



Saturday, January 6, 1872.

Meeting of the Maryland Legislature.

The biennial session of the Legislature of Maryland convened temporarily on Thursday last. In the evening, the Democratic members held a caucus for the nomination of officers. The Hon. Henry Snyder, of Baltimore city, for President of the Senate, and Augustus Gassaway, Secretary. In the House, no nomination was made, except that of A. P. Gorman, for Speaker. The election of a State Treasurer, and a United States Senator, will take place shortly.

The Hon. Wm. Pinckney Whyte, the Governor elect, will assume the duties of his office on Wednesday next.

The newspapers from all the large cities, report much drunkenness and crime on Christmas day. It is ever thus. Run and Crime go hand in hand, and sorrow and shame, poverty, imprisonment and death, follow in the wake.

The trial of Mrs. Wharton, for the murder of General Ketchum, is a perfect fulfillment of the adage "Make haste slowly." For although several weeks have been occupied in the examination of witnesses, the trial shows no evidences of a speedy termination. The most singular part of the whole affair, is the unceremonious way in which certain eminent physicians, who were put upon the stand as experts, have torn each other's evidence to pieces.

The confusion of tongues at the Tower of Babel surely could not have struck the ancient builders thereof with greater bewilderment than these physicians' evidence must be creating in the minds of the lawyers employed in the case. Much knowledge of Chemistry has been paraded by these learned disciples of Esculapius, in language of the most inflated order, but as it has been well remarked by some wise student of chemistry, that the science is yet in its infancy, the public ought not to expect a half dozen analytical chemists to determine whether General Ketchum died of the effects of Antimony or that fatal epidemic, which prevailed in Baltimore city at the time of his death, the spotted fever. These learned savans have not only contradicted each other, but in the cross examination, have sometimes turned the scalpel against themselves, and attentive readers of their evidence published in the daily papers, can scarcely distinguish anything clearly in the mass of professional jargon and technicalities heaped up by them.

It seems to us that it has been clearly demonstrated during this trial, that chemistry is not to be implicitly trusted when a human life is to be offered up on the strength of its decision. Mrs. Wharton may, or may not be guilty of poisoning General Ketchum; but we cannot see how the jury can come to any positive conclusion from the evidence of the scientists who have testified in the case.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, January 2, 1872. It is stated to-night that during the Cabinet meeting to-day telegrams were sent to several naval stations, asking how soon the iron clads lying there could be put in readiness for sea service, and considerable disappointment was felt on account of the unfavorable replies received. The Mantoonah, it is reported, could not be made ready for sea in less than eighty or ninety days. Another iron clad was at New London, and other vessels inquired about needed repairs of various character, and at best, could not be ready for sea for several weeks. Why this state of affairs is, is the question which is not yet answered. Some attribute it to the condition of our affairs with Cuba, but there is nothing authentic in regard to the cause.

The proceedings in the Ohio Senate yesterday in organization are claimed by anti-Sherman men as confirming their oft-repeated assertion, that there is a sufficient number in the Senate and the House to defeat the election of Sherman, and that there are several Republican members in that body who will not go into the Senatorial caucus. Senators Gage and Caswell, who did not co-operate with their party yesterday, are of the number against Sherman, and "as said there are five more of the same kind in the House. If all these adhere to their pledge to oppose Sherman he will be defeated by three majorities.

Pennsylvania.

MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE. Harrisburg, January 2.—The State Legislature convened to-day. William Elliott, of Philadelphia, was elected Speaker of the House. The Speaker of the Senate announced that satisfactory evidence had been received of Senator Connel's death, and a writ would be issued to-day for a new election.

The Lower House of the Louisiana Legislature was a scene of intense excitement yesterday upon a motion to declare the Speaker's chair vacant. The Speaker declared the motion of the House revolting, and for a moment there was every appearance of a dangerous collision.

UTAH.

ARREST OF BRIGHAM YOUNG. Salt Lake, January 2.—Brigham Young was arrested this morning at his residence in this city by the United States Marshal, in the charge of murder. An application for his release on bail will be heard at 2 P. M. to-day by Judge McKean.

[LATER.]

Brigham Young, in custody of the United States Marshal, and accompanied by George A. Smith, Daniel H. Wells, H. B. Clawson and other high Church dignitaries, appeared before Chief Justice McKean this afternoon, under indictment for murder. The court room was crowded to suffocation. Much anxiety exists among the Mormons, but there is no show of disorder or disrespect to the Court. Mon. C. H. Hemphreys and Thomas Fitch are counsel for the prisoner, and United States Attorney Bates prosecutes for the people. Mr. Hemphreys moved that the prisoner be admitted to bail on the ground that he was an old man, 71 years of age, and in feeble health. He had come 400 miles to meet this and all other charges, and his physicians certified that imprisonment would imperil his life. Mr. Bates had no objection to bail, but suggested it be fixed at \$500,000. Judge McKean said the Government of the United States has no all in this city for holding prisoners arrested on process issued from United States courts. The Marshal is required to exercise the discretion which the law vests in him. Sometimes such prisoners are kept at Camp Douglas, but the Commander of that fort was not obliged to receive them.

The prisoner is reported to be the owner of several houses in the city. If he chooses to put under the control of the Marshal some suitable building in which to be detained, it will be for the Marshal to decide whether to accept it. It is the option of the prisoner to make such offer. In any event the Marshal will look to it that every comfort of the prisoner be provided, remembering that he is an old man. I decline to admit to bail.

On leaving Court, Brigham tendered the Marshal his residence in South Temple street, which was accepted, and Brigham is now a prisoner in his own house. He seemed perfectly cool and unconcerned.

Virginia.

THE STATE FINANCES.—A VETO FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Richmond, January 2.—Governor Walker has vetoed the joint resolution of the Legislature suspending the funding of the State debt. This, however, will probably amount to nothing, as in the House the resolution was adopted by over a three-fourths vote, and in the Senate by a two-thirds vote.

South Carolina.

THE KU-KLUX TRAIL.—CONVICTION OF DR. AVERY.

Columbia, January 2.—In the United States Court sitting during the trial of Dr. Avery was continued. After argument from the opposing counsel, the jury rendered a verdict of guilty. No motion for judgment was made. Four prisoners from Spartanburg county pleaded guilty, and were remanded for sentence.

Certain Germans in London are preparing a petition to Prince Bismarck, urging him to demand apology and indemnity from the United States for having allowed its citizens to furnish the French Government with supplies during its war with Germany. The London Times after reviewing the cause of the Russian Minister, Mr. Catanzary, concludes that he served his Government zealously but not judiciously.

The steamship Wyanoke, which is the largest vessel navigating James river, passed through the famous Dutch Gap canal on Tuesday without difficulty. It was considered a substantial triumph for the many friends of the enterprise, and it shortens by more than eight miles the trip between Richmond and the lower James.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THIS is to give notice that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Joshua Johnson and M. C. Jones trading as J. Johnson & Co. is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm on book account or by note, are requested to make immediate settlement.

JOSUAH JOHNSON, M. C. JONES.

Jan. 1st 1872.

N. B.—The books of the above named firm are in my hands for collection, and persons will please call promptly at the old stand for settlement of accounts.

M. C. JONES.

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J. AUGUSTUS PARSONS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

SALISBURY, MD.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. [Jan. 6, 1872-tf]

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the undersigned hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County letters of Administration on the estate of

WM. WIMBROW,

late of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said dec'd, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers there of before the subscriber on or before the

16th day of May, 1872,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 11th day of November, 1871.

JAMES DUNCAN, Administrator.

ESTABLISHED 1810.

JOHN C. SMITH & SON.

1251 West Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.

Wholesale Dealers in Fine Cigars.

Country Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock.

[Nov. 2-1y]

Eastern Shore R. R.

ON AND AFTER MAY 9th, 1870.

Daily Trains—Sunday Excepted

Going North		
Le Crisfield	7:15 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
Hopewell	7:30	12:45
Marion	7:45	1:00
Kingston	8:00	1:15
Westover	8:15	1:30
P. Anne	8:30	1:45
Loretto	8:45	2:00
Eden	9:00	2:15
Farmington	9:15	2:30
Salisbury	9:30	2:45
Wm. Stidg	9:45	3:00
Ar. Delmar	10:00	3:15

Going South		
Le Delmar	7:35 A.M.	3:42 P.M.
Wm. Stidg	7:45	3:50
Salisbury	8:00	4:05
Farmington	8:15	4:20
Eden	8:30	4:35
Loretto	8:45	4:50
P. Anne	9:00	5:05
Westover	9:15	5:20
Kingston	9:30	5:35
Marion	9:45	5:50
Hopewell	10:00	6:05
Ar. Crisfield	10:30	6:30

No. 1. Regular Passenger, Mail, and Express Cars with Norfolk boat freight, and will do all local freight work, and will take all unperishable freight for Del. R. R. and its connections. Shippers will see that all such freight, are at the R. R. Station 30 minutes before arrival of Train, otherwise it might lay over one day.

No. 2. Expressly a Fruit and Berry train, with one Passenger car attached, which runs all the way to Wilmington. When cars are left at the stations fruit must be loaded and ready on arrival of Train.

No. 3. Will have one Passenger car, and empty crates, and car for the Fruit and Berry business.

No. 4. Regular Passenger, Mail, and Express cars, with all-way freight. Connects with boats at Crisfield for Baltimore on Monday and Thursday Evenings.

W. THOMSON, Superintendent.

Delaware Rail Road

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 28th, 1871.

Passenger Trains will run as follows until further notice.

All Trains Sundays Excepted.

Trains Going North, Leave

Delmar	7:00 A.M.	11:00 P.M.
Laurel	7:15	11:15
SEAFORD	7:30	11:30
Bridgeville	7:45	11:45
Greenwood	8:00	12:00 P.M.
Farmington	8:15	12:15
Milford	8:30	12:30
Harrington	8:45	12:45
Felton	9:00	1:00
Georgetown	9:15	1:15
Woodsboro	9:30	1:30
York	9:45	1:45
DOVER	10:00	2:00
Moorings	10:15	2:15
Brandywine	10:30	2:30
Smyma	10:45	2:45
CLAYTON	11:00	3:00
Sassafras R.R.	11:15	3:15
Blackford	11:30	3:30
Townsend	11:45	3:45
MIDDLETOWN	12:00	4:00
Mt Pleasant	12:15	4:15
Kirkwood	12:30	4:30
Rodney	12:45	4:45
Beard	1:00	5:00
State Road	1:15	5:15
New Castle	1:30	5:30
Ar. Wilmington	1:45	5:45
Philadelphia	1:55 P.M.	5:55 P.M.
Baltimore	1:55 P.M.	6:10

Trains Going South, Leave

Philadelphia	8:30 A.M.	5:00 P.M.
Baltimore	8:45	5:15
Wilmington	9:00	5:30
New Castle	9:15	5:45
State Road	9:30	6:00
Beard	9:45	6:15
Rodney	10:00	6:30
Kirkwood	10:15	6:45
Mt Pleasant	10:30	7:00
Townsend	10:45	7:15
Blackford	11:00	7:30
Sassafras R.R.	11:15	7:45
CLAYTON	11:30	8:00
Smyma	11:45	8:15
Brandywine	12:00	8:30
Moorings	12:15	8:45
DOVER	12:30	9:00
York	12:45	9:15
Woodsboro	1:00	9:30
Georgetown	1:15	9:45
Felton	1:30	10:00
Harrington	1:45	10:15
Milford	1:55	10:25
Farmington	2:00	10:30
Greenwood	2:15	10:45
Bridgeville	2:30	11:00
Laurel	2:45	11:15
Delmar	2:55	11:25

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.

Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7:40 A.M. Leave Philadelphia at 11:45 A.M., and Wilmington at 1:00 P.M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.

Additional to those above, leave Clayton for Smyrna at 8:00 A.M. and 3:00 P.M. Leave Smyrna for Clayton at 11:35 A.M. and 7:35 P.M. to make connections with trains to and from Dover, and Stations south.

Passenger Trains, with passenger car attached will leave stations named at the following changed hours, (subject to delays incident to freight business.) Viz: Going South, leave Wilmington about 12:55 A.M.; New Castle, 1:20; Middletown, 2:25; Townsend, 2:45; Clayton, 3:15; Dover, 4:00; Wyoming, 4:10; Felton, 4:40; Harrington, 5:00; Farmington, 5:15; Bridgeville, 5:30; Seaford, 6:15; Laurel, 6:45; and arrive at Delmar 7:05 A.M. Passengers leaving Delmar at 7:30 P.M. Philadelphia at 11:30 P.M. will make close connection with this train at Wilmington.

