Archbishop of Gnesna summons a general Convocation of the Gentry to meet at Warsaw. Mean while Care is taken to guard the Roads from Thieves, and the Frontiers from Invasions.

At the Time of the Election, the Diet forms an Act for the Security of their Liberties, which is stiled the *Pacta Conventa*, which the King, before he is Recognized, swears to observe, and again repeats the Oath at his Coronation. This is the Role of his Government, and contains the Maxims which he is obliged to follow. As this may give some Idea of his limited Authority, we shall here give an Abstract of the royal Capitulation, only observing, that other Articles are occasionally added to these, according as particular Circumstances may require; but the following are never omitted.

"That the King shall not appoint any Successor, but preserve all the Laws for the Freedom of the Election; that he shall pretend to no Right of coining Money, but leave that in the Hands of the Republick; that he will satisfy and confirm all the Treaties made with foreign Princes; that he will maintain the Tranquillity of the Publick; that he will not declare War against any Prince, bring foreign Troops into the Kingdom, or suffer any to go out, nor levy any new Troops, without the Consent of the Diet; that all Field-Officers, and Officers of the Guards, shall be either *Poles*, *Lithuanians*, or the Natives of those Provinces depending on the Crown of Poland; and all swear to be subject to the Grand Marshal; that he shall give no Man more Places than the Law allows; that after a Place has been vacant six Weeks, he shall bestow it on some well-qualified *Polish* Gentleman; that he shall not marry without the Consent of the Senate,

"who shall assign his Queen what Revenues they please; that he shall regulate the Number of his Troops by Consent of his Council; that he shall build no Fleet without the Advice of his Senate; that he shall not diminish his Treasure in the Castle of *Cracow*, but rather increase it; that he shall borrow no Money without the Consent of the Diet; that he shall always administer Justice by the Advice of his Senators; that he shall be content with the Revenue of his Predecessors; that no Strangers be introduced into his Councils, and that he shall bestow no Offices or Dignities upon them; that he shall not diminish any of the Offices at his Disposal; that he shall maintain and defend all Rights, Liberties, and Privileges granted by former Kings to the *Poles* or *Lithuanians*, or to any of the Provinces that depended on these two Nations."

The King bestows all Employments; but then they are enjoyed for Life; by which means those on whom he has bestowed them are rendered entirely independent of the Crown, since he cannot take away what he has once given. The King, though always of the *Romish* Profession, swears to protect four Religions, the *Romish*, the *Protestant*, the *Greek*, and that of the *Jews*, for which the latter pay upwards of 12,000 *l.* a Year. From such a Constitution as we have just described, it is not at all to be wondered at, that the Country is the poorest, and that by far the greatest Part of the People, are the most miserable of any in Europe.

## L O N D O N, October 2.

THEY write from Algiers, that the Master of a Genoese Bark, who had ventured to put in there under English Colours, and a false Pass, had been thrown into Prison, and Circumcised, by Order of the Dey, and his Vessel confiscated; which that Prince had declared should be the Punishment of all such Offenders; the Crew, consisting of seven Men, were made Prisoners.

According to private Advices from Hamburgh, a Report was current, that his Prussian Majesty was actually making Dispositions for bringing a powerful Army into the Field next Spring; but the secret Object of these Preparations were variously talked of.

Oct. 11. Last Friday a Number of genteel People of both Sexes, began to assemble at St. James's, in order to regale themselves with Caudle and Cake. The Doors were open till Five, at which Time they were increased to many Thousands, and thronged in such a tumultuous Manner, that one Lady was almost pressed to Death. The Battle-Axes were obliged to drive them all out, it being impossible (unless such a Miracle as that of the Loaves and Fishes had been wrought) to satisfy the craving Appetites of such a vast Multitude. This mortifying Disappointment chagrined a prodigious Concourse of Ladies, who thirsted for the Honour of having it to say, in future Times, that they had eat Cake, and drank Caudle, at the Birth of the Princess Royal of England.

Letters from Cadiz, dated Sept. 9, says, "The Advices from our Settlements in South America, which arrive here very regularly, by Means of the Packets established for that Purpose, say, that every Thing there is in a State of perfect Tranquillity; so that what has been published in foreign News-Papers to the contrary, is false, and invented."

Oct. 14. Every Body is pleased with the additional Honour his Majesty has conferred upon Lord Northumberland: It is a Distinction that will be well supported on all Parts. Titles dignify other Persons: These dignify Titles.

Whitehall, Oct. 11. The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. Wills Earl of Hillsborough, of the Kingdom of Ireland, Soame Jenyns, Edward Elliot, George Rice, John Roberts, Jeremiah Dyson, William Fitzherbert, and Thomas Robinson, Esquires, to be his Majesty's Commissioners for Trade and Plantations.

Edinburgh, Oct. 8. On Monday last his Majesty's Commission came down, appointing the Right Hon. James Stewart Mackenzie, Esq; Lord Privy Seal for Scotland.

Dublin, Oct. 5. It is talked here, that the Lists of all the Penhons, Civil and Military, on this Kingdom, that have been granted for Lives and for Years, are to be laid before the English Parliament next Session; as also the Enrolments of all the Patents, and his Majesty's Letters for granting Civil and Military Penhons on this Establishment.

## WILLIAMSBURG, Dec. 11.

On Monday the 20th of October last there fell in Halifax-County an amazing Shower of Hail,

which was preceded by a great Noise in the Air. Many of the Hailstones were as large as a Pint-Bowl, and one measured five or six Inches long an Hour after it fell. The Cloud arose in the North-West, and had its Direction to the South-East. The Trees are not only stripped of their Leaves but of their Boughs and Twigs also, and appear more Naked than they would have done in the Middle of Winter. The Noise which preceded the Shower, and the Shower itself, which lasted near an Hour, were so dreadful that many People began to apprehend the last Day to be at Hand. It killed many Fowls, and some Hogs; (It was the LAST DAY to them,) and it is surprising it did not kill even Cattle and Horses.

## ANNAPOLIS, January 15.

Tuesday last arrived here together, Three Brigantines from Whitehaven, the *Brayton*, *John Harrison*, the *Curwen*, *Charles Young-busband*, and the *Anne*, *Henry Jacques*. They are Mann'd with Eleven Men each, were Charter'd by one Merchant, all Built by one Man, Clear'd out together at Whitehaven, Sail'd from thence in one Tide, never saw one another on the Passage till they met together at our Capes, Enter'd at the Custom-House here together, all came for Wheat, and Sail'd together from hence for Baltimore.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Shop in ANNAPOLIS, for Ready Money,

EXCEEDING good Bohea Tea at 7<sup>s</sup> per lb. Green Ditto at 14<sup>s</sup>. best *London* single refined Sugar at 17<sup>d</sup>. per lb. by the Loaf, *Philadelphia* Ditto at 16<sup>d</sup>. *West-India* Rum at 4/6 by the Gallon, Molasses at 3<sup>s</sup>. *Muscovado* Sugar at 9<sup>d</sup>. 8<sup>d</sup>. & 7<sup>d</sup>. per lb. that at 9<sup>d</sup>. is the very best Sort, Currans at 15<sup>d</sup>. and Raisins at 10<sup>d</sup>. per lb. Flour of Mustard, Coffee, Chocolate, Ginger, Allspice, Nutmegs and Cinnamon, Indigo and Fig Blue, *Florence* Oil, *Stoughton's* Elixir, *Bateman's* Drops, and *Jamies* Powders, *Castile* and *Philadelphia* Soap, Window Glass of most Sizes, *London* Steel, and a few other Dry Goods, on the most reasonable Terms.

(3)

W. WILKINS.

Imported in the Snow Industry, from LONDON, SAIL-CLOTH, CORDAGE, SEINE TWINE, and small ANCHORS, to be sold at their Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Country Produce, by (4<sup>th</sup>) BUCHANAN & M'GACHIN.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, living near Benedict Town, on Patuxent River,

BETWEEN five and six Hundred Bushels of very good WHEAT, for ready Cash. LEONARD HOLLYDAY.

## MARYLAND, January 13, 1767.

THE Subscribers continue to carry on their DISTILLERY at Baltimore-Town, where their Friends and Customers may depend on being constantly supply'd, on the most reasonable Terms, with the best AMERICAN RUM made on the Continent; for which they will take Payment in Bar Iron, Flour, Pork, Wheat, Rye, Indian Corn, Pine Boards, Shingles, Heading, Pipe, Hoghead, or Barrel Staves, if made according to the *Philadelphia* Staves, and cull'd. They have also to dispose of for Cash, or Bills of Exchange, best *West-India* Rum, Molasses by the Hoghead or Tierce, *Muscovado* and Loaf Sugars in Barrels, best *New-England* Mackerel and Fish Oil. SAMUEL and ROBERT PURVIANCE.

(4<sup>th</sup>)

## Patuxent, January 12, 1767.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Estate of *Susanna Anderson*, late of *Anne-Arundel* County, deceased, are desired to come and pay off their Accounts; and all Persons who have any just Demands against the said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment, to

ABRAHAM ANDERSON;

Mr. J. S. S. Lewis to Pay.



CHARLES County, January 8, 1767.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, for Current Money, to the Highest Bidder, at Port-Tobacco, on the Second Tuesday in February next,

**A** VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, on *Zachia Swamp*, containing 260 Acres, being Part of a Tract of Land called *His Lordship's Favour*. The Land is extraordinary good for Cropping, with some Meadow Ground, likewise very good for raising Stock, especially Hogs, as the Land borders immediately on the Swamp, on it is a good Apple Orchard of *Hughes's Crab*, grafted, with several other Fruit Trees; there is the Shell of a Dwelling-House, calculated for 4 Rooms on a Floor, Kitchen and Quarter, with Brick Chimnies, and some other Out-Houses, such as Corn House, Stable, Dairy, Meat-House, &c. The Money to be paid at the Acknowledgment of the Land, and Dollars will be taken at 7/6, and other Coin in Proportion.

DANIEL JENIFER.

N. B. I have also for Sale, a Parcel of choice Country-born SLAVES.

**L** EFT with *William Digges* on *Patowmack*, L

A CASK, mark'd thus N -- F, containing Tea-Kettles, &c. &c. A

The Owner is desired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take it away. (1)

**L** EFT, by a Person unknown, at the Subscriber's House in *Annapolis*, Two Pieces of BOLTING-CLOTH. Any Person, proving his Property and paying Charges, may have them, on Application to SAMUEL MIDDLETON.

January 3, 1767.

**A** LL Persons having any just Demands against my Sister, *Mary Moore*, are desired to send them, properly authenticated, to me, or to Mrs. *Caton*, at *London-Town*. I shall, on the 2<sup>d</sup> Day of February, sell off all the Negroes, Stock, Wheat, Corn, and every Thing on the Plantation, and Household Furniture belonging to my Sister, at her late Dwelling-House near *London-Town*.

(16)

STEPHEN WEST.

ANNAPOLIS, January 6, 1767.

**A** S many of the Adventurers in *Messieurs Rivington and Brown's LOTTERY* have neglected to apply for their Prizes, since the Drawing of the said Lottery, and most of the Prizes for the Southern Colonies being now deposited with me, I take this Method to inform the said Adventurers, that such Prizes as remain in my Hands are ready to be delivered when called for; and, as I am fully authorized, I hope it will not be taken amiss, if at the same Time, I should earnestly require those Gentlemen who still remain in Arrears for Tickets, to settle their respective Accounts with me immediately.

(14)

THOMAS B. HODGKIN.

Annapolis, January 1, 1767.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, on very cheap Terms, for Cash, at the Store lately kept by Mr. *Bennett Chew*, the following Goods, viz.

**V**ARIETY of Broadcloths, Irish Rattens, Worsted Breeches Patterns, Stuffs, Poplins, Crapes, Thread, Sattins, Irish Linens, Cambricks, Checks, Osnabrigs, Mens Shoes, and best Milled Hosiery, Cane Spirit, best West-India Rum, Madeira Wine, Molasses, White-wine Vinegar, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Hyson and Bohea Tea, Coffee, Raisins and Currans, Rice, French Barley, Anchovies, and all Sorts of Spices, with sundry other Articles too tedious to insert.

(37)

JAMES NEVIN.

N. B. He keeps a COOPER at Work, and will supply all Persons that may want Jobs done in that Way, very reasonably.

OXFORD, December 5, 1766.

JUST IMPORTED from LIVERPOOL,

**A** NEAT Assortment of Yard,  $\frac{7}{8}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  wide white Irish Linen, white and brown Ell wide Sheeting, Yard,  $\frac{7}{8}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  wide Manchester and Home made Check, Hempen Osnabrigs, Dowlas, Nails, Strong Bear, &c. And to be sold reasonably, by Wholesale, for Cash, Bills, or short Credit, by

(4)

THOMAS BRERETON.

Baltimore-Town, December 29, 1766.

**R**AN away from *Kingbury Furnace*, in *Baltimore County*, last Night, Three Convict Servant Men, viz.

**JOHN FRYER**, by Trade a Wheel-wright, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, dark brown curled Hair, fresh Complexion, had on and took with him the following Things, one Castor and one Felt Hat, a blue grey broad Cloth Coat, red Jacket, blue Duffel Breeches, one Pair of light coloured Fluff ditto, blue grey Stockings, one Pair English Falls, one Pair Country made Pumps, one white Shirt of English Linen, several Oznabrig Shirts, one or two silk Handkerchiefs, and several other Things unknown.

