

VOL. 28.

Salisbury Cards.

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Bertha, Robes and Sate.

Faults kept in stock.

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GEN. INSURANCE AGENTS,

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Insurance effected in the best com-

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Secure yourself at once against accident

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Miscellaneous Cards.

AT

RED TIME

I TAKE

A

PLEASANT

HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND

REFRESHED. I HAVE TAKEN THIS DRINK

FOR SEVERAL DAYS AND I FEEL BETTER

THAN I HAVE FOR A LONG TIME. I

RECOMMEND IT TO ALL WHO ARE

TRICKED BY THE DRUGGISTS.

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TRINITY SUNDAY.

Oh, for one hour of A's name the saint!

To stand against a world in error prone.

To heaven's dwelling, come, O saint, and

Shall name the saint who lowly pray.

How shall God's awful voice reach earth

How can the saint's dull sense be stirred

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JOKES AND JOKERS.

SOME OF THE FUN AND FUMKAMERS

OF BYGONE DAYS.

From Diogenes to Modern Men—The

Englishman's Humor—A Heavy Class of

Humor—Inexhaustible Supply of Irish

There is no more real humor in a

modern oldboy than in an ancient

philosopher. The jokes that have come

down to us from Greece are mostly poor

trifles, but the humor of the Greeks is

not dead. It is still in the blood of the

Greeks, and it is still in the blood of the

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SALISBURY ADVERTISER.
PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
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Thos. Perry, Editor and Proprietor.
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Local Notices ten cents a line for the first insertion and five cents a line for each additional insertion. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free when not exceeding six lines.
Obituary Notices five cents a line.
Subscription Price, one dollar per annum, in advance. Single copy, three cents.
Post Office at SALISBURY, MD., November 21, 1894.
I hereby certify that the SALISBURY ADVERTISER is a newspaper published at this place, has been determined by the Third Assistant Postmaster-General to be a publication entitled to admission to the mails at the special rate of postage, and entry of it as such is accordingly made upon the books of this office. Valid while the character of the publication remains unchanged.
ROBT. D. ELLERSON, Postmaster.
SATURDAY, SEPT. 1, 1894.
DEMOCRATIC TICKET.
For Representative of the First Congressional District to fill the unexpired term of the 53d Congress:
W. LAIRD HENRY,
OF SOMERSET COUNTY.
For Representative in 54th Congress:
JOSHUA W. MILES,
OF SOMERSET COUNTY.
PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S REASONS.
Would Not Sign a Tariff Bill Where the "Liverty of Democratic Reform Was Stolen and Worn in the Service of Republican Protection."
Executive Mansion, Washington, August 27, 1894.
Hon. T. C. CARRINGTON: My Dear Sir—Since the convention of the Democratic Party at Chicago, I have been thinking much of the tariff reform which you have so ably and so bravely championed. I have given the subject further and most serious consideration. The result is I am more settled than ever in the determination to let it become a law without my signature.
When the formation of legislation which it was hoped would embody democratic ideas of tariff reform was lately entered upon by the Congress, nothing was further from my mind than to give my name to a bill which I could not promptly and enthusiastically endorse.
It is therefore with a feeling of the utmost disappointment that I submit to a denial of this privilege.
I do not claim to be better than the masses of my party, nor do I wish to avoid any responsibility which, on account of the passage of this law, I ought to bear as a member of the democratic organization. Neither will I permit myself to be separated from my party to such an extent as might be implied by my veto of tariff legislation which, though disappointing, is still chargeable to democratic effort. But there are provisions in this bill which are not in line with honest tariff reform, and it contains inconsistencies and contradictions which ought not to appear in a tariff law or laws of any kind. Besides, there are, as you know, incidents accompanying the passage of the bill through the Congress which made every sincere tariff reformer wince, while the influence surrounding it in its later stages and its interference with its final construction which ought not to be recognized or tolerated in democratic tariff reform councils.
And yet, notwithstanding all its vicissitudes and all the bad treatment it received at the hands of its friends, it presents a vast improvement to existing conditions. It will certainly lighten many tariff burdens that now rest heavily upon the people. It is not only a barrier against the return of mad protection, but it forms a solid basis upon which must be waged further aggressive operations against protected monopoly and government favoritism.
I take my place with the rank and file of the democratic party who believe in tariff reform and who know that it is the only way to secure the results embodied in this bill as the close of the war, when we are not blinded to the fact that the liverty of democratic tariff reform has been stolen and worn in the service of republicanism and who have marked the place where the deadly light of treason has blazed the course of the brave in their hour of might.
The trusts and combinations—the communism of self—whose machinations have prevented us from reaching the success we deserved should not be forgotten or forgiven. We shall recover from our astonishment at their exhibition of power, and if then the question is forced upon us whether they shall submit to the free legislative will of the people's representatives or shall dictate the laws which the people must obey we will accept and settle that issue as one involving the integrity and safety of American institutions.
I love the principles of true democracy because they are founded upon the rights and upon justice and fairness toward all interests. I am proud of my party organization because it is conservatively sturdy and persistent in the enforcement of its principles. Therefore I do not despair of the efforts made by the House of Representatives to complete the bill already passed by further legislation and to have engrained upon it such modifications as may be necessary to meet democratic hopes and aspirations.
I cannot be mistaken as to the necessity of free raw materials as the foundation of logical and sensible tariff reform. The extent of which this is recognized in the legislation already secured is one of its encouraging and redeeming features. It is in reason to be that while free coal and iron ore have been denied us a recent letter of the secretary of the treasury discloses the fact that both might have been made free by the annual surrender of only about \$700,000 of unnecessary revenue.
I am sure that there is a common habit of free raw materials in tariff legislation and of regarding them as only related to concessions to be made to our manufacturers. The tariff reformers of the past have been so far reaching that it is discredited a complete and beneficent scheme of tariff cannot be successfully inaugurated.
When we give to our manufacturers free raw materials we unshakably American enterprise and ingenuity, and these will open the doors of foreign markets to the reception of our wares and give opportunity for the continuous and remunerative employment of American labor. With materials cheapened by each

freedom from tariff charges the cost of their products must be correspondingly cheapened. Thereupon justice and fairness to the consumer would demand that the manufacturers be obliged to submit to such a readjustment and modification of the tariff upon their finished goods as would secure to the people the benefit of the reduced cost of their manufactures and shield the consumer against the exaction of inordinate profits.
It will thus be seen that free raw materials and a just and fearless regulation and reduction of the tariff to meet the changed conditions would carry to every humble home in the land the blessings of increased comfort and cheaper living.
The millions of our countrymen who have fought bravely and well for tariff reform should be enabled to continue the struggle, boldly challenged to open warfare and constant guarding against the treachery and half heartedness in their camp.
Tariff reform will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the interest of the people. It is a patient and long suffering people. Yours very truly
GROVER CLEVELAND.

Congress Adjourns.
Washington, Aug. 28.—The last day of the second session of the Fifty-third Congress was attended by just a score of Senators, but by throngs of persons who packed the galleries to their fullest capacity. Most of those who were in the galleries were ladies. There were also very many visiting Knights of Pythias.
A message was received from the House immediately after reading of the daily journal, and then Mr. Ransom offered the customary resolution for the appointment of a committee of the Senate to act with a similar committee from the House to wait upon the President and inform him that unless he had some further communication to make the two Houses were ready to adjourn.
The resolution was agreed to, and the Vice-President appointed Mr. Ransom and Mr. Manderson a committee on the part of the Senate.
No other business of any importance was transacted, and at 12:15 P. M. a recess was taken until 12:45 o'clock.
At 12:45 p. m. the Vice-President recessed his day and declared that the Senate was again in session. A message was received from the House announcing the death of Representative Geo. B. Shatt of Wisconsin.
In the absence of the two Wisconsin Senators, Mr. White offered the customary resolutions; the Vice-President appointed Senators Mitchell, of Wisconsin, Cullum, of Ohio, Davis, of Kentucky, and a committee of the Senate to wait upon the President and inform him that unless he had some further communication to make the two Houses were ready to adjourn.
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THE VIRTUE OF DISCORD.
It is the hope of all good citizens that discord and factional strife in the two parties will continue. That way lies hope. The coincidence of the cries of "reform" coming from two machines can excite suspicion. It may be that Platt and the Murphy machines are about to make a "deal" that will divide between them the spoils of the whole State. Whether there is ground for such a suspicion or not, it would be a grievous wrong to the State if respectable Republicans were to harmonize with Platt and respectably Democrats with Croker and Murphy. It would not be long before they found themselves bound hand and foot, and firmly in the power of the politicians of the lower order. In the meantime they would have lost the confidence of their betrayed fellow-citizens, and would never again be trusted as reformers. Harmony between them and the "bosses" means their surrender and the loss of their power in the reforming State and city politics.
That is the work which is now in hand. It is not the fate of either party which is involved in this contest, but the larger fate of the government. The discord which exists and which has been growing in the Republican and Democratic parties is the happiest sign of the times. It ought to be maintained at almost any hazard.—Harper's Weekly.

G. A. R. Annual Encampment.
Interest in the annual reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic and Naval Veterans Association grows each year, not only among the veterans themselves but all patriotic citizens of the republic.
The encampment this year at Pittsburgh, from present indication promises to be an interesting and successful one, as any reunion since the war. Thousands of veterans from all parts of the country will be present and Pittsburgh will surpass herself in showing them her hospitality.
The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co. will sell excursion tickets from all ticket stations on its line east of the Ohio river for all trains Sept. 6 to 10th valid for return passage on all trains until Sept. 25th, inclusive, at one fare for the round trip.
For more detailed information, write to Chas. O. Ruhl, Gen'l Pass. Agt., B. & O. R. R., Baltimore, Md. 9-8

Peculiar to itself.
Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar to itself, in a strictly medicinal sense, in three important particulars, viz: first, in the combination of remedial agents used; second, in the proportion in which they are mixed; third, in the process by which the active curative properties of the preparation are secured. These three important points in Hood's Sarsaparilla in its medicinal merit, as it accomplishes cures hitherto unknown.
But it is not what we say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. What Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for others is reason for confidence that it is the medicine for you.

