

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1785.

C A D I Z, April 8.

FRIGATE and two other vessels, are arrived from the Havannah, having on board 80,702 crowns, a vast number of hides, a quantity of sugar, tobacco, drying-woods, &c.

ANTWERP, April 30. It is thought here to be certain that there will be a campaign this year in the Netherlands; at least preparations are making here with such diligence that they work even on Sundays after service; all the regiments are ready to take the field at a moment's notice.

MADRID, April 26. The king considering that the seminary of the nobles of this court is under his protection and immediate disposal, as being a foundation established by his august father, for the instruction of the principal nobility of his dominions, both in Europe and the Indies, has resolved, that the pupils on that foundation, who shall choose the profession of arms, shall be admitted as cadets into what corps they choose; that they shall be looked upon as present, on the bare certificate of the director of that royal house. While they remain in the seminary they shall be considered as if they had been in actual service; and they will be promoted according to the character given them by the said director. His majesty likewise orders that they attend the seminary constantly, in order to perfect themselves in tactics, giving them a dispensation from joining their regiments till their studies be finished.

May 19. The utmost endeavours are exerted to insure success to the projected expedition against Algiers. Government have sent orders to the ports for all the ships to be ready to sail by the 26th of May, and numbers of merchant vessels are taken up as transports; several companies of grenadiers will sail under the escort of a small squadron to Minorca, where there are already 10,000 troops. In the course of the next month, the rest of the troops destined to besiege Algiers by land will set out; that army will be composed of 30,000 men. The court, in order to facilitate the taking of that place, propose to make themselves masters of some posts near the fortifications, and there to form entrenchments for the army to put them under cover, in case an accident should happen to the fleet which is to bombard the place.

MUSKOGEE, April 25. The emperor has declared Cartagena free port, and it is in consequence to enjoy the same privileges and advantages as are at present granted to the other free ports on the confines of Austria and Hungary.

VIENNA, April 29. Since the arrival of an extraordinary courier from Paris, the conditions upon which the emperor is willing to continue at peace with the Dutch are publicly said to be the following, viz. First, an indemnification for the damages done by inundating part of the country: Secondly, a sum of 12,000,000 of florins in lieu of assistance: Thirdly, the cession of the land holdings beyond the Meuse to the house of Austria: Fourthly, the unlimited right of navigating the Scheldt as far as Saltingen: Fifthly, from thence to the sea, for Austrian vessels only, and these paying a small duty. Upon these conditions it is expected that a definitive treaty will soon be concluded.

The nobility of Transylvania having formed a corps of militia for their defence against the late troubles which have taken place in that province, their number amounted to 3000 horse, which was to have been increased; but the court has thought proper to put a stop to these volunteer armaments, and to give the nobility to understand that every thing being now quiet, they should quit their uniforms and return home.

PITTSBURGH, April 2. Orders have been sent for the men of war and frigates fitting out at Crossfield to be ready to sail next month. The above fleet which will consist of 15 sail of the line and 6 frigates, will be stationed for a long cruise, but their destination is not known. Another squadron of 8 sail of the line and 5 frigates will cruise in the Baltic during the summer. The journey of the emperors to Katchin will not take place.

As soon as our sovereign was informed that the Chinese had broke off all commerce with this empire, orders and full powers were sent to the governor of Gibraltar to endeavour to accommodate the differences in an amicable manner; to inquire into the cause of them, and remedy it.

PARIS, May 6. We are happy to be acquainted with the public, that the concord and good harmony between the prince stadtholder and our new general, increases daily: The comte de Madaison has explained himself on that subject in such an open and unreserved manner, as does the greatest honour to his heart: Free from all party spirit and impartial in his judgment, that general has freely and openly owned that he did not think to have found the stadtholder so profoundly skilled in the theory of the military art, particularly as he never had the opportunity of experience to instruct him, and that he plans laid down for the defence of the provinces by his serene highness alone, were astonishingly great; his honourable eulogium from an old and experienced officer, ought to shew the mouth of flattery, which has been so long unjustly open against our stadtholder.

May 17. Several men and women are committed to prison for hawking about the streets a pamphlet, entitled, "Dialogues of the other world." This book contains a conversation supposed to have passed between Lewis XIV. and his ministers.

May 20. Dr. Franklin, who is on the point of returning to his own country, is, it is said, to be president of the congress, and to digest a new code of laws for regulating the internal police of the republic, and prevent the disorders which arise in the cities for want of discipline.

May 22. Great encouragement is given at all the Spanish towns on the Mediterranean, to English and French artificers and traders. Fifty six vessels have lately landed a great number of foreigners at Marseilles.

May 31. Political news is scarce; the exchange of Bavaria is what chiefly amuses our politicians at present, and it is said the emperor has offered the duke de Deux Ponts the title of king of Burgundy, with the Netherlands, if he will give into his measures; and it is thought many powers would not object to the exchange, particularly the United Provinces, although they have a right to oppose any such convention, as by the barrier treaty the Austrian Netherlands may not be disposed of without their consent. Yet it is thought they would have no objection to remove so powerful a potentate as the emperor from their frontiers. On the other hand France, Prussia, and the Italian princes, will no doubt oppose any exchange of territory from taking place between the emperor and the emperor, for the latter being once possessed of Bavaria, could enter the heart of those countries almost at pleasure.

HAGUE, May 25. The night before last, a courier arrived at the hotel of M. le marquis de Verac, ambassador from his Most Christian Majesty; and it is asserted, that he was charged with orders to his excellency, to urge the states general to come to some speedy and final resolutions for terminating all differences between the emperor and the republic.

The negotiations at Paris are interrupted. The French ambassador has presented a secret memorial to the states general. War appears to be now as certain as peace was supposed to be a few days since. In a short time the veil which has concealed the real state of affairs will be drawn aside. At present all is darkness and confusion.

L O N D O N, May 14.

Gibraltar may now be truly said to be impregnable, for wherever the Spanish batteries pointed out a vulnerable part, general Elliot has strengthened it with new works, which makes the rock more formidable than ever.

On Wednesday morning last the master of the mint, by an order from the exchequer, delivered into the bank the sum of seventy thousand pounds, in new guineas and half guineas.

We hear that his grace the duke of Richmond, with that steady unobscured patriotism, which marks the whole of his character, intends applying the salary and emoluments of his office as master-general of the ordnance, towards building a new academy, in the room of that at Woolwich, which from its low and marshy situation, has been for some years back much complained of, as injurious to the health of the students.

The following assertions are made by the persons concerned in the iron trade at Birmingham.

That, there is a large exportation of nails and heavy iron wares from this neighbourhood to America.

That, the duty upon the importation of bar iron is so much less in Ireland than in Britain; that nails can be made in Ireland between seven and nine per cent. cheaper than in the neighbourhood of Birmingham, notwithstanding the variation in the price of coal.

That by means of workmen from this neighbourhood, Sir Ambrose Crowley established a very extensive manufactory of heavy iron wares near Newcastle upon Tyne, and lately Mr. Garbett also established another in Scotland. And many manufacturers of iron may with less difficulty remove some hundreds of their workmen to Ireland, and thereby rapidly acquire opulent fortunes.

That, if the propositions for a commercial intercourse between Great Britain and Ireland preclude the making such alterations in the revenue laws, as will place Britain upon an equality with Ireland in point of duties upon bar iron, and if those alterations are not made in this session of parliament, Britain will probably lose, and Ireland will probably gain the important manufacture of nails, and other heavy articles for the American market.

May 16. The Hudson's Bay fleet, consisting of three ships, are now taking in their lading in the river, and will soon sail for their respective places of destination.

The Danish ship which brought the account of Sir E. Hughes arrival at the Cape of Good Hope, failed from thence to recruit the crews of the two ships; Sultan of 24 guns, and Eurydice frigate of 26 guns.

According to letters from Holland, the Dutch have recalled their consul from the island of Malta, where he had resided near twenty years, nor will they send any other person in that capacity thither. The matter and knights of Malta having lately concluded a treaty of amity and alliance with the republic of Venice, is the principal reason assigned for the states general having recalled their consul from Malta.

