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LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

SENATE.

Monday January 25, 1830.

The Senate met, were present, the same members as on Saturday.

Mr. Sewell, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the resolution in favour of Isaac Covington, Robert Mitchell, and Henry Franklin, jr. of Worcester county, releasing them from their obligation relative to the return of certain rifles, belonging to the state, that were accidentally destroyed by fire.

The said resolution was then read a second and by special order a third time, assented to, and returned to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Smith presented a petition from the President and Directors of the Universal Insurance Company, praying for the passage of a law giving sufficient power to the present Board of Directors to settle the affairs of the corporation, inasmuch as their charter expires with the present session; which was read, and referred to Messrs. Smith, Rees, and Heath.

Mr. Nelson from the committee, reported a bill entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act relating to sheriffs, and for other purposes; which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

Also a bill, entitled, An act to alter and repeal the act, entitled, An act to alter the present mode of appointing the justices of the levy court of Dorchester county, so that each election district may have one member, passed at December session, 1823, chapter 36; which was read the first time; and referred to Messrs. Dennis, Rees and Harrison.

And returned the bill, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act to amend and reduce into one system, the laws to direct descents.

Also the bill, entitled, An act to confirm & make valid a deed of trust therein mentioned.

Also the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Protestant Episcopal Sunday School Society of St. Paul's Parish, Baltimore, severally endorsed, "will pass."

Mr. Smith, from the committee, reported a bill, entitled A supplement to an act, entitled An act to incorporate the Universal Insurance Company of Baltimore; which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Rees from the Committee on Pensions and Revolutionary Claims, made a favorable report upon the resolution in favour of Joshua Burgess, of the state of Kentucky, who was a lieutenant in the army of the revolution. The said resolution was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Nelson, the Senate took up for consideration, the resolution in favour of John J. Jacob, late an officer in the revolutionary war, upon which an unfavorable report had been made thereon, the same having been read a third time by special order, the question was put, "will the Senate assent to the resolution?" Determined in the negative.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, ten o'clock.

Tuesday, January 25.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read. The resolution in favour of John J. Jacob, an officer in the revolutionary war, dissented from by the Senate yesterday, was returned to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Heath asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled An act to amend the law in relation to pleading in certain cases. Ordered, that Messrs. Heath, Nelson and Dennis be a committee to prepare and report the same.

Mr. Thomas from the committee on ways and means made a favorable report upon the resolution providing for the payment to John McNeill, Jr. and Philip B. Traville, their per diem allowance for their attendance at the seat of Government as Delegates elect from the counties of Kent and Allegany, previously to their admission to take their seats as members in the House of Delegates.

The said resolution was then read a second and by special order a third time, assented to, and returned to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Thomas from the same committee made a favorable report upon the resolution in favour of Cephus W. Benson. The said resolution was then read a second and by special order a third time, assented to, and returned to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Sewell from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the distribution of a certain fund for the purpose of establishing free schools in the several counties therein mentioned, with the following amendment, viz. Add the following section, "And be it enacted, That any law inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same is hereby repealed, which amendment was read and assented to."

The said bill was then read a second and by special order a third time, passed with the proposed amendment and returned to the House of Delegates.

The bill, entitled, An additional supplement

to the act for enlarging the powers of the Chancery Court, being entitled to a second reading, was on motion of Mr. Smith, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Kennedy from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to provide for electing commissioners for Washington county, and prescribing their powers and duties. The said bill was then read a second time.

Mr. Kennedy from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill entitled, An act to provide for electing commissioners for Allegany county, and prescribing their powers and duties. The said bill was then read a second time.

And the following message, which was read: By the House of Delegates, January 25th, 1830.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We propose, with the concurrence of your honourable body, to instruct the joint committee on the public printing, to inquire and report to both branches of the legislature, whether the printer who has contracted for the execution of the public printing for this session, has complied with all the terms of the agreement entered into with said printer; and, particularly, whether there is the same quantity of matter on each page of the present journal, that there was on a page of the journal of the last session, and that for this purpose, the said committee have power to send for persons and papers.

By order, Gideon Pearce, Clk.

On motion of Mr. Rees, the Senate took up for consideration, the bill entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to provide for the inspection of ground black oak bark intended for exportation.

On motion of Mr. Smith the Senate took up for consideration, the report of the joint committee relative to an early adjournment of the session of the general assembly.

Mr. Lloyd moved that the same be laid on the table; and the question being put, and determined in the affirmative.

Mr. Smith presented a memorial from James Bosley, counter to the petition of Ely Balderston, praying for a special act of insolvency; which was read and referred to the committee on insolvent debtors.

Mr. Heath, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to regulate the meeting of the Orphans' court of Anne-Arundel county; the said bill was then read a second time.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

Wednesday, January 27, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday—except Mr. Thomas.

The bill entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to provide for the inspection of Ground Black Oak Bark, intended for exportation, passed by the Senate yesterday, was sent to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Harrison offered the following message which was read, assented to, and sent to the House of Delegates.

By the Senate, Jan. 27, 1830.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We have received your message of the 25th inst. proposing to instruct the joint committee on public printing, to inquire and report to both houses of the legislature, whether the printer who has contracted for the execution of the public printing of this session, has complied with all the terms of the agreement, entered into with him, and concur therein.

By order, L. Gassaway, Clk.

Mr. Heath, from the committee to whom was re-committed the bill, entitled, An act to regulate the removal of proceedings in criminal cases, and to make certain changes in the constitution and form of government for that purpose, reported the same with amendments.

And the following message, which was read

By the House of Delegates, Jan. 27.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

The House having agreed to the report of the joint committee, upon the subject of an early adjournment. We propose with your concurrence to terminate the session of the present legislature on the 13th of February next, as recommended by said committee.

By order, G. Pearce, Clk.

Mr. Smith offered the following message, which was read, and assented to.

By the Senate, Jan. 27.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We have received your message proposing to terminate the present session of the general assembly, on the 13th of February next, and concur therein.

By order, L. Gassaway, Clk.

Mr. Heath presented a petition from Christian Mager and others, praying the passage of a law to continue in force for a further term of six years, the act incorporating the Stockholders of the Patapsco Insurance Company, which was read and referred to Messrs. Heath, Smith and Whitley.

Mr. Heath also presented a petition from Henry Marshall, of the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act to authorise the commissioners of insolvent Debtors of the city of Baltimore, to receive his application; which was read and referred to the committee on insolvent Debtors.

Thursday, January 28th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The message adopted by the Senate yesterday relative to an adjournment of the Legis-

lature on the 13th of February next, was sent to the House of Delegates.

The resolution providing for the discharge from imprisonment in the goal of Frederick county, of Jacob Hoffman, Junior, assented to by the Senate yesterday, was returned to the House of Delegates.

On motion by Mr. Heath, the bill, entitled, An additional supplement to the act for enlarging the powers of the Chancery Court, was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Nelson, was ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Nelson, the engrossed bill, entitled, a supplement to the act entitled, An act relating to Sheriffs and for other purposes, was read a third time by special order, passed, and sent to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Smith from the committee reported a bill, entitled, a supplement to an act entitled, An act to regulate the inspection of Tobacco, which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

The Clerk of the Council delivered a communication from the Executive, enclosing a communication from the Honourable Charles Fenton Mercer, president of the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal Company, with a memorial of the said Company, with accompanying documents also, enclosing certain resolutions of the State of Georgia, upon the subject of amendments proposed by the State of Louisiana and Missouri, to the Constitution of the United States, in relation to the election of President and Vice President—which was read, and referred to the consideration of the House of Delegates.

Mr. Heath from the committee reported a bill, entitled, An act to open and extend Eutaw street, in the city of Baltimore, which was read the first time.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the Senate resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled, An act to regulate the removal of proceedings in criminal cases, and to make certain changes in the constitution and form of government for that purpose.

Mr. Heath from the committee to whom was referred the memorial of Doctors Jameson and Annan, a committee on behalf of Medical Association in the city of Baltimore, praying for a charter, reported that the committee had had the same under consideration, and had instructed him to report that in the opinion of the majority of the committee it would be inexpedient to grant the prayer of the memorialists.

Mr. Kennedy asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, An act for the relief of Rosanna Green. Ordered that Messrs. Kennedy, Sewell and Whitley be a committee to prepare and report the same.

Mr. Nelson asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, An additional supplement to the act entitled, An act to provide for the making the several Turnpike Roads, and for the extension of the charters of the several Banks therein mentioned, passed at December session 1827, chapter 42. Ordered, that Messrs. Nelson, Herbert and Smith, be a committee to prepare and report the same.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the bill, entitled, An act to open and extend Eutaw street in the city of Baltimore, was read the second time by special order, and ordered to lie on the table.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

Friday, January 29th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read. Mr. Heath offered the following message, which was read, assented to, and sent to the House of Delegates.

By the Senate, January 29th, 1830.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates

The Senate propose with the concurrence of your honourable body, to proceed on Tuesday next, at 12 o'clock, to the election of Bank Directors on the part of the State.

By order,

Louis Gassaway, Clerk.

Mr. Heath presented the petition of Mary Pickersill and others, members of the Humane Society of Baltimore, praying for the passage of a supplement to the act of incorporation, which was read and referred to Messrs. Heath, Harrison and Smith.

Mr. Heath submitted the following order, which was read and adopted.

Ordered, That the committee of Ways and Means enquire whether any legislative enactments are necessary in relation to the currency of this State—and report by bill or otherwise.

Also, a bill entitled, A supplement to the act entitled, An act to incorporate the Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland Steam Navigation Company, passed at December session 1823, chapter 178, which was read the first time—When

On motion of Mr. Heath, the Senate dispensed with the rule relative to the reference to a committee of said bill.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the said bill last mentioned was then read a second and third time by special order, passed, and returned to the House of Delegates.

The President laid before the Senate a report from the clerk of Somerset county court, shewing the amount of money paid by him in the year 1829, under a resolution of the Legislature of 1827, which was read and referred to the consideration of the House of Delegates.

Mr. Smith from the committee reported a bill, entitled, An additional supplement to an

act entitled, An act for the better regulation of the Militia of the city of Baltimore, which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivered a resolution in favor of Jacob Lease, which was read the first time, and referred to the committee on ways and means.

Also, a bill entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Rappahannock Steam Packet Company, which was read the first time and referred to Messrs. Smith, Heath and Whitley.

The Senate adjourned:

Saturday, January 30, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the bill entitled, An act supplementary to an act entitled An act to revive the act to incorporate the Humane Impartial Society of the city of Baltimore, was read a second time by special order, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, and having been engrossed, was then read a third time by special order, passed and sent to the house of delegates.

Mr. Heath presented a memorial from the President & Directors of the Firemens Insurance Company of Baltimore, praying the passage of a further supplement, authorizing and empowering said company to receive such Fire companies as may be hereafter organized; which was read, and referred to Messrs. Heath, Smith, and Nelson.

Also a bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Cambridge Female Academy, in Dorchester county, which was read the first time and referred to Messrs. Lloyd, Dennis and Harrison.

Mr. Heath from the committee reported a bill, entitled A further supplement to the act entitled, An act to incorporate the President and Directors of the Firemens Insurance Company of Baltimore, which was read the first time.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the bill, entitled, a further supplement to the act entitled, An act, to incorporate the President and Directors of the Firemens Insurance Company of Baltimore, was read the second time by special order, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the engrossed bill, entitled, An act to open and extend Eutaw Street in the city of Baltimore, was read the third time by special order, passed and sent to the house of delegates.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the bill entitled, An act to regulate the meeting of the Orphans court of Anne Arundel county, was read a third time, and on motion of Mr. Nelson, was ordered to lie on the table.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Wednesday, January 27th, 1830.

The House met at ten o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, and the roll being called over, were present the same members as on yesterday, the proceedings of which were read.

Mr. Johnson presented a memorial of the "Leonidas Volunteers," of the village of Towsontown, and sundry other citizens of Baltimore county, praying for the repeal or amendment of the militia laws of this state; which memorial was referred to the committee on the militia.

Mr. Yoe presented a petition of the members of the bar of Washington county, praying for the removal of the Court of Appeals, for the western shore, from Annapolis to the city of Baltimore; which petition was referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

The speaker laid before the house a report of the sheriff of Calvert county, of the money paid by him into the treasury of the western shore, during the year ending the 30th November 1829; which report was referred to the committee on ways and means.

Mr. Creswell presented a petition of sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, praying for an additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act empowering the levy court of Cecil county, at their discretion, to levy a sum of money to build a bridge over Octorara creek, in said county, at or near Samuel Rowland's store, passed December session, 1821, chapter 112; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Creswell, Evans and Comrys.

Mr. Denney moved the following order.

Ordered, That there be a committee of seven members appointed by the speaker to enquire into the propriety of amending the constitution of this state, so that the annual session of the legislature shall not exceed — days, not at the same time depriving the executive of the prerogative of conveying it in cases of emergency.

Which being twice read, and the blank filled with "fifty," it was adopted.

And thereupon, Messrs. Denney, Hughlett, Dorsey, Nicholas, Brawner, Steele and Yoe, were appointed the said committee pursuant to the order.

Mr. Blakistone had leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act concerning crimes and punishments, and for other purposes. And thereupon Messrs. Blakistone, Thomas of St. Mary's, Brawner, Beckett and Semmes, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Oldson had leave to bring in a bill to alter and change the mode of collecting off-

And thereupon Messrs. Oldson, Teackle, and Grason, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Johns had leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to prevent the unnecessary accumulation of costs upon state fines.

And thereupon Messrs. Johns, M'Mahon, and Henrix, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Nicholas had leave to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to exempt certain property from taxation. And thereupon it was Ordered, That the committee on ways and means be instructed to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Hutcherson had leave to bring in a bill to confirm the proceedings of certain commissioners in Worcester county.

And thereupon Messrs. Hutcherson, Boyer and Roach, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

The House then adjourned.

Thursday, January 28, 1830.

The House met at ten o'clock, pursuant to adjournment; and the roll being called over, the same members were present as on yesterday.

Mr. Johnson presented the annual report of the trustees of the Franklin Academy, in Baltimore county, disclosing the state and condition of that Institution; which report was referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Sellman presented the petition of Zachariah Chaney, and Mary his wife, of Anne Arundel county, praying for such pecuniary aid, by a county assessment as may be necessary for their subsistence; which was referred to the committee on County Pensions.

Mr. Dorsey presented a petition of Thomas Carlton, Samuel Barnes, George M. Echilberger, and John L. Harding, of Frederick county, praying to be released from all liabilities as the securities for a certain D. H. Brigham in a bond to the State, for the payment of rent that may be due from him, for the use of the barracks, at Frederick, which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Dorsey, Dene and Kinzer.

Mr. Dorsey also presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Fredericktown, and its vicinity, praying that some means may be devised for the preservation and safe keeping of the Barracks situated near said town, either by placing the property under the care of the town authorities, or an individual; which petition was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Dorsey, Dene and Kinzer.

And a petition of sundry citizens of Liberty town, in Frederick county, praying for the passage of an act to incorporate the Trustees of the Union Church of said town; which petition was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Dorsey, Kinzer and Shriver.

Mr. Hitch presented a petition of Asbury C. Howard, Elijah Parsons and others, of Worcester, and Somerset counties, praying for a repeal of the law requiring justices of the peace of this state to deposit their dockets, with all papers connected therewith, in the offices of the clerks of the respective county courts, when they may cease to act as justices of the peace, so far as that law relates to said counties, and for other purposes therein mentioned; which petition was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Hitch, Irving and Hutcherson.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying for a law authorizing the commissioners for said county to cause a bridge to be erected over Deer creek, at or near a place known by the name of Death's Ford; which petition was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Johns, Moores and Hope.

On motion by Mr. McPherson, it was

Ordered, That the Governor and Council be, and they are hereby requested, to report to this house, as early as practicable, what progress, if any, has been made under a resolution passed at December session 1823, No. 95, authorizing them to employ two competent persons to revise, digest and collate, all such public acts of Assembly as are now in force.

On motion by Mr. Claude, it was

Ordered, That the Committee on County Pensions be, and they are hereby instructed to inquire into the expediency of placing Rebecca Watts, Elizabeth Simmons, and Mary Ann Bright, on the pension list of Anne Arundel county.

Mr. Jenifer offered the following order:

Ordered, That the Committee on Elections and Privileges be instructed to inquire into the expediency of so altering and amending the election laws of this state, as to provide for keeping open the polls two days instead of one, as at present provided; and that they report by bill or otherwise.

Which was twice read;

And on the question, "Will the house adopt the said order?"

It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Hunt had leave to bring in a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act authorizing the appointing inspectors and wood corders, and to regulate the cording of fire wood brought by water to the city of Baltimore for sale. And thereupon, it was ordered, That the committee on inspections be instructed to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Gittings submitted the following resolution: Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore be directed to invest in the stock of such banks in the city of Baltimore, as he may deem most judicious for the interest of the

county, such sum of money as may be due to Montgomery county, as her portion of the free school fund and now lying in the treasury of the western shore. Which was read the first time and laid upon the table.

Mr. Hitch, from the select committee appointed for the purpose, reported a bill, entitled, An act to authorize the transfer of licenses by merchants, and keepers of ordinaries and others.

Mr. Johns from the select committee appointed for the purpose, reported a bill, entitled, An act to prevent the unnecessary accumulation of costs upon state fines.

Mr. Grason, chairman of the committee on Ways and Means, delivered the following report; the reading of which was dispensed with; and it was ordered to be laid upon the table, and to be printed, viz:

The committee of Ways and Means respectfully submit the following report:

The balance in the treasury on the 1st day of December, 1828, amounted to \$30,325 73

The receipts into the treasury from the 1st of Dec. 1828, to the 1st day of Dec. 1829, were as follows:

From Amalgamations	12 65
Auction duties	32,437 09
Auctioners licenses	6,800 00
Bank Stock	30,388 34
Billiard table licenses	1,952 89
Direct taxes	1,522 68
The E. S. Treasury	14,558
Fines and forfeitures	3,991 06
Funded 3 per cent stock	10,033 08
Hawkers & pedlars licenses	802
Interest on personal accounts	1,928 93
The land offices	3,403 96
Licenses to dealers in lottery tickets	2,839 30
Ditto to retailers of dry goods	362 78
Ditto to do. spirituous liquors	529 13
Ditto to races, fisheries and musters	188 10
Marriage licenses	8,482 56
Ordinary ditto	20,910 09
The Penitentiary	2,897 36
Road stock	700
State lotteries	6,483 97
State tobacco inspection in Baltimore	26,633 15
State wharves in do.	1,581 65
Taxes on plaintiffs	3,241 30
Taxes in chancery	1,069 87
Traders licenses	18,993 80
The Union Manufacturing company of Maryland	400
The University of Maryland	1,500
Victuallers licenses	255 98
The Board of Public Works	55
The chancery records	75
The Internal Improvement sinking fund	1,730
Costs of suits repaid	25 62
The militia proceeds of sale per resolution No. 35, of 1827	178 47

The amount of receipts as above for the fiscal year ending Dec. 1st, 1829

Which, with the balance remaining in the treasury the 1st day of Dec. 1828, makes the sum applicable to the expenditures of the fiscal year ending the 1st day of Dec. 1829.

The expenditures during the fiscal year aforesaid, are as follows:

For Chancery records	630
Civil officers	11,496 44
Colleges, academies & schools	12,449 98
The colonization society	1,000
Commissions	364
The Executive contingent	2,197 40
Indian annuities	75
Indigent deaf & dumb	742 52
The Judiciary	37,428 76
The Legislature	44,768 60
The Library	195 25
Loans of 1827 & 1828 for interest	4,848 58
The Mayor & city council of Baltimore	2,390 17
The militia	1,876 09
Miscellaneous accts.	4,461 70
The Penitentiary	6,000
Penitentiary 5 per cent stock of 1822	1,397 28
Pensions to officers & soldiers	14,998 70
The Public buildings at the seat of government	1,472 07
Rail road 5 per cent stock	1,562 56
The state tobacco inspection in Baltimore	7,175
Do. do. warehouses in Baltimore	17,315 53
The University 5 per cent stock of 1822	1,500
Do. sinking fund	500
Do. of Maryland	5,500

Making the amount of disbursements as above

And leaving a balance in the treasury on the 1st day of December, 1829, of

Subject to the following unsatisfied appropriations due on the 1st day of December, 1829.

For civil officers

For the Judiciary

Pensions to officers and soldiers of the revolution

The Keeper of the government house

The Journal of Accounts from 1826 to 1828, inclusive

Indian annuities

Expenses on account of militia

Colleges, Academies and Schools

Interest on Penitentiary 5 per cent stock for 1822, and loans for 1828

Interest on University 5 per cent stock of 1822

Interest on loans of 1827

Do on Rail Road stock

The State Inspectors of Tobacco and their Clerks

Claims in pursuance of resolution No. 10, 1822

The Mayor and City Council of Baltimore

Appropriation for Library for 1829, and balance of ditto for 1828

Amount of unsatisfied appropriations as above

Leaving in the Treasury applicable to the fiscal year ending the 1st day of December, 1830

Estimate of the Revenue for the year ending December 1st 1830.

From interest on 3 per cent stock

Ditto on loans to the Charlotte Hall School

Fines, forfeitures and amerciaments

Licenses granted by the clerks of the county and city courts

Escheats and vacant lands

Taxes in Chancery

Ditto on plaintiffs

Licenses to auctioneers

Auction duties

Stock of the Bank of Baltimore

Stock of the Union Bank

Stock of the Farmers' Bank

Stock of the Hagerstown Bank

Stock of the Commercial and Farmers' Bank of Baltimore

Stock of the Farmers and Merchants Bank of Baltimore

Stock of the Franklin Bank of Baltimore

Stock of the Marine Bank of Baltimore

Stock of the Mechanics Bank of Baltimore

The Union Manufacturing Company

The Baltimore and Frederick town Turnpike Company

The Baltimore and York town Turnpike Company

The University of Maryland

The Penitentiary

The State Lotteries

The Tobacco Inspection in Baltimore

The State Wharves in Baltimore

For direct taxes for 1823, 4, 5 and 6

Which added to the balance in the Treasury the 1st day of December 1829, makes the whole sum applicable to the fiscal year ending the 1st day of December 1830,

Estimate of Expenditures for the fiscal year ending December 1st, 1830.

For the Journal of Accounts for the present year

The Governor

The Council

The Clerk of the Council

The Messenger

The Treasurer of the W. Shore

The Clerk in the Treasury

The Librarian

The Treasurer of the Eastern Shore

The Clerk of the House of Delegates

The Clerk of the Senate

The Examiner General of the W. S.

The do. do. of the E. S.

The Register of the Land Office of the W. Shore

The Register of the Land Office of the E. Shore

Pensions to officers, soldiers, & their widows

Colleges, academies and schools

Armourer of the western Shore

Do. of the E. S.

Rent of gun house and magazine

Indian annuities

Interest on Penitentiary

Stock for 1822, & loans of 1828

Interest on University 5 per cent stock for 1822

Interest on loans of 1827

The Chancellor

The Chief Judge of Baltimore City Court

The Chief Judges of the 6 judicial districts

The associate judges

The Judges of the 6 judicial district, per act of 1828

The Judge of the Land Office of the E. Shore

The Messenger to the chancery court

The Sheriff of the Court of Appeals for the W. S.

The Sheriff do. of the E. Shore

The Crier of the Court of Appeals for the W. S.

The Crier of the Court of Appeals for the E. S.

Interest on Rail Road 5 per cent stock

Interest on Canal 5 per cent stock

The University sinking fund

The Library

Binding books there-in

Plats of the public lands per Resolution No. 20 of 1828

The Keeper of the Government house

The completion of the Chancery Records

The State Inspectors of tobacco, & their clerks

The State tobacco warehouses in Baltimore

The Colonization Society

The education of the indigent deaf and dumb

The Mayor and City Council of Baltimore

The Completion of the Washington Monument

The trustees of the University of Maryland

Contingent expenses

Miscellaneous and additional expenses

Which will leave a deficiency on the 1st day of December 1830, of

Amount of the State's Productive Capital.

Funded 3 per cent stock of the U. S.

Loans to the trustees of Charlotte Hall School

Due from D. H. Bingham of Frederick county

From the Sheriffs, Clerks, Collectors and Inspectors

Stock of the Bank of Baltimore

Do. of the Union Bank of Maryland

Do. of the Hagerstown Bank

Do. of the Commercial and Farmers Bank of Baltimore

Do. of the Farmers & Merchants Bank of Baltimore

Do. of the Marine Bank of Baltimore

Do. of the Franklin Bank of do.

Do. of the Farmers Bank of Maryland

Do. of the Mechanics Bank of Baltimore

Do. of the Baltimore & Fredericktown Turnpike Road

Do. of the Baltimore & Yorktown Turnpike Road

Do. of the Union Manufacturing Company of Maryland

Amount of the States unproductive Capital.

Loan to the Potomac Company

Stock of the Potomac Company

Stock of the Elkton Bank of Maryland

Loan to the Trustees of St. Peter's Free School, Baltimore

Stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company

Stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company

Stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company

Stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company

Stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company

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The house met at ten o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, and the roll being called over, the same members were present as on yesterday.

On motion, the reading of the proceedings of yesterday was dispensed with, by a suspension of the rule relating thereto.

The Speaker laid before the house a report from the sheriff of Worcester county, furnishing a statement of public money paid by him into the Treasury in the course of the last year, ending on the 30th day of November.

And a communication from Samuel Tyler, one of the Inspectors of Tobacco in the city of Baltimore, in answer to the order of the house of the instant, requiring the Inspectors of Tobacco in the warehouses on Dugan's and O'Donnell's wharves, to report how far they had complied with the resolution passed at the last session, relative to building offices on the vacant ground near said warehouses, stating that for want of a knowledge of the resolution, the said Inspectors had not complied with it.

Ordered, That the said report and communication be severally referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Orrell presented a petition of William Potter of Caroline county, praying for the reduction of the charges for the inspection of Quercitron bark, and a correction of the practice of weighing it, whereby more than the net weight of each hoghead shall not be allowed which petition, with its accompanying documents, were referred to the committee on Inspections.

Mr. Nicholas presented a memorial of Enrico Caucici, of the city of Baltimore, praying for additional compensation on account of expenses incurred, and labour performed, in executing and completing the colossal statue of Washington, erected on the summit of the Monument at the said city, which memorial was referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Gale presented a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, residing on the Susquehanna river, praying for the passage of a law authorizing the appointment of an Inspector and Measurer of Lumber for Ark-Haven, in said county; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Gale, Evans and Creswell.

Mr. Brookhart presented the petition of eleven hundred and twenty citizens of Washington county, praying for certain alterations of the Constitution, in relation to the mode of electing State Senators, and the appointment of clerks of the county courts and Registers of Wills, so as to give to the people the privilege of voting directly for the State Senators, and the power of electing said clerks & Registers for a term of years; and also praying for the abolition of the levy court of said county, and that the qualified voters of each election district may have the power of electing a commissioner to represent their interests, which petition was referred to the several committees already appointed on those subjects, respectively.

Mr. Yoe, chairman of the Committee on Elections and Privileges, delivered the following report; which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table, viz:

In pursuance of an order of the House, requiring the Committee on Elections and Privileges, to enquire and report whether any sitting member of this House holds such an office under the government of the United States, as renders him incompetent under the constitution of this State, to hold a seat in this present House of Delegates; the Committee beg leave to make the following report,

The papers and documents which were referred to this Committee in the course of this investigation, relate to two gentlemen, now sitting members of this House of Delegates, John McNeill, junior, esq. of Allegany county, and Dennis Claude, esq. of the city of Annapolis. In the case of the first named gentleman, Mr. McNeill, the Committee are of opinion, that he does not hold a seat in this House of Delegates, according to the provisions of the Constitution of Maryland.

The Constitution expressly states, "that no person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be capable of having a seat in the General Assembly, or being an elector of the Senate, or holding any office of trust or profit under this state." The evidence before the Committee clearly establishes the fact, that John McNeill, Jr. is an officer, under the United States, up to the 20th day of the present month; nor does it appear that he is not an officer under the General government at the present time.

The testimony, in order, is, first, a certified copy of a commission issued to John McNeill, Jr. in eighteen hundred and twenty, by James Monroe, then President of the United States, appointing him collector of direct taxes and internal duties, for the ninth collection district, in the state of Maryland.

Secondly, a copy of the bond approved, filed in the treasury department of the General Government, given by John McNeill, Jr. as collector of direct taxes and internal duties, for the ninth collection district of Maryland.

Thirdly, a certified copy of an account, with the United States, rendered by John McNeill, Jr. as collector of the revenue, for the ninth collection district of Maryland, on the first day of October, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine. The chain of evidence appears to the Committee to be complete, establishing the fact, that John McNeill, Jr. held an office of trust and profit, under the United States, up to the twentieth day of the present month, to which according to the constitution of the state of Maryland, precludes him from a seat in this House of Delegates.

and others, citizens of Frederick county, praying that a law may be passed authorizing the loan of a certain sum of money on the credit of the state, for the completion of the Turnpike road from Westminster to Emmitsburg, and county which was referred to a committee on Internal Improvement.

and with a loaded mallet killed him dead the spot. Cox is about 35 or 25 years of age and is a most despicable character. He formerly been employed in the Army, was dismissed for improper conduct previous to the appointment of Col. Dunn. The law forbade him the premises, in revenge for which he committed this atrocious murder. Cox has been apprehended and committed Charleston jail.

ry, Cicero Price, Richard Bacha, —
Captain's Clerk — Robinett.

more, purchaser or purchasers. The title is deemed to be indisputable.

RICHARD FRACHE, Trustee.

Jan. 1900

to the subscriber, **JOHN BINGO.**
Jan 21,

[illegible]

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. LXXXV.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1830.

NO. 6.

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LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

SENATE.

Monday, February 1st, 1830.

The Senate met, were present the same members as on Saturday.

Mr. Nelson from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled An act for the benefit of Richard Beal, sheriff of Allegany county. The said bill was then read a second and by special order a third time, passed and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Nelson from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, A supplement to the act entitled, An act for the construction of a canal through Frederick county. The said bill was then read a second and by special order a third time, passed and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Nelson from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An additional supplement to the act relating to sheriffs and for other purposes, passed at December session 1813, chapter 102.