How's This!
We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for each copy of Catarrh that may not be cured by F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out all obligations made by him. West & Trux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. W. L. Walbridge, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. H. C. Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials are given freely. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

While in Chicago, Mr. Charles L. Kahler, a prominent shoe merchant of Des Moines, Iowa, had quite a serious time of it. He took a cold and it was so bad that he could hardly talk or navigate, but the prompt use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured him of his cold so quickly that he followed the hotel and had a dozen persons ordered to it from the nearest drug store. They were profuse in their thanks to Mr. Kahler for telling them how to cure a cold so quickly. For sale by R. K. Truitt & Sons, Druggists.
—Lane's Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

DELAWARE DEMOCRAT.
Ebo W. Tunnell for Governor—Samuel Bancroft, Jr. for Congress.
The democratic convention at Dover last Tuesday nominated Ebo W. Tunnell, of Lewes, for Governor of Delaware, and Samuel Bancroft, Jr. of Wilmington, for Representative in Congress.
The attendance of politicians and others was the largest in the history of a single democratic convention. The Kent county caucus chose John D. Hawkins as chairman and R. Y. Walter secretary. The Sussex county caucus chose Dr. Robert G. White secretary. Elijah J. Morris, of Lewes, nominated Ebo W. Tunnell for Governor. W. L. Sirmam and Paynter Frame were named and withdrawn, and a unanimous vote was given for Tunnell.
Ebo W. Tunnell was born at the family homestead, near Blackwater, Baltimore Hundred, Sussex county, Del., December 31, 1844. His early education was received at the common schools, and he attended the select schools at Lewis and Milford. He engaged in general mercantile business at Blackwater with his father, and still retains his interest in it.
He was elected to the Legislature in 1870 by a large majority, running along with the issue of State bonds for the Breakwater and Frankford Railroad. Mr. Tunnell was appointed by the Legislature some years ago a director of the Farmers' bank at Georgetown, and to his good judgment and business qualifications is due much of the profitable business of that institution.

Samuel Bancroft, Jr., was born January 21, 1840, at Rockfield, Christiana Hundred, Delaware. After receiving education, two years at the Samuel Alsop School and two years at the classical academy of T. Clarkson Taylor, in Wilmington he entered the cotton mills of his father at Rockford and worked there for several years in the various mechanical departments.
In 1866 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1867. He was candidate for reelection in 1870, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1871 he was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1872. He was candidate for reelection in 1875, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1876 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1877. He was candidate for reelection in 1880, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1881 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1882. He was candidate for reelection in 1885, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1886 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1887. He was candidate for reelection in 1890, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1891 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1892. He was candidate for reelection in 1895, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1896 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1897. He was candidate for reelection in 1900, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1901 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1902. He was candidate for reelection in 1905, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1906 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1907. He was candidate for reelection in 1910, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1911 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1912. He was candidate for reelection in 1915, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1916 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1917. He was candidate for reelection in 1920, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1921 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1922. He was candidate for reelection in 1925, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1926 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1927. He was candidate for reelection in 1930, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1931 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1932. He was candidate for reelection in 1935, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1936 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1937. He was candidate for reelection in 1940, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1941 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1942. He was candidate for reelection in 1945, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1946 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1947. He was candidate for reelection in 1950, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1951 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1952. He was candidate for reelection in 1955, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1956 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1957. He was candidate for reelection in 1960, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1961 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1962. He was candidate for reelection in 1965, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1966 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1967. He was candidate for reelection in 1970, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1971 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1972. He was candidate for reelection in 1975, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1976 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1977. He was candidate for reelection in 1980, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1981 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1982. He was candidate for reelection in 1985, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1986 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1987. He was candidate for reelection in 1990, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1991 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1992. He was candidate for reelection in 1995, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 1996 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 1997. He was candidate for reelection in 2000, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2001 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2002. He was candidate for reelection in 2005, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2006 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2007. He was candidate for reelection in 2010, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2011 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2012. He was candidate for reelection in 2015, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2016 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2017. He was candidate for reelection in 2020, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2021 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2022. He was candidate for reelection in 2025, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2026 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2027. He was candidate for reelection in 2030, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2031 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2032. He was candidate for reelection in 2035, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2036 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2037. He was candidate for reelection in 2040, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2041 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2042. He was candidate for reelection in 2045, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2046 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2047. He was candidate for reelection in 2050, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2051 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2052. He was candidate for reelection in 2055, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2056 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2057. He was candidate for reelection in 2060, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2061 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2062. He was candidate for reelection in 2065, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2066 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2067. He was candidate for reelection in 2070, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2071 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2072. He was candidate for reelection in 2075, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2076 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2077. He was candidate for reelection in 2080, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2081 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2082. He was candidate for reelection in 2085, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2086 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2087. He was candidate for reelection in 2090, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2091 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2092. He was candidate for reelection in 2095, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2096 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2097. He was candidate for reelection in 2100, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2101 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2102. He was candidate for reelection in 2105, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2106 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2107. He was candidate for reelection in 2110, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2111 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2112. He was candidate for reelection in 2115, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2116 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2117. He was candidate for reelection in 2120, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2121 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2122. He was candidate for reelection in 2125, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2126 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2127. He was candidate for reelection in 2130, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2131 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2132. He was candidate for reelection in 2135, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2136 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2137. He was candidate for reelection in 2140, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2141 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2142. He was candidate for reelection in 2145, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2146 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2147. He was candidate for reelection in 2150, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2151 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2152. He was candidate for reelection in 2155, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2156 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2157. He was candidate for reelection in 2160, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2161 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2162. He was candidate for reelection in 2165, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2166 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2167. He was candidate for reelection in 2170, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2171 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2172. He was candidate for reelection in 2175, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2176 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2177. He was candidate for reelection in 2180, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2181 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2182. He was candidate for reelection in 2185, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2186 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2187. He was candidate for reelection in 2190, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2191 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2192. He was candidate for reelection in 2195, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2196 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2197. He was candidate for reelection in 2200, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2201 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2202. He was candidate for reelection in 2205, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2206 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2207. He was candidate for reelection in 2210, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2211 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2212. He was candidate for reelection in 2215, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2216 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2217. He was candidate for reelection in 2220, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2221 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2222. He was candidate for reelection in 2225, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2226 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2227. He was candidate for reelection in 2230, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2231 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2232. He was candidate for reelection in 2235, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2236 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2237. He was candidate for reelection in 2240, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2241 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2242. He was candidate for reelection in 2245, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2246 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2247. He was candidate for reelection in 2250, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2251 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2252. He was candidate for reelection in 2255, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2256 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2257. He was candidate for reelection in 2260, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2261 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2262. He was candidate for reelection in 2265, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2266 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2267. He was candidate for reelection in 2270, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2271 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2272. He was candidate for reelection in 2275, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2276 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2277. He was candidate for reelection in 2280, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2281 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2282. He was candidate for reelection in 2285, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2286 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2287. He was candidate for reelection in 2290, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2291 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2292. He was candidate for reelection in 2295, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2296 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2297. He was candidate for reelection in 2300, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2301 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2302. He was candidate for reelection in 2305, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2306 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2307. He was candidate for reelection in 2310, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2311 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2312. He was candidate for reelection in 2315, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2316 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2317. He was candidate for reelection in 2320, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2321 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2322. He was candidate for reelection in 2325, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2326 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2327. He was candidate for reelection in 2330, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2331 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2332. He was candidate for reelection in 2335, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2336 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2337. He was candidate for reelection in 2340, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2341 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2342. He was candidate for reelection in 2345, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2346 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2347. He was candidate for reelection in 2350, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2351 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2352. He was candidate for reelection in 2355, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2356 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2357. He was candidate for reelection in 2360, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2361 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2362. He was candidate for reelection in 2365, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2366 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2367. He was candidate for reelection in 2370, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2371 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2372. He was candidate for reelection in 2375, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2376 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2377. He was candidate for reelection in 2380, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2381 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2382. He was candidate for reelection in 2385, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2386 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2387. He was candidate for reelection in 2390, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2391 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2392. He was candidate for reelection in 2395, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2396 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2397. He was candidate for reelection in 2400, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2401 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2402. He was candidate for reelection in 2405, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2406 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2407. He was candidate for reelection in 2410, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2411 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2412. He was candidate for reelection in 2415, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2416 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2417. He was candidate for reelection in 2420, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2421 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2422. He was candidate for reelection in 2425, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2426 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2427. He was candidate for reelection in 2430, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2431 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2432. He was candidate for reelection in 2435, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2436 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2437. He was candidate for reelection in 2440, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2441 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2442. He was candidate for reelection in 2445, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2446 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2447. He was candidate for reelection in 2450, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2451 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2452. He was candidate for reelection in 2455, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2456 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2457. He was candidate for reelection in 2460, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2461 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2462. He was candidate for reelection in 2465, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2466 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2467. He was candidate for reelection in 2470, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2471 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2472. He was candidate for reelection in 2475, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2476 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2477. He was candidate for reelection in 2480, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2481 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2482. He was candidate for reelection in 2485, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2486 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2487. He was candidate for reelection in 2490, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2491 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2492. He was candidate for reelection in 2495, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2496 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2497. He was candidate for reelection in 2500, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2501 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2502. He was candidate for reelection in 2505, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2506 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2507. He was candidate for reelection in 2510, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2511 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2512. 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He was candidate for reelection in 2550, but was defeated by the republican ticket. In 2551 Mr. Bancroft was elected to the House of Representatives of the General Assembly from Christiana Hundred on the republican ticket and served during the session of 2552. He was candidate for reelection in 2555, but was defeated by the republican ticket

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[illegible]

country back, but a tradesman's hand is not a tradesman's hand. The property themselves having stepped into the dividing line. Lord St. Albans' speech is a masterpiece of the cohesiveness of all other ears, establishing it became a cash proprietor; "Lord St. Albans" is the inscription that may be written in the inscription of the Marquis of Londerry is directed. The Marquis of Londerry is directed to deliver or call for the Marquis of Londerry. The words of this nobleman's advection, put in just as any traitor from the Marquis of Londerry is directed to deliver or call for the Marquis of Londerry. The words of this nobleman's advection, put in just as any traitor from the Marquis of Londerry is directed to deliver or call for the Marquis of Londerry.