By a private letter from Paris we are informed that the duke de Choiseul, the late famous premier of France, died on Monday the 5th instant, in the forenoon, in the 67th year of his age.

May 19. Insurance from the West Indies and America is now done at three guineas; and ships from London to Petersburg, are done at one guinea per cent.

The following is an extract from a letter received by Mr. Blunt, coal-merchant of this city, from his correspondent at Sunderland, relative to the balloon in which Mr. Sadler and another gentleman ascended lately from Moulsey.

"On Thursday the 5th of May, about half past three o'clock, P. M. captain Sherwin, of the Peggy, took up a very large balloon, with a boat or basket made fast to it, east end of Sheppey island, bearing west south west, nearly distant four or five leagues; the black tail beacon bearing about north by west, distant one mile, or thereabouts; and the buoy or the moule bearing east by north, distant two or three miles, or thereabouts, but not any person in it, nor any direction about it, except upon the ballast-bags, on which was marked 'SADLER, OXFORD.' There was no writing, or letters in it, nor any thing but a right hand glove, a pair of scissors, a grappling iron and label, with a sheet or two of writing paper. When the captain first saw it, it was about two o'clock, at a great distance in the air, lowering very fast; at half past two judged it might be a balloon; at three it got upon the surface of the water, making its course to the north west, occasioned by a breeze from the south east, at the rate of seven or eight miles an hour. When he got to it, there was no water in the boat, nor any thing broke, but the bottom of the balloon was quite open. He made all the haste he could to it, for fear that any person should be in it; but found nothing but as above."

Last Wednesday a woman in Narrow Mith, Nottingham, went in a pet to fetch her husband from the ale-house; he returned with his wife; but high words arising, he took up a stone in the street, which he grasped in his right hand, and aiming a violent stroke at the poor woman's head, she evaded the blow, but unfortunately he hit his own child which he had in her arms so violently, that the skull is fractured, and the poor babe now lies in a convulsed state, without the least hope of recovery.

June 1-3. The court of France has undergone a great change in point of opinion, since the accession of the present king: it was formerly thought impious to inoculate for the small-pox, because it was deemed little short of tempting Heaven: but the late king having died of the small-pox, his present majesty relieved not to live in dread of this distemper, which he was liable to catch from the courtiers who had attended upon his dying grand father, and whose attendance upon himself could not be avoided; he caused himself therefore to be inoculated; and the event being as favourable as he could wish, the practice is now so much in vogue, that the heir to the crown (the dauphin) so revered so adored by all France, is to be inoculated within the course of the present month. For which purpose his royal highness is shortly to be carried to St. Cloud, where the preparatory steps are to be taken by the faculty.

Yesterday morning a messenger was sent from Mr. Pitt to Mr. Adams, the American plenipotentiary, with notice to suspend for the present their intended interview.

They write from the Hague, that the states general have sent full and final instructions to baron de Lynen, their plenipotentiary in London, to treat with the British ministry concerning the restoration of the settlement of Negapatam in India, for which they now offer an equivalent, which is one of their settlements on the coast of Africa, and in that part called the Gold Coast.

Extract of a letter from Utrecht, May 3.

"The late very numerous assurances of our differences with the emperor being upon the point of being settled, have been succeeded by reports of war: These originated from accounts from the Hague, that on Wednesday last on the parade, orders were given to the officers of the garrison to hold themselves in readiness to march at the first notice; this transition from pacific ideas to those of war are attributed to the contents of a memorial which the French ambassador has lately delivered to the states general, the subject of which is however kept a profound secret."

The tranquillity of the continent is not yet settled. Every mail has for some time past brought contradictory accounts. It is, however, true, that the navigation of the Scheldt has been agreed upon; that is, that the emperor shall have liberty for ships carrying his own flag (not the vessels of any other power) and of a certain number of tons, or burthen, to go up and down that river. But he has farther demanded six millions of florins (about half a million sterling) to be paid him for his expenses; and that two deputies be sent to him, at Vienna, on purpose to apologise for the insult offered to his flag. And he added, "that if these terms were not complied with by the first of June, he would take the field." The first of June is now past, and nothing has been done. The accounts brought by yesterday's mail mention, that the emperor's troops are now in motion, between Antwerp and Breda, and that the Dutch troops were also in motion, in the same neighbourhood. But there are accounts, by the same mail, which also say, that Monsieur Vergennes has sent a strong memorial to their high mightinesses, requiring them to put an end to the negotiation. The issue will be according to the views of France—if France intends to have peace,

the will compel the Dutch to accede to the emperor's terms.

Among the various personages who drew the attention of the drawing room on Saturday last, Mr. Adams, minister plenipotentiary from the States of America, was not the least noticed; from this gentleman the eye of majesty and the court glanced on Lord North, to whose united labours this country stands indebted for the loss of a large territory and a divided and interrupted commerce.

They write from Lisbon, that the Americans, with the concurrence of the court, are going to establish a factory at that place on the plan of the English factory; which is much on the decline; the Portuguese no longer giving that encouragement and preference to English goods which they had given some years since, particularly during the late reign.

St. James's, June 1. This day John Adams, Esq; minister plenipotentiary from the United States of America, had a private audience of his majesty, to deliver his credentials. To which he was introduced by the marquis of Carmarthen, his majesty's principal secretary of state for foreign affairs, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, knight; master of the ceremonies.

NEW-YORK, July 19.

Yesterday congress appointed Mr. Isaac Sherman, surveyor for the state of Connecticut, in pursuance of the ordinance of the 20th of May last.

The commercial bill, lately passed by the legislature of Massachusetts-Bay, if adopted by the other states, will serve to retaliate on Britain for their prohibitory acts, which deny the American vessels the advantage of the carrying trade; the West-India islands must soon feel the effects of this act, and their new settlements in N. va Scotia, must eventually be ruined; the large duties imposed on British bottoms will soon discourage British merchants from prosecuting voyages to America in their own vessels, and the American ship building and carrying trade we may expect, will soon revive and flourish.

Memorandum of what Mr. ***** consumed a few days since at a public house on the dock—First course, two plates of stewed turtle, some fish, a pound of beef steaks, slice of ham, and two half grown chickens, with peas in proportion. Second course, plum pudding; cherry tarts, a pint of custard. Dessert; one plate of raspberries, pound of cherries, one pine apple, and some cheese to help digest on! Leaving the quantities out of the question, the consolidation of such a number of heterogeneous articles, must have formed in this cormorant's paunch, especially when we take into consideration their auxiliaries, such as melted butter, mustard, sugar, beer, &c.

A method of finding the body of a person lately drowned, which has been several times successfully tried in Holland. Take a new loaf of bread, into the crum of which thrust a quill, in which must be put an ounce of quicksilver, and secured with wax at both ends of the quill, so that it may not come out, and close the hole of the loaf, with a bit of the crum of the same; set it floating on the water, at the place where the body first went down, and you will find it take the course which the body took, and sink near it. This has been repeatedly tried in still water, and where there was little or no current, and never failed.

July 20. The ship Mentor has brought an organ, commissioned by the episcopal congregation of the city of Newhaven, for the use of that apostolical church; it is a fine and well approved instrument, calculated for the worship of the divinity in the real beauty of holiness.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.