**SAMUEL SEARSON**, a lusty well made Fellow, fresh Complexion, down look, about 28 or 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, wears his own dark brown Hair, had on and took with him a pretty good English Castor, and one Felt Hat, one of them bound round with black Binding, several pretty good white Linen Shirts, one Pair of Buckskin Breeches, one light coloured Kersey or Drab surtout Coat, double-breasted, and Hair Buttons, one Pair good black ribbed Stockings, and one Pair dark plain ditto, one Pair English Pumps, and two Pair English Falls, nailed in the Soles, one Pair square Steel, and one Pair Braided Buckles, 2 Oznabrig Shirts, Cotton Jacket and Breeches, and several other Things unknown.

**THOMAS NORTH**, a tall stout Fellow, thin Visaged, pale Complexion, short brown Hair, four down look, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, about 28 or 30 Years of Age; had on and took with him, one Pair of old Leather Breeches, one Pair of old Cloth ditto, one Pair of Cotton ditto, one Cotton Jacket, one Spotted old Swanskin ditto, one Dowlas Shirt, 2 Oznabrigs ditto, 2 Pair of dark coloured Stockings, one Pair of them ribbed, English Falls, one pretty good Felt Hat, and several other Things unknown.

It is supposed the above Servants are gone by Water, and have all got forged Passes. Whoever apprehends them, so that they may be had again, shall receive, if within 10 Miles from Home, 20 s. if 20 Miles from Home, 40 s. and if out of the County, £. 3 for each, and if out of the Province, £. 5 each for *North* and *Searson*, and £. 10 for *John Fryer*, with reasonable Charges if brought to the said Furnace, to be paid by

(37)

FRANCIS PHILLIPS.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 29th Day of this Instant January, at the House of Mr. *Henry James*, in *Baltimore-Town*, for Current Money, or good Bills of Exchange,

**A** TRACT of LAND lying on the Great Falls of *Gunpowder*, and about 12 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, called *Cobb's Hills*, containing about 900 Acres, the greatest Part of which is as good as any in the Country, proper for either Farming or Plantation Business. There is about 200 Acres cleared, with a Dwelling House, and convenient Out-Houses thereon, an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees, 2 or 3 good Streams, and convenient Situation for a Furnace, &c. The whole is well Timbered, and remarkably healthy.

Also another Tract in said County, called *Tibb's United Inheritance*, lying on *Middle River Neck*, containing by Patent 640 Acres, chiefly surrounded with Water, is very well Timbered, and has good Improvements thereon. With very little Expence, this Land may be made as good a Farm as any upon the Continent, and produce considerable Profit to any Person who would give their Attention to the Improvement of Land; besides it is remarkable for the Great Rock Fishery, and wild Fowl, in the proper Season.

About 50 Acres of Land adjoining to *Baltimore-Town*, which will be sold together, or in Parcels of 10 or 5 Acres, as is most suitable and agreeable to those who want to purchase.

The noted and well known Tavern where Mr. *Foggi* formerly lived, and is now kept by Mr. *Henry James*.

The House and Lot formerly belonging to *Thomas Clendenen*.

Also the House, and Part of the Lot, late the Property of *James Bonfield*.

(67) THOMAS SLIGH.

To be SOLD,

**A** COMMODIOUS BRICK HOUSE, with a paved Garden, in *West-Street*, near the Town Gate, &c. &c.

For Terms, and Title, apply to

(16)

ROBERT COUDEN.

Piscataway, Dec. 6, 1766.

**W**HEREAS *William, Mary, and Frances Herringham*, the Children of *Willm Herringham*, late of *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, did, about 25 Years ago, leave *England*, and to some Part of the *West-Indies*, and, as it is believed, afterwards go to some of the Northern Colonies in *America*: This is therefore to give Notice to all, if the said *William, Mary, and Frances Herringham*, or the Survivor or Survivors of them be living, or to their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, if dead, that by applying by Letter, or otherwise, to the Subscriber at *Piscataway*, in *Prince George's County, Maryland*, they will be of something greatly to their Advantage: Or if any Person can give Information where any of the said Persons, if living, now reside, or if dead, when and where they died, and where buried, such Person shall be genteely rewarded for the Trouble, by applying as above, to

(6m)

WM. RUSSELL.

ANNAPOLIS, January 8, 1767.

**T**HE Land heretofore advertised by the Subscriber, in this Gazette, No. 1107 and 1108, not being sold at the Time therein mentioned, the same will be exposed to Sale, upon the Premises, on Friday the 30th Instant.

JOHN DUCKETT

ANNAPOLIS, January 7, 1767.

**T**HE Subscriber being out of Employment, would be glad to engage with any Gentleman of the *Turf*, to keep running Horses, having had a great deal of Experience, and given many Proofs of his Skill and Abilities in that Way, hopes that he will meet with Encouragement from all true Sportsmen. He likewise professes Farriery in all its Branches; and there being so many Impositions on the Public from superficial loquacious Coxcombs, whose Cant, though deemed by the Credulous, in nothing but the Oracles of old specious Delusion, while Imposition is learned, nothing passes but Impertinency and barren superfluity of Words, and wondrous Knowledge and Elocution. Any Gentleman who may incline to Favour me with their Commands, either as Farrier or Groom, may depend upon having their Business performed with Fidelity, by

Their humble Servant,

MICHAEL WALKER.

**A** LL Persons that are any Way indebted to the Estate of *Ann Pearman*, of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to make Payment, and those that have any just Claim against the said Estate, are desired to make them known to

THO<sup>s</sup>. HYDE, Administrator.

To be SOLD, FREIGHTED, or CHARTERED, and if any Person be inclinable to Purchase, they may have her cheap, and Six Months Credit,



**T**HE Sloop *CHARLOTTA*, a very good Vessel, and a Prime Sailer, upwards of 60 Tons Burthen, now lying in *Herring-Bay*. Any Person inclinable to Freight, Charter, or Purchase, may apply to the Subscriber at *Herring-Bay*.

SAMUEL CHEW.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, Dec. 16, 1766.

**T**HE Subscriber is authorized to receive all Debts due to Dr. *John Shippen*, late of *Elk-Ridge*, and takes this Method to inform all those who are indebted to the said Doctor, that immediate Payment is expected.

(11)

JULIUS CLARE.

**T**HE Subscriber takes this Method of informing the Public, That he has Opened a TAVERN, at *Patuxet Lower Ferry*, in the House formerly kept by Mrs. *Hughes*. He has provided himself with the best of LIQUORS, Clover and Timothy Hay, &c. &c. and shall do his utmost to accommodate to their Satisfaction, such Gentlemen as may chuse to call at his House.

(67)

JAMES KELSO.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, very reasonably, for Ready Money only,

**CHOICE JAMAICA SPIRITS**, *Rum*, and *St. Kitt's R.U.M.*, by the Hoghead: Also a small Quantity of *West-India Lemons* and *Limes*, by the Barrel.

(17)

JAMES REITH.

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in *Charles-Street*.



[XXII<sup>d</sup> Year.]

THURSDAY, January 22, 1767.

[N<sup>o</sup>. III 5.]

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

WESTMINSTER, November 11.

THIS Day his Majesty came to the House of Peers, and being in his Royal Robes seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Francis Molyneux, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, his Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Speech:

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

THE high Price of Wheat, and the defective Produce of that Grain last Harvest, together with the extraordinary Demands for the same from foreign Parts, have principally determined me to call you thus early together, that I might have the Sense of Parliament, as soon as conveniently might be, on a Matter so important, and particularly affecting the poorer Sort of my Subjects.

The Urgency of the Necessity called upon me, in the mean Time, to exert my Royal Authority for the Preservation of the Public Safety, against a growing Calamity, which could not admit of Delay. I have therefore, by and with the Advice of my Privy-Council, laid an Embargo on Wheat and Wheat Flour going out of the Kingdom, until the Advice of Parliament could be taken thereupon.

"If further Provisions of Law be requisite or expedient with regard to the dearth of Corn, so necessary to the Subsistence of the poorer Sort, they cannot escape the Wisdom of Parliament, to which I recommend the due Consideration thereof.

"At the same Time I must with Concern take Notice, that, notwithstanding my Cares for my People, a Spirit of the most daring Insurrection has in divers Parts broke forth in Violences of the most Criminal Nature.

"Necessary Orders have been given for bringing such dangerous Offenders to condign Punishment and speedy Justice; nor shall Vigilance and Vigour on my Part be wanting, to restore Obedience and Reverence to Law and Government.

"I have the Satisfaction to inform you, that, since I last met you, I have concluded a Treaty of Commerce with my good Sister the Empress of Russia, whereby that considerable Branch of Trade is fixed on a just and satisfactory Footing.

"It is with Pleasure that I also acquaint you that the Marriage between my good Brother the King of Denmark and my Sister the Princess Caroline Matilda has been solemnized, and the natural Alliance between the two Crowns happily strengthened by an additional Tie of so agreeable a Nature."

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

"I have ordered the proper Estimates for the current Service of the Year to be laid before you.

"Such Supplies as you may grant shall be duly applied with the utmost Fidelity, and strictest Regard to the Objects for which they are granted."

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

"The general Posture of Affairs in Europe, affords no Occasion to lay any Thing new before you upon that Head. My Purposes are constant and fixed to maintain, on my Part, the public Tranquillity inviolate; and to support the Dignity of my Crown, and the Rights of my Subjects. The Justice and Wisdom of the other great Powers of Europe, leave no room to apprehend any Intentions of a contrary Nature."

ALGIER S, September 6.

THE Day has signified to the Consuls of Sweden and Denmark, that they must depart, unless, within three Days, they make the usual annual Presents. The former of these Consuls had desired a Month to deliberate, and the other fifteen Days, which have been granted. All the Vessels belonging to the Christian Nations have also Orders to leave the Port in 48 Hours; after which it is to be shut.

Leghorn, Sept. 29. The Malecontents of Corsica have attempted a new to surprise the Fortrefs of San Bonifazio; but not being able to succeed, they sacked and pillaged all the Country around that City.

Paris, October 13. Two Gentlemen going out a few Days since from Marshal Biron's, who had ordered them to be reconciled, went and fought a Duel in the Place of Louis the XIV<sup>th</sup>. in broad Day. One of them was dangerously wounded, and has accused the other of having given him a Thrust before he had put himself in a Posture of Defence. The Affair is before the Tribunal of the Marshals of France, but the King's Attorney-General has ordered Informations to be given of what passed publicly.

Letters in Manuscript are handed about here, touching the Affair of the young Fellows of Abbeville, in which the Writer endeavours to disculpate the young Man who was executed, by assuring that a Person advanced in Years, out of Revenge and Ahimosity, excited him while drunk, to commit the Irregularities which were the Cause of his Condemnation. One of these Letters is attributed to Mr. de Voltaire, as is also that entitled, *On the clandestine Memorial of Mr. de la Chalotais*, in which, it is said, that the Tooth-Pick of that Magistrate has procured him Immortality.

Oct. 27. The Modeste Frigate, of 24 Guns and 70 Men, including Passengers, bound from Marseilles to Cape Francois, was last Month burnt in her Passage by Lightning; and the Commander, Capt. Jules Gayet, made the following Deposition on board an English Vessel, named the William and Jane.

Sept. 23, 1766. I sailed from Marseilles Road for Cape Francois, on the 15<sup>th</sup> of this Month, from which Day till the 19<sup>th</sup>, at Ten in the Evening, the Wind was in our Favour, as it constantly blew East, or North-East. At half an Hour past Eleven the Vessel was struck with Lightning, which beat down most of the Persons on board. Several of the Sailors were so much hurt, that they hardly had Strength enough to rise, but no Lives were lost; only two Horses were killed. As soon as we were able to discover one another through the surrounding Cloud, I gave Orders to search over the Vessel, no Traces of Fire could be found in any Part of it: But we had scarcely Time to recover ourselves, before a sulphureous Smell presaged what we had to apprehend. A black Smoke came up from the Hold of the Ship, and increased visibly. There was an immediate Cry for Water, and a great Quantity was poured down. The Smoke still increasing, I caused all the Gunpowder to be thrown overboard as fast as possible. I then ordered the Officers to put out the two Boats, which they did with too much Haste, and threw themselves almost headlong into them. We opened every Place for the Water to come into the Hold; but all our Efforts were vain; and the Hoior of the last Night, added to the dreadful Death which presented itself, seemed to add Fierceness to the Flames which inclosed us. The Fire then reached the Long-boat, and deprived us of the last Resource. The Progress of the Flames was very rapid; the Main-mast fell half burnt, and the whole Stern of the Vessel was on Fire. The rest of the Crew and Passengers pressed forward, and held out their Hands to the Shore, which was not far from us; but the Wind was now against us. There was no Time to deliberate: We were to perish in the Flames, or throw ourselves on the Sea, with the faint Hope of saving ourselves on some Pieces of the Wreck. Between Twelve and One the Flames reached us. The People cried, Save yourself, Captain, you are yet in Time! - We looked about us, and exhorted each other to give Assistance, while we were climbing from Rope to Rope; and in Proportion as we went from the Fire, we came nearer to the other Element, supporting ourselves on the fallen Masts and Rigging, which served us as a Float.