their children, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200, 225, 250, 275, 300, 325, 350, 375, 400, 425, 450, 475, 500, 525, 550, 575, 600, 625, 650, 675, 700, 725, 750, 775, 800, 825, 850, 875, 900, 925, 950, 975, 1000, 1025, 1050, 1075, 1100, 1125, 1150, 1175, 1200, 1225, 1250, 1275, 1300, 1325, 1350, 1375, 1400, 1425, 1450, 1475, 1500, 1525, 1550, 1575, 1600, 1625, 1650, 1675, 1700, 1725, 1750, 1775, 1800, 1825, 1850, 1875, 1900, 1925, 1950, 1975, 2000, 2025, 2050, 2075, 2100, 2125, 2150, 2175, 2200, 2225, 2250, 2275, 2300, 2325, 2350, 2375, 2400, 2425, 2450, 2475, 2500, 2525, 2550, 2575, 2600, 2625, 2650, 2675, 2700, 2725, 2750, 2775, 2800, 2825, 2850, 2875, 2900, 2925, 2950, 2975, 3000, 3025, 3050, 3075, 3100, 3125, 3150, 3175, 3200, 3225, 3250, 3275, 3300, 3325, 3350, 3375, 3400, 3425, 3450, 3475, 3500, 3525, 3550, 3575, 3600, 3625, 3650, 3675, 3700, 3725, 3750, 3775, 3800, 3825, 3850, 3875, 3900, 3925, 3950, 3975, 4000, 4025, 4050, 4075, 4100, 4125, 4150, 4175, 4200, 4225, 4250, 4275, 4300, 4325, 4350, 4375, 4400, 4425, 4450, 4475, 4500, 4525, 4550, 4575, 4600, 4625, 4650, 4675, 4700, 4725, 4750, 4775, 4800, 4825, 4850, 4875, 4900, 4925, 4950, 4975, 5000, 5025, 5050, 5075, 5100, 5125, 5150, 5175, 5200, 5225, 5250, 5275, 5300, 5325, 5350, 5375, 5400, 5425, 5450, 5475, 5500, 5525, 5550, 5575, 5600, 5625, 5650, 5675, 5700, 5725, 5750, 5775, 5800, 5825, 5850, 5875, 5900, 5925, 5950, 5975, 6000, 6025, 6050, 6075, 6100, 6125, 6150, 6175, 6200, 6225, 6250, 6275, 6300, 6325, 6350, 6375, 6400, 6425, 6450, 6475, 6500, 6525, 6550, 6575, 6600, 6625, 6650, 6675, 6700, 6725, 6750, 6775, 6800, 6825, 6850, 6875, 6900, 6925, 6950, 6975, 7000, 7025, 7050, 7075, 7100, 7125, 7150, 7175, 7200, 7225, 7250, 7275, 7300, 7325, 7350, 7375, 7400, 7425, 7450, 7475, 7500, 7525, 7550, 7575, 7600, 7625, 7650, 7675, 7700, 7725, 7750, 7775, 7800, 7825, 7850, 7875, 7900, 7925, 7950, 7975, 8000, 8025, 8050, 8075, 8100, 8125, 8150, 8175, 8200, 8225, 8250, 8275, 8300, 8325, 8350, 8375, 8400, 8425, 8450, 8475, 8500, 8525, 8550, 8575, 8600, 8625, 8650, 8675, 8700, 8725, 8750, 8775, 8800, 8825, 8850, 8875, 8900, 8925, 8950, 8975, 9000, 9025, 9050, 9075, 9100, 9125, 9150, 9175, 9200, 9225, 9250, 9275, 9300, 9325, 9350, 9375, 9400, 9425, 9450, 9475, 9500, 9525, 9550, 9575, 9600, 9625, 9650, 9675, 9700, 9725, 9750, 9775, 9800, 9825, 9850, 9875, 9900, 9925, 9950, 9975, 10000.

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The following is a true copy of an indictment made a few years since by the grand jury of the original court. Common wealth of Kentucky against _____ defendant. Indictment. The grand jury of the county of _____ do hereby certify that _____ by the authority of the commonwealth of Kentucky, conspired _____ of the _____ A. D. 18—, in the county of _____ and lawfully kill and destroy one citizen, to wit _____

the personal property of George Figg, without the consent of said Figg, and said Figg, who is a resident of the county of Green, State of Kentucky, has been and is now being wrongfully and unlawfully detained by said George Figg. The pig thus killed weighed about 25 pounds and was a valuable property of said George Figg, by said George Figg, which left George Figg a pig less than he said (George Figg) was worth. The said George Figg, before said pig was the property of George Figg's other pigs against the peace and against the law of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. —Green Bag.

DON'T WANT TO BE SHELDED.
He took her hand guiltily in his. They were advanced, and there was a faint glimmering on the scene of contention.

"I will waive," he murmured, "if

[illegible]

surprising commonplaces, he remarked that Americans were not to be allowed to express legitimate repugnance to legitimate evils. He prepared a special card for the occasion, and it was the only card he carried. It said: "I am not an equalizer, and the only equal rights I am in favor of are equal rights to the equal right, and the only equal rights I am in favor of are equal rights to the equal right." — *Los Angeles Times*.

Senator Stanford was traveling California in his private car, but had stopped at a small town, where he was waiting for the train to take him north on the platform at a large baggage van unloading passengers. He was leaning against the platform, and he burst out the Senator looked at it in his eyes. "That's a trunk," he said. "That's a trunk!" The answer came back: "No young man, but I own one."

—L. CAMPBELL

That Earl Campbell was a hearing but reliable. A lawyer had struggled against the Senator's criticism. Finally he had won.

lent, and no longer trespass on
lehip's impatience."

SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

100 PER ANNUM.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 15, 1894.

SALISBURY DIRECTORY.

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.

MAYOR.
Randolph Humphreys, Esq.

CITY COUNCIL.

Samuel R. Smith, Wm. J. Williams, Wm. O. Smith, J. C. Coulbourne, Attorney for Board—Thos. Humphreys.

BOARD OF TRADE.

R. Humphreys, Pres.; J. A. Ellegood, Secy.

DIRECTORS.

W. G. Gentry, E. T. Fowler, W. E. Tighman, Isaac Uman.

SALISBURY NATIONAL BANK.

E. F. Jackson, Pres.; W. E. Tighman, Secy.

DIRECTORS.

E. F. Jackson, Dr. P. Dennis, Thomas Humphreys, Jno. H. White, Chas. F. Holland, Simon Uman.

FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BANK.

E. F. Williams, Pres.; R. D. Grier, Vice-Pres.

DIRECTORS.

E. F. Williams, R. D. Grier, J. A. Ellegood, J. C. Coulbourne, J. W. Gentry, J. A. Ellegood.

THE SALISBURY PERMANENT BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

W. E. Williams, Pres.; E. F. Williams, Secy.

DIRECTORS.

F. M. A. Thomas, Thos. H. Williams, E. A. Thomas, W. G. Gentry.

THE WICOMICO BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

J. A. Ellegood, Pres.; J. A. Ellegood, Secy.

DIRECTORS.

A. A. Gillis, Thos. Perry.

WATER COMPANY.

R. P. Dennis, Pres.; I. S. Adams, Secy.

DIRECTORS.

W. H. Jackson, E. F. Williams, E. F. Jackson, I. S. Adams, Secy.

ORDER OF RED MEN.

Modoc Tribe No. 1, O. R. M. meet every second Saturday of every month at the eighth room, setting of the sun, in the wigwam, 5th and building, third floor. 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

—Workmen have been engaged this week repairing the engine room under the direction of Mayor Humphreys.

—All three mills of the Jackson Brothers Co. have run this week and hosts of laborers have been employed.

—The ladies of St. Peter's Guild are preparing to hold a bazaar for the benefit of the church, during the month of November.

—After the 15th inst. and until further notice, trains Nos. 1 and 2, B. & E. Railroad, on time-table in effect 10th inst. will be withdrawn.

—There will be a partial eclipse of the moon this (Friday) night, lasting from 10:25 o'clock till 12:21 o'clock, caused by the moon passing into the earth's shadow.

—New corn was delivered at the Locust Grove Mills and ground on both Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 10 and 11, at 10¢ per bushel.

—The September 1st, 1894, was a day of much interest to the community.

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Base Ball Notes.

The championship flag will surely float in Maryland breezes for at least one year.

The Orioles are going to win in a walk and for one time the old base ball critics were off their bases. They all predicted that the Orioles would be the race to fill the home stretch was reached, and then they would take a tumble. But these boys are playing ball; they have taken seventeen consecutive games, which is something wonderful at this advanced stage of the game. Out of the ten games played by the Orioles, the Cincinnati birds won nine. They now have a series of five games with their Jonahs, the Pittsburgh team. They should win at least three of these games. The Baltimore club has not a weak point, and it has one strong one—the pitching department.

Manager Hanlon should be commended for the way he has strengthened that department. To Hanlon a large share of the credit is due. To him base ball enthusiasts of the state are indebted for his success in securing so prominent a place for our commonwealth.

The Baltimore club now has a lead on the Giants of forty points. The tussle for the Temple cup, which will be between the Orioles and Giants. They will play seven games for it, the one taking four out of the seven winning the cup. A great many of our cranks are going up to Baltimore to witness the games of the series which will be played in that city.

If the Baltimore play the game they are now playing, when they play for the Temple cup, they will take the prize as well as the pennant.

Last Monday afternoon the barbers, known as the "Mudcrabs," and the horsemen known as the "Jockeys" played a game of ball. The barbers were defeated by a score of 19 to 14.

Base Ball Notes.

Last Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock the much-talked-of game of ball between the B. & E. S. railroad team and the down town team was begun. Wednesday morning the players were busy buying out badges. The badges of the "Bees" could find no takers. It was not the fault of the crowd that the depot was full. But "Capt." Benjamin had the ladies on his side, three being many of the city's fairest flowers on the spot from whom the bees received special inspiration.

Upon the badge of the crabs was "crablike" wallies sideways but getting there all the same. Sem Chum, mascot. The "crabs" led by Col. Fowler, were not in the game, so to speak. The "Bees" had a walk over, defeating the crabs by a score of 44 to 27. The hopes of the "crabs" were dashed to pieces in the first inning. The "bees" making 13 runs. At the end of the second inning the score stood 26 to 2 in favor of the "bees".

The game was witnessed by 400 people. The bees it is reported will be challenged by the Coxietes.

An Old Homestead Burned.

Last Saturday night about half past ten o'clock the dwelling on the "Spring Hill" farm, owned by Mrs. Emily Freeny, was burned to the ground, together with much of the furniture therein. There was at the time of the occurrence a gathering of young folks at the house to participate in a "rally" and the fire broke out in the kitchen. The fire spread rapidly and in a few minutes the whole house was in flames. The fire was extinguished by the fire department. The loss is estimated at \$10,000.

