

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 6, 1762.

His Excellency Governor SHARPE's Message, in Answer to the Address printed in our last GAZETTE.

Gentlemen of the Lower House of Assembly, SINCE I find by the Address you presented to me last Saturday, that there are some among you who seem determined to misconstrue whatever I can say or do, it will give me no Concern to know, that my Conduct does not meet with the Approbation of those Men; but that such of you as have not shut your Eyes against Truth, may be more fully informed of the Disingenuity of those Gentlemen, and their unreasonable Attempts, on more Occasions than one, I must beg your Patience while I trouble you with a Narrative of some of their former Proceedings.

The Earl of Loudoun, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Forces on this Continent, having in March 1757, signified to the Governors of the neighbouring Colonies and myself, that agreeable to a Plan which his Majesty had approved of, the greatest Part of the King's Regular Troops in America, were to be employed the ensuing Campaign to the Northward, and that for the Defence and Security of the Southern Colonies, he proposed to leave one Battalion of the Royal American Regiment, besides his Majesty's Three Independent Companies that were in South-Carolina, and that he thought it necessary for the better Security of the said Colonies, that they should themselves furnish 3800 Men, viz. Pennsylvania 1400, Maryland 500, Virginia 1000, North-Carolina 400, and South-Carolina 500: That one Half of the abovementioned Battalion, 200 of the Men that were to be furnished by the Province of Pennsylvania, 400 of the Virginia Troops, and 200 of the Soldiers that were, according to his Lordship's Proposition, to be raised in North-Carolina, should be sent to South-Carolina, there to act in Conjunction with the 500 Men that were to be furnished by that Government, and the abovementioned Independent Companies; that the rest of the Troops which should be raised and supported by North-Carolina, Virginia, and Pennsylvania, should be employed for the Defence of those Colonies, in such Manner as his Lordship, or the Officer that he should leave with the other Five Companies of the Royal American Battalion, to command them, should think fit; and that the whole 500 Men, which this Province was required and expected to furnish, should be employed for the immediate Protection of our Frontier Inhabitants; I met the General Assembly of this Province the 8th of April, and communicated to both Houses the Plan which had been concerted for the Security of the Southern Colonies, and recommended it to them to provide for the Support of the Number of Men that were required as the Quota of this Province, which they did before the End of the Session, by appropriating to that Use what remained of the Money which had been granted the Year before for his Majesty's Service. On the 12th of April (which was before the Bill for making such an Appropriation was framed) I sent the Lower House a Message to inform them, that the Virginia Troops which had been some Time posted at Fort Cumberland, had received Orders to evacuate that Place, and to embark for South-Carolina, and that Captain Dagworthy (who was the eldest Officer in the Maryland Forces) had thereupon marched with a Detachment of those Forces, to garrison that Fort, the Earl of Loudoun having thought that Step necessary, and for his Majesty's Service.

On the 16th of April, it was Resolved by the then Lower House, "That a Number not exceeding 500 Men (including Officers and those already raised) should be kept in Pay for his Majesty's Service, and for the more immediate Protection and Defence of this Province." A Bill was accordingly brought in, and passed both

Houses; but while it lay before me for my Perusal and Consideration, I was told by several Gentlemen, that those who had penned some Clauses of it, wherein the Word Frontier was used, seem'd to have been studious to lay a Foundation for Disputes; that while some insisted that that Word was meant the Boundary or Limits of the Province, or at least the most distant Part of it that had been settled before the War broke out, others alledged that by the Word Frontier was intended or pointed out, that Part of the Country where the Westernmost Plantations, which were then occupied, lay, and gave it as their Opinion, that if any of the Troops were posted at, or marched to, any Place beyond Fort Frederick, and not out of the Province, the Agents ought not to pay or victual them.

As I was extremely anxious to avoid and remove every Thing that might possibly cause Misunderstandings, and become Occasion of Dispute afterwards between the Assembly and myself, between the Officer that should be appointed to Command the Troops and the Agents, between the Agents and myself, and in short between any Persons whatever that might be concerned with the said Troops, I intimated to one of the Agents, (who being a Member of the Lower House was then in Town) my Desire to speak with him, and upon his complying with my Request, I asked him, Whether he should think himself empowered by the Bill, which had then passed both Houses, to victual and pay any of the 500 Men that should be posted at Fort Cumberland, and whether he thought that Part of the Bill, which I was informed had been the Subject of Conversation and Dispute, was sufficiently clear and explicit? The Gentleman's Answer was to this Effect, That some Members of the House were of Opinion, that the Agents would be at Liberty to pay such Troops, while others said that the Bill vested them with no such Power; but that when the Bill was Enacted into a Law, he should be for taking Advice thereon. When I perceived that the Gentleman avoided giving a direct Answer to the Question I had asked him, I thought the only Way left for me to have the Matter cleared up, so that both the Agents and myself might know the Sense of the House, was to send them a Message, which, with the Approbation of that Gentleman, I accordingly did in the following Words:

"Gentlemen, As I observe that the Word Frontier frequently occurs in the Bill, entitled, *An Act for his Majesty's Service, and the more immediate Defence and Protection of the Frontier Inhabitants of this Province*, which has been Framed by you this Session, and having received the Concurrence of the Upper House, now lies for my Assent; and as it has been a Question, what Part of the Province is to be understood by that Word, I must desire you to give me your Sense of the Word, and particularly what Part of Maryland you designed by it in the following Clause of the abovementioned Bill: And be it further Enacted, That the said Five Hundred Men, or so many of them as shall be at any Time in the Pay of this Province, except such Number as may be necessary to be left at Fort Frederick, shall be employed in Ranging about the Frontier thereof, for the Quiet and Protection of the Inhabitants. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That when, upon any Emergency, his Majesty's Commander in Chief, or Person properly authorized, shall judge it expedient to march any Part of the said Five Hundred Men from the Frontier of this Province, then and in such Case, so many of the aforesaid Men shall be left at Fort Frederick, under a proper Command, as the Governor or Commander in Chief of this Province, for the Time being, shall judge necessary for the more immediate Defence and Protection of the Frontier Inhabitants thereof."

This Message having been Read in the Lower House, it was, as appears by the Journal, thereupon ordered, that the following Address should be presented to me, by Way of Answer:

"It gives us the greatest Concern to find your second Message of this Afternoon, so unprecedented, that we conceive we cannot, without departing from the established Mode of Proceeding, give any other Answer to it, than that it is Unparliamentary."

Which convinced me, that while I was studious to preserve a right Understanding with the Assembly, there were some at least in the Lower House, who considered more how a Foundation might be

then laid for a Rupture at a future Session; nevertheless as I perceived they were determined not to come to any Explanation, I gave my Assent to the Bill, and the next Day issued Commissions for raising the additional Companies. Finding afterwards, that the Agents made some Difficulties about paying those of the Troops which were in Garrison at Fort Cumberland, I wrote to the Earl of Loudoun, and the King's Officer who then commanded in this Part of the Continent, desiring them to order some other Troops thither, to relieve Capt. Dagworthy's; but my Request was not complied with, and the Agents, on farther Consideration, thought it their Duty to issue Pay for that Garrison as long as they had Money in their Hands. Having on the 15th of October (1757) sent to the Lower House, which was then sitting, the following Message,

"Gentlemen, Finding by a Letter that I received this Morning from Captain Dagworthy, that the Garrison of Fort Cumberland is in Want of Provisions, I advised the Agents thereof, and recommended it to them to order a Supply thither as soon as possible. In Answer to me Letter that I writ to those Gentlemen on this Occasion, they tell me, that as the Money which was appropriated by the Act of Assembly passed last Session, is entirely expended, it is not in their Power to make any farther Provision for the Troops in the Pay of this Province. The evil Consequences that must naturally follow the Troops being refused Provisions, are so obvious, that you cannot help perceiving them; and therefore I shall only desire you to take this Matter into immediate Consideration."

They, on the 19th, were pleased to send me this polite Answer:

"May it please your Excellency, We cannot help expressing our Surprise, that you should recommend it to the Agents, to order a Supply of Provisions to a Garrison at Fort Cumberland. Had they in their Hands ever so much of the Money appropriated by the Act of Assembly passed last Session, they undoubtedly would not have laid out any of it in Supplies to a Garrison, stationed contrary to the plain Destination of all the Forces raised and to be supported by that Law. And if any evil Consequences have heretofore or may hereafter follow a Want of such Supplies, let those answer for them who have, contrary to Law, been the Means of stationing Troops where they had no Authority to place them, and for Want of whole Service, on the Duty assigned them by Law, the Frontier Inhabitants of this Province have been exposed to the Incursions of their cruel and savage Enemies."

By Way of Reply to this Address, and to enforce my Message of the 15th, I, on the 21st, sent the House the following:

"Gentlemen, I know not how great your Surprise may be at my recommending it to the Agents to send a fresh Supply of Provisions to the Troops at Fort Cumberland; but I assure you mine would have been very great if they had urged any Thing but the Want of Money in Excuse for not having immediately complied with my Request. The Agents Accounts will, I suppose, shew you, that they have hitherto furnished those Troops with Provisions; and they will, I presume, if called upon, inform you, that they have been well advised the Law made it their Duty to supply them so long as any of the Money, which was appropriated by the Act passed last Session, remained unexpended. I am sorry you should question the Earl of Loudoun's Authority to place in Fort Cumberland any of the Men that were raised here, in Consequence of his Requisition: I am satisfied that his Lordship was by his Majesty's Commission, as well as by our Act of Assembly, empowered to do so; and however it may become you, I do not think it was my Duty to declare, that they should not be employed in such a Manner as the Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces in America thought most conducive to his Majesty's Service. As it is notorious that while Numbers of People have been cut off in the Two Neighbouring Provinces, we have only lost Two or Three Persons at most, exclusive of Soldiers, and their Attendants, and that our People owe their Preservation in great Measure to the Disposition that the Earl of Loudoun was pleased to make of our Forces, I am surprized at your saying that for Want of their Service, the Frontier Inhabitants have been exposed to the Incursions of their cruel and savage Enemies: But if you complain so grievously of the Earl of Loudoun's having ordered a Part of our Troops to Garrison a Fort within the Province, What Answer might his Lordship have expected, if, when he gave Orders for some of the Troops that were raised in North-Carolina, Virginia, and Pennsylvania, to embark for South-Carolina, he had required us likewise to send a Company or Two thither? As I persuade myself, Gentlemen, that you would not choose to distinguish yourselves by obstructing the Measures, that the General whom his Majesty has intrusted with the Command of all his Forces in America thinks it for his Majesty's Service to pursue, I hope you will not

"...the Troops that are now at Fort Cumberland, to
"...with all its Artillery and Stores, to his Ma-
"...Enemy. And as you alone will be answerable for
"...the Consequences, I once more recommend it to you to
"...immediate Provision for the Support of that Garrison,
"...as well as for the Support of the Troops that remain at
"...Fort Frederick, and that are, agreeable to the Directions
"...of our Act of Assembly, ordered to keep Ranging at a small
"...Distance beyond the Frontier Settlements."

"Let this Message should fail of having the de-
"sired Effect, I thought it my Duty to send the
"Earl of Loudoun immediate Advice of what had
"passed, to include his Lordship the original Address,
"which the Lower House had presented to me the
"fifth of that Month, and to tell him that unless a
"Supply of Provisions was sent to Fort Cumberland,
"without Delay, the Garrison would be greatly
"distressed, and obliged, perhaps, in a short Time,
"to abandon the Place for want of Food; and I
"desired his Lordship to give such provisional Or-
"ders as he should think proper, for the Preservation
"of that Fort, in Case the Lower House should
"come to such a final Resolution as their Address
"seemed to promise. The Earl of Loudoun being
"then at Albany, my Letter did not reach him be-
"fore the 2d of November: The next Day he was
"pleased to return the following Answer:

"Sir, Last Night I had the Favour of yours of 28th the
"28th, with an Account of the Proceedings of your Assem-
"bly, and a Copy of their Address to you: I must own the
"Restriction your Assembly endeavoured to lay on the Troops
"raised by your Province last Spring, surprised me, as it
"interfered with the King's undoubted Prerogative of Com-
"manding all his Subjects in Arms, either by himself, or
"those he appoints under him. However the Troops were
"with enough to obey his Majesty's Orders, given them by
"those who alone had Power to give them, and I was in
"Hopes the Gentlemen that compose the Assembly had re-
"considered that Affair, and seen the Error of it; but your
"Letter, and their Address, have shown me that I was
"mistaken, and yet I cannot help having that Charity for
"my Fellow-Subjects to believe that this Affair has not ap-
"peared to them in its true Light; for I cannot think that
"the Assembly of Maryland ever intended to invade the
"King's undoubted Prerogative; nor can I possibly believe
"that they intend to throw the Frontier Garrisons of his
"Majesty's Dominions into the Enemies Hands, particularly
"when those Garrisons are in their own Province, and so
"essential to their own Protection, and yet this Measure is
"big with all those Consequences, both from its own Na-
"ture, and still more so from the Season in which it is taken,
"the Account of it arriving to me late on the 2d of Novem-
"ber, in the Back Country of the Province of New-York,
"by which Measures they not only refuse their Aid to the
"Common Cause, and desert the Interest and Security of
"their own Province, but by the Season they have taken
"this Resolution in, put it out of the Power of the King's
"Servants to remedy the End that the Execution of such a
"Measure cannot make to have. From this Light of Things,
"which is the true one, I cannot doubt but your Assembly
"will immediately take such Resolutions as shall enable you
"to provide effectually for the Security of that important
"Post at Fort Cumberland, so as to prevent its being aban-
"doned, and put into the Enemy's Possession, which would
"be the Effect of such a Resolution. I must further remind
"you of the uninterrupted Orders that have been communi-
"cated to all the Governments in North-America, from his
"Majesty's Secretaries of State, from the Year 1754 to
"this Time, to be aiding and assisting to his Commander in
"Chief in North-America, in supplying Troops, &c. and in
"Consequence of his Majesty's Commands to me of applying
"to the different Provinces for such Aid as I see necessary
"for the Common Cause, I do demand from the Province
"of Maryland, that the 500 Men, furnished for the Com-
"mon Cause, and employed by me this last Summer in the
"Defence of their Garrisons on their Frontiers, be continued
"in the Service this Winter, as absolutely necessary for the
"Defence of their own Province, and the Defence of his
"Majesty's Dominions. As to their disposing of the Troops
"in the Winter, I have the King's Commission to com-
"mand all Men that are or shall be in Arms in North-Am-
"erica, I am on the Spot, and what the King does me the
"Honour to continue that Commission to me, I will execute
"it, and if any Officer or Soldier presumes to disobey my
"Orders, I will treat him as the Law directs. If my Bu-
"siness can possibly permit me, I will come immediately to
"Annapolis, where I do not doubt but you and I will be
"able to sit Things in such a Light, as will be perfectly
"satisfactory to the Gentlemen of your Assembly, and to
"every other Man that has the Safety and Prosperity of
"Maryland at Heart, and indeed of every Man that has at
"Heart the Prosperity and Safety of his Majesty's Subjects
"and Dominions in North-America. As the Business I am
"engaged in may put it out of my Power to make this
"Journey so soon as I could wish, I must beg that you will
"take every Measure to bring your Assembly to a right Un-
"derstanding of this so essential a Point, both for themselves
"and his Majesty's Dominions in North-America, and that
"you will, from Time to Time, acquaint me by Express of
"what Resolutions are taken in this Affair."

"This Letter of his Lordship's I communicated
"to the Lower House the 18th of November, but
"they paid so little Regard to it, that in the Supply
"Bill, which they a few Days afterwards offered to
"the Upper House, it was expressly provided and
"directed, that the Troops then in the Pay of the
"Province should be forthwith reduced to 300 Men,
"and the Service of those 300 (not a Part of them
"only) was restrained, as the printed Bill will evince,
"in such a Manner as to compel them to abandon
"the Post where his Lordship had stationed some of
"them, and in such a Manner as to deprive all the
"King's Officers of any Command over them. The

Gentlemen of the Upper House having returned
"this Bill with a Negative, those who had framed
"it, desired me to transmit a Copy thereof to his
"Lordship, together with an Address, in order that
"he might be the better able to judge of their Pro-
"ceedings, and Zeal to promote his Majesty's Ser-
"vice. On the Receipt of this Bill and Address,
"his Lordship wrote the Letter, which is quoted in
"your Address as an Evidence of his having con-
"ceived a good Opinion of the Zeal of that Lower
"House of Assembly to promote the Service of his
"Royal Master: How far the Letter will support
"what you suggest, let the Unprejudiced determine:
"I shall only repeat it:

New-York, December 30, 1757.
"I had last Day the Favour of your Letter by Express,
"with the Bill prepared by the Lower House, and the Ad-
"dress, from both Houses to you. As I had seen an Extract
"of the military Part of that Bill before, I am ready to give
"my Sentiments on it; and am clearly of Opinion, that had
"it passed into a Law of the Province, it would have been a
"direct Infringement of the King's undoubted Prerogative,
"and as such was very justly rejected by the Upper House; at
"the same Time I am willing to believe, that the Assembly
"had not considered it in that Light, or they would never
"have framed it in that Manner, nor had they considered
"that Right of the King of commanding his Subjects in
"Arms, which is a Right undisputed every where, or they
"would never have disputed the Power of his Commission,
"to have marched the Troops, raised by them for the De-
"fence of his Dominions, even out of your Province, which
"I do not understand I have done with Regard to them,
"which was to Fort Cumberland, from the best Accounts I
"have been able to procure; but that does not come to be
"the Question; for if they will consider what has happened
"in almost all the other Provinces, they will find, they are
"single in the Opinion of the King's Power of Marching
"the Provincial Troops into other Provinces. At the
"Meeting at Philadelphia it was settled last Spring, that
"South-Carolina was in Danger of a more powerful Invasion
"from the Enemy than they were able alone to resist, there-
"fore it was agreed, that it was necessary they should have
"an additional Force sent to their Assistance, composed
"partly of Regular Troops, and partly of Troops raised by
"the other Provinces, and 200 Men did accordingly sail
"from Virginia, and are now with them; and the Troops
"from North-Carolina were in Readiness to go, but were
"prevented by Letters from the Commanding Officer there,
"on the Arrival of a Regiment of 2000 Men from Europe,
"so that they did not then stand in Need of them; there is
"an Instance in Point in the very next Province, who were
"likewise to have made up their Quota of Troops to 400
"Men, if they were found necessary, for that Service in
"South-Carolina. But further to illustrate this Point, let
"them reflect, that the Provincial Troops in the more Nor-
"thern Provinces, that is, those of New-Hampshire, Mas-
"sachusetts-Bay, Rhode-Island, Connecticut, and the Jerseys,
"have for 3 Years last past been serving in the Province of
"New-York: There was an Attempt about 18 Months ago to
"have restrained Part of those Troops within certain Bounds,
"to serve particular Purposes, although they never thought
"of carrying that Point so far as to restrain them within
"their own Province, and the Moment that Intention ap-
"peared, the Ministry immediately interposed, and no such
"Measures have been attempted since. Although the Pre-
"rogative is undisputed every where, I have thought it ne-
"cessary to mention these few Instances in their Neighbour-
"hood, to show them the Singularity both of their Opinion
"and Proceedings; the Consequence of which I foretold,
"and mentioned in a former Letter, and warned them of in
"the Letter I had the Honour to write you of the Effects
"such a Measure would have, not only to throw open the
"Frontiers of their own Province, but to open a Door to
"the Enemy in the very Heart of his Majesty's Dominions
"in North-America: As this is the fair State of the Affair,
"I cannot doubt that those Gentlemen, on considering
"coolly on the Affair, will, from their Care for the Pre-
"servation of the Lives and Properties of their Fellow-Sub-
"jects, from their Zeal for the Common Cause of all North-
"America, and their Duty to the King, propose such an Act
"as is not only agreeable to the Instructions, but agreeable
"to our happy Constitution of Government in the British
"Dominions, without attempting to make Alterations in it,
"at a Time when the Enemy are taking every Advantage
"that can be drawn from any little Jars that may happen
"in any of the Provinces of his Majesty's extensive Domini-
"ons on this Continent, which are therefore Things every
"Man, who is a real Lover of his Country, will to the ut-
"most avoid. As to the Dispute of what Province Fort
"Cumberland belongs to, 'tis a Thing I never heard disputed,
"but by all Men I have met with, was deemed to be in
"Maryland; but be that as it will, 'tis of no Consequence,
"nor has it any Thing to do in this Affair, nor had I the
"least Intention of leading Maryland, or easing any other
"Province, by sending the Provincial Troops of Maryland
"to it; and in my Orders at that Time, I shewed the
"greatest Attention to Maryland, in employing the Whole
"of the Troops raised by them in covering their Frontiers,
"and securing the Inlets into their Country, when I actu-
"ally sent 200 of the Provincials of Virginia by Sea, at the
"Expense of that Province, to South-Carolina, and had 200
"more of the Virginia Provincial Troops ready to be carried
"there if that Service had not been provided for by the Ar-
"rival of a Regiment of One Thousand Men from Europe.
"I have shewed you above, that the King has the undis-
"puted Right, that he has by his Commission put the Ex-
"ecution of it into my Hands, that Maryland alone have
"disputed the King's Right of Commanding his Subjects in
"Arms, altho' his Majesty's Servant in the Execution of
"that Trust, has had a particular Regard to the Ease and
"Security of the Province of Maryland: When I know
"Things really to stand on this Footing, and can have no
"Doubt that the Gentlemen that compose the Assembly of
"Maryland, mean, not only to protect the Province of
"Maryland, but to give every Aid to the Common Cause
"in their Power, I can have no Doubt that on a cool Re-
"flection of the general Situation of the Affairs of this

Country, the Duty they owe to the King and the Com-
"munity (whatever Representations may have led them in-
"to the present Bill) they will immediately set those Things
"on a true Constitutional Footing, and enter heartily into
"the Common Cause, for the Security of Maryland, and to
"give their utmost Assistance against the common Enemy.
"I intended when I writ from Albany to have come directly
"to Annapolis, but some unexpected Business put it out of
"my Power at that Time, and now I cannot fix the Time
"I shall be with you.

"Hoping from your wife Management, and the People
"coming to see their own true Interest, that I shall very
"soon have better Accounts from you: I am, with sincere
"Regards, Sir, Your most obedient humble Servant,

"LOUDOUN."

Does it, Gentlemen, or does it not, appear from
"this Letter, that the Earl of Loudoun applauded
"the Conduct of the Upper House in rejecting the
"Bill, of which, at the Desire of the Lower House,
"I had sent him a Copy? If it does, I intimated
"no more nor less than the Truth, whatever Part of
"the Bill it was that induced his Lordship to com-
"mend them for returning it with a Negative. At
"the Time I sent him the Bill, I did not imagine
"he would read any more of it than the military
"Part, as I told the Gentlemen of the Lower House
"in a Message dated the 6th of December, when
"they desired me to transmit the Bill to him; and
"from the Manner in which his Lordship expresses
"himself in the Beginning of his Letter, I am apt
"to believe he never thought of perusing more of
"it than that Part, nor do I see what good End it
"would have answered for him to have waded thro'
"that voluminous Composition; for tho' you are
"now pleased to signify to me, that the then Lower
"House expected his Lordship would peruse it, in
"order to see if there was any Thing impracticable
"in the Execution of the Plan for raising the Aids
"for the King, therein proposed, or unjust or un-
"reasonable in the Means, or too sparing in the
"Sum offered, and that he would have signified his
"Opinion relative to such Matters, I am far from
"thinking that House would have thought his Lord-
"ship a competent Judge of the Propriety or Improp-
"riety of all those Parts of the Bill, or if he had
"ventured to give his Opinion thereon, that they
"would have paid any Regard to it, when they af-
"terwards disregarded that of his Majesty's Ator-
"ney-General, who had seen what had been urged
"by the Two Houses both for and against it; and I
"cannot help thinking you are too hasty in drawing
"from his Lordship's Silence, this Conclusion, That
"he did not think the Bill in any of those Respects
"liable to the least Objection: Could he indeed
"have then seen all that afterwards passed between
"the Two Houses thereupon, or on a Bill very
"similar to it, his Lordship might perhaps have
"been able to form some Judgment of the Propriety
"or Impropriety of the general Plan, and particular
"Parts of it; but it would surely have been a little
"unreasonable for the Lower House to expect his
"Lordship, without hearing or seeing what could
"be offered on both Sides, would undertake to de-
"termine concerning any besides the military Part
"of it, of which his Lordship probably thought
"himself as capable of judging, as the Gentlemen
"who had framed it.

