

on Barber,
ock, have on hand
a General
f Goods,
LOWING ARTICLES,

uperfine & Fine Flour,
Indian Meal, Corn, oats
Castor Oil, Lin-
seed Oil.

permacetti & Fish Oil
Turpentine,
White & Red Lead,
Yellow Ochre, Venetian
Red, Spanish Brown,
Vergrease, Vermil-
ion, Rose Pink, Pa-
tent Yellow, Spanish
Whiting, Lampblack
Umber,

Vitriol, Litharge, Tar,
Plough Traces, leading
Lines & Bed Cords,
Hearth, Scrub, Sweep-
ing, Horse, Shoe and
Paint Brushes,
Belows,

Brandywine Fine and
Coarse Gunpowder,
Baltimore do. do. do.
Shot assorted,
New-England Shoes &
Slippers,

Window Glass 3 by 12
and 10 by 12,
A few imported Fancy
Baskets,
Velvet Corks,
Combs, Penknives,
Snuff Boxes,
A quantity of Beans &
Peas,

Also a General Assort-
ment of Crockery &
Glass, Stone & Kan-
en Ware,
And a few articles in
the Dry Good Line,
An assortment of Can-
ings, such as Pots,
Ovens, Spiders, Skil-
lets, Bakers & An-
irons.

es are offered for sale
for cash, or to those
on the usual credit. To
country they will have
ain, &c.

FOR BALTIMORE
early, and will continue to
member—The utmost atten-
delivery of letters, but they
for the loss of any.

earnestly request all those
standing to come for-
same, or pass their Notes
der to accommodate such
counts will be received and

persons from trusting the
as, as in case they should
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against us are requested
element.

Geo. & Jno. Barber.
1812.

ICE.

ereby gives notice, that
to Anne-Arundel com-
one of the Judges the-
said court, for the
the relief of sundry in-
as at November
several supplement

WILLIAM JAMES.

ereby given,
will be presented to the
ir next session, for
from some place near
to Mr. Pumphrey's mill,
to the mountain road,
two branches, one of
Waters's mill, and the
polis road leading from

Oct. 29, 1812.

Sale

man, aged 32, with four
s and a boy, the eldest
s of age, the second
seven. Enquire at the

5

the Voters

County and the City of
Annapolis.

ing become a Candidate
Sheriff at the next Elec-
thought proper to give
of my intention to do so.
I earnestly solicit the
low-citizens: Should my
with success, it would
my care to discharge the
devolve on me with ju-

REZIN SPURRIER.

THE YEAR.

RO WOMAN

House Work, for which
will be given. Inquire at

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

(LXIXth YEAR.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1812.

No. 3438]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

BY

JONAS GREEN,

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DEC. 3, 1812.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. T. N. Williams delivers a bill to confirm an old road in Worcester county. Read.

The bill for the benefit of Thomas Colston, and the resolution relative to letters and packets addressed to the presiding members of the legislature, were sent to the Senate.

Mr. Stone delivers a petition from Thomas Stone, and others, the heirs of John H. Stone, praying that money heretofore paid for lands in Allegany county, may be refunded. Mr. Hogg a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, praying a road may be altered and amended. Mr. Stansbury a petition from sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, praying a road from Soldier's Delight to Thomas Owing's mill. Mr. A. E. Jones a petition from John Landreth, of Somerset county, an insolvent debtor, praying relief. Referred.

On motion by Mr. Randall, Ordered, That the bill to correct a mistake in the deed therein mentioned, be committed for amendment.

Mr. Bowles delivers the following report. The committee to whom was referred the memorial of the President and Directors of the Potomack Company, report—That they have had the same under consideration, and therefore beg leave to submit the following resolution:—

Resolved, That Benjamin Harwood, Trustee of the State, be and he is hereby authorized and directed, to transfer the amount of thirty thousand dollars of the six per cent. stock of the United States, to the President and Directors of the Potomack Company, upon their pledging the funds of said company, and giving such other security as the treasurer may approve of, for the reimbursement of the same, in instalments of three, four and five years, with interest upon the whole from the date of the transfer, which interest shall be paid annually.

Read, and ordered to have a second reading on Friday.

Mr. Evans delivers a bill to incorporate a company under the name of The Elkton Library Company. Mr. Bayly a bill to alter and change the name of Theodore Gunby. Read.

Mr. Belt delivers a petition from Richard Stringer, counter to the petition of Thos. B. Dorsey and John Sappington. Mr. Claude a petition from Richard Watts, of Annapolis, praying the levy of a sum of money for the support of William Prieley. Referred.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill for the relief of John Mitchell, sen. and Richard Dove, the bill to change the names of Henry and Charlotte Cochran, the supplement to the act granting a loan to Charlotte Hall school, and the bill supplementary to the act to facilitate the draining of lands, severally, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. And the bill to appoint commissioners to review the road from New Bremen to New Market, endorsed "will not pass." And the bill to change the place of holding the election in the third election district in Cecil county, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment;" which was agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Claude delivers a bill for the relief of William Prieley of Annapolis. Mr. Randall a bill to correct a mistake in a deed therein mentioned. Mr. Potts a bill authorizing Ezra Mantz to complete his collection. Read.

The bill to repeal all such parts of the acts of assembly of this state as require the payment of twenty-five shillings for a marriage license, was read the second time, and the question put, Shall the said bill pass? Determined in the negative.

The bill for the relief of the Moravian Society at Graceham, in Frederick county, was read the second time and passed.

Mr. A. E. Jones delivers a report, and the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the order of the western shore pay to his Excellency the Governor, by his order, the residue of the sum which still remains in the treasury appropriated under an order of the last session for the purpose of furnishing the Government House and such additional sum as may be deemed requisite for the repairs necessary thereto, and furnishing

the same, not exceeding five hundred dollars.

Read.

The bill authorizing John Creswell to complete his collection, was read the second and passed.

Mr. Belt delivers a petition from sundry voters of the second election district in A. A. county, praying the place of holding the election for the said district may be changed. Referred.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

THURSDAY, NOV. 26.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Wm. Hall delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county, praying that persons residing in the city of Annapolis, may not be eligible as delegates to the general assembly for Anne-Arundel county. Read and referred.

Mr. Abram Jones delivers a bill to discontinue a road therein mentioned. Twice read, passed, and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Belt delivers a petition from John Hill, of Anne-Arundel county, an old soldier, praying relief. Read and ordered to lie on the table.

The speaker laid before the house the report of the clerk of Talbot county court, relative to the attendance of the judges of that court. Read and referred.

The bill to regulate the fees of the register of the court of chancery, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Frey delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, residing at and near Creswell's Ferry, praying that the village at that place may be called and publicly known by the name of Port Deposit. Read and referred.

On motion Ordered, That the committee of grievances and courts of justice, be allowed to sit every day from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 in the afternoon, subject to the call of the house.

Ordered, That the committee of claims pay to each witness summoned by order of the committee of grievances and courts of justice, to testify relative to the late riots and mobs in the city of Baltimore, two dollars for every day's attendance, and the usual itinerant charges allowed by courts of justice in this state.

On motion by Mr. Plater, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act for the benefit of the trustees of Charlotte Hall school, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned.

On motion by Mr. Lecompte, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to authorize John Newton, late sheriff and collector of Dorchester county, to complete his collection.

The bills for the relief of Ezra Mantz, John Creswell, and the Moravian Society of Graceham in Frederick county, were sent to the Senate.

According to the order of the day, the house proceeded to the second reading of the bill for the appointment of the justices of the levy courts in the several counties of this state by the people; and after reading and amending the same, the question was put, Shall the said bill pass? The yeas and nays being required appeared as follow:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Millard, Plater, Blackstone, Causin, Graves, Wm. Stuart, Belt, Reynolds, Taney, Turner, Emerson, Parnham, Ford, Warner, Randall, Hambleton, Caldwell, Banning, Serh, Bayly, A. E. Jones, Waller, John Stewart, Lecompte, Griffith, Evans, Lufby, Hogg, Frey, Somervell, Callis, T. N. Williams, Wilton, Handy, Grane, Potts, Potter, Young, Hughlett, Barney, Abram Jones, Riggs, Perry, McCulloch, Robinson, Cresap. 46.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Marriot, Wm. Hall, Stansbury, Claude, L. Duval, Wright, Emory, Stevens, Forwood of Jacoby, Bowles, Lewis, Wm. Williams, Sprigg. 13.

So it was resolved in the affirmative, and the bill sent to the Senate.

Mr. Evans delivers petitions from Jacob Allen, and Edward Gerrish, of Cecil county, revolutionary soldiers, praying relief. Mr. Barney a petition from sundry inhabitants of the city of Baltimore, praying indemnification for the injury sustained in consequence of an act to fix and establish Argyle alley; and a petition from Wm. Smith, of said city, on the same subject. Mr. Hogg a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, praying

the same, prevent the depredations of foreign fishermen who come to fish in Elk and North East rivers. Mr. Stansbury a petition from the assistant keepers of the penitentiary, praying that their salaries may be increased; and a petition from Thomas Galt, of Baltimore county, counter to the petition of sundry inhabitants of said county, praying a road from Thomas Owing's mill to

the Reister-town turnpike. Severally read and referred.

The clerk of the senate delivers the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates;

We have appointed Messrs. Hawkins, Davis, Brown, Bruce and Wm. Hollingsworth, a committee to join that selected by you, for the purpose of comparing and examining all bills that may be engrossed.

Read.

Mr. Hambleton delivers a bill annulling the marriage of Vincent P. Taylor, and Elizabeth his wife. Read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

FRIDAY, NOV. 27.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

On motion by Mr. Hambleton, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A further supplement to an act, entitled, An act to regulate and discipline the militia of this state.

Mr. Wilton delivers a petition from the visitors of Worcester county school and the trustees of Snow-Hill academy, praying that the property of the two schools may be united, and an additional number of trustees appointed.

Mr. Lecompte a petition from Samuel Brown, of Dorchester county, praying that a sum of money heretofore paid by him to the state for competition on lands in Allegany county, the balance whereof he is unable to pay, may be refunded. Severally read and referred.

Mr. Lecompte delivers a bill authorizing John Newton, late sheriff and collector of Dorchester county, to complete his collections. Read.

On motion by Mr. A. E. Jones, Ordered, That the executive be requested to furnish to this house a statement of the number of arms distributed throughout the state since the commencement of the present year, to what particular counties such arms have been forwarded, and the number and kind to each county.

Mr. T. N. Williams delivers a petitions from Cornelius Ennis, John Hancock and Charity Tarr, of Worcester county, severally praying to be supported by said county. Mr. Wright a petition from Thomas Tillotson, praying that a law may pass to confirm the title of himself, and others, the heirs of John Chaires, to certain lands therein mentioned, which had been purchased of James O'Bryon, of Queen Anne's county. Mr. L. Duval a petition from Polly Holland, of the city of Annapolis, praying that the levy court of Anne-Arundel county may be authorized to levy a sum of money for the support of herself and children. Severally read and referred.

Mr. Wilton a petition from Jesse Wright, of Worcester county, a revolutionary soldier, praying relief. Read and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion by Mr. Perry, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to alter and repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state, as relate to the division of Allegany county into election districts.

According to the order of the day the house proceeded to the second reading of the report on the memorial of the Potomack Company, and after reading and amending the same, the question was put, That the house concur with the report and assent to the resolution therein contained? Resolved in the affirmative, yeas 46, nays 15.

Mr. Emerson delivers a petition from Edward Reynolds, executor of Thos. Reynolds, and Richard Mackall, surviving executor of Benjamin Mackall of Calvert county, praying that certain monies in the treasury of the state, arising from the sale of Wm. and Robert Mollison's property, may be applied to the payment of debts due from the said Mollisons to the testators of the petitioners. Read and referred.

Mr. Turner a petition from Wm. R. Sewall, of Calvert county, an insolvent debtor, praying relief. Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. A. E. Jones delivers a bill for the relief of John Landreth, of Somerset county. Mr. Perry a bill to alter and repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as relate to the division of Allegany county, into election districts. Severally read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill, entitled, An act for the valuation of real and personal property within this state, endorsed, "will not pass." And the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We return you the bill, entitled, "An act for the valuation of real and personal property within this state," having refused to pass the same in its present shape, because we consider it evidently as an infringement of the constitution, and as trespassing upon and narrowing those rights made sacred to us by that instrument. It was viewed in this light by

your branch of the legislature last year, and if an appropriation of money in the treasury can bring it under the denomination of a money bill it is clearly one. These we are precluded from altering or amending, and you also are forbid to blend with such any matter, clause, or thing, not immediately relating to, and necessary for, the imposing, assessing, levying, or applying the taxes or supplies to be raised for the support of government, or the current expenses of the state. The propriety, therefore of the course pursued in relation to this bill will be perceived, more especially as the appropriation contained in it might be provided for by a separate bill or resolution.

Read.

Mr. Harryman delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, praying that the levy court of said county may be authorized to levy an additional sum of money for the purpose of building a bridge over Jones's Falls. Read and referred.

The report on the petition of James Hood, of John, of Baltimore county, was read the second time, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained assented to.

Mr. Marriot delivers a petition from Alley Smothers, of Anne-Arundel county, praying a divorce. Read and referred.

The report of the committee appointed to examine the situation of the public property at the government house was read the second time, and the resolution therein contained assented to.

On motion, Ordered, That the bill to alter, change and abolish all such parts of the constitution and form of government which relate to the time and manner of electing the senate of this state, &c. be made the order of the day for Tuesday, December 8th.

Mr. Stansbury delivers a bill to lay out and open a road in Baltimore county. Read.

Mr. Stone delivers a favourable report on the petition of the heirs of general John H. Stone, deceased. Read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

SATURDAY, NOV. 28.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The Speaker laid before the house reports of the clerks of Charles and Montgomery county courts relative to the attendance of the judges. Read and referred.

Mr. Sanders delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Harford and Baltimore counties, praying that the levy court of Baltimore county may be authorized to levy a sum of money to build a bridge over the White Marsh Run. Mr. Donaldson a petition from the board of trustees of Baltimore College, praying pecuniary aid from the state; and a petition from sundry inhabitants of the city of Baltimore, praying that a communication may be opened between North-street and Holiday-street. Severally read and referred.

The bill for extending Green-street in the city of Baltimore, and the bill to lay out and straighten a road in Baltimore county, were severally read the second time and passed.

Mr. Duval delivers a bill for the relief of Polly Holland, of the city of Annapolis. Twice read and passed.

Mr. Randall delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, praying a lottery to raise a sum of money for the purpose of building a school-house. Read and referred.

Adjourned till Monday.

MONDAY, NOV. 30.

The house met. Present as on Saturday. The proceedings of Saturday were read.

Charles J. Kilgour, Esquire, a delegate from Montgomery county, appeared, qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. Harryman delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, praying that the commissioners of review appointed by a former act of assembly may be authorized to locate a road from Caton's Lime Kiln to Benjamin Price's shop and thence to the main road leading to Kerlinger's mill. And a petition from Richard Britain, and others, of Baltimore county, praying for the opening of a road. Mr. Bayly a petition from sundry inhabitants of Somerset and Worcester counties, praying for the establishment of a bank at the town of Salisbury. Mr. Lecompte a petition from Thomas Edmond, son, of Dorchester county, praying that a law may pass to confirm his title to certain lands therein mentioned. Severally read and referred.

Mr. Potts a petition from Henry Hickson, of Frederick county, an insolvent debtor, praying relief. Read and referred to lie on the table.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a bill to provide for opening an alley from Holiday-street to North-street in the city of Baltimore. Read.

Mr. Delaplane delivers a bill to incorporate the trustees of the Westminster General

Meeting House, in Frederick county. Twice read and passed.

Mr. Kilgour delivers a petition from Rebecca Candler and John Candler, of Montgomery county, praying that a law may pass to correct a mistake in a law passed at Nov. session, 1811, for their relief. Read and referred.

Mr. Forwood, of (Wm.) delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Harford county, praying that the county courts may be invested with unlimited chancery jurisdiction. Read and ordered to lie on the table. Also a petition from sundry inhabitants of Harford county, relative to the roads of said county, and a petition from Benjamin Quinlan and Anna Maria Quinlan, of said county, administrators of Thomas Wheeler, praying that the commissioners appointed to sell the real estates of Benjamin Wheeler and Thomas Wheeler, may be authorized to convey certain lands purchased of the said Benjamin and Thomas Wheeler, during their lives. Severally read and referred.

On motion by Mr. A. E. Jones, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to make valid the proceedings of the levy court of Somerset county, relative to the sale of certain lots of ground.

Mr. Caldwell delivers a petition from Richard Trippe and Sufannah Trippe of Talbot county, praying that they may be authorized to manumit certain negroes. Mr. Plater a petition from sundry pilots residing in Saint-Mary's county, near the mouth of the river Potomac, praying that their rates may be increased. Severally read and referred.

Mr. Harryman delivers a further additional supplement to an act for opening a certain road in Baltimore county. Read.

The bill to alter and repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as relate to the division of Allegany county into election districts, was read the second time and passed.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

TUESDAY, DEC. 1.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Lufby delivers a petition from John Allen of Cecil county, praying that a law may pass to confirm to him the exclusive right to a wharf built by him in Frederick town, on the river Sassafras. Mr. Delaplane a petition from sundry inhabitants of Emmittsburg, in Frederick county, praying that an act may pass to confirm their title to certain lots in Emmittsburg. Mr. Sprigg a petition from Godhelp Charles Feller, of Washington county, praying that an act may pass to confirm his title to certain land conveyed to him, before he became a citizen of the U. S. Mr. Delaplane a petition from Joseph Sim Smith, of Frederick county late an officer in Armand's legion, praying he may receive from the state the same donation in land, or its equivalent in money, as if he had served in the Maryland line. Mr. F. M. Hall a petition from sundry inhabitants of Prince-George's county, praying that a road therein mentioned may be kept in repair at the expense of the county. Mr. Callis a petition from Ann Onions, of Prince-George's county, praying to be supported by said county. Mr. Frey a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, praying that Octorara creek from the line of Phlytick and Richards's property to the Canal Dam may be made a public highway, and that a road may be extended on each side of said creek. Mr. Lecompte a petition from Abolam Ridgely, jun. of the city of Annapolis, praying a special act of insolvency. Mr. Lewis a petition from Eve Holtzman of Washington county, praying a divorce. Mr. Young a petition from Ann Whetcroft, of the city of Annapolis, praying a divorce. Mr. Burgess a petition from James Hall, James Butcher, James Brown and Elizabeth Devorix, of Queen-Anne's county, praying that they may be released from the interest due upon judgments recovered against them as securities for John B. Hackett and Richard E. Harrison, formerly collectors of the taxes for said county. Mr. Frey a petition from Nicholas Milbourn, of Cecil county, a revolutionary soldier. Severally read and referred.

The Speaker laid before the house a report of the clerk of Baltimore county court, relative to the attendance of the judges. Read and referred.

The clerk of the council delivers a communication from the executive, enclosing a statement of the number of arms distributed within the last year, from the public arsenals. Read.

Mr. Perry a petition from James Clark of Allegany county, a revolutionary soldier. Read and referred.

Mr. Stansbury delivers a petition from the Pilotst of the port of Baltimore, praying their rates may be increased. Referred.

On motion by Mr. Plater, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to empower Joseph Gough, late Sheriff of St. Mary's county, to complete his collection.

Mr. Arnold Jones delivers a bill to make valid the proceedings of the levy court of Somerset county relative to the sale of certain lots of ground. Mr. Kilgour a supplement to an act to empower Rebecca Candler to collect fees and county tax, &c. Mr. Waller a bill to lay out and make public a road in Somerset county. Read.

Mr. Forwood of Wm. delivers a petition from John Sample, of Pennsylvania, praying a law may pass to record a deed therein mentioned. Referred.

Mr. Perry delivers a report and resolution in favour of Nathaniel B. Magruder. Read.

Mr. Francis Hall delivers a petition from Dennis M. Burgess, of P. G. county; Mr. Callis a petition from Samuel W. Beck, of said county, and Mr. Hambleton a petition from Thos. Helsby, of Talbot county, insolvent debtors, praying relief. Read.

The bill to correct a mistake in a deed therein mentioned, was read the second time and passed.

The resolution making an appropriation for repairing and furnishing the government house; the resolution granting a loan to the Potomac Company; the resolution in favour of James Hood; the bill to alter and repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the division of Allegany county into election districts; the bill to incorporate the trustees of Westminster General Meeting House; the bill to lay out and straighten a road in Baltimore county; the bill for extending Green-street in the city of Baltimore; the bill for the relief of Polly Holland, of the city of Annapolis, were sent to the senate.

Mr. Lecompte delivers a bill for the benefit of Thomas Edmondson, of Dorchester county. Twice read and passed.

Mr. Arnold Jones delivers a memorial from the late members of the First Baltimore Troop. Referred.

On motion by Mr. Stansbury, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to lay out and make a public road in Baltimore county.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a report and resolution in favor of the Trustees of Baltimore College. Read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to discontinue the road therein mentioned. The bill to authorize John Cresswell, late Sheriff and collector of Cecil county, to complete his collections. The bill for the benefit of Thomas Colson of Dorchester county, and the bill for the relief of Polly Holland, of the city of Annapolis, severally endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. Also the bill for the benefit of Airy, Johnna, Elijah and Shelby Jump, of Caroline county, endorsed, "will not pass." And an act to confirm the Liberty road as now opened through Baltimore county, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed.

The report on the petition of Elizabeth C. Fitzhugh, was concurred with.

The bill to change the name of Theodore Gunby, was read the second time and passed.

Mr. Harryman delivers a bill supplementary to an act to authorize the levy court of Baltimore county, to assess and levy a sum of money for the purposes therein mentioned, passed at Nov. session, 1811. Read.

The bill supplementary to the act to confirm a road in Baltimore and Harford counties therein mentioned, was read the second time and passed.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

APPOINTMENTS

By the Governor & Council of Maryland.

ST. MARY'S COUNTY.

Justices of the Peace.	Dr. Joseph Stone	Dr. Joseph Stone
Luke W. Barber	William B. Scott	William B. Scott
Dr. Barton Tabbs	James Cook	James Cook
William Mills	John M'Williams	John M'Williams
Jerse Alvey	Jeremiah Booth	Jeremiah Booth
William Dunbar	Robert Hammett	Robert Hammett
Dr. John Tarlton	Mordecai C. Jones	Mordecai C. Jones
Thomas Barber	William Reeder	William Reeder
Peter Gough	William Kilgore	William Kilgore
Ethelbert Giffell	Clement Knott	Clement Knott
John Chapple	Henry Neale	Henry Neale
John Mackall, jun.	John Sothoron	John Sothoron
Charles Carroll	John M'Williams	John M'Williams
James A. Crane	Henry Watts	Henry Watts
Dr. James Thomas	Nicholas Sewell	Nicholas Sewell
Richard Clarke	Joseph Gough	Joseph Gough
John Simmes	Richard Clarke	Richard Clarke
James Hebb	ORPHANS COURT.	ORPHANS COURT.
James Davis	Thomas Barber	Thomas Barber
William T. Lee	Zachariah Forrest	Zachariah Forrest
Enoch J. Millard	Henry Gardiner	Henry Gardiner
John F. Ford		

From the Boston Centinel.

Massachusetts! all hail!

The official votes for electors have been duly returned; and counted; and the following results ascertained:

Districts.	For Peace	For War.	Maj.
Western (Wor. &c.)	13,328	5,589	9,739
Middle (Suffolk, &c.)	11,849	5,125	6,724
Southern (Plym. &c.)	10,008	5,771	4,237
1st Eastern (York &c.)	6,709	5,298	1,413
2d do. (Lincoln, &c.)	4,682	3,186	1,496
3d do. (Hancock, &c.)	1,807	1,148	659
Total Peace Majority.			24,023

We are happy in being able to remove the doubt expressed in our last of the result of the electoral choice in the third eastern district. The hon. William Crosby, the peace candidate is elected therein, by a very large majority. This decides the unity of the Massachusetts vote in the Electoral College.

Yesterday morning the Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, met in this city, the whole attending. Their votes were as follow—

James Madison (as President)	6 votes.
Elbridge Gerry, (as Vice-Pres't)	6 votes.
Dewitt Clinton, (as President)	5 votes.
Jarred Ingersoll (as Vice-Pres't)	5 votes.

the Gazette.

It would seem from a paragraph in the last Maryland Republican, that the removal from office of Washington G. Tuck, Esq. was about to produce some terrible convulsion in the political world. The writer would seem to insinuate as if it were the precursor of some direful event, which ere long will demolish the temple of liberty, and sweep with an unrelenting scourge all her votaries from the earth. Yes, we are to be visited by Hydra, accompanied by all the hideous monsters of antiquity! which either float in the air, or stalk upon the land! Armed with torches in their hands, and myriads of hissing serpents entwined about their heads, they are to infect the air with their pestiferous breath, that a total destruction of the animal creation must inevitably ensue. Nay more, all the elements of the physical world are to be arrayed against this transaction, and the strange appearances in the heavens are to be the awful and tremendous preface of this disastrous event.

How different is the scene when an humble Federalist has leave to withdraw from the theatre of official life! No phantoms are conjured up—no natural or moral phenomena astonish the world—Dame Nature is not then moved to such frolics and frolics, but pursues her course according to her old established laws. Such, at least, was the case when Mr. Shaw was removed to make room for this said Washington G. Tuck, Esquire.

Arrived on Sunday, ship Dumfries, Hill, 46 days from Lisbon. Previous to the sailing of the Dumfries a packet arrived at Lisbon from Falmouth, left Falmouth the 6th October; and brought London papers to the 3d.—which contain the last bulletin of the French army, dated 18 leagues from Moscow. A battle had been fought between the Russian and French armies, in which 18,000 Russians were left on the field of battle, and 20,000 more *pat hors de combat*. The French admit their loss to have been from 12 to 14,000 in killed and wounded. The Russians lost the principal part of their field artillery, amounting to sixty pieces. Generals Montbrune and Caulincourt were killed. The Russians retreated upon Moscow, which it is supposed they would defend. Crops were gathered in England, and were very abundant. Nothing of any importance had occurred between the English and the French in the Peninsula, except the storming of Burgos by Lord Wellington, who did not succeed in getting possession of the castle, although he made himself master of the outworks, with the loss of 1100 men. The Dumfries was chased on her homeward passage by an enemy's frigate, but escaped him during a thick squall of rain and wind, by altering her course towards the northward and eastward. During the chase he fired several shots, all of which fell short. Saw no other cruisers on her passage. Well in with and towed into Annapolis roads, a Spanish wreck from Havana who had been dismasted in a gale of wind; and otherwise damaged; he was in a state of starvation; the Dumfries supplied them with beef and other stores.

By this arrival we have been politely favoured with London papers to the 30th September, which upon an attentive perusal, we find contain but little of moment. Some few extracts follow.

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

Some letters arrived this morning from Petersburg, brought by private gentlemen who came by the way of Finland; and two mails from Gottenburg are also arrived. These gentlemen left Gottenburg on the 19th instant. There was no news of a later date from the Russian armies than the retreat from Smolensk—of course not so late as the Seventeenth Bulletin, which left the French at Ghatisk.

"GOTTENBURG, SEPT. 12.

"On Wednesday last the Governor gave orders to prepare transports for 7000 men by the 24th inst. but a courier arrived last night from Stockholm, with orders for them to be ready for sea by the 20th. The whole of the Swedish troops to be embarked will amount to 30,000; they are to be joined by 35,000 Russians.

"Letters from Riga of the 1st instant state that the Prince of Wittgenstein had a fourth time attacked and defeated, with very great loss, the corps lately commanded by the Duke of Reggio.

"Accounts from Copenhagen say, that the Duke of Reggio is dead of his wounds. The garrison of Riga has made a sally, and cut three Prussian regiments to pieces.

"An official Report from Gen. Wittgenstein, dated the 19th Aug. states, that on the 17th he drove Gen. Oudinot back into his entrenchments. The loss of the Russians is estimated at 2000 men, in killed and wounded; that of the enemy is very considerable, in addition to 2000 prisoners.

"On the 18th the French again attacked the Russians under Wittgenstein, and were repelled with great loss."

SEPT. 30.

The Liverpool Paper we received this morning, states, that—"By a Gentleman who left Bourdeaux on the 15th inst. we have minute information of the progress the French have made for the purpose of recruiting their army in the North of Spain, so grievously reduced by the defeat at Salamanca. Massena had passed through Bourdeaux, attended by a powerful escort, and in the whole upwards of 40,000 recruits had taken the direction of the three defiles of the Pyrenees. It is computed that when these troops should arrive the late army of Marmont would constitute a force of 60,000 men.

"In order that during the absence of the French Emperor, the competent power should be in activity to give full effect to the operations in the North of Spain, Massena had been entrusted with a *carte blanche* by the Senate, to direct the movements of the army under his orders, without any reference whatever to other authority."

INDIAN WAR.

FRANKFORT, (Ken.) Nov. 7, 1812. Copy of a letter from Major-General Hopkins, to his excellency Governor Shelby of Kentucky, dated,

Fort Harrison, 6th Oct. 1812.

My dear Sir,—The expedition of the mounted riflemen has terminated. The Wabash was recrossed yesterday, and the whole corps are on their way to Buffers, where the Adjutant General will attend in order to have them properly mustered and discharged; and where their horses may get forage during the delay necessary for this object.

Yes, Sir, this army has returned, without hardly obtaining the sight of an enemy. A simple narrative of facts, as they occurred, will best explain the reasons that have led to this state of things.

The army having finished crossing the Wabash on the 14th inst. marched about three miles and encamped. I here requested the attendance of the general and field officers and captains, to whom I imparted the objects of the expedition and the advantages that might result from a fulfilment of them. The nearest Kickapoo villages were from 80 to 100 miles distant, and Peoria not more than 160. By breaking up these, or many as our resources would permit, we would be rendering a service to all the territories. That from their numbers this tribe was more favourable than any other near us; and from their situation and hostility, had it more in their power to do us mischief, of course to chastise and destroy these, would be rendering red benefit to our country. It was observed by some officers, that they would meet the next morning, consult together, and report to me their opinions; desiring at the same time to be furnished with the person on whom I had relied for intelligence of the country.

This council was held, and all the intelligence furnished that had been requested, and I had a report highly favorable to the enterprise. This, to me, was more gratifying as I had found as early as our encampment at Vincennes, discontent and murmurings, that portended no wish to proceed further. At Buffers, I found an evident increase of discontent, although no army was ever better or more amply supplied with rations and forage than at this place. At Fort Harrison where we encamped on the 10th, and where we were well supplied with forage, &c. I found on the twelfth and thirteenth, many breaking off and returning without applying to me for a discharge, and as far as I know, without any notification to their officers: Indeed I have every reason to suppose the officers of every grade, gave no countenance to such a procedure. Thinking myself now secure in the confidence of my brother officers and the army we proceeded on our march early on the 15th and continued it four days, our course near north in the prairie until we came to an Indian house, where some corn, &c. had been cultivated. The last day of the march to this place I had been made acquainted with a return of that spirit of discontent that had, as I had hoped subsided, and when I had ordered a halt near sunset, for the first time that day, in a fine piece of grass in the prairie, to aid our horses, I was addressed in the most rude and dictatorial manner, requiring me immediately to RESUME MY MARCH or HIS battalion would break from the army and RETURN!—This was a major SINGLETON!! I mention him in justice to the other officers of that grade. But from every information, I began to fear the army waited but for a pretext to return! This was afforded next day by our guides, who had thought they had discovered an Indian village on the side of a grove about 10 miles from where we encamped on the 4th night of our march, and turned us about 6 or 8 miles out of our way. An almost universal discontent seemed to prevail, and we took our course in such a direction as we hoped would best atone for the error in the morning. About or after sunset we came to a thin grove affording water; here we took up our camp; about this time one of the most violent gulls of wind, I ever remember to have seen, not proceeding from clouds. The Indians had set fire to the prairie, which drove us on so furiously, that we were com-

pelled to lie around our camp, selves. This seems to have done to return: I was informed in ways, that early in the next (20th) I requested the attendance of general and field officers, and my apprehensions, the expected country, the disgrace attending and the approbation of our own. Against this, I stated the want of our horses and the want of provisions seemed only partial, 6d. passed since every part of the believed, was furnished with corn, beef or bread stuff) to

for returning. I requested for each regiment to convene officers belonging to it, and the sense of the army on this to the commandants of brigades requested to report to me in what if 500 volunteers would put myself at their head in quest of the towns; and the army might retreat under their officers in safety to Fort less than one hour the report unanimously to return. I might dictate the course to day only which I pledged myself them more than 6 miles of my object being to cover the parties, I wished to send out of the Indian towns. About troops being paraded, I put took my course and directed me, the columns moving off way, I sent captain Taylor to apply to the officers leading them. They were told their power. The army I course, and would pursue ing great confusion and disorder I threw myself in the rear, out those who were there continued in that position. The exhausted state of the hunger of the men, retarded so swiftly was it prosecuted before the rear arrived at the The generals Ray, Ramsey all their aid and authority march to order, and so far bring on the whole with me I had learned; indeed I think we were either following an enemy. I think we march 90 miles in the heart of the had he possessed a design to sit in abundance presents was our appearance in the country (as I am told) never hostile feet, must impress with a sense of their danger beneficially in this way, our be altogether in vain.

I hope the expense attention will be found less than cautions. I have consulted instance; subject only to been the expenditure; the the heaviest article.

To the officers command of the field officers, thanks are due; many of veterans, whose heads are entitled to every confidence country can bestow. To the matter general and the own family, I feel indebted and manly support, in even me here include our friends our judge advocate general me, took more than a comm and toil, and who did all in the service in the guides, under the direction and the two companies Gwatkin, who encamped under my immediate order an attention to them: These corps were gone on to execute any amounted to about 120, a able mention.

Mr. Barron and Messrs. Pant, interpreters and guides of me; I am certain of the Indian village to retire, and have man we were in the right way.

I have myself (superaddition I felt at thus return state of health from first to week as not to be able my horse.

A violent Diarrhea has pish, and reduced me extr resolved to continue with little, if unable to ride, things of which I wish to substantially to prospective again shall I have the hon excellency, in the mean, the perfect consideration a your obedient friend and

SAMUEL

Governor Shelby.

Mr. Rodheffer's Per

and

Col. Duane's Per
It would be very am perceive what is passing in Rodheffer, the ingenious

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Major-General Hop-
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to the prairie, which
that we were com-

nut Hill, when he sees an article like that in
this morning's Aurora, the joint production of
the editor and erudite correspondent. The
latter commences the discussion, by first brush-
ing away the old cobwebs of science, and
correcting the mistake which has so long ex-
isted respecting the *vis inertiae* of matter.
"Mr. Redheffer" it is said, "has seen the
fallacy of this as an axiom. He could per-
ceive all bodies gravitate, and therefore, so
far from having a *vis inertiae* they have an ab-
solute tendency to motion, which is a *quies-
cent momentum* only, where they are restrained
from acting." This *quiescent momentum*
we never before heard of; but take it
to mean the last thing as the *velocity of
rest*! and presume that it possesses exactly the
same mechanical powers. The editor him-
self then takes up the argument, and shows
how this *quiescent momentum*, or *velocity of
rest*, is applied to the machine, and causes it
to move. He informs us, that it is by means
of two carriages with four wheels each, plac-
ed upon two inclined planes which being re-
strained from descending constitute the "first
impelling power." Mr. Redheffer, who cannot
be ignorant that these carriages situated as
they are, have just as much to do with the
"first impelling power," as they would have
if spiked down to the inclined planes, upon
the places where they rest, must be highly a-
mused with such learned speculations as those
in the Aurora. [U. S. Gaz.]

AR.
Nov. 7, 1812.
Major-General Hop-
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6th Oct. 1812.
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ould meet the next
y, and report to me
at the same time to
on whom I had
the country.

I hope the expense attending this expedi-
tion will be found less than usual on such oc-
casions. I have confided economy in every
instance; subject only to real necessity has
been the expenditure; the forage has been
the heaviest article.

To the officers commanding brigades, many
of the field officers, captains, &c. my
thanks are due; many of the old Kentucky
veterans, whose heads are frosted by time are
entitled to every confidence and praise their
country can bestow. To the adjutant, quar-
termaster general and the members of my
own family, I feel indebted for ready, able
and manly support, in every instance. Let
me here include our friend George Walker
our judge advocate general; who lived with
me, took more than a common share of fatigue
and toil, and who did all in his power to fur-
ther the service in the corps of spies and
guides, under the direction of major Dubois,
and the two companies of Kentucky, and
Gwatkin, who encamped near me, and were
under my immediate orders. I expressed
an earnest and attention highly grateful to
them: These corps were ready to have
gone on to execute any service; the whole
amounted to about 120, and deserve honor-
able mention.

Mr. Barron and Messrs. Lacely and Le
Pant, interpreters and guides, deserve well
of me; I am certain they were not 20 miles
from the Indian village when we were forced
to retire, and I have many reasons to prove
we were in the right way.

I have myself (superadded to the mortifi-
cation I felt at thus returning) been in a bad
state of health from first to last; and am now
so weak as not to be able to keep myself on
my horse.