The said bill was then read a second time.

Mr. Nelson from the committee to whom was referred the petition of Isaac S. Swearingen, of Washington county, reported a bill, entitled, An act to perfect and make valid the title of Isaac S. Swearingen, of Washington county, to the lands therein mentioned, which was read the first time.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivered the following bills:

A bill, entitled, An act to repeal all special acts of Assembly, for the pecuniary relief of indigent persons, by county assessments in Caroline county, and for other purposes, which was read the first time and referred to Messrs. Whitely, Lloyd and Dennis.

Also a bill, entitled, An act to make public a Road therein named, which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Dennis, Smith and Sewell.

Also, a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act entitled, An act to provide for electing Commissioners for Cecil county, and prescribing their powers and duties, which was read the first time and referred to Messrs. Lloyd, Sewell and Reese.

Mr. Smith from the committee reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act entitled, An act relating to insolvent debtors in the city and county of Baltimore, which was read the first time and ordered to be printed.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, ten o'clock.

Tuesday, February 2d, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday, except Mr. Whitely.

Mr. Kennedy appeared in the Senate.

The proceedings of yesterday were read. On motion of Mr. Smith, the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore and Rappahannock Steam Packet Company, was read a second time, by special order a third time, passed as amended, and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Nelson from the committee made an unfavourable report upon the bill, entitled, A supplement to the act to authorise the laying out and opening a road through a part of Frederick, Anne Arundel and Montgomery counties, passed at December session 1828, chapter 89. The said bill was then read a second, and by special order a third time, rejected, and returned to the house of delegates.

On motion of Mr. Nelson, the senate took up for consideration the bill, entitled, An act to regulate the meeting of the Orphans' court of Anne Arundel county. The said bill was then read a third time, passed and returned to the house of delegates.

On motion of Mr. Lloyd, the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Cambridge Female Academy, in Dorchester county, was read a third time by special order, passed, and returned to the house of delegates.

The clerk of the council delivered a communication from the executive, enclosing resolutions of the senate and house of representatives of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, upon the subject of the Tariff of 1828, which was read and referred to the consideration of the house of delegates.

On motion of Mr. Harrison, the bill, entitled, An act to provide for the payment of witnesses, summoned at the instance of the state of Maryland, was taken up for consideration, when, on motion of Mr. Kennedy, the same was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Dennis, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Black Water and Parson's Creek Canal Company, in Dorchester county. The said bill was then read a second time.

Mr. Lloyd, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to repeal all special acts of assembly, for the pecuniary relief of indigent persons by county assessments, in Caroline county, and for other purposes. The said bill was then read a second, and by special order a third time, passed.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

Wednesday, Feb. 3d.

The senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Heath appeared in the senate.

The bill, entitled, An act to repeal all special acts of assembly, for the pecuniary relief of indigent persons by county assessments, in Caroline county, and for other purposes, passed by the senate yesterday, was returned to the house of delegates.

The engrossed bill, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the President and Directors of the Firemen's Insurance Company of Baltimore, was read the third time, passed, and sent to the house of delegates.

The bill, entitled, An act to authorise equitable assignments to sue in their own names, was read a third time, passed, and returned to the house of delegates.

The bill, entitled, An additional supplement to the act, relating to sheriffs, and for other purposes, passed at Dec. session 1813, chapter 102, being entitled to a third reading, was, on motion ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Lloyd offered the following message, which was read,

By the Senate, Feb. 3.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates.

We have received your message of the 30th ultimo, proposing a joint committee, to consist of one member from each county, and one from the city of Baltimore, with such members of the senate as we should appoint, to visit and inspect the seminary of the Primary School, located in Annapolis, and to report thereon respectively. We accede to your proposition, and have appointed Messrs. as a committee on the part of the senate.

The said message was then, on motion of Mr. Lloyd, read a second time, when the President named Messrs. Lloyd, Smith and Sewell, to constitute the committee on the part of the senate. Mr. Lloyd asked to be excused from serving on said committee, and the question was put on excusing him, and determined in the negative. The said message was then assented to, and sent to the house of delegates.

Mr. Lloyd, from the committee on ways and means, made a favourable report upon the resolution directing the investment in bank stock, of the money in the treasury due to Montgomery county, as her portion of the Free School Fund. The said resolution was then read a second, and by special order a third time, assented to, and returned to the house of delegates.

The senate then adjourned.

Thursday, February 4th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday, except Mr. Nelson.

Mr. Smith asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore Sugar Refining Company. Ordered, That Messrs. Smith, Heath and Kennedy, be a committee to prepare and report the same.

On motion of Mr. Kennedy, the bill entitled, An act to abolish imprisonment for debt, was made the order of the day for Tuesday, the 9th instant.

Mr. Heath from the committee, reported a bill, entitled, An act supplementary to an act for the dispatch of business in Baltimore county court, which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

The president laid before the Senate a report from the Treasurer of the Western Shore concerning the Union Bank of Maryland, in obedience to an order of the last house of delegates, passed 6th March, 1829, which was read and referred to the consideration of the house of delegates.

The Clerk of the House of Delegates delivered a resolution authorising an appropriation for furniture and repairs of the government house, which was read the first time, & referred to the committee on Ways & Means.

Also a bill, entitled, An act to prevent unnecessary accumulation of costs on all actions or suits at law in the county courts of this State, which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Heath, Harrison and Dennis.

Also, a bill, entitled, An act to regulate the manner of granting out county pensions for Anne Arundel county; which was read the first time and referred to Messrs. Kennedy, Sewell and Reese.

Also, a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act entitled, An act to incorporate a company, to make a Turnpike Road from the line of the District of Columbia where it crosses the road leading from Georgetown to Fredericktown, through Montgomery and Frederick counties to Fredericktown, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Forrest, Reese and Dennis.

And returned the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Trustees of the Abingdon Academy in Harford county, endorsed, will pass.

On motion of Mr. Harrison, the bill entitled, An act to authorise Benjamin Chew, junior, of the city of Philadelphia, to sell out of this State, certain negro slaves, who are slaves for a term of years, was read a third time, and passed as amended.

The senate then adjourned.

Friday, Feb. 6th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Phoenix Shot Tower Company of Baltimore; and the bill, entitled, An additional supplement to

the act, entitled, An act to regulate the quality of silver plate manufactured and sold, or offered for sale in the city of Baltimore, severally passed by the senate on Wednesday last; the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate The Black Water and Parson's Creek Canal Company, in Dorchester county, and the bill, entitled, An act to authorise Benjamin Chew, junior, of the city of Philadelphia, to sell out of this State, certain negro slaves, who are slaves for a term of years, severally passed by the senate yesterday, and the bill, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act relating to insolvent debtors in the city and county of Baltimore, passed at December session 1816, chapter 221, rejected by the senate yesterday, were severally returned to the house of delegates.

The report received yesterday from the treasurer of the western shore, concerning the Union Bank of Maryland, was sent to the house of delegates.

Mr. Smith, from the committee, reported a bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore Sugar Refining Company, which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dennis from the committee made an unfavourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to extend the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, in the several counties of this state. The said bill was then read a second time.

Mr. Heath asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act for amending and reducing into system the laws and regulations concerning last wills and testaments; the duties of executors, administrators and guardians, and the rights of orphans' and other representatives of deceased persons.

Ordered, That Messrs. Heath, Dennis and Harrison, be a committee to prepare and report the same.

Mr. Smith from the committee, made an unfavourable report upon the bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act for regulating weights and measures in this state, passed at December session 1825, chapter 206.

The said bill was then read a second time, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Lloyd from the committee on ways and means made a favourable report upon the report and resolution authorising the sale of certain articles of old furniture in the government house. The said resolution was then read a second and by special order a third time and assented to.

Mr. Lloyd from the same committee made a favourable report upon the resolution, requiring an annual return to the legislature of an inventory of the furniture belonging to the government house. The said resolution was then read a second time and by a special order a third time, and assented to.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

Saturday, February 6, 1830.

The senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act supplementary to an act for the opening of Pratt street, passed by the senate yesterday; the bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act for electing commissioners for Harford county, and prescribing their powers and duties, passed at December session 1827, chapter 81, rejected by the senate yesterday; the resolution authorising the sale of certain articles of old furniture in the government house; the resolution requiring an annual return to the legislature of an inventory of the furniture belonging to the government house; and the resolution in favour of Priscilla White, widow of the late James White, who was a pensioner of the state; severally assented to by the senate yesterday, were returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Heath from the committee, reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act for amending and reducing into system the laws and regulations concerning last wills and testaments, the duties of executors, administrators and guardians, and the rights of orphans and other representatives of deceased persons, which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivered a bill, entitled, An act to revive and extend the charter of the Planters Bank of Prince-George's county, so as to enable the institution gradually to wind up its affairs; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Herbert, Smith and Lloyd.

And returned the bill, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the President and Directors of the Firemen's Insurance Company of Baltimore; endorsed, "will pass." Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed.

Mr. Heath from the committee, reported a bill, entitled, An act to amend the law in relation to pleading in certain cases; which was read the first time and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Lloyd from the committee on ways and means, made a favourable report upon the resolution in favour of Richard Mackall, late an inspector of tobacco in the city of Baltimore. The said resolution was then read a second, and by special order a third time, and after some discussion, the question was put, "Will the senate assent to the resolution?" Determined in the affirmative.

The president laid before the senate a communication from the treasurer of the western shore, in obedience to resolution No. 77, of December session 1827, with a statement of such returns as have been made to him in pursuance of the said resolution.

Also, a report from the trustees of the Maryland College which were severally read and referred to the consideration of the house of delegates.

Mr. Herbert appeared in the senate.

Mr. Heath from the committee, reported a bill, entitled, An act to continue act passed at December session 1813, entitled, An act to incorporate the Patapsco Insurance Company; which was read the first time.

Mr. Harrison from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Cambridge Fire Company, in Dorchester county. The said bill was then read a second, and by special order a third time and passed.

The senate adjourned until Monday morning ten o'clock.

bill, being read by its title, was referred to Messrs. Hunt, Nicholas and Johnson.

The bill from the senate, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Universal Insurance Company of Baltimore, was taken up for consideration in just turn, read the second time, passed without amendment, and returned to the senate.

The hour prescribed by the rules of the house for taking up the orders of the day, having arrived, the house accordingly proceeded to consider the order of the day, in reference to the unfinished business, being the bill reported by Mr. Irving, on the 19th ultimo, entitled, An act to incorporate a Bank, to be called by the name of the Bank of Salisbury. And the second reading thereof having been completed,

The said bill was then placed in the hands of the speaker, and the question put, shall this bill pass? It was resolved in the affirmative.

And returned the bill and resolutions of this house of the following titles:

An act to incorporate the Trustees of St. Charles' College, endorsed, will pass.

A resolution directing the investment in bank stock, of the money in the treasury due to Montgomery county, as her portion of the free school fund. And,

A resolution relating to a fine imposed by Allegany county court, on Van Duna, for selling liquor without license, which, after the payment thereof, was remitted by the governor and council, severally endorsed, assented to. Ordered, That the said bill and resolutions be severally engrossed.

The house then proceeded to consider the order of the day in reference to the bill reported by Mr. Teackle on the 11th ultimo, entitled, An act to establish the Bank of the State of Maryland. When,

On motion by Mr. Teackle, seconded by two other members, the house was called, and the absent members that were in the city, were sent for.

On motion by Mr. Done, the house resolved to progress in the ordinary business of the session during the absence of the door keeper.

When the bills of this house of the following titles, were taken up for consideration in just turn, and read the second time, and passed without amendment, viz.

An act for the relief of Washington Applebee, an insolvent debtor of Montgomery county; reported by Mr. Wright, chairman of the committee on insolvency, on the 28th ultimo. And,

An act to preserve the side walks in the village of Liberty, in Frederick county; reported by Mr. Shriver on the 29th ultimo.

The door keeper having returned and reported, that in obedience to order, he had notified the absent members in the city that their attendance in the house was required.

On motion by Mr. Blakistone, the house then resolved itself into a committee of the whole house, for the purpose of considering the order of the day in reference to the bill, entitled, An act to establish the Bank of the State of Maryland, and after some time spent therein, the speaker resumed the chair, when Mr. Done, the chairman, reported that the committee according to order, had the said bill under consideration, made some progress therein, and directed him to ask leave to sit again; which leave was granted by the house.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, The house then adjourned.

Thursday, February 4th, 1830.

The house met at ten o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Johns presented a petition of Catharine Blake, of Harford county, praying for such pecuniary relief by county assessment, as may be adequate for the support of herself and children; which petition was referred to the committee on county pensions.

Mr. Nicholas presented a petition of Richard W. Gill, Deputy Attorney-General for Baltimore county, praying for compensation for services rendered the state in the collection of the public revenues; which petition, with the accompanying documents, was referred to the committee on claims.

Also a memorial of sundry citizens of the city of Baltimore, praying that an act may be passed to reduce and limit the number of justices of the peace in that city, to twenty, or in the discretion of the governor and council, not less than twelve, or more than twenty four; which memorial was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Nicholas, Hunt, and Buchanan.

The bills and resolutions of this house, passed yesterday, were sent to the senate for concurrence; the titles whereof are as follow:

An act to incorporate a bank, to be called by the name of the Bank of Salisbury.

An act for the relief of Washington Applebee, an insolvent debtor, of Montgomery county.

An act to preserve the side walks in the village of Liberty, in Frederick county.

A resolution in favour of Sarah Gould, of Dorchester county, widow of the late William Gould, who was a soldier of the revolutionary war.

And the bill from the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate the trustees of the Abingdon academy, in Harford county, also passed by this house on yesterday, was returned to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Sellman, it was, Ordered, That a committee of five be appointed by the chair, to inquire into the expediency of rebuilding the bridge over the Patuxent river,

and delivered a bill originated in, and passed by the senate, entitled, An act to incorporate the President and Directors of the Firemen's Insurance Company of Baltimore; which

generally known as the Priest's Bridge; and that they have leave to report by bill or otherwise. Messrs. Sellman, Sommes, Gantt, Stewart and Dorsey, were appointed the said committee, pursuant to the order.

On motion by Mr. Ely, it was Ordered, That the select committee of three members, appointed on the sixteenth ultimo, to prepare and report a bill to be entitled, An act concerning the Washington & Baltimore Turnpike Road company, be enlarged to five, by the appointment and addition of two other members;

And thereupon Messrs. Done, and Brawn were appointed additional members of said committee.

Mr. Willson had leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, a supplement to the act passed at November session, 1803, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the line of the District of Columbia, where it crosses the road leading from Georgetown to Fredericktown, through Montgomery and Frederick counties, to Fredericktown.

And thereupon Messrs. Willson, White & Harding, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Nicholas had leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, A further supplement to the act entitled, An act to incorporate the Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland Steam Packet Company.

And thereupon Messrs. Nicholas, Hunt & Bower, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Nicholas also had leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, An act to incorporate the Howard Fire company, in the city of Baltimore.

And thereupon Messrs. Nicholas, Hunt and Ely, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Done moved the following resolution; which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table, viz:

Resolved, by the General Assembly of Maryland, that one set of the acts of Congress be furnished, by the Librarian, to the adjutant general of this state.

Mr. McMahon, from the committee therein mentioned, delivered the following report:

The select committee appointed to examine into the state of the furniture of the Government House, beg leave to report: That, from a careful examination, they found the same in such a condition, that a considerable number of articles necessary for the comfort and accommodation of the Governor and his family, are deficient; to supply which, from an estimate the committee have been enabled to obtain, will require an appropriation of one thousand dollars; they therefore beg leave to recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, by the general assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay to the order of his excellency the Governor of Maryland, for furniture and repairs of the government house, the sum of one thousand dollars.

The said report being read the first time, was, on motion of Mr. McMahon, read the second time by a special order. It was concurred in, and the resolution therein contained being assented to, was sent to the senate for concurrence.

Mr. Edelen, from the select committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill, entitled, An act to give referees in cases referred from any court of law in this state, and arbitrators by private agreement, power to require and enforce the attendance of witnesses.

Mr. Burchenal, from the select committee appointed, on leave obtained for the purpose, reported a bill, entitled, An act to repeal the act, entitled, An act to exempt the wearing apparel of deceased persons from appraisal and exposure to sale by executors and administrators, passed at December session, 1829, chap. 145, and for other purposes.

Mr. Oldson from the select committee appointed, on leave obtained for the purpose, reported a bill, entitled, An act to alter and change the mode of collecting officer's fees in this state.

Mr. Wells from the select committee, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act to exempt the property of the corporation of the city of Annapolis, used for public purposes, from taxation.

The said bills, were severally read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Brookhart, from the select committee to which on the 23th ultimo, was recommitted the bill, entitled, An act to encourage the apprehension of runaway slaves, for the purpose of further amendment, reported the same with sundry amendments; which amendments was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

The bill reported by Mr. Sellman, entitled, An act to regulate the manner of granting out county pensions for Anne-Arundel county, was taken up for consideration, in just turn, and read the second time, when,

On motion by Mr. Hood, the said bill was again laid on the table.

On motion by Mr. Brawn, the house resumed the consideration of the bill reported by him, entitled, An act to prevent unnecessary accumulation of costs on all actions or suits at law in the county courts of this state; which was on the 1st inst. taken up for consideration.

The bill, was then passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Hood, the bill reported by Mr. Sellman, entitled, An act to regulate the manner of granting out county pensions for Anne-Arundel county, was again taken up for consideration and read.

The said bill was then passed, with amendment, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

The house then adjourned.

Friday, February 5th, 1830.

The House met at ten o'clock; pursuant to adjournment.

On motion of Mr. Teackle, the committee appointed on the part of this house, conjointly

with the committee on the part of the Senate, for the purpose of visiting and inspecting the Seminary of the Primary School District of Anne-Arundel county, No. 38, located in the city of Annapolis, and to report thereon, respectively, had leave to withdraw from the House, for the performance of that service.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter of this date, addressed to the members thereof, from James C. Turner, one of its committee clerks resigning his office, in consequence of being prevented, by sickness, from discharging the duties thereof; which was read.

Mr. Edelen also presented a petition of Thomas Jenkins, of Prince George's county, praying for further remuneration in consideration of his military services during the war of the revolution; which was referred to the committee on military pensions and revolutionary claims.

Also, a petition of Lucy Ann Bryan and Ann Jones, formerly Ann Bryan, of Prince George's county, both daughters of Thomas Bryan, late of said county, deceased, praying for the passage of a law directing an equal division and distribution between them of the personal estate of their step-mother, Sarah Bryan, late of said county, also deceased; which petition was referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

And, a petition of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, praying for the passage of an act to facilitate the transportation of tobacco from the Piscataway Inspection Warehouse, by the removal of certain obstructions in the creek, whereon it is situated, or the establishment of a public road from said warehouse to some convenient point on said creek which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Edelen, Seimes Wootton Gantt and Smith.

Mr. Sellman presented a petition of sundry citizens of Anne-Arundel county, praying for the total repeal of, or certain alterations in, the laws for the establishment of Primary Schools; which petition was referred to the select committee already appointed on that subject.

Mr. Hicks presented a petition of the Trustees of the New Market Academy, in Dorchester county; for a donation; which was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Hicks, Steele and Goldsborough.

Mr. Goldsborough presented a petition of Eccleston Brown, of Dorchester county, praying the passage of a law to allow the record of two deeds therein mentioned; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Goldsborough, Hardestad and Hicks.

Mr. Hardestad presented a petition of Edward Smith, of Dorchester county, praying compensation for the apprehension of negro James Barnett, who killed Nathan Kerns, of Talbot county, which was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Hardestad, Dudley, Boyer, Orrell and Goldsborough.

Mr. Evans presented a petition of the President and Managers and Company of the New Castle and Frenchtown Turnpike, praying an alteration in the act of incorporation, heretofore passed for their benefit; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Evans, Gale and Comegys.

Mr. Shriver presented a petition of the President and Managers of the Hagerstown & Westminster Turnpike Road Company, praying for an extension of their charter, and the confirmation of their acts heretofore done; which was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Shriver, Dorsey and Kinzer.

On motion by Mr. Shriver, it was

Ordered, That the committee on Claims pass to the credit of the Chairman of the Penitentiary Committee, on the Journal of Accounts, the sum of forty-nine dollars and fifty cents, being the amount of expenses incurred by the said committee during their late visit to the Penitentiary.

Mr. Irving had leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the better regulation of chancery proceedings in certain cases.

And thereupon Messrs. Irving, Steele and Jones, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Hicks had leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, An act to authorize and empower the levy court of Dorchester county, to levy a sum of money on said county to build a bridge over Great Black Water River, in Dorchester county.

And thereupon Messrs. Hicks, Hardestad and Steele were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Sutton had leave to bring in a bill, authorizing justices of the peace to issue replevins directed to constables in certain cases therein mentioned.

And thereupon Messrs. Sutton, Jones and Burchenal, were appointed a select committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Hope, from the select committee, to which was referred the petition of sundry citizens of Cecil and Harford counties, praying the interposition of the Legislature to prevent the blasting of rocks and stones with powder along the banks of the Susquehanna river, presented this day to the house, made an unfavorable report thereon; which was twice read and concurred in.

Mr. Sellman, from the committee therein mentioned, delivered the following report; which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table, viz:

The select committee to whom was referred the petition of sundry citizens of Anne-Arundel county, praying an alteration in the laws establishing Primary Schools, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report:

That they consider it unwise and impolitic to propose any radical change in a law which was adopted by the people of Anne-Arundel with such unparalleled unanimity; particularly when that law is fraught with consequences of the deepest importance to the community at large, and the rising generation.

The committee is aware, of a change of sentiment upon the propriety of continuing this

law in operation, among many of the good citizens of this county. This change by them is deeply regretted, as it is calculated to paralyze the energies of those who have zealously taken a stand in favour of the school system.

The committee consider a diffusion of education among all classes, as the greatest blessing which can fall to the lot of any people; especially to the people of a great republic; in whose hands are concentrated all that man can desire—power, honours, freedom and happiness. They consider the promotion of education, a true and legitimate power of government—attention to it the solemn duty of legislators. Aware as they are, however, of the unfriendly feeling that exists in many parts of the county, they cannot consent rashly and precipitately to recommend any material alteration in a system which the people themselves, by their own votes, had so unanimously adopted.

The committee think it due to consistency and to the great importance of the subject to give it a fairer trial. They are persuaded that the longer the system is in operation, the more practicable the plan will appear, and the more fully will its benefits be felt. The committee think it is nothing but fair, (and it is surely congenial with the principles of republicanism,) that non residents should not be taxed in districts where they do not reside, without having the privilege common to the resident taxable inhabitants of such districts, granted them, of expressing their wishes by their votes. The hardship and injustice so much complained of therefore, by the non-residents, will thus be, in a great measure, obviated and dissipated. Every one will be thus enabled to express his wishes to vote for or against the establishment of a school in any district, where his property may be. The committee, therefore, beg leave to report a bill for this purpose.

Saturday, February 6th, 1830.

The house met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Wootton presented the petition of the committee appointed by the stockholders of the Planter's Bank of Prince-George's county, at a general meeting, praying for the revival and extension of their charter, on certain conditions; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Wootton, Gantt and Edelen.

Mr. Sellman presented the petition of Samuel Graham, of Anne-Arundel county, praying to be remunerated for loss sustained by him, on account of his slave having been illegally sentenced to, and confined in, the penitentiary, which, with the accompanying documents, was referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

Mr. — presented the petition of Benedict Reynolds, Washington county, praying that his name may be placed on the pension list of the state, in consideration of his military services during the war of the revolution; which, with the accompanying documents, was referred to the committee on military pensions and revolutionary claims.

Mr. Ely presented the memorial of Joshua Trimble, on behalf of the heirs of Col. Edward Norwood, late of Baltimore county, deceased, remonstrating against the proposed change in the location of the Washington & Baltimore Turnpike Road, so far as the said road may pass through the lands of the said heirs thereof; which memorial was referred to the select committee already appointed on that subject.

The house adjourned.

Monday, Feb. 8, 1830.

The house met. Were present the same members as on Saturday.

On motion by Mr. Thomas, of St. Mary's, the report of the committee on elections and privileges, (made on the 29th ult.) was made the order of the day for Wednesday next.

Mr. McNeill, from the select committee, to which had been recommended, for the purpose of amendment, the bill reported by said committee, entitled, An act relative to the lots and lands westward of Fort Cumberland, in Allegany county, reported the same bill without amendment; which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. McMahon submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, that the Amourer at Annapolis, deliver to William V. Baskirk, captain of the Allegany rifle company, a quantity of rifles not exceeding sixty, upon his giving bond approved by the Governor and Council, conditioned for their safe keeping and return in the armoury when required by the executive.

Tuesday, February 9th, 1830.

The house met, were present, the same members as on yesterday.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, the house proceeded to consider the bill reported by him on the 20th ultimo, entitled, An act to provide for the inspection and counting of slaves, and heading in this state; when Mr. Teackle offered as a substitute therefor, a bill, entitled An act to provide for the counting of slaves and heading in this state; which was twice read and adopted. The substitute was then passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

The unfavourable report of the committee on Ways and Means to which was referred the petition of the trustees of St Peter's School, praying the state to relinquish the sum of three thousand dollars, heretofore loaned to said school, (made on the 4th inst.) was taken up for consideration, and read the second time, when

On motion by Mr. Hunt, the said report was again laid on the table.

The unfavourable report of the committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred the petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, requesting the state to guarantee the payment of certain loans therein mentioned, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, and concurred in.

The unfavourable report, of the committee on Claims, to which had been referred the petition of Enrie Caucici, presented to the

house on the 29th ultimo, was taken up for consideration, and concurred in.

On motion by Mr. Yoe, the house proceeded to consider the bill reported by him on the 2d inst. entitled, An act to incorporate the Hagerstown Beneficial Society; read the second time, passed and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

BEACON OFFICE, NORFOLK, Feb. 4.

Arrival of the U. S. ship Natchez.—The U. S. ship Natchez, Capt. Alexander Claxton bearing the broad pendant of Com. John Orde Creighton, late Commander in Chief of the Naval Forces on the Brazilian station, arrived in Hampton Roads last night. The Natchez sailed from Bahia 7th Dec. and had a passage of 22 days from Curacao, when she put in, in the expectation of finding Gen. Wm. H. Harrison, late Minister to Colombia, to bring him to the United States—but hearing nothing from him, they sailed immediately afterwards.

The Natchez left Bahia brig Rolla, Odum of Baltimore, loading with molasses for Norfolk—the only American vessel in port, flour was selling at Bahia at 23 milreas, when the Natchez left. We learn that the officers and crew of the Natchez, as well as those of the Hudson, Com. Cassin, and Vandalia, Captain Gallagher, are all well. The Natchez will come up to the anchor age between the Forts, the first fair wind. The following is a list of her officers:

Alexander Claxton, Commander; Lieutenants: Wm. R. Spencer, Wm. I. Belt, Wm. H. Gardner, Henry A. Adams, Sidney S. Lee; Ac'g Sailing Master, John L. Ball; Ac'g Surgeon, Benjamin R. Tinsler; Purser, Ben'jn. I. Cahoon; Assistant Surgeon, Lewis B. Hunter; Midshipmen, Sylvanus Gordon, Thomas Sands, Benjamin I. Totten, John S. Misrom, Thomas A. Moll, Harry P. T. Wood, John T. Jenkins, Thornton A. Jenkins, C. F. M. Spotswood, George Hurst, James Herriot, Lawson C. Love; Boatswain, John Hayward; Sailmaker, Patrick Murphy; Gunner, Wm. Cowen; Carpenter, Wm. C. Lee. Passengers, Com. J. Orde Creighton, Lieut. W. V. Taylor; Sailing Master, Jacob Mull.

LEGISLATURE OF OHIO.

The Cincinnati Gazette says, one of the chief employments of the Ohio Legislature, now in session, is granting divorces, and that in doing so, they are relaxing the obligations of the matrimonial contract to a dangerous extent. The Gazette gives this illustration:

In one case a divorce was granted under most extraordinary circumstances. Some years ago a celebrated courtesan of the city of New York, came to the Western country, accompanied by a youth, to whom her character and former career were perfectly well known. After their arrival in Ohio they were married, the husband remained a short time with his wife, and then abandoned her and returned to New York. She took to herself another man. Upon the petition of the husband, and on the plea that he had been seduced into the marriage, the Legislature granted a divorce. Whilst the bill was in progress through the Legislature, the agent for the petitioner was on the ground, purchasing of the wife her silence and concurrence, for which he actually paid her about three hundred dollars.

ABDUCTION.

We published a few days ago an account of an attempt to carry off a young lady in New York. The Commercial Advertiser of Thursday recurs to the matter again, and says the affair is yet involved in mystery, and whether that mystery will ever be solved, is matter of doubt. The following is an extract from a letter upon the subject, written in New York, and published in the Rochester Morning Courier. Whether it is any thing more than mere idle and officious gossip, we know not.

It seems, or rather it is said, that one of the men concerned was a suitor of the young lady against the advice and consent of her friends, and that it was he who met her, and conveyed her to the carriage, under the pretence that her father (who he said was dying,) had sent for her. [I never knew a young lady's father to die, when she wanted to marry, and he was averse to the match.] Well, who do you think was inside of the carriage? A person, by all that's canonical—prepared to tie the knot, although he did not tie it. There he sat, the demure codger—smiling in the dark at the prospect of his ten dollar fee, and determined upon working the rule of arithmetic, which says one and one make one.

However the twain did not become one flesh; the lover had been too rash in his measures, and the lady's motto was 'men not measures,' instead of 'measures not men.' She did not like the Napoleon style of doing thing, and so the whole thing was undone. The lady lost her self-possession, the parson lost ten dollars, and the swain lost his wife that might have been. She burst from the carriage—the lover burst into tears, and the parson burst into a passion. Of a truth—no blame can be attached to the young lady—and not much to the young man—he is not the first who attempted to run away with a beauty, and she is not the first fair dame that did not choose to be run away with."