The Kentucky country lies in the west part of Virginia, on the east bank of the Ohio, between 8 and 9 hundred miles S. W. by W. from Philadelphia, and is two hundred and fifty miles in length, and two hundred in breadth. It is divided into three counties, viz. Fayette, Jefferson, and Lincoln. No country is better watered, being intersected by numerous rivers, navigable for boats, and discharging themselves into the Ohio. The face of the country is generally level, but interspersed with gentle risings, which increase its beauty, variety and healthfulness. Its soil is undoubtedly better than that of any country yet known in the United States; in the first rate lands, the rich dark mould is between two and three feet deep, producing corn, potatoes, turneps, &c. in the most liberal abundance, but when new, is too fertile for wheat. Their sugar is obtained from the maple tree, which grows in every part of the country; they have salt springs in abundance, from which, with little trouble or expence, they procure plenty of that valuable article, and there is in some parts of the country plenty of iron ore. Their rivers are well supplied with fish and the forests with beasts, among which is the buffalo, in shape like an ox, and weighs from five hundred to a thousand pounds; these animals frequent the salt springs, to which they make paths from all quarters appearing like the roads to a great city. The climate is mild, and the inhabitants are not obliged to provide food for their cattle in the winter; hence it is easy to see that their flocks and herds must multiply rapidly.

ANNAPOLIS, August 4.

On Tuesday last arrived here the brig Recovery, captain Orr, from Jamaica, in which came passengers part of the American company of comedians.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mrs. Anne Govan, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and all those who have claims are desired to bring them in properly authenticated, to

THOMAS MARRIOTT, executor.

TAKEN up as a stray by Thomas Spurrier, on the Head of Severn, a black MARE, about six years old, near fourteen hands high, has no perceivable brand, a star in her forehead, and one of her hind feet white. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

Prince-George's county, July 25, 1785. Will be offered for sale, on Thursday the 25th day of August next,

THE subscriber's valuable plantation, containing about two hundred acres, lying on Matta-woman, with three miles of Piscataway-town; the soil is remarkably good for wheat, corn, tobacco, &c. This land has a great quantity of meadow ground, that may be cultivated with a very small expence; the improvements are, a large and convenient dwelling house, and sundry out-houses, a good peach and apple orchard. The terms will be made known on the day, which will be made as easy as possible to the purchaser.

HEZEKIAH WYNN.

The subscriber has just imported a large and extensive assortment of books, stationery, jewelry, &c.

AMONG which are, books in history, biography, poetry, voyages, and travels, &c. medical, philosophical, and political, with a great collection of novels, most of them in elegant bindings; folio, quarto, octavo, and pocket volumes; English and French prayer books; manuals, hymns, psalters, &c. large and small testaments; Dilworth's, Dyche's, Watts's, and Fisher's spelling books; Wettenhall's Latin and Greek grammars; Brightland's, Priestley's, Greenwood's, and other English grammars; Johnson's, Bailey's, and Dyche's, and other dictionaries; superfine thick and thin folio and quarto post, thick and thin gilt and black edge ditto, foolscap, and pot writing paper; blue and demy blotting and brown paper; large royal broad folio, medium, demy, and foolscap ledgers; ruled and plain, with proper alphabets, bound in rough calf; long and broad folio, quarto, demy, and foolscap account books; common-place books; neatly bound and clasped; demy and foolscap, long and broad, ruled and plain, folio and quarto waste and day books, in marble covers; demy and foolscap red leather memorandum books, ruled and plain, interleaved, &c. large and small superfine message cards; demy and foolscap paper-cases; large and small drawing and copy books; paste board files; marble palattes; lead note presses, round and flat rulers; paint shells and painting brushes; square and round pewter and lead ink stands; ivory and polished leather ink pots; large and best English and Dutch pens and quills; large and small flutes, with slate pencils; a great variety of the most fashionable and superb large and small gentlemen and ladies ewee cases, with silver edges and locks; demy and foolscap red Morocco and black Liverpool tropot pocket books; asses skin memorandum books of various sizes; gentlemen and ladies writing and shaving boxes; black leather pocket ditto; fine razors and razor strops; shaving boxes, with fine scented soap; black hair riband and pins; fine tortoiseshell and other large and small tooth combs; tooth-pick cases and brushes; fine enamelled with cut glass smelling bottles; nutmeg graters, and needle case ditto; elegant tortoiseshell and fine polished leather silver mounted snuff boxes; paper and japan'd ditto; a great variety of ladies set and paitte shoe buckles; gentlemen's set knee ditto; paitte breast pins; gold lockets, rings, and ear-rings; gold and silver vellum lace; elegant gold and silver spangled buttons; sleeve ditto; gilt and fine steel watch chains, and seals with elegant cyphers; cane strings; fine sliding silk purses; gentlemen's fine beaver gloves; plated shoe and knee buckles; metal and pinchbeck ditto; plated and steel spurs; fine ivory and black horn table knives and forks; sugar nippers; fine pen knives with cases; scissars; temple spectacles; cork-screws, &c. a great variety of children's red and green Morocco pumps; little histories, &c. drawing instruments with surgeons lancets; German flutes and instructors for ditto; fowling pieces, and silver mounted pistols; elegant aquatintoes, mezzotintoes, and engraved prints, some of them executed in a masterly manner; charts of the Chesapeake bay, and maps of North-America on cloth and framed; a great assortment of plays and farces; fine shining patent blacking cakes; buckle brushes; fishing hooks and lines; gentlemen's elastic hat bands; lawyers red tape; black lead pencils; superfine sealing wax and waters; gold leaf, &c.

STEPHEN CLARK.

N. B. Binding in all its various branches, port folios of all sorts and sizes executed in a neat and elegant manner, and on the shortest notice, by S. C.

July 18, 1785. I HEREBY give this public notice, that I have appointed Martin Norris to settle, pay, receive, and give receipt in every matter and thing whatsoever, relative to the estate of Mary Gover, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, which receipts or acquittances shall be good and effectual in law, as though done by myself.

SAMUEL GOVER, executor.

Calvert county, Battle-creek, July 13, 1785. TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WAS stolen from the subscriber, between the 8th and 10th instant, upwards of four hundred bushels of bank shells. He has great reason to suspect a certain William Jackson, who flats it up and down Patuxent: Whoever will give information of the thief, so that he shall be prosecuted to conviction, shall receive the above reward.

M. TANEY.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's pasture, near Annapolis, on the 13th of July last, two mares, one a bright bay, about 13 years old, 13 hands 3 inches high, trots and gallops, is well made, shows the blood, branded on the near buttock I.D., has a hanging mane and switch tail, and galled with the collar; the other a black, about 13 hands 3 inches and a half high, paces, trots, and gallops, has a star in her forehead, hanging mane and short switch tail, brand unknown, scarred with the whip, galled with the collar, has a fore back, and is 9 years old. Whoever secures the said mares so that I get them again, shall receive eight dollars reward, paid by

WILLIAM WATSON.

Intendant's-office, July 22, 1785.

Confiscated Property for Sale.

To be SOLD, at Annapolis, on Saturday the 20th day of August, for specie, or certificates liquidated for specie,

PART of a tract of land called Piney-Grove, in which is included a tract of land called Hanch-liff's-Range, containing upwards of 1100 acres; this land adjoins Severn river and is well wooded. At the same time and place will be sold, two tracts of land adjacent to each other, called Deep Creek and Flushing, containing upwards of 300 acres; these lands lie between Severn and Magothy rivers.

At Baltimore town, on Tuesday the 30th day of August, will also be sold, two tracts of land, containing 650 acres, late the property of James French. Pierce's Encouragement, 1000 acres, of John Hyde, Fell's Dale, 200 acres, — Pearson, 500 acres of land upon Hunting-Ridge. 900 acres near Ellicott's mill. Some lands near Baltimore-town, and a tract of land in Cecil county, called the Widow's Lot, patented for 800 acres, if not sold at private sale before the day above-mentioned.

On Thursday the first day of September, 4200 acres of land, in Baltimore and Harford counties, the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, to be laid off in convenient lots. On Thursday the 8th day of September, at Daniel Walker's tavern, will also be sold, part of My Lady's Manor, and the reserved lands in Baltimore county. And on Monday the 19th day of September, at Green's tavern, Coup town, the reserved lands in Harford county. A moiety of Moriton's Lot, containing 200 acres. The Grove, 800 acres. Dunkeld, 500 acres, &c. Bonds with approved security will be required, payable the first day of January 1789.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER, intendant of the revenue.

Nottingham, Patuxent river, July 15, 1785.

Lands for Sale by Auction.

