

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1789.

Proceedings of Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

SATURDAY, September 5.



R. SENEY, of the committee appointed to take into consideration the memorial of John White, late continental commissioner of accounts for the state of Pennsylvania, and his assistants, brought in a report, which was in favour of granting the prayer

of the memorial.

In committee of the whole on the subject of a permanent residence.

Mr. Boudinot in the chair.

The resolutions submitted by Mr. Fitzsimons yesterday were read and taken into consideration. Several objections were made to the idea of purchasing the soil for the federal residence, as it would subject the states to a heavy expence, which might be avoided. The constitution, it was said, contemplated a cession of territory by the states for the purpose. To this it was replied, that the word cession referred to the jurisdiction, and not to the soil—and examples were adduced to show that cessions of territory do not imply any thing more than a transferring of the jurisdiction—as, after such cessions, the property of individuals is not changed.

The committee could not agree upon filling up the blank before the word "years" respecting the temporary residence, five, four, three, two and one, were suggested.—It was at length agreed to pass it over, and to take it up in the house.

The blank before the word "dollars" was filled with *one hundred thousand*—time, to be paid in "twenty years"—interest at not more than five per cent. per annum. These resolutions were then adopted by the committee, and reported to the house.

A motion for adjournment being negatived, the house proceeded to the consideration of the report.

Mr. Lee introduced a new preamble as an introduction to this business—which after some discussion was withdrawn.

The first resolution (Mr. Scott's) was then agreed to by the house.

Mr. Lee again proposed to strike out "east bank of the Susquehanna" and to insert "north bank of the Patowmack." This produced further debate, which lasted so long as to preclude a decision this day.

Adjourned.

MONDAY, September 7.

In committee of the whole on the subject of the permanent residence.

Mr. Lee's motion in favour of the Patowmack was taken up, and the ayes and noes being called for by that gentleman, the motion was negatived—29 to 21.

Mr. Vining moved to strike out "east bank of the Susquehanna" and insert "the borough of Wilmington, in the state of Delaware." He enforced this motion by stating the advantages in point of situation, healthiness of climate, provisions and immediate accommodations; the last of which he urged with additional energy, as it would supercede the necessity of the great expence attending the Susquehanna. On this question Mr. Vining called for the ayes and noes, which were, noes 32, ayes 19—so the motion was lost.

Mr. Boudinot brought forward a motion, founded upon some resolutions of the late congress respecting the permanent residence. He went into a general discussion of the principles that ought to influence congress in all its decisions, more especially on a subject of this magnitude and importance. He stated a variety of objections to the Susquehanna, and moved that it be struck out, to insert Patowmack, Susquehanna or Delaware: If this is agreed to, said he, I shall move for a committee to go to these several places, that a thorough investigation of the whole business may be had, previous to a final decision.—The ayes and noes being called, there appeared 23 ayes, 28 noes—so the motion was negatived.

Mr. Boudinot then moved to insert "on either side the banks of the Delaware, not more than eight miles above or below the lower falls. The ayes and noes being called were, noes 46, ayes 4.

It was then moved, by Mr. Stone, to strike out the word "east" before "bank"—This was determined in the affirmative by a majority of one, the ayes and noes being called.

It was then moved by Mr. Lee to insert, after the words "Susquehanna in the state of Pennsylvania" or Maryland. This motion was negatived—ayes 25, noes 26.

Mr. Lee moved to make that part of the resolution which provided that congress remain in New-York till the buildings should be provided on the banks of the

Susquehanna, stand as a distinct resolution. This motion was lost, 24 being for, and 27 against it.

Mr. Vining moved that "the borough of Wilmington" be inserted, as the temporary residence of congress: This being seconded, the ayes and noes were called on the question, which was lost—ayes 21, noes 30.

Mr. Parker moved to strike out "New-York" and insert "Philadelphia, as the temporary residence. The ayes and noes being called, the same was lost, there being 29 in the negative, and 22 in the affirmative.

A motion for adjournment being put and lost, the house proceeded and completed the resolutions: The time to be allowed for erecting the buildings is fixed at four years.

A committee consisting of Mr. Ames, Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Clymer, was appointed to prepare and report a bill to carry these resolutions into effect.

A message was received from the senate with the bill for altering the department of foreign affairs, into the department of state, and attaching thereto certain additional duties. The salary bill for the officers of the executive department, the bill for compensating the services of the president and vice-president, and the bill for compensating the members of both houses, all with amendments. Adjourned.

TUESDAY, September 8.

Petitions from the freemen of the towns of Providence, Newport, &c. upon the operation of the collection and tunnage laws were read, and referred to a committee already appointed to take into consideration the memorial respecting North-Carolina, &c.

Mr. Boudinot presented a petition from sundry inhabitants of the state of New-Jersey, chiefly practitioners in law, respecting the place pointed out in the judiciary bill for holding the district courts in East-New-Jersey, and praying that Perth-Amboy may be the place for holding those courts.

The house then took up the amendments of the senate to the bill for establishing the salaries of the officers of the executive department.

The first amendment was to add 500 dollars to the salary of the secretary of state—which being agreed to, his salary is 3500 dollars.

The second was to reduce the salary of the auditor from 1500 dollars to 1250—this was disagreed to.

The third, to strike out 1600 dollars, the salary of the treasurer, and insert 2000. Disagreed to.

The fourth, to strike out 500 dollars from the salary of the governor of the western territory.

This amendment was opposed, as involving diminution of a salary which was annexed to two very important and expensive offices. The amendment was disagreed to.

The fifth, to strike out 1500 dollars, the salary of the assistant of the secretary of the treasury, and to insert 1700. Disagreed to.

The sixth was to give the clerk to the treasurer, a salary of 600 dollars. Agreed to.

The seventh was to empower the heads of the departments to appoint their respective clerks. Agreed to.

And the last was to raise the salaries of the inferior clerks to 500 dollars—which was agreed to.

The amendment of the senate to the bill for, allowing compensations to the president and vice-president, was next taken up: The senate proposed that the vice-president should receive 6000 dollars per annum. This amendment was disagreed to.

The amendments of the senate to the bill for allowing compensations to the members of the two houses, and their respective officers, were next read. In the first amendment the senate adheres to its former resolution respecting a discrimination.

It was then moved, by Mr. Livermore, that the house should recede from their disagreement to this amendment of the senate.

This was seconded by Mr. Benson—who observed, that the legislature is now brought into such a situation, as that if the house should refuse to recede from their disagreement, there is the greatest danger of a dissolution of the government: and as the discrimination is not to take place till the end of six years, it may be considered as an appeal to our constituents, who will undoubtedly determine the matter for the legislature in that period.

The vote being taken on the motion to recede, it passed in the negative. It was then voted that a conference should be requested with the senate upon this business—and Messrs. Sherman, Tucker and Benson, were appointed conferees on the part of the house.

The amendments to the bill providing for the safe-keeping of the acts, records and great seal of the United States, &c. were read and agreed to by the house.

Mr. Carroll presented a representation from the inhabitants of George-town, on the Patowmack, on the subject of the permanent residence of congress. Read and laid on the table.

Mr. Gerry moved a resolution to the following effect: That monies shall not be drawn from the treasury unless by appropriations, made and confirmed by

congress, subsequent to the 4th of March last. Laid on the table.

In committee of the whole on the bill for establishing judicial courts. Some progress was made in the 4th section. Adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, September 9.

The house went into a committee on the bill for establishing the judiciary department. Some further progress was made in the bill, when the committee rose and asked for leave to sit again.

THURSDAY, September 10.

Mr. Partridge, from the committee, reported, that they had examined the enrolled bill to provide for the safe-keeping of the acts, records, seal, &c. of the United States, and found it truly copied from the original; also the bill for establishing the salaries of the executive officers. The speaker signed the same.

Mr. Boudinot presented a petition from sundry inhabitants of the county of Essex, praying that the district courts might be held in Perth-Amboy.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee, reported a bill to relieve the citizens of North-Carolina and Rhode-Island, by suspending, until the day of next, so much of the tunnage act as subjected the vessels of those states to the same duty as foreign ships.

This bill was ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Sherman, from the committee of conference, to whom were referred the disagreeing votes of both houses, on the subject of the compensations of the members, reported, that the committee had come to no agreement with the committee of the senate; but that they had thought proper to recommend, as a conciliatory measure, that the house should concur with the senate, with an amendment, limiting the duration of the act.

A motion was then made, "that the house recede from their disagreement to the amendment, and concur with an amendment."—The amendment was, "that the act should continue in force seven years only."

This motion brought on a warm debate. The arguments that had been before used against a discrimination in the compensation of the two houses were repeated with vehemence. It was contended, that though the motion was for establishing the discrimination only for one year, yet it was a sufficient recognition of the principle; and if this principle was in itself improper, it was wrong, in a measure which was intended as an appeal to the people, to establish a precedent to influence the measures of a future congress.

On the other hand, the propriety of a concurrence was inferred from the danger of losing the bill, and from the indelicacy of forcing the senate to receive a compensation, which they did not think adequate to their services.

Mr. Boudinot was for rejecting the amendment of the senate, and bringing in a new bill limited to two years, and then he said the appeal to the people would be made on equal terms.

The question on concurring was then put, and the yeas and nays being called, were as follow:

AYES.—Messrs. Ames, Baldwin, Benson, Brown, Cadwalader, Clymer, Fitzsimons, Gale, Gerry, Griffin, Hartley, Huntington, Lawrence, Lee, Livermore, Madison, Moore, Muhlenberg, Scott, Sherman, Smith, (S. C.) Trumbull, Vining, Wynkoop.—24.

NOES.—Messrs. Bland, Boudinot, Burke, Carroll, Coles, Contee, Floyd, Foster, Gilman, Goodhue, Grout, Hathorn, Heister, Jackson, Matthews, Page, Parker, Partridge, Rensselaer, Schureman, Seney, Sylvester, Sinnickson, Smith (M.) Stone, Sumpter, Thatcher, Tucker, White.—29.

By this vote the compensation bill was lost.

The committee, on the petition of the public creditors, and other citizens of Philadelphia, reported, that the petition deserved the attentive consideration of congress; but as the present session was so short, and it was necessary to dispatch much important business now before congress, it became impracticable to give the subject, this session, the attention which it merited.—They therefore submitted a resolution to the following effect: That it highly concerns the honour and interest of the United States to make some early and effectual provision in favour of the public creditors of the union, and that the house would, early next session, take this subject into consideration."

This report was laid on the table.

Mr. Boudinot then moved, that a committee be appointed to bring in a bill to establish the compensation of the members and the officers of both houses, for one year.

It being suggested by the speaker that it would be proper to delay this matter till the senate had been informed of the vote of the house, the motion was laid on the table. Then the house adjourned.

FRIDAY, September 11.

The engrossed bill for suspending the operation of part of the tunnage act, was read the third time—the suspension to continue till the fifteenth of January next.

It was then passed to be enacted.

FREDERICK and
JEL GREEN.

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TO the VOTERS of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN,
THE ill state of my health, and my professional business and private affairs, requiring, at this time, my particular attention, oblige me to decline offering myself as a candidate at the ensuing election. I have made this communication to you that you may fix on a person to supply my place. I am,
Gentlemen,
With Real Respect,
Your Obedient Servant,
J. T. CHASE.
Annapolis, September 21, 1789.

Saint-Mary's county, September 15, 1789.
Pursuant to the last will and testament of JUSTINIAN JORDAN, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Thursday the 15th day of October next, A TRACT of land, lying in Baltimore manor, in said county, containing, by estimation, 201 acres. This land is pleasantly situated, lying on Wicomico river, and has plenty of wood and timber thereon for its support. Part of the purchase money will be expected on the conveyance and possession being given the purchaser (which will be at Christmas next) and credit for the remainder, on giving bond with approved security, to JEREMIAH JORDAN, } Executors of
CHARLES LLEWELLYN, } late Jordan.

Prince-George's county, September 14, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general assembly, for a law to authorize the justices of Prince-George's county to levy a further tax on the inhabitants thereof, for the purpose of erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch, near the town of Bladenburg. 2 8 w

Saint-Mary's county, July 6, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland, to establish a warehouse for the reception of tobacco, at the Head of Canoe-neck Creek. 0 X

September 19, 1789.
To be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the 19th of October next, on the premises,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, situate in Prince-George's county, on the road leading from Upper-Marlborough to George-town, about 8 miles from the former, containing 520 acres, about 400 of which are wood land, whereon is some meadow land; the cleared land is well adapted for farming. There are on the premises, a good dwelling-house, kitchen, corn-house and tobacco-house. Three years credit will be given, upon the purchaser's giving bond with approved security. Interest to be paid annually, or the bond forfeited. 3 w 4

JOHN SMITH MAGRUDER.
Annapolis, September 23, 1789.
By virtue of a DEED of TRUST, from captain ALEXANDER TRUAMAN to the subscriber, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the twentieth day of October next, the following PROPERTY, that is to say:

THAT valuable and well situated LOT and IMPROVEMENTS in this city, lately occupied by Mr. THOMAS PRICE, and where Mr. WILLIAM REYNOLDS formerly lived. This lot, and the improvements, with its advantageous situation, are too generally known to need a particular description.

Also a TRACT of fertile and valuable LAND, being part of MONOCACY MANOR, in Frederick county, containing about one hundred and thirty-three acres.

Also FOUR LOTS of LAND, containing fifty acres each, all adjoining, to the westward of Fort Cumberland, in Washington county.

Also the INTEREST of captain TRUAMAN in the LOT whereon the THEATRE stands, and one other LOT where Mrs. CLARKE lately lived.

Also a TRACT of LAND, in Bedford county, in Virginia, situate near James River, containing nearly six hundred acres.

The sale to be at the house first above mentioned, and on CREDIT, the extent of which will be made known on the day of sale. SPECIE CERTIFICATES and FINALS will be received at a rate to be agreed on. 2 1 f

G. DUVAL.

Prince-George's county, September 21, 1789.
To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday the 20th of October, at the late dwelling of my brother, Mr. RICHARD GREEN, on Anne-Arundel Manor, for ready money only,

A NUMBER of COUNTRY-BORN NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN. 2 w 3

JACOB GREEN, Administrator.

September 9, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of this state, for a public warehouse for the inspection of tobacco at Trace's Landing, on Herring Creek. 3

Washington county, September 19, 1789.
ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of THOMAS H. HALL, late of said county, deceased, are desired to give them in well authenticated, and those indebted to the estate, are requested to make immediate payment, to BARBARA HALL, Executrix. 2 w 4

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 6th day of October next, for ready money, at the dwelling of JAMES AMOSS, jun. the following tracts or parcels of LAND, to wit:

ONE tract or part called by the name of GROVE EDEN HUNDRED, 120 acres; one ditto, part of BRANSTONE RIDGE and SON'S ADDITION, 310 acres; and one ditto, called ROACHE'S CHOICE, 40 acres, late the property of the aforesaid AMOSS, taken in execution to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland. And on the 7th day of October next, in the forenoon, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at the dwelling of JAMES AMOSS, sen. for ready money, the following tracts or parcels of LAND, to wit: one tract by the name of JAMES'S CARE, 135 acres; one ditto, called BRANSTONE RIDGE, 95 acres; one ditto, called FOX HILL, 20 acres; one ditto, called SHAW'S DOFUNDOME, 12 acres; and one ditto called SHAW'S PRIVILEGE, 71 acres, late the property of the aforesaid JAMES AMOSS, sen. taken in execution to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland. And on the 7th day of October next, in the afternoon, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for ready money, at the dwelling of ROBERT AMOSS, the following tracts or parcels of LAND, to wit: one tract of LAND by the name of GOOD HOPE, 614 acres; one ditto called ROBERT'S ENLARGEMENT, 77½ acres; one ditto called SPANISH OAK HILL, 37½ acres; one ditto called BOTTOM, three acres; one ditto called JOHN'S REFUSE, 38 acres; one ditto, part of BRANSTONE RIDGE, 29 acres; one ditto, part of AMOSS'S PURSUIT, 101 acres; one ditto, part of SAPPIN RIDGE, 49½ acres; one ditto, part of AMOSS'S OUTLET, 16 acres; and one ditto called WHITE GLAD, 30 acres; being the dwelling plantation and late the property of the aforesaid ROBERT AMOSS, taken in execution to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland. And on the 8th day of October next, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for ready money, in Belle-Air, the following tracts or parcels of LAND, to wit: one tract called LOVE'S ADDITION IMPROVED, 190 acres; one ditto called WAXFORD and GREAT-BRITAIN, 396 acres; one ditto ROBERT'S LOT, 100 acres; one ditto called BOND'S FORTUNE and LOT, 17 acres; one ditto called HAZARD, and part of RIGDON'S ESCAPE, 61 acres; one ditto called LOVE'S CHANCE, 25 acres; one ditto, part of Kidmuntler, 40 acres, late the property of JOHN LOVE, taken in execution to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland. Also, on the 8th day of October next, will be SOLD, at Belle-Air, at PUBLIC SALE, for ready money, the following tracts or parcels of LAND, to wit: one tract called PART OF BIRZ, 224 acres; one ditto called NORRIS CHANCE, 362 acres, late the property of BENJAMIN B. NORRIS, taken in execution to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland. And on the 8th day of October aforesaid will be SOLD, at Belle-Air aforesaid, at PUBLIC SALE, for ready money, the following tracts of LAND, and the following tracts of LAND, late the property of SAMUEL GROOME OSBORN, taken in execution to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, to wit: part of COLE RAIN, 252 acres; two HOUSES and LOTS in Joppa; 100½ acres of land, name unknown. Attendance on the aforesaid days will be given at said places, by WILLIAM OSBORN, Sheriff of Harford county. 3 X

Harford county, September 8, 1789.

TO BE SOLD,

On Thursday, the 22d of October, 1789, if fair, if not the next fair day,

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of captain THOMAS DENT, deceased, consisting of VERY LIKELY NEGROES, MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS; there are some VERY VALUABLE HOUSE-CARPENTERS; FARMERS and COOKS; STOCK of ALL KINDS, PLANTATION UTENSILS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of BEDS, MAHOGANY TABLES, CHAIRS and BOOK-CASE, besides many other articles too tedious to mention. The TERMS of SALE will be on TWELVE MONTHS CREDIT, on the purchaser giving BOND, on INTEREST, with APPROVED SECURITY. The CREDITORS are requested to produce their CLAIMS, PROPERLY PROVED, to EDWARD EDELEN, near PISCATAWAY, on the FIRST of OCTOBER; and are earnestly requested to attend the sale, in order to have a FINAL SETTLEMENT of the ESTATE. ELIZABETH DENT, Administratrix.

September 3, 1789. 3 X w 3

September 7, 1789.

THE proprietor of the public stage between the town of Baltimore and Annapolis, respectfully informs the public, that his stage-carriage and horses are now in complete order; and that he has procured an additional number of horses to expedite the business.

This route will, in future, be performed three times in each week, leaving Mr. JOHN STARCK's at eight o'clock, and Mr. GEORGE MANN's at nine precisely in the morning, and will perform the distance in six or seven hours at farthest.

Having thus provided himself at a very considerable expence with the necessary means to serve his customers, he hopes his exertions will not fail to meet the patronage of a generous public.

HENRY STOUFFER.

Annapolis Races.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of FORTY GUINEAS, will be run for, over the course near Annapolis, on Tuesday the 13th day of October next, agreeable to the rules of said club, with this alteration only, that any person, not a member of the club, may start a horse, mare or gelding, for the purse, on paying ONE SHILLING in the Pound Entrance.

On Wednesday, the 14th of October, 1789, will be run for, over the course near Annapolis, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, except the horse winning the Jockey Club Purse. Heats Four Miles each. Four years old to carry Seven Stone, five years old to carry Seven Stone Ten Pounds, six years old to carry Eight Stone Seven Pounds, aged Nine Stone.

On Thursday, the 15th of October, will be run for, a PURSE of THIRTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, of three and four years old. Four years old to carry Seven Stone, three years old a Feather.

Any horse winning two clear heats, to be entitled to the Purse. Three horses to start each day, or no race. The winning horse the first day excluded the second. Entrance the first day EIGHT DOLLARS, and for the second FOUR DOLLARS. The horses to be entered with Mr. GEORGE MANN, the day preceding the race, or pay Double Entrance. To start each day at 11 o'clock. Proper Judges will be appointed. 3

C A S H.

For Continental Loan Office, Depreciation, or Final Settlement Certificates and Indents.

Such as want Depreciation or other Certificates to pay for Property purchased of the State, may be supplied at any time, and with any particular Amount wanted, for Cash, by

15 20 James Williams.

For SALE or BARTER.

A Quantity of Land in Patents, from 250 to 1000 Acres, situate in Bottletourt and Monongahela Counties, Virginia, will be sold very low for Cash. Produce, any kind of Certificates or Indents, good Bonds, Land, or other Property in the State of Maryland. For Terms apply to 20 J. W.

Fig-Point, July 28, 1789.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts for dealings with Thomas and Edward Tillard, at this place, from June, 1784, to 1788, who have been so frequently called on for payment, and to which so little attention hath been paid, are now once more most earnestly called on, and such as do not make reasonable payments, and satisfactory settlements, with Mr. Jerningham Drury, who will attend constantly for the purpose, before the first day of October next, may expect suits will be commenced to compel them without further notice.

Those who may attend properly to the above, and continue steady and punctual in their payments for dealings with me since, I will supply with goods on the usual credit; but none others. 7

THOMAS TILLARD.

N. B. Such as have removed to the distant counties of this state, and out of the state, leaving their accounts unsettled, will be attended to.

September 9, 1789.

THE subscriber, WIDOW of GASSAWAY WATKINS, ONE of the SECURITIES for Captain THOMAS HARWOOD, FORMER COLLECTOR of the TAX for ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, intends to PETITION the NEXT GENERAL ASSEMBLY for RELIEF. 3 w

DINAH WATKINS.

ANNAPOLIS: PRINTED by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 8, 1789.

Proceedings of Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES.

WEDNESDAY, September 16.



HE bill for the temporary establish-
ment of the post-office was read a
first time.

Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Sherman and
Mr. Contee were appointed a com-
mittee to bring a bill to repeal that
part of the collection act, which af-
fects the value of the rouble.

The petition of the merchants of Portsmouth was
referred to the above committee.

A committee consisting of Mr. Burke, Mr. Moore
and Mr. Lawrence, were appointed to bring in a bill
to establish the salaries of the judicial department.

The consideration of the bill sent down from the se-
nate, providing for the punishment of certain crimes
against the United States, and of the bill to establish
hospitals for sick and disabled seamen, was postponed
till next session.

The act to suspend part of the collection law, and
the act to provide for the safe keeping of the acts, re-
cords and seal, of the United States, were received
from the president of the United States, with his sig-
nature and approbation.

The president of the United States laid before the
house, by the hands of the secretary at war, a repre-
sentation from the governor of the Western territory of
the reciprocal hostilities between the Wabash Indians
and the white people of the river Ohio.

The house then proceeded in the amendments, re-
ported by the committee, to the judicial bill, and
having gone through the same, ordered them to be en-
grosed for a third reading to-morrow.

And then the house adjourned until ten o'clock to-
morrow.

THURSDAY, September 17.

The committee appointed to bring in a bill to amend
that part of the collection act which fixes the value of
the rouble of Russia, reported a bill providing that the
rouble should be estimated at sixty-six instead of one
hundred cents, as it stands in that act.

The bill for the temporary establishment of the post-
office was read a second and third time, and passed the
house.

Mr. Baldwin, from the committee who were ap-
pointed to confer with a committee of the senate, on
the disagreeing votes of the houses, respecting the sala-
ry of the vice-president, reported, that the committee
had come to no agreement.

A motion was then made, that the house should re-
cede from their disagreement to the amendment of the
senate, which, after some debate, was negatived, and
the house resolved to adhere to their disagreement.

Mr. Sherman, in the conversation on this motion,
observed, that he had a high esteem for the person of
the present vice-president, as a man of abilities, integ-
rity and patriotism. His eminent services during the
whole course of the late contest, were a sufficient eu-
logium, and rendered any other unnecessary. He
had, he said, in an uncommon degree, one virtue which
was rarely found, a faculty of uniting dignity with
economy. He thought, therefore, that it was unne-
cessary, at present, to allow the vice-president so large
a salary as 6000 dollars, especially, considering the
present low state of our finances.

The judicial bill, with the amendments made by the
house, was read the third time.

Mr. Gerry, Mr. Burke, Mr. Jackson and Mr. Stone,
objected, and argued at some length against the passing
of the bill. They apprehended that it was a system
calculated for oppression, and that it would have a mis-
chievous operation.

Mr. Madison, in a few words, defended the bill,
and said, that though it was not, in all its parts, agree-
able to his mind, it was as perfect as could be formed
at this time, or until experience had discovered its po-
sitive defects. Had it been enacted in the form in
which it came from the senate, he said, he should have
been bound to vote against it. But the amendments
made by the house had, he believed, removed the prin-
cipal objections to it.

The question on passing the bill was then put, and
the yeas and nays being called, were as follow:

AFFIRMATIVE.—Messrs. Ames, Baldwin, Benson,
Boudinot, Brown, Cadwalader, Carroll, Clymer, Con-
tee, Fitzsimons, Foster, Gale, Gilman, Goodhue,
Griffin, Hartly, Heister, Huntington, Lawrence, Lee,
Madison, Moore, Muhlenberg, Page, Schureman,
Scott, Sherman, Sylvester, Sinnerickson, Smith, (M.)
Smith, (S. C.) Thatcher, Trumbull, Vining, Wad-
sworth, White, Wynkoop. 37.

NEGATIVE.—Messrs. Bland, Burke, Coles, Floyd,
Gerry, Grout, Hathorn, Jackson, Livermore, Mat-

thews, Parker, Rensselaer, Seney, Stone, Sumpter
Tueker. 16.