That Opinion of Mr. Pratt's, was, I apprehend,
"given on a Perusal of the Bill, and Messages that
"in 1758 passed between the Two Houses, which,
"as I conceived they contained a full and true State
"of the Dispute between them on the Bill, I there-
"with transmitted; and the Opinion I communicated
"to the Lower House undoubtedly shews that he
"was intimately acquainted with the several Points
"in Dispute between them; and being all that I
"received from England in Return, if I declined
"giving that House any Satisfaction they wanted,
"it was owing to my not having it in my Power to
"gratify their Wishes. I am indeed sensible, that
"the Opinions of Counsel are governed by the Man-
"ner in which the Facts they are founded on, are
"stated, and I perceive there is some Difference be-
"tween those of the late Lord Chief Justice Will-
"iams, and his Majesty's late Attorney-General, with re-
"spect to the Nomination of Officers; but as the
"Lords of Trade, in their Report Two Years ago
"on some Laws passed in Pennsylvania, which Re-
"port met with the Concurrence of his Majesty's
"Council, have repeatedly declared their Sentiments
"concerning the Right of the Crown, and in that
"Government of the Proprietors to the Nomination
"of Officers, I am in Hopes that their Lordships
"Opinion will always have it's Weight with us, and
"that Right of the Proprietary be never again con-
"troverted in this Province.

As you were pleased, in Answer to my Speech
"at the Opening of the Session, wherein I avoided
"making any particular Application to the Lower
"House of the Reprehension contained in the Secre-
"tary of State's Letter, to suggest that for Want of

an Agent ap-
"sent their Tran-
"gracious Sover-
"fully and truly
"Offers, which
"heretofore made
"very large Su-
"could not help
"fection on m-
"been informed
"House for rais-
"ings in Confe-
"have discharg-
"therefore from
"your Address
"took the Libe-
"the Journals o-
"Bills offered b-
"supposed to c-
"Proceedings,
"great Necessi-
"at home, und-
"to acquaint
"Transactions
"form them of
"raise Supplies
"of that House
"formation, p-
"Messages tha-
"the Subject o-
"in your last A-
"ing an Ap-
"final Deter-
"the Propri-
"prehend the
"tlemen, in yo-
"for the Lower
"not have con-
"having negle-
"of it in the f-
"then have fe-
"being appoi-
"insinuate, a-
"believe, the-
"not much
"submits betw-
"a small Ma-
"men who co-
"ture, on the
"ther the Su-
"for his Maj-
"particular
"are fond of
"and establish-
"I am confid-
"contributin-
"this Provin-
"Service, tho-
"however z-
"vereign's
"putation o-
"Legislatur-
"which the
"Consequen-
"sacrifice o-
"and Hum-
"tlemen, ex-
"my Opini-
"in me eit-
"Sentimen-
"I alone, I
"ry Subje-
"timents
"Liberty o-
"cy or Pr-
"more af-
"if I was
"sitors.
"the Com-
"given m-
"Encroac-
"others,
"own Int-
"Conduc-
"I can R-
"of your
"pointme-
"any No-
"Ministr-
"Inform-
"when I
"plies f-
"this Pro-
"to hav-
"and fi-
"pearan-
"or who
"his M-
"House

an Agent appointed by that House alone to represent their Transactions in a true Light, our most gracious Sovereign and his Ministers, had not been fully and truly informed of the repeated generous Offers, which the People of this Province had heretofore made by their Representatives, to raise very large Supplies for his Majesty's Service, I could not help considering the Suggestion as a Reflection on myself, for had not the King's Ministers been informed of the several Votes of the Lower House for raising Supplies, and of their Proceedings in Consequence of such Votes, I should not have discharged my Duty: To vindicate myself therefore from the Blame which the latter Part of your Address seemed calculated to cast on me, I took the Liberty to reply to this Purport, That if the Journals of the House of Delegates, and the Bills offered by them to the Upper House, may be supposed to contain a true Representation of their Proceedings, I presumed there could not be any great Necessity for the Appointment of a Person at home, under the Denomination of an Agent, to acquaint his Majesty or his Ministers with the Transactions of the House of Delegates, or to inform them of the Offers that House had made to raise Supplies for his Service, since the Journals of that House had been transmitted for their Information, particularly the Journal containing the Messages that passed between the two Houses on the Subject of their new Supply Bill. But say you, in your last Address, "the great End of employing an Agent, is to represent and bring to a final Determination any Matters in Dispute with the Proprietary, by which the People may apprehend themselves aggrieved." Had you, Gentlemen, in your first Address, given such a Reason for the Lower House's desiring an Agent, I should not have considered it as any Reflection on me for having neglected my Duty, nor have taken Notice of it in the Manner I did, though I might not even then have seen the Expediency of such a Person's being appointed; for whatever some of you would insinuate, and endeavour to make other Persons believe, the Lord Proprietary is, in my Opinion, not much concerned in the Controversy which subsists between the House of Delegates (or rather a small Majority of that House) and the Gentlemen who constitute another Branch of this Legislature, on the Subject of a Supply Bill; and whether the Sums which have at Times been voted for his Majesty's Service, shall be raised by that particular Mode of Taxation, which those who are fond of Innovations, seem intent on introducing and establishing in this Province, his Lordship, I am confident, is very far from being averse to contributing in Proportion with the Inhabitants of this Province towards Supplies for his Majesty's Service, though I don't suppose he would wish, however zealous he might be to promote his Sovereign's Service, or desirous to advance the Reputation of Maryland, to have either Branch of the Legislature give their Assent to any Measure, which they should be of Opinion, would, in its Consequences, tend to subvert the Constitution, or sacrifice one Part of the Inhabitants to the Caprice and Humour of the Rest. You will, I hope, Gentlemen, excuse the Liberty I take in just mentioning my Opinion of this Matter, nor think it assuming in me either to judge for myself, or to intimate my Sentiments; it would indeed, be a little hard, if I alone, in such a Government as this, where every Subject thinks he has a Right to speak his Sentiments on every Matter, should be debarred the Liberty of thinking and judging of the Expediency or Propriety of any Scheme whatever, or be more afraid to communicate my Thoughts, than if I was at Venice under Awe of their State Inquisitors. Happy in knowing by Experience, that the Commission I have the Honour to bear, was given me by one who wishes not to make any Encroachments on the Liberties or Privileges of others, and conscious of the Uprightness of my own Intentions, I can venture to appeal to my Conduct for my Justification: This being the Case, I can Read, without the least Emotion, those Parts of your Address, which Discontent and Disappointment seem to have dictated, nor shall I take any Notice of your ungentle Language. If the Ministry have done nothing in Consequence of the Information I took the Liberty to give Mr. Pitt, when I intimated to him, that I was afraid no Supplies for the King's Service would be granted in this Province, unless his Majesty should be pleased to have the Dispute thoroughly examined into and finally settled. Can you, with the least Appearance of Justice, lay the Blame at my Door, or whether I am supposed to have concealed from his Majesty's Ministers the Transactions of the House of Delegates, or to have sent the Ministry

a full Account of the Proceedings of that House, contained in their own Journals, will you, in either Case, take Offence at my Behavior? If, for the Information of the Secretary of State, I had, with the Bill, transmitted that Message only, wherein the Gentlemen of the Upper House had particularized their Objections to it, I should indeed have acted disingenuously, but in sending also the Answer of the Lower House to that Message, together with the Reply, I gave the fairest and fullest Information concerning the Dispute between the two Houses that it was possible for me to give, nor do I think you could have said his Majesty or his Ministers would have determined on an *ex parte* Representation, had the Determination been upon mature Consideration of the Bill and those Messages; unless it can be supposed that those who framed the Bill, would not, when they were justifying or defending it, say every Thing they could urge on Behalf of their favourite Offspring. But, you are pleased to ask, "Have they determined the Disputes? Has any Thing ever been laid before us, pointing out in Terms precise and explicit that Branch of the Legislature which is charged with Obstinacy in adhering to their former Conduct?" And pray, Gentlemen, When did I aver that there has? You did indeed yourselves, by your first Address, put in for at least a Share of the Reprehension contained in the Secretary of State's Letter; for my Part I did no more than Caution you against the Measure which late Lower Houses had pursued, lest the not granting Supplies at this Time (whether through the Fault of the Upper or the Lower House, it was the same Thing) might be attended with fatal Consequences to the Province. But rather than engage any farther in a Dispute, which can answer no End but to protract the Session, and increase the Public Debt, already exorbitant, I will admit, that the Words "Your Province will not obstinately persist" (in the Earl of Egremont's Letter) must refer to the Gentlemen of the Upper House alone, and that the Persistence of the Lower House in resolving again to offer a Bill, which the Upper had rejected eight or nine Times, without obviating the Objections the Upper House had made to it, is an Instance of the latter's Obstinacy. Nevertheless I cannot help thinking, that rather than bring on the Province, or the Inhabitants in general, his Majesty's Displeasure, it would have been better for your House to have at this Time waved the Dispute, and offered a Bill on some or other of the various Plans, by which Money has been heretofore raised in this Province: At least such a Proceeding, would have manifested an earnest Desire on your Part to comply with his Majesty's Requisitions, and quite the contrary on the Part of the Upper House, had they refused a Bill for granting Supplies to his Majesty, on a Plan which they had never objected to, when Money was thereby to be raised for other Purposes.

April 23, 1762.

HOR^o. SHARPE.

L O N D O N, February 11.

OR D E R S are given for Transports to sail out of the River immediately for Portsmouth, the Troops being ready there to embark on board them, going on the grand Expedition; and the Officers in Town are to set out for Portsmouth forthwith.

We hear that in the Expedition Fleet, which is expected to put to Sea in a few Days from Portsmouth for the West-Indies, Admiral Pocock and Commodore Kepple will command by Sea; and that the Earl of Albemarle will be General in Chief of the Land Forces; Major General Elliot (of the 15th Regiment of Dragoons) Lieutenant General; and Colonel Kepple, Major General.

Letters from Cadiz, by a Dutch Ship, which left that Port the 30th of December, inform us, that the Spaniards were then in the utmost Consternation, at expecting a Visit from Sir Charles Saunders; that there were in the Port of Cadiz 14 Sail of the Line, but only three of them were manned; and that the Enemy had planted 200 Pieces of Cannon, without any Platform, on the Sand of the Beach. Eight Thousand Troops are going to Portugal, under the Command of Lord Tyrnawley, who is likewise appointed his Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to his Portuguese Majesty; on which Account his Lordship kissed the King's Hand Yesterday.

The Eight Thousand Troops destined for Portugal are to go from Belleisle and Ireland; and the Fortifications of Belleisle are ordered to be blown up.

The Accounts from Madrid, by the Way of Holland, say, that the People there in general seem very uneasy at the Rupture with England, (foreseeing the great Stagnation it will soon put to Trade: And, according to the same Accounts, the whole Spanish Navy at present, fit for Service, does not amount to 30 Ships of the Line.

The King of Spain has intimated to the Republic of Genoa, that, from the known Wisdom of the Senate, he promises himself that they will acknowledge the Justice of his Cause, and no ways favour the English in the Course of the present War.

The Price of Insurance to America and the West-Indies is at present so high, that several Persons rather chuse to run the Hazard, great as it may appear, than to submit to Disbursements, which sink to very deep into their nett Profits of Trade.

A Letter from Gibraltar, dated December 19, says, "News is just now brought us, that a large Body of French Troops is embarking at Marseilles; but whither bound, we know not."

The Bahia Fleet is arrived at Lisbon with 16000 Cases of Sugar, and 13000 Rolls of Tobacco. — It appears that the Expedition Fleet, now getting ready, is the greatest that ever England prepared. Doctor Winteringham goes as head Physician, Inspector and Director of the Hospitals intended; two other Physicians, four Surgeons, and forty Hospital Mates, who are all appointed, go under him. The Expedition is for landing, and forming several Hospitals in the Country it is designed for.

The two Transports, with Troops from Belleisle, that fell into the Hands of the French, according to their Account, had on board one Lieutenant Colonel, two Captains, five Lieutenants, four Ensigns, 141 Soldiers of Loudoun's Regiment, and 133 of Manners's.

ST. JOHN'S (in Antigua) March 10.

Admiral Rodney has lately received two Expresses from Jamaica; one by a Vessel dispatched by Capt. Forrest, Commander of his Majesty's Ships on that Station, and the other by the Return of his own Tender, which the Admiral had sent down some Time before. By the first of these Expresses we hear the Admiral was informed that there were 22 Sail of Spanish Ships of the Line, and 8000 Troops at the Havannah, ready for an Expedition; and it was believed they intended to attack Jamaica, but might probably wait for the Formality of a Declaration of War, which they expected every Day: And the other Express (the Admiral's Tender) had the good Fortune, in her Passage up, to take the Express which had been sent from Spain for the Havannah with the Spanish Declaration of War, and afterwards to take a Vessel from Spain laden with Bombs, Shells, Cannon Balls, and other Ordnance Stores.

B O S T O N, April 19.

By Capt. Coombes from Gibraltar, which he left the 20th of January, we learn, that upon receiving an Account of an approaching Rupture with Spain, all suspected Spaniards and other Persons were turned out of Gibraltar; all the Arms and ammunition in the Town lodged in the King's Magazines; and all the Buildings pulled down; and the Ground levelled towards the Spanish Lines: — That the Spanish Forces at San Roque were greatly augmented, and ordered to increase daily: — That a Swedish Ship from the Spanish West-Indies, with a Spanish Governor and his Effects on board, was carried into Gibraltar the Day before Capt. Coombes sailed: — That the Spaniards had collected a large Squadron at Carthagena, which it was said was intended to join the French Fleet; to prevent which, Admiral Saunders had left Gibraltar, with 17 Ships of the Line, some Frigates, 2 Bomb-Ketches, and 2 Fire-Ships: — That Sir Piercy Brett was daily expected at Gibraltar, with 6 or eight Ships of the Line, to reinforce Admiral Saunders: — And that the Garrison there consisted of 8 Regiments.

And by Capt. Sampson from Lisbon we learn, That Admiral Saunders was actually before Cadiz, which it was expected he would destroy; but that the Spanish Men of War were all unrigged, and carried behind the Caraccas; and that the English Men of War at Lisbon had received Orders to burn, sink and destroy all Spanish Ships and Effects, whatsoever met with.

N E W - Y O R K, April 22.

Yesterday arrived the Sloop Robert, Capt. —, from Barbados. By a Letter from thence, dated the 28th of March, we are informed that Admiral Rodney, with all the Ships of War except Three, were gone from Martinico for Jamaica. That a Frigate from England touched there, and went after them; that a Vessel from Bristol in 7 Weeks was arrived, and brought Advice, that Admiral Pocock, with 5 Sail of the Line, and Lord Albemarle, with 6000 Troops, were immediately to proceed to Martinico, and with the Forces there, attack the Havannah (Capital of Cuba): That Lord Tyrnawley, Governor of Gibraltar, had acquainted the Ministry, that for 20,000l. Sterling, he could procure 40,000 Moors, and land them in Spain; and he confirms the Account of Admiral Saunders's having taken a Spanish Register Ship worth near Half a Million.

By late Advices from the Havannah, we are assured there were no more than Six Ships of War at that Port.

April 26. We can assure the Public, that about a Month ago 8 Sail of small Privateers lay ready to put out from the Havannah, in order to cruise on the Coast of America, as soon as War was declared against England.

Saturday Night last arrived herefrom St. Croix, in 18 Days Passage, the Sloop Hester, Capt. Lyburn, who brings Intelligence, that they are fitting out between 12 and 20 Privateers from Porto Rico.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, April 29.

From Cape Francois we have Advice, that the following French Fleet arrived there from Brest, on the 17th of last Month, under the Command of Admiral Blenac, with 1500 or 2000 Troops on board, viz.

Le Duc de Bourgoigne, of 80 Guns; Le Hector, 74; Le Defenseur, 74; Le Diadem, 74; Le Brilliant, 64; Le Prothee, 64; L'Opal, 36; Le Diligent, 32; Le Zephyr, 24; and La Calypso, of 16 Guns. The Dragon, of 64 Guns, missed Stays, and ran ashore, where she soon bilged.

Nothing will be saved out of her but a Part of her Guns, and some Rigging.—That the above Fleet was designed to reinforce Martinico; off of which Island it arrived the 4th of March, when the Calypso Frigate was sent in Shore to get Intelligence; but her Signals not being properly answered from the Shore, it being then in Possession of the English, and having that Account from a Brig they took the Fourth, they immediately proceeded for Cape-Francois: That off the Cape they, in the Night, fell in with two English Frigates, who, firing eight Shot at them, put them into great Confusion: That next Morning they were within Gunshot, and remained so, till they got into the Harbour; during which Time they neither fired at, or gave Chase to them: That Monsieur Bory, General of the Island of St. Domingo; Monsieur Belfance, Field-Marshal of the Troops; the Chevalier de St. Croix, Governor of Belleisle during its Siege, and a Number of other Officers, came out with this Fleet: That the Troops, with what were before at the Cape, amounted to about 3500 Regulars: And that it was said this French Fleet was to be joined by a Spanish one, in order to go on some Expedition.—The Calypso Frigate, of 16 Guns, and 200 Men, in returning to the above Fleet off of Martinico, fell in with Captain Charles Jenkins, in the Brig John and Richard, of Barbados, of 16 Guns, and 28 Men, who engaged the Frigate for near three Hours, and obliged her to sheer off; but Capt. Jenkins's Powder being then near out, and seeing a Fleet standing towards him, which he imagined to be English, he made for them, and coming up with the headmost Ship, which he found to be a French Man of War, the Brilliant of 64 Guns, immediately struck his Colours: notwithstanding which she fired the greatest Part of her Broadside, and several Volumes of Small Arms into his Vessel. Captain Jenkins, nor none of his People received any Hurt, but the Brig was much shattered. The Frigate lost six or seven Hands, and the French acknowledge that Captain Jenkins and his People behaved most gallantly in fighting the Frigate so long, which was so vastly superior to him in Force.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, Feb. 29, 1762.

"It is already settled between the Spaniards and this Court, that a strict Neutrality is to be observed here, on which we congratulate you. Last Week the Arethusa Frigate brought in here a large French Ship from Bourdeaux, loaded with Wine, Pork and Flour.

By Captain Dee, from Barbados, we have Advice, that the Richmond Frigate arrived there from England on the 20th ult. and brought Advice, that the Admirals Pocock and Kepple, with seven Sail of the Line, and a Number of Transports, with 6000 Land Forces on board, were to sail for the West Indies, the first fair Wind after she failed; her Passage about five Weeks: That the Frigate failed again immediately, in order to find Admiral Rodney, to deliver some Dispatches she had for him: And that she had taken a Spanish Ship, with 24000 Dollars on board, which the Captain took out, and sent the Prize to Madeira.

ANNAPOLIS, May 6.

By a Letter from a Gentleman in London, dated the 4th of February, we are informed, that the Merchants there had then come to a Resolution to petition the Lords of the Admiralty for a Convoys to the Virginia and Maryland Trade, to sail from Spithead the 20th of April.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, March 8.

"Capt. Kennedy, in the Blonde Frigate, brought in here last Week, the Boutin Indianman, of 20 Guns, and 100 Men, loaded with Coffee and Pepper, from Bourbon and Maurice, for Port L'Orient. She proves a valuable Prize. Capt. Kennedy has behaved with uncommon Generosity to his Prisoners and Passengers."

Lately died at his Plantation on Elk-Isle, in the 54th Year of his Age, greatly regretted by his Acquaintance, Major NATHAN HAMMOND, formerly High Sheriff of this County.

Last Tuesday Afternoon, as Robert Harshp, a Cabinet-Maker, was standing under the Gallows, and giving Directions for fixing the Cross-Piece, it fell, and struck him upon the Head, by which he was so much hurt that he died the next Morning.

Yesterday was executed here Negro Coffee, for the Murder of his Master, Mr. Alexander Elder.

To be SOLD for ready Money or short Credit, CHOICE Madeira and Lisbon WINES, in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter Casks, coarse and fine Salt, Barrell'd Pork, and Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or larger Quantity.

THOMAS RICHARDSON and Company.

DOVE, a beautiful Dark Grey Horse, full 15 Hands high, was imported from Scotland last November, by Dr. Thomas Hamilton, at whose Plantation he now is, in Prince-George's County, Maryland, will cover Mares this Season at Six Pistoles; and those Mares that prove not with Foal, shall have the Benefit of the Horse next Season, Gratis (or one Half of the Money returned). He was bred by Mr. Thomas Jackson, senior, in the North of England, was got by Young Gade, his Dam by Teaser, his Grand-dam by Scawing's Arabian, and out of the Gardener Mare, that won Six Royal Plates of One Hundred Guineas each. He run at Newcastle upon Tyne at Four Years old, on the 21st of October, 1760, and Distanced the Duke of Cleveland's Roan Filly, Roxana, beat the Bay Colt Swift, belonging to William Swinburn, Esq; Charles Wilson's Bay Colt Windless, William Cornforth's Bay Colt Montreal, and Settleington's Bay Filly Nameless. As to his Blood, it is indisputable, and his Beauty also among Judges.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDOR, Pursuant to the Last Will of Mr. Benjamin Boyd, at his late Dwelling-House, near Queen-Anne, in Prince-George's County, on Thursday the 20th of this Instant May, for Sterling Money, Bills of Exchange, or Dollars and Pistoles at the Current Exchange.

A PARCEL of likely valuable NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women, and Children; among which are a Cooper and Carpenter.

As also all his Household Furniture, and Stock of every Kind.

THOMAS BOYD, } Executors.
ABRAHAM BOYD, }
N. B. The Subscribers will give good Wages to a Journeyman Blacksmith.

ALL Persons who are inclin'd to Enlist themselves in the Virginia Regiment, may depend on having the best Encouragement, by applying to Lieutenant Philip Love, who is now in this Province, and gives Ten Pounds this Currency to each Recruit, which Recruit has Eight Pence Virginia Currency per Day, from the Time of his Enlistment, till he is discharged the Service; he is also to be, at his joining the Regiment, compleatly Cloathed from Head to Foot, and furnished with all Necessaries, requisite for a Gentleman Soldier, at the Colony's Expence. Those who can't readily meet with me, are desired to apply to Mr. Arthur Charlton or Capt. Price in Frederick-Town, to Mr. Davis, Tavern-keeper in Frederick County, or to Mr. Charles Love near Allen's-Fresh in Charles County; any of those Gentlemen will Enlist for me, and give good Quarters, until I have an Opportunity of seeing them myself.

1762. PHILIP LOVE.

FOUND last Sunday, on the Race-Ground in Annapolis, A Five Pound Pennsylvania Bill. The Owner may have it by calling at the Printing-Office, on proving his Property, paying the Charge of this Advertisement, and giving a Gratuity to the Person who found it.