The building, which is a total loss, was insured for \$10,000 with Messrs. A. G. Roadie & Son, as the fire insurance company. The loss is estimated at \$10,000.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

D. M. J. Perkins

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

<p>MARKED ALIKE.</p> <p>Weird Story of Two Men Whose Singular Wounds Were the Same.</p> <p>"I am not a believer in ghosts, ruin-</p>	<p>THE PEAR MIDGE.</p> <p>The Damage Done by This Pest and the Best Way to Hold It in Check.</p> <p>The pear midge is one of the in-</p>
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[illegible][illegible]

threat, ear and face. He said he
had never had a long illness. He re-
sisted the idea of being in a sanatorium,
it was like a dream, and he had no
collection of his life before that.

He said he remembered, while still
taking a long voyage—he didn't
know where it was, but he said he
met him. He told me my face
looked like one he had seen in a dream,
he knew he had never seen me be-
fore. He said he was a doctor, and
I am only telling the facts. I
don't know whether Danler was Lander
to life again or a reincarnation of
Myrtle Lander's neck was not
cut, and some people are
experimenting on him with a bat-

benefit trees as well as to kill the
sects. As soon as proper, say early
August, stop crimson clover. This
will save the peach trees from being
fruit trees and will store nitrogen
well as occupy the ground. Early
following spring turn this sod under
and plant the peach trees. The
sod will be under the trees and
none before the pear buds are devel-
oped in order to head off and destroy
midges then in the pupa state near
surface of the soil. This practice is
being used in the peach orchards of
the orchard.—St. Louis Post-Ex-
aminer

All I know is that no two men could possibly be marked in exactly the way. If it was Lander, he was very discontented by the character of his life. I found that he bore no toleration as a quiet, law abiding citizen."—Chicago Tribune

FAMILY HANDWRITING

Experts Say All of a Generation Have the Same Characteristic.

Experts in handwriting say that all the people of a single generation write alike, and it is well known that most such handwriting has a strong family resemblance. The handwriting of the

of 200,000,000, includes the people of Africa. In the lakes of central Africa, the largest of our own lake system. The treaty gives it the high land west

The new conquests of the British South Africa company add the great breadlands of the interior of southern Africa to the territories of the Cape of Good Hope and the Orange River. Lastly, there is Cape Colony, the only vital European settlement in Africa. As it stands this great biggish island is a vast wilderness, in which Europeans can live and carry efficient administration. It has to be fertilized in the continent of Africa, and the continent is the most fertile in the world. It has the most gold-mines and the only rich

for another. As page after page ch is turned over there is the same scene of men, women and children sitting down at long tables, eating and drinking. The first two or three pages are of men, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, sixty, sixty-one, sixty-two, sixty-three, sixty-four, sixty-five, sixty-six, sixty-seven, sixty-eight, sixty-nine, seventy, seventy-one, seventy-two, seventy-three, seventy-four, seventy-five, seventy-six, seventy-seven, seventy-eight, seventy-nine, eighty, eighty-one, eighty-two, eighty-three, eighty-four, eighty-five, eighty-six, eighty-seven, eighty-eight, eighty-nine, ninety, ninety-one, ninety-two, ninety-three, ninety-four, ninety-five, ninety-six, ninety-seven, ninety-eight, ninety-nine, one hundred.

photographers of those days take pictures for the reasons of their own, to make length pictures, and as they were usually small costume covered for the deal and helped to intensify the scene, the whole group was Philadelphia Press.

Carrot and Jean Carrot. The death of Jean Carrot, the sculptor and a devotee of the carrot which he and President Carrot were the printers. The artist's busts and as at the Champ de Mars excited the indignation of all and the degradation of all. He was elected to the Academy in the first rank. M. Carrot, when on his visit to the salon, met an old man, who seemed much surprised at seeing him, standing before the bust of his father. "What is the name of the president," he said to the president, after pointing to the artist: "Here is need for reparation."

M. is President. Carries is one of the most skillful men of art, and has been decorated by the Emperor. He is detached from the buttomhole of the officers of the military household in the place of a cross of the Legion of Honour. The artist who painted the cross of an officer of the Legion of Honour was a Frenchman, and he is Jean Carries. The next day, at the Office, the artist was named a member of the order.—London Figure.

Rindoo Grades.

The four grades of society among the

[illegible][illegible]

man kin run inter debt," said Eben, "but when it comes ter out he's gotter crawl."—Wash. Star.

SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
Salisbury, Wicomico County, Maryland.

OFFICE ON DIVISION STREET AT HEAD OF MAIN

Thos. Perry, Editor and Proprietor.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of one dollar an inch for the first insertion and fifty cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers.

Local Notices ten cents a line for the first insertion and five cents for each additional insertion. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free when not exceeding six lines. Obituary Notices five cents a line.

Subscription Price, one dollar per annum, in advance. Single copy, three cents.

POST OFFICE AT SALISBURY, MD., November 21st, 1897.

I hereby certify the SALISBURY ADVERTISER, a newspaper published at this place, has been determined by the Third Assistant Postmaster-General to be a publication entitled to admission in the mails at the postpaid rate of postage, and entry of it as such is accordingly made upon the books of this office. Valid while the character of the publication remains unchanged.

ROBT. D. ELLWOOD, Postmaster.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 22, 1894.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Representative of the First Congressional District to fill the unexpired term of the 53d Congress.

W. LAIRD HENRY,
OF DORCHESTER COUNTY.

For Representative in 54th Congress:

JOSHUA W. MILES,
OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

WHOSE OX IS GORED?

The democratic sugar planters of Louisiana have organized a rebellion against their party and threaten general disaster because the new tariff bill does not give them as much protection as the McKinley bill did. It is the same old story. "It all depends upon whose ox is gored." Like the Sugar Trust, these growers have been reaping a bountiful harvest. Who contributes to their fortune? The people who are now selling their corn at fifty cents a bushel and prime horses at twenty five or thirty dollars each. The corn and wheat grower must put his product upon the market at a loss—fifty cents a bushel—and then suffer an assessment by the government to pay the sugar grower and the Sugar Trust a bounty. This is the situation.

Now because the country seems fit to lessen this bounty the whole gang threaten to go to the republican party, the party that promises protection. If the sugar planter is a protectionist in the matter of sugar, he must, to be consistent, be a protectionist in all other respects—for coal, iron, fabrics, etc., then these people are going just where they tried to go, to the republican party. As a result of this, however, they are not to be pitied.

—Capt. T. W. H. White, who is now in a new barn on his home farm in Salisbury, which is to cost when finished \$10,000.

THE HARVEST MOON. The patron who fell on Friday of the other evening the full moon nearest to the equinox, is the famous "harvest moon," as the folks of the harvest moon say. The moon is the husbandman's friend, says the New York Herald.

When the moon is very far north, as she is at this period, the retardation of her rising from day to day is at a minimum, and for several successive nights she rises early in the east and very nearly at the same hour. She then coats a lowly eastern horizon, lending her friendly light to harvesters who have to ply their work after nightfall.

The spectacle is well calculated to interest and cheer all who watch the heavens.

—Representative W. C. P. Breckinridge was defeated in the Kentucky primaries last Saturday for re-nomination for Congress.

Hon. W. C. Owens, a young and popular lawyer and orator, carried the congressional district (Ashland) which Breckinridge has represented. The defeated candidate is the man of Breckinridge-Pollard fame.

—Governor Flower of New York has announced that he will not accept a re-nomination by his party for governor, giving as his reason that he could not command a full party vote.

Improved Trade. Don's Review of September 15, admits that in the past year "business has not set-back," but "continues larger than early in August and larger than a year ago." There are various signs mentioned as indicating improved business.

More commercial paper, for example, is offered. The Western demand for money increases, the iron manufacture "greatly expands" its output, shipment of shoes continues large and cotton goes to still advance. Though disappointed, apparently, to minimize the signs of improvement, Don is nevertheless able to see the gratifying change that has taken place. Breadstuffs, though similarly disposed, admits that "customs receipts are well sustained and internal revenue receipts have kept up better than was anticipated. Moreover, the receipts have been in excess of expenditures, a feature which has been a rarity in treasury statistics for some time past."

It is noted also that railroad earnings for August show a small increase over those of the same month last year. The Southern group of railroads, says Bradstreet, "leads in point of aggregate increase, being 10.2 per cent. in that section." The Financial Chronicle dwells with satisfaction upon the increased output of iron furnaces. In October, 1895, the furnaces in blast were 144, with a weekly capacity of 73,865 tons. On September 1, 1894, there were 171 furnaces in blast, with a weekly capacity of 151,113 tons, the maximum capacity heretofore reported. March, 1892—being 193,902 tons. Stocks of pig are also declining. There are all favorable signs.—Baltimore Sun.

A. M. Bailey, a well known citizen of Eugene, Oregon, says his wife has been troubled with chronic diarrhoea and used many remedies with little relief until she tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which has cured her sound and well. Give it a trial and you will be surprised at the prompt relief it affords. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by R. K. Truitt & Sons, Druggists.

—Ex-vice President Levi P. Morton was last Tuesday nominated by the republicans, for governor of New York and Senator Saxton for lieutenant governor.

The ticket is considered a Platt-made ticket from start to finish.

THEATREMAN HILL IN TROUBLE.

The grand jury of Howard county has been in session for the past two weeks for the purpose of investigating the charges against J. E. Hill, for misappropriating the school funds and for neglect of duty while in office. Mr. Hill accompanied when the investigation began and took his books with him, but was arrested last Tuesday. Says the Baltimore Sun of Wednesday:

"John Emory Hill, examiner, secretary and treasurer of the Howard county school board, came into Ellicott City on the 2 o'clock train this afternoon, and as he stepped from the cars was arrested by Sheriff Gilbert E. Fowler on a bench warrant. The writ had been in the hands of the sheriff since Monday, when Hill was presented by the grand jury for alleged neglect of official duty. At the adjournment of the court today he appeared at the clerk's desk with Edwin Warfield of Baltimore, whose recognition was accepted for the appearance of Mr. Hill in court from day to day, the penalty having been fixed by Judges Jones and Bevell in the sum of \$1,000.

Mr. Warfield accompanied Mr. Hill from the train, the only other person in the party besides the sheriff being Mr. Joshua N. Warfield. Mr. Hill carried with him a bundle of books. The court took no action upon the attachment for Hill issued last week, nor was anything done with the subpoena duces tecum, requiring him to produce his books of account as treasurer of the school board before the grand jury. Both these matters are expected to come up Wednesday.