On Thursday the 22d of September next, will be sold by public vendue, on the premises,

A TRACT of land in Montgomery county, about 8 miles from Bladensburg, 10 from George-town, and 35 from Baltimore-town, containing 520 acres. On this place is erected a convenient and comfortable dwelling house 38 by 28, with three rooms and a passage below, two rooms above stairs, and brick chimneys, with all necessary out-houses, such as kitchen, negro quarters, stables, and tobacco houses; there is also on this land another tenement, about half a mile from the former, on which are a good dwelling house, with stone chimneys, and all necessary out-houses; there is a great variety of fruit trees of all kinds on both these tenements; the soil is well adapted to the cultivation of corn, wheat, and tobacco, and as it is so conveniently situated to those several capital and improving trading towns, there cannot be a doubt but it will become very valuable in a few years.

Likewise, on Thursday the 20th of October next, will be offered for sale, by public vendue, on the premises, one other tract of land, about one mile distant from the town of Nottingham, on Patuxent river, on which are good and convenient dwelling houses, with every necessary out-house, containing 700 acres; there is likewise on this tract, a great variety of fruits; it is the present residence of the subscriber, and is generally esteemed for the convenience of its situation and fertility of soil, wherefore a farther description is deemed unnecessary, as it is supposed those who are inclined to purchase will view the premises shortly; attendance will be given on the days appointed, and the terms of sale shall be fully made known, by

WALTER BROOKE COX.

THE subscriber having furnished himself with the best materials for carrying on the stay-making business, begs leave to inform his good old customers and others, that the business is carried on by the same person as before the war, namely, Richard Littlemore, where orders for stays will be thankfully received and carefully executed by their humble servant,

CHARLES LANSDALE.

Orders left at the post-office Annapolis, stores in Queen-Anne, Upper Marlborough, Port-Tobacco, Allen's-Fresh, Newport, Chaptico, Mr. James Jordan's, Head of Clement's-bay, Leonard-town, the post offices at Alexandria, Bladensburg, and Georgetown, or the subscriber's house at Piscataway, will be punctually complied with.

CHARLES LANSDALE.

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Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, July 19, 1785.

To be SOLD, in pursuance of directions from the honourable the intendant of the revenue, on Monday the 22d of August next, at Mr. McCandless's, in Baltimore-town.

SUNDRY valuable lots and tracts of land, situate within a few miles of Baltimore-town, which belonged to the Principio company, which were purchased at former sales made by the commissioners by persons who have not complied with the terms of sale. Also, several of the most valuable and best situated lots of Whetstone Point; the state's right to a valuable tract of land called James's Park, with part of Swanston and Simson, containing 610 acres, which belonged to the Nottingham company; and two valuable lots of land lying a few miles above Baltimore town, which belonged to Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, and which were sold at a former sale made by the commissioners, in October 1781. These lots contain about 200 acres each, and are equal, in fertility of soil, to any land in the state. At the same time will be sold, an undivided half of a valuable wharf and warehouse on Fell's Point, which formerly belonged to Ebenezer Mackinnon, and was sold by the commissioners in April 1781.

On the 12th of August next, will be sold, at Frederick-town, two lots of Monocacy manor, No. 37 containing 128 acres, and No. 85 containing 90 acres.

The whole to be sold on credit till the first day of January 1790, for current money, or any specie state certificate, the interest to be paid annually.

C. HOLLYDAY,
G. DUVALL.

Baltimore, July 1, 1785.

Lands for Public Sale.

To be sold by public vendue, at the vendue store in Baltimore-town, and the sale to commence, on the 5th day of September next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue until all are sold.

ABOUT 4630 acres of very valuable land, the property of the Baltimore company, viz. Orange, containing about 2800 acres, adjoining laid town, the greater part of it very well wooded, the soil tolerably good, and lays well for farming—Philipburgh, containing about 900 acres, lays nearly adjoining laid town, and on the banks of Patuxent river and Hartsis's creek, where the navigation is very good, and there may be several good and commodious ship-yards easily made;—this tract abounds with different kinds of timber and fire-wood, and contains several swamps and valleys, which may be easily made into valuable meadow, and a considerable quantity of the upland well adapted for farming. —Gorluch, containing about 500 acres, this tract lies adjoining Philipburgh, and extends down to the point opposite the fort, which forms the mouth of our harbour, and lays two miles on navigable water; there has been formerly a few acres of this land cleared; but the remainder of it abounds with large lofty timber, chiefly white oak of the first quality for ship building, and with fire-wood; on this tract there is a very large proportion of valuable meadow and upland of the first quality for farming.—In short the many advantages it has, over most other lands, renders it the admiration of all who examine it.

Three small tracts, lying round the Old Mount Royal forge, on both sides of Jones's falls, about one and a half miles from laid town, containing about 150 acres; on this land there are three excellent mill-seats, on one of which stands the old forge, with other considerable improvements.—About one half of these tracts is very well wooded; but what exceeds to its value, there are a considerable number of quarries of excellent stone for building.

Bar Hills, containing about 200 acres, laying about six miles from laid town, in the neighbourhood of Col. Darby Lux, and will be particularly described at the time of sale.

The whole of these lands will be laid off in lots of various sizes, according to their situations, and as it may be thought will best suit the purchasers. As there are many beautiful situations for gentlemen's country seats, a number of lots will be laid off for that purpose, and the remainder in mill-seats, stone quarries, gardens and farms.

The terms of sale of these lands are the one tenth of the purchase money of the three tracts, laying round the Mount Royal forge, to be paid down the next day after the sale; and bonds with approved security, payable in five years from that date on interest, to be paid annually, for the residue;—and for the remaining tracts, one twentieth part of the purchase money to be paid down the next day after the sale, and bond with interest in the same manner as aforesaid, for the residue.

Plans of the whole will be made out in a short time for the examination of the public—any person desirous of viewing Philipburgh, or Gorluch, before the day of sale, are requested to apply to Mr. Miles Love, living on the latter; those who may be desirous to view the other lands, are requested to apply to Captain Zachariah Mackubin, Mayor on Howland's Hill, Baltimore. Attendance will be given at the time and place of sale, by

ABRAHAM VAN EIBBER,
CLEMENT BROOKE,
JOHN MERRYMAN.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Brice J. Gaffaway, in Anne-Arundel county, a dark bay stud colt, three years old this spring, fourteen hands high, has no perceivable brand, a star in his forehead, has never been docked, trots and gallops, and appears to have some of the English blood. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

Intendant's-office, July 19, 1785.

THE intendant of the revenue informs all persons who have bonds in the treasury, that monies and securities have been lodged in it, which, together with one sixth of the unbonded debt as will be sufficient for the redemption of the emissions of June 1780, and that in consequence thereof a draught of bonds has become unnecessary; but he takes the liberty of informing those persons who have hitherto neglected to pay the sixth part of their debt in specie, or of the aforesaid emissions, that the intendant will, without discrimination, bring suits to October court against all defaulters in this respect, and compel payments according to contracts; he also informs all persons who are indebted for interest that do not pay it by the first of September next, agreeably to the act for consolidating the funds, that he will put the bonds of every such person, without distinction, in suit. All collectors of the taxes are likewise informed, that unless they pay into the respective treasuries the monies they are in arrear, that indulgence can no longer be given.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.

To be SOLD, on the premises, to the highest bidder, on the last Friday of October next, if not sold before at private sale,

THE dwelling plantation of the rev. Isaac Campbell, late of Charles county, deceased, containing 250 acres, about 150 of which are cleared, and the remainder pretty well wooded: the improvements are valuable, there being an exceeding good dwelling house, kitchen, and many other necessary buildings thereon. The terms will be made known at the time of sale, by

WILLIAM and GUSTAVUS CAMPBELL;
executors.