THREE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, living at West-River, a Convict Servant Man named William Lindley, who probably may pretend to be a Gardener, was born in England, and speaks pretty broad, about Five Feet Eight or Nine Inches high, of a dark Complexion, and wears his own Hair. Had on when he went away, a light grey Half-thick Coat, new Check Shirt, Brown Roll Trowsers, old channell'd Pumps, and a half-worn Felt Hat; he also took with him, a Pair of new Osnabrigs Trowsers.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Run-away, so that his Master may have him again, shall be entitled to the above Reward; and if brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by

STEPHEN STEWARD.

May 1, 1762.
STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber living in Charles-Town, Cecil County, on the Evening of the 7th ult. a middle sized Sorrel Horse, with a Blaze in his Face, 7 or 8 Years old this Grass, his two hind Feet white, paces and hand-gallops, was shod all round, and the Shoes much worn, was lately trimmed, but very ill done, no perceivable Brand. Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to Capt. Catto at the Head of Elk, or the Subscriber in Charles-Town, shall have a Reward of Three Pounds Currency: If stolen, any Person apprehending or discovering the Thief, so as he be brought to Justice, shall have a Reward of Six Pounds Currency.

FRANCIS KEY.

Calvert County, April 13, 1762.
STOLEN from the Subscriber, on the 30th of March last, a small Light Grey Gelding, 4 Years old, he has a Swirch Tail, a hanging Mane, and branded on the near Buttock TR (join'd in one).

Also, a likely Black Mare, 2 Years old, with a small white Snip on her Nose. She was neither dock'd nor branded when stolen.

Whoever will give Information to the Subscriber of the said Creatures, so that he may get them again, shall have Ten Shillings Reward for each, or Fifteen Shillings for each if brought home; and for apprehending and bringing to Justice the Person who stole the said Creatures, Four Pieces of Eight, paid by

JOHN CAMPBELL.

THERE is at the Plantation of Stephen Gattrell, in Frederick County, and has been there about a Twelvemonth, a White Stray Steer, with red Spots on each Side, mark'd with a Crop in the right Ear, and an under Bit in the Left.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Jackson, in Charles County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Horse, branded on his left Buttock thus ●, about 13 Hands high, he has a white Spot on his Forehead, and his hind left Foot is white, and trots and gallops.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Howard Duvall, in Prince-George's County near Bell Air, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay Mare about 13½ Hands high, which has no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

BY Virtue of an Act, made and passed at the late Session of Assembly of this Province, Notice is hereby given, That there will be exposed to Sale to the highest Bidder, on Tuesday the 10th Day of August next ensuing, A LOT of Ground, No. 102, situate on the Northeast Part of the City of Annapolis, with the three Dwelling Houses thereon. The Sale to be on the Premises, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon.

WILLIAM CLAJON,
MARY CLAJON, Administratrix.

TO BE SOLD,
A YOUNG, lusty, saucy, convict Shoemaker, who has between 4 and 5 Years to serve. He is a good plain Workman for either Mens or Womens Work; and is pretty swift at his Business, as he can, with Ease, make 12 pair of Womens Shoes in a Week.

Whoever inclines to buy him, that will take the trouble to cure him of the abovementioned Faults, may have a very valuable Servant, on very reasonable Terms.

THOMAS HYDE.

TAKEN out of the House of Mr. William Woodward in Annapolis by Mistake, about the 23d Instant, a very good blue Drab GREAT COAT, made very full, the Arms remarkably long. Another much like it, as to Colour and Goodness of Cloth, is left in it's Stead; but the Scantiness of the Make of the latter renders it very unfit for the Person who advertises the above. The Gentleman who has made the Mistake, may, on returning the above Coat, receive his own from Mr. Woodward, without any Expence from this Advertisement.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-Office, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

To the M

To be SOLD, A QUANTITY of Laced Hats, white, Silk Breeches, Stockings, India Dimenery, Watches, &c.

GOOD Entertainment with good Repasts to Annapolis, Broad-Creek Ferry, very good Pasturage having been used to in Boats.

SEVENTEEN POUND

RAN away from County, Maryland, Day of April, a Se about 6 Feet high, swarthy Complexion the Head of Wiccon of the Cart Wheel-Joyner, and is a very handy Fellow much used to the William Trotter, or low, who hired a Richard Graves of going to Oyster. with Gaff Sails, a fine is a somewhat cr square; one of he pared for long Hat Stern Sheets. Th away from his Ba Wife, and Two much use of Snuff and took with him one white Linen I Ditto, Two Pair Frize Jacket or sh try Cloth Vest, a Two Pair of Yarn worn Shoes, a new ter Yards of coa and Trimmings to him a light bro reaches about as 1 Whoever takes Scott, so that the shall have Fifteen Charges paid; a shall receive Fifty

N. B. The a Hand Saw, Br He has Relations Gorge's County, his Way down t

COMMITT of Baltim Runaway, a Pe Wilson, and tha far beyond Pat ears to be abo a fair Complexi His Master Fees, and appl

The f WILL Co liam D near the Seafon

or) rall

SUPPLEMENT

To the MARYLAND GAZETTE, [N^o. 887.]

Annapolis, April 22, 1762.

To be SOLD, for Cash or London Bills,

A QUANTITY of Womens SHOES, Gold Laced Hats, plain Ditto, both black and white, Silk Breeches Patterns, Worsted Ditto, Silk Stockings, India Dimity Waistcoats, Violins, Millinery, Watches, &c. THOMAS LYTTLETON.

GOOD Entertainment for Men and Horses, with good Boats for Passengers to pass and repass to Annapolis, kept by the Subscriber at Broad-Creek Ferry, on Kent-Island. He has also very good Pasturage for Horses. The Subscriber having been used to the Sea, has good Experience in Boats. THOMAS RIMMER.

SEVENTEEN POUNDS TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Kent County, Maryland, on Saturday the 10th Day of April, a Servant Man named Jacob Scott, about 6 Feet high, slender made, thin faced, and swarthy Complexion, was born somewhere about the Head of Wicomico; he understands something of the Cart Wheel-wright's Business, a little of the Joiners, and is a very good tight Cooper; he is a very handy Fellow at any Thing, and has been much used to the Water. He went off with one William Trotter, or Prothro, a small thin faced Fellow, who hired a Nine Hoghead Flat of Mr. Richard Graves of the same County, with Pretence of going to Oyster. She is Rigged with two Masts, with Gaff Sails, a small Fore-Castle canvassed over; she is somewhat crazy about the Gunwales, there is a new Patch in her Main Sail about 18 Inches square; one of her Gunwales has Notches prepared for long Hatches, to cover her as far as the Stern Sheets. The said Trotter, or Prothro, is Run away from his Bail in the said County, with his Wife, and Two Children (Girls). He makes much use of Snuff. The aforesaid Scott had on and took with him, Two new Cotton Check Shirts, one white Linen Ditto, one or two old Osnabrigs Ditto, Two Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, an old Frize Jacket or short Coat, an under white Country Cloth Vest, a Pair of old Buckskin Breeches, Two Pair of Yarn Stockings, one Pair of half-worn Shoes, a new Felt Hat, one and three Quarter Yards of coarse light colour'd Broad-Cloth, and Trimmings to make it up; he also took with him a light brown Bearskin Great Coat, which reaches about as low as his Knees.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Jacob Scott, so that the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Fifteen Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges paid; and for securing the Flat aforesaid, shall receive Fifty Shillings.

JOHN CARVILL, junior.

N. B. The aforesaid Scott has taken with him a Hand Saw, Broad Axe, and Carpenter's Adze. He has Relations and many Acquaintance in Prince-George's County, where it is likely he will call, in his Way down the Bay.

COMMITTED to the Custody of the Sheriff of Baltimore County, in October last, as a Runaway, a Person who says his Name is John Wilson, and that his Master lives in Virginia, not far beyond Patowmack, but low down. He appears to be about 25, is short and well made, of a fair Complexion; and is but a simple Fellow. His Master may have him again, on paying Fees, and applying to

AQUILA HALL, Sheriff.

The famous Horse AERIEL,

WILL Cover Mares this Season, at Mr. William Digges's on Patowmack, at Two Guineas the Season. Good Pasturage for Mares.

Anne-Arundel County, April 12th, 1762.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the Patapsco Furnace, near Elk-Ridge Landing, Two English Convict Servant Men, viz.

George Seymour, aged near 50 Years, 6 Feet high, spare made, thin Visage, sandy Complexion, and thick of Hearing. Had on a white Kersey Jacket and Breeches, a green Half-Thick under Jacket, Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, grey ribb'd Yarn Hose, and Country-made Shoes.

Stephen Hawkes, aged about 27 Years, near 6 Feet high, spare made, thin Visage, yellow Complexion (having lately had the Ague and Fever). Had on a brown Fearnought Jacket, green Half-Thick under Jacket and Breeches, old Dowlas Shirt, Felt Hat, brown mix'd Worsted Hose, Country-made Shoes, and plain Brads Buckles. They pretend to be used to the Sea.

There is missing two Horse Kind (which 'tis supposed they have;) the one a low well-set Sorrel, with a flaxen Mane, and bob Tail, a Star in his Forehead, branded on the near Buttock, but the Form forgot. The other a young Brown Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, two white Feet, a small Blaze in her Face, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock, but the Form not perceptible.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants and Horse Kind, so that they may be had again, shall receive, if 10 Miles from Home, Twenty Shillings; if 20 Miles, Thirty Shillings; if 40 Miles, Fifty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds Currency for each of the Two Men more than the Law allows, and Twenty Shillings for each of the two Horse Kind, and reasonable Charges allowed, if brought to the said Furnace, of Mr. Thomas Harrifon and Company, by

JOSEPH WATKINS.

N. B. 'Tis supposed they are in Company with Two other Servant Men, as such are missing, and were seen with them the Evening before they went off. Both of those wear their own Hair, of a brown Colour, and have light colour'd Coats. They will probably change their Cloaths, as I am informed Seymour was seen with a blue Jacket.

GREAT-BRITAIN, a fine young Dray Horse from England, upwards of 16 Hands high, and remarkably strong, will Cover Mares this Season at Two Pistoles. Good Pasturage for Mares. JOSEPH SIM.

BROKE, or rather burnt out of Prince-George's County Goal, on Sunday Night the 18th of April last, a Woman named Catharine Harlin, committed on Suspicion of Felony, of a middle Size, very talkative, and has grey Eyes. Her Apparel very indifferent, an old Country Cloth strip'd Petticoat, and the Body of an old Plad Gown. She has neither Shoes, Stockings, nor Cap. She formerly lived in St. Mary's County, and since at Bladensburg; but was taken up and committed from Broad-Creek in the County aforesaid. Whoever takes up the said Woman, and brings her to Upper-Marlborough, shall have One Pistole Reward, paid by BENJAMIN BROOKES.

DRIVER, a fine strong Horse, near 15 Hands high, got by Othello, his Dam by Old Spark, his Grand-dam by the late Governor OGLE's Barb, Covers for Thirty Shillings; and those Mares that do not prove with Foal, may have the Benefit of next Season for Ten Shillings.

ROBERT TTIER.

WANTED,

A BRICK-MAKER, who understands his Business. Enquire at the Printing-Office.

THE ALEXANDRIA annual Purse of FIFTY POUNDS, will be Run for, on Thursday the 27th of May Inst. the best in Three Heats, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding; 14 Hands to carry 10 Stone, all above and below that Standard, Weight for Inches. And,

On the Day following, will be Run for, a Purse of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, the same Distance, by 4 Year old Colts; 14 Hands to carry 9 Stone, above and below that Standard, Weight for Inches.

The Horses to be Entered on the Monday before the Race, with the Managers, Mr. William Ramsay, Mr. James Lacroix, and Mr. John Kirkpatrick; each Horse to pay Fifty Shillings Entrance the First Day, and Twenty-five Shillings for the second Day; and those who do not Enter their Horses on the Monday aforesaid, to pay Double Entrance.

Three Horses to start, or no Race.

All Differences that may arise, will be decided by the Managers.

April 15, 1762.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Mr. Richard Snowden's Iron-Works, a Servant Man named Philip Mobs, aged about 27 Years, of a dark Complexion, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high. Had on when he went away, a white Holland Shirt, black Everlasting Breeches, a Damask Waistcoat, a full trimm'd Forest Cloth Coat, with Mohair Buttons, Country made Shoes, and Yarn Stockings. He has lost one of his fore Teeth by Fighting. He took with him a small Iron Grey Horse, a good Bridle, and a Saddle with a blue Housling.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and will bring him to the Subscriber, or cause him to be committed to any Goal in this Province, so that he may be had again, shall be paid Thirty Shillings, by

EDMUND JENINGS.

RAN away on the 8th Day of March last, two Servant Men, one of which is the Property of the Hon. John Tayloe, Esq; of Richmond County, in Virginia, an Irishman named James Connor, who speaks good English, aged about 24 Years, is a well made small Fellow, hath grey Eyes, and professes to be a Shoemaker by Trade, tho' knows very little of the Business. Had on when he went away, a brown Wig, an Olive colour'd Coat, and a blue Jacket and Breeches.

The other Servant is the Property of Col. William Brockenbrough of the same County, named Richard Dring, 50 Years of Age, about 5 Feet high and very well made, is pitted with the Small Pox, hath black Hair, by Trade a Taylor, and talks very thick. Had on when he went away, a white half-trimm'd Cloth Coat, black Plush Jacket and Breeches much worn, Virginia made Shoes, or turn'd Pumps.

It's supposed they went off in Company.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so as they may be had again, shall receive Three Pounds Reward; and if brought to the Subscriber at the Newbico Iron-Works, or to their said Masters, shall receive Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them, if taken within this Colony; or Seven Pounds for each or either of them if taken out of it, and all reasonable Charges, paid by

THOMAS LAWSON.

January 14, 1762.

STOLEN or Strayed from the Elk-Ridge Furnace, a Black Mare, 6 Years old, near 13½ Hands high, has a small Star in her Forehead, a Switch Tail, and is branded on the near Buttock L W. Also a Dark Bay Horse, 15 Years old, about 12 Hands high, has a white Lock of Hair in his Mane about a Span from his Ears, with a white Mark descending therefrom down each Side his Neck. Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, and secures them so that the Owner may have them again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward for each, and reasonable Charges, paid by

CALDER DORSEY.

March 30, 1762.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's Plantation, near the Eastern-Branch Ferry in Prince-George's County, the 27th Instant, Two likely Dark Bay Horses: One of them is a large well-set Horse, with large Legs, and one of his hind Feet and part of his Leg white, is shod all round, is a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Buttock I U, or something like it, he has a Switch Tail, and a large bushy Mane, which wanted trimming. The other Horse about 13 Hands high, trots, gallops and paces, and has a remarkable Cast with his fore Legs when he gallops, has a bob Tail, and his Mane has been lately trimmed; his Brand, if any, forgot.

Whoever will bring the said Horses to the Subscriber's House, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward for each.

JONATHAN SLATER.

NOTICE is hereby given, That any Person or Persons, inclinable to undertake the Building of a Wharf, with Stone, on the North-East Side of the Dock of Annapolis, from Mr. Middleton's Wharf to the Inspecting House on the Point, may be informed of the Terms, on Application to

NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN,
WILLIAM ROBERTS,
SAMUEL MIDDLETON,
LANCELOT JACQUES.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the Sixteenth of June next, at the House of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County,

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of Mr. James Wardrop, deceased, all lying in Frederick County.

One Tract called Hazard, lying on Little Conococheague, containing	790
One Ditto called Partnership, lying on the West Side of Manocassy, below the Upper Ford,	280
Dear Bought, lying on a Draught of Anti-Eatam, near the Head of a Spring at Thomas Anderson's old Place,	500
Green Spring, lying on the East Side of a Run about 50 Perches below the Green Spring,	210
Cool Spring, lying about a Mile from John Burges's, and near the main Road that leads thro' Frederick-Town,	75
Nut Spring, lying about 8 Miles from Frederick-Town, on a Run call'd Mill-Creek, that runs into Kittockton Creek,	114
John's Delight, lying on a small Run called Curry's Branch, at the Foot of Shanadore Mountain, near Curry's Gap,	104
Bloombury, lying Half a Mile from John Burges's House,	104
Piney Hill, lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of Conococheague, on the East Side of Lick Run, near Patowmack River,	86
Brentford, lying near John George Arnold's, on the West Side of the Road leading from Conococheague to Frederick-Town,	35
Oxford, lying near a Branch called John Chrysler's Spring Branch, on the North Side of the main Road leading thro' Frederick-Town, by Robert Evans's,	54
Red Oak Level, joining to a Tract of Land called Needwood, formerly laid out for Col. Thomas Cresap,	100

For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order,

ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

M A

To the P
GENTLEMEN,

AS the Province, is a plain, simple offer, a plain, simple the Want of Specie in your Paper, 'tis moting the Interest may at least be a Hand to offer a better I propose, that struck, and issued, (the Number of To computed to amount That the Bills for Payments.

As a Fund for p Currency, it is pro pay yearly, and ha being 5 per Cent. of the Whole in 20 Y That as this an 75000l. this Sum 4 per Cent. in any rency.

That the Com shall be tied dow have a landed Est borrowed, free of To ascertain th tion of the Judge gistrates, of the his landed Estate That to insure Bond, for the Sur of a Statute or J ference to be pa out of the Borro As a further S be provided by borrowed, shall on the landed E

That the Pur liable for the Pa That to secur tors in every Co sent the respect son impowered Clerk six Pound

That if each the Borrower, shall directly be in two Years al liable and acco

That the y ally lent out, bly, laid out i of the Provinc the Assembly

And lastly, whole Provinc sued, at Exp Silver, at the

I shall hin would natura Execution:

1st. Every the Use of that Debt in Part yearly.

2^d. Whoe ney, would Office, than his Lands v he behoved or Interest i

This ann rally soon re

this

ted

25.

[Numb. 888.]

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,
Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 13, 1762.

To the PRINTERS.

GENTLEMEN,

AS the Scarcity of Specie in the Province, makes a Paper Currency absolutely requisite, for the Convenience of carrying on Trade, and the mutual Dealings of Individuals, I offer, a plain, simple, easy Scheme, for supplying the Want of Specie: If you find it worthy a Place in your Paper, 'tis offered, with a View of promoting the Interest of the Province in general, and may at least be a Mean of inducing some abler Hand to offer a better.

I propose, that 150,000 *l.* Currency shall be struck, and issued, by paying to each Taxable 3 *l.* (the Number of Taxables in the Province, being computed to amount to 50,000).

That the Bills so issued shall pass Current in all Payments.

As a Fund for paying, and sinking this Paper Currency, it is proposed, that each Taxable shall pay yearly, and have added to his Public Levy, 3 *s.* being 5 per Cent. of the 3 *l.* lent him, which clears the Whole in 20 Years Time.

That as this annual Payment brings in yearly 7500 *l.* this Sum shall be annually lent out, at 4 per Cent. in any Sum not exceeding 500 *l.* Currency.

That the Commissioners in this Loan Office, shall be tied down to lend to none, but such as have a landed Estate, double the Value of the Sum borrowed, free of all Incumbrances.

To ascertain this, that they shall have the Opinion of the Judge of Court, and Four of the Magistrates, of the County where the Borrower has his landed Estate.

That to insure the Public in being repaid; the Bond, for the Sum borrowed, shall have the Effect of a Statute or Judgment Bond, and have a Preference to be paid, before any other Debt, both out of the Borrower's personal and real Estate.

As a further Security to the Public, that it shall be provided by Act of Assembly, that the Sum borrowed, shall affect, and be as much a Burthen on the landed Estate, as if mortgaged for that Sum.

That the Purchaser of any such Estate, shall be liable for the Payment of the Sum borrow'd.

That to secure the Purchaser, Lists of the Debtors in every County, shall from Time to Time be sent the respective County Clerks, and every Person empowered to see the List upon paying the Clerk six Pounds of Tobacco.

That if each Year's Interest be not paid in, by the Borrower, in Half a Year after due, his Bond shall directly be put in Suit; and if not recovered in two Years after due, the Commissioners shall be liable and accountable as if paid up.

That the yearly Interest of the Sums, so annually lent out, shall be, by Direction of the Assembly, laid out in helping to pay the Public Charge of the Province, or for such other Public Uses, as the Assembly shall think proper.

And lastly, that the Assembly shall bind the whole Province to the paying off the Bills, so issued, at Expiration of 20 Years, in Gold and Silver, at the Rates settled in the Tobacco Act.

I shall hint at the Advantages that the Public would naturally reap, by putting this Scheme in Execution:

1st. Every Taxable would, for 20 Years, have the Use of 3 *l.* without any Interest, and have that Debt insensibly paid, by paying only a 20th Part yearly.

2^d. Whoever had Occasion for borrowing Money, would find it easier to deal with the Loan-Office, than with a private Lender, as in the first his Lands would be taken as Surety, in the other he behoved to trouble those, who had no Concern or Interest in the Affair, to bind along with him.

This annual Sum to be lent out, would naturally soon reduce Interest to 4 per Cent. which might

induce the monied People to apply their Cash to Trade, rather than put up with such low Interest; and their purchasing with ready Cash, would gain the Province at least 10 per Cent. as it is a certain Fact, that ready Cash would procure *English* Goods 10 per Cent. cheaper, than purchasing with a Year's Credit.

To enforce this further, every Merchant knows that what raised the Trade of *Holland*, to such a high Pitch, was their settling the Interest of Money at 2½ per Cent. which had the very Effect above hinted at.

In one Word, every Individual would gain by such an easy Loan, and the Reducing their public Levy, by the Interest of the annual Sum lent, the Public would gain by having a sufficient Currency to answer the Country, and Trade gain, by hitching into a ready Money Trade, by the Sums that would be employed in it as above hinted at; and the Credit of the Currency fully secured by the public Security given.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your most humble Servant,
ZEDEKIAH HOMMONY, Planter.

LONDON, January 19.

Extract of a Letter from Weymouth, dated Jan. 13.

YESTERDAY was lost on Portland Beach a Frigate belonging to the King of France, her Name *La Zenobie*, Captain *Desage*, from *Havre-de-Grace*, mounted 22 Guns, Nine Pounders, and 210 Men, out of which about 70 are saved; the Captain is drowned. She was pierced for 26 Guns, and had 6 Months Provisions on board; she was judged to be bound on a Cruise to *Hispaniola*, and sailed from *Havre-de-Grace* last Sunday.

Extract of a Letter from Minehead, Jan. 16.

"The Ship *Lovely Peggy*, Thomas *Vavasor*, Commander, from *Jamaica* to *London*, laden with Rum, Sugar, Ginger, Pimento, &c. was found in this Channel, without any living Creature on board except some Parrots, and such like, and was brought into this Port the 14th instant. It appears that she sailed from *Jamaica* under Convoy of the *Ferret*, and it is to be hoped the Crew have been taken up by some other Vessel, as there is no apparent Sign of their having been washed overboard. She had about eight Feet Water in her Hold, and it is supposed the lower Tier of Sugar is washed out."

Feb. 1. The Preps for manning the Ships that are going on the secret Expedition is carried on with great Vigour; and the Constables, by searching Houses of bad Repute in the out Parts of the Town, have procured a considerable Number of able Men for his Majesty's Service.

Upwards of 20,000 Beds, &c. are making in the greatest Hurry imaginable for the Service of the Forces going on several Expeditions.

French Troops, to the Amount of 30,000 Men, are said to be in March along the *Flemish* Coast.

Feb. 11. One hundred thousand Stand of small Arms are shipping from the Tower, with every Necessary thereto belonging; to complete which, the proper Officers are employed in taking down a great Number of Pistols, Carbines, &c. from the small Armory in the Tower.