The committee who were appointed to prepare a bill
on the subject of the president's message to the house of
the 10th of August, reported a bill to recognize the
establishment of troops on the western frontier; which
was read a first and second time, and ordered to be
taken into consideration to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Benson, the house ordered, that
the secretary of the treasury be directed to report to the
house the estimate of the expenses of the present sessi-
on, and also the expenses of the civil list, and of the
war department, to the end of the present year.

A bill for establishing the salaries of the judicial de-
partment, was reported by the committee appointed for
that purpose, and having been read a first and second
time, was ordered to be taken up to-morrow.

The salaries proposed are as follow:

	Dollars per annum.
Chief justice,	4500
Judges of the supreme court, each,	4000
Judge of District of Maine,	800
— District of New-Hampshire,	1000
— District of Massachusetts,	2000
— District of Connecticut,	1250
— District of New-York,	2000
— District of New-Jersey,	1200
— District of Pennsylvania,	2000
— District of Delaware,	800
— District of Maryland,	1600
— District of Virginia,	2250
— District of Kentucky,	800
— District of South-Carolina,	2000
— District of Georgia,	1600
Attorney-general,	2000

Mr. Gerry moved a resolution, that the secretary of
state be directed to procure, from time to time, such
of the statutes of the several states as may not be in his
office. Laid on the table.

The committee of ways and means were discharged
from the duties of their appointment, and the business
committed to them was referred to the secretary of the
treasury.

The house then, according to the order of the day,
went into a committee of the whole on the bill for fix-
ing the permanent seat of government.

Mr. Boudinot in the chair.

Mr. Vining moved, that the first paragraph in the
bill be struck out, in order to insert one to the follow-
ing effect:—That a district of ten miles square, com-
prehending the borough of Wilmington, in the state of
Delaware, to be located as hereafter directed, should
be selected as the seat of government of the United
States, until a more eligible place should be fixed on
for the permanent seat; and that measures should be
taken to accommodate congress within that district, as
soon as conveniently might be: Provided that no cessi-
on be accepted till acts should be passed by the states of
Delaware and Maryland, to open a water communica-
tion between the bays of Chesapeake and Delaware.

This motion was negatived—Ayes 23—Noes 28.

Mr. Gale then moved to amend the first clause by
annexing the following proviso—That no district be
accepted as aforesaid, until the president of the United
States should be satisfied of the practicability of effect-
ing a navigation from the seat of government to the
mouth of the said river; and that this law should not
be carried into effect until the states of Pennsylvania
and Maryland should pass acts (not including any ex-
pense to said states) providing for removing the ob-
structions in the same.

A division of this motion was called for at the word
"river," and the question on the first part was nega-
tived—Ayes 25—Noes 29.

The question on the second part was then put, and
the committee was equally divided—Ayes 27—Noes
27. The chairman gave the casting vote in the af-
firmative.

The committee then rose and reported, and the house
took up the report.

The amendment adopted by the committee, on the
motion of Mr. Gale, was agreed to—Ayes 28—Noes
26.

Mr. Gale then moved to insert in the first clause of
the bill, after the words "Sutquehanna, in the state
of Pennsylvania," the words "or Maryland."

On the question upon this motion there was an equal
division of the house, and the speaker gave the casting
vote in the negative.

The further consideration of the bill was postponed
until Friday morning; and the house adjourned.

FRIDAY, September 18.

A petition from the reverend William Stoy, stating
that he had discovered an effectual remedy for the hy-
drophobia, and praying the house that, in their wis-
dom, they would devise some way by which the pub-
lic may be benefited by the remedy, and the inventor
recompensed for his expence and time in making the
discovery, laid on the table.

A petition from — Barnes, attorney to James
Rumley, respecting a variety of curious discoveries and

original inventions of the said Rumley, was read and
laid on the table.

SATURDAY, September 19.

The house took up the report of the committee of
the whole on the bill to establish the salaries of the ju-
dicial department. The salaries reported were severally
confirmed, except the salary of the district judge of
Georgia, which was reduced from 1600 to 1500; that
of the district judge of Kentucky was increased from
800 to 1000, and the attorney-general reduced from
2000 to 1500.

MONDAY, September 21.

The amendments of the senate to the bill for amend-
ing the constitution of the United States, were taken
into consideration. Some were agreed to, and others
non-concurred; on which a conference was requested
by the house.

Mr. Jackson moved for leave, and brought in a bill
to alter the time of the meeting of congress as fixed by
the constitution.

The house proceeded to the consideration of the bill
respecting the establishment of the permanent and tem-
porary seat of government.

Mr. Madison moved to strike out that clause of the
bill which provides that the present seat of congress
shall remain in New-York.

He observed that as this bill would require the ap-
probation of the president to become a law, the clause
was a violation of that part of the constitution which
gives the two houses a power to adjourn without con-
sent of the president; it would infringe the right which
the houses had to adjourn to what time and place they
pleased, by enabling the president, in giving his sanc-
tion to this bill, to prevent an adjournment which
might be inconsistent with it.

Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Ames answered Mr. Madi-
son, and contended that it was not unconstitutional, and
that the gentleman's argument would operate as well
against the clause establishing the permanent as the
temporary seat of government.

Mr. Madison was supported by Mr. Lee and Mr.
Boudinot. The former said it was both unconstitutional
and superfluous.

Mr. Smith, (S. C.) also opposed Mr. Madison on
the constitutional ground. And Mr. Jackson, in the
course of the debate, observed, that though he had uni-
formly opposed the bill, he now thought it his duty to
acquiesce in it, as the voice of his country.

The question for striking out, being put, was nega-
tived.

A motion was then made by Mr. Madison, to strike
out the word "permanent," in order to keep up in the
bill the language of the constitution. This was nega-
tived; and the bill was ordered to be engrosed for a
third reading to-morrow.

A message from the senate, that they had concurred
in the bill for establishing the salaries of the judicial
department with amendments.

The amendments were to raise the salary of the chief
justice from 3500 to 4000 dollars; the salaries of the
associate judges of the supreme court from 3000 to
3500. That of the judge of the district of Maine
from 800 to 1000.—And that of the attorney-general
from 1500 to 2000. The house agreed to these
amendments, except the last.

A resolution was received from the senate, that it
be recommended to the several states to pass laws to
make it the duty of the keepers of their several gaols,
to receive and keep therein, persons committed under
the authority of the United States, until they be dis-
charged by due course of law. The United States to
pay fifty cents a month for each person confined, and
likewise to support all persons committed thereto for
offences against the United States.

Mr. Wadsworth, from the committee to whom was
referred the report of the secretary of the treasury, re-
ported a bill for defraying of the expenses of the civil
list, the department of war, for warrants issued by the
late superintendent of finance, for warrants issued by
the late board of treasury, and to pay the invalid pen-
sioners.

This bill was read a first and second time, and com-
mitted to a committee of the whole, to be taken up to-
morrow morning.

The report on the petition of the baron de Glaubeck,
was agreed to, allowing him fifteen months pay as a
captain in the late continental army.

A message was received from the senate, that they
had receded from their amendment for raising the sala-
ry of the attorney-general, and had appointed a com-
mittee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the
houses on the amendments to the constitution.

On motion of Mr. Vining, the report of the com-
mittee on the petition of the public creditors was taken
up, and agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Gerry, the house resolved, that
the secretary of the treasury be directed to apply to the
supreme executives of the several states for the state of
their public debts, and the funds appropriated for the
discharge of the principal and interest of the same; and

September 9, 1789.
WIDOW of GASSAWAY
ONE of the SECURITIES for
S HARWOOD, FORMER COL-
LAX for ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY,
ON the NEXT GENERAL ASSEM-
8 W
3 DINAH WATKINS.

NAPOLIS:
FREDERICK and
JUEL GREEN.

the amount of the loan-office and other securities of the United States in possession of the several states.
Adjourned.

LONDON, August 5.

Extract of a letter from Paris, July 28, after the regular post, per express.

THE duke of Dorset is certainly on his departure; and it is said the comte d'Artois is expected on the frontiers with auxiliaries from the Austrian Netherlands.

"It is said with some degree of confidence, that a Prussian nobleman is hourly expected with some proposals which would very much strengthen and tend to produce a closer union between the two kingdoms."

M. de Stahl, the son-in-law of Mr. Neckar, arrived in Paris from Switzerland, on Sunday last, and brought letters from him, intimating that he would be there the next day.

The national assembly of France, on hearing that her majesty had mentioned her design of going to the church of Notre Dame, in Paris, sent a deputation to communicate to her majesty the extreme danger of such a journey in the existing tumults; that they could not answer for the safety of her royal person, and therefore recommended to her to postpone the visit to Paris till order was re-established. The queen accordingly gave up her purpose.

Parliament will be kept sitting during a short time longer on account of the affairs of France, which, it is said, will be noticed in the speech with which the present session is to conclude.

The daily conferences which the French ambassador has with the cabinet ministers indicate a negotiation of no small importance; but the particulars are kept as secret as possible.

Advices from Cherbourg, by the Phoenix packet just arrived at Southampton, say, that Friday se'night vast crowds of a most formidable banditti poured in from the country on pretence of scarcity of corn. In their way they laid waste many gentlemen's houses, and not a granary escaped their depredations. They laid open the prisons, and let the felons, &c. free; gutted and pilfered the principal houses, and burnt and otherwise destroyed what they could not conveniently carry off. Notwithstanding money was thrown from the windows among them, and bread offered at a penny a pound, all did not avail. The mayor's house did not escape their ravage; and so unmerciful were they, that they broke his carriage to pieces, threw it over the quay, and cut the flesh off the horses' bones with hatchets. As the soldiers took no active part, the inhabitants resolved not to require their assistance, but armed themselves in defence of their property; in consequence of which, the same evening and the next morning about 130 were taken and confined either aboard the ships in the harbour of Fort Royal, or in the prisons in the town. Foreigners and natives for personal security were then obliged to mount national colours in their hats, composed of white, red, and blue ribands, and the general cry was, "Liberty, and an English constitution!"

By the demolition of the Bastille, a subterraneous passage has been discovered communicating with another state prison, about four miles from Paris, at Vincennes, near the duke of Orleans's chateau.

State prisoners were generally put into the prison at Vincennes, and conveyed under ground to the Bastille. Those who are first put into the Bastille were conveyed under ground to Vincennes. By these means all idea of the situation of the prisoners was completely discomfited.

According to a letter received on Monday from the continent, the courts of Madrid, Turin, and Vienna, are negotiating a plan to relieve France from her present troubles; and it is said further, they intend inviting other sovereigns on the same subject, and to some application has been made already.

The Algerines are committing depredations on the subjects of the three crowns of the house of Bourbon. They have lately taken and sent into Algiers eight prizes, whereof five were French, one Spanish, and two Neapolitan.

One of the French ships, however, was detained only two days, and then suffered to proceed on her voyage.

Another, from the West-Indies, was also suffered to depart, but her cargo, consisting of sugar and coffee, was taken from her.—The principles of this adjudication no one could comprehend.

A third was retaken by a Portuguese man of war. But unfortunately the crew had not the good fortune to be liberated, as they had been obliged to go on board the captor. The Portuguese, however, found eighteen Algerines in the prize.

The fourth and fifth French ships were confiscated, together with their cargoes, on this principle, "that they were failing in concert at the time of capture, with the Spanish and Neapolitan ships;" and the crew were sent into slavery.

Thus they wish to live by plundering French property though they affect to be at peace with France.

As to the Spanish and Neapolitan vessels, they were condemned as the property of nations with which the Algerines profess themselves to be at open war.

NEW-YORK, September 23.

The advices by the French packet state, that the ministry which came in, on the removal of M. Neckar, continued in office but four days—when the king, finding that the aristocratic party had misled him, threw himself into the arms of the people.—Restored M. Neckar and his compatriots.—Speedy justice was executed upon some of the principals of the late ministry—several of whom were beheaded. One of them who anticipated the public vengeance, had the ceremony of his funeral performed, but the artifice being detected, the farce was turned into a tragedy, by the

loss of his head.—Sixteen committees were appointed in the city of Paris for various purposes, whose vigilance and activity had restored it to peace and security: One of these committees was to furnish supplies of grain, &c.

PITTSBURGH, September 5.

By a gentleman who arrived from the Falls of Ohio on Saturday last, we are informed, that on the 2d of August last, a party of about 300 volunteers, under the command of major Harding, marched against the Vermillion Indian towns on White river, and that it was generally expected they would reach them undisturbed; should that be the case, no doubt they will make proper use of the opportunity, and revenge the many murders and depredations committed on their frontier settlements by the savage inhabitants of these towns.

The above gentleman further informs us, that on the 8th or 9th of August, a party of six soldiers, under the command of a corporal, who was attending a surveyor from the New-England settlement, some distance below the Big Kanawha, were attacked by a party of Indians, and the six soldiers, together with the chain-carrier, were killed, and the surveyor lost all his instruments, notes, &c.

ANNAPOLIS, October 8.

The honourable Alexander Contee Hanson, Esquire, is chosen chancellor of this state in the room of the honourable John Rogers, Esquire, deceased. And,

The honourable Jeremiah Townley Chase, Esquire, is appointed one of the judges of the general court, in the room of the honourable Alexander Contee Hanson, Esquire.

Allen Quynn and Gabriel Duvall, Esquires, are elected delegates to represent this city in the ensuing general assembly.

The president of the United States has been pleased to nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint Thomas Jefferson, secretary of state, and Edmund Randolph, attorney-general of the United States.

For the district of New-York, James Duane, judge—Richard Harrison, attorney, and W. S. Smith, marshal. And

For the district of New-Jersey, David Brearly, judge—Richard Stockton, attorney, and Thomas Lowry, marshal.

[The other appointments in the judiciary department are mentioned in our last.]

THE SPEECH OF THE KING OF FRANCE when he threw himself into the protection of the NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

"MESSIEURS,
"I ASSEMBLED you to have your advice on the most important affairs of the state; none can be more important, more pressing, or can more affect my heart, than the frightful disorders which reign in the capital at this moment.—The chief of the nation comes with confidence into the midst of its representatives, to avow the trouble which oppresses him, and to call on them to find the means of restoring order and tranquillity. I know that unjust suspicions have gone forth: I know that it has even been circulated that your persons are not in safety. Is it, can it be necessary to assure you of the falsity of such injurious reports—reports contradicted by my known character? If it be, here I am amongst you, as only one among my people, and placing my sole trust in them. Aid me at this juncture in restoring security to the state. I expect this from the national assembly. The zeal of the representatives of my people, united for the common good, warrants this expectation; and confiding in the love and fidelity of my subjects, I have issued orders to the troops to withdraw from Paris and Versailles. I authorize you, I even call upon you, to make these dispositions known in the capital."

Anne-Arundel county, October 6, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be SOLD, on the premises, on Saturday the 17th instant,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND called OWEN'S RANGE, containing eighty acres, more or less, late the property of JOHN WARFIELD, seized and taken to satisfy a debt due Richard Harwood, jun. and sold for cash only.

BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff.

September 27, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed from the general court, will be EXPOSED to SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for READY CASH, on the 28th day of October next, at the dwelling-house of JOHN BROOKE, near Bryantown,

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called LORD-SHIP'S FAVOUR, containing 400 acres, and a TRACT of LAND, called KEECHE'S MEADOWS, containing 102½ acres, seized and taken at the suit of the State of Maryland.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

London-town, October 8, 1789.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they have for sale, a large quantity of CHOICE SHOES, consisting of MENS, WOMENS and NEGROES, at a reasonable rate for CASH.—They will also take in any quantity of leather to work up, for country produce, at a reasonable price. Any person who will be pleased to favour them with their custom, shall be faithfully served in the best manner. For further particulars, apply to

JOHN and CHARLES SEFTON.

September 28, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed from the general court, will be EXPOSED to SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for READY CASH, on the 29th day of October next, at the dwelling-house of HOSKINS HANSON,

ONE TRACT of LAND, called LITTLE-WORTH, containing 195 acres; one other TRACT of LAND, called WILKERSON'S THRONE, containing 415 acres; PART of one other TRACT of LAND, called THOMPSON'S CHANCE, containing 55½ acres; LIFE ESTATE of the said HANSON in one other TRACT of LAND, called THOMPSON'S CHANCE, containing 278 acres; and the REVERSION of the said HANSON in one other TRACT of LAND, called HARWOOD, containing 50 acres; seized and taken at the suit of the State of Maryland.

FRANCIS WARE, late Sheriff of Charles county.

Bladensburg Races.

THE BLADENSBURG JOCKEY CLUB PURSE, of FIFTY GUINEAS, will be run for, over a very fine course, on Thursday the 29th day of October, free only for Members of the Club, and to start precisely at 12 o'clock.

On the day following, will be run for, over the same course, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, free for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying Weight for Age, agreeably to the Rules of the Jockey Club. Heats Three Miles each. The Horses, &c. to be entered the evening before the Race, with Mr. THOMAS ROSE, and to pay Twenty-five Shillings each, or Double at the Post. Proper Judges will be appointed; and to start precisely at twelve.

Frederick county, September 7, 1789.

THE subscribers hereby give notice, that they intend to petition the justices of Frederick county, at next November court, for a commission to mark and bound their parts, and if the law requires it, the whole, of the two following TRACTS of LAND, situate in said county, viz. THE RESURVEY ON GOOD-NEIGHBOURHOOD and COME BY CHANCE, agreeable to the act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, passed at November session, 1786.

NICHOLAS COPPLE, MICHAEL OVELMAN.

Charles county, October 1, 1789.

FROM the date hereof, I do forewarn all manner of persons whatever from HUNTING with either DOG or GUN on the TRACT of LAND belonging to PORT-TOBACCO MILL, now in the possession of the subscriber. Those who do not pay due respect to this notice, will be prosecuted agreeably to law, without respect to persons, by

THOMAS OSTON.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the 15th day of January next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters:—

MRS. ADAMS, Port-Tobacco; reverend John Ashton, Annapolis.

Mr. Bowman, Annapolis; Mrs. John Barclay, widow of the late reverend John Barclay, rector of All-Hallows, near Annapolis; George Bourne, Calvert county.

John Callahan, Jeremiah T. Chase (2), James Clerk, care of William Cook, Ebenezer Cutler, jun. Miss Cutler, Thomas Cooney, Annapolis; Joseph Cafference, near Nottingham.

Joshua Dorsey, Annapolis; Cornelius Duvall, Upper-Marlborough; Henry Davison (2), Prince-George's county.

Ralph Forster, Annapolis; John Forbes, Benedict. John Gwinn (6), Annapolis; Richard Gantt, near Upper-Marlborough.

Samuel H. Howard, Aquila Hall, George Hunt, Annapolis; Mrs. Hawkins, London-town; Mr. Hill, near Upper-Marlborough; Philip Hodgkin, Nottingham.

John Kirkland, care of capt. J. Wallis, America. Mr. Maybury, Cornelius Mills, Gilbert Middleton, Reuben Merriweather, Annapolis; reverend Jos. Messenger, Prince-George's county.

William Paca, Annapolis. Honourable John Rogers (2), James Ringgold, Richard Ridgely, Annapolis; James Rieley, jun. Anne-Arundel county.

Dr. James Shafto, Annapolis; Thomas Snowden, Patuxent iron-works; Richard Stuard, on board the John and Jane, Patuxent; Sarah Shanly, Upper-Marlborough; Nicholas Scovemont, Leonard-town.

Captain James Vance, of the sloop —, Saint-Mary's.

John Welsh, Annapolis; John Weems (2), Blenheim, near Port-Tobacco; captain White, of the ship Washington, Patuxent; Morris Williams, St. Mary's county.

Robert Young (2), Nottingham.

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

All persons sending to the Post-Office for letters, are requested to send the money, as none will be delivered without.

Prince-George's county, September 14, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general assembly, for a law to authorize the justices of Prince-George's county to levy a further tax on the inhabitants thereof, for the purpose of erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch near the town of Bladensburg.

September 28, 1789.
I, James Hanson, do hereby give notice, that I have been appointed by the court of Chancery, to sell the following tract of land, called **WILKERSON'S**, containing 195 acres; one other tract called **WILKERSON'S**, containing 5 acres; PART of one tract called **THOMPSON'S**, containing 5 acres; **LIFE ESTATE** in one other TRACT of land called **CHANCE**, containing 10 acres; and one other TRACT of land called **REVERSION** of the said tract of land, called **CHANCE**, containing 10 acres; seized and taken by the late Sheriff Charles county.

rg Races.
URG JOCKEY CLUB GUINEAS, will be run on Thursday the 29th day of September, 1789. Members of the Club, and others, will be run for, over the **DIPTION PURSE** of 1000 lbs, free for any Horse, Weight for Age, agreeably to the Rules of the Club. Heats Three Miles to be entered the evening before. **THOMAS ROSE**, and to each, or Double at the Post. And to start precisely at 12 o'clock.

County, September 7, 1789.
I give notice, that they intend to sell the following tract of land, called **WILKERSON'S**, containing 195 acres; one other tract called **WILKERSON'S**, containing 5 acres; PART of one tract called **THOMPSON'S**, containing 5 acres; **LIFE ESTATE** in one other TRACT of land called **CHANCE**, containing 10 acres; and one other TRACT of land called **REVERSION** of the said tract of land, called **CHANCE**, containing 10 acres; seized and taken by the late Sheriff Charles county.

NICHOLAS COPPLE,
MICHAEL OVELMAN.

County, October 1, 1789.
I do hereby give notice, that I have been appointed by the court of Chancery, to sell the following tract of land, called **WILKERSON'S**, containing 195 acres; one other tract called **WILKERSON'S**, containing 5 acres; PART of one tract called **THOMPSON'S**, containing 5 acres; **LIFE ESTATE** in one other TRACT of land called **CHANCE**, containing 10 acres; and one other TRACT of land called **REVERSION** of the said tract of land, called **CHANCE**, containing 10 acres; seized and taken by the late Sheriff Charles county.

THOMAS OSTON.

remaining in the Post-Office, not taken up before the 15th day of October, will be sent to the General Assembly.

Port-Tobacco; reverend John Hanson; Mrs. John Barclay, wife of John Barclay, rector of All Saints; George Bourne, Calvert; Jeremiah T. Chase (2); James Cook, Ebenezer Cutler, jun.; Cooney, Annapolis; Joseph Caffam; Annapolis; Cornelius Duvall, Upper-Davison (2); Prince-George's; Annapolis; John Forbes, Benedict; Annapolis; Richard Gantt, near Aquila Hall, George Hunt, Perkins, London-town; Mr. Hill, Hugh; Philip Hodgkin, Nottingham; Capt. J. S. Wallis, America; Cornelius Mills, Gilbert Middleton, Annapolis; reverend Jos. Melville's county.

Annapolis; John Weems (2); Benedict; Captain White, of the ship; Morris Williams, St. Mary's; Nottingham.

G. GREEN, D. P. M.
sending to the Post-Office for let-
to send the money, as none will be

August 10, 1789.
THE subscriber being appointed, by the honour-
able chancellor of Maryland, as trustee for the
creditors of **WILLIAM LOVEDAY**, hereby gives
notice to all the creditors of said Loveday, that the first
day of November next is limited and appointed by the
chancellor for the creditors of said Loveday to bring in
and declare their respective claims to the said trustee,
and that the same may be on that day liquidated and ad-
justed; therefore those who neglect to bring in their
claims legally authenticated on or before the said first
day of November now next ensuing, will not be enti-
tled to a dividend.

JOHN ROBERTS, Trustee.

Annapolis, August 27, 1789.
THE subscriber being anxious to fulfil his engage-
ments to his creditors, requests all those indebted
to him for dealings at his store to make immediate
payment, as it is entirely out of his power to give them
any further indulgence.

DAVID GEDDES.
N. B. He has just received an ASSORTMENT of
WINTER CLOATHING, which he will sell low
for CASH. No person need apply for credit, but
such as heretofore have been punctual.

D. G.

August 1, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
presented to the next session of the general as-
sembly, for an act to empower the subscribers to sell and
dispose of a tract of land called **POPPING GAY**, ly-
ing in Calvert county.

ELISHA HARRISON.
ANNE HARRISON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of
Washington county mean to petition the next
general assembly for the division of said county; also,
for prolonging the time of payment for the settlers
land to the westward of Cumberland.

TO BE LEASED.
For any term not exceeding twenty-one years,
A VERY valuable tract of unimproved LAND,
containing about 2700 acres, lying in Dorches-
ter county, on the public road leading from Cambridge
to Vienna, about nine miles from Cambridge, seven
from Vienna, not more than four from a very good
landing on Great-Choptank River, nor more than two
from two very good merchant mills. The land is in
general high, and well adapted to the growth of corn,
wheat and tobacco: the lowest of it may easily be ren-
dered quite dry by short ditches, to communicate with
several branches, in different parts of the tract, that
are very conveniently situated for that purpose: it is
very well timbered with oak, poplar, some black wal-
nut, hickory, and several other trees, in some measure,
peculiar in their growth to the best lands: a good pro-
portion of it is extremely well calculated for meadow,
which, from the particular situation of the land, may
be made at a trifling expence: It will be laid off in
tenements of from two to four hundred acres, so as best
to suit the convenience of the tenants. None but such
as can give good security for the faithful performance
of the covenants that will be included in the leases
need apply. The terms may be known by applying
to **RICHARD SPRIGG**, Esquire, near Annapolis, or to
the subscriber living in Cambridge, who will shew the
land to any person disposed to take a lease.

WILLIAM GOLDSBOROUGH.
Cambridge, August 23, 1789.

September 1, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
presented to the general assembly, at their next
session, by the subscriber, to confirm his title to two
lots of ground, lying in the town of Upper-Marlbo-
rough, formerly purchased by Judson Cooledge, de-
ceased, of the commissioners appointed to sell British
property.

RICHARD BURGESS.

Saint-Mary's county, September 8, 1789.
ALL persons having claims against the estate of
GEORGE THOMAS, late of Saint-Mary's county,
deceased, are requested to bring them in legally
authenticated, those indebted to the said estate, are de-
sired to make immediate payment, to

WILLIAM THOMAS, jun. Administrator.

