

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,
Containing the freshest advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, November 4, 1747.

C O N S T A N T I N O P L E, July 3.
EVERY thing is very quiet here since the renewal of the treaties between the Porte and the courts of Vienna and Petersburg. This grand affair, which has been happily terminated in spite of all the efforts of some evil-minded people to make it miscarry, fully proves the falsity of the reports which their adherents have spread abroad. The peace concluded with Persia is a further security of our tranquillity. Shan Nadir's ambassador is expected here towards the end of next month; and nothing can be more magnificent than the Reception we are preparing for that Minister.

The plague begins already to be felt in this metropolis; and as the weather is excessive hot, we dread the consequences. All the foreign ministers are retired to their country houses.

Cadix, July 4. On the 30th of last month the president of the contraction received an express from Madrid, to late, that the gates which were shut were obliged to be opened for his admittance. This express brought the king's orders for fitting out two fireships and two bomb vessels which are in the bay; and for equipping with all the dispatch imaginable, the men of war that are at Carthagena and Ferrol. He brought orders also for the French consul at Malaga to provide 28,000 rations of bread, which is supposed to be for the use of the British Squadron that is shortly expected to be upon our coast; but in what service that Squadron or our ships are to be employed, remains an impenetrable secret till time shall reveal it.

Florence, July 15. 'Tis said that a new treaty is concluded between the court of Vienna and that of Turin, whereby 'tis pretended that the former has yielded up to the King of Sardinia the rest of the Pavian, and even the Principality of Gherra d'Adda.

Vienna, July 15. Count Schulemberg arrived yesterday at this city from Italy, and to-day is gone to Schoonbrun, to make a report to their Imperial Majesties, of all that passed in the Imperial army before Genoa.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Stockholm, July 31. On Tuesday last Baron Korff, the Russian ambassador, being conducted and introduced with the usual ceremonies, had an audience of his Swedish majesty, to whom his excellency deliver'd his letters of revocation as ambassador; and at the same time presented new credentials from the empress of Russia, appointing him her imperial majesty's envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary at this court. On Wednesday last Dr. Blackwell, the Scotch physician, who had been several months in confinement here, was carried in a coach, under a strong guard, from the prison in town, to the usual place of execution without the south-gate, where he was beheaded, pursuant to the sentence pronounced upon him by the commission appointed to try him. He behaved with great decency and calmness of mind.

Genoa, July 25. O. S. The Regular Troops that are here, to the Number of 10,000 by the Arrival of the French and Spaniards that had taken Refuge in Corsica, and are now landed at Porto Fino. These Troops are no longer of Service, the City Gates being guarded by Militia, and there is Talk that the former will soon march to Savona, or elsewhere. In this Case we are told, the Tradesmen and Domesticks will be again armed, in order to occupy the principal Posts without the City, which Prudence will not suffer us to neglect, after the Departure of those Troops. This Precaution is by so much the more necessary, as we have no certain Advices concerning M. Belleisle and the Infant, and the common Opinion is, that the French and Spaniards lost more in the Affair at the Cold' Assiette than they are willing to own. The Austrians, who have most of them taken the Road of Piedmont, by Alexandria and Asti, have left a strong Garrison at Gavi, and about 5000 Men at Novi, besides a good many sick and wounded. Those in Piedmont, 'tis said, will attempt a new invasion into Provence and

Dauphiny, in Conjunction with the King of Sardinia's Troops: But if that should be done, we depend upon a powerful Diversion to be made by the Neapolitans.

We have consulted the French Engineers, which are still amongst us, upon the Fortifications of the City, and they declared, that tho' they are sufficient to resist such imperfect Attacks as were lately made against them, they would be incapable of holding out long against a Regular Siege. These Engineers have drawn a new Plan for extending and augmenting the Works, which will cost a vast Sum of Money to execute: But the Government, 'tis thought, will pursue it notwithstanding, since nothing can be of so much Importance to us as our Security. The French Officers have received Letters from Nice, with Advice, that M. Belleisle will pass the Var again with all his Forces, in order to force a Passage into Lombardy by the Way of Ceva.

The Families which retired during the Blockade of this City, begin to return from Leghorn, Florence, Lucca, and other Places. But the Reception they meet with is very indifferent, and the Nobility in particular, who could leave their Country in Distress, notwithstanding the Prohibitions of the Government, are treated with remarkable Coldness. Those who are not yet returned, and have suffered the Time prescribed to elapse, will be proceed against with the utmost Rigour. They will not only be obliged to pay the Fine of 4000 Golden Crowns which is fixed upon them, but they will be condemned to an arbitrary Penalty. These Families are counted at 25, all of the Petty Council; on whom 2 Millions and 500,000 Livres will therefore be immediately raised, independant of what may be arbitrarily imposed.

Leghorn, July 25. O. S. The Corsican malecontents, commanded by Col. Rivarola, maintain their ground at Terra Vecchia, which is a part of the town of Baitia. They have also possessed themselves of some other places in the island of Corsica.

Milan, July 28. O. S. Some lords of feifs of the empire, who confine upon the Genoese territories, have armed their subjects, and invaded the dominions of the republick by way of reprisal, the Genoese having pillaged their subjects. These lords are supported by some of Gen. Nadast's corps.

Chambery, Aug. 1. O. S. All the Spanish cavalry who were in quarters in this duchy, are gone from hence. They are marching towards Dauphiny, and, 'tis said, that they are to join the army of the Infant Don Philip in the county of Nice. We hear that Marshal Belleisle, having found the entry into Piedmont impracticable on the side of Stura, has determin'd to return into the county of Nice, and to march towards Ceva, which lies between Savona and Meadovi, with a view of penetrating on that side into the dominions of the King of Sardinia.

Brussels, Aug. 9. O. S. The Marquis de Mirepoix and the Duke de Richlieu have passed through this place from the army; the first is going to command in the place of the Chevalier Belleisle, and the second to serve under the marshal. The siege of Bergen-op Zoom carries off a great number of people without advancing in proportion. The loss of M. d'Orme, camp-marshal, who was kill'd there, is generally regretted, as he was one of the best engineers and miners the king ever had in his service. 'Tis said that Marshal Saxe has been incognito at the camp of Count Lowendahl, in order to consult with him the proper measures for the speedy reduction of the place. The long continuance of the siege begins to tire out every body's patience.

Velt Marshal Count Calemberg, in the service of the Queen of Hungary, who had been confined in the castle of Vilworden by the king's order, is set at liberty, upon condition that he shall never return within his majesty's dominions. The enemy's hussars continue to make incursions in this neighbourhood.

Maastricht, Aug. 30. O. S. The army of the allies has made another motion, advancing still nearer to Liege. The general quarters

quarters of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland is at Lichel; and that of Marshal Bathani at Eysden. General Trips is still in the neighbourhood of the Charreuse, and his troops continue to make incursions with great success.

The French army encamp: at Harcourt, Flex, Slang, and Norderham, and extend beyond Tongres. The body of Count Clermont, prince of the blood, reaches as far as Hasselt. The French entrench themselves in all these places, which looks as if they designed to stay there some time.

One of the bridges which his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland had thrown over the river under this city, has been removed to Vilet. The communication with Holland by the Maese is at present quite free, so that several boats, laden with forage, provisions, &c. have arrived from thence.

Oudenbosch, August 10. O. S. The body under the command of Gen. Baronai, frequently intercepts the convoys from A twerp to the enemy's camp, and daily send hither many prisoners, and great booty. The garrison of Bergen op Zoom still continues to defend itself so well, that the enemy gains no ground without purchasing it with the blood of their best officers and soldiers. Deserters assure us, that they are preparing to make in a few days a general attack upon the works of the town, and upon fort rover.

Antwerp, Aug. 11. O. S. Great numbers of wounded are daily brought here from the siege of Bergen op Zoom, and several of our engineers are killed. In short it may be said, that few sieges have proved more bloody than this.

Amsterdam, Aug. 12. O. S. The master of a ship arriv'd here reports, that he met off Cape Finisterre an English man of war, and two privateers of the same nation, which had taken a Spanish ship, laden with gold and silver, and off Goodstaart ten other English men of war, having with them two French men of war, two French India ships, and a ship from Martinico.

An Extract of a Letter from the HAGUE, dated Aug. 15.

"We are told that we shall have peace, but God knows when, a good one will scarcely be obtained, until France be reduced to it by the progress of the arms of the allies upon her territories, until she be obliged to give up the Low Countries, and to desist from forming an establishment for Don Philip; in short, until she renounces the devil and all his works, the pomps and vanities, &c.

As it seems the publick finds its hopes of peace upon some discourse which the English General, Sir John Ligonier had at the king's quarters, and the distinguished manner with which the king treated him, 'tis believed it will not be unacceptable or improper to relate the substance of some letters from the French army, wrote from one minister to another upon that subject.

The bravery and general character of Sir John Ligonier, interested themselves so strongly in his favour, as to have obtained him the esteem of the king, and friendship of all the generals and lords who saw him during the short time he was our prisoner. The king's ministers had several conferences with him, which turn'd altogether upon the affairs of the times, and the present war. Marshal de Noailles particularly said to him, "Sir, I cannot help rejoicing, with all those who sincerely desire peace, that the fate of arms has thrown you into the hands of the king, because no body is more capable, nor I believe more ready than you are to lay a foundation for it. The king is really inclin'd to it, and will very willingly hearken to reasonable terms; if your court is in the same good disposition, the thing may be effected, without any longer trusting to the fate of arms, which, as you are sensible, has hitherto not been very favourable to the allies. You know the sentiments of the court of London thereupon, and are acquainted with the intentions of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland; you consequently, whilst you are with us, may have the honour of conducting so important an affair." To which speech of Marshal de Noailles, and to those of the other ministers, General Ligonier answer'd in the affirmative, and gave them the strongest assurances of the good dispositions of the King his master in regard to peace, adding, that as all the conferences which had hitherto been set on foot for that purpose, had been unsuccessfully broken off, by reason of the preliminary difficulties, and the articles which were to be the basis, not being settled; the re-establishment therefore of a new congress, and even of a peace itself, depended almost entirely upon his most christian majesty. One may form a judgment from what is above related, whether any thing essential has been done, and if there be any grounds to give out so emphatically as has been publish'd, that peace is as good as concluded.

Extract of a Letter from the HAGUE, dated August 15.

A foreign minister has receiv'd advice from Paris, importing in substance, that besides the augmentation which the most christian king has given orders to be made of some regiments, great diligence is us'd in raising 24000 men to be sent to garrison the strong places, to the end that the old troops and the exercis'd militia may be drawn from thence, in order to be employ'd in the armies of his majesty. The levy of the militia, which will be made after the harvest, will amount, according to the returns made, to near 80,000, which will be equip'd with arms and half cloathing, and exercis'd all the winter in military business.

Extract of a Letter from a foreign Minister at the Hague, dated August 22.

"The Most Christian King is, 'tis said, resolv'd to see Bergen op Zoom in his possession, even at the expence of 60,000 men. 'Tis pretended, that he has already lost more than a fourth part of that number. Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and all Zealand, are full of French deserters, who for the most part engage themselves for the Indies, or on board the men of war. Count Lowendahl finding so much more trouble in taking this place than he expected, grows sick of the undertaking, tho' he does make some small advances. He is expecting the third renewal of his artillery, which has been render'd unserviceable by that of the town, which is serv'd beyond all imagination, particularly by the English gunners, &c.

The journey which the Baron de Reischach, the Imperial minister here, has made to the grand army near Maeftricht, was occasion'd by some private dispatches which this minister receiv'd from the court of Vienna, and upon which he confer'd several days with his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland and Marshal Bathani. Notwithstanding the endeavours that have been used to keep the subject of this message a secret, we have been informed from good hands, that her imperial majesty has sent orders to Count Bathiani to act in subordination to the Duke of Cumberland, and to exactly conform himself to the maxims and enterprises which that Prince shall of himself think proper to enter upon.

'Tis assur'd, that his Excellency the Earl of Sandwich has not yet declar'd in form the subject of the commission with which that ambassador is charged; however, it's known beforehand, that it is no less an undertaking than to cut the Gordian's knot. The courier which M. Ammon the minister from Prussia, has lately receiv'd, has, we are assur'd, brought propositions for a suspension of arms, but upon certain conditions; concerning which that minister was both Friday and Saturday in conference with the deputies of the States General, and has presented a memorial."

Extract of a Letter from Bergen op Zoom, dated August 25, Four in the Morning.

The progress made by the French has obliged us for these two days past to barricade the principal streets, and put all the sluices and flood-gates in order, tho' we have orders not to open them till the last extremity, which seems near at hand; two of the principal streets being now all in flames, besides some cross streets and lanes, and consequently the inhabitants in the greatest confusion. The firing on both sides has been all this night and yesterday more severe than ever, by which the French have at last disabled most of our cannon. 'Tis hoped, however, the opening of the flood-gates will retard their progress for at least ten days.

L O N D O N, August 7.

We hear that Capt. Hildesly an old Officer in the Navy, is appointed an Admiral.

August 12. It was Yesterday reported that the King of Portugal was dead.

We hear that most of the Fireships in His Majesty's Navy are order'd to be converted into Sloops of War.

August 18. His Majesty's Ship the Ambascade, Capt. Gwyn, has taken a French Privateer of 12 Guns, belonging to Cherberg, and carried her into Kinsale.

Last Friday Admiral Cotterell kiss'd His Majesty's Hand on that Promotion, and last Sunday kiss'd the Princess Amelia's Hand on the same Occasion.

Sir Peter Warren, Knight of the Bath, is set out for Bath, to drink the Waters for the Benefit of his Health.

Orders are given for the Payment of Messengers the Charge they have disbursed for the maintenance of the Evidences, and Rebel Prisoners; which we hear amounts to above 10,000l.

August 22. They continue to work extraordinary Hours in His Majesty's Yards, in order to get the Ships ready that are to form the Channel Service.

Several

Several Regiments of Foot, now in England and Scotland; will embark in a few Days for Holland; Sixteen Transports being already taken up for that Purpose.

NEW YORK, October 19.

By Capt. Woodside, who arrived here yesterday in 11 days from Providence, we have an account of a violent hurricane there on the 1st instant, in which all the vessels in that harbour, being 35 sail, were drove on shore, and many of them entirely lost, very few escaping without considerable loss: A privateer Half-Galley belonging to that Place, with about seventy hands on board, was entirely destroyed, and all the men drowned except 2 or 3 Negroes.

From Albany we learn, that the Forces posted at Saraghtoga abandoned that Fort about a Fortnight ago, and after setting it on fire, retreated with all the Cannon and Stores to Albany.

PHILADELPHIA, October 21.

By a private Person who arriv'd here last Night from New-York, we learn, that on Friday last arrived there a Vessel from Liverpool, in about 5 Weeks, who brings Advice, that there had been another Engagement between the Allied Army in Flanders, under the Command of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, and the French Army, wherein the Duke got the Victory, and killed the French 10,000 Men. We are also informed that the Spanish Man of War that was engaged sometime ago by the Warwick Man of War, as lately mentioned, is taken by some of Admiral Warren's Fleet, and reckoned the richest Ship taken this War.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Just Published, (Price 6s. 6d)

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof.

THE LAWS made at the last Session of Assembly of this Province.

ALL Masters of Vessels, or others, may be supply'd with good SHIP-BREAD, by the Subscriber, at his bake-house, in Annapolis.

JOHN CHALMERS.

JUST IMPORTED

In the Ship LYDIA, from LONDON.

VERY good Assortment of European and India GOODS; to be sold by the Subscriber at Patuxent, very reasonably for Current Money, or Bills of Exchange.

WILLIAM TIFFIN.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the dwelling Plantation of Mr. John Darnall, lying near his Lordship's Mannor, in Anne-Arundel County, containing 516 Acres of Land, with the necessary Improvements, will be sold to the highest Bidder, by us the Subscribers, at Pig-Point, on the 25th Day of November. The same day will be exposed to Sale by us, several choice Negroes.

SAMUEL HARRISON,
JEROM PLUMMER,

TO BE SOLD

For Ready Money, or good Bills of Exchange,

TRACT of Land, containing near 400 Acres, lying on the Head of Severn River, and adjoining to the Water, whereon is a pretty good dwelling House, Kitchen, Milch House, and Tobacco House. The said Land is plentifully stocked with Rail Timber and Fire Wood, as also Pine, and other Timber fit for the Saw, and likewise a fine place for raising of a stock; the said Land formerly belong'd to Mr. Joseph Young, of Kent County. As also one other Tract of Land, called Holland's Adventure, lying on the Fork of Patuxent River, within five Miles of Snowden's Iron-Works, containing 400 Acres, with two good Dwelling Houses, two good Tobacco Houses, several small Apple Orchards, and a large Peach Orchard; a pretty large Quantity of said Land is already clear'd, fit for Corn, Wheat, Tobacco, or Pasturage. Any Person inclinable to buy said Land, or either of them, may have them very reasonably, by applying to

SAMUEL BUDD.

N. B. The Subscriber understands that there is some ill-minded designing Persons, that has given the above mentioned Lands a bad Character; but hope that those that have a Mind to buy, will take no Notice of the false Report; but if they will apply to the Subscriber, he will go with them to view the premises.

ELIZABETH CROWDER, Quilter.

(Who lately liv'd with Mrs. Carter, in Annapolis)

IS removed to Mr. Carroll's Quarter, about two Miles from Town, where she performs all sorts of QUILTING in the best Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates: Good Petticoats for Eight and Ten Shillings a Piece, and coarse Petticoats for Six Shillings. Whoever may have occasion to employ her, may depend on being faithfully served by

Their humble Servant,

ELIZABETH CROWDER.

RUN away about a Year since, from Talbot Ristean, of Baltimore County, near Joppa, a lusty Negro Man, named Ben, Country born, about 25 Years of Age, Had on when he went away, a Kersey Jacket, and an old Pair of Sailor's Trowsers, no Stockings nor Shoes. Any Sheriff to whose Custody the said Negro is committed, is desired to give Notice to his said Master.

TALBOT RISTEAN.

TO BE SOLD,

THE House and Lot in Kilkenny Town, in Anne-Arundel County, near Queen-Anne Town, whereon William Rawlings lately liv'd, it being a good House, and a convenient Place for an Ordinary; an Inspecting House being appointed by Act of Assembly to be built near to it.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may be informed of the Terms of Sale, by enquiring of the Subscriber, living near South-River Church.

JOSEPH HANSLAP WARMAN.

to be SOLD by the Subscriber, Administrator of Thomas Gassaway, deceased, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Paper Money, on the 24th Day of November the two following Tracts of Land, lying in Anne-Arundel County, in the upper Parts of the Forks of Patuxent River, viz.

ONE Tract of Land, called Upland, containing 420 Acres, whereon is a Plantation that has been seated about three Years, and is a good Place for raising of Stock: Also one other Tract of Land, called Hammond and Gift, containing 500 Acres. The Sale to begin at 12 o'Clock on the above mentioned Plantation.

JOHN GASSAWAY.

LOST, during the last FAIR, a Woman's Side Saddle, without any Covering, the Seat Buck-skin almost new. A Horse strayed away with it on his Back, but was taken up without it.

Whoever finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

JAMES BARNES.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subscriber, at his Shop in Annapolis,

TOBACCO Manufactured, by a very good Tobaccoist lately arrived from Scotland; Cut and Dryed, Shag, Pig-Tail; and Snuff, very little, if any thing, inferior to the best Scotch Snuff. Any Persons may be supplied with what Quantities they think fit, and at very reasonable Rates.

JOHN INCH.

RUN away on the 19th of October, from the Subscriber, of Kent County, three Convict Servant Men, viz.

Elisba Bond, about 45 Years of Age, understands Fiddling, having one with him; is a lusty Man, of a brown Complexion, and has light Eyes, his Hair bushy, and mixt with grey. He is a West-Countryman, and speaks that Dialect. He is mark'd G B with Gunpowder, on his right Hand. He had a blue-grey Coat well worn, a red Jacket lin'd with Yellow, a Pair of black Leather Breeches, and a Pair of Trowsers.

Roger Stamp, about 40 Years of Age, of middling Stature, wears his own Hair, and is a little Bald, of a fair Complexion, speaks West-Country. He had a white Kersey Coat, an old Castor Hat much worn, has two new Oznabrig and one white shirt, and a white Fustian Jacket and Breeches.

William Hardy, about 50, a Man of good Learning, a Master by Trade, of middling stature, and pale Complexion. Had on a natural curl'd brown Wig, a brown Coat, and a black Jacket.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that their Masters may have them again, shall have Six Pistols Reward for the Three, or Two Pistols for each, paid by

MICHAEL HACKETT.

EBENEZER PEAKINS.

WILLIAM WILSON.

Mr. GREEN,

SOME Time ago in your Paper, published an Advertisement, desiring the several Gentlemen that I had complimented with the Loan of Books, to return them; but as that has not had the desired Effect, I desire you will publish the following Catalogue:

Tale of a Tub.

Shamela.

Spanish Inquisition.

Court Kallender.

Devil Hermit.

Rozelli.

Gulliver's Travels.

Ovid Traversie.

Cum multis aliis, quæ nunc præscribere, longum est.

Devil upon Two Sticks.

Fortunate Country Maid.

Hippolitus.

Parry's Life.

Fortunate Peasant.

Marlborough's Life.

Prince Eugene's Life.

Czar of Muscovy.

I am, Sir, Yours, &c.

THOMAS GOUGH.

RUN away, on the 13th of October, from David Long, Blacksmith, an Irish Servant Man named John Griffin, a Weaver by Trade, about 24 Years of Age. He is a full faced likely Fellow, talks much of being a Soldier, is pretty much given to Drinking and Singing, and has sore Legs. He had on when he went away, an old check shirt, an old brown Coat, a Cotton Waist-coat, a pretty good Castor Hat, an old pair of Pumps, and an old pair of Cotton Stockings.

Whoever brings the said Servant to the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, not far from Mr. Rutland's, shall have Three Pounds Reward beside what the Law allows.

DAVID LONG.

JOHN CROSLAND, late from LONDON, HEREBY gives Notice, That he mends all sorts of SHOES and BOOTS, after the neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates.

The said Crosland lives at the Widow Widdub's, near Mr. Burdus's, in Annapolis.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of two Tracts of Land, one call'd Heir's Purchase, the other Jubb's Discovery, lying on the North Side of Severn River; both Tracts containing 107 Acres, situated very convenient for a Ferry, one being now kept on it by John Burt. For the Title and Terms of Sale, enquire of

BENJAMIN FOWLER.

JUST Imported by the Subscriber, variety of coarse and fine Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Checks, Manchester Wares and Threads, Broad Cloths, Kerseys, Half Thicks, Fizes, Bays, striped Flannels, and Welsh Cottons, Nails and Iron Ware of all sorts, &c. Also a quantity of fine Salt. All to be Sold at reasonable Rates in Wholesale or Retail.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts, are desired to call and pay their Balances, or give Notes for the same, on or before the first Day of January next, to save further Trouble to

JAMES DICK.

ANDREW BUCHANAN, Wig-maker and Barber, keeps his Shop right over against the Sign of the Indian King in Annapolis, where any Gentlemen may be furnish'd with all sorts of Wiggs made in the best and newest Fashions: And those Gentlemen who shall be pleas'd to favour him with their Custom for Shaving, may depend on being duly attended, with good Razors, by

Their humble Servant,

ANDREW BUCHANAN.

N. B. There is likewise an Evening-School kept at the same Place by the Subscriber, who Teaches Writing, and Arithmetic, from Six o'Clock 'til Nine.

JAMES BROWN.

RAN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Back-River, the 27th of September past, a luffy Country Born Negro Man named Will; he has a scar on his Cheek occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN.

STOLEN or Strayed from Bladenburg, last April, a large bright Bay Gelding, with no particular Mark or Brand that is discernable, his Head and Nostrils pretty large, his common Gate a Gallop, tho' he can Pace and very fast, so hard as not to be Rode with any satisfaction, and has been used to be shod all round.

If by this description he can be found, and brought to the Subscriber, the Person bringing him shall be entitled to a Reward of Three Pounds Currency.

DAVID ROSS.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold by William Govane, at his House near Annapolis, very Cheap, by Wholesale.

A PARCEL of choice Ouzabrigs, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Kettles and Skillets, of various sizes; West-India Rum, Mollasses, New-England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oyl, Maple Desks, and Rush-bottom Chairs of the best Make and Fashion.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land called Bloomburg, containing 400 Acres, lying in the Frshes of Great Choptank in Talbot County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, Richard Hopewell, and adjoins to a Tract called the Irish Discovery, which joins to a Tract called Baker's Plains, which last mentioned Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, near the Mouth of Patuxent River.

JOSEPH HOPWELL.

WILLIAM HAYES, Chair-maker from Philadelphia, now lives in Annapolis, and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all sorts of Rush-bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES.

N. B. The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of East Street, where William Hudson lately dwelt.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis, are requested to make Payment.

MARY FRASER.

JUST IMPORTED from Glasgow, by James Johnson, in the Snow St. Andrew, and to be Sold at his Shop in Annapolis, by the Subscriber.

A LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Oznabrigs, Blanketts, Rugs, Kerseys, Broad Cloths, English and Scotch Half thicks, Check Linnens of all sorts, Irish Linnens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tartans, Blanketting, Yarn Stockings, Worsted and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Worsted and Thread Stockings, Men and Womens Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Calicoes, Romalls, and sundry sorts of India, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to the said James Johnson, as well before as since his Departure from Maryland, are once more desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco on hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money for it, by treating with

ROBERT SWAN.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at Broad Creek, on Kent-Island, to cross the Bay to Annapolis with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from Annapolis to Kent-Island. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to Let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and his Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

MARYLAND GAZETTE

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, November 11, 1747.

From the St. James's EVENING POST, of August 22. 1747.

To the AUTHOR, &c.

S I R,

In the year 1678, when Lewis XIV. had brought the Dutch almost to the Brink of Ruin, and this Nation was so animated against France by the Progress of her Arms in the Spanish Netherlands, that the Parliament address'd King Charles II. to declare War against her, a Pamphlet was published, entituled, *Christinnissimus Christianandus, or, Reasons for the Reduction of France to a more Christian State in Europe*. As most of the Matter in this Piece is as applicable to the present Time as it was to that when it was written, allowing only for the Change of Names, I send you an Abstract from the Beginning of it, which if you please, you may lay before the Public.

CERTAINLY 'tis high Time to think of making the Ministers of France better Christians, when 'tis apparent they have taken up the Principles of the Common Enemy of Christendom, and made his Maxims the Rules and the Measure of their Proceedings. Absolute Empire at Home, and Universal Empire Abroad, is their Aim as well as the Turks; and seeing that by their Actions all the Duties of Christianity are laid in the Dirt, it were hard to determine, under which of the Two, Christendom would obtain fairest Quarter, after an absolute Conquest. For though France be Owner of the better Faith, yet the other keep Faith better; because all Travellers tell us, the Turk counts it Religion to keep Word and Promise.

But (it seems) France may do any Thing *Regnandi Causa*, as we shall see by and by, when we come to tell how little Value is made of Promises, Obligations, Alliances, and the Sacraments. In these Things they exceed the Grand Signior; but in Matter and Extent of Absolute Dominion, they are his Rivals, and aspiring to foist him in his Design upon Europe, to become sole Masters of the Weltara, as he is of the Eastern Empire.

And why not? Why should not Lewis the XIVth have it now, as his Predecessor, Charlemain, had it heretofore? His great Ministers and Officers both Civil and Military, say, They have ample Territories, and very populous, and a most numerous Nobility and Gentry; as much Courage as their Ancestors, together with the Advantage of being trained up either to Actions of War, or warlike Exercises; also the Situation of their Country, and Opportunity they have by it to invade their Neighbourhoods upon all Occasions; the Fruitfulness and Riches of the Soil, the prodigious Quantity of all Sorts of Commodities, Manufactures, and other Ways, with which they supply neighbouring Countries; And lastly, the vast Revenues of their Kings, who governing of late without Check or Controul at Home, are thereby the more able to oppress other States or Princes.

They boast how Charles VIII. frighted all other Potentates, by the surprizing Conquest of the Kingdom of Naples. How they contended with the Austrian Family, when it had been rais'd on a sudden to a wondrous Grandeur, by the Accession of innumerable Provinces, united in the Person of Charles the V. and that their King Francis I. had like to have carried from him the Imperial Crown, having to that end engaged several of the Electors; but they forget to tell us, that when he had rais'd it, then to be reveng'd on the Emperor, and the other Christian Princes, he was the first that taught the French the *Most Christian Trick* of making Leagues with the Turk; for so did he with the Great Solyman the Magnificent, as you may read in my Lord Herbert's History of our Henry VIII. and God prosper'd him accordingly: For tho' he had several Times the Turk's Assistance to carry on his revengeful Designs, so the Hazard of all Christendom, yet, at last, he was forc'd to yield

to the victorious Arms of that Emperor Charles, who took him Prisoner, and made him buy his Peace at an extraordinary Rate. But his Son Henry II. had better Success, and would have extended his Dominions very far, had he not been prevented by a sudden unfortunate Death, as was also thirty Years after, King Henry III.

Then came on his Successor Henry IV. and of him they boast, that he subdued Monsters of Factions at Home, and afterwards revived that monstrous Design of grasping all abroad: That having made good his Title to the Crown, by the Success of his Arms, he bent all Thoughts upon a Project, vast in the Extent of it, as extraordinary in the Nature of it, intending no less than to cast Europe into a new Model, and reduce all the Kingdoms and Commonwealths that were in his Time, to a certain Number, and to bring them into such Bounds as he should think fit to prescribe to them; but to reserve to himself a Portion so considerable, to grow up into that State of Universal Monarchy, which had been first imagined by his Predecessor Francis. To this Effect, he had made Choice of his Generals, and other great Officers, furnished his Arsenal with mighty Stores of Arms, and collected prodigious Sums of Money into his Treasury; and all came to nothing by the Hand of Ravalliac.

After him his Son Lewis XIII. Father of the present King, though, by Reason of some Brouils and Civil Wars, he was not at Leisure to carry on the Project of his Predecessor, by employing that Way the great Armory and Wealth which his Father had provided; yet still he had an Eye towards it; and Cardinal Richelieu, with the rest of his Ministers, finding that the House of Austria was very near bringing all Germany under their Subjection, and after the Battle of Fragne, stood fair to carry away Universal Empire (the Darling of France) they hasten'd with what Speed they could to put an End to civil Dissentions, and having got Quiet at Home, they being then courted by divers Princes, for Assistance and Protection against the Austrian Family, were glad of the Opportunity: Reckoning, that under a Shew of assisting weak Princes, they might at length take an Occasion to share with them in their Principallities, and by that Means vastly increase their own Power: And so they did subdue new Provinces and considerable Towns in Spain, Italy, Germany, and the Low Countries; which at last made the Princes as jealous of him, as they had been before of the Austrians: So that, to prevent farther Mischief, they were content to sit down with their Losses, rather than trust their French allies any longer. Which occasioned that great Treaty held at Munster, which ended in a general Peace, Anno 1648.

PETERSBURGH, July 27.

Monsieur Dallon, Minister from France, has obtain'd Leave from his Court to return home to France, for the Recovery of his Health, but purposes to be here again next Spring.

Leghorn, July 29. By a Ship just arriv'd here from Genoa, we hear, that on the 26th a Body of 15000 Troops, consisting of French, Spaniards, and Genoese, set out from thence for Savona. We have also receiv'd Advice, that the French have blown up the Castle of Ventimiglia, and that ten Feluccas, with Provisions for the French and Spaniards, having enter'd into St. Remo, upon a Supposition that it was in Possession of the former, were immediately seized upon by the Piedmontese.

Two English Men of War having cast Anchor off Viareggio, where they block up the Port, and stop all Ships that come here, declaring all good Prizes, our Merchants have complain'd of it, not only to the Regency of Florence, but also at Vienna. The English have also taken and carried into Port Mahon, a Maltese Ship from this Port, laden with Effects for the Merchants at Marseilles. Several Persons are arriv'd here from Genoa.

Genoa, who have been imprisoned there, and are now banish'd; most of them propose to go into the Kingdoms of Naples and Sicily, and some will retire into France.

Milan, July 29. According to our Advices from Novi, the Genoese pursued the Imperial Troops into the Valley of Polsevera, and as far as Campo Morone, but did them no further Damage than taking a small Detachment of Waradins Prisoners, and thirteen Mules. 'Tis assured, that they afterwards set fire to Fornari and Castello, and destroyed the fine Palace at Pegli, belonging to Prince Doria, which was spared by our Troops, attributing that Behaviour of ours to some secret Intelligence with the Proprietor. They likewise plunder'd some Feits belonging to the Empire.

Some Alteration appears to be made with respect to the March of the Troops of this Duchy: The Report is, that those which were employ'd in the Siege of Genoa, and were to return into Lombardy, have receiv'd Orders to halt upon the Frontiers of the Territory of that Republick, where they are to be reinforced by some Battalions, without our knowing the Reasons for so doing. General Brown was to take the Command of the Army the 24th, and it was to march the 27th in four Columns towards Piedmont; there is already a Talk of a new Expedition into Provence. General Andrea is to command the small Body of Troops destin'd to guard the Frontiers of the State of Genoa. 'Tis reported that General Schulembourg will go into the Service of the Republick of Venice, in Quality of Generalissimo, but 'tis said, that he has not obtain'd Leave of the Court of Vienna.

Florence, July 30. We hear that the Marquis de Bissy, who succeeded the late Duke de Boufflers at Genoa, having received twenty Battalions of Troops, was going to advance towards Savona.

Bologna, July 30. According to our Advices from Lombardy, Count della Rocca and Prince Piccolomini are gone to Oneglia at the Head of a good Body of Foot. We learn from Leghorn, that the English exercise all Manner of Hostilities against the Genoese Vessels, and that they seize all the Effects which belong to the Subjects of that Republick on board of all Vessels whatsoever.

Genoa, August 3. Letters from Lyon advise, that the Infant Don Philip is passing the Var, in order to take up his Quarters at Grasse. According to the Calculation of the Loss of the French in the late Action, it appears that they had 1000 or 1200 kill'd on the Spot; 276 Officers kill'd, wounded, or made Prisoners; 800 Soldiers, taken Prisoners, and 1300 wounded, which, for want of Carriages to remove them, have also been consign'd as Prisoners. 'Tis assur'd that some Letters were found upon the Chevalier Belleisle, by which the secret Intelligence which he gain'd in the Dominions of the King of Sardinia was discover'd, together with the Plan of the Operations of this Campaign. The French Army has quitted all the Posts along the Coast, and only left a small Garrison at Ventimiglia; and we have receiv'd Advice, that all the Troops are in Motion in the County of Nice, in order to retire towards the Var.

Vienna, August 5. Orders have been given to raise new Levies, in order to compleat the Austrian Troops in the Netherlands, where, as 'tis said, some additional Regiments will be sent.

Turin, August 5. Count Brown arriv'd here Yesterday, and To-morrow his Troops will be about ten Miles from this Place in the Neighbourhood of Pignerol. It seems that the Enemy is so far from making us a fresh Visit, that they are apprehensive of one from us, seeing they are making Entrenchments in all the Passages which lead into Upper Dauphiny.

The King's Troops, in Concert with the Austrians, are making Preparations to invade that Province, before the French and Spaniards have assembled their principal Forces on that Side.

Liège, August 15. The French Army, which Yesterday quitted the Neighbourhood of Maestricht, encamp'd in the Afternoon near Tongres. The King established his General Quarters near Hamal: The magnificent Tents of his Majesty were pitched in the Garden of that Castle. 'Tis not certainly known whether the Army will continue here, or will march towards Louvain, in order to be more ready to cover the Siege of Bergen op Zoom.

Madrid, July 31. We have received Advice that the Count de Fuencalra, late Vice Roy of Mexico, arrived the 19th at Larcas, a Village on the Coast of Galicia. This Lord set out from the Indies in a French Frigate; on the 18th he met some English Men of War of Admiral Warren's Squadron,

which chased him; but his Frigate being a good Sailor, had Time to run ashore upon the Coast, and to unload the Effects that there were on board, with part of the Guns and Stores, before the English could come up with her. The Captain afterwards set Fire to her, and then made such Preparations on Shore to receive the English, in Case they had attempted to land, that they thought proper to cheer off.

Maestricht, August 18. The Army of the Allies will move again To-morrow, in order to draw nearer to Liège, and be opposite to that of the Enemy, whose Left is at Tongres, and the Right extends to Raucoux. They do not yet seem to be making any Preparation for marching towards Bergen op Zoom, but we have been inform'd, that they have detach'd some Troops to reinforce the Army of Count Lowerre. There are frequent skirmishes between the light Troops of both Armies. There has been a very great Desertion from the Enemy since they decamp'd, every Day great Numbers arrive here most commonly with their Arms.

Head Quarters of the Camp at Ryckolt, August 17.

The Enemy are entrenching themselves in their new Camp near Tongres; they had work'd several Days at it before they had quitted their Camp of the Grand Commanderie. It is thought they will detach from their present Camp, to reinforce the Corps before Bergen op Zoom, under the Command of M. de Lowendahl; twenty Battalions are order'd to hold themselves in Readiness for that Purpose; they give out that the French King will soon return to Versailles.

Every Thing is ready for an approaching March, which the Army is order'd to hold itself in Readiness to make. Our Bridges below the Town of Maestricht are broke up, in order to be transported higher up the Meuse: One has been already thrown over the River at Eiden, a little higher up than Calix, and the Engineers have begun to work this Morning at a Tied Pont.

On the Motions of the Enemy upon the River, Lieutenant General Mercy has extended his Posts higher up above Liège, as far as Quimperpoix. Great Quantities of Forage are preparing for the March of the Army that Way.

A large Convoy of British Artillery and Ammunition arriv'd Yesterday in this Camp from Boisseduc, to replace what was destroy'd in the late Action.

The Enemy has been oblig'd already to send away from Namur, a great Part of the Artillery and Stores which were assign'd for the Siege of Maestricht, to supply that of Bergen op Zoom.

L O N D O N, August 11.

They write from Dublin, that one of the Vessels belonging to the Custom-House there, had taken a French Privateer, who had taken several Ships, and had divers Ransomers on board. *Extract of a Letter from on board his Majesty's Ship the Falkland at Sea:*

"We have already been two Months at Sea, and cannot yet inform you of the Length of our Cruise; but however, I have the Pleasure of an Opportunity to acquaint you, that we are all well, and this Day had the good Fortune to take a Spanish Snow, esteem'd very rich, and have sent her into Plymouth."

D U B L I N, August 11.

Extract of a Letter from Londonderry, August 11.

"I take this Opportunity to acquaint you of the terrible Misfortune which happened to the Whitehaven Man of War, the Hon. Capt. Scroope, Commander. On the 8th Instant, as we were cruising off this Coast, about Ten in the Morning, a Fire was discover'd in the Carpenter's Store-Room, which burnt with such amazing Force, that our utmost Endeavours were fruitless to stop it, and were oblig'd to take to our Boats to save our Lives, being then N. W. by W. 8 Leagues distant from Torie, our Captain with the greatest Conduct imaginable gave his Orders, in such a Manner, as to save 100 Men, I saw them all out of the Ship, before he left it himself, yet we had the Misfortune to loose 17 Men; about One o'Clock the Ship blew up, and at Two we landed with great Difficulty on the Island of Torie, and were us'd with the utmost Civility by the poor People that lived there, we stayed there about two Hours, then pass'd over to Ballyconnell; the People on our landing imagin'd us to be Enemies and prepared to oppose us with what Arms they had, but on our nearer Approach we were met by a young Gentleman, who on finding us Friends, introduced us to his Father Wibrats Alpherts, Esq. who entertain'd the Captain and Crew with the utmost Politeness and Liberality, and pass'd our Men to this Place, but would not suffer us to depart till Yesterday Morning, and we arriv'd here last Night, having met with the greatest Hospitality on the Road."

The Names of those who perished, are Richard Rylings, Corporal, John Berry, Midshipman, Henry Jordan, Master's Servant, William Harris, Robert Singleton, Robert Straughan, John Armour, Simon Harrison, John Walton, Patrick Walth, Daniel Campbell, Richard Jones, Duncan Johnston, John Woods, James Thompson, and James Swan.

ANNAPOLIS.

Last Saturday his Excellency our Governor returned safe Home from Virginia, having been a Journey thither, on a Visit to Lord Fairfax.

This Day Capt. Gibson arriv'd from England, in *West-River*. All the Ships which sail'd for this Province, with Capt. Ogle (mention'd N^o 129) are now safe arriv'd, except Capt. Linckell.

We have the agreeable News, that the Honourable THOMAS BLADEN, Esq, late Governor of this Province, his Lady and Daughter (who went with Capt. Spencer, in the Fleet) got Home safe, and in good Health.

The Honourable GEORGE THOMAS, Esq; late Governor of Pennsylvania, &c. was also safe arriv'd in London.

They also inform us, that every Ship and Vessel which sail'd from our Capes for London, and other Ports in England, under Convoy of the *Falkstone*, in June last, were safe arriv'd.

At the last Provincial Court, the four Spanish Negroes, formerly mentioned in one of our Gazettes, severally appeared, and the Court (upon Examining the Proceedings had against them, at the Especial Court held in Worcester County) adjudged they should be severally acquitted therefrom; and it was ordered that they should remain in the Custody of the Sheriff of Anne-Arundel County, as Prisoners of War. [The Account of these Fellows was publish'd about 11 Months ago; their going on board a Vessel in Senepuxent, and after killing one Man, attempting to run away with her, &c. &c.]

Custom House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered, Ship *Delight*, Ambrose Judd, from London, Ship *Lycia*, William Tiffin, from Philadelphia, Sloop *Chelster-Town*, John Seagar, from Bermuda. Cleared. Sloop *Kent*, Edmund Barrett, for Rhode-Island.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT there is a choice Tract of Land, to be sold by Public Sale, containing 400 Acres, lying in Anne Arundel County, near the Head of Patapsco River.

Any Person inclining to purchase the said Land, may apply to the Subscriber, who will attend on the 25th of this Inst. November.

JOHN GRINEF HOWARD.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, Administrator of Thomas Galloway, deceased, on the 15th Day of December next, at the House of Joshua Gray;

A TRACT of Land, called *Piny-Groves*, containing by Estimation, 250 Acres, lying on the North Side of Severn River. The Sale to begin at Twelve o'Clock.

JOHN GASSAWAY.

On Tuesday, the Eighth Day of December next, will be sold by Publick Sale, at Mrs. Marriot's, in Annapolis;

A VERY valuable Tract of Land, called the *Forest*; containing 1800 Acres, lying in Baltimore County, near the Head of Patapsco River, and known by the Name of *Taylor's Mannor*, is exceeding well timber'd, and several rich Mines of Iron-Ore thereon, convenient to the said River. The Sale to begin at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, by

SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

RUN away the 18th of September, 1747, from John Langdale, Tanner, of Norfolk, a Servant Woman, named Margaret Barnes, born in Exeter, in England, and commonly called *Hopping Peg*, is very talkative, of a short Stature, pale Complexion, and pretends to tell Fortunes. Had on when she went away, a large white stuff'd Gown, and a Gown of large blue and white Check Linen. Is a Breeches-maker by Trade.

Whoever takes her up, and delivers her to the afore said Langdale, or William Hudson, Tanner, in Philadelphia, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

JUST IMPORTED

In the Ship *LYDIA*, from LONDON, VERY good Assortment of European and India GOODS; to be sold by the Subscriber at Patapsco, very reasonably for Current Money, or Bills of Exchange.

WILLIAM TIFFIN.

Just Published, (Price 6s. 6d.)

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof,

THE LAWS made at the last Session of Assembly of this Province.

ALL Masters of Vessels, or others, may be supply'd with good SHIP-BREAD, by the Subscriber, at his Bake-house, in Annapolis.

JOHN CHALMERS.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the dwelling Plantation of Mr. John Darnall, lying near his Lordship's Mannor, in Anne-Arundel County, containing 516 Acres of Land, with the necessary Improvements, will be sold to the highest Bidder, by us the Subscribers, at Pig-Point, on the 25th Day of November. The same day will be expoid to Sale by us, several choice Negroes.

SAMUEL HARRISON,
JEROM PLUMMER,

ELIZABETH CROWDER, QUILTER,

(Who lately liv'd with Mrs. Carter, in Annapolis)

Is removed to Mr. Carrell's Quarter, about two Miles from Town, where she performs all sorts of QUILTING in the best Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates: Good Petticoats for Eight and Ten Shillings a Piece, and coarse Petticoats for Six Shillings. Whoever may have occasion to employ her, may depend on being faithfully served by

Their humble Servant,

ELIZABETH CROWDER.

RUN away about a Year since, from Talbot Ristean, of Baltimore County, near Joppa, a lusty Negro Man, named Ben, Country born, about 25 Years of Age, Had on when he went away, a Kersey Jacket, and an old Pair of Sailor's Trowsers, no Stockings nor Shoes. Any Sheriff to whose Custody the said Negro is committed, is desired to give Notice to his said Master.

TALBOT RISTEAN.

TO BE SOLD,

THE House and Lot in Kilkenny Town, in Anne-Arundel County, near Queen-Anne Town, whereon William Rawlings lately liv'd, it being a good House, and a convenient Place for an Ordinary; an Inspecting House being appointed by Act of Assembly to be built near to it.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may be informed of the Terms of Sale, by enquiring of the Subscriber, living near South-River Church.

JOSEPH HANSLAP WARMAN.

LOST, during the last FAIR, a Woman's Side-Saddle, without any Covering, the Seat Buck-skin almost new. A Horse strayed away with it on his Back, but was taken up without it.

Whoever finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

JAMES BARNES.

RUN away on the 19th of October, from the Subscribers, of Kent County, three Convict Servant Men, viz.

Eliza Bond, about 45 Years of Age, understands Fiddling, having one with him; is a lusty Man, of a brown Complexion, and has light Eyes, his Hair bushy, and mixt with grey. He is a West Countryman, and speaks that Dialect. He is mark'd G B with Gunpowder, on his right Hand. He had a blue-grey Coat well worn, a red Jacket lin'd with Yellow, a Pair of black Leather Breeches, and a Pair of Trowsers.

Roger Stamp, about 40 Years of Age, of middling Stature, wears his own Hair, and is a little Bald, of a fair Complexion, speaks West Country. He had a white Kersey Coat, an old Castor Hat much worn, has two new Oznabrig and one white shirt, and a white Fustian Jacket and Breeches.

William Hardy, about 50, a Man of good Learning, a Master by Trade, of middling stature, and pale Complexion. Had on a natural curl'd brown Wig, a brown Coat, and a black Jacket.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that their Masters may have them again, shall have Six Pistoles Reward for the Three, or Two Pistoles for each, paid by

MICHAEL HACKETT.
EBENEZER PERKINS.
WILLIAM WILSON.

TO BE SOLD

For Ready Money, or good Bills of Exchange.

ATRACT of Land, containing near 400 Acres, lying on the Head of Severn River, and adjoining to the Water, whereon is a pretty good dwelling House, Kitchen, Milch House, and Tobacco House. The said Land is plentifully stocked with Rail Timber and Fire Wood, as also Pine, and other Timber fit for the Saw, and likewise a fine place for raising of a Stock; the said Land formerly belong'd to Mr. Joseph Taung, of Kent County. As also one other Tract of Land, called *Holland's Adventure*, lying on the Fork of Patuxent River, within five Miles of Snowden's Iron-Works, containing 400 Acres, with two good Dwelling Houses, two good Tobacco Houses, several small Apple Orchards, and a large Peach Orchard; a pretty large Quantity of said Land is already clear'd, fit for Corn, Wheat, Tobacco, or Pasturage. Any Person inclinable to buy said Land, or either of them, may have them very reasonably, by applying to

SAMUEL BUDD.

N. B. The Subscriber understands that there is some ill-minded designing Persons, that has given the above mentioned Lands a bad Character; but hope that those that have a Mind to buy, will take no Notice of the false Report; but if they will apply to the Subscriber, he will go with them to view the Premises.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, Administrator of Thomas Galloway, deceased, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Paper Money, on the 24th Day of November the two following Tracts of Land, lying in Anne Arundel County, in the upper Parts of the Forks of Patuxent River, viz.

ONE Tract of Land, called *Upland*, containing 420 Acres, whereon is a Plantation that has been seated about three Years, and is a good Place for raising of Stock: Also one other Tract of Land, called *Hammond and Gift*, containing 500 Acres. The Sale to begin at 12 o'Clock on the above mentioned Plantation.

JOHN GALLOWAY.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subscriber, at his Shop in Annapolis,

TOBACCO Manufactured, by a very good Tobacconist lately arrived from Scotland; Cut and Dryed, Shag, Pig-Tail; and Snuff, very little, if any thing, inferior to the best Scotch Snuff. Any Persons may be supplied with what Quantities they think fit, and at very reasonable Rates.

JOHN INCH.

JOHN CROSLAND, late from LONDON,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he mends all sorts of SHOES and BOOTS, after the neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates.

The said Crosland lives at the Widow Widdah's, near Mr. Burdett's, in Annapolis.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of two Tracts of Land, one call'd *Heir's Purchase*, the other *Jubb's Discovery*, lying on the North Side of Severn River; both Tracts containing 107 Acres, situated very convenient for a Ferry, one being now kept on it by John Burt. For the Title and Terms of Sale, enquire of

BENJAMIN FOWLER.

JUST Imported by the Subscriber, variety of coarce and fine Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Checks, Manchester Wares and Threads, Broad Cloths, Kerseys, Half Thicks, Frizes, Bays, striped Flannels, and Welsh Cottons, Nails and Iron Ware of all sorts, &c. Also a quantity of fine Salt. All to be Sold at reasonable Rates in Wholesale or Retail.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts, are desired to call and pay their Ballances, or give Notes for the same, on or before the first Day of January next, to save further Trouble to

JAMES DICK.

RAN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Back-River, the 27th of September past, a lusty Country-Born Negro Man named *Will*; he has a scar on his Cheek occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN,

STOLEN or Strayed from *Bladenburg*, last April, a large bright Bay Gelding, with no particular Mark or Brand that is discernable, his Head and Nostrils pretty large, his common Gate a Gallop, tho' he can Pace and very fast, but so hard as not to be Rode with any satisfaction, and has been used to be shod all round.

If by this description he can be found, and brought to the Subscriber, the Person bringing him shall be entitled to a Reward of Three Pounds Currency.

DAVID ROSS.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold by William Govane, at his House near Annapolis, very Cheap, by Wholesale,

A PARCEL of choice Osnabrigs, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Kettles and Skillets, of various sizes; West-India Rum, Mollasses, New-England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oyl, Maple Desks, and Rush-bottom Chairs of the best Make and Fashion.

TO BE SOLD,

ATRACT of Land called *Bloombury*, containing 400 Acres, lying in the Freshes of *Great Choptank* in Talbot County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, Richard Hoperwell, and adjoins to a Tract called *The Irish Discovery*, which joins to a Tract called *Baker's Plains*, which last mentioned Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, near the Mouth of Patuxent River.

JOSEPH HOPERWELL.

WILLIAM HAYES, Chair maker from Philadelphia, now lives in Annapolis, and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all sorts of Rush-bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES.

N. B. The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of Esplanade Street, where William Hudson lately dwelt.

JUST IMPORTED from Glasgow, by James Johnson, in the Snow St. Andrew, and to be Sold at his Store in Annapolis, by the Subscriber,

A LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Osnabrigs, Blanketts, Rugs, Kerseys, Broad Cloths, English and Scotch Half-thicks, Check Linens of all sorts, Irish Linens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tartan Blanketting, Yarn Stockings, Worsted and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Worsted and Thread Stockings, Men and Womens Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. Calicoes, Romalls, and sundry sorts of India, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to the said James Johnson, as well before as since his Departure from Maryland, are once more desired to settle and pay off their respective Ballances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco on hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money for it, by treating with

ROBERT SWAN.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at *Broad Creek*, on Kent-Island, to cross the Bay to Annapolis with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from Annapolis to Kent-Island. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to Let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and has Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis, are requested to make Payment.

MARY FRANKLIN.

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE
Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, November 18, 1747.

An Extract of a Letter from a foreign Minister at the Hague,
dated August 8.

ACCORDING to the best Advices which have lately been receiv'd from Paris, and by two Letters from the Army, it appears that the French Ministry are in the utmost Perplexity, as well in Regard to the unsuccessful Operations in Brabant and Italy, as to the Disgrace of the Queen Dowager of Spain, which has been occasion'd by the Discovery of the secret Intelligence that Princess had with France, and which, according to what is reported, was to have been attended with Consequences that would have astonish'd all Europe. But as what was transacting, is still so great a Mystery, that even those who are in Employment, are not come to the exact Knowledge of it, we must wait till better inform'd before we say any Thing further of it. But to return to the Advices from Paris: 'Tis said the Duchess of Belleisle is so touch'd at the News of the Death of the Chevalier her Brother-in-Law, and mourns so incessantly for that Loss, that the Queen is greatly affected with it, and has sent several Times, as well to enquire of her Health, as to assure her of her Friendship, and the Protection of his Majesty. As Mess. de Belleisle really lived like Brothers, and their Union and Friendship were so cordial and perfect, as well in domestic Affairs, as in those which concern'd the Service of his Majesty, that at Court they obtained the Names of Oracles and Pilades; 'tis very much apprehended, lest the Death of the Chevalier should either unhinge the Measures of the Marshal, prejudice his Health, or put him upon attempting something desperate that may occasion his Death, which would be a triple Loss to France, these Brothers being esteem'd the two best Heads in that Kingdom, the Marshal for the Cabinet, and the Chevalier for War, and being perfectly united, they were alone capable of directing the Affairs of that Nation, both within and without, in Peace and in War. If any Body is oblig'd in Confidence to make a Funeral Oration for the Chevalier, it is Cardinal Tencin, who was many Years Pupil of the two Brothers in Civil Law and Politics.

Petersburg, July 30. 'Tis reported, that by Virtue of a new Treaty made between the Courts of Vienna and Turin, the King of Sardinia is to take Possession of Pavia and the Pavellan, the 9th of next Month. A new Tax has been demanded of the State of Parma, to the Amount of 100,000 Florins, which however has been since moderated to 75,000, half of which is payable the 15th of August, and the rest the 30th of the same Month.

Chambery, August 10. Marshal Belleisle is fallen dangerously sick, and 'tis said that the Infant is retiring to Aix.

Paris, August 11. There is a Talk of sending Count Lowendahl into Italy as soon as the Siege of Bergen-op-Zoom is at an End, and of desiring the King of Spain to give the Command of his Army to Count Gages.

Breda, August 10. 'Tis reported that General Baronial has made himself Master of a Convey which was going from Antwerp to the Army of Count Lowendahl.

L O N D O N.

August 13. Capt. Luke Mercer, Commander of the Belborough, being on a Cruise off the Isle of Man, had Intelligence of a French Privateer lying between that Island and Hollyhead, in order to intercept our Dublin and Liverpool Trade; and that she had taken several Vessels, and had the Ransomers on board; on which he went in Quest of her, and was so fortunate as to meet and take her, after fifteen Hours Chase, near this Bar. She is a Half-Row Galley, rows with 28 Oars, and had 40 Men on board, besides Ransomers, and several English and Irish, who made their Escape when he drove her on Shore.

August 20. By the last Dutch Mail there were Letters from Harlem, dated the 1st of September, which say, that an Express pass'd through that Place in great Haste, who said that he

brought good News from Bergen-op-Zoom. Besides, there are Letters in Town of the 2d of September which confirm what is contained therein, and add, that it was apprehended, part of the French Troops had already quitted their camp; and that it was certain, that they had removed their Artillery from the Batteries they had erected before Fort Rover; that there had been for some days a great Fermentation in the French camp; and that Count Lowendahl had been under continual Apprehensions of a Mutiny, since he had hanged up a French officer for an accident, that he could neither foresee nor prevent, viz. the deserting of one half of his Guard upon a rally from the Town.

According to private Letters from Constantinople, they have received authentic accounts there, that the Great Mogul has given the French to understand at Pondicherry, that unless they immediately restore Fort St. George and its Dependencies, to the English, he will employ the whole Force of his Empire, in driving them out of his Dominions; and will immediately make Reprials upon the subjects of the Crown of France, and prohibit all Intercourse between their subjects and his own.

Count Lowendahl has certainly left the command of the French Army employed in the siege of Bergen-op-Zoom, and is gone, some say, to Antwerp, some to Brussels; and for this different Causes are assigned, but the best Accounts say he is ill of a Fever. The Reinforcements and supplies intended for the Garrison are received, so that every Thing goes well in the Town, and the Detachments from the grand army are arriv'd in the Lines. Whether therefore the French persist in carrying on the siege, or attempt forcing the Lines, we have Reason to hope a good Account will be given of them, and that the French King will not add a *Ten Denier* for taking Bergen-op-Zoom to those which have been sent already.

Though there has been no Express for some Days past from Bergen-op-Zoom, yet we are assur'd there is a letter in Town, from a Person of very great Distinction, which says, *That the Succours, Artillery, Ammunition, Provisions, &c. were all sent safe into the Town, that the Garrison continued in the highest Spirits, and seem'd now to continue any Difficulties they were to encounter with, concerning the siege. That on Saturday last there was the warmest Dispute that has been since the Commencement of the siege; that Count Lowendahl having been three Days in the Camp, was sent away to Antwerp; that the heavy baggage had been sent away; and that there was all the Probability imaginable that the siege would immediately be rais'd.*

On the 12th Instant at 4 o'Clock in the Morning, his Majesty's sloop the Viper, Robert Hay commander, fell in with the Hector, a Man of War of twenty eight Guns, which had unloaded all her Cargo at the Canaries, except nine Chests of Dollars. Captain Hay went along side of her with his sloop of fourteen guns, before he hawled down his French colours, and hoisted English, within half a Pistol shot. He began with the foremost gun, the Fire running aft, and in the mean time received the Hector's Broadside: In this Position he remained two Hours and a half, when the brave and gallant captain, unfortunately received a six Pounder in his breast. Lieutenant Lendrick, who had bravely seconded him, and owns he profited by his Example, continued the Engagement half an Hour longer, till the Hector strook. The sloop has received but little Damage in her Hull, but the Hector is most miserably torn in every Place, not having three Feet of entire Board in the side on which she was struck. The Hector is brought into Falkmouth.

They write from Petersburg, that certain foreign Ministers there have demanded a clear Explanation of the real Intention of the Ministry, in Reference to the present Conjunction of Affairs in Europe, that it may be known whether success may be depended upon, how soon, and in what Degree. This is supposed to be owing to the remarkable Expedition of that Fleet, which after showing itself on the Coast of Finland, and being there received with a great Appearance of Friendship by the Swedish Government, who gave unusual and extraordinary Marks

Marks of Respect towards her Imperial Majesty, fail'd to Revel, but is said to be so slightly viſtalled, that it is very much to be doubted whether they have Proviſions enough for their Auxiliaries, in caſe they ſhould think of embarking them. In caſe they are ſent, after all, it will be by the Way of Holſtein and Bremen, into the Territories of the United Provinces, ſo as to be employ'd upon their frontiers immediately.

The laſt Letters from Copenhagen inform us, that the King aſſiſts conſtantly at the ordinary and extraordinary Councils; that Orders have been iſſued for keeping the regular Troops, both in Denmark and Norway, compleat and in good Order. Our Fleet is alſo to remain upon the ſame Eſtabliſhment as in the laſt Reign, that in caſe of any Emergency we may be able to defend ourſelves and ſuccour our Allies, ſay thoſe Letters; but advices from Hambourg inſinuate, that whatever paſſes in the Northern Courts muſt be attributed to the late Alliance between the Crowns of Prussia and Sweden, the ſecret Articles of which are reported to contain a new Plan of Power, which, in caſe of a War, the contracting Parties are to eſtabliſh, for their mutual benefit by Force of Arms. At Berlin, however, it is very poſitively aſſerted, that the Treaty is a mere defensive Treaty, calculated purely for the ſecurity of the two Crowns, and in Reference to which there are really no ſecret Articles at all.

They write from Dresden, that they expect very ſoon a public Declaration of a Marriage that is ſaid to be concluded between Prince Xavier, his Polish Majesty's ſecond ſon, who is about ſeventeen, with a Princeſs of France, which ſhew how much his moſt Chriſtian Majesty is inclined to cultivate a cloſe Alliance with the Houſe of Saxony.

ANNAPOLIS.

Capt. Spence, who arrived here on Thursday laſt, brought Papers to the 5th of September, but did not leave Plymouth till the 11th; at which Time they had no News of any General Engagement; nor had the French taken Bergen op-Zoom; and 'tis hoped never will.—From thoſe Prints we have the following Advices, viz.

PETERSBURGH, Auguſt 16.

General Keith, who has obtained Leave of the Empreſs to reſign his Command, embark'd at Riga a few Days ago, on board an Engliſh Man of War. Some ſay he is going to Holland, and others into England.

Alexandria, Auguſt 23. His Sardinian Majesty arrived the Day before Yeſterday in the Army, which is aſſembled near Coni, and the next Morning reviewed the Body under the Command of General Count Brown, at Bergo St. Plauaz, conſiſting of 38 Battalions, 31 Companies of Grenadiers, and 300 Huſſars; the King was pleaſed to compliment his Excellency on the Condition in which he found thoſe Troops, and even expreſſed a Surprize to ſee them in ſo good Order, after making four Campaigns ſucceſſively, without going into Quarters. The Army will march on the 21ſt to Demont, from thence to Vinay, and ſo to Linars, from whence they will endeavour to penetrate as far as the Camp of Tournon, in order to force the Enemy to reſaſs the Var entirely; it is certain that the French are equally apprehenſive of our making an Iruption into Dauphiny and Provence, which obliges them to work with incredible Diligence, in throwing up Retrenchments, and making other Diſpoſitions to receive us in both Places; and we have certain Intelligence, that the Diſpaſes between the French and Spaniſh Generals, run as high as ever, ſo that their Operations are at a full Stop, till they receive poſitive Orders from their reſpective Courts. In the mean Time every Thing is ſo diſpoſed on our Side, that there is no Doubt to be made of our acquiring as much Glory by this, as by the laſt Campaign.

Antwerp, Sept. 1. Among the other Wonders General Count Lowendahl has performed this Campaign, we may reckon this, that he has turned our whole City into an Hoſpital. The wounded Officers are lodged in the Burghers Houſes, of which, at preſent, there is not one without a Gueſt: As for the poor Soldiers, they are ſent to the Hoſpitals, from whence, though they bury by the hundred, yet Recruits come in ſo regularly, that they remain as full as ever. There is a Diſeaſe amongſt them, which the Dutch call Polder-ſieg, that is, the Marſh Fever, occaſioned partly by the natural bad Air in the Low Country about Bergen-op-Zoom, and partly by the unwholeſome Exhalations, occaſioned by the opening the Earth, to which we may add the Want of all Neceſſaries, particularly Bread and Water. This Diſtemper is, in itſelf, dangerous enough, the French Surgeons have contrived to render it mortal, by keeping the People low, whereas the Dutch Phyſick for this Malady

is always well moiſtened with Geneva, yet there is no perſuading the Gentlemen of the Faculty out of their Way, tho' they cannot but ſee the bad Effects of it, by the Numbers that die daily. We have Cannon and Mortars rendered uſeleſs in the Siege, returned to us daily, which are replaced with Supplies from all the Towns in Flanders; as for Ammunition, there is none to be had nearer than Namur on one Side, and Orléans on the other.

Head Quarters at Richel, September 4.

Nothing new has happened with reſpect to the Poſition of the two Armies, excepting that our Huſſars carried off Yeſterday the Enemy's Grand Guard, compoſed both of Horſe and Foot.

Head Quarters at Richel, Sept. 7.

Every Thing remains in the ſame Poſition on both Sides; but laſt Monday the French King ordered the Foreign Miniſters ſhould be acquainted, that he would have them think of returning to Paris; in Conſequence of which, they all took Leave next Day, and are ſaid to ſet out as this Day on their Return; ſo that the French King is thought to be on the Point of his Departure. The eldeſt Prince of Bevern died here of a Flux a few Days ſince.

Hague, Sept. 11. Yeſterday a Courier from Turin call'd here in his Way to London. By his Diſpatches we learn, that the Auſtrian and Piecmonteſe Army march'd the 25th of laſt Month from Ceni towards Demont.

LONDON.

September 3. It is ſaid that To morrow General Huſke ſet out again for the Allied Army in Flanders.

Sir Peter Warren, in the St. George, with the Hampton Court, Devonſhire, and Dolphin Men of War, and Vulcan Fireſhip, and the Vulture Sloop, ſailed from Spithead on Monday laſt.

By a Liſt, ſaid to be very exact, that has been publiſhed of the Killed and Wounded in Bergen-op-Zoom, they are not made to amount to more than between 17 or 1800 on the 12 of September, N. S. when that of the French Army, according to all the Accounts of Deſerters, was above 20,000.

September 5. One Battalion of the Guards, and two of the Marching Regiments, are order'd to hold themſelves in Readineſs to go to Flanders.

The Lords of the Admiralty have order'd an Inſpection to be made into the Royal Navy, in order to know what ſhips are fit for Service; and ſuch as are not will be order'd to be rebuilt.

Her Imperial Majesty has communicated a Plan to the Count de Canales, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Sardinia to her Court, according to which ſhe propoſes to keep up conſtantly in Italy, as long as the War ſhall continue, an Army conſiſting of 80 Battalions and 70 Squadrons.

They write from Paris, that the Levies are puſh'd with the greateſt Vigour over the whole Kingdom of France, both for the new Battalions which the King has order'd to be form'd, and to compleat the old Regiments. But notwithstanding theſe Military Preparations the French ſtill talk much of Peace, and pretend that Conferences will ſoon be open'd at Aix-la-Chapelle, during which, there will be a Suspension of Arms.

Commodore Griffin, with ſeven Men of War, was well at Bengal in December laſt; and we hear that the French had demolish'd the greateſt Part of the Fortifications of Fort St. George, but kept Poſſeſſion of the Place with about 500 Men.

The Lords of the Admiralty have order'd two Men of War to ſail directly from Spithead to Galway in Ireland, to convey home the Lord and Somerset India-men, lately arrived there.

The Proſperous Privateer has brought into Dover, the Jeſſow Magdalane, bound from Amſterdam to Bourdeaux.

The Young Prince bound from Marſeilles to Hambourg, is taken and ſent into Dover by the Endeavour Privateer.

There is an account that the Suſannah Cartel ſhip, capt. Bradshaw, is arriv'd at Weymouth with 130 Priſoners from Bayonne and St. John de Luz, and brings advice, that there are fitting out at thoſe two Ports, twenty ſail of Privateers, from ten to twenty Guns, and that they would be all ready to put to Sea in the Month of September.

ANNAPOLIS.

Laſt Wednesday died in Dorcheſter County, Col. ADAM MUIR, a Gentleman beloved and eſteemed, not only by thoſe in his own County, but by all who had the Pleaſure of his Acquaintance, by all whom his Death is much regretted.

Laſt Monday a Negre Fellow named Terk, was convicted of Horſe-ſtealing, at our County Court then ſitting, and receiv'd Sentence of Death.

Custom

Custom-House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered,
Ship Unity, Joseph Gibson, from London.
Cleared.
Ship Hamilton, John Twynihoe, for London.
[Saturday Noon, Northern nor Southern Posts not come in.]

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mr. GREEN, Nov. 12. 1747.
I desire you will publish the inclosed Certificates in your next
Gazette, the Originals whereof are in my Hands.

P. THOMAS.

WE the several Persons, whose Hands are hereunto sub-
scribed, and set, do hereby certify and attest, That we
were well acquainted with Robert Sutcliffe, late of London, Mer-
chant; that the said Robert Sutcliffe bore the Character of a just
and honest Man, in his Dealings; that several of us, the un-
derwritten, have had frequent Dealings with the said Robert
Sutcliffe, and have entrusted him with large Sums of Money,
several of which the said Robert Sutcliffe truly paid and dis-
charged; that the said Robert Sutcliffe, having some Time past
entered into Co partnership with one Wells Bowen, suffer'd
greatly in his Reputation, by the Actions of the said Bowen;
that the said Wells Bowen being largely indebted to the said
Robert Sutcliffe, and neglecting and refusing to settle the Ac-
counts between them, obliged the said Robert Sutcliffe to take
out a Commission of Bankrupt against the said Wells Bowen,
who (after running the said Robert Sutcliffe to great Trouble
and Expence) appeared to the said Statute; and, on Examina-
tion, the said Wells Bowen was found greatly indebted to the
said Robert Sutcliffe, but had no Effects to pay the same; that
the said Wells Bowen is since dead, Insolvent; and at the Time
of his Death, was not cleared from the said Statute of Bankrupt.
And we, the underwritten, do hereby further certify and attest,
That the said Robert Sutcliffe, hath duly signed and executed
an original Deed, or Indenture of Assignment, of all his Estate
and Effects, to Slingby Bethell, Esq; and John Hanbury, of
London, Merchants, in Trust for the Use, Benefit, and Advan-
tage of his just and honest Creditors, claimers upon his Estate,
for Debts contracted by the said Robert Sutcliffe and Wells
Bowen, since the Commencement of the said Co partnership,
entered into as aforesaid; to which Indenture of Assignment,
the Creditors of the said Robert Sutcliffe and Wells Bowen, have
consented and agreed, and absolutely depend on the said Robert
Sutcliffe, and his Estate, for the Payment of the Debts due and
owing to them the said Creditors, contracted as aforesaid; and
that the said original Deed, or Indenture of Assignment, from
the said Robert Sutcliffe to the said Slingby Bethell and John
Hanbury, is now produced, and shewn to us the said several
Subscribers, fair and uncancelled. Witness our Hands in Lon-
don, the 13th Day of August, 1747.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
WILLIAM HAMILTON,
RICHARD OSWALD,
GEORGE BUCHANAN,
WALTER SCOTT,
HUGH HUGHES,
THOMAS KERBY,
THOMAS MARTIN,
ANDREW PRINGLE,
RICHARD GILDART, jun.
JOHN HUTCHINSON,
NATHANIEL BASSETT,
LEONARD BOWLES,

JOHN BUCHANAN,
JOHN PHILPOT,
ANDREW REID,
GEORGE KEITH,
JOHN THOMLINSON,
SAMUEL TURNER,
N. TUIITE,
THOMAS NEEDHAM,
ALEXANDER JOHNSTON,
ROWLAND FRYE,
WILLIAM BOWDEN.

WILLIAM TUDMAN, Notary and Tabellian Pub-
lick, dwelling in London, duly admitted and sworn, Do
hereby certify and attest, the twenty-four several Persons, whose
Names are subscribed, and set, to the Paper Writing hereunto
annex'd, in two Columns, the one beginning with the Name
of JAMES BUCHANAN, and ending with the Name of LEONARD
BOWLES, the other beginning with the Name of JOHN
BUCHANAN, and ending with the Name of WILLIAM BOWDEN,
are reputable Merchants of the City of London, to me Notary,
well known, and worthy of good Credit; and that to all Pa-
pers by them signed, Credit ought to be given in Justice, Court,
and thereout. Witness my Notarial Firm and Seal, in London,
the 20th Day of August, 1747.

(L. S.)

WILL. TUDMAN, Not. Pub.
1747.

WE underwritten, do hereby certify and attest, That
William Tudman, who hath signed and passed the afore-
going Certificate, is a Notary and Tabellian Publick, dwelling
and practising in the City of London, faithful, lawful, and of
Trust; and that to all Certificates, and other Acts and Writings
by him signed and passed, full Faith and Credit is and ought to
be given, in Judgment, Court, and thereout. Witness our Hands,
in London aforesaid, the 20th Day of August, in the Year of our
LORD, 1747.

GYLES LONG, Not. Pub.
ABRAHAM OGIER, Not. Pub.

To be Sold by the Printer hereof.

POOR RICHARD'S ALMANACK, for the Year
of our LORD, 1748.

AL L Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Smith's Ac-
counts, or otherwise, are once more desired to come and
pay off their respective Ballances, or may expect immediate
Trouble, from

JOHN CONNER,

STRAY'D from the Subscriber, on the 9th of September
past (being then near Mr. Richard Warfield's, at the Head
of Severn) a middle sized black Horse, having no White about
him, except some white Hairs in his Ears, branded on the near
Buttock thus D, but not very plain.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and will deliver him to
Mr. Gerard Hopkins, or to Mr. Joseph Hanslop Warman, shall
receive Twenty Shillings Reward; if to the Subscriber, living
on the Sugar Lands, in Prince George's County, Thirty Shillings
Reward.

THOMAS FLETCHALL.

To be SOLD;

On Tuesday, the first Day of December next, at Twelve o'Clock,
(for Sterling Money on y) by Westall Ridgley, living in
Prince George's County, near Bladensburg;

THE Plantation whereon he now dwells, being Part of
a Tract, called Isaac's Park, containing about 350
Acres. The Sale to be held on said Plantation.

WEITALL RIDGLEY.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT there is a choice Tract of Land, to be sold by
Public Sale, containing 400 Acres, lying in Anne Arun-
del County, near the Head of Patapsco River.

Any Person inclining to purchase the said Land, may apply to
the Subscriber, who will attend on the 25th of this Inst. Novem-
ber.

JOHN GENEV HOWARD.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, Administrator of Thomas
Galloway, deceased, on the 15th Day of December next, at
the House of Joshua Gray;

ATRACT of Land, called Pine-Groves, containing by
Estimation, 250 Acres, lying on the North Side of Se-
vern River. The Sale to begin at Twelve o'Clock.

JOHN GALLOWAY.

On Tuesday, the Eighth Day of December next, will be sold
by Publick Sale, at Mrs. Marriot's, in Annapolis;

AVERY valuable Tract of Land, called the Forest, con-
taining 1800 Acres, lying in Baltimore County, near
the Head of Patapsco River, and known by the Name of Tay-
lor's Mannor, is exceeding well timber'd, and several rich
Mines of Iron Ore thereon, convenient to the said River. The
Sale to begin at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, by

SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

Just Published, (Price 6s. 6d.)

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof.

THE LAWS made at the last Session of Assembly
of this Province.

JUST IMPORTED

In the Ship LYDIA, from LONDON,

AVERY good Assortment of European and India GOODS
to be sold by the Subscriber at Patapsco, very reasonably
for Current Money, or Bills of Exchange.

WILLIAM TIPPIN.

AL L Masters of Vessels, or others, may be supply'd with
good SHIP-BREAD, by the Subscriber, at his
Bake-house, in Annapolis.

JOHN CHALMERS.

NOTICE is hereby given,
THAT the dwelling Plantation of Mr. John Darnall, lying near his Lordship's Manor, in Anne Arundel County, containing 516 Acres of Land, with the necessary Improvements, will be sold to the highest Bidder, by us the Subscribers, at Pig-Point, on the 25th Day of November. The same day will be exposed to Sale by us, several choice Negroes.

SAMUEL HARRISON,
JEROM PLUMMER,

ELIZABETH CROWDER, QUILTER,
(Who lately liv'd with Mrs. Carter, in Annapolis)
IS removed to Mr. Carroll's Quarter, about two Miles from Town, where she performs all sorts of QUILTING in the best Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates: Good Petticoats for Eight and Ten Shillings a Piece, and coarse Petticoats for Six Shillings. Whoever may have occasion to employ her, may depend on being faithfully served by

Their humble Servant,
ELIZABETH CROWDER.

RUN away about a Year since, from Talbot Ristreau, of Baltimore County, near Joppa, a lusty Negro Man, named Ben, Country born, about 25 Years of Age, Had on when he went away, a Kersey Jacket, and an old Pair of Sailor's Trowsers, no Stockings nor Shoes. Any Sheriff to whose Custody the said Negro is committed, is desired to give Notice to his said Master.

TALBOT RISTREAU.

TO BE SOLD,

THE House and Lot in Kilkenny Town, in Anne Arundel County, near Queen Anne Town, whereon William Rawlings lately liv'd, it being a good House, and a convenient Place for an Ordinary; an Inspecting House being appointed by Act of Assembly to be built near to it.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may be informed of the Terms of Sale, by enquiring of the Subscriber, living near South-River Church.

JOSEPH HANSLAP WARMAN.

LOST, during the last FAIR, a Woman's Side Saddle, without any Covering, the Seat Buck-skin almost new. A Horse strayed away with it on his Back, but was taken up without it.

Whoever finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

JAMES BARNES.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, Administrator of Thomas Gassaway, deceased, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Paper Money, on the 24th Day of November the two following Tracts of Land, lying in Anne Arundel County, in the upper Parts of the Forks of Patuxent River, viz.

ONE Tract of Land, called Upland, containing 420 Acres, whereon is a Plantation that has been seated about three Years, and is a good Place for raising of Stock: Also one other Tract of Land, called Hammond and Gift, containing 600 Acres. The Sale to begin at 12 o'Clock on the above mentioned Plantation.

JOHN GASSAWAY.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subscriber, at his Shop in Annapolis, TOBACCO Manufactured, by a very good Tobacconist lately arrived from Scotland; Cut and Dried, Shag, Fig-Tail, and Snuff, very little, if any thing, inferior to the best Scotch Snuff. Any Persons may be supplied with what Quantities they think fit, and at very reasonable Rates.

JOHN INCH.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of two Tracts of Land, one call'd Hair's Purchase, the other Jubb's Discovery, lying on the North Side of Severn River; both Tracts containing 107 Acres, situated very convenient for a Ferry, one being now kept on it by John Burle. For the Title and Terms of Sale, enquire of

BENJAMIN FOWLER.

RAN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Back-River, the 27th of September past, a lusty Country-Born Negro Man named Will; he has a scar on his Check occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN.

JUST Imported by the Subscriber, variety of coarse and fine Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Checks, Manchester Wares and Threads, Broad Cloths, Kerseys, Half Thick, Fines, Bays, striped Flannels, and Welsh Cottons, Nails and Iron Ware of all sorts, &c. Also a quantity of fine Salt. All to be Sold at reasonable Rates in Wholesale or Retail.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts, are desired to call and pay their Balances, or give Notes for the same, on or before the first Day of January next, to save further Trouble to

JAMES DICE.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold by William Goyan, at his House near Annapolis, very Cheap, by Wholesale,

A PARCEL of choice Osnabrigs, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Kettles and Skillets, of various sizes; West-India Rum, Molasses, New-England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oil, Maple Desks, and Rush-bottom Chairs of the best Make and Fashion.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land called Bloombury, containing 40 Acres, lying in the Freshes of Great Choptank in Talbot County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, Richard Hopewell, and adjoins to a Tract called The Irish Discovery, which joins to a Tract called Baker's Plains, which last mentioned Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, near the Mouth of Patuxent River.

JOSEPH HOPWELL.

WILLIAM HAYES, Chair-maker from Philadelphia, now lives in Annapolis; and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all sorts of Rush-bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES.

N. B. The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of Ely Street, where William Hudson lately dwelt.

JUST IMPORTED from Glasgow, by James Johnston, in the Snow St. Andrew, and to be Sold at his Shop in Annapolis, by the Subscriber,

A LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Osnabrigs, Blankets, Rugs, Kerseys, Broad Cloths, English and Scotch Half-thicks, Check, Linen of all sorts, Irish Linens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tartan, Blanketing, Yarn Stockings, Worsted and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Wadded and Thread Stockings, Men and Womens Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Callicons, Romalls, and sundry sorts of India, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to the said James Johnston, as well before as since his Departure from Maryland, are desired more desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco on hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money for it, by treating with

ROBERT SWAN.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at Broad Creek, on Kent-Island, to cross the Bay to Annapolis with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from Annapolis to Kent-Island. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to Let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and his Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis, are requested to make Payment.

MARY BENTLEY.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, November 25, 1747.

From the GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE, for August 1747.
Progress of the Siege of Bergen-op Zoom.

RO in the Opening of the Trenches, the French spent nine Days in making their Approaches, during which they suffered very severely from the Batteries of the Town and Forts, which blew up some of their Magazines, and destroyed among the rest several of their best Engineers.

On July 24 they made an Attempt upon Stienbergen at the Head of the Lines, and were repulsed with Loss. They then open'd the Trenches against the Forts Rover and Pilsen in the Front of the Lines. By July 29, their Miners were got, by sapping, near the Out works in the Town, and their Trenches advanced near the Pallisadoes of Fort Rover, whence a Sally was made the next Day, in which part of their Trenches were destroyed. Arrived in the Town a Company of Volunteers, who afterwards did brave Service. August 1, 2, the French made two unsuccessful Attacks upon Fort Rover; 4. A Sally was made from the Lines, in which the French were repulsed to a great Distance with considerable Loss; their Works were destroyed, a Battery overturned, two Cannon maul'd, and two brought away; the French got in 4 Places near the Pallisadoe of the cover'd Way of the Town; 80 Volunteers suppl'd behind a Battery of 24 Pounders, and nailed them without the Loss of a Man; two 12 Pounders being placed in their stead, were the next Night brought away by the same Volunteers into the Town, on which Mr. Lowendahl ordered the French Officer who commanded there, to be hanged upon the Battery. 5. The French in the Night, after springing a Mine under the salient Angle of the cover'd Way facing Cahoon's Bastion, forced themselves in on the cover'd Way, but were soon repulsed with the Loss of near 1500 Men; during the Attack the Garrison sprung a Mine, that blew up two whole Companies of Grenadiers of the Regiment of Normandy, and part of the said Regiment; the French however at last made a Lodgment, the Garrison lost 330 Men; 8 Volunteers carried two Bombs over the Glacis, and rolled them into the Sap of the Bastion of Cohorn, whence some Men came running out, and as part of the Top flew up, and the G-bions burnt very fast, it was supposed they had done good Service. 9. Lieut. General Baron Schwartzemberg, having succeeded Prince Waldeck, (who had resign'd his Command, after conducting with great Skill and Expedition, a Body of Forces from the main Army, to Dutch Brabant) and being joined by all the Cavalry in the Lines, which made his Force consist of 20 Battalions and 32 Squadrons, attempted an Attack on Count Lowendahl's Flank, while the Troops in the Lines and the Town, were to sally upon him in Front: But the Enterprize miscarried, either for want of timely acting in Concert, or by the Strength of the Enemy's Entrenchments, or perhaps from both, and the Allies came off with the Loss of 80 Men, some say 300 Men; it had however the good Effect to secure the Junction of General Baronial at the Head of 6000 light Horse, with the Army, the Alarm having recalled the Count St. Germain, who was sent out to intercept him. 13. The French sprung a Mine, which much shattered the great Gallery of the Counterscarp, communicating with all the Works, one of the Lodgments in the cover'd Way was greatly damaged, and the others almost destroyed by it. 15. The Besiegers attacked the Lunette of Zealand, but had 200 Men blown up, and great Part of their Works ruined by a Mine; they advanced however to the Assault, but were repulsed, and also a second Time; the Action lasted two Hours, with a continual Fire from the Cannon and Musquetry. 16. The French being reinforced, returned at Day-break to the Charge, and after several Repulses, took Post on the Lunette; the Besieged keeping Possession of the Tambour. 17. The Garrison made extraordinary Efforts to dislodge the Enemy, ruined part of their Works, and fill'd up others with Fascines, but could not force them out of their Post; the Contest was

very bloody, and the Besieged lost several Officers, and many private Men; in the Evening 200 of the French were blown up, and 40 with a Capt. of Saxe's Regiment, were thrown into the Fosse of the Town. 19. The Besiegers sprung a Mine at the Angle of the Lunette of Utrecht, and storm'd it directly, but were repulsed with great slaughter, and could only lodge themselves at the Foot of it. 22. The French sprung a Mine, which blew up the Left of the Lunette of Utrecht, and broke a large Part of the main Gallery, where they immediately endeavour'd to lodge themselves; but the Garrison sally'd, and after a long Struggle dislodged them, tore away 50 of their Gabions, and filled up their Work. 23. A Mine was sprung by the Besieged, by which the Enemy lost some Hundreds killed and wounded, and were retarded two Nights; the Garrison received a Supply of Cannon. 24. The Besieged blew up the Tambour in the Lunette of Zealand, because of the Danger of relieving that Post. 25. Being St. Louis's Day, on which Count Lowendahl promised his Master to make him a Present of Bergen-op Zoom, the French threw an incredible Number of red hot Ball and Bombs into the Town, and made three Attacks on the Lunette of Utrecht, but were repulsed with great Loss. Sept. 3. The Garrison sprung two Mines on the Right of the Lunette of Utrecht, which not only ruined all the Enemy's Works on that side, but also blew up a whole Company of Grenadiers. The French greatly slackned their Work as well as Fire, and seem'd to want Powder, scarce one Third of their Bombs bursting; on the contrary the Fire and Courage of the Garrison increased daily, and the Soldiers were so inur'd to Danger and Fatigue, that they frequently requested to be left longer upon Duty than the Hours appointed. The Army of Baron Schwartzemberg, by the last Reinforcement from the Duke, is increas'd to 40 Battalions, and 10,000 Horse.

In the Order of Battle issued by Cardinal Tencin, to the Clergy of his Archbishop of Lyons (in France) for publick Prayers, for the Prosperity of the King's Arms, his Eminence thus expresses himself:

"There is, my dear Brethren, a new Campaign open'd, notwithstanding the many Conquests made upon our Enemies, and their vain Efforts to gain upon us in their Turn. The War still raging more than ever, calls back David to head the brave People of Judah, and renews our Alarms for his precious Life. Let them not however render us unjust! Let them not prevent us from applauding the generous Resolution of his Majesty! A Sovereign, not less the prime General of his Armies, than the first Judge of his People. His Camp is his most agreeable Residence. The sole Effects therefore of our affectionate Apprehensions for him ought to be, to redouble the Fervour of our Prayers for the preservation of our august Monarch, and for Peace, which would wholly restore him to the other Functions of Royalty. If these are less brilliant, they are yet more worthy of a great King, of the most Christian King, of a Hero. Conquests and Victories only make vulgar Heroes. But to decline to conquer and vanquish, from the Love he bears to his Subjects, and even for the sake of his Enemies; to give them Peace, and afterwards to employ his Power for no other Purpose than to make the one taste the Fruits of it, and to prevent the other from disturbing it: It is going out of the ordinary Way of heroic Men, to gain at once Admiration and Love, and to thus upon Earth, the most perfect Image of the Divinity, &c.

HOLLAND.

The new Council of War is like to prove a formidable Tribunal: They have cited before them all the Officers of whatever Rank, not excepting the Prince of Waldeck, that served in the Dutch Fortresses, which have surrendered to France, and demanded their Instructions, and all Orders in Writing; hence it is said (some Discoveries are made, and several Persons privately put under Arrest.

LONDON.

L O N D O N, August 10.

Last Friday St. John Lo, Esq; had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand at Kensington, on his Promotion of a Rear Admiral in his Majesty's Fleet, for his long and faithful Services at Sea, being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl Pawlet, Lord in waiting.

We hear that a Party of General Hawley's Dragoon's, having been ordered on Saturday last to go in quest of the smugglers near Hawkburst, a Number of those Villains concealed themselves in a Wood, and fired on the Dragoons, by which four were killed and some wounded. The commanding Officer being acquainted therewith, immediately sent Orders to Brightelmstone, and other Places where the Regiment is quarter'd, to assemble a Body of One Hundred Men, who went in Quest of the Gang: which is got to such a Head, that it may not be improperly called a Kind of Rebellion.

August 25. Letters from Vado of the 5th Instant, bring an Account, that Admiral Medley died that Morning of a malignant Fever, after nine Days Illness.

August 26. Capt. Proud of the Roman Emperor who was taken and carried into Morlaix arrived in Town and says, That on the 19th Instant, a Rear Admiral was to set sail from Brest with one Ship of 80, two of 74, three of 60, and a Frigate of 40; and that they had Eight more Men of War near ready in the Harour.

On the 18th Inst. at Nine in the Morning, his Majesty's Ship the Bellona, commanded by the Hon. Capt. Barrington, gave Chase to a Sail, which was then standing to the Eastward, and at One he discovered her to be an Enemy, as she had then shorten'd Sail for him; in three Quarters of an Hour afterwards the Chase hoisted French Colours, and fir'd at the Bellona, which Capt. Barrington not thinking himself near enough, being just within Point blank, would not return till about two of the Clock, when (Uphant bearing East, distant 3 Leagues) he began to engage her closely, and continued so till half past 4, when she struck. She proved to be a French E. India Ship from Port l'Orient, called the Duke de Chartres, mounted with 30 Guns, and 195 Men, burthened about 700 Tons, laden with Beef, Flour, Brandy, Wine and Oil, &c. had also on board three Mortars, and a great Number of Shells. Capt. Barrington has brought her into Mounts Bay.

The Delaware, and several other Ships, bound to England, sail'd from Scameroon the 20th of June last, under Convoy of one of his Majesty's Ships. The Man of War took in the Turkish Seas, a French Privateer, having on board 100,000 Dollars.

Sept. 1. This Morning came an Account, that Commodore Adon, with the Kingston, Cumberland, and Hardwick Privateers, had taken three Dutch Ships, one of which was bound from the Canaries to Cadiz, having on board the Treasure of the Hector, and 400 Hogheads of Wine, &c. which Prize only is valued at 400,000 l.

Admiral Hawk, with 8 Men of War, sail'd from Plymouth to cruise for the Spanish Galleons.

There are Letters in Town, which mention the Murder of Kou'i Kan, by his second Son, the Attempt of his eldest to mount the Throne, by the same Means, he had formerly discovered, and had punished with depriving him of his Sight only; a Lenity which has probably cost him his Life.

It is reported that the French and Spaniards, in Italy, are separated.

Sept. 1. Yesterday the Right Honourable the Lords of the Admiralty received an Express from Admiral Hawke, brought by the Amazon Man of War; we have Advice, that there are 150 Sail of French Merchantmen lying at the Isle of Dee near Rochelle, with a strong Convoy, ready to sail for the West-Indies.

Sept. 3. It is said, the Allies and the French are in such situation, that a Battle is expected every Day.

Mr. Cleverly, one of his Majesty's Messengers, arrived Express from Italy, who, we hear, among other Things, brought an Account, that 18 Ships were taken going from Genoa, with Ammunition, Stores, &c.

Sept. 7. We hear from Portumna, that a Gentlewoman in that Town, aged about 50, and her Husband 70-odd, and married 20 Years, but never had a Child, was on Sunday last brought to bed of a fine Son.

There are Letters from India, that the Factors at Fort St. George, especially those concerned in the Diamond Trade, had found Means to escape away from thence with their best Effects, and got to Fort St. David's; so that the private Trade did not suffer so much as was at first imagined.

One Anne Dent, Mother of the Hospital at Appleby, aged above 100 Years, has cut four Teeth.

CHARLESTOWN, in South Carolina, August 24.

On Friday last arrived here, the Isabella Privateer Galley, commanded by Capt. George Twist, and brought in with her the Ship Patience, of 300 Tons, Robert Brown late Master, which sail'd from hence on the 18th of July last, for London, with a Cargo of Rice, naval Stores, &c. and was taken by the Spaniards on the 23d. Capt. Twist sail'd from hence about a Month ago, and falling into Company with the Walker Schooner of Frederica, cruiz'd with her, and soon after took a Spanish Privateer returning from a Cruise to St. Augustine, with only 9 Men on board, belonging to the Havana, and commanded, when she commenc'd her Cruise, by Mons. Bernard, a Frenchman. This Bernard had been out about two Months, in which Time, by the Means of an Englishman, who very faithfully serv'd him as a Decoy, and by frequently sitting out, and removing from one Prize into another, he has taken 16 English Vessels; On the Coast of Virginia he took a Pilot-Boat, on board of which he mounted some of his Sloop's Guns, and put all her Men, except the 9 afore mentioned, and sail'd up Delaware River, to cut out some Ships he had Intelligence of by his faithful Englishman, but finding them gone, he went on shore, plunder'd some Houses, carried off some Negroes (which are now here) and return'd to the Capes of Virginia, where he met with the ship Mary, Jer. Thompson Master, (from London and Antigua) just going in, which this Englishman he offer'd to pilot, but when he was on board, they were confounded with the Deceit, he secur'd the ship, fetter'd her out, and (after disarming and giving the Pilot-Boat to his Prisoners) cruiz'd in her some Time: In Lat. 34 D. 30. M. he met with the Patience, which, after a smart Engagement that lasted 3 Hours and a half, (wherein the Captain was carried down wounded) struck to him: As soon as he took the Patience, he went on board her with 25 Men, and (by adding his Sloop's and the Mary's to her's) mounted in her 18 carriage Guns, 3 and 4 Pounders, and 4 Swivels; and thus equipped, was come up on the 10th Instant (the Mary being a company) by the Walker Schooner, who engaged her, but finding her too strong steer'd off; in the mean Time the Isabella came up, when Capt. Twist firing his Prow Guns into her and boarding immediately, she struck, as did also the Mary to the Walker, who carried her into Frederica—Here it will not be improper to give our Readers some Account of the Treatment Capt. Brown, his Brother and some of the Crew met with after they struck to Bernard, which we have from Capt. Brown's said Brother, Mate of the Patience; he says, "As soon as we struck, the Spaniards brought their ship alongside of ours, came on board, and (beginning with me) immediately beat, cut and stab'd those of us that were upon Deck whom they had observ'd to fight, in a most cruel and barbarous manner; then they went to the wounded Captain in the Cabin, knock'd him down, broke a Pistol about his shoulder, and stab'd him, after they had done which, with the like Humanity they carried him up Feet foremost on the Deck, and threw him over into the Mary, where Bernard (as polite and humane as the Rest) was immediately seen to jump or flap three Times on his Breast, which occasioned a Mortification soon after, and my unfortunate Brother's Death the 9th Day." It is to be hoped Mons. Bernard will meet with a Reward, equivalent to the Treatment he gave to his Prisoners. The Person by whose Means he made most of his Captures, is named John Collins, was born at Newberry, and is now in Goal here.