February 18. Many People seem to be under great Apprehensions that *Jamaica* will be in imminent Danger, should the French and Spaniards join and make an Attack on that valuable Island. Indeed a Quixot Scheme of this Nature may be attempted, but a Conquest of so large an Island must take up much Time; and while the Enemy are employed in it, they must leave but few People to defend the Island of *St. Domingo*: And it is in the Power of Great Britain to send a Squadron to that Part of the World, superior to the Enemy, with Land Forces. Add to this that we have a

large Squadron at *Martinico*, with at least 16,000 Men, including the *West-India* Volunteers, who, in all Probability, have ere now effected their Business at that Place: Half the Troops, and eight or ten Sail of Men of War, may then join the Troops and Squadron from *England*, which no Force of the Spaniards is able to withstand. That the Island of *St. Domingo* is unable to defend itself against 18 or 20,000 regular Troops is very manifest; the Gentlemen concerned in the Sugar Trade are therefore so far from being depressed on this Occasion, that with Pleasure they imagine they see the total Subversion of the French Sugar Trade, which is out of the Power of the French to prevent, provided the People in *Ireland* and *North-America* act as Friends to their Mother-Country, by not supplying the Enemy with Provisions.

By the last Accounts received from *Ferrol*, it appears that there are in that Harbour 21 Sail of Spanish Men of War, all well manned and armed, which, with those lately arrived there from *Brest*, make 28 Sail of the Line, besides Frigates, &c. It is said likewise, in the same Account, that the above Armament is intended against *Ireland*.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, Feb. 17.

"Came to Town 200 French Prisoners from *Winchester*, who have enlisted into his Majesty's Service."

BASSETTERE, (in *St. Christophers*.) April 7.

Admiral *Rodney* has sent Sir *James Douglas* to *Jamaica*, with ten Ships of the Line and a few Frigates, and Admiral *Pocock* is hourly expected to follow him.

Capt. *Joel* informs us, that 11 Spanish Vessels, mostly laden, have been taken and carried into *St. Christophers*; the 9th Instant Accounts were received from *Martinico*, that several Spanish Vessels from *Europe* had been taken and carried into that Island.

Charles-Town (South-Carolina) April 21.

A Letter in the *St. Christophers* Gazette, of the 3d Instant, says, "That three Expeditions were fitted out at *Portsmouth*, one of which, it is publicly said, is destined against the *Havannah*."

About 45 of the Privateers that were fitted out from *Martinico* are among the Neutral Islands, and continue to make a good many Captures, which they carry into *St. Thomas's*, *St. Croix*, *St. Eustatius*, &c.

BOSTON, April 26.

We can now assure our Readers, from the best Authority, that on the 5th of March the *Granadas* surrendered to his Majesty's Troops under General *Monckton*, on the same Terms with *Martinico*, and the Troops had taken Possession of *St. Lucia*, *St. Vincent* and *Tobago*, the former of which Places capitulated.

We hear from *Newport*, in *Rhode-Island*, that on Tuesday last died there Mr. JAMES FRANKLIN, of that Place, Printer.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at *Martinico*, to his Correspondent in *Philadelphia*, dated *St. Pierre*, Feb. 28, 1762.

The Conquest of this Island is certainly the most extraordinary one that has been made this War; whether we consider it in Respect of the Strength of the Country, the Opulence of its Inhabitants, or the Manner in which it was taken. For eight or ten Days the Enemy were baffled, harassed and alarmed with feigned Motions; they knew not where the Attack would be made, and therefore were weak in Regard of Men in all Places; at length the Troops were landed close under their Noses, without their daring to obstruct them. Every Inch of Ground is so very strong around *Fort-Royal*, that a Week was found absolutely necessary to reconnoitre it; during this Interval, however, the Enemy led a most disagreeable Life, lying on their Arms every Night, expecting the Assault every Minute, and harassed to Death by the Bombs of the Fleet, two of which kept playing

on their Lines incessantly. On the 24th ult. at Five in the Morning, the General gave the Orders for a general Attack of their Lines, marching himself at the Head of the Grenadiers. Neither Strength of Ground, Numbers, or Artillery, could avail the Enemy against the Valour of the Troops, and the excellent Disposition made by the General, who exposed his Person to the utmost Danger, as the Grenadiers, whom he never quitted, bore the heaviest Part of the Action; yet every individual Corps distinguished itself this Day, beating the Enemy from Hill to Hill, from Battery to Battery, crossing the most frightful Gullies and Precipices, and, in a Word, pursuing the broken Runaways into their strong Works at Monte-Granier and the Citadel. You have no Doubt had a List of the Killed and Wounded of this Day; on our Side they amounted to about 300 only, the Loss of the French was never rightly known. From this Time till the 27th, The General had his Head Quarters within Half Cannon Shot of their Post on Monte-Granier. On the 27th the Enemy took the bold Resolution of attacking our Lines, which ended in their total Ruin, for our brave Troops not only repulsed them with Slaughter, but continued the Pursuit till they had beat them out of their own Works, regardless of their Breastworks and Batteries, and at Ten o'Clock at Night took Possession of the Bulwark of Martinico, from whence I am positive all the Troops of France will never beat them by Force of Arms. From this Night we may date the Conquest of Martinico, for there was nothing like Defence afterwards; their Citadel held out but 5 Days; the different Quarters or Districts of the Island submitted for themselves, one by one, till at last M. La Fouché found himself under the Necessity to capitulate for the whole Island; in Consequence of which, the Grenadiers of the Army took Possession of St. Pierres, and the Grand Redoubt in the Mountains where all their valuable Effects and Women and Children were lodged, on the 16th Inst.; thus finishing a Conquest which, I hope, will continue British as long as their Arms shall give Law to both Worlds. It is needless for me to say any Thing in Regard of General Monckton's Conduct and Character, as you know him personally so much longer than I have had that Honour; I shall only observe, that so fit a Person could scarcely have been found for this Service, his remarkable Disinterestedness obliging the conquered Inhabitants to love and revere him as much in Peace, as his Courage and Steadiness made them fear him in War.

We have Advice from Cape Francois, that two Merchant Frigates, richly laden, having Cargoes on board valued at Twelve Hundred Thousand Livres each, bound to Old France, were both taken by his Majesty's Ship Boreas, Capt. Uvedale, and carried to Jamaica: That three or four English Vessels have been lately taken, and carried into the Cape, one of which a Polacco, belonging to New York, and another from Liverpool: That the French Men of War arrived there, as mentioned in our last, are in very bad Order, and ill found: And that as a great many French Merchants were at that Place, it was thought they would be immediately loaded, and proceed Home, under Convoy of the King's Ships.

Yesterday Captain Smith arrived here in nine Weeks from Portsmouth, by whom we have Papers to the 22d of February; from which we have extracted all that is material, and is as follows, viz.

That Admiral Saunders, with his whole Squadron, was cruising off of Cadiz, with Orders to act offensively: That the second Expedition on Foot, was to consist of 12 Men of War of the Line, five Frigates, two Fireships, and a Bomb, with about 6000 Land Forces: That by Letters from Copenhagen, that Court, before the Death of the Czarina, was on the Point of entering into a Treaty with those of London and Berlin, his Danish Majesty having agreed to the Proposal made to him, to furnish the King of Prussia with 12,000 Men, to reinforce Prince Henry's Army in Saxony: That the Honourable Colonel Howe, and several other Officers, appointed to go on a secret Expedition, were set out for Portsmouth: That a Design had been discovered of blowing up the Magazine at Portsmouth, and several Persons taken up that were concerned in the wicked Attempt: That Advice, it was said, was received from Spain that all the British Ships that were stopped in their Ports, are ordered to be released; and that all the Merchants Effects, &c. are also released, and the Embargo intirely taken off.

That it was expected Admiral Saunders would attack Cadiz, which, it was thought, would not be a very difficult Conquest; and that if Cadiz was

taken, all the Ships of War in the Carracchs must be destroyed, or fall into our Hands, and likewise all the Naval Stores in that Royal Yard: That the Grand Expedition, some thought, was designed against La Vera Cruz; but others, that it was certainly destined for the Havannah; and that the Earl of Albemarle, Col. Keppel, and Commodore Keppel, were to command the Land Forces; so that from the united Efforts of three gallant Brothers, that Success might be expected against Cuba, which the brave Admiral Vernon was not able to obtain the last War, from the Disunion of a divided Command: That the Expedition Fleet was victualled for the West-Indies, and ordered to be got ready by the First of March: That Spain declared War against England in Form the 18th of January: That the Neapolitan Resident, at the Court of Great-Britain, had declared, by Order, that his Master's Desire was to remain neuter; and that he did not accede to the Bourbon Family Treaty with Spain.

That Sir Robert Keith, the British Minister at Petersburg, had intimated how advantageous it would be for both Nations to renew the Treaty of Commerce subsisting between them: That from Havelberg, News had been received, that a Suspension of Arms was solemnly proclaimed, by Sound of Trumpet, and under a Discharge of all the Artillery, between the Troops of his Imperial Majesty of all the Russias, and those of the King of Prussia: That the Grand Signior had demanded a Passage thro' Poland for a numerous Army, that is to march to the Assistance of the Prussian King: That His Prussian Majesty had received a Letter from the Emperor of the Russias, couched in very friendly Terms, and quite different from those used betwixt two Sovereigns at War with each other: That by some Letters from Madrid and Lisbon, the Court of Spain had consented to the Neutrality of Portugal: That the Gentlemen of the British Factory at Petersburg had the Honour of being presented to their Imperial Majesties, when they were received in the most gracious Manner, and assured of his Protection: That the King of Prussia has named Count de Schwerin to go to Petersburg, and congratulate the Grand Duke upon his Accession to the Russian Empire; had given Orders for releasing all the Russian Prisoners without Ransom; and that a Cessation of Hostilities had been settled between the Russian and Prussian Troops in Pomerania: That the Earl of Albemarle, and the other General Officers, going on the Grand Expedition, had arrived at Portsmouth; as was Admiral Pocock, who had hoisted his Flag on board the Namur: And that a Number of new Men of War were building, and Privateering going on with the greatest Spirit.

Captain Smith sailed with the West-India Fleet, under Convoy of two Ships of the Line, of 64 and 74 Guns; the whole making about 200 Sail.

Yesterday the Privateer Brig New Grace, Capt. Taylor, Commander, fell down in order to proceed on a Cruise.

The Schooner Hawke, Capt. Archbold, is also fitting out, and will sail in a few Days.

We have now building a fine Ship of 94 Feet Keel, for a Privateer, to be commanded by Capt. Appowen.

ANNAPOLIS, May 13.
We are informed by a Gentleman, who left Philadelphia last Saturday Afternoon, that as he was coming away, the New-York Post came in, and brought an Account of the Reinstatement of Mr. PITT.

About a Fortnight ago, died in Philadelphia, of a Consumption, the Rev. Mr. Theophilus Swift, Rector of Port-Tobacco Parish, in Charles County.

About three Weeks ago, John Allen, who lived on the North Side of Severn, was barbarously murdered by one Aggleton, near Patapsco Ferry, in Baltimore County. It seems Aggleton was a De-fetter, who was then employed in cutting of Wood for the Iron-Works, near the Road Side, and as Allen was going to a Plantation, he went up to him, and enquired the Way thither; the other left his Work, and went with him about 20 Yards, and then with an Axe split his Skull to Pieces, and afterwards threw his Body behind a Parcel of Wood, which he had piled up, where it was found a few Days after. The Murderer (with his Wife, and three Children) has since absconded, and is not yet apprehended.

Last Week, at a Special Court held at Frederick-Town, Richard Crosby, alias Dewy, was tried, convicted, and received Sentence of Death, for shooting Mr. Wire.

This Morning arrived here, in 16 Days from St. Kitt's, the Sloop Mary-Anne, Capt. Nathaniel

Cropper; who informs us, That Admiral Pocock, with a Number of Men of War, and Troops, was arrived at Barbados.

LIEUTENANT Colonel John Dagworthy having, in Pursuance of a Warrant from his Excellency Sir Jeffery Amherst, Lieutenant-General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces on this Continent, received from Abraham Mortier, Esq; Deputy Paymaster General, Eighteen Thousand and Twenty five and One Half Dollars, to pay off the Arrears of Pay due to the Officers and Men, who composed the Maryland Troops, from the Eighth Day of October, Seventeen Hundred and Fifty-seven, until they were disbanded or dismissed: Notice is hereby given, That Lieutenant Colonel John Dagworthy, and Doctor David Ross, will attend at Mr. Middleton's in Annapolis, during the second Week in July next, and at Queen's Town in Queen-Anne's County, during the fourth Week of the same Month, to pay the Money abovementioned to the several Officers and Soldiers to whom the same is due, or to their Assignees or Representatives: Wherefore, all Persons who served in the Maryland Troops, and all Persons, who, by Virtue of Assignments from the Officers or Men, or who by any other Means, have a Right to receive any Part of the Arrears due to the said Troops, are desired to make their respective Claims at the Places and Times, and to the Gentlemen, abovementioned.

By Order of his Excellency the Governor,
J. ROSS, Cl. Con.

THOSE who survive of the Officers that served in the Maryland Troops, and the Representatives of such as are dead, are desired to meet at Annapolis, on Tuesday the Sixth Day of July next, in order that their several Accounts with each other, and with the Men who served under their Command, may be adjusted.

JOHN DAGWORTHY,
DAVID ROSS.

ALL those who are indebted to the Estate of Mrs. Anne Allingham, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment; and those who have any just Claims against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted, by
THOMAS CHITTAM, } Executors.
ANDREW BEALL, }

Annapolis, May 12, 1762.

SOME Time ago I lent my SADDLE to a Gentleman, whose Name I cannot now recollect: As I am in Want of it, I take this Method to request the Gentleman to return it as soon as possible.
WILLIAM PACA.

WANTED.

A LAD of about 15 or 16 Years of Age, who can Read and Write, as a Servant. He must be bound for Five Years. Cloaths, Board, and all Necessaries, will be given him. Enquire at the Printing-Office.

WANTED for Two Years, a Negro Boy about 14 Years old, to wait on a Gentleman. Enquire at the Printing-Office.

NOW in the Possession of the Subscriber, and has been ever since last Provincial Court, a Sorrel Mare about 13 Hands high, paces a travelling Gait, has a Flaxen Mane and Tail, branded on the near Shoulder with the Letter M reversed, and on the near Buttock with an M.

Whoever proves his Property to the said Mare, may have her again, paying the Charge of advertising.
HENRY GASSAWAY.

May 2, 1762.

STRAYED or **STOLEN** from the Subscriber's Dwelling Plantation, in St. Mary's County, about the First of April, a Dark Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, she has a Bob Tail, her Mane grows on the wrong Side, and she is branded on the near Buttock thus ()

Whoever will contrive the said Mare, or secure her so as the Subscriber may have her again, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, paid by
MARY MCGILL.

THERE is at the Plantation of Charles Coxall, in Baltimore County, taken up as Strays, a small Grey Mare, and a Colt belonging to her; neither dock'd nor branded.

The Owner may have them again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

SUPPOSED 29th of Sept. Anne Arundel Co. Works, a likely June next, full not any white a der with two sma quite plain, has full Buttock pre not quite natural Whoever take the Owner, so as Three Pounds paid by

THERE is ther, in P a Stray, a Dark a small Star in Brand. The Owner n his Property, an

To be SOLD **CHOICE** Pipes, Ho and fine Salt, gar by the Barre THOM

DOVE, a b Hands h last November, Plantation he r Maryland, Will Pistoles; and t Foal, shall hav Season, Gratis ed). He was b in the North of his Dam by Te Arabian, and o Six Royal Plate He run at New on the 21st of Duke of Cleve Bay Colt Swift Esq; Charles W Cornforth's Bay Filly Nameless, and his Beauty

To be SOL Pursuant to the at his late in Prince-G of this Infla Exchange, o Exchange,

A PARCE consist among which As also all of every Kind

N. B. T to a Journey

ALL Per selves pend on hav plying to Lie this Province cy to each R Virginia Cur Enlistment, also to be, at Cloathed fro all Necessari at the Color dily meet v Arthur Chai to Mr. Dav or to Mr. C County; a me, and gi portunity o

CARRI a Bo Portmante and Wear Hands the carry the Dock, wh Honestly a

May 9, 1762.

SUPPOSED to be Stolen by a Soldier, on the 29th of September last, from the Subscriber in Anne Arundel County, near Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works, a likely Dark Bay Horse, 4 Years old in June next, full 14 Hands high when taken away, not any white about him, branded on the off Shoulder with two small Keys, laid across each other, not quite plain, has a Sprig Tail, hanging Mane, a full Buttock pretty steep, a large Head, he paces not quite naturally, and goes pretty wide behind. Whoever takes up the said Horse, or informs the Owner, so as he may be had again, shall have Three Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by
BENJAMIN GAITHER.

THERE is at the Plantation of Samuel Prather, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Mare about 14 Hands high, a small Star in her Forehead, but no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD for ready Money or short Credit, CHOICE Madeira and Lisbon WINES, in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter Casks, coarse and fine Salt, Barrell'd Pork, and Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or larger Quantity.
THOMAS RICHARDSON and Company.

DOVE, a beautiful Dark Grey Horse, full 15 Hands high, was imported from Scotland last November, by Dr. Thomas Hamilton, at whose Plantation he now is, in Prince-George's County, Maryland, Will Cover Mares this Season at Six Pistoles; and those Mares that prove not with Foal, shall have the Benefit of the Horse next Season, Gratis (or one Half of the Money returned). He was bred by Mr. Thomas Jackson, senior, in the North of England, was got by Young Cade, his Dam by Teaser, his Grand-dam by Scawing's Arabian, and out of the Gardener Mare, that won Six Royal Plates of One Hundred Guineas each. He ran at Newcastle upon Tyne at Four Years old, on the 21st of October, 1760, and Distanced the Duke of Cleveland's Roan Filly, Roxana, beat the Bay Colt Swift, belonging to William Swinburn, Esq; Charles Wilson's Bay Colt Windle, William Cornforth's Bay Colt Montreal, and Selington's Bay Filly Nameless. As to his Blood, it is indisputable, and his Beauty also among Judges.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDOR, Pursuant to the Last Will of Mr. Benjamin Boyd, at his late Dwelling-House, near Queen Anne, in Prince-George's County, on Thursday the 20th of this Instant May, for Sterling Money, Bills of Exchange, or Dollars and Pistoles at the Current Exchange.

A PARCEL of likely valuable NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women, and Children; among which are a Cooper and Carpenter. As also all his Household Furniture, and Stock of every Kind.

THOMAS BOYD, } Executors.
ABRAHAM BOYD, }

N. B. The Subscribers will give good Wages to a Journeyman Blacksmith.

ALL Persons who are inclin'd to Enlist themselves in the Virginia Regiment, may depend on having the best Encouragement, by applying to Lieutenant Philip Love, who is now in this Province, and gives Ten Pounds this Currency to each Recruit, which Recruit has Eight Pence Virginia Currency per Day, from the Time of his Enlistment, till he is discharged the Service; he is also to be, at his joining the Regiment, completely Cloathed from Head to Foot, and furnished with all Necessaries, requisite for a Gentleman Soldier, at the Colony's Expence. Those who can't readily meet with me, are desired to apply to Mr. Arthur Charlton or Capt. Price in Frederick-Town, to Mr. Davis, Tavern-keeper in Frederick County, or to Mr. Charles Love near Allen's-Fresh in Charles County; any of those Gentlemen will Enlist for me, and give good Quarters, until I have an Opportunity of seeing them myself.

PHILIP LOVE.

April 24, 1762.

CARRIED and Delivered to some Persons in a Boat in Annapolis Dock, by Mistake, a Portmanteau Trunk, containing some Linen, Hose, and Wearing Apparel. The Persons in whose Hands the said Trunk is fallen, are desired to carry the same to Captain James Reith near the Dock, who will amply Reward them for their Honesty and Trouble.

THE following Fifteen Tickets in the George-Town Lottery, viz. N^o. 1221 to N^o. 25, and N^o. 1266 to N^o. 75, Sign'd James Pearce, were lodged in the Hands of Robert Sterling, late of George-Town, by the Subscriber and Others, on a Wager. Mr. Sterling says the Tickets are lost or mislaid. Any Person who may have got them, are desired to return them, and the Managers are forewarned not to pay any Prize or Prizes which the said Tickets may draw, to any Person but me, as the Tickets are not accounted for.

2 GEORGE PEARCE.

THE Subscriber has a new Schooner Boat, well fitted, with good Accommodations for Passengers, to go any where in the Bay, and will carry Goods at reasonable Rates. She will carry Five Hundred Bushels of Grain.

He likewise carries on the SILVER and GOLD SMITH'S BUSINESS in all its Branches; and has a very good Hand for making MOURNING RINGS, as cheap as they can be had from London.

He gives the best Prices for old Gold and Silver.

2 JAMES CHALMERS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons in Virginia and Maryland who are indebted to Mr. Thomas Knox of the City of Bristol, Merchant, or to him in Partnership with any Person or Persons, not to pay any of their Debts but to Mr. Benjamin Waller or Mr. John Wayles, in Virginia. Matthew Hale, Isaac Elton, Thomas Whitehead, Thomas Deane, Samuel Smith, William Miller, Edward Garlick, } Assignees. 2

May 3, 1762.

THREE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, living at West-River, a Convict Servant Man named William Lindley, who probably may pretend to be a Gardener, was born in England, and speaks pretty broad, about Five Feet Eight or Nine Inches high, of a dark Complexion, and wears his own Hair. Had on when he went away, a light grey Half-thick Coat, new Check Shirt, Brown Roll Trowsers, old channell'd Pumps, and a half-worn Felt Hat; he also took with him, a Pair of new Osnabrigs Trowsers.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Run-away, so that his Master may have him again, shall be entitled to the above Reward; and if brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by

2 STEPHEN STEWARD.

May 1, 1762.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber living in Charles-Town, Cecil County, on the Evening of the 7th ult. a middle sized Sorrel Horse, with a Blaze in his Face, 7 or 8 Years old this Grass, his two hind Feet white, paces and hand-gallops, was shod all round, and the Shoes much worn, was lately trimmed, but very ill done, no perceivable Brand. Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to Capt. Catto at the Head of Elk, or the Subscriber in Charles-Town, shall have a Reward of Three Pounds Currency: If stolen, any Person apprehending or discovering the Thief, so as he be brought to Justice, shall have a Reward of Six Pounds Currency.

2 FRANCIS KEY.

Calvert County, April 13, 1762.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, on the 30th of March last, a small Light Grey Gelding, 4 Years old, he has a Switch Tail, a hanging Mane, and branded on the near Buttock TR (join'd in one.)

Also, a likely Black Mare, 2 Years old, with a small white Snip on her Nose. She was neither dock'd nor branded when stolen.

Whoever will give Information to the Subscriber of the said Creatures, so that he may get them again, shall have Ten Shillings Reward for each, or Fifteen Shillings for each if brought home; and for apprehending and bringing to Justice the Person who stole the said Creatures, Four Pieces of Eight, paid by

2 JOHN CABELL.

SUPPOSED to be Stolen from the Subscriber, on the 23d Day of April last, a Dark Bay Horse, a natural Pacer, with a Switch Tail, and a long hanging Mane, not branded as can be remembered. There was on him, an half worn Saddle, with a Flannel Saddle Cloth, and a New Curb Bridle. Whoever secures the Horse, Saddle and Furniture, so that the Subscriber may have them again, shall be entitled to a Reward of Twenty Shillings Currency.

HENRY GASSAWAY.

2 X

WANTED,

IN the Prerogative Office, a sober diligent young Man, who can write a good Hand: Such a one will meet with good Encouragement, on applying to
JOHN DAVIDGE.

Cecil County, April 1, 1762.

DROPP'D near the Narrows of Eastern-Neck-Island, on the 11th of March, and supposed to be pick'd up by one Daniel Peck, a Shallop-man, belonging to Talbot County, a middle sized SILVER WATCH, the Maker's Name Peter Upjohn or Upjohns, Biddesford; the Number forgot. It shews the Day of the Month. When lost there was to it a small Steel Chain, a Steel Seal, the Figure on which is a flying Eagle. The Chain of the Watch was broke, so that she could be of no Service till repaired; it is therefore hoped, any Watchmaker, or other, into whose Hands she may come, will stop her, so that the Owner may have her again, for which they shall receive a Reward of Twelve Dollars from Mr. William Faris in Annapolis, or
ROBERT MERCER.

