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LIBERTY LOAN \$3,000,000,000

Third Issue To Be Non-Convertible—
Interest At 4 1-2 Per Cent

Secretary McAdoo announced Monday night of last week that the amount of the third Liberty Loan would be \$3,000,000,000 at 4 1/2 per cent, and that all oversubscriptions would be accepted. The new bonds will be non-convertible but bonds of the first and second Liberty Loans may be converted into the new 4 1/2 per cent securities.

Authority to issue \$4,500,000 in bonds in addition to the \$3,666,000,000 already authorized and unissued is proposed in new loan legislation prepared for submission to Congress, so that the total amount which may be issued is \$8,166,000,000.

Mr. McAdoo said expenditures of the United States and the Allied Governments had been much below estimates, and that consequently it was not necessary to make the loan larger than three billion dollars.

Congress will be asked for authority to make additional loans to the Allies during the coming summer. The decision to make the new bonds non-convertible the Secretary announced was reached in order to put an end to the expectation of higher interest rates.

Get Your Tickets For "Over There"

Of course you will visit Maryland's Great Liberty Loan Cantorment, "Over There," at the Fifth Regiment Armory, Baltimore, this week. If you purchase your tickets from either of the banks in Princess Anne you will enjoy special facilities for admission to the exhibition that may not be enjoyed through the use of tickets bought in Baltimore. The tickets sold by our banks bear upon the reverse side the signature of the chairman of the committee, and such a ticket will admit the bearer to the Armory by a special entrance, through the east entrance on Preston street, in the afternoon and evening.

County headquarters have been established at the Armory, at which this county will have a desk where visitors are asked to register, and at which you will find representatives from this section who will take pleasure in providing you with exceptional facilities for seeing the big display, which is advertised on our second page.

Collector Miles Complimented

Collector of Internal Revenue Joshua W. Miles recently received from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Hon. Daniel C. Roper, the following letter, commendatory of his work in the Maryland District, which we are sure will be read with much interest by the many friends of Mr. Miles in this county:

"I would not be responsive to my sentiments if I did not send to you at this time, and through you to the men who have worked under your direction, a cordial and sincere word of commendation for the manner in which you have teamworked with us in familiarizing the taxpayers with the requirements of the War Revenue Act and in getting in the returns. By sacrifice of personal interests and unrelenting application to duty you have rendered your Government and the public most valuable service.

"I realize that pressure upon your office must continue, and therefore this letter not only conveys a message of commendation but is intended to sound in the midst of the battle a clarion call to you and your men to continue incessantly until we complete the great campaign which has been entrusted to us."

Meeting Of Colored Teachers

An enthusiastic meeting of the colored teachers of Somerset county was held at Metropolitan M. E. Church last Thursday under the direction of Supervisor H. S. Wilson. The address of welcome was given by Joseph Hayman, after which State Supervisor, Prof. J. Walter Huffington, was presented and addressed the teachers upon the subject, "Community Civics." Superintendent W. H. Dashiell gave an able address. Mr. Charles W. Long, chairman of the County Board of Education, addressed the teachers upon the subject, "Unity With the Church and Schools—The Only Hope for Social Uplift." This meeting was the largest ever held in the county.

SEVERAL PROPERTY TRANSFERS

Recorded In The Office Of The Circuit Court For Somerset County

Arthur N. Cashon from John C. Walker and wife, land in St. Peter's district; consideration \$200.
Harry T. Phoebus from Arthur N. Cashon, land in St. Peter's district; consideration \$200.

Edna J. Sterling from George B. Sterling and others, 9 acres in Asbury district; consideration \$2,500.

John E. N. Sterling from George B. Sterling and others, 7 1/2-16 acres in Asbury district; consideration \$2,000.

William Kallmeyer and another from Omar J. Jones and wife, land in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$4,800.

Ralph P. Thompson from William S. Thompson and wife, 262 acres in West-over district; consideration \$1 and other valuable considerations.

Harry C. Robertson and wife from Roy A. Buhrman and wife, land in Princess Anne; consideration \$4,000.

John A. Guy and another from William H. Guy and wife, land on Smith's Island; consideration \$5 and other valuable considerations.

Budd L. Guy from Aaron B. Bradshaw and others, land on Smith's Island; consideration \$50.

Ellsworth W. Evans from Aaron B. Bradshaw and others, land on Smith's Island; consideration \$100.

Clarence S. Evans from Aaron B. Bradshaw and others, land on Smith's Island; consideration \$150.

Edward H. Corbin from Aaron B. Bradshaw and others, land on Smith's Island; consideration \$100.

Robert B. Miles from James T. Maddox and wife, 30 acres in Fairmount district; consideration \$500 and other valuable considerations.

Virgie Alice Miles from George H. Miles and others, 1/2 acre in Asbury district; consideration \$75.

Walter J. McGrath from Mary E. Dashiell and another, 25 acres in Mt. Vernon district; consideration \$150.

Carl Engdahl from John H. Whitelock and wife, 13 acres in Mt. Vernon district; consideration \$1,000 and other considerations.

Mary Virginia Swift from Samuel T. Roach and others, 8 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$550.

Important Meeting On Farm Labor

At a meeting of business men of Princess Anne and farmers held in the Court House last Thursday evening, the farm labor problem was discussed by Prof. F. B. Bomberger, Assistant Director of Extension. It was stated that the various counties of Maryland would have to depend on their own labor as it is practically impossible to obtain farm labor outside of local help. The Compulsory Work Law will be enforced by the State's Attorney and Sheriff and a diligent search will be made for all idlers and unemployed men in the county.

It was decided that posters should be placed throughout the county calling attention to the law requiring all unemployed and able-bodied men between the ages of 18 and 50 years to be registered and obtain work and be employed continually 6 days each week, under penalty of a heavy fine or six months imprisonment.

It is the duty of all citizens to report all loafers to the proper authorities. It is not necessary that those reporting cases of idleness appear in the case. After information is obtained an investigation will be conducted by the Sheriff and an agent from the Compulsory Work Bureau and arrests will be made.

It is believed that there is sufficient farm labor in this county if the unemployed were made to work. The citizens can do much in making this law effective by co-operating with the proper authorities and assist them in having the unemployed placed at work.

Celebrates 101st Birthday

Enjoying perfect health and taking a keen interest in events of the time, Mrs. Eliza Anne Broughton, celebrated the one hundred and first anniversary of her birth at her home on the Joppa road, at Towson, Baltimore county, last Thursday. Mrs. Broughton is the grandmother of Mrs. John B. Hayman, of Marion Station, Somerset county.

Mrs. Broughton's husband was an officer in the Confederate Army, and she is the oldest widow of the Confederacy. Besides her two daughters, with whom she lives, Mrs. Broughton has several other children. Her oldest son is 74 years old.

She also has ten grandchildren, nine great-grandchildren and four great-great-grandchildren.

Mr. M. Milton Mills, after spending several days at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Mills, has returned to Chester, Pa.

Mrs. Thomas Heath and son, Thomas, Jr., are spending ten days in Washington and Baltimore.

THREE ENTHUSIASTIC MEETINGS

Held At Marion, Jamestown And Mount Vernon Last Week

Under the auspices of the Council of Defense, of which Col. H. J. Waters is county chairman, three largely attended patriotic meetings were held in the county last week. Mr. W. H. DeCoursey Wright, a prominent lawyer of Baltimore, who is secretary of the Educational Board of the State Council of Defense, was the speaker, and a large part of each address was illustrated with pictures of scenes at the battle front in France. Mr. Wright is an enthusiastic, forceful and convincing speaker and made a deep impression on those who were fortunate enough to hear him. He is one of the body of business men who give their time, at a personal sacrifice, to patriotic work. It is hoped he will be able to visit the county again in a few weeks.

The meeting at Marion on Tuesday evening was presided over by the Rev. E. L. Bunce and was addressed first by Mr. George W. Maslin, of the Educational Committee of the Local Council of Defense for Somerset county, and afterwards by Mr. W. H. DeCoursey Wright with an illustrated lecture on the war. The details of this meeting had been arranged by Mrs. Luther T. Miles, of the Woman's Branch of the Local Council of Defense, and the music was in charge of Miss Gussie Haynes.

On Wednesday evening the meeting at Jamestown, which was held in the new hall, was presided over by Col. Henry J. Waters and was addressed by Mr. Maslin on Red Cross work and was closed by Mr. Wright with an illustrated lecture. The meeting was arranged by Miss Sallie Lookerman, of the Red Cross Circle, and the music was in charge of Mr. Archibald Todd.

On Thursday evening Grace Guild Hall at Mt. Vernon was crowded to the doors with an enthusiastic audience. The meeting was called to order by Colonel Waters and addresses were made by Rev. Leolan Jackson and Mr. George W. Maslin, who were followed by Mr. Wright with a forcible lecture, illustrated with stereoscopic views from the war zone. The music for the meeting was in charge of Miss Sophia Groscup and Miss Johnson, of Mt. Vernon.

Plant A Liberty War Garden

Cultivate your back yards and vacant lots and make them work for Uncle Sam. An army with hoes in 5,000,000 war gardens lined up in every city and town throughout the United States will form a force before which the armies of Germany will fall back. America expects every man to do his duty and every woman and child. They can render no more practical service. One does not require a long technical learning to be a successful gardener, it is a simple matter which one can learn in a short time.

Last year the war gardens yielded to the value of \$350,000,000 and the housewives of the country canned 500,000,000 quarts of fruit and vegetables. Let us double that record this year. This is one way in which the women and children can help. Let them advance into the trenches of the back yard and raise a crop of vegetables which will give us a plentiful supply.

See "The Whip" April 8th

One of the biggest motion pictures that the management of the Auditorium has ever shown is "The Whip," an 8-reel photo-play with six great stars in the cast. This picture has a great train wreck in it which was taken very close to us, Queenstown, at a cost of \$25,000. Running races, a real fox hunt, which is an actual hunt with the dogs in full cry, and the riders in their fancy hunting costumes jumping the fences and ditches; in fact, money hasn't been considered in making this one of the biggest motion pictures ever made. It will be shown at the Auditorium on Monday, April 8th. Prices, 15 and 20 cents, including war tax. Doors open at 7.45; pictures start promptly at 8 p. m., congressional time.

Death Of James Teackle Dennis

A telegram was received yesterday (Monday) morning announcing the sudden death of Mr. James Teackle Dennis from apoplexy at his home, "Tyroconnell," Baltimore county, Sunday night. Mr. Dennis was 62 years of age and a native of Somerset county.

Mr. Dennis was the only son of the late James U. Dennis and Mary Teackle Dennis. He leaves surviving him a widow, who was before her marriage Miss Ida Wade, of Bedford City, Va., and three sisters, Mrs. Robt. F. Brattan, Mrs. Rufus W. Dashiell and Miss Maria R. Dennis, of Princess Anne, a niece, Mrs. Charles C. Gelder and a nephew, Mr. Robert F. Brattan.

PATRIOTIC LUNCHEON ON FRIDAY

Women Of The Counties Will Help Launch Third Liberty Loan

Women of the counties will play an important part in the third Liberty Loan drive. With the idea of perfecting plans for the third loan so that the work done by the women of this State will be even more effective than that which featured the last drive, when the Woman's Liberty Loan Committee turned in over three millions of dollars, a large patriotic luncheon and meeting will be held on the roof of the Hotel Emerson on Friday, April 5th.

The guests of honor and chief speakers will be Mrs. William Gibbs McAdoo, wife of the Secretary of the Treasury; Mrs. George J. Seay, wife of Governor Seay, of the Fifth Federal Reserve District, and Mrs. Antoinette Funk, vice-chairman of the National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee. Perhaps at no other time have three women of such prominence visited this State on the same date and it is designed by the Woman's Liberty Loan Committee for Maryland to make this luncheon and meeting one of the most impressive patriotic events ever held in Maryland with the idea of inspiring all Maryland women with the necessity of going "over the top" in the third Liberty Loan drive.

Presidents of all women's organizations, women county Liberty Loan chairmen and their assistants and women ward chairmen and their block and precinct leaders have been invited to subscribe to the luncheon and to attend the meeting at which the three noted women will speak.

April 5th has also been set aside as "Woman's Day" at the "Over There" Cantorment at the Fifth Regiment Armory, and following the luncheon and addresses the women will go to the Armory to attend the Cantorment. It is expected that that afternoon at the Armory will be one of the largest attended during the Cantorment. A special program of unusual interest is being prepared for that day in addition to the numerous exhibits and other attractions which will feature "Over There."

The active co-operation of every woman in the State is urged for the approaching Liberty Loan, and all county women are cordially invited to subscribe to the patriotic luncheon and to attend the meeting on April 5th.

Food Administrator's Notice

The scale of prices to be charged for the bi-products of wheat flour by the mills of Somerset county will not exceed the following amounts f. o. b. at the mills:

Bran in bulk, car lots to dealers, per ton, \$28.76; bran in bulk less than car lots to dealers, per ton, cash, \$31.76; bran in bulk less than car lots to dealers, per ton, charged, \$32.76; bran in bulk less than car lots to consumers, per ton, cash, \$33.76; bran in bulk less than car lots to consumers, per ton, charged, \$34.76; start or standard middlings, per ton over bran, \$2.00; mixed feed, per ton over bran, \$4.00; flour middlings, per ton over bran, \$9.00; red dog, per ton over bran, \$15.00.

These prices do not include bags or sacking. The prices stated are based upon wheat at \$2.27 per bushel to the miller and are the maximum charges permitted by the Food Administration, which have been forwarded to Charles C. Gelder, Food Administrator for Somerset county.

Mr. Gelder has also received the following new regulations from the Food Administration:

"Public eating places and clubs to observe two wheatless days per week, Monday and Wednesday, as at present. In addition thereto, not to serve to any one guest at any meal, an aggregate of breadstuffs, macaroni, crackers, pastry, pies, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals, containing a total of more than two ounces of wheat flour. No wheat products to be served unless specially ordered. Public eating establishments not to buy more than 6 pounds of wheat products for each ninety meals served, thus conforming with the limitations requested of the householders."

Council Of Defense Appeals To Farmers

The Maryland Council of Defense, working in conjunction with the United States Department of Labor, in Baltimore last Tuesday sent broadcast over the state calling upon the farmers to plant their crops and plenty of them, relying on the council for labor to harvest the crops.

At the office of the State Council it was stated positively that already steps have been taken to make good that promise, and with the United States government behind it, the members feel certain there will be no failure along that line.

One of the chief plans proposed for the carrying out of the promise is for the mobilization of all boys between the age of 16 and 21 years in the state who are not otherwise profitably employed to go on the farms this summer.

M. E. CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS

Ministers Assigned To Eastern Shore Charges By Bishop Bristol

The Wilmington Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church adjourned at Dover, Delaware, Monday afternoon of last week with the announcement of appointments by Bishop Bristol. The appointments for Salisbury District follow:

Rev. Vaughn S. Collins, district superintendent.
Annapessex—O. L. Martin.
Asbury—W. F. Corkran.
Ayer's Chapel, Del.—F. S. Dixon.
Berlin—W. O. Bennett.
Bishopville—W. E. Godwin.
Cape Charles, Va.—J. W. Easley.
Chincoteague, Va.—L. B. Morgan.
Claremont, Va.—J. T. Graham, sup.
Crisfield—J. L. Johnson.
Deal's Island—J. P. Outten.
Dagsboro and St. George's, Del.—J. C. B. Hopkins.
Delmar, Del.—F. N. Faulkner.
Fairmount—G. F. Newton.
Frankford, Del.—C. W. Strickland.
Fruitland—To be supplied.
Girdlestone—W. M. McCann.
Gumboro, Del.—R. C. Elvey.
Hebron—G. W. Hastings.
Holland's Island—S. T. Horsman, sup.

Mardela Springs—W. V. Moore, sup.
Marion—J. E. Parker.
Mt. Vernon—O. B. Rice.
Nanticoke—D. J. Ford.
Newark—J. H. Geoghegan.
Ocean City—E. P. Thomas.
Ocean View and Millville, Del.—G. E. Sterling.
Onancock, Va.—H. C. Shipley.
Parsonsburg—W. C. Poole.
Phoebus, Va.—W. F. Atkinson.
Pittsville—J. L. Derrickson.
Pocomoke City—W. O. Hurst.
Pocomoke Circuit—C. A. Vandermuerlen.

Princess Anne—Leolan Jackson.
Powellville—G. S. Allen.
Quantico—J. A. Brewington.
Roxana, Del.—O. H. Connelly.
St. Peter's—Daniel Wilson.
Salisbury, Asbury—J. T. Herson.
Grace and Stengle—W. P. Taylor.
Selbyville, Del.—W. H. Briggs.
Sharptown—J. W. Prettyman.
Smith's Island—J. A. Hudson.
Snow Hill—L. F. Poole.
Somerset—W. H. Revelle.
Stockton—M. W. Marine.
Tangier, Va.—W. F. Dawson.
Westover—J. W. Wooten.
Whitesville, Del.—J. A. Buckson.

Among other appointments were: Cambridge, W. E. Gunby; Dover, Del., J. W. Colona; Felton, Del., H. S. Dulaney; Laurel, Del., F. F. Carpenter; Wyoming, Del., R. T. Coursey; Chestertown, T. F. Beauchamp; Greensboro, G. R. Neese; Queenstown, Frank Brisbin; Ridgely, J. J. Bunting; Still Pond, A. W. Goodhand; Chester, Bethel, L. W. Layfield; Hopewell, John W. Sutton; Eastlake, E. H. Collins; Harrison Street, Wilmington, G. T. Alderson.

Naval Reserve Wants Ambitious Men

The United States Navy has set a record for the whole world during the last year. Never before in the history of any nation has such a mighty force for action on the high seas been gathered together in such a short time without the slightest depreciation in efficiency. From north, east, south and west, from every point of the compass, the young men of the country have rallied to the call to arms, and Uncle Sam can justly feel proud of his "boys" in the "first line of defense."

A short while ago the Navy Department waived the requirement that men entering the Naval Service must enlist for a period of four years, and the Navy recruiting authorities were authorized to enlist a limited number of young men for the Navy for the duration of the war only.

The special need now is for apprentice seamen. Many of the young men who enlisted last spring in the aviation branch from Maryland are now in France doing active service near the battle front.

There is still an opportunity for men of the draft age to enlist in the Navy or Naval Reserves. The Naval Reserve offers unusual opportunities for ambitious men at this time.

Good Words For The Eastern Shore

Last week we received the following letter from Mr. Merle C. Wood, of Huntertown, Indiana, who is now "with the colors":

"Am one of Uncle Sam's boys now. Have a short furlough and when looking over the papers on the stand found the last issue of the Marylander and Herald. Have enjoyed reading it in the past and still remember what a nice county, good people, etc., I found five years ago when I made a short visit. If everything is all O. K. in the future will visit your section again. Best wishes to you and the Eastern Shore country."

A GREAT PATRIOTIC MEETING

To Be Held In Princess Anne Wednesday April 17th

On Wednesday, April 17th, there will be a great patriotic meeting held in our town in connection with the general campaign of education which is being conducted throughout the country by a commission appointed by President Wilson. The subject to be discussed will be "The Moral Aims of the War." This meeting will be addressed by some of the most prominent speakers of the nation.

Hicks' Forecasts For April

A regular storm period is central on the 2nd. By the 2nd or 3rd these storms will pass eastwardly in their regular manner, reaching the central sections of the country about the 2nd and 3rd, passing off at the eastern coast by the 5th. The fact that the Moon is at last quarter on the 4th will tend to break or modify the cold snap which would otherwise penetrate far into southern sections of the country. As this period ends the barometer will rise and the thermometer will fall. If there is a sudden rise in the barometer, look for some damaging frosts at the windup of this period. Should the rise be gradual, this period will come to a close with cool, fair weather.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th. The Moon coming north from its extreme southern declination crossing the celestial equator on the 8th, and also in perigee or closest to the Earth on the 10th. On the 10th we have new Moon or Moon in conjunction with the Earth and Sun. The barometer will make a sudden and decided fall on and about the 8th and storms of rain and wind will pass promptly from west to east, reaching their culminating stage on and touching the 10th. As the barometer rises following the passing of these storms, the thermometer will drop giving the central and northern states heavy frosts at night.

A regular storm period is central on the 14th, extending from the 12th to the 17th. Mercury and the Moon will be in conjunction on the 12th, Jupiter and the Moon will be in conjunction on the 14th with the Moon reaching its extreme northern declination on the 14th and passing from new to first quarter by the 17th. The probability is that the storms of the preceding reactionary will most likely run over into this regular period or at least they will scarcely have passed off at the Atlantic coast before the forces of this regular period begin to concentrate and develop into storm areas and start on their march across the continent. First, change to warmer and falling barometer about the 12 or 13th; next, storms of wind and rain with scattering snow by the 14th, 15th and 16th; and last or winding up with rising barometer, west wind and cool, clearing weather and frosts over many sections of the country.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d. Saturn and Moon in conjunction on the 18th with Moon at its greatest distance from the Earth and crossing the celestial equator on the 22d, also a conjunction of Mars and Moon on the same day. On and touching the 20th, 21st and 22d look for a marked return of storm conditions, change to much warmer, a decided fall of the barometer and storms of thunder, rain and hail are most probable.

A regular storm period is central on the 25th, extending from the 23d to the 26th. The Mercury period, its central day falling on the 24th, blends with the regular Vulcan period, thus increasing probabilities of more than ordinary April showers at this time. The Moon's opposition with Earth and Sun, which is full Moon, falls on the 26th, with Moon reaching its extreme southern declination on the 29th. This period will come in a state of cloudiness and a rise in temperature, the barometer will fall and a series of April storms will pass from west to east. The storms will be followed by very cool nights, with frosts in the northern sections of the country as we pass from April to May.

Two Loaves A Weekly Allowance

Two loaves of Victory bread a week—one weighing 16 ounces and the other 12 ounces—is the allowance for each man, woman and child in the United States under the new wheat rationing regulations issued by Herbert Hoover.

The new regulations allow one pound and a half of flour for each person in every family. It is estimated that this pound and a half will make the two loaves of Victory bread of the size named. The head of each family can safely follow this rule in ordering his bread from the baker. This computation, however, does not include wheat flour products, which may be used in other ways than in bread.

The two loaves a week for each person, however, add the food officials, is a safe rule to follow if the Americans want to observe the new regulations.

Tag Day

By VINCENT G. PERRY

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Ralph Cooke started from his boarding house with a self-satisfied smile on his face, for the day was the one on which he was to have an opportunity to make a good resolution, and if there was one thing Ralph enjoyed more than making a resolution it was keeping one. He would show them at the bank that public opinion could not down his convictions. They had laughed at him when he had condemned tag days as fruitless nuisances, and had dared him to let one pass without being tagged. The dare had made him resolve never to buy another tag; not that he begrudged the small coin donated in return for the little bits of cardboard, but it was the principle of it he did not like.

"I always make contributions to the Red Cross and other patriotic funds in 'lump sums,'" he had told them at the office, "and I'm not going to be pestered at every street corner on every Saturday of the year to buy a tag. I call it next thing to begging, and think the taggers could do far more good home, knitting."

He could not find any of the others to agree with him, but this only strengthened him in his resolve to refuse tags from that day on.

He had walked well into the heart of the business section of the city before he was accosted by one of the taggers. "Buy a tag! Buy a tag!" was the cry he heard, and he saw a box shoved invitingly in front of him. He looked into the face of the young woman before him, refusal on his lips, but it changed to an exclamation of surprise.

"Peggy Wensley!" he cried. "What-ever are you doing here?"

"Ralph—Ralph Cooke!" Her surprise was as great as his, and she almost embraced him with joy. "To think that I should meet you way out here, and I haven't seen you for four years."

"Five," he corrected. "It is five years since I was transferred from the bank at home. I am accountant now, and am getting on splendidly. How has the world been using you? Very well, if appearances are anything to go by."

They talked for nearly half an hour. She told him she was living in the city and gave him her address, with an in-



Peggy Answered the Door.

itation to call the next evening. This was more than he had expected, for although they had been close friends—more than friends—they had parted on unfriendly terms. Why? Neither could remember. As he was leaving she remembered the mission she was fulfilling that day.

"You haven't bought a tag," she smiled as she tied one on the lapel of his coat.

"I was so delighted to meet you I didn't think of it," he said, as he slipped a coin—the largest piece of silver he had—in her box.

As he hurried to the bank his thoughts were on the girl he had just left. She was more beautiful than when he had last seen her, and although he had only spoken to her for that brief time, he wondered how he could have forgotten her so easily. She was different from other girls—the only girl for him, after all!

He entered the bank fifteen minutes late. The others had been waiting in the expectation of some fun, and when he arrived they were not disappointed. Sure enough, he had bought a tag, and for once his resolution had been in vain. By the time the news had been passed from one desk to another an audible titter swept the office, and it did not escape Ralph. He realized the cause of their merriment and tried to pass it off, but finally had to acknowledge that the joke was on him.

"I meant it when I said I wouldn't buy another tag, and I wouldn't have bought this one today if a girl from my home town hadn't been the one to tag me. I hadn't seen her for five years, and I couldn't very well refuse,

for she has invited me to call on her," he explained.

"A romance—eh?" laughed one of the boys.

"No, she's married," announced one of the stenographers. "Today was married ladies' tag day."

"She is not married," Ralph contradicted. "She wasn't when I knew her last. Who said to day was married ladies' tag day?"

"It's in the morning paper," the girl said. "I'll read it to you." She secured the paper and read: "The Married Ladies' Red Cross club will do the tagging today. The matrons announce their intention of surpassing the work of the single sisters, who usually conduct tag day."

Ralph was silent for some time. He had not thought of Peggy as married; but of course she must be—that was why she had come to live here. It was odd, though, her inviting him to call; but it was only because he was an old friend. She had forgotten him, as he had thought he had forgotten her. What an idiot he had been not to have written her! It was his own fault that another man had married her; he couldn't blame the other man. He wondered if she was happy, and a hundred other things about her—all day.

Sunday! Her face never left him, and the thought that he had lost her made him uneasy. He hated the thought of calling on her in the evening, for it would only make him feel worse if she were unhappy. But then he was anxious to meet the man whom she had found attractive. He would be handsome and tall, for Peggy always had a preference for tall men, and she was such a pretty girl that none but a handsome man would dare ask her to marry him. It was because he was so homesick that she had found it easy to forget.

Shortly after seven Ralph rang the doorbell at the address Peggy had given him. It was an early hour, but a married woman would not mind that. Peggy answered the door herself, for which he was thankful, for he would not have known what to do if her husband had come.

She was the same old Peggy—married life had not changed her a bit. She talked and laughed over old things, but he did not forget his nervousness. The sound of a child's cry from somewhere in the house set him on edge. So there was a baby! An hour passed, but her husband did not put in an appearance nor had Peggy mentioned his name. Brides always talk about their husbands—happy brides always do. She must be unhappy, he decided.

"Are you happy in your new life, Peggy?" he ventured.

"My new life! What do you mean?"

"I mean your husband. Is he good to you?"

"My husband?" she exclaimed with a laugh. "Who said I had a husband?"

"Nobody." He gave a sigh of relief. There was some mistake. "But yesterday was married ladies' tag day."

"Of course it was, and I was taking my sister's place. She was to go out tagging, but was ill. She has the finest husband and dearest baby. They have gone to church, and baby is upstairs with its nurse. They will be here soon, and then you can see the baby. I wish they would come."

"I don't want them to come yet awhile," he said. "There are lots of things you and I haven't talked about yet—things that we both remember and that are dear to us because we saw them together. I am going to come often, and can see the baby any time."

"It was to talk over these things that I invited you here," she smiled. "I wanted to see if you had really forgotten them, and the way you acted at first made me think you had. But you haven't have you?"

"No, I haven't. We must never forget them. We must remember every little thing, and every little promise—one promise especially, mustn't we?"

"I have always remembered and always will," was the answer that filled his heart with a joy he had thought two hours before was lost to him forever.

When Gas Pressure Was Low.

Mr. J. returned home recently to find his wife smiling helplessly, while a roomful of persons, who announced themselves as Cousin So-and-So, and her children, took possession of the house. The children's search of the kitchen had disclosed untold goodies, and with their hands and mouths full, their smiles proclaimed their capacity as unlimited. Their mother, blissfully ignoring their behavior, was dwelling on the great cost of living in the country as compared to the city.

"To think," she exclaimed breathlessly, "that you only pay 60 cents for a thousand feet for gas. Why—"

As Mr. J. took her husband aside to consult him on whether to order an elephant or a whale, he announced heartily:

"That's a good idea. It's cheap and it is filling. We'll be sports and give them all they want."

"Give them what, John?" she asked.

"Why, gas," he replied promptly.

"They haven't had any lately, and it will be a real treat."—Indianapolis News.

England's Big War Purchases.

Since the outbreak of the war the director of contracts for England's armies has made the following purchases: Cloth, 105,000,000 yards; flannel, 115,000,000 yards; knives, forks and spoons, 35,000,000; bacon, 400,000,000 pounds; cheese, 187,000,000 pounds; jam, 26,000,000 tins; preserved meat, 500,000,000 rations; boots, 35,000,000 pairs, smoke helmets, 25,000,000; horsehoes, 40,000,000.

HOME TOWN HELPS

PLANNING FOR SPRING WORK

Wintry Days Aid in Mapping Out Landscaping to Be Done Very Early in the Season.

The dreary days of winter cause many to reflect on how much more beautiful they could have made their grounds the past summer, and already plans are being laid for landscaping the coming spring.

All landscape gardening should express some thought or feeling and a deep study of the site and surroundings should reveal upon what specific foundation the theme should be built. If for a home place for a man well along in years, retired from business, it should have an air of quietness, seclusion and retirement. This conception would be most easily realized on a country place of some acres and would more closely conform to nature than any other type. Fortunately this would break few changes in the natural aspect and would closely approach the ideal in landscape or natural gardening as distinguished from other and more formal or picturesque styles.

Landscapes may also be bold or gay, or even florid—perhaps lurid, says a landscape gardener; but when they get to be too bizarre it passes out of the realm of landscape gardening, which is to either build close to nature or merely assist nature in touching up bare spots or insufficient and unsatisfactory effects in the existing wildness. When the process is finished it should present a picture, a perfect picture. The true test is: Will the artist come to paint or to photograph? For, insofar as you attract or repel him, just to that degree have you succeeded or failed. Harmony must also be the keynote, a picture is not composed of a collection of interesting objects or features except these are in harmony. Neither will change in topography or mere planting make a picture, for good pictures are strong in character and this is possible only in a broad comprehensive plan that first considers and treats the landscape as a whole—all effects, grading, planting, even buildings are, or should be, but incidents!

JOB PRINTING—We do it. Give us your next order

The Swedish Almanac. The Swedish name almanac differs from English almanacs in giving, besides the usual information, a Christian name for each sex for every day of the year, says London Graphic. The names set forth have to receive the approval of the king. The object aimed at is to secure a greater choice of names for parents and to avoid the endless repetition of a dozen or so names. A similar name almanac is issued under royal authority in one of the German states.

All Guardians of National Honor. A consul in China remarks: "In foreign trade, the business man and business methods are classed together by nationality and the unbusinesslike conduct of one American firm will react unfavorably on many other American firms."

Boss of Everything. "Tut," exclaimed the man of delicate sensibilities, "will your conscience permit you to do as you suggest?" "Look here, friend," answered the politician, "I am accustomed to be boss, even of my own conscience."

Ancient Mirrors. The mirrors of antiquity were principally of bronze, highly polished and about the size of an ordinary hand mirror. They were usually provided with a handle and sometimes were mounted on a stand. The principal feature of these ancient mirrors was the design incised on the back. They belong to the period about 400 to 500 B. C. During the middle ages, from the twelfth to the end of the fifteenth century, pocket mirrors or small hand mirrors carried at the girdle were considered a necessary part of a lady's toilet.

"Coon-Cats" of Maine. The so-called "coon-cat," which is common all over Maine, is held by natives to be a cross between the cat and the raccoon. Biologists ridicule this belief; nevertheless many half wild cats in Maine have the typical raccoon tail with short forelegs, pointed snout and long hair.

Optimistic Thought. To expose an ambassador to abuse it is only necessary to send him away without an answer.

PERUNA in Your Home

A housewife must give the first aid in colds, coughs and other ailments. Her promptness in applying the remedy often saves a serious illness. Her experience with remedies has led her to know that PERUNA is always reliable, that she should have it on hand for the immediate treatment of coughs and colds, and that it is always to her



Mrs. George Parker, 419 Water St., Menasha, Wis., writes: "We have used Peruna in our family for a number of years, and have found it a perfectly reliable medicine. It soon rid the system of any traces of a cold, and prevents serious consequences. I began using it for catarrh, which I suffered with a good many years. Since I have taken Peruna the dropping in my throat has discontinued, and my head and nose are not so stopped up in the morning. I am pleased with the results, and shall continue to use it until I am entirely rid of catarrh. I heartily recommend it as an honest medicine. What it does for her it is ready to do for you."

Colds and Catarrh. The great weight of testimony that has accumulated in the 44 years that PERUNA has been on the market proves it, beyond question, to be the reliable family remedy, ever ready to take, preventing the serious effects of colds, coughs, grip and derangements of the digestive organs. This proof is published from time to time and many families have profited by it. Remember you can obtain PERUNA in tablet form for your convenience. Carry it with you and be fortified against sudden attacks. The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio



The Family Safeguard

The experience of one woman, given herewith, is typical of thousands of letters that reach the Peruna Company from grateful friends who have found their homes incomplete, and their family safety in danger without PERUNA.

"OVER THERE"

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—walk right through it and get the war thrill—the tunnel to listening post, peepholes for snipers, trench mortars, machine gun defense, are all there.

Captured German cannon, bomb throwers, small arms, signal devices, aeroplanes, body armor, gas masks and other implements of war taken from across No Man's Land, each an enthralling story, bought with the blood of our Allies, the Canadians, the Belgians, the English, the French—the finest fellows that ever trod the earth—all battling for the preservation of human liberty.

Never again can you see this wonderful exhibition unless you take a trip to Canada, where it goes into a permanent museum to be established by the Canadian Government.

Moving pictures to bring you face to face with the soldiers of liberty in action.

Go "Over the Top" with Empey in the most startling picture ever presented.

Our American Boys at the Front—what the Army and Navy are doing.

How our men are cared for. Vivid demonstration of activities of the Young Men's Christian Association, the Red Cross, Young Women's Christian Association, Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare Work.

NOT A BAZAAR—NOTHING ON SALE EXCEPT MEALS—JUST AS OUR BOYS AT THE FRONT ARE FED

TIME YOUR TRIP TO BALTIMORE TO TAKE IT IN

Admission By Ticket Only. Tickets 40 cents

but each ticket has a coupon good for 25 cents cash in subscribing for Liberty Loan Bonds of the Third Liberty Loan issue. Tickets for sale at any bank or place where Liberty Loan Bonds are sold in this County.

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE FOR MARYLAND

Dynamite Rain!

By EDITH WALTERS TUPPER

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

"A box of luxuries from home, Aldrich," announced Elbert Lee gayly. "Come over to our quarters this afternoon and help divide it."

"I can't do that," gruffly responded David Aldrich, and passed on his way. Lee stood looking after the uncompanionable fellow in a sort of wonderment. "I can't understand it," he soliloquized. "We enlisted in the same town, a good many back there are our mutual friends. We came over in the same ship, we are quartered in the same cantonment here on the front. Ever since we left home Aldrich has been getting further and further away from the boys. I wonder what has come over him," and the open-hearted, bright-faced young soldier sighed sorrowfully.

For he himself, had his troubles. It was not until he had left home and winsope Myra Randall behind him, that he began to get lonesome and miserable, and wondered why he had not spoken out the love tugging at his heart-strings for the girl who saw him leave and cried over it, and kissed her hand to him at the last. So, when he got to Paris, Lee purchased a ring. Then he sat down and wrote the secrets of his soul to Myra. He asked her to accept the pretty circlet as an engagement ring. Would she write back the words that would buoy him up to valiant deeds, and to feel that he had a sweetheart awaiting his return?

And now two months had gone by and there had been no reply, and Lee went through all the miseries of an unhappy lover. It was two nights after that, when by chance sentry duty brought Lee and Aldrich on beats that joined. It was possible during that night on rounds to meet and pass a few minutes in hail or gossip, but Aldrich purposely evaded this meeting.

If Lee could have seen Aldrich about an hour after they had come on duty and the camp had settled down! The latter, resting for a moment where the earth from a dugout screened him from general view, stood glaring wildly in the direction of Lee. His eyes were like balls of fire, his lips seemed to exude a venomous kiss. His gun was at his shoulder and aimed at the unsuspecting Lee, and he resembled some demon bent upon a frenzied, murderous mission.

"One touch of the finger," he uttered hoarsely, "and they will judge it the work of a sniper. Oh, Merciful Father! what am I thinking of? Am I a lost, accursed soul, indeed!"

Of a sudden a powerful revulsion of feeling overpowered him. He flung his weapon to the ground as though it were a serpent of fire. He dropped to his knees, and, covering his face with his hands, moaned and groveled there. Then, limp and like an automaton, he resumed his sentry duty, but with eyes ever bent away from Lee, as though he dared not take him within the scope of his vision.

It was at dusk, a week later. A terrific combat had been raging between advance parties of the opposing forces since mid-afternoon. A constant rain of dynamite, of curtains of shellfire, and creeping, jumping barrage had brought about pandemonium—chaos. Taking advantage of the heavy fog, a score of enemy balloons were sending down tons of deadly explosives.

Lee, rushing madly for a covert to which the company had been ordered, sprang from the disordered ranks as he noticed a man fall as the scattering contents of a bomb from aloft engulfed him. In the glare he recognized David Aldrich. A group of three from the enemy rushed at Aldrich to dispatch him with their bayonets.

Lee threw himself forward, heroic fervor infusing him with prodigious strength. He knew not how he had done it till it was all over. A writh-

ing, producing a muffled letter. "Open it, read it, and then curse me for the miscreant I have been!"

Lee traversed the creased, worn mislabeled. It was dated two months back. It was from Myra Randall and it told him that she was wearing the engagement ring.

"I loved her," low murmured the dying man. "I loved her so that, intercepting that letter, I madly kept it next to my heart as a cherished memento. Lee, forgive me, if you can."

"Oh, freely, dear old comrade! poor tortured soul! Don't give under, Aldrich. We are all your friends," but with fast glazing eyes the hand of the other was groping for his own.

"Don't tell Myra!"—it was a sobbing whisper now. "Good-by—brother!"

HOME TOWN HELPS

WHY POORLY MANAGED CITIES

Inefficient Officials Placed in Charge of Affairs of Which They Know Nothing; Extravagance Follows.

A big city—whose affairs, says the Chicago Post, are more complex than those of any private corporation; whose revenues and expenditures are counted in many millions; whose administration affects the prosperity, health and morals of a million or more people—selects from among its citizens a politician, good fellow, joiner, and makes him its mayor. He appoints to office men of his own kind, chosen for personal or political reasons.

And then we wonder that extravagance, inefficiency and worse mark municipal government.

A big city puts on its council ward politicians and individuals who have never displayed a capacity for any useful occupation, and we wonder that the public interest is neglected.

A big city puts on its school board men who have no knowledge of educational problems, and we wonder that our schools are mismanaged.

It is the inefficiency of democracy, we say. Rather, it is the stupidity of people who have never tried to realize the possibilities of democracy; who have never given democracy a chance.

It is no essential principle of democracy to ignore the necessity of training for service. But that is what we have been doing. We persist in regarding public position as political jobs rather than as occasions for the employment of trained men in the doing of highly specialized work.

Mayor Mitchell of New York declares it to be his experience that trained men are practically unobtainable for municipal office. And that will remain true until we provide for their training and create a popular demand for their service.

The Wisconsin legislature is considering a bill to establish in the state university a training school for public service under a professor of public administration.

Every university has departments of political theory, but this school will deal with the practical problems of government and administration—municipal engineering, lighting, street making and cleaning, transportation, parks and playgrounds, health, drainage, education and the rest. It will endeavor to develop the practical expert in such matters.

LESSON FROM THE INDIANS

Natives Made Bread From Nuts and Other Products of the Forests That Still Exist.

Germany has sent her children to the forests for oils that are badly needed in the fatherland. Mere tots are employed to pick up beechnuts, which are rich in nutritious qualities vital to the health of the nation. If America is ever compelled by a great food shortage to return to nature, the present inhabitants of the United States will do well, according to the forest service of the department of agriculture, to take a lesson from the original owners of the soil. Thomas F. Logan writes in Leslie's. The forests of this country offer an amazing variety of edibles. America's beechnuts, butternuts, walnuts, pecans, chinquapins and hazelnuts are toothsome, highly nutritious, and may be used as a substitute for meat.

The Indians, according to forest service experts, mixed chestnuts with cornmeal and made a bread which was baked in corn husks, like tamales. Our redskin predecessors also manufactured a flour from the fruit of the oak. They pounded the acorns and leached out the tannin by treating the pulp with hot water. The result was a palatable and nourishing bread. Pine seeds, wild persimmons, wild crab apples, bulbs of the Judas tree and pods of the honey locust, cabbage, palmetto, mesquite and sassafras are excellent substitutes for cultivated fruits and vegetables. Nature is so prodigal of her riches in this country that America can never be starved to death by an "iron ring."

Poisoned Fish for Rats.

The city dump at Somerville, Mass., is headquarters for a rat army which has invaded the city. The authorities are carrying on a franc-tireur warfare against the invaders, and the enemy has been exacting reprisals on family larders.

Householders fear that the cold weather will drive the rats away from the dump to some more private and exclusive domicile.

Poisoned fish are scattered about the dump and boys police the vicinity to keep children, dogs and cats from interfering with the rats' repast.

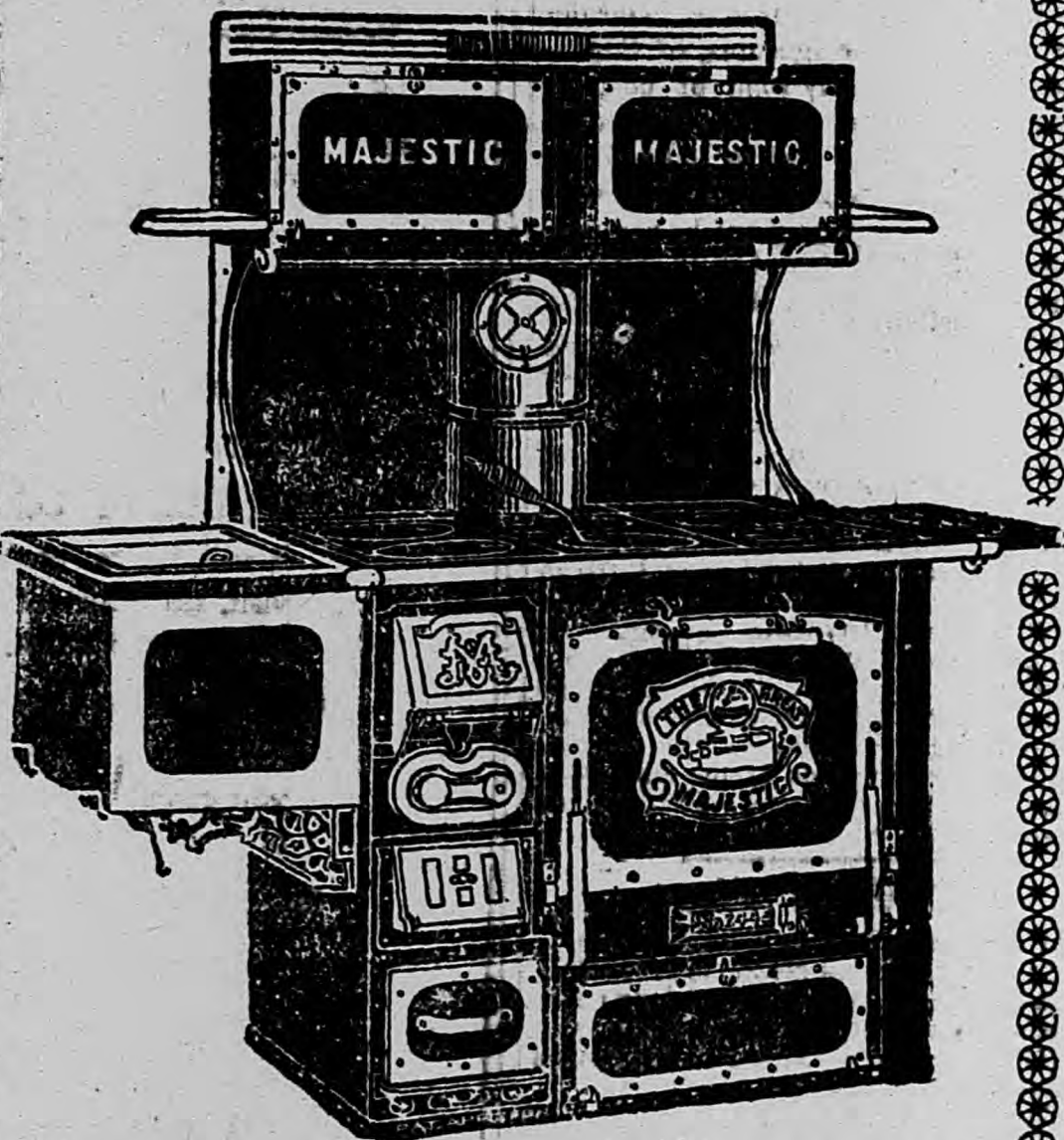
Mound Unit of Weight.

The average Aden merchant prefers to calculate the weights of many of the commodities which he imports or exports, buys or sells, in terms of mounds. A mound is an Indian unit of weight having different values in various parts of that country, but having a value of 28 pounds in Bombay. It is the Bombay mound that is used extensively in Aden, and four mounds equal 112 pounds, the local hundred-weight.

SELLING BELOW COST

This is what we are doing every day. Goods Cost from 10 to 25 per cent. more than we are selling them for; as we have a large stock of Hardware, Buggies, Runabouts, Wagons, Harness

STOVES AND RANGES



We carried over \$800.00 worth of Robes and Blankets from last year. We don't mark our goods up every day like other merchants. Somebody is losing trade because ours is increasing.

Ask your neighbor where to get a Square Deal, and he will say Taylor's H'd'w Store

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.,
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

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the kind that helps to build up your business and the kind you will not be ashamed of, try the Marylander and Herald Office

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If you want the news about your town and county subscribe to the Marylander and Herald to-day

NAPOLEON ONCE SAID

"A footsore Army is an Army Half Defeated." Men in Training Camps, in Campments, in the Army and Navy suffer from blisters and sore spots on their feet. Every "Comfort Kit" should contain one or more boxes of Allen's Foot-Powder, the anti-septic powder to shake into the shoes. It freshens the tired, aching, smarting feet and heals blisters and sore spots. The Flatbush Camp Manual advises men in training to make daily use of Foot-Powder. Sold everywhere, 25c.

WHEN CHILDREN CRY OUT

And are feverish and don't sleep well, are constipated and have symptoms of worms, mothers will find quick relief in Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, the standard remedy for 30 years. They are easy to give and children like them. They cleanse the stomach, act gently on the bowels and break up colds. Relieve headaches and colic disorders. We have 10,000 testimonials. Ask your druggist and be sure to get Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, 25c.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of
JOSIAH PUSEY,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor to the subscriber on or before the
Sixteenth Day of July, 1918,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand this 14th day of January, 1918.
JOSIAH W. POLLITT,
Administrator of Josiah Pusey, deceased
True Copy. Test:
LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Recorder of Wills.

FALSE TEETH We pay up to \$12 for old broken sets. Send Parcel Post or write for particulars. Domestic Supply Co., Dept. 24, Binghamton, N. Y.

USE FOR THE OLD MATERIAL

Second-Hand Lumber and Other Building Necessaries Can Be Picked Up for Little Money.

One of the most interesting and profitable ways in which one who contemplates building a house and wants to economize in doing it can spend an hour or more is in one of the establishments devoted to the buying and selling of second-hand building materials.

There is one which is particularly inviting to "prowlers." It faces on two streets in an out-of-the-way part of the city and consists of a number of old buildings with yards between, in which there is an overflow of old statues, columns of porches, metal spouting, garden seats and other "junk." One could pick up many a thing here that could be incorporated in a new-old house, but inside the buildings there is a greater wealth to choose from. Here one may find hardwood floors, as good as new, taken from houses that have been torn down to make way for larger and more modern structures. Here are beautifully carved mantels of marble and wood, some of them having cost hundreds of dollars, which can be purchased as cheaply as a commonplace one that was turned out from the factory yesterday. There are doors and casings of beautiful wood, bookshelves with glass doors, ceilings, cabinets of all kinds, sideboards, windows, bath tubs and all the paraphernalia for the kitchen. It is hard to think of anything that is needed in the construction of a house that is not here or of anything that is here which would not fit in some kind of house.

Next Transportation Problem.

That aerial rapid transit lines connecting the roofs of the world's large cities may be the next transportation problem to demand solution was predicted at a recent convention of owners and managers representing the bulk of the big building interests of this country.

Congestion of traffic on street and elevated lines is not the only consideration leading to this conclusion, remarks Popular Mechanics Magazine. Time and convenience are also essential. Plans for connecting adjacent skyscrapers by means of aerial tramcars running on cables and operated by haulage cables, such as are used to connect several peaks of the Alps, have been proposed to meet this problem.

The Marylander and Herald \$1 year.

HOW THE BEES KEEP WARM

Those Inside the Cluster Which They Form in Cold Weather Go Through Vigorous Exercises.

The bee upholds his reputation for industry throughout the winter months as well as during the summer. Being susceptible to cold, the bee must have some means of supplying warmth.

It was found by experiment that only the shell of the cluster made by the bees in cold weather is compact. This is formed by one of several layers of bees all solidly arranged with their heads inward, their hairs interlacing.

This arrangement is perfect for conservation of the heat within. Except for an occasional shift of positions the bees forming the shell are quiet. But within the shell strange things are going on.

It is here that the heat is generated. And the antics are not unlike our own when we are cold.

The bees are packed loosely within the shell so that there is plenty of space for many bees to be exercising at a time. Rapid fanning of the wings, shaking the body from side to side, rapid breathing and other movements are all part of the scheme for raising the temperature.

In one particular instance, when a bee had been rapidly fanning with his wings for seven and a half minutes, the thermometer nearest him rose half a degree, Fahrenheit.

WARMTH IS FOUND IN SNOW

Without Its Protection in Winter Timber Supplies of the Northern Areas Would Disappear.

Few of our readers would credit that the absence of snow would double the price of timber. The greater part of our common timber comes from the forests of Canada, Scandinavia and Russia. All these countries suffer from a very severe winter, says London Tit-Bits.

For nearly five months of the year their surface is buried deep under a mantle of snow, and the thermometer in the heart of the greatest pine forests not uncommonly falls to 30 degrees below zero, i. e., 62 degrees of frost. Snow is one of the best nonconductors of heat or cold in the world, and when the fall is a foot deep a thermometer showing 6 degrees on its surface will if buried beneath the snow, rise to about 30 degrees. The snow, therefore, is an enormous blanket, protecting the roots of the trees from the intense cold.

A full-fledged pine can stand almost any degree of cold, but a young tree cannot do so. It might sprout during summer, but a snowless winter would infallibly kill it. If, therefore, snow ceased, the enormous timber supplies of northern Europe, Asia and America would disappear.

A Model Man.

Adam, the first, was a man of lovable disposition and a model husband, so I am informed by the recorders of early events. Never once in the recollection of his biographers did he speak ill of his beloved soulmate in the presence of human company, and according to those who were able to know all his private affairs he never kicked on her cooking nor growled at her housework.

Whether she wore her gowns high cut or low in the neck was a matter of little or no concern to him so long as she was respectfully attired in the fashion of the period. And when she got fired from the Palm Garden for nibbling apples without someone's consent Adam did not sneak off to Reno, as husbands do today, to apply for a divorce. No. He cast aside his overalls, threw up his job and went out with the little lady like a little man. That's the kind of a sparerib he was!—Zim, in Cartoons Magazine.

Jersey Trees Full of Snakes.

In the American Magazine is an account of a keen nature photographer who has confined his activities to New Jersey and eastern New York.

"One day, with a boy comrade, he was walking through the woods, and they were startled by the sight of a congregation of black snakes, which disappeared as if by magic. The boys hunted among the bushes until they were attracted by the sight of one snake hanging in loops from a tree; looking closely, they found that all of the snakes had sought concealment by crawling up trees, seeking the end of a branch and looping over to another tree, and they had their first lesson in the method by which snakes hide themselves and hoodwink their pursuers.

Twenty-Three.

Various origins of the slang phrase "twenty-three" in connection with the word skidoo—which means to escape or vamoose—have been given at various times. The most interesting of these is that in the days of the old theatrical stock companies an actor would be given by a manager 18 parts to memorize in five weeks or be dropped from the salary list—18 and 5, you know, make 23. Another interesting explanation is that the expulsion of Adam from the Garden of Eden occurs in the third chapter of the book of Genesis in the twenty-third verse.

She Was On.

Belle—And when he heard your father coming downstairs did you see his knees shake under him?
Beulah—No, but I felt 'em shake under me.

STRANGE WEDDINGS IN INDIA

Guests at Native Ceremonies in Bombay, Literally "Paint the Town Red."

The rites and customs pertaining to the ceremony of marriages differ in various parts of the world. Everywhere the solemnization of the contract is attended with mirth and rejoicing.

At a native wedding in Bombay, India, the wedding guests literally "paint the town red" by throwing on one another a kind of red powder until they are crimson from head to foot. Their disordered white draperies, the stains and splashes on their faces and hair and their unrestrained jollity give them the appearance of victims of a massacre, the People's Home Journal states.

In India halls which may be secured for a small rental are provided for these ceremonies. But weddings are also celebrated in the Hindu temples, with priests in attendance. In a Hindu temple a bride of twelve must seat herself on a stone and be drenched with water by her bridesmaids. Behind her, her mother is subjected to a similar deluge and at a short distance behind the bride's mother the grandmother undergoes the same treatment, while in front of the dripping trio two priests sit beside a briskly-burning wood fire, mumbling the prescribed words for the ceremony. One casts a few grains of rice into the fire and the other, with a ladle, a few drops of oil.

During these performances the bridegroom, seated in a carriage outside the temple, receives the congratulations of his friends. In the far East the bridegroom would seem to be the member of the party most to be envied.

HATCH EGGS ON THEIR FEET

Penguins of the Antarctic Region Have Some Strange Characteristics, Says Zoology Professor.

"The emperor penguin of the Antarctic, which has not even a nest, lays a single egg, that must not touch cold feet, is hatched out on the parents' feet," writes Dr. Richard A. Muttikowski, instructor in zoology, University of Missouri, in an article on "Maternal Instincts," published in America. "The mother," he continues, "has a bare patch of skin on the under side, ringed with long feathers to surround the egg and later the chick; this affords both the necessary warmth."

Other strange manifestations of maternal instinct cited by Doctor Muttikowski are certain Venezuelan frogs which place their eggs upon their backs, whence a little parapet of skin prevents their falling.

The most astonishing manifestation, however, is that of the mother scorpion, who "is literally devoured by her children, and permits them to do so. We stand perplexed at the complexity of an instinct which causes the mother to submit calmly to dismemberment, without offer of resistance; yet this same instinct causes her at the same time to ward off any foreign intruder who might interfere with the dismemberment and perhaps save her life.

Fogless Glass.

Scientists who have been trying to find a way of preventing the fogged glass which often obscures the vision of a chauffeur or motorman in rainy weather and results in accidents, have decided that glycerin, properly used, is the best thing for preventing mist forming on the glass. It has long been used for this purpose by locomotive engineers, and a thorough test of its efficacy proved that it is deserving of wider use.

To make glass fogless in any kind of weather it should first be thoroughly cleaned and then rubbed with a cloth wet with glycerin.

When the drops of water strike a glass coated in this way they coalesce, forming a smooth, transparent film, which is no obstruction to vision. The uncoated glass becomes covered with separate drops, which completely befog its surface.

Why the Owl Is a Night Bird.

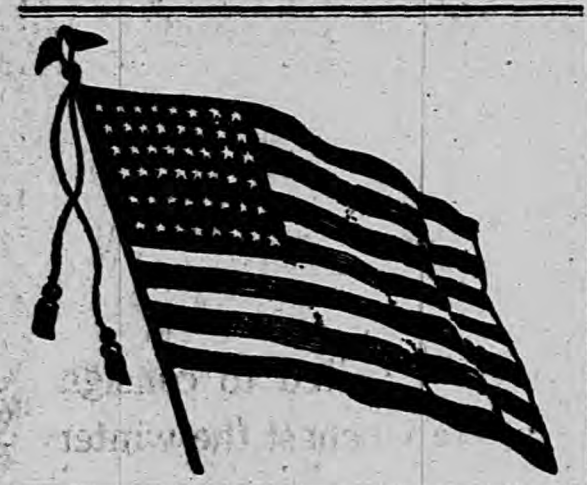
Birds are often credited with bringing down a fire from heaven; in Poly-nesia it was a red pigeon, in French folk lore the wren. The tale runs that all the other birds, except the owl, contributed a single feather apiece to replace the scorched plumage of the wren, so as to keep it warm in the coming winter. For its ill nature the owl was condemned to eternal seclusion during the warm day, and to perpetual suffering from cold during the night, and the other birds maintain the punishment by pestering it if it appears in sunshine.—Raymond Crawford, in the Lancet (London).

For the Stout Lady.

"If you have been made by nature short and plump, don't spend your life wishing you were tall and slim, but do what you can to correct nature's shortcomings. Toward forty most women run somewhat to overplumpness. Systematic exercise is one of the best remedies for this and about the only safe one. There are reducing baths that can be taken, and external and internal cures, and diets galore. But some are awfully expensive and the diets are a nuisance. It is easy enough to give up sweets and fats if you are inclined to be very stout, and a cup of hot water before breakfast is a help in reducing, as is plenty of cold water between meals and no liquid with them."—Mother's Magazine.

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All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1918



The Pacifist minister who has been sentenced to 15 years in prison will find things delightfully peaceful there.

Another sure sign of spring on the streets of Princess Anne is Father trundling a baby carriage and pretending its terrible heavy.

Which will you do, buy Liberty bonds and get good interest all your life, or pay an indemnity and have the interest go to Kaiser Bill?

The big German drive is on at last, and fortunately no quicker method of eliminating 500,000 Boches has ever been suggested.

It is said the Germans will attack our cities by airplanes. Nothing we could do would be a tenth as effective in waking up our slackers.

Governor Harrington signed the Baltimore city's Annexation bill shortly before 7 o'clock last Friday night. He used three pens in signing the bill.

Some of the hardest kickers on the daylight saving proposition will get the keenest enjoyment from the long evenings and a chance to engage in out-door life.

It took the German government 40 years to get ready for this war and some of us are completely disheartened because we can't do the same thing in one.

The government asks us to save our old junk and exchange it for Thrift stamps, but no one has yet offered to carry off the bric-a-brac on our parlor mantels.

The terrific noise in the back lots is not an army of Huns starting their spring offensive, but merely the boys of the neighborhood having the first ball game.

The people who thought back yard gardening would amount to anything can now get three or four pecks of potatoes for the same money that bought one last year.

It is a terrible offense for the United States to commandeer the Dutch ships, but all right for the Germans to sink them with people on board, particularly women and children.

It doesn't seem to occur to the Germans when they try to make the whole world afraid of Germany, they will also make the whole world afraid to buy any goods of Germany for a hundred years.

The sporting life people will be sitting up an hour later than usual now, on the excuse that the clocks have been set ahead, but the office will open by the clock at the same old sleepy hour in the morning.

Now if some of the press agents and newspaper reporters who have been writing up those glowing articles on our great air fleet could put on their overalls and help sweep the floor or anything else in the airplane factories, it would do more good.

That very bad boy who used to keep the whole neighborhood stirred up by the careless way he used his little air rifle, is now the proud sniper of Boches on the Lorraine front. Also that thoroughly depraved kid who used to trample down your flowers so ruthlessly while hunting for his lost baseball, is no doubt now the same one who hunts the Huns most actively in the trenches.

SAVING WASTE MATERIAL
A campaign to persuade people to save valuable material now thrown away has been started by the National Waste Material Dealers' Association. It is claimed that \$1,000,000,000 can be saved. The possibilities of this line of work are suggested by what has been done on old paper. Up to a few years ago this was largely wasted. Then the idea spread that if church and fraternal and charitable societies would collect old papers they could earn a good deal of money for the causes they were interested in.

This not merely helped those community enterprises to earn secure funds, but it saved an enormous volume of good paper stock. Had it not been for these efforts the paper price would have gone much higher than it did. The same conservation program can be worked on all forms of old metals, rubber, clothing and many other products.

THE EASTER THOUGHT

There is something very venerable and inspiring about any observance that has endured for a thousand or two years. During the past nineteen centuries great nations have risen to power and have fallen back into dust. Kings and thrones have come and gone. Conditions of living have so changed that it seems like another world.

Amid all the wrecks of time there is one thing that stands firm in the sea of change. That is the Christian Church. From earliest times Easter has been celebrated with great solemnity. In the midst of our modern life this expression of human feeling carries home to the believer the same message that it brought to our spiritual ancestors of the first century. A thought and custom that have so survived all chance and change must be firmly rooted in eternal truth.

The fact of the Resurrection of Jesus is regarded by historical students as one of the best attested of ancient history. If it is to be set aside as legendary, about all the ancient history that we faithfully study in school should go too. It is impossible to account for the career of Jesus except on the theory that He had a unique and divine mission. Having such a unique position it is not to be regarded as strange or incredible that He should depart our life in an unusual way. And having this mission His words as to human destiny ought to be final. Whatever His nature, He was clearly the wisest and best man that ever lived. We can safely take His word and follow His commands. The Easter message is a triumphant one, and it bids us cast off all fear and have full confidence that all in our lives that is true and worthy will endure.

Are You A Fighter In U. S. Food Army?

A native of the Sahara Desert would have a hard time picturing to himself a Susquehanna flood. Midsummer in Maryland is something beyond the ken of the average Esquimaux. It is not easy for the farmers of this country living in the midst of plenty to imagine a whole people always in want and daily on the brink of starvation. It doesn't seem possible. Yet it is more than a possibility—it is the truth, applying particularly to France. There the rations of the soldiers have been whittled down to the last notch where they can be expected to keep up their courage and their strength. And, in the thick of the fight where unflinching pluck counts for so much, they are harassed with a doubt whether their women and children are getting enough to eat. Nay, rather their thoughts are tortured with the knowledge that they are not.

To America they look for aid. America has pledged to keep her allies supplied with food; but for three months America has fallen a million tons of supplies behind her promise.

Those promises must be kept if the line is to be held from Flanders to the Alps. It is not merely a question of garnering a record harvest next fall—although that alone is a huge problem to confront a population half rural which is called upon to adjust itself to meet the changes imposed by a world-wide war. It is a question of the daily shipment of foodstuffs to keep our allies going. Shipping shortage demands that the most sustenance be sent in the smallest bulk—that means wheat, and more wheat. It means that by saving and substitution, by thrift and by thought, something must be held back from every loyal American's meals to feed the allies who are fighting for democracy beyond seas.

In the final struggle, the allied nations have staked heavily upon America's pledge to meet their need for food. So every day and every meal there is a chance for true patriots to save and serve. The soldier who enters the khaki ranks must wait a year almost before he can strike a blow on behalf of that liberty which is the national creed of these United States. Enlist in the great food army which will play no less a part in winning the war. Strike a blow at the Kaiser today and keep fighting till the fray is won.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. (Advertisement.)

HACKETT'S GAPE CURE

Kills the Worm as well as the Germ
Makes Poultry Raising both Profitable and Pleasant. Your money returned if not satisfied. It is almost infallible.
HACKETT'S GAPE CURE, 35c. postpaid
HACKETT'S LOUSE POWDER, 35c. postpaid
HACKETT'S GAPE CURE CO.
Dept. S. HILLSBORO, MD.
The Marylander and Herald \$1. year.

A BABY SAVING CAMPAIGN

Last year the number of deaths of infants under five was 800,000. To reduce this appalling loss of prospective national strength the Federal Children's Bureau is to launch a baby saving campaign April 6. Some of the practical measures for which the bureau is working are these: Immediate registration of births, medical skill provided at once where parents cannot afford it, care for both mother and child at time of birth, clinics to which sickly children can be brought for examination, and a nationwide campaign to have babies weighed and measured to see if they are up to standard.

It used to be remarked that our government spent millions to study and prevent diseases in hogs, but spent nothing on its children. A Federal Children's Bureau has now been established, but only a beginning has been made toward saving wasted child life.

The business community has been far too indifferent to this loss. If children had been properly cared for ten and twenty years ago we would not now be suffering from the scarcity of labor. Many families where the old people now suffer from poverty would be comfortably supported by grown-up children. It is economic folly to allow children, to the raising of which so much physical vitality has already been given, to slip away from us.

These deaths are of course largely among ignorant people who do not know how to care for young children. But these families will do a great deal more for the community, will work more contentedly and energetically if they have good families of healthy children coming along. And that is only the economic argument. The pathos of this early death of young hopes ought to stir our hearts to active sympathy and lead to measures to extend care and education.

One Hundred Per Cent

One hundred per cent. elimination of wheat is the outstanding feature of the new wheat regulation the public is asked to observe. Mr. Hoover and a staff of 500 of the employees of his department have tried out the bread made from potato, rice and other flours without drafting upon wheat at all. No loss of tastiness, no loss of nutrition, is the report made by these experts.

Now let the housewives acquaint themselves with the department's formulas, that can be gotten for the asking and that will be circulated in the usual ways, and let the housewives line up upon the 100 per cent. wheatless bread. If the people who were dependent upon Joseph when he was food conservator of Egypt had known what might be done with other available grains and roots they would not have been in such dependence upon the great reformer under Pharaoh.

As matters are, the countries to be fed by the United States must have wheat because corn, the next greatest cereal, cannot be shipped over and fed the peoples there—and as for the rest of the story, the Allied countries are raising all the foodstuffs they have the land and labor including women and children, to produce. Therefore let American housewives practice self-abnegation in the matter of wheat and absent it from their bread.—Baltimore American.

Ready, Everybody!

Get ready, everybody, for the new Liberty Loan.

Secretary McAdoo's announcement will surprise many people because of the comparatively small amount of the issue and some because of the rate of interest. Possibly the expectation of larger receipts than were originally estimated from the excess profits and income taxes may have something to do with the former, as well as the fact which Mr. McAdoo mentions that the Government's expenditures, have been less than were indicated. As for the rate, despite the rumors of a four-and-a-half per cent. bond, some shrewd financial observers had predicted the four-and-a-quarter per cent., and felt that a Government security yielding that return could be satisfactorily marketed.

But these are questions for the financial experts. What the great mass of the people was interested in was knowing what Uncle Sam wants and what is expected of them. Now we know.

Get ready for the great drive! It must be the biggest success of all. Go to the Liberty Loan Canteen which opened last Saturday and on succeeding days and steep your minds in the story that it tells. The time is propitious for a new and clear intimation to the Kaiser of how the American people are feeling about the war. Let our answer tell him, and let Maryland lead the way.—Baltimore Sun.

PUBLIC SALE

Having concluded to discontinue farming, I will sell at public sale, on the premises where I now reside, known as the "Annie Hyland Farm," on St. Peter's Creek, 10 miles southwest of Princess Anne, on

Thursday, April 4, 1918,

commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property, viz: Five Good Mules—One good farm mule, will weigh about 1200 pounds; two 2-year-old mules, will weigh about 700 pounds each; two mules, will weigh about 1100 pounds each; Two Milch Cows, one giving milk, the other will be fresh in June; One Yoke of Oxen, three years old, will weigh about 1900 pounds; Five Good Work Horses, about 50 old chickens, 8 geese, 9 guineas, 35 bushels of potatoes, lot of hay, three hives of bees, Superior grain drill, John Deere walking plow, three cultivators, 60-tooth spike, farm wagon, buggy, single wagon, wagon running gear, feed cutter, cook stove, two sets of work harness, bush scythe, shovels, forks, hoes, rakes and other articles.
TERMS OF SALE:—On all sums of \$10 and under the cash will be required; over that amount a credit of 30 days will be given, with interest at 6 per cent. approved security bearing interest from day of sale.
E. M. OOK.

Cats And Dogs—Eat 'Em

That perennial conservator of the human stomach, Dr. Wiley, now urges the American people to eat freely of cats and dogs, and thus win the war. It is not an inspiring thought, no matter how correct it may be from a dietetic point of view. There is doubtless as much nourishment in a cat as in a squirrel or rabbit, as much in a dog as in veal, but it must be confessed that few will make the experiment until the pinch of hunger is much more severe than at present.

Undoubtedly all this is a mere matter of prejudice, but, unfortunately, prejudice affects most of our acts. Our delightful wards, the Igorotes, of Mindanao, are particularly fond of dog, although they eschew pork as an impossible diet. Our own native Indians like dog and are especially fond of it with the hair on. Let every one be persuaded in his own stomach, but it will take more Spartan heroism than has yet developed in this country to offer up Blanche, Tray and Rover on the family table.

As to cats, probably most of them are edible. The domestic variety lives largely on scraps from our own tables, and is excellent food—if you don't know what you are eating. Dr. Wiley is very strong on advice, but we should like to know how much of his own advice he takes. How many cats and dogs has he consumed this year? Until that question is answered, it will hardly be expected that others should rush to kill family pets. Fortunately, the present supply of normal food seems ample—at least until next winter.—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

If I Were A Farmer

If I were a farmer I would keep at hand a few reliable medicines for minor ailments that are not so serious as to require the attention of a physician, such as Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds and croup.

Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains.

Chamberlain's Tablets for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. By having these articles at hand it would often save the trouble of a trip to town in the busiest season or in the night, and would enable me to treat slight ailments as soon as they appear, and thereby avoid the more serious diseases that so often follow.

COUNTY SURVEYOR'S NOTICE

The undersigned, special Deputy Surveyor of Somerset county, Maryland, hereby gives notice that he has received a Special Warrant, dated March 2nd, 1918, granted out of the Land Office of Maryland, to John H. Whitehead, for the following described property, situated, lying and being in the Fifth Election District of Somerset county, aforesaid: Bounded on the north by the Wicomico river, on the east by land of John H. Whitehead, on the south by land of John W. Parker and on the west by land of Carl Jones and a small creek, and that on or after FRIDAY, MAY 3rd, 1918, he shall proceed to lay out and survey the aforesaid property for and in the name of him the said John H. Whitehead.