N. B. It is hoped that such gentlemen as are in possession of subscriptions to a book proposed to be printed by the late Isaac Campbell, and now in the press, will return them, with whatever money they may have in hand, either to Walter Winter, Esq; near Newport, or Dr. Gustavus R. Brown, at Port Tobacco, as the subscriber wishes to be enabled to pay for the printing as soon as possible. The book will be done, it is hoped, in a few weeks.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

Annapolis, June 1, 1785.

THE subscriber, having been duly appointed to succeed the late Mr. Nourse as commissioner to settle the accounts between the United States and the state of Maryland, and the individuals thereof, hereby gives notice, that he has opened an office for that purpose at the state-house in this city, where attendance will be given from six to eight o'clock in the morning, and from nine to two o'clock in the afternoon. All claimants will take notice, that their accounts or abstracts of their demands must be presented to this office within twelve months from the above date, or they will be precluded from the benefit of a settlement, except at the treasury board of the United States. It is expected no account will be presented without proper vouchers, in order to prevent delay and disappointment.

JOHN WHITE, commissioner.

June 22, 1785.

To be SOLD, on the premises, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 16th of August next,

A VALUABLE plantation, containing about four hundred acres of land, whereon the subscriber lately lived, situated and lying in Montgomery county, about seven miles from Bladensburg, twelve miles from George-town, and the same distance from the court-house in said county; the soil well adapted to Indian corn, fine tobacco, and small grain, with a plenty of wood to support the plantation; the improvements are, a good dwelling house, kitchen, negro quarters, two good tobacco houses, with good apple and peach orchards. One third of the purchase money to be paid in six months, one third in eighteen months, and the other one third in two years; and a halt from the day of sale, to be on bond with approved security.

SAMUEL HARWOOD.

Montgomery county, May 27, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Wednesday the 25th instant, a negro man named CESAR; he is a stout well made black fellow, aged about 45 years, his lips large and pouting, talks quick and loud when out of temper; his apparel chiefly consisted of striped country cloth when he went away; he was purchased of Allen Quynn, Esq; has had several masters in Anne-Arundel county, where he has commonly gone by the name of Lewin's Cesar; he ran away about 15 months ago, was taken up at Mr. Resin Hammond's quarter on the Head of Severn, where he had been hired a considerable time as a free man, and was brought home about 10 days since; he probably will change his name and pass for a free man again. Whoever apprehends the said negro, and secures him so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home.

J. CRABB.

THE business not being in sufficient forwardness at Upper Marlborough, on the 9th instant, to elect a visitor for the college to be erected on the western shore of Maryland, all gentlemen who have subscribed to papers in the hands of gentlemen in Prince-George's county, and who did not vote at Nottingham on the 8th instant, are requested to meet at Upper Marlborough on the first of September next, to proceed to that election.

M A N A G E R S.

JOHN CARROLL, RICHARD SPRIGG,
WILLIAM SMITH, JOHN STERET,
P. ALLISON, GEORGE DIGGES.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

July 21, 1785.

WENT away from the Patuxent iron works last night, the four following Irish indentured servant men,

Patrick Riley, a lusty well made fellow, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, light hair and eyes; had on and took with him a felt hat, one of shagbark and one check shirt, brown rolla trousers, a dark coloured short jacket, and coarse shoes with flaps in them.

William Keefe, a likely well looking fellow, with light hair and eyes, nearly the same height of Riley, and likewise in the same dress.

John Delon, a slender made fellow, black hair and eyes, his dress also nearly the same.

John Hogan, a slender made fellow, about 5 feet 5 inches high, black hair and eyes, his dress nearly the same with the others.

Whoever will take up the above servants, and deliver them to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward, or five pounds for either of them, and reasonable expenses paid, by

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

Intendant's-office, July 11, 1785.

Confiscated Property for Sale.

To be SOLD, at Elizabeth-town, commonly called Hagar's town, in Washington county, on Wednesday the 10th day of August next, to the highest bidder, for specie, or specie certificates liquidated by this state, the following lands, to wit:

WHITE PLAINS, 200 acres; Need Not, 200 acres; part of Pile's Delight, the property of the late Thomas Bladen; 75 acres, the property of John Buchanan, deceased; and 50 acres, the property of John Glasford, and Co.

At Frederick-town, in Frederick county, on Friday the 12th of the same month will also be sold the following lands, to wit: Part of Major Folly, containing 465 acres; Sassafras Bottom 200 acres; and 100 acres adjoining thereto, the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Daniel. Likewise 434 acres, the property of the late William Black, and some reserves to Monocacy manor.

At George-town, in Montgomery county, on Thursday the 18th of August, two lots of ground in said town, the property of Adam Stewart; one lot of ground and the personal property of Margaret Taylor; 111 acres of land, the property of Urquhart's heirs; Piney Grove, 200 acres, the property of Cunningham, Finley, and Co.

At Upper Marlborough, in Prince-George's county, on Saturday the 20th of said month, Doncaster, 100 acres; the Widow's Mite, 8 acres, the property of Massey's heirs; and 700 acres of land, the property of the late John Eversfield. Bonds with approved security will be required payable the first day of January 1789, with lawful interest to be paid annually.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.

To be SOLD, at Hagar's town on Wednesday the 10th of August, if not sold before at private sale,

ELEVEN hundred and eighty-one acres of limestone land, in Berkley county, Virginia, well timbered and well watered, adjoining Patowmack river, near the mouth of Opekip; this land is also within less than half a mile of Lite's mills. One, two, or three years credit will be given, on payment of interest annually, and upon giving bond with approved security.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

Bladensburg, Prince-George's county, July 5, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, near Bladensburg, Prince-George's county, on the 28th of March last, a negro man named DAVY, about twenty years of age, near six feet high, slender made, thin visage, apt to stutter when spoken to in haste, his cloaths not known; it is thought he may be lurking about the city of Annapolis, and may change his name, or perhaps pass for a free man. Whoever takes up and secures the above-mentioned slave, so that the owner gets him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

GEORGE MOORE.

May 23, 1785.

THE subscriber being empowered to collect and receive the debts of Messieurs Gale, Fearon, and Co. of London, due them in the state of Maryland, requests all persons indebted to make immediate payment, to enable him to satisfy the claims against those gentlemen in this state. Constant attendance is given at his store, in Upper Marlborough, for that purpose.

JOHN READ MAGRUDER.

July 5, 1785.
PETITION will be offered to the next general assembly, praying that an act may pass empowering certain commissioners to lay off convenient roads to Hamburg, war-houses, in St. Mary's county. A petition will also be offered to suppress or discontinue inspection of tobacco at Piles and Chaptico.

Mount Azile, July 3, 1785.
STOLEN or strayed from the subscriber's plantation, Mount Azile, in Prince-George's county, Maryland, about two miles and a half from Alexandria ferry, the 16th of last month, two very likely mares, one between eight and nine years old, fifteen hands high, has a short tail, a chestnut bay, blind of one eye, and is in foal; the other four years and a half old, thirteen hands high, a dark bay, well made, pretty head, wild breed, and very lively. Those who will stop the mares, and secure them so that I get them again, shall have a guinea reward if taken within fifteen miles of home, and two guineas if taken farther, with reasonable charges, paid by

P. SAVARY.

Annapolis, July 13, 1785.
To be SOLD for cash, or country produce,
ABOUT one hundred and fifty acres of land, lying on one of the branches of Patuxent, Elk-Ridge, near Mr. Joseph White's mill, about twenty-four miles from this city, and about eighteen from Baltimore-town; on it is a new dwelling house thirty feet by eighteen, an old kitchen, and a tolerable good apple orchard; there are one hundred acres of cleared land, the other fifty in wood.

JOHN C. PALMERS.

IN COUNCIL, June 23, 1785.
RESOLVED, That it is the opinion of this board, that no claim against British debtors be allowed in order for payment, under the act, entitled, A supplement to the act for the liquidation and payment of debts, &c. until proper satisfaction is given this board, that the British debtor has not debts due him in this state sufficient to discharge the said claims, agreeably to the act, entitled, An act to seize, confiscate and appropriate, all British property within this state.

RESOLVED, That the above resolution be published in the news-papers for the information of all such claimants as aforesaid.