A ROBBERY.
THE subscriber was stopped, on the eighth inst.
on the road, between **QUEEN-ANNE** and **LON-
DON-TOWN**, and **ROBBED**, by a **WHITE MAN** and
WOMAN, of **THREE HALF-JOHANNES**, a
CHINIZ GOWN, **TWO LAWN HANDKER-
CHIEFS**, a **MARSEILLES WHITE QUILTED**
PETTICOAT, and a **CAMBRICK APRON**. The
man had on a **PAIR OF CHECK TROUSERS**, a **BLUE**
SAILOR'S JACKET, with **HORN BUTTONS**, and has a
DEEP SCAR on his **LEFT CHEEK**. The woman had
on a **SHORT CALICO BED GOWN**, **BLUE SHALLOON**
PETTICOAT, and **WHITE APRON**. **THREE**
POUNDS REWARD will be given for ap-
prehending and bringing them to justice.

ANNE SCOTT.
September 10, 1789.

Washington county, September 19, 1789.
ALL persons having any just claims against the
estate of **THOMAS H. HALL**, late of said coun-
ty, deceased, are desired to give them in well authen-
ticated, and those indebted to the estate, are requested
to make immediate payment, to

BARBARA HALL, Executrix.

St. Mary's county, August 10, 1789.
COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a
NEGRO LAD, about five feet eight or nine
inches high, called **WILL**, who says he belongs to a
widow **CAIN**, near Hampton, in Virginia; had on an
old pair of corduroy breeches, and old jacket without
sleeves. His owner is desired to prove property, pay
charges, and take him away from

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

TO THE PUBLIC.
ON my arrival from Cambridge at
Baltimore, having missed a bag,
with a quantity of money, which I
thought I had in my chest, I was led
to suspect an innocent man, a Mr.
JOHN KER (who was a passenger
with me from Cambridge) of taking
it, whom I pursued to Annapolis, and
authorised by an ill-judged suspicion,
obtained a search warrant against him,
but not finding any thing in his posses-
sion to justify it, I returned to Balti-
more, and have since received a letter
from Cambridge, informing me, that
I had carelessly left the money on the
beach there—Therefore (in justice to
Mr. KER, whom I wish to be inform-
ed, that my feelings are inexpressibly
hurt, in reflecting upon the steps I have
taken, and the disgrace I have thereby
subjected him to) I do, in this public
manner, declare his innocence and my
error, and that any satisfaction he may
require, or that may be in my power
to give, at his request, I am ready and
willing to make him.—I am the pub-
lic's most humble servant,
SOLOMON FRAZIER.
Baltimore, July 18, 1789.

September 15, 1789.
Five Pounds Reward.
RAN away from the subscriber, living on the Head
of South river, about ten miles from the city of
Annapolis, on the seventh of July last, a negro man
named **WILL**, a short, thick fellow, about 5 feet 6
or 7 inches high, thirty years old, one of his shoulders
is larger than the other; had on a cotton jacket with-
out sleeves, new ofnabrig shirt and trousers, and felt
hat. He has been seen in Annapolis since he went off.
It is probable he may change his cloth and name,
and pass as a free man. Whoever takes up and secures
the said fellow, so that his master gets him again, shall
receive, if above ten miles from home, thirty shillings,
if out of the county three pounds, and if out of this
state the above reward, including what the law allows,
paid by

JOSEPH HOWARD, jun.
N. B. All persons are forbid harbouring or employ-
ing him, at their peril.
J. H.
West-River, Anne-Arundel county.

A FERRY-BOAT.
THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public,
and his old customers in particular, that he still
keeps a **PASSAGE-BOAT** to carry gentlemen and
their horses, charriots and carriages, to any part of the
EASTERN SHORE. He runs to **ROCK-HALL**, **KENT-
ISLAND**, **TALBOT** and **DORCHESTER COUNTIES**, or
any where it may suit them to go to. Those gentle-
men who will please to favour him with their custom,
may depend on his utmost endeavours to give every fa-
tisfaction that lies in his power. He is determined to
quit every other kind of employ, as to freights, and be
always in place, ready for passengers. He will diet
them as cheap as possible, and lodging and pasturage
gratis, by their most humble servant,
THOMAS TUCKER.

NICHOLAS LEEKE,
SCHOOL-MASTER,
Removed from Cornhill-street to South East-street,
next door to Mr. Thomas Hyde's large house,
TEACHES youth reading after the best and most
approved method, i. e. one at a time, in any
proper book—Writing the Round and Italian hands,
after the most modern methods—Arithmetic in all its
branches and dependencies—Book-keeping, &c. Like-
wise some of the most useful branches of the Mathema-
tics, as Navigation and Surveying, &c. both instru-
mentally and practically, and the use of the plain and
sliding Gunter, and the Sector, in the aforementioned
branches of the Mathematics and Arithmetic.
A diligent discharge of my duty may be depended
on, and am the Public's most humble Servant,
NICHOLAS LEEKE.
YOUNG GENTLEMEN BOARDED.

September 9, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a
petition preferred to the next general assembly
of this state, for a public warehouse for the inspection
of tobacco at Trace's Landing, on Herring Creek.

September 29, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday the 9th day of October, at the house of Mr. WILLIAM WORTHINGTON, his right and interest in the following TRACTS of LAND, viz.

SEVEN MOUNTAINS, containing seven hundred and eleven acres; WORTHINGTON'S COURTESY, four hundred and fifty-four acres; DARLEY'S INHERITANCE, three hundred acres; MASHELL'S ADVENTURE, one hundred and forty acres; HOWARD'S TOWN, six hundred and thirty-five acres; in all two thousand two hundred and thirty acres of land, taken as the property of the said William Worthington, and sold to satisfy a debt due to Nathan Soper. These lands are mortgaged to Charles Carroll, Esquire, for about 2800l. current money, and the equity of redemption will be sold as above. They are worth much more than the sum due Mr. Carroll. Terms of sale will be made known on the day, by

2X BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

September 29, 1789.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the 10th day of October, at the house of Mrs. ANNE M'CAULEY, near the Head of South River, the property of JOSHUA LACKLAND, an insolvent debtor, the following ARTICLES, viz.

A MORTGAGE on one hundred acres of LAND, by Thomas Linthicum to Lackland; one hundred acres of LAND, whereon Mrs. M'Cauley now lives, with the INCUMBRANCES, which will be made known on that day; ONE BED and FURNITURE, and some JOINER'S and CARPENTER'S TOOLS. All of which will be sold for CASH.

2X BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE.

To be SOLD, on Reasonable Terms,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, called DIMITT'S DELIGHT, containing 244½ acres, situate in Baltimore county, within 15 miles of Baltimore-town, adjoining the dwelling plantation of James Gittings, Esquire. The soil is equal to any in the state. There are about 40 acres in meadow, and by the advantage of a never failing stream running through the whole, there may be at least 160 acres more made equal to any in the county; there is a sufficiency of timber to support the whole; there is a good DWELLING HOUSE, KITCHEN, and other necessary buildings, suitable for a farm; the whole under a good fence; there is a good spring near the door; likewise TWO APPLE ORCHARDS of excellent fruit; there is an excellent MILL-SEAT on the same. The whole will be sold reasonable, by paying one third of the purchase money in hand, the remainder in seven annual payments. Any person inclining to purchase, may be shown the land, by applying to the subscriber, on the premises.

JAMES DIMITT.

N. B. BACK LAND will be TAKEN in PART. There may be had with the above farm, a sufficiency of STOCK of ALL KINDS; 100 barrels of CORN, and 50 bushels of WHEAT in the GROUND. Any person inclining to purchase, is desired to view the place, and not listen to any insinuation. 2

Saint-Mary's county, September 15, 1789.

Pursuant to the last will and testament of JUSTINIAN JORDAN, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Thursday the 15th day of October next,

A TRACT of land, lying in Bathford manor, in said county, containing, by estimation, 201 acres. This land is pleasantly situated, lying on Wicomico river, and has plenty of wood and timber thereon for its support. Part of the purchase money will be expected on the conveyance and possession being given the purchaser (which will be at Christmas next) and credit for the remainder, on giving bond with approved security, to

3X JEREMIAH JORDAN, } Executors of
CHARLES LLEWELIN, } Just. Jordan.

September 19, 1789.

To be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the 19th of October next, on the premises,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, situate in Prince-George's county, on the road leading from Upper-Marlbrough to George-town, about 8 miles from the former, containing 520 acres, about 400 of which are wood land, whereon is some meadow land; the cleared land is well adapted for farming. There are on the premises, a good dwelling-house, kitchen, corn-house and tobacco-house. Three years credit will be given, upon the purchaser's giving bond with approved security. Interest to be paid annually, or the bond forfeited. 4

JOHN SMITH MAGRUDER.

THE creditors of Mr. GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH are requested to send or bring in their claims, on the 25th of October, to the subscribers, who will attend, on that day, at Lower-Marlbrough, for the purpose of receiving them and settling the business as far as it can be effected, and no claims can be afterwards received or considered in the distribution.

2 SAMUEL CHEW, } Trustees.
WILLIAM KILTY, }

Annapolis, September 23, 1789.

By virtue of a DEED of TRUST, from captain ALEXANDER TRUAMAN to the subscriber, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the twentieth day of October next, the following PROPERTY, that is to say:

THAT valuable and well situated LOT and IMPROVEMENTS in this city, lately occupied by Mr. THOMAS PRICE, and where Mr. WILLIAM REYNOLDS formerly lived. This lot, and the improvements, with its advantageous situation, are too generally known to need a particular description.

Also a TRACT of fertile and valuable LAND, being part of MONOCACY MANOR, in Frederick county, containing about one hundred and thirty-three acres.

Also FOUR LOTS of LAND, containing fifty acres each, all adjoining, to the westward of Fort Cumberland, in Washington county.

Also the INTEREST of captain TRUAMAN in the LOT whereon the THEATRE stands, and one other LOT where Mrs. CLARKE lately lived.

Also a TRACT of LAND, in Bedford county, in Virginia, situate near James River, containing nearly six hundred acres.

The sale to be at the house first above mentioned, and on CREDIT, the extent of which will be made known on the day of sale. SPECIE CERTIFICATES and FINALS will be received at a rate to be agreed on.

3 G. DUVAL.

Prince-George's county, September 21, 1789.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday the 20th of October, at the late dwelling of my brother, Mr. RICHARD GREEN, on Anne-Arundel Manors, for ready money only,

A NUMBER of COUNTRY-BORN NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN.

3X JACOB GREEN, Administrator.

Annapolis Races.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of FORTY GUINEAS, will be run for, over the course near Annapolis, on Tuesday the 13th day of October next, agreeable to the rules of said club, with this alteration only, that any person, not a member of the club, may start a horse, mare or gelding, for the purse, on paying ONE SHILLING in the Pound Entrance.

On Wednesday, the 14th of October, 1789, will be run for, over the course near Annapolis, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, except the horse winning the Jockey Club Purse. Heats FOUR MILES each. Four years old to carry Seven Stone, five years old to carry Seven Stone Ten Pounds, six years old to carry Eight Stone Seven Pounds, aged Nine Stone.

On Thursday, the 15th of October, will be run for, a PURSE of THIRTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, of three and four years old. Four years old to carry Seven Stone, three years old a Feather.

Any horse winning two clear heats, to be entitled to the Purse. Three horses to start each day, or no race. The winning horse the first day excluded the second. Entrance the first day EIGHT DOLLARS, and for the second FOUR DOLLARS. The horses to be entered with Mr. GEORGE MANN, the day preceding the race, or pay Double Entrance. To start each day at 11 o'clock. Proper Judges will be appointed. 4X

Calvert county, August 12, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the VESTRY and PARISHIONERS of CHRIST CHURCH PARISH, in Calvert county, intend petitioning the general assembly, at their next session, to give the vestry a right in sundry pieces of LAND which has been held by the said parish for a great number of years as a glebe, to vest them with a right to dispose of the same for the use and benefit of said parish. 3

Samuel and John Adams, PRINTERS.

From WILMINGTON, DELAWARE STATE,

HAVING opened a PRINTING-OFFICE in Market-street, nearly opposite the post-office, Baltimore, respectfully inform the public, as BOOK-WORK, &c. is the principal object they have in view, of being engaged in, that they are now ready to receive the commands of all those who may be pleased to employ them in that line of business; and will only observe, that their utmost efforts shall be exerted to merit the approbation and favour of their employers, and the public in general.—Hand-bills, advertisements, all kinds of blank-work, &c. done expeditiously, with care, and on the MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

At said office may be had, a variety of BOOKS and STATIONARY; where country store-keepers, back-country traders, and others, may be supplied at the lowest prices. Great allowance will be made to those who may purchase by the quantity. 4

August 25, 1789.

Montgomery county, September 7, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to Montgomery county court for a commission to ascertain and mark the boundaries of his part of a tract of LAND called CLEAN DRINKING, according to the ancient running, agreeable to a late act of assembly. 3

CHARLES JONES.

C A S H.

For Continental Loan Office, Depreciation, or Final Settlement Certificates and Indents.

Such as want Depreciation or other Certificates to pay for Property purchased of the State, may be supplied at any time, and with any particular Amount wanted, for Cash, by

21 James Williams.

For SALE or BARTER.

A Quantity of Land in Patents, from 250 to 1000 Acres, situate in Bottetourt and Monongahela Counties, Virginia, will be sold very low for Cash. Produce, any kind of Certificates or Indents, good Bonds, Land, or other Property in the State of Maryland. For Terms apply to 21 J. W.

Annapolis, September 8, 1789.

THE subscribers being very desirous to make good their payments at London, and finding it entirely out of their power at present without the assistance of their friends, most earnestly request all those that are indebted to them for dealings at their store from fall 1785, to spring 1789, by bond, note or open account, would be pleased to call on them and discharge the same by paying up their respective balances, by or upon the middle of October next, and by complying with this request will greatly oblige their humble servants,

RIDGELY and EVANS.

N. B. All those who do not comply with the above request, will put us under the very disagreeable necessity of acting in a compulsory manner. R. & E.

Annapolis, September 8, 1789.

THE subscriber takes this method once more to inform all those that are indebted to him by bond or note of hand, that they are desired to come and discharge them by paying up the same, or if they cannot discharge the whole of the principle are requested to pay up their interest, and renew their notes or bonds by giving approved security (if required): and for the further encouragement of all those that are indebted to me by open account for all sums under £.5, commenced before the end of the year 1787, that I will receive the following articles, viz. Indian peas, beans, corn or corn flour, and pork, as pay for the same.

3X ABSALOM RIDGELY.

Worcester county, Maryland, Sept. 3, 1789.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to make valid two deeds of conveyance for a lot of ground in Snow-Hill-town, the one from John Martin's trustees to Matthew or John Outten, and the other from Abraham Outten to Smith Bishop. 3

HANNAH BISHOP.

September 3, 1789.

SUNDRY inhabitants of Charles-town, Charles county, will petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to lay out said town, and to ascertain the lots and boundaries thereof, but particularly to open the street on the east side of lot number four, on the town plot, bounding on the west, Ware's lot on said plot, now in the possession of Charles Mankin. 3

Port-Tobacco, Sept. 17, 1789.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN inclined to STUDY MEDICINE, and qualified for the purpose, will be received on reasonable terms, by

2 GUSTAVUS R. BROWN.

ANNAPOLIS:

PRINTED by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1789.

Proceedings of Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES.

TUESDAY, September 22.

THE bill for establishing the permanent seat of government, was brought in, engrossed and read the third time. On the question, shall this bill pass? Mr. Carroll said he felt himself under peculiar circumstances on the decision of this important question. The house had determined that the permanent seat of the government of the United States should be on the Susquehanna in Pennsylvania, and not in Maryland on the Patowmack. It was his opinion that the last would have been most conducive to the interest of the union. The voice of the majority of this house is against it. The Susquehanna, said he, being the next object most likely to attain what I have laid down as the rule of my conduct on this occasion, and at the same time will be agreeable to the wishes of a great part of my constituents. I felt myself under an obligation to vote for the Susquehanna, upon obtaining the clause which made it obligatory upon the states of Maryland and Pennsylvania, to concur in opening the navigation of that river, and nothing would restrain me from giving my assent to the bill, but that clause which requires the concurrence of the president respecting the seat of government until congress meet at their permanent seat. To this clause I have strong constitutional objections—they were yesterday fully stated to this house by other gentlemen.

I have endeavoured to remove this conviction from my mind, in order to give my assent to the bill, but as I am under the sacred obligation of an oath to support the constitution, as I cannot efface the conviction from my mind, that it is contrary to the constitution, and as we could not succeed in striking out the clause, I feel myself under the disagreeable necessity of giving my dissent to the bill.

The yeas and nays on passing the bill, being required by one fifth of the members present, were as follow: YEAS. Messieurs Ames, Baldwin, Benion, Clymer, Contee, Fitzsimons, Floyd, Foster, Gale, Gilman, Goodhue, Grout, Hartley, Hathorn, Jackson, Lawrence, Leonard, Livermore, Muhlenberg, Partridge, Renfallow, Scott, Seney, Schureman, Sylvester, Smith, (M.) Stone, Thatcher, Trumbull, Wadsworth, Wynkoop.—31.

NAYS. Messieurs Bland, Boudinot, Burke, Cadwalader, Carroll, Coles, Lee, Madison, Matthews, Moore, Parker, Sherman, Smith, (S. C.) Sumpter, Tucker, Vining, White.—17.

A resolution was passed rescinding the former vote for adjourning yesterday, and proposing Saturday. This resolution having been sent to the senate, was agreed to by that honourable body.

A message was received from the president of the United States, notifying, that he had approved of the bill for establishing the compensation of the members.

The bill for altering the time of the annual meeting of congress, was read a second time and committed.

The house went into a committee on the bill to recognize and adapt to the constitution of the United States, the establishment of the troops now in service.

In going through the bill several amendments were made, and a clause added, on motion of Mr. Jackson, giving authority to the president of the United States to call out, in case of necessity, at the expense of the union, the militia of South Carolina and Georgia, for the protection of the frontiers of those states, against the depredations of the Indian tribes in that quarter.

Mr. Jackson's motion extended to the raising of some regular troops, but this part of it was disagreed to.

The committee having gone through the bill, rose and reported, when the house accepted of the report, and ordered it to be engrossed for a third reading.

A message was received from the senate, informing that the president had approved of the bill for the temporary establishment of the post-office. Adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, September 23.

The bill to recognize and adapt to the constitution of the United States, the troops raised by resolution of the late congress, was read a third time, and passed the house.

The bill to appropriate certain sums of money, was taken up in a committee of the whole house, agreed to, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

The bill to alter the time proposed by the constitution for the annual meeting of congress, was taken up and agreed to, when it was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

This bill proposes that the meeting of congress shall be on the first Monday in January.

The bill brought in by Mr. Bland to explain the act for regulating the coasting trade, so far as it respects

Petersburg, in Virginia, was taken into consideration, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

Some progress was made in the bill to regulate the process in the federal courts. Adjourned.

THURSDAY, September 24.

The house took up the report of the committee of conference on the disagreement of the houses respecting the bill for amending the constitution.

The amendment proposed by the senate to which the house disagreed, was to insert the word "district" in the clause relating to the trial by jury; so that it would read "that offences shall be tried by an impartial jury of the state or district where the offence shall be committed." The committee recommended to concur with the senate in their amendment.

The question of concurrence was, after considerable debate, carried in the affirmative.

The house resolved itself into a committee on the bill to appropriate money for defraying the expenses of government the present year.

The committee having gone through the same, rose and reported, and the bill was laid on the table.

A message was received from the president of the United States, accompanying the bill for allowing compensation to the president and vice-president, which had received his approbation and signature.

A message was received from the senate, acquainting the house, that the president of the United States had returned to the senate the judiciary bill, and the resolution respecting gaols, both which had received his approbation and signature.

The house resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the bill to provide for the support of the invalid pensioners; and having gone through the same, rose and reported, and the bill was laid on the table.

The house went into a committee on the bill sent from the senate, to regulate the process in the courts of the United States; and having considered the same, rose and reported amendments, which were accepted, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading. Adjourned.

FRIDAY, September 25.

The house took up the bill for making appropriations for the services of the present year.

The amendment proposed in committee of the whole, by striking out the sum appropriated for the discharge of warrants issued by the late superintendent of finance, was agreed to by the house.

The next amendment proposed, for striking out the sum appropriated for the discharge of warrants issued by the late board of treasury, was disagreed to.

The bill was then passed to be engrossed for a third reading.

The engrossed bill for making appropriations, was brought in and passed to be enacted.

Mr. Boudinot introduced a motion to the following purport, viz.—Resolved, That a joint committee of both houses be appointed to wait on the president of the United States, to request he would be pleased to recommend a day of public thanksgiving and prayer, to be observed by the people of the United States, to acknowledge the favours bestowed upon them by Almighty God, especially by affording them an opportunity peaceably to establish a form of government, calculated to promote their prosperity and happiness.—This was adopted, and a committee appointed, consisting of Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Sherman and Mr. Sylvester. Adjourned.

SATURDAY, September 26.

A message was received from the senate, acquainting the house, that the senate had appointed a committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on the process bill.

The house appointed conferees to meet those of the senate on that subject.

The house also received from the senate the bill for fixing the seat of government of the United States, to which the senate had proposed an amendment, by striking out all that part respecting Susquehanna, and inserting a clause fixing the permanent seat of government at German-town, in the state of Pennsylvania.

A motion was then made, to postpone the consideration of this amendment of the senate till next session. On this motion, after some debate, the yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow:

YEAS. Messieurs Ames, Benson, Boudinot, Cadwalader, Clymer, Floyd, Foster, Fitzsimons, Gilman, Goodhue, Grout, Hartley, Heester, Hathorn, Livermore, Lawrence, Leonard, P. Muhlenberg, Partridge, Renfallow, Sylvester, Sinnickson, Scott, Sherman, Thatcher, Trumbull, Vining, Wadsworth, Wynkoop.—29.

NAYS. Messieurs Brown, Baldwin, Bland, Burke, Contee, Coles, Carroll, Gerry, Gale, Griffin, Jackson, Lee, Matthews, Madison, Moore, Page, Parker, Smith, (M.) Sumpter, Seney, Smith (S. C.) Stone, Schureman, Tucker, White.—25.

Mr. Ames then moved to concur with the senate in their amendment. Objections were made to this, and

on motion, the house adjourned without coming to a decision.

MONDAY, September 28.

A message was received from the senate, acquainting the house that the senate had appointed Mr. Johnson and Mr. Izard a committee to join a committee of the house to wait on the president and inform him that the houses had resolved to adjourn this day, to meet again the first Monday in January. The house accordingly appointed Mr. Vining, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Gilman, a committee for the same purpose.

Read the report of the committee appointed to ascertain the amount of compensation due to the members and officers of the house.

The house then proceeded to consider the amendment of the senate to the bill for fixing the seat of government.

Mr. Madison moved a resolution, as a proviso to the bill that nothing therein contained should be construed to affect the operation of the laws of Pennsylvania within the said district of ten miles square, until congress shall otherwise provide by law.

This was agreed to.

Mr. Madison moved to strike out of the amendment those words which comprehend within the district such part of the northern liberties of Philadelphia as is not excepted in the Pennsylvania act of cession. The question on this motion was not carried.

Mr. Gerry then moved to refer the bill with the amendments of the senate to the next session, and that in the interim, commissioners should be appointed to examine the river Delaware, and to report a proper site for the establishment of the seat of government.

To this motion it was objected that it was not in order, since the question of postponement had been decided in the negative on Saturday. Mr. Gerry defended the motion, as this was a motion for a particular reference, the former for a general one, and therefore the question was a new one.

The speaker declared it not in order.

Mr. Lee moved to strike out the clause providing that the temporary residence should be in New-York. This was not carried.

Mr. Boudinot moved to amend the amendment of the senate, by annexing to it a clause, providing that the seat of government might be any where on the Delaware within the state of New-Jersey and Pennsylvania, or either of them, above Philadelphia, and below Howell's ferry. Negatived.

The main question of concurrence was then put, and the yeas and nays were as follows:

AFFIRMATIVE.—Messrs. Ames, Benson, Cadwalader, Clymer, Fitzsimons, Floyd, Foster, Gerry, Gilman, Goodhue, Grout, Hartley, Hathorn, Heester, Huntington, Lawrence, Leonard, Livermore, Muhlenberg, Partridge, Renfallow, Schureman, Scott, Sherman, Sylvester, Sinnickson, Thatcher, Trumbull, Vining, Wadsworth, Wynkoop.—31.

NEGATIVE.—Messrs. Baldwin, Bland, Boudinot, Brown, Burke, Carroll, Cole, Contee, Gale, Griffin, Jackson, Lee, Madison, Matthews, Moore, Page, Parker, Seney, Smith, (M.) Smith, (S. C.) Stone, Sumpter, Tucker, White.—24.

TUESDAY, September 29.

A message was received from the president of the United States, by the honourable Mr. Jay; with the following communications, viz.

United States, September 29, 1789.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives.

His most christian majesty, by a letter dated the 7th of June last, addressed to the president and members of the general congress of the United States of North-America, announces the much lamented death of his son the dauphin. The generous conduct of the French monarch and nation towards this country, render every event that may affect his or their posterity interesting to us; and I shall take care to assure him of the sensibility with which the United States participate in the affliction which a loss, so much to be regretted, must have occasioned both to him and to them.

G. WASHINGTON.

United States, September 29, 1789.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives.

Having yesterday been informed by a joint committee of both houses of congress, that they had agreed to a recess to commence this day, and to continue until the first Monday in January next, I take the earliest opportunity of acquainting you, that considering how long and laborious this session has been, and the reasons which I presume have produced this resolution, it does not appear to me expedient to recommend any measures to their consideration at present.

G. WASHINGTON.

A message was received from the president of the United States, by Mr. Secretary Lear, with four acts of the legislature, which have received the approbation and signature of the president.