Going North, will leave Delmar, 2:30 P.M.; Laurel, 2:55; Seaford, 3:25; Bridgeville, 4:00; Farmington, 4:15; Harrington, 5:10; Felton, 5:35; Wyoming, 6:10; Dover, 6:30; Clayton, 7:10; Townsend, 7:15; Middletown, 8:10; Kirkwood, 8:40; New Castle, 9:25; and be due at Wilmington, 12:30 P.M. Philadelphia, 11:30; and Baltimore, 3:50 P.M.

This train will stop to take up passengers only at stations named, but will set down passengers at all regular stopping places except Hares Corner, State Road, Rodney & Dupont.

CONNECTIONS.

At Townsend, with the Kent County, and Queen Anne's & Kent Railroad's for Kentville, Sudlersville and intermediate places. At Clayton, with M. & D. R. R. for Easton and intermediate places. At Harrington, with J. & A. R. R. for Milford, Georgetown, Lewis and intermediate places. At Seaford, with D. & D. R. R., for Federalburg and Cambridge, &c.

At Delmar, with E. S. R. R. for Salisbury, Princess Anne, &c.; also for Berlin and other stations on the W. & P. B. R.

H. KENNEDY, Sup't Del. R. R.

May 13, 1871

DETERMINED TO COUNTERACT

The Short-Sighted Policy of DESIGNING AND MALICIOUS PERSONS Who have sought to Injure the Trade of Philadelphia, by Concealing and Circulating

Exaggerated and Malicious Reports, We shall take advantage of our very Fortunate Position, and Organize an IMMENSE AND UNAPPROACHABLE SALE, Which will cause a Great Loss to any who make Purchases without knowing what can be Saved in buying at this Unusual and

STUPENDOUS SALE.

WE COMMENCE

FRIDAY, DECEMBER FIRST,

The Unreserved Clearance of the Largest Stock WANAMAKER & BROWN ever held, being Nearly 650 MILLION DOLLARS' WORTH of Substantial Clothing of our best Manufacture, for Men, Boys and Children, part of which was personally selected in Foreign Markets

BY MR. WANAMAKER, BEFORE THE IMMENSE RISE IN WOOL, AND CAN BE SOLD TO

Ready-Money Buyers at Astonishingly Low Prices. A visit and inspection of which costs nothing, will prove unquestionably that many articles are worth double the prices quoted.

ABRIDGED PLAN.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT	BOYS' DEPARTMENT	First Floor (West)—Arranged for Furnishing Goods and Hats. The Job Lots. "Less than half price Lots."
7,961 Men's Overcoats.	969 Youths' Overcoats.	Piece Goods for Custom Work, which share in our general reduction of prices.
6,449 Dress Coats.	3,000 Youths' Pants.	Second Floor—3 Departments:
516 Garlick and Capes.	3,714 Youths' Vests.	Dress Pants,
5,113 Business Coats.	1,872 Youths' Everyday Coats.	Second Dress Pants,
12,811 Children's Overcoats.	723 Children's Overcoats.	Working Pants,
1,213 Fine Eng. Striped Pants.	135 Cape Overcoats.	Job Lots.
3,875 Doeklin Pants.	180 Children's Garlicks.	Third Floor—Overalls, Top Coats
2,519 Black Cloth Vests.	1,344 Children's Suits.	Garlicks.
692 Velvet Vests.	3,282 Boys' Pants.	Coatsmen's Coats.
578 Cashmere Vests.	2,676 Boys' Jackets.	Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Floors—
14,496 Cassimere Vests.	733 Big Men's Coats.	Reserved Surplus Stock.
583 D. Breast Short Overcoats.	1,205 Big Men's Pants.	
523 English D. B. Overcoats.	986 Big Men's Vests.	
	78,250 TOTAL GARMENTS.	

FIRST—Store open from 7 A. M., to 8 P. M., except Saturdays, when open at 6 A. M., to 10 P. M. SECOND—All Goods Exchanged or Money Refunded. THIRD—A large staff of Salesmen and Ushers to the different Departments, in waiting to receive Customers. FOURTH—Orders by Telegraph or Letter from any quarter faithfully attended to.

IN CONCLUSION.

For Solid and Substantial Bargains this is an Unprecedented Opportunity!! It will pay to come from any part of the Country, or to make up Clubs in Towns and Villages, as we mean to give somebody all the Goods we have. We have had the largest sales the House has ever known, and to Wind up the Season we can afford to almost shut our eyes to the Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, Sixth & Market Sts., Philadelphia.

THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE devotes unwearied attention to the Subjects interesting the FARMERS and FRUIT GROWERS of the Delaware Peninsula, and furnishes each week a grand compendium of the news from Delaware, the Eastern Shore of Maryland, and South-Eastern Pennsylvania.

It maintains a high editorial position on leading questions of the day, and gives in each issue a variety of Literary Matter, including Stories, Poetry, and General Selections.

Terms, \$2 per annum in advance. Address, JENKINS & ATKINSON, Southwest Corner of Fifth and Market Sts., Wilmington, Del.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORLD, 1872.

FIFTY CENTS PER ANNUM.

The January number, containing REF. DR. HALL'S EXPLANATIONS.

UNIFORM Sunday-School Lessons.

IS NOW READY. SINGLE NUMBERS FIVE CENTS EACH. Published by the AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION, 1122 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

ST. CLAIR HOTEL,

Monument Square, Baltimore, Md. Gilmore & Sons, Proprietors.

The only Hotel in Baltimore furnished with a Passenger Elevator and Fire Escapes. Has accommodations for 300 Guests. Terms, \$1 per day. Opened May 1st, 1871. [m13 Im.]

Auditor's Notice. Thos. Dennis, use Wm. B. In Equity in the Circuit Court for the County of Baltimore, vs. William B. In Equity in the Circuit Court for the County of Baltimore.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested in the proceeds of the sale of the Real Estate mentioned in the foregoing cause as made and reported by John H. Handy Trustee to produce their claims authenticated according to law, before the undersigned on or before the 25th day of December, next, at which time he will proceed to settle an account distributing due proceeds among the persons entitled thereto.

ALBERT B. SLEMONS, Auditor. For Sale!—A BRICK-MACHINE, capable of moulding Ten Thousand Brick per day. For terms apply to G. W. FREEMAN, Pittsville, Md.

EDGAR I. OLIVER, Commission Merchant, AND DEALER IN BERRIES, PEACHES AND APPLES, DRIED FRUITS, POULTRY, EGGS &c. No. 153 Centre Row, West Washington Market, NEW YORK.

I will use my best endeavors to promote the interests of my Shippers, by getting good prices, making daily reports, and sending prompt returns once or twice a week, as may be desired. [m12 Im.]

For Sale.—A Large Size Made Lantern, with slides to suit, will be sold cheap for cash, or exchanged for Cypress Shingles. This is a chance seldom offered. For particulars, address J. H. GIFFITH, Farmington, Delaware.

AGENTS, For fast selling popular subscription MALE and FEMALE. Extra inducements to Agents. FEMALE. Information free. Address America Book Co. 62 William St. N. Y.

LOCAL.

SATURDAY

Night School. That Mr. W. Public Ma night Scho fair prospers.

The Hy. Crawford, Miss Mollie ceremony city. May perous.

Knight festival, he at Quantie ia of that signed to nure and fol

Burned. last week, ler, was clothes tak her conditi is thought

Accident. Lloyd met dent, at W day, from which he powder to A fragmen on the up flicted a f

Knightie tion held by Salisbu the follow

F. W. R. J. Messrs Johnson a bers elect for Wicom Annapolis legislative tlemen Gu

Painful. will be pai T. H. Irvin fall upon a timore efor week before his left thif of his misf was belived but it is no valescent i great gra throughout will be ab the bench.

Thieves. less scamp ger's snol last, by m helped him barrel of fl just opene flour out of with a sm was hain carried it booty.

A Be meeting of Salisbury election evening, named—ge elected to Gen. H idout; E and R. K Messrs Thoringe at a previ a commit of the Ce the proba and mak The repo gentlemen a commit

There reach of mands at lie Ceme mites w well, in by beaut of the de citizens s now their in every affection their mo be stron strings of but ev we conf short tin that a fill and the soon ceclers an ty.

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The Salisbury Advertiser.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.
AT SALISBURY, MD.
One Copy, one year, in advance... \$1.00
If not paid in 30 days, 1.50
Single copies five cents.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square—six lines or less, solid measure
ment Nonpareil—inserted one time for \$1.00,
and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Bills for advertisements due after first insertion.
JOS. PAISTING Executed with neatness and
dispatch at the office of the Advertiser.

Salisbury Advertiser.

Vol. 5.

SALISBURY, WICOMICO COUNTY, MD., SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1872.

No. 18.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Relief
CURES THE WORST PAINS
In from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need anyone
SUFFER WITH PAIN.
Radway's Ready Relief is a cure for
EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, such
as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Migraine, Headache,
Stomachache, Toothache, or any other pain, by
one application.

Radway's Ready Relief
WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.
Inflammation of the Kidney, Inflammation of the Bladder,
Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs,
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Catarrh of the Heart,
Hysterics, Dropsy, Catarrh of the Bladder,
Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Cold, Chills, Ague, Chills, Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
The application of the READY RELIEF to the
part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will
afford cases and comfort.

Radway's Ready Relief
WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.
Inflammation of the Kidney, Inflammation of the Bladder,
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Cold, Chills, Ague, Chills, Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
The application of the READY RELIEF to the
part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will
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Radway's Ready Relief
WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.
Inflammation of the Kidney, Inflammation of the Bladder,
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Selected Poetry.

Who Killed Tom Roper?

Who killed Tom Roper?
Not I, said new Cider,
I couldn't kill a spider,
I didn't kill Tom Roper,
Not I, said strong Ale,
I make men tough and hale;
I didn't kill Tom Roper.
Not I, said Lager Beer,
I don't intoxicate. Dye hear?
I didn't kill Tom Roper.
Not I, said Bourbon Whiskey,
I make sick folks spry, and frisky;
The doctors say so; don't they know
What quickens blood that runs too slow?
I didn't kill Tom Roper.
Not I, said sparkling Old Champagne,
No poor man ever by me was slain.
I cheer the rich in lordly halls,
And scorn the place where the drunkard falls.
I didn't kill Tom Roper.
Not we, said various other vines;
What! juice of grapes, product of vines,
Kill a man! The Bible tells
That wine all other drinks excel;
I didn't kill Tom Roper.
Nor I, said Holland Gin;
To charge such a crime to me is a sin—
I didn't kill Tom Roper.
Nor I, spoke up the Brandy strong,
He grew too poor to buy me long;
I didn't kill Tom Roper.
Not I, said Medford Rum;
He was almost gone before I came—
I didn't kill Tom Roper.
Ha, ha! laughed old Prince Alcohol,
Each struck the blow that made him fall;
And all that helped to make him taper
My agents were to kill Tom Roper.

A Reminiscence.

HOW JOHN QUINCY ADAMS DIED—CON-
GROSS TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO—
VERY INTERESTING REMINISCENCES.

A Washington correspondent supplies the following very interesting letter:
In looking through the alcoves of the Congressional Library I found some interesting facts in relation to the death of John Quincy Adams, but they were somewhat disconnected and incoherent, as if the information were a little uncertain. I asked Mr. Spofford if there was nobody about in the House twenty-five years ago. I thought it strange if there were none, considering with what devotion people hang on to public office. Mr. Spofford said that he knew of none, unless it was Mr. Barclay, the Journal Clerk of the House. It was strange I did not think of him. I made some hasty notes and went in search of Mr. Barclay. I found him in his room, quietly taking his ease in his big chair, talking with a friend.

After the introduction and the relation of reminiscences of prominent men of that time, the correspondent continues:
"But, how about John Quincy Adams?" I asked, perceiving that my friend Barclay was taking a pretty wide range. You saw him die, did you?"

"Yes," he answered. "With my little eye I saw him die. It was in the old hall of the House, where the statuary is now. He occupied a large single desk near the aisle. Most of the desks were together, that is three or four of them in one. He always had that desk. When a new drawing of seats occurred the old man was allowed to keep his, the same as Thad. Stevens in your time."

"Did you ever hear him speak?"

"No; he didn't speak much in the House for a year or two before he died."

"What was up in the House when he died?"