By order,

T. JOHNSON, jun. clk.

Talbot court-house, July 4, 1785.
To be LET, for a term of years,
THE plantation of the subscriber, now in possession of Clement Hollyday, Esq; with six working negroes; it contains about three hundred and twelve acres; the soil good and situation healthy and pleasant, and convenient to one of the best markets for the seller in the United States; there will be a quantity of wheat sowed this fall. Possession will be given the first day of January next. No person need apply who will not give approved security for payment of the rents and performance of the covenants to be made, if required. For terms apply to Mr. Thomas Hyde, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber.

DAVID KERR.

Annapolis, June 21, 1785.
THE late officers and soldiers of the Maryland line of the army, whose accounts with the United States remain unsettled, are hereby informed, that the office for adjusting their claims in this state will be closed the first day of next October; and those who neglect to apply before that period will be under the necessity of attending at the commissioners office for settling with the army, near congress, to obtain their arrears. The subscriber therefore requests all those concerned to make their demands before the abovementioned period, after which no claim can be admitted.

JOHN WHITE, commissioner.

The officers will take notice, that the account for arrears of subsistence after January, 1782, is not included in the above, and that as soon as it can be ascertained proper notice will be given where to apply.

J. W.

WHEREAS I made over a tract of land, lying on Little Choptank river, in Dorchester county, to William Steele, for which I received his bond, which he never discharged, and who since died insolvent; I therefore do give this public notice, that I intend to petition the general assembly for an act to pass, confirming my title to the said tract of land.

ROBERT WILSON.

A few Copies of
CHAMPION ON COMMERCE,
To be sold at the Printing-Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the Post-Office, Charles Street.

May 24, 1785.
On the 24th day of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be sold on the premises,
A VALUABLE tract of land, lying in Stafford county, Virginia, well watered, and abounding with good timber. The south bounds of the land are within twelve miles of Frederickburg, and the north bounds about five miles from Dumfries, both considerable and growing towns. The east bounds are about one mile from Aquia warehouse, and crosses Aquia run at the fork where the north and south branches divide, each extending westward through the whole land, and will furnish several valuable mill seats. At the fork of the two branches on the eastern bounds, and where both may be included, there is a remarkable convenient seat, with abundance of water, for a large merchant mill and saw mill, with plenty of stone for building, and heights to erect mills of any construction. Adjoining to this seat are upwards of one thousand acres of uncleared land, abounding with timber proper for a saw mill, such as large white oak and pine, of the latter many large enough for ships lower masts. The annual rents now on the lands are upwards of twenty-two thousand pounds of tobacco, and there are upwards of four thousand acres still unsettled. It is a remarkable healthy place, and from its number of branches and small natural meadows, affords good grazing for stock. The whole is laid off in thirty-two lots from one hundred and fifty to three hundred and fifty acres, for the convenience of purchasers; and a draught may be seen; and the land thrown on application to colonel Bailey Washington, whose residence is adjoining to it. The conditions and terms of sale are as follow: The lots to be sold respectively at public sale, to the highest bidder, in sterling money, or good London bills of exchange. Gold and silver will be taken at its value, and crop tobacco of one thousand set, inspected within the year, will be received in discount at such price as may be agreed on. Deeds to be given with a general warranty. One third of the purchase money to be paid down, one third in two years, and the other third in three years, from the day of sale, with legal interest to be paid annually. Bonds to be given with approved security, and if the annual interest, being demanded, is not paid within three months after it becomes due, the indulgence of credit shall be forfeited, and a suit may be commenced to recover both principal and interest. Any purchaser making the second and third payments, or any part of either, on the day of sale, will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. on such sum. Any person or persons inclinable to purchase the whole before the day of sale, shall have it at a moderate price, on paying down one half the purchase money, and giving bond on interest, with approved security, conditioned as above, for payment of the other half within five years from the time of sale.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

Calvert county, July 6, 1785.
Pursuant to the last will and testament of Mr. John Chew, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, will be sold, at public sale, on Wednesday the 10th day of August,

A VALUABLE tract of land called Sankly, containing about five hundred acres, lying in the county aforesaid, about four miles from Her-ring-bay, and about five miles from Pig-point; the soil rich and as level as any lands in that neighbourhood, and has a sufficiency of wood; upon the said land is a good dwelling house with three rooms upon the lower floor, and as many above, a good kitchen, two tobacco houses, and other convenient buildings, a valuable young apple orchard, and a variety of other fruit trees. One sixth part of the purchase money to be paid down, and for the residue bond is to be given by the purchaser at the time of sale, with two sufficient and approved securities, payable in the following manner, to wit, one third in two years, one other third in four years, and the remaining third in six years from the date of the said bond, and the interest of the whole to be paid annually, and in case of failure in paying the interest, the suit will be brought for the whole. Possession will be delivered upon the terms of sale being complied with.

At the same time and place will be sold, about seventeen valuable negroes, all the horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, furniture, and utensils, belonging to the said estate, on the following terms, one third of the money to be paid in two months, one other third in four months, and the remaining third in six months. Bond with approved security will be required, and must be given before the property is delivered.

All persons having claims against the estate are desired to bring them in in order to their adjustment, and all those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment, otherwise suits will be brought without respect to persons.

SAMUEL CHEW, executor.

London-town, May 25, 1785.
RAN away from the subscriber, the 28th of March last, a negro lad named WILL PRIMUS, about 20 or 22 years of age, tall and slender, has a long visage, and thick under lip, he is very artful, and a great rogue; he has been seen about the neighbourhood of Annapolis within these three weeks, but it is probable he has by this time gone farther, perhaps to Baltimore, as he has some acquaintances there. Whoever will bring him to me, or secure him so that I get him again, shall receive three pounds, if taken out of this county five pounds.

JAMES McCULLOCH.

Prince-George's county, July 12, 1785.
To be SOLD, on four years credit,
THAT beautiful and well improved plantation where the subscriber now lives, within nine miles of Queen-Anne, eleven of Bladenburg, twenty-one of Annapolis, thirty of Baltimore-town, and within a few miles of several good grist and saw mills; it contains four hundred and fifteen acres of good fertile land; this plantation is remarkably well watered, two never failing streams running through it, and several delightful springs; there are about thirty-five acres of excellent meadow ground; the land is about half cleared and under good fences, in complete order for cropping; great part of the remainder is well timbered. The improvements are, a good stone dwelling house thirty-two feet by eighteen, with a cellar under the whole, a kitchen eighteen feet square with a brick chimney, a negro quarter twenty-four feet by sixteen with a stone chimney, a paved garden, out-houses and stables, three excellent tobacco houses; all these buildings are in good repair; there are two other dwelling houses detached from the former; one is twenty-four feet square with a brick chimney, three rooms on a floor, a paved garden, and several out-houses; the other dwelling house is small. Few plantations excel this for fruit of all kinds both in quality and quantity; there are one hundred and fifty cherry trees, and in a good fruitful year ten thousand gallons of cider of the best quality can be made; the fruit trees of all kinds are young and thriving. This land will be sold together or divided into lots as may best suit the purchaser or purchasers, and if it is not sold at private sale before the twenty-fifth day of August next, it will then on the day be sold at public vendue, on the premises. Bond with approved security will be required, bearing interest from the tenth day of December next, when possession will be given, by

RICHARD HIGGINS.

LAW OF MARYLAND.

THE subscriber, printer to the state, takes leave to inform all persons who wish to have a copy of the laws of Maryland, from Bacon's abridgement up to the end of the last session of assembly, with the resolutions of the several conventions, the proceedings of the convention that framed the constitution, the declaration of rights and form of government, and the articles of confederation, that by order of the general assembly, he shall begin that work in a few months, under the direction of Alexander C. Hanson and Samuel Chase, Esquires, and as he intends to strike but a few copies more than what are ordered for the public use, or engaged by individuals, has sent subscription papers to the clerks of the several counties, and a number of other gentlemen in each county, for the purpose of collecting the names of those persons desirous of securing a copy of this useful and necessary work, which will be printed with a new letter, on a good paper, of the same size, and nearly on the same plan, with Bacon's, to be delivered (at a particular place in each county) bound in leather, at three pounds each copy. Having requested a return of the subscriptions by the middle of August, he hopes those who mean to subscribe will do it before that time, or they will lose the opportunity of purchasing so valuable a book.