Saturday, 20. As the Morning grew lighter, we were able to reckon up five-and-thirty Persons, myself included, and in this terrible Situation we continued for four Days; and Providence, whom I did not cease to implore, was pleased to preserve

us to the Number of nineteen. The Children were among the first who died; they were followed by those of the Crew, who were least able to undergo the Fatigue, and we who were left had little Hopes of passing another Night. Several of the People lost their Senses, and asked me who should be killed first to serve as Food for the rest; and one Man asked very calmly for Money to buy Bread and Meat. Those, who were so exhausted that they could hold no longer to the Mast, gave us Notice of their Death by the Noise of their Fall; and, by the Motion in which they thereby put the Mast, obliged us all to swallow the Salt Water. I encouraged, as well as I could, those who still retained their Senses; but my Voice and Strength both began to fail me.

The first Favour of Heaven was a Calm, which enabled us to support ourselves with less Difficulty. We had now for two Nights beheld the Ship in Flames, and were in additional Danger from the Fire of our Artillery, which went off as soon as it was heated by the Flames. We had no News of the two Boats which first of all left us, nor any Signal from those who were on different Pieces of the Wreck. I myself saw the Death of seventeen of those who were with me.

At last, on Tuesday the 23<sup>d</sup> of September, some of my People discovered in the Night, by the Light of the Moon, a small Vessel, which did not seem to perceive us. We cried for Help, but could not make ourselves be heard. Then two of the Sailors left their Hold, and tried to reach the Vessel by swimming. Finding their Strength not sufficient for this, they supported themselves on the Top-sail-yard, and rowed with their Hands. By this Means they came up to the Ship, which was an English one; and had the Happiness to find the People ready to give them all Assistance in their Power.

Captain Thomas Hubbert, who was the Commander, immediately sent out his Boat, and about Nine in the Morning, being about six or seven Leagues of Cape de Moulin, I was received on board the English Vessel with all possible Humanity. We were then nineteen in Number. The Captain first gave me a Glass of Wine, but I was able to swallow only a few Drops, and those with Difficulty. It was then offered to M. Faquette, a young Man of a good Constitution, the Son of M. de Brue, but as he was lifting it to his Mouth he was seized with Convulsions, bit and broke the Glass with his Teeth, and fell down dead at our Feet.

The English Captain arrived at Marseilles on the 30<sup>th</sup> of September, with the eighteen Men, Capt. Gayet having been put ashore very ill; but there are hopes of his Recovery. And we are informed by a Letter from Genoa, that eleven other Persons, who belonged to the Modeste, have been brought into that Port by a Dutch Ship, who fell in with them on her Passage.

Paris, Nov. 7. The Affair of the Manilla Ransom is not yet settled. The English Ministry, it is said, will allow no more than 1,500,000 Pistres, by Way of Satisfaction for the Plunder committed after the Town had capitulated, and refuses to refer to the Judgment of the King of Prussia, whom the Spanish Ministry proposes as Mediator.

Hamburg, Nov. 4. There have been exported lately from hence to the Mediterranean, 120,000 Quarters of Wheat and Rye: And Oats are beginning to be shipped for England.

Petersburg, Sept. 26. By Order of the Empress, the new Treaty of Commerce concluded between this Court and that of Great-Britain is just published in the Russian and French Languages.

L O N D O N, Nov. 11.

Saturday last some Dispatches were received from Sir William Johnson in America, whose Arrival here is soon expected, in order to lay before the Ministry a Plan of great Importance for the Benefit of the Colonies.

Private Letters mention, that an extraordinary Courier had been dispatched to Corsica, with Orders for the French General, Count de Marbeuf, to observe no longer a Neutrality with the Malecontents.

Yesterday Lord Camden took the Oaths, and his Seat as Lord Chancellor. At the same Time



the Dukes of Cumberland, Northumberland, and Montague, with Earl Chatham, took the Oaths, and their Seats in the House of Peers.

Yesterday when his Majesty went to the Parliament House he was greatly Huzzed, and at the End of each Huzza, God bless the King and down with the Bread. When he entered Parliament-Street, a Quartern Loaf stuck upon a Pole covered with Crêpe, was carried by the Side of the State Coach to Old Palace-yard, and back again.

Letters from Naples mention, Accounts have been received there from Constantinople, that a late Shock of an Earthquake had done considerable Damage in the Island of Lemnos.

His Danish Majesty has issued an Edict, dated the 11th inst, by which all his Subjects are strictly forbid to embrace the Roman Catholic Religion, and the Jesuits to remain in his Majesty's Territories.

It is said the first Payment of the Manilla Ransom, will be remitted hither from Cadix, by the 15th of November next.

In a few Days will begin to be struck at the Tower, fifty Tons of Halfpence, for the Use of the City and Colony of New-York.

The Wild Boar, which lately attacked the French King, as he was Hunting near Campeigne, tore out the Bowels of his Horse with his Tusks; But his Majesty having luckily a spare Horse near him, he got upon it with great Agility, and putting the Beast immediately to full Speed, thus escaped the Fury of the enraged Animal.

It is talked, that Part of our most southerly Possessions, on the Continent of North-America, will be ceded to the King of Denmark for a valuable Consideration.

Last Thursday, about One o'Clock in the Afternoon, two Fellows, one of whom seemed to be a Countryman, fell to playing Pitch and Toss near the New Church in the Strand: The Countryman, won all the other Fellow's Money, who (like a true Gamester) ventured his Coat, Waistcoat, Hat, and Shirt, in order to recover it back, but he lost all, and was obliged to go home stark naked; his Cloaths were sold upon the Spot to a Jew, who got a dead Pennyworth of them. The Countryman would have given him his Shirt, had it not been for his ill-manners.

We are informed there will be no Opposition in Parliament the next Session, but that a Coalition of Parties has already taken Place; and that the D. of B———, Earl T———, Mr. G———, &c. &c. have given their Word to assist in all Measures for the Public Good: That the Relief of the Poor is to be their first Object; and that the Business of the Nation is to be executed upon an entire new Plan, from which we may expect the most salutary Effects.

They write from Paris, that it was computed the Settlement and Fortifying the Island of Hispaniola, would cost the Crown of France Twenty Millions of Livres.

On Tuesday last the Deputy Steward, High Bailiff, Deputy Bailiff, Chief, and other Burgesses of the City and Liberty of Westminster, waited on his Grace the Duke of Northumberland, to thank him for his Goodness and Generosity, in accommodating them and the other public Bodies of that City and Liberty with so commodious a Place as the New Guildhall, to transact the Public Business in: And at the same Time made their Compliments of Congratulation to his Grace on the high Dignity his Majesty has been lately pleased to confer on him. His Grace received them in the most obliging Manner, and entertained them with an elegant Collation of the choicest Fruits, Wines, and other Refreshments.

The two Gentlemen who fought the Duel lately at Paris, immediately after they were seemingly reconciled by the Marshal de Biron, are sentenced by the Tribunal of Marshals of France only to suffer a Year and a Day's Imprisonment; so that the Charge of Assassination which was at first talked of, is supposed to have had no Foundation.

Richmond, in Surrey, August 27. The following is a true Account of the horrid Murder committed by Richard Mihill, on his Brother Robert Mihill, both Sons of a Baker in this Town.

About a Month ago Richard Mihill, was under some Difficulty to pay a small Debt, for which a Writ was made out against him, and delivered to two of the Officers of Kingston Court, who went to Richmond, in Order to arrest the Defendant; but he judging their Business, retreated, with a Pistol in his Hand, and with Oaths and Imprecations, threatened to shoot the first Man that should endeavour to take hold of him; the Officers did not execute the Process, but went and applied to his Mother, to see what she would do; who wil-

lingly paid the Demand of the Officers, to extricate him from that Trouble, as she had often done before on other Occasions. Notwithstanding this Indulgence, the unhappy Man wanted some more Money, and with a Knife in his Hand, threatened to cut his Mother's Throat, if she refused to supply him, who was thereupon obliged so to do. This Affair reaching the Ear of his Brother, the unfortunate Deceased, he told his Mother, the might work for ever to no Purpose and all the Care he, the Deceased, could take, would be of little Avail, if she would give Way to relieving the Prisoner with Money every Time he would apply. Something of this being told Richard, he publicly declared he would be revenged on his Brother Robert, who, very worthily, had the Care and Management of the Business of a Baker, for his Father, who is much advanced in Years. The above Declaration of Richard being told to Robert, and being advised to swear the Peace against Richard, he did so, and got a Warrant to apprehend him; but alas! the usual good Nature of the worthy unhappy Deceased, induced him a Day or two after, to go to the Officer who had the Warrant, and desire him to give it up; alleging, he believed it was only Passion in the Prisoner to drop those Words; that he was his Brother, and should it be executed he must be committed to Goal, where in all likelihood, he might long remain for want of Bail, which he could not bear a Thought of, and therefore desired to forgive him; and upon which the Warrant was given up, and a Day or two after, the Deceased met his most wretched, wicked Brother, and generously accosted him thus; "Dick, I am not afraid to meet you, though you have publicly threatened my Life; you are my Brother, I never did you Wrong, therefore conclude you mean me no Harm; I had got a Warrant against you, which I now destroy; I am no more than a Journeyman to my Father, there is all the Money in my Pocket; and gave the Prisoner Seven Shillings." The ungrateful Wretch's Return for this Kindness was, the next Time he saw the Deceased, which was on Saturday the 23d Instant, coming with some Potatoes in his Apron into the Shop, the Prisoner, without speaking a Word, with a Case Knife struck the Deceased across his Wrist, and cut his Arteries, and stabbed him in the Breast; which Wound would not have been mortal, according to the Surgeon's Account, but the bloody Villain made a second Stab, which reached the main Artery of the Heart, on which the Deceased endeavoured to cross the Way to Mr. Strudwick's, a worthy good Surgeon, and a Friend to the Deceased, but he could reach no further, than the Post at the Door, which he hung by with his Hands until he dropped Speechless, and expired. The Maid heard the Villain say, as he ran through the Shop, damn him I have done for him; and as she had heard Words often pass between the Brothers, she suspected something had happened, and immediately went to the Door, where she saw the Deceased weltering in his Blood; upon which a Hue and Cry was made, and the Delinquent taken and brought before Sir William Richardson, Knt. where he prevaricated much, sometimes confessing, and at others denying the Fact: However he was committed by Sir William, and detained the same Afternoon, by Charles Jemmet, Esq; Coroner for the Town and Hundred of Kingston, for the wilful Murder of his Brother Robert Mihill.

P. S. A younger Brother is now confined at Richmond, for threatening to set Fire to the House of Mr. Mihill, senior, because he was not admitted as Heir at Law into the House and Trade. (The Father is since dead.)

B O S T O N, December 29.

We have Advice from Surinam, That on the 21st of October they had as severe a Shock of an Earthquake, as had been known at that Island.

Last Monday Joseph Andrews, alias Anderson, on an Information of being one of the Villains that murdered Capt. Duryee, and all the People on board (one excepted) as mentioned in the Deposition of William Harris, at St. Kitt's, [which was Publish'd in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, No. 1106,] was apprehended in this Town, and immediately carried before a Magistrate, who, after a close Examination, committed him to Goal. —He shewed great Signs of Guilt on his being first apprehended; but denied before the Justice of being concerned in the Piracy and Murder above-mentioned. —He arrived at Casco-Bay in a Vessel from St. Eustatia, some Time ago, from which Place he took a Passage on board a Coasting Sloop for this Town, where he had been six Weeks the Day he was taken. —Two Days after he arrived here, he cut off his Hair, in order 'tis thought to

prevent his being known. —Many of Captain Duryee's Things were found on him and in his Chest, particularly a Medal which he wore round his Neck, and several Shirts mark'd with the two Letters of the Captain's Christian and Surname. —He had been flush of Money ever since his Arrival, and a considerable Sum in Gold was found on him when he was seized. The new Stone Goal not being quite finished, he was, by Habeas Corpus, removed on Wednesday last, under a strong Guard, to Charlestown; and 'tis hoped this Enemy to Mankind will in a short Time receive his just Deserts.

N E W - Y O R K, January 8.

On the 19th of December, at the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in Suffolk County, New-Jersey, Robert Ray was burnt in the Hand for Man-slaughter, and Robert Seamour was tried for the Murder of an Indian Man of the Oneida Nation. The Evidence against him was, his Behaviour to the Indian before they went together from the House; his being possessed of the Indian's Gun and Goods; Proof that he broke the Back and Legs of the dead Body, and buried it; that he confessed the Murder to some Witnesses, and declared he would destroy any Indian that came in his Way. He challeng'd several of the Jury, denied the Fact, and said he bought the Goods found on him, of a Sailor; the Jury brought him in guilty; he appear'd undaunted, and seem'd to expect a Rescue, but there was not the least Appearance that any was intended; the Audience, which was very numerous, seem'd unanimously to approve the Verdict. He was remanded to Prison, which was guarded that Night with 25 of the Militia. Next Morning he was brought to the Bar, and sentenced to be executed between Three and Four that Afternoon, at which Time he was accordingly brought out, strongly guarded by Detachments from the adjacent Companies of Militia: He appear'd dismayed at the Gallows, made a short Prayer, declared he lived a very wicked Life, and was guilty of the Fact for which he was to suffer. He was then executed.

An Indian of Note, of the Oneida Nation, had with some Difficulty been prevail'd upon to attend the Trial, from first to last, he was respectfully treated, and appeared highly satisfied with the Justice of the Proceeding, which he said he should represent to his Brethren.

A N N A P O L I S, January 22.