"Why, he didn't die in the House, you know; he died in the speaker's room. He was struck with paralysis while in his seat, but he didn't die for two days. You see he was struck on the 21st of February, and there was a great deal of flapdoodle at the time about special Privileges. I really believe people were greatly disappointed and grieved because he didn't die on the 22d instead of the 21st. There was a great deal of talk about it at the time. You know four or five big men, including two or three Presidents, died on the Fourth of July. A good many thought it was a great pity Adams didn't die on the same day of the month on which Washington was born."

"They did, eh? But what was up in the House?"

"Oh," he answered, "at the time there was a good deal of excitement, as there was a few years ago about generals. The Mexican war had just been closed and peace established by the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo. Of course we felt very grateful to our generals. Everybody wanted to do something for them. An obscure man, from Tennessee, I think, named Chase, wanted to introduce a resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to General Twiggs, Worth, Pillow, Shields, Quitman, Patterson, Pierce, Gadsden and Smith. I see by this old journal (holding a book in his hand) that he moved to suspend the rules in or-

A Funny Blunder.

One of the most ludicrous blunders ever perpetrated by a newspaper is that related by Max Adler in the following story: It devolved upon a certain reporter upon a country paper to write for the same edition an account of the presentation of a gold-headed cane to Rev. Dr. Jones, the clergyman of the place, and description of a patent bog-killing and saw-sage-making machine which had just gone into operation. When the foreman of the composing room received the two locals he cut them into small pieces, as usual for distribution among the type-setters. A mistake must have been made in numbering the "copy" for when the paper went to press the two reports were mixed in such frightful manner that the following or something like it was the result:

"Several of Rev. Dr. Jones' friends called upon him yesterday, and after a brief conversation the unsuspicious bog was seized by the hind legs and slid along a beam until he reached the hot water tank. His friends explained the object of their visit and presented him with a very handsome gold-headed butler, who grabbed him by the tail, swung him around, slit his throat from ear to ear, and in less than a minute the carcass was in the water. Thereupon he came forward and said there were times when the feelings overpowered one, and for that reason he would not attempt to do more than thank those around him for the manner in which such a huge animal was cut into fragments was simply astonishing. The doctor concluded his remarks, when the machine seized him and in less time than it takes to write it the hog was cut into pieces and worked up into delicious sausage. The occasion will long be remembered by the doctor's friends as one of the most delightful of their lives. The best pieces can be procured at fifteen cents a pound, and we are sure that those who have sat so long under his ministry will rejoice that he has been treated so handsomely."

The entire congregation of Dr. Jones' church stopped taking the paper immediately.

GRINDING WHEAT WITHOUT MILL STONES.

A mill for grinding wheat without mill stones has been devised in Great Britain, and one of the machines is now in successful operation at Edinburgh. This mill reduces wheat by percussion, while it is unsupported and falling freely, or being projected through the air. The wheat, in passing through the machine, is struck by a series of bars moving at immense speed in opposite directions. It is so instantaneously reduced into a state already for bolting that no injurious heat is caused, and the flour produced is of much superior quality to that obtained by ordinary grinding, while the cost of its production is considerably less. The advantages of this invention are the very slight and rarely needed repairs it requires against the keeping in order of millstones; the fewer men required, and the consequent saving in wages; the exemption from loss by scorching, and greatly diminished fire insurance; the small ground and space occupied, and the much less driving power needed in the one case than the other.

THE DUTY OF A MOTHER.

She should be firm, gentle, kind, always ready to attend to her child. She should never laugh at him, at what he does that is cunning; never allow him to think of his looks, except to be neat and clean in all his habits. She should teach him to obey a look; to respect those older than himself; she should never make a command without seeing it is performed in the right manner. Never speak of a child's faults or foibles, or repeat his remarks before him. It is a sure way to spoil a child. Never reprove a child when excited, nor let your tone of voice be raised when correcting. Strive to inspire love, not dread; respect, not fear. Remember you are training and educating a soul for eternity.

Curious Antipathies.

The subject of sympathies and antipathies is extremely curious. Boyle faints when he heard the splashing of water; Sculliger turned pale at the sight of watercresses; Erasmus became feverish when he saw a fish. A curious story is told of a clergyman, that he always fainted when he heard a certain verse in Jeremiah read. Zimmerman tells us of a lady who could not endure the feeling of silk or satin, and shuddered when touching the velvety skin of a peach. Mr. Julian Young tells the story of an officer who could not endure the sound of a drum, and ultimately fell dead when compelled to hear it. There are whole families who entertain a horror of cheese; on the other hand, there was a physician, Dr. Starke, of Edinburgh, who lost his life by subsisting almost entirely upon it. Some people have been unable to take nutmeg, even when administered in the microscopic form of pills. There is the case of a man falling down at the smell of nutmeg as if bereaved of life, and in strong convulsions. Sir James Eyre, in his well known little book, mentions three curious instances of idiosyncrasy: The case of a gentleman who could not eat a single strawberry with impunity; the case of another, whose head would become frightfully swollen if he touched the smallest particle of hare; the case of a third, who would inevitably have an attack of gout a few hours after eating fish.

"Ah!" mused Smith, as he contemplated his extensive collection of New Year's bills, "how true it is that in the midst of life we are in debt."

The Chetah, or Hunting Leopard.

The chetah is a native of India, where it is trained for the chase, and also of Africa. It is as large, or nearly so, as the leopard, but is superior, in height, owing to the length of its limbs, which are slender and tapering; its body also is less robust and reminds one, in some degree, of that of the greyhound. The fur is more than moderately full, and of a yellowish fawn-color, beautifully covered with round black spots, and a distinct stripe of the color passes from the inner angle of the eye to the mouth. A thin hog-like mane runs down the back of the neck. The forehead and outline of the profile are convex; the eye is every fine, large, and expressive.

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To this account we may add that, should the chetah miss his aim, he desists from further pursuit, and slinks back to his master, who replaces the hood, and reserves him for another chase. When he is successful, the ferocity of his nature at once displays itself, so that, to recover the prey, the keeper is obliged to be extremely cautious, entailing him with much carried for that purpose.

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I went up to the University on a special invitation to be present at the parting supper given by Tom and Sam when they had taken their degrees.

Next day I was instructed to draw up their wills, in which each left all he possessed to the other, if he should survive him. The documents were drawn up, signed, and witnessed, and I was requested to take charge of them. From that period I saw very little of either. I was glad to learn, therefore, dear me! how the time must have slipped away, said I to myself—just the pretty golden-haired girl at the picnic was the daughter of my worthy old friend Sam Welfit; and that the handsome young fellow who was paying such attention to her, was the son of the Rev. T. Tilly, who was best known to me as Tom Tilly.

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Time went on. Suspicion began to diffuse, and indifference paved the way for hate. Of course each was conscious of a change in the other, but did not observe it in himself, and so the mutual dislike deepened, and the breach widened imperceptibly. As luck would have it, young Tom, who was entered at Lincoln's Inn, met Bessie, who had come to stay with some friend in town, and they fell desperately in love with one another. They wrote to their parents like good and obedient children, informing them of their acquaintances, and perhaps revealing unwittingly what their concealed feelings had ripened into. That brought matters to a crisis. The Rev. T. Tilly told his son that Bessie was, no doubt, a designing mix; she was not likely to be a fit, promising as she did from a thistle like Sam Welfit. He threatened to cut his son off with a shilling if he heard any more of this nonsense, and forbade him to see her again. Sam Welfit was equally stern. He told Bessie that young Tom was a mercenary adventurer, and—like his father, probably—a rascal, an idler, and a scoundrel.

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THE REMISELLER.

Every individual in society is expected to contribute something to its advancement and interest. We remember to have read, many years ago of a company of tradesmen who united themselves into a mutual benefit society, and each one had to relate what he could contribute to its support.

First the blacksmith came forward and said: "Gentlemen, I wish to become a member of your association."

"Well, what can you do?"

"Oh! I can iron your carriages, shoe your horses, and make all kinds of implements."

"Very well, come in, Mr. Blacksmith."

The mason applied for admission into the society.

"And what can you do, sir?"

"I can build your barns, houses, stables, and bridges."

"Very well, come in; we cannot do without you."

Along comes the shoemaker, and says, "I wish to become a member of your society."

"Well, what can you do?"

"I can make boots and shoes for you."

"Come in, Mr. Shoemaker; we must have you."

In turn all the different trades and professions applied till at last an individual came who wanted to become a member.

"And what are you?"

"I am a remisseller."

"A remisseller! and what can you do?"

"I can build jails, and prisons, and poor-houses."

"And is that all?"

"No, I can fill them. I can fill your jails with criminals, your prisons with convicts, and your poor-houses with paupers."

"And what else can you do?"

"I can bring the gray hairs of the aged to the grave with sorrow; I can break the heart of the wife, and blast the prospects of the friends of talent, and fill the land with more than the plagues of Egypt."

"Is that all that you can do?"

"Good heavens!" cried the remisseller, is that not enough!

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Too Sharp for the Old Flocks.

The father of a certain Kentucky girl refused consent to her marriage with the man of her choice on account of his poverty. She concluded to make the young man a Christmas gift of herself, and therefore agreed to elope with him. At five o'clock on the morning of Friday before Christmas she met him and some friends at the depot of Franklin



Saturday, January 13, 1872.

New DRESS.—The Dover Delawarean has appeared in an enlarged form and an entire new dress. The paper, always one of the best, is now by far the most beautiful printed newspaper on the Peninsula. The enterprise exhibited by the publishers deserves the patronage of the public, and of the Democratic party especially, whose interest it has always advocated with ability and unwavering fidelity. The paper now contains a very large amount of reading matter of an interesting and substantial character, and is well worth the price of subscription asked for it, which is \$2. per annum.

Violent Death of Fisk.

The celebrated James Fisk Jr., who for some years past has been notorious as a sharp financier, and skillful manipulator of Erie stocks, and New York law, was shot by a man named Stokes, in the Grand Central Hotel, New York city, last Saturday. The wound proved mortal, and on Sunday Mr. Fisk breathed his last. The cause of the assassination was a woman. It seems that a certain Miss Helen Josephine Mansfield, to whom Fisk had devoted much time, and on whom, until he became tired of her, he lavished money and jewels, had instituted suit against him for libel. Stokes, the assassin, was a witness for Miss Mansfield, and when he found that Fisk's side was the strongest, he became infuriated, and, doubtless urged on by the beautiful siren with whom he was madly enamored, proceeded to the Hotel mentioned and coolly shot his victim. The cowardly deed caused considerable excitement in New York, and the papers denounce the murderer in very strong terms.

Fisk had a remarkable career, but there is nothing in his life to commend, and his memory will not long survive, unless Shakespeare's words are literally true:

The present state of affairs in Louisiana furnishes another evidence of the gross usurpations, perpetrated under the guise of the infamous Ku Klux Law. Warrants have been issued by the United States authorities, for the arrest of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and about twenty-five members of the General Assembly. The members arrested are opposed to Grant; hence the enforcement of the Ku Klux act. The Governor and State authorities, although amply able to protect themselves, have not as yet caused the arrest of any of the Custom-house conspirators, fearing that a conflict with the United States troops, and martial law might ensue. The Judge of the United States Court has advised the Governor to have the conspirators arrested; Warmouth, however, does not deem such a course expedient, unless it receive the sanction of the President. The inference is that Grant sanctions the proceedings of the conspirators, and will make no effort to quell the disturbance. Much alarm and indignation is felt by the people, who are at the mercy of Grants troops, and are liable to be arrested at any time.

U. S. SENATORSHIP.—The members of Legislature from the Eastern Shore, met in caucus last Wednesday evening, to determine who should be selected from this side of the Bay to fill the office of U. S. Senator for the ensuing term. The claims of the several gentlemen, who are candidates for senatorial honors, were presented; but it was found impossible to settle definitely upon one man, the case was adjourned without having accomplished the purpose for which it was convened. An opinion seems to be prevalent, that if the Eastern Shore members experience much difficulty in selecting a man, the Western Shore members will combine and elect a man from the other side of the Bay.—Such a movement would be as unfortunate to the Eastern Shore interests as it would be unjust to the people in this part of the State, to take the Senator, Treasurer, and Governor, all from the other side.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.—Governor Bowie sent in his message to the Legislature last week. It is a well written document, and contains many recommendations and suggestions, some of which, if acted upon by the Legislature, would, no doubt, redound to the good of the State.

INAUGURATION OF GOV. WHYTE.—Hon. Wm. Pinckney Whyte, was formally inaugurated Governor of Maryland on Wednesday last. The inauguration took place in the Senate Chamber, at Annapolis, in the presence of both branches of the Legislature. Chief Justice, James L. Bartol, administered the oath of office.