FREDERICK GREEN.

Annapolis, May, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 23d day of April 1784, a negro woman named LUCY, 28 years of age, slender made, and has a slender hand and foot, supposed to be about 3 feet 3 or 4 inches high, has a brazen look, and is a little inclined to a yellow complexion; some of her jaw teeth are rotten and partly gone, but her upper fore teeth stand good and far apart; had on when she went away, a white country cloth short gown and petticoat, an old osnabrig shift, negro shoes, and white stockings; she took with her two other petticoats, one white linen, the other cotton and linen, one old osnabrig shift, two yards of new holland, some few yards of country cloth made with yarn and tow, and one pair of cotton stockings partly knit. Whoever takes up the said negro woman, and secures her and gives notice to her master so that he gets her again, shall receive, if taken within 40 miles of home, 20 dollars, if farther 30 pounds, paid by me.

BALDWIN LUSBY.

N. B. She tells people where she has been since she ran away, that she is free and was set free by one of the Hopkins's, as they had let many free; perhaps she may change her name and her cloaths, and pass for a free woman; it is supposed that she went by water, or travelled away with some soldier from Annapolis.

Houses and lots for sale.

March 23, 1785.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale, **THREE** very valuable houses and lots, standing on Prince-George's street, one of the most commodious and convenient streets for trade of any in the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to the subscriber.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1785.

LONDON, April 14.

CORRESPONDENT has favoured us with some particulars of the instructions given to *compte Maillebois*, before he left Paris; the interesting purport of which is as follows:

"The *compte de Maillebois* is to cultivate the friendship and connexion with the states of Holland, as much as lies in his power, so as to remain constantly superior to the prince of Orange's party and interest.

"In case the emperor could not immediately be prevailed upon to keep peace with the Dutch, so as to make a rupture unavoidable, the *compte* is to deliver to the states a certain plan of defence; and as their national troops will probably not be sufficient for the purpose, the *compte* is to recommend to the states an application to the court of France, to supply the deficiency.

"The *compte* will find it necessary to survey the principal places in Holland, and to make his report on their strength and means of defence, when his chief proposal is to be, that as many fortifications be erected towards the coast of England, as well as the Prussian frontiers, as the *compte* shall find it advisable. Those on the French boundaries he is not to consider of the same importance, the friendship subsisting between the two powers making them less necessary.

"In case the *compte* should find himself counteracted by proposals suggested by the prince of Orange, he is to oppose his views as much as lies in his power, and is to make frequent reports of the prince's connexions and influence to the court of Versailles, as also to their ambassador at the Hague.

"The *compte* is to hinder as much as possible, that officers either civil or military be appointed, unless such as are French, or belonging to families in Holland in the interest of France, the names of whom he is to privy to.

"Above all, *compte Maillebois* is to spare no pains or expense to secure the friendship and confidence of the Dutch admirals and sea officers, in order to make himself perfect master of the situation and strength of the Dutch marine, of which hitherto but imperfect accounts have been obtained.

"The *compte* is in all occurrences to consult with the French ambassador at the Hague, through whose channels his reports are to pass to court."

April 22. The Olive Branch, from Boston, has brought twenty-five thousand dollars. This, according to general report at Lloyd's, is likely to be the last cargo of the kind which will be sent from Boston this year.

The Dutch have launched four ships of the line since the peace, and they have three others ready to launch. During the war they launched nine ships of the line, which makes an addition of seventeen to their navy in the course of four years.

A few days ago, was exhibited at Spalding, Lincolnshire, a remarkable white ox, late the property of Mr. Fisher, of Kirby; which was fought for by sixteen cocks, at Angles, the 15th of March, and won by a cock, the property of Mr. Hodgson, of Pinchbeck. He is judged by the most judicious graziers to be the finest ever seen, weighing and measuring as follows: Weighed at Sawtry Bar, on Thursday the 7th of April instant, 134 stone, 14 lb. to the stone. Length from nose to rump, 12 feet 11 inches; girth before the shoulder, 10 feet 2 inches; girth behind the shoulder, 10 feet 4 inches; girth round the first rib, 10 feet 3 inches; over the loin, 9 feet 9 inches; across the hips, 3 feet 1 inch.

The Americans who were of the episcopal church, having been extremely desirous of a bishop to reside among them, the rev. Dr. Samuel Seabury has been consecrated to that office, by three bishops of the church of Scotland, at Aberdeen. The English bishops refused to grant to America the blessings of episcopacy; and thereby drove Dr. Seabury to seek it in Scotland. Thus we see exhibited an extraordinary phenomenon in the ecclesiastical system; an English missionary an Oxford doctor, consecrated by Scotch prelates a bishop of the protestant church of New England.

May 10. Saturday Mr. Blanchard made another experiment in his new balloon and apparatus, and afforded the most brilliant spectacle that ever was exhibited in this country, of the new and wonderful invention of aeronautics. At about half past twelve he fixed himself in his boat, and began to manoeuvre, ascending higher than the houses, and then descending, after moving from one end of the yard to the other, which he accomplished with infinite ease, by the means of machines invented by himself for that purpose.

After having fatigued his numerous subscribers, he got out of the boat, and, by particular desire of several persons of distinction, Miss Simonet (his companion in the last voyage) was elevated alone several times, amidst the acclamations and hurrahs of the beholders, for the space of a quarter of an hour, after which time she descended, and Mr. Blanchard having placed the cords to which the balloon was attached in the boat, and ordered a small balloon to be let off, which bore its course nearly east, he seated himself in his boat, and role in the most majestic manner possible, making a beautiful appearance: he floated the populace very often, waving his flag standing up several times, and turning round his hat. The reflection of the sun on his balloon, and particularly on his ears, which were red and green, formed a pleasing

coup-d'oeil, that could be scarcely conceived by the most fanciful and romantic imagination; the balloon continued in flight for a long time, bearing its course for Essex, which we find further confirmed by the arrival of the small balloon, about 9 o'clock on Saturday night, at Mr. Sheldon's, which was picked up in the meads, below Horn-church, in Essex, by a servant boy of Mr. Whelner's, miller of that place, at three o'clock; and we understand Mr. Blanchard passed over the same place just after.

Mr. Blanchard's weight is exactly	114
Boat and apparatus	45
Ballast he took with him	70

Saturday afternoon a balloon, supposed to be that with Mr. Blanchard, was seen over the Thames, at Woolwich; the people in the ships there plainly discerned a person in the carriage depending from the balloon, which rose rapidly while over Barking Marshes, after three parcels of ballast had been thrown out.—The balloon being very low at several times while over the water, all the ships sent out boats to yield assistance to the aerial traveller, if he should need it. The spectators at Woolwich judged that the balloon passed right over the Devil's Houle at the Gallions; after which they observed, with the assistance of glasses, that it continued, as long as day-light enabled them to keep it in view, in a direct line for the river Texel, in Holland.

May 30. In no period of peace were there ever such preparations going forward in the port of Cadiz as at this time. The security of the Spanish territories in the West-Indies, and the threatened renewal of the bombardment of Algiers, are the professed objects of these exertions, but an extension of power is shrewdly suspected to be the real one.

June 4. Thursday next the house of commons will ultimately decide on the Irish propositions. It is expected that the opposition will divide two hundred strong, at least to say those who with the propositions may be rejected. It is to be hoped, however, that Pitt may have so collected the sense of the people of Ireland, as that they may not be as little pleased with the propositions as the people of England; yet it is suspected that the former are as little satisfied with them as the latter, as may appear from the following extract of a letter, from a nobleman of high rank and character in Ireland, who is also a peer of Great Britain.