THE FARMER AND THE BEGGAR.

A strong hearty, lazy, fellow, who preferred begging for a precarious subsistence to working for a sure one, called at the house of a blunt Massachusetts farmer, and in the usual language of his race, asked for "cold victuals and old clothes." "You appear to be a stout hearty looking man," said the farmer, "what do you do for a living?" "Why, not much," replied the fellow, "except travelling about from one place to another." "Travelling about ha?" rejoined the farmer; "can you travel pretty well?" "O yes," returned the sturdy beggar, "I'm pretty good at that." "Well then said the farmer, coolly opening the door, "let's see you travel."—N. Y. Constellation.

Maryland Gazette

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, February 11, 1830.

Married, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. John G. Blanchard, Mr. Essex R. DORSEY, of the city of Baltimore, to Miss ANNE E. DORSEY, of Anne Arundel county.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE EXECUTIVE FOR CALVERT COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.
Joseph W. Reynolds, John H. Chew, Joseph S. Wilson.

Levy Court.
David C. Lyles, John T. Bond, George W. Weems, George Wilkenson, John P. Wailes, James G. Alworth, James J. Bourne.

ALLEGANY COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.
Thomas Cresap, John Scott, James M. Smith.

Levy Court.
Joshua O. Robinson, Joseph Frantz, Jacob Halderman, John Mattingly, Henry Myer, Thomas D. Beall, George Hoblitzell, William M. Laughlin, Walter Bevans, Jasper Robinett.

Notary Public.
Joseph Everstine.

SURVEYOR.

Benjamin Browne.

CHARLES COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.
John Fergusson, John J. Jenkins, Alexander Matthews.

Levy Court.
Francis Middleton, Francis E. Dennington, William Queen, Francis Thompson, William P. Ford, Hugh C. Joseph A. Turner.

SURVEYOR.

Thomas Barry.

BALTIMORE CITY.

Orphans' Court.

Alexander M'Kim, Beale Randall, Joseph R. Foard,

Commissioners of Insolvent Debtors.

Richard Frisby, Wm. G. D. Worthington, M'Clintock Young.

Commissioners of Lotteries.

Robert Purviance, Sen. of Baltimore, Wm. Knight, of Cecil, Thomas Charlton, of Frederick.

Gaugers of Domestic Distilled Liquors.

William Roney, Thomas Watson, Robert Byrnes, Nathan Grafton, Jo. Fitch, Charles F. Eckel.

Inspectors of Flour.

William Evans, Jonathan Hill, of Washington county, Jacob Beam, of Frederick county.

Inspectors of Fish.

Abraham Jarrett, of Harford, John S. Mott, of Cecil.

Inspector of Ground Black Oak Bark.

David Baker.

Inspectors of Lumber.

James Norris, George Hall, James C. King, John Moore, Luther A. Norris, Richard A. Shipley, Mich. J. McGuire, Joseph Colson, Riston Browning, John Biggart.

Inspectors of Tobacco.

Nathaniel Pearce, of Baltimore, Nicholas Dorsey, of Anne-Arundel, Peter Bannerson, of Calvert.

Directors of the Penitentiary.

Tobias E. Stansbury, James Howard, William McDonald, Hugh W. Evans, William Krebs, William Jenkins, Joel Vickers, John H. R. Latrobe, Jacob G. Davies, Dr. J. H. Miller.

Executive Committee—Edward Pannell, Jr. Jos. Hook, Jr.

Clerks.

Michael Jenkins, Nicholas Brewer, Matthew Murray, Henry Staylor.

State Wharfinger.

William League.

Woodcoaters.

John S. Blake, Robert T. Jacobs, George Truit, John Ashton, James Hollingshead, William F. Miller, Patrick M'Donald, John Timmons, John Crissall, James Wright, Christopher St. John, Anthony Tall.

Magistrates.

John F. Harris, Stephen H. Moore, Thomas W. Griffith, Henry W. Gray, Ferdinand Gourdon, W. A. Schaffer, James Kincaid, Daniel Kraber, William Lineberger, Thomas M'Gill, George Myers, Nicholas Brewster, Anthony Miltenberger, Jesse Cloud, Edward Fisher, Nathan G. Bryson, Peter Galt, Fielder Israel, Thomas Bailey, Nathaniel Knight, Anthony Whiteley, James B. Latimer, John Mitchell, John Moore, Thomas Phenix, James Blair, Thomas H. Bell, Jacob Deems, Joseph Benson, William Ashman, Charles Kernan, Jacob Walsh, Samuel Pickering, George Keyser, Lewis Baltzell, Richard Middleton.

TO THE INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF CALVERT COUNTY.

Fellow Citizens,

Soon after the election of the officers of the House of Delegates, a paragraph appeared in the Baltimore Patriot, making unprincipled allusion to two members of the General Assembly. At the time this publication made its appearance, it was rumored that my colleague, Mr. Hungerford, and myself, were the two members alluded to. I considered however that a reply to the writer for the Patriot, was not called for, as I hold myself accountable alone to my constituents for my official conduct, and of that conduct I feel confident. I had invited the two delegates, in the course of the session, at any and at all times, to publish a fair statement, over their own signatures, thereby affording me an opportunity, through the press, to reply to, and refute, as the writer of the paragraph alluded to, appeared, as the writer of this attack over his own signature, but had sought concealment, by an anonymous communication to

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I should not at this late period have obstructed myself on your attention, by noticing the slanderous rumors which have been the rounds in the newspapers opposed to the present administration of the General Government, had I not lately been advised by some of my constituents and much valued friends, that these insinuations might injure me among strangers, and be used to my disadvantage, by those of my fellow countrymen, disposed to turn every circumstance, the most trifling, to their prejudice. To avoid this result, I have thought proper to submit to the public a brief statement of facts which will enable all to judge how far I have complied with the principles upon which I received a majority of the votes of the people of Calvert county, and the pledges made to my constituents, in the election of the officers of the house, as I have been influenced by unworthy motives. It has been asserted that my colleague, Dr. Hungerford, voted for the present speaker of the house, this, like the rest of the rumours is unfounded in fact. I admit my vote was given to the gentleman who now fills the chair, in preference to Mr. Thomas of St. Mary's, who was nominated in opposition to him, but in this no man but one, whose actions are regulated by the spring of party prejudices and passion, or whose self estimate taught him always to look for unworthy motives of conduct in others would have discovered any thing extraordinary. To support men to office, without regard to party, merit and qualifications alone, as far as it was possible for me to ascertain them, should regulate my vote, was the principle which I advocated throughout the electioneering campaign, therefore my constituents had a right to expect, with regard to my vote upon the question of appointment, that they should be given free and untrammelled by any party consideration. I arrayed myself in opposition to the regular, (I might say irregular) organized Anti Jackson caucus ticket, upon the very ground that I was not friendly to a direct opposition to the administration of the General Government, right or wrong. I did say to some of my friends when asked the question, that I was opposed to the removal of the then Governor of the state; this was in accordance with my sentiments, and that my vote on that occasion was given in strict conformity with that declaration was never denied. I had voted for Mr. Adams, but since the fair election of Gen. Jackson to the Presidency, I felt myself bound to give him my administration a fair support, and would act with no factious combination, intended to enable some self important leaders of a party to embarrass his measures and proscribe those who had elected him. With an open avowal of these sentiments, I was elected a representative of the people of Calvert in the Legislature, receiving nearly all the votes of those friendly to the administration of the General Government, and of the liberals of those who, like myself had voted for Mr. Adams, but having failed to elect him, were not disposed to vent our rage at defeat by a right or wrong opposition to the national administration, or proscription of its friends by excluding them from all station even when fitted for it by their talents; in fact I was supported by those, who conceived the time had arrived for the people of the county to shake off their allegiance, to a tyrant party and the coalition of a few men who had assumed to themselves the right to dictate, and who by keeping alive the passions and prejudices of party feelings alone could expect to maintain their influence and consideration in society.

On arriving at Annapolis, I found in attendance 39 members friendly to the national administration, and thirty seven opposed to them, Doctor Hungerford and myself accepted, Mr. Jenifer of Charles county, detained on account of indisposition and there being one vacancy in consequence of an equal vote in Allegany. Doctor Hungerford being disposed in consequence of the friendship for and acquaintance with Mr. Thomas of Saint Mary's to vote for him as Speaker, had I then united myself, with the anti administration men upon this question, no choice could have been effected; the vote standing 39 to 39. And in a vain attempt to elect a speaker, much time and public money would necessarily have been expended, without the state receiving the slightest equivalent. Weeks might have been wasted in this manner, & a scene similar to that which occurred in the state of Delaware a few years since might have ensued, which eventually after many fruitless attempts to elect a president of the senate, in dissolution of the legislature. Had such a state of things occurred in Maryland, and the fit might have occurred, I put to the candour of every voter of the county, the inconveniences resulting therefrom, would have been severely felt by the people. Admitting for argument sake my vote could have elected Mr. Thomas of St. Mary's (which I deny) what benefit would have resulted to the anti administration men, by this show of power when the substance had passed from them. The power to elect the governor and council was in the hands of the administration men. But candour requires I should say other considerations operated on my mind. I had publicly declared before the session of the legislature to many of those who had acted with me, upon the late memorable presidential question; that if Mr. Thomas of Frederick, was put in nomination for Speaker by the administration men, from the opinion I entertained of his ability to discharge the arduous duties incident to the station, I should be constrained, under a sense of duty, to vote for him, in preference to Mr. Thomas of St. Mary's who was spoken of as the anti administration candidate, with whom I was then unacquainted, having to my recollection, only seen him on one occasion, until I met with him in Annapolis; but whose talents and character, I now admit I hold in high estimation.

I had known Mr. F. Thomas, for upwards of three years, his talents on several occasions, I had an opportunity of seeing displayed, and I now conceive him as well, if not better qualified to fill the chair than any member who has the honour of a seat in the house. For independence, high sense of honour, and a correct deportment, some of his political adversaries acknowledge he has no superior. I shall now cut this communication short, having already I am afraid trespassed upon your patience. As to the appointment of the inferior officers of the house, my vote was given for those, who from recommendation I conceived qualified and deserving. I was personally unacquainted with the applicants, on all sides, with the exception of two. My vote was not given on party grounds, for I voted for some who were put in nomination by the anti administration men, one by myself, and some who were put in nomination by the administration men. I admit my obligation to the administration men, for the support of my friend, Mr. Holgkin, nor do I see any thing in that support which is not highly honourable to them as a party. Mr. Holgkin, and his friends in Calvert county, supported myself and Dr. Hungerford, as independent candidates, opposed to any combination against the general government, at least until the policy of the administration had fairly developed itself. The votes therefore given him by the administration men of the legislature were in strict accordance with their professions, that they are opposed to universal proscription of men, merely on the ground they had voted for Mr. Adams as President. I hope the public will pardon my troubling them, with this tedious explanation, it was due to my fellow countrymen who elected me that it should be made, and on their decision I confidently rely. They will, I know, see in my conduct, while their representative, a strict adherence to the independent principles, which I advocated when a candidate for their suffrages; and by their approbation (which I value higher than any other object connected with my political life) will enable me to defeat the attempts of my enemies, to injure my character by insinuating "political slaves," to disseminate through the county secret verbal communications, unfounded in fact, or "political knaves," to make on me secret and cowardly attacks by anonymous communications in partisan newspapers.

WM. SMITH.

From the Baltimore American.
THE HORNET.

The following is a copy of the memorial left at the exchange for signature, in behalf of the relatives of the officers & crew of the *Hornet*. The melancholy fate of this ship, which we fear will no longer be doubted, has caused the deepest interest throughout the country. The Memorial, which is addressed to the Congress of the United States, will therefore, we hope, be extensively signed, more especially by merchants, the *Hornet* having perished on a perilous station, in the protection of American commerce. We should be glad to see the subject taken up in the other commercial towns, and such a general appeal made to the Government as will cause some steps to be taken in behalf of those whom this fatal catastrophe has left embarrassed or destitute.

To the Honourable the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled.

The Memorial of the undersigned, citizens of Baltimore, respectfully represents—

That sympathizing deeply with the nation at large in the loss of the U. S. sloop of war *Hornet*, but more deeply with the relatives of the gallant officers & brave crew of that ship they have learned with profound regret that the Navy Agent at this place has received instructions to discontinue the payment of Allowment Tickets granted to the officers and crew of the *Hornet*, from this date.

Your memorialists' sympathy, before excited in the highest degree, has been more keenly moved by the knowledge of this last recited circumstance. Your memorialists pray your indulgence while they recapitulate some of the causes manifestly calculated to elicit the sympathy of the whole nation at this singularly melancholy event. To the loss of Husbands, Fathers and Relatives rendered doubly affecting by the manner of their untimely death, the long interval of agonized suspense is only terminated by adding to the poignant distress of the surviving relatives the deprivation of their very means of subsistence! Here your memorialists would stop, but admonished by the great inclemency of the season, alone sufficient to arouse all our sympathies for the destitute, they would supersede this as another motive to grant their prayer.

Your memorialists therefore pray that your Honourable bodies will grant such special appropriation and give instructions to the proper authorities to continue the pay of the officers and crew of the late ship *Hornet*, for the term of twelve months from the supposed date of her loss—payable to the surviving relatives; or such provision in their present state of extreme suffering, both of mind and body, as in your wisdom may be deemed just and proper.

And your memorialists, as in duty bound will ever pray, &c.

MAIL ROBBERY.

James Porter, alias James May, who, in conjunction with Abraham Poteet, alias Geo. Wilson, made the late daring attack upon the Washington stage, was, in consequence of information given by his accomplices, apprehended on Saturday night, at 9 o'clock, and committed by T. Shepherd, Esq. We learn that Poteet and Wilson have confessed, that they robbed the Philadelphia mail and passengers on the Kimbleton road in November last; and also plundered the mail, from Philadelphia to Reading in the succeeding month of December.

OBITUARY

Died on Sunday last, 7th instant, Mr. John Marriott, of Anne Arundel county, a worthy and a respectable citizen. Mr. Marriott belonged to the Methodist church a long time, he was a pious and a good neighbour, a loving and affectionate husband, and beloved by all who knew him; he has left a wife and three small children, an aged mother and a circle of relations and friends to lament his loss.

— At his residence, on the North side of Severn, on Saturday last, Mr. Stephen Boon.

— On January, on the North side of Severn, Mr. Horatio Gibson.

— At his residence in Baltimore county, on Friday last, Col. Peter Little.

— At New Orleans, on the 16th of Jan. Mr. Joseph B. Wolfolk.

IN CHANCERY,

9th February, 1830.

ORDERED, That the sale made and reported by John W. Ringrose, trustee, in the case of Burditt vs. Fluhart, be ratified and confirmed unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the tenth day of April next: provided a copy of this order be inserted in some one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis once a week for three successive weeks before the tenth day of March next. The report states the amount of sales to be \$3174.

True copy. Test.
Ramsay Waters, Reg. Cur. Can.
Feb. 11 Sw

Anne Arundel County, to wit:

I hereby certify that Abednego W. Carr, of said county, brought before me, as a stray trespassing on the enclosures of Capt. Richard J. Crabb, a Dark Bay MARE, about four years old, twelve hands high, a very small star on her forehead, and no perceptible brand or mark, bare footed, moderately long switch tail; trouts and canters. Given under my hand one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, the 10th day of February 1830.

JAMES HUNTER.

The owner of the above described Mare is hereby requested to come and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

Abdongo W. Carr, Manager.
Feb. 11.

DANIEL HART
Informs his friends and the public generally, that he has on hand, a
Large and general assortment of
GOODS
IN HIS LINE—CONSISTING OF
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, CHINA, CUT & PLAIN GLASS, QUEENSWARE, DRY GOODS,
BUTTER, LARD AND FAMILY FLOUR, BACON, PORK, HERRING & MACKERELL, which he is disposed to sell at the very lowest prices.

BOOK BINDING
In all its variety executed in the most approved manner.

BLANK BOOKS
Of every description, made to order.

Merchants' Ledgers, Journals, and Record Books, suitable for public offices.
Feb. 11.

NOTICE.

By an order of the Honourable the Orphan's Court of Anne Arundel county, will be exposed to Public Sale, on Wednesday, the 17th February next, if fair, if not, the next fair day hereafter, Sunday excepted, and continued from day to day until all the property shall be disposed of, at the late residence of William H. Stinchcomb, deceased, (on the south side of the mouth of Magdohy river, Broad Neck Anne Arundel county,) all the personal property of said deceased, consisting of very

VALUABLE NEGROES, (FOR LIFE)
HORSES, CATTLE
Two Yoke of well bred OXEN,
SHEEP, HOGS, FODDER, CORN, BACON, Household and Kitchen Furniture, a large lot of Cabbages, the crop of Rye on the ground, and divers Farmers Utensils not enumerated.

For all sums of Twenty dollars and under, the cash to be paid upon the delivery of the property, and for all sums over twenty dollars, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

RICHARD H. MERRIKEN, Adm'r.
Feb. 11.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, NO. 2, FOR 1830.

To be drawn under the superintendence of the Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Council, on

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24.

HIGHEST PRIZE, 8,000 DOLLARS.

SCHEME.		
1 prize of	\$8,000	is \$8,000
1 prize of	1,000	is 1,000
1 prize of	500	is 500
1 prize of	400	is 400
2 prizes of	200	is 400
5 prizes of	100	is 500
10 prizes of	50	is 500
20 prizes of	20	is 400
100 prizes of	8	is 800
400 prizes of	5	is 500
5000 prizes of	4	is 20,000

5211 Prizes amounting to \$33,000

MORE PRIZES THAN BLANKS—The scheme containing only TEN THOUSAND TICKETS, and being arranged on the

ODD & EVEN SYSTEM,

the holder of two tickets or two shares is certain of obtaining at least ONE PRIZE, and may draw THREE, and in proportion for any greater quantity.

Whole Tickets \$4 | Quarters \$1 00
Halves 2 | Eighths 50

To be had in the greatest variety of numbers, by applying to

THOMAS SWANE, Annapolis.
Feb. 11

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will offer a Public Sale, on Saturday the 20th day of February next, at the residence of Dr. Martin Fenwick, in Anne Arundel county, several valuable

NEGRO WOMEN

Mentioned in a bill of sale from William Weems, deceased, to the said Fenwick. Terms of sale are, cash to be paid on the day of sale, or ratification thereof by the chancery and on payment of the purchase money, the subscriber is authorized to convey the property to the purchaser or purchasers. The creditors of William Weems are notified to file their claims with the Register of the chancery court within sixty days from the day of sale.

SOMERVILLE PINKNEY, Trustee.
Jan. 28.

N. B. The above sale will take place at 12 o'clock, on the above day, at the late residence of William Weems, now occupied by John F. Wilson, Esq.
Feb. 11.

IN CHANCERY,
3d February, 1830.
Benjamin R. Morgan vs.

Alexander C. Coaden, Alexander Calder, Mary Ann Calder, William Calder, and others.

The object of this bill is to obtain payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty seven dollars and ninety-one cents, with interest thereon from the 26th day of September 1803.

The bill states that heretofore, in virtue of a decree of this court, the real estate of one William Slubey was sold for the payment of his debts; that the complainant amongst others, filed his claim with the vouchers thereof, against said real estate, but the same being informal, it was on the 9th day of July 1803, agreed between the complainant and others interested in said estate, that the complainant should file a bill of complaint in order to try the validity of his said claim; and that the other creditors of Slubey, whose claims were then established, should be permitted to draw their proportions of the proceeds upon their respective giving bond with surety to refund what he or she should so draw, with interest, to satisfy the proportion that should be due from such person to the complainant on the establishment of his claim or of any part thereof. That in pursuance of said agreement, the auditor reported an account, whereby the net proceeds of said sale were apportioned amongst said creditors, exclusive of the complainant; and the same was confirmed, and the proceeds directed to be paid over upon the claimants giving bond as required by the agreement. That by said account a certain William Embleton was made entitled to receive the sum of two hundred and twenty three pounds, eight shillings and six pence current money, and gave bond, with a certain James Parker as his surety, and with condition as required by the said agreement; which bond was approved on the 26th day of September 1803, and on that day he received the said sum of money. That the complainant in pursuance of said agreement filed his bill in this court, and it was thereon proceeded so that on the 1st day of December 1823, the auditor reported sundry accounts whereby said Embleton's proportion of the complainant's claim is stated to be one hundred and twenty seven dollars and ninety-one cents, and that said accounts were subsequently confirmed by order of the Court of Chancery, and said order was affirmed by the Court of Appeals for the Eastern Shore. That said Embleton is dead, having made his will, whereby he devised all the residue of his real and personal estate to the said James Parker, who was also left executor thereof. And that said James Parker by his last will devised the residue of his real and personal estate to his wife Catharine Parker, and his niece Mary Conlen since married to the defendant William Thomas, of John. That Catharine Parker is since dead, leaving certain of the defendants her heirs at law, of whom the said Alexander Calder, Mary Ann Calder and William Calder are non residents. And the complainant charges that the estate of said Embleton and Parker in the hands of all and every of the defendants, is chargeable with his said claim.

It is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers at Annapolis at least once in each of three successive weeks before the sixth day of March next, give notice to the said absent defendants of the substance and object of this bill, in order that they may appear in this court on or before the fifth day of June next to answer the premises, and shew cause if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy. Test.
Ramsay Waters, Reg. Cur. Can.
Feb. 11 Sw

NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Anne Arundel county, will meet at the Court House, City of Annapolis, on the first Monday of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county and laying the levy.

BUSHROD W. MARRIOTT, Clk
Feb. 4. tm.

LEONARD MACKALL, M. D. DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the Citizens and Visitors of Annapolis and its vicinity.

Doct. M. will wait on Ladies at their places of residence. He may be found at Dr. Sparks' office through the day, and in the evening at Mr. Pearce's.

REFERENCES:

Rev. Mr. Henshaw, Dr. Potter, Mr. Johns, Baker, Dr. Waters, De Butts, Hill, McDowell, Handy, Amos, Hugh M. Elderry, Esq. John S. Skinner, Esq. John Glynne, Esq. Roger B. Taney, Esq. James L. Haykins, Esq.
Jan. 28. Sw

CAUTION.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons from hunting with dog or gun, or in any other manner trespassing on my part of the farm called BELMONT, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all offenders.

RICHARD M. CHASE.
Jan. 21.

BOARDING.

In a private family, may be had, for one or two young Gentlemen, of correct, moral habits. Apply to the Editor of this paper.
Jan. 14th.

TO RENT,

ONE of the new BRICK BUILDINGS near the court house. It has heretofore been occupied as a lawyer's office, but will conveniently accommodate a small family. Apply to the subscriber.

JOHN RIDOUT.
Jan. 21.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has been appointed by His Excellency GEORGE WOOD, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in pursuance of a provision of a statute of said Commonwealth, entitled, "An act to authorize the appointment of Commissioners, to take acknowledgment and proof of Deeds and Instruments under seal and depositions," within and for the State of Maryland, a Commissioner, with authority to take the acknowledgment and proof of any Deeds, Mortgage or Conveyance of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, lying or being in said State; or any other writing under seal to be used or improved in said state, with full power and authority also, to administer an oath or affirmation to any person who shall be desirous or willing to make oath of affirmation before him; and to take deposition and to examine witnesses under any commission or commissions emanating from any of the Courts of said State relating to any cause depending, or to be brought, in any of the said Courts. And that every such acknowledgment or proof of any Deed, Mortgage or other conveyances aforesaid taken or made before him, and certified by him, in his capacity of Commissioner, pursuant to the provisions of said act, will have the same force and effect, and be as good and available in law, for all purposes, as if the same had been made or taken before one of the judges of the Supreme Court of the United States;—and that every such Deposition, Affidavit or Affirmation so made before and certified by him, will be as good and effectual, to all intents and purposes, as if taken before an officer resident in said State, and competent to take the same, and having taken the oath prescribed in his commission, is ready to discharge the duties authorized by his appointment.

SOLOMON ETTING.
Baltimore, Jan. 25th.

IN CHANCERY,
23d January, 1830.

George Cooke, and Eleanor A. his wife, and Ellen D. Cooke, and others, their children.

vs.

Edward Ridgely, John Steuart, and Eleanor his wife, George Moore and Sally his wife, and John Arnest and Juliet his wife.

The object of this bill is to procure a new trustee to be appointed in the place of Eleanor Dall, late of Baltimore county, deceased, in order to carry into effect the trusts created by certain articles of agreement, made and entered into between the said George and Eleanor then sole, and Eleanor Dall, deceased, on or about the 20th day of June, 1814.

The bill states that said articles of agreement were made in contemplation of a marriage, to be had between said George and Eleanor (now) his wife. That by said articles it was covenanted and agreed that certain estate of the complainant, Eleanor, in the hands of the said Eleanor Dall, deceased, as guardian of the said complainant, Eleanor should be by the said Eleanor Dall (since) deceased, invested in manner as therein specified and held in the event of marriage as aforesaid, in trust for the said Eleanor, the complainant, and of the said George, and of the issue of said marriage, in manner as therein specified. That the said Eleanor Dall, (since) deceased, did in her lifetime invest large sums of money in real and personal, and other securities and estate, in pursuance of said agreement. And has since died, leaving a will, by which she devised the residue of her estate to the defendant, Edward Ridgely; and that the legal title in the real estate so purchased by her in trust, has descended (subject to said trusts) to all the defendants as her heirs at law.

The bill further states, that the defendants John Steuart and Eleanor, his wife, George Moore and Sally, his wife, and John Arnest and Juliet, his wife, reside out of the state of Maryland. It is therefore adjudged, and ordered that the complainants, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper, printed at Annapolis, once in each of three successive weeks, before the 20th day of February next, give notice to the said absent defendants of the substance and object of their said bill, in order that said defendants may be warned to appear in this court, in person or by attorney, on or before the 19th day of June next, to answer the premises, and shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy. Test.
Ramsay Waters, Reg. Cur. Can.
Jan. 28. Sw

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of Maryland, the subscriber, as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale, on Tuesday the 23d day of February next, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, at 12 o'clock M. on the premises, the following

TRACTS OR PARCELS OF LAND,

Lying and being in the little Patuxent, in Anne Arundel county, and immediately in the neighbourhood of the Savage Factory, and Elliott's new Forge, to wit:—Snowden's Addition to Huntingtown Quarter, 'Simpson's Stone,' 'Sappington's Lot,' 'The Sloop,' and 'The Addition to Huntingtown Quarter,' containing together about EIGHT HUNDRED & TWENTY TWO acres of land. The said lands lie contiguous to each other, and compose the plantation on which the late Dr. Gerard H. Snowden resided at the time of his death.—There is on them a GRIST MILL, which with a little expense might be made valuable. They are adapted to the cultivation of Tobacco of the finest quality, and produce abundantly every description of small grain. Persons desirous of purchasing are requested to visit the premises, previous to the day of sale.

TERMS OF SALE

Are, cash to be paid on the day of sale, or ratification thereof by the Chancery. Upon the payment of the purchase money, the subscriber is authorized to convey the lands in fee, to the purchaser or purchasers. The title is believed to be indisputable.

RICHARD PEACH, Trustee.
Jan. 28.

Administrators' Notices.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscriber of St. Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Jane Digges, late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 12th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1830.

THOMAS W. MORGAN, Adm'r.
W. A. of Jane Digges, dec'd.
Jan 21 3w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscriber of St. Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non with the will annexed on the personal estate of Jeremiah Boothe, late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1830.

THOMAS W. MORGAN, Adm'r.
D. B. N. C. T. A. of Jer. Boothe, dec'd.
Jan 21 4w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscriber of St. Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Mackey Smoot, late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1830.

GEORGE BEAL, Executor
of Mackey Smoot.
Jan 21 4w

COACH MAKING.



WILLIAM SELBY,
MAKER AND REPAIRER OF ALL
KINDS OF
CARRIAGES AND HARNESS.
GRATEFUL for the encouragement he hath heretofore received, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its variety, at the old stand at the N. E. CORNER OF SECOND & FREDE-
RICK STREETS, near the Centre Market, BALTIMORE.

in all its variety, and respectfully solicits a continuance of a share of public patronage.
Persons having CARRIAGES to REPAIR or ALTER to the prevailing fashions, or to remedy any defect in running, or other inconvenience, will find it to their advantage to favour him with their patronage, as from his long and tried experience, and the moderate prices for which he is determined to do work, he flatters himself that he will be able to give entire satisfaction.

NEW AND SECOND HAND CARRIAGES sold on commission or taken on storage at his repository, where they will be perfectly secured from the weather or other injury, and where every attention will be paid to them, and where they may be taken out or put in at any time without inconvenience.

N. B. Several NEW & SECOND HAND GIGGS, with a number of other CARRIAGES of various descriptions for sale on very accommodating terms.

Jan 21 4w

Ann Arundel County Court, October Term 1829.

ON application to Anne Arundel County Court, by petition in writing, of Thomas F. McPherson, praying for the benefit of the act, for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1825, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Thomas F. McPherson, having satisfied the said Court, by competent testimony, that he has resided in the state of Maryland, two years next, preceding the time of his application, and that he is in actual confinement for debt only; and the said petitioner having taken the oath prescribed by law, and entered into bond with security, for his appearance in Anne Arundel County Court, on the third Monday of April next, to answer such allegations as his creditors may propose to him, and having also executed to a trustee, by the said Court, appointed a good and sufficient deed, for all his property, real, personal and mixed, the necessary wearing apparel, and bedding of himself and family excepted, and delivered the same to the said trustee, and the said trustee having also executed a bond for the faithful discharge of his trust, and certified the delivery into his hands, of all the property of the said petitioner, mentioned in his schedule; it is, therefore, ordered and adjudged, by the said Court, that the said Thomas F. McPherson, be discharged from the custody of the sheriff of said county, and that the said petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, for three months successively, before the said third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to be and appear on that day, before said Court to show cause if any they have, why the said Thomas F. McPherson should not have the benefit of the said act of assembly, and the supplements thereto as prayed.

Test. W. S. Green.
Jan 14 2w

TO HIRE.