Mr. Hill remaining meanwhile in the custody of the sheriff under the attachment. State's attorney M. Guire says the bond of the Fidelity Company given as surety for Treasurer Hill will hold good.

The bundle of books which the treasurer brought with him were left in his office. Whether or not they are all of his books could not be ascertained. It is stated that the court will tomorrow morning hear what excuse he has to offer, if any, for absconding himself after being summoned to appear at the call of the grand jury. The penalty for this offense, which is contempt of court, may be fine or imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of the court. Neglect of official duty is also an offense punishable in the same way.

Treasurer Hill states that he came to Ellicott City to surrender his books and is prepared to hand them over to the grand jury tomorrow morning. He further states that sickness has prevented his attendance upon the sessions of court from day to day. He left Ellicott City on Monday night, September 10th.

If the grand jury can proceed with the investigation without further hindrance the work may be delayed in two or three days, Mr. John T. Thompson, the former school examiner and treasurer, and the Rev. Dr. Henry Branch, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Ellicott City, will go over the accounts and other clerical duties to expedite the work, which has already been long delayed by obstructions put in the way of getting at the books of the school board.

Political influences, it has been charged, were at work to get at the investigation, but the determination of the grand jury as manifested in its present lengthy session has reassured the public mind on that score."

HOW SLATE IS MINED.

The Wonderful Skill of the Workmen Who Cut It Up.

The manner in which slate is mined and cut up for purposes to which it is applied is a process that is known to only a few people in this country, its principal sources being in upper New England and eastern Pennsylvania. It is not taken out of the earth in large blocks of it are taken in hand by these workmen, who cut a notch into one end of each piece. Then they take a chisel and a mallet and they are so skilled in directing their blows that they can split the blocks of slate in almost any way they please. If you watch the slab on which one of these men is working, you will see a little hair line running through it, and presently the block will fall apart on either side of this mark. The workmen will make this line go straight through the middle, or to either corner just as he likes. I do not know just how he does it, but he invariably accomplishes what he sets out to do.

The smaller pieces thus produced are taken in hand by another set of men, who split them up into sheets of the proper thickness for roofing slates. This they do with a long bladed instrument about the shape of a putty knife, but many times larger, and if you watch them do it you would marvel how they get the sheets only one inch thick and split it 18 times. The usual number of slates in a square is 16. These sheets are taken out into squares by machinery.

Wherever there are slate quarries you will find a great many Welshmen, for the best slate comes from Wales. They follow the trade of their fathers, and there are whole families and settlements who know no other means of earning a living.—New York Advertiser.

THE LOON AS A DODGER.

There is no denying that all the loons over the water to date have been "artful dodgers" in superlative degree. The question is often raised whether they are quick enough to dodge a bullet. Once had a guide who drew a distinction quite too fine, as it thought. He claimed that a loon could see the flash of a percussion cap at the breach of a muzzle loading piece and could dodge, but admitted that, with the rifle loaded like all modern ones, at the breach, no loon could escape a shot rightly aimed. For my part, I do not believe the interval of time between the flash at the two ends of the barrel to be measurable by eyes of birds or men or anything short of a chronograph.

As to the question, however, it is possible to reason with tolerable confidence. We know the speed of a rifle bullet. Call it 1,400 feet a second. Imagine your loon at that distance or nearer. Then reflect how slowly a bird's head must move to use more than a second in dropping a few inches under water. Gravity alone would carry it farther than that. It is easy to believe that the very bird himself is looking toward the hunter the rifle flash suggests danger. A half second would give ample time to dodge, provided the action began promptly. It is safe to say that it takes a loon's weight in lead to kill him, and we may call it settled that, if a loon does not dodge a bullet, at least he does not believe in the same hole in the water.—Boston Transcript.

German Tobaccoists' Jobs.

The following "fraud upon an insurance company," which we find in the Deutsche Tabak-Zeitung, is certainly just a little too good to be true. A cunning fellow, who wanted to smoke the best cigars at the cheapest possible cost, bought 1,000 cigars of the highest quality and corresponding price and immediately returned the whole stock. When he had smoked the last of them, he demanded 750 marks from the insurance company on the ground that the whole of his insured stock, 10 boxes of cigars, had been consumed by fire! The Solomon court decided in favor of the plaintiff. The company then brought an action of conspiracy against the smoker, accusing him of having intentionally put fire to his own cigars and deliberately destroyed his property. Hereupon the same wise court condemned the insured smoker to three months' imprisonment.—Westminster.

Freighter to Itself.

Wood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar in itself, in a strictly medicinal sense, in three important particulars, viz: first, in the combination of remedial agents used; second, in the proportion in which they are mixed; third, in the process by which the active curative properties of the preparation are preserved. These three important points make Wood's Sarsaparilla in its medicinal merit, as it accomplishes cures hitherto unknown.

But it is not what we say but what Wood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. What Wood's Sarsaparilla has done for others is reason for confidence that it is the medicine for you.

Politics in New York.

The republicans of New York nominated the following ticket last Tuesday at Saratoga. For Governor—Levi P. Morton, ex-Vice President of the United States. For Judge of Court of Appeals—Albert J. Haskin. For Lieutenant-Governor—Charles T. Saxton.

Hon. Warner Miller was permanent chairman of the convention. The committee on credentials made a report stating that the delegates from Albany and deciding against the Millholland delegates from New York, and the report was adopted.

A proposition in the platform denouncing the American Protective Association was taken out by the committee on resolutions.

During the proceedings a dispatch was read announcing that Governor Flower had declined to be a candidate for governor. There were cries of "Good, good," and applause and cheers. Members of the convention expressed the greatest surprise at Gov. Flower's action.

WHY FLOWER WITHDREW.

Albany, N.Y., Sept. 18.—Governor Flower announced his withdrawal from the race for the Democratic nomination for governor after a conference of over two hours with Senator Hill, and it is understood that the Senator counseled him to do so on the plea that the Democracy would certainly be beaten this fall unless a candidate was named who would be acceptable to both factions. It is said that ex-Mayor John Boyd Thacher of Albany is Mr. Hill's candidate. He is a warm friend of both Hill and Cleveland. Mr. Thacher said this morning that he would gladly accept the official announcement that Governor Flower is not a candidate for re-nomination causes much surprise among the heads and attaches of the Democratic State departments. The unexpected nature of the news has put the Democratic politicians at the capital altogether at sea in prophesying a successor to Governor Flower as the Democratic nominee. There is already some talk, however, of the likelihood of ex-Secretary of State Frederick Cook of Rochester, being chosen at the Saratoga convention next week.

While in Chicago, Mr. Charles L. Kahler, a prominent shoe merchant of Des Moines, Iowa, had quite a serious attack of it. He took such a severe cold that he could hardly talk or navigate, but the prompt use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured him of his cold so quickly that others at the hotel who had colds followed his example and half a dozen persons ordered it from the nearest drug store. They were profuse in their thanks to Mr. Kahler for telling them how to cure a bad cold so quickly. For sale by R. K. Truitt & Sons, Druggists.

—Prof. W. Boettcher expects to be in Salisbury in about ten days for the purpose of organizing classes in German, Shortland and typewriting. He will give three trial lessons in German for which no charge will be made. He is also invited to attend these lessons and witness his method of teaching. Further particulars given by W. Boettcher, Snow Hill, Md., or W. J. Holloway, Salisbury, Md.

LOCAL POINTS.

—Wear Price's shoes.

—Children's school shoes at Price's.

—Baseball season daily at Morris Cigar Emporium.

—Baled wheat straw for sale by Salisbury Oil & Coal Co.

—Big Bargains on the remnant counter at Birchhead & Carey.

—Two good feather beds for sale. Apply at Advertiser's office.

—Morris' eighth wonder of the world, simply outclasses all 2 for 5 cigars.

—Smoke 107 and dream of the angels in Heaven. For sale at Uman's.

—Commencing Sept. 16, Morris will handle Sunday papers, leave your orders.

—Clothing in great abundance and prices to suit the times. Birchhead & Carey.

—Try Hartman & Fehrbach's celebrated Vienna export bottled beer at Uman's.

—Read W. H. Rounds' advertisement in another column and go to him for prices.

—S. Uman & Bro., are in need with all Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors.

Poisoning Race Horses.

It may well be a boast of the American turf that the practice of "getting at" a race horse has never been very common here, and it is now several years since the last well authenticated case of poisoning occurred at Saratoga. This recalls the fact that the English turf has been notorious for such sensational cases. Early in the century four crack race horses were poisoned at Newmarket, and men were arrested. The principal in the matter escaped on a technical charge of horse poisoning and was eventually hanged.

The horse favorite of 1831, a horse named Marcus, was poisoned on the day before the race. He was just able to run, but finished last and died soon afterward. The perpetrator was never discovered.

Even more sensational was the "hoaxing" of Lancelotti, the first winner of the Cambridgehire, who was in 1842 considered a certain winner of the Ascot cup. He was poisoned, but, like Marcus, was able to run and finished last. He did not die, however, but was retired to the stall.—New York Herald.

Condon's Snuff in the Dark.

An old gentleman too impatient for his hot water and a light to be brought rushed into the stable and dashed away with it to his dark room. On plunging his hands into the wash basin he found it full of snuff. He was so startled that he began to upbraid his wife, and on her suggesting that he might have smelled it was soon he thought, "How is the name of fortune could I smell in the dark?"

Trustee's Sale.

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Wicomico county, Md., the undersigned will sell at public auction on

Saturday, October 20, 1894 at 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the store of John W. Davis, Pottsville, Wicomico Co., Md., all the real estate of John W. Davis, deceased, of Henry D. Powell, situated in Dennis' district, Wicomico county, Md., on the road leading from Pottsville to Pottsville.

1. All that part of said land on east side of road leading from Pottsville to Pottsville containing 30 acres of arable land and 60 acres of woodland.

2. That part of said land west of said road containing 20 acres of land.

3. That part of said land north of the Berline and containing 30 acres of land.

This property will be offered first in parcels and then as a whole. When offered as a whole if the price offered exceeds what bid for in parcels the purchaser takes the whole.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent of purchase money in cash on day of sale, balance to be paid in one and two years secured by bond or bonds of the purchaser, with surety or sureties to be approved by the trustee and bearing interest from day of sale.