On Sunday Morning, the 4th Instant, being a Rainy Sleety Time, one William Woodward, a Lad of about Fifteen, Son to Francis Woodward of Rock-Creek in Frederick County, carrying a Log of Wood on his Shoulder to lay on the Fire, his Feet slipp'd, just as he came to the Threshold, and he fell on his Back, and the Log on his Face and Breast; his little Sister holding the Door, cry'd out, on which the Father ran out and took him up, finding him with the Blood gushing out at his Mouth, Nose, and Ears. He was perceiv'd once to move his Hand and Neck, and Died in about an Hour, without a Struggle.

We hear from Baltimore, that Capt. John Hammond Dorsey, is Elected to serve as a Representative for that County, in the Room of Mr. James Heath, Deceased.

A N N A P O L I S, January 19, 1767.

Pursuant to the Directions of the Last Will and Testament of Edmund Key, Esq; Deceased, the following Tracts of Land will be Sold to the Highest Bidder, at Public Vendue, on the Third Wednesday in March next, precisely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, MARYLAND, viz.

PARADISE, containing Three Hundred and Thirty-five Acres. GOOD HOPE, containing Three Hundred Acres. And FRIENDSHIP, containing Two Hundred and Six Acres. These Three Tracts almost join one another; one of them binds upon Patowmack; and all of them lie betwixt Great Conococheague and Little Conococheague Rivers. They will be sold for Ready Cash, or Six Months Credit will be given, on proper Security.

U. SCOTT, Executor.

By Virtue of a time of the to the Subj. tioned, with Thursday Plantation used M

A PARC Country and Children. One Tract of lying on the opposite to 2 tan Eight H having on it House, and Tract called Acres, more ous to Row for Sterling with Indorse Money, and of the late Payment, at Day of Sale will begin farthest. conduct the Subscriber. or Terms of

To be SOL Wednesday JOPPA.

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(3\*)



January 21, 1767.

By Virtue of a Deed of Trust, made in the Lifetime of the Deceased Mr. Samuel Chapman, to the Subscriber, for the Purposes therein mentioned, will be SOLD by Public Vendue, on Thursday the 26th of February next, at the Plantation near Queen-Anne, where the Deceased Mr. Chapman lately lived,

A PARCEL of about Twenty-eight likely Country-born SLAVES, Men, Women, and Children. Also Two Tracts of Land, viz. One Tract of LAND called Rowndown's Security, lying on the North Side of Patuxent River, almost opposite to Queen-Anne, said by the Deed to contain Eight Hundred and One Acres, more or less, having on it a Negro Quarter, with Tobacco-House, and other Improvements; One other Tract called Rottery, containing about Sixty-five Acres, more or less, adjoining or lying contiguous to Rowndown's Security. The Sale will be for Sterling Money, or good Bills of Exchange, with Indorsers, if required; but other Current Money, and the Money to be emitted in Virtue of the late Act of Assembly, will be taken in Payment, at an Exchange to be fix'd on at the Day of Sale. As the Days are short, the Sale will begin Half an Hour after Tea o'Clock at farthest. Mr. Anthony Stewart will attend and conduct the Sale, in Case of the Absence of the Subscriber. For any farther Information of Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK, Trustee.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 4th Day of March next, at JOPPA,

A GREAT Variety of the very best Kind of Household and Kitchen FURNITURE, consisting of every Thing necessary for a genteel Family. Likewise a very good CHAISE, with a Bellows Top, and Harness for two Horses; a Single CHAIR, on Steel Springs, entirely new, without Harness; two very good CARTS and GEERS, with sundry Plantation UTENSILS. And a likely young NEGRO Fellow. And,

On the Friday following will be Sold, on the Premises, to the Highest Bidder, pursuant to the Last Will and Testament of Mr. David McCulloch, Deceased, His late Dwelling-House and Lot in Joppa, with sundry other Lots, sufficiently described in the Maryland Gazette, N<sup>o</sup>. 1101, to N<sup>o</sup>. 1105. Also Two TRACTS of LAND, adjoining each other, lying within three Miles of Joppa, and containing Three Hundred Acres.

For Terms of Sale, apply to the Executor at ANNAPOLIS, or to Mr. Charles Lin at JOPPA. The Sale of the Furniture will continue from Day to Day, until all is sold.

ANTHONY STEWART, Executor,  
MARY McCULLOCH, Executrix.

N. B. Bills of Credit to be emitted by Act of Assembly, will be taken as any other Currency, in Payment for the Furniture; and for the Houses and Land, at an Exchange to be agreed on at the Day of Sale.

JUST IMPORTED in the Leeds, Capt. Anderson, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at the House of Jonathan Pinkney in ANNAPOLIS,

A NEAT Assortment of superfine CLOTHS, with Trimmings suitable for the same, the best four Thread black Breeches Patterns, Gold and Silver Basket Buttons, and Gold Binding, green and white corded Silk for Waistcoats; likewise, a choice Collection of Turkey Burdets and Damascus, for Summer Waistcoats.

ROBERT PINKNEY.

WE, the Subscribers, being appointed by Charles County Court, to examine the Records of said County, Do hereby give Notice, that we intend to meet at Port-Tobacco, at the House of Mrs. Doncastle, every Wednesday and Saturday, till the last Day of April next, for that Purpose. Any Person or Persons that have Deeds, or other Instruments of Writing, Entered upon those Records, may have them Examined, by applying to us, on any the Days above mentioned.

WALTER HANSON,  
SAMUEL HANSON,  
JOSIAS HAWKINS.(3<sup>m</sup>)

To be SOLD by RICHARD PARKER, ORGAN-BUILDER, at the House of Capt. James Reish in ANNAPOLIS,

A NEW Double HARPSICORD, with two Unisons, Octave and Late Stops. He repairs and tunes Harpsicords and Spinnetts, for Ladies and Gentlemen; he has also the best Sort of Dutch Wire Strings, all the different Numbers fit for those Instruments.

DR. R. HULSE, from St. Thomas's, Guy's, and the Lying-In Hospitals, LONDON, continues to reside at the Reverend Mr. Craddock's, Garrison Forest, Baltimore County, and practices as usual, every Branch of PHYSIC, SURGERY, and MIDWIFERY, at an Expence much inferior to the customary Charges. (10<sup>m</sup>)

THERE is at the Plantation of Christopher Sewell, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a young, trotting, black Mare, dock'd, and trimmed, with standing and hanging Mane; she has a middle sized Bell, patch'd and mark'd on the Staple M E, with a Leather Strap, and an Iron Buckle.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges. 7/1 2/5

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Shop in ANNAPOLIS, for Ready Money,

EXCEEDING good Bohea Tea at 7 s. per lb. Green Ditto at 14 s. best London single refined Sugar at 17 s. per lb. by the Loaf, Philadelphia Ditto at 16 s. West-India Rum at 4/6 by the Gallon, Molasses at 3 s. Muscovado Sugar at 9 s. 8 d. & 7 d. per lb. that at 9 d. is the very best Sort, Currans at 15 s. and Raisins at 10 s. per lb. Flour of Mustard, Coffee, Chocolate, Ginger, Allspice, Nutmegs and Cinnamon, Indigo and Fig Blue, Florence Oil, Stoughton's Elixir, Bateman's Drops, and James's Powders, Castile and Philadelphia Soap, Window Glass of most Sizes, London Steel, and a few other Dry Goods, on the most reasonable Terms. (4<sup>m</sup>) 2 W. WILKINS.

Imported in the Snow Industry, from LONDON;

SAIL-CLOTH, CORDAGE, SEINE TWINE, and small ANCHORS, to be sold at their Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Country Produce, by (4<sup>m</sup>) 2 BUCHANAN & M'GACHIN.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, living near Benedict Town, on Patuxent River,

BETWEEN five and six Hundred Bushels of very good WHEAT, for ready Cash. 2 LEONARD HOLLYDAY.

CHARLES County, January 8, 1767.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, for Current Money, to the Highest Bidder, at Port-Tobacco, on the Second Tuesday in February next,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, on Zachia Swamp, containing 260 Acres, being Part of a Tract of Land called His Lordship's Favour. The Land is extraordinary good for Cropping, with some Meadow Ground; likewise very good for raising Stock, especially Hogs, as the Land borders immediately on the Swamp, on it is a good Apple Orchard of Hughes's Crab, grafted, with several other Fruit Trees; there is the Shell of a Dwelling-House, calculated for 4 Rooms on a Floor, Kitchen and Quarter, with Brick Chimnies, and some other Out-Houses, such as Corn-House, Stable, Dairy, Meat-House, &c. The Money to be paid at the Acknowledgment of the Land. Dollars will be taken at 7/6, and other Coin in Proportion. 2 DANIEL JENIFER.

N. B. I have also for Sale, a Parcel of choice Country-born SLAVES.

LEFT with William Digges on Patowmack, A CASK, mark'd thus N -- F, containing Tea-Kettles, &c. &c. A The Owner is desired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take it away. (1<sup>m</sup>) 2

LEFT, by a Person unknown, at the Subscriber's House in Annapolis, Two Pieces of BOLTING-CLOTH. Any Person, proving his Property and paying Charges, may have them, on Application to SAMUEL MIDDLETON.

3

MARYLAND, January 13, 1767.

THE Subscribers continue to carry on their DISTILLERY at Baltimore-Town, where their Friends and Customers may depend on being constantly supply'd, on the most reasonable Terms, with the best AMERICAN RUM made on the Continent; for which they will take Payment in Bar Iron, Flour, Pork, Wheat, Rye, Indian Corn, Pine Boards, Shingles, Heading, Pipe, Hoghead, or Barrel Staves, if made according to the Philadelphia Staves, and cull'd. They have also to dispose of for Cash, or Bills of Exchange, best West-India Rum, Molasses by the Hoghead or Tierce, Muscovado and Loaf Sugars in Barrels, best New-England Mackerel and Fish Oil. SAMUEL and ROBERT PURVIANCE. (4<sup>m</sup>)

January 3, 1767.

ALL Persons having any Demand against my Sister, Mary Moore, are desired to send them, properly authenticated, to me, or to Mrs. Catch, at London-Town. I shall, on the 2<sup>d</sup> Day of February, sell off all the Negroes, Stock, Wheat, Corn, and every Thing on the Plantation, and Household Furniture belonging to my Sister, at her late Dwelling-House near London-Town.

(16) STEPHEN WEST.

ANNAPOLIS, January 6, 1767.

AS many of the Adventurers in Messieurs Rivington and Brown's LOTTERY have neglected to apply for their Prizes, since the Drawing of the said Lottery, and most of the Prizes for the Southern Colonies being now deposited with me, I take this Method to inform the said Adventurers, that such Prizes as remain in my Hands are ready to be delivered when called for; and, as I am fully authorized, I hope it will not be taken amiss, if at the same Time, I should earnestly require those Gentlemen who still remain in Arrears for Tickets, to settle their respective Accounts with me immediately. (4<sup>m</sup>)

THOMAS B. HOROKIN.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday the 26th Day of February next, at the House of Mr. Henry James, in Baltimore-Town, for Current Money, or good Bills of Exchange,

A TRACT of LAND lying on the Great Falls of Gunpowder, and about 12 Miles from Baltimore-Town, called Cobb Hills, containing about 900 Acres, the greatest Part of which is as good as any in the Country, proper for either Farming or Plantation Business. There is about 200 Acres cleared, with a Dwelling House, and convenient Out Houses thereon, an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees, 2 or 3 good Streams, and convenient Situation for a Furnace, &c. The whole is well Timbered, and remarkably healthy. Also another Tract in said County, called Tibbi's United Inheritance, lying on Middle River Neck, containing by Patent 640 Acres, chiefly surrounded with Water, is very well Timbered, and has good Improvements thereon. With very little Expence, this Land may be made as good a Farm as any upon the Continent, and produce considerable Profit to any Person who would give their Attention to the Improvement of Land; besides it is remarkable for the Great Rock Fishery, and wild Fowl, in the proper Season.

About 50 Acres of Land adjoining to Baltimore-Town, which will be sold together, or in Parcels of 4 or 5 Acres, as is most suitable and agreeable to those who want to purchase.

The noted and well known Tavern where Mr. Fogg formerly lived, and is now kept by Mr. Henry James.

The House and Lot formerly belonging to Thomas Clendening.

Also the House, and Part of the Lot, late the Property of James Bonfield.

THOMAS SLIGH.

WHEREAS WILLIAM, the Son of JOHN RICHARDSON, of Stafford, in England, came over to Maryland, and was a Servant in the Year 1754, to Mr. Samuel Tipton, on the River Patapsco: If the said William Richardson be living, by applying to Messrs. Purdie and Dixon, Printers, in Williamsburg, he will hear of something to his Advantage; if dead, any Person producing an authenticated Certificate of his Death, will be reimbursed his Expences, with Thanks.



Piscataway, Dec. 6, 1766.

**W**HEREAS William, Mary, and Frances Herringham, the Children of William Herringham, late of Greenwich, in the County of Kent, did, about 25 Years ago, leave England, and go to some Part of the West-Indies, and, as it is believed, afterwards go to some of the Northern Colonies in America: This is therefore to give Notice to them, if the said William, Mary, and Frances Herringham, or the Survivor or Survivors of them, be living, or to their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, if dead, that by applying by Letter, or otherwise, to the Subscriber at Piscataway, in Prince George's County, Maryland, they will hear of something greatly to their Advantage: Or, if any Person can give Information where any of the said Persons, if living, now reside, or if dead, when and where they died, and where buried; such Person shall be genteely rewarded for their Trouble, by applying as above, to

(6<sup>m</sup>) WM. RUSSELL.

ANAPOLIS, January 8, 1767.