EARLE B. POLK,
Special Deputy Surveyor of Somerset County.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc.,

Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912, of the MARYLANDER AND HERALD, published weekly at Princess Anne, Maryland, for April 1, 1918.

State of Maryland, ss.
County of Somerset, ss.
Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Theo. A. Walker, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Editor, and Publisher of the Marylander and Herald, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1.—That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager are:

Publisher—Theo. A. Walker.
Editor—Theo. A. Walker.
Managing Editor—Theo. A. Walker.
Business Manager—Theo. A. Walker.
Postoffice—Princess Anne, Md.

2.—That the owners are: (Give names and addresses of individual owners, or, if a corporation, give its name and the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of the total amount of stock.)—Wm. H. Dashiell, Princess Anne, Md.

3.—That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: (If there are none, so state).—None.

4.—That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company have acquired or hold their stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

THEO. A. WALKER,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 2nd day of April, 1918.

SAMUEL H. SUDLER,
Notary Public.

(SEAL) (My commission expires May 1st, 1918.)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN WILLIAM PARKS,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Third Day of October, 1918,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 26th day of March, 1918.

JOHN W. PARKS, JR.,
Administrator of John William Parks, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE RUARK,** Register of Wills.

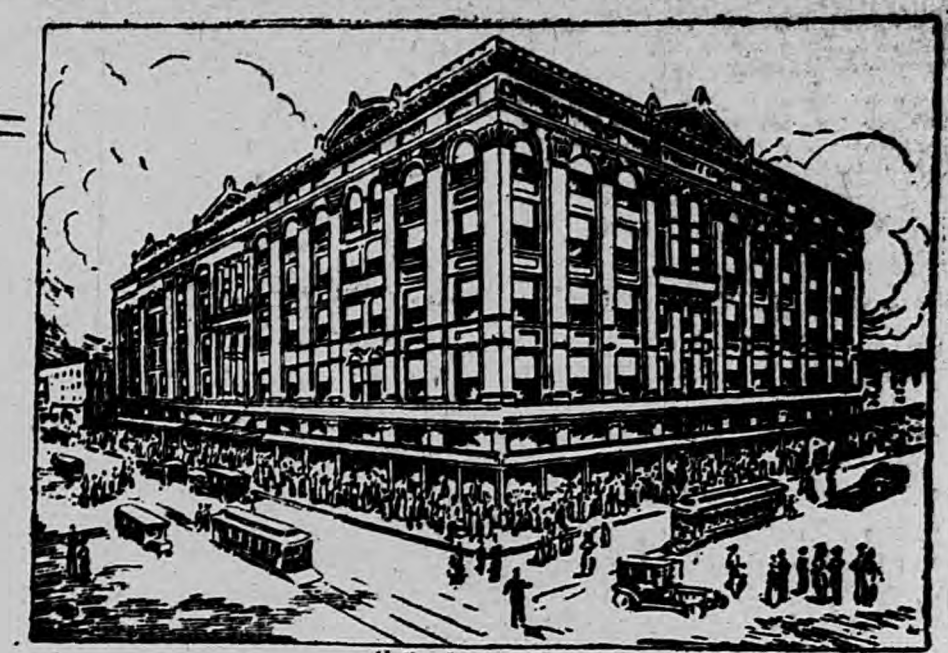
NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

MARGARET E. THOMAS,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twentieth Day of September, 1918,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of March, 1918.

W. IRVING MACE,
Executor of Margaret E. Thomas, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE RUARK,** Register of Wills.



See **THIS STORE**
It is the largest department store in Baltimore

It is saving money for others and it will save money for you, too, if you will let it.

When you come to Baltimore to the **LIBERTY LOAN CANTONMENT**

it will be to your interest to pay this store a visit, do your spring buying and thereby combine your pleasure with profit.

We have practically everything you want for personal or home use and the amount of money you can save here is determined by the amount of your purchases.

The more we sell you—the more we save you.

Ask any street car conductor—all cars transfer to our store

STEWART & CO.
In Connection With James McCreery & Co., New York.
HOWARD AND LEXINGTON STREETS

FIRE

is contagious, epidemic, prevalent—at this time of year

Are you fully insured?
Our policies are written by the strongest old line companies.

We will gladly furnish you any additional amount you need.

Your losses will be settled promptly—to your entire satisfaction.

Call us up, and let us write your risk

SPIVA & ROBERTS
BANK OF SOMERSET
PRINCESS ANNE

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset county, in Equity, passed in a cause in which Charles H. Maddox and others are plaintiffs, and Laura J. Collins and others are defendants, the undersigned trustee therein named will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 9th, '18

at or about the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., all that tract or parcel of land in Western Election District, in Somerset county, Maryland, and the side of the county road leading from Manokin postoffice to Kingston station, adjoining the lands of Dr. J. McF. Dick and others, containing

8 ACRES OF LAND

more or less, and being the same land which was conveyed to the late Charles A. Maddox by Peter Fontaine by deed duly recorded among the land records of said county, this tract of land is improved by a DWELLING HOUSE, BARN and other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half cash on the day of sale and the balance in six months from the day of sale, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with security approved by the trustee, bearing interest; or all cash at the option of the purchaser. Title paper to be the expense of the purchaser.

L. CRESTON BEAUCHAMP Trustee

3-19

County Commissioners' NOTICE

The Commissioners for Somerset County hereby give notice that they will meet at their office in Princess Anne, on Tuesdays,

May 7th, 14th and 21st, 1918,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

for the purpose of making additions, alterations and abatements or transfers on the assessable property of the county. These are the last sessions of the Board for making reductions and transfers during the year 1918, after which the books are closed.

By order of the Board,
R. MARK WHITE, Clerk.

3-26

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOHN MUIR,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twentieth Day of September, 1918,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 16th day of March, 1918.

HARRY J. MUIR,
Executor of John Muir, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE RUARK,** Register of Wills.

3-19

JOB PRINTING—We do it. Give us your next order

Fine Stationery

Toilet Articles

Patent Medicines

Perscriptions
Carefully Compounded

T. J. Smith & Co.

Everybody's
Druggists

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

SHERIFF'S License Notice

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS or corporations doing business in Somerset county and requiring a State License to obtain the same or renew the same on or before the

First Day of May, 1918,

under penalty prescribed by said law for the infraction thereof. Those applying for Trader's License must, under oath, take out License covering stock at the principle season of the year.

Persons may sell salt to cure fish in March, April and May without license.

Females vending Millinery and other small articles, whose stock is not over \$500, pay a license of only \$5.00; but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons.

The owner or keeper of every Stallion or Jack shall, before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties in Maryland the highest sum he intends to ask for the season for one mare provided that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid for such license be less than \$10.

CHARLES S. DRYDEN
Sheriff of Somerset County.

3-26

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
A toilet preparation of merit
Helps to eradicate dandruff
For Restoring Color and
Beauty to Gray and Bald Hair.
50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD
TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1918

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter.

WANTED—A spring tooth lever drag. H. H. HOLDEN, Route 1.

FOR SALE—Cobbler Seed Potatoes. Apply, J. A. McALLEN.

FOR SALE—One three-year-old mule. Terms to suit. S. H. DEVLBISS.

FOR SALE—Green Mountain Seed Potatoes. J. A. JOHNSON, Route 1, Box 94.

FOR SALE—Twenty Horses and Mules. To suit all purposes. ROBT. S. JONES.

FOR SALE—Tomato Plants, now ready for spotting. R. T. BEAUCHAMP, Westover, Md., Route 2.

FOR SALE—Piano organ, mahogany finish, in first-class condition, at a bargain. G. W. KEMP.

LOST—A purse, in town, containing money and papers. Reward if returned to Oscar P. Jones' store.

FOR SALE—Car load good young Mules, 5 to 9 years old, weighing 900 to 1250 pounds each. ROBT. S. JONES.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!—Oats, Red Clover, Mammoth Clover, Alsike, Timothy, Sweet Clover, etc. Fertilizers, Lime, Hay and feed of all kinds. W. F. TODD.

FOR SALE—Tomato Plants, ready to spot; also booking orders for spotted plants. Will be ready for field by April 15th or 20th. FRED R. NELSON, Westover, Md.

FOR SALE—Strawberry Plants—Big Joe, Gandy, Klondyke and Matthew's Early, at \$2.00 per thousand. B. C. DRYDEN, Princess Anne. Farmers' Phone.

You want the best, I'm sure. We will have a few of the long arm berry wagons this spring. Unquestionably the best wagon made, and won't stay on our floor. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

PLANT SORGHUM and make molasses. I have a limited amount of Sugar Drift Sorghum seed for sale at 25 cents per quart and \$1.75 per peck. I will be in position to make your molasses next Fall. L. T. WIDOWSON, Westover.

STOCK SALE—I will offer for sale on Thursday, April 11th 1918, on the premises whereon I reside, known as the "Deavor Farm," about 1 one mile east of Princess Anne, a lot of cows, yearlings, 2-year-olds and some calves.

H. H. HOLDEN, Route 1.

LAND FOR SALE—210 acres, more or less, three miles from town, on the road to Deal's Island. About 80 acres in timber, the remainder cleared and divided into two farms with necessary outbuildings to each. Immediate possession. WM. G. WOOLFORD, E. A. WOOLFORD.

FARM WANTED—I want to buy a farm in Somerset county, 100 to 200 acres; inland or waterfront, from \$5,000 to \$10,000. Stock and tools included if possible. Give full description, lowest price and terms. No agent. Address, MELVILLE SROUT, General Delivery, Salisbury, Maryland.

LOOK OVER OUR ODD AND END LIST—As a result of our inventory we have made a list of implements and tools that did not move well last year, placing a price on them until March 1st. This stock is all in first-class condition and will sell. If interested do not delay.

HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

WILL EXCHANGE OVERLANDS—B block motor, 35-horse-power, electric lights, starter, 4 new tires, 1 spare, in first class condition in every respect, except rear curtain light which I will have replaced. I will take your Ford or any other car for what it is worth. This is purely a family car and too large for my business. A demonstration will prove to you that this is really a sweet running car.

H. D. YATES.

LATE 1915 BUICK FOUR—electric lights, starter, 5 new tires, 2 spares, a car that is in first-class condition. Cost \$1,400; has been used by a family for pleasure and has only run 12,000 miles. There are always bargains stuck around somewhere, and this is one of the best that I have ever gotten hold of. The Briscoe and Maxwell advertised in last week's paper was sold before the ink was dry on the paper; they were bargains and the men that got them were more than pleased. The man that gets this Buick is getting a better car than a new one at about one-fifth of the present price of Buicks. Yours for a real bargain.

H. D. YATES.

FARM BUYERS must have farm equipment. It is seldom that we sell a farm fully equipped. Every buyer must have horses, cows, hogs, machinery, harness, household goods, seeds and a thousand and one other things. Four weeks ago we could have sold 7 mules or horses, 10 cows and a great deal of farm machinery. Every man has on his farm a surplus of something—something that he does not need, and there are few but what want to buy something. In connection with our real estate we have decided to open an exchange department on a strictly commission basis. We will soon occupy the three-story building recently purchased from Andrew Evans and will have ample room to store any article of light machinery or household goods brought to us. The storage of this property will cost you nothing, you simply pay a small commission when it is sold, and if you will bring it to us we will surely sell it. Whatever you have to sell or wish to buy write us and our representative will call and see you. Yours for business. YATES-HAYMAN FARM AGENCY.

Mr. Samuel K. Dennis, of Baltimore, spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. S. K. Dennis, on Somerset avenue.

Lieutenant M. R. Wilkes, of Savannah, Ga., and Mrs. W. W. Moore, of Baltimore, who were week-end guests at the home of Mr. C. H. Hayman, returned to Baltimore last Tuesday.

Miss Nell Dashiell, who is a student at Bryant and Stratton's Business College, Baltimore, came home last Thursday afternoon to spend the Easter holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dashiell, Prince William street.

The Civic Club will hold its monthly meeting this (Tuesday) afternoon, April 2nd, at 3 o'clock, at the Washington Hotel. Please note the change in day and place of meeting. All members are urged to be present as there is business of importance to transact.

Miss Sara A. Taylor, after a short visit to her parents, returned to Baltimore Sunday afternoon.

Miss Cora Moore, of Makemie Park, Virginia, spent Easter Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Smith at Kingston.

Mrs. Mary V. Smith, who has been spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Rufus Layfield, returned to Baltimore last Saturday.

Mr. Charles Larmore, of Mt. Vernon, is expected home soon from a Chester (Pa.) hospital, where he has been a sufferer from typhoid fever.

Mrs. Omar J. Crowell and little daughter left last Friday to spend a week with Mrs. Crowell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Cline.

Mr. D. Jay White, of the Naval Reserves, stationed at Norfolk, Va., is spending a week with relatives in Princess Anne and Somerset county.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hohlitzell, of Pocomoke City, were visitors at the home of Mr. Hohlitzell's sister, Mrs. R. F. Maddox, on Beckford avenue, last week.

Franklin M. LeCates, a member of the Naval Reserves, has been transferred from Cherrystone Naval Base to the Fifth Naval District, Norfolk, Virginia.

Seaman Ralph E. Carrow, after a short visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Carrow, returned to the Receiving Ship on which he is stationed at Norfolk, Va.

Miss Lurline Gibbons, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alyah N. Gibbons, who is a student at Western Maryland College, Westminster, spent the Easter holidays at her home.

Miss Charlotte Shockley, who teaches school at Mount Vernon, spent the Easter holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Shockley, near Marion Station.

Mr. James A. McAllen has been awarded the contract for the mason work on the new bank building at Millsboro, Del. He left yesterday (Monday) morning to commence the work.

Mr. Daniel Ent, of Mount Vernon district, was taken to the Peninsula General Hospital, Salisbury, Monday of last week. He underwent an operation last Tuesday from which, it is reported, he is improving.

Miss Mary Miles Dashiell came home Thursday afternoon to spend the Easter holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Frank Dashiell. Miss Dashiell is a student at Bryant & Stratton's Business College, Baltimore.

Hutzler Brothers Company and Stewart & Co., of Baltimore, both have advertisements in this paper inviting you to make their stores your headquarters while in that city during the Liberty Loan Cantonment.

Mr. E. I. Brown left last Saturday for Baltimore, where he spent Saturday night with his daughter, Mrs. P. H. Marshall. Sunday morning he went to Annapolis to spend Easter with his son, Mr. Irving Brown.

There were only 23 hours in Easter Sunday this year, but the "Easter parade" pedestrians had just one hour more of daylight to walk the promenade, and all because Easter was the day upon which the daylight saving law became effective.

Last Tuesday Delegate Phoebus' two bills—"to make Somerset County Commissioners purchasing agents for the county" and "to make Somerset county State's Attorney counsel for all county boards"—known as House bills 626 and 538, were killed on second reading.

Mr. Lee Miles, son of the late Hon. Alonzo L. Miles, of Salisbury, has joined Uncle Sam's Navy, and left Monday of last week for Norfolk, where he will be located for the present. He received an appointment as yeoman. For the past few years Mr. Miles has been employed in the Salisbury National Bank.

Bailiff Charles A. Young, who has been at the Peninsula General Hospital, Salisbury, for the past three weeks, where an operation was performed for appendicitis, returned to his home last Thursday. We hope that he will now improve rapidly and will soon be seen on our streets again.

FERD F. EDMISTON
AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct Public Sales at Reasonable Rates

FARM SALES A SPECIALTY
Write me, Princess Anne, Route 4

Dr. R. O. HIGGINS
DENTIST

FORMERLY OF WASHINGTON, D.C.

Dr. E. W. SMITH

OFFICES 228 MAIN STREET
SALISBURY MARYLAND
Office Phone, 744 Residence Phone, 411

POWELL & MADDOX

TONSorial ARTISTS

While visiting Barber Shops give us a call. Can furnish anything you may wish in the Tonsorial Line

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND
[Adjoining Newton's Store]

Agents for The Eastern Shore Laundry

Miss Lella Ballard, of Upper Fairmount, is visiting her aunt, Miss Annie Hyland, on Beckford avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Irving Murrell, who recently sold their farm near Princess Anne, have moved near Salisbury.

Lieutenant George A. Buckbee, of Allentown, Pa., spent the week-end at "East Glen," the home of Mr. J. T. Taylor, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Benj. H. Sterling and daughter, Marvis, spent Saturday afternoon and Sunday with relatives in Crisfield.

Miss Gertrude Fluor, a teacher in the Franklin High School, Baltimore county, spent the week end with her mother, Mrs. Henry Fluor.

Miss Mary Lucille Tull, one of the instructors in the Salisbury High School, spent the Easter holidays in Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Mr. H. A. Tull, principal of Deal's Island Central School, spent the Easter holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Tull, near Marion.

Miss Ethel Hall, secretary of the Charities Organization Society, with headquarters at Easton, Pa., is visiting her sister, Mrs. John E. Holland, on Somerset avenue.

Judges Duer and Bailey were royally entertained by Benjamin Disharoon, of Stockton, at an oyster roast last Wednesday afternoon after court had adjourned at Snow Hill.

Mr. W. P. Fitzgerald was in Philadelphia last week and returned home Friday night. He brought down a new Ford sedan car, which is now on exhibition at his garage on north Main street.

One more chance to get a big Aluminum Cereal Cooker for \$1.00. During next week the grocers of Princess Anne will feature this cooker offer. Read the large advertisement on our 7th page this week for particulars.

Messrs. Percy Maddox, a student at St. John's College, Annapolis, and Randolph Maddox, who is attending the Polytechnic Institute, Baltimore, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Maddox, of Beckford avenue, are home for the Easter holidays.

Do You Sleep Well?

To be at his best a man must have sound, refreshing sleep. When wakeful and restless at night he is in no condition for work or business during the day. Wakefulness is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and is quickly relieved by Chamberlain's Tablets. Try a dose of these tablets and see how much better you feel with a clear head and good digestion.

[Advertisement.]

HUTZLER BROTHERS & CO.
BALTIMORE

CORDIALLY INVITES YOU TO VISIT
THEIR STORE WHILE IN BALTIMORE
ATTENDING THE

Liberty Loan Cantonment

SPECIAL DISPLAYS OF
NEW MERCHANDISE
ARE BEING SHOWN

MEET YOUR FRIENDS IN THE REST ROOMS AND
TAKE LUNCHEON IN OUR COLONIAL RESTAURANT

NEW SPRING
MILLINERY
JUST RECEIVED

Ultra-fashioned Dress Hats, beautifully faced with Georgette Crepe.

Made of all the most wanted braids. In all the newest colors and combinations, beautifully trimmed with all the new novelties of the season.

Lisere Straw and Imported Body—the new Polks, Mushroom, Sailor and close-fitting shapes.

Some are faced with Silk or Georgette Crepe; beautifully trimmed with wide and narrow silk ribbon, fruit and flowers.

These Hats are suitable for street and dress wear.

Mrs. PAUL A. WALKER
Dashiell Department Store
Main Entrance—2nd Floor
Princess Anne, Maryland

The Circuit Court for Somerset County will convene on Monday of next week.

Miss Mary D. Fitzgerald, who has been at the Cambridge Hospital for some weeks, returned to her home in Princess Anne last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Rounds and children, Arthur and Norman, accompanied by Mrs. DeWitt Rounds, after spending the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Mills, have returned to their homes in Salisbury.

Mr. Charles B. Pusey, son of the late W. P. Pusey, died at his home in Seaford, Delaware, last Tuesday and he was buried in that town on Thursday. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Annie Pusey, and one son, Mr. Charles R. Pusey.

In Memoriam

In sad and loving remembrance of my dear mother, Lydia Adeline Culver, who departed this life 5 years ago, March 26th, 1913.

Five years have passed, our hearts still sore:
As time flies on we miss her more.
She sleeps; we leave her in peace to rest.
The parting was painful, but God knoweth best.
—BY HER SON FRED.

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—John S. Elliott, 32, and Elizabeth Iovonia, 23, both of Hooper's Island. Wm. G. Wheatley, 24, of Chance, and Eva Webster, 18, of Deal's Island. Lewis L. Fitchette, 21, of Franktown, Va., and Margaret Sears, 21, of Eastville, Va. Joseph R. Maddox, 23, and Olive C. Taylor, 22, both of Somerset county. William Guy Chelton, 25, and Georgia E. Taylor, 19, both of Somerset county.

Colored—Louis Miller, 21, and Maggie Finney, 18, both of Accomac county. Va. George Wheaton, 52, and Susan Fisher, 30, both of Pocomoke City. Moses Johnson, 34, of Marion, and Lizzie Dix, 23, of Philadelphia.

ATTRACTIONS
FOR THIS WEEK AT
THE AUDITORIUM
Motion Pictures

TUESDAY NIGHT

Elsie Ferguson in "Barbary Sheep" and a Hearst Pathe News

Admission, 15 cents, war tax, 2 cents

THURSDAY NIGHT

Wallace Reid in "Hostage"

Admission, 15 cents, war tax, 2 cents

SATURDAY NIGHT

Ruth Roland in "Neglected Wife" and a 2-reel Fox Sunshine comedy

"Roaring Lions and Wedding Bells" and Hearst Pathe News

Admission, 10 cents, war tax, 1 cent

Children under 12 year, 10c, war tax, 1c

Gallery, 10 cents, war tax, 1 cent

Doors open 8:00; Pictures Start Promptly at 8:15; Second Picture at 9:30

Commencing April 2d pictures will start promptly at 8:15 p. m.; doors open 8:00 p. m. Congressional time

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Spring Is Here

YOU have already forgotten, or will soon, the cold snap of a few days ago. Spring with its own will be better than all the dead past, and you are now compelled to consign to the moth-balled closet and cedar chest the winter wear. To meet this time we have placed on our counters a beautiful line of Spring Goods. Just such as our experience here tells us that you like.

Dress Goods
In Silk, Wool and Cotton, in colors and styles distinctively this season's

Ready-to-Wear
Suits and Coats for Ladies and Misses, Ladies' House Dresses, Children's Wash Dresses, Odd Skirts, Silk, Satin and Cotton Petticoats

FURNITURE
Bed-Room, Dining-Room, Parlor, Drawing-Room, Library, Kitchen, and for any other room you have; the entire room furnished. Rugs for the floors, Wall Paper for the Walls, Furnishings throughout.

Shoes, Corsets, Gloves, Ribbon, Underwear, Yarn, Crochet Cotton, Silk, Knitting Needles, Etc.

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE
Princess Anne, Maryland

Buy Your School and Office Supplies at

The Big Stationery Store
MEYER & THALHEIMER

10-12 N. Howard Street, Baltimore, Md.

DEPARTMENTS:
PRINTING and ENGRAVING,
OFFICE FURNITURE,
FILING DEVICES—Wood and Steel
SCHOOL FURNITURE and SUPPLIES
COMMERCIAL and SOCIAL STATIONERY,
BLANK BOOKS

SAVE and SERVE

"NON-SKID" NICKELS NEEDED NOW

The "nimble nickel" is probably the least considered of American coins.

It offers a fertile field for conservation in the campaign for individual thrift.

"Only a Nickel" is a spendthrift phrase.

"Only 20 Nickels" will open an account at our savings window.

START SAVING TO-DAY

Bank of Somerset
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Dad's Admonition

By RICHARD MARKLEY

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

When I went to work on a farm Dad owned in Hutton county, he said to me, "I have only one thing to say to you. It is comprised in four letters, 'M. Y. O. B.'" I asked him what the letters stood for, and he said that when I had done something that had brought trouble on my head, likely I would find out.

I was thirty years old before I learned what those four letters did stand for. I reckon I had done things to teach me their meaning before that, but I didn't get punished enough to fix my attention on the matter. How I found out Dad's instructions was this way.

Jim Hawkins owned the next farm to me. We were both bachelors. I didn't care to bring a woman into my house to boss me; and was satisfied to live alone; but Jim was different; he was continually pining for someone to love.

"Jim," said I one day, "why don't you get married?"

"I don't know any girl that would have me."

"What's the matter with Susie Bickford?"

"She wouldn't look at me."

"Oh yes she would."

"How do you know?"

"I don't know, but I think I can find out for you."

"I'd be much obliged to you if you would."

One evening I went to see Susie and told her I knew a man who was dead in love with her. She was mighty anxious to know who the fellow was, but I wouldn't tell her. I wanted her to keep thinking about her unknown worshiper. Then I went to Jim and told him that I had sounded Susie and she had confided to me that she had loved him ever since she was a baby. Jim wanted to go right off and propose to her, but I told him he had better wait till I prepared the way for him.

They say women can make matches, but men are no account at such business. I have always believed that a man can do anything better than a woman. I certainly managed Jim and Susie mighty well, for I fixed everything up for Jim to make his proposition; he made it; and the two were married. On the day of the wedding Jim said to me, "Joe, I owe you a lot for what you've done for me in getting me an angel for a wife." Sue didn't say anything like that, but she was mighty friendly. The way she looked at it was that Jim had loved her ever since she was a baby. As for me I had simply brought a hanger-back up to the scratch to propose marriage.

Jim and Susie were married at the end of the harvest season and I went home to see Dad and Mummy. Dad asked me if I'd found out what M. Y. O. B. meant and I had to acknowledge that I hadn't. "Well," he said, "I reckon you'll learn it some day."

After I got back to the farm I was busy about one thing and another and didn't see Jim and Sue for sometime. One morning I met Sue driving the cows along the road. I expected she'd be mighty smilin' to me, but she wasn't. She just said, "How de" and went on. I was the most astonished feller you ever see. If I'd seen Satan riding on one of the cows I wouldn't have been more surprised.

The next day Jim passed my house and he too was as short as pie crust. "See here Jim," I called to him, "what's the matter?"

"Matter enough," he said, "I thought you was doin' me a favor when you put me up to marryin'. If you'd a let me alone I'd a been better off."

"Why, what's the matter with Sue?"

"Well, she's got her idee about what a husband ought to be and she insists on makin' me that kind of a feller."

I tried to get something more definite out of him but he wouldn't talk any more and went on his way.

I made up my mind that something had gone wrong between them and I'd better go over and find out what it was. At any rate I didn't propose that they should throw all the blame on me. I found 'em both at home. Jim was smoking his pipe, readin' the Farmers' Weekly Advocate while Sue was clean off the supper table.

"I want to say something to you two," I said. "I did you a favor and the reward I get for it is your ill will. If you are dissatisfied with each other I don't see what I have to do with it. You, Jim, wanted someone to love, and I put you on the track to get a wife. You, Sue, were mighty well pleased to get Jim and now you've found that he doesn't suit you."

"Who says he doesn't suit me?" said Sue with a flash in her eye.

"Why Jim says you're trying to make him over."

This felled Jim. "Now see here," he says mighty sharp, "it seems to me that you had better stop interferin' between me and my wife."

"And I want you to understand," says Sue, "that I am perfectly satisfied with my husband, and I'll be better satisfied with you if you'll mind your own business and let us alone."

I got out, Sue's words "mind your own business" ringing in my ears. And all of a sudden the meaning of Dad's M. Y. O. B. was mighty plain. Since then I've minded my own business.

Scared Him Into It.

Young Widow—Did you have any trouble getting Jack to propose?
Girl Friend—No, dear; I told him you were after him.

One More Chance

To Get This Big Aluminum Cereal Cooker for One Dollar

To Any Housewife Who Missed It

Once more we make this offer, but for one week only.

A million homes have been supplied with these Pure Aluminum Cookers. But countless new homes in the past year have adopted Quaker Oats and Mother's Oats.

A wave of economy, plus wheatless meals, have multiplied oat-food users. And millions of them—to get this matchless flavor—are using Quaker Oats and Mother's Oats.

We want those new users to have Cookers too. So we repeat this remarkable offer.

The cost of aluminum has doubled. Cooker prices have enormously advanced. But we make new users the same offer that we made to old. We will send this big aluminum Cooker for only \$1, all charges prepaid, under offer made below.

This offer is for one week only. It applies only to those who have no Cooker now. If you are one of them we urge you to accept it.

For {Quaker} {Mother's} Oats Users



Extra Large and Heavy
Cereal Capacity 2 1/4 Qts.
Made to Last a Lifetime

A Million Homes Supplied

We have supplied over a million users of Quaker Oats and Mother's Oats with an ideal way to cook them. The purpose is to have these products cooked rightly.

Quaker Oats and Mother's Oats—flaked from queen grains only—has a wealth of flavor. Right cooking keeps that flavor intact. It makes the oat dish doubly delightful—makes it easy to digest.

So we had this Cooker made to our order—an ideal double cooker. It is extra large, so little or much can be cooked in it. It is extra heavy, made to last a lifetime.

That is the Cooker—made of pure aluminum—which we offer this week for one dollar, under the conditions below. If you are serving Quaker Oats and Mother's Oats, or if you will, we want you to have this Cooker.

\$1 Brings It This Week

Buy from your grocer five packages of Quaker Oats, Mother's Oats, or of Quaker Best Corn Meal, or five packages of the three combined. Send us your grocer's sales slip for the purchase and send \$1 with it. We will then send this cooker to you, all charges prepaid. This offer is good for one week only, and it applies to this vicinity alone. Address,

The Quaker Oats Company,
1708 Railway Exchange, Chicago

The Three Chief War-Time Foods

Quaker Oats—Mother's Oats At 1/8 the Cost of Meat

Quaker Best Corn Meal The Best 60% of the Corn

Quaker Oats and Mother's Oats, measured by food units, are twice as nutritious as round steak. They supply nutrition at a cost of five cents per 1000 calories.

Meats, on the average, cost eight times as much for the same food value. Eggs cost ten times as much. You can serve six dishes of Quaker Oats or Mother's Oats for the cost of a single egg.

The oat stands supreme among grain foods, in nutrition and in flavor. It far exceeds wheat in food units.

It is the energy food and the food for growth. It supplies every needed element in just the right proportion. It should be your basic food.

Quaker Oats and Mother's Oats are flaked from queen grains only—just the big, rich, flavory oats. We get but ten pounds from a bushel. So in these brands you get a wondrous flavor without any extra price. All oat foods are doubly delightful if made with Quaker Oats or Mother's Oats.

Next to oats in economy comes Corn Meal. We make an exquisite corn meal, and put it up in sealed round packages.

In Quaker Corn Meal we use the cream of the corn—about 60 per cent of the kernel.

The fibrous outer coat is removed, because it makes corn meal coarse. The oily germ is removed, because the oil grows rancid. Just the hominy part—yellow or white—is ground to make Quaker Corn Meal.

The result is superlative corn meal, yellow or white. The yellow looks like grains of gold—the white like marble dust. It makes bread and muffins, porridge, puddings and pancakes vastly better than any crude corn meal.

Get the Yellow or White in round packages with tops. See how good corn meal can be.

These Grocers Will Feature the Cooker Offer Next Week

W. O. LANKFORD & SON, Princess Anne
T. J. ADAMS, " "
H. P. WALLER, " "

G. W. BROWN, Princess Anne
FRED. J. FLURER, " "
G. W. COLBORN, " "

Princess Anne

OSCAR F. JONES, Princess Anne
H. H. RICHARDSON, " "
E. G. NEWTON, " "

Princess Anne

This Advertisement should have appeared last week but was omitted on account of circumstances over which we had no control

Proper Care of Palms.

To make palms thrive in a drawing room, sponge the leaves once a week with lukewarm water to which a little milk has been added. After this stand the pot in lukewarm water high enough to completely cover it for two hours. This is the only satisfactory method of watering; and many plants are killed every year simply because people neglect to water them properly. Pouring a little water on the plant is of no use, and standing it in a saucer of water does very little good.

Remembered Diagnosis.

When Sophie was nine years old she was not feeling well and had what she thought a great deal of pain. The doctor was called and he said: "Oh, you're all right; those pains are just growing pains." A few days later a friend of the family called and inquired of Sophie how she was feeling. "Oh," she said, "I am better, but still growing."

All Within Reach.

Friendship and charity and a kindness that includes all the varying people of this varying world are within the reach of all, while play recreation, the art of joy and laughter, are accomplishments we may every one of us acquire, even though we begin late in life.—Exchange.

Taste and Imagination.

Taste is merely a matter of imagination, says scientists, and it is asserted that tests have been made where chopped onions had been called raw potatoes but this was when the smelling apparatus was out of commission. People do not know what tastes are.

The Hour Stealer.

Procrastination, as the thief of time, wouldn't be nearly so bad if he didn't steal any time but that of the procrastinator. But dawdling by one means delay for somebody else, and often, for many.—Buffalo Times.

Cannot Grow Coffee in Europe.

Attempts were made by the Dutch to introduce coffee cultivation in Europe, but without success, as the climatic conditions were not favorable. A number of plants were raised in the hothouses of the botanical gardens at Amsterdam, and the mayor of that city sent some of these plants as a present to King Louis XIV of France, who had them cared for in the hothouses of the "Jardine des Plantes" in Paris, where they yielded several crops.

Build Moonshades.

Mountain campers who scorn tents and sleep "in the open," have devised "moonshades" to shield their eyes at night, so that their slumbers may not be disturbed by the brilliant reflected light from the earth's satellite. The shade consists of a square of canvas stretched between the upper ends of two pointed stakes, which are driven into the ground in any desired position.

Science Foretells Cyclones.

Cyclones may be anywhere from 50 to 500 miles in diameter, and may travel over a path 5,000 miles in extent. Within a few years modern science has done much to increase our knowledge of cyclones and the sailor of today knows not only in what region to expect them, but he has also learned the path in which they move and direction of the wind.

Maltese.

Maltese is a most peculiar language. It is of Oriental design. Arabic in its chief characteristics, but sprinkled all through with Italian incorporations. It has no grammar, is phonetic and idiomatic.

Hide Picture Wires.

Never, if you can help it, hang pictures so that the wires will show, and do let the pictures hang against the wall as if they were really and truly decoration.

Cyclones and Tornadoes.

The so-called "cyclones" of the West are "tornadoes," which are whirling storms of great violence, but contracted in area. Tornadoes have been known whose greatest width did not exceed a few rods, and those which exceed several miles in width are very unusual. The ordinary storm, where the wind attains a velocity of 40 to 60 miles an hour, has nothing in common with either a cyclone or tornado. It is a straight inrush of air and does not whirl at all.

Freezing to Death.

Many a traveler has frozen to death while asleep. As recent scientific experiments have shown, the body's capacity to regulate temperature is diminished through sleep. This appears to apply both to heat and cold. A healthy man's nervous and muscular activity is reduced to the natural minimum when he falls asleep, and it is then that his temperature falls to its lowest point.

Something to Do.

Many children are disagreeable because they haven't enough of the right things to do, such as games and songs that provide activity and stimulate the mind and occupations that answer the child's need to be doing and making something.

Doctor's Advice.

"The doctor says he will let me know in a week whether I am going to live or not." "And what does he expect you to do in the meantime?" "He told me to take a complete rest and above all not to worry about anything."—Life.

Watch Out.

Now that the paragraphs have begun to ask "What has become of the old-fashioned man who used to shave the back of his neck?" It's time for the barbers to sit up and take notice.—Buffalo Times.

Give Children Toys That Teach.

Toys which develop the imagination are better than intricate mechanical toys and elaborately dressed dolls. Next to a ball, the very best plaything is a set of blocks, which is capable of being transformed into anything desired, from a train of cars to a pigeon house. Give a boy of five a hammer, some nails and a few pieces of wood and see what he can make—the results are often surprising. Children love to create, and the toy which they have made themselves will give a more lasting pleasure than the usual elaborate plaything bought ready-made.

How to Go Up Stairs.

How do you go upstairs? With your body bent over? And clinging to the banister? That isn't the way to profit by stairclimbing. Going upstairs is a fine chance for body training. People who know its value in physical culture go upstairs in a prescribed way. This is how to do it: You pause lightly on the balls of your feet; you lift your chest; you inhale a good long breath; then you go up easily and quickly as if you were lifted by your chest. See! Try it.

Excuses of Little Value.

The world does not want men who offer excuses in place of accomplishment. Often it is compelled to accept excuses. Often it experiences genuine sorrow for the man who, instead of succeeding, brings back a satisfactory excuse for failure. But when the time for advancement comes, the man who is pushed forward is he who has done the work, who has not offered hard-luck stories in place of successful effort. In him confidence can be placed.

Easy Road to Fortune.

"How did Doctor Capsule become so rich? He nearly starved as a general practitioner." "He became a specialist."—Judge.

"Land of Lanterns."

Among the Chinese there has existed for ages a passion for fireworks and lanterns. In every city, at every port and on every river and canal, as soon as night comes on, the lanterns make their appearance. They are hung out at the door of every dwelling; they swing as pendants to the angles of the pagoda; they form the fiery crown of every shop front; they cluster round the houses of the rich and light up the hovels of the poor; they are borne with the carriage of the traveler, and they swing from the yards and masts of his vessel.

Empress Owned a Train.

One of the most luxurious royal trains in existence belonged to the Empress Marie of Russia, mother of the ex-emperor and sister of Queen Alexandra, says the London Observer. During her majesty's visits to our shores this palatial train used to wait for her at Boulogne at a heavy expense, and was ready at a few hours' notice to convey her across the continent when her visit to England was ended.

Sleep, the Restorer.

"Early to bed, early to rise" is a splendid maxim for the nervous patient to follow, for sleep is undoubtedly the greatest health restorer in the world. Be sure that there is plenty of good fresh air in the bedroom, and often a hot bath taken before retiring will relax tense nerves to such an extent that sleep comes very readily.

Two Kinds.

There is a place in the world for reformers. Reformers are the gentlemen who created our great Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution of the United States. Bless them, we say. At the same time there should be more positive reformers and fewer negative reformers, the latter being well-meaning persons who are always against something and not for anything.—Atchison Globe.

Ideal Guestroom.
The guestroom need not be the best and sunniest room in the house, but it should be light and airy, and be so decorated and furnished as to be informal and homey. The ideal is to have a guestroom a little detached from the rooms which are occupied by the family. The bed should be the most comfortable bed procurable. If possible have twin beds.

Danger of Overconfidence.
No human attribute is as dangerous to its possessor and to others as overconfidence. Inefficiency, even, isn't as apt to provoke disaster. My patience is small with those who claim that success merely depends on a man's confidence in himself. Self-confidence alone never won any of the battles of life.—Exchange.

The Baltimore News
Morning or Evening Edition
BY MAIL
25c. per month
\$3.00 per year
Complete commercial and financial markets.
All the news, comic page, short stories and other good features.
One cent per copy from all News-dealers.
Sample copy on request.
Mail orders received by Postmasters and Newsdealers, or direct to
The Baltimore News
Baltimore - Maryland
Circulation over 100,000 daily

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of
JOSHUA TOWNSEND.
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the
Second Day of July, 1918.
or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 26th day of December, 1917.
JOSHUA W. MILES,
Executor of Joshua Townsend, deceased.
True Copy. Test:
LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Register of Wills.

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect Nov. 25th, 1917

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	447	449	81	451	455	463			
New York (Penn. Station)	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	12:45 A.M.	8:00 A.M.	12:08 P.M.				
Philadelphia	11:20 A.M.	1:25 P.M.	6:55 A.M.	9:50 A.M.	3:00 P.M.				
Wilmington	12:06 P.M.	12:23 P.M.	7:00 A.M.	10:42 A.M.	3:45 P.M.				
Baltimore	8:06 P.M.	8:05 P.M.	4:00 A.M.	19:00	1:35 P.M.				
NORTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	453	459	83	457	461	469			
Norfolk	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	12:45 A.M.	8:00 A.M.	12:08 P.M.				
Philadelphia	11:20 A.M.	1:25 P.M.	6:55 A.M.	9:50 A.M.	3:00 P.M.				
Wilmington	12:06 P.M.	12:23 P.M.	7:00 A.M.	10:42 A.M.	3:45 P.M.				
Baltimore	8:06 P.M.	8:05 P.M.	4:00 A.M.	19:00	1:35 P.M.				
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward									
Leave	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15
King's Creek	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15
Ar. Crisfield	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward									
Leave	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15
Ar. Crisfield	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15
King's Creek	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00

THE Baltimore American
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The Cheapest and Best Family Newspaper Published
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THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN is published in two issues, Tuesday and Friday mornings, with the news of the week in compact shape. It contains interesting special correspondence, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and fresh miscellany suitable for the home circle. A carefully edited Agricultural Department and full and reliable Financial and Market Reports are special features.

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WHEN in want of
STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING
Call or Phone
MARYLANDER AND HERALD

Where Diamonds Came From.
In the great diamond fields of South Africa the stones are found in what are called "pipes," round or oval stems of a peculiar sort of rock, several acres in extent at the top and running down to unknown depths. Near the surface this rock, rich in iron, is disintegrated by exposure to the weather and assumes a yellowish color. The precious gems are readily extracted from the friable rock.

For Sanitary Bakers.
A waxed paper baking board, a sheet of which can be discarded when soiled and immediately replaced with another under it, and also a waxed paper rolling pin, with a cardboard core, so that the covering may be thrown away in the interest of sanitary baking have been invented by a Connecticut woman.

Buster's Measurement.
Frances was measuring her little cousin with a yard stick which she accidentally held with the small numbers at the top. After a few moments' study she calmly announced: "Buster is 3 1/2 inches not to the end."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
SALLIE M. DAVIS.
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Twenty-seventh Day of August, 1918,
or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 23rd day of February, 1918.
SAMUEL L. DAVIS,
G. WILLIAM DAVIS,
Administrators of Sallie M. Davis, deceased.
True Copy. Test:
LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Rec. W. S. C.

The Baltimore Star
The Leading Evening Paper of the South
The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1906, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departments—financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the greatest home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.
The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled.
The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.
The Star is different from other Southern papers. It has a quality of its own.
TWO CENTS A COPY. One month, 40 cents three months, \$1.20; one year, \$4.
FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
C. C. FULTON & CO.,
American Building Baltimore, Maryland

The World's Nosegay

By ALVAH JORDAN GARTH

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

"Have I made a life mistake?" In his heart Cyril Deane answered "Yes." He stood watching a winsome girl of eighteen garlanding half a dozen little ones with woodland wreaths. He had consented to see Winnie Morse and her group of favorites to and from the picnic ground. He had romped with the children, he had seen that they were liberally provided with ice cream and lemonade, he had won from Winnie the smiles and gratitude of an appreciative friend. He had forgotten the city, society and business. He winced as he further realized that he had also forgotten the woman to whom he was engaged.

She was Winnie's sister, Honoria, but just the opposite of the sweet, child-faced girl. Honoria was of the queenly type—cold, aristocratic and autocratic. He had been proud of her beauty and stateliness and had mistaken it for love.

He remembered now the congratulatory the ingenious Winnie had expressed when she learned of the engagement: "I hope Honoria will be kind to you." Analyzing the strange words now, Deane traced regret. Had some presence imparted to Winnie the conviction that the mating would not be a happy one?

Regal loveliness on the one hand, gentle, heartsome sympathy on the other. Yes, he had made a mistake, but he was a man of honor. He tried to feel brotherly towards Winnie, but when they had seen the little coterie home and she bade him good-night he felt as though blank darkness had blotted out the sunshine.

"Yes, I am going out for two months in the wilderness," spoke Deane to his close friend, Walter Briggs, the next day: "I shall be back by June."

"Then the wedding, I suppose?" questioned the visitor.

"That is the arrangement. I want to get Pillar Cliff ready for a summer sojourn. I intend to give Honoria a surprise. There isn't a spot in the whole Rockies that equals the Cliff. My father left it to me—the most delightful summering place in the world."

"Pillar Cliff? Queer name," observed Briggs casually.

"Well named, though. Nature has surrounded the lovely forty acres with a dozen perfectly perpendicular blocks of rocks, each a towering pillar. I have some great plans as to utilizing them to produce a bewildering effect. It will please Honoria, I am sure."
"Poor fellow!" soliloquized Briggs. "Solitude and absence from admiring throngs will little suit my Lady Honoria."

Honoria presented a cold, unsentimental cheek to her fiancé when he went away. Winnie put her arms around his neck in a sorrowful way and sobbed out her hope he would have a pleasant time, as if feeling that he needed love and comfort.

Cyril Deane, in his far away woodland paradise, was stunned to receive a letter, the envelope in the handwriting of Briggs, a month later. His friend had not the heart to write. He simply inclosed a newspaper paragraph reciting the elopement of Miss Honoria Morse and Wilbur Dunn, a man he had never liked. For a day Deane wandered about trying to recover his mental balance.

"It's a way out," he finally decided. "When a year goes by I am going back to see Winnie."

It was months after that one morning, when Deane heard the chugging of an automobile and finally the echo of human voices. Glancing along the trail he saw a machine stalled, two men working over it and three ladies walking about. One of them strolled past a ledge of rock; seemingly the beauty surrounding the bungalow held her enchanted. Could he believe his eyes?—It was Winnie Morse!

Held in a trance of wonderment, the girl saw him not. She had eyes only for the glorious riot of color that glowed from the rock pillars before her. Here, of a verity, was the world's nosegay! The tops of the pillars were surmounted with one great mass of flower bloom. They appeared like mammoth vases holding the choicest treasures.

"Winnie!" spoke Cyril. She looked dazed—unreal the floral presentment, so his presence. Then her little, trembling hands went out to meet his own. "Oh, I know now!" she breathed—"the place you were getting ready for."

She could not speak her sister's name, for regret, for shame, but Cyril courageously faced the issue. He asked for news from home. Honoria had separated from her husband. Winnie had been compelled to shift for herself. She was hired companion to the daughter of the owner of the touring automobile. So badly broken down were they, with the nearest town twenty miles distant, that they were glad to become the guests of Cyril over night.

Cyril was up betimes the next morning, but one was earlier than he. Seated on a rock beyond the house was Winnie, drinking in the lovely view. "Oh!" she cried, with glowing eyes, as Cyril approached, "and Honoria forfeited all this for glare and glitter and misery! I could revel in this wild, jangling glory of nature all my life!"

He fixed her glance with his own. She clung to his strong arm as he spoke. "Winnie," he said, "I have always loved you. I was coming back to tell you so. Spare me the journey and stay here—my true and loving wife."

It Cost the Average Family Less Than 10c Per Week for Packer's Profit in 1917.

The Meat Bill is one of the large items in the family budget but less than 10 cents per week of it goes to the packer in profits.

In converting live stock into meat and getting it into the hands of the retail dealer, the packer performs a complex and essential service with the maximum of efficiency.

The above statement is based on Swift & Company's 1917 figures and Federal Census data:

Swift & Company's total output (Meat and by-products)	5,570,000,000 Pounds
Swift & Company's total Profit	\$34,650,000.00
Profit per pound	\$.0062
U. S. Meat Consumption	170 pounds per person per year
170 pounds at \$.0062	= \$1.05 per person per year
The average family 4 1/2 persons	= \$4.72 per family per year

1918 year book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company
U. S. A.

AVOID WASTE IN GOOD FOOD
Much Milk Spoils Because Kept Uncovered in Warm Kitchen—Flies and Insects Harmful.
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
Important amounts of perishable foods are made dangerous or inedible in households because they are exposed unnecessarily to heat, germs, dust, dirt, or to flies and other insects.
Much milk spoils quickly because it is kept uncovered in warm kitchens. Close observance of the doctrine "Keep perishable food, especially milk, cool, clean, and covered continuously" may make a striking difference in the food bills of many families.
In other cases, one or two vegetables, beets or carrots, for instance, not needed immediately are thrown out or allowed to spoil instead of being used in soups or combination dishes. Fruits which could be stewed and kept are allowed to spoil. Vegetables and fruits in quantities often are stored in hot, damp, and poorly ventilated bins and under conditions which hasten wilting, fermentation and decay.
Much food is being ruined by being stored where flies or other insects, or rats and mice can get at it. Much cereal food is ruined because it is not protected against weevils or other insects.

SELECTING SOWS AND BOARS
Quality Has Important Bearing on High Dressing Percentage in Breeding Animals.
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
In choosing sows and boars for breeding, remember that quality has an important bearing on a high dressing percentage.
Evidences of quality are soft, fine, silky hair; smooth, soft skin, free of folds or wrinkles; bone of medium size, strong, and dense. The general appearance of the pig should be smooth and refined. These external signs are an indication of the quality of the meat and of the percentage of offal when the animal is dressed.

PLANTFOODS FOR A GARDEN
Commercial Fertilizer Enriches Soil and Increases Its Productive Capacity.
Commercial fertilizer may be used to considerable advantage as a supplement to barnyard manure on many garden soils. The manure supplies some plantfood and humus to make the land mellow; the commercial plantfoods then enrich the soil and increase its productive capacity.

HONEY REGIONS OF COUNTRY
Attention Should Be Paid to Locality Best Adapted to Commercial Beekeeping Industry.
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
In choosing a place for commercial beekeeping, attention should be paid to the regions best adapted to this industry, and it should also be remembered that not all localities within a main region are equally valuable. The chief honey regions of the United States are (1) the white clover region of the Northeast; (2) the southeastern region, west of eastern Texas, with a wide variety of nectar sources; (3) the alfalfa region of the West; (4) the mountain sage region of southern California, and (5) the semiarid region of Texas and adjacent states. In all of these regions commercial beekeeping is practiced extensively, and in all of them, too, there is room for a great expansion of the industry as a commercial enterprise.
In addition to these larger regions, many more restricted areas offer special inducements to the beekeeper. It is possible to name here only a few of these, simply to indicate the type of localities in which beekeeping is profitable. Typical plants of restricted distribution and of value for nectar are buckwheat, wild raspberry and willowherb in the burned and cut-over forests of the North, Spanish needle in swampy lands, heartsease or smartweed in cornfields of the middle West, tupelo in southern swamps, and Linden or basswood.
The valuable honey sources of the United States are so many that a list would be of considerable size, and if all the plants from which honey bees gather nectar were included, the list would be formidable. From the ones here mentioned it is evident now even more than in normal times that a beekeeper must examine his locality carefully to see what honey plants are at hand before embarking in commercial beekeeping. There is no difficulty in finding suitable locations, however, for thousands of acres of excellent honey plants are inadequately supplied with bees.

RAISE DUAL-PURPOSE CATTLE
Popular With Small Farmer Who Depends on Animals for Milk, Butter, and Meat Supply.
The dual-purpose cattle are popular with the small farmer who keeps but a few cattle and must depend on them to produce all the milk and butter needed for the family and, at the same time, raise calves or steers which will sell readily for slaughtering purposes. They have not been popular with the ranchman or farmer who raises large numbers of cattle.

DAIRY

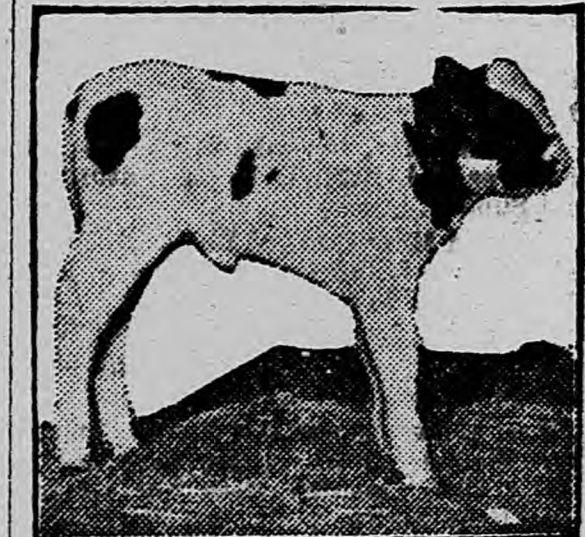


SKIMMED MILK IS VALUABLE

Little Richer in Protein Than Whole Milk, but Lower in Carbohydrates—Feeding Calves.

Skimmed milk is a little richer in protein than whole milk, but lower in carbohydrates. Since most of the fat has been removed in the cream the skimmed milk will need carbohydrates to make it a balanced ration for calves.

A good plan is to replace a portion of the whole milk with skimmed milk, gradually increase the skimmed milk with some form of carbohydrates till all of the whole milk is replaced by skimmed milk. Fine ground meal is one of the best carbohydrate supplements to be fed with skimmed milk. Some feeders cook the meal, stir it in



Whole Milk Age.

the skimmed milk and feed it to the calf. After the calf is two weeks old it will eat fine ground meal and if fed small quantities will assimilate it. Linseed meal is also used.

Care should be taken in feeding calves. They should be taught to drink from the pail as soon as possible. Nothing but clean vessels should be used and the milk should be clean and warm.

KICKING COW EASILY CURED

Rope Passed Around Body of Offending Animal, Drawn Tight, Will Prove Effective.

The kicking cow is easily cured by the proper methods. To cure the offending animal take a rope with a loop in one end of it or a trunk strap and pass it around the body of the cow. Draw it tight. The cow usually will jump a little at first, but when she finds she cannot get out of the rope, she will stand—and cannot kick. If this method causes the cow to give bloody milk, place the rope or strap behind the udder and draw it up in the same manner. With some cows this cannot be done because of the shape of the udder.
Another method is to hobble the cow by passing the rope around each leg behind the udder, and tying just above the hocks. This is rather dangerous for the man tying the rope. After the preventive measure has been repeated several times the cow will stand readily to be milked.

SUCCESS IN DAIRY BUSINESS

Dairymen Must Put Himself Through Some Process of Training—Knowledge Is Essential.

Under the strained circumstances of these days, to succeed in dairy work you must know how to think, and that means that you must have put yourself through some process of training, either on your own hook or by proxy, that is, with the help of a school or working for some practical dairymen. It does not matter at all how you get your information, just so you get it, but to begin dairying without it is as hopeless as to jump into a deep river without knowing how to swim.

DRINKING WATER FOR STOCK

Cow Will Not Reach Maximum Production Unless She Has Abundant Supply in Winter.

Warm drinking water for the dairy stock will save feed and also benefit the milk flow. It saves feed because it does not draw on the vitality of the cow as does cold water. It benefits the milk flow because a cow will not reach her maximum production unless she drinks water abundantly. This she will not do if it is ice cold.

COW TESTING IS PROFITABLE

Farmers May Have Work Done at Nominal Cost by Joining Association—Cost Is Divided.

Farmers who are too busy to test their own cows may now have this work done for them at a nominal cost by joining a cow-testing association. A cow-testing association is an organization of about twenty-six dairy farmers who employ co-operatively a man to test their cows for economical production.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

Newly Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Upper Fairmount

March 30—Mr. Charles Bennett has returned home from Annapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lankford motored to Salisbury Thursday and spent the day.

Mr. B. K. Green has returned home after making a brief trip to Baltimore.

Rev. and Mrs. W. N. Sherwood left for Chestertown Thursday, where they attended the funeral of a relative.

Mrs. Carrie Murphy and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, of Lawrence, Kansas, were visitors at Tudor Hall last week.

Mr. Charles M. Fontaine, accompanied by his little daughter, Virginia, visited Newport News, Va., during last week.

Miss Louise S. Waters, of Baltimore, will spend Easter week at Tudor Hall as the guest of Miss Sallie Lockerman.

Among those who spent the Easter holidays with their parents here, were Miss Louise Dickinson, of Wilmington, Del.; Misses Mary Davy and Priscilla Lankford, of Pocomoke City, and Miss Margaret I. Mitchell, of Snow Hill.

The Fairmount Red Cross Circle met at the home of Mrs. Ernest Cox on Thursday afternoon. Miss Berenice Thompson, chairman of the Maryland Council of Defense, Women's Section, for Somerset County, was present and gave an interesting talk. This Circle has an enrollment of 111 members.

St. Peter's

March 30—Mrs. Fred White and son, Frederick, are visiting in Baltimore.

Miss Clara White is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Robert Merrill, at Hebron.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Heath, of Salisbury, are visitors of Mr. and Mrs. Omar Muir.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Noble visited relatives in Laurel, Del., last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Waller, of Princess Anne, visited Mr. and Mrs. Omar Muir Sunday last.

Mr. Rufus Laird, of Wilmington, Del., was the week-end guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Laird.

Mrs. Elmer Shores left for Baltimore last Wednesday where she expects to spend three months with her sister, Mrs. Page Smith.

Mrs. Cora N. Somers, who has been spending the winter months with her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Parks, in Baltimore, is now a guest of Mrs. Rufus Miles, in Norfolk, Va.

Mr. John D. Noble, of New York, after spending two weeks with his mother, Mrs. Charlotte Noble, went to Baltimore on Friday accompanied by his nephew, Mr. George A. Noble.

"Teacher Kin I Go Home" will be rendered in the K. of P. Hall, Oriole, Saturday evening, April 6th, by the pupils of School No. 2, teacher, Miss May Cannon. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

Champ

March 30—Mr. and Mrs. Will Hopkins and family moved here Thursday.

Mr. Norris Gibson left Tuesday for Willis' Wharf.

Mr. Roscoe Campbell is spending a few days here.

Mr. George W. Bozman, of Baltimore, spent the week at this place.

Mr. Clyde Tyler, who is employed in Virginia, arrived home Friday.

Messrs. Scott and Bruce Bozman left here for Baltimore Tuesday.

Miss Anna Menzel entertained a number of friends Friday evening.

Miss Dorothy Dryden, who attends school in Baltimore, is spending Easter at home.

Miss Virginia Tyler is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Thomas Simpkins, of Mt. Vernon.

Misses Nada Bozman and Hilda Dryden spent part of last week in Philadelphia.

Mr. Vaden Smith, of Philadelphia, spent the past week visiting his mother, Mrs. Sidney Smith.

Miss Mary E. Tyler, a telephone operator, is spending some time with her mother, Mrs. Andrew Tyler.

Miss Lillian Wallace, who has been employed in Baltimore this past winter, arrived home Wednesday to spend Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Trower, of Norfolk, Va., arrived here Sunday to visit Mrs. Trower's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Campbell, Sr. Mr. Trower returned to Norfolk Sunday. RED WING

Pocomoke Circuit Church Notes

Rev. Charles Arthur Vandermuelen returned from Dover, Del., where he attended the Wilmington Annual Conference, Monday evening of last week. He made the trip to and from Dover by automobile. Wallace V. Taylor and William Porter, who went up to the conference Saturday afternoon, remained until the close of the conference early Monday afternoon, then returning with Rev. Vandermuelen. Rev. W. C. Harris, whose home was in the Emmanuel section of this charge, and whose appointment the conference has changed from Sharptown to one of the Wilmington churches, was the fourth member of the party as far as Sharptown.

Other Pocomoke Circuit church officials who went by automobile to Dover Saturday afternoon of conference week included Elton W. Mills, Samuel A. Evans, Norman Dryden, Thomas A. Mason, Luther Parsons, Willard P. Evans, Elijah Brittingham and John L. Payne. Roy and Milton Brittingham also were of the party. Among the papers and information these officials carried to the conference was a paper endorsing the work and pastorate of Rev. "Van," expressing full confidence in him and his abilities, promising him loyal support upon the continuation of his pastorate on Pocomoke Circuit and stating that his reappointment to the charge was agreeable or even urged. This paper bore the signatures of 22 officials of the charge, 20 of them men.

The preaching services next Sunday will be held at Holland's Church at 11 a. m.; at Emmanuel at 3 p. m., and at Cokesbury at 7.45 p. m. District Superintendent Rev. Dr. Vaughn S. Collins, making the trip with the pastor and preaching at the three appointments mentioned.

At the special request of Holland's Church, and by vote and action of the Fourth Quarterly Conference, the Holland's Church will have its full share of the preaching services and the pastor's services this new church year.

Perryhawkin

March 30—Mr. E. T. Dykes made a business trip to Wilmington, Del., this week.

Miss Nettie Ross, of Philadelphia, is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Ross.

Mr. Norman Holland, after spending several days at the home of his father, Mr. J. A. Holland, has returned to Baltimore.

Rev. C. C. Derickson left today (Saturday) to conduct services in Bethany Christian Church, in Worcester county, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Dykes spent the week-end at the home of Mrs. Dykes' sister, Mrs. W. T. Howard, at Pitts Creek, Worcester county.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Hickman and little daughter, Mary, of Pocomoke City, after visiting at the home of Mrs. Hickman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Dykes, have returned home.

Meetings On Home Gardens

Meetings were held at Crisfield and Princess Anne last Wednesday afternoon and evening in the interest of Home Gardens. Mr. B. W. Anson, of the United States Department of Agriculture, in charge of the Home Garden work in Maryland, made addresses and showed the importance of having home gardens in aiding food production, and that it was necessary to have a definite plan and know when to plant; that beets, beans, tomatoes, corn and other crops should be grown and canned for winter. Bulletins on Home Gardens are available for distribution and can be obtained from County Agent Keller.

Thousands Apply For Clerical Jobs

That American men and women are eager to accept every opportunity to help in the nation's greatest undertaking is evidenced by the responses received to the announcement of the United States Civil Service Commission of the need for general clerks. The Commission sent out a call for clerks to be employed in the departments at Washington, and January 5th, February 9th and March 9th were set as examination dates. About 35,000 persons applied for admission to these examinations. A large percentage of the applications came from persons whose sole purpose in seeking Government employment was to help keep the war machine moving. This prompt and heavy response has made it unnecessary to hold further examinations for general clerks in the near future. Examinations for stenographers and typewriters and for clerks trained in certain special or technical lines are still being held.

The most pressing need of the Government service in Washington right now is for a large number of well-qualified stenographers. The Civil Service Commission urges persons who are equipped to pass the stenography part of the examination to apply at once. Examinations are held at least once a week in 450 principal cities. Definite information and application blanks may be obtained from representatives of the Civil Service Commission at postoffices.

Don't Kill Pigeons

Promiscuous shooting of pigeons has so interfered with the work of the Signal Corps carrier pigeon service that an appeal has been issued by the Government asking hunters to refrain from killing any variety of these birds.

Many states have laws forbidding the killing of pigeons, but this has not deterred sportsmen from falling victims to the temptations of an excellent "wing shot," with the result that many of these feathered messengers carrying important dispatches, have never reached their destination.

As the breed of bird employed is the highly trained "racing homer" type, as such pigeons can only be obtained in limited numbers, the situation is serious, for, according to Signal Corps authorities, the carrier pigeon constitutes one of the most effective means of communication in the army, being specially valuable when all other means are destroyed.

An excerpt from the official bulletin reads: "Any pigeon in the air may be a carrier pigeon flying from a loft under Government supervision. Its destruction may be a serious loss to the American army. All persons therefore are urged to refrain from the shooting of pigeons and to discourage this practice by hunters and children."

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

Which Is Better—Try An Experiment Or Profit By A Princess Anne Citizen's Experience

Something new is an experiment. Must be proved to be as represented. The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit.

But the endorsement of friends is. Now supposing you had a bad back, a lame, weak, or aching one. Would you experiment on it? You will read of many so-called cures. Endorsed by strangers from far-away places.

It's different when the endorsement comes from home. Easy to prove local testimony. Read this Princess Anne case:

Charles R. Porter, Antioch avenue extended, (Route One) says: "Whenever I caught cold it settled in my kidneys and I suffered from severe backaches. I had to get up several times at night to pass the kidney secretions. It was three years ago when I had the last attack, but haven't had any trouble since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me. I got Doan's at T. J. Smith & Co.'s drug store and I recommend them highly to anyone."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Porter had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

[Advertisement]

Handicraft of the Blind

The Maryland Workshop for the Blind stands for the betterment of the condition of those deprived of sight along all lines. It aims to make this unfortunate class self-reliant, self-respecting and as far as possible, self-supporting; to help them to help themselves through work, and above all, not to pauperize them. At the corner of Fayette and Poca streets, Baltimore, Maryland, may be found this excellent institution. Here daily, like self-respecting citizens of the world, come one hundred and fifty blind men and women, who toil cheerfully and efficiently. Many of them are from the counties. To all are given equal opportunities, and the same handicap during instruction.

Here too, may be found competent and willing instructors, for the most part blind, who having mastered the difficulties which beset the blind, by example and precept, help others to overcome. Chair-caning, broom-making, hammock-making, piano tuning, weaving, basketry, and switch-board operating are some of the crafts taught.

We have one hundred men on our waiting list. To these will be added those, blinded in battle, who will come to us from "over there." The Government has decided to make Baltimore, the first station, and to send soldiers, after convalescence, to well-established, existing institutions.

Much may be said of the aptitude, infinite patience, and efficiency, of the blind.

Many of these men are heroes, who play their quiet part well, in these epoch making days: For them, no blare of trumpets, nor the lure of the battlefield, but, as surely, will they receive their "cross of war"; their medal of praise, "good and faithful soldier, well done."

Visitors are assured of a cordial welcome. One visit to the well-lighted plant serves to convince the surprised patron of the excellence of the craftsmanship of the trained blind. Chairs are perfectly caned; no better brooms are manufactured anywhere; the same may be claimed for other finished products of their deft fingers. "All work guaranteed" is true in fact as well as in theory. The customer who first comes from motives of sympathy, soon patronizes the institution for its marked efficiency.

The work for the Blind requires Cash and contributions can be mailed direct to The Workshop for the Blind, 501 West Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md.

For Bilious Troubles

To promote a healthy action of the liver and correct the disorders caused by biliousness, Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. Try them and see how quickly they give you a relish for your food and banish that dull and stupid feeling.

[Advertisement]

Order of Publication

Robert L. Hayman versus Jephtha Pusey et al. No. 8222 Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, Maryland.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate situated in Somerset county, of which Joseph Pusey, late of Somerset county, deceased, died seized and possessed, for the payment of the claims of the creditors of the said Joseph Pusey.

The original and amended bills of complaint state that the said Joseph Pusey was in his lifetime indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of Thirty-one Dollars, Ten Cents, on open account for goods sold and delivered by the plaintiff to the said Joseph Pusey, in his lifetime, the statement of which said open account is filed with the bill of complaint, and also indebted to the plaintiff on an overdue promissory note, dated October 14, 1911, for the sum of Fifty-four Dollars, drawing interest from the fourth day of October, 1912, and subject to a credit of Nine Dollars on the twentieth day of October, 1913, and a further credit of Fifty Cents on the twentieth day of October, 1915, which said bill is filed with the bill of complaint; that the said Joseph Pusey, being so indebted to the plaintiff and divers other persons, departed this life during the month of December, 1917, seized and possessed of real estate in said Somerset county, intestate, leaving surviving him, as his sole heirs at law, the following brothers and sisters and children of deceased brothers and sisters:

(a) A brother, Jephtha Pusey, who intermarried with Emma Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Worcester county, State of Maryland.

(b) A sister, Ellen Rebecca Ward, who is of full age, unmarried, and resides in Wisconsin county.

(c) The following children of Sallie Pusey, a deceased sister of the said Joseph Pusey, who died before the said Pusey, intestate, and left surviving, as her sole heirs at law, the following children and descendants:

(1) Lee Pusey, a son of the said Sallie Pusey, who intermarried with Ella Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wisconsin county.

(2) Jefferson Pusey, a son of the said Sallie Pusey, who intermarried with Pearl Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wisconsin county.

(3) Mary Pusey, a daughter of the said Sallie Pusey, who intermarried with William T. Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in said Somerset county.

(4) Clara Pusey, a daughter of the said Sallie Pusey, who died before her said uncle, Joseph Pusey, intestate, leaving surviving as her sole heirs at law, three children, namely: William L. Prior, Marion Prior and Mary McGovern; the said William L. Prior having intermarried with Maggie Prior, both being of full age and residing in said Somerset county; the said Marion Prior having intermarried with Martha Prior, both being of full age and residing in said Wisconsin county; and the said Mary McGovern having intermarried with Stephen McGovern, both of whom are of full age and reside in the city of Camden, State of New Jersey.

(5) Emily Washington, a sister of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with Tony Washington, both of whom are of full age and both of whom left Somerset county about fifteen years ago, for Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, but neither the said Emily nor the said Tony have been heard from by any of their kindred, or any person known to the plaintiff, for the last fifteen years, and the plaintiff has been unable to ascertain whether they, or either of them are now living or dead, or whether the said Emily, if dead, left any children surviving her from said marriage to the said Tony Washington, but the said Emily, when she left Somerset county as aforesaid, left behind her one child, namely: The defendant, Cora Banks, who intermarried with Isaac Banks, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wisconsin county, aforesaid.

That the personal estate of the said Joseph Pusey for the payment of all his just debts, including the plaintiff's claim.

It is thereupon this thirtieth day of March, nineteen hundred and eighteen, ordered by the Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiff by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Somerset county, once in each of four successive weeks before the first day of May, next, give notice to the said Mary McGovern and Stephen J. McGovern, her husband, and Emily Washington and Tony Washington, her husband, all adults and non-residents of the State of Maryland, or to the unknown heirs of the said Emily Washington, if she be now deceased, of the object and substance of this bill, and warning them to be and appear in this Court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the twenty-day of May next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed, as prayed.

ROBERT F. DUER, Judge.

True Copy, Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

"Follow The Clock"

There is no reason why anybody should get confused or mixed up by the new daylight saving regulations that went into effect yesterday (Monday). All that anyone had to do was to put the watch or clock one hour forward on Saturday night and then "follow the clock" for the next six months. It is now the clock's business to keep an account of time, and if we take the clock's word for it, we will keep pace with the rest of the country. A sense of imposition may linger in some contrary minds, but most of us will not quarrel with a fiction that gives us an hour more in the afternoon.

The clocks will all keep the same time and the railroads, the factories, the shipyards and business of every description will all follow the clocks. The sun and the sundial will pay no heed to Congress, but the man who does not want to be an hour behind everybody else will accept the voice of the clock as the voice of truth.

Whooping Cough

Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy. It is excellent.

[Advertisement]

THE GREAT WAR HAS MADE CIGARETTES A NECESSITY.

"Our boys must have their smokes. Send them cigarettes!" This is a familiar appeal now to all of us.

Among those most in demand is the now famous "toasted" cigarette—LUCKY STRIKE. Thousands of this favorite brand have been shipped to France. There is something home-like and friendly to the boys in the sight of the familiar green packages with the red circle.

This homelike, appetizing quality of the LUCKY STRIKE cigarette is largely due to the fact that the Burley tobacco used in making it has been toasted. "It's toasted" was the "slogan" that made a great success of LUCKY STRIKE in less than a year. Now the American Tobacco Co. is making 15 million LUCKY STRIKE Cigarettes a day.

A good part of this immense production is making its way across the water to cheer our boys.

A SPLENDID TRIBUTE TO THE FORD CAR

One of the strongest tributes which has ever been paid to the strength, flexibility and endurance of the Ford Car comes from the pen of the Commander of the First Anglo-Serbian Field Hospital during the awful fight of the defeated Serbian Army, when she led her entire unit safely thru icy torrents and over snow-capped mountains—a terrible trip of 800 miles to the outskirts of Belgrade.

"There was only one thing to be done," she says, "if the whole hospital was not to be taken by the enemy. The staff, who usually rode in the motors, must walk; the worst wounded must go in the motors, those who could crawl must crawl, and as for the others—"

"The road was abominable, with mud and holes and narrow and broken bridges. We were continually, all through the night, obliged to lift the wounded out of the ambulances and carry them over the dangers, while the motors—THOSE WONDERFUL FORD CARS—performed acrobatic feats inconceivable to orthodox chauffeurs at home."

W. P. FITZGERALD

AUTHORIZED AGENT

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Supplies of all kinds. My Parts for Repairing Ford Cars are Made by Ford People.

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Articles I Sell at

4 1/2c. Each

PARROT AND MONKEY Yeast Powders

BLUE SRAL Vasaline

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Store Opens

9 a. m.

Store Closes

10 p. m.

Frederick J. Flurer

Princess Anne, Md.

J. E. GREEN

AUCTIONEER

Eden, Md. R.F.D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

Are Your Lungs Strong?

Do colds go down to your throat? Are your bronchial tubes easily affected? Above all, do colds settle on your chest? Then your lungs may not be as strong as you expected—consumption often follows.

Good Physicians Everywhere Prescribe

SCOTT'S EMULSION
Because its Pure Cod Liver Oil is Famous

for strengthening delicate throats and weak lungs while its glycerine soothes the tender linings and alleviates the cough.

Start on Scott's Emulsion today—It is Nature's building-food without drugs or alcohol.

The imported Norwegian cod liver oil used in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which guarantees it free from impurities.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

D-21

OUR NEW SPRING SUITS ARE READY

Complete Assortment Displayed for Your Selection

At no time have we been able to offer clothing for men at greater price savings than the new styles now ready. Greater buying power and greater selling power, larger experience have all shown their marks in this Spring offering in ready-to-wear clothing for men. A splendid assortment of Blues, Blacks and the seasons fancy weaves awaits you at \$10.00 to \$25.00. Take a look.

Boys' New Spring Suits

IN THE NEW SHADES ARE IN—
Prices . . . \$3.50 to \$15.00

And also a very smart assortment of New Haberdashery—pleasing effects in SHIRTS, NECK-WARE and HOSIERY—and the usual complete line of best grade Underwear, Hats and Shoes.

John W. Morris & Sons, Inc.

Shoes for the Whole Family
Clothing for Men and Boys

Princess Anne (Main street) Maryland

MODERN BANKING SERVICE

requires that the financial institution shall meet the needs of its patrons promptly, courteously and completely.

Offered by men of responsibility, possessing an experienced organization, amply capitalized and under the guidance of State Banking Laws, this Institution offers a service which is particularly desirable.

To those who are not affiliated with us, a cordial invitation is extended.

PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

Princess Anne, Maryland

FLOUR, MEAL and MILL FEEDS

Bring your grain to our mill for exchange and get

THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN

If you are buying Flour try a bag of "PAMCO." It will please you

We manufacture Flour, Meal and all kinds of Feed
The Princess Anne Milling Co.
Princess Anne, Maryland

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1882
SOMERSET HERALD, 1893

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, APRIL 9, 1918

Vol. XX No. 32

A GREAT PATRIOTIC MEETING

To Be Held In Princess Anne Wednesday Evening, April 17th

A campaign of education through the churches to quicken the spirit of America in support of the president's policies is being conducted by the war for Democracy, International Justice and a League of Nations, will be held in Princess Anne on Wednesday evening, April 17th, at 7.30 o'clock, under the auspices of the churches of the town.

The campaign is undertaken in conjunction with the Speaking Division of the Committee on Public Information appointed by President Wilson.

It is primarily a campaign of education, through the churches and religious organizations of the United States, to concentrate attention upon the supreme issues of the war as interpreted by President Wilson in his message to Congress. The speakers will be men of national reputation.

At a meeting of the Princess Anne ministers and lay delegates held at the Court House last Tuesday morning Mr. George W. Maslin was appointed chairman of the executive committee, and through him the following committees have been named:

On Arrangement—E. H. Cohn, George H. Myers, T. H. Bock, W. P. Todd, Dr. C. T. Fisher.

On Music—Mrs. S. D. Garwood, Mrs. G. W. Colborn, Jr., Mrs. J. D. Wallop.

On Publicity—Col. H. J. Waters, C. C. Gelder, Wm. H. Dashiell, Dr. H. M. Lankford, Judge R. F. Duer, Omar J. Crosswell, Dr. Charles W. Wainwright, W. O. Lankford, A. N. Gibbons, John B. Roberts, George W. Brown, S. Frank Dashiell, C. F. Matthews, R. Mark White, Archibald Todd, W. T. Renshaw, R. B. Cullen, E. Dennett Long.

Some two weeks ago a meeting was held at Salisbury under similar auspices and thirteen hundred people were at the afternoon meeting while at the evening meeting some five hundred were unable to get into the theater.

As a result of these meetings it was arranged through the National Committee to have a group of speakers visit the principal towns on the Eastern Shore, and, therefore, a meeting will be held on Wednesday, April 17th. People living in the country are especially urged to come.

Restrictions On Mailings Of Parcels

Parcels for the boys "Over there" must hereafter be accompanied by a request for each article inclosed signed by the soldier and approved by his regimental commander. Heretofore the only restrictions on such parcels were that the weight of the parcel should not exceed 7 pounds and that the articles would in no way endanger the lives or property of the men and of the Government. In the future each article inclosed in the package must have been requested by the addressee and his request must have been approved by his colonel or some higher officer. The request must be inclosed in the package which must be presented at the post office open for inspection, and on the outside of the package, under the name and address of the sender must be written:

"This parcel contains only articles sent at approved request of addressee, which is inclosed."

The orders above quoted are in pursuance of an order issued by the War Department as follows:

"In future shipments of any articles to members of the American Expeditionary Forces abroad will be limited to those articles which have been requested by the individual to whom same are to be shipped, such request having been approved by his regimental or higher commander."

To Couple Up Links In State Roads

The House Monday of last week passed the Senate bill creating a loan of \$3,000,000 to be expended in building links in the state road system.

There was some surprise in the House when the bill received such a large majority. The report had been spread that the Weller-Tait-Wooden combination of the Republican party would oppose the bill in its quest of a campaign issue for next year. This combination found that it was running counter to public sentiment and to Governor Harrington. It has found it unprofitable politics to line up its forces against executive authority. It tried its tactics at the war session last summer and failed.

The bill authorizing the \$3,000,000 loan was passed by Governor Harrington, chairman and members of the State Roads Commission. The loan, which makes a new approach to \$28,000,000 as the state debt, will be devoted entirely to completion of state roads. Of the total loan of \$3,000,000 Baltimore city will receive 20 per cent.

The maintenance and repair of roads are provided for in the automobile bill, which had already passed both Houses.

The Crisfield High School base ball team went down to defeat with Princess Anne High School boys last Friday by score of 12 to 8.

\$1,259,146 ADDED TAXABLE BASIS

Somerset County's Real Estate Is Valued At \$7,203,971

Tax assessment of real estate in Somerset county, completed by Archibald Todd, tax assessor, shows a total increase of \$1,259,146. The old assessment amounted to \$5,944,825 and included 166,163 acres, valued at \$3,003,692, while the lots and buildings were valued at \$3,003,692. The new assessment amounts to \$7,203,971 and includes 169,942 acres, valued at \$3,573,004, while the lots and buildings are valued at \$3,630,967. The assessment by districts follows:

East Princess Anne—20,820 acres, with buildings, \$603,724; lots and houses, \$302,725; increase, \$114,609.

St. Peter's—9,128 acres, with buildings, \$187,288; lots and houses, \$5,627; increase, \$24,895.

Brinkley's—23,349 acres, with buildings, \$790,708; lots and houses, \$10,725; increase, \$84,738.

Dublin—26,484 acres, with buildings, \$711,172; lots and houses, \$475; increase, \$169,317.

Mt. Vernon—10,131 acres, with buildings, \$348,452; lots and houses, \$3,904; increase, \$34,890.

Fairmount—9,696 acres, with buildings, \$285,191; lots and houses, \$28,017; increase, \$3,596.

Crisfield—1,469 acres, with buildings, \$61,045; lots and houses, \$1,294,887; increase, \$345,311.

Lawson's—11,042 acres, with buildings, \$471,571; lots and houses, \$25,498; increase, \$69,244.

Tangier—674 acres, with buildings, \$67,328; lots and houses, \$11,013; increase, \$14,671.

Smith's Island—815 acres, with buildings, \$36,806; lots and houses, \$35,848; increase, \$21,814.

Dame's Quarter—3,161 acres, with buildings, \$60,199; lots and houses, \$3,986; increase, \$5,147.

Asbury—5,121 acres, with buildings, \$222,981; lots and houses, \$81,327; increase, \$49,188.

Westover—16,820 acres, with buildings, \$579,855; lots and houses, \$3,034; increase, \$105,141.

Deal's Island—998 acres, with buildings, \$138,340; lots and houses, \$32,713; increase, \$38,033.

East Princess Anne—25,034 acres, with buildings, \$589,724; lots and houses, \$194,868; increase, \$118,490.

Funeral Of Mr. George Dryden

The funeral services of Mr. George Dryden were held in Emmanuel Methodist Episcopal Church, Pocomoke Circuit, Monday of last week, conducted by the Rev. Leolan Jackson, pastor of Antioch M. E. Church, assisted by the Rev. C. A. Vandermuelen, of Pocomoke Circuit.

Mr. Dryden died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Oliver T. Payne, on Saturday, the 30th ulto. Death came at the age of 79 years, following an extended period of feebleness of body and mind, and several strokes of paralysis, making his condition serious.

He is survived by three daughters (Mrs. Oliver T. Payne, of Emmanuel neighborhood; Mrs. Edna Roberts, of Baltimore; Mrs. W. Roy Long, of near Princess Anne), and three sons (Messrs. George A. Dryden, of Baltimore; O. P. Dryden, of Chester, Pa., and Burton H. Dryden, of Princess Anne). He is also survived by two brothers (Messrs. R. J. Dryden and L. L. Dryden, of Princess Anne) and three half-brothers (Messrs. A. F. Dryden, of Salisbury; Albert Dryden, of Baltimore, and C. S. Dryden, of Princess Anne.)

The pallbearers were his nephews, Messrs. A. E. Dryden, C. C. Dryden, P. H. Dryden, F. G. Dryden, Frank Gibbons and Noah Gibbons.

Medical Society Meets

The regular semi-annual meeting of the Somerset County Medical Society was held at the New Brick Hotel, Crisfield, last Wednesday afternoon. Those present were: Drs. H. M. Lankford, of Princess Anne; I. A. B. Allen and G. C. Coulbourne, of Marion; W. F. Hall, C. C. Ward, W. H. Coulbourne and C. E. Collins, of Crisfield.

Dr. C. C. Ward, president of the Society, called the meeting to order and made a short talk on "The Good Accomplished by the Somerset Society."

Dr. Lankford discussed at some length "The Functions of the Two Military Boards now Examining the Present Draft." After the meeting adjourned dinner was served in the dining-room of the hotel. The following officers were elected: Dr. I. A. B. Allen, president; H. A. Barnes, vice-president; H. M. Lankford, secretary, and W. H. Coulbourne, censor.

Mr. Edward Chelton died suddenly last Saturday at his home at Oriole, of acute indigestion, aged about 50 years. He is survived by his widow and several children, one brother and two sisters.

THE LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS

Some Important Legislation Enacted And Many Bills Killed

The General Assembly of Maryland adjourned Monday of last week after midnight it left on the deck about 50 Senate bills and a score or more of House bills that had never gotten as far as the Senate. Among them were a few important measures, but most of them amount to little to anyone except their sponsors.

The county bone-dry bill stuck in committee; the bar and bottle bill got through; the Stiffer railroad charter bill died; the bill to relieve the Secretaries of State never got before the House; the Sunday base ball bill was voted down on a motion to suspend the rules; the State Roads Commission got \$3,000,000 for the next two years; the Council of Defense was given \$1,000,000 in addition to the \$1,000,000 it has already spent; the supplementary annexation bills got through, and the annex tax bill was slaughtered for the second time.

Regarding the accomplishment of the Legislature these things stand out:

Annexation.
Home rule for the counties.
Ratification of the national prohibition amendment.

Repeal of the Wilson ballot law.
State-wide game law.
Increase in the pay of policemen in Baltimore city aggregating about \$225,000 a year.

Road loan for \$3,000,000.
Defense loan of \$1,000,000, to be spent only if needed.

Abolishment of prison labor if Prison Control Board thinks wise to do so.
Legislation thrown in the discard was: State-wide prohibition.

Bone-dry legislation for dry counties.
Anti-race track betting bill.
Centralization of Court Clerks' offices.
Legalizing Sunday base ball.

Changing school laws relative to truancy officers and supervisors.
Providing direct inheritance tax.

Doubling the gross receipts tax on railroad companies.
Wiping out the State Tax Commissioner's supervisors.

Permitting the bill repealing minor privilege tax to sleep.
Governor Harrington last Tuesday signed 24 bills, all that he had remaining in his office of the 69 that had been presented to him. He had previously signed 45.

Among those signed Tuesday was one requiring that all vehicles shall carry lights at night on the highways and another giving the justices of the People's Court of Baltimore city the power to punish for contempt. The Governor will again sign bills tomorrow, Wednesday.

Boys' Agricultural Club Work

A large number of Somerset county boys have enrolled in club work for the coming season and will do their bit in winning the war by aiding in the production of food. Any boy between the ages of 10 years and 18 years may enter the various contests of corn, potato growing or raising a pig or any other contest in which the boys may be interested.

Last year the boys in Maryland produced 12,427 bushels of corn, 9,618 pounds of pork, 3,007 bushels of potatoes, with a total value of \$30,545, showing what can be accomplished by the boys in the production of food as well as the training they receive in agriculture and the interest they take in the work of the farm.

The State is aiming to have at least 1,000 boys enrolled in this work this summer and the quota of this county will be about 50. It is hoped that the boys of Somerset will not fail to fill this quota and make a showing that will enable us to compare favorably with any county in the State.

Prizes will be awarded and a show held in the fall, at which the boys will show the agricultural products they have raised during the summer. All boys who are interested in this work and who desire to do their bit in increasing the food supply and aid in the winning of the war, should send their application to County Agent C. Z. Keller and be enrolled in any contest which may be desired.

March Weather

The following is the weather report for the month of March as compiled by Mr. James R. Stewart, co-operative observer for Princess Anne:

Maximum temperature 78 degrees on the 6th, minimum temperature 22 degrees on the 11th, total precipitation 3.72 inches. Clear days, 12; partly cloudy, 15; cloudy, 4. Killing frost on the 8th, 16th, 24th, 28th, 29th and 30th; ice on the 16th, 28th, 29th and 30th; thunder storm on the 6th. Aurora on the 7th; frogs heard on the 6th, wild geese going northward on the 9th and high wind on the 10th. The prevailing wind was northwest.

CENSUS OF SOMERSET CHILDREN

Law Requires The Listing Of Every Child From 6 to 18 Years Of Age

Superintendent W. H. Dashiell, of the Board of Education, is now busy making arrangements for taking a new school census of the children of Somerset county. This census will include every school child from six to eighteen years old, white and colored. Under a new ruling, two-thirds of the State general school fund will be apportioned according to this new school census, and hence the necessity for the work and the care with which it will have to be done. It is a big job and will be no easy task to perform, as the work will fall mainly on the superintendent. A card will be filled out for every child between six and eighteen years of age inclusive, who lives in the school district on the day the census is taken. The following instructions for taking the census are taken from a letter which Superintendent Dashiell has prepared to be sent to the teachers of the county:

"I enclose you a card which you are to fill out, not only for the pupils enrolled in your school, but also for all pupils from 6 to 18 years inclusive, who may reside in your district. The date for taking this census is fixed for May 15th for the white schools and April 15th for the colored schools. In many cases it will be necessary for the teacher to visit the homes of pupils in order to obtain accurate information and get the cards signed. Great care should be exercised to see that no pupils are reported twice, and it is equally important that every child shall be counted."

"Six years of age means that the child has reached or passed the sixth birthday, therefore, five years and eleven months could not be counted six years of age; but six years old and any additional months, up to the day the child becomes seven, would be counted as six years of age. In the same way, children should be counted 18 years of age from the day they become 18 up to the day they become 19."

"Although the census is taken at this early period, the ages are reported as of September 1st, 1918. All children will be reported as six years old who are six, but less than seven on September 1st, 1918. All will be counted 18 years old, but less than 19 on September 1st, 1918. A child who is 18 years old at the time of taking the census, and who will become 19 years of age before September 1st, will be included as a child six years of age."

This census has been directed by the State Board of Education, and it will be necessary for teachers to exercise the greatest care to see that the census is correctly taken, as two-thirds of the State general school fund is distributed upon the school census.

Farmers Help To Repair Road

The dirt road leading from Princess Anne to West has been in a very bad condition for some months and when Roads Superintendent W. Page Jackson began to work the road about two weeks ago the farmers in the neighborhood joined in and helped put the road in first-class condition, finishing the work last week. The farmers furnished the teams and help used in the construction of this road free of charge. If the county commissioners had to pay for this work it would have cost over \$200. The stretch of road that was made covers about two and one-half miles and is now one of the best drained dirt roads in the county which has been built by the farmers' co-operation with the roads superintendent, and they deserve much commendation. If farmers in other sections would do likewise we would not hear so many "kicks" about bad roads by the traveling public.

Baltimore Thrilled By Spectacle

Four hundred thousand persons sat down to their dinner tables in Baltimore last Saturday night with one exclamation ringing through their minds—"Good Night, Kaiser Bill!"

Even the President of the United States must have had such a thought uppermost in his mind as he pondered over the scenes which he and Mrs. Wilson and 898,000 other spectators had witnessed in Baltimore on the first anniversary of this country's entry into war.

There were that many persons, and more, who saw the 12,000 soldiers of the Liberty Division of Camp Meade go marching through the streets Saturday afternoon, soldiers every one of them and every inch of them—going forward eagerly and confidently and determinedly on their way to meet the Boches.

By proclamation of Governor Harrington, last Friday was observed throughout the State as Arbor Day—a day for planting trees and shrubbery. The day was observed by the public schools in tree-planting and appropriate exercises.

CIRCUIT COURT NOW IN SESSION

Convened Yesterday (Monday) Morning—A Busy Session Expected

The Circuit Court for Somerset County convened yesterday (Monday) morning at 10 o'clock with Judges Duer and Bailey on the bench. The following are grand jurors:

Charles H. Speights, foreman; Robt. F. Maddox, Richard L. Fitzgerald, Milton C. Riggan, Samuel J. Handy, Levin E. P. Bowland, Arthur W. Lankford, William A. Wilson, Stephen Hopkins, Arthur C. Foster, Oliver C. Tawes, John E. Pruitt, Edward W. Tull, Solomon T. Bradshaw, Jr., William J. Coulbourne, William L. Jones, John D. Todd, Arthur W. Sterling, William E. Cullen, William B. Maddox, Hicks Bozman, Edwin D. Bozman, Ira Barnes.

The petit jurors are as follows: Loui L. Dryden, Everett McGrath, William D. Campbell, George E. Willing, Harry H. Green, Peter O. Hudson, John L. Merrill, Joseph W. R. Tilghman, Joseph A. Thomas, James T. Dougherty, James A. Tyler, Samuel J. Bennett, Frank U. Jones, T. Jefferson Webb, J. Edward Cooke, Elmer A. Matthews, Samuel S. Murrell, William T. Evans, John R. Corbin, Gordon E. Milbourn, Frank Greenwood, Thomas P. Bradshaw, John K. Kelly, Earle B. Folk, Alex. W. Woodland.

This term is expected to be a busy one as the docket shows 13 appearance cases; judicials, 4; civil appeals, 10; criminal appeals, 14; trials, 35; criminal continuances, 2, and recognizances, 3.

One of the important cases to come before the Court will be the case of Dr. W. H. Coulbourne vs. the City of Crisfield, as the decision will set a precedent in matters of this nature. In 1914, when the late E. R. Gandy became Mayor of Crisfield, he appointed Dr. Coulbourne as Health Officer of that town. His term of office was two years and for his service during this period he rendered a bill of about \$1,000. This the town fathers thought exorbitant, and refused to pay.

The books showed that Dr. Collins had served the town in the capacity of health officer, for four years, for a little less than \$200 per year, including stationery and postage.

Dr. Coulbourne claims that he treated a case of small-pox during the winter of 1915. The city contends that epidemics, especially small-pox, does not come under their jurisdiction, but is a matter for the county to handle.

Mr. Dennis' Funeral

The funeral of Mr. James Teackle Dennis, whose death we announced last week, was held last Tuesday afternoon from his home, "Tyronnell," at Woodbrook, on Charles street avenue, Baltimore. The only service was the singing of "Crossing the Bar" by Hobart Smock, the singing of "The Lost Chord" by a quartet, of which Mr. Smock was a member, and a brief address by Theodore Marburg, former minister to Belgium, a warm personal friend of the deceased. Mr. Marburg referred to the strong ties of friendship which existed between him and Mr. Dennis, and declared that he was a man of lofty ideals, one who faithfully performed the duties of life. There were no active pallbearers.

Mr. Dennis did not accept the present-day tenets of religion, and in accordance with his wishes, there was no religious service, nor were there any floral offerings, in accordance with his request.

A delegation of the Masonic Order, of which Mr. Dennis was a member, attended the funeral. His body was placed in a vault in Greenmount Cemetery. Mr. Dennis crowned his accomplishments in 1907, while acting as Assistant Field Director of the Egyptian Excavation Fund, by discovering the tomb of King Mentuhotep I, who reigned some time between 2700 and 2800 B. C. Among the relics he brought from the king's sarcophagus was a mummy which had only thirteen ribs. He was graduated from Lafayette College in 1887, and then took a post-graduate course at Johns Hopkins University. In 1889 Mr. Dennis was admitted to the Maryland bar and was State's Attorney of Somerset county from 1890 to 1893.

States On Dry Amendment

If the Constitution of the United States is to be amended to provide for national prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor, three-fourths of the 48 states comprising the Union must declare in favor of the amendment, each by a majority vote in its Legislature. The record of the states on this question now stands as follows:

Number necessary to carry amendment, 36. Number that have voted in favor, 9; number that have voted against, 0; number that have yet to vote, 39; number needed of those yet to vote, 27. States that have ratified, in order of ratification, with date: Mississippi—January 9th; Virginia—January 10th; Kentucky—January 14th; South Carolina—January 17th to 23d; North Dakota—January 24th to 25th; Maryland—February 13th; Montana—February 19th; Texas—March 4th; Delaware—March 20th.

THE LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE NOW ON

Somerset County Liberty Loan Committees Appointed Last Week

The campaign for the floating of the Government's third Liberty Loan began all over the country at nine o'clock last Saturday morning, the first anniversary of America's entrance into the great war. The nation calls for a total of \$3,000,000,000, and this money must be subscribed by the close of May 4th—less than 30 days.

Maryland's apportionment, the amount she must subscribe or be considered a slacker state, is \$38,259,000, and of this amount Baltimore's share will be approximately \$28,000,000, leaving a little more than \$10,250,000 to be raised throughout the remainder of the State.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, has appointed Mr. Wm. B. Spiva, of Princess Anne, chairman of the Third Liberty Loan Campaign Committee for Somerset county. The other members of the committee are the following: Omar J. Crosswell, of Princess Anne; W. F. Sterling, of Crisfield; James L. Wynne, of Crisfield; E. R. Coulbourne, of Marion Station; Aden Davis, of Marion Station; Arthur Andrews, of Deal's Island.

Mr. Spiva, as chairman for Somerset county, and at the suggestion of the Maryland Committee, has appointed a sub-committee for each election district of the county. This is done so that every section of the county may be thoroughly solicited and a wide distribution made of the bonds. This committee consists of the following gentlemen:

West Princess Anne District—H. Fillmore Lankford, Thomas H. Bock, John E. Holland, George H. Myers, H. P. Dashiell, W. O. Lankford, Gordon Tull, Charles C. Gelder.

St. Peter's—Wm. S. Bennett, John W. Crosswell, H. T. Phoenix, Rev. Daniel Wilson.

Brinkley's—H. F. Tull, George P. Parsons, Dr. George C. Coulbourne, James C. Carver, W. R. Whittington, A. T. Dashiell.

Dublin—Edward B. Lankford, Francis E. Matthews, Cyrus L. West, W. A. Cottman, Frank L. Porter.

Mt. Vernon—Wm. T. Holland, Frank Harrington, Wm. D. Webster, James E. Dashiell, Daniel W. White, Lewis W. Pusey.

Fairmount—C. A. Lankford, R. H. Jones, Geo. Ford, Herbert R. Meredith, Samuel D. Parks.

Crisfield—C. L. Lankford, J. B. Robins, E. Benson Dennis, L. P. Tawes, W. J. Peyton.

Lawson's—W. J. Coulbourne, W. L. Whittington, Wade H. Cullen, Joshua S. Thomas, Thomas Long.

Tangier—Wm. L. Jones, H. C. Disharoon, W. Rolan Parks, Dr. E. P. Simpson.

Smith's Island—John Rose Corbin, W. H. Bradshaw.

Dames Quarter—E. P. Kelly, H. W. White, W. C. Carey.

Asbury—George W. Lawson, James H. Cullen, G. M. Merrill, James L. Nelson, George Mason.

Westover—L. W. Beauchamp, E. Dennett Long, Chas. P. Barnes, W. C. Ford, A. C. Milligan.

Deal's Island—Thomas P. Bradshaw, John K. Kelly, Arthur Andrews, Henry Brown, Thomas J. Bozman, C. W. Ringgold.

East Princess Anne—E. H. Cohn, H. J. Waters, S. Frank Dashiell, A. P. Dennis, L. C. Beauchamp, M. H. Adams.

"OVER THERE" FEATURES INSPIRINGLY PATRIOTIC

Widely Educational In Scope, And Unlike Any Other Exhibit.

Focuses Country's Attention.

Famous speakers, demonstrations of various phases of war work, by the Young Men's Christian Association, American Red Cross, Food and Fuel Administrations, Young Women's Christian Association, Vocational Training experts, Army and Navy, Munitions Manufacturers, and other, thrilling motion pictures depicting war scenes, plenty of excellent music by noted bands, and soloists, distinguished visitors—these are just a few of the numerous striking features of "Over There," the great Liberty Loan Cantonment which opened at the Fifth Regiment Armory in Baltimore on Saturday for a run of several weeks.

Nothing quite equal to the Cantonment has ever been "put across" in any other part of the country. So stupendous and spectacular is this war exposition that the attention of the entire country has been attracted. Inquiries from other States have been made regarding it and plans for the show have been sent by the Treasury Department to every Federal Reserve Bank in the country.

It is felt that Baltimore has achieved something that will give impetus to the third Liberty Loan drive, which is to be launched on April 6, something, in fact, that will undoubtedly push Uncle Sam's third financial effort far along the road to success.

The tremendous crowds which flocked to the Armory on Saturday, its opening day, witnessed a spectacle that thrilled them through and through. The visualization of the war was not in easy task, but so excellently and realistically has this been done that many visitors to the great show upon entering the Armory stood spell bound at the marvellous reproduction of "Over There," where stretched before them. The minute a person leaves the 5-cent stub of his 40-cent ticket in the hands of the door-keeper, it is just like actually being transported overseas.

To the right lies the battlefield with its front line trenches. Through the trenches Canadian soldiers, but recently returned from France, guide visitors who otherwise would be lost in them. As visitors are taken through the trenches, the Canadians explain the various guns which are placed in the same positions they occupy in the front line trenches in France and show how they are fired into the enemy's lines which sometimes are but a few yards distant. They also show the communicating trenches, the "dug-outs" banked with sand bags, into which the "boys" crawl when the bombardment is particularly heavy, the gun pits, sentry boxes, listening posts, parapets, fire step, all phases of trench warfare, in fact, are realistically depicted and made all the more real by the explanations of the battle-scarred Canadian soldiers who talk with knowledge gained at first hand. Directly in back of the battlefield is a huge painting of No Man's Land which the Canadians declare to be so actual in its likeness to that blood-stained place that they instinctively shuddered when they first saw it. The trenches at the Armory measure 127 by 67 feet. To the left of the entrance lies the

COUNTY HEADQUARTERS AT "OVER THERE" CANTONMENT

A Glad Welcome to Be Extended to All Persons From This Locality.

Big Advance Sale of Tickets.

That the folks from "down home" may feel perfectly at home and welcome at the Fifth Regiment Armory when they visit the great Liberty Loan Cantonment, "Over There," arrangements have been made by the committee to establish a county headquarters at the Armory.

Each county will have a committee, which will be in the nature of a reception committee, and when Jim Jones or Mrs. Martha Simpson visits the cantonment and finds herself unable to locate any of his or her friends, and when that little lonely feeling threatens to spoil one's good time, then Mr. Jones or Mrs. Simpson can go to the county headquarters, pick out the county from which they hail, and there be given the "glad hand" by those in charge of that particular county booth.

Nine times out of ten both Jim Jones and Mrs. Simpson will know intimately those in charge of their county booth, and in less time than it takes to tell they will soon get rid of the lonely feeling, and find themselves in the midst of old friends, and ready to enjoy the numerous attractions at the cantonment.

Through this arrangement it is probable that many old friendships will be renewed, and impromptu family reunions will be "the thing," by having the county folks meet at county headquarters.

Visitors to Baltimore on the opening day of "Over There," March 30, will be given an opportunity to not only see the war tank "Britannia" but also see it in action—doing stunts which caused consternation in the German Army when those monsters of destruction first made their appearance in battle. The tank will not be shown at the Fifth Regiment Armory, on account of its great weight—thirty-four tons. The Maryland Jockey Club, however, has consented to the use of the Pimlico Race Course for this purpose, and at its own expense, will erect a building fifteen by twenty feet, have trenches dug, mounds thrown up and other obstacles placed, it being the idea of those who have charge of this feature of the War Exhibition to make it as realistic as possible. The tank will be in Baltimore only on the opening day of the show.

The advance sale of tickets to "Over There," which is said to be the largest for any one show ever known, is still rapidly growing, approximately 400,000 having been disposed of so far. The committee on admission of which Judge John C. Rose and Albert G. Towers are city and county chairmen respectively, are using every endeavor to give the tickets the widest possible distribution. Upwards of 8,000 letters were sent out last week to physicians, lawyers, preachers, architects, building and loan Associations, clubs, dentists, educational institutions, merchants, etc. Just how the committee in charge will take care of the vast crowds which the stupendous sale of tickets denotes will attend the Cantonment, was at first a question which gave much concern, but arrangements have now been made whereby there will be practically no difficulty experienced in handling the enormous crowds.

There will be three exhibitions daily. The first will be from 10 A. M. to 12 M.; the second will be from 1 P. M. to 5 P. M.; the third from 7 P. M. to 11 P. M. This means that the Armory will be actually closed for one hour at the end of each exhibition during which time the building will be cleared of all visitors.

All the exhibits which will feature the Cantonment will be vivid and impressive. They will include demonstrations of practically every phase of war work there is. The Red Cross will have a field dressing station which will be an exact replica of those now in service behind the lines while other phases of Red Cross activities will be demonstrated. The Y. M. C. A. will show one of its travel huts which are doing such a vital work for the boys at the front, the Y. W. C. A. will have a miniature hostess house in operation, the Army and Navy will have splendid exhibits of their work, in addition to which there will be thrilling war movies, a war trophy exhibit of 1,500 pieces, an exhibition of thousands of war posters collected in all parts of the world, band concerts, prominent soloists, speakers—in fact, nothing has been neglected that will aid in making the Cantonment the most elaborate and spectacular show ever given in this country.

A unique feature of the entire production lies in the fact that there will be nothing sold except meals. The Cantonment is anything but a money making scheme, it having been produced with the sole idea of promoting the sale of the third Liberty Loan Bonds. Twenty-five cents of one's ticket is payable on a Liberty Bond.

How Vessels Sink.

Nearly every class or design of vessel sinks in a particular way. For instance, the old type of single-bottom steamers, with few or no bulkheads—that is, in the modern sense of the term—almost invariably foundered on more or less of an even keel and not with the bow or stem up in the air.

Great Writers Lazy.

Shelley had an indolent vein. He was very fond of the water, and many of his finest poems were composed as he idled at his ease in a boat. He made the best of his short life, however, and that cannot be said for Coleridge, who seemed to be afflicted with that lack of will to work which some people call laziness. He had one of the greatest minds, but he left even his finest poems mere fragments.

Always Rainfall With Cyclone.

Cyclones are always accompanied with rain, generally so violent as to be called a "cloud-burst." When the air is completely saturated with moisture, and a "whirl" is formed, the heated stratum is not carried to so great a height. The upward currents being strong, a vast mass of partially condensed vapor is accumulated in the upper end of the funnel, so to speak, until it finally breaks off its own weight.

When He Weakened.

"I see Newport at the club quite often since his baby came. I thought he was anchored to a home life." "He was, but at the first squall he began to drag his anchor."

Appropriate Howl.

A homeless dog strayed into a Pittsfield (Mass.) theater and started to howl just as the movie film read: "Let the dogs of war howl."

Typewriting on Parchment Fades.

It has been found that typewriting on parchment deeds is not durable. In deeds deposited within very recent years many lines are illegible and several lines have completely disappeared.

Be Cheerful.

We ought to be as cheerful as we can, if only because to be happy ourselves is a most effective contribution to the happiness of others.—Sir John Lubbock.

Uncle Eben.

"An optimist," said Uncle Eben, "is all right 'ceptin' when he gets so comfortable in his mind dat he goes to sleep on de job."

Here and There in the Legislature

Final Day's Session Of 1918 Legislature Marked By Good Humor. In Both Branches.

Annapolis.—At 1:32 Tuesday morning the House adjourned sine die. Most of the measures pending were disposed of, but a number of local bills were caught in the jam and died on the desk. The bill to relieve Secretary of State Simmons and former secretaries of state of liability to the State for fees converted to their own uses also died in that way.

At 1:48 A. M. President Campbell dropped his gavel in the Senate and declared the body adjourned sine die. Immediately someone raised the patriotic hymn, "My Country 'Tis of Thee," and the Senators and spectators sang it heartily, swinging next into "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "Maryland."

The burst into patriotic song, deeply sincere and impressive, seemed to have been due to the brief but stirring farewell address of President Campbell.

The last day's session began before noon and with comparatively brief recesses for luncheon and dinner both branches worked steadily and effectively. In sharp contrast to the bitterness which marked the sessions last week, the members of both parties in both branches appeared to have been generally in good humor and disposed to view tolerably the partisan outbreaks which occurred in the past.

One measure was introduced in the House which ordinarily would have caused trouble, but today it was treated almost indifferently. That was a resolution calling for an investigation into the Baltimore City Police Department. The city administration fathered the measure. It was sent to committee without excitement. Mr. Clurg, Republican, Baltimore, introduced a resolution asking for an accounting by the Governor of his contingent funds.

The tax rate bill was put through without trouble. It fixes a rate of 26 3/72 cents on the \$100 for each of the fiscal years 1919 and 1920. That is virtually the rate for the present year. The administration's \$3,000,000 roads loan bill also was passed finally, the House acting upon it during the afternoon. The Senate passed the measure last week. There was no fighting over this bill. At one time it looked as if the Republicans would make a fight against it, but nothing could be done. The demand for roads was too great for the counties.

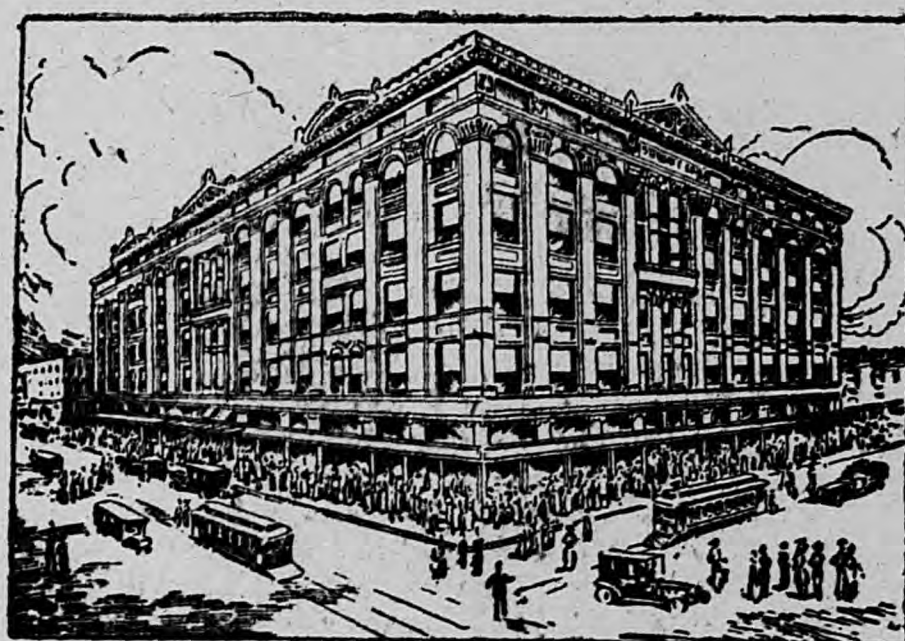
With these two bills finally acted upon, all of the big legislation was out of the way. Annexation was settled more than a week ago, and the supplemental bills pushed along. The last of these, the Nuttle bill to pay Anne Arundel a part of her bonded debt, was passed today without an amendment. The antis were unable to tack on an amendment in the House, cutting down the Baltimore county territory annexed. All important liquor legislation has been settled for some time and the big race track legislation was ended days ago, leaving open only the passage of the law permitting racing at Pimlico after annexation. The bill passed the House. The Senate acted last week.

A good part of today's work was devoted to killing bills. A bill to do away with the Supervisors of Taxation in several of the counties, a House measure, was killed in the Senate. The bill of Senator Nuttle, doing away with Tax Supervisors, was killed in the House. These bills were opposed by the Tax Commission and by nearly all person interested in preserving the machinery designed to promote equality in tax assessments. Similarly, the bill to do away with the school attendance officer in half a dozen or more counties failed in the Senate. This bill, too, was opposed by some of the most representative people in the State as a backward step in the educational system. Senator Mitchell, of Charles county, led a hard fight in favor of both measures, but was unable to command sufficient support.

The usual air of physical and mental weariness and yet of gaiety which attends all closing sessions was present tonight. Various celebrities were on hand for the finish and flourish appeared for some members. Speaker Wooden had a great bunch in his office, Senator Warfield, champion of the suffragists, received a huge bouquet of pink carnations from Mrs. J. William Funck, representing the Woman's Suffrage party. He placed it on President Campbell's desk where it showed to best advantage for several hours.

There was the "night before Christmas" atmosphere which develops just before the remembrances are presented to the presiding officer and floor leaders.

In the Senate the presentation ceremonies were attended by the greatest good feeling. President Campbell was presented a handsome watch pendant. It bears coat of arms of Maryland, set with 40 diamonds.



See THIS STORE

It is the largest department store in Baltimore

It is saving money for others and it will save money for you, too, if you will let it.

When you come to Baltimore to the LIBERTY LOAN CANTONMENT it will be to your interest to pay this store a visit, do your spring buying and thereby combine your pleasure with profit.

We have practically everything you want for personal or home use and the amount of money you can save here is determined by the amount of your purchases.

The more we sell you—the more we save you.

Ask any street car conductor—all cars transfer to our store

STEWART & CO.

In Connection With "James' McCree's" Gr. Co., New York
HOWARD AND LEXINGTON STREETS

"OVER THERE" Maryland's Great Liberty Loan Cantonment

Brings "Over Here" Scenes, Trophies, War Activities from the Battle Fields of France and Belgium.

Fifth Regiment Armory, Baltimore
Now Open—Three Sessions Daily (Except Sunday) as Follows:

10 o'Clock A. M. to 12 o'Clock Noon
1 o'Clock P. M. to 5 o'Clock P. M.
7 o'Clock P. M. to 11 o'Clock P. M.

A Real Sector of the Trenches—Full Size

—walk right through it and get the war thrill—the tunnel to listening post, peepholes for snipers, trench mortars, machine gun defense, are all there. **Look out on No Man's Land.**

Captured German cannon, bomb throwers, small arms, signal devices, aeroplanes, body armor, gas masks and other implements of war.

Moving pictures to bring you face to face with the soldiers of liberty in action.

Our American Boys at the Front—what the Army and Navy are doing.

How our men are cared for. Vivid demonstration of activities of the Young Men's Christian Association, the Red Cross, Young Women's Christian Association, Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare Work.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO COUNTY VISITORS

Tickets on Sale in this County can be presented for admission at the Preston Street entrance to the Fifth Regiment Armory. These tickets are identified for this purpose by being stamped on the back with the signature of Albert G. Towers, the Chairman of the State Committee on Tickets. This entrance being exclusively set aside for the use of county visitors they will find this a comfortable way to enter the Armory. Be sure and visit the County Headquarters in a special room in the Armory.

NOT A BAZAAR—NOTHING ON SALE
EXCEPT MEALS—JUST AS OUR BOYS AT THE FRONT ARE FED

TIME YOUR TRIP TO BALTIMORE TO TAKE IT IN

Admission By Ticket Only. Tickets 40 cents

but each ticket has a coupon good for 25 cents cash in subscribing for Liberty Loan Bonds of the Third Liberty Loan issue. Tickets for sale at any bank or place where Liberty Loan Bonds are sold in this County.

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE FOR MARYLAND

HOME TOWN HELPS

MORE HOME GARDENS NEEDED

Necessity Will Be Greater Coming Year and Organization and Co-Operation Should Be Begun Now.

Co-operation has been suggested as a solution of many problems in farm production, and now J. T. Rosa, Jr., of the University of Missouri college of agriculture suggests co-operation as a means of reducing production cost for the vacant lot gardener. The average city gardener is not in position to plow and prepare a garden plot himself. Mr. Rosa suggests that a number of gardeners in a given neighborhood employ a man and team to prepare their gardens. In this way the expense can be divided among them and the man and team can be kept busy throughout the day. If the community garden movement is extensive enough men and teams may be hired by the day or week, and each gardener's plot can be fitted in turn. In this way the work can be done more cheaply than where each gardener hires his plot prepared by the job. A great deal of trouble can also be eliminated. Other advantages, such as purchasing fertilizers, manure, seeds, plants and other garden supplies can be had through co-operative effort.

Since the spring garden should be planned in the fall, Mr. Rosa suggests that organization be effected immediately. The advantages of fall plowing and fall manuring have been demonstrated. The work should be done while the weather permits.

Co-operation will also provide efficient means of marketing the surplus products. Mr. Rosa suggests that every town have an organization of this sort. If the project is not supported by some other civic organization, the municipal authorities, or some industrial concern, the community garden movement should be organized on an independent basis. If the movement is large enough a technically trained man or woman might be employed to supervise the work. This would be advisable only where the community garden plan was extensive and where the gardeners were well organized. While it may not be possible to organize the whole town, it is entirely possible for neighbors to obtain some of the benefits of the organization by co-operating in preparation of their garden plots. The necessity for home gardens will be greater than ever in 1918, and plans should be made immediately, so that the garden work will be more efficient and give better results during the coming season.

Let There Be Light

The men in charge of the work for the blind in Maryland, realize the full measure of the responsibility that has been placed upon them. In every sense of the word, they are their brothers' keepers, provided those brothers are blind. From the watch towers on wall organized institutions, points the searchlight to survey every corner of the city and state. The blind children and youth are sent to the Maryland School for the Blind, at Overlea, that splendid plant, that needs but to be seen to be appreciated. The adults, including those educated at the school, who have reached maturity, and the many, sightless through accident and disease, are admitted in the Maryland Workshop for the Blind, corner Fayette and Poca streets, Baltimore, to the f

cases, the blind are taught to read, not only for the pleasure it gives, but also, because reading with the finger quickens the sense of touch invariably, so that increased dexterity results in every vocation open to the blind.

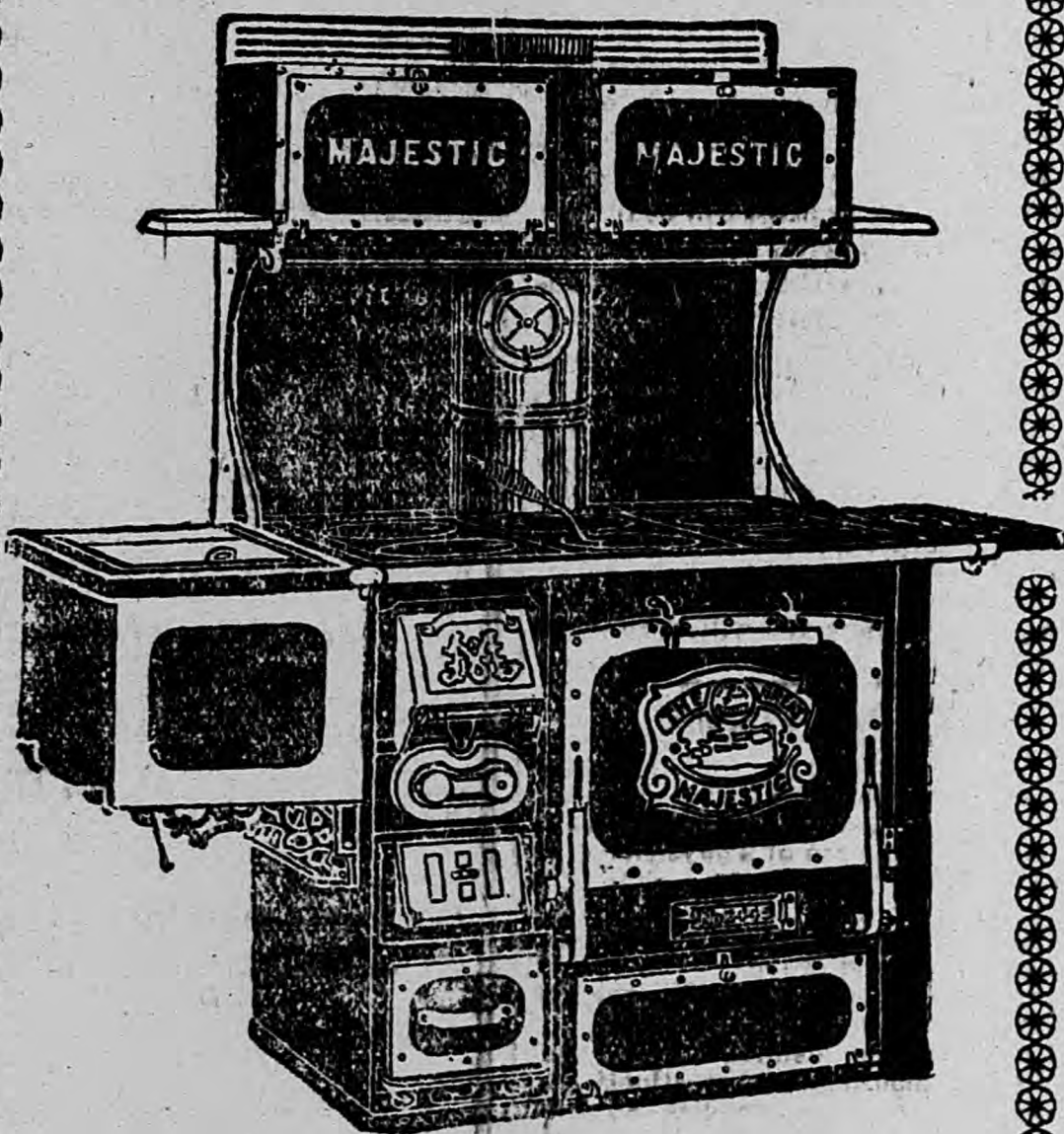
Will you not, as opportunity offers, help this big movement, the success of which seems assured? We aim to make the light shine in all the dark places, that those who have long sat in the shadow may rejoice. Any subscription sent to the Maryland Workshop for the Blind, Fayette and Poca streets, Baltimore, Md., will be gratefully received and acknowledged.

The work for the Blind requires Cash and contributions can be mailed direct to The Workshop for the Blind, 501 West Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md.

SELLING BELOW COST

This is what we are doing every day. Goods Cost from 10 to 25 per cent. more than we are selling them for; as we have a large stock of Hardware, Buggies, Runabouts, Wagons, Harness

STOVES AND RANGES



We carried over \$800.00 worth of Robes and Blankets from last year. We don't mark our goods up every day like other merchants. Somebody is losing trade because ours is increasing.

Ask your neighbor where to get a Square Deal, and he will say Taylor's H'd'w Store

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.,
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Blind Broom Makers

A visit to the Broom Department of the Maryland Workshop for the Blind is its own reward. Too much cannot be said in commendation. One can not fail to find inspiration in this place, located on the fourth floor of the building, a sunny, well ventilated place. Truly, those who enter here, blind, dependent and despondent, in a comparatively short time, emerge self-supporting, cheerful and with a new interest in life. Of course, it is WORK, patient, continuous, earnest effort, that brings about this magic change.

As early as seven in the morning, the men are in their places; they work until five P. M., with one hour for lunch and rest. Thirty-five are on the pay roll, including those in charge. Twenty-six of these are piece workers. One passes down aisles of busy men, no slackers here, sizing, sorting, wrapping, sewing, each man intent on his own work, brooms "to the right of us," brooms "to the left of us." Most visitors pause to chat with cheerful Orrin Benson, deaf, dumb and blind, who sews with sure and rapid hand. He is interested at once, at the approach of friends and courteously produces a slate, on which are raised letters, or he forms the letters of the alphabet with one hand. A newspaper correspondent, who talked with him, reported him as having "giggled gleefully" during the interview. His mind works quickly. He once asked a friend to tell him the difference "between a spinster and an old maid." The talk over, one is soon made to understand that he needs room to ply his long thread. Most people linger awhile, watching the busy, intent man, and lost in admiration of one, who has made so good a use of his one talent. This man is a patriot, has bought liberty bonds, and contributes his bit to worthy charities.

Work, work, work! Behold the result of all this activity, the patient work of willing hands, three hundred dozen brooms per week, perfect brooms, no seconds among them. Would that we had a Thomas Hood to sing the song of the broom.

You leave with regret these busy, cheerful, efficient men, who have won a difficult race, with a heavy handicap; and you ask yourself the question, "could I have done as well as any of these?"

The work for the Blind requires Cash and contributions can be mailed direct to The Workshop for the Blind, 501 West Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md.

WINTER STOPS THE INSECTS

Black Ground Beetles and Others Not Killed, But Merely Experience Suspended Animation.

With the coming of the frosts and freezing weather the insects are silenced, and as long as the temperature holds below 50 degrees Fahrenheit they are rendered also inactive, according to a writer. Above that the harder beetles and grasshoppers, along with a few spiders, are moving about, and when the sunshine warms the air more and more certain moths and butterflies and two-winged flies, including the gnats, are on the wing.

Some species of insects feel the effects of cold far less than others, and this does not seem to be influenced by sturdy bodies, hairy coverings or the situations in which they are found. The gnats are among the most fragile species, but they and the slim-bodied water striders are found active later in the autumn and earlier in the spring than any other creatures, excepting perhaps the mourning-cloak butterfly and the wasps, all of these creatures responding to the sunshine on the warmer, thawing days of winter. The black ground beetles also are quickly resuscitated by slightly warmer airs.

This proves the fact that most insects are not normally killed by cold, but merely experience suspended animation, and are ready to resume their activity after any length of time.

Lighting Problem.

The importance of the lighting problem in the home is being more and more recognized by the architect and the builder, and greater attention is being given to design than ever before. For many years past there has been a tendency among the designers of buildings to bring about a pleasing harmony between the architecture of the new home and the style of lighting fixture to be installed, and with the entrance of electricity as a necessity and not a luxury, this idea is rapidly growing.

Petroleum From Shale Banks.

An important new process for extracting petroleum from the enormous banks of oil-bearing shale of certain western states is indicated in announcements from Nevada. Such a process if successful would help greatly in solving the gasoline problem. The new process, which is now being tested, was developed by a prisoner in the Nevada state prison. A special pardon was granted him to give him an opportunity to continue his chemical work.

The Blind Who Battle

Go as soon as possible, if you have not already been there, to the Maryland Workshop for the Blind, Fayette and Poca streets, Baltimore, Maryland, and see 150 blind persons at work! If there be insurmountable miles between you and them, go in spirit. Solomon asked for wisdom, and God added all necessary, subordinate things. These men ask for work, that life may be bearable. Once inside, you will realize that work makes the heart glad. Said a citizen, to a blind man, during a recent visit, "you are too cheerful to gain much sympathy."

Many blind come and go alone to the workshop, having acquired easy confidence in their ability to do and dare. A Superintendent of a similar institution in the North, remarked, as he watched the men file out, at the close of a well spent day, "your men walk with 'heads up' like self-respecting citizens."

Visitors are impressed with the integrity of the place; such slogans as "all work guaranteed," "keep up the standard," "nothing sold not up to the standard" are current phrases, backed by conscientious officials. So much for the place that transmutates despair into courage and energy.

Others quickly comment on the happy atmosphere of the institution. The spirit of friendliness is infectious. Come and meet the sightless manager of the Workshop, a man who has worked for many years, side by side, and heart to heart, with the blind. He is a man of unimpeachable integrity, inspiring confidence at once; one, who always lends a sympathetic ear to the unfortunate blind, and as surely finds a remedy.

The instructor at the switchboard is a fine example of what a blind woman may do, and do cheerfully and speedily. Incidentally, be it observed, she can count money, by running her forefinger lightly over the number of the bill. She can distinguish dark colors from light, and even detect stripes, with the same unerring precision. "Don't ask us whether we can," she said, when a new line of work was suggested, "but lead us to it." Such is the splendid spirit of the Workshop. The blind instructors in the chair-caning department are men of note; men who have triumphed over difficulties, hitherto considered insurmountable, and having made themselves masters, by example and precept, help others to overcome.

We need to enlarge our plant, to receive the 100 men on the waiting list; to make provision for those who will probably come to us from "over there," blinded in battle. Baltimore is to be the first station.

We need MONEY; that is the moral of this optimistic tale. Any subscription sent to the Maryland Workshop for the Blind, Fayette and Poca streets, Baltimore, Md., will be thankfully received.

The work for the Blind requires Cash and contributions can be mailed direct to The Workshop for the Blind, 501 West Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md.

ARMIES UNIFIED UNDER GEN. FOCH

German Offensive Regarded as Failure Through Inability to Break the Line.

AMERICAN ARMY IS READY.

British Hold Firm North of the Somme—Teutons Are Now Within Eleven Miles of Amiens.

London.—The enemies of Germany in France are, for the first time during the war, fighting under the control of a single commander. General Foch, the great strategist, to whom has been accorded much of the credit for the victory of the Marne in September, 1914, is generalissimo of the entente allied armies in France. This report was received in the form of an unofficial dispatch from London, but it was officially confirmed by advices to Washington from Paris.

President Wilson sent a personal cablegram of congratulation to General Foch, and General Pershing placed at the disposal of the French commander the American forces now on French soil. General Foch has supreme command over all the men on the battle lines, and, in addition, has a strategic reserve force, the size and location of which is not known, but which, judging from reports, is very large.

The German offensive has slowed down. Instead of a sweeping advance its progress has been checked at all but one sector of the front, and there it has been merely creeping for the last two days—this fact even admitted by the German war office, which usually concedes nothing.

From Arleux, north of Arras, to Albert, on the Somme, the British lines have been holding stubbornly and have thrust back the Germans at a number of points. From Albert south to Montdidier there has been a slow movement to the west, but the hills west of Montdidier are still being held by the French. No ground has been made against the French along the southern side of the salient driven into the allied lines, while it is asserted that the French counter attack from Lassigny to Noyon is still going on. The extreme depth of the German wedge is now about 37 miles.

Meanwhile the allied world is waiting for the entente to strike back at the Germans. When this blow, if it comes, will fall or where is sealed in the minds of the men directing the progress of matters, but seemingly it must come soon if it is to be effective. The German advance is now converging on Amiens, the railroad center of northern France, which is known to be the ganglion from which run the main communications of the British army in northern France. The railroad from Paris to Amiens was cut by the Germans at Montdidier, but this would not be vital if Amiens itself is held by the allies.

FOR \$7,500,000 TO FARMERS.

House Amendment May Nullify Baer Bill.

Washington.—The bill to loan \$7,500,000 to grain farmers, introduced by Representative Baer of North Dakota, nonpartisan, was pressed to final passage in the house, 251 to 67, but not until its enemies had inserted a provision which they confidently expect will nullify it.

Another day's debate was featured with bitter assaults against the Nonpartisan League, of which Representative Baer is the sole representative in Congress.

Just before the bill passed an amendment by Representative Garrett of Tennessee was adopted, which provides that the President must investigate the food situation and determine the appropriation necessary before any funds can be paid out.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

NEW YORK.—Mme. Despina Davidovich Storch, one of the four German spy leaders arrested here on March 18, died mysteriously on Ellis Island, where she was held for deportation to France.

TOKYO.—Japan has made no move to intervene in Siberia, but stands ready to take up the matter when the allies agree, the foreign minister of Japan announces, saying Japan regards Germany's influence in Siberia with grave apprehension.

WASHINGTON.—The Shipping Board announced that 36 ships were turned out in March.

QUEBEC.—Antidraft riots here were resumed, and a mob wrecked a hardware store to obtain firearms.

PHILADELPHIA.—Mayor of Philadelphia and governor of Pennsylvania are warned by navy department that unless vice conditions in Philadelphia are cleaned up the city will be declared "out of bounds" so far as permitting men on leave to go there.

THE HAGUE.—Holland declared the seizure of Dutch ships in American ports to be "an act of violence, which it will oppose with all the energy of its conviction and its wounded national feelings."

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in the Marylander and Herald, the paper that reaches the families throughout Somerset and the adjoining counties. It is the best advertising medium in the county and is therefore the paper in which to advertise your business and also your public sales when you have them.

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If you want the news about your town and county subscribe to the Marylander and Herald to-day

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOHN MUIR,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the Twentieth Day of September, 1918, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 10th day of March, 1918.

HARRY J. MUIR, Executor of John Muir, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

JOB PRINTING—We do it. Give us your next order

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOSIAH PUSEY,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the Sixteenth Day of July, 1918, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 14th day of January, 1918.

JOSIAH W. POLLITT, Administrator of Josiah Pusey, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

FALSE TEETH We pay up to \$12 Send Parcel Post or write for particulars. Domestic Supply Co., Dept. 24, Binghamton, N.Y.

Harp Long in Use.

Jubal is credited with the invention of the harp, 3,875 years before Christ, and sacred writ tells of David playing the harp before Saul 1038 B. C. It is related in ancient manuscript that the harp was in use in Ireland during the time of Gelde, monarch of Ireland, about 859 B. C.

Meaning of "Manger."

The word signifying "manger" occurs in the New Testament only in connection with the birth of Christ. The word in classical Greek means a crib or feeding trough. According to some commentators it signifies the open courtyard attached to an inn.

ARYLANDER AND HERALD

Published Every Tuesday Morning;
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Office, 367 Somerset Avenue. Local Phone No. 21.
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Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum
THEO. A. WALKER
Editor and Business Manager

All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald
TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1918



The opening of the fishing season may not be so much of an event when we get National Prohibition.

We are told that we must eat less flour, and everyone has supreme confidence that his neighbors will attend to it.

It is claimed a big meat surplus will be thrown on the market soon. Good. The chewing gum supply is now safe.

An appropriate seat for a Pacifist would be on the end of the piers when the Germans begin bombarding New York.

The shipbuilders who can't work for \$5 to \$8 a day will be lucky to get \$2 after the war if they don't help us put it over.

These pro-Germans that are celebrating the German drive should remember that the open season on snakes is now coming on.

Probably a lot of the people who complain about the war work have land lying idle that could be cultivated if they would offer it.

Mr. Henpeck writes in to know what color of ribbon used to adorn the hoe handle would be most likely to entice his wife to help with the garden work.

When his boy asks the privilege of quitting 15 minutes early so as to play ball, the farmer is convinced of the utter worthlessness of the rising generation.

Don't look so cross at the Liberty loan solicitor. Remember that he is the fellow who helps us win the war without losing a dollar or getting even a cold in the head.

The fact that the clock has been set ahead may lead some people to lie abed late and dodge church Sunday morning, but it won't make anyone late to the movie shows.

It would seem as if everyone who expects other people to send their boys to the trenches might at least get along for a few months on corn bread instead of white flour.

If everyone says the amount of stuff he can raise in his garden doesn't amount to anything, we shall all have to pay the prices for vegetables that were charged a year ago.

Pictures of Theodore Roosevelt's grandson are featured in the papers, and at the age of 15 months we expect to see the kid parading up and down with a wooden gun.

The people who kick the hardest about poor schools are usually the same ones who howl the loudest when it is proposed to raise a teacher's salary so she shall get as much as a manual laborer.

That big field of all kinds of different crops is not an attempt to make landscape crazy patchwork, but merely the land of a farmer who planted all the different things the newspapers and bulletins advised him to put in.

Cleveland is going to have a huge municipal bonfire of German school books, general literature and musical records. A general uprooting all over the country of insidious German propaganda seems beginning. The harm of allowing the growth through schools and otherwise of this naturalization of immigrants is now fully apparent.

WELCOMING NEW CITIZENS

Formerly naturalized citizens were railroaded through the regular red tape of reception into citizenship. Little consequence was made of the act. It was not surprising that the new-comers took their Americanization lightly and might not value their new relation much.

Candidates for naturalization are now examined somewhat more thoroughly. It is not quite so easy to pass the bars. However, there is too little to mark the significance of the step.

The Schenectady (N. Y.) Board of Trade recently arranged an observance to mark the giving of final naturalization papers to 146 aliens. There were patriotic addresses, and badges and small American flags were given each. The new citizens were made to feel that their new relation amounted to something.

American citizenship is a priceless gift. It should not be tossed over unthinkingly to a newcomer. He should be made to feel that he is getting something of value.

THE NEW BOND CAMPAIGN

The United States has entered its third campaign for the sale of Liberty bonds. The solicitors will get a glad hand in most homes. There are comparatively few people who could not take at least a "baby bond."

Yet there are still some left who will say "let George do it." If everyone "passes the buck" over to some one else, the Germans will rule the world and we shall all have to kneel to the Kaiser.

It should be possible to pay for these bonds out of the daily savings of the people. Those who have not yet formed the habit of saving should begin now, and take a bond on the installment payment plan. By saving a dollar or more weekly, they can have interest coming in regularly every six months and at the end of the term they will get the principal back.

The man who could take a bond small or big and won't, shows up in a poor light. He is getting all the blessings of a free government. It is all a free gift from the sacrifices of the patriot forefathers of old. Yet he declines to make any return for that gift. He won't lift a finger to help pass on these blessings to his children.

Furthermore, if he doesn't look out he may have no blessings to pass on. The German power has set out to crush the world. Only by general co-operation can we ward off this menace. If we can't get into the trenches, the very least we can do is to help pay for food and weapons for those who go.

Compared with the sacrifices of those who go or send boys there, taking a bond is too insignificant a trifle to be worth a moment's argument. The man who won't help arm and feed the soldier who defends his life, home and property, should be ashamed to show his face on the streets of Princess Anne.

HELP DAYLIGHT SAVING

In some places it is reported that the people are not merely setting their clocks ahead to comply with the Daylight Saving idea, but are moving their customary hours ahead also. Boarding houses that used to serve breakfast at seven o'clock are now giving it at eight. In so far as people do that, it will defeat the whole plan.

The purpose of the idea is of course to get people up an hour earlier in the morning, so that they can quit work an hour earlier, and have an extra hour in the evening. We must continue to work and sleep by the clock, even though it is set ahead.

In a week the benefits of the plan should be apparent. The change should be particularly popular among all who enjoy sport. Now in the long days they can have a nine inning ball game after supper. All kinds of athletics ought to flourish as never before. The young men who used to hang around the streets of Princess Anne after dark, can now have a decent length of time to get out and practice all kinds of games and exercises. After this type of fellows have seen what it means, they will never be willing to go back to the old hours of early darkness again.

It should also be a great boost to the garden work. Men who formerly had no spare time outside of work hours are now given a long evening that will be amply sufficient to take care of a small plot. And we will all see the difference when we get our bills for electricity, gas or kerosene.

The whole thing depends upon unanimous co-operation. Stores, factories, churches and entertainments must stick by the clock on its new time. In a very short time people will forget about it and wonder why they didn't do it many years ago.

Up And At Them

Now that the United States is busterling itself and sending across the entire American Army under training either to France or to England—the equipped to France—let the Allies be up and at the enemy. They have the conscious backing of forces whose arrival will be accelerated by every ton of shipping that can be commandeered or commandeered and that can be withdrawn from food supplies for England, that is ready to accept almost any ration to gain the passage of troops.

Let the Allies be up and at the Germans and not await another crushing blow from that quarter. The time for the counter-offensive appears to Americans to have arrived and the Germans must be kept from digging in and making another Hindenburg line along their new positions as a base for a stronger offensive.

This is the American spirit and the Allies would do well to catch the contagion and to display the kind of intelligence and active zeal this country would disclose if in supreme position on the west side. Let the counter-offensive develop.—Baltimore Star.

HACKETT'S GAPE CURE

Kills the Worm as well as the Germ
Makes Poultry Raising both Profitable and Pleasant. Your money returned if not satisfied. It is almost infallible.
HACKETT'S GAPE CURE, 35c. postpaid
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HACKETT'S GAPE CURE CO.
DEPT. S. HILLSBORO, MD.

JOB PRINTING—We do it.
Give us your next order

Ministers Have Salaries Increased

Dr. Vaughn S. Collins, superintendent of the Salisbury District, made an interesting report at the M. E. Conference recently held at Dover, Del.

The question of increased salaries for ministers Dr. Collins regards as of paramount importance and so he has been praying, talking and preaching salaries. He set \$800 as a minimum for a single man and \$1,000 for a married man with a number of charges responding as follows:

"Annamesset, \$200; Berlin, \$100; Chincoteague, \$100; Snow Hill, \$100; Newark, \$50; Pocomoke City, \$200; Girdletree, \$300; Stockton, \$100; Onancock, \$60; Cape Charles, \$200; Claremont, \$50; Deal's Island, \$200; Fruitland, \$100; Gumboro, \$300; Hebron, \$100; Holland's Island, \$50; Mardela Springs, \$175; Ocean View, \$150; Pittsville, \$200; Powellville, \$100; Quantico, \$50; Roxana, \$300; Ansbury, Salisbury, \$300; Selbyville, \$100; Smith's Island, \$100; Tangier, \$300; Venton, \$50; Whitesburg, \$100. This handsome advance is but the prelude of what we shall yet see on the district. I have set the minimum salary to be paid any married man on Salisbury district at \$1,000 and a well furnished home, and for a single man \$800 minimum, and all salaries to be paid in full monthly. I believe our big-hearted people will gladly aid in reaching this standard when once they understand the needs of the minister and the joy of consecrated giving. It will be a joy to me when I shall be able to report this standard fully reached by every charge on the district."

Dr. Collins in the course of his report referred to the fine work of the Rev. W. E. Greenfield, at Berlin, Md.; of the Rev. J. P. Outten, at Deal's Island; at Fairmont, under the Rev. J. W. Goodhand; of the Rev. C. W. Strickland, at Frankford; of the Rev. W. M. McCann, at Girdletree; of the Rev. R. C. Elzey, at Gumboro; of the Rev. C. A. Vandermuelen, at Pocomoke Circuit; of the Rev. W. O. Hurst, at Pocomoke City; of the Rev. W. P. Taylor, at Quantico; of the Rev. J. A. Buckson, at Whitesville; of the Rev. J. T. Sard, at Tangier; of the Rev. W. H. Briggs, at Selbyville; of the Rev. Leolan Jackson, at Princess Anne; of the Rev. L. E. Poole, at Snow Hill, and of the Rev. J. T. Herson, at Salisbury.

Dr. Collins showed that \$50,567.75 had been contributed to Wesley College Institution fund by Salisbury District.

Catarrrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. (Advertisement.)

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc.,

Required by the Act of Congress of October 3, 1917, for the publication of newspapers and other publications.

State of Maryland,) ss
Before me, a Notary Public, and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Theo. A. Walker, Editor and Publisher of the Marylander and Herald, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the week ending on the 2nd day of April, 1918.

1-That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager are:
Publisher—Theo. A. Walker.
Editor—Theo. A. Walker.
Managing Editor—Theo. A. Walker.
Business Manager—Theo. A. Walker.
Postoffice—Princess Anne, Md.

2-That the owners are: (Give names and addresses of individual owners, or, if a corporation, give its name and the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of the total amount of stock.)—Wm. H. Dashiell, Princess Anne, Md.

3-That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities are: (If there are none, so state.)—None.

4-That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books and records of the corporation, but also the names and addresses of all persons owning or holding 1 per cent or more of the total amount of stock, bonds, mortgages or other securities, if any, owned by them, and that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and that affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said publication, other than as stated by him.

THEO. A. WALKER,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 2nd day of April, 1918.

SEAL
(My commission expires May 1st, 1918.)

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Used by the American, British and French troops. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain relief for sweating, callous, tired, aching feet. Sold everywhere, 25c. Always use it to break in new shoes. Trial package free. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

FALSE TEETH We pay up to \$12 for old or broken sets. Send Parcel Post or write for particulars. Domestic Supply Co., Dept. 24, Binghamton, N.Y.

The Marylander and Herald \$1 year.

MARYLAND'S QUOTA \$38,259,000

Drive To Subscribe Full Amount Launched Last Saturday

Maryland's allotment in the next Liberty Loan, the campaign for which opened last Saturday, will be \$38,259,000, according to a bulletin that has been issued by the Federal Reserve Bank for the Fifth District at Richmond.

The bulletin announces that practically the same plan of organization will be used in the coming campaign as in the two previous ones. "The only change," it says, "is that the county has been made the unit of organization."

"The Central Liberty Loan Committee controls in each state, and in every county of each state there is a county chairman. It is expected that a local Liberty Loan Committee will be formed in every town and city, and the most effective work cannot be accomplished unless this is done. It is our deep conviction that this is a solemn duty of every community."

"There is only one method that will insure success in the coming campaign, and that is an active personal canvass and in this particular every man is his brother's keeper and should put forth his best efforts."

"The test has come to us all—'Choose you this day whom you will serve'—self or country."

If I Were A Farmer

If I were a farmer I would keep at hand a few reliable medicines for minor ailments that are not so serious as to require the attention of a physician, such as Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds and croup.

Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains.

Chamberlain's Tablets for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. By having these articles at hand it would often save the trouble of a trip to town in the busiest season or in the night, and would enable me to treat slight ailments as soon as they appear, and thereby avoid the more serious diseases that so often follow.

(Advertisement.)



It is no longer necessary to go into the details describing the practical merits of the Ford car—everybody knows all about "The Universal Car." How it goes and comes day after day and year after year at an operating expense so small that it's wonderful. This advertisement is to urge prospective buyers to place orders without delay as the war has produced conditions which may interfere with normal production. Buy a Ford car when you can get one. We will take good care of your order.

W. P. FITZGERALD

AUTHORIZED AGENT
Supplies of all kinds. My Parts for Repairing Ford Cars are Made by Ford People.

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Order of Publication

Robert L. Hayman versus Jephtha Pusey et al.

No. 3222 Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, Maryland.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for sale of certain real estate situate in Somerset County, which Joseph Pusey, late of Somerset County, deceased, died, seized and possessed, for the payment of the claims of the creditors of the said Joseph Pusey.

The original and amended bills of complaint state that the said Joseph Pusey was in his lifetime and before his death, the owner of certain real estate situate in Somerset County, to-wit: One lot of land, containing one acre, more or less, on open account for goods sold and delivered by the plaintiff to the said Joseph Pusey, in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, of which said open account is filed with the bill of complaint, and also indebted to the plaintiff on an overdue promissory note, dated October 14, 1911, for the sum of Fifty-four Dollars, and interest thereon, and also on a further credit of Five Dollars, and interest thereon, and also on a further credit of Nine Dollars on the twentieth day of October, 1914, and a further credit of Five Dollars on the twentieth day of October, 1915, which said promissory note is filed with the bill of complaint; that the said Joseph Pusey, being so indebted to the plaintiff and divers other persons, departed this life during the month of December, 1917, seized and possessed of real estate in said Somerset County, intestate, leaving surviving him, as his sole heirs at law, the following brothers and sisters and children of deceased brothers and sisters:

(1) A brother, Jephtha Pusey, who intermarried with Emma Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Worcester County, State of Maryland.

(2) A sister, Ellen Rebecca Pusey, who is of full age, unmarried, and resides in Wisconsin County.

(3) The following children of said Pusey, a deceased sister of the said Joseph Pusey, and left surviving, as her sole heirs at law, the following children and descendants:

(1) Lee Pusey, a son of the said Sallie Pusey, who intermarried with Ella Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wisconsin County.

(2) Mary Pusey, a daughter of the said Sallie Pusey, who intermarried with William T. Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in said Somerset County.

(3) Clara Prior, a daughter of the said Sallie Pusey, who died before her said uncle, Joseph Pusey, intestate, leaving surviving her, her sole heirs at law, three children, namely: William L. Prior, Marion Prior and Mary McGovern; the said William L. Prior having intermarried with Mary McGovern, both of whom are of full age and reside in said Wisconsin County; and the said Mary McGovern having intermarried with Stephen McGovern, both of whom are of full age and reside in the city of Camden, State of New Jersey.

(4) Emily Maffington, a sister of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with Tony Maffington, both of whom are of full age and both of whom left Somerset County about fifteen years ago, for Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, but neither the said Emily nor the said Tony have been heard from by any of their kindred, or any person known to the plaintiff, for the last fifteen years; and the said Emily is unable to ascertain whether they, or either of them be now living or dead, or whether the said Emily, if dead, left any children surviving her, or any person known to the plaintiff, and the said Emily, when she left Somerset County as aforesaid, left behind her one child, namely: The defendant, Cora Banks, who intermarried with Isaac Banks, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wisconsin County; and that the personal estate of the said Joseph Pusey is not sufficient for the payment of all his just debts, including the plaintiff's claim.

It is thereupon this thirtieth day of March, nineteen hundred and eighteen, ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiff by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Somerset County, once in each of four successive weeks before the first day of May, next, give notice to the said Emily and to the said Tony, and to the said Emily's husband, and Emily Maffington and Tony Maffington, her husband, all adults and non-residents of the State of Maryland, or to any of them, by the said Emily Maffington, if she be now deceased, of the object and substance of this bill, and warning them to be and appear in this Court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the twenty-first day of May, next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed, as prayed.

ROBERT F. DUER, Judge.

True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

Says Women Must Farm

Urging the women to organize units for farm labor, Miss Eva Fenton, a niece of the late Lord Kitchener, supervisor of woman's welfare work in England, addressed the Women's Section, Maryland Council of Defense, and the county chairmen of the council, last Thursday afternoon, at their new headquarters, 200 West Saratoga street, Baltimore.

Miss Fenton told of the starting of the movement for women agricultural workers in England, and how at first the idea was ridiculed. After a time, however, said Miss Fenton, the Women's Agricultural Corps became a reality, with a central office, a secretary and thousands of recruits.

"Farmers professed themselves satis-

fied with woman labor," said Miss Fenton. "Of course, the women at first could not do as much as a man; it took time for their muscles to get hardened. But after they had been at it for a time they found they could do practically as heavy work as the men. The American farmer probably will object at first to employing women, but he will have to come to it after a time, for there will be no men. And women will have to go to the farms."

Do You Sleep Well?

To be at his best a man must have sound, refreshing sleep. When wakeful and restless at night he is in no condition for work or business during the day. Wakefulness is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and is quickly relieved by Chamberlain's Tablets. Try a dose of these tablets and see how much better you feel with a clear head and good digestion.

(Advertisement.)

HUTZLER BROTHERS & CO. BALTIMORE

CORDIALLY INVITES YOU TO VISIT
THEIR STORE WHILE IN BALTIMORE
ATTENDING THE

Liberty Loan Cantonment

SPECIAL DISPLAYS OF
NEW MERCHANDISE
ARE BEING SHOWN

MEET YOUR FRIENDS IN THE REST ROOMS AND
TAKE LUNCHEON IN OUR COLONIAL RESTAURANT

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, passed in a cause in which Charles H. Maddox and others are plaintiffs, and Laura J. Collins and others are defendants, the undersigned trustee therein named will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 9th, '18

at or about the hour of 2 o'clock p.m., all that tract or parcel of land in Westover Election District, in Somerset County, Maryland, on the east side of the county road leading from Manokin postoffice to Kingston station, adjoining the lands of Dr. J. McF. Dick and others, containing

8 ACRES OF LAND

more or less, and being the same land which was conveyed to the late Charles A. Maddox by Peter Fontaine by deed duly recorded among the land records of said county. This tract of land is improved by a DWELLING HOUSE, BARN and other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-half cash on the day of sale and the balance in six months from the day of sale, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with security approved by the trustee, bearing interest; or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.

L. CRESTON BEAUCHAMP, Trustee

County Commissioners' NOTICE

The Commissioners for Somerset County hereby give notice that they will meet at their office in Princess Anne, on Tuesday,

May 7th, 14th and 21st, 1918,

between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., for the purpose of making additions, alterations and abatements or transfers on the assessable property of the county.

These are the last sessions of the Board for making reductions and transfers during the year 1918, after which the books are closed.

By order of the Board,
R. MARK WHITE, Clerk.

COUNTY SURVEYOR'S NOTICE

The undersigned, Special Deputy Surveyor of Somerset County, Maryland, hereby gives notice that he has received a Special Warrant dated March 2nd, 1918, granted out of the Land Office of Maryland, to John H. Whitelock, for the following described property—situate, lying and being in the Fifth Election District of Somerset County, aforesaid: Bounded on the north by the Wicomico river, on the east by land of John H. Whitelock, on the south by land of John W. Parker and on the west by land of Carl Jones and a small creek, and that on or after FRIDAY, MAY 3rd, 1918, he shall proceed to lay out and survey the aforesaid property for and in the name of him the said John H. Whitelock.

EARLE B. POLK,
Special Deputy Surveyor of Somerset County.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

MARGARET E. THOMAS,
late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Third Day of September, 1918.
Twenty-fourth Day of September, 1918.
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of March, 1918.

W. IRVING MACE,
Executor of Margaret E. Thomas, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

3-19

HEALTHY HENS

Just want to lay. It's natural for vigorous, red-blooded hens. Your birds, too, will thrive and sing and lay if you use

Conkey's POULTRY TONIC

in their feed every day. They need it to strengthen over-worked egg organs; to build up healthy, worn-down by molting. Conkey's Poultry Tonic mixed with feed goes a long way. It builds better hens and makes more country profits for you. We guarantee CONKEY'S Tonic, \$1.40; 3c. 30c. 50c. Watch out for rumpus. Its fatal and contagious. Conkey's Poultry Tonic, 3c. 50c. postpaid, conquers rumpus.

For sale by T. J. SMITH & CO.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN WILLIAM PARKS,
late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Third Day of October, 1918.
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 26th day of March, 1918.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1918

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

WANTED—Will pay spot cash for any used car. H. D. YATES.

WANTED—A spring tooth lever drag. H. H. HOLDEN, Route 1.

FOR SALE—Cobbler Seed Potatoes. Apply, J. A. McALLEN.

FOR SALE—One three-year-old mule. Terms to suit. S. H. DEVLBISS.

FOR SALE—Big, white seed corn. James A. White, "Arcadia" Farm.

FOR SALE—Twenty Horses and Mules. To suit all purposes. ROBT. S. JONES.

FOR SALE—One Skipjack, 16 feet long, good sails, cheap. ISAAC PARKS, Champ, Md.

FOR SALE—Tomato Plants, now ready for spotting. R. T. BEAUCHAMP, Westover, Md., Route 2.

FOR SALE—Piano organ, mahogany finish, in first-class condition, at a bargain. G. W. KEMP.

FOR SALE—Sweet Potato Slips. Apply to W. P. INSLEY, Wicomico creek, Eden, Maryland, Route 2.

FOR SALE—Second-hand Ford car, 1916 model, in good running condition. Apply to JAMES A. HAYMAN, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—Car load good young Mules, 5 to 9 years old, weighing 900 to 1250 pounds each. ROBT. S. JONES.

FOR SALE—1916 Harley-Davidson motorcycle, fully equipped and in first-class condition. Price \$135. Apply to R. G. REVELLE, Princess Anne, Route 4.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! SEEDS!!!—Oats, Red Clover, Mammoth Clover, Alsike, Timothy, Sweet Clover, etc. Fertilizers, Lime, Hay and feed of all kinds. W. F. TODD.

FOR SALE—Tomato Plants, ready to spot; also looking orders for spotted plants. Will be ready for field by April 15th or 20th. FRED R. NELSON, Westover, Md.

FOR SALE—Strawberry Plants—Big Joe, Gandy, Klondyke and Matthew's Early, at \$2.00 per thousand. B. C. DRYDEN, Princess Anne. Farmers' Phone.

PLANT SORGHUM and make molasses. I have a limited amount of Sugar Drift Sorghum seed for sale at 25 cents per quart and \$1.75 per peck. I will be in position to make your molasses next Fall. L. T. WIDDOWSON, Westover.

STOCK SALE—I will offer for sale on Thursday, April 11th, 1918, on the premises whereon I reside, known as the "Deavor Farm," about 1 one mile east of Princess Anne, a lot of cows, yearlings, 2-year-olds and some calves.

H. H. HOLDEN, Route 1.

COAL—I am now accepting orders for coal subject to the rulings of the Federal Fuel Administrator. Avoid conditions that existed last winter by placing your order now and fill your bins with good coal at the reduced price. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

LAND FOR SALE—210 acres, more or less, three tracts from town, on the road to Deal's Island. About 80 acres in timber, the remainder cleared and divided into two farms with necessary outbuildings to each. Immediate possession. WM. G. WOOLFORD, E. A. WOOLFORD.

PARKO SEEDTAPES FILLS THE BILL—In our stock of seeds you will find the line of the American Seedtape Company, which are especially prepared for the small gardens. Seeds are placed in tape proper distance apart and full directions for planting on each package. If you try them once you will never use any other. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

DON'T PUT OFF MAKING YOUR PURCHASES—You will not find a surplus of implements and tools lying around this year. Unless conditions change, when the stocks now in the hands of the dealers are sold, it will be over for this season. More implements, less labor and better crops, are what conditions call for this year. We handle only the best. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

Those who were too late to get the last bargains offered in used cars will have a chance at these: One 1916 Ford touring, good tires and running condition, but needs paint, \$250.00. One 8-cylinder touring in perfect condition; speedometer shows a little above 7,000; a car that has had the best of care and is like new; one that will cost today \$1,500; \$950.00 takes it. H. D. YATES.

BEAUTIFUL WEATHER TO PAINT OUTSIDE—Our stock is in good shape. If you are contemplating using paint these days you cannot afford to consider anything except the best. DeVo's Pure Lead and Zinc has a national reputation—fewer gallons and wears better, we have it. Wetherill's Atlas we have sold for 15 years, with perfect satisfaction to our trade. We would be glad to have you consider our store in connection with your paint requirements. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

Dr. Charles T. Fisher spent several days last week in Baltimore.

Mr. E. S. Learey, after spending two days in Baltimore on business, returned home last Thursday night.

Mrs. Ralph P. Thompson left last week to visit her son, Mr. William S. Thompson, who is an instructor in aviation near Memphis, Tenn.

Mrs. Rufus W. Dashiell and Miss Maria R. Dennis attended the funeral of their brother, Mr. James Teackle Dennis, in Baltimore county last Tuesday.

Don't creak. If you can't see any good in the world, if you are pessimistic about the war or the farm labor situation, or anything else, keep your thoughts to yourself.

Mr. Edgar A. Dashiell, son of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Dashiell, of Mount Vernon, after spending the Easter holidays with his parents, returned to Baltimore last Wednesday, where he is engaged in business.

Mr. Edwin Landon, formerly of Somerset county, but who for the last two years has been employed as assistant postmaster by J. F. Ward at Willis' Wharf, Va., has gone to Camp Lee, Va., having joined the colors.

Mr. B. H. Sterling attended court at Snow Hill last Tuesday.

Mrs. W. P. Todd is visiting her daughter, Miss Charlotte Todd, in Baltimore.

Messrs. Vernon White and Clarence R. Lano spent last Friday evening in Crisfield.

Mrs. Z. W. Townsend is spending ten days in Philadelphia with her son, Mr. Wilson Townsend.

Mrs. Cora Somers has returned to her home in Oriole after spending the winter in Baltimore and Norfolk.

Miss Florence Phoebus, after a visit to her aunt, Mrs. J. Muir, Salisbury, has returned to her home at Oriole.

Messrs. O. P. Dryden, of Chester, Pa., and George A. Dryden, of Baltimore, spent last Sunday in Princess Anne.

Dr. J. Fred Adams, of Baltimore, who is spending ten days in Somerset county, was a visitor to Princess Anne last Friday.

Mr. W. A. Wilson has been appointed mail carrier on the route from Princess Anne, White Haven and Clara. This mail route will be re-established on April 16th.

The Princess Anne Auxiliary of the Red Cross will hold its regular monthly meeting at its headquarters tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon, April 10th, at 4.15 o'clock.

After a two-weeks' visit to Baltimore, where she was accompanied by her father, Mr. John W. Briddell, Miss Stella Briddell has returned to her home in Princess Anne.

Rev. John W. Sutton and family, of Marion, left last Saturday for Hopewell, Cecil county, Md.; where Mr. Sutton was sent by the recent Wilmington M. E. Conference.

The fiftieth annual convention of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, Knights of Pythias, will be opened in Baltimore today, Tuesday. Lodges from all over the State, numbering 98 bodies, will be represented.

The Red Cross Circle of Fairmount will give a musicale at the home of Mrs. U. L. Mitchell on Friday, April 12th. After the program has been rendered ice cream will be sold and a War Pie will be cut. A silver offering will be taken at the door.

Rev. Wilbur F. Corkran, the new pastor at Asbury M. E. Church, Crisfield, stopped in Princess Anne for a few hours last Wednesday renewing old acquaintances en route to his new charge. Mr. Corkran was pastor at Asbury Church 30 years ago.

Miss Berenice M. Thompson left last Wednesday for Baltimore to keep an appointment with Mrs. Edward Shoemaker, State Chairman Maryland Council of Defense, Woman's Section, Thursday. Miss Thompson attended the meeting of all the county chairmen of the counties. After the meeting Miss Thompson went to New York on a short visit.

At a meeting of the canners of Maryland, Delaware and New Jersey at Wilmington recently it was decided, we are informed, to pay the growers 40 cents a basket or \$24 per ton for tomatoes, notwithstanding the fact that the canners have no assurance from the Army and Navy officials that their packs will be taken on a basis other than \$21 per ton for the raw material.

Mr. Robert Waller, who is with the 115th Infantry stationed at Camp McClellan, Annapolis, Alabama, has been enjoying an 8-day furlough and spent last Monday in Princess Anne with his uncle, Mr. Sidney Waller. He reported the Somerset boys at Camp McClellan as being in the best of health and said they were all expecting to be sent to the front soon.

The Summer School to be held at Ocean City by the State Board of Education is limited in its attendance to those who have never taught and those who are now holding provisional certificates. Teachers who have held heretofore regular certificates are not eligible to attend this particular summer school. They may go to Towson at an expense of \$25.00, which covers board and laundry.

Lieutenant J. Francis Brittingham has been promoted a Captain in the Field Artillery and is now stationed at the School of Artillery, near Paris, France. Captain Brittingham is a son of Mrs. H. L. Brittingham and a brother of Postmaster Brittingham, of Princess Anne. The many friends of Captain Brittingham will be glad to hear of his rapid promotion since his enlistment in the Army.

Dr. Henry S. West, principal of the State Normal School at Towson, Maryland, and High School Supervisor S. M. North, of Baltimore, paid a visit to the Washington High School of Princess Anne last Wednesday morning. They were accompanied by Superintendent James M. Bennett, of Wicomico county, and Mr. George R. Ellis, of Baltimore. Dr. West made a special appeal to the high school graduates upon the subject of teaching and the importance of the Normal School as an aid in that direction. Mr. North made a general inspection of the high school, which is to be recommended as a first group institution next year.

Red Cross County Meetings

Mr. D. H. Brown, director of Red Cross Development, Potomac Division, with headquarters at Washington, D. C., has advised the local organization that Mrs. I. O. Woodley, one of the most capable lecturers in Red Cross organization, will be here on April 19th and 20th to hold meetings at such places in the county as the local organization selects.

Robert E. Speer To Be In Salisbury

The annual conference of the Presbyterian will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Salisbury, tomorrow (Wednesday) and Thursday. The churches from Wilmington to Cape Charles will be represented and the delegates will be entertained by the members of the local church.

On Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock Dr. Speer will speak. "Robert E. Speer is one of the most popular speakers on the American platform today."

Will Of James T. Dennis Filed

The will of James Teackle Dennis, a well-known archaeologist and former states' attorney of Somerset county, was filed for probate last Thursday in the Orphans' Court at Towson. After providing for the payment of certain bequests, Mr. Dennis directs that the residue of his estate shall be divided in two equal parts. One part is bequeathed to his widow, Mrs. Ida W. Dennis, for life, or during the time she shall remain unmarried. The other share is bequeathed to the children of the testator's sister, who married Robert F. Brattan, and who are Robert F. Brattan, Jr., Eleanor Brattan and Cecelia Brattan, the latter the wife of Charles C. Gelder, of Princess Anne.

Unless his widow desires to keep Mr. Dennis' collection of fossils, Egyptian and other Oriental collections intact, he gives them to the Johns Hopkins University, and his collections of autographs to the Maryland Historical Society.

Other bequests made by the will are as follows: To his cousin, James U. Dennis, certain family portraits, biography and autographs and the testator's Thirty-second Degree Masonic ring; to his cousins, Joseph C. Briscoe and James V. D. Briscoe, each \$100; to Manokin Lodge of Masons, of Princess Anne, \$100; to former employees, Gertrude Green and Thomas R. Knight, each \$50; to testator's father's former employees, Anthony Waters, Sr., Anthony Waters, Jr., and Alfred Waters, each \$50; to the cook, Lucy Hayes, and all employees at Mr. Dennis' estate, "Tyroconnell," who shall have been employed there for one year or more, \$50 each; to all other employees employed less than a year and more than six months, \$20 each.

At the death or remarriage of Mrs. Dennis, the will directs certain family portraits and furniture shall be given to relatives named.

The two warehouses, deeded by Mr. Dennis to his wife for life, are bequeathed her to dispose of as she may see fit, except that they must be left by her to blood relatives only.

The sum of \$2,500 is bequeathed to the testator's cousin, James U. Dennis, in trust for the benefit of the testator's grand nephew, Robert F. Brattan, third, who is to receive the principal when he becomes twenty-five years of age.

James U. Dennis and Alfred J. Shriver are named as the executors of the will, which was dated November 4, 1916.

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Edward M. Taylor, 33, Crisfield, and Mary Rollins, 24, Hopewell, Md. William H. Poleyette, 52, Crisfield, and Lyda Kelley, 46, Westover, Md. Oscar E. Ford, 20, Marion, and Dorothy Sterling, 18, Crisfield, Maryland.

A meeting of the Tri-County Bankers' Association was held in Berlin last Wednesday afternoon. Messrs. W. B. Spiva, cashier of the Bank of Somerset, and Omar J. Crowell, cashier of the People's Bank of Somerset county, attended the meeting.

NEW SPRING MILLINERY JUST RECEIVED

Beautifully fashioned Dress Hats, ultra-fafully faced with Georgette Crepe.

Made of all the most wanted braids. In all the newest colors and combinations, beautifully trimmed with all the new novelties of the season.

Lisere Straw and Imported Body—the new Polks, Mushroom, Sailor and close-fitting shapes.

Some are faced with Silk or Georgette Crepe; beautifully trimmed with wide and narrow silk ribbon, fruit and flowers.

These Hats are suitable for street and dress wear.

Mrs. PAUL A. WALKER
Dashiell Department Store
Main Entrance—2nd Floor
Princess Anne, Maryland

Creed Of America

From documents and papers that stand out conspicuously from the pages of American history William Tyler Page, of Friendship Heights, Montgomery county, Md., evolved the creed that won the \$1,000 prize offered by the city of Baltimore. The award was made last Wednesday afternoon in the public hearing room of the House of Representatives, in Washington. Mayor Preston and other city officials were present. The creed follows:

"I believe in the United States of America as a government of the people, by the people, for the people; whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a republic; a sovereign nation of many sovereign states; a perfect union, one and inseparable; established upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice and humanity for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes.

"I, therefore, believe it is my duty to my country to love it, to support its Constitution; to obey its laws; to respect its flag, and to defend it against all enemies."

Fair Price List

The following price list has been issued by the Food Administrator for Somerset county:

SUGAR—Best, fine granulated, 5c	
FLOUR—Spring, winter, or blended patent, 1-16 sacks, 80	
Winter straight, 1-16 sacks, 75	
If sold by the pound, 6 1/2 to 7c	
Corn meal, per pound, 6c	
Rye flour, per pound, 9c	
Barley flour, per pound, 9c	
RICE—Medium to fancy head, pound, 10-12	
ROLLED OATS—In packages, best standard brands per standard package, 12-15	
HOMINY—Loose, per quart, 12	
BEANS—Pea or Navy, best picked, qt., 27-30	
Lima, per quart, 27-30	
BAKED BEANS—7-ounce cans, No. 1, 10	
17 to 20-ounce cans, 18	
CORN—Fancy Shoebox, per can, 15-20	
Crushed, Main style, per can, 18-20	
TMAOSES—	
No. 2, 13	
No. 3, 18	
CANNED MILK—Unsweetened, evaporated (small can), 6-7	
Unsweetened, evaporated (large can), 13-14	
Sweetened, cond., best brands, can, 15	
CORN SYRUP—Blended, 1 1/2 lb. cans, 20	
Blended, 2 1/2 lb. cans, 20	
POTATOES—Per pound, 51-53	
CHEESE—Whole milk, per pound, 45	
Cheddar, per pound, 38-40	
BUTTER—Fine, fresh, creamery, pound, 56	
Process, pound, 45	
Old-fashioned, best, not colored, lb., 38-40	
EGGS—Strictly fresh, per dozen, 32-34	
BEEF—(good quality) rib roast, pound, 27-28	
Chuck roast, pound, 22-24	
Sirloin steaks, pound, 34-35	
Round steaks, pound, 30-35	
PORK—Roasts, pound, 28-30	
Chops, pound, 28-30	
Fresh shoulder, pound, 23-25	
Fresh ham, pound, 32-35	
Smoked ham, pound, 35-40	
Sliced, boneless bacon, pound, 45-48	
LARD—Best kettle rendered, pound, 32-35	
Compound, pound, 25-28	

FERD F. EDMISTON AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct Public Sales at Reasonable Rates
FARM SALES A SPECIALTY
Write me, Princess Anne, Route 4

POWELL & MADDOX TONSORIAL ARTISTS

While visiting Barber Shops give us a call. Can furnish anything you may wish in the Tonsororial Line

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND
(Adjoining Newton's Store)
Sole Agents for The Eastern Shore Laundry

Dr. R. O. HIGGINS
DENTIST
FORMERLY OF WASHINGTON, D.C.
Successor to
Dr. E. W. SMITH
OFFICES 228 MAIN STREET
SALISBURY MARYLAND
Office Phone, 744 Residence Phone, 411

ATTRACTIONS FOR THIS WEEK AT THE AUDITORIUM Motion Pictures

MONDAY NIGHT—"The Whip"
TUESDAY NIGHT
Madame Petrova in "Exile" and a Hearst Pathe News Admission, 15 cents, war tax, 2 cents
THURSDAY NIGHT
Vivian Martin in "Sunset Trail" Admission, 10 cents, war tax, 1 cent
SATURDAY NIGHT
Ruth Roland in "Neglected Wife" and a 2-reel Paramount Mack-Sennett comedy "What Your Neighbor" and Hearst Pathe News Admission, 10 cents, war tax, 1 cent Children under 12 year, 10c, war tax, 1c Gallery, 10 cents, war tax, 1c Doors open 8.00; Pictures Start Promptly at 8.15; Second Picture at 9.30



Do You Want a Good Complexion?

Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers. If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES
Druggist Princess Anne

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Spring Is Here

YOU have already forgotten, or will soon, the cold snap of a few days ago. Spring with its own will be better than all the dead past and you are now compelled to consign to the moth-balled closet and cedar chest the winter wear. To meet this time we have placed on our counters a beautiful line of Spring Goods. Just such as our experience here tells us that you like.

Dress Goods In Silk, Wool and Cotton, in colors and styles distinctively this season's

Ready-to-Wear Suits and Coats for Ladies and Misses, Ladies' House Dresses, Children's Wash Dresses, Odd Skirts, Silk, Satin and Cotton Petticoats

FURNITURE Bed-Room, Dining-Room, Parlor, Drawing-Room, Library, Kitchen, and for any other room you have; the entire room furnished. Rugs for the floors, Wall Paper for the Walls, Furnishings throughout.

Shoes, Corsets, Gloves, Ribbon, Underwear, Yarn, Crochet Cotton, Silk, Knitting Needles, Etc.

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE Princess Anne, Maryland

Buy Your School and Office Supplies at

The Big Stationery Store MEYER & THALHEIMER

10-12 N. Howard Street, Baltimore, Md.

DEPARTMENTS:

PRINTING and ENGRAVING,
OFFICE FURNITURE,
FILING DEVICES—Wood and Steel
SCHOOL FURNITURE and SUPPLIES
COMMERCIAL and SOCIAL STATIONERY,
BLANK BOOKS

SAVE and SERVE

ARMY NAVY

3 REASONS FOR SAVING MONEY

(1) TO HAVE! That by frequent deposits of small sums you may accumulate a substantial sum for use in business, in sickness or emergency.

(2) FOR GAIN! That your money saved in this manner may be working for you—earning 3% compound interest.

(3) AS A DUTY! That you may, by saving, add your efforts and funds to our Country's national welfare—for "They also Serve, Who Save."

Bank of Somerset PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Editor's Suggestion.
"You say this poem was composed on the spur of the moment?" asked the editor. "Yes, sir," replied the proud author. "It struck me all of a sudden, and I dashed it off." "Permit me to offer you a word of advice," "Certainly." "The next time a poem strikes you, put on a gym suit and run it off."
—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Mouth Illuminator.
For the use of physicians and dentists, a tongue depressing instrument has been invented that switches on an electric light to illuminate a patient's mouth when it is used.—Houston Post.

Prickly Saltwort Once Valuable.
The prickly saltwort, so common on sandy shores, was once much used in preparing carbonate of soda.

Spirit of Success.
A writer in Physical Culture denominates enthusiasm as the most precious possession a man may have. It may be inconsistent from lack of intelligent direction, it may bubble over instead of boiling just enough, but it is the spirit that moves the world. Enthusiasm is a quality that keeps its possessor bright, alert and alive.

Help in Fighting Mosquitoes.
In fighting the mosquito pest it is well to remember that fallow stagnant pools may often be eliminated through planting of eucalypts, either in or about such pools. These are very thirsty trees and will drink up and keep dry very considerable areas after the trees have attained some size. Swamps in Italy and France have been reclaimed through use of eucalypts.

For Biblical Students.
What was the sweetest name of the Holy Land? In Isaiah it is said: "Thou hast bought me no sweet cane with money, neither hast thou filled me with the fat of thy sacrifices, but thou hast made me to serve with thy sins, thou hast wearied me with thine iniquities."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
SALLIE M. DAVIS.
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Twenty-seventh Day of August, 1918,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 23d day of February, 1918.
SAMUEL L. DAVIS,
G. WILLIAM DAVIS,
Administrators of Sallie M. Davis, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
2-25 Rec. W. S. C.

The Baltimore Star
The Leading Evening Paper of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1903, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departmental, financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the great home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.
The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled.
The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.
The Star is different from other Southern papers. It has a quality of its own.
TWENTY CENTS A COPY. One month, 40 cents three months, \$1.20; one year, \$4.
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Complete commercial and financial markets.

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Baltimore - Maryland
Circulation over 100,000 daily

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of
JOSHUA TOWNSEND,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the
Second Day of July, 1918,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 25th day of December, 1917.
JOSHUA W. MILES,
Executor of Joshua Townsend, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
1-1 Register of Wills.

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect Nov. 25th, 1917
SOUTH BOUND TRAINS

LEAVE	447	449	81	451	455	463
New York (Penn. Station)	7:30 P. M.	9:00 P. M.	A. M.	12:45 A. M.	8:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.
Philadelphia	11:25	11:33		5:35	9:58	3:00
Wilmington	12:06 a. m.	12:23 a. m.		7:00	10:42	3:45
Baltimore		8:55 p. m.	8:55 p. m.	4:00	19:00	1:35
Delmar	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Salisbury	2:55	3:25	8:30	11:14	1:30	7:14
PRINCESS ANNE	3:08	3:38	8:43	11:29	1:43	7:28
Cape Charles	3:28	3:58	9:10	12:02	2:08	7:53
Old Point	3:50	4:20	9:30	12:20	2:30	8:10
Norfolk	4:20	4:50	9:55	12:35	2:55	8:40
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*On Sundays Train 455 arrives at Cape Charles 4.40. Old Point 6.40 and Norfolk 7.45 p.m.
Sleeping car section. Stops for sleeping car passengers.

LEAVE	458	460	462	80	460
Old Point	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Cape Charles	8:00	10:05	5:00	9:05	
PRINCESS ANNE	8:16	10:21	5:16	9:21	
Salisbury	8:36	10:41	5:36	9:41	
Delmar	8:56	11:01	5:56	10:01	
Wilmington	Ar. 11:09	Ar. 11:09	Ar. 11:09	Ar. 11:09	
Philadelphia	11:56	1:08	5:57	10:45	
Baltimore	12:46 p. m.	1:58	6:47	11:35	
New York	2:00	3:00	8:00	7:50	
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward
Leave
King's Creek 9:16
Ar. Crisfield 10:30
No Sunday trains on this branch road

No. 447, 449, 455, 462, 450 daily. No. 81, 451, 463, 8, 460, 80, daily except Sunday.
RANDOLPH B. COOKE Div. Pass. Agent. M. W. CLEMENT, Superintendent.

THE
Baltimore American
Established 1773
THE DAILY AMERICAN

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THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN is published in two issues, Tuesday and Friday mornings, with the news of the week in compact shape. It contains interesting special correspondence, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest, and fresh miscellany suitable for the home circle. A carefully edited Agricultural Department and full and reliable Financial and Market Reports are special features

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WHEN in want of
STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING
Call or Phone
MARYLANDER AND HERALD

MAJ. GEN. BLISS
Reserves of Allies Being Handled According to Bliss' Plans.



The great reserve army of the allies, in which American soldiers are carrying the Stars and Stripes into the most momentous battle of all history, it is declared, is in motion. The news means the "brilliant American plan," credited to Gen. Tasker H. Bliss by Premier Lloyd George in January, is in actual operation.

SPIES DELAY AIRPLANES

"400,000 Germans in U. S. Up to Work Like This."

Fatal Accidents on Our Aviation Fields Are Due to Such Tampering.

Washington.—Senator Overman of North Carolina exhibited in the senate evidence of the activity of spies in aircraft plants in the United States. He showed a bracket which is used in the Bristol fighting plane and declared the steel had been removed and replaced by lead, which was so completely covered that it required an expert to find it.

The statement of Senator Overman and the doctored bracket caused quite a sensation, the senators gathering around him to get a look at the lead put in the bracket.

"There came into my office yesterday a very prominent man in the United States, who is a detective in the government service," said Senator Overman. "He brought this bracket, which holds the radiator rod that goes on the Bristol fighting machine. He brought it to show what German spies had done. I believe there are in this country 400,000 German spies up to work like this all the time."

"Two or three hundred Bristol machines were to be furnished the government on April 1. They were not furnished because of German spies, who had cut the steel in the brackets and filled them with lead, painted them over, and when the first machine was tried out it fell to the ground. A British officer, an inspector of the Curtiss plant, found that this plant of steel had been tampered with. That delayed the building of the Bristol machines for more than two months, for every machine had to be examined and all the pieces found changed replaced by others."

"If I were secretary of war or the President of the United States I would commandeer the Curtiss plant, where these machines are made, turn out every suspicious man and hire only loyal Americans. Some of the leading men in the plant have German names. I make no charges against these men. They may be innocent, but they have strange names to me. 'We know that spies are in the Curtiss plant, and they have delayed the building of the Bristol machines, or fighting planes, and prevented their delivery on time.'"

LIBERTY MOTOR STANDS TEST.

Propels Four Persons From Hampton to Annapolis and Back.
Hampton, Va.—A Liberty motor installed in a Curtiss machine was used by Maj. Roy L. Brown, chief flying officer at Langley Field, in a flight to Annapolis, Md., and back. Major Brown was accompanied by three passengers.

Army officers said the motor acted perfectly throughout the round trip, and splendid time was made.

No other details were given out.

U BOATS TIE UP SPAIN'S SHIPS.

Merchants Demand Commerce With United States Be Resumed.
Madrid.—Ten large transatlantic steamships have canceled their sailings for America and are lying idle in various harbors of Spain on account of the submarine menace. Freight amounting to thousands of tons is lying on the docks at Cadiz, Barcelona and Corunna awaiting cargo space and heavy losses are being sustained in consequence. Merchants demand that commerce with the United States be resumed.

Senator Johnson, the Democratic floor leader, was presented a handsome silver loving cup, the speech of presentation being made by Senator Metzgerott, Republican, of Prince George's. Mr. Metzgerott told of the uniform courtesy and consideration which Senator Johnson had showed the minority members. Senator Speicher, the Republican floor leader, was presented a silver pitcher, the address being made by Senator Norris, Democrat, of Baltimore, who spoke of the good feeling with which Senator Speicher had led the minority upon the floor. Senators Johnson and Speicher replied gracefully. Mr. Speicher said that the entire session had been notable for its lack of that bitter party feeling which characterized other sessions.

Speaker Woodson's gift was a very handsome silver service heavily embossed. It consisted of a large silver tray appropriately engraved, with coffee urn and five other massive pieces, and a handsome carving set to match.

The presentation speech was made by Delegate Wise, of Baltimore. He spoke of the pleasant and amicable time which the members had had and said that while the Speaker could not please every one, he had been fair and honest in his action. He expressed the hope for long life to Mr. Woodson and that he be speedily married.

In his reply the Speaker said he would always vote "aye" with Mr. Wise in the matrimonial wish, but that from present indications they seemed to be in the minority. He was applauded heartily.

Then Mr. Bryant in a witty and pleasant speech presented a gold watch to Mr. Norris, the majority floor leader, declaring that as Mr. Norris was strong on pledges he would have to fulfill the one with the gift, which was to get married. Mr. Bryant spoke of having received a similar present two years ago, one of his most valuable possessions, which in his will he had bequeathed to his grandson.

Mr. Norris was much affected in replying. In a lighter vein, however, he said he was too old to be married, but had been married and had two sons in the west, so that had some one to bequeath the watch to.

Fisher, of Prince George's made the presentation of a handsome stickpin to minority floor leader, Mr. Benson, speaking of the latter's generosity to opponents in spite of his being bitter and cynical at times in his earnestness. Mr. McIntosh spoke eulogistically of Mr. Benson.

Pimlico Racing Bill is Passed in House

The Frick bill, providing for the continuation of racing at Pimlico, but under the Baltimore County Racing Commission and with the revenue therefrom being paid to Baltimore county, was passed under suspension of the rules in the House. It will give about \$78,000 a year to Baltimore county from Pimlico alone.

Crothers' Bill Fails in Senate.

Senator Crothers' bill to subject Tome Institute to the payment of county taxes in Cecil county failed in the Senate for want for a constitutional majority. The vote was 11 for and 13 against. This was the second time the bill failed for want of a constitutional majority.

Big Bond Bills Pass.

The war emergency \$1,000,000 bond issue, Senate Bill 490, introduced by Senator Johnson, was unanimously passed under suspension of the rules in the House, Mr. Benson making the motion.

Immediately afterward the \$3,000,000 Road Loan bill was unanimously passed in the same way.

Metzerott Bill Passes.

The Metzerott bill, providing that the State take over the Maryland School for Boys, was finally passed by the House without objection.

BRITISH CASUALTIES DROP.

March Totals 14,090—May Not Include Those of Present Drive.

London.—British casualties reported in March reached a total of 14,090, divided as follows:
Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 271; men, 2,673.

Wounded or missing: Officers, 810; men, 10,336.

This is the smallest total in several months, and evidently the casualties lists from the new battle in France have not begun to appear. The total in February was 18,961.

MEAT GOES UP 2½ CENTS.

Customary At This Time, Is Comforting Explanation.

Chicago.—Prices of the better cuts of meat were increased about two and one-half cents all over the country Monday. The increase was due to the lightness of cattle receipts, it was said, and is customary at this time of year. Abolishment of meatless days had nothing to do with the increase, it was said.

TWO NUNS EXECUTED.

With Chaplain Of Antwerp Hospital They Are Killed By Germans.

Washington.—An official dispatch from France said the chaplain and two nuns of the hospital of St. Elizabeth, at Antwerp, have been executed by the Germans. They were killed in the courtyard of the barracks at the same time as the Belgian oculist, Dr. De Mets.

ALAN R. HAWLEY
President of Aero Club of America Explains Aircraft Shortage.



Failure of congress to appropriate \$3,000,000,000 was given as the direct reason for the lack of American airplanes in France by Mr. Hawley.

OUR MEN VALOROUS

Americans Credited With "Fighting Like Veterans."

Two Officers Who Were Hurt Receive Decorations During the Action.

Paris.—"Entirely new in this warfare, the Americans worked like the best veterans in the battle of the Somme," says a wounded French captain who has been brought back from the front, according to La Liberte.

Two of the Americans, officers, who were wounded, were brought back with the French captain, a member of the Dragons. Each American wore a French war cross conferred on the battlefield. The French captain refused to receive attention until the Americans alongside him had first been nursed.

"They are the ones who should be congratulated," he said, calling upon the women of the Red Cross to look after the Americans.

The presence of American auxiliary troops on the fighting line in the great battle was the subject of much favorable comment, and when it became generally known that wounded American officers and men were being brought back with the French wounded from the region of St. Quentin American stock rose high. The moral effect was considerable, even though the supposition was that the number of the American troops in line was not considerable.

The comforting thing to the French is that recently, whenever there has been hot fighting, the Americans have had a share of it, even if a small one, and have acquitted themselves ably.

The women drivers of the American Fund for French Wounded, true to their tradition, have put their cars at the disposal of the numerous refugees who are arriving in Paris and are transporting them from station to station or to their friends in the city. At the Northern Railway station the American Red Cross found itself able to give thousands of refugees the care and comfort they needed after so many hours' travel. Every few hours a train would bring in a fresh lot of 300 of these unfortunates, most of them little children, old women and old men. They had been nearly three years in German hands until relieved last spring, and now have been forced to flee from the homes to which they had returned.

Allies Winning, Says March.
Washington.—In a statement Major General March, acting chief of staff, assured the American people that there is no cause for alarm in the advances made by the Germans in the great battle now raging in Picardy and expressed complete confidence in the triumph of the allied arms.

PACKING PLANTS INVESTIGATED.

President Approves Commission to Study Complex Meat Problem.
Washington.—Government operation of the big packing houses of the country has become a strong probability.

Herbert C. Hoover, the food administrator, announced that President Wilson has approved the appointment of a commission to study the entire complex meat problem, and that some drastic change of policy with respect to meat conservation and distribution must be made immediately.

FRANCE'S FOOD NEED GREATER.

Drive Compelled Abandonment of Supplies; Appeal to United States.
Washington.—The German drive in France has compelled the destruction or abandonment of much of the food supply in the Oise and Aisne regions, adding to the difficulties of the food situation in France. The attention of the American government, it became known, has been called to the need for additional food in France, where before the present battle the bread allowances were low.

On southern battlefield the French recaptured Ayencourt and Monchel.

The German drive has been checked, and the Hunns have been hurled back in several places on the western and southern edges of the salient.

East of Arras the British have advanced and taken prisoners and guns. South of the Somme the allies have blocked the path to Amiens, recapturing Demuin and Moreuil on either side of the Roye-Amiens road.

Allied troops are now co-operating with the Bolsheviks in stemming the invasion of Finnish White Guards, who have Germany's backing.

AMERICAN TROOPS MARCH TO BATTLE

United States Forces Are All Turned Over to the Allies Under Foch.

OVER 100,000 FOR DRIVE.

Great Activity in American Zone—Troops in Lines Miles Long Plod Over Muddy Roads—Men Determined, But Cheerful.

With the American Army in France.—The acceptance by France of General Pershing's offer of all American men and material for the present emergency has in effect virtually resulted in a unified army command, so far as the French army and American forces are concerned. This is shown by the fact that the orders issued to the American troops are of French origin.

All the American troops have been turned over to the allies for such use as they see fit to make of them. American troops may soon be fighting side by side with their British and French allies in the battle which is raging in northern France.

It is enough to say that great activity of many kinds is in progress in the entire American zone. Miles of motor trucks loaded with Americans have passed through the towns, some going in one direction, some in another. Through a driving rain the motor trucks plowed their way along muddy roads, the Americans singing. Many of the trucks had American flags fastened to their tailboards.

On other roads mile after mile of marching Americans splashed through the mud which came over their ankles. The horses were steaming from the work they had to do.

All the men are working as hard as possible, with the realization that they are to be of service in the common cause and used in the present conflict.

Great activity continued Sunday throughout the zone where the American troops are quartered. It began at four o'clock in the morning, when heavily loaded motor camions began rumbling through the streets and over the roads, which by noon were crowded with camions, both motor and horse drawn, marching men, horses and artillery.

As on Saturday, some parties were going in one direction and some in another. The Americans passing were cheered by others who stood along the roads watching the virtually endless procession, some of which were miles long.

Out on the open roads, the men in the camions sang everything from "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" to "Tipperary." They exhibited the greatest enthusiasm for the work they have in hand and seemed to be anxious to get it started.

Frequently during the day heavy motor trucks skidded from the muddy roads into ditches, but they were quickly literally picked up by as many Americans as could get a hand on them and set back on the road and started again toward their destination. A little thing like lifting the end of a five ton motor truck from a ditch means nothing to Americans who are in a hurry to get into the fight.

Quebec Anti-Draft Riot.

Quebec.—Quebec had a taste of real warfare when it witnessed a cavalry charge and dodged flying bullets. A mob of 10,000 assembled in the St. Roch district, the lower town, in which most of the trouble has originated, and marched in military formation to the barracks where the avowed intention of liberating the conscripts quartered there.

Fortunately the hotheads had announced their plans and the military was well prepared. When the first showers of missiles rattled on the drill hall windows the gates opened and a squadron of cavalry charged the mob, which scattered.

PITH OF THE WAR NEWS

The battle is slackening, according to news reaching Paris. The attacks of the Germans have been less violent and less numerous, and it has been observed that the enemy is feverishly digging himself in, particularly in the neighborhood of Lassigny. The general impression is that the situation is most satisfactory.

A German attempt to cross the Oise near Chauny ended disastrously. The entire battalion was either killed or captured.

On southern battlefield the French recaptured Ayencourt and Monchel. The German drive has been checked, and the Hunns have been hurled back in several places on the western and southern edges of the salient. East of Arras the British have advanced and taken prisoners and guns. South of the Somme the allies have blocked the path to Amiens, recapturing Demuin and Moreuil on either side of the Roye-Amiens road.

Allied troops are now co-operating with the Bolsheviks in stemming the invasion of Finnish White Guards, who have Germany's backing.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

Newly Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Pocomoke Circuit Church Notes

Sunday, April 7th, the district superintendent, Dr. V. S. Collins, of Salisbury, was expected to conduct the services over the charge, in company with the pastor; but a necessary change in his plans caused a postponement, the pastor conducting his own services. The Rev. Dr. Collins will spend next Sunday, April 14th, on the charge, when a special and extra service will be held at Holland's Church at 9 a. m., and other services at Cokesbury at 11 a. m. and Williams at 3 p. m. and Emmanuel at 8 p. m. All time here indicated is clock, or new time, of course.

At a supper and social-evening gathering at the John L. Payne residence, on a recent Friday, the guests were: Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Fisher, S. A. Evans and family, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Hope, Wm. Merrill, Jr., and family, E. W. Mills and family, Miss Cynthia Payne, of Pocomoke City; W. V. Taylor and family and Rev. C. A. Vandermeulen.

The Ladies' Aid Societies of three of the churches of the charge held their April meetings last week as follows: Williams Society, at the "Pent" Corbin home, Wednesday evening; Cokesbury, the John L. Payne home, Thursday evening, and Emmanuel, the Harold H. Gibbons home, Friday evening.

At Emmanuel Church on Easter Sunday, after discussion, the pastor appointed H. H. Gibbons, Alton Dryden, N. W. C. Gibbons and Norman Dryden a committee to report on, and to provide for, without delay, more suitable lighting facilities for the church and for a sexton—upon the resignation of the former sexton.

Seventeen little scholars of her class in the Cokesbury Sunday School met at the home of Mrs. E. W. Mills Monday evening of last week. The "Egg Hunt," only one of the several surprises for the children, added much to a most enjoyable occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. A. Roland Moore, Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Taylor and Rev. Mr. Vandermeulen were guests at the E. W. Mills home on the occasion of a bountiful Easter Sunday evening dinner.

After a two-day visit as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. A. Roland Moore, returned to their home at Port Norfolk, Va., on Monday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Gibbons entertained the Rev. Mr. Vandermeulen at supper last Friday, and also the Emmanuel Ladies' Aid Society in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Mills and son, Oscar, visited Virginia relatives just over the line early last week, traveling by automobile.

Rev. Vandermeulen spent much of last Friday making pastoral calls in the Holland's community.

Rev. Vandermeulen visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gibbons last Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Mills entertained a supper and evening guest in the person of their pastor, Monday of last week.

Upper Fairmount

April 6—Mr. Geo. W. Maddox is on the sick list.

Mrs. Joseph Brown is visiting relatives in Baltimore.

Mrs. H. W. German, of East Orange, N. J., is a visitor at the home of Mr. W. T. Sudler.

Mr. H. C. Tull spent yesterday in Salisbury and was the guest of his son, Dr. Harry Tull.

Miss Carrie Maddox left Thursday for Baltimore where she will visit her brothers, Messrs. Frank and G. A. Maddox.

The Red Cross Circle of Fairmount will give a musicale at the home of Mr. U. L. Mitchell, on Friday evening, April 12th.

Rev. W. N. Sherwood left Tuesday for Baltimore where he will attend the Maryland Annual Conference which convenes at Broadway Church.

Rev. A. W. Goodhand, who has been pastor of Christ Methodist Episcopal Church for three years, left this week for his new appointment at Still Pond.

Government Edict Will Close Saloons

All saloons within a radius of five miles of the United States Army Quartermaster's Depot, at Colgate, will be closed on April 30 and remain so for the duration of the war.

The order was issued last week by the War Department. It will close all saloons in Highlandtown and Canton, Gardenville and Back River. The law exempts saloons within the limits of Baltimore city.

Five miles from the Quartermaster's Depot at Colgate will cover a circle from Sparrows Point to just east of Mount Winans, and from Raspeburg on the north to Arundel Cove in Anne Arundel county on the south. If extended into the city it would go west about Carroll Park, sweeping around in a circle to include all of the business section of the city, Homestead, Clifton Park and down through Spring Gardens on the south, through Westport, to include all of Brooklyn and Wagners Point in Anne Arundel. A clause in the law, however, protects the saloons in the city limits.

In Baltimore county it will include Highlandtown and Canton, Gardenville, Orangeville, Rosedale, all saloons along Back River, including Hollywood Park; down North Point to beyond the battle monument, taking in Patapsco Neck, all of Bear Creek and most of its tributaries. It will include Riverview Park, Thompson Seagirt House, St. Helena, Dundalk, Turner Station and Edgemore. The order will close from 180 to 200 saloons in Baltimore county and probably 25 in Anne Arundel county. In revenue to the counties it will mean from \$60,000 to \$80,000 loss; to the state, from Baltimore county's portion, from \$15,000 to \$20,000.

Whooping Cough

Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy. It is excellent.

(Advertisement)

WAR COST NINE BILLION DOLLARS

More Than Half Of U. S. Outlay Has Gone In Loans To Allies

Nine billion dollars is the approximate cost to the United States for one year of war.

More than one-half has gone in loans to Allies and will be repaid eventually; over one-third has been spent for the army and military establishments; one-tenth for the navy, and one-fifteenth for shipbuilding.

Just one-sixth of this big war cost has been raised by taxation and other ordinary sources of revenue, and the balance has come from sale of Liberty bonds and certificates of indebtedness.

Enormous as these war expenditures may seem to a country whose Government in peace times costs between \$700,000,000 and \$800,000,000, they are less than Great Britain's and are only about two-thirds of estimates made by officials less than a year ago. Slow progress of the ship-building program and the retarding of the outpouring of war supplies are regarded by officials as the chief reasons why expenses did not equal estimates.

Government expenses now are running about \$1,000,000,000 a month, with somewhat less than half going to Allies, who spend the greater part of their loans for war supplies in this country. Since the declaration of war, April 6, 1917, the Government's actual expenditures have been more than \$9,800,000,000, but about \$800,000,000 of this sum would have been spent for normal activities even if the United States had not entered the war.

Ordinary expenditures, under which the Treasury classifies all outlays for operation of the Governmental machinery and war enterprises, since the declaration of war have been approximately \$5,084,000,000. Actual payments to Allies amounted to about \$4,743,000,000.

Income from internal revenue, most of which is represented by war taxes, and from customs and miscellaneous sources, was run up to about \$1,535,000,000 and the two Liberty Loans have brought to the Treasury a little less than \$5,800,000,000. Small collections from war savings and thrift stamps in the last four months amount to \$140,000,000.

About \$3,200,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness are now outstanding and will be redeemed at various times within the next few months. This means that the Treasury has received this amount to cover running expenses, but will have to repay it soon out of receipts from taxes due in June and from the Third Liberty Loan.

For Bilious Troubles

To promote a healthy action of the liver and correct the disorders caused by biliousness, Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. Try them and see how quickly they give you a relish for your food and banish that dull and stupid feeling.

(Advertisement)

Editors Pledge Support For War

At the final session of the Maryland Press Association in convention at the Southern Hotel, Baltimore, last Tuesday action upon one of the most important questions, the increase in advertising rates, was postponed until the special meeting, which will be held in July at Ocean City. Following the business meeting that morning the election of officers was held and the present incumbents were re-elected. They are John E. Raine, of the New Era, Towson, president; R. H. Collins, the Transcript, Chestertown, vice-president; W. S. McCombs, the Republican, Havre de Grace, secretary-treasurer.

A resolution was adopted unanimously by the convention commending and indorsing all civil and military activities of the government to promote a strong and vigorous prosecution of the war against Prussianism and pledging support in every way to make democracy the supreme element in the government of the world.

At the luncheon, which followed the session, N. A. Huse, vice-president of the American Press Association, spoke. Every county in the State contributed its full quota of newspaper men.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

Which Is Better—Try An Experiment Or Profit By A Princess Anne Citizen's Experience

Something new is an experiment. Must be proved to be as represented. The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit.

But the endorsement of friends is. Now supposing you had a bad back, A lame, weak, or aching one, Would you experiment on it? You will read of many so-called cures. Endorsed by strangers from far-away places.

It's different when the endorsement comes from home. Easy to prove local testimony. Read this Princess Anne case: Charles R. Porter, Antioch avenue extended, (Route One) says: "Whenever I caught cold it settled in my kidneys and I suffered from severe backaches. I had to get up several times at night to pass the kidney secretions. It was three years ago when I had the last attack, but haven't had any trouble since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me. I got Doan's at T. J. Smith & Co.'s drug store and I recommend them highly to anyone."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Porter had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

(Advertisement)

SEVERAL PROPERTY TRANSFERS

Recorded In The Office Of The Circuit Court For Somerset County

Charles H. Layfield from Ralph P. Thompson and wife, 262 acres in Westover district; consideration \$10,500.

Ralph P. Thompson from Charles H. Layfield and wife, 4 acres in Westover district; consideration \$5 and other considerations.

Harley D. Yates from Clive K. Ballard and others, 73 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$2,500.

Clive K. Ballard and another from Harley D. Yates and wife, 43 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$2,000.

Carey V. Thorne from William McDurmon and wife, land in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$9,500.

J. Fred Adams from Jacob H. Stewart and wife, 12 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$5.

Harry T. Phoebus from Jesse M. Phoebus and wife, 23½ acres in St. Peter's district; consideration \$500 and other considerations.

George Norman Pusey from Edward B. Lankford and wife, 30 4-5 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$500.

Turner Brother Co. from George Norman Pusey and wife, 15 3-10 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$234.50.

William L. Pryor from George Norman Pusey and wife, 2½ acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$170.

Perryhawkin Items

April 6—Messrs. Clayton Marriner and James Long motored to Salisbury on Tuesday.

Mr. James Sterling and family, of Princess Anne, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Anderson.

Mrs. Byrd Butler was taken to Baltimore Wednesday, at which place she will undergo treatment at the Johns Hopkins Hospital.

The Ladies' Aid, Perryhawkin Church, was well attended and delightfully entertained at the home of Mrs. Woodland Culver Tuesday evening. The society decided to hold a candy social at the home of Rev. C. C. Derrickson Thursday evening, April 11th.

Carbolic Acid.

The use of carbolic acid as a disinfectant should be discouraged, but when it is used it must be borne in mind that to be efficacious it must be diluted in about twenty times its bulk of cold water.

Rheumatism Yields

Only rheumatic sufferers know the agony of its darting pains, aching joints or twisting cords. But some few have not known that

SCOTT'S EMULSION

has been correcting this trouble when other treatments have utterly failed.

Scott's is essentially blood-food in such rich, concentrated form that its oil gets into the blood to alleviate this stubborn malady.

Get a bottle of Scott's Emulsion or advise an ailing friend. No alcohol.

The Norwegian cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which makes it pure and palatable. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 17-22

Daily Thought. Conversation is the vent of character as well as of thought.—Emerson.

JUST ARRIVED

Men's New Shoes

\$2.55 to \$3.00 per pair

Men's 2nd-Hand Shoes

\$2.05 to \$2.25 per pair

Men's Slippers

\$1.50 to \$2.25 per pair

Men's Sanitary Clothing

(PAWN BROKER)

to sell at \$10.00 per Suit

You will save money by purchasing above goods at prices named

Store Opens

9 a. m.

Store Closes

10 p. m.

Eat Potatoes, Save Wheat Bread

Frederick J. Flurer

Princess Anne, Md.

LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE

EVERY month we make enough Lucky Strike Cigarettes to reach, end to end, from New York to China, the long way around. That's

15,000,000 A DAY

Regular men like the Lucky Strike Cigarette—good, solid Kentucky Burley tobacco, fine for a cigarette because—

IT'S TOASTED



OUR NEW SPRING SUITS ARE READY

Complete Assortment Displayed for Your Selection

At no time have we been able to offer clothing for men at greater price savings than the new styles now ready. Greater buying power and greater selling power, larger experience have all shown their marks in this Spring offering in ready-to-wear clothing for men. A splendid assortment of Blues, Blacks and the seasons fancy weaves awaits you at \$10.00 to \$25.00. Take a look.

Boys' New Spring Suits

IN THE NEW SHADES ARE IN—
Prices . . . \$3.50 to \$15.00

And also a very smart assortment of New Haberdashery—pleasing effects in SHIRTS, NECK-WARE and HOSIERY—and the usual complete line of best grade Underwear, Hats and Shoes.

John W. Morris & Sons, Inc.

Shoes for the Whole Family
Clothing for Men and Boys

Princess Anne (Main street) Maryland

The Wheels of Industry

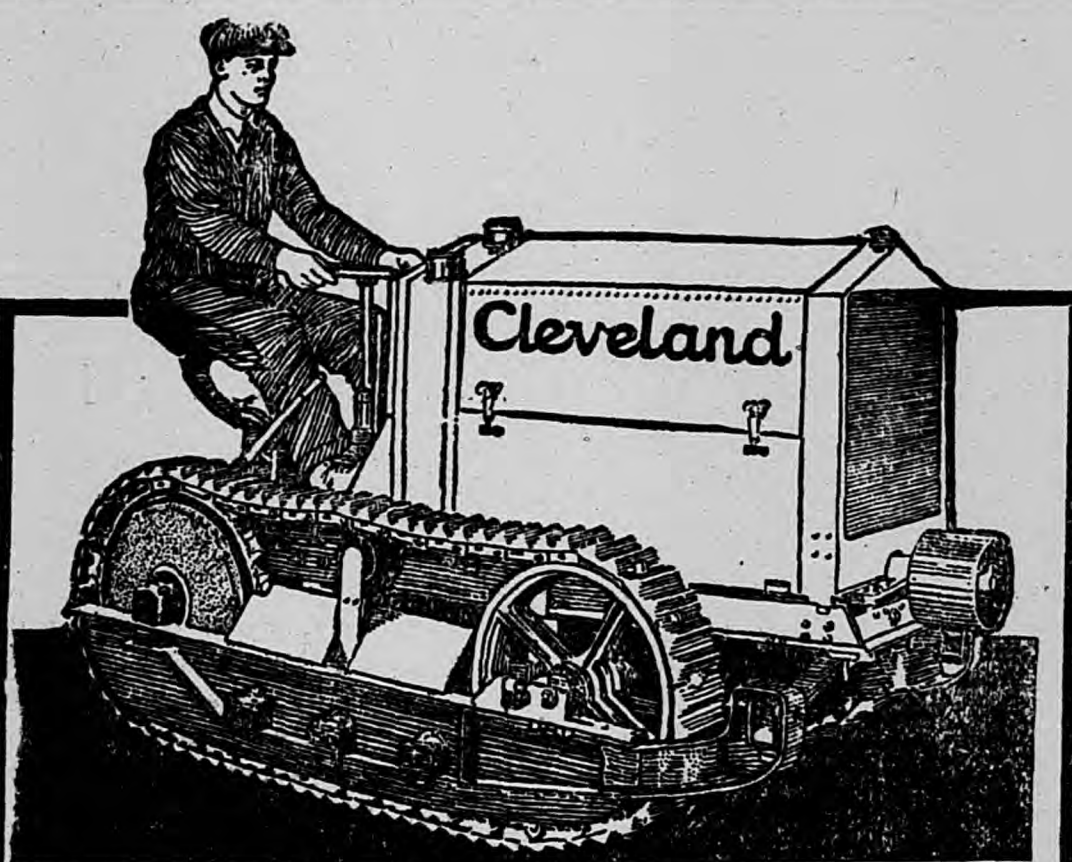
must rapidly revolve that the raw resources of the nation may be converted quickly into materials for War

The industry of this community is called upon to contribute its full share. And to this end business man and banker may well work hand in hand.

The officers of this institution welcome consultation with local business interests, and extend willingly the greatest possible measure of co-operation.

PEOPLES BANK
of SOMERSET COUNTY

Princess Anne, Maryland



The Cleveland Tractor

The Cleveland Tractor will plow 3¼ miles an hour—8 to 10 acres a day. That equals the work of three good 3-horse teams and three men.

Traveling on its own tracks, it will go practically anywhere—even through ditches or rumbos, sand and gravel. Although small enough for work in orchards, the Cleveland develops full 12 h. p. at the draw-bar for hauling.

At the pulley belt it gives 20 h. p.—plenty for stationary work, such as shelling corn, cutting ensilage, filling silos, pumping and many other uses on the farm where power is needed. You can turn it in a 12-foot circle—just about what it takes to turn a team. It can be housed in less space than it takes for a horse.

STANDARD MOTOR CO.

CADILLAC BLDG. 1007-15 N. EUTAW STREET

BALTIMORE - MARYLAND

Eastern Shore Branch

Camden and Dock Sts., SALISBURY, MD.

FOR STYLISH AND QUALITY PRINTING Bring your orders to the Marylander and Herald Office.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862
SOMERSET HERALD, 1888

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, APRIL 16, 1918

Vol. XX No. 33

SEVERAL PROPERTY TRANSFERS

Recorded In The Office Of The Circuit Court For Somerset County

George E. Davis from H. Fillmore Lankford, trustee, land in Brinkley's district; consideration \$51.

Peter O. Hudson and another from William Algie Hayman and wife, 100 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$500 and other valuable considerations.

Henry W. Jones and another from Cora L. Walton, 155 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$1,300.

Isaiah Q. Stout from Wm. S. Richardson and wife, land in Brinkley's district; consideration \$5,000 and other valuable considerations.

Jos. Middleby, Jr., Inc. from Cassius M. Dashiell, 2 acres in West Princess Anne district.

Minnie G. Horsey from Robert H. Whittington and wife, 1 acre in Lawson's district; consideration \$300.

James H. Turpin from Alonzo L. Murrell and wife, 12 1/2 acres in Lawson's district; consideration \$1,000.

John P. Marshall from Walter A. Evans and wife, land on Smith's Island; consideration \$325.

William F. Long Dies In Washington

Mr. William F. Long died at midnight March 8th at the United States Soldiers' Home, Washington, D. C., and his remains were interred on March 11th in the Home cemetery in that city.

Mr. Long was born in Fairmount, Somerset county, and was about 74 years of age. He was a veteran of the Civil War. In 1873 or 1874 Mr. Long was overseer of the Captain Frank Waller farm, on Little Monie creek, and after leaving Monie he came to Princess Anne and was town bailiff for two years, from 1897 to 1899. He then went to Philadelphia and remained in that city for some time and then went to Los Angeles, California. In that city he was run over by an automobile and seriously injured and was confined in a hospital for over a year. It was this accident which caused him to seek admission to the Soldiers' Home. Some years ago he came to Princess Anne and was warmly greeted by many old friends. He was loyal to his friends and a lover of Somerset county.

See The Base Ball Game

Tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon the Washington High School team will cross bats with the Red Cross All-Stars on the High School campus. The game will be called at 3 o'clock, and it is expected to be of interest from start to finish. The line up follows:

Red Cross All-Stars—Edwin Morris, 1st base; Harry Alvord, short stop; James Sterling, 3rd base; Raymond Carey, left field; Paul Walker, center field; Malcolm Walker, right field; Marion Hayman, catcher; Charles Carrow, 2d base.

Washington High School—Charles J. Smith, 2d base; Benjamin Barnes, short stop; Merwyn Pusey, 3rd base; Percy Dryden, pitcher; Arthur Jones, catcher; John Coard, right field; Wendell Powell, 1st base; Robert Oates, left field; Gilbert Fitzgerald, center field.

The admission to the grounds will be 25 cents. The proceeds will be for the benefit of the Red Cross Circle of Princess Anne.

Patriotic Meeting Wednesday

The patriotic meeting to be held in the Auditorium to-morrow (Wednesday) evening at 7.30 o'clock will be addressed by Hon. Arthur J. Westmyer, of New York; Mr. G. S. Block, of Baltimore; Rev. B. J. Rhoades and Rev. A. N. Ward.

The meeting is held to concentrate attention upon the supreme issues of the war as interpreted by President Wilson in his message to Congress, and it is hoped that there will be a large attendance to hear these noted speakers. The committee of arrangements has spared no pains to make this meeting a success.

Compulsory Work Agent Coming

An agent of the Compulsory Work Bureau, now visiting counties on the Eastern Shore arresting loafers and violators of the Compulsory Work Law, is expected to visit this county within the next few weeks.

It is desired that citizens will report names of violators of this law to State's Attorney Beauchamp or Sheriff Dryden, so that an investigation may be made when the agent visits the county.

County Agent Keller will act as labor exchange for those desiring work and for those needing farm labor.

Private Robert Maddox, of the 114th regiment, having a five days' furlough, spent the time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Maddox, returning to Camp Meade last Sunday.

BIG BLAZE AT MARION STATION

Fire Destroys Five Frame Buildings And Damages Farmers Bank

Fire swept the business section of Marion Monday night of last week, destroying five frame buildings, badly damaging the building of the Farmers Bank of Somerset County and entailing a total loss of about \$10,000.

The fire started in the dry goods and millinery store of Mrs. Bessie Robertson, and was discovered about 8 o'clock after it had gained considerable headway. Although a bucket brigade was formed, the flames soon enveloped the building and then jumped to the adjoining structure which was occupied by Mr. John Marshall, as a shoe-making establishment. The blacksmith and wheelwright shop of Mr. Claude Messick was then reached by the flames, while they began to spread south and enveloped the store of Mr. E. J. Adams, adjoining the Farmers Bank.

The bucket brigade did good work, but could not check the fire, and an appeal was sent to the Crisfield Fire Department for help. Immediately the Crisfield Fire Department responded, and with the big automobile fire engine was soon on the scene. By this time, however, the flames had spread and were reaching the Farmers Bank and considerable damage was done to that building before the flames could be checked. All of the other buildings were completely demolished.

All of the buildings destroyed were owned by Mr. Aden Davis and were only partially covered by insurance. The damage to the Farmers bank was almost completely covered and the loss is therefore slight. The vault was intact and no papers or valuables of any kind were lost. The bank has secured temporary quarters in the barber shop across the street, where their business is being transacted without interruption until their building can be made ready for their occupancy.

Severe Storm Does Damage

A great deal of damage has been done by the "Wet Northeaster" that started in here Monday evening of last week and prevailed most of the week. The storm reached the height of its fury Tuesday night, when the rain came down in torrents and the wind blew a gale. As a result trees and fences are down all over the county. In Princess Anne two large trees were blown down opposite the Colgan property and stopped traffic on the street until they were removed Wednesday morning. The tide was higher than it has been for some years. A number of houses along the Manokin river in the north section of the town were surrounded by water until Thursday evening.

At Ocean City great damage was done. The fish pounds were torn up by the storm, causing the owners a loss of thousands of dollars. Some fish shanties were also damaged. Old ocean rolled over into the bay in nearly every section of the city on Wednesday and pedestrians could get around only when gum-boated. The storm was general throughout the State.

Board Of Education Makes Reforms

The State Board of Education has passed upon and ordered certain reforms for the reduction of expenses incident to the graduation from the High Schools of the State. These reforms are:

1. If there is a department of Domestic Art in the high school, the graduates should make their own dresses, and same not to exceed in cost over \$8.00.
2. The invitations to the graduating exercises should be printed and not engraved.
3. The music at the graduation exercises should be furnished by the talent of the school.
4. Caps and gowns should not be worn, nor should the word "baccalaureate" be used in connection with the sermon preached to the graduates.
5. Class Day exercises should be separate from graduation exercises.

CIRCUIT COURT STILL IN SESSION

Grand Jury Discharged Tuesday Afternoon—Cases Disposed Of

The Circuit Court for Somerset County was in session all of last week and adjourned Saturday at noon until yesterday (Monday) morning at 9 o'clock, when it re-convened with Judges Duer and Bailey on the bench.

The grand jury was discharged last Tuesday afternoon after returning 15 bills of indictment. Among the cases tried last week were the following:

No. 19—Trials—George Polyelette vs. N. Y. P. & N. Railroad Company; suit for damages. Before jury. Verdict for Railroad Company.

Nos. 8 and 6—Criminal Appeals—State vs. Charles Bradshaw; having unmerchable oysters. Before jury. Verdict for Bradshaw (2 cases).

George A. Cox vs. William T. Halliday; suit for damages. Plaintiff took non pros. Judgment for defendant's costs.

No. 9—Criminal Appeals—State vs. Walter Smullen; trespass. Before jury. Verdict for Smullen.

No. 9—Civil Appeals—W. Raymond Shelor vs. Samuel S. Barnes; appeal from Justice of the Peace. Before jury. Verdict for Shelor.

No. 3—Trials—Mary E. Gunby et. al. vs. L. Cooper Dize et. al.; suit for trespass. Before jury. Verdict for defendants.

No. 11—Indictment—State vs. Nutter Sterling; for malicious destruction of property. Before jury. Not guilty.

George W. North vs. Elizabeth Nelson; suit on replevin. Before jury. Verdict for plaintiff and judgment for \$216.25.

No. 5—Indictment—State vs. Lawrence Ray; for jail breaking. Before court. Guilty.

No. 8—Indictment—State vs. George McCabe; wife beating. Before court. Found guilty and sentenced to one day in the county jail.

Somerset County Drainage Law

Governor Harrington has signed the bill presented at the last session of the legislature for a drainage system in this county.

This is the first local law governing drainage in the county, and as drainage is one of our most serious problems it was deemed advisable that a local law should be enacted which would give the farmers an opportunity to do some needed drainage work.

Under the new law any owner or owners of land may petition the County Commissioners to have proceedings started for the cleaning out or establishing of any tax ditch. It also provides that a line ditch will be considered the same as line fences, and that a neighbor will be compelled to assist in the upkeep of a ditch between his property and that of his neighbor.

Farmers should become familiar with this law and take advantage of it and begin their drainage work. The present wet weather should be a reminder to them of what they might expect this summer.

County Agent C. Z. Keller will gladly assist in starting any proceedings for a tax ditch and will explain the new drainage law to farmers who may be interested.

Prizes For Production Of Food Products

Edwin G. Baetjer, the United States Food Administrator for Maryland, in co-operation with the Department of Agriculture and the Maryland Agricultural College, is arranging a series of prizes for the stimulation of the production of food products in the state of Maryland during the coming season.

Three prizes, full details of which will be announced later, will aggregate about \$25,000, which sum is secured by private subscription and not out of public funds.

The plan, as outlined, will include among other prizes a number in each county for the best farm garden of one-half acre or more, and a separate set of prizes for the best home or farm of less than one-half acre. These garden prizes will aggregate about \$500 for each county of the state.

Guernsey Breeding Association

The Guernsey breed of dairy cattle becomes one of the most popular breeds of cattle in the county.

A Community Breeding Association it is believed would be desirable for improving the great number of Guernsey grades and induce the farmers to use a better class of breeding stock. The improvement within the next few years would be considerable and the profits of the dairy herds would be increased.

It is desired that all those interested in the Guernsey breed and in an association of this kind, will advise County Agent C. Z. Keller, who will be glad to arrange a meeting and have a specialist present this month.

ELIGIBLES FOR COMING DRAFT

State Prepared To Furnish Its Quota Of 2,120 Promptly

The Maryland district draft boards will begin at once the compiling of lists of eligibles for the new draft ordered by the President. The total quota for the state is 2,120. They must be ready to be sent to Camp Meade by May 1.

The district boards anticipate no obstacles in complying with the order of the Washington authorities which was received by Governor Harrington and transmitted by him to Adjutant General Warfield and the several draft boards.

Because of experience less delay and less confusion are anticipated in this than in the former drafts. The physical and medical examinations have been going on since the last draft. Hence a great deal of the preliminary work has already been done. Twenty per cent. of the drafted men will move to camp from each district on April 26. A second 20 per cent. will move on each of the four days prior to May 1, when the full quota will be in camp. All the questionnaires sent out in December have been answered and returned. Those in Class 1 are first subject to call.

Men who are expert agriculturists will be placed in a deferred class in the draft. Some of the soldiers now wearing khaki who are familiar with farm work will be furloughed to help in producing crops.

The quota for the counties is: Allegany county, No. 1, 40; No. 2, 59; Anne Arundel, 69; Baltimore county, No. 1, 53; No. 2, 54; No. 3, 69; No. 4, 52; Calvert county, 13; Caroline county, 23; Carroll county, 43; Cecil county, 30; Charles county, 23; Dorchester county, 38; Frederick county, No. 1, 16; No. 2, 58; Garrett county, 26; Harford county, 23; Howard county, 21; Kent county, 21; Montgomery county, 43; Prince George's county, 48; Queen Anne's county, 21; St. Mary's county, 20; Somerset county, 36; Talbot county, 26; Washington county, No. 1, 43; No. 2, 44; Wicomico county, 39; Worcester county, 28.

Nitrate Of Soda

County Agent C. Z. Keller has received a telegram from the Bureau of Markets, stating that the nitrate of soda shipment which the government is selling to the farmers, was to arrive at Norfolk, Va., Tuesday, April 9th, from South America.

The shipment has been delayed on account of ships being unavailable. It is expected that the nitrate for the farmers of this county will arrive during this week.

Mr. Wm. P. Todd will distribute the nitrate of soda at Princess Anne, and Mr. Fred Adams will distribute the nitrate to the farmers in the vicinity of Marion.

The nitrate of soda will be shipped subject to sight draft and all money for the nitrate will be handled by the Bank of Somerset. Farmers who have ordered nitrate of soda should arrange at once to send their check for the nitrate to the Bank of Somerset in order to avoid further delay.

The government has allotted 39 1/2 tons at \$75.50 a ton, to the farmers of Somerset. In addition to this the farmers pay the State fertilizer fee of 10c a ton and the freight charges from Norfolk at government rates.

K. of P. Stand Behind Wilson

The Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, at its closing meeting in Pythian Castle, Gay and Lexington streets, Baltimore, last Wednesday sent a telegram to President Wilson assuring him of the hearty support and the loyal cooperation of the 10,000 members of the order in Maryland and informing him that by resolution the lodge had recommended the purchases of Liberty Bonds by its individual lodges and members.

Bonds to the amount of \$2,000 were purchased at the session.

The following officers were installed: John R. Hopwood, grand chancellor; Rev. James S. Webster, Hancock, grand vice chancellor; Julius Renninger, Oakland, grand prelate; James H. Hendrix, grand keeper of records and seals; Lewis Reitz, grand master of the exchequer; John K. Ruff, Roslyn, grand master-at-arms; Charles H. Adler, grand inner guard, and Edward A. Cairnes, Jarrettsville, grand outer guard.

The Liberty Loan Committee of Maryland has arranged to send to the Eastern Shore during the week of April 22nd a brass band troop of Canadian soldiers who have seen service in the trenches, and well-known speakers. They will hold meetings in all the principal towns and county seats, and will probably reach Somerset the latter part of that week. Meetings will be held at Princess Anne, Marion and Crisfield. The date and hour of the meetings will be published next week.

APPORTIONMENT OF THIRD LOAN

Baltimore To Contribute \$28,453,900—Somerset's Share \$218,900

Baltimore city's and the counties' quotas in the third Liberty Loan were officially fixed last Wednesday afternoon by the Liberty Loan Committee, following advices from the Reserve Bank at Richmond, Virginia.

The official quota for the whole State is \$38,482,200. Of this Baltimore city is expected to contribute \$28,453,900. The balance, \$10,028,300, is apportioned to the counties. The quotas for the various counties follow:

Allegany	\$1,478,300
Anne Arundel	244,000
Baltimore	650,000
Calvert	65,000
Caroline	305,200
Carroll	971,800
Cecil	330,400
Charles	101,500
Dorchester	356,000
Frederick	1,577,300
Garrett	168,900
Harford	330,100
Howard	101,500
Kent	254,400
Montgomery	329,800
Prince George	200,000
Queen Anne	218,200
St. Mary's	95,200
Somerset	218,900
Talbot	321,000
Washington	1,185,500
Wicomico	238,900
Worcester	286,300

It will be seen that Frederick county has been apportioned the largest quota of any county. While less populous than Allegany, whose quota is slightly less, Frederick county is reputed as one of the richest sections of the state. Joseph D. Baker, chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee for that county, has wired the committee that his section already has pledged its full quota and probably will go over that amount.

The Somerset county banks and their customers are expected to subscribe the following amounts:

Bank of Somerset	\$68,300
Peoples Bank of Somerset Co'ty	25,400
Deal's Island Bank	5,200
Bank of Crisfield	79,400
Marine Bank	20,900
Farmers Bank of Somerset Co'ty	13,800
Bank of Marion	5,500

Let every Marylander get behind the drive. Let each Somerset citizen dig deep into his pockets. Somerset must subscribe to \$218,900 of the bonds, and the sooner it is done the harder it will strike the Kaiser.

Over 300 Bills Are Now Laws

Governor Harrington last Wednesday signed 200 bills passed by the recent General Assembly. With bills previously signed the total number that are now laws are about 300. About 200 bills remain to be acted upon, of which quite a large proportion will be vetoed. The Governor will take up the signing of remaining bills, which meet his approval, at 4 o'clock tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon.

Among the many important bills signed Wednesday was one long needed by Maryland, a uniform game and fish law. State-wide hunting and fishing licenses will hereafter be necessary. Other important bills were:

Increasing the pay of the Baltimore police. Home rule for the counties. State care of colored tuberculosis patients. Creating a state armory commission. Making Chesapeake Beach dry after June 1. State tax rate for 1919 and 1920. Omnibus Request bill. Lifting embargo on railway tracks on East Baltimore street. "Bar and bottle" bill. Supplemental paving tax bill for the annex. Authorizing sale of Fourth Regiment Armory lot at the corner of North and Maryland avenues.

Second Red Cross War Drive

Mr. John Poole, president of the Federal National Bank and chairman of the Third Liberty Loan Committee for the District of Columbia, has been appointed by the National War Council as chairman of the Second Red Cross War Drive for the Potomac Division of the American Red Cross. The division comprises the District of Columbia and the states of Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia.

The sum to be raised in the division is \$3,300,000, and while such large cities as Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Norfolk and Wheeling are included in its territory, yet for the most part it is agricultural, and, comparatively speaking, sparsely populated.

When this is considered it would seem that Mr. Poole and his associates have no easy task before them; but a difficult task is not one which would deter Mr. Poole—he has tackled just such problems before, and always with energy and success.

"Teacher Kin I Go Home"—Music and Patriotic selections—will be rendered by the pupils of Monie School, Miss May Cannon, teacher, on Saturday evening, April 20th, at the hall at Oriole. Proceeds to go towards making the school a Red Cross unit. All invited to go. Admission, 10 and 15 cts.

THE COMPULSORY WORK LAW

To Be Enforced For Somerset County—All Must Work

The compulsory work law of the State of Maryland now provides that all able-bodied male persons, between 18 and 50 years of age, with certain exceptions, as students, etc., who are not regularly and continuously employed shall register with the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which such person may be assigned to work.

Any person not continuously employed as above stated, who does not register, is guilty of a misdemeanor for not having registered and should be convicted by the Justice and fined, not exceeding \$50.00. The accused will then be registered by said Justice.

Duplicate registration cards will be sent to the office of the Director of the Compulsory Work Bureau of Baltimore, where the registrants will be classified and assigned to definite work for private and public employers at a reasonable wage. Any person who is assigned to work and who fails or refuses to do or to continue to do the work assigned to him and who, in the meantime, has not become continuously employed, is subject to be fined not exceeding \$500 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment in either jail or House of Correction.

The county agent will assist any laborer not regularly and continuously employed in securing such employment by referring him to farmers and others who apply to him for labor. Such registered persons will be relieved of the obligation of doing assigned work at a fixed wage by reporting to the Director of the Compulsory Work Bureau that they have become continuously employed, when such claims are confirmed.

The following suggestions are offered as a means for enforcing the compulsory work law in Somerset county:

1. Citizens generally are requested to notify the sheriff or the constable or other county officials charged with enforcing the law of the names and residences of persons within their knowledge, who are required to register under the law and who have not registered. Such reports made to the county agent will be turned over to the sheriff or constables for their official action. The name of the reporter should not be disclosed.

2. Farmers and others needing labor are asked to apply to the county agent who will assist registered laborers in securing continuous work to avoid being assigned definite tasks at a fixed price. Sheriff Charles S. Dryden, State's Attorney L. Creston Beauchamp, and Col. Henry J. Waters, chairman of the County Council of Defense, have been designated, among others, by the Governor to co-operate in the enforcement of this law.

Place Your Order For Coal At Once

United States Fuel Administrator Harry A. Garfield has issued the following statement:

Every household, every public utility and every industrial user of coal engaged in work essential to the prosecution of the war are earnestly advised and urged to place without delay their orders for coal to cover their needs for the 12 months beginning April 1.

Inconvenience of paying for coal in the spring or summer, when it will not be needed until autumn or winter, should not influence any consumer to delay placing his order and securing his supply. It is far wiser to borrow money in the spring to pay for one's coal than to wait until autumn or winter, when, if the coal has not been mined and shipped, money can not procure it.

The Fuel Administration, through the State fuel administrators and local committees, is prepared in every reasonable way to aid public utilities, essential industries, retail dealers and domestic consumers in placing their orders and in securing assurance of a sufficient supply of fuel. All these governmental agencies, however, are powerless if the consumers themselves fail to act. Again, therefore, the Fuel Administration urges every consumer to place his orders immediately. This should ordinarily be done through the medium of supply upon which the consumer has relied in the past. If this course is followed, it may be hoped that the suffering and loss of the past winter will not be repeated. If it is not done, consumers will have themselves to blame.

F. A. Meyer, State Fuel Administrator, advocates the immediate buying of coal for next winter's use. He says the written blanks must be made out giving the amount of coal needed and that these blanks are on hand. They will be furnished by coal companies.

Miss Kathleen Ford, who has been stenographer in the Clerk's office for the past four years, has resigned her position and will leave for Washington tomorrow (Wednesday), where she has accepted a position in the Quartermaster General's office.

SHALL WE HAVE AN HONOR FLAG?



HONOR FLAG OF THE THIRD LIBERTY LOAN

AWARDED BY THE UNITED STATES
TREASURY DEPARTMENT TO EVERY
TOWN SUBSCRIBING ITS QUOTA

Shall our community be enrolled among those of the land which will have the honor of hoisting the flag of the Third Liberty Loan?

From one end of the country to the other the people of cities, towns and villages are engaged in a patriotic competition for the privilege of flying this flag.

Our community, which has ever been foremost in the promotion of the patriotic causes of the government is expected to be lined up with those on the roll of honor, and it is believed that every man, woman and child among us will share in this work, which, briefly told, is the subscription of our allotment of bonds.

The greatest honor that can come to any town in this campaign will be to win the right to fly the first honor flag in the United States.

The honor flag to be awarded to communities is 36 by 54 inches and constructed from a good quality material like that used in the Navy. It has a red border and a white center and three vertical blue stripes, indicative of the Third Liberty Loan campaign. This flag will be awarded to each community that subscribes the sales quota set for it by its Federal Reserve District Liberty Loan Committee. As an additional honor em-

blem, a blue star, to be sewed into the white field of the flag, will be awarded to communities every time they increase their quotas by one hundred per cent.

In other words, if a town's quota is \$100,000, it will be entitled to an honor flag when its subscriptions reach this amount; should its subscriptions reach \$200,000 it will be entitled to one blue star and for each additional \$100,000 it will receive another star.

In addition to the awarding of the honor flags, there will be window cards measuring 7 by 9 inches bearing a reproduction of the large Honor Liberty Loan Flag and containing a space for the subscriber's name. When a bond is sold the name of the purchaser should be written in by the bond salesman or it can be written in by the subscriber himself. This card will then be hung in the window of the subscriber's home or place of business as evidence of his patriotism and loyalty to his country.

The Honor Flag plan is one that will separate the quick from the dead towns beyond all shadow of a doubt. It puts the classification right up to the communities themselves. Where will YOUR town stand? This is a question which YOU have got to answer.

AMERICA NEEDS ALL OF ITS INDUSTRIES FOR WAR AND PEACE

No Such Thing in the United States as Nonessential Plants.

EVIL OF NEGATIVE ECONOMY.

Preparation for After War Competition Necessary — Give Munitions Shops and Military Supplies Preference, but Don't Cause Involuntary Idleness, Which Will Demoralize Prosperity.

No factory should be closed and no person should be deprived of work as long as the products can find a market unless other work can be found for the plant and the toilers, which is of more importance to the nation. There are no such things as nonessentials in our industries. Some are needed more than others, but all serve some purpose, if no more than to please the eye. If work can be found for all in producing foods, clothing, munitions of war, ships and other things of prime necessity which help win the war let them have precedence, but avoid causing involuntary idleness.

To hold and increase our foreign trade the industries that supply goods for export must not be disorganized or we shall be at the mercy of our competitors when peace is restored. England, wisest of nations in trade affairs, is doing all that is possible to maintain her foreign trade and supplant her enemies in international markets and while doing so is looking after her own interests without taking others into account. This policy is not conflicting with her efforts to win the war.

When a workman is idle the community loses his value as a producer and the cost of supporting him. It makes no difference whether he is fed by relatives or friends or in a public institution or by unorganized charity or by his spending part or all of his savings, the double loss is the same. Idleness is the worst waste. We must practice economy, but, as President McGarrah of the Mechanics and Metals Bank of New York says: "I'll advise and impetuous economy, meaning unemployment and closed factories, would be demoralizing. It is evident to every

thinking man that business must be sustained and the conversion of industry carefully brought about whereby the nation's energies are transferred from the satisfaction of the needs of the army and navy." Some of our important industries have already been hurt by the negative economy which he criticizes. We must not weaken our bodies and our finances by abstinence born of panic.

If a man hoards a dollar or a bag of sugar it benefits no one while he holds it. If he lends a dollar or gives or sells the sugar to the government for the prosecution of the war he helps the nation. The hoarder is worse than the spendthrift. We must economize, but we must neither hoard nor remain idle. Money wisely spent is not wasted; money spent for nonessentials is put to poor use, but remains in circulation. Money hoarded is valueless while in that condition. Let us keep money in circulation and labor at work. Let us give preference to the requirements of the nation, but keep labor employed in some way until the government can find work for all. It is unlikely that the government can do that, so we shall have surplus labor, including an army of women, who can produce real wealth for export and domestic trade. The panic which obsesses the minds of some officials, if allowed to spread, can do more harm than an invading host.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

INDUSTRIAL DESERTERS.

The time has come when the man who leaves his post in American industrial life for technical enforcement of his prerogatives must be branded as a traitorous industrial deserter. We, the people of the United States, through our government, are employing millions of men in the most exacting service that involves risk of life itself for many and unimaginable hardships for all, and their maximum pay is \$35 a month and board. National self sacrifice and co-operation should be our watchword. Every man who does not help hinder the victory of democracy.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

MOTHER HAD REASONED WELL

Decision That Combined Strict Justice and a Knowledge of the Child Character.

My child and my sister's two children were playing in the room next to where my sister and I were talking. Presently her older boy came in and said that the others were bothering him. He was building a railroad and they took his things; would mother please make them stop? To my surprise, she said surely she would; it was too bad they bothered him, and she called them in with us, and when she had started them playing there she quietly closed the door between the two rooms. In a moment it opened, and the young railroad builder said he did not care about having the door shut, he only did not want to be bothered. But the mother answered that she could not keep the little folks happy if they saw him with all the things; the door would have to stay shut. Every little while, for half an hour or so, on one excuse or another, that door came open, and just as surely a reason was given why it must be kept shut. Then the law of the Kingdom, the Spirit in Man, worked; every one knows what would happen. The boy came where we were, and leaning against his mother, had a treble in his voice as he said: "I'd rather stay in here; it's lonesome in there and I don't care about the things."

She had not told him he was wrong, but it was just as the inventor said: "If you understand the case and the law governing it, any one can tell what will happen. Certain things always work certain ways."—Eleanor Scott Sharples, in the Philadelphia Ledger.

Muscular Activity and Heat.

Owls and other birds which are active at night show a rise of temperature during the hours of darkness and a fall during the day. This is a result of the well-known fact that muscular activity means an increased production of heat.

DAIRY FACTS

RECORD BY TILLY ALCARTRA

Famous Holstein Recently Came Through With New High Mark of 40.56 Pounds of Butter.

"You can't keep a good man down," and this aphorism is as true of cows as it is of men. In proof of which is the news that the famous purebred Holstein, Tilly Alcartra, is again at her old tricks of rolling up records. She recently dropped her sixth calf, a heifer, and gave such promise of another successful lactation period ahead of her that her owners decided to put her on test.

She came through with a new mark for seven days with 40.56 pounds of butter out of 729.1 pounds of milk, which shows the pace she is making in the yearly test she is on.

With this record she is the twenty-fifth "40-pound" Holstein cow.

Tilly Alcartra has to her credit the production of 30,451.4 pounds of milk yielding 1,189.03 pounds of butter in



Tilly Alcartra.

365 days. In two years she produced 60,278 pounds of milk; in three years she produced 86,678 pounds of milk; in four years, 103,099.3 pounds of milk, and in five years she has produced 123,351 pounds of milk and 4,856.5 pounds of butter. She is the champion long-distance cow. At the time of her freshening she was nine years, three months and two days of age.

GIVE COWS BALANCED RATION

Protein, Carbohydrates and Fats Are Used by Animals in Quite Different Proportions.

In feeding dairy cows the best results are always secured and the most economic use of feeds is obtained by providing a balanced ration. Careful studies have shown that the three classes of nutrients in feeds, proteins, carbohydrates, and fats, are used by different animals in quite different proportions. A ration that supplies these nutrients in the proportion that the animal requires, is called a balanced ration. When enough of each of these classes is fed there is no waste, caused by feeding an unnecessary amount of one class of nutrients. Protein is used by the animal chiefly to form the muscles or lean flesh of the body, the hair, the horns, the hoofs and the casein in the milk. The carbohydrates and the fat are a source of energy in the body, as well as that of the body fat and the fat in the milk.

The compounding of a balanced ration is not difficult if one has at hand tables which show the digestible nutrients of the various feeds. Many farmers, however, obtain good results by more simple methods, and have found the following rules useful:

1. Feed all the roughage that the cow will eat up clean.
2. If the roughage contains eight to ten pounds of leguminous hay, such as clover, cowpea or alfalfa, mix the grain ration so that it will contain from 14 to 16 per cent of protein. If the roughage does not contain a large proportion of leguminous hay, but is composed largely of corn silage, corn stalks, and timothy hay, mix the grain ration to contain 20 to 24 per cent of protein.
3. To cows such as Jerseys or Guernseys, giving milk testing 4 per cent in butterfat or higher, feed the grain mixture at the rate of one pound to every three pounds of milk produced. To cows giving milk which tests 3½ per cent in butterfat or less, feed one pound of the grain mixture to every three and one-half to four pounds of milk produced.
4. If the cow is in poor flesh and is giving a good flow of milk, she will usually respond to heavier feeding and the grain ration should be increased.

A copy of Farmers' Bulletin No. 743, which discusses the feeding of dairy cows, will be sent free on application to the division of publications, United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

SHIP COWS WITHOUT HORNS

Horned Animals Should Be Tied Securely to Preclude Possibility of Injury to Others.

If possible, ship only animals without horns. In case horned animals are shipped they should be tied securely or penned off in one end of the car to preclude the possibility of injuring other animals during the trip.

Similarly, when bulls are shipped in mixed loads, they should be securely penned apart from the females.

Other conditions being equal, it is advisable to load a car to capacity, as the animals travel better where there is a minimum of space in which to move about.

THISTLE IN SCOTCH HISTORY

Various Traditions Concerning Its Adoption by the Highland Clans as Their Emblem.

"The thistle of Scotland is said to be the oldest national flower, and tradition traces its adoption to the reign of Alexander III and the battle of Largs" (when an attacking Dane stepped upon a thistle and involuntarily gave the alarm, whereupon the Scots drove the invaders out).

"Another account of its adoption is of a very different character," writes Katherine M. Beals in Flower Lore and Legend. "About the middle of the fifteenth century a company of stern-faced men met in the council chamber of Edinburgh, and the occasion of that meeting was to discuss the advisability of substituting the thistle for the figure of St. Andrew on the national banner. The proceedings of the council were secret, but soon after the thistle appeared upon every Scottish banner. The national motto might have been adopted with appropriateness on either of these occasions: 'Nemo me impune lacessit.' The polite reading of this is, 'No man attacks me without being punished,' but the more simple translation of earlier days was, 'Touch me who dares!' while the original is supposed to have been, 'Wha dare meddle wi' me?' Another inscription which sometimes accompanies the Scottish emblem reads: 'Ce que Dieu garde, est bien garde.' 'That which God guards is well guarded.'

"The thistle appeared officially for the first time during the reign of James II, who had it placed on the coinage of the kingdom and adopted it as his own badge. It also appeared upon the coins in the reigns of James IV, Mary Stuart, James V and James VI. The thistle merke was a silver shilling. The thistle dollar was a double merke. Each took its name from the emblem on it."

Hidden Seas.

In boring for oil, it is a common experience for the drill to strike enormous flows of salt water. Formerly this salt water was supposed to be rain water, which soaked through beds of salt on its way down to some chasm in the bowels of the earth, says Rochester Union and Advertiser. The latest scientific opinion is inclined to believe that the salt water comes from prehistoric oceans, buried in the earth by geologic changes, in much the same way that buried forests gave rise to the coal beds. These hidden oceans are not conceived as lying in a subterranean space or hollow, but as filling the billions on billions of crevices in beds of porous rock.

BIBLE WITHIN REACH OF ALL

May Be Well Described as the Most Valuable and Cheapest Book in the World.

The Bible is the most valuable and the cheapest book in the world. Its value we all acknowledge, but did you know that you could buy a complete Bible of 1,000 double pages for 30 cents in Germany and 17 cents in England and the United States? And copies of the New Testament are sold in England for a penny apiece!

In the thirteenth century a fine English Bible cost £30. At that time the wages of a laborer were nine pence a week. So to buy a Bible he must save his entire income for 15 years.

Of course he didn't. He went to the churches, where the precious volume was chained to the desk to keep it safe, and there he read the exciting Old Testament stories or the beautiful Gospels, or more likely listened to a reader who was better educated than he.

In those days the Bible was valuable in every way. Today a workman may buy the New Testament by walking home one night instead of taking the car, or giving up the potato he had planned for his dinner.—From the World Outlook.

PROUD OF "REMINDER BOOK"

Mr. Blinkinton Claims That by Its Aid He Has Been Saved Much Time and Worry.

"What I used to do when I put anything away," said Mr. Blinkinton, "was to bestow it with great care in some place where I would know just where to find it, and then I would forget it completely. More than once when I have wanted something that I had thus carefully put away I have had to tear the house apart to find it.

"So it was until I evolved my 'Things Put Away' book which has proved to be a great help and comfort.

"Now when I put anything away I first enter it in that book, which is, of course, indexed, so that I won't have to look through a long list of things when I want to find anything.

"Once soon after I started the book I put that away somewhere very carefully and then forgot where I had put it and had a terrible time looking it up; but since then I have kept it in a spot where it can't fall to come under my eye daily; and it works like a charm.

"Really I should say that for anybody who like myself is apt to forget things a 'Things Put Away' book would be indispensable."



Meet Your Uncle Sam

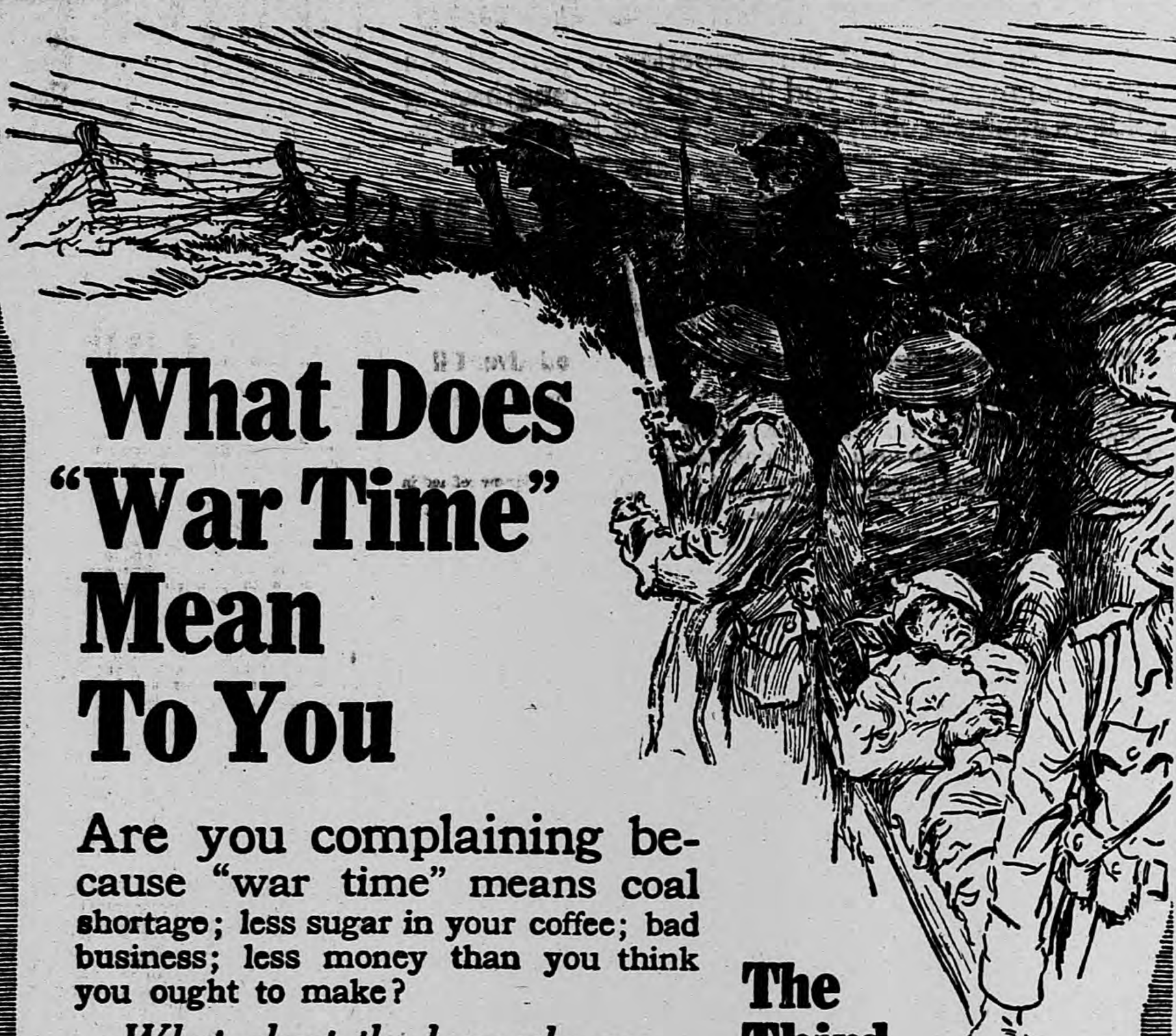
"He's got a bagfull of the best securities on earth—he stands behind it—you know what that means. He's putting these fighting bonds into the homes of our folks from Maine to California chance of a lifetime—to help this grand old country, and to lay something by for that little house on the hill you have been dreaming about.

"Honest goods? Believe me, there never was such goods.

"What! You were looking everywhere for just this chance? Fine! Open the bag, Uncle! He's one of us. He'll take a dozen."

THIS SPACE PAID FOR AND CONTRIBUTED BY

S. F. DASHIE
Department Store Princess Anne, Maryland



What Does "War Time" Mean To You

Are you complaining because "war time" means coal shortage; less sugar in your coffee; bad business; less money than you think you ought to make?

What about the boys who are fighting for you in France?

For you—a little economy and deprivation. For them the trenches; the pitiless storms of rain and sleet; the ceaseless deafening bombardment of the guns; hunger, cold and fever; wounds and death.

That you may dwell in peace, plenty, and security, they sacrifice everything, give everything, brave everything, and face a nameless grave with a smile and a song.

What are you doing, or giving, or sacrificing for them?

THIS SPACE PAID FOR AND CONTRIBUTED BY

BANK OF SOMERSET

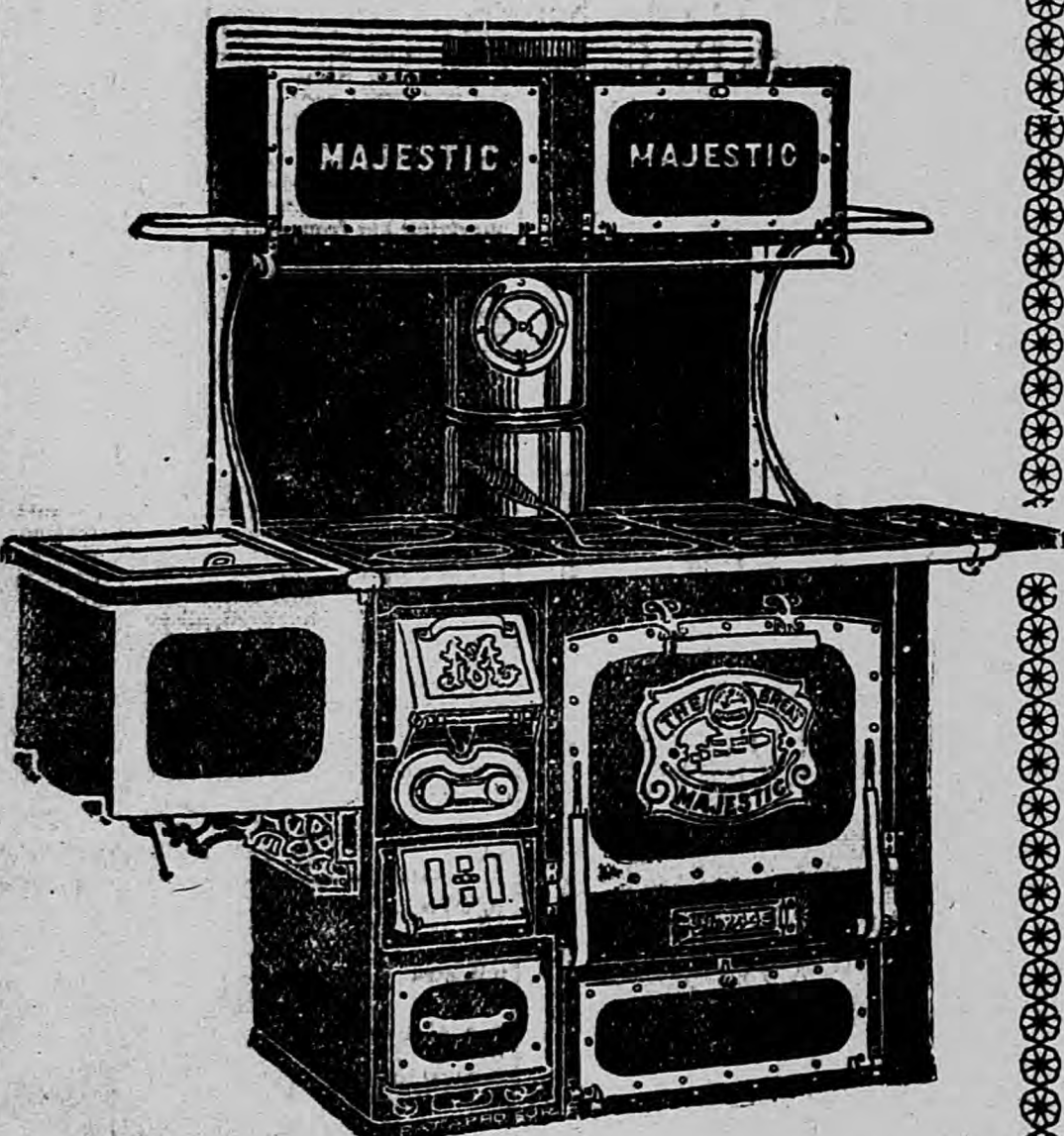
Capital \$ 50,000.00
Surplus and Profits 115,000.00

Princess Anne, Maryland

SELLING BELOW COST

This is what we are doing every day. Goods Cost from 10 to 25 per cent. more than we are selling them for; as we have a large stock of Hardware, Buggies, Runabouts, Wagons, Harness

STOVES AND RANGES



We carried over \$800.00 worth of Robes and Blankets from last year. We don't mark our goods up every day like other merchants. Somebody is losing trade because ours is increasing.

Ask your neighbor where to get a Square Deal, and he will say Taylor's H'd'w Store

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.,
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

TRACING EVOLUTION OF BAR

In Old Rome It Had Its Origin In Relations Existing Between Patron and Client.

The Roman bar, writes S. P. Scott in Case and Comment, deduced its origin from the intimate association of patron and client in the days of the republic. This relation, founded upon mutual support and assistance, bore a considerable resemblance to that of lord and vassal during the middle ages without, however, including the oppressive restrictions imposed upon the latter by the laws of feudalism. Among the many duties required of the patron was that of transacting the legal business of his clients and appearing for them in court. This service was at first entirely gratuitous, but subsequently, when the ties of hereditary connection became less binding, and consultation with patrons was abandoned by their clients for the advice of jurists possessed of greater legal erudition, a voluntary fee, called an honorarium, was expected. The amount of this was established by custom, and, in the course of time, when excessive gifts of this kind were virtually demanded, all fees were regulated by statute.

After law had developed into a science the profession became recognized as a distinct calling, and legal procedure having been systematically organized, representation of parties in court was successively effected by three classes of persons—procurators, cognitors and advocates.

IDEAL SITE FOR REST CURE

City of Santa Cruz de la Sierra, in Bolivia, Practically a Place of Absolute Silence.

"The only tropical city of Bolivia, it stands some 1,500 feet above sea level so far from the outside world that mail deposited on January 7 reached New York on March 11. Of the 19,000 inhabitants of Santa Cruz de la Sierra 11,000 are female," Harry A. Franck writes in the Century.

"It is a city of silence. Spreading over a dead flat, half sandy, jungled plain, its right angled streets are deep in reddish sand in which not only its shod feet, by no means in the majority, though the upper class is almost foppish in dress, but even the solid wooden wheels of its clumsy ox carts make not a sound. There is no modern industry to lend its strident voice, though the town boasts three 'steam establishments' for the making of ice, the grinding of maize and the sawing of lumber, and every street fades away at either end into the whispering jungle. Narrow sidewalks of porous red bricks, roofed by the wide overhanging eaves of the houses, often upheld by pillars or poles, line most of the streets. But these are by no means continuous, and being commonly high above the street level and often taken up entirely, especially at an evening, by the families, who consider this their veranda rather than the pedestrian's right of way, the latter generally finds it easier to plod through the sand of the street itself."

Beautiful Chinese Gardens.

From time immemorial China has been called the flowery kingdom, a name given by the Chinese themselves and singularly suited to the land which for ages was like an oasis of flowers of the spirit in the world desert of barbarism, observes the New York World.

In this oasis grew the arts of the bronze and stone worker, of the silk maker and embroiderer, of the potter, of the painter on silk, of the poet, philosopher and ethical devotee.

But China was not named the flowery kingdom because of these flowers of the mind. Her flora is one of the most luxuriant in the world. It is estimated to consist of some 12,000 species, 9,000 of which are known and one-half of which are indigenous and not found elsewhere.

Such being the flora of China, it is readily understood that horticulture and gardening early became a skilled and honored profession.

Concerning Natural Death.

"Under normal conditions most complex animals have a characteristic and rather sharply defined duration of life. But one-celled animals, which reproduce by fission, are apparently immortal unless life is stopped by what may be called an accident, for as the cell divides in half, neither part may be called the parent, and both halves will go on reproducing. And by taking cuttings from a plant, a part of the original may be kept living indefinitely by repeated cuttings, while the parent plant dies at the close of its usual duration of life. Thus it would appear," concludes a writer in the Journal of Heredity, "that natural death is connected only with organisms which are composed of different organs which are inseparable."

"Chapels" in Printing Offices.

Benjamin Franklin, who was himself a printer in early life, gives the following explanation as to why "chapels" are found in printing offices. He says: "A printing house is always a chapel by the workmen, the origin of which appears to have been that printing was first carried on in England in an ancient chapel converted into a printing house, and the title has been preserved by tradition." Of course, the reference is to Caxton's printing press, set up in one of the chapels of Westminster abbey. The father of the chapel is one of the printers, who usually presides over any meetings that may be held.

A Mutual Confession

By HILDA MORRIS

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper-Syndicate.)

They first met, of all places in the world, in the Egyptian room of a great museum. Peggy was looking at a mummy in a glass case. It was the mummy of a lady, painted cheerfully in patterns of red and blue and yellow with a discreet touch of gold. It was a fascinating mummy.

"Wouldn't colors like those be just the very thing to embroider my dress with?" she asked the person opposite. She was very busy following a pattern with her forefinger, and did not look up.

"They certainly would," agreed the individual she had so evidently appealed to.

Peggy lifted her head with a start, and saw a tall young man looking at her rather quizzically.

"Oh—I—I—excuse me; I thought you were Harriet!" she exclaimed, blushing to the brim of her pretty brown hat. The young man bowed gravely.

"I beg your pardon," he said. "I thought you were speaking to me, since there's no one else in sight."

"You thought I was speaking to you when we've not even met?" Peggy repeated, looking very indignant. "Why, I—I wouldn't—I'm not that kind of a person! My sister was here a minute ago, and I thought—"

It was the young man's turn to look embarrassed.

"I didn't think for a minute you were any kind of person who is not proper," he explained carefully, a twinkle in his eyes. "You see, real appreciation of art is a sort of bond between people. I thought that you were so in love with that mummy that you just had to share your pleasure with some one, and I was the only person around at the moment. I am sorry if I offended you. But it would make a stunning embroidery pattern. Did you want it for a border?"

"Yes," Peggy nodded. She had a feeling that she ought to run away, but he seemed like a gentleman, and he was getting out paper and pencil. Almost before she knew it she was watching him sketch the border for her—lotus, bud and scroll. It seemed that he was an artist, and his name was Morton—Arnold Morton.

Of course, it was all very improper for her to stay there with him, but it was quite pleasant. When sister Har-



"Oh—I—I—Excuse Me!"

riet returned she found them chatting quite like old friends. Mr. Morton promised to color the border and bring it around to Peggy some evening that week. Altogether, it was a very exciting adventure.

"Where did you meet Mr. Morton?" Harriet asked as they walked home. Harriet was an older sister, with a responsible feeling of chaperonage for Peggy's nineteen years.

Peggy blushed and murmured some guilty thing about the office. After all, she never got a chance to meet any man. Now that fate, in the form of a mummy, had brought this one into her life, why should she object to him because they had not been properly introduced?

"He seems like a nice young man," Harriet commented, and sighed softly. There had been no nice young men in her life. She was thirty-five, and had kept house for all the others. It had hurt her that Peggy—pretty, golden-haired Peggy—should have to work in an office and have no social life. Now, perhaps—Harriet dreamed for Peggy the things she dared not dream for herself.

Peggy was half afraid that Mr. Morton would forget to call, or think better of it. But he came. They spent an evening in the living room of the sisters' little apartment, Harriet having gone to a Red Cross meeting, and Peggy played for him and sang. She even got out an old portfolio of drawings she had made in school and showed them to him. He said she had talent, and pretty hair and—other things. He asked her to go to a lec-

ture with him on the following evening. "Mr. Morton is a very intellectual young man, isn't he?" Harriet asked as Peggy dressed the next evening. "It's so nice to go to lectures, instead of silly plays or moving pictures."

"Yes," agreed Peggy. "I suppose he is intellectual."

During the weeks that followed Arnold Morton came very often to the little apartment, and he and Peggy spent many evenings at lectures and concerts, many Sunday afternoons at art galleries and museums. Sometimes they had little suppers together at very quiet places, and sometimes he came home with Peggy for Welsh rarebit and Harriet's hot biscuits. Altogether, they spent a delightful autumn together.

But sometimes Peggy wondered a little. There was a lot of new plays she couldn't help longing to see; also the graceful beauties pictured in the Sunday papers and the magazines. She couldn't help wishing to hear the latest music and see the newest dances.

Arnold, however, seemed to have no thought for anything that was not cultural in the way of amusement. Music, pictures, exhibitions of old furniture and rugs, all of these appealed to him as worthy forms of entertainment. And so Peggy tried to put more frivolous desires out of her mind; she sought earnestly to cultivate her interest in things "worth while." She wanted to be Arnold's intellectual equal if she could. She even got books from the library on such subjects as the history of art, the theory of color, and modern music. She pucker her pretty brow over them and found them interesting, in their way.

"After all," she used to tell herself, "you're learning an awful lot, Peggy Andrews. You ought to be glad Arnold isn't like everybody else. Most any man can take a girl to musical comedy, and talk about the chorus, but not very many know all about pictures and etchings and things, like Arnold."

And so, after a while Peggy thought that she had quite stifled her desire for frivolous pleasures. She even felt superior when she heard the other girls in the office talking about the favorites of the moving picture world or the latest hits in musical comedy.

One evening just before she left the office Arnold telephoned her, his voice sounding strangely excited.

"Could you have dinner with me, without going home?" he asked. "I've got something to tell you—something great! It won't keep. I'll come over for you right away, if you can. All right—five minutes!"

Peggy thanked her stars that she had worn her newest and prettiest crepe de chine blouse to work that morning. She powdered her nose and gave her golden hair an extra pat. Whatever was the matter with Arnold? It was not at all like him to be so impulsive.

It was very evident when she met him that something had happened to Arnold—something pleasant. His eyes were bright with enthusiasm—the joy of success.

"Dinner at a real place tonight!" he announced. "I've got an order—a real big order—for some book illustrations. There's money in it, Peggy—real money! Aren't you glad? Don't you know what it means to us?"

He took Peggy's hands and held them close, there in the dark little hall where they waited for the elevator.

"To us!" she repeated softly.

"To us—you and me! You'll marry me now, won't you, Peggy? Now that I'm going to amount to something; earn a decent living? I couldn't ask you before—"

The elevator came just then, and Peggy's answer was a squeeze of his hand—a squeeze that meant "yes," and a lot of other things.

They had dinner in a delightful restaurant, where an orchestra played behind a bower of plants, as orchestras should, and where Peggy had to let him order everything for her, because she did not in the least know what the French names of things meant. They lingered over their candle-lit table, holding hands, perhaps, looking deep into one another's eyes.

"And now," Arnold said at length, "we've got the evening before us. What shall we do to celebrate, Peggy? Anything you wish."

Peggy pucker her pretty brow in thought. "Well," she began, "there's a lecture on textiles at the museum tonight, and that orchestra concert—"

A flicker of disappointment darted over his face.

"Either one," he agreed. "I just thought maybe you'd like to see that new show at the Summer garden. There's a lot of good dancing in it, they say."

Peggy's face was radiant.

"Oh, Arnold, could we? I'd just love to see it, if it wouldn't bore you."

"Bore me!" he exclaimed. "I've been just dying to see a good show all winter. You don't suppose I've been taking you to free concerts and things because I liked 'em, do you? It was just because I hadn't any money, and I thought you really enjoyed them. You see, I first found you in a museum."

"Oh, Arnold," she breathed, "I'm so glad you don't like them either. I've tried my very best, but I hate museums!"

"You darling!" he whispered. "So do I."

Didn't Have to Ask.

Henry was returning from the neighbor's vineyard, where he had helped himself to several bunches of grapes without asking. When he stopped to eat a few of them he was suddenly caught by the wife of the keeper.

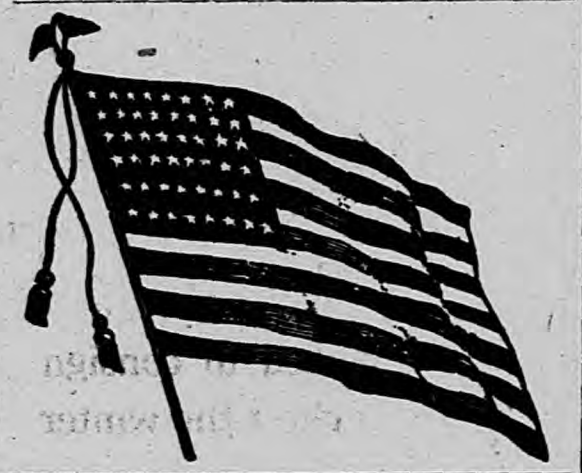
"Henry," she said, "if you had asked I would have given you all the grapes you wanted."

"Oh," replied Henry fearlessly, "I got all I wanted without asking."

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Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 16, 1918



There are some 150,000 very good Germans lying dead as the result of the big drive.

We are coming Father Abraham, 2,000,000 strong—as soon as the shipbuilders stop striking.

The interned Germans should be liberally fed—on the ground glass bread their spies have been turning out.

It is astonishing how easy it is to get up at 5.30 a. m. and enjoy the beautiful morning, when the clock says 6.30.

The airplane manufacturers are respectfully reminded that the planes are wanted in this war, not in the next.

The haste with which the pro-German politicians are crawling into the Liberty ark hasn't been seen since the days of old Noah.

The rapidity with which many politicians, hitherto indifferent, are climbing on the prohibition band wagon, has not been equalled.

Killing all those people at church in Paris was the Hun way of reminding folks that they would better kneel to the Kaiser instead of God.

The champion prize cow has just given 1897 quarts of milk in a month. So far none of the boys of the neighborhood have applied for the job of milking her.

Our soldiers are not particularly interested in imitating the Germans on a gun that will shoot 100 miles. They are going to get to closer quarters than that.

The man who won't take a Liberty bond to provide supplies to the men that defend him, deserves to be put in No Man's Land without any weapons to defend himself with.

Blowing up munition plants is an obsolete method of spy-working now. They can accomplish much more by worming their way into war plants and spoiling the product.

It is sometimes possible to move a stone wall a little by butting your head against it, but the Germans will find that it is much more damaging to the head.

The only thing out of the way about that girl who saved the troop train in Ohio from the obstruction placed on the track, was that she waved her coat instead of the traditional red petticoat.

If the pro-Germans are to be made to kiss the flag, their lips should be carefully cleansed with soap and water first. Also it is not practical to hang 'em to the lamp-posts as many people urge, as it would contaminate the air in our centers of population.

Have you purchased a Third Liberty Bond? Have you purchased War Savings Stamps? Have you planted a war garden? Have you sent a boy to the front? Do you observe "wheatless" and "meatless" days? Have you eliminated all waste of food from your table? Have you joined the Red Cross? If not—what have you done to help Uncle Sam win the war? Remember, it is your war he is striving to win.

ENFORCE THE LAW AGAINST LOAFERS

The time is here when the law against loafing should be rigidly enforced. The State of Maryland adopted such a law as a war measure last June. It is a good law, but it will prove useless unless it is strictly enforced in every part of the State by having the State officers seize idlers and compel them to do some useful work. All the people are called upon to cut down their consumption of certain kinds of food because an abundance for all is not being produced, owing to the shortage of labor. People who work and have money to pay for what they want are abstaining in order that the army may be properly supplied and in order that others may have a little. The able-bodied loafer usually consumes as much bread as the man who works every day. He is not entitled to it while he persists in idleness. It doesn't make any difference if some one who does work is willing, out of his own earnings, to feed a loafer, the loafer who is able to work should not be permitted to eat unless he helps produce. There are not many idlers in this town, but there are some. There ought not to be any. If they are not needed elsewhere, they are needed on the farms. The time is here when they should be compelled to comply with the law.

CLEANING-UP TIME

By common consent spring is the time for clean-up campaigns. Even a disorderly person has spasms of neatness at this period. He may not care much for order himself, but is shamed into it by the activity of the neighborhood. It is time for Princess Anne to take hold and have a general scrubbing.

Dead vegetation litters up a place, and the most beautiful grounds become squalid and slovenly unless constantly kept up. Weather, smoke and dust make outbuildings and fences look dingy every year. Fences rot and fall and untidy heaps of ashes accumulate.

Labor is scarce and high nowadays and it is not so easy to find men to take hold and clean up a place as formerly. People will have to do these things more for themselves. The boys and girls that have spent all the time skylarking will have to take a little of their time to help. They should have their little tasks about the place. If they would go over it every few weeks and pick up litter and remove disorder, it would not accumulate so that clean-up scrimmages would be needed.

A well-kept neighborhood is a neighborhood of good real estate values. If the walks are neatly trimmed, weeds and leaves raked out and kept out of walks and drives, and all refuse rigidly kept down, a row of houses look 50 per cent. better. It gives the appearance of a neighborhood of refined, educated and cultivated people, who have self-respect and standards of living.

Conversely, a neighborhood where litter abounds is a very poor one to own a house in. Values are always shrinking. It is a business proposition to keep up your home neighborhood and your home town.

THE WAR NO FINANCIAL BURDEN

The figures of our first year of war will surprise most people. It appears that we have spent but \$9,000,000,000, of which more than half has been in the form of loans to our allies, practically all of which will be paid later.

It is not likely that our entire war expenditure, after deducting loans to our allies, is greater than the savings of the American people for a year. The pro-Germans and Pacifists have been trying to bluff the American people into cowardly submission, by the specter of the terrible debt that is being created. These figures show that this is nothing but a big bogie man meant to scare timid children.

The present cost of the war is about \$1,000,000,000 a month. Nearly half of this goes to the allies. With moderate economy on the part of our people, we could keep fighting for ten years and make hardly a dent in our national wealth.

The only sacrifice we are called to make is that of life, and that is a terrible one. But the financial burden should not be considered for a moment. Compared with our abounding wealth it is insignificant.

Of course no one wants to see money thrown away. The money should all be spent systematically. But we can afford to pay a high price for quick action that will end the war and save the lives of the boys. No form of munitions or supplies should be delayed because we could save some money by waiting. We must have our complete equipment at once at all costs. We have no reason to worry about the costs. The pro-Germans should find some new bogie to scare us with, as the expense stuff is worked out.

BUSINESS CONFIDENCE

When a man advertises freely in the newspapers it shows that he has confidence in his goods. He believes in them through and through. He is willing to back that faith with the money spent in advertising. He feels sure that if the public only knows about his offerings they will want them.

The man who does not advertise lacks that confidence. Sometimes this is because in his heart he does not feel that he has anything any better than anyone else, and sometimes he feels or claims to feel, that the public would not read his notice nor be interested in it, even if his propositions were good.

This last supposition is contrary to all human nature. You place a lusciously browned doughnut before a hungry boy, would he turn away indifferent? Not until boy nature is very different.

The public is as keen for chances for good values as the hungry boy is for the doughnut. Bargain hunting is second nature and even more so now than formerly. The cost of living has made it necessary for everyone to study values. They say that the public is not interested in an announcement telling them where they can save money. This denies one of the most fundamental characteristics of human nature. It also ignores the living conditions existing at this period.

Any kind of confidence attracts. It wins in war, in politics and in business. The man who has faith in his proposition and will back it in an aggressive way, is the winner in all fields. The man who lacks that confidence may have many good qualities, but he lacks the final qualification for success. The merchant who advertises is the confident merchant who knows he has a good thing and is sure the public will think so too on examination.

Old Winter always has one more kick in him after everybody thinks he's done.

The Farmer And The Clock

We sympathize with our country friends in their farm-labor troubles, which are our troubles also, but we think they have too many just "kicks" to "kick" so vehemently as some of them are doing against the change made in the clock. Some of them have had very indignant communications in our letter columns on the subject, and seem to regard the daylight-saving plan as a conspiracy against the farmer, or at least as another evidence of the general disposition to discriminate against him.

We trust our rural friends will not get "all het up" over this matter. They have too many important things to think of and to do to waste their energy over this trifle. The law which put the clocks forward an hour was intended mainly for cities and industrial centers, and was not designed to regulate the agricultural operations of the farmer. It is not compulsory. If the sluggard chooses to lie abed, he can do so without fear of punishment. Of course, if he lives in the city and has work to do, he must conform to the business world in which he lives. And those who want to take trains or steamboats must keep up with the clock as it was set on March 31. But farming operations will not be thrown out of gear by this fiction. The farmer did not work rigidly by the clock before, and he need not do so now. He has always worked by the sun and by weather conditions, and he will continue to do so. It will not be difficult, we imagine, to persuade his labor to follow the old schedule. We believe he can raise crops even if we city folk have tampered with the clock. If we had undertaken to "monkey" with the sun or the weather, he would have had a grievance. As it is, it seems to us, he should not get to scolding about the clock. The daylight-saving plan helps us in the towns and does not materially affect him.—Baltimore Sun.

Who Can Doubt?
"May you be blessed, for you have been good to the grief-stricken fathers, have shown affection for the sorrowing mothers and respect for the defenseless sisters."
Those whose emissaries you are say to you, "Go forth to fight for the common good of the lands of others, not for gold; such actions will become you. Search not for glory obtained by the blood of men or the tears of women. Go forth and battle that peace may reign. Those who send you invoke the blessings of God upon you."
Almost like a voice from Heaven are those words uttered to the boys of Maryland artillery command fighting on the west front in Europe. Taken from a general blessing extended by a village priest before the 117th Trench Mortar Battery marched to battle from the little town in which they were billeted, they become as a halo around the command as a whole. How remarkable are those words of the French minister of God as he bids, from a blood-soaked and ruin-strewn land, that men go forth to fight "not for conquest of lands of others, not for gold, such actions will become you." What a contrast to the sweeping claims of German autocracy of dominion over the lands and gold of other peoples; how those words of faith in a righteous cause make the claims of blood-stained Kaiser of kinship with the Almighty look as the sacrilege that they are in truth. "Those who send you invoke the blessings of God upon you," concluded the priest—and who can doubt that the blessings of God will finally rest upon the cause of the Allies—the cause of humanity, justice and right.—Baltimore Star.

Doing His Part

Mr. Edwin G. Baetjer, a man with a professional earning capacity exceptional even for metropolitan lawyers, is suffering from overwork and ordered by his physicians to take an absolute rest. Under ordinary circumstances expressions of sympathy would be due Mr. Baetjer. In this case it is the public that is entitled to them.

When a man who can carry with ease and serenity such great interests as Mr. Baetjer's clients have habitually intrusted to him devotes himself with such energy to work for the Government at one dollar a year as to injure his health—this spells the kind of devotion the country needs. We are very sorry that Mr. Baetjer is ill; we wish him from the bottom of the heart a quick recovery and return to his public work. The men who are willing to work themselves sick to help win this war are men whose health is a matter of public concern.—Baltimore News.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. [Advertisement.]

Keeping Our Soldiers Strong

Early in the world war experience proved the extraordinary value of cod liver oil for strengthening soldiers against colds, pneumonia and lung troubles.

Thousands of Our Soldiers are Taking

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Because It Guarantees the Purest Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

high in food value and rich in blood-making properties.

Scott's will strengthen you against winter sickness.

Beware of Alcoholic Substitutes.

The imported Norwegian cod liver oil used in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which guarantees it free from impurities.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

17-23

What Peace Costs Russia

Under the terms of the peace treaty, Russia has lost 780,000 square kilometers (300,000 square miles) of territory with 56,000,000 inhabitants, or thirty-two per cent. of the entire population of the country.

This is stated by the Commissioner (Minister) of Commerce. The announcement says Russia has also sustained the following losses:

One-third of her total mileage of railways, amounting to 21,530 kilometers (13,350 miles).

Seventy-three per cent. of the total iron production.

Eighty-nine per cent. of the total coal production.

Two hundred and sixty-eight sugar refineries, 918 textile factories, 5,675 breweries, 133 tobacco factories, 1,685 distilleries, 244 chemical factories, 615 paper mills, 1,073 machine factories.

The territories which now become German formerly brought in annual revenue amounting to \$45,238 rubles (\$422,619) and had 1,800 savings banks.

If I Were A Farmer

If I were a farmer I would keep at hand a few reliable medicines for minor ailments that are not so serious as to require the attention of a physician, such as Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds and croup.

Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains.

Chamberlain's Tablets for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation.

By having these articles at hand it would often save the trouble of a trip to town in the busiest season or in the night, and would enable me to treat slight ailments as soon as they appear, and thereby avoid the more serious diseases that so often follow.

NOTICE

To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTOVER, at Long Brothers store, on Thursday morning, April 25th, and at CRISFIELD at W. Jerome Sterling & Co.'s store on Friday morning, April 26th, 1918, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County Taxes.

R. MARK WHITE, Treasurer.

Change in time, change in Railroad schedules, or change in transportation has not affected the service rendered you by

Elam K. Woodoth

BROKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

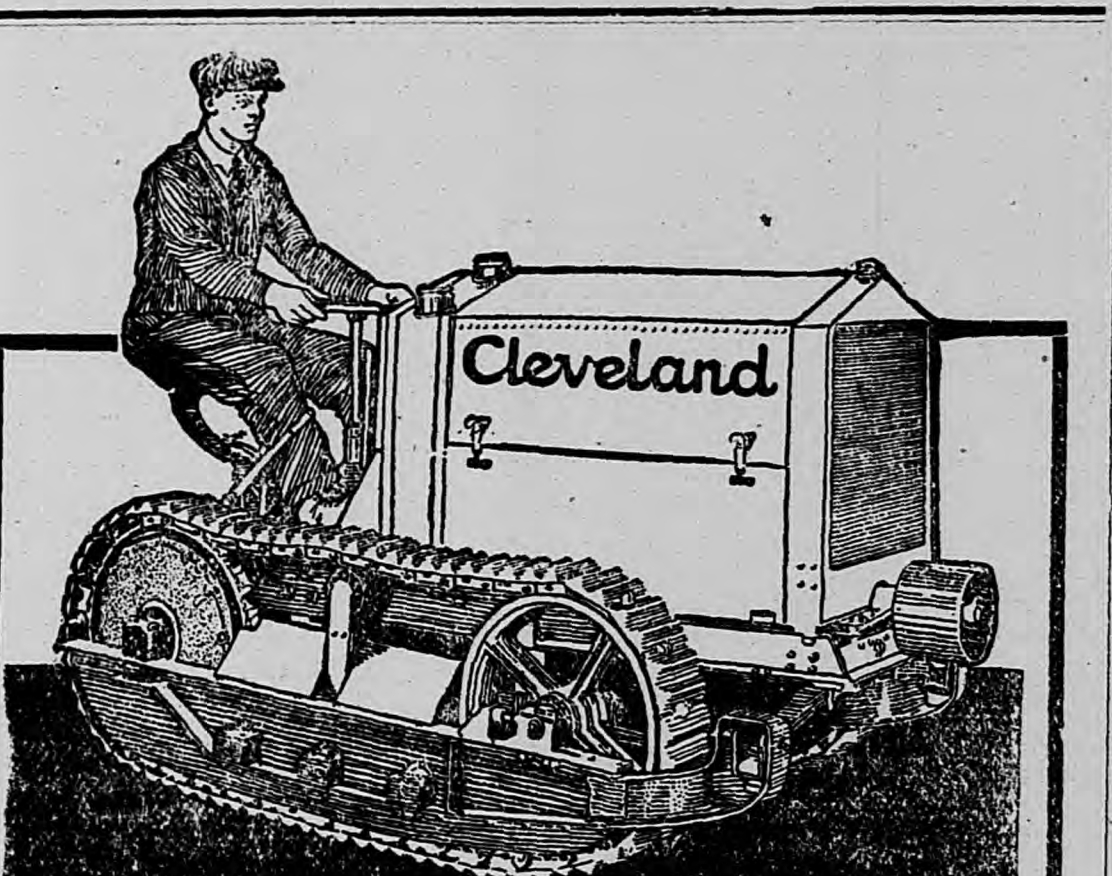
110 Dock Street Philadelphia, Pa.

One of the leading houses on the Philadelphia Market; 20 years in the one store; recommended by all; a friend of every shipper, a house that positively gives results; makes prompt returns. Do you want big returns? Then,

WHY NOT SHIP YOUR GOODS TO HIM?

Not only recommended by the leading Mercantile Agencies, but authorized to do business under Government License, No. G04542

Personally we recommend giving your next shipment to him



The Cleveland Tractor

The Cleveland Tractor will plow 3 1/2 miles an hour—8 to 10 acres a day. That equals the work of three good 3-horse teams and three men.

Traveling on its own tracks, it will go practically anywhere—even through ditches or gumbo, sand and gravel. Although small enough for work in orchards, the Cleveland develops full 12 h. p. at the draw-bar for hauling.

At the pulley belt it gives 20 h. p.—plenty for stationary work, such as shelling corn, cutting ensilage, filling silos, pumping and many other uses on the farm where power is needed. You can turn it in a 12-foot circle—just about what it takes to turn a team. It can be housed in less space than it takes for a horse.

STANDARD MOTOR CO.

CADILLAC BLDG. 1007-15 N. KUTAW STREET BALTIMORE - MARYLAND

Eastern Shore Branch

Camden and Dock Sts., SALISBURY, MD.

HACKETT'S GAPE CURE

Kills the Worm as well as the Germ

Makes Poultry Raising both Profitable and Pleasant. Your money returned if not satisfied. It is almost infallible.

HACKETT'S GAPE CURE, 35c. postpaid

HACKETT'S LOUSE POWDER, 35c. postpaid

HACKETT'S GAPE CURE CO.

Dept. S. HILLSBORO, MD.

SHERIFF'S

License Notice

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS and corporations doing business in Somerset County and requiring a State License to obtain the same or renew the same on or before the

First Day of May, 1918,

under penalty prescribed by said law for the infraction thereof. Those applying for Trader's License must, under oath, take out License covering stock at the principle seat of the year.

Persons may sell salt to cure fish in March, April and May without license.

Females vending Millinery and other small articles, whose stock is not over \$500, pay a license of only \$5.00; but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons.

The owner or keeper of every Stallion or Jack shall, before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties in Maryland the highest sum he intends to ask for the season for one mare provided that the sum shall be the sum directed to be paid for such license be less than \$10.

CHARLES S. DRYDEN

Sheriff of Somerset County.

County Commissioners' NOTICE

The Commissioners for Somerset County hereby give notice that they will meet at their office in Princess Anne, on Tuesdays,

May 7th, 14th and 21st, 1918,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. for the purpose of making additions, alterations and abatements or transfers on the assessable property of the county.

These are the last sessions of the Board for making reductions and transfers during the year 1918, after which the books are closed.

By order of the Board, R. MARK WHITE, Clerk.

Order of Publication

Robert L. Hayman versus Jephtha Pusey et al. No. 3222 Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, Maryland.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate situated in Somerset County, of which Joseph Pusey, late of Somerset County, deceased, died, seized and possessed, for the payment of the claims of the creditors of the said Joseph Pusey.

The original and amended bills of complaint state that the said Joseph Pusey was in his lifetime indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of Thirty-one Dollars, Ten Cents, on open account, for goods sold and delivered by the plaintiff to the said Joseph Pusey, in his lifetime, the statement of which said open account is filed with the bill of complaint, and also indebted to the plaintiff on an overdue promissory note, dated October 14, 1911, for the sum of Fifty Dollars, and also on a promissory note from the fourth day of October, 1912, and subject to a credit of Nine Dollars on the twentieth day of October, 1913, and a further credit of Fifty Cents on the twentieth day of October, 1915, which said promissory note is filed with the bill of complaint; that the said Joseph Pusey, being so indebted to the plaintiff and having died, intestate, and departed this life during the month of December, 1917, seized and possessed of real estate in said Somerset County, intestate, leaving no surviving heirs, as his sole heirs at law, the following brothers and sisters and children of deceased brothers and sisters:

(a) A brother, Jephtha Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Worcester County, Maryland.

(b) A sister, Ellen Rebecca Ward, who is of full age, unmarried, and resides in Wisconsin County.

(c) The following children of the said Joseph Pusey, a deceased sister of the said Joseph Pusey, intestate, and left surviving, as her sole heirs at law, the following children and descendants:

(1) Lee Pusey, a son of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with Ella Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wisconsin County.

(2) Jefferson Pusey, a son of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with Pearl Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wisconsin County.

(3) Mary Pusey, a daughter of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with William T. Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Somerset County.

(4) Clara Prior, a daughter of the said Joseph Pusey, who died before her uncle, Joseph Pusey, intestate, leaving surviving as her sole heirs at law, three children, namely: William L. Prior, Marion Prior and Mary McGovern; the said William L. Prior having intermarried with Maggie Prior, both being of full age and residing in said Somerset County, the said Marion Prior having intermarried with Martha Prior, both being of full age and residing in said Wisconsin County; and the said Mary McGovern having intermarried with Stephen McGovern, both of whom are of full age and reside in the city of Camden, State of New Jersey.

(5) Emily Washington, a sister of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with Tony Washington, both of whom are of full age and both of whom left Somerset County about fifteen years ago, to Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, but neither the said Emily nor the said Tony have been heard from by any of the defendants, nor has any person known to the plaintiff, for the last fifteen years, and the plaintiff has been unable to ascertain whether they, or either of them, be now living or dead, or whether the said Emily, if dead, left any children surviving her from said marriage to the said Tony Washington, but the said Emily, when she left Somerset County as aforesaid, left behind her one child, namely: The defendant, Cora Banks, who intermarried with Isaac Banks, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wisconsin County aforesaid.

That the personal estate of the said Joseph Pusey is not sufficient for the payment of all his just debts, including the plaintiff's claim.

It is thereupon this twentieth day of March, nineteen hundred and eighteen, ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiff by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Somerset County, once in each of four successive weeks before the first day of May next, give notice to the said Mary McGovern and Stephen J. McGovern, her husband, all adults and non-residents of the State of Maryland, or to the unknown heirs of the said Emily Washington, if she be now deceased, of the object and substance of this order, and warning them to be and appear in this Court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the twenty-first day of May next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed, as prayed.

True Copy, Test: ROBERT F. DUER, Judge.

4-2 W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN WILLIAM PARKS, late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Third Day of October, 1918, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 26th day of March, 1918.

JOHN W. PARKS, JR. True Copy, Test: LAFAYETTE RIAR, Register of Wills.

J. E. GREEN

AUCTIONEER

Eden, Md. R.F.D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

The Marylander and Herald \$1 year.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free, but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

WANTED—Will pay spot cash for any used car. H. D. YATES.

FOR SALE—Cobbler Seed Potatoes. Apply, J. A. McALLEN.

FOR SALE—One three-year-old mule. Terms to suit. S. H. DEVLBISS.

FOR SALE—Big, white seed corn. James A. White, "Arcadia" Farm.

FOR SALE—Twenty Horses and Mules. To suit all purposes. ROBT. S. JONES.

FOR SALE—Tomato Plants, now ready for spotting. T. BEAUCHAMP, Westover, Md., Route 2.

FOR SALE—Piano organ, mahogany finish, in first-class condition, at a bargain. G. W. KEMP.

FOR SALE—Sweet Potato Slips. Apply to W. P. INSEY, Wicomico creek, Eden, Maryland, Route 2.

FOR SALE—Second-hand Ford car, 1916 model, in good running condition. Apply to JAMES A. HAYMAN, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—Car load good young Mules, 5 to 9 years old, weighing 900 to 1250 pounds each. ROBT. S. JONES.

FOR SALE—1916 Harley-Davidson motorcycle, fully equipped and in first-class condition. Price \$135. Apply to R. G. REVELLE, Princess Anne, Route 4.

FOR SALE—Strawberry Plants—Big Joe, Gandy, Klondyke and Matthew's Early, at \$2.00 per thousand. B. C. DRYDEN, Princess Anne. Farmers' Phone.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!!!—Oats, Red Clover, Mammoth Clover, Alsike, Timothy, Sweet Clover, etc. Fertilizers, Lime, Hay and feed of all kinds. W. P. TODD.

FOR SALE—Tomato Plants, ready to spot; also booking orders for spotted plants. Will be ready for field by April 15th or 20th. FRED R. NELSON, Westover, Md.

PLANT SORGHUM and make molasses. I have a limited amount of Sugar Drift Sorghum seed for sale at 25 cents per quart and \$1.75 per peck. I will be in position to make your molasses next Fall. L. T. WIDDOWSON, Westover.

COAL—I am now accepting orders for coal subject to the rulings of the Federal Fuel Administrator. Avoid conditions that existed last winter by placing your order now and fill your bins with good coal at the reduced price. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

LAND FOR SALE—210 acres, more or less, three miles from town, on the road to Deal's Island. About 80 acres in timber, the remainder cleared and divided into two farms with necessary outbuildings to each. Immediate possession. WM. G. WOOLFORD, E. A. WOOLFORD.

PARKO SEEDTAPES FILL THE BILL—In our stock of seeds you will find the line of the American Seedtape Company, which are especially prepared for the small gardens. Seeds are placed in tape proper distance apart and full directions for planting on each package. If you try them once you will never use any other. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

DON'T PUT OFF MAKING YOUR PURCHASES—You will not find a surplus of implements and tools lying around this year. Unless conditions change, when the stocks now in the hands of the dealers are sold, it will be over for this season. More implements, less labor and better crops, are what conditions call for this year. We handle only the best. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

Those who were too late to get the last bargains offered in used cars will have a chance at these: One 1916 Ford touring, good tires and running condition, but needs paint, \$250.00. One 8-cylinder touring in perfect condition; speedometer shows a little above 7,000; a car that has had the best of care and is like new; one that will cost today \$1,500; \$950.00 takes it. H. D. YATES.

BEAUTIFUL WEATHER TO PAINT OUTSIDE—Our stock is in good shape. If you are contemplating using paint these days you cannot afford to consider anything except the best. DeVoe's Pure Lead and Zinc has a national reputation—fewer gallons and wears better, we have it. Wetherill's Atlas we have sold for 15 years, with perfect satisfaction to our trade. We would be glad to have you consider our store in connection with your paint requirements. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Herrman Cohn spent a few days in Philadelphia last week.

Private William Sexton, of Camp Meade, Md., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Sexton, on Beechwood street.

Mrs. Oliver T. Beauchamp, who has been spending a month or more with relatives in Baltimore, returned home last Tuesday.

Mr. Harry H. Holden will offer at public sale a lot of live stock tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon. See advertisement in another column.

Mrs. F. Milton Walls, of Wilmington, Del., spent last week in Princess Anne, the guest of Miss Eloise McAllen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James A. McAllen.

Collector of Internal Revenue Joshua W. Miles and Mrs. Miles, who spent a week at their home in Princess Anne, returned to Baltimore last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Henry Page, who has been spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. H. A. Royster, at Raleigh, N. C., returned home yesterday (Monday) afternoon. She was accompanied by Mrs. Claude E. Metzler, of Evansville, Ill., who will spend some time with her mother.

Mrs. John S. McMaster arrived in Princess Anne yesterday (Monday) for a few days visit to her mother, Mrs. S. K. Dennis. Mr. and Mrs. McMaster had been to Miami, Florida, to see their son, John, who is in the naval air service located at that place, and were en route to their home in Jersey City, N. J., Mrs. McMaster stopping here.

Mrs. L. Creston Beauchamp is visiting relatives in Baltimore.

Mr. Sidney Rowland, of Baltimore, is in Princess Anne attending court.

Mr. S. Frank Dashiell, after a short visit to Baltimore, returned home last Sunday afternoon.

Miss Harriet Murphy, who has been visiting her parents, Rev. and Mrs. O. H. Murphy, has returned to West Chester, Pa.

Miss Marguerite Barber, who has been the guest of Miss Olga Young, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Young, has returned to her home in Bethlehem, Pa.

The Woman's Society of Manokin Presbyterian Church will hold a social at the home of Mrs. W. O. Lankford on Monday evening, April 22nd. The public is cordially invited. A silver offering will be taken at the door for benefit of the War Fund.

Mr. C. M. Dashiell has sold his canning factory to Jos. Middleby, Jr., Inc., of Boston, Mass. Mr. Dashiell will represent the new firm and continue to conduct the canning business in Princess Anne, which will be on broader lines and of greater benefit to the community.

The musicale which was to have been held by the Red Cross Circle of Fairmount on last Friday was postponed on account of bad weather, and will be held next Friday evening April 19th, at the home of Mr. U. L. Mitchell. Ice cream will be sold and a war pie will be cut. A silver offering will be taken at the door.

The button which will be given to every subscriber to a Liberty Loan Bond of the third issue, whether of a \$50 bond or a \$10,000 one, will have a border of brilliant red, and a blue field with a liberty bell, and the words "Third Liberty Loan" in white. Sixteen million of these buttons are now ready for delivery and will be given out when the subscriptions are made.

Among the visiting attorneys last week at the regular session of the Circuit Court for Somerset County were: Messrs. Hooper Miles, James E. Ellegood, F. Leonard Wailes, Frederick W. C. Webb, Samuel R. Douglass and Thos. H. Lewis, Jr., of Salisbury; Mr. L. Paul Ewell, of Pocomoke City; Messrs. Clarence P. Lankford, Thomas S. Hodson and John B. Robins, of Crisfield, and Mr. Parker, of Chicago, Ill.

Tomato Growers Meet

At a meeting of the Somerset Tomato Growers and Produce Association, held last Saturday afternoon in Todd's Hall, a resolution was passed fixing a minimum price of fifty cents a basket, or \$30.00 per ton, for all merchantable tomatoes grown by the association members.

A meeting was called by the president, C. H. Speights, for Saturday, April 20th, at 2 p. m., congressional time, at the Court House in Princess Anne, at which questions affecting the growers' interests will be discussed. All farmers and tomato growers are requested to be present.

Red Cross Notes

A meeting of Red Cross Auxiliary will be held at its headquarters Wednesday afternoon, April 17th, at 4.15 o'clock. This meeting was to have been held last Wednesday, but owing to the inclemency of the weather only the president was present.

Several months ago Mrs. Joseph Ellegood gave to the Red Cross Auxiliary of Princess Anne a very handsome embroidered table cloth. It was decided to dispose of the cloth by a raffle and the cloth was displayed in the window of T. J. Smith & Co's. drug store. More than 100 chances were sold. The cloth was then exhibited in Crisfield and some 30 chances were taken. Last Saturday at the Patriotic Headquarters, in the presence of several witnesses, Miss Marie Smith, the little daughter of the Red Cross president, drew from a box held by Mr. Robert F. Maddox, the number winning the cloth. The lucky number was owned by Mr. Robt. J. Waller, who is enlisted in his country's service, at present being stationed at Camp McClellan. The sum of \$35 was realized from the raffle.

More Wasted Food.

"Chew your food well," says Good Health. The biggest waste of food in this country grows out of hasty eating. Half-chewed food is half digested. The other half is wasted. The people of the United States waste enough food, by neglecting to chew, to feed France and Belgium.

ARE YOU?

Are you sending the Marylander and Herald to the boys now in the service of Uncle Sam? It is the link that will keep them in touch with friends and relatives and do more than anything else to banish homesickness. Letters are welcomed by the boys, but not a bit more than the weekly paper from their home town and vicinity. The boys have left home, friends—everything that is dear to them—to fight for you. Put their names on our mailing list to-day and see that the Marylander and Herald follows them wherever they go, it will only cost \$1 a year.

The Star-Spangled Banner

O, say, can you see by the dawn's early light,
What so proudly we hail'd at the twilight's last gleaming,
Whose broad stripes and bright stars, through the perilous fight,
O'er the ramparts we watch'd were so gallantly streaming?
And the rockets' red glare, the bombs bursting in air,
Gave proof through the night that our flag was still there!
O, say, does that Star-spangled Banner yet wave
O'er the land of the free, and the home of the brave?

On the shore, dimly seen through the mists of the deep,
Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes,
What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep,
As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses?
Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,
In full glory reflected, now shines on the stream!
'Tis the Star-spangled Banner; oh long may it wave
O'er the land of the free, and the home of the brave!

And where is that band, who so vauntingly swore,
That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion
A home and a country should leave us no more?
Their blood has wash'd out their foul footsteps' pollution.
No refuge could save the hireling and slave,
From the terror of flight, or the gloom of the grave!
And the Star-spangled Banner in triumph doth wave
O'er the land of the free, and the home of the brave!

Oh, thus be it ever, when freemen shall stand
Between their loved home and the war's desolation;
Blest with vict'ry and peace, may the heaven-rescued land
Praise the power that hath made and preserved us a nation!
Then conquer we must, when our cause it is just,
And this be our motto: "In God is our Trust!"
And the Star-spangled Banner in triumph shall wave
O'er the land of the free, and the home of the brave!

[PUBLISHED BY REQUEST]

Few Changes Of M. P. Pastors

The closing session of the Maryland Annual Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church was held in Broadway Church, Baltimore, last Tuesday afternoon, when the list of appointments were read.

The next place of meeting was not determined upon, the matter being left in the hands of the standing committee which will make a selection during the first part of next year. Among the appointments we note:

Cambridge, W. L. Hoffman; Crisfield, C. M. Elderidge; Marriner's, C. M. Adams; Pocomoke City, J. A. Dudley; Pocomoke Circuit, J. P. George; Salem, to be supplied; Salisbury, A. N. Ward; Trinity, E. L. Bunce.

Special appointments—President at Western Maryland College, T. H. Lewis; professor Western Maryland College, E. A. Warfield; president Western Theological Seminary, H. L. Elderidge; editor Methodist Protestant, F. T. Benson; secretary-treasurer Board of Foreign Missions, F. C. Klein; superintendent church extension, J. M. Sheridan.

Your Fifty Dollar Liberty Bond

It will protect 1,000 soldiers from smallpox and 666 from typhoid. It will assure the safety of 139 soldiers from lockjaw, the germs of which swarm in Belgian soil.

It will render painless 400 operations, supply 2 miles of bandages—enough to bandage 555 wounds.

It will care for 160 injuries in the way of "first-aid packets."

It will furnish adhesive plaster and surgical gauze enough to benefit thousands of wounded soldiers.

Every purchaser of a Liberty Loan Bond performs a distinct individual service to his country and to our boys fighting in France.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice uncalled for:

Miss Estella Bell, John Brinkley, Mr. Isaac Hayward, Mr. Charlie Long, Mrs. H. S. Magruder, Mr. L. Livingstone, Mr. Geo. Newton, Mrs. Lula Taylor, Mrs. J. R. Morris, Mrs. Geo. E. Walker, Miss Lula Walker, Miss Dortha Wittne.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

Whooping Cough

Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy. It is excellent.

[Advertisement]

FERD F. EDMISTON AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct Public Sales at Reasonable Rates

FARM SALES A SPECIALTY

Write me, Princess Anne, Route 4

TO THE PUBLIC

While I have sold my factory to Messrs. Joseph Middleby, Jr., Inc., of Boston, Mass., with whom I have been associated for several years in the strawberry business, yet, as their representative, I shall continue to conduct the business at said factory in the same manner in which it has been carried on in the past.

This arrangement will enable the business to be conducted on far broader lines and with much greater benefit to the community than could be done in my individual capacity.

As agent for said Middleby Co. I have leased the factory for the coming tomato season to Messrs. Henry W. and John B. Roberts and bespeak for them the generous patronage which in the past has been bestowed upon me.

C. M. DASHIELL.

Fair Price List

The following price list has been issued by the Food Administrator for Somerset county, for April 15th:

SUGAR—Best, fine granulated, 8 1/2-9
FLOUR—Spring, winter, or blended, 75-76
Winter straight, 1-16 sacks, 75-76
If sold by the pound, 6 1/2 to 7c
Corn meal, per pound, 6c
Rye flour, per pound, 9c
Barley flour, per pound, 9c
RICE—Medium to fancy head, pound, 10-12
ROLLED OATS—in packages, best standard brands per standard package, 12-15
HOMINY—Loose, per quart, 12
BEANS—Pea or Navy, hand picked, qt., 27-30
Lima, per quart, 27-30
BAKED BEANS—7-ounce cans, No. 1, 10
17 to 20-ounce cans, 18
CORN—Fancy Shoepeg, per can, 15-20
Crushed, Main style, per can, 15-20
TOMATOES, No. 2, 13
No. 3, 18
CANNED MILK—Unsweetened, evaporated (small can), 6-7
Unsweetened, evaporated (large can), 13-14
Sweetened, cond. best brands, can, 22
CORN SYRUP—Blended, 1 1/2 lb. cans, 15
Blended, 2 1/2 lb. cans, 20
POTATOES—Per pound, 1 1/2 to 2c
CHEESE—Whole milk, per pound, 31-33
BUTTER—Fine, fresh, creamery, pound, 52
Process, pound, 44-45
Oleomargarine, best, no colored, lb., 35-40
EGGS—Strictly fresh, per dozen, 32-34
BEEF—(good quality) rib roast, pound, 27-28
Chuck roast, pound, 25-26
Sirloin steaks, pound, 34-35
Round steaks, pound, 32
PORK—Roasts, pound, 30-35
Chops, pound, 35
Fresh shoulder, pound, 28-30
Fresh ham, pound, 32-35
Smoked ham, pound, 35-40
Sliced, boneless bacon, pound, 45-48
LARD—Best kettle rendered, pound, 32-35
Compound, pound, 25-28

New Regulations for the Sale of Sugar—Retail stores are not permitted to sell more than five pounds of sugar to residents of towns, or more than ten pounds to farmers or people living in rural districts.

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Spring Is Here

YOU have already forgotten, or will soon, the cold snap of a few days ago. Spring with its own will be better than all the dead past, and you are now compelled to consign to the moth-balled closet and cedar chest the winter wear. To meet this time we have placed on our counters a beautiful line of Spring Goods. Just such as our experience here tells us that you like.

Dress Goods

In Silk, Wool and Cotton, in colors and styles distinctively this season's

Ready-to-Wear

Suits and Coats for Ladies and Misses, Ladies' House Dresses, Children's Wash Dresses, Odd Skirts, Silk, Satin and Cotton Petticoats

FURNITURE

Bed-Room, Dining-Room, Parlor, Drawing-Room, Library, Kitchen, and for any other room you have; the entire room furnished. Rugs for the floors, Wall Paper for the Walls, Furnishings throughout.

Shoes, Corsets, Gloves, Ribbon, Underwear, Yarn, Crochet Cotton, Silk, Knitting Needles, Etc.

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Princess Anne, Maryland

Buy Your School and Office Supplies at

The Big Stationery Store MEYER & THALHEIMER

10-12 N. Howard Street, Baltimore, Md.

DEPARTMENTS:

PRINTING and ENGRAVING, OFFICE FURNITURE, FILING DEVICES—Wood and Steel, SCHOOL FURNITURE and SUPPLIES, COMMERCIAL and SOCIAL STATIONERY, BLANK BOOKS

JUST ARRIVED

10 Men's Suits 10

\$10.00 per Suit

Expecting 10 more Suits in a few days. Call in and look them over.

Don't worry about money matters. You can pay for a suit as you have the money to spare

Sugar 8 1/2c

Per Pound, "Cash"

In 2 and 5 lb Lots Only

Frederick J. Flurer

Princess Anne, Md.

Store opens 9 a.m., Closes 10 p.m.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Used by the American, British and French troops. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain relief for sweating, callous, tired, aching feet. Sold everywhere, 25c. Always use it to break in new shoes. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

FALSE TEETH

We pay up to \$12 for old or broken sets. Send Parcel Post or write for particulars. Domestic Supply Co., Dept. 24, Binghamton, N.Y.

Do You Want a Good Complexion?

Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers. If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief. Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving. Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES
Druggist Princess Anne

COUNTY SURVEYOR'S NOTICE

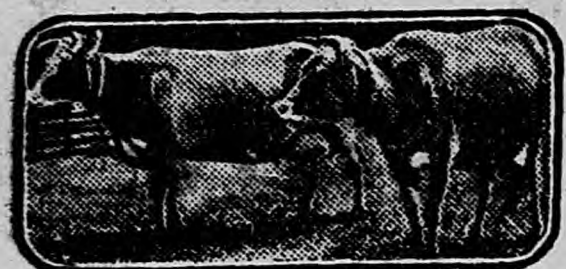
The undersigned, special Deputy Surveyor of Somerset county, Maryland, hereby gives notice that he has received a Special Warrant dated March 2nd, 1918, granted out of the Land Office of Maryland, to John H. Whitlock, for the following described property—situate, lying and being in the Fifth Election District of Somerset county, aforesaid: Bounded on the north by the Wicomico river, on the east by land of John H. Whitlock, on the south by land of John W. Parker and on the west by land of Carl Jones and a small creek, and that on or after FRIDAY, MAY 3rd, 1918, he shall proceed to lay out and survey the aforesaid property for and in the name of him the said John H. Whitlock.

EARLE B. POLK,
Special Deputy Surveyor of Somerset County.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A safe preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

DAIRY



QUARTERS FOR DAIRY CALVES

To Prevent Bumping and Jostling of Young Animals Small Pens Should Be Provided.

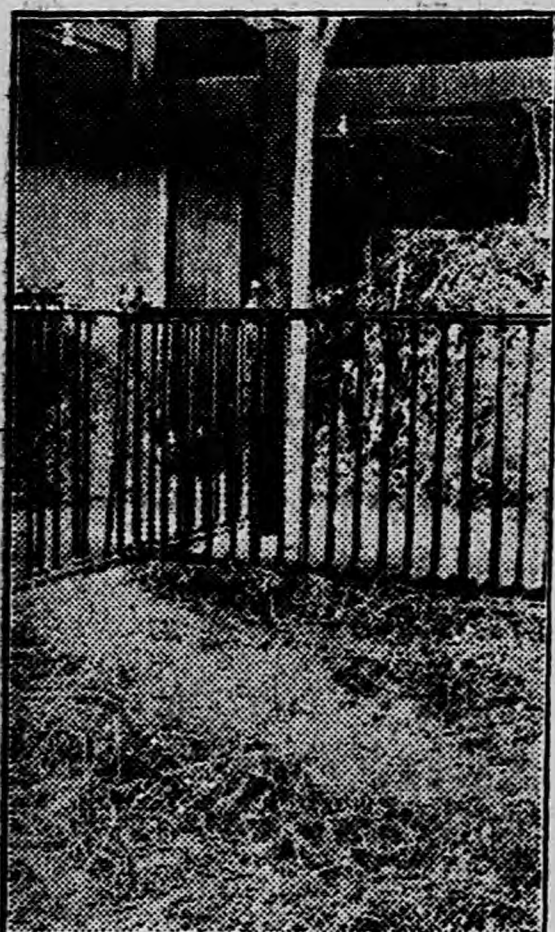
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Small calves should not be bumped and jostled about. An easy way to prevent this is to provide small pens, not less than four by six feet in size, in each of which a calf may be kept for the first two weeks. The pens should be fitted with feed boxes for grain and racks for hay. After the calf is old enough to run with the others it is placed with them in a larger pen. Stanchions are fixed on one side of this pen to provide for the separate feeding of the calves, so as to insure that each receives its proper care. Racks for hay should also be placed within easy reach of the calves.

Too much emphasis cannot be laid upon the necessity of having light, dry quarters for the calves. Bedding always should be abundant and should be changed often, in order that the pen always may be dry. Lack of attention to these matters is very likely to allow the development of the various calf diseases.

After the calf is a few weeks old, it can stand considerable cold if it is kept dry and has dry quarters. Provision also should be made to allow the calves plenty of exercise. A small paddock or pasture adjoining the calf stables is excellent for this purpose. Except for the very young ones, calves may be let out in the exercise lot for a short period each day when the weather is not too cold or stormy.

If the calves are kept together in a large pen it is very difficult to feed them by hand unless they are tied. When they are loose the milk often is



Good Place to Keep Calves.

spilled, and the larger calves get part of the smaller ones' share. Very simple stanchions may be constructed to prevent losses of milk and insure the equal distribution of the feed. To prevent the calves from sucking one another they should be kept in the stanchions for some time after feeding. A calf stanchion may be constructed of cheap or scrap lumber. It is usually 36 to 40 inches high and has a four-inch space for the calf's head.

SANITARY SHED FOR MILKING

Cows Should Be Kept Clean and Udders Wiped With Damp Cloth to Keep Out Dirt.

The cows should be kept clean and milked in a place free from dust. If the udders of the cows are wiped with a damp cloth it will prevent dirt, dandruff and hair from falling into the milk with their millions of bacteria. A covered or small-top milk pail should always be used in milking. It keeps out more than half of the germs.

COWS RESPOND TO FEEDING

Even Poor Animal Will Increase in Production If She is Given Proper Treatment.

A good cow will respond to good treatment and even a poor cow will increase in production if she is properly handled.

With liberal feeding liberal returns cannot be obtained. A heavy producing cow cannot do her best work unless she is well fed.

TEMPERATURE FOR CHURNING

Usually From 52 to 60 Degrees Fahrenheit in Summer and From 58 to 66 in Winter.

The churning temperature should be such that (1) the churning will require from thirty to forty minutes, and (2) the butter granules will be firm without being hard—usually from 52 to 60 degrees Fahrenheit in summer and from 58 to 66 degrees Fahrenheit in winter.

WAGE EARNER AND PAYER MUST UNITE

By MICHAEL J. HICKEY, Manager Industrial Department, National Association of Manufacturers, New York.

Business in 1918 is to be war. It will primarily be war against a well prepared enemy without our borders.

We must not permit it to be war within our borders, as it will be if the bickerings, misunderstandings and social unconsciousness are not effectively and constructively dealt with by those who are directly concerned with American industry.

The National Industrial Conservation Movement will continue to exert every possible and legitimate energy at the command of its writers, public speakers, printed literature, moving picture films, co-operating chambers of commerce, boards of trade, religious, civic, social and patriotic bodies, to spread the gospel of industrial co-operation.

Certain agencies abroad in this land are constantly seeking, creating and seizing upon every possible form of excuse and opportunity to sow the seeds of dissatisfaction, discontent and unrest in our industrial world. These agencies thrive on misrepresentation, exaggeration and agitation of destructive varieties.

Must Combat "Isms."

They preach half brained "isms," class hatred and sedition.

To defeat them is not only an imperative work for our national safety, but a patriotic duty incumbent upon every thoughtful American. It cannot be done by the occasional denouncing of such national enemies, thus affording them the notoriety by which they thrive, but must be combated in the public interest by a carefully worked out campaign to present the impartial truth on the industrial, social and economic problems at stake.

Wage earners must be made to more fully appreciate that their interest in American industry is mutual with that of our wage payers so far as our industrial prosperity is concerned.

Wage payers who do not realize the value of cultivating the human element in their plants must likewise be shown the necessity for them to literally interpret and practically apply the lesson of co-operation.

It must also be recognized by our public officials and communities in general that a healthy industrial atmosphere is only possible when friendly relations rather than class antagonisms are fostered by law and public print.

It shall continue to be the purpose of our work on a national scale to diplomatically and truthfully correct the misinformation and spirit of thoughtlessness which has so frequently led the public into acts of reprisal that are inimical to their own interests as well as to the interests of the industrial institutions upon which our national welfare as well as our individual comfort and convenience is so dependent.

The patriotic importance of this work must be evident to all careful observers of events at this time. In its relation to our future industrial development the intrinsic value of a better understanding all round cannot be overestimated.

Spread the Truth.

We will dedicate our energies to the spreading of the truth, the awakening of public thought and the public's sense of mutual interest and responsibility. We believe there is no more room in this country for profiteering on the part of so called Capital or so called Labor.

Our work will also involve a further extension of the campaign to protect and conserve the lives, limbs and general health of wage earners, the reabsorption by industry of jobless warriors and such of our soldiers who may be partially crippled in our military service, the maintenance of our armed forces in the field and comforts of our home staying citizens as well as our brave allies. Our industries must likewise do their full and important share in the financing of our war operations.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

DOING AWAY WITH THE INDUSTRIAL SCRAP HEAP

Railroads and Manufacturers Are Learning to Eliminate Waste, Including Drainage of Man Power.

Confronted by the necessity of utilizing every possible traffic facility for war material, the railroads are going to the scrap heap for additional equipment. They are pulling up discarded locomotives and engines 25 years old have been rebuilt and made "better than when they were new."

No doubt the railroad scrap heap is the largest of all American scrap heaps and by that token the one from which most material can be salvaged. But the conditions of railroad waste and extravagance in the name of efficiency equally characterize all American industry, and the new railroad policy of reclamation is important as an example and a precedent.

What the garbage pail is as an index of household thriftlessness the scrap heap is as a monument to wasteful methods of manufacture. But the greatest of all wastes, progressive manufacturers now realize, lies in the careless manipulation of man power.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

LIBERTY BOND

You are asked to spend wisely—to buy only the things honestly needed to maintain your health and efficiency. This is intelligent thrift. The Government asks it of you as a war measure :

1938 APRIL

Bonds Are Not A Burden, But A Blessing

Thrift requires the exercise of restraint and self-denial—qualities without which you cannot achieve the success in life which it is your ambition to achieve and for the lack of which you are likely to suffer in later years.

The money you acquire by thrift you are asked to loan—not give—to your country. It will come back to you when you may need it far more than you do now, and you will be paid interest for its use.

This war is a frightful thing, but it may prove of inestimable benefit to you, if it teaches you the good habit of thrift.

Help Your Country and Yourself by Investing in Liberty Bonds

THIS SPACE PAID FOR AND CONTRIBUTED BY

Peoples Bank of Somerset County

Princess Anne, Maryland

Burn Locomotive Cinders.
There has recently been completed at Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Germany, what is said to be the first large railroad power station to be operated entirely on locomotive cinders. Three boilers are fired by automatic underfeed stokers and burn cinders, alone or mixed with coal-dust. The cinders are brought on a travelling electric crane directly into the boiler room. Steam produced with this fuel is employed to drive two turbines that generate current for the light and power systems in the station.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Jungle Camouflage.
In the jungle a huge python lies hidden from its prey, waiting. It resembles some twisted, fallen branch, and is unnoticed by the small furred creatures which pass near. Suddenly the python strikes, the captured creature is crushed and disappears into the throat of the hunter. Another instance is the tree toad, which clings like some green bough to a tree, and seems to be a knot or lump in the wood. Through the entire day it will hang there, while flies and butterflies hover near without fear, only to be snapped up by a long, forked tongue, the prey of the wily hunter.

Monkeys Cleverly Trapped.
Monkey hunters walk about in boots, which they take off in sight of the monkeys and place the soles with gum. The imitative animals, when the coast is clear, come down from the trees and put on the boots. Thus they are trapped, for they can no longer climb.

Making an Old Thing Useful.
My oven had a tendency to burn on the bottom until a friend told me to cut a piece of old wire screen just the size of my oven, and always keep it in place. Since then I have had no further trouble. The cost was nil, as I cut the screen from a discarded door.—Cartoons Magazine.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of **SALLIE M. DAVIS**, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the Twenty-seventh Day of August, 1918, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 23rd day of February, 1918.

SAMUEL L. DAVIS,
G. WILLIAM DAVIS,
Administrators of Sallie M. Davis, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE RUARK,** Reg. W. S. C.

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect Nov. 25th, 1917

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	447	449	81	451	455	463			
New York (Penn. Station)	P. M. 1:00	P. M. 9:00	A. M. 12:45	A. M. 8:00	A. M. 12:08				
Philadelphia	11:25	11:33	5:35	9:58	3:00				
Wilmington	12:06 a.m.	12:23 a.m.	7:00	10:42	3:45				
Baltimore	8:55 p.m.	8:05 p.m.	4:00	19:00	1:35				

LEAVE	458	460	462	89	450				
Norfolk	A. M. 8:00	A. M. 8:45	A. M. 9:05	P. M. 6:00	P. M. 7:14				
Old Point	8:45	9:15	9:45	7:00	8:05				
PRINCESS ANNE	6:56	10:55	12:20 p.m.	5:00	11:42				
Salisbury	7:39	11:34	1:48	8:49	12:20 a.m.				
Delmar	7:56	11:50	2:10	Ar. 9:00	12:45				

*On Sundays Train 455 arrives at Cape Charles 4:40. Old Point 6:40 and Norfolk 7:45 p.m.
†Sleeping car section. ‡Stops for sleeping car passengers.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	458	460	462	89	450				
Norfolk	A. M. 8:00	A. M. 8:45	A. M. 9:05	P. M. 6:00	P. M. 7:14				
Old Point	8:45	9:15	9:45	7:00	8:05				
PRINCESS ANNE	6:56	10:55	12:20 p.m.	5:00	11:42				
Salisbury	7:39	11:34	1:48	8:49	12:20 a.m.				
Delmar	7:56	11:50	2:10	Ar. 9:00	12:45				

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward									
Leave	A. M. 9:16	P. M. 2:15	P. M. 8:10	Leave	A. M. 6:00	P. M. 12:15	P. M. 6:45		
King's Creek	10:00	3:00	8:50	Crisfield	6:48	1:05	7:35		
Ar. Crisfield	10:10	3:10	9:00	Ar. King's Creek	6:58	1:15	7:45		

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward									
Leave	A. M. 6:00	P. M. 12:15	P. M. 6:45	Leave	A. M. 9:16	P. M. 2:15	P. M. 8:10		
Crisfield	6:48	1:05	7:35	King's Creek	10:00	3:00	8:50		
Ar. Crisfield	6:58	1:15	7:45	Ar. King's Creek	10:10	3:10	9:00		

No Sunday trains on this Branch Road.
Nos. 447, 449, 455, 462, 460 daily. Nos. 81, 451, 463, 89, 450, 448, 446, 444, 442, 440, 438, 436, 434, 432, 430, 428, 426, 424, 422, 420, 418, 416, 414, 412, 410, 408, 406, 404, 402, 400, 398, 396, 394, 392, 390, 388, 386, 384, 382, 380, 378, 376, 374, 372, 370, 368, 366, 364, 362, 360, 358, 356, 354, 352, 350, 348, 346, 344, 342, 340, 338, 336, 334, 332, 330, 328, 326, 324, 322, 320, 318, 316, 314, 312, 310, 308, 306, 304, 302, 300, 298, 296, 294, 292, 290, 288, 286, 284, 282, 280, 278, 276, 274, 272, 270, 268, 266, 264, 262, 260, 258, 256, 254, 252, 250, 248, 246, 244, 242, 240, 238, 236, 234, 232, 230, 228, 226, 224, 222, 220, 218, 216, 214, 212, 210, 208, 206, 204, 202, 200, 198, 196, 194, 192, 190, 188, 186, 184, 182, 180, 178, 176, 174, 172, 170, 168, 166, 164, 162, 160, 158, 156, 154, 152, 150, 148, 146, 144, 142, 140, 138, 136, 134, 132, 130, 128, 126, 124, 122, 120, 118, 116, 114, 112, 110, 108, 106, 104, 102, 100, 98, 96, 94, 92, 90, 88, 86, 84, 82, 80, 78, 76, 74, 72, 70, 68, 66, 64, 62, 60, 58, 56, 54, 52, 50, 48, 46, 44, 42, 40, 38, 36, 34, 32, 30, 28, 26, 24, 22, 20, 18, 16, 14, 12, 10, 8, 6, 4, 2, 0.

RANDOLPH B. COOKE Div. Pass. Agent. M. W. CLEMENT, Superintendent.

THE DAILY AMERICAN

Established 1773

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Daily and Sunday, one month	.65
Daily, three months	1.20
Daily and Sunday, three months	1.85
Daily, six months	2.25
Daily and Sunday, six months	3.50
Daily, one year	4.00
Daily, with Sunday Edition, one year	6.50
Sunday Edition, one year	2.50

THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN

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ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Six Months, 50 Cents

THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN is published in two issues, Tuesday and Friday mornings, with the news of the week in compact shape. It contains interesting special correspondence, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and fresh miscellany suitable for the home circle. A carefully edited Agricultural Department and full and reliable Financial and Market Reports are special features.

CHAS. C. FULTON & CO.

FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher

AMERICAN OFFICE BALTIMORE, MD.

MR. AVERAGE CITIZEN-- DO YOU PRODUCE AS MUCH AS YOU CONSUME

Modern Society Founded on Principle of Co-operative Effort of All.

WE DEPEND ON EACH OTHER

Simple Lesson in Economics Proves That Industry is the Source of Necessities, Comforts and Luxuries. Individual Has Debt to Organization.

Can you picture an average American family seated at a table in the average American home about to partake of the average American meal? It is a familiar enough sight. There is the table covered with its white cloth, the utensils made from porcelain, steel, glass and silver, and there is the food—bread and butter, milk, tea or coffee, salt and pepper, sugar, meat, vegetables, fruit, etc. But scarcely anything there is the direct result of the labor of any person who sits about that table!

When you sit down to a meal do you ever think who provided it? Do you even know, in most cases, where the different components of that meal came from? Did the salt and the pepper drop as manna from heaven? Did the flax or the cotton which forms the tablecloth grow upon the home place? Were the fibers spun into yarn by your housekeeper, and was the cloth woven on the household loom? Did you rear the animal which supplied the meat for the repast? Did the fruit come from your orchard? Are the milk and the butter the products of your cow? Who delved into the earth for the silver, the steel, the lead, the clay which have been used to make up the utensils necessary for your most simple meal? And who changed those raw products into the knives and forks and dishes you use?

No thoughtful man can consider such questions without being tremendously impressed with the utter dependence of even the most independent man in our present civilization upon the co-operation of hundreds of thousands of his fellow men whom he has never met and probably never heard of, largely engaged in some occupation different from his own and scattered about, not only all over his own country, but many of them located in far distant parts of the earth!

It makes no difference what vocation a man follows. He may be a farmer and cause two blades of grass to grow where only one grew before. He may be a manufacturer, a retail merchant, a mechanic or a banker—no matter what he is, he depends for his very existence, not only upon those who till the soil and deal in its products, but also and to the same extent upon the great organizations of manufacture, transportation, communication and finance which are scattered about all over the earth.

It has taken the combined efforts, the co-operation of thousands of people and organizations concerning which the average individual may know nothing, to bring about the development of what we call our modern civilization. The economic value of your efforts and those of your employee or of your employer, as the case may be, both depend upon the value of the efforts of millions of other men, and the economic value of one cannot be damaged without impairing the economic value of all.

Let us not become so thoroughly specialists that we forget the other fellow. If our work narrows down at least let our knowledge and sympathies broaden. If we do not know something of the problems of each other and have some sympathetic interests in those problems we cannot hope to attain, either individually or collectively, the very great benefits which are known to be the direct results of helpful co-operation.—Industrial Conservation, N. Y.

SPEED IN PRODUCTION ESSENTIAL TO VICTORY

Industrial Efficiency Will Protect Lives of Our Boys in the Trenches.

Industrial efficiency and economy will play as important a part as military organization and genius in determining the outcome of the war, according to Frank A. Scott, chairman of the War Industries Board, which has charge of government buying and supervision over the general industrial activity incidental to the prosecution of the war. The preparatory stage of the war has passed for this country, says Mr. Scott, and the time has arrived when every resource, human and material, must be placed at the disposal of the government.

"If it can be said there has been a preliminary stage of our share in the war it is over now," says the government's industrial director. "Our troops are already in France, and we have begun the actual raising of a huge army here at home to be sent abroad when the time is ripe. We have passed the period of expectation. "Efficiency and economy in producing and distributing the government's requirements are as necessary to success as courage and intelligence in battle. The slacker at home is as contemptible a figure as the coward in the presence of the enemy. The luxuries of peace must give way to the necessities of war."—Industrial Conservation, New York.

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Baltimore Maryland

Circulation over 100,000 daily

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOSIAH TOWNSEND,

late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Second Day of July, 1918,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 25th day of December, 1917.

JOSIAH W. MILES,

Executor of Josiah Townsend, deceased.
True Copy. Test:
LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Recorder of Wills.

The Baltimore Star

The Leading Evening Paper of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1908, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departmental, financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the great home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled. The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

The Star is different from other Southern paper. It has a quality of its own.
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Safety in Industries.
Industrial accidents cost this country 35,000 human lives and many millions of dollars annually, according to the Arizona State Safety News. "In addition, dismemberments and other serious injuries total about \$50,000 yearly, while the annual number of minor accidents, causing loss of time, exceeds 2,000,000. The putting forward of Safety is effected by well-known methods: First, you must have an organization that will handle the proposition; second, you have to put your plant and equipment into a proper and safe condition; third, you have to educate people as to the importance of their own responsibility to the safety cause. To keep the ball rolling is the problem which confronts all Safety organizations."

How to Read.

At best the printed words of an author represent but a poor fraction of what is in his thought and feeling, or what he would express if he could. Therefore, it is well to follow Ruskin's advice on "reading for the thought," and "get into the habit of looking intently at words and assure yourself of their meaning syllable by syllable—may, letter by letter." Not only does this help you to understand the author's meaning by comprehending his words, but the act of concentration fertilizes and awakens your own mind and tends to bring you into such sympathy with the idea expressed and with the author, that you are illumined by far more of the subject than the printed words alone contain.—William E. Towne in Nautilus.

Abyssinia of Today.

The dominant race in Abyssinia is Semitic. The Hamitic is the aboriginal race. The court or official language is Amharic, but Ethiopic is that of the church and literature. The national religion is Monophysite Christianity, but Judaism is found among certain tribes, and Islam is the faith of a considerable element of the population. The head of the Abyssinian church is the Abuna, "our father," who is a Coptic monk, nominated by the Patriarch of Alexandria. The government is a despotic monarchy based on a system partly federal and partly feudal. The civilization of Abyssinia has long been retarded by isolation and anarchy, but there is now a national awakening to the civilized world.

Thick and Dark.

"Do you use this muddy river water for cooking?" asked the stranger in Plunkville.
"It is all we have."
"Well, you've got an elegant foundation for soup."

Signs of the Times.

"What makes you think Bliggins is becoming feminized?"
"He has sold all his hunting dogs in order to buy his wife a Pomeranian."

MICKIE SAYS

OUR REPORTER SAYS
WOT GITS HIS COAT IS
THAT THE FELLER WHO
NEVER GIVES HIM ANY
NEWS IS ALWAYS HOLLERIN'
ABOUT THEY BEIN' NO
NEWS IN THE PAPER!



First Appendicitis Operation.

There was a time when appendicitis was quite a fashionable disease. In some parts of Europe it was known as the "American disease." The first operation for appendicitis was performed at St. Luke's hospital, Denver, Colo., in January, 1885. A young woman residing in Davenport, Ia., had the distinction of being the first person to have the troublesome vermiform appendix removed. The operation, necessarily, was in the nature of an experiment, and the patient was so informed, but she pluckily declared her willingness to submit to the knife as a last resort. It was not until about two years later that another operation of this kind was performed. Since then thousands of such operations have been performed in every hospital in the world.

General Education.

It takes a master mind to live entirely on its own thoughts, notably if one would not grow morbid, and a good book will do wonders to remake health by resting and awakening thoughts.

The habit of the day seems to be to eliminate poetry from chosen lines of reading. This is an error. Those who are to a reasonable proportion familiar with best verse will find that they have a smooth and easy grace in general expression that is worth while.

No one can afford to live without softening their thoughts and keeping art before themselves in whatever form it may be available, and poetry is one of its most available forms.

SAVE EXPLOSIVES FROM GARBAGE CANS

At the entrance to Mr. O. K. Quiry's striking agricultural and food exhibit at the "Over There" show in Baltimore is a garbage can with a sample of that deadly explosive nitro-glycerine standing beside it. The object-lesson taught is that in the kitchen refuse from every home in Maryland is material with which we could be fighting the Hun. So save it.

It is the fat which is valuable and it can be saved in two ways—first by keeping as much as possible out of the cans and secondly by having the rest taken care of by a reduction plant. Fat can be saved by the housewife who loyally follows the rules laid down by the Food Administration. The foremost rule is to fry as little food as possible. Boil, bake, broil or stew, so the saved grease can be shot at the foe. Never fry in deep grease.

Old-time plecrust isn't patriotic. Serve open-faced pies and use vegetable oils for cooking them instead of animal grease. Corn oil is a splendid substitute and in using it—two table-spoons to a cup of flour—you will help give a boost to a big new Maryland industry.

Save the fats from your meat. You pay for the trimmings and are therefore entitled to them instead of the butcher. Save all the scraps of fat and get the utmost use out of your cooking grease.

The more animal fats you can save the less you need to draw on the national supply. The military need is so great that the garbage from army camps is put through reduction plants and valuable war material is salvaged, whose use is explained by Miss Bertha C. Rogge at the Maryland Food Exhibit at "Over There."

First comes glycerine, which is the basis of dynamite and T. N. T., and the other high explosives with which armies fight.

Fatty acids are saved too, used in the cup greases which keep the motor-transport running and the big battery working. Next comes red oil, without which guns cannot be bored or automobile gears cut. And with this same red oil are scoured and woolen and cotton goods whereof the Sammies' uniforms are made. His shoes are tanned with stearic acid, which also lurks in kitchen waste, and this same article goes into the candles that light up his dugout.

TURN THE CHILDREN ON THE SLACKER ACRES

Wherever suitable garden land is available, get the children out to cultivate it—not under compulsion, as the Belgian youngsters work, but by stimulating their interest. "Camouflage their efforts as play; Mother Earth won't mind being 'kidded in a good cause' is the advice given by State Administrator Baetjer.

But make sure the child is not going to have its work wasted because the soil is barren. It would be a crime to allow a child to waste its energy trying to build a garden where there is not a proper foundation. There are various ways in which the soil's productivity can be increased—by use of well-rotted stable manure, for instance, or of commercial fertilizers. But beware the fate of a city man who wasted his summer on a garden which he thought he had fertilized with sweepings from an old macadam roadway. He had that little learning which is a dangerous thing.

In a child's garden those vegetables should be chosen which are most easily grown and produce quick returns. Children should be encouraged to grow lettuce, radishes, onions and cress, with later planting of beans, cabbage and tomatoes. These vegetables are easily grown and are best suited to small plots.

BUCKWHEAT MUFFINS.

(Official recipe.)

One cup buckwheat, one cup corn flour, four level teaspoons baking powder, one-half teaspoon salt, one egg, one and one-quarter cups milk, three tablespoons corn syrup, one tablespoon melted fat.

Mix and sift the dry ingredients, add beaten egg, milk, syrup and fat. Mix thoroughly and bake in well greased muffin tins in a hot oven for 30 minutes.

WAR HELPINGS

Unearthing enemy plots is the work of the Secret Service. Unearthing thrift plots is a work of Public Service. Get busy with your spade and hoe.

Take an inventory of the contents of your garbage can. If it reveals needless waste, plan to avoid this in future.

In the British Isles it has been figured that 100 acres of wheat provide one year's food energy for 200 persons, while the same area in potatoes will feed 420 persons. Farmers over there are being urged to plant the crops that feed the greatest number. It is up to the United States to save and ship the other foodstuffs.

America and her allies between them have ample food to go round. In the U. S. A. alone the job of seeing it does go round is left to the people; to insure fair distribution elsewhere the food controllers have had to adopt compulsory rationing with its little food cards and its long food lines.

HAND-PICK BEAN SEED IS FAVORED

Most Effective Method to Reduce Amount of Disease.

PLAN TO SECURE BEST STAND

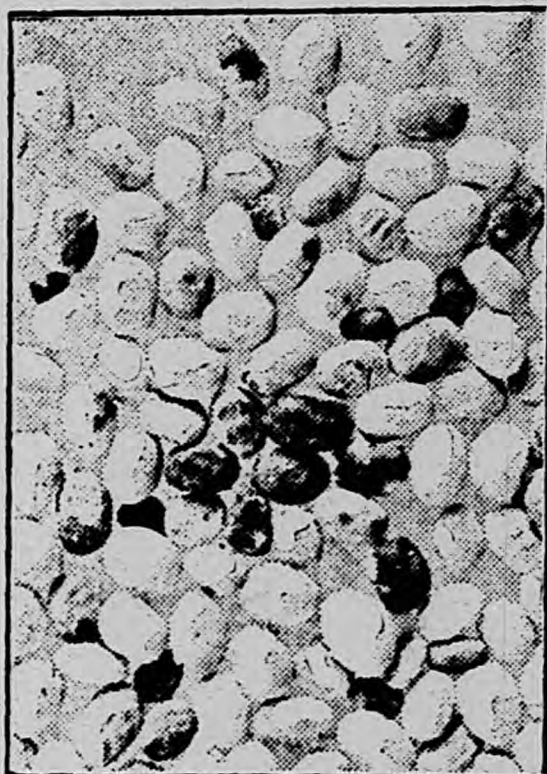
Germination Test Should Be Made During Winter Months When Other Work on Farm Is Slack—Good Method Outlined.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Bean anthracnose and blight are carried over from year to year in the seed. The most effective method to reduce the amount of disease, according to the United States department of agriculture, is by hand-picking the seed very carefully before planting. This will eliminate most of the spotted, discolored, shriveled, undersized, and cracked beans, and does a great deal toward insuring a uniform stand. A germination test of the seed will indicate whether a good stand is likely to result. This work should be done during the winter months when work is slack and before the spring rush begins.

Secure Cleaner Crop.

By removing all discolored and spotted beans the source of infection will be greatly reduced, and the result will be a cleaner crop. The weather conditions determine to a certain extent the severity of bean anthracnose and blight, but if all diseased seeds are removed the grower will be insured



Sample of Beans Unfit for Planting Purposes.

against these losses regardless of the weather conditions. The undersized, shriveled, irregular, and cracked beans do not germinate well and their removal will help to secure a uniform stand. No chances should be taken with the 1918 crop. Only the very best seed available should be used.

Test Germination.

Germination tests should be made to determine what percentage of the seed will grow. Follow the method commonly employed for testing the germination of corn. The seeds may be laid between moist blotters or folds of cloth placed in a shallow dish, covered with a plate and kept in a warm room; or they may be planted in sand or soil.

If the germination is poor, the fact must be taken into account when deciding upon the rate of planting, in order to insure a good stand. It is very important that seed be tested this year, since early frosts in the fall of 1917 prevented the crop from maturing properly in some of the principal bean-growing sections of the country. A failure to do so may result in a poor stand and much reduced yield.

SALT CORN TO RETARD HEAT

Acts Not Only as Preservative but Aids in Drawing Out Water Which Then Evaporates.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Owing to the large amount of soft corn that was harvested last fall, special care should be given to prevent it from heating in the crib. Corn that has already been cribbed without sorting should be worked over during weather unfit for husking. This is especially true if stored in large cribs without special ventilation. Corn in large, broad cribs freezes during the winter months and while frozen appears to be dry. Investigations, however, have shown that corn in such cribs dries out little until the weather begins to warm up in the spring. With the excessive moisture in the soft, frosted, and immature corn it is practically certain that there will be further spoilage and heating of the soft corn as the weather warms up.

The salting of ear corn in cribs will retard and in many cases prevent heating. The salt acts not only as a preservative but aids in drawing the water from the corn, which then evaporates if the corn is stored in well-ventilated cribs so that the air can circulate freely through it. The United States has carried on no special experiments with salted corn, but the quantity of salt recommended ranges from one to two barrels per 1,000 bushels of corn. This condition, however, will not apply to shelled corn stored in elevator bins where a free circulation of air through the corn is impossible. Shelled corn of high moisture content should be artificially dried.

DAIRY FACTS

BUILDING UP A DAIRY HERD

Essentials Are Careful Selection, Intelligent Breeding and Skillful Management.

Careful selection, intelligent breeding and skillful management are fundamental in the profitable upbuilding of the dairy herd. By the use of economy and good judgment the improvement of a herd need not be expensive.

Careful selection is the first step in the building up of a dairy herd. Selection naturally begins with the elimination of all low producers. Every owner of dairy cows should establish a definite standard and all cows that do



High-Producing Holsteins.

not measure up to the requirements should be rejected. One hundred and fifty pounds of butterfat a year is a fair minimum for most localities. Whether a cow is to be rejected or retained should depend ordinarily on production as shown by the Babcock test and the scales. Only the best heifer calves from the most productive cows should be raised.

FEED CALF SEPARATOR MILK

When Given Alone It Is Liable to Cause Indigestion—Feeding Is Vastly Important.

Separator milk is not a balanced ration for calves. On this feed alone, and the way it is usually given to them, they are liable to get indigestion, as shown by a bloated condition, capricious appetite and diarrhea. Most of the trouble can be avoided by adding a handful of oil meal, to cornmeal or cottonseed meal, to supply, in a way, the fat that has been removed in the skimming.

The milk should be given to them warm and never when it is frothy. Never allow a calf to drink all of the milk that it wants at one meal. It is a bad practice to allow several calves to drink out of one trough, some of them will get too much. Care in feeding calves is of vastly more importance than "cures" for calf scours.

CONTAMINATED AIR IN MILK

Easy to Understand How Foul Odors Are Introduced in Unclean and Unventilated Stable.

If the milking is done in a stable that is unclean and unventilated, filthy and filled with foul odors, it is readily understood how the streams of milk passing from the udder to the pail will force the contaminated air into the pail and impart to the milk its foul odors. The use of the separator under similar conditions must produce similar results.

Odors and flavors are also produced in the milk after it has been drawn, by the introduction into it of undesirable germs in the dust from the stable and the cow and from lack of cleanliness of vessels used in handling it.

FEEDING SILAGE TO CALVES

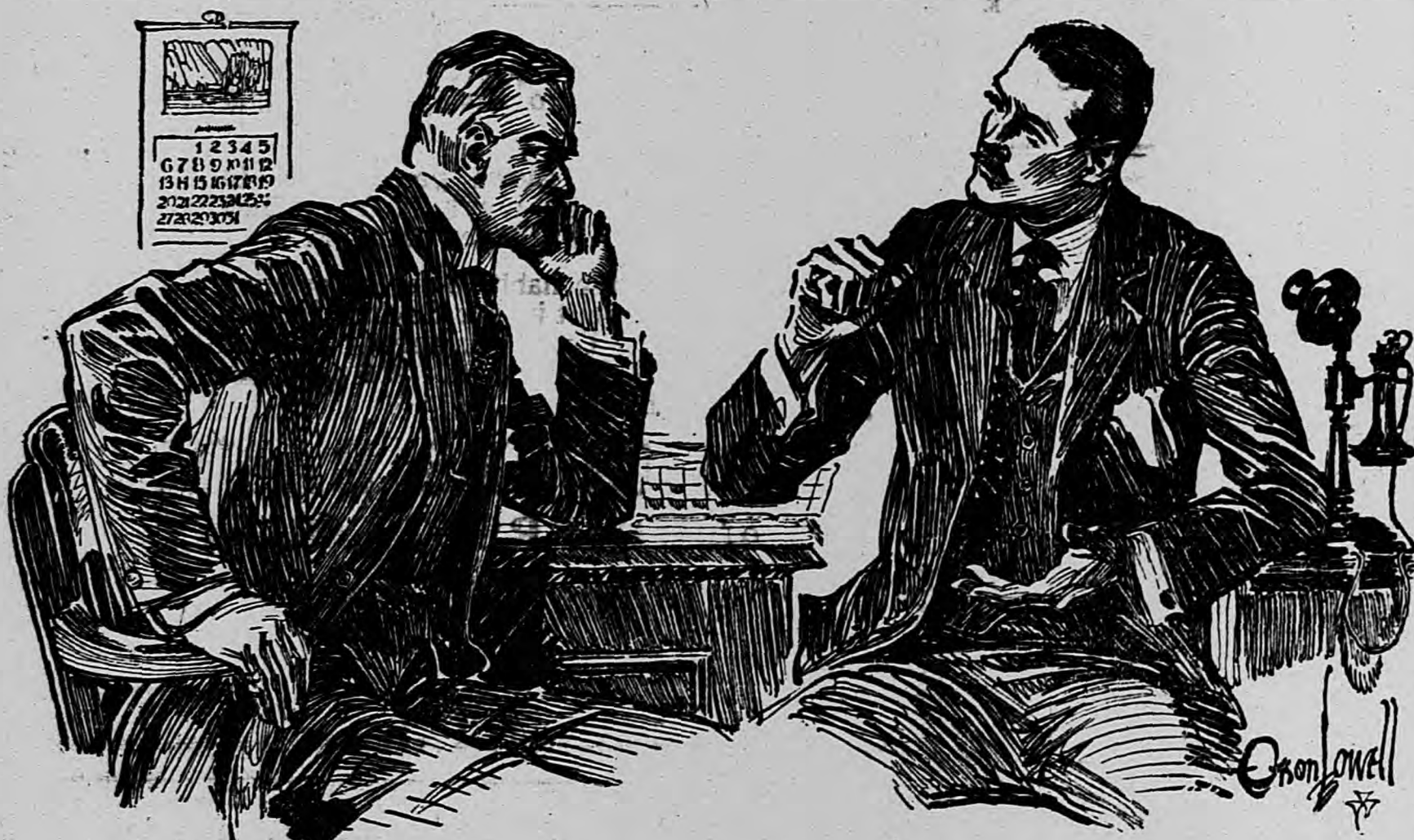
Begin Early With Small Amount in Connection With Other Roughage, Increasing Gradually.

Calves should become acquainted with silage early in life, beginning with a very small quantity in connection with other roughage and increasing gradually. In this way the young animals develop normally, making rapid gains while the cost is kept at the minimum.

SOLVE DAIRY FEED SHORTAGE

Dairyman Can Make What They Have Go Further by Adopting Plan of Food Conservationists.

Dairyman can solve the feed shortage by the same method other people are using to solve the food shortage. They can make what they have go further. If food economies can result in feeding more people with the same amount of food, the same feed can feed more cows.



A CONVERSATION

Between Mr. Doubtful and Mr. Right

Mr. Doubtful: "I don't see how I can buy any more Liberty Bonds. I bought all I could last fall. I'm not a rich man and I don't think it's fair or just to expect me to do anything more than I have done."

Mr. Right: "Let's see—your next-door neighbor's boy enlisted, didn't he?"

Mr. Doubtful: "Yes, he's over in France now. Mighty fine, stalwart boy, that!"

Mr. Right: "Exactly, and some day that splendid boy, the pride of his parents' hearts, may go 'over the top' in a gallant charge, stop a German bullet, and fall in the mud and debris of No Man's Land. Isn't that asking too much of him, and of his family? Is that 'fair'? Is that 'just'?"

Mr. Doubtful: "Why, it's awful, of course, but it can't be helped. This is war, and men have to be killed in it."

Mr. Right: "You've said it—this is war! To win the war it might be necessary for the government to take your factory away from you, and ruin your business. It might be necessary to take your house and turn you out in the street. What of that? Is that as great a sacrifice as your neighbor makes, or stands ready to make, when he gives his boy to his country? Yet you don't think it's your duty to pinch and save, and borrow if need be, in order to buy Liberty Bonds, and thus help shorten the war, make victory certain, and save the lives of thousands of American boys who will otherwise be uselessly sacrificed."

Mr. Doubtful: "I guess that's true, Mr. Right, I have been thoughtless. I'll stop complaining and criticizing, and put up my last dollar if need be, to help win this war."

W. O. LANKFORD & SON

Lankford's Department Store

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Pocomoke Circuit Church Notes

After two postponements on the part of the District Superintendent, the Rev. Vaughn S. Collins, of Salisbury, he has finally and definitely set the time for his first-quarter visit on the charge. He will accompany the pastor, the Rev. Charles Arthur Vandermuelen, to the several appointments Sunday, April 21st, and, doubtless, he will preach at all the preaching appointments on the regular schedule for that Sunday—at Holland's at 11 a. m., Emmanuel at 3 p. m. and Cokesbury at 8 p. m.

Last Sunday the preaching services were at Cokesbury at 11 a. m., Williams at 3 p. m. and Emmanuel at 8 p. m. Epworth League leaders were Miss Alma Dryden at Emmanuel, and Milton Brittingham at Cokesbury.

Rev. Vandermuelen conducted four preaching services on Sunday, the 7th instant. He was then the dinner guest of Mr. and Mrs. N. W. C. Gibbons.

Among recent pastoral calls in the Holland's section of his charge, our pastor called at the Holland's school a few minutes. He gave to the attentive and well-attended school an appropriate talk.

With the purchase of a new Ford car by John L. Payne recently, the Cokesbury community now boasts a total of just 20 motor vehicles within her bounds.

The recent storm did some little damage in the Cokesbury community. The barn roof on the T. J. Reed farm was blown off, the stained-glass windows of the Cokesbury church suffered somewhat, the bridge near the Cokesbury church was completely washed out of position and a new one must be built. This bridge was put in new last fall, when concrete foundations were placed under it. Smaller bridges were slightly damaged, roads were washed out somewhat in a few places and a number of trees were blown across roads; but nothing worse.

Champ

April 13—Mr. Lawton Thomas is ill at this writing.

Mr. Herman Lawrence, of Oriole, spent Friday here.

Mr. Algie Bozman, Jr., left Monday for Philadelphia.

Captain Alonzo Bozman is on a business trip to Baltimore.

Mr. Herman Bozman left Friday for Baltimore where he is employed.

Miss Gladys Lawson, of Monie, was the guest of Miss Lois V. Campbell Sunday.

Mr. W. D. Campbell, who was on the grand jury, attended court in Princess Anne this week.

Miss Lillian Webster, after spending some time here with her parents, has returned to Baltimore.

Messrs. Laryn Benton and Wesley Webster, of Deal's Island, were welcome visitors here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bozman and family, who have lived in Baltimore the past winter, moved home Sunday.

Mr. Harvey Bozman, of Monie, who has been employed in Baltimore the past winter, was the guest of Miss Frances Somers Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Shockley and family and Mr. and Mrs. Herman Pusey and daughter, of near Princess Anne, spent Sunday as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Algie Bozman, Sr. RED WING.

Mt. Vernon

April 13—Quite a number of our folks attended the big parade in Baltimore last Saturday.

The weather for the past week has been very disagreeable. The crops have been badly damaged by the rains.

Mr. D. Jay White, of the Naval Reserve, after spending a week with his parents, has returned to Norfolk, Va.

Miss Elsie Holland, who is attending the Pocomoke City High School, is spending the week-end with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Holland and Miss Daisy Holland, after spending a few days in Baltimore, returned home Sunday morning.

Rev. and Mrs. O. B. Rice have arrived at this place, where Mr. Rice will commence his pastorate of John Wesley and Asbury Churches.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Holland have just received a letter from their son, S. Norman Holland, who is in France, stating that he is enjoying the best of health.

Rev. W. H. Revelle and family, after spending three very successful years in Mt. Vernon, have left for their new field of labor at Somerset, Md. Their many friends wish them a most prosperous year.

The Followers.

The man of intelligence who lacks moral force remains always a follower; he never becomes a leader, for he is seldom master of his own conduct.

Do You Sleep Well?

To be at his best a man must have sound, refreshing sleep. When wakeful and restless at night he is in no condition for work or business during the day. Wakefulness is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and is quickly relieved by Chamberlain's Tablets. Try a dose of these tablets and see how much better you feel with a clear head and good digestion.

[Advertisement.]

There Is No Monopoly

in the packing industry.

Swift & Company, although the largest packer, handles not to exceed one-eighth of the total meat production of the United States.

The five large packers do not handle to exceed one-third of the total meat production of the United States.

Swift & Company is not in combination with any other packer or packers to control prices.

There is very active competition in the buying of live-stock and equally keen competition in the sale of dressed meats and by-products.

1918 year book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company,
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company
U. S. A.

FOR STYLISH AND QUALITY PRINTING Bring your orders to the Marylander and Herald Office.

Upper Fairmount

April 13—Mr. W. A. Meredith is on the sick list.

Mr. Louis Meredith, of Baltimore, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Fred Ford went to Philadelphia this week on a business trip.

Mr. D. W. Muir, who has been quite ill with pneumonia, is convalescent.

Rev. W. N. Sherwood, who has been pastor of Salem M. P. Church for two years, has been sent to Rowlandville, Md., and will leave in a few days for his new appointment.

Grandmas Not So Old.

Esther gazed long and earnestly at the picture of a be-cupped and bespectacled little old lady that headed her reading lesson. "Miss Brown," she said, wonderingly, at last, "they don't make grandmothers nearly so old now days as they used to, do they?"

THAT BACKACHE SPELLS DANGER!

Action Today May Save Princess Anne People Future Misery

A bad back isn't a bad thing if it serves as a warning of hidden kidney disorders. Kidney diseases are frightfully common today. We over-do so much. We don't give the kidneys a chance to rest up, and while a bad back, some urinary disorder, an occasional dizzy spell or a persistent headache may be the only outward sign, the kidney trouble that is behind it all may be overlooked or neglected. Put your signs to use. Take them as warnings. Fight off kidney weakness. It takes only a slight kidney disorder to start a case of fatal Bright's disease, from which 100,000 people die in United States every year. Prompt treatment at first—that's all that's necessary to keep kidney weakness from turning into gravel, dropsy, gout, heart trouble or Bright's. Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the oldest, the most widely used, the best-recommended Kidney Pill. Fifty thousand Americans recommend them publicly. Here's one Princess Anne case:

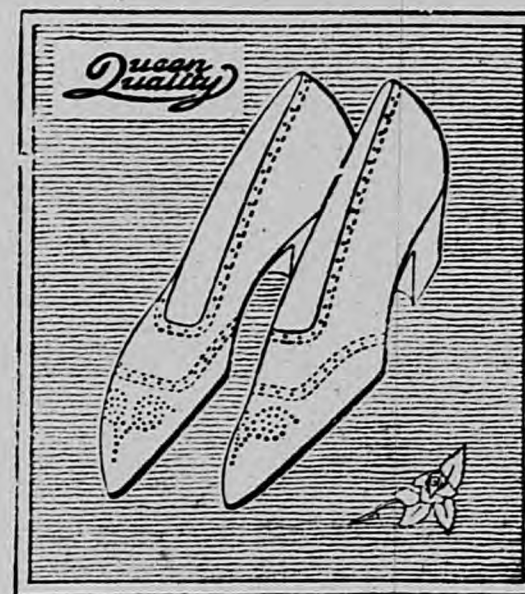
Mrs. Earl Waller, 109 Beckford Ave., says: "About two years ago I was troubled with a very severe backache. At times I had dizzy spells and little black spots flashed in front of my eyes. I just seemed to ache all over and certainly was miserable until I tried Doan's Kidney Pills. I got this fine medicine at T. J. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store, and after using two boxes, I was cured of the trouble." Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mrs. Waller had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]



Wise Buying Means Real Saving

Can you act with more wisdom than by buying shoes with the Queen Quality trademark?



Worn
the
World
Over

Famous
Shoes
for
Women

This mark identifies the shoes as having an exacting standard of grace, beauty and ease.

It assures you that these shoes possess the indefinable air of distinction that reveals the footwear of a woman of refinement

John W. Morris & Sons, Inc.

Shoes for the Whole Family
Clothing for Men and Boys

Princess Anne,

Maryland

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

MARGARET E. THOMAS, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the Twentieth Day of September 1918, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of March, 1918.

W. IRVING MACE,
Executor of Margaret E. Thomas, dec'd.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,
3-19 Register of Wills

JOB PRINTING—We do it. Give us your next order

Thrift is the Secret of Success

Money saved will provide for sickness and other emergencies; it will build the home, educate the children, create opportunities, and blaze the way to Independence and Success.

THRIFT shows people how to handle what they have so that they may get what they have not.

Start the habit to-day by opening an account in our Savings Department. Or, if you already have an account, add to it. We pay 3 per cent. interest.

PEOPLES BANK
of SOMERSET COUNTY

Princess Anne, Maryland

LIKE BACON

YOU know how cooking brings out all the rich pungent flavor of bacon—there's nothing that tastes better. But you wouldn't like it raw.

IT'S TOASTED

So we toast the Burley tobacco used in LUCKY STRIKE Cigarettes for exactly the same reason—to bring out the rich, solid flavor.



Guaranteed by
The American Tobacco Co.
INCORPORATED

SAVE and SERVE

HAVE YOU A BROTHER IN THE WAR?

YES! You have 500,000 in France to-day. You have more than that in training. What are you doing for them? They are fighting for you. They're dying for you. Are you doing your part at home?

The Third Liberty Loan is needed to feed and clothe your brothers at the front. Get behind it with all your resources. Buy Bonds, talk Bonds, think Bonds and show the "boys" we're going to take good care of them whenever the call comes.

Bank regularly in a Savings Account at this Bank and be ready to help Uncle Sammy in his time of need.

Bank of Somerset

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1863
SOMERSET HERALD, " 1828

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, APRIL 23, 1918

Vol. XX No. 34

FARM SURVEY COMPLETED

Report Shows 240 Laborers Needed In Somerset County This Year

The farm survey recently made by the public school children of Somerset county, at the request of the United States War Department, to ascertain needs and crop acreage for the current year, resulted in schedules being obtained from 885 of the 1,341 farms in the various school districts.

The survey showed that 240 of these farms needed additional help for the entire year, 219 for the entire summer, and 370 for shorter periods. There were 931 persons over 14 years of age available for farm work in the county.

The report shows that there are on these 885 farms 1,193 dairy cows, 56 bulls, 27 beef cows, 63 steers, 1,833 work horses and mules, 13 rams, 218 ewes, 56 boars, 411 brood sows, and 1,666 pigs.

On these farms it was found that there were 66,634 acres—35,939 acres of tillable land, 23,993 acres of woodland and 6,772 acres of pasture land. Apple trees, 7,446; peach trees, 951; 1392 acres in grape vines, and 9092 acres in berries.

Reports from several school districts were received after the above was tabulated, which would show a slight increase in help needed and the amount of stock on the farms.

LAND RECORDS TO BE INDEXED

From The Year 1665 To The Year 1876 In Somerset County

Last Thursday Governor Harrington signed the bill introduced by Senator George P. Parsons providing for the indexing of the land records of Somerset county. The bill is known as Senate bill No. 261 and is as follows:

"An Act to authorize and provide for the general indexing of the land records of Somerset county, from the year 1665 to the year 1876, according to the most approved modern system in vogue.

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the clerk of the circuit court for Somerset county be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to make a general index of the land records of Somerset county from the beginning of said land records, in the year 1665, in said county, to the year 1876, according to the most approved system now in vogue, of which the said clerk shall be the sole judge.

"Section 2. And be it enacted, That the clerk of the circuit court for Somerset county be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to let on contract the execution of the work of indexing as aforementioned, as a whole, subject to the approval of the resident judge of the circuit court for Somerset county; provided that the work shall be done expeditiously, and that the plan adopted be chosen with that end in view.

"Section 3. And be it enacted, That the county commissioners of Somerset county be, and they are hereby authorized and required to levy upon the assessable property of said county, in the manner provided by law, a sum sufficient to pay for said indexing."

SEVERAL PROPERTY TRANSFERS

Recorded In The Office Of The Circuit Court For Somerset County

Joshua B. Waters from John Brantford and wife, 1 acre in Fairmount district; consideration \$10.00 and other valuable considerations.

Elizabeth B. Carver from Alpheus L. Carver, 17 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration love and affection.

Lizzie Young from Harding P. Tull and others, 2 acres in Lawson's district; consideration \$10.00 and other valuable considerations.

Frederick A. Swift and wife from Samuel T. Hall and others, 5 1/2 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$600.

Graham Waters from Charlotte Williams, 2 acres in Fairmount district; consideration \$50.00 and other valuable considerations.

Hattie E. Handy from Edward H. Smith and others, 634 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$3,000.

Willie G. Smith from Louis W. Pusey and wife, 304 acres in Mt. Vernon district; consideration \$12,500.

Charles Foster Matthews from Louisa E. Gordy and others, land in Westover district; consideration \$50.

Charles P. Barnes from Harley D. Yates and wife, 73 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$3,100.

Washington High School Defeated

The Washington High School baseball team was defeated by the Pocomoke team last Friday. The local boys played a poor game, while the Worcester lads were at their best.

The pitching of Tyndall for Pocomoke was a feature. Several times he saved his team from defeat by his splendid work. Dryden, for the locals, pitched a good game, but was poorly supported, his team showing little pep, and made ten errors behind him.

Washington High School has now won two games and lost one. They play at Crisfield today (Tuesday) and Salisbury Thursday. We hope they will show that old-time fighting spirit, clear the haze way that stands before them, and bring back two games this week.

The score was, Pocomoke, 8; Washington High School, 3.

Get Traders' Licenses Before May 1st

In another column of this issue will be found the notice from the Sheriff of the county and the Clerk of the Circuit Court notifying all merchants and traders of every character that licenses are ready at the Clerk's office for issuance on or before May 1st. Under the recent laws passed by the Legislature the penalty for failing to secure license with which to transact business on or before May 1st are very severe, and the Clerk of the Court is forced under the law to keep a correct list of all those who fail to take out licenses at the proper time and the grand jury of the September term of court must find a true bill against each merchant or trader who has failed to live up to the law.

Farmers Urged To Sell Hens Gradually

The United States Department of Agriculture again advises farmers to sell their hens gradually and not to glut the market immediately after April 20th, when the restriction against sale of hens was removed. Hens should be sold gradually. This will stabilize the market and bring better prices for them. It also will mean more eggs. Every laying hen at this season produces eggs at far less cost for feed than during the winter.

LIBERTY LOAN MEETING NEXT FRIDAY AFTERNOON

Prominent Speakers, Farson's Celebrated Band And Canadian Soldiers From "Over There" Will Visit Princess Anne To Boom The Loan

Next Friday is Liberty Loan Day throughout the United States under a proclamation by President Wilson, who calls the citizens of every community to hold Liberty Loan rallies and "liberally pledge anew their financial support to sustain the nation's cause."

That afternoon a meeting will be held in the Auditorium, Princess Anne, and stirring addresses will be delivered by Senator W. Perkins, Messrs. James W. Chapman, Simon J. Block and Hon. A. G. Dewalt, of Pennsylvania.

In addition to these speakers there will be Canadian soldiers from "over there," a song leader and Farson's Brass Band, of Baltimore city.

The people of this section of Somerset county are urged to attend this meeting and gain a clear insight into the part America is playing in the great alliance of the free nations of the earth to make this world of ours a better place to live in, by the elimination of the brutal Hun.

Every Somerset countian should get behind the drive. Let each one dig down deep into his pockets. This county must subscribe \$218,800 of the bonds, and its now up to the county to put this loan over.

Patriotic demonstrations similar to those on the opening day of the campaign will be held on April 26th and the day devoted to giving the race toward the \$3,000,000 war credit goal a new impetus for the final week.

President Wilson's Liberty Day proclamation follows:

"An enemy who has grossly abused the power of organized government and who seeks to dominate the world by the might of the sword, challenges the rights of America and the liberty and life of all the free nations of the earth. Our brave sons are facing the fire of battle in defense of the honor and rights of America and the liberty of nations. To sustain them and to assist our gallant associates in the war a generous and patriotic people have been called upon to subscribe to the Third Liberty Loan."

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do appoint Friday, the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, as Liberty Day. On the afternoon of that day I request the people of the United States to assemble in their respective communities and liberally pledge anew their financial support to sustain the nation's cause. Patriotic demonstrations should be held in every city, town and hamlet throughout the land under the general direction of the Secretary of the Treasury and the immediate direction of the Liberty Loan committees organized by the Federal Reserve Banks. Let the nation's response to the Third Liberty Loan express in unmistakable terms the determination of America to fight for peace, the permanent peace of justice."

"For the purpose of participating in Liberty Day celebrations all employees of the federal government throughout the country whose services can be spared may be excused at 12 o'clock noon Friday, the twenty-sixth day of April."

Unemployed Put To Work

During the past week Wm. T. Collins, special agent for the Compulsory Work Bureau of Baltimore, was in the county and visited various towns and communities and obtained a number of names of unemployed male persons between the ages of 18 and 50 years, and arrests will be made until the unemployed are put to work in this county. More than twenty male persons were arrested under the Compulsory Work Law for being unemployed and failing to register. They were arraigned before Justice of the Peace J. F. Miles, fined and given costs, and were required to register and assigned to work. Should they fail to do so or continue to do the assigned work, they are subject to a fine of \$500 or 3 to 6 months in the House of Correction.

The law requires that all unemployed male persons between the ages of 18 and 50 years should register and be assigned to work and must work continuously 6 days a week at some occupation, trade or profession. The citizens of the various sections of the county can be of great assistance in the enforcement of this law if they will give the names of the unemployed to the proper officials. We cannot claim a shortage of labor in the county as long as we have loafers and unemployed people in our communities.

W. H. S. Defeat Red Cross All-Stars

The men of town, under the assumed name of "Red Cross All-Stars," were defeated by the Washington High School baseball team last Wednesday afternoon by a score of 20 to 7. The game, as seen by the score, was nothing but a walk-over for the school boys. Although the proceeds were given to the Red Cross, none of the ladies who are leaders of the circle were present.

CAMPAIGN STARTED YESTERDAY

They will whoop things up for the Liberty Loan in the counties—four teams of them. They started from Baltimore yesterday (Monday), one team going to the Eastern Shore, one out in Western Maryland, the third in the Southern section and the fourth to cover the central counties.

There will be brass bands, plenty of oratory, men who have been through the grime of it all over on the west front, song leaders and other attractions to get the crowds at the many points to be visited, and, after the crowds arrive, to get the money. The schedule for the Eastern Shore follows:

April 22—Chestertown, Kent county.
April 23—Afternoon, Centreville; night, Easton.

April 24—Cambridge.
Day meetings on the way at Preston and East New Market.

April 25—Forenoon, Sharptown, Wicomico county; afternoon, Salisbury; night, Crisfield, Somerset county.

April 26—Afternoon, Princess Anne; night, Pocomoke City.

April 27—On the way short stops at Hurluck and Federalsburg in the morning; afternoon, Denton.

BAKER BACK FROM FRANCE

Makes Record Passage On Former German Liner

Fresh from conferences with the war leaders in England, France and Italy, Secretary of War Newton D. Baker returned to the United States last Tuesday, making the return trip on a former German liner, now in the American transport service.

He left immediately from an Atlantic port for Washington to confer with the President. Until after the conference it is not expected that he will discuss his trip overseas.

Baker's ship raced across the Atlantic at a speed said to have given the Secretary of War a record passage of about five days flat.

"I have a feeling of pride and confidence in the American Army and its achievements in France," Secretary Baker said.

"The things I have seen on the other side," he added, "would justify one in making many trips to France. We landed here this morning after a quiet and uneventful voyage."

Baker spoke highly of the morale of the French forces. He was abroad when the big German offensive started.

The Secretary of War was accompanied by his aides, General William Black, chief of engineers, and Colonel M. L. Brett, and by his secretary, R. A. Hayes.

Real Farmers Are Exempted

Genuine farm workers can secure exemption from the new draft if they go about it in the right way. The Government is anxious to keep the farm workers on the farms, but the worker and his employer must take the necessary legal steps.

There has been much agitation over the shortage of farm labor. Farmers' organizations have informed President Wilson that a serious crop shortage is threatened unless the labor problem is solved, together with the problems of high cost of seed, fertilizer and farm implements.

The Department of Labor announces that the only way in which farmers can keep their help is to comply with the law which requires them to file affidavits in behalf of their hired help in support of claims for deferred calling of men in Class 1 of the draft. Local draft boards cannot excuse men as farm laborers unless their employers file affidavits stating that the labor of these men is expert farm labor and is essential to the conduct of their farm work.

Court Adjourned Last Tuesday

The petit jury of the Circuit Court for Somerset County were discharged last Tuesday afternoon and Court adjourned for the April term. The cases tried and disposed of last week follow:

No. 10—Indictments—State vs. Herman Maddrix; for larceny. Before jury. Verdict not guilty.

No. 33—Trials—Sallie C. Taylor vs. N. Y. P. N. R. R.; suit for trespass and damages. Before jury. Verdict for plaintiff, damages \$300.

No. 36—Trials—Levin & Sons vs. Phillips Bros.; suit for damages. Before jury. Verdict for plaintiff, damages \$250.

No. 31—Trials—John E. Beauchamp vs. W. Page Jackson; suit for damages. Before jury. Verdict for plaintiff, damages \$300.

\$9,000,000 FOR STATE ROADS

This Large Sum Will Be Available During The Next Two Years

Over nine millions of dollars, or to be exact, \$9,460,000, will be available for public roads in Maryland during the next two years. This large sum will be devoted to the construction of links to join up main lines, to the building of bridges over Bohemia and Severn rivers, and to the repair of roads which are in bad shape in different parts of the state. To the total available may be added appropriations by the federal government for the repair of roads damaged by heavy army trucks.

The several sums and the purposes to which they are to be devoted are: \$3,000,000 bond issue (new construction), \$3,000,000 for repairs and maintenance, \$1,600,000 for state and county aided roads, \$360,000 for bridge fund, \$700,000 for federal fund, \$900,000 from auto fees for maintenance, total, \$9,460,000.

No specific links were mentioned in the General Roads Bill, which passed the legislature, to be constructed out of the funds to be derived from the sale of bonds. The State Roads Commission has the power to select roads to be built. The commission will not, however, embark upon this enterprise if the costs of material and labor are excessive. In fact, it is more than probable that new construction during the next two years, because of conditions arising from the war, will be limited. The funds for this work have, however, been authorized, as was the case with the Council of Safety. There will be no expenditures on a large scale unless emergencies arise.

This means the authorized bonds will not be sold until their sale is imperative. There will, however, be no delay in repairing the damaged roads. This work must be done at once to save them from annihilation. The federal government is expected to contribute a good-sized sum in repairing roads which have been cut to pieces by heavy army trucks.

The sum of \$700,000, to be derived from the federal government, is Maryland's share of the appropriations by Congress to the several states for public road purposes. If possible a part of this fund will be devoted to the improvement of the old National Defense road between Annapolis and Washington. Two years ago the Maryland legislature set aside \$35,000 for this road. Work has never begun on it.

Of Interest To Tomato Growers

At a meeting of the Somerset Tomato Growers and Produce Association held in Princess Anne on Saturday afternoon, April 13th, a resolution was passed to the effect that the minimum price for which it would contract with the canner or broker will be 50 cents per basket, or \$30.00 per ton for all tomatoes grown this season, and all members of the association are so advised.

George W. Kemp, secretary and treasurer of the Somerset Tomato Growers and Produce Association, says:

"The above price is the one being paid by the canners and brokers in Talbot, Queen Anne's, Dorchester, Kent, Wicomico, Cecil and other counties on the eastern and western shores of Maryland, as well as in all of the counties of New Jersey and the counties of Delaware that we have heard from, and there is no reason why the growers of Somerset county, Maryland, should not have the same price. The Government has given the growers an open market and no restriction has been made on the price from the canner to the grower. While the Government intends to go on the open market to purchase its supplies and in so doing will pay the canner, cost plus, a reasonable profit, this is ample assurance that the canner stands in a safe position and the growers are only seeking a similar position in demanding a minimum price of 50 cents per basket, or \$30.00 per ton, which, under a fair yield, will give to them only a reasonable profit. The association will receive new members until May 15th, after which date no more members will be received into the association until January 1st, 1919. Come join us now."

Late Potato Prospect Good

According to W. F. Massey, of Maryland, the area of early potatoes in the southern potato sections is only about one-half that of last spring. He also adds that there is an inclination on the part of growers to plant lightly of the early crop and depend mainly on the late crop. This ought to be a wise move. The early crop is bound to come in competition with the tag end of the big 1917 crop and suffer as a result. By all indications the acreage of potatoes in the United States in 1918 will be less than 1917 and prices ought to be better. This ought to mean good prices in the fall and winter and good returns from the late crop.

U. S. CALLS FOR 49,843 MEN

Maryland Proportion 453—New Notices To Governors

Another draft call, for 49,843 registrants, has been sent to Governors of States by Provost Marshal General Crowder. Mobilization of the men is ordered for May 1st and 10th, the War Department has announced, and they will be sent to 11 forts and recruiting barracks, probably for training with regular army units.

This call increases to more than 300,000 the number of select men ordered to camp since late in March. This is far in excess of the monthly average that would have been mobilized under the original plan to call 800,000 men this year over a nine-month period. Future calls at the same rate would complete the program before midsummer.

Under President Wilson's determination to hasten the dispatch of American troops to France, to reinforce the British and French armies bearing the brunt of the great German drive in Flanders and Picardy, the whole program of the army is speeding up. Only a week ago General Crowder ordered mobilization of 150,000 select men for April 26 and their movement to the National Army cantonment during the five days following.

Further announcements are expected to follow the return of Secretary Baker from his visit to the battle fronts and conference with officials of Great Britain, France and Italy. Troops now are moving to Europe at a rapid rate, and this clearing of training camps will permit of the calling of men much faster than was contemplated before the German offensive made it imperative to rush men to the battle fronts.

Although every state and the District of Columbia are called upon to furnish men under General Crowder's latest order, nearly half of the 49,843 men will come from seven states. Illinois will supply by far the largest number, its quota being 8,047. Pennsylvania is next with 3,776, New York third with 4,542, Michigan fourth with 2,593, Missouri fifth with 2,163, Wisconsin sixth with 2,135 and Ohio seventh with 2,060. Nevada has the lowest quota, 49, and Delaware the next lowest with 87. Wyoming with 92 is the only other state to furnish less than 100 men.

Maryland is to supply 453, the District of Columbia 197, Virginia 756 and West Virginia 549.

The army posts to which the men will go are: Fort Slocum, New York; Fort Thomas, Kentucky; Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia; Fort McDowell, California; Fort Screven, Georgia; Fort Logan, Colorado; Fort Sam Houston, Texas; Columbus Barracks, Ohio; Vancouver Barracks, Washington; Jefferson Barracks, Missouri; and Jackson Barracks, Louisiana.

Automobile Law Being Enforced

Automobile Commissioner Baughman has started in to have the new automobile law passed at the last session of the Legislature and effective April 1, strictly enforced in this State. Recently three automobile drivers were sentenced to various terms in the House of Correction, a half-dozen had their licenses revoked and fines of from \$20 to \$100 were placed on a dozen other drivers of cars. Under this new law, which is now in effect, the offense of driving a car without knowledge of the owner, carries with it an imprisonment sentence of from thirty days to one year. A man caught driving a car while under the influence of liquor, can be fined as much as \$100 and also be placed in the House of Correction for a term. Reckless driving or exceeding the speed limit under this new law carries with it heavy penalties, and the Commissioner says he proposes to see that this law is strictly enforced in every section of the State and he is calling upon the police constables and justices of the peace to start in at once and round up all violators of the law, and see that the full extent of the penalties are administered as the cases demand.

Junior Order Meets At Cumberland

The forty-ninth annual convention of the Junior Order United American Mechanics of Maryland met in a two days' session at Cumberland last Tuesday. The nominations for officers were as follows:

State councillor, W. J. Davis, Baltimore; state vice councillor, J. W. Carver, Havre de Grace; state treasurer, W. P. Wright, Baltimore; assistant state treasurer, H. Sierciat, Baltimore; state conductor, G. W. Krider, Baltimore; state warden, W. R. Dulin, Preston; state inside sentinel, E. L. Murray, J. Nedar and J. Stump; state outside sentinel, G. B. Stirling, Solomons; state chaplain, M. R. Etchison, Jefferson. The convention decided on Baltimore as the place of the next convention. A resolution was adopted indorsing G. A. Davis, of this state, for the office of national vice councillor.

Opportunities For Ambitious Draftees

There is a very definite need of skilled men in the Army at this time. Among the list of occupations needed now are: Auto mechanics, blacksmiths and helpers, white or colored; carpenters and helpers, white or colored; boat-builders, bricklayers, white or colored; chauffeurs, chemists, clerks, cooks, white or colored; machinists, motorcyclists, painters, sailmakers, stenographers and teamsters.

Present yourself to your local board at the earliest possible moment and list your name for this service. Those who secure induction in any of the above branches of service will receive material personal benefits, which will aid them in advancement both in their army career and in after life. This opportunity is only open to men of draft age. Apply to the local board for full information. This offer will expire on April 27th. Serve your country with the skill which is yours.

Inspection Of Roads And Bridges

The County Commissioners, accompanied by Roads Superintendent W. Page Jackson, have made an inspection of roads and bridges affected by recent storms.

They found several bridges entirely washed away. Many roads are impassable. Dublin district suffered the greatest loss. The damage there is a little more than \$2,000. Brinkley's district had about \$1,200 loss.

The only district affected in the southern part of the county was Lawson's district. Here one bridge was washed away near Cash Corner. Repair work is being pushed as rapidly as possible, and it is expected all main thoroughfares will be opened in a few days.

Tickets For "Over There" Exhibition

Being very desirous that a large number of people from Somerset county attend the "Over There" exhibition at the Fifth Regiment Armory in Baltimore, one hundred admission tickets will be presented to farmers and business men that they may see the war exhibition, hear the speeches by the most prominent men in the country, and be able to tell their friends at home of the wonderful things being done by this government and her allies. Applications should be made to the office of Charles C. Gelder, Federal Food Administrator of Somerset County. Exhibition closes April 30th.

Generous Response Third Liberty Loan

Counties Subscribing Quotas and
Are Working Hard For
Honor Flag

"Over There" Proves Big Help

Reports coming from all parts of the country to the National Liberty Loan Committee indicate that the country districts with the towns and smaller communities are going to exceed all former efforts in their contributions to the Liberty Loan of the present issue.

That the counties of Maryland are not to fall behind those of other commonwealths is likewise indicated by the enthusiastic zeal with which their people have gone to work for the loan. They have an excellent example in the pledge of old Frederick that "we are going to send our dollars to back up our boys at the front." This message was conveyed to the Maryland Publicity Committee in Baltimore in a telegram a week ago, and since then Frederick has been diligently at work to fulfill its pledge.

It is not yet known how many Maryland communities have completed their entire quota of the loan and earned the Honor Flag, but it is known that the best licks are being hit by all of them in efforts to achieve this distinction. Montgomery, first county to report, has already subscribed its quota of \$329,800.

On Saturday the reports to the National Committee showed that 700 communities throughout the country had won this honor, and the list was growing rapidly. Another feature in this connection is that almost invariably when a community reports it says:

"We have filled our quota, but have not relaxed our efforts. We will try to double the quota."

Thus is evidenced the spirit of the American people which has been whetted to the point of enthusiasm by the larger part that our people are now playing in the theatre of war.

There is another big outstanding feature of the present drive in the smaller as well as the larger communities, and that is the more determined and successful part being played by women in raising the loan that Uncle Sam has called for.

The Maryland Section of the Maryland League for National Defense on last Thursday subscribed \$26,000. The various women's organizations of Baltimore are daily reporting large lists of subscriptions.

Mary Pickford, the movie actress, was at the "Over There" Cantment at Baltimore last Monday, and when she had finished her little speech and made an appeal for funds the audience responded with subscriptions for \$410,000 worth of bonds. And the best part of it was that these subscriptions were principally in small amounts, so that the number of subscribers was very large.

Down in Richmond on the opening day of the loan the women's committee sold \$261,000 worth of bonds.

In the first two days of the loan the women of Delaware sold \$90,000 worth of bonds.

In the town of Virden, Ill., on the first day of the loan the women went to work and carried the town over its quota entirely through their own efforts. That shows just what a live organization in a small community can do.

On April 6th the women of Hoquiam, Washington, sold \$55,410 worth of bonds.

In New Braunfels, Texas, the women's committee reports that the full quota of \$124,100 has been subscribed and they are still pushing on. This town subscribed only \$7,150 to the first loan, and \$29,000 to the second loan. There is no question that the country is awake.

And there is no question in the minds of the Maryland Committee that the communities of this state will measure up to the records of sister states.

The quotas apportioned to Baltimore City and the counties of Liberty Loan were officially announced yesterday afternoon by the Reserve Bank of the Fifth Regional District. Of the total of \$38,482,200 apportioned to the State of Maryland, Baltimore City is called upon to subscribe to \$28,453,900 or approximately three-fourths of the total amount leaving \$10,028,300 for the counties. The following are the amounts each county is required to subscribe:

Alleghany County.....	\$1,478,300
Anne Arundel County.....	244,000
Baltimore County.....	650,000
Calvert County.....	65,200
Carroll County.....	971,800
Charles County.....	305,200
Cecil County.....	330,400
Dorchester County.....	101,500
Frederick County.....	1,577,300
Garrett County.....	168,900
Harford County.....	830,100
Howard County.....	101,500
Kent County.....	254,400
Montgomery County.....	329,800
Prince George County.....	200,000
Queen Anne County.....	218,200
St. Mary's County.....	95,200
Somerset County.....	218,800
Talbot County.....	321,000
Washington County.....	1,185,500
Wicomico County.....	238,900
Worcester County.....	286,300

The more bonds you buy the madder you make the Kaiser.

SAVINGS FROM GARBAGE WILL BLOW UP THE FOE

The big difference between an old-time cannon ball and a modern high explosive shell is that when the latter arrives at its mark it doesn't merely bowl things over. It blows up everything in sight. Some of the Baltimore-made shells on view at the "Over There" exhibition are capable of lifting a building a mile off fifty feet into the air where it just naturally falls to pieces. It doesn't flop over as buildings do in movie shows. And the cause of this havoc is nitro-glycerine, an explosive derived from animal fats such as to the extent of thousands of pounds daily, this warring nation is throwing away with its garbage.

The first thing derived by Reduction Plants is crude glycerine. From it is made nitro-glycerine and dynamite-glycerine without whose support our infantry would have as much chance in this war as if they were backed up by a battery of big popguns. We owe it to our boys to see that there is no shortage of the stuff that will strike terror into the hearts of the foe. We have got to save those fats.

Out of the garbage can the magicians of American industry can also procure the fatty acids that grease the motor trucks in which our men depend for shot, shell and supplies. And without red oil, another garbage product, there could be neither motor trucks nor guns, both great and small for the lathe which bite their gears and cut their bores must have that lubricant to do their work. You can't have your wastefulness, let the motors stall, the rifles jam and the cannon cease their fire.

This red oil is also used in the preparation of Sammy's khaki uniform while stearic acid, another derivative, tans his shoes and, in candle form, is used to light his dugout. Pitch is also drawn from garbage and in waterproofing compounds gives shelter from the rains which worry the trench-pent soldiers almost as much as the enemy does. So clearly among the 200,000,000 pounds of garbage which Uncle Sam produces every year, lurks a mighty force which can easily help to win this war.

Where a Reduction Plant is at hand, the garbage of every community should be turned over to it for treatment. But there is not everywhere such a plant, and then the Government urges every householder to keep the least possible ounce of animal fats out of the garbage can.

The foremost way is to fry as little as possible; never fry in deep fat; use little pastry and stick to pies with a single crust; go easy on soap and spare the butter. What fat you must employ use over and over again, clarifying it from time to time. And wherever possible have vegetable oils take the place of animal fats.

Corn oil is a wonderful substitute and besides it is the basis of a big new Maryland industry. Two tablespoons of corn oil suffice for a cup of flour.

The Allies are short of these essential fats; the Germans even more so. The U. S. A. has plenty—if it is kept out or taken out of the nation's garbage crop. That depends on every individual getting together on this big war duty. Save every ounce you can towards the army's needs. The rest can be fed to the pigs. But they don't need high explosives to fatten on. Let Uncle Sam's cannon feed that to the foe.

WHEAT PROSPECTS

The April estimate of the winter wheat crop is 560,000,000 bushels grown on the largest area ever planted to that crop. The condition is five per cent. below normal.

The Government had hoped for 672,000,000 bushels of winter wheat, with the year's total production touching the billion bushel mark.

CORNMEAL CRUST

(Official Recipe)

CORNMEAL AND WHEAT
One-half cup cornmeal, one-half teaspoon salt, one-half cup wheat flour, two tablespoons vegetable oil.

Combine ingredients, using enough liquid to make a dough that can be rolled thin. Bake in quick oven.

If the order had been given on the quiet to the bakers how many Americans would know that the amount of wheat flour allowed in their Victory Bread was on Sunday, April 14th, reduced from 80 to 75 per cent.

WAR PORTIONS

Put your production ahead of your profits or the Hun may reap both.

Democracy is guarded by four great walls—men, money, munition and meals. If one wall breaks down the enemy breaks through.

The amount of wheat flour being saved in public eating places is steadily climbing. Official figures put it at nine million pounds in December, 12½ million in January, and 15 million in February.

The official estimate of the rye crop is now 85,000,000 bushels or forty per cent. better than last year.

Why not use that saved hour of daylight for work in a war garden?

SHORT RATIONS.

Every housekeeper's apron should be a uniform showing that she is a volunteer in Maryland's army of food savers.

Canada's greatest department store has been trying out women in its stables and they have been so successful in handling even the biggest Clydesdales that the headquarters of these "farmerettes" has been deluged with demands for help from agriculturists.

The bread ration of the French soldier has been cut from 35 to 21 ounces a day, while the civilian's bread card now calls for just half of that. Nor do all get even that much. M. Andre Tardien, French High Commissioner, made the startling announcement in Baltimore that there are districts in France which for days have suffered a complete, absolute deprivation of bread.

Don't help the Hun at meal time.

The wasted food that goes into your garbage can is a message of comfort to the enemy. Don't cheer up the Huns.

Make your food go as far as you can. Make every ounce you can spare go from Maryland to France.

Mr. Civilians, who is really getting your help—the Kaiser or the Food Administration? You can't aid in winning the war by tongue-thrashing the Hun and fooling with the Food Laws.

Not during one week this year have grain and cereal shipments to the Allies measured up to the amount they were led to expect from America. The first quarter of 1918 finds the supply over 800,000 tons behind the announced program.

DIVIDENDS FROM PLEASURE.

Somehow or other it is hard for some of us to realize that work is not a curse; that the man who would find real happiness can find no better place to seek it than in his work. Work is play when approached in that manner. But we have been making ourselves believe that work is unpleasant merely because it is work. We can never reach that bright place in the sunlight of success which we call the "top of the ladder" as long as we persist in adopting that attitude. Nobody ever has, and nobody ever will.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

Daily Thought.

The possession of great powers is doubt carries with it a contempt for mere external show.—Garfield.

MICKIE SAYS

HELP! GIT THIS HERE SACK OFF ME BEFORE I CROAK! AN' BY HEK, I BET THE NEXT GUY WOT WANTS TO TRADE POTATOES, ER ANYTHIN' ELSE ON HIS SUBSCRIPTION IS GOIN' TO GIT BEANED WITH THE MALLET, TAKE IT FROM ME!



Probably It Was.

"Mars John," excitedly exclaimed Aunt Tilly as she rushed panting into a fire engine house, "please, sah, photograph to de car cleaners' semporium an' notify Dan'l to emergegrate home diurgently, kaze Zeems Henry sho' done bin conjured! Doctor Cutter done already distracted two blood vultures from his 'pendercitis, an' I lef him now prezaminatin' de chille's ante-bellum for de germans of de neuro-plumonia, which if he's disinfectad wid dey gotter 'nuculate him wid the icecoldated quarantines—but I b'lieves it's conjuration!"—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Grinding Wheels.

In the manufacture of the modern automobile the grinding wheel plays an important part. In one typical plant, for instance, the grinding wheel stock room contains an elaborate system of racks for the wheels, and the statement is made that there are now in use 54,941 grinding wheels.

Wall Hangings of Patchwork.

The art of making patchwork is very old. It was practiced in the days of ancient Egypt. It was not used there for quilts, however, as the Nile valley has a warm climate, but was used extensively as wall hangings and screen coverings.

Shake Off That Grip

When Spring comes, with its changeable weather and your exposure, it is best to clear away all the symptoms left after an attack of grip. That evil disease leaves you weakened, and when its victim attempts to "do his bit" he exposes himself to the risk of a second attack, for which he is less prepared, and which may have graver consequences.

There's Danger in Delay

April and May are pneumonia months. In this time a weakened system is a constant source of danger, for the pneumonia and grip infections are in the air, and after a long winter the body is so clogged with waste it cannot resist them. Fortify the health, remove the catarrh, and improve the digestion.

For Quick Relief PERUNA

This reliable tonic is recommended to remove the waste from the body, counteract the catarrhal poisons and allay the inflammation that is catarrh, restore the regular appetite and tone up the entire system to resist disease. A well man is safe.

As a tonic after grip it has won many commendations, while its effectiveness in catarrhal conditions is unquestioned. Take no chances—Take Peruna.

Peruna Tablets are always ready to take. You may carry a box with you and ward off colds and chills. The liquid medicine in your home is a great safeguard. Protect your family.

The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio



Meet Your Uncle Sam

"He's got a bagfull of the best securities on earth—he stands behind it—you know what that means. He's putting these fighting bonds into the homes of our folks from Maine to California. Why, man, this is the chance of a lifetime—to help this grand old country, and to lay something by for that little house on the hill you have been dreaming about.

"Honest goods? Believe me, there never was such goods.

"What! You were looking everywhere for just this chance? Fine! Open the bag, Uncle! He's one of us. He'll take a dozen."

THIS SPACE PAID FOR AND CONTRIBUTED BY

S. F. DASHIELL
Department Store Princess Anne, Maryland

Meet Your
Uncle Sam
at any Bank or
Bond Booth,
and get into
the fight—and
get in big!

Woman Versus Woman

By SADIE OLCOTT

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

Florence, during the period when the De Medici family flourished, was in many respects a sinkhole of iniquity. It was a common practice to get rid of an enemy by means of poison. The De Medicis derived their name from the fact that the founder of the family was what today would be called a patent medicine exploiter.

This man who established a family lived many years before that family became the most prominent in Italy, giving sovereigns to Europe as well as popes. This story pertains to one Cecelia Del Carpo, whose mother was a De Medici.

One evening a young artist named Ricardo Cenci was strolling on the street in Florence that leads from the cathedral to the Ponte Vecchio, an ancient bridge that crosses the River Arno. As he entered upon the bridge he met Cecelia face to face. Ricardo was as handsome as Cecelia was beautiful.

Ricardo was betrothed to Lucrecia Marini, as lovely a girl as there was in Florence. He did not notice Cecelia as he passed her, for he was going at the time to visit Lucrecia and was thinking of her alone. Cecelia inquired of a friend who was with her who Ricardo was and learned not only that he was a promising artist but also where his studio was.

The next day Cecelia appeared at Ricardo's studio and offered him a large price to paint her portrait. Ricardo declined because he was expecting an order to do some mural painting in St. Peter's at Rome. But Cecelia begged so hard, saying he could do her work at such times as he chose, that he yielded.

April and May are pneumonia months. In this time a weakened system is a constant source of danger, for the pneumonia and grip infections are in the air, and after a long winter the body is so clogged with waste it cannot resist them. Fortify the health, remove the catarrh, and improve the digestion.

For Quick Relief PERUNA

This reliable tonic is recommended to remove the waste from the body, counteract the catarrhal poisons and allay the inflammation that is catarrh, restore the regular appetite and tone up the entire system to resist disease. A well man is safe.

As a tonic after grip it has won many commendations, while its effectiveness in catarrhal conditions is unquestioned. Take no chances—Take Peruna.

Peruna Tablets are always ready to take. You may carry a box with you and ward off colds and chills. The liquid medicine in your home is a great safeguard. Protect your family.

The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio

other, and since she could not possess him she would claim him for her friend. She hoped also to make a friend of his wife.

Ricardo was partly convinced by these professions and asked her to call on the woman who had vanquished her. He did not think it worth while to put Lucrecia on her guard, for he did not see any wrong that Cecelia could injure her and he did not wish to further incur the latter's enmity. The two women met and, on the surface at least, were so friendly that Ricardo believed there was no rancor between them.

Cecelia invited them to sup with her in her palazzo, as they call fine dwellings in Italy. Lucrecia did not wish to accept the invitation, but her husband desired to avoid offending their would-be hostess and persuaded her to do so.

At the appointed time Ricardo and his wife repaired to Cecelia's palazzo and were received by the hostess in the most friendly manner. Ricardo was deceived. The only sensible thing he did after meeting the woman who was bent on bewitching him was to acknowledge to himself that she would succeed. But now he was acting very stupidly.

Lucrecia, being a woman matched against a woman, was on her guard. She pretended to have taken a desperate fancy to Cecelia and hoped that they might always be friends, but all the while during the dinner, if Cecelia forced upon her any dainty she declined it on the ground that it would not agree with her. She would drink no wine because there was gout in her family.

Finally Cecelia offered her a little dish of confections, saying: "Surely, one of these will not hurt you?" Lucrecia took one of the sweets, saying that she loved something of the kind before going to bed. She would eat it at that time.

Cecelia turned pale, but she did not oppose her guest. Soon after this all arose from the table and, after a brief sitting together at a window overlooking the Arno, whose banks were beautifully lighted, Ricardo and his wife went to their home.

The next morning Cecelia's palazzo was closed and Cecelia was not in Florence. She had fled. Lucrecia gave the bonbon she was to have eaten before going to bed to a cat and in a few minutes the animal was dead.

In this war of wits between two women Lucrecia had won, by securing the evidence that her enemy was trying to poison her. Cecelia never returned to Florence.

What Does "War Time" Mean To You

Are you complaining because "war time" means coal shortage; less sugar in your coffee; bad business; less money than you think you ought to make?

What about the boys who are fighting for you in France?

For you—a little economy and deprivation. For them the trenches; the pitiless storms of rain and sleet; the ceaseless deafening bombardment of the guns; hunger, cold and fever; wounds and death.

That you may dwell in peace, plenty, and security, they sacrifice everything, give everything, brave everything, and face a nameless grave with a smile and a song.

What are you doing, or giving, or sacrificing for them?

THIS SPACE PAID FOR AND CONTRIBUTED BY

BANK OF SOMERSET

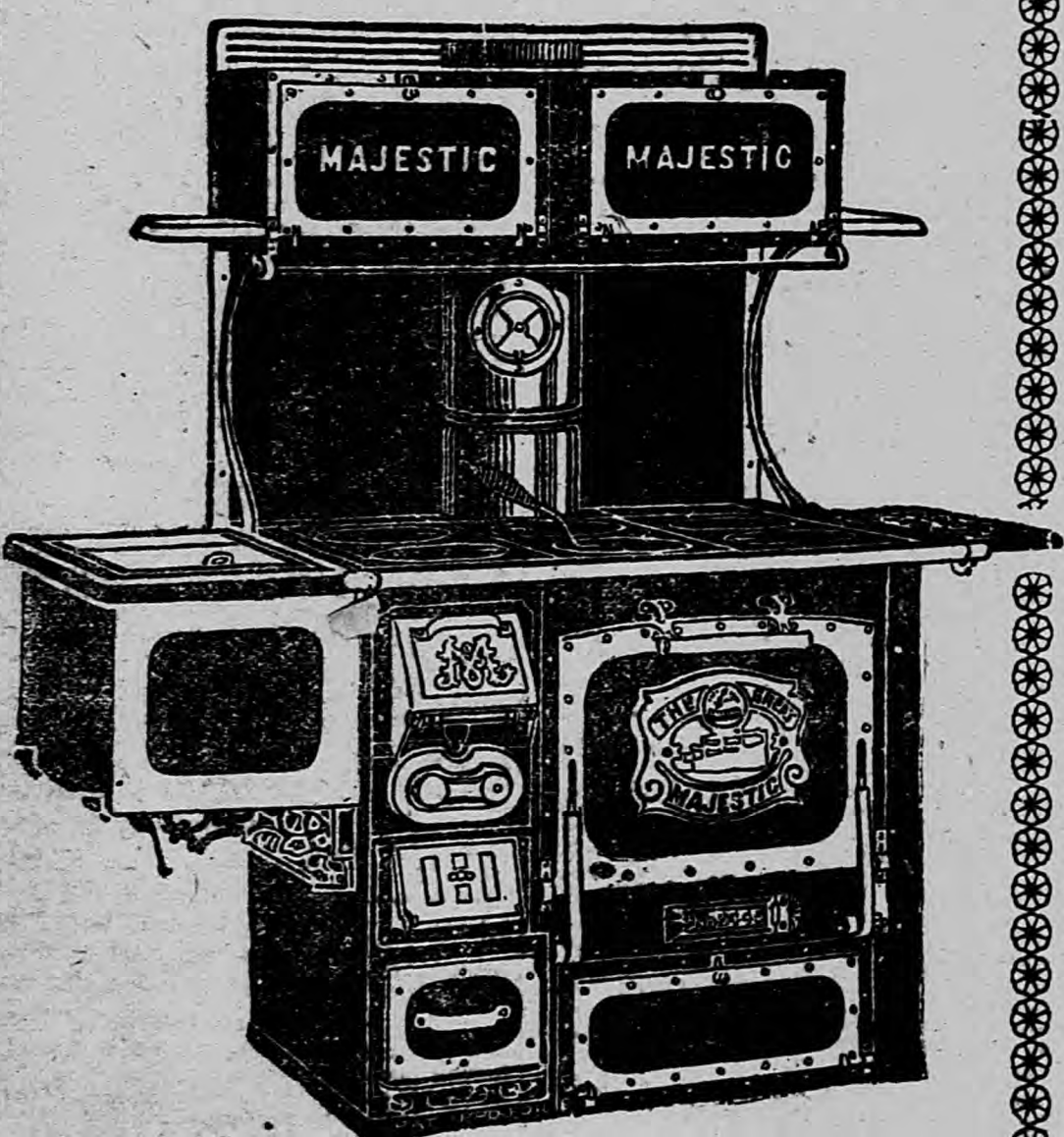
Capital Surplus and Profits \$ 50,000.00 115,000.00

Princess Anne, Maryland

SELLING BELOW COST

This is what we are doing every day. Goods Cost from 10 to 25 per cent. more than we are selling them for; as we have a large stock of Hardware, Buggies, Runabouts, Wagons, Harness

STOVES AND RANGES



We carried over \$800.00 worth of Robes and Blankets from last year. We don't mark our goods up every day like other merchants. Somebody is losing trade because ours is increasing.

Ask your neighbor where to get a Square Deal, and he will say Taylor's H'd'w Store

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr., PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

The Third Liberty Loan

is your opportunity to prove the patriotism that is in your heart and on your lips.

Your opportunity to show yourself worthy of the heroism, the devotion, the self-renunciation of your soldiers and sailors.

Your opportunity to share, in some small degree, the sufferings of those who stand ready to make the supreme sacrifice for you.

All you can do is little enough. You simply lend your money. Do it, and be glad that you can do so much and sorry you can do no more.

HOW TO MAKE COMPOST HEAP

Not Usually Economical Where General Farming Is Practiced—Too Much Work Required.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Composting manure is not usually economical where general farming is done. It requires too much labor; besides, the manure will ordinarily give better results when scattered directly on the ground and plowed or harrowed in. It is advised only where coarse materials need to be put in better condition. It is also advisable for truckers and gardeners.

By the compost heap the farmer is able to multiply his available manure manifold. He should remember that anything of vegetable or animal origin is a valuable fertilizer if put in proper condition. The compost heap is one means of doing this. One ton of leaves contains 15 pounds of nitrogen, 3.2 pounds of phosphoric acid, and 6 pounds of potash.

In actual practice it is safe to assume that half of their values are available; but it is only after undergoing decomposition that these values are available.

Locate the compost heap in an old shed, or build a shed, with any kind of cheap material for a roof. Spread on the ground a layer of stable manure 8 by 10 feet, 8 inches deep. Over this spread 100 pounds of acid phosphate, or ground phosphate rock. The phosphate rock answers as well as the acid phosphate. Continue these alternate layers until the manure is used up or until the pile has become inconveniently high. To these layers might be added straw, leaves, mold, or other litter, adding 100 pounds ground phosphate rock to each ton of material used. Be sure to wet all thoroughly. When the compost heap is completed, cover it about 4 inches deep with good loam or with forest mold.

When applying 2 tons per acre or less, the best results can be obtained by putting the compost in the furrow and bedding out on it. Be careful not to bury too deep, especially on clay soils. When using more than 2 tons per acre it is better to scatter broadcast.

BUILD A FISH POND

At little expense a great many farms are so situated that fish ponds may be constructed, and with the help of the fish commission at Washington these ponds can be stocked with the choicest table fish.

With some little care a bountiful supply of meat products may be secured from this source. Every fish eaten is that much gain in solving the present problem of living. The food products of the land are conserved by eating those of the streams.

GREEN MANURES MAKE HUMUS

Cowpeas, Velvet Beans, Clover, Buckwheat and Sorghum Are Good Crops for Purpose.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

It has been found beneficial to plow under green crops on depleted soils or soils deficient in humus. Among the best crops for this purpose may be named cowpeas, velvet beans, clover, buckwheat, and sorghum. Ordinarily the crops should be allowed to reach maturity before turning under. It is not a good practice to turn under a heavy green crop immediately before planting another crop, especially small grain.

A cover crop is usually sown late in the season, after the main crop is out of the way. Oats, rye and crimson clover are most commonly used for this purpose. They are sown in the cotton or corn at the time of the last working and make some growth during the autumn and early spring. They serve the double purpose of adding humus and of preventing soil erosion. The cover crop should be plowed under at least two weeks before the time for planting the next crop. Green-manure crops are helpful in improving the mechanical condition and rendering available the plant food already in the soil.

It is hoped that the value of farm manures has been made sufficiently evident and that more farmers will give attention to the saving of them.

BENEFITS OF TESTING SEED

Indiana County Agent Makes Surprising Discovery in Talk to Farmers—Much Corn Wasted.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A county agent in Indiana was holding a meeting not long ago where the production of corn was being discussed. He found that only 3 per cent of the men attending had tested their seed corn the previous year, but at the close of the meeting when the benefits of good seed corn had been outlined about 40 per cent promised to test their corn before planting this spring. Further questioning among those present brought out the fact that 38 per cent of the corn which had been selected for seed from the crib early last spring just before planting did not grow.

CATTLE ADAPTED TO SOUTH

Pasture Season Is Long and Feed Is Produced at Minimum Cost—Little Shelter Needed.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

There is no section of the country which can produce cattle more cheaply than the South, for the lands are still cheap, the grazing is good, the pasture season is long, feed can be produced at a minimum cost, and inexpensive shelter only is required for the animals during the winter months.

LAST WORDS OF GREAT MEN

Notable Utterances That Have Been Accepted by the World as More or Less Authentic.

First words of human beings everywhere are as much alike in their significance as are in the essentials of dependence and trustfulness the infants who stammer them. Last words differ as greatly in purport as do their utterers in age, experience, environment, intellect and character. Of the many "dying sentences" that have passed into the category of familiar quotations it is, of course, impossible always to separate the apocryphal from the real. To attempt such a division would not be worth the pains; it is better to take on trust the plausible and the fairly authentic. Some of these are the deliberate speeches of those in full possession of bodily strength but about to suffer execution. Such are Sir Thomas More's adjuration as he faced the scaffold, "See me safe up—for my coming down I can shift for myself;" Sir Walter Raleigh's reflection on the axe, "Tis a sharp remedy but a sure one for all ills;" Madame Roland's "O Liberty, what crimes are committed in thy name!" and Nathan Hale's "I only regret that I have but one life to give for my country." Other "last words" embody a dying effort at coherence or are merely the murmurs of delirium. Two famous farewells are attributed to Rabelais—"Draw the curtain, the farce is ended," and "I am going to seek a great perhaps." Goethe's plea, which the world has refused to take as spoken literally, for "Light! more light!" has a more modern counterpart in Tennyson's enigmatic "I have opened it," perhaps referring to the volume of Shakespeare at his side but susceptible also of esoteric interpretation.

HOME OF CEREALS UNKNOWN

History Has No Record of Where Most Important Human Food Had Its Origin.

The origin of wheat is lost in hoary antiquity. Even the original home of the cereal plants of which bread is being made is not known, all the researches and hypotheses notwithstanding. Where wheat, spelt, rye, barley, oats, buckwheat, etc., first offered man their grainy ears for good is an unsolved problem. But that originally bread was not roasted or baked, but eaten as dough or paste, may be inferred from its relation with the word "broth," both of these words being derived from the root "brewan," "bru," to brew. In all probability it was originally the boiled coarse meal with nothing added to it but salt. The leavening and baking of the bread was a later development. The origin of these processes is a matter of speculation; but so much is certain that baking preceded the leavening of the bread that causes it to rise; also that the original form of the bread was not the loaf, but a kind of thin, flat cake like the matzo, or unleavened bread of the Jews, or the tortillas of the Mexicans. Like these, it was probably roasted upon intensely heated flat stones.

With the discovery of the leaven the flat cake increased in height until it assumed the form of our loaf.

Proper Locomotive Signals.

Experiments conducted by the Southern Pacific railroad to find the most efficient means of handling the locomotive whistle show the average motorist or pedestrian is familiar with the standard crossing signal—two long and two short blasts—and that, unless the signal is given just so, he is apt to dispute priority right to a crossing. Superintendent T. Ahern, in a letter to engineers, says: "Extensive tests show that a whistle call for a station signal should never be less than five seconds, the long blasts of the crossing signal, two and a half seconds, and the short ones, one second. Particular care should be exercised to cut off the blasts sharply and not to slur them. It is of the utmost importance in causing sound to travel that these instructions be carried out."

Eastern Folklore Character.

A character in folklore with whom the Occidental world has only slightly familiarized itself is Nasr-ed-din-Hodja, the Turkish Till Eulenspiegel. Lineally the Hodja, holy man, as he is known, draws his descent from Aesop; but during the course of centuries his nature became somewhat changed. From the wise man he was transformed, gradually, into the simple bucolic fool, who, in spite of his folly, has certain very winning traits. As a rule, however, poor Nasr-ed-din gets the worst of every deal he is mixed up in, as has his unfortunate and muddling race. Only very now and then does tradition allow him to come off victor in an intellectual encounter.

Appreciated British Oysters.

As early as 50 B. C. the fame of the British oyster had extended as far as Rome, and Sallust seems to have been more impressed by the oyster than by any other feature of the country, for he wrote: "The poor Britons—there is some good in them, after all—they produce an oyster." In 80 A. D. oysters were exported from the Thames estuary to Rome, and ever since that time England has had an oyster industry of respectable proportions, although for many years the supply has been inadequate to fill London's gigantic demands, and importations from the United States, Holland and France have been necessary.

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in the Marylander and Herald, the paper that reaches the families throughout Somerset and the adjoining counties. It is the best advertising medium in the county and is therefore the paper in which to advertise your business and also your public sales when you have them.

EVERY FARMER IN SOMERSET SHOULD HAVE

Neatly PRINTED Stationery

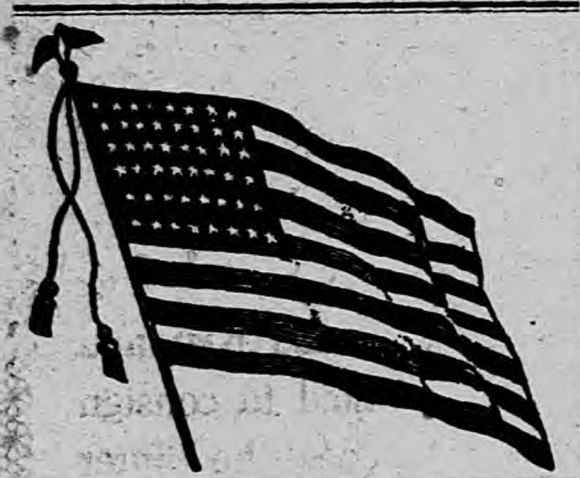
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All our work is neatly and quickly done at the lowest possible prices consistent with good work

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THEO. A. WALKER
Editor and Business Manager
All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 23, 1918



Some people who can't prepare their gardens because it is too cool, will soon be unable to plant them because it is too hot.

If you look pleasant at the Liberty Loan solicitor it will encourage him to work for a good subscription from your neighbor.

When you refuse to buy a Liberty bond you refuse to buy a gun for the soldier who is protecting your home at the risk of his life.

If rubber gets scarce for automobile tires, the beefsteak now being sold would have excellent qualities of wear resistance.

The man who won't save a little wheat for the soldier boys evidently thinks that the fellow who is defending him doesn't need any bread.

These people who write the lovely essays on the Blessings of Poverty, can get a chance to enjoy those blessings by running an automobile at present costs.

Some people's theory of how to win this war is to get out and weep over the failures of our allies. Other people try to take hold and do something to help.

According to the Pacifists, if the Huns come in and put their bloody heels on your wife and daughters, the thing to do is to twirl your thumbs and quote poetry.

If the government wishes to discourage the hanging of German spies, it might cut out a few of the extra comforts given them in the internment camps.

The people who will find a lot of fault at the lack of shade on the streets next summer are the same ones who never would take the trouble to plant a single tree themselves.

The farmer who won't plant a full acreage because he is not sure of making money, is the same one who will later be kicking very hard if the war is prolonged and the taxes keep high.

"Over There" the boys are eager to get into the trenches, while here some of our people stay out the night the Liberty Loan solicitor calls. Fortunately there are not many of that kind, just enough to put on exhibition as historical specimens.

There is no reason for discouraging baseball in war time. The fellow who can throw a ball from center field to home plate can land a grenade in the Hun trenches next year. Also track athletics should be encouraged. The Marathon runner will be a mighty good fellow to pursue the Boches to Berlin.

NATIONAL EFFICIENCY

It is generally admitted that the German people are the most efficient in the world. Everything they attempt is carried out with a thoroughness that does not exist in our national life. It is a big question for us here in our home community how far we are securing efficiency in our industrial, educational and municipal organization. We shall not attempt to turn daily life into military discipline. Our people cannot be ordered around by an autocratic authority like so many submissive menials. Democracy will have to find some other way in promoting efficiency.

Intensely as we abhor the German ideas it has been admitted that they have promoted national efficiency by a superior educational system. We may detest German principles, but we have got to compete with them in the world and we must not permit them to beat us in any legitimate competition.

Our young people have no conception of the way the German young folks are drilled through the schools. It is a disgrace there for a student to fail to get high marks. The pressure applied to school children is so severe that there are many suicides among the pupils.

It can readily be believed under the German system, that the children leave school with a better scholastic equipment than is given in this country. The highly centralized authority would not tolerate the poor schools that exist in many of our localities. German boys not fitted for literary study would be assigned to more technical tasks. But whatever they undertook would be well and thoroughly done. What can we do in our country and at home here in Princess Anne to secure equally thorough work, without resorting to the harsh severities of the German system?

WHY BUILDING COSTS ARE HIGH

A man who handles construction work for a large industrial plant got to talking the other day on the high cost of improving houses. He took the view that carpenter work, plumbing, painting, papering, etc., need not cost as much as they do if the contractors for these jobs would work more systematically.

His idea was that the average contractor on these small jobs does not intend to tolerate loafing, but he has no system for ascertaining if his men are turning out the amount of work they should. Under present labor conditions he has to employ too much unskilled help. Some of his men, as in all callings, are indolent. The small contractor may not have capital enough so he can order materials in advance. The result is that the men will work along a little and then get out of something they need, when they are called off and put to work on some other job.

For these causes it is claimed that the average small job of repairs or house improvement drags along more than it should. The man quoted said that every contractor should have a regular schedule of time for all his men. The time a job should take should be carefully estimated by a competent foreman and the workmen should be expected to finish it in that time or give a good excuse. He said that he made just such schedules for all his gangs. As a consequence he could bid below other contractors three-quarters of the time. He paid good wages, employed union help, never had any trouble with the union people, so he could not be charged with overdriving his men.

How far his remarks apply to conditions in Princess Anne one would not dare to say. But there is a feeling among our householders that many jobs of improvement take too long and cost too much.

THE BOND SOLICITOR'S EXPERIENCES

The Liberty bond solicitors run up against many kinds of human nature. Most of them report that they receive a cordial reception and meet with hearty displays of patriotism. People seem to be thankful to think they can co-operate in so easy a manner and with such personal advantage to themselves.

Some people, however, are disposed to groan over their own troubles and can not be made to feel any community obligation. If they could get five per cent. interest somewhere else, they fret and fume over the three-quarters of one per cent. sacrifice they make in buying the Liberty bond.

It is a problem in human nature to know how to deal with such people. It is not usually effective to denounce them. The solicitor in his heart may feel some contempt for the slacker spirit that they show, but few people can be driven into anything they don't want to do. The only way is to use reason and to put things in the clearest light possible.

It will not be useful to get angry and call such people slackers, even when they have no valid excuse. But they should be made to see clearly just what they are doing. It should be put to them frankly that we can not expect to retain the blessings of our government unless we are willing to make some sacrifice for it. Also the idea should be emphasized that when a man goes into the trenches to defend us, the very least we can do is to buy him his weapons, ammunition and food to support and help him in his heroic work for our benefit.

The slackers may very well be made to feel that they can not expect to retain the favor of the community unless they are willing to take their share of the community's burdens. Many people will give up for this reason who would never do so except for the fear of public disapproval.

1716-1918

The descendants and compatriots of Washington and Paul Jones are fighting once again side by side with the descendants of the compatriots of Lafayette and Rochambeau. The time and opportunity have come for a nation to pay a great debt of gratitude for service rendered in great national need and America is paying France the debt she long has owed.

In the Revolutionary War for the freedom of America the French fought on American soil under the command of an American. Today in the war for the freedom of France and for the preservation of liberty to America, and indeed to all the world, Americans fight on French soil under the supreme command of a Frenchman. The honors are even and the honors are great.

No true American who knows the history of his country and loves the honor of his country but thrills at the thought of the American Army in France. The invincible Americans will turn the tide of war; they will bring to France and her allies a victory for liberty such as France assisted us to win, and repay with interest a debt to liberty and to France long owing and honestly acknowledged.

For Bilious Troubles

To promote a healthy action of the liver and correct the disorders caused by biliousness, Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. Try them and see how quickly they give you a relish for your food and banish that dull and stupid feeling.

Have You Thought About It?

When you read about American troops going into action on the western front, do you feel as if your job is tame in comparison? Do you long to throw down your tools and join them? You do if you have real red blood in you.

But, perhaps you can't join them. Perhaps you are too old or have dependents. Perhaps you are working a farm or doing some other thing which the Government feels is very important and should not be neglected. If you are, just remember that you have an important job back of the lines, and then go ahead and make it just as important as you know how.

Fight the Hun at home as you would like to fight him in Europe. Fight for big crops so that the boys on the line may have plenty of food. Fight time on any job which you may have so that Uncle Sam may throw a perfect deluge of material against the European barbarian. Buy Liberty Bonds; talk War Stamps; live, dream and think of nothing but how to make this real big venture of our lives go—and go big.

Putting German Prisoners to Work

By all means let the German prisoners in this country be put to some useful and beneficial work. For many months we have maintained, in what amounts to comparative luxury, a lot of such aliens. There is some road building and other construction work necessary, and it is determined to put the prisoners at work. International law permits the working of prisoners, and there is no fear that we shall treat them inhumanely, but they must eat their bread in the sweat of their own brows.

As to interned aliens of the non-military class, the law is different. They may be compelled to work sufficiently to care for themselves. We shall abide by that law in spite of the fact that Germany has commandeered thousands of innocent Belgian men and women and forced them to work long hours in the fields of France without any pay. In spite of the ferocity of the enemy we shall simply make our prisoners do their bit in a way that may be bitter to some and yet, perhaps, less than justice requires.—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

Clean Up—Fly Time

Eternal vigilance, cleanliness that is like unto godliness, systematized preventive effort—these in combination must be used if the fly plague is to be reduced to the vanishing point, or to near the vanishing point for the summer that is just ahead! The fly brood can be reduced to a minimum, can be reduced to approximate nothingness if the whole town—all the people thereof, including the children who have rounded out their fifth year—enlist in the crusade against the fly. And right now is time to start the fly war. Swatting the fly is good as far as it goes, but it is not the main remedy. Clean out every possible breeding place for flies—that's the big idea in the fly war. Every female fly that escapes the swat hunts a nesting place and deposits a big nest of fly eggs. These minute eggs soon hatch into a swarm of maggots, and the maggots soon turn into a swarm of flies.

A thousand unwashed female flies, if they can find undisturbed deposit material for their eggs, will produce a hundred million of flies by the middle of August. This is no exaggerated estimate—it is probably far below the potentiality of increase. Left free and given advantageous conditions, the one thousand unwashed female flies of mid-April will have a great-grandchildren offspring by mid-August. The possible ratio of increase simply exhausts mathematical calculation. A close sink, a neglected stable, meat or fish scraps from the table thrown carelessly in the backyard—will breed flies. The war on the fly—it is everybody's war. Join the crusade! Do your bit!—Baltimore American.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. [Advertisement.]

Order Nisi

Charles H. Maddox, Artie M. Maddox and wife, John W. Maddox and wife, and Robert R. Maddox, plaintiffs, vs. Laura J. Collins and husband, Mary M. Benston and husband, William F. Maddox and wife, Sabie Heath and husband, Lavina Maddox, Nellie Rowan Maddox and Sadie C. Maddox, defendants.

No. 3225 Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County. In Equity.

Ordered by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, this 17th day of April, 1918, that the sale of property made and reported by L. Creston Beauchamp, trustee appointed by a decree of this Court to make said sale, be affirmed and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed on or before the 17th day of May, 1918; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Somerset County once in each of three successive weeks before the 17th day of May, 1918.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$510. True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk

Eat Potatoes

For the first time in many years we are facing a glut in white potatoes, and unless the consumption of potatoes is increased within the next few weeks by not less than 75 per cent., a loss of 30,000,000 bushels through spoilage is forecast by the National Food Administration. We must eat three times as many potatoes as we are now consuming if we wish to avoid this great economical waste. It is a rather extraordinary condition and one which requires prompt, though not heroic action. With the scores of ways of preparing the humble "murfy," it requires no great effort to speed up its consumption. There has seldom been a year when white potatoes did not have to be imported. This is a fact that is not generally known, but those in the trade do know it. In some years the imports were comparatively unimportant, but there have been times when Ireland and Canada both have been called on to ship large quantities of the "spud." Whether the impending glut is caused by overproduction, or whether through imperfect and unequal distribution, we do not know, but we do know that as patriotic Americans it is up to the people of Maryland to do their share in preventing the loss of the 30,000,000 bushels surplus. When such a large amount of food is lost, the cost of it falls upon all of us in some way or other. The farmer is hit, the dealers lose and the ultimate consumer eventually foots the bill. Let us heed the appeal of the Food Administration, and instead of making potatoes a side dish—as many families do—let us eat them in quantities and eliminate, if need be, all vegetables except potatoes from at least four dinners a week. Get out the old family cook books and find out how many ways of preparing potatoes there are. Then go to it!—Baltimore Star.

If I Were A Farmer

If I were a farmer I would keep at hand a few reliable medicines for minor ailments that are not so serious as to require the attention of a physician, such as Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds and croup. Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains. Chamberlain's Tablets for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. By having these articles at hand it would often save the trouble of a trip to town in the busiest season or in the night, and would enable me to treat slight ailments as soon as they appear, and thereby avoid the more serious diseases that so often follow.

NOTICE

To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTOVER, at Long Brothers store, on Thursday morning, April 25th, and at CRISFIELD at W. Jensen Stealing & Co.'s store on Friday morning, April 26th, 1918, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County Taxes. R. MARK WHITE, Treasurer.

\$1,000,000 For New Naval Range

The House last Wednesday passed a bill appropriating one million dollars for the purchase of land in Cornwallis Neck on the Virginia side of the Potomac river, nearly opposite Indian Head, to be used as the site for a proving ground for the Navy, where long range guns can be tested. It was maintained that unless the Navy can obtain its own proving grounds, it will be compelled to use the new Army proving grounds at Aberdeen. At the same time the use of the Aberdeen proving grounds would be undesirable owing to the possible danger of Baltimore shipping when the long range guns of the Navy are being tested. The proposed naval proving grounds will have a range of 50,000 yards and it is to be used to test not only the long range guns of the American Navy, but also for the guns of foreign navies which are being built in this country.



It is no longer necessary to go into the details describing the practical merits of the Ford car—everybody knows all about "The Universal Car." How it goes and comes day after day and year after year at an operating expense so small that it's wonderful. This advertisement is to urge prospective buyers to place orders without delay as the war has produced conditions which may interfere with normal production. Buy a Ford car when you can get one. We will take good care of your order.

W. P. FITZGERALD

AUTHORIZED AGENT
Supplies of all kinds. My Parts for Repairing Ford Cars are Made by Ford People.

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Trustee's Sale OF VALUABLE Real Estate

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, passed in a cause in which S. Frank Dashiell is plaintiff and Edward Roberts and others are defendants, the undersigned trustee therein named will sell at public auction at the Court House door in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

TUESDAY, MAY 14, 1918

at about the hour of 2 o'clock p.m., all that lot or parcel of land, of which the late Preston Roberts, deceased, died seized, situate, lying and being in Dames Quarter Election District, Somerset County, Maryland, on the main county road leading through the "Old Field" in said district to Deal's Island, adjoining the lands of Harry F. Badgley, Joe Roberts and Mrs. Sadie Jones and containing about 1 ACRE, more or less, it being the same land which was conveyed to the said Preston Roberts by John H. White and wife by deed dated the 17th day of October, 1880, and recorded among the land records of said Somerset County in Liber H. F. L. No. 8, folio 47. This property is improved by a TWO-STORY DWELLING.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-half in cash on the day of sale and the balance to be paid in six months from the day of sale, to bear interest from the day of sale and to be secured by the bond of the purchaser or purchasers, with security to be approved by the trustee, or all cash at the option of the purchaser or purchasers. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.

HARRY C. DASHIELL, Trustee.

Change in time, change in Railroad schedules, or change in transportation has not affected the service rendered you by

Elam K. Woodoth

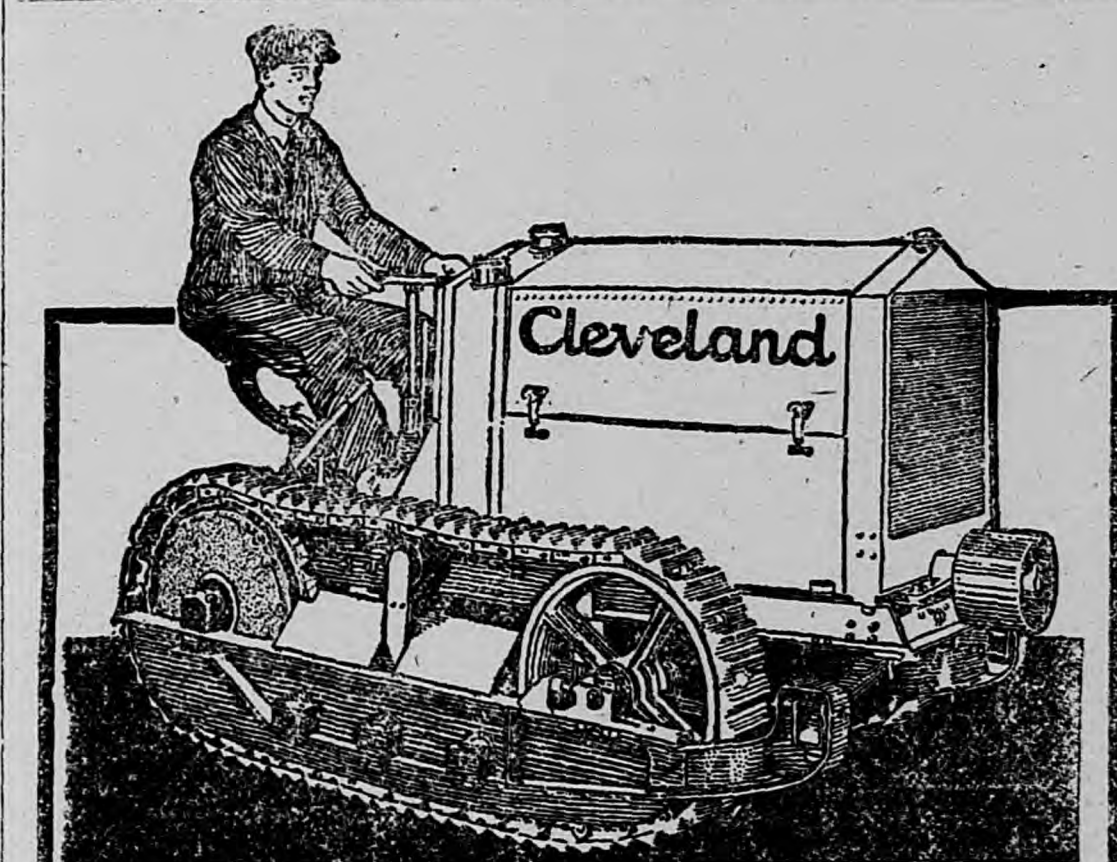
BROKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
110 Dock Street Philadelphia, Pa.

One of the leading houses on the Philadelphia Market; 20 years in the one store; recommended by all; a friend of every shipper, a house that positively gives results; makes prompt returns. Do you want big returns? Then,

WHY NOT SHIP YOUR GOODS TO HIM?

Not only recommended by the leading Mercantile Agencies, but authorized to do business under Government License, No. G04542

Personally we recommend giving your next shipment to him



The Cleveland Tractor

The Cleveland Tractor will plow 3 1/2 miles an hour—8 to 10 acres a day. That equals the work of three good 3-horse teams and three men.

Traveling on its own tracks, it will go practically anywhere—even through ditches or gumbo, sand and gravel. Although small enough for work in orchards, the Cleveland develops full 12 h. p. at the draw-bar for hauling.

At the pulley belt it gives 20 h. p.—plenty for stationary work, such as shelling corn, cutting ensilage, filling silos, pumping and many other uses on the farm where power is needed. You can turn it in a 12-foot circle—just about what it takes to turn a team. It can be housed in less space than it takes for a horse.

STANDARD MOTOR CO.

CADILLAC BLDG. 1007-15 N. RUTAW STREET BALTIMORE - MARYLAND

Eastern Shore Branch

Camden and Dock Sts., SALISBURY, MD.

HACKETT'S GAPE CURE

Kills the Worm as well as the Germ
Makes Poultry Raising both Profitable and Pleasant. Your money returned if not satisfied. It is almost infallible.
HACKETT'S GAPE CURE, 35c. postpaid
HACKETT'S LOUSE POWDER, 35c. postpaid
HACKETT'S GAPE CURE CO.
Dept. S. HILLSBORO, MD.

SHERIFF'S

License Notice

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS and corporations doing business in Somerset county and requiring a State License to obtain the same or renew the same on or before the

First Day of May, 1918,

under penalty prescribed by said law for the infraction thereof. Those applying for Trade License must, under oath, take out License covering stock at the principle season of the year.

Persons may sell salt to cure fish in March, April and May without license.

Females vending Milinery and other small articles, whose stock is not over \$500, pay a license of only \$5.00; but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons.

The owner or keeper of every Stallion or Jack shall, before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties in Maryland the highest sum he intends to ask for the season for one mare provided that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid for such license be less than \$10.

CHARLES S. DRYDEN

Sheriff of Somerset County.

County Commissioners' NOTICE

The Commissioners for Somerset County hereby give notice that they will meet at their office in Princess Anne, on Tuesdays,

May 7th, 14th and 21st, 1918,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. for the purpose of making additions, alterations and abatements or transfers on the assessable property of the county.

These are the last sessions of the Board for making reductions and transfers during the year 1918, after which the books are closed.

By order of the Board, R. MARK WHITE, Clerk.

Order of Publication

Robert L. Hayman versus Jephtha Pusey et al. No. 3222 Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, Maryland.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate situate in Somerset County, of which Joseph Pusey, late of Somerset County, deceased, died seized and possessed, for the payment of the claims of the creditors of the said Joseph Pusey.

The original and amended bills of complaint state that the said Joseph Pusey was in his lifetime indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of Thirty-one Dollars, Ten Cents, on open account, and sold and delivered by the plaintiff to the said Joseph Pusey, in his lifetime, the statement of which said open account is filed with the bill of complaint, and also indebted to the plaintiff on overdue promissory note dated October 14, 1911, for the sum of Fifty-four Dollars, drawing interest from the fourth day of October, 1915, and subject to a credit of Nine Dollars on the twentieth day of October, 1916, and a further credit of Fifty Cents on the twentieth day of October, 1917, which said promissory note is filed with the bill of complaint; that the said Joseph Pusey, being so indebted to the plaintiff, died intestate, leaving surviving him, as his sole heirs at law, the following brothers and sisters and children of deceased brothers and sisters:

(1) A brother, Jephtha Pusey, who intermarried with Emma Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Worcester County, State of Maryland.

(2) A sister, Ellen Rebecca Ward, who is of full age, unmarried, and resides in Wicomico County.

(3) The following children of said Joseph Pusey, a deceased sister of said Joseph Pusey, who died before the said Joseph Pusey, intestate, and left surviving, as her sole heirs at law, the following children and descendants:

(1) Lee Pusey, a son of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with Ella Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wicomico County.

(2) Jefferson Pusey, a son of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with Pearl Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wicomico County.

(3) Mary Pusey, a daughter of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with William T. Pusey, both of whom are of full age and reside in Somerset County.

(4) Clara Prior, a daughter of the said Joseph Pusey, who died before her said uncle, Joseph Pusey, intestate, leaving surviving her, as her sole heirs at law, three children, namely: William L. Prior, Marion Prior and Mary McGovern; the said William L. Prior having intermarried with Maggie Prior, both being of full age and residing in said Somerset County; the said Marion Prior having intermarried with Stephen McGovern, both of whom are of full age and reside in the city of Camden, State of New Jersey.

(5) Emily Washington, a sister of the said Joseph Pusey, who intermarried with Tony Washington, both of whom are of full age and both of whom left Somerset County about fifteen years ago, for Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, but neither the said Emily nor the said Tony have been heard from by any of their kindred, or any person known to the plaintiff, for the last fifteen years, and the plaintiff has been unable to ascertain whether they, or either of them be now living or dead, or whether the said Emily, if dead, left any children surviving her from said marriage to the said Tony Washington, but the said Emily, when she left Somerset County as aforesaid, left behind her one child, namely: The defendant, Cora Rank, who intermarried with Isaac Banks, both of whom are of full age and reside in Wicomico County, aforesaid.

That the personal estate of the said Joseph Pusey is not sufficient for the payment of all his just debts, including the plaintiff's claim. It is thereupon ordered by the said Court, that the plaintiff by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Somerset County, once in each of four successive weeks before the first day of May, next, give notice to the said Mary McGovern and Stephen J. McGovern, her husband, and Emily Washington and Tony Washington, her husband, all adults and non-residents of the State of Maryland, to appear in this Court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the twenty-first day of May next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed, as prayed.

ROBERT F. DUER, Judge.

True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN WILLIAM PARKS,

late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Third Day of October, 1918,

or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 26th day of March, 1918.

JOHN W. PARKS, JR., Administrator of John William Parks, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

J. E. GREEN

AUCTIONEER

Eden, Md. R. F. D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

The Marylander and Herald \$1 year.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD **TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 23, 1918**

Notice of Marriage and Death will be published free of charge but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter.

FOR SALE—Wheat straw. G. I. LAWTON, Princess Anne, Md.

WANTED—Will pay spot cash for any used car. H. D. YATES.

FOR SALE—One three-year-old mule. Terms to suit. S. H. DEVLIN.

FOR SALE—Twenty Horses and Mules. To suit all purposes. ROBT. S. JONES.

FOR SALE—Tomato Plants, now ready for spotting. R. T. BEAUCHAMP, Westover, Md., Route 2.

FOR SALE—Piano organ, mahogany finish, in first-class condition, at a bargain. G. W. KEMP.

FOR SALE—Sweet Potato Slips. Apply to W. P. INLEY, Wicomico creek, Eden, Maryland, Route 2.

FOR SALE—Second-hand Ford car, 1916 model, in good running condition. Apply to JAMES A. HAYMAN, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—Car load good young Mules, 5 to 9 years old, weighing 900 to 1250 pounds each. ROBT. S. JONES.

LOST—Pocketbook, on Main street, Princess Anne, containing check payable to undersigned and cash. Reward if returned to W. W. PORTER.

FOR SALE—1916 Harley-Davidson motorcycle, fully equipped and in first-class condition. Price \$135. Apply to R. G. REVELLE, Princess Anne, Route 4.

FOR SALE—Strawberry Plants—Big Joe, Gandy, Klondyke and Matthew's Early, at \$2.00 per thousand. B. C. DRYDEN, Princess Anne. Farmers' Phone.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! SEEDS!!!—Oats, Red Clover, Mammoth Clover, Alsike, Timothy, Sweet Clover, etc. Fertilizers, Lime, Hay and feed of all kinds. W. P. TODD.

FOR SALE—Tomato Plants, ready to spot; also booking orders for spotted plants. Will be ready for field by April 15th or 20th. FRED R. NELSON, Westover, Md.

FOR SALE—Gasoline launch, 34 feet long, 7 1/2 feet wide, equipped with eight horse-power engine, use either gasoline or kerosene. Apply to MRS. MAGGIE HOPKINS, Mt. Vernon, Md., Route 2.

WANTED—Two young men, special investigation, railway and industrial work. State age, last place employed and enclose recent photograph. Address P. O. Box 172, Cambridge, Maryland.

PLANT SORGHUM AND MAZE MOLASSES. I have a limited amount of Sugar Drift Sorghum seed for sale at 25 cents per quart and \$1.75 per peck. I will be in position to make your molasses next Fall. L. T. WIDDOWSON, Westover.

COAL—I am now accepting orders for coal subject to the rulings of the Federal Fuel Administrator. Avoid conditions that existed last winter by placing your order now and fill your bins with good coal at the reduced price. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

PARKO SEEDTAPES FILLS THE BILL—In our stock of seeds you will find the line of the American Seedtape Company, which are especially prepared for the small gardens. Seeds are placed in tape proper distance apart and full directions for planting on each package. If you try them once you will never use any other. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

DON'T PUT OFF MAKING YOUR PURCHASES—You will not find a surplus of implements and tools lying around this year. Unless conditions change, when the stocks now in the hands of the dealers are sold, it will be over for this season. More implements, less labor and better crops, are what conditions call for this year. We handle only the best. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

Those who were too late to get the last bargains offered in used cars will have a chance at these: One 1916 Ford touring, good tires and running condition, but needs paint, \$250.00. One 8-cylinder touring in perfect condition; speedometer shows a little above 7,000; a car that has had the best of care and is like new; one that will cost today \$1,500; \$950.00 takes it. H. D. YATES.

BEAUTIFUL WEATHER TO PAINT OUTSIDE—Our stock is in good shape. If you are contemplating using paint these days you cannot afford to consider anything except the best. DeVoe's Pure Lead and Zinc has a national reputation—fewer gallons and wears better, we have it. Wetherill's Atlas we have sold for 15 years, with perfect satisfaction to our trade. We would be glad to have you consider our store in connection with your paint requirements. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

Mr. Harry C. Dashiell spent the first part of last week in Baltimore.

Mrs. J. T. Taylor, Jr., is spending a week or more with relatives in Baltimore.

Miss Mary Stewart Fitzgerald left last Friday to visit friends and relatives in Cambridge, Md.

Mr. George A. Culver, of Pocomoke City, spent the week-end at the home of his son, Mr. Fred A. Culver.

Miss Aline Wallop, who has been spending some months with friends in Washington, D. C., Baltimore and Hyattsville, Md., returned home last Friday night.

Mrs. B. Louis Lankford and daughter, Helen, who have been spending a week with Mrs. Lankford's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Maddox, at Manokin, returned to Philadelphia Monday afternoon of last week.

The Women's Society of Manokin Presbyterian Church will hold a social at the home of Mrs. W. O. Lankford on Monday evening, April 22nd. The public is cordially invited. A silver offering will be taken at the door for the benefit of the War Fund.

The one hundred and twentieth annual meeting of the Medical and Surgical Faculty of Maryland will be held in Baltimore on April 23, 24 and 25, the first session being held in Faculty Hall, 1211 Cathedral street, when reports will be read, the minutes of

Mrs. Mark Miles, of Pocomoke City, is a guest at the home of Mr. J. Frank Miles.

Mr. Edgar Fontaine, of Pocomoke City, was a visitor to Princess Anne Thursday.

Mr. Stanley F. Miles, of Baltimore, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Miles.

Mr. Rufus Dashiell, after a short visit to Baltimore, returned home Monday night of last week.

Miss Irene Taylor, spent last week with relatives and friends in Salisbury, returning home Friday evening.

Mr. George W. Maddox, of Manokin, spent last Friday in Princess Anne with his brother, Mr. Robert F. Maddox.

Mr. T. B. Hanley and family spent Sunday, the 14th instant, in Berlin, Md., with Mr. Hanley's brother, Mr. Clarence Hanley.

Mrs. B. H. Sterling and daughter, Mevis, returned home last Wednesday evening from a week's visit to relatives and friends in Crisfield.

Miss Mary Miles, of near Princess Anne, has returned to her home after a pleasant visit with her aunt, Miss Mollie Miles, at Pocomoke City.

Miss Mildred Packard, of Crisfield, and Mr. Clarence Massey, of Marumco, were married Saturday evening, the 13th instant, by the Rev. W. H. Stewart, at the Baptist Parsonage.

Mrs. and Mrs. J. T. Taylor, Jr., announce the engagement of their daughter, Sarah Virginia, to Lieutenant Geo. Austin Buckbee, of New York. The marriage will take place at an early date.

Mr. Omar J. Crowell was called to Baltimore last Tuesday night owing to the illness of his brother, Mr. Oscar Crowell. He returned Thursday night and reported his brother's condition somewhat improved.

Messrs. James R. Stewart, Robert F. Maddox, H. Lawrence Brittingham, John B. Roberts, Philip M. Smith and B. H. Sterling were guests of Chesapeake Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Crisfield, last Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Miles, Jr., and daughter, Marjorie, of Stamford, Conn., arrived in Princess Anne last Saturday night to spend two weeks at the home of Mr. Miles' parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Miles, on Beechwood street.

Do not fail to attend the great Liberty Loan rally at the Auditorium next Friday afternoon. Prominent speakers, good music and uniformed Canadian soldiers, including a number from the trenches in France. This will be a big day in Princess Anne.

Rev. W. L. Freud, pastor of Manokin Presbyterian Church, and Mr. W. O. Lankford, Sr., attended the 69th stated meeting of the New Castle Presbytery, comprising all the Presbyterian churches in Delaware and eleven counties of Maryland, held in Elkton, Md., Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

Among the out-of-town lawyers attending court in Princess Anne during the past week were: Messrs. F. Leonard Wailes, James E. Ellegood, Frederick W. C. Webb and Hooper Miles, of Salisbury; L. Paul Ewell, of Pocomoke City, and Clarence P. Lankford, John B. Robins and Thomas S. Hodson, of Crisfield.

The Shoreland Club was entertained by Mrs. Joseph D. Scott last Friday afternoon. Those present were: Mr. Robt. F. Duer, Mrs. O. T. Beauchamp, H. Fillmore Lankford, Mrs. Earle B. Polk, Mrs. R. F. Maddox, Mrs. H. L. Brittingham, Mrs. T. J. Smith and Misses Berenice M. Thompson, Ellen D. McMaster and Amanda Lankford.

Southern Tomato Acreage Small

The acreage of tomatoes in sections producing the early crop is considerably smaller than a year ago. Florida, for example, is short about 12% or 2,000 acres. As with potatoes, a shortage in the early southern crop is bound to react in favor of the price of the early northern crop. Both the canner and market tomato crop holds forth a good prospect in price this year—a price which will return a good profit in spite of an increased investment in labor and fertilizer needed to grow the crop.

CALLS FOR HARVESTERS

Whole State To Be Canvassed For Help To Harvest Crop

The Department of Agriculture, through Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Clarence Ousley, speaking in Baltimore last Wednesday, put up to the people of the urban communities of Maryland the job of helping to cultivate and harvest the State's crops, without any system of Federal administration of agricultural labor. As a result the executive council of the Maryland Agricultural Society, in co-operation with the Southern Commercial Congress, will begin at once to enroll volunteer farmers throughout the State.

Baltimore will be the center of enlistment and the city will be canvassed for men and women who will give from five to 15 days during the summer to farm work to which they will be assigned. Every business institution, from the smallest shops and factories to the largest wholesale houses and department stores, not engaged directly in war work will be called upon to release its employees for a few days in order that the food supply of the State shall not fail.

Either those who are called must respond, the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Labor say, or the people in the cities and towns will have to face the possibility of a food shortage from which they alone will suffer. The farmers, it is pointed out, will feed themselves first.

Then the Government will step in and take the food that is needed for the fighting men, and after that it will see that the civil population backing up the fighting men—the communities and neighborhoods around the big essential industries—get their food supplies. What is left will go to the rest of the urban population, and the quantity that is left will depend largely upon the effort which volunteer farmers make during the summer.

It is a new thing to Maryland that the Government is asking, but it is not new in other states. Last year the Government, acting through state agencies, operated the volunteer farmer system successfully in the great grain states of the Middle West and West. Thousands upon thousands of men left their regular occupations for a certain number of days and went to the farms at the call of the authorized agencies. In many towns employers actually closed their establishments, and they and their employees went together to cultivate and harvest the record crops. It meant real sacrifice, it meant hard work; but it produced the desired result.

Crisfield Man To Prison

William S. Guy, a merchant of Crisfield, pled guilty in the United States Court in Baltimore last Wednesday of violating the Mann Act, when he went to Baltimore with Annie Elizabeth Carter on March 26 last. He was sentenced to 18 months in the Atlanta penitentiary. Guy is married, and it was said after his arrest that his wife knew of his intimacy with Miss Carter, who is 24 years old, but of weak mind. In going to Baltimore the couple went through Philadelphia, and that gave the Government jurisdiction in the case.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mr. Handy Armwood, L. Caljouw, Mrs. Ada Cook, Mr. Samuel F. Dashiell, Miss Emma Jones, Miss Betrice Sterling, Melville L. Stout, Mr. Stout, Mr. Leander Thomas, Geo. O. Thompson.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised. H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

No bread can be placed on the table in Canadian restaurants until the first course is served. Sugar can be served only on special request.

Whooping Cough

Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy. It is excellent. [Advertisement]

FERD F. EDMISTON **AUCTIONEER**

Is prepared to conduct Public Sales at Reasonable Rates
FARM SALES A SPECIALTY
 Write me, Princess Anne, Route 4

DR. H. C. ROBERTSON **DENTIST**

NITROUS OXIDE GAS WITH OXYGEN ADMINISTERED
 Office—Prince William Street, opposite Court House

Princess Anne, Maryland

STABLE MANURE **FOR SALE**

As agent for John Meehan & Son, of Philadelphia, I am now offering for sale Stable Manure at \$3.50 per ton f.o.b. at station where it is delivered from Delmar to Pocomoke City. Points in Virginia \$3.60. This is \$1 per ton less than it has been purchased. Now is the time to purchase manure for your tomato crop, when you can save money, as the price will advance after August 15th.

E. D. BOZMAN,
 Salisbury, Md.
 112 and 123-F6
 MEEHAN & SON,
 Philadelphia, Pa.

Fair Price List

All householders are particularly requested to use as many white potatoes as possible, in order to conserve wheat flour, and to assist in consuming the large surplus of white potatoes now on hand in the United States.

Residents of towns are limited to a purchase of 5 pounds of sugar and 24 1/2 pounds of flour; farmers 10 pounds of sugar and 49 pounds of flour.

The following price list has been issued by the Food Administrator for Somerset county, for April 22nd:

SUGAR—Best, fine granulated.....	8 1/2-9
Flour—Spring, winter, or blended patent, 1-16 sacks.....	80
Winter straight, 1-16 sacks.....	75
If sold by the pound.....	6 1/2 to 7
Corn meal, per pound.....	5c
Rye flour, per pound.....	8c
Barley flour, per pound.....	27-30
RICE—Medium to fancy head, pound.....	10-12
ROLLED OATS—In packages, best standard brands per standard package.....	12-15
HOMINY—Loose, per quart.....	12
BEANS—Pea or Navy, hand picked, qt.....	27-30
Unsweetened, evaporated (large cans).....	27-30
Sweetened, cond. best brands, can.....	15
CORN SYRUP—Blended, 1 1/4 lb. cans.....	20
Blended, 2 1/2 lb. cans.....	11 1/2
POTATOES—Per pound.....	30-32
CHEESE—Whole milk, per pound.....	32
BUTTER—Fine, fresh, creamery, pound.....	43-44
Process, pound.....	38-40
Oleomargarine, best, not colored, lb.....	32-34
EGGS—Strictly fresh, per dozen.....	45-48
BEEF—(red quality) rib roast, pound.....	27-28
Chuck roast, pound.....	23-24
Sirloin steaks, pound.....	34-35
Round steaks, pound.....	32
PORK—Roasts, pound.....	30-35
Chops, pound.....	35
Fresh shoulder, pound.....	28-30
Fresh ham, pound.....	32-35
Smoked ham, pound.....	34-40
Sliced, boneless bacon, pound.....	45-48
LARD—Best kettle rendered, pound.....	32-35
Compound, pound.....	26-29

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Nathaniel R. Revelle, 21, of Pocomoke City, and Nellie May Wharton, 22, of Crisfield. Russell L. Hill, 21, of Newport News, Va., and Zelo V. Fulmer, 21, of Salisbury, Md. John S. Bradley, 60, of Westover, and Mary O. Carter, 49, of Eden. Denard Todd, 36, and Effie White, 19, both of Dames Quarter. J. Robert Knode, Jr., 23, of Baltimore, and Fannie M. Byrd, 18, of Crisfield.

Colored—James Waters, 30, of Fairmont, and Carrie Page, 28, of Hopewell. Samuel Wessels, 21, and Theresa Rev, 21, both of Parkley, Va.

One way to show you have an American heart is to prove you haven't a German stomach.

POWELL & MADDOX **TONSORIAL ARTISTS**

While visiting Barber Shops give us a call. Can furnish anything you may wish in the Tonsorial Line
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND
 (Adjoining Newton's Store)
 Agents for The Eastern Shoe Laundry

Dr. R. O. HIGGINS **DENTIST**

FORMERLY OF WASHINGTON, D.C.
 Successor to
Dr. E. W. SMITH
 OFFICES 228 MAIN STREET
SALISBURY MARYLAND
 Office Phone 744 Residence Phone 411

TO THE PUBLIC

While I have sold my factory to Messrs. Joseph Middleby, Jr., Inc., of Boston, Mass., with whom I have been associated for several years in the strawberry business, yet, as their representative, I shall continue to conduct the business at said factory in the same manner in which it has been carried on in the past.

This arrangement will enable the business to be conducted on far broader lines and with much greater benefit to the community than could be done in my individual capacity.

As agent for said Middleby Co. I have leased the factory for the coming tomato season to Messrs. Henry W. and John B. Roberts and bespeak for them the generous patronage which in the past has been bestowed upon me.
 C. M. DASHIELL.

ATTRACTIONS **FOR THIS WEEK AT** **THE AUDITORIUM** **Motion Pictures**

TUESDAY NIGHT
 Billie Burke in "Mysterious Miss Terry" and a Hearst Pathe News Admission, 15 cents, war tax, 2 cents

THURSDAY NIGHT
 Sessue Hayakawa in "The Call of the East." Admission, 10 cents, war tax, 1 cent

SATURDAY NIGHT
 5-reel Paramount feature, "A Coney Island Princess;" 2-reel Paramount Mack Sennett comedy, "It Pays to Advertise," and a Hearst Pathe News

Admission, 10 cents, war tax, 1 cent
 Children under 12 year, 10c, war tax, 1c
 Gallery, 10 cents, war tax, 1 cent
 Doors open 8.00; Pictures Start Promptly at 8.15; Second Picture at 9.30

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
 A toilet preparation of merit. Relieves itching scalp. Restores Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and 80c at Druggists.

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Spring Is Here

YOU have already forgotten, or will soon, the cold snap of a few days ago. Spring with its own will be better than all the dead past, and you are now compelled to consign to the moth-balled closet and cedar chest the winter wear. To meet this time we have placed on our counters a beautiful line of Spring Goods. Just such as our experience here tells us that you like.

Dress Goods **In Silk, Wool and Cotton, in colors and styles distinctively this season's** **Ready-to-Wear** **Suits and Coats for Ladies and Misses, Ladies' House Dresses, Children's Wash Dresses, Odd Skirts, Silk, Satin and Cotton Petticoats**

FURNITURE **Bed-Room, Dining-Room, Parlor, Drawing-Room, Library, Kitchen, and for any other room you have; the entire room furnished. Rugs for the floors, Wall Paper for the Walls, Furnishings throughout.**

Shoes, Corsets, Gloves, Ribbon, Underwear, Yarn, Crochet Cotton, Silk, Knitting Needles, Etc.

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE **Princess Anne, Maryland**

Buy Your School and Office Supplies at **The Big Stationery Store** **MEYER & THALHEIMER** **10-12 N. Howard Street, Baltimore, Md.**

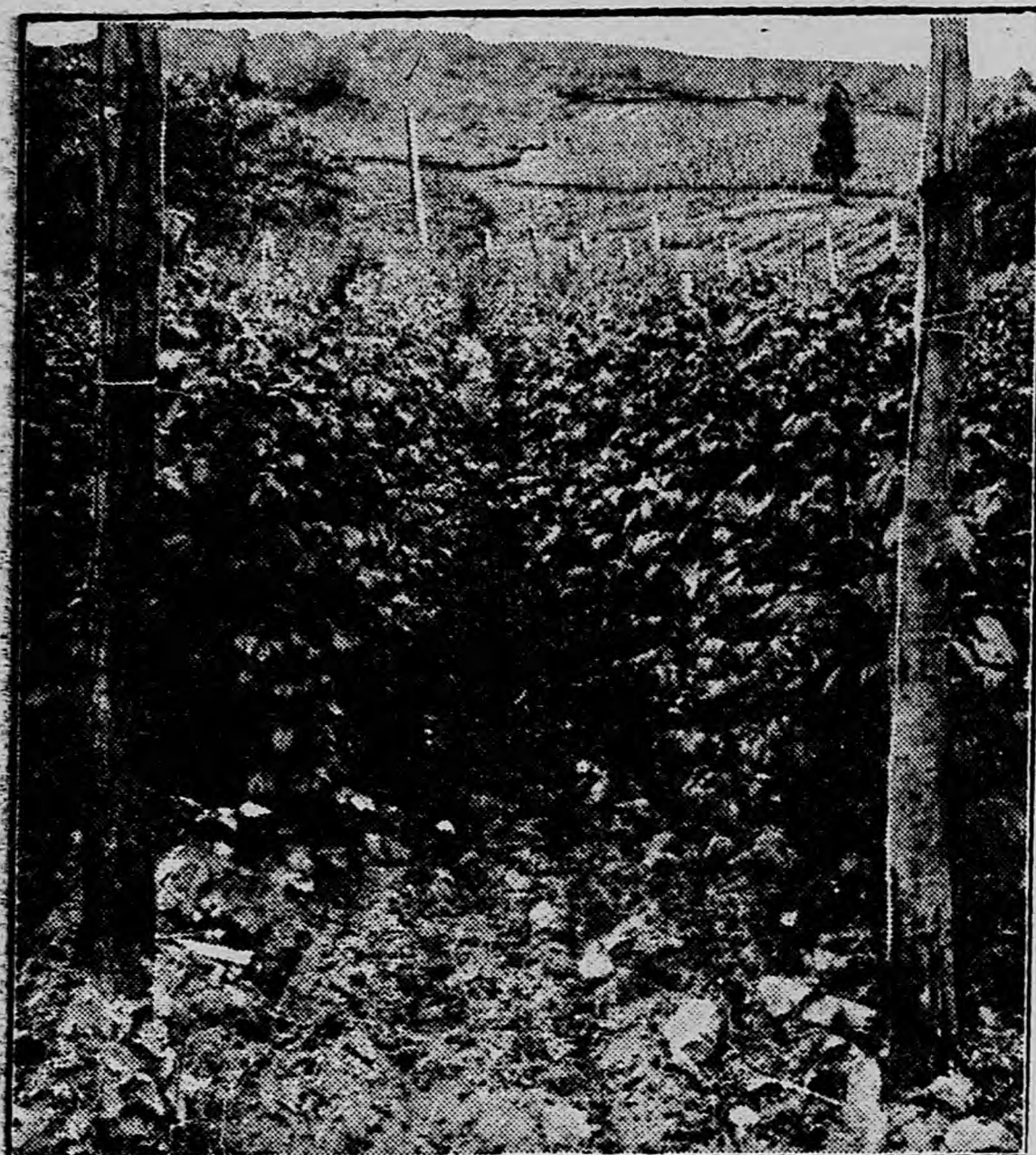
DEPARTMENTS:
 PRINTING and ENGRAVING,
 OFFICE FURNITURE,
 FILING DEVICES—Wood and Steel
 SCHOOL FURNITURE and SUPPLIES
 COMMERCIAL and SOCIAL STATIONERY,
 BLANK BOOKS

Buy Them
To Help Defeat THE HUN
 The money you pay for Liberty Bonds NOW will help defeat our enemies, will save the lives of thousands of our sons, and shorten the war by insuring an early victory. You should be thankful for the opportunity to put to such splendid purpose every dollar you can save or borrow. It may well be that the Bond you buy will bring home to the arms of his loved ones, an American boy who would otherwise have perished.

Do You Want a Good Complexion?
Velvet Skin Lotion
 is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers. If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief. Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving. Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.
OMAR A. JONES
 Druggist Princess Anne
COUNTY SURVEYOR'S NOTICE
 The undersigned, special Deputy Surveyor of Somerset county, Maryland, hereby gives notice that he has received a Special Warrant dated March 2nd, 1918, granted out of the Land Office of Maryland, to John H. Whitehead, for the following described property—situate, lying and being in the Fifth Election District of Somerset county, aforesaid: Bounded on the north by the Wicomico river, on the east by land of John H. Whitehead, on the south by land of John W. Parker and on the west by land of Carl Jones and a small creek, and that on or after FRIDAY, MAY 3rd, 1918, he shall proceed to lay out and survey the aforesaid property for and in the name of him the said John H. Whitehead.
EARLE B. POLK
 Special Deputy Surveyor of Somerset County.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES
 Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and socks, relieves the foot, it relieves the painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Used by the American, British and French troops. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain relief for sweating, chafing, tired, aching feet. Sold everywhere, 25c. Always use it to break in new shoes. Trial package Free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.
FALSE TEETH We pay up to \$12 Send Parcel Post or write for particulars. Domestic Supply Co., Dept. 24, Binghamton, N.Y.

IMPORTANT SYSTEMS OF CULTURE USED IN GROWING GOOD CROP OF RASPBERRIES



FIELD OF SEVEN-YEAR-OLD EMPIRE RED RASPBERRIES.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Three systems of culture are used in growing raspberries, the hill, the linear, and the hedge systems. The term "hill system" is restricted to that method of tillage in which the horse cultivator is used on all sides of each plant. When the cultivator is run in only one direction and only the plants originally set are allowed to fruit, the term "linear system" is used. If some of the suckers which come from the roots of red raspberries are left to form a solid row and the cultivator is run in one direction only, the term "hedge system" is employed.

The distance between the rows in each of these systems should be determined by economy in the cost of cultivation and in the use of land. Where the area of land available for planting is not limited, usually it will be found most desirable to make the spaces between the rows wide enough to allow the use of two-horse implements in cultivation. Where the area of land is limited, the rows may be placed closer together and one-horse implements used.

Planting Distances.

Under the hill system of culture the plants usually are set about five feet apart each way. This, however, allows the use of one-horse cultivators only. This is used to some extent in New York and other states in raising red raspberries. It has the advantage of requiring less handwork in keeping out grass and weeds, as the cultivator can be run in both directions; and the berries can be more easily harvested from fields under this system.

If the hedge or linear system is used, the horse cultivator can be run in one direction only and more hoeing is necessary. Under these systems the red varieties usually should be set from 2 to 3 feet apart in rows which are 6 to 8 feet distant. In the eastern United States 6 feet is the most common and desirable distance between the rows for the shorter caned varieties, such as the Ruby and Mariboro, and 7 and 8 feet for the tall-caned varieties, like the Cuthbert. To use two horses in a plantation the rows must be at least 8 feet apart. In the Pacific northwest, where the canes grow very tall, the planting distance for red raspberries is usually 2 1/2 by 7 or 8 feet. In parts of Colorado and other states where irrigation and winter protection are necessary, the plants are usually set in rows which are 7 feet apart.

System for Black Variety.

Black raspberries are nearly always grown under the linear system, and in the United States east of the Rocky mountains they should be planted in rows 8 feet distant and 3 or 4 feet apart in the row. In Oregon and Washington they should be planted in rows 7 or 8 feet distant and from 3 to 6 feet apart in the row, depending upon the vigor of the growth in the particular locality.

The purple varieties also are grown under the linear system and should be planted 4 or 5 feet apart in rows which are 7 or 8 feet distant. The Columbian and other purple varieties of equal vigor should be at least 5 feet apart in the row, but the Royal may be set 4 feet apart.

If the plants are checked in both directions when set in accordance with either the hedge or linear system and are 3 or 4 feet apart in the row, it is possible to run a one-horse cultivator both ways for the first year. This will save much work and reduce the first year's expense.

In some sections, two plants of red raspberries are set together. This insures the grower against misses, and a larger crop is secured when the plantation is one year old. It will cost nearly \$20 more per acre to buy and set the extra plants, but in some sections the additional yield will make it profitable. However, if care is taken in setting, one plant in each place is usually sufficient.

Setting the Plants.

Before planting, the tops of the plants of all types should be cut back to 6 inches or less in height. To make it easy to handle the plants and to

indicate the rows after setting, 4 to 6 inches of the cane should be left. If a garden patch is being planted, it is better to cut the canes back to within a few inches of the leader buds. The plants should be set slightly deeper than they formerly grew. Sometimes it is well to set red raspberries as much as 3 inches deeper than they grew, in order to protect them from drought. Black and purple raspberry plants should be set not more than an inch or two deeper than they formerly stood, as there is danger of smothering the tips.

PRESERVATION OF SOFT CORN

Farmers Should Work It Over, Remove Any Damaged Ears and Put in Ventilators.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Soft corn which has been stored in large cribs during cold and freezing weather, without specially improvised ventilators, is practically certain to get out of condition as soon as the weather warms up in the spring. To preserve such corn farmers should work it over, remove any damaged ears, and put in ventilators.

The best way to dispose of soft corn is to feed on the farm all that can be consumed to advantage, but don't waste it.

The concentration of shelled corn in country elevators during the next few months is practically certain to lead to disaster unless it can be transported to feeding centers or to terminals for drying before what is popularly known as the germinating season.

Whenever practicable the drying temperature should be lowered and the time of drying increased, to prevent excessive breakage.

All old corn should be carefully saved for seed, as the bulk of the present crop in the northern states will be unfit for planting.

Do not delay the securing of suitable seed.

Do not plant any corn without first knowing its germination.

NECESSARY TO SAVE MANURE

Sometimes Overlooked by Small Farmer Who Is Just Starting in Live Stock Business.

Save manure. The necessity for this is sometimes forgotten by the small farmer who is just starting in the business of live stock production. Fertilizer is scarce, high in price, and hard to get for any reasons. Therefore, the more manure saved to apply to the land the less need for fertilizer.

FARM REFLECTIONS

When the average man wants to quit is the time to get interested in horse production.

Gumption is ability to put the grease where the squeak is. Are you onto your job?

Stock raisers should agree as to what breed best fits their locality, and then stick to that breed.

Rats in the grain bin are almost as destructive as a bull in a china shop. A rat-proof granary is a national bulwark these days. Don't neglect it.

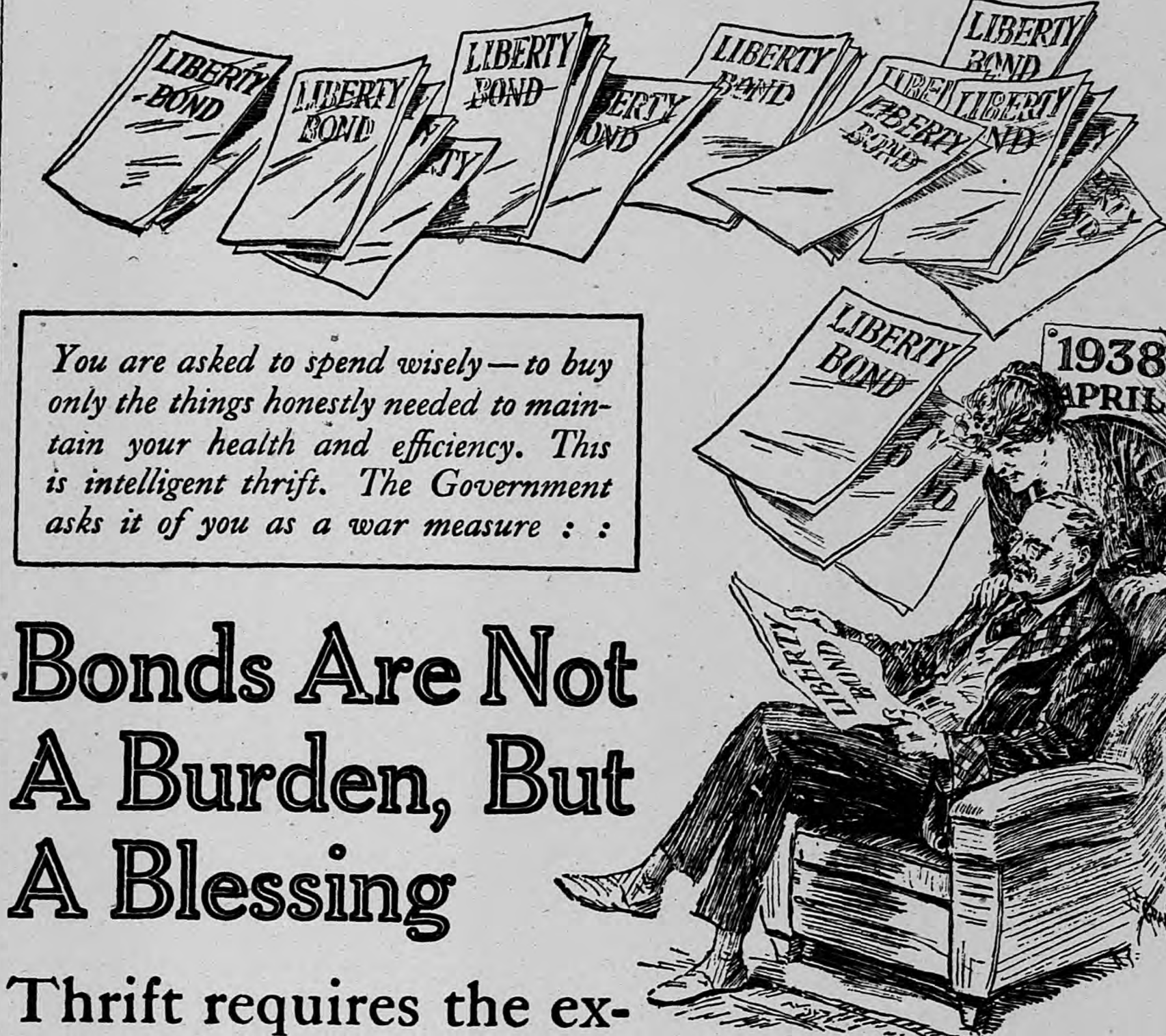
Many county fairs are apparently run in the interest of the faker rather than of the farmer. A general overhauling is in order if they are to serve efficiently the object for which they were established.

Feeding Corn Alone.

Corn, when fed alone to young pigs, produces relatively slow gains at a high feed cost.

Avoid Damp Litter.

Litter that is damp and dirty may cause sickness in the flock.



You are asked to spend wisely—to buy only the things honestly needed to maintain your health and efficiency. This is intelligent thrift. The Government asks it of you as a war measure :

Bonds Are Not A Burden, But A Blessing

Thrift requires the exercise of restraint and self-denial—qualities without which you cannot achieve the success in life which it is your ambition to achieve and for the lack of which you are likely to suffer in later years.

The money you acquire by thrift you are asked to loan—not give—to your country. It will come back to you when you may need it far more than you do now, and you will be paid interest for its use.

This war is a frightful thing, but it may prove of inestimable benefit to you, if it teaches you the good habit of thrift.

Help Your Country and Yourself by Investing in Liberty Bonds

THIS SPACE PAID FOR AND CONTRIBUTED BY

Peoples Bank of Somerset County
Princess Anne, Maryland

HEALTHY HENS
Just want to lay. It's natural for vigorous, red-blooded hens. Your birds, too, will thrive and sing and lay if you put a little Conkey's Poultry Tonic in their feed every day. They need it to strengthen over-worked organs; to build up health, worn down by moulting. Conkey's Poultry Tonic mixed with feed goes a long way. It builds better hens and makes more poultry profits for you. We guarantee CONKEY'S Tonic, \$1.40; Post. 30c. 60c. Watch out for rooster now. Its fatal and contagious. Conkey's Roup Remedy, 30c. 60c. postpaid, conquers roup.

For sale by **T. J. SMITH & CO.**

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOHN MUIR, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the Twentieth Day of September, 1918, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 16th day of March, 1918.

HARRY J. MUIR, Executor of John Muir, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE RUARK**, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

SALLIE M. DAVIS, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the Twenty-seventh Day of August, 1918, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hands this 28th day of February, 1918.

SAMUEL L. DAVIS, G. WILLIAM DAVIS, Administrators of Sallie M. Davis, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE RUARK**, Register of Wills.

2-26 The Marylander and Herald \$1 year.

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect Nov. 25th, 1917
SOUTH BOUND TRAINS

LEAVE	447 P. M.	449 P. M.	81 A. M.	451 A. M.	455 A. M.	463 P. M.
New York (Penn. Station)	1:00	9:00	12:45	8:00	12:08	
Philadelphia	11:25	11:33	5:35	9:58	3:00	
Wilmington	12:06 a.m.	12:23 a.m.	7:00	10:42	3:45	
Baltimore	8:05 p.m.	8:05 p.m.	4:00	19:00	1:35	
Delmar	2:56	3:25	8:30	11:14	1:30	7:14
Salisbury	3:08	3:38	8:43	11:29	1:43	7:26
PRINCESS ANNE	3:28	3:55	9:10	12:02	2:03	7:33
Cape Charles	5:30	6:20		3:15 p.m.	4:20	11:00
Old Point	8:20	8:20		6:25	6:25	
Norfolk	9:25	9:25		7:30	7:30	

*On Sundays Train 455 arrives at Cape Charles 4:40. Old Point 6:40 and Norfolk 7:45 p.m. (Sleeping car section. Stops for sleeping car passengers.)

NORTH BOUND TRAINS

LEAVE	458 A. M.	460 A. M.	462 A. M.	80 P. M.	450 P. M.
Norfolk	8:45	8:45	8:45	7:00	6:00
Old Point				7:00	6:00
Cape Charles	8:00	10:55		5:00	9:05
Salisbury	6:56	10:55	1:27 p.m.	8:07	11:42
Delmar	7:56	11:59	2:10	Ar. 9:00	12:43
Wilmington	Ar. 11:09	3:49	4:42		4:00
Philadelphia	11:56	5:08	5:27		4:55
Baltimore	12:45 p.m.	7:10	7:10		5:53
New York	2:00	8:00	8:00		7:50

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward

Leave	4:16 A. M.	2:15 P. M.	8:10 P. M.	Leave	4:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.	6:45 P. M.
King's Creek	9:16	2:15	8:10	Crisfield	6:00	12:15	6:45
Ar. Crisfield	10:00	3:00	8:50	Ar. King's Creek	6:45	1:06	7:35

No. 447, 449, 455, 462, 460 daily. No. 81, 451, 463, 8, 460, 80, daily except Sunday.

RANDOLPH B. COOKE Div. Pass. Agent. M. W. CLEMENT, Superintendent.

THE Baltimore American

Established THE DAILY Terms by Mail, Po

Daily, one month.....
Daily and Sunday, one month.....
Daily, three months.....
Daily and Sunday, three months.....
Daily, six months.....
Daily and Sunday, six months.....
Daily, one year.....
Daily, with Sunday Edition, one Sunday Edition, one year.....

THE TWICE-A-WEEK The Cheapest and Best For ONLY ONE DOL Six Months.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN Tuesday and Friday mornings, with shape. It contains interesting special mances, good poetry, local matter of lany suitable for the home circle. A ci ment and full and reliable Financial and

CHAS. C. FUL FELIX AGNUS AMERICAN

PROFIT FROM MUSKRAT FARM

Animals Are Easily Kept, Become Very Tame and Breed Well in Narrow Quarters.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

If many of the swamps and marsh lands which are now occupied by muskrats are reclaimed for agricultural purposes it may be necessary to start "muskrat farming" in order to supply the demand for muskrat fur, is the opinion of biologists of the United States department of agriculture. For the present, however, a sufficient number of muskrats to meet demands for their fur are trapped from marshes and swamps that are, for the most part, unprotected, millions of skins being taken each year. So long as the natural breeding places remain undisturbed and reasonable closed seasons are maintained, the biologist say, there is little likelihood of the numbers of the animals being depleted. This is because these animals multiply much more rapidly than most other fur bearers. With adequate protection in the breeding season and with the present habitat available, from ten to twelve million pelts can be taken in North America annually without depletion of the supply.

The practicability of muskrat farming already has been demonstrated. The animals are easily kept, become very tame, and breed well in narrow quarters. Under present economic conditions, however, keeping muskrats on preserves is more practicable than keeping them in restricted quarters. The former plan is in remunerative operation in the Chesapeake Bay region. In Dorchester county, Md., marsh land formerly considered almost useless, and now used as muskrat preserves, is worth more, measured by actual income, than cultivated lands in the same vicinity. The owner of one 1,300-acre tract of marsh, took in two seasons—1909 and 1910—more than 12,000 pelts which sold for more than \$9,000.

TRACTORS TO PREPARE SOIL

Endeavor Being Made to Solve Farm Problem and Increase Crop Production.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The Maryland and New York state councils of defense have been endeavoring to assist in solving the farm labor problem and increasing the production of crops in those states by making a limited number of tractors available to farmers for use in communities where the conditions rendered this practicable. Last spring the New York state council of defense purchased a number of tractors to be used in plowing and preparing land for crops. These outfits were made available to responsible organizations in the principal agricultural counties with the understanding that a considerably increased acreage of land would be planted to crops over the amount normally planted. Last fall the state



Tractor at Work.

council of defense of Maryland bought a small number of tractors for a similar purpose.

The results thus far have proven so satisfactory that plans are under way to continue the use of the tractors in the preparation of land for spring crops.

In addition to meeting an emergency the use of the tractors has resulted in the purchase of a number of them by individual farmers and groups of farmers.

SPREAD MANURE ON FIELDS

Best and Most Economical Way to Handle Fertilizer—No Loss Where Soil Doesn't Wash.

The best and most economical way to handle manure is to draw the manure out to the fields as fast as made, and spread it. If the ground is not liable to wash badly and is not a leachy character, there will be no loss of fertility.

OWLS MUST HAVE EXERCISE

rain Scattered in Clean Litter Makes Hens Hustle for Feed—This Promotes Health.

Provide four or five inches of good, clean litter on the floor of the poultry house in which to scatter the grain. The hens must exercise in order to get the grain, and this promotes health and egg production.

The Baltimore News

Morning or Evening Edition

BY MAIL

25c. per month
\$3.00 per year

Complete commercial and financial markets.

All the news, comic page, short stories and other good features.

One cent per copy from all News-dealers.

Sample copy on request.

Mail orders received by Postmasters and Newsdealers, or direct to

The Baltimore News
Baltimore - Maryland

Circulation over 100,000 daily

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOSIAH TOWNSEND,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Second Day of July, 1918,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 26th day of December, 1917.

JOSHUA W. MILES,

Executor of Josiah Townsend, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,

1-1 Register of Wills.

The Baltimore Star

The Leading Evening Paper of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1908, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departments—financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the great home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled. The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

The Star is different from other Southern paper. It has a quality of its own. TWO CENTS A COPY. One month, 40 cents three months, \$1.20; one year, \$4.

Address: FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
C. C. FULTON & CO.,
American Building Baltimore, Maryland

Growth of Tower of London.

A royal palace, consisting of what is now known as the "white tower," appears to have been the beginning of the Tower of London. It was commenced by William's son, William Rufus, who, in 1088, surrounded it with walls and a broad ditch. Several succeeding kings made additions to it; and King Edward III erected the church. In 1628 the old white tower was rebuilt, and in the reign of Charles II a great number of additions were made to it. The new buildings in the tower were completed in 1850.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOSIAH PUSEY,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Sixteenth Day of July, 1918,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 14th day of January, 1918.

JOSIAH W. POLLITT,

Administrator of Josiah Pusey, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,

1-15 Register of Wills.

Explaining Turbine Engine.

"The best idea I can give of it," said an engineer, "is to liken it to those paper windmills which spin on the end of a stick and which are sold to children in the streets. A turbine, in fact, is like a series of those revolving wheels fixed one behind the other, only instead of being turned by the wind it is revolved by jets of steam. The turbine wheels turn a shaft inside a cylinder, in the interior of which are fixed a number of stationary blades which project into the spaces between each wheel. The purpose of these blades is to catch the steam and direct it on to the wheels at an angle where it will exert the most force. As the steam enters the cylinder it is caught by the stationary blades and deflected on to the blades of the first wheel, which are set turning. The steam then passes to the next until all the wheels are set whirling and the ship is driven through the water."

Daily Thought.

Conversation is the vent of character as well as of thought.—Emerson.

TEAM WORK IN TELEPHONING

In all telephone work, cooperation is the keynote of good service. The subscriber must help the operator.

For instance, answer your telephone promptly. An incoming message may be of the utmost importance to you. If you delay in answering, the other party may hang up his receiver.

Be slow to blame the operator for "don't answer" and "busy" reports.

In the first case, the operator cannot force the party to answer; in the second, she must wait until the called party, or somebody on his line, gets through talking before she can connect you.

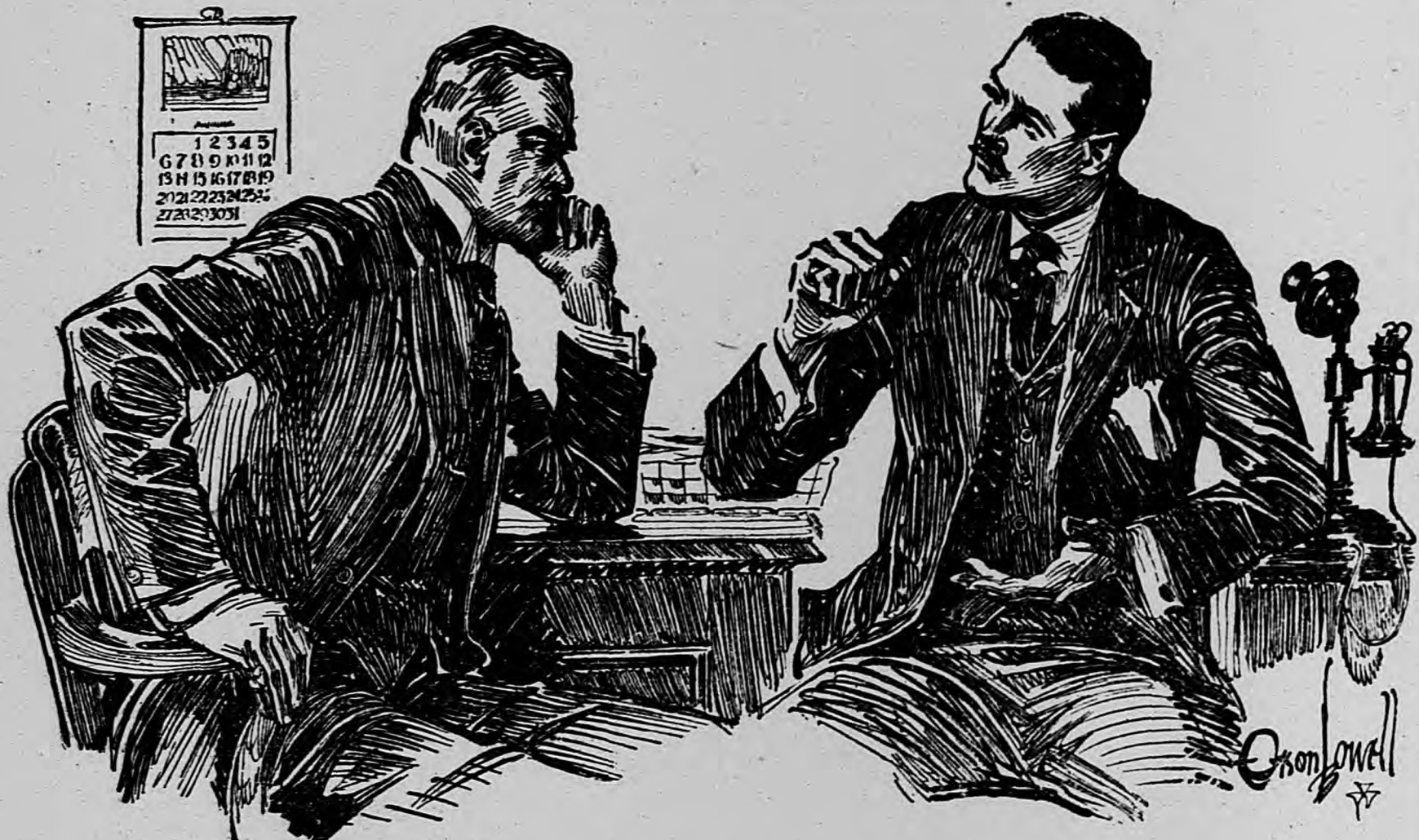


THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

H. W. CARTY, District Manager.

Tel. 12000

Sallybury, Md.



A CONVERSATION

Between Mr. Doubtful and Mr. Right

Mr. Doubtful: "I don't see how I can buy any more Liberty Bonds. I bought all I could last fall. I'm not a rich man and I don't think it's fair or just to expect me to do anything more than I have done."

Mr. Right: "Let's see—your next-door neighbor's boy enlisted, didn't he?"

Mr. Doubtful: "Yes, he's over in France now. Mighty fine, stalwart boy, that!"

Mr. Right: "Exactly, and some day that splendid boy, the pride of his parents' hearts, may go 'over the top' in a gallant charge, stop a German bullet, and fall in the mud and debris of No Man's Land. Isn't that asking too much of him, and of his family? Is that 'fair'? Is that 'just'?"

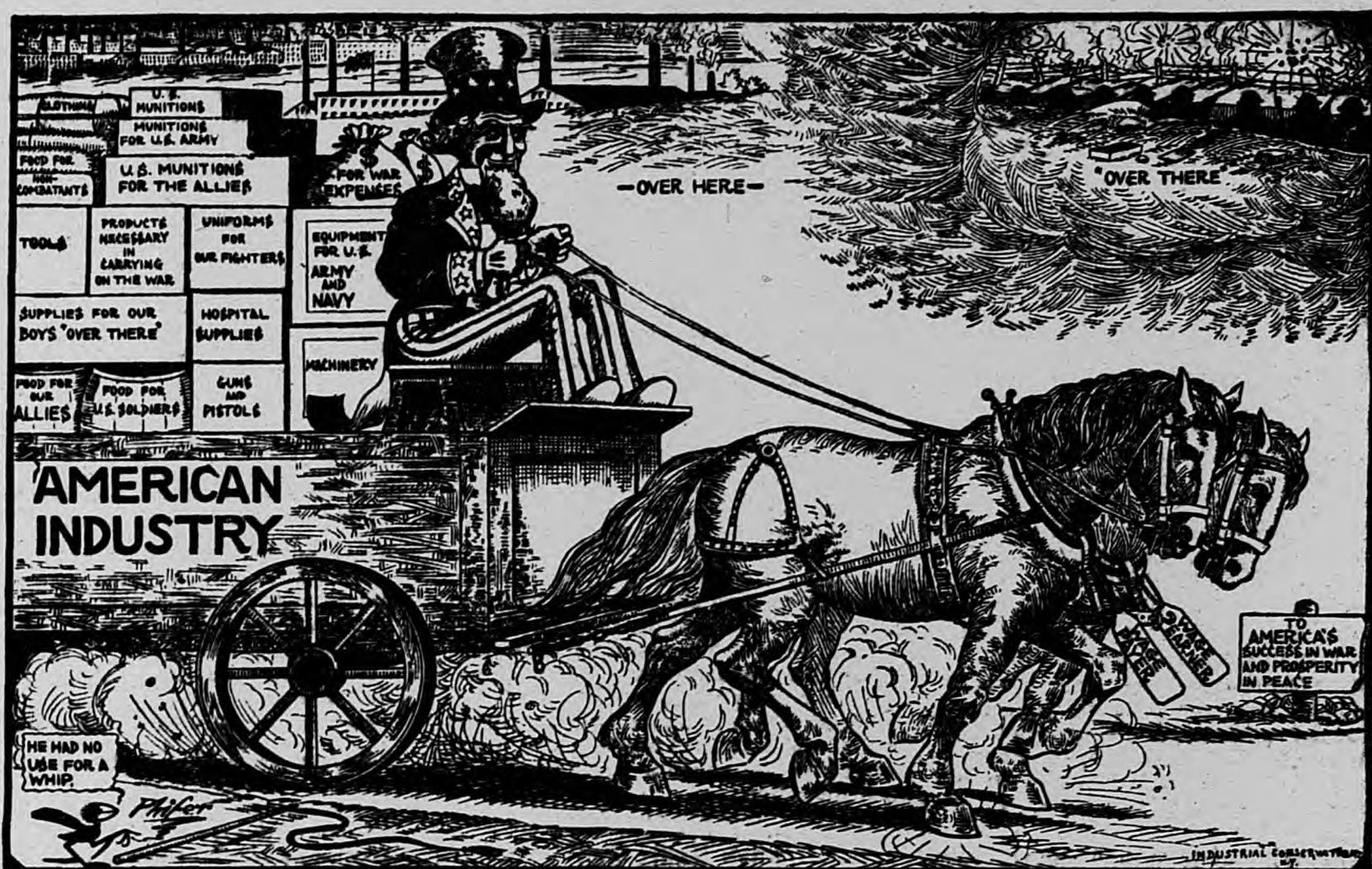
Mr. Doubtful: "Why, it's awful, of course, but it can't be helped. This is war, and men have to be killed in it."

Mr. Right: "You've said it—this is war! To win the war it might be necessary for the government to take your factory away from you, and ruin your business. It might be necessary to take your house and turn you out in the street. What of that? Is that as great a sacrifice as your neighbor makes, or stands ready to make, when he gives his boy to his country? Yet you don't think it's your duty to pinch and save, and borrow if need be, in order to buy Liberty Bonds, and thus help shorten the war, make victory certain, and save the lives of thousands of American boys who will otherwise be uselessly sacrificed."

Mr. Doubtful: "I guess that's true, Mr. Right, I have been thoughtless. I'll stop complaining and criticizing, and put up my last dollar if need be, to help win this war."

W. O. LANKFORD & SON

Lankford's Department Store



TEAM WORK COUNTS!

AN EXPERIMENT IN GROUP OWNERSHIP; OR THE FABLE OF THE PERFORMING MULE

Back in the Dark Ages of American Culture, before the French Accent had found its way to the Farm, and when the Cabbage Coaxers in our rural Districts still pronounced Vaudeville "vawdavil" instead of "Vodevil," there lived a Showman whose chief Asset was a performing Mule. The name of the Showman was Wage-Payer and the Source of his Income was dubbed Industry.

Now it so happened that Wage-Payer had spent a number of tedious years teaching Industry to perform certain clever Tricks such as would tend to stimulate the Consumption of chewing gum and Peanuts among the gaping Audiences, and had burned

tions of a Ford Runabout in a Field of Superstices.

"Where do you come in on the gate Receipts?" asked the cunning Agitator. To which the Muleteers responded: "He gets the Dough and we get the Crumbs."

And so a Delegation of Wage-Earners was sent to interview Wage-Payer,

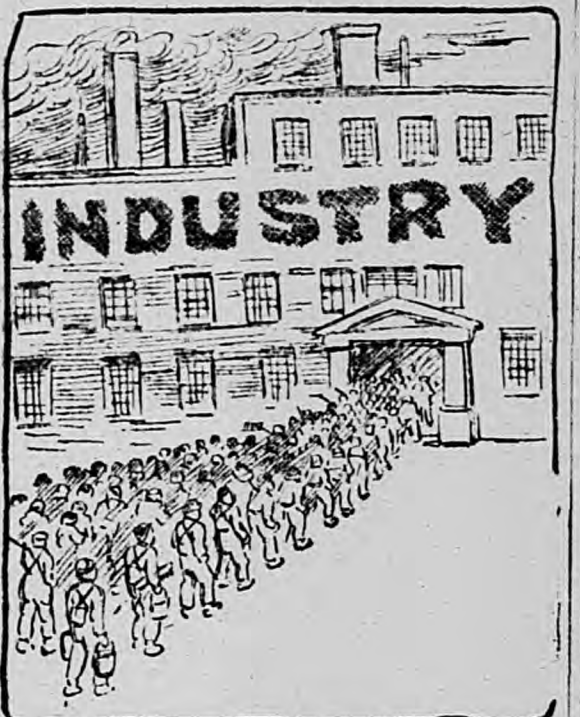


"Such a Man as Is Known as an Agitator."

and at the urgent suggestion of Agitator each Delegate carried a knotted cudgel to help along the peaceful Process of Arbitration. When they proposed that they be given a larger Proportion of the Gross Receipts, Wage-Payer, who had become nettled by the

"Certain Clever Tricks Tending to Stimulate the Sale of Chewing Gum and Peanuts Among the Gaping Audiences."

countless gallons of Midnight Oil studying the Diseases that Mules are Heir to so that He might keep Industry in the best of Health and Spirits; for Industry, like all other Stage Artists, possessed a Temperament, which varied with the condition of his Liver. In return for the Effort He had expended in the Education of the Mule, Wage-Payer figured that He was entitled to a Fair Share of the Income derived from Industry's Performances, but it appears that his arithmetical



"The Muleteers Were Known as Wage-Earners."

calculations were at variance with the Computations made by the Squad of Husky Mule Tenders whom Wage-Payer had hired to minister to the material Needs of Industry. Now, these Mule Tenders, who were known as Wage-Earners, had always been content with the Wages they were getting until there appeared in their midst a Man named Agitator, who never did any Work himself but spent his valuable Time in spreading the Doctrine that the Laborer is Worthy of his "Higher."

And so Agitator took the Muleteers, or Wage-Earners, to the Box office and aroused their Jealousy by pointing out to them the gladsome Spectacle of Wage-Payer raking in the fat Stimeolons with his right Hand. They lost sight of the fact that his South paw was equally busy rolling out the silver clinkers to a hungry crowd of creditors. They only had eyes for the Income, and their hitherto substantial Wages began to assume the propor-



"He Gets the Dough and We Get the Crumbs."

Increasing Expenses, threw up his hands and cried in Classic English: "I'm sick of this job, anyway. Take the old Mule and do what you want with him. Good-bye, Good Luck, God Bless You!"

Whereupon Wage-Payer tied a wet Towel about his fevered Brow, tele-



"I'm Sick of This Job Anyway."

phoned for a nerve Specialist, and went to Bed for a Rest. Meantime, the Wage-Earners, somewhat Punctured by the unexpected turn of Events, set about putting Industry through his Paces for the Matinee Performance, but never having studied mule Pedagogy, they got their Signals mixed and

caused the Mule to count Ten in computing the Age of a Moth-eaten Octogenarian in the Audience. Whereupon the audience forgot to Hooverize in the use of Eggs and Vegetables.

But that didn't conclude the Troubles of the Mule Minders. The Extortioners began to arrive with their Accounts Due and Payable and the Wage-Earners in their Efforts to Economize cut down on Industry's Diet. Industry began to get groggy on his Pins, and after two or three performances collapsed altogether. Whereupon the Mule Minders held a conference and decided that Agitator was the only man capable of handling the Situation, so they sent for Him and asked his advice.

"The Mule's faking," responded Agitator. "He needs a good Beating."

The Wage-Earners applied Agitator's cure until their Biceps ached, and then came to the Conclusion that although Agitator was a fancy Swimmer in the Sea of Theories, he needed a Pair of Water Wings when it came to practical application. There was but one Alternative left for the Wage-Earners.



"My Friends, the Mule Suffers from Malnutrition."

Either they must persuade Wage-Payer to come back on the job, or starve to death, so they pocketed their Pride and sent a hurry call for the former Chief of Mysteries.

"My Friends," announced Wage-Payer, with his Hand on Industry's pulse, "the Mule suffers from Malnutrition. He is in a serious condition, but we can pull him through if you follow my advice. Bear one Thing in mind if you would manage Industry so as to get the Best out of him: You can't skimp on his Food."

"But we don't want to manage him, any longer," chorused the Wage-Earners. "That's what we got you back for. We can wash him and curry him, and feed him, when we have the Food to feed him with, but we need some one to put him through his Paces and take care of the Finances."

Moral: You can't shift Scenes and run the Show at the same Time.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

WHO IS THE EMPLOYER?

Manufacturers, contractors or those who undertake the production of anything that the market demands are almost invariably considered the employers. This is erroneous; they are simply the directors of the industry and are themselves employees of those who desire the product.

These directors engage the services of other employees—manual workers, etc.—in behalf of the purchasers of the product. The purchasers are, therefore, the real employers. The directors and the workers are actually fellow craftsmen engaged in a common service.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

UNDERSTANDING EACH OTHER.

War surely pulls people together, and its effects in better understanding among business men are already so plain that if peace comes tomorrow the new co-operative measures adopted by many of our industries and trades the last six months would go far toward paying for the enormous war outlay to date.

All the co-operation now existing and planned between manufacturers is recognized by labor to be ineffective without its whole-hearted support, and every day is strengthening the growth of a new spirit among American workmen.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

St. Peter's

April 20—Miss Clara White visited relatives at Hebron last week.

Mr. Clarence Laird is on a business trip to Wilmington, Del.

We are glad to note that Mr. George Bozman is very much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. George Smith are visitors of their daughter, Mrs. Harry Walker, in Baltimore.

Miss Daisy Miles is spending the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Miles, in Fairmount.

Mrs. Lelia Johnson and son, Linwood, of Mount Vernon, were guests of Mrs. Charlotte Noble last Sunday.

Mrs. Frederick White and son returned home Wednesday after visiting relatives in Baltimore for two weeks.

Mrs. George Willing, after spending a month with relatives in Baltimore, returned to her home a few days ago.

Miss Mildred Barnette, of Princess Anne, spent the past week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Cannon.

Mrs. William Muir and son returned to Princess Anne Sunday after visiting Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Lawson the past two weeks.

Mrs. William Hopkins and children left for Baltimore Friday, where they expect to spend a month with Mr. and Mrs. William Laird.

Mrs. Harry Phoebus, who spent the past three months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. F. Beauchamp, in Baltimore, returned home last week.

A Service Flag was unfurled in St. Peter's Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday evening, April 7th. Rev. Daniel Wilson delivered an impressive address and the singing of the patriotic hymns by the congregation, together with special music by the choir, gave all a patriotic spirit. The banner, which was given by the Red Cross Circle, of which Mrs. Fred Phoebus is chairman, represents five young men of this district, who are serving Uncle Sam. They are Van Bennett Muir, Crawford Tankersley, Gorman Bennett, Martin Willing and Ellis Bedsworth.

Pocomoke Circuit Church Notes

Next Sunday, April 28th, Rev. C. A. Vandermuelen will preach at Cokesbury church at 11 a. m.; at Williams at 3 p. m., and at Emmanuel at 8 p. m.—all new time. All other services of the churches at the usual time.

Rev. Vandermuelen spent all of last Thursday afternoon and part of the evening making pastoral visits in the Holland community. On the way to Holland's he took dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Duncan.

Under the direction of J. L. Cowger, agent, with the assistance of the company's directors and others, the new telephone poles of the Cokesbury Telephone Company are nearly all up. The much-needed line should be in operation soon.

Last Sunday was the occasion for the First-Quarter visit of the district superintendent, Rev. Dr. Vaughn S. Collins, on the charge, he accompanying the pastor to the appointments for the day. The quarterly conference was held at the Cokesbury church Monday, the 22d.

The bridge on the Cokesbury road, near the Cokesbury church and school, which was destroyed as a result of the recent heavy rains, is being repaired with commendable haste. Instead of a new bridge at this point a large mental piping, five feet in diameter, is being put in.

The social held at the home of Mrs. Sarah Dryden and Mr. and Mrs. Norman Dryden last Tuesday evening was attended by a large crowd and proved a most enjoyable occasion. The house was filled and the crowd overflowed to the lawn, where the young people played games for a time. Many of the ladies and girls brought boxes of homemade candy and home-baked pies. These were sold to highest bidders among the many men and young men present, Bernie Dryden proving his worth and ability as an auctioneer. The social was under the auspices of the Emmanuel Ladies' Aid Society. Rev. Vandermuelen was the supper guest at this home on this social evening.

Champh

April 20—Mr. Lawton Thomas, who has been ill, left Friday for Baltimore.

Mr. George Bozman spent Wednesday at Deal's Island.

Mr. William Smith, of Salisbury, spent several days here this week.

Mrs. Alonzo Bozman and son, Melvin, are visiting in Baltimore.

Mrs. Scott Bozman and children are spending some time in Baltimore.

Mr. Gordy Z. Parks, of Baltimore, was the guest of Miss Lois Campbell Sunday.

Misses Ada, Virginia and Master Charles Bozman left for Philadelphia Saturday.

Mrs. William Simpkins and niece, of Dames Quarter, are visiting relatives at this place.

Mr. Algie Bozman, Jr., after spending some time here, has returned to Philadelphia.

Miss Lois Campbell was the guest of Miss Mary S. Fitzgerald, at Princess Anne, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolf Menzel and two children, Anna and Dick, visited Salisbury Wednesday.

RED WING.

Perryhawkin

April 20—Rev. C. C. Derickson has been unable to be out the past week because of illness.

Mr. Pitts and Mr. Carey, of Salisbury, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James West Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Dykes spent Friday of last week at the home of their daughter, Mrs. H. W. Hickman, at Pocomoke City.

Mr. Virgil Marriner and family and Mr. Clayton Marriner motored to Salisbury Sunday where they visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Culver.

Mrs. William Culver, 80 years of age, died at the home of her nephew, Mr. George Riggan, Thursday morning after a lingering illness of several months. Funeral services were held in Perryhawkin Church Friday afternoon, conducted by Rev. S. J. Good, of Snow Hill. Interment was in the family burying ground at the old Culver homestead.

Rep. Jones Buried At Warsaw

Funeral services for the late Representative William A. Jones, of Virginia, who died of paralysis at Washington, D. C., last Wednesday, was held on Friday at Warsaw, the little town in the Northern Neck of Virginia where Mr. Jones was born 69 years ago and which always had been his home.

Both houses of Congress adjourned Wednesday when the Representative's death was announced, after adopting resolutions of sorrow and sympathy for the family. Mr. Jones was dean of the Democratic side of the House, having served nearly 28 years.

Do You Sleep Well?

To be at his best a man must have sound, refreshing sleep. When wakeful and restless at night he is in no condition for work or business during the day. Wakefulness is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and is quickly relieved by Chamberlain's Tablets. Try a dose of these tablets and see how much better you feel with a clear head and good digestion.

[Advertisement.]

Navy Wants Men

With the doors to practically every rating in the United States Navy thrown wide open, alluring opportunities are now being offered to young men who have not yet entered the service of Uncle Sam. Young men who are qualified and who measure up to the physical requirements of the aquatic division of the nation's fighting machine, will be awarded petty officer ratings, with a brilliant chance to win a commission in either the United States Naval Reserve Force or the United States Navy.

The rapidly increasing activities in shipbuilding plants throughout the United States, resulting in the growth of America's navy and merchant marine, is daily increasing the need for men in the Navy. Today the Naval Reserve need firemen, machinists, mechanics, yeomen, seamen, cooks, mess attendants, etc., according to the enrolling officers of Section No. 1 of the Fifth Naval district.

Full particulars of Navy enlistments can be obtained from the nearest postmaster; directly from the Navy Recruiting station, Calvert and Lexington streets, Baltimore, or from the Navy Recruiting sub-stations at Cumberland and Hagerstown.

Meaning of White Spots on Nails. One who has white spots on the nails should not become alarmed. These do not point to an early death, but are rather due to inferior nutrition and may be regarded as a warning that poor health, mental or physical, may be expected unless it be guarded against.

THAT BACKACHE SPELLS DANGER!

Action Today May Save Princess Anne People Future Misery

A bad back isn't a bad thing if it serves as a warning of hidden kidney disorders. Kidney diseases are frightfully common today. We over-do so much. We don't give the kidneys a chance to rest up, and while a bad back, some urinary disorder, and occasional dizzy spell or a persistent headache may be the only outward sign, the kidney trouble that is behind it all may be overlooked or neglected. Put your signs to use. Take them as warnings. Fight off kidney weakness. It takes only a slight kidney disorder to start a case of fatal Bright's disease, from which 100,000 people die in United States every year. Prompt treatment at first—that's all that's necessary to keep kidney weakness from turning into gravel, dropsy, gout, heart trouble or Bright's. Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the oldest, the most widely used, the best-recommended Kidney Pills. Fifty thousand Americans recommend them publicly. Here's one Princess Anne case:

Mrs. Earl Waller, 109 Beckford Ave., says: "About two years ago I was troubled with a very severe backache. At times I had dizzy spells and little black spots flashed in front of my eyes. I just seemed to ache all over and certainly was miserable until I tried Doan's Kidney Pills. I got this fine medicine at T. J. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store, and after using two boxes, I was cured of the trouble."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mrs. Waller had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

FOODS TASTE BETTER COOKED —TOBACCO TASTES BETTER TOASTED

Since the day of the caveman, who liked his meat raw, civilization has learned a lot about the scientific treatment of the things we eat.

Naturally none of us would now prefer to have our meat raw, our potatoes as they come from the ground, our coffee unroasted.

And naturally follows the great discovery recently made by The American Tobacco Co.—that tobacco tastes better TOASTED!

This wonderful new idea—simple like all great inventions—was first used in producing the famous LUCKY STRIKE Cigarette—made of toasted Burley tobacco.

Burley has a mellow flavor, entirely different from the tobacco usually used for cigarettes. It is a pipe tobacco and LUCKY STRIKE Cigarettes taste like a pipe.

JOB PRINTING—We do it.
Give us your next order

Black-Eyed Susan

[Governor Harrington has signed the bill designating the Black-Eyed Susan as the official State flower.—Ed.]

Black-eyed Susan, Black-eyed Susan,
Fairest of all flowers to me,
Maryland, thee has fifty chosen
Emblem flower thou shalt be;
Emblem of her black and golden,
Emblem colors bold and true,
Over mountain, field and meadow,
Bloom thy glory ever new.

Black-eyed Susan, Black-eyed Susan,
As I see thee sweetly bloom,
Visions of the early settlers
Vividly before me loom;
And I see them how they landed,
What a sturdy Pilgrim band,
How they planned and how they struggled,
Founding world-famed Maryland.

Black-eyed Susan, Black-eyed Susan,
By the Black and by the Gold,
Tell the world how Maryland's children
For great truths were ever bold;
'Twas Religious toleration,
To this new world they declared.
And for causes just and righteous
Maryland's children braved and dared.

Black-eyed Susan, Black-eyed Susan
By thy colors me enflame,
Well to honor Maryland's worthies,
Greece nor Rome could greater claim;
Like her past shall future worthies,
To her roll add name to name,
By their deeds and by their actions
Bringing Maryland endless fame.

Black-eyed Susan, Black-eyed Susan,
Be to me a guiding star;
May no deed of mine or action
Maryland's name nor honor mar;
When upon the bier I'm resting,
Let them pin thee to my breast
As a witness, as a tribute,
For my State I lived my best.

—John H. Horst, in the Baltimore American.

Are you doing enough war work to make you feel good all over, or just enough to save your conscience? Food-thrift is war work that no one must shirk.

SUFFERING FROM COLD

If you shiver in frosty weather, if you have cold hands and feet, if colds are stubborn and frequent, then your blood may be thin and impoverished.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

has been correcting this condition for nearly fifty years. It possesses rare powers for creating natural body warmth, for charging summer blood with winter richness and strengthening both throat and lungs.

The Norwegian cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which makes it pure and palatable. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N.J. 17-12

Lend Him A Hand

BUY LIBERTY BONDS

For **PATRIOTISM**

"Actions speak louder than words—Act—Don't Talk—Buy Now"

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS CO.

Buy **SAPOLIO**

For **ECONOMY**

Longevity of Customs.
The longevity of customs is curiously illustrated in the case of Lord Forester, the fifth baron, whose death is announced. King Hal took an ancestor of Lord Forester so deeply into favor as to grant him leave to wear his hat in the "presence." The right became an heirloom, and is one of the trifles of etiquette to be remembered on occasion by officials of the court. The Foresters were originally of Watling street, and had charge of the Wrekin forest.—London Chronicle.

How Birds Roost.
In roosting, birds usually perch on one leg only, folding the other close to the body. The weight of the body over one foot, according to Borelli, closes the tendons of the muscles which bend the claws with the same firmness that a nail would do, driven through foot and perch. Neither rocking nor pitching by wind or storm, shaking the perch, disturbs the sleep of the bird, nor its balance or center of gravity. The great length of toes enables other birds to stand steady on one foot.

Most Important Part of Tree.
Many regard the roots of a tree as its most important part but this is not the case. The top or crown is of major importance for there the processes of reproduction take place and there the digestion of its food takes place. The crown contains the lungs and stomach of the tree.

Time to Be on Guard.
When a man feels bad he should be on his guard lest he say or do something he will regret having said or done when he feels better.

Daily Thought.
Courage begun with deliberate constancy, and continued without change, doth seldom fall.—Appian.

MICKIE SAYS

IF PEOPLE'D JUST STOP 'T' THINK THAT ADVERTISING IS THE NEWSPAPER MAN'S STOCK IN TRADE, THEY'D NEVER TRY TO OIT IT FER NOTHIN' LIKE THEY DO SOMETIMES, NO MORE THAN THEY'D ASK THE GROCER FER A FREE SACK OF FLOUR!

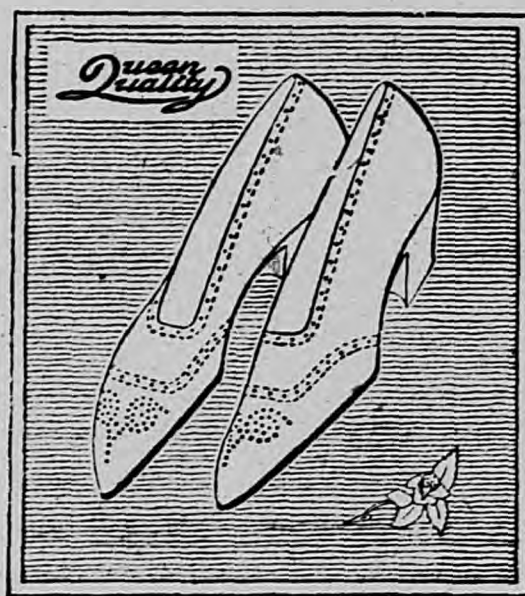
Knew His Ailment.
"You're looking miserable, Subbubs. Why don't you ask a doctor what ails you?" "I know what ails me—quick consumption." "You don't mean it?" "I do. I have to bolt my breakfast in two gulps to catch the train, and my lunch in two more to get back to the office."—Boston Transcript.

How Old Is First Auto?
According to Ernest Saut, a French journalist, who has made a study of the history of the automobile, more than six centuries ago a man endeavored to build a "horseless carriage."



Wise Buying Means Real Saving

Can you act with more wisdom than by buying shoes with the Queen Quality trademark?



Worn
the
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Shoes
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This mark identifies the shoes as having an exacting standard of grace, beauty and ease.

It assures you that these shoes possess the indefinable air of distinction that reveals the footwear of a woman of refinement

John W. Morris & Sons, Inc.

Shoes for the Whole Family
Clothing for Men and Boys

Princess Anne,

Maryland

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

MARGARET E. THOMAS, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twentieth Day of September 1918, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of March, 1918.

W. IRVING MACE, Executor of Margaret E. Thomas, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills

DUTY'S CALL

Sounds To Every American

To some it means the shouldering of arms; to those of us at home it means service by saving.

A Savings Account with this Institution is an effective weapon in the hands of man, woman or child.

It safeguards against surprise attacks of misfortune; it opens the road to opportunity; it holds out promise of a peaceful future.

We cordially welcome new accounts

PEOPLES BANK

of SOMERSET COUNTY

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ARMY

SAVE and SERVE

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Are You Doing Enough?

Let's buckle into the 3rd Liberty Loan with all the saving power there is in us. Uncle Sam doesn't ask you to give him your money—merely LEND it to him, at a good rate of interest and the best security in the world.

The boys are "Over There" now—the 3rd Liberty Loan is to take care of them. Are you ready to do your part? Just because you have bought before doesn't excuse you. They can't quit whenever they get tired. It's up to you to buy until they're safe at home and you can't let up before that.

Bank of Somerset

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.