

SALISBURY ADVERTISER

Vol. 30.

Salisbury, Md., Saturday, April 24, 1897.

No. 34.

A BLIGHTING FROST.

Great Damage in Many Localities to the Fruit and Other Early Crops.

The cold weather of Tuesday and Wednesday, April 20th and 21st, accompanied by a white frost, was fatal to the early crops which had been started. In Wicomico county the peach crop is believed to have been severely damaged. Wherever the strawberry was sufficiently advanced to have put forth its blossom, that crop too was killed. Happily only a small part of the strawberry crop, the early varieties had reached a blooming state. In Baron Creek district many of the farmers had succeeded in getting a stand of watermelons and cantaloupes. These were cut off.

Ice was formed and the ground was frozen Tuesday and Wednesday morning at Easton, Talbot county, and there was a hoarfrost Tuesday night. From the best information obtainable, it is believed, however, that the peach and other fruit crops have not been materially hurt by the cold snap, with the exception, possibly, of apricots and pears.

Following the freeze and ice which formed Tuesday morning, there was a very heavy frost in Caroline county Tuesday night. Advice received at Greensboro' from the surrounding country indicate that a deathblow has been dealt to the peach prospects. The buds had advanced to a mature state, and they contained a large quantity of moisture. This was frozen and the blossoms are now black and wilted.

The fruit growers of Dorchester county say that the heavy frost of Tuesday night and the ice of the past two nights seriously injured, if they did not entirely destroy the peach and pear crops. The strawberries, it is believed, are greatly damaged. Apples are not far enough advanced to be injured.

A killing frost prevailed throughout Somerset county, and the peaches and strawberries are damaged to a great extent. At Marion, in Somerset county, the ice and frost were very damaging.

In Waynesboro', Pa., it is claimed that the peach crop of the surrounding country will be a failure on account of the freeze, and that the loss in the South mountain belt and throughout Washington county, Md., will be very great.

Reports from Hagerstown say that the heavy hoarfrost of Tuesday night killed many peach blossoms which escaped the disastrous freeze on Monday night.

In Virginia the damage to fruit and truck amounted to many thousands of dollars. A killing frost fell on the Eastern Shore of Virginia, doing immense damage to apples, peaches, strawberries, early Irish potatoes and sweet potato beds. Ice half an inch thick formed on standing pools and in water troughs, and sweet potato beds covered with glass frames were frozen. It will take several days to ascertain the full extent of the damage done.

EASTER SERVICES.

Last Sunday one of Special Celebration in the Churches.

Easter Sunday was a bright and pretty spring day in Salisbury and the county, and special Easter services were held at most of the churches in town.

Perhaps the prettiest floral decorations were at Ashbury Methodist Episcopal church and at St. Peter's P. E. church.

At Ashbury church the decorations were especially elaborate, and the music more than ordinarily fine. In the morning the Pastor preached on "The Resurrection," and at night on the "Heavenly Recognition."

At St. Peter's the profusion of flowers and their pretty display added much to the impressiveness and beauty of the services. The music, too, was specially prepared.

Dr. Reigart of Wicomico Presbyterian church, and Revs. Potts and Warner, pastors respectively of Trinity M. Church South, and the Methodist Protestant church, each preached a special Easter sermon.

SUGAR BEET CULTURE.

Timely Suggestions from a Prominent Citizen of the town—The grain fallacy.

The unsatisfactory prices received for staple crops during the past few years and the desire to diversify our agricultural products as well as to grow something which is profit yielding no doubt form the basis, among our agricultural people, of the general interest which seems to have been awakened in the culture of the sugar beet. Heretofore this industry has been confined almost exclusively to Nebraska, Kansas, and California, but sugar beets can be grown over a wide area in the United States, and there are thousands of acres in Maryland adapted to this crop, and let us find some of them in Wicomico and our sister counties.

In order to get our farmers interested in this subject, it might be well to state a few facts in connection with the sugar industry. In the first place the consumption of sugar in the United States amounts to one million and a half tons a year, nearly all of which is imported—Germany alone sent us last year over fifty million pounds.

We talk about wheat as though it overshadowed every other industry in this country, actual or possible. To see ourselves right, as to the relative merits of wheat exports and sugar imports, let us review the matter for the last five years. We have shipped to other countries during this time \$736,000,000 worth of wheat and wheat flour. In the same time we have brought into this country more than \$540,000,000 worth of sugar, this sum representing its cost at the ports of entry. If we add the duties exacted by the government, the total cost of the sugar consumed by our people is nearly or quite as great as the total value of all the wheat and flour exported.

Allowing a consumption of sixty pounds per individual, and a population of 1,000,000, the sugar requirements of our state call for 60,000,000 pounds; at 44 cents per pound we have an aggregate cost of \$2,700,000 which may be stated as the sum which Maryland must send each year to Europe or the tropics to pay for the sugar she uses. All of this sum could be saved to our commonwealth even if we sold no sugar to our neighboring states.

The sum of \$2,700,000 divided into payments among our farmers, factory laborers, etc., would prove a marked stimulus to our agriculture, for it would bring more consumers into our state for the other products of the farm as well as taking some of our acres, now producing crops in plethora out of competition and giving them over to a new industry. The farmers in the vicinity of the beet sugar factories in Nebraska, Utah, and California realize that a beet crop brings them more money than any other crop available to them.

To produce the sugar consumed in Maryland will require from 10 to 20 beet sugar factories. Are we outside the boundaries of the industry, or can we demonstrate the possibility of their profitable maintenance by a full supply of beets of good quality?

A first class beet sugar factory is an expensive enterprise. The factories must be large because the season for working up the beet root is comparatively short and an enormous amount of material must be handled in two or three months time, but as Secretary Wilson says, after it has been demonstrated, farmers can grow the crop successfully, plenty of capital can be had for machinery and houses. The farmer's position in this question is primary and a most important one; his first thought should be not in the direction of securing a factory, but rather in preparing himself to carry out properly his own part of the transaction, namely: growing beets of high sugar quality in ample quantities to keep a factory in operation to its utmost capacity during the whole season.

If any of our farmers wish to experiment, let them try a small patch of either the Kleinvanzleben or Vilmorin. Land that will grow a good crop of corn or potatoes will be found satisfactory for beets, and the seed should be planted as soon as the ground is warm enough for corn. Trial plots may be planted by hand in rows 18 or

20 inches apart, seed being dropped every one or two inches. The land should be well plowed and the surface made as fine as possible by repeated cultivation. The soil should be free from weed seeds, as weeds are the most serious obstacles in growing this crop.

We would urge the people of Maryland to give to the beet sugar industry that consideration which it is justly entitled to by its magnitude and importance.

G. Salisbury, Md., April 23, 1897.

"Mr. Bob" and "The New Woman."

The ladies' Guild of St. Peter's Church are preparing to give an entertainment at Ulman's Opera House Thursday evening, April 29th.

The opening play is a roaring farce entitled "The New Woman" in which will appear the following characters:

Darius Simpkins.....Mr. Jas. Perry
Mrs. Maria Simpkins.....Miss Mary Rider
Miss Bettie Boston, A. B. C., P. H. D.,
X. Y. Z., ditto.....Miss Mary Parsons
Mrs. High-Mind.....Miss May Phelps

The second part of the programme will consist of a society play "Mr Bob" with an intrinsic plot, well worked out and with several amusing situations. We give the names of the ladies and gentlemen taking the leading characters.

Mr. Brown, was clerk for Ben-on & Ben-son.....Mr. S. King White
Mr. Philip Royson.....Mr. John H. Waller
Miss Rebecca Luke.....
.....Miss Annie Toadvine
Miss Maria Bryont, (Mr. Bob).....
.....Miss Mary Lee White
Miss Catherine Rogers, Miss Luke's niece.....Mrs. H. G. Chase
Jenkins, Miss Luke's Butler.....
.....Mr. H. L. D. Stanford
Patty, the maid.....Miss H. S. Fish
Admission 15c, 25c, 50c. Reserved seats on sale at White & Leonard's drug store, Monday April 10, 1897.

After the entertainment refreshments will be served at Mrs. Moore's parlors on Main St., by the ladies. The proceeds, both of entertainment and refreshments, will be for the benefit of the church.

Grant's Achievement as a Peacemaker.

The honors and attentions showered upon General Grant during his tour of the world are, perhaps, unequalled in the history of kingly hospitality. He was received everywhere as the greatest soldier of his time and as the foremost living American. Hon. John Russell Young, who accompanied General Grant throughout the famous journey graphically recalls in the May Ladies Home Journal, its conspicuous incidents: the receptions, dinners, balls, etc., given in honor of the illustrious American. It is said that Mr. Young brings to light a fact that has received but passing attention: that General Grant was instrumental in arranging the terms of a treaty of peace between China and Japan, which prevented an outbreak of war between those nations.

Call for Democratic Primaries.

The Democratic voters of Salisbury are requested to meet in the vacant store room of the Brewington building on Main Street, Monday evening, April 26th, for the purpose of nominating three persons for City Councilmen, to be voted for on May 4.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assure the food against stum and all forms of adulteration common to cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.



Just a Line

to inform you that we carry a full line of Sporting Goods such as Hammocks, Base Ball Goods, Croquet Sets, etc. You can buy a nice cotton wove Hammock from \$1 up to \$3.50, and a Mexican Hammock, full size as low as 60 cts. Eight-ball Croquet set good quality for \$1.25 Base Balls and Bats any price from 5c to \$1, at

WHITE & LEONARD'S
DRUG STORE

Cor. Main and St. Peter's Sts.,

SALISBURY, MD.

There's a Safety Line

in shoe stores just as there is in bridges or on ice, a price below which that store isn't safe. You will find it safe to buy your shoes of Harry Dennis because he will not lower his standard of quality to get a low price; he won't do it, he would rather let some one else sell trashy paper-soled and paper-counter- ed shoes. He charges you a reasonable profit on good, honest-wearing shoe gear. You will not be coming back in a week or two with your shoes all worn out. His are good for months of service. You should see his ladies' \$2.00. His line of Men's Tans can't be beat.

HARRY DENNIS,

The up-to-date Shoe House.

Jackson Block. SALISBURY, MD.

PAY FOR YOUR BOND.

Trustees, bank officers, public officials, and all others who are required to give bond, are invited to confer with WM. M. COOPER, agent for the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co., of Baltimore; HON. FRANK BROWN, President; HON. JAS. E. ELLEGOOD, Bonded Attorney for Wicomico county.

THE UNITED STATES FIDELITY AND GUARANTY COMPANY
Baltimore, Md.

Order of Publication.

Lucy Handy vs. William Handy.

In the Circuit Court for Wicomico county, March Term, 1897. No 1123 Chancery.

The object of this suit is to procure a divorce a vinculo matrimonii for the plaintiff, Lucy Handy, from the defendant, William Handy. The bill states that the plaintiff and the defendant were married on the twenty-fifth day of August, 1876, and that defendant lived with the plaintiff only about two years, and that though the conduct of the plaintiff has been above reproach, and kind and affectionate towards her husband, the said husband abandoned her, and such abandonment has continued uninterrupted for ten years, and that the said William Handy does not reside in this State but in the State of Delaware, and that one child was born to them by said marriage, and that such abandonment is without hope of reconciliation.

It is thereupon this 19 day of April, 1897, ordered by the Circuit Court for Wicomico county that the plaintiff cause a copy of this order together with the object and substance of this bill to be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico county once in each of three successive weeks before the 15th day of May, 1897, warning the defendant to appear in this court in person or by solicitor on or before the first day of June next to show a cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not pass as prayed.
CHAS. F. HOLLAND,
True Copy Test: JAS. T. TRUITT, Clerk.

BICYCLES!

All Makes of Second-Hand Bicycles at Rock Bottom Prices

All Wheels in Good Serviceable Condition

Wm. H. Cole & Sons,
13 S. CHARLES ST.,
Baltimore, Md.

FOR RENT.

Two-story, six room dwelling located in South Salisbury. Apply to B. H. PARKER, Salisbury, Md.

JNO. H. WALLER

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE—WILLIAMS BUILDING,

MAIN STREET.

Prompt attention to collections and all legal business.

BEAR IN MIND THAT

Dr. Chas. R. Truitt,

Graduate of Maryland University, is now practicing medicine, and attends all calls promptly from sick and afflicted.

Office—Truitt's Drug Store.

Surveying & Leveling.

To the public: You will find me at all times, on short notice, prepared to do work, in my line, with accuracy, neatness and despatch. Reference: Thirteen years' experience, six years county surveyor of Worcester county, work done for the Sewer Co. in Salisbury, G. H. Toadvine, Thos. Humphreys, Humphreys & Tilghman, P. S. SHOCKLE, County Surveyor Wicomico County, Md. Office over Jay William's Law Office. Reference in Worcester Co.: C. J. Purcell, G. Purcell, R. D. Jones and W. S. Wilson.

DHS. W. G. & E. W. SMITH.

PRACTICAL DENTISTS.

Office on Main Street, Salisbury, Maryland.

We offer our professional services to the public at all hours. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered to those desiring it. One can always be found at home. Visit Princess Anne every Tuesday.

G. W. D. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Conveyancing and Collecting. Practice in Chancery special attention.
Office, corner Main and Division Sts.

Above Fern, B. & L. Assn., Jackson Building
SALISBURY, MD.

WANTED—To exchange stock and fixtures of a hardware and furniture store, doing a good business clear of debt in the city of Wilmington, Delaware, for a small place in the country, containing from 7 to 10 acres of land, and owner's health. For particulars address
LONG, 507 WALTON ST., WILMINGTON.

Bits of Maryland News.

A farm near Middletown sold for \$55 an acre.

There are 4800 mortgages on Harford-county property.

J. W. Robinson of Seaford has been elected an alderman.

Cambridge will have a professional baseball team this season.

According to the new directory Milford has 120 business houses.

W. H. Anderson has been appointed Adams Express agent at Denton.

Last year the support of the poor of Somerset cost the county \$1350.

Prince George's colored voters have organized a "protective association."

Joseph Thompson of Pearson's Corner has been granted an original pension.

Work has begun on the Funkstown extension of the Hagerstown electric railway.

Aberdeen citizens are getting up a water works celebration for the Fourth of July.

Miss Lee, aged 40 was burned to death a few days ago at Watt's Corner, Cecil county.

A gravity railroad is being constructed at Braddock Heights for the amusement of visitors.

The proposition for an increased water supply carried by a large majority at Frederick.

George Shower, Manchester, is 93 years old and his wife is 94. They were married 70 years ago.

James Campbell, the Ellicott City chicken-thief, has been sent to the House of Correction for 18 months.

Charles Harrison, colored, died at Williamsport after drinking nine gills of whiskey in a drinking contest.

William J. Keithly caught a loon in his shad-net near St. Michael's. He proposes to have the bird stuffed.

A factory for the manufacture of straw covers for bottles will probably be erected at Centerville, Md.

Jas. M. Wooster of Talbot county has resigned the position of deputy revenue agent at New Orleans.

Resolutions on the death of the late John W. Crisfield were adopted by the Somerset Circuit Court on Tuesday.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A daily mail route is being advertised between Snow Hill and Princess Anne, to go in effect on and after July 1st next.

Chicken thieves have been operating in and around Govanstown, Baltimore county, and many people have been losers.

Benjamin H. Shroder, eight years old, found at Hagerstown an Indian axe, carved out of stone, buried in clay ground.

A deed for Sharp's Island from the Marquis S. D'Oyley, of Paris, to Miller R. Creighton, of Baltimore, has been filed at Easton.

Maninose, or soft shell clams, are being dug up in considerable quantities at Easton and Annapolis owing to the low tides.

When the scalp is atrophied, or shiny bald, no preparation will restore the hair; in all other cases Hall's Hair Renewer will start a growth.

An Indian skull, with an arrowhead imbedded, was found on the cliffs of the Potomac river above Shepherdstown in an old Indian mound.

Mr. Wm. H. Bunting, a prominent farmer of Worcester county, dropped dead at his home near Pocomoke City. He was sixty-five years old.

Cards have been issued for the wedding of Robert L. Kemp and Miss H. Anna Powell, which will take place at Easton on April 28th.

A gasoline steamer will run between Franklin City and Chincoteague, and a boat will probably ply between Ocean City and Chincoteague.

Lemuel Crosby of Mill Creek hundred was bitten a few days ago by a dog supposed to have been mad. He will take the Pasteur treatment.

Chas. S. Gregor and Miss Ethel W. Purnell, the former of New York, were married in Snow Hill Methodist Episcopal church Thursday.

The Isle of Wight Hotel, several cottages and building lots at Ocean City were sold Monday. The hotel was sold by John E. Enzor of Towson.

Brent Rieman, 17 years old, was probably fatally hurt on Saturday while fox-hunting in Miles River Eeck, Talbot county. His horse fell on him.

E. James Tull of Pocomoke city has laid the keel for a large fishing boat, and has contracted to build a steamboat for C. S. Darling & Son of Hampton, Va.

John T. Jones, the negro barber of Crisfield, in whose shop stolen goods were found, has been sentenced in the Somerset court to three years in the penitentiary.

Dorchester truckers in the vicinity of the Transquakin river are endeavoring to have a small steamer placed on the river to connect with the B. C. & A. Railway Company's boats.

While Thomas Reel was plowing on the Keedy Farm, near Eakle's Mills, he plowed up a lot of bullets and two boxes of gun caps, relics of the late war. The balls weighed forty-five pounds.

Maryland Heights, opposite Harper's Ferry, was offered for sale at Sharpsburg, Saturday, but withdrawn. The B. & O. R. R., which wants the property for a summer hotel resort, was the highest bidder.

Governor Lowndes has declined an invitation to the dinner to Ambassador Porter in New York next week, as his presence will be required in Maryland to entertain Prof. Geikie the British geologist.

The body of an unknown white man was found near Perryman's Wednesday. He had committed suicide by drinking laudanum and cutting the arteries in his wrist. It is supposed that he came from New York city, and that he had been dead since March 30th.

W. A. Hahn of Hagerstown will bring suit against the Western Maryland Railroad Company for damages for the death of his son Harvey who was killed February 11th last. He alleges that his son was murdered by a striker who mistook him for a certain engineman.

A snake story from Brady's Mills. Allegany county, is to the effect that Wm. Martin, a farmer was attacked by a snake nearly eight feet long, which twined itself around his neck and nearly strangled him. His son cut the reptile in two with a small pocket knife.

After using a 10 cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm you will be sure to buy the 50 cent size. Cream Balm has no equal in curing catarrh and cold in the head. Ask your druggist for it or send 10 cents to us.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., New York I suffered from catarrh three years; it got so bad I could no work; I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well; I would not be without it.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston.

The members of the Evangelical Church at Hagerstown, by a vote of 39 to 10, declared their willingness to acquiesce in the transfer of the property and congregation to the M. E. Church South, and the latter denomination will pay \$2700 of the money advanced to the Hagerstown church by the Evangelical Conference.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by R. K. TRUITT & SONS, Salisbury.

State's Attorney Posey of Charles county will set the indictments against Sheriff Wade and Jailer Burch for allowing Matthews to escape from custody, and for not preventing the lynching of Cocking. The County Commissioners and Ex-Judge Stone recommend this action, as conviction could not be had, and the trials would cost \$1000.

Here is a diamond, here a piece of charcoal. Both carbon; yet between them stands the mightiest of magicians—Nature. The food on your table, and your own body; elementally the same; yet between the two stands the digestion, the arbiter of growth or decline, life or death.

We cannot make a diamond; we cannot make flesh, blood and bone. No. But by means of the Shaker Digestive Cordial we can enable the stomach to digest food which would otherwise ferment and poison the system. In all forms of dyspepsia and incipient consumption, with weakness, loss of flesh, thin blood, nervous prostration the Cordial is the successful remedy. Taken with food it relieves at once. It nourishes and assists nature to nourish. A trial bottle—enough to show its merit—10 cents.

Theodore H. Bemiller, Silver Run, Carroll county, has made a big clock, intended to indicate the year, month, day of week and month, hour, minutes and phases of the moon for a century to come.

The Somerset School Board has reduced teachers' salaries 10 per cent. and ordered that no more school houses, be erected or repaired. School expenses have increased of late years, but the school funds have not.

The furniture, etc., shipped from New York to Milton by Mrs. Mary Estella Gordy, who was murdered by James M. Gordy, will be sold at auction in Milton next Saturday by Administrator Samuel J. Wilson.

Thomas Byrum, a two years' prisoner at the House of Correction, has escaped. He was committed from Hagerstown for aiding his brother to escape from jail. The brother is now serving a six years' sentence in the Penitentiary.

Base Ball Suits and Bicycles Free.

It is safe to say that nearly every member of the rising generation is now thinking either of base ball or bicycling. But how to get the bicycle and how to get base ball uniforms, are the problems. "The Philadelphia Press" solves both. That paper, which has always led in its amateur base ball and bicycling departments, now makes two novel, interesting offers. It will furnish, absolutely free, to the amateur base ball club receiving the greatest number of votes before June 18, a complete set of the finest National League Base Ball uniforms. This includes caps, shoes, belts, stockings, shirts and trousers, and the whole outfit will be of the finest quality. The whole outfit will be given absolutely free to the amateur club receiving the greatest number of votes. Full details of the offer are given in "The Press" every day.

Any number of bicycles will be given free to those who will render a trifling service to "The Press." Details of the bicycle offer will be sent to any person who sends two two-cent stamps to "The Press," Philadelphia.

Reduced Rates to New York via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Dedication of Grant Monuments

For the dedication of the Grant Monumental Tomb, April 27, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell tickets from all points on its line to New York, April 26 (and from points within one hundred and fifty miles of New York, April 26 and 27), good to return until April 29 inclusive, at rate of fare and a third for the round trip. Tickets for military companies in uniform, numbering fifty or more, traveling in a body on one ticket, will be sold at rate of single fare per capita for the round trip.

The parade on this occasion will be the grandest military demonstration since the war. Thousands of veterans, United States regulars, and State militiamen will be in line. 4-27

FACE HUMORS

Pimples, blotches, blackheads, red, rough, oily, mothy skin, itching, scaly scalp, dry, thin, and falling hair, and baby blemishes prevented by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifier and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. For sale by all druggists, chemists, and grocers. Write to us for a free trial bottle and full directions.

EVERY HUMOR From Pimples to Scrofula cured by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

SWEET POTATO SLIPS.

I have for sale about 600 Bushels of choice Big Stem Jersey Sweet Potato Slips, grown from the vine, at my home on the Spring Hill road, about 2 miles from town. H. P. ELZEY, Salisbury, Md.

LEGHORN EGGS

Do you want pure White Leghorn eggs for hatching. Apply at the Peninsula Hotel.

O. J. SCHNECK, Salisbury, Md.

AGENTS, —\$25 to \$50 per week easy! home. A brand new thing. Write to us quick! You will be surprised at how easy it can be done. Send us your address anyway. It will be to your interest to investigate. Write to-day. Address "PEOPLE'S," 3011 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

\$3,400.00 CASH AND PRIZES GIVEN FREE EACH MONTH FOR Sunlight SOAP WRAPPERS

As follows:

4 First Prizes, each of \$100 Cash	\$400.00
20 Second " " " \$100 SPECIAL Bicycles	2,000.00
40 Third " " " \$25 Gold Watches	1,000.00
Cash and Prizes given each month	\$3,400.00

Total given during 12 months, 1897, \$40,800.00

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM.

Competitors to have many SUNLIGHT SOAP Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper, this portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent postage fully paid, enclosed with a sheet of paper stating Competitor's full name and address and the number of Coupons sent in, to Lever Bros. Ltd., New York, marked on outside wrapper (on left hand corner) with NUMBER of the DISTRICT (see list for lives in).

NAME OF DISTRICT.

1	New York City, New York, Long Island, and Staten Islands, New Jersey.
2	New York State (outside of N.Y. City, Brooklyn, Long Island and Staten Islands).
3	Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia and District of Columbia.
4	The New England States.

1897 Pattern, mfd by Geo. N. Pierce & Co., of Buffalo, Boston and New York. Fitted with Hartford Tires, First Class Nickel Lamp, New Departure Bell, Standard Cyclometer, and Hunt-Lee Saddle.

1. Every month during 1897 in each of the 4 districts prizes will be awarded as follows:

The 1 Competitor who sends in the Largest Number of coupons from the district in which he or she resides will receive \$100 Cash.

The 2 Competitors who send in the Next Largest Numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside will each receive at winner's option a lady's or gentleman's Pierce Special bicycle, price \$100.00.

The 10 Competitors who send in the Next Largest Numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside will each receive at winner's option a lady's or gentleman's Gold Watch, price \$5.

2. The Competitors will close the Last Day of Each Month during 1897. Coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain winners from unsold soap in box or stock will be disqualified. Employees of Lever Brothers, Ltd., and their families, are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of Winners in Competitor's district will be forwarded to Competitors in about 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Lever Brothers, Ltd., will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of their ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Lever Brothers, Ltd., as final.

LEVER BROS., Ltd., New York.

Wm. B. Tilghman. Wm. Jeff. Staton.

Wm. B. Tilghman & Co.

Headquarters for the Genuine and Original

FISH MIXTURE, MIXTURE "B."

Ingredients for Home Mixing

We are making a
Special Fish Mixture for Tomatoes,
HIGH IN POTASH.

E. S. D. INSLEY, Agent,
MINOS A. DAVIS, "
JAS. E. DICKERSON, "
LEVIN HASTINGS, "
JOSEPH C. BAILEY, "
Tyaskin,
Pittsville.
Pinegrove.
Delmar.
Quantico.

True Success:

Carlyle says, in his *Hero Worship*. "Man is no selfish coward, but one to whom it is safe to appeal on his nobler side, one who cannot help reverencing worth and value when he sees it."

It is on this principle we have worked. It has been through faith in this idea that all our arguments have rested on high grounds. Years ago we built our whole foundation upon the supreme belief that the people of this community could be appealed to on the side of reason and common sense, the results show for themselves. Our victory has been the triumph of excellence over the merely transit catch-penny. Today our store is the greatest and best equipped store on the peninsula. Arriving at perfection we have insisted that all our goods should be honest and give perfect service. Is not this true success?

JESSE D. PRICE.

EXCLUSIVE SHOE STORE.

JUST RECEIVED.

A beautiful line of Spring Dress Goods, and as Easter will soon arrive, when all femininity will want a new dress, it will be but justice to yourself to call and see the many pretty things that we have secured to try and please the tastes of all, and since there are so many different weaves and colorings, we will not try to describe them, but state that it will be our pleasure to show you, if you will call.

8c Apron Gingham 6c 6c Apron Gingham 5c
5c Apron Gingham 4c Clark's Cotton 3c

J. R. T. LAWS.

SKETCHES BY M. QUAD

The Man Who Fell.

There was an old man sitting in the corner of the street car, reading his paper, and he would have paid no attention to his fellow passengers had not the man opposite him happened to touch his foot.

"Who you kickin?" demanded the old man as he lowered his paper and glared at the other.

"I beg pardon for touching your foot."

"Mighty funny that I can't sit in a street car without bein' kicked!"

"Nobody kicked you, sir!"

"Yes, they did. I guess I know when I'm kicked! What you laughin' at?"

"Please excuse me, will you?" answered the other.

"No, I won't excuse you! Nobody can kick me and then laugh about it! Say, you are the man who went 'Ha, ha, ha!' when I fell down last winter! Yes, you are the very man. I was walkin' along and struck an icy spot and—"

"And your feet went out from under you, and you came down kershung. Ha, ha, ha!"

"Are you laughin' about that yet?"

"Yes; can't help it. Ha, ha, ha! Your feet went up, you clawed the air, you uttered a warwhoop and—ha, ha, ha!"

"Look here!" said the old man as he bristled up. "A man who will laugh because another man fell down is nothin' but a critter. I'll bet you are the man who laughed 'Ho, ho, ho!' when I struck a banana peel one day last summer and was laid up for a week. Don't deny it, sir! I remember your voice!"

"Yes, I'm the man. I was right behind you. You gave a sort of jump, your hat fell off and when you struck—ha, ha, ha!"

"And it tickled you most to death to see me half kill myself, did it? Say, do



SHOCK HIS FIST AT THE CAR.

you know what I think of you? I've met some blamed mean men in my time, but—there you go again."

"I—I can't help it—ha, ha, ha! I almost went into convulsions over it. You see, you started to fly, your back humped up, and—ho, ho, ho!"

"Ladies and gentlemen," said the old man as he stood up and pointed his finger, "look at that critter. May heaven help his wife and children! Say, come to look at him closer, I'll bet he's the wretch who went 'Hu, hu, hu!' when I got off this street car one day last week and fell all over the road."