A man to hire about 20 years of age, who has been accustomed to wait in the house Enquire at this office
Jan 21 4w

PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

PENNSYLVANIA GLADES BUTTER.

300 lb. Superior Keg Butter,
Best White Wheat Family Flour,
Fresh HOLL Butter, daily expected,
Malaga Grapes, in nice order,
Malaga Bunch Raisins,
Sante Currants,
Fresh Prunes, Turkey Figs,
Havana Oranges,
Lisbon Lemons,
Rondeaux Almonds,
English Walnuts,
Soft Shell Filberts,
Madeira Wine in Bottles, Vintage of 1824,
Do do do in Wood do
India Madeira in Bottles, very old,
Champagne
Lisbon, Seville, Cote and Claret Wines,
Choice Cognac Brandy, 12 years old,
Do do do do do
Rye Whiskey 5 years old, highly approved,
Peach Brandy, pure and fine,
Jamaica Spirit,
300 lb. extra flavour'd Richmond Chewing Tobacco,
Champagne Glasses, with a good assortment of Cut Glass, and other reasonable articles,
For Sale by,
JOHN WILMOT.
Jan 7.

THE SUBSCRIBER

IS authorized by John T. Barr, Esq. to sell at public auction, in Vienna, Dorchester county, Maryland, on SATURDAY the 27th day of February next, all the right title and interest in law and equity, which the said John T. Barr has in the real estate, lying in Dorchester county, of which the late Robert Dennis died seized, and which was purchased by the said John T. Barr, the 25th day of March last, at a public sale decreed by the authority of the High Court of Chancery.

To those who wish to invest their money in this species of property, this sale is particularly inviting. This estate consists of the following very valuable property, to wit:

No. 1—The home place of the late Robert Dennis, lying in Dorchester county, or the Nanticoke River, three miles below Vienna—Vessels of 300 tons can load within fifty yards of the door. This property, known as LOT No. 7 of Nanticoke Manor, contains about three hundred and twenty-nine acres and a quarter; part of the land is very rich and part of it very heavily timbered, being covered with valuable ship timber.

The improvements consist of a good DWELLING, Kitchen, out houses, and a good barn; all of which require but small repairs to make them excellent.

No. 2—Being LOT No. 9 of Nanticoke Manor, and containing about four hundred and thirty acres of upland, and about six hundred and fifty acres of marsh and embanked. This property lies also on the Nanticoke River, a few minutes walk from the home place, and is most advantageously situated as a grazing farm. On this place there is a good DWELLING HOUSE and out houses, and a sufficiency of wood to support the farm.

No. 3—Also the FARM consisting of three tracts of land, called Bridge Neck, Cox's Addition to Bridge Neck, and John's Industry, situated on the main road from Cambridge to Vienna, about three miles from Vienna and fifteen miles from Cambridge. This farm contains about five hundred acres of land, and is justly considered one of the most productive and profitable farms in that improved district of country.

On this place is an excellent apple orchard, DWELLING and out houses, corn houses, stable, &c. and the farm is under very good fencing.

No. 4—Another FARM called Tripple's Enclosure, situated on Chickenscove river, near the Bridge. This tract contains about three hundred and sixty acres of very good quality—a sufficiency of ship timber could be obtained from it to pay for the whole place, leaving still a sufficient quantity to support the farm. This farm is also well enclosed, and has upon it a

BRICK DWELLING, &c.

No. 5—A WATER LOT on the town of Vienna, opposite Mr. Colton's store, unoccupied.

No. 6—I will also sell at the same time, the reversion belonging to Mr. Barr in that well known and highly valuable property called Mitchell's Mills, which consists of a

LOT OF GROUND

containing ten acres, one mill seat, one large and commodious grist mill in excellent repair, a good DWELLING HOUSE, Kitchen, store house in an eligible situation, and other necessary out houses. The leasehold interest in this property will expire in eight or nine years.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—

One fifth of the purchase money cash on the day of sale, the balance to be paid in four equal annual instalments, with interest till paid; the purchase money to be secured by bond and security approved by the subscriber, and on the payment of the whole purchase money, the said John T. Barr, will, by a good and valid deed, executed and acknowledged according to law, convey to the several purchasers in fee simple, all his right, title and interest in the property thus sold, free, clear and discharged from all claim of the said John T. Barr. If any person shall bid off any property and fail to comply with the terms of sale, the property will be resold, and the loss arising from the resale, if any, shall be charged to the person failing to comply.

HENRY PAGE, Trustee.

Jan 21 3w
The Intelligencer and Telegraph, Wash-
ington, and Maryland Gazette, Annapolis, will
copy the above three times a week.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of George Shaw, dec'd. are requested to make payment on or before the 1st day of March next, as further indulgence cannot be allowed.

Wm. BROWN, of Ben. Ex'rs.
J. M. ROBINSON.
Jan 21 4w

JOHN S. SELBY

INFORMS his friends and the public generally, that he has just arrived from PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE, with a large and complete assortment of

Seasonable and Fashionable
GOODS.

In the selection of which he has endeavored to please them. They are requested to call and see how far he has succeeded, as he is disposed to sell at very reduced prices. His stock consists of

DRY GOODS,

Among which is a very handsome assortment of

GORGASIANES.

GROCERIES.

Hardware, China, Glass, Queen's Ware,

Hats and

Caps. and School Books.

And a selection of the best

Garden Seed.

P. S. All persons indebted to WATKINS and SELBY, or JOHN S. SELBY, are requested to call and settle their accounts with out delay.

Oct 22 3w

FRESH

PATENT FINISHED CLOTH.

GEORGE M'NEIR,

Merchant Tailor,

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a Large

STOCK OF GOODS,

In his line, consisting of some of the handiest

Patent Finishe dCloth

Of various qualities and colours, with an assortment of

CASSIMERES.

And Variety of

VESTINGS,

Of the latest patterns; with an assortment of

Stocks, Collars, Gloves, Suspenders,

Silk Hosiery, &c.

All of which he will sell low for cash, or to

particular men.

October 1. 20

WILLIAM BRYAN

Merchant Tailor,

Has just returned from PHILADEL-

PHIA and BALTIMORE, with a large

Stock of

FASHIONABLE GOODS

Very superior in colours and quality; all of

which he will be happy to make up for his

friends and the public, on moderate terms.

He has just received his **Fall Fash-**

ions from New York.

Oct 15 1f

NEW FANCY STORE.

ANN KARNEY

BEGS leave to announce to the citizens of

Annapolis, and the public generally, that

she has just returned from the city of Bal-

timore, with a fine assortment of

FANCY GOODS

Of the latest New York & Baltimore Fashions

And has commenced business in the stand

early opposite to Williamson's Hotel, where

Ladies can obtain all kind of articles in the

Millinery and Mantua Making

line of business. She also has, and intends to

keep various articles for the use of Gentle-

men. She announces also, that she will in a

few days be joined by a lady altogether ac-

quainted with the aforementioned line of bu-

siness. She ventures to assert that she will

be able to dispose of her goods at as reduced

prices as they can be obtained at in the city of

Baltimore, and therefore respectfully solicits

a share of the public patronage.

N. B.—All orders from the country will be

punctually attended to.

Nov 26 12

For Sale or Rent,

THE House lately in the occupa-

tion of Mr. Jeremiah L. Boyd, on

North East Street. For further in-

formation enquire of the subscriber

H. RAY.
Aug 13 30

LABOURERS.

THE subscriber wishes to hire fifteen or

twenty stout servants, by the year, for

which liberal wages will be given—Enquire

of William Brown of Ben in Annapolis or

RICHARD GREEN,
Manager of Elk Ridge Furnace,
July 26 12

THE JOURNAL OF HEALTH.

CONDUCTED BY AN ASSOCIATION OF PHYSICIANS.

"Health—the poor man's riches, the rich man's blessing."

The primary object with the conductors of the Journal of Health, is to point out the means of preserving health and preventing disease. To attain this, all classes and both sexes shall be addressed, in a style familiar and friendly, and with an avoidance of such professional terms and allusions as would in any way obscure the subject or alarm the most fastidious. The fruits of most reading, study, and careful observation, shall be placed before them, so arranged and applied as to conduce most efficaciously to their bodily comfort and mental tranquility. To whatever profession or calling they may belong, the readers of this Journal will find precepts susceptible of valuable application. Air, food, exercise, the reciprocal operation of mind and body, climate and localities, clothing and the physical education of children, are topics of permanent and pervading interest, with the discussion and elucidation of which the pages of the work will be mainly filled.

Recommendation of the work.

We approve of the plan on which the publication, entitled the "Journal of Health" is conducted, and believe, that it is calculated to be useful, by enlightening public opinion on a subject of high importance to the welfare of society. The numbers which have appeared, evince talent, and may be viewed as a pledge of the continued usefulness of the publication while conducted by its present editors. We, therefore, feel no hesitation in recommending it to public patronage.

Philadelphia, October 13, 1829.

N. Chapman, M. D.

Wm. P. Dewees, M. D. } Professors in the Univer-

Thos. G. James, M. D. } sity of Pennsylvania.

Wm. E. Horner, M. D.

John G. Otto, M. D.

Thos. T. Hewson, M. D.

Franklin Bache, M. D.

Rev. James Montgomery, D. D. Rector of St. Stephen's Church.

Wm. H. De Lancy, D. D. Provost of the University of Pennsylvania.

B. B. Smith, Editor of the Philadelphia Recorder, and Rector of Grace Church.

G. T. Bedell, Rector of St. Andrew's Church.

James Abercrombie, D. D. Assistant Minister of Christ Church, and St. Peter's.

George Weller

Jackson Kemper, Assistant Minister of Christ Church, and St. Peter's.

Thomas H. Skinner, D. D. Pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian Church.

Wm. M. Engles, Pastor of the Seventh Presbyterian Church.

John Hughes, Pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic Church.

Michael Hurley, Pastor of St. Augustine Catholic Church.

Wm. H. Furness, Pastor of the first Congregational Church.

W. T. Brantly, Pastor of the First Baptist Church, and Editor of the Columbian Star.

Jno. L. Dagge, Pastor of the Fifth Baptist Church.

Solomon Higgins, Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Union Ch.

Manning Force, Pastor of St. George's Methodist Episcopal Church.

In addition to the above, the names of a number of highly esteemed members of the different professions, who are subscribers to the work, might be adduced as expressive of the estimation in which it is held. With one voice, the public press from one end of the continent to the other, has spoken of the Journal of Health in terms of unequivocal commendation.

TERMS:

The Journal of Health, will appear in numbers of 16 pages each, octavo, on the second and fourth Wednesday of every month. Price per annum, \$1 25.

In advance. Subscriptions and communications (post paid) will be received by Judah Dobson, Agent, No. 108 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Subscribers at a distance will discover, that the difficulty in remitting the amount of a single subscription will be obviated by any four of them sending on five dollars to the agent. Those to whom this may not be convenient, can receive sixteen numbers of the work by remitting a dollar to the same person.

The Journal of Health including index, will form at the end of the year a volume of 400 pages octavo.

Agents: J. Dobson, 108 Chestnut St. Philadelphia; W. G. N. L. Baltimore; Wm. Burgess, 97 Fulton street, N. York; Carter & Hender, Boston; and in most of the towns in the United States.

A Specimen of the Work may be seen at this Office—

Nov 19

Anne Arundel County, Ct.

UPON application to Anne Arundel County Court, by petition in writing, of David Ridgely, of said county, for the benefit of the act of Assembly, entitled An act, for the relief of insolvent debtors passed at November session 1825, & the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, as far as he can ascertain them, on oath, being annexed to his said petition, and being satisfied that the said petitioner, hath resided in the state of Maryland, for two years, next preceding the date of his said petition; and being also satisfied by the certificate of the Sheriff of Anne Arundel County, that the said David Ridgely, is now in his custody for debt, and for no other cause; and the said petitioner having taken the oath prescribed by law, and entered into bond with security for his appearance in Anne Arundel County Court, on the third Monday of April next, to answer such allegations as his creditors may propose to him, and having also executed to a trustee by the said Court, appointed a good and sufficient deed, for all his property, real, personal and mixed, the necessary wearing apparel, and bedding of himself, and family excepted, and delivered the same to the said trustee, and the said trustee having also executed a bond for the faithful discharge of his trust, and certified the delivery into his hands, of all the property of the said petitioner, mentioned in his schedule; it is, therefore, ordered and adjudged, by the said Court, that the said David Ridgely, be discharged from the custody of the sheriff of said county, and that the said petitioner by causing a copy of this order, to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, for three months successively, before the said third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors, to be, and appear at the day and place, to show cause if any they have, why the said David Ridgely should not have the benefit of the act of assembly, and supplements aforesaid as prayed.

Jan 7 3w

Wm. B. Green.

Notice.

The Subscriber having obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of William H. Stinchcomb, late of said county, deceased, all persons having claims against said deceased are desired to present them legally authenticated, and all persons indebted to said deceased, are required to make immediate payment to

RICHARD H. MERRICK, Administrator.

Nov 26 12

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his Office to the House contiguous to his residence in Prince George's street, near the Dock

JAMES MURRAY.

Nov 26 3w

FOR RENT.

THE HOUSE in Corn Hill, lately in the occupation of Mr. Richard Ridgely. For terms enquire of Mr. Richard Ridgely.
Dec 10

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

ORDERED by the Court, That the creditors of Benedict Johnson, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, be and appear before the court at Leonard-Town, St. Mary's county, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit.

True copy. JO HARRIS, Clerk

of St. Mary's county court.
Dec 10 3m

CAUTION TO HUNTERS, &c.

ALL persons are forewarned Hunting, Gunning, or in any way trespassing, on the Farms, north side of Severn, now in the occupation of the subscriber, and formerly belonging to Dr. William Hammond, and the late Allen Warfield. The law will be strictly enforced on all who may offend.

RICHARD CRISP.

Dec 17.

GEORGE SCHWARAR, BAKER.

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public for the encouragement which he has experienced at their hands, and avails himself of this method to inform them that he has provided an ample supply of the very best materials to manufacture

Bread, Biscuits, Crackers and Cakes.

Unremitting attention shall be continued.

CAKES AND BISCUITS

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. LXXXV.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1830.

NO. 7.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

JONAS GREEN,

Church-Street, Annapolis.

PRICE—THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

SENATE.

Monday, February 8, 1830.

The senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Herbert, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to revive and extend the charter of the Planters' Bank of Prince-George's county, so as to enable the institution gradually to wind up its affairs. The said bill was then read a second and third time, passed, and returned to the house.

Mr. Kennedy, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to regulate the manner of granting out county pensions for Anne-Arundel county, with an amendment; which bill and amendment was read passed, and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Heath presented a memorial from William Patterson, and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of a law relating to public executions; which was read, and referred to Messrs. Heath Lloyd and Smith.

Mr. Heath, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to prevent the unnecessary accumulation of costs upon state fines. The said bill was then read a second time, rejected, and returned to the house of delegates.

On motion by Mr. Heath, the engrossed bill, entitled, An act to continue an act, passed at Dec. session, 1813, entitled, An act to incorporate the Patapsco Insurance Company; was read a third time and passed.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivered a bill, entitled, An act to make transcripts from the books of Inspectors of Tobacco, legal evidence in the courts of this state; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Herbert, Smith and Harrison.

Also, a bill, entitled, An act to provide for the collection of the public revenue; which was read the first time and referred to the committee on ways and means.

The senate then adjourned.

Tuesday, February 9th, 1830

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Heath from the committee on Internal Improvement, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to authorise the New Castle and Frenchtown Turnpike Company, to make a rail road from Frenchtown, on Elk river, to the Delaware line, in a direction towards New Castle. The said bill was then read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Rees, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Lloyd from the committee on Ways and Means, made a favourable report upon the resolution authorising an appropriation for furniture and repairs of the government house. The said resolution was then read a second and by special order a third time, assented to, and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Heath from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to prevent unnecessary accumulation of costs on all actions or suits at law, in the county courts of this state.

The said bill was then read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Dennis, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Heath from the committee, made an unfavourable report upon the bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to regulate the fees of certain officers. The said bill was then read a second and by special order a third time, rejected, and returned to the house of delegates.

On motion of Mr. Kennedy, the Senate according to the order of the day, proceeded to the consideration of the bill, entitled, An act to abolish imprisonment for debt.

The bill having been read throughout and amended, and after some discussion, the question was put, Shall the bill as amended, be engrossed for a third reading.

Determined in the negative. So the Senate refused to order the bill to be engrossed.

On motion of Mr. Rees, the bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to authorise the New Castle and Frenchtown Turnpike Company, to make a Rail Road from Frenchtown, on Elk River, to the Delaware line, in a direction towards New Castle, was read a third time by special order and passed.

The Clerk of the House of Delegates delivered the following bills.

A bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Hagerstown Beneficial Society, which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Kennedy, Sewell and Rees.

A bill entitled an act to provide for the counting of Staves, and heading in this State, which was read the first time and referred to Messrs. Dennis, Heath and Harrison.

The Senate then adjourned.

Wednesday, Feb. 10, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Herbert from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make a Turnpike Road from the line of the District of Columbia, where it crosses the road leading from Georgetown to Fredericktown through Montgomery and Frederick counties, to Fredericktown, passed at November session 1805. The said bill was then read a second, and by special order a third time, passed, and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Lloyd from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to abolish the Levy Court and provide for the election, by the people, of Commissioners of Talbot county.

Mr. Dennis from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate a Bank, to be called by the name of The Bank of Salisbury.

The said bill was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Kennedy the said bill was made the order of the day for to-morrow.

Mr. Herbert from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to appoint commissioners for the improvement of the navigation of Piscataway creek, in Prince-George's county, so as to facilitate the transportation of tobacco from the warehouse situate thereon. The said bill was then read a second time.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivered a bill, entitled, An act to abolish all such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state, as provide for the election of delegates to the general assembly of Maryland, from each of the several counties of this state, and two from the city of Annapolis, and also, all such parts thereof as provide for the election of the senate of Maryland, by electors, and the mode of filling vacancies in that body; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Lloyd, Heath, and Herbert.

Mr. Smith presented a petition from H. H. Hayden, and others, stockholders of the Temascaltepec Mining Company, of Baltimore, praying the passage of a law confirming the election of the officers of said company; which was read and referred to Messrs. Heath, Smith, and Harrison.

Mr. Smith from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to promote the preservation, improvement, and increase of shell-fish, in this state.

The said bill was then read a second time.

Mr. Lloyd from the committee on ways & means, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to provide for the collection of the public revenue. The said bill was then read a second time, when, after some discussion, Mr. Harrison moved that the bill be laid on the table; and the question was put, and determined in the affirmative.

Mr. Heath presented a petition from Samuel Moore, and others, of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act to authorise the mayor and city council of Baltimore, to alter as they may deem proper the grade of Johnson, Henry, William, and Hughe's streets, in said city; which was read and referred to Messrs. Heath, Smith, and Kennedy.

The senate adjourned.

Thursday, Feb. 11.

The senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The President laid before the senate a communication from the President of the Washington and Baltimore Turnpike Road Company, enclosing an abstract of the accounts of said company, in conformity to the directions of the act of assembly, passed at Nov. session, 1812, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make a Turnpike road from the District of Columbia to the city of Baltimore, which was read and referred to the consideration of the house of delegates.

Mr. Herbert, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to provide for the re-building or repairing a certain bridge therein mentioned. The said bill was read a third time, passed, and returned to the house of delegates.

On motion of Mr. Herbert, the bill, entitled, An act to appoint commissioners for the improvement of the navigation of Piscataway creek, in Prince-George's county, so as to facilitate the transportation of tobacco from the warehouse situate thereon, was read a third time, passed, and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Heath, from the committee, reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the stockholders of the Temascaltepec Mining Company of Baltimore, which was read the first time.

On motion of Mr. Harrison, the bill, entitled, An act to provide for the payment of witnesses summoned at the instance of the State of Maryland, was read a third time, and the question put, Shall the bill pass? Determined in the negative.

The senate adjourned.

Friday February 12th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The bill entitled an act to incorporate the Baltimore Sugar Refining Company, passed by the Senate yesterday, was sent to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Herbert from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to repeal the third section of an act, entitled an act for the revaluation of the assen-

sable property in Prince-George's county, passed at December session, 1814, chapter 38, and for other purposes. The said bill was then read a second time.

Mr. Herbert from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to appoint a trustee for the benefit of Haswell M. Moran, of Prince-George's county.

The said bill was then read a second, and by special order, a third time, passed with the proposed amendments, and returned to the House of Delegates.

On motion of Mr. Dennis, the Senate resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate a bank, to be called by the name of the bank of Salisbury.

The bill having been read throughout and amended, the question was put, shall the bill as amended pass? Determined in the affirmative.

The Clerk of the House of Delegates delivered a resolution in favour of Sarah Magee, of Saint Mary's county, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, a resolution, in favour of Edward Smith, of Dorchester county, which was read the first time, and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, a bill, entitled, An act to lay out and open a road, from Harness old field, in Baltimore county, to Lisbon in Anne Arundel county, which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Smith, Sewell and Heath.

Mr. Kennedy asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, An act relating to fines and forfeitures.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kennedy, Harrison and Dennis, be a committee to prepare and report the same.

Mr. Kennedy from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act for the relief of John L. Hawkins, of Charles county.

The said bill was then read a second and by special order a third time, and passed.

Mr. Heath from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act supplementary to the act, entitled, An act authorising the appointing inspectors and wood corders, and to regulate the cording of fire wood brought by water to the city of Baltimore for sale.

The said bill was then read a second and by special order a third time, and passed.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, ten o'clock.

Saturday, February 13, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the engrossed bill, entitled A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the stockholders of Temascaltepec Mining company, of Baltimore, was read a third time by special order, passed, and sent to the House of Delegates.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the engrossed bill, entitled, An act to amend the law in relation to pleading in certain cases, was read the third time, passed, and sent to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Heath, from the committee made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to authorise and empower the Mayor and city council of the city of Baltimore to extend open, and condemn a certain alley therein mentioned.

The said bill was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the engrossed bill, entitled, An additional supplement to the act for enlarging the powers of the Chancery court, was read a third time by special order, passed, and sent to the House of Delegates.

On motion of Mr. Sewell, the bill, entitled An additional supplement to the act relating to sheriffs, and for other purposes, passed at December session 1813, ch. 102, was read a third time, rejected, and returned to the House of Delegates.

On motion of Mr. Rees, the resolution in favour of the widow of the late Rezin Simpson, who was a pensioner of the State, was recommitted to the committee on Pensions & Revolutionary Claims.

Mr. Rees, from the committee on Pensions and Revolutionary Claims, to whom was re-committed the resolution in favour of the widow of the late Rezin Simpson, who was a pensioner of the state, made a favourable report thereon. The said resolution was then read a second, and by special order, a third time, assented to, and returned to the House of Delegates.

The clerk of the House of Delegates delivered a resolution relative to the re-binding, repairing, or transcribing certain land record books of Prince-George's county; which was read the first time, and referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

Also, a bill entitled, An additional supplement, to the act, entitled, An act to amend the lottery system; which was read the first time, and referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Heath offered the following message, which was read and assented to.

By the Senate February 13th, 1830.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

The Senate have received your message stating that the accumulation of business in your honourable body, since the adoption of the resolution for the adjournment of the Legislature, together with the enquiry into the state of the judges of the sixth judicial district, renders it impossible to adjourn to-day, with a proper regard to the public interest, and proposing to rescind the joint resolution upon the subject.

To this proposition the senate, accede; they take leave, however, to observe, that the state of the business before the Senate, is such, as to enable it to adjourn within the time originally appointed, and the Senate indulge the hope, that the condition of the business before your honourable body, will enable you to fix an early day for the adjournment.

By order Louis Cassaway, Clk.

The Senate adjourned until Monday morning 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Wednesday, February 10, 1830.

The house met at 10 o'clock pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Stewart presented a petition of Julian Gambrell, of Anne-Arundel county, praying that a law may pass authorising the commissioners of said county to allow her some pecuniary aid for the support of herself and children; which was referred to the committee on county pensions.

Mr. Hunt presented a petition of Thomas L. Usher, an imprisoned debtor in Baltimore county jail, praying for a special act of insolvency, providing for his release; which was referred to the committee on insolvency.

Mr. Turner of Baltimore county, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Frederick counties, praying for the passage of a law, authorising certain commissioners to lay out and open a road, commencing at the Liberty road in Baltimore county, at a stone standing between the lands of Israel Rineheart and Palatia Gorsuch, and running by the most practicable route, in the manner therein particularly described, to a county road on the west side of George Warfield's farm in Frederick county; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Turner of Baltimore county, Shriver and Johnson.

Mr. Henrix presented a petition of James Gaskins, of Talbot county, praying compensation from the state for apprehending and bringing to justice a certain Dixon alias Waffers, who was convicted and sentenced to the Maryland Penitentiary for five years for kidnapping a certain negro boy therein named; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Henrix, Hughlett, Denny, Dudley and Steele.

Mr. Hynson presented a petition of Duncan Stone, of Kent county, an alien, praying that an act may pass authorising him to hold real estate in this state; which was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Hynson, Osborn and Travilla.

On motion of Mr. Hunt, it was Ordered, That the memorial of John Diffenderfer and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying a repeal of the existing laws in relation to the guaging of casks, and inspection of domestic distilled liquors, and the re-enactment of the laws repealed at December session 1827, presented to the last house of delegates on the 18th day of February 1829, and which was then referred to the committee on inspections, be again referred to said committee of this house.

On motion by Mr. Boyer, it was, Ordered, That the committee on claims be directed to close the journal of accounts up to the 15th inst. inclusive.

Mr. Hope moved the following preamble and resolution: Whereas the books and papers of the late Auditor General's office, contain accounts of the confiscated lands in this state, sold by the intendand of the revenue; and are otherwise directly or indirectly connected with the land office—which is therefore their suitable depository.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it be the duty of the Register of the Land Office, for the western shore, and he is hereby required to take immediate possession and charge of the said books and papers, and to furnish to those who shall apply for it, information of their contents, charging and receiving therefor, as for like services heretofore rendered officially.

Which was read the first and second time, assented to and sent to the senate for concurrence.

Mr. Shriver, from the select committee, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act to revive an act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make a Turnpike road from Westminster, in Frederick county, through Harman's Gap to Hagerstown, in Washington county.

Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, chairman of the committee on inspections, reported a bill, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act respecting hay and straw brought for sale to the city of Baltimore; passed Dec. session, 1818, chap. 125.

The said bills were severally read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

The bill reported by Mr. Gantt on the 4th inst. entitled, An act for the rebuilding or repairing a certain bridge therein mentioned, was taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed without amendment, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

The bill reported by Mr. Orrell on the 25th ultimo, entitled, An act to abolish all such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state, as provide for the election of four delegates to the general assembly of Maryland from each of the several counties of this state, and two from the city of Annapolis; and also all such parts thereof as provide for the election of the senate of Mary-

land by electors, and the mode of filling vacancies in that body, was taken up for consideration, in just turn; when,

On motion by Mr. Orrell, the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole houses for the purpose of considering said bill; and after some time spent therein the speaker resumed the chair, when Mr. Thomas the Chairman, reported that the committee, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and having come to no resolution thereon, he was directed to report the bill to the house, without amendment, and to ask that the committee be discharged from the further consideration thereof.

The committee of the whole house was accordingly discharged.

Thursday, February 11th.

The house met. Were present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Stewart presented a petition of Elizabeth Knight, of Anne-Arundel county, praying for pecuniary relief by a county assessment, whereby she may be enabled to support herself and children; which was referred to the committee on county pensions.

Mr. Moores presented a petition of a number of citizens of Baltimore and Harford counties, praying the passage of a law requiring the commissioners of said county, respectively, to levy money sufficient to build a bridge over the little Gunpowder Falls, at Lee's Mill; which was referred to Messrs. Turner, of Baltimore county, Buchanan, Sutton, Johns, Hope and Ely.

Mr. Evans, from the committee to which had been referred the petition of the President, Directors and Stockholders of the Elkton Bank of Maryland, praying for the incorporation of another banking institution at that place, to be called the Cecil County Bank; and which should be obliged by their charter to wind up the affairs of the first mentioned bank; delivered an unfavourable report thereon, which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

The speaker presented to the house a memorial of Thomas Kennedy, formerly State's Agent for the western shore, in relation to his account with the state; which was read and referred to the committee on ways and means.

On motion by Mr. Oldson, it was, Ordered, That the committee on internal improvement be requested to inquire into the practicability and expediency of improving the navigation of Chester River, from Sutton's Point Bar to the town of Millington, a distance of five or six miles.

Mr. Done had leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, An additional supplement to the act, relating to sheriffs. Messrs. Done, Baskirk, Nicholas, Grason and Jenifer, were appointed a committee to prepare and report said bill.

Mr. Grason had leave to bring in a bill, to provide for the support of schools in Queen-Anne's county, and to withdraw the funds from the academy in Centreville. Messrs. Grason, Oldson and Sudler, were appointed a committee to prepare and report the same.

Mr. Johas had leave to bring in a bill to prevent the statute of limitation in certain cases therein mentioned. Messrs. Johns, Sutton and Steele, were appointed a committee to prepare and report the same.

Mr. Kinzer, from the select committee, reported a bill, entitled, An act to regulate the vending of salt in this state; which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

The house then adjourned.

Friday, February 12th, 1830.

The house met at 10 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

The bill passed by this house on Wednesday, entitled, An additional supplement to the act of December session 1827, chap. 117, entitled, An act to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries and others, was sent to the Senate for concurrence.

The Speaker laid before the house a report from the justices of the Orphans' court of Prince-George's county of their proceedings for 1829, in relation to the school fund of that county; exhibiting a statement of its application, made in obedience to an act of assembly entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the distribution of a certain fund, for the purpose of establishing free schools in the several counties therein mentioned; which report was referred to the committee on Education.

Mr. Hope presented a petition of Ann Turner, of Harford county, praying that the President and Directors of the Baltimore and Havre-de-Grace Turnpike Road company may be compelled to remunerate certain damages sustained by reason of the opening of said road through her land; the said President and Directors having refused to pay the said damages; which petition was referred to the committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. Shriver presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying for the passage of a supplementary act to an act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, whereby the location of a certain road therein mentioned, which had been laid out and opened in virtue of said act, may be altered and changed in the manner described in said petition, which was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Shriver, Dorsey and Kinzer.

