

**The Salisbury Advertiser.**  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,  
AT SALISBURY, MD.  
One Copy, one year, in advance . . . \$1.00  
Not paid in 60 days, 1.50  
Single copies five cents.  
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inserted one time for \$1.00,  
and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.  
Bills for advertisements due after first insertion.  
Jas. E. HUSTON, Editor and Proprietor,  
discharges at the office of the Advertiser.

**Professional Cards.**

**HUSTON HUMPHREYS,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend strictly to all business entrusted  
to his care. Office over the store of A. G.  
Fendley & Co., Main Street.

**EMUEL MALONE,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend strictly to all legal business  
entrusted to him, and to the sale of Real Estate.  
G. F. HOLLAND, G. W. COOPER

**HOLLAND & COOPER,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Practice in the Courts of Maryland and Del-  
aware.

**J. HOPKINS TARR,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will practice in the Courts of Somerset, Wil-  
combe, and Worcester Counties.

**JAMES R. ELLGOOD,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend promptly to all business entrusted  
to his care.

**ISAAC D. JONES,**  
Attorney-General of Maryland,  
Office over Chesapeake Bank,  
Corner North and Fayette Streets,  
BALTIMORE.

Practices in the Courts of Baltimore, in  
the Court of Appeals, and in the Supreme  
Court of the United States.

**D. R. S. BELL,**  
Graduate of "Balt. College of Dental Sur-  
gery."

**DENTIST,**  
SALISBURY, MD.

**HOTELS.**  
**PENINSULAR HOUSE,**  
MAIN STREET, SALISBURY, MD.  
**J. TRACY, Proprietor.**

**A. J. MCCOLLEY,**  
WITH

**Jos. S. Bennett & Co.,**  
[Successors to Stretch, Bennett & Co.]

**Wholesale Druggists,**

No. 609 Market Street,  
PHILADELPHIA.

June 18-19

**Wicomico & Pocomoke**

**RAIL ROAD.**

On and after Monday, May 4th, daily Passenger  
and Freight trains will run on the Wi-  
comico and Pocomoke Rail Road as follows:

LEAVE ARRIVE AT  
Baltimore at 8:30 A.M. Salisbury, 10:00 A.M.  
Salisbury, 3:40 P.M. Baltimore, 5:15 P.M.

The trains for Salisbury will stop at St. Mar-  
tin's, Wicomico and Pocomoke, making con-  
nection at Salisbury with the Philadelphia and  
Baltimore Mail Train.

Will leave Salisbury for Baltimore and inter-  
mediate points immediately after the arrival of  
the down Mail Train. H. R. PITT, Pres.

**DELAWARE MUTUAL**

Life Insurance Co.,  
OF WILMINGTON, DEL.

**JOHN P. McLEER, President.**  
M. M. CHILDS, Secretary.

**BRANCH OFFICE:**  
N. W. Cor. Ninth & Chestnut Streets,  
PHILADELPHIA.

**GEO. W. STONE, Vice President, Manager.**  
**GEO. F. TURNER, Gen'l Agent & Attorney.**  
Purely Mutual. Low Rates.

All Policies Non-forfeiting and are Annual  
Payments.

Every accommodation consistent with guaran-  
teed to Policy Holders.

Books containing full information concerning  
the plans and Rules of the Co. sent free upon ap-  
plication to the Branch Office.

AGENTS THROUGHOUT THE STATES OF  
PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY.

REFERENCES (by permission): H. W. E. W.  
Gilpin, Chief Justice State of Delaware; Hon.  
Thos. F. Bayard, U. S. Senator from Delaware;  
Hon. Alfred Lee, Bishop of Delaware; Gen.  
Henry du Pont, Powder Magistrate; Hon. Geo.  
Hansbury, Gov. State of Del.; the Presidents  
of all the Banks in the City of Wilmington;  
Hon. J. S. Valentine, Mayor City of Wilmington.  
Aug 13-19

**EDGAR I. OLIVER,**

**Commission Merchant,**

AND DEALER IN  
BERRIES, PEACHES AND APPLES, DRIED  
FRUITS, POULTRY, EGGS &c.

No. 158 Centre Row,  
**West Washington Market,**  
NEW YORK.

I will use my best endeavors to promote the  
interests of my shippers, by getting good pri-  
ces, making daily reports, and sending prompt  
returns once or twice a week, as may be de-  
sired. [Jan 13-19]

**DAY.**

engage  
\$10 per  
and

Vol. 4.

SALISBURY, WICOMICO COUNTY, MD., SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1871.

No. 47.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to give  
notice that the undersigned hath obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County  
letters of Administration on the estate of  
**JOHN C. BRADLEY,**

late of said county dec'd. All persons having  
claims against the said dec'd. are hereby warn-  
ed to exhibit the same with the vouchers there-  
of before the subscriber on or before the  
6th day of November, 1871,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate, are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this 6th day of May,  
1871.

**CANNON KNOWLES,**  
Administrator.

**D. B. SL FER'S**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL

**FURNITURE, CHAIR AND BEDDING**

**WAREHOUSES,**  
No. 66 North 2nd St. Below Arch, West Side,  
PHILADELPHIA.

3rd Factory and Wholesale Department  
1603 North Sixth Street, above Oxford.  
mar 25 71 3m

**L. H. BLACK,**

**Cloak, Dress-Making, Suit**

**MILLINERY EMPORIUM,**

No. 107 West Baltimore Street,  
BALTIMORE.

Particular attention paid to orders.  
apl 8 71 6m.

**CORN AND OATS.**

**Whitlock's "Vegetator"**

contains in a Soluble condition every element  
necessary in the formation of Corn and Oats.  
It is always uniform in quality, and the price  
having been reduced to \$50 per ten Farmers  
are invited to apply a small quantity by the  
side of any other manure they are using.

Each bag contains 100 pounds and the  
quantity applied per acre should not exceed  
that of Peruvian Guano.

Orders for the same will be filled  
by W. L. JACKSON & CO., Salisbury, Md., or  
can be sent direct to  
W. WHITELOCK & CO.  
44 South St., Baltimore.

apl 8 71-1m

**OFFICE BOOTH & GARRETT LABORATORY, &c**

Philadelphia, March 24th, 1871.

It is our constant practice to make chemical  
analysis of the Phosphate manufactured by  
Messrs. WATSON & CLARK, of this city.—  
We analyze the materials employed in the man-  
ufacture, the materials in the course of manu-  
facture, and the finished product ready for  
commerce. We know from our analysis that  
it is the constant endeavor of W. & C. to throw  
into market a uniform and reliable fertilizer,  
which shall not be inferior to the best, but  
rather surpass them. The average analysis of  
the past year's work showing the contents  
of their fertilizer to be:

Soluble Phosphoric Acid about 7 per cent.  
Total Phosphoric Acid about 15 per cent.  
Total Phosphate about 15 per cent.  
Equivalent to total Bone Phosphate 3 1/2 per cent.  
Ammonia about 1 per cent., equivalent to  
Sulphate of Ammonia 4 per cent.

The Soluble Phosphoric Acid fluctuates  
from 6 1/2 to 7 1/2 per cent., the total from 14 to  
16 per cent., and the Ammonia from 1 to 1 1/2  
per cent.

We have made numerous analyses of sim-  
ilar fertilizers, made by other firms, we can  
assure that the article made by W. & C. is not  
surpassed by any others on sale that we have  
examined, but that it is decidedly superior to  
the greater part of them, and is, moreover,  
very uniform in composition.

Respectfully yours,  
**BOOTH & GARRETT.**

For Sale by J. JOHNSON & CO.,  
Salisbury, Maryland.

apl 22 17-6m.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to give  
notice that the undersigned hath obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County  
letters of Administration on the estate of  
**GEORGE W. ROYD,**

late of Wicomico county, dec'd. All persons  
having claims against the said dec'd. are hereby  
warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers  
thereof, to the subscriber on or before the  
23d day of October, 1871,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this 22nd day of April  
1871.

**TRAIN A. BOUNDS, ETC.,**  
of Geo. W. BOUNDS, dec'd.

**W. H. MARVILL**

**Wm. F. HANSELL,**

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN  
CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.

Original Packages constantly on hand.  
m25 71 6m.

**CHANGE OF SCHEDULE, OF THE**  
EASTERN SHORE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THE STEAMER "MAGGIE," CAPT. S. H. WILSON,  
Will leave Crisfield for Baltimore, every  
MONDAY and THURSDAY at 7 o'clock, P.M.  
Returning, leave Baltimore every TUESDAY  
and FRIDAY at 5 o'clock, connecting with the  
STEAMER "SUE," CAPT. Wm. F. VEASY,  
at Crisfield for Northampton County and Nor-  
folk, Virginia. [Nov 12-19]

**L. KNOWLES & O.**

1218 MARKET STREET,  
Philadelphia, Pa.

Choice Brands of Family and BAKERS Flour  
from the best wheat growing districts,  
nov 6, 70-6m

**FORTUNES** offered to live men, Rare  
Diamond C. Co., Wilmington, Del.  
sept 10-3m

**SIMMONS'**

The symptoms of Liver  
Complaint are uneasy-  
ness and pain in the  
side. Sometimes the  
pain is in the shoulder,  
and is not a sign of  
dyspepsia. The stone  
ach is affected with loss  
of appetite and sickness, bowels in general consti-  
pated, and the patient is troubled  
with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable  
loss of energy, accompanied with painful sensation  
of having let, and something which ought to have  
been let, often complaining of weakness, debility,  
and depression of spirits. Some-  
times many of the above  
symptoms attend the dis-  
ease, and at other times  
very few of them; but  
the liver is generally the  
organ most involved.  
Cure the Liver with

**LIVER**

**DR. SIMMONS'**

**Liver Regulator,**

A preparation of roots and herbs, warranted to be  
entirely vegetable, and not to harm to any one.  
It has been used by thousands, and known for the  
last forty years as one of the most reliable, efficacious  
and harmless preparations ever used, for the cure of  
all the diseases of the liver, and is a sure  
cure. Dyspepsia, headache, jaundice, constipation, bil-  
iousness, chronic diarrhoea, attacks of the bladder,  
catarrhs of the kidneys, fever, mor-  
bidity, chronic diseases of the skin, impurity of the  
blood, melancholia, or  
depression of spirits, bil-  
iousness, catarrhs of the  
bladder, colic, pain in  
the bowels, pain in  
the head, fever and  
dropsy, biliousness, pain  
in the back, &c.

**Regulator.**

Prepared only by  
**J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,**

Price, \$1.00, by mail \$1.25. Druggists, Mason, Ga.

For Sale by E. W. HUMPHREYS, Druggist, Salis-  
bury, Md. [Jan. 7-71-19]

**We INVITE**

**CUSTOMERS**

AT A  
DISTANCE  
FROM  
Philadelphia,  
TO SEND US  
THEIR ORDERS,  
Pledging them  
SATISFACTION  
In respect to  
GOODS,  
WORKMANSHIP,  
FIT  
AND FINISH.

**JOHN WANAMAKER & CO.**

119 N. 3rd St. PHILADELPHIA.

THE FINEST READY-MADE CLOTHING

IN THE CITY.

SEND FOR  
RULES  
FOR  
SELF-MEASURE  
AS WELL AS  
GENTS'.

May be ordered by let-  
ter, with the guarantee  
OF  
FULL SATISFACTION  
IN EVERY CASE.

**JOHN WANAMAKER.**

May 6, 71-19

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sept 10-3m

**Walks, Talks, and Observations among Fruit-  
growers.**

By appointment we have met this  
morning at "Strawberry Corner."

This is no imaginary place and from  
it I hope many a farmer, large and  
small, will get a Strawberry for the  
largest and most delicious character.

Sir Isaac Walton—England's cele-  
brated philosophical Angler, has said,  
"Doubtless God might have made, but  
doubtless God never did make a bet-  
ter berry than the Strawberry." Little  
did Sir Isaac dream of the glorious  
future that was in store for that berry  
and of the good it was destined to con-  
vey to the millions then unborn. Little  
did he dream of the life giving  
powers to all the enterprises of man-  
kind, that it possessed. When he ut-  
tered that sentence its position among  
the fruits of the earth was a very hum-  
ble one. It was retiring in its habits

and was known only to a few of the  
children of men. Occasionally it  
would crop out in some nook or cove  
in a meadow land or in some quiet  
shaded spot by the road side, to cheer  
the weary traveler. And as it has  
shown itself as possessing more than  
was dreamed of in Sir Isaac's philoso-  
phy, so in the future it may develop  
more than is dreamed of in our philo-  
sophy.

Practical Worker comes in and af-  
ter acting the part of a silent listener,  
becomes nervous and says: "We care  
nothing about Sir Isaac, nor the po-  
sition of the berry before we want to know  
something about it. We have seen it  
shipped by the thousands of quarts  
and heard most enthusiastically and purse  
filling reports of its returns of the one  
thing needful, and what we want to  
understand or have discussed, is the  
time to plant (the sooner the better),  
for we want some of the money. Be  
patient, Practical Worker and we  
will endeavor to set you on the right  
track, for on this depends to a consid-  
erable extent, your success in estab-  
lishing a Strawberry plantation. The  
general practice is to plant in the  
Spring—in this locality a few persons  
have planted in the fall and been suc-  
cessful in getting plants to live—oth-  
ers have not had so good success. It  
has not been practiced to any consid-  
erable extent. Some have tried Sum-  
mer planting, but to no satisfactory  
result. I know of one and only  
which was a success, and that was put  
out in the month of August 1869,  
when it was raining two or three times  
a week. Ordinarily however, all such  
efforts have proved failures. When  
Strawberries are being shipped by the  
hundreds of bushels and the money  
comes rolling into the pockets of the  
shippers by the hundreds, yes thou-  
sands, then the man who has no ber-  
ries, feeling in his pockets for money  
and finding none, resolves to have a  
crop next year. The idea of waiting  
two years for the delight of having  
his hundreds too, is out of the question  
—having heard that Mr. E. or C. or  
P. set out in the Fall, or read in some  
journal that Mr. or Dr. M., set  
out at that season and gathered a nice  
crop of berries the next year, he re-  
solves to follow their example. He  
does not wait to hear the other side.  
The failures which are strewn along  
the path of Fall planting expecting to  
gather a crop of fruit the next year,  
are overlooked. Remember my friend  
you are not the first to conceive such a  
plan—it has been tried long before  
you and is well nigh abandoned by all  
large and successful growers. Some  
whom you know may have had partial  
success in gathering a crop from Fall  
planting, but must remember he is an  
old hand at the business and knows  
what he is doing, while you have not  
taken your first lesson. Better "make  
haste slowly." Start with that which  
has been tested and proven a success,  
and when you have mastered that you  
may venture to experiment. Fall  
planting has been thoroughly tested  
all over the land during the 25 or 30  
years of Strawberry culture for mar-  
ket and in almost 99 cases out of every  
100, proven failures, until the wise,  
prudent and almost successful growers  
all over the land, plant only in the  
Spring, except perhaps, a few of some  
new variety claiming a position for  
honors. I know some plant growers  
when asked as to the proper time to  
proper time to plant will tell you,  
plant either Fall or Spring. I know  
writers too who oftentimes are mere the-  
orists, that will answer you the same.  
Visit the first at his home and ask him  
when he plants, and he will answer,  
"Oh I plant in the Spring." Visit  
the second and ask to see his plants  
and at most you may find him with 25  
or 30 plants of different varieties, with  
which he is experimenting and having  
at little expense, if it should be dry,  
and easily protect them from the  
scorching rays of a hot Sun and if he  
succeeds in keeping them alive and  
gathering a good yield of fruit the  
next Summer, then it is heralded in  
the columns of his or some journal, all  
over the land. The secret of his suc-  
cess is kept to himself—we know only  
of the result without knowing how it

has been attained and the ignorant or  
over anxious and impatient to realize  
are induced to purchase in the Fall,  
say September or October and if it  
should have been a dry hot Sum-  
mer the plants are feeble and but ill pre-  
pared to stand the drought which may  
and often does visit us during those  
months. Consequently he will lose  
one-half or more of his plants and  
those which may live, being feeble  
when put out, make little or no growth  
and the next Spring instead of having  
fine healthy fruit promising plants,  
they have a fine early growth of grass  
and weeds stimulated by Fall plowing  
and manuring.

Here we will leave this subject—  
when we meet again at the corner, we  
will consider the varieties best adapted  
to our soils for market purposes.

"Agricolatist"

**Luxury in Ancient Rome.**

If anything more were wanted to  
give us an idea of Roman magnificence  
we could turn our eyes from public  
monuments, demoralizing games and  
grand processions; we would forget  
the statues in brass and marble, out-  
numbering the living inhabitants; so  
numerous, one hundred thousand have  
been recovered and still embellish  
Italy, and would descend into the  
lower sphere of material life, to those  
things which attest luxury and taste;  
to ornaments, dresses, sumptuous liv-  
ing, and rich furniture. The art of  
using metals and precious stones sur-  
passes anything which is known at  
the present time. In the decoration  
of houses, in social entertainments, in  
cooking, the Romans were remark-  
able. The mosaics, signetings, carnos,  
bracelets, brooches, chains, vases, mirrors,  
matresses, combs, perfumes, hair-  
dyes, silk robes, potteries—all evince  
great elegance and beauty. The fab-  
rics of thengroot and Indian bronze  
were as expensive as the sideboard;  
of Spanish walnut so much admired in  
the great exhibition at London. Wood  
and ivory were carved as exquisitely  
as in Japan or China. Mirrors were made  
of polished silver. Glass cutters could  
imitate the colors of precious stones  
so well that the Portland vase, from  
the tomb of Alexander Severus, was  
long considered as genuine sardonyx;  
brass could be hardened so as to cut  
stone. The palace of Nero glittered  
with gold and jewels. Perfumes and  
flowers were showered from ivory  
ceilings. The halls of Heliodorus  
were hung with cloth and gold enrich-  
ed with jewelry. His beds were sil-  
ver, and his table of gold. Tiberius  
gave a million of sesterces for a pic-  
ture for his bedroom. A banquet  
dish of Disks weighed five hundred  
pounds of silver. The cups of Drius  
were of gold. Tunic were embroi-  
dered with the figures of various ani-  
mals. Paulina wore jewels when she  
paid visits, valued at \$35,000. Drink-  
ing cups were engraved with scenes  
from the poets. Libraries were ad-  
orned with busts and presses of rare wood.  
Sofas were inlaid with tortoise shell,  
and covered with gorgeous purple.—  
The Roman grandees rode in gilded  
chariots, bathed in marble baths, dined  
from golden plate, drank from crystal  
cups, slept on beds of down, reclined  
on luxurious couches, wore embroi-  
dered robes, and adorned with precious  
stones; they ransacked the earth and  
sea for rare dishes for their banquets,  
and ornamented their houses with car-  
pets from Babylon, onyx cups from  
Bithynia, marble from Numidia,  
bronzes from Corinth, statues from  
Athens—whatever, in short, was pre-  
cious and curious in most countries.

