

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1804.

Foreign Intelligence.

FRANCE.

PARIS, April 3.
FOREIGN RELATIONS.

CIRCULAR LETTER ADDRESSED TO ALL THE MEMBERS OF THE DIPLOMATIC BODY.

PARIS, March 23.

SIR, THE first consul has ordered me to transmit to your excellency a copy of the report presented to him by the grand judge, on an intended conspiracy in France by Mr. Drake, the envoy of his Britannic majesty at the court of Munich, and which, by its object and date, was connected with the infamous plot on which the tribunals are now sitting in judgment.

A printed copy of the letters and authentic papers of Mr. Drake is annexed to the report. The originals will be immediately sent by order of the first consul to his serene highness the elector of Bavaria.

Such a prostitution of the most honourable function that can be conferred on men, is without precedent in the history of civilized nations. It will astonish and excite Europe like the scandal of an unheard crime, which the worthless governments have never dared to commit. The first consul is too well acquainted with the sentiments and qualities, which distinguish the diplomatic body accredited to him, not to be convinced that he will see with profound sorrow, the profanation of the sacred character of ambassador converted into a minister of plots, villainy and corruption.

Accept, &c.

(Signed) TALLEYRAND.
Minister of foreign relations.

The following answer to the above was addressed to M. Talleyrand, by Mr. Livingston, minister plenipotentiary from the United States.]

PARIS, March 26.

SIR, I have received the note which you did me the honor to address to me, with a copy of the report of the grand judge, relative to papers which prove that Mr. Drake, the British minister at Munich, has held a correspondence with traitors, for objects which civilized nations must regard with horror—and that he must be redoubled, when we see that it is a minister that thus prostitutes his sacred character. A subaltern agent commits a base or atrocious crime, it may be supposed that he is influenced by personal interest, but the actions of a minister, are generally attributed to the government he represents; and when he acts against his orders (which I hope is not the case in this instance) his conduct is so much identified with his government, that such acts tend to overthrow social order, and to bring back nations to barbarism. I beg your excellency to offer to the first consul, in the name of my government, the most sincere congratulations for having happily escaped the attempts of his enemies, directed not only against his life, but against an object more dear to his heart, the happiness of the nation of which he is the chief—a happiness which is the result of his noble labours in the field of honour, and in the cabinet, and which is not yet sufficiently established, not to be deeply shaken by his fall.

(Signed) LIVINGSTON.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, April 4.

The naval commander at Dunkirk has given notice to the sub-prefect, that, in order to prevent criminal communications with the enemy, no fishing boat, however licensed, will be permitted to leave the harbor without having two soldiers on board. Being informed that the English government entertains the atrocious project of throwing on the coast of France from 600 to 700 bales of wool, brought from countries infected with the plague, the marine administration has prohibited any one from touching shipwrecked goods until the civil or military authorities have previously decided that they may be saved without any danger to the public safety.

April 14.

By a neutral vessel that arrived from Holland, we learn that the French have demanded possession of 60 houses at Utrecht, which was done in a summary way, by sending a note to every occupier, signifying they must quit possession immediately, leaving the furniture on the premises, of which they might take an inventory. An encampment of 40,000 men immediately to take place at Utrecht.

Our port letters this morning bring no further accounts of the vessels that sailed upon the stone expedition on the 1st inst. It was supposed they would be back that night at the mouth of Boulogne harbour.

A letter from Gottenburgh, dated April 7th, says, "The daring steps the French have taken in arresting emigrants in Germany, have caused some sensations in this country, and the execution of the duke d'Enghein has excited equal surprise and indignation. Accounts received this morning from Stockholm countenance the expectation, that it will not be very long before those powers who have been so very cautious in avoiding the war will take an active part in it. But certainly the movements of Sweden and Denmark must depend upon those of Russia."

The answers of the ministers of the different powers at Paris to the address of Talleyrand, must excite a peculiar interest in this country, which is vilified and calumniated in a manner the most undeserved and unexampled. They are all more or less suitable to the character, policy and independence of their respective courts. The minister of Austria states generally, that every member of the corps diplomatique must condemn any thing that is done by a diplomatic agent contrary to the laws of nations. The minister of Russia speaks generally to the same effect. The minister of Prussia goes farther, and writes like a prefect of one of the United Departments: he says that M. Talleyrand can easily conceive the "whole part which the king his master will take in the entire cessation of so many subjects of alarm for the friends of France." The American minister doubts whether Mr. Drake can have been acting with the approbation of his government. M. Cetto, the Bavarian minister, expresses the utmost indignation that the territories of his master should have been selected as the rendezvous of intrigue and conspiracy against the tranquillity of France. The elector of Baden's minister speaks in the same tone. M. d'Hervas, the Spanish minister, and most of the corps diplomatique, whether connected with France or not, join in reprobating such transactions as those imputed to Mr. Drake. If the letters, &c. ascribed to that envoy be forged, and that they are we entertain not the smallest doubt, we think the calumny ought to be rebuffed in some official way.

Switzerland appears to be in a state of considerable agitation. Some commotions have broken out in the canton of Zurich, where the people refused to take the usual oaths; and accounts from Basle mention, that half the inhabitants of that canton are in a state of revolt.

A letter from the Hague, dated March 10, says, "The affair relative to the English goods that were seized by the French, appears to have taken a turn that was scarcely expected. Yesterday the departmental government of Brabant received a letter from the secretary of state for foreign affairs of this republic, containing a copy of a letter received by him from our ambassador at Paris, Schimmelpenninck, in which the secretary is informed that "The First Consul of the French republic greatly disapproved the conduct of the French commissaries, with respect to the seizure of English goods in the Batavian territory; and that he would give the necessary orders which the nature of the thing required, and which the First Consul did not doubt would be satisfactory to the wishes of the Batavian republic."

A mutilated statue, supposed to represent William the Conqueror, was lately dug at Neuilly l'Evaque, an ancient Norman Chateau, which belonged to that prince. The fragments of this rubbish have been transmitted to the Museum Napoleon, and the discovery is exhibited to the wondering Parisians, as undoubted presages of Buonaparte's success against England!!!

In the middle of last March six English mails were due in Germany, and arrived at once. Within 12 miles of Warlaw, the postillions who carried these letters, were stopped by 12 armed and masked persons, who took out all the English letters, but permitted the postillions and passengers to continue their journey with the Berlin letters.

Letters from Amsterdam, of the 13th ult. mention, that desertions on board the Dutch ships of war are so extensive and frequent, as to have made it necessary to issue a proclamation, promising pardon to all seamen who shall return by a certain day. To remedy the deficiency of hands, thus occasioned, the government have been obliged to invite the soldiers of such Batavian regiments as are not ordered upon the expedition, to enter on board the fleet as seamen!

The archbishop of Autun lately published a pastoral letter to the clergy of his diocese, recommending them to employ their spiritual influence over the young persons of their respective parishes who are subject to the law of conscription, that they may become more attached to the duties of their station, and no longer avoid, by flight or desertion, the offices which their country requires of them. "The authority (says the enthusiastic Prelate) which governs our country, is the authority of God himself. The First Consul may, we think, be perfectly satisfied with the alliance which has taken place in France, between church and state."

American Intelligence.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, May 24.

GOREE RE-TAKEN BY THE ENGLISH.

By the Favourite, captain Miller, arrived here yesterday from the Isle de Lofo, we are informed, that the island of Goree, on the coast of Africa, which was lately taken possession of by the French under Victor Hughes, was re-taken on the 9th March by his majesty's frigate Inconstant, captain Dickson, of 36 guns: and a garrison of 350 men left to defend the place.

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, May 28.

One of the French frigates from Guadeloupe came up yesterday from Staten-Island, and anchored near the city in the North River, for the purpose of taking in provisions. The other frigate is expected up this day. It is said, and we believe with truth, that Jerome Buonaparte and lady will go to France in one of these ships; for we were recently informed by an official character, that Jerome had received a letter from his brother, stating, that he should send a frigate for him. The Dido and Sybille sailed about three months since from Rochefort with troops, and landed them at Guadeloupe, where they were blockaded some days by a British 74 and two frigates; but the English ships having sailed for Dominique, these frigates slipped out and got safe into this port.

The commander of one of the above frigates has gone to the southward on business with young Buonaparte, probably, to hasten his return, that they may sail immediately, as a detention in this port might bring some British ships of war within the lights of Sandy Hook.

May 29.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Marietta, to his friend in Albany.

MARIETTA, April 24, 1804.

"Thousands of settlers are constantly descending the Ohio, by this place. I also received a letter from my friend in Kentucky a few days past, stating that vast emigrations are moving on from that state to settle principally on the Missouri and Mississippi. They are purchasing the rights of Spanish officers at a very low rate. I am informed in some instances at one cent per acre. Doubtless great frauds are committed injurious to our country."

We have heard it alleged, that it is to be reported that Jerome Buonaparte will return to France by one of the frigates now here, whilst in fact he is to sail in a merchant vessel. Of the truth of this, and other reports relative to this gentleman, nothing certain has transpired.

In the new project for a penal and criminal code, which we mentioned a few days ago in the Mercantile Advertiser as being about to be discussed by the tribunals of the French republic, great changes are proposed.

According to this project, pretors are to succeed the presidents. The jurisdiction of each pretor will contain several departments. He is obliged to appear at Paris once in the year, to give an account of the judicial affairs of his district: This magistrate is to be assisted by pro-pretors and suppliants.—The pro-pretors are to be attached to the tribunals of the first instance; and are to form the criminal tribunals, in meeting once a year at a certain fixed period:

Crimes are to be punished with a more rigorous pain than death. The cessation of life is to be preceded by torments which augment the horror certain destruction inspires. For example, the parricide will have his right hand cut off before he loses life; his corpse is to be buried on the spot where he committed the crime; and over his grave is to be fixed a gibbet, with his name and the nature of his guilt. In certain cases, even the tortures which during the reign of Louis XVI were laid aside and proscribed, are again to be introduced; and for conspirators, when the death of the chief magistrate is plotted, the criminal is to be broken upon the wheel.

May 30.

By the British packet Leicester, London and Halifax papers are received at the office of the Morning Chronicle. The London dates are not so late as those already received. The only additional article of interest, which on a hasty perusal they appear to contain, is the following letter from Paris, which was written the day after the duke of Enghein's execution, though previous to that event being generally known. It is stated to be from a diplomatic agent in Paris, to his friend in England.

"Yesterday the minister of the elector of Baden, received a courier from his sovereign. He immediately

THE subscribers having
mentary on the person
RICHARDSON, late of At
ceased, hereby give notice
debted to said estate to mak
foos who have claims agains
to furnish them, after havi
payment, to the subscribers.
JOHN THOMAS RICH
WHELAN, for RICHARD
May 13. 1864

Valuable Lands for Sale.

Order of the court of Calvert county, will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, the following lands, the property of the heirs of capt. WALTER SMITH, deceased.

On Monday the 20th day of August next, will be sold, on the premises, the plantation on which said capt. Walter Smith formerly resided, containing, by actual survey, 1225½ acres of land, lying on Patuxent river, bounded on the south by the said river, on the east by a fine navigable creek called Saint-Leonard's Creek, so that one and half miles of fencing will enclose the whole land. The soil of this land is equal if not superior to any Patuxent, either for farming, planting, or grazing, and in their season the greatest plenty of fine fish and oysters may be had either from the river or creek. A great part of the above land is covered with cedar trees and poles or fencing.

On Tuesday the 21st, on the premises, will be sold, one other plantation in the forest, at about two miles distance from the former, containing, by survey, one hundred and twenty-seven and one half acres of land, the greater part of which is covered with hickory, chestnut, and oak wood, and a great proportion swamp land, which, at a trifling expence, might be converted into valuable meadow, belongs to this land. And,

On Thursday the 23d, on the premises, will be sold, one other plantation, lying adjoining on Chesapeake Bay, bounded on the northeast by the said bay, on the north by a creek called Parker's Creek, containing, by survey, 686½ acres of land; on this land there are a great proportion of marsh and meadow land, and a great abundance of fine timber.

It is thought needful to give a fuller description of the above lands, as it is presumed that those who wish to purchase will view the lands previous to the day of sale, and on application to Mr. John Turner, who resides near the two first mentioned tracts, they may see the plots of the different tracts of land, and also view the lands contiguous to them, and Mr. Richard Hance, who resides on the last mentioned tract, will show the outlines of the same to any person wishing to view it.

The above lands will be sold either in the whole, or be divided into parcels, as may appear most advantageous for the heirs.

The purchasers to give bonds, with approved securities, for the purchase money, to be paid in three equal payments, the interest to be paid yearly, and on the ratification of the sale by the court, and a full payment of the purchase money, and interest thereon, deed of conveyance will be executed to the purchaser, agreeably to an act of assembly in such cases made and provided.

JOSEPH WILKINSON,
JAMES HEIGHE,
JOHN TURNER,
Commissioners.
Calvert county, May 28, 1804.

The subscriber being appointed trustee by the honorable the chancellor of Maryland, to sell the real estate of Brock Mockbee, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, for the payment of his debts, will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, on Monday the eighteenth day of June next, on the premises, a PART of a tract of land, known by the name of BROCK-HALL, lying in Prince-George's county, and containing about two hundred acres, late the property of the aforesaid Brock Mockbee, deceased; the said part of a tract of land is in possession of Mr. William Bowie, distant from the town of Upper-Marlbrough about three miles.

The terms of sale are, the purchaser to give bond to the trustee for the payment of the purchase money, with interest, within fifteen months from the day of sale, and on the ratification of the sale by the chancellor, and the receipt of the whole purchase money, the trustee, by a good deed, will convey to the purchaser all the right of the said Brock Mockbee to the above part of a tract of land. The creditors of the said Brock Mockbee, deceased, are hereby requested to produce their claims, with the vouchers thereon to the chancellor, at the chancery-office, within three months from the day of sale.

JOHN MCGILL, Trustee.
May 21, 1804.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration from the orphans court of Prince-George's county, in Maryland, on the personal estate of THOMAS MACGILL, late of said county, deceased, hereby requests all persons indebted to the said deceased, either as late-sheriff of said county, or on any other account, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said deceased, are requested to exhibit them, properly authenticated, on or before the first day of December next, otherwise they may be excluded by law from any benefit of the deceased's estate. Given under my hand this twenty-ninth day of May, eighteen hundred and four.

ANNE MACGILL, Administratrix.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having obtained letters testamentary on the personal estate of RICHARD RICHARDSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons any ways indebted to said estate to make payment, and all persons who have claims against said estate will be pleased to furnish them, after having passed the court, for payment, to the subscribers.

JOHN THOMAS RICHARDSON, } Executors
WILLIAM RICHARDSON }
May 18, 1804.

Michael & Barney Curran

Have received by the late arrivals at Philadelphia,
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

Suitable for the present season, which they will sell at the most reduced prices.
Annapolis, May 3d, 1804.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of capt. JAMES DISNEY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby requested to exhibit them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to said estate, either by bond, note, or open account, are warned to make immediate payment, as further indulgence cannot be given.

All persons who purchased at the sale made by me in June last, and have not complied with their contracts, are also required to make immediate payment, as I am desirous of settling up the estate. I hope this will be sufficient notice.

JAMES N. WEEMS, Executor.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

Anne-Arundel county, to wit:

WHEREAS JOSEPH M'CENNEY, collector of the county tax of Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for the said county, the following list of lands and lots of ground in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of persons; names of lands, and amount of tax.