Flat can be seen at office of trustee.

E. STANLEY TOADVIN, Trustee.

JAS. E. ELLWOOD, Atty.

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Wicomico county in the case of Leah J. Riggs vs. Stephen M. Mills et al., No. 10, Chancery, the undersigned will offer at public sale at the front door of the Court House in Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on

Saturday, October 6, 1894, at two o'clock p. m., all those parts or tracts of land situate in all three districts, Wicomico county and State of Maryland, to wit: The West side of the road known as the "Spring Hill Lane" and bounded thereon, and adjoining the lands of the late Daniel Hean on the south. The whole containing 160 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, and being the same as was described in a mortgage of the late Daniel Hean, dated the 25th day of February, 1883, and recorded in Liber T. T. No. 27, folio 9 of the land records of Wicomico county.

SECOND.—All that tract lying west of and adjoining the above described land, and bounded on the west by the lands of the late Samuel Phillips, and which was conveyed to the said Leah J. Riggs by Stephen M. Mills by deed dated the 25th day of February, 1883, and recorded among the aforesaid land records in Liber T. T. No. 11, folio 51.

TERMS OF SALE.—CASH.

JAS. E. ELLWOOD, Trustee.

FOOD'S Now is Your Opportunity!

Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared by experienced pharmacists from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Marsh-mallows, Dock, Pilewort, Juniper berries, and other well known vegetable remedies. The Combination, Proportion and Process are Familiar to Food's Sarsaparilla, giving it strength and curative power peculiar to Sarsaparilla, not possessed by other medicines. Food's Sarsaparilla is a powerful blood purifier, cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Sores, Boils, Pimples and all other affections caused by impure blood; Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints. It is Not What We Say, but What Food's Sarsaparilla Does, that Tells the Story—Food's Sarsaparilla.

Food's Pills are gentle, mild and effective.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING THE UNION CORN AND PLASTER.

W. H. TRUITT & CO. 304 N. HOWARD ST. BALTIMORE, MD. Mailed to any address on receipt of 12 cents. For Sale by all Druggists.

TOADVIN & BELL, Solicitors.

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TERMS OF SALE.—CASH.

JAS. E. ELLWOOD, Trustee.

Now is Your Opportunity!

To reduce stock, we are offering the following bargains in

All-Wool Dress Goods & Remnants

21 pieces All-Wool Dress Goods, formerly 75c, 50c and \$1, now 60c

8 pieces All-Wool Dress Goods, formerly 50c, now 35c

5 pieces Mixed All-Wool Dress Goods, formerly 20c, now 15c

1000 yards White Goods, worth 12 1/2 cents, now 8c

950 yards Gingham, worth 12 1/2 cents, now 8c

Remnants in Carpets, Matting, Wall Paper, etc., at Sacrifice Prices.

R. E. Powell & Co., Main Street, Salisbury, Md.

No Other Show to be Here This Year!

The Walter L. Main Shows

GRANDEST AND BEST ON EARTH.

America's Largest, Best and Leading Exhibitions Presenting

Big 2-Ring Circus, Wild Trained Animal Show, The Matchless Menagerie, The Magnificent Hippodrome, World's Fair Midway, Wild East and Wild West!

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E. STANLEY TOADVIN, Trustee.

Why Do So Many People

Patronize Birchhead & Carey's Store? It's an undisputed fact that it is the favorite of thousands.

WHY IS IT SO?

They find here the constant effort to please—to please in the goods handled, which includes nearly everything you want in Dry Goods, Notions, Ready-Made Clothing, Shoes, Furniture, Carpets, Trunks, etc. They strive to please you in the prices and service given. The people have made this store a success and have kept it so, and hope they may continue to keep it so—and you can always depend on getting your wants. If they haven't it in stock they will get you any thing you wish at the shortest possible notice.

The Clearing Sale for the Season Has Begun.

Birchhead & Carey, Main Street, Salisbury, Md.

This Store Complete with 31 Pieces of Fixtures, \$16.00.

DORMAN & SMYTH HARDWARE CO., General Hardware, Cor. Main and Dock Sts., Salisbury, Md.

PERDUE & GUNBY, Wholesale and Retail Dealers

SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

\$100 PER ANNUM.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 22, 1894.

SALISBURY DIRECTORY.

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.

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Randolph Humphreys, Esq.

CITY COUNCIL.
Samuel S. Smith, Thos. H. Williams,
Wm. G. Smith, W. F. Jackson,
Louis F. Conboy,
Attorney for the City.

BOARD OF TRADE.
R. Humphreys, Pres't;
J. A. Elledge, Sec'y;

DIRECTORS.
L. W. Gentry, E. T. Fowler,
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SALISBURY NATIONAL BANK.

E. E. Jackson, Pres't;
W. E. Tighman, Vice-Pres't;
John H. White, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
E. E. Jackson, Dr. P. S. Dennis,
Thomas Humphreys, W. E. Tighman,
Chas. F. Holland, Simon Utman.

FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BANK.

L. E. Williams, Pres't;
R. D. Grier, Vice-Pres't;
Samuel A. Utman, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
L. E. Williams, R. D. Grier,
Wm. H. McConville, Dr. P. S. Dennis,
J. F. Conboy, W. E. Tighman,
Thos. H. Williams, J. H. Gentry,
E. E. Elledge, E. T. Fowler.

THE SALISBURY PERMANENT BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

W. R. Tighman, Pres't;
E. L. Wallis, Sec'y;

DIRECTORS.
F. M. Simpson, Thos. H. Williams,
E. A. Toadvine, L. W. Gentry.

THE WIDOWHO BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Jas. Cannon, Pres't;
N. H. Rider, Vice-Pres't;
J. Cleveland White, Sec'y;

DIRECTORS.
A. A. Gillis, Thos. H. Williams,
J. D. Price, J. D. Price.

WATER COMPANY.

R. P. Dennis, Pres't;
I. S. Adams, Sec'y and Treas.

DIRECTORS.
W. H. Jackson, E. E. Jackson,
L. E. Williams.

ORDER OF RED MEN.

Meets every second Tuesday at 8 p.m. at the Red Men's hall, 212 N. Main street.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

The public schools of the county will open next Monday, 24th.

Col. Wilbur F. Jackson was chosen foreman of the Baltimore grand jury.

The Old School Baptists will hold their annual union at Nassawango next week.

Mr. Clarence McFarlane of the Clay-ton Call, gave us a fraternal call last Thursday.

Mr. E. S. D. Inley of Traskin district, is reported to have come to Salisbury with his family to live.

The year old child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Williams has been ill for the past two weeks with stomach trouble.

Mr. Wm. H. Jones of Nutters district has been a continuous subscriber to this journal since it was founded in 1867.

Capt. T. W. H. White is completing a new barn on his home farm in district which is to cost him \$10,000.

Salisbury held the weather favorable today, but it is reported to be unfavorable tomorrow.

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Christians Endeavor Union.

The Christian Endeavor Union which will be in session at Pittsville next Tuesday and Wednesday, will be an occasion of much interest.

The exercises will open at 7.30 p.m. Tuesday evening, with a prayer and song service. Rev. Avery Donovan will welcome the delegates, and Mr. Walter C. Humphreys of Salisbury, will respond in behalf of the delegates. Singing and announcements will complete the evening's programme.

Wednesday morning at 6 o'clock, a sunrise prayer meeting will be held, conducted by Mr. T. D. Price of Salisbury. At 9.30 o'clock Mr. J. A. Elledge, Sec'y, will read the minutes of the last session. Mr. Jerome Wimborne, Whiteville; Address by President of the Union, Rev. L. R. Randall; Reading of Minutes and Reports Secretary M. O. Benjamin; Paper on Personal Christian Work, Miss Lizzie Wallis; Temperance for the Young, Mr. J. J. Fooks, Pittsville; Open Conference; Committee Work; Convention Sermon, Christian Aggression, Rev. Dr. Reigart, Salisbury. Wednesday afternoon, beginning at 2 o'clock, Song Service, Open Parliament, How can we extend the C. E. movement in our county? Importance of Junior work; The Hindrances we meet and how can they be successfully met; Address, Importance of the work of our parents; Good citizenship; Paper on Music in the C. E. Society Meetings, Miss Edna Sheppard, Salisbury; Discussing, How are we keeping our pledge? Are we supporting all the regular church services and all plans of our parents; as we should? Good citizenship; Reports from Societies; Address The Unreached Masses—What can the C. E. do to reach Singing; Incidental Business. Wednesday evening, 7.30 o'clock, Praise Service, Sermon of Rev. Dr. Reigart, Salisbury. At 9.30 o'clock, Song Service, Open Parliament, How can we extend the C. E. movement in our county? Importance of Junior work; The Hindrances we meet and how can they be successfully met; Address, Importance of the work of our parents; Good citizenship; Paper on Music in the C. E. Society Meetings, Miss Edna Sheppard, Salisbury; Discussing, How are we keeping our pledge? Are we supporting all the regular church services and all plans of our parents; as we should? Good citizenship; Reports from Societies; Address The Unreached Masses—What can the C. E. do to reach Singing; Incidental Business. Wednesday evening, 7.30 o'clock, Praise Service, Sermon of Rev. Dr. Reigart, Salisbury. At 9.30 o'clock, Song Service, Open Parliament, How can we extend the C. E. movement in our county? Importance of Junior work; The Hindrances we meet and how can they be successfully met; Address, Importance of the work of our parents; Good citizenship; Paper on Music in the C. E. Society Meetings, Miss Edna Sheppard, Salisbury; Discussing, How are we keeping our pledge? Are we supporting all the regular church services and all plans of our parents; as we should? Good citizenship; Reports from Societies; Address The Unreached Masses—What can the C. E. do to reach Singing; Incidental Business.

A Teachers' Institute.

The annual Institute of the Teachers of Somerset County was held at Pittsville, on the first days of this week under the efficient management of Somersets very acceptable examiner Mr. W. H. Dashiell.

There was a full attendance of teachers at all the sessions and much interest was manifested in the lectures, which were delivered as follows: Prof. Alexander Chaplain, of Easton, on "The Will"; Miss Richmond, of the State Normal School on "Character Building"; Dr. C. W. Wright, of Princeton, on "Physiology Practically Considered"; Professor Hamel, of the Normal School, on "Apparatus for Teachers of Physics"; An illustration of clay modeling was given by Miss Snyder, of the Normal School; A paper was read on "Vertical Pencilmanship" by Mr. Eben Hearne. In the evening a concert was given, which was participated in by Miss Hearne, of Baltimore; Miss May Stewart, of Princess Anne; Miss Brown, of Dorchester county; Mr. George S. Williams, of Salisbury; and Mr. W. H. Groscup, of Mt. Vernon.