The luxuries of the bath almost ex-  
ceeded belief, and on the walls were  
magnificent frescoes and paintings,  
exhibiting an almost inexhaustible  
productiveness in landscape and my-  
thological scenes.

**A LOGICAL SEQUENCE.**—A revival  
preacher says the toughest customer  
he ever came across in the pursuit of  
his calling was a rough old fellow in a  
valley of the Green Mountains, who  
approached him at the close of an  
evening meeting with a very long face  
and asked gravely: "Did I under-  
stand you to say that hell was a lake  
of fire and brimstone?" "Yes," said  
the divine, thinking he had at last  
succeeded in making an impression  
upon the hitherto obdurate heart, and  
going on to enlarge upon the horrors  
of the place of torment. "Nonsense!  
nonsense!" interrupted his listener,  
"I don't believe a word of it, you piff  
me too thick. A man wouldn't live a  
minute in such a place." "They will  
be prepared for it," said the minister,  
impressively. "Oh I prepared for it,  
will they?" exclaimed the anxious  
questioner, brightening up, "I'd as  
soon be there as anywhere, then," and  
off he waddled, perfectly satisfied, and  
as gay as a lark.

—Why is your chambermaid immortal?  
She returns to dust every day without dy-  
ing.

—The woman that makes a pudding in  
silence is better than one who makes a  
tart reply.

—When is a lawyer strongest? When  
he is feeblest.

**An old Lady's Curses.**

Riding in the cars, I heard behind  
me a shrill voice exclaim:

Would to God that the Maine law  
could have passed fifty years ago.

We turn to find an old lady, on the  
seat back of us, venting her wish in  
the midst of an earnest discussion be-  
tween a Maine-law Yankee and a rad-  
ical member of the bottle fraternity.

"Yes," continued the old lady, "fifty  
years ago a husband would not have  
gone down to a drunkard's grave, my  
daughters would not have married  
drunkards and lived lives of sorrow,  
or my boys died in jail or the mas-  
house." Look at me, and with some-  
thing of a fire kindling up in her old  
eyes she laid her long hand upon the  
arm of the liquor dealer and contin-  
ued: "see the fruit of your accursed  
business. I was once young and had  
enough of this world's goods, and my  
heart was full of happiness and hope.

My God! sir, how they have purged  
desolation into this old heart! I am  
often bitter; and do you wonder?—  
Such as you robbed me of my child-  
ren, and at eighty years of age I am  
alone! Do you hear?—alone! And  
let me tell you, this hand never wronged  
the least of God's creatures. But  
you sir, have wronged me. You sir,  
talk about the domicile, and say it is  
sacred. God forgive me, but I remem-  
ber the day when my house was en-  
tered by the constables and skinned  
of all."

I remember when the bible  
my mother gave me was taken away  
for drink. I remember the time when  
my firstborn was laid in my arms from  
a drunken husband's hands, and its  
little life-blood ran warm into my bos-  
om from its wounds. Why, sir, said  
the old woman, half rising in her seat,  
"in God's holy name, did you come  
into my house to rob and kill? What  
that constitutional? I have one child  
living—in the asylum—a maniac. Its  
all the work of your hands. There is  
blood there! blood! sir. Better sir,  
have a millstone about your neck than  
sell rum. The curse of the widow be-  
upon you! It will follow you. The  
serpents you send out shall return to  
you and yours. Give me that bottle!

Involuntarily, as it almost seemed,  
the liquor dealer handed the old lady  
the bottle which he had in his hand.  
She dashed it out of the car window,  
and slowly resumed her seat.

The people who had crowded around  
while the train was stopping, to hear  
the conversation, slowly and thought-  
fully dispersed to their seats, and the  
now cowering liquor dealer looked  
very embodiment of humiliation and  
shame.











Where to Go to Get Well.

To what region shall consumptives go for their health? Mr. Ledyard Bill thinks that Minnesota furnishes the best climate for the amelioration of lung diseases, and has written a book in illustration of his belief, and as a guide to those who act upon his views. To account for the salubrity of the air of Minnesota, Mr. Bill has devised or adopted a novel but plausible theory of the climatology of the United States. It is that our prevailing winds are from the west, and are healthful and invigorating. But on the Northern Atlantic coast these west winds are met by northern winds, moist and chilly from the ice-banks of the ocean further north, which overcome them during the winter and spring. The coast is exposed to frequent changes of temperature, in which a penetrating chilling cold prevails, and operates severely on weak bodies. The region of the direct range of the east winds corresponds closely with that in which consumption is most fatal. It extends to the neighborhood of Fortress Monroe, and two or three hundred miles into the interior.

In the Mississippi Valley, the northeast winds alternate with the hot crenating winds which blow up from the Mexican Gulf as well as with the normal west winds. The east winds chill, the south winds weaken the body, and there are not enough of the west winds to restore tone to the system. Hence, those who have consumption, or the seeds of it, do not recover in the Mississippi Valley.

The west winds, on the Pacific coast, blow, like our east winds, from the ocean, and are damp and cool. They are thoroughly dried out, however, in crossing the mountains and plains, and blow salubriously in Minnesota. In this favored place the east winds of the Atlantic have no force. The air is bracing, highly oxygenized, and never chilly in the coldest weather. The Gulf winds have turned toward the east before reaching this latitude, and there is nothing to impair the tone of the atmosphere, which, says Mr. Bill, "in the winter is like wine, so exhilarating, and its effects on the system, while its extreme dryness and elasticity prevent any discomfort from the cold which is such a bugbear to many." The summer is hotter than in other regions in a corresponding latitude, but the atmosphere is still dry, and the heat is not oppressive.

The reports of the last census show the average number of deaths from consumption to be one in 254 in Massachusetts; one in 473 in Virginia; one in 1139 in Minnesota. But this estimate hardly gives the whole fair showing, for the proportion of natives is still small, while the proportion of consumptives who go there is large above the average.

The climate of Florida is favorable to invalids in another manner: It is moist, mild, and equable, and works good effects on those who are in depressed spirits. It is the place for those who suffer from mental or emotional shocks.

Edmund Spencer.

Spencer began his career in the golden age of English literature—the reign of Elizabeth—a time when England's thinkers were England's workmen. Of the poets of earlier days, what has been said has been said earlier. According to the date on his monument, he was born in 1550, but the best authorities agree that he was born in London nearly a half century later. In time he was sent to Pembroke Hall, Cambridge, where, computing for a fellowship with Andrews afterwards B. shop of Winchester he was defeated. He left the university by reason of poverty, and soon after fell in love, as poor and unfortunate geniuses are ever prone to do. The "Shepherd's Calendar" and poems to his "Rosalind" were then in order. Love became the herald of fame, and of letters and influence began to recognize his talent, and soon Spencer was blessed with friends faithful to his interests and powerful in their own. A pretty story not well authenticated, runs like this:—"To Sir Philip Sidney, poet, warrior and statesman, Spencer carried a canto of the 'Arcadia' to Sidney, who was much surprised, and said to have shown an unusual kind of transport at the discovery of so new and uncommon a genius. After he had read some stanzas, he turned to his steward and bade him give the person that brought the verses fifty pounds!" and upon reading the next stanza, he ordered the sum to be doubled. The steward was no less surprised than his master, and thought it his duty to make some delay in executing so sudden and lavish a bounty, but upon reading one stanza more, Sidney raised his gratuity to two hundred pounds, and commanded the steward to give it immediately, lest as he read further, he might be tempted to give away his whole estate."

Spencer, in time, was chosen poet laureate; but it was "an outward honor for an inward toil." Elizabeth's Lord High Treasurer neglected, if he did not ill-use the poet. Tradition tells that once, when the Queen would have given Spencer a present of a hundred pounds, Burleigh protested, saying, "What! all this for a single son?"

"Then give," said Her Majesty, "what is reason."

The Lord High Treasurer saw reason in nothing; and the expectant poet awaited a present that was not forthcoming. One day Spencer sent the queen the following lines:

"I was promised on a time,  
To have reason for my rhyme;  
From that time unto this season,  
I received no rhyme nor reason."

Elizabeth received the epigram Burleigh rebuked, and Spencer his money.

"The Aldine"

"During a late performance of the 'Lady of Lyons,' at the Mormon theatre in Salt Lake City, an old older got up and indignantly walked out of the house with his 24 wives muttering, 'I won't stay and see a play where a man makes such a awful fool of himself about one woman!'"

"A social glass to which ladies are admitted—The mirror."

"Marriage—An altar on which a man lays his pocket book, and a woman her love letters."

"A well defended—there is a shadow to every light."

"A woman's belle who dreamed nineteen times a day has gone to a decline. One day she said, 'He decides to pay his notes.'"

SEASON OF 1870-71.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

Important Improvements.

Patented June 21st, and August 23rd, 1870.

Reduction of Prices.

The Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., have the pleasure of announcing important improvements in their Cabinet Organs, for which Patents were granted them in June and August last. These are not merely meretricious attachments, but enhance the substantial excellence of the instruments.

They are also enabled by increased facilities for manufacture, to make, from this date, a further reduction of prices on several leading styles.

Having completed and added to their former facilities a large new manufactory, they hope hereafter to supply all orders promptly.

The Cabinet Organs made by this Company are of such universal reputation, not only throughout America, but also in Europe, that few will need assurance of their superiority. They now offer their OCTAVE CABINET ORGANS in quite plain cases, but equal according to their capacity to anything they make, for \$20 each. The same Double Reed, \$25. Five Stops, with Knee swell and Tremulant, in elegant case, with several of the Mason & Hamlin improvements, \$125. The same Extra, with new Vox Humana, Automatic Swell, &c., \$160. Five Octaves, Three Sets Reeds, Seven Stops with Euphone; a splendid instrument, \$225.

A new illustrated catalogue with full information and reduced prices, is now ready, and will be sent free, with a testimonial circular, presenting a great mass of evidence as to the superiority of these instruments, to any one sending his address to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., 154 Tremont St., Boston, or 500 Broadway New York.



DOTY'S WASHING-MACHINE.

LATESTLY IMPROVED—AND THE NEW

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER

Improved with Rowell's Patent Double Cog-wheels, and the Patent Stop, are now unquestionably the best for use in any household, and far superior to any apparatus for washing clothes ever invented, and will save their cost twice a year, by saving labor and clothes.

The former Editor of this paper, who purchased a Universal and Wringer, testifies as to their value:

"We can knowingly recommend these machines to be just what their manufacturers represent them. We have had them in regular use in our family for over six months, and we find that all the really hard labor and drudgery of washing is entirely dispensed with by their use. Washing is a neat and pleasant employment for a lady with one of Doty's Washing Machines and Wringers, and we have thought that a milliner, with no dependent here on whom to bestow his fortune, would become one of the greatest benefactors of his race by endorsing a fund with which to give one of these wringers to the thousands of overworked washerwomen which we have in our land. Notice the liberal offer made by Mr. Rowell in his advertisement. There is no deception in this offer, and we would be willing to guarantee its fulfillment to the letter. Let every family which can possibly do so buy Doty's Washing Machine and Wringer."

PRICES—A Fair Offer.

If the Merchants in your place will not furnish, or send for the Machines, send us the retail price, Washer \$14, Extra Wringer \$9, and we will forward either or both machines, free of freight, to place where no one is selling; and so sure as we live, we will be glad that we agree to refund the money if any one wishes to return the machines free of freight, after a trial, according to directions.

Sixty pounds, father or brother, should permit the drudgery of washing with the hands, fifty-two days in the year, when it can be done better, more expeditiously, with less labor, and no injury to the garments, by a Doty Clothes Washing Machine and Wringer.

Sold by dealers generally, to whom liberal discounts are made.

R. C. BROWNING, Gen Agent  
22 Cortlandt St., New York.

Sept 10-5m

A LECTURE

TO YOUNG MEN.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT & PREVENTION OF SPERMATORRHOEA, OR SEMINAL WEAKNESS, INVOLUNTARY EMISSIONS, AND ALLIED AFFECTIONS, INCLUDING MARRIAGE, GENERAL NERVOUSNESS, CONSUMPTION, CLIMATE, AND PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT, BY DR. J. C. HENK, M.D., Author of the "Gynecological Book."

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, reveals from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually remedied without medicine, and without dangerous medical operations, by the use of the "Gynecological Book," pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and permanent, by which every sufferer, whatever his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. Price 6 cts. per copy. Sent by mail on receipt of the price. Address: The Publisher, "Gynecological Book," 252 Broadway, New York, Post Office Box 5,866.

Sept 10-1

GANFIELD, BRO. & CO.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE.

Diamonds, Pearls, Bronzes, Clocks, FANCY GOODS.

220 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE.

Agents for Waltham American Watches

Oct 8-1y

E. F. NAMUTH.

No. 3 & 4 NORTH STREET.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

FRANKLIN BUILDING, Baltimore, Md.

Sept 17-1y

ST. CLAIR HOTEL.

Monument Square, Baltimore, Md.

Climax & Sons, Proprietors.

The only Hotel in Baltimore furnished with a Passenger Elevator and Fire Escapes. Has accommodations for 300 Guests. Terms, \$1 per day. Opened May 1st, 1871. [m13 1m]

GREAT

REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT

Mrs. A. E. WILLIAMS

MAIN STREET.

SELLING off my entire Stock of Millinery, Ribbons, Laces, Trimmings, etc., at cost—Hosiery, Cuffs, Plates, Hair Switches, Embroideries and Edgings, at half price.

Having enlarged my Stock of Notions, ladies will find here a complete assortment at very reduced prices.

Dress making, Embroidery, Knitting and all kinds of fancy needle work done neatly and cheap.

Seeing is believing, so call and be convinced that you are saving, by purchasing at

Mrs. A. E. WILLIAMS,

Main Street, Salisbury, Md.

Jan. 28, 1871—

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES,

Ladies & Gents

BOOTS AND SHOES

In Endless variety, At

A. J. WOOD & CO.,

Main St.

Dealers in

MEN & BOYS

CLOTHING.

Made expressly for our trade. Suits

from \$6 to \$50.

A. J. WOOD & CO.,

Dealers in

Gents Furnishing Goods.

Consisting of Shirts, Marine Pants,

Hose, Gloves, Ties, Collars,

Cuffs &c.

MAIN STREET.

Newspaper

Advertising.

A Book of 125 closely printed pages, lately issued contains a list of the best American Advertising Mediums, giving the names, circulations, and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Political and Family Newspapers, together with all those having large circulations, published in the interest of Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c., &c. Every Advertiser, and every person who contemplates becoming such, will find this book of great value. Mailed free to any address on receipt of fifteen cents. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Publishers, No. 10 Park Row, New York.

The "Pittsburgh Dispatch," in its issue of May 29, 1870, says: "The firm of G. P. Rowell & Co., which issues this interesting and valuable book, is the largest and best Advertising Agency in the United States, and we can heartily recommend it to the attention of those who desire to advertise their business scientifically and systematically in such a way, that it will secure the largest amount of publicity for least expenditure of money."

PENINSULAR

LIQUOR HOUSE.

S. ULMAN & BROS.,

CAMDEN STREET, NEXT DOOR TO E. E. JACKSON

& CO., SALISBURY, MD.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors of all qualities and prices consisting of

WHISKIES, BRANDIES, WINES, RUM, GIN, &c.

Which they are prepared to sell at lower prices either by the barrel, gallon, or in smaller quantities, than any other house on the Peninsula.

Also have on hand a good assortment of

CIGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF, PLAYING CARDS,

TIRES, &c., &c.

Which they are selling at very low figures.

Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call and examine quality and learn prices.

Remember the place,

Sign of Barrel,

Camden street,

Salisbury, Md.

S. ULMAN & BROS.,

Aug 26-6m

HAYES & RICE,

N. E. Cor. of 2nd and French Sts.

WILMINGTON, DEL.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE YA CIGARS.

By introducing steam power we are prepared to furnish.

Fine Cut Chewing, Cut and Dry Grand-Laced, or Lyncburg Smoking Tobaccoes,

In larger or small quantities, at dealers at very low prices. Also all the various brands of

Hard Pressed Chewing and Snuffs,

at prices to correspond with the markets in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

STOCKKEEPERS ON THE PENINSULA

Will find it to their advantage hereafter

TO PURCHASE OF US

Rather than send their orders to other cities.

Special attention given to the WHOLESALE

DEPARTMENT of goods of our own manufacture

Sept 24-1y

Watches and Jewelry

A. W. WOODCOCK,

MAIN STREET, One door above Wm. Birck-

head's Store, SALISBURY, MD.

Would respectfully call the attention of his customers and the public to his magnificent assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, and a nice assortment of Cutlery,

together with all articles pertaining to a first class Jewelry Store.

The repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry made a special branch of business.

Thankful for the patronage extended in the past, a continuance of the same is solicited.

Feb 8-y

FOR RENT.—The Store-house now occupied by J. H. Parker & Bro., for the year 1871. For further particulars apply to

MARY E. WILLIAMS.

1171-54

Natures Gifts

Scientifically Developed.

As mankind, from indolence or other causes, has been doomed to suffer from disease, so also has remedy for disease been provided. Our hills and valleys abound with roots and herbs, which if scientifically prepared and compounded, will restore health and vigor to the invalid. To find such a remedy we should seek one that has stood the test of age.

HOOFLAND'S

German Bitters.

A

Sure Cure for Liver Complaint.

Sure Cure for Dyspepsia.

Sure Cure for Biliousity.

Sure Cure for Jaundice.

Sure Cure for Malaria.

And all affections arising from weakness

want of action in the Liver or Digestive

organs. The great remedy for

IMPURE BLOOD,

And all diseases arising from it. The great

preventive of

FEVER AND AGUE.

It is an impossibility for any one to have

Fever and Ague, if they will use a few bottles of

this remedy each spring and fall.