YOUNG TRAVELLER Covers Mares this Season at Two Guineas. He is a fine strong Horse, upwards of Sixteen Hands high, was bred by Col. Taffer, and got by Mr. Moreton's Traveller out of Miss Colwill.
HENRY ROZER.

Bladenburg, February 1, 1762.

Scheme of a LOTTERY, for raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Twenty Pounds, for removing several shoals, in the Eastern Branch of Patowmack, from the Wharf at Bladenburg downwards, and from thence to the Bridge upwards, and for enlarging the Wharf:

THE S C H E M E.

	Pounds.	is	Pounds.
1 of 100	are	100	
2 of 50	are	100	
5 of 20	are	100	
10 of 10	are	100	
30 of 5	are	150	
152 of 1:10	are	228	
1 First drawn Blank		1	
1 Last drawn Blank		1	

202 Prizes, 780
1798 Blanks. Sum raised 220

2000 Tickets at 10 s. each, are 1000 L.

AS the Sum wanted is but small, and the Number of Tickets are few, the Proportion of Prizes to the Blanks could not be increased without making the Prizes so small as to render them not worth the Acceptance of the Adventurers. But as the Price of the Tickets is low, and the designed Application of general Benefit to all interested in Navigation, it's hoped this Scheme, for raising the Sum wanted, will meet with Encouragement from both the Merchant and Planter.

The Managers are, Messrs. Christopher Lowndes, John Row, Thomas Chittam, Richard Henderson, Francis Hatfield, Daniel Stephenson, Richard Whittle, Thomas Gantt, junr. (one of the first Commissioners for laying out Bladenburg), and David Ross: They will give Bond for their faithful Performance, and act upon Oath in the Discharge of the Trust reposed in them.

Notice of the Time of Drawing, at Bladenburg, will be given in this GAZETTE. Prizes not demanded in Six Months after Publication of the Numbers, will be deemed as generously given to the Design.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

N. B. Dollars, Pistoles, or Pennsylvania Currency, will be received as they now Pass, for Tickets; and the Prizes paid off in like Manner.

To be LET, and Enter'd on immediately,

THE House wherein Mr. John Carnan lately dwelt, situate in a very convenient Part of Baltimore-Town, being a good Brick Dwelling, having a Kitchen and Cellar, two large Parlours, and four Chambers; a Brick Smoak-House; a Fram'd Stable; and three Acres of Ground inclosed within a Post and Rail Fence; and a good Garden paved in.

Also, a Plantation situate on the great Road to the Fork of Gunpowder, scarce three Miles from Baltimore-Town, having two Meadows, a Barn, two Fram'd Houses, fit for a Dwelling-House and Quarter, and other necessary Out-Houses; and clear'd Land, sufficient for a good Farm.

For Terms apply to Mr. JOHN RIDGELY, in Baltimore-Town.

BOOK-BINDING, in the neatest Manner, perform'd at the *Printing-Office*, by **WILLIAM POULTNEY**.

BY Virtue of an Act, made and passed at the late Session of Assembly of this Province, Notice is hereby given, That there will be exposed to Sale to the highest Bidder, on Tuesday the 10th Day of August next ensuing, A LOT of Ground, N^o. 102, situate on the Northeast Part of the City of Annapolis, with the three Dwelling Houses thereon. The Sale to be on the Premises, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon.

WILLIAM CLAJON,
MARY CLAJON, Administratrix.

Anne-Arundel County, April 12th, 1762.
TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the *Patowmack* Furnace, near Elk-Ridge Landing, Two English Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

George Seymour, aged near 30 Years, 6 Feet high, spare made, thin Visage, sandy Complexion, and thick of Hearing. Had on a white Kersey Jacket and Breeches, a green Half-Thick under Jacket, Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, grey ribb'd Yarn Hose, and Country-made Shoes.

Stephen Howkes, aged about 27 Years, near 6 Feet high, spare made, thin Visage, yellow Complexion (having lately had the Ague and Fever). Had on a brown Fearnought Jacket, green Half-Thick under Jacket and Breeches, old Dowlas Shirt, Felt Hat, brown mix'd Worsted Hose, Country-made Shoes, and plain Braß Buckles. They pretend to be used to the Sea.

There is missing two Horse Kind (which 'tis supposed they have); the one a low well-set Sorrel, with a flaxen Mane, and bob Tail, a Star in his Forehead, branded on the near Buttock, but the Form forgot. The other a young Brown Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, two white Feet, a small Blaze in her Face, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock, but the Form not perceptible.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants and Horse Kind, so that they may be had again, shall receive, if 10 Miles from Home, Twenty Shillings; if 20 Miles, Thirty Shillings; if 40 Miles, Forty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds Currency for each of the Two Men more than the Law allows, and Twenty Shillings for each of the two Horse Kind, and reasonable Charges allowed, if brought to the said Furnace, of Mr. *Thomas Harrison* and Company, by

JOSEPH WATKINS.

N. B. 'Tis supposed they are in Company with Two other Servant Men, as such are missing, and were seen with them the Evening before they went off. Both of those wear their own Hair, of a brown Colour, and have light colour'd Coats. They will probably change their Cloaths, as I am informed *Seymour* was seen with a blue Jacket.

COMMITTED to the Custody of the Sheriff of Baltimore County, in *October* last, as a Runaway, a Person who says his Name is *John Wilson*, and that his Master lives in *Virginia*, not far beyond *Patowmack*, but low down. He appears to be about 25, is short and well made, of a fair Complexion; and is but a simple Fellow.

His Master may have him again, on paying Fees, and applying to

AQUILA HALL, Sheriff.

BROKE, or rather burnt out of *Prince-George's* County Goal, on Sunday Night the 18th of April last, a Woman named *Catharine Harlin*, committed on Suspicion of Felony, of a middle Size, very talkative, and has grey Eyes. Her Apparel very indifferent, an old Country Cloth strip'd Petticoat, and the Body of an old Plad Gown. She has neither Shoes, Stockings, nor Cap. She formerly lived in *St. Mary's* County, and since at *Bladenburg*; but was taken up and committed from *Broad-Creek* in the County aforesaid. Whoever takes up the said Woman, and brings her to *Upper-Marlborough*, shall have One Pistole Reward, paid by **BENJAMIN BROOKES.**

WANTED,

BRICK-MAKER, who understands his Business. Enquire at the *Printing-Office*.

GOOD Entertainment for Men and Horses, with good Boats for Passengers to pass and repass to *Annapolis*, kept by the Subscriber at *Broad-Creek Ferry*, on *Kent-Island*. He has also very good Pasturage for Horses. The Subscriber having been used to the Sea, has good Experience in Boats.

THOMAS RIMMER.

April 13, 1762.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Mr. *Richard Snowden's* Iron-Works, a Servant Man named *Philip Mstr*, aged about 27 Years, of a dark Complexion, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high. Had on when he went away, a white Holland Shirt, black Everlasting Breeches, a Damask Waistcoat, a full trimm'd Forest-Cloth Coat, with Mohair Buttons, Country made Shoes, and Yarn Stockings. He has lost one of his fore Teeth by Fighting. He took with him a small Iron Grey Horse, a good Bridle, and a Saddle with a blue Housling.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and will bring him to the Subscriber, or cause him to be committed to any Goal in this Province, so that he may be had again, shall be paid Thirty Shillings, by

EDMUND JENINGS.

RAN away on the 8th Day of March last, two Servant Men, one of which is the Property of the Hon. *John Taylor*, Esq. of *Richmond* County, in *Virginia*, an Irishman named *James Connor*, who speaks good English, aged about 24 Years, is a well made small Fellow, hath grey Eyes, and professes to be a Shoemaker by Trade, tho' knows very little of the Business. Had on when he went away, a brown Wig, an Olive colour'd Coat, and a blue Jacket and Breeches.

The other Servant is the Property of Col. *William Brockenbrough* of the same County, named *Richard Dring*, 50 Years of Age, about 5 Feet high and very well made, is pitted with the Small Pox, hath black Hair, by Trade a Taylor, and talks very thick. Had on when he went away, a white half trimm'd Cloth Coat, black Plush Jacket and Breeches much worn, *Virginia* made Shoes, or turn'd Pumps.

It's supposed they went off in Company.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so as they may be had again, shall receive Three Pounds Reward; and if brought to the Subscriber at the *Neabsco* Iron-Works, or to their said Masters, shall receive Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them, if taken within this Colony; or Seven Pounds for each or either of them, if taken out of it, and all reasonable Charges, paid by

THOMAS LAWSON.

DRIVER, a fine strong Horse, near 15 Hands high, got by *Othello*, his Dam by *Old Spark*, his Grand-dam by the late Governor *OGLE's Barb*. Covers for Thirty Shillings; and those Mares that do not prove with Foal, may have the Benefit of next Season for Ten Shillings.

ROBERT TYLER.

THE ALEXANDRIA annual Purse of FIFTY POUNDS, will be Run for, on Thursday the 27th of May Inst. the best in Three Heats, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding; 14 Hands to carry 10 Stone, all above and below that Standard, Weight for Inches. And,

On the Day following, will be Run for, a Purse of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, the same Distance, by 4 Year old Colts; 14 Hands to carry 9 Stone, above and below that Standard, Weight for Inches.

The Horses to be Entered on the Monday before the Race, with the Managers, Mr. *William Ramsay*, Mr. *James Lawrie*, and Mr. *John Kirkpatrick*; each Horse to pay Fifty Shillings Entrance the First Day, and Twenty five Shillings for the second Day; and those who do not Enter their Horses on the Monday aforesaid, to pay Double Entrance.

Three Horses to start, or no Race. All Differences that may arise, will be decided by the Managers.

GR-E-A-T-B-R-I-T-A-I-N, a fine young Dray Horse from *England*, upwards of 16 Hands high, and remarkably strong, will Cover Mares this Season at Two Pistoles. Good Pasturage for Mares.

JOSEPH SIM.

The famous Horse AERIEL,

WILL Cover Mares this Season, at Mr. *William Digges's* on *Patowmack*, at Two Guineas the Season. Good Pasturage for Mares.

March 30, 1762.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's Plantation, near the *Eastern-Branch* Ferry in *Prince-George's* County, the 27th Instant, Two likely Dark Bay Horses: One of them is a large well-set Horse, with large Legs, and one of his hind Feet and part of his Leg white, is shod all round, is a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Buttock I U, or something like it, he has a Switch Tail, and a large bushy Mane, which wanted trimming. The other Horse about 13 Hands high, trots, gallops and paces, and has a remarkable Cast with his fore Legs when he gallops, has a bob Tail, and his Mane has been lately trimmed; his Brand, if any, forgot.

Whoever will bring the said Horses to the Subscriber's House, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward for each.

JONATHAN SLATER.

NOTICE is hereby given, That any Person or Persons, inclinable to undertake the Building of a Wharf, with Stone, on the North-East Side of the Dock of *Annapolis*, from Mr. *Middleton's* Wharf to the Inspecting House on the Point, may be informed of the Terms, on Application to

NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN,
WILLIAM ROBERTS,
SAMUEL MIDDLETON,
LANCELOT JACQUES.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the Sixteenth of June next, at the House of *Arthur Charlton*, in *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County.

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of Mr. *James Wardrop*, deceased, all lying in *Frederick* County.

One Tract called <i>Hazard</i> , lying on <i>Little Conococheague</i> , containing	790
One Ditto called <i>Partnership</i> , lying on the West Side of <i>Manockasy</i> , below the Upper Ford,	280

<i>Dear Bought</i> , lying on a Draught of <i>Anti-Eatam</i> , near the Head of a Spring at <i>Thomas Anderson's</i> old Place,	500
---	-----

<i>Green Spring</i> , lying on the East Side of a Run about 50 Perches below the <i>Green Spring</i> ,	210
--	-----

<i>Cool Spring</i> , lying about a Mile from <i>John Burges's</i> , and near the main Road that leads thro' <i>Frederick-Town</i> ,	75
---	----

<i>Nut Spring</i> , lying about 8 Miles from <i>Frederick-Town</i> , on a Run call'd <i>Mill-Creek</i> , that runs into <i>Kittokton Creek</i> ,	114
--	-----

<i>John's Delight</i> , lying on a small Run called <i>Curry's Branch</i> , at the Foot of <i>Shanendore Mountain</i> , near <i>Curry's Gap</i> ,	104
---	-----

<i>Bloombury</i> , lying Half a Mile from <i>John Burges's</i> House,	104
---	-----

<i>Piney Hill</i> , lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of <i>Conococheague</i> , on the East Side of <i>Lick Run</i> , near <i>Patowmack River</i> ,	86
---	----

<i>Brentford</i> , lying near <i>John George Arnold's</i> , on the West Side of the Road leading from <i>Conococheague</i> to <i>Frederick-Town</i> ,	35
---	----

<i>Oxford</i> , lying near a Branch called <i>John Chrystie's Spring Branch</i> , on the North Side of the main Road leading thro' <i>Frederick-Town</i> , by <i>Robert Evans's</i> ,	54
---	----

<i>Red Oak Level</i> , joining to a Tract of Land called <i>Needwood</i> , formerly laid out for Col. <i>Thomas Cresap</i> ,	100
--	-----

For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order,

ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by **JONAS GREEN**, and **WILLIAM RIND**, at the **PRINTING-OFFICE**, the Sign of the **BIBLE**, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this **GAZETTE**, at 12s. 6d. per Year. **ADVERTISEMENTS** of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 20, 1762.

The DECLARATION of WAR by Spain against GREAT-BRITAIN, published at Madrid the 18th Day of January, 1762.

THE KING.

ALTHOUGH I have already taken for a Declaration of War by England against Spain, the inconsiderate Step of Lord Bristol, the His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador at my Court, when he demanded of Don Richard Wall, my Minister of State, what Engagements I had contracted with France, making this the Condition of his Demand, or rather adding this Threat, That if he did not receive a categorical Answer, he would leave my Court, and take the Demand for an Aggression: And although, before this Provocation was received, my Patience was tired out with suffering and beholding, on many Occasions, that the English Government minded no other Law, but the Aggression of their Nation by Land, and universal Depredation by Sea: I was nevertheless desirous to see whether this Menace would be carried into Execution, or whether the Court of England, sensible of the Inefficacy of such Methods towards my Dignity, and that of my Crown, would not employ others that should be more suitable to me, and make me overlook all those Insults. But the Haughtiness of the English was so far from containing it within just Bounds, that I have just learned that, on the 2d Instant, a Resolution was taken by the Britannic King in Council, to declare War against Spain. Thus, seeing myself under the hard Necessity of following this Example, which I would never have given, because it is so horrible, and so contrary to Humanity, I have ordered, by a Decree of the 15th Inst. that War should likewise be immediately declared, on my Part, against the King of England, his Kingdoms, Estates and Subjects; and that, in Consequence thereof, proper Orders should be sent to all Parts of my Dominions, where it should be necessary for their Defence, and that of my Subjects, as well as for acting offensively against the Enemy.

For this End, I order my Council of War to take the requisite Measures that this Declaration of War may be published at my Court, and in my Kingdoms, with the Formalities usual upon such Occasions; and that in Consequence all Kind of Hostilities may be exercised towards the English; that those of them who are not naturalized in Spain may leave my Kingdoms; that they may carry on no Trade there; and that only those who are employed as Artisans may be suffered to remain: That for the future my Subjects may have no Dealings with those of England, nor with the Estates of that Crown, for any of their Productions or Fisheries, particularly Cod, or their Manufactures or Merchandise; so that the Inhibition of this Trade may be understood to be, and may be in Fact, absolute and effective, and stamp a vicious Quality, and a Prohibition of Sale on the aforesaid Effects, Productions, Fisheries, Cod, Merchandise and Manufactures of the Dominions of England: That no Vessels whatsoever, with the above mentioned Effects on board, may be admitted into my Harbours, and that they may not be permitted to be brought in by Land, being illicit and prohibited in my Kingdoms; though they may have been brought or deposited in Buildings, Baggage, Warehouses, Shops or Houses of Merchants, or other private Persons, my Subjects or Vassals, or Subjects or Vassals of Provinces and States with whom I am in Peace or Alliance, or have a free Trade, whom, nevertheless, I intend not to hurt, or to disturb the Peace, the Liberty, and Privileges which they enjoy, by Treaty, or carrying on a legal Trade in my Kingdoms with their Ships, and the proper and peculiar Productions of their Lands, Provinces and Conquests, or the Produce of their Manufactures.

I also command, that all Merchants who shall have in their Possession any Cod, or other Fish or Produce of the Dominions of England, shall in the Space of fifteen Days from the Date of this Declaration, declare the same, and deliver an Account thereof, either at my Court, or elsewhere, to the Officers who shall be appointed by the Marquis de Squillac, Superintendent-General of my Revenues, that the whole may be forthcoming; and such of the said Effects, of which a List shall not be so delivered in the Space of fifteen Days, shall be immediately confiscated; two Months, and no more, being allowed, for the Consumption of those which shall be declared after which Time the Merchants shall be obliged to carry the said Effects to the Custom-Houses, and, where there is no Custom-House, to the Houses that serve instead thereof, that they may be publicly sold by an Officer or Officers nominated for that End, or, if none should be appointed, by the Judges, who shall give the Produce of the Sale to the Proprietors; but none of the said Merchandizes, prohibited in the Manner just prescribed, shall return to their Warehouses or Shops.

I have given a separate Commission, with all the necessary Powers, to the Marquis de Squillac, Superintendent-General of my Revenues, that in that Quality he may require that prohibited Trade be not suffered, and that he may immediately issue forth Orders and Instructions as he shall think necessary for this important End; taking Cognizance, in the first Instance, in Person, and by his Sub-Delegates, of the Disputes which shall arise on Occasion of this Contraband, with an Appeal to the Council of Finances in the Hall of Justice; except however what relates to contraband military Stores, Arms, and other Effects belonging to War,

particularized in Treaties of Peace; the Cognizance of Disputes on these Articles belonging to the Council of War and the military Tribunals.

And I command, that all that is above be observed, executed, and accomplished under the heavy Penalties contained in the Laws, Pragmatiques, and royal Schedules issued on like Occasions in Times past, which are to extend also to all my Subjects and the Inhabitants of my Kingdoms and Estates, without any Exception, and notwithstanding any Privileges; my Will being, that this Declaration of War shall come as soon as possible to the Knowledge of my Subjects, as well that they may guard their Persons and Effects from the Insults of the English, as that they may labour to molest them by Naval Armaments, and by other Methods authorized by the Law of Arms.

Given at Buen-Retiro, Jan. 16, 1762.

I THE KING.

LONDON, February 15.

THE Gramont Man of War is arrived at Portsmouth Express from Admiral Saunders, who left him on the 21st of January, with his whole Squadron, cruising off Cadiz; the Montreal Man of War, from England, had joined him, and brought him Orders to act offensively.

A LIST of French Ships and Prames, now lying in the Mouth of the Charente at Rochfort, January 25, 1762.

Ships of the Line. Le Tonant, 84 Guns; Le Couronne, 84; Le Souveraigne, 74; Le Guerrier, 74; Le St. Michael, 70; L'Intrepid, 70; Le Solitaire, 70; Le Magnifique, 64; and Northumberland, of 64 Guns.—*Frigates.* La Halc, 38, and La Greete, of 30 Guns.—*Prames.* La Louisa, L'Elizabeth, La Chalot, Quenacond, La Fortune, Le Laglia, and La Surie, all of 20 Guns.

Each Prame, besides her Guns, hath two 13 Inch Mortars, and is the Length and Breadth of a 74 Gun Ship, one Deck, and draws only 8 Feet Water.

A List of Ships, under the Command of Sir Thomas Stanhope, in Bajque Road, watching the above Fleet, January 25, 1762.

Sandwich, 90 Guns; Princess Amelia, 80; Hero, 74; Superbe, 74; Buckingham, 74; Trident, 70; Swiftsure, 68; Nassau, 64; Prince Frederick, 64; Monmouth, 60; Achilles, 60; and Phoenix, of 44 Guns.—*Aetna and Vesuvius Fireships.*

Ships off Belleisle.

Royal George, 100 Guns; Cornwall, 74; Torbay, 74; and Prince of Orange, 60.—*Tamar and Escort Sloops; and Mortar Bomb.*

A daily Paper of this Day has the following Paragraph: *We can assure the Public, from undoubted Authority, that the present Emperor of Russia has desired Mr. Keith to inform the King his Master, that he has sent Orders for his Troops not to act against the King of Prussia; the good Consequences of which may be easily guessed at; and amongst the first of those is, as we can assure the Public, that a Peace between the Queen of Hungary and the King of Prussia is very near finished, and it is expected that the next Mails will bring a Confirmation of it.*

Feb. 17. Monday Morning Orders came to the Custom-House for a general Embargo to be laid on all Ships for three Weeks; which Orders have been likewise dispatched to the several Ports in England, Scotland and Ireland.

The Grand Expedition, we are well informed, is intended against the Havannah, in the Island of Cuba. The Havannah is a Port Town, and the Capital of the Island of Cuba, situated in 84 Degrees of West Long. and 23 Degrees of North Lat. The Spaniards call this Place St. Christoval de la Havanna, esteemed by them as the Key of all the West Indies, and the general Staple of the American Merchandize. It is here that the Galleons, Flota, and all the other Ships, which make the Commerce of the Continent and the Spanish American Islands, are to touch in their Return, that they may all go together for Spain; after having taken in Refreshments for their Voyage at the Havannah: So that it might be said, that all the Riches of Spain are assembled there, as well what

belongs to the Revenues of the King of Spain, as to the Traders, which often amount to about Five Millions Sterling.

Feb. 18. The Provision Ships outward-bound from Cork, in Ireland, having been stopped by an Order of Council, will distress our Enemies as much, or more, than obtaining a Victory, particularly at this juncture, when they are in the greatest Want of all Manner of Provisions to supply their Fleets.

The Expedition Fleet is victualled for the West-Indies.

Orders are sent over to Ireland, for putting the several Fortresses on the Sea Coast in that Kingdom in a State of Defence, and for several Regiments to march to the Sea Coasts.

Orders are come to the Tower for working extraordinary Hours, to get ready several Thousand Muskets.

The second Expedition Fleet is ordered to be got ready for Sea by the Beginning of next Month.

The Colonies which the Spaniards are now in Possession of, in the different Parts of the World, are, 1. In Africa; the Towns of Oran, Ceuta, and Mofalquivir; and the Canary Islands in the Atlantic Ocean. 2. In Asia; the Islands of St. Lazarus, the Phillippines, and Ladrones. 3. The greatest Part of South America; as Peru, Paraguay, Tucumania, Chili, and the Land of Magellan. 4. In North-America; Mexico, New Mexico, California, Part of Florida, and the Island of Cuba; Part of Hispaniola, Porto Rico, Trinidad, Margarita, Roca, Orchilla, Blanca, Lucayan.

We hear from good Authority, that a certain Gentleman, late a Banker and Member of Parliament, has, upon his own Credit, subscribed 100,000 l. towards the New Loan.

Feb. 20. Wednesday Se'night Expresses were dispatched, by Order of the Board of Customs, to all the Ports in Scotland, for laying an Embargo for six Weeks, on all outward bound Ships, laden with Grain, except to the Plantations, and then not without Convoy, and the Proprietors giving Bond to deliver the Cargo at the Places entered for.

Feb. 22. A Dutch Man of War is arrived at Cadiz, who took up a Man and a Dog, off a Piece of the Wreck of the King George, Captain Dingee, from Jamaica, last from Philadelphia, for London, which blew up after an Engagement with a French Privateer.