At the opening session the address of welcome was delivered by Henry J. Waters and the responses were by Prof. W. H. Groscup. Other addresses were by Wm. H. Dashiell, E. B. Freestman, Prof. B. H. Haynes and others.

The Institute has become a very popular and useful feature of the public school system of Somerset, and Mr. Dashiell the examiner is receiving the approval and co-operation of the public and the patrons of the schools.

Many other counties of the state have similar organizations, but the Institute is not as general as its aims and achievements (when well directed) warrant.

Melonsville Items.

Thinking of a few lines might interest your many readers I will send you a few of the happenings.

Farmers are about through their fodder and regains the best crops they have had in ten years.

A disease among hogs similar to cholera is still troubling swine here, Mr. Perry D. Locates lost one hog with the above disease that would have dressed over 400 pounds.

Mr. John McCready of Wilmington, Del., is visiting her parents here.

Mr. E. S. Brittingham and J. B. Kinney have been on the sick list for the last week they are at present convalescent.

Miss Audrey Hastings is very sick with typhoid fever.

The base ball fever seems to be contagious at this place. The Delaware base ball club of near Ward, Del., paid us a visit Saturday, Sept. 9th, and crossed bats with the Melonsville boys; score 9 to 20 in favor of the latter, notwithstanding they got three players out of the Whitesville club. Our pitcher, and catch put in some very good work.

A Successful Enterprise.

The newly organized Wicomico Building and Loan Association, James Cannon, president, is meeting with marked success. The capital stock subscribed has already reached seventy thousand dollars and will be fully one hundred thousand by the close of the first fiscal year. Already between eleven and twelve thousand dollars have been loaned on mortgages. The weekly payments by borrowers are very light (25¢ a week \$100), making the difference between the annual expenses on a loan and what one ordinarily pays in rent for a house very little.

In less than half a year you will own your home. Persons having small sums to invest, or are in need of a loan on good security, can secure information by addressing the secretary W. M. Cooper.

Sudden Death at Mardela.

Mr. J. W. S. Taylor of Mardela died last Thursday morning of apoplexy, quite suddenly.

He was in his usual health apparently when Mr. Taylor left home in the morning for the Easton fair, when he arrived a telegram awaited him him saying that his wife was very ill. Before noon a second telegram was received conveying the sad news of her death. Mr. Taylor was unable to reach home till nine o'clock in the evening.

She leaves a family of seven children. Mrs. Taylor was a daughter of George Wingate of Green Hill, this county, and sister of Mrs. F. H. Waller.

A New Steamer for the Salisbury Route.

The steamer "Tivoli" which is now being constructed for the Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic Railway Company will be completed by the middle of November.

When ready for service the new steamer will be placed permanently on the Salisbury route. She will be modern in speed, appointments and everything else that goes to make a first class century passenger boat.

The Pratt was this week put on the Salisbury route temporarily, pending the completion of the Tivoli.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Miss Dashiell of Baltimore is a guest of Mrs. Randolph Humphreys.

—Mr. Oppenheimer of Baltimore is a guest of his daughter Mrs. J. Bergen.

—Mr. Morris Simpson has entered Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore.

—Miss Maggie Littleton of Pittsville is visiting the family of Mr. W. E. Sheppard.

—Miss Lida Allen of Seaford, Del., is visiting Miss Julia Waller at Poplar Hill.

—Mr. William Wirt Leonard and Mr. George H. Waller have returned to Princeton.

—Lane's Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

—Mr. J. Bergen is visiting the cities with a view of purchasing goods for the coming fall and winter trade.

—Rev. Frank Bach Adams and wife of Quantico, are guests of Mrs. Adkins' father Bishop Adams, of Easton.

—The universal verdict was that the show was the best ever given in the city.

—Cornell, N.Y., Daily Journal.

—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Sterling and daughter of Jersey City are visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Brewington at this city.

—Mr. Ford Utman, son of Simon Utman, Esq., has gone to Williams, Pa., to accept a position as clerk in a business house.

—Miss Mary Rider and Miss Julia Elledge, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joshua W. Miles, at their home in Princess Anne.

—"All run down" from weakening effects of warm weather; you need a good tonic and blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it.

—Messrs. Harvey Morris and Graham Gentry are preparing to take course this fall and winter at Sedler's Bryant & Stratton Business college.

—Mrs. Dr. John S. Fulton is suffering from an attack of intermittent fever. The Dr. who was also in bed from the same cause is now convalescent.

—Granville R. Rider Esq. postmaster of the United States Senate joined Mrs. Rider on a visit to friends in this city last Sunday morning. Mr. Rider is taking his annual vacation.

—Miss Annie M. Byrd who has been spending the summer with her mother in Snow Hill, and with friends in Virginia, returned to her home this week preparatory to assuming her school duties.

—James Cannon, Esq., who has been spending his vacation in Bristol, Tenn. and Farmville, Va. with his sons, Mr. Geo. P. Cannon and Rev. Jas. Cannon, returned home Saturday night well invigorated. Mr. Cannon did not return with him but will return later.

Base Ball Notes.

Another week of base ball is gone and the Orioles are still in the lead with a good advance, but less than this time last week. Not that the Birds have lost games, but have had bad weather while the New Yorks have had good. But they are likely to stay in the lead unless some accident happens.

The Pittsburg team which I suspected would give the Birds the most trouble has been met and conquered, in three straight heats by the Birds' and they have been five but for rain. The Cincinnati boys are noted for breaking winning streaks and they did it for the boys from yesterday. They defeated our boys after eighteen successful games.

The Birds have but ten more games to play. Three with the St. Louis and Cleveland each, and two each with Chicago and Pittsburg. Baltimore cranks are preparing to meet the Birds on their return from the west and give them an avocation.

Local—Our club went to Laurel last Wednesday to play the Laurel boys, who sent them home with 17 demerits tacked upon their coat tails while they left but nine on theirs. The boys of their opponents. We wish them better luck next time.

At the head of the whole list stands the sweet bird of night, for mellowness of tone, compass of execution, and an in-born plaintiveness of melody which is almost wholly his own. Pre-eminent too, among the beauties of his song is its infinite variety, as many as 16 different beginnings and closes have been noted in the song of a single bird. Beginning like many a famous master of eloquence, in a sound of plaintive and tender softness, he gradually breaks into deeper and fuller expression, reserving all his strength as if for some sudden touches of passion and delight, and then dying away into a fine and delicate thread of such exquisite sweetness as to pierce the very heart.

In the calm stillness of summer evening this dainty note may be heard through half a mile of silent woodland. Next to the nightingale comes the three happy singers—the skylark, woodcock and lark—each having a special excellency of his own, the two latter singing both while on the wing and when at rest, their song being full of sweetness, variety and swift changes, and the first surpassing even the nightingale in the rapid matches of sprightly joy with which he rises up toward the blue ether.

And ever piping, wins his liquid way. Then follow the whole throng of finches, headed by the linnet, who stands first on the entire list, and carried off (in these days of competitive examination) 24 marks out of a possible 100 for compass, execution, brilliancy, plaintiveness and mellow tone. For lower down on the list comes the better known and more popular melodists, the blackbird, the thrush and the white throat, the red warbler and the robin—why, the very warblers, during the silent autumnal days deserve a whole column to himself. To these, however, must be added the blackcap, who, for beauty, power and note like brilliancy of song, excels all others of these happy minstrels but the nightingale himself.—The Quiver.

How's That?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to meet any obligations made by him.

West & Traut, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Wadling, Knapp & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a certain cure for all cases of Catarrh, acting directly upon the inflamed and diseased surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75¢ per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

A young married lady of Danville says it is a lady who wears the low of a gentleman's hat band and wear it in her shoes, he will propose marriage to her within sixty days, sure. Try it girls.

MR. MILES POSITION.

At the Opening of the Campaign at Crisfield He States His Position.

"Born as I was on an Eastern Shore farm, reared among the hills of the north, having from my infancy a genuine sympathy with the sturdy yeoman of my State, I had rather be the champion in the American Congress of the neglected, oppressed and unprotected laborers and mechanics of the first congressional district of Maryland in this their great struggle with the pampered and protected interests of the country than to serve for a lifetime as the representative of the rich and powerful in an unfeeling crisis in the American history through which we are passing, the great struggle which the democratic party has begun, but only begun, for relief from corporate greed, for the overthrow of paternalism, for equal justice and equal rights for the great middle classes of the republic, for the industrial emancipation of a nation whose wheels of progress have been clogged by the selfishness of a class, for honest legislation has been mainly directed for more than a quarter of a century, I deem it the highest privilege attaching to American citizenship to be called upon to take a position among the vanguard of any army whose battles will not be waged until protection's ramparts shall have been torn down and destroyed in every corner of the land, until free trade and a broader field for American genius and labor shall be no longer a bugaboo doctrine to the trimming 'statesmen' and a red flag to the unthinking in the hands of the political demagogue, but a blessed condition not now hailed as a coming boom, but cherished as a magnificent reality."

Mr. Miles further said: "Considering the conditions that surround me I deem a declaration of my political principles important, if not necessary. I desire to conceal nothing from the people touching my position upon the great questions that so vitally interest the people and have stirred the democratic party in Congress and in every section of the country. I am proud to affirm, with President Cleveland, 'I am a member of that great political organization known as the democratic party.' I have an abiding faith in its principles, its sincerity and its purity for the weak and oppressed of the land. I believe the great heart of the democracy throbs ever anon with patriotic impulses. The democratic candidates, stand for democratic principles, and in order that I may be more specifically understood I have now declared I am in favor of free raw materials and only such duties on manufactured goods as may be necessary to conduct the government honestly and economically administered. I believe the Wilson bill as it passed the House represents more accurately the democratic principles and platform pledges than the bill finally passed by both houses of Congress, for the reason that I believe the bill framed by the great West Virginia congressman concerning the withdrawal of the coal and iron corporations, trusts and protected interests, but was purely and simply a revenue measure, while the bill known as the Senate bill, in some of its schedules at least, conceals something to protection for the sake of protection. With this latter theory of tariff legislation I have no sympathy, and to it I here and now declare my unalterable opposition. I am in favor of the admission of coal and iron ore free of duty, because with President Cleveland I believe in the necessity of free raw material as the foundation of logical tariff reform, and I do not believe the revenue derived from the imposition of the duty on those articles justifies the tax upon the people."