Mr. Evans presented a petition of the president and directors of the Elkton Bank, of Maryland, praying that a law may be passed authorising the stockholders of said bank

to take charge of all the effects of the bank, and to appoint two persons as trustees to settle up the affairs thereof, and that the said bank may be released from the payment of the state tax of twenty cents in the hundred dollars, amounting annually to two hundred and twenty dollars; which petition was referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Evans, Comery and Creswell.

Mr. Done, on leave granted for the purpose, reported a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of the heirs of John Stevens; which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Teackle, it was Ordered, That the order adopted by this house on instant, directing the committee on claims to close the journal of accounts up to the 15th inst. inclusive, be and the same is hereby rescinded.

On motion by Mr. Hood, the house proceeded to the consideration of the bill, entitled, An act to lay out and open a road from Harne's Old Field, in Baltimore county, to Lisbon, in Anne-Arundel county; and being read the second time, it was passed without amendment, and sent to the senate for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Wells, the house proceeded to consider the bill reported by him on the 4th inst. entitled, An act to exempt the property of the corporation of the city of Annapolis used for public purposes, from taxation. And on motion of Mr. — the said bill was again laid on the table.

The house proceeded to the consideration of the bill reported by Mr. Jenifer on the 29th ult. entitled, An act to alter and amend the 25th article of the constitution and form of government of this state, so as to elect the governor for three years instead of one, as at present provided; which had been made the order of the day for Friday last the 5th inst. and it was read the second time. After some debate thereon the question was put, shall this bill pass? And it was determined in the negative. Yeas 13, Nays 35.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bills of the house of the following titles:

An act to incorporate the Hagerstown Beneficial society; endorsed, will pass with the proposed amendment.

An act to appoint a trustee for the benefit of Haswell M. Moran, of Prince-George's county; endorsed, will pass with the proposed amendments. The amendment to the first, and the amendments to the last mentioned bill, was read the first and second time, and severally assented to.

Ordered, That the said bills and amendments be severally engrossed.

An act to provide for the payment of witnesses summoned at the instance of the state of Maryland. Auk.

An act for the relief of Robert Wilson, an insolvent debtor, a citizen of the state of Ohio; severally endorsed, will not pass.

And delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, of the following title:

A supplement to the act, entitled, An act for amending and reducing into system the laws and regulations concerning last wills and testaments, the duties of executors, administrators and guardians, and the rights of orphans and other representatives of deceased persons; which was read and referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

Saturday, February 13, 1830.

The house met at ten o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Hunt presented a memorial of Rossiter Scott, and others, dealers in flour, of the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act authorizing the appointment of an additional flour inspector in said city.

Mr. Thomas of St. Mary's, chairman of the committee on internal improvement, to which the subject had been referred, reported a bill, entitled, An act further to amend the act incorporating the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company.

The bill reported by Mr. Sutton on the 20th ultimo, entitled, An act to abolish all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the time and manner of electing the senate, and the mode of filling up vacancies in that body, so that each county, and the city of Baltimore, may have a senator, to be elected immediately by the people, was taken up for consideration. And on motion of Mr. — it was again ordered to lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Brookhart, the call of the house, (commenced by the clerk in reference to the bill, entitled, An act to abolish all and every such part of the constitution and form of government of this state, as relates to the appointment and tenure of office of registers of wills, and clerks of the county courts of this state, and suspended by the consideration of the orders of the day,) was resumed and completed.

The house then proceeded to consider said bill, and having been read throughout, the question was put, Shall this bill pass? And it was resolved in the affirmative. Yeas 38—Nays 27.

The house then adjourned until Monday morning nine o'clock.

In a letter from an English officer, published in a London paper of the 31st of December, we find this sketch of the slave-market at the Brazilian capital:—During the afternoon a large ship passed into the harbour, loaded with a cargo of 530 slaves, another with 348 had previously arrived during the week. This latter vessel passed close alongside on Saturday morning, and saw the long line slung between the two masts, crowded with children from seven to twelve years of age. They were naked, and apparently in good health and spirits. The deaths during the voyage in the large vessel amounted to 40, and in the smaller to 10. The price of a new-born slave, in good condition, here, is about 250 sterling—a high price, occasioned by the demand arising from the stipulated termination of the trade in February, 1830, according to a treaty made with England. The

Emperor, however, who derives a considerable portion of his revenues from a duty on the importations, amounting to £5 per head, is making great efforts to obtain an extension of the period.—The number of slaves imported into this town (Rio) last year was 40,000, and doubtless the misery inflicted must have been great. I am, however, of opinion that this traffic is carried on in a system as mild (if such a term can be applicable to it) as its horrid nature permits. The condition of the slaves here does not appear to be a peculiarly hard one, they are not, apparently, overworked. They seem generally well made, and their naked shoulders, well-expressed muscular form, fine polished skins, often put one in mind of an antique bronze statue. A gentleman, whom I had met at —, kindly conducted me to the street inhabited principally by the slave-merchants. We entered several of the magazines, and saw probably nearly 1,000 exposed for sale. Four fifths are children of all ages, from five to fourteen, they being preferred on account of their greater docility than the full grown men or women.

The wretched creatures in one magazine were in a dreadfully emaciated state, some being merely living skeletons. Of course, I attributed their difference of condition to the comparatively mild or cruel treatment to which they had been subject during their transmission here. They wear a narrow piece of blue striped calico round the loins, and some of the females a handkerchief over the bosom and another on the head. They appeared generally pleased if noticed, their eyes glistening when ordered to stand up for examination. One purchase was made in my presence, of five females and four male children. The purchaser walks round the different groups who were standing, sitting on benches, or squatting on their hams, and having seen one which he thinks will answer, beckons, and the slave is removed to a corner of the apartment. The number being completed, they are brought in a line to the light, when they are thoroughly examined, beginning with the teeth, then the beard, if a male, nose, trills, eyes, arms, legs, and all over; the flesh is felt and kneaded, in order to judge of its muscular texture. If approved, they are generally clad with new garments, and marched away. A little girl of eight or nine, was examined, by my curiosity, by my guide.

She was asked by a slave, who performed the part of interpreter, if she would like me for a master, and I believe, answered in the affirmative; and whilst undergoing the examination, the agitation of the bosom and change the colour of her face (the flush of blood being distinctly visible) showed intense feelings; and I pleased myself with the idea that more of hope than fear prevailed. I sincerely wish the poor little wretch a good master. The price asked for the child above mentioned was 440 milreas, equal to about 50l. stg.

PIRACY.

An American Captain, of the ship Eleanor Dickenson, arrived at Havre, reports that on the 19th of October last, when in lat. 20, lon. 34, he was boarded by a piratical galliot, armed with three guns, and having a crew of about sixty men of all nations. The pirates ordered the American Captain to come along side, as they wished to examine his papers. On his refusal they fired into him, and the Captain now seeing the impossibility of defending his vessel, suffered them to come up. The galliot then launched a boat, manned by twelve ill-dressed ill-looking fellows, armed with pistols and pinnards. They boarded the American ship, pistol in hand, and demanded the Captain's money, threatening to blow out his brains if he did not instantly obey. The Captain, after some hesitation, directed the cabin boy to point to them his chest, which was full of dollars. The pirates, not content with this, plundered every thing, inflicting sabre cuts on the crew and captain. Having ransacked the vessel, these most disagreeable visitors returned to the galliot, to the no small satisfaction of the unfortunate crew, on whom they had bestowed their attention. The piratical galliot has her masts very short and painted white; the hull is painted green with white streaks.—French Paper.

SWEARING.

There is a great deal of hard swearing that does not come under the definition of perjury and every one who does not think it sinful or low has his own peculiar kind of oath.—Acres believed that 'damns had their day,' but the vipers have revived, and are now as common and as genteel as ever.

Sailors' oaths are, like his other vices, founded on a reckless indifference of himself and they prove the saying that he is no one's enemy but his own, for a sailor, when he would bear down upon another, utters the most exterminating curses on himself, and his favourite mode of expression is to anathematize his own bloody eyes.

The Yankee has a sneaking way of swearing, which may be a phrase of his own cunning, thinking to offend the spirit of the law, while he escapes the letter, hence the transmutation, of an oath till it is softened down, to a simple 'tarnation.'

But the most bitter and the awful profanity is among the river boatmen of the west. They are not satisfied with the most tremendous oaths, but must mix their denunciation with so much levity and quaintness, that a youth is easily led astray by what is witty while its wicked.

The horns of the swearer's dilemma are grievous: for he is either depraved or low, or what is more probable, he is both. The best man that ever used a needless oath, would probably shrink from teaching his child to lisp on the same unhallowed way; so that he cannot conceal from himself that it had better be dropped than followed.

The Mayor of New-York has offered a reward of five hundred dollars for the apprehension of the person or persons concerned in the abduction of Miss Gordon.

A MODERN BARNWELL.

It is not many weeks since a mercantile house in Pearl-street, New-York, stopped in consequence of the depredations of a clerk upon the goods in the store. And in the course of the investigations which followed it, it was ascertained that these depredations had been committed to a very large amount, and were connected with habits of irregularity and dissipation of a frightful description. The culprit belonged to an ancient family of great respectability in this state; and from his own confession on detection, and discoveries since made, it appears that the amount of his robberies of the confiding employer was from six to eight thousand dollars in as many months.—He seems to have kept a seraglio, and to have lived in habits of extravagance and dissipation vying with a Fountleroy. We have seen a list of articles, in his confession, written by himself, which he gave in one evening to a favourite mistress, whom he shipped for Charleston, amounting to nearly three hundred dollars. And to supply himself with money, he took goods and sold them to merchant tailors, and others. It is believed from the disclosures made, that he was but one of a gang of thirty-three young men, all clerks, at salaries of about four hundred a year each, who have been living during the past year much in the same way, and whose extravagance must have been, and probably now is, supported in like manner from their employers. It is time for employers to look at the morals of their clerks, as well as to their mercantile education. An apparent attention to their business, during business hours, though commendable as far as it goes, should by no means satisfy the employer. He should know how his clerks spend their evenings, and where. We are told that the billiard tables—those, too, at our most respectable hotels,—have been the first schools in vice and profligacy, in which the young reprobates, of whom we have spoken above have been taught. These are attended constantly, and to overflowing, by the associates of the youth, a section of whose history we have just been writing; and who was a few weeks since, the most liberal and reckless of the throng.

N. Y. Spectator.

From the Pittsburg Intelligencer.

A VILLAIN CAUGHT.

Emmanuel Phillips, who, it will be recollected, deceived a respectable family in this city during the last summer, by passing himself as a single gentleman and marrying an unsuspecting lady in said family—and who, on the discovery of his villainy, escaped from justice, has lately been acting his deception over again at Cincinnati, where he took another wife—but where he has not managed matters with his usual success, being now safe in 'durance,' to wait the reward of his villainy.

MORE HINTS TO PEOPLE OF MODERATE FORTUNE.

That a thorough, religious, useful education is the best security against misfortune, disgrace and poverty, is universally believed and acknowledged; and to this we add the firm conviction, that when poverty comes (as it sometimes will) upon the prudent, the industrious, and the well informed,—a judicious education is all powerful in enabling them to endure the evils it cannot always prevent. A mind full of piety and knowledge is always rich—it is a bank that never fails—it yields a perpetual dividend of happiness.

In a late visit to the alma-house at —, we saw a remarkable evidence of the truth of this doctrine. Mrs. — was early left an orphan. She was educated by an uncle and aunt, both of whom had attained the middle age of life. Theirs was an industrious, well ordered and cheerful family. Her uncle was a man of sound judgment, liberal feelings, and great knowledge of human nature. This he showed by the education of the young people under his care. He allowed them to waste no time; every moment must be spent in learning something or in doing something. He encouraged an entertaining lively style of conversation, but discountenanced all remarks about persons, families, dress, and engagements; he used to say parents were not aware how such topics frittered away the minds of young people, and what inordinate importance they learned to attach to them, when they heard them constantly talked about.

In his family, Sunday was a happy day—for it was made a day of religious instruction, without any unnatural constraint upon the gaiety of the young. The Bible was the text book—the places mentioned in it were traced on maps—the manners and customs of different nations were explained—curious phenomena in the natural history of those countries were read—in a word, every thing was done to cherish a spirit of humble, yet earnest inquiry. In this excellent family Mrs. — remained till her marriage. In the course of fifteen years, she lost her uncle, her aunt and her husband. She was left destitute; but supported herself comfortably by her own exertions, and retained her respect and admiration of a large circle of friends. Thus she passed her life in cheerfulness and honour during ten years; at the end of that time, her humble residence took fire, from an adjoining house, in the night time, and she escaped by jumping from the chamber window. In consequence of the injury received by this fall, her right arm was amputated, and her right leg became entirely useless. Her friends were very kind and attentive; and for a short time she consented to live on their bounty; but aware that the claims on private charity are very numerous, she, with the genuine independence of a strong mind, resolved to avail herself of the public provision for the helpless poor. The name of going to the alma-house had nothing terrifying or disgraceful to her; for she had been taught that conduct is the real standard of respectability. She is there, with a heart full of thankfulness

to the Giver of all things; she is patient, pious and uniformly cheerful. She instructs the young, encourages the old, and makes herself delightful to all, by her various knowledge, and entertaining conversation. Her character reflects dignity on her situation; and those who visit the establishment come away with sentiments of respect and admiration for this voluntary resident of the almshouse.

What a contrast is afforded by the character of the woman, who occupies the room next to hers. She is so indolent and filthy that she can with difficulty be made to attend to her own personal comfort; and even the most patient are worn out with her perpetual fretfulness. Her mind is continually infested with envy, hatred and discontent. She thinks Providence has dealt hardly with her—that all the world are proud and ungrateful—and that every body despises her because she is in the alma-house. This pitiable state of mind is the natural result of her education.

Her father was a respectable mechanic, and might have been a wealthy one, had he not been fascinated by the beauty of a thoughtless, idle, showy girl, whom he made his wife. The usual consequences followed—he could not earn money so fast as she could spend it; the house became a scene of discord—the daughter dressed in the fashion, learned to play on the piano,—was taught to think that being engaged in any useful employment was very ungentle, and that to be engaged to be married was the chief end and aim of woman,—the father died a bankrupt—the weak and frivolous mother lingered along in beggary, for a while, and then died of vexation and shame.

The friends of the family were very kind to the daughter; but her extreme indolence, her vanity, pertness and ingratitude finally exhausted the kindness of the most generous and forbearing; and as nothing could induce her to personal exertion, she was at length obliged to take shelter in the alma-house.—Here her misery is incurable. She has so long been accustomed to think dress and parade the necessary elements of happiness, that she despises all that is done for her comfort; her face has settled into an expression that looks like an embodied growl; every body is tired of listening to her complaints; and even the little children run away when they see her coming.

May not those who have children to educate, learn a good lesson from these women? Those who have wealth have recently had many and bitter lessons to prove how suddenly riches may take to themselves wings; and those who certainly have but little to leave, should indeed beware how they bestow upon their children the accursed inheritance of indolent and extravagant habits.

Massachusetts Journal.

INFIDELITY.

There are few—very few, of those who profess to disbelieve the existence of an overruling God who are sincere and perfectly at ease in their faith. There are moments of searching doubt and gloomy disquietude, in the life of every infidel—moments, when the awfulness of an unprepared for eternity—and the horrors which await upon sin, unrepented and unrepented, pass before the mind of the disbeliever, in all their tremendous magnitude, shaking the fabric of his opinions, and awakening in his bosom the consciousness of guilt; and "a fearful looking for; of judgment and fiery indignation."

Surrounded by his deluded companions, the infidel may rejoice in his imaginary freedom, exult that he has thrown off the shackles of Christianity, and the restraint of civilized society and moral obligation; his voice may be loud at the midnight revel, and the applause of an intoxicated club may follow long and vehement, upon his harangue of licentiousness and blasphemy. But when he is alone, and the wild excitement is over—when the very stars are looking down like eyes of reprobation upon his pathway, and the shadowed image of Divinity is abroad, and visible upon Earth and Ocean, and in the gathering together of the innumerable stars—then are the curses which he has sent up against his Maker, returned like living coals upon his bosom.

Among the master spirits of Infidelity, the illustrious Byron was conspicuous. His favourite associates were professed and shameless deriders of the precepts of Christianity and its Divine Author. Yet he never felt himself secure. He was haunted throughout by a secret doubt—a gnawing of conscience—an unescapable fear of the realities of the religion which he contemned. It was impossible for a spirit like that of Byron, to hold fast the dark and terrible creed, which he professed—it felt too deeply the beauty and exceeding holiness of the visible things of the Universe to doubt of its Creator.

And Shelley too—the intimate friend of Byron—desperate and abandoned as he was—could never shake off the thick doubts which continually gathered around him. As if haunted by a demon, from whom he would vainly escape, he fled from one scene of dissipation to another—from one country to another—seeking an oblivion for the memory of his guilt and finding none. He could not deceive himself. The glorious gift of intellect with which his God had blest him, revolted at the dark and cheerless philosophy which turned its greenness and beauty into a mental desert.

There is much in the history of this man's life to convince a rational mind of the utter worthlessness of intellectual power, and extended knowledge, when united with a depraved heart. With all the glorious feelings of high and beautiful poetry, with an imagination which went upward to the stars—gifts, which if rightly applied might have placed their possessor among the "hall spirits" to whom the great multitude do homage—he died as he had lived, with a cloud upon his soul, and the seal of infamy upon his memory.—Satan's Gazette.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, February 18, 1830.

HYMENEAL.

Married, on Thursday evening last, in Anne-Arundel county, by the Rev. James Sewell, Dr. John Bloodgood Warr, of this city, to Miss Ann, second daughter of Richard Igleheart, sheriff of said county.

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

CECIL COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.

Frisby Henderson, William Mackey, John N. Black.

Inspector of Salted Fish for North East River Thomas Barnes.

For Susquehanna River.

William Orr.

Inspector of Lumber for Port Deposit.

Edward Evans.

Surveyor.

Henry Hollingsworth.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.

William O. Sprigg, George French, Henry Lewis.

Levy Court.

George Bruinbaugh, John H. Mann, David Cushman Lewis, Joseph West, James Grevie, Jacob Miller, Henry Lyday.

Surveyor.

Henry Price.

Inspector of Lumber at Williamsport.

Andrew Facaud.

Measurer of Coal at Do.

Charles Haseltine.

Notary Public at Hagerstown.

Frederick Humrickhouse.

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.

Thomas Wright, Thomas B. Turpin, Daniel C. Hopper.

Levy Court.

Solomon Scott, Valentine Bryan, George N. Newman, John Ridout, Edward Beck.

Surveyor.

John Hackett.

CAROLINE COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.

John Boone, Nathan Whitby, Peter Willis.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.

Henry Harding, Robert Wallace, John Adamson.

Levy Court.

Joshua Dorsey, Greenbury Griffith, (of Howard,) William C. Pearce, Burgess Willett, William D. Poole.

Surveyor.

William Cheswell.

FREDERICK COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.

Henry Kemp, John Leigenbeel, Nicholas Snyder.

Levy Court.

Adam Lorentz, George Zallinger, John H. Suimmons, Christian Getzlander, Jacob Weller, (B. S.) Jesse Slingauff, Frederick Cruba, William Shaw, Joseph Smith, Henry Smith, William H. Cannon.

Flour Inspector.

George Heckathorn.

Surveyor.

Horatio G. O'Neale.

Notaries Public.

Madison Nelson, Nicholas A. Randall, (Frederick) George Shriver, (Westminster).

Of the nominations lately made by the President, we understand that the following were confirmed by the Senate on Wednesday, 10th inst. namely.

Louis M. Lane, of Delaware, Minister to Great Britain.

Washington Irving, Secretary of Legation.

William C. Rice, of Virginia, Minister to France.

Charles C. Carroll, of Maryland, Secretary of Legation.

William P. Preble, of Maine, Minister to the Netherlands.

Cornelius P. Van Ness, of Vermont, Minister to Spain.

Augustus Duvzac, of Louisiana, Secretary of Legation.

J. C. Pickett, of Kentucky, Secretary of Legation to the Republic of Colombia.

James Duncan, to be Receiver of Public Monies at Washington, Mississippi.

William J. Duane, of Philadelphia, and James Campbell, of New York, to be Directors of the Bank of the United States.

The Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, has, we understand, determined upon establishing, within its jurisdiction, a College, in which a liberal education may be obtained. The Western Shore of Maryland, the southern part of Pennsylvania and the northern part of Virginia, are comprehended within the bounds of this Conference; and we learn, that the location of the College is contemplated at one of two points: either at Boonsborough, in Maryland, or at Leesburg, in Virginia. With a view to securing its location at Boonsborough, the citizens of that place are now engaged in procuring subscriptions conditioned upon its establishment there; and we understand that they have already obtained subscriptions to the amount of about \$3,000. As this institution is not to be conducted upon sectarian principles; and as its establishment in the county must necessarily afford facilities to its citizens and add to its wealth and character, it is to be hoped that a general and liberal effort may be made to accomplish that object by those of its inhabitants who have the means of exercising a judicious liberality.—Hagerstown Torch Light.

A General Naval Court Martial assembled in this city on Monday last for the trial of such officers as may be brought before it. The Court is composed as follows: Captain Charles G. Ridgely, President; Captain Joseph I. Nicholson, Captain Edmund P. Kennedy, Captain Thomas A. Catesby Jones, Master Commandant William B. Shubrick, Master Commandant Charles W. Morgan, Master Commandant Beverly Kennon, Lieutenant Isaac McKeever, Lieutenant Charles S. McCauley, Henry M. Moritt, Esq. Judge Advocate.

We are much concerned to hear, that a considerable number of officers of the higher ranks of the service—a larger number, we believe, than has often occurred at any time before—are now under arrest, and will probably receive their trials by the Court now convened.—Nat. Int.

Mr. Dorsey, from the committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill making provisions for the widows and representatives of the officers and crew of the Hornet. He was prevented from stating the provisions of the bill. We learn that it provides for a donation of six months' additional pay, and authorizes the accounting officers of the Navy to allow them their pay until the first of January last; and that that they may receive the bounty of the government promptly, he moved that it should be made the order of the day for to-morrow week, which was ordered according. 1b.

BRANDYWINE.
By the politeness of one of the officers of this frigate, we have been favoured with the following correct list of the officers going out in her.

Henry E. Ballard, Esq. Commander; Wm. E. McKenny, 1st Lieutenant; Harrison H. Cock, 2nd do; Richard S. Pinkney, 3d do; Alexander Bluffe, 4th do; George P. Upshur, 5th do; John Marshall, 6th do; Wm. Sinclair, 7th do; John Charlton, 8th do; Sailing Master; Neil M. Howison, Acting 2nd do; Wm. P. C. Barton, Surgeon; Milford Coulter, and G. Rodrick B. Hanger, Assistant Surgeons; John E. Hunt, Midshipman; Wm. F. Grymes; do; James P. Black, do; Edgar Irving, do; Stephen D. Black, do; Charles Heywood, do; Ralph A. Black, do; John B. Meigs, do; George E. Black, do; George T. Crump, do; Joshua H. Black, do; Montfort F. Stokes, do; Wm. Lewis, do; John Lewis, do; Ring, do; George F. Edmunds, do; Thurston M. Taylor, do; Robert F. Welsh, do; Joseph A. Underwood, do; Wm. S. Williamson, do; Peter Johnson, do; Thomas W. Magruder, do; Rogers Perry, do; Sawyer, Captain's Clerk; Boatman, James Evans; Gunner, John Ryder, Carpenter, Wm. E. Sheffield, Courier.

ANOTHER ABDUCTION.
On Saturday a lady of respectable appearance, named Mrs. T— applied to the magistrates for their assistance in searching for a young lady aged about seventeen, who had disappeared in a mysterious manner from her house. The lady stated that she had taken this young female when only five years old under her protection, and had her educated, and in all respects brought her up as her own child.

On Thursday evening the young lady disappeared, and Mrs. T— suspected a gentleman who holds a respectable office in the city, and who had been in the habit of visiting at her house during the last twelve months, to be the person who had taken her away. A warrant was immediately issued against this person, he was arrested, the charge was stated to him, and the magistrates told him he should be committed to prison until the matter was investigated; he replied that he should not be imprisoned until some proof could be exhibited against him, the magistrate, however, told him that the circumstances related, and sworn to by the old lady, were sufficient to warrant his detention.

The prisoner then stated that he had not carried the young lady away, but acknowledged that he knew who did, but was bound by his promise to that person, neither to reveal his name, nor the place in which the female was further mentioned that she is enceinte. The magistrate said he could pay no regard to any promise so given on the subject, and that he should detain him until the matter should be further investigated. The person, (whom we understand is a married man) was accordingly committed to prison.

We refrain from giving the names of the parties until the matter is entirely searched into by judicial investigation. N. E. J. of Com.

From the Pittsburgh Gazette.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.
An occurrence of the most distressing kind took place, on Friday last, at the Dowling Iron Works, adjoining this city. By some accident, unknown, E. Parry, the engineer, was caught in the wheels connected with the shaft of the fly or balance wheel, and before his situation was discovered, his body was ground to pieces, leaving nothing whole but his heart, hand, and a foot, to show that a human body had suffered.

A DREADFUL ACCIDENT.
Occurred in Ames township in this county, on the night of Saturday the 30th ult. About 10 o'clock a son of Daniel Phillips, who with three of the family had not retired to rest, heard the noise of an owl among the fowls roosting near the house, and taking his gun, supposed, if the rest would remain quiet without, he would endeavour to get a shot at the offender. Having crept to a corner of the house and fixed his aim, as he supposed, upon the bird on a tree, in the immediate range of the building, at the instant of firing, his sister, about 15 years of age, excited by natural curiosity, incautiously put her head out of a window for the purpose of observation, when, dreadful to relate, she received the

discharge in her head, just above the ear, which caused instantaneous death, without a struggle or a groan.—The event has caused deep distress to the family; the young man especially, though not the slightest blame attaches to his conduct, seems inconsolable, and nearly deprived of reason.

OBITUARY COMMUNICATED.

Died on Saturday the 13th instant, Master **EDWARD AUGUSTUS WELCH**, eldest son of Robert Welch, of Ben. Esq. of this city, after a long and painful illness, which he bore with great patience and unusual resignation for one so young. The subject of this obituary notice had not reached his nineteenth year, before the yet unsatisfied javelin of death had marked and seized him for his prey. Though young he had, by his many amiable and moral qualities, entwined himself around the affections of all who knew him. To his now bereaved parents he had ever been a truly dutiful and affectionate son, and promised fair to be the comfort of their declining years. But alas! in the midst of these promises and hopes, all the just expectations of his fond parents have been disappointed by the indiscriminating hand of death.

Though this affliction is severely felt by the parents and family of the deceased, they have every reason to believe, from the excellent, amiable and moral life led by him, united to the peaceful and happy state of mind with which he met the king of terrors, that his change has been for the better, and in the language of the first martyrs of our holy religion, exclaimed, "Lord Jesus receive my soul," and expired without a groan.

"He has gone to his God! he has gone to his home; No more amid peril and error to roam; His eyes are no longer dim; His feet will no more falter; No grief can follow him; No pang his cheek can alter. There are paleness and weeping, and sighs below; For our faith is faint, and our tears will flow; But the harps of heaven are ringing; Glad angels come to greet him; And hymns of joy are singing; While seraphs press to meet him. Oh! Edward beloved, to earth unconfin'd, Thou hast soared on high, thou hast left us behind; But our parting is not forever; We will follow thee by heaven's light; Where the grave cannot sever; The souls whom God will unite."

In this city, on Wednesday, 17th inst. Mr. **Rezin Baldwin**.

Departed this life, on Thursday morning last, at 3 o'clock, in the city of Baltimore, **Edward Hagthorn Bees**, son of Thomas and Catharine Bees.


To the Voters of Anne-Arundel county and City of Annapolis.

FELLOW CITIZENS,
At the solicitation of many of my friends I am induced to come before the public as a candidate for the Sheriffalty, at the ensuing election, and flatter myself if favoured with the confidence of a free and generous public, to discharge the duties incumbent on me with faithfulness and promptitude.

LEVI CHANEY.
MR. GREEN:—You are requested to say, that **BENJAMIN T. PINDLE** will be supported for the next Sheriffalty of Anne-Arundel county, by

MANY VOTERS.

FOR SALE, OR RENT.

 THE subscriber wishes to sell, or rent her present residence.

MARY STEELE.

Feb. 18.

ESTRAYS.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice, that she hath taken up two Stray Cattle, trespassing on her enclosure, near South River Bridge, which said cattle hath been trespassing as a fore-and, ever since the first part of May last, viz: One a Cow, red and white, with a crop on each ear; and a Bull, with a crop on each ear, and a salt in the right, & swallow fork in the left, the other a Bull yearling with the same marks, black or brindle, and white; the owner or owners of the said Cattle are requested to come forward prove property, pay charges and take them away.

Eleanor Woodfield

Feb. 18.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Subscriber of Saint Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Saint Mary's county, in Maryland letters of administration on the personal estate of Jesse Thompson, late of Saint Mary's county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 23d day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 23d day of January.

Thomas Thompson, Adm'r.

Feb. 18.

IN CHANCERY,

9th February, 1830.

ORDERED, That the sale made and reported by John W. Ringrose, trustee, in the case of Burditt vs. Fitchart, be ratified and confirmed unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the tenth day of April next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis once a week for three successive weeks before the tenth day of March next. The report names the amount of sales to be \$3175.

True copy. Test.

RAMSEY WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can.

Feb. 11

DANIEL HART
Informs his friends and the public generally, that he has on hand, a

Large and general assortment of GOODS

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, CHINA, CUT & PLAIN GLASS, QUEENSWARE, BUTTER, LARD, and FAMILY FLOUR

BACON & FISH

HERRINGS and MACKERELL, which he is disposed to sell at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

BOOK BINDING. In all its variety executed in the most approved manner.