**T**HE Land heretofore advertised by the Subscriber, in this Gazette, No. 1107 and 1108, not being sold at the Time therein mentioned, the same will be exposed to Sale, upon the Premises, on Friday the 30th Instant.

JOHN DUCKETT

**T**HE Subscriber takes this Method of informing the Public, That he has Open'd TAVERN, at Patuxent Lower Ferry, in the House formerly kept by Mrs. Hugbes. He has provided himself with the best of LIQUORS, Clover and Timothy Hay, &c. &c. and shall do his utmost to accommodate to their Satisfaction, such Gentlemen as may chuse to call at his House.

(6<sup>m</sup>) JAMES KELSO.

ANAPOLIS, January 7, 1767.

**T**HE Subscriber being out of Employment, would be glad to engage with any Gentleman of the Turf, to keep running Horses, having had a great deal of Experience, and given many Proofs of his Skill and Abilities in that Way, hopes that he will meet with Encouragement from all true Sportsmen. He likewise professes Farriery in all its Branches; and there being so many Impositions on the Public from superficial, loquacious Coxcombs, whose Cant, though deemed by the Credulous, in nothing but the Oracles of old specious Delusion, while Imposition is learned, nothing passes but Impertinency and barren superfluity of Words, and wonderful Knowledge and Elocution. Any Gentleman who may incline to Favour me with their Commands, either as Farrier or Groom, may depend upon having their Business performed with Fidelity, by

Their humble Servant,  
MICHAEL WALKER.

ANAPOLIS, December 4, 1766.

**JUST IMPORTED**, in the Brigantine Anne, from Plymouth, and to be sold on the Lowest Terms, by the Subscriber, next Door to the Store lately kept by Zachariah Hood, Esquire, for Cash only.

**L**INENS of all Sorts, Checks, Striped Cottons, Bed-Ticks, Lawns, Muslins, Printed Cottons, Hats, Broad-Cloth, French Blanketing, Millenary Ware, of the neatest and newest Fashion, Men and Women's Shoes and Stockings, a Variety of French Slippers, A-la-mode de Paris, Dutch Knives, Cooper's Tools, Cleaving, and Brushing Axes, Mattocks, and other Assorted Hard-ware, of the best Workmanship, English Cordage, Smith's Bellows and Anvils, Dorchester Beer and Porter.

JOHN MACNABB.

To be SOLD, FREIGHTED, or CHARTERED, and if any Person be inclinable to Purchase, they may have her cheap, and Six Months Credit.



**T**HE Sloop CHARLOTTA, a very good Vessel, and a Prime Sailer, upwards of 60 Tons Burthen, now lying in Herring-Bay. Any Person inclinable to Freight, Charter, or Purchase, may apply to the Subscriber at Herring-Bay.

SAMUEL CHEW.

## S C H E M E

## OF THE MARYLAND LIBERTY LOTTERY.

**T**HE Lower House of Assembly of Maryland have constantly and ineffectually hitherto, since Seventeen Hundred and Thirty-nine, RESOLVED, That his Lordship hath no Right to collect Twelve-pence per Hoghead on Tobacco exported.

A Constitutional Tax on the People to support an Agent of the Appointment of the Lower House, has been greatly desired, frequently attempted, and as often refused by the Upper House.

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Clerk of the Council his reasonable Reward, as well as every other Expense necessarily attending the Execution of the Powers of Government, ought to be defrayed out of the Fines, Forfeitures, Amerciaments, and other Monies received by the Government for the Support thereof; and, "That Sentiment being directly opposite to the Opinion the Upper House had, on mature Consideration, formed upon the Subject of the Clerk of the Council's Claim," principally occasioned the Non-payment of the Public Debt for upwards of Ten Years: The Distress of Trade for Want of a Circulating Medium; and the extreme Necessity of Public Creditors, compelled the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his Majesty in Council, on the Subject Matter of Difference, without the Allowment of any Public Money for that Purpose, as the only Means to settle Disputes, restore Public Credit, and lay a sure Foundation for the future Ease and Good of the Province.

A Subscription therefore, by RESOLVE of the Lower House, has been Open'd, and Subscriptions are taken in by every Member, for maintaining an Agent, and supporting the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining Redress of their other Grievances; and, by RESOLVE also of the Lower House, as an additional Means of raising Money for the same Purposes, the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY, by which to raise One Thousand Pounds Common Money, is submitted to the Public.

1	PAIZE of £. 500	is	500
1	of 250	is	250
1	of 100	is	100
2	of 50	are	100
2	of 30	are	60
4	of 20	are	80
4	of 15	are	60
10	of 10	are	100
20	of 5	are	100
50	of 4	are	200
80	of 3	are	240
73	of 2 : 10	are	182 : 10
2250	of 2	are	4500
1	First drawn Blank,		13 : 15
1	Last drawn Blank,		13 : 15

£. 6500

2500 Prizes.

2500 Blanks.

Tickets, at Thirty Shillings each, £. 7500  
amount to  
From which deduct 1000 £. 6500

Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted from the Prizes, to defray the Expenses of the Lottery.

The Drawing to be in the Court-House at Annapolis, in the Presence of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall be pleased to attend, on the last Monday in May next, or sooner, if sooner full.

The Managers are, William Murdock, Esq; Messieurs Thomas Sprigg, William Pace, John Worms, Thomas Cassaway, South River, Thomas Ringgold, B. T. B. Worthington, Henry Hall, John Hammond, Thomas Johnson, John Hall of Annapolis, and Samuel Chase, or such of them as shall chuse to act.

The said Managers to give Bond to the Hon. SPEAKER, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust. A List of the Prizes to be Published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, and the Prizes paid as soon as the Drawing is finished; and those not demanded in Six Months after the Drawing, to be deemed as generously given to the above Use.

The Scheme to be made public in the Maryland and Virginia GAZETTES, and Pennsylvania JOURNAL.

"LIFE without LIBERTY is worse than DEATH."  
TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers, and of most of the Members of the Lower House of Assembly.

**T O B E S O L D,**  
COMMODOUS BRICK HOUSE, with a paved Garden, in West-Street, near the Town Gate, ANAPOLIS.

For Terms, and Title, apply to  
(6<sup>m</sup>) ROBERT COUDEN.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, Dec. 16, 1766.

**T**HE Subscriber is authorized to receive all Debts due to Dr. John Shippen, late of Elk-Ridge, and takes this Method to inform all those who are indebted to the said Doctor, that immediate Payment is expected.

(1<sup>st</sup>) JULIUS CLARE.

Baltimore-Town, Dec. 9, 1766.

**A**LL Persons indebted to Messieurs Foulke and Sydenham, of London, Merchants, during Mr. James Fishwick's transacting Business on their Account in this Province, are desired to come and pay their respective Balances to me, by the 15<sup>th</sup> Day of February next, otherwise they may depend on being sued without further Notice. And, as I intend for London next Fall, I think my own Customers and Friends cannot take it amiss, that I should inform them, if their old Accounts, Bonds, &c. from Two to Nine Years outstanding, are not discharged very soon, (at farthest by the last July next) I shall be under the Necessity of having Recourse to the pernicious Custom in this Province, of going to Law with them. I have now to Dispose of, Just Imported, in the New Industry, Capt. Duncan, a Parcel of Healthy Country Seven Years Servants, Men, Women, and Boys, amongst them many valuable Tradesmen, Farmers, Labourers, &c. which I will sell as the Farmers, Planters, and others do their Wheat, for Ready Money only.

JONATHAN FLOWMAN.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at his House in Baltimore-Town,

A VARIETY of WINES, by the Pipe, Hoghead, or Quarter-Cask.

GEO. PATTEN.

**A**LL Persons that are any Way indebted to the Estate of Ann Pearman, of the City of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to make Payment, and those that have any just Claim against the said Estate, are desired to make them known to

THO. HYDE, Administrator.

## JUST IMPORTED,

In the Hannah and Nancy, Capt. Carcaud, from London, and to be sold by the Subscribers, at their Store, at Pig-Point, on Patuxent River, for Cash, or Bills of Exchange.

**A** QUANTITY of Sail-Duck, Sewing and Roping-Twine, Chester and Gloucester Cheese, and Single Refined Sugar; with many other Articles, too tedious to mention.

STEWART and NORRIS.

## TO BE CHARTERED

To Barbadoes, or any of the West-India Islands.

**T**HE BRIG HANNAH AND NANCY, 120 Tons Burthen, now lying in Patuxent River, at Selby's Landing. For Terms apply to the Captain, on-board, or the Subscriber, at Port-Tobacco.—She is now ready to take in a Cargo.

THO. CONTEE.

ANAPOLIS, Nov. 26, 1769

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at first Cost and Charges,

**F**OUR Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Sterling's Worth of East-India and European GOODS: Invoices of which may be seen by applying to the Subscriber. A Time for Payment will be given, on giving Bond on Interest, with Security, if required.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Open Account, are requested to discharge the same, or to give Obligations for the Balances due, and 'tis hoped this Request will be complied with, to save further Trouble.

BENNETT CHEW.

October 16, 1766.

**T**HE JUSTICES of Queen-Anne's and Talbot Counties, being empowered by Act of Assembly, to levy on the taxable Inhabitants of St. Paul's Parish, in the said Counties, certain Sums of Tobacco, to be applied by the Vestry and Church Wardens of the said Parish, towards Building and Compleating a new Parish Church; and building an Addition, and Galleries to the Chapel: The said Vestry and Church Wardens, will be ready to contract for the said Building, the First Tuesday in every Month.

Signed per Order,  
(6<sup>m</sup>) N. S. T. WRIGHT, Register.

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in Charles-Street: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.



## The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII<sup>d</sup> Year.]

THURSDAY, January 29, 1767.

[N<sup>o</sup>. 1116.]

From the WHITEHALL EVENING-POST, Oct. 9.

I AM greatly shocked to read in all the Papers, of the Outrages of the People in divers Parts of the Kingdom, and the great Complaints of Poverty and Distress amongst the middling Sort: Give me Leave to point out some Reasons which I shall ground upon Facts, that there cannot be that Poverty and Distress amongst them as proclaimed by some; as for Instance, within these five Weeks there hath been run between the Start and Deadman, which is only fifteen Leagues distance from each other, no less than two hundred Tons of Spirits, and twenty Tons of Tea, out of which it cannot be made appear, that there has been 20 Tons of Spirits or 2 Tons of Tea seized, or one Vessel in this Space of Ground: Now it must be the middling sort of People that are the Consumers; and where is their Poverty, when they can advance such a Sum for nothing but Luxury; I may justly say Poison? and that too of the most dangerous Nature, for it poisons the Mind as well as the Body; we may compute, that in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, there are no less than 40,000 Men, Women, and Children, that are supported only by Smuggling. What Thoughts can those Wretches have of Laws or Government, that are daily acting against them? There have been many heavy Complaints in the Paper about the additional Levy on Beer, and Complaints are made that the Excise on that Branch diminishes; but if so, it is not owing to the advanced Price on Beer, but the generality of the People are run into the drinking of Punch, or Brandy and Water; and even Parish bound Apprentices, if they have but Six-pence, will spend it in Punch. But we hope those Affairs will have a Turn soon; we have many in those Parts that are now under Prosecutions. Some are sent to Goal, and the whole Body is under a Panic. If Officers pursue these Measures, it must be put a Stop to, and that Officer that doth not prosecute Boat, Vessel, Horse, &c. should be discharged without Favour or Affection, giving up a Smuggling Vessel, is the same as ordering them to fetch another Cargo.

Your's, &amp;c.

TRUTH.

From another ENGLISH PAPER.

THE Clamour and Violence used towards the Farmers, will in the End produce worse Consequences than we are aware of. If the Product of their Toil is to be destroyed by the Outrage of the Mob, (who are generally not the People who are in Distress) without the Interposition of the higher Powers? If Government is permitted to reside in the Hands of the Canaille, then it will be needless to continue to levy the Taxes, Duties and Impositions, laid upon the People for the Support of Government; for those Gentry who take away any Part of the Property of a Set of Men *ad libitum*, may, with the same Justice, execute their Power on any other Parts of his Majesty's People. What shall hinder them from rummaging my Lord Duke's Cabinet, any more than Farmer Toil's Barn? their Power is as absolute in one Case as the other; They want nothing but to be hallo'd on properly, and the Effect will soon be visible.

This Supineness used in the Case of the Farmers, and suffering them to be thus demolished, will reduce us to a Condition as bad as the Italian States, under the Dominions of the Pope, where the fairest Territory in the World is permitted to lay uncultivated, because the Farmer knows that the Pope's Mismidons will ransack his Barns, Ricks, and Granaries, without asking Questions, without paying for it, and without even leaving sufficient for Bread for their Families. This Violence and Devastation deter them from cultivating the Lands in those Parts; for they declare, they may as well die with Idleness, as labour to be robbed and starved. In the same Manner at length resolve, if a lawless Rabble goes on unchecked in its riotous Proceedings.

B. B.

Copy of a Letter from Italy, wrote by SAMUEL SHARPE, Esq;

S I R,

Naples, March, 1766.