"Yes, I'm the man—ha, ha, ha!" exclaimed the other. "I was on the platform and you dropped off, and, being stiff in the knees, you took a tumble. I didn't laugh quite as hard as before, but—but—ha, ha, ha! I've had more fun out of you than a barrel of monkeys, and I shall be glad to—ho, ho, ho!"

"Sir, do you mean to insult me over and over again?"

"No, sir; but it was so funny—so funny—ha, ha, ha!"

"Conductor," said the old man as the door was opened, "will you put that critter off the car?"

"I've no right to, sir," answered the official.

"Then, sir, then ladies and gentlemen and that critter sittin' there with a red face, my sense of humor compels me to withdraw from such society, and I go."

He went, and the man who laughed followed him out on the platform. The conductor started to ring the bell, but the old man waved his hand and stepped off and went sprawling in the mud, and as he struggled to his feet and shook his fist at the car the "critter" waved his hand in return and laughed: "Ha, ha! Ho, ho, ho! Hu, hu, hu!"

Removing a Candidate.

I was sitting in the barroom of the tavern at the western end of the stage route, when a man of the town came in, and in that free, offhand way so characteristic of the far west asked me to have a nip with him. After the nip we fell into conversation, and I learned that a new county had just been established and that they were soon to hold an election of officers. I asked him if there was much interest manifested, and he replied:

"The tallest kind of interest, stranger.

D'ye see this bullet hole in my hat? One of Jim Furbanks' crowd put it thar."

"And who is Jim Furbanks, may I ask?"

"He's the candidate on the other ticket for sheriff. Good man, Jim is, but he'll never git thar."

"And who is your candidate?" I asked.

"He's right yere, stranger," he replied as he tapped himself on the breast.

"Yes, I'm at the head of our ticket, and the boys ar' goin' to see me through."

"But what about this shooting?"

"Oh, that's right 'nuff! You see, me and Jim ar' the two best men in the county, and the boys ar' sorter divided between us. If I'm out of the way, Jim's sure to be 'lected. If he's out of the way, I shall go in with a whoop. He sent over to ax me if I'd withdraw, and when I said I wouldn't he set out to remove me."

"To remove you by shooting you?"

"Eggsactly. That's all right and accordin' to Hoyle, I believe. Jim's a purty good shot, but he was a leetle shaky when he fired at me today, and the bullet never touched a ha'r."

"And you don't want Jim to resign?" I queried.

"But I do," he answered. "Yes; I sent a man to him an hour ago to ax him to git off the ticket, and he sent me back word that he'd see me hanged fast. Purty good man, Jim is, but sorter sot about some things."

"But will you be elected all the same?"

"Waal, I can't say as to that. I'm goin' to try to remove Jim tomorrow. If I succeed, then I'll hev a walkover."

"Do you mean by shooting?"

"Far sure! Yes, I shall try to shoot him off the ticket. Mebbe I shall do it and mebbe he'll shoot me off. Can't tell about that yet, and if I was you I wouldn't make any bets about it."

Three weeks later and 100 miles away I met a man from Golden City and asked him how the election went.

"Oh, Jim Furbanks was 'lected all right!" he replied.

"Then he beat the candidate on the other ticket?"

"Had to beat him, sah, 'cause the candidate on the other ticket had bin dead fur three days, and nobody wanted to vote for a dead man." M. QUAD.

Lincoln's Grave.

About 1½ miles north of Springfield, Ills., Abraham Lincoln lies buried under a towering pile of marble, granite and bronze. The height of his monument is 120 feet. The cost was \$250,000, the money being collected through popular contributions. Several attempts have been made to steal the body. Not until the leaden coffin was sunk deep in the crypt and covered with six feet of concrete did the robbers desist.—New York Press.

During the winter of 1893, F. M. Martin, of Long Reach, West Va., contracted a severe cold which left him with a cough. In speaking how he cured it he says: "I used several kinds of cough syrup but found no relief until I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which relieved me almost instantly, and in a short time brought about a complete cure." When troubled with a cough or cold use this remedy and you will not find it necessary to try several kinds before you get relief. It has been in the market for over twenty years and constantly grown in favor and popularity. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by R. K. TRUITT & SONS, Salisbury Md.

Farmers, Stockmen AND DAIRYMEN.

You are especially interested in the care of your live stock; and know that by keeping them in prime condition they can be made more valuable to you, and give better returns. During the winter months when off grass, it is absolutely necessary that they should have a true tonic, something to take the place of the nourishment obtained from roots and herbs they get when browsing on the hill sides. For such, we direct your especial attention to the **Cleason's Horse and Cattle Powder**, a compound that is purely vegetable and the fruits of careful study by the originator, who has had years of experience in handling stock of all kinds.

Properly fed in small doses it purifies the blood, regulates the bowels, aids Digestion, expels Worms, Grubs and Bots, creates Bone and Muscle, cures Colds, Epizooty and Distemper, restores the Appetite, tones up the entire System, and makes the Horse more Handsome and valuable to the owner. As a Milk, Flesh and Butter producer it is unsurpassed.

Cleason's is a thorough condition Powder that no Farmer, Stockman or Dairyman should be without.

It is sold by all dealers and prepared by

Gilbert Bros. & Co.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Tooth-ache, DYSPEPSIA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS. A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain Killer.

(PERCY DAVIS')
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 5c. and 10c. bottles.

LOCAL POINTS.

—Wear Price's shoes.

—Ladies' and gentlemen's underwear at Powell's.

—See the oxford ties for ladies, at Price's Shoe Store.

—Our men's \$3.00 patent leather beats them all, Price's Shoe Store.

—Try one of our famous high art suits at \$8.00 and \$10.00. Birkhead & Carey.

!—Just received 2 car-loads of buggies to suit the times in prices \$25.00 up. Come quick before they are gone.

—Our ladies \$2.00 shoes have no equal for style and wear. Jesse D. Price.

—Examine Perdue & Gunby, \$5.00 harness before buying. Extra value for \$7.00.

—For best lime, prompt shipment, low prices and good terms, address, J. W. LeGore, Woodsboro, Md.

—Going like gum drops at a Sunday School picnic—Lacy Thorogood's new spring hats. Come get one.

—Largest consignment of harness ever received on the Shore, just received by Perdue & Gunby.

—For sporting goods of all kinds, such as base ball goods, hammocks, croquet sets, etc., go to White & Leonard's Drug Store.

—The most beautiful line of Russet shoes ever seen in Salisbury for men, ladies, boys, misses and children, at Price's.

—We have some odd sizes. You may have the feet to fit them. If feet and sizes match there will be no trouble about prices at Cannon's.

—LeGore's combination of lime is the cheapest because it is the best. The rock used in its manufacture contains more agricultural value.

—People afflicted with spring fever are thirsty. Quench this thirst with good soda water, shaved ice in every glass at White & Leonard's Drug Store.

—WANTED AT ONCE—500 men to wear 500 pairs of our all-wool pants for \$1.25 to \$3.00 for which competitors ask \$2.00 and \$4.00. Birkhead & Carey

—It looks like Lacy Thorogood is doing more than his share of the clothing and hat business in Salisbury. Well, why should he, he keeps the largest stock kept in Salisbury.

—WANTED:—Corresponding Agent in every town to report on parties opening or refitting any kind of a store or saloon. Good man can make \$5,000. Rothschild's, 579 Broadway, N. Y.

—Be sure and read Powell's advertisement this week, and every week for sometime to come. Rare bargains; as a sample, Fruit of the Loom muslin, 6¢ cents per yard.

—If you want a good corn crop and at the same time get a permanent improver for your soil, apply LeGore's Combination of Lime. See agent or address J. W. LeGore, Woodsboro, Md.

—Misses Capitola White and Edith Robertson are with us with a full and complete line of the leading styles in spring millinery and would be pleased to receive the patronage of their friends and extend a cordial invitation to all who desire to visit them in their new establishment.—R. Wirt Robertson.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of *Dr. J. C. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Sole Agency for

Longman & Martinez
PAINTS.

Oils, Varnishes,
BRUSHES, GLASS,
PUTTY,
AND PAINTER'S SUPPLIES.

To 8 1-gallon cans Longman & Martinez Paint No. 9, at \$1.50 per gallon, \$12.00

6 gallons Raw Linseed Oil at 45¢ per gallon, 2.70

Mr. Riley.—Please note the above makes 14 gallons of paint when mixed, and will cost you \$14.70

\$1.05 per gallon.

FARMERS!

Why Use a Magnesia Lime for Land?

Use the strictly pure composition of quick acting Land Lime. Manufactured from three different stratas of Pure Lime Stone Rock, all burnt separately and mixed proportionately. Awarded the highest analysis and of positively superior to all others for land purposes. If you have a field coated with sorrel one application of this lime will destroy it. Read the following testimonial.

State Hill, Pa., March 1, 1897. Messrs. Barrick & Gilbert, Woodsboro, Md., Gents:—I had a field heavily coated with sorrel which one application of your lime completely destroyed. Yours, F. M. CRAWFORD.

Any one in need of land lime should not fail to give us a call. Can ship any desired quantity and at any time. For prices terms and full information address, Yours truly,

Barrick & Gilbert, Woodsboro, Md.

GET A KELLY Shower Bath Ring!

They are Wonderful and Cheap.

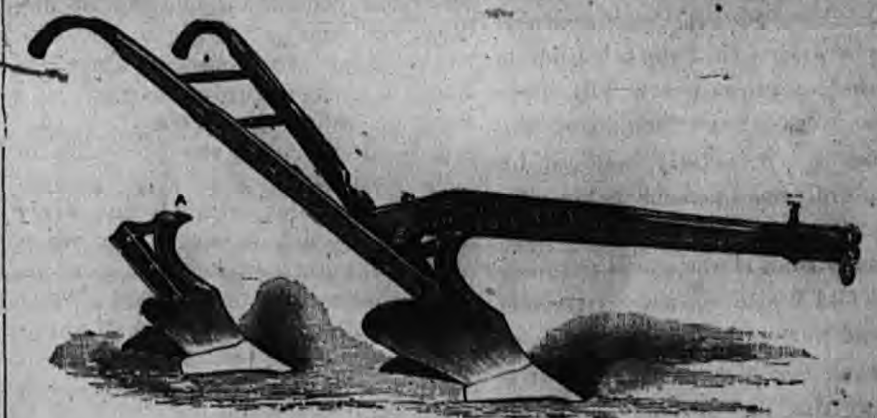
Sole agent for the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia.

See the beautiful display of Bath Room Fixtures in L. W. Gunby's window, Main street. I am offering special prices on these fixtures, with kitchen sink and boiler, all put in your house at a nominal cost.

Estimates cheerfull given. Telephone 66.

Theodore F. Humphreys,

SANITARY PLUMBER, STEAM AND HOT WATER ENGINEER,
SALISBURY, MD.

EVERYBODY KNOWS
What the Atlas Plow Is

and long comments are unnecessary. It has stood the test of years of use, and every farmer has nothing but praise for its merits. The Atlas is one of the most practical and economical Plows a farmer can use, and it is cheap. Large stock of these plows in. Call and see.

If you want a chilled plow, buy

WHITE'S CHILLED

This plow has superior advantages over all other chilled plows and costs less. Full stock on hand.

B. L. GILLIS & SON,
SALISBURY, MD.

Salisbury, Md., March 24th, 1897.

Mr. Marmaduke Riley

Bought of **L. W. GUNBY,**

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPENTER'S, BUILDER'S HARDWARE

IRON, STEEL & CARRIAGE MATERIAL, SPECIALTIES.

STOVES, HEATERS, RANGES.

THE SALISBURY ADVERTISER

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
SALISBURY, WICOMICO CO., MD.
OFFICE OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

THOS. PERRY, Proprietor.
PERRY & HEARN,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of one dollar per inch for the first insertion and fifty cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers.

Local Notices ten cents a line for the first insertion and five cents for each additional insertion. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free when not exceeding six lines. Obituary Notices five cents a line.

Subscription Price, one dollar per annum in advance. Single Copy, three cents.

POST OFFICE AT SALISBURY, MD.
November 21st, 1897.

I hereby certify that SALISBURY ADVERTISER, a newspaper published at this place, has been determined by the Third Assistant Postmaster-General to be a publication entitled to admission in the mails at the pound rate of postage, and entry of it as such is accordingly made upon the books of this office. Value while the character of the publication remains unchanged.

MARY D. ELLEGOOD, Postmistress.

WAR, PESTILENCE, AND FAMINE.

The first half of 1897 does not seem near the millennium. The earth is free from neither war, pestilence, or famine. In Cuba we have the spectacle of a small weak country fighting for independence from Spain, an effete monarchy, the methods of warfare used have not been modern. The whole progress of the war conducted by Spain has been marked by rapine and butchery. The Cubans claim that freedom is now in sight, that Spain cannot carry on the campaign through another rainy season, which is now about on. Both the Cleveland and McKinley administrations have tried to maintain a neutral position, although congress has made several efforts to commit the country to the defense of Cuba, and is sustained in its effort by a very large body of American citizens in sympathy with Cuba in her struggle for independence. The assertion is made that many American citizens were languishing in Spanish prisons when Mr. Cleveland retired from office and some are still. The Spanish Captain-General, Weyler asserts that the rebellion is suppressed, and that peace will reign in a few weeks, notwithstanding the fact that it is generally believed by most well informed persons on the subject that Spanish triumph is further away today than it was one year ago.

In the Old World, Christian Greece is fiercely at war with heathen Turkey, and as range as it may seem the Christian countries of Europe—England, France, Germany, Russia, Italy and Austria, the combination known as the Powers, are against Greece. Where this struggle will end, no man knows. It may terminate in a month or it may involve the whole of Europe.

In our own country, hundreds of thousands of acres of valuable bottom land on the lower Mississippi is now under water. A strip of country two hundred miles long and from five to thirty miles wide is under water and thirty thousand families rendered homeless. The government at Washington has placed two hundred thousand dollars at the disposal of the Secretary of War, to be used as a relief fund. It is the opinion now that the waters will not recede in time for this year's crops. And the losses will be millions to the owners of these lands, and to the tillers.

The famine in India still prevails. Its twin sister, Pestilence is also present. Kind-hearted Americans have sent ship loads of provisions, as has the mother country, England, but much more help is needed.

War, Pestilence and Famine are still in the land.

Mr. W. E. A. Hamilton, president of the State Firemen's Association, will make a tour of the Eastern Shore towns to urge their fire companies to join the association. The companies of Centerville and Chestertown have made application for membership. Those of Easton, Denton, Berlin, Crisfield, Snow Hill, and Princess Anne will be solicited to join.

The City Lighting.

The City Council met Thursday for the purpose of receiving the report of the Mayor on the contract, entered into with the Messrs. Johnson for city lighting; it being the second meeting for that purpose. The Mayor totally ignored the action of the council and made no report. The council then passed an ordinance embodying the contract. This ordinance is known as Ordinance Q. A copy of the ordinance will be submitted to the Mayor for his approval or disapproval, which must be done within six days from date of delivery. If no action is taken within the six days, the ordinance becomes a law; but if it is disapproved and returned within the six days, it can then be passed over the Mayor's veto by a four fifths vote. Judging from the Mayor's conduct towards the original contract there is every reason to believe that he will disapprove the ordinance. In which event, the council, it is generally believed, will pass the ordinance over his veto. Some think he will let the ordinance become a law by default. With all due respect to the Mayor, we think he has treated the council with very little consideration. If he approved the contract he should have returned it approved; if not he should have returned it vetoed and given his reason therefor. Both the council and the public were entitled to that amount of consideration.

We give below the proposition of the Messrs. Johnson, which is embraced in the ordinance passed Thursday evening.

This agreement made this day of —, in the year 1897, by and between the mayor and council of Salisbury, of the first part, and Richard M. Johnson and William T. Johnson, partners trading as R. M. & W. T. Johnson, parties of the second part, witnesseth:

That the party of the first part in consideration of the parties of the second part erecting, maintaining and furnishing for the lighting of the city of Salisbury 120 Edison incandescent lights of average full 16 candle power, and 20 Edison incandescent lights of average full 24 candle power, and of 5 arc lights of 1200 candle power (nominal), and 19 lights in the city hall; said lights to be furnished, kept running, and maintained at the proper cost and expense to the parties of the second part, at such points or places in the corporate limits of the said city of Salisbury as may be designated by the party of the first part, for a period of five years, commencing on the 1st day May, 1897, and extending to the 30th day of April, 1902, and to keep said lights lighted or burning on each and every night during said time from sunset to sunrise, with the exception of the 5 arc lights, which shall be kept lighted or burning on each and every night from one half hour after sunset until midnight, during which hours the incandescent lamps in part of city where arc lights are placed shall not be lighted or burned, but from midnight until sunrise the said incandescent lights shall be burned.

The party of the first part hereby agrees to pay the party of the second part the sum of \$155.77 for each and every month of said time, to be paid on or before the 10th day of each month, commencing on the 10th day of June, 1897.

And it is further agreed, that if at any time during the existence of this contract the party of the first part shall desire to have other lights for purposes of lighting said city, the parties of the second part shall put in, erect and maintain such other and further lights at their own proper cost and expense as the party of the first part may desire, at such points as the party of the first part may designate, and receive therefor the sum of three and one-half cents per night for each 16 candle power light and four cents per night for each 24 candle power light so added, said sums to be paid in the manner before mentioned.

And it is further agreed that inspection shall be made twice a week of all lights by the parties of the second part any lamp failing to burn or badly run down shall be replaced, and any lamp reported to the parties of the second part by any citizens of Salisbury as not burning, shall be replaced within twelve hours thereafter by the parties of the second part.

And it is further agreed that should the party of first part desire to extend this contract on the same terms for an additional five years from date of expiration of contract, then it may do so by giving notice of its desire so to do in writing to the parties of the second part six months before the expiration of this contract.

And the said parties of the second part in consideration of the making of this contract with them by the party of the first part, hereby bind themselves, their personal representatives, administrators, and assigns to the party of the first part for the faithful performance of their several covenants and agreements, herein contained in the full and penal sum of five thousand dollars.

Size of the Congressional Library.

Founded in the year 1800 by the modest appropriation of \$5,000 "for the purchase of such books as may be necessary for the use of congress at the said city of Washington," this collection has grown, notwithstanding the ravages of two fires, to the present aggregate of 740,000 volumes. The acquisition of the Jefferson library in 1815, the Force Historical library in 1805, the Smithsonian library in 1807 and the Toner collection in 1883, all constituted specially important and valuable accessions to its stores. And by the enactment of the copyright law of 1870, followed by the international copyright act of 1891, this library became entitled to receive two copies of all books, periodicals and other publications claiming the protection of copyright in the United States. —A. R. Spofford in Century.

All Styles Supplied.

"I want a poster got out," said the commercial gentleman.

"Certainly," said the artist. "I get them up on three systems—the opium, the lobster and ice cream supper and the Welsh rabbit. Which will you have?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Hood's is the Finest

Spring Medicine—Tonic, Appetizer, Strength Builder

It Makes You Eat, Sleep, Work and Happy.

"We think Hood's Sarsaparilla is the finest Spring and family medicine. I had been bothered with headache while at my work, many a time having to go home, and loss of sleep, tired all the time, and getting up in the morning weak. I decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and felt better after three doses. I kept on taking it, and now I can go into the quarry and do a day's work and come home feeling well and always hungry. We have also been giving Hood's Sarsaparilla to our youngest child, who was weak, languid and losing flesh. We could soon see a marked change. He ate better, slept well, and in a little while was like a new boy. He has continued to improve, and today is lively as a cricket, and the neighbors say he can talk more than any man around the place." THOMAS WHITE, Park Quarries, Freedom, Pa.

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1.00 for \$5.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

\$40 Per Month Salary.

A few energetic ladies and gentlemen wanted to canvas. Above salary guaranteed. Call on or address W. E. GERMAN. DELMAR, DEL.

DRESS GOODS!

New Goods Only.

Qualities greatly improved. The handsomest as well as the most comprehensive assortment of

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS

we have shown for years, await your critical inspection. Prices lower than ever. Are we not warranted in calling it

The Event of the Season

to witness the opening of our new Dress Goods?

BIRCKHEAD & CAREY,

Main Street, Salisbury, Md.

MONEY SAVED!

Don't buy your footwear until you see and price our immense stock of

Men's, Women's, Children's SHOES

or you may loose money. We have the goods, and the prices suit the times.

LOOK FOR THE BIG SHOE.

THE CANNON CO.

Main Street, Salisbury, Md.

BICYCLES! BICYCLES! BICYCLES!

We have them, and at low prices' too. The much admired Crescent, the Girard, and the Arlington are all beauties. We will be pleased to have you Call and Examine Them.

No one should be without a Blue Flame Oil Stove during the oppressive summer months. We will be pleased to have you Call and Examine Them.

We have a large stock of Window and Door Screens—we will be pleased to have you Call and Examine Them.

We have a large stock of Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Hardware. We will be pleased to have you call, and if in need, buy something.

The Dorman & Smyth Hardware Co.,

Cor. Main and Dock Streets, Salisbury, Md.

Local Department.

—It is expected that the new bank at Delmar will be open for business by May 1st.

—Mrs. Miller, of Baltimore, is a guest of her son, Mr. Walter B. Miller, Division street.

—Misses Cora and Edith Layfield spent Easter with their parents at "Maple Grove."

—Ulman's Opera House, April 29th, "Mr. Bob" and "The New Woman." Don't miss it.

—Mr. J. Cleveland White has been confined to his room this week with an attack of bilious fever.

—"Mr. Bob" and "The New Woman" will be here next Thursday, April 29th. Be sure and see them.

—Mr. W. H. McConkey has been confined in the house this week from an attack of rheumatism.

—Mr. J. Morris Slemons of the Johns Hopkins University, spent the Easter holidays with his parents in Salisbury.

—Be sure and see "Mr. Bob" and "The New Woman" at Ulman's Opera House Thursday evening, April 29th.

—Rev. Dr. Reigart and Mr. L. W. Gunby attended the Presbytery of New Castle, which met at Middletown, this week.

—Mr. William Sharpley, formerly of this place, but now of Cape Charles, has been visiting his brother George, this week.

—Mr. Levin C. Graham of Merchantsville, N. J., spent the first three days of this week with his mother, Mrs. Louisa A. Graham.

—"Mr. Bob" and "The New Woman" will receive at Ulman's Opera House Thursday evening, April 29th. All are invited.

—Methodist Protestant church (tomorrow) Sunday. Morning subject, "Business in Religion." Evening subject, "Religion in Business." Preaching by the pastor. All invited.

—The Ladies Guild of St. Peter's P. E. Church will present two amusing plays at the Opera House Thursday evening, April 29th.

—The Royal Oak Methodist Protestant Church will be dedicated, Providence permitting, on Sunday, April 25, 1897. Rev. J. L. Straughn and other ministers are expected to be present.

—Up to April 1st, the sum of \$63,519.43 has been received at the Comptroller's office to the credit of the oyster fund. Of this sum \$15,807.41 was from scrape and tong licenses.

—Salisbury was selected as the place of holding the next State council of the Junior Order of American Mechanics, the date to be fixed by the executive board for some time in April, 1898.

—Mr. W. T. Haydn, son-in-law of the late Geo. W. Hitch of this county, died in Greenville, N. C. last Friday. He was living in Washington at the time of his death and had gone to Greenville on business. He leaves one son and one daughter.

—At a Parish meeting held last Monday, the vestry of St. Peter's church was re-elected. Judge Holland was chosen delegate to the Diocesan Convention, which meets in Cambridge this summer. Mr. I. S. Adams was chosen alternate.

—Owing to the lack of sufficient funds the School Commissioners of Somerset county have decided to make a reduction of 10 per cent in the salaries of all officers and teachers of the county, to take effect on September 10 next. The public schools will close on May 5.

—The Union Telephone Company of Easton is now erecting a line to run from Easton to St. Michaels and from thence to the Bay Shore. The work is expected to be completed in a few days when both of the extreme ends of the country will be connected by wire.

—The board of Directors of the Salisbury Shirt Company have contracted with Grier Brothers to furnish engine, boiler, shafting, pulleys, belts and heating apparatus for the new shirt factory. The engine will be 35 horse power and the boiler 60 horse. The entire outfit will cost about \$1,600.

—Mr. R. D. Grier has purchased of Miss Martha Waller and her sister, Mrs. T. R. Jones, through their attorney, Mr. Geo. W. D. Waller, the residence on Division street, adjoining James E. Ellegood's home. The price paid was \$1,825. Mr. Grier purchased the property for a residence and will during the year remove such of the old building as he will not utilize and rebuild the property.

—Judge Holland was a guest at the marriage of Miss Ethel Funnell, daughter of Hon. Geo. W. Funnell, last Thursday, to Mr. Charles A. Gregor, of New York. The marriage ceremony was performed in All Hallows church, Snow Hill. The young couple will reside in New York.

—Barlow Brothers Minstrels appeared at the Opera House Tuesday night and gave a fairly good show. Among the best features was the dancing of Harry Boyd and the contortions of the frog man. Arthur Kennerly accepted an engagement with the company to play a leading cornet in the band, and left with them Tuesday night.—News.

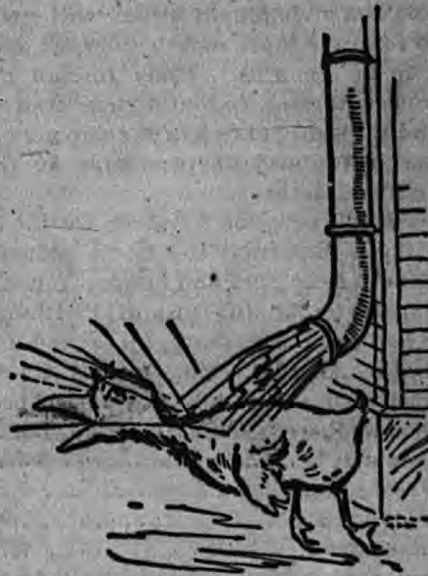
—The committee appointed by the Circuit Court of Somerset County to examine Ephraim Nutter, the colored school teacher, who applied for admission to the Somerset bar, through Thos. S. Hodson, Esq., reported unfavorably on his case Wednesday. Nutter failed to pass a satisfactory examination.

—Dr. Charles R. Truitt has been appointed secretary and executive officer of the Board of Health of Wicomico county. Dr. Truitt's services will be at the disposal of the people of the county and he will investigate all nuisances or dangers to public health when notified that such exist. He is clothed with full power to abate nuisances or dangers to the public health. Dr. Truitt has also been appointed physician to the county jail.

—Mr. Geo. W. Taylor has purchased of Mr. Geo. W. Phipps the latter's interest in the firm of Phipps & Taylor, and will in the future do business under the firm name of Geo. W. Taylor & Co. Mr. Taylor has also purchased the stock and good will of Mr. Z. Phipps, who has been doing business on East Church street. Mr. Z. Phipps will assist Mr. Taylor in his repairing department. On the first of May the firm will move into its new quarters, corner Main and S. Peter's streets, and occupy the store room lately vacated by Dr. E. Riall White. Mr. Taylor is considered an especially fine workman on delicate time pieces. The firm has selected an excellent location for the jewelry business.

—It is estimated that at least seven-eighths of the early strawberry crop around Crisfield, Somerset county, was destroyed by the recent frosts. The peaches have been blasted.

—Capt. E. M. Jones of Riverton was adjudged insane by a jury last Monday, and Sheriff Johnson took the patient to Spring Grove Asylum. Friday, Mrs. Mary A. O'Neill, wife of Edward O'Neill of Delmar, was adjudged insane. She will be taken to a hospital for treatment.



Under the Weather.

That is the common Spring complaint. You feel "lousy," dull. Your appetite is poor. Nothing tastes good. You don't sleep well. Work drags. You cross every bridge before you come to it. There's lots of people have felt like you until they toned up the system by taking the great spring remedy

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

It's been curing such cases for 50 years. Try it yourself.

Send for the "Curebook," 100 pages free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

SPRAINS AND PAINS St. Jacobs Oil the foil. Use it and promptly feel the cure. That's all, but that is something sure.

IT'S JUST AS EASY TO BUY



FROM LACY THOROUGHGOOD, THE FAIR-DEALING CLOTHIER,

as it is to Roll Off A Log.

You never bought anything as quickly as you'll buy one, if you'll just come and see them.

Lacy Thoroughgood, The Fair-Dealing Clothier.

BERGEN'S.

WHAT Is your dress need? Small or great, simple or elaborate, costly or inexpensive, it's somewhere in the store with a saving price attached.

WHEN Are you fully supplied? Never! Some want is always rising. It's surely best to buy where everything is found. That's here.