BLANK BOOKS Of every description, made to order. Merchants' Ledgers, Journals, and Record Books, suitable for public offices.


Feb. 11.

NOTICE.

BY an order of the Honourable the Orphan's Court of Anne-Arundel county, will be exposed to Public Sale, on Wednesday, the 17th February next, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, Sunday excepted, and continued from day to day until all the property shall be disposed of, at the late residence of William H. Stinchcomb, deceased, (on the south side of the mouth of Magothy river, Broad Neck Anne Arundel county,) all the personal property of said deceased, consisting of very

VALUABLE NEGROES, (FOR LIFE.) HORSES, CATTLE.

Two Yoke of well bred OXEN,

 **SHEEP, HOGS, FODDER, CORN, BACON, Household and Kitchen Furniture, a large lot of Candles, the crop of Rye on the ground, and divers Farmers Utensils not enumerated.**

THE TERMS ARE,
For all sums of Twenty dollars and under, the cash to be paid upon the delivery of the property, and for all sums over twenty dollars, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

RICHARD H. MERRIKEN, Adm'r.

Feb. 11.

MARYLAND STATE

LOTTERY.

NO. 2, FOR 1830.

To be drawn under the superintendence of the Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Council, on

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21.

HIGHEST PRIZE,

8,000 DOLLARS.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	\$8,000	is	\$8,000
1 prize of	1,000	is	1,000
1 prize of	500	is	500
1 prize of	400	is	400
2 prizes of	200	is	400
5 prizes of	100	is	500
10 prizes of	50	is	500
20 prizes of	20	is	400
100 prizes of	8	is	800
100 prizes of	5	is	500
5000 prizes of	4	is	20,000

5241 Prizes amounting to \$33,000

MORE PRIZES THAN BLANKS—the scheme containing only TEN THOUSAND TICKETS, and being arranged on the

ODD & EVEN SYSTEM, the holder of two tickets or two shares is certain of obtaining at least ONE PRIZE, and may draw THREE, and in proportion for any greater quantity.

Whole Tickets \$4 | Quarters \$1 00
Halves 2 | Eighths 50
To be had in the greatest variety of numbers, by applying to

THOMAS SWANE, Annapolis

Feb. 11

Anne-Arundel County, to wit:

 I hereby certify that Abednego W. Carr, of said county, brought before me, as a stray trespassing on the enclosures of Capt. Richard J. Crabb, a Dark Bay Mare, about four years old, twelve hands high, a very small star on her forehead, and no perceptible brand or mark, bare footed, moderately long switch tail; trots and canters. Given under my hand, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, the 10th day of February 1830.

JAMES HUNTER.

The owner of the above described Mare is hereby requested to come and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

Abednego W. Carr, Manager.

Feb. 11.

IN CHANCERY.

3d February, 1830.

Benjamin R. Morgan

Alexander C. Cadden, Alexander Calder, Mary Ann Calder, William Calder and others.

The object of this bill is to obtain payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty seven dollars and ninety-one cents, with interest thereon from the 26th day of September 1803.

The bill states that heretofore, in virtue of a decree of this court, the real estate of one William Sluby was sold for the payment of his debts; that the complainant amongst others, filed his claim with the vouchers thereof, against said real estate, but the same being informal, it was on the 9th day of July 1803, agreed between the complainant and others interested in said estate, that the complainant should file a bill of complaint in order to try the validity of his claim; and that the other creditors of Sluby, whose claims were then established, should be permitted to draw their proportions of the proceeds upon their respective giving bond with surety to refund what he or she should so draw, with interest, to satisfy the proportion that should be due from such person to the complainant on the establishment of his claim or of any part thereof. That in pursuance of said agreement, the auditor reported an account, whereby the net proceeds of said sale were apportioned amongst said creditors, exclusive of the complainant; And the same was confirmed, and the proceeds directed to be paid over upon the claimants giving bond as required by the agreement. That by said account a certain William Embleton was made entitled to receive the sum of two hundred and twenty three pounds, eight shillings and six pence current money, and gave bond, with a certain James Parker as his surety, and with condition as required by the said agreement, which bond was approved on the 26th day of September 1803, and on that day he received the said sum of money. That the complainant in pursuance of said agreement filed his bill in this court, and it was thereon proceeded so that on the 1st day of December 1825, the auditor reported sundry accounts whereby said Embleton's proportion of the complainant's claim is stated to be one hundred and twenty seven dollars and ninety-one cents, and that said accounts were subsequently confirmed by order of the Court of Chancery, and said order was affirmed by the Court of Appeals for the Eastern Shore. That said Embleton is dead, having made his will, whereby he devised all the residue of his real and personal estate to the said James Parker, who was also left executor thereof. And that said James Parker by his last will devised the residue of his real and personal estate to his wife Catharine Parker, and his niece Mary Cadden since married to the defendant William Thomas, of John. That Catharine Parker is since dead, leaving certain of the defendants her heirs at law, of whom the said Alexander Calder, Mary Ann Calder and William Calder are non residents. And the complainant charges that the estate of said Embleton and Parker in the hands of all and every of the defendants is chargeable with his said claim.

It is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers at Annapolis at least once in each of three successive weeks before the sixth day of March next, give notice to the said absent defendants of the substance and object of this bill, in order that they may appear in this court on or before the fifth day of June next to answer the premises, and shew cause if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy. Test.

RAMSEY WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can.

Feb. 11

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of Anne Arundel county, will meet at the Court House, City of Annapolis, on the first Monday of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county and laying the levy.

BUSHROD W. MARRIOTT, Clk.

Feb. 4.

CAUTION.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons from hunting with dog or gun, or in any other manner trespassing on my part of the farm called BELMONT, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all offenders.

RICHARD M. CHASE.

Jan. 21

TO RENT,

ONE of the new BRICK BUILDINGS near the court house. It has heretofore been occupied as a lawyer's office, but will conveniently accommodate a small family. Apply to the subscriber.

JOHN RIBOUT.

Jan. 21.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will offer at Public Sale, on Saturday the 20th day of February next, at the residence of Dr. Martin Fenwick, in Anne Arundel county, several valuable

NEGRO WOMEN

Mentioned in a bill of sale from William Weems, deceased, to the said Fenwick. Terms of sale are, cash to be paid on the day of sale, or ratification thereof by the chancery and on payment of the purchase money, the subscriber is authorized to convey the property to the purchaser or purchasers. The creditors of William Weems are notified to file their claims with the Register of the chancery court within sixty days from the day of sale.

SOMERVILLE PINKNEY, Trustee.

Jan. 28.

N.B. The above sale will take place at 12 o'clock, on the above day, at the late residence of William Weems, now occupied by John F. Wilson, Esq.

Feb. 11.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has been appointed by His Excellency Governor Warr, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to purchase a provision of a statute of said Commonwealth, entitled, "An act to authorize the appointment of Commissioners, to take acknowledgments and proof of Deeds and Instruments under seal and depositions," within and for the State of Maryland, a Commissioner, with authority to take the acknowledgments and proof of any Deeds, Mortgage or Conveyance of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, lying or being in said State, or in any other writing under seal to be used or improved in said state, with full power and authority also, to administer an oath of affirmation to any person who shall be desirous of making oath or affirmation before him, and to take depositions and to examine witnesses under any commission or commissions emanating from any of the Courts of said State relating to any cause depending or to be brought, in any of the said Courts. And that every such acknowledgment and proof of any Deed, Mortgage or other conveyance aforesaid taken or made before him, and certified by him, in his capacity of Commissioner, pursuant to the provisions of said act, will have the same force and effect, and be as good and available in law, for all purposes, as if the same had been made or taken before one of the judges of the Supreme Court of the United States; and that every such Deposition, Affidavit or Affirmation so made before and certified by him, will be as good and effectual, to all intents and purposes, as if taken before an officer resident in said State, and completely to take the same, and having taken the oath prescribed in his commission on, is ready to discharge the duties authorized by his appointment.

SOLOMON ETTING.

Baltimore, Jan. 25th.

IN CHANCERY,

25d January, 1830.

George Cooke, and Eleanor A. his wife, and Ellen D. Cooke, and others, their children.

Edward Ridgely, John Stewart and Eleanor his wife, George Moore and Sally his wife, and John Arnest and Juliet his wife.

The object of this bill is to procure a new trustee to be appointed in the place of Eleanor Dall, late of Baltimore county, deceased, in order to carry into effect the trust created by certain articles of agreement, made and entered into between the said George and Eleanor then sole, and Eleanor Dall, deceased, on or about the 20th day of June, 1814.

The bill states that said articles of agreement were made in contemplation of a marriage, to be had between said George and Eleanor (now) his wife. That by said articles it was covenanted and agreed that certain estate of the complainant, Eleanor, in the hands of the said Eleanor Dall, deceased, as guardian of the said complainant, Eleanor should be by the said Eleanor Dall (since) deceased, invested in manner as therein specified and held in the event of marriage as aforesaid, in trust for the said Eleanor, the complainant, and of the said George, and of the issue of said marriage, in manner as herein specified. That the said Eleanor Dall, (since) deceased, did in her lifetime invest large sums of money in real and personal, and other securities and estate, in pursuance of said agreement. And has since died, leaving a will, by which she devised the residue of her estate to the defendant, Edward Ridgely, and that the legal title in the real estate so purchased by her in trust, has descended (subject to said trusts) to all the defendants as her heirs at law.

The bill further states, that the defendants John Stewart and Eleanor, his wife, George Moore and Sally, his wife, and John Arnest and Juliet, his wife, reside out of the state of Maryland. It is therefore adjudged, and ordered that the complainant, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper, printed at Annapolis, once in each of three successive weeks, before the 20th day of February next, give notice to the said absent defendants of the substance and object of their said bill, in order that said defendants may be warned to appear in this court, in person or by attorney, on or before the 19th day of June next, to answer the premises, and shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy. Test.

RAMSEY WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can.

Jan. 28.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of Maryland, the subscriber, as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale, on Tuesday the 23d day of February next, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, at 12 o'clock M., on the premises, the following

TRACTS OR PARCELS OF LAND.

Lying and being in the little Patuxent, in Anne Arundel county, and immediately in the neighbourhood of the Savage Factory, and Elliott's new Forge, to wit: Snowden's Addition to Huntingdon Quarter, Simpson's Stone, Sappington's Lot, The Slip, and The Addition to Huntingdon Quarter, containing together about EIGHT HUNDRED & TWENTY TWO acres of land. The said lands lie contiguous to each other, and compose the plantation on which the late Dr. Gerard H. Snowden resided at the time of his death. There is on them a GRIST MILL, which with a little expense might be made valuable. They are adapted to the cultivation of Tobacco of the finest quality, and produce abundantly every description of small grain. Persons desirous of purchasing are requested to visit the premises, previous to the day of sale.

TERMS OF SALE.

Are, cash to be paid on the day of sale, or ratification thereof by the chancery. Upon the payment of the purchase money, the subscriber is authorized to convey the lands in fee, to the purchaser or purchasers. The title is believed to be indisputable.

RICHARD PEACH, Trustee.

Jan. 28.

Feb. 11.

Administrators' Notices.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscriber of St. Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Jane Diggs, late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 12th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1830.

THOMAS W. MORGAN, Adm'r.
W. A. of Jane Diggs, dec'd.
Jan. 21 4w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscriber of St. Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed on the personal estate of Jeremiah Booth, late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1830.

THOMAS W. MORGAN, Adm'r.
D. B. N. C. T. A. of Jer. Booth, dec'd.
Jan. 21 4w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscriber of St. Mary's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Mackey Smoot, late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1830.

GEORGE BEAL, Executor
of Mackey Smoot.
Jan. 21 4w

COACH MAKING.

WILLIAM GIBBS,
MAKER AND REPAIRER OF ALL
KINDS OF
CARRIAGES & HARNESS.

CAREFUL for the encouragement he has heretofore received, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its variety, at the old stand at the N. E. CORNER OF SECOND & FREDE- RICK STREETS, near the Centre Market, BALTIMORE.

in all its variety, and respectfully solicits a continuance of a share of public patronage. Persons having CARRIAGES to REPAIR or ALTER to the prevailing fashions, or to remedy any defect in running or other inconvenience, will find it to their advantage, to favour him with their patronage, as from his long and tried experience, and the moderate prices for which he is determined to do work, he flatters himself that he will be able to give entire satisfaction.

NEW AND SECOND HAND CARRIAGES sold on commission or taken on storage at his repository, where they will be perfectly secured from the weather or other injury, and where every attention will be paid to them, and where they may be taken out or put in at any time without inconvenience.

N B Several NEW & SECOND HAND GIGS, with a number of other CARRIAGES of various descriptions for sale on very accommodating terms.
Jan. 21

Anne Arundel County Court, October Term, 1829.

ON application to Anne Arundel County Court, by petition in writing, of Thomas T. McPherson, praying for the benefit of the act, for the relief of sundry Insolvent Debtors, passed at November session, 1803, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Thomas T. McPherson, having satisfied the said court, by competent testimony, that he has resided in the state of Maryland, two years next, preceding the time of his application, and that he is in actual confinement for debt only, and the said petitioner having taken the oath prescribed by law, and entered into bond with security, for his appearance in Anne Arundel County Court, on the third Monday of April next, to answer such allegations as his creditors may propose to him, and having also executed to a trustee, by the said court, appointed a good and sufficient deed, for all his property, real, personal and mixed, the necessary wearing apparel, and bedding of himself and family excepted, and delivered the same to the said trustee, and the said trustee having also executed a bond for the faithful discharge of his trust, and certified the delivery into his hands, of all the property of the said petitioner, mentioned in his schedule: It is, therefore, ordered and adjudged, by the said court, that the said Thomas T. McPherson, be discharged from the custody of the sheriff of said county, and that the said petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, for three months, successively, before the said third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to be and appear on that day, before said court to show cause if any they have, why the said Thomas T. McPherson should not have the benefit of the said act of assembly, and the supplements thereto as prayed.
Test. W. S. Green.
Jan. 14.

TO HIRE.

A man to hire about 20 years of age, who has been accustomed to wait in the house. Enquire at this office
Jan. 21.

BOARDING.

In a private family, may be had, for one or two young gentlemen, of correct moral habits. Apply to the Editor of this paper.
Jan. 14th.

GLADES BUTTER.

800 lb. Superior Egg Butter,
Best White Wheat Family Flour,
Fresh Roll Butter, daily expected,
Malaga Grapes, in nice order,
Malaga Bunch Raisins,
Rango Currants,
Fresh Prunes, Turkey Figs,
Havana Oranges,
Lisbon Lemons,
Bordeaux Almonds,
English Walnuts,
Soft Shell Filberts,
Madeira Wine in Bottles, Vintage of 1824,
Do do do in Wood do
India Madeira in Bottles, very old,
Champagne
Lisbon, Sicily, Cetto and Claret Wines,
Choice Cognac Brandy, 12 years old,
Do do do do six,
Rye Whiskey 5 years old, highly approved,
Peach Brandy, pure and fine,
Jamaica Spirit,
300 lb extra flavoured Richmond Chewing Tobacco,
Champagne Glasses, with a good assortment of Cut Glass, and other reasonable articles.
For Sale by,
JOHN WILMOT.
Jan. 7.

THE SUBSCRIBER

IS authorized by John T. Barr, Esq. to sell at public auction, in Vienna, Dorchester county, Maryland, on SATURDAY the 27th day of February next, all the right title and interest in law and equity, which the said John T. Barr has in the real estate, lying in Dorchester county, of which the late Robert Dennis died seized, and which was purchased by the said John T. Barr, the 25th day of March last, at a public sale decreed by the authority of the High Court of Chancery.

To those who wish to invest their money in this species of property, this sale is particularly inviting. This estate consists of the following very valuable property, to wit:

No. 1—The home place of the late Robert Dennis, lying in Dorchester county, on the Nanticoke River, three miles below Vienna—Vessels of 300 tons can load within fifty yards of the door. This property, known as LOT No. 7 of Nanticoke Manor, contains about three hundred and twenty-nine acres and a quarter; part of the land is very rich and part of it very heavily timbered, being covered with valuable ship timber.

The improvements consist of a good DWELLING, Kitchen, out houses, and a good barn, all of which require but small repairs to make them excellent.

No. 2—Being LOT No. 9 of Nanticoke Manor, and containing about four hundred and thirty acres of upland, and about six hundred and fifty acres of marsh land—banked. This property lies also on the Nanticoke River, a few minutes walk from the home place, and is most advantageously situated as a grazing farm. On this place there is a good DWELLING HOUSE and out houses, and a sufficiency of wood to support the farm.

No. 3—Also the FARM consisting of three tracts of land, called Bridge Neck, Cox's Addition to Bridge Neck, and John's Industry, situated on the main road from Cambridge to Vienna, about three miles from Vienna and fifteen miles from Cambridge. This farm contains about five hundred acres of land, and is justly considered one of the most productive and profitable farms in that improved district of country.

On this place is an excellent apple orchard, DWELLING and out houses, corn houses, stable, &c. and the farm is under very good fencing.

No. 4—Another FARM called Tripp's Enclosure, situated on Chiconemico river, near the Bridge. This tract contains about three hundred and sixty acres of very good quality—a sufficiency of ship timber could be obtained from it to pay for the whole place, leaving still a sufficient quantity to support the farm. This farm is also well enclosed, and has upon it a

BRICK DWELLING, &c.

No. 5—A WATER LOT in the town of Vienna, opposite Mr. Culson's store, unoccupied.

No. 6—I will also sell at the same time, the reversion belonging to Mr. Barr in that well known and highly valuable property called Mitchell's Mills, which consists of a

LOT OF GROUND

containing ten acres, one mill seat, one large and commodious grist mill in excellent repair, a good DWELLING HOUSE, kitchen, store house in an eligible situation, and other necessary out houses. The leasehold interest in this property will expire in eight or nine years.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—

One fifth of the purchase money cash on the day of sale, the balance to be paid in four equal annual instalments, with interest (if paid) the purchase money to be secured by bond and security approved by the subscriber—and on the payment of the whole purchase money, the said John T. Barr will, by a good and valid deed, executed and acknowledged according to law, convey to the several purchasers in fee simple, all his right, title and interest in the property thus sold, free, clear and discharged from all claim of the said John T. Barr. If any person shall bid off any property and fail to comply with the terms of sale, the property will be resold, and the loss arising from the resale, if any, shall be charged to the person failing to comply.

HENRY PAGE, Trustee.
Jan. 21 3w

The Intelligencer and Telegraph, Washington, and Maryland Gazette, Annapolis, will copy the above three times a week.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of George Shaw, dec'd., are requested to make payment on or before the 1st day of March next, as further indulgence cannot be allowed.
Wm. BROWN, of Ben. } Ex'r.
J. M. ROBINSON. }
Jan. 21 3w

JOHN S. SELBY

INFORMS his friends and the public generally, that he has just arrived from PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE, with a large and complete assortment of

Seasonable and Fashionable

GOODS.

In the selection of which he has endeavored to please them. They are requested to call and see how far he has succeeded, as he is disposed to sell at very reduced prices. His stock consists of

DRY GOODS,

Among which is a very handsome assortment of CIRCASSIANS.

GROCERIES.

Hardware, China, Glass, Queen's Ware,

Hats and

Caps, and School Books.

And a selection of the best

Garden Seed.

P. S. All persons indebted to WATKINS and SELBY, or JOHN S. SELBY, are requested to call and settle their accounts with out delay.
Oct 22 3w

FRESH

PATENT FINISHED CLOTH

GEORGE M'NEIR,

Merchant Tailor,

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a Large

STOCK OF GOODS,

In his line, consisting of some of the handsomest Patent Finished Cloth

Of various qualities and colours, with an assortment of

CASSIMERES,

And Variety of

VESTINGS,

Of the latest patterns; with an assortment of Stocks, Collars, Gloves, Suspenders, Silk Hosiery, &c.

all of which he will sell low for cash, or to punctual men.
October 1. 21

WILLIAM BRYAN

Merchant Tailor,

Has just returned from PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE, with a large Stock of

FASHIONABLE GOODS

Very superior in colours and quality; all of which he will be happy to make up for his friends and the public, on moderate terms.

He has just received his Fall Fashions from New York.
Oct 15 1f

NEW FANCY STORE.

ANN KARNEY

BEGS leave to announce to the citizens of Annapolis, and the public generally, that she has just returned from the city of Baltimore, with a fine assortment of

FANCY GOODS

Of the latest New York & Baltimore Fashions And has commenced business in the stand nearly opposite to Williams's Hotel, where Ladies can obtain all kind of articles in the

Millinery and Mantua Making

line of business. She also has, and intends to keep various articles for the use of Gentle men. She announces also, that she will in a few days be joined by a lady altogether acquainted with the aforementioned lines of business. She ventures to assert that she will be able to dispose of her goods at as reduced prices as they can be obtained at in the city of Baltimore, and therefore respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

N. B.—All orders from the country will be punctually attended to.
Nov 20 1f

For Sale or Rent,

THE House lately in the occupation of Mr. Jeremiah L. Boyd, on North East Street. For further information enquire of the subscriber
H. RAY.
Aug 13 31

LABOURERS.

THE subscriber wishes to hire fifteen or twenty stout Servants, by the year, for which liberal wages will be given—Enquire of William Brown of Ben. in Annapolis, or RICHARD GREEN, Manager of Elk Ridge Furnace.
July 22 1f

JOURNAL OF HEALTH.

CONDUCTED BY AN ASSOCIATION OF PHYSICIANS.

"Health—the poor man's riches, the rich man's bliss."

The primary object with the conductors of the Journal of Health, is to point out the means of preserving health and preventing disease. To attain this, all diseases and both sexes shall be addressed, in a style familiar and friendly, and with an avoidance of such professional terms and allusions as would in any way obscure the subject or alarm the most fastidious. The fruits of much reading, study, and careful observation, shall be placed before them, so arranged and applied as to conduce most efficaciously to their bodily comfort and mental tranquility. To whatever profession or calling they may belong, the readers of this Journal will find precepts susceptible of valuable application. Air, food, exercise, the reciprocal operation of mind and body, climate and localities, clothing and the physical education of children, are topics of permanent and pervading interest, with the discussion and elucidation of which the pages of the work will be mainly filled.

Recommendation of the work.

We approve of the plan on which the publication, entitled the "Journal of Health" is conducted, and believe, that it is calculated to be useful, by enlightening public opinion on a subject of high importance to the welfare of society. The numbers which have appeared, evince talent, and may be viewed as a pledge of the continued usefulness of the publication, well conducted by its present editors. We, therefore, feel no hesitation in recommending it to public patronage.

Philadelphia, October 13, 1829.

N. Chapman, M. D. Professors in the University of Pennsylvania.

Wm. F. Dewees, M. D. Professors in the University of Pennsylvania.

Wm. E. Horner, M. D. Professors in the University of Pennsylvania.

John G. Otto, M. D. Professors in the University of Pennsylvania.

Thos. T. Hewson, M. D. Professors in the University of Pennsylvania.

Rev. James Montgomery, D. D. Rector of St. Stephen's Church.

Wm. H. De Lancy, D. D. Provost of the University of Pennsylvania.

B. B. Smith, Editor of the Philadelphia Recorder, and Rector of Grace Church.

G. T. Bedell, Rector of St. Andrew's Church.

James Abercrombie, D. D. Assistant Minister of Christ Church, and St. Peter's.

George Weller.

Jackson Kemper, Assistant Minister of Christ Church, and St. Peter's.

Thomas H. Skinner, D. D. Pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian Church.

Wm. M. Engles, Pastor of the Seventh Presbyterian Church.

John Hughes, Pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic Church.

Michael Hurley, Pastor of St. Augustine Catholic Church.

Wm. H. Furness, Pastor of the first Congregational Church.

W. T. Brantly, Pastor of the First Baptist Church, and Editor of the Columbian Star.

Jno. L. Dagg, Pastor of the Fifth Baptist Church.

Solomon Higgins, Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Union Ch.

Manning Force, Pastor of St. George's Methodist Episcopal Church.

In addition to the above, the names of a number of highly esteemed members of the different professions, who are subscribers to the work, might be adduced as expressive of the estimation in which it is held. With one voice, the public press from one end of the continent to the other, has spoken of the Journal of Health in terms of unequivocal commendation.

TERMS:

The Journal of Health, will appear in numbers of 16 pages each, octavo, on the second and fourth Wednesday of every month. Price per annum, \$1 25, in advance. Subscriptions and communications (post paid) will be received by Judah Dobson, Agent, No. 108 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

Subscribers at a distance will discover, that the difficulty in remitting the amount of a single subscription will be obviated by any four of them sending on five dollars to the agent. Those to whom this may not be convenient, can receive sixteen numbers of the work by remitting a dollar to the same person.

The Journal of Health including index, will form at the end of the year a volume of 400 pages octavo. Agents: J. Dobson, 108 Chesnut St. Philadelphia; W. J. Noyl, Baltimore; Wm. Dargan, 97 Fulton Street, N. York; Carter & Hendee, Boston; and in most of the towns in the United States.

A Specimen of the Work may be seen at this Office

Nov. 19

Anne Arundel County, Oct.

UPON application to Anne Arundel County Court, by petition in writing of David Hildgely, of said county, for the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled An act, for the relief of sundry Insolvent debtors passed at November session 1803, & the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, as far as he can ascertain them, on oath, being annexed to his said petition, and being satisfied that the said petitioner, hath resided in the state of Maryland, for two years, next preceding the date of his said petition; and being also satisfied by the certificate of the Sheriff of Anne Arundel county, that the said David Hildgely, is now in his custody for debt, and for no other cause; and the said petitioner having taken the oath prescribed by law, and entered into bond with security for his appearance in Anne Arundel County Court, on the third Monday of April next, to answer such allegations as his creditors may propose to him, and having also executed to a trustee by the said court, appointed a good and sufficient deed, for all his property, real, personal and mixed, the necessary wearing apparel, and bedding of himself, and family excepted, and delivered the same to the said trustee, and the said trustee having also executed a bond for the faithful discharge of his trust, and certified the delivery into his hands, of all the property of the said petitioner, mentioned in his schedule: It is therefore ordered, and adjudged, by the said court, that the said David Hildgely, be discharged from the custody of the sheriff of said county, and that the said petitioner, by causing a copy of this order, to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, for three months successively, before the said third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors, to be, and appear at the day and place, to show cause if any they have, why the said David Hildgely should not have the benefit of the act of assembly, and supplements aforesaid as prayed.
Test Wm. S. Green.
Jan. 7. 6

Notice.

The Subscriber having obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of William H. Stinchcomb, late of said county, deceased, all persons having claims against said deceased are desired to present them legally authenticated, and all persons indebted to said deceased, are required to make immediate payment to

RICHARD H. MERRIKEN, Administrator.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his Office to the House contiguous to his residence in Prince George's street, near the Dock

JAMES MURRAY.
Nov 20 3w

FOR RENT.

The HOUSE in Care of street, lately in the occupation of Mr. Richard Hildgely. For terms enquire of Mr. Richard Hildgely.
Dec. 10

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

ORDERED by the Court, That the creditors of Benedict Johnson, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, be and appear before the court at Leonard-Town, St. Mary's county, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit.
True copy. JO HARRIS Clerk
of St. Mary's county court.
Dec. 10 3w

CAUTION TO HUNTERS, &c.

ALL persons are forewarned Hunting, Gaming, or in any way trespassing, on the Farms, north side of Severn, now in the occupation of the subscriber, and formerly belonging to Dr. William Hammond, and the late Allen Warfield. The law will be strictly enforced on all who may offend.
RICHARD CRIER.
Dec. 17.

GEORGE SCHWARZ, BAKER.

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public for the encouragement which he has experienced at their hands, and avails himself of this method to inform them that he has provided an ample supply of the very best materials to manufacture

Bread, Biscuits, Crackers and Cakes.

Unremitting attention shall be continued.

CAKES AND BISCUITS

Furnished to Shopkeepers and Country Dealers, at Baltimore Prices.
Dec. 24.

BOARDING & LODGING.

GIDEON PEARCE

BEGS leave to announce, that having rented the large and commodious House, recently occupied by Mrs. Robinson, near the Protestant Episcopal Church, conveniently situated to the State House, he will be prepared to accommodate with Boarding and Lodging during the ensuing session of the legislature at least twenty gentlemen.
A few Yearly Boarders will also be taken.
Oct 8.

HOUSES AND LOTS

In Annapolis, for Sale or Rent.

ONE convenient dwelling near the Town Gate, in West Street; a House, Lot, Stables, &c. near the Bath, also several other Houses and Lots in town; and two Farms in the country. Apply to the subscriber, or Mr. Daniel Hart
J. J. SPEER.
Nov 26 13

The Steam Boat

MARYLAND

Commences her regular route on Tuesday next, Leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton; returning, leaving Easton at 7 o'clock for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore. On Mondays leave Baltimore at 6 o'clock, returning, leave Cambridge town at 1 o'clock the same day. On Sunday the 12th April, she will leave Baltimore at 1 o'clock for Annapolis only, returning, leave Annapolis at 4 past 2 o'clock, continuing this route throughout the season.
Passage to and from Annapolis, \$1.
March 26.

Boarding House.

(REMOVAL.)

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs her Friends and the Public in general, that she has removed from the house she lately occupied, near the Protestant Church, to the well known stand in FRANCIS STREET formerly occupied by Capt. Thomas, and since by Mr. Joseph Daley and Mrs. Anna Gambrell, which is now undergoing repairs, and will be made a comfortable and agreeable place of residence for Members of the Legislature, or others visiting the city.

Having a good STABLE, well supplied with Timothy Hay, good Oats, &c. together with a CARRIAGE HOUSE, and PUMP of good Water in the yard, gentlemen may rely on having their Horses well taken care of by a good Outler.

Her TABLE will always be supplied with the best the Markets afford—Charges moderate, and no exertions wanting to render general satisfaction to all who may favour her with their patronage.

Boarders will be taken by the Year, Week or Day, on moderate terms.
M. ROBINSON.

Annapolis, Oct. 15.

JUST PUBLISHED.