John Brown, shoe-maker, Victory and Eagle's Tower,	0 6 8
Valentine Brown, part Hebron and part Bachelor's Choice,	0 17 2
John Cornelius, Garter's Rocks and Patapsco Mill Seat,	2 1 6
Edward Dorsey, of Jno. heirs, Yate's Contrivance and Cockey's Neglect,	3 2 8
John Taylor, Dorsey's Angles,	1 8 8
Dennis Griffith, and others, heirs of Joshua Griffith, land at Elk-Ridge Landing,	1 10 8
Charles Ridgely's heirs, land at ditto,	0 1 6
William Urquhart, land at ditto,	1 0 2
Charles Carroll, bar. heirs, land at ditto,	1 3 0
Margaret Pindle, part Bigg's Purchase,	0 5 1
Benjamin Clarke, part Sappington's Addition,	0 10 9
Owen Elder, part Duvall's Delight,	0 10 9
Rezin Spurrier, part Hog Neck, Vennal's Inheritance, and Ridgely's Beginning,	1 7 3
Margaret Sappington, part Grindstone,	1 3 0
Mark Johnson's heirs, Weston, Giniwell, and Meek's Rest,	0 6 6
Elizabeth Dickieson, part Second Addition to Snowden's Manor, and part Warfield's Range,	1 2 3
Anne Vernon, Hill's Purchase,	1 8 0
William Biggs's heirs, lot in London-town, No. 51,	0 2 11
William Plummer, part Brown's Enlargement from Joseph Owens,	0 19 6
Jacob Cramblit, part Windsor, Henry and Peter, and part Cumberland,	1 4 2
Hugh Finley, It's to be or not to be,	1 0 1
Isaac Pollock, Blooming Plains,	5 6 1
Talbot Shipley, trustee for George Shipley, part Shipley's Adventure,	1 7 6
Jacob Joice, part Jacob's Improved Adventure,	2 0 2
Thomas Spurrier, part Best Success,	0 5 0
James Cookley, part Hog Neck,	0 7 2
Thomas Purdy, part Bessington,	0 8 4
George Johnson, lot in Annapolis,	0 2 1
Henry and Rezin Davidge, lot in ditto,	0 12 3
Elizabeth Gaffaway, lot in ditto,	0 18 8
Elizabeth Middleton, lot in ditto,	0 15 2
Margaret Pryle, lot in ditto,	0 18 8
Edward Pryle, for Thomas Roberts, lot in ditto,	0 15 3
John Sullivan, jun. lot in ditto,	1 12 0
Anne Wifham, lot in ditto,	0 14 9
William Yeldell, lot in ditto,	1 5 0

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That unless the county charges aforesaid are paid to the said collector within thirty days after the publication of this notice is completed, the said lands and lots of ground, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and cost thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this state.

May 14, 1804.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's farm, at the head of Beard's creek, in Anne-Arundel county, on Saturday the 19th instant, a black fellow named JACK, he is about twenty-two years of age, about six feet high, stout and well made, his features are regular, and complexion very black; his clothing, when at home was, in winter, country cloth jacket and overalls, in summer, of nabrigs jacket and overalls; he took with him other cloaths. The above reward will be given if brought to the subscriber, living in Annapolis, or THIRTY DOLLARS if secured in any gaol, so that he gets him again.

THOMAS HARWOOD.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

HYMN TO EVENING.

COME Evening, child of contemplation, come,
Shed thy religious influence on the heart,
Come, pensive maiden, bid the busy hum
And gaudy splendor of the hills depart.
Bring with thee, *Even*, thy wonted calms again,
Transcending far the music of the morn,
With magic spells, for sorrow and for pain,
Pour'd from the silver moon's reluctant horn.
Thou chaste-eyed *Evening*, hast the power to charm
The war of will, and smooth the brow of care;
Thy tender dew dissolve each rude alarm,
Thy breezes whisper comfort to despair.
Young expectation, with an earnest eye,
On tip-toe bids thee from the cottage hail,
His little feet light o'er the upland fly
To meet his father midway in the vale.
And she, who lost in love's bewitching dream,
Oft chides thy tardy footsteps with a sigh,
As her mind's-herald marks the kindred beam
That lingers still upon the western sky.
There too, the watchful village train await,
With festive revels welcome on the green
Thy beam-like car—when thro' yon skyey gate
Thou com'st with LUNA, smiling on the scene.
In the mild season of thy genial sway
(Hour of improvement, Science steals from time)
Taste springs the mine where rich ideas lay,
And waking fancy roves from clime to clime.
Where on some shore forgotten by the chart,
Illustrious worth now exil'd and unknown,
Hails thy grey shadows with a patriot heart,
And smiles to think they circle round his own.
Some cross'd by sorrow watch thee but to weep,
Some wind the dance, some greet thee with a sigh,
Some come with song, and some retire to sleep,
Some give thee smiles and some the pensive eye.
Hail *EVENING*, hail! I see thee from afar,
I feel thy placid spirit on my mind,
Thy looks are peace, thy voice salutes mine ear,
Sweet as the viewless minstrel of the wind.
Oh, sacred season! holy hour of love,
The truce to labour, and the pause of toil—
Bright Hesper waits thee in the western grove,
And gentle ANNA greets thee with a smile.

SIR ISAAC NEWTON.

It is said of this celebrated character that he did once in his life go "a wooing," and, as was to be expected, had the greatest attention and indulgence paid the little peculiarities which ever accompany great genius. Knowing he was fond of smoking, the lady assiduously provided him with a pipe, and they were then seated as if to open the business of Cupid. Sir Isaac smoked a few whiffs—seemed at a loss for something—whiffed again—and at last drew the chair to the lady—a pause of some minutes ensued—Sir Isaac seemed still more uneasy—Oh! the timidity of some men, thought the lady—when lo! Sir Isaac had got hold of her hand. Now palpitations began—he will kiss it no doubt, thought she, and then the matter is sealed. Sir Isaac whiffed with redoubled fury, and drew the captive hand near his head; already the expected salute had vibrated from the hand to the heart, when, pity the damsel, gentle reader! Sir Isaac only raised her fair hand, to make the forefinger, for a purpose he much wanted, a tobacco stopper.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 27th of last month, a negro man named SAM, about five feet two or three inches high, a likely well made fellow, and complaisant when spoken to; the fore finger of the left hand he generally carries a little crooked, occasioned by the first joint of said finger being stiff, and the end of the finger he carries pointing across the other fingers; had on when he went away, a farnought coat, a red under jacket, striped country cloth breeches, of nabrig shirt, and old felt hat; the said negro was detected in being concerned in breaking open a store-house, in company, as is supposed, with a negro man by the name of NATHAN BOON, or BOORN, set free by Mr. David Weems, which said Nathan left the neighbourhood at the time of the detection of the breaking open said house, and is supposed to be gone off to the state of Pennsylvania, and carried with him said negro Sam, and will travel under the protection of the pass given him, said Nathan, by David Weems. Whoever takes up said negro SAM, and secures him in any gaol, so that his master gets him again, shall receive TEN DOLLARS reward, if taken above ten miles from home, TWENTY DOLLARS, and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by ROBERT LUSBY.

May 2, 1804.

THERE is at the plantation of REZIN DAVIS, son of Ely, living on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a stray, a dark brown HORSE, about 14 hands high, 6 years old, his mane and tail short, racks, trots and gallops, is shod all round, has a star in his forehead, and a ship on his nose, is branded O on the near buttock, has three white feet, and is low in flesh. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY, **FOR** raising a sum of money for improving the streets of the city of Annapolis, for purchasing a large and forcible fire-engine, and deepening the bafon.

	Dollars.	Dollars.
3 Prizes of 1,000 each are	3,000	3,000
3 ditto 500	1,500	
3 ditto 200	600	
10 ditto 100	1,000	
25 ditto 40	1,000	
40 ditto 20	800	
135 ditto 10	1,350	
775 ditto 6	4,650	

- 1 First drawn ticket, after 1,000 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number, 100
- 1 First drawn ticket, after 1,500 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number, 100
- 1 First drawn ticket, after 2,000 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number, 200
- 1 First drawn ticket, after 2,500 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number, 200
- 1 Last drawn ticket, having a blank to its number, 500

999 Prizes,	15,000
2,001 Blanks.	
3,000 Tickets at 5 dollars,	15,000

The laudable purposes of this lottery, the many valuable prizes offered, and there being only two blanks to a prize, afford the managers a confident hope, that the tickets will meet a rapid sale. The drawing will commence as soon as possible, and sixty days after the completion thereof, the prizes will be paid to the fortunate adventurers by the managers who sold the tickets, subject to a deduction of fifteen per cent. For the satisfaction of the public, the managers inform them, that they have lodged a bond, in the penalty of five thousand dollars, agreeably to law, with the clerk of Anne-Arundel county court, for the due payment of the prizes.

Tickets may be had of the managers, or of such persons as may be appointed by them.

MANAGERS,

JAMES WILLIAMS,
 ABSALOM RIDGELY,
 WILLIAM ALEXANDER,
 JOHN BARBER,
 JOSEPH SANDS,
 LEWIS NETH,
 JONATHAN PINKNEY,
 JOHN SHAW,
 FREDERICK GREEN,
 FREDERICK GRAMMER,
 JOHN MUIR,
 WILLIAM CATON.

Annapolis, January 3, 1804.

A HANDSOME FARM FOR SALE,

LYING on Kent-Island, and elegantly situated on the bay, containing about three hundred acres (more or less) of excellent land, adapted to the produce of tobacco, wheat, corn, &c. and is bounded on each side by creeks, making up a considerable distance, in which are the greatest quantity of fish, oysters, and wild fowl; the improvements are, a brick dwelling, kitchen, quarter, and barn, also a large apple orchard, peach, damson, and several valuable English walnut trees; it is advantageously situated to send its produce to Baltimore or Annapolis. A farther description is deemed unnecessary. Those inclined to purchase may know the terms, by applying to

JACOB SLEMAKER, Annapolis, or, JOHN ELLIOTT, on the premises.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of JOHN BATTEE, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the twenty-fourth day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 24th day of April, 1804.

LUCY BATTEE, Executrix.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of JOHN WELCH, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the eighteenth day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 18th day of April, 1804.

JOHN ROSS, Administrator.

JUST RECEIVED, Direct from the Patentees, and for sale, by THOMAS SHAW,

ANNAPOIS,
 The following valuable family medicines, viz.

Specific Drops for Deafness.
For many years have these drops been used with amazing success, in deafness and hardness of hearing. Those who are unacquainted with the great relief afforded by this valuable medicine, are earnestly recommended to a trial. Few are the cases in which it has not been of great service, and very often effected a complete cure. Copious directions are sealed up with each bottle.—Price one dollar.

Genuine Tooth Ach Drops.
 Which gives immediate relief in the most severe instances.—Price 75 cents a bottle.

Aromatic Lozenges of Steel.
 Being a sure remedy for debilities after long fevers, nervous complaints, loss of appetite, gouty spasms in the stomach, hysterical and hypochondriac affections, lowness of spirits, and various direful complaints usually called nervous.—Price one dollar per packet.

Chambaud's Antasthmatic Lozenges.
 A sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, asthma, and whooping-cough. For the above complaints, not an instance has occurred, wherein they have been known to fail. They instantly relieve the most inveterate cough, give ease and freedom to the most oppressed respiration, strengthen the debilitated constitution, procure refreshing comfort of rest and sleep, and quickly effect a permanent cure.—Price 75 cents per box.

Anodyne Essence for Head Aches.
 Price one dollar per bottle.

Dr. Atkinson's Genuine Essence of Mustard.
 Rheumatism, in every stage, instantly submits to its penetrating powers, which has succeeded in curing the most desperate cases of rheumatism, gout, sciatica, palsy, numbness, and complaints of the stomach, after various other medicines have proved ineffectual. It is prepared in pills, and also in a fluid state. The pills are particularly serviceable in flatulencies and indigestion, and by their salutary operation, promote perspiration, and gradually undermine the most obstinate rheumatism, frozen limbs, severe strains and bruises, old strains and relaxations are generally cured by a few applications of the fluid essence.—Essence one dollar per bottle, Extract 50 cents per box.

Atkinson's Worm Destroying Lozenges.
 50 cents per packet.

Hunter's Anti-Bilious and Laxative Pills.
Dr. Bardwell's Genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes; speedily removes inflammations, dimness, itchings and films.—Price one dollar per bottle.

Genuine Ague and Fever Drops.
 For the cure of agues, intermittent and remittant fevers.—Price one dollar per bottle.

Atkinson's Italian Lilly Lotion.
 For removing all diseases of the skin, it is the most elegant, fragrant, mild, safe, and valuable liquid or wash for scorbutic and other eruptions on the face and skin. It gently restores the skin to a fairness and purity beyond the powers of description.—Price one dollar per bottle.

Improved Scotch Ointment for the Itch.
 Which will cure this disagreeable disease by one application without mercury.—Price 75 cents per box.

Copious directions for their use, attend each of the foregoing valuable medicines.
 May 10, 1804.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living at the Upper ferry on South River, in Anne-Arundel county, on Wednesday the 21st ult. a negro man named CHARLES, about twenty-two or twenty-three years old, five feet seven inches high, of a yellowish complexion, the inside of one of his ears has a knot occasioned by a fall, his foreteeth are very broad, has a very broad foot and narrow heel; had on when he went away a gre coat, striped waistcoat, and snabrig trousers, and had other cloaths in a bundle which are unknown. He was seen near the city of Baltimore a few days after he went off. Whoever takes up and secures the said negro in any goal, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward. I hereby forewarn all persons from employing or harbouring him.
 Oct. 6, 1803. **THOMAS PINDLE.**

Mulum in Parvo.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the subscriber will commence his business in the PAINTING LINE as soon as the weather permits. Carriages may be painted in a superior stile of any heretofore done in Annapolis; rooms painted in imitation of flowered paper; gilding; varnishing of all kinds. He will likewise attend to a few scholars in music, and sundry other branches of literature.
JOHN WOODBERRY.
 Annapolis, March 22, 1804.

TO BE RENTED,

THE HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. SAMUEL CREW, opposite major Thomas Harwood's. Possession may be had in two or three weeks; in the mean-time any person wishing to rent may go immediately to work upon the garden. For terms apply to

WALLACE AND MUIR.

NOTICE.

WAS committed to my custody, on the 18th day of April, a negro man, who says his name is BILL ANDERSON, and belongs to Dr. DANIEL STEWART, of Loudon county, Virginia. Bill is a likely mulatto fellow, five feet six or seven inches high, about eighteen or twenty years old, his clothing is an old country cloth coat and trousers, linen shirt, very much worn. His master is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold to pay his prison fees agreeably to law.

JASPER E. TILLY, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.
 Annapolis, May 8, 1804.

Patent Machine for Shelling Corn.

WHEREAS by virtue of an act of congress, entitled, An act to promote the progress of useful arts, &c. PAUL PILSBURY, of Newbury, in the state of Massachusetts, hath obtained letters patent for a machine for shelling Indian corn on a new and improved method, bearing date on the 25th day of October, 1803. And whereas the said Paul Pilsbury hath assigned all his right, title, and interest, of and to the said patent machine to Paul Adams, of Newbury, Thomas Burnham, Joseph Swasey, and Joseph Lord, Esquires, of Ipswich, and state of Massachusetts, and thereby giving to them the exclusive right of constructing, using, and vending to others to use the said machine for fourteen years from the date of said letters patent, with full power to receive all benefits and profits accruing therefrom, and to perform and execute all such acts relative to the same as the said Paul Pilsbury might have legally performed or executed.

NOTICE.

That by virtue and authority of the above assignment, the aforesaid Adams, Burnham, Swasey, and Lord, hath given, granted, and assigned, unto James Williams, of the city of Annapolis, the exclusive right, liberty, and authority, to construct, use, and vend to others to be used, the aforesaid shelling machine, during the whole unexpired term of fourteen years, (for which the exclusive privilege has been secured as aforesaid by letters patent) for the state of Maryland, and all that part of the district of Columbia lying on the north side of the river Patowmack. Said Williams has one of the machines, which may be seen at Annapolis at any time, and is now ready to furnish any person or persons with one or more of the said machines, with licence to make use of the same, or to grant licence to make use of them without furnishing the machine, one machine might serve four or five persons in a neighbourhood, by each person getting licence to use it, which will not exceed five dollars each.

This machine has been seen and much approved of by the president, and most of the members of congress, as well as by a great number of gentlemen, farmers and others from different parts of the United States. The cost of a machine, with licence to work it, will not exceed thirty dollars. I will sell the exclusive right of making use of this machine for one or more counties, on very moderate terms. A man and a boy with this machine worked by hand, may easily shell one hundred bushels of corn in a day. The machine may be easily fixed to be turned by horse, or water.

Please to take notice, that no other in this or any other state can grant licence to use this machine within the state of Maryland, or part of the district of Columbia; any person making use of it without a proper licence will be presented if known.

JAMES WILLIAMS.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY authorise H. S. HALL to settle all accounts standing open on the books of J. Wells, deceased, and hope that all persons indebted on the same, will call and settle with him without further trouble.

JOHN B. WATKINS, one of the executors.
 November 23, 1803.

N. B. Mr. Watkins has authorized me, by the above publication, to settle all the account standing on the books of John Wells, deceased, it has been several weeks since he gave the above notice, and those persons not coming in to settle their small balances due the estate, will take notice, that I shall put the law in force, agreeably to directions, without respect to persons.
 February 3, 1804. **H. S. HALL.**

FOR SALE,

Four Hundred Acres of Land,

At the head of Magoth branch, about four miles from navigable water, which leads to Patuxent and two miles from Severn river.