Eleven Sail of the Line and four Frigates at Toulon, only wait for Orders to put to Sea; and a Squadron will be ready to sail from Barcelona the End of March.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, February 19.

Captain Hotham, of his Majesty's Ship *Aeolus*, gives an Account, in his Letter dated in Plymouth Sound the 10th Instant, that during his late Cruise, off Cape Finisterre, he took two French Privateers, one called the *Perrier*, of six Guns, and eighty Men, the other the *Esperance*, of six Guns and sixty Men, both belonging to Bayonne, the former of which he carried into Lisbon some Time ago, and the latter he has brought in with him to Plymouth; and that he retook an English Ship from Jamaica, called the *Hungerford*, which he parted from the 5th Instant, she not being able to fetch into Plymouth Sound.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, February 20.

Copy of a Letter from Capt. Harrison, Commander of his Majesty's Ship the *Penus*, to Mr. Cleveland, dated the 13th of February, 1762.

"On Thursday, the 11th Inst. Cape Ortugal bearing S. S. E. distant two Miles, I fell in with, in the Night, the Creole French Privateer, belonging to Bayonne, of eight Four-pounders, and 84 Men, who sailed that Evening from the Groyne, where she had been to clean and refit near three Weeks. There were on board her three Dutchmen Passengers, and one English Prisoner, who say, there are twelve Spanish Men of War in Ferrol; four of which are almost ready for Sea. That

two Venetian Ships, one of 60, the other a Frigate, had arrived a few Weeks before, with Men to man the Fleet; that the Remainder of them was now half manned, but rigged, except two, who were in the Dock repairing. That the Spanish Men of War Boats were every Day at the Groyne pressing for Men; and that Orders were sent all round the Country for the bringing in of Men. They also add, that two French Men of War, one of 60, the other of 64, who came from the River Villaine some Time since, failed last Week for Brest, as was thought, not being in fit Condition for a Voyage. The French Squadron has never been at or near Ferrol. They are asking what Troops they can find there, but at present have not more than 2000 Men quartered near Ferrol, &c. As they imagine there are many English Ships detained in the Groyne, with their Rudders and Sails on Shore, but the Men have leave to remain on board, I have dispatched the Privateer with this Intelligence, as the Hills well, and hope he will arrive safe.

The last Letters from Spain, by Way of Holland, mention, that the embargo that was laid on all Shipping in that Kingdom had been taken off.

It is said that the late Empress of Russia has left a very considerable Legacy to a certain English Nobleman.

It is said the late Czarina, two Days before she died, sent for the Grand Duke, and communicated to him her Intentions relative to the Affairs of the Empire, and the Engagements, with her Allies; which last she recommended to him to fulfil with Fidelity, and not to make Peace but in Concert with them, nor to change the System which she had adopted; all which the Prince promised, and signed his Promise in Presence of the Grandees of the Empire.

But it is likewise said, that as soon as the new Czar was proclaimed at Petersburg, he sent Orders to the Russian Generals to engage in no new Enterprise against the King of Prussia till further Orders: That he also sent an extraordinary Courier to inform him of the Empress's Death, and his own Accession to the Crown: That his Prussian Majesty immediately dispatched two Ambassadors extraordinary to congratulate him on that Event; and that a Letter which the Courier from Petersburg delivered to his Majesty gave him so much Satisfaction, that it was visible in his Countenance to all that went nigh him.

The great Advantage of our Conquests on the River St. Lawrence, begins to appear very visible, many Thousands of Beavers and other Skins having lately been imported from thence, instead of going to Foreign Markets.

The Workmen in Woolwich Yard perform double Duty, in order to get ready the following Line of Battle Ships, the Romney of 50 Guns, the Triumph of 74, the Canada of 74, and the St. Anne of 60, which is refitting; the others will soon be ready to launch.

The same Diligence is used at Deptford, in finishing the Kent of 74 Guns, two others of 60, one of 50, and the Lynch Sloop.

As soon as Sir Joseph Yorke makes a formal Demand of the Succours which the States of Holland are bound to furnish to England, the Spanish Ambassador is prepared to make a Demand of the 6000 Land Forces and 12 Ships of the Line, which it is pretended their High Mightinesses are obliged by Treaty to furnish to Spain.

It is currently affirmed, that another Expedition, of great Importance, is actually approved of, and that the principal Officers and proper Troops are appointed to carry it into Execution.

As the Spanish Fleets, in our last War with that Nation, were greatly distressed, by an Embargo being laid to prevent the Exportation of all Kind of Provisions from Ireland; and, as it is supposed, a strong Squadron of French and Spaniards will shortly be in the West-Indies, it is well suggested, by a Correspondent, that if an Embargo of the like Nature was immediately ordered to be laid in North America, and in all our Islands (to prevent the Exportation of all Kinds of Provisions) as well as in Great Britain and Ireland, it would not fail to be of the greatest service to the Nation at this critical Conjunction, by thus distressing our inveterate Enemies.

CHARLES-TOWN (South Carolina) April 22.
Captain Jolliff, in the Ship Tartar, arrived this Day. He sailed from Portsmouth February 24th, with a large Fleet for the West-Indies, under Convoy of his Majesty's Ship Orford, of 70 Guns, Capt. Arbuthnot, and the Edgar, of 60 Guns. On the 9th of March they saw four Sail standing to the Westward, which the Edgar chased, and about 12 o'Clock at Night returned with one of

them a Prize, which proved to be a French Transport with 200 Troops on board for Louisiana, then, with the three others that escaped, five Days from Rochfort. The Number of Troops on board the four Transports was 800, all destined for Louisiana, and without Convoy. The Commander in Chief of the French Troops, and a great many Officers, were on board the Prize which Captain Arbuthnot carried along with him.

April 24. Captain Joell, from St. Christophers, informs us, that several rich Spanish Vessels had been carried in there before he came away, some of them loaded with Cocoa; and that others had been taken and carried into Martinico. That about 45 Privateers were fitted out from our Islands to cruise against the Spaniards. And that Capt. M'Pherson, in the Britannia Privateer of Philadelphia, and Capt. Reed, in the Emperor of Morocco, of St. Christophers, were gone to cruise in Concert upon the Spanish Main.

April 28. Capt. Gilchrist, who arrived last Night in 16 Days from Barbados, informs us, that, on the 10th Instant, a 74 Gun Ship arrived there in four Weeks and three Days from Portsmouth. This Ship was one of Admiral Pocock's Fleet, consisting of eight Ships of the Line, and 70 Transports, that sailed from Portsmouth in the Beginning of March for Barbados. Two Days after they came out, said Ship lost her Masts in a Gale of Wind, and put back to Portsmouth, and being refitted, sailed in 24 Hours, and arrived as above at Barbados, the rest of the Fleet were hourly expected when Capt. Gilchrist came away. Capt. Gilchrist informs us of the Arrival at Barbados of the Cork Fleet, of near 80 Sail, under Convoy of the Alarm Frigate. The Fleet from England, under Convoy of the Orford and Edgar, was likewise arrived. The French Prisoners, taken on board the Transport, were landed at Barbados. The Men of War and Provision Vessels were gone down for Jamaica. It was said Admiral Pocock brought out 8000 Troops with him.

NEW-YORK, May 10.

Extract of a Letter from Falmouth, dated Feb. 17.

"Great Preparations, Expedition on Expedition, going on; and by what I hear, our Troops will certainly return from Germany without making another Campaign; the only Difference between the Proposers of that Measure, and those who have resisted it, is this: The one would break the Knot rather precipitately, perhaps, which the other thinks should be separated with Caution; it will be done, however; and as a Prelude to it, Belleisle will be quitted soon, and the Troops employed more fully somewhere else.

"The Czar is a weak Prince, but a Friend of the King of Prussia; his Comfort is a Princess of uncommon fine Parts and Discretion, and by her Superiority, governs him; she is both allied and attached to the Interest of the King of Prussia, from whence the happiest Effects are prefaged, and an End to the German War soon expected; and when once closed, and 6 or 7 Millions a Year it drains us of, spared, we shall have no Difficulty with the French and Spaniards, in obtaining an advantageous Peace e'er long: But then you'll say, What will become of the Dutch when the Troops are withdrawn from Germany? That's a Difficulty I own did not enter into my Head, and therefore must leave you to decide that Point, or more properly the Dutch themselves, who are more nearly concerned."

Extract of a Letter from Halifax, in Nova-Scotia.

"All is Tranquillity here. We are pulling down a large Hill to lay a Foundation for a Citadel. Here is an excellent Dock yard, well supplied with all Sorts of Stores. The Dublin, of 74 Guns, from the West Indies, was careened at this Place, and her Officers say she could not have been better fitted out in any Dock yard in England; so that several Settlers promise themselves great Things from the Improvements from this new Province."

The regular Forces are daily arriving here from Quebec, Montreal, &c. and encamping on Governor's or Nutten Island, near which the Transports are rendezvousing, for the readier Reception of the Troops.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.

From Letters by the Harriot Packet, Captain Bonell, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Intelligence, viz.

"That great Advantages were expected to result to the King of Prussia, from the Death of the Empress of Russia; the Prospect of which had occasioned the Stocks to rise four or five per Cent. in a few Days: That the Duke of B—d had made a Motion in the House of Lords, to recal our Troops from Germany; but that it was carried against him by a considerable Majority; in Consequence of which, more Troops were to be sent over, and the War to be carried on there another Year with great Vigour: That the Report of a Triple Alliance between the Emperor of Russia, and the Kings of Prussia and Great-Britain, gained Credit: That something very extraordinary was on the Carpet between the Courts of London and Petersburg: That the Spanish Nation seemed much dissatisfied at the War with England; and that the Disputes ran so high between the different Parties in Spain, that all possible Methods would be used to bring them to a Reconciliation: That the Convoy for Carolina was appointed to sail the 10th of April; and that for Virginia the 21st of the same Month: That a Petition was before the Lords of the Admiralty, for appointing a Convoy for the Philadelphia Trade, and to cruise for some Time on our Coast; but that it was not known whether or not it would be granted: And that the Philadelphia Packet, Capt. Budden, the Myrilla, Capt. Bolitho, and the James and Mary, Capt. Friend, all for this Place, would sail with the first Convoy that offered, provided that for Philadelphia was refused."

ANNAPOLIS, May 20.
Capt. Sciffe, Commander of his Majesty's Ship the *Chesterfield*, has, by a Letter dated at New-York the First Instant, informed his Excellency our Governor, that he cannot proceed to England with the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Trade on the Sixth of next Month, agreeably to his Advertisement; being under Orders for another Service, and not knowing when he shall be dismissed.
On Monday last died here, in the 32d Year of her Age, Mrs. HENRIETTA MARIA DORSEY, Relict of EDWARD DORSEY, Esq; a Gentlewoman who was exemplary in her Conduct to her Husband, remarkably pious to her Parent, tender to her Child; endeared to her Friends by the Practice of every relative Duty, and social Virtue; esteemed by her Acquaintance for her easy Deportment, and benevolent Disposition; and respected and revered by the Poor for her Humanity.
Last Thursday, a Dwelling-House, with some Household Furniture, and a Tobacco-House, on the North Side of *Sewern*, belonging to Mrs. Wright, were consumed by Fire. It began in the latter, where the Overseer had been burning a Parcel of Rubbish, and the Wind blowing fresh, the Fire soon communicated itself to the former.

Upper-Marlborough, May 11, 1762.

THE Subscriber intending to leave the Country very soon, he once more takes this Public Method of acquainting those that are indebted to him, to come and settle their Accounts by the last of this Month, or they will actually be sued, without any farther Notice.

The Subscriber has a very good House and Lot in Upper-Marlborough, which he will sell upon very reasonable Terms. The House was built for a Store, and is well situated for that Business: It has a Cellar the whole Length and Breadth of the House.
He has likewise a good saleable Assortment of European and East-India Goods, which he will sell at a very low Advance, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.

JOHN WELDON.

WANTED on FREIGHT or PURCHASE,

TWO VESSELS, Burthen about 250 or 300 Hogheads each, when loaded not to exceed 11½ Feet Draught of Water.
For Terms apply to Mr. William Hunter of Talbot, or Messieurs James and Archibald Hunter of Fredericksburg, Virginia.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship Free-Mason, Capt. Ayre, from LONDON, and to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store at Elk-Ridge Landing.

A CHOICE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS. As also a very particular Assortment of Millinery, consisting of all the new Fashions that were invented for her Majesty's Coronation.

PATRICK MCGILL.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subscriber, living in GEORGE-TOWN, Frederick County, on the North Side of *Potomack*, having supplied himself with a good Boat and Hands, carries over Passengers from thence to *Virginia* at the usual Prices.

He likewise keeps Entertainment for Gentlemen Travellers and Others, who may depend on good Usage, from
Their humble Servant,
JOHN O'NEILL.

To be SOLD
the House of M
on the 25th of
A VERY
Man, who
been used to w

A LAD
may hear
Printing-Office.

To be S
A TRACT
County,
Ferry, on Man
aining Fourtee
For Tide, an
scriber, living

ON the 6th
want Mar
with Capt. Pa
uary last, he
a good lookin
brought up a
tomed to wait
calculated for
gone to the Ne
in Company v
and goes by

Whoever ap
if taken in th
of it, Four P

STRAYED
Yard in U
about 14 Har
one Glass Eye
he is short do
Whoever t
him to Upper
Reward, and

TWO
RAN aw
living i
an English Co
south, a short
wears his ow
on and took
a whitish col
grey Ratteen
Linen, and
Breeches, or
3 Pair of wh
of Yarn, Pu
half-worn.

Whoever
him in any C
again, shall
ble Charges

TAKEN
May
in Annapoli
5 Feet 6 I
part of an c
The Ow
his Property

THER
in
Church, ta
about 4 Ye
a Star in
white, and
The Ow
Property,

SOME
Gentl
collect: A
thod to re
as possibl

A L
wh
He mult
Board, a
Enquire

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of Mr. Henry Gassaway, in Annapolis, on the 25th of this Instant May,

A VERY valuable, lusty, Country-born Negro Man, who understands Sawing, and has been used to work in a Ship Yard.

THOMAS ELLIOTT HUTCHINGS.

WANTED.

A LAD to attend in a STORE: Such a one may hear of a Place, by enquiring at the Printing-Office.

North Waters

To be SOLD on reasonable Terms,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick County, within Half a Mile of Mr. Luckett's Ferry, on Manokels, called 'Jedburgh Forest', containing Fourteen Hundred Acres.

For Title, and Terms of Sale, apply to the Subscriber, living on the Premises.

JOHN CHISHOLM.

Annapolis, May 19, 1762.

ON the 6th Instant, Ran away a Convict Servant Man named James Bell, who came in with Capt. Ramsay in the Maryland Packet, in January last, he is about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, a good looking Man, and well dressed. He was brought up a House Painter, but has been accustomed to wait in a Tavern, and seems very well calculated for the Business. It is supposed he is gone to the Northward, and may probably be seen in Company with a Man who came in with him, and goes by the Name of Capt. Bennet.

Whoever apprehends the said Bell, shall have, if taken in the Province, Forty Shillings; if out of it, Four Pounds, paid by

JOHN RERESBY.

STRAYED or Stolen out of the Subscriber's Yard in Upper-Marlborough, a light Bay Horse about 14 Hands high, has a Blaze in his Face, one Glass Eye, one of his hind Feet is white, and he is short dock'd.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to Upper-Marlborough, shall receive a Pistol Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JOHN SCOTT.

April 11, 1762.

TWO PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away last Night, from the Subscriber, living in Cumberland County, in Pennsylvania, an English Convict Servant Man named John Dawes, a short well-set Fellow, by Trade a Butcher, wears his own brown Hair, which curls. He had on and took with him, a grey colour'd Great Coat, a whitish colour'd close bodied Coat, a Jacket of grey Ratteen, lined with red, 3 Shirts, 2 of white Linen, and the other striped Cotton, 2 Pair of Breeches, one of blue Cloth, the other of Leather, 3 Pair of white Stockings, 2 of Thread, the other of Yarn, Pumps and Shoes, and a Casser Hat not half-worn.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him in any Goal, so that his Master may have him again, shall have the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JAMES M'LENE.

TAKEN up adrift on the 15th of this Instant May, at Cat-Hole, by John Golder, living in Annapolis, a Flat built Boat, 14 Feet Keel, and 5 Feet 6 Inches Beam. She has 2 small Oars, part of an old Painter, and has been lately pay'd.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Maclean, in Prince-George's County, near Rock Creek Church, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Mare about 4 Years old, about 11½ Hands high, she has a Star in her Forehead, one of her hind Feet is white, and is not branded.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, May 12, 1762.

SOME Time ago I lent my SADDLE to a Gentleman, whose Name I cannot now recollect: As I am in Want of it, I take this Method to request the Gentleman to return it as soon as possible.

WILLIAM PACE.

WANTED.

A LAD of about 15 or 16 Years of Age, who can Read and Write, as a Servant. He must be bound for Five Years. Cloaths, Board, and all Necessaries, will be given him. Enquire at the Printing-Office.

Annapolis, May 8, 1762.

LIEUTENANT Colonel John Dagworthy having, in Pursuance of a Warrant from his Excellency Sir Jeffery Amherst, Lieutenant General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces on this Continent, received from Abraham Mortier, Esq; Deputy Paymaster General, Eighteen Thousand and Twenty-five and One Half Dollars, to pay off the Arrears of Pay due to the Officers and Men, who composed the Maryland Troops, from the Eighth Day of October, Seventeen Hundred and Fifty-seven, until they were disbanded or dismissed: Notice is hereby given, That Lieutenant Colonel John Dagworthy, and Doctor David Ross, will attend at Mr. Middleton's in Annapolis, during the second Week in July next, and at Queen's-Town in Queen-Anne's County, during the fourth Week of the same Month, to pay the Money abovementioned to the several Officers and Soldiers to whom the same is due, or to their Assignees or Representatives: Wherefore, all Persons who served in the Maryland Troops, and all Officers or Men, or who by any other Means, have a Right to receive any Part of the Arrears due to the said Troops, are desired to make their respective Claims at the Places and Times, and to the Gentlemen, abovementioned.

By Order of his Excellency the Governor,
J. Ross, Cl. Con.

THOSE who survive of the Officers that served in the Maryland Troops, and the Representatives of such as are dead, are desired to meet at Annapolis, on Tuesday the Sixth Day of July next, in order that their several Accounts with each other, and with the Men who served under their Command, may be adjusted.

JOHN DAGWORTHY,
DAVID ROSS.

NOW in the Possession of the Subscriber, and has been ever since last Provincial Court, a Sorrel Mare about 13 Hands high, paces a travelling Gait, has a Flaxen Mane and Tail, branded on the near Shoulder with the Letter M reversed, and on the near Buttock with an M.

Whoever proves his Property to the said Mare, may have her again, paying the Charge of advertising.

HENRY GASSAWAY.

May 9, 1762.

SUPPOSED to be Stolen by a Soldier, on the 29th of September last, from the Subscriber in Anne-Arundel County, near Mr. Snoroden's Iron-Works, a likely Dark Bay Horse, 4 Years old in June next, full 14 Hands high when taken away, not any white about him, branded on the off Shoulder with two small Keys, laid across each other, not quite plain, has a Sprig Tail, hanging Mane, a full Buttock pretty steep, a large Head, he paces not quite naturally, and goes pretty wide behind.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, or informs the Owner, so as he may be had again, shall have Three Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

BENJAMIN GAITHER.

To be SOLD for ready Money or short Credit, CHOICE Madeira and Lisbon WINES, in Pipes, Hogsheds, and Quarter Casks, coarse and fine Salt, Barrell'd Pork, and Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or larger Quantity.

THOMAS RICHARDSON and Company.

DOVE, a beautiful Dark Grey Horse, full 15 Hands high, was imported from Scotland last November, by Dr. Thomas Hamilton, at whose Plantation he now is, in Prince-George's County, Maryland, Will Cover Mares this Season at Six Pistoles; and those Mares that prove not with Foal, shall have the Benefit of the Horse next Season, Gratis (or one Half of the Money returned). He was bred by Mr. Thomas Jackson, senior, in the North of England, was got by Young Cade, his Dam by Teaser, his Grand-dam by Scawing's Arabian, and out of the Gardener Mare, that won Six Royal Plates of One Hundred Guineas each. He run at Newcastle upon Tyne at Four Years old, on the 21st of October, 1760, and Distanced the Duke of Cleveland's Roan Filly, Roxana, beat the Bay Colt Swift, belonging to William Swinburn, Esq; Charles Wilson's Bay Colt Windless, William Cornforth's Bay Colt Montreal, and Settleington's Bay Filly Nameless. As to his Blood, it is indisputable, and his Beauty also among Judges.

WANTED.

A BRICK-MAKER, who understands his Business. Enquire at the Printing-Office.

April 24, 1762.

CARRIED and Delivered to some Persons in a Boat in Annapolis Dock, by Mistake, a Portmanteau Trunk, containing some Linen, Hose, and Wearing Apparel. The Persons in whose Hands the said Trunk is fallen, are desired to carry the same to Captain James Keith near the Dock, who will amply Reward them for their Honesty and Trouble.

THE following Fifteen Tickets in the George-Town Lottery, viz. N^o. 1221 to N^o. 25, and N^o. 1266 to N^o. 75, Sign'd James Pearce, were lodged in the Hands of Robert Sterling, late of George-Town, by the Subscriber and Others, on a Wager. Mr. Sterling says the Tickets are lost or mislaid. Any Person who may have got them, are desired to return them, and the Managers are forewarned not to pay any Prize or Prizes which the said Tickets may draw, to any Person but me, as the Tickets are not accounted for.

GEORGE PEARCE.

THE Subscriber has a new Schooner Boat, well fitted, with good Accommodations for Passengers, to go any where in the Bay, and will carry Goods at reasonable Rates. She will carry Five Hundred Bushels of Grain.

He likewise carries on the SILVER and GOLD SMITH'S BUSINESS in all it's Branches; and has a very good Hand for making MOURNING RINGS, as cheap as they can be had from London.

He gives the best Prices for old Gold and Silver.

JAMES CHALMERS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons in Virginia and Maryland who are indebted to Mr. Thomas Knox of the City of Bristol, Merchant, or to him in Partnership with any Person or Persons, not to pay any of their Debts but to Mr. Benjamin Waller or Mr. John Wayles, in Virginia.

Matthew Hale, Isaac Elton,
Thomas Whitehead, Thomas Deane,
Samuel Smith, William Miller,
Edward Garlick, Assignees.

May 3, 1762.

THREE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, living at West-River, a Convict Servant Man named William Lindley, who probably may pretend to be a Gardener, was born in England, and speaks pretty broad, about Five Feet Eight or Nine Inches high, of a dark Complexion, and wears his own Hair. Had on when he went away, a light grey Half thick Coat, new Check Shirt, Brown Roll Trowsers, old channell'd Pumps, and a half-worn Felt Hat; he also took with him, a Pair of new Osnabrigs Trowsers.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Run-away, so that his Master may have him again, shall be entitled to the above Reward; and if brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by

STEPHEN STEWARD.

May 1, 1762.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber living in Charles-Town, Cecil County, on the Evening of the 7th ult. a middle sized Sorrel Horse, with a Blaze in his Face, 7 or 8 Years old this Grass, his two hind Feet white, paces and hand-gallops, was shod all round, and the Shoes much worn, was lately trimmed, but very ill done, no perceivable Brand. Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to Capt. Catts at the Head of Elk, or the Subscriber in Charles-Town, shall have a Reward of Three Pounds Currency: If stolen, any Person apprehending or discovering the Thief, so as he be brought to Justice, shall have a Reward of Six Pounds Currency.

FRANCIS KEY.