Mr. Gerry introduced a resolution to the following purport, That it shall be the duty of the clerk of the house and secretary of the senate, to transmit an attest-

H.
Loam Office,
Final Sets
and Indents.
Depreciation or
to pay for Pro
the State, may
any time, and
cular Amount
by
es Williams.

BARTER,
Land in Pas
to 1000 Acres,
urt and Monon
Virginia, will
for Cash, Pro
of Certificates or
Bonds, Land, or
in the State of
For Terms apply
J. W.

napolis, September 8, 1789.
g very desirous to make good
London, and finding it entire-
without the assistance
request all those that
dealings at their store from fall
bond, note or open account,
on them and discharge the
respective balances, by or up-
next, and by complying with
oblige their humble servants,
RIDGELY and EVANS.

do not comply with the above
er the very disagreeable neces-
sary manner. R. & E.

apolis, September 8, 1789.
es this method once more to
that are indebted to him by
that they are desired to come
paying up the same, or if they
le of the principle are request-
ed, and renew their notes or
d security (if required): and
ement of all those that are in-
account for all sums under £.5,
end of the year 1787, that I
ing articles, viz. Indian peas,
our, and pork, as pay for the

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

, Maryland, Sept. 3, 1789.
reby given, that the subscribers
a petition to the next general
to make valid two deeds of con-
round in Snow-Hill-town, the
trustees to Matthew or John
from Abraham Outten to Smith
w⁸

HANNAH BISHOP.

September 3, 1789.
nts of Charles-town, Charles
ion the general assembly of Ma-
ession, for an act to lay out said
the lots and boundaries thereof,
the street on the east side of lot
own plot, bounding on the west,
now in the possession of Charles

cco, Sept. 17, 1789.
G GENTLEMAN in-
D STUDY MEDICINE,
or the purpose, will be
onable terms, by
STAVUS R. BROWN.

APOLIS:
FREDERICK and
EL. GREEN.

A message was received from the senate, informing that they concur in the above resolution. Also, the bill to establish troops, &c. for the defence of the frontiers, was sent down by their secretary—the senate insisting on their seventh amendment to said bill. Also, the resolution on the memorial of John White, concurred in, with amendments, which amendments were acceded to by the house. The senate also sent down an act which they had passed in favour of the baron de Glaubeck.

The question for concurring with the senate was then carried in the affirmative, by a large majority.

[The above closes the account of the proceedings of the first session of congress, under the new constitution.]

AN Austrian officer who arrived here the 3d instant, in quality of courier from Semlin, brings the important news that the Russian fleet, under admiral Wainowich, had attacked and completely defeated the first division of the Turkish fleet, near the coast of Bessarabia. The division had under its convoy some transports with provisions for the grand vizier's army, which were captured by the Russians. After destroying and dispersing the Turkish ships, the conquerors made a descent upon the coast, and reduced Kalat and Kustaga to ashes by fire—This victory is the more important, as it will tend to occasion a scarcity of provisions in the Ottoman army.

The ship *Alexander* (belonging to the Turks) which was destined to burn the Russian fleet, and which failed for Ostend, laden with merchandise, foundered on the 7th of last month, on the north coast of Holland, and all the cargo was lost, but the crew were saved by a fishing vessel.

BOULOGNE SUR MER, *August 9.*

Two hundred men of the regulars were sent for from Calais to refit them, jointly with the garrison; but the citizens would not let them in, and they were obliged to return. No blow had been struck at six in the afternoon, but it was much apprehended, as the city militia persisted in their resolution of carrying off the arms by force.

The etats généraux are busily engaged in arranging the constitution, providing for the exigencies of the state, and establishing the credit of the nation. Glorious task!

"GENTLEMEN,

" I am with respect, Gentlemen, your's, &c.

We are informed, as a fact, that a circumstance, perhaps as extraordinary as ancient or modern ages have ever produced, occurred in this town a few days ago, to a young Jewess, daughter of Mr. Jacob Mendes Cunha, deceased: This girl, who is about 14 years of age, had been entirely dumb, and very nearly deaf, from her most early age, and being present when her father was in the agonizing struggles of death, on that event happening, she was so strongly affected as

This phenomenon, as wonderful as it is interesting, will doubtless prove a vast fund for discussion to the speculative philosopher, who wishes to account for every uncommon appearance, from natural causes; but by this girl's friends, it is esteemed as a most particular and wonderful act of the Almighty's Providence, who in the moment of depriving a child of its parent, was graciously pleased to grant as a recompence, blessings at once so necessary and highly valuable to mankind.

The president of the United States has been pleased to nominate, and by and with the advice and consent

On Tuesday last both houses of congress adjourned their sessions until the first Monday in January next, having passed the following acts and resolves during the session, to wit:

1. An act to regulate the time and manner of administering certain oaths.
2. An act for laying a duty on goods, wares, and merchandise, imported into the United States.
3. An act imposing duties on tonnage.
4. An act for establishing an executive department, to be denominated the department of foreign affairs.
5. An act to regulate the collection of the duties imposed by law on the tonnage of ships or vessels, and on goods, wares, and merchandise, imported into the United States:
6. An act for settling the accounts between the United States, and individual States.
7. An act to establish an executive department, to be denominated the department of war.
8. An act to provide for the government of the territory north-west of the river Ohio.
9. An act for the establishment and support of light-houses, beacons, buoys, and public piers.
10. An act providing for the expences which may attend negotiations or treaties with the Indian tribes, and the appointment of commissioners for managing the same.
11. An act for registering and clearing vessels, regulating the coasting trade, and for other purposes.
12. An act to establish the treasury department.
13. An act for establishing the salaries of the executive officers of government, with their assistants and clerks.
14. An act to provide for the safe keeping of the acts, records and seal of the United States, and for other purposes.
15. An act to suspend part of an act, entitled, An act to regulate the collection of the duties imposed by law on the tonnage of ships or vessels, and on goods, wares, and merchandise imported into the United States, and for other purposes.
16. An act for the temporary establishment of the post-office.
17. An act for allowing compensation to the members of the senate and house of representatives, and to the officers of both houses.
18. An act for allowing certain compensation to the judges of the supreme and other courts, and to the attorney-general of the United States.
19. An act for allowing a compensation to the president and vice-president of the United States.
20. An act to establish the judicial courts of the United States.
21. An act to recognize and adapt to the constitution of the United States the establishment of the troops raised under the resolves of the United States in congress assembled, and for other purposes therein mentioned.
22. An act to explain and amend an act, entitled, An act for registering and clearing vessels, regulating the coasting trade, and for other purposes.
23. An act making appropriations for the service the present year.
24. An act to allow the baron de Glaubeck the pay of a captain in the army of the United States.
25. An act to regulate process in the courts of the United States.
26. An act providing for the payment of the invalid pensioners of the United States.
27. An act to alter the time for the next meeting

A resolve for procuring from time to time the statutes of the several states.

A resolve for continuing John White, John Wright, and Joshua Dawson in office until the 4th of February, 1790.

Congress of the United States.

The conventions of a number of the states having at the time of their adopting the constitution expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added: And as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution.—

RESOLVED, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress as-

ARTICLES.

Art. 1. After the first enumeration required by the first article of the constitution, there shall be one representative for every thirty thousand, until the number shall amount to one hundred, after which the proportion shall be so regulated by congress, that there shall be not less than one hundred representatives, nor less than one representative for every forty thousand persons, until the number of representatives shall amount to two hundred, after which the proportion shall be so regulated by congress, that there shall not be less than two hundred representatives, nor more than one representative for every fifty thousand persons.

Art. 3. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

Art. 5. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Art. 6. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

Art. 7. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger, nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

Art. 8. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

Art. 9. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact, tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

Art. 10. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

Art. 11. The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

Art. 12. The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS MUHLENBERG, *Speaker
of the house of representatives.*

JOHN ADAMS, *Vice-president of the United States,
and president of the senate.*

Attest,
JOHN BECKLEY, Clerk of the house of representatives
SAMUEL A. OTIS, Secretary of the senate.

On Tuesday last the Jockey Club purse of forty guineas was run for over the course near this city, and won by Mr. William Morgan's black horse Shakespear.

Yesterday a subscription purse of fifty pounds was run for over the same course, and won by Mr. John Lee Gibson's bay mare Cub. And,

Wednes- This day a subscription purse of thirty pounds was won by Mr. William Campbell's bay horse Sloven.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the house of delegates in the ensuing general assembly, viz:

For St. Mary's county, Henry James Carroll, Zachariah Forrest, Richard Barnes and James Hope.

For Anne-Arundel county, Nicholas Worthington
John G. Worthington, Richard Harwood, jun. and

For Calvert county, Alexander Fraizer, Thomas Gantt, Peregrine Freeland and John Somerville, Esquires.

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the said legislature, to be
urposes, as part of the said

C L E S,

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the right of the people to be
not be infringed.

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and effects, against unreasonable
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ous crime, unless on a present-
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naval forces, or in the militia
in time of war or public danger,
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GUSTAV MUEHLBERG, Speaker
house of representatives.

Vice-president of the United States,
resident of the senate.

, Clerk of the house of representatives.
is, Secretary of the senate.

OLIS, October 15.

at the Jockey Club purse of forty gu-
over the course near this city, and
William Morgan's black horse Shake-

scription purse of fifty pounds was
same course, and won by Mr. John
mare Cub. And,
scription purse of thirty pounds was
William Campbell's bay horse Sloven.

gentlemen are elected members of the
in the ensuing general assembly, viz:
county, Henry James Carroll, Za-
Richard Barnes and James Hope-

undel county, Nicholas Worthington,
ington, Richard Harwood, jun. and
rthington, Esquires.

county, Alexander Fraizer, Thomas
Freeland and John Somerville, Es-

For Charles county, George Dent, John Parnham,
William Craik and William H. M'Pherson, Esquires.
For Baltimore county, Charles Ridgely, Charles
Ridgely, of Wm. James Gettings and Richard Ow-
ings, Esquires.

For Talbot county, Hugh Sherwood, of Hunting-
ton, Edward Lloyd, James Tilghman, jun. and Da-
vid Kerr, Esquires.

For Prince-George's county, Robert Bowie, Walter
Bowie, Thomas Clark and George Digges, Esquires.

For Frederick county, Abraham Faw, David
Schriver, Mountjoy Bayly and Joshua Dorsey, Es-
quires.

For Harford county, Benjamin B. Norris, William
Piney, John L. Webster and John Love, Esquires.

For Baltimore-town, James M'Henry and Samuel
Street, Esquires.

For Washington county, Henry Shryock, John
Stall, Adam Ott and John Lynn, Esquires.

By the PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES of
AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it is the duty of all nations to acknow-
ledge the Providence of Almighty God, to obey his
will, to be grateful for his benefits, and humbly to
implore his protection and favour: And whereas both
houses of congress have, by their joint committee, re-
quested me "to recommend to the people of the
United States, a day of public thanksgiving and
prayer, to be observed by acknowledging with grate-
ful hearts the many and signal favours of Almighty
God, especially by affording them an opportunity
peaceably to establish a form of government for their
safety and happiness."

Now THEREFORE, I do recommend and assign
Thursday the twenty sixth day of November next, to
be devoted by the people of these states, to the service
of that great and glorious Being, who is the beneficent
author of all the good that was, that is, or that will
be: That we may then all unite in rendering unto
him our sincere and humble thanks for his kind care
and protection of the people of this country previous
to their becoming a nation; for the signal and mani-
fold mercies, and the favourable interpositions of his
Providence in the course and conclusion of the late
war;—for the great degree of tranquillity, union and
plenty, which we have since enjoyed; for the peace-
able and rational manner in which we have been
enabled to establish constitutions of government for our
safety and happiness, and particularly the national one
now lately instituted; for the civil and religious li-
berty with which we are blessed, and the means we
have of acquiring and diffusing useful knowledge; and
in general, for all the great and various favours which
he hath been pleased to confer upon us.

And ALSO, That we may then unite in most hum-
bly offering our prayers and supplications to the great
Lord and Ruler of Nations, and beseech him to par-
don our national and other transgressions;—to enable
us all, whether in public or private stations, to per-
form our several and relative duties properly and
punctually;—to render our national government a
blessing to all the people, by constantly being a go-
vernment of wife, just and constitutional laws, dif-
ferently and faithfully executed and obeyed: to protect
and guide all sovereigns and nations (especially such
as have shown kindness unto us) and to bless them
with good government, peace and concord;—to pro-
mote the knowledge and practice of true religion and
virtue, and the increase of science among them and
us;—and generally, to grant unto all mankind, such
a degree of temporal prosperity as he alone knows to
be best.

GIVEN under my hand, at the city of New-
York, the third day of October, in the year
of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and
eighty-nine.

G. WASHINGTON.

St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed by
the general court, will be SOLD on Friday the 6th
day of November next, at the dwelling plantation
of JOHN CARTWRIGHT, Esquire, for ready cash,

A LIFE ESTATE in the third part of the said
plantation commonly called MARSH NECK,
containing by estimation 824 acres more or less; one
other tract or parcel of LAND being part of CHAP-
TICO MANOR, containing 131 acres more or less;
one other tract or parcel of LAND called TRENT
FORK, having a grist-mill thereon, containing 125
acres more or less; also one other tract or parcel of
LAND called THE RIDGE and PART of LUD-
GATE, containing by estimation 75 acres more or
less; also a number of likely and valuable NEGROES,
consisting of MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS,
HORSES, BLACK CATTLE, HOGS and SHEEP,
with a variety of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN
FURNITURE, and all excellent in their kind; also
the CROP of TOBACCO and CORN on the above-
mentioned dwelling plantation, taken in execution as
the property of the above-named John Cartwright, and
sold to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as late
collector for St. Mary's county.

1007/6 P. FORD, Sheriff.

Dorchester county, September 12, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends petitioning the next general assembly of
Maryland to pass a law to aid the execution of the last
will and testament of his father JOHN HICKS TRA-
VERSE, late of Dorchester county, deceased, agree-
able to the intention of said testator.

10015/ HENRY TRAVERSE.

St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed by
the general court, will be SOLD on Saturday the
7th day of November next, on the premises, for
ready money,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of Mr.
STEPHEN CAWOOD, called WESTHAM,
containing by estimation 108½ acres more or less; one
other tract or parcel of LAND called CAWOOD'S
INHERITANCE, containing 10 acres more or less;
also sundry NEGROES, HORSES, BLACK CAT-
TLE, SHEEP and HOGS, and HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE, together with the CROP of TO-
BACCO and CORN now on the above-mentioned
plantation, taken in execution and sold as the property
of the above-named Stephen Cawood, to satisfy a debt
due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of
John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector for St. Mary's
county.

1007/6 P. FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed by
the general court, will be SOLD on Monday the
9th day of November next, on the premises, for
ready cash,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND called COL-
LINGWOOD, containing 100 acres more or
less; one other tract or parcel of LAND called COL-
LINGWOOD, containing 102 acres more or less; al-
so one other tract or parcel of LAND called BEDLAM
NECK, containing 383 acres of land more or less,
whereon Mr. CLEMENT GARDINER now dwells, taken
in execution as the property of the above-named Cle-
ment Gardiner, and sold to satisfy a debt due the state
of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cart-
wright, Esquire, late collector for St. Mary's county.

1007/6 P. FORD Sheriff.

Prince-George's county, September 28, 1789.

THE subscribers, finding themselves reduced by
an act of benevolence, as securities of THOMAS
WILLIAMS, deceased, late collector of the tax for
Prince-George's county, to the hard condition of being
obliged to answer for the failure, mismanagement and
indiscretion, of their principal—and that, after their
utmost exertions, and fullest collection they can make,
they must sustain a heavy and capital loss—therefore
mean to dispose of the following property for the pur-
pose of discharging the same.

Notice is hereby given, that, on the 23d day of Oc-
tober next, will be SOLD, on the premises, a tract or
parcel of LAND lying in Baltimore county, called and
known by the name of TURKEY-CK-HALL,
containing about 200 acres. And on the 26th day of
October next, will be SOLD, at the dwelling house
of RINALDO JOHNSON, the following tracts or
parcels of LAND, lying in Prince-George's county
viz. part of BROOKE COURT MANOR, and part of
JOSEPH and MARY, supposed to be between 7
and 800 acres. This land is so well known that a de-
scription would be unnecessary. It is in good order
and tolerably well improved. Also part of BUT-
TINGTON and PURCHASE, containing about 300
acres. This is forest land, on which is a new valua-
ble grist-mill, with other improvements. On the 27th
day of October next will be SOLD, at the dwelling
house of ELISHA BERRY, the following tracts or
parcels of LAND, lying in Prince-George's county,
viz. part of a tract of LAND called ALEXAN-
DRIA, containing 75 acres, part of GOOD-
LUCK, containing 64 acres—these lands are in fee-simple.
Also at the same time and place will be SOLD, the
right of reversion which the said Elisha Berry has de-
pendent on the life of his mother, the following tracts
or parcels of LAND—part of MARLBOROUGH'S
PLAINS, part of ALEXANDRIA, part of the
VALE of BENJAMIN, and part of CHAFFIES
DELIGHT—also a tract of LAND called LAD'S
DESIRE, and BERRY'S ADDITION to LAD'S
DESIRE, STOREY'S PURCHASE and the
SWAMP, containing about 700 acres. These lands
lay between Upper-Marlborough and Bladensburg, are
good and tolerably well improved. The above prop-
erty will be sold on credit, payable to the state on the 1st
day of January, 1790, in specie or specie certificates
issued by this state, with legal interest from the date,
until paid, with such security to the bonds as the com-
missioners of the tax for Prince-George's county shall
approve of.

1 RINALDO JOHNSON,
ELISHA BERRY.

October 5, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
offered to the next general assembly by MARY
MAGRUDER, wife of Nathaniel Jones Magruder,
for an act to pass in her favour, so as to secure to her
use sundry negroes, devised to her by the last will and
testament of her deceased father, John Bellingby,
during life, in order to prevent her said husband from
depriving her of the use of said negroes during her
life.

1 John B. Bellingby
MARY MAGRUDER.

September 22, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
preferred to the next general assembly of Mary-
land to appoint a trustee to sell and dispose of the lands
on which BENTON HARRIS, late of Worcester
county, deceased, lived, and to apply the money arising
from such sale to the uses and purposes in his will di-
rected.

JOHN PURKINS,
REBECCA COSTEN,
JOHN SMITH,
JOHN HAYMAN,
JOHN RIGGEN.

A Jockey Club Purse.

ON Monday the 20th of this instant, a JOCKEY
CLUB PURSE of FORTY GUINEAS will
be run for over a good course near Leonard-town, St.
Mary's county; weights agreeable to the Annapolis
club, heats four miles, and to start precisely at twelve
o'clock.

October 4, 1789. 1007/6

ANATOMY.

DOCTOR A. WEISENTHALL proposes to de-
liver a COURSE of ANATOMICAL LEC-
TURES, the ensuing winter, in Baltimore-town. The
subjects usually comprehended in a course of this kind
will be treated in the one proposed, viz. the ANATO-
MY, PHYSIOLOGY and PATHOLOGY, of the HUMAN
BODY; the OPERATIONS of SURGERY, and, at the
conclusion of the course, some LECTURES on the
GRAVID UTERUS. The course will commence on the
first Monday in December next. Proposals, contain-
ing at large the subjects to be treated, and terms of at-
tendance, may be had at the Doctor's house, in Gay-
street, Baltimore.

The Doctor will endeavour to accommodate two
or three gentlemen in his house during the season,
where they will have peculiar advantages.

Baltimore, September 10, 1789. 1007/6

TAKEN up as a STRAY by CALER DORSEY,
son of THOMAS, living in Anne-Arundel coun-
ty, a dark bay MARE, about seven years old, without
any perceivable brand, has a dark star in her forehead,
switch tail, and been used to the draught. The owner
is desirous to come and prove property, pay charges, and
take her away.

1007/6

Anne-Arundel county, October 6, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, will
be SOLD, on the premises, on Saturday the 17th
instant,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND called OWEN'S
RANGE, containing eighty acres, more or less,
late the property of JOHN WARFIELD, seized and
taken to satisfy a debt due Richard Harwood, jun. and
sold for cash only.

2X BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff.

September 27, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *condemni expensis*, to me directed
from the general court, will be EXPOSED to
SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for READY
CASH, on the 28th day of October next, at the
dwelling-house of JOHN BROOKE, near Bryan-
town,

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called LORD-
SHIP'S FAVOUR, containing 400 acres, and a
TRACT of LAND, called KEECHE'S MEA-
DOWS, containing 102½ acres, seized and taken at
the suit of the state of Maryland.

2 THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff
of Charles county.

September 28, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *condemni expensis*, to me directed
from the general court, will be EXPOSED to
SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for READY
CASH, on the 29th day of October next, at the
dwelling-house of HOSKINS HANSON,

ONE TRACT of LAND, called LITTLE-
WORTH, containing 195 acres; one other
TRACT of LAND, called WILKERSON'S
THRONE, containing 415 acres; PART of one
other TRACT of LAND, called THOMPSON'S
CHANCE, containing 55½ acres; LIFE ESTATE
of the said HANSON in one other TRACT of
LAND, called THOMPSON'S CHANCE, contain-
ing 278 acres; and the REVERSION of the said
HANSON in one other TRACT of LAND, called
HARWOOD, containing 50 acres; seized and taken
at the suit of the state of Maryland.

2 FRANCIS WARE, late Sheriff
of Charles county.

Bladensburg Races.

THE BLADENSBURG JOCKEY CLUB
PURSE, of FIFTY GUINEAS, will be run
for, over a very fine course, on Thursday the 29th day
of October, free only for Members of the Club, and
to start precisely at 12 o'clock.

On the day following, will be run for, over the
same course, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of
TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, free for any Horse,
Mare or Gelding, carrying Weight for Age, agreeably
to the Rules of the Jockey Club. Heats Three Miles
each. The Horses, &c. to be entered the evening be-
fore the Race, with Mr. THOMAS ROSE, and to
pay Twenty-five Shillings each, or Double at the Post.
Proper Judges will be appointed; and to start precisely
at twelve.

2

Anne-Arundel county, September 1, 1789.

WHEREAS sundry persons, for which the sub-
scriber was liable to pay debts to a large
amount, as well several others his debtors in large sums,
have availed themselves of the late insolvent act, where-
by the burthen hath become very grievous on him;
and being desirous to do equal justice as far as in his
power—having made a deed of trust of all his prop-
erty, real, personal and mixed, for the purpose of dis-
charging the claims against him, and if, after the full
and just application of the same, it should prove insuf-
ficient—Application will be made to the next general
assembly of Maryland, to exonerate him therefrom,
and to liberate his person from confinement.

8w SAMUEL GODMAN.

Annapolis, September 23, 1789.
By virtue of a DED of TRUST, from captain ALEX-
ANDER TRUUMAN to the subscriber, will be
SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the twentieth day
of October next, the following PROPERTY, that
is to say:

THAT valuable and well situated LOT and
IMPROVEMENTS in this city, lately occu-
pied by Mr. THOMAS PRICE, and where Mr. WIL-
LIAM REYNOLDS formerly lived. This lot, and the
improvements, with its advantageous situation, are too
generally known to need a particular description.
Also a TRACT of fertile and valuable LAND,
being part of MONOCACY MANOR, in Frederick
county, containing about one hundred and thirty-three
acres.

Also FOUR LOTS of LAND, containing fifty
acres each, all adjoining, to the westward of Fort
Cumberland, in Washington county.

Also the INTEREST of captain TRUUMAN in the
LOT whereon the THEATRE stands, and one other
LOT where Mrs. CLARKE lately lived.

Also a TRACT of LAND, in Bedford county, in
Virginia, situate near James River, containing nearly
six hundred acres.

The sale to be at the house first above mentioned,
and on CREDIT, the extent of which will be made
known on the day of sale. SPECIE CERTIFICATES
and FINALS will be received at a rate to be agreed
on.

4X G. DUVAL.

NOTICE.

To be SOLD, on Reasonable Terms,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, called
DIMITT'S DELIGHT, containing 244½ acres,
situate in Baltimore county, within 15 miles of
Baltimore-town, adjoining the dwelling plantation of
James Gittings, Esquire. The soil is equal to any in
the state. There are about 40 acres in meadow, and
by the advantage of a never failing stream running
through the whole; there may be at least 160 acres more
made equal to any in the county; there is a sufficiency
of timber to support the whole; there is a good
DWELLING HOUSE, KITCHEN, and other ne-
cessary buildings, suitable for a farm: the whole under
a good fence; there is a good spring near the door;
likewise TWO APPLE ORCHARDS of excellent
fruit; there is an excellent MILL-SEAT on the same.
The whole will be sold reasonable, by paying one
third of the purchase money in hand, the remainder in
seven annual payments. Any person inclining to pur-
chase, may be shewn the land, by applying to the
subscriber, on the premises.

JAMES DIMITT.

N. B. BACK LAND will be TAKEN in PART.
There may be had with the above farm, a sufficiency
of STOCK of ALL KINDS; 100 barrels of CORN,
and 50 bushels of WHEAT in the GROUND. Any
person inclining to purchase, is desired to view the
place, and not listen to any insinuation.

September 19, 1789.

To be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on
Monday the 19th of October next, on the pre-
mises,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, situate in
Prince George's county, on the road leading
from Upper-Marlborough to George-town, about 8
miles from the former, containing 520 acres, about
400 of which are wood land, whereon is some meadow
land; the cleared land is well adapted for farming.
There are on the premises, a good dwelling-house,
kitchen, corn-house and tobacco-house. Three years
credit will be given, upon the purchaser's giving bond
with approved security. Interest to be paid annually,
or the bond forfeited.

4X JOHN SMITH MAGRUDER.

September 3, 1789.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the VISI-
TORS of EDEN SCHOOL, in Somerset coun-
ty, intend to prefer a petition to the next general as-
sembly, to pass a law to enable them to sell the said
school-house and the lands belonging thereto, and to
purchase lands and build a school in Worcester county,
to be instituted on the same plan as Eden school afore-
said.