THIS land has a large quantity of timber of superior quality, lays convenient to a mill on Magoth river, and to one on Severn river about forty acres are cleared, and well enclosed, the residue is well set with chestnut, hickory, oak, sapling pine. It will be sold in one tract, or divided as purchasers may require. For terms apply to

JAMES MURRAY.

Piney Grove, May 1, 1804.

ANNAPOLIS:
 Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(LXth YEAR.)

MAR 1

Foreign Intelligence

NEW.
 By the arrival, yesterday, of the *Su* we have received Dublin papers inclusive, containing London d (one day later than our last,) from ing articles are copied.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Germinal
A inn-keeper at Rotterdam charged with not having d by the police of that city that a colter, containing papers re gency, has been found in his poss The grand chancellor of the le been instructed to make a report gency who arrested Georges, the inte Council being to admit them int

hour. Raoul Gaillard, called S brother Armand Gaillard, both f list of brigands, were arreste month, at the moment they were after the opening of the barriers. on the river in a ferry-boat, a

boile. The citizen Dubois, trum merie, aged 21 years, was postd sequence of the excellent dispositi

ork inspector-general of the gund which might offer a passage to

brothers Gaillard, and an in be Tamerlan, having presente

the water, the young Dubois opp and required the exhibition of

when they asked that he should be recognized.—Then the

in their hands and escaped

many inhabitants of M

after, armed with stones and cu and their pistols five or six times

define, husbandman at Meriel the chase, had his baton broke

An old soldier of the cantons, sanged, armed with a fusce, hap

who took aim at him, fell upon

which passed over his head

and, wounded St. Vincent,

truck by three other shots, was

ants now assembled in great

ing followed, was overtaken

The third escaped by the favou

et been found.—St. Vincent

ounds, at the hospital of Pon

een carried to the minister of

um of 1100 francs has been

in louis and in guineas. The

ame model with those seized u

in general; on all the arrest

ave fallen into the power of

of the peace, the magistrate

ommunes, and the sub-p

en in this circumstance a ze

of the greatest praise.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U N E 14, 1804.

Foreign Intelligence.

NEW-YORK, June 2.

By the arrival, yesterday, of the Susan, from Dublin, we have received Dublin papers to the 19th April, inclusive, containing London dates to the 13th, (one day later than our last,) from which the following articles are copied.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Germinal 13.

An inn-keeper at Rotterdam has been arrested, charged with not having denounced a person selected by the police of that city.—We are assured that a coffer, containing papers relative to the conspiracy, has been found in his possession.

The grand chancellor of the legion of honour has been instructed to make a report respecting the citizens who arrested Georges, the intention of the Grand Council being to admit them into the legion of honour.

Raoul Gaillard, called St. Vincent, and his brother Armand Gaillard, both signalled in the official list of brigands, were arrested the 10th of this month, at the moment they were flying from Paris, after the opening of the barriers. They intended to cross the river in a ferry-boat, at Meriel, near Pont-neuf. The citizen Dubois, trumpeter of the gendarmes, aged 21 years, was posted at this ferry, in consequence of the excellent dispositions obtained by the inspector-general of the gendarmerie, at all points which might offer a passage to the brigands. The brothers Gaillard, and an individual who is tho't to be Tamerlan, having presented themselves to pass the water, the young Dubois opposed them with spirit, and required the exhibition of their passports; and when they asked that he would suffer them to return, the gendarme charged them to remain till they should be recognized.—Then these three brigands took refuge in their hands and escaped; at the cries of the gendarme many inhabitants of Meriel and Villiers ran after, armed with stones and cudgels. The brigands and their pistols five or six times; the citizen Stephen Caufine, husbandman at Meriel, who was foremost in the chase, had his baton broken in two by a ball. An old soldier of the cantons, named Labrosse, armed with a fusil, happened on St. Vincent, who took aim at him, fell upon his knees to shun the ball, which passed over his head, and in this position was wounded St. Vincent, who being very soon struck by three other shots, was seized by the inhabitants now assembled in great numbers; his brother being followed, was overtaken in an adjacent wood. The third escaped by the favour of night and has not yet been found.—St. Vincent died yesterday, of his wounds, at the hospital of Pontoise. His brother has been carried to the minister of the grand judge. The sum of 1100 francs has been found upon them, both in louis and in guineas. They had poignards of the same model with those seized upon Georges, Pichegru, and in general, on all the arrested brigands. Thus in the course of the last week, seven of these wretches have fallen into the power of the police. The judges of the peace, the magistrates of the neighbouring communes, and the sub-prefect of Pontoise, have shown in this circumstance a zeal, and an activity worthy of the greatest praise.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, April 15.

By the neutral ship Ann Lucie, arrived at Gravesend, from Embden, we yesterday received a letter from thence to the following effect:

"The French, in the Electorate of Hanover, continue to transport immense quantities of ammunition to the Dutchy of Lauenburg, and the army on the northern bank of the Elbe has been considerably reinforced. They have likewise formed magazines of powder in the neighbourhood of Altona and Hamburg. This circumstance is said to have excited strong animosities at Copenhagen, and to have induced some strong resolves on the part of that government. The magazine within the Danish territory near Altona has been seized, and the troops on the frontiers of Lubec and Lauenburg have been ordered to resist any territorial violation or encroachment that may be attempted by the republicans.

The Danish militia, ready to take the field, now amounts to near 100,000 men."

The house of the Russian charge d'affaires is surrounded incessantly with spies and officers of the police, it being supposed that one of the French princes was concealed in it.

Pichegru was reported to have died of the wounds which he received at the period of his arrest.

Madame Moreau has at length been allowed to visit her husband in the temple. The general is stated to have written to Buonaparte, but the purport of

this letter is variously represented; some confine it to a complaint at his name being inserted, by the grand judge, in the list of brigands; others that it was exculpatory, and others again, that it was an appeal to the chief consul's mercy. In either case, however, the general must have been ignorant of the nature of the man he addressed, as well as wanting in respect to his own character.

Barthelemy, the banker, continues under arrest, not however, as we heard, for having paid a bill drawn on him from London, but in consequence of his name being on a bill of exchange which was taken from one of the conspirators. It is supposed that he will be liberated.

The Dutch admiral Verhuel was at Flushing on the 9th, preparing another division of his flotilla for sea.

Yesterday we received a letter from Rotterdam, and a packet of Dutch Journals to the 10th inst. by the Hoffnung, Perry, arrived in the river from the Meuse. The former announces that all the shipwrights at Rotterdam and Amsterdam have been sent to Flushing, to make some alterations which appeared wanting, on experiments, in the construction of the flotilla there.

All French emigrants have been ordered to leave Frankfurt, in consequence of an intimation from the commandant at Mentz, that if they were suffered to remain, a military force should be sent to arrest them. The elector of Baden, at the same moment that the requisition for the allowance of a French corps to enter Ettenheim was presented to him, received the news of the arrest of the duke d'Enghien. The duke of Brissaw's territory was violated, without even the ceremony of the slightest communication on the subject.

It was reported at Rotterdam, on the 10th, that the king of Prussia had directed his minister at Paris to remonstrate against the recent violation of the neutrality of Germany, by the French troops from Strasbourg.

The captain of the Dutch brig, Atalante, lately captured by the Scorpion, fought with a degree of bravery bordering on desperation. When captain Hardinge boarded the brig, he attacked and wounded the Dutch commander in several places; but in the heat of the contest captain H. struck his hand against the binnacle, and the sword fell from it. At this moment several of his men rushed forward, when captain H. offered his opponent quarter, but the other declining it, a seaman from the Scorpion shot him through the body.

The list of the persons arrested has not yet been published. There is among them an old colonel named Dumoussier; the resemblance of his name with that of Dumourier had induced a belief that it was the ex-general who was taken at Ettenheim.

GLEANINGS.

LONDON, March 3.

COMMON SCOLD.

Thursday Ann Price was found guilty at the Surrey sessions of being a *bravler* and a *common scold*, under an old statute of Henry the IV. fined 40s and ordered to be imprisoned till the fine was paid. There were not less than 17 witnesses sworn and examined in this case.

March 19.

Lord Camelford has minutely described the spot in the Canton of Bern where he is to be buried; it is between three trees, and he has left 1000l. for the purchase of the ground.

March 24.

Gen. Moncey, upon his first getting up on the first of March, received the following billet.—"The minister of the public treasury is ordered to pay the inspector general Moncey 50,000 crowns, as a reward for the zeal he has shewn since the discovery of the plot which threatened the life of the first consul."

[French paper.]

Messrs. Marsh, Johnson, and Tummon, masters of vessels trading on the river Dan, have been convicted by the magistrates of Rotherham for travelling with their vessels on the Lord's day.

BRITISH HUMANE SOCIETY.

On Thursday last, says a London paper, Robert Precious, Esq; presided at the annual court of directors of the Humane Society. The premiums had been paid in 4755 cases of aquatic suffocation, &c. and is a most happy truth, that 2589 children, &c. have been restored to their parents and relatives.

EFFECT OF ORTHOGRAPHY AND PUNCTUATION.

The husband of a pious woman having occasion to make a voyage to sea, his wife sent a note to the parson to be read on the Sabbath following; but instead of spelling and pointing it properly, she wrote it thus: "H—W—, having gone to see his wife, desires the prayers of the church and congregation, that he may be mercifully preserved, &c."

American Intelligence.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, June 4.

The Massachusetts Charitable Fire Society.

On Friday last, at the Chapel church, attracted and entertained, a numerous and brilliant assembly of its annual friends and patrons. We have seen, on no occasion, a more splendid group of female beauty and taste. The performances at this anniversary have been always invested with peculiar interest, and have generally acquired a distinguished reputation. They have diffused pleasure from the purest sources of taste; and excited sensibility by the strongest appeals to the social principle. Hence the high character, and fashionable attraction of this literary and benevolent institution. The "Address to the Society," by Edward Gray, Esq; presented a chaste and correct delineation of the prominent calamities incident to the lot of mortality. His manner was succinct and elegant.

The religious ceremonies were performed by the rev. Mr. Channing, with much pathetic devotion. The several musical performances gave great satisfaction, particularly the two odes, written for the occasion, both of which were sung by Mrs. Jones, with exquisite taste and effect. That written by Mr. Paine, describes a night scene of the most tender natural distress; and was so excellently adapted to music by Mrs. Jones, that "each sound was but an echo to the sense." The strong emotions of sympathy it excited throughout, and the unprecedented and protracted applause it received at the conclusion, spoke deeply and loudly of her cultivated science, taste and talent. We are happy to observe, that it will be repeated at the theatre this evening. It will add a rich zest to a well chosen selection of entertainments. In the opinion of amateurs, it was the most finished vocal performance which any public occasion has ever presented us in this town. The admirable change of movement, expressive of the sudden agitation of the subject, had a brilliant and almost electrical effect; and at the finish, a general call for a repeat was heard in all parts of the Chapel. Never were three peals of admiration rendered more judiciously, nor more ardently.

THE STREET WAS A RUIN.

AN ORIGINAL ODE,

Written by R. T. PAINE, jun. Esq;

And sung at the anniversary celebration of the Massachusetts Charitable Fire Society, by Mrs. JONES.

THE street was a ruin, and night's horrid glare
Illumin'd with terror, the face of Despair;
While houseless, bewailing,
Mute pity affailing,

A MOTHER'S wild shrieks pierc'd the merciless air.
Beside her stood EDWARD, imploring each wind,
To awake his lov'd sister, who linger'd behind;
Awake, my poor MARY,
Oh! fly to me, Mary,

In the arms of your EDWARD, a pillow you'll find.

In vain he call'd, for now the volum'd smoke
Crackling between the parting rafters broke;
Thro' the rent seems the forked flames aspire,
All, all, is lost—the roof's on fire; the roof's on fire.

A flash from the window brought MARY to view,
She scream'd as around her the flames fiercely blew;
Where art thou mother!

Oh! fly to me brother!

Oh! save your poor MARY, who lives but for you!

Leave not poor MARY,

Ah! save your poor MARY!

Her vision'd form decrying,

On wings of horror flying,

The youth erec't his frantic gaze,

Then plunges in the maddening blaze;

Aloft he dauntless soars,

The flaming room explores;

The roof in cinders crumbles,

Thro' tumbling walls he rushes!

She's safe from fear's alarms;

She faints in EDWARD'S arms!

Oh! NATURE, such thy triumphs are,

Thy simplest child can bravely dare!

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, June 4.

By the brig Georgia Packet, we have received a letter dated Cadiz, April 7th, which says, "We have an order from his Catholic majesty not to suffer prizes, either English or French, to be sold or brought into any ports of his dominions. This looks like enforcing a strict neutrality."

Another letter, of the same date, says, "For the last 7 months, we have had only twenty days to load and unload our vessels, there having been almost continual rains and gales. On the 5th instant there was in the river the greatest flood ever known. Several vessels were injured, and one boat loaded with wine was sunk."

June 5.

Captain Blagge, of the ship Pyomingo, informs, that a Neapolitan frigate, and a ship of 24 guns, failed from Naples on the 20th of March, to blockade all the ports of Tunis; and it was said at Naples that they were to join the American Squadron under the command of commodore Preble. Commodore Preble had four bomb ketches ready at Syracuse on the 16th of March. The Syren and Nautilus were cruising off Tripoli. Commodore Preble had applied to the king of Naples for the loan of twenty-five gun boats, lying at Palermo, and it was said at Naples that the king had granted them to him. The Tripolitans had only two cruisers out, a brig and a schooner, both of which were up the Archipelago.

The French frigates Sybelle and Dido got under way yesterday morning with a fine N. W. breeze for sea; but the wind falling short, they again anchored near the quarantine ground at Staten Island. As several vessels which have lately arrived at this port were boarded by the British frigate Bolton on the coast to the southward; and as captain Thompson who arrived yesterday, saw a few days since a double decker, supposed to be the Leander, at no great distance, it is not improbable that they may form a junction, and fall in with the above frigates—if this should happen, we may expect soon to hear of a naval combat; for, the Frenchmen are determined to fight!

June 8.

It was reported last evening, said to be received by a vessel arrived at the quarantine ground, that the British ship Leander, of 50 guns, and the frigate Cambrian, of 44 guns, had been seen and spoken with some leagues to the southward of Sandy Hook.

The arrival yesterday of the Ship Adventure, from Calcutta, has furnished us with papers from that quarter to the 22d January.—The war in India is progressing with considerable success on the part of the British. Speaking on this subject a late Calcutta print says in language perhaps too highly coloured—"the brilliancy of the present campaign in every quarter in which our armies have appeared, far outstrips any hitherto recorded in the annals we believe of any nation in the world; and we are at a loss which most to admire, the wisdom with which the various plans have been formed, or the promptitude and effect with which they have been carried into execution."

June 9.

By arrivals yesterday we received Jamaica papers to the 5th, and Charleston papers to the 31st ult. inclusive. Such extracts as appeared worthy of selection, are to be found under the proper heads. From the following article, which appears under the Port-Royal date of May 5, it seems highly probable that the island of Martinique is now in the possession of the British:—"Capt. Butter, of the ship James, of Bristol, who arrived at Morant Bay from Cork, mentions, that in passing Martinique, he saw the British flag flying on the different small forts to windward of St. Pierre. The Glenheim, of 74 guns, a 50 gun ship, a sloop of war, and a store ship, were lying close to the Diamond Rock, which had English colours also flying, and an English camp was perceived at the top of the Diamond."

The Cornwall (Jamaica) Chronicle, of the 28th April, states, that the schooner British Queen spoke an American vessel at sea from St. Vincent's, and received information that the island of Martinique had been taken by our forces to windward.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.

A letter from St. Kitts, dated 21st ult. received per the Liberty, says—"We have received accounts of the surrender of Surinam to the British, and of the Cork fleet being lost on the coast of Portugal."

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, June 8.

A Hindoo of high character, named Petumber Shingo, at Futtupore, has been converted to christianity by the preaching of the Baptist missionaries—he has declared that he travelled far, and read many books in search of salvation, but till now in vain, and there was nothing in the Barham or Hindoo system that pointed out the way. He has been discarded by his cast; but the government intend to establish a school under his direction.

June 9.

A REMARKABLE OCCURRENCE.

At a country seat in the vicinity of this city, a cow last evening brought forth THREE living calves! They were all well formed and in due proportion; but one of them was, unluckily for the curious, lain upon and pressed to death by its mother. The others are now living and very promising.

Arrived, ship Hebe, Pearlfall, 133 days from Batavia. The French fleet, consisting of 2 ships of the line, and 4 or 5 frigates failed from Batavia, a few days after the arrival of the Hebe, and intended to cruise in the Chinese sea—Coffee and sugar raised, and rising in price.