WHY Should you buy from us? Well on many grounds. Economy, high grade goods, efficient service, time saving methods, all call you. Bargains too in

NEW SILKS, NEW DRESS GOODS,

and the largest, most complete, and cheapest millinery in Salisbury. If past seasons are any criterions we shall be besieged in our

Millinery Department

and preparations have been made to give you quick service.

BERGEN THE PRICE CUTTER

THE Wicomico Building & Loan ASSOCIATION, SALISBURY, - MARYLAND. DO YOU NEED MONEY

on your Farm or House and Lot? If so correspond with, or call on our Secretary at his office in Salisbury. To borrowers we offer good terms, on best security, money charged for at the rate of 6 per cent, payable monthly, and principal reduced by weekly payments. The board solicits business and invites correspondence with the secretary who will take pleasure in furnishing any information desired. W. M. COOPER, Secty. JAS. CANNON, Pres.

NOTICE TO THOSE Having Claims Against Wicomico County.

All persons having claims against Wicomico county are hereby notified to file them with the county commissioners before The First Day of May, 1897, or they may be excluded from the Levy for 1897. By order commissioners, H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk

TO OUR CUSTOMERS:

We feel that an apology is due from us to our customers, because of our inability to serve all with their Easter Millinery as promptly as we had desired. The fact is we were simply overwhelmed with orders, and although we augmented our force as much as we could, we were still unable to meet the requirements of our trade.

It is a source of satisfaction to us to know that our efforts to give our customers a millinery department complete in every detail, has been so much appreciated, and we assure them that every resource of our establishment will be brought into use to not only please them, but to fill orders promptly.

It has always been the policy of this house to allow nothing to go from our millinery department that is not thoroughly up-to-date. And to be prepared to meet the wants of buyers, we have just received this department with the latest novelties in the millinery line. Those who have not yet purchased their

SPRING HATS, BONNETS, ETC.,

will find our establishment equipped to meet the demands of the most fastidious.

Thanking the public for its most liberal patronage, and soliciting a continuance, we are Very Respectfully,

R. E. Powell & Co.

AS AN ARMY RATION.

Beans Briefly Considered by an Old Army Veteran.

"Take it altogether," said the old soldier, "I think I liked beans the best of the army rations. Hard bread, of course, was essential, and we expected to get that anyway, but I am speaking now of the comparative luxuries on the army bill of fare. I should prefer corned beef, if that issued in the army had been uniformly of a desirable quality. But often it was of a hardness more like that of quartz and of a saltiness past belief by those who have never tried it.

"Salt pork—well, fat salt pork, even of the best quality, is not desirable as a steady diet of food, and we got more salt pork than any other meat, and it was most always not of the best. In fact, no old soldier will ever forget the salt pork of the army. But his recollections of it will not be surrounded by an aurora borealis of delight.

"Not everybody liked beans, but according to my notion they were the best of the army rations, all things considered. If we had a piece of pork to put in the kettle, so much the better. But we had salt anyway, and bean soup, with hard bread to break into it, and a cup of coffee made a meal that had decided elements of hopefulness in it.

"It is true that sometimes when we had beans day after day for days together some of the men would get tired of them. But you would grow tired of artichokes, wouldn't you, if you had too many of them?

"I always used to be glad when we had beans, and to this day I like now and then a dish of bean soup, and I never eat it without pleasant recollections of the army."—New York Sun.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

Many of the Books an Insult to the Intelligence of Young People.

Edward W. Bok has been making a careful and comprehensive examination of Sunday school libraries, and in *The Ladies' Home Journal* he confesses himself disgusted with the literature thus placed in the hands of our boys and girls. A less complete investigation, Mr. Bok says, would not have made it possible for him to believe that the libraries of our Sunday schools were stocked with such piles of rubbish—"wifty washy literature," as he terms it. He quotes the titles and gives the themes of a number of books he obtained from Sunday school libraries, and these seem to completely warrant his conclusions. "Such books," he contends, "are an insult to the intelligence of the young people and have a pernicious influence. Instead of being healthy books they are decidedly unhealthy in tone and teaching. Surely we are cultivating a dangerous taste for reading in the young when we feed them on such rubbish."

Mr. Bok unhesitatingly lays a part of the blame upon the publication boards and societies, which are influenced by a denominational spirit that narrows their choice of books. Then, again, it is shown that the most mediocre sort of "talent" is employed to write these books, and that beggarly prices—less than \$80 per book—are paid. A share of responsibility, Mr. Bok asserts, rests upon the men who purchase Sunday school libraries, who, as is most frequently the case, are not qualified for the task and whose object is to secure a library as cheap as possible. Mr. Bok warmly urges that the selection of Sunday school books be left to women, who "instinctively know and feel the kind of a book which a boy or girl will read and enjoy." He insists that women should be given carte blanche to make the selections so far as the prescribed amount of money will go. "A hundred good books," Mr. Bok concludes, "are far better than 600 books of indifferent interest," which are bought simply because they are cheap. "A Sunday school library cannot be created in a day, and no discouragement should be felt if the financial means of the church are contracted and necessitate the purchase of only a few books at a time."

Helpless as to Bread.

Captain Bliss was like all seamen, a strict disciplinarian, and his crew respected him beyond measure. Not one of them would have dreamed of interpreting a command otherwise than according to the strict letter of the law. Things must be done shipshape under his rule.

One day, while the ship was in a certain port, the captain gave a dinner to some town acquaintances, and as the resources of the ship were not great some of the sailors were deputed to wait on the table to re-enforce the insufficient number of stewards.

As these men were not used to the work each one was told exactly what service would fall to his share.

The hour came, and the dinner went merrily on. Presently, however, one of the ladies wanted a piece of bread. There was none very near her, and the finely disciplined stewards seemed to be quite oblivious to her need. She turned her head and spoke very softly to the man at her elbow.

"Bread, please," she said. He looked regretfully at the bread and then at her. It was evident that he would find help for her if it had been in his power. He saluted in a naval style.

"Can't do it, ma'am," said he. "I'm told off for taters."—London Telegraph.

SHE'S WELL EDUCATED.

A Woman Who Has Learned Entirely by Careful Listening.

The wonderful development of certain faculties in the cases of persons who have lost the use of some of their natural functions, or of others whose faculties have not been fully developed, has long been a matter of remark, but it is not alone the outside observers who appreciate the provisions of nature for the benefit of the unfortunates. The sufferers themselves often appreciate this fully, and in some instances, after years, grow to depend so much upon their acquired faculties as to be afraid of a change, even if they have the chance of one.

An illustration of this is given by a woman in Brooklyn who never has learned to read or write. In no way could one discover this except by her own admission or by putting her to a direct test, for she is one of the best educated women in the country, conversant with languages, art, literature and all the current topics of the day. She is rich, too, and could afford all the services of the best teachers if she but chose to learn to read, but she refuses to do so.

When this woman was a child, her parents lived far from schools, so she had no chance then to learn to read or write. As a mere child she began to earn her own living, and again the chance for schooling slipped away. Then she married and the cares of a family took up her time. By the time the babies were off her hands, her husband had grown rich, and then she began her real education, and now, as a widow, she continues it. Her companions read to her and talk with her about all the topics which interest her. Years of such work have stored her mind with a rich treasure of knowledge, and there is not a page of a book that has been read to her that she is not familiar with. Her stores of knowledge are at her instant command. Why will she not learn to read? Because, she says, she fears that this wonderful memory, which is now such a treasure house to her, might be impaired if she were to do anything to weaken the demands upon it.

What such a memory can do is well illustrated in the case of a tailor of this city who cannot read or write. He is probably the most widely known man in his business here, as for many years he has done business with New York's firemen and policemen. Almost every man of these two bodies has dealings with this tailor, and each month between the first and the tenth days he visits every station house and engine and truck house in this city to collect his dues. He has acquired considerable wealth, and it is said of him that in all the years he has dealt with the firemen and policemen he never was known to make a mistake of a cent in any man's account, although all his records of transactions have been kept in his head. —New York Sun.

WHEN GRANT WAS POOR.

A Time in His Career When He Needed the Wherewithal.

General W. H. L. Barnes, one of the leaders of the San Francisco bar, at a meeting of the California commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, told the following story about General Grant. It was told years ago to General Barnes by Captain Richard L. Ogden, once a clerk in the office of the United States quartermaster at San Francisco, and General Barnes recently copied it from Captain Ogden's diary.

It was that when Grant resigned his commission as captain, at the age of 32, being then in Oregon, he went to San Francisco on his way home and presented to Captain Ogden a certificate of per diem service on a court martial amounting to about \$40. The certificate was incorrectly drawn, and Grant with a look of despair asked Captain Ogden's permission to sleep on the lounge in the latter's office, saying he had not a cent to his name. He slept on the rickety office lounge, and Ogden agreed to cash the certificate personally and to send it back to Oregon for correction. Grant had expected to buy passage for himself to New York in the steamer, but Ogden went with him to the Pacific Mail steamship office and procured for him a cabin passage pass, or what was the nearest to it the steamship company could give, for Grant had to pay his railroad fare across the isthmus. This, however, left him \$15, and Grant was very grateful.

The diary quotes him as saying to Captain Ogden: "This is a great luxury and what I did not expect, and I am indebted to you for it. The prospect of ever being able to reciprocate is certainly remote, but strange things happen in this world, and there is no knowing."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

She Had Two.

A young contralto at a Handel concert which Sir Joseph Barnby was conducting at the end of a solo put in a high note instead of the less effective note usually sung. This innovation checked the conductor, and he immediately asked whether Miss Singer thought she was right in trying to improve upon Handel. "Well, Sir Joseph," said she, "I've got an E, and I don't see why I shouldn't show it off." "Miss Singer," rejoined Barnby, "I believe you have two E's, but I hope you won't show them off here." —San Francisco Argonaut.

GRANT MONUMENT DEDICATION.

Excursion Rates to New York.

On the 27th of April, in the magnificent Mausoleum upon the banks of the Hudson River, Columbia will enshrine the ashes of her greatest captain. The event is one without a parallel in the history of the Nation, and the ceremonies will be of unwonted pomp, splendor, and solemnity. The occasion will be graced by the presence of the President, the Supreme Court, and the great civil officers of the Nation and the States. The Army and Navy, the National Guard of the States, the Grand Army of the Republic, and other patriotic and civic organizations will unite to form the most superb pageant ever seen in America. Many foreign nations will send special representatives and ships of war to join our own matchless fleet in majestic procession to the Tomb of Grant.

For this occasion the B. & O. R. R. will sell excursion tickets at reduced rates to New York and return, from all stations on its line east of Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Parkersburg, up to and including Aberdeen, Md., for all trains April 26th, valid for return until April 29th, inclusive. The rate from Baltimore will be.....\$ 5.30
Washington..... 6.50
Frederick..... 7.05
Hagerstown..... 7.70
And correspondingly low rates from other points. 4 26

The Kent Grand Jury has indicted Samuel Schofield, colored, for assault upon Mrs. Mary S. Godwin. Schofield is still at large. The April term of court has been shortened by the removal of the most important cases to other counties.

An Affidavit.

This is to certify that on March 11th I walked to Melick's drug store on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for inflammatory rheumatism which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it.—Charles H. Wetzel, Sunbury, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me on August 10, 1894.—Walter Shipman, J. P. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by R. K. TRUITT & SONS, Salisbury, Md.

A. P. Sharp has drilled an artesian well at Rock Hall 345 feet deep. The introduction of artesian wells in St. Mary's county is said to be responsible for the diminution of typhoid fever and the practical disappearance of chills.

For over Fifty years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cent a bottle.

The Plymouth Rock hens of Mr. Adam Reier, of Glen Arm, Baltimore county, produced four eggs that measure 7½ by 8 inches in circumference, and the combined weight of the four was fourteen ounces.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cured in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits; 75 cents. Sold by R. K. TRUITT & Sons, druggists, Salisbury, Md.

Successful

growers of fruits, berries, and all kinds of vegetables, know that the largest yields and best quality are produced by the liberal use of fertilizers containing at least 10% of

Actual Potash.

Without the liberal use of Potash on sandy soils, it is impossible to grow fruits, berries and vegetables of a quality that will command the best prices.

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—told in a little book which we publish and will gladly mail free to any farmer in America who will write for it. GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of OLD DR. SAMUEL PITCHELL

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloesenna -
Rochelle Salt -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Di Carminative Soda -
Warm Seed -
Cinnamon Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fitch
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE

IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A. The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fitch* is on every wrapper.

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Watchmaker and Jeweler,
MAIN ST., — SALISBURY, MD.



He is prepared to do you FIRST CLASS work on Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery. Satisfaction is guaranteed. Mail orders promptly attended to. He has a nice line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses of all kinds—prices the very lowest. Eyes tested and glasses fitted to the eyes. Glasses changed into other frames. Call and see him before purchasing. He will do you good. Wedding rings a specialty. Rings made to order. A. W. WOODCOCK'S store is the place to get the worth of your money.

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PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c. Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address **MUNN & CO.,** 361 Broadway, New York.

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NEW KID GLOVE STORE.**

Importer of Kid Gloves, Leather Goods, Corsets, Vellings, Notions and Novelties. FOSTER HOOK GLOVES A SPECIALTY. Gloves for Men, Women, Boys and Girls. All warranted kid gloves sold by us are fitted at our counter.

JOHN E. TRIBBLE.
24 West Lexington St., BALTIMORE, MD.

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Quarters on Main Street, in the Business Centre of Salisbury. Everything clean, cool and airy.

Hair cut with artistic elegance, and an ANY, SMOOTH, and

Comfortable Shave Guaranteed.

**JAY WILLIAMS
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First class repairing with improved tools, and your watch or clock guaranteed for one year. Fine and complicated work—my specialty. Waltham and Elgin watches always in stock.

**Salisbury Machine Works
CORN SHELLERS**

Call and examine our improved Corn Shellers. They are very complete and very cheap. We can suit you in size and price—\$4.00 to \$15.00 We can

REPAIR YOUR OLD ONE

and make it work like new.

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SAW MILLS,

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Also Flour, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay, Lime, Hair, Cement, Plaster, and Fertilizers.

Charles Bethke,

PRACTICAL

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SALISBURY, MD.

A full and complete line of Foreign and Domestic Worsteds and Wool-lens in stock.

THE MISTAKEN MARY

IT MEANS THAT WE HAVE AN EVERY-DAY CHRIST.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Says the Fact of This Resurrection Scene Should Be Told in Fact and Mine and Home For the Glorious Consolation It Affords.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—This sermon of Dr. Talmage will set its readers to thinking on new lines, and will make this season of Easter more inspiring than ever. The text is, John xx, 15, "She, supposing him to be the gardener."

Here are Mary Magdalene and Christ, just after his resurrection. For 4,000 years a grim and ghastly tyrant had been killing people and dragging them into his cold palace. He had a passion for human skulls. For 40 centuries he had been unhindered in his work. He had taken down kings and queens and conquerors and those without fame. In that cold palace there were shelves of skulls and pillars of skulls and altars of skulls and even the chalices at the table were made of bleached skulls. To the skeleton of Abel he had added the skeleton of all the ages, and no one had disputed his right until one Good Friday, about 1867 years ago, as near as I can calculate it, a mighty stranger came to the door of that awful palace, rolled back the door, and went in, and seizing the tyrant threw him to the pavement and put upon the tyrant's neck the heel of triumph.

The Easter Morning.

Then the mighty stranger, exploring all the ghastly furniture of the place and walking through the labyrinths and opening the dark cellars of mystery and carrying under a roof the ribs of which were made of human bones—tarrying for two nights and a day, the nights very dark and the day very dismal, he seized the two chief pillars of that awful palace and rocked them until it began to fall, and then, laying hold of the ponderous front gate, hoisted it from its hinges and marched forth, crying, "I am the resurrection." That event we celebrate this Easter morn. Handel and Beethoven miracles of sound added to this floral decoration which has set the place ablaze.

There are three or four things which the world and the church have not noticed in regard to the resurrection of Christ. First, our Lord in gardener's attire. Mary Magdalene, grief-stricken, stands by the rifled sarcophagus of Christ and turns around, hoping she can find the track of the sacrilegious resurrectionist who has despoiled the grave, and she finds some one in working apparel come forth as if to water the flowers or uproot the weeds from the garden or set to reclaiming the fallen vine—some one in working apparel, his garments perhaps having the sign of the dust and the dirt of the occupation.

Mary Magdalene, on her face the rain of a fresh shower of weeping, turns to this workman and charges him with the desecration of the tomb, when, lo! the stranger responds, flinging his whole soul into one word which trembles with all the sweetest rhythm of earth and heaven, saying, "Mary!" In that peculiarity of accentuation all the incognito fell off, and she found that instead of talking with an humble gardener of Asia Minor, she was talking with him who owns all the hanging gardens of heaven. Constellations the clusters of forgetmenots, the sunflower the chief of all, the morning sky and midnight aurora, flaring terraces of beauty, blazing like a summer wall with coronation roses and giants of battle. Blessed and glorious mistake of Mary Magdalene! "She, supposing him to be the gardener." What does that mean? It means that we have an everyday Christ for everyday work in everyday apparel. Not on Sabbath morning in our most seemly apparel are we more attractive to Christ than we are in our everyday work dress, managing our merchandise, smiting our anvil, plowing our field, tending the flying shuttles, mending the garments for our household, providing food for our families or toiling with weary pen or weary pencil or weary chisel. A working day Christ in working day apparel for us in our everyday toil. Put it into the highest strain of this Easter anthem, "Supposing him to be the gardener."

In-Working Garb.

If Christ had appeared at daybreak with a crown upon his head, that would have seemed to suggest especial sympathy for monarchs. If Christ had appeared in chain of gold and with robe diamonded, that would have seemed to be especial sympathy for the affluent. If Christ had appeared with soldier's sash and sword dangling at his side, that would have seemed to imply especial sympathy for warriors. But when I find Christ in gardener's habit, with perhaps the flakes of the earth and of the upturned soil upon his garments, then I spell it out that he has hearty and pathetic understanding with everyday work and everyday anxiety and everyday fatigue.

Roll it down in comfort all through these aisles. A working day Christ in working day apparel. Tell it in the darkest corridor of the mountain to the poor miner. Tell it to the factory maid in most unpventilated establishment at

Lowell or Lancaster. Tell it to the clearer of roughest new ground in western wilderness. Tell it to the sewing woman, a stitch in the side for every stitch in the garment, some of their cruel employers having no right to think that they will get through the door of heaven any more than they could through the eye of a broken needle which has just dropped on the bare floor from the pricked and bleeding fingers of the consumptive sewing girl. Away with your talk about hypostatic union and soteriology of the council of Trent and the metaphysics of religion which would freeze practical Christianity out of the world, but pass along this gardener's coat to all nations that they may touch the hem of it and feel the thrill of the Christly brotherhood. Not supposing him to be Caesar, not supposing him to be Socrates, but "supposing him to be the gardener."

Oh, that is what helped Joseph Wedgwood, toiling amid the heat and the dust of the potteries, until he could make for Queen Charlotte the first royal table service of English manufacture. That was what helped James Watt, scoffed at and caricatured, until he could put on wheels the thunderbolt of power which roars by day and by night in every furnace of the locomotive engines of America. That is what helped Hugh Miller, toiling amid the quarries of Cromarty, until every rock became to him a volume of the world's biography, and he found the footsteps of the Creator in the old red sandstone. Oh, the world wants a Christ for the office, a Christ for the kitchen, a Christ for the shop, a Christ for the banking house, a Christ for the garden, while spading and planting and irrigating the territory! Oh, of course we want to see Christ at last in royal robe and bediamonded, a celestial equestrian mounting the white horse, but from this Easter of 1897 to our last Easter on earth we most need to see Christ as Mary Magdalene saw him at the daybreak, "supposing him to be gardener."

His First Appearance.

Another thing which the church and the world have not noticed in regard to the resurrection of Christ is that he made his first postmortem appearance to one who had been the seven devils Mary Magdalene. One would have supposed he would have made his first posthumous appearance to a woman who had always been illustrious for goodness.

There are saintly women who have always been saintly—saintly in girlhood, saintly in infancy, always saintly. In nearly all our families there have been saintly aunts. In my family circle it was saintly aunt Phoebe; in yours saintly aunt Martha or saintly aunt Ruth. One always saintly. But not so was the one spoken of in the text.

While you are not to confound her with the repentant courtesan who had made her long locks do the work of towel at Christ's foot washing, you are not to forget that she was exorcised of seven devils. What a capital of demonology she must have been! What a chorus of all diabolism! Seven devils—two for the eyes and two for the hands and two for the feet and one for the tongue. Seven devils; yet all these are extirpated, and now she is as good as once she was bad, and Christ honors her with the first posthumous appearance. What does that mean?

Why, it means for worst sinner greatest grace; it means those lowest down shall come, perhaps, highest up; it means that the clock that strikes 12 at midnight may strike 12 at noon; it means that the grace of God is seven times stronger than sin. Mary Magdalene the seven devils became Mary Magdalene the seven angels. It means that when the Lord meets us at last he will not throw up to us what we have been. All he said to her was, "Mary!" Many people having met her under such circumstances would have said: "Let me see, how many devils did you have? One, two, three, four, five, six, seven. What a terrible piece you were when I first met you!" The most of the Christian women in our day would have nothing to do with Mary Magdalene even after her conversion, lest somehow they be compromised. The only thing I have to say against women is that they have not enough mercy for Mary Magdalene. Christ put all pathos and all reminiscence and all anticipation and all pardon and all comfort and all heaven into one word of four letters, "Mary!" Mark you, Christ did not appear to some Bible Elizabeth or Bible Hannah or Bible Esther or Bible Deborah or Bible Vashti, but to Mary; not to a Mary against whom nothing was said; not to Mary the mother of Jesus; not to Mary the mother of James; not to Mary the sister of Lazarus, but to a seven devils Mary.

A Seven Devils Man.

There is a man seven devils—devil of avarice, devil of pride, devil of hate, devil of indolence, devil of falsehood, devil of strong drink, devil of impurity. God can take them all away, 7 or 70. I rode over the new cantilever bridge that spans Niagara—a bridge 900 feet long, 850 feet of chasm from bluff to bluff. I passed over it without any anxiety. Why? Because 22 locomotives and 22 cars laden with gravel had tested the bridge, thousands of people standing on the Canadian side, thousands standing on the American side to applaud the achievement. And however long the train of our immortal interests may be, we are to remember that God's bridge of mercy spanning the chasm of sin has been fully tested by the awful tonnage of all the pardoned sin of all the ages.

church militant standing on one bank, church triumphant standing on the other bank. Oh, it was to the seven devils Mary that Christ made his first post-mortem appearance.

There is another thing that the world and the church have not observed in regard to this resurrection, and that is, it was the morning twilight.

If the chronometer had been invented and Mary had as good a watch as some of the Marys of our time have, she would have found it was about half past 5 o'clock a. m. Matthew says it was in the dawn; Mark says it was at the sun rising; Luke says it was very early in the morning; John says it was while it was yet dark. In other words, it was twilight. That was the o'clock at which Mary Magdalene mistook Christ for the gardener. What does that mean? It means there are shadows over the grave unlifted—shadows of mystery that are hovering. Mary stooped down and tried to look to the other end of the crypt. She gave hysterical outcry. She could not see to the other end of the crypt. Neither can you see to the other end of the grave of your dead. Neither can we see to the other end of our own grave. Oh, if there were shadows over the family plot belonging to Joseph of Arimathea, is it strange that there should be some shadows over our family lot? Easter dawn, not Easter noon.

Shadow of unanswered question! Why were they taken away from us? Why were they ever given to us if they were to be taken so soon? Why were they taken so suddenly? Why could they not have uttered some farewell words? Why? A short question, but a whole crucifixion of agony in it. Why? Shadow on the graves of good men and women who seemed to die before their work was done. Shadow on all the graves of children because we ask ourselves why so beautiful a craft launched at all if it was to be wrecked one mile outside of the harbor? But what did Mary Magdalene have to do in order to get more light on that grave? She had only to wait. After awhile the Easter sun rolled up, and the whole place was flooded with light. What have you and I to do in order to get more light on our own graves and light upon the graves of our dear loved ones? Only to wait.

The Morning Twilight.

Charles V of Spain, with his servants and torches, went down into the vault of the necropolis where his ancestors were buried, and went deeper, farther on until he came to a cross around which were arranged the caskets of his ancestors. He also found a casket containing the body of one of his own family. He had that casket opened, and there by embalmer's art he found that the body was as perfect as 18 years before when it was entombed. But under the exploration his body and mind perished. Oh, my friends, do not let us morbidly struggle with the shadows of the sepulcher. What are we to do? Wait. It is not the evening twilight that gets darker and darker. It is the morning twilight that gets brighter and brighter into the perfect day. I preach it today. Sunrise over Pere le Chaise, sunrise over Greyfriars churchyard, sunrise over Greenwood, over Woodlawn, over Laurel Hill, over Mount Auburn, over Congressional burying ground, sunrise over every country graveyard, sunrise over the catacombs, sunrise over the sarcophagi where the ships lie buried. Half past 5 o'clock among the tombs now, but soon to be the noonday of explanation and beatitude. It was in the morning twilight that Mary Magdalene mistook Christ for a gardener.

Another thing the world and the church have not observed—that is, Christ's pathetic credentials. How do you know it was not a gardener? His garments said he was a gardener. The flakes of the upturned earth scattered upon his garments said he was a gardener. How do you know he was not a gardener? Ah! Before Easter had gone, by he gave to some of his disciples his three credentials. He showed them his hands and his side. Three paragraphs written in rigid or depressed letters. A scar in the right palm, a scar in the left palm, a scar amid the ribs—scars, scars. That is the way they knew him. That is the way you and I will know him.

Aye, am I saying this morning too much when I say that will be one of the ways in which you and I will know each other by the scars of earth—scars of accident, scars of sickness, scars of persecution, scars of hard work, scars of battle, scars of old age. When I see Christ's resurrected body having scars, it makes me think that our remodeled and resurrected bodies will have scars. Why, before we get out of this world some of us will be covered with scars all over. Heaven will not be a bay into which float summer yachts after a pleasuring with the gay bunting and with the embroidered sails as fair as when they were first unfurled. Heaven will be more like a navy yard where men-of-war come in from Trafalgar and Lepanto—men-of-war with masts twisted by a cyclone, men-of-war struck on all sides by 74 pounders, men-of-war with decks scorched of the shell. Old Constitutions, old Constellations, floating in discharged from service to rest forever. In the resurrection Christ credentialed by scars. You and I will be credentialed and will recognize each other by scars. Do you think them now a disfigurement? Do you think them now a badge of endurance? I tell you the glorious thought this morning, they are going to be the means of heavenly recognition.

A Notable Fact.

There is one more thing that the world and the church have not noticed in this resurrection of Christ, and that is that Christ from Friday to Sabbath was lifeless in a hot climate where sanitary prudence demanded that burial take place the same day as death, and where there was no ice to retard dissolution. Yet, after three days he comes up so healthful, so robust and so rubicund Mary Magdalene takes him for a gardener. Not supposing him to be an invalid from a hospital, not supposing him to be a corpse from the tomb, but supposing him to be the gardener. Healthful by the breath of the upturned sod and by a perpetual life in the sunshine.

After Christ's interment every cellular tissue broke down, and nerve and artery and brain were a physiological wreck, and yet he comes up swarthy, rubicund and well. When I see after such mortuary silence such radiant appearance, that settles it that whatever should become of the bodies of our Christian dead, they are going to come up, the nerves restructuring, the optic nerve reillumined, the ear drum a-vibrate, the whole body lifted up, without its weaknesses and worldly uses for which there is no resurrection. Come, is it not almost time for us to go out to meet our reanimated dead? Can you not hear the lifting of the rusted latch?

Oh, the glorious thought, the glorious consolation of this subject when I find Christ coming up without any of the lacerations—for you must remember he was lacerated and wounded fearfully in the crucifixion—coming up without one! What does that make me think? That the grave will get nothing of us except our wounds and imperfections. Christ went into the grave exhausted and bloodless. All the currents of his life had poured out from his wounds. He had lived a life of trouble, sorrow and privation, and then he died a lingering death. His entire body hung on four spikes. No invalid of 20 years' suffering ever went into the grave so white and ghastly and broken down as Christ, and yet here he comes up so rubicund and robust she supposed him to be the gardener.

Ah, all the side aches, and the head-aches, and the back aches, and the leg aches, and the heart aches we will leave where Christ left his! The ear will come up without its heaviness, the eye will come up without its dimness, the lungs will come up without oppressed respiration. Oh, what races we will run when we become immortal athletes! Oh, what circuits we will take when, all earthly imperfections subtracted and all celestial velocities added, we shall set up our residence in that city which, though vaster than all the cities of this world, shall never have one obsequy!