"YEAR BOOK."—We have received, from Jenkins & Atkinson, publishers of the Wilmington Daily Commercial, a copy of their "Year Book," which, beside being a complete almanac, is an admirable compendium of valuable information, useful to every one.—Price by mail, 20 cents.

Maryland Legislature.

Since our last issue, no bills or resolutions of local interest, have received the attention of this body.

On the 31st instant, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House, announced the several Standing Committees, of which, Hon. A. J. Crawford on the committees on Revolutionary Claims, Retrenchment of several Departments of Government, Agriculture, Public Buildings and State Library.

Mr. Joshua Johnson, was appointed on Committee on Expiring Laws, and Library.

Mr. Wm. J. Langrell, was appointed on Committees on Chesapeake Bay, and its tributaries; and on Corporations.

The Democratic members held a caucus on the 10th instant, for the purpose of nominating a State Treasurer. Only one ballot was taken, which resulted as follows: Davis 64, Merryman 13, Compton 13.

The Hostage Business in France.

The New Plan for Goading the French—More Millions Wanted.

Berlin, January 5.—The first trial of a hostage for the murder of a German soldier in France, the perpetrator of the crime not having been delivered up, will commence next week.

By Gulf Cable.

CUBA.

THE SPANISH WAR VESSELS.—Havana, January 8.—In view of the departure of the United States frigate Congress to escort the steamer Hornet to the United States, the Spanish war steamer Chiriquia has discontinued her watch of the Hornet, and has returned to Santiago de Cuba. The Spanish iron-clad Saragossa returns to Havana. It is asserted that the Spanish war steamer Pizarro, which is now watching the Virginia at Aspinwall, will also return to Havana at an early day.

Ohio.

INAUGURATION OF THE GOVERNOR.—Columbus, January 8.—The inauguration of Governor Noyes occurred this afternoon in the presence of members of the General Assembly, State officers and a large number of citizens from various portions of the State. The inaugural address contains no allusion to matters outside the State. After the inauguration the Governor was escorted to the Executive Chamber, where the public reception was held.

The General Assembly then proceeded to the Senate Chamber, where the oath of office was administered to Lieutenant Governor Jacob Mueller, who made a brief speech on taking the chair. The State Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney General and School Commissioner were also sworn into office.

The reception to-night at the residence of Governor Noyes was largely attended by members of the General Assembly, State officers and prominent citizens.

SPAIN.

Honors to Lieutenant Grant and General Sherman—the War cloud Passing Away.

New York, January 10.—A Madrid special of the 9th states that General Sherman and Lieutenant Grant arrived there on the 7th. They were presented to King Amadeus by the American Charge d' Affaires. The King is reported as saying that he was pleased to see so famous a representative of the American army as General Sherman, and that he always entertained friendship and admiration for the American people. He desired the most cordial relations as between neighbors whose interests can only be in the preservation of peace, which may always exist between the United States and Spain.

In the evening there was a banquet at the United States Legation, at which were present Malcampo, Minister of Marine; Popete, Minister for the Colonies; Du Blas, Foreign Minister and others. The following toasts were drunk and responded to: "The King," "President Grant," "The Armies and Navies of the United States and Spain." The most cordial and friendly remarks were made by the speakers of both countries. Admiral T. P. said that he hoped that the peace between the United States and Spain may never be disturbed. Foreign Minister Du Blas said that no difficulty between the countries is known here but what can be settled through the representative of Spain at Washington.

The same special says that the excited feeling in Spain in regard to the United States has entirely calmed down, and that that city the war cloud is considered as having passed away.

The Virginia Frauds.

Richmond Va., January 8.—In the House to-day a resolution was adopted appointing a committee to investigate the charges of bribery and corruption in securing the passage of the Funding bill here during the last session of the Legislature. The preamble charges that the bill was passed through the House by a combination of speculating stock-brokers of Richmond and New York, an influential paid attorney and unprincipled members.

The joint special committee on the public debt question have organized, and are already at work on a bill to meet the emergency.

The Railway Blockade.

Seventeen Days from San Francisco to Cheyenne—Sufferings of the Passengers.

Cheyenne, W. T., January 5.—Four passenger trains carrying about 800 passengers arrived here this morning from Ogden, which place they left December 21, 22, 23, and 28 respectively. They have been between here and Laramie (fifty-six miles) since Monday morning. There is little trouble on the road, west of Medicine Bow, but trains were detained between Ogden and that point a week from no other apparent cause than the last of proper understanding and information on the part of the company's officers. The greater part of that time was spent on side tracks, where it was almost impossible to obtain meals, and passengers suffered considerable inconvenience, subsisting on crackers and dried meats.

Between Laramie and Cheyenne the road was impassable, except with the help of a large force of men working night and day. The snow is deep, and constantly drifting. On one part of the road near Sherman, trains made only four miles in twenty-four hours. If the weather should continue as favorable as it is now the road may be kept clear, but winds or more snow will again blockade it in the same places where the recent troubles have been experienced.

The time from San Francisco of the first passenger who arrived here this morning is seventeen days.

San Francisco, January 5.—Passengers arriving over-land last night complained bitterly of the condition of the Union Pacific Railway, and state that they were not allowed to send dispatches over the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph line, which is controlled by the road, informing their friends of the true state of affairs. New York mails to December 22 have been received.

Terrible Murder in Baltimore.

At Baltimore, Dr. Merriam Cole, a retired physician, aged 73, was found murdered in his office, 86 North Essex street, about eight o'clock on Saturday evening. He was found dead on the floor by his daughter, who went to call him to supper. He had thirteen wounds on his head and face, and his skull was crushed in three places, apparently by a hammer. One pocket of his pantaloons was torn, out and nine dollars were found scattered on the floor. Twenty-four dollars remained in a wallet in his coat pocket. Dr. Cole was evidently in the act of writing a receipt when struck down. He was in the habit of collecting his rents every Saturday. The locality of the murder is severely settled, and in the centre of the city. Several persons were arrested yesterday, on suspicion, but their names are not published.

Mexico.

The Revolution—Success of both Sides.

Matamoros, January 9.—A courier extraordinary reached here to-night from Tampico with a telegram, dated City of Mexico, December 31st, from the Minister of War, announcing two general engagements between General Rocho's forces and the revolutionists under General Diaz, in which the latter were routed with a loss of artillery and cavalry. The church bells are ringing and troops are marching the streets with music amidst great excitement over the news.

General Quiroga has been reinforced by five hundred revolutionists from Monterey, and is moving from Mir on Canagaro with fifteen hundred men. General Cortina is reported to have abandoned Camargo on Sunday to avoid a fight with Quiroga, and has fallen back to Rignosa. Fighting has occurred between Quiroga's advance guard and Cortina's retreating column, but without special effect on either side.

The Small-Pox Plague.

England Ravaged by It—Cries for Vaccination, Hospitals, and Quarantine.

London, January 5.—The total number of deaths from small-pox in London during the last year was 8,000. The average of thirty-one years preceding is 600. The medical journals call attention to the alarming increase of the disease. They warn the public to take all precautions, and appeal to the government to interpose rigid sanitary regulations, establish special hospitals, and carefully quarantine infected districts.

ITALY.

The Legislature—The United States Court.

Salt Lake, January 8.—The twentieth session of the Legislature convened this afternoon. Lorenzo Snow was elected President of the Council, and Orson Pratt Speaker of the House. After organization the Legislature adjourned. It is said the Governor's message will be delivered to-morrow.

The United States Court resumes its sitting to-morrow, when more important indictments by the Grand Jury are expected. Brigham Young is fully ready for trial.

Ohio.

Election of United States Senator.

Columbus, January 9.—At 1 o'clock the Senate and House, in their respective Chambers, cast a vote for United States Senator. In the Senate the vote stood, George W. Morgan, Democrat, 18 John Sherman, 17; Robert Schenck, 1. In the House, Sherman, 57; Morgan, 47; J. D. Cox, 1. It was a party vote in both houses with one exception in each branch, the Republicans in each voting one for Schenck and one for Cox.

The Massachusetts Legislature.

Boston, Mass., January 5.—Governor Washburn was inaugurated to-day, and delivered his message to the two branches of the Legislature. The total of the funded and unfunded debt of the State is \$29,364. Upon the question of prohibition he takes a decided course. He says: "I have no objection in saying that in my judgment the prohibitory law repealed four years ago was the best and most effective on liquor traffic. I would like to see it restored in all its power and integrity to our statute books and rigidly enforced over every foot of soil in the Commonwealth." The message is an able and lengthy one. State papers referring in detail to all the important questions affecting the interests of the Commonwealth, and closes with a suggestion against special legislation and in favor of short sessions.

Wisconsin.

Sale of Public Lands.

Milwaukee, January 9.—Pursuant to orders of the General Land Office, and in accordance with the law of Congress, officers of the Menasha, Wisconsin Land Office yesterday afternoon offered for sale at public auction, two townships of land on the reservations of the Stockbridge and Minnie tribes of Indians in Shawanaw county. There is a large attendance of buyers, and bidding is lively.

Ohio.

Re-Election of Senator Sherman.

Columbus, January 10.—The General Assembly, in joint convention, at half past 12 to-day, elected John Sherman United States Senator.

Raising the Wind.

Another Attempt of Mr. Boutwell to Place the New Loan.

London, January 5.—A telegram received here from Washington says: "Messrs. Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. and the Rothschilds have made a joint proposition to Secretary Boutwell, which he has received, and will no doubt, accept and which will result in placing \$600,000 of the new loan."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Trustee's Sale

of Valuable Real Estate!

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Baltimore, in Equity, No. 126, in which Elijah Freeny is complainant and Sally Freeny and Matilda M. Freeny are defendants, the undersigned as Trustee, will sell at Tracy's Hotel in the town of Salisbury, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. on

Saturday the 10th day of February, '72.

All the right title and estate, being one undivided half, of the said Sally Freeny and Matilda M. Freeny to a farm, lying in Wicomico county, containing

190 Acres of Land,

more or less, which was devised to them by the last will and testament of Mary Freeny, late of Wicomico county, dec'd, and adms. in the lands of Geo. Lowe, Mitchell Land and others. The improvements are a fine story house, with out buildings. It has also a young peach orchard and some apple trees; and the timber consists of pine, oak and chestnut.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent cash; the balance on a credit of one, two and three years, the purchaser giving bond with security approved by the Trustee, for the deferred payments, and bearing interest from the day of sale, in stamps and deed at the expense of the purchaser.

E. I. ALL FREENY, Trustee.

Jan 13-72-1s.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF Valuable Real Estate

AND Vessel Property!

By virtue of a deed of Trust from John T. Hooper and wife, the undersigned as Trustee, will sell at the Court House door, in the town of Salisbury, on

Saturday, the 3rd day of February, 1872.

At the hour of two o'clock P. M., the following described property, to wit: 1st.—The Dwelling House & Lot, in Salisbury, now occupied by J. H. Farr, Esq., fronting on the street leading through what is called Camden, and running back to the river. The house is a large two story house in good repair, with the necessary out buildings, and is large and contains a variety of choice fruit trees.

2d.—The House & Lot in that part of Salisbury, called Georgetown, on Broadway, now occupied by John Huston, being a part of a lot purchased of William Williams & wife, and recorded in the land records of Worcester Co.

3d.—A farm called

"HIGH SUFFOLK"

containing in 1842 Acres, more or less, which said Hooper obtained by deed of John Brothman & wife. It is in a high state of cultivation and is improved by a good two story house, nearly new, with out buildings, and a peach orchard in bearing.

4th.—One half of the Schooner

with all her appurtenances.

All the above described real estate is rented for the year 1872, and will be sold subject to the leases.

TERMS OF SALE, Five per cent cash; the balance on a credit of one, two and three years, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with sureties approved by the Trustee and bearing interest from the day of sale. Stamps and deeds at the expense of the purchaser.

THOS. HUMPHREYS, Trustee.

N. B.—The creditors of John T. Hooper are hereby notified to file their claims with the vouchers therefor with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, within four months from day of sale.

Jan 13-72-1s.

AUGUSTUS PARSONS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Salisbury, Md.

Special attention given to the collection of claims.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico county, letters of Administration on the estate of

THORNTON PROEBUS, late of Wicomico county, dec'd. All persons having claims against said dec'd., are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

20th day of July, 1872,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1872.