And for Sale at the Gazette Office, price 10 cents.

A COUNTRY CLOWN, or DANDY

ISM IMPROVED.

Medley, in one act.

Oct 29

PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE OFFICE

The Maryland Gazette.

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ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1830.

NO. 8.

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JONAS GREEN,

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LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Friday, February 3, 1830.

STATE'S BANK.

Sketch of Mr. Teackle's speech in the debate on the bill to establish the BANK OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, on the third day of the discussion of the question, the House having resolved itself into a committee of the whole, and the motion of Mr. Speaker, (Thomas) to strike out the first section of the bill being under consideration.

Mr. TEACKLE rose and addressed the chair to the following effect. The proposition of the Hon. Speaker, in substance, to strike from the bill, the following, to wit:

"WHEREAS a great number of the citizens of this State, by their petition in writing, have prayed for the establishment of a financial institution, to be founded upon the invested monies in the treasury, for the supply of revenue and the general convenience of the people.

AND WHEREAS, it is deemed to be expedient and beneficial to erect a Bank upon the public funds, for the purpose of accommodations upon special pledges, and extending loans upon the security of real estate—Therefore,

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That there shall be established an institution to be styled the Bank of the State of Maryland"—Or in other words, to destroy the bill, and defeat the wishes of the people who have prayed for the establishment of a State's Bank; and he proceeded to state, that from the extraordinary course which had been pursued by the opponents of the bill, his friends were compelled to argue the merits, before the committee had had an opportunity of hearing the amendments which might be suggested to its various provisions.

The honourable Speaker, said Mr. Teackle, and my two friends from Charles, have urged this course upon the ground of precedents, to meet the question in its incipient step, but the gentlemen's views have been directed to the British Parliament, or to the Congress of the United States, where weeks or months are often consumed upon a resolution. But according to the practice of this assembly, I must contend that the pending motion is most unusual, and in no wise calculated to elicit a proper understanding of the subject. And besides we know that it is impossible to command the patience of the house to the deliberate discussion of such a preliminary proposition, as we are scarcely seated, and prepared for business, before in fact we are made acquainted with the wants of our constituents, & the variety of matters to be introduced, when a message is sent "to bring the session to an early close," and to fix definitively a day for adjournment, the effect of which is to put hurry and confusion in the place of a dispassionate regard to the public welfare.

The honourable Speaker, in his argument yesterday, supposed that a solid phalanx of some fifty or sixty of this assembly had pre-arranged a design to cut the throat of this Hercules—this gigantic bank, or mammoth institution, as he was pleased to call it, and the gentleman spoke hypothetically, and humbly trust that his murderous hypothesis will not be carried into execution, for if it should be consummated, it would be absolute treason by the laws of England, and subject the traitor to be hung, drawn and quartered; but by the milder code of this republic, it would be merely confinement in the penitentiary, being what the lawyers denominate the crime of mayhem; it would only cut off the right arm of the sovereign power of the state of Maryland, in her principal source of revenue.

The Speaker's objection; for he made but one, in point of fact, an argument in favour of the proposition; as being removed; and I trust that I shall be able to effect its removal, he is left defenceless and must surrender. He objects that the state has granted charters to individuals for a valuable consideration, and consequently that her faith is pledged, and she is virtually precluded from the power to create another bank even for the benefit of her treasury and the general relief and accommodation—and the gentleman referred to the act of 1813, in support of the supposed pledge;—but admitting the validity of that proposition, which I am by no means prepared to admit, it is strictly limited to the city of Baltimore, and cannot by construction, or any legitimate implication, be made to extend to another section of the state.—But, said Mr. Teackle, I hold in my hand a little book (holding up the volume containing the constitution) which nullifies and puts to rest the pretended pledge, even in relation to Baltimore, for I contend, with confidence, that the legislature of 1813, had not the right to grant a monopoly to any community; but on the contrary, they were prohibited in terms most clear and unequivocal, by the 33rd article of the declaration of rights, which wisely declares, "that monopolies are odious, contrary to the spirit of a free government, and ought not to be suffered." Now, as the pledge to the existing banks in the city of Baltimore,

not to grant a charter of incorporation to any other banking institution, to be established in the said city," would be in fact, a monopoly to that community, in direct repugnance to the first principle of the declaration of rights, and in the very teeth of the article referred to, it is ipso facto utterly void, and without effect, this exposition, however, is solely to illustrate the complete futility of this pretended hypothecation of the public faith, as we do not purpose to establish the Bank in Baltimore, unless the citizens, in the free expression of their wishes for an institution, which it is conceived would so essentially and so powerfully conduce to the promotion of their improvement and prosperity, together with the banks 'existing' there, should pray for its erection in that city. And furthermore, said Mr. Teackle, it had escaped, perhaps, the recollection of the honourable Speaker, in his zeal to keep holy the faith of the state, that other banks had been established since the grant of the supposed pledge, and one of them too, in his own county, to wit: 'The Frederick county bank,' which was chartered in 1817, when three other banks existed there, and at the present time there are four banks in the same county. It would therefore seem that the opposition to the State's Bank comes indeed with an ill grace from the honourable Speaker, and it would be equally so from the other representatives of that county, or other sections or individuals which now enjoy such privileges, and Mr. Teackle remarked, that if he understood the honourable Speaker, he expressed a willingness to aid in the improvement of this high prerogative after the lapse of the present grants, which will expire in 1845, but has the honourable gentleman a lease for his life, or any assurance he will partake the legislation of those distant days; and does he not anticipate that attempts will be made to prolong the charters, long before their expiration; and that such attempts, as heretofore, might be successful? His own experience will justify this apprehension. So much, however, by way of preface to the main design. I will now proceed to present the memorial, and the principal documents in reference to the important measure which is prayed for by so large a number of our fellow-citizens—to decant upon their proper merits, and to refute the objections anticipated, by substantial facts, and such illustrations as shall seem appropriate and pertinent.

Mr. Teackle then held up to the view of the House one of the memorials, and exhibited the long train of names which were subscribed to it, which he averred to contain most of the intelligent, independent and wealthy inhabitants of Somerset county, without respect to any party, or particular interest; and he explained, at the same time, that the paper exhibited, was only one of a large mass of similar petitions which contained the signatures of a great number of citizens of different counties, recommending the establishment of a State Bank.

Mr. Teackle then read the memorial in a distinct and audible voice and enlarged with strong emphasis upon the assumptions, arguments and resistless conclusions which it contains in support of the means of general accommodation to the people, and revenue to the treasury of the State, which it proposes.

Mr. Teackle next proceeded to advert to the numerous arts which had been essayed by publications cunningly concocted to operate upon party feelings or private interests, and insidiously introduced at the critical moments; as well as the numerous stories which had been circulated at the commencement, and during the continuance of the debate, all of which, so far as they had come to his knowledge, he trusted that he should be competent to prove erroneous, and to place to their true account, intent and object, to wit: a design to prejudice the pending question, and to defeat the wishes of the people in the enactment of this proposition for their relief and the public benefit they had prayed for.

In the number of these essays and unfounded rumours, it has been industriously whispered and propagated, that the cashier of the bank of the state of Tennessee, had taken himself off, and had also taken with him the books of the bank; which, however, they admit were restored afterwards—Now it happens, said Mr. T. that I fortunately hold the means of defeating this design—the truth is, the cashier referred to, had unworthily suffered his friends to overdraw, for which malfeasance he was turned out, but from letters received since this occurrence, and in relation to it, whose authenticity cannot be questioned; in fact, from several sources of the highest authority, I am warranted in saying, that the credit of the bank has been well maintained, and will always be, where security may have claims upon it—and this from a distinguished statesman, who, it is understood, has been opposed to the principle.—Another statesman of high standing, says, "it has fully met the views of the legislature of Tennessee in the usefulness to the state, if not surpassed the sanguine expectations of its founders; and I am gratified in seeing that other states have been, and are making similar improvements with the State of Tennessee, and considering that they will eventually supersede the unjust privileges of individuals, for the purposes of banking and taxation of the people, it is, for the special benefit of a large portion of the state, that 'The Public Bank of Tennessee' was chartered in 1819, notwithstanding the opposition of numerous persons who were interested

in the local banks, and many other intelligent men.—It commenced banking in 1820, and although the charter did not require that it should redeem its notes by present specie, yet it has been able not only to maintain its credit, but its success has been equal to the most sanguine expectations of its projectors. to the essential supply of the Treasury, and the great benefit of individuals.—With respect to the principle, all must admit that it is an attribute of Sovereignty, and that its due improvement would be immensely profitable.—Why, then, shall private persons be indulged with so vast a privilege to the common injury of the whole people? and why should it not be employed to avoid taxation, and to distribute money for the general accommodation, and the good of all? Who can deny the justice and expediency of such a course.

The Bank of the State of Tennessee, is owned by the state exclusively, and the resulting profits are entirely for the benefit of the public treasury. Its notes are emitted on the credit and security of the borrowers, and warranted by the state on the avails of its revenue, which has proved sufficient to sustain its credit and beneficial operations ever since its organization in 1820."

The foregoing information is subsequent to the occasion adverted to, and with respect to the misconduct of the cashier, in suffering his friends to overdraw—it only proves a wrong selection of an officer, & not that the institution is vicious in its principles. We have often heard of worse conduct on the part of the treasurers of several of the states, and that steam boats have exploded, but it does not follow that we should not have a treasurer, nor enjoy the advantage of navigation by steam power. And, continued Mr. Teackle, another story is, that "the State Bank of North Carolina has failed, and is winding up," and in the fertility of invention, and a natural propensity to amplify, it has been extended to the bank of the state of South Carolina, but as to the latter it is entirely untrue, as I shall show presently, said Mr. T. and with regard to North Carolina, the story is calculated to deceive the members of the legislature, as doubtless it is designed to do, and to grossly injure the public interest in immediate reference to this concernment—the state bank of N. Carolina, as it is improperly called, is not the property of that state; its title is, truly, a gross misnomer, as, like the misnamed bank of the United States, it is chiefly a speculating institution, and has been conducted as rumour says, by shavers and speculators for their own emoluments to the great injury of the state at large; their nefarious dealings have been reported to the legislature; and a respectable print of the state of Virginia, says: "it will be seen by a perusal of that report that these banks (for the banks of Newbern and Cape Fear are included) have been literally nests of usurers and swindlers—that they went into operation with little, or no capital, in violation of their charters; and that they have had interest paid them to an amount nearly twelve times exceeding their actual means; that they have speculated in stock, and on cotton, and in other articles, and to cap the climax have purchased their paper at a discount—that in the course of their operations the people of N. Carolina have paid to them more than four millions of dollars, and remain indebted to them in the enormous sum of five millions more!"—that in effect, the free people of a large state are mortgaged and bound to a monied aristocracy, whose power and influence is so great that they can, at pleasure control, or extinguish, the circulating medium, and depress or enhance, the value of property as may most conduce to their own interest. Now, if this evil is to be endured, why may not the public treasury derive the benefits of its taxation, in the shape of discounts for the common good of the whole state?

So far continued Mr. Teackle, is the malfeasance of the managers of the bank of North Carolina from being susceptible of application, or from being used against this proposition, that it really presents the strongest argument in support of the expediency of assuming the right of revenue and general benefit, as contemplated in the present bill.

I will turn next, said Mr. Teackle, to the bank of the state of South Carolina, and in refuting the scandalous aspersion attempted to be cast upon that invaluable institution, will claim the attention of this assembly to the special language of the committee which acted upon this subject—they say that in support of their arguments upon this concernment, the committee would offer, as a case in point, the State Bank of South Carolina, which is founded upon the principle in question, and which as they are advised, has been in successful operation since eighteen hundred and thirteen, and has fully realized, if not exceeded, the expectations of its projectors; and while the neighbouring corporations, under the agency of private interest, or controlled by avarice, or speculation, have spread around them a wide expanse of privileged domination, and pecuniary restrictions, with concomitant embarrassments, or irremediable ruin, the developments of this manifestation of the political sagacity of South Carolina, have conducted to the adoption of similar reformation in several of the states adjacent, and given assurance that the like improvement will speedily diffuse its benefits throughout the whole of that division of the union, and eventually impart its genial influence to every member of a vast confederated empire)

which proves, conclusively, the superiority of an institution conducted by public officers, who are paid for their services, and made strictly responsible, for the sole and exclusive use & benefit of the state, over a privileged incorporation which is managed by greedy directors, who are mainly governed by the principle of avarice, and whose chief desire is to obtain its means for monopoly and speculation.—And in the prosecution of their report, the committee say, with perfect justice to the subject, that in recurring to the State Bank of South Carolina, it is to be observed that the fiscal institution of that state was chartered in the year 1812, and commenced operations with but a little more than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, in 1813; since which, from successive incidental additions or the excesses of profits beyond the regular dividends, its actual capital had been augmented, in 1825, to nearly eight hundred per centum, say one million one hundred and ninety-six thousand two hundred and twenty dollars.

And with the augmentation of its capital, it has, in the 13 years, (from 1813 to 1825,) realized and paid into the treasury the sum of one million one hundred and twenty-seven thousand one hundred and seventy-four dollars, besides retaining a large surplus to cover any possible deficiency.

In the report of the Comptroller General of the state of South Carolina to the Legislature, at their December session 1826, speaking of their fiscal institution, he says: "from the monthly exhibits made by the Bank, there appears a perfect ability on its part, to pay all its debts, and replace the capital originally derived from the treasury; it would therefore seem, that so far it has been a profitable institution to the state, and under the operation of a liberal policy and proper management, there can be little doubt of its continuing so in future."

In a subsequent report of the same Comptroller to the legislature of South Carolina, at their December session 1828, he says:

"Of the public debt and its means of payment. The public debt has undergone no change since the last year, except that the bank has cancelled a part of the old three per cent stock which it had purchased, and which of consequence reduces its own capital to the same extent. The income of this institution for the current year, has been one hundred & thirteen thousand eight hundred and ninety-five dollars, and will enable it after defraying the interest accruing on the public debt for the ensuing year, to carry a handsome sum to the credit of the sinking fund."

The propriety of the original establishment of the Bank cannot now be considered as open for discussion, but if we take into consideration the present condition of our finances, their intimate connection with and reliance upon, the Bank; together with, the heavy burthen imposed upon the latter, in relation to our public debt, there remains little doubt that to nourish and guard its interest is at present the peculiar province of the Legislature. More than ninety thousand dollars are necessary to meet the annual interest; for which the treasury is liable, and if, from any cause, the Bank should fail to pay it, a resort to increased taxes would be inevitable; so far, however, this institution has been able to meet the requisitions of the public creditors, at the same time to accumulate the existing sinking fund, and an opinion is here confidently expressed that with judicious management on the part of the direction and a fostering and paternal care, on the part of the Legislature, the bank will enable the treasury to discharge the public debts without increasing demands on the citizens.

This institution went into operation in September, eighteen hundred and thirteen, with a comparatively small capital, and from that time up to the present it has made, and paid on account of the treasury, the sum of one million three hundred and fifteen thousand nine hundred and seventy seven dollars. This should be satisfactory, and certainly ought to operate as a check to any fanciful, and untried scheme of improvement."

And in further confirmation of the great value of this institution, I refer to a recent memoir from a statesman from South Carolina, who has been a member of the Legislature and a director of their state bank from the commencement in 1812, and who continued in it, at the last advices, some few days since, in this memoir the statesman says:—"On the subject of your proposed bank, I will premise, that so far as my opinion is worth anything, it is decidedly in favour of the principle contemplated in your bill. I was in favour of this principle before our bank of the state of South Carolina was created, and all experience of its practical operations since has gone to confirm me more strongly in that opinion."

"Take it as conceded, that all banking is a speculation, still it must be equally conceded, that it is a speculation, when prudently and honestly conducted, of such a character, that the benefits resulting to the community very far transcend the evils of it; and in fact, without the aids of which no commercial people can get on profitably."

This being admitted, it then appears very plain that, in order to lessen as much as possible, or rather to compensate for, the evils transcending the evils of it; we ought instead of transferring the sovereignty of the country, and granting a monopoly to a favoured few, to reserve and retain the profits arising from it, to the whole people. I think with you that

the principle is gaining upon the public favour; it is popular in this State, and I presume you are aware that a similar institution has been several years in operation in Alabama, and I believe successfully; since which it has been adopted in Georgia and other states.

The bank of the state of South Carolina commenced with a small capital, which for some years was progressive, and is now about 1,900,000 dollars; it has been in operation sixteen years, and its capital might be largely increased with advantage to the public—the paper of all our banks is sound, but that of the State Bank is very decidedly the favourite paper a fact; which may be readily accounted for, as every citizen feels an immediate interest in its success and prosperity.

I have been a director in our State Bank from its commencement; its losses have been inconsiderable, the net increase of the last year was 115,802 dollars, and its average of profits has exceeded ten per cent per annum, operating to repress the taxes of the state to that amount.

In continuation, Mr. Teackle said—the newspapers also, in their opposition to the expressed wishes of the people, for the improvement of this great source of accommodation and revenue, have presented as a case in point, the commonwealth's bank of Kentucky, which they say has beggared the State, & pronounced in proof of this assertion, that the debts still due to it, amount to the sum of \$1,109,650. Now if this be a proof of beggary, by referring to an abstract in the report of the committee on this subject, he will find that a small part of Maryland is indebted to the banks of this State to more than eight times the amount due to the bank of Kentucky, so that if they be beggared by that case, we are more than eight times beggared, but a little higher the bank of that commonwealth is not analogous to the plan contained in our proposition, as I shall endeavour to prove before I sit down. I have understood that its operation has been beneficial both to the treasury and to the people of that State."

Another writer in noticing this subject says: "That it is a popular measure I am well aware; and that a large revenue may be drawn from it, is obvious, but are the people at large to be gratified to the injury of those who have invested money under the sanction of existing laws and is it not preferable to supply the treasury by a direct tax, on property, than to resort to indirect expedients?"

It has been urged that the State Bank of South Carolina, which is founded upon the principle proposed for this institution, has produced the happiest consequences, both to the treasury and to the people of that State, and that several others have assumed the sovereign right of public credit for the common good of their population; but is this conclusive that the like results would ensue from a similar erection in Maryland, or that we should follow their example?

In diffusing money throughout the counties the price of land would be increased in a high degree; but is it not better that land should be at a low rate, as a means of inducing men of money to invest their funds either by purchase, or in mortgages, and of preventing the divisions of good estates, which is the chief support for slave labour.

The foregoing are a few of many considerations which appertain to this subject, they are thrown out to excite inquiry and reflection, and although the measure to which they refer may be popular, it is believed that those who oppose it, will be upheld by the strong influence of the monied men."

Mr. Teackle mentioned, that with a view to elicit inquiry into the measure in contemplation, and to be prepared to answer objections, he had freely distributed the reports and documents in relation to it, and had sought information from proper sources, and collected facts to sustain his bill against the attacks of the interested or uninformed, and to illustrate its intrinsic merit, and the great advantages which would flow from the practical influence of its operations—and among many others he had corresponded with the enlightened President of the Union Bank of Maryland, who was esteemed, not only one of the most intelligent of our citizens in the general science of political economy, but who is supposed to be more particularly conversant in the abstruse doctrine of currency and money matters; and Mr. T. being about to disclose the substance of that correspondence, was called upon by one of the delegates from Baltimore city (Mr. Nicholas) to read the letter of that president, which gave his views upon the bill to establish the State's Bank; whereupon the call was complied with by Mr. Teackle, and it appeared that the President's objections were—

1. That the institution might become a political engine, whose uses could be wielded to advance the views of whatever party might be in power, and that its administration might change hands with every change of parties.

* Note.—It appears, in a late proceeding of the Legislature of Kentucky, that from a capital of about 500,000 dollars, in the bank of the commonwealth, in 9 years, the state has realized a profit exceeding 800,000 dollars, clear of all expenses, and that in consequence of a successful experiment in this profitable concern the proposition now is to assume the sovereign right of banking into the hands of the state for the support of government, internal improvement, & the public instruction of youth throughout the state.

2. That as the capital would consist of such stock as the State might own in the different banks; that there, to be available, would require to be sold, and the money arising from them, i. e. coins, the funded debt only could be sold out of the state, and consequently it could only be used to bring new capital into the state.

3. That the power to make issue, and negotiate promissory notes, would be an infraction of the federal compact, which provides that no state shall emit bills of credit, or make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts.

4. That the distribution of one half of the disposable means of the Bank upon the security of real estate in the different counties at a rate of interest not exceeding five per centum per annum, and the other half upon personal security at six per centum, if the bank should not have power to issue notes, its resources would be confined to nearly its actual capital paid in, and its profits would be reduced by expenses and losses probably below the revenue received at the present time from the same capital.

The foregoing being in substance the only objection made by the President of the Union Bank, Mr. Teackle stated the fact, and looking at the gentleman from the city of Baltimore, (Mr. Nicholas) he remarked, that the further reading of the letter would be dispensed with unless the gentleman should wish to hear it, and again looking towards that gentleman, he said, "the gentleman seems to wish it, so that I will give him the whole," and the rest of the letter was accordingly read, in which other means of amelioration were hinted at by the President. He spoke of the improvements now in progress in Pennsylvania, and particularly in the city of Philadelphia, which he ascribed to the introduction of foreign capital, and concluded by saying, that any scheme which is not a part of a general system to increase the productive labor of the state, and augment the amount of its exports, would fall short of any permanent benefit.

Mr. Teackle then said, that as he had read the letter of the President of the Union Bank it was due to himself that he should also read his own answer to that letter by way of argument to the objections stated. And he read his answer accordingly, which was, in substance, to the effect as follows:

1. That an institution such as that which is contemplated by the bill in question might be wielded as a political engine, is within the scope of possibility; but on that account it is certainly not to be prejudged and charged with the evils anticipated—he would rather believe that, although the first appointments would be taken, probably, from the political friends of the existing administration of the state, in their progress and operations, they would, as trustees of the general weal, and under their specified qualifications, and their rigidly prescribed course of duties, be virtually prohibited from party influence or partiality, and the great predominating principle of self love, in a due regard to their proper interest, and the retention of their places in any change of the executive would conduce to the observance of even handed justice in conducting the concerns of the State's Bank; and this assumption is justified by the actual experience of several states under analogous circumstances.

2. That with respect to the fundamental capital, it had been supposed that it would not be necessary to convert into coin more than the funded debt of the United States, as the portion of that debt which is held by the state, is equivalent to, and exceeding in amount by several fold, the specie possessed by any incorporation of this state, while the stock of the state in the different banks, would conduce to that harmonious and reciprocally advantageous cooperation, which has distinguished the action of similar institutions elsewhere.

(To be concluded in our next.)

SENATE.

Monday, February 15, 1830.

The senate met. Present the same members as on Saturday, except Mr. Smith.

The proceedings of Saturday were read. The bill, entitled, An act to incorporate a bank to be called by the name of the Bank of Salisbury; and the bill, entitled, An act to promote the preservation, improvement and increase of shell fish in this state, severally passed by the Senate on Saturday, were returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Herbert from the committee, made a favourable report upon the resolution rescinding certain parts of a resolution passed at December session 1828, No. 57, relating to the inspectors of tobacco in the city of Baltimore. The said resolution was then read a second and by special order, a third time, assented to, and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Heath, from the committee, reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to repeal an act, entitled, An act to create a Board of Public Works, passed at December session 1825, chapter 166; which was read the first time.

Mr. Heath, from the committee, also reported a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act concerning factors and agents; which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Kennedy, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act for founding a college near Emmitsburg, in Frederick county, with amendments.

On motion of Mr. Forrest, the said bill, with the proposed amendments, were ordered to lie on the table.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivered a bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the trustees of the Female Orphan Society of Annapolis which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Lloyd, Herbert and Forrest.

Also, a bill, entitled, An act to authorise the governor and council to appoint an inspector of lumber for the village of Arkhaven,

in Cecil county; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Rees, Sewell and Dennis.

Also, a bill, entitled, An act, supplementary to the act, passed at December session 1825, entitled, An act to prevent gaming; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Heath, Sewell and Herbert.

Also, a bill, entitled, An act to provide for the payment of balances due to the legal representatives of revolutionary officers and soldiers; which was read the first time, and referred to the committee on ways and means.

Also, a bill, entitled, An act relating to appeals from magistrates' judgments, and directing in what manner a title to real estate may be acquired by sales made under writs of fieri facias, issued by justices of the peace; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Heath, Dennis and Harrison.

The senate then adjourned.

Tuesday, February 16th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The resolution in favour of Sarah Magee, of St. Mary's county, the resolution authorising the disposition of Kilty's reports of the English statutes, and directing the proceeds thereof to be laid out in the purchase of law books; and the resolution relative to the rebuilding, repairing or transcribing certain land record books of Prince George's county, severally assented to by the Senate yesterday.

The President laid before the Senate a communication from the President of the Baltimore and Havre de Grace Turnpike company enclosing an abstract of the accounts of said company in the prosecution of their work, in conformity to the directions of the act of assembly, passed December session 1813, entitled, An act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the city of Baltimore to Havre de Grace; which was read, and referred to the consideration of the House of Delegates.

Mr. Kennedy, from the committee, reported a bill, entitled, An act relating to fines and forfeitures; which was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

On motion by Mr. Smith, the bill, entitled, An act to provide for the collection of the public revenue, was read a second, and by special order a third time, passed and returned to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Kennedy, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Trustees of the Union Church of Libertytown, in Frederick county. The said bill was then read a second and by special order a third time, passed and returned to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Heath, from the committee, made an unfavourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act relating to appeals from magistrates' judgments, and directing in what manner a title to real estate may be acquired by sales made under writs of fieri facias, issued by justices of the peace. The said bill was then read a second, and by special order a third time, and rejected.

The Senate, in pursuance of the order adopted this morning, proceeded to the election of a Bank Director on the part of the state in the Bank of Baltimore.

Mr. Heath nominated William Dickinson, esq.

The Ballot box being prepared, the ballots were deposited therein, and Messrs. Heath and Forrest having been appointed to count the ballots, reported that William Dickinson, Esq. was unanimously elected.

Whereupon it was declared in the Senate, that William Dickinson, esq. was unanimously elected a director on the part of the state in the Bank of Baltimore.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

Wednesday, February 17th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

Mr. Herbert, from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to continue in force the acts of assembly which would expire with the present session. The said bill was then read a second, and by special order a third time, passed and returned to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Smith offered the following message; which was read, assented to, and sent to the House of Delegates:

By the Senate, February 17, 1830

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, We have received your message proposing to proceed to the election of bank directors this day at 12 o'clock, and agree thereto. On the part of the Senate, we have appointed Messrs. Smith and Dennis, a committee to count the ballots.

By order,

L. Gassaway, Clk.

The Senate proceeded to the election of directors on the part of the state, in the several banks; the ballot box being prepared, the ballots were deposited therein, sealed up and delivered to the committee, on the part of the Senate, appointed to meet the committee on the part of the House of Delegates to unite in counting the ballots, who retired to the conference room, and after some time returned and reported that there were eighty votes given in all, and that on counting the same, they had found that for the Mechanics Bank of Baltimore, William Heath had forty four votes, Philip Henderson had fifty three votes, Henry B. Griffith had thirty six votes, and William Stewart had thirty five votes.

For the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, Jacob Hollingsworth had sixty three votes, Somerville Pinkney had forty eight votes, and George Wells Jr. had forty three votes. For the Branch Bank of the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, at Exton, James Price had forty eight votes, William Clark had eighty three votes, and Samuel T. Kennard had thirty six votes.

For the Elkton Bank, Adam Whann had seventy six votes, and for the Hagerstown

Bank, William D. McGill had fifty votes, John Walgamot had forty nine votes, John Van Lear had thirty five votes, and David Schnebley had thirty four votes.

Mr. Lloyd from the committee, made a favourable report upon the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Trustees of the Female Orphan Society of Annapolis.

The said bill was then read a second time. The Senate then adjourned.

Thursday, February 18th.

The senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The bill, entitled, An act authorising the appointment of a trustee for the purpose of making a conveyance of a certain piece of land therein mentioned, to Isaac Williams of Cecil county, passed by the senate yesterday, and the preamble and resolution requiring the Register of the Land Office of the western shore, to take charge of the books and papers of the late Auditor General's office, assented to by the senate on the same day, were returned to the house of delegates.

On motion of Mr. Herbert, the bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the trustees of the Female Orphan Society of Annapolis, was read a third time, passed, and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Lloyd, from the committee on ways and means, made an unfavourable report upon the bill, entitled, An additional supplement to the act of December session, 1827, entitled, An act to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries and others. The said bill was then read a second time.

The clerk of the House of Delegates delivered the following message, which was read.

By the House of Delegates, Feb. 18th.

Gentlemen of the Senate, The house of delegates are about to consider the report of the judiciary committee, recommending the removal of Judge Hanson from the bench of the sixth judicial district, and as witnesses will be examined before this house, we take the liberty of suggesting an attendance on the part of the senate to that examination. This house will proceed at half past 12 o'clock this day to consider the same.

By order, Gideon Pearce, Clk.

Mr. Heath offered the following message; which was read, assented to, and sent to the house of delegates:

By the Senate, Feb. 18th.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, The senate have received your message, and will attend in the House of Delegates, in order to hear the testimony about to be examined in the case of Judge Hanson.

By order, L. Gassaway, Clk.

Mr. Jenifer and Mr. Buchanan, from the House of Delegates, informed the Senate that they were instructed by the House of Delegates, to say that they were now ready to proceed with the examination of the witnesses at the bar of the house, relative to the report of the judiciary committee, recommending the removal of Judge Hanson from the bench of the 6th judicial district, and to request the attendance of the members of the senate.

Whereupon the president left the chair, and accompanied by the other members of the senate, proceeded to the house of delegates, and after some time returned, when the president resumed the chair.

The senate then adjourned.

Friday, February 19th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

A bill, entitled, An act to give referees in cases referred from any court of law in this state, and arbitrators by private agreement, power to require and coerce the attendance of witnesses; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Harrison, Heath and Dennis.