June 11.

Two men, one named Crocker, the other Southwick, were on Saturday last committed to prison, on suspicion of negro stealing, and counterfeiting, or of passing notes, knowing them to be counterfeit.

Annapolis Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, June 14, 1804.

LITTLE respect having been paid to his former notice, the subscriber again earnestly calls on all persons indebted to him for their respective balances. He hopes to be excused, should inattention to this request oblige him to resort to compulsory measures, which necessity will compel him to pursue.

FREDERICK GREEN.

WE are authorized to say that Mr. BARUCH FOWLER will serve in the legislature, if elected by his fellow-citizens of Anne-Arundel county one of their representatives at the next election.

Extract of a letter from an officer to his friend in Philadelphia, dated

"TRIPOLI, January 6, 1804.

"Since my last, we have been closely confined, which makes our time very disagreeable. A few days past, at the instigation of our carpenter, three of the crew were put in the screws and received 150 bastinadoes each. He has not yet turned Turk, but I expect he will in a few days, as he has left the prison, and lives with our guard. Four of our crew have turned already.

"For this week past, the Bashaw's child by a favourite wife, has been very ill with the croup, as the doctor calls it. He called on our doctor four days after the child's illness, when he pronounced it dangerously ill. The Bashaw immediately offered him his liberty provided he would cure the child. It recovered and is at present well; but not a word more said about the doctor's liberty.

"During the last two days, we have lost 10 of our crew."

A letter from an officer lately belonging to the frigate Philadelphia, dated at Tripoli, Feb. 22, mentions that the prisoners had not met with any ill treatment in consequence of the destruction of that vessel, except the partial parole allowed them being taken off, and they confined to their quarters.

By the ship Vigilant, from Naples, the editors of this Gazette have received an extract of a letter from commodore Preble, dated on board the Constitution, at Syracuse, March 19, 1804. The following is a copy:

"I have this moment received intelligence from a gentleman just arrived from Tunis, that the bey of that regency is equipping his whole naval force with the utmost expedition; and it is whispered that his object is the American commerce. From various circumstances, I believe there is much truth in the conjecture. Three of their frigates, from 24 to 32 guns, are now fitting out at Malta; one frigate, of 32 guns, and a number of smaller vessels, are getting ready at Tunis."

Commodore Preble further observes, that he intends to collect all the forces off Tripoli, and proceed off Tunis to learn the cause. [N. Y. GAZ.]

SURINAM.

Boston papers mention, that by an arrival from Dominica, intelligence is brought, that the British have failed in their expedition against Surinam, with the loss of from 6 to 700 men. Two principal officers being killed or taken prisoners. No dates are given, and it will be perceived by our paper of this day and also by that of Thursday, that accounts of the capture of that settlement are received.

A gentleman at St. Louis, on the Mississippi, writes to his friend in Pittsburgh, under date of May 5th, 1804, that captain Lewis, who had been sent by the president of the United States to explore the newly acquired territory of Louisiana, was at that place, and intended leaving it in a few days, on his return to the city of Washington, accompanied by 20 Indian chiefs.

The letter does not mention the distance captain Lewis had been from that place, but we presume he was prevented from proceeding by the nations of Indians to whom the chiefs belong that are accompanying him to visit the president. Pittsburgh Gaz.

In the forest of Mount Gredistre, in the county of Hunyade, in Transylvania, some remains of an extensive ancient city have been discovered; but nothing that shows its name. In the neighbourhood a number of gold coins have been discovered in weight each equal to 2½ ducats. On one side three male figures, the first and last carrying hatchets, with the inscription, in characters, KOWEN. On the reverse an eagle at rest, holding a crown in its right claw. The learned suppose that the pieces of money were coined at the Hetruscan city Cosow, and that the three male figures represent a consul preceded and followed by a lictor. The coins are supposed to be 2000 years old, by antiquarians. The Austrian government has ordered further researches.

Thirty-six persons were interred in Philadelphia for one week ending the second instant.

MADEIRA.

Accounts from Madeira state, that on the 9th of March, about a quarter before 6 in the morning, a smart shock of an earthquake was felt, but without occasioning any damage.

FROM THE AMERICAN DAILY ADVERTISER.

MR. FOULSON,

The following information may perhaps prove of service to such of your subscribers as have not cool and dry cellars to preserve their meat and other provisions, and the hint perhaps offers an opportunity to those who have leisure and talents, of improving it to great public advantage.

A joint of meat or any provisions suspended in a flannel bag will keep sweet a considerable time longer than by any of the modes generally practiced. The cooler and dryer the meat is when the flannel is put round it the better, and it will occur to any thinking mind that the flannel should be perfectly clean. A flannel bag with a bowl or plate in it is also the best mode of conveying butter from or perhaps to market, and if the bowl or plate is made of wood the better. A stronger proof cannot be given of the truth of the above, than that ice wrapped in flannel will keep a considerable time, whereas if exposed to the air or wrapped in linen it will dissolve almost immediately.

To prevent all Birds, Squirrels, and Wire Worms from destroying Corn when coming up.

Put half a bushel of feed corn in a large iron kettle, turn on it half a pint of tar, or as much as the corn will take up warmed, stir it till every corn is covered over with tar, then strew over it as much lime or ashes, as will stick to the corn when well stirred together, all to be done while the tar is warm. I have tried the above experiment two years, and find it to answer the above purpose. EBYN DEMERET.

THOMAS RUTTER, Esq; has been appointed marshal for the district of Maryland—vice, Reuben Elting, Esq; resigned.

NOTICE.

FROM the great injuries committed on the subscribers' farms, he hereby forewarns all and every person or persons whatever from hunting within his enclosures, either with dog or gun, in future, or from making any inroads or high cuts through the same, as he is determined to put the law in force against every offender, from this day.

GASSAWAY BAWLINGS.

May 24, 1804.

A STRAY.

I CERTIFY that JOSHUA MILLARD, living near Leonard-town, in Saint-Mary's county, on the second day of June, 1804, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the justices of the peace of the State of Maryland for the county aforesaid, a stray bright bay MARE, four or five years old, with a blaze in her forehead, and her two near feet white, her gait is a trot and gallop; it is said she has been in the neighbourhood four or five weeks.

JOHN G. FORD.

The owner of the above mare is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

JOSHUA MILLARD.

June 2, 1804. J. G. Ford

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN TUCKER, deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, on or before the 5th of November next, and all those who are indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

SARAH TUCKER, Administratrix.
Annapolis, June 13, 1804.

ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY.

THE MANAGERS of the lottery for the improvement of the streets in the city of Annapolis, for providing for the better security against fires, and for deepening the basin, respectfully give notice, that they propose to commence the drawing thereof on the second Monday in October next. They hope that the great objects contemplated by this lottery, and the prospect of advantage to subscribers from the number of valuable prizes, will induce all who wish to promote the prosperity of Annapolis to aid the managers, by purchasing the number of tickets they mean to take as early as possible, that the necessary preparations may be made.

A YOUNG MAN, of about seventeen or eighteen years of age, who can write a good hand, understand figures, and can come well recommended, may hear of encouragement by applying to the printers of this paper.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, 17 miles from Baltimore, on the night of the 22d instant, a negro man named GEORGE, about 5 feet 6 inches high, he is very black, pitted with the small-pox, and is nearly blind in the right eye; he went off with a negro Ned, belonging to BENJAMIN GITTINGS, of Montgomery county; the said George has a palf from a negro Daniel, who was set free by Isaac Lansdale. Ned is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a yellow complexion, and has got a palf from a man named Ned, who was set free by Thomas Simpson; the cloaths are not known. I will give a reward of TWENTY DOLLARS for either of them, or FIFTEEN DOLLARS if secured in any gaol, or the above reward for both, if brought home, to the subscriber.

PATRICK TOOLE, or to BENJAMIN GITTINGS, near George-town.

N. B. I forewarn all persons from harbouring said fellows at their peril.
May 26, 1804.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, 17 miles from Baltimore, on Saturday the 19th instant, a negro man named J. C. K., he is about twenty-two years of age, about six feet high, stout and well made, regular, and complexion very black, when at home was, in winter, in a jacket and overalls, in summer, in a jacket and overalls; he took with him other cloaths, and will be given if brought to the subscriber, or THOMAS I. K. in Annapolis, or THIRTY DOLLARS if secured in any gaol, so that he gets I.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

Anne-Arundel county, to wit:

WHEREAS JOSEPH M'CORMACK, of the county tax of Anne-Arundel county, returned to the commissioners for the said county, the following list of ground in said county, and lots of ground in said county, and personal property to pay the said tax.

Names of persons; names of land.

John Brown, shoe-maker, Victoria's Tower,

Valentine Brown, part Hebron and Bachelor's Choice,

John Cornelius, Carter's Rocks and for Mill Seat,

Edward Dorley, of Jno. heirs, Yacht and Cockey's Neglect,

John Taylor, Dorley's Angles, Dennis Griffith, and others, heirs of Griffith, land at Elk-Ridge Lane,

Charles Ridgely's heirs, land at ditto, William Urquhart, land at ditto,

Charles Carroll, bar. heirs, land at Margaret Pindle, part Bigg's Purchase, Benjamin Clarke, part Sappington,

tion, Owen Elder, part Duvall's Delight, Rezin Spurrier, part Hog Neck,

inheritance, and Ridgely's Begonia, Margaret Sappington, part Grindell, John Johnson's heirs, Weston,

and Meek's Rest, Elizabeth Dickeson, part Second, to Snowden's Manor, and part Gold's Range,

Anne Vernon, Hill's Purchase, William Bigg's heirs, lot in London, No. 51,

William Plummer, part Brown's, ment from Joseph Owens, Jacob Cramblit, part Windfor, F. Peter, and part Cumberland,

High Finley, It's to be or not to Pollock, Blooming Plains, Robert Shipley, trustee for George, part Shipley's Adventure,

and Joice, part Jacob's Improvement, Thomas Spurrier, part Best Sutcliffe, James Cookley, part Hog Neck,

Thomas Purdy, part Bellington, George Johnson, lot in Annapolis, Mary and Rezin Davidge, lot in Elizabeth Gaffaway, lot in ditto, Elizabeth Middleton, lot in ditto, Margaret Pryle, lot in ditto, Edward Pryle, for Thomas Robt, ditto,

John Sullivan, jun. lot in ditto, one Witcham, lot in ditto, William Yeldell, lot in ditto,

NOTICE IS HEREBY

That unless the county clerk, the said collector within thirty days of this notice is completed, of ground, or such parts, sent to pay the tax and collect the highest bidder, agreeable to act of assembly, entitled, actual collection of the county of this state.

May 14, 1804.

Michael & Barnard

have received by the late arrival a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING GOODS, suitable for the present season, the most reduced prices.

Annapolis, May 3d, 1804.

NOTICE

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JAMES DISNEY, deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, on or before the 5th of November next, and all those who are indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

ALL persons who purchased on June last, and have not yet paid, are also required to make payment, I am desirous of settling, and will be sufficient notice.

JAMES N. DISNEY.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's farm, at the head of Beard's creek, in Anne-Arundel county, on Saturday the 19th instant, a black fellow named JACK, he is about twenty-two years of age, about six feet high, stout and well made, his features regular, and complexion very black; his cloaths regular, and in winter, country cloth jacket and overalls, in summer, osnabrigs jacket and overalls; he took with him other cloaths. The above reward will be given if brought to the subscriber, living in Annapolis, or THIRTY DOLLARS if secured in any gaol, so that he gets him again.

THOMAS HARWOOD.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

Anne-Arundel county, to wit:

WHEREAS JOSEPH M'CENEY, collector of the county tax of Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for the said county, the following list of lands and lots of ground in said county, on which there is personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of persons; names of lands, and amount of tax.

John Brown, shoe-maker, Victory and Eagle's Tower,	0	6	8
Valentine Brown, part Hebron and part Bachelor's Choice,	0	17	2
John Cornelius, Carter's Rocks and Patapiscus Mill Seat,	2	1	6
Edward Dorsey, of Jno. heirs, Yate's Constance and Cockey's Neglect,	3	2	8
John Taylors, Dorsey's Angles,	1	8	8
Dennis Griffith, and others, heirs of Joshua Griffith, land at Elk-Ridge Landing,	1	10	8
Charles Ridgely's heirs, land at ditto,	0	1	6
William Urquhart, land at ditto,	1	0	2
Charles Carroll, bar. heirs, land at ditto,	1	3	0
Margaret Pindle, part Bigg's Purchase,	0	5	1
Benjamin Clarke, part Sappington's Addition,	0	10	9
Ben Elder, part Duvall's Delight,	0	10	9
Benjamin Spurrer, part Hog Neck, Vennal's inheritance, and Ridgely's Beginning,	1	7	3
Margaret Sappington, part Grindstone,	1	3	0
John Johnson's heirs, Weston, Ginfwell, and Meek's Rest,	0	6	6
Samuel Dickieson, part Second Addition to Snowden's Manor, and part Warfield's Range,	1	2	3
James Vernon, Hill's Purchase,	1	8	0
William Bigg's heirs, lot in London-town, No. 51,	0	2	11
William Plummer, part Brown's Enlargement from Joseph Owens,	0	19	6
John Crumblit, part Windfor, Henry and Peter, and part Cumberland,	1	4	2
High Finley, It's to be or not to be,	1	0	1
Sam Pollock, Blooming Plains,	5	6	1
Robert Shipley, trustee for George Shipley, part Shipley's Adventure,	1	7	6
John Joyce, part Jacob's Improved Adventure,	2	0	2
Thomas Spurrer, part Best Success,	0	5	0
James Cookley, part Hog Neck,	0	7	2
Thomas Purdy, part Bellington,	0	8	4
George Johnson, lot in Annapolis,	0	2	1
Sammy and Rezin Davidge, lot in ditto,	0	12	3
Elizabeth Galloway, lot in ditto,	0	18	8
Elizabeth Middleton, lot in ditto,	0	15	2
Margaret Pryle, lot in ditto,	0	18	8
Edward Pryle, for Thomas Roberts, lot in ditto,	0	15	5
John Sullivan, jun. lot in ditto,	1	12	0
James Wileham, lot in ditto,	0	14	9
William Yeldell, lot in ditto,	1	5	0

PAWLINGS.

Y.

ARD, living near

county, on the

ht before me, the

the peace of the

aforsaid, a stray

years old, with a

o near feet white,

s said she has been

weeks.

JOHN G. FORD,

requested to come,

ake her away.

A MILLARD.

against the estate

ed, of Anne-Arundel

ing them in, legally

of November next

o said estate are re-

nt to

Administratrix.

ATTERY.

lottery for the in-

in the city of Annapolis

ter security against

fin, respectfully

commence the drawing

y in October next

its contemplated by

of advantage to in-

valuable prizes, with

the prosperity of An-

purchasing the num-

as early as possib-

may be made.

ut seventeen or eight

an write a good hand

me well recommended

applying to the pre-

Valuable Lands for Sale.

By order of the court of Calvert county, will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, the following lands, the property of the heirs of capt. WALTER SMITH, deceased.

ON Monday the 20th day of August next, will be sold, on the premises, the plantation on which the said capt. Walter Smith formerly resided, containing, by actual survey, 1225 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres of land, lying adjoining on Patuxent river, bounded on the south-west by the said river, on the east by a fine navigable creek called Saint-Leonard's Creek, so that one and a half miles of fencing will enclose the whole land. The soil of this land is equal if not superior to any on Patuxent, either for farming, planting, or grazing, and in their season the greatest plenty of fine fish and oysters may be had either from the river or creek. A great part of the above land is covered with cedar fit for posts or fencing.

On Tuesday the 21st, on the premises, will be sold, one other plantation in the forest, at about two miles distance from the former, containing, by survey, six hundred and twenty-seven and one half acres of land, the greater part of which is covered with hickory, chestnut, and oak wood, and a great proportion of swamp land, which, at a trifling expence, might be converted into valuable meadow, belongs to this land. And,

On Thursday the 23d, on the premises, will be sold, one other plantation, lying adjoining on Chesapeake Bay, bounded on the northeast by the said bay, on the north by a creek called Parker's Creek, containing, by survey, 536 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres of land; on this land there are a great proportion of marsh and meadow land, and a great abundance of fine timber.

It is thought needless to give a fuller description of the above lands, as it is presumed that those who wish to purchase will view the lands previous to the day of sale, and on application to Mr. John Turner, who resides near the two first mentioned tracts, they may see the plots of the different tracts of land, and will shew the lands contiguous to him, and Mr. Richard Hance, who resides on the last mentioned tract, will shew the outlines of the same to any person wishing to view it.