Jan 13-72

LOUIS W. MORRIS, Administrator.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the undersigned hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County letters of Administration on the estate of

LEAH M. GORDY, late of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said dec'd., are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers therefor to the subscriber on or before the

20th day of July, 1872,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1872.

Jan 13-72

W. S. GORDY, Administrator.

Disolution of Co-partnership.

THIS is to give notice that the co-partnership heretofore existing between John Johnson and M. C. Jones, trading as J. Johnson & Co., is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm on book account or by note, are requested to make immediate settlement.

JOSUA JOHNSON, M. C. JONES.

Jan. 1st, 1872.

N. B.—The books of the above named firm are in my hands for collection, and persons will please call promptly at the old stand for settlement of accounts.

M. C. JONES.

THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

The DELAWARE TRIBUNE deserves unwearied attention to the Subjects interesting the FARMERS and FRUIT GROWERS of the Delaware Peninsula, and furnishes each week a grand compendium of the news from Delaware, the Eastern Shore of Maryland, and South-Eastern Pennsylvania.

It maintains a high editorial position on leading questions of the day, and gives in each issue a variety of Literary Matter, including Stories, Poetry, and General Selections.

Terms, \$2 per annum in advance.

Address, JENKINS & ATKINSON.

Southwest Corner of Fifth and Market Sts., Wilmington, Del.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORLD, 1872.

FIFTY CENTS PER ANNUM.

The January number, containing

REV. DR. HALL'S EXPLANATIONS

OF THE UNIFORM

Sunday-School Lessons,

IS NOW READY.

SIX HUNDRED FIVE CENTS EACH.

Published by the

AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION,

112 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

dec 16, '71-21

Ratification Notice.

Trail A. Bounds In Equity in the Circuit Court for Wm. J. Bounds et al. Wicomico Co.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1871.

ORDERED by the subscriber, one of the Associate Judges of the first Judicial Circuit of Maryland, this 6th day of December, 1871, that the report of Robert F. Brattan, Trustee, to make sale of the Real Estate mentioned in the above entitled cause, and the sale by him reported, be and the same is hereby ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed before the first day of next Term, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico County once in each of three successive weeks before the first day of January next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$6100.00

LEVIN T. H. IRVING, Trustee.

True Copy, Test: THOMAS F. J. RIDER, Ck.

dec 9, '71.

THE OLD

STATEN ISLAND

FANCY DYEING

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTICE THE NUMBER,

47 NORTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

AND NOTICE THE NAME,

BARRETT NEPHEWS & CO.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER OFFICE IN THIS CITY.

oct 7, '71-3m.

EDGAR I. OLIVER,

Commission Merchant,

AND DEALER IN

BERRIES, PEACHES AND APPLES, DRIED FRUITS, POULTRY, EGGS &c.

No. 153 Centre Row, West Washington Market, NEW YORK.

I will use my best endeavors to promote the interests of my shippers, by getting good prices, making daily reports, and sending prompt returns once or twice a week, as may be desired.

JOHN PRINTING Neatly and Expeditiously Executed at this Office.

BUY THE GENUINE



Standard Scales.

Every Scale Warranted.

MORE THAN 250 DIFFERENT MODIFICATIONS.

STOCK SCALES—HAY SCALES—COAL SCALES—DAIRY SCALES—PLAT-FORM SCALES—QUINTER SCALES—&c., &c., &c.

Alarm Cash Drawer.

Till Tapping Prevented.

Every Merchant Should Use Them.

Warranted.

SOLD AT FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSE

FAIRBANKS & CO.,

166 W. Baltimore St Balto.

252 BROADWAY, New York.

93 MAIN

Professional Cards.

HUSTON HUMPHREYS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
SALISBURY, MD.
Will attend strictly to all business entrusted to his care. Office over the store of A. G. Tinsdale & Co., Main Street.

EMUEL MALONE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
SALISBURY, MD.
Will attend strictly to all legal business entrusted to him, and to the sale of Real Estate.

G. F. HOLLAND,
HOLLAND & COOPER,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
SALISBURY, MD.
Practice in the Courts of Maryland and Delaware.

J. HOPKINS TARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
SALISBURY, MD.
Will practice in the Courts of Somerset, Wilcomco, and Worcester Counties.

JAMES E. ELLIOTT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
SALISBURY, MD.
Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

ISAAC D. JONES,
Attorney-General of Maryland,
Office over Chesapeake Bank,
Corner North and Fayette Streets,
BALTIMORE.
Practices in the Courts of Baltimore, in the Court of Appeals, and in the Supreme Court of the United States.

DR. L. S. BELL,
Graduate of "Balto. College of Dental Sur'g."
DENTIST,
SALISBURY, MD.

HOTELS.
PENINSULAR HOUSE,
MAIN STREET, SALISBURY, MD.
J. TRACY, Proprietor.

A. J. MCCOLLEY,
WITH
Jos. S. Bennett & Co.,
[Successors to Strick, Bennett & Co.]

Wholesale Druggists,
No. 609 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
June 18-17

Wicomco & Pocomoke
RAIL ROAD.
ON and after Monday, May 4th, daily Passenger and Freight train will run on the Wicomco and Pocomoke Rail Road as follows:

LEAVE
Berlin at 8:30 A. M. Salisbury, 10:00 A. M. Salisbury, 3:40 P. M. Berlin, 5:15 P. M.
The trains for Salisbury will stop at St. Martin's, Whaleyville and Pottsville, making connection at Salisbury with the Philadelphia and Baltimore Mail Train.
Will leave Salisbury for Berlin and intermediate points immediately after the arrival of the down Mail Train. H. R. PRITT, Pres.

L. H. BLACK,
Cloak, Dress-Making, Suit
AND
MILLINERY EMPORIUM,
No. 107 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE.
Particular attention paid to orders.
April 8 71 6m.

PENNSULA.
LIQUOR HOUSE.
S. ULMAN & BRO.,
CAMDEN STREET, NEXT DOOR TO E. E. JACKSON & CO., SALISBURY, MD.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors of all qualities and prices consisting of
WHISKIES, BRANDIES, WINES, RUM, GIN, &c.
Which they are prepared to sell at lower prices either by the barrel, gallon, or in smaller quantities, than any other house on the Peninsula.

Also have on hand a good assortment of CIGARS, TOBACCO, SNEPP, PLAYING CARDS, PIPES, &c., &c.
Which they are selling at very low figures.
Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call and examine quality and learn prices.
Remember the place,
Sign of Barrel,
Camden Street,
Salisbury, Md.
S. ULMAN & BRO.,
Aug 20-6m

Auditor's Notice.
Thos. Dennis, use Wm. B. B. in equity in the W. B. Dennis, vs. William B. B. suit Court for W. B. Dennis, et al. SEPTEMBER TERM, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested in the proceeds of the sale of the Real Estate mentioned in the foregoing case as made and reported by John H. Hardy, Trustee, to produce their claims authenticated according to law, before the undersigned on or before the 25th day of December, next, at which time he will proceed to state in account distributing the proceeds among the persons entitled thereto.
ALBERT B. SLEMONS,
Auditor.

SEASON OF 1870-71.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.
Important Improvements.
Patented Jan. 21st, and August 23, 1870.

Reduction of Prices.
The Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., have the pleasure of announcing important improvements in their Cabinet Organs, for which Patents were granted them in June and August last. These are not merely minor alterations, but enhance the substantial excellence of the instruments.

They are also enabled by increased facilities for manufacture, to make, from this date, a further reduction of prices on several leading styles.

Having completed and added to their former facilities a large new manufactory, they hope hereafter to supply all orders promptly.

The Cabinet Organs made by this Company are of such universal reputation, not only throughout America, but also in Europe, that few will need assurance of their superiority. They now offer FOUR OCTAVE CABINET ORGANS, in quite plain cases, but equal according to their capacity to anything they make for \$50 each. The same Double Reed, S-S, Five Stops, with knee swell, and Tremolant, in elegant case, with several of the Mason & Hamlin improvements, \$125. The same Extra, with new Vox Humana, Automatic Swell, &c. \$150. Five Octaves, Three Self-acting Stops, with Expansive, a splendid instrument \$225.

A new illustrated catalogue with full information and reduced prices, is now ready, and will be sent free with a testimonial card, or presenting a great mass of evidence as to the superiority of these instruments, to any one sending his address to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., 134 Tremont St., Boston, or 206 Broadway New York.

READING RAIL ROAD 10° SE.
ON and after Monday, May 4th, daily Passenger and Freight train will run on the Reading Rail Road as follows:

LEAVE
Reading at 8:30 A. M. Salisbury, 10:00 A. M. Salisbury, 3:40 P. M. Reading, 5:15 P. M.
The trains for Salisbury will stop at St. Martin's, Whaleyville and Pottsville, making connection at Salisbury with the Philadelphia and Baltimore Mail Train.
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ALBERT B. SLEMONS,
Auditor.

THE AMERICAN WASHER!
PRICE, \$5.50.
THE AMERICAN WASHER SAVES MONEY, TIME, AND DURESS.
The Fatigue of Washing Day no Longer Treated, but Efficiency and Clean Clothing are secured. In calling public attention to this little machine, a few of the valuable qualities, and possessed by any other washing machine, are here given.

The small, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated, a child ten years old, with a few minutes' practice, can thoroughly comprehend and efficiently use it. There is no adjusting or screwing to any, no delay in adapting it to any kind of laundry work. It is a perfect little wonder. It is a machine that does more work and does it better, than the best of the old hand washers. It is a machine that will wash and wring, and the clothes will last much longer than by the old hand washers. It is a machine that will wash and wring, and the clothes will last much longer than by the old hand washers.

MOO PHILLIPS,
GENUINE IMPROVED
Super-Phosphat of Lime.
STANDARD GUARANTEED.
Price \$50 per ton of 2000 lbs. Discount to dealers.
Superior to Peruvian Guano. Introduced April 25th 1869. Manufactured by Moo Phillips.
Price \$50 per ton of 2000 lbs. Discount to dealers.
For sale at Manufacturer's D-pots,
110 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.,
and by Dealers in general throughout the country.
Sent for Sample.

MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.
Livery Stable.
THE proprietor takes pleasure in announcing, that he is prepared to furnish the traveling public with horses and carriages at any hour.

He has added largely to his stables in HORSES, CARRIAGES, and is now prepared to take passengers to any part of the Peninsula at reasonable rates.
His saddle horses, will be found easy and pleasant. Stables on Camden Street, Salisbury, Md.
C. H. WOOD, Proprietor.

EOW. L. RICE, JR.,
MANUFACTURER OF
FINE YARA & SEED CIGARS.
FINE CUT CHEWING AND PLEG

TOBACCO,
OF ALL KINDS,
GRANULATED AND CUT AND DRY
Smoking Tobacco.
Imported Cigars
OF FINE BRANDS, ALWAYS ON HAND.
N. E. Corner 2d and French Sts.,
Wilmington, Delaware.
Oct 7, 71-1y

VINECARBITTERS
PURELY VEGETABLE
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. WILSON
SALISBURY, MD.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effect.
They are not only a Family Balm, but a Powerful Remedy for all the Diseases of the Blood, and for all the Disorders of the Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder. They are the GREAT PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bowels are not clogged by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

These Bitters are as well as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Induration of the Liver, and all the various Disorders of the Biliary System.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Bitters have no equal. For Indigestion, Bile, Headache, Nervousness, Biliousness, Rheumatism, and Intermittent Fevers, these Bitters are the only remedy that can be relied upon. They are the GREAT PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bowels are not clogged by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

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Eastern Shore R. R.

ON AND AFTER MAY 8th, 1870
Daily Trains—Sunday Excepted

Going North
Le Crisfield 7:15 A. M. 12:30 P. M.
Hopewell 7:30 12:45
Marion 7:45 1:00
New Castle 8:00 1:15
Wetters 8:15 1:30
P. Anne 8:30 1:45
Loretto 8:45 2:00
Eden 9:00 2:15
Pottsville 9:15 2:30
Salisbury 9:30 2:45
Wm. Sidg 10:00 3:00
Ar Delmar 10:15 3:15

Going South
Le Delmar 7:35 A. M. 2:42 P. M.
Wm Sidg 7:45 2:50
Salisbury 8:00 3:00
Pottsville 8:15 3:15
Eden 8:30 3:30
Loretto 8:45 3:45
P. Anne 8:55 4:00
New Castle 9:10 4:15
Wetters 9:25 4:30
Marion 9:40 4:45
Hopewell 9:55 5:00
Ar Crisfield 10:00 5:00

No. 1 will leave at Wilmington 3:50 P. M. Philadelphia, 5:20; Baltimore, 8:00. No. 2 arrives at Wilmington at 10:00 P. M.; Philadelphia, 11:30; Baltimore, 3:50 A. M. No. 3 will leave Baltimore at 7:30 P. M.; Philadelphia, 9:00; Wilmington, 10:10.