I AM now looking forwards towards England; and next Winter perhaps the cold Weather of the ensuing January may make me regret the mild Winters of Naples, but, I am persuaded, will never make me wish myself there upon the only Terms a Man can get there; I mean, to travel so great a Distance, either by Land or Sea. I have a Notion few Men accommodate themselves better than myself, to the little Inconveniencies and Difficulties which must occur; but I own to you, were I to remain long in Italy, the Prospect would be uncomfortable. I think I shall love England the better for having quitted it. I am sure I shall always entertain a higher Opinion of the People there, for this Excursion. Perhaps it is a kind Providence, which, according to our quaint Proverb, *Home is Home, &c.* but really and impartially, there are in England more Blessings, more Sweets of Life, and more Virtues, in my Opinion, than are generally met with in other Countries. Even the Climate, bad as it is in Winter, when compared with the intemperate Heats of the Summer Season here, is preferable to that of Naples. An asthmatic Man will contradict this Assertion, but a Man in good Health will say with Charles II. "There is not a Kingdom in the World where a Man can walk in the Streets more Days in a Year, nor more Hours in the Day, than in England." Both the Rains and the Heat in this Country are sometimes immoderately tedious. A certain Neapolitan, with whom I have contracted a Friendship, has for many Years, kept an Account of the Rain, which he tells me, falls to the Quantity of thirty or thirty-one Inches in a Twelvemonth; now, if I remember exactly, there falls only from nineteen to twenty-two Inches in London; the Difference, therefore, of this Kind of bad Weather in the two Cities is prodigious. The News-papers have told you, that the Winter at Naples has been extremely severe, but you must remember, it has been only so by Comparison, for the Flies have not been so pinched, but that some of them have kept out the whole Time; a very sure Criterion of the Moderateness of the Cold. I cannot drop this Subject without observing, that I have not seen one young Gentleman on his Travels, who does not appear more eager than I am to return to his Friends and Country. I had always figured to myself, that they were in the highest Delight, when making the Grand Tour; but I find by Experience, that when they are here, they consider it as a Kind of Apprenticeship for qualifying a Gentleman, and would often return back abruptly, did they not feel themselves ashamed to indulge the Inclination: Indeed, were it not, that in the great Cities they meet with Numbers of their Countrymen, the Hours would lye too heavy on their Hands; for few Men can spend their whole Life in the Pursuit of Virtue, and some have not the Qualifications of Birth to recommend them to Persons of high Rank, where only is to be found what little Society there is in Italy. It must be confessed, the Nobility here are not only polite to Englishmen, but almost proud of their Company, provided they come with a Testimony, that they have Blood in their Veins, or are Gentlemen of large Fortunes; yet, upon the whole, their *Conversations*, as they are called, grow tiresome, being so little diversified, in Comparison of the elegant Amusements of London. One may easily conceive how limited a Conversation must be, where Men dare not speak on the Subject of Liberty, Politics, or Religion; and where no Drama is exhibited, and very few Writings, except of the most ridiculous, abject, superstitious Kind, are published; so that a Man, in a liberal Way of thinking, has no Refuge in these Conversations, but Cards, where, Scandal says, there is much foul Play; and, probably, Scandal speaks Truth; for I have heard of many young Gentlemen who have lost considerably, but I never heard of one who carried off his Trunk full of Sequins.

The Race of Men in this City, seem, in my Eyes, more robust and athletic than the Run of Mankind in London, and I am told they carry larger Burdens here than ours can do. When I reflect on the wretched Nourishment with which the poor

Children are fed here, and how miserably fallow and bloated they appear during their Infancy, I cannot but say I am astonished at this Phenomenon; perhaps all those who have not very good Stamina perish, and the stout ones only survive, which may serve as a Kind of Solution of this extraordinary Fact. I am very much disposed to account for it in this Manner, because, notwithstanding the great Numbers of Children in this City, as all the lower People marry, they would swarm still more, were they not carried off under two Years of Age, in a much greater Proportion than amongst us.

The other Day I saw a Fellow six Feet high, and very brawny, assault another with his Fist, but in so awkward and womanly a Manner as made not only me, but the Ladies laugh. Were you to see such a Man at Broughton's, you would bet on his Head, whoever was his Antagonist; but, I dare say, an Etonian Boy of Seventeen or Eighteen would have boxed him to Jelly. I never had a good Opinion of this English Practice of boxing till I came to Italy, but I now find it is a laudable and innocent Fashion; for Men must have some Kind of Vent for their Indignation, some Salvo for their Honour; and it is happy, when the worst Thing a Man does in his Wrath, is the giving a Slap on the Face, or a Punch in the Stomach, to the offending Party: Here angry Men immediately have Recourse to the Knife, and stab in an Instant. It is amazing how many Assassinations there are in Italy, almost all of them the Effects of Quarrels. Now, none of these Assassinations would take Place, were the good English Mode of Boxing introduced amongst them. I was much pleased when I dined with Voltaire, to hear a Remark of his on the common People of England: Some Frenchmen, unpolitely enough, in my Presence, took Occasion to sneer at the whole Nation, on the Account of this Custom amongst the common People. Voltaire, with great Vivacity, vindicated, in some Degree, the Practice. "You may ridicule, said he, if you please, the Manners of an English Mob; but in the very Instance you have pitched upon, they shew a Species of Honour not known in any other Part of the World;" and then appealed to me, whether it was not true, that when two Fellows fought in the Street, if one threw down the other, he did not suffer him to rise, and come to a second Attack, scorning to take any base Advantage of him in that Predicament; nay, continued he, is not this generous Principle so well established amongst the Mob, that were a revengeful Man, by Chance, to attempt any unfair Cruelty, whilst he was superior, the Spectators would fly to the Relief of the distressed Combatant, and place him on his Legs again in Spite of his triumphant Adversary? You may imagine I gave my Assent to this Panegyrick, and was not a little delighted to see the Tables turned in Favour of Englishmen.

It has always been said, that the Guardians of a pupil-King, endeavour to keep their Ward in Ignorance, as a Means to preserve their own Power when he comes of Age. The Neapolitan Regency seem to have adopted this golden Rule. Would you believe, that though the King is turned of fifteen, and is contracted to a Daughter of the Queen of Hungary, his Tutors suffer him to play with Puppets, and are not ashamed to let Strangers, and all the World see, in what his principle Amusement consists? In one of the Chambers of the Palace, you find Punch and the whole Company of Comedians, hanging upon Pegs, and close to them is a little Theatre, where they are exhibited, not to the Monarch, but by the Monarch.

At Rome and Naples, during the Holy Week, there are several religious, or, if you please, superstitious Ceremonies performed; and the King here, because he cannot with Propriety partake of the public Communion, has, just by Punch's Theatre, in the same Chamber, a little Piece of Scenery, as long as a Dining Table, which is to be lighted up with Candles as thick as Packthread; and here the Function, as they call it in Italy, of burying our Saviour, is to be performed for his Entertainment and Devotion in a few Days.

Every Friday, during the Month of March, there is a Fashion in Naples for every body to go in Procession to a certain Church about a Mile out of the



City, in their finest Coaches, and many of them with six Horses, and a Seventh on the Off-hand, between the two foremost Pair, ornamented with jingling Bells. I was at this Ceremony Yesterday, and was much surprised to see so prodigious a Quantity of Equipages; for though I am persuaded many keep their Coaches here, who dine upon stewed Cabbage, yet the Concourse vastly exceeded my Expectation; for I can confidently affirm, that upon no Occasion whatsoever, either in London or Paris, have I seen near so great a Number. I am, Sir, &c.

L I S B O N, September 16.

**L**AST Wednesday Don Antonio d'Almada, the new Governor of the Azores, embarked with his Family, and some other Persons, on board Our Lady of Good Success, which sailed the next Morning for Terceira. We hear also from Oporto, that five Transport Vessels were gone from that Port with the Regiment of Braganza, who are to take Possession of the abovementioned Islands in his Majesty's Name, by Virtue of the Cession made by the Counts de Ribeira and de Castel Mellor, and other Noblemen, who had Estates there. The two Noblemen, just named, are created Marquisses, and the latter of them has had an Annuity granted him of 30,000 Livres, which formerly belonged to the Jesuits. The rest of the Proprietors will be likewise indemnified.

*Albucemas, Sept. 10.* The 30th of last Month there passed by the Environs of this City, a Body of 6000 Horse and 3000 Foot, commanded by Muley Aly, eldest Son of the King of Morocco, by another Son of that Prince, and by the Bashaw of Tangier, Captain General of that Coast. The 31st, a Detachment from the Cavalry approached the City within Musquet Shot, under the Orders of the King's second son, and was saluted by a Salvo of 15 Cannon belonging to the Place, to which it replied by some Discharges of Musquetry. Several Demonstrations of Friendship passed between the Moorish Chiefs and our Governor. The King of Morocco's eldest Son has exacted full Satisfaction for the Disobedience of the Inhabitants of Vinihuriga, their Infraction of the Peace, and the unjust Death of the Spanish Lieutenant Don Joseph Muniz. He has punished with Death thirty-five of the most Criminal, and sent to Tangier five hundred Families, after destroying their Habitations. The 7th and 8th, Muhajamet Hudier, Major General of the Moorish Army, came here to compliment our Governor, who paid him all the Honours due to his Rank.

*Stockholm, Sept. 26.* The States have suppressed several Pensions which had been granted by former Diets to Senators, and other Persons of Distinction, as well as those which were given, during the Minority of the Prince Royal, to those who had the principal Care of his Royal Highness's Education. Even that which was bestowed on Count de Tessin, who was the Prince's Governor, who had been Great Master of the Household, Prime Minister, and Ambassador to several Courts, who had also been twice Marshal of the Diet, and is now seventy-four Years of Age, is reduced to One Thousand Crowns.

*Cadix, Sept. 20.* The Brilliant Man of War, which was one of the Convoy lately arrived from the Havanna, brought home a considerable Sum of Money which was saved out of the St. Barbe, which Ship was shipwrecked in the Canal of Bahama, on her Return from Honduras; the Remainder of her Cargo, to the Amount of a Million of Pistres, was all lost; and the whole Crew, which was very numerous, perished, except Nine or Ten Persons.

*Florence, Oct. 7.* The Hereditary Prince of Brunswick arrived here on Sunday last, being attended by the Lieutenant of the Posts, whom the Great Duke had sent to Bologna to prepare Horses for him on the Road. His Highness went the same Evening incognito to the Theatre, and the next Day did Sir Horace Mann, his Britannic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary here, the Honour to dine at his House with several of the Nobility. In the Afternoon his Highness went to the Palace, which the Great Duke inhabits in the Country, by whom, and the Great Dutchess, he was received with the greatest Mark of Distinction. There was a Drawing-Room at Court the same Evening, at which the Prince assisted; after which their Royal Highnesses came to the Theatre in Town. Marquis Cappioni, who acts as Great Chamberlain, was sent thither to invite the Prince to dine at Court To-day.

*Turin, Oct. 11.* Last Sunday his Sardinian Majesty having received an exact Account of the Quantity and Quality of all Sorts of Grain in his Dominions, published an Order, by which the extraction of it is prohibited, upon Pain of corporal Punishment.

The same Evening, between Nine and Ten o'Clock, the Duchess of Savoy was brought to bed of a Son, who was baptized the next Day with great Ceremony, and the Title of Count de Maurienne was conferred on him by the King of Sardinia.

L O N D O N.

The write from Hamburg, that a certain Prince on the Continent will grant Permission for all the Jesuits banished from Denmark to take Shelter in his Dominions.

They write from Genoa, that the Senate had given Orders for equipping Five armed Gallies, and Four Tartans, to cruise on the Coasts of the Island of Corfica.

Some Letters from Paris say, Advice has been received there that all the King's Magazines were destroyed by the late Earthquake at Martinico.

They write from Guernsey, that a Number of French Families were arrived there, in order to embark as Settlers under the English Government in Canada.

We hear that great Encouragement will be given next Session of Parliament, to the introducing of foreign Manufacturers into this Kingdom.

A noble Lord has lately laid a great Wager that he rides from London to Chester, which is 183 Miles, in fourteen Hours.

Advice has been received that a Spanish Register-Ship is lost on her Passage home, having a very large Cargo of Indigo and other valuable Goods on board.

We are informed, that in a Field at Fenton Park, in Northumberland, there was cut very lately, a Cabbage, cultivated by the Horseshoeing Husbandry, which weighed 4lb. 7 oz. and that there are several now growing in the same Field, judged to be near the same Weight.

In the Spring a Potatoe was set in a Garden at Morpeth, which produced 120; most of them weighed upwards of half a Pound, and none less than a quarter.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint William Woodley, Esq; to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of the Leeward-Islands, in the room of George Thomas, Esq;

We are informed, the Two last Packets from Holland brought over considerable Sums of Money to be vested in our Funds.

Letters from Berlin bring Advice of a dreadful Fire at Schwanebeck, near Halberstadt, on the 24th ult. when one Half of the Town was reduced to Ashes.

*Oct. 11.* We hear from Cromartie, in Scotland, that one Price Campbell, a Fisherman, is now living there, in the 117th Year of his Age, and still goes to Sea in his own Boat.

A few Days since died, at Ripley, in Yorkshire, Richard Matthewman, Esq; aged 102.

One Richard Hurl was examined on the 5th of November, at Guildhall for stealing Five-pence Halfpenny out of the Till, the Property of his Master. He was found guilty of the Fact, and had his Choice either to be committed to Newgate, and to be tried next Sessions at the Old Bailey, or to enlist for Five Years in the Hon. East India Company's Service, which latter he accepted, and was sent back to Woodstreet Compter till a proper Officer is ready to convey him on board Ship.