The above lands will be sold either in the whole, or be divided into parts, as may appear most advantageous for the heirs.

The purchasers to give bonds, with approved securities, for the purchase money, to be paid in three annual payments, the interest to be paid yearly, and on the ratification of the sale by the court, and a full payment of the purchase money, and interest thereon, a deed of conveyance will be executed to the purchaser, agreeably to an act of assembly in such cases made and provided.

JOSEPH WILKINSON,
JAMES HEIGHE,
JOHN TURNER, } Commissioners.
Calvert county, May 28, 1804.

The subscriber being appointed trustee by the honourable the chancellor of Maryland, to sell the real estate of Brock Mockbee, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, for the payment of his debts, will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, on Monday the eighteenth day of June next, on the premises, PART of a tract of land, known by the name of BROCK-MOCKBEE, lying in Prince-George's county aforesaid, containing about two hundred acres, late the property of the aforesaid Brock Mockbee, deceased; the said part of a tract of land is in possession of Mr. William Bowie, distant from the town of Upper-Mariborough about three miles.

The terms of sale are, the purchaser to give bond to the trustee for the payment of the purchase money, with interest, within fifteen months from the day of sale, and on the ratification of the sale by the chancellor, and the receipt of the whole purchase money, the trustee, by a good deed, will convey to the purchaser all the right of the said Brock Mockbee to the above part of a tract of land. The creditors of the said Brock Mockbee, deceased, are hereby requested to produce their claims, with the vouchers thereon to the chancellor, at the chancery-office, within three months from the day of sale.

JOHN M'GILL, Trustee.

May 21, 1804.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration from the orphans court of Prince-George's county, in Maryland, on the personal estate of THOMAS MACGILL, late of said county, deceased, hereby requests all persons indebted to the said deceased, either as late sheriff of said county, or on any other account, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said deceased are warned to exhibit them, properly authenticated, on or before the first day of December next, otherwise they may be excluded by law from any benefit of the deceased's estate. Given under my hand this twentieth day of May, eighteen hundred and four.

ANNE MACGILL, Administratrix.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having obtained letters testamentary on the personal estate of RICHARD RICHARDSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons and ways indebted to said estate to make payment, and all persons who have claims against said estate will be pleased to furnish them, after having passed the court, for payment, to the subscribers.

JOHN THOMAS RICHARDSON, } Execu-
WILLIAM RICHARDSON, } tors.
May 15, 1804.

Poet's Corner.

ORIGINAL.

FOR THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

TO EMMA.

IN red effulgent grandeur sunk the sun
Beneath the sky; the gentle zephyrs play'd
In sportive whisp'rings thro' the woodland glade,
Cheering the calm of night which now begun.

All nature seem'd participate in glee,
The lofty forest wav'd along the green;
The sweet night longstretches added to the scene,
All, all were mirthful save unhappy me.

I seiz'd the moment of a transient pause
To give to agonizing woe relief;
To vent, 'midst nature's stop, my potent grief,
Far from the fons of dissipated noise.

The time has been when on the wings of love,
My soul enamour'd painted blissful joy;
When hope, the sweetest of each soft decoy,
Pointed to equal bliss with realms above.

But time is fleeting; joy is fleeting too;
New pangs, new cares, break in upon the mind;
And oft, too oft, th' unhappy youth will find
His present pain from former pleasure grew.

Once hope deceptive found in EMMA's smile,
The pleasing prospect of my future bliss;
But truth unerring now has taught me this,
To guard my heart against delusive wile.

Young FLORIO came, bedeck'd with ev'ry grace,
Which youthful ardour wishes to attain;
EMMA he saw, he lov'd; he wish'd to gain
That heart which only parallels her face.

Success attended on my rival's step,
She placid listen'd to his ev'ry word;
She smil'd whenever his wish'd for voice was heard,
And in her breast, unknowing, love had crept.

Say, O ye wilds, where now I love I live,
Say, could I blame my lovely EMMA's heart?
No! for the tyrant love with softest art,
Reluctant wills where pleasure he will give.

Adieu, sweet EMMA—FLORIO too, adieu!
May bliss eternal on your wishes wait;
May EMMA meet thro' life an happier fate
Than for past days her former lover knew.

SELECTED.

THE CHILD OF SORROW'S TALE.

FROM ANNUAL ANTHOLOGY.

DENY, but do not taunt a maid
Who never scorn with scorn repays:
Proud man, though now I ask your aid,
Mine once, alas! were happy days.
But sorrow mark'd me for her own
Before I told my twentieth year;
Yet when my friends began to frown,
I but reproach'd them with—a tear.
I ne'er could frame the harsh reply,
The look unkind by feeling fear'd,
E'en when I meet disdain's cold eye,
E'en when I cruel language heard.
I've seen my friend, my earliest friend,
Refuse my tale of woe to hear;
Yet still unwilling to offend,
All my remembrance was—a tear.
And I have known the slanderer's tongue
My fame with vile dishonour taint,
Yet on my lips no curses hung,
Tho' mournful, mild was my complaint.
And I was forced by cruel power
To leave the scenes I held most dear:
O! 'twas indeed a trying hour!
Yet all my language was—a tear.
And I have known the youth I lov'd
Retract the vows he swore to me,
Behold my pallid cheek unmov'd,
And, smiling, boast that he was free!
Yet I was calm—and (hour of dread!)
I saw him woo a maid more dear—
But I was mute, I only shed—
No—no! I COULD not shed—a tear!
Ah! full was then my cup of grief—
Friends, fortune, lover, fame, all lost—
A beggar now I ask relief,
A small, a trifling boon at most,
Still can you chide me from your door?
Ah no! your looks compassion wear—
So large a gift!—Oh! words were poor—
I thank, I bless you in—a tear.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away the Wednesday after Whitunday last, a negro boy named HEZ, about nineteen years of age, five feet high, he is a black fellow, and stammers when spoken to, he is an artful villain, and on the left or right shoulder is a mark by a burn when a child; had on when he went away, a long blue coat, a pair of corduroy pantaloons, an osnabrig shirt. I suppose he is harboured by his father who belongs to Walter Claggett, in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne. Whoever takes up said fellow, and secures him in any gaol, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by

BENJ. DUVALL, of ELISMA.

N. B. I forewarn all persons from harbouring said fellow on their peril.

Michael & Barney Curran,

have received by the late arrivals at Philadelphia,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

suitable for the present season, which they will sell at the most reduced prices.

Annapolis, May 3d, 1804.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of capt. JAMES DISNEY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby requested to exhibit them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to said estate, either by bond, note, or open account, are warned to make immediate payment, as further diligence cannot be given.

All persons who purchased at the sale made by me June last, and have not complied with their contracts, are also required to make immediate payment, I am desirous of settling up the estate. I hope I will be sufficient notice.

JAMES N. WEEMS, Executor.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U N E 21, 1804.

Foreign Intelligence.

GERMANY.

MAYENCE, March 23.

It is sometime since, they have arrested at Deut-Ponts, an American, named Seibert, who furnished with false powers of attorney, said he was employed by persons of the country, who had returned to America, to collect and sell the property which might fall to them during their absence.—All the researches they have made to discover the forger of the writings, who, on this occasion, had aided Seibert in his enterprises, were ineffectual.

On some indications which were manifested at the place where he was arrested, the president of the tribunal of this city resolved to make the most diligent searches, which had succeeded beyond all hopes, for he has discovered that five or six other Americans, many in this department as well as in the neighbouring country and in the Palatinate, Suabia, &c. have made use of means to enrich themselves, with which it is well to be acquainted, in order to guard against it.

They have often made voyages from Europe to America, have charged themselves with all the letters which they could obtain, have opened them, and thus learned the state of affairs of the American colonies and any claims which they might have in Europe. They purchased for a small price this property, and came here to sell it advantageously. It frequently happened that their voyages have brought them in twenty or thirty thousand francs.

They did more, they engaged to follow, by these beautiful enticements, those unfortunate persons, who, having arrived in America, found themselves obliged to pay in adversity the price of their passage, and then to humble themselves for years to the service of the most severe. Seibert had for his part thirty full powers in his last voyage without counting the false instrument of the same kind.—Another individual has been cited, who has had the means of procuring small fifty powers of attorney.

SWISSERLAND.

ZURICH, March 24.

The scenes of disorder and tumult in our canton are unhappily continued and augmented for a few days past. Some present a scene of the most unbridled licentiousness. It is in the district of Ulster that the greatest disorders have been committed. Two deputations from government divided themselves into two districts; the one composed of M. M. Lawater and Pfenninger, departed on the 21st in the evening, returned the next day; it had found some of the communes disposed to take the oath, others refused in the midst of the greatest tumult. Having been informed afterwards, that at Fehraltorf the peasants had assembled and armed themselves with large clubs; that they carried the Helvetic and tri-coloured cockade, &c. they have returned to Zurich, despairing of success.

The second deputation, composed of M. M. Walder and Baugel, have had no better success; they were where found troops. At Hirwill, it was impossible for the deputies to get into the church, where the ceremony had taken place. Already had they prepared to depart, when the populace besieged the church where they were; their guards were disarmed; their arms being broken, they demanded with loud voices, that M. Walder should be delivered to the people: (this member of the *petit* council is a citizen of a neighbouring commune of Hirwill, who had been sent to the diet of Schwiz in September, 1802); enraged populace swore that he should not survive the day, and he owed his deliverance only to the efforts of his colleague, M. Baugel, who, during the successive hours, heroically opposed the fury of the assailants. It was necessary for the safe departure of the deputation, that M. Walder should present himself at the window of the chamber to promise in loud voice, that he would contribute for the future to every thing that could solace the people, and especially to a modification of the law respecting the redemption of dimes and cents.

The *petit* council having demanded, after the manner prescribed by the federal act, an armed succour from the Landamman of the Swiss, he has sent five hundred men, raised in the cantons of Argovie, of Friburg, and of Schwiz. The troops of Argovie have entered our city; they this day expect those of M. le colonel Zeigler, of Zurich, had been sent by the Landamman commandant of these departments. It cannot be doubted that the presence of these forces alone will suffice to restrain the rioters, and promptly appease all their troubles. They are at present engaged in raising the militia of the canton; they have arrested many rioters.

American Intelligence.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

AMHERST, June 12.

Wednesday last was the annual period for renewing the government of this state. The members of the legislature generally, assembled at Concord at an early hour, and, after being duly qualified, proceeded to the organization of their respective branches.

In the senate, the hon. Nicholas Gilman was chosen president, and Nathaniel Parker clerk.—In the house of representatives, the hon. John Langdon was chosen speaker, John Calfs clerk, and Nathaniel Wear assistant clerk. The votes for speaker were, for hon. John Langdon 83, for hon. John Prentice 71.

Both branches being organized, they met in convention, and proceeded to fill the vacancy in the 5th senatorial district. On counting the votes, they were for the hon. John Waldron 64, for John Wingate, Esq; 57; Mr. Waldron was accordingly declared chosen.

On canvassing the votes for governor, which next occupied the attention of the convention, objections were made to the votes of several towns, which would have effected the gubernatorial election, as illegal on account of some trifling irregularities. A thorough investigation of the elections was therefore proposed. Accordingly the convention adjourned until Friday, when it was found, that should they pursue the subject to its full extent, and tell every meeting by the letter of the law regulating elections, so great a number of the meetings throughout the state would be made void, as to create very serious inconveniences, without benefitting either party. The votes were therefore all accepted, which were seasonably returned, excepting those of Piermont, which were not taken on the day prescribed by law, and consequently were lost. The votes were then counted, and were for

Hon. John T. Gilman,	12,216
Hon. John Langdon,	12,039
Scattering,	27

Majority for Gilman, 150

In consequence of the delay occasioned by the above proceeding, the governor was not qualified agreeably to the constitution, by taking the oath of office, until Saturday, which is the cause of our not being able to present our readers with the speech in this day's paper. It is expected he will address the legislature to-day.

The votes of several towns in the county of Grafton, and Society-land, in this county, were not returned in season, of course were not counted.

The political character of the government for the current year, is as follows:

EXECUTIVE.

Governor—Federal.

Council—3 federal—2 republican.

LEGISLATIVE.

Senate—7 republican—5 federal.

House—From 8 to 12 republican majority.

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, June 13.

FROM SURINAM—May 12.

Since my last, Surinam has become a British colony. We were informed that a proclamation would appear yesterday, regulating neutral trade to this place. But it has not appeared. I have reason, however, to believe, that all American vessels will be allowed to carry away produce for 3 months to come. The embargo that existed previous to the surrender is just raised.

In addition to the above accounts, we are informed that there were three Dutch frigates and two sloops of war lying at Surinam, which must of course have fallen into the hands of the British. One in particular, the commodore's vessel, was entirely new, this being her first voyage.

The Boston Palladium acknowledges the receipt of a Dutch paper, containing the articles on which that place surrendered to the British on the 4th May, signed by general Green and commodore Hood on the part of the English, and col. Batenburgh on the part of the Dutch. The Dutch garrisons were permitted to march from the forts with the honours of war; the officers to retain their arms, the soldiers to ground their arms, and to be sent to Europe as soon as good vessels could be procured, but not to carry arms against his Britannic majesty. Article 5 proposes that no Dutch soldiers shall be employed in the British service; the answer was, that no Dutch soldier should be enlisted unless he was willing. The inhabitants were to be protected in their lives and property.

The following proclamation was issued after the British had become possessed of the place:

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the settlement of Surinam, and its dependencies, has surrendered to the arms of his Britannic majesty, and thereby become a colony of the United Kingdom of Great-Britain and Ireland, we have judged necessary by these presents, to enjoin all the good inhabitants of this place to conduct themselves with regularity and tranquillity, and as behooves the loyal subjects of his said majesty.—We do further give them the fullest assurance, that their possessions and property shall in every respect be secure and protected, for which purpose the strictest orders have been given to the troops—and that the interest of the inhabitants of Surinam, as his majesty's subjects, have been particularly recommended to us.

We do also make known to all persons that the government of this colony and its dependencies is to be held by major-general Sir Charles Green, until his majesty's pleasure is known.

Given under our hands at head quarters, Paramaribo, the 7th May, 1804, and in the 44th year of his majesty's reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

(Signed)

CHARLES GREEN,

SAMUEL HOOD.

The Boston Palladium mentions, that on Monday, the 4th instant, Mr. Lewis Johnson, of Stoughton, was struck by lightning, and after remaining sometime apparently dead, was recovered by the application of cold water.

We are extremely sorry, (says the Utica Patriot,) to learn, from various quarters in this and the neighbouring counties, that the farmers will sustain great injury in the failure of their crops of English grain. Many fields are winter-killed; and the Hessian fly has made such ravages in others, that whole fields have been ploughed up and planted with other grain.

Jerome Buonaparte and lady arrived in town yesterday, and will probably embark in the Dido frigate immediately. That they may leave the Hook without apprehension, a pilot-boat was yesterday chartered to cruise in the offing, in order to discover whether there are any British ships of war in the way.

June 15.

By an arrival yesterday we learn that the frigates President and Congress anchored at St. Mary's, mouth of the Patowmack, on the 4th instant, to take in their guns, which had come down in lighters from Washington. The bowsprit of the President being found deficient, she was about getting another.

June 16.

The ship Fame, Howland, arrived at this port yesterday, left Bourdeaux on the 18th April. The captain brings no loose papers.

The report of Pichegru's having strangled himself in prison, as we mentioned before, is confirmed by arrivals yesterday from Bourdeaux. He accomplished his purpose by introducing a stick inside his neck-cloth, and twisting it so tight as to strangle himself. Whether or not Moreau had been brought to trial, capt. H. did not learn.

Upwards of 500 gun-boats had been built at that place for the invasion of England, and the greater part of them had left the river for other ports of France. These boats it appears were all numbered. Captain Howland, of the Fame, saw one numbered as high as 496.

We are informed that two pilot-boats, sent out with each a French officer on board, to ascertain whether the British vessels of war were off the harbour, returned yesterday afternoon, with information that the coast is clear.

M. Jerome Buonaparte went down to the French frigates at the watering place, yesterday morning.

It is understood that he is to take his departure in the commodore's ship, the Dido, of 44 guns, reputed the best appointed and fastest sailing frigate in the French or English navy.

It was in this vessel, according to report, Buonaparte escaped from Egypt.

Buonaparte's baggage was put on board the Dido yesterday; and if it is possible the French frigates will sail this morning.