Calvert County, April 13, 1762.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, on the 30th of March last, a small Light Grey Gelding, 4 Years old, he has a Switch Tail, a hanging Mane, and branded on the near Buttock TR (join'd in one.)

Also, a likely Black Mare, 2 Years old, with a small white Snip on her Nose. She was neither dock'd nor branded when stolen.

Whoever will give Information to the Subscriber of the said Creatures, so that he may get them again, shall have Ten Shillings Reward for each, or Fifteen Shillings for each if brought home; and for apprehending and bringing to Justice the Person who stole the said Creatures, Four Pieces of Eight, paid by

JOHN CAMPBELL.

IN the Province of Maryland, a good Hand, such a one will meet with good Employment, on applying to

BY Virtue of an Act made and passed at the late Session of Assembly of this Province, Notice is hereby given, that there will be exposed to Sale to the highest Bidder, on Tuesday the 4th Day of August next ensuing, A LOT of Ground, N^o. 102, situate on the Northeast Part of the City of Annapolis, with the three Dwelling Houses thereon. The Sale to be on the Premises, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon.

WILLIAM CLAYTON,
MARY CLAYTON, Administratrix.

BOOK-BINDING, in the neatest Manner, performed at the Printing Office, by

GOOD Entertainment for Men and Horses, with good Boats for Passengers to pass and repass to Annapolis, kept by the Subscriber at Broad Creek Ferry, on Kent Island. He has also very good Pasturage for Horses. The Subscriber having been used to the Sea, has good Experience in boats.

COMMITTED to the Custody of the Sheriff of Baltimore County, in October last, as a Runaway, a Person who says his Name is John Wilson, and that his Master lives in Virginia, not far beyond Patowmack, but low down. He appears to be about 25, is short and well made, of a fair Complexion; and is but a simple Fellow.

His Master may have him again, on paying Fees, and applying to

AQUILA HALL, Sheriff.

BROKE, or rather burnt out of Prince George's County Goal, on Sunday Night the 18th of April last, a Woman named Catherine Harlan, committed on Suspicion of Pelony, of a middle Size, very talkative, and has grey Eyes. Her Apparel very indifferent, an old Country Cloth striped Petticoat, and the Body of an old Plaid Gown. She has neither Shoes, Stockings, nor Cap. She formerly lived in St. Mary's County, and since at Bladenburg; but was taken up and committed from Broad Creek in the County aforesaid. Whoever takes up the said Woman, and brings her to Upper Marlborough, shall have One Pistole Reward, paid by BENJAMIN BROOKES.

RAN away on the 8th Day of March last, two Servant Men, one of which is the Property of the Hon. John Taylor, Esq; of Richmond County, in Virginia, an Irishman named James Connor, who speaks good English, aged about 24 Years, is a well made small Fellow, hath grey Eyes, and professes to be a Shoemaker by Trade, tho' knows very little of the Business. Had on when he went away, a brown Wig, an Olive colour'd Coat, and a blue Jacket and Breeches.

The other Servant is the Property of Col. William Brokenbrough of the same County, named Richard Dring, 50 Years of Age, about 5 Feet high and very well made, is pitted with the Small Pox, hath black Hair, by Trade a Taylor, and talks very thick. Had on when he went away, a white half-trimmed Cloth Coat, black Plush Jacket and Breeches much worn, Virginia made Shoes, or turn'd Pumps.

It's supposed they went off in Company.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so as they may be had again, shall receive Three Pounds Reward; and if brought to the Subscriber at the Neale's Iron Works, or to their said Masters, shall receive Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them, if taken within this Colony; or Seven Pounds for each or either of them if taken out of it, and all reasonable Charges, paid by

THOMAS LAWSON.

RIVER, a fine strong Horse, near 15 Hands high, got by Orbell's, his Dam by Old Spark, his Grand-dam by the late Governor Ogle's Barb, Covers for Thirty Shillings; and those Mares that do not prove with Foal, may have the Benefit of next Season for Ten Shillings.

ROBERT TYLER.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Mr. Richard Snowden's Iron Works, a Servant Man named Philip Mohr, aged about 27 Years, of a dark Complexion, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high. Had on when he went away, a white Holland Shirt, black Everlasting Breeches, a Damask Waistcoat, a full trimm'd Forest Cloth Coat, with Mohair Buttons, Country made Shoes, and Yarn Stockings. He has lost one of his fore Teeth by Fighting. He took with him a small Iron Grey Horse, a good Bridle, and a Saddle with a blue Housling.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and will bring him to the Subscriber, or cause him to be committed to any Goal in this Province, so that he may be had again, shall be paid Thirty Shillings, by

EDMUND JENINGS.

THE House wherein Mr. John Carnan lately dwelt, situate in a very convenient Part of Baltimore-Town, being a good Brick Dwelling, having a Kitchen and Cellar, two large Parlours, and four Chambers; a Brick Smoak-House; a Fram'd Stable; and three Acres of Ground inclosed within a Post and Rail Fence; and a good Garden paved in.

Also, a Plantation situate on the great Road to the Fork of Gunpowder, scarce three Miles from Baltimore-Town, having two Meadows, a Barn, two Fram'd Houses, fit for a Dwelling House and Quarter, and other necessary Out Houses; and cleared Land sufficient for a good Farm.

For Terms apply to Mr. JOHN RIDGELY, in Baltimore-Town.

YOUNG TRAVELLER Covers Mares this Season at Two Guineas. He is a fine strong Horse, upwards of Sixteen Hands high, was bred by Col. Taylor, and got by Mr. Moreau's Traveller out of Miss Colwell.

HENRY ROZER.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY, for raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Twenty Pounds, for removing several Shoals, in the Eastern-Branch of Patowmack, from the Wharf at Bladenburg downwards, and from thence to the Bridge upwards, and for enlarging the Wharf.

THE S C H E M E.

	Pounds.		Pounds.
1 of 100	is	100	
2 of 50	are	100	
5 of 20	are	100	
10 of 10	are	100	
30 of 5	are	150	
152 of 1:10	are	228	
1 First drawn Blank		1	
1 Last drawn Blank		1	

202 Prizes; 780
1798 Blanks. Sum raised 220

AS the Sum wanted is but small, and the Number of Tickets are few, the Proportion of Prizes to the Blanks could not be increased without making the Prizes so small as to render them not worth the Acceptance of the Adventurers. But as the Price of the Tickets is low, and the designed Application of general Benefit to all interested in Navigation, it's hoped this Scheme, for raising the Sum wanted, will meet with Encouragement from both the Merchant and Planter.

The Managers are, Messrs. Christopher Lowndes, John Row, Thomas Chittam, Richard Henderson, Francis Hatfield, Daniel Stephenson, Richard White, Thomas Gantt, junr. (one of the first Commissioners for laying out Bladenburg), and David Ross: They will give Bond for their faithful Performance, and act upon Oath in the Discharge of the Trust reposed in them.

Notice of the Time of Drawing, at Bladenburg, will be given in this GAZETTE. Prizes not demanded in Six Months after Publication of the Numbers, will be deemed as generously given to the Design.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

N. B. Dollars, Pistoles, or Pennsylvania Currency, will be received as they now Pass, for Tickets; and the Prizes paid off in like Manner.

GREAT-BRITAIN, a fine young Draught Horse from England, upwards of 16 Hands high, and remarkably strong, will Cover Mares this Season at Two Pistoles. Good Pasturage for Mares.

JOSEPH SIM.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's Plantation, near the Eastern-Branch Ferry in Prince-George's County, the 27th Instant, Two likely Dark Bay Horses: One of them is a large well-set Horse, with large Legs, and one of his hind Feet and part of his Leg white, is shod all round, is a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Buttock I U, or something like it, he has a Switch Tail, and a large bushy Mane, which wanted trimming. The other Horse about 12 Hands high, trots, gallops and paces, and has a remarkable Cast with his fore Legs when he gallops, has a bob Tail, and his Mane has been lately trimmed; his Brand, if any, forgot.

Whoever will bring the said Horses to the Subscriber's House, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward for each.

JONATHAN SLATER.

NOTICE is hereby given, That any Person or Persons, inclinable to undertake the Building of a Wharf, with Stone, on the North-East Side of the Dock of Annapolis, from Mr. Middleton's Wharf to the Inspecting House on the Point, may be informed of the Terms, on Application to

NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN,
WILLIAM ROBERTS,
SAMUEL MIDDLETON,
LANCLOT JACQUES.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the Sixteenth of June next, at the House of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County.

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of Mr. James Wardrop, deceased, all lying in Frederick County.

Tracts	Acres.
One Tract called Hazard, lying on Little Conococheague, containing	790
One Ditto called Partnership, lying on the West Side of Manockasy, below the Upper Ford,	280
Dear Bought, lying on a Draught of Anti-Eatam, near the Head of a Spring at Thomas Anderson's old Place,	500
Green Spring, lying on the East Side of a Run about 50 Perches below the Green Spring,	210
Cool Spring, lying about a Mile from John Burges's, and near the main Road that leads thro' Frederick-Town,	75
Nut Spring, lying about 8 Miles from Frederick-Town, on a Run call'd Mill-Creek, that runs into Kittokton Creek,	114
John's Delight, lying on a small Run called Curry's Branch, at the Foot of Shenandore Mountain, near Curry's Gap,	104
Bloombury, lying Half a Mile from John Burges's House,	104
Piney Hill, lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of Conococheague, on the East Side of Lick Run, near Patowmack River,	86
Brentford, lying near John George Arnold's, on the West Side of the Road leading from Conococheague to Frederick-Town,	35
Oxford, lying near a Branch called John Christy's Spring Branch, on the North Side of the main Road leading thro' Frederick-Town, by Robert Evans's,	54
Red Oak Level, joining to a Tract of Land called Needwood, formerly laid out for Col. Thomas Cresap,	100

For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order,
ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 27, 1762.

The following LAW was passed last Session of ASSEMBLY.

In Act to prevent any future Loan of the Bills of Credit now in the Paper Currency Office, and to ease the Inhabitants of this Province in the Payment of certain Taxes.

WHEREAS any further Loan of any Paper Money belonging to the Province, in the Office for Emitting the Bills of Credit, may greatly tend to lessen the Value of the said Fund:

BE it therefore Enacted, by the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary, by and with the Advice and Consent of his Lordship's Governor, and the Upper and Lower Houses of Assembly, and the Authority of the same, That it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners or Trustees for Emitting the Bills of Credit, established by Act of Assembly, at any Time after the End of this present Session of Assembly, to lend out to any Person or Persons, on any Pretence or Security whatever, any of the said Bills of Credit now in their Office, properly belonging to the Country, or any Bills of Credit that shall or may hereafter be paid into the said Office, on any Debt or Debts now due on Loan; any Thing in the Act for emitting and making Current Ninety Thousand Pounds Current Money of Maryland, in Bills of Credit, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

AND for the more easy Payment of the Duties, Taxes, Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties, imposed by the Act for granting a Supply of Forty Thousand Pounds for his Majesty's Service, and striking Thirty-four Thousand and Fifteen Pounds Six Shillings thereof in Bills of Credit, and raising a Fund for sinking the same; Be it further Enacted, That all Duties, Taxes, Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties whatsoever, now due and payable from the People of this Province, or that hereafter shall become due and payable, under the said last recited Act, shall and may be paid either in Current Gold or Silver of America, or in Bills of Credit made Current by either of the above recited Acts; and that all and every Collector and other Officer, when he accounts for, and pays into the Office aforesaid, the Money by him received in Virtue of the above recited Acts, shall, at the Foot, or on the Back of his Account, produce over and above the usual Probate, a Probate under the Hand of some Provincial or County Justice to this Effect, *viz.* That the Paper Money for which he has debited himself in his said Account, is the Amount of all the Paper Money which he received from the People by Virtue of the said Acts, during the Time for which he accounts. And the Commissioners or Trustees shall receive the Money on the said Accounts agreeable to the Species therein distinguished, and not otherwise; and shall keep separate and distinct Accounts thereof: And for so much Gold or Silver as shall be paid into the said Office, by the Means aforesaid, there shall be burnt and destroyed the like Sum of the Bills of Credit belonging to the Province in the said Office. And the said Gold and Silver so paid in, shall be a Treasure to the Country, subject to Loan by the Commissioners or Trustees, in the same Manner as other Gold and Silver paid in for Debts due on Loan to the said Office; any Thing in the said recited Acts, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

M A D R I D, January 25.

THE King being determined to carry on the War with Vigour against the English, the Court is extremely busy in concerting proper Measures for that Purpose. His Majesty has appointed the Marquis de Sarra Commander in Chief of the Army which is to be formed in Castile, which will consist of 25,000 Men, and has also conferred on him the Command of all the other separate Corps, one of which will assemble in Estramadura, another in Galicia, a third in

Andalusia, and the fourth in the Neighbourhood of Gibraltar, which is to consist of 7000 Men. There are 12 Lieutenant Generals, and 18 Major Generals, appointed to make the Campaign, and to be ready before the first of March.

Our Naval Preparations are carried on with no less Vigour. We have 17 Ships of the Line at Cadiz, 11 at Carthagena, and 8 at Ferrol, all ready to put to Sea. Several private People have associated themselves, in order to fit out a great Number of Privateers; and it is assured that the King, by Way of Encouragement to them, will give up the Share of the Prizes to which he is entitled, being one Fifth. It is said that the Principality of Biscay will lend to Sea 40 Privateers in a very short Time.

Leghorn, Jan. 29. Our Government has given Leave to supply the English with 3000 Oxen salted down, and as many Tons of Biscuit, for the Use of the Garrison of Gibraltar, which is said to be in great Want of Provisions.

Petersbourg, Jan. 24. Count Hordt, a Swedish Nobleman, in the Service of Prussia, who was made Prisoner about three Years since by the Russian Troops, and closely confined ever since, is not only set at Liberty, but had the Honour to dine, on New Year's Day, at the Table of the Emperor, who, on that Occasion, presented him with a rich Sword.

Hague, February 17. We have Variety of Reports here. Some Letters tell us, that Prussian Contractors, have bought up, for ready Money, the Russian Magazines in Poland, which has greatly sunk the Price of Grain at Breslau: That 40,000 Russians are to be taken into the Pay of Great-Britain: That the Recruits raised in the Principality of Anhalt-Zerbst, have been sent back: That a large Train of Artillery has been sent from Berlin to Sillesia: And that Prince Henry has reinforced General Platen, who was advancing upon the Austrians and the Troops of the Empire.

Letters from the North make mention of an Alliance between Great-Britain, Denmark and Prussia; pursuant to which the King of Denmark is to send 12,000 Men to the Army of Prince Henry in Saxony, and to fit out a numerous Squadron to cruise in the Baltic.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

Magdebourg, Feb. 12. The Russian Prisoners, to the Number of 300 Men, and 25 Officers, set out from hence, 3 Days ago, for Stettin; and Orders are given to provide them with all Necessaries on the Road.

Hamburg, Feb. 12. The Prince Royal of Prussia is expected the 15th Inst. at Berlin from Magdebourg, in his Way to join the King of Prussia at Breslau, as his Royal Highness is to make this next Campaign.

Count de Hordt, and General Werner, two Prussian Generals, Prisoners at Petersbourg, released by the Emperor, are upon the Road on their Return to Berlin from Petersbourg. All the young Prussian Cadets, which the Russians carried off from Berlin, when they made themselves Masters of that Capital, are expected back from Konigsberg.

We have received Intelligence that all Hostilities have ceased since the 1st Instant, between the Russians and Prussians.

[Thus far Gazette.]

Berlin, Feb. 12. It is said that a Convention is already agreed on, pursuant to which his Imperial Majesty of Russia will deliver up to the King all the Countries which the Russians have conquered, in Consideration of a large Sum of Money, and on Condition that his Prussian Majesty will grant the Russians a free Passage thro' his Dominions, either to the Duchy of Holstein (in Case the Negotiation respecting that Duchy should not be brought to the happy Issue which the Courts of Petersbourg and Copenhagen hope for) or whatever else the Circumstances of Affairs may require.

Magdebourg, Feb. 13. A Treaty is said to be on the Carpet between the Courts of London, Petersbourg, and Berlin, and that the Ministers at those Places have each wrote to their respective Courts for full Powers and Instructions on that Head.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

Hamburg, Feb. 16. We are pretty certainly informed here, that notwithstanding there is as yet no Agreement signed for a Cessation of Arms between the Prussians and Russians, that Orders have, however, been sent, on the Part of both Courts, to cease committing Hostilities in Pomerania; and that all the Russian Prisoners of War, which were in the Hands of the Prussians, are actually on their March towards Stargard: Nor is there any Exchange to be made, the Russians having promised to set likewise at Liberty all the Prussian Prisoners, which greatly exceed those of the Russians; the latter amounting in Number but to between 3 and 4000 Men, and those of the Prussians to near 8000.

Hague, Feb. 26. We hear from Paris, that Marshal Broglio, and his Brother the Count, have been banished to their Estates in the Country; and that the former is deprived, at the same Time, of his Command in Alsace; and the latter of the Government of Cassel. It was not yet certain, to whom the Command of the French Forces in Germany would be given. [Thus far Gazette.]

Naples, Jan. 26. Without a Breach of Neutrality we may possibly be obliged to furnish Spain with some Troops. Some Circumstances make us judge so, and the Swiss Regiment of Tichoudi is ordered to be ready to embark at Augusta in Sicily. It is also said, that the 12,000 Swiss, which Spain has taken into Pay, will march immediately through France.

Petersbourg, Jan. 30. Last Wednesday the Czar went to Mr. Keith's House, the English Minister, and dined with

him Half an Hour. Last Night Mr. Keith supped at the Emperor's Table. This Night his Imperial Majesty supped with Mr. Keith.

Berlin, Feb. 12. Lieut. Gen. Czernichef hath passed the Oder under Krappitz with the 20,000 Russians under his Command, directing his march towards Posen. The Prussian Troops have Orders not to give them the least Molestation. Five Russian Regiments, one of which is the Cuirassier Guards, are marching back to Russia.

Amsterdam, Feb. 16. The Answer of his Britannic Majesty to the Remonstrances made by our East-India Company, in Relation to the Affairs of Bengal, has been universally received here with the utmost Satisfaction; as it discovers those Sentiments of Equity and Goodness, that so eminently adorn that excellent Prince. We say, universally; for we can scarcely admit as Exceptions to the general Suffrage, the Clamours of one or two hot headed Men, whom an unhappy Spirit of Faction renders blind to the true Interests of this Republic.

Hague, Feb. 22. Letters from Berlin of the 9th advise, that the Detachments posted in the Neighbourhood of that City, to cover it from any sudden Attack of the Russian light Troops, had received Orders to march to Saxony, to join Prince Henry's Army. This Circumstance, added to the News received here, that five Russian Regiments, part of General Romanzoff's Army, were marching to Petersbourg, leaves no Room to doubt that a provisional Accommodation is concluded between the new Czar and the King of Prussia.

L O N D O N, February 23.

Letters from Madrid advise, that the Catholic King was augmenting his Cavalry with 5000 Men; that the Troops in Catalonia were marching to the Westward; and that two large Trains of Artillery were preparing at Barcelona and Seville.

It is said that his Catholic Majesty is going to take 30 or 40000 Germans into his Pay, which are to replace an equal Number of French that are to be called home from Germany, in order to form a Camp near Dunkirk.

Letters from Dantzick of the 24th inst, which was the King of Prussia's Birth Day, say, that the chief Officers of the Russians in Pomerania gave Orders to the Inhabitants to solemnize that Day, and ordered Oil and Candles to be given them gratis for Illuminations.

From Parma we have Advice, that they have begun to raise Men in that Duchy for the King of Spain's Service, and that 400 Dragoons were gone to the Confines of the State of Genoa, from whence they were to escort several Millions of Pistols sent thither by the Court of Madrid, Part of which is destined for the Infant Don Philip.

The new Emperor of Russia has ordered all the Frenchmen, that were Domestics to the late Empress, to be discharged, and has given them Leave to return home to their native Country.

They write from Hamburg of the 9th Instant, that Orders had been published in the Farther Pomerania, in the German and Russian Tongues, by the Russian General Berg, that the Inhabitants of that Country should not any more be molested, and all the Forage and Provisions that should be brought to the Army, should be paid for in ready Money.

It is pretty observable, that the Court of Vienna goes into Mourning only for three Weeks for the Death of their valuable Friend the Empress of Russia; and that of Sweden, who had not by many Degrees the same Obligation to her, puts on the sable Pomp for as many Months.

The Corsican Malecontents have been so diligent in augmenting their naval Forces, that the Number of their Vessels amounts already to Seventeen.

Four Hundred Men are ordered to be sent to reinforce the Garrison of Senegal, and 200 to Goree.

Lord George Lennox is made Aid de Camp to the King, and raised to the Rank of Colonel.

We are assured, that a Treaty is nearly concluded between the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Russia.

Prince George of Holstein-Gottorp, formerly Lieutenant-General of the Armies of the King of Prussia, has been declared Governor of the States which the Emperor of Russia possesses in Germany.

All the Letters from Petersbourg are full of Commendations of the new Czar, who, like another Titus, they say, lets not a Day pass without some distinguished Mark of his benevolence.

There is an Account from Hanover of the Enemies having attacked and pillaged one of the Posts of the Allies at Salztzderhelden.

They write from Paris, of the 28th Instant, that they have completed the Batteries at the Ile of Aix, for keeping off the English Ships from that Island.

Feb. 25. Letters from Konigsberg advise, that five Regiments of Russian Infantry had received Orders to march home into Livonia from Prussia; and that it was said the whole Army was soon to follow.

The King of Prussia has given Orders to his Officers, that all the Contributions that have been raised in the Dominions of the reigning Duke of Anhalt-Zerbst, Brother to the present Empress of Russia, should be restored.

Private Letters from Petersbourg say, that the Emperor Peter III. in Imitation of his pious Grandfather, admits all the Russian Nobility freely to his Presence.

There are several more Transports ordered to be taken into

...the ... with the ...

...the ... has wrote for a ...

On Monday Christopher Bath, Esq. Commissary-General ...

Yesterday Morning arrived a Messenger from Petersburg ...

Letters from Hamburg of the 10th Instant import, that ...

Prince George of Holstein Gottorp declared and appointed ...

Extract of a Letter from Petersburg, February 23.

"We are glad to hear that the ...

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, February 9.

"Our Corps of Artillery is augmented with three Battalions ...

"Applicable to the ...

"If you expect some interesting news from the ...

Extract of a Letter from Paris, February 12.

"It is said, that the ...

A Letter from Genoa has these Words: There cannot be a ...

They write from Naples of the 5th Inst. that Orders ...

The most generous Act of the present Czar was to declare ...

Letters from Hambourg tell us, that the States of Cleves ...

"The King of Sardinia has given Leave to the English to ...

Feb. 27. By a private Letter from Petersburg we are ...

The Austrian and French Ministers at Petersburg have ...

According to Letter from Petersburg of the 28th ult. ...

The great Alteration in the Face of Affairs since the ...

They write from Vienna of the 6th Instant, that they ...

Letters from Great Poland of the 9th Instant import, that ...

Some Letters by Yesterday's Dutch Mail say, that there ...

here at 7, they were at Holland 24 one Half, when the ...

Some Letters from Saxony of the 7th ult. speak confidently ...

We are informed by some English Officers that came over ...

Two Gentlemen, who came over by the last Packet from ...

Letters from Madrid positively assert, that Troops were ...

Letters from Paris advise, that the Toulon Squadron, consisting ...

According to some Letters from Spain and Portugal, the ...

It is said that the Troops that are going over to the ...

We hear that several of his Majesty's Ships now in the ...

Last Monday his Majesty's Frigate Argo sailed Express ...

An Officer going on the Expedition writes, that the ...

We hear from Portsmouth, that the Preparations for the ...