PHILIP QUINTON,
WILLIAM PURNELL,
JOHN DONE,
PETER CHAILLIE,
ISAAC HOUSTON,
JOSHUA TOWNSEND,
GEORGE DASHIELL,
WILLIAM HANDY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that several of the in-
habitants of Charles and Saint-Mary's counties
intend to petition the general assembly, at their next
meeting, to pass a law to change the road leading from
Allen's-Fresh to Newport, in Charles county.

August 7, 1789.

ON the application of the trustees of THOMAS
GRAHAME, the seventh of January next is li-
mited and appointed by the chancellor for the creditors
of the said Thomas Grahame to bring in and declare
their respective claims to the said trustees, that the
same may be on that day liquidated and adjusted.
Due notice hereof to be published in Mr. Green's and
Mr. G. dard's news-papers.

Test. 2 SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Ctr. Can.

C A S H.
For Continental Loan Office,
Depreciation, or Final Set-
tlement Certificates and Indents.
Such as want Depreciation or
other Certificates to pay for Pro-
perty purchased of the State, may
be supplied at any time, and
with any particular Amount
wanted, for Cash, by
15 22 James Williams.

For SALE or BARTER.

A Quantity of Land in Pa-
tents, from 250 to 1000 Acres,
situate in Bottletourt and Monom-
gahela Counties, Virginia, will
be sold very low for Cash, Pro-
duce, any kind of Certificates or
Indents, good Bonds, Land, or
other Property in the State of
Maryland. For Terms apply
to 22 J. W.

September 29, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends to petition the next general assembly, for
an act to exonerate him from part of the purchase mo-
ney of a lot of land in Monocacy Manor, purchased by
a certain William Pendergast.

BERIAH MAYBURY.

Montgomery county, September 4, 1789.

THIS is to inform the public, that the inhabitants
of the aforesaid county intend to apply to the
next general assembly, for a main road from Luckett's
and Davis's Ferry through the neighbourhoods of Mor-
ton's and Sinning's Mills, as may be thought most ad-
vantageous to the public.

20 w 2

Twenty Dollars Reward.



RAN away from the subscriber's
quarter in Loudon county, early
in last month, a negro man named
GEORGE, he is about 20 years of
age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, his
nails are remarkably wide, he some-
times complains of a wart on the bottom of one of his
feet, which makes him a little lame; he is a likely
sensible fellow: He had on a green jacket and over-
alls, of snabrig shirt, an old hat, shoes and stockings,
and took with him a Dutch blanket, a blue broad cloth
coat and breeches, a blue jacket without sleeves, and
fundry other cloaths—He has been seen near this town
since he ran away. Whoever will apprehend the
aforesaid negro, and deliver him to the subscriber, or
secure him in any gaol, so that he may be got again,
shall receive the above reward, and if taken out of this
state and brought home, all charges paid.

PHILIP R. FENDALL

Alexandria, Sept. 30, 1788.

THE subscriber, WIDOW of GASSAWAY
WATKINS, ONE of the SECURITIES for
Captain THOMAS HARWOOD, FORMER COL-
LECTOR of the TAX for ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY,
intends to PETITION the NEXT GENERAL ASSEM-
BLY for RELIEF.

8 w DINAH WATKINS.

September 7, 1789.

THE proprietor of the public stage between the
town of Baltimore and Annapolis, respectfully
informs the public, that his stage-carriage and horses
are now in complete order; and that he has procured
an additional number of horses to expedite the busi-
ness.

This route will, in future, be performed three times
in each week, leaving Mr. JOHN STARCK's at eight
o'clock, and Mr. GEORGE MANN's at nine precisely
in the morning, and will perform the distance in six or
seven hours at farthest.

Having thus provided himself at a very considerable
expence with the necessary means to serve his custom-
ers, he hopes his exertions will not fail to meet the pa-
tronage of a generous public.

HENRY STOUFFER.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of
proprietors of the land lying on the Long Marsh
in Queen-Anne's and Caroline counties, intend peti-
tioning the next general assembly of the state of Mary-
land for an act to enable them more effectually to drain
and reclaim the said Long Marsh.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer
a petition to the next general assembly to pass a
law to liberate and discharge me from my confinement
for sundry debts which I am unable to pay.

RISDON BOZMON.

Somerset county, June 24, 1789.

Fig-Point, July 28, 1789.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts for deal-
ings with Thomas and Edward Tillard, at this
place, from June, 1784, to 1788, who have been so
frequently called on for payment, and to which so
little attention hath been paid, are now once more
most earnestly called on, and such as do not make
reasonable payments, and satisfactory settlements,
with Mr. Jerningham Drury, who will attend con-
stantly for the purpose, before the first day of October
next, may expect suits will be commenced to com-
pel them without further notice.

Those who may attend properly to the above, and
continue steady and punctual in their payments for
dealings with me since, I will supply with goods on
the usual credit; but none others.

THOMAS TILLARD.

N. B. Such as have removed to the distant counties
of this state, and out of the state, leaving their ac-
counts unsettled, will be attended to.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

A meeting of the GOVERNORS and VISITORS
of ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, in the STATE of
MARYLAND, on Tuesday, the 11th day of August,
1789.

RESOLVED, That the Tuition Money for each
Scholar be Five Pounds current money per annum,
to be paid Quarterly.

RESOLVED, That the Mathematical and Grammar
Schools be opened on Wednesday the eleventh day of
November next.

Extracts from the Minutes,
NICHOLAS BRICE, Clk.

N. B. The Mathematical School to be under the
Direction of JOHN McDOWELL, Esquire, A. M. and
the Grammar School under the Direction of the
Reverend Mr. RALPH HIGINBOTHOM.

GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS

FOR
STUDENTS of ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate TEN BOYS
with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING,
at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money
each per annum.

ANNE TOOTELL.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate TEN BOYS
with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING,
at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money
each per annum.

SUSANNA BREWER.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate TWENTY
BOYS with good LODGING, BOARD and
WASHING, at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Cur-
rent Money each per annum.

VACHEL STEVENS.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate EIGHT BOYS
with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING,
at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money
each per annum.

3 B. MAYBURY.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate TEN BOYS
with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING,
at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money
each per annum.

MARY REYNOLDS.

Patowmack Company.

A MEETING of the PRESIDENT and DI-
RECTORS of the PATOWMACK COMPA-
NY, at GEORGE-TOWN, the 23d day of September,
1789.

ORDERED, That the proprietors of shares in the
Patowmack Company, pay into the hands of WILLIAM
HARTSHORNE, Treasurer of the said company, Five
Pounds on each of the Shares held by them respective-
ly, on or before the 15th day of November next.

ORDERED, That the treasurer take the most effectual
legal measures to compel a speedy payment of all mo-
nies remaining unpaid on the several calls preceding
the last and present call.

THOMAS JOHNSON, President.
JOHN FITZGERALD, } Directors.
GEORGE GILPIN, }

Alexandria, September 25, 1789.

ANNAPOLIS:
PRINTED by FREDERICK and
SAMUEL GREEN.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 22, 1789.

Congress of the United States,

begun and held at the city of New-York, on Wednesday the fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

ACT to regulate the COLLECTION of the DUTIES imposed by LAW on the TUNNAGE of SHIPS or VESSELS, and on GOODS, WARES and MERCHANDISE, imported into the UNITED STATES.

It is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the due collection of the duties imposed by law on the tunnage of ships and vessels, and on goods, wares and merchandise, imported into the United States, there shall be established and appointed districts, ports and officers, in manner following, to wit:

The State of NEW-HAMPSHIRE shall be one district, to include the town of Portsmouth as the sole port of entry, and the towns of Newcastle, Dover and Exeter, as ports of delivery only; but all ships or vessels bound to or from either of the said ports of delivery, shall first come to, enter and clear, at Portsmouth; and a naval-officer, collector and surveyor, for the said district shall be appointed, to reside at Portsmouth.

In the State of MASSACHUSETTS shall be twenty districts and ports of entry, to wit: Newbury-Port, Gloucester, Salem and Beverly, as one port; Marblehead, Boston and Charles-town, as one port; Plymouth, Barnstable, Nantucket, Edgar-town, New Bedford, Dighton, York, Biddeford and Pepperelborough, as one port; Portland and Falmouth as one port; Bath, Wiscasset, Penobscot, Frenchman's-Bay, Machias and Passamaquoddy. To the district of Newbury-Port shall be annexed the several towns or landing places of Albury, Salisbury and Haverhill, which shall be ports of delivery only; and a collector, naval-officer and surveyor, for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Newbury-Port. To the district of Gloucester shall be annexed the town of Manchester, as a port of delivery only; and a collector and surveyor shall be appointed, to reside at Gloucester. To the district of Salem and Beverly, shall be annexed the town or landing places of Danvers and Ipswich, as ports of delivery only; and a collector, naval-officer and surveyor, for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Salem; and a surveyor to reside at each of the towns of Beverly and Ipswich. To the district of Marblehead shall be annexed the town of Lynn, as a port of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Marblehead. To the district of Boston and Charles-town shall be annexed the towns or landing places of Medford, Cohasset and Hingham, as ports of delivery only; and a collector, naval-officer and surveyor, shall be appointed, to reside at Boston. To the district of Plymouth shall be annexed the several towns or landing places of Scituate, Duxbury and Kingston, as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Plymouth. To the district of Barnstable shall be annexed the several towns or landing places of Sandwich, Harwich, Wiscasset, Provincetown and Chatham, as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Barnstable. To the district of Nantucket, the port of Sherbourne shall be the sole port of entry and delivery within the same; and a collector shall be appointed, to reside at Sherbourne. To the district of Edgar-town shall be annexed the town of Falmouth, as a port of delivery only; and a collector shall be appointed, to reside at Edgar-town. To the district of New-Bedford shall be annexed Well-Port, Rochester and Wareham, as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at New-Bedford. To the district of Dighton shall be annexed Swansey and Free-town, as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Dighton. To the district of York shall be annexed Kittery and Berwick, as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at York. To the district of Biddeford and Pepperelborough shall be annexed Scarborough, Wells, Kennebunk and Cape Porpoise, as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Biddeford. To the district of Portland and Falmouth shall be annexed North-Yarmouth and Brunswick, as ports of delivery only; and a collector and surveyor shall be appointed for the district, to reside at Portland. To the district of Bath shall be annexed Hallowell, Pitts-town and Topsham, as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Bath. To the district of Wiscasset shall be annexed Bristol, Boothbay and Waldoborough, as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Wiscasset. To the district of Penobscot shall be annexed Thomaston, Frankfort, Sedgwick-Point and Deer-Island, as ports of delivery only; and

a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Penobscot. To the district of Frenchman's-Bay shall be annexed Union river, as a port of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Frenchman's-Bay. For each of the districts of Machias and Passamaquoddy shall be appointed a collector, to reside at the said ports of Machias and Passamaquoddy respectively. The district of Newbury-Port shall include all the waters and shores from the State of New-Hampshire, to the north line of Ipswich. The district of Gloucester shall include all the waters and shores in the towns of Gloucester and Manchester. The district of Salem and Beverly shall include all the shores and waters within the towns of Ipswich, Beverly, Salem and Danvers. The district of Marblehead shall include all the waters and shores within the towns of Marblehead and Lynn. The district of Boston and Charles-town shall include all the waters and shores within the counties of Middlesex and Suffolk. The district of Plymouth shall include all the waters and shores within the county of Plymouth, except the towns of Wareham and Rochester. The district of Barnstable shall include all the shores and waters within the county of Barnstable, excepting the town of Falmouth. The district of Nantucket shall include the island of Nantucket. The district of Edgar-town shall include all the waters and shores within the county of Duke's county and the town of Falmouth. The district of New-Bedford shall include all the waters and shores within the towns of New-Bedford, Dartmouth, Well-Port, Rochester and Wareham, together with all the islands within the county of Bristol. The district of Dighton shall include all the waters and shores on Taunton river, and in the town of Rehoboth; and the collectors of the several districts within that part of the State of Massachusetts, eastward of New-Hampshire, shall agree as soon as may be upon a divisional line between their respective districts, and transmit the same to the comptroller of the treasury, and such districts so agreed upon, shall include all the shores, waters and islands, within the same.

In the State of CONNECTICUT shall be three districts, to wit: New-London, New-Haven and Fairfield. The district of New-London shall extend from the east line of the said State of Connecticut to the west line of the town of Killingworth, and north to the south line of the State of Massachusetts, and shall also include the several towns or landing places of Norwich, Stonington, Groton, Lyme, Saybrook, Haddam, East-Haddam, Middle-town, Chatham, Weathersfield, Glensbury, Hartford, East-Hartford and Killingworth, as ports of delivery only; New-London to be the sole port of entry; and a collector and surveyor for the district shall be appointed, to reside at New-London, and a surveyor to reside at each of the ports of Stonington and Middle-town. The district of New-Haven shall extend from the west line of the district of New-London, westwardly to Ousatunnick river; to which shall be annexed the several towns or landing places of Guilford, Branford, Milford and Derby, as ports of delivery only; New-Haven to be the sole port of entry; and a collector and surveyor for the district shall be appointed, to reside at New-Haven. The district of Fairfield shall include all the ports and places in the said State of Connecticut, west of the district of New-Haven, to which shall be annexed the several towns or landing places of Norwalk, Stratford, Stamford and Greenwich, as ports of delivery only; Fairfield to be the sole port of entry; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Fairfield. And New-London, New-Haven and Fairfield, shall severally be ports of entry.

In the State of NEW-YORK shall be two districts, to wit: Saggs-harbour, on Nassau or Long-Island, and the city of New-York, each of which shall be a port of entry; the district of Saggs-harbour shall include all bays, harbours, rivers and shores, within the two points of land which are called Oyster-Pond-Point, and Montauk-Point; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Saggs-harbour, which shall be the only place of delivery in the said district; the district of the city of New-York shall include such part of the coasts, rivers, bays and harbours, of the said State, not included in the district of Saggs-harbour, and moreover, the several towns or landing places of New-York, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Elopos, city of Windfor, Kinderhook and Albany, as ports of delivery only; and a naval-officer, collector and surveyor, for the district shall be appointed, to reside at the city of New-York; also two surveyors, one to reside at the city of Albany, and the other at the city of Hudson; and all ships or vessels bound to or from any port of delivery within the last named district, shall be obliged to come to and enter or clear out at the city of New-York.

In the State of NEW-JERSEY shall be three districts, to wit: Perth-Amboy, Burlington and Bridge-town, which shall severally be ports of entry. The district of Perth-Amboy shall comprehend all that part of the State of New-Jersey known by the name of East-New-Jersey (that part excepted which is hereaf-

ter included in the district of Burlington) together with all the waters thereof, heretofore within the jurisdiction of the said State, in which district the towns or landing places of New-Brunswick, Middle-town-Point, Elizabeth-town and Newark, shall be ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Perth-Amboy. The district of Burlington shall comprehend that part of the said State known by the name of West-New-Jersey, which lies to the eastward and northward of the county of Gloucester, with all the waters thereof, heretofore within the jurisdiction of the said State, including the river and inlet of Little-Egg-harbour, with the waters emptying into the same, and the sea-coast, sound, inlets and harbours, thereof, from Barnegat inlet to Brigantine inlets, in which district the landing places of Lambertton and Little-Egg-harbour shall be ports of delivery only; and a collector shall be appointed for the district, to reside at Burlington, and a surveyor at Little-Egg-harbour. The district of Bridge-town shall comprehend the counties of Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland and Cape-May (that part of Gloucester county excepted which is included within the district of Burlington) and all the waters thereof heretofore within the jurisdiction of the said State; and the town of Salem, Port-Elizabeth, on Maurice river, and Sullwell's landing, on Great-Egg-harbour, shall be ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Bridge-town.

The State of PENNSYLVANIA shall be one district, and Philadelphia shall be the sole port both of entry and delivery for the same; and a naval-officer, collector and surveyor, for the district shall be appointed, to reside at the said port of Philadelphia.

The State of DELAWARE shall be one district, and the borough of Wilmington shall be the port of entry, to which shall be annexed Newcastle and Port-Penn as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at the said port of Wilmington.

In the State of MARYLAND shall be nine districts, to wit: Baltimore, Cneiter, Oxford, Vienna, Snow-Hill, Annapolis, Nottingham, Nanjemoy and Georgetown. The district of Baltimore shall include Patuxent, Susquehanna, and Elk rivers, and all the waters and shores on the west side of Chesapeake Bay, from the mouth of Magoth river to the south line of Elk river inclusive, in which Havre-de-Grace and Elkton shall be ports of delivery only; and a naval-officer, collector and surveyor, shall be appointed for the said district, to reside at the town of Baltimore, which shall be the sole port of entry. The district of Cneiter shall include Cneiter river, and all the waters and shores on the eastern side of Chesapeake Bay, from the south side of Elk river to the north side of the eastern bay and Wye river exclusive, in which Georgetown, on Sassafras river, shall be a port of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Cneiter, which shall be the sole port of entry. The district of Oxford shall include all the waters and shores on the eastern side of Chesapeake Bay, from the north side of Wye river and the Eastern bay, to the south side of Choptank river inclusive, and Cambridge shall be a port of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Oxford, which shall be the sole port of entry. The district of Vienna shall include all the waters and shores on the eastern side of Chesapeake Bay, from the south side of Choptank river to the south side of Wicomico river inclusive, and Salisbury shall be a port of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Vienna, which shall be the sole port of entry. The district of Snow-Hill shall include all the waters and shores on the sea-coast, from the north line of Virginia to the south line of Delaware, together with all the waters and shores on the eastern side of Chesapeake Bay, from the south side of Wicomico river to the south side of Pocomoke river inclusive, so far as the jurisdiction of the said State of Maryland extends, to which Sinnepuxent shall be a port of delivery for West-India produce only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Snow-Hill, which shall be the sole port of entry. The district of Annapolis shall include Magoth river, and all the waters and shores from thence to Drum-point, on Patuxent river; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Annapolis, which shall be the sole port of entry and delivery for the same. The district of Nottingham shall include all the waters and shores on the west side of the Chesapeake Bay to Drum-point, on the river Patuxent, together with the said river, and all the navigable waters emptying into the same, to which Benedict, Lower-Marlborough, Town-Creek, and Silvey's landing, shall be annexed as ports of delivery only; a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Nottingham, and a surveyor at Town-Creek; and Nottingham shall be the sole port of entry. The district of Nanjemoy shall include all the waters of Patowmack river within the jurisdiction of the State of Maryland, from Point-Look-Out to Pomonkey creek inclusive, to which St. Mary's shall be

that a number of on the Long Marsh enties, intend petiti- f the State of Mary- re effectually to drain

AY CONCERN. at I intend to prefer ral assembly to pass a from my confinement le to pay. DON BOZMON. 89. 7 w8

at, July 28, 1789.

Edward Tillard, at this 88, who have been fo ent, and to which fo are now once more such as do not make satisfactory settlements, who will attend con- the first day of October commenced to com-

erly to the above, and in their payments for supply with goods on

OMAS TILLARD. to the distant countie state, leaving their ac- ded to. 2X

COLLEGE.

ERNORS and VISITORS AGE, in the STATE of the 11th day of August,

ution Money for each rent money per annum,

thematical and Grammar day the eleventh day of

the Minutes,

HOLAS BRICE, Ck.

School to be under the

ELL, Esquire, A. M. and

er the Direction of the

INBOTHOM.

MODATIONS

JOHN'S COLLEGE

is, September 20, 1789.

accommodate TEN BOY

NO, BOARD and WASHING

POUNDS Current Money

ANNE TOOTELL.

is, September 20, 1789.

accommodate TEN BOY

NO, BOARD and WASHING

POUNDS Current Money

SUSANNA BREWER.

is, September 20, 1789.

accommodate TWENTY

LODGING, BOARD and

THIRTY POUNDS Cur-

rent Money.

VACHEL STEVENS.

is, September 20, 1789.

accommodate EIGHT BOY

NO, BOARD and WASHING

POUNDS Current Money

B. MAYBURY.

is, September 20, 1789.

accommodate TEN BOY

NO, BOARD and WASHING

POUNDS Current Money

MARY REYNOLDS.

k Company.

of the PRESIDENT and DI-

PATOWMACK COMPA-

n, the 23d day of September,

the proprietors of shares in the

ay into the hands of WILLIAM

er of the said company, Five

shares held by them respective-

h day of November next.

treasurer take the most effectual

del a speedy payment of all mo-

on the several calls preceding

JOHNSON, President.

RTZGERALD, } Directors.

ILPIN, }

ber 25, 1789. 5 W

APOLIS:

FREDERICK and

EL GREEN.

annexed as a port of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Nanjemoy, and a surveyor, to reside at St. Mary's, and Nanjemoy shall be the sole port of entry. The district of Georgetown shall include all the waters and shores from Potomack creek, on the north side of Patowmack river, to the head of the navigable waters of the said river, within the jurisdiction of the state of Maryland, to which Digges's landing and Carrollburg shall be annexed as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at Georgetown, which shall be the sole port of entry.

[To be continued.]

PARIS, August 7.

YESTERDAY a large decked boat was stopped upon the river, loaded with gun-powder and small shot; the commander or captain produced a passport, signed by the marquis de la Fayette, and counter-signed by the marquis de la Salle, second in command. The populace immediately inferred there was some plot against their liberty, ran to the hotel de Ville to call on the marquis la Fayette for an explanation concerning the powder, and loudly demanded his head. —The marquis pacified the incensed multitude, and making them remark that it bore no resemblance with that upon the passport, and that it was a snare designedly laid to avert from him the affections of the people. The populace, thinking then it must be the marquis de la Salle, went to his house, broke it open, searched all his papers, and put a seal upon all his effects. He luckily was not within. While they were gone there, M. la Fayette assembled some militia to guard all the avenues of the hotel de Ville, in order to prevent the multitude from returning there. The project remains in a state of mystery, as it is not possible the gentlemen above-mentioned could be concerned in the proceedings; if they had, the populace would readily have been appeased, by their avowing the powder to be intended for the defence of the people.

A SECOND GUN-POWDER PLOT.

Hints were given to several of the deputies of the national assembly on Monday last, of a mine being formed from under the stables of the comte d'Artois to the hall of the assembly. —After the recent and well-ascertained atrocities of the cabal, the members justified in imagining every attempt possible, caused a strict search to be made by the militia of Versailles, on the night of Monday, and a number of citizens quitted their houses in the Rue de Noailles, under which the mine was supposed to pass. On arriving at the stables, the Swiss refused the militia entrance; on which they commanded him on pain of instant death, to enter and precede them with torches. At length M. de Vergennes, equester of the comte d'Artois, arrived, and was refused admittance; but on his offering to shew every place, he was suffered to accompany the militia, who had already broke open several doors. All the cellars were carefully examined, and at length a discovery was made of an immense hole, the bottom of which could not be discovered. One of the citizens descended by means of a long beam held in a slanting direction; and the result of his observations was, that he could perceive no apertures corresponding with this hole, which was very deep: so that all that can be concluded is, that such a horrid plan has been really in contemplation, and preparing for execution, either prior to or since the revolution, no persons belonging to the stables being able or willing to assign any use or meaning whatever for this evacuation. It is unnecessary to add, that proper precautions are taken.

The hotel de Polignac, at Versailles, has been visited, and 151 fusils found in it, on Sunday, which were distributed among the militia, as was likewise a waggon load of muskets, seized in their way to St. Germans, under the pretext of being chests of soap.

The friends and the relations of those who have been butchered by the mob feel in their breasts a resentment which, though it may not be Christian, is not unnatural.

Some of them have considered the duke of Orleans as the mediate cause of all their calamities; they do not pretend to say that his highness has either commanded or advised the bloody executions that have taken place; but they charge him with having been the cause of the confusion, from which all the dreadful excesses of the people have flowed.

Plots have, in consequence, been formed against the life of this prince; and it is said, that in all probability, he would have been dispatched on the 26th of last month, Moutau, if he had not fortunately received a line from Versailles, warning him that his life was in danger, and advising him to be constantly on his guard.

Two gentlemen went to his palace that day, and requested the honour of an audience.

The prince was then writing in his closet; and just as he was going to desire the person who had announced the gentlemen, to shew them in, another person entered with a letter, on the cover of which was written—

"To be delivered without a moment's loss of time."

This letter, which the duke immediately read, contained the warning above-mentioned.

The duke resolved not to admit the two gentlemen to his presence; but at the same time he did not think proper to cause them to be apprehended, for, by the liveries of the servants, their families were known, and known to be great and powerfully allied.

The message he sent to them was, that "He was too busily employed to be visible to any person whatever out of his family."

The gentlemen hearing this, appeared to be greatly disappointed, and drove off full speed.

LONDON, August 7.

The instruments of oppression alleged to be in the Bastille are carried in procession through the streets of

the principal towns in France; racks, pincers, screws, and other implements, are aggravated, like the engines of torture brought over by the Spanish Armada; and they feed the popular fury.

In this country luxuries very soon become necessities. In the case of tobacco, from which the revenue at present derives 400,000*l.* it would be very difficult to prove that it is an article of the smallest use, either in the shape of tobacco or snuff. As to medicinal purposes, a single hoghead would be sufficient for the consumption of the whole kingdom.

MONSIEUR NECKAR'S RESTORATION.

The entrance and comportment of this great minister, on his return to the national assembly, were most universally commemorated; when M. de Mirabeau and the bishop of Aix, had risen to support Mr. Neckar, and he had recovered himself enough to proceed, he took his handkerchief from his face, and this was

HIS SPEECH.

"Messieurs—I obey your commands; and throw myself before ye!

"Bound as to my own happiness, I pant incessantly for yours. For ye are, ye will be, the preservers of your country, where I had not the bliths to be born; but it will be my glory to serve, if I can serve any good purpose, if I do not live and labour in vain!"

"Would to God my powers could keep pace with my wishes, that my ability might be equal to my zeal.