We have received information, that the news of the arrival of the French frigates in this harbour had reached Halifax; which caused a bustle among the inhabitants of that place. The Cambrian frigate, of 44 guns, which had her topmasts struck, &c. when the news arrived, was completely fitted for sea in a few hours; and intended to sail immediately with the Leander, for New-York.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT BOSTON.

BOSTON, June 12.

This day the house of representatives, in a committee of the whole, Wm. Smith in the chair, took into consideration the report of a committee in favour of choosing electors of president and vice-president, by a general ticket. Mr. Morton moved that the report should be so amended that the election should be by

THE MANAGERS of the improvement of the streets, for providing for the lights, and for deepening the canals, that they propose to execute on the second Monday next, they hope that the great success of this lottery, and the prospect of a large number of subscribers from the number of persons who wish to promote the improvement of the city, will aid the managers in their efforts to secure a sufficient number of tickets they mean to issue, and that the necessary preparations will be made in time to receive the subscribers.

As a public commencement, held in this seminary, Wednesday last, the degree of bachelor of arts conferred on George Andrews, John M. Slanckel, Edward Lowber, John Cole Lowber, Andrew Matthews, Robert M. Patterson, and Edw. Tilghman; the degrees of doctor of medicine, James Archer, Edwin A. Atlee, Auslin Brochenough, James Cooke, William Darlington, Stubbins, Firth, Elijah Griffiths, John Storkins, Phineas Firth, John H. Kemp, Peter Miller, John Parker, John H. Pugh, John Ruff, and William Shaw; the degrees of doctor in divinity, on the reverend John M. Malon, and Samuel Miller, of New-York.

The long expected trotting match in a circle, for 10 dollars a side, between a bay horse of Dr. Mean's, and a grey belonging to Richard M. Woodhull, Esq; and in the issue of which the sportsworld had taken an extraordinary interest, was decided yesterday at Flatbush in favour of Doct. Mean, who distanced his antagonist about 20 yards, and trotted 12 miles in 39½ minutes. At start the bay horse was the favourite, and during the latter part of the race bits were two to one in his favor. Most of the amateurs were present. We are informed that the business was conducted in an elegant style, and afforded a high relish to the lovers of the bet. Bet to the amount of several thousand dollars depending.

Boston, June 14. Yesterday a motion was made in the house of representatives by Mr. Fly, of Springfield, which he obtained leave to lay on the table—it was prefaced with a preamble of some length, and concluded with a resolution to the following effect—That the senators of this state in the congress of the United States be directed to propose an amendment to the federal constitution in the 2d section of the first article. The object of the resolution is to curtail the representation of the southern states for their black population.

In CHANCERY, June 15, 1804. ORDERED, That the sale made by ROBERT BOWEN, trustee for the benefit of the creditors of Ignatius Boone, an insolvent debtor, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 15th day of August next, a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three times before the 15th day of next. The report states, that sundry real and personal property, mortgaged to Robert Bowen, was sold for 2345 dollars and 55 cents, and sundry other personal property for 198 dollars 74 cents.

True copy, SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE. THE Stockholders in the Union Bank of Maryland will please take notice, that agreeably to the first article of association, the second instalment on the capital stock will be due on the 8th of next, and that the same must be paid in bank or before Monday the 9th, under pain of forfeiting the first payment on said stock. R. HIGINBOTHOM, Cashier. The editors throughout this state who printed articles of association, are requested to give publicity to the above in their respective papers.

NOTICE. FROM the great injuries committed on the subscriber's farms, he hereby forewarns all and every person or persons whatever from hunting within his enclosures, either with dog or gun, in future, or in making any inroads or high cuts through the same, as he is determined to put the law in force against every offender, from this day. GASSAWAY RAWLINGS. May 24, 1804.

A STRAY. CERTIFY that JOSHUA MILLARD, living near Leonard-town, in Saint-Mary's county, on the second day of June, 1804, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the justices of the peace of the state of Maryland for the county aforesaid, a stray light bay MARE, four or five years old, with a blaze in her forehead, and her two near feet white, her gait is a trot and gallop; it is said she has been in the neighbourhood four or five weeks. JOHN G. FORD. The owner of the above mare is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSHUA MILLARD. June 2, 1804.

ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY. THE MANAGERS of the lottery for the improvement of the streets in the city of Annapolis, for providing for the better security against fires, and for deepening the basin, respectfully give notice, that they propose to commence the drawing thereof on the second Monday in October next. They hope that the great objects contemplated by this lottery, and the prospect of advantage to adventurers from the number of valuable prizes, will induce all who wish to promote the prosperity of Annapolis to aid the managers, by purchasing the number of tickets they mean to take as early as possible, that the necessary preparations may be made.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN TUCKER, deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, on or before the 5th of November next, and all those who are indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to SARAH TUCKER, Administratrix. Annapolis, June 13, 1804.

Michael & Barney Curran, Have received the late arrivals at Philadelphia, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING GOODS, Suitable for the present season, which they will sell at the most reduced prices. Annapolis, May 3d, 1804.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having obtained letters testamentary on the personal estate of RICHARD RICHARDSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons any ways indebted to said estate to make payment, and all persons who have claims against said estate will be pleased to furnish them, after having passed the court, for payment, to the subscribers. JOHN THOMAS RICHARDSON, } Executors. WILLIAM RICHARDSON, } May 15, 1804.

Multum in Parvo.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the subscriber will commence his business in the PAINTING LINE as soon as the weather permits. Carriages may be painted in a superior style of any heretofore done in Annapolis; rooms painted in imitation of flowered paper; gilding; varnishing of all kinds. He will likewise attend to a few scholars in music, and sundry other branches of literature. JOHN WOODBERRY. Annapolis, March 22, 1804.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

By order of the court of Calvert county, will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, the following lands, the property of the heirs of capt. WALTER SMITH, deceased. ON Monday the 20th day of August next, will be sold, on the premises, the plantation on which the said capt. Walter Smith formerly resided, containing, by actual survey, 1225½ acres of land, lying adjoining on Patuxent river, bounded on the south-west by the said river, on the east by a fine navigable creek called Saint-Leonard's Creek, so that one and a half miles of fencing will enclose the whole land. The soil of this land is equal if not superior to any on Patuxent, either for farming, planting, or grazing, and in their season the greatest plenty of fine fish and oysters may be had either from the river or creek. A great part of the above land is covered with cedar fit for posts or fencing. On Tuesday the 21st, on the premises, will be sold, one other plantation in the forest, at about two miles distance from the former, containing, by survey, six hundred and twenty-seven and one half acres of land, the greater part of which is covered with hickory, chestnut, and oak wood, and a great proportion of swamp land, which, at a trifling expence, might be converted into valuable meadow, belongs to this land. And, On Thursday the 23d, on the premises, will be sold, one other plantation, lying adjoining on Chesapeake Bay, bounded on the northeast by the said bay, on the north by a creek called Parker's Creek, containing, by survey, 536½ acres of land; on this land there are a great proportion of marsh and meadow land, and a great abundance of fine timber. It is thought needless to give a fuller description of the above lands, as it is presumed that those who wish to purchase will view the lands previous to the day of sale, and on application to Mr. John Turner, who resides near the two first mentioned tracts, they may see the plots of the different tracts of land, and will shew the lands contiguous to him, and Mr. Richard Hance, who resides on the last mentioned tract, will shew the outlines of the same to any person wishing to view it. The above lands will be sold either in the whole, or be divided into parcels, as may appear most advantageous for the heirs. The purchasers to give bonds, with approved securities, for the purchase money, to be paid in three annual payments, the interest to be paid yearly, and on the ratification of the sale by the court, and a full payment of the purchase money, and interest thereon, a deed of conveyance will be executed to the purchaser, agreeably to an act of assembly in such cases made and provided. JOSEPH WILKINSON, } Commissioners. JAMES HEIGHE, } JOHN TURNER, } Calvert county, May 28, 1804.

The subscriber has ready made, and for SALE, at his house, near the Stadt-haus, the following articles of household furniture, viz: MAHOGANY desks, desk and book-case; bureau, wardrobes, secretaries, side boards, dining, breakfast, and card tables, drawing room and easy chairs, sofas, bedsteads of different kinds, basins, stands, knife cases, liquor do. passage lamps, and dressing glasses, a good eight day clock, with a handsome case, and sundry other articles for house-keeping, which will be disposed of on very moderate terms for cash, or the usual credit. JOHN SHAW.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

THE ADVENTURES OF YOUNG WHIPSTITCH.

A TALE.

A LONDON Tailor, (as 'tis said) By buckram, canvas, tape, and thread, Sleeve linings, pockets, silk and twist, And all the long expensive list With which their uncomely bills abound, Though rarely in the garment found, By these and other arts in trade, Had soon a pretty fortune made, And did what few had ever done, Left thirty thousand to his son.

The son, a gay young swagg'ring blade, Abhor'd the very name of trade. And, lest reflection should be thrown On him, resolv'd to quit the town, And travel where he was not known. In gilded coach and liv'ries gay, To Oxford first he took his way; There beaux and belles his taste admire, His equipage and rich attire; But nothing was so much ador'd As his fine silver hilted sword; Though short and small, 'twas vastly neat, The sight was deem'd a perfect treat. Beau Banter begg'd to have a look, But when the sword in hand he took, He swore by Gad it was an odd thing, And look'd much like a tailor's bodkin. His pride was hurt by this expression, Thinking they knew his sire's profession; Sheathing his sword he sneak'd away, And drove for Glo'ster that same day. There soon he found new cause for grief, For dining on some fine roast beef, One ask'd him which he did prefer, Some cabbage or a cucumber? The purse proud coxcomb took the hint, Thought it severe reflection meant; His stomach turn'd, he could not eat, So made an ungenteel retreat. Next day left Glo'ster in great wrath, And bade his coachman drive to Bath. There he suspected fresh abuse, Because the dinner was roast goose; And, that he might no more be jeer'd, Next day to Exeter he steer'd; There with some bucks he drank about, Until he fear'd they'd found him out; His glass not fill'd, as was the rule, They said 'twas not a thimble full; The name of thimble was enough, He paid his reck'ning and went off. He then to Plymouth took a trip, And put up at the Royal ship, Which then was kept by Caleb Snip. "Snip" "Snip!" the host was often call'd, At which his guest was so much gall'd, That soon to Cambridge he remov'd. There too he unsuccessful prov'd; For though he fill'd his glass or cup, He did not always drink it up. The Scholars mark'd how he behav'd, And said a remnant shan't be sav'd. The name of remnant gall'd him so, That he resolv'd to York to go; There fill'd his bumper to the top, And always fairly drank it up: "Well done," (says Jack, a buck-of York) "You go through stitch, sir, with your work." The name of stitch was such reproach, He rang the bell and call'd his coach; But, ere he went, inquiries made, By what strange means they knew his trade. "You put the cap on, and it fits," (Repl'd one of the Yorkshire wits;) "Our words, in common acceptation, "Could not find out your occupation; " 'Twas you yourself gave us the clue, "To find out both your trade and you. "Vain coxcombs and fantastic beaux "In every place themselves expose; "They travel far, at vast expence, "To shew their wealth and want of sense; "But take this for a standing rule, "There's no disguise can screen a fool."

EPIGRAM.

"THY wife is a drone, my good neighbour I fear," (Quoth lusty young William to Dick;) "If e'er 'tis my fate to be marry'd, I swear "I will wed one that's lively and quick!" In a fortnight, or more, William marry'd a lass; A lass neither pretty nor mild; She was quick, you'll suppose—and I faith so she was— For in six weeks—she brought forth a child!

ANECDOTE.

A few mornings after the marriage of Mrs. Young with Mr. Pope, a lady of her acquaintance met her, and after the usual compliments were passed, of congratulation on the marriage, "Pray, says the lady to the new bride, how do you like Pope's Essay?" The new-married lady archly replied, "I find a similarity of sentiments in all those works, perfectly consonant to Young's Night Thoughts."

Valuable Family Medicines.

JUST RECEIVED,
Direct from the Patentees, and for sale, by
THOMAS SHAW,

ANAPOLIS,
The following valuable family medicines, viz.

Specific Drops for Deafness.
FOR many years have these drops been used with amazing success, in deafness and hardness of hearing. Those who are unacquainted with the great relief afforded by this valuable medicine, are earnestly recommended to a trial. Few are the cases in which it has not been of great service, and very often effected a complete cure. Copious directions are sealed up with each bottle.—Price one dollar.

Genuine Tooth Ach Drops,
Which gives immediate relief in the most severe instances.—Price 75 cents a bottle.

Aromatic Lozenges of Steel,
Being a sure remedy for debilities after long fevers, nervous complaints, loss of appetite, gouty spasms in the stomach, hysterical and hypochondriacal affections, lowness of spirits, and various direful complaints usually called nervous.—Price one dollar per packet.

Chambaud's Antasthmatic Lozenges,
A sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, asthma, and whooping-cough. For the above complaints, not an instance has occurred, wherein they have been known to fail. They instantly relieve the most inveterate cough, give ease and freedom to respiration, promote gentle expectoration, strengthen the debilitated constitution, procure refreshing comfort of rest and sleep, and quickly effect a permanent cure.—Price 75 cents per box.

Anodyne Essence for Head Aches.
Price one dollar per bottle.

Dr. Atkinson's Genuine Essence of Mustard.
Rheumatism, in every stage, instantly submits to its penetrating powers, which has succeeded in curing the most desperate cases of rheumatism, gout, sciatica, palsy, numbness, and complaints of the stomach, after various other medicines have proved ineffectual. It is prepared in pills, and also in a fluid state. The pills are particularly serviceable in flatulencies and indigestion, and by their salutary operation, promote perspiration, and gradually undermine the most obstinate rheumatism, frozen limbs, severe strains and bruises, old strains and relaxations are generally cured by a few applications of the fluid essence.—Essence one dollar per bottle, Extra 50 cents per box.

Atkinson's Worm Destroying Lozenges.
50 cents per packet.

Hunter's Anti-Bilious and Laxative Pills.
Dr. Bardwell's Genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes; speedily removes inflammations, dimness, itchings and films.—Price one dollar per bottle.

Genuine Ague and Fever Drops.
For the cure of agues, intermittent and remittant fevers.—Price one dollar per bottle.

Atkinson's Italian Lilly Lotion.
For removing all diseases of the skin, it is the most elegant, fragrant, mild, safe, and valuable liquid or wash for scorbutic and other eruptions on the face and skin. It gently restores the skin to a fairness and purity beyond the powers of description.—Price one dollar per bottle.

Improved Scotch Ointment for the Itch,
Which will cure this disagreeable disease by one application without mercury.—Price 75 cents per box.

Copious directions for their use, attend each of the foregoing valuable medicines.
May 10, 1804.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY authorize H. S. HALL to settle all accounts standing open on the books of J. Wells, deceased, and hope that all persons indebted on the same, will call and settle with him without further trouble.

JOHN B. WATKINS, one of the executors.

November 23, 1803.

N. B. Mr. Watkins has authorized me, by the above publication, to settle all the account standing on the books of John Wells, deceased, it has been several weeks since he gave the above notice, and those persons not coming in to settle their small balances due the estate, will take notice, that I shall put the law in force, agreeably to directions, without respect to persons.

February 3, 1804. H. S. HALL.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living at the Upper ferry on South River, in Anne-Arundel county, on Wednesday the 21st ult. a negro man named CHARLES, about twenty-two or twenty-three years old, five feet seven inches high, of a yellowish complexion, the inside of one of his ears has a knot occasioned by a fall, his foreteeth are very broad, has a very broad foot and narrow heel; had on when he went away a grey coat, striped waistcoat, and shabrig trousers, and had other cloaths in a bundle which are unknown. He was seen near the city of Baltimore a few days after he went off.

Whoever takes up and secures the said negro in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward. I hereby forewarn all persons from employing or harbouring him.

O.C. 6, 1803. THOMAS PINOLE.

S C H E M E

OF A LOTTERY,

FOR raising a sum of money for improving the streets of the city of Annapolis, for purchasing a large and forcible fire-engine, and deepening the basin.