Trains Going North
No. 1 has Passenger, Mail, and Express Cars, with Norfolk boat freight, and will do all local freight work, and will take all superlatable freight for Del. R. R. and its connections. Shippers will see that all such freights are at the R. R. Station 30 minutes before arrival of Train, otherwise it might lay over a day.

Trains Going South
No. 3 will have the one Passenger car, and express cars, and carry the Fruit and Berry business.

Delaware Rail Road.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 8th, 1871,
Passenger Trains will run as follows
until further notice—
All Trains Sundays Excepted.
Trains Going North, Leave

Delmar, 11:00 A. M.
Laurel, 11:15
New Castle, 11:30
Greenwood, 11:45
Farmingtown, 12:00
Middletown, 12:15
Kirkwood, 12:30
New Castle, 12:45
Wilmington, 1:00
Philadelphia, 1:15
Baltimore, 1:30
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Saturday, January 20, 1872.

Louisiana.

The trouble that has existed between the two wings of the Radical party in Louisiana for two or three weeks past, has at last been nearly quieted by the signal triumph of Governor Warmouth, the leader of one of the factions. This disagreeable affair, which is but the result of Radical reconstruction and carpet bag rule, has cost somebody about three hundred thousand dollars. Of course this large sum does not come out of the pockets of the leaders, but from the people who had nothing to do in the matter—the tax-payers of Louisiana.

Election of a U. S. Senator.

On Thursday evening the members of the Legislature held a caucus for the purpose of nominating a United States Senator, when Dr. George R. Dennis received fifty-eight votes which is a sufficient number to secure his election. Dr. Dennis is a man of unblemished reputation, fair ability, and will, we doubt not, represent his State in the U. S. Senate with honor to himself and his constituents.

Maryland Legislature.

Of the various bills and petitions which have received the attention of this body, the following are of local interest:

Mr. Crawford in the Senate, presented a favorable report upon a bill to pay Thos. J. Twilley of Wicomico county, a sum of money over paid in to the Treasury.

A message was received from the House, concurring in the proposition to appoint a Committee of ten to divide the State into six Congressional districts.

In the House, a bill was presented by Mr. Clark, to alter and amend the Usury laws, which was referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to provide a fence law for Wicomico county, was reported favorably by Mr. Mr. Langrell, received its second reading, and was ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Franklin reported favorably on a bill for the completion of the Somerset & Worcester Railroad.

California.

SCHEDULE TO THE JAPANESE EMBASSY.

SPEECH OF THE PRIME MINISTER.

San Francisco, January 17.—The ceremony to the Japanese Embassy last night drew a large crowd of people, who received Prince Iwakura enthusiastically. He responded in Japanese, which was translated as follows: Citizens of San Francisco—It is now a recognized fact by Japan since the conclusion of the treaty with the United States, that our true prosperity has greatly increased with our new commercial intercourse. Our advancement in the arts and sciences of the Western nations we now consider a substantial benefit to our nation and desire with every increase of national intercourse there shall be an increase of international friendship. [Cheers.] With a view to hastening those results and further facilitating the instruction of our people in the civilization of the Western nations. His Imperial Majesty of Japan has commissioned us to visit all those countries having treaties with Japan, in the capacity of Ambassador Plenipotentiary, first visiting your country. The warmth of our reception is unquestionable proof to us of the friendship of the Americans, and I assure you it is more than echoed in the hearts of our people. [Cheers.] Your expression of feeling, when announced to His Imperial Majesty, will be known throughout Japan and assist in cementing the mutual friendship between our countries, which it is the wish of the Japanese people should instantly increase, as by intercourse we get to know each other better. [Cheers.] Minister DeLong responded to a call of the assemblage, and made a brilliant speech.

REV. G. H. HEPPWORTH.

An immense crowd filled Seaway Hall to hear Rev. Geo. H. Heppworth yesterday. He preached a sermon from the text, "One Lord one faith, one baptism," saying all Christians to stand shoulder to shoulder in one faith, to work for the salvation of souls, forgetting all minor differences. In a printed address circulated among the audience, it was announced that a new Church is to be established under the title of "the Church of the Disciples." Rev. W. T. Clarke, Unitarian, deacon, and Heppworth, saying that two-thirds of the Unitarian ministers were glad of Heppworth's departure.

ADJOURNMENT OF H. C. STOKES.

The Grand Jury brought in an indictment this morning, in Oyer and Terminer, against Edward S. Stokes, as the murderer of James Fisk, Jr., and he will be arraigned to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

The report that European bankers had been induced to take all the loans authorized by Congress is contradicted.

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UTAH.

THE LEGISLATURE—A NEW CONSTITUTION.

—ADMISSION OF GENTILES, &c.

Salt Lake City, January 15.—In the Council-to-day the House Bill for the election of delegates to a convention to frame a new constitution for the admission of Utah as a State, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Conservative Mormons are agitating the question of minority representation, and express the belief that a moderate Gentile delegation in the Legislature would benefit their cause, at any rate abate much of the prejudices and discussions now existing. All this, however, is in view of State organization.

Several cases of small pox have appeared in the city, and fears are entertained that the disease will spread.

Delegates to a number of other prominent cities leave for Washington to-morrow.

The Gentile papers are still strenuously urging concerted action against the admission of Utah as a State.

New York.

**RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES—A LIT-
TLE UNPLEASANTNESS.**

New York, January 15.—A Berlin letter states that the German Government has received a circular from Gortchakoff relative to some incidents arising from the call of Cateca. This circular is said to have been necessary from the following circumstances: The American Minister Kramer, during a dinner at the house of German Minister at Copenhagen, proposed the reading of a letter from the American Government, explanatory of the Cateca affair, but the Russian Minister refused to listen, and the German Minister said such a letter must not be read in his house. Subsequently Kramer went to each Minister in Copenhagen and read the letter to them individually, they of course reporting it to their Governments. The Russian Cabinet feels vexed over the affair, and rumors are afloat in Berlin that a coolness between Russia and the United States has arisen therefrom. The same letter states that advice from St. Petersburg, report that the Emperor and all society there consider Alexis slighted by President Grant not returning the visit, and the Emperor will not allow Alexis to return to Washington.

THE BUFFALO HUNT.

A despatch from Camp Willow states that Alexis, Sheridan, Custer, Spotted Tail and the Indians, had a day's sport among the buffalo, the Grand Duke proving himself quite a sportsman. A number of animals were killed, some fine ones shot by Alexis having their heads preserved, to be sent to St. Petersburg.

THE STATE OF FRANKLIN.

was unveiled and presented to the printers of New York at noon to-day, in Printing House Square. The statue was accepted by President Savage, of Franklin Typographical Union, who thanked Mr. De Groot in behalf of the printers, for the gift. Rev. Dr. Prime, Professor Moore and Wm. C. Bryn also made addresses. The presentation address, in behalf of Mr. De Groot, was made by Mr. Greeley.

Louisiana.

**THE POLITICAL IMMIGRATION—ACTION OF
THE LEGISLATURE.**

New Orleans, January 15.—There is a crowd gathering on Canal street, near Dryades, Mechanics' Institute is guarded as on Saturday.

If the Federal troops don't interfere, the Cartierites will probably attempt to take possession of the Mechanics' Institute within twenty-four hours.

Orders were telegraphed from the War Department to-day to General Emory, at New Orleans, instructing him not to bring troops into the city unless under express orders from Washington, and up to 3 o'clock this afternoon, no orders to that effect had been sent to him.

New Orleans, January 15.—To-day there was the same gathering around the Cartierites at the Metropolitan Club room, on Canal street, as on Saturday, and the same array of policemen on Dryades street about Mechanics' Institute. Carter made a speech requesting the people to disperse quietly. He stated he would appoint a sufficient number of sergeants-at-arms to seat the members and protect them, but would set under the laws and the Constitution.

In the Senate 18 members were present including the President. They decided themselves a quorum and after the hour for business the rules were suspended and the Registration, Election, Contabulary and Printing bills were all repealed.

In the House the repealed bills from the Senate were taken up and passed without a dissenting vote, and the Senate notified of the fact. At 3 o'clock the repeal acts as passed by the Senate and House were presented to the Governor and were signed.

The Cartierites declare this hasty legislation a trick. All the absent Senators will return to-morrow. The way the obnoxious bills are repealed was as follows: The Senate for several days has lacked only one member to make a quorum. On Sunday Anderson arrived in the city with the previously secured pledge of Governor Warmouth that he would not be molested. Mr. Anderson had an intention of attending the session, which met as usual to-day without a quorum. About an hour afterward, Governor Warmouth dispatched a messenger for Mr. Anderson, requesting to see him at his private office. The latter responded. After some preliminary conversation, during which most of the Senators had entered the room, the Governor asked Mr. Anderson what his party demanded, and was told the unequalled repeal of all the obnoxious laws. This Governor Warmouth offered to pledge himself to accomplish.

The trial of Stokes will probably not occur until February.

A company to run a line of steamships between Naples and New York has been organized in the former city.

Published statistics show that ninety thousand emigrants left Germany last year, nearly all going to the United States.

Mexico.

**REPORTED DECLINE OF THE REVOLUTION—
THE STRENGTH OF THE GOVERNMENT—
THE QUESTION OF ANNEXATION—NEWS
ITEMS.**

City of Mexico, January 10.—The Government troops, commanded by General Alatorre, occupied Oaxaca on the 4th.

The followers of Diaz are retiring to Puerto Delangel, where they intend to embark for Marañon with prominent rebel officers, and not their arrival they will attempt to revive the waning spirits of the revolution and, if possible, unite them.

The backbone of the revolution is broken. The Government is developing strength, while the revolutionists are operating without concert, and are losing their strength. The revolutionary chiefs are quarrelling among themselves. Government General Rochelle was killed, and rebel General Rochdale wounded in the battle at San Mateo.

The annexation fever is prevalent among the people. All the politicians oppose the scheme. Foreigners say that in an American protectorate lies the only safety of Mexico.

The Two Republics oppose annexation, and advise Americans to keep aloof from the measure.

An annexation paper, printed in Spanish and English, will soon be started at the Capital.

The prospects of the proposed Turpan Railroad are gratifying.

The Government declines sending Ministers to the United States. Spain, Germany and Italy, on account of expense.

The study of the English language is becoming general among the youths here. Failures of merchants, manufacturers and miners are reported. General Rocha, at the head of 2,500 men, marching rapidly on San Luis in order to save that city from the revolutionists. He will then proceed to the Rio Grande. Cortis is still recognized as General in the service of Juarez who is using dictatorial powers with great moderation, with the exception of forced contributions and the pressing of men into the army.

General Leon has arrived at the Capital accompanied by National Guards of the true Government, from San Louis Potosi. The troops and guards enrolled receive the same pay as regulars.

The Turpan Railroad Company, organized by General Rosecranz, has sufficient funds to begin work, and asks a slight modification in the concession. The decree closing Puerto de Salinas Cruz has been annulled.

The transit of foreign merchandise from frontier and seaport towns is authorized to go in the exterior under certain restrictions, paying duties at the point of destination.

New Jersey.

**INAUGURATION OF GOVERNOR PARKER—
SYNOPSIS OF HIS ADDRESS.**

Trenton, January 16.—Hon. Joel Parker was inaugurated as Governor at noon, and read his inaugural. He speaks of the judiciary as without the faintest suspicion of partisanship or corrupt influence. He urges the importance of increased educational facilities, and wants the money received by the State for land under water appropriated to this fund; advocates an agricultural militia system; condemns legislation which gives municipal government into the hands of commissioners, urges the adjustment of the hours of labor and the proper treatment of children employed in factories, says the taxes and the expenses of the Government are to be watched, and laments the prevailing corruption in office, and regards with suspicion the entire ignoring of State rights and tendency to centralization, of which he speaks at length; favors amnesty to the South, asserts the importance of encouraging immigration, and hopes there will be no narrow, partisan spirit in the Legislature.

After his inauguration Governor Parker reviewed the troops from the State House.

—Mr. G. S. Sneed, of London, claims that by his proposed purchase of an electric cable, by the Governments of England and the United States, the expenses of telegraphing between the two countries would be reduced to one shilling per word.