"Not that this noble nation depends on such slender holds as powers and purposes like mine. True to herself, and safe in the providential system of nations, what imports it to her, what individual may be precarious or frail?"

"The resources of France are infinite! What can they not do? What have they not done?—They have brought strength out of weakness—Order from confusion.

"The resources of France are infinite!—Have they not surmounted such a feeble ministry as mine.

"The resources of France are infinite—in all human qualities that array and adorn the national character of men; and in all earthly possibilities, of sky and soil, arts and arms, to constitute political force—What nation is there, that will be able to resist us?—What nation, duly enlightened, will not wish us to be irresistible? I speak as I feel, and as I interpret on the feelings of all around me!"

This panegyric on the popular character—hyperbolic perhaps, but certainly well timed—did wonderful execution. The assembly were all taken at once; and there was throughout a silent, sustained attention, affecting beyond any other possible expression!

Mons. Neckar saw his advantage, and pursued it—thus—faltering for a word or two, and when recovering his articulation, altering his key—

"You hear me, *Mes Compagnons, Ames Douces & Nobles*—ye hear me with indulgent ears; you are partial to my purposes; you are kind to my defects. But character you can dive into (*approfondir*) motives you can weigh; you know how grateful I am—how useful I wish to be.

"Such as I am, I need not tell ye; I am indeed yours. Dispose of me as you will.

"I will say no more."

The storm that has for some time past threatened Louisiana, appears now to be advancing with accelerated motion. The emigration from the American United States to the westward is immense, and has already formed a power at the confluence of the Ohio and Mississippi, that will not be checked by any force Spain can oppose to it. The attainment of the primary object, the navigation of the Mississippi, is therefore in all appearance, not far distant; and can be regarded only as a prelude to further demands, made in the forcible manner that will ensure compliance.

The plague rages in the Ottoman fleet—if it encounters the Russians in this situation, they will have an enemy to grapple with, the most dangerous that ever afflicted mankind.

M. Neckar, the ex-minister of France, was formerly a partner with Mr. Thellusson, the father of the present merchant of that name, so well known in the city of London.

They were concerned in two or three foreign houses, one of which was in Germany, and another in the Netherlands.

The firm was Neckar and Thellusson. The Spanish squadron still remains at Naples: the destination a profound secret. The commander, however, permits none of the officers to be absent. The opinion is, that this fleet is intended to sweep the seas of the Barbary pirates, who keep no faith with the Neapolitans.

The comte d'Artois left Paris in disgust—seemingly disgusted with all the world—he left too, debts to the amount of twenty-six millions *livers*—a mere trifle.

PHILADELPHIA, October 15.

Extract of a letter from France, dated July 30.

"I am told, (though I confess I do not give full credit) that unto this hour, there are lamentations and calls heard in the Bastille, of prisoners who cannot be found or got at, the people being ignorant of the avenues or means to their abode, and few besides the governor (who is now dead) knowing the way, or having the means. It is possible those who know it, may be in the power of a governmental bribe, to keep the secret, and let the prisoners sooner expire than be liberated. Great talk is also made of a subterraneous passage, which communicates for miles together to this fort. It is certainly true, that none but its prisoners and officers were ever permitted to enter it; and I have been requested by the guard, to withdraw, when I have been seen standing still to look at it."

Annapolis, October 22.

We omitted mentioning in our Gazette of the eighth inst. that the honourable Robert Hanson Harrison, Esquire, was unanimously chosen chancellor of this state, but declined accepting the appointment.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the house of delegates in the ensuing general assembly, viz.

For Somerset county, Tubman Lowes, John Stewart, John Gale and Levin Winder, Esquires.

For Dorchester county, William Vans Murray, James Shaw, Moses Lecompte and James Steele, Esquires.

For Montgomery county, Edward Burges, Jeremiah Crabb, Lawrence Oncale and Uriah Forrest, Esquires.

Extract of a letter from Jacob Funk, junior, to his father in Washington county, dated Severn's Valley, September 3, 1789.

"An expedition of 250 volunteers, under the command of colonel John Harding, started about the first of August from the Falls of Ohio, for the Great Weavetown, on the Wabash, and, after marching four days in the Indian country, we met with a party of about twenty Indians, some of whom being squaws and children, a bloody engagement ensued; I think there were near two hundred guns fired, and only three Indian fellows, a boy and four squaws, killed, and two young squaws taken prisoners. The loss on our side was only two men wounded, one in the arm, and the other under the shoulder blade. Major Brown received a bad hurt by a fall; but they are all recovering. The plunder taken from the Indians came to fourteen shillings a man."

"Married, on Thursday last, Mr. NICHOLAS LINGAN, of Georgetown, merchant, to the amiable Miss ANNE HANSON, of Charles county."

TO THE PRINTERS OF THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

MANY, to save a penny, lose a pound; many a man goes with a hungry belly rather than be at the expense of a dinner—more through penury than want many destroy their health by improper means rather than swell the Doctor's bill. —But one custom in some parts of this state is most preposterously ridiculous. The physician is allowed to charge but for one visit let him attend ever so often—yet he will be paid for his trouble—how?—by rating his medicines high—his prescriptions—Sorry I am to say, there are too few in country practice who know how to prescribe; and when they make the attempt, they huddle together such a strange *sarrago* of incongruous articles, that they do more harm than good; but it swells the bill, and the patient swallows the potion—thinking he is well served, though he is ill stuffed.

Would it not shew more sense and reason to pay the physician for his attendance?—Now the proper duty of a physician is—to strictly attend to the operations of nature, to assist her when debilitated, and to moderate, restrain or counteract, her too powerful exertion. —He is not to stand by an indifferent spectator, or to see fair play between nature and disease. He should all the part assigned him the moment his assistance is called for; but he does not require a multiplicity of weapons—A few medicines, judiciously chosen, will answer all his purposes, and the value of these is trifling. Wherefore, I would have mankind—and would mankind too—consider whether they had better use those few that are essentially necessary for the restoration of health, and pay the physician for his attendance, or—ruin their constitutions by making an apothecary's shop of their bellies, and pay the Doctor's smart money into the bargain.

October 17, 1789.

* What is meant by Doctor will, I apprehend, be obvious to most of my readers.

TO BE SOLD,

On a liberal credit, on Monday the third of December next, at PUBLIC VENDUE, if not sooner disposed of at PRIVATE SALE, in which case due notice will be given,

A VALUABLE SEAT, containing upwards of 400 acres of LAND, pleasantly situated on Zachia Swamp, five miles from Port-Tobacco; there are on the premises a good DWELLING-HOUSE, a large BARN, with a good floor (for treading of wheat and other CONVENIENT HOUSES. The situation is beautiful and healthy. This land has been assessed as high as the first rate land in said county. There is a great proportion of bottom, which produces excellent corn, timothy, &c. This land has a great quantity of wood, board timber, and other timber. Possession will be given to the purchaser on complying with the terms of sale, which may be known by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

JOHN HANSON, jun.

Charles county, August 15, 1789.

October 20, 1789.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue

On Wednesday, the 18th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber, in Middle Neck Hundred, within three miles of Annapolis,

SUNDRY VALUABLE STOCK, consisting of HORSES, HORNED CATTLE and HOGS. Also all the CROP of CORN, FODDER, &c. and PLANTATION UTENSILS, amongst which is a good HORSE CART. The sale to begin at 1 o'clock, and for CASH only.

STEPHEN BEARD.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 7th of November next, at 11 o'clock, at the plantation of the subscriber, deceased, for REDEMPTION, THREE EASY HOUSEHOLD PLANTATION UTENSILS. All those that have any claims to bring in, to the day of sale.

Cal

To be SOLD, on the 11th of November next, at 11 o'clock, at the plantation of the subscriber, deceased, for REDEMPTION, THREE EASY HOUSEHOLD PLANTATION UTENSILS. All those that have any claims to bring in, to the day of sale.

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Cal

October 22.

Gazette of the eighth.
Hanson Harrison, Es-
cancellor of this state,
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ng general assembly.

n Lowes, John Stew.
er, Esquires.

n Vans Murray, Jam-
es Steele, Esquires.

ward Burgetts, Jeremi-
and Uriah Forrest, Es-

nk, junior, to his father
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HE MARYLAND GA-

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SOLD,

Monday the third of Decem-

ENDUE, if not sooner di-

SALE, in which case due no-

EAT, containing upwards of

ND, pleasantly situated on Za-

from Port-Tobacco; there are

od DWELLING-HOUSE,

od floor (for treading of wheat)

ENT HOUSES. The situ-

lthy. This land has been at

first rate land in said county

ion of bottom, which produced

y, &c. This land has a great

ard timber, and other timbe-

to the purchaser on complying

s, which may be known by ap-

er, living on the premises.

JOHN HANSON, jun.

gust 15, 1789.

4

October 20, 1789.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday

the 7th of November next, on the premises,

THE HOUSE and LOT whereon the subscriber

now lives, called NEWINGTON-GREEN,

belonging to the estate of JOHN GREEN, deceased;

the lot contains four acres of ground, is situate about

three quarters of a mile from the city of Annapolis,

and opposite the poor-house. The terms will be made

known on the day of sale, by

GEORGE DAVIS, Administrator.

Anne-Arundel county, October 14, 1789.

To be SOLD, on Thursday the 5th of November

next, at 11 o'clock, if fair, if not the next fair day,

at the plantation of JONATHAN RAWLINGS,

deceased, for READY CASH,

THREE YOUNG NEGRO MEN, some

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, STOCK and

PLANTATION UTENSILS.

All those that have any claims against the estate, are

requested to bring them in properly authenticated,

on the day of sale, by

RICHARD RAWLINGS, Executor.

Calvert county, October 10, 1789.

By virtue of a DEED of TRUST, from Mr. FRANCIS

KING to the subscriber, will be SOLD, at PUB-

LIC SALE, on the 16th of November next, if

fair, if not the next fair day, the following prop-

erty,

A TRACT of LAND, within one mile of Hunt-

ing-town, in said county, whereon Mr. King

now dwells, of about thirty acres, on which is a new

and very convenient DWELLING-HOUSE, with

three rooms below and as many above, and other

NECESSARY OUT HOUSES.

Also a TRACT of valuable LAND, containing

about 200 acres, one mile's distance from the former,

on which there are no improvements; eighteen valua-

ble NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN,

BOYS and GIRLS; a number of BLACK CAT-

TLES, HOGS, HORSES, SHEEP, HOUSEHOLD

and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and PLANTA-

TION UTENSILS.

The sale to be at the above-mentioned dwelling-

house, on a credit, the extent of which will be made

known on the day of sale.

JOSEPH WILKINSON.

October 20, 1789.

To be SOLD, on Monday the 16th day of November

next, at the dwelling-house of the subscriber, if fair,

and if not the next fair day,

FOUR NEGRO WOMEN, and SIX CHILD-

REN; if not sold at private sale, the same will

be sold on eighteen months credit, upon bond, on in-

The subscriber has just received a small collection of

BOOKS and STATIONARY,

Among which are the following:

HUTCHISON'S Phi-

losophy,

Paley's Moral Philosophy,

Nicholson's Natural do.

Guthrie's Geographical

Grammar,

Ferguson's Astronomy,

Philosophical Dictionary,

Simson's Euclid,

Junius's Letters,

New Edinburgh Dispen-

satory,

Dickson's Agriculture,

Smith's Wealth of Nations,

Watson's Philip 2d & 3d,

Towers's King of Prussia,

Spirit of Laws,

Jefferson's Notes,

Smellie's Tables,

Federalist,

Hume's Essays,

Gurney's Brachygraphy,

Burket on N. Testament,

Price's Sermons,

Beattie's Evidences,

Poems,

Young's Night Thoughts,

The Messiah,

Buchan's Dom. Medicine,

Gibson's Surveying,

Moore's Navigation,

Seaman's Daily Assistant,

Siege of Gibraltar,

Watts's Logic,

Wesley's Hymns,

Rowe's Exercises of the

Heart,

The Lounger,

Maire's Book-keeping,

Fisher's Arithmetic,

Compani.n,

Baron Trenck,

Brown's Concordance,

Free Mason's Songs,

The above Books and Stationary will be sold Cheap

for Cash, by

STEPHEN CLARK.

October 17, 1789.

WHEREAS I did, on or about the fourth day of

July last, pass my bond to Mrs. Mary Brown,

of Anne-Arundel county, for payment of one hundred

and two pounds current money, being the considera-

TO THE PUBLIC.

ON my arrival from Cambridge at

Baltimore, having mislaid a bag,

with a quantity of money, which I

thought I had in my chest, I was led

to suspect an innocent man, a Mr.

JOHN KER (who was a passenger

with me from Cambridge) of taking

it, whom I pursued to Annapolis, and,

authorised by an ill-judged suspicion,

obtained a search warrant against him,

but not finding any thing in his posses-

sion to justify it, I returned to Balti-

more, and have since received a letter

from Cambridge, informing me, that

I had carelessly left the money on the

beach there—Therefore (in justice to

Mr. KER, whom I wish to be inform-

ed, that my feelings are inexpressibly

hurt, in reflecting upon the steps I have

taken, and the disgrace I have thereby

subjected him to) I do, in this public

manner, declare his innocence and my

error, and that any satisfaction he may

require, or that may be in my power

to give, at his request, I am ready and

willing to make him.—I am the pub-

lic's most humble servant,

SOLOMON FRAZIER.

Baltimore, July 18, 1789.

A ROBBERY.

THE subscriber was stopped, on the eighth inst.

on the road, between QUINN-ANNE and LON-

DON-TOWN, and ROBBED, by a WHITE MAN and

WOMAN, of THREE HALF-JOHANNES, a

CHINTZ GOWN, TWO LAWN HANDKER-

CHIEFS, a MARSEILLES WHITE QUILTED

PETTICOAT, and a CAMBRICK APRON. The

man had on a PAIR of CHECK TROUSERS, a BLUE

SAILOR'S JACKET, with HORN BUTTONS, and has a

DEEP SCAR on his LEFT CHEEK. The woman had

on a SHORT CALICO BED GOWN, BLUE SHALLOON

PETTICOAT, and WHITE APRON. THREE

POUNDS REWARD will be given for ap-

prehending and bringing them to justice.

ANNE SCOTT.

September 10, 1789.

September 15, 1789.

Five Pounds Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living on the Head

of South river, about ten miles from the city of

Annapolis, on the seventh of July last, a negro man

named WILL, a short, thick fellow, about 5 feet 6

or 7 inches high, thirty years old, one of his shoulders

is larger than the other; had on a cotton jacket with-

out sleeves, new ofsnabrig shirt and trousers, and felt

hat. He has been seen in Annapolis since he went off.

It is probable he may change his cloaths and name,

and pass as a free man. Whoever takes up and secures

the said fellow, so that his master gets him again, shall

receive, if above ten miles from home, thirty shillings,

if out of the county three pounds, and if out of this

state the above reward, including what the law allows,

paid by

JOSEPH HOWARD, jun.

N. B. All persons are forbid harbouring or employ-

ing him, at their peril.

J. H.

West-River, Anne-Arundel county.

A FERRY-BOAT.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public,

and his old customers in particular, that he still

keeps a PASSAGE-BOAT to carry gentlemen and

their horses, charriots and carriages, to any part of the

EASTERN SHORE. He runs to ROCK-HALL, KENT-

ISLAND, TALBOT and DORCHESTER COUNTIES, or

any where it may suit them to go to. Those gentle-

men who will please to favour him with their custom,

may depend on his utmost endeavours to give every sa-

tisfaction that lies in his power. He is determined to

quit every other kind of employ, as to freights, and be

always in place, ready for passengers. He will diet

them as cheap as possible, and lodging and pasturage

gratis, by their most humble servant,

THOMAS TUCKER.

August 21, 1789.

ON the application of the trustees of NICHOLAS

SERLOTT, the first day of March next is limited

and appointed by the chancellor for the creditors of

said Nicholas Serlott to bring in and declare their

respective claims to the said trustees, that the same may

be on that day liquidated and adjusted. Due notice

hereof to be published in Mr. Green's paper

(Signed) SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

THE above order is published by the trustees, that

the creditors of NICHOLAS SERLOTT may have due

notice.

GEORGE DENT.

ZEPHANIAH TURNER.

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JOHN CHARLES SEPTON.

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St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.
By virtue of a writ of *perpetuam*, to me directed by the general court, will be SOLD on Friday the 6th day of November next, at the dwelling plantation of JOHN CARTWRIGHT, Esquire, for ready cash,
A LIFE ESTATE in the third part of the said plantation commonly called MARSH NECK, containing by estimation 824 acres more or less; one other tract or parcel of LAND being part of CHAPTICO MANOR, containing 131 acres more or less; one other tract or parcel of LAND called TRENT FORK, having a grist-mill thereon, containing 125 acres more or less; also one other tract or parcel of LAND called THE RIDGE and PART of LUDGATE, containing by estimation 75 acres more or less; also a number of likely and valuable NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS, HORSES, BLACK CATTLE, HOGS and SHEEP, with a variety of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and all excellent in their kind; also the CROP of TOBACCO and CORN on the above-mentioned dwelling plantation, taken in execution as the property of the above-named John Cartwright, and sold to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland, as late collector for St. Mary's county.
P. FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.
By virtue of a writ of *perpetuam*, to me directed by the general court, will be SOLD on Saturday the 7th day of November next, on the premises, for ready money,
THE DWELLING PLANTATION of Mr. STEPHEN CAWOOD, called WESTHAM, containing by estimation 198½ acres more or less; one other tract or parcel of LAND called CAWOOD'S INHERITANCE, containing 10 acres more or less; also sundry NEGROES, HORSES, BLACK CATTLE, SHEEP and HOGS, and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, together with the CROP of TOBACCO and CORN now on the above-mentioned plantation, taken in execution and sold as the property of the above-named Stephen Cawood, to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector for St. Mary's county.
P. FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.
By virtue of a writ of *perpetuam*, to me directed by the general court, will be SOLD on Monday the 9th day of November next, on the premises, for ready cash,
A TRACT or parcel of LAND called COL-LINGWOOD, containing 100 acres more or less; one other tract or parcel of LAND called COL-LINGWOOD, containing 102 acres more or less; also one other tract or parcel of LAND called BEDLAM NECK, containing 383 acres of land more or less, whereon Mr. CLEMENT GARDINER now dwells, taken in execution as the property of the above-named Clement Gardiner, and sold to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector for St. Mary's county.
P. FORD Sheriff.

C. A. S. H.
For Continental Loan Office,
Depreciation, or Final Settle-
ment Certificates and Indents.
Such as want Depreciation or
other Certificates to pay for Pro-
perty purchased of the State, may
be supplied at any time, and
with any particular Amount
wanted, for Cash, by
J. W.

For SALE or BARTER,
A Quantity of Land in Pas-
sents, from 250 to 1000 Acres,
situate in Bottetourt and Monongahela Counties, Virginia, will
be sold very low for Cash, Pro-
duce, any kind of Certificates or
Indents, good Bonds, Land, or
other Property in the State of
Maryland. For Terms apply
to J. W.

Prince-George's county, September 28, 1789.
THE subscribers, finding themselves reduced by an act of benevolence, as securities of THOMAS WILLIAMS, deceased, late collector of the tax for Prince-George's county, to the hard condition of being obliged to answer for the failure, mismanagement and insolvency, of their principal—and that, after their utmost exertions, and fullest collection they can make, they must sustain a heavy and capital loss—therefore mean to dispose of the following property for the purpose of discharging the same.

Notice is hereby given, that, on the 23d day of October next, will be SOLD, on the premises, a tract or parcel of LAND lying in Baltimore county, called and known by the name of TURKEY-CK-HALL, containing about 200 acres. And on the 20th day of October next, will be SOLD, at the dwelling house of RINALDO JOHNSON, the following tracts or parcels of LAND, lying in Prince-George's county viz. part of BROOKE COURT MANOR, and part of JOSEPH and MARY, supposed to be between 7 and 800 acres. This land is well known that a description would be unnecessary. It is in good order and tolerably well improved. Also part of BUTTINGTON and PURCHASE, containing about 300 acres. This is forest land, on which is a new valuable grist-mill, with other improvements. On the 27th day of October next will be SOLD, at the dwelling house of ELISHA BERRY, the following tracts or parcels of LAND, lying in Prince-George's county, viz. part of a tract of LAND called ALEXANDRIA, containing 75 acres, part of GOOD-LOCK, containing 64 acres—these lands are in fee-simple. Also at the same time and place will be SOLD, the right of reversion which the said Elisha Berry has dependent on the life of his mother, the following tracts or parcels of LAND—part of MARLBOROUGH'S PLAINS, part of ALEXANDRIA, part of the VALE of BENJAMIN, and part of CHAFFIN'S DELIGHT—also a tract of LAND called LAD'S DESIRE, and BERRY'S ADDITION to LAD'S DESIRE, STOKEY'S PURCHASE and the SWAMP, containing about 700 acres. These lands lay between Upper-Marlbrough and Bladensburg, are good and tolerably well improved. The above property will be sold on credit, payable to the State on the 1st day of January, 1790, in specie or specie certificates issued by this State, with legal interest from the date, until paid, with such security to the bonds as the commissioners of the tax for Prince-George's county shall approve of.

RINALDO JOHNSON,
ELISHA BERRY.

By virtue of a writ of *perpetuam*, to me directed from the general court, will be EXPOSED to SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for READY CASH, on the 28th day of October next, at the dwelling-house of JOHN BROOKE, near Bryan-town,

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called LORD-SHIP'S FAVOUR, containing 400 acres, and a TRACT of LAND, called KEECHE'S MEADOWS, containing 101½ acres, seized and taken at the suit of the State of Maryland.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff
of Charles county.

By virtue of a writ of *perpetuam*, to me directed from the general court, will be EXPOSED to SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for READY CASH, on the 29th day of October next, at the dwelling-house of HOSKINS HANSON,
ONE TRACT of LAND, called LITTLE-WORTH, containing 195 acres; one other TRACT of LAND, called WILKERSON'S THRONE, containing 115 acres; PART of one other TRACT of LAND, called THOMPSON'S CHANCE, containing 55½ acres; LIFE ESTATE of the said HANSON in one other TRACT of LAND, called THOMPSON'S CHANCE, containing 278 acres; and the REVERSION of the said HANSON in one other TRACT of LAND, called HARWOOD, containing 50 acres; seized and taken at the suit of the State of Maryland.

FRANCIS WARE, late Sheriff
of Charles county.

A Jockey Club Purse.

ON Monday the 26th of this instant, a JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of FORTY GUINEAS will be run for over a good course near Leonard-town, St. Mary's county; weights agreeable to the Annapolis club, heats four miles, and to start precisely at twelve o'clock.

October 4, 1789.

Bladensburg Races.

THE BLADENSBURG JOCKEY CLUB PURSE, of FIFTY GUINEAS, will be run for, over a very fine course, on Thursday the 26th day of October, free only for Members of the Club, and to start precisely at 12 o'clock.

On the day following, will be run for, over the same course, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, free for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying Weight for Age, agreeable to the Rules of the Jockey Club. Heats Three Miles each. The Horses, &c. to be entered the evening before the Race, with Mr. THOMAS ROSE, and to pay Twenty-five Shillings each, or Double at the Post. Proper Judges will be appointed; and to start precisely at twelve.

August 10, 1789.
THE subscriber being appointed, by the honorable chancellor of Maryland, as trustee for the creditors of WILLIAM LOVEDAY, hereby gives notice to all the creditors of said Loveday, that the first day of November next is limited and appointed by the chancellor for the creditors of said Loveday to bring in and declare their respective claims to the said trustee, that the same may be on that day liquidated and adjusted; therefore those who neglect to bring in their claims legally authenticated on or before the said first day of November now next ensuing, will not be admitted to a dividend.

JOHN ROBERTS, Trustee.

Annapolis, August 27, 1789.
THE subscriber being anxious to fulfil his engagements to his creditors, requests all those indebted to him for dealings at his store to make immediate payment, as it is entirely out of his power to give them any further indulgence.

DAVID GEDDES.
N. B. He has just received an ASSORTMENT of WINTER CLOATHING, which he will sell for CASH. No person need apply for credit, but such as hereof have been punctual.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next session of the general assembly, for an act to empower the subscribers to sell and dispose of a tract of land called POPPING GAY, lying in Calvert county.

ELISHA HARRISON.
ANNE HARRISON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Washington county mean to petition the next general assembly for the division of said county; also for prolonging the time of payment for the settled lands to the westward of Cumberland.

SEVEN MOUNTAINS.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, THAT beautiful estate called the SEVEN MOUNTAINS, extending from the mouth of Magothy river to the mouth of Patuxent river, containing, by patents, 2217 acres; the situation is partly high and very healthy, and abounds with excellent timber of almost every kind. Between three and four hundred acres of this land may, at a little expense, be made into good meadow; there is also a fine stand of herring hilly, some improvements, and excellent fruit of all kinds: the soil produces wheat, Indian corn and tobacco: the title is indisputable, and the payment will be made very easy to the purchaser, by a credit for a very considerable part for five years, and which will be further made known to those that wish to purchase, who may also see the many advantages that this land has to any other in this State, being central to the city of Annapolis and Baltimore-town. This will be SOLD, on a long credit, several tracts of LAND in the State of Georgia.

W. WORTHINGTON.
Anne-Arundel county, August 21, 1789.

St. Mary's county, September 14, 1789.
TAKEN up again, by the subscriber, in February last, off the mouth of Wicomico river, in Patowmack, a BATTOE about thirty feet long and seven wide, painted on the stern, with lampblack, the word MAURLBOURGH. The said battoe has been hauled up ever since, exp. led to the sight of all craft passing into Wicomico. This is to request the owner to prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

GEORGE LOCKE.

August 14, 1789.
PUBLIC notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to invest him with the fee-simple of part of a tract of LAND called SMITH'S FIRST CHOICE, which a certain William Schoolfield conveyed to Turbutt Wright, a minor, son of the subscriber.