	Dollars.	Dollars.
3 Prizes of 1,000 each are	3,000	
3 ditto 500	1,500	
3 ditto 200	600	
10 ditto 100	1,000	
25 ditto 40	1,000	
40 ditto 20	800	
135 ditto 10	1,350	
775 ditto 6	4,650	

1 First drawn ticket, after 1,000 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number,	100
1 First drawn ticket, after 1,500 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number,	100
1 First drawn ticket, after 2,000 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number,	200
1 First drawn ticket, after 2,500 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number,	200
1 Last drawn ticket, having a blank to its number,	500

999 Prizes, 15,000
2,001 Blanks.

3,000 Tickets at 5 dollars, 15,000

The laudable purposes of this lottery, the many valuable prizes offered, and there being only two blanks to a prize, afford the managers a confident hope, that the tickets will meet a rapid sale. The drawing will commence as soon as possible, and sixty days after the completion thereof, the prizes will be paid to the fortunate adventurers by the managers who sold the tickets, subject to a deduction of fifteen per cent. For the satisfaction of the public, the managers inform them, that they have lodged a bond, in the penalty of five thousand dollars, agreeably to law, with the clerk of Anne-Arundel county court, for the due payment of the prizes.

Tickets may be had of the managers, or of such persons as may be appointed by them.

M A N A G E R S,

JAMES WILLIAMS,
ABSALOM RIDGELY,
WILLIAM ALEXANDER,
JOHN BARBER,
JOSEPH SANDS,
LEWIS NETH,
JONATHAN PINKNEY,
JOHN SHAW,
FREDERICK GREEN,
FREDERICK GRAMMER,
JOHN MUIR,
WILLIAM CATON.

Annapolis, January 3, 1804.

A HANDSOME FARM FOR SALE,

L YING on Kent-Island, and elegantly situated on the bay, containing about three hundred acres (more or less) of excellent land, adapted to the produce of tobacco, wheat, corn, &c. and is bounded on each side by creeks, making up a considerable distance, in which are the greatest quantity of fish, oysters, and wild fowl; the improvements are, a brick dwelling, kitchen, quarter, and barn, also a large apple orchard, peach, damson, and several valuable English walnut trees; it is advantageously situated to send its produce to Baltimore or Annapolis. A farther description is deemed unnecessary. Those inclined to purchase may know the terms, by applying to

JACOB SLEMAKER, Annapolis, or, JOHN ELLIOTT, on the premises.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 27th of last month, a negro man named SAM, about five feet two or three inches high, a likely well made fellow, and complaisant when spoken to, the fore finger of the left hand he generally carries a little crooked, occasioned by the first joint of said finger being stiff, and the end of the finger he carries pointing across the other fingers; had on when he went away, a fearnought coat, a red under jacket, striped country cloth breeches, shabrig shirt, and old felt hat; the said negro was detected in being concerned in breaking open a storehouse, in company, as is supposed, with a negro man by the name of NATHAN BOON, or BOOTH, set free by Mr. David Weems, which said Nathan left the neighbourhood at the time of the detection of the breaking open said house, and is supposed to be gone off to the state of Pennsylvania, and carried with him said negro Sam, and will travel under the protection of the said given him, said Nathan, by David Weems. Whoever takes up said negro SAM, and secures him in any gaol, so that his master gets him again, shall receive TEN DOLLARS reward, if taken above ten miles from home, TWENTY DOLLARS, and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by

ROBERT LUSBY.

May 2, 1804.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's farm, at the head of Beard's creek, in Anne-Arundel county, on Saturday the 19th instant, a black fellow named JACK, he is about twenty-two years of age, about six feet high, stout and well made, his features are regular, and complexion very black; his clothing, when at home was, in winter, country cloth jacket and overalls, in summer, shabrigs jacket and overalls; he took with him other cloaths. The above reward will be given if brought to the subscriber, living in Annapolis, or THIRTY DOLLARS if secured in any gaol, so that he gets him again.

THOMAS HARWOOD.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

Patent Machine for Shelling Corn.

WHEREAS by virtue of an act of congress, entitled, An act to promote the progress of useful arts, &c. PAUL PILSBURY, of Newbury, in the state of Massachusetts, hath obtained letters patent for a machine for shelling Indian corn on a new and improved method, bearing date on the 25th day of October, 1803. And whereas the said Paul Pilsbury hath assigned all his right, title, and interest, of and to the said patent machine to Paul Adams, of Newbury, Thomas Burnham, Joseph Swafey, and Joseph Lord, Esquires, of Ipswich, and state of Massachusetts, and thereby giving to them the exclusive right of constructing, using, and vending to others to use the said machine for fourteen years from the date of said letters patent, with full power to receive all benefits and profits accruing therefrom, and to perform and execute all such acts relative to the same as the said Paul Pilsbury might have legally performed or executed.

NOTICE.

That by virtue and authority of the above assignment, the aforesaid Adams, Burnham, Swafey, and Lord, hath given, granted, and assigned, unto James Williams, of the city of Annapolis, the exclusive right, liberty, and authority, to construct, use, and vend to others to be used, the aforesaid shelling machine, during the whole unexpired term of fourteen years, (for which the exclusive privilege has been secured as aforesaid by letters patent) for the state of Maryland, and all that part of the district of Columbia lying on the north side of the river Patowmack. Said Williams has one of the machines, which may be seen at Annapolis at any time, and is now ready to furnish any person or persons with one or more of the said machines, with licence to make use of the same, or to grant licence to make use of them with or without furnishing the machine, one machine might serve four or five persons in a neighbourhood, by each person getting licence to use it, which will not exceed five dollars each.

This machine has been seen and much approved of by the president, and most of the members of congress, as well as by a great number of gentlemen, farmers and others from different parts of the United States. The cost of a machine, with licence to work it, will not exceed thirty dollars. I will sell the exclusive right of making use of this machine for one or more counties, on very moderate terms. A man and a boy with this machine worked by hand, may easily shell one hundred bushels of corn in a day. The machine may be easily fixed to be turned by a horse, or water.

Please to take notice, that no other in this or any other state can grant licence to use this machine within the state of Maryland, or part of the district of Columbia; any person making use of it without proper licence will be presented if known.

JAMES WILLIAMS.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of capt. JAMES DISNEY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby requested to exhibit them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to him, are warned to make immediate payment, as further indulgence cannot be given.

All persons who purchased at the sale made by me in June last, and have not complied with their contracts, are also required to make immediate payment, as I am desirous of settling up the estate. I hope this will be sufficient notice.

JAMES N. WEEMS, Executor.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away the Wednesday after Whit Sunday last, a negro boy named HEZ, about nineteen years of age, five feet high, he is a black fellow, shabrigs when spoken to, he is an artful villain, and on the left or right shoulder is a mark by a burn when a child; had on when he went away, a long blue coat, a pair of corduroy pantaloons, an shabrig shirt. I suppose he is harboured by his father who belongs to Walter Claggett, in Anne-Arundel county near Queen-Anne. Whoever takes up said fellow, and secures him in any gaol, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by

BENJ. DUVALL, of ELIZABETH.

N. B. I forewarn all persons from harbouring him on their peril.

73

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(LXth YEAR.)

MAR

Foreign Intell

FRANCE.

PARIS, April

THE ex-general Charles Pichegru, himself in prison. The following is the account of the suicide:

On the repeated requests he made his word of honour that he would not attempt on his life, Pichegru had obtained his parole during the night. He attended, in waiting, came to the head of wood. Pichegru on the morning had laid aside a part of the thought he might put an end to his life, on the 5th instant, Pichegru very heartily at eleven o'clock about twelve. The attendant in prison, Pichegru drew from under his bed a black handkerchief, and placed it around his neck; the piece of wood in reserve, he then made use of to cut his throat; he introduced the point of the knife into the two ends of the handkerchief; he turns his little stick to the neck as often as he thinks necessary for respiration. When on the point of death, he draws the stick behind himself on the same side of his head, and thus suffocated by the full motion, and by the great pressure of the handkerchief, he died during the night.

Next day, in the morning, the jailer found his fire; he looked towards him, as he supposed, in a prison to do his work. About half past eight again went up, again found him quietly resting on his pillow, all fearing to interrupt his sleep, he went up a third time, and found the posture of the prisoner, when he was awake. The jailer surprised at his sleeping so long, and found his face pale and distorted, he body and face lifeless, he immediately gives information to the instant to inform the jailer in this important trial. The body was employed to draw the state in which the body was found, and the corpse was taken to the tribunal, on the 6th, at afternoon.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, April

The journey of madame Buonaparte to Rome, at the present juncture which may give rise to some speculations, especially as she was attended by a French physician, and seemed in such haste to receive the congratulations of the French.

According to letters from Rome, presented to the first consul, praying him not only to take upon himself a high opinion, and to make the journey.

The Gazette de France, of the 1st inst. has given rise since the in a body presented an account, though the object of it is not clear, the preparations for invading such a state of forwardness, expected to be made in a very short time.

It appears that Mr. Drake, a calumniator by the French, of April 23, contains a notice to be dated from Carlsruhe. It is not a matter of indifference to a pretty watchful eye on the gentleman alluded to, with an envoy at Stuttgart. The foreigners, who come to France, and again dispatches to us, and again dispatches to us, and again dispatches to us. We are assured he has a great deal to say, with which he pays a visit to travel, variously disseminated, and who even at time to enter France, who is employed in hatching.

April 20. This morning were favoured by a gentleman who has just effected his passage on board an A.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U N E 28, 1804.

Foreign Intelligence.

FRANCE.

PARIS, April 7.

THE ex-general Charles Pichegru has hanged himself in prison. The following are the particulars of the suicide:

On the repeated requests he made, and on giving his word of honour that he would not make any attempt on his life, Pichegru had obtained the dismissal of his guards during the night. Every morning an attendant, in waiting, came to light his fire with a bundle of wood. Pichegru on one of the preceding mornings had laid aside a part of a faggot, by which he thought he might put an end to his existence. In short, on the 5th instant, Pichegru, after having supped very heartily at eleven o'clock, went to bed about twelve. The attendant in waiting having retired, Pichegru drew from under his pillow, where he had placed it, a black handkerchief, which he tied round his neck; the piece of wood which he had kept in reserve, he then made use of to assist him in the project of suicide; he introduces this piece of wood into the two ends of the handkerchief where it was tied; he turns his little stick close to the glands of the neck as often as he thinks necessary to put a stop to respiration. When on the point of losing respiration, he draws the stick behind his ear, and throws himself on the same side of his head, in order to prevent its shifting. Pichegru, naturally fat, full of blood, suffocated by the full meal which he had just taken, and by the great pressure which he made, expired during the night.

Next day, in the morning, the attendant came to light his fire; he looked towards Pichegru's bed; he found him, as he supposed, in a profound sleep, and went to do his work. About half past seven the attendant again went up, again saw the head of Pichegru quietly resting on his pillow, and again went away, all fearing to interrupt his sleep. At nine o'clock, he went up a third time, and observed no alteration in the posture of the prisoner, who usually spoke to him when he was awake. The attendant began to be surprised at his sleeping so long; went up to the bed, and sees his face pale and distorted; he then moved the body and found it lifeless, and without motion. He immediately gives information to the gaoler, who sent that instant to inform Thuriot, the judge and assessor in this important trial. Eight physicians and surgeons were employed to draw up the *procès verbal* of the state in which the body was found, and this *procès verbal* and the corpse were brought before the criminal tribunal, on the 6th, about one o'clock in the afternoon.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, April 17.

The journey of madame Buonaparte, mother of the late consul, to Rome, at the present conjuncture, is a circumstance which may give rise to various conjectures, especially as she was attended with a strong guard, and seemed in such haste that she would not wait to receive the congratulations of the public functionaries.

According to letters from Paris, an address has been presented to the first consul by the conservative party, praying him not only to name his successor, but to take upon himself a higher title than he has assumed, and to make the same hereditary in his family.

The *Gazette de France*, of April 3d, says, "The public funds have risen since the day on which the late consul presented an address to the first consul, though the object of it is not exactly known."

The preparations for invading this country are now such a state of forwardness, that the attempt may be expected to be made in a very short time.

It appears that Mr. Drake is not the only British subject calumniated by the French. The *Gazette de France*, of April 3, contains the following article; to be dated from Carlsruhe:

It is not a matter of indifference to France to see a pretty watchful eye on Sir Spencer Smith, (we were the gentleman alluded to, is only Mr. Smith) British envoy at Stutgard. This minister daily receives foreigners, who come from the banks of the Rhine, and again dispatches them to different countries. We are assured he has very large sums at his disposal, with which he pays secret agents, whom he sends to travel, variously disguised, along the banks of the Rhine, and who even pass that river in the most time to enter France, where these profligates can be employed in hatching plots.

April 20.

We this morning were favoured with a note from a gentleman who has just escaped from France, having left Dieppe on board an American ship homeward

bound on Friday last, and landed on the coast of Dorset from an open boat on Monday. He states, that the army encamped along the coast of Picardy have begun to manifest great discontent at the delay which has taken place respecting the invasion of this country, which they have been assured three several times in the course of six months, would certainly be put in execution at a given period. The middle of November was the first time mentioned, the last week of January the second, and the third the middle of March, since which time the activity of the preparations has considerably relaxed, except in what regards the exchanges of troops, above 20 battalions of whom, our informant assures us, were ordered into the interior during the period of his stay on the coast, which was about a fortnight. In regard to the rumours of insurrections, &c. in Paris, he says they arrive daily; and though perhaps altogether unfounded, they are generally considered as strongly expressive of the wishes of the people, which are every where explicitly in favour of a peace with England.

In the concurring opinion of many eminent medical men we have had an opportunity of consulting, there is in the *procès verbal* in the *Moniteur* internal evidence to prove that general Pichegru did not, and could not commit suicide. The *Moniteur* account alleges that he made use of a piece of wood, which "he turned as often as he thought necessary to put a stop to respiration." This piece of wood, therefore, acted in the nature of a tourniquet. Medical men know very well that to have procured death in that manner it would have been necessary to have increased the force and pressure of the tourniquet, and that the greatest degree of force would have been necessary just before the cessation of life. In the same manner, to exhaust an air pump requires an increasing degree of force as the pump becomes more and more exhausted. Now how can any man suppose for a moment that general Pichegru could apply this increasing force when his own strength must of necessity have been decreasing? And as the greatest exertion would have been necessary when he must have had the least, it remains for the *Moniteur* to shew how it was possible for him to deprive himself of life in the way described. Medical men, therefore, in London, whatever the physicians and surgeons of Paris may be forced to assert, have no difficulty in declaring openly, unequivocally and positively, that another man or men must have put general Pichegru to death.

April 21.

Our readers will remark, that no answer appears to have been returned by the Swedish ambassador to M. Talleyrand's letter, transmitting the correspondence attributed to Mr. Drake. We have reason to believe, from a circumstance which we shall state presently, that the Swedish government will not authorize its ambassador at Paris to imitate the conduct of most of the other ambassadors in that capital. The king of Sweden was at Baden when the duke D'Enghien was kidnapped: he was on a visit to his father-in-law, the elector of Baden. At the violation of the independence and territory of the elector by French troops, and at the seizure of the unfortunate prince, he expressed great indignation, and immediately sent over to his ambassador here, Baron De Silverheim, a protest, couched in very strong and manly terms, against that infamous and barbarous transaction. The Swedish ambassador has received directions to deliver copies of it to all the foreign ambassadors at the court of London, and we hope to be able to lay it before our readers to-morrow or next day. We understand that it is of considerable length. This protest does the greatest honour to his Swedish majesty.

Yesterday morning, Mr. Sparrow, the messenger, arrived with dispatches from the courts of Vienna and Munich. We understand that he brings advice of Mr. Drake being about to return to Britain from the latter place.

It was last night reported at the west end of the town, that Mr. Drake has been given up by the elector of Bavaria, and is now a prisoner in France. We hope this statement is incorrect.

The report was again rumoured yesterday of an insurrection having taken place in Paris, in which the chief consul is said to have lost his life. It was bro't from Morlaix in a ship that left that port on Thursday last. It is certainly premature.

By the Hamburg mail which arrived yesterday, we learn, that a great part of Switzerland is in a state of insurrection against the constituted authorities. The absence of the French troops was made the signal of revolt. In the cantons of Bern, Solcure, Argau, Freyburg, &c. the temerity of the insurgents has reached the highest pitch. They every where prevent the people from taking the oath of allegiance to the new constitution. In the night of the 28th ult. some of the disaffected set fire to the castle of Wadenliweel, on the lake of Zurich; and the last letters state, that the landammann, unable to resist the torrent, had solicited the return of the French army.

BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS, April 16.

Mr. Drake's supposed Correspondence.