*Extract of a Letter from Jamaica, dated July 19, 1766.*

"By all our Advices from the other Sugar Colonies they make large Crops this Year, there was Reason to expect the same in this Island, but it is now most certain we shall fall short not less than fifteen thousand Hogheads, of what were first reckoned upon, partly owing to the severe Winds towards the End of last Year, which lodged and damaged the Canes of many Plantations; partly to great Rains in the Course of the present Crop, and in some Measure to a Black Blast, which has spread itself through many Estates in the Parishes of St. Elizabeth and Westmoreland; at the North Side in particular, the Rains have been so heavy, that the Parish of St. Mary will not make above Half of what was expected. It is to be hoped that some Regulation of the Commerce of the Sugar Colonies may take Place for their Advantage; certain I am we are in Need of Relief: Whoever really knows the Situation of this Country, must be sensible of the Distresses and Wretchedness of a great Majority of the Planters, and that they merely subsist upon Credit."

PHILADELPHIA, January 8.

The Brig Abigail, Captain Montgomery, from Coracoa, is arrived at Reedy-Island. By a Gentleman who came Passenger, we are informed, that Captain Elder, in a Brig from New-York, is arrived there; and that Captain Waldron, also in a Brig from New-York, arrived there, and had sailed again for the Bay of Honduras: That Captain Montgomery left Coracoa the 15th of November, in Company with Captain Lightburne, for South-Carolina: That in Lat. 34, Long 70, he spoke a double Deck Schooner, Captain Darrell, 33 Days out from Turks Island, bound to Charlestown, who had been beating for some Time, but could not get into that Port, and three days before had bore away for Bermuda: And that on his Passage he had the Misfortune to carry away the Head of his Main-mast, by which Accident two Men who were in the Top, in order to strike the Topmast, fell with the same on the Deck, one of whom had his Skull, both his Legs, and one of his Arms, broke, and died instantly; the other was very much bruised and hurt, but is likely to recover.

ANNAPOLIS, January 29.

We hear that a Vessel from St. Kitts, belonging to Patowmack, was lately lost at Cape-Henry, and the Master and Three of the People Drowned; but we cannot yet learn the Particulars.

*The Northern Post not come in this Week; being detained at Susquehanna by the Ice.*

ANNAPOLIS, January 28, 1767.

**T**HE COMMISSIONERS appointed by the Act of Assembly, entitled, *An Act for the Payment of the Public Claims, for emitting Bills of Credit, and for other Purposes therein mentioned*, hereby give Notice to all Persons who may receive Orders, or Assignments, from Others who have Claims against the Public, on the JOURNAL, or LIST OF DEBTS, That such Orders, and Assignments, will not be received by the Commissioners, where the Parties are entire Strangers to them, unless the same are regularly Attested, either by a Magistrate, or some well known Person of Credit.

And likewise, That Executors and Administrators, who have Sums to receive on Account of deceased Persons (in Case they also are Strangers to the Commissioners) must have the same Certified that they are so, from some Public Office, or by some well known Person of Credit, in the County where they reside.

Baltimore-Town, January 23, 1767.

**FIVE POUNDS REWARD.**

**R**AN away last Night, from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named William Graham, alias Scholar, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, a likely, artful young Fellow, has black Hair, commonly curled: Had on a Claret coloured Coat and Jacket, with Metal Buttons, Buckskin Breeches, Boots, and a blue Surtout; carried with him, a likely old Bay Horse, marked WN, joined together, on his near Buttock, and a very good Hogskin Saddle, the Horse is well known on the Road.

Whoever brings said Fellow, with the Horse and Saddle, to me, in Baltimore-Town, shall have the above Reward; or, for the Horse and Saddle alone, Fifty Shillings.

(W3) JAMES CHRISTIE, junr.

January 23, 1767.

**THREE POUNDS REWARD.**

**R**AN away last Night, from the Subscriber, a Negro Boy, named Cambridge, a chunky, well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, pitted with the Small-Pox: Had on, a blue Surtout Coat, and some Regimental Cloaths.

Whoever brings him to me, in Baltimore-Town, shall have the above Reward.

(W3) ARCHIBALD BUCHANAN.

N. B. 'Tis probable Mr. CHRISTIE's Servant Man William Graham, above advertised, has taken him away, as a Waiting-Man.

**T**HE Subscriber, being confined in Annapolis County Jail for Debt, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to apply to the next General Assembly of this Province for Relief.

THOMAS TODD.

New-Port, in

**R**AN away from the last of December, by the ship pretty well, is a light colored Scar on one of his several Scar Tools, he can play the cunning Fellow to make his Escape away, a light colored Breeches, Counters and an Osnabrigg changed his Cloaths. Whoever takes him in any Jail, have a Reward of County; if taken six Dollars, besides any other Count of the Province, Charges if brought (8\*)

COMMITTEE

as Runaway Samuel Brown, England, and de Negro Frank, Hall, Son of W. H. Master is pay Charges. (2\*)

RAN away

Mr. Pleas the last of July about 18 Years, a black skin, on when she ran and an old Irish with her, her Child, or better. Ways, and lying off People, by the to be used with pretty well married good Behaviour. Whoever takes her, secure them, o have Forty Shillings they are Mile for what

All Persons

Wench and Clerk at their P give Information entitled to Thre shillings; beside them.

Pursuant to t

Testament the following the Highest Third Week Tem's Clerk Arthur C Frederick

PARADISE

Thirty-three SHIP, containing These Three of them bid them lie be Consecrated Ready Cash, on proper Se

D. R. R.

and continues to Carriage For as usual, eve and MIDW to the custo



New-Port, in Charles County, Jan. 9, 1767.

RAN away from the Subscriber, the 24<sup>th</sup> Day of December last, a Mulatto Man Slave, called Stephen, by Trade a House Carpenter, he can work pretty well as a Wheel-Wright, Sawyer, or right Cooper, is about 35 Years of Age, 6 Feet 1 Inch high, a long Face, thin jaw'd, a small Scar on one of his Cheeks, I believe the Right, and several Scars on his Legs, cut with Edge Tools, he can play on the Fiddle, is a very sensible, cunning Fellow, and if taken will endeavour to make his Escape. Had on when he went away, a light coloured Kersey Jacket, Cotton breeches, Country made Shoes and Stockings, and an Osnabrigs Shirt. It is imagined he has changed his Cloaths, and got a Pass. Whoever takes up the said Slave, and secures him in any Jail, or brings him to his Master, shall have a Reward of Six Dollars, if taken in Charles County; if taken in St. Mary's, or Prince-George's, Six Dollars, beside what the Law allows; if in any other County, Twelve Dollars; or, if out of the Province, Twenty Dollars, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

LEONARD BOARMAN.

Annapolis, January 28, 1767.

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel County Jail, as Runaways, viz.

Samuel Brown, who says he was born in New-England, and denies that he is a Servant.

Negro Frank, who says he belongs to Thomas Hall, Son of William, of Prince-George's County.

His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges.

(2<sup>d</sup>)

WILLIAM STEWART, Sheriff.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Mr. Pleasant's, in Anne-Arundel County, on the last of July, a Negro Wench, named Nan, about 18 Years of Age, of a brownish Complexion, has a Scar on her Cheek, and another on her Nose, and is a short thick Wench: Had on when she ran away, a white Cotton Petticoat, and an old Irish Linen Shift: She carried away with her, her Child, named Doll, about a Year old, or better. This Wench, with her deceitful Ways, and lying Tongue, passes with some Sort of People, by shewing her Marks, and pretending to be used with a great Deal of Barbarity; she is pretty well marked, which she never got for her good Behaviour.

Whoever takes up said Wench and Child, and secures them, or brings them to their Master, shall have Forty Shillings Reward for the first Twenty Miles they are brought, and One Shilling per Mile for what they may come farther, to be paid

JOSEPH WARD.

All Persons are forbid to harbour said Negro Wench and Child, as they shall Answer the contrary at their Peril; and any free Person who will give Information of their being harboured, shall be entitled to Three Pounds; if a Slave Thirty Shillings; beside the above Reward, if they take them.

J. W.

ANNAPOLIS, January 19, 1767.

Pursuant to the Directions of the Last Will and Testament of Edmund Key, Esq; Deceased, the following Tracts of Land will be Sold to the Highest Bidder, at Public Vendue, on the Third Wednesday in March next, precisely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, MARYLAND, viz.

PARADISE, containing Three Hundred and Thirty-five Acres. GOOD HOPE, containing Three Hundred Acres. And FRIENDSHIP, containing Two Hundred and Six Acres. These Three Tracts almost join one another; one of them binds upon Patuxent; and all of them lie betwixt Great Conococheague and Little Conococheague Rivers. They will be sold for Ready Cash, or Six Months Credit will be given, on proper Security.

U. SCOTT, Executor.

DR. R. HULSE, from St. Thomas's, Guy's, and the Lying-In Hospitals, LONDON, continues to reside at the Reverend Mr. Craddock's, Garrison Forest, Baltimore County, and practices as usual, every Branch of PHYSIC, SURGERY, and MIDWIFERY, at an Expence much inferior to the customary Charges.

(10<sup>th</sup>)

January 21, 1767.

By Virtue of a Deed of Trust, made in the Lifetime of the Deceased Mr. Samuel Chapman, to the Subscriber, for the Purposes therein mentioned, will be SOLD by Public Vendue, on Thursday the 26<sup>th</sup> of February next, at the Plantation near Queen-Anne, where the Deceased Mr. Chapman lately lived,

A PARCEL of about Twenty-eight likely Country-born SLAVES, Men, Women, and Children. Also Two Tracts of Land, viz. One Tract of LAND called Rowedown's Security, lying on the North Side of Patuxent River, almost opposite to Queen-Anne, said by the Deed to contain Eight Hundred and One Acres, more or less, having on it a Negro Quarter, with Tobacco-House, and other Improvements. One other Tract called Rotberry, containing about Sixty-five Acres, more or less, adjoining or lying contiguous to Rowedown's Security. The Sale will be for Sterling Money, or good Bills of Exchange, with Indorsers, if required; but other Current Money, and the Money to be emitted in Virtue of the late Act of Assembly, will be taken in Payment, at an Exchange to be fix'd on at the Day of Sale. As the Days are short, the Sale will begin Half an Hour after Ten o'Clock at farthest.—Mr. Anthony Stewart will attend and conduct the Sale, in Case of the Absence of the Subscriber. For any farther Information of Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

2

JAMES DICK, Trustee.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 4<sup>th</sup> Day of March next, at JOPPA,

A GREAT Variety of the very best Kind of Household and Kitchen FURNITURE, consisting of every Thing necessary for a genteel Family. Likewise a very good CHAISE, with a Bellows Top, and Harness for two Horses; a Single CHAIR, on Steel Springs, entirely new, without Harness; two very good CARTS and GEERS, with sundry Plantation UTENSILS. And a likely young NEGRO Fellow. And,

On the Friday following will be Sold, on the Premises, to the Highest Bidder, pursuant to the Last Will and Testament of Mr. David McCulloch, Deceased,—His late Dwelling-House and Lot in Joppa, with sundry other Lots, sufficiently described in the Maryland Gazette, N<sup>o</sup>. 1101, to N<sup>o</sup>. 1105. Also Two TRACTS of LAND, adjoining each other, lying within three Miles of Joppa, and containing Three Hundred Acres.

For Terms of Sale, apply to the Executor at ANNAPOLIS, or to Mr. Charles Lin at JOPPA. The Sale of the Furniture will continue from Day to Day, until all is sold.

ANTHONY STEWART, Executor, MARY McCULLOCH, Executrix.

(6<sup>th</sup>)

N. B. Bills of Credit to be emitted by Act of Assembly, will be taken as any other Currency, in Payment for the Furniture; and for the Houses and Land, at an Exchange to be agreed on at the Day of Sale.

2

JUST IMPORTED in the Leeds, Capt. Anderson, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at the House of Jonathan Pinkney in ANNAPOLIS,

A NEAT Assortment of superfine CLOTHS, with Trimmings suitable for the same, the best four Thread black Breeches Patterns, Gold and Silver Basket Buttons, and Gold Binding, green and white corded Silk for Waistcoats; likewise, a choice Collection of Turkey Burdets and Damascus, for Summer Waistcoats.

ROBERT PINKNEY.

2

WE, the Subscribers, being appointed by Charles County Court, to examine the Records of said County, Do hereby give Notice, that we intend to meet at Port-Tobacco, at the House of Mrs. Doncastle, every Wednesday and Saturday, till the last Day of April next, for that Purpose. Any Person or Persons that have Deeds, or other Instruments of Writing, Entered upon those Records, may have them Examined, by applying to us, on any the Days above mentioned.

WALTER HANSON, SAMUEL HANSON, JOSIAS HAWKINS.

(3<sup>th</sup>)

2

To be SOLD by RICHARD PARKER, ORGAN-BUILDER, at the House of Capt. James Reith in ANNAPOLIS,

A NEW Double HARPSICORD; with two Unisons, Octave and Lute Stops. He repairs and tunes Harpsicords and Spinnets, for Ladies and Gentlemen; he has also the best Sort of Dutch Wire Strings, all the different Numbers fit for those Instruments.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Shop in ANNAPOLIS, for Ready Money,

EXCEEDING good Bohea Tea at 7 s. per lb. Green Ditto at 14 s. best London single refined Sugar at 17<sup>d</sup>. per lb. by the Loaf, Philadelphia Ditto at 16<sup>d</sup>. West-India Rum at 476 by the Gallon, Molasses at 3 s. Muscovado Sugar at 9<sup>d</sup>. 8<sup>d</sup>. & 7<sup>d</sup>. per lb. that at 9<sup>d</sup>. is the very best Sort, Currans at 15<sup>d</sup>. and Raisins at 10<sup>d</sup>. per lb. Flour of Mustard, Coffee, Chocolate, Ginger, Allspice, Nutmegs and Cinnamon, Indigo and Fig Blue, Florence Oil, Stoughton's Elixir, Bateman's Drops, and James's Powders, Castile and Philadelphia Soap, Window Glass of most Sizes, London Steel, and a few other Dry Goods, on the most reasonable Terms.