\$100 \$100 \$100

Will be given for any case of this disease

that occurs to any one that uses the Bitters or Tonic

as a preventive.

II

Those who have the Fever and Ague will

find, after the chills have stopped, that by using

a few bottles of the Bitters or Tonic, that

the disease will not return.

The remedies will rebuild their Constitution

farther than any other known remedy.

The remedies were placed before the public

thirty years ago, with all the prejudices of so-

called "patent medicine" operating against

them, but gradually their virtues became known,

and now, to-day, they stand at the head

of all preparations of their class, with the in-

fluence of eminent judges, lawyers, clergy-

men and physicians.

Head the following symptoms, and if you

find that your system is affected by any of them

you may rest assured that disease has com-

menced its attack on the most important organs

of your body, and unless soon checked by the

use of powerful medicine, a miserable life, soon

terminating in death, will be the result.

O

Con-

stitution.

Fluorid, In-

ward Piles, Fulness of

Blood to the Head, Acidity of

the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Dis-

gust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stom-

ach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering

at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of Head,

Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at

the Heart, Choking or suffocating sensations

when in a nervous state, Dimness of Vision,

Data or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in

the Head, Deiciency of Respiration, Yellow-

ness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the

Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden

Flashes of Heat, Burning in the

Flesh, Constant Imagining

of Evil, and Great

Depression of

Spirits.

All indicate disease of the Liver or Digestive

Organs, combined with impure blood.

O

erman Tonic

is a com-

bination of all the ingredients of the

Bitters with the purest quality of Santa Cruz

Rum, Oranges. It is used for the same

diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some

pure alcoholic stimulus is required.

TESTIMONY

Like the following was never before offered in

behalf of any medicinal preparation:

HON. G. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penn-

sylvania, writes:

"Philadelphia, March 16th, 1867

I find 'Hooftland's German Bitters' a good

Tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs

WM. B. LARMOR

JOS. H. GALE.

LARMOR & CO.,

At their New Store,

No. 195 W. Baltimore Street,

HAVE OPENED A MAGNIFICENT

STOCK OF

WATCHES,

DIAMONDS,

Fine Gold Jewelry,

Sterling Silver Ware,

Triple Plated Ware,

CLOCKS and

BRONZES,

Table Cutlery,

GOLD AND SILVER HEAD

CANES.

Fancy Pieces Generally,

THE HANDSOMEST AND CHEAP-

EST STOCK IN BALTIMORE.

Call and see it.



**The Salisbury Advertiser.**  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,  
AT THE SALISBURY ADVERTISER'S OFFICE,  
708 1/2 WILMINGTON, MD.  
Subscription prices: Advance, \$1.00; per month, 30 cents; per year, \$3.00.  
Single copies five cents.  
RATES OF ADVERTISING:  
One square—six lines or less, solid measure  
ment Nonpareil—inserted one time for \$1.00,  
and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.  
Bills for advertisements due after first insertion.  
Jon Peabody & Co. executed with neatness and  
dispatch at the office of the Advertiser.

**Professional Cards.**  
**HUSTON HUMPHREYS,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend strictly to all business entrusted  
to him. Office over the store of A. G.  
Tordring & Co., Main Street.

**EMUEL MALONE,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend strictly to all legal business in-  
trusted to him, and to the sale of Real Estate.  
C. W. MOLLER, C. W. M. COOPER  
**HOLLAND & COOPER,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Practice in the Courts of Maryland and Del-  
aware.

**J. HOPKINS TARR,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will practice in the Courts of Somerset, Wil-  
comico, and Worcester Counties.

**JAMES R. ELLIOTT,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend promptly to all business in-  
trusted to his care.

**SAAD D. JONES,**  
Attorney-General of Maryland,  
Office over Chesapeake Bank,  
Corner North and Fayette Streets,  
BALTIMORE.  
Practices in the Courts of Baltimore in  
the Court of Appeals, and in the Supreme  
Court of the United States.

**DR. L. S. BELL,**  
Graduate of "Baltimore College of Dental Sur-  
gery."  
**DENTIST,**  
SALISBURY, MD.  
**PENINSULAR HOUSE,**  
MAIN STREET—SALISBURY, MD.  
**J. TRACY, Proprietor.**

**J. MCCOLLEY,**  
WITH  
**Jos. S. Bennett & Co.,**  
Successors to Stetson, Bennett & Co.  
**Wholesale Druggists,**  
No. 609 Market Street,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
June 18-ly  
**Wicomico & Pocomoke**  
**RAIL ROAD.**  
After Monday, May 4th, daily Passen-  
ger and Freight trains will run on the Wi-  
comico and Pocomoke Rail Road as follows:  
ARRIVE AT  
3:30 A.M. Salisbury, 10:00 A.M.  
3:40 P.M. Berlin, 5:15 P.M.  
For Salisbury will stop at St. Mar-  
ville and Pottsville, making con-  
nection with the Philadelphia and  
Baltimore Railroad.  
For Salisbury for Berlin and interme-  
diate stations after the arrival there  
from the Baltimore and Annapolis  
Rail Road. H. R. PITT, Pres.

# Salisbury Advertiser.

Vol. 4. SALISBURY, WICOMICO COUNTY, MD., SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1871. No. 48.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to give  
notice that the undersigned has obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County  
letters of Administration on the estate of  
**JOHN C. BRADLEY,**  
late of said county dec'd. All persons having  
claims against the said dec'd. are hereby warn-  
ed to exhibit the same with the vouchers there-  
of before the subscriber on or before the  
6th day of November, 1871,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.  
All persons indebted to said estate, are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this 9th day of May,  
1871. **CANNON KNOWLES,**  
Administrator.

**D. B. SL FER'S**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL  
**FURNITURE, CHAIR AND BEDDING**  
WAREHOUSES,  
No. 66 North 2nd St. Below Arch, West Side,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
Factory and Wholesale Department  
1603 North Sixth Street, above Oxford,  
near 25 71 St.

**L. H. BLACK,**  
Cloak, Dress-Making, Suit  
AND  
MILLINERY EMPORIUM,  
No. 107 West Baltimore Street,  
BALTIMORE.  
Particular attention paid to orders.  
apl 3 71 Om.

**CORN AND OATS.**  
**Whitlock's "Vegetator"**  
contains in a Soluble condition every element  
necessary in the formation of Corn and Oats.  
It is always uniform in quality, and the price  
having been reduced to \$50 per ton Farmers  
are invited to apply a small quantity by the  
side of any other manure they are using.  
Each bag contains 100 pounds and the  
quantity applied per acre should not exceed  
that of Portland Cement.  
Orders for the same will be filled  
by E. E. JACKSON & CO., Salisbury, Md., or  
can be sent direct to  
W. WHITELOCK & CO.,  
44 South St., Baltimore.  
apl 8 71-1m

**OFFICE BOOTH & GARRETT LABORATORY, &c.**  
Philadelphia, March 24th, 1871.  
It is our constant practice to make chemical  
analysis of the Phosphate manufactured by  
Messrs. WANTON & CLARK, of this city. We  
analyze the materials employed in the man-  
ufacture, the materials in the course of manu-  
facture, and the finished product ready for  
commerce. We know from our analysis that  
it is the constant endeavor of W. & C. to throw  
into market a uniform and reliable fertilizer,  
which shall not be inferior to the best, but  
rather surpass them. The average analysis of  
the past year's work shows the contents of  
their fertilizer to be:  
Soluble Phosphoric Acid about 7 per cent.  
equivalent to total Bone Phosphate 11 per cent.  
Total Phosphoric Acid about 15 per cent.  
equivalent to total Bone Phosphate 22 1/2 per  
cent.  
Ammonia about 1 per cent, equivalent to  
Sulphate of Ammonia, 4 per cent.  
The Soluble Phosphoric Acid fluctuates  
from 6 1/2 to 7 1/2 per cent, the total from 10  
to 16 per cent, and the Ammonia, from 1 to 1 1/2  
per cent.  
As we have made numerous analysis of sim-  
ilar fertilizers, made by other firms, we can as-  
sert that the article made by W. & C. is not  
surpassed by any others on sale that we have  
examined, but that it is decidedly superior to  
the greater part of the kind and is, moreover,  
very uniform in composition.  
Respectfully yours,  
**BOOTH & GARRETT.**

For Sale by J. JOHNSON & CO.,  
Salisbury, Maryland.  
apl 27 71-6m  
**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to  
give notice that the undersigned has obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County  
letters of Administration on the estate of  
**GEORGE W. BOUNDS**  
late of Wicomico county, dec'd. All persons  
having claims against said dec'd. are hereby  
warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers  
thereof, to the subscriber on or before the  
23rd day of October, 1871,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.  
All persons indebted to said estate are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this 22nd day of April  
1871. **TRAIN A. BOUNDS, Exr.,**  
of Geo. W. Bounds, dec'd.

**W. H. MARVILL**  
WITH  
**Wm. F. HANSELL,**  
21 North 4th Street Philadelphia.  
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.  
Original Packages constantly on hand.  
m25 71 6m.

**CHANGE OF SCHEDULE OF THE**  
EASTERN SHORE STEAMBOAT COMPANY.  
THE STEAMER "MAGGIE" CAPT. E. H. WILSON.  
Will leave Salisbury for Baltimore, every  
MONDAY and THURSDAY at 7 o'clock, P. M.  
Returning, leaves Baltimore every TUESDAY  
and FRIDAY at 5 o'clock, connecting with the  
STEAMER "SUE," CAPT. Wm. F. VERRY,  
at Crisfield for Northampton County and Nor-  
folk, Virginia. [Nov 12-17]

**L. KNOWLES & O.**  
1218 MARKET STREET,  
Philadelphia, Pa.  
Choice Brands of FAMILY and BAKERS FLOUR  
from the best wheat growing districts,  
Nov 5, '70-6m  
**AGENTS WANTED.**—(225 a month)—by the A-  
MERICAN EXHIBITION MACHINE CO., BOS-  
TON, Mass., at Salisbury, Md.

**SIMMONS'**  
The symptoms of Liver  
Complaint are uneasy  
ness and pain in the  
side. Sometimes the  
pain is in the shoulder,  
and in a few cases it is  
in the back. The stom-  
ach is affected with loss  
of appetite and sickness in general con-  
ditions. The liver is enlarged and inflamed,  
and the bile is secreted in excess. The  
blood is impure, and the system is  
affected with various diseases. The  
liver is the source of life, and its  
health is essential to the health of the  
whole system. It is the source of the  
bile, which is the life-giving fluid of the  
body. It is the source of the blood, which  
is the life-giving fluid of the body. It is  
the source of the life, and its health is  
essential to the health of the whole system.  
**LIVER**  
DR. SIMMONS'  
Liver Regulator,  
A preparation of roots and herbs, warranted to be  
entirely vegetable, and to do no harm to the  
system. It has been used by hundreds, and known for  
the last forty years as one of the most reliable, efficacious  
and harmless preparations ever offered to the suffering.  
It taken regularly and persistently, it is sure to  
cure.  
Dyspepsia, headache, jaundice, costiveness, sick  
headache, chronic diarrhoea, affections of the bladder,  
and dysentery affections of the kidneys, fever, por-  
ryness, chills, diseases of the skin, impurity of the  
blood, melancholy, or depression of spirits,  
heartburn, colic, pain in the bowels, pain in the  
head, fever and ague, dropsy, boils, pain in  
the back, &c.  
**Regulator.**  
Prepared only by  
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Druggists, Macon, Ga.  
Price, \$1.00, by mail \$1.25.  
For Sale by E. W. HUMPHREYS, Druggist, Salis-  
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**WE INVITE**  
**CUSTOMERS**  
AT A  
DISTANCE  
FROM  
PHILADELPHIA  
TO SEND FOR  
THEIR ORDERS.  
Pledging them  
SATISFACTION  
IN RESPECT TO  
GOODS,  
WORKMANSHIP,  
PRICE.  
SEND FOR  
OUR  
RULES  
FOR  
SELF-MEASURE  
AND  
GENTS.  
May be ordered by letter,  
with the guarantee  
OF  
FULL SATISFACTION  
IN EVERY CASE.  
**JOHN W. NAMAKER & CO.**  
1815 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.  
MERCHANT TAILORS, DEALERS IN THE  
FINEST READY-MADE CLOTHING.  
Suits, Ties, and Trunks.  
May 6, '71-17

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to give  
notice that the undersigned has obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County  
letters of Administration on the estate of  
**GEORGE W. BOUNDS**  
late of Wicomico county, dec'd. All persons  
having claims against said dec'd. are hereby  
warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers  
thereof, to the subscriber on or before the  
23rd day of October, 1871,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.  
All persons indebted to said estate are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this 22nd day of April  
1871. **TRAIN A. BOUNDS, Exr.,**  
of Geo. W. Bounds, dec'd.

**W. H. MARVILL**  
WITH  
**Wm. F. HANSELL,**  
21 North 4th Street Philadelphia.  
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.  
Original Packages constantly on hand.  
m25 71 6m.

**CHANGE OF SCHEDULE OF THE**  
EASTERN SHORE STEAMBOAT COMPANY.  
THE STEAMER "MAGGIE" CAPT. E. H. WILSON.  
Will leave Salisbury for Baltimore, every  
MONDAY and THURSDAY at 7 o'clock, P. M.  
Returning, leaves Baltimore every TUESDAY  
and FRIDAY at 5 o'clock, connecting with the  
STEAMER "SUE," CAPT. Wm. F. VERRY,  
at Crisfield for Northampton County and Nor-  
folk, Virginia. [Nov 12-17]

**Selected Poetry.**  
**A Ghost-Player—A Ballad.**  
Tom Goodwin was an actor man,  
Old Drury's pride and boast  
In all the light and sprightly parts,  
Especially the Ghost.  
Now Tom was very fond of drink,  
Or almost every sort.  
Comparative and positive,  
From porter up to port.  
But, grog, like grief, is fatal stuff  
For any man to soup.  
For when he falls to pull him down  
His sure to blow him up.  
And so it fared with ghostly Tom,  
Who day by day was seen  
Swelling, till his lawyers say  
He fairly lost his head.  
At length the manager observed  
He'd better leave his post.  
And said, he played the very deuce  
When he played the ghost!  
"Was only to do the night he saw  
A fellow swing his hat,  
And heard him say, 'all the gods'  
The Ghost is getting fat!"  
"I would never do, the case was plain;  
His eye he couldn't shut;  
Ghosts about make the people laugh,  
And Tom was quite a butt.  
Tom's actor friends said 'never a word  
To cheer his drooping heart,  
Though more than one was burning up  
With zeal to 'take his part.'"  
Tom argued very plausibly;  
He said he'd 'd'nt doubt  
That Hamlet's father drank and grew  
In years a little stout.  
And so, 'twas natural, he said,  
And quite a proper plan,  
To have his spirit represent  
A pretty sort of man.  
"Was all in vain; the manager  
Said he was not in sport,  
And, like a great, bold, poor Tom  
Surrendered up his forte.  
He'd do perhaps in heavy parts—  
Might answer for a Monk,  
Or porter to the cabinet.  
To carry round his trunk.  
But in the Ghost his day was past—  
He'd never do for that.  
A ghost might just as well be dead  
As picture and fat!  
Alas! next day poor Tom was found  
In his last position;  
He had lost his character,  
And given the ghost."  
J. G. SAYE.

**DEATH OF LITTLE PAUL.**  
One night he had been thinking of his  
mother, and her picture in the draw-  
ing-room door stared, and thought she must  
have loved sweet Florence better than his  
father did, to have held her arms when she  
thought she was dying—for even he, her  
brother, who had such dear love for her,  
could have no greater wish than that. The  
train of thought suggested to him to inquire  
if he had ever seen his mother; for he could  
not remember whether they had told him,  
yes or no, the river running very fast and  
confusing his mind.  
"Floy, did I ever see mamma?"  
"No, darling, why?"  
"Did I ever see any kind face, like  
mamma's looking at me when I was a  
baby, Floy?"  
He asked incredulously, as if he had  
a vision of a face before him.  
"Oh yes, dear."  
"Whose, Floy?"  
"Your old nurse's. Often."  
"And where is my old nurse?" said  
Paul. "Is she dead?" Floy was we all  
dead, except you?"  
There was a hurry in the room, for an  
instant—longer, perhaps; but it seemed no  
more—then all was still again; and  
Florence, with her face quite colorless, but  
smiling, held his head upon her arm. Her  
arm trembled very much.  
"Show me the old nurse, Floy, if you  
please?"  
"She is not here, darling. She shall  
come to-morrow."  
"Thank you, Floy!"  
Paul closed his eyes with those words  
and fell asleep. When he awoke the sun  
was high, and the broad day was clear and  
warm. He lay a little, looked at the  
windows, which were open, and the cur-  
tains rustling in the air, and waving to  
and fro, then he said "Floy, is it to-morrow?"  
Is she come?"  
Some one seemed to go in quest of her.  
Perhaps it was Susan. Paul thought he  
heard her telling him when he had closed  
his eyes again, that she would soon be back  
but he did not open them to see. She kept  
her word—perhaps she had never been  
away—but the next thing that happened  
was a noise of footsteps on the stairs, and  
then Paul woke—woke mind and body—  
and sat upright in his bed. He saw them  
now about him. There was no gray mist  
before them, as there had been sometimes  
in the night. He knew them every one,  
and called them by their names.  
"And who is this? It is my old nurse!"  
said the child, regarding, with a radiant  
smile, a figure coming in.  
Yes, yes. No other stranger would have  
shed those tears at sight of him, and called  
him her dear boy, her pretty boy, her own  
poor bright child. No other woman  
would have stooped down by his bed, and  
taken up his wasted hand, and put it to  
her lips and breast, as one who had some  
right to fondle it. No other woman would  
have so forgotten everybody else but him  
and Floy, and been so full of tenderness  
and pity.  
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His senses were all quickened, and he  
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to see him very much."  
Nobody replied directly, but his father soon  
said to Susan, "Call him back, then; let  
him come up!" After a short pause of  
expectation, during which he looked with  
smiling interest and wonder on his nurse,  
and saw that she had not forgotten Floy,  
Walter was brought into the room. His  
open face and manner, and his cheerful  
eyes, had always made him a favorite with  
Paul; and when Paul saw him, he stretched  
out his hand and said "Good-by!"  
"Good-by, my child!" cried Mrs.  
Pippen, hurrying to his bed's head. "Not  
good-by!"  
For an instant, Paul looked at her with  
the wistful face with which he had so often  
gazed upon her in his corner by the fire.  
"Ah, yes," he said, placidly, "good-by!  
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**Remember Walter, dear papa!"** he  
whispered looking in his face. "Remember  
Walter. I was fond of Walter!" The  
feeble hand waved in the air, as if it cried  
"good-by!" to Walter once again.  
"Now lay me down," he said, "and  
Floy, come close to me and let me see  
you!"  
Sister and brother wound their arms  
around each other, and the golden light  
came streaming in, and fell upon them,  
locked together.  
"How fast the river runs between its  
green banks and the rushes, Floy! But  
it's very near the sea. I hear the waves!"  
They always said so!  
Presently he told her that the motion of  
the boat upon the stream was lulling him  
to rest. How green the banks were now,  
how bright the flowers growing on them,  
and how tall the rushes! Now the boat was  
at sea, but gliding smoothly on. And  
now there was a shore before him. Who  
stood on the bank?  
He put his hands together, as he had  
been used to do at his prayers. He did  
not remove his arms to do it; but they  
himself told them so, behind her neck.  
"Mamma is like you, Floy. I know her  
by the face! But tell them that the print  
upon the stairs at school is not divine  
enough. The light about the head is shining  
as I go!"  
The golden ripple of the wall came back  
again, and nothing else stirred in the room.  
The old, old fashion! The fashion that  
came in with our first garments, and will  
last unchanged until our race is run. It is  
the old, old fashion, the old, old fashion,  
the old, old fashion, the old, old fashion—  
Death.  
Oh, thank God, all who see it, for that  
older fashion yet, immortality! And look  
upon us, angels of young children, with  
regards not quite estranged, when the swift  
river bears us to the ocean!

**Influence of Climate upon Man.**  
At a recent meeting of a New York club  
some interesting remarks were made on  
this subject. Man, in his delusion, said a  
speaker, generally opposes his dependency  
upon nature. Being himself her child, he  
thinks that no impression is strong enough  
to leave a durable effect upon him. But  
experience teaches the very opposite. It  
shows that man, to a certain extent, was  
always subject to the climate. It is not  
generally known, but it is nevertheless  
true, that a pure, moderately dry air gen-  
erally produces great mental brightness,  
especially with full-blooded persons. A  
cloudy and moist atmosphere, on the other  
hand, produces mental relaxation and, with  
many, melancholy. This explains why  
suicides so often happen when the sky is  
overcast. The depressed mental state is  
thus further enhanced. Villanov reports  
that of every ten suicides which were com-  
mitted in Paris during two years, nine took  
place in the rainy season. The influence  
of the climate is also well exemplified in  
the case of mountaineers. They are quicker  
more active, and excitable.  
From the unequal action upon the body,  
and its reaction upon the mind, the  
character of various nations may be ex-  
plained.  
The influence of a moist atmosphere is  
strikingly illustrated in the case of in-  
dividuals who have been weakened by  
previous illness, from the great number of  
suicides committed at the close of the year  
1828, in the Dutch places Groningen and  
Sneek. Most of the unfortunate had suf-  
fered from the epidemics of 1826 and 1827.  
In the city of Sneek, with 6,000 inhabi-  
tants, not less than four suicides took place  
in one week, and among those was a boy  
of eight years.  
The Swiss naturalist, Deccor, in a recent  
essay, describes the climate of North Amer-  
ica as very changeable and dry. After  
having explained a number of phenomena  
produced by the climate in general, he  
describes its influence upon the inhabitants  
of this country. He derives from the climate  
his activity, audacity, his tall stature, his  
eagerness for gain, his practical talent, and  
his love of adventure.  
It is also well known that the inhabi-  
tants under a preponderating clear sky  
possesses more talent for art, while those  
under a gloomy sky have more propensity  
for speculation and thought.

**An English Republic.**  
The recent remarkable articles in  
*Fraser's Magazine* and the *Galaxy* on  
the advance of Democratic doctrines  
among the working classes in England,  
opening up an interesting subject of dis-  
cussion. The first was written by a  
workingman, who purports to give the  
average feeling of his class toward the  
present monarchical system of govern-  
ment in England. The workingmen,  
he asserts, favor the establishment of  
a republic, "but not through violence."  
All they would do at present would be  
to cut down the expenses of royalty to  
as close a figure as possible, until the  
end of the present reign and then to  
treat with the heir for an amicable  
abdication. They are not willing,  
however, to wait for the republic long-  
er than that time when Queen Vic-  
toria shall be laid by the side of her  
husband in the chapel at Windsor.  
The *Galaxy* article was written by a  
well-known Englishman of acuteness  
and intelligence. He admits the great  
advance of Republicanism in England  
during the past few years, and finds it  
the bulwark of the monarchy; of  
course, and yet there are several scions  
of the noble houses of England who  
have gone into public life with more

radical views than Mr. John Bright.  
It is questionable if the middle classes  
—the merchants, millowners and shop-  
keepers—feel any sympathy yet for the  
republic. They are the British, *par  
excellence*, the kind we most often  
see over here, and are full of the old  
pride, even to bigotry, of everything  
that is foreign. Though they are get-  
ting to despise their royal trumpet  
at Windsor, they are not ready to ac-  
cept an idea from a Yankee. But the  
future power of England lies in her  
workmen. They are in numbers  
as to the aristocrats and shopocracy a  
hundred to one. As they become edu-  
cated—and education is making rapid  
progress among them—they will de-  
mand the ballot, and the day will come  
when their votes will outnumber those  
of the men who now wield power in  
England. The growth of reform is  
slow in the kingdom, but it is equally  
sure. No event of the future seems  
more certain than the abolition of  
monarchy in the British Islands. A  
political cataclysm may hasten it. It  
may come all at once in a day like the  
fall of Bonapartism in France, or it  
may come with the steady growth of  
intelligence among the working class-  
es. But come it will, for the rotten  
systems of the past cannot stand on  
their feet many years longer.

**Influence of Trees on Climate.**  
A writer in the June



# The Salisbury Advertiser.

FRIDAY & RICHARDSON, Editors & Proprietors.

Saturday, August 12, 1871.

## STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. W. Pinkney Whyte.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

Andrew K. Syester.

FOR COMPTROLLER,

Col. Levin Woolford.

## EQUAL RIGHTS.

A NEW PARTY—WOMAN SUFFRAGE TO RULE—VICTORIA.

NEW YORK'S QUEEN OF FINANCE, the

virtuous Mrs. VICTORIA C. WOODHULL,

has announced herself as a candidate for the Presidency of the United States.

She plants herself on the broad platform of "Equal Rights,"

and expects to beat Grant or any other man that shall have the temerity to oppose her.

Hear her and tremble, ye men of America!

New York, August 1st, 1871.

To the Editor:

We have the honor to announce

THE VICTORIA LEAGUE,

an association now organized, equipped, and in working order, having its headquarters in New York, and its co-operative agencies in Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, and San Francisco.

Its mission is to unite the progressive portion of the American People in a new political organization, or body of voters, called

THE EQUAL RIGHTS PARTY,

consisting of Both Sexes, and founded on the Constitutional right of suffrage which the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments vest in women as well as men.

It demands from Congress, at its next session,

A DECLARATORY ACT,

setting forth, definitely, this interpretation of these amendments, together with the free exercise, by women, as by other citizens, of the elective franchise in the several States.

It nominates, and will support, and expects to elect, as the next President by the combined suffrages of men and women, in 1872,

Mrs. VICTORIA C. WOODHULL, or N. YORK.

Accompanying this note, by the same mail, you will receive copies of a correspondence between the Victoria League and its Presidential Candidate, to which your attention is directed, the more especially from the fact that, in Mrs. Woodhull's letter accepting the nomination, she has given a full statement, at the request of the League, of the argument by which she is sustained, from the new Amendments, the right of her sex to the elective franchise.

In the earnest hope that you will lend your editorial good will to the Equal Rights Party and its Candidate, we subscribe ourselves,

Respectfully yours,

TIE VICTORIA LEAGUE.

When first we perused the above, the fate of the boy who soared aloft on Eagle's wings, and finally alighted in his father's wood-pile to spend the remainder of his days chopping wood for the kitchen, came to our mind, and we felt, and still feel sympathy for VICTORIA—for

"The first bird of spring,"

He attempted to sing;

But ere he had uttered a note,

He fell from the limb

And a dead bird was he.

Keep the music that lives in his throat.

In Germany, woman is believed to have two missions in this world, viz: Maternity and Housekeeping; and, perhaps, if Mrs. V. C. W., would discard her "Free Love" ideas—get rid of her useless political ambition, and devote her mental and physical qualities to the fulfillment of the German idea of Woman's Mission, she might some day in the future have the proud satisfaction of being the mother of a President of the United States.

THE BOWTLE-PLAMONTON CONTROVERSY.

General Plamont sticks and Bowtle is in despair. President Grant's hands are tied under the Tenure-of-office act. He can suspend Plamont, but would have to do so on charges, and none can be very well concocted. In this connection our Washington correspondent mentions the extraordinary report that Bowtle was a subscriber to the Government to the extent of \$500,000 when he was Commissioner of Revenue, and that the account was straightened up.—New York

August 7.

valuable on Plantations as a protection from Fever, Chills, etc. Simuana

Law Regulator will keep the hands healthy so they may lose no valuable time during the busy sickly season.

## Cholera in Europe—Its Ravages Extending.

From the London Times, July 21.

If we could credit the account we receive from every quarter, a terrible and subtle enemy is approaching our shores by an accustomed and well-marked track. For some time past cholera has been ravaging Persia, where famine has contributed to nourish the pestilence. It has crept on slowly through the steppes of Southern Russia, until it has grasped Poland, and has made its appearance in a virulent form in the Eastern Provinces of Prussia. We are well acquainted with the history of all recorded epidemics of Asiatic cholera. They have never taken us unawares. They have always given warning of their devastating approach, and have allowed us ample time if we chose, to set our house in order before their coming. In tropical Asia, among a teeming population to whom sanitary precautions are unknown, cholera has a permanent home.

A correspondent recently returned from India, called attention, a day or two ago, in our columns to the state of things by which the disease is propagated in the East. In India there is no system of drainage, no purified water supply, except in the great cities. The germs of disease are never destroyed or removed, they are transferred by water or wind from one household to the other, and allowed to fester freely in the filthy, close and darkened habitations of the natives. When an unhealthy season causes a particularly virulent outbreak of cholera in India, the epidemic rapidly crosses the Himalayas, spreads among the nomad tribes of Central Asia, whose primitive habits do not tend to check the pestilence, makes its way steadily along the shores of the Caspian into Southern Russia, and is nurtured among the miserable peasant population of that region, and finally penetrates by way of Poland and Pomerania into the heart of Western, and civilized Europe.

This fatal drama has been repeated several times within the memory of the present generation. Four times we have seen the approach of cholera, by regular gradations, from the East, we have watched it coming upon us, and, until we were actually wrestling with the epidemic we took no measures to avert the threatened devastation. Yet we know what a horrible scourge it is. The outbreak of 1818 carried off 56,000 lives; the milder epidemic of 1854, 20,000; the latest visitation, in 1866, was disastrously felt in all the pruned quarters of the metropolis. Against such a danger as this has been our practice to take no general precautions, although medical science, almost powerless to cope with the disease when it has once appeared, has demonstrated that it ravages can be absolutely averted, or, at all events, restricted within the narrowest limits, by simple preventive measures.

Cholera is an enemy which, once permitted to enter the citadel of life, can be dislodged by no effort of the physician; when the disease has stricken down even the youngest and most vigorous, there is only a faint hope left that the latent energies of nature may be powerful enough to resist the fatal state of collapse, and to initiate a healthy reaction. It is surely better not to challenge a contest so unequal as this. Happily, there is some time, though not an hour to spare left, for preparation. Cholera does not hasten its solemn and ghastly march, even to find its victims unready and helpless. It is quite possible in a month or two to frame such a system of sanitary regulations, and to confer on the proper authorities such effective powers as may enable us to meet the epidemic without serious apprehensions.

## Desperate Fight in Culpeper County, Va.

A special telegram to the Richmond Dispatch, dated Gordonsville, August 5, says:

A fight took place to-day at Culpeper Court House between Mr. L. L. Lewis, Commonwealth's Attorney, and a Mr. Carnell, a carpenter. The latter met Mr. Lewis on the street and accused him of assailing his private character in court. Mr. Lewis tried to explain to him that he had only done his duty for the Commonwealth. Carnell then struck him with a hatchet on the hip. Then a regular fight ensued. They were separated, and Mr. Lewis went to his office and returned with a friend to where Carnell was at work, and challenged him for a fair fist fight. Carnell came out with a hatchet in his hand, and refused to put it down, and accused Lewis the second time of scandalizing him in court. Lewis then called him a "d-d liar," and Carnell returned it. Lewis then threw a rock at him, and Carnell then threw his hatchet at Lewis. Lewis dodged, and gathering the hatchet, made for him. Carnell ran some distance, but Lewis, getting in proper distance, threw the hatchet at him but missed his aim. Then a struggle ensued for the hatchet, which Carnell managed to get hold of, inflicting a severe wound in the back of Lewis. also a severe wound in the forehead, which knocked him senseless. They were then parted, which ended the fight. Mr. Lewis was then carried to a house near by, and proper medical assistance procured. His wounds, though severe, it is thought will not prove fatal.

## KENTUCKY.

A LYCHING OUTRAGE—Two NEGROES HANGED.

Louisville, August 8.—At 2 this morning two hundred armed and masked men went to the jail at Frankfort and demanded the keys. The State Guard, who had been on duty there, had gone, as it was supposed all the disorder was over. The jailer was compelled to surrender the keys and the men entered and took out the negro who committed a rape on Mrs. Pfeiffer, a few days ago, and also the negro Washington, who is said to be the one who fired the first shot in the riot there yesterday, in which two white men were killed.

The negroes were taken about half a mile from the jail and hanged. Great excitement prevails in consequence of the turbulent scenes yesterday evening and the lynchings out there this morning. No further violence is anticipated, however.

Choice Reading—Wanamaker & Brown's Fall Advertiser.

## The Game of Fly-Loos.

The story about the "new" game of fly-loos is in the annual rounds again. The origin is this year given by the Cincinnati Commercial, and is as follows:

"The detestable—cruel—destructive—man's soul has made its appearance among the little community of pleasure seekers at the Yellow Springs, under the auspices of a celebrated Alderman of this city, who is notorious for the activity with which he will bot on anything, from the juvenile game of 'pick or po' to the relative lengths of straw to be plucked out of a hay-stack, and in the enticing forms of 'Fly-Loos.' It is in testimony that every afternoon from twenty to thirty of the very flower of our mercantile population retire to a private room, and under lock and bolts give themselves up to this satanic game."

"The players solemnly seat themselves around a table, each with a lump of sugar, and a card bearing in plain letters his responsible name and representing so much money in front of him, and with a silent gravity that would become a watch-dog, and the ill-concealed anxiety of men staking their all on the cast of a die, await the advent of the first fly. On the buzzing insect comes, sweeping now toward this point, then veering off towards that, sending a thrill after thrill of anticipated triumph or expected disappointment through the frames of the anxious watchers. At last the agony is over.

The almighty insect, all unconscious of the important part he is playing, the reversals of fortune that he is causing, settles lightly upon a particular lump of sugar, and, twenty-nine discussed men, from \$5 to \$25, each, with the delighted representative of the sweet morsel chosen, scoop in the whole pile. This decides one 'hand' at the dignified game which has run 'pick or po' and 'Boston' completely away from the Springs, and another and another 'pot,' and 'pot' at infinitum are made up and won and lost in the close, hot room, while the deserted ladies are languishing for a little male conversation below."

## A Noble Benefaction.

The Trustees of the Louisville Medical College (Louisville, Ky.), have created one of the most liberal and noble benefactions ever conferred by a public institution upon any people. The trustees of this College have instituted one Beneficiary Scholarship for each Congressional District in the Southern and surrounding States. By this means very many poor but deserving young men will be enabled to obtain a thorough medical education. Any one wishing to take advantage of this Benefaction, which is worth to each student at least \$200, has only to write to Dr. E. S. Gailard, Dean of the Faculty of the Louisville Medical College, Louisville, Ky., when he will receive a college catalogue, with full information in regard to all that is necessary for him to do to secure one of these scholarships. With proper and welcome diligence the names of those who have secured the Beneficiary Scholarships will be known only to the Dean of the Faculty. It is unnecessary to commend those who have established these noble Beneficiary Scholarships. Their act will bring them commendation wherever it is known. In accordance with the old Hippocratic oath, forbidding physicians to charge the families of each other for services rendered the Faculty of this College will make no charge for teaching sons of physicians, and as no physician charges a clergyman's family, the sons of clergymen will receive the same privilege. The next College session begins October 2, 1871. As the lecture fees charged for each student who has not obtained a Beneficiary Scholarship amount to \$120, annually, the public can appreciate the munificence of this benefaction.

## FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

San Francisco, August 9.—The press of the Pacific coast unanimously condemn the order of the War Department countermarching the orders of General Sherman for an active campaign against the Apaches, of the purpose of giving the Quaker Commissioners an opportunity to operate. The order is denounced as handing the helpless settlers of Arizona over to the tender mercies of the Apaches.

Lewis Beach, whose remaining son was killed by the fall of a building two weeks ago committed suicide by taking strychnine this morning, at the grave of his children, in Lone Mountain Cemetery.

The Secretary of the Treasury has remitted the sentence of forfeiture of 14,300 bags of sugar belonging to the San Francisco Sugar Refinery and seized for alleged undervaluation.

A temporary injunction restraining the collection of the assessment of the Hilden Treasurers Mining Company's stock as unnecessary, has been sued out by stockholders.

The steamer Montana, from Mazatlan, with \$400,000 in treasure, has arrived.

The Lake Tahoe and Central Pacific Railroad tunnel will be five miles long through solid granite nineteen feet in height and twenty-one feet wide.

The Governor of Lower California writes to the Montana that the last remnants of the Magicians Bay Company have arrived at Cape St. Lucas, utterly destitute. Being provided with rations by the Mexican Government, to keep the men from starvation until they can be taken away.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

YOU will please announce THOMAS J. TWILLEY, of Salisbury, as a candidate for Commissioner of the Board of Supervisors, subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention, on July 11.

MANY VOTERS.

His Friends.

YOU will please insert in your paper, the name of THOMAS A. WALSH, Esq., as a candidate for the Sheriffship of Wisconsin County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention, on July 11.

MANY VOTERS.

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YOU will please announce SAMUEL H. POOKS, as a candidate for the Sheriffship of Wisconsin County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention, on July 11.

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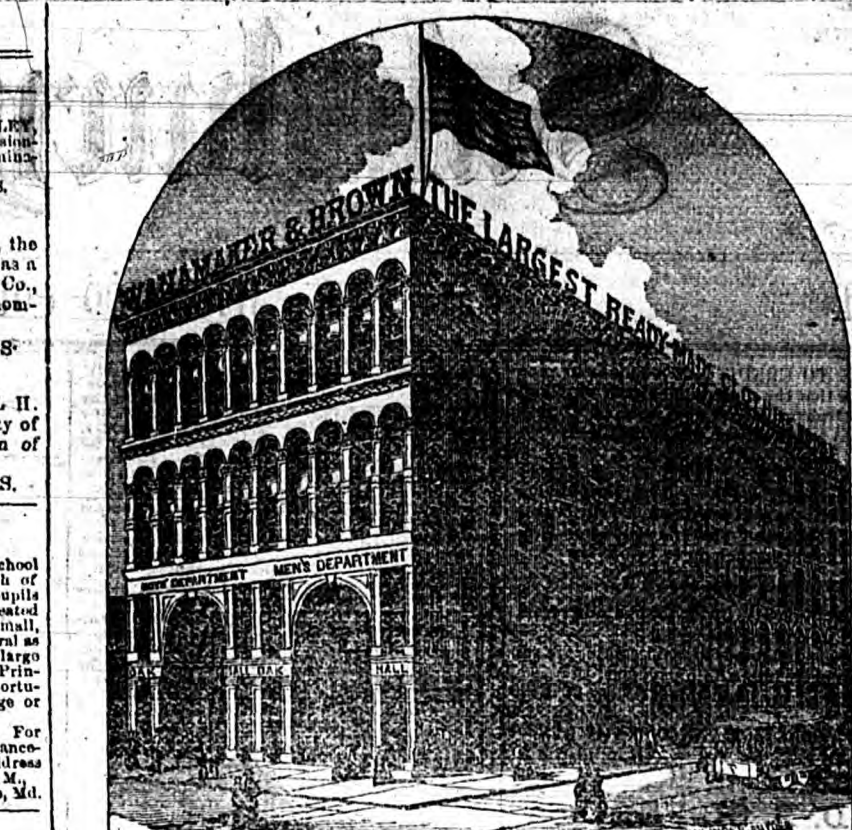
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MANY VOTERS.

His Friends.



THESE BUILDINGS, COVERING LOTS

Nos. 534, 536, 538 Market St., Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 So. Sixth St., and Nos. 525, 527, 529 Minor St.,

Whose Salesrooms and Storerooms, spread

out, would cover more than Three Acres of ground,

making them the Largest and Completest Buildings of the kind

in America, if not in the World, are now

COMPLETELY FILLED WITH OUR

MOST MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF FALL CLOTHING.

FULLY \$750,000'S WORTH

OF THE MOST

SUPERIOR READY-MADE CLOTHING,

FOR MEN AND BOYS, EVER MADE.

All perfectly New and Fresh in Designs and Materials.

WANAMAKER & BROWN. Philadelphia.

## BUY THE GENUINE

FAIRBANKS

Standard Scales.

Every Scale Warranted.

STOCK SCALES—HAY SCALES—COAL

SCALES—DAIRY SCALES—PLAT

FORM SCALES—COUNTER

SCALES—AC, AC, AC

Alarm Money Drawers.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,

166 W. Baltimore St. Balto.

252 BROADWAY, New York.

93 MAIN STREET, Buffalo, New York.

Fairbanks, Brown & Co.,

115 MILK STREET, Boston.

JE 271 3m.

## READING RAIL ROAD HOUSE.

Open day and night. Travellers coming North by Delaware and Maryland Road, or all travellers arriving at Depot, Broad and Pine, can reach the House by taking the Reading Passenger Cars opposite the Depot, Charges reduced.

JE 271

T. N. WARE, Proprietor.

## Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.


The following is a list of







**MALTBY HOUSE**  
**BALTIMORE, MD**



**C. R. HOGAN, Proprietor**  
**REDUCTION OF FARE.**  
 IN consideration of the general decline

**\$2.50 Per Day.**

**MERCHANT'S HOTEL,**  
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.  
**Room 75 cents per day or regular fare \$2.00 per day.**  
Corner of Hanover and Pratt streets,  
Baltimore, Md.  
Three squares from B & O R.R. Depot, and  
directly south of the circular clock tower.

minutes walk of the principal steamboat wharves,  
HENRY SCHOFIELD,  
Proprietor.

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NATURE'S  
**HAIR RESTORATIVE**

**TRADE MARK.**



Contains no LAC SULPHUR—F  
GAR OF LEAD—No LITHARGE—  
NITRATE OF SILVER, and is ent

free from the Poisonous and Hair Destroying Drugs used in all other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal it will soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CHEAP and EFFICIENT.—desideratum in all cases. SOUGHT FOR AND FOUND AT LAST.

It restores and prevents the Hair from coming Gray, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing. It checks, checks the Hair from falling off, and stores it to a great extent when removed.

lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Hu-  
cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Pen-  
A DISSING FOR THE HAIR IT IS  
BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET.  
DE. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Janu-  
Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER & BR-  
EIGS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuina is  
up in a panel bottle, made expressly for  
the name of the article blown in the  
Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Re-  
store, and take no other.

**F O U N D !**

An unfailing remedy for all Bronchial Diseases, Sore Throat and Colds.

**DR. WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS**

also purify the blood, assist circulation, and restore the system to a healthy condition. They are rest giving, acting directly on the mucous membrane, and should be promptly and freely used.

FOR WORMS IN CHILDREN  
Wells' Carbolic Tablets  
are a never failing remedy. TRY THEM  
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Oct 8-4w

ESTABLISHED 1840.  
JOHN C. SMITH & SONS

**MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale**  
in Fine Cigars.  
Country Merchants are invited to  
examine our stock.

**DELAWARE SASH**  
DOOR, BLIND, SHUTTER, WINDOW  
FRAME and MOULDING MANUFACTURERS  
**SEAFORD, DEL.**  
Will furnish all the above mentioned  
articles at prices, and workmanship to  
order with any Factory in the United States

Also, OYSTER and FRUIT BOXES. Give every description, together, with a fair estimate of Lumber

**FLOORING, SIDING, ROOFING**

SCANTLIN, WHITE and YELLOW  
PINE,  
**RAILING & BALUSTINE**

**FOR STAIRS.**  
And a general assortment of Building & Scroll Work and Brackets furnished to Builders and Dealers will find it to the advantage to give us a trial and be at once convinced of the above facts.

**H. S. BREWSTER**  
Agent, Salisbury

Will give prompt attention to work left with him. Estimates on all work

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# Salisbury Advertiser.

Vol. 4. SALISBURY, WICOMICO COUNTY, MD., SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1871. No. 49.

**The Salisbury Advertiser.**  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.  
AT SALISBURY, MD.  
One Copy, one year, in advance \$1.00  
If not paid in 60 days, 1.50  
Single copies five cents.  
RATES OF ADVERTISING:  
One square—six lines or less, solid measure  
Nonpareil—inserted one time for \$1.50,  
and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.  
Bills for advertisements due after first insertion.  
Job Printing Executed with neatness and  
dispatch at the office of the Advertiser.

**Professional Cards.**  
**JUSTON HUMPHREYS,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend strictly to all business entrusted  
to his care. Office over the store of A. G.  
Toussaint & Co., Main Street.

**EMUEL MALONE,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend strictly to all legal business in-  
trusted to him, and to the sale of Real Estate.  
C. F. HOLLAND. G. W. MCGOWAN.

**HOLLAND & COOPER,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Practice in the Courts of Maryland and Del-  
aware.

**J. HOPKINS TARR,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will practice in the Courts of Somerset, Wi-  
comico, and Worcester Counties.

**JAMES E. ELLEGOOD,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SALISBURY, MD.  
Will attend promptly to all business entrus-  
ted to his care.

**A. D. JONES,**  
Attorney-General of Maryland,  
Office over Chesapeake Bank,  
Corner North and Fayette Streets,  
BALTIMORE.

Practices in the Courts of Baltimore in  
the Court of Appeals, and in the Supreme  
Court of the United States.

**D. R. S. BELL,**  
Graduate of "Baltimore College of Dental Sur-  
gery."

**DENTIST,**  
SALISBURY, MD.  
PENINSULAR HOUSE,  
MAIN STREET, SALISBURY, MD.

**J. TRACY, Proprietor.**  
A. J. MCCOLLEY,  
WITH

**Joseph Bennett & Co.,**  
[Successors to Smith, Bennett & Co.]

**Wholesale Druggists,**  
No. 609 Market Street,  
PHILADELPHIA.

**Wicomico & Pocomoke**  
RAIL ROAD.

On and after Monday, May 4th, daily Passen-  
ger and Freight trains will run on the Wi-  
comico and Pocomoke Rail Road as follows:  
LEAVE ARRIVE AT  
Berlin at 8:30 A.M. Salisbury at 10:00 A.M.  
Salisbury at 3:40 P.M. Berlin at 5:15 P.M.  
The trains for Salisbury will stop at St. Mar-  
tin's, Whaleyville and Pottsville, making con-  
nection at Salisbury with the Philadelphia and  
Baltimore Mail Train.  
Will leave Salisbury for Berlin and interme-  
diate points immediately after the arrival of the  
of the down Mail Train. H. R. PITT, Pres.

**DELAWARE MUTUAL**  
Life Insurance Co.,  
OF WILMINGTON, DEL.  
JOHN P. McLEER, President.  
M. M. CHILD, Secretary.  
BRANCH OFFICE:  
N. W. Cor. Ninth & Chestnut Streets,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
GEO. F. STONE, Vice President, Manager.  
GEO. F. TURNER, Gen'l Agent & Attorney,  
Ward Mutual.  
All Policies Non-forfeiting after One Annual  
Payment.  
Every accommodation consistent with guaran-  
teed to Policy Holders.  
Books containing full information concerning  
the plans and Rules of the Co. sent free upon ap-  
plication to the Branch Office.  
AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT THE STATES OF  
PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY.  
REFERENCES (by localities)—Hon. E. W.  
Gillpin, Chief Justice of Delaware; Hon.  
Thos. F. Bayard, U. S. Senator from Delaware;  
Hon. Alfred Lee, Bishop of Delaware; Gen.  
Henry de Pont, Powder Manufacturer; Hon. Gov.  
Saulsbury, Gov. State of Del.; the Presidents  
of all the Banks in the City of Wilmington;  
Hon. J. S. Valentine, Mayor City of Wilmington.  
Aug 13-ly

**EDGAR I. OLIVER,**  
Commission Merchant,  
AND DEALER IN  
BERRIES, PEACHES AND APPLES, DRIED  
FRUITS, POULTRY, EGGS &c.  
No. 153 Centre Row,  
West Washington Market,  
NEW YORK.

I will use my best endeavors to promote the  
interests of my shippers, by getting good prices,  
making daily reports, and sending prompt  
returns once or twice a week, as may be de-  
sired.  
[10-15-71]

**\$5 to \$10 PER DAY.**  
MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS who engage  
new business make from \$5 to \$10 per  
day on their own localities. Full particulars  
sent free by mail. Those in de-  
pendent, profitable work, should ad-  
dress S. S. S. & Co., Portland,  
Main.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to give  
notice that the undersigned hath obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County  
letters of Administration on the estate of  
JOHN C. BRADLEY,  
late of said county dec'd. All persons having  
claims against the said dec'd., are hereby warn-  
ed to exhibit the same with the vouchers there-  
of before the subscriber on or before the  
6th day of November, 1871,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.  
All persons indebted to said estate, are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this 6th day of May,  
1871.  
CANNON KNOWLES,  
Administrator.

**D. B. SL FER'S**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL  
FURNITURE, CHAIR AND BEDDING  
WAREHOUSES,  
No. 66 North 2nd St. below Arch, West Side,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
Factory and Wholesale Dealers.  
1603 North Sixth Street, above Oxford.  
mar 25 71 3m

**L. H. BLACK,**  
Cloak, Dress-Making, Suit  
AND  
MILLINERY EMPORIUM,  
No. 107 West Baltimore Street,  
BALTIMORE.  
Particular attention paid to orders.  
apl 8 71 6m

**CORN AND OATS.**  
whitlock's "Vegetator"  
contains in a Soluble condition every element  
necessary in the formation of Corn and Oats.  
It is always uniform in quality, and the price  
having been reduced to \$50. per ton Farmers  
are invited to apply a small quantity by the  
side of any other manure they are using.  
Each bag contains 100 pounds and the  
quantity and per acre should not exceed that  
of Peruvian Guano.  
Orders for the same will be filled by  
E. E. JACKSON & CO., Salisbury, Md., or  
can be sent direct to  
W. WHITLOCK & CO.,  
44 South St., Baltimore.  
apl 8 71 1m

**OFFICE BOOTH & GARRETT LABORATORY, &c.**  
Philadelphia, March 24th, 1871.  
It is our constant practice to make chemical  
analysis of the Phosphate manufactured by  
Messrs. WATSON & CLARK, of this city. We  
analyze the materials employed in the manu-  
facture, the materials in the course of manu-  
facture, and the finished product ready for  
commerce. We know from our analysis that  
it is the constant endeavor of W. & C. to throw  
into market a uniform and reliable fertilizer,  
which shall not be inferior to the best, but  
rather surpass them. The average analysis of  
the fertilizer to be  
Soluble Phosphoric Acid about 7 per cent.  
Equivalent to total Bone Phosphate 15 per cent.  
Total Phosphoric Acid about 15 per cent.  
Ammonia about 1 per cent., equivalent to  
Supphate of Ammonia 1 per cent.  
The Soluble Phosphoric Acid fluctuates from  
12 to 14 per cent., the total from 14 to  
16 per cent., and the Ammonia, from 1 to 2  
per cent.  
As we have made numerous analyses of simi-  
lar fertilizers, made by other firms, we can as-  
sert that the article made by W. & C. is not  
surpassed by any others on sale that we have  
examined, but that it is decidedly superior to  
the greater part of them, and is, moreover,  
very uniform in composition.  
Respectfully,  
BOOTH & GARRETT.

For Sale by J. JOHNSON & CO.,  
Salisbury, Maryland.  
apl 22 71 6m

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to give  
notice that the undersigned hath obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County  
letters of Administration on the estate of  
LEVIN HUSTON,  
late of said county dec'd. All persons having  
claims against the said dec'd., are hereby warn-  
ed to exhibit the same with the vouchers there-  
of before the subscriber on or before the  
6th day of December, 1871,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.  
All persons indebted to said estate, are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this 3th day of  
June, 1871.  
THOS. HUMPHREYS,  
Administrator.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to give  
notice that the subscriber hath obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County  
letters Testamentary on the estate of  
MARY PRENNY  
late of said county dec'd. All persons having  
claims against the said dec'd. are hereby warn-  
ed to exhibit their claims with the vouchers  
thereof, before the subscriber, on or before  
the 30th day of October, 1871,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.  
All persons indebted to said estate are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand, this 29th day of April  
1871  
ELIJAH PRENNY,  
Executor.

**AGENTS.** For full selling popular subscription  
PAMPHLET. Information free. Address American  
Book Co., 24 William St., N. Y.

**DEAFNESS, CATARRH, SCROFULA.** A lady  
who had suffered for years from Deafness,  
tinnitus, and Scrofula, was cured by a simple remedy.  
Her sympathy and gratitude prompt her to send the  
receipts free of charge to any one similarly afflicted.  
Address Mrs. M. C. Leggett, Jersey City, N. J. [10-15-71]

**FORTUNES** Offered to live men, Rare  
Chance. Send Stamp.  
Diamond & Co., Wilmington, Del.  
seps 10-2m

**SIMMONS'**  
The symptoms of Liver  
Complaint are uneasy-  
ness and pain in the  
side. Sometimes the  
pain is in the shoulder,  
and is made worse by  
chewing. The stomach  
is affected with loss  
of appetite and sickness, bowels in general consti-  
pated, sometimes alternating with lax. The head is troubled  
with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable  
loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensation  
about the neck, and at other times with a feeling of  
heat in the face, and a sense of fullness in the  
head. Often complaining of weakness, debility,  
and a general feeling of languor.  
Cure the Liver with  
DR. SIMMONS' Liver Regulator.

**LIVER**  
DR. SIMMONS' Liver Regulator,  
A preparation of roots and herbs, warranted to be  
strictly vegetable, and can do harm to any one.  
It has been used by hundreds, and known for the  
last forty years as one of the most reliable, efficacious  
and harmless preparations ever offered, to the suffer-  
ing. It taken regularly and persistently, it is sure to  
cure.  
Dyspepsia, headache, jaundice, costiveness, sick  
headache, chronic diarrhea, affections of the bladder,  
camp dysentery, affections of the kidneys, fever, ner-  
vousness, chills, diseases of the skin, impurity of the  
blood, melancholia, or depression of spirits, heartburn,  
colic, pains in the bowels, pain in the head, fever and ague,  
dysuria, boils, pain in the back, &c.

**Regulator.**  
Prepared only by  
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,  
Price, \$1.00, by mail \$1.25. Druggists, Macon, Ga.  
For Sale by E. W. HUMPHREYS, Druggist, Salis-  
bury, Md. (Jan. 7, '71-ly)

**We INVITE**  
CUSTOMERS  
AT A  
DISTANCE  
FROM  
Philadelphia,  
TO SEND  
THEIR ORDERS,  
Pledging them  
SATISFACTION  
IN RESPECT TO  
GOODS,  
WORKMANSHIP,  
PRICE,  
AND  
RULES  
FOR  
SELF-MEASURE.  
Full's & Boy's Wear  
AS WELL AS  
GENTS' Wear  
May be ordered by let-  
ter, with the guarantee  
OF  
FULL SATISFACTION  
IN EVERY CASE.  
JOHN W. NAMAKER & CO.,  
MERCHANT TAILORS, DEALERS IN  
THE FINEST READY-MADE CLOTHING,  
318 & 320 CHESTNUT ST. PHILADELPHIA.

**JOHN W. NAMAKER & CO.**  
MERCHANT TAILORS, DEALERS IN  
THE FINEST READY-MADE CLOTHING,  
318 & 320 CHESTNUT ST. PHILADELPHIA.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—This is to give  
notice that the undersigned hath obtained  
from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County, letters  
Testamentary on the estate of  
GEORGE W. BOUNDS  
late of Wicomico county, dec'd. All persons  
having claims against said dec'd., are hereby  
warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers  
thereof, to the subscriber on or before the  
23d day of October, 1871,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from  
all benefit of said estate.  
All persons indebted to said estate are re-  
quested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this 22d day of April  
1871.  
TRAIN A. BOUNDS, Exr.,  
of Geo. W. BOUNDS, dec'd.

**W. H. MARVILL**  
WITH  
**Wm. F. HANSELL,**  
21 North 4th Street Philadelphia.  
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN  
CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.  
Original Packages constantly on hand.  
m25 71 6m

**CHANGE OF SCHEDULE, OF THE**  
EASTERN SHORE STEAMBOAT COMPANY.  
THE STEAMER "MAGGIE," CAPT. S. H. WILSON.  
Will leave Crisfield for Baltimore, every  
MONDAY and THURSDAY at 7 o'clock, P.M.  
Returning, leaves Baltimore every TUESDAY  
and FRIDAY at 5 o'clock, connecting with the  
STEAMER "SUE," CAPT. Wm. F. VEAH,  
at Crisfield for Northampton County and Nor-  
folk, Virginia. (Nov 12-71)

**FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!**  
**L. KNOWLES & O.**  
1218 MARKET STREET,  
Philadelphia, Pa.  
Choice Brands of FAMILY and BAKERS Flour  
from the best wheat growing districts,  
nov 8, '70-6m

**AGENTS WANTED.**—A month by the A-  
TUN, Pa., or St. Louis, Mo.

**Original Poetry.**  
**Little Bare Foot.**  
BY AMANDA  
Dear little bare feet where have you been?  
How many steps have you taken today?  
Chasing the butterfly, wailing the breeze,  
Wandering about like a restless fay,  
Climbing the apple trees, climbing the hedge,  
Headless of briars and thorns in the way,  
Headless of clouds in the West upheaving,  
Headless of all but your innocent play.

Poor little bare feet, torn by the thorns  
And cruel wild briars that grow in the hedge  
And soiled by the slime and tall, dark grass  
That treacherously bites the brook's edge.  
Let me bathe them, dear, 'till soothe the pain  
And cool the fever that scorches them too;  
Now lie on my breast while I sing to you, dear,  
The lullaby song that is always new.

Dear little bare feet, quiet at last  
But the long red scratches are on them still,  
And I hug him close, with a nervous fear,  
That treacherously bites the brook's edge.  
I think of the long, dark, thorny paths  
Through which my darling's footstep yet may stray;  
For the sunburnt cracks that lie on my breast  
Change their golden brown to silvery gray.

But sleep on my foot, little bare feet  
May walk the fair streets that are paved with gold  
For the sunburnt cracks that lie on my breast  
Change their golden brown to silvery gray.  
And the child-foot loses their delicate mold  
Be that as it may, be it early or late,  
When the life-foot comes to carry you o'er  
So the dark waves bear you safely on  
'Till landed safe on the "Evergreen Shore."

**WALKS, TALKS AND OBSERVATIONS.**  
**STRAWBERRY CORNER,**  
August 17, 1871.  
Good morning gentlemen, we have  
had some fine seasons since we last  
met.

Mr. Wide Awake, how is the straw-  
berry patch looking? Have you been  
busy in it, cleaning out and keeping  
down the young grass and weeds which  
have come to the surface since the  
rains? If not, then those few plants  
will suffer in the effort to separate  
them, and if not cleaned out now, you  
must not expect a fine yield of fruit  
next year, for nothing is more certain  
than that two crops cannot grow and  
thrive in the same place at the same  
time.

Impenetrability is one of the prop-  
erties of matter, and Strawberries are  
not an exception. If we would have  
a fine crop of berries we must enrich  
the land and keep down all growths  
except that for which we manured. We  
cannot encourage a fine growth of  
grass and weeds and grow good  
strong plants with well developed  
fruit crops, without which we will  
look in vain for a large yield of ber-  
ries. I can show you a patch of 6000  
plants bought at \$5. per thousand and  
set out last April, which three weeks  
ago was entirely overgrown with grass  
and weeds so that you could not see  
the plants. They had just been bar-  
rowed and the owner hoped to clean  
it out, but as they were then having  
rain almost every day, the prospect  
for doing so was gloomy. Let the grass  
get the start of you and then if there  
comes a wet spell, alas! alas! for the  
poor strawberry plant. The only sure  
way is not to let the grass get started.  
Keep them clean by stirring the sur-  
face frequently. This is done more  
easily and cheaply than by waiting for  
the grass to get started.

Mr. Practical Worker I see, is be-  
coming nervous and wants to hear  
about that Plant which has brought  
the money and which is most full of  
promise to us in our infantile-ber-  
ry culture.

I see by the company gathered here  
this morning we have a fair represen-  
tation of the out's and I judge from  
the expression, they would like to be  
in "on the dollar."

That "says Practical Worker" is  
eminently a practical suggestion. The  
dollar is always practical when a man  
has it, but to get it, is often problem-  
atical, as my friend "the chunk hauler"  
who seeded 12 bushels of wheat last  
Fall and this Summer gathered 10  
bushels, knows to his sorrow. Yes  
and that other friend of yours too,  
who dug for it by raising corn on land  
that does not yield him 5 bushels to  
the thousand.

Gentlemen, I am happy to be able  
to introduce to you this morning, my  
friend Dentagra who is eminently  
practical and as enthusiastic as he is  
practical. He will give you some-  
thing of his experience and his views,  
the result of many years practical  
growing and marketing of that which  
most interests us.

Gentlemen, I have, as my friend  
has said had many years experience  
and finally successful experience,  
though I, like many others who strike  
out in raw paths, have paid dearly for  
it and I would that you should profit  
by it and escape my blunders. The  
question I understand is, "what ber-  
ry is most sure to bring us good re-  
turns under general culture and under  
the most unfavorable circumstances."  
There is no berry that yields so well  
with me, taken one year with another,  
as the Wilson's Albany. It has aver-  
aged me 100 bushels per acre, which  
is not an unusual yield, and in price  
cleared me \$400.00 per acre. It is  
true that no one variety is well adapted  
to all soils and locations, yet this  
one berry comes near it.

other, and Mr. Wilson of Albany, N.  
York, the originator of it, deserves the  
thanks of the millions who have reap-  
ed good, in health and purse from its  
life-giving properties. I have known  
double that number of bushels gather-  
ed from one acre which sold at an  
average net profit of 10 cts. Although  
not so pleasant a berry to the taste as  
some others, they are good size, firm,  
carry well, and look well in market,  
consequently sell well and that is what  
we want, for that brings the money.

We should bear in mind that for  
profit, the fruit which yields well and  
looks well is the most profitable to the  
grower—fine qualities and rich flavor  
are but secondary considerations to  
commission men, for they dispose of  
most of our fruits in large quantities  
and if they make a good appearance  
on being opened they go off rapidly  
and at good prices.

The Wilson's Albany is the berry  
for the mass of growers, for it does  
well under moderate culture and will  
bear high culture and make returns  
in proportion. I have known it to  
yield at the rate of 13,000 quarts per  
acre. A friend gathered this year,  
8,000 quarts per acre, or 40,000 qts.,  
from 5 acres. These are premium  
crops and must not be expected by  
growers generally. The average from  
this berry on plantations covering 750  
acres for the year 1869 was 2000  
quarts.

Taking this berry then, all in all, it  
be the farmers berry and will yield him  
five times what our corn crops will  
yield us on the same lands.  
In our next, this subject will be  
continued and other berries will be in-  
troduced, and I hope our friends at the  
"Corner" will be prepared to give us  
some of their experience.

**HOOD'S MARRIED LIFE.**  
Socrates, Job, Milton, Byron, Shel-  
ley, with many others, have been un-  
happy in their wives. It is pleasant,  
therefore, to know that Hood's case  
was a bright exception. Despite the  
sorrows, hardships, and life-long dis-  
ease that crippled his energies and  
marred his life, the singularly happy  
one. Mrs. Hood was a woman of cul-  
tivated mind, great moral worth and  
literate sympathies. She was her hus-  
band's constant nurse through an ill-  
ness that never left him, cheered him  
when dull, acted as amanuensis, and,  
during the last few years of his life,  
so devoted to him her whole time and  
thoughts, that latterly Hood became  
restless and unable to write unless she  
was near. Seldom have the words  
of the novelist, who was almost a great  
poet, been more nobly realized than  
in the person of Mrs. Hood:

"O, woman!  
When pain and anguish wring the brow,  
A ministering angel thou!"  
She needed a sweet temper to put  
up with a husband so brimful of fun  
and practical jokes as Hood. Noth-  
ing seemed to ruffle her temper, and  
she was always ready to join in the  
laugh even when against herself. The  
reason was that she knew and loved  
her husband perfectly. Nothing could  
shake her confidence in him, and the  
rogue was apt at times to take ad-  
vantage of her faith. She required to  
keep strict watch on every letter she  
wrote, for if she left it for any time in  
Hood's presence he would take advan-  
tage of her absence to change the  
"it's" and "is's" and after interlining  
here and there the most extraordinary  
statements, to add by way of climax,  
some ludicrous comical postscript. Their  
children tell us that she was a capital  
subject for his fun, for she believed  
implicitly in whatever he told her,  
however improbable, and though row-  
ing seriously not to be taken in again,  
she was sure to be caught. Her inno-  
cent face of wonder and belief added  
greatly to the zest of the jokes.

On one occasion, when living at the  
coast, Hood gave his wife some useful  
hints on buying fish. "Above all things,  
Jane," said he, "as they will endeavor  
to impose upon your inexperience,  
let nothing induce you to buy a plaice  
that has any appearance of red or  
orange spots, as they are sure signs of  
an advanced state of decomposition."  
Accordingly Mrs. Hood, on the faith  
of her newly-acquired knowledge, was  
quite prepared to do battle with the  
cunning fishwomen, one of whom  
called shortly afterwards. As it hap-  
pened, the woman had nothing but  
plaice, which she turned over and over  
praising their freshness and beauty.  
Mrs. Hood, however, was too sharp-  
sighted to be taken in—the ob-  
noxious spots were there. In vain the  
fishwoman protested that they were  
fresh from the water. The cautious  
buyer gravely shook her head, and  
with a look of infinite wisdom, com-  
bined with a certain sad pity for the  
woman's supposed dishonesty, observ-  
ed:

"My good woman, it may be as you  
say, but I could never think of buying  
any plaice with those unpleasant red  
spots."  
"Lord bless your eyes, mum!" re-  
plied the astonished fishwoman, with  
a shout, "who ever said a plaice with-  
out spots?"

A suppressed giggle on the stairs  
behind her revealed the joke, and  
turning her head hastily, Mrs. Hood  
caught sight of her husband hurriedly  
disappearing in an ecstasy of laugh-  
ter, leaving her to appease the angry  
sea-nymph as she could.

The most careless reader of Hood's  
life cannot fail to be struck by the  
happiness of the poet and his family  
in the midst of continual difficulties  
and broken health. Her private let-  
ters teem with sentences beginning  
"Hood said this," "Hood did that,"  
"Hood took me to such a place." The  
intense loveliness of the man man-  
ifests itself in his life and poetry. He  
was essentially a family man, joking  
with his wife, contriving all sorts of  
tricks and games for his children, and  
after a severe night's labor stealing  
into their bedroom to leave upon their  
pillow some comical sketch to amuse  
them on awaking.

The first few years of his married  
life were the most unclouded Hood  
ever knew, and he much needed some  
little happiness to hard up against  
the bitter years that were fast coming.  
The young couple lived for some years  
in Robert street, Adelphi, Hood was  
a thorough cookery, and though  
doomed by the fault of others to pass  
the best part of his life on the Conti-  
nent, was never at home out of Lon-  
don. Only a city man—one familiar  
with the misery and squalidness and  
sin of city life—could have written the  
"Song of the Shirt."

A doctor told his patient that he  
must give him an emetic. "It's no  
use," said the patient, "I've tried it  
twice before, and it would not stay  
down my stomach."

—Frugal landlady of boarding-  
house—"Coming to dinner, Mr.  
Brown?" Heavy boarder—"Well,  
perhaps, if I don't feel hungry."

**An Illinois Wedding.**  
A FURIOUS BRIDEGROOM—LIVELY SCENES.  
From the Peoria Republican, July 24.  
Cole, the artist, has just returned from a  
trip down the Peoria, Pekin and Jackson-  
ville Railroad, and while stopping at Forest  
city he witnessed a rural wedding, which  
quite throws into the shade anything of the  
kind we have ever heard. While at the  
hotel, in the evening, a party drove up,  
and assembling in the parlor sent for the  
landlord. They had come from the prairie,  
and were in search of an official to tie the  
knot that should make them one and  
inseparable forevermore. Cole was invited  
to witness the ceremony, and according to  
the parlor found the expectant bridegroom,  
a man about 40 years of age, and a fair  
and blushing damsel of 20, waiting im-  
patiently the arrival of the parson. For  
some reason no minister could be found, and  
they were obliged to fall back upon a young  
fellow newly elected a justice of the peace  
and who had never before officiated at a  
ceremony of this kind. He was very  
nervous at the idea of having to perform  
the ceremony, and had brought with him  
a copy of "Every Man His Own Lawyer,"  
and "Haines' Township Laws," through  
which he searched for a desired form. Not  
finding one, and the crowd growing im-  
patient, he told the couple to stand up be-  
fore him and hold up their right hands.  
This done he pronounced the following  
unique charge:

"You and each of you do solemnly swear  
that in the cause now upon hearing you  
will tell the truth, the whole truth, and  
nothing but the truth, and that you will  
love, honor, cherish and obey each other  
during the term of your natural lives, so  
help you God.

Both answered solemnly, "I will" and  
then the justice charged them a dollar each  
and pronounced them man and wife. One  
of the friends then produced a jug of whis-  
key from their wagon and proceeded to  
compound a punch, of which the whole  
crowd drank freely, and had a dance. As  
they could find no music, their efforts were  
principally confined to jigs and break  
downs. At last the party concluded to  
put the happy couple to bed. The bride  
was willing to go, because she said she was  
tired and her shoes pinched her feet. The  
girls of the party took her off to her cham-  
ber and soon disrobed her, and announced  
to the young men that everything was ra-  
dy. All repaired to the bridal-chamber,  
where the face of the new-made bride was  
sweetly reposing on the pillow. After a  
romp and the perpetration of the customary  
jokes, the young fellows intimated to the  
bridegroom that they proposed to divest  
him of his wearing apparel and put him by  
the side of his wife. He demurred, and  
then a sudden ensued. The bridegroom  
was as strong as an ox, and getting angry  
he blackened one fellow's eyes and tore  
another one's coat of his back. In the  
tumult the whole party got out of the room  
tumbled down stairs, and brought up in  
the bar-room where, good order being re-  
stored, everybody took a drink. In spite  
of all persuasions the newly-married man  
declared he wasn't going to let them take  
of his clothes. His comrades then got a  
rope, and making a noose slipped it over  
his head and tried to drag him up stairs.  
They nearly choked him to death, when  
the landlord interfered and cut the cord.  
Then they fastened it to his leg, and in  
trying to drag him up stairs broke a lounge  
down a ladder rail and half the banisters.  
Finding that they couldn't get him up stairs  
they went up to see if they couldn't make  
the bride get up and come down, but she  
locked the door and wouldn't let the crowd  
in. Some of them got a hammer and nails  
and getting a ladder put it up on the out-  
side of the house, climbed into the bride's  
apartment, and nailed up the door solidly,  
vowing if the bridegroom wouldn't let them  
put him to bed he shouldn't get into the  
room anyhow. They hid the ladder and  
went off. The happy man finding the coast  
clear, walked quietly to his room and at-  
tempted to enter. He couldn't get in and  
he frantically shouted: "Jenny, open the  
door." Jenny informed him that it was  
nailed up. He tried to kick it open, when  
the landlord interfered and told him he  
was not going to have the furniture of the  
house ruined in that way. He went out  
and tried to find the ladder, but couldn't  
do it. At last some one remembered that  
a company of lightning-rod men had some  
ladders at the other end of the town. So  
down the newly-married couple hastened,  
soured a ladder, and at 4:30 in the morn-  
ing succeeded in joining his bride in the  
room above. The next morning the party  
returned home, declaring that they had  
the fullest wedding ever known in that  
section. This is no fancy sketch, but a  
bona fide occurrence. We could give the  
names of the parties if we wished.

**Roasting an Actor.**  
Lord, how I did laugh at old Dean,  
father of Julia Dean, one night. He was  
playing that funny old king to Booth's  
Richard one infernal old night in Buffalo.  
When Booth stabbed him the awkward old  
duffer fell flat on the register of the stage.  
Some devil of an actor seized this, ran  
down and told the crowd that the king was  
the furnace that every body was freezing on  
the stage—to rush up the lines. We who were  
in the secret watched the result. First the  
dead king broke into a profuse perspiration  
while Richard was delivering his long  
soliloquy. How the dead king did sweat!  
But, as the fire increased, he began to  
wriggle and squirm. The audience was  
startled to see the body quiver and the legs  
give little part motion, which was in ac-  
cordance with the text. We would have him  
muster to Richard:

"Harry up, come, I'm sorry, I'm  
roasting here!"  
But Richard continued to deliver his  
long soliloquy, and the audience began to  
laugh. At last when he was reading the  
downward line, and as he read the line  
his downy anatomy rose up and he was  
on the stage, rubbing his back, and look-  
ing ridiculous, to the utter astonishment  
of the audience. Striking an attitude, he  
said:

"Can such things be?  
And overcome us like a summer's cloud  
Without our special wonder?"  
Dean got a black eye and broke  
while attempting to kick the king.  
From Dan Pierce's Capital.

A lecturer in a Western  
damages of a journal which  
part of his discourse.

A doctor told his patient that he  
must give him an emetic. "It's no  
use," said the patient, "I've tried it  
twice before, and it would not stay  
down my stomach."

—Frugal landlady of boarding-  
house—"Coming to dinner, Mr.  
Brown?" Heavy boarder—"Well,  
perhaps, if I don't feel hungry."





Saturday, August 19, 1871.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. W. Pinkney Whyte.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

Andrew K. Syester.

FOR COMPTROLLER,

Col. Levin Woolford.

Select Good Men.

While the political pot is boiling fast and furious and candidates are almost as numerous as the Persian Army when it invaded Greece in ancient days, it may not be amiss to address a few words of caution and admonition to the people on a subject which concerns their dearest interests. We refer to the selection of candidates to fill the various positions to which the people of Wicomico County will elect next Fall. Since there are so many candidates in the field, it is difficult, no doubt, for many honest, well meaning Democrats to determine who to support. Personal friendships, financial considerations, favoritisms and the hundred little ins and outs that make politics so aggravating are brought into full play, and doubtless many good men, who desire to further the best interests of the party, County and State, are hard put to it to decide to whom they will yield their influence in securing the nominations. We have the personal assurance of many that they are thus circumstanced, and it leads us to suggest what we conceive to be the proper prescription for a popular and alarming disease.

In politics as in business, great care should be exercised in the choice of men to fill places of profit and trust. Honesty, moral worth, social standing, and competency are just as requisite in political matters, as in the counting room, and it should be the aim of the people to exercise the same care in selecting a set for public positions as merchants exhibit in employing clerks. This must be done if we want good officers and good government, and a contrary course is sure to bring trouble upon the people. Every individual man should feel it his duty to examine the merits and worth of a candidate when he announces himself, and make up his mind whether he can or cannot conscientiously support him for the position to which he aspires. This course should be pursued fearlessly and determinedly by all men who desire a pure party and a pure government. It is not enough to know that a man has been a Democrat all his life. It is not enough to know that he is familiar with the intrigues and tricks of legislative bodies, the working of political wires and has rendered some service to the party by the exercise of his ingenuity and skill in controlling a few doubtful voters. It is not enough to know that he is popular with a certain class of voters—large though that class may be—who will support the man who supplies whiskey liberally. It is not enough to know that he is the most available man in a district, and that that district claims the right to put forward a candidate for some position in the gift of the people. No, he must be a man of integrity and ability. One capable of honoring the position he is to occupy and of maintaining the confidence and respect of the people both at home and abroad. A man qualified to discharge the duties devolving upon a public servant in a straightforward business manner. To attain this high standard in politics, it is incumbent upon all good men to give their attention when it becomes necessary, and use their influence and ballots in such a way as shall convince skeptics, mountebanks and demagogues, that the party and party are necessary to success in politics, and that to succeed to preferment and honor can only be attained by the most honorable means. It is a right to allow personal considerations to influence his mind in the selection of a candidate for office, but it is not a right to allow his mind to be influenced by a candidate's personal qualities in the selection of a candidate for office.

knows to be inferior in ability, is not a good Democrat or a good citizen—for he sacrifices his party and his country on the altar of his own selfish hatred.

We do not refer to any particular individuals in this article. Our language is applicable to the general class of politicians who have made the politics of America the synonym for corruption and chicanery, and, if the cap should perchance, fit the heads of any gentlemen in Wicomico County, we wish them to remember that we do not place it there—but that it does so, on the principal of the "eternal fitness of things."

### The War In The East

Further Details of the Second Battle in Korea.

San Francisco, August 14.—The Pacific Mail Steamship China brings details of the second battle between the American and the Koreans. The latter had 6,000 men armed with jingals, and their bullets fell short, while the deadly fire of the American rifles told fearfully on the enemy.

Under the cover of the rank vegetation and the shoulder of a hill the Americans advanced within 120 yards of the forts before they came within range of the Korean musketry.

The Koreans resisted desperately till the last. Lieutenant McKee was killed as he entered the intrenchments. When the Americans reached the intrenchments the Koreans succumbed.

A number of prisoners were taken, including the officer second who was badly wounded, the commander-in-chief having been killed. On the 10th of June the American force bivouacked in the forts, and next day demolished the forts and spiked all the guns. The fleet returned to the Boize anchorage two days later.

The Koreans sent on board a letter filled with the most insulting and abusive language, to which no reply was made. All our Rodgers, however, sent to the Koreans to know what he should do with the prisoners. The Koreans answered he might do what he liked with them. Two days later he set them at liberty and sent two messages ashore, but the local authority refused to receive them, saying it was as much as his head was worth to send them and it was no use to attempt to communicate further with the coast.

Mr. Lowe, the American Minister, then sent a formal protest that his mission was peaceful, and that the American attack was not for a refusal to negotiate, but because the Koreans had treacherously fired on the boats.

The steamer Millet was then despatched to Shanghai with despatches for Washington. The Monterey and Palos will return to Shanghai and be docked and the rest of the squadron will return to Chefoo and await instructions. One hundred thousand rounds were sent to Chefoo.

The Koreans fought like men. Their weapons are stretched old firelocks, and their outlaws made of soft iron which bent like old hoop. They were dressed in armor of thin tinplates, cotton padded, so that only rifle balls could penetrate them. Their swords produced no effect.

Documents captured showed that the Korean government had planned the surprise of the American fleet, and were astonished at the failure of the forts to annihilate the foreign vessels at the first fire.

The expedition has accomplished no change in the relations of the two countries and Minister Lowe and Admiral Rodgers will await instructions from Washington before proceeding to further hostilities.

Twelve native Christians came alongside the admiral's flagship in a junk, and begged to be taken to Shanghai and that their junk be burned to prevent its falling into the hands of the native authorities, who would thereby discover from what village they came and punish their relatives. The request was granted.

The English colonial press in China denounce the return of the American fleet to Chefoo as having all the moral effect of a defeat.

Two Englishmen and one German engaged in saving materials from the wreck of the German schooner Chusan, on Sir James Hall's Island, have been captured by Koreans, bound hand and foot, slung on bamboo, and packed off to the interior of Korea. The British fleet has sailed from Japan to inquire into their fate.

### Another Mining Disaster.

Seventeen Miners Buried Alive in a Coal Shaft—Five Dead Bodies Taken Out—No Hope for those Remaining in the Pit.

Pittston, Pa., August 14.—Another appalling calamity has fallen upon this community. About 10 o'clock to-day the startling rumor flew through our town that an explosion of fire-damp had occurred in the Eagle shaft, owned by J. B. Schooley and wrought by Alvah Tompkins. The shaft is situated just on the line of this borough, and thousands of men, women, and children soon gathered at the scene. The hoisting machinery remained uninjured several workmen who were near the shaft escaped unhurt. Seventeen more men were in the shaft, five of whom have since been brought out dead. No hopes are entertained of the safety of the other twelve. Some think that an explosion occurred, but the more probable theory is that an immense fall of roof has occasioned the disaster. The tunnels are found filled up, brattices swept away, and ventilation entirely destroyed, hence the air is very bad, and the physicians summoned by Mr. Tompkins are only needed to administer nourishment to the miners at work trying to rescue their comrades by clearing away the debris; many of them return from the work exhausted, and some return insensible, but the utmost determination prevails to rescue their comrades if human agency can do it. No pen can describe the anguish of such a scene. One little girl, daughter of Harrie, followed her mother to the grave two weeks ago and when to-day he was brought out dead her cries would break the stoutest heart. James Morgan, the first man brought out at the West Pittston disaster, and who barely survived the second brought out to-day.

### Ex-Detective Wood and the National Frauds.

Ex-Detective Wood announces, by a card in the New York Sun, that he has abandoned his intention of exposing the fraud and corruption at Washington in a book, but will do so in a series of articles, to appear in that journal. He says,

The fact of my official connection with the Government, familiarity with the persons implicated, and with the details of much of the semi-official villainy, corruption, fraud and favoritism in practice at the nation's capital, and of my knowledge of the intriguing, unscrupulous and dishonest political demagogues who now have the control of the Government, warrant the supposition that, if I am possessed of the abilities requisite, I have the material facts from which to give an exhibit which should interest every lover of his country, and induce him to demand a change of Government officials.

I am aware that such a course will bring upon me a degree of personal vituperation. I intend to remain in Washington, and will not be less a Republican because of this exposure, by which I desire to show the public the style and practice of the political demagogues and financial villains who have been and are desirous of continuing the control of our nation's politics and finances. I shall affix my name to all papers emanating from me, and will respond only to those who will show their hands in like manner.

My papers will open with the establishment and proof, beyond successful controversy, at the gigantic fraud on the United States bonds, relating to the redemption, exchange, and interest thereon. I shall endeavor to give this subject (so little understood) such an exposure that the humblest mind shall not fail to comprehend the corruption and fraud by which the people or the Government are swindled to the extent of millions of dollars annually.

During the progress of these epistles to the people I shall expose the peculations and mismanagement of the Printing Department of the Treasury as also the glaring frauds and favoritism in the paper contracts of the Secretary of the Treasury. In the specialty of what is known as the fibre paper, and promise in advance rich developments in that particular. Among the many matters I shall expose I intend to give the history of the steamer Golden Rule, which vessel was wrecked premeditatedly on the Roncador Reefs, in the Caribbean Sea, and about three millions of Government treasure was stolen from the Government safe on board. Knowing as I do the parties who committed the theft, I will show how one of these parties became intimate with President Grant (probably through Parisian outfits for ladies), and that ultimately this man's name was actually sent to the United States Senate for confirmation as a high official representative of our Government at Paris. I will show how and why said nomination was rejected, and what high dignitaries have drunk abundantly of the French wines presented to them and purchased with the funds of the proceeds of the robbery of the nation's treasure on board the Golden Rule.

I shall continue these papers for the benefit of all concerned, believing it is to the interest of the public to understand the characters of those who rob and rule them, in Washington.

WILLIAM P. WOOD,  
487 Maryland Avenue, Washington August 11.

### Outburst of a Volcano in the Malay Archipelago.

London, August 14.—Batavia papers received by the overland mail, via India, contain details of a dreadful calamity which has visited the small island of Tagolanda, in the Malay Archipelago, about fifty miles northwest of the island of Celebes. An outburst of the volcano of Rawang was accompanied by a concussion of the sea, and a wave forty yards in height swept all the human beings, cattle, and horses from the island. The number of persons who perished is placed at four hundred and six.

### THE ISLAND OF TAGOLANDA.

Tagolanda, the island which has just been "volcanized," belongs to that remarkable group the Malay Archipelago, which is the great centre of earthquakes, fire mountains, pirates, and volcanoes. It is about fifty miles from the Island of Celebes, in north latitude 2 degrees 23 minutes, and in longitude 125 degrees 36 minutes east. This archipelago, known as Malaisia is the largest group of islands in the world. It is situated between Australia and Asia, and a part of it lies along the Asiatic coast. Some portions of it belong to Great Britain some to Holland, some parts are nominally independent, and by far the largest portion is nominally subject to Holland, and that the region is known as the Dutch East Indies. The geological character of the region is volcanic. Being situated in the immediate vicinity of the equator its flora and fauna are tropical. The Government are chiefly despotic. The people of Java are the most civilized of the group, those of Pappas the most degraded. The islands are inhabited by two races—one the Papuan or negro, the other the Malay, which is comparatively a noble people.

\$750,000!—Estimated value of Fall Stock at W. & J's. Oak Hall.

S. B. PACKARD, United States marshal for the district of Louisiana, endeavors by a telegram in the Tribune to explain away the use of troops by the Grant wing of the party on the occasion of the recent Republican convention in New Orleans. The plea is very lame. It says: "As president of the state committee, and by direction of the committee, and not 'as marshal, I gave tickets of admission to all claiming seats in the convention.' "There was nothing to restrain any "delegate or contestant from access to the 'court-room.' " If there was nothing to forbid admission, what was the necessity for tickets? That there were troops employed the marshal admits, and, despite his denial, there is enough implied in his letter to show that they were used to favor the Grant as against the anti-Grant delegations. Neither bayonets nor tickets of admission are employed at assemblies unless there are some to lot in and some to keep out.

### The Old world's News.

#### CASES OF ASIATIC CHOLERA IN PARIS AND LONDON.

London, Aug. 15.—A case of Asiatic cholera has appeared in London, and creates an extraordinary sensation among the people. A despatch from Berlin says the cholera is increasing in Königsberg, but no cases have yet occurred in Dantzig.

Paris, Aug. 15.—The cholera has appeared in this city, and is creating much excitement and apprehension. The authorities are fearful of its spreading, owing to the immense number of decomposed bodies, victims of the late war, which lie buried in the immediate neighborhood of Paris. Vigorous efforts will be used for purifying the city.

#### The Late Exercise of the Royal Prerogative—The Queen's Resolution.

London, Aug. 15.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Vernon Harcourt made a violent attack on the Government for the use it had made of the royal prerogative on the purchase question. Mr. Gladstone replied that, seeing the amount of unfinished business before the House, he should decline to enter upon any controversy upon the subject. He thought it was the duty of the House to settle whether a practice so adverse to law and fatal to the national interests should be continued.

Mr. Fawcett denounced the employment of the royal warrant. He preferred the continuance of the purchase system rather than to see its abolition to such an abuse of the prerogative of the Crown. The Attorney-General defended the application of the royal prerogative in this case; but he added that the Queen had practically announced her resolution never again to interfere. The Consolidated Fund bill was introduced, and was received with vehement cheers, as heralding the close of the session.

The Scotch Centenary was celebrated to-day by a banquet in the great hall of the Cannon street Hotel. Mr. Hepworth Dixon occupied the chair as President, with the Duke of Manchester, Lord Lytton, and Mr. Ramsay as Vice-Presidents. Some four hundred persons, all or nearly all distinguished in the world of letters, were present. The toasts were much the same as at the Edinburgh celebration on the 9th inst. The day was also celebrated at the Crystal Palace, Sydenham, and in various towns in Scotland.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Messrs. Editors:—You will please announce J. C. Bell, as a candidate for the next House of Delegates, and subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention. MANY VOTERS.

Eds. Advertiser:—You will please announce THOMAS J. TWILLEY, of Sharpsburg District, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention, and oblige. MANY VOTERS.

Eds. Advertiser:—You will please insert in your paper, the name of THOMAS A. WALSTON, Esq., as a candidate for the Sheriffship of Wicomico County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention. By request of HIS FRIENDS.

Messrs. Editors:—You will please announce SAMUEL H. FOOKS, as a candidate for the Sheriffship of Wicomico County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention. j 171 MANY VOTERS.

WANTED.—A Teacher to take charge of the Salisbury Academy. Applications received until the 1st of Sept. For particulars, address WM. WALLER, Sec'y, aug 19 71

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to

give notice that the undersigned hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County letters of Administration on the estate of

MINOS B. GORDY, late of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against said dec'd., are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereon before the subscriber on or before the

22nd day of February, 1872, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 19th day of August, 1871. MARY A. GORDY, Administratrix.

aug. 19-1871

### HAMILTON ACADEMY, BALTIMORE, MD.

The next session of this Boarding and Day School for young gentlemen, will commence on the 6th of SEPTEMBER. A limited number of resident pupils will be received, and the school will be conducted as a boarding school. The number being small, well as intellectual culture, an impossibility in large boarding schools. The long experience of the Principal and his assistants offer an unwarped opinion in regard to the value of the school. For further particulars, send for Circular. Terms: \$800 per ten months for Boarders. For day scholars, from \$20 to \$30, according to advancement. For further particulars, send for Circular. The Principal, W. TAZEWELL, BOX A, BALTIMORE, MD. aug 19 71

### Trustee's Sale

of A Valuable House & Lot!

By virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court for Wicomico County, the undersigned has appointed Trustee, I will sell at Public Auction on Saturday, the 26th day of August, 1871, at the Store of Stephen Mills Esq., in "Hungry Neck," Harrow Creek District, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., all that Valuable

### LOT OF LAND

with the improvements thereon, whereon Mitchell Adams, deceased, resided at the time of his death, and which the lands of Mrs. John Lloyd, Mrs. Austin and others, with A.

TERMS OF SALE. The sum of \$100, cash on the day of sale, the balance in equal installments of six and twelve months, bearing interest from the day of sale, with bond and security approved by the Trustee.

JAMES L. REDSWORTH, Trustee. aug 19 71

WANTED.—Agents (250 per day) to sell the celebrated "Home Shuttle Sewing Machine." Has the under feed, makes the "Lock Stitch" (white on both sides), and is fully illustrated. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the market. Address J. H. CLARK & CO., New York, Mass., Philadelphia, P. O. Box 115, or St. Louis, Mo.



THESE BUILDINGS, COVERING LOTS Nos. 534, 536, 538 Market St., Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 So. Sixth St. and Nos. 525, 527, 529 Minor St.,

Whose Salesrooms and Storerooms, spread out, would cover more than Three Acres of ground, making them the Largest and Completest Buildings of the kind in America, if not in the World, are now COMPLETELY FILLED with our

MOST MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF FALL CLOTHING.

FULLY \$750,000'S WORTH OF THE MOST SUPERIOR READY-MADE CLOTHING,

FOR MEN AND BOYS, EVER MADE.

All perfectly New and Fresh in Designs and Materials.

WANAMAKER & BROWN. Philadelphia.

### Trustee's Sale

OF Valuable Real Estate!

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, in Equity, the undersigned as Trustee of Sallie Freeny, will sell to the highest bidder at Tracy's Hotel, in Salisbury, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., on Saturday,

The 2nd day of September, 1871, the following parcels of Real Estate lying in Wicomico:

No. 1.—This parcel consists in part of cleared land and about one-third in timber. It contains the dwelling house and the usual outbuildings—in all 138 Acres and 39 Perches.

No. 2.—Is timbered land—consisting principally of Pine and cedar and contains 22 Acres and 71 Perches.

No. 3.—Is timbered land, consisting of Pine, Cedar and the usual growth in this section and contains 7 ACRES & 40 Perches.

All this land lies convenient to the E. S. Railroad and to market, at Delmar Station, and the timber being of first growth is an opportunity to purchasers wanting timbered land.

The Terms of Sale as prescribed by the decree are two hundred dollars cash on the day of sale, the balance in equal installments of one, two, three, four and five years, the purchaser giving bond and security approved by the Trustee.

ELIJAH FREENY, Trustee. aug 12 71

### BUY THE GENUINE



Standard Scales.

Every Scale Warranted.

MORE THAN 200 DIFFERENT MODIFICATIONS. STOCK SCALES—HAY SCALES—COAL SCALES—DAIRY SCALES—PLAT-FORM SCALES—COUNTER SCALES—&c., &c., &c.

Alarm Money Drawers.

FAIRBANKS & CO., 166 W. Baltimore St. Balto.

552 BROADWAY, New York.

93 MAIN STREET, Buffalo, New York.

Fairbanks, Brown & Co., 118 MILK STREET, Boston.

aug 19 71

### READING RAIL ROAD HOUSE.



B. W. Cor. Eighth and Spring Garden Streets, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Open day and night. "Travelers coming North by Delaware and Maryland Roads, or all travelers arriving at Jersey, Broad and Third, can reach the House by taking Union Passenger Cars opposite the Depot, changing hereafter.

T. M. WARE, Proprietor. aug 19 71

### Eastern Shore R. R.

ON AND AFTER MAY 8th, 1870 Daily Trains—Sunday Excepted

#### Going North

|              |           |            |
|--------------|-----------|------------|
| La Crisfield | 7:15 A.M. | 12:30 P.M. |
| Hopewell     | 7:30      |            |
| Marion       | 7:45      | 1:00       |
| Kingston     | 8:00      | 1:15       |
| Westover     | 8:15      | 1:30       |
| P. Anne      | 8:30      | 1:45       |
| Corbett      | 8:45      | 2:00       |
| Men          | 9:00      | 2:15       |
| Belknap      | 9:15      | 2:30       |
| Salisbury    | 9:30      | 2:45       |
| Wh. Sidg     | 9:45      | 3:00       |
| Ar. Delmar   | 10:00     | 3:15       |

#### Going South

|               |           |           |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Le. Delmar    | 7:35 A.M. | 3:42 P.M. |
| Wh. Sidg      | 7:45      | 3:50      |
| Salisbury     | 8:00      | 4:00      |
| Folkston      | 8:15      | 4:15      |
| Eda           | 8:30      | 4:30      |
| Longto        | 8:45      | 4:45      |
| P. Anne       | 9:00      | 5:00      |
| Westover      | 9:15      | 5:15      |
| Kingston      | 9:30      | 5:30      |
| Marion        | 9:45      | 5:45      |
| Hopewell      | 10:00     | 6:00      |
| Ar. Crisfield | 10:15     | 6:15      |

No. 1 arrives at Wilmington 3.50 P. M.; Philadelphia 5.20; Baltimore 8.00. No. 2 arrives at Wilmington at 10.00 P. M.; Philadelphia 11.30; Baltimore 3.50 A. M. No. 3 will leave Baltimore at 7.30 P. M.; Philadelphia 11.30; Wilmington 12.05 A. M. No. 4 will leave Baltimore at 7.30 A. M.; Philadelphia 8.30; Wilmington 10.10.

Trains Going North. No. 1 has Passenger, Mail, and Express Cars with Norfolk boat freight, and will do all local freight work, and will take all unperishable freight for Del. R. R. to its connections. Shippers will see that all such freights are at the R. R. Station 30 minutes before arrival of Train, otherwise it might lay over one day. No. 2 is expressly a Fruit and Berry Train, with the Passenger car attached, which runs all the way to Wilmington. When cars are left at the stations fruit must be loaded and ready on arrival of Train.

#### Trains Going South

No. 3 will have the one Passenger car empty crates, and cars for the Fruit business. No. 4, Regular Passenger, Mail, and Express cars, with all-way freight. Connects boats at Crisfield for Baltimore on Monday Thursday Evenings.

W. THOMSON, Superintendent.

### Delaware Rail Road.

#### SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 8th, 1871, Passenger Trains will run as follows until further notice—

All Trains Sundays Excepted.

#### Trains Going North, Leave

|                |            |           |
|----------------|------------|-----------|
| Delmar         | 11:00 A.M. |           |
| Laurel         | 11:15      |           |
| SEAFORD        | 11:35      |           |
| Bridgeville    | 11:50      |           |
| Greenwood      | 12:05      |           |
| Farmington     | 12:15      |           |
| Milford        | 7:00 A.M.  | 12:30     |
| Harrington     | 7:20       | 12:50     |
| Felton         | 7:30       | 1:00      |
| Canterbury     | 7:35       | 1:05      |
| Woodside       | 7:40       | 1:10      |
| Wilmington     | 7:45       | 1:15      |
| DOVER          | 7:50       | 1:20      |
| Moorestown     | 8:00       | 1:30      |
| Brenford       | 8:15       | 1:45      |
| Smyrna         | 8:30       | 1:50      |
| CLAYTON        | 8:35       | 1:55      |
| Smyrna R'd     | 8:40       | 2:00      |
| Blackbird      | 8:45       | 2:05      |
| Townsend       | 8:50       | 2:10      |
| MIDDLETOWN     | 9:00       | 2:20      |
| M. Pleasant    | 9:15       | 2:35      |
| Kirkwood       | 9:25       | 2:45      |
| Rodney         | 9:30       | 2:50      |
| Bear           | 9:40       | 3:00      |
| State Road     | 9:45       | 3:05      |
| New Castle     | 9:55       | 3:15      |
| Ar. Wilmington | 10:15      | 3:35      |
| Philadelphia   | 11:45 A.M. | 5:35 P.M. |
| Baltimore      | 1:05 P.M.  | 8:10      |

#### Trains Going South, Leave























# The Thief's Expedition.

There is a fable among the Hindus that a king, having been detected and condemned to die, happily put upon an expedition which gave him hope of life. He sent for his father, and told him he had a secret of great importance which he desired to impart to the king, and when that had been done he would be prepared to die. Upon receiving this piece of intelligence the king at once ordered the culprit to be conducted to his presence and demanded to know his secret. The thief replied that he knew the secret of causing trees to grow which would bear fruit of pure gold. The experiment might easily be tried, and his majesty would not lose the opportunity; so, accompanied by the prime minister, his courtiers, and his chief priest he went with the thief to a spot selected near the city wall, where he performed a series of solemn incantations. Then, the condemned man produced a piece of gold and declared that if it should be planted it would produce a tree, every branch of which would bear gold.

"But," he added, "this must be put into the ground by a hand that has never been stained by a dishonest act. My hand is not clean, therefore I pass it to your majesty."

The king took the gold, but hesitated. Finally he said:

"I remember, in my younger days, that I often filched money from my father's treasury which was not mine. I have repented of the sin, but I hardly dare say my hand is clean, pass it, therefore, to my prime minister."

The latter, after a brief consideration, answered:

"It were a pity to break the charm thro' a possible blunder. I receive taxes from the people, and as I am exposed to many temptations, how can I be sure that I have remained perfectly honest? I must give it to the governor of the citadel."

"No! no!" cried the governor, drawing back. "Remember that I have the serving out of pay and provisions to the soldiers. Let the highest priest plant it."

And the priest said:

"You forget that I have the collecting of tithes, and the disbursements for sacrifices."

At length the thief exclaimed:

"Your majesty, I think it were better for society that all five of us were hanged, since it appears that not an honest man can be found among us."

In spite of the lamentable exposure, the king laughed, and so pleased was he with the thief's cunning expedient, that he granted him a pardon.

P. GREEN ON THE BASE DRUM.

The Base Drum has several special merits which recommend it above all other instruments.

1. Its delicacy of tone, which is greatly superior to that of the Chinese gong, the shot-iron boiler or the mitrailleuse. The tone of the Base Drum, particularly just before each stroke of the player's skill, is very soft and pleasing. One wishes it might last forever.

2. It keeps in tune, and stands any climate that can stand it. The Base Drum, unlike the piano, does not have to be made by steel, or Stewiway, or Snickering or somebody, in order to stay in tune.

3. You know right where to find it. The tone is extremely reliable, and may be trusted in the hands of the smallest child, with confidence that it will be the same old tone at night that it was in the morning.

4. The Base Drum with one head removed, is exceedingly convenient as a pot-to-bro over winter, or a new-table in camp, or a bed for the drummer, in case the band goes treated too many times during the day. It may be put to a hundred other uses, making in all.

[Note. It is not advisable, on removing the head of the drum, to remove that of the drummer also. He is apt to incur bronchitis, which ruins his voice for drumming.]

5. It takes much less wind and less elbow-grease to operate a drum in an orchestra than it does for a violin or a French horn. The drummer is held so high in the affections of composers that he is usually left by them with but a few strokes to do in the whole course of a symphony, and these he can put in during the adagio and go off for beer during the rest of the performance.

The compass of the Base Drum is quite limited; but as I have said, what few notes it has, it has sure. It is strongest in the middle register—that is the centre, or "bull's eye" of the head. Having once got that in range, the player can play away upon it to his heart's content until interfered with by the police.

## The Silver Rule.

BY SWEETBRIER.

"If 'Do unto others as you would have others do unto you' is the Golden Rule, 'Mind your own business' is the Silver Rule. And, upon second thought, I believe we may obtain the benefits of both rules in the latter."

It isn't a pleasant thing to acknowledge, but I believe nine persons out of every ten meddle with their neighbors' business. They may not carry it to the extent that the old lady did, when she crept like a thief into her neighbors' closet to ascertain whether the stockings upon the line were darned or patched; but that we do, sometimes, meddle with what is none of our business, is undeniable.

If our neighbor displays more style than we think his clothes warrant, we are quite willing, and sometimes anxious to learn whether he pays as he goes, or not. And among the ladies (bless them) the habit of minding the business of their neighbors gets to be almost a mania.

They know to a dime the cost of every dress and bonnet that comes to their church and whether the minister's wife wears imported gloves, or gloves of home manufacture. Madame knows to a dollar the worth of every set of jewelry on her visiting list, and if there is a set of false diamonds, it is whispered about, and commented upon.

But not alone among the women does the habit prevail. The men are equally anxious to break the Golden Rule, and I'll venture for some of their ways one of these

# SEASON OF 1870-71.

## MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

Important Improvements.

Patented Jan. 21st, and August 23, 1870.

### Reduction of Prices.

The Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., have the pleasure of announcing important improvements in their Cabinet Organs, for which Patents were granted them in June and August last. These are not merely mechanical attachments, but enhance the substantial excellence of the instruments.

They are also enabled by increased facilities for manufacture, to make, from this date, a further reduction of prices on several leading styles.

Having completed and added to their former facilities a large new manufactory, they hope to be able to supply all orders promptly.

The Cabinet Organs made by this Company are of such universal reputation, not only throughout America, but also in Europe, that few will need assurance of their superiority.

They now offer FOUR OUTRAGE CABINET ORGANS, in quite plain cases, but equal according to their capacity to anything they make, for \$50 each. The same Double Reed, \$65. Five Stops, with Knee swell and Tremulant, in elegant case, with several of the Mason & Hamlin improvements, \$125. The same Extra, with new Vox Humana, Automatic Swell, &c., \$160. Five Octaves, Three Sets Reeds, Seven Stops with Euphone; a splendid instrument, \$225.

A new illustrated catalogue with full information and reduced prices, is now ready, and will be sent free, with a testimonial circular, presenting a great mass of evidence as to the superiority of these instruments, to any one sending his address to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., 154 Tremont St., Boston, or 596 Broadway New York.

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# GREAT

## REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT

Mrs. A. E. WILLIAMS' MAIN STREET.

SELLING off my entire Stock of Millinery, Ribbons, Lace, Trimmings, &c., at cost—Chignons, Curis, Plumes, Hair Switches, Embroideries and Edgings, at half price.

Having enlarged my Stock of Notions, Ladies will find here a complete assortment at very reduced prices.

Dress making, Embroidery, knitting and all kinds of fancy needle work done neatly and cheap.

Seeing is believing, so call and be convinced that you are saving, by purchasing at

Mrs. A. E. WILLIAMS, Main Street, Salisbury, Md.

Jan. 28, 1871—

SHOES, SHOES; Ladies' & Gents' BOOTS AND SHOES

In Endless variety, At A. J. WOOD & CO., Main St.

A. J. WOOD & CO., Dealers in MEN & BOYS CLOTHING;

Made expressly for our trade. Suits from \$6 to \$50.

A. J. WOOD & CO., Dealers in Gents Furnishing Goods,

Consisting of Shirts, Marino Pants, Hose, Gloves, Ties, Collars, Cuffs &c. MAIN STREET.

Newspaper Advertising.

A Book of 125 closely printed pages, lately issued contains a list of the best American Advertising Mediums, giving the names, circulations, and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Papers and Family Newspapers, together with all those having large circulations, published in the interest of Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c., &c.

Every Advertiser, and every person who contemplates becoming such, will find this book of great value. Mailed free to any address on receipt of five cents. GEO. F. ROWELL & CO., Publishers, No. 40 Park Row, New York.

The Pittsburgh (Pa.) Leader, in its issue of May 29, 1870, says: "The firm of G. F. Rowell & Co., which issues this interesting and valuable book, is the largest and best Advertising Agency in the United States, and we can cheerfully recommend it to the attention of those who desire to advertise their business scientifically and systematically in such a way that it is secure the largest amount of publicity for least expenditure of money."

Peninsula LIQUOR HOUSE.

S. ULMAN & BRO., CAMDEN STREET, NEXT DOOR TO E. E. JACKSON & CO., SALISBURY, MD.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors of all qualities and prices consisting of WHISKIES, BRANDIES, WINES, RUM, GIN, &c.

Which they are prepared to sell at lower prices either by the barrel, gallon, or in smaller quantities, than any other house on the Peninsula.

Also have on hand a good assortment of CIGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF, PLAYING CARDS, PIPES, &c., &c.

Which they are selling at very low figures.

Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call and examine quality and learn prices.

Remember the place, Sign of Barrel, Camden street, Salisbury, Md. S. ULMAN & BRO.

Aug 20-6m

R. E. HAYES, E. L. RICE, JR., N. E. Cor. of 2nd and French Sts. WILMINGTON, DEL.

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE YEA CIGARS.

By introducing steam power we are prepared to furnish.

Fine Cut Chewing, Cut and Dry Granulated, or Lynchburg Smoking Tobacco.

In large or small quantities at dealers at very low prices. Also all the various brands of Hard Pressed Chewing, and Snuff, at prices to correspond with the markets in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

STOREKEEPERS ON THE PENINSULA Will find it to their advantage hereafter TO PURCHASE OF US

Rather than send their orders to other cities. Special attention given to the WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT of goods of our own manufacture.

Sept 24-1y

Watches and Jewelry

A. W. WOODCOCK, MAIN STREET, One door above Wm. Birkhead's Store, SALISBURY, MD.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of his customers and the public to his magnificent assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, and a nice assortment of Cutlery.

together with all articles pertaining to a first class Jewelry Store.

The repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry made a special branch of business. Thankful for the patronage extended in the past, a continuance of the same is solicited. Feb'y

# Natures Gifts

Scientifically Developed.

As mankind, from indolence or other causes, has been doomed to suffer from disease, so also has remedy for disease been provided. Our pills and valleys abound with roots and herbs, which if scientifically prepared and compounded, will restore health and vigor to the invalid. To find such a remedy we should seek one that has stood the test of age.

HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.

Sure Cure for Liver Complaint. Sure Cure for Dyspepsia. Sure Cure for Debility. Sure Cure for Jaundice. Sure Cure for Marasmus.

And all affections arising from weakness of action in the Liver or Digestive organs. The great remedy for

IMPURE BLOOD, And all diseases arising from it. The great preventive of

FEVER AND AGUE. It is an impossibility for any one to have Fever and Ague, if they will use a few bottles of this remedy each spring and fall.

These remedies will rebuild their Constitution faster than any other known remedy. The remedies were placed before the public thirty years ago, with a full and complete knowledge of the human system, and now, to day, they stand at the head of all preparations of their class, with the endorsement of eminent judges, lawyers, clergymen and physicians.

Read the following symptoms, and if you find that your system is affected by any of them you may rest assured that disease has commenced its attack on the most important organs of your body, and unless soon checked by the use of powerful remedies, a miserable life, soon terminating in death, will be the result.

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Pale and Sallow Complexion, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of Head, Harried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Coldness or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dizziness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Delicacy of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flashes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imagining of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.

All indicate disease of the Liver or Digestive Organs, combined with impure blood.

erman Tonic

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum, Oranges. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, where some pure alcoholic stimulus is required.

TESTIMONY

Like the following was never before offered in behalf of any medicinal preparation:

HON. G. W. WOODWARD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, writes:

"I find 'Hooftland's German Bitters' a good Tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action in the system."

Yours, truly, G. W. WOODWARD.

Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania Philadelphia, April 22d, 1866.

I consider 'Hooftland's Bitters' a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience.

Yours, with respect, JAMES THOMPSON.

HON. GEO. SHARPSWOOD, Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania Philadelphia, June

I have found by experience that 'Hooftland's German Bitters' is a very good tonic, allaying dyspeptic symptoms almost directly.

GEORGE SHARPSWOOD

JOHN EUTENMARKS, Esq., Law Partner of Judge Maynard, Williamsport, Pa.

This is to certify that I have used 'Hooftland's German Bitters' for dyspepsia, and found it an invaluable remedy.

CAUTION.

Hooftland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal office and manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No 631 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

C. M. Evans, Prop't.

Formerly C. M. Jackson & Co. PRICES:

Hooftland's German Bitters, per bottle \$1.00  
Hooftland's German Tonic, per dozen 5.00  
Hooftland's German Tonic, put up of bot's 1.50  
per bottle, or a half dozen for 75c

Do not forget to examine well the article you buy in order to get the genuine.

For Sale by All Druggists

And Dealers in Medicines where, May 17, 1871—

Livery Stable.

THE proprietor takes pleasure in announcing that he is prepared to furnish the traveling public with horses and carriages at any hour.

He has added largely to his stables in HORSES & CARRIAGES, and is now prepared to take passengers to any part of the Peninsula at reasonable rates.

His saddle horses will be found easy and pleasant. Stables on Camden Street, Salisbury, Md.

# LARMOR & CO.

At their New Store, No. 195 W. Baltimore Street, HAVE OPENED A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, Fine Gold Jewelry, Sterling Silver Ware, Triple Plated Ware, CLOCKS and BRONZES.

Spectacles and Eye Glasses, Table Cutlery, GOLD AND SILVER HEAD CANES.

Fancy Pieces Generally, THE HANDSOMEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK IN BALTIMORE.

Call and see it. WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED

In the very best manner and warranted. Oct. 15-y

The Cheapest and Best Stoves, Tin Ware and

HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLE

On the Easter Shore, can be found at BREWINGTON'S Stove & Tinware

HOUSE, CAMDEN STREET.