A violent Diarrhea has pursued me 10 days
past, and reduced me extremely low; I had
resolved to continue with the line of march a
little, if unable to ride. There are yet many
things of which I wish to write; they relate
substantially to prospective operations. Soon
again shall I have the honor to address your
excellency, in the mean time be assured of
the perfect consideration and high regard of
your obedient friend and servant,
SAMUEL HOPKINSON
Governor Shelby.

Mr. Redheffer's Perpetual Motion,
AND
Col. Duane's Perpetual Folly.
It would be very amusing to be able to
perceive what is passing in the mind of Mr.
Redheffer, the ingenious mechanist at Jef-

nut Hill, when he sees an article like that in
this morning's Aurora, the joint production of
the editor and erudite correspondent. The
latter commences the discussion, by first brush-
ing away the old cobwebs of science, and
correcting the mistake which has so long ex-
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CONGRESSIONAL HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Saturday, Nov. 21.

Mr. Williams from the committee on mil-
itary affairs, reported a bill making provision
for the appointment of an additional number
of General Officers. Read twice and com-
mitted to a committee of the whole house for
Monday next.

Mr. Fisk offered the following: Resolved,
that a committee be appointed to inquire in-
to the expediency of altering the time for
holding the Circuit and District Courts in the
State of Vermont, and that they have lib-
erty to report by bill or otherwise—adjected,
and a committee appointed.

Mr. Rhea offered the following: Resolved
that the committee on the naval establishment
be instructed to inquire what amendments, if
any, are necessary to be made in the laws di-
recting the mode of trial and punishment of
officers on board of private armed vessels, and
that they report by bill or otherwise. Adopted.

The house in committee of the whole, Mr.
Nelson in the chair, on a bill supplementary
to an act heretofore passed on the subject of
uniform naturalization.

The committee rose and reported the bill
without amendment.

On motion of Mr. Fisk it was ordered to
lie on the table.

An engrossed bill concerning the pay of
non commissioned officers, musicians and pri-
vates of the army of the U. States and for
other purposes, was read a third time.

Mr. Quincy rose and in the most forcible
and luminous manner delivered what he called
his protest against the principle contained in
the third section of the bill, well knowing as
he declared that any argument from the quar-
ter of the house where he was, would be of
no avail.

Mr. Fisk spoke in reply and in favor of the
bill.

Mr. Williams followed on the same side,
and with great acrimony repelled the observa-
tions of Mr. Quincy.

Mr. Macon after some observations moved
to recommit the bill for the purpose of re-
modifying it as to produce something like uni-
animity.

Mr. Randolph followed in favor of recom-
mitment, and in his usual ingenious and elo-
quent manner pointed out the defects of the
bill.

The question was decided by ayes and noes
and were ayes 42, noes 62.

The question was then taken on the passage
of the bill and were yeas 64, noes 37.
Adjourned.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-
Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to
Public Sale, at the late dwelling of Richard
Weedon, late of said county, deceased, on the
North side of Severn river,

All the personal estate of said Richard
Weedon, consisting of NEGROES, to be sold for
a term of years: Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hens,
Corn and Fodder, and a variety of household
Furniture, & articles of Household and Kitchen
Furniture. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on the
premises, on Monday the 21st of this present
month, when attendance will be given, and the
terms made known by

Ruth Weedon, & Adminis-
trators.
John Weedon, & Adminis-
trators.
With the will annexed.

NOTICE.

This is to give notice, that the subscribers have
obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel
county, letters of administration, with the will an-
nexed, on the personal estate of Richard Weedon,
late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All per-
sons who have claims against said estate are re-
quested to bring them in, legally authenticated,
and those in any manner indebted to make payment
to

Ruth Weedon, & Adminis-
trators.
John Weedon, & Adminis-
trators.
With the will annexed.
December 3.

I WISH TO SELL, 2 or 3 likely young negro women,

Two of them have each a male child. They will
be sold low, to persons in the state, for cash. Ap-
ply to

Joseph G. Harrison,
Friendship, A. A. county.
December 3

State of Maryland, ss.

On application, by petition, of Joseph
G. Harrison, administrator of Jeremiah C. Sim-
mons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is
ordered, that he give the notice required by law,
for the creditors to bring in their claims against
the said deceased, and that the same be published
once in each week, for the space of six successive
weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills
for A. A. county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county,
hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-
Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of adminis-
tration on the personal estate of Jeremiah C. Sim-
mons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All
persons having claims against the said deceased,
are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the
vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before
the third day of March next, they may otherwise
be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.
Given under my hand this 24th day of Nov-
ember, 1812.

Joseph G. Harrison, Adm'r.

NOTICE.

All persons are forewarned from hunting, either
with dog or gun, or trespassing in any way what-
ever, on my farms known by the names of Belmont
and Thomas's Point, or on my lands lying on
Oyster, Fishing and Smith's Creeks, as the law
will be put in force against any offender.

Jeremiah T. Chase.
December 3.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he in-
tends to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, or
some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of
said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief
of sundry insolvent debtors, passed November
session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.

John O'Hara.
December 3.

By his Excellency LEVIN WINDER, Esquire, Governor of Maryland, A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS The General Assembly of Mary-
land did, by an act passed at November session
eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to
reduce into one the several acts of assembly re-
specting elections, and to regulate said elections,"
direct, that the governor and council, after having
received the returns of the elections for electors to
choose the President and Vice-President of the
United States, should enumerate and ascertain the
number of votes for each and every candidate and
person so as aforesaid voted for as an elector re-
spectively, and shall thereupon declare by procla-
mation, signed by the governor and without de-
lay disperse through the state the name of the per-
son or persons duly elected as elector in each re-
spective district: We, in pursuance of the direc-
tions of the said act, do by this, our proclamation
declare, that by the returns made to us, it appears
that Henry H. Chapman, Esquire, was elected an
elector for the first district; Edward H. Calvert,
Esquire, was elected an elector for the second dis-
trict; Edward Johnson and John Stephen, Es-
quires, were elected electors for the third district;
Henry Williams and Daniel Rentsch, Esquires,
were elected electors for the fourth district; Tobias
F. Stansbury, Esquire, was elected an elector for
the fifth district; Thomas W. Veazy, Esquire,
was elected an elector for the sixth district; Thomas
Worrell, Esquire, was elected an elector for the
seventh district; Edward Lloyd, Esquire, was
elected an elector for the eighth district; and Li-
tleton Dennis, Esquire, was elected an elector for
the ninth district.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under
the great seal of the state of Maryland, this
twenty-fourth day of November, in the year
(SEAL) of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
and twelve, and of the independence of the
United States of America the thirty-seventh.

Levin Winder.

By the Governor,
Ninian Pinkney, CLK.

Ordered, That the foregoing proclamation be
published twice in each week for the space of three
weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, Annapolis: The
Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore: The
People's Monitor, Easton: The Federal Republi-
can, Georgetown: Mellsheimer's German paper
and Frederick Town Herald, Frederick-town: Ha-
gar's Town Gazette and Maryland Herald, Ha-
gar's Town.

By order,
Ninian Pinkney, CLK.
of the Council.
November 26.

THE CHRONICLE,

OR,
AN ANNUAL REVIEW OF HISTORY, PO-
LITICS AND LITERATURE.
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

By JOHN E. HALL, late of Baltimore, assisted by
several men of letters.

This work will be devoted to the following
subjects: 1. An Annual History of Europe—2. A
Congressional History of the United States, with
occasional notices of important proceedings in
the State Legislature—3. Public Documents—4.
A Register of Remarkable Occurrences—5. Bio-
graphical Sketches of persons distinguished at the
Bar or in the Pulpit, in the Church, in the
6. Proceedings of learned Societies, at home and
abroad—7. An Annual History of Literature, for-
eign and domestic—8. Essays on Miscellaneous
Topics and Poetical Effusions—9. Statistical Re-
ports.

Price six dollars per annum—To be published in
four quarterly numbers.
Subscriptions received by Geo. Shaw
& Co.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order from the orphans court of
Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will sell
at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on Friday
18th day of December next, at his house, for
ready cash,

A Negro Woman and five children, consisting
of three Boys and two Girls, with some other ar-
ticles too tedious to mention, the property of Ro-
bert Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county, de-
ceased, the payment of all just claims against
said estate, and the balance if any, to be equally
divided among his legal representatives according
to law.

David Stewart, Adm'r.
November 26.

Anne-Arundel County, ss.

On application to me the subscriber, in the re-
cess of Anne-Arundel county court, as an associ-
ate judge for the third judicial district of Maryland,
by petition, in writing, of Danzy Brown, of said
county, praying for the benefit of the act for the
relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several
supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in
said act, a schedule of his property and a list of
his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain
them, being annexed to his petition, and having
satisfied me that he has resided in the state of
Maryland for two years immediately preceding the
time of his application, having also stated in his
petition that he is in confinement for debt, and
having prayed to be discharged from his confine-
ment on the terms prescribed in said act; I do
hereby order and adjudge, that the person of the
said Danzy Brown be discharged, and by causing
a copy of this order to be published in the Mary-
land Gazette for three months successively before
the first Monday of April next, to give notice to
his creditors to appear before the county court of
said county, on the third Monday of April next,
for the purpose of recommending a trustee for
their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have,
why the said Danzy Brown should not have the
benefit of the acts as prayed for. Given under my
hand this 21st day of November, 1812.

Richard H. Harwood.

Land for Sale.

The subscribers will offer to Public Sale, on the
premises, on Thursday 17th December next,

That Valuable Estate

On which Zachariah Baldwin formerly resided,
situate in that rich and highly improved country
known by the name of The Forest of Prince-
George's. This Farm contains about 200 acres of
land of the 1st quality, has a comfortable brick
dwelling house on it, with a Kitchen, Quarter, &c.
attached to it; excellent Apple and Peach Or-
chards; plenty of fire-wood, and much valuable
timber. It is level, fertile and well watered; the
situation remarkably healthy, and the soil adapted
to clover and plaister. It contains besides about
15 acres of fine meadow, and the enclosures of the
whole are in good repair. In addition to these in-
ducements, it may be stated, that much adjacent
lands may be added to it at a price far below its
value, so as to form a most desirable establishment
for a monied man, on the most reasonable terms.
The distance from Queen Anne, the nearest town,
is about seven miles, and from Annapolis and the
City of Washington about fourteen.

The terms will be a credit of one or more years,
and will be particularly made known on the
day of sale. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

Walter Claiborne,
William M. Lansdale.

November 26.

Adam & James Stewart,

FORTE PIANO MAKERS,

(FROM LONDON.)

Beg leave to inform the Public, that they still
continue at their old stand, No. 3, North
Charles-street, and have now on hand a choice
assortment of Instruments. They will engage to
furnish them at the different prices equal in Qual-
ity and Tone to any imported, from 200 dollars and
upwards. Orders by letter from the Country, will
be as punctually attended to, and instruments as
judiciously selected, as if made in Person. No
care in Packing and Safety in transporting shall
be neglected—and every possible attention shown
to those who may favour them with their com-
mand.

November 26.

A Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his FARM near
this city, commonly known by the name of Prim-
rose.

It contains five hundred and forty-four acres,
and will be sold entire, or in separate divisions.

There are on the south side of the road to Tho-
mas's Point about forty acres which could be con-
veniently detached.

There is a small tenement adjoining the road
from South river Ferry to which any suitable
number of acres could be affixed. And there is a
part, well wooded, which lies on the Creek oppo-
site to Annapolis, with a convenient landing.

The improvements, which are valuable, are occa-
sionally in the centre of the land.

There is plenty of timber and firewood; and se-
veral pieces of meadow might be easily made.

A liberal credit will be given, on the payment,
with interest, being secured.

IV. Kitty.
Annapolis, Nov. 26.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of
Anne-Arundel county, the subscribers will ex-
pose to public sale, on the premises of the late
Thomas Robinson, late of Anne-Arundel county,
deceased, on the north side of Severn, on
Tuesday the 15th day of December next, the
following property.

One Wood Flat, two Battens, Sails and Rig-
ging of a Schooner; also some raising Utensils,
Household and Kitchen Furniture, and Stock of
Horses and Sheep, and several other articles too
tedious to mention. The foregoing property will
be sold for six months for all sums over
twenty dollars, under that sum the cash to be paid.
Bond and security will be required, with interest
from the day of sale. The sale will commence at
10 o'clock, if fair, if not, the next fair day there-
after.

Elizabeth Robinson, & Admin-
Charles Robinson, & Admin-
Nov. 19, 1812.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

Will be sold, to the highest bidder, (on the premises of the late Doctor John Gassaway, of Rhode River, in Anne-Arundel county) on the fourth Monday in December next, on a credit of one, two and three years, with interest on the purchase money from the day of sale, **THAT MOST VALUABLE FARM** On which the Doctor resided, containing about four hundred and ninety-three acres; the situation is high and healthy, and commands a beautiful prospect of the Chesapeake Bay. The improvements on the said farm are, a comfortable dwelling House, Quarter, Tobacco House and Barn. Also, on the same day, will be sold his Lower Farm, distant about two miles from the place he resided, called Cotter's Desire, containing about two hundred and forty-one acres. Both farms are well wooded, and convenient to the water, and a bounds in wild fowl, fish and oysters. It is unnecessary to go into a detail of the value of the above property, as those who are inclined to purchase will take a view of the premises previous to the day of sale. The lands will be shown by Mr. Thomas & Mr. Carnes, who are now living on the property. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock on said day, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter.

Alexander Stuart.
Sarah C. White.

November 12.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to the testament and last will of Helen Weedon, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, the subscribers will expose to public sale, on Monday the 14th day of December next, if fair, if not, on the next fair day thereafter,

ALL THE FARM OR PLANTATION On which the said Helen Weedon lately resided, containing about ninety-seven acres of land. Also all the residue of the personal estate of the said deceased, not heretofore disposed of, consisting of Negroes, Horses, Cows, Corn, and Fodder, and sundry utensils of Husbandry, and articles of household and kitchen furniture. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock on the premises, when attendance will be given, and the terms made known, by

Horatio Ridout, Executors.
Henry Duwall.

November 12.

The Subscribers

Being informed that it has been circulated in this city that they were not willing to receive on freight, Bricks, Stone, Coal, or any other articles of a similar nature; they therefore declare, that such a report is without foundation, and that they will carry any article offered on freight, either to or from Baltimore, at the usual prices.

To those who give their more valuable business to Craft, not being in the Packet line, they would observe, that if they continue the practice, their letters and small commissions will not be attended to. To those who continue their business to them they assure a ready and punctual attention, and every reasonable exertion to please.

To their punctual customers they return their sincere thanks, with an assurance that their future exertions shall be equal to their former to render general satisfaction to those who employ them.

Geo. & Jno. Barber.

November 12.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY ROBERT BOWIE, ESQUIRE GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND. A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Maryland did by an act passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to reduce into one the several acts of Assembly respecting elections, and to regulate said elections," direct that the governor and council after having received the returns of elections of the members to represent the state in the Congress of the U. S. should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes given for each and every person voted for as a member for Congress aforesaid respectively, and shall thereupon declare, by proclamation, signed by the Governor, the name of the person or persons duly elected in each respective district. We in pursuance of the direction of the said act, do by this our proclamation, declare that by the returns made to us, it appears that Philip Stewart, Esq. was elected for the first district; Joseph Kent, Esq. was elected for the second district; Alexander Contee Hanson, Esq. was elected for the third district; Samuel Ringgold, Esq. was elected for the fourth district; Alexander McKim, and Nicholas Ruxton Moore, Esqs. were elected for the fifth district; Stevenson Archer, Esq. was elected for the sixth district; Robert Wright, Esq. was elected for the seventh district, and Charles Goldsborough, Esq. was elected for the eighth district.

Given in Council, at the city of Annapolis, under the great seal of the State of Maryland, this twenty-third day of October, 1812, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the thirty-seventh.

By the Governor,

Ninian Pinkney,
Clerk of the Council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published twice in each week, for the space of four weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Maryland Republican, of Annapolis; in the Whig, Sun, American and Federal Gazette, of Baltimore; in the National Intelligencer, at Washington; in the Maryland paper at Frederick Town; in the Maryland Herald, at Hagers-town; and in the Star at Eastern.

By Order,

Ninian Pinkney,
Clerk of the Council.

November 12.

NOTICE.

I will Rent, or Sell, my FARM, near South River Church. For terms apply to Nicholas Brewer, of the City of Annapolis.

FRANCES YATES.

November 12.

B. CURRAN,

Has received a good supply of Cloths, Coatings, Casimeres, Flannels, Blankets, Stuffs, Irish Linens, and various other Articles in the

Dry Good Line,

which he will sell low for Cash, and usual to his Punctual Customers.

October 8.

Seasonable Goods.

H. G. MUNROE

Has just received, a general assortment of **Dry Goods & Groceries,** Ironmongery and Stationary, which will be disposed of on accommodating terms.

ALSO,

Loaf & Lump Sugar

At Factory prices.

October 15.

Childs & Shaw,

Have just received, a complete Assortment of

Fall & Winter Goods,

which they offer for sale on the most accommodating terms.

October 8.

Land for Sale.

I will sell the plantation on which I now reside, containing about six hundred and sixty acres of valuable land, adapted to farming, in a healthy situation: There is the greatest plenty of wood, such as oak, chestnut, walnut and poplar; it is well watered; a plenty of meadow, and about four acres in clover. This land lies within two miles of Herring Creek Church, five miles from Pig Point, and about the same distance from Herring Bay. It will be divided to suit purchasers, if desired. For terms apply to the subscriber.

Samuel Harrison.

Sept. 24, 1812.

Augustus Uz,

Respectfully informs the Citizens of Annapolis, that at the earnest solicitations of some of the most respectable inhabitants he has made arrangements, and is now enabled, to devote his leisure hours to their benefit and gratification, with his new and elegant mode of

Colouring and Ornamenting Walls,

either in imitation of paper hangings, or otherwise. This so eminently useful invention is too generally known throughout the Union to need any further illustration. Directions, in writing, left at Mr. Jarvis's, on Hill Point, or at Mr. Isaac Parker's Tavern, (where a rough specimen of the work may be seen,) will be strictly attended to, and all necessary information respecting expenses and durability given.

October 8.

EXCHANGE OF OLD SIX PER CENT AND DEFERRED STOCKS.

Pursuant to the act of Congress, entitled, "An act authorising a subscription for the old six per cent and deferred stocks, and providing for the exchange of the same," passed on the 6th day of July, 1812, books will be opened on the first day of October next, at the Treasury, and at the several loan offices, and will continue open till the 17th day of March next, for receiving subscriptions of the old six per cent and deferred stocks, in the manner prescribed by the said act. New certificates, bearing interest from the first day of the quarter in which the subscription shall be made, at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable quarterly, for the unredeemed amount of principal of the old six per cent and deferred stocks which may be subscribed, will be issued at the Treasury or at the Loan Offices respectively where the old stock subscribed may at the time stand credited. The new stock will be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States at any time after the 31st day of December, 1824; but no reimbursement will be made except for the whole amount of the stock standing at the time, to the credit of any proprietor, on the books of the Treasury or of the commissioners of loans respectively, nor till after at least six months previous public notice of such intended reimbursement.

Albert Gallatin.

Treasury Department, Sept. 12, 1812.

Anne-Arundel County Court, September Term, 1812.

On application to the judges of the said county court, by petition in writing of Samuel Hopkins, of said county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November Session, eighteen hundred and five, on the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said act, being annexed to his petition; and the said county court being satisfied by competent testimony, that the said Samuel Hopkins has resided the two preceding years prior to the passage of the said act within the State of Maryland, and the said Samuel Hopkins, at the time of presenting his petition, as aforesaid, having produced to the said court the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of filing his said petition, it is therefore adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said Samuel Hopkins, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette, once a week for three successive months, before the third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, to be held at the City of Annapolis, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the said third Monday of April, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said Samuel Hopkins then and there taking the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property.

Wm. S. Green, clk.

October 1.

GIDEON WHITE,

Has received an Extensive Assortment of Goods, amongst which are,

EXTRA SUPERFINE

American Broad Cloths,

From Shepherd & Co. Manufactory, Massachusetts, equal if not superior to any imported Cloths.

ALSO

London Superfine and Second Cloths, Casimeres, Bedford Cord, Fashionable Stockinet, Fashionable Vestings, &c. &c. All which he will sell low.

November 5.

Livery Stables.

THE subscriber having his Stables in good order for the reception of Horses respectfully solicits the favors of the Public. The utmost attention will be paid to horses entrusted to his care.

NEHEMIAH HOLLAND.

N. B. He is likewise prepared to carry expresses to any part of the state at the shortest notice, with despatch.

N. H.

By the Committee of Claims.

The Committee of Claims will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,

BENJAMIN GRAY, Clk.

November 5.

By the Committee of Grievances & Courts of Justice.

The Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,

LOUIS GASSAWAY, Clk.

November 5.

Adjutant General's Office,

ANNAPOLIS, NOV. 7, 1812. The commander in chief of the militia of Maryland, accepts the services of the following officers of cavalry, who have patriotically volunteered as part of the quota of this state, required by the general government.

Col. Frisby Tilghman, to command the first regiment; Col. Edward Lloyd, to command the second; Major Charles S. Ridgely and Major Otho H. Williams, attached to Colonel Tilghman's regiment; Major William B. Barney and Major Adam Wham, attached to Colonel Lloyd's regiment.

By order,

Jno. Gassaway, A. G.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Calvert County Court, or some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.

RICHARD KENT.

Nov. 3, 1812.

State of Maryland, sc.

On application, by petition, of Thomas Woodfield, administrator de bonis non of John Jacobs, senior, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased; it is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for the creditors to bring in their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills,

for A. A. County.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non on the personal estate of John Jacobs, senior, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the seventh day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 27th day of October, 1812.

Thomas Woodfield, Administrator de bonis non.

60 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber living in South River Neck, on Monday the 2d inst. a negro fellow who calls himself Thomas Brown, about forty three years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, has a bald place on the back part of his head; when spoken to has an impediment in his speech; and is much given to intoxication. Had on when he made his escape, a kersey round about jacket and trousers, on a burgundy shirt, old hat and shoes. This fellow was originally from Benedict, Charles county, and it is probable may have gone thence as he has been seen in that neighborhood. If taken twenty miles from home twenty dollars will be given, if thirty miles, thirty dollars, if forty miles, forty dollars, and if out of the State the above reward, if secured in any way so that I get him again. All persons are forbidden harbouring said fellow, as the law will be enforced against all such offenders.

Joseph N. Brewer.

Nov. 12.

George & John Barber,

At their Store on the Dock, have on hand, and offer for Sale, a General Assortment of Goods,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES,

VIZ.

French Brandy, Spirit, Peach & Apple Brandy, W. I. and N. E. Rum, Gin, Cherry Brandy, 1st & 2d qual Whiskey, Old Sherry Wine, 1st qual. Cyder & Cyder Vinegar, Molasses,

Best Alex. Leaf Sugar, 1st & 2d qual. Bralt do. 1st & 2d & 3d. Brown do. Chocolate, Coffee, Imperial, Hyson,

Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong,

A few boxes of Raisins and Currants,

Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Alspice, Cinnamon, Pepper, Ginger,

Pearl Barley, Rice, Mustard, Fig Blue, Sarsaparilla, Salt Pe-

tre, Brimstone, Perfumed Soap & Wash Balls,

1st and 2d qual. Spanish and Amer. Segars,

First chop James River small twist, pig tail and smoking tobacco

Rappee & Scotch Snuff Mould & Dipped Candles,

White & Brown Soap, Mess Pork, new & old Hams, Shoulders and Middlings,

Salmon, Mackerel, Herrings and Cod Fish, Cheese, Butter, Lard, Sallad Oil, Basket Salt

Jameson's Crackers, Pilot Bread,

All the above Articles are offered for sale on the most reasonable terms for cash, or to those who have been punctual on the usual credit. To persons who reside in the country they will have for different kinds of grain, &c.

THE PACKETS FOR BALTIMORE

Are now running regularly, and will continue to do so until the 25th December. The utmost attention will be paid to the delivery of letters, but they will not be responsible for the loss of any.

N. B. The subscribers earnestly request all those who have accounts of long standing to come forward and discharge the same, or pass their notes for the amount. In order to accommodate such a small part of their accounts will be received in credit given for the same.

We forewarn all persons from trusting the hands with small bundles, as in case they should be lost we will not be answerable for the same. All those who have claims against us are requested to bring them in for settlement.

Geo. & Jno. Barber.

Annapolis, Nov. 5, 1812.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, or some one of the Judges thereof, in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.

WILLIAM JAMES.

Nov. 12, 1812.

Notice is hereby given,

That a petition will be presented to the Legislature, at their next session, for a law to open a road from some place near to Cragg's Ferry, to Mr. Pumfrey's mill, and from thence to the mountain road, where there are two branches, one of which leads to Mr. Waters's mill, and the other to the Annapolis road leading from Baltimore.

A. A. County, Oct. 29, 1812.

For Sale

A Negro Woman, aged 32, with four Children, three girls and a boy, the eldest daughter nine years of age, the second four, the boy's age seven. Enquire at the Gazette Office.

October 29.

To the Voters

Of Anne-Arundel County and the City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN, Having become a Candidate for the Office of Sheriff at the next Electoral period, have thought proper to give this early notice of my intention to do so. On this occasion I earnestly solicit the support of my fellow-citizens; Should my efforts be crowned with success, it would be the object of my care to discharge the duties that would devolve on me with justice and humanity.

REZIN SPURRIER.

Annapolis, October 8, 1812.

Wanted

TO HIRE, BY THE YEAR,

A NEGRO WOMAN,

who understands House Work, for which a liberal price will be given. Inquire at this Office.

Sept. 17.

(LXIXth YEAR.

PRINTED AND PU

BY

JONAS GR

CHURCH-STREET,

Price—Two Dollars

I WISH TO
2 or 3 likely y
women

Two of them have each a m

be sold low, to persons in the

ply to

Joseph

Near Friendship, A. A. cou

December 3.

State of Mar

On application, by p

G. Harrison, administrator

mons, late of Anne-Arundel

ordered, that he give the not

for the creditors to bring in

the said deceased, and that

once in each week for the sp

weeks in the Maryland Gazet

John Gassaway

for A

THIS IS TO GIV

That the subscriber of

hath obtained from the orp

Annapolis county, in Marylan

ration on the personal estate

mons, late of Anne-Arundel

persons having claims again

are hereby warned to exhibi

vouchers thereof, to the sub

the third day of March next

by law be excluded from all

date. Given under my hand

number, 1812.

Joseph G. H

By his Excellency LE

Esquire, Governor

A PROCLAM

WHEREAS the Genera

had did, by an act passed

eighteen hundred and five,

reduce into one the several

specifying elections, and to re

direct, that the governor an

received the returns of the e

choose the President and

United States, should enum

number of votes for each ar

person so as aforesaid vote

spectively, and shall thereu

mation, signed by the gove

may disperse through the sta

son or persons duly elected

specify district: We, in pu

ons of the said act, do by

declare, that by the returns

that Henry H. Chapman, E

elector for the first district

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE

[LXIXth Year.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1812.

No. 34391

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

JONAS GREEN,

CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Two Dollars per Annum.

I WISH TO SELL,
2 or 3 likely young negro
women,

Two of them have each a male child. They will
be sold low, to persons in the state, for cash. Ap-
ply to

Joseph G. Harrison,
Near Friendship, A. A. county.
December 3.

State of Maryland, sc.

On application, by petition, of Joseph
G. Harrison, administrator of Jeremiah C. Sim-
mons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is
ordered, that he give the notice required by law,
for the creditors to bring in their claims against
the said deceased, and that the same be published
once in each week for the space of six successive
weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills
for A. A. county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county,
hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-
Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of adminis-
tration on the personal estate of Jeremiah C. Sim-
mons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All
persons having claims against the said deceased,
are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the
vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before
the third day of March next, they may otherwise
be excluded from all benefit of the said es-
tate. Given under my hand this 24th day of No-
vember, 1812.

Joseph G. Harrison, Adm'r.
By his Excellency LEVIN WINDER,
Esquire, Governor of Maryland,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Mary-
land did, by an act passed at November session
eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to
reduce into one the several acts of assembly re-
specting elections, and to regulate said elections,"
direct, that the governor and council, after having
received the returns of the elections for electors to
choose the President and Vice-President of the
United States, should enumerate and ascertain the
number of votes for each and every candidate and
person so as aforesaid voted for as an elector re-
spectively, and shall thereupon declare by procla-
mation, signed by the governor, and without de-
lay disperse through the state the name of the per-
son or persons duly elected as elector in each re-
spective district: We, in pursuance of the direc-
tions of the said act, do by this our proclamation
declare, that by the returns made to us, it appears
that Henry H. Chapman, Esquire, was elected an
elector for the first district; Edward H. Calvert,
Esquire, was elected an elector for the second dis-
trict; Edward Johnson and John Stephen, Es-
quires, were elected electors for the third district;
Henry Williams and Daniel Rentsch, Esquires,
were elected electors for the fourth district; Tobias
E. Stansbury, Esquire, was elected an elector for
the fifth district; Thomas W. Veazey, Esquire,
was elected an elector for the sixth district; Tho-
mas Worrell, Esquire, was elected an elector for
the seventh district; Edward Lloyd, Esquire, was
elected an elector for the eighth district; and Li-
ttleton Dennis, Esquire, was elected an elector for
the ninth district.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under
the great seal of the state of Maryland, in the year
twenty-fourth day of November, in the year
(SEAL) of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
and twelve, and of the independence of the
United States of America the thirty-seventh.

Levin Winder.

By the Governor,

Ninian Pinkney, Clk.

Ordered, That the foregoing proclamation be
published twice in each week for the space of three
weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; The
Federal Gazette and American; Baltimore; The
People's Monitor, Easton; The Federal Republi-
can, Georgetown; Melcher's German paper
and Frederick-Town Herald, Frederick-town; Ha-
gar's Town Gazette and Maryland Herald, Ha-
gar's Town.

By order,

Ninian Pinkney, Clk.
of the Council.

THE CHRONICLE,

AN ANNUAL REVIEW OF HISTORY, PO-
LITICS AND LITERATURE.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

By JOHN E. HALL, late of Baltimore, assisted by
several men of letters.

This work will be devoted to the following
subjects: 1. An Annual History of Europe—2. A
Congressional History of the United States, with
occasional notices of important proceedings in
the State Legislature—3. Public Documents—4.
A Register of Remarkable Occurrences—5. Bio-
graphical Sketches of persons distinguished at the
bar or in the Pulpit, in the Closet or the Field—
6. Proceedings of learned Societies, as home and
foreign—7. An Annual History of Literature, &c.
—8. Domestic—8. Essays on Miscellaneous
Topics and Poetical Effusions—9. Statistical Re-
ports.

Price six dollars per annum—To be published in
four quarterly numbers.

Subscriptions received by Geo. Shaw
& Co.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DEC. 10, 1812.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES:

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 2:

The house met. Present as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a petition from He-
zekiah Price, of the city of Baltimore, pray-
ing he may be authorized to convey the land
therein mentioned. Referred.

The bill to confirm an old road in Worter-
ter county, was read the second time and
passed.

On motion by Mr. Young, Ordered, That
this house will, on to-morrow, proceed to
the appointment of a director to the Bank of
Baltimore, on behalf of the state for the en-
suing year.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a further addition-
al supplement to the act for building a new
gaol in Baltimore county. Read.

The further additional supplement to the
act, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry
insolvent debtors, was read the second time
and passed.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill
for the appointment of the justices of the le-
vy court by the people, endorsed, "will not
pass." And the bill to regulate the fees of the
register in the court of chancery, endorsed,
"will pass." Ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Thomas N. Williams delivers a bill
for the benefit of Cornelius Ennis, John
Hancock and Charity Tarr. Twice read and
passed.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a petition from
Alexander Mitchell, of the city of Balti-
more, praying a special act of insolvency.
Read.

Mr. Crabb delivers a report and resolution
in favour of Leonard Watkins a revolution-
ary soldier. Read.

On motion by Mr. Lewis, Leave given to
bring in a bill, entitled, An act to revive an
act, entitled, An act to incorporate a com-
pany to make a turnpike road from the town of
Westminster, in Frederick county, through
Harman's Gap, to Hagar's-town in Washing-
ton county.

The bill for the relief of William Priestley,
was read the second time and passed.

Mr. Plater delivers a bill authorizing Joseph
Gough, to complete his collections. Twice
read and passed. Mr. Lewis a bill annulling
the marriage of Conrad Holtzman and Eve
his wife. Mr. Hogg a bill to lay out, open
and amend, a road in Cecil county. Mr.
Plater a bill for the benefit of the trustees of
Charlotte Hall school. Read.

Mr. Lecompte a petition from Matilda
Bruff, of the city of Baltimore, praying a
divorce. Referred.

Mr. Perry delivers a report and resolution
in favour of James Clarke. Read.

On motion by Mr. Banning, Leave given to
bring in a bill, entitled, An act regulating
the manner of repairing the public roads in
the several counties therein mentioned.

Mr. Callis delivers a bill for the relief of
Ann Onions, of Prince-George's county.
Read.

Mr. Lecompte delivers a report and resolu-
tion in favour of Samuel Brown, of Dor-
chester county. Read.

Mr. Marriott delivers a bill to repeal the
act and supplement therein mentioned. Mr.
Frey a bill to change the name of Cresswell's
Ferry, in Cecil county. Read.

Mr. Frey delivers a report and resolution
in favour of Nicholas Milburn, of Cecil
county. Read.

Mr. Forwood, of Wm. delivers a bill mak-
ing public a certain road in Harford county.
Twice read and passed.

The bill for opening an alley from Holli-
day-street in the city of Baltimore, was read
the second time and passed.

Mr. Emerson delivers a petition from Sut-
ton I. Weems, of Calvert county, praying
further time for the payment of a judgment
recovered against him. Referred.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

THURSDAY, DEC. 3.

The house met. Present as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Parnham delivers a petition from
James Somers, of Charles county, late an
officer of the revolutionary war, praying re-
lief. Mr. Sanders a petition from sundry
inhabitants of Harford county, praying an
alteration in the road from Winters Run to
the white-house. Mr. Potts a petition from
Richard Butler, of Frederick county, pray-
ing that the depreciation of pay due to him
as deputy quartermaster may be allowed; and
a petition from Barbara Tice, widow of Ni-
cholas Tice, praying that the depreciation of
pay due her late husband, may be allowed to
the representatives of her said husband. Mr.
Grahame a petition from sundry inhabitants

of Frederick county, praying for a lottery.
Referred.

The bill for the relief of Ann Onions, of
P. G. county, was read the second time,
passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Bayly, Leave given to
bring in a bill, entitled, An act authorizing
Matthias Dahlhiel, late sheriff of Somerset
county to complete his collections.

Mr. Bayly delivers the said bill; which
was twice read, passed, and sent to the senate.

The bill for the relief of John Landreth,
of Somerset county, was read the second time
and will not pass.

The bill to open an alley from Holliday st.
to North street, in the city of Baltimore, the
bill to make public a road in Harford county,
and to vacate certain roads therein mention-
ed; the bill, entitled, An additional supple-
ment to the act for the relief of sundry insol-
vent debtors; the bill to authorize Joseph
Gough, late sheriff of St. Mary's county, to
complete his collections; the bill for the be-
nefit of Cornelius Ennis, John Hancock and
Charity Tarr of Worcester county; the bill
for the relief of William Priestley, of the ci-
ty of Annapolis; the bill to confirm an old
road in Worcester county; the bill supple-
mentary to the act to confirm a road in
Harford and Baltimore counties; the bill to
correct a mistake in a deed therein mention-
ed; the bill for the relief of Thomas Ed-
mondson, of Dorchester county; and the bill
to change the name of Theodore Gunby, of
Somerset county, to that of Theodore Gunby
Dahlhiel, were sent to the senate.

The bill for the relief of John and Rebecca
Candler, administrators of William Candler,
late sheriff of Montgomery county, was read
the second time, passed, and sent to the se-
nate.

The house proceeded to the election of a
director in the Bank of Baltimore; the bal-
lots were deposited in the ballot box, and up-
on examination thereof it appeared that Sa-
muel Farnandis was elected.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill
for the relief of William Priestley, and the
bill to authorize Ezra Mantz to complete his
collection, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to
be engrossed.

Mr. Wilton delivers a bill for the relief of
Peter G. Clarke, of the city of Baltimore.—
Read.

The bill to change the name of Cresswell's
ferry, in Cecil county, was read the second
time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Long delivers a petition from Henry
Harris, a drummer in the third Maryland re-
giment during the revolutionary war, praying
relief. Mr. Grahame a petition from sun-
dry inhabitants of Frederick and Washington
counties praying a road from Taylor's ferry
to the turnpike road leading to Baltimore.—
Referred.

The bill to lay out and make public a road
in Somerset county, was read the second
time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Barney delivers a bill for the relief of
William Smith, and others, of the city of
Baltimore. Mr. Francis Hall a bill for the
relief of Dennis M. Burgeis, of P. G. coun-
ty. Read.

On motion by Mr. Parnham, the following
message was read and sent to the Senate.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We propose, with the concurrence of your
house, to proceed on Tuesday the eighth in-
stant, to an election of two directors on the
part of the state for the Union Bank of
Maryland; two for the Mechanics Bank
of Baltimore; one for the Commercial and
Farmers Bank of Baltimore; two for the
Farmers Bank of Maryland at Annapolis;
two for the branch of said bank at Easton;
two for the Hagar's Town Bank; and one
for the Elkton Bank of Maryland.