English Birds of Song.

In round numbers the chief song birds of England amount to about 25, among which the nightingale reigns chief and supreme. It is almost impossible to frame any accurate table of the comparative beauty and merit of these varied and happy songsters, but the attempt has been made by an earnest student of nature, who devoted many years to this express subject, and some of his notes are of curious interest.

At the head of the whole list stands the sweet bird of night, for mellowness of tone, compass of execution, and an in-born plaintiveness of melody which is almost wholly his own. Pre-eminent too, among the beauties of his song is its infinite variety, as many as 16 different beginnings and closes have been noted in the song of a single bird. Beginning like many a famous master of eloquence, in a sound of plaintive and tender softness, he gradually breaks into deeper and fuller expression, reserving all his strength as if for some sudden touches of passion and delight, and then dying away into a fine and delicate thread of such exquisite sweetness as to pierce the very heart.

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A young married lady of Danville says it is a lady who wears the low of a gentleman's hat band and wear it in her shoes, he will propose marriage to her within sixty days, sure. Try it girls.

Trapped Himself.

Last Saturday morning a young man Joseph Tyler by name, came to the "Grey Eagle" and asked Jolly Dryden to let him see Andrew Starling, who is confined there charged with stealing whiskey in Crisfield district. The Jolly showed him up to Starling's cell and, locking the door, left him. In a short while Jolly Dryden received a telegram from Sheriff Starling, in Crisfield, that Joseph Tyler was in Princess Anne and ordering his arrest. Jolly Dryden had only to go up stairs, place him under arrest and turn the key on him as a prisoner instead of a visitor. He is charged, with Frank Thornton, with robbing the store of E. Sterling & Co., in Crisfield district of \$300 in cash a few days ago—Marylander.

Summer School.

For those wishing employment, the months of June and July are the most desirable of the whole year to enter Palm's Business College, 1708-10 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, as they will graduate in the Fall when business is at its best and situations the most plentiful. Palm's College gives a complete business education at the minimum of cost and time, and assists its graduates in securing situations. Handsome circulars can be had for the asking.

Notices!!!!

On Sunday morning Sept. 23d, there will be an offering of the Holy Eucharist, in St. Paul's church, Spring Hill, at 10 o'clock. On the same afternoon at 3 o'clock, there will be Evening Prayer with a sermon, in St. Bartholomew's church at Green Hill.

There will also be Evening Prayer and a sermon on the same evening in St. Philip's Chapel, Quantico, at 7.30 o'clock. F. A. Adkins, Rector.

A Monstrousity.

Dr. R. W. Dashiell showed us a double pig last Friday which Capt. Frank Hargrave left at his office to be preserved in alcohol. It was weighed at the stomach before the 'fore and 'hind legs. It was one head, four ears, three eyes, two tails and eight legs—Marylander.

WANTED.

100,000 Oak Trolley Ties, 5x7, 7 ft. J. C. McLaughlin & Co. Philadelphia, Pa.

Walnut St. School & KINDERGARTEN

will reopen Monday September 17, 1894. Hours 9 a. m. to 12 m. Terms, \$1.50 per month. Mrs. BENJ. T. WOOLLEY.

Corn for Sale.

One hundred and fifty bushels of corn on the ear for sale. Apply to. MISS A. G. TOADVINE

Consumption

may be avoided. It comes from a germ that takes root and grows only when the System is Weak and Lungs are affected.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, overcomes all the conditions which make consumption possible. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs and Emaciation pave the way for CONSUMPTION. SCOTT

Highest of all in Europe: $\text{R} = 0.94$; $\text{H} = 0.93$; $\text{C} = 0.93$

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WOES OF THE MILKMAN.

Try His Deed, He Never Succeeds in Getting Back All His Bottles.

"The greatest trial of my life," says a milkman, "is bottles. Yes, sir, bottles. If it wasn't for bottles, I'd want nothing better. Other people never think of bottles. I actually dream of bottles. It's bottles, bottles, bottles—who's got the best of them all the time?"

A FAT MAN'S DEED.

Story of a Tragic Boon on a Brooklyn Trotter.

A very stout old Brooklyn gentleman squeezed himself past two women on Putnam avenue car and wedged in between one of them and a man at the other end of the seat. The fit was such

[illegible]

"See here," he exclaimed after he had climbed along the step on the side of the car until he was opposite the fat man, who lay motionless by the window. "You must stop for a moment or two, or you don't know what you're getting off."

"Why?" responded the mountain of flesh as coolly as such a mass of adipose could be cool. "The car isn't stopping. I couldn't read this paragraph, which is slightly blurred. I merely wanted to have the car stand still until I had finished it. That's all. Now, if you can't stop, I'll get out and walk. I shall be able to get along very nicely, but I'll come across another bad line or two, and I'll put my hand back of my head, and stop. Stop. It's too much trouble for me to stop."

The conductor's eyes twinkled in the orbits. He placed his hand to his head and uttered shrill shriek after shriek. Reasoning that the fat man was not to be troubled, he continued on his way. The fat man's eyes were closed. — *New York Mail and Express.*

ANCIENT LIGHTHOUSES.

When the dumbwaiter comes off their way, and some other milkman goes off with them. They don't care. And then, when you call up for their empties, they get mad as a bop and swear they sent them down—which perhaps they did, but not to us.

"And there's the servants too!—the bottles and swear they returned them weak ago, and their mistresses and their misters. It's enough to drive me drink!"—New York Herald.

THE DRUMMER WILT.

A \$1,000 Ante In a Senatorial
Two Rich For His Blood.

A group of millionaires who thought what was probably the stiffest game of poker ever played in the United States.

It was at Chamberlain's, in Washington, in the winter of 1898 and 1890. The exact list of the players will never be known, but Senator Wolcott of Colorado and Governor Hancock of Missouri are in it, and so are Frenchy of

Ligeia, the "Thebes," and the "Virgil" mentioned to Apollo which, variously named and gilded mariners, Columbus at Rhodes, escorted about 800 B. C., is said to have shown a signal light

alright was in the room. The drummer for Chicago dyed goods first sent up his card to Senator Farwell. The senator went to see him and brought him up to see the show. He was going on. He introduced him to the other players. "Have you any objection to my playing?" asked the drummer.

"Well," said Senator Wolcott, "I have no objection, but—well, yes, of course, the game is pretty steep."

"Ha, ha!" laughed the drummer. "That is the kind of a game I like."

"I have no objection," said the senator, "if he could stand the rest of the crowd had no objection. With a wink at Senator Farwell, the drummer sat down, pulled out a "wad," peeled off a \$10 bill and handed it to Governor Adams who was dealing:

"Give me some chips!"

Then he looked around the table, as much as to say:

"Give the game, the game."

"Give the game," the gentleman one white

The oldest towers known were built by the Libyans in Lower Egypt. They were temples also, and the lightkeeper prizes the plaques, hydriaphors and navigation. The towers were built at the site of Pharos, at Alexandria, built about 848 B. C., is the first lighthouse of antiquity. This tower, constructed by Sostratus, the lower Egyptian square in plan, of great height, built in offsets. An open transfer at the top of the tower contained the fuel for the fire. The tower was built on the eastern side of the English channel, where ancient lighthouses built by the Romans. But the lighthouse at Corunna, Spain, built in the reign of Trajan and reconstructed in the reign of Constantine, is the oldest existing lighthouse.—E. F. Adams in Cassier's Magazine.

Countertails in Philadelphia.

More counterfeit money is said to be in circulation Philadelphia than in any other city. Among the counterfeiters is a dollar silver certificate marked "Plata

Hauer passed over the chip without
 smile and remarked:
 "Jack pot for \$5,000. Put up your
 money."
 The drummer sat agape for an instant;
 then he picked up his money and
 said:
 "Too rich for my blood!"
 It is currently reported that one man
 won over \$100,000, that night—Chicago
 time.

Lincoln.

Abraham Lincoln, after being a member
 of congress, desired to secure a clerkship
 in Washington, but he was defeated
 by Justin Butterfield. He was disappointed
 but had he not been defeated
 he would have spent his life in obscurity
 instead of becoming president of the
 United States.

Oliver Cromwell was once on board a
 ship bound for America, but he was
 taken back by a convulsion, and the re-

sult of 1891. Another bogus \$1 dollar note
 has the check letter B, series of 1886.
 Other counterfeit \$1 bills that are about
 good for quantities of 1000 are the
 check letter D, series of 1891. A bogus \$2
 note is also very well executed. It has
 the check letter A, series of 1886.
 These counterfeit bills have been scattered
 all over the country in the largest
 denominations have lately made their
 appearance. One is a rather cheaply
 executed \$5 note, series of 1880, letter
 D. Another note for the same denomination
 has the check letter D, series of 1886.

Bogus small coins is to be met with on
 all hands. Quarters and half dollars are
 the commonest which are made in the
 largest quantities. They are easily detected by the shoppers only
 by ringing on a glass, metallic or marble
 surface.—Philadelphia Press.

A Moment of Despatch.

A good many soldiers north and south
 must remember moments which will

men meet England ever knew.

Ulysses Grant would not have been a military man had it not been that his father was a soldier. That nobility has been found to have six toes on each foot instead of five.

The great silver mine, the "Silver King," had been discovered by the accidental discovery of a prospecting piece of rock at a lava mule—New Orleans Times-Democrat.


The Futurity Tree of Paris.

One of the curiosities of Brazil is a tree whose wood and bark contain so much silica that they are used by postmen for boxes and handles. The bark and the seeds are pulverized and mixed in equal proportions with clay, producing a very superior ware. The tree grows to a height of 100 feet, but does not grow more than three feet from the trunk onto like mandarin, and when dried is brittle and hard.—Demorest Magazine.

AFTER THE GRIP,

"...and, further, or other debilitating disease, your tendency was to get sick and strength is with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery." These words were written by me, and rapidly built up their basis and strength.

Mrs. NELLIE C. ORBACH,
of Hillsdale, N.Y., writes:
"An attack of grippe, followed by influenza and pneumonia, left me unable to do anything but write; I feel gratified and strengthened."



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