Standing this morning round the shattered masonry of our Lord's tomb, I point you to a world without hearse, without muffled drum, without tumult, without catafalque and without a tear. Amid all the cathedrals of the blessed no longer the "Dead March On Saul," but whole libretti of "Halleluiahs Chorus." Oh, put trumpet to lip and finger to key and loving forehead against the bosom of a risen Christ! Halleluiahs, amen! Halleluiahs, amen!

"Eating Him Back."

In a farming district in Louisiana a candidate once made a very sensible talk to some of his discontented constituents. He told them that it was hard to draw the line between the rich and the poor. "You call the Blanks rich people," he said, "but they are simply well to do farmers. Over yonder, in the river bottom, they would be regarded as men of very moderate means. But the big planters of the bottom lands, even when they are out of debt, are poor men by the side of the great merchants, manufacturers and general operators in the cities. You think yourselves poor, but there are men who look upon you as people in easy circumstances. You are foolish to array the man with two horses against the man who has only one."

He then told the following story: "One day a farmer rode into a little country town in a state adjoining Louisiana and got into talk with some friends at a store where he had gone to make some purchases. 'Well, John,' said one, 'how are you getting along?' 'What, me? Oh, tolerably well—just the same, just like I always do.' 'And all the neighbors out your way, how are they getting along?' 'Well, they're just the same, too—just like I am. We never allow any difference out our way, you know.' 'No? Well, how do you manage that?' 'Well, whenever we notice any fellow getting ahead, you know, we just go to see him, and we stay with him until we eat him back.'"

There are many such communities. When people see their neighbors getting ahead, they swarm around them and "eat them back."—Atlanta Constitution.

Working Both Ends.

Local papers say that the enterprising hunters near the boundary line have a way of taking advantage of both the Maine and the New Hampshire laws and so get double bounty upon every bear they kill. New Hampshire pays so much for each pair of ears, while Maine keeps tally by the nose. It is not likely that the bear hunters in question are much struck with the arguments of those who urge that there should be uniform legislation upon a matter of this kind.

H. L. D. STAFFORD, Solicitor.

Mortgagee's Sale

—OF—

VALUABLE FARM

PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Levin J. Gale and wife, to Wm. H. Gale and Anna L. Gale of the survivors of them, dated the 29th day of July, 1882, and recorded among the land records of Wicomico county, state of Maryland, in Liber S. P. T. No. 5, folios 74, 75, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the court house door in Salisbury, Maryland, on

SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1897.

at or about the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., all the right, title and interest of the parties to said mortgage, in and to the following property viz: All that farm, tract or parcel of land,

CONTAINING 200 ACRES

of land, more or less, with all the improvements thereon, mentioned and described in said mortgage, situated about two miles from the village of Quantico in Quantico election district, in Wicomico county aforesaid, on the county road leading from Quantico to Nutter's Neck, and adjoining the farm formerly belonging to Wm. H. Farrington, deceased, and being the same farm or tract of land of which John M. Phillips died, seized and possessed, and whereon said Phillips resided at the time of his death, and being also the same farm or tract of land which was conveyed unto said Levin J. Gale by E. Stanley Towdvin, trustee, by deed duly recorded among the aforesaid land records in Liber S. P. T. No. 5, folios 73 and 74.

TERMS OF SALE.—prescribed by said mortgage—CASH, Title papers at purchaser's expense.

WM. H. GALE,

Surviving Mortgagee.

Mortgagee's Sale.

By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Wm. H. Dixon and wife to the Salisbury Permanent Building and Loan Association, dated June 28, 1883, and recorded among the land records of Wicomico county in Liber J. T. T. No. 10, folio 217, I will sell at public auction on

Saturday, May 8,

1897, at 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the court house door in Salisbury, Md., all that lot of land in Nutter's district, Wicomico county, Md., in that part of Salisbury known as "South Salisbury" on the north side of and binding upon Vine street and on the East side of and binding upon Hastings street, being lot No. 1, as surveyed by H. D. Powell, being a part of the property originally belonging to Job W. Hastings and wife.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH.

Title papers at purchaser's expense.

JAS. E. ELLEGOOD,

Attorney named in Mortgage.

ORDER NISI.

Samuel Bacon vs Samuel J. Phillips, et al.

In the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, in Equity No. 1001. March term, 1897.

Ordered that the sale of property mentioned in these proceedings, with the distribution of the proceeds of sale made and reported by Jas. E. Ellegood, trustee in the above cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of May next, provided, a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico county once in each of three successive weeks before the 5th day of May 1897.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$51.00.

True copy test: CHAS. F. HOLLAND,

JAS. T. TRUITT, Clerk.

Tax Ditch Ratification Report.

It is, this 21st day of March '97 ordered, that the report of John W. Laws, John J. Parsons and Jason E. Tighman, Commissioners appointed to lay out and assess damages and fees for a ditch: Beginning on the land of Elijah Carey in a branch known as Horse Bridge and extending through the lands of Daniel R. Holloway, Elijah T. Holloway, E. Q. Vawter, Billy H. Holloway, George B. Parker and others named in the petition for said ditch, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the first day of May 1897.

H. LAIRD TODD,

Clerk of Co. Commissioners.

ORDER NISI.

The Wicomico Building & Loan Association, of Salisbury, Md., vs. Claudius W. Harrington and Mary A. Harrington.

In the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, in Equity No. 1114 March Term, 1897.

Ordered that the sale of property mentioned in these proceedings made and reported by E. Stanley Towdvin, attorney named in mortgage to the Wicomico Building & Loan Association, of Salisbury, Md., from Claudius W. Harrington and Mary A. Harrington, and the distribution be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 25th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico county once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of April next. The report states the amount of sales to be \$392.00.

True Copy To: CHAS. F. HOLLAND,

JAMES T. TRUITT, Clerk.

CASTORIA

The facsimile signature of

AMERICA'S POMPEII.

INTERESTING DISCOVERIES MADE BY AN ALASKAN TRAVELER.

Relics of an Unknown Race Revealed by an Avalanche—The Walls of What May Be a Prehistoric City Laid Bare—Some Beautiful Specimens of Pottery.

One of the most interesting theories in regard to the ancient colonization of America is that relating to its Asiatic origin. These theories were supported by tribal traditions, chiefly among the highly civilized races of Mexico as they were discovered by the Spaniards, from an analysis of which it would appear that the first settlements of this continent were Asiatic—for the time of a high degree of cultivation, in time over-run and subjugated by more warlike and powerful invaders, who, like themselves, came from the north.

Archaeological discoveries in New Mexico, Arizona and California have tended to confirm these obscure legends, and now a correspondent of The Globe-Democrat of St. Louis presents the latest claims in the evidence of a Professor Alfred Eldridge of Montreal as to recent discoveries made by him in Alaska. Professor Eldridge's statements to the correspondent were, in brief, as follows:

"At the mouth of the Kuvialik river, on the shore of Kotzebue sound, I encountered a small settlement of Indians, who were much surprised at my desire to proceed up the stream.

"The chief did all in his power to persuade me to abandon my project, explaining unbearable perils galore which I would be certain to encounter. The savages seemed to think the district cursed by the Great Spirit, and nothing could tempt them to set foot on it.

"I did not feel uneasy, however, until I arrived at the mouth of the Kuvialik. As I entered the mouth of this frozen river it seemed as though I could read, 'Abandon hope, all ye who enter here,' written across its horizon, and the vision of a possible Dantesque 'Inferno' beyond amazed me.

"On the border of a little lake where I stopped my attention was drawn to a spot half way up a steep peak, which had evidently suffered some recent disturbance. On arriving at the situation I saw that a great body of earth had broken away and rolled down the mountain.

"The first thing to attract me was the discovery of a small piece of broken earthenware, light brown in color, with an artistically worked trimming of Greek design worked in black pigment. It was just such a piece as those I had found in New Mexico some years before, and any one can imagine my amazement at its discovery in that quarter.

"I turned quickly to scan the sides of the earth where the avalanche had torn it apart, and in the midst of the crevice, not 300 yards away from where I stood, I saw the protrusion of a wall of dull gray masonry, crumbling and broken, but showing beyond all doubt, even at that distance, that the builder was human. On making further investigations I found evidences of numerous other walls at a distance of 30 or more feet apart, and some of them revealed corners of masonry.

"It soon became evident to me that I had discovered an American Pompeii through the work of the avalanche. The remains of houses I saw were undoubtedly those of a prehistoric city, covered with earth and debris, which had hidden it through some volcanic action, possibly during, but most likely long after, its desertion, centuries on centuries ago.

"All of the masonry was of beautiful symmetry, constructed of hewn sandstone blocks of an approximately even size, laid in strong mortar beds and with the joints broken. There were many pieces of broken pottery and other articles of domestic use lying around the ruins.

"But I sought higher game, and after preparing a wooden handle to a copper spade which I picked up on the scene I went to dig; most industriously. Almost immediately my antiquated spade unearthed a few more fragments of pottery, which seemed an ominous sign. As I reached about six feet beneath the surface pots, vases, cups, plates, jugs, pipes and numerous articles of doubtful use and too heavy to bring away with me were uncovered with almost every thrust of the spade. The last articles my spade revealed were mixed sizes of arrows, spears of odd design, scrapers, hatchets and drills.

"I dug into a square room which had no windows in the walls. Here I found some of the finest specimens of pottery I have ever seen. They were beautifully decorated and finished in a way that is a lost art to modern potters. There were many exquisitely shaped jars, about 3 feet tall and as perfectly preserved as the china just delivered from the hands of our nineteenth century potters—if anything, more artistically proportioned.

"It does not require much thought or study to see an undeniable connection between the evidence of prehistoric habitation in Spanish-America and those which I have unearthed in northern Alaska, a fact which opens an entirely new and extensive field for archaeological study."

SIXTY YEARS A QUEEN.

Celebrations in England Soon to Begin and Others to Follow Them.

Queen Victoria, born in 1819, is by no means the oldest of living monarchs or potentates. The king of Denmark, Christian IX, is one year older. There are three German sovereigns older than Queen Victoria, and Pope Leo XIII was 9 years old when Queen Victoria was born. But in respect of the duration of her reign Queen Victoria is the oldest living of sovereigns, for she ascended the throne of Great Britain in 1837, and on June 20 next will complete the sixtieth year of her reign. The next oldest of the sovereigns of the world is Francis Joseph of Austria-Hungary, who ascended the throne in Vienna in 1848.

Sixty years' reign for one monarch is an unusual thing even in England, where revolutions have been rare and where the present royal family is of great longevity. George I reigned 12 years; George II, 33 years; George III, 59 years 8 months; George IV, 10 years; William IV, 7 years; Edward III, 50 years; Henry VIII, 38 years; Mary, 5 years; Elizabeth, 44 years. In honor of the queen's 60 years' reign many patriotic Englishmen are already preparing celebrations and festivities designed to show the increase of England's influence and her progress in commerce and the mechanical arts since 1837. Great preparations have been made for the international electrical and engineering exhibition at Newcastle-on-Tyne. The progress and development in electrical and other branches of industry since 1837 will be illustrated there. Newcastle is well chosen for this purpose because not only is it a great center of manufacturing industry, but it is representative of many of those interests which have grown most notably since 1837. Beginning in April, a similar exhibition will be held at Blackpool. This exhibition will be less representative of the mechanical advance in England than of the growth of the country in other directions. Since 1837 the increase in the population of England, including Wales, has been from 15,000,000 to 29,000,000. The population of Scotland in 1837 was 2,700,000 and is now 4,000,000, but Ireland, which had at that time a population of 8,000,000, has now only 4,700,000.

From 1837 to 1897 the population of London has increased from 1,700,000 to 5,000,000. Liverpool has grown from 200,000 to 600,000; Manchester, from 220,000 to 405,000, and Newcastle, where the first of the celebrations is to be held, from 68,000 to 190,000. The commerce of England has increased in even greater ratio and the material wealth of England has more than doubled during the 60 years. But the value of land, particularly agricultural land, outside of the great cities, is less now than it was 60 years ago, and the falling off is so great as to offset even the increase in some of the large cities.—New York Sun.

Color Photography.

Foreign photographers are still examining and discussing with extreme interest the colored pictures produced by M. Villedieu-Chassagne. They cannot understand how the results they see can possibly be attained in the way the inventor says, and yet, as they have been allowed to watch the development of plates by the new process, they are equally unwilling to admit that there is any trickery in the matter. The latest description of how the work is done says that a silver print is made from an ordinary negative in the usual way, but on a specially prepared albumenized paper. This print is first covered with a colorless liquid, which may be called the mordant. Then three dyes in solution—a crimson red, a grass green and a deep blue—are applied one after the other. This has to be done in bright daylight.

The blue dye first takes hold of those portions of the surface which represent monochrome blues in the original. For instance, a china vase will take the blue tint and a face or hands a faint amount of the same color. The green dye is then applied, and the greens in the original make their appearance in the positive, and so with the red. Finally the print, or positive, presents a picture in colors, underlying which is the dark brown silver image. It appears as if the image took up selectively these three colors, but why it takes them up it is hard to see. Others than the inventor have been supplied by him with the mysterious solutions and are able to produce results as good as he shows, proving conclusively that the coloring is not done by hand.

Charitable Theory.

"I'd like to know who is sending me these anonymous letters," said the head of the firm.

"And what's that?" asked the porter. "A letter without any signature, of course. This makes the third one I have received in two weeks."

"Perhaps," said Mike, "perhaps the poor man cannot write his name at all."—Detroit Free Press.

Active, Passive and Neuter.

A little grammar found in an old garret at Portland, N. H., has illustrations of the rules as follows: The active, passive and neuter verbs are represented by the picture of a father whipping his little boy. The father is active, the boy is passive and the mother sitting by herself on a stool looking on, but doing nothing, is neuter.

NEW COLLEGE GARDENS, OXFORD.

On this old lawn, where last hours pass Across the shadows dark with dew, Where autumn on the thick sweet grass Has laid a weary leaf or two, When the young morning, keenly sweet, Breathes secrets to the silent air, Happy is he whose lingering feet May wander lonely there.

The enchantment of the dreaming lines, The magic of the quiet hours, Breathe unheard tales of other times And other destinies than ours. The feet that long ago walked here Still, noiseless, walk beside our feet, Poor ghosts, who found this garden dear And found the morning sweet.

Age weeps that it no more may hold The heartache that youth clings so close, Pain finely shaped in pleasure's mold, A thorn deep hidden in a rose. Here is the immortal thorny rose That may in no new garden grow— Its root is in the hearts of those Who walked here long ago! —E. Nesbit.

FIRE ALARM BOXES.

The Mechanism That Summons Help in Case of Fire.

Charles T. Hill contributes an article entitled "An Alarm of Fire by Telegraph" to St. Nicholas, describing the fire alarm system of New York. Concerning the fire alarm boxes Mr. Hill writes: This box forms part of a lamp-post, the post being so constructed that the box is inserted in the middle. The box is painted a bright red, and the lamp at night shows a red light, thus making it easily discernible either by day or night. The wires from the box are conveyed down through the center of the post to conduits buried in the street and thence on to fire headquarters.

White letters on a red pane of glass, in the lamp over the box, give directions how to send an alarm. The same directions in raised letters are found on the face of the box. If we turn the large brass handle on the outside as far as it will go, a loud gong will ring inside. This is not the alarm, but simply a warning bell to notify the policeman on the beat that the box is being opened and to prevent the sending in of malicious or false alarms of fire, an offense that is punishable in New York state by a fine of \$100 and one year's imprisonment. Turning this handle as far as it will go opens the outer door, and we find inside another door, with a slot at the left hand side, and at the top of this slot a hook projecting. By pulling down this hook once and releasing it we set at work certain clockwork mechanism inside, and this sends in the alarm.

When the first officer arriving at a fire discovers that it is of enough importance to warrant his sending for reinforcements, he opens this inner door and with the Morse key sends in a second, third, fourth, fifth or sixth alarm, as the case may be, or a call for any special apparatus that he may need. The inspectors of boxes can also carry on a conversation in the Morse alphabet with the operator at headquarters on this key and sounder.

Always Running.

"Your wife has such a liquid voice," said Mr. Fiedick to Mr. Tiff.

"Yes, that's a pretty good name for it," replied Mr. Tiff.

Mr. Fiedick looked up inquiringly, and Mr. Tiff added, "It never dries up, you know."—Harper's Bazar.

Swords were formerly all handmade, the utmost dexterity and skill being required to give the steel the proper temper. In the ordinary sabers now used in the army machinery is, to a limited extent, employed.



"I guess I've been victimized." That's the guess of many a hard-working man, who, worn-out, nervous and sleepless, has been for months paying exorbitant bills to a high-priced doctor without a dollar's worth of benefit. Frequently the guess is entirely correct. There are too many doctors who are only lifted out of obscurity by the size of their bills.

The business man or working man who gets run-down and in ill-health from overwork, needs the advice and treatment of a physician who is famous for the thousands of cases he has cured, and not for the thousands of dollars he has charged. In Dr. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., he will find that kind of a physician. For thirty years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo.

He is the discoverer of a wonderful medicine known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a marvelous medicine for broken down men and women. It whets the appetite, purifies the blood, makes the digestion perfect and the liver active. Through the blood it acts directly on every organ of the body, driving out impurities and disease germs. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and nerve-tonic. It cures nervous prostration and exhaustion, malaria, liver troubles, rheumatism, blood and skin diseases and 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption, weak lungs, spitting of blood, lingering coughs and kindred ailments. When you ask a dealer for the "Golden Medical Discovery" insist upon having it. A dealer is not a physician and has no right to advise some substitute. When the trouble is of long standing write to Dr. Pierce, who will answer letters from sufferers without charge. Very serious or complicated cases, or those needing surgical treatment, sometimes find it necessary to come to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, for personal treatment and care. Dr. Pierce can be addressed there.

THE DREADED CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

T. A. Slocum, M. D., the Great Chemist and Scientist, will send, Free, Three Bottles of His Newly Discovered Remedy to Sufferers.

Editor Advertiser:—I have discovered a reliable cure for Consumption, and all Bronchial, Throat and Lung Diseases, General Decline, Loss of Flesh, and all conditions of Wasting Away. By its timely use thousands of apparently hopeless cases have been cured. So proof-positive am I of its power to cure, that to make its merits known, I will send, free, to any afflicted reader of your paper, three bottles of my Newly Discovered Remedy upon receipt of Express and Postoffice address.

T. A. SLOCUM, M. D., 38 Pine Street, New York.

When writing the Doctor mention this paper.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. K. Leathery has this 5th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less in the three story frame hotel building situated on the Main street in the town of White Haven Wicomico county, Md., known as the White Haven Hotel, and owned and occupied by the occupant.

H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Theodore A. Veasey has this 5th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county, for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the three story frame building in the town of Delmar, Wicomico county, Md., on the corner of State street and Railroad avenue and known as the Veasey house, owned and occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. C. Huston has this 5th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county, for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the two story brick building, in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on the South side of Main street, between the properties of A. A. Gillis and S. Frank Toadvin, known as the Gottschalk property, and now occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac S. Brewington has this 6th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell Malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the three story brick building in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on the corner of Main and St. Peters Streets, known as the Peninsula hotel, and occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac S. Brewington has this 6th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell Malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the two story brick building in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on the corner of Mill and West church streets, now occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that John C. Bailey has this 6th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the two story frame building in the town of Quantico, Wicomico county, Md., on the Main street of said town, and known as the Quantico hotel, at present occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that F. Ulman & Bro. have this 2d day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the brick building in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, in the state of Maryland, on the south side of Main street and adjoining the store of the Dorman & Smyth Hardware Company, and known as the Ulman Opera House and owned by the applicants.

H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk to County Commissioners of Wicomico County.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Henry J. Byrd has this thirteenth day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the two story frame building in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on the south side of Main street, west of the Pivotal bridge, and formerly occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk to County Commissioners of Wicomico county.

SHERIFF'S LICENSE NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS and bodies corporate or politic in Wicomico county, who are exercising any business, or shall be doing any act or thing, or shall be in the occupation of any house or place for any purpose for which a license is made necessary by the laws of Maryland are hereby warned to obtain a license, or renew the same on or before the

FIRST DAY OF MAY,

1897, under penalty prescribed by said laws for the infraction thereof.

Those interested are notified of the following requirements of the License Laws:

TRADE'S LICENSES.—The amount to be paid by traders for a license (the amount of stock at the principal season of sale to be given under oath), is as follows:

If the applicant's stock in trade does not exceed \$1,000, and not over \$1,500 \$12 00
Over 1,500 " " " " 25 00
" 2,500 " " " " 30 00
" 4,000 " " " " 30 00
" 6,000 " " " " 40 00
" 8,000 " " " " 40 00
" 10,000 " " " " 40 00
" 15,000 " " " " 70 00
" 20,000 " " " " 100 00
" 30,000 " " " " 125 00
" 40,000 " " " " 150 00

The applicant must either make oath, as heretofore, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at the principal season of sale.

Persons may sell to cash in March, April and May without license the vendors of cakes and vendors of beer and cider, who are the makers of such beer and cider, (lager beer excepted,) are not required to pay license.

LICENSES TO ORDINARIES & TAVERN KEEPERS.

By the Act of 1891, Chap. 130, regulating the sale or intoxicating liquors in Wicomico county, applicants desiring license to sell intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less are required to pay to the clerk of the county commissioners of Wicomico county \$200 therefor, to be deposited with the clerk on filing their applications.

All persons who desire to sell by the wholesale spirituous or fermented liquors are required to pay to the clerk of the county commissioners \$200 to be deposited with said clerk on filing their applications.

All persons to whom such license (as aforesaid) shall be granted by the county commissioners of Wicomico county, shall also pay to said clerk the sum of one dollar as his fee for issuing the same.

FEMALES VENDING MILLINERY and other small articles, whose stock is not over \$500, pay a license of \$6 00 only; but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons—Oath to be made as to amount of stock at principal season of the year.

LICENSES TO OWNERS AND KEEPERS OF STALLIONS AND JACKS.

The owner or keeper of every stallion or jack shall before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties in this State, the highest sum which he intends to ask or receive for the season of one mare, and the receipt of the said Clerk, with the seal of his Court attached thereto for said sum, shall be the license for stationing or standing of such stallion or jack for one year from the date thereof provided, that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid by this section for such license be less than ten dollars; and that every stallion or jack upon which the said tax is paid shall be exempt from all other State tax.

JAMES C. JOHNSON, Sheriff of Wicomico County

STATEMENT SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE WEST CHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, DEC. 31, 1896.

ASSETS.	
Value of real estate and ground rents owned by the company less amount of encumbrance thereon.....	\$218 500 00
Loans on bonds and mortgages.....	528 200 00
Stocks and bonds absolutely owned by the company, (market value).....	1 174 100 00
Interest due and accrued on stocks, bonds and other securities.....	4 799 31
Cash in company's principal office and belonging to the company deposited in bank.....	81 562 42
Premiums due and in course of collection.....	234 882 76
Total admitted assets.....	2 241 054 49

LIABILITIES.	
Losses reported, adjusted and unpaid.....	105 084 72
Reserve as required by law.....	1 062 730 55
All other claims.....	49 243 47
Total liabilities.....	1 217 055 74

Surplus as regards policy holders \$1 023 998 75

Capital stock paid up.....	500 000 00
Surplus as regards stockholders.....	768 389 47
Total income.....	1 348 090 00
Total expenditures.....	1 152 112 96
Amount of policies in force in United States on Dec. 31, 1896.....	105 273 406 00
Amount of policies written in Maryland during the year 1896.....	1 829 450 00
Premiums received on Maryland business in 1896.....	15 473 71
Losses paid in Maryland during 1896.....	2 781 00
Losses incurred in Maryland during 1896.....	4 303 23

State of Maryland, Insurance Department, Commissioners Office, Annapolis, March 11, 1896.

In compliance with the code of Public General Laws, I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the statement of the Westchester Fire Insurance Company of New York, to Dec. 31, 1896, now on file in this Department.

F. ALBERT KURTZ, Insurance Commissioner.

ORDER NO. 1.

The Wicomico Building and Loan Association of Salisbury, Md., vs. Henrietta and John E. Parker.

In the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, Equity No. , April 2, 1897.

Ordered that the sale and the distribution of proceeds of sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings made and reported by E. Stanley Toadvin, attorney named in the mortgage be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the last day of May next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some Newspaper printed in Wicomico county once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of April next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$310.00

True copy test: CHAS. E. HOLIAND, JAS. T. TRUETT, Clerk.

AGENTS.

—\$25 to \$50 per week easy to make. You work right around home. A brand new thing. Write to me quick! You will be surprised at how easy it can be done. Send me a card and I will be to your interest to investigate. Write to-day. Address "PEOPLE'S," 3248 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

SALARIES OF MUSICIANS.

The Orchestra's Demands Larger In Proportion Than Those of Opera Singers.

A somewhat novel object was proposed not long ago for the Mutual Musical Protective union, commonly known as the Musical union, and the new branch of the organization's work promised to develop very interesting consequences. A composer who was also an instrumentalist wrote a comic opera that fared very well until, through some alleged extravagance on the part of the managers, the author and the composer failed to receive their royalties. The composer proposed to have the members of the orchestra refuse to play until he had been paid, claiming that as a member of the union he had a right to call his fellow members to his protection just as he would have done if he had been a player in the orchestra instead of the composer and the director at times of the band. The matter was settled before the composer had to use this remedy. The question involved was an entirely new one, and persons have been critical enough of the society to say that if the union saw an opportunity to extend its powers of interfering with people it would not fail to take advantage of it.

When there was considerable talk last winter about the high prices demanded by foreign opera singers when they came to this country, the best known operatic manager in New York told a Sun reporter something which is not generally known about the compensation of foreign musicians that come to this country. One hears a great deal about the difficulties musicians have of finding regular employment and the necessity of their playing all sorts of music and accepting all sorts of engagements, as well as of the other complaints which justly or unjustly are attributed to the fact that New York supports no orchestra that can be called permanent in the real sense of the word—that is to say, an orchestra which pays its members enough to enable them to live without seeking employment in other bands.

One of the severest complaints that the good musicians make—those, for instance, that play in the Symphony or the Philharmonic orchestra—is that they are compelled after playing at a concert to go to a dance or a reception and play there until early in the morning in order to make their incomes large enough for their necessities. In Europe there are a number of permanent orchestras claiming a man's entire time and rewarding him proportionately in return. "The difference between the salaries that musicians demand here and what they get in Europe," said the impresario, "is out of all proportion to the increase in the salaries paid to singers. A good musician, who is satisfied to earn \$60 a month in Europe, expects \$250 or \$300 here, and the majority of them get it. Our men are paid on the latter scale, and a ridiculous increase it is over the amount that they could get for their services in Europe. But we are compelled to pay it. If we don't want a foreign singer because he or she charges too much, we can settle the matter by quietly engaging another. But that is not possible with an orchestra. We've got to engage the musicians on practically their own terms, and for that reason we have to pay them the salaries we do. With the guarantee of so many performances a week and the pay they get for each particular appearance, their salaries mount to a very high figure compared to the compensation they should receive for their services. They demand far more than the singers in comparison, although the really high prices go to only the finest of the singers."—New York Sun.

Aldermen in Belgium.

In every city the aldermen and mayor, or burgo-master, are of high social repute, elected to office because of special fitness for the branch of public affairs they are chosen to manage. Said one, with horror and shame, "We hear that in America aldermen are sometimes thieves!" The first "alderman of public instruction" to whom I presented my credentials in a Brussels commune proved to be a barrister of note, author of several well known law treatises. In another commune the alderman of public instruction is professor at the normal school, progressive and public spirited. The alderman responsible for the Ghent schools fills also the chair of political economy at the university, keeps in touch with the methods of other nations, reads the reports of the United States department of labor, and, much to my surprise, identified me at once from having seen my name in one of those volumes.

The faculty of the university at Liege has more than one representative in the "college" of aldermen—a suggestive title, losing none of its dignity when applied to the body of brilliant men who administer civic affairs with scrupulous fidelity on broad, wise lines.—Clare de Graffenried in Harper's Magazine.

A Promise.

"It is customary to remember the waiter, sir," said the waiter, as the guest was about to take his leave without feeling him.

"Oh, rest easy," said the guest. "I shall not forget you. Next time I come I shall have another waiter, or I lunch elsewhere."—Philadelphia Press.

DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE.

A London Doctor's Strange Patient—Two Girls in One.

A young girl who is two different persons in one body has just been exhibited by Dr. Albert Wilson to the members of the Clinical society of London, and this most interesting case of dual states of consciousness is exciting much attention in the medical world.