Among the Land Forces in this Armament, there is a ...

A very considerable Quantity of Ammunition and Arms ...

March 2. Twenty Thousand Stand of Arms, and above ...

By Letters from Petersburg, since the Demise of the ...

Extract of a Letter from Hambourg, Feb. 16.

"The Consequences of the Death of the Empress Elizabeth ...

Holstein and Russia are now subject to one Sovereign, like ...

Prince George, of Holstein Gottorp, and Cousin to the ...

Thursday last the grand Fleet, after being joined by the ...

It is now said that the Expedition Fleet is going against ...

There now remains of Regular Troops in Great-Britain ...

By Letters from Ireland we are informed, that a Resolution ...

March 13. The Number of Forces gone out in the Expedition ...

The King hath been pleased to give the Command of the ...

The Spanish and the Peninsular Privateers, ...

The French Frigate has brought into Plymouth the ...

Eighteen Ships of War are ordered to be ...

A large Convoy of Transports is likewise getting ready ...

By the ...

BOSTON, May 6.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, March 16, 1762.

"The 11th Inst. arrived in this River the ...

These Gentlemen, as also Yesterday's Post, brought ...

"The Britannia, Captain Olive, a Letter of ...

Monday last a Detachment of 500 Men, belonging ...

The Recruiting Officers of Major Gorham's ...

By Captain Lander, who arrived Yesterday at ...

PHILADELPHIA, May 20.

From the VOTES of the House of Commons.

Veneris 22 Die Januarii, 1762, P. M.

GEORGE R.

HIS Majesty being sensible of the Zeal and ...

ORDERED, NEMINE CONTRADICENTE, That ...

Martis 26 Die Januarii, 1762.

RESOLVED, That it is the Opinion of this ...

His Majesty to ...

By the ...

Prospect Five

Advice, that ...

that the Span ...

On Tuesday ...

By the la ...

tain John S ...

Le informs ...

what he v ...

(inserted i ...

on particu ...

from that ...

Road in V ...

take unde ...

ready to f ...

A Snow

Liverpool,

Mills and

with Tob ...

from our ...

the run a ...

lies.

THE

TO

TERY.

will purc ...

June; a

Tickets

TICKET

and at th

For Curr

1762

Head

taining

of pur

on Ap

timere

of Sal

rent R

full th

His Majesty to give a proper Compensation to the respective Provinces in North-America, for the Expenses incurred by them in the Levying, Cloathing and Pay of the Troops raised by the same, according to the active Vigour and strenuous Efforts of the respective Provinces shall be thought by His Majesty to merit.

Extract of a Letter from Liverpool, Feb. 28, 1762.
By the Death of the Empress of Russia, there is a Prospect of the King of Prussia's being able to make up Matters with the Russians, by whom he has suffered greatly.—We hope he will, and that it may be followed by a Peace in Germany, which will enable us to make the Bourbon Family repent bitterly of their late Compact; and, by fresh Conquests, put your Continent into the most flourishing Condition.—Stocks have already risen from this Prospect Five per Cent.

By Captain McClelland, from Faro, there is Advice, that the Portuguese expected every Hour to hear of War being declared against them by the Spaniards: That they were in great Confusion there, and pressing every Body into the Service, able to carry a Musket: That 2000 Men had marched from Faro for the Frontiers, while he was at that Place; and that there was a Peace concluded between the Prussians and Russians.

Captain Burrows, from Madeira, informs us, that the Spanish Ship, sent in there by the Richmond Frigate (formerly mentioned) in her Way to Barbados, had 50,000 Dollars on board, and a valuable Cargo besides, of Logwood and Skins.

On Tuesday last Capt. Rees arrived here from Barbados, which he left the 30th of April. By him there is Advice, that Admiral Pocock, with four Sail of the Line, and a Number of Transports, arrived there the 18th ult. That there were about 5000 Land Forces on board the Fleet, under the Command of the Earl of Albemarle, who were all very healthy: That the Admiral sailed again the 23d of April, for Martinico, with 6 Ships of the Line, and about 60 Transports; where, it was said, he was to be joined by as many Troops as would make up his Number 12,000, with which he was to proceed to Jamaica, in order to join His Majesty's Ships there, and go against the Havannah.

ANNAPOLIS, May 27.
By the last Mail from the Northward, his Excellency our Governor received a Letter from Captain John Scaife, dated on board his Majesty's Ship *Chesfield* at New-York, the 16th Instant, wherein he informs his Excellency, that notwithstanding what he wrote in his Letter of the first Instant, (inserted in the last Gazette) of being detained on particular Service, that he is to be dismissed from that Service Time enough to be at Hampton Road in Virginia, by the latter End of June, to take under Convoy all Ships that shall be then ready to sail for England.

A Snow which sailed from this Province for Liverpool, some Time since, belonging to Messrs. Mills and Eden, in *St. Mary's* County, loaded with Tobacco, sprung a Leak about 250 Leagues from our Capes, and put back; but on her Return she ran ashore near the Capes, where she now lies.

THE MANAGERS of the FREDERICK-TOWN CALVINIST CHURCH LOTTERY, hereby give Notice, That the Drawing will punctually begin on Monday the 14th Day of June; and they request all Persons who have Tickets unfold, to return them by that Time. TICKETS may still be had of the Managers, and at the Printing Office.

TO BE SOLD,
For Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash.

A SLOOP, Burthen 38 Tons, now building on Patuxent River, near Mr. Lawrence Hammond's Ferry, and will be ready for Launching in about 3 Weeks.
NATHANIEL RUMNEY.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND called *Thurston's Neighbour*, lying on Bynam's Branch, near the Head of Bush River, in Baltimore County, containing about 1000 Acres. Any Person desirous of purchasing the above Tract of Land, may, upon Application to Mr. Robert Alexander, of Baltimore-Town, be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale. Sterling, or Gold and Silver at the current Rates, will be taken in Payment, as may best suit the Purchaser.

PROPOSALS

For laying out a Number of additional LOTS to FREDERICK-TOWN in Frederick County.

I. **THAT** One Hundred Lots or thereabouts, be laid out contiguous to the Town, and as conveniently as may be; each Lot to contain the same Quantity of Ground, and to be of the same Dimensions with the old Lots.

II. That a Ground Rent shall be reserved to DANIEL DULANY, Esq; his Heirs or Assigns forever, proportion'd to the Value of each Lot, and as shall be agreed upon between the Parties.

III. That the Purchaser of every Lot shall pay down one Dollar for the same, and be free of the Ground Rent aforesaid for the Term of Eight Years; the Time of such Exemption to commence from the last Day of September, 1762, that there may be one stated Term for the Payment of all the Ground Rents on the said Lots.

IV. That upon every Transfer or Alienation of any Lot after the Commencement of the Ground Rents as aforesaid, a Year's Rent shall be paid to the said DANIEL DULANY, his Heirs or Assigns, by the Purchaser.

V. That the Proprietors of the Lots shall, in Five Years after taking up their Lots, respectively build a House on each Lot fram'd, or of Brick or Stone, to cover Four Hundred square Feet of Ground at the least, and the Chimney of every Dwelling-House to be of Brick or Stone; otherwise such Lots to be forfeited.

VI. That One Hundred Acres of Land be laid out on Locust Level, within Three Miles of the Town, for the Purpose of furnishing Timber for building on the said Lots, and for no other Purpose whatever, and that no Purchasers of Lots, having Land within Six Miles of the said Town, shall be entitled to the Privilege of cutting any Timber off the said 100 Acres, laid out as aforesaid.

VII. That the Owner of every Lot shall pay the Quit-Rent to the Lord Baltimore, from the Commencement of his Right.

VIII. That an Estate in Fee Simple, subject to the Conditions and Reservations abovementioned, be granted to the Purchasers as aforesaid, and a Deed executed on Demand, after the Payment of the Dollar abovementioned.

The Subscriber will attend at Frederick-Town next June Court, to treat with any Persons who may be inclined to become Purchasers, and the Lots will be all laid out by that Time, and an accurate Plat of the Town prepared for the View of all who shall desire to see the same.

W. D. Dulany WILLIAM CUMMING.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the Third Day of July next.

TWO Hundred and Eighteen Acres of Land, in Frederick County, whereon he now dwells, well improved with a good Dwelling-House and Kitchen, and Seven other Out-Houses, and Two good Tobacco-Houses, with Orchards of Fruit Trees of all Kinds, with one good Meadow set with Timothy Grass, and a good deal more might easily be made. There is a convenient Place for Erecting a Water-Mill on the same.

The Subscriber will also, at the same Time, sell One Hundred and Fifty-seven Acres of Land, lying on Seneca Creek in Frederick County, being Part of Richardson's Range, whereon is a small Dwelling-House, and a Plantation, a Fence newly made, &c.

The Rights are indisputable.
WILLIAM RICHARDSON.

STOLEN out of the Subscriber's House at Upper-Marlbrough, on Thursday Night the 20th Instant, One very large Table Spoon mark'd S W, Eight very large Tea Spoons mark'd S W, Two Silver Salt Cellars, on 3 Feet, notch'd round the Edges, a Griffin's Head on the Side for a Crest, and my Father's Name on the Bottom, Stephen West, London-Town, Maryland; a Silver Half Pint Can, with a Cock for a Crest, a Silver Punch Strainer, with a Cock for a Crest; a Man's pretty good Great Coat of a strong Cloth, Cloth colour'd; it is spotted with Tar a good deal behind, and on the left Sleeve; some Table Linen, Bed Cloaths, &c.

Whoever will secure the said Things, so that I may have them again, shall have Five Pounds Reward, or in Proportion for any Part.

I lost about a Year ago, one of the same Sort of Table Spoons, mark'd S W.

STEPHEN WEST.

+ 1

Queen-Anne's County, May 20, 1762.

THE Subscriber desires all Persons that are indebted to the late Peter Maxwell, to pay their respective Debts before August Court, as he is obliged to settle with the Commissary next September; otherwise he will put the Law in Force.

And likewise gives Notice to all Gentlemen, Ladies, and Others, that he has removed from Queen's-Town, and keeps TAVERN at the Dwelling-House late Mr. Thomas Hamar's, on Chester Road, where all Travellers may meet with the best Accommodations this Country can afford.

MICHAEL FLOWER.

May 23, 1762.

RAN away from the Subscriber last Night, a Negro Man named *Bofon*, about 6 Feet high, thin visaged, somewhat battle-ham'd, and has had the Small-Pox. Had on when he went away, a blue Fearnought Jacket, and a new Felt Hat. His other Cloaths not known.

Whoever takes up the said Negro, and brings him to Elizabeth Wright in Annapolis, or Joseph Jacobs near Patapsco Ferry, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken in this County; and if in any other, Forty Shillings.

THERE is at the Plantation of Jason Frisell, living at the Head of Piney Falls, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a small Grey Horse, branded on the off Buttock something like an Z; he has a Switch Tail, a standing Mane, and paces slow.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Upper-Marlbrough, May 11, 1762.

THE Subscriber intending to leave the Country very soon, he once more takes this Public Method of acquainting those that are indebted to him, to come and settle their Accounts by the last of this Month, or they will actually be sued, without any farther Notice.

The Subscriber has a very good House and Lot in Upper-Marlbrough, which he will sell upon very reasonable Terms. The House was built for a Store, and is well situated for that Business. It has a Cellar the whole Length and Breadth of the House.

He has likewise a good saleable Assortment of European and East-India Goods, which he will sell at a very low Advance, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.

JOHN WELDON.

WANTED on FREIGHT or PURCHASE,

TWO VESSELS, Burthen about 250 or 300 Hogsheads each, when loaded not to exceed 11½ Feet Draught of Water.

For Terms apply to Mr. William Hunter of Talbot, or Messieurs James and Archibald Hunter of Frederickburg, Virginia.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship Free-Mason, Capt. Ayre, from LONDON, and to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store at Elk-Ridge Landing.

A CHOICE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS. As also a very particular Assortment of Millinery, consisting of all the new Fashions that were invented for her Majesty's Coronation.

PATRICK MCGILL.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subscriber, living in GEORGE-TOWN, Frederick County, on the North Side of Patowmack, having supplied himself with a good Boat and Hands, carries over Passengers from thence to Virginia at the usual Prices.

He likewise keeps Entertainment for Gentlemen Travellers and Others, who may depend on good Usage, from Their humble Servant,

JOHN ORME.

Annapolis, May 19, 1762.

ON the 6th Instant, Ran away a Convict Servant Man named *James Bell*, who came in with Capt. Ramsay in the Maryland Packet, in January last, he is about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, a good looking Man, and well dressed. He was brought up a House Painter, but has been accustomed to wait in a Tavern, and seems very well calculated for the Business. It is supposed he is gone to the Northward, and may probably be seen in Company with a Man who came in with him, and goes by the Name of Capt. Bennet.

Whoever apprehends the said Bell, shall have, if taken in the Province, Forty Shillings; if out of it, Four Pounds, paid by

JOHN RUMNEY.

Annapolis, May 3, 1762.
LATELY, in Pursuance of a Warrant from his Excellency, Sir Jeffrey Amherst, Lieutenant General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces on this Continent, returned from *Marston*, Major, Deputy Paymaster General, Eighteen Thousand and Twenty five and One Half Dollars, to pay off the Arrears of Pay due to the Officers and Men, who composed the *Maryland Troops*, from the Eighth Day of October, seventeen Hundred and Fifty seven, until they were disbanded or dismissed: Notice is hereby given, That Lieutenant Colonel *John Dagworthy*, and *David Ross*, will attend at *Mr. Middleton's* in *Annapolis*, during the second Week in July next, and at *Queen's Town* in *Queen Anne's County*, during the fourth Week of the same Month, to pay the Money above-mentioned to the several Officers and Soldiers, to whom the same is due, or to their Assignees or Representatives: Wherefore, all Persons who served in the *Maryland Troops*, and all Persons, who, by Virtue of Assignments from the Officers or Men, or who by any other Means, have a Right to receive any Part of the Arrears due to the said Troops, are desired to make their respective Claims at the Places and Times, and to the Gentlemen, above-mentioned.

By Order of his Excellency the Governor,
J. Ross, Cl. Con.

THOSE who survive of the Officers that served in the *Maryland Troops*, and the Representatives of such as are dead, are desired to meet at *Annapolis*, on Tuesday the Sixth Day of July next, in order that their several Accounts with each other, and with the Men who served under their Command, may be adjusted.

*JOHN DAGWORTHY,
 DAVID ROSS.*

To be SOLD for ready Money or best Credit,
CHOICE *Madeira and Lisbon WINES*, in Pipes, Hopheads, and Quarter Casks, coarse and fine Salt, Barrell'd Pork, and *Maporado Sugar* by the Barrel or larger Quantity.
THOMAS RICHARDSON and Company.

DOVE, a beautiful Dark Grey Horse, full 15 Hands high, was imported from *Scotland* last November, by *Dr. Thomas Hamilton*, at whose Plantation he now is, in *Prince George's County, Maryland*, will cover Mares this Season at Six Pistoles; and those Mares that prove not with Foal, shall have the Benefit of the Horse next Season, gratis (or one Half of the Money returned). He was bred by *Mr. Thomas Jackson*, senior, in the North of England, was got by *Young Cade*, his Dam by *Teaser*, his Grand dam by *Scaveng's Arabian*, and out of the *Gardener Mare*, that won Six Royal Plates of One Hundred Guineas each. He run at *Newcastle upon Tyne* at Four Years old, on the 21st of October, 1760, and Distanced the Duke of *Chesham's* Roan Filly, *Roxana*, beat the Bay Colt *Stag*, belonging to *William Swinburn*, Esq. *Charles Wilson's* Bay Colt *Whitely*, *William Cornish's* Bay Colt *Montreal*, and *Sittington's* Bay Filly *Namely*. As to his Blood, it is indisputable, and his Beauty also among Judges.

THE Subscriber has a new Schooner Boat, well fitted, with good Accommodations for Passengers, to go any where in the Bay, and will carry Goods at reasonable Rates. She will carry Five Hundred Bushels of Grain.

He likewise carries on the SILVER and GOLD SMITH'S BUSINESS in all it's Branches; and has a very good Hand for making MOURNING RINGS, as cheap as they can be had from *London*.

He gives the best Prices for old Gold and Silver.
JAMES CHAMBERS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons in *Prince and Maryland* who are indebted to *Mr. Thomas Key* of the City of *Bristol*, Merchant, or to him in Partnership with any Person or Persons, not to pay any of their Debts but to *Mr. Benjamin Coker* or *Mr. John Wyley*, in *Virginia*.
*Matthew Hall, John Coker,
 Thomas Whitford, Thomas Davis,
 Samuel Smith, William Miller.* Assignees.

Mar 7, 1762.
SUPPOSED to be Stolen by a Soldier, on the 20th of September last, from the Subscriber in *West-Branch County*, near *Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works*, a likely Dark Bay Horse, 4 Years old in June next, full 14 Hands high when taken away, easy white about him, branded on the off shoulder with two small Keys, laid across each other, not a fire plain, has a Sprig Tail, hanging Mane, a full Buckskin pretty Reep, a large Head, he paces naturally, and goes pretty wide behind. Whoever takes up the said Horse, or informs the Owner, so as he may be had again, shall have Three Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by
BENJAMIN GAITHER.

WANTED,
A BRICK MAKER, who understands his Business. Enquire at the *Printing-Office.*

CARRIED and Delivered to some Persons in a Boat in *Annapolis Dock*, by Mistake, a Portmanteau Trunk, containing some Linen, Hosiery, and Wearing Apparel. The Persons in whose Hands the said Trunk is fallen, are desired to carry the same to Captain *James Reith* near the Dock, who will amply Reward them for their Honesty and Trouble. 4 April 24, 1762.

Cabot County, April 13, 1762.
STOLEN from the Subscriber, on the 30th of March last, a small Light Grey Gelding, 4 Years old, he has a Switch Tail, a hanging Mane, and branded on the near Buttock TR (join'd in one).

Also, a likely Black Mare, 2 Years old, with a small white Snip on her Nose. She was neither dock'd nor branded when stolen.

Whoever will give Information to the Subscriber of the said Creatures, so that he may get them again, shall have Ten Shillings Reward for each, or Fifteen Shillings for each if brought home; and for apprehending and bringing to Justice the Person who stole the said Creatures, Four Pieces of Eight, paid by
 4 JOHN CAMBELL.

By Virtue of an Act, made and passed at the late Session of Assembly of this Province, Notice is hereby given, That there will be exposed to Sale to the highest Bidder, on Tuesday the 10th Day of August next ensuing, A LOT of Ground, No. 102, situate on the Northeast Part of the City of *Annapolis*, with the three Dwelling Houses thereon. The Sale to be on the Premises, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon.

5 WILLIAM CLAJON,
 MARY CLAJON, Administrators.

GOOD Entertainment for Men and Horses, with good Boats for Passengers to pass and repass to *Annapolis*, kept by the Subscriber at *Broad Creek Ferry*, on *Kent Island*. He has also very good Pasturage for Horses. The Subscriber having been used to the Sea, has good Experience in Boats. 5 THOMAS RIMMER.

BROKE, or rather burnt out of *Prince George's County* Goal, on Sunday Night the 18th of April last, a Woman named *Catharine Harlin*, committed on Suspicion of Felony, of a middle Size, very talkative, and has grey Eyes. Her Apparel very indifferent, an old Country Cloth flap'd Petticoat, and the Body of an old Flad gown. She has neither Shoes, Stockings, nor Cap. She formerly lived in *St. Mary's County*, and since at *Bladesburg*; but was taken up and committed from *Broad Creek* in the County aforesaid. Whoever takes up the said Woman, and brings her to *Upper Marlborough*, shall have One Pistole Reward, paid by *BENJAMIN BROOKES.*

DRIVER, a fine strong Horse, near 15 Hands high, got by *Orbello*, his Dam by *Old Spark*, his Grand Dam by the late Governor *OGLE's Barb*, covers for Thirty Shillings; and those Mares that do not prove with Foal, may have the Benefit of next Season for Ten Shillings.

25 ROBERT TYLER.

YOUNG TRAVELLER covers Mares this Season at Two Guineas. He is a fine strong Horse, upwards of Sixteen Hands high, was bred by *Col. Lister*, and got by *Mr. Moreton's Traveller* out of *Miss Calcutt*. HENRY ROZER.

April 15, 1762.
RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Mr. Richard Snowden's Iron-Works*, a Servant Man named *Philip Mobs*, aged about 25 Years, of a dark Complexion, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high. Had on when he went away, a white Holland Shirt, black Everlasting Breeches, a Damask Waistcoat, a full trimm'd Forest Cloth Coat, with Mohair Buttons, Country made Shoes, and Yarn Stockings. He has lost one of his fore Teeth by Fighting. He took with him a small Iron Grey Horse, a good Bridle, and a Saddle with a blue Housing.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and will bring him to the Subscriber, or cause him to be committed to any Goal in this Province, so that he may be had again, shall be paid Thirty Shillings, by
 EDMUND JENINGS.

GREAT-BRITAIN, a fine young Dray Horse from *England*, upwards of 16 Hands high, and remarkably strong, will cover Mares this Season at Two Pistoles, Good Pasturage for Mares.
 JOSEPH SIM.

NOTICE is hereby given, That any Person or Persons, inclinable to undertake the Building of a Wharf, with Stone, on the North-East Side of the Dock of *Annapolis*, from *Mr. Middleton's Wharf* to the Inspecting House on the Point, may be informed of the Terms, on Application to
 NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN,
 WILLIAM ROBERTS,
 SAMUEL MIDDLETON,
 LANCELOT JACQUES.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the Sixteenth of June next, at the House of Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County,

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of *Mr. James Wardrop*, deceased, all lying in *Frederick County*. Acres.

One Tract called <i>Hazard</i> , lying on <i>Little Conococheague</i> , containing	790
One Ditto called <i>Partnership</i> , lying on the West Side of <i>Manockasy</i> , below the Upper Ford,	280
<i>Dear Bought</i> , lying on a Draught of <i>Anti-Eatum</i> , near the Head of a Spring at <i>Thomas Anderson's</i> old Place,	500
<i>Green Spring</i> , lying on the East Side of a Run about 50 Perches below the <i>Green Spring</i> ,	210
<i>Cool Spring</i> , lying about a Mile from <i>John Burgess's</i> , and near the main Road that leads thro' <i>Frederick-Town</i> ,	75
<i>Nut Spring</i> , lying about 8 Miles from <i>Frederick-Town</i> , on a Run call'd <i>Mill-Creek</i> , that runs into <i>Kittickon Creek</i> ,	114
<i>John's Delight</i> , lying on a small Run called <i>Curry's Branch</i> , at the Foot of <i>Shorendore Mountain</i> , near <i>Curry's Gap</i> ,	104
<i>Bloombury</i> , lying Half a Mile from <i>John Burgess's House</i> ,	104
<i>Piney Hill</i> , lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of <i>Conococheague</i> , on the East Side of <i>Lick Run</i> , near <i>Patoomack River</i> ,	86
<i>Brentford</i> , lying near <i>John George Arnold's</i> , on the West Side of the Road leading from <i>Conococheague</i> to <i>Frederick-Town</i> ,	35
<i>Oxford</i> , lying near a Branch called <i>John Chrystie's Spring Branch</i> , on the North Side of the main Road leading thro' <i>Frederick-Town</i> , by <i>Robert Evans's</i> ,	54
<i>Red Oak Level</i> , joining to a Tract of Land called <i>Nedwood</i> , formerly laid out for <i>Col. Thomas Cresap</i> ,	100

For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to
 JAMES DICK.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for emitting and making current *Ninety Thousand Pounds*, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order,
 ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by *JONAS GREEN*, and *WILLIAM RIND*, at the *PRINTING-Office*, the Sign of the *BIBLE*, in *Charles-Street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.