The Secretary of War has asked Congress to appropriate \$42,000 to complete the marble statue of Lieutenant General Winfield Scott, pediment &c., in accordance with the unanimous joint resolution of Congress of 1867.

—French ladies residing in various European capitals have opened bazars for the purpose of collecting money to assist in paying off the German war indemnity.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

WHEAT—red	62 1/2
do white	63 1/2
COAR—prime white	62 1/2
do yellow	62 1/2
OATS	32 1/2
CLIVER—per bushel	6.30 1/2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Building Paper.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR PLASTERING AND SHEATHING—Samples sent free.

LONGCOPE & CO.,
(Successors to Wm. F. Fitch.)
Jan 20 72-3m No. 2 North St., Balto.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico county, letters of Administration on the estate of

THORNTON PHOEBUS,

late of Wicomico county, dec'd., all persons having claims against said dec'd., are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the 20th day of July, 1872,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1872.

LOUIS W. MORRIS,
Administrator.

AUGUSTUS PARSONS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
SALISBURY, MD.

Special attention given to the collection of claims.

[Jan. 6, 1872-11

Trustee's Sale

of

Valuable Real Estate!

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Wicomico county, in Equity, No. 126, in which Elijah Freeny is complainant and Sally Freeny and Matilda M. Freeny are defendants, the undersigned as Trustee, will sell the property of the said Sally Freeny, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. on

Saturday the 10th day of February, '72,

all the right title and estate, being one undivided half, of the said Sally Freeny and some apple trees and the timber consists of pine, oak and chestnut.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent cash; the balance on a credit of one, two and three years, the purchaser giving bond with security approved by the Trustee, for the deferred payments, and bearing interest from the day of sale—stamps and deed at the expense of the purchaser.

ELIJAH FREENY, Trustee.

Jan 13 72-15.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF

Valuable Real Estate

AND

Vessel Property!

BY virtue of a deed of Trust from John T. Hooper and wife, the undersigned, as Trustee, will sell at the Court House door, in the town of Salisbury, on

Saturday, the 3d day of February, 1872,

at the hour of two o'clock P. M., the following described property, to wit:

1st.—The Dwelling House & Lot, in Salisbury, now occupied by J. H. Tarr, Esq., fronting on the street leading through what is called Caunden, and running back to the river. The house is a large two story house in good repair, with the necessary out buildings, the lot is large and contains a variety of choice fruit trees.

2d.—The House & Lot in that part of Salisbury, called Georgetown, on Broadway, now occupied by John Huston, being a part of a lot owned by William Williams & wife, and recorded in the land records of Worcester Co.

3d.—A farm called

"HIGH SUFFOLK"

containing 142 1/2 Acres, more or less, which is situated by deed of John T. Hooper & wife. It is in a high state of cultivation and is improved by a good two story house, nearly new, with out buildings, and a peach orchard in bearing.

4th.—One half of the Schooner

"M. J. FARDY,"

with all her appurtenances. All the above described real estate is rented for the year 1872, and will be sold subject to the leases.

TERMS OF SALE.

Five per cent cash, the balance on a credit of one, two and three years, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with sureties approved by the Trustee and bearing interest from the day of sale. Stamps and deeds at the expense of the purchaser.

THOS. HUMPHREYS, Trustee.

Jan 13 72-15.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the undersigned hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County letters of Administration on the estate of

LEAH M. GORDY,

late of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against said dec'd., are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers therefor with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Wicomico County within four months from day of sale.

Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1872.

W. S. GORDY, Administrator.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THIS is to give notice that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Joshua Johnson and M. C. Jones, trading as J. Johnson & Co., is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm on book account or by note, are requested to make immediate settlement.

JOSHUA JOHNSON, M. C. JONES.

Jan. 1st. 1872.

N. B.—The books of the above named firm are in my hands for collection, and persons are please call promptly at the old stand for settlement of accounts.

M. C. JONES.

THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

The DELAWARE TRIBUNE devotes its whole attention to the Subjects interesting the

FARMERS AND FRUIT GROWERS

of the Delaware Peninsula, and furnishes each week a grand compendium of the news from Delaware, the Eastern Shore of Maryland, and North-Eastern Pennsylvania.

It maintains a high editorial position on leading questions of the day, and gives in each issue a variety of Literary Matter, including Stories, Poetry, and General Selections.

Terms, \$2 per annum in advance.

Address,

JENKINS & ATKINSON,

Southwest Corner of Fifth and Market Sts., Wilmington, Del.

FOR SALE!—A BRICK-MACHINE, capable of molding one Thousand bricks per day. For terms apply to

G. W. FREENY, Pittsville, Md.

8 O'CLOCK.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORLD, 1872.

FIFTY CENTS PER ANNUM.

The January number, containing

REV. DR. HALL'S EXPLANATIONS.

OF THE

UNIFORM

Sunday-School Lessons,

IS NOW READY.

SINGLE NUMBERS FIVE CENTS EACH.

Published by the

AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION,

1122 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

dec 16, '71-24

Ratification Notice.

Train A. Bounds In Equity in the Circuit Court for Wicomico Co. vs. Wm. J. Bounds et al.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1871

ORDERED by the subscriber, one of the Associate Judges of the first Judicial Circuit of Maryland, this 6th day of December, 1871, that the report of Robert F. Brattan, Trustee, to make sale of the Real Estate mentioned in the above entitled cause, and the sale by him reported, be and the same is hereby ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed before the first day of next Term, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico Co., once in each of three successive weeks before the first day of January next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$600.00.

LEVIN T. H. IRVING, True Copy.

Test: THOMAS F. J. RIDER, C'K,

dec 9, '71.

THE OLD

STATEN ISLAND

FANCY DYEING

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTICE THE NUMBER,

47 NORTH EIGHTH STREET

PHILADELPHIA.

AND NOTICE THE NAME,

BARRETT NEPHEWS & CO.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER OFFICE IN THIS CITY.

oct 7, '71-3m.

EDGAR I. OLIVER,

Commission Merchant,

AND DEALER IN

BERRIES, PEACHES AND APPLES, DRIED

FRUITS, POULTRY, EGGS &c.

No. 153 Centre Row,

West Washington Market,

NEW YORK.

I will use my best endeavors to promote the interests of my shippers, by getting good prices, making daily reports, and sending prompt returns once or twice a week, as may be desired.

[m13 3m.

ROCKHILL & WILSON

FALL CLOTHING

EXCELLENT QUALITY

FOR

GENTLEMEN & THEIR SONS

A vast variety of choice Ready-made

FALL CLOTHING

In the Custom Department will be found a choice selection of imported and Domestic goods to be made to order.

PROMPT ATTENTION TO ORDERS BY MAIL.</

The SATURDAY
PUBLISHED

One Copy, or
if not paid in advance,
Single copy
of the SATURDAY
PUBLISHED
One square cent
ment Newspaper
and 25 cents for
Billings advertisement.
Jas. P. HARRIS
dispatch at the
to receive

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Saturday, January 27, 1872.

None of local importance has transpired in the Legislature during the present week. Our Delegates are, however, at their posts of duty, and are ever watchful of the interest of our country.

The trial of Mrs. Wharton for poisoning Geo. Ketchum, which occupied the attention of the Court, at Annapolis, for forty-three days, was terminated on Tuesday last by the jury bringing in a verdict of "not guilty." Acquitted on the charge of murder, Mrs. Wharton is still charged with another crime—that of poisoning Eugene Vannoy—and accordingly has had to give bail in the sum of ten thousand dollars for her appearance in Court at some future time in answer to the charge.

It has been stated that Wisconsin was the only one in the State in which the public schools were suspended during the regular term prescribed for teaching, and the ostensible cause for this suspension, we find, was owing to the inadequacy of the school fund. In view of such a state of facts, and of the evident disadvantage resulting thereby to the scholars by so long a suspension, it is becoming that the people of Wisconsin should try to avoid such in the future, and also make every endeavor to improve our public school system. One great stimulus to education, we know by experience, is the blending of the private schools with the public schools. This cannot always be done; but it is advisable to do so whenever possible. In regard to our Academy, we have the strange anomaly of an institution supported to a great extent by the State funds, and yet of no advantage to the body of the people—for the scholars that attend it are under the necessity of paying as much for their tuition as if it received no assistance from the State. The people thus being taxed double for its support. Now is there any just assignable reason why these funds that go to this institution should not be transferred to the public school fund together with the Academy property itself, for the purpose of forming a high school, to meet the requirements of the people of the county? Such a project, we have heard mooted, but no definite step has yet been taken toward its accomplishment. Why do not the Trustees themselves, for it is understood that they are in favor of the plan, petition the Legislature for the necessary legislation in order to effect the change? Or, why do not the people themselves, who are not directly concerned, at once memorialize the Legislature to pass the law requisite for merging the Academy into the public school? If anything is to be done during the session of the Legislature, it is time that the bill should be brought forward; for later in the session more general business will crowd it out and cause it to be neglected. We urge attention to this matter because our public school system can never be brought into proper running order until this most important change is effected.

A petition is being circulated in Salisbury, memorializing the Legislature to abolish the charter of incorporation for the town of Salisbury. This is not the right step to be taken to redress the abuses and grievances to which the community has been subjected on account of the lameness of the municipal laws. For the necessity of an incorporation is evident to every one, and we hope that this movement to demolish our municipal government will not accomplish anything. We are positively certain that a large majority of property holders are adverse to any such rashly bold proceedings, and will use their influence to throw cold water on the efforts of those who are urging it. We think it expedient, however, to have the old act repealed and a new and better one passed. For the law as it exists at present, is an incongruous, contradictory conglomerate mass of laws and amendments, which defy definition or construction; and it cannot be expected that any set of commissioners, no matter if they be second editions of Solomon, can bring order out of chaos. Therefore let the old laws be set aside by inaction now and let them be put in such form and shape that men can understand them. We need a vigorous local government in Salisbury, to reform many existing abuses and weaknesses and to compel those refractory ones who have thrown obstacles in the way of public improvement, to do so in the requirements of the municipal law as readily as they do to the State or county law. Therefore, we urge that those who desire to have the town government strengthened and rendered more efficient for the public weal, petition the Legislature to give us a set of local laws.

GREAT BRITAIN.

ROTHSCHILD & CO. AND THE GERMAN INDEMNITY.

London, January 23.—The report that Baron Rothschild, of Paris; Baron de Loin, of Vienna; Thomas Gibbs, of London, and a German house at St. Petersburg, are making arrangements with the French Government for the immediate payment of three milliards francs of the indemnity due in 1874, has been denied by the Government organs, but is positively true. The tobacco duties are the basis of the operation.

INDEMNITY ASYLUMS IN THE UNITED STATES. Mr. Dalrymple, M. P., who recently made a tour of inspection of the indigent asylums in the United States, intends to bring the results of his observations before Parliament. He proposes to secure additional information, by introducing early in the session a motion to empower a committee of the House of Commons to invite leading Americans to give evidence before it as to the methods and progress of indigent reform in their country.

SPAIN.

DEFEAT AND RESIGNATION OF THE MINISTRY. Madrid, January 24.—The defeat of Senor Herrera for President of the Lower House of the Cortes decided the fate of the present Cabinet. At the first sitting of the Cortes, during the proceedings preliminary to organization, it became evident that the temper of the House was against the present Government, and that the Ministerial candidate for the Chair had little chance of success. On the test vote, the opposition showed itself largely in the majority, and Herrera's defeat in the regular election was inevitable. For this Senor Sagasta did not wait, he immediately visited the King and informed him that the vote in the Cortes left him but two alternatives, viz:

The dissolution of the Cortes or resignation of the Ministry. The latter course was decided upon, and the King said he should take counsel with the President of the Senate. Vice President of the House, and with Senor Herrero, Zorilla and Senor Sagasta, before the formation of a new Cabinet. Senor Sagasta and the present Ministers were requested to retain their portfolios until some result was reached. To-day being a holiday the Cortes is not in session. To-morrow the regular election for President will be held.

FRANCE.

ITEMS OF NEWS AND ON DITS. Paris, January 24.—The Committee of the Assembly are ready to report in favor of the abrogation of the commercial treaty with Great Britain. A majority of the committee is still averse to the taxation of raw materials.

Efforts are making to bring about a fusion of the branches of the House of Orleans. The Count de Paris intends to visit the Count de Chambord, when an attempt will be made to reconcile their conflicting political interests.

The Mayor of Montpellier has been dismissed from his office for his conduct during the recent anti-Pontifical disturbances.