Mr. Frey from the committee delivers a
bill to lay out and open a road in Cecil coun-
ty. Mr. Young a bill annulling the mar-
riage of William Whetcroft and Ann Whet-
croft, of the city of Annapolis. Mr. Wil-
son a bill to encourage the education of
youth in Worcester county. Read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to
lay out and straighten a road in Baltimore
county, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to
be engrossed. The bill making an uniform
provision for the surviving officers and soldiers
of the late Maryland line, endorsed, "will
not pass." And the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We agree to go into the appointment of di-
rectors on the part of the State in the several
banks, as specified in your message on this
date, on Tuesday next, as proposed by you.

Read.

Mr. Long delivers a petition from Rofe
Shay, of Somerset county, praying a divorce.
Referred.

Mr. Lewis delivers a bill to revive an act
to incorporate a company to make a turnpike
road from the town of Westminster to Ha-
gar's Town. Twice read and passed.

Mr. Wilton delivers a report and resolu-
tion in favour of Gerard H. Snowden and

Richard Snowden, administrators of John
Snowden, and Samuel and Philip Snowden,
executors of Samuel Snowden. Read.

Mr. Wilton delivers a petition from the
commissioners appointed to build a bridge over
Chesler river, at Chesler-town, praying they
may be authorized to draw a lottery in the ci-
ty of Baltimore for building said bridge. Mr.
Barney a petition from John Simpson, of the
city of Baltimore, counter to the petition of
sundry inhabitants of said city praying for
the opening of Ailquith-street. Referred.

Mr. Long delivers a bill annulling the
marriage of Elijah Shay and Rofe Shay, of
Somerset county. Mr. Francis Hall a bill
to establish a public road in Prince-George's
county. Read.

Adjourned.

FRIDAY, DEC. 4:

The house met. Present as on yesterday.

The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Sanders delivers a petition from Sedg-
wick James, of Harford county, praying that
a sum of money paid for composition on cer-
tain land before compounded on may be re-
funded. Mr. Frey a petition from James L.
Porter, of Cecil county, praying that he
may receive a title to certain lands therein
mentioned. Read and referred.

The report on the petition of Jas. Clarke,
was read the second time, and the resolution
contained therein, assented to.

Mr. Lewis delivers a petition from sundry
inhabitants of Washington county, praying
that a public road may be opened to run pa-
rallel with the South Mountain from Boonbo-
rough to Jacob Welty's on the road from
Hagar's-town to Nicholson's Gap. Read
and referred.

On motion by Mr. Dorley, Ordered, That
the bill, entitled, An additional supplement
to the act, entitled, An act respecting the
equity jurisdiction of the county courts, be
made the order of the day for Tuesday the
8th instant.

The bill to lay out, open and amend a road
in Cecil county, was read the second time
and passed.

The bill annulling the marriage of Conrad
Holtzman, and Eve his wife, was read the
second time and the question put, Shall the
said bill pass? Determined in the negative.

The report on the petition of Thomas El-
liott, was read the second time, concurred in,
and the resolution therein contained assented
to.

Mr. Barney delivers a petition from sun-
dry inhabitants of the city of Baltimore,
praying the extension of Forrest and Good-
man-streets. Read and referred.

The report on the petition of Leonard
Watkins, of Montgomery county, was read
the second time and assented to.

Mr. Stanbury delivers a petition from
sundry inhabitants of the eastern precincts of
Baltimore, praying the extension of Low-
street. Read and referred.

Mr. Stanbury delivers a bill supplementa-
ry to an act to lay out and make a public
road in Baltimore county, passed the 20th of
January, 1808. Read.

The report on the petition of Elijah
Smith, of Dorchester county, was read the
second time, and assented to.

The clerk of the senate delivers the resolu-
tion in favour of John Chance and John
Watkins, endorsed, "assented to;" And
the bill for the relief of John and Rebecca
Candler; the bill for the extension of Green-
street in the city of Baltimore; the bill to
alter and repeal such parts of the constitution
and form of government as relate to the di-
vision of Allegany county into election dis-
tricts; and the bill for the relief of Corne-
lius Ennis, John Hancock and Charity Tarr,
of Worcester county, severally endorsed,
"will pass." Ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Ford delivers a petition from John
Davis, an old soldier, praying relief. Read
and referred.

According to order, the house proceeded to
the second reading of the bill to incorporate a
company to make a turnpike road leading to
Cumberland, and for the extension of the
charters of the several banks in the city of
Baltimore; and on motion by Mr. Bowler,
the further consideration of the same was
postponed until the 9th inst.

On motion by Mr. Dorley, the house pro-
ceeded to the second reading of the bill for
the encouragement of learning, and erecting
schools in the several counties within this
state; and after reading and amending the
same the question was put, Shall the said bill
pass? Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Wilton delivers a bill, entitled, A fur-
ther supplement to an act to incorporate a
company for erecting a bridge.

Wm. a bill to alter and amend a certain road
in Harford county. Read.

Mr. Claude delivers a report and resolution
in favour of Thomas S. Brewer. Read.

Mr. Hogg delivers sundry petitions from
the citizens of Cecil county, praying that

the several county courts may be invested with unlimited chancery jurisdiction. Read and ordered to lie on the table.
Adjourned till to-morrow.

SATURDAY, DEC. 5.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Callis delivers a petition from Notley Maddox, of P. G. county, praying a stay of execution on a judgment obtained by the state against him. Mr. Blackstone a petition from Charles Williams and Jesse Bullock, old soldiers, praying relief. Mr. Banning a petition from Robert Bruff, of Kent county, Delaware, praying a special act of insolvency. Mr. Potts a petition from Harriet Curfman, of Frederick county, praying a divorce. Mr. Abram Jones a petition from Stephen Caywood, of Montgomery county, praying a support. Mr. Lecompte a petition from James Steele, and others, of Dorchester county, praying that the state will employ counsel to defend their titles to certain lots purchased of the state. Mr. Riggs a petition from Henry Leeke, of Montgomery county, praying a support. Mr. Potter a petition from sundry inhabitants of Caroline county, praying that the draw in Dover bridge may be altered. Mr. Forwood of Wm. a petition from sundry inhabitants of Harford county, praying that an old road therein mentioned may be made public. Mr. Delaplane a petition from John Campbell, of Frederick county, praying that a law may pass to confirm an agreement therein mentioned. Mr. Hambleton a petition from John Bullen, of Talbot county, praying that the levy court of said county may be authorized to levy a sum of money as a compensation to him for certain services rendered to the county. Severally read and referred.

On motion by Mr. Dorsey, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to permit the removal of civil actions depending or brought in the several county courts within this state to any county court of an adjoining county, and to repeal and abolish all such parts of the constitution and form of government as are contrary thereto.

On motion by Mr. Wilton, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A further additional supplement to the act, entitled, An act to provide for the organization and regulation of the courts of common law in this state, and for the administration of justice therein.

Mr. Marriott delivers a report on the petition of Thomas B. Dorley and John Sappington, stating that the chancellor has full and competent power to grant relief without the interference of the legislature. Read.

On motion by Mr. Thos. N. Williams, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A further supplement to an act passed at November session, 1796, entitled, An act relating to negroes, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to incorporate the Trustees of the Westminster General Meeting House, and the bill for the relief of the Moravian Society of Graceham, endorsed, "will not pass." The bill to confirm an old road in Worcester county; the bill to correct a mistake in a deed therein mentioned; the bill to change the name of Theodore Gunby; the bill to open an alley from Holliday-street to North-street in the city of Baltimore; the bill for the relief of Ann-Onions; the bill for the benefit of Thomas Edmonson, and the bill to lay out and make public a road in Somerset county, severally endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed.

On motion by Mr. Potter, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A further additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act to direct defendants.

The resolutions in favour of William Vaughan, and Gerard H. Snowden and others, were assented to and sent to the senate.

Mr. Francis M. Hall delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Baltimore, Anne-Arundel and Prince-George's counties, praying the incorporation of a company to make a turnpike road from Baltimore to the City of Washington. Read.

On motion by Mr. Lecompte, the following message was read and ordered to lie on the table.

Gentlemen of the Senate,
We propose, with the concurrence of your house, on — next, to proceed, in the manner prescribed by law, to the election of a senator to represent this state in the senate of the United States.

Mr. Delaplane delivers a report and resolution in favour of Joseph Smith. Read.

The resolutions in favour of William Harper and Nathaniel B. Magrader, were read and assented to.

Mr. Perry delivers a bill to prevent trespasses in Allegany county—twice read and passed. Mr. Lewis a bill for the benefit of the infant children of Thomas Helm. Mr. Abram Jones a bill for the support of Stephen Caywood, and Mr. Luby a bill for the benefit of John Smith. Read.

The bill to lay out, open and amend, a road in Cecil county; the bill to revive an act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from Westminster to Hagar's town; the bill for the encouragement of learning, and the renewal of the charters of the several banks in this state; the resolutions in fa-

vour of Elijah Smith, James Clarke, Leonard Watkins, and Thomas Elliott, were sent to the senate.

The bill to lay out & open a road in Cecil county; the bill to establish a public road in P. G. county; the supplement to the act to lay out and make public a road in Baltimore county; the further additional supplement to the act for opening a road in Baltimore county therein mentioned, and the bill for the relief of Dennis M. Burgefs, were severally read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Wilton delivers a further additional supplement to the act to provide for the organization and regulation of the courts of common law in this state. Mr. Sanders a bill for the benefit of John, James, William, and Ann Elizabeth Johnson. Mr. Randall a bill authorizing a lottery to raise a sum of money to erect a school-house and meeting-house in Baltimore county. Mr. Delaplane a bill for the relief and benefit of the representatives of William Emmitt, deceased. Read.

The bill to make valid the proceedings of the levy court of Somerset county relative to the sale of certain lots of ground, and the supplement to an act to authorize the levy court of Baltimore county to levy a sum of money for the purposes therein mentioned, were read the second time and passed.

Mr. Blackstone delivers a report and resolution in favour of Charles Williams and Jesse Bullock. Read.

Adjourned till Monday.

MONDAY, DEC. 7.

The house met. Present as on Saturday. The proceedings of Saturday were read.

Mr. Long delivers a report and resolution in favour of Henry Harris. Twice read and the resolution assented to.

Mr. Long delivers a petition from William Hillman, an old soldier, praying relief. Mr. Kilgour a petition from John Norris, of Montgomery county, praying a divorce; also a report of the trustees of Rockville Academy. Mr. Perry a petition from John Reed, of Allegany county, late an officer in the revolutionary war, praying relief. Read and referred.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill authorizing Joseph Gough to complete his collections, the bill authorizing Matthias Dashiell to complete his collections, and the bill to change the name of Creswell's Ferry, severally endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. And the following message.

Gentlemen of the house of delegates,
From the small quantity and the nature of the business before us, we believe the whole may be acted upon, and the session brought to a close, by the 13th inst. We propose, therefore, with the concurrence of your house to close the session on that day.

Read.
The further additional supplement to the act to provide for the organization and regulation of the courts of common law in this state, and the further supplement to an act to incorporate a company for erecting a bridge over Chester river, were read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Bayly delivers a petition from Elijah Langford, an old soldier, praying relief. Mr. Barney a petition from Joseph Berret, of the city of Baltimore, an insolvent debtor, praying relief. Mr. C. Hall a petition from Lancelot Moffet and Josiah Maffey, of Kent county, praying that a ditch may be opened through the lands of the late Thomas Boyer. Mr. Potter a petition from Abel Gouty, and others, of Caroline county, praying that certain land belonging to the infant heirs of Zachariah Gouty, may be sold for the benefit of said heirs. Read and referred.

The report on the petition of Thomas B. Dorley and John Sappington, was read the second time and concurred with.

Mr. Evans delivers a report and resolution in favour of Edward Gerrish and Jacob Allen. Read.

Mr. Perry a report and resolution in favor of John Reid. Twice read and the resolution assented to.

The resolution in favor of Charles Williams and Jesse Bullock, was assented to and sent to the senate.

Mr. Crabb delivers an unfavourable report on the petition of John Norris. Read.

Mr. Hogg a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, praying for a road therein mentioned. Referred.

The bill to make valid the proceedings of the levy court of Somerset county; the bill to prevent trespasses in Allegany county; the bill supplementary to the act to authorize the levy court of Baltimore county to levy a sum of money for the purposes therein mentioned; the resolution in favour of Nathaniel B. Magrader, and William Harper, were sent to the senate.

The bill for the benefit of the infant children of Thomas Helm; the bill for the benefit of John Allen, and the bill for the support of Stephen Caywood, were severally read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. L. Duvall delivers a report and resolution in favour of Thomas King. Read.

Mr. Wm. Williams delivers a petition from Thomas Kennedy and others, of Washington county, praying they may be allowed compensation for having served on a jury of

partition. Mr. Evans a petition from Neile Jones, an old soldier, praying relief. Referred.

Mr. Long delivers a report and resolution in favour of William Hillman. Read.

Mr. Parnham a report and resolution in favour of James Semmes. Twice read, and the resolution assented to.

Mr. Ford a report and resolution in favour of John Davis. Twice read and the resolution assented to.

On motion by Mr. Bowles, the bill annulling the marriage of Jerome Buonaparte, King of Westphalia, and Elizabeth Buonaparte of the city of Baltimore, was made the order of the day for Tuesday the 15th instant.

Mr. Callis delivers a bill for the relief of Samuel W. Beck, of P. G. county. Mr. Wright a bill for the relief of the heirs of John Chaires. Mr. Riggs a bill for the support of Henry Leeke. Mr. Standbury a bill for opening and extending Low-street in the eastern precincts of Baltimore. Mr. Potter a further additional supplement to an act to direct defendants. Severally read.

The resolution in favour of Thomas S. Brewer, was assented to.

On motion by Mr. Bayly, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company for the purpose of cutting and making a canal between the river Delaware and the Chesapeake Bay.

On motion by Mr. Thos. N. Williams, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act authorizing Levin Derickson, late sheriff and collector of Worcester county, to complete his collection.

Mr. Bayly delivers a report and resolution in favour of Elijah Langford. Twice read and the resolution assented to.

Mr. Dorley delivers a petition from Archibald Johnston, an old soldier, praying relief. Referred.

Mr. Barney delivers a bill to extend Forest and Goodman streets, southwardly from the city of Baltimore. Mr. Crabb a bill for the relief of Alexis Romain, of the city of Baltimore. Read.

Mr. Belt delivers a report and resolution in favour of John Hill. Read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the resolution making an appropriation for furnishing the government-house, endorsed "assented to." The supplement to the act to confirm a road in Harford and Baltimore counties, the bill to lay out, open and amend, a road in Cecil county, the supplement to the act to lay out and make public a road in Baltimore county, the further additional supplement to an act for opening a certain road in Baltimore county therein mentioned, the bill to revive an act to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from Westminster to Hagar's town, the bill making public a road in Harford county, and the bill to establish a public road in Prince-George's county, severally endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. The bill for the relief of Dennis M. Burgefs, endorsed "will not pass." And the bill to lay out and open a road in Cecil county, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment;" which amendment was agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Thos. N. Williams delivers a further supplement to an act relating to negroes. Read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

TO THE HONOURABLE

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND.

A fair and candid discussion of a constitutional question, is the right as well as the duty of freemen. If the point is involved in mystery and doubt, it needs every aid that can be tendered to extricate it from the difficulty. But if it is clear and unentangled, and an attempt is made to invade an essential principle, it becomes every man to stand forth the intrepid guardian and defender of the great charter of American rights.

On the question of the appointment of a senator of the United States, principles have been assumed, and practices pursued, most decidedly in contradiction to the plainest expressions of the constitution, disobedient to its positive commands, and repugnant to its obvious spirit and intentions. An occurrence so alarming is calculated to rouse the feelings of those who regard the constitution as the great source of our happiness and prosperity; and those who hold the opinion that American liberty will only be coeval with that constitution, are most emphatically called on to vindicate such wrongs and repress such practices.

In the 3d sec. of the 1st article of the constitution of the United States, it is thus ordered, viz: "The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six years, and each senator shall have one vote. Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes—The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year—so that one third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may

make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies."

Notwithstanding these clear and explicit provisions of the constitution, in Maryland it has by turns been declared by all parties, and they have acted up to the declaration, "That either branch of the legislature can withhold its assent to go into the election of a United States Senator at the usual established and constitutional period, and thereby prevent an election by the State Legislature from taking place."—In examining this important question, we will take up the points it now raises at the present session, both because it will be more familiar to our apprehension, and because the reasoning is at all times the same. In supporting the position of the right of withholding the assent of either branch, it is said first, "That as the present congress will be extinct on the fourth of March next, up to which time the state is already provided with a senator; and as it sometimes happens, and therefore the probability is that the new congress will not be called until the usual period of the first of December, which will be four weeks after the next session of the legislature, no inconvenience may be expected to arise from procrastinating the appointment until then—And secondly should the new congress be called on the fourth of March, or on any day previous to the meeting of the next legislature, a mode is pointed out by the constitution for a temporary appointment of a senator by the executive of the state."

A more unfounded and unfair system of reasoning than this cannot be met with; it is built upon fiction, and has been forced up to suit the pressing emergency of the occasion, rather than adapted to a just view of the subject.

No language could be stronger or more precise than that used in the constitution: the evident meaning of which is, that there must be two senators from each state, and those senators must be elected for six years. This language is imperative—Each state must have two senators, because in the senate of the United States the individual states were intended to be equally represented; and the legislatures of the states being considered the best and most adequate body of electors to appoint those senators. They are enjoined to appoint them for six years. The period when the next senator's term from Maryland will commence, will be the fourth of March, whether he is appointed at this session or not; for let the senator be appointed when he may, his term of service for six years must be computed from the fourth of March next, or the system of biennial rotation will be destroyed. As then the constitution orders that the legislature shall appoint the senators for six years, it is not clearly an obligation that they cannot controul, a duty that they cannot procrastinate. The specified time of service, and the contemporaneous and established usage which has all along prevailed, give a force and an authority to these points which cannot be misunderstood, and which ought not to be disobeyed. The idea that a senator may possibly be wanted until the first of December is irrelevant and extravagant; it is a war with the imperious injunctions of the constitution; and even if it was not, it is substituting a mere possibility of occurrence in lieu of an accustomed train of events—And at this time, when the country is involved in a serious and portentous war with a powerful enemy, such a supposition is discounted by every rational expectation, as there can be but little doubt but that congress, in such a state of things, will inevitably be in session the greater part of the approaching year. But it is further said, "The State need not in any event be unrepresented in the senate, for if the legislature does not appoint, there is a provision for an appointment by the executive of the state."—In case a vacancy occurs in the senate of the United States, during the recess of the legislature, rather than that the state should incur the additional expense of calling its legislative bodies together for this single purpose, it is provided that the executive may make a temporary appointment—This power, thus incidentally given to the executive for a temporary object, was intended by the framers of the constitution (the language of the provision is very plain) as a mere matter of convenience and economy, to be resorted to on occasions which are required to be accidental, and which from the very nature of them, as experience proves, must be unfrequent and rare—And now an attempt is made to induce the legislature (the regularly constituted electoral body) to omit to perform an imperative duty at a convenient, usual and established period, and designedly to impose that duty upon another department of the government, which upon any principle of our republican system ought not to be invested with such power, and which would not have been even temporarily clothed with it, but to prevent a greater inconvenience. The language used in the constitution to specify the kind of vacancies that may be filled by the executive, even under the most accurate and strict interpretation, among which can never be classed a vacancy arising from the ordinary expiration of a term of service, which upon every candid principle of construction, must have been intended to be filled by the most favoured mode of constitutional appointment—And it

is not unreasonable to affirm that the constitution cannot be filled by the legislature by declining their department of the power in a manner not consistent with the constitution. For this that one branch of the vent the election of a senator, upon the pretext that fill up the vacancy when just as to one year, it must to a second year, and so term of six years; by branch of the legislature too) might over-rule the appointment from the legislature, its most favoured story, and place it under executive in violation of spirit of the constitution.

The propriety of confiding of United States senators has been always from its ever having been universally conceded, that not have been so properly else. The senate ought its constitution than the as it was intended to repudiate, the legislature to be peculiarly pointed out. Besides, the alarm which prehension that the state danger from the general ed in a great degree by held out; as it creates a between the states and ment, and gives to the the construction of the them a pledge for their legislatures of the states appointment, or incur its could be avoided, they a constitutional check, which felt, will impair the that gives to the general quate powers and secure their wonted supremacy.

In representative government, the question is, who are the electors? When that subordinate but still important—such as, may not in the representative body? If they do happen, been considered the best electors be always prepared to remedy will it comport more with the inconvenience assembling together and onal expense upon the p the electoral body for the Or would it be better department of government nature must be always vest it with temporary power before us, the great who will constitute the and these are decided to tures; but the state le ways in session—If then expectedly happen in the ture a temporary power executive of the states, wh tion, to fill up that vaca pose the trouble upon the legislature to meet for tha to add so much to the pub executive department of is not substituted in this session entertained for it, of its appointment, the bers, or from the nature department of the govern ly from a sheer trouble-f convenience, because it the and the power thus given.

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is not unreasonable to assert, that such a vacancy cannot by the fair intendment of the constitution be filled by the executive; for the legislature by declining to discharge its duty, creates an occasion for investing another department of the government with a power in a manner not contemplated by the constitution. For this mode of reasoning, that one branch of the legislature may prevent the election of a senator at the usual period, upon the pretext that the executive may fill up the vacancy when necessary, if it is just as to one year, it must be equally just as to a second year, and so on through the whole term of six years; by which means one branch of the legislature (and that a minority too) might over-rule a majority, and wrest the appointment from the hands of the legislature, its most favoured constitutional depository, and place it under the controul of the executive in violation of the express letter and spirit of the constitution.

The propriety of confiding the appointment of United States senators to the state legislatures has been always admitted, and so far from its ever having been questioned, it is universally conceded, that the power could not have been so properly lodged anywhere else. The Senate ought to be more select in its constitution than the popular branch, and as it was intended to represent the state legislatures, the legislature of the States seemed to be peculiarly pointed out as proper electors. Besides, the alarm which existed from an apprehension that the state sovereignties were in danger from the general government, is quieted in a great degree by the assurance here held out; as it creates a sort of communion between the states and the general government, and gives to the former an agency in the construction of the latter, which yields them a pledge for their own security. If the legislatures of the States then abandon this appointment, or incur its loss in any way that could be avoided, they culpably relinquish a constitutional check, which, as far as it may be felt, will impair the energy of a system that gives to the general government its adequate powers and secures to the states all their wonted supremacy and controul.

In representative governments the great question is, who are the most proper body of electors? When that point is ascertained, subordinate but still important questions will arise—such as, may not premature vacancies in the representative body be likely to happen? If they do happen, will those who have been considered the best qualified body of electors be always prepared to meet the occurrence and to remedy the defect? If not, will it comport more with the general weal to suppose the inconvenience on the electors of assembling together and to throw the additional expense upon the public of furnishing the electoral body for that special purpose? Or would it be better to substitute another department of government which from its nature must be always ready to act, and invest it with temporary powers? Thus in the case before us, the great point is ascertained who will constitute the best body of electors, and these are decided to be the state legislatures; but the state legislatures are not always in session. If then a vacancy should unexpectedly happen in the recess of the legislature a temporary power is lodged in the executive of the states, which are always in session, to fill up that vacancy, rather than impose the trouble upon the members of the legislature to meet for that purpose alone, and to add so much to the public expenditure. The executive department of the state government is not substituted in this case from any predilection entertained for it, either in the mode of its appointment, the number of its members, or from the nature and character of that department of the government, but exclusively from a sheer trouble-saving, money-saving convenience, because it is always in session, and the power thus given will endure but for a season.

If unvaried custom was insufficient, the established constitutional rotation in the Senate would satisfactorily designate the period when the election ought to be made: for so varied are the duties, so important the trusts, and so exalted is the station of a senator, that the constitution will gain in any event countenance the supposition of a state's being unrepresented in that body for any but the shortest possible period of time; and therefore the admitting to keep up that representation agreeably to constitutional injunction and intention, is a flagrant violation of one of its most cautious provisions.

The Senate of the United States is a branch of the executive of the general government, and constitutes a part of the treaty-making power. In this last point, the States individually have a deep and important interest at stake, and the commercial States most of all. Can the legislature justify it to themselves and to their country, in a time of disastrous war, voluntarily to omit to exercise the State of Maryland its full and just share in the treaty-making power, when they know not how soon that power may be called into action, both in adjusting differences, on account of private losses, and in regulating the future commercial intercourse between the two nations? Or will they at so critical and interesting a period, involving private wealth and national sovereignty and independence, permit, by their intentional neglect, a duty

which they are bound to perform, to devolve upon a secondary and substituted department, where the constitution has only delegated it to lie for mere temporary convenience?

It is a well known fact, which the hardihood of those who thus trample upon the constitution of the country can never deny, that all objections to going into the election of a senator, as founded upon any supposed notion of constitutional right, is a mere mockery. The political opinions or the standing in society of the supposed candidate, or both, constitute the stumbling block, and the wife and salutary provisions of the constitution, which ought to be sacred in the eyes of statesmen, are all discarded for the indulgence of personal pique or party feeling. It is no less erroneous than absurd to say, that one branch of the legislature can stand justified upon any principle in attempting to avail themselves of the chances of another election, before they will discharge a duty assigned them to be performed at a time designated by established custom and supreme law. When the freemen of Maryland gave in their votes at the late election for the legislature of the State, they unequivocally expressed their opinions as to the political sentiments of those whom they wished to see in power. The duties which that legislature had to perform were known, and it is fair to say those votes were given with that knowledge. To throw impediments in the way of that legislature's fulfilling all its usual and constitutional offices, is thwarting the wishes of the freemen of the State, contemning the most recent expression of public opinion, and undermining the favourite principles of the republic.

Serious as might be the evil to the agricultural and commercial interest of Maryland, not to be represented in the Senate of the Union at a time like this; the violation of the clear and stern principles of the constitution, the impairing its energies, and disregard of its pointed injunctions, rendered familiar by frequent examples, would be a calamity of still greater magnitude. We all know the danger of innovation, and we ought all to have virtue enough to withstand it. If under the guidance and protecting power of such a constitution as we are blessed with, we are unable to controul the ardency of party feelings, what hope is left that we shall ever gain another founded upon the immortal principles of justice, if we suffer this to dilapidate piece-meal before our eyes? Or rather what heart would not sink with horror at the contemplation of such a scene as would then be displayed to view? It is a common duty and a common benefit to preserve this constitution in all its pristine vigour and spirit. The object ought to be general, for the blessing will be universal. It is most in danger from party spirit. Conscious of the value of its preservation and aware of the source from whence its deadliest foe may spring, shall we fold our arms in inglorious apathy whilst the enemy is leaping into the citadel of our liberties to prostrate all we hold most dear? Personal sacrifices to generous objects are always noble, but the men who will magnanimously sacrifice personal and party considerations at the shrine of their country's happiness, to preserve the health and sanctity of the constitution, will receive the applause of every votary of virtue and will emphatically merit the glorious title of patriots.

PUBLIUS.

Yesterday, the Legislature proceeded to the choice of directors in the several banks hereafter mentioned, on behalf of the State, for the ensuing year, when the following gentlemen were elected.

For the Union Bank of Maryland—Richard K. Heath and John E. Dorsey.
For the Mechanics Bank of Baltimore—George Taylor and Christopher Raborg, jun.
For the Commercial and Farmers Bank of Baltimore—Edward Harris.
For the Farmers Bank of Maryland, at Annapolis—Daniel Murray and Thos. H. Bowie.
For the Branch of said Bank, at Easton—David Kerr, jun. and Tench Tighman.
For the Hagar's Town Bank—Thomas B. Hall and Joseph McHenry.
For the Elkon Bank—John Frey.

APPOINTMENTS

By the Governor & Council of Maryland.

CAROLINE COUNTY.

Justices of the Peace. Willis Charles
William Potter Solomon Richardson
Alemby Jump John Carter
Henry Courley William Haskins
James Byrn Robert Stevens
Peter Willis Jenipher S. Taylor
Nathan Whirby George Reed
Samuel Colbreath Thomas Goldsborough
Thomas Still Thomas Hardcastle
Batchelor Chance William Start
Elijah Satterfield William Hughlett
James Houllon Levi Dukes
Abel Gouty Samuel Harper
Nathan Downes James Andrews
William A. Cooper
John Tillatton
James Pearce
Edward Carter
John Lucas
Henry D. Sellers
John Young
Levin Swiggott
Samuel Talbot
Thomas Mafon
Matthews Alford
William Lucas

PRINCE-GEORGE'S COUNTY.

Justices of the Peace. Henry H. Young
Joseph Cross John Eversfield
William Marshall Richard Hill
Henry Culver Richard T. Lowndes
Humphrey Bell, jun. Richard Ponsonby
Gabriel P. Van-Horn William Bowie, of
Fielder Dorset Walter
John T. Wood Richard Duckett
John Manning David Crawford
George Page Thomas Brooke
Samuel Franklin Jasper Jackson
Richard Snowden Josiah Jones
John B. Watkins Thomas Mundell
John B. Bowie Henry Waring
John S. Brooks John Wells
Alexis Sandsbury Joseph N. Burch
Robert Baden William Marbury
Francis Magruder Capt. James Beck
Josias F. Beall

Levy Court.
Col. Thos. Bowie
Francis Magruder
Basil Duckett
Thomas Mundell
William B. Bean
William Hebb
Thomas Brooke
Edward H. Calvert

Orphans Court.
Benjamin Oden
Thomas Bowie
Benjamin Mackall
(To be continued.)

NAVAL VICTORY.

NEW-YORK, DEC. 7.

America, for whom it was reserved to disarm the lightning of Heaven, to discover first the ale of the Quadrant, and then the Perpetual Motion, is now snatching the trident of Neptune from the Midst of the Ocean, and giving signal proofs of her own naval superiority.

On the 25th of October off the Western Islands, the frigate United States, Com. Decatur, fell in with the British frigate Macedonias, Capt. Carden; (rated in Steel's List at 38 guns, but mounting 49) and carrying 306 men, and after a close engagement of 17 minutes, succeeded in capturing her, and has arrived with the prize off New-London, on her way to this port.

The Macedonias had 106 men killed and wounded. She was totally disabled, and had nearly one hundred shot holes in her hull. In five minutes after this action, the United States (having received little injury, and having only five men killed and six wounded) was fully prepared for another.

Shortly after the engagement commenced, such a torrent of fire proceeded from the American vessel, that the crew of the Macedonias, supposing the war on fire, gave three cheers.

Mr. Hamilton one of the officers belonging to the frigate United States, was landed at New-London on Friday night, and passed through this city yesterday morning for the feat of government with a detail of this glorious achievement and the colours of the enemy.

Built in 1810.

Sale Postponed.

The Sale of the Negro Woman, and her five Children, &c. (in the fourth page of this day's paper) which was to be sold on Friday the 18th instant, is postponed until Friday the 8th day of January 1813, at 11 o'clock, at the same place, and on the same terms.

DAVID STEUART, Adm'r.

20,000 Dollars—Cash

Now afloat in the Potomack and Shenandoah Navigation Lottery, second class.

1 prize of	\$ 20,000
1 do.	5,000
1 do.	2,000
7 do.	1,000
12 do.	500
30 do.	100

Besides the following Stationary Prizes:

1 prize of	\$ 15,000
1 do.	10,000
1 do.	5,000
1 do.	2,000
8 do.	1,000
10 do.	500

of 100 Tickets each in this class.

Besides a vast number of small prizes, and not near 1 1/2 blanks to a prize.

Present price of tickets \$ 9.

TICKETS & SHARES
Sold by JOSEPH MILLIGAN,
Book-seller, George-town.

Who sold a great part of the Capital Prizes in the first class.

All orders for tickets particularly attended to. Prize Tickets in this and other Lotteries taken in payment for tickets.

All lottery information gratis.

December 10, 1812.

NOTICE.
A liberal price will be given for
A SUBSTITUTE.
For further particulars inquire of the
Printer.
Harbor of Annapolis,
December 7th, 1812.

Notice is hereby given,

That the Subscribers hath obtained letters of administration from the orphan's court of Anne-Arundel county, on the personal estate of Daniel Fowler, deceased, of said county. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are desired to exhibit the same legally authenticated, and all those indebted to the said estate, to make immediate payment to the subscriber.

Joseph Sands,
Adm'r. of Daniel Fowler.

FOR SALE, FOR CASH.

At the farm lately occupied by Daniel Fowler, on the North side of Severn River, on the 21st inst. all the personal estate of Daniel Fowler, deceased, consisting of Negroes, Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Corn, Fodder, Household and Kitchen Furniture and Farming Utensils, and sundry other articles too tedious to enumerate.

The sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

Dec. 10.

NOTICE.

That the Levy Court of Anne-Arundel county will meet on the eighteenth of January next, in the City of Annapolis, to adjust and settle the accounts of the Inspectors of Tobacco and Supervisors of the public roads, and to lay and proportion the Levy for the said county.

By order
Wm. S. Green, Clk. L. C. A. & C.
Dec. 10.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the orphan's court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to Public Sale, at the late dwelling of Richard Weedon, late of said county, deceased, on the North side of Severn river,

All the personal estate of said Richard Weedon, consisting of NEGROES, to be sold for a term of years: Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Corn and Fodder, and a variety of Utensils of Husbandry, & articles of Household and Kitchen Furniture. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on the premises, on Monday the 21st of this present month, when attendance will be given, and the terms made known by

Ruth Weedon, Administratrix
John Weedon, Executors
With the will annexed.

NOTICE.

This is to give notice, that the subscribers hath obtained from the orphan's court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Richard Weedon, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons who have claims against said estate are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, and those in any manner indebted to make payment to

Ruth Weedon, Administratrix
John Weedon, Executors
With the will annexed.

December 3.

Land for Sale.

The subscribers will offer to Public Sale, on the premises, on Thursday 17th December next,

That Valuable Farm

On which Zachariah Baldwin formerly resided, situate in that rich and highly improved country known by the name of The Forest of Prince-George's. This Farm contains about 200 acres of land of the first quality, has a comfortable brick dwelling house on it, with a Kitchen, Quarter, &c. attached to it; excellent Apple and Peach Orchards; plenty of firewood, and much valuable timber. It is level, fertile and well watered; the situation remarkably healthy, and the soil adapted to clover and plasters. It contains besides about 15 acres of fine meadow, and the enclosures of the whole are in good repair. In addition to these inducements, it may be stated, that much adjacent lands may be added to it at a price far below its value, so as to form a most desirable establishment for a monied man, on the most reasonable terms. The distance from Queen-Anne, the nearest town, is about seven miles, and from Annapolis and the City of Washington about fourteen.

The terms will be a credit of one or more years, and will be particularly made known on the day of sale. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

Walter Clagett,
William M. Lansdale.

Adam & James Stewart,
FORTE PIANO MAKERS,
(FROM LONDON.)

Begin leave to inform the Public, that they still continue at their old stand, No. 8, North Charles-street, and have now on hand a choice assortment of Instruments. They will engage to furnish them at the different prices equal in Quality and Tone to any imported, from 200 dollars and upwards. Orders by letter from the Country, will be as punctually attended to, and instruments as judiciously selected, as if made in Person. No care in Packing and Safety in transporting shall be neglected—and every possible attention shown to those who may favour them with their commands.

November 26.

A Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his FARM near this city, commonly known by the name of Primrose.

It contains five hundred and forty-four acres and will be sold entire, or in separate divisions. There are on the south side of the road to Thomas's Point about forty acres which could be conveniently detached.

There is a small tenement adjoining the road from South river Ferry to which any suitable number of acres could be affixed. And there is a part, well wooded, which lies on the edge of the land.

The improvements, which are valuable, are nearly in the centre of the land.

There is plenty of timber and firewood; and several pieces of meadow might be easily made.

A liberal credit will be given, on the payment, with interest, being secured.

W. Killy.
Annapolis, Nov. 26.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

Will be sold, to the highest bidder, for the premises of the late Doctor John Gassaway, of Rhode River, in Anne Arundel county, on the fourth Monday in December next, on a credit of one, two and three years, with interest on the purchase money from the day of sale.

THAT MOST VALUABLE FARM On which the Doctor resided, containing about four hundred and ninety-three acres; the situation is high and healthy, and commands a beautiful prospect of the Chesapeake Bay. The improvements on the said farm are, a comfortable Dwelling House, Quarter, Tobacco Houses and Barn. Also, on the same day, will be sold, his Lower Farm, distant about two miles from the place he resided, called Cotter's Desire, containing about two hundred and forty-one acres. Both farms are well wooded, and convenient to the water, and a bounds in wild fowl, fish and oysters. It is unnecessary to go into a detail of the value of the above property, as those who are inclined to purchase will take a view of the premises previous to the day of sale. The lands will be shown by Mr. Thomas & Mr. Carnes, who are now living on the property. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock on said day, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter.

Alexander Stuart.
Sarah C. White.
tds.

November 12.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to the testament and last will of Helen Weedon, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, the subscribers will expose to public sale, on Monday the 14th day of December next, if fair, if not, on the next fair day thereafter,

ALL THE FARM OR PLANTATION On which the said Helen Weedon lately resided, containing about ninety-seven acres of land. Also all the residue of the personal estate of the said deceased, not heretofore disposed of, consisting of Negroes, Horses, Cows, Corn, and Fodder, and sundry utensils of Husbandry, and articles of household and kitchen furniture. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock on the premises, when attendance will be given, and the terms made known, by

Horatio Ridout, Executors.
Henry Duvall, tds.

The Subscribers

Being informed that it has been circulated in this city that they were not willing to receive on freight, Bricks, Stone, Coal, or any other articles of a similar nature; they therefore declare, that such a report is without foundation, and that they will carry any article offered on freight, either to or from Baltimore, at the usual prices.

To those who give their more valuable business to Craft, not being in the Packet line, they would observe, that if they continue the practice, their letters and small commissions will not be attended to. To those who continue their business to them they assure a ready and prompt attention, and every reasonable exertion to please.

To their punctual customers they return their sincere thanks, with an assurance that their future exertions shall be equal to their former to render general satisfaction to those who employ them.

November 12.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY
ROBERT BOWIE, ESQUIRE
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Maryland did by an act passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to reduce into one the several acts of Assembly respecting elections, and to regulate said elections," direct that the governor and council after having received the returns of elections of the members to represent the state in the Congress of the U. S. should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes given for each and every person voted for as a member for Congress aforesaid respectively, and shall thereupon declare, by proclamation, signed by the Governor, the name of the person or persons duly elected in each respective district. We in pursuance of the directions of the said act, do by this our proclamation, declare that by the returns made to us, it appears that Philip Stewart, Esq. was elected for the first district; Joseph Kent, Esq. was elected for the second district; Alexander Cottey Hanson, Esq. was elected for the third district; Samuel Ringgold, Esq. was elected for the fourth district; Alexander McKim, and Nicholas Ruxton Moore, Esqs. were elected for the fifth district; Stevenson Archer, Esq. was elected for the sixth district; Robert Wright, Esq. was elected for the seventh district, and Charles Goldsborough, Esq. was elected for the eighth district.

Given in Council, at the city of Annapolis, under the great seal of the State of Maryland, this twenty third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the thirty-seventh.

By the Governor,

Ninian Pinkney,
Clerk of the Council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published twice in each week, for the space of four weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Maryland Republican, of Annapolis; in the Whig, Sun, American and Federal Gazette, of Baltimore; in the National Intelligencer, at Washington; in Barig's paper at Frederick-Town; in the Maryland Herald, at Hagers-town; and in the Star at Easton.

By Order,

Ninian Pinkney,
Clerk of the Council.

November 12.

NOTICE.

I will Rent, or Sell, my FARM, near South River Church. For terms apply to Nicholas Brewer, of the City of Annapolis.

FRANCES NATES.

November 12.

B. CURRAN,

Has received a good supply of Cloths, Coatings, Casimeres, Flannels, Blankets, Stuffs, Irish Linens, and various other Articles in the

Dry Good Line,

which he will sell low for Cash, and as usual to his Punctual Customers.

Seasonable Goods.

H. G. MUNROE

Has just received, a general assortment of **Dry Goods & Groceries,** Ironmongery and Stationary, which will be disposed of on accommodating terms.

Loaf & Lump Sugar

at the Factory prices.

October 15.

NOTICE.

All persons are forewarned from hunting, either with dog or gun, or trespassing in any way whatever, on my farms known by the names of Belmont and Thomas's Point, or on my lands lying on Oyster, Fishing and Smith's Creeks, as the law will be put in force against any offender.

Jeremiah T. Chase.

December 3.

Land for Sale.

I will sell the plantation on which I now reside, containing about six hundred and sixty acres of valuable land, adapted to farming, in a healthy situation: There is the greatest plenty of wood, such as oak, chestnut, walnut and poplar; it is well watered; a plenty of meadow, and about four acres in clover. This land lies within two miles of Herring Creek Church, five miles from Pig Point, and about the same distance from Herring Bay. It will be divided to suit purchasers, if desired. For terms apply to the subscriber.

Samuel Harrison.

Sept. 24, 1812.

Augustus Uz,

Respectfully informs the Citizens of Annapolis, that at the earnest solicitations of some of the most respectable inhabitants he has made arrangements, and is now enabled, to devote his leisure hours to their benefit and gratification, with his new and elegant mode of

Colouring and Ornamenting Walls, either in imitation of paper hangings, or otherwise. This so eminently useful invention is too generally known throughout the Union to need any further illustration. Directions, in writing, left at Mr. Jarvis's, on Hill Point, or at Mr. Isaac Parker's Tavern, (where a rough specimen of the work may be seen,) will be strictly attended to, and all necessary information respecting expenses and durability given.

October 8.

EXCHANGE OF OLD SIX PER CENT AND DEFERRED STOCKS.

Pursuant to the act of Congress, entitled, "An act authorizing a subscription for the old six per cent. and deferred stocks, and providing for the exchange of the same," passed on the 6th day of July, 1812, books will be opened on the first day of October next, at the Treasury, and at the several loan offices, and will continue open till the 17th day of March next, for receiving subscriptions of the old six per cent and deferred stocks, in the manner prescribed by the said act. New certificates, bearing interest from the first day of the quarter in which the subscription shall be made, at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable quarterly, for the unredeemed amount of principal of the old six per cent and deferred stocks which may be subscribed, will be issued at the Treasury or at the Loan Offices respectively, where the old stock subscribed may at the time stand credited. The new stock will be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States at any time after the 31st day of December, 1824; but no reimbursement will be made except for the whole amount of the stock standing at the time, to the credit of any proprietor, on the books of the treasury or of the commissioners of loans respectively, nor till after at least six months previous public notice of such intended reimbursement.

Albert Gallatin.

Treasury Department, Sept. 10, 1812.

Anne Arundel County Court, September Term, 1812.

On application to the judges of the said county court, by petition in writing of Samuel Hopkins, of said county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November Session, eighteen hundred and five, on the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and having satisfied me that he has resided in the state of Maryland for two years immediately preceding the time of his application, having also stated in his petition that he is in confinement for debt, and having prayed to be discharged from his confinement on the terms prescribed in said acts; I do hereby order and adjudge, that the person of the said Danzy Brown be discharged, and by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Maryland Gazette for three months successively before the first Monday of April next, to give notice to his creditors to appear before the county court of said county, on the third Monday of April next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Danzy Brown should not have the benefit of the acts as prayed for. Given under my hand this 21st day of November, 1812.

60 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber living in South River Neck, on Monday the 2d inst a negro fellow who calls himself Thomas Brown, about forty three years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, has a bald place on the back part of his head; when spoken to has an impediment in his speech; and is much given to intoxication. Had on when he made his escape, a kersey round about jacket and trousers, osenbury shirt, old hat and shoes. This fellow was originally from Benedict, Charles county, and it is probable may have gone thither as he has some connections in that county. Also twenty miles from home twenty dollars will be given, if thirty miles, thirty dollars, if forty miles, forty dollars, and if out of the State the above reward, if secured in any way so that I get him again. All persons are forewarned harbouring said fellow, as the law will be enforced against all such offenders.

Joseph N. Brower.

A. A. County, Nov. 12.

GIDEON WHITE,

Has received an Extensive Assortment of Goods, amongst which are,

EXTRA SUPERFINE

American Broad Cloths,

From Shepherd & Co. Manufactory, Massachusetts, equal if not superior to any imported Cloths.

ALSO

London Superfine and Second Cloths, Casimeres, Bedford Cord, Fashionable Stockinet, Fashionable Vestings, &c. &c. All which he will sell low.

November 5.

Livery Stables.

THE subscriber having his Stables in good order for the reception of Horses respectfully solicits the favors of the Public. The utmost attention will be paid to horses entrusted to his care.

NEHEMIAH HOLLAND.

N. B. He is likewise prepared to carry expresses to any part of the state at the shortest notice, with despatch.

N. H.

By the Committee of Claims.

The Committee of Claims will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,

BENJAMIN GRAY, Clk.

November 5.

By the Committee of Grievances & Courts of Justice.

The Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,

LOUIS GASSAWAY, Clk.

November 5.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on Friday 18th day of December next, at his house, for ready cash,

A Negro Woman and five children, consisting of three Boys and two Girls, with some other articles too tedious to mention, the property of Robert Stewart, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, for the payment of all just claims against said estate, and the balance if any, to be equally divided among his legal representatives according to law.

David Stewart, Admr.

November 26.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Calvert County Court, or some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.

RICHARD KENT.

Nov. 3, 1812.

Anne Arundel County, sc.

On application to me the subscriber, in the recess of Anne Arundel county court, as an associate judge for the third judicial district of Maryland, by petition, in writing, of Danzy Brown, of said county, praying for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in said acts, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and having satisfied me that he has resided in the state of Maryland for two years immediately preceding the time of his application, having also stated in his petition that he is in confinement for debt, and having prayed to be discharged from his confinement on the terms prescribed in said acts; I do hereby order and adjudge, that the person of the said Danzy Brown be discharged, and by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Maryland Gazette for three months successively before the first Monday of April next, to give notice to his creditors to appear before the county court of said county, on the third Monday of April next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Danzy Brown should not have the benefit of the acts as prayed for. Given under my hand this 21st day of November, 1812.

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Joseph N. Brower.

A. A. County, Nov. 12.

George & John Barber,

At their Store on the Dock, have on hand, and offer for Sale, a General Assortment of Goods,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES, VIZ.

French Brandy, Spirit, Peach & Apple Brandy, W. I. and N. E. Rum, Gin, Cherry Bounce, 1st & 2d qual Whiskey, Old Sherry Wine, 1st qual. Cyder & Cyder Vinegar, Molasses, Best Alex. Loaf Sugar, 1st & 2d qual. Bait do. 1st & 2d & 3d Brown do. Chocolate, Coffee, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong, A few boxes of Raisins and Currants, Macé, Cloves, Nutmegs, Alapice, Cinnamon, Pepper, Ginger, Pearl Barley, Rice, Mustard, Fig Blue, Starch, Allum, Salt Pe-tre, Brimstone, Perfumed Soap & Wash Balls, 1st and 2d qual. Spanish and Amer Segars, First chop James River small twist, pig tail and smoking tobacco, Rappee & Scotch Snuff Mould & Dipped Candles, White & Brown Soap, Mess Pork, new & old Ham, Shoulders and Middlings, Salmon, Mackerel, Herrings and Cod Fish, Cheese, Butter, Lard, Sallad Oil, Basket Salt Jamieson's Crackers, Pilot Bread, Also a General Assortment of Crockery & Glass, Stone & Earthen Ware, And a few articles in the Dry Good Line, An assortment of Cans, such as Pots, Ovens, Spiders, Skillets, Bakers & Andirons.

All the above Articles are offered for sale on the most reasonable terms for cash, or to those who have been punctual on the usual credit. To persons who reside in the country they will barter for different kinds of grain, &c.

THE PACKETS FOR BALTIMORE Are now running regularly, and will continue to do so until the 25th December. The utmost attention will be paid to the delivery of letters, but they will not be responsible for the loss of any.

N. B. The subscribers earnestly request all those who have accounts of long standing to come forward and discharge the same, or pass their notes for the amount. In order to accommodate such, a small part of their accounts will be received and credit given for the same.

We forewarn all persons from trusting their hands with small bundles, as in case they should be lost we will not be answerable for the same. All those who have claims against us are requested to bring them in for settlement.

Geo. & Jno. Barber.

Annapolis, Nov. 5, 1812.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Anne Arundel county court, or some one of the Judges thereof, in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.

WILLIAM JAMES.

Nov. 12, 1812.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Anne Arundel county court, or some one of the Judges thereof, in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.

John O'Hara.

December 3.

For Sale

A Negro Woman, aged 32, with four Children, three girls and a boy, the eldest daughter nine years of age, the second four, the boy's age seven. Enquire at the Gazette Office.

October 29.

To the Voters

Of Anne Arundel County and the City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN, Having become a Candidate for the Office of Sheriff at the next Electoral period, have thought proper to give this early notice of my intention to do so. On this occasion I earnestly solicit the support of my fellow-citizens: Should my efforts be crowned with success, it would be the object of my care to discharge the duties that would devolve on me with justice and humanity.

REZIN SPURRIER.

Annapolis, October 8, 1812.

Wanted

TO HIRE, BY THE YEAR, A NEGRO WOMAN, who understands House Work, for which a liberal price will be given. Enquire at this Office.

Sept. 17.

[LXIXth YEAR.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

JONAS G.

CHURCH-STREET,

Price—Two Dollars

20,000 Dollars

Now afloat in the Potomac doah Navigation Lottery

1 prize of 1 do.
1 do.
7 do.
12 do.
30 do.

Besides the following S

1 prize of 1 do.

1 do.

1 do.

8 do.

8 do.

10 do. of 100 Tickets

Besides a vast number of not near 1-2 blank

Present price of ticket

TICKETS & S

Sold by Book-seller

Who sold a great part of as in the first

All orders for tic

attended to. Prize Tic

other Lotteries taken in

etc.—All lottery informat

December 10, 1812.

Adams & James

FORTE PIANO

(FROM LOND

Begin leave to inform the

continue at their old star

Public Sale, at the late d

Weedon, late of said count

North side of Severn river

All the personal estate

Weedon, consisting of NEG

a term of years: Horses, C

Corn and Fodder, and a v

Husbandry, & articles of Ho

Furniture. Sale to commence

premises, on Monday the

month, when attendance will

terms made known by

Ruth Weed

John Weed

With th

NOTICE

This is to give notice, that

obtained from the orphans co

county, letters of administrati

ward, on the personal estate

late of Anne Arundel county,

those who have claims agains

desired, to bring them in, le

and those in any manner inde

3X Ruth Weed

John Weed

With th

December 3.

Notice is here

That the Subscriber hath o

administration from the orpha

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deceased, of said co

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A Barber,
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a General
Goods,
LOWING ARTICLES,

erfine & Fine Flour,
ian Meal, Corn, oats
, Castor Oil, Lin-
seed Oil,
ermacetti & Fish Oil
urits Turpentine,
hite & Red Leads,
low Ochre, Venitian
Red, Spanish Brown,
Verdigrise, Vermil-
ion, Rose Pink, Pat-
ent Yellow, Spanish
Whiting, Lampblack
Umber,

trial, Litharge, Tar,
ough Traces, leading
Lines & Bed Cords,
earth, Scrub, Sweep-
ing, Horse, Shoe and
Paint Brushes,
ellows,
randywine Fine and
Coarse Gunpowder,
altimore do. do. do.
not assorted,
ew-England Shoes &
Slippers,
Window Glass 8 by 10
and 10 by 12,
few imported Fancy
Baskets,
elvet Corks,
ombs, Penknives,
nuff Boxes,
A quantity of Beans &
Peas,
Also a General Assort-
ment of Crockery &
Glass, Stone & Earthen
Ware,
And a few articles in
the Dry Good Line,
An assortment of Cast-
ings, such as Pots,
Ovens, Spiders, Skil-
lets, Bakers & And-
irons

are offered for sale on
for cash, or to those
on the usual credit. To
country they will barter
n, &c.,
OR BALTIMORE
ly, and will continue to
number—The utmost at-
tention of letters, but they
of the loss of any.
earnestly request all those
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units will be received and
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wearable for the same—
against us are requested
ment.
Geo. & Jno. Barber.
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ICE.
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o Anne Arundel coun-
s of the Judges there-
aid court, for the be-
ne relief of sundry in-
several supplements
ILLIAM JAMES.
w8*

ICE.
y gives notice, that he is
-Arundel county court, or
thereof, in the reces of
fit of the act for the relief
debtors, passed November
several supplements thereto.
John O'Hara.
87.

Sale
an, aged 32, with four
s and a boy, the eldest
s of age, the second
seven. Enquire at the
ff.

7
Voters
County and the City of
Annapolis.

ing become a Candidate
heriff at the next Elec-
thought proper to give
f my intention to do so.
I earnestly solicit the
low-citizens: Should my
d with success, it would
my care to discharge the
devolve on me with jus-
REZIN SPURRIER.
8, 1812.

Wanted
BY THE YEAR,
RO WOMAN,
House Work, for which
will be given. Inquire
13

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[LXIXth Year.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1812.

No. 3440]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

BY

JONAS GREEN,

CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Two Dollars per Annum.

20,000 Dollars—Cash

Now afloat in the Potomack and Shenandoah Navigation Lottery, second class.

1 prize of \$20,000
1 do. 5,000
1 do. 2,000
7 do. 1,000
12 do. 500
30 do. 100

Besides the following Stationary Prizes:

1 prize of \$15,000
1 do. 10,000
1 do. 5,000
1 do. 2,000
8 do. 1,000
8 do. 500

10 do. of 100 Tickets each in this class.
Besides a vast number of small prizes, and
not near 1-2 blanks to a prize.

Present price of tickets \$9.

TICKETS & SHARES

Sold by JOSEPH MILLIGAN,

Book-seller, George-town.

Who sold a great part of the Capital Pri-
ses in the first class.

All orders for tickets particularly
attended to. Prize Tickets in this and
other Lotteries taken in payment for tick-
ets—All lottery information gratis.
December 10, 1812.

Adam & James Stewart, FORTE PIANO MAKERS,

(FROM LONDON.)

Reg leave to inform the Public, that they still
continue at their old stand, No. 8, North
Charles-street, and have now on hand a choice
assortment of Instruments. They will engage to
furnish them at the different prices equal in Quali-
ty and Tone to any imported, from 200 dollars and
upwards. Orders by letter from the Country, will
be as punctually attended to, and instruments as
judiciously selected, as if made in Person. No
care in Packing and Safety in transporting shall
be neglected—and every possible attention shown
to those who may favour them with their com-
mand.
November 26. 4

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-
Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to
Public Sale, at the late dwelling of Richard
Weedon, late of said county, deceased, on the
North side of Severn river.

All the personal estate of said Richard
Weedon, consisting of NEGROES, to be sold for
a term of years: Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs,
Corn and Fodder, and a variety of Utensils of
Household, & articles of Household and Kitchen
Furniture. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on the
premises, on Monday the 21st of this present
month, when attendance will be given, and the
terms made known by.

Ruth Weedon, & Adminis-

John Weedon, & trators

With the will annexed.

NOTICE.

This is to give notice, that the subscribers hath
obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel
county, letters of administration, with the will an-
nexed, on the personal estate of Richard Weedon,
late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All per-
sons who have claims against said estate are re-
quested to bring them in, legally authenticated,
and those in any manner indebted to make payment
thereon.

Ruth Weedon, & Adminis-

John Weedon, & trators

With the will annexed.

December 3. 3w*

3X

Notice is hereby given,

That the Subscriber hath obtained letters of ad-
ministration from the orphans court of Anne-Ar-
undel county, on the personal estate of Daniel
Fowler, deceased, of said county. All persons
having claims against the said deceased, are de-
manded to exhibit the same legally authenticated,
and all those indebted to the said estate, to make
immediate payment to the subscriber.

Joseph Sands,

Adm'r. of Daniel Fowler.

FOR SALE, FOR CASH.

At the farm lately occupied by Daniel Fowler,
on the North side of Severn River, on the 21st
inst. all the personal estate of Daniel Fowler, de-
ceased, consisting of NEGROES, Horses, Cattle,
Corn, Fodder, Household and Kitchen Fur-
niture, and a variety of Utensils, and sundry other
articles too tedious to enumerate.
The sale to commence at 10 o'clock.
Dec. 10. 2s.

NOTICE.

A liberal price will be given for
A SUBSTITUTE
or further particulars Inquire of the
Harbor of Annapolis, &
December 27th, 1812. 2

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DEC. 17, 1812.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

TUESDAY, DEC. 8.

The house met. Present as on yesterday.
The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a petition from the
Society of Friends in the city of Baltimore,
praying that certain persons may be author-
ized to hold property in trust for the use of the
society. Mr. Riggs a petition from sundry
inhabitants of Montgomery county, praying
a road therein mentioned may be made pub-
lic. Mr. Donaldson a petition from the Car-
penter's Society of the city of Baltimore,
praying a lottery. Mr. Stevens a petition from
sundry inhabitants of Queen-Anne's county,
praying a road therein mentioned may be o-
pened. Mr. Wilton a petition from the Pre-
sident and Professors of the College of Medi-
cine of Baltimore, praying for the establish-
ment of an University. Mr. Dorsey a peti-
tion from Charles Sewell, jun. of Charles
county, a revolutionary officer, praying relief.

Mr. Sanders a petition from John T. Holland,
an old soldier, praying relief. Mr. Randall
a petition from sundry inhabitants of Balti-
more county, praying for a road therein men-
tioned. Mr. Warner a memorial from the
President and Managers of the Reister's-town
turnpike, praying the repeal of a law passed
last November session. Mr. Long a petition
from James Hewitt, an old soldier, praying
relief. Mr. Stevens a petition from Thomas
Style, of Caroline county, praying he may be
authorized to sell certain land. Mr. Wright
a petition from William Price, of Queen-
Anne's county, praying a divorce. Mr. San-
ders a petition from Andrew Craven, of Har-
ford county, an old soldier, praying relief;

also a petition from Richard Ruff, of Harford
county, praying he may be authorized to sell
certain land. Mr. Harryman a petition from
John Taylor, of Baltimore county, praying
a special act of insolvency. Mr. Delaplanc
a petition from David Rinehart and John
Messler, of Frederick county, praying the
sale of certain lands. Mr. Frey a petition
from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county,
praying for a road; and a petition counter
thereto. Mr. Donaldson a petition from James
Sterrett, of the city of Baltimore, coun-
ter to the petition for the extension of Queen-
street; and a petition from sundry creditors
of Peter G. Clarke, counter to his petition.

Mr. Sanders a petition from James Poter, of
Harford county, praying to be compensated
for a road running through his land. Mr. Grif-
fith a petition from the trustees of the Cam-
bridge Academy, praying that the donation
from the state may be enlarged. Mr. Potter
a petition from sundry inhabitants of Caroline
county, praying the county courts may be in-
vested with unlimited chancery jurisdiction.
Mr. Boyer a petition from John Thompson,
a revolutionary soldier, praying relief. Se-
verally read and referred.

The bill for the relief of Peter G. Clarke,
was read the second time and will not pass.

Mr. Dorsey delivers a bill providing for the
printing the Laws and Votes and Proceed-
ings of the present General Assembly.—
Read.

On motion by Mr. Dorsey, Ordered, That
the governor and council be requested to lay
before this house a copy of the accounts ex-
hibited by the Armourer at Annapolis against
the state.

Mr. Belt delivers an unfavourable report on
the petition of sundry inhabitants of A. A.
county, praying the place of holding the e-
lection in the second district of said county
may be changed. Twice read and concurred
with.

Mr. Wm. Hall delivers a bill to alter and
abolish all that part of the constitution which
permits citizens of Annapolis to be eligible as
members of the house of delegates for A. A.
county, or electors of the senate for said
county. Read.

The house, according to order, proceeded
to the second reading of the additional sup-
plement to the act respecting the equity ju-
risdiction of the county courts; and the bill
having been read throughout; the question was
put, Shall the said bill pass? Resolved in the
affirmative—yeas 56, nays 12.

On motion by Mr. Young, the following
message was read and agreed to.

This being the day appointed by the two
houses for the election of two directors on the
part of the state for the Union Bank of
Maryland; for the Mechanics Bank of
Baltimore; one for the Commercial and
Farmers Bank of Baltimore; two for the
Farmers Bank of Maryland at Annapolis;
two for the branch of said bank at Easton;
two for the Hagar's Town Bank; and one
for the Elkton Bank; we have nominated,
on the part of this house, for the Union

Bank of Maryland, Richard K. Heath,
John E. Dorsey, Elias Glenn and James
Caldwell: For the Mechanics Bank of Bal-
timore, George Taylor, Christopher Raborg,
jun. Peter Little and Tobias E. Stansbury;
Commercial and Farmers Bank of Baltimore,
Edward Harris and William Pechin; Far-
mers Bank of Maryland at Annapolis, Wil-
liam Kilty, Daniel Murray, Thomas H. Bewie
and Nicholas Brewer; Branch of said Bank
at Easton, David Kerr, jun. Trench Tilgh-
man, and Jacob Gibson; for the Hagar's town
Bank, Frisby Tilghman, Thomas B. Hall and
Joseph M'Ilheeny; for the Elkton Bank,
John Frey, and Edward H. Veazy. Mr.
Young and Mr. Donaldson are appointed by
this house, to join such gentlemen as may be
named by your house, to count the ballots &
and report thereon.

On motion by Mr. Dorsey, the question
was put, That the house reconsider the
bill for the valuation of real and personal prop-
erty? Resolved in the affirmative.

After striking out the section allowing the
Registers of the Land-offices certain sums for
services under the act, and further amending
the same, the bill was passed.

Mr. Boyer delivers a report and resolution
in favour of John Thompson. Mr. Sanders
a report and resolution in favour of John T.
Holland; also a report and resolution in fa-
vour of Andrew Craven. Severally read.

The bill for the relief and benefit of the
representatives of William Emmit, was read
the second time and passed.

Mr. Plater delivers a supplement to the act
to establish Pilots, & to regulate their fees.—
Mr. Graham a bill to authorize a lottery or
lotteries to raise a sum of money to make a turn-
pike road from Frederick-town to Harper's
Ferry, and for other purposes. Read.

On motion by Mr. Dorsey the following
message was read and agreed to:

Gentlemen of the Senate

We have, upon reconsideration, stricken
out the clause contained in the bill, entitled,
An act for the valuation of real and personal
property within this State, making an appro-
priation to the registers of the Land-officer,
and sent the same to you for reconsideration,
under an expectation that the bill will now
meet with your approbation.

On motion by Mr. Emery, the following
message was read and ordered to lie on the
table.

Gentlemen of the Senate

We have received your message proposing
to adjourn on the 18th inst. The present cri-
sis in our national affairs requires that the re-
sources of the state should be husbanded, and
having but little important business before us,
all which may be concluded by that time, we
are disposed to accede to your proposition.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to
confirm an act passed at November session
eighteen hundred & eleven, entitled, An act to
alter the time of the meeting of the General
Assembly of this state; and for other purposes.
And the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We return you the bill, entitled, An act
to confirm an act passed at November session,
eighteen hundred and eleven, entitled, An
act to alter the time of the meeting of the
General Assembly of this State, and for o-
ther purposes, and hope, on reconsideration,
you will agree to pass it. We understand
the ground upon which the House of Dele-
gates have refused their assent to the bill is,
because an interregnum would thereby occur
in the executive of the state. We beg leave
to observe, that the constitution provides for
the election of a Governor and Council annu-
ally, on the days therein mentioned; various
influences have occurred wherein the Governor
and Council have not been elected on the spe-
cified days, yet such elections, and the acts
and doings of the Executive, in consequence
thereof, have been considered valid & effectual,
and we know of no inconvenience that has
resulted to the state in consequence there-
of; and we beg leave, (if you agree to pass
the bill) to suggest the propriety of immedi-
ately passing a law authorizing and empowering
the present executive to act as such, until the
time appointed for electing a Governor and
Council, agreeably to the contemplated change.

Read.

Also a communication from John Brewer,
Register of the Land-office for the Western
Shore, covering an account of taxes received
in his office from the 7th of December 1811,
to the 7th of December 1812, and the Treas-
urer's receipt for the same. Read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 9.

The proceedings of yesterday were read.
The bill respecting the equity jurisdiction
of the county courts, the bill for the valua-
tion of real and personal property within this
state, and the message relating thereto, the
bill for the relief and benefit of the represen-
tatives of William Emmit, the resolutions in

favour of Elijah Langford, John Davis, John
Reid, Thomas S. Brewer, James Semmes;
and the message relative to the appointment
of Bank Directors, were sent to the senate.

Mr. Sanders delivers a petition from John
Rutledge, of Harford county, a revolutionary
officer, praying relief. Mr. Barney a petition
from Henry Sprague, praying an act of in-
solventcy. Mr. Warner a petition from
Joshua Power, an old soldier, praying relief.
Mr. Evans a petition from sundry inhabitants
of Cecil county, praying for the opening of a
road. Mr. Griffith a petition from George
Abbott, an old soldier, praying relief. Mr.
Blakistone a petition from Thomas B. Briscoe
of St. Mary's county, praying a special act
of insolventcy. Mr. Stansbury a petition
from sundry inhabitants of the city and pre-
cincts of Baltimore, praying for a supplement
to the act for opening Bridge-street. Mr.
Warner a petition from James Fletcher, of the
city of Baltimore, praying a deduction from
the price he had to pay for the materials of
the old court-house. Mr. Quinton a petition
from Tabitha Harrison and Leah Tarr, of
Worcester county, praying to be supported by
said county. Mr. Randall a petition from
Ebenezer Finley, of Baltimore, praying to be
allowed interest on a sum advanced for the
use of the alms-house. Mr. Marriott a peti-
tion from Samuel Thomas, of A. A. county,
praying for a road from his mill. Mr. L.
Duvall a petition from Sarah Stinchcomb, of
Annapolis, praying the state will release its
claim to property formerly belonging to her
son John Rofs. Severally read and refer-
red.

On motion by Mr. Wilton, Leave given to
bring in a bill, entitled, An act to provide
for taking special bail in actions of trespass,
quare clausum fregit.

Mr. C. Hall delivers a bill for the benefit
of Jesse Moffett. Mr. Harryman a bill to
lay out a road from Robert Wilton's tavern.
Mr. Bowles a supplement to an act declaring
what shall be evidence in certain cases there
mentioned. Mr. Warner a bill for open-
ing and extending Aitquith-street. Mr. San-
ders a bill authorizing and directing the levy
court of Harford county to assess a sum of
money for the erection of a room for the re-
ception and safe-keeping of criminals. Mr.
Donaldson a bill vesting the property therein
mentioned in certain trustees for the use of the
Society of Friends; also a bill authorizing a
lottery for the purpose of building a Carpen-
ter's Hall in the city of Baltimore. Mr.

Forwood of Wm. a bill relating to public
roads in Harford county. Mr. Frey a bill
for the benefit of James L. Porter. Mr.
Wilton a bill to provide for taking special
bail in actions of trespass quare clausum fre-
git; also a bill to provide for the appoint-
ment of commissioners for the regulation
and improvement of Snow Hill. Severally
read. Mr. Thomas N. Williams a bill au-
thorizing Levin Derickson to complete his
collection. Twice read and passed. Mr.
Quinton a bill for the benefit of Tabitha Har-
rison and Leah Tarr. Mr. Lewis a bill to
open a road in Washington county. Mr.
Barney a bill for the relief of Henry Sprague.
Mr. Hogg a bill to lay out and open a road
in Cecil county. Mr. Dorsey a bill to per-
mit the removal of civil actions depending or
brought in the several county courts within
this state to any county court of an adjoining
county. Mr. Sanders a bill to authorize the
levy court of Baltimore county to levy a
sum of money to build a bridge over the
White Marsh Run. Mr. Riggs a supplement
to an act to lay out and open a road from the
town of Westminster to the city of Washing-
ton and George-town. Severally read.

The bill for the support of Henry Leeke,
was read the second time and passed.

Mr. Potts delivers a report and resolution
in favour of Barbara Tice. Read.

The resolution in favour of John Foffett
was assented to.

Mr. Potts delivers a report and resolution
in favour of Richard Butler. Read.

On motion by Mr. Barney, Leave given to
bring in a bill, entitled, An act to incorpo-
rate the United Hose & Suction Engine Com-
pany of the city of Baltimore.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill for
the support of Stephen Caywood, the bill to
prevent trespasses in Allegany county, the bill
to make valid the proceedings of the levy
court of Somerset county relative to the sale
of certain lots of ground, and the supplement
to an act to authorize the levy court of Balti-
more county to assess a sum of money for the
purposes therein mentioned, endorsed, "will
pass." Ordered to be engrossed. Also the bill
for the benefit of the infant children of
Thomas Helm, endorsed, "will pass." And
the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates

We agree to go immediately into the ap-
pointment of directors, on the part of this
state, in the several banks, agreeably to your
message. No person is put in nomination by
us in addition to those named by you. We
have appointed Mr. Brown and Mr. Holbrook

to join the gentlemen named by your house, to count the ballots and report thereon.

Read.
The house proceeded to the election of directors for the several banks mentioned in their message. The ballots were deposited in the box, and on examination thereof it appeared that the following gentlemen were elected, viz. For the Union Bank, Richard K. Heath and John E. Dorsey; for the Mechanics' Bank, Christopher Raborg, jun. and George Taylor; for the Commercial and Farmer's Bank, Edward Harris; for the Farmers Bank at Annapolis, Daniel Murray and Thomas H. Bowie; for the Branch of said Bank at Easton, David Kerr, jun. and Tench Tilghman; for the Hagar's-town Bank, Thomas B. Hall and Joseph M. L'henny; for the Elkton Bank, John Frey.

Mr. Potts delivers an unfavourable report on the petition of Harriet Curfman. Twice read and concurred with.

Mr. Long delivers a report and resolution in favor of James Hewitt. Mr. Sanders a report and resolution in favour of Sedgwick James. Severally read.

On motion by Mr. Dorsey, the following were read and ordered to lie on the table.

By the General Assembly of Maryland.
Resolved, That the following be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the U. States, which, when ratified and confirmed by three fourths of the several states, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of the Constitution of the United States, viz. "The Executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America: He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and then shall not be eligible as President until the expiration of five years after he shall have been out of that office, and together with the Vice-President, be elected as prescribed by the Constitution.

Resolved, That the Governor of Maryland forward to the different Executives of the respective States, the foregoing amendment for their consideration.

Mr. Emerson delivers a report and resolution in favour of Sutton L. Weems. Read.
Adjourned till to-morrow.

THURSDAY, DEC. 10.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Wm. Stuart delivers a petition from Samuel Kerr, of Kent county, praying he may be authorized to remove certain negroes into this state. Mr. Dorsey a petition from Wm. Bruce, an old soldier, praying relief. Mr. Stanbury a memorial from the inspectors of the penitentiary of this state. Mr. F. M. Hall a petition from sundry inhabitants of Prince-George's county, praying that a certain road may be closed up. Severally read and referred.

On motion by Mr. Callis, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act authorizing the levy court of Prince-George's county, to open a road in said county.

The bill authorizing a lottery or lotteries to raise a sum of money to make a turnpike road from Frederick-town to Harper's Ferry, and for other purposes, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Wm. Stuart delivers a bill for the relief of Samuel Kerr, of Kent county. Mr. Harryman a bill for the relief of Joshua Taylor, an insolvent debtor, of Baltimore. Read.

On motion by Mr. Dorsey, Ordered, That the report of the late clerk of the house of delegates, upon the subject of Kilty's compilation of the English and British Statutes, be referred to Messrs. Dorsey, Bowles & Young to report to this house the most eligible plan to reimburse the state, by a sale, the money expended for the same.

On motion by Mr. Young, the following resolution was read:

Resolved, That this house will, on next, elect, by ballot, a treasurer for the eastern shore, to hold the said office agreeably to the constitution, and the person having a majority of the votes of the attending members, shall be declared duly elected, and it shall be the duty of the treasurer so appointed to reside on the eastern shore.

On motion by Mr. Potts, the question was put, That leave be given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to repeal all those parts of the different acts of assembly, giving to the general assembly of Maryland, the privilege of choosing directors in the several banks of this state? Determined in the negative.

The reports on the petitions of Andrew Craven and John Hill, were read the second time, the resolutions therein contained assented to, and sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Emory, the following resolution was read:

Resolved, That this house will, on next, elect, by ballot, a treasurer for the western shore, to hold the said office agreeably to the constitution, and the person having a majority of the votes of the attending members, shall be declared duly elected, and it shall be the duty of the treasurer so appointed to reside at the seat of government.

Mr. Sanders delivers a bill authorizing Richard Ruff, of Harford county, to make sale of certain land. Mr. Harryman a bill for the relief of Joshua Taylor, an insolvent debtor. Mr. Blackstone a bill for the relief of Thos.

B. Briscoe, of Saint-Mary's county. Severally read.

The bill to alter and amend a certain road in Harford county, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Wilson delivers a bill for founding an university in the city or precincts of Baltimore, by the name of The University of Maryland. Read.

The bill authorizing the levy court of Harford county, to assess and levy a sum of money for the erection of a room for the reception and safe keeping of criminals, in said county, was read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

Mr. Marriot delivers a bill to lay out and open a road in Anne-Arundel and Montgomery counties. Read.

Mr. Griffith delivers a report and resolution in favour of George Abbott, of Dorchester county, an old soldier. Read.

Mr. Potts delivers an unfavourable report on the petition of Mary Crane, of Frederick county. Twice read and concurred in.

Mr. Warner delivers a report and resolution in favour of Joshua Powers, of Baltimore county. Read.

The clerk of the council delivers a communication from the executive covering the accounts of Washington G. Tuck, late armorer to the state, at Annapolis. Read.

On motion by Mr. Kilgour, the following preamble and resolutions were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Whereas, the President of the United States called upon the late Executive of this State to furnish his proportion of one hundred thousand militia, by virtue of an act of congress passed 10th April, 1812; and it appearing to this general assembly, that the said requisition was unaccompanied with either of the exigencies provided by the constitution: And whereas, the wise and patriotic framers of our constitution, having for their object the freedom, the happiness, and independence of their country, thought it necessary, in order to preserve this government in its republican form, and secure the blessings of liberty to their posterity, to constitute protecting barriers against an improper or ambitious use of the military power: And whereas, offensive wars, schemes of foreign conquest, accession of territory, or national aggrandizement, are repugnant to the principles of our free institutions—therefore,

Resolved, That it was never contemplated by the constitution, when it entrusted to the general government the controul of the militia in certain emergencies, that it should, by perverted interpretations, at its discretion, use that power in the absence of those emergencies; and that the calling out the militia of this state, by the president of the United States, by virtue of the act aforesaid, without the existence of such emergency, is an open and dangerous innovation upon our rights and liberties.

Resolved, That the power delegated by the constitution to the general government, to raise and support armies, as well from the nature and form of the government, as from the preamble to the constitution, was intended for the defence and protection of our own territory; and that the invasion of a foreign territory, by armies raised and supported by the general government, and garrisoning our forts with the militia, as a substitute for those armies, is holding them in service longer than any exigency existed, even if any existed at all, and an unwarrantable stretch of power, which must ultimately lead to a consolidation of these United States into a military government, if not timely and vigorously checked and resisted by all lawful and constitutional means.

Resolved, That if the general government, as a part of their policy, prefer the service of the militia to the employment of regular troops, in garrison, or any other military operations, even in the state to which they belong, it is, under the constitution, bound to provide all the means necessary for their support, and that it has no power to burthen the states with any of the expenses incident to such service.

Mr. F. M. Hall delivers a bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the district of Columbia to the city of Baltimore. Twice read, passed, and sent to the senate. Mr. Grahame a bill to lay out a public road from M'Shane's or Taylor's ferry on the Potomac, to Compton's Gap, on the South Mountain, in Washington county. Mr. Forwood, of Wm. a bill for the benefit of John Sample, of York county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Barney a bill to incorporate a company in the city of Baltimore, entitled, The United Hope and Suction Engine Company. Read.

The bill for the support of Henry Lecke, of Montgomery county; the bill authorizing Levin Derickson, late sheriff of Worcester county, to complete his collections; the resolutions in favour of Henry Harris, William Hillman, Edward Griffith and Jacob Allen, John Fokett, and Joseph Sim Smith, were sent to the senate.

The further additional supplement to the act for building a new gaol in Baltimore county, was read the second time and passed.

Mr. Forwood, of Wm. delivers a bill to make public an old road leading from John Stump's Rock run mill, in Harford county. Read.

The bill for opening and extending Low-street, in the eastern precincts of Baltimore, was read the second time and passed.

The bill authorizing a lottery to raise a sum of money to purchase a lot of ground in Coxes-town, in Baltimore county, and to erect a building thereon, to be used as a school-house and meeting-house, was read the second time and passed.

Mr. Dorsey, from the committee of grievances and courts of justice, delivers the following report:

The committee of grievances beg leave to report, That certain witnesses deemed by the committee important in the investigation intrusted to them, have been regularly subpoenaed, and who have not, as yet obeyed the subpoena. They submit to the house the following order:

Ordered, That the committee of grievances be empowered to issue attachments for all such witnesses. Read.

The report on the memorial of Thomas King, was read the second time and the question put, That the house concur therein and assent to the resolution therein contained? Determined in the negative.

Mr. Bayly delivers a supplement to an act to incorporate a company for the purpose of cutting and making a canal between the river Delaware and Chesapeake Bay. Read.

Ordered, That the said bill have a second reading on Monday next.

Mr. Delaplane delivers a bill to make firm and valid an article of agreement entered into between John Campbell, of Frederick county, and Elizabeth Hobbs, now Elizabeth Campbell, his wife. Read.

The further additional supplement to the act to direct descents, was read the second time, amended, and passed.

On motion by Mr. Quinton, Ordered, That this house, after Monday next, during the remainder of the session, will sit from five until eight in the evening for the dispatch of public business.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

FRIDAY, DEC. 11.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Banning delivers a petition from Jas. Patton, of Talbot county, praying a special act of insolvency. Ordered to lie on the table. Mr. F. M. Hall a petition from William Ferguson, praying that he may be paid a sum of money due him for the discovery of property liable to confiscation. Mr. Handy a counter memorial from sundry inhabitants of the city of Baltimore, to the act for opening and extending Pratt-street. Mr. Wm. Hall a petition from Ezekiel Waters, of A. A. county, praying to be supported by said county. Mr. Boyer a petition from John Bolton, an old soldier, praying relief. Severally read and referred.

The bill authorizing a lottery at Coxes-town, in Baltimore county; the bill for opening and extending Low-street; the bill supplementary to the act for building a new gaol in Baltimore county, and the bill, entitled, A further additional supplement to the act to direct descents, were sent to the senate.

The bill vesting the property therein mentioned in certain trustees, for the use and benefit of the Society of Friends, or people called Quakers, constituting the monthly meeting of Baltimore for the eastern district in the city of Baltimore; the bill to lay out a road from Robert Wilson's tavern, on the old York road; the supplement to an act to lay out and open a road from the town of Westminster in Frederick county, to the city of Washington and George-town, passed at Nov. session, 1803; and the bill for the benefit of Tabitha Harrison and Leah Tarr, of Worcester county, were read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

The reports on the petitions of James Hewitt, and John Holland, were read the second time, concurred in, and the resolutions therein contained assented to, and sent to the senate.

The bill for opening and extending Ail-quith-street, in the eastern precincts of Baltimore, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The bill to alter and abolish all that part of the constitution which permits citizens of Annapolis to be eligible as members of the house of delegates for Anne-Arundel county, or electors of the senate for said county, was read the second time and the question put, Shall the said bill pass? Determined in the negative.

Mr. Evans delivers a favourable report on the petition of Neil Jones, a revolutionary soldier. Read.

The bill to establish a bank and incorporate a company under the title of The Bank of Somerset, was read the second time and passed.

The bill to lay out a public road from M'Shane's or Taylor's ferry, on the Potomac, to Crampton's Gap, on the South Mountain in Washington county, was read the second time and passed.

The further supplement to an act passed at Nov. session, 1796, entitled, An act relating to negroes and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned, was read the second time, amended, and passed.

Mr. Stevens delivers a bill to make public a road in Queen-Anne's county, and to re-

peal the act of assembly therein mentioned. Read.

Mr. F. M. Hall delivers a favourable report on the petition of William Ferguson. Read.

The report of the committee of grievances was read the second time, amended, and the order adopted.

Mr. Randall delivers a bill to lay out and open a road in Baltimore county. Read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill for the relief of Simeon Churchhill of the city of Baltimore, endorsed, "will not pass." A bill authorizing Thomas Saulsbury, late sheriff and collector of Caroline county to complete his collection; and a bill for the valuation of real and personal property in the several counties of this state. Severally passed by the senate. And a further supplement to the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment;" which amendment was read.

The report on the petition of Ingram Cann, was twice read, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained assented to.

Mr. Wilson delivers a report and resolution in favour of Jesse Wright, an old soldier. Twice read and assented to.

The report on the petition of John Thompson, was twice read, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained assented to.

The bill to provide for the appointment of commissioners for the regulation and improvement of Snow Hill, in Worcester county, was read the second time and passed.

Mr. Evans delivers a bill to lay out and make public a road therein mentioned in Cecil county; twice read and passed. Mr. Warner a bill to authorize the levy court of Baltimore county, to remit a part of the money paid by James Fletcher, of said county. Read.

The bill to lay out and open a road in Anne-Arundel and Montgomery counties, was read the second time, and on motion by Mr. Riggs, the question was put, That the same be referred to the consideration of the next general assembly? Resolved in the affirmative.

The bill for the relief of James L. Porter, of Cecil county. The bill for the benefit of Jesse Moffitt, of Kent county. The bill to lay out and open a road in Cecil county, and the bill authorizing a lottery to raise a sum of money to build a Carpenter's Hall in the city of Baltimore. Severally read the second time and passed.

Mr. Randall delivers an unfavourable report on the memorial of Godlieb Hartman. Read.

On motion by Mr. Bayly, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to repeal an act, entitled, An act to alter the times of the meeting of the court of appeals and for other purposes.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

SATURDAY, DEC. 12.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Cresap delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Western Port, in Allegany county, praying a lottery to raise a sum of money for the purpose of repairing a road therein mentioned. Mr. Perry a petition from the vestry of Emanuel Parish, of Allegany county, praying, a lottery to raise a sum of money to build a church in Cumberland. Mr. Hambleton a petition from William Harrison, of Jas. and Henry Colleton, praying they may be authorized to carry into effect a contract entered into by Samuel Colleton, deceased. Mr. Bowles petitions from Jonathan Zutwiler, and Samuel Nowell, both soldiers of the revolution, praying relief. Mr. Hogg petitions from William Grace and William Crouch, revolutionary soldiers, praying relief. Severally read and referred.

The bill for the benefit of James LaPorter, the bill to provide for the appointment of commissioners for the regulation and improvement of Snow Hill. The bill to establish the bank of Somerset. The bill to open a road from M'Shane's Ferry, to Crampton's Gap, in Washington county. The bill to lay out and make a public road in Cecil county. The bill for the benefit of Jesse Moffitt. The bill to lay out and open a road in Cecil county, and the bill to authorize a lottery for building a Carpenter's Hall, in the city of Baltimore. The resolutions in favour of Jesse Wright, John Thompson, and Ingram Cann, were sent to the senate.

The bill to permit the removal of civil actions depending or brought in the several county courts within this state to any county court of an adjoining county, was read the second time, and the question put, Shall the said bill pass? Resolved in the affirmative. years 37, says 22, and sent to the senate.

The report on the petition of Joshua Powers, was read the second time, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained assented to.

The resolution relative to the appointment of a treasurer for the eastern shore, was read the second time, the bill was read the second time, and the resolution adopted.

Mr. Hall delivers a bill for the support of Ezekiel Waters. Twice read and passed.

Mr. Millard delivers a favourable report on the petition of John B. Brañon, of St. Mary's county, a revolutionary soldier. Read.

the second time, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained assented to.

Mr. Dorsey delivers a revolutionary bill.

The clerk of the senate delivers a bill to authorize a lottery or lotteries to raise a sum of money to make a turnpike road from Frederick-town, to Harper's Ferry, for other purposes, endorsed, "will not be engrossed. Also a bill of a similar nature, accompanied by the Gentlemen of the House.

When your message containing the bill, entitled, A bill for the valuation of real and personal property in this state, requesting a similar bill of a similar nature, have since passed; we reconsideration of the house.

Also the bill for the learning, and erecting counties within this state, "will not pass." And the Gentlemen of the House.

We have rejected your bill for the encouragement of erecting schools in this state, for the relief of the several banks for other purposes. Voted by the provision, on, from making any form to this bill, in conformity with its provisions, which give a money bill; and we should have blended (some) such matter with bill of great importance.

establishment of a system anxious to pass it, and you will agree to parts which constitute originate a separate bill to carry the object into effect.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

COMMUNAL

SPLENDID

Thursday evening last the legislature, (or as they are called "colts") according gave the citizens of this we have seldom or no splendour and regularity the managers engaged tainment, spared no trouble we believe succeeded in satisfaction. The hall was decorated with artificial light, the sun, the prior blaze of beauty over the assembly. The gantly decorated with

ry, and the appropriate

thereon, seemed to inspire beholder with enthusiasm, thing was wanting to a sure, or brilliancy of

APPOINT

By the Governor & Council

FREDERIC

Justices of the Peace.
William Luckett
William Hilleary
Patrick McGill
Thomas Wells
Isaac S. Swearingen
John Hoffman
David Pawlas
Thomas B. Jones
James S. Hook
John Johnson
Frederick Ungers
Francis B. Sappington
Stephen Bassford
Robert Cumming
Henry Kemp
Joseph M. Cromwell
Lewis Creager
George Creager, jun.
John Cook
Henry M. Elfresh
Belt Brasher
Jesse Cloud
Isaac Atlee
Wm. Grimes, jun.
Jason Phillips
Jesse Wright
Abraham Bankhart
Henry Williams
William Emmet
William Long
John Wolfe
Jacob Mathias
John Schley
John Stewart
Joseph Smith
Joseph May

Died, suddenly, on Monday last, a fine promising of age, son of Richard of this city, was drowned in the ice, which broke

mentioned.

a favourable re.
William Ferguson.

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amended, and the

bill to lay out and
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Bayly, Leave given in
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of appeals and for other

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r, Dec. 12.

Present as on yesterday.

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vide for the appointment

of the regulation and im-
provement of the roads.

The bill to open a road
Ferry, to Crampton's Gap,

county. The bill to lay out
road in Cecil county. The

bill of Jesse Moffitt. The bill
of a road in Cecil county.

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Hall, in the city of Balti-

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thompson, and Ingram Cann,

enate.

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or brought in the (seem-

the second time, concurred in, and the resolu-

tion therein contained assented to.

Mr. Dorley delivers a favourable report on

the petition of William Bruce, of Charles

county, a revolutionary officer. Read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to

authorise a lottery or lotteries to raise a sum

of money to make a turnpike road from Fre-

derick-town, to Harper's Ferry, and for other

purposes, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered

to be engrossed. Also the bill for the valua-

tion of real and personal property within this

state, accompanied by the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

When your message was received accom-

ppanying the bill, entitled, An act for the val-

uation of real and personal property within

this state, requesting a reconsideration of the

same, a bill of a similar nature was under

the consideration of the senate, which they

have since passed; we therefore decline a

reconsideration of the bill sent from your

house.

Also the bill for the encouragement of

learning, and erecting schools in the several

counties within this state, &c. endorsed,

"will not pass." And the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We have rejected your bill, entitled, "An

act for the encouragement of learning, and

erecting schools in the several counties with-

in this state, for the renewal of the charters

of the several banks therein mentioned, and

for other purposes." We consider ourselves

precluded by the provisions of the constitution,

from making any amendment in the usual

form to this bill, in consequence of some of

its provisions, which give it the character of

a money bill; and we regret that your house

should have blended (inadvertently we pre-

sume) such matter with it. Considering the

bill of great importance as it regards the

establishment of a system of education, we are

anxious to pass it, and hope on reconsidera-

tion you will agree to strike out all those

parts which constitute it a money bill, and

originate a separate bill appropriating money

to carry the object into effect. Read.

Adjourned till Monday.

COMMUNICATED.

SPLENDID BALL.

Thursday evening last, the new members of the legislature, (or as they are otherwise called "colts") according to an established usage, gave the citizens of this place a ball, which we have seldom or never seen surpassed in splendour and regularity. Mr. Parker, whom the managers engaged to provide the entertainment, spared no trouble or expense; and we believe succeeded in giving universal satisfaction. The hall was handsomely illuminated with artificial lights, but like stars in presence of the sun, they were lost in the superior blaze of beauty which shed its lustre over the assembly. The supper room was elegantly decorated with ensigns of naval victory, and the appropriate mottoes inscribed thereon, seemed to inspire the bosom of every beholder with enthusiasm. In fact nothing was wanting to add either to the pleasure, or brilliancy of the entertainment.

APPOINTMENTS

By the Governor & Council of Maryland.

FREDERICK COUNTY.

Justices of the Peace. William B. Head
William Luckett Curtis Williams
William Hilleary John Cleason, sen.
Patrick McGill James M. Haffie
Thomas Wells Jonas Crumbacker
Isaac S. Swearingen William Farquhar
John Hoffman Henry Koonitz, jun.
David Pawlas Richard L. Head
Thomas B. Jones Davis Richardson
James S. Hook Ezra Mantz
John Johnson Wm. Durbin, jun.
Frederick Ungersbach Jacob Baer
Francis B. Sapping James Murphy
Stephen Bassford Levin Hays
Robert Cumming George Kolle
Henry Kemp Matthew Brown
Joseph M. Cromwell Michael Haysor
Lewis Creager Jacob Landes
George Creager, jun. Jonathan M. Daniel
John Cook Benjamin Biggs
Henry M. Elfresh Joseph Miller
Self Brasher Henry Stemble
Jesse Cloud John S. Frazier
Isaac Atlee Jacob Clabaugh
Wm. Grimes, jun. Levy Court.
Jason Phillips John Thomas
Jesse Wright James Johnson
Abraham Bankhart Alexander Warfield,
Henry Williams of Chas.
William Emmet John Hoffman
William Long Benjamin Biggs
John Wolfe Joseph Taney
Jacob Mathias Stephen Steiner
John Schley Orphans Court.
John Stewart George Baer
Joseph Smith Henry Kemp
Joseph Tacey Robert Cumming

Died, suddenly, on Saturday night last,

Mr. John Guyer, of this city.

On Monday last, TOWNLEY LOCKER-

MAN, a fine promising boy of about 8 years

of age, son of Richard Lockerman, Esq.

of this city, was drowned in a pond near the

college. He had imprudently ventured alone

upon the ice, which broke under him: he was

discovered about two hours after, when exertions were made to resuscitate him, but without effect. Thus were the hopes and expectations of his fond parents blighted in the sudden death of their child, who was endeared to them not only by the common ties of consanguinity, but by every amiable quality which could adorn a youth of his tender years.

While we deeply lament this distressing occurrence, and sincerely sympathize with his bereaved parents, we hope this melancholy record will serve as a salutary caution to parents to guard their children against similar accidents.

From the Hudson Whig.

BALTIMORE RIOTERS AT BUFFALO! The writer of the letter from which the following account of the disgraceful MOB at Buffalo is extracted, is a Merchant of that place, and a gentleman of the first respectability. The letter was wrote for the particular information of his friends in this city, and handed to the editor of this paper to be used, accompanied with a request, to suppress that part of it where he speaks of himself. But we have taken the liberty to pursue a different course, as the writer of the letter is a gentleman well known in this city and the neighbouring country; and no one acquainted with him would think of doubting any exhibition of manual strength or of deliberate courage, related of him by any other person, or by himself, within the accomplishment of the collected proofs of an individual.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Abel M. Grosvenor of Buffalo, to his brother in this city, dated

BUFFALO, Nov. 25, 1812.

"I have hardly time to give you a description of a Mob in this village. It was composed of the same miscreants who were in the Baltimore Riot. They are the Volunteers from Baltimore; and their Lieutenant is the Editor of the Baltimore Whig. There arose a small dispute between Pomeroy who keeps the Hotel, and some of these fellows. They became outrageous, and swore that they would tear down the house of every federalist in the village—that they 'would kill all the federalists and damn'd Tories.' They began about 4 o'clock on Pomeroy's house; broke out all his windows, and broke his furniture which was very valuable. They then cut down his sign post, and attempted to pull down the house; not succeeding in this they set fire to the house three or four times; which, if it had not been extinguished would have destroyed the whole village. I saw the danger, and ran down to the place: immediately two of the fellows came at me with their bayonets; I stopped one of them with an Andiron which I held in my hand, and then retreated. Two others then pursued me with their bayonets—I stumbled and fell. But just as they were attempting to plunge them into me, I recovered and caught them in my hand—I succeeded in bringing both of them to the ground, and should certainly have prevented their acting a part in any future MOB, when others behind me plunged a bayonet into my side. I providentially succeeded in rescuing myself from the blood thirsty miscreants, without any very dangerous wound.

"Col. Porter, (not Peter B. Porter) came up with his flying artillery and ordered a charge, sword in hand. Three of the MOB were mortally wounded.—Col. Porter, Col. McClure, Captain Babcock, of your county (Columbia), Captain Maher, of the Albany Greens, Lt. Whiting, Adjutants Swartwout and Burn, and Major Noon, were prompt and decided in quelling the riot. They have done themselves great honor.

"We are all yet in confusion, tho' the MOB is put down. We have a guard of three hundred regulars posted at the village; but they all cross to Canada to-morrow morning, and what our fate will be, God only knows. I am confined with my wounds but trust I shall be out in a few days, when I will write you more fully."

LAST ADVICES FROM RUSSIA.

PETERSBURG, Oct. 8, 1812.

We have advices that our troops are acting vigorously against the enemy near Moscow, driving in or cutting off their detachments. Some convoys of ordnance stores from Smolensk have been taken.

Gen. Wizingerode is operating successfully near Rousa and Mojaisk.

Gen. Wittgenstein has had several brilliant affairs on the Dwina.

The expedition under Essen, succeeded in driving the enemy from Mittau, on the 30th ult.

LONDON, "FOREIGN-OFFICE, OCT. 15.

Accounts have been this morning received from Gen. Viscount Cathcart, dated St. Petersburg, Sept. 22, and stating to the following effect:

"Marshal Prince Kutusow having withdrawn his army from before Moscow, the enemy entered it on the 14th. But the Emperor of Russia has determined to persevere and refuse every overture to negotiate, direct or indirect.

"By every account the French lost 40,000 men in the battle of Borodino, and retreated 13 wersts. Two days after the battle, Kutusow retired a short distance on the Moscow road; he then endeavoured to find a position

more tenable near Moscow; but such not being to be found, he retired, after a Council of war to a strong position, leaving the enemy to enter the city.

"The position taken up by the Russians is nearly 26 miles beyond Moscow, near Poldolk and Wakdesk.

"The communications of the enemy on the side of Smolensk are menaced. 30,000 men are near Twer.

"The Militia of Kalouga and the surrounding countries are kept in their positions.

"That of Moscow is with Kutusow. A battle in the new position seems inevitable, at an early day.

"Tormasoff's corps would be near 100,000 men in a few days.

"The detachments from Riga and Finland were moving to join Wittgenstein."

OCTOBER 16.

An expedition of about 20,000 men has left Riga under Gen. Essen, suppose to be destined against Mirau.

We have assurances that Bounaparte sat fire to Moscow from indignation at finding it deserted. Napoleon has sent by Mr. Farafloff, a letter to the Emperor Alexander with proposals for Peace.

The indignation of the Russians is raised to the highest pitch against their merciless invaders, and several French officers had been assassinated; among them several of distinction, having been mistaken for Bounaparte.

Gen Kutusow has a fine position in Toul and Riasum, and daily receives reinforcements.

The Emperor is full of resolution. He has ordered a levy of 400,000 men.

RUSSIAN BULLETIN.

Report of the General in Chief, Kutusow, to his Imperial Majesty, from the village Chilin, dated Sept. 4, (16).

After the languinary though victorious battle fought by your Majesty's troops on the 26th ult. (Sept. 7,) I was obliged to leave my position near Borodino, for reasons of which I have already had the happiness to inform your Majesty. After that battle the armies were much weakened. Under such circumstances we approached Moscow, having daily much fighting with the enemy's advanced guard. The reinforcements which I hoped to meet with had not yet arrived. The enemy formed two new columns, one on the Borowsky, and the other on the Zwenigo roads with the view of acting against my reserve near Moscow. In consequence of this I could not risk another battle, the issue of which would not only have been destructive to the army, but would have reduced Moscow to ashes. In this truly lamentable situation, and after consulting my Generals, amongst whom there were some of a different opinion, I was compelled to let the enemy enter Moscow, out of which all the valuables, the stores in the arsenals, and almost all other property, imperial or private, were previously conveyed, and scarcely a single inhabitant remained in the town. I take the liberty most humbly to represent to your majesty, that the entrance of the enemy into Moscow, is not yet the annihilation of the Empire. I am making a movement with my army towards the Toul roads. This will enable me to keep open my communications with the neighbouring governments. Any other measure would prevent this, and also have separated me from the armies of Tormasow and Tsholebagow. I must confess that the abandonment of the capital is very hard; but considering the advantages which may accrue to us from it, and particularly the preservation of our armies, it is no longer to be lamented: and I now promise to occupy, with my forces, a line, by which I shall command the road leading to Toul and Katougo, annoy the whole line of the enemy extending from Smolensk to Moscow, and be enabled to cut off all reinforcements marching to join him from the rear. By thus occupying the attention of the enemy, I hope to compel him to leave Moscow, and to change his whole line of operations.

The General Wizingerode has received orders from me to post himself on the Twer road, and to detach a regiment of Cossacks on that to Jerslava, to protect the inhabitants from being molested by small bodies of the enemy. I am no great distance from Moscow, and as soon as I have collected my troops, I can with confidence await the approach of the enemy. As long as the army of your Imperial Majesty is entire, and animated with its known courage and zeal, the loss of Moscow is not yet the loss of the Empire. For the rest, your Majesty may be assured that this event is the necessary consequence of the loss of Smolensk.

PARIS, Oct. 14.

A nephew of the Baron de Batuffi, one of the Ministers of Louis XVI, obtained a livelihood at Hamburg, a few months ago, by sweeping the streets.

Take Notice.

THE undersigned, desirous of settling up the estate of John Jacobs, senior, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, he therefore requests the creditors of said deceased, to attend at the orphans court, on Tuesday the fifth day of January, 1813, in order to receive their distribution of the assets now in hand.

Thomas Woodfield,

Administrator de bonis non.

December 17, 1812.

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE

ON A NEW AND IMPROVED PLAN.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE having nearly completed an age of 70 years, the Editor proposes, with the new year, to publish it on a Larger and Improved Plan.

The advantages of a Journal printed at the seat of the State Government, are so evident that they scarcely demand a notice. In addition to the Debates of Congress, the Editor will have it frequently in his power to give interest to his columns by sketches of the proceedings and debates of the State Legislature; which, if not reported with stenographical accuracy, shall at least be found faithful in substance. He proposes also, occasionally, to give Abstracts of the Proceedings in our Superior Courts of Judicature; and, when the importance of the subject will justify it, Reports of the Arguments of Counsel, and the Opinions of the Court.

In the subject of Politics he has indeed hitherto taken little concern; not that he feared to express his opinions, but believing that the defence of correct principles required not his feeble aid, he left it (and as some may think wisely) to more able advocates. Submitting, however, to the opinions of those on whose friendly zeal and better judgment he could rely, he has determined to give his paper a decided political character. He is not unmindful of the difficulties of the undertaking; he is well aware that they, who do not bow down to the golden Image, must be contented to be charged with heresies—to have their motives misrepresented—their faith doubted, and themselves threatened with Fire and Faggots, or "Hemp and Confiscation!" as it is too often, unfortunately, the lot of those who undertake the thankless task of observing and explaining the aspects of the times; who foretell dangers, and call for preparation, to be heard with impatience, and generally with suspicion. He has seen a spirit of intolerance displayed even on the floor of Congress, and in the Ministerial Cabinet and Presses, which requires of the minority, not only that they patiently submit to the measures of government, however oppressive or ruinous, but that they subscribe to the infallibility of the men in power. As it is his determination not to submit to such a species of Tyranny, he will speak freely of Public Men and Measures.

Whilst he feels a confidence, almost amounting to reverence, in the orthodoxy of that political faith which WASHINGTON thought the truly Catholic, he will never assail the motives of those who may differ with him, unless palpably and flagrantly impure; he will endeavour to have charity for the uncharitable, and to tolerate the intolerant. The freedom of opinion he esteems the highest privilege of freemen; but the freedom to disseminate falsehood, licentiousness and malignity, without restraint, is the unhappy and dangerous freedom of political reprobates.

Such is the office which the Editor has undertaken, and such the principles by which he will be guided, he will endeavour to execute it faithfully, uninfluenced by personal consideration, in the firm reliance that the cause of truth and correct policy must ultimately triumph.

CONDITIONS.

The Maryland Gazette will be published twice a week during the Session of the Legislature, and once a week the residue of the year.

It shall be neatly and correctly printed on a super-royal sheet, at Three Dollars per annum—Payable in Advance.

NOTICE.

That the Levy Court of Anne Arundel county will meet on the eighteenth of January next, in the City of Annapolis, to adjust and settle the accounts of the Inspectors of Tobacco and Supervisors of the public roads, and to lay and proportion the Levy for the said county. By order

Wm. S. Green, Clk. L. C. A. & C.

Dec. 19.

B. CURRAN,
Has received a good supply of Cloths,
Coatings, Casimeres, Flannels, Blan-
kets, Stuffs, Irish Linens, and various
other Articles in the
Dry Good Line,
which he will sell low for Cash, and as
usual to his Punctual Customers.
October 8.

Seasonable Goods.

H. G. MUNROE
Has just received, a general assortment of
Dry Goods & Groceries,
Ironmongery and Stationary, which will
be disposed of on accommodating terms.

ALSO,
Loaf & Lump Sugar
At the Factory prices. **10**
October 15.

NOTICE.

All persons are forewarned from hunting, either
with dog or gun, or trespassing in any way what-
ever, on my farms known by the names of Belmont
and Thomas's Point, or on my lands, lying on
Oyster, Fishing, and Smith's Creeks, as the law
will be put in force against any offender.
Jeremiah T. Chase.
December 3.

Land for Sale.

I will sell the plantation on which I now re-
side, containing about six hundred and sixty
acres of valuable land, adapted to farming, in a
healthy situation: There is the greatest plenty of
wood, such as oak, chestnut, walnut and poplar;
it is well watered; a plenty of meadow, and
about four acres in clover. This land lies within
two miles of Herring Creek Church, five miles
from Pig Point, and about the same distance
from Herring Bay. It will be divided to suit pur-
chasers, if desired. For terms apply to the sub-
scriber.
Samuel Harrison.
Sept. 24, 1812.

Augustus Uz,

Respectfully informs the Citizens of
Annapolis, that at the earnest solicitations of some
of the most respectable inhabitants he has made
arrangements, and is now enabled, to devote his
leisure hours to their benefit and gratification, with
his new and elegant mode of

Colouring and Ornamenting Walls,
either in imitation of paper hangings, or otherwise.
This so eminently useful invention is too generally
known throughout the Union to need any further
illustration. Directions, in writing, left at Mr.
Jarvis's, on Hill Point, or at Mr. Isaac Parker's
Tavern, (where a rough specimen of the work
may be seen.) will be strictly attended to, and all
necessary information respecting expenses and du-
rability given.
October 8.

**EXCHANGE OF OLD SIX PER
CENT AND DEFERRED STOCKS.**

Pursuant to the act of Congress, entitled, "An
act authorizing a subscription for the old six per
cent and deferred stocks, and providing for the
exchange of the same," passed on the 6th day of
July, 1812, books will be opened on the first day
of October next, at the Treasury, and at the sev-
eral loan offices, and will continue open till the
27th day of March next, for receiving subscrip-
tions of the old six per cent and deferred stocks, in
the manner prescribed by the said act. New cer-
tificates, bearing interest from the first day of the
quarter in which the subscription shall be made, at
the rate of six per centum per annum, payable
quarterly, for the unredeemed amount of
principal of the old six per cent and deferred
stocks which may be subscribed, will be issued at
the Treasury or at the Loan Offices respectively
where the old stock subscribed may at the time
stand credited. The new stock will be redeemable
at the pleasure of the United States at any time
after the 31st day of December, 1824; but no re-
imbursement will be made except for the whole a-
mount of the stock standing at the time, to the
credit of any proprietor, on the books of the treas-
ury or of the commissioners of loans respectively,
nor till after at least six months previous public
notice of such intended reimbursement.

Albert Gallatin.
Treasury Department, Sept. 10, 1812.

**Anne-Arundel County Court, September
Term, 1812.**

On application to the judges of the said coun-
ty court, by petition in writing of Samuel Hopkins,
of said county, praying the benefit of the act for
the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at
November Session, eighteen hundred and five, on
the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule
of his property, and a list of his creditors, on
oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed
by the said act, being annexed to his petition;
and the said county court being satisfied by com-
petent testimony, that the said Samuel Hopkins
has resided the two preceding years prior to the
passage of the said act within the State of Mary-
land, and the said Samuel Hopkins, at the time
of presenting his petition as aforesaid, having
produced to the said court a receipt in writing of
some of his creditors as having due to them the a-
mount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the
time of filing his said petition, it is therefore adju-
ded and ordered by the said court, that the said Samuel
Hopkins, by causing a copy of this order to be in-
serted in the Maryland Gazette, once a week for
three successive months, before the third Monday
of April next, give notice to his creditors to ap-
pear before the said county court, to be held at the
City of Annapolis, at ten o'clock in the forenoon
of the said third Monday of April, for the pur-
pose of recommending a trustee for their benefit,
on the said Samuel Hopkins file and there taking
the oath by the said act prescribed for deliver-
ing up his property.
Wm. S. Green, clk.
October 1.

GIDEON WHITE,

Has received an Extensive Assortment of
Goods, amongst which are,
EXTRA SUPERFINE

American Broad Cloths,

From Shepherd & Co. Manufactory, Mas-
sachusetts, equal if not superior to
any imported Cloths.

ALSO
London Superfine and Second Cloths, Ca-
simeres, Bedford Cord, Fashionable Stock-
inet, Fashionable Vestings, &c. &c. All
which he will sell low.
November 5.

Livery Stables.

THE subscriber having his Stables in
good order for the reception of Horses re-
spectfully solicits the favors of the Public.
The utmost attention will be paid to horses
entrusted to his care.

NEHEMIAH HOLLAND.

N. B. He is likewise prepared to carry
expresses to any part of the state at the
shortest notice, with despatch.
N. H.

By the Committee of Claims.

The Committee of Claims will sit every
day, during the present session, from nine
o'clock in the morning until three in the
afternoon.

By order,

BENJAMIN GRAY, Clk.
November 5.

**By the Committee of Grievances
& Courts of Justice.**

The Committee of Grievances and
Courts of Justice will sit every day,
during the present session, from nine o'clock
in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,

LOUIS GASSAWAY, Clk.
November 5.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order from the orphans court of
Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will sell
at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on Friday
8th day of January next, at his house, for
ready cash,

A Negro Woman and five children, consisting
of three Boys and two Girls, with some other ar-
ticles too tedious to mention, the property of Ro-
bert Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county, de-
ceased, for the payment of all just claims against
said estate, and the balance if any, to be equally
divided among his legal representatives according
to law.
David Stewart, Adm'r.
November 26.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice,
that he intends to apply to Calvert Coun-
ty Court, or some one of the judges there-
of, in the recess of said court, for the be-
nefit of the act for the relief of sundry
insolvent debtors, passed at November ses-
sion, 1805, and the several supplements
thereto.

RICHARD KENT.
Nov. 3, 1812.

Anne-Arundel County, sc.

On application to me the subscriber, in the re-
cess of Anne-Arundel county court, as an asso-
ciate judge for the third judicial district of Maryland,
by petition, in writing, of Danzy Brown, of said
county, praying for the benefit of the act for the
relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several
supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in
said acts, a schedule of his property and a list of
his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain
them, being annexed to his petition, and having
satisfied me that he has resided in the state of
Maryland for two years immediately preceding the
time of his application, having also stated in his
petition that he is in confinement for debt, and
having prayed to be discharged from his confine-
ment on the terms prescribed in said acts; I do
hereby order and adjudge, that the person of the
said Danzy Brown be discharged, and by causing
a copy of this order to be published in the Mary-
land Gazette for three months successively before
the first Monday of April next, to give notice to
his creditors to appear before the county court of
said county, on the third Monday of April next,
for the purpose of recommending a trustee for
their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have,
why the said Danzy Brown should not have the
benefit of the acts as prayed for. Given under my
hand this 1st day of November, 1812.
Richard H. Harwood.

60 Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber living in
South River Neck, on Monday the 2d inst a ne-
gro fellow who calls himself Thomas Brown, a-
bout forty three years of age, five feet eight or
nine inches high, has a bald place on the back part
of his head; when spoken to has an impediment
in his speech; and is much given to intoxication.
—Had on when he made his escape, a kersey
round about jacket and trousers, osanburg shirt,
old hat and shoes—This fellow was originally from
Benedict, Charles county, and it is probable may
have gone thither as he is a native of that neighborhood.
If he is taken, he will be given, if thirty miles
thirty dollars, if forty miles, forty dollars, and if
out of the State the above reward, if secured in
any way so that I get him again. All persons are
forewarned harbouring said fellow, as the law will
be enforced against all such offenders.
Joseph N. Brewer.
A. A. County, Nov. 12.

By his Excellency **LEVIN WINDER,**
Esquire, Governor of Maryland,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Mary-
land did, by an act passed at November session
eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to
reduce into one the several acts of assembly re-
specting elections, and to regulate said elections,"
direct, that the governor and council, after having
received the returns of the elections for electors to
choose the President and Vice-President of the
United States, should enumerate and ascertain the
number of votes for each and every candidate and
person so as aforesaid voted for as an elector re-
spectively, and shall thereupon declare by procla-
mation, signed by the governor, and without de-
lay disperse through the state the name of the per-
son or persons duly elected as elector in each re-
spective district:—And, in pursuance of the direc-
tions of the said act, do by this our proclamation
declare, that by the returns made to us, it appears
that Henry H. Chapman, Esquire, was elected an
elector for the first district; Edward H. Calvert,
Esquire, was elected an elector for the second dis-
trict; Edward Johnson and John Stephen, Es-
quires, were elected electors for the third district;
Henry Williams and Daniel Rentch, Esquires,
were elected electors for the fourth district; Tobias
E. Stanbury, Esquire, was elected an elector for
the fifth district; Thomas W. Veazy, Esquire,
was elected an elector for the sixth district; Tho-
mas Worrell, Esquire, was elected an elector for
the seventh district; Edward Lloyd, Esquire, was
elected an elector for the eighth district; and Lit-
tleton Dennis, Esquire, was elected an elector for
the ninth district.
Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under
the great seal of the state of Maryland, in the
twenty-fourth day of November, in the year
(SEAL) of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
and twelve, and of the independence of the
United States of America the thirty sev-
enth.

Levin Winder.

By the Governor,

Ninian Pinkney, Clk.

Ordered, That the foregoing proclamation be
published twice in each week for the space of three
weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; The
Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore; The
People's Monitor, Easton; The Federal Republi-
can, Georgetown; Melsheimer's German paper
and Frederick-Town Herald, Frederick-town; Ha-
gar's-Town Gazette and Maryland Herald, Ha-
gar's-Town.
By order,

Ninian Pinkney, Clk.
of the Council.

November 26.

**BY HIS EXCELLENCY
ROBERT BOWIE, ESQUIRE
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.**

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of
Maryland did by an act passed at November session
eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to
reduce into one the several acts of Assembly re-
specting elections, and to regulate said elections,"
direct, that the governor and council after having
received the returns of elections of the members to
represent the state in the Congress of the U. S.
should enumerate and ascertain the number of
votes given for each and every person voted for as
a member for Congress aforesaid respectively, and
shall thereupon declare, by proclamation, signed
by the Governor, the name of the person or per-
sons duly elected in each respective district. We
in pursuance of the directions of the said act, do
by this our proclamation, declare that by the re-
turns made to us, it appears that Philip Stewart,
Esq. was elected for the first district; Joseph Kent,
Esq. was elected for the second district; Alexander
Contee Hanson, Esq. was elected for the third dis-
trict; Samuel Ringgold, Esq. was elected for the
fourth district; Alexander M'Kim, and Nicholas
Ruxton Moore, Esqs. were elected for the fifth dis-
trict; Stevenson Archer, Esq. was elected for the
sixth district; Robert Wright, Esq. was elected for
the seventh district, and Charles Goldsborough,
Esq. was elected for the eighth district.
Given in Council, at the city of Annapolis, un-
der the great seal of the State of Mary-
land, in the year of our Lord one thou-
sand eight hundred and twelve, and of
the Independence of the United States
of America, the thirty-seventh.

Robert Bowie.

By the Governor,

Ninian Pinkney,
Clerk of the Council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation
be published twice in each week, for the space of
four weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Mary-
land Republican, of Annapolis; in the Whig,
Sun, American and Federal Gazette, of Bal-
timore, in the National Intelligencer, at Wash-
ington; in Bargis's paper at Frederick-Town; in
the Maryland Herald, at Hagers-town; and in the
Star at Easton.

By Order,

Ninian Pinkney,
Clerk of the Council.

November 12.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

Will be sold, to the highest bidder, (on the pre-
mises of the late Doctor John Gassaway, of
Rhode River, in Anne-Arundel county) on the
fourth Monday in December next, on a credit
of one, two and three years, with interest on
the purchase money from the day of sale,

THAT MOST VALUABLE FARM

On which the Doctor resided, containing about
four hundred and ninety-three acres; the situation
is high and healthy, and commands a beautiful
prospect of the Chesapeake Bay. The improve-
ments on the said farm are, a comfortable Dwel-
ling House, Quarter, Tobacco Houses and Barn.
Also, on the same day, will be sold, his Lower
Farm, distant about two miles from the place he
resided, called Cotter's Desire, containing about
two hundred and forty-one acres. Both farms are
well wooded, and convenient to the water, and a-
bounds in wild fowl, fish and oysters. It is un-
necessary to go into a detail of the value of the a-
bove property, as those who are inclined to pur-
chase, are presumed to be acquainted with the
value of the same. The lands will be shown by Mr.
Thomas & Mr. Carnes, who are now living on the
property. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock on
said day, if fair, if not, the next fair day there-
after.

Alexander Stuart.
Sarah C. White.

November 12.

THE CHRONICLE,

OR,
AN ANNUAL REVIEW OF HISTORY, PO-
LITICS AND LITERATURE.
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

By JOHN E. HALL, late of Baltimore, assisted by
several men of letters.

This work will be devoted to the following
subjects: 1. An Annual History of Europe—2. A
Congressional History of the United States, with
occasional notices of important proceedings in
the State Legislature—3. Public Documents—4.
A Register of Remarkable Occurrences—5. Bio-
graphical Sketches of persons distinguished either
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eign and domestic—8. Essays on Miscellaneous
Topics and Poetical Effusions—9. Statistical Re-
ports.

Price six dollars per annum—To be published in
four quarterly numbers.

Subscriptions received by Geo. Shaw
& Co.

I WISH TO SELL,

**2 or 3 likely young negro
women,**

Two of them have each a male child. They will
be sold low, to persons in the state, for cash. Ap-
ply to

Joseph G. Harrison,
Near Friendsville, A. A. county.
December 3.

State of Maryland, sc.

On application, by petition, of Joseph
G. Harrison, administrator of Jeremiah C. Sim-
mons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is
ordered, that he give the notice required by law,
for the creditors to bring in their claims against
the said deceased, and that the same be published
once in each week for the space of six successive
weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills
for A. A. county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county,
hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-
Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of adminis-
tration on the personal estate of Jeremiah C. Sim-
mons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All
persons having claims against the said deceased,
are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the
vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before
the third day of March next, they may otherwise
by law be excluded from all benefit of the said es-
tate. Given under my hand this 24th day of No-
vember, 1812.
Joseph G. Harrison, Adm'r.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he
intends to apply to Anne-Arundel coun-
ty court, or some one of the judges there-
of, in the recess of said court, for the be-
nefit of the act for the relief of sundry in-
solvent debtors, passed at November ses-
sion, 1805, and the several supplements
thereto.

WILLIAM JAMES.
Nov. 12, 1812.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he in-
tends to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, or
some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of
said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief
of sundry insolvent debtors, passed November
session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.
John O'Hara.
December 3.

For Sale

A Negro Woman, aged 32, with four
Children, three girls and a boy, the eldest
daughter nine years of age, the second
four, the boy's age seven. Enquire at the
Gazette Office.
October 29.

To the Voters

**Of Anne-Arundel County and the City of
Annapolis.**

GENTLEMEN, Having become a Candidate
for the Office of Sheriff at the next Elec-
torial period, have thought proper to give
this early notice of my intention to do so.
On this occasion I earnestly solicit the
support of my fellow-citizens: Should my
efforts be crowned with success, it would
be the object of my care to discharge the
duties that would devolve on me with jus-
tice and humanity.
REZIN SPURRIER.
Annapolis, October 8, 1812.

Wanted

TO HIRE, BY THE YEAR,

A NEGRO WOMAN,

who understands House Work, for which
a liberal price will be given. Enquire at
this Office.
Sept. 17.

NOTICE.

I will Rent, or Sell, my FARM, near
South River Church. For terms apply
to Nicholas Brewer, of the City of An-
napolis.
FRANCES YATES.
November 12.

[LXIXth YEAR.

PRINTED AND PUB-
BY

JONAS GR

CHURCH-STREET,

Price—Two Dollars

MARYLAND GA

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY,

LEGISLATURE OF

HOUSE OF DELE

MONDAY, DEC

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THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[LXIXth YEAR.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1812.

No. 3441]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
BY

JONAS GREEN,

CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price—Two Dollars per Annum.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DEC. 24, 1812.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

MONDAY, DEC. 14.

The house met. The speaker being absent Mr. Bowles was unanimously elected Speaker pro tem.

Mr. Barney delivers a petition from Martha Rawlings, of Baltimore, praying a divorce. Mr. Crabb a petition from Jane White, of Baltimore, stating that her house in Baltimore has been materially injured by a Mob, and praying relief. Mr. Young a petition from James Pippin, and others, of Caroline county, praying a law to drain Beech Tree Swamp. Mr. Hughlett a petition from Benjamin McNeas, of Caroline county, an old soldier, praying relief. Mr. Hambleton a petition from the trustees of the poor of Talbot county praying the enlargement of the poor house. Mr. Potts a petition from Elizabeth Root and Margaret Taylor, of Frederick county, praying the will of Daniel Root may be rendered valid. Mr. Parnham an address from Neale Shaw, of Charlotte Hall School, upon the subject of the valuation of the magnetic needle. Mr. L. Duvall a petition from Rachel Roberts, of Annapolis, praying a support. Mr. Reynolds a petition from Benjamin Leitch, of Calvert county, praying he may be authorized to complete his collection. Mr. Caldwell a petition from Edward Roberts, and others, of Talbot, praying a road. Mr. L. Duvall a petition from John Daniel Jucett, an old soldier, praying relief. Mr. Potts a petition from John Logsdon, and others, of Frederick, counter to the petition of the Reister's town turnpike road company. Mr. Stanbury a petition from John Pindell of Baltimore, counter to the petition for a road from Soldier's Delight. Mr. Donaldson a petition from Mary Christfield, praying a divorce. Mr. Bayly a petition from Nelly Wilson, of Somerset, praying the sale of the real estate of her late husband. Mr. Barney a petition from George P. Stevenson, of Baltimore, praying he may be authorized to remove a negro into this state. Severally read and referred.

Mr. Banning delivers a bill for the relief of Robert J. Bruff. Twice read, passed, and sent to the senate.

The bill supplementary to the act relating to negroes, the bill for the relief of Ezekiel Waters, and the bill for the relief of Henry Sprague, were read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The resolution in favour of William Bruce was assented to.

Mr. Burges delivers a report and resolution in favour of James Hall and James Butcher. Read.

On motion by Mr. Barney, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to authorize voters to pass through turnpike gates free of tolls on days of election.

The bill to incorporate a company under the name of The Managers and Directors of the Elkton Library Company, the bill to incorporate a company entitled The United Hole and Suction Engine Company, and the bill for the relief of Thomas B. Briscoe, were read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The Speaker laid before the house the report of the clerk of the court of appeals for the eastern shore, relative to the attendance of the judges. Referred.

Mr. Frey delivers a bill authorizing the levy court of Cecil county to open a road. Mr. Barney a bill to authorize voters to pass through turnpike gates free of toll on days of election. Read.

Mr. Hogg delivers a report and resolution in favour of Robert Crouch and William Grace; twice read, the resolution assented to and sent to the senate.

The resolution in favour of George Abbott was assented to and sent to the senate.

The bill for the relief of the heirs of John Chaires, the bill for the relief of Peter A. Carnes, and the bill to make valid the agreement between John Campbell and Elizabeth Hobbs, were read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Hogg delivers a report and resolution to raise a sum of money for opening a road from Western Port; twice read, passed, and sent to the senate.

The resolution in favour of Moses Green was assented to.

On motion by Mr. Young, Ordered, That during the remainder of this session leave of

absence shall not be granted to any member of this house unless the same be first obtained on motion made in person.

The bill to make public a road in Queen-Anne's county, the supplement to the act to incorporate a company for the purpose of cutting a canal between the river Delaware and Chesapeake Bay, and the supplement to the act to establish pilots, were severally passed.

Mr. Reynolds delivers a bill authorizing Benjamin Leitch, to complete his collections. Read.

Mr. Wright an unfavorable report on the petition of William Price; twice read and concurred in.

Mr. Sprigg a report and resolution in favour of James Nowell and Jonathan Tutwiler. Read.

The bill annulling the marriage of Elijah Shay and Rose Shay, was passed—Yeas 37, nays 19.

The clerk of the senate delivers the additional supplement to the act respecting the equity jurisdiction of the county courts, endorsed, "will not pass." A bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the city of Baltimore to the district of Columbia, passed December 12: And the bill for the support of Henry Leeke, passed with an amendment; which was agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed. The bill to lay out and make public a road in Cecil county, the bill for the benefit of John Allen, the bill authorizing Levin Derickson to complete his collections, the bill for the benefit of Tabitha Harrison and Leah Tarr, the bill for the benefit of Jesse Moffett, and the bill supplementary to the act to incorporate a company to make a bridge over Chester river, severally endorsed "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. Also a supplement to an act for extending and uniting Holliday-street; a bill to alter the time of holding Baltimore county court, and a further additional supplement to the act for building a new gaol in Baltimore county, severally passed by the senate with amendments. Read.

On motion by Mr. Dorsey, the following message was read.

Gentlemen of the Senate

When the wise framers of the Constitution of our State deemed it prudent to inhibit the senate, who are not constitutionally supposed to be the depositaries of the will or the wants of the people, from originating any proposition, having for its object an expenditure of the State's revenue, and vested in the house of delegates an exclusive right to do the same, this house conceives that a declaratory resolution of the opinion of the Senate, as to any subject which the constitutional power of the Senate was inadequate to redress, was equally prohibited. This house, therefore, with surprise listened to your message upon the subject of Jehu Chandler's petition, unaccompanied with any proposition connected with relief, and merely expressive of the opinion of the senate. The house of delegates are not aware that the petition of Jehu Chandler embraces any proposition of such magnitude as to justify this interposition of your honorable house, equally incompatible with invariable usages, and unquestionable principle. Although the house of delegates feel a constitutional respect for the opinion of the senate of Maryland, when constitutionally expressed, they cannot, consistently with their duty to the popular branch, or to their successors, consent to a precedent which will permit their course of conduct upon any proposition exclusively referred to them, to be chalked out or influenced by the proffered opinions of the senate.

As the petition of Jehu Chandler has according to the uniform custom of this house been referred to a committee, the house of delegates decline expressing any opinion upon the doctrines advanced in your message.

Mr. Barney delivers a bill for the relief of George P. Stevenson. Read. Mr. Bayly a bill for the benefit of the heirs of James Wilson; twice read and passed.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

TUESDAY, DEC. 15.

The house met. The Speaker appeared and resumed the chair.

Mr. Dorsey delivers the following report:

The committee instructed to inquire and report whether the papers required by law to be recorded in the chancery office, have been recorded, beg leave to report. They beg leave to report that from the present Register, Samuel H. Howard the late register, was appointed in 1786, and continued in office till some time in 1807; that some of the records were made up by him, but that they are very incomplete. That Nicholas Brown, esq. was appointed some time in 1807, and has not made a record of any papers required to be recorded. All which is submitted. Read.

Mr. Callis delivers a petition from Elizabeth Peters, of P. G. county, praying a support. Mr. Wm. Hall a remonstrance from

the commissioners appointed to open the Elk-Ridge Church road, counter to the petition of Thomas B. Dorsey and others. Mr. Hughlett a petition from Nancy Rouse, of Caroline county, praying a support. Mr. Sanders a petition from Robert Johnson and William M'Math, of Harford, praying the title of Wm. M'Math to certain lands may be confirmed. Mr. Perry a report from the visitors of Allegany county school. Mr. Donaldson a petition from the Graud Master, and other officers, of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, praying a lottery. Mr. Lecompte a petition from Solomon Harris, of Dorchester, an old soldier, praying relief. The Speaker laid before the house the report of the clerk of Dorchester, relative to the attendance of the judges. Mr. C. Hall a petition from sundry inhabitants of Kent county, praying for a road.

The house proceeded to the second reading of the bill annulling the marriage of Jerome Buonaparte King of Westphalia, & Elizabeth Buonaparte of the city of Baltimore, and after reading and amending the same, it was passed—yeas 42, nays 29, and sent to the senate.

The message relative to the appointment of a Senator of the United States, was read, the blank filled up with "Friday," agreed to,—yeas 46, nays 17, and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to establish a bank under the title of The Bank of Somerset, the bill for the benefit of James L. Porter, the bill to permit the removal of civil actions depending or brought in the several county courts, the bill for the benefit of the representatives of William Emmitt, severally endorsed "will not pass." The bill authorizing a lottery for the purpose of building a carpenter's Hall in Baltimore, the further additional supplement to the act to direct defendants, the bill to provide for the appointment of commissioners for the regulation and improvement of Snow Hill, and the bill authorizing the levy court of Harford county to assess a sum of money for the erection of a room for the safe keeping of criminals, severally endorsed "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed.

The house proceeded to the second reading of the bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road leading to Cumberland, and for the extension of the charters of the several banks in the city of Baltimore; and after amending the same, the further consideration thereof was postponed until to-morrow.

Mr. Lewis Duvall delivers a bill for the relief of Rachel Roberts. Mr. Stevens a bill for the benefit of Mary Still, Esther Still, and Edith Still, of Caroline county. Read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the resolution in favour of the Potomack Company, endorsed "dissent from." The bill to authorize the levy court of A. A. county to levy money for the support of Ezekiel Waters, the bill authorizing a lottery to raise a sum of money for opening a road from Western Port, the bill to make a public road from M'Shane's ferry to Crampton's Gap, and the bill authorizing a lottery to purchase a lot of ground in Cox's-town, severally endorsed "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. Also a communication from the Executive notifying the legislature of the resignation of Abraham Jarrett, esq. register of wills for Harford county. Read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 16.

The house met. Mr. Hogg has leave of absence.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a petition from Noah Ridgely, of Baltimore, praying he may be authorized to sell certain lands; also a petition from sundry merchants praying the establishment of a Bank, under the name of The City Bank of Baltimore. Mr. Frey a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, praying that persons conscientiously scrupulous of taking an oath, may be permitted to serve as jurymen. Mr. Griffith a petition from Solomon Jones, an old soldier praying relief. Mr. Warner a petition from the street commissioners of the western precincts of Baltimore praying an enlargement of powers. Mr. Randall a petition from James Hood and George Howard, praying a law to correct a mistake in a deed. Mr. Callis a petition from sundry inhabitants of P. G. county, praying a new election district. Read and referred.

On motion by Mr. Perry, the following message was sent to the senate.

Gentlemen of the Senate.

We return you the resolution authorizing the transfer of the amount of thirty thousand dollars of the six per cent. stock of the United States to the president and directors of the Potomac Company, &c. Viewing, as we do, the object of the resolution as a matter of primary importance to this state and the U.

nited States, we hope, upon reconsideration you will assent to the same.

On motion of Mr. Dorsey, a message was sent to the senate proposing a committee of conference on the bill vesting an unlimited chancery jurisdiction in the county courts.

The bill for the relief of Samuel Kerr, was passed and sent to the senate.

The resolutions in favour of William Ferguson, and James Nowell and Jonathan Tutwiler, were assented to, and sent to the senate.

The bill to lay out a road in Baltimore county, was read the second time and will not pass.

Mr. Banning delivers a bill to ratify the title of Henry and Anthony Banning in certain lots of land. Mr. L. Duvall a bill for the relief of Sarah Stinchcomb. Read.

Mr. Randall an unfavourable report on the petition of Ebenezer Finley; twice read and concurred in.

Mr. Crabb delivers a report and resolution in favour of Jane White. Mr. Boyer a report and resolution in favour of John Bolton. Read.

On motion by Mr. Wilson, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to extend the same constitutional privileges to all persons conscientiously scrupulous of taking an oath as are now enjoyed by the religious societies called Quakers, Menonists, Tunkers, and Nicolites or New Quakers, and to repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government as are repugnant thereto.

The house resumed the consideration of the bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road leading to Cumberland, &c. and after further amending the same, was passed—yeas 56, nays 11.

Mr. Claude delivers a petition from Thomas Simpson an old soldier, praying relief. Mr. Wilson a petition from Ann Carroll and others, praying the sale of part of the real estate of Nicholas Carroll, deceased. Mr. Abram Jones a petition from William Lodge of Montgomery, praying the sheriff may be authorized to make him a conveyance for certain land. Mr. Wm. Williams a petition from Neale Peacock, an old soldier, praying relief. Referred.

Mr. Claude delivers a report and resolution in favour of Thomas Simpson. Read.

Mr. Donaldson an unfavourable report on the petition of Mary Foxall. Read.

Mr. Quinton a petition from Moses Greer, of Worcester, praying a support.

The bill authorizing the levy court of Cecil county to open a road, was passed.

Mr. Banning delivers a bill to lay out & open a road in Talbot county. Mr. Abram Jones a bill to authorize the sheriff of Montgomery county to execute a deed therein mentioned. Mr. Waller a bill to establish a bank under the title of The Bank of Salisbury. Mr. Potts a bill for the relief of John Messler and David Rinehart; and a bill for the relief of Elizabeth Root & Margaret Taylor. Mr. Caulin an additional supplement to the act to regulate and discipline the militia of this state. Mr. Barney an additional supplement to an act to open and extend Pratt-street. Severally read.

On motion by Mr. Kilgour, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act for the encouragement of Late-arriving Schools in the several counties in this state.

The bill for the benefit of the trustees of Charlotte Hall School, was read the second time and will not pass.

On motion by Mr. Dorsey, a Resolution directing the treasurer to pay to the trustees of Charlotte Hall School, annually, three hundred dollars, was twice read and assented to.

On motion by Mr. Evans, a Resolution directing the treasurer to pay to the trustees of Elkton Academy, annually, ——— dollars, was read.

The clerk of the senate delivers a bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from Elkton to Christiansa bridge, passed by the senate Dec. 16. Read. Also the bill to make firm and valid an article of agreement between John Campbell & Elizabeth Hobbs, the bill for the relief of Thomas B. Briscoe, and the bill for the relief of Peter A. Carnes, severally endorsed, "will not pass." And the further supplement to an act relating to negroes, the bill to lay out and open a road in Cecil county, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. And the bill for the relief of Henry Sprague, endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendment." Read.

On motion by Mr. Perry, the following message was sent to the senate.

Gentlemen of the Senate.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a bill for the benefit of Franklin L. Ridgely and Richard G. Ridgely. Mr. Hambleton a bill for the relief of John Bullen. Mr. Griffith a bill to incorporate the trustees of the Cambridge Academy. Severally read.

Mr. Riggs delivers a report and resolution in favour of William Layman. Read.

Mr. Wm. Williams a report and resolution in favour of Neale Peacock. Read.

Mr. Lecompte a report and resolution in favour of Solomon Harris. Read.
Mr. Stonestreet a report and resolution in favour of Archibald Johnson. Read.
Adjourned till 5 o'clock.

5 O'CLOCK, P. M.

The report on the petition of John Norris, was referred to the next general assembly.
Mr. Hughlett delivers a report and resolution in favor of Benjamin M'Nesh. Read.

On motion by Mr. Thos. Williams, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A further supplement to an act, entitled, An act respecting the roads in Somerset and Worcester counties.

The bill authorizing Thomas Saulsbury to complete his collections, the bill for the benefit of Mary, Esther, and Edith Still, the bill for the relief of John Bullen, and the supplement to an act declaring what shall be evidence in certain cases, were severally passed.

On motion by Mr. Long, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act for the amendment of the law.

On motion by Mr. Potts, Leave given to bring in a bill to enlarge the powers of the orphan courts of the several counties in this State.

Mr. Evans delivers a petition from Hannah Burgoine and Upton Reid, of Cecil county, praying the sale of certain lands.— Referred.

The report on the petition of Richard Butler and Barbara Tice, was dissented from.

The resolutions in favour of Neale Peacock, Archibald Johnson, Benjamin M'Nesh, Solomon Jones, and Sutton I. Weems, were severally assented to.

On motion of Mr. Francis Hall, Ordered, That Henry W. Magruder have leave to withdraw his petition and the documents accompanying it.

Mr. Quinton delivers a bill for the benefit of Moses Grier. Read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

THURSDAY, DEC. 17.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Wm. B. Williams delivers a petition from Richard Combs, of Washington county, praying compensation for his labour and expense in repairing the streets of William's Port, in 1811. Mr. Handy a petition from sundry inhabitants of Worcester county, praying an alteration in the election districts of said county. Mr. Caldwell a petition from Abraham Brown, of Talbot county, praying a special act of insolvency. Read and referred.

The bill, entitled, An act to repeal the act and supplement therein mentioned, was read the second time and will not pass.

On motion by Mr. Bowles, the question was put, That the house reconsider the title of the bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road leading to Cumberland, and for the extension of the charters of the several banks in the city of Baltimore? Resolved in the affirmative. After amending the same, it was passed and sent to the senate.

The house proceeded to the election of a treasurer for the eastern shore. The ballots being deposited in the ballot box, on examination thereof it appeared that William Richardson was elected.

Mr. C. Hall delivers a bill to lay out and make public a road in Kent county. Mr. Long a bill for the amendment of the law. Read.

Mr. Cresap a bill authorizing a lottery for raising a sum of money to build a church in the town of Cumberland in Allegany county. Read the first and second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The message relative to the appointment of a register of wills for Harford county, was read the second time, and on motion by Mr. Bond, the question was put, that the following be substituted in its place.
Gentlemen of the Senate,

The office of register of wills for Harford county, having become vacant by the resignation of Abraham Jarrett, Esquire, former register, we propose with the concurrence of your house, to proceed immediately to an election to supply the vacancy. William D. Lee and Samuel Richardson are put in nomination by this house. Mr. Bond and Mr. Potts, are appointed by this house to join such gentlemen as may be appointed by you to count the ballots and report accordingly.

Resolved in the affirmative, and the message sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Young, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act directing the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties of this State, to transmit annually to the clerk of the house of delegates, a statement of all moneys paid by them to the treasurers of the respective counties.

Mr. Stanbury delivers a bill supplementary to the act for the opening of Bridge-street, in the eastern precincts of Baltimore. Read.

On motion by Mr. Sanders, Ordered, That a bill to amend an act, passed at the session of 1806, relating to the roads in Somerset and Worcester counties, be recommitted for amendment.

The bill authorizing John Newton, late sheriff and collector of Dorchester county to complete his collections; and the bill to make public a road from Hancock, in Washington county, to Cumberland, in Allegany county,

and for other purposes, were severally read the second time and passed.

The house proceeded to the second reading of the bill for the valuation of real and personal property within this State, and after amending the same, the question was put, Shall the said bill pass? Resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road leading to Cumberland, and for the extension of the charters of the several banks in this State, and for other purposes, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. And the bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the district of Columbia, to the city of Baltimore, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;" which amendments were read, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Wm. Williams delivers a bill to authorize the levy court of Washington county, to levy a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned. Read.

Mr. Sanders delivers a favourable report on the petition of Joshua Rutledge, of Harford county, a revolutionary officer. Read.

Mr. Warner delivers a bill to repeal an act therein mentioned. Mr. Hambleton a bill to extend the powers of the levy court of Talbot county. Severally read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

FRIDAY, DEC. 18.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

Mr. Lewis has leave of absence for the remainder of the session.

Mr. Marriott delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county, praying that a road may be opened from Anne-Arundel Manor to West River. Mr. Burgess a petition from the trustees of the poor of Queen-Anne's county, praying that they may be authorized to appropriate a sum of money to the support of out-pensioners. Mr. Randall a petition from Samuel Moore, of the city of Baltimore, praying the treasurer may be authorized to pay him a sum of money therein mentioned. Mr. Marriott a petition from Baruch Fowler, of Anne-Arundel county, praying that he may be authorized to convey certain lands to John Brice and Edmond Brice, and to receive a conveyance from them for certain other lands, on behalf of the heirs of Rezin Hammond, deceased. Mr. Stevens delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Queen-Anne's county, praying for a road. Mr. Potts a petition from the Lutheran congregation, in Middletown, in Frederick county, praying a lottery to raise a sum of money to complete their house of worship; and a petition from Geo. M. Conrad, of Frederick county, praying that his title to certain lands may be confirmed. Mr. Burgess a petition from John W. Hackett, of Queen-Anne's county, praying for the establishment of a road. Mr. Riggs a petition from a number of the inhabitants of Montgomery and Anne-Arundel counties, praying that Dr. Nicholas Wynkoop, may be authorized to practice as a physician. Mr. Wilson delivers a petition from Sally Flemming, of Worcester county, praying that the orphan court of said county, may be authorized to direct the sale of certain lots in the town of Snow-Hill, belonging to her infant children. Severally read and referred.

Mr. Hughlett delivers a bill for the relief of Nancy Roule, of Caroline county. Read.

The bill for the benefit of John, James, William and Anne Elizabeth Johnson, heirs and devisees of Barnett Johnson, and of Benjamin Rigdon, of Harford county, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Forwood, of Wm. the following resolution was read.
Resolved, That the examiner-general shall lay before the next general assembly the amount of fees that he may receive in the present year, on oath, and that the treasurer of the western shore thereafter pay to him, or his order, such sum in addition to said fees as shall amount to three hundred pounds for the present year.

Mr. Parnham delivers a bill for the benefit of Matilda Turner, of the city of Baltimore. Mr. Caldwell a bill for the relief of Abraham Broom, of Talbot county. Read.

The bill for the relief of Alexis Romain, of the city of Baltimore, was referred to the consideration of the next general assembly.

The bill for the relief of Samuel B. Beck, of Prince-George's county. The bill to provide for taking special bail in actions of trespass quare clausum fregit. The bill to extend Forest-street and Goodman-streets, southerly from the city of Baltimore, and for other purposes. The bill for founding an academy in the precincts of Baltimore, in the name of The University of Maryland. The bill to make public an old road leading from John Stump's Rock Run Mill, in Harford county. The bill for the relief of William Smith, and others, of the city of Baltimore. Severally read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Donaldson a bill authorizing a lottery to raise a sum of money for building a Masonic Hall, in the city of Baltimore, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned. Twice read, passed, and sent to the senate.

The bill authorizing Benjamin Leitch, former collector of Calvert county, to complete his collections. The bill for the relief of Joshua Taylor, an insolvent debtor, of Baltimore county. The bill for the relief of Rachel Roberts, of the city of Annapolis. The bill for the relief of John Melsler and David Rinehart, trustees of James Farquhar, of Frederick county. The bill to authorize the levy court of Baltimore county, to remit a part of the money paid by James Fletcher, for the materials of the old court house of said county. The bill to authorize voters to pass through turnpike gates free of toll on days of election. The bill to establish a bank and incorporate a company under the title of The Bank of Salisbury; and the bill for the benefit of John Sample, of York county, Pennsylvania, were severally read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill for the benefit of the heirs of James Wilson, late of Somerset county, deceased. The bill to incorporate a company under the name of the managers and directors of The Elkton Library Company. The bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act declaring what shall be evidence in certain cases therein mentioned; and the bill authorizing a lottery for raising a sum of money to build a church in the town of Cumberland, in Allegany county, severally endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. And the following message:

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,
We have received your message proposing to go this day into the election of an United States senator, and after deliberating thereon, we have concluded that it is unnecessary and inexpedient to make the election at this time. There is now no vacancy in the representation of this State in the senate of the United States; and should there be another session of congress before the next meeting of the general assembly (the term of a senator having then expired) the constitution of the United States provides that the executive of the State may supply such vacancy by a temporary appointment.

Also, a bill to prevent the issuing of small bank notes, passed by the senate. Read. The resolutions in favour of William Ferguson and Joseph Sim Smith, severally endorsed, "dissented from." And a message declining a conference on the bill vesting unlimited jurisdiction in the county courts. Also a message proposing to proceed immediately to the election of a register of wills for Harford county. Severally read.

The house proceeded to ballot for a person to be recommended to the governor to be commissioned as register of wills for Harford county, the ballots being deposited in the ballot box, on examination thereof it appeared that Samuel Richardson was elected.

The bill to authorize and direct the sheriff of Montgomery county to execute a deed or deeds. The bill to ratify the title of Henry Banning and Anthony Banning, in and to certain lots of ground in the town of Oxford. The bill to lay out and open a road in Talbot county. The bill for the relief of Samuel W. Beck, of Prince-George's county. The bill authorizing Richard Ruff, of Harford county, to make sale of certain land. The bill for the relief of Sarah Stinchcomb; and the bill for the benefit of Franklin L. Ridgely and Richard G. Ridgely, minors, were severally read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Callis delivers a bill for the relief of Elizabeth Peters, of P. G. county. Mr. Potts a bill to enlarge the powers of the orphan courts of the several counties of this State. Mr. Young a bill directing the clerks of the county courts and the sheriffs of the several counties of this State to transmit annually to the clerk of the house of delegates a statement of all the public monies paid by them to the treasurers of their respective shores; Mr. Wilson a bill to sell part of the real estate of Nicholas Carroll, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased. Mr. Marriott a bill annulling the marriage of Eliza Smothers and Alley Smothers, and Mr. Hambleton a bill for the relief of Wm. Harrison, of James, of Talbot county. Severally read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company for the purpose of cutting and making a canal between the river Delaware and Chesapeake Bay, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;" which was read, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. L. Duvall delivers a favourable report on the petition of John D. Jaquet. Read.

Mr. Lecompte a report on the petition of James Steele, John Cropper, and others, of Dorchester county. Read.

The bill authorizing the levy court of Baltimore county to assess and levy a sum of money to build a bridge over the White Marsh Run, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Adjourned till 5 o'clock.

5 O'CLOCK P. M.

The house met.

Mr. Donaldson delivers an unfavourable report on the petition of Hezekiah Price, of Baltimore county. Read.

The report on the petition of John Burns, of Dorchester county, was read the

second time, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained assented to.

The report on the petition of Samuel Brown, of Dorchester county, was read the second time and dissented from.

The report on the petition of Galeb Hartman, was read the second time and concurred in.

The report on the petitions of Jas. Hall, and James Butcher, James Brown and Elizabeth Devorix, was read the second time and dissented from.

The report on the petition of Neale Jones, was read the second time, concurred in, and the resolution therein contained assented to.

Mr. Young delivers a bill for draining a branch or swamp called Bee Tree Swamp, lying in Caroline county. Read.

The bill from the senate, entitled, An act to alter the time of holding Baltimore county court, was read the second time, and the question put, Shall the said bill pass? Determined in the negative.

The bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road between the streams of Big and Little Elk, through the village of Elkton, and to build a bridge over said streams in Cecil county, was read the second time and will not pass.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a bill to annul the marriage of Abfalom Christfield, of the city of Baltimore, and Mary his wife. Read.

The bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the city of Baltimore to the district of Columbia, was read the second time, amended, and passed.

On motion by Mr. Win. Stuart, the question was put, That leave be given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to change the day of holding elections in the different counties of this State? Determined in the negative.

The clerk of the senate delivers the resolution in favour of the representatives of John and Samuel Snowden, endorsed, "dissented from." A bill directing the manner in which justices of the peace shall qualify, and for other purposes, and a bill providing for the appointment of bailiffs for the city of Baltimore, severally passed by the senate, Dec. 18. Read. Also the bill for the relief of Samuel Kerr, of Kent county, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. And the bill vesting the property therein mentioned in certain trustees for the use and benefit of the Society of Friends or people called Quakers constituting the monthly meeting of Baltimore, &c. endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment;" which amendment was read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

SATURDAY, DEC. 19.

The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The Speaker laid before the house a communication from the auditor general. Read and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Harryman delivers a petition from sundry inhabitants of Baltimore county, praying for a supplement to the act passed at November session, 1802, chapter sixteen. Mr. Barney a petition from Josias Stevenson, Esquire of a tobacco warehouse in the city of Baltimore, praying that a law may be supplementary to an act for his relief, passed at the last Nov. session. Mr. Frey a petition from sundry inhabitants of Cecil county, praying that a company may be incorporated to build a bridge across the Susquehanna river or near Kerr's Islands. Mr. Warner a petition from Thomas Levey, and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying that a supplement may pass to the act for opening M'Elkton-street. Mr. Dorsey a petition from Richard I. Jones, of Queen-Anne's county, complaining of the appointments made by the late executive, under the cavalry law, and praying redress. Read and referred. Mr. Seth a petition from John Jones, of Talbot county, praying a special act of insolvency. Read and ordered to lie on the table. Mr. Millard a petition from Wm. Hebb, of P. G. county, praying he may be authorized to sell certain land, &c. Read and referred.

The bill from the senate to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from Elkton to Christiana Bridge, was read the second time, amended, passed, and sent to the senate.

The bill to lay out and open a road in Kent county, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Randall delivers a bill to correct a mistake in a certain record. Read.

On motion of Mr. F. M. Hall, the house reconsidered the bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the city of Baltimore, to the district of Columbia; and the question put, Shall the said bill pass? Determined in the negative, and returned to the senate.

The bill to alter, change and abolish such parts of the constitution and form of government which relate to the time of holding the senate of this State, was read the second time, passed, yet it was not passed.

Mr. P. M. Hall delivers a bill to stop a public road in P. G. county. Read.

The bill relating to public roads in Harford county, was read the second time and will not pass.

Mr. Burgess delivers an unfavourable report on the petition of the trustees of the poor of Queen-Anne's county. Read.

Mr. Randall delivers a report on the petition of Samuel Jones, relative to the authority of the court to call out the militia until Tuesday.

The bill providing for Laws and Votes and P. sent general assembly, beneficial to the interest the second time and passed.

The clerk of the senate make public a road in and to repeal the act of 1806, entitled, "will pass with the proposed amendments;" which amendments were read, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

The bill annulling the marriage of Abfalom Christfield, of the city of Baltimore, and Mary his wife. Read.

The bill for the relief of John Bullen, and the supplement to an act declaring what shall be evidence in certain cases, were severally passed.

The bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the city of Baltimore to the district of Columbia, was read the second time, amended, and passed.

Mr. Donaldson delivers a bill to annul the marriage of Abfalom Christfield, of the city of Baltimore, and Mary his wife. Read.

The bill to incorporate a company to make a turnpike road from the city of Baltimore to the district of Columbia, was read the second time, amended, and passed.

On motion by Mr. Win. Stuart, the question was put, That leave be given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to change the day of holding elections in the different counties of this State? Determined in the negative.

The clerk of the senate delivers the resolution in favour of the representatives of John and Samuel Snowden, endorsed, "dissented from." A bill directing the manner in which justices of the peace shall qualify, and for other purposes, and a bill providing for the appointment of bailiffs for the city of Baltimore, severally passed by the senate, Dec. 18. Read. Also the bill for the relief of Samuel Kerr, of Kent county, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed. And the bill vesting the property therein mentioned in certain trustees for the use and benefit of the Society of Friends or people called Quakers constituting the monthly meeting of Baltimore, &c. endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment;" which amendment was read.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

The bill for the amendment of the law. Read.

Mr. Potts delivers a bill to enlarge the powers of the orphan courts of the several counties of this State. Mr. Young a bill directing the clerks of the county courts and the sheriffs of the several counties of this State to transmit annually to the clerk of the house of delegates a statement of all the public monies paid by them to the treasurers of their respective shores; Mr. Wilson a bill to sell part of the real estate of Nicholas Carroll, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased. Mr. Marriott a bill annulling the marriage of Eliza Smothers and Alley Smothers, and Mr. Hambleton a bill for the relief of Wm. Harrison, of James, of Talbot county. Severally read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company for the purpose of cutting and making a canal between the river Delaware and Chesapeake Bay, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;" which was read, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. L. Duvall delivers a favourable report on the petition of John D. Jaquet. Read.

Mr. Lecompte a report on the petition of James Steele, John Cropper, and others, of Dorchester county. Read.

The bill authorizing the levy court of Baltimore county to assess and levy a sum of money to build a bridge over the White Marsh Run, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Donaldson a bill authorizing a lottery to raise a sum of money for building a Masonic Hall, in the city of Baltimore, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned. Twice read, passed, and sent to the senate.

The bill for the relief of William Smith, and others, of the city of Baltimore. Severally read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Wilson a bill to sell part of the real estate of Nicholas Carroll, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased. Mr. Marriott a bill annulling the marriage of Eliza Smothers and Alley Smothers, and Mr. Hambleton a bill for the relief of Wm. Harrison, of James, of Talbot county. Severally read.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to incorporate a company for the purpose of cutting and making a canal between the river Delaware and Chesapeake Bay, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;" which was read, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. L. Duvall delivers a favourable report on the petition of John D. Jaquet. Read.

Mr. Lecompte a report on the petition of James Steele, John Cropper, and others, of Dorchester county. Read.

The bill authorizing the levy court of Baltimore county to assess and levy a sum of money to build a bridge over the White Marsh Run, was read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Donaldson a bill authorizing a lottery to raise a sum of money for building a Masonic Hall, in the city of Baltimore, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned. Twice read, passed, and sent to the senate.

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Mr. Wilson a bill to sell part of the real estate of Nicholas Carroll, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased. Mr. Marriott a bill annulling the marriage of Eliza Smothers and Alley Smothers, and Mr. Hambleton a bill for the relief of Wm. Harrison, of James, of Talbot county. Severally read.

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DAY, DEC. 19.
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which relate to the time
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second time, passed, year
till to the senate.
delivers a bill to stop
to public roads in
as read the second time
delivers an unfavourable rep-
of the trustees of the poor
county Read.

Mr. Randall delivers a favourable report
on the petition of Samuel Moale. Read.
On motion by Mr. Bond, the resolutions
relative to the authority of the general govern-
ment to call out the militia, were postponed
until Tuesday.
The bill providing for the printing of the
Laws and Votes and Proceedings of the pre-
sent general assembly, upon terms the most
beneficial to the interest of the state, was read
the second time and passed, yeas 44, nays 22.
The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to
make public a road in Queen Anne's county
and to repeal the act of assembly therein men-
tioned, endorsed, "will not pass." The bill
to lay out and open a road in Talbot county.
The bill annulling the marriage of Elijah
Shay and Rose Shay, of Somerset county.
The bill for the relief of John Bullen, of
Talbot county. The bill to provide for tak-
ing special bail in actions of trespass quare
clausum fregit. The bill for the relief of
Robert Bruff. The bill entitled, A supple-
ment to an act to lay out and open a road
from the town of Westminster, in Frederick
county, to the City of Washington and
George-Town, passed at November session,
1803. The bill for the benefit of Mary,
Elther, and Edith Still, of Caroline county.
The bill for the relief of George P. Steven-
son. The bill to incorporate a company in the
city of Baltimore, entitled, The United
Hose and Suction Engine Company. Sever-
ally endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be
engrossed. And the bill for opening and ex-
tending Low-street, in the eastern precincts
of Baltimore, endorsed, "will pass with the
proposed amendments," which amendments
were read. Also a bill supplementary to an
act to grant a public road and confirm the
same in the upper part of Queen-Anne's
county. And a bill recognizing the coin of
the United States, and the value of foreign
coins as established by the acts of the Congress
of the United States, passed by the senate
Dec. 19. Severally read.
Mr. Donaldson delivers a bill to establish a
bank in Baltimore, by the name of the City
Bank of Baltimore. Mr. Wilson a bill for the
benefit of the heirs of Joshua Flemming,
of Worcester county, deceased. Mr. Barney
a further additional supplement to the act to
regulate the inspection of tobacco. Read.
The supplement to the act for the opening
of Bridge-street, in the eastern precincts of
Baltimore, was read the second time and
passed.
The bill for the amendment of the law,
was read the second time and will not pass.
Mr. Potts delivers a bill to authorize a
lottery to raise a sum of money for the pur-
pose of completing the Lutheran church, in
Middletown, in Frederick county. Mr. Cal-
lis a supplement to the act authorizing the
jury court of P. G. county, to open a road in
said county. Mr. Warner a supplement to
an act to appoint commissioners to grade and
level the several squares, streets, lanes and al-
leys, in the precincts of Baltimore west of
Jones's Falls. Read.
Mr. Lecompte delivers an unfavourable re-
port on the petition of Matilda Bruff, of
the city of Baltimore. Read.
Mr. T. Williams delivers a report on the
petition of sundry inhabitants of Worcester,
relative to the manner of keeping up the
public roads in said county. Read.
On motion by Mr. Young, the following
was read and assented to.
Whereas, by a resolution of the General
Assembly of Maryland of November session
1806, the Governor and Council were au-
thorized and required to procure three elegant
swords and belts, with an appropriate engrav-
ing, and motto, emblematic of the glorious
actions fought off Tripoli, and cause the
same to be delivered to Charles Gordon, John
Trippe, and John Davis, in testimony of the
high sense of approbation the legislature of
this state entertained of their gallant conduct:
And whereas, by the death of John Davis,
before the resolution could be fully carried in-
to effect, the sword intended for him now re-
mains in the Council Chamber; therefore,
Resolved, That the Governor and Council
be and they are hereby authorized and direct-
ed, to present to the nearest surviving male
relative of the said John Davis, the sword
thus intended for the said John Davis.
Adjourned till Monday.
The following
PREAMBLE & RESOLUTIONS
Were introduced into the House of De-
legates yesterday morning by Mr. Dorsey,
and ordered to be printed.
Whereas, the permanence and security
of our republican institutions depend on
the virtue and the attachment of the peo-
ple—to foster the one, and to confirm the
other, is the bounden duty of those to
whom, under our inestimable constitution,
the administration of public affairs is en-
trusted. For this purpose, a pacific policy
is essential, and ought never to be aban-
doned, except in cases of extreme emer-
gency, in defence of national independence,
and to repel the hostile invasion of terri-
torial rights. Whereas, the late un-
lucky and bloody war, which has been
carried on against a nation: If resorted to
without just cause it must inevitably pro-
voke the displeasure of the Almighty ar-
bitrator of the universe.—It produces a bound-
less waste of blood and treasure; it demo-

ralizes the habits of the people; it gives
birth to standing armies; it clothes a do-
minant faction with power, in addition to
the inclination, to infringe the dearest pri-
vileges of freemen—to fetter the freedom
of speech and of the press—to plunder
private property—to suspend the habeas
corpus—to violate the constitution by im-
plication and by new definitions and con-
structions of treason, under the mask of
law, to subject to an odious and unrelent-
ing persecution, perhaps to condign pu-
nishment, citizens whose only crime is an
opposition, fairly, honestly, and constitu-
tionally supported, to the system of the na-
tional administration. Offensive war is at
all times repugnant to the genius of a re-
public, but if waged by the rulers of a
free community, the people, who must
necessarily encounter the perils and support
the cost of the contest, have a right to ex-
pect that at least a chance of success, a
favourable prospect of benefits to be de-
rived, overbalancing any injuries to be in-
curred, the probable achievement of the
grand objects contended for, and the per-
manent establishment of national rights,
will be made manifest to them. To this
end adequate preparation is necessary—
genius and patriotism must explore and
call into exercise all the national resources
—the treasury must be replenished, and
every deficiency provided for—a military
and naval force raised with all the neces-
sary munitions of war, competent to repel
any hostile invasion, and commensurate
with the plans and schemes of conquest.—
Such a state of preparation would banish
all apprehension of entangling alliances
with that ferocious despotism, which has
blotted from the map of Europe every re-
public of the old world. In the applica-
tion of these remarks to the course of policy
pursued by the government of the United
States, every friend to his country will
at once discern, that it is calculated to ex-
cite the liveliest anxiety and alarm. After
an unprecedented perseverance in a sys-
tem of commercial restrictions, producing
individual distress and national impover-
ishment, our country is committed in a
war with a powerful and formidable foe,
without adequate preparation; with an in-
efficient military force; with a reduced
navy, and with an exhausted treasury. To
obviate the immediate and oppressive dif-
ficulties of the crisis, militia and volunteers
are subjected to field and garrison duty,
and called upon to supply the deficiency of
regulars—enormous sums are to be raised
by loans and taxes, and a neighbouring
colony of the enemy is invaded by de-
tachments of undisciplined troops, imper-
fectly supplied with necessaries. Under
such circumstances, folly only can expect
success; and should further defeat, dis-
grace and dismay, accompany our mili-
tary operations, the gloomy anticipation of
an unnatural alliance with the conqueror
of continental Europe will naturally be
indulged. Thus embarked in a disastrous
contest, the nation harassed and debilit-
ated by its continuance, will sigh for
peace, and for its attainment the im-
mediate and important objects contended
for will be abandoned.
The avowed causes of this war were the
Orders in Council and the impressment of
American Seamen; the first of these
causes is removed, and it may reasonably
be inferred, from the communications of
the President of the United States to Con-
gress respecting the negotiations with the
British Government, that the latter might
be adjusted to the satisfaction of both na-
tions. Influenced by these considerations,
and believing it to be an imperious duty of
the House of Delegates of Maryland, ec-
lected with a view to our present Foreign
Relations, to express the opinion of their
Constituents relative to the present state
of public affairs—Therefore,
Resolved, That a defensive war ought
to be prosecuted and sustained at all haz-
ards; and for this purpose we are at all
times prepared to undergo any privations,
and to devote our lives and fortunes to the
public service.
Resolved, That offensive war is incom-
patible with the principles of republicanism,
subversive of the ends of all just gov-
ernment, and repugnant to the best inter-
ests of the United States.
Resolved, That the declaration of war
against Great-Britain, by a small majori-
ty of the Congress of the United States,
was unwise and impolitic, and if un-
successful, the grand objects contended for
must be abandoned.
Resolved, That it is at all times the inal-
enable right of freemen fully and openly
to investigate the conduct of their rulers,
and that we will on every occasion vindicate
the freedom of speech and of the
press, and the right of petition.
Resolved, That the conduct of the Go-
vernors of Massachusetts, Connecticut and
Rhode Island, respecting the quota of mi-
litia demanded from them respectively, by
the Secretary of War of the United States,
was constitutional, and merits our decided
approbation.

Resolved, That a Navy is the kind of
national defence least dangerous to liberty,
and most compatible with the genius, ha-
bits and interests of the people of the U-
nited States; and whilst we view with de-
light, admiration and enthusiasm, the he-
roism of a Hull, a Decatur, a Jones, and
their gallant associates, we are furnished
with additional motives for approbation of
the policy of augmenting the naval force
of our country.
VERMONT ELECTION.
"Great is Truth, and it must prevail."
We have said that Vermont was opening
her eyes, to the mad policy of our infatuated
Rulers, that our convictions were already
deep, and that the torrent, now taking its
course, would become irresistible. We have
given a pledge, that the Freemen of Ver-
mont, would now do their duty. On Mon-
day last this pledge was redeemed. The
friends of a safe and honorable Peace, with-
out distinction of party, came up to the polls
—and the result has verified our predictions.
Vermont will be represented, in the next
Congress, by REPUBLICANS of the "WASH-
INGTON" SCHOOL. This, we believe, de-
cides the completion of the next Congress,
and probably will compel the Cabinet, either to
abandon the war; or, if it must be continu-
ed, to continue it with vigor and effect.
We have heard from 100 towns out of 220
which give the following glorious result, and
which we think, must be considered decisive,
with regard to the election.
NETT GAIN.

County.	No. of Towns.	Peace.	War.
Windham	16	351	37
Windfor	17	643	—
Orange	13	566	6
Caledonia	8	225	—
Essex	3	52	—
Bennington	3	61	9
Rutland	26	612	13
Addison	12	211	3
Jefferson	3	137	—
		2858	68
Deduct nett Democratic Gain		68	—
Total Nett Federal Gain,		2790	—

In September last our votes stood:
For Jonas Galusha, 19,158
For Martin Chittenden, 15,950
Majority for the War Ticket in Sept. 3,208
N. B. Chittenden, Franklin, Orleans and
Grand Isle Counties not heard from.
P. S. A statement received, says, "800
Federal nett gain in Bennington and towns
adjacent." Some part of this must be in-
cluded in the above—How much we know not.
But if the United States Army does not turn
the scale, in favor of the war, the Peace Ti-
cket has certainly prevailed.
In our next, we shall probably be able to
give the votes complete; or, at least, the
nett gain of each town; so that our friends
may see the progress of public opinion; and
may also know what towns have "deferred
well of their country;"—and what have been
delinquent in discharging the great duties of
their elective franchise.
[Washingtonian.]
From the New-York Herald.
ELECTION.
Last evening the polls for the election of
Members of Congress closed in this State;
and we congratulate the friends of Peace and
Commerce on their complete success in the
second district, comprising the third, fourth,
fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth
wards of this city. Messrs. Benson and Post
are chosen by a handsome majority, and we
have great reason to think that the Peace ca-
ndidates are chosen in the first district, notwith-
standing the unnatural Gerrymander shape of
it. The two first wards of this city have
given the peace candidates upwards of 500 ma-
jority; Kings county has given about 40
peace majority; and Queens, we are inform-
ed, has given nearly 700 majority for the
same ticket. Richmond has also given a
very large peace majority; say at least 160.
Suffolk has not been heard from, but we think
the election is safe.
We hope to procure the official returns of
the two first districts for to-morrow's paper—
the majorities in the second district stood as
follows:

	Peace	War.
Third Ward	149	—
Fourth do.	137	—
Fifth do.	—	233
Sixth do.	171	—
Seventh do.	36	—
Eighth do.	—	96
Ninth do.	76	—
Tenth do.	—	38
	570	367

Majority for Peace } 203
and Commerce }
This is the first time for twelve years past,
that the representatives in Congress from this
city have been federal. This triumph will
appear the more extraordinary when we con-
sider the means made use of by the democrats
to enforce their reign in this part of the state.
The last democratic legislature in distributing
the State for the choice of representatives to

Congress, annexed the two first wards of the
city of N. York, which contained the great-
est share of federal strength, to Long-Island,
with an idea that the overwhelming democra-
tic majority in the county of Suffolk would
be sufficient to balance the federal majority
in these two wards, and insure success to their
ticket in the first district. The other eight
wards collectively were known to have been
democratic, and it was therefore supposed they
would give their ticket a majority in the se-
cond district. So certain were the party of
success, that they had prepared musicians and
torches to parade the streets after the close
of the polls! But they have been beaten—
the plan they pursued to ensure success has
been one cause of their defeat: the arbitrary
division has assisted in opening the eyes of the
people, and it is not probable that they will
even be able to regain that power which they
have so long held, and so shamefully abused.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.
LATEST FROM ENGLAND.
Arrived Cartel ship George Washington,
capt. Warrenton, in 50 days from Liverpool.
To the politeness of Mr. Guire, a passenger,
the editor of the Freeman's Journal is indebt-
ed for London papers to the 27th and Liver-
pool papers to the 28th October, inclusive.
The ministerial party has completely suc-
ceeded in the recent elections in England, and
it was said, that as America had declared
war, it should be a war of extermination,
and that either her or Great Britain must fall.
A proclamation was issued by the Prince
Regent in Council, declaring all English sail-
ors traitors, who are found on board Ameri-
can vessels.
We are also informed, that a proclamation
had been issued, declaring that all British sub-
jects naturalized in the United States, who
were found in arms against England should be
considered as traitors and suffer death. This
proclamation is not to be found in the papers
in our possession and if issued at all, must be
in the papers of the 22d, 23d or 24th of Oc-
tober which are missing from our file. But
we are inclined to believe that the report has
originated in mistake from the circumstance
of the proclamation respecting the sailors
mentioned above.
The Russian fleet was to be sent to En-
gland for safety, and preparations were mak-
ing at Portsmouth for its arrival.
One of the oldest and most respectable
houses in London, in the Danish trade, has
failed.
The last accounts from the north stated,
that three several Russian armies had got in
Buonaparte's rear, and his retreat was cut off.
Smolensk was again in possession of the Rus-
sians. Prince Bagration had died of the
wounds he received in the battle of Moskwa.
[Doubted.]
Burgos still held out against Wellington.
Sarah Ann Waters,
Has just received at her shop in Church-
street, Annapolis, a few dozen well
selected Baltimore made Ladies
dress and undress
Shoes and Slippers,
With a few Rand Morocco and Calf ditto.
All of which she will dispose of on the
most reduced Baltimore retail prices
December 24. 3w*.
NOTICE.
ALL persons are forewarned from hunting ei-
ther with dog or gun, or trespassing in any way
whatsoever, on the lands belonging to John P. Meek-
ins, John Linthicum, and Joshua Linthicum, in
South River Neck, now in the possession of Jo-
shua Linthicum, as they will be dealt with accord-
ing to law.
Dec. 24. Joshua Linthicum.
3w*.
Valuable Lands for Sale.
Will be sold, to the highest bidder, (on the pre-
mises of the late Doctor John Gasaway, of
Rhode River, in Anne-Arundel county) on the
fourth Monday in December next, on a credit
of one, two and three years, with interest on
the purchase money from the day of sale,
THAT MOST VALUABLE FARM
On which the Doctor resided, containing about
four hundred and ninety-three acres; the situation
is high and healthy, and commands a beautiful
prospect of the Chesapeake Bay. The improve-
ments on the said farm are, a comfortable dwell-
ing House, Quarter, Tobacco Houses and Barn.
Also, on the same day, will be sold, his Lower
Farm, distant about two miles from the place he
resided, called Cotter's Desire, containing about
two hundred and forty-one acres. Both farms are
well wooded, and convenient to the water, and ab-
ounds in wild fowl, fish and oysters. It is un-
necessary to go into a detail of the value of the a-
bove property, as those who are inclined to pur-
chase will take a view of the premises previous to
the day of sale. The lands will be shown by Mr.
Thomas & Mr. Carnes, who are now living on the
property. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock on
said day, if fair, if not, the next fair day there-
after.
Alexander Stuart.
Sarah C. White.
November 12.
N. B. On the first of January, 1813, will also
be sold to the highest bidder, at Mr. Williams
Brewer's Tavern, in the city of Annapolis, the
SLAVES of the late John Gasaway, and
twenty-one hogsheads of TOBACCO, for cash.
Such persons as shall satisfy the subscriber that
they have just demands against the estate, will
receive a credit to the amount of their claims for
any purchases they may make at said sale.
Alexander Stuart.

20,000 Dollars—Cash
Now afloat in the Potomack and Shenandoah Navigation Lottery, second class.

1 prize of	\$ 5,000
1 do.	2,000
1 do.	1,000
7 do.	500
12 do.	100

Besides the following Stationary Prizes:

1 prize of	\$ 15,000
1 do.	10,000
1 do.	5,000
1 do.	2,000
8 do.	1,000
8 do.	500
10 do. of 100 Tickets each in this class.	

Besides a vast number of small prizes, and not near 1 1-2 blanks to a prize.
Present price of tickets \$ 9.

TICKETS & SHARES
Sold by **JOSEPH MILLIGAN,**
Book-seller, George-town.
Who sold a great part of the Capital Prizes in the first class.

All orders for tickets particularly attended to. Prize Tickets in this and other Lotteries taken in payment for tickets—All lottery information gratis.
December 10, 1812.

B. CURRAN,
Has received a good supply of Cloths, Coatings, Casimeres, Flannels, Blankets, Stuffs, Irish Linens, and various other Articles in the

Dry Good Line,
which he will sell low for Cash, and as usual to his Punctual Customers.
October 8.

Augustus Uz,
Respectfully informs the Citizens of Annapolis, that at the earnest solicitations of some of the most respectable inhabitants he has made arrangements, and is now enabled, to devote his leisure hours to their benefit and gratification, with his new and elegant mode of

Colouring and Ornamenting Walls,
either in imitation of paper hangings, or otherwise. This so eminently useful invention is too generally known throughout the Union to need any further illustration. Directions, in writing, left at Mr. Jarvis's, on Hill Point, or at Mr. Isaac Parker's Tavern, (where a rough specimen of the work may be seen,) will be strictly attended to, and all necessary information respecting expenses and durability given.
October 8.

EXCHANGE OF OLD SIX PER CENT AND DEFERRED STOCKS.
Pursuant to the act of Congress, entitled, "An act authorising a subscription for the old six per cent and deferred stocks, and providing for the exchange of the same," passed on the 6th day of July, 1812, books will be opened on the first day of October next, at the Treasury, and at the several loan offices, and will continue open till the 17th day of March next, for receiving subscriptions of the old six per cent and deferred stocks, in the manner prescribed by the said act. New certificates, bearing interest from the first day of the quarter in which the subscription shall be made, at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable quarterly, for the unredeemed amount of principal of the old six per cent and deferred stocks which may be subscribed, will be issued at the Treasury or at the Loan Offices respectively where the old stock subscribed may at the time stand credited. The new stock will be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States at any time after the 31st day of December, 1824; but no reimbursement will be made except for the whole amount of the stock standing at the time, to the credit of any proprietor, on the books of the Treasury or of the commissioners of loans respectively, nor till after at least six months previous public notice of such intended reimbursement.

Albert Gallatin.
Treasury Department, Sept. 10, 1812.
Anne-Arundel County Court, September Term, 1812.

On application to the judges of the said county court, by petition in writing of **Samuel Hopkins**, of said county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November Session, eighteen hundred and five, on the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said act, being annexed to his petition; and the said county court being satisfied by competent testimony, that the said Samuel Hopkins has resided the two preceding years prior to the passage of the said act within the State of Maryland, and the said Samuel Hopkins, at the time of presenting his petition as aforesaid, having produced to the said court the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of filing his said petition, it is therefore adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said Samuel Hopkins, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette, once a week for three successive months, before the third Monday of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, to be held at the City of Annapolis, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the said third Monday of April, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said Samuel Hopkins then and there taking the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property.

Test. **J. J. Green, clk.**
October 1.

NOTICE.
A liberal price will be given for A SUBSTITUTE.
For further particulars inquire of the Printer.
Harbor of Annapolis,
December 7th, 1812.

GIDEON WHITE,
Has received an Extensive Assortment of Goods, amongst which are,
EXTRA SUPERFINE
American Broad Cloths,
From Shepherd & Co. Manufactory, Massachusetts, equal if not superior to any imported Cloths.

ALSO
London Superfine and Second Cloths, Casimeres, Bedford Cord, Fashionable Stockinet, Fashionable Vestings, &c. &c. All which he will sell low.
November 5.

Livery Stables.
THE subscriber having his Stables in good order for the reception of Horses respectfully solicits the favors of the Public. The utmost attention will be paid to horses entrusted to his care.
NEHEMIAH HOLLAND.
N. B. He is likewise prepared to carry expresses to any part of the state at the shortest notice, with despatch.

By the Committee of Claims.
The Committee of Claims will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.
By order,
BENJAMIN GRAY, Clk.
November 5.

By the Committee of Grievances & Courts of Justice.
The Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.
By order,
LOUIS GASSAWAY, Clk.
November 5.

Public Sale.
Pursuant to an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on Friday 8th day of January next, at his house, for ready cash,
A Negro Woman and five children, consisting of three Boys and two Girls, with some other articles too tedious to mention, the property of Robert Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, for the payment of all just claims against said estate, and the balance if any, to be equally divided among his legal representatives according to law.
By order,
David Stewart, Adm'r.
November 26.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Calvert County Court, or some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.
RICHARD KENT.
Nov. 3, 1812.

Anne-Arundel County, sc.
On application to me the subscriber, in the recess of Anne-Arundel county court, as an associate judge for the third judicial district of Maryland, by petition, in writing, of **Danzy Brown**, of said county, praying for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in said act, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and having satisfied me that he has resided in the state of Maryland for two years immediately preceding the time of his application, having also stated in his petition that he is in confinement for debt, and having prayed to be discharged from his confinement on the terms prescribed in said act; I do hereby order and adjudge, that the person of the said Danzy Brown be discharged, and by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Maryland Gazette for three months successively before the first Monday of April next, to give notice to his creditors to appear before the county court of said county, on the third Monday of April next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Danzy Brown should not have the benefit of the said act as prayed for. Given under my hand this 21st day of November, 1812.
Richard H. Hartwood.

Land for Sale.
I will sell the plantation on which I now reside, containing about six hundred and sixty acres of valuable land, adapted to farming, in a healthy situation. There is the greatest plenty of wood, such as oak, chestnut, walnut and poplar; it is well watered; a plenty of meadow, and about four acres in clover. This land lies within two miles of Herring Creek Church, five miles from Pig Point, and about the same distance from Herring Bay. It will be divided to suit purchasers, if desired. For terms apply to the subscriber.
Samuel Harrison.

NOTICE.
That the Levy Court of Anne-Arundel county will meet on the eighteenth of January next, in the City of Annapolis, to adjust and settle the accounts of the Inspectors of Tobacco and Supervisors of the public roads, and to lay and proportion the Levy for the said county. By order
Wm. S. Green, Clk. L. C. A. A. C.
Dec. 19.

By his Excellency **LEVIN WINDER,**
Esquire, Governor of Maryland,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Maryland did, by an act passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to reduce into one the several acts of assembly respecting elections, and to regulate said elections," direct, that the governor and council, after having received the returns of the elections for electors to chuse the President and Vice-President of the United States, should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes for each and every candidate and person so as aforesaid voted for as an elector respectively, and shall thereupon declare by proclamation, signed by the governor, and without delay disperse through the state the name of the person or persons duly elected as elector in each respective district: We, in pursuance of the directions of the said act, do by this our proclamation declare, that by the returns made to us, it appears that Henry H. Chapman, Esquire, was elected an elector for the first district; Edward H. Calvert, Esquire, was elected an elector for the second district; Edward Johnson and John Stephen, Esquires, were elected electors for the third district; Henry Williams and Daniel Rentch, Esquires, were elected electors for the fourth district; Tobias E. Stansbury, Esquire, was elected an elector for the fifth district; Thomas W. Veazy, Esquire, was elected an elector for the sixth district; Thomas Worrell, Esquire, was elected an elector for the seventh district; Edward Lloyd, Esquire, was elected an elector for the eighth district; and Littleton Dennis, Esquire, was elected an elector for the ninth district.
Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the great seal of the state of Maryland, in the twenty-fourth day of November, in the year (SEAS) of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and of the independence of the United States of America the thirty-seventh.

By the Governor,
Ninian Pinkney, Clk.
Ordered, That the foregoing proclamation be published twice in each week for the space of three weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; The Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore; The People's Monitor, Easton; The Federal Republican, George-town; Melshimer's German paper and Frederick-Town Herald, Frederick-town; Hager's-Town Gazette and Maryland Herald, Hager's-Town.
By order,
Ninian Pinkney, Clk.
of the Council.
November 26.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY
ROBERT BOWIE, ESQUIRE
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.
A PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS the General Assembly of Maryland did by an act passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to reduce into one the several acts of Assembly respecting elections, and to regulate said elections," direct that the governor and council after having received the returns of elections of the members to represent the state in the Congress of the U. S. should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes given for each and every person voted for as a member for Congress aforesaid respectively, and shall thereupon declare, by proclamation, signed by the Governor, the name of the person or persons duly elected in each respective district. We in pursuance of the directions of the said act, do by this our proclamation, declare that by the returns made to us, it appears that Philip Stewart, Esq. was elected for the first district; Joseph Kent, Esq. was elected for the second district; Alexander Contee Hanson, Esq. was elected for the third district; Samuel Ringgold, Esq. was elected for the fourth district; Alexander McKim, and Nicholas Ruxton Moore, Esqs. were elected for the fifth district; Stevenson Archer, Esq. was elected for the sixth district; Robert Wright, Esq. was elected for the seventh district, and Charles Goldsborough, Esq. was elected for the eighth district.
Given in Council, at the city of Annapolis, under the great seal of the State of Maryland, this twenty third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the thirty-seventh.

By the Governor,
Ninian Pinkney,
Clerk of the Council.
ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published twice in each week, for the space of four weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Maryland Republican, of Annapolis; in the Whig, Sun, American and Federal Gazette, of Baltimore, in the National Intelligencer, at Washington; in Bartgis's paper at Frederick-town; in the Maryland Herald, at Hagers-town; and in the Star at Easton.
By Order,
Ninian Pinkney,
Clerk of the Council.
November 12.

Seasonable Goods.
G. MUNROE
Has just received, a general assortment of
Dry Goods & Groceries,
Ironmongery and Stationary, which will be disposed of on accommodating terms.
ALSO,
Loaf & Lump Sugar
At the Factory prices.
October 15.

Take Notice.
THE subscriber being desirous of settling up the estate of John Jacobs, senior, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, he therefore requests the creditors of said deceased, to attend at the orphans court, on Tuesday the fifth day of January, 1813, in order to receive their distribution of the assets now in hand.
Thomas Woodfield,
(Administrator de bonis non.
December 17, 1812.

THE CHRONICLE,
ON,
AN ANNUAL REVIEW OF HISTORY, POLITICS AND LITERATURE.
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.
By JOHN E. HALL, late of Baltimore, assisted by several men of letters.
This work will be devoted to the following subjects: 1. An Annual History of Europe—2. A Congressional History of the United States, with occasional notices of important proceedings in the State Legislature—3. Public Documents—4. A Register of Remarkable Occurrences—5. Biographical Sketches of persons distinguished at the Bar or in the Pulpit, in the Closet or the Field—6. Proceedings of learned Societies, at home and abroad—7. An Annual History of Literature, foreign and domestic—8. Essays on Miscellaneous Topics and Poetical Effusions—9. Statistical Reports.
Price six dollars per annum—To be published in four quarterly numbers.
Subscriptions received by Geo. Shaw & Co.

I WISH TO SELL,
2 or 3 likely young negro women,
Two of them have each a male child. They will be sold low, to persons in the state, for cash. Apply to
Joseph G. Harrison,
Near Friendship, A. A. county.
December 3.

State of Maryland, sc.
On application, by petition, of Joseph G. Harrison, administrator of Jeremiah C. Simmons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for the creditors to bring in their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette.
John Gassaway, Reg. Wills
for A. A. county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Jeremiah C. Simmons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the third day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 24th day of November, 1812.
Joseph G. Harrison, Adm'r.

NOTICE.
The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, or some one of the Judges thereof, in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.
WILLIAM JAMES.
Nov. 10, 1812.

NOTICE.
The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, or some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.
John O'Hara.
December 3.

For Sale
A Negro Woman, aged 32, with four Children, three girls and a boy, the eldest daughter nine years of age, the second four, the boy's age seven. Enquire at the Gazette Office.
October 29.

To the Voters
Of Anne-Arundel County and the City of Annapolis.
GENTLEMEN, Having become a Candidate for the Office of Sheriff at the next Electoral period, have thought proper to give this early notice of my intention to do so. On this occasion I earnestly solicit the support of my fellow-citizens: Should my efforts be crowned with success, it would be the object of my care to discharge the duties that would devolve on me with justice and humanity.
REZIN SPURRIER.
Annapolis, October 3, 1812.

Wanted
TO HIRE, BY THE YEAR,
A NEGRO WOMAN,
who understands House Work, for which a liberal price will be given. Enquire at this Office.
Sept. 17.

NOTICE.
I will Rent, or Sell, my FARM, South River Church. For terms apply to Nicholas Brewer, of the City of Annapolis.
FRANCES YATES.
November 12.

(LXIXth YEAR.)
MARYLAND
Baltimore
To the annexed Report and Courts of Justice legates to inquire into and Riots in the City the good people of the State disclose a series of facts hitherto been a strain
It is not our purpose to detailed in this Report faction sleep! Indeed mittee, as well for the with which they have as for the temperate bodied the incidents admonition both to the the Law. A prevailing populous City boasting Republican Institution the lives and property tutional privilege in Press, the most efficient Such was the imbecility, and such the infessing patriots who the rights of their resistance was opposed barbarity. This is a rit most fatal to the ing parties alternate! discomfiture of each unhappy contest is a Faction subsiding into this be the Fate of of Maryland you would avoid the fate ent and of modern times that fierce and intoler vultured your state to busly support the Fr maintaining inviolat your Country.
Mr. Dorsey, Chairman, vered the following
THE Committee Justice, to whom the of Delegates, of November hundred and twelve, the Committee of Grievances and they are here the late Riots and M and the causes thereof whether there has been neglect of duty on the Library Officers of the is in the Law, in either case may
Beg leave to Report
ance with the Order under the exercise of the Committee of Grievances into the record agitated the city of reputation of our State Republics, "the cause the civil and military They find, from the t mittee, and which accu city of Baltimore has ed as the ardent advocate general government the Nation is now en
That the Federal R Hanson and Wagner right of reviewing t binet, arraigned, in and policy of the s nation into hostilitie right produced a gen that establishment; guished advocates or forgetful of the s sacred protection w required from their to the sovereignty c nunciations against late the horrible im of strictures upon would, after a decla ceive the summary
The fitness and cor calculated by the in presses, having an that description of p pelled to excesses, a That under the i by the above impro characters; and pub pers, committees w character, (only on your committee,) having for its undi the Office of the Fe vascence of the pub

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

(LXIXth YEAR.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1812.

No. 3442]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Baltimore Riots!

To the annexed Report of the Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice, appointed by the House of Delegates to inquire into the causes of the recent Mobs and Riots in the City of Baltimore, the attention of the good people of Maryland is earnestly invited. It discloses a series of violations of Law, Order, and every safe-guard of society, to which our Country has hitherto been a stranger.

It is not our purpose to dwell upon any of the atrocities detailed in this Report—may the angry passions of faction sleep! Indeed, much credit is due to the committee, as well for the ability, patience and assiduity, with which they have prosecuted this investigation, as for the temperate language in which they have embodied the incidents it discloses—It affords an awful admonition both to the People and to the Ministers of the Law. A prevailing Faction, in the bosom of a populous City boasting an exclusive attachment to our Republican Institutions, assailed, with lawless violence, the lives and property of Citizens exercising a constitutional privilege in defence of the Freedom of the Press, the most efficient bulwark of the Rights of Man. Such was the imbecility of the officers, civil and military, and such the implacable fury of the highly professing patriots who triumphed in the prostration of the rights of their fellow-citizens, that no effectual resistance was opposed to their turbulence, cruelty and barbarity. This is a picture of Democracy in the spirit most fatal to the existence of Republics—Contenting parties alternately wield it for the annoyance and discomfiture of each other—With various success the unhappy contest is supported, until the Tempests of Faction subside into the Calm of Despotism. Shall this be the Fate of the American Republic? People of Maryland you will decide for yourselves. If you would avoid the fate of the free governments of ancient and of modern times, you will forever frown upon that fierce and intolerant Democracy which has convulsed your state to its extremities. You will strenuously support the Freedom of the Press, and unite in maintaining inviolate the Laws and Constitution of your Country.

Mr. Dorsey, Chairman of the Committee, delivered the following Report:

THE Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice, to whom the following Order of the House of Delegates, of November the eighteenth, eighteen hundred and twelve, was referred—"Ordered, That the Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice be and they are hereby instructed, to inquire into the late Riots and Mobs in the City of Baltimore, and the causes thereof, with a view to ascertain whether there has been any culpable inactivity or neglect of duty on the part of any of the Civil or Military Officers of the state, or whether the defect is in the Law, in order that the proper remedy in either case may be applied."

Beg leave to Report, in Part—That in compliance with the Order of the House of Delegates, and under the exercise of a general power with which the Committee of Grievances are invested, they have inquired into the recent disturbances which have so agitated the city of Baltimore, and depressed the reputation of our state in the eyes of our sister Republics, "the causes thereof, and the conduct of the civil and military officers in relation thereto." They find, from the testimony collected by your committee, and which accompanies this Report, that the city of Baltimore has for a long time been considered as the ardent advocate of every measure of the general government leading to the War in which the Nation is now engaged.

That the Federal Republican, edited by Messieurs Hanson and Wagner, exercising a constitutional right of reviewing the measures of the national cabinet, arraigned, in glowing colours, the integrity and policy of the system which was to plunge the nation into hostilities: That the exercise of this right produced a general spirit of intolerance against that establishment; and that leading and distinguished advocates of the administration, were so far forgetful of the spirit of our constitution, of the sacred protection which the freedom of the press required from their hands, and of their obedience to the sovereignty of the law, as to indulge in denunciations against the establishment, and to circulate the horrible impression, that the same course of strictures upon the measures of the cabinet, would, after a declaration of war, merit and receive the summary application of popular vengeance. The fitness and correctness of this doctrine were inculcated by the instrumentality of the democratic presses, having an extensive circulation amongst that description of persons the most likely to be impelled to excesses, and the fit instruments of outrage—That under the influence of the feelings excited by the above improper expressions of distinguished characters, and publications in the democratic papers, committees were organized by men of daring character, (only one of whom has been named to your committee,) to obtain subscribers to a plan, having for its undisguised object, the demolition of the Office of the Federal Republican. In this effluence of the public feeling, and state of prepara-

tion, the Congress of the United States declared war on the eighteenth of June. The editorial remarks in the Federal Republican on the ensuing day, reprobated the motives and expediency of the measure: The ministerial papers replied to those remarks in a style of bitterness and acerbity, well calculated to direct and secure the consummation of the promised threat of revenge. On Sunday rumours were afloat, and a belief entertained, that public meetings at Pamphelion's Hotel, The Apollo, and Stewart's Gardens, had determined to silence the press. On Monday the paper appeared without remarks on the attitude which the Congress had assumed; but still, well grounded apprehensions were entertained by Mr. Wagner, that his establishment and person were both endangered, and he took the precautionary measure of removing his book of accounts from the office. In the evening the plan of lawless outrage was commenced by a parcel of boys and a few men. The assemblage quickly augmented, bringing with them fire-locks, and every apparatus requisite for the destruction of the building. The operations of the Mob were conducted with a regularity and subordination inducing a belief that the whole was the result of a digested system of operations, and terminated in a loss to the proprietors of three or four thousand dollars.

In this work of destruction a Frenchman was the most conspicuous and vociferous against the establishment, upon account of the general tone of its politics. A portion of the rioters, under a belief that Mr. Wagner was concealed in the old office of discount and deposit, attempted to enter the same; from this they were diverted by the zeal of two democratic gentlemen, who gave them assurances that Mr. Wagner was not there. The destruction of the house cost much labour and time; during which many stood by, and contributed nothing to the protection of the rights guaranteed to the citizens by our form of government. From the force of this remark, your committee with pleasure except the names of Edward Johnson, the mayor of the city, and Judge Scott, who used every persuasive suggestion to divert the mob from their outrages; but who omitted to attempt a resort to the protection created by the vigilance of the legislature, in procuring a requisition for a military force, when they saw the civil authority inadequate to the security of Mr. Wagner and his property. From the office of discount and deposit a part of the mob proceeded to the house of Mrs. Wagner's father; and a committee, appointed by themselves, searched every apartment of the house; there an Irishman was the most noted for his savage threats. They next visited Mr. Wagner's own house, and used every stratagem which rage suggested, to hunt out the contemplated victim of their revenge. No efficient measures being adopted the ensuing morning by the constituted authorities of the city, to arrest the rioters, and to cause them to enter into the customary recognition to keep the peace, they were emboldened, and sought for new victims; they collected in the evening, with a force almost incredible, at the house of one Hutchens, charged by them with using expressions derogatory to the character of General Washington. They demanded him, with expressions of rage evidencing a determination to sacrifice him—The mayor had prevailed on him to escape. To prevent any violence to his house, and to cause the rioters to disperse, it was suggested that the mayor and George E. Mitchell, Esquire, late a member of the executive council, should enter the house and search it; this they did amidst the cries of Hutchens's children, and reported to the mob that he was not to be found—They then dispersed, with promises of future vengeance against him, and those who either should rally for his protection or for the preservation of the peace of the city. To the shipping, regularly cleared out according to the laws of the United States to unprohibited ports, and bearing the products of our soil, they turned their attention; and in their strength, by dismantling the vessels, they prohibited to the merchant the pursuit of wealth in the channels sanctioned by the government of his country. In the wantonness of their cruelty, the unfortunate blacks attracted their attention; and Briscoe, a free negro, charged with the expressions of affection for the British, was to be explored the sacrifice of his houses, (amounting to about eight hundred dollars,) by their unfeeling agency. An African Church, erected by the piety of the well disposed for the improvement and amelioration of the blacks, became to them an object of jealousy; and rumours of a combination for its destruction, at length aroused the municipality of the city from its lethargy, and a patrol of horse, by overawing the turbulent, gave to this unhappy place the appearance of quiet.

Your committee have omitted to present to your consideration a variety of incidents, where private revenge sought its gratification under the imposing garb of zeal against the reputed enemies of their country; and where those citizens who have sought an asylum here from the oppressions of their own governments, attempted to gratify their embittered passions by proscriptions of each other, the alleged causes of which existed before their emigration. To this source may be traced those convulsi-

ons of the city, where the United Irishmen and Orange-Men were the most prominent. During this prostration of the civil authority, Mr. Wagner sought an establishment in the District of Columbia, where the Federal Republican was revived. Mr. Hanson, impelled by considerations of duty to his country, and believing that a decisive stand ought to be taken for the preservation of the freedom of the press, resolved on its re-establishment in the city of Baltimore. A right secured to him by the first principle and express language of our compact. Woful experience had taught him to believe, that the same spirit of intolerance which led to its first annihilation, would again manifest itself, by an attempt to prevent its re-establishment; and confidently expecting that a resistance on the first onset would lead either to the dispersion of the mob, or the interposition of the civil authority, and thus cause a recognition of his right to locate his establishment there; he organized, by the aid of his personal friends in Montgomery, a force for, and a plan of, defence, but not of aggression. In execution of this design he came to Baltimore on Sunday the twenty-sixth of July—his friends arrived on the same day; their arrival was known but to few. The means of defence and resistance, had been previously prepared and deposited in the house, with a secrecy and caution, defying a suspicion of the object; and on Monday morning the Federal Republican was circulated amongst the subscribers, purporting to be printed at No. 45, Charles-street. This paper contained spirited strictures upon the lawless temper of the city, and the indisposition of the civil or military officers to discharge the respective duties of their office; and upon the executive of Maryland. It does not appear to your committee, that the state of preparation in which Mr. Hanson and his friends were, was known to the citizens generally, or that any acts were done by them, either calculated to excite irritation or apprehension of aggression in the minds of the citizens—Their course of conduct during the whole day evidenced a determination to adhere to the original design, of avoiding all ostentation of preparation, and to act entirely on the defensive. During the day, information was communicated to those in the house, that an attack would be made; every precaution which prudence and humanity suggested was adopted, to prevent any occurrence which might attract the attention of the mob. About early candle light, the wicked and daring attempt to expel a citizen from his residence, or to involve in one common ruin himself and his property, was commenced, and continued, notwithstanding frequent and reiterated solicitations by the persons in the house to the mob, to desist and retire; and not until the windows were shattered, was even a fire of intimidation permitted from the house. At this, the mob dispersed; but shortly returned with a drum, and fire arms, and with an increased violence attacking the house most furiously in the front and rear. But the same spirit of forbearance animated its defenders, till the door was burst open, when a discharge of musquetry wounded some of the assailants. Judge Scott hurried to this scene of uproar, and, with Mr. Abell, used every persuasive argument to induce the mob to desist, but with no success; his language and authority were alike treated with contempt. Every exertion which men divested of reason, and inflamed by passion could make, was made to destroy the defenders of the house—To execute this savage design, the door was again burst open, and a man by the name of Gales, the chief of the mob, shot dead as he entered. A field piece was procured by the mob, and elevated at the house.

While this bloody scene was acting before the house of Mr. Hanson, many well disposed citizens, alarmed for the peace of the city, and anxious for the preservation of the persons in the house, gathered at Brigadier-General Stricker's; who, irritated by Mr. Hanson's return to the city, which might be the innocent cause of a requisition being made upon him by the civil authority, which would necessarily be attended with a responsibility, received some of the applications which were made to him, for the interposition of a military force, in a style well adapted to excite irritation; but still consented to obey any call which the magistracy should deem it expedient to make on him. But such was the intolerant spirit of the magistracy against that establishment, or such was their anxiety to avoid any responsibility for their official duties, that great difficulty, and much delay, occurred in procuring two magistrates sufficiently devoted to the public good, and their oath of office, to sign the requisition. Major Barney, of the cavalry, before this, had received an order to repair to his general, which he obeyed with alacrity, and received from him a copy of the orders herewith submitted. Major Barney, with about thirty horsemen under his command, moved down between 1 and 3 o'clock to the house. The mob, apprehensive of an efficient resistance, were alarmed, and at his approach generally retired. But his conduct soon dispelled their fears, and gave rise to a belief among them that he was either unwilling, or incompetent, to enforce their dispersion. Thus all apprehensions of the military or civil interposition being banished, the timid were emboldened,

and the daring unchecked by any suggestions of a future accountability.

The mayor, the attorney-general, general Stricker, and some citizens distinguished by their political consequence, became the negotiators between the gentlemen in the house and their vindictive assailants. This negotiation terminated in an arrangement, that Mr. Hanson, and his friends, should be conducted to the gaol as a place of security, under a solemn pledge, that every possible exertion should be made for their protection, and the security of their property.

A military escort was prepared, and a guard of unarmed citizens. A hollow square was formed, within which Mr. Hanson and his friends, accompanied by those who had promised them protection, and some other citizens of the greatest political weight, entered; and thus attended by hundreds crying for vengeance, and pressing on for their destruction, they reached the gaol. During this agonizing march, when the ferocity of the mob excited a general belief among those who had confided themselves to the civil power that their destruction would ensue before they should be put into the promised place of protection, frequent attempts were made to massacre them, by the throwing of stones, notwithstanding it endangered the lives of the political favorites of the mob.

Some of those who had been in the house at the commencement of the attack, attempted by various modes to insure a retreat—Some were arrested in their flight by the mob; and the savage temper of this "many headed monster" displayed itself in the cold and deliberate manner in which it planned the execution of its captives.

Revolutionary France furnished the lawless precedent of exhibiting upon the lamp post, by the irresponsible fiat of the populace, those who were supposed wanting in duty to the republic. A native of our country was seized on, and an attempt made to imitate the example set by the blood-thirsty Parisians. From the completion of this sanguinary deed they were prevented by a stratagem suggested by democratic gentlemen, inducing a procrastination until an appointed hour, when they repaired to the place of confinement, to drag forth their victim, before then removed by the interposition and zeal of his friends.

After Mr. Hanson and his friends were placed in gaol, a general apprehension was entertained that the mob would, on the ensuing night, endeavour to force their prison, and glut their vengeance on the unarmed prisoners. The whole city was in a state of commotion; the criminal court was closed, and the anxious and inquiring countenances of the citizens denoted an apprehension of an approaching tragedy, in which all the barbarities which ferocious men, unchecked by the wholesome restraints of the law perform, would be exhibited. The prison was surrounded by groups of an infuriated mob, eternally demanding vengeance.

The weight of character, the necessary concomitant of wealth and political standing in society, was not generally brought into action to allay the excited feelings of the city; but, on the other hand, a belief was impressed that Mr. Hanson and his immediate political friends, were enemies to the country; that his visit to Baltimore was the consequence of an arrangement to insult and dragoon the citizens; that they were murderers; that they would avail themselves of a constitutional right to change the venue to an adjoining county, and thus escape the punishment due to their crimes—The Whig gave extensive circulation to these strictures. The general spirit of intolerance against the establishment, united with the occurrences of the day, and these excitements, produced an apathy among the well disposed, and gave an increased activity to the turbulent and vindictive.

The mayor and brigadier visited those confined in gaol, refused them arms for defence, and gave them solemn assurances that a guard would be stationed in and around the gaol, and that whatever power the civil or military could wield, should be given for their protection. Other citizens repaired to Judge Scott's, and required that the military should be ordered out; and after a considerable delay the requisition to brigadier-general Stricker was procured, who issued to col. Sterett, commanding the fifth regiment, to major Barney, of the cavalry, to colonel Harris, of the artillery, the respective orders accompanying this report. It appears to your committee that whatever may be the construction of the orders given to colonel Sterett, general Stricker verbally forbid him to deliver out to the men under his command ball cartridges. Of colonel Sterett's regiment thus ordered out, but thirty or forty obeyed the call of their commander; this defection, in the opinion of your committee, may be traced to the united causes of indisposition to protect the persons in the gaol, an apprehension of immediate danger, of future proscription, and to the inefficient preparation under which they were ordered to march—of the cavalry but a few attended.

During these operations in Gay-street, it was known to those ferocious monsters who panted at the gaol for the blood of their unarmed fellow-citizens, that the military were ordered to disperse, and to effect that, gave them a solemn pledge that neither Mr. Hanson nor his friends should be bailed. These assurances, united with apprehensions of a formidable resistance from the military, produced from some a reluctant promise that the gaol should not be attempted—Some of the most daring had

left the gaol, and repaired to see the operations of the force convening to arrest the completion of their horrid designs. At this unfortunate moment, an interchange of opinion took place between general Stricker and others, which resulted in a belief that the interposition of the military would not be requisite, and that if any should be required, the force collected would be insufficient; orders were given to dismiss the military—it was the signal of destruction. The mob collected with a savage impetuosity, and heedless of the feeble opposition formed by the intreaties of the mayor, they attacked the sanctuary of the prisoners—The outer door was opened by treachery; the inner doors yielded to their rage and force; they entered the room of the gentlemen; there a scene of horror and murder ensued, which for its barbarity has no parallel in the history of the American people, and no equal but in the massacres of Paris. The good, the venerable, the gallant General Langan, whose early life was distinguished by his active and manly exertions to rescue this country from the controul of a British parliament; who was honoured by the confidence of the immortal saviour of the nation, and who practised every christian virtue, was here overpowered by these sons of murder, and became the victim of their merciless ferocity. Seven or eight of the gentlemen were thrown in a heap, under an impression, entertained by these assassins, that they were dead. Some effected their escape by stratagem, or by the interposition of some protecting friend. One was detained as a subject for the trial of every refinement of torture which their fiend-like invention suggested. The humanity of certain medical gentlemen was exerted, and by their interposition, under Divine Providence, those supposed to be dead were restored to life and society. On the ensuing day a general terror prevailed throughout the city.

Your committee further find, that no attention was paid to the preservation of the house and property thus abandoned, but that a few men were suffered, during the day, to be actively engaged in doing every possible injury to the same. Federalists, deeming themselves insecure from a conviction, arising from past occurrences, that the civil power was too feeble for their protection, and that the military were unwilling to rally around the judiciary when the object was either the security of their persons or property, fled in every direction—No exertions were made to arrest the disturbers, and they assumed to themselves the sovereign power of controuling the government of the United States, by regulating the concerns of the post-office. They assembled with a view to the demolition of the office, in order to collect and destroy the papers of the Federal Republican, transmitted by mail to subscribers in the city. The activity of Mr. Bural, of the post-office, discovered the combination, and with promptitude communicated to the mayor and brigadier-general the grounds of his belief. They became at last convinced of the fact, which the experience of all countries had proved, that the mobs of populous cities can only be restrained and overawed by the application of an efficient force—And the general, without any written requisition, but upon assurances that any should be given thereafter which the result of his opposition might require, ordered out the whole of his brigade, at the head of which he appeared, as became a military chief. A distribution of ball took place, and every preparation was made, evidencing a determination to disperse the tumultuous. But even here, surrounded with the military, the civil power did not abandon the same wretched system of concession and conciliation; for it appears to your committee, that upon the manifestation of a spirit of insubordination among some of the military, the mayor proposed to the post master to deliver up the Federal Republican papers, to be carried to the dwelling of the mayor, with a solemn assurance to the mob, that they should be returned in the morning by the mail to Washington. The post-master stated the embarrassments arising from the nature of his official duties; and upon a consultation at the residence of Mr. Bural, the proposition was abandoned, and a resolution adopted to protect the establishment. Before which, the mayor avowed a determined resolution to protect the office, but at the same time to allay the irritation of a portion of the militia, who complained of their being called out for the protection of the Federal Republican, he stated, "You are not assembled to protect the paper; you are marched here to protect the property of the United States, and to support the laws. If you will, draw my sword, and head my fellows, to put down that establishment." An order from the colonel, and the voluntary charge by one of the horse, dispersed the rioters. For many successive nights a military guard was stationed; a determination was manifested that the peace of the city should be preserved, and it produced the effect—The grand jury, in its regular course, investigated the subject, and presented some of those engaged in the murder and riots. They were arrested and committed to prison; threats of rescue were made; a military force was stationed during the night at the prison, and artillery planted in the hall of the gaol. These operations were attended with an uniform result, establishing incontrovertibly, that the course of forbearance and concession selected by those charged with the preservation of the peace of the city, was productive of no other effect than to embolden the wicked: The trials took place—The first of them exhibited a temper in the jury, utterly inconsistent with the object of criminal jurisprudence, the pu-

nishment of the guilty; the attorney-general of Maryland frequently declared his belief that no conviction against the offenders could be had; and still omitted to enter a suggestion on the record that the state could not have a fair trial, and to pray that the records might be transmitted to another county. An universal acquittal of the most blood-thirsty ensued; and the melancholy apprehension is now entertained, that the wicked have nothing there to fear from the retributive justice of the state.

Your committee further find, that the ordinary power with which the magistrates are invested for the preservation of the peace of the city, was in no instance, except as stated by your committee, called into action; that the constables are corrupt, and exercise an undue influence over the magistracy, that the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery is conducted in a manner inconsistent with the dignity due to a tribunal invested with such extensive power.

Your committee find, that during the morning of the twenty-eighth of July, John Montgomery, Esquire, did, in order to prevent the firing of the cannon levelled at the house, make use of every exertion, and encountered great danger, and that during these agitations, frequent meetings of the most respectable citizens of both parties were convened by the mayor, in order to concert some plan of operations to insure the peace of the city, and which uniformly resulted only in recommendations to the turbulent to forbear, and recommending a proclamation, to be signed by the magistracy, calling on the peace officers to be vigilant in the preservation of order.

Your committee have presented to your consideration the causes and extent of the late riots—They now will submit to you an expression of their opinion, formed upon a dispassionate examination of the testimony, "as to the conduct of the Civil and Military Officers in relation thereto." It is the opinion of your committee, that during all the agitations which have convulsed the city of Baltimore, Edward Johnson, Esquire, did every thing which could be required of him as a private citizen; but they have to regret, that, as Mayor, charged with the preservation of the quiet of the city, his forbearance, and indisposition to resort to the ordinary powers of coercion, with which he was invested, against the turbulent and wicked, was so distinguished as to encourage a belief that he connived at and approved their excesses. That he was guilty of a most reprehensible indiscretion, when he used to the refractory militia intemperate language against the Federal Republican, the inevitable effect of which was to sanction and excite, by his weight of character, the popular excesses against the same. That when he, at the Post-Office, surrounded with the military and his political friends, submitted a proposition, the object of which was to ensure the triumph of the illegal combinations of the Mob, he evidenced a timidity, and a want of judgment, irresistibly inducing a belief of his unfitness for the station which he filled. That his course of forbearance, united with the wicked inertness of the magistracy, and deplorable corruption of the constables, nurtured and gave maturity to that horrid spirit of licentiousness, which terminated in the tragical and lawless events detailed by your committee.

That General Stricker, aware of the ferocious and blood-thirsty temper of the Mob, who were eternally vociferating "blood for blood," and seeking to satiate their vengeance by the instrumentality of a field-piece levelled at the house, failed to gratify the spirit of the requisition made on him by the civil power, when he issued to Major Barney orders not calculated to ensure the return of order and peace, by enforcing the dispersal of those who were violating both.

That Major Barney erred, when (although tied down by his orders, and evidencing every disposition to prevent the effusion of blood and to allay the violence of the Mob,) instead of preserving a dignified stand, such as became a soldier, he so conducted himself as to banish that awe and apprehension which the presence of an armed cavalry naturally inspires. That his pledge to the Mob, that none of those in the house should escape, was calculated to give all that confirmation which would necessarily result from the expression of his opinion, that the gentlemen in the house were the aggressors, and that the Mob, of course, were justified in their horrid outrages. That General Stricker, knowing as he did, that a portion of his brigade manifested a spirit incompatible with the gratification of any military order, which the requisition on him demanded, and being present, when the sanguinary temper of the rioters evidenced itself, in a force incompat-

* The House of Delegates, yesterday morning, proceeded to dispose of the preceding Report, when Mr. Lecompte, of Dorchester, and a member of the committee of grievances, moved to strike out the words "in lieu of preserving a dignified stand, such as became a soldier, he so conducted himself as"—and to insert "he attempted, by conciliation and persuasion, to induce the Mob to disperse, which had the effect"—The house adopted the amendment. Mr. Lecompte remarked, "as a member of the committee he had sanctioned and assented to the Report, as submitted to the House by the Chairman, but that on reflection he was induced to propose the amendment."

We are authorised to say, that Messrs. Dorsey, Haybleton, Bayly, Lecompte, and Causin, assented to the Report in the form in which it was reported by the Chairman.

ble with the safety of ching to the gaol, and by the interposition force with which they or by the presence friends of the mob, fly to his country where order out a larger gade on the 28th—T of a manifest depa principle of prudence verbal, rendered unan order, given to Colo on any assailants. in the opinion of you its the most decide being utterly inco having a direct tend operative, any appli tary force; nor can the troops on the ev ty-eighth day of Ju opinions were enter signs of the turbule power was lulled into assurances of an effi peration, when the G visers were vibrati sions of danger and when no exertions we the temper of, the di the city, be consid aspect than as the ac seeking to avoid a res awful consequences efficient military re military assembled a fifth regiment, was i purpose of defence. owed it to the sole on, to his pledge to the gaol, to his duty appear in the most i and to invite all, e military pride, by po or by personal confi der his banners. Th military preparation productive of a res humanity, and our pr parent from the occ ed with the operatio fice. The public had that those wretches v pled on the law, and ty, should, by a fair justice, be brought had right to expect of the state would se impartial trial shou committee are ther that John Montgom Attorney-General, v that the sovereignty not, either from cor row, or the influen an event anticipated nus of our governm in the city of Balti both by his duty and to enter a suggestio pray for the removal adjoining county. the opinion of your c from this house a sev

All which is subm By order, L.

ADDITIONAL

The Committee of Courts of Justice, Report—That they E. Stansbury, then ral in the militia of a Delegate to the G Maryland from Bal the twenty-eighth d the Gaol of Baltimo fuse to obey or aid in the preservation of the city—That violent and inflam intended and calcul Mob to break the g Mr. Hanson and hi confided themselves of the law; and to ons of those who la infuriated temper of to divert the assass summation of their That he was present were perpetrated ei or Langan—That he fore and since that opinion and wish t who were defend Charles-street, oug to death, when in Mob; and has also been present, t uted in their destr When your Com the many manifesta which Mr. Stansbur

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order out a larger portion of his bri-
gade on the 28th.—That he was guilty
of a manifest departure from every
principle of prudence, when he, by a
verbal, rendered unavailing a written
order, given to Colonel Sterrett, to fire
on any assailants. This restriction,
in the opinion of your committee, mer-
its the most decided reprobation, as
being utterly inconsistent with, and
having a direct tendency to render in-
operative, any application of a mili-
tary force; nor can the dismissal of
the troops on the evening of the twenty-
eighth day of July, when opposite
opinions were entertained as to the de-
signs of the turbulent, when the civil
power was lulled into a fatal security by
assurances of an efficient military co-
operation, when the General and his ad-
visers were vibrating between apprehen-
sions of danger and belief of security,
when no exertions were made to sound
the temper of the different quarters of
the city, be considered in any other
aspect than as the act of a timid mind,
seeking to avoid a responsibility for the
awful consequences resulting from an
efficient military resistance. If the
military assembled as a portion of the
fifth regiment, was inadequate for the
purpose of defence. General Stricker
owed it to the solemnity of the occasi-
on, to his pledge to the gentlemen in
the gaol, to his duty to his state, to
appear in the most impressive manner,
and to invite all, either attracted by
military pride, by political association,
or by personal confidence, to rally un-
der his banners. That such a course of
military preparation would have been
productive of a result favourable to
humanity, and our pride of state, is ap-
parent from the occurrences connected
with the operations at the post-of-
fice. The public had a right to demand
that those wretches who had thus tram-
pled on the law, and outraged humani-
ty, should, by a fair administration of
justice, be brought to punishment; it
had right to expect that the law officer
of the state would see, that at least an
impartial trial should be had.—Your
committee are therefore of opinion,
that John Montgomery, Esquire, the
Attorney-General, when he believed
that the sovereignty of the law could
not, either from corruption in the ju-
rors, or the influence of public feeling,
an event anticipated from the very ge-
nius of our government, be vindicated
in the city of Baltimore, was bound,
both by his duty and his oath of office,
to enter a suggestion of his belief, and
pray for the removal of the trials to an
adjoining county. This omission, in
the opinion of your committee, demands
from this house a severe animadversion.
All which is submitted.

By order, L. GASSAWAY, Clk.

ADDITIONAL REPORT.

The Committee of Grievances and
Courts of Justice, beg leave further to
Report.—That they find, that Tobias
E. Stansbury, then a Brigadier-Gen-
eral in the militia of this state, and now
a Delegate to the General Assembly of
Maryland from Baltimore County, on
the twenty-eighth day of July last, at
the Gaol of Baltimore County, did re-
fuse to obey or aid the civil authority
in the preservation of the tranquillity
of the city.—That he frequently used
violent and inflammatory expressions,
attended and calculated to excite the
Mob to break the gaol, and to murder
Mr. Hanson and his friends, who had
confided themselves to the protection
of the law; and to depress the exertions
of those who laboured to allay the
inflamed temper of the turbulent; and
to divert the assassins from the con-
summation of their wicked designs.
That he was present when the cruelties
were perpetrated either on General Lee
or Langan.—That he has frequently be-
fore and since that day, expressed his
opinion and wish that those persons,
who were defending the house in
Charles-street, ought to have been put
to death, when in the house, by the
Mob; and has also declared that if he
had been present, that he would have
aided in their destruction.
When your Committee reflect upon
the many manifestations of confidence
which Mr. Stansbury has received from

his immediate constituents, and the
public functionaries of the State;
when they recollect how frequently
and solemnly he has sworn, before the
Supreme Being, to support the Consti-
tution and Laws; when they consider
the high and important command which
he then bore in the service of the State,
and the only object of which was the
indiscriminate and general security of
his fellow-citizens, they cannot but ex-
press their indignant feelings at the
course pursued on that eventful night
by General Stansbury, and their belief,
that the evidence collected by them, is
so strong as to justify a well grounded
opinion, that he consented to, and coun-
tenanced, the completion of the hor-
rible butcheries of that night; and
that the House of Delegates of Ma-
ryland, is bound by every consideration
of justice and expediency, to adopt
every constitutional means with which
it is invested, to bring to a fair and
impartial trial the said Tobias E.
Stansbury, for his conduct, in relation
to the attack on the gaol, and the
murder of General James Langan.
By order, L. GASSAWAY, Clk.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 24.

The bill to increase the Navy of the U.
States, as sent from the Senate, authorizing
the building of four seventy-four gun ships
and six frigates, has passed the House of
Representatives, and wants only the signature
of the President of the United States to become
a law.

MERCHANTS BONDS.

The bill to direct the Secretary of the
Treasury to remit fines, forfeitures and pe-
nalties in certain cases, has also passed the
House of Representatives, but with am-
endments which require the concurrence
of the Senate before it is presented to the Presi-
dent for his approbation.

We are informed that the Powder Mills,
near Bladenburg, were on Monday night, a-
bout one o'clock, set on fire, as it is believed,
by an incendiary. The fire was discovered in
the centre building, and immediately the in-
habitants of the neighborhood left their
houses. In about 15 minutes the house ex-
ploded, containing about four thousand pounds
of powder. From the judicious arrangement
of the establishment, the explosion was not
communicated to other buildings; and already
the operations have been renewed. The
loss is stated not to have exceeded six thou-
sand dollars: although the explosion was so
violent, as to have shattered the glass of
houses, two miles distant, to have raised from
the ground large frame buildings bulging out
their windows and doors; and in one instance
breaking rafters and beams of a house within
an hundred yards.

[Nat. Intel.]

Boston, Dec. 25.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Extract of a letter from Halifax, dated De-
cember 12.

"A ship (the Diligence) has just arrived
32 days from Portsmouth, Eng. failed under
convoy of the Atalanta, of 18 guns. The
London papers are to Nov. 5. She brings a
confirmation of the Declaration of War by
G. Britain against the U. States, which took
place on the 13th of October last—and an
Order from the Prince Regent for the con-
demnation of all American vessels and prop-
erty hitherto detained, or which may here-
after be brought in as prize—with the excep-
tion of the negotiation of Sir J. B. Warren
having been successful; in the event of which
the declaration to be considered null and void.

"The advances of Massena, in Spain, with
a considerable force, have induced Lord Wel-
lington to raise the siege of Burgos, and re-
tire to Madrid.

"A gentleman who was passenger in the
Diligence, says, that it was fully understood
in England, that Buonaparte was on the re-
treat—and strong hopes were entertained that
he might not be able to effect even a retro-
grade movement in good order.

In the interim, a serious insurrection has broken
out in Paris, which some think is a piece
of finesse on the part of the Emperor, to
justify his return there.

"The packet for this place left fr. Fal-
mouth about 4 days before the Diligence left
England.—A signal is now hoisted for a ship
to the eastward, and we have strong hopes
that it may be her.

"The declaration of war on the part of
Great Britain, appears to have given rise to
very little animadversion in England—at least
so far as I have seen; and many people in
that country seem still to entertain a strong
opinion that the war will be of short duration.
Insurance in the merchant vessels from thence
for this port, is still done at 12, to return at
6—which argues their opinion of the risk to
be very small.

"In a previous packet I have sent a copy
of the agreement between Sir J. Warren and
Mr. Mitchell, American agent here, for ex-
change of prisoners. The terms appear to
be liberal and equitable on both sides. Both
parties have ranked privateersmen in the low-
est grade of warfare."

For Sale,

A LIGHT AND FAITHFUL BUILT

Travelling GIG,

With PLATED HARNESS—both equally as
good as new. Inquire of the Printer.

December 31.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of ad-
ministration on the personal estate of Captain
ROBERT DENNY, late of Anne-Arundel county,
deceased, requests all persons having claims against
the estate of the said deceased to present the same,
legally authenticated, for settlement, and all per-
sons indebted to the said estate to make immedi-
ate payment.

Augusta Denny, Adm'r.

December 31.
Anne-Arundel County Court, September
Term, 1812.

ON application to the judges of Anne-Arundel
county court, by petition in writing of JOSEPH P.
PEARCE, of said county, praying the benefit of
the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors,
passed at November Session, eighteen hundred
and five, and the several supplements thereto, upon
the terms mentioned in the said act, and the sup-
plements thereto, a schedule of his property, and
of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can
ascertain them, together with the assent of more
than two thirds of them in value to his obtaining
the benefit of said act, being annexed to his said
petition; and the said court being satisfied by com-
petent testimony, that he has resided in the state
of Maryland for the period of two years immedi-
ately preceding his application, and that he has
given due public notice of his intention to make
it: It is therefore ordered and adjudged that the
said Joseph P. Pearce, by causing a copy of this
order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette, once
a week for three successive months, before the
third Monday of April next, give notice to his
creditors to appear before the said county court,
to be held at the City of Annapolis, on the said
day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee
for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they
have, why the said Joseph P. Pearce shall not
have the benefit of said act and its supplements,
as prayed.

Dec 31, 1812.

Sarah Ann Waters,

Has just received at her shop in Church-
street, Annapolis, a few dozen well
selected Baltimore made Ladies
dress and undress

Shoes and Slippers,

With a few Rand Morocco and Calf ditto.
Of which she will dispose of on the
most reduced Baltimore retail prices.
December 24.

20,000 Dollars—Cash

Now afloat in the Potomack and Shenan-
doah Navigation Lottery, second class.

1 prize of	\$ 20,000
1 do.	5,000
1 do.	2,000
7 do.	1,000
12 do.	500
30 do.	100

Besides the following Stationary Prizes:
1 prize of \$ 15,000
1 do. 10,000
1 do. 5,000
1 do. 2,000
8 do. 1,000
8 do. 500
10 do. of 100 Tickets each in this class.
Besides a vast number of small prizes, and
not near 1 1/2 blanks to a prize.
Present price of tickets \$ 9.

TICKETS & SHARES

Sold by JOSEPH MILLIGAN,
Book-seller, George-town.
Who sold a great part of the Capital Pri-
zes in the first class.
All orders for tickets particularly
attended to. Prize Tickets in this and
other Lotteries taken in payment for tick-
ets. All lottery information gratis.
December 10, 1812.

GIDEON WHITE,

Has received an Extensive Assortment of
Goods, amongst which are,
EXTRA SUPERFINE

American Broad Cloths,

From Shepherd & Co. Manufactory, Mas-
sachusetts, equal if not superior to
any imported Cloths.
ALSO
London Superfine and Second Cloths, Ca-
simeres, Bedford Cord, Fashionable Stock-
ing, Fashionable Vestings, &c. &c. All
which he will sell low.

November 5.

NOTICE.

I will Rent, or Sell, my FARM, near
South River Church. For terms apply
to Nicholas Brewer, of the City of Anna-
polis.
November 12.

FRANCES YATES.

Livery Stables.

THE subscriber having his Stables in
good order for the reception of Horses re-
spectfully solicits the favors of the Public.
The utmost attention will be paid to horses
entrusted to his care.

NEHEMIAH HOLLAND.

N. B. He is likewise prepared to carry
expresses to any part of the state at the
shortest notice, with despatch.
N. H.

State of Maryland, &c.

On application, by petition, of Joseph
G. Harrison, administrator of Jeremiah C. Sim-
mons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is
ordered, that he give the notice required by law,
for the creditors to bring in their claims against
the said deceased, and that the same be published
once in each week for the space of six successive
weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills
for A. A. county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county,
hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-
Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of adminis-
tration on the personal estate of Jeremiah C. Sim-
mons, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All
persons having claims against the said deceased,
are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the
vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before
the third day of March next, they may otherwise
by law be excluded from all benefit of the said es-
tate. Given under my hand this 24th day of No-
vember, 1812.

Joseph G. Harrison, Adm'r.

By the Committee of Claims.

The Committee of Claims will sit every
day, during the present session, from nine
o'clock in the morning until three in the
afternoon.

By order,
BENJAMIN GRAY, Clk.
November 5.

By the Committee of Griev- ances & Courts of Justice.

The Committee of Grievances and
Courts of Justice will sit every day, dur-
ing the present session, from nine o'clock
in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,
LOUIS GASSAWAY, Clk.
November 5.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice, that he in-
tends to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, or
some one of the judges thereof, in the recess of
said court, for the benefit of the act for the relief
of sundry insolvent debtors, passed November
session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto.

John O'Hara.
December 3.

NOTICE.

That the Levy Court of Anne-Arundel county
will meet on the eighteenth of January next, in the
City of Annapolis, to adjust and settle the accounts
of the Inspectors of Tobacco and Supervisors of
the public roads, and to lay and proportion the
Levy for the said county. By order

Wm. S. Green, Clk. L. C. A. A. C.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order from the orphans court of
Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will sell
at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on Friday
8th day of January next, at his house, for
ready cash,

A Negro Woman and five children, consisting
of three Boys and two Girls, with some other ar-
ticles too tedious to mention, the property of Ro-
bert Stewart, late of Anne-Arundel county, de-
ceased, for the payment of all just claims against
said estate, and the balance if any, to be equally
divided among his legal representatives according
to law.

David Stewart, Adm'r.
November 16

Land for Sale.

I will sell the plantation on which I now re-
side, containing about six hundred and sixty
acres of valuable land, adapted to farming, in a
healthy situation: There is the greatest plenty of
wood, such as oak, chestnut, walnut and poplar;
it is well watered; a plenty of meadow, and
about four acres in clover. This land lies within
two miles of Herring Creek Church, five miles
from Pig Point, and about the same distance
from Herring Bay. It will be divided to suit pur-
chasers, if desired. For terms apply to the sub-
scriber.

Samuel Harrison.
Sept. 24, 1812

NOTICE.

ALL persons are forewarned from hunting ei-
ther with dog or gun, or trespassing in any way
whatever, on the lands belonging to John P. Meek-
ins, John Linthicum, and Joshua Linthicum, in
South River Neck, now in the possession of Jo-
shua Linthicum, as they will be dealt with accord-
ing to law.

Joshua Linthicum.
Dec. 24

Take Notice.

THE subscriber being desirous of settling up
the estate of John Jacobs, senior, late of Anne-
Arundel county, deceased, he therefore requests
the creditors of said deceased, to attend at the or-
phans court, on Tuesday the fifth day of January,
1813, in order to receive their distribution of the
assets now in hand.

Thomas Woodfield,
Administrator de bonis non.
December 17, 1812.

B. CURRAN,

Has received a good supply of Cloths,
Coatings, Casimeres, Flannels, Blau-
kets, Stuffs, Irish Linens, and various
other Articles in the

Dry Good Line,

which he will sell low for Cash, and as
usual to his Punctual Customers.
October 1