Lord Morpeth said, that he trusted the house would excuse him for deviating a little from the rules of debate, and particularly as the subject upon which he would occupy a small portion of its time, was one in which the honor and character of the country were materially involved. He alluded to the foul imputation that had been endeavoured to be cast on the government and its representative, by a recent publication in a French official paper. To the circumstance of that transaction, he thought it beneath him to advert, as long as they had been confined to the foul and malignant pages of the *Moniteur*; and while they only tended to demonstrate the rancour of the French government, he thought it was the best and most dignified course to treat them with silent scorn. But the papers purporting to be a correspondence between the British envoy extraordinary at Munich, and a person residing at Paris, have been officially communicated by the French minister to the different ambassadors in that city, and the honour of the nation has been impeached upon substantiated facts, improbable in their nature, unproved, and, he confidently trusted, not to be proved. To those communications, acknowledgments had been made, of some adversity in their tenor, but most of them certainly adopting and sanctioning, in a greater or lesser degree, the foul reproaches that had been cast on the British character; and in the degraded state in which the greater part of the courts of Europe was placed, the representative of the court of Russia was the only one of the diplomatic body who did in his answer express any doubt of the fact. Some of the ambassadors to whom that communication was made did certainly go to very extraordinary lengths in their replies to the French minister, and such as he should hope would be found to deserve the censure of the different powers they represent. He particularly alluded to the answer of the representative of a power who sprung from the same source with ourselves, whose language was the same, and whose interests, he trusted, were not opposed to each other. (A loud cry of hear! hear!) He was sorry to see sentiments so derogatory from the honour of the British character, received with such pliant facility, by the resident of a power that should have known how to appreciate our national character, in a more friendly and favourable way. He had no motion to make, but he thought it incumbent on ministers, either to disavow or exculpate Mr. Drake, and to prove to Europe and to the world, that they have not "pointed the dagger of the assassin."

The chancellor of the exchequer—"Mr. Speaker, I rise to express my unfeigned obligations to the noble lord for affording to his majesty's ministers an opportunity of repelling the foulest and most infamous charge that has ever proceeded from a government claiming to be considered as part of the civilized world; a charge the most unfounded and diabolical, urged by a government the most sanguinary and tyrannical, for the sole purpose, I implicitly believe, of giving a colour to the commission of crimes the most heinous and atrocious that have ever disgraced and blackened human nature. As to the imputation that the authors and perpetrators of that foul crime have attempted to throw on his majesty's government, it is almost beneath their dignity to condescend to refute it; but I think it my duty to state to this house, and to the civilized world, that no authority has been given, that no instructions have been transmitted to the British minister at the court of Munich, to engage in or undertake any thing that was not strictly consistent with the most scrupulous observance of the rights of nations, and what perhaps is paramount to them, the duties of humanity. After having said this much, I hope it will not be expected of me that I should say any thing more in reply to that most false, scandalous and malignant imputation. As to the correspondence to which the noble lord has alluded, it is impossible for me to enter upon that subject, until some communication shall have been received from the honourable person who has been so infamously attacked in it—a gentleman of whose character I, perhaps, think as highly, and am certainly as solicitous as the noble lord, or any one in the kingdom can be. I have perfect confidence, that the more the particulars of his conduct are inquired into, the more apparent will be the propriety of it, and the vileness and falsehood of that (as I have the best grounds to suppose) most impudent and infamous fabrication. As soon as his majesty's government shall have received communications they expect from Mr. Drake, the noble lord may be assured they will not fail to adopt the most effectual measures for asserting and maintaining the honour of the country. I must again express my obligations to the noble lord, for affording me an opportunity of dispelling the anxiety of the country upon a subject, the honour of its representative, for which they entertain all that laudable jealousy that befits a great and high-minded nation."

Valuable Lands for Sale.

By order of the court of Calvert county, will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, the following lands, the property of the heirs of capt. WALTER SMITH, deceased.

ON Monday the 20th day of August next, will be sold, on the premises, the plantation on which the said capt. Walter Smith formerly resided, containing, by actual survey, 1223½ acres of land, lying adjoining on Patuxent river, bounded on the fourth-west by the said river, on the east by a fine navigable creek called Saint-Leonard's Creek, so that one and a half miles of fencing will enclose the whole land. The soil of this land is equal if not superior to any on Patuxent, either for farming, planting, or grazing, and in their season the greatest plenty of fine fish and oysters may be had either from the river or creek. A great part of the above land is covered with cedar fit for posts or fencing.

On Tuesday the 21st, on the premises, will be sold, one other plantation in the forest, at about two miles distance from the former, containing, by survey, six hundred and twenty-seven and one half acres of land, the greater part of which is covered with hickory, chestnut, and oak wood, and a great proportion of swamp land, which, at a trifling expence, might be converted into valuable meadow, belongs to this land. And,

On Thursday the 23d, on the premises, will be sold, one other plantation, lying adjoining on Chesapeake Bay, bounded on the northeast by the said bay, on the north by a creek called Parker's Creek, containing, by survey, 536½ acres of land; on this land there are a great proportion of marsh and meadow land, and a great abundance of fine timber.

It is thought needless to give a fuller description of the above lands, as it is presumed that those who wish to purchase will view the lands previous to the day of sale, and on application to Mr. John Turner, who resides near the two first mentioned tracts, they may see the plots of the different tracts of land, and will shew the lands contiguous to him, and Mr. Richard Hance, who resides on the last mentioned tract, will shew the outlines of the same to any person wishing to view it.

The above lands will be sold either in the whole, or be divided into parcels, as may appear most advantageous for the heirs.

The purchasers to give bonds, with approved securities, for the purchase money, to be paid in three annual payments, the interest to be paid yearly, and on the ratification of the sale by the court, and a full payment of the purchase money, and interest thereon, a deed of conveyance will be executed to the purchaser, agreeably to an act of assembly in such cases made and provided.

JOSEPH WILKINSON, }
JAMES HEIGHE, } Commissioners:
JOHN TURNER, }

Calvert county, May 28, 1804.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY authorize H. S. HALL to settle all accounts standing open on the books of J. Wells, deceased, and hope that all persons indebted on the same, will call and settle with him without further trouble.

JOHN B. WATKINS, one of the executors.
November 23, 1803.

N. B. Mr. Watkins has authorized me, by the above publication, to settle all the account standing on the books of John Wells, deceased, it has been several weeks since he gave the above notice, and those persons not coming in to settle their small balances due the estate, will take notice, that I shall put the law in force, agreeably to directions, without respect to persons.

February 3, 1804.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living at the Upper ferry on South River, in Anne-Arundel county, on Wednesday the 21st ult. a negro man named CHARLES, about twenty-two or twenty-three years old, five feet seven inches high, of a yellowish complexion, the inside of one of his ears has a knot occasioned by a fall, his foreteeth are very broad, has a very broad foot and narrow heel; had on when he went away a gre coat, striped waistcoat, and of nabrig trousers, and had other cloaths in a bundle which are unknown. He was seen near the city of Baltimore a few days after he went off.

Whoever takes up and secures the said negro in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward. I hereby forewarn all persons from employing or harbouring him.

Oct. 6, 1803.

THOMAS PINDLE.

To the VOTERS of the City of Annapolis and Anne-Arundel county.

GENTLEMEN,

IMPRESSED with the most lively sense of gratitude for the flattering patronage and support of my friends and fellow citizens for sheriff, (for which office I stood a candidate) I embrace this opportunity of rendering them a tribute of my sincere and warmest thanks, and I fondly hope that I may safely rely on their confidence and friendly zeal at the next election of a sheriff for this county.

In confidence of this I am emboldened to make a further claim upon the goodness and liberal suffrage of my friends, and again offer myself a candidate for that important office.

ROBERT WELCH, of BEN.

S C H E M E

O F A

L O T T E R Y,
FOR raising a sum of money for improving the streets of the city of Annapolis, for purchasing a large and forcible fire-engine, and deepening the basin.

	Dollars.	Dollars.
3 Prizes of 1,000 each are	3,000	
3 ditto 500	1,500	
3 ditto 200	600	
10 ditto 100	1,000	
25 ditto 40	1,000	
40 ditto 20	800	
135 ditto 10	1,350	
775 ditto 6	4,650	

1 First drawn ticket, after 1,000 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number, 100

1 First drawn ticket, after 1,500 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number, 100

1 First drawn ticket, after 2,000 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number, 200

1 First drawn ticket, after 2,500 shall have been drawn, having a blank to its number, 200

1 Last drawn ticket, having a blank to its number, 500

999 Prizes, 15,000
2,001 Blanks.

5,000 Tickets at 5 dollars, 15,000

The laudable purposes of this lottery, the many valuable prizes offered, and there being only two blanks to a prize, afford the managers a confident hope, that the tickets will meet a rapid sale. The drawing will commence as soon as possible, and sixty days after the completion thereof, the prizes will be paid to the fortunate adventurers by the managers who sold the tickets; subject to a deduction of fifteen per cent. For the satisfaction of the public, the managers inform them, that they have lodged a bond, in the penalty of five thousand dollars, agreeably to law, with the clerk of Anne-Arundel county court, for the due payment of the prizes.

Tickets may be had of the managers, or of such persons as may be appointed by them.

M A N A G E R S,

JAMES WILLIAMS,
ABSALOM RIDGELY,
WILLIAM ALEXANDER,
JOHN BARBER,
JOSEPH SANDS,
LEWIS NETH,
JONATHAN PINKNEY,
JOHN SHAW,
FREDERICK GREEN,
FREDERICK GRAMMER,
JOHN MUIR,
WILLIAM CATON.

Annapolis, January 3, 1804.

A HANDSOME FARM FOR SALE,

L YING on Kent-Island, and elegantly situated on the bay, containing about three hundred acres (more or less) of excellent land, adapted to the produce of tobacco, wheat, corn, &c. and is bounded on each side by creeks, making up a considerable distance, in which are the greatest quantity of fish, oysters, and wild fowl; the improvements are, a brick dwelling, kitchen, quarter, and barn, also a large apple orchard, peach, damson, and several valuable English walnut trees; it is advantageously situated to send its produce to Baltimore or Annapolis. A farther description is deemed unnecessary. Those inclined to purchase may know the terms, by applying to

JACOB SLEMAKER, Annapolis, or, JOHN ELLIOTT, on the premises.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 27th of last month, a negro man named SAM, about five feet two or three inches high, a likely well made fellow, and complaisant when spoken to, the fore finger of the left hand he generally carries a little crooked, occasioned by the first joint of said finger being stiff, and the end of the finger he carries pointing across the other fingers; had on when he went away, a fearnought coat, a red under jacket, striped country cloth breeches, of nabrig shirt, and old felt hat; the said negro was detected in being concerned in breaking open a store-house, in company, as is supposed, with a negro man by the name of NATHAN BOON, or BOOTH, set free by Mr. David Weems, which said Nathan left the neighbourhood at the time of the detection of the breaking open said house, and is supposed to be gone off to the state of Pennsylvania, and carried with him said negro Sam, and will travel under the protection of the pass given him, said Nathan, by David Weems. Whoever takes up said negro SAM, and secures him in any gaol, so that his master gets him again, shall receive TEN DOLLARS reward, if taken above ten miles from home, TWENTY DOLLARS, and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by

ROBERT LUSBY.

May 2, 1804.

Patent Machine for Shelling Corn.

WHEREAS by virtue of an act of congress, entitled, An act to promote the progress of useful arts, &c. PAUL PILSBURY, of Newbury, in the state of Massachusetts, hath obtained letters patent for a machine for shelling Indian corn on a new and improved method, bearing date on the 25th day of October, 1803. And whereas the said Paul Pilsbury hath assigned all his right, title, and interest, and to the said patent machine to Paul Adams, of Newbury, Thomas Burnham, Joseph Swaley, and Joseph Lord, Esquires, of Ipswich, and state of Massachusetts, and thereby giving to them the exclusive right of constructing, using, and vending to others to use the said machine for fourteen years from the date of said letters patent, with full power to receive all benefits and profits accruing therefrom, and to perform and execute all such acts relative to the same as the said Paul Pilsbury might have legally performed or executed.

NOTICE.

That by virtue and authority of the above assignment, the aforesaid Adams, Burnham, Swaley, and Lord, hath given, granted, and assigned, unto James Williams, of the city of Annapolis, the exclusive right, liberty, and authority, to construct, use, and vend to others to be used, the aforesaid shelling machine, during the whole unexpired term of fourteen years, (for which the exclusive privilege has been secured as aforesaid by letters patent) for the state of Maryland, and all that part of the district of Columbia lying on the north side of the river Patowmack. Said Williams has one of the machines; which may be seen at Annapolis at any time, and is now ready to furnish any person or persons with one or more of the said machines, with licence to make use of the same, or to grant licence to make use of them without furnishing the machine, one machine might serve four or five persons in a neighbourhood, by each person getting licence to use it, which will not exceed five dollars each.

This machine has been seen and much approved by the president, and most of the members of congress, as well as by a great number of gentlemen farmers and others from different parts of the United States. The cost of a machine, with licence to work it, will not exceed thirty dollars. I will sell the exclusive right of making use of this machine for one or more counties, on very moderate terms. A man and a boy with this machine worked by hand, may easily shell one hundred bushels of corn in a day. The machine may be easily fixed to be turned by horse, or water.

Please to take notice, that no other in this or any other state can grant licence to use this machine within the state of Maryland, or part of the district of Columbia; any person making use of it without proper licence will be presented if known.

JAMES WILLIAMS.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's farm, at the head of Beard's creek, in Anne-Arundel county, on Saturday the 19th instant, a black fellow named JACK, he is about twenty-two years of age, about six feet high, stout and well made, his features are regular, and complexion very black; his clothing, when at home was, in winter, country dress jacket and overalls, in summer, of nabrigs jacket and overalls; he took with him other cloaths. The above reward will be given if brought to the subscriber living in Annapolis, or THIRTY DOLLARS if secured in any gaol, so that he gets him again.

THOMAS HARWOOD.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of capt. JAMES DISNEY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby requested to exhibit them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to said estate, either by bond, note, or open account, are warned to make immediate payment, as further indulgence cannot be given.

All persons who purchased at the sale made by me in June last, and have not complied with their contracts, are also required to make immediate payment, as I am desirous of settling up the estate. I hope this will be sufficient notice.

JAMES N. WEEMS, Executor.

Annapolis, May 22, 1804.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away the Wednesday after Whit Sunday last, a negro boy named HEZ, about nineteen years of age, five feet high, he is a black fellow, stout when spoken to, he is an artful villain, on the left or right shoulder is a mark by a scar when a child; had on when he went away, a blue coat, a pair of corduroy pantaloons, an of nabrig shirt. I suppose he is harboured by his father who belongs to Walter Claggett, in Anne-Arundel county near Queen-Anne. Whoever takes up said fellow, and secures him in any gaol, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by

BENJ. DUVALL, of ELIAS.

N. B. I forewarn all persons from harbouring said fellow on their peril.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(LXth YEAR.)

MAR

Foreign Intelligence

[By the late arrivals at New York.]

GERMANY.

AUGSBURG, April. THE evening before last, M. L. minister at Munich arrived in this city. It is thought that he will remain here, and embark from thence for Munich on the 1st inst. He had a long interview with M. prime minister.

HAMBURG, April. The report of the intended divorce of the king of Prussia and his wife is renewed here with much interest. It is added, that Buonaparte queen regent of Etruria, to which of Parma and Piacenza will be sent, and that madame Buonaparte will be sent to the residence of the prince, who however is not named. Letters from the Russian frontiers state, that a treaty of alliance between Russia and Prussia will, in all probability, be concluded under the auspices of count Marquis de Saxe, in high favour with his sovereign.

ENGLAND

LONDON, May. CIRCULAR NO. 1. ADDRESSED TO THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE COURT OF DOWNING-STREET.

SIR, The experience which all European governments have thought proper to communicate from the minister of foreign affairs to the subject of the present importance than it would be. His majesty has, in consequence, declared, that he hopes he shall be able to deliver the world from the necessity of repelling, with merited, "the atrocious and atrocious" of the government of his majesty, and that he will, with equal falsehood and calumny, against the members of his majesty's government, an accusation of the last war—an accusation of the honour of his majesty, and of the British nation, and so on. A shadow of proof, that it may be have been brought forward for no other purpose than that of Europe from the contrary deed which has recent direct order of the first convention of the law of nations, and the simple laws of humanity. That his majesty's government, being of such of the inhabitants of the country—that they should be of delivering their country of bondage under which they are aid and assistance, as far as and justifiable, would be to the world in general, and to the present. Belli, acknowledged right to avail themselves that may exist in countries at war. The exercise of (no doubtful) would be full of case, not only by the present, but by the conduct of the country, which, since the conclusion of the war, has constantly kept the disaffected in the territories, particularly in Ireland, and which, at the present moment on the coast of rebels, destined to second that part of the united. Upon these circumstances, it would be unjustifiable, if the law of nations, as far as is possible, have hitherto acknowledged the inhabitants of France at government. They are