"The absentee of Ireland, indulging a predilection for foreign manufactures begat poverty; poverty joining with distress begat clamour and discontent, from whom sprung exertion and expedient, who begat a beautiful daughter called Non-importation, the pride and hopes of our native country; but in an evil hour this maiden was debauched by a defining villain called Humbug, son of Fraud and Plausibility. The offspring of such illicit union was the Commercial Propositions."

A correspondent apprehends the large protuberant muslin screen, so twelvely veiling the celestial bosoms of the fair perambulators at Kensington, and other public places, has established its reign upon philosophical authority.—The young philosopher of the Hay Market theatre, we suspect, has been teaching some philosophical fair one of fashion how to cover herself. The veil of gauze before the words of the Eidouranon, evidently softens the scenery, and gives a delightful transcript of the "Heavens above!" Stepping from heaven to earth, it is certainly no improper transition for a philosopher apparently not out of his teens, to direct his attention towards the adjustment of certain veils, under which may be discovered milky ways, worthy to be contemplated—of divine origin—and, as well as the young astronomer's lecture, happily calculated to move the passions.

June 6. Common fame has honoured his majesty with the visit of an ambassador from his lost subjects the inhabitants of the United States of America (to grace his royal birth-day,) who it seems has produced his credentials to the secretary of state!!—His excellency ought not only to produce his own credentials from congress, but also the credentials of congress itself, certifying the power and authority of that body to treat and conclude treaties for the Thirteen United States, collectively and individually, and to enforce what they may stipulate for as well as against them. The provisional articles of peace are a standing monument of the propriety and necessity of this precaution.

When the congress by their agents, had treated with, and obtained of our agents every thing they could wish for, and it came to our turn to require something in return, and a very small something too.—Oh! then it could not be granted! Why? Because congress had no power but to recommend to the respective legislatures the matter contended for! Men of common sense and common honesty, in their right senses, would have turned upon their heels, and told them to go and get full powers to treat, to stipulate, and to perform their engagements; till then the treaty must be suspended, and what had already past must stand for nothing. To the astonishment of all the world, they concluded the treaty with these powerless gentlemen, on behalf of their powerless masters, without a single stipulation in favour of the parent country, or even a rational expectation of any favour whatsoever! Let not this blunder of all blunders be repeated in the face of the whole nation.

The emperor's consent is still wanting to the Dutch preliminary articles of peace.—It is a long way to send

to Petersburg, to consult the czarina (with whom he seems to act in close concert) upon every new proposal made by the states of Holland. The empress herself, not quite idle in her own affairs, must take some time to consider the matters referred to her, that she may not do like some people, act first and deliberate afterwards.

They advise from Paris, of the 28th ult. that it is certain matters between Holland and the emperor are now so far accommodated as to set aside all idea of war between the two powers, but that treaties are not likely to be signed for some time, as the deputies appointed by the Dutch to go to Vienna, are to settle in that city the quantum to be allowed for the emperor's expenses in making preparations in Germany and Flanders; and also the damage sustained by his imperial majesty's subjects in Flanders, by breaking the dykes at Lillo, &c.

In regard to the American trade, it is true, that but little money comes from thence, but the late exports thither, have not been wanting in corresponding returns of commodities. The last return, in skins, particularly, was as rich as in any preceding year.

A private letter from Portsmouth says, that orders are come down there to admit no strangers into the dock-yard on any pretence whatsoever; and also for the men to work extra hours to get those ships which are now repairing out of dock as soon as possible, as they are wanted to be stationed on the coast of Ireland and Scotland, to clear those seas of the smuggling vessels which now infest them, and stock the country with prohibited goods, &c.

June 8. By letters from Paris we learn, that the merchants and parliaments in vain make representations for abrogating the arret of August, 1784, the constant answer is, that it was impossible to do otherwise. It is probable that the maritime towns must submit to it with all its inconveniences. Seventy five ships which were obliged by contrary winds to put into different ports in Spain and Portugal are expected at Bourdeaux. There are a great number whose fate is unknown; nor are the apprehensions less at other ports. No fewer than 200 vessels, which ought to have arrived, are missing. Advice has been received that five American vessels, laden with sugar and coffee, have put into Hamburg, with an intention of disposing of their cargoes in that place. All these incidents, it is added, must considerably affect their commerce.

A correspondent, who has good reasons for what he suggests, recommends it to the post-masters-general to look closely to the letters that pass at present from Ireland to France and Spain, and from those countries to Ireland; for though the trade between these countries is by no means greater than it has been for some years past, yet the correspondence by letter has increased near three fold: the *compte de Vergennes* has a happy talent in bringing about revolutions. It was he who changed the government of Sweden from a limited to an absolute monarchy. It was he who severed America from the British empire. Our ministers should be watchful, lest he should succeed in severing from it another member, an object which those who know him intimately, know he has greatly at heart.

Advice was yesterday received from Falmouth, that a West-India mail, and another from New York, were arrived at that port, after short passages, and have brought over a number of letters with them. The letters from the West-Indies give an account that there will be crops of sugar more than sufficient to load all the ships in that trade, so that many of them have engaged to make a second trip this year.

NEW-YORK, July 25.

In our paper of Monday last, we mentioned a report of the Tower of London being burned; since which we find it to be the East-India company's stores, in which were consumed a million weight of tea, of different qualities, which at the lowest computation of 2s. per lb. amounts to 100,000l.

By sundry late arrivals at Boston from France, Holland and Bristol, we learn, that the dispute between the Dutch and the emperor is in an amicable way of adjustment; and that a war between the king of Prussia and the emperor is almost inevitable.—We also learn that there has been the severest drought in Europe ever known in the memory of the oldest man now living, it having rained only five small showers since Christmas to the above vessels sailing.

July 27. On the arrival of the bishop of Connecticut at his residence in New-London, the gentlemen of the Presbyterian congregation were so obliging as to offer him the use of their meeting house, in which he preached to very numerous audiences; the episcopal church had been burnt to the ground in the course of the late calamitous war, but the parsonage-house escaped, and it is now the residence of bishop Seabury.

When the last accounts came away, it was currently reported in London, that the ministry intended submitting a bill to the consideration of parliament, for constituting a board of commissioners for the purpose of enquiring into the nature of the commercial intercourse between Great-Britain and the United States of America, and to make report thereof to the house, preparatory to measures being adopted for the regulation of the commerce of the two countries.

July 28. The French, in order to strengthen their marine, and to secure a sufficient number of experienced seamen, ready to be employed on any emergency, are not only taking every step to increase their foreign com-

merce in every quarter of the globe, but are at this juncture enlarging their naval hospitals, at Brett and Toulon, in order to receive 800 more pensioners at the former, and 1200 at the latter, in all 2000 men. Super-added to this, they are also increasing their marine regiments at those ports, with 400 additional seamen at Brett and 6000 at Toulon.

The Irish congress have broke up never to meet again. Their debates not having been published, we know not of what degree of unanimity they were carried on: They have, however, published, in a very short compass, a plan of parliamentary reform; which they have recommended in the most earnest manner to the people at large.

It is reported that a new effort has been made by the king of Spain for the restitution of Gibraltar; but that Mr. Pitt, the British premier, had put a positive negative upon that requisition.

July 29. There are so many of the female sex, says a correspondent, who exhibit such a propensity to decorate the person, while the intellects are totally neglected, as threaten to plunge this country in the vortex of folly and dissipation. The contagion is so epidemic, as to diffuse itself in the most sequestered walks of life, where the neat country girl, instead of being adorned with the fripperies of the day, could content herself with the modest productions of her own industry. Luxury is the source of corruption, and the prelude of national declension and ruin. It is esteemed and it is censured; it is entertained as adorning and conducive; and it is proscribed as a wickedness with the pulpit, and the press ought to inveigh against it, as adverse to the forms of democratical government.

General Halimand is expected every hour in Canada; and we hear from good authority, that a number of engineers who lately arrived from England at Quebec, