

THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1787.

You still persist, and demand to know, whether this passage is not a pointed authority against the people's right of intruding: I again reply no. It is no more an authority against the people's right of occasionally intruding, than against the people's right of periodically electing the senate and delegates. For, repeat it, the power which Mr. Locke speaks of is incompatible with government while it lasts, is the power of legislating individually and exclusively, in the manner as exercised before the establishment of the government. Now, Sir, for the people to intrude is not to legislate *individually and exclusively*; for the majority only can bind and conclude by instructions. And this right of intruding is perfectly consistent with the idea of an established form of government.







...in a most furious manner. In a few minutes he was struck entirely blind, and his head fell so to great a degree that his eye-balls burst in the socket, and he expired in a few hours. We are favoured with this intelligence by Mr. John Nicholas, interpreter for the United States, who has it from Gula Sutho, principal chief of the tribe, who was present when this happened.

**ANNAPOLIS, August 15.**  
**COUNCIL, August 15, 1787.**  
Resolved, That the treaty between the United States and the emperor of Morocco, ratified by Congress on the 10th of July, 1787, be published for the information of the citizens of this State.  
By order,  
**T. JOHNSON, jun. clk.**

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,**  
**IN CONGRESS assembled,**  
To all who shall see these Presents, Greeting,  
WHEREAS the United States of America, in Congress assembled, by their commission bearing date the twelfth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, thought proper to appoint JOHN ADAMS, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, THOMAS JEFFERSON, their ministers plenipotentiary, giving to them, or a majority of them, powers to confer, treat and negotiate, with the emperor of Morocco, concerning a treaty of amity and commerce, to make and receive propositions for such treaty, and to conclude and sign the same, transmitting it to the United States in Congress assembled, for their final ratification.

And by one other commission bearing date the eighth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, did farther empower the said ministers plenipotentiary, or a majority of them, by writing under their hands and seals, to appoint such persons in the said business as they might think proper, with authority under the directions and instructions of the said ministers to commence and prosecute the said negotiations and conferences for the said treaty, provided that the said treaty should be signed by the said ministers: And whereas the said Adams and Thomas Jefferson, two of the said ministers plenipotentiary (the said Benjamin Franklin being absent) by writing under the hand and seal of said John Adams, at London, October the fifth, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, and of said Thomas Jefferson, at Paris, October the eighth, of the same year, did appoint THOMAS BARCLAY, agent in the business aforesaid, giving the powers therein, which by the said second commission they were authorized to give, and the said Thomas Barclay in pursuance thereof, hath signed articles for a treaty of amity and commerce between the United States of America and his majesty the emperor of Morocco, which articles, written in Arabic language, confirmed by his said majesty the emperor of Morocco, and sealed with his seal, being translated into the language of the United States of America, together with the ratifications thereto annexed, are in the following words, to wit:

**In the Name of ALMIGHTY GOD.**  
THIS is a treaty of peace and friendship established between us and the United States of America, which is confirmed, and which we have ordered to be written in this book and sealed with our royal seal at our court of Morocco, on the twenty-fifth of the blessed month of Shaban, in the year one thousand two hundred, trusting in God it will remain permanent;  
WE declare that both parties have agreed to this treaty, consisting of twenty-five articles, which is inserted in this book and delivered to the honorable Thomas Barclay, the agent of the United States now at our court, with whose approbation it has been made, and who is duly authorized by his part to treat with us concerning all the matters contained therein.

If either of the parties shall be at war with a nation whatever, the other party shall not take commission from the enemy nor fight under their arms.  
If either of the parties shall be at war with a nation whatever, and take a prize belonging to the nation, and there shall be found on board such prizes or effects belonging to either of the parties, the same shall be set at liberty and the effects returned to the owners. And if any goods belonging to any nation, with whom either of the parties shall be at war, shall be loaded on vessels belonging to the other party, they shall pass free and unmolested without attempt being made to take or detain them.  
A signal or pass shall be given to all vessels belonging to both parties, by which they are to be known when they meet at sea, and if the commander of a ship of war of either party shall have other business under his convoy, the declaration of the commander shall alone be sufficient to exempt any vessel from examination.

If either of the parties shall be at war, and meet a vessel at sea belonging to the other, it is agreed that if any examination is to be made, it shall be done by sending a boat with two or three persons only, and if any gun shall be fired and injury done without reason, the offending party shall make good all damages.  
If any Moors shall bring citizens of the United States or their effects to his majesty, the citizens shall immediately be set at liberty and the effects restored; and in like manner, if any Moor, not a subject of these dominions, shall make prize of any of the citizens of America or their effects, and bring them in to any of the ports of his majesty, they shall immediately be released, as they will then be considered as under his majesty's protection.

VIII. If any vessel of either party shall pass into a port of the other, and have occasion for provisions or other supplies, they shall be furnished without any interruption or molestation.  
IX. If any vessel of the United States shall meet with a disaster at sea, and put into one of our ports to repair, she shall be at liberty to land and re-load her cargo without paying any duty whatever.  
X. If any vessel of the United States shall be cast on shore on any part of our coasts, she shall remain at the disposition of the owners, and no one shall attempt going near her without their approbation, as she is then considered particularly under our protection; and if any vessel of the United States shall be forced to put into our ports by stress of weather or otherwise, she shall not be compelled to land her cargo, but shall remain in tranquillity until the commander shall think proper to proceed on his voyage.  
XI. If any vessel of either of the parties shall have an engagement with a vessel belonging to any of the Christian powers within gun shot of the forts of the other, the vessel so engaged shall be defended and protected as much as possible until she is in safety; and if any American vessel shall be cast on shore on Wadnoon, or any coast thereabout, the people belonging to her shall be protected and assisted, until, by the help of God, they shall be sent to their country.

XII. If we shall be at war with any Christian power, and any of our vessels sail from the ports of the United States, no vessel belonging to the enemy shall follow until twenty-four hours after the departure of our vessels; and the same regulation shall be observed towards the American vessels sailing from our ports;—be their enemies Moors or Christians.  
XIII. If any ship of war belonging to the United States shall put into any of our ports, she shall not be examined on any pretence whatever, even though she should have fugitive slaves on board, nor shall the governor or commander of the place compel them to be brought on shore on any pretext, nor require any payment for them.  
XIV. The commerce of the United States shall be on the same footing as is the commerce with Spain, or as that with the most favoured nation for the time being, and their citizens shall be respected and esteemed, and have full liberty to pass and repass our country and sea ports whenever they please, without interruption.

XV. Merchants of both countries shall employ only such interpreters, and such other persons to assist them in their business, as they shall think proper. No commander of a vessel shall transport his cargo on board another vessel; he shall not be detained in port longer than he may think proper; and all persons employed in loading or unloading goods, or in any other labour whatever, shall be paid at the customary rates, not more and not less.  
XVI. In case of a war between the parties, the prisoners are not to be made slaves, but to be exchanged one for another, captain for captain, officer for officer, and one private man for another; and if there shall prove a deficiency on either side, it shall be made up by the payment of one hundred Mexican dollars, for each person wanting; and it is agreed that all prisoners shall be exchanged in twelve months from the time of their being taken, and that this exchange may be effected by a merchant or any other person authorized by either of the parties.

XVII. Merchants shall not be compelled to buy or sell any kind of goods but such as they shall think proper; and may buy and sell all sorts of merchandise but such as are prohibited to the other Christian nations.  
XVIII. All goods shall be weighed and examined before they are sent on board, and to avoid all detention of vessels, no examination shall afterwards be made, unless it shall first be proved, that contraband goods have been sent on board, in which case the persons who took the contraband goods on board, shall be punished according to the usage and custom of the country, and no other person whatever shall be injured, nor shall the ship or cargo incur any penalty or damage whatever.  
XIX. No vessel shall be detained in port on any pretence whatever, nor be obliged to take on board any article without the consent of the commander, who shall be at full liberty to agree for the freight of any goods he takes on board.

XX. If any of the citizens of the United States, or any persons under their protection, shall have any disputes with each other, the consul shall decide between the parties, and whenever the consul shall require any aid or assistance from our government, to enforce his decisions, it shall be immediately granted to him.  
XXI. If a citizen of the United States should kill or wound a Moor, or on the contrary, if a Moor shall kill or wound a citizen of the United States, the law of the country shall take place, and equal justice shall be rendered, the consul assisting at the trial, and if any delinquent shall make his escape, the consul shall not be answerable for him in any manner whatever.

XXII. If an American citizen shall die in our country, and no will shall appear, the consul shall take possession of his effects, and if there shall be no consul, the effects shall be deposited in the hands of some person worthy of trust, until the party shall appear who has a right to demand them, but if the heir to the person deceased be present, his property shall be delivered to him without interruption; and if a will shall appear, the property shall descend agreeable to that will, as soon as the consul shall declare the validity thereof.  
XXIII. The consuls of the United States of America, shall reside in any seaport of our dominions that they shall think proper; and they shall be respected, and enjoy all the privileges which the consuls of any other nation enjoy, and if any of the citizens of the United States shall contract any debts or engagements, the consul shall not be in any manner accountable for them, unless he shall have given a promise in writing for the payment, or satisfying thereof, without which promise in writing, no application to him for any redress shall be made.  
XXIV. If any differences shall arise by either party infringing on any of the articles of this treaty, peace and harmony shall remain notwithstanding in the fullest force, until a friendly application shall be made for an arrangement, and until that application shall be rejected, no appeal shall be made to arms. And if a war shall break out between the parties, nine months shall be granted to all the subjects of both parties, to dispose of their effects and retire with their property. And it is further declared, that whatever indulgence of trade or otherwise, shall be granted to any of the Christian powers, the citizens of the United States shall be equally entitled to them.

XXV. This treaty shall continue in full force, with the help of God, for fifty years.  
We have delivered this book into the hands of the before-mentioned Thomas Barclay, on the first day of the blessed month of Ramadan, in the year, one thousand two hundred.  
I CERTIFY that the annexed is a true copy of the translation made by Isaac Cordoza Nunez, interpreter at Morocco, of the treaty between the emperor of Morocco and the United States of America.  
(Signed) **THOMAS BARCLAY.**  
**ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.**  
*Grace to the only God.*  
I, THE under-written, the servant of God, Taher Ben Abdelkack Fennish, do certify, that his imperial majesty, my master (whom God preserve) having concluded a treaty of peace and commerce with the United States of America, has ordered me, the better to complete it, and in addition to the tenth article of the treaty, to declare, "That, if any vessel belonging to the United States shall be in any of the ports of his majesty's dominions, or within gun shot of his forts, she shall be protected as much as possible, and no vessel whatever, belonging to either Moorish or Christian powers, shall be permitted to follow or engage her, as we now deem the citizens of America our good friends."  
And, in obedience to his majesty's commands, I certify this declaration, by putting my hand and seal to it, on the 18th day of Ramadan, in the year one thousand two hundred.  
(Signed)  
The servant of the King, my master, whom God preserve,  
**TAHER BEN ABDELKACK FENNISH.**  
I do certify that the above is a true copy of the translation made at Morocco, by Isaac Cordoza Nunez, interpreter, of a declaration made and signed by Sidi Hage Taher Fennish, in addition to the treaty between the emperor of Morocco and the United States of America, which declaration, the said Taher Fennish made by the express directions of his majesty.  
(Signed) **THOMAS BARCLAY.**  
And whereas the said John Adams and Thomas Jefferson, ministers plenipotentiary aforesaid, by writing under their respective hands and seals, duly made and executed by the said John Adams, on the 25th January, 1787, and by the said Thomas Jefferson, on the 18th day of January, 1787, did approve and conclude the said treaty and every article and clause therein contained, reserving the same nevertheless to the United States in Congress assembled for their final ratification.  
NOW BE IT KNOWN, that we the said United States of America in Congress assembled, have accepted, approved, ratified and confirmed, and by these presents do accept, approve, ratify and confirm the said treaty, and every article and clause thereof.

**IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF,** we have caused our Seal to be hereunto affixed; **WITNESS** his excellency **ARTHUR ST. CLAIR**, our president, at the city of New-York, this eighteen day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and in the twelfth year of our sovereignty and independence.  
**CHARLES THOMSON, sec.**



In Council, August 11, 1787.  
**ORDERED**, That the clerk of this board give notice, by advertising in the Maryland Gazette and Baltimore Journal, that such American masters of vessels as may make voyages from the State of Maryland, in the course of which they may expect to meet with cruizers from Morocco, may be furnished, on application to him, with copies of the signals agreed on between the United States of America and his Majesty the Emperor of Morocco, to the end that the vessels of both parties may be known to each other at sea, and avoid any unnecessary bloodshed.

By order of the Board,  
**T. JOHNSON**, Secy.

To be SOLD, on Saturday the 11th day of September next, on the premises, if fair, if not the Monday following, or the next fair day,  
**THE** dwelling plantation where Thomas Elliott, deceased, formerly lived, containing one hundred acres, more or less. The above land is exposed to sale to satisfy and pay the debts of Thomas Elliott, deceased.

**JAMES ELLIOTT**, heir at law.  
All persons indebted to the said estate by bond, note or otherwise, are desired to make immediate payment on or before the day of sale, otherwise they may depend on having suits commenced against them to recover their debts, and all those having claims against said estate, are requested to make them known on or before the day of sale, that they may be adjusted, by the court.

**DAVID STEUART**, administrator.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Dorchester county, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Dorchester county court in October next, to liberate him agreeable to the act of assembly, passed last session of assembly.

**THOMAS M'KEEL**.

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**WILLIAM PRITCHETT**.

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**WILLIAM PRITCHETT**.

## SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be sold, on the 11th day of August, at the plantation where Jacob Lusby, deceased, lived, three negroes, to wit: **TWO** men and one woman, taken as the property of Jacob Lusby, deceased, and sold for the use of Caleb Burgess.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be sold, on the 11th day of August, at the plantation where Daniel Bridgal now lives, on the north side of Severn river, **FOUR** negroes, to wit: one male and three females, and one white man, taken as the property of Daniel Bridgal, and sold to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland.

**DAVID STEUART**, Sheriff, of Anne Arundel county.

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## Board of Treasury of the United States.

The United States in Congress having directed the Commissioners of this Board, to take the most effectual measures, for settling and securing the public and commercial Credit of the United States.

Notice is hereby given, that the accounts of the said Commissioners, having been arranged, and for as the materials furnished by the respective parties, with enable them to proceed in that business, it has become necessary, to adopt immediate measures for clearing their transactions. All persons therefore, who have received public money from the general treasury, in pursuance of engagements entered into with the secret and commercial Credit of Congress, are hereby required, to render account for the same, on or before the 1st day of September next, and adjust their respective accounts within three months, computed from the present date, at the expiration of which time, no person will be admitted against such as neglected this notice.

**SAMUEL OSGOOD**, Commissioner.

**WALTER LIVINGSTON**, Commissioner.

**ARTHUR LEE**, Commissioner.

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**WALTER LIVINGSTON**, Commissioner.

**ARTHUR LEE**, Commissioner.

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**ARTHUR LEE**, Commissioner.



## T T E.

## SUPPLEMENT to the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, AUGUST 16, 1787.

Upper-Marlborough, July 22, 1787.

## TO BE SOLD,

Saturday the 18th day of August next, at public sale, on the premises, if not before sold at private sale.

L. L. the subscriber's property adjoining the town of Upper-Marlborough, consisting of 224 acres of valuable land, part of which may be made excellent meadow, the remainder is very rich and level, may be laid out in lots in addition to the town, or divided to very great advantage.

The improvements are very good, and perhaps considered as convenient a plan as any buildings in the town. The dwelling house is of brick, 35 front and 33 wide, with a passage of 15 feet, four rooms on the floor, with fire-places in each, and a number of windows. Four rooms above, a passage and several very convenient closets; a kitchen under the dwelling house, with a large cellar, vault, and other conveniences; a wash-house 16 feet by 14; a dry-house and mill-house under the same roof, with excellent dry well, 40 feet deep; a milk-house, 12 square; an office or study, 17 feet by 14; all of which are well finished; a well built wood stable and carriage-house, 30 feet by 18, with several other very large out-houses; garden and yards well enclosed, a very good well of water; a small orchard of apples, and a variety of other fruit trees.

The situation is beautiful, and capable of great improvements, and convenient for either business or retirement. The title shall be satisfactory to the purchaser. A small proportion of the purchase money will be paid on the day of sale, the remainder a liberal time will be given for.

The above property is at present occupied by Mr. S. Sibbald, but may be entered upon immediately after the sale. Any person inclinable to purchase, may apply to Mr. Walter S. Chandless, of Upper-Marlborough, or the subscriber, near Fredericktown.

LILBURN WILLIAMS.

Calvert county, July 21, 1787.

Saturday the 18th day of August, will be offered for sale at the subscriber's house, for cash, or tobacco, F. DRY valuable negroes, viz. men, women, boys and girls. Also some horses, cattle and hogs, with some household furniture. The subscriber will also dispose of at private sale, (on three credit) one hundred acres of good land, some meadows, and several valuable horses.

CHARLES WILLIAMSON.

July 14, 1787.

HIS is to give notice to all whom it may or shall concern, that I was possessed of 100 acres of Part of Rebecca's Lot, lying in Anne-Arundel county, which said 100 acres I sold to Benjamin Hood, on or about the 21st day of October, in the year 1773, and gave bond for the conveyance of my part to the same to the said Hood, on his paying the said money with the accruing interest, and took the said Hood's bond for the money; that the said afterwards sold his right to Rhea Todd, not being paid for the land, and so informing the said Todd; that the said Todd afterwards sold the said land to Peter Bond, who was at the time of his purchase from the said Hood, that I had not been paid for the land, when I sold the land to Hood, him possession, but I have since regained possession, and mean to keep it until I am paid what is due on Hood's bond.

REZIN HAMMOND.

## SIX POUNDS REWARD.

July 11, 1787.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the ninth instant, a negro man named JACK, a lanky well-made fellow, about five feet nine or ten inches high, thirty years old. he has a scar on his forehead from a burn when young; had a black coat and breeches, new of a bright shirt, and a hat. Whoever takes up and secures the said man, so that his master gets him again, shall receive, if taken within ten miles from home, twenty shillings; if out of that distance, forty shillings; and if out of this state, the reward, including what the law allows, paid by the subscriber.

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

June 29, 1787.

## LANDS FOR SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of an act of the last session of assembly, entitled, An act to empower Sarah Buchanan, executrix of Archibald Buchanan, deceased, Alexander Cowen, Thomas Sim Lee, Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer, and Benjamin Nicholson, to sell and dispose of certain tracts of land, for the purpose herein after mentioned, the subscribers will sell at Timonium, the dwelling plantation of Sarah Buchanan, on the 2d day of September next, for final settlement certificates, for the purpose of discharging sundry judgments obtained by the State of Maryland against the heir at law of the said Archibald Buchanan, deceased, the following tracts of land, lying and being in Baltimore county, on the great road that leads from Baltimore-town to York-town, and is eleven miles from the former, called Taylor's Palace, Welch's Fancy, and Robinson's Addition, three tracts adjoining, and containing 140 acres, fifty of which are already in excellent meadow, and fifty more may be made with a small expence, with a fine stream of water running through the whole, which is sufficient to water every foot of it. Also, four other tracts, lying near the aforementioned lands, each adjoining, called Jack's Double Purchase, and Part of Jack's Double Purchase, Part of Sulfed and Strife; upwards of thirty acres in meadow, and more may be made with very little expence, containing in the four tracts 350 acres; the most part of these lands are bottom, and remarkable for its fertility in producing all kinds of grain; three or four elegant situations for country seats, that commands a most beautiful and extensive view and prospect, the whole well watered, and is part of that well known and valuable estate, formerly called Bellefield. One third of the purchase money to be paid the 10th day of September next, another third the 10th day of March next, and the remaining third the 10th day of September, in the year, 1788.

SARAH BUCHANAN, Executrix.  
THOMAS SIM LEE,  
DAN. of ST. THO. JENIFER,  
ALEXANDER COWEN,  
BENJAMIN NICHOLSON.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale, a variety of useful and elegant household furniture, for cash or final settlements.

SARAH BUCHANAN.

July 28, 1787.

ON the petition of Thomas Woodward, of Baltimore county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twelfth day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees, will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal, and Baltimore Advertiser.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

July 23, 1787.

ON the petition of George Sibbald, of Prince George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the tenth day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees, will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal, and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

Maryland, Charles county, July 23, 1787.

ON the 26th day of March last, was committed to my gaol, as a runaway negro, BEN, the property of major Samuel Bradford, near Fredericksburg, Virginia, who has had early notice thereof. I therefore give this public notice, that, if the said negro is not released by his master, on or before the 18th day of August next, he will on that day be exposed to public sale, in Port-Tobacco, for the discharge of fees.

FRANCIS WARE, Sheriff.

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IN COUNCIL, August 11, 1787.  
**ORDERED**, That the clerk of this board give notice, by advertising in the Maryland Gazette and Baltimore Journal, that such American masters of vessels, as may make voyages from the state of Maryland, in the course of which they may expect to meet with cruizers from Morocco, may be furnished, on application to him, with copies of the signals agreed on between the United States of America and his majesty the emperor of Morocco, to the end that the vessels of both parties may be known to each other at sea.

By order  
T. JOHNSON, jan. clk.

August 16, 1787.  
To be SOLD, on Saturday the 1st day of September next, on the premises, if fair, if not the Monday following, or the next fair day.

**T**HIS dwelling plantation where Thomas Elliott, deceased, formerly lived, containing one hundred acres, more or less. The above land is exposed to sale to satisfy and pay the debts of Thomas Elliott, deceased.

JAMES ELLIOTT, heir at law.  
All persons interested to the said estate by bond, note or otherwise, are desired to make immediate payment out or before the day of sale, otherwise they may depend on having suits commenced against them to November court — and all those having claims against said estate, are requested to make them known on or before the day of sale, that they may be adjusted, by  
CA. HARRIS ELLIOTT, administrator.  
100 13/1  
DAVID STEUART, administrator.

August 13, 1787.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Dorchester county, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Dorchester county court in October next, to have him agreeable to the act of assembly, passed last session of assembly.

100 13/1  
THOMAS M'KEEL.  
August 13, 1787.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Dorchester county, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Dorchester county court in October next, to have him agreeable to the act of assembly, passed last session of assembly.

100 13/1  
WILLIAM PRITCHETT.

August 8, 1787.  
**Eighty Silver Dollars, or Ten Half Joes Reward,**

**F**OR apprehending and bringing home, two runaway slaves, one a mulatto man named DICK, about 27 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, a well made, active, plausible fellow, has a scar by his right eye; took with him a green cloth coat, with a crimson velvet cape, a red plush do. with blue cuffs and cape, a deep blue camblet jacket, with gold lace at the sleeves, down the breast and round the collar, a pair of Russia drab overalls, a white shirt, two olnabrig do. a pair of pumps and buckles, with sundry other cloaths; it is probable he may change some of those described, if he meets with any one inclinable to barter; he has some money with him, and probably has a gun, pistol or sword. — The other is a woman, named LUCY, about 26 years of age, about five feet two inches high, a remarkable large suit of wool, which she takes much pains in combing; had with her two calico gowns, one purple and white, the other red and white, a deep blue moreens petticoat, two white country cotton do. a striped do. and jacket, a black silk bonnet, a variety of blackkerchiefs and ruffles, two lawn aprons, two lath down do. a pair of high heel shoes, a pair of kid gloves and a pair of silk mitts, a blue fustian handkerchief, trim'd with gauze, with white ribbon sew'd to it, several white linen mitts, olnabrigs for two do. be upon red petticoat, with several other things that she probably will exchange for others if in her power; it is likely they will pay for man and wife, and it is almost certain to a certainty that they have palles either as slaves that have been manumitted, or the fellow as a former soldier. If he is taken, much care ought to be taken to secure him properly, as few villains excel him in address and cunning; it is probable they will endeavour to get on board some vessel and go either down the bay or to the eastern shore; if taken 10 miles or under from home, I will give three pounds for the fellow, and twenty shillings for the woman, if 20 miles six pounds and forty shillings for the woman, if 30 miles nine pounds and three for the woman, if 40 miles twelve pounds and five for the woman, if 50 miles seventeen pounds ten shillings and twenty dollars for the woman, and if 60 miles or upwards the above reward, and all reasonable travelling charges when brought home to me in the upper part of Anne-Arundel county in the state of Maryland.

CHARLES ALEXANDER WARFIELD.  
P. S. All captains and masters of vessels and others, are cautioned hereby from taking on board, or employing the said slaves. 100 13/1 C. A. W.

Annapolis, August 4, 1787.

**SIX DOLLARS REWARD.**  
**STRAYED** or stolen, from Annapolis, on Saturday 18th July, a bay mare, about fourteen hands high, she has a small blaze, and trots remarkably hard. Whoever secures the said mare, and restore her to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward.