The girl is 14½ years of age, and there was nothing unusual about her until in 1895 she was attacked by influenza. It was a very bad attack, accompanied by delusions and hallucinations, and at such times she manifested great strength.

As the mania passed off her mental condition was found to have changed, and among other things she gave fresh names to those around, calling her father Tom, her mother Mary Ann, one doctor Jim and another Sam. Physically she improved. The sight got much better, but she remained paralyzed in the legs. After the fifth week the curious condition of dual personality began to show itself. While sitting in bed playing with her dolls she would say, "It is coming," and push all the toys to one side. Then there would be a shaking of the legs, then she would turn a somersault and sit up in a new personality, generally calling out "Hello," as if she had just arrived. In this abnormal condition she called those around by the nicknames she had given them at the time of the mania, which suggested some connection between this abnormal state and the mania which had preceded it. During this abnormal, or B, stage she talked baby talk, clipping words and not recognizing the names of things. This stage lasted from 10 to 60 minutes, and when she recovered she was dazed for two or three minutes, when she would begin playing with her dolls at the point where she had left off. Thus, as Dr. Wilson said, "The A, or normal, stage is continuous, and the B, or abnormal, stage is also continuous. But A knows nothing of B, and B knows nothing of A."

After two or three months the girl was almost as frequently the girl B as she was the girl A. Up to the present time, when she is in her normal or A state, she knows absolutely nothing of what occurs in the abnormal conditions. She is a good and honest girl as A, while in her B condition she has stolen things. One day, outside a shop, she took an apple. On seeing a policeman she put it back again. Last January she became quite blind and imbecile and had to be guided by sound and touch. But a little later on she improved much in health, so that she could walk and could see things at a distance of about three inches. During the abnormal state there was a certain protrusion of the eyeballs, which, however, disappeared when she returned to the normal mental state. The hospital mentions a particularly curious symptom of the case. Although in the normal she was not known to have any knowledge of drawing, she made some rather clever memory sketches while in the B state, clearly from remembered fashion plates, and some of these she drew when stone blind and when a book was placed between her eyes and the paper; so that the influence which treated her so wickedly seems at least to have taught the poor child to draw.—London Mail.

The Jetties of Galveston.

"There is not in all the world anything in the way of harbor improvements at all to be compared with the great work of jetty construction that the United States engineers have just completed at Galveston," said Congressman Hawley, who hails from that city and is also the only Republican in the Texas delegation. Mr. Hawley, who is one of the leading business men of the Island City, was telling some friends about the results of Uncle Sam's munificent expenditure for deep water at his home.

"There are two jetties," said he; "one seven miles in length and the other five, and the distance between them clear out to the open sea is about 7,000 feet. They are built of sandstone and granite in the most thorough and substantial way, and they will stand as an everlasting monument to the skill and wisdom of the engineers. They are an unqualified success. We have now 26 feet of water on the bar, and in a year's time can count on 30 feet, for the work of scouring goes on constantly."

"The practical benefits of deep water are shown by the fact that in 1896 the value of exports from Galveston harbor was 60 per cent greater than for any year in its past history, despite the low average of prices of all kinds of products. I do not believe, in view of the great tributary country behind it, that it is the view of an enthusiast or visionary when the prediction is made that ere many years Galveston will be one of the greatest marts of commerce in the United States. From this time forward there is no limit to the expansion of her shipping interests, for with ample sea room and depth of water she can accommodate the merchant craft of all countries."—Washington Post.

Deserved Credit.

"I may lead a wild life," said Jigger, "but I'll tell you one thing—I take care about the people my boys associate with."

"I know you do," said Hawkins. "I've observed that you spend very little time with 'em yourself, old man, and I honor you for it."—Harper's Bazar.

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills an absolute cure.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MASS., DECEMBER 31st, 1896.

ASSETS.	
Value of real estate and ground rented owned by the company, less amount of encumbrance thereon.....	540 250 42
Loans on bonds and mortgages.....	6 501 330 28
Stocks and bonds absolutely owned by the company (market value).....	7 276 096 78
Amount of all loans (except mortgages secured by stocks, bonds and other securities) hypothecated to the company for cash actually loaned by the company.....	678 910 00
Interest due and accrued on stocks, bonds and other securities.....	326 088 03
Cash in company's principal office and belonging to the company deposited in bank.....	516 404 73
Premiums due and in course of collection.....	534 806 81
Loans on company's policies.....	1 377 571 00
Premium notes.....	699 988 29
All other admitted assets detailed in statement on file in this office.....	3 711 06
Total admitted assets.....	\$18 548 959 96
LIABILITIES.	
Losses reported adjusted and unpaid.....	170 500 65
Reserve as required by law.....	16,916 438 00
Unpaid dividends due and to become due to policy holders.....	112 039 83
Premiums paid in advance.....	5 208 84
Total liabilities.....	\$17 204 208 32
Surplus as regards policy holders.....	\$1 344 601 64
Total income.....	\$4 463 573 08
Total expenditures.....	2 849 129 11
49.49 policies in force in United States at Dec. 31, 1896.....	102 867 061 00
111 policies written in Maryland during the year 1896.....	316 503 00
Premiums received on Maryland business in 1896.....	39 403 07
Losses paid in Maryland during 1896.....	3 030 00
Losses incurred in Maryland during 1896.....	3 252 00

STATE OF MARYLAND,
Insurance Department, Commissioner's office
Annapolis, Md., 1897

In compliance with the code of Public General Laws, I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the statement of the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company of Mass., to Dec. 31, 1896, now on file in this department.

F. ALBERT KURTZ, Insurance Commissioner.

F. S. BIGGS Manager. 4 South street BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

Election Notice.

I hereby give notice that there will be an election held in Salisbury, at the vacant store room in the Brewington Building, Main street on the

First Tuesday in May, '97
BEING THE

4th Day of the Month,

for the purpose of electing three persons to serve as members of the City Council.

The polls will be kept open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. All persons who have resided within the corporation limits of Salisbury six months next preceding the election, and who were qualified voters at the last state election, are entitled to vote at said election.

RANDOLPH HUMPHREYS, Mayor.

Nasal Catarrh

LOCAL DISEASE

and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes

This remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

ELY'S Cream Balm

opens and cleans the nasal passages, allays pain and inflammation, heals and protects the membrane from cold, restores the sense of taste and smell, is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once by inhalation or by applying the balm to the nostrils.

ELY BROTHERS, 51 Warren St., New York.

COLD IN HEAD

DR. ANNA GIERING

REGISTERED PHYSICIAN.

Twenty-five years' experience. Specialist in Diseases of Women only. Private Sanitarium of high repute. Absolute privacy afforded. Female Regulator Pills \$2.00 per box. Advice by mail.

1603 EAST BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

NEW YORK, PHILA. & NORFOLK R. R.

"CAPE CHARLES ROUTE."

Time Table in Effect Mar. 3, 1897

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.

Leave	No. 97	No. 91	No. 85	No. 5
New York.....	8 00	12 00	a. m.	a. m.
Washington.....	8 40	12 45	a. m.	7 50
Baltimore.....	7 44	11 49	6 25	8 51
Philadelphia (lv).....	11 10	10 46	7 21	10 29
Wilmington.....	11 56	11 22	8 13	11 01
	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.

Leave	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Delmar.....	2 55	7 30	11 37	1 01
Salisbury.....	3 16	7 42	11 50	2 12
Fruitland.....	7 54	12 01		
Eden.....	7 57	12 04		
Loretto.....	8 02	12 11		
Princess Anne.....	8 29	10 12	2 24	
King's Creek.....	8 33	8 20	12 33	2 33
Cape Charles (lv).....	8 35	12 50		
Pocomoke.....	8 49	8 40	12 55	
Tasley.....	4 38			
Eastville.....	4 38			
Chertown.....	5 40			
Cape Charles (arr).....	5 56			
Cape Charles (lv).....	5 06			
Old Point Comfort.....	5 10			
Norfolk.....	9 00			
Portsmouth (arr).....	9 10			
	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.

Leave	No. 92	No. 82	No. 94	No. 94
Portsmouth.....	6 55			
Norfolk.....	6 10			
Old Point Comfort.....	7 10			
Cape Charles (arr).....	8 30			
Cape Charles (lv).....	9 40			
Chertown.....	9 50			
Eastville.....	10 01			
Tasley.....	11 05			
Pocomoke.....	11 55	2 10	6 10	1 06
Coston.....	2 15	6 15		
King's Creek.....	12 10	2 33	6 40	1 21
Princess Anne.....	12 20	2 43	6 52	1 31
Loretto.....	7 03	2 57	7 01	
Eden.....	7 07	3 04	7 18	
Fruitland.....	7 18	3 21	7 31	1 54
Salisbury.....	12 47	3 41	8 00	2 15
Delmar.....	1 08			
	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.

CRISFIELD BRANCH.

No. 103	No. 145	No. 127
Princess Anne (lv).....	6 35	a. m.
King's Creek.....	6 40	2 33
Wentover.....	6 45	2 35
Kingston.....	6 51	3 10
Marion.....	6 57	3 30
Hopewell.....	7 40	11 39
Crisfield (arr).....	7 15	4 00
	a. m.	p. m.

No. 102 No. 116 No. 191 No.

Crisfield.....	lv	6 30	7 45	12 30	p. m.
Hopewell.....	5 38	7 55	12 37		
Marion.....	5 49	8 10	12 48		
Kingston.....	5 58	8 30	1 00		
Wentover.....	6 18	8 55	1 10		
King's Creek.....	6 25	9 30	1 15		
Princess Anne (arr).....	6 52		1 31		
	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.		

"T" Stops for passengers on signal or notice to conductor. Bloomtown is "T" station for trains 1074 and 79. Daily. Daily, except Sunday.

Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars on day express trains and Sleeping Cars on night express trains between New York, Philadelphia, and Cape Charles.

Philadelphia South-bound Sleeping Car accessible to passengers at 10.00 p. m. Berths in the North-bound Philadelphia Sleeping Car retainable until 7.00 a. m.

R. B. COOKE, Gen'l Pass. & Frt. Agt. R. H. NICHOLAS, Sup.

WILMINGTON, PHILA. & NORFOLK R. R.

Time Table in Effect Nov. 10, 1896.

Steamer connections between Pier 4 Light St. Wharf, Baltimore, and the railway division at Calverton.

West Bound.

Leave	Mail	Acco.	Ex.
Baltimore.....	7 00	7 00	7 00
Eden.....	7 08	7 08	7 08
Whaleville.....	7 13	7 13	7 13
New Hope.....	7 18	7 18	7 18
Willards.....	7 18	7 18	7 18
Pittsville.....	7 28	7 28	7 28
Parsonsburg.....	7 32	7 32	7 32
Waltons.....	7 38	7 38	7 38
Salisbury.....	7 40	7 40	7 40
Rockaway.....	7 50	7 50	7 50
Hebron.....	8 03	8 03	8 03
Mardela Springs.....	8 12	8 12	8 12
Vienna.....	8 21	8 21	8 21
Reed's Grove.....	8 28	8 28	8 28
Rhodesdale.....	8 35	8 35	8 35
Ennals.....	8 38	8 38	8 38
Hurlocks.....	8 44	8 44	8 44
Ellwood.....	8 51	8 51	8 51
Lynchester.....	8 57	8 57	8 57
Preston.....	9 03	9 03	9 03
Bethlehem.....	9 10	9 10	9 10
Bloomfield.....	9 24	9 24	9 24
Kirkham.....	9 28	9 28	9 28
Royal Oak.....	9 33	9 33	9 33
Riverside.....	9 37	9 37	9 37
St. Michaels.....	9 47	9 47	9 47
Harpers.....	9 51	9 51	9 51
McDaniels.....	9 56	9 56	9 56
Calverton.....	10 05	10 05	10 05
Baltimore.....	1 20		
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

East Bound.

Leave	Mail	Acco.	Ex.
Baltimore.....	7 00	7 00	7 00
McDaniels.....	7 08	7 08	7 08
Harpers.....	7 14	7 14	7 14
St. Michaels.....	7 30	7 30	7 30
Riverside.....	7 34	7 34	7 34
Royal Oak.....	7 42	7 42	7 42
Kirkham.....	7 47	7 47	7 47
Bloomfield.....	7 54	7 54	7 54
Easton.....	8 25	8 25	8 25
Bethlehem.....	8 40	8 40	8 40
Preston.....	8 57	8 57	8 57
Lynchester.....	9 02	9 02	9 02
Ellwood.....	9 10	9 10	9 10
Hurlocks.....	9 30	9 30	9 30
Ennals.....	9 36	9 36	9 36
Rhodesdale.....	9 46	9 46	9 46
Reed's Grove.....	9 56	9 56	9 56
Vienna.....	10 22	10 22	10 22
Mardela Springs.....	10 30	10 30	10 30
Hebron.....	10 54	10 54	10 54
Rockaway.....	11 10	11 10	11 10
Salisbury.....	12 30	12 30	12 30
Waltons.....	12 42	12 42	12 42
Parsonsburg.....	12 50	12 50	12 50
Pittsville.....	1 15	1 15	1 15
Willards.....	1 25	1 25	1 25
New Hope.....	1 30	1 30	1 30
Whaleville.....	1 35	1 35	1 35
St. Michaels.....	1 40	1 40	1 40
Berlin.....	2 10	2 10	2 10
Ocean City.....	2 50	2 50	2 50
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

Daily except Sunday.

Daily except Saturday and Sunday.

Saturday only.

WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.

J. BENJAMIN, Div. Freight and Pass. Agt. Salisbury, Md.

BALTIMORE, CHESAPEAKE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY COMPANY of Baltimore.

WICOMICO RIVER LINE.

Baltimore-Salisbury Route.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE

HEBRON, MD.

Mr. P. E. Hastings, who for the past few days has been at the hospital in Baltimore, is now slowly recuperating.

Our minister, Rev. Mr. Chance, delivered a sermon last Sunday night at Rockawalking. It was very largely attended by people from the surrounding vicinity.

A few of our town people were at Spring Hill church last Sunday morning for Easter services, which were conducted by Rev. Mr. F. B. Adkins. Mr. Adkins was assisted by Mr. Venables.

Louis Wilkinson, while sawing tray sticks last Tuesday, was accidentally hurt on the arm.

Mr. J. H. Tomlinson is having a large crate house built for the protection of his crates, etc.

The painting of Mr. Benjamin Phillips' residence, by Geo. German, has made a great improvement to the street.

The Baptist services at Smith's Mills, Delaware, were attended by some of the "Spring Hill Boys."

BIVALLIE, MD.

Mr. Wade H. Inaley, who is a student of the Western Maryland College, and Miss Cora Inaley of the Salisbury High School, spent the Easter holidays with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. D. Inaley. Each returned to their school Monday, April 19.

The infant daughter of Robt. L. Inaley died Sunday, April 18. The remains were interred in the M. P. Church yard.

Rev. W. R. McKnett, the former pastor of the M. P. Church, will resume his work for the coming year in conducting the regular Sunday morning and evening services. The people are very much pleased to have him return, as he is an able preacher and a hard worker in the cause of his church.

Miss Stella Dennis, of Pittsville, Md., has been a guest of Mrs. E. S. D. Inaley during the Easter holidays.

Mr. Joseph I. Ulman, of Salisbury, has been visiting friends of this place, extending his trip to Baltimore and other points, returning April 15th, leaving this point 17th for his home.

The fruit growers of this place are very anxious about their crops, fearing the present cold weather has injured them.

DELMAR, DEL.

Mr. Albert A. Walker, brakeman on the N. Y. & N. railroad, and Miss Annie E. Adkins, organist of the Methodist Protestant church of this place, were joined in holy wedlock Wednesday evening. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride, Rev. J. A. Wright officiating. On the same evening Robt. Lowe and Mary E. Cannon were married by Elder Francis at the home of the bride in this place.

Friday evening of last week Rev. J. A. Wright of the Methodist Protestant Church returned for his fifth year's ministry at this place. He was met at the depot by a large delegation from his congregation, augmented by the friends. The delegation escorted Mr. Wright to the parsonage where an informal reception was held. The ladies in the meantime had prepared luncheon, which was served all making merry with their friends. Rev. Mr. Wright made a short address thanking the people for their tokens of kind feeling. After short devotional services of prayer and singing the company dispersed.

PITTSVILLE, MD.

The heavy frost of Tuesday night will cut our Mitchell's Early and Lady Thompson strawberry crop short about one fifth, other varieties will not suffer much as they had bloomed to no considerable extent.

Mr. Jas. M. Bigge, general insurance agent, was in town last week and in an examination of a life insurance policy like which there are several in this community revealed to the holder grave discrepancies between it and the representation made by the soliciting agent; the gentleman acknowledged that he had not even read his policy contract but was relying implicitly on the truthfulness of the agent. Such credulity as this in a matter involving considerable sums of money and often founded upon assertions of entire strangers is what makes it so comparatively easy for rogues and swindlers to live on the "fat of the land". Life insurance is a most worthy and excellent institution, but upon entering it we should observe the same caution that would mark our engagement in other business matters of equal magnitude. Nothing is to be gained by needlessly worrying agents, but we should always remember that statements made by them are not binding upon the com-

pany and before paying for a policy we should carefully study it and if unable to thoroughly understand it have our more intelligent, disinterested friends pass an opinion upon it in order to be sure that we are getting just what we want.

Mrs. Ida Williams and Miss Melissa Morris have opened a dress making establishment in the Morris store house.

Rev. C. P. Nowlin of the M. P. Church delivered his farewell sermon here Easter morning and started with his family for their new home Friday. Although with us but one year he became well known for his sterling qualities; his unflinching adherence to his convictions of right; his untiring efforts to do his whole duty, and his quiet, unobtrusive but ever present piety are bright memories.

SHARTOWN, MD.

Tides in the Nanticoke have been unusually low this week.

Joseph Spear's little boy cut his young cousin with an ax this week, inflicting an ugly wound on the head.

The frost and ice this week have caused much uneasiness as regards early fruit and vegetables.

A centiped, that specimen known on the Eastern shore as thousandlegs, from its numerous legs, bit the four year old child of Jothro Robinson a few days ago, on the hand. In a very short time the swelling was above the elbow and the child suffered great pain and was in a dangerous condition. A tightly drawn bandage around the upper part of the arm and a heavy application of lanum and onions soon stopped the progress of the fever and the child is now apparently well.

Dr. Irving L. Twilley of Baltimore High School spent Easter with his parents and many friends in town. The doctor is very popular in his native town and his visits here are occasions of general interest. He is a fine cornetist and on Sunday he rendered valuable aid to the choir in the rendition of the Easter music. The doctor's eminent success in the educating fields is a matter of high appreciation to his home friends as well as to those elsewhere.

Rev. J. M. Yingling of the M. P. church left Tuesday for Cumberland his new appointment. Rev. Mr. Jester, his successor, moved in on Thursday.

Miss Lena Cooper of Western Maryland College, Westminster, and Miss Florence McFarlane, of the Tome Institute, of Port Deposit, spent Easter with their parents in this town.

Large quantities of herring are being caught in the pounds near here and are selling for fifteen and twenty cents per 100. They will not pay to ship and if more are caught than can be sold on the local market they are put overboard. Some days from two to five thousand are caught.

The Lucretia blackberry is now being cultivated here. Several patches were set out during the winter. It is very popular in the lower part of the county and promises to be here.

Thos J. Russell is canning sturgeon roe here this week.

Much corn has been planted in the vicinity.

The Easter services, under the Epworth League led by Miss Gertie Bennett, on Sunday night in the M. E. church were of a high order. The next occasion to look forward to is the Children's Day services, scheduled for June 13th.

Baltimore commission merchants have been down and as usual promise a great deal. The Baltimore market has proven very valuable by reason of the certainty in getting crates returned. The crate is a large item of expense to the grower.

The Justice of the Peace has opened an office on Main street, in Phillips' block near the postoffice.

The extremely low tide of Tuesday occasioned much difficulty in crossing the Nanticoke here, as the scow could not be gotten near the shore, hence the roil mud was dangerous for horses to cross.

Miss Laura Covington has just returned from the city with spring purchases.

The two most critical times in a woman's life are the times which make the girl a woman, and the woman a mother. At these times, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is of incalculable value. It strengthens and invigorates the organs distinctly feminine, promotes regularity of the functions, allays irritation and inflammation, checks unnatural exhausting drains, and puts the whole delicate organism into perfect condition. Almost all the ills of womanhood are traceable to some form of what is known as "female complaint." There are not three cases in a hundred of woman's peculiar diseases that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will not cure.

Reduced Rates to New York via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Dedication of Grant Monument.

For the dedication of the Grant Monumental Tomb, April 27, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to New York to the general public from all points on its line, exclusive of Pittsburgh and Erie proper, on April 26, and from Altoona and Williamsport and intermediate points, and stations on other divisions within one hundred and fifty miles of New York, on April 26, and for trains reaching New York before noon on April 27, at rate of single fare for the round trip (no less rate than \$1.00) good to return until April 29, inclusive. Tickets for military and other organizations in uniform, numbering twenty-five or more, traveling in a body on one ticket, will be sold on same dates, from points not less than twenty-five miles from New York, at a further reduction. For specific rates apply to ticket agents.

The parade on this occasion will be the grandest military demonstration since the war. Thousands of veterans, United States regulars, and State militiamen will be in line.

NOTICE.

I WANT every man and woman in the United States interested in the Opium and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., Box 532, and one will be sent you free.

WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 19, 1897.

Carpets and Mattings UNUSUAL Carpet selling! This is an unusual carpet store.

Unusual, because of the vast variety of styles on show. Unusual, because we ask as little as possible for the carpets—instead of charging all you'd pay. Proofs of it—

72 rolls, 13 styles, of the best Axminster Carpet made—Bigelow. In patterns and colorings that will appeal to artistic furnishers of drawing rooms, dining rooms and libraries. \$1.25 a yard—which is less than the market value.

Velvet Carpets keep growing in favor because styles and quality improve. The best of them is the Wilton Velvet. 170 rolls on show. \$1—though \$1.35 is usual.

84 rolls of Body Brussels Carpets of best grade. 85c. instead of \$1.25.

Now, even here carpets cannot always be so abnormally priced. Trade incidents have helped—or,



rather, it was a quick grasping of opportunities that were well turned to your advantage. From the short-sighted immediate dollar-and-cents standpoint we'd be gainers to sell at full values—for the percentage for store-keeping counts fastest on large prices. But that would put us in the old-fogy line. Every merchandise advantage we get is for Our Public's sharing.

NEW MATTINGS—

Made for us, inspected by our own expert before shipment from the Orient. Wanamaker mattings are best because we take steps to have them best. As a rule, the Japanese and Chinese use same designs for other stocks. We are thinking of quality, color of straw and wear.

Some very special lots—

880 rolls (40 yards in each), 19 patterns, seamless China Matting at \$7.
950 rolls, 19 patterns, small figured, jointed China matting at \$7.
500 rolls, 20 patterns, seamless Japanese Matting at \$8.
700 rolls, 14 patterns, China Matting at \$5 a roll.

Upholstery News

TAMBOURED MUSLIN is in great and growing favor for summer curtains, but the veriest lover of dainty stuffs hasn't had such a group to choose from as are on show today. Fifty-six styles in the latest importation. \$1.15 to \$6 a pair. Of many styles we have brought over SASH CURTAINS to match. \$1 to \$3 a pair.

Women's Black Shoes

THERE will be flaws in the trade winds that are to waft us on to permanent good

times—and the shrewd manufacturer is he who covers losses by losing profits—if by so doing he can keep his men busy and his organization intact.

That sort of a move led one maker of good shoes to sacrifice profits and a slice more on Four Thousand two hundred and twenty-eight pairs of Women's Shoes—

Shoes of chrome-tanned kidskin. Button and lace. Six toe-shapes. Three grades.

\$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50.

On the \$1.50 shoes you save fifty cents; on the \$2 shoes you save one dollar, and the \$2.50 shoes would regularly cost you five dollars.

Men's Shoes WISH everybody knew shoes—it would be greatly to their advantage and the benefit of this shoe store. For the shoe chief has no mysteries and no tricks. Two new comers for men's wear—

Calfskin Shoes—chocolate color and ox-blood.

They are in two of the new toe shapes; they are good and good looking. We had a season's supply made—or what we counted enough. But the guess was poor. You'll take the lots long before the season ends.

\$2.20 a Pair

Look around town for a better shoe even at \$3.

John Wanamaker

Cut This Out for Future Reference.

Buy Your HORSES

At King's Maryland Sale Barn.

AUCTION SALES

Monday, Wednesday, and Friday throughout the year. We deal in all kinds, from the very best to the very cheapest. 200 head of Horses, Mares and Mules, always on hand. Visit us, it will pay you. **PRIVATE SALES EVERY DAY.** Full line of new and second hand Carriages, Daytons, Buggies, Carts and Harness very cheap.

JAMES KING, Prop.,

6, 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 N. High Street, Near Baltimore St., one square from Baltimore Bridge. **BALTIMORE, MD.**

Auditor's Notice.

H. L. D. Stanford, Trustee of C. E. Harper.

All persons having claims against the estate of C. E. Harper, insolvent, sold and reported by H. L. D. Stanford, trustee, No. 1094 chancery, are hereby notified to file the same with me, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated according to law, on or before the First day of May, 1897, as I shall on that day at my office in Salisbury proceed to distribute the said estate among the persons thereto entitled according to law.

L. M. DASHIELL, Auditor.

New York RACKETER!

Some people talk of dull times and look sleepy, but we are glad to say that we haven't the time to get into such a state. For the people who are aware of the fact that there is one cheap store in Salisbury are fully taking advantage of the genuine bargains to be found at the racketeer. We never know what we are going to get from the hustler in New York until we receive it, and we never keep it long after we get it. The consequence is we have something new at all times, and we have a surprise for the people with every bill till then we receive, and people who are curious to know what we have new are always to be found here. We invite an early and repeated visit and inspection of our stock. These are some of the articles to be seen marked in our store:

5 gal. tin pails	12c
4 gal. galvanized pails	15c
1 gal. dinner pails	10c
1/2 gal dinner pails	6c
1 gallon coffee pot	19c
Milk pans	4c
Wash basins	5c
Bleached muslin per yd.	5c
Fine gingham aprons	12c
Gingham extra weight and color per yard	5c

Ladies desiring hats for spring trimmed with taste and the latest style should inspect the stock of the Misses Robertson & White who are with us.

R. Wirt Robertson,

MAIN STREET.

Eggs taken in exchange for goods.

Strawberry Plants!

For sale 100,000 Mitchell's Early Strawberry Plants. For prices and other information address **E. Q. WALSTON, SALISBURY, MD.**

SPRING CLOTHING

at Kennerly, Mitchell & Co.'s means a complete assortment of the

Latest Designs

for men, young men, boys, and children.

Our stock is now complete and we are going to sell these goods, because the prices that we are offering them at will surely make them go. Come early and select a suit for yourself or your boy. The line and prices will please you.

A beautiful line of odd pants, also boy's knee pants and suits.

Kennerly, Mitchell & Co.

Clothiers and Gent's Outfitters.

MAIN STREET.

SALISBURY, MD.

SUITS TO ORDER A SPECIALTY.

MENT.

Salisbury, is a good.

of Princess Peter's church

Teachers' Association will

Mountain House July

Turner, principal of

of Cambridge, is a

at Rockwalking M.

ing.

F. Warner will fill his pul-

morning and evening.

Easter services at night.

special Easter service will be

and recited Sunday evening in

and M. E. Church.

Thomas Tindall, of this city,

Thursday afternoon, aged 62 years.

He and six children survive him.

the host Schneck served a 59 pound

to his guests last Thursday. The

was caught in the Wicomico river.

Mayor Randolph Humphreys re-

Wednesday night with his fam-

from a visit to his wife's people in

Carolina.

On and after April 20th, the Clerk

Court will be ready to issue

licenses, in compliance with

laws of the State.

Mrs. Elizabeth Huston, wife of Mr.

Huston, died at her home in

Salisbury Tuesday afternoon,

after several weeks' illness.

The Board of Control and Review

completed its work Saturday and ad-

vised. The time occupied by the

board was eighty-four days.

The ladies of St. Philip's Auxil-

Quantico, will give an oyster sup-

Saturday afternoon, April 24, for

benefit of St. Philip's church,

antic.

Mr. P. M. Fooks desires us to say

he has not rented his store prop-

erty which he formerly used as a saloon,

Mr. J. H. Willing in which to start

ocery business.

Mrs. Joseph A. Graham of St.

is, Mo., is visiting her relatives in

Salisbury. At present she is at "Ara-

face," the home of her sister, Mrs.

on Park street.

formerly, with

o., has pur-

of the de-

as be-

for his

of this city

marriage Mr. Thaddeus W.

Mrs. Laura May Owens, at

of the bride near St. Luke's

last Wednesday evening.

employe of the name of Handy

Jackson's Mill was using a cold

Wednesday when the tool

an ugly wound in the

ons & Morris dressed

on, contractor, has

of a two-story frame

corner of E. Church

for Mr. Alfred Dykes

house will be a desir-

to the locality.

on & Gordy moved in-

in the Merchants ho-

Thursday. They sig-

alson by butchering the

owned by B. S. Morris.

2050 lbs.

of Leesburg,

ter, Miss Jean,

Mrs. Irene S.

entertained a

ay in

—Miss Julia Dashiell will give the little ones a graphophone entertain-ment in her room over Judge Holland's office Saturday afternoon between 3 and 4 o'clock, and in the evening be-tween 8 and 9 o'clock. Proceeds for benefit of the church.

—Opera House Tuesday, April 20th, one night only, Batlow Bros. Minstrels featuring Harry Ward, the next Presi-dent of minstrelsy. A cyclone of fun and merriment. Look out for street parade at noon. Prices 25, 35, and 50 cents.

—The "Mercy and Help" department of Jackson Epworth League of Asbury M. E. Church, will give an entertain-ment consisting of two plays, charac-ter songs and solos, next Tuesday eve-ning, April 20th, on the third floor of the "Williams Building," on Main St. Admission 10 cents.

—Mr. George Truitt, formerly of this county, but at present a wealthy citi-zen of Suffolk, Va., is authority for the report that a lady of Capron, near Suf-folk, has just been lifted out of an in-valid's bed by prayer. Her friends were expecting death daily, but all prayed for her recovery. Her sudden and complete recovery to health is God's answer to their prayers, they be-lieve. A married sister of Mr. A. J. Carey, of this city, lives near the re-stored woman, and vouches for the cor-rectness of the facts as stated.

Successful Entertainment.

The ladies of Trinity M. E. Church, South, gave a delightful entertainment last Tuesday evening at the commo-dious residence of Dr. R. Naylor. Over two hundred people attended. A cha-rade, acted by Mrs. Hugh J. Phillips, Mrs. Wheatley Brittingham, Miss Net-tie Phillips, Mr. Carroll Phillips, and Dr. Murrell, was given.

Mrs. H. L. Brewington and Mrs. W. S. Gordy sang a duet. Instrumental music was furnished by Miss Emma Powell, Miss Collier, Miss Gillis, and Miss Powell. Miss Minnie Taylor and Miss Virgie Gordy sang solos.

Refreshments were served. The church people are very grateful to Dr. Naylor and family for the use of their elegant home for the enter-tainment.

—Master Davison Brox, the well known portrait artist of Philadelphia, samples of their work on exhibition in the window of J. E. T. Laws, dry goods merchant, Main St. They also show a splendid large Crayon picture of a pet "dog" belonging to Mr. Fred Grier, which was taken from a small portrait. This is in the window of Wirt Robertson, Main St. During the last two weeks this firm has made over 200 Crayon pictures for the citizens of Salisbury and surrounding districts, and in every case they have given en-tire satisfaction.



Before Retiring....

take Ayer's Pills, and you will sleep better and wake in better condition for the day's work. Ayer's Cathartic Pills have no equal as a pleasant and effect-ual remedy for constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and all liver troubles. They are sugar-coated, and so perfectly prepared, that they cure with-out the annoyances experienced in the use of so many of the pills on the market. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Cathartic Pills. When other pills won't help you, Ayer's is

THE PILL THAT WILL.

Mind this. It makes no difference,

RHEUMATISM

Chronic, Acute, or Inflammatory

of the Muscles, Joints, and Bones is cured by

Money I Want You! Money Yes I Do!

But I'm willing to give good big value to get you. I expect to sell more Clothing, Hats, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders and Hosiery this season than ever before. Why? Reasons enough; \$3.99 for an all-wool suit for a man, better ones for \$4.98 \$5, \$5.50 and \$6 and for \$6.50, \$7, \$7.50, \$8, \$8.50, 10, to 15.00. Well you never saw such clothing. Double-breasted suits for children 8 to 15 years at \$1. \$1.25, \$1.50 \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50 up to \$5, they are swell suits. Fine suits for fine boys like yours, at \$3, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$3.75; and I can save you money and not try very hard.

Lacy Thoroughgood,
The Fair-Dealing Clothier.

BERGEN'S.

WHAT Is your dress need? Small or great, simple or elaborate, costly or inexpensive, it's some-where in the store with a saving price attached.

WHEN Are you fully supplied? Never! Some want is always rising. It's surely best to buy where everything is found. That's here.

WHY Should you buy from us? Well on many grounds. Economy, high grade goods, efficient service, time saving methods, all call you. Bargains too in

NEW SILKS, NEW DRESS GOODS,

and the largest, most complete, and cheapest millinery in Sal-isbury. If past seasons are any criterions we shall be besieged in our

Millinery Department

and preparations have been made to give you quick service.

BERGEN THE PRICE CUTTER

—THE—
Wicomico Building & Loan ASSOCIATION,
SALISBURY, - MARYLAND.

DO YOU NEED MONEY

on your Farm or House and Lot? If so cor-respond with, or call on our Secretary at his office in Salisbury.
To borrowers we offer good terms, on best security, money charged for at the rate of 6 per cent, payable monthly, and principal re-duced by weekly payments. The board so-licits business and invites correspondence with the secretary who will take pleasure in furnishing any information desired.
W. M. COOPER, Secy. JAS. CANNON, Pres,

NOTICE
TO THOSE
Having Claims Against
Wicomico County.

All persons having claims against Wicomi-co county are hereby notified to file them with the county commissioners before
The First Day of May,
1897, or they may be excluded from the Levy for 1897. By order commissioners,
H. LAIRD TODD, Clerk

SPRING THOUGHTS

POWELL'S
POWELL'S
POWELL'S
POWELL'S

MAIN STREET MAIN STREET

MILLINERY
MILLINERY
MILLINERY
MILLINERY

Spring Hats
Spring Hats
Spring Hats
Spring Hats
Spring Hats
Spring Hats
Spring Hats
Spring Hats
Spring Hats
Spring Hats

Of course you have thought over your Spring Hat—and have naturally been looking around—but have you been to this house? We can truthfully say that our stock embraces ready trimmed stylish and artistic models, representing every choice, pretty coloring and crea-tion—from all the world's centres where Millinery fashions originate. We also say that there are here untrimmed hats of the latest shapes and new spring trim-mings in Flowers, Ribbons, Chiffons and Ornaments—and all at those sweeping prices that have always stamped this store as leaders in millinery. We warn you again to make your selections early

**NEVER WERE PRICES SO LOW,
NEVER WERE STOCKS SO RICH**

We point with pride to the greatest showing of up to-date bargains we have made in our business career. This business is not the result of chance, but the outgrowth of persistent effort to give the people the best goods at prices lower than any other house. Our great success has dem-onstrated that our efforts have not been in vain.

R. E. POWELL & CO.
R. E. POWELL & CO.
R. E. POWELL & CO.
R. E. POWELL & CO.

Bits of Maryland News.

Oxford has a building boom.

The oyster fund this year has increased \$14,000.

Bishop Coleman will officiate at Dover next Sunday.

Joseph E. Pylant is in Easton Jail on a charge of bigamy.

Eight million young perch have been put in Easton Shore streams.

Zoar campmeeting will begin on August 18th and continue 10 days.

Signs of good soft coal are reported in the mountain at Pen-Mar.

Baltimore bicyclists contemplate erecting a clubhouse at Queenstown.

Ex-Congressman Causey is having an elegant residence erected at Milford.

The Garrett tax rate has been fixed at 80 cents. Last year it was \$1.10.

Blackwell Truitt of Snow Hill fell from a wagon a few days ago and broke an arm.

Bishop Coleman administered the rite of confirmation at Laurel Wednesday.

The Rev. S. M. Morgan and family were given a reception at Snow Hill last Tuesday.

W. L. Barrett of Cambridge has applied for the position of consul at Zanzibar.

Harford Democrats want to return to the county convention system of nominating.

A gravity railroad is being constructed at Braddock Heights for the amusement of visitors.

John Gill of Baltimore and Frederick Dallam have purchased the Avondale Mill property, Laurel, for \$11,300.

William Hughes, aged 83, was burned to death at Madonna. Harford county, Saturday by the upsetting of a lamp.

Anti-saloon people in Montgomery county are getting together to fight for what they want in the coming campaign.

Deputy Sheriff T. Sudler Roberts of Queen Anne's county has sued James A. Slaughter for \$10,000 damages for alleged slander.

A course of Hood's Sarsaparilla taken now will build-up the system and prevent serious illness later on. Get only Hood's.

Daniel Casteel's barn, in Whip Cove, near Cumberland, was destroyed by fire of incendiary origin Monday night. Six horses perished.

Mayor Phelps of Laurel recommends water-works and a bicycle fire brigade. He also supports woman's suffrage in his message to the council.

While standing near blazing brush, last Thursday, a young son of Capt. John Landon, who resides near Crisfield was seriously burned.

A deed for Sharp's Island from the Marquis S. D'Oyley of Paris to Miller R. Creighton of Baltimore has been filed at Easton.

The State Fish Commission will place a large lot of shad fry in gunpowder, Middle and Black rivers in Baltimore county.

Tunnell has deeded to the national government, under an act passed in 1850, and acre of State land at Cape Henlopen for Cape Henlopen light.

The contract for putting in water works in the town of Aberdeen was awarded last week. The whole contract is \$12,800, including hydrants.

The Cumberland real estate market is active. The Streets in South Cumberland are being macadamized and a light system extended through a new section.

John Gibson, colored, was arrested yesterday, charged with assaulting a colored girl. He was locked in the jail by Constable Thompson, but escaped and fled.

The basis of taxation of Worcester county, the result of the new assessment is \$3,300,600—mortgages not included. This shows increase of \$258,000 over the old assessment.

The Board of Trade of Williamsport has correspondence with a canning firm and a manufacturer of machinery in regard to locations for the removal of their plants to Williamsport.

An appropriation of \$500 for the improvement of the Pocomoke River will be made in dredging the channel to a depth of nine feet from Shad Point to Snow Hill. Operations will begin.

The assessor completed their work of listing the property in Cambridge last Monday, and they will have everything ready for the Board of Control and Review by next Tuesday.

An Annapolis negro club has endorsed candidates of that race for various offices and declared that opponents of the negro in office are "political enemies."

Do not wear impermeable and tight-fitting hats that constrict the blood-vessels of the scalp. Use Hall's Hair Renewer occasionally, and you will not be bald.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles Smith of Centerville, Md., have issued cards for the marriage of their daughter, Bertha Bayley, to Hampden Polk Dashiell, which will take place on April 21st.

Dr. George W. Bishop, Levi A. Purnell and Thomas H. Collins have been appointed a committee to find a site for a shirt factory in Snow Hill and to ascertain the cost of a suitable building.

Simon Hommer, now in Cumberland Jail under sentence of death for murder, which sentence was approved by the Court of Appeals last week, displays the same stolidity that has marked him since his arrest. He is densely ignorant.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by R. K. TRUITT & SONS, Salisbury Md.

The Diamond State Telephone Co. is making arrangement to extend its lines from Georgetown to the towns of Seaford, Laurel and Lewes. During the summer all the principal towns of Sussex county, including Millsboro, Frankford, Gumboro, Bridgeville and Milton, will be connected.

Snipe have been plentiful in the Dorchester marshes, and some of the sportsmen have bagged a few. The snipe are shy, and it has been hazardous in hunting them, as one is liable to sink to his waist or neck at any time.

Charles Janoske killed in one day foxes on Backbone mountain, in Garrett county—a male and female and nine young ones. He will get one dollar for the scalps, with hides extra. The male measured four feet five and one-half inches.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1896. MESSRS. ELY BROS.:—I have used Ely's Cream Balm a number of years and find it works like a charm. It has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head in less than 48 hours from the time I felt the cold coming on. I would not be without it.

Respectfully yours,
283 Hart St. FRED'K FIES.
Cream Balm is kept by all druggists. Full size 50c. We mail it.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

William W. Baldwin of New York, guardian of Columbus C. Baldwin, will ask the United States Supreme Court to pass upon the question involved in the suit of the Washington County Orphans' Court against him. Maryland courts have decided that securities held by the guardian are taxable in Washington county, but Mr. Baldwin claims exemption on the ground of non-residence.

We know of but one community in the world where dyspepsia is practically unknown, and that is the Shakers of Mount Lebanon, N. Y. These good people have been studying the subject of digestion for more than a hundred years, and that they understand it pretty thoroughly, is evidenced in the foregoing fact. Their Digestive Cordial is the safest and best remedy in cases of indigestion that we know of. A trial bottle can be had through druggists for the trifling sum of 10 cents.

The Shaker Digestive Cordial supplies the system with food already digested, and at the same time aids the digestion of other foods. It will almost instantly relieve the ordinary symptoms of indigestion, and no sufferer need be told what these are.

LAXOL is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.
"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cured in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits; 75 cents. Sold by R. K. TRUITT & SONS, druggists, Salisbury, Md.

GRANT MONUMENT DEDICATION.

Excursion Rates to New York.

On the 27th of April, in the magnificent Mausoleum upon the banks of the Hudson River, Columbia will enshrine the ashes of her greatest captain. The event is one without a parallel in the history of the Nation, and the ceremonies will be of unwonted pomp, splendor, and solemnity. The occasion will be graced by the presence of the President, the Supreme Court, and the great civil officers of the Nation and the States. The Army and Navy, the National Guard of the States, the Grand Army of the Republic, and other patriotic and civic organizations will undo to form the most superb pageant ever seen in America. Many foreign nations will send special representatives and ships of war to join our own matchless fleet in majestic procession to the Tomb of Grant.

For this occasion the B. & O. R. R. will sell excursion tickets at reduced rates to New York and return, from all stations on its line east of Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Parkersburg, up to and including Aberdeen, Md., for all trains April 28th, valid for return until April 29th, inclusive. The rate from Baltimore will be.....\$ 5.30
Washington.....8.50
Frederick.....7.05
Hagerstown.....7.70
And correspondingly low rates from other points. 4.26

An Affidavit.

This is to certify that on March 11th I walked to Melick's drug store on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for inflammatory rheumatism which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it.—Charles H. Wetzel, Sunbury, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me on August 10, 1894.—Walter Shipman, J. P. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by R. K. TRUITT & SONS, Salisbury, Md.

For over Fifty years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cent a bottle.

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in the fertilizers applied on the farm means larger and better yields of crops, permanent improvement of the soil and

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in the farmer's pocket.

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—is told in a little book which we publish and will gladly mail free to any farmer in America who will write for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
92 Nassau St., New York.

State of Maryland,

Office of the Secretary of State.

ANNAPOLIS, APRIL 16, 1897.

To all Whom it may Concern:

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to His Excellency, Lloyd Lowndes Governor of Maryland, for the pardon of Chas. Fassett, who was convicted before Justice Wm. A. Trader of Wicomico county, April 13, 1896, of carrying deadly weapons, and sentenced to be confined in the Maryland House of Correction for two years.

The Governor will take up said case for final decision on or after Monday the 3d day of May, 1897, until which time protests against such pardon will be heard and the papers filed open for inspection, at the discretion of the Governor.

RICHARD DALLAM,
Secretary of State.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Dill -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

ATC MARCH 10, 1897
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

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The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

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Watchmaker and Jeweler,
MAIN ST., — SALISBURY, MD.

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First class repairing with improved tools, and your watch or clock guaranteed for one year. Fine and complicated work my specialty. Waltham and Elgin watches always in stock.

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A NAT IN PRAYER.

DR. TALMAGE'S PLEA FOR THOSE IN HIGH PLACES.

Why They Should Receive the Prayers of the People—The Office Seeker and the Public Service—God's Guidance Needed—Many Perplexities of Moment.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—This discourse of Dr. Talmage, delivered before a mighty throng, goes forth from the capital, calling the nation to its knees. Before beginning his sermon Dr. Talmage made an eloquent appeal for aid for the suffering millions of India. Eighty millions are affected by the famine, and unless America generously comes to the rescue millions of lives will be sacrificed. His text was, I Timothy ii, 1: "Exhort, therefore, that, first of all, supplications, prayers, intercessions and giving of thanks be made for all men, for kings and for all that are in authority."

That which London is to England, Paris to France, Berlin to Germany, Rome to Italy, Vienna to Austria, St. Petersburg to Russia, Washington is to the United States republic. The people who live here see more of the chief men of the nation than any who live anywhere else between Atlantic and Pacific oceans. If a senator or member of the house of representatives or of the supreme court justice or secretary of the cabinet or representative of foreign nation enters a public assembly in any other city, his coming and going are remarked upon, and unusual deference is paid to him. In this capital there are so many political chieftains in our churches, our streets, our halls, that their coming and going are an excitement.

The Swiss seldom look up to the Matterhorn or Jungfrau or Mont Blanc, because those people are used to the Alps. So we at this capital are so accustomed to walk among mountains of official and political eminence that they are not to us a great novelty. Morning, noon and night we meet the giants. But there is no place on earth where the importance of the Pauline injunction to pray for those in eminent place ought to be better appreciated. At this time, when our public men have before them the rescue of our national treasury from appalling deficits, and the Cuban question, and the arbitration question, and in many departments men are taking important positions which are to them new and untried, I would like to quote my text with a whole tonnage of emphasis—words written by the inspired missionary to the young theologian Timothy, "I exhort, therefore, that, first of all, supplications, prayers, intercessions and giving of thanks be made for all men, for kings and for all that are in authority."

Prayer for the Eminent.

If I have the time and do not forget some of them before I get through, I will give you four or five reasons why the people of the United States ought to make earnest and continuous prayer for those in eminent place.

First, because that will put us in proper attitude toward the successful men of the nation. After you have prayed for a man you will do him justice. There is a bad streak in human nature that demands us to assail those that are more successful than ourselves. It shows itself in boyhood, when the lads, all running to get their ride on the back of a carriage, and one gets on, those falling to get on about on the driver, "Out behind!" Unsuccessful men are like those who in any department are successful. The cry is, "He is a political accident," or, "He bought his way up," or, "It just happened so," or there is an impatient waiting for him to come down more rapidly than he went up.

The best cure for such cynicism is prayer. After we have risen from our knees we will be wishing the official good instead of evil. We will be hoping for him benediction rather than malediction. If he makes a mistake, we will call it a mistake instead of malfeasance in office. And oh, how much happier we will be, for wishing one evil is diabolic, but wishing one good is saintly, is angelic, is godlike. When the Lord drops a man into depths beyond which there is no lower depth, he allows him to be put on an investigating committee with the one hope of finding something wrong. In general assemblies of the Presbyterian church, in conferences of the Methodist church, in conventions of the Episcopal church, in house of representatives and in senate of the United States there are men always glad to be appointed on the committee of malfeasance, while there are those who are glad to be put on the committee of eulogiums. After you have prayed, in the words of my text, "Exhort, therefore, that, first of all, supplications, prayers, intercessions and giving of thanks be made for all men, for kings and for all that are in authority," you will find that you are in a better attitude toward the eminent men of the nation.

Second, because that will put us in proper attitude toward the eminent men of the nation. After you have prayed for a man you will do him justice. There is a bad streak in human nature that demands us to assail those that are more successful than ourselves. It shows itself in boyhood, when the lads, all running to get their ride on the back of a carriage, and one gets on, those falling to get on about on the driver, "Out behind!" Unsuccessful men are like those who in any department are successful. The cry is, "He is a political accident," or, "He bought his way up," or, "It just happened so," or there is an impatient waiting for him to come down more rapidly than he went up.

cannot help it, but I do like a St. Bernard better than a bloodhound, and I would rather be a hummingbird among honeycreepers than a crow swooping upon field carcasses.

The Public Service.

Another reason why we should pray for those in eminent place is because they have such multiplied perplexities. This city at this time holds hundreds of men who are expectant of preferment, and United States mail bags as never before are full of applications. Let me say I have no sympathy with either the uttered or printed sneer at what are called "office seekers." If I had not already received appointment as minister plenipotentiary from the high court of heaven—as every minister of the gospel has—and I had at my back a family for whom I wished to achieve a livelihood, there is no employer whose service I would sooner seek than city, state or United States government. Those governments are the promptest in their payments, paying just as well in hard times as in good times and during summer vacation as during winter work. Besides that, many of us have been paying taxes to city and state and nation for years, and while we are indebted for the protection of government the government is indebted to us for the honest support we have rendered it. So I wish success to all earnest and competent men who appeal to city or state or nation for a place to work. But how many men in high place in city and state and nation are at their wits' end to know what to do, when for some places there are ten applicants and for others a hundred. Perplexities arise from the fact that citizens sign petitions without reference to the qualifications of the applicant for the places applied for. You sign the application because the applicant is your friend. People sometimes want that for which they have no qualification, as we hear people sing "I want to be an angel" when they offer the poorest material possible for angelhood. Bores waiting to be sent to foreign palaces as ambassadors, and men without any business qualification wanting to be consuls to foreign ports, and illiterates, capable in one letter of wrecking all the laws of orthography and syntax, desiring to be put into positions where most of the work is done by correspondence. If divine help is needed in any place in the world, it is in those places where patronage is distributed. In years gone by awful mistakes have been made. Only God, who made the world out of chaos, could out of the crowded pigeonholes of public men develop symmetrical results. For this reason pray Almighty God for all those in authority.

The Demand of the People.

Then there are the vaster perplexities of our relations with foreign governments. For directions in such affairs the God of nations should be implored. The demand of the people is sometimes so heated, so unwise, that it must not be heeded. Hark to the boom of that gun which sends from the American steamer San Jacinto a shot across the bow of the British merchant steamer Trent Nov. 8, 1861. Two distinguished southerners, with their secretaries and families, are on the way to England and France to officially enlist them for the southern Confederacy. After much protest the commissioners, who had embarked for England and France, surrendered and were taken to Fort Warren, near Boston. The capture was a plain invasion of the laws of nations and antagonistic to a principle for the establishment of which the United States government had fought in other days. However, so great was the excitement that the secretary of the United States navy wrote an apologetic letter to Captain Wilkes, commander of the San Jacinto, for his "prompt and decisive action," and the house of representatives passed a resolution of thanks for "brave, adroit and patriotic conduct," and the millions of the north went wild with enthusiasm, and all the newspapers and churches joined in the huzzas. England and France protested, and demanded that unless the distinguished prisoners should be surrendered and apology made for insult to the British flag within ten days Lord Lyons must return to London, taking all the archives of the British legation. War with England and France seemed inevitable, and war with England and France at that time would have made a restored American nation impossible for a long while, if not forever. Then God came to the rescue and helped the president and his secretary of state. Against the almost unanimous sentiment of the people of the north the distinguished Confederates were surrendered, the law of nations was kept inviolate, the lion's paw was not lifted to strike the eagle's beak, and perhaps the worst disaster of centuries was avoided.

God's Guidance Needed.

There came another crisis within the last two years when millions of people demanded that American war vessels sail into Turkish waters and stop the atrocities against the Armenians. The people at large have no idea of the pressure brought upon our government to do this rash thing. Missionaries and other prominent Americans in and around Constantinople assembled at the office of the American legation and demanded that our minister plenipotentiary cable to Washington for United States ships of war, and they suggested the words of the cablegram. Had our ships gone into

those waters the guns of foreign nations, everlastingly jealous of us, would have been turned against our shipping, and our navy, within a few years, become respectable in power, would have crawled backward in disgrace. The proposition to do what could not be done was mercifully withdrawn.

There will not be a year between now and the next 20 years when those who are in authority will not need the guidance of the God of nations. God only can tell the right time to nations to do the right thing. To do the right thing at the wrong time is as bad as to do the wrong thing at any time. Cuba will one day be free, but it will be after she has shown herself capable of free government. To acknowledge Cuban independence now would be to acknowledge what does not exist. The time may come when the Hawaiian Islands may be a part of our government, but it will be when they have decidedly expressed the desire for annexation. In all national affairs there is a clock. The hands of that clock are not always seen by human eyes. But God sees them, not only the hour hand, but the minute hand, and when the hands announce that the right hour has come the clock will strike, and we ought to be in listening attitude. "The Lord reigneth. Let the earth rejoice; let the multitudes of the isles be glad thereof."

Speechmaking Versus Fighting.

You see, there are always in places of authority unbalanced men who want war, because they do not realize what war is, or they are designing men, who want war for the same reason that wreckers like hurricanes, and foundering ships, because of what may float ashore from the ruins. You see that men who start wars never themselves get hurt. They make the speeches, and others make the self sacrifices. Notice that all those who instigated our civil war never as a consequence got so much as a splinter under the thumb nail, and they all died peacefully in their beds. I had two friends—as thorough friends as old men can be to a young man—Wendell Phillips and Robert Toombs. They were not among those who expected anything advantageous from the strife, but took their positions conscientiously. They both had as much to do with the starting of the war between the north and south as any other two men. A million brave northern and southern dead were put in the grave trenches, but the two illustrious and honest men I have mentioned were in good health long after the ending of things at Appomattox, and if those who advocated measures recently that would have brought on war between our country and Spain or England or Turkey had been successful in bringing on the wholesale murders they themselves, would not have been above ground, as I hope they will be, to celebrate the birth of the twentieth century. If God had not interfered, we would have had three wars within the last two years—war with England, war with Spain and war with Turkey, this last joined by other nations transatlantic. To preserve the peaceful equipoise which such men are disturbing we need a divine balancing, for which all good men on both sides the sea ought to be every day praying.

Advice an Imperitiveness.

Again, prayer to God for those in authority is our only way of being of any practical service to them. Our personal advice would be to them, for the most part, an imperitiveness. They have all the facts as we cannot have them, and they see the subject in all its bearings, and we can be of no help to them except through the supplication that our text advises. In that way we may be infinite re-enforcement. The mightiest thing you can do for a man is to pray for him. If the old Bible be true—and if it is not true it has been the only position that ever blessed the world, turning barbarism into civilization and tyrannies into republics—I say, if the old Bible be true, God answers prayer. You may get a letter and through forgetfulness or lack of time not answer it, but God never gets a genuine letter that he does not make reply. Every genuine prayer is a child's letter to his Heavenly Father, and he will answer it, and though you may get many letters from your child before you respond some day you say: "There! I have received ten letters from my daughter, and I will answer them all now and at once, and though not in just the way that she hopes for I will do it in the best way, and though she asked me for a sheet of music I will not give it to her, for I do not like the music spoken of, but I will send her a deed to a house and lot, to be hers forever." So God does not in all cases answer in the way those who sent the prayer hoped for, but he in all cases gives what is asked for or something better. So prayers went up from the north and the south at the time of our civil war, and they were all answered at Gettysburg. You cannot make a mistake that God answered only the northern prayers, for there were just as devout prayers answered south of Mason and Dixon's line as north of it, and God gave what was asked for, or something as much more valuable, as a house and lot was worth more than a sheet of music. There is not a good and intelligent man between the gulf of Mexico and the St. Lawrence river who does not believe that God did the best thing possible when he stood this nation down in 1865 a glorious unity, never to be rent until the waters of the Ohio and the Savannah, the Hudson

and the Alabama, are licked up by the long, red tongues of a world on fire. Yes, God sometimes answers prayers on a large scale.

The Opened Sea.

In worse predicament nation never was than the Israelitish nation on the banks of the Red sea, the rattling shields and the clattering hoofs of an overwhelming host close after them. An army could just as easily wade through the Atlantic ocean from New York to Liverpool as the Israelites could have waded through the Red sea. You need to sail on its waters to realize how big it is. How was the crossing effected? By prayer. Exodus xiv, 15: "And the Lord said unto Moses: Wherefore criest thou unto me? Speak unto the children of Israel, that they go forward"—that is, "Stop praying and take the answer." And then the waters began to be agitated and swung this way and that way, and the ripple became a billow, and the billow climbed other billows, and now they rise into walls of sapphire, and invisible trowels mason them into firmness, and the walls become like mountains, topped and turreted and domed with crags of crystal, and God throws an invisible chain around the feet of those mountains, so that they are obliged to stand still, and there, right before the Israelitish army, is a turnpike road, with all the emerald gates swung wide open. The passing host did not even get their feet wet. They passed dry shod, the bottom of the sea as hard as the pavement of Pennsylvania avenue or New York's Broadway or London's Strand. Oh, what a God they had! Or I think I will change that and say, "What a God we have!"

What power put its hands upon astronomy in Joshua's time and made the sun and moon stand still? Joshua x, 12, "Then spoke Joshua unto the Lord." Prayer! As a giant will take two or four great globes and in astounding way swing them this way or that or hold two of them at arm's length, so the Omnipotent does as he will with the great orbs of worlds, with wheeling constellations and circling galaxies, swinging easily star around star, star tossed after star or sun and moon held out at arm's length and perfectly still, as in answer to Joshua's prayer. To God the largest world is a pebble.

A Righteous Selfishness.

Another reason why we should obey the Pauline injunction of the text and pray for all that are in authority is that so very much of our own prosperity and happiness are involved in their prayers. A selfish reason, you say. Yes, but a righteous selfishness, like that which leads you to take care of your own health and preserve your own life. Prosperous government means a prosperous people. Damaged government means a damaged people. We all go up together, or we all go down together. When we pray for our rulers, we pray for ourselves, for our homes, for the easier gaining of a livelihood, for better prospects for our children, for the hurrying of these hard times so far down the embankment they can never climb up again. Do not look at anything that pertains to public interest as having no relation to yourself. We are touched by all the events in our national history, by the signing of the compact in the cabin of the Mayflower, by the small ship, the Half Moon, sailing up the Hudson, by the treaty of William Penn, by the hand that made the "Liberty bell" sound its first stroke, by Old Ironsides plowing the high seas, and, if touched by all the events of past America, certainly by all the events of the present day. Every prayer you make for our rulers, if the prayer be of the right stamp and worth anything, has a rebound of benediction for your own body, mind and soul.

Another reason for obedience to my text is that the prosperity of this country is coming, and we want a hand in helping on its coming. At any rate I do. It is a matter of honest satisfaction to a soldier, after some great battle has been fought and some great victory won, to be able to say: "Yes, I was there. I was in the brigade that stormed those heights. I was in that bayonet charge that put the enemy to flight." Well, the day will come when all the financial, political and moral foes of this republic will be driven back and driven down by the prosperities that are now on their way, but which come with slow tread and in "fatigue dress" when we want them to take "the double quick." By our prayers we may stand on the mountain top and beckon them on and show them a shorter cut. Yes, in answer to our prayers the Lord God of Hosts may from the high heavens command them forward swifter than mounted troops ever took the field at Eylau or Austerlitz.

In 1673, Holland was assailed. Her people prayed mightily. The ships of her enemies waited for the high tide on which to come in. In answer to the prayers of the tide, as never before, was delayed 12 hours, and before that 12 hours had passed a hurricane swooped upon the enemies' ships and destroyed them, and Holland was saved. If God delayed the high tide in answer to prayer, will he not hasten it in answer to prayer? Surely it has been low tide long enough. May the Lord hasten the high tide of national welfare. American citizens, our best hold is on God. We have all seen families in prayer and churches in prayer. What we want now is to see this whole nation on its knees.

Daniel Webster's Words.

The most of them are dead, who in 1861 moved in that procession that marched from the city hall, Washington down Louisiana avenue, Seventh street and then through Pennsylvania avenue to the north, yonder capital to lay the cornerstone of the extension of that capital, president who that day presided solemnly struck that stone three times in dedication long ago quit, scenes, and the lips of the great men of that hour are dust, and the master of that occasion long ago down the square and the level and plumb with which for the last time pronounced a cornerstone well laid. But what most interests me now is that inside that cornerstone, in a jar, hermetically sealed, is a document of national import, though in poor man's hand. It is the penmanship of Daniel Webster, which almost ruined the penmanship of this country for many years, because many thought if it had Daniel Webster's poor penmanship it might indicate they had Webster's genius. The document reads as follows: "If it shall hereafter be the will of God that this structure shall fall from its base, that its foundation be upturned and this deposit be brought to the eyes of men, be it then known that on this day the nation of the United States of America stands firm; that their constitution still exists unimpaired and with all its original usefulness and glory, growing every day stronger and stronger in the affection of the great body of the American people and attracting more and more the admiration of the world, and all here assembled, whether belonging to public life or to private life, with hearts devoutly thankful to Almighty God for the preservation of the liberty and the happiness of the country, unite in sincere and fervent prayers that this deposit and the walls and arches, the domes and towers, the columns and entablatures now to be erected over it may endure forever. God save the United States of America! Daniel Webster, secretary of state of the United States."

Laying the Cornerstone.

That was beautiful and appropriate at the laying of the cornerstone of the extension of the capitol 58 years after the cornerstone of the old capitol had been laid. Yet the cornerstone of our republic was first laid in 1776 and at the re-establishment of our national government was laid again in 1800. But are we not ready for the laying of the cornerstone of a broader and higher national life? We have as a nation received so much from God. Do we not owe new consecration? Are we not ready to become a better Sabbath keeping, peace loving, virtue honoring, God worshipping nation? Are we not ready for such a cornerstone laying? Why not now let it take place? With long procession of prayers, moving from the north and the south, the east and the west, let the scene be made august beyond comparison.

The God of nations, who hath dealt with us as with no other people, will preside at the solemnization. By the square and the level and the plumb of the everlasting right let the cornerstone be adjusted. Let that cornerstone be the masonry together of the two granite tables on which the law was written when Sinai shook with the earthquake, and inside that cornerstone put the sermon on the mount and a scroll containing the names of all the men and women who have fought and prayed and toiled for the good of this nation, from the first martyr of the American Revolution down to the last woman who, bound in a military wound in the field, gave up her life for some one worthy to do her place. Let the stone three times with the words, "In the name of God the Father, God the Son and God the Holy Ghost. Then let the building rise, one wall laid by the Pacific ocean and the other washed of the Atlantic, until its capstone shall be laid amid the shouting of all nations, by that time as free as our own divinely founded, divinely constructed and divinely protected republic, the last throne of oppression having fallen flat into the dust and the last shackle of tyranny being hung up in museum as a relic of barbaric ages."

The prayer that the great expounder wrote to be put in the cornerstone at the extension of the capitol I designate as our own supplication, "God save the United States of America," only adding the words with which Robert South was apt to close his sermons, whether delivered before the court at Christ Church chapel or in Westminster abbey, at anniversary of restoration of Oliver Cromwell amid the worst tempest that ever swept over England: "To God be rendered and ascribed, as is most due, all praise, might, majesty and domination, both now and forever. Amen."

Women Bank Officials.

Mrs. Sarah F. Dick has for the thirty-fourth consecutive time been chosen to the position of cashier in the First National bank of Huntington, Ind. In the 38 years Mrs. Dick has been filling the office she has lost but two days time on account of illness. Besides her duties as cashier, Mrs. Dick is also the bank's another lady, Mrs. Frederika Dray, who years ago filled the position, taking active interest in the affairs of the bank, which has \$250,000 deposits and a capital of \$100,000.

DISGUISED AS MEN.

WOMEN WHO HAVE LIVED FOR YEARS IN MALE ATTIRE.

The Manchester Bricklayer Who Mistakenly Took His "Wife"—A Mysterious Case of Modern Times—Names Withheld by the Editor—A Prominent Professional Man?

In the month of April, 1888, Mr. Thomas, an attorney of Manchester, was seated alone in his office, when a client was shown in. She came, she said, to obtain a divorce from her husband, who was a master bricklayer, doing an excellent business. She complained that he drank heavily and when under the influence of liquor would beat her severely. This ill treatment she bore patiently until he finally refused to give her money for house-keeping expenses, whereupon she sought a separation.

When more closely questioned, the woman unfolded to the ears of the astonished lawyer the following remarkable story:

The master bricklayer had at birth been relegated to the feminine portion of humanity, but being early disgusted with the restricted life of girlhood he donned masculine attire and apprenticed himself to a bricklayer. (The personal pronouns are apt to get a little mixed in such descriptions, so I will adhere to the masculine.) He showed an unusual knack in his chosen trade and soon became his own master. He was a handsome young fellow, and many maidens fell in love with the dashing young mechanic, and he finally chose and married the woman who became Mr. Thomas' client.

Upon investigation this astonishing story was found to be strictly true. The bricklayer had acted as special constable for Manchester and had occupied other essentially masculine positions in the community, always being on hand when riots or any other danger threatened. The true sex of this esteemed citizen had never been suspected during the 25 years he had worn the disguise until domestic differences caused his partner to reveal the secret.

There is a well authenticated instance on record of a girl who adopted masculine apparel when she was 8 years of age, or rather, to be more accurate, her father dressed her as a boy that she might the better dance at public houses. She continued in this disguise for 40 years without being discovered.

To come down to modern times, the writer, though unable to mention names and localities, as one of the parties concerned is still living, knows of a striking example pertinent to the subject.

But five short years have been told since the final scene in this drama of real life was enacted. But to begin at the beginning:

There were two sisters, educated and refined ladies, left orphaned and well nigh penniless. Both of them were beauties, one tall, dark and courageous, the other blond, small and gentle. The elder girl made up her mind to adopt a bold course. She took the little money they possessed and rented and stocked a little store in a distant city, where they were unknown; then, taking her sister, they stole quietly away.

In their new home they represented themselves as man and wife, did well in business and were universally respected.

Years passed. The gentleman (?) saved money, took up a pursuit more congenial to his tastes and became one of the most prominent men (?) in the city. The couple bought a beautiful home on Blank avenue, entertained and were entertained by the best society in the place. Everybody said: "What a handsome couple, she so delicately beautiful with her golden hair, he so stately and dark."

One afternoon, when the lady was "at home" to her friends and was surrounded by a laughing, chattering group, she saw, approaching across the room, with his eyes fixed upon her face, one of the best known physicians of the city. The man's face was so grave that it startled her, and her heart began to beat heavily with a foreboding of evil to come.

The doctor came up hastily, and without the usual formal greeting spoke to her in a low, excited voice:

"Mr. — fell dead of heart disease in his office about an hour ago. Only one of the clerks attended him, when I was called in. If you wish to preserve the secret, you had better come at once."

The doctor was not one who believed in breaking bad news gradually, but it were better he had adopted less abrupt measures in that instance, for the poor little lady was entirely overcome, and shrieking out: "What shall I do?" she fell at his feet in a faint.

Well, the story was hushed up and came to the ears of only a few people, but it is a true story just the same.

Such instances abound. There is today in one of the great cities of these United States a prominent professional man who is a disguised woman. He is a well to do bachelor and is considered a very desirable party by matchmaking mamma and marriageable daughters.

To attempt to enumerate the cases of women who have temporarily assumed masculine disguise would be a hopeless task. Even such instances as are on record, doubtless representing a very small percentage of the real occurrences in the line, would fill volumes.

This unnatural feminine attitude toward life, arising from many causes, is a matter of psychological interest.

We hear a great deal lately about the "abnormal woman," but the term "abnormal" is relative and should be applied with much discretion, or it will become meaningless.

It would perhaps be hardly accurate to use the word to describe even the class of women represented in this paper, but they may be truly said to have led most abnormal lives and may in consequence be of much interest to the student of the "weaker sex."

Lord Nelson's Spirit.

Captain Alfred T. Mahan writes an account of "Nelson in the Battle of Copenhagen" for The Century. Captain Mahan quotes the following from the account of the engagement written by Colonel Stewart of the British forces: "Lord Nelson was at this time, as he had been during the whole action, walking the starboard side of the quarter deck, sometimes much animated and at others heroically fine in his observations. A shot through the mainmast knocked a few splinters about us. He observed to me with a smile, 'It is warm work, and this day may be the last to any of us at a moment,' and then, stopping short at the gangway, he used an expression never to be erased from my memory and said with emotion, 'But, mark you, I would not be elsewhere for thousands.'" With this spirit may be compared his rebuke some days after the battle to a lieutenant, who during the action had made a hopeless report about the grounded ships, "At such a moment the delivery of anything like a desponding opinion, unasked, was highly reprehensible and deserved much more censure than Captain Foley gave you."

As Birds Must See Us.

Now we are as blind to the real nature and aspect of many of our national and domestic customs as we are to the real nature and aspect of ourselves and think the view we hold of them must be accepted by others. It needed, for instance, the calm, serene gaze of an East Indian teacher to show us that there might be other ways of regarding many of our most cherished beliefs. And it has needed the warning cry of many a bird lover bewailing the loss of our feathered songsters to force us to look, from another side, at our idle custom of wearing dead birds as personal adornments.

And now that I, for one, am convinced of the wrong of it, true to my inherited instincts as a human being who can look but in one direction, I can no longer see anything but cruelty in a slaughtered bird or a fluffy egret, even when on the head of the daintiest woman I may chance to know. I see only the barbarity, the wanton destruction of life, the cruelty of practice which the fashion has entailed. Beauty has fled from the spectacle.

Were we to hear of a heathen tribe indulging a like custom—adorning human bodies with dead animals, we would describe it in that case—how our pulpits would ring! And how we would beg, too, for means to go and reform the savages at once!

We have many societies for the cultivation of those special virtues which ought to be taken for granted in Christians. Orientalists sometimes smile at our necessity for them. But certainly we all must welcome every evidence of activity in that one organized for the protection of birds and applaud the attitude taken by many of our women of fashion in their condemnation of the baneful practice. Cruelty, like slavery, does not injure the oppressed alone, but harms as well the masterful willing to profit by its exercise.—Harper's Bazar.

Hanna Was Glad to See Him.

The Buffalo Express tells a good story of a Buffalo man whose first name is John, and who has the pleasure of an intimate personal acquaintance with Senator Mark Hanna. Not long ago he was in Washington and called on the genial Ohioan. "How do you do, John?" said Mr. Hanna, cordially extending his hand. "I'm glad to see you." "I'm very well," replied the Buffalonian, "and I would like to add right at the outset that I have not called on you to bespeak your influence in getting a political appointment either for myself or any friend." A broad smile of relief passed over the senator's face, and, grasping the hand of his friend a second time, he shook it more heartily than before, exclaiming with unfeigned earnestness, "Johnny, Johnny, I'm—glad to see you!"

May Get the Railroad.

The long talked of project of a railroad connecting North and South America is being revived. The negotiations between Mexico and Guatemala, which were interrupted two years ago by the strained diplomatic relations of the two countries, have been resumed, and Mexico has just appointed a commission to act with a similar commission to be appointed by Guatemala. It will be the duty of the joint commission to select a feasible route for the proposed road.

Love of Conquest.

"Marry me and I shall be forever your willing slave!" "What do I want with a willing slave? If you were an unwilling slave, there would be some pleasure in the situation."—Indianapolis Journal.

H. L. D. STAFFORD, Solicitor.

Mortgagee's Sale
—OF—
VALUABLE FARM
PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Levin J. Gale and wife, to Wm. H. Gale and Anna L. Gale or the survivors of them, dated the 30th day of July, 1882, and recorded among the land records of Wicomico county, state of Maryland, in liber S. P. T. No. 5, folios 74, 75, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the court house door in Salisbury, Maryland, on,

SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1897,

at or about the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., all the right, title and interest of the parties to said mortgage, in and to the following property viz: All that farm, tract or parcel of land,

CONTAINING 200 ACRES

of land, more or less, with all the improvements thereon, mentioned and described in said mortgage, situated about two miles from the village of Quantico in Quantico election district, in Wicomico county aforesaid, on the county road leading from Quantico to Nutter's Neck, and adjoining the farm formerly belonging to Wm. H. Farrington, deceased, and being the same farm or tract of land of which John M. Phillips died, seized and possessed, and whereon said Phillips resided at the time of his death, and being also the same farm or tract of land which was conveyed unto said Levin J. Gale by E. Stanley Toadvin, trustee, by deed duly recorded among the aforesaid land records in liber S. P. T. No. 5, folios 73 and 74.

TERMS OF SALE,—prescribed by said mortgage—CASH.
Title papers at purchaser's expense.

WM. H. GALE,

Surviving Mortgagee.

JAY WILLIAMS, Solicitor.

Mortgagee's Sale
—OF—
Farm Land.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Isaac S. Jarman to Silas J. Trullitt, dated December 13th, 1892, and recorded among the land records of Wicomico county in Liber J. T. T. No. 9, folios 45 and 46, default having occurred in the payment of the debt secured by said mortgage, in accordance with the terms of said mortgage, I will offer for sale at public auction on

FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1897,

at 2 o'clock p. m. at the Railroad Depot in the town of Pittsville, Wicomico county, Maryland, all that tract or parcel of land situated in Pittsburg District, Wicomico county Maryland, with the improvements thereon containing fifty-five acres of land, more or less, adjoining the land of Isaac N. Nearn on the North and John W. Hall on the East and Humphrey Farlow and Sallie W. Wells on the South, on the East side of and binding upon the county road leading from Pittsville to Whiteville, Delaware, being the same land which was conveyed to said Isaac S. Jarman from Silas J. Trullitt and wife and Ebenezer Jarman and wife by deed dated October 10th, 1880, recorded among said land records in Liber S. P. T. No. 2, folio 32.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash. Title papers at expense of purchaser.

JAY WILLIAMS,

Attorney named in mortgage.

Mortgagee's Sale.

By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Wm. H. Dixon and wife to the Salisbury Permanent Building and Loan Association, dated June 28, 1893, and recorded among the land records of Wicomico county in Liber J. T. T. No. 10, folio 217, I will sell at public auction on

Saturday, May 8,

1897, at 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the court house door in Salisbury, Md., all that lot of land in Nutters district, Wicomico county, Md., in that part of Salisbury known as "South Salisbury" on the north side of and binding upon Vine street and on the East side of and binding upon Hasting street, being lot No. 1, as surveyed by H. D. Powell, being a part of the property originally belonging to Job W. Hastings and wife.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH.

Title papers at purchaser's expense.

JAS. E. ELLEGOOD,

Attorney named in Mortgage

DR. A. A. C. C. C.
Twenty-five years' experience in the treatment of all diseases of women. Specialties: Menstrual disorders, Pains, Sterility, Leucorrhoea, etc. Absolute privacy assured. Female Regulator Pills \$2.00 per box. Advice by mail.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. K. Leathery has this 5th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less in the three story frame hotel building situated on the Main street in the town of White Haven Wicomico county, Md., known as the White Haven Hotel, and owned and occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD,
Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Theodore A. Vessey has this 5th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county, for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the three story frame building in the town of Delmar, Wicomico county, Md., on the corner of State street and Railroad avenue and known as the Vessey house, owned and occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD,
Clerk of the county Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. C. Heston has this 5th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county, for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the two story brick building, in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on the South side of Main street, between the properties of A. A. Gillis and S. Frank Toadvin, known as the Gotts chaik property, and now occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD,
Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that O. J. Schneck has this 6th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the three story brick building in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on the corner of Main and St. Peters Streets, known as the Peninsula hotel, and occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD,
Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac S. Brewington has this 6th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell Malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the two story brick building in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on the corner of Mill and West church streets, now occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD,
Clerk of the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that John C. Bailey has this 6th day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the two story frame building in the town of Quantico, Wicomico county, Md., on the Main street of said town, and known as the Quantico hotel, at present occupied by the applicant.

H. LAIRD TODD,
Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that S. Ulman & Bro. have this 2d day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for a license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the brick building in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, in the state of Maryland, on the south side of Main street and adjoining the store of the Dorman & Smyth Hardware Company, and known as the Ulman Opera House and owned by the applicants.

H. LAIRD TODD,
Clerk to County Commissioners
of Wicomico County.

Liquor License Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Wade H. Bedsworth has this first day of April, 1897, applied to the county commissioners of Wicomico county for license to sell malt, vinous, spirituous and intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less, in the one story frame house in Traskin district, Wicomico county, on the east side of the county road leading from Quantico to Wetpaula ferry, said house being owned by Elizabeth J. Bedsworth, and now occupied by said Wade H. Bedsworth.

H. LAIRD TODD,
Clerk to County Commissioners
of Wicomico county.

ORDER NISI.

Samuel Bacon v. Samuel J. Phillips, et al.
In the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, in Equity No. 1001. March term, 1897.

Ordered that the sale and the distribution of the proceeds of sale made and reported by Jas. E. Ellegood, trustee in the above cause be ratified and confirmed unless cause be shown to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of May next, provided, a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico county once in each of three successive weeks before the 5th day of May 1897.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$510.00.

True copy test: CHAS. F. HOLLAND,
JAS. T. TRUITT, Clerk.SHERIFF'S
LICENSE NOTICE

ALL PERSONS and bodies corporate or politic, in Wicomico county, who are exercising any business or shall be doing any act or thing, or shall be in the occupation of any house or place for any purpose for which a license is made necessary by the laws of Maryland are hereby warned to obtain a license, or renew the same on or before the

FIRST DAY OF MAY,

1897, under penalty prescribed by said laws for the infractor. Those interested are notified of the following requirements of the License Laws:

TRADE'S LICENSES.—The amount to be paid by traders for a license (the amount of stock at the principal season of sale to be given under oath), is as follows:

If the applicant's stock in trade does not exceed \$1,000	\$12 00
Over 1,000 and not over \$1,500	15 00
" 1,500 " " 2,500	18 00
" 2,500 " " 4,000	22 00
" 4,000 " " 6,000	30 00
" 6,000 " " 8,000	40 00
" 8,000 " " 10,000	50 00
" 10,000 " " 15,000	65 00
" 15,000 " " 20,000	70 00
" 20,000 " " 30,000	100 00
" 30,000 " " 40,000	125 00
" 40,000 " "	150 00

The applicant must either make oath, as herebefore, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at the principal season of sale. Persons may sell salt to cure fish in March, April and May without license. Vendors of cakes and vendors of beer and cider, who are the makers of such beer and cider (lager beer excepted), are not required to pay license.

LICENSES TO ORDINARIES & TAVERN KEEPERS.

By the Act of 1893, Chap. 136, regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors in Wicomico county, applicants desiring license to sell intoxicating liquors in quantities of one half gallon or less are required to pay to the clerk of the county commissioners of Wicomico county \$200 therefor, to be deposited with the clerk on filing their applications.

And all persons who desire to sell by the wholesale spirituous or fermented liquors, shall also pay to the clerk of the county commissioners \$200 to be deposited with said clerk on filing their applications.

All persons to whom such license (as aforesaid) shall be granted by the county commissioners of Wicomico county, shall also pay to said clerk a sum of one dollar as his fee for issuing the same.

FEMALES VENDING MILLINERY and other small articles, whose stock is not over \$500, pay a license of \$5 00 only; but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons—Oath to be made as to amount of stock at principal season of the year.

LICENSES TO OWNERS AND KEEPERS OF STALLIONS AND JACKS.

The owner or keeper of every stallion or jack shall before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties, in this State, the highest sum which he intends to ask or receive for the season of one mare, and the receipt of the said Clerk, with the seal of his Court, attached thereto, shall be required to pay to the clerk of the county, shall be the license for stationing or standing of such stallion or jack for one year, from the date thereof provided, that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid by this section for such license be less than ten dollars; and that every stallion or jack upon which the said tax is paid shall be exempt from all other State tax.

JAMES C. JOHNSON,
Sheriff of Wicomico County

STATEMENT SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE WEST CHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, DEC. 31, 1896.

ASSETS.	
Value of real estate and ground rents owned by the company less amount of encumbrance thereon.....	\$216,500 00
Loans on bonds and mortgages.....	526,200 00
Stocks and bonds absolutely owned by the company, (market value).....	1,174,100 00
Interest due and accrued on stocks, bonds and other securities.....	4,799 31
Cash in company's principal office and belonging to the company deposited in bank.....	84,562 42
Premiums due and in course of collection.....	234,892 76
Total admitted assets.....	2,211,054 49

LIABILITIES.	
Losses reported, adjusted and unpaid.....	105,694 72
Reserve as required by law.....	1,082,790 83
All other claims.....	42,243 47
Total liabilities.....	1,230,728 02

Surplus as regards policy holders \$1,000,326 47

Capital stock paid up.....	300,000 00
Surplus as regards stockholders.....	708,290 47
Total income.....	1,948,039 01
Total expenditures.....	1,132,112 96
Amount of policies in force in United States on Dec. 31, 1896.....	105,273 406 00
Amount of policies written in Maryland during the year 1896.....	1,829 450 00
Premiums received on Maryland business in 1896.....	15,473 71
Losses paid in Maryland during 1896.....	2,781 00
Losses incurred in Maryland during 1896.....	4,368 23

State of Maryland,
Insurance Department,
Commissioners Office,
Annapolis, March 11, 1896.

In compliance with the code of Public General Laws, I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the statement of the Westchester Fire Insurance Company of New York, to Dec. 31, 1896, now on file in this Department.

F. ALBERT KURTZ,
Insurance Commissioner.

ORDER NISI.

The Wicomico Building and Loan Association of Salisbury, Md., vs. Henrietta and John E. Parker.

In the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, Equity No. 1001. April 2, 1897.

Ordered that the sale and the distribution of the proceeds of sale made and reported by E. Stanley Toadvin, attorney named in the mortgage be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 1st day of May next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico county once in each of three successive weeks before the 30th day of April next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$510.00.

True copy test: CHAS. F. HOLLAND,
JAS. T. TRUITT, Clerk.

AGENTS—\$25 to \$50 per week easy! home. A grand new thing. Write to us quick. You will be surprised at how easy it can be done. Send us your address anyway. It will be to your interest to investigate. Write to-day. Address "PEOPLE'S" 3041 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

WISHING.

I wish I were the fly that roams
Around yonder wall,
For he can ride a bicycle
And not fall off at all.

I wish I were the bird that swings
Her nest in the cool green
Of yonder tree, high in the air.
Her house is always clean.

But most I envy the old wall,
So dingy and so dim,
For I adore the poster girl,
And she is stuck on him.

—Somerville Journal.

DOUBLE ROYAL WEDDING.

Ceremony Followed by the Most Unique
Feast of Modern Times.

Max von Berlin, who served as "a page at the Berlin court" upon the occasion of the double royal wedding in 1877, graphically describes the ceremony and attendant festivities in The Ladies' Home Journal. "At 11 o'clock on the morning of the 18th of February, 1877," he writes, "the day of the wedding, we found ourselves posted again en escalier down the White hall. As the royal procession entered the chapel adjoining a magnificent chorus intoned one of Mendelssohn's superb psalms. The illustrious group ranged themselves before the altar, and Dr. Kogel, court chaplain, began the impressive ceremony. As the wedding rings were exchanged heavy artillery boomed forth the king's salute of 101 guns. The royal families exchanged congratulations, and the cortege returned again to the White hall for a short reception, and at 5 o'clock we were summoned again for the great wedding banquet. Unquestionably this banquet was the most unique of modern times.

"Covers for 100 persons were laid on tables arranged in the form of a horseshoe in the Hall of Knights. None but those of princely blood was to sit at these tables. The most noble and distinguished vassals of the emperor were to serve their royal master and his guests. The Count von W— and myself were detailed to Leopold, king of Belgium. However, we were but links in a chain of notables along which the viands were passed to his majesty. Next the king and immediately back of his chair stood the commander of an entire army corps; next in the rear stood a court chamberlain, to whom we handed the various dishes. He in turn passed them to the general, who personally served King Leopold. The emperor, William I, was served by the most powerful nobles of the empire. Count von Stolberg-Wernigerode, grand master of the hunt, carved the game; Prince von Pless, the grand cup bearer, filled his imperial majesty's crystal goblet with the rarest wines of the 'Vaterland.' But, curiously enough, none of the recipients of this remarkable honor seemed at ease, with the exception of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, who was evidently most interested in the Grand Duchess of Baden, the lady on his right. They alone talked and laughed in an unconstrained manner. The wedding ball followed this remarkable banquet."

A Dom Pedro Fete.

The recent funeral of Mme. Furtado-Heine, which took place at the chateau of Rocquencourt, recalled a pretty story of a marvelous fete given a few years ago in honor of Dom Pedro II of Brazil. In September, 1890, the emperor, then but recently exiled, after a reign of 50 years, was staying at Versailles, passing the autumn months with his daughter, the Comtesse d'Eu. One day, as he passed before the iron railings of the garden of the castle Rocquencourt, he saw the splendid hothouses and the massive beds of flowers. Curious to know who lived there, he said he would much like to visit the estate. Mme. Furtado-Heine hurried to receive him and showed him round the garden and through the hothouses. "Madame," said Dom Pedro, "I see the vegetation of my country; the trees are the same, and I breathe and smell the same flowers. I owe to you the first joy that I have felt since my exile. Thank you, thank you." "I hope the emperor will feel at home here," said Mme. Heine. "My doors will ever be open to receive your majesty." A week after Dom Pedro returned and consented to remain to dinner. The walls of the dining room were decorated with rose leaves of every color and formed the imperial arms of Brazil. The park was illuminated, and a splendid concert was given in his honor. —San Francisco Argonaut.

The Saw.