(3)

W<sup>m</sup>. WILKINS.

Imported in the Snow Industry, from LONDON,

SAIL-CLOTH, CORDAGE, SEINE TWINE, and small ANCHORS, to be sold at their Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Country Produce, by

(4<sup>th</sup>)

BUCHANAN & M'GACHIN.

CHARLES County, January 8, 1767.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, for Current Money, to the Highest Bidder, at Port-Tobacco, on the Second Tuesday in February next,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, on Zachia Swamp, containing 260 Acres, being Part of a Tract of Land called His Lordship's Favour. The Land is extraordinary good for Cropping, with some Meadow Ground, likewise very good for raising Stock, especially Hogs, as the Land borders immediately on the Swamp, on it is a good Apple Orchard of Hughes's Crab, grafted, with several other Fruit Trees; there is the Shell of a Dwelling-House, calculated for 4 Rooms on a Floor, Kitchen and Quarter, with Brick Chimnies, and some other Out-Houses, such as Corn House, Stables, Dairy, Meat-House, &c. The Money to be paid at the Acknowledgment of the Land. Dollars will be taken at 7/6, and other Coin in Proportion.

DANIEL JENIFER.

N. B. I have also for Sale, a Parcel of choice Country-born SLAVES.

MARYLAND, January 13, 1767.

THE Subscribers continue to carry on their DISTILLERY at Baltimore-Town, where their Friends and Customers may depend on being constantly supply'd, on the most reasonable Terms, with the best AMERICAN RUM made on the Continent; for which they will take Payment in Bar Iron, Flour, Pork, Wheat, Rye, Indian Corn, Pine Boards, Shingles, Heading, Pipe, Hoghead, or Barrel Staves, if made according to the Philadelphia Staves, and cull'd. They have also to dispose of for Cash, or Bills of Exchange, best West-India Rum, Molasses by the Hoghead or Tierce, Muscovado and Loaf Sugars in Barrels, best New-England Mackrel and Fish Oil.

(4<sup>th</sup>)

SAMUEL and ROBERT PURVIANCE.

ANNAPOLIS, January 6, 1767.

AS many of the Adventurers in Messieurs Rivington and Brown's LOTTERY have neglected to apply for their Prizes, since the Drawing of the said Lottery, and most of the Prizes for the Southern Colonies being now deposited with me, I take this Method to inform the said Adventurers, that such Prizes as remain in my Hands are ready to be delivered when called for; and, as I am fully authorized, I hope it will not be taken amiss, if at the same Time, I shou'd earnestly require those Gentlemen who still remain in Arrears for Tickets, to settle their respective Accounts with me immediately.

(4<sup>th</sup>)

THOMAS B. HODGKIN.



January 3, 1767.

**A**LL Persons having any just Demands against my Sister, *Mary Moore*, are desired to send them, properly authenticated, to me, or to Mrs. *Caton*, at *London-Town*. I shall, on the 2<sup>d</sup> Day of February, sell off all the Negroes, Stock, Wheat, Corn, and every Thing on the Plantation, and Household Furniture belonging to my Sister, at her late Dwelling-House near *London-Town*.

(76)

STEPHEN WEST.

**To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,** on Thursday the 26<sup>th</sup> Day of February next, at the House of Mr. Henry James, in *Baltimore-Town*, for Current Money, or good Bills of Exchange,

**A**TRACT of LAND lying on the Great Falls of *Gunpowder*, and about 12 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, called *Cubb Hills*, containing about 900 Acres, the greatest Part of which is as good as any in the Country, proper for either Farming or Plantation Business. There is about 200 Acres cleared, with a Dwelling House, and convenient Out Houses thereon, an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees, 2 or 3 good Streams, and convenient Situation for a Furnace, &c. The whole is well Timbered, and remarkably healthy.

Also another Tract in said County, called *Fibb's United Inheritance*, lying on *Middle River Neck*, containing by Patent 640 Acres, chiefly surrounded with Water, is very well Timbered, and has good Improvements thereon. With very little Expence, this Land may be made as good a Farm as any upon the Continent, and produce considerable Profit to any Person who would give their Attention to the Improvement of Land; besides it is remarkable for the Great Rock Fishery, and wild Fowl, in the proper Season.

About 50 Acres of Land adjoining to *Baltimore-Town*, which will be sold together, or in Parcels of 4 or 5 Acres, as is most suitable and agreeable to those who want to purchase.

The noted and well known Tavern where Mr. Fogg formerly lived, and is now kept by Mr. Henry James.

The House and Lot formerly belonging to *Thomas Clendening*.

Also the House, and Part of the Lot, late the Property of *James Bonfield*.

THOMAS SLIGH.

**W**HEREAS *William*, the Son of *John Richardson*, of *Stafford*, in *England* came over to *Maryland*, and was a Servant in the Year 1754, to Mr. *Samuel Tipton*, on the River *Patuxet*: If the said *William Richardson* be living, by applying to Messrs. *Purdie and Dixon*, Printers, in *Williamsburg*, he will hear of something to his Advantage; if dead, any Person producing an authenticated Certificate of his Death, will be reimbursed his Expences, with Thanks.

Piscataway, Dec. 6, 1766.

**W**HEREAS *William*, *Mary*, and *Frances Herringham*, the Children of *William Herringham*, late of *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, did, about 25 Years ago, leave *England*, and go to some Part of the *West-Indies*, and, as it is believed, afterwards go to some of the Northern Colonies in *America*: This is therefore to give Notice to them, if the said *William*, *Mary*, and *Frances Herringham*, or the Survivor or Survivors of them, be living, or to their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, if dead, that by applying by Letter, or otherwise, to the Subscriber at *Piscataway*, in *Prince-George's County*, *Maryland*, they will hear of something greatly to their Advantage: Or, if any Person can give Information where any of the said Persons, if living, now reside, or if dead, when and where they died, and where buried; such Person shall be genteely rewarded for their Trouble, by applying as above, to

(6<sup>m</sup>)

WM. RUSSELL.

**L**ETT, by a Person unknown, at the Subscriber's House in *Annapolis*, Two Pieces of **BOLTING-CLOTH**. Any Person, proving his Property and paying Charges, may have them, on Application to

SAMUEL MIDDLETON.

**L**ETT with *William Digges* on *Patowmack*, **A CASK**, mark'd thus N -- F, containing Tea-Kettles, &c. &c. The Owner is desired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take it away. (1<sup>f</sup>)

**T**HE Subscriber takes this Method of informing the Public, That he has Open'd **TAVERN**, at *Patuxet* Lower Ferry, in the House formerly kept by Mrs. *Hugber*. He has provided himself with the best of **LIQUORS**, *Clover* and *Timothy Hay*, &c. &c. and shall do his utmost to accommodate to their Satisfaction, such Gentlemen as may chuse to call at his House. (6<sup>m</sup>)

S

JAMES KELSO.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, Dec. 16, 1766.

**T**HE Subscriber is authorized to receive all Debts due to Dr. *John Shippen*, late of *Elk-Ridge*, and takes this Method to inform all those who are Indebted to the said Doctor, that immediate Payment is expected. (1<sup>f</sup>)

S

JULIUS CLARE.

**T O B E S O L D,**  
**A** COMMODIOUS BRICK HOUSE, with a paved Garden, in *West-Street*, near the Town Gate, *ANNAPOIS*.

For Terms, and Title, apply to

(76) X 6 ROBERT COUDEN.

**To be SOLD, FREIGHTED, or CHARTERED,** and if any Person be inclinable to Purchase, they may have her cheap, and Six Months Credit,



**T**HE Sloop *CHARLOTTA*, a very good Vessel, and a Prime Sailer, upwards of 60 Tons Burthen, now lying in *Herring-Bay*. Any Person inclinable to Freight, Charter, or Purchase, may apply to the Subscriber at *Herring Bay*.

SAMUEL CHEW.

**To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,** at his House in *Baltimore-Town*,

**A** VARIETY of WINES, by the Pipe, Hoghead, or Quarter-Cask.

X 6

GEO. PATTEN.

**J U S T I M P O R T E D,**  
*In the "Hannah and Nancy, Capt. Carcaud, from London, and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store, at Pig-Point, on Patuxet River, for Cash, or Bills of Exchange.*

**A** QUANTITY of Sail-Duck, Sewing and Roping-Twine, *Chester* and *Gloucester* Cheese, and Single Refined Sugar, with many other Articles, too tedious to mention.

X 6

STEWART and NORRIS.

**A**LL Persons that are any Way indebted to the Estate of *Ann Pearman*, of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to make Payment, and those that have any just Claim against the said Estate, are desired to make them known to

X 7

THO. HYDE, Administrator.

**A N N A P O L I S, Nov. 26, 1769**  
**To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,** at first Cost and Charges,

**F**OUR Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Sterling's Worth of *East-India* and *European* GOODS: Invoices of which may be seen by applying to the Subscriber. A Time for Payment will be given, on giving Bond on Interest, with Security, if required.

**N. B.** All Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Open Account, are requested to discharge the same, or to give Obligations for the Balances due, and 'tis hoped this Request will be complied with, to save further Trouble.

7

BENNETT CHEW.

## S C H E M E

OF THE

## MARYLAND LIBERTY LOTTERY

**T**HE Lower House of Assembly of *Maryland* have constantly and ineffectually hitherto, since Seventeen Hundred and Thirty-nine, RESOLVED, That his Lordship hath no Right to collect Twelve-pence per Hoghead of Tobacco exported.

A Constitutional Tax on the People to support an Agent of the Appointment of the Lower House, has been greatly desired, frequently attempted, and as often refused by the Upper House.

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Clerks of the Council his reasonable Reward, as well as every other Expence necessarily attending the Execution of the Powers of Government, ought to be defrayed out of the *Fines Forfeitures, Amerciaments, and other Monies* received by the Government for the Support thereof; and, "That Sentiment being directly opposite to the Opinion the Upper House had, on mature Consideration, formed upon the Subject of the Clerk of the Council's Claim," principally occasioned the Non-payment of the Public Debt for upwards of Ten Years: The Distress of Trade for Want of a Circulating Medium, and the extreme Necessity of Public Credit, compelled the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his Majesty in Council, on the Subject Matter of Difference, without the Allotment of any Public Money for that Purpose, as the only Means to settle Disputes, restore Public Credit, and lay a sure Foundation for the future Ease and Good of the Province.

A Subscription therefore, by RESOLVE of the Lower House, has been Open'd, and Subscriptions are taken in by every Member, for maintaining an Agent, and supporting the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining Redress of their other Grievances; and, by RESOLVE also of the Lower House, as an additional Means of raising Money for the same Purpose, the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY, by which to raise One Thousand Pounds Common Money, is submitted to the Public.

PRIZE	of £.	is	500
1	of 250	is	250
1	of 100	is	100
2	of 50	are	100
2	of 30	are	60
4	of 20	are	80
4	of 15	are	60
10	of 10	are	100
20	of 5	are	100
50	of 4	are	200
80	of 3	are	240
73	of 2 : 10	are	182 : 10
2250	of 2	are	4500
1 First drawn Blank,			
1 Last drawn Blank,			

2500 Prizes. £. 6500  
2500 Blanks.

5000 { Tickets, at Thirty Shillings each, amount to £. 7500  
From which deduct 1000 £. 6500

Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted from the Prizes, to defray the Expences of the Lottery.

The Drawing to be in the Court-House at *Annapolis*, in the Presence of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall be pleased to attend, on the last Monday in May next, or sooner, if sooner full.

The Managers are, *William Mardock*, Esq; Messieurs *Thomas Sprigg*, *William Pace*, *John Weiss*, *Thomas Galloway*, *South River*, *Thomas Ringgold*, *B. T. B. Worthington*, *Henry Hall*, *John Hammond*, *Thomas Johnson*, *John Hall* of *Annapolis*, and *Samuel Chase*, or such of them as shall chuse to act.

The said Managers to give Bond to the Hon. SPEAKERS, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be Published in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, and the Prizes paid as soon as the Drawing is finished; and those not demanded in Six Months after the Drawing, to be deemed as generously given to the above Use.

The Scheme to be made public in the *Maryland* and *Virginia GAZETTES*, and *Pennsylvania JOURNAL*.

"LIFE without LIBERTY is worse than DEATH."

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers, and of most of the Members of the Lower House of Assembly.

October 10, 1760.

**T**HE JUSTICES of *Queen-Anne's* and *Talbot* Counties, being empowered by Act of Assembly, to levy on the taxable Inhabitants of *St. Paul's Parish*, in the said Counties, certain Sums of Tobacco, to be applied by the Vestry and Church Wardens of the said Parish, towards Building and Compleating a new Parish Church; and building an Addition, and Galleries to the Chapel: The said Vestry and Church Wardens, will be ready to contract for the said Buildings, the First Tuesday in every Month.

Signed per Order,

(6<sup>m</sup>) N. S. T. WRIGHT, Register.

**Annapolis**: Printed by **JONAS GREEN**, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in *Charles-Street*: Where all Persons may be supplied with this **GAZETTE**, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.