Just now we have the disagreeable News, that the Schooner Charming Nelly, Isaac Colcock Master, which sail'd from hence Yesterday Morning for Antigua, was taken about 1 o'Clock in the Afternoon, just over the Bar, by a Spanish Privateer Schooner, of 8 Carriage Guns, and about 30 Men, commanded by Fernandez Lagunea, who gave Capt. Colcock his Boat, to return here in, and told him, he had taken a large Snow, the Rebecca. Capt. Menderwell, who sail'd a few Days ago from hence, bound to Cape Fear, and a Sloop from Boston to the same Place.

BOSTON, November 2.

On the 22d of October past, a sad accident happened at Grafton: A man as he was digging a well, and had got down about 20 feet, met with a rock, which he purposing to blow up with powder, three lads and an Indian went down with him to observe his method; having drill'd a Hole, he put in a quantity of powder sufficient for the purpose, and fixed a priming wire in the middle, enclos'd it with clay and brick dust, so that

that he was oblig'd to strike the wire with his hammer to get it out, by the force of which it is thought the wire struck fire upon the rock, so that it immediately blew up, and sorely wounded them; one of them, son to the Revd. Mr. Prentice, late minister of the town, had his leg shatter'd to pieces, and was so much bruised, that he dy'd on Saturday morning following: Another of the lads had his jaw bone broke, and so wounded, that 'tis thought he can't recover: The others, tho' much hurt, are like to do well.

NEW-YORK, October 26.

Friday Night last arrived here a French Prize Ship, taken the 27th of September last, about 15 Leagues N. of Anegida, by the Privateer Brig. Speedwell, Capt. Thomas Bevan Commander, of this Place, after an Engagement of 3 Glasses, during which Time she made a very stout Resistance; and the Privateer losing three Men, resolv'd on boarding her, in doing of which they had four Men more killed outright, two others mortally wounded, and several slightly: She is called the Bon Frere, M^{rs}. Claudius Veron Master, mounts 10 Carriage Gun, had 45 Men, several of which were killed in the Engagement, and was bound from Bourdeaux for Martineco, but failing to Leeward, designed for Cape Francois: She is near 200 Tons, and is laden with Wine, Flour, Beef, Soap, Candles, Cordage, &c. The Names of the Men killed, are Benj. Olive, Thos. Hickey, Rich. May, Rob. Haws, Cor. Macgra, Thos. Role, and J. Allen. Capt. Bevan was left in Chase of a Brig.

Extract of a Letter to his Excellency from Col. Roberts, dated Albany, October 24.

"I've just now Advice, that a Party of a Serjeant and 18 Men, of Capt. Robinson's Company, posted at Kinderhook, returning from Dirk Van Slyk's, about 3 Miles from their Quarters, where they had been sent to buy Provisions, were attack'd by about 40 French and Indians; our People behaved exceeding well and after several Fires repulsed the Enemy; who taking another Tour, Way laid them again before they got to their Quarters, and then made a second Attack, with near double the Number they had at first, but with the same Success. We had one killed (the only Man that endeavoured to make his Escape) and three wounded. There were several Indians dropt, which were carried off in Blankets.

October 25. This Afternoon an Onieda Indian, brought in the Scalp of a French Indian, which he with four more Onieda Indians had taken on the East Side of the Lake Champlain. This is the Indian who had a Belt given to him last Summer to engage his Friendship, he being before in the Interest of our Enemies.

An Indian, who I suppose to be of the Party that engaged Capt. Robinson's Men, surrendered himself to Capt. Campbell's Company, at Green Bush, and is now a Prisoner in the Fort."

November 9. Wednesday last being Quarter Sessions, the notorious Tom Bell was discharged out of our Goal, with orders to depart this City in 24 Hours, otherwise to be sent to the House of Correction to receive Punishment there as a Vagrant.

PHILADELPHIA, November 5.

Last Week arrived here a vessel from Barbadoes, by which there is Advice of the death of commodore Legge: And that our men of war have of late been very active, which occasions the enemy's privateers to disappear for the present.

Nov. 12. Last night came to Town some Indians from Ohio, a Branch of the Mississippi, all Warriors, and among them one captain, on a Visit to this Government, about some particular affairs relating to the War betwixt the English and French in those Parts.

A sloop from Boston, Capt. Hutta, is lost a few Leagues to the Southward of our Capes, but most of the cargo saved.

On Sunday last arrived here Capt. Katter in 7 Weeks from Lisbon, who informs us, that the Day he came out, a Vessel arrived there from Zurich in Holland, who informed him, that Bergen-op-Zoom had surrendered to the French.

By Capt. Katter we have the following Letter from a Gentleman in Lisbon, dated September 30. N. S.

"The famous Bergen-op Zoom is at last taken by the French forming it the 16th Instant. The News is come by Express in 12 Days to the French and Spanish Ambassadors. The French have lost 25,000 Men before it. The French King was resolv'd to have it at any Rate. This opens the Communication between Zealand and Holland.

ANNAPOLIS.

On Thursday last a Sailor belonging to Capt. Ogle, was knock'd over-board, by the Boom of a Flat, in this Harbour, and drowned.

Custom-House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered,

Ship Prince Frederick, John Spence, from London,
Ship Mary of Whitby, Thomas Linkill, from London,
Brigantine Warren, William Cendy, from Philadelphia,
Schooner Cumberland, James Earle, from Rhode-Island.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MESSIEURS Williams and Rockliff, Shipp'd Goods for several People in Maryland, on board the Ship Lydia, whereof the Subscriber is Master; which Ship being bound to Philadelphia, the said Williams and Rockliff ordered the said Goods to be delivered to Capt. Henry Harrison, or in his Absence, to Mr. George Okill, Merchant there, (to prevent any Loss the Owners of the said Goods might sustain, if the Ship Lydia had been taken or lost on her Passage from Philadelphia) and by him to be forwarded to Col. Charles Haysen, in Chester-Town; and the Goods for the People on the Western Shore, to Annapolis, to be forwarded by D. Dulany, Esq; which Goods the Subscriber accordingly delivered; as may appear by Capt. Harrison's Receipts; and doubts not but the said Goods are now in Maryland, and will in a few Days be safely deliver'd at Annapolis; of which the Subscriber thought proper to give Notice, to prevent any Trouble or Uncertainty to the Owners of said Goods.

WILLIAM TIFFIN.

Publick NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the Justices of Anne-Arundel County, will, at the County Court, to be held at Annapolis, the second Tuesday of March next, agree with any Person capable, for the Repairing the Prison at the City aforesaid; and that all Persons who are inclined to undertake the same, are desired at that Time, to make their Proposals.

Signed per Order,
JOHN BRIGGS, Clerk.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN on Tuesday, the 17th of November, from Jaspas Hall, of Baltimore County, near Baltimore Town, A MAN'S SADDLE, by one William M^d Daniel, an Irish Man; he is about 5 Foot high, and much pitted with the Small-pox. Had on, a Cloth Coat, of a Dove colour, strip'd Holland Jacket, Leather Breeches, white Linnen Shirt, and new Shoes, with Brass Buckles, not Fellows.

Whoever apprehends the said William M^d Daniel, and brings him to Baltimore Town, shall have Four Pounds Reward, paid by

JASPAR HALL.

To be Sold by the Printer hereof,

POOR RICHARD'S ALMANACK, for the Year of our LORD, 1748.

STRAY'D from the Subscriber, on the 9th of September past (being then near Mr. Richard Warfield's, at the Head of Severn) a middle sized black Horse, having no White about him, except some white Hairs in his hairs, branded on the near Buttock thus D, but not very plain.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and will deliver him to Mr. Gerard Hopkins, or to Mr. Joseph Hanslap Warman, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward; if to the Subscriber, living on the Sugar Lands, in Prince George's County, Thirty Shillings Reward.

THOMAS FLETCHER.

To be SOLD,

On Tuesday, the first Day of December next, at Twelve o'Clock, (for Sterling Money only) by Westall Ridgley, living in Prince George's County, near Bladensburg;

THE Plantation whereon he now dwells, being Part of a Tract, called Isaac's Park, containing about 150 Acres. The Sale to be held on said Plantation.

WESTALL RIDGLEY.

2 ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Smith's Accounts, of otherwise, are once more desired to come and pay off their respective Balances, or may expect immediate Trouble, from

JOHN CONNER,

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, Administrator of Thomas Galloway, deceased, on the 15th Day of December next, at the House of Joshua Gray;

3 A TRACT of Land, called Piny-Growth, containing by Estimation, 250 Acres, lying on the North Side of Severn River. The Sale to begin at Twelve o'Clock.

JOHN GALLOWAY.

On Tuesday, the Eighth Day of December next, will be sold by Publick Sale, at Mrs. Martine's, in Annapolis;

3 A VERY valuable Tract of Land, called the Forest; containing 1800 Acres, lying in Baltimore County, near the Head of Patuxet River, and known by the Name of Taylor's Mannor, is exceeding well timber'd, and several rich Mines of Iron Ore thereon, convenient to the said River. The Sale to begin at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, by

SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

Just Published, (Price 6s. 6d.)

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof,

T HE LAWS made at the last Session of Assembly of this Province.

JUST IMPORTED

In the Ship LYDIA, from LONDON,

4 A VERY good Assortment of European and India GOOD; to be sold by the Subscriber at Patuxet, very reasonably for Current Money, or Bills of Exchange.

WILLIAM TIFFIN.

4 A ALL Masters of Vessels, or others, may be supply'd with good SHIP-BREAD, by the Subscriber, at his Bake-house, in Annapolis.

JOHN CHALMERS.

5 RUN away about a Year since, from Talbot Ristean, of Baltimore County, near Joppa, a lousy Negro Man, named Ben, Country born, about 25 Years of Age. Had on when he went away, a Kersey Jacket, and an old Pair of Sailor's Trowsers, no Stockings nor Shoes. Any Sheriff to whose Custody the said Negro is committed, is desired to give Notice to his said Master.

TALBOT RISTEAN.

TO BE SOLD,

5 THE House and Lot in Kilkenny Town, in Anne Arundel County, near Queen-Anne Town, whereon William Rawlings lately liv'd, it being a good House, and a convenient Place for an Ordinary; an Inspecting House being appointed by Act of Assembly to be built near to it.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may be informed of the Terms of Sale, by enquiring of the Subscriber, living near South-River Church.

JOSEPH HANSLAP WARMAN.

6 LOST, during the last FAIR, a Woman's Side Saddle, without any Covering, the Seat Buck skin almost new. A Horse strayed away with it on his Back, but was taken up without it.

Whoever finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

JAMES BARNES.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subscriber, at his Shop in Annapolis,

6 TOBACCO Manufactured, by a very good Tobacconist lately arrived from Scotland; Cut and Dried, Shag, Pig-Tail; and Snuff, very little, if any thing, inferior to the best Scotch Snuff. Any Persons may be supplied with what Quantities they think fit, and at very reasonable Rates.

JOHN INCH.

TO BE SOLD,

6 PART of two Tracts of Land, one call'd Hair's Purchase, the other Jub's Discovery, lying on the North Side of Severn River; both Tracts containing 107 Acres, situated very convenient for a Ferry, one being now kept on it by John North. For the Title and Terms of Sale, enquire of

BENJAMIN FOWLER.

R AN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Back-River, the 27th of September past, a lousy Country-Born Negro Man named Will; he has a scar on his Cheek occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN.

J UST Imported by the Subscriber, variety of coarse and fine Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Checks, Manchester Wares and shreals, Broad Cloths, Kerseys, Half Thicks, Frizes, Bays, striped Flannels, and Welsh Cottons, Nails and Iron Ware of all sorts, &c. Also a quantity of fine Salt. All to be Sold at reasonable Rates in Wholesale or Retail.

A LL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts, are desired to call and pay their Balances, or give Notice for the same, on or before the first Day of January next, to save further Trouble to

JAMES DICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land called Blombury, containing 400 Acres, lying in the Freshes of Great Choptank in Talbot County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, Richard Hopewell, and adjoins to a Tract called The Irish Discovery, which joins to a Tract called Baker's Plains, which last mentioned Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, near the Mouth of Patuxet River.

JOSEPH HOPWELL.

WILLIAM HAYES, Chair-maker from Philadelphia, now lives in Annapolis, and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all sorts of Rush-bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES.

N. B. The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of East Street, where William Hudson lately dwelt.

J UST IMPORTED from Glasgow, by James Johnston, in the Snow St. Andrew, and to be sold at his Store in Annapolis, by the Subscriber,

A LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Osnabrigs, Blankets, Rugs, Kerseys, Broad Cloths, English and Scotch Half thicks, Check Linens of all sorts, Irish Linens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tartan, Blanketing, Yarn Stockings, Worsted and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linnen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Worsted and Thread Stockings, Men and Womens Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Calicoes, Romalls, and sundry sorts of India, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to the said James Johnston, well before as since his Departure from Maryland, are once more desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco on hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money for it, by treating with

ROBERT SWAN.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at Broad Creek, on Kent-Island, to cross the Bay to Annapolis with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from Annapolis to Kent-Island. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to let to Gentlemen Traveling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and his Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

A LL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis, are requested to make Payment.

MARY FORD.