No immediate changes will be made in the Ministry. All rumors to the contrary are false.

THE NORTH CAROLINA OUTLAW—A NOTORIOUS OUTRAGE BY THE LOWERY GANG.

From the Wilmington Star, January 23. On Sunday night, about 11 o'clock, Mr. W. C. McNeill, about 60 or 70 years of age, living at Moss Neck, in Robeson county, heard a noise in his smoke house, and upon going out and finding that some one was inside he asked what they were doing. The reply was: "It is some of your business!" Mr. McNeill answered: "I will show you whether it is any of my business or not," and returned to the house for his gun. Seizing his weapon he went back into the yard, his wife and daughter, who were of course badly frightened, following him as far as the piazza and trying to dissuade him from interfering with them. Just as they had stepped into the piazza a volley was fired from the robbers in the smoke house, which resulted in the shooting of Mrs. McNeill in the thigh and her daughter, a young lady about 18 or 19 years old, in the shoulder, but not hurting Mr. McNeill. The young lady is reported to be mortally wounded, but it is believed that Mrs. McNeill will recover. Mr. McNeill recognized the voice of Henry Lowry in the spokesman of the party, and as there were four shots in the volley fired, it is taken for granted that he had at least three of his gang with him. After the shooting the outlaws retired. No physician could be procured Sunday night but we learn that Dr. Lowry was to attend the sufferers yesterday morning. Mr. McNeill was the father-in-law of Mr. John Taylor, who was murdered by the outlaws at Moss Neck, and is owner of the mill property at that place. Great excitement prevails throughout the county.

General News.

Prince Napoleon has been elected to the Council of Ajaccio Corsica. The census of Rome has been completed the total population is 240,000. The Emperor of Germany has knighted and conferred the Order of Merit on Sir Edwin Landseer. The small-pox has appeared in several parts of the Dominion. A hospital has been established at Toronto. The Republican State Convention of Connecticut yesterday unanimously renominated Governor Jewell and the old ticket. The Kentucky House of Representatives yesterday concurred in the Senate bill admitting negroes as witnesses in State Courts. A draft of the treaty between Great Britain and Germany for the extradition of criminals has been laid before the German Federal Council. The Lower House of the Austro-Hungarian yesterday, without debate, passed to the second reading the convention between Austria and the United States, recently negotiated by Minister Jay.

Some rough tried to break up a Methodist donation party at Danville, N. J., last Wednesday night but the brethren were on their guard, and not only won the fight but lodged them all in the jail.

West Virginia.

A BLOODY SHOOTING AFFAIR.

Charlottesville, January 23.—A desperate shooting affair occurred here last evening, under the following circumstances: During the war the lands of John Clarkson, a wealthy Virginian, were sold for taxes, and yesterday he used to recover the property. During the progress of the trial Clarkson called the defendant, United States Marshal Stack, a liar. Stack struck Clarkson and a general melee ensued, in which seven shots were fired. The room was small, and more than a dozen persons were present. Clarkson was shot four times, and one wound, being in the breast, is dangerous. All the parties are wealthy and respectable, and the affair has caused great excitement.

Indiana.

Explosion of Gas Works.

Richmond, January 23.—The city gas works exploded to-night. The engine house and purifying room are a total wreck. No lives were lost. The accident was caused by changing the purifier, the gas escaping and catching fire from an adjoining room. Loss \$10,000.

Wisconsin.

THE POSTAL TELEGRAPH BILL AND THE BANKRUPT LAW.

Madison, January 23.—The Assembly adopted a resolution to-day, requesting the Wisconsin Senators and Representatives in Congress to use their most efficient efforts to procure the passage of the Postal Telegraph bill, also, a memorial to Congress to repeal the Bankrupt law.

New Hampshire.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Manchester, January 23.—This forenoon Dennis Shea, aged 45, struck his wife with a flat-iron, fatally fracturing her skull, and then cut his own throat, dying almost instantly. No cause is assigned. Four children are left unprotected.

Missouri.

POLITICS AND THEOLOGY.

St. Louis, January 23.—In the session of the Interstate Order of B'nai B'rith yesterday resolutions, were offered by J. Wolf, of Connecticut, and signed by every member of the Convention, deprecating in strong terms the introduction of theological matters into the Constitution of the United States, or interference in any manner with the unlimited exercise of the right of religious liberty in America.

New Jersey.

THE BAND ROBBERY—\$15,000 REWARD.

Trenton, January 23.—The Trenton Banking Company offer a reward of \$15,000 for the arrest and conviction of the burglars who entered the bank Sunday night, or \$3,000 for any one of them. The whole amount stolen was about \$30,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Trustee's Sale.

W. W. Gordy, In Equity in the Trust of John Pollitt In Circuit Court for Baltimore Co. Ex-parte.

JANUARY TERM, 1872. No. 138 Equity. It is hereby ordered, that the sale made and reported by William W. Gordy, Trustee, to make sale of the Real Estate of John Pollitt be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 20th day of March next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Baltimore Co., once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of March next. The report states the amount of sales to be \$2025.40

THOMAS F. J. RIDER, CLK.

True Copy, Test: THOMAS F. J. RIDER, CLK, Jan 27, 72.

Trustee's Sale

OF

Valuable Real Estate

And Town Lots!

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Baltimore Co., No. 142 Chancery, in which Benj. H. Parker is complainant and Samuel H. Fooks and others defendants, the undersigned as Trustee, will sell at Tracy's Hotel, in the town of Salisbury, on

Tuesday, the 18th day of February, 1872,

at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate lying in Baltimore county:

1st.—A tract of land, part of a tract called "PRESTON," containing

85 ACRES

which was purchased by Benjamin H. Parker and Samuel W. Parker from Eliza Parker & wife. It is improved by a tenant house and outbuildings and a peach orchard containing 1500 trees in bearing.

2d.—A tract of land containing SIXTY ACRES, purchased by the same parties of Geo. W. Fooks & wife. It contains a tenant house and outbuildings, about one third in timber and the balance arable land.

3d.—A lot containing about THREE ACRES, purchased by the same parties, of Thos. C. Morris, lying east of the E. S. Railroad, and adjoining the lands of Benjamin H. Parker, Moses N. Wimbrow and Geo. W. Smith. It will be sold in subdivisions each 75 feet front, on a street running from the Railroad to a lot of Thos. H. Williams, and 283 feet deep to the line of Moses N. Wimbrow.

4th.—A lot purchased of Jas. Cannon, containing TWENTY ACRES, in a high state of cultivation and subdivided into 4 lots, 64 feet front, on a new street leading from Snow Hill road to a lot of Jas. Maddux, and 181 feet deep to a lot of Thos. Humphreys.

5th.—A lot purchased at sale of the Real Estate of Sally Dickerson dec'd., containing 3 A. 3 R. 10 P. being lot No. 30 of the Report & Survey of the said lands, bounded by River and High streets on the East and West sides, and adjoining No. 32, purchased by Saml. A. Graham, and Nos. 24 & 29, purchased by Hugh Jackson. A Plot of lots 3 & 4 will be shown on the day of sale.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent cash on day of sale, the balance in three equal annual payments, bearing interest from the day of sale, the purchasers giving bond with security approved by the Trustee for the deferred payments. Stamps and deeds at the expense of the purchasers.

BENJAMIN H. PARKER, Trustee. Jan 27 72-73

A Voice From Forktown.

(I have on hand a well selected stock of goods, suited to the general classes and season, and daily running, at small profits. All through the community, in order to keep the Clothing uncommonly cheap. Hardware in great varieties, All kinds of groceries, Domestic goods unsurpassed for cheapness, Household and cheap boots and shoes, Lamps, chimneys, wicks and kerosene, All kinds of Queensware and China, New goods received daily. You will find it to your advantage to purchase here.

Pools cap, letter and note paper and envelopes O how good, how cheap and beautiful! Raisins, candies, crackers and cakes Kept at all seasons fresh and prime Tobacco, snuff, pipes &c., &c., On the most reasonable terms, Which pleases every body elegantly, Never fail to use all efforts to please.

Make money & good trade while the sun shines, Done away with all high prices and established small profits and quick sales, and still barter in all kinds of trade, in order to keep the machine of traffic well oiled and in perpetual working condition, to cleanse the country of its abundant produce, and in return fill up the great vacuum with resources of wealth from every clime—then tradition and superstition will fall, wealth, talent and science will prevail. You will find it to your advantage to purchase here. Jan 27 72-73

Building Paper.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR PLASTERING AND SHEATHING—Samples sent free.

LONGCOPE & CO. (Successors to Wm. F. Pich.) Jan 20 72-73 No. 2 North St., Balto.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wilcomico county, letters of Administration on the estate of THORNTON PROEBUS, late of Wilcomico county, dec'd. All persons having claims against said dec'd., are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 20th day of July, 1872, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1872.

LOUIS W. MORRIS, Administrator.

Trustee's Sale

of

Valuable Real Estate!

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Wilcomico county, in Equity, No. 126, in which Elijah Freeny is complainant and Sally Feeny and Matilda M. Freeny are defendants, the undersigned as Trustee, will sell at Tracy's Hotel in the town of Salisbury, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. on

Saturday the 10th day of February, '72,

all the right title and estate, being one undivided half, of the said Sally Feeny and Matilda M. Freeny, to a farm, lying in Wilcomico county, containing

190 Acres of Land,

more or less, which was devised to them by the last will and testament of the said Sally Feeny, late of Wilcomico county, dec'd., and adjoins the lands of Geo. Lowe, Mitchell Lloyd and others. The improvements are a one story house, with out buildings. It has also, a young peach orchard and some apple trees; and the timber consists of pine, oak and chestnut.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent cash; the balance on a credit of one, two and three years, the purchaser giving bond with security approved by the Trustee, for the deferred payments, and bearing interest from the day of sale—stamps and deed at the expense of the purchaser.

ELIJAH FREENY, Trustee, Jan 13 72-73.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF

Valuable Real Estate

AND

Vessel Property!

By virtue of a deed of Trust from John T. Hooper and wife, the undersigned as Trustee, will sell at the Court House door, in the town of Salisbury, on

Saturday, the 2d day of February, 1872,

at the hour of two o'clock P. M., the following described property, to-wit:

1st.—The Dwelling House & Lot, in Salisbury, now occupied by J. H. Tarr, Esq., fronting on the street leading through what is called Camden, and running back to the river.—The house is a large two story house in good repair, with the necessary out buildings, situated in a large and contains a variety of choice fruit trees.

2d.—The House & Lot in that part of Salisbury, called Georgetown, on Broadway, now occupied by John Hutton, being a part of a lot purchased of William Williams & wife, and recorded in the land records of Worcester Co. 3d.—A farm called

"HIGH SUFFOLK"

containing 1423 Acres, more or less, which said Hooper obtained by deed of John Brothman & wife. It is in a high state of cultivation and is improved by a good two story house, nearly new, with out buildings, and a peach orchard in bearing.

4th.—One half of the Schooner

"M. J. FARDY,"

with all her appurtenances. All the above described real estate is rented for the year 1872, and will be sold subject to the leases.

TERMS OF SALE. Five per cent cash, the balance on a credit of one, two and three years, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with sureties approved by the Trustee and bearing interest from the day of sale. Stamps and deeds at the expense of the purchaser.

THOS. HUMPHREYS, Trustee. N. B.—The creditors of John T. Hooper are hereby notified to file their claims with the vouchers therefor with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Wilcomico County within four months from day of sale.

Jan 13 72-73

J. AUGUSTUS PARSONS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Salisbury, Md.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. (Jan. 6, 1872-73)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the undersigned hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wilcomico County letters of Administration on the estate of LEAH M. GORDY,

late of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against said dec'd., are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 20th day of July, 1872,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1872.

W. S. GORDY, Administrator. Jan 13-72

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THIS is to give notice that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Joshua Johnson and M. C. Jones, trading as J. Johnson & Co., in this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm on book account or by note, are requested to make immediate settlement.

JOSHUA JOHNSON, M. C. JONES, Jan. 1st. 1872.

N. B.—The books of the above named firm are in my hands for collection, and persons will please call promptly at the old stand for settlement of accounts.

M. C. JONES.

THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

The DELAWARE TRIBUNE devotes unvaried attention to the Subjects interesting the FARMERS and FRUIT GROWERS of the Delaware Peninsula, and furnishes each week a grand compendium of the news from Delaware, the Eastern Shore of Maryland, and South-Eastern Pennsylvania.

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