JOHN WRIGHT.

APPPLICATION will be made to the general assembly of the State of Maryland, at the next session, for a law to authorize the erecting of the courthouse and jail for Caroline county at Choptank bridge, and for holding the courts for said county thereat.

To be LEASED,

SEVERAL LOTS of GROUND in this city, on the Church circle, and the streets called Tabernacle-street, opposite Mr. James Ringgold's, and Lawyer's-street, opposite Mr. John Callahan's. The terms may be known by applying to the subscriber.

JAMES STEUART.

THE creditors of Mr. GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH are requested to send or bring in their claims, on the 25th of October, to the subscribers, who will attend, on that day, at Lower-Marlbrough, for the purpose of receiving them and settling the business as far as it can be effected, and no claims can be afterwards received or considered in the distribution.

SAMUEL CHEW, } Trustees.
WILLIAM KILTY, }

ANNAPOLIS:
PRINTED by FREDERICK and
SAMUEL GREEN.

August 10, 1789.
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Loveday to bring in
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OBERTS, Trustee.

August 27, 1789.
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DAVID GEDDES.
ASSORTMENT of
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apply for credit, but
actual. D. G.

August 1, 1789.
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SHA HARRISON.
NE HARRISON.

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August 21, 1789.

September 14, 1789.
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August 14, 1789.
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JOHN WRIGHT.

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JAMES STEUART.

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EL CHEW, } Trustees,
IAM KILTY, }

APOLIS:
REDERICK and
L GREEN.

(XLVth YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 2233.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 29, 1789.

Congress of the United States,

Began and held at the city of New-York, on Wednes-
day the fourth of March, one thousand seven hun-
dred and eighty-nine.

CONTINUATION of the ACT to regulate the COLLEC-
TION of the DUTIES imposed by LAW on the TUN-
NAGE of SHIPS or VESSELS, and on GOODS, WARES
and MERCHANDISE, imported into the United States.

IN the state of VIRGINIA shall be
twelve districts, to wit: Hampton as
one port, Norfolk and Portsmouth as
one port, Bermuda-Hundred and Ci-
ty-Point as one port, York-town,
Tappahannock, Yeocomico river, in-
cluding Kinfaie, Dumfries, including
Newport, Alexandria, Folly landing, Cherry-Stone,
South-Quay and Louisville; the authority of the offi-
cers at Hampton shall extend over all the waters, shores,
bays, harbours and inlets, between the south side of
the mouth of York river, along the west shore of Che-
apeake bay to Hampton, and thence up James river to
the west side of Chickahominy river, and a collector
shall be appointed to reside at Hampton, which shall
be the sole port of entry. To the district of Norfolk
and Portsmouth shall be annexed Suffolk and Smithfield
as ports of delivery only; and the authority of the offi-
cers of the said district shall extend over all the wa-
ters, shores, bays, harbours and inlets, comprehended
within a line drawn from Cape Henry to the mouth
of James river, and thence up James river to Jordan's
Point, and up Elizabeth river to the highest tide wa-
ter thereof, and Norfolk and Portsmouth shall be the
sole port of entry; and a collector, naval-officer and
surveyor, for the district shall be appointed, to reside
at Norfolk; also a surveyor to reside at each of the ports
of Suffolk and Smithfield. To the district of Bermu-
da-Hundred, or City-Point, shall be annexed Rich-
mond, Petersburg and Manchester, as ports of delivery
only; and a collector and surveyor shall be appointed,
to reside at Bermuda-Hundred, or City-Point, which
shall be the sole port of entry; also a surveyor for Pe-
tersburg to reside thereat, and a surveyor for Rich-
mond and Manchester to reside at Richmond, and the au-
thority of the officers of the said district shall extend over
all the waters, shores, bays, harbours and inlets, com-
prehended between Jordan's-Point and the highest tide
water on James and Appomattox rivers. To the dis-
trict of York-town shall be annexed West-Point and
Cumberland, as ports of delivery only; and a collec-
tor for the district shall be appointed, to reside at York-
town, which shall be the sole port of entry; also a surveyor
for the two ports of delivery, to reside
at West-Point; and the authority of the officers
of the said district shall extend over all the wa-
ters, shores, bays, harbours and inlets, comprehended
between the point forming the south shore of the mouth
of Rappahannock river, and the point forming the south
side of the mouth of York river, and thence up the
said river to West-Point, and thence up Pomunkey and
Mattaponi rivers, to the highest navigable waters there-
of. To the district of Tappahannock shall be annexed
Urbanna, Port-Royal, Fredericksburg and Falmouth,
as ports of delivery only; and a collector for the dis-
trict shall be appointed, to reside at Tappahannock,
which shall be the sole port of entry; also a surveyor
for each of the ports of Urbanna, Port-Royal and
Fredericksburg, and the authority of the officers of the
said district shall extend over all the waters, shores,
bays, harbours and inlets, comprehended between
Smith's-Point, at the mouth of Patowmack, and the
point forming the south shore of the mouth of Rappa-
hannock river, and thence up the last mentioned river
to the highest tide water thereof. The district of Ye-
ocomico river, including Kinfaie, shall extend from
Smith's-Point, on the south side of Patowmack river,
to Boyd's Hole, on the same river, including all the
waters, shores, bays, rivers, creeks, harbours and in-
lets, along the south shore of Patowmack river to Boyd's
Hole; and Yeocomico, including Kinfaie, shall
be the sole port of entry; and a collector shall be ap-
pointed, to reside on Yeocomico river; the district of
Dumfries, including Newport, shall extend from
Boyd's Hole to Cockpit-Point, on the south side of Pa-
towmack river, and a collector shall be appointed, to
reside at Dumfries, which shall be the sole port of en-
try, and the authority of the officers of this district
shall extend over all the waters, shores, bays, harbours
and inlets, comprehended between Boyd's Hole and
Cockpit-Point; and the authority of the officers of the said dis-
trict shall be appointed a collector and surveyor, to re-
side at Alexandria, which shall be the sole port of en-
try; and the authority of the officers of the said dis-
trict shall extend over all the waters, shores, bays, har-
bours and inlets, on the south side of the river Patow-
mack, from the last mentioned Cockpit-Point, to the
highest tide water of the said river. For the district
of Folly Landing shall be appointed a collector, who
shall reside at Accomack court-house, and whose au-
thority shall extend over all the waters, shores, bays,

harbours and inlets, of the county of Accomack. For
the district of Cherry-Stone shall be appointed a col-
lector, to reside at Cherry-Stone, whose authority shall
extend over all the waters, shores, bays, harbours and
inlets, comprehended within Northampton county.
For the district of South-Quay a collector shall be ap-
pointed, to reside thereat, whose authority shall extend
over all the waters, shores, bays, harbours and inlets,
in that part of Virginia comprehended within the li-
mits of the said state. For the district of Louisville a
collector shall be appointed, to reside thereat, whose
authority shall extend over all the waters, shores and
inlets, included between the Rapids and the mouth of
Ohio river, and on the south-east side thereof.

In the state of SOUTH-CAROLINA shall be three
districts, to wit: George-town, Charleston and Beau-
fort, each of which shall be a port of entry. The dis-
trict of George-town shall include the shores, inlets
and rivers, from the boundary of North-Carolina to
the point of Cape Roman. The district of Charleston
shall include all the shores, inlets and rivers, from Cape
Roman to Combahee river inclusive; and the district
of Beaufort shall include the shores, inlets and rivers,
from Combahee river to Back river, in Georgia, com-
prehending also the shores, inlets and harbours, form-
ed by the different bars and sea islands, lying within
each district respectively; at the port of Charleston
shall be a collector, naval-officer and surveyor, and a
collector at each of the other ports.

In the state of GEORGIA shall be four districts, to
wit: Savannah, Sunbury, Brunswick and Saint-Mary's,
each of which shall be a port of entry. The district
of Savannah shall include Savannah river, Great and Lit-
tle Ogeechee rivers, with the other harbours, creeks and
rivers, formed by the inlets of Tybee, Little Tybee,
Warlaw and Oribaw, north of the island of Oribaw,
and a naval-officer, collector and surveyor, for the said
district shall be appointed, to reside at Sava-nah. The
district of Sunbury shall include the Medway, North
and South Newport, and Sapelo rivers, with the har-
bours, creeks and rivers, formed by the inlets of Saint
Catharine's, south of Oribaw and Sapelo; and a col-
lector for the district shall be appointed, to reside at
Sunbury. The district of Brunswick shall include the
Altamaha, Frederica, and Turtle rivers, with the
other harbours, creek and rivers, formed by the inlets
of Doboy, south of Sapelo, Altamaha and Saint-Si-
mon's, north of the south point of Jekyll Island; Fre-
derica shall be a port of delivery only; and a collector
for the said district shall be appointed, to reside at
Brunswick. The district of Saint-Mary's shall include
Great Satilla, Little Satilla, Crooked river, and Saint-
Mary's river, with the harbours, creeks and rivers,
formed by the inlets of Saint-Andrew's and Amelia
sounds; and a collector for the said district shall be ap-
pointed, to reside at Saint-Mary's. And in each dis-
trict it shall be lawful for the collector to grant a per-
mit to unlade at any port or place within the district,
and to appoint or put on board any ship or vessel for
which a permit is granted, one or more searchers or in-
spectors, as may be necessary for the security of the re-
venue.

And be it further enacted, That every port of entry
established by this act, shall be a port of delivery also:
PROVIDED ALWAYS, That no ship or vessel not whol-
ly belonging to a citizen or citizens of the United
States, shall be admitted to unlade at any port or place
except the following, to wit: Portsmouth, in the state
of New-Hampshire; Portland, Falmouth, Dighton,
Salem, Gloucester, Newbury-Port, Marblehead, Sher-
bourne, Boston, Plymouth, Wiscasset, Machias and
Penobscot, in the state of Massachusetts; New-Lon-
don or New-Haven, in the state of Connecticut; New-
York; Perth-Amboy or Burlington, in the state of
New-Jersey; Philadelphia; Wilmington, New-Castle
and Port-Penn, in the state of Delaware; Baltimore,
Annapolis, Vienna, Oxford, George-town, on Patow-
mack, Chester-town, Town-Creek, Nottingham, Nan-
jemoy, Digges's landing, Snow-Hill and Carrollburg,
in the state of Maryland; Alexandria, Kinfaie, New-
port, Tappahannock, Port-Royal, Fredericksburg, Ur-
banna, York-town, West-Point, Hampton, Bermuda-
Hundred, City-Point, Rocket's landing, Norfolk or
Portsmouth, in the state of Virginia; Charleston,
George-town or Beaufort, in the state of South-Carol-
ina; or in either of the districts of Savannah, Sunbu-
ry, Brunswick or Saint-Mary's, in the state of Geor-
gia; nor shall any ship or vessel, arriving from the
Cape of Good-Hope, or from any place beyond the
same, be admitted to enter at any other than the fol-
lowing ports, to wit: Portsmouth, in the state of New-
Hampshire; Boston, Newbury-Port, Salem, Glouces-
ter, Portland or Falmouth, in the state of Massachu-
setts; New-London or New-Haven, in the state of Con-
necticut; New-York; Perth-Amboy; Philadel-
phia; Wilmington, in the state of Delaware; Balti-
more-town, Annapolis or George-town, in the state of
Maryland; Alexandria, Norfolk or Portsmouth, in the
state of Virginia; Charleston, George-town or Beau-
fort, in the state of South-Carolina; Sunbury or Sa-
vannah, in the state of Georgia: PROVIDED, That

nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent
the master or commander of any ship or vessel, from
making entry with the collector of any port or district
in which such ship or vessel may be owned, or from
whence she may have sailed on such a voyage.

And be it further enacted, That the master or com-
mander of every ship or vessel bound to a port of deli-
very only, in any of the following districts, to wit:
Portland and Falmouth, Bath, Newbury-Port, New-
London (except the port of Stonington in the said dis-
trict) Norfolk and Portsmouth, Bermuda-Hundred and
City-Point, York-town or Tappahannock (except the
port of Urbanna in the said district) shall first come to
at the port of entry of such district, with his ship or
vessel, and there make entry, deliver a manifest of her
cargo, and pay, or secure to be paid, all legal duties,
tunnage, port-tees and charges, in manner by this act
provided, before such ship or vessel shall proceed to her
port of delivery; and that any ship or vessel bound to
a port of delivery in any other district not under like
restrictions by this act, or to either of the ports of Sto-
nington or Urbanna, may first proceed to her port of
delivery, and then make legal entry within the time
by this act limited.

And be it further enacted, That the master or com-
mander of every ship or vessel, if bound to the district
of Nottingham, shall, before he passes by the port of
Town-Creek, and immediately after his arrival, depo-
site with the surveyor of the said port, a true manifest
of the cargo on board such ship or vessel; if bound to
any district on the Patowmack, shall, before he passes
by the rivers Saint-Mary's and Yeocomico, and immedi-
ately after his arrival, deposit with the surveyor at St.
Mary's, or the collector at Yeocomico, as may be most
convenient, a true manifest of the cargo on board such
ship or vessel, including a declaration of the port at
which the same is to be entered; if bound to the dis-
trict of Tappahannock, shall, before he passes by the
port of Urbanna, and immediately after his arrival,
deposit with the surveyor for that port, a like mani-
fest; and if bound to the district of Bermuda-Hun-
dred or City-Point, shall, before he passes by Elizabeth
river, and immediately after his arrival, deposit with
the collector of the port of Norfolk and Portsmouth,
or with the collector for the port of Hampton, a like
manifest; and the said surveyors and collectors respecti-
vely shall, after registering the manifests, transmit the
same duly certified to have been so deposited to the sur-
veyor with whom the entries are to be made, without
which certificate no such entry shall be received.

And be it further enacted, That the duties of the re-
spective officers to be appointed by virtue of this act,
shall be as follows: At such of the ports to which
there shall be appointed a collector, naval-officer and
surveyor, it shall be the duty of the collector to receive
all reports, manifests and documents, made or exhibi-
ted to him by the master or commander of any ship or
vessel, conformably to the regulations prescribed by this
act, to make due entry and record in books to be kept
for that purpose, all such manifests and the packages,
marks and numbers, contained therein; to receive the
entry of all ships and vessels, and of all the goods,
wares and merchandise, imported in such ships or ves-
sels, together with the original invoices thereon; to
estimate the duties payable thereon, and to endorse the
same on each entry; to receive all monies paid for du-
ties, and to take all bonds for securing the payment of
duties; to grant all permits for the unlading and deli-
very of goods, to employ proper persons as weighers,
gaugers, measurers and inspectors, at the several ports
within his district, together with such persons as shall
be necessary to serve in the boats which may be pro-
vided for securing the collection of the revenue, to
provide at the public expence, and with the approba-
tion of the principal officer of the treasury department,
store houses for the safe keeping of goods, together with
such scales, weights and measures, as shall be deemed
necessary, and to perform all other duties which shall
be assigned to him by law. It shall be the duty of the
naval officer to receive copies of all manifests, to esti-
mate and record the duties on each entry made with
the collector, and to correct any error made therein,
before a permit to unlade or deliver shall be granted;
to countersign all permits and clearances granted by the
collector. It shall be the duty of the surveyor to su-
perintend and direct all inspectors, weighers, measurers
and gaugers, within his district, and the employment
of the boats which may be provided for securing the
collection of the revenue; to go on board ships or ves-
sels arriving within his district, or to put on board one
or more inspectors, to ascertain, by an hydrometer,
what distilled spirits shall be of Jamaica proof, rating
all distilled spirits which shall be of the proof of twenty
four degrees as of Jamaica proof, and to examine
whether the goods imported are conformable to the en-
tries thereof; and the said surveyors shall, in all cases,
be subject to the control of the collector and naval-offi-
cer.

And be it further enacted, That every collector ap-
pointed in virtue of this act, in case of his necessary
absence, sickness or inability, to execute the duties of

his office, may appoint a deputy, duly authorized under his hand and seal, to execute and perform, on his behalf, all and singular the powers, functions and duties, of collector of the district to which he the said principal is attached, who shall be answerable for the neglect of duty, or other mal-conduct of his said deputy in the execution of the office.

[To be continued.]

VERSAILLES, August 14.

THE king filled the vacant places in the ministry on the 4th instant. His majesty informed the national assembly of his choice by a letter, which forms one of the most precious monuments in the annals of monarchy. For the purpose of producing still greater unanimity in every department of administration, and to prevent the influence of favour or predilections, the king has ordered that henceforth all nominations to offices, employments or church benefices, magistracy, foreign affairs, war, marine, finance, and the king's household, shall be decided in open council. It was the king's intention to nominate M. Neckar chief minister; but M. Neckar receiving that proof of his majesty's confidence with respectful gratitude, begged that he would neither bestow upon him rank or title. This minister having demanded of the king to be relieved of a great part of the finance department, his majesty has re-established the office of comptroller-general, and given it in charge to M. Lambert, whose application and integrity are already well known. He will unite his labours with the king's, in presence of M. Neckar first minister of the finances, who with the king's permission has reserved to himself the royal treasury, and the taking of his majesty's orders for the nomination to places and employments.

LONDON, August 17.

The king of Spain though he has succeeded to the throne, has not yet been formally anointed and crowned as king of that noble country. We are informed by a correspondent at Lisbon, that the Spanish grandees have entered into a combination not to assist, countenance, or recognise the validity of that ceremony, unless the king shall agree to re-establish the cortes, and take the oaths that were made in former times by the sovereigns of Castile and Andalusia, to their new subjects. The truth of this will soon appear.

General baron Scaleiffen is arrived in England, charged with an important commission from the king of Prussia, in whose service that veteran now holds a distinguished rank.

The object of his commission is not certainly known; but it is believed in the high political circle, that it comprehends two important and distinct things:

To solicit the hand of the prince's royal for the prince of Prussia;

And to settle the conduct of the two courts on the election of the king of the Romans.

Advices are received from Maastricht, that since the affair of Tirlemont, the prince bishop of Liege has assembled all his troops to protect his own dominions, and has forbid the disaffected of any country whatever from taking refuge in his territories, or to make any settlement therein.

The eclat of the French revolution has roused the Spaniards from a nap of two centuries, and in Seville and other parts of Spain they appear to be conscious that there was a time when they had no inquisition, and a time when they had a cortes.

MIDDLETOWN, October 10.

The public are desired to be cautious of the dollars made in 1783, as several counterfeits have been seen this week, well executed, excepting the date 83, which appears badly done.

A few days ago, a loaded cart passed through New-Haven, drawn by a horse of the age of forty-two years.

PHILADELPHIA, October 22.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman lately returned from the Muskingum, to his friends in Boston, dated Morris county, (State of New-Jersey) October 1.

"Mr. Mattis, a surveyor, with his party, were on the 9th of August attacked by the Indians. His party consisted of a corporal, six soldiers, and five New-Englandmen, who were employed in surveying near the Great Kanawha, about 100 miles down the river from Marietta. Two of the party rising earlier than the others, went to look after their pack-horses—the remainder (11 in number) after having risen, were sitting in their blankets, when they received an unexpected fire from a party of Indians, not knowing there were any near them. Seven were shot dead on the spot: the remaining three, with Mr. Mattis, and the two who were looking for their horses, made their escape; the unfortunate persons killed were six soldiers, and a New-Englandman, by the name of Patchan, from near Boston; Mr. Mattis and the others made their way down the river, where Colonel Meigs, with a party, were also surveying. They found them alarmed, as one of the chain-bearers had discovered two dogs ahead in the woods—they immediately discharged their guns, and reloaded, which proved a lucky circumstance, as the Indians, then lying in ambush for them to come on, supposing themselves discovered, went off, first drawing with wet powder, on the bark of a tree, the figure of an Indian tomahawking a man. Colonel Meigs and his party immediately quitted their employ, and returned safe to Marietta. A party of Shawanese Indians afterwards took a New-Englandman, Mr. Gardner, prisoner at Wolf creek; he was employed in cutting timber for a mill now building at that place, 8 miles from Marietta, but being an excellent woodsman, he had the good fortune to make his escape, after travelling 60 or 70 miles with them.

"These events have damped the inhabitants a little; but I am in hopes no future mischief will ensue from

the savages. A description of that fine country, and the great advantage arising from settlements there, it is needless for me to give. The lands exceed my expectation."

RICHMOND, October 22.

By a gentleman just arrived from the back country, we are informed, that a party of volunteers which went in pursuit of some Indians that had been very troublesome to many of the frontier inhabitants of that country, had just returned; they fell in with a small party of Indians which were encamped, killed two of them, and put the rest to flight; they took from their encampment 15 or 20 horses and a few other articles which they had plundered the inhabitants of.

Last week arrived here, five Indians, chiefs of the Chickasaw nation, who are on their way to New-York.

Annapolis, October 29.

A REMEDY for RINGWORMS, ITCH, &c. Extract of a letter from a gentleman of the faculty, at Fort St. George, to doctor B. of the Bengal establishment — (Extracted from a London newspaper.)

"Sir PAUL JODDRELL, from his skill in botany, has made a discovery which is likely to prove of the greatest importance to the health and ease of Europeans in India, and will tend to the extirpation of that cruel and most tormenting of all maladies, the ringworms; and the remedy is as simple as it is efficacious. It consists in nothing more than a frequent embrocation or friction of the parts where the eruption prevails, with common musk-room-ketchup. This remedy, simple as it appears, has never been known to fail in removing the ringworms, itch, or any other cutaneous eruption, after every other nostrum has failed.

"Sir Paul accounts for the efficacy of this vegetable curative, in the known noxious property of the musk-room to all animalcula. The solution or effluence of this fungus is proved, by this discovery, to bear such enmity to the minute insect, which is the occult cause of this disorder, that it immediately perforates the cuticle, and totally exterminates the infection. The experiment is easy, and a trial is recommended to those afflicted with ringworms, teeters, or eruptions of any kind."

Congress of the United States,

Begun and held at the city of New-York, on Wednesday the fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

An ACT providing for the payment of the invalid pensioners of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the military pensions which have been granted and paid by the states respectively, in pursuance of the acts of the United States in Congress assembled, to the invalids who were wounded and disabled during the late war, shall be continued and paid by the United States, from the fourth day of March last, for the space of one year, under such regulations as the president of the United States may direct.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS MUEHLBERG, Speaker of the house of representatives.

JOHN ADAMS, Vice president of the United States, and president of the senate.

Approved—September 29, 1789.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES.

In pursuance of the above recited law, information is hereby given to all the invalid pensioners of the United States, that the amount of one year's pension from the fourth day of March last will be paid to them, or their attorneys respectively, in two equal payments, the first of which will be made on the fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety; and the second on the fifth day of June following, at such places in each state, and by such persons as shall hereafter in due season be publicly made known.

The payments will be made agreeably to the following regulations, to wit:

The returns which have been or shall be made to the secretary for the department of war by the several states of the pensions which have been granted, and paid by them respectively, will together with the vouchers herein required be considered as the evidence whereon the payments are to be made.

Every application for payment must be accompanied by the following vouchers.

1st. The certificate given by the state specifying that the person possessing it, is in fact an invalid, and ascertaining the sum to which he is annually entitled.

2dly. An affidavit agreeably to the following form, to wit:—A. B. came before me one of the justices of the county of _____ in the state of _____ and made oath that he is the same A. B. to whom the original certificate in his possession was given, of which the following is a copy (the certificate given by the state to be recited.)

That he served in _____ (regiment or vessel) at the time he was disabled, and that he now resides in the _____ and county of _____ and has resided there for the last _____ years, previous to which he resided in _____

In case an invalid should apply for payment by an attorney, the said attorney must, besides the certificate and oath before recited, produce a special letter of attorney agreeably to the following form:

I, A. B. of _____ county, of _____ state of _____ do hereby constitute and appoint C. D. of _____ my lawful attorney to receive in my behalf _____ (the first or second moiety) of my annual pension, as an invalid, of the United States, from the fourth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal, this _____ Signed and sealed in the presence of _____

Acknowledged before me _____

Applications of executors or administrators must be accompanied with legal evidence of their respective offices, and also of the time the invalid died, whole pension they may claim.

By command of the president of the United States of America.

H. KNOX, Secretary for the department of War.

War-Office, October 13, 1789.

The Printers throughout the United States are requested to insert this information for the benefit of the brave men who have severely suffered in the cause of their country.

Charles county, October 20, 1789.

"Our length of days is seventy years! and although there be some who arrive at four-score years, their strength then faileth them, and their life is full of pain and trouble."

"Died, at Blenheim, on the 16th inst. Mrs. GRACE LEE, relict of the honourable Richard Lee, aged about seventy-six years. Her virtuous, exemplary and pious conduct through life will be the best monument, in the minds of her acquaintance, which can be raised to her memory; and the faithful and attentive discharge of the several relative duties she stood in of wife, mother, mistress, neighbour and friend, will leave behind her a lasting impression of her merit!!!"

Anne-Arundel Manor, October 23, 1789.

Pursuant to the direction of the will of the late PHILIP HOPKINS, will be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 18th of November, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A valuable tract of land, situated within three miles of Pig-Point, called HOPKINS' FANCY, containing about 200 acres, whereon is a dwelling house, tobacco-house, and convenient out-houses, with an excellent orchard. Further particulars will be made known on the day of sale.

1027/6 RICHARD HOPKINS.

CAUTION.

Let the BUYER beware.

S. W.

Sundry likely NEGROES, single, and in Families, to be SOLD, on CREDIT, or exchanged for LAND.

THE subscriber, having not as yet disposed of the whole of the NEGROES he advertised last winter, now gives notice, that he proposes to offer them at PRIVATE SALE, to commence at his place on Tuesday the 29th of December next. Good bonds for either cash or tobacco, ready money, at a proper discount, or good land in Charles, Prince-George's, or Montgomery county, will be received in payment for them.

G. B. CAUSIN.

Causin Manor, Charles county, Oct. 21, 1789.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGRO BOY that understands waiting in the house and driving a chariot. Inquire of the Printer hereof.