100 13/1  
SAMUEL RIDOUT.

**A STORE-HOUSE to be RENTED.**

3 Inquire of the Printers.

\*\*\*\*\*

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, Francis-Street

## SHERIFF'S SALES.

August 1, 1787.  
By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* to me directed, will be sold, on the 22d of August, at the plantation where Jacob Lusby, deceased, lived, three negroes, where Jacob Lusby, deceased, lived, three negroes, two men and one woman, taken as the property of Elizabeth Lusby, administratrix of Jacob Lusby, and sold for the use of Caleb Burgels.

By virtue of a writ of *sequestracion*, to me directed, will be sold on the 30th day of August, at the plantation where Daniel Brigdal now lives, on the north side of Severn river,

**FOUR** negroes; one horse; three milch cows; and one cart, taken as the property of Daniel Brigdal, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland.

2 DAVID STEUART, sheriff, of Anne-Arundel county.

## Treasury of the United States.

MAY 14th, 1787.  
**T**HE commissioners of the board of treasury of the United States, give notice, That on the 1st day of September next, will be exposed to sale, at the place where the United States in Congress may hold their sessions — The following townships and lots of lands in the western territory, which were surveyed last year, under the direction of the geographer-general of the United States, viz.

FIRST RANGE.	
No. 3, containing 4,550 acres.	
SECOND RANGE.	
No. 1, containing 1,386.	
1, 5,434.	
2, 8,578.	
3, 2,117.	
4, 23,040.	
5, 23,040.	
6, 23,040.	
7, 23,040.	
8, 23,040.	
9, 18,644.	
THIRD RANGE.	
No. 1, containing 6,596.	
2, 11,797.	
3, 14,182.	
4, 23,040.	
5, 23,040.	
6, 23,040.	
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9, 23,040.	
10, 23,040.	
11, 23,040.	
12, 23,040.	
FOURTH RANGE.	
No. 1, containing 4,574.	
2, 21,550.	
3, 23,040.	
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The admirable quality of these lands, and the favourable climate in which they are situated, are too well known to need description. The conditions of sale are as follow, viz.

1st. The townships or fractional parts of townships throughout the different ranges, will be sold either entire or in lots in alternate order; that is to say, where a township or fractional part of a township is sold entire, the next will be sold in lots; agreeably to the ordinance of the 20th of May, 1785.

2d. The lands are not to be sold under a dollar per acre, payable in gold or silver, or any of the securities of the United States.

3d. The purchasers are to pay the charges of survey, which are to be estimated at thirty-six dollars in specie, or certificates as aforesaid for every township; and in the same proportion for fractional parts of townships or lots; this payment to be made at the sales, and in case of failure, the lands to be again exposed to public auction.

4th. One third of the purchase money is to be paid at the time of purchase; and the remaining two thirds in three months after the date of the sale; on which payment a certificate shall be given by the treasurer of the United States, which shall entitle the person to whom the same is given to receive from the commissioners of this board a proper title; provided, that if the second payment is not made at the time above specified, the first payment is to be forfeited, and the land on which the forfeit accrued be again set up for sale.

5th. The plots of the townships will be marked by subdivisions into lots of one mile square or 640 acres, and numbered from 1 to 36; and out of each township Lot No. 8, 11, 26, and 29, are to be reserved for future sale; Lot No. 16 for the maintenance of public schools within the respective townships, and out of every fractional part of a township, as many lots of the same number as shall be found therein. There will also be reserved to the United States, one third part of all gold and silver, lead and copper mines.

Proper maps and descriptions of the lands will be exhibited, at the time and place of sale, and the sales will continue from day to day until the whole are sold.

SAMUEL OSGOOD, }  
WALTER LIVINGSTON, } Commissioners.  
ARTHUR LEE, }

Leonard-town, Saint Mary's county, July 14, 1787.

**T**HIS is to give notice, that the subscriber intends to petition the next county court, to take the benefit of an act lately passed, for the relief of insolvent debtors.

6w  
ROGER CLARKE.

## Board of Treasury of the United States.

May 17th, 1787.  
The United States in Congress having directed the Commissioners of this Board, to take the most effectual measures, for settling the accounts of the secret and commercial Commissioners of Congress.

Notice is hereby given,

**T**HAT the accounts of the said Commissioners, having been arranged, as far as the materials furnished by the respective parties, will enable them to proceed in that business; it has become necessary, to adopt immediate measures for closing these transactions. All persons therefore, who have received public money from the general treasury, in pursuance of engagements entered into with the secret and commercial Committees of Congress, and who have not accounted for the same, are hereby required, to render and adjust their respective accounts within three months, computed from the present date; at the expiration of which time process will be commenced against such as neglect this notice.

SAMUEL OSGOOD, }  
WALTER LIVINGSTON, } Commissioners.  
ARTHUR LEE, }

## SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

June 5, 1787.

**R**AN away from the subscriber, living in Charles county, near Newport, on the 30th day of May last, a young negro man by the name of S.A.M., five feet eight or nine inches high, slender made, of a yellowish complexion, and rather a full countenance; had on and took with him an old grey country milled coat, trimmed with black, an old country wove jacket and breeches, a pair of yellow cotton overalls or trousers, two new olnabrig shirts, an old Irish linen ditto, and a flapped hat; formerly belonged to Mr. Gilbert Hamilton Smith, of Anne Arundel county, and may have probably directed his course to that neighbourhood, or, as he has been used to going by water, may attempt to pass for a free man and get on board some vessel. Whoever will apprehend him and lodge him (as in said bill) shall be entitled to the above reward, and to reasonable charges if brought home.

JOHN FARNHAM.

Baltimore, August 1, 1787.

## JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by

**RICHARD CURSON,**

A elegant assortment of Italian marble chimneys, pieces, slabs for hearths and tables; paving; squares of 18, 22 and 25 inches square; and marble mortar of all sizes with pebbles.

2

## Just Published, and to be SOLD

at the Printing-Office, Price 7/6,

## THE LAWS

Of April Session, 1787.

## ALSO

## The VOTES and PROCEEDING

2 Of BOTH HOUSES.

July 4, 1787.

By the PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the TOWMACK COMPANY.

**T**HE subscribers for shares in the said company are hereby informed that the further sum of pounds sterling on each share, is ordered by the board to be paid into the hands of the treasurer, on or before the fifteenth day of August next.

2 By order of the board,

JOHN POTTS, jun. sec.

Annapolis, August 9, 1787.

**A**T the particular request of many of the respectable inhabitants of this city, the subscriber proposes to open a circulating library on the first day of September next, on the following terms, viz. Every yearly subscriber to pay, at the time of subscribing, one guinea, half-yearly subscribers three dollars, quarterly twelve shillings and six-pence, and monthly one dollar, a single octavo volume one shilling, and duodecimo six-pence. Subscriptions for the above will be taken in at the subscriber's store in Church-Street, Annapolis, where may be had all sorts of stationery, paper, ware, jewelry, silver watches, pocket books, &c.

2 STEPHEN CLARK.

## SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

July 25, 1787.

**S**TRAYED or stolen, off commons near Annapolis, for time in June last, a bright sorrel mare with a white mane and tail, one half her mane hangs on the off side and the other on the near ditto, she is about hands high, was shod before, but perceivable brand, strong and bony, trots and gallops rough. Whoever takes up said mare, and brings her to Mr. John Welch's, innholder in Annapolis, shall receive the above reward, paid by

A. BROWN.

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**ORDERED.** That the clerk of this court do give notice, by advertising in the Maryland Gazette and Baltimore Journal, that such American masters of vessels, as may make voyages from the land, in the course of which they will cruise from Morocco, may apply to him, with copies of the United States of America, to the Emperor of Morocco, or of both parties may be known in law.

To be SOLD, on Saturday next, on the premises, if it following, or the next fair day, a dwelling plantation, deceased, formerly lived, acres, more or less. If he above to satisfy and pay the debts created.

**JAMES V.**  
All persons indebted to the late or otherwise, are desired to make on or before the day of fair, depend on having suits commenced in the county court, and all those who fail to do so, are requested to make before the day of sale, that they may be sold.

**NOTICE** is hereby given of the estate of the late James V. of Dorchester County, being his debts, to apply to the county court in October next, to the act of assembly, passed last 10th/13/1.

**NOTICE** is hereby given of the estate of the late James V. of Dorchester County, being his debts, to apply to the county court in October next, to the act of assembly, passed last 10th/13/1.

**Eighty Silver Dollars Half Joes R**

**FOR** apprehending and bringing away slaves, one a mulatto about 27 years of age, about well made, active, plausible fell right eye; took with him a crimson velvet cape, a red pig and cape, a deep blue cambiet in the sleeves, down the breast a pair of Russia drab overalls, a white do. a pair of pumps and buckles; it is probable he may be described, if he meets with any of the slaves, he has some money with him, a pistol or sword. The other **LUCY**, about 26 years of age, inches high, a remarkable large takes much pains in combing; gowns, one purple and white, a deep blue moreens petticoat, a variety of handkerchiefs and ruf two Irish linen do. a pair of high kid gloves and a pair of silk mitt kerkchief, trim'd with gauze, white, several white linen shifts, hempen robes petticoat, with feathers probably will exchange for it is likely they will pay for most red. To a certainty that as slaves that have been manum former soldier. If he is taken, taken to secure him properly, a in address and cunning; it is p vour to get on board some ve the bay or to the eastern shore under from home, I will give t low, and twenty shillings for six pounds and forty shillings for nine pounds and three for t twelve pounds and five for t seventeen pounds ten shillings the woman, and if 60 miles or ward, and all reasonable tr brought home to me in the upp del county in the state of Mary CHARLES ALEXAN

**SIX DOLLARS**  
**STRAYED** or stolen, a bay hand high, the has a small bla hard. Whoever secure her to the subscriber, shall rec 10th/13/1

**A STORE-HOUSE to be RENTED.**  
Inquire of the Printers.

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, Francis-Str

**SHERIFF'S SALES.**  
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, I will sell at public sale, on the 15th day of September next, at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

**ON** the petition of Nicholas Serlott, a prisoner in Charles county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 14th day of September is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

**ON** the petition of Samuel Purviance, of Baltimore county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 15th day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.

**ON** the petition of Samuel Purviance and Robert Purviance, of Baltimore county, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioners, that the 15th day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.

**ON** the petition of Charles Phillipshill, a prisoner in Worcester county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the fourteenth day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.

**ON** the petition of Josiah Blakely and Joseph West, of Baltimore county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioners, that the fifth day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered, that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette, and personally served on the attorney-general, and on the treasurer of the Western shore.

**ALL** persons who have open accounts with Mr. William Mollison, for dealings at any of his stores in this country, or are otherwise indebted to him for connexions in London, are requested to make speedy payment to the subscriber, at Nottingham, where he keeps the books in order to settle with every one, and wishes to collect the debts, to satisfy the claims in this country against Mr. Mollison. Those who do not speedily comply, must not blame me for consequences; the business will be put into lawyer's hands to compel payments.

**I** want to employ a young man, to collect debts, copy off accounts, &c. &c. Any one who comes recommended, well qualified, will meet with encouragement, by applying to

**Board of Treasury of the United States.**  
August 1, 1787.

**ON** the petition of Morgan Jones, a prisoner in Baltimore county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 14th day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.

**THE** subscriber being authorized to survey a lay off all the reserve lands in Maryland, to westward of Fort Cumberland, desires all who have obtained surveys and titles there, since 1763, to transmit him plain copies of the courses and dates of such surveys, that they may be surveyed, marked, and established. The very great advantage of surveying and establishing a general plot, the patent tracks in that back untied part of the state, to as never again to be in doubt of lots, will certainly be a sufficient inducement every proprietor of lands there to enclose me the copies immediately, with every direction they can give describing the situation, beginning, and who was first at the survey when made, or can show it. — A work will be begun in all August, at is necessary, the copies are immediately enclosed to me, recommended to the care of Mr. George Murdock, merchant, Frederick town, or Mr. Alexander Claggett, merchant, Hagar's town, who will forward them to me at Fort Cumberland.

**SIX DOLLARS REWARD.**  
Elk-Ridge, July 13, 1787.  
**R**AN away from the subscriber about the 20th of April last, a negro man named YORK, formerly the property of Thomas Watkins, ceased, he is about 6 feet high, yellow complexion, about forty years of age; had on when he was away, a mean apparel, such as negroes commonly wear; he is supposed to be about Queen-Anne's, always lived in that neighbourhood, till removed the above place last spring. Whoever will take up the negro, and secure him in any gaol, or to that he him again, shall receive the above reward, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges if brought home, by

**FIVE POUNDS REWARD.**  
July 13, 1787.  
**R**AN away from the subscriber on the first of instant, a negro man named GEORGE, a likely young fellow, about five feet high, of a dark complexion; had on and took with him a felt hat, one shaggy waistcoat, one pair of check trousers, and one cotton jacket. He was purchased of Mr. James Rigby, of Hagerstown in Calvert county, and it is probable he will endeavour to be harboured by the negroes of that neighbourhood, or endeavour to pass as a free man, and to get to Pennsylvania. Whoever will take up the negro, and secure him in any gaol, and give information to the subscriber, so that he may be had, shall be entitled to the above reward, paid by

**THE** subscriber intends to publish this spring, Concise System of Arithmetic, adapted to the use of the utility and execution of the work, hoped, will merit the approbation of an independent public. — Gentlemen willing to encourage the undertaking, may give in their names to the printer, in insertion.

**TAKEN** up by the subscriber, living at the farm of Patuxent, a small dark bay mare, about years old, branded on the near shoulder and hind H, and about twelve hands high. The owner is to come, prove his property, pay charges and take away.

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## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, August 23, 1787.

## TARAZONA, April 14.

NE of our coasting pilots being at the distance of two leagues from this port, encountered with a fish of an enormous size, which did some damage to his vessel; but having, by great perseverance and address, and the assistance of another vessel taken and secured it, they drew it ashore, where it excited infinite wonder, as it was supposed to be of the whale kind, no person could ascertain its species. It was 37 fathoms and an half in length, and 17 in circumference, in the thickest part; of the colour of an elephant; it had a most prodigious throat, sharp teeth and small eyes; it was supposed to weigh about 75000 lbs.

## M. A. D. R. I. D., April 16.

We should be tempted to believe, considering the conduct of the petty Barbary sovereigns, that they were able to make the whole universe tremble. If the Christians did not feed these pirates we should see them expire like some kind of voracious fishes that devour mortals whilst in their element, but which, when left dry on a sand bank, die very soon, and are no longer dreaded. The contrary of this has now happened; and it is scarce credible, yet it is true, that the dey of Algiers has had the audacity to send back to Spain, the count d'Espilly, on board of a Spanish vessel arrived at Alicante, and under the escort of 15 Algerines, in hopes that the king of Spain would inflict on the count the punishment which he, the dey, desired, for having abused his confidence. He accuses the Spanish minister, among other infidelities, with having substituted false stones for the diamonds, which his catholic majesty had sent him as a present. In his letter to the king, he says, "that if his regard for his majesty had not withheld him, he would on the spot have struck off the head of the said minister; but that he hoped his majesty would grant him a satisfaction proportionate to the offence." Must he not have the head of the count, and one hundred thousand sequins besides?

## LONDON, May 4.

Every mail from Virginia brings an account of the rapid progress of general Washington, in joining rivers, by intersecting canals, and deepening rivers upon regular sections, without locks. What are our British generals about? Writing plays. The universal attention now paid to commerce, by the different potentates of Europe, is a proof of the superior wisdom and policy of modern times. To turn swords into ploughshares, and set to work the loom and different manufactures, are measures of great utility, and must redound to national benefit. If proof of the immense advantages resulting from growing commerce were necessary, they might be easily enumerated; but the promotion of trade, which is the present object of the English, and other cabinets, renders such enumeration unnecessary.

May 19. It is currently reported at Barcelona, that the dey of Algiers has declared war against the emperor of Morocco; and that one of his cruisers has lately taken a Salice rover, after an obstinate resistance, and brought her into Algiers. It further says, the captain and crew were treated in a very cruel manner, because they did not strike immediately after the Algerine captain commanded them.

The dey of Algiers has demanded of the Neapolitan ambassador, for the release of the unhappy natives of that country, who are at present held in slavery by those insolent marauders, the enormous sum of 550 sequins for every sailor, and 600 for every soldier, exclusive of the expenses pretended to have been incurred by the proprietors of such slaves.

The troops of the grand signor and the empress are said to be in motion; but from what has been done by the one, or by the other, both might the more justly be termed, to stand still. The foreign mails are anxiously waited for, and read by many whom they peculiarly concern; but they contain nothing interesting with respect to the courts of Petersburg or of Constantinople. It is rumoured, indeed, but it wants confirmation, that the czar and many noblemen of his suite are dangerously ill.

His most christian majesty has issued an arret, that no person shall be promoted in the navy, but by the regular routine.

Since the month of November last, the French have sent no fewer than two thousand six hundred recruits, and near one hundred officers, in Dutch frigates, to the Cape, and to the island of Mauritius, and they have reinforced their fleet in India

with one fifty gun ship and three frigates, which sailed singly, the better to elude observation. These additions to the French force in India, joined to the known superiority of the Dutch navy in those seas, must make every man that feels the value of our Oriental possessions, tremble for the consequences.

Wednesday afternoon about two o'clock, as a gentleman was passing along Saffron Hill, he suddenly threw a considerable quantity of gold, &c. upon the pavement, and drawing a knife, stabbed himself several times in the breast; the money was picked up in a violent manner by several persons of various descriptions; he was immediately conveyed to St. Bartholomew's hospital, where he was left without hopes of recovery.

We hear from Port Glasgow, that a creditor having a diligence against his debtor there, got a poinding executed, and was carrying away the articles on a cart. Among other goods carried off, were three barrels of herrings. The execution of the poind was made in the debtor's absence, but he came home just after the cart had set off. His wife related what had happened; immediately he went out, and gave information to a custom house officer against the herrings. The revenue officer prosecuted the information, and seized the herrings for not being branded with the owner's name; also the horse and cart, for being made use of in removing them, which were accordingly condemned before the justices of peace.

May 24. It had been generally expected by the British merchants residing in, and trading to Russia, that a further prolongation of our treaty with that nation (which in its prolonged state expired on the 1st of April) would have taken place; but on the 16th ult. the English consul at Petersburg received a letter from Mr. Fitzherbert, the envoy extraordinary from Great Britain, and who is at present attending the empress on her journey to Cherson, that was immediately communicated to the British merchants; by which they were informed of the final termination of the treaty, with a total cessation of the privileges and advantages they had hitherto enjoyed; and that in future they were subject to the payment of customs, and all other mercantile duties, in the same manner as the least favoured nations who were not connected with Russia by bond of commercial treaty.

Life and conjectures have been formed upon this proceeding by our merchants at Petersburg; but it is generally attributed to the refusal on the part of the British cabinet, to accede to the principles of the armed neutrality.

Our merchants have likewise been further informed, that they are prohibited from exporting in British built vessels, any Russian articles of commerce for Britain—and the contrary; but that such commercial intercourse must in future be carried on only in Russian bottoms, built in Russia.

This interdiction among many others, will have one great inconvenience, that no insurance can be obtained upon merchandise transported in Russian built vessels, from the known inferiority of their timber and building. As this transaction will doubtless be felt in the most sensible manner, the result of its communication to the British cabinet, is most impatiently expected.

## Extract of a letter from Wellington, Somersetshire, May 24.

"This day, between 11 and 12 o'clock, there was a most violent storm of rain, attended with what some think a tornado, others a shock of an earthquake. It was, however, dreadful beyond description; I was standing at Mr. Horsey's shop door, with the door at my back, when there was such a dreadful sound, as I cannot express, it seemed like the explosion of a cannon, and at the time there fell a large shower of tiles, bricks and glass, far beyond my power to describe; houses unroofed, chimneys falling, &c. and the whole town in an uproar.

"The storm took its direction S.E. Thatch was carried more than a mile; our garden wall stripped, many lives miraculously preserved, among the rest Mr. Horsey's; a vast number of trees blown up by the roots. The standings in the market for the bankers, turned topsy turvy; carts, waggons, and chaises carried up into the air, and turned upside down; one in particular, at Mr. Butler's door, the white heart inn, was carried beyond Mr. Holmes's (about 40 or 50 yards distance) with the wheels upwards. I am, myself, so much indisposed from the night, I cannot add more at present."

June 6. From the Hugue we hear, that a request has been proposed to the states of Holland of a very serious nature—the principal article of which is—To suppress the stadtholder from his office, and that of

admiral general, and to keep from him his revenue! This was to be proposed in council yesterday se'night, the 25th of May.

Some persons from Kiow, who have arrived at Vienna, bring shocking accounts of the scarcity and consequent dearth of provisions and lodging. The empress is at immense expence wherever she goes. The fleet which conveys her majesty from Kiow to Cherson, consists of 700 ships of one kind or other. The ornaments of the galley, in which she is to go, amount to 200,000 rubles. The emperor left Lemberg on the 6th, and was to be at Cherson on the 14th of May. The Porte are disposed to keep up a good understanding with the Imperial courts, and this pacific disposition is attributed to the mediation of the French king.

## Extract of a letter from the Hague, June 1.

"The prince stadtholder has sent a letter to the states of Holland and West Frisland, setting forth in the strongest terms, that finding all his mildness and forbearance of no avail, and that not a few of misguided individuals alone had endeavoured to deprive him of his rights and privileges; but that such resolutions had been taken in Holland, and such proceedings countenanced and supported, that he could no longer tamely see himself and his house deprived of his hereditary rights, and therefore thinks it his duty to declare himself ready to use his utmost endeavours, in conjunction with the states of Guelderland and Utrecht, &c. to heal the breaches in the union and to re-establish peace, concord and confidence, in and between all the provinces of the republic in general, as well as between their regents and inhabitants of each in particular."

## MONTEGO BAY, (Jamaica), June 30.

A gentleman from the Windward Islands informs, that five sail of Spanish men of war were lately seen in the latitude of Barbadoes, standing to the westward; and, by their course, appeared to be bound to the Havanna.

On the 17th ult. about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the ship Two Sisters, belonging to Liverpool, having on board 500 slaves, from Bonny, bound to the Havanna, being between Porto Plata, and the Old Cape, about twelve leagues from the shore, had the misfortune to be overtaken by a heavy gale of wind, which, taking her on the broadside, turned her keel out, and her port holes being open, she went down almost instantaneously. The steward and five sailors having been fortunate enough to get into the small boat, they abandoned both the ship and the ship belonging to her, the latter of which was full of slaves and some of the crew, not having it in their power to render those on board the ship any assistance. Next day, being destitute of every necessary, they providentially fell in with a Spanish schooner; the captain of which very humanely took them all on board, and, on the 20th, put them into an American brig, bound to the Cape. It is supposed, the unhappy people on board the ship must all have perished.

We hear from Hispaniola, that, on the 23d of April, a severe shock of an earthquake was felt, between 8 and 9 o'clock in the morning, at Aux-Cayes, Port-au-Prince, and several parts of the island, which lasted for several minutes; but we do not hear of its having done any material damage.

The ship Enterprise, captain Wilson, from Africa to Kingston, with 500 slaves on board, consigned to Messrs. Hibberts and Co. being in a very leaky condition the whole of the middle passage, on Wednesday the 20th inst. the ship was obliged to be run ashore at Anotta-Bay, for the preservation of the lives of the crew and slaves, which was happily effected, but not without the loss of all their provisions.

## BOSTON, July 28.

## Extract of a letter from the state of Vermont, dated Windsor, June 18, 1787.

"Some measures lately taken by a number of our magistrates, in addition to the exhausted stores of their (the insurgents) friends, I believe will nearly free us of their company. In the course of a journey to the western and southern parts of the state, I was in two towns at the time the courts of common pleas were sitting.—I was pleased to find that the courts were particularly careful in their inquiries with respect to the political characters of such as applied for licence to keep taverns.—Having harboured your insurgents was a sufficient reason for refusing a licence."

## NEW YORK, August 11.

From the frequent murders committed on the people of Kentucky, Cumberland, and the unwary travellers to and from those countries, by the Creek



and Chickamaugie tribe of Indians, the state of Franklin has lately resolved to place a strong garrison at the mouth of Highwansee river, in order to give a check to the future progress of such a banditti of blood-hounds, who make it their business to live by their predatory excursions, and likewise to secure the great number of emigrants that are daily fetching on the frontiers of Franklin.

*Extract of a letter from a gentleman at the rapids of the Ohio, to his friend in Philadelphia, dated June 20.*

"The Indians are daily committing depredations in this quarter, and have killed several people in their habitations. Indeed we may say that they are actually in open war with us, and that to go in pursuit of them, would be as much in vain as, to use an old and common saying, to seek for a needle in a bundle of hay."

"Colonel Hammar and major Hamtramack, have just arrived here with three companies of the federal troops from the garrison at Miami; but their destination has not yet transpired."

A letter from Mr. Benjamin Pearson, at Norton, in Massachusetts, to his brother in Newbury-Port, dated June 29th, 1787, contains the following remarkable account, viz.

"Two or three men being at work in a field at Mansfield, were obliged by a shower to take shelter in an uninhabited house near by—While there, to their great surprise, they saw five or six white mice run from under the hearth and back again.—One of the men proposed taking up the hearth, upon doing which, they found an infant's bones and skull, together with a knife lying by the side of the bones, the handle almost rotten, the back very rusty, but the edge quite bright.—It is thought, from what information they have been able to obtain, that the murder was committed about thirty years ago.—Strange noises had been heard by a family which formerly lived in the house."

PHILADELPHIA, August 11.

We learn by the Mediator, captain Brougham, just arrived here from Cadiz, that there were three stout Algerine cruizers in that port repairing and fitting out for sea at the king of Spain's expence, and that they were expected to sail about the latter end of July, to cruise in the western ocean.

A late letter from Ireland, contains the pleasing intelligence that every thing was quiet and peaceable in that kingdom at the date of this communication. Even the white boys in the southern parts of the island, whose abominable riots and cruel excesses had spread an alarm all over the British dominions in Europe, were reposing in the bosom of profound tranquillity; which happy change for the better is principally ascribed to general lord Luttrell's distinguished humanity and prudent conduct, when he commanded the king's army employed to reduce those deluded insurgents to obedience; and it is infinitely to the honour of his lordship, that he appealed the dangerous tumults, which degraded his country, without blood shed.

WINCHESTER, (Virginia) July 25.

*Extract of a letter from Pittsburgh, dated June 25.*

"A number of Indians came to town a few days ago, and brought in two packets, one to be sent to congress, the other for the superintendent of Indian affairs: We understand the packet for the superintendent contains an account of a treaty held by eighteen different tribes of Indians last fall, the result of which was, that they say the treaties held between the thirteen fires and some of their chiefs, at Fort McIntosh and the Miami, were partial, and that the chiefs had no power to grant to the thirteen fires liberty to survey the land which is within their claim; they request a treaty may be held between them and the thirteen fires at some place more central to them than those which have already been held, that some measures may be pointed out to render the peace between them and the thirteen fires permanent; they forbid any surveyors or others for the present, to survey or lay off land within their claim, which extends all along the Ohio."

FREDERICKSBURG, August 2.

By a person lately arrived from Kentucky we learn, that about the 10th of June, a party of 150 volunteers, belonging to the Cumberland settlement, were secretly piloted by two Indians to one of the Chickamauga towns, which they immediately laid in ashes, and brought in 40 scalps, with the loss of only two men killed, and 3 or 4 wounded, by this successful expedition, we are informed, that every man shared 30l. in cash and plate, took 1000 deer skins, and fur to a very considerable amount.

FREDERICK TOWN, July 25.

A gentleman of veracity belonging to this place, just arrived from Kentucky, informs, that on the 4th ult. a party of Indians fired on a boat, loaded with furs, on its way down the Ohio, from Opoki, in which were ten men, seven of whom were killed; a boat at a considerable distance in the rear, came up some time after and found four of the dead bodies, in the boat, which had been evacuated by the survivors, and was then adrift; they however had saved the cargo and sunk the boat with the unfortunate slain not being able to forward her. It is uncertain what nation of savages perpetrated this deed, but we have too much reason to fear that those tribes are indiscriminately guilty, and that notwithstanding their declarations of peace, their hearts are hostile; of this we have had many pre-

nant proofs these forty years. At length our pacific measures will be explained as flowing from philosophy. O ye Americans, ye have, as it were, removed a mountain and now halt at a mole-hill.

ANNAPOLIS, August 23.

From the Norfolk and Portsmouth Journal.

Mr. Printer,

The following cures for that fatal disorder the FLUX, so rife in and about this borough, is offered to the public through the channel of your useful paper, in hopes their efficacious effects may be as fully experienced by those of my fellow-citizens labouring under that complaint, as have been to my knowledge by numbers in the northern states.

*Recipe 1st.* Take about three quarters of an ounce of the rind of the oldest cheese that can be got, scrape it very fine in a pint (or less) of new milk, which let be thickened with the best superfine flour to the consistence of what is generally termed mush, which let be the patients constant diet till they find the flux inclining to stop, then work it off with any gentle purge; should they desist taking the medicine too soon, and find the disorder returning, have recourse to it again, it will assuredly cure.

*Recipe 2d.* Take the inner bark of a white oak sapling or tree, of which make tea sweetened with best double refined loaf sugar, which let be the patient's constant drink; if it proves unpalatable, dry the bark before a slow fire, and reduce it to a fine powder; a small tea-spoonful of which may be taken in a glass of good Port wine, warmed, in the morning fasting, and in the evening, observing to work it off as in the first recipe.—This medicine is fully as efficacious as the other, and best suits those who, through a depraved appetite, cannot take the first medicine.

A CITIZEN.

Norfolk, July 23, 1787.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of October next, will be sent to the general post-office as dead letters.

SALLY ALLEN, Prince-George's county.

Elizabeth Bordley, William Booth, Annapolis; James Brown, Anne-Arundel county; Thomas Bural, Dorchester county; John Blair, Cambridge; Mary Bordley, Queen Anne's county; Walter Brooke, Charles county; Monsieur Boisnard, Accomack county.

John Callahan, John Thomas Clifton, John Cunningham, Annapolis; Jeremiah Colson, William Clayton, Queen Anne's county; Richard Carner, Saint Mary's county; Joseph Court, West-River; Thomas Crackels, Port-Tobacco; John Chamberlain, Prince-George's county.

John Davidson (2), Francis Dawson, Annapolis; Dr. James Doull, Patowmack; Joseph Donnison (3), Saint Mary's county; Rev. Mr. Doyn (2), Calvert county; Paggay Dennett, Princess-Anne county.

Daniel Fitzhugh, Annapolis; Peregrine Fitzhugh, Kent Island; William Ford, Queen-Anne's county; Ignatius Fenwick, Carrollburg; Rev. Colin Ferguson, Chester-town; Robert Fish, Saint Mary's county.

Andrew Garratty, Annapolis; Adam Gray, Queen-Anne's county; Samuel Galloway, Tulip-hill; Lewis Gae, Somerset county; Robert Goldsborough, Talbot county.

Francis Holuigue, Annapolis; William Hemfley, Queen-Anne's county; Henry Hagan, Charles county.

Thomas Johnson, Annapolis; James Jordan (2), Saint Mary's county; Mary Johnson, Calvert county.

John Kilty (3), Annapolis.

Thomas Linthead, Anne-Arundel county; Samuel Love (2), Salisbury; James Lyon, Lower-Marlborough.

George Mann, Legh Master, William Matthews, Annapolis; Levin Mackall, Patuxent; Dr. Walter Minto (2), Washington college; Ezekiah Magruder, Calvert county; Jacob Macceney, Pig-Point.

Abraham Nield, Little Choptank; James Norinan, Cambridge.

William Peat, Cambridge; Hugh Porter, Nanicoke-point.

John Rogers, Thomas Ridout (4), John Randal (3), Thomas Rutland, Henry Ridgely, Annapolis; Dr. Jacob Ringgold, Queen-Anne's county; Mr. Rouviere, Patuxent.

William Sampson, Robert Smith, Annapolis; William Stevens, and Co. Talbot county; John Stewart, Somerset county; Thomas Stanton, Caroline county; Thomas Sutton, Patuxent.

John Thompson, Annapolis; Ralph Thompson (2), Charles county; Bryon Taylor, Patuxent; Robert Toite, Richard Tighman, Queen-Anne's county.

Edward Vidler, Annapolis.

James Wallace, Cornelius West, John Willey, Annapolis; Joseph Wilkinson, Calvert county; Richard Waters, Anne-Arundel county; Roger Woolford, Little Choptank; Arnold Wilkins (2), Rev. Charles Whelan, Saint Mary's county.

Robert Young, Charles county; Notley Young (1), Maryland.

F. GREEN, D.P.M.

JUST PUBLISHED,

By F. GREEN, Annapolis, and SPOTSWOOD and CLARKE, bookellers, Baltimore.

The Columbian Magazine, for July, 1787, embellished with a perspective view of the state-house in Philadelphia.

The American Museum, for June and July, 1787. Anecdotes of the reign of Lewis XVI, present king of France, since and previous to his accession to the throne of his ancestor.

Adams's Defence of the Constitutions of Government of the United States of America.

PUBLIC SALE of SEVEN VALUABLE

TRACTS of LAND, adjourned from the

second to Friday the seventh of September next.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue

of an act of the last session of assembly, entitled

An act to empower Sarah Buchanan, executrix

of Archibald Buchanan, deceased, Alexander Cowen

Thomas Sim Lee, Dan. of St. Tho. Jennifer

Benjamin Nicholson, to sell and dispose of certain

TRACTS of LAND, for the purpose herein after

mentioned—the subscribers will sell at Timonium

the DWELLING PLANTATION of SARAH

BUCHANAN, on Friday the seventh day of Sep-

tember next, for FINAL SETTLEMENT CER-

TIFICATES, (which may be paid into the treas-

ury of the state, at two and a half for one) for the pur-

pose of discharging sundry judgments obtained by

the state of Maryland, against the heir at law of the

said Archibald Buchanan, deceased,—the following

TRACTS of LAND, lying and being in Baltimore

county, on the great road that leads from Bal-

more-town, to York town, and within eleven miles

of the former, called TAYLOR'S PALACE, WEST

FANCY and ROBINSON'S ADDITION—three tracts

adjoining, containing 240 acres, 50 of which are

already in excellent meadow, and 50 acres more

may be made at a small expence, with a fine stream

of water running through the whole, which is

sufficient to water every foot of it. Also

FOUR other TRACTS, lying near the aforemen-

tioned lands, each adjoining, called JACK'S DOVE

COVE PURCHASE, part of JACK'S DOVE COVE

PURCHASE, part of SULLY and STRAITS, containing

in the four tracts, 350 acres, upwards of 30 acres

in meadow, and more may be made at a small ex-

pence. The most part of these lands are bottom

remarkable for its fertility in producing all kinds

of grain, and three or four elegant situations in

country seats, that command an extensive inland

prospect—the whole well watered, and is part of

that well known and valuable estate, formerly called

BELLEFIELD. One third of the purchase money

to be paid the 10th day of September next, another

third on the 10th of March next, and the remain-

ing third on the tenth day of September, in the year

1788.

SARAH BUCHANAN, Executrix.

THOMAS SIM LEE.

DAN. of St. Tho. JENIFER.

ALEXANDER COWEN.

BENJAMIN NICHOLSON.

At the same time and place, will be offered for

SALE a variety of useful and elegant HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE, for CASH or FINAL SETTLEMENT.

SARAH BUCHANAN.

August 18, 1787.

August 25, 1787.

ON the petition of Peter Boswell, a prisoner in

the house of correction, praying the court to

grant him a writ of HABEAS CORPUS, notice is hereby given

to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day

of October next is appointed for a meeting of the

creditors, at the chancery-office, in the city of An-

napolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed

on that day, on their behalf, according to the direc-

tion of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice

be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD

10/13/1 Reg. Cur. Can.

August 20, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber

of Dorchester county, being unable to discharge

his debts, means to apply to the justices of Dorchester

county court, in October next, to liberate him agree-

able to the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed

last session of assembly.

10/13/1 JOSHUA MULLINEAUX.

Annapolis, August 25, 1787.

STOPT, on suspicion of being stolen, an

oak sloop, with a mainmast and jib, her stern has

been lately blanked and is neither tarred nor painted, she

has a black bottom; she was in possession of a person

who calls himself GEORGE ROBOSON, who says he

was skipper, and a man by the name of JOHN PEKRY

Roboson is an old offender, and Perry was discharged

from Baltimore gaol on the 20th of June last; they say

the sloop belongs to a Mr. Callahan, at the head of the

basin in Baltimore; there is a small batteau with the

sloop; there was on board the sloop a sack of wheat

and about half a barrel of flour, a neat new fowling

piece, one hide of tuffet leather, and some other trifling

articles. Whoever owns the sloop, or any of the above

articles, are requested to apply, prove property and

pay charges, to

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH.

August 16, 1787.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, in the upper

part of Anne-Arundel county, the 4th day of

August, two bright bay horses, about eight years old

shed all round, about fifteen hands high, switch tail

with stars in their foreheads, trot and gallop, not

branded. The owner is desired to come, prove prop-

erty, pay charges, and take them away.

10/13/1 JOHN WAYMAN.

Baltimore, August 2, 1787.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by

RICHARD CURSON,

An elegant assortment of Italian marble chim-

ney pieces; slabs for hearths and tables; paving fls

of 18, 24 and 36 inches square; and marble mortar

of all sizes with pedestals.

COMMITTED to

about twenty-one

Mr. John Brooks,

that he was under

in May last, for

a green short coat

which had pleased

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CA/HARIN

2 DAVID ST

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Of April

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August 15, 1787.  
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VEY HOWARD  
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August 20, 1787.  
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MULLINEAUX.  
August 15, 1787.  
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Perry was discharged  
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M GOLDSMITH.  
August 16, 1787.  
plantation, in the upper  
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about eight years old  
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JOHN WAYMAN.  
re, August 1, 1787.  
RTED,  
D by  
URSON,  
alian marble chimney  
d tables; paving 10  
and marble mortar

Annapolis, July 16, 1787.  
COMMITTED to my custody, negro HUGH,  
about twenty-one years of age, says he belongs  
to Mr. John Brooks, of Essex county, in Virginia,  
that he was under sentence of death, and broke  
out in May last, says he is a carpenter; has on an  
a green short coat, corduroy breeches, and a  
other hat plaid. The owner is requested to come,  
take him away, and pay charges, by the 29th of Sep  
tember next, otherwise, on that day he will be sold for  
the purpose of discharging his prison fees.

DAVID STEUART, Sheriff of  
Anne Arundel county.

### FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's county, Septem  
ber 20, 1786.

 RAN away from the subscriber,  
on the 4th of June, a negro  
man named CHARLES, twenty-  
five years of age, a short thick fel  
low, about five feet six inches high,  
has a short flat nose, a very bushy  
head of hair, thick lips, with a lump  
the upper one, he is a handy fellow, and works  
well at the whip-faw; had on when he went away his  
common working dress; I have reason to believe he  
has other cloaths with him, but cannot particularly  
describe them, therefore he probably may change his  
garment. As I purchased him of Noley Young, Elq;  
Patowmack, I apprehend he is lurking about in that  
neighbourhood. Whoever takes up and secures the  
said fellow, so that his master may get him again, shall  
receive if above ten miles from home thirty shillings, if  
at or of the county forty shillings, and if out of the state  
the above reward, including what the law allows,  
aid by

WILLIAM BOWIE, 3d.

## TO BE SOLD,

A healthy young Negro Wench,  
With a Male Child in arms. Inquire  
of the Printers. 12

St. Mary's county, Maryland, June 30, 1787.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Enoch Pen  
wick, late of St. Mary's county, state of Mary  
land, deceased, are desired to make immediate pay  
ment; and those having any demands, are requested to  
bring them in legally proved to the subscriber.

JOSEPH MILLARD, executor.

August 1, 1787.

ALL persons indebted to Thomas Hams, late of  
the city of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to  
make immediate payment, and those having claims are  
desired to bring them in, legally proved, by the first  
day of November, that they may be settled, by

THOMAS PYPPE, administrator.

August 16, 1787.

to be SOLD, on Saturday the 1st day of Septem  
ber next, on the premises, if fair, if not the Monday  
following, or the next fair day,

A dwelling plantation where Thomas Elliott,  
deceased, formerly lived, containing one hundred  
acres, more or less. The above land is exposed to sale  
to satisfy and pay the debts of Thomas Elliott, de  
ceased.

JAMES ELLIOTT, heir at law.

All persons indebted to the said estate by bond, note  
or otherwise, are desired to make immediate payment  
on or before the day of sale, otherwise they may de  
mand on having suits commenced against them to No  
vember court.—And all those having claims against  
the said estate, are requested to make them known on or  
before the day of sale, that they may be adjusted, by

DAVID STEUART, administrator.

ust Published, and to be SOLD,  
at the Printing-Office, Price 7/6.

## THE LAW Of April Session, 1787.

ALSO

The VOTES and PROCEEDINGS  
Of Both Houses.

July 4, 1787.

the PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the PA  
TOWMAC COMPANY.

THE subscribers for shares in the said company,  
are hereby informed, that the further sum of six  
pounds sterling on each share, is ordered by the board,  
to be paid into the hands of the treasurer, on or before  
the fifteenth day of August next.

By order of the board,

JOHN POTT, jun. sec.

Annapolis, August 9, 1787.

At the particular request of many of the respecta  
ble inhabitants of this city, the subscriber, pur  
poses to open a circulating library on the first day of  
September next, on the following terms, viz. Each  
early subscriber to pay, at the time of subscribing, one  
guinea, half yearly subscribers three dollars, quarter y  
10 shillings and six pence, and monthly one  
dollar, a single octavo volume one shilling, and duode  
cimo six pence. Subscriptions for the above will be  
taken in at the subscriber's Room in Church Street, An  
napolis, where may be had all sorts of stationery, plated  
ware, jewellery, silver watches, pocket books, &c. &c.

STEPHEN CLARK.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will  
be sold on the 30th day of August, at the plantation  
where Daniel Bridgal now lives, on the north side of  
Severn river,

FOUR negroes; one horse; three milch cows,  
and one calf; taken as the property of Daniel  
Bridgal, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due the state  
of Maryland.

DAVID STEUART, Sheriff,  
of Anne Arundel county.

August 15, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber,  
of Dorchester county, being unable to discharge  
his debts, means to apply to the justices of Dorchester  
county court in October next, to liberate him agreeable  
to the act of assembly, passed last session of assembly.

THOMAS M'KEEL.

August 15, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber,  
of Dorchester county, being unable to discharge  
his debts, means to apply to the justices of Dorchester  
county court in October next, to liberate him agreeable  
to the act of assembly, passed last session of assembly.

WILLIAM PRITCHETT.

August 8, 1787.

## Eighty Silver Dollars, or Ten Half Joes Reward,

FOR apprehending and bringing home, two run  
away slaves, one a mulatto man named DICK,  
about 27 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, a  
well made, active, plausible fellow, has a scar by his  
right eye; took with him a green cloth coat, with a  
crimson velvet cape, a red plush do. with blue cuffs  
and cape, a deep blue camblet jacket, with gold lace at  
the sleeves, down the breast and round the collar, a  
pair of Russia drab overalls, a white shirt, two omanbr  
do. a pair of pumps and buckles, with sundry other  
cloaths; it is probable he may change some of those de  
scribed, if he meets with any one inclinable to barter;  
he has some money with him, and probably has a gun,  
pistol or sword.—The other is a woman, named  
LUCY, about 26 years of age, about five feet two  
inches high, a remarkable large suit of wool, which she  
takes much pains in combing; had with her two calico  
gowns, one purple and white, the other red and white,  
a deep blue morseens petticoat, two white country cotton  
do. a striped do. and jacket, a black silk bonnet, a  
variety of handkerchiefs and ruffles, two lawn aprons,  
two Irish linen do. a pair of high heel shoes, a pair of  
kid gloves and a pair of silk mitts, a blue farfanet hand  
kerchief, trim'd with gauze, with white ribbon sew'd  
to it, several white linen shirts, omanbrigs for two do.  
hempen roller petticoat, with several other things that  
she probably will exchange for others if in her power;  
it is likely they will pass for man and wife, and it is al  
most reduced to a certainty that they have passes either  
as slaves that have been manumitted, or the fellow as a  
former soldier. If he is taken, much care ought to be  
taken to secure him properly, as few villains excel him  
in address and cunning; it is probable they will endea  
vour to get on board some vessel and go either down  
the bay or to the eastern shore; if taken 10 miles or  
under from home, I will give three pounds for the fel  
low, and twenty shillings for the woman, if 20 miles  
six pounds and forty shillings for the woman, if 30 miles  
nine pounds and three shillings for the woman, if 40 miles  
twelve pounds and five shillings for the woman, if 50 miles  
seventeen pounds ten shillings and twenty dollars for  
the woman, and if 60 miles or upwards the above re  
ward, and all reasonable travelling charges when  
brought home to me in the upper part of Anne Arundel  
county in the state of Maryland.

CHARLES ALEXANDER WARFIELD.

P. S. All captains and masters of vessels and others,  
are cautioned hereby from taking on board, or employ  
ing the said slaves.

C. A. W.

Annapolis, August 4, 1787.


### SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen, from Annapolis, on Sa  
turday 15th July, a bay mare, about fourteen  
hands high, she has a small blaze, and is remarkably  
hard. Whoever will secure the said mare, and restore  
her to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward.

SAMUEL RIDOUT.

### SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

June 5, 1787.

 RAN away from the subscriber,  
living in Charles county, near  
Newport on the 30th day of May  
last, a young negro man by the name  
of SAM, five feet eight or nine  
inches high, slender made, of a yel  
lowish complexion, and rather a billy  
countenance; had on and took with him an old par  
sons grey country milled coat, trimmed with black,  
an old country wove jacket and breeches, a pair of  
yellow cotton opera or trousers, two new omanbr  
shirts, an old Irish linen ditto, and a stopped hat; he  
formerly belonged to Mr. Gilber Hamilton Smith,  
of Anne Arundel county, and may have probably  
directed his course to that neighbourhood, or as he  
has been used to going by water, may attempt to pass  
for a free man and get on board some vessel. Who  
ever will apprehend him and lodge him safe in gaol  
shall be entitled to the above reward, and to reasonable  
charges if brought home.

JOHN PARNHAM.

Maryland, Charles county, July 23, 1787.

ON the 26th day of March last, was committed to  
me, as a runaway negro, BEN, the pro  
perty of major Samuel Bradford, near Frederickburg,  
Virginia, who has had early notice thereof.—I therefore  
give this public notice, that if the said negro is not  
released by his master, on or before the 15th day of  
August next, he will on that day be exposed to public  
sale, in Port Tobacco, for the discharge of fees.

FRANCIS WARE, Sheriff.

## Treasury of the United States.

MAY 14th, 1787.

THE commissioners of the board of treasury of the  
United States, give notice, That on the 1st day  
of September next, will be exposed to sale, at the place  
where the United States in Congress may hold their  
sessions—The following townships and lots of lands in  
the western territory, which were surveyed last year,  
under the direction of the geographer-general of the  
United States, viz.

### FIRST RANGE.

No. 1, containing 4,150 acres.

### SECOND RANGE.

No. 1, containing 1,325.

2, 5,414.

3, 8,598.

4, 21,239.

5, 23,040.

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90, 23,040.

The admirable quality of these lands, and the fa  
vourable climate in which they are situated, are too  
well known to need description. The conditions of  
sale are as follow, viz.

1st. The townships or fractional parts of townships  
throughout the different ranges, will be sold either en  
tire or in lots in alternate order; that is to say, where  
a township or fractional part of a township is sold en  
tire, the next will be sold in lots, agreeable to the or  
dinance of the 10th of May, 1785.

2d. The lands are not to be sold under a dollar per  
acre, payable in gold or silver, or any of the securities  
of the United States.

3d. The purchasers are to pay the charges of survey,  
which are to be estimated at thirty-six dollars in specie,  
or certificates as aforesaid for every township; and in  
the same proportion for fractional parts of townships  
or lots; this payment to be made at the sale, and in  
case of failure, the lands to be again exposed to public  
auction.

4th. One third of the purchase money is to be paid  
at the time of purchase; and the remaining two thirds  
in three months after the date of the sale; on which  
payment a certificate shall be given by the treasurer of  
the United States, which shall entitle the person to  
whom the same is given to receive from the commis  
sioners of this board a proper title; provided, that if  
the second payment is not made at the time above spe  
cified, the first payment is to be forfeited, and the land  
on which the forfeit accrued be again set up for sale.

5th. The plots of the townships will be marked by  
subdivisions into lots of one mile square or 640 a res;  
and numbered from 1 to 36; and out of each township  
Lot No. 8, 11, 26, and 29, are to be reserved for fu  
ture sale; Lot No 16 for the maintenance of public  
schools within the respective townships, and out of  
every fractional part of a township, as many lots of the  
same number as shall be found therein. There will  
also be reserved to the United States, one third part of  
all gold and silver, lead and copper mines.

Proper maps and descriptions of the lands will be  
exhibited at the time and place of sale, and the sales  
will continue from day to day until the whole are  
sold.

SAMUEL OSGOOD,  
WALTER LIVINGSTON, } Commissioners.  
ARTHUR LEE,

Montgomery county, July 26, 1787.

THE subscriber being authorized to survey and  
lay off all the reserve lands in Maryland, to the  
westward of Fort Cumberland, desires all who have ob  
tained surveys and titles there, since 1765, to transmit  
him plain copies of the courses and dates of such sur  
veys, that they may be surveyed, marked, and establi  
shed.—The very great advantage of surveying and fixing  
by a general plot, the vacant tracts in that back uncer  
tain part of the state, so as never again to be in doubt  
of lots, will certainly be a sufficient inducement for  
every proprietor of lands there to enclose me their  
copies immediately, with every direction they can give,  
describing the situation, beginning, and who was pre  
sent at the survey when made, or can show it.—As the  
work will be begun in all August, it is necessary that  
the copies are immediately enclosed to me, recommend  
ed to the care of Mr. George Murdock, merchant in  
Frederick town, or Mr. Alexander Clagett, merchant  
Hager's town, who will forward them to me at Fort  
Cumberland.

FRANCIS DEAKINS.

Charles county, June 16, 1787.

THE subscriber intends to publish this spring, A  
Concise System of Arithmetic, adapted to busi  
ness—the utility and execution of the work, it is  
hoped, will merit the approbation of an indulgent  
public.—Gentlemen willing to encourage the under  
taking may give in their names to the printers for  
insertion.

JONATHAN ANDERSON.







# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1787.

COCHIN, (East-Indies) September 26.

TIPPOO, with a large army, is in the environs of Ademy, making the necessary arrangements for his ensuing campaign; when it is to be expected he will be busily engaged, as he will have to contend with a force, which, in point of numbers, is very far superior to his own.—The approaching moment will be the most important of his life, as every thing, liberty, kingdom, life, all depend upon the event of it; it is then very natural to imagine, that his situation of mind must be painfully agitated, and full of anxiety. He is constantly engaged in forming plans, and disciplining his troops, many of whom are disaffected, and it is supposed, they will either be neuter in action, or go over to the enemy. The circumstance is well known to Tipoo, and must add considerably to his uneasiness; he is using every means towards conciliation; but such is the genius of the people with whom he has to deal, that inveteracy or discontent once entertained, is hardly ever to be eradicated, and no confidence can be placed in them, although they may make the most solemn protestations to that effect.

The confederate armies in the Dekkan are encamped near the fort of Dharwar, and in the neighbourhood of Tipoo's army, with whom they had several desperate and bloody engagements. The Marhattas have not suffered very considerably in these attacks; but reinforcements granted them by the Nabob Nizam Ali Khan, is reduced to nearly one half of its original strength. The loss sustained by Tipoo is impossible to form any estimate of, from the profound secrecy which envelope every transaction of that politic chieftain, whose strength, whose resources, and whose plans are known only to himself. But the Marhatta commander in that quarter, has calamities of another nature to struggle with arising from the difficulty of procuring forage in a country exhausted by war, and for an army to regularly paid.

LONDON, April 20.

Some days ago Mr. Cowper, on his road to lord Oxford's, was followed and secured by some people in Barton's mill, who took him on suspicion that he was the noted Barrington, from the extraordinary length of his fingers. Mr. Cowper humoured the thing till he was carried to lord Oxford's, at which place the matter was set right, and the countryman who secured him, was informed that he had mistaken his man, that the gentleman was a lawyer, &c. &c. "A lawyer!" said the disappointed rustic "Aye, I thought those long fingers were not given him for nothing."

May 30. We learn from Copenhagen, that on the 24th of April, one quarter of the township of Christians was destroyed by fire; the loss is estimated at 102,000 rix dollars.

We hear from Toulon, that the chevalier Fabry, who commanded one of the frigates on the Levant station lately, ordered one of his officers to give the 25 lathes to a seaman: which the officer having refused doing, Mr. Fabry took and tied him to a cannon, and flogged him. Sensible of this despotic treatment, the officer waited until the evening with a determination of revenge, when loading his pocket with balls, approached the captain, and embraced him strongly, precipitated them into the sea, where they were both drowned.

A detachment of 20 hussars, and 10 chaffeurs under the conduct of count Wittzenstein, marched from Utrecht on the 14th instant, in order to oppose the provincial corps; and he had not proceeded far before he was met by a piquet of the cavalry of Thuy, who received him with a discharge of muskets. This was immediately, on the part of the count, returned. A battle ensued, in which the detachment from Utrecht was superior. A reinforcement of eighty men came to the assistance of the cavalry of Thuy; which occasioned the count Wittzenstein to leave off the pursuit of the piquet, put to flight, and to place his forces in regular order. After several evolutions, a general conflict commenced, which the valour of the patriotic count decided in his first onset. At the second, Wittzenstein, some what apprehensive of success, sent to the city for a supply, but before colonel Borch and major During came up with him, the honour of the day was gained.

When Quin was in the last stage of illness, and was with difficulty able to crawl along the parade at Bath, a pett young officer joined him, and after dancing round him, and showing other tokens of activity, "these, Mr. Quin, say, he, what would you give to do as I do?" "Young gentleman," re-

turned the veteran, I would give a great deal I could be content to be as foolish as you are."

Extract of a letter from the Hague, May 16.

"The state of Holland passed a resolution last Thursday, similar to that of the states general. It contains in substance, 'that in order to remove the difficulties started by some officers, to hold themselves dispensed from the oath taken by them at the general assembly, their noble great mightinesses think, like the states general, respecting the question about the march of the troops of one province into another, without the consent of the states of the province into which they are to enter; but that, by the offensive attack of one province into another, these hostilities must be deemed to break the bands of the confederation; that therefore, as the case exists, these officers must be asked, if they are not of the same opinion, in that respect, as the states themselves; and that if they hesitate to explain themselves, they must be suspected from the service an interim, though their noble and great mightinesses do not mean thereby to prejudice their rights in their further disposal of them, as they shall think fit.'

"These circulated here a letter from the prince of Orange, to M. Fagel, secretary to their high mightinesses, in which his serene highness contradicts the news contained in several gazettes, that seventeen couriers had been dispatched in one and the same day, from Nimeguen, to all the regiments that are in the provinces of Gueldres and Utrecht, to hold themselves in readiness to march. The prince requests of M. Fagel to acquaint their high mightinesses with the falsity of these reports. His highness adds, that he did not think he ought to write to the states general, concerning an apocryphal accusation."

Extract of a letter from Marseilles, May 14.

"A countryman of St. Zanhary came hither last week to sell productions of his garden, as he does every market day. After having sold all he had brought, he counted his money [fourteen crowns] and put in his pocket. A sharper took notice of the jingling purse, and soon after had address enough to slich it from him. Just as he was ranging his baskets, he perceived he was robbed of his money, (perhaps the whole support of his family), and in a fit of despair, after the most lamentable cries, drew his knife with an intent to stab himself. The women who were about him, took hold of his hands, and throwing themselves around his neck, had power enough to disarm him.—Jane Paschal, a gardener's wife, without speaking a word to the other women, or asking him a single question, put into his hands a little bag with 14 crowns in it. The man was as thankful as if he had received new life; and the other market women, seeing and admiring the generous action contributed so much a head, and having made up the above sum, insisted on Jane Paschal's receiving it.—When we consider how vast a sum fourteen crowns make in this part of the country, we cannot help contemplating with pleasure the noble heart of the gardener's wife."

BOSTON, August 7.

The capacity and extensive genius of the Americans, says a correspondent, in no instance appear more striking, than in their knowledge and approved skill in architecture. It was more than sixty years ago, and several times since, when plans were formed, and attempts made, to build a bridge across Charles river; but the design, at every period, failed its success, and left to the succeeding generation a work, which to them seemed impracticable, and which the sons of our venerable forefathers were to have the glory of completing. We now behold, reared on the waters of Charles's meandering flood, a structure, which, for elegance and magnitude, is scarcely excelled by any work of the kind in the world, and will perhaps only be equalled by another, which our ingenious artists are now throwing across the Mistic, rendered memorable by the first regular and bloody battle, fought on its banks after the commencement of the late war. This last work, which consists of a bridge supported by near one hundred piers, at the distance of twenty feet, is conducted by captain Lemuel Cox, whose ingenuity was apparent in the construction of the draw for the bridge across Charles river.

The great progress which is making towards the completion of this bridge, is really surprising, and shows that no undertaking to be deferred or neglected, by Americans, from an apprehension, that its stupendous dimensions are greater than can be encircled. Already, we are assured, near two thirds of the piers are sunken, and that the work will be completed by the beginning of November next,

ready to receive the passing traveller, and to be traversed by every astonished beholder.

A vessel, which arrived in this port last Sunday, from the Cape de Verd, brings accounts of an East-Indiaman, belonging to the English East-India company, having been cast away, and entirely lost, on the rocks near those islands. The particulars of this sad disaster we have not yet been able to collect. A number of the unfortunate crew have arrived in the above vessel.

MASSACHUSETTS BANK.

FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD, Will be paid by the president and directors of the Massachusetts bank, to any person or persons who shall apprehend and secure, so that he may be brought to justice, lieutenant-colonel Joshua Farrington, charged on the oaths of Robert Davis, Esq; John May, Esq; Mr. William Smith and Mr. Jeremiah Williams, of forging and counterfeiting their several names, as promoters and indorsers of sundry promissory notes, which were by the said Joshua Farrington presented for discount at the Massachusetts bank. The said Joshua Farrington has for many years past kept a large West-India store at the south part of the town of Boston; is about 38 years old; a small thin man, of about five feet seven inches high, wears his own hair, which is black, turning gray, short on the sides, and beaver'd on the forehead, with a short queue behind; low broad forehead, a long nose, large dark eyes, thin visage, very dark complexion, and somewhat pitted with the small-pox; has a scar on the left cheek, occasioned by an ulcer tooth, and is somewhat round shouldered. He absconded from Boston on Saturday morning, the fourth instant.

P. S. The said Joshua Farrington, when he absconded from Boston, rode a large dun horse, 15 and an half hands high, a white streak half down his face, a dark streak down his back, interferes in his fore feet, and is a little wind-galded in his hind feet.

\* \* The printers throughout the States are requested to insert the above in their newspapers respectively, that the offender may be arrested and brought to justice.

August 11. A letter from Vermont says, "General Shays has given out, that he intends returning to his seat in Pelham the ensuing fall—let what will be the consequence."

To the many instances of enterprise for which our countrymen are celebrated, we feel a pleasure in adding one new undertaking in this town, of a voyage to Kamtschatka, in Asia.—The vessel fitting therefor, which we are told, will be ready in about 6 weeks, are to be commanded by captain John Headrick.—That no adverse gales may attend these gallant circumnavigators, but that the success of the voyage may be equal to the most sanguine expectations formed from it, is our hearty wish, as it must be that of every friend to enterprise and commerce.

The coinage of federal CENTS, (coppers) at New-York, we are told, is carrying on, and we may expect soon to see them in circulation among us.—These will free us from the impositions to which we are now exposed from the floods of light, half coined British half-pence introduced among us—and as, from the excellent monitorial caution, "MIND YOUR BUSINESS," intimated on each of these, they may prove an antidote to insurgency, they will doubtless be held in high estimation.

NEW-YORK, August 10.

It is with much pleasure we acquaint the public, that on Tuesday last night the commissioners on the part of this state and the commonwealth of Massachusetts, together with the gentlemen appointed by the United States in congress assembled, for marking out and running the line of jurisdiction between this state and the said commonwealth, (having previously determined on the variation of the magnetic needle, since the running of the old line in 1773) entered on the business of their appointment; which from the good understanding subsisting between the commissioners, &c. and the great progress already made, it is expected, will be very soon completed.

Extract of a letter from London, June 1.

"Did you ever hear of the extraordinary woman who died lately at Canada? She was twenty years without any evacuation, except a little perspiration at the stomach; received no sustenance but one glass of wine in twenty-four hours, which was poured down her throat—all parts literally dead, except the stomach, and dried like a bone—some vegetation-like moss grew on her forehead—her mouth always open; the inside of which was black as jet—



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**PUBLIC SALE OF SEVEN VALUABLE TRACTS OF LAND,** adjourned from the second to Friday the seventh of September next. **NOTICE** is hereby given, that by virtue of an act of the last session of assembly, entitled, "an act to empower Sarah Buchanan, executrix of Archibald Buchanan, deceased, Alexander Cowen, James Sim Lee, Esq. of St. Tho. lander and Benjamin Nicholson, to sell and dispose of certain TRACTS OF LAND, for the purpose herein after mentioned—the subscribers will sell at Timonium, a DWELLING PLANTATION of SARAH BUCHANAN, on Friday the seventh day of September next, for FINAL SETTLEMENT CERTIFICATES, (which may be paid into the treasury of the state, at two and a half for one) for the purpose of discharging sundry judgments obtained by the state of Maryland, against the heir at law of the said Archibald Buchanan, deceased,—the following TRACTS OF LAND, lying and being in Baltimore county, on the great road that leads from Baltimore town, to York town, and within eleven miles of the former, called TAYLOR'S PALACE, WELSH'S ANCY and ROBINSON'S ADDITION—three tracts adjoining, containing 240 acres, 50 of which are ready in excellent meadow, and 50 acres more may be made at a small expense, with a fine stream of water running through the whole, which is sufficient to water every foot of it. Also, FOUR other TRACTS, lying near the aforementioned lands, each adjoining, called JACK'S DOUBLE PURCHASE, part of JACK'S DOUBLE PURCHASE, part of SULLIVAN and STRAITS, containing the four tracts, 350 acres, upwards of 30 acres in meadow, and more may be made at a small expense. The most part of these lands are bottom, remarkable for its fertility in producing all kinds of grain, and three or four elegant situations for country seats, that command an extensive inland prospect—the whole well watered, and is part of that well known and valuable estate, formerly called GELLENFIELD. One third of the purchase money to be paid the 10th day of September next, another third on the 10th of March next, and the remaining third on the tenth day of September, in the year 1788.

SARAH BUCHANAN, Executrix  
THOMAS SIM LEE,  
DAN. of St. Tho. JENIFER,  
ALEXANDER COWEN,  
BENJAMIN NICHOLSON.

At the same time and place, will be offered for SALE a variety of useful and elegant HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, for CASH or FINAL SETTLEMENTS.  
SARAH BUCHANAN.

August 18, 1787.

August 22, 1787.

ON the petition of Peter Boswell, a prisoner in Charles county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, "an act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day of October next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery-office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.  
Reg. Cur. Can.

August 20, 1787.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Dorchester county, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Dorchester county court, in October next, to liberate him agreeable to the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed last session of assembly.

JOSHUA MULLINEAUX.

Annapolis, August 25, 1787.

**STOPP**, on suspicion of being stolen, an old sloop, with a mainmast and jib, her stern has been lately blanked and is neither tarred nor painted, she has a black bottom; she was in possession of a person who calls himself GEORGE ROBSON, who says he was skipper, and a man by the name of JOHN PERRY, Robson is an old offender, and Perry was discharged from Baltimore gaol on the 20th of June last; they say the sloop belongs to a Mr. Callahan, at the head of the basin in Baltimore; there is a small barrack with the sloop, there was on board the sloop a sack of wheat and about half a barrel of flour, a neat new fowling piece, one hide of tuffet leather, and some other trifling articles. Whoever owns the sloop, or any of the above articles, are requested to apply to the subscriber and pay charges, to

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH.

August 16, 1787.

**CAME** to the subscriber's plantation, in the upper part of Anne-Arundel county, the 4th day of August, two bright bay horses, about eight years old, blood all round, about fifteen hands high, switch tails, with stars in their foreheads, trot and gallop, not branded. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

JOHN WAYMAN.

Baltimore, August 1, 1787.

**JUST IMPORTED,**  
And to be SOLD by  
RICHARD CURSON.

**A**N elegant assortment of Italian marble chimney pieces, slabs for hearths and tables; paving flags of 12, 18 and 24 inches square; and marble mortars of all sizes with pestles.

## Treasury of the United States,

MAY 14th, 1787.

**THE** commissioners of the board of treasury of the United States, give notice, That on the 21st day of September next, will be exposed to sale, at the place where the United States in Congress may hold their sessions—The following townships and lots of lands in the western territory, which were surveyed last year, under the direction of the geographer-general of the United States, viz.

### FIRST RANGE.

No. 1, containing 4,330 acres.

### SECOND RANGE.

No. 1, containing 1,386.

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July 28, 1787.  
ON the petition of Nicholas Serlotti, a prisoner in Charles county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 14th day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery-office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

July 27, 1787.  
ON the petition of Samuel Purviance, of Baltimore county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 15th day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery-office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

July 31, 1787.  
ON the petition of Samuel Purviance and Robert Purviance, of Baltimore county, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioners, that the 15th day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery-office in the city of Annapolis and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

July 24, 1787.  
ON the petition of Charles Philliphill, a prisoner in Worcester county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the fourteenth day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser and in the Maryland Gazette.  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

August 6, 1787.  
ON the petition of Morgan Jones, a prisoner in Baltimore county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 24th day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

July 28, 1787.  
ON the petition of Thomas Woodward, of Baltimore county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twelfth day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees, will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal, and Baltimore Advertiser.  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

July 12, 1787.  
ALL persons who have open accounts with Mr. William Mollen, for dealings at any of his stores in this country, or are otherwise indebted to him for connections in London, are requested to make speedy payment to the subscriber, at Nottingham, where he keeps the books in order to settle with every one, and wishes to collect the debts, to satisfy the claims in this country against Mr. Mollen. Those who do not speedily comply, must not blame me for consequences; the business will be put into lawyer's hands to compel payments.  
I want to employ a young man, to collect debts, copy off accounts, &c. &c. Any one who comes recommended, well qualified, will meet with encouragement, by applying to  
THOMAS CONTEE.

Prince-George's county, July 28, 1787.  
To be RENTED this fall.  
THE plantation whereon I now dwell. Also negroes to be hired. The terms will be made known by applying to Mr. Benjamin Hall.  
MARGARET MURDOCK.

July 23, 1787.  
ON the petition of George Sibbald, of Prince-George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the tenth day of September next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal, and Baltimore Advertiser, and in the Maryland Gazette.  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

July 14, 1787.  
THIS is to give notice to all whom it may or shall concern, that I was possessed of 100 acres of land, Part of Rebecca's Lot, lying in Anne-Arundel county, which said 100 acres I sold to Benjamin Hood, on or about the 21st day of October, in the year 1773, and gave bond for the conveyance of my right to the same to the said Hood, on his paying the purchase money with the accruing interest, and took the said Hood's bond for the money; that the said Hood afterwards sold his right to Rhea Todd, not having paid me for the land, and so informing the said Todd; that the said Todd afterwards sold the said land to Peter Bond, who was at the time of his purchase informed by the said Hood, that I had not been paid for the land, when I sold the land to Hood. I gave him possession, but I have since regained possession, and mean to keep it until I am paid what is due to me on Hood's bond.  
W. S. REZIN HAMMOND.

### Board of Treasury of the United States,

May 27th, 1787.  
The United States in Congress having directed the Commissioners of this Board, to take the most effectual measures, for settling the accounts of the secret and commercial Committees of Congress.

Notice is hereby given,  
THAT the accounts of the said Committees, having been arranged, as far as the materials furnished by the respective parties, will enable them to proceed in that business; it has become necessary, to adopt immediate measures for closing these transactions. All persons therefore, who have received public money from the general treasury, in pursuance of engagements entered into with the secret and commercial Committees of Congress, and who have not accounted for the same, are hereby required, to render and adjust their respective accounts within three months, computed from the present date; at the expiration of which time, process will be commenced against such as neglect this notice.  
SAMUEL OSGOOD,  
WALTER LIVINGSTON, } Commissioners.  
ARTHUR LEE, }

Leonard-town, Saint Mary's county, July 14, 1787.  
THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber intends to petition the next county court, to take the benefit of an act lately passed, for the relief of insolvent debtors.  
ROGER CLARKE.

### ANNAPOLIS RACES. OCTOBER MEETING.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE OF ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, will be run for at Annapolis, on Thursday, the 18th of October next, upon the usual terms. The horses to start precisely at eleven o'clock. The stewards of the Club find themselves once more under the necessity of calling upon the members who are in arrears, to pay up their subscriptions before the ensuing races, otherwise they must expect to have their names published, agreeably to a resolution passed in October last.

The secretary will attend, the evening preceding the race, at Mr. Mann's, to receive the subscriptions for the present year, which he hopes will be discharged in guineas to save trouble.  
N. B. The Club will meet, the day of the race, at Mann's, at one o'clock.

### THREE POUNDS REWARD.

August 7, 1787.  
RAN away, on the 10th of April, from the subscriber, living on the main road leading from Annapolis to the lower ferry of Patapsco, a negro woman, named JOAN, or some times calls herself JENNY, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, thirty five or forty years of age, has lost the sight of her right eye, and very gray on the forehead; had on and took with her, a linsley woolsey petticoat and jacket, with coarse shoes and yarn stockings. Whoever takes up the said negro woman and secures her, so that I get her again, shall receive, if in the county, twenty shillings, if out of the county, forty shillings, and if out of the state, the above reward, and reasonable charges paid, by me  
JOHN BRYAN.  
N. B. This is to forewarn all persons from harbouring or concealing the above negro. She has been seen in Montgomery county with Mr. Lansdale, her former master, or with Richard Scot, whom I bought her of, on Elkridge.

Chaptin, St. Mary's county, July 7, 1787.  
HEREBY a connection in business has been carried on by us, the subscribers, under the firm of John Briscoe and company, which business was conducted by John Briscoe, this is to give notice, that the said partnership is now dissolved, and that about any person or persons have any demands thereon, they are desired to make them known, and those who are any ways indebted, are requested to make immediate payment to the said John Briscoe.  
JOHN BRISCOE,  
ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL.

Annapolis, May 29, 1787.  
JUST IMPORTED,  
In the Britannia Yacht, captain Hunter, from London, and to be SOLD, on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produce, by  
JOHN PETTY, and Co.

At their Stores in Annapolis and Port-Tobacco  
A LARGE and general assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the present season. Also a quantity of Porter, Dorchester Ale, Sherry, very Mountain, and Ports Wine, in bottles. They are likewise for sale, a complete iron Crane, made to purchase two tons, well calculated for a public wharf or warehouse.

Annapolis, July 24, 1787.  
THE subscribers observing that little attention was paid to a former advertisement of theirs, and being anxious to pay what balances are against them, make this second application to their customers for settlement, which is expected will be complied with, and a discharge of their respective balances, complete previous to, or by the first of September next. Those who have favoured the subscribers with their custom, cannot but admit, that the articles they have dealt in, do deal in, are cash articles, or cannot be procured on a very short credit; therefore they hope that this request may be thought reasonable, and that attention be paid to it, which will enable them to complete what they are desirous of doing, discharging their balances, and carrying on their business in a manner more to their satisfaction, and probably to those who honour them with their custom.

MAYBURY and SMITH.

April 16, 1787.  
RAN away last night, from the subscriber, living in Charles county, a negro man named ALLEY, a tall slender made fellow, about six feet and an inch high, aged about 35 years, he is not country born, speaks bad English so that it can be hardly understood; had on when he went away a white farnought jacket, a pair of white nap cotton breeches and of snagbirt shirt, and has taken with him many other cloaths, which I cannot describe, as he is remarkably fond of dress. Also went away at the same time, a negro woman named NELL, aged about five years, she is a low stout wench. Also took with her two horses, one a light grey, about fourteen hands and an inch high, branded on the near buttock with other a dark bay, about fourteen hands high, and a small crop on the end of one of his ears. Whoever takes up the said negroes and horses shall receive for each of the horses, two dollars if brought home, and eight dollars for each negro, paid by the subscriber.  
WILLIAM M. WILKINSON.

### Final Settlements for Sale.

ANY gentleman that wants to purchase Final Settlements of any kind, may be supplied on reasonable terms. Credit will be given on approved security. Letters addressed to the subscriber, at Philadelphia, will be duly attended to.  
HUGH PATTON.

### JUST ARRIVED.

Annapolis, July 13, 1787.  
In the SCHOONER CHARLOTTE From ST. EUSTATIA,  
A QUANTITY of old rum, spirit, molasses, do sugar, to be disposed of by wholesale, or retail, on reasonable terms, by the subscriber, who is likewise for sale, a few quarter casks of old Madeira wine, and old London port wine in casks.  
JAMES WILLIAMS.

Fredericksburg, (Virginia), July 29, 1787.  
TAKEN up and committed to the prison in Fredericksburg, a negro man named TOM, who by that he belongs to Dennyard Tipton, of Dorchester county, Maryland, and has been absent about a year. His master requested to pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold as the law directs.  
WILLIAM JENKINS.

### A STORE-HOUSE to be RENTED.

Inquire of the Printers.