The resolution in favour of the Maryland Institute, for the promotion of mechanic arts, being entitled to a third reading, was, on motion, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Heath presented a petition from James Carroll, jun. and Thomas C. Risten, praying an extension of time for the completion of the road therein mentioned; which was read, and referred to Messrs. Heath, Smith and Kennedy.

Mr. Heath also presented a petition from Levi Hipsley, of Baltimore, counterpo to the petition of James Carroll, jun. and Thomas C. Risten; which was read, and referred to the committee to which it is counter.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the bill, entitled a supplement to the act, entitled an act concerning factors and agents, was read a second time, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Heath, the Senate proceeded to take up for consideration the bill, entitled, An act relating to habitual drunkards.

When after some discussion, Mr. Dennis moved that the bill, with the proposed amendment, be laid on the table; and the question was put, and determined in the affirmative.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivered a bill, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled, An act authorising warranting on constables bonds, for money received on warrant, judgment, fieri facias or execution; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Forrest, Dennis and Harrison.

Also a bill, entitled, a further supplement to the act, entitled An act to incorporate the Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland Steam Navigation Company; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Smith, Lloyd and Heath.

Saturday, February 20th, 1830.

The Senate met. Present the same members as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read. The following bills received yesterday from the House of Delegates, by their clerk, were announced, viz:

A bill entitled a further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the better regulation of Chancery proceedings, in certain cases,

which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Heath, Dennis and Forrest.

A bill, entitled, An act to incorporate the Howard Fire Company, in the city of Baltimore; which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Heath, Smith and Rees.

And the bill, which originated in the Senate, entitled, An additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act to provide for the making the several turnpike roads, and for the extension of the charters of the several banks, therein mentioned.

The clerk of the House of Delegates delivered a resolution for commemorating the birth of the illustrious Washington, which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Smith, Kennedy and Sewell.

Also a resolution in favour of Robert C. Lusby, late sheriff of Cecil county, which was read the first time, and referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

Also, a resolution with its preamble, in favour of John Morris, of Baltimore county, which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Smith, Heath and Lloyd.

Also, a resolution providing a compensation for services of the Chaplains of both branches of the Legislature respectively, which was read the first time, and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Monday, Feb. 15th, 1830.

The house met, pursuant to adjournment; the roll being called over—the same members were present as on Saturday, except the Hon. Mr. Thomas, the Speaker. Whereupon,

On motion by Mr. McMahon, the house proceeded by ballot, to the choice of a Speaker pro tempore.

James M. Buchanan and William Done, esquires, having been severally nominated for that office, the former by Mr. Shriver, and the latter by Mr. Jones; and the ballots of the members collected in the ballot box, upon examination thereof by the clerk and assistant clerk it appeared that of the sixty one ballots taken, Mr. Done had received thirty-one votes, and Mr. Buchanan had received thirty votes.

Mr. Done was therefore declared duly elected the Speaker of the house of delegates pro tempore, and being conducted by Messrs. Buchanan and Jones to the Speaker's chair, he made his acknowledgments to the house, and took his seat accordingly.

The speaker pro tempore communicated to the house letters received by him from Solomon Ritting and William Meeter, of the city of Baltimore, who had been summoned as witnesses to appear and testify before the Committee on Divorces, in the case of David S. Barnum and wife, stating that they were prevented by indisposition from attending, in obedience to the summons; which letters were severally read, and received by the house as sufficient apologies for the non attendance of said witnesses.

Mr. Harding presented a petition of Thomas C. Nicholls, of Montgomery county, praying that a law may pass, authorising the levy court of said county, to levy and appropriate to his use such further sum of money for building and keeping in repair a certain bridge over Seneca Creek, were the public road from Georgetown to the mouth of Monocacy crosses it as they, in their discretion, may deem reasonable; which petition, with the accompanying document, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Harding, Wilson and Gittings.

Mr. Nicholas presented a memorial of Andrew Muncks, and others of the city of Baltimore, praying that a bill originated in the Senate, entitled, An act to incorporate the Baltimore Sugar Refining Company, may not pass; which memorial was referred to the same committee, to which the said bill has been referred; and the committee was enlarged by the appointment of Messrs. Thomas, of St. Mary's, and Gason, as additional members thereof.

Mr. Irving presented a petition of sundry citizens of Somerset county, praying the passage of a law to protect oysters which have been planted—which was, on motion of Mr. Teackle, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Burchenal presented a petition of Thomas Clendenning and others, citizens of Caroline and Queen-Anne's counties, praying the passage of an act to authorise and provide for, the locating and opening of a public road, from the state line of Delaware, near Thomas's Chapel, intersecting the road leading from the river—bridges in Caroline county, to Bullock-town, through the lands of William Willson and Darius Piper; which petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Burchenal, Wright and Orrell.

EXECUTION OF PIRATES.

Captain Harvey, of the ship Dumfries from Cadiz, informs the editor of the Patriot that on the 14th of Jan'y TEN PIRATES, Frenchmen and Spaniards, were EXECUTED at Cadiz, they having captured the long whaling ship Topaz of Boston and murdered every soul on board! Of this horrid deed they made a full confession, as also of enormities equally great, committed upon an English vessel. The captain of the pirate vessel was in confinement at Gibraltar and an English frigate had proceeded to bring him to Cadiz for trial. Capt. H. states that a more daring and hardened set of villains never appeared in human form, and that they met their fate with the greatest indifference.

SHORT SPEECHES OR NO PAY.

A few days ago in the House of Commons of North Carolina, when a bill for altering the mode of compensation to the members was under consideration, Mr. Sheppard moved an amendment in the following words: "And be it further enacted, that no lawyer in either branch of the Legislature, shall be permitted to speak longer than ten minutes upon any subject, under a forfeiture of his yearly wages."

ANNAPOLIS: Thursday, February 23, 1830.

THE STATE'S BANK.

In our present number we commence the sketch of Mr. Teackle's speech, in the committee of the whole of the House of Delegates, on the bill to establish the BANK of the STATE OF MARYLAND, in which is contained a piquant succession of facts and illustrations to support the project which it proposes—and, without attempting to express an opinion upon the merits or demerits of the proposition, we would barely commend it to the inspection, and dispassionate consideration, of our readers; this we conceive to be properly due to the magnitude of the matter, for if, on the one hand, the improvement of this sovereign right, or material prerogative of the State, be susceptible of supplying revenue to achieve the great objects of literature and intercommunication, and, at the same time, to promote the convenience, and advance the interests of the people severally, which are anticipated by its friends and advocates, without infracting the federal compact, or impeding the chartered privileges of particular persons, it ought to be adopted by the Legislature; while, on the other hand, if the apprehensions of its opponents, as to the constitutionality, or expediency, of the proposition, can be sustained by good and substantial reasons, or if it can be proved to violate the public faith, without the tender of a fair equivalent, or remuneration, to the privileged persons interested, the measure in question should be held as inadmissible; or, at the least, postponed to await the lapse of the current grants of incorporation to the individuals who are privileged.

The point at issue would seem to be between the community of money men, which holds the banking privileges, and the common right of the whole state, or the entire mass of its population. It is, truly, a concernment of peculiar delicacy, and high importance, well worthy of the philosophic regard of our wisest heads, and the calm decision of our purest and most patriotic statesmen.

The views of Mr. Teackle will be concluded in our next succeeding publication, and we shall give the whole in an extra paper for the more general circulation and understanding of the subject.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

His Excellency, Governor Carroll, in presence of the Executive, Senat and House of Delegates of this state, on the 17th. instant, presented a Sword to Lt. Joseph Cross of the U. S. N. agreeable to a resolution passed unanimously at Dec. Session 1827, on testimony of the high sense entertained of the services performed by that officer during the late war.

On presenting the sword to Lt. Cross, the Governor addressed him to the following effect.

Lieut. Cross, In compliance with a resolution of the General Assembly of Maryland, I have the high gratification to present this sword. It is a testimonial of the estimation in which your conduct during the late war, is held by the representatives of the people in your native state—it is an offering of gratitude for the services you have rendered your country.

The bravery and skill displayed by those who engaged in the late war, have proved to all nations, that the rights of our citizens will never be assailed with impunity—that our national flag will ever be protected, and I take pleasure in saying, that among those who contributed to elevate the character of our country, your name has been enrolled. And now, in the performance of this, my official duty, permit me to express my wishes, as an individual, for your prosperity and happiness.

THE REPLY.

I am deeply sensible, sir, of the high honour conferred upon me by the Legislature of my native state, by the proceedings of which you have just advised me. The humble station which I filled in the conflicts to which those proceedings refer, entitle me to no more rare distinctions; and it must be ascribed to the kind partiality of the Legislature, rather than any merit of mine; it is, I own, a pleasing reflection with me, that it was my good fortune to assist in those achievements, but I can lay claim to nothing beyond an ardent zeal in the discharge of the humble duties assigned to me on those occasions.

I accept the sword with profound gratitude for the honour which has been done me by the Legislature, and for the very flattering terms in which your Excellency has been pleased to address me on this occasion, I beg you to receive my sincere acknowledgments.

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS. ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

Orphans' Court.

Horatio Ridout, Thomas H. Dorsey, and Thomas J. Brice.

Commissioners.

John Iglehart, Joseph Evans, Grafton D. Duvall, Abner Linthicum, George Cook, Mortimer Dorsey, and Nicholas I. Watkins.

Justices of the Peace.

Edward Warfield, Joseph G. Harrison, Samuel Brown, Jr. Richard G. Hutton, Thomas S. Dorsey, Richard G. Watkins, Jacob Waters, Gideon White, Howard Duvall, Richard H. Merriken, Joseph Norris, Cornelius Duvall, Lloyd Selby, Nathan Shipley, Robert Phelps, Edward E. Anderson, William Merriken, Thomas W. Watkins, Nicholas Warfield, Charles R. Stewart, John F. Henson, John Clayton, Samuel Harrison, Thomas Burgess, M'Leana Brown, Isaac H. Merriken, Edward Galtier, Horatio Ridout, John G. Worthington, Augustine Sappington, Stephen Beard, James Hanton, Richard Merrieth, Caleb White, Benjamin Brown, &c.

IN CHANCERY.

30 February, 1830.

Benjamin R. Morgan

Alexander C. Coston, Alexander Calder, Mary Ann Calder, William Calder and others.

The object of this bill is to obtain payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty seven dollars and ninety one cents, with interest thereon from the 20th day of September 1803.

The bill states that heretofore, in virtue of a decree of this court, the real estate of one William Slukey was sold for the payment of his debts; that the complainant amongst others, filed his claim with the vouchers thereof, against said real estate, but the same being informal, it was on the 9th day of July 1803, agreed between the complainant and others interested in said estate, that the complainant should file a bill of complaint in order to try the validity of his said claim; and that the other creditors of Slukey, whose claims were then established, should be permitted to draw their proportions of the proceeds upon their respective giving bond with surety to refund what he or she should draw, with interest, to satisfy the proportion that should be due from such person to the complainant on the establishment of his claim or of any part thereof.

That in pursuance of said agreement, the auditor reported an account, whereby the net proceeds of said sale were apportioned amongst said creditors, exclusive of the complainant. And the same was confirmed, and the proceeds directed to be paid over upon the complainant giving bond as required by the agreement. That by said account a certain William Embleton was made entitled to receive the sum of two hundred and twenty-three pounds, eight shillings and six pence current money, and gave bond, with a certain James Parker as his surety, and with condition as required by the said agreement, which bond was approved on the 26th day of September 1803, and on that day he received the said sum of money.

That the complainant in pursuance of said agreement filed his bill in this court, and it was thereon proceeded so that on the 1st day of December 1825, the auditor reported sundry accounts whereby said Embleton's proportion of the complainant's claim is stated to be one hundred and twenty seven dollars and ninety one cents, and that said accounts were subsequently confirmed by order of the Court of Chancery, and said order was affirmed by the Court of Appeals for the Eastern Shore. That said Embleton is dead, having made his will, whereby he devised all the residue of his real and personal estate to the said James Parker, who was also left executor thereof. And that said James Parker, by his last will devised the residue of his real and personal estate to his wife Catharine Parker, and his niece Mary Coston since married to the defendant William Thomas, of John. That Catharine Parker is since dead, leaving certain of the defendants her heirs at law, of whom the said Alexander Calder, Mary Ann Calder and William Calder are non residents. And the complainant charges that the estate of said Embleton and Parker in the hands of all and every of the defendants is chargeable with his said claim.

It is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers at Annapolis at least once in each of three successive weeks before the sixth day of March next, give notice to the said defendant of the substance and object of this bill, in order that they may appear in this court on or before the fifth day of June next to answer the premises, and shew cause if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy. Test, RAMSAY WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can. Feb. 11 3

CAUTION.

I HEREBY warn all persons from hunting with dog or gun, or in any other manner trespassing on my part of the farm called BELMONT, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all offenders.

Jan 21 6 RICHARD M. CHASE.

TO RENT,

ONE of the new BRICK BUILDINGS near the court house. It has heretofore been occupied as a lawyer's office, but will conveniently accommodate a small family. Apply to the subscriber.

Jan 21. 6 JOHN RIBOUT.

Anne-Arundel County Court, October Term, 1829.

ON application to Anne-Arundel county court, by petition in writing, of Thomas T. McPherson, praying for the benefit of the act, for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1803, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Thomas T. McPherson, having satisfied the said court, by competent testimony, that he has resided in the state of Maryland, two years next, preceding the time of his application, and that he is in actual confinement for debt only, and the said petitioner having taken the oath prescribed by law, and entered into bond with security, for his appearance in Anne-Arundel county court, on the third Monday of April next, to answer such allegations as his creditors may propose to him, and having also executed to a trustee, by the said court, appointed a good and sufficient deed, for all his property, real, personal and mixed, the necessary wearing apparel, and bedding of himself and family excepted, and delivered the same to the said trustee, and the said trustee having also executed a bond for the faithful discharge of his trust, and certified the delivery into his hands, of the property of the said petitioner, mentioned in his schedule. It is, therefore, ordered and adjudged by the said court, that the said Thomas T. McPherson, be discharged from the custody of the sheriff of said county, and that the said petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, for three months, successively, before the said third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to be and appear on that day, before the said court to shew cause if any they have, why the said Thomas T. McPherson should not have the benefit of the said act of assembly, and the supplements thereto as prayed.

Test, W. S. Green. Jan. 24. 7

COACH MAKING.



WILLIAM CALDER.

MAKER AND REPAIRER OF ALL KINDS OF

CARRIAGES & HARNESS.

GRATEFUL for the encouragement he hath heretofore received, taken this stand to inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its variety, at the old stand at the N. E. CORNER OF SECOND & FREDE RICK STREETS, near the Centre Market, BALTIMORE,

in all its variety, and respectfully solicits a continuance of a share of public patronage. Persons having CARRIAGES to REPAIR or ALTER to the prevailing fashions, or to remedy any defect in running, or other inconvenience, will find it to their advantage to favour him with their patronage, as from his long and tried experience, and the moderate prices for which he is determined to do work, he flatters himself that he will be able to give entire satisfaction.

NEW AND SECOND HAND CARRIAGES sold on COMMISSION or taken on STORAGE at his repository, where they will be perfectly secured from the weather or other injury, and where every attention will be paid to them, and where they may be taken out or put in at any time without inconvenience.

N B Several NEW & SECOND HAND GIGS, with a number of other CARRIAGES of various descriptions for sale on very accommodating terms. Jan 21

FRESH

PATENT FINISHED CLOTH.

GEORGE M'NEIR, Merchant Tailor,

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a Large

STOCK OF GOODS,

In his line, consisting of some of the handsomest Patent Finished Cloth

Of various qualities and colours, with an assortment of CASSIMERES.

And Variety of

VESTINGS,

Of the latest patterns; with an assortment of Stocks, Collars, Gloves, Suspenders, Silk Hosiery, &c.

All of which he will sell low for cash, or to punctual men. October 1. 22

WILLIAM BRYAN

Merchant Tailor,

Has just returned from PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE, with a large Stock of

FASHIONABLE GOODS

Very superior in colour and quality; all of which he will be happy to make up for his friends and the public, on moderate terms. He has just received his Fall Fashions from New York. Oct 15

NEW FANCY STORE.

ANN KARNEY

BEGS leave to announce to the citizens of Annapolis, and the public generally, that she has just returned from the city of Baltimore, with a fine assortment of

FANCY GOODS

Of the latest New York & Baltimore Fashions, And has commenced business in the stand nearly opposite to Williamson's Hotel, where Ladies can obtain all kind of articles in the

Millinery and Mantu Making

line of business. She also has, and intends to keep various articles for the use of Gentle men. She announces also, that she will to a few days be joined by a lady altogether acquainted with the aforementioned lines of business. She ventures to assert that she will be able to dispose of her goods at as reduced prices as they can be obtained at in the city of Baltimore, and therefore respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

N. B.—All orders from the country will be punctually attended to. Nov 26

For Sale or Rent,

THE House lately in the occupation of Mr. Jeremiah L. Boyd, on North East Street. For further information enquire of the subscriber. H. RAY. Aug 13 32

LABOURERS.

THE subscriber wishes to hire fifteen or twenty adult Servants, by the year, for which liberal wages will be given—Enquire of William Brown of Ben in Annapolis, or RICHARD GREEN, Manager of Elk Ridge Furnace. July 23

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his Office to the House contiguous to his residence in Prince George's street near the Dock. JAMES MURRAY. Oct 24

GLADES HUNTER.

500 sq. Superior Key Butter, Best White Wheat Family Flour, Fresh Roll Butter, daily expected, Malaga Grapes, in season, order, Malaga, Raisins, Currants, State Currants, Fresh Peaches, Turkey Figs, Havana Oranges, Lisbon Lemons, Bordeaux Almonds, English Walnuts, Soft Shell Filberts, Madeira Wine in Bottles, Vintage of 1824, No. do in Wood do India Madeira in Bottles, very old, Champagne, Lishon, Sicily, Cete and Claret Wines, Choice Cognac Brandy, 12 years old, No. do do do No. 3 Whiskey 5 years old, highly approved, Peach Brandy, pure and fine, Jamaica Spirit, 300 Ed. extra favour'd Richmond Chewing Tobacco, Champagne Glasses, with a good assortment of Cut Glass, and other reasonable articles. For Sale by, JOHN WILMOT. Jan. 7.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Is authorized by John T. Barr, Esq. to sell at public auction, in Vienna, Dorchester county, Maryland, on SATURDAY the 27th day of February next, all the right title and interest in law and equity, which the said John T. Barr has in the real estate, lying in Dorchester county, of which the late Robert Dennis died seized, and which was purchased by the said John T. Barr, the 25th day of March last, at a public sale decreed by the authority of the High Court of Chancery.

To those who wish to invest their money in this species of property, this sale is particularly inviting. This estate consists of the following very valuable property, to wit:

No. 1.—The home place of the late Robert Dennis, lying in Dorchester county, on the Nanticoke River, three miles below Vienna—Vessels of 300 tons can load within fifty yards of the door. This property, known as LOT No. 7 of Nanticoke Manor, contains about three hundred and twenty-nine acres and a quarter; part of the land is very rich and part of it very heavily timbered, being covered with valuable ship timber.

The improvements consist of a good DWELLING, Kitchen, out houses, and a good barn; all of which require but small repairs to make them excellent.

No. 2.—Being LOT No. 9 of Nanticoke Manor, and containing about four hundred and thirty acres of upland, and about six hundred and fifty acres of marsh land embanked. This property lies also on the Nanticoke River, a few minutes walk from the home place, and is most advantageously situated as a grazing farm. On this place there are a good DWELLING HOUSE and out houses, and a sufficiency of wood to support the farm.

No. 3.—Also the FARM consisting of three tracts of land, called Bridge Neck, Cox's Addition to Bridge Neck, and John's Industry, situated on the main road from Cambridge to Vienna, about three miles from Vienna and fifteen miles from Cambridge. This farm contains about five hundred acres of land, and is justly considered one of the most productive and profitable farms in that improved district of country.

On this place is an excellent apple orchard, DWELLING and out houses, corn houses, stable, &c. and the farm is under very good fencing.

No. 4.—Another FARM called Tripp's Enclosure, situated on a tributary river, near the Bridge. This tract contains about three hundred and sixty acres of very good quality—a sufficiency of ship timber could be obtained from it to pay for the whole place, leaving still a sufficient quantity to support the farm. This farm is also well enclosed, and has upon it a

BRICK DWELLING, &c.

No. 5.—A WATER LOT in the town of Vienna, opposite Mr. Colton's store, unoccupied.

No. 6.—I will also sell at the same time, the reversion belonging to Mr. Barr in that well known and highly valuable property called Mitchell's Mills, which consists of a

LOT OF GROUND containing ten acres, one mill seat, one large and commodious grist mill in excellent repair, a good DWELLING HOUSE, kitchen, store house in an eligible situation, and other necessary out house. The leasehold interest in this property will expire in eight or nine years.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—

One fifth of the purchase money cash on the day of sale, the balance to be paid in four equal annual instalments, with interest till paid; the purchase money to be secured by bond and security approved by the subscriber, and on the payment of the whole purchase money, the said John T. Barr will, by a good and valid deed, executed and acknowledged according to law, convey to the several purchasers in fee simple, all his right, title and interest in the property thus sold, free, clear and discharged from all claim of the said John T. Barr. If any person shall bid off any property and fail to comply with the terms of sale, the property will be resold, and the loss arising from the resale, if any, shall be charged to the person failing to comply.

HENRY PAGE, Trustee. Jan. 21

The Intelligencer and Telegraph, Washington, and Maryland Gazette, Annapolis, will copy the above three times a week.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of George Shaw, dec'd. are requested to make payment on or before the 1st day of March next, as further indulgence cannot be allowed. Wm. BROWN, of Ben. J. M. ROBINSON. Esrs. Jan 21

Boarding House.

(REMOVED.)

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs her Friends and the Public in general, that she has removed from the house she lately occupied, near the Protestant Church, to the well known stand in FRANCIS STREET formerly occupied by Capt. Thomas, and since by Mr. Joseph Daley and Mrs. Anna Gambrell, which is now undergoing repairs, and will be made a comfortable and agreeable place of residence for Members of the Legislature, or others visiting the city.

Having a good STABLE, well supplied with Timothy Hay, good Oats, &c. together with a CARRIAGE HOUSE, and PUMP of good Water in the yard, gentlemen may rely on having their Horses well taken care of by a good Outing.

Her TABLE will always be supplied with the best the Markets afford—Charges moderate, and no exertions wanting to render general satisfaction to all who may favour her with their patronage.

Boarders will be taken by the Year, Week or Day, on moderate terms. M. ROBINSON. Annapolis, Oct. 15.

FOR RENT.

THE HOUSE in Corn Hill street, lately in the occupation of Mr. Richard Ridgely. For terms enquire of Mr. Richard Ridgely Dec 10.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

ORDERED by the Court, That the creditors of Benedict Johnson, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, be and appear before the court at Leonard Town, St. Mary's county, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit. True copy. JO HARRIS, Clerk of St. Mary's county court Dec. 10

CAUTION TO HUNTERS, &c.

ALL persons are forewarned Hunting, Gunning, or in any way trespassing, on the Farms, north side of Severn, now in the occupation of the subscriber, and formerly belonging to Dr. William Hammond, and the late Allen Warfield. The law will be strictly enforced on all who may offend. RICHARD CRISP. Dec. 17.

GEORGE SCHWARAR, BAKER,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public for the encouragement which he has experienced at their hands, and avails himself of this method to inform them that he has provided an ample supply of the very best materials to manufacture

Bread, Biscuits, Crackers and Cakes. Unremitting attention shall be continued.

CAKES AND BISCUITS

Furnished to Shopkeepers and Country Dealers, at Baltimore Prices. Dec. 24.

BOARDING & LODGING.

GIDEON PEARCE

BEGS leave to announce, that having rented the large and commodious House, recently occupied by Mrs. Robinson, near the Protestant Episcopal Church, conveniently situated to the State House, he will be prepared to accommodate with Boarding and Lodging, during the ensuing session of the legislature at least twenty gentlemen. A few Yearly Boarders will also be taken. Oct 8.

HOUSES AND LOTS

In Annapolis, for Sale or Rent.

ONE convenient dwelling near the Town Gate, in West Street; House, Lot, Stables, &c. near the Bath, also several other Houses and Lots in town; and two Farms in the country. Apply to the subscriber, or Mr. Daniel Hart Nov 26

Notice.

The Subscriber having obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of William H. Stinchcomb, late of said county, deceased, all persons having claims against said deceased are desired to present them legally authenticated, and all persons indebted to said deceased, are required to make immediate payment to RICHARD H. MERRICK, Administrator. Dec. 14

The Steam Boat

Commences her regular route on Tuesday next. Leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton; returning, leaving Easton at 7 o'clock for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore. On Mondays leave Baltimore at 6 o'clock, returning, leave Chester town at 1 o'clock the same day. On Sunday the 19th April, she will leave Baltimore at 9 o'clock for Annapolis only, returning, leave Annapolis at 3 o'clock; continuing this route throughout the season. Passengers to and from Annapolis, \$1. March 24.

BOARDING.

A private family, may be had, for one or two young Gentlemen, of correct, useful habits. Apply to the Editor of this paper. Dec. 14th.

MARYLAND

Commences her regular route on Tuesday next. Leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton; returning, leaving Easton at 7 o'clock for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore. On Mondays leave Baltimore at 6 o'clock, returning, leave Chester town at 1 o'clock the same day. On Sunday the 19th April, she will leave Baltimore at 9 o'clock for Annapolis only, returning, leave Annapolis at 3 o'clock; continuing this route throughout the season. Passengers to and from Annapolis, \$1. March 24.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale at the Gazette Office, price 25 cents. "A COUNTRY CLOWN, or, DANDY ISM IMPROVED." A Dramatic Medley, in one act. Oct 29

PRINTING

NEAREST EXECUTED AT THE OFFICE.

RECOMMENDATION OF THE WORK.

We approve of the plan on which the publication, entitled the "Journal of Health" is conducted, and believe, that it is calculated to be useful, by enlightening public opinion on a subject of high importance to the welfare of society. The numbers which have appeared, evince talent, and may be viewed as a pledge of the continued usefulness of the publication, which conducted by its present editors. We, therefore, feel no hesitation in recommending it to public patronage.

Philadelphia, October 15, 1830.

N. Chapman, M. D. } Professors in the University of Pennsylvania. Wm. P. Dewees, M. D. } Thos. C. James, M. D. } Wm. E. Horner, M. D. } John G. Otto, M. D. } Thos. T. Hewson, M. D. } Franklin Bache, M. D. } Rev. James Montgomery, D. D. Rector of St. Stephen's Church. Wm. H. De Lancy, D. D. Provost of the University of Pennsylvania. B. B. Smith, Editor of the Philadelphia Recorder, and Rector of Grace Church. G. T. Bridell, Rector of St. Andrew's Church. James Abercrombie, D. D. Assistant Minister of Christ Church, and St. Peter's. George Weller. Jackson Kemper, Assistant Minister of Christ Church, and St. Peter's. Thomas H. Skinner, D. D. Pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian Church. Wm. M. Angles, Pastor of the Seventh Presbyterian Church. John Hughes, Pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic Church. Michael Hurley, Pastor of St. Augustine Catholic Church. Wm. H. Furness, Pastor of the first Congregational Church. W. T. Dignity, Pastor of the First Baptist Church, and Editor of the Columbian Star. Jno. L. Dagg, Pastor of the Fifth Baptist Church. Solomon Higgins, Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Union Ch. Manning Force, Pastor of St. George's Methodist Episcopal Church.

In addition to the above, the names of a number of highly esteemed members of the different professions, who are subscribers to the work, might be added as expressive of the estimation in which it is held. With one voice, the public press from one end of the continent to the other, has spoken of the Journal of Health in terms of unequivocal commendation.

TERMS: The Journal of Health will appear in numbers of 16 pages each, octavo, on the second and fourth Wednesday of every month. Price per annum, \$1 25 in advance. Subscriptions and communications (post paid) will be received by Judah Dobson, Agent, No. 108 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Subscribers at a distance will discover, that the difficulty in remitting the amount of a single subscription will be obviated by any four of them sending on five dollars to the agent. Those to whom this may not be convenient, can receive sixteen numbers of the work by remitting a dollar to the same person.

The Journal of Health including index, will form the end of the year a volume of 400 pages octavo.

Agents: J. Dobson, 108 Chestnut St. Philadelphia; W. & J. Neel, Baltimore; Wm. Burgess, 37 Fulton street, N. York; Carter & Hendler, Boston; and in most of the towns in the United States.

A Specimen of the Work may be seen at this Office. Nov. 19.

Anne-Arundel County, Sc.

UPON application to Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition in writing, of David Ridgely, of said county, for the benefit of the act of Assembly, entitled An act, for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors passed at November session 1805, & the several supplements thereto; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, as far as he can ascertain them, on oath, being annexed to his said petition, and being attested by the said petitioner, that he has resided in the state of Maryland, for two years next, preceding the date of his said petition; and being also attested by the certificate of the Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county, that the said David Ridgely, is now in his custody for debt, and for no other cause; and the said petitioner having taken the oath prescribed by law, and entered into bond with security for his appearance in Anne-Arundel county court, on the third Monday of April next, to answer such allegations as his creditors may propose to him, and having also executed to a trustee, by the said court, appointed a good and sufficient deed, for all his property, real, personal and mixed, the necessary wearing apparel, and bedding of himself and family excepted, and delivered the same to the said trustee, and the said trustee having also executed a bond for the faithful discharge of his trust, and certified the delivery into his hands, of all the property of the said petitioner, mentioned in his schedule. It is therefore ordered, and adjudged, by the said court, that the said David Ridgely, be discharged from the custody of the sheriff of said county, and that the said petitioner, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, for three months successively, before the said third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors, to be, and appear at the day and place, to shew cause if any they have, why the said David Ridgely should not have the benefit of the act of assembly, and the supplements thereof as prayed.

Test, Wm. S. Green. Jan. 7.

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And for Sale at the Gazette Office, price 25 cents. "A COUNTRY CLOWN, or, DANDY ISM IMPROVED." A Dramatic Medley, in one act. Oct 29

PRINTING

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