Pliny says that the saw was first invented by Daedalus, but, according to Apollodorus, it was the invention of Talus, who used the jawbone of a crocodile to cut through a piece of wood and then made an iron instrument in imitation of it. The saw is represented on the monuments of Egypt from 2500 to 3000 B. C. As early as A. D. 1322 sawmills driven by water power were in operation at Augsburg, and, it is believed, before this they were in operation in Paris, driven by the current of the Seine. The first sawmill erected in the Norway pineries was in 1580. Sawmills were numerous in Italy in the sixteenth century. They were not introduced into Holland until 1668, when a native of England built one, but was compelled to abandon it by the opposition of the populace, carpenters and other artisans, who saw no good in such a new fangled contrivance.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE OFFICIAL
QUARTERS OF THE EXECUTIVE.

Views From the Windows of the East Room—The "Hall of the Disappointed." Telephone Is Almost the Only Modern Improvement in the Building.

Mr. C. C. Buel writes a paper for The Century on "Our Fellow Citizen of the White House," devoted to the official cares and duties of the president, in the course of which he says:

At 10 o'clock a hardly discernible sign against the glass of the barrier announces to the citizen who has arrived under the grand portal that the executive mansion is "open" to visitors. At 2 o'clock the sign is changed to "closed." The doorkeepers swing the doors open to everybody. Within the large vestibule nothing is seen which indicates the arrangement and purposes of the different parts of the mansion. It was not always so, for originally the now concealed corridor, or middle hall, with the staircase on the right, was a part of the entrance hall. Now the spaces between the middle columns are closed with colored glass partitions, and the vestibule is simply a large, square room pleasant to get out of.

No way appears to open to the state apartments in the center or to the west wing, which is devoted to the private apartments. Yet glass doors are there, though as imperceptible to the stranger as a swinging panel. To the left there is a door which is always open. It admits to a small hall, across which a similar door is the side entrance to the great east room. About this splendid room, comprising the whole east end of the mansion, the visitor may wander at will before the portraits or enjoy from the windows the beauty of the treasury building to the east or the impressive landscape to the south, including the towering shaft of the Washington monument and beyond the ever charming Potomac, spreading with enlarging curves toward Mount Vernon, and in the private garden under the windows he may chance to see a merry band of little ones.

From the small hall between the vestibule and the east room a stairway ascends toward the medial line of the building to a wide middle hall, on each side of which are the offices of the president. The arrangement is simple, and in the floor plan covers the space occupied below by the east room and the green room, the latter being the counterpart of the small hall with the public stairway just mentioned. At the head of these stairs, over the green room, is the cabinet room, which is the first apartment in the south side of the hall, a jog of two steps, at the private door into the president's room, marking the raised ceiling of the east room below. The president reaches his office through the cabinet room, entering the latter from the library, which corresponds on the second floor with the blue room of the state apartments. President Arthur indeed used the library as his office and the cabinet chamber for an anteroom, while his private secretary was domiciled in the traditional office of the president. During his first term Mr. Cleveland preserved the same arrangement. But General Harrison went back to the office hallowed by Lincoln's occupancy, and Mr. Cleveland, on his return, found the arrangement so satisfactory that he continued it.

Beyond the president's large, square office is the corner room where Private Secretary Thurber is always either wrestling with the details of executive business or standing with his shoulder braced against the crowd struggling to see the president. It is a narrow apartment and might be called appropriately the "hall of the disappointed," the suggestion being emphasized by portraits of the greatest of presidential aspirants, Clay and Webster, to which Mr. Thurber added, as his private property, an engraving of the closest contestant for the office, Governor Tilden.

On the north side of the hall there are two rooms which correspond to those on the south side just described, the small one being occupied by Mr. O. L. Pruden, the assistant secretary since General Grant's time and the custodian of the office books as well as of the traditions which govern the public social routine of the executive mansion. In his room sits the telegraph clerk at his instrument, and by the window is a telephone, which saves a great amount of messenger service between the president and the departments. Occasionally a congressman, with less ceremony than discretion, attempts to get an appointment with the ear of the president over the telephone, and there is a record of a stage earthquake produced in the private secretary's room by a furious congressman who found the telephone ineffective and his Olympian style even less so. Notwithstanding that it is almost the sole modern improvement in the White House, President Cleveland was seen at the telephone but once, and then needless to say, not on call.

Arcturus is not less than 70 and is probably more than 100 light years distant from us. This star certainly surpasses the sun in volume many thousand times.

The British government still employs foreign mercenaries in its army. The Gurkhas, fine soldiers of Nepal, are employed in British India.

Tutt's Pills
Cure All
Liver Ills.

ARE YOU
BANKRUPT in health,
constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,
NEVER DESPAIR.

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.
For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills
an absolute cure.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MASS., DECEMBER 31st, 1896.

ASSETS.	
Value of real estate and ground owned by the company, less amount of encumbrance thereon.....	\$ 540,250.42
Loans on bonds and mortgage.....	6,591,330.26
Stocks and bonds absolutely owned by the company (market value).....	7,270,998.76
Amount of all loans (except mortgages secured by stocks, bonds, and other securities hypothecated to the company for cash actually loaned by the company).....	678,910.00
Interest due and accrued on stocks, bonds and other securities.....	326,983.63
Cash in company's principal office and in branches, and cash deposited in bank.....	510,404.73
Premiums due and in course of collection.....	531,896.81
Loans on company's policies.....	1,377,571.00
Premium notes.....	969,988.29
All other admitted assets detailed in statement on file in this office.....	3,711.06
Total admitted assets.....	\$18,546,959.96
LIABILITIES.	
Losses reported and adjusted and unpaid.....	\$ 170,590.65
Reserve as required by law.....	16,916,438.00
Unpaid dividends due and to become due to policy holders.....	112,039.83
Premiums paid in advance.....	5,208.84
Total liabilities.....	\$17,204,268.32
Surplus as regards policy holders.....	\$1,342,691.64
Total income.....	\$ 4,493,573.88
Total expenditures.....	2,849,129.11
\$9.39 policies in force in United States on Dec. 31, 1896.....	102,867,061.00
111 policies written in Maryland during the year 1896.....	316,500.00
Premiums received on Maryland business in 1896.....	30,493.07
Losses paid in Maryland during 1896.....	3,000.00
Losses incurred in Maryland during 1896.....	3,252.00

STATE OF MARYLAND,
Insurance Department, Commissioner's office
Annapolis, —, 1897
In compliance with the code of Public General Laws, I hereby certify that the above is a true abstract from the statement of the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company of Mass., to Dec. 31, 1896, now on file in this department.

F. ALBERT KURTZ,
Insurance Commissioner.
F. S. BIGGS Manager, 4 South street
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

Election Notice.

I hereby give notice that there will be an election held in Salisbury, at the vacant store room in the Brewington Building, Main street on the

First Tuesday in May, '97

BEING THE
4th Day of the Month,

for the purpose of electing three persons to serve as members of the City Council.
The polls will be kept open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. All persons who have resided within the corporation limits of Salisbury six months next preceding the election, and who were qualified voters at the last state election, are entitled to vote at said election.

RANDOLPH HUMPHREYS, Mayor.

CATARRH Nasal Catarrh

is a LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes. This remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.
ELY'S Cream Balm opens and cleanses the nasal passages, relieves pain and inflammation, heals and protects the membrane from cold, restores the sense of taste and smell. Is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once by inhalation or by applying directly to the nostrils.
ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren St., New York.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The famous signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

NEW YORK, PHILA. & NORFOLK R. R.

"CAPE CHARLES ROUTE."

Time Table in Effect Mar. 3, 1897.

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.			
No. 97	No. 91	No. 85	No. 81
leave	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
New York.....	8 00	12 00	8 10
Washington.....	6 40	12 45	7 59
Baltimore.....	7 44	3 00	6 25
Philadelphia (lv).....	11 10	3 40	7 25
Wilmington.....	11 56	4 27	8 13
	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.

Leave	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Delmar.....	3 55	7 30	11 37	1 51
Salisbury.....	3 46	7 42	11 50	2 02
Fruitland.....		7 57	12 01	
Eden.....		7 57	12 09	
Loretto.....		8 02	12 11	
Princess Anne.....	3 29	8 10	12 20	2 24
King's Creek.....	3 33	8 20	12 25	2 33
Costen.....		8 35	12 50	
Pocomoke.....	3 49	8 40	12 55	2 49
Tasley.....	4 38			3 47
Eastville.....	5 33			4 43
Chertilton.....	5 45			4 55
Cape Charles, (arr).....	5 55			5 05
Cape Charles, (lve).....	6 05			5 10
Old Point Comfort.....	8 00			7 05
Norfolk.....	9 00			8 05
Portsmouth.....(arr).....	9 10			8 15
	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.			
No. 82	No. 62	No. 82	No. 94
Leave	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.
Portsmouth.....	5 55		7 30
Norfolk.....	6 10		7 45
Old Point Comfort.....	7 10		8 40
Cape Charles.....(arr).....	9 30		10 45
Cape Charles.....(lve).....	9 50		11 05
Chertilton.....	10 01		11 14
Eastville.....	11 05		12 11
Pocomoke.....	11 55	2 10	6 10
Tasley.....		2 15	6 15
King's Creek.....	12 10	2 35	6 40
Princess Anne.....	12 20	2 45	6 52
Costen.....		2 50	7 00
Eden.....		2 57	7 11
Fruitland.....		3 04	7 18
Salisbury.....	12 47	3 27	7 35
Delmar.....(arr).....	1 08	3 41	8 00
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

Crisfield Branch.			
No. 103	No. 145	No. 127	
a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	
Princess Anne.....(lv).....	6 35	2 24	
King's Creek.....	6 40	2 28	11 00
Westover.....	6 45	2 55	11 15
Keaton.....	6 51	3 10	11 25
Marion.....	6 57	3 30	11 40
Hopewell.....	7 03	3 40	11 50
Crisfield.....(arr).....	7 15	4 00	12 05
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

No. 192 No. 116 No. 191 No.			
Crisfield.....	(lv) 5 30	7 45	12 30
Hopewell.....	5 38	7 55	12 37
Marion.....	5 49	8 10	12 48
Keaton.....	5 58	8 30	1 00
Westover.....	6 13	8 55	1 10
King's Creek.....	6 25	9 30	1 25
Princess Anne.....(arr).....	6 52		1 31
	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.

"If" Stops for passengers on signal or notice to conductor. Bloomtown is "if" station for trains 1074 and 79. [Daily.] [Daily, except Sunday.]

Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars on day express trains and Sleeping Cars on night express trains between New York, Philadelphia, and Cape Charles.

Philadelphia South-bound Sleeping Car accessible to passengers at 10.00 p. m.

Bertha in the North-bound Philadelphia Sleeping Car retainable until 7.00 a. m.

R. B. COOKE, Gen'l Pass. & Frl. Agt. R. H. NICHOLAS, Mngt.

WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.
A. J. BENJAMIN, Div. Freight and Pass. Agt.
Salisbury, Md.

L. POWER & CO.

Manufacturers of
the Most Improved Wood Working

MACHINERY

Machinery of Modern Design and
Superior Quality for

PLANING MILLS, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, FURNITURE.

Wagons, Agricultural Implements, Box-
Maxers, Car Shops, &c. Correspondence
Solicited. Address,

L. POWER & CO.
No. 20 S. 23d St., Phila.

Rainbow Liniment

Banishes all Pain
CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago,
Sprains, Bruises, Chills, Croup, & Colic.

Price, 25c, per bottle. Sample bottle, 10c.
Sold by Dealers. Manufactured only by
H. J. HACKETT & CO.,
27 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia.

USE HACKETT'S CONDITION

For Your Horses, Cattle and Poultry
Take no other. 15c. per lb. package.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE!

YOU THINK YOUR EYES DON'T
NEED EXAMINATION?
Have you headache? Do your eyes burn? Have
you watering of the eyes? Do you have trouble to
read the print? Have you pain in the back of your
head? Do your eyes feel heavy in the morning?
The cause of all these troubles is "CATARRH" of the
eyes, and it is a disease which is becoming more
prevalent than ever. It is a disease which is not
noticed by the patient until it is too late to
remedy all eye troubles.
Sold Gold Spectacles 65c; usual price \$5.00.
Artificial Eyes inserted 4.00; usual price 10.00.
M. ZINEMAN & BRO., 130 South 9th St.
PHILADELPHIA
Between Chestnut and Walnut Sts.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The famous signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

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BALTIMORE, CHESAPEAKE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY COMPANY

of Baltimore.

RAILWAY DIVISION.

Time-table in effect Nov. 14,

Steamer connections between Pier 4, 1

Wharf, Baltimore, and the rail-
road division at Chabonne.

West Bound.	
Mail	Acco.
a. m.	a. m.

Ocean City.....	6 30
Berlin.....	7 00
St. Martins.....	7 09
Whaleville.....	7 18
New Hope.....	7 27
Willards.....	7 36
Parsonsbury.....	7 45
Walston.....	7 54
Salisbury.....	8 03
Rockaway.....	8 12
Hebron.....	8 21
Mardela Springs.....	8 30
Vienna.....	8 39
Reed's Grove.....	8 48
Rhodesdale.....	8 57
Ennals.....	9 06
Hurlocks.....	9 15
Linchester.....	9 24
Preston.....	9 33
Bethlehem.....	9 42
Easton.....	9 51
Bloomfield.....	10 00
Kirkham.....	10 09
Royal Oak.....	10 18
Riverside.....	10 27
St. Michaels.....	10 36
Harpers.....	10 45
McDaniels.....	10 54
Chabonne.....	11 03
Baltimore.....	11 12

East Bound.	
Acco.	Ex.
a. m.	p. m.

Baltimore.....	7 00	4 30
Chabonne.....	7 09	4 39
McDaniels.....	7 18	4 48
Harpers.....	7 27	4 57
St. Michaels.....	7 36	5 06
Riverside.....	7 45	5 15
Royal Oak.....	7 54	5 24
Kirkham.....	8 03	5 33
Bloomfield.....	8 12	5 42
Easton.....	8 21	5 51
Bethlehem.....	8 30	6 00
Preston.....	8 39	6 09
Linchester.....	8 48	6 18
Willards.....	8 57	6 27
Ennals.....	9 06	6 36
Hurlocks.....	9 15	6 45
Reed's Grove.....	9 24	6 54
Vienna.....	9 33	7 03
Mardela Springs.....	9 42	7 12
Hebron.....	9 51	7 21
Rockaway.....	10 00	7 30
Salisbury.....	10 09	7 39
Walston.....	10 18	7 48
Parsonsbury.....	10 27	7 57
Pittsville.....	10 36	8 06
Willards.....	10 45	8 15
New Hope.....	10 54	8 24
Whaleville.....	11 03	8 33
St. Martins.....	11 12	8 42
Berlin.....	11 21	8 51
Ocean City.....	11 30	9 00

† Daily except Sunday.

DISCUSS CORRESPONDENCE

WOMEN

HEBRON, MD.

J. L. Nelson returned from Baltimore last Saturday.

Mr. P. E. Hastings is at the hospital in Baltimore for treatment this week.

Our ecclesiastic, Rev. Mr. Chance, delivered his first sermon in this place last Sunday. He advised the extension of church work and the forming of an Epworth League.

Mr. George Bounds is preparing to can tomatoes again this year.

Mr. J. W. Wilson has his store about completed and will open in a few days. We wish him success.

Our republican farmers are a little fast this year. Evidently they are not afraid of McKinley.

Commission merchants are numerous.

QUANTICO, MD.

Rev. W. G. Chance, the new pastor of the M. E. church has moved with his family, and preached a very interesting and appropriate sermon last Sunday evening. He will preach an Easter sermon next Sunday morning. Also Rev. Mr. Clark, the Baptist minister of Salisbury will preach at three o'clock in the afternoon.

A mite society was organized at the M. E. church last Monday evening. The members of the society will meet the first Monday in every month.

Miss Slemons of Delmar is visiting her Grand-mother Mrs. Kerr.

Mrs. Maggie Humphreys who has been very ill is slowly improving.

Mrs. Collier has returned from the city with her new millinery.

Dan Collier who has been suffering from a severe accident is recovering.

A pet dog belonging to Miss Marie Tainter died of hydrophobia last week.

PARSONSBURG, MD.

Miss Ethel Dennis, of Pittsville, visited Miss Eva Hastings last week.

Elder T. M. Poulson preached in the Forest Grove O. S. Baptist meeting house last Saturday and Sunday.

The members of the Forest Grove O. S. Baptist church are going to erect a new meeting house this summer. They will begin the work by the last of June and expect to finish it by August 18. The building committee is composed of Messrs. George Adkins, Levin W. Hastings, Joseph Parsons, and John Parker. Mr. Daniel Parker has contracted with the committee to do the work.

Messrs. Arthur Parsons and Billy Laws have purchased Mr. M. S. Truitt's farm near Parsonsburg. There is supposed to be between seven and eight hundred cords of wood on the farm. The wood will be cut and manufactured into kindling wood by E. H. and E. W. Parsons.

Mr. Isaac Parsons fell from a cart Monday and got his shoulder out of place.

Mr. Frederick Hayman and family have moved from Philadelphia to reside with his father on the farm near here.

Messrs. Ernest Parsons and Manlius Johnson of this town, have gone to St. Mary's county to work in the lumber business.

SHARPTOWN, MD.

The marine railway resumed work here on Monday after an idleness of several months. The schooner "Maud Seward" of Baltimore, which was run into by the German steamer "Acron" in the Patuxent river on January 4th, is here for a thorough repair. This is a good job and will give employment to a great many carpenters. Other boats are here and more likely to come soon.

The "President McKinley," Capt. F. C. Robinson's new barge left here this week with a cargo of lumber from D. O. Moore, of Laurel, Del., bound for Salem, N. J. She was towed by steamer D. K. Neal.

The basket factory of A. W. Robinson & Co. is now running on time with a very large force.

The redolence of the many flower gardens of this town will make this place very attractive during the summer. Never in the history of the town was there such an interest taken in the culture of flowers.

The next public improvement this town needs is a new school building, and a gasoline engine in the ferry boat. They are both needed for our progress this town.

PITTSVILLE, MD.

There have been changes going on in the mill business during the last quarter of the year.

ter of a century which the constant resident has not seen or at least is not conscious of in the fullest sense. A close observer who left this section some thirty years ago and is now spending a few weeks visiting the scenes of his youth, declares that the land everywhere appears to have been raised by showers of sand, this seeming increase in elevation and abundance of sand is no doubt due to the superior system of drainage we now possess which has lowered the springs and in assisting the water to run off rapidly has provided a means to take away more of the substance of the soil than we have replaced by manures. There was a time when the exhaustion of land by unreciprocal tillage was without significance because of the abundance of virgin soil, but year after year the "new ground" has been added to the farm until the forest has fled and he matter of perpetuating a remunerative productiveness in our old lands should receive our immediate and careful attention. It may be advanced, with good reason, that the price of crops will not justify the purchase of fertilizers, but as is well known there are grasses, notably clover, which gather the most valuable soil rejuvenants from the air and when plowed under speedily enrich the poorest land and with their net work of roots considerably retard the washing away to which our light land is subject.

Job Parker, colored, while extracting some corn from a neighbor's stack a few nights ago had the misfortune to get his leg well sprinkled with shot.

Miss Laura Dennis is having her artistic taste trained and acutely modernized under the skillful teaching of Messrs. Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, preparatory to a season's work here in her mother's millinery store.

Something to Think About.

(CONTRIBUTED BY THE W. C. T. U.)

During the year 1895, according to the U. S. Revenue report, there were in the United States, 232,295 liquor dealers. And we learn from themselves that these men were thoroughly organized, "not only to control a capital of \$200,000,000, but to control thousands of votes politically by which legislators will discern our powers." The boast is not in vain. Legislators will know their power at the caucus and the ballot-box. Shall we never escape the deadly grip of this terrible octopus?

There is a liquor seller to every 294 men, women and children in the whole land. The Revenue Department informs us that for the last year the amount of liquor, malt and distilled, on which tax was paid was 1,114,519,981 gallons. A gallon of whiskey sold over the saloon bar is said to furnish about 68 drinks, and there is 12 glasses of beer in a gallon. If only men drank and if all men drank, each man in the country would have swallowed about 86 gallons of beer and over 6 gallons of distilled liquors in the year. And at the rate ordinarily paid for drinks the aggregate sum which must pass through the till of the saloon would be \$1,299,628,304. Of this enormous sum—more than double the appropriations of Congress for every purpose during the same period—there can be little doubt that one-half comes out of the hard-earned wages of the toilers of our land.

And what have they bought? A beverage against the sure consequences of which God's Word, medical science and human experience bear unequivocal testimony. A beverage the use of which has desolated more homes and made more widows and orphans than war and pestilence combined. A beverage the use of which has ruined thousands and tens of thousands of human souls.

Is not this something to think about?

NOTICE.

I WANT every man and woman in the United States interested in the Opium and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases. Address B. B. Woolley, Atlantic City, N. J., and one will be sent you free.

SALT RHEUM

Most torturing and disfiguring of itching, burning, scaly skin and scalp humors is instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, when all else fails.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. Forras, Dime and Cent. Co., Prop., Boston. "How to Cure Salt Rheum," "Pimples, Face, Baby Skin-Itches," Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 12, 1897.

Amazing retailing at Wanamaker's these April days.

Stocks are at the full.

Three continents were ransacked for beauty and newness, and Philadelphia shoppers never had such fine choosing.

The dress goods stock is without peer in America.

The millinery store is unmatched in its collection of fine headwear, and facilities for producing artistic and becoming hats and bonnets. For the first time in the history of American retailing trimmers were sent to Paris for post-graduate study in designing. They are doing splendid work.

The silk stock is unrivaled in any city in America.

And with Wraps and Ready-made Costumes and Gloves and Shoes and Parasols the collections are perfect for this Easter-time gathering. Seventeen cases of foreign-made Coats and Costumes arrived Saturday.

Dependable goods from basement to roof—gathered at such a saving of expense and commissions as to be less in price than ever. Self-interest leads careful folks to Wanamaker's, because there is absolutely no risk of paying too much or getting unworthy goods.

We shall pass all records in April selling. The store was never so thoroughly ready, and the daily perfecting of systems, in themselves of proved goodness, carries the business through with fewer and fewer errors.

New Silks BRIGHT as a May morning—this great silk store—with heaped-up luxury from both sides of the sea. No need to tell of these new, fine things to insure their selling—but we are bound to give our public quick news of interesting goods. We've gathered small lots of the finest things, to insure their exclusiveness.

Rich Taffeta Plaids, Scotch colorings, with canala weaves of black satin. \$2 a yard.

Rich Chameleon Silks with twin dots of black and white on a rainbow of color. For waists. \$1.65 a yard.

Rich Moire Velour with stripes of white satin an inch apart. For skirts. \$1.50 a yard.

And so we might go on until we filled half this page. Can't refrain from just a few more hints.



Here are navy-blue and white silks, the choicest patterns gathered from far and near.

10 kinds of grenadines—blue and white, \$1.25.

Printed Faille Francaise, blue and white.

Soft shimmering Crepes, blue and white, big designs and little. \$1 a yard.

Liberty Satins, closely woven navy blue grounds with white printings—5 styles. 75c.

Shepherd's checks, blue and white—in taffeta, at 75c and 85c; or Louisine, at 50c and \$1; or bengaline, at \$1.25.

New taffeta silks in solid blue with white stripes, of several widths. \$1.

Printed India Silks—navy blue and white—in all the good wearing qualities. 35c, 40c, 50c, 75c and \$1.

Spring Dress Goods Dress goods selling is approaching high-water mark. The stocks are at full tide. We have been headquarters in America for dress goods these several years, but the leadership was never so marked as now.

No guess-work about it. A corps of experts have the business in hand—experts in their several lines. Hence, no weak spots in the stocks, no ruts in the business. The world's best is here. No warmed-over lots, no taken-over stocks. The woman who chooses Easter gown or summer outfit here has seen the cream of the textile world, if she has roamed through the twenty-one sections of the store that hold the season's offerings.

At \$1.50 a yard—

Broadcloths Imported Vigoureux
Whipcord Covert Fil-a-Fil Check
Plain weave Coverts Two-toned Diagonals
Cravenette Cheviots Illuminated Sharkskin

At \$1.25 a yard—

Pin-check Cheviots Imported Covert Cloths
Melange Whipcord French Whipcord
Creme Brilliant Puette
Silk-and-Wool Fancy Cravenette
French Serge Drap d'Alma
Broadcloths Fancy Cheviots

At \$1 a yard—

Silk-and-wool Novelties
Summer-weight French Wool Velours
Canvas Crepe Etamines
Crepe Brillants French Poplin
Fancy Cheviots Belge Poplins
Covert Cloth Pin-check Cheviots
Imported Vigoureux Broadcloths
Pin-stripe Brillants Imported Meltons
Wool Armures

At 75c a yard—

Imported Melange
Mohair Sharkskin Broadcloths
Imported Vigoureux French Serge
Storm Serge Covert Cloths

Cheviots Wool Etamines
Puette Imported Canvas
Diagonal Cheviots Wool Surah

Fine Cottons FRANCE leads in the making and printing, though American cottons are holding their own—and gaining.

75c a yard—

44 inch Embroidered Plaid Swiss. New arrivals and very stylish.

50c a yard—

30 inch Pineapple Gauze, plain and striped effects.

50c to \$1.25 a yard—

38 inch Embroidered Swiss for dresses; mostly linen grounds and colored figures woven in all-over and striped designs.

35c a yard—

30 inch French Organdies. It's a satisfaction to select from the latest Paris printings.

35c a yard—

30 inch French Grenadines. Woven in regular cluster stripes with elegant printings. One of the newest arrivals.

25c a yard—

30 inch American Organdies. Yankee printings that almost equal the French.

25c, 30c and 45c a yard—

30 inch Pique. Zigzag all-over printing on the imported, and others with the lappet woven in silk.

John Wanamaker

ORDER NISI.

The Wicomico Building & Loan Association, of Salisbury, Md., vs. Claudius W. Harrington and Mary A. Harrington.

In the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, in Equity No. 114 March Term, 1897.

Ordered, that the sale of property mentioned in these proceedings made and reported by E. Stanley Treadwin, attorney named in mortgage to the Wicomico Building & Loan Association, of Salisbury, Md., from Claudius W. Harrington and Mary A. Harrington, and the distribution be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 20th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 20th day of April, next. The report states the amount of sales to be \$392.00.

CHAS. F. HOLLAND, True Copy Test: JAMES T. TRUITT, Clerk

Auditor's Notice.

H. L. D. Stanford, Trustee of C. E. Harper.

All persons having claims against the estate of C. E. Harper, insolvent, sold and reported by H. L. D. Stanford, trustee, No. 1004 chancery, are hereby notified to file the same with me, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated according to law, on or before the first day of May, 1897, as I shall on that day at my office in Salisbury proceed to distribute the said estate among the persons thereto entitled according to law.

L. M. DASHIELL, Auditor.

New York RACKETER!

Some people talk of dull times and look sleepy, but we are glad to say that we haven't the time to get into such a state. For the people who are aware of the fact that there is one cheap store in Salisbury are fully taking advantage of the genuine bargains to be found at the racketer. We never know what we are going to get from the hustler in New York until we receive it, and we never keep it long after we get it. The consequence is we have something new at all times, and we have a surprise for the people with every bill till then we receive, and people who are curious to know what we have new are always to be found here. We invite an early and repeated visit and inspection of our stock. These are some of the articles to be seen marked in our store:

5 gal. tin pails	12c
4 gal. galvanized pails	15c
1 gal. dinner pails	10c
1/2 gal. dinner pails	6c
1 gallon coffee pot	19c
Milk pans	4c
Wash basins	5c
Bleached muslin per yd.	5c
Fine gingham aprons	12c
Gingham extra weight and color per yard	5c

Ladies desiring hats for spring trimmed with taste and the latest style should inspect the stock of the Misses Robertson & White who are with us.

R. Wirt Robertson,

MAIN STREET.

Eggs taken in exchange for goods.

Strawberry Plants!

For sale 100,000 Mitchell's Early Strawberry Plants. For prices and other information address E. Q. WALSTON, SALISBURY, MD.

SPRING CLOTHING

at Kennerly, Mitchell & Co.'s a complete assortment of the

Latest Designs

for men, young men, boys, and children. Our stock is now complete and we are going to sell these goods, because the prices that we are offering them at will surely make them go. Come early and select a suit for yourself or your boy. The line and prices will please you.

A beautiful line of odd pants, also boy's knee pants and suits.

Kennerly, Mitchell & Co.

Clothiers and Gent's Outfitters,

MAIN STREET.

SALISBURY, MD.

SUITS TO ORDER A SPECIALTY.