October 19, 1789. G. Harrison

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Mrs. ANNE SANDERS, are requested to exhibit them to the subscriber, and those indebted are desired to make payment to

1 FREDERICK GREEN, Executor.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, about the 25th of August last, a short negro man named C. SAR, about 35 years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, has a stoop in his shoulders, and a downy look; had on a brown country cloth coat, much worn in the sleeves, with brass buttons, a blue striped linen waistcoat, tow linen shirt and trousers, and a felt hat he had on a large iron collar. Whoever takes up the said negro, and secures him in any gaol, shall have four dollars reward, or, if brought home to the subscriber living in Washington county, upon Antietam creek, about 22 miles above Frederick-town, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JAMES MALONE.

The above negro was raised at West river, in Anne-Arundel county, by a Mr. Norris, and worked several years at Mr. Stephen Steward's ship yard.

October 24, 1789.

TAKEN up, the 6th of June last, by the subscriber, living in Saint-Mary's county, near the Cool-Springs, a large dun coloured gray MARE, two or three years old, fourteen hands and a half high, blaze face, three white feet, two behind and one before; she had on a forked yoke. The owner is desired to pay charges and take her away.

1027/6 JAMES LATIMER.

October 20, 1789.

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OX, Secretary for the
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October 20, 1789.
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which can be raised to her
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will leave behind her a
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mor, October 23, 1789.
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8th of November, if fair,
land, situated within three
called HOPKINS' FAN-
acres, whereon is a dwell-
and convenient out-houses,
Further particulars will be
sale.
w3
RICHARD HOPKINS.
TION.
YER beware.
S. W.
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take her away.
JAMES LATIMER.

October 24, 1789.
BEING directed by the governor and council to
dispose of the property lately purchased for the
use of the State, I mean to set up, at PUBLIC SALE,
fundry tract of LAND, a number of valuable NE-
GROES, and other articles, at the following times and
places, viz.—On Monday the 16th of November, at
11 o'clock, at the dwelling plantation of NICHOLAS
BLACKLOCK, near Piscataway, fundry tracts of LAND
near Bladenburg, containing, in the whole, 483 acres,
and a life estate in 250 acres of LAND adjoining, late
the property of JOHN BROWN, one of the securities of
Nicholas Blacklock, and a tract of LAND containing
upwards of 200 acres (the dwelling plantation above
mentioned, late the property of FIELDER BOWIE, one
of the securities of Nicholas Blacklock.) On Wednes-
day the 18th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Port-To-
bacco, a tract of LAND called MANKIN'S VEN-
TURE, containing 54 acres, a tract of LAND called
MANKIN'S FOLLY, containing 144 acres, lying
in Charles county, near Port Tobacco, some NE-
GROES, HORSES, FURNITURE, and a RIDING
CHAIR and HARNESS. On the same day and
place, at three o'clock, P. M. three LOTS in Port-
Tobacco, number 3, 5 and 6, with a small TENE-
MENT, and three other LOTS in the said town, the
numbers not known, on which are three large DWEL-
LING HOUSES, with convenient OUT HOUSES,
&c. late the property of CHARLES MANKIN. On
Thursday the 19th of November, at Port-Tobacco, at
11 o'clock, part of a tract of LAND called HAW-
KINS' BARRENS, containing 115 acres, and part
of a tract of LAND called COME-BY-CHANCE,
containing 60 acres, adjacent to Port-Tobacco, and
some NEGROES, late the property of FRANCIS WARE,
one of the securities of Charles Mankin. A tract of
LAND called LUCKETT'S BENEFIT, containing
44 acres, and part of a tract of LAND called MOIS-
DITCH, containing 186 acres, near Port-Tobacco,
late the property of THOMAS HUSSEY LUCKETT, one
of the securities of Charles Mankin. On Monday the
23d of November, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, a
tract of LAND on which captain Harwood resides,
lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 325 acres,
and several valuable NEGROES, some STOCK
and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, late the property of
captain THOMAS HARWOOD. On Tuesday the 24th
of November, at 11 o'clock, at Bladenburg, a tract of
LAND called BROTHER'S FIRST LOT, contain-
ing 239 acres, a tract of LAND called BEALL'S
NEGLECT, containing 50 acres, and a tract of
LAND called BEALL'S DISCOVERY ENLARG-
ED, containing 42 acres, adjacent to the town of Bla-
denburg, and several valuable NEGROES, some
HORSES, STOCK and HOUSEHOLD FURNI-
TURE, late the property of JOHN BEALL. On the
same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. a tract of
LAND called CRAMPHIN'S LOT, containing 357½
acres, Part of JACKSON'S NECESSITY, contain-
ing 61½ acres, HOSKINS' FOLLY, containing 100
acres, and part of ELIZABETH, containing 100
acres, in the neighbourhood of Bladenburg, late the
property of RICHARD CRAMPHIN, one of the securi-
ties of John Beall. On Wednesday the 24th of No-
vember, at 11 o'clock, at Bladenburg, part of a tract
of LAND called GILLARD, containing 127½ acres,
lying near the last mentioned lands, and some NE-
GROES, late the property of SAMUEL SHEKELLS,
one of the securities of John Beall. Part of a tract of
LAND called DEAKINS' HALL, containing 249½
acres, near Bladenburg, and some NEGROES, late
the property of LEONARD MARMURY DEAKINS, one
of the securities of John Beall. On the same day and
place, at three o'clock, P. M. about 160 acres, part
of a tract of LAND called CHELSEA, lying near
the brick church, in Prince-George's county, late the
property of HUMPHREY BELT, one of the securities
of John Beall. On Thursday the 25th of November,
at three o'clock, P. M. at George-town, a lot of
GROUND in the said town, number 9, with im-
provements, late the property of JOHN MURDOCK, and
a lot of GROUND in the said town, number 21,
with improvements, late the property of RICHARD
THOMPSON. The lands and lots above mentioned will
be sold for ready money only; for the personal prop-
erty any kind of late securities will be taken.
WILLIAM KILTY.

Twenty Dollars Reward.
RAN away from the subscriber, on the 2d day
of May last, two country born NEGROES—
CHARLES, about 30 years of age, five feet eight or
nine inches high, strong and well set, of a yellowish
complexion, has a remarkable black beard, and his
face generally full of small pimples, speaks seldom, and
has a down look.—MATTHEW, about 22 or 23
years of age, five feet five or six inches high, bow-
legged, thick set, has a remarkable black complexion,
his teeth and parts of his eyes of a clear white, speaks
freely and grum; had on when they went away, coarse
brown shirts, jackets and breeches of coarse white
country made cloth, yarn stockings, and old felt hats
and shoes. They have been seen lurking about in dif-
ferent parts of St. Mary's and Calvert counties until
the fifth of September, when it is supposed they took
away from James Knott, living at Howard's Race, two
mares, one of a mouse colour, with a short switch tail,
the other a dark bay, one hind foot white, with a small
lump on her left side; both natural pacers. Whoever
will take up the said negroes and secure them in gaol,
so that the subscriber may get them again, shall receive
ten dollars, if taken up in the county; if out of the
county, and within the state, sixteen dollars; if out of
the state, the above reward, or in proportion for either
of them, paid by
JOSEPH MATTINGLY.
St. Inigoes, St. Mary's county, Oct. 19, 1789.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office,
Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth
day of January next, will be sent to the General
Post-Office as dead letters:—
MRS. ADAMS, Port-Tobacco.
Mrs. John Barclay, widow of the late rev.
John Barclay, rector of All-Hallows, near Annapolis;
George Bourne, Calvert county.
John Callahan, Jeremiah T. Chase (2), Ebenezer
Cutler, jun. Miss Cutler, Thomas Cooney, Annapolis;
Joseph Cafference, near Nottingham; Overton Carr,
Prince-George's county.
Joshua Dorsey, Annapolis; Henry Davison (2),
Prince-George's county.
Ralph Forster, Annapolis; John Forbes, Benedict;
Ignatius Fenwick, Carrollburg.
John Gwinn (6), Annapolis; Richard Gantt, near
Upper-Marlbrough; Samuel Griffithin, Nottingham.
Samuel H. Howard, Aquila Hall, George Hunt,
Annapolis; Mr. Hill, near Upper-Marlbrough; Phil-
lip Hodgkin, Nottingham.
John Kirkland, care of capt. J. Wallis, Ameri-
ca.
Mr. Maybury, Cornelius Mills, Gilbert Middleton,
Reuben Merriwether, Annapolis; reverend Jos. Mc-
fenger, Prince-George's county.
Honourable John Rogers, James Ringgold, - Ri-
chard Ridgely, Annapolis; James Rieley, jun. Anne-
Arundel county.
Thomas Snowden, Patuxent iron-works; Richard
Stuard, on board the John and Jane, Patuxent; Ni-
cholas Scovmont, Leonard-town.
John Turner, Marlborough.
Captain James Vance, of the fleet —, Saint-
Mary's.
John Welsh, Annapolis; John Wams (2), Blen-
heim, near Port-Tobacco; captain White, of the ship
Washington, Patuxent; Morris Williams, St. Mary's
county.
F. GREEN, D. P. M.
All persons sending to the Post-Office for let-
ters, are requested to send the money, as none will be
delivered without.
Charles county, October 1, 1789.
FROM the date hereof I do forewarn all manner
of persons whatever from HUNTING with
either DOG or GUN on the TRACT of LAND
belonging to PORT-TOBACCO MILL, now in the
possession of the subscriber. Those who do not pay
due respect to this notice, will be prosecuted agreeably
to law, without respect to persons, by
THOMAS OSTON.
TO BE RENTED,
In this city, by the SUBSCRIBER,
AN elegant three-story BRICK HOUSE, 100
feet front, with twenty-two rooms, twenty fire-
places, two kitchens, and cellars under the whole build-
ing, which are perfectly dry in the wettest seasons;
the rooms are well finished, lofty and in general large;
three of them are about twenty-four feet square; the
situation is pleasant and healthy, about the center of
the city, and being situated directly between two
streets is not subject to be incommoded by any neigh-
bouring improvements, which is frequently the case in
towns: It is well calculated for the accommodation of
boarders.—Also to be RENTED, a two-story BRICK
HOUSE, in South-East-street, well calculated to ac-
commodate a private family; Its situation is such that
your neighbour cannot incommode you. I have like-
wise for SALE or RENT, 580 acres of good land, in
Frederick county; a description of this land will be
unnecessary, as the purchaser will view the place before
he purchases. If a purchaser offers he may have any
reasonable credit on securing the purchase money, by
application to
THOMAS HYDE.
Annapolis, September 1, 1789.
Calvert county, August 12, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the VESTRY
and PARISHIONERS of CHRIST CHURCH
PARISH, in Calvert county, intend petitioning the
general assembly, at their next session, to give the vestry
a right in fundry pieces of LAND which has been
held by the said parish for a great number of years as
a glebe, to vest them with a right to dispose of the same
for the use and benefit of said parish.
Port-Tobacco, Sept. 17, 1789.
A YOUNG GENTLEMAN in-
clined to STUDY MEDICINE,
and qualified for the purpose, will be
received on reasonable terms, by
GUSTAVUS R. BROWN.
September 3, 1789.
SUNDRY inhabitants of Charles town, Charles
county, will petition the general assembly of Ma-
ryland at their next session, for an act to lay out said
town, and to ascertain the lots and boundaries thereof,
but particularly to open the street on the east side of lot
number four, on the town plot, bounding on the west
Ware's lot on said plot, now in the possession of Charles
Mankin.
TAKEN up as a STRAY by CALEB DORSEY,
son of THOMAS, living in Anne-Arundel coun-
ty, a dark bay MARE, about seven years old, without
any perceivable brand, has a dark star in her forehead,
switch tail, and been used to the draught. The owner
is desired to come and prove property, pay charges, and
take her away.

Samuel and John Adams,
PRINTERS,
From WILMINGTON, DELAWARE STATE,
HAVING opened a PRINTING-OFFICE
in Market-street, nearly opposite the post-office,
Baltimore, respectfully inform the public, as BOOK-
WORK, &c. is the principal object they have in view,
of being engaged in, that they are now ready to re-
ceive the commands of all those who may be pleased
to employ them in that line of business; and will only
observe, that their utmost efforts shall be exerted to
merit the approbation and favour of their employer,
and the public in general.—Hand-bills, advertisements,
all kinds of blank-work, &c. done expeditiously, with
care, and on the MOST REASONABLE TERMS.
At said office may be had, a variety of BOOKS and
STATIONARY; where country store-keepers, back-
country traders, and others, may be supplied at the
lowest prices. Great allowance will be made to those
who may purchase by the quantity.
August 25, 1789.
Worcester county, Maryland, Sept. 3, 1789.
PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the subscriber
intends to prefer a petition to the next general
assembly, to pass a law to make valid two deeds of con-
veyance for a lot of ground in Snow-Hill-town, the
one from John Martin's trustees to Matthew or John
Outton, and the other from Abraham Outton to Smith
Bishop.
HANNAH BISHOP.
Anne-Arundel county, September 1, 1789.
WHEREAS sundry persons, for which the sub-
scriber was liable to pay debts to a large
amount, as well several others his debtors in large sums,
have availed themselves of the late insolvent act, where-
by the burthen hath become very grievous on him;
and being desirous to do equal justice as far as in his
power—having made a deed of trust of all his prop-
erty, real, personal and mixed, for the purpose of dis-
charging the claims against him, and if, after the full
and just application of the same, it should prove insuf-
ficient—Application will be made to the next general
assembly of Maryland, to exonerate him therefrom,
and to liberate his person from confinement.
SAMUEL GODMAN.
October 5, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
offered to the next general assembly by MARY
MAGRUDER, wife of Nathaniel Jones Magruder,
for an act to pass in her favour, so as to secure to her
use sundry negroes, devised to her by the last will and
testament of her deceased father, John Bellingby,
during life, in order to prevent her said husband from
depriving her of the use of said negroes during her
life.
MARY MAGRUDER.
September 22, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
preferred to the next general assembly of Mary-
land to appoint a trustee to sell and dispose of the lands
on which BENTON HARRIS, late of Worcester
county, deceased, lived, and to apply the money arising
from such sale to the uses and purposes in his will di-
rected.
JOHN PURKINS,
REBECCA COSTEN,
JOHN SMITH,
JOHN HAYMAN,
JOHN RIGGEN.
ANATOMY.
DOCTOR A. WEISENTHALL proposes to de-
liver a COURSE of ANATOMICAL LEC-
TURES, the ensuing winter, in Baltimore town. The
subjects usually comprehended in a course of this kind
will be treated in the one proposed, viz. the ANATO-
MY, PHYSIOLOGY and PATHOLOGY, of the HUMAN
BODY; the OPERATIONS of SURGERY, and, at the
conclusion of the course, some LECTURES on the
GRAVID UTERUS. The course will commence on the
first Monday in December next. Proposals, contain-
ing at large the subjects to be treated, and terms of at-
tendance, may be had at the Doctor's house in Gay-
street, Baltimore.
The Doctor will endeavour to accommodate two
or three gentlemen in his house during the season,
where they will have peculiar advantages.
Baltimore, September 10, 1789.
NICHOLAS LEEKE,
SCHOOL-MASTER,
Removed from Cornhill-street to South-East-street,
next door to Mr. Thomas Hyde's large house,
TEACHES youth reading after the best and most
approved method, i. e. one at a time, in any
proper book—Writing the Round and Italian hands,
after the most modern methods—Arithmetic in all its
branches and dependencies—Book-keeping, &c. Like-
wise some of the most useful branches of the Mathemat-
ics, as Navigation and Surveying, &c. both instru-
mentally and practically, and the use of the plain and
sliding Gunter, and the Sector, in the aforementioned
branches of the Mathematics and Arithmetic.
A diligent discharge of my duty may be depended
on, and am the Public's most humble Servant,
NICHOLAS LEEKE.
YOUNG GENTLEMEN BOARDED.

St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *fiat facias*, to me directed by the general court, will be SOLD on Friday the 6th day of November next, at the dwelling plantation of JOHN CARTWRIGHT, Esquire, for ready cash,

A LIFE ESTATE in the third part of the said plantation commonly called MARSH NECK, containing by estimation 824 acres more or less; one other tract or parcel of LAND being part of CHAPTICO MANOR, containing 131 acres more or less; one other tract or parcel of LAND called TRENT FORK, having a grist-mill thereon; containing 125 acres more or less; also one other tract or parcel of LAND called THE RIDGE and PART of LUDGATE, containing by estimation 75 acres more or less; also a number of likely and valuable NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS, HORSES, BLACK CATTLE, HOGS and SHEEP, with a variety of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and all excellent in their kind; also the CROP of TOBACCO and CORN on the above-mentioned dwelling plantation, taken in execution as the property of the above-named John Cartwright, and sold to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland, as late collector for St. Mary's county.

3X P. FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *fiat facias*, to me directed by the general court, will be SOLD on Saturday the 7th day of November next, on the premises, for ready money,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of Mr. STEPHEN CAWOOD, called WESTHAM, containing by estimation 198½ acres more or less; one other tract or parcel of LAND called CAWOOD'S INHERITANCE, containing 10 acres more or less; also sundry NEGROES, HORSES, BLACK CATTLE, SHEEP and HOGS, and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, together with the CROP of TOBACCO and CORN now on the above-mentioned plantation, taken in execution and sold as the property of the above-named Stephen Cawood, to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector for St. Mary's county.

3X P. FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, October 7, 1789.

By virtue of a writ of *fiat facias*, to me directed by the general court, will be SOLD on Monday the 9th day of November next, on the premises, for ready cash,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND called COLLINGWOOD, containing 100 acres more or less; one other tract or parcel of LAND called COLLINGWOOD, containing 102 acres more or less; also one other tract or parcel of LAND called BEDLAM NECK, containing 383 acres of land more or less, whereon Mr. CLEMENT GARDINER now dwells, taken in execution as the property of the above-named Clement Gardiner, and sold to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector for St. Mary's county.

3X P. FORD Sheriff.

Frederick county, September 7, 1789.

THE subscribers hereby give notice, that they intend to petition the justices of Frederick county, at next November court, for a commission to mark and bound their parts, and if the law requires it, the whole, of the two following TRACTS of LAND, situate in said county, viz. THE RESURVEY ON GOOD-NEIGHBOURHOOD and COME BY CHANCE, agreeable to the act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, passed at November session, 1786.

2 NICHOLAS COPPLE, MICHAEL OVELMAN.

Anne Arundel county, October 14, 1789.

To be SOLD, on Thursday the 5th of November next, at 11 o'clock, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the plantation of JONATHAN RAWLINGS, deceased, for READY CASH,

THREE YOUNG NEGRO MEN, some HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, STOCK and PLANTATION UTENSILS.

All those that have any claims against the estate, are requested to bring them in properly authenticated.

w2 2X RICHARD RAWLINGS, Executor.

Calvert county, October 10, 1789.

By virtue of a DEED of TRUST, from Mr. FRANCIS KING to the subscriber, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 16th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, the following property,

A TRACT of LAND, within one mile of Hunting-town, in said county, whereon Mr. King now dwells, of about thirty acres, on which is a new and very convenient DWELLING-HOUSE, with three rooms below and as many above, and other NECESSARY OUT HOUSES.

Also a TRACT of valuable LAND, containing about 200 acres, one mile's distance from the former, on which there are no improvements; eighteen valuable NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS; a number of BLACK CATTLE, HOGS, HORSES, SHEEP, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and PLANTATION UTENSILS.

The sale to be at the above-mentioned dwelling-house, on a credit, the extent of which will be made known on the day of sale.

2 JOSEPH WILKINSON.

October 20, 1789.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the 7th of November next, on the premises,

THE HOUSE and LOT whereon the subscriber now lives, called NEWINGTON-GREEN, belonging to the estate of JOHN GREEN, deceased; the lot contains four acres of ground, is situate about three quarters of a mile from the city of Annapolis, and opposite the poor-house. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, by

2 GEORGE DAVIS, Administrator.

October 20, 1789.

To be SOLD, on Monday the 16th day of November next, at the dwelling-house of the subscriber, if fair, and if not the next fair day,

FOUR NEGRO WOMEN, and SIX CHILDREN; if not sold at private sale, the same will be sold on eighteen months' credit, upon bond, on interest, with good security.

2 JOHN MEKRIKEN, sen.

October 20, 1789.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue,

On Wednesday, the 18th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber, in Middle Neck Hundred, within three miles of Annapolis,

SUNDRY VALUABLE STOCK, consisting of HORSES, HORNED CATTLE and HOGS. Also all the CROP of CORN, FODDER, &c. and PLANTATION UTENSILS, amongst which is a good HORSE CART. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock, and for CASH only.

2 STEPHEN BEARD.

To BE SOLD,

On a liberal credit, on Monday the third of December next, at PUBLIC VENDUE, if not sooner disposed of at PRIVATE SALE, in which case due notice will be given,

A VALUABLE SEAT, containing upwards of 400 acres of LAND, pleasantly situated on Zachia Swamp, five miles from Port Tobacco; there are on the premises a good DWELLING HOUSE, a large BARN, with a good floor (for treating of wheat) and other CONVENIENT HOUSES. The situation is beautiful and healthy. This land has been assessed as high as the first rate land in said county. There is a great proportion of bottom, which produces excellent corn, timothy, &c. The land has a great quantity of wood, board timber, and other timber. Possession will be given to the purchaser on complying with the terms of sale, which may be known by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

JOHN HANSON, jun.

Charles county, August 15, 1789. 2

Patowmack Company.

AT a MEETING of the PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the PATOWMACK COMPANY, at GEORGE TOWN, the 23d day of September, 1789,

ORDERED, That the proprietors of shares in the Patowmack Company, pay into the hands of WILLIAM HARTSHORNE, Treasurer of the said company, Five Pounds on each of the Shares held by them respectively, on or before the 15th day of November next.

ORDERED, That the treasurer take the most effectual legal measures to compel a speedy payment of all monies remaining unpaid on the several calls preceding the last and present call.

THOMAS JOHNSON, President.

3 JOHN FITZGERALD, } Directors.

GEORGE GILPIN, }

Alexandria, September 25, 1789. 5 w

September 3, 1789.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the VISITORS of EDEN SCHOOL, in Somerset county, intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to enable them to sell the said school-house and the lands belonging thereto, and to purchase lands and build a school in Worcester county, to be instituted on the same plan as Eden school afore-said.

PHILIP QUINTON,
WILLIAM FURNELL,
JOHN DONE,
PETER CHAILLIE,
ISAAC HOUSTON,
JOSHUA TOWNSEND,
GEORGE DASHIELL,
WILLIAM HANDY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that several of the inhabitants of Charles and Saint-Mary's counties intend to petition the general assembly, at their next meeting, to pass a law to change the road leading from Allen's-Fresh to Newport, in Charles county. 3 w 8

August 7, 1789.

ON the application of the trustees of THOMAS GRAHAME, the seventh of January next is limited and appointed by the Chancellor for the creditors of the said Thomas Grahame to bring in and declare their respective claims to the said trustees, that the same may be on that day liquidated and adjusted. Due notice heretofore to be published in Mr. Green's and Mr. Goddard's news-papers.

Test. 3 SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Car. Can.

St. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

AT a meeting of the GOVERNORS and VISITOR of St. JOHN'S COLLEGE, in the STATE of MARYLAND, on Tuesday, the 11th day of August, 1789,

RESOLVED, That the Tuition Money for each Scholar be Five Pounds current money per annum, to be paid Quarterly.

RESOLVED, That the Mathematical and Grammar Schools be opened on Wednesday the eleventh day of November next.

Extracts from the Minutes,
NICHOLAS BRICE, Clk.

N. B. The Mathematical School to be under the Direction of JOHN McDOWELL, Esquire, A. M. and the Grammar School under the Direction of the Reverend Mr. RALPH HIGGINBOTHAM.

GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS

FOR STUDENTS of St. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate TEN Boys with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING, at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money each per annum.

ANNE TOOTELL.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate TEN Boys with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING, at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money each per annum.

SUSANNA BREWER.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate TWENTY Boys with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING, at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money each per annum.

VACHEL STEVENS.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate EIGHT Boys with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING, at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money each per annum.

4 B. MAYBURY.

Annapolis, September 20, 1789.

THE subscriber will accommodate TEN Boys with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING, at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money each per annum.

3 MARY REYNOLDS.

September 29, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, for an act to exonerate him from part of the purchase money of a lot of land in Monocacy Manor, purchased by a certain William Pendergilt.

3 BERIAH MAYBURY.

Montgomery county, September 4, 1789.

THIS is to inform the public, that the inhabitants of the aforesaid county intend to apply to the next general assembly, for a main road from Luckett's and Davis's Ferry through the neighbourhoods of Morton's and Sanning's Mills, as may be thought most advantageous to the public.

3 8 w

September 9, 1789.

THE subscriber, WIDOW of GASSAWAY WATKINS, ONE of the SECURITIES for Captain THOMAS HARWOOD, FORMER COLLECTOR of the TAX for ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, intends to PETITION the NEXT GENERAL ASSEMBLY for RELIEF.

8 w DINAH WATKINS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of proprietors of the land lying on the Long Marsh in Queen-Anne's and Caroline counties, intend petitioning the next general assembly of the State of Maryland for an act to enable them more effectually to drain and reclaim the said Long Marsh.

7 TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly to pass a law to liberate and discharge me from my confinement for sundry debts which I am unable to pay.

RISDON BOZMON.

Somerset county, June 24, 1789. 4X w 8

Prince-George's county, September 14, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general assembly, for a law to authorise the justices of Prince-George's county to levy a further tax on the inhabitants thereof, for the purpose of erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch, near the town of Bladensburg.

4 8 w

Montgomery county, September 7, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to Montgomery county court for a commission to ascertain and mark the boundaries of his part of a tract of LAND called CLEAN DRINKING, according to the ancient running, agreeable to a late act of assembly.

4X CH RLES JONES.

ANNAPOLIS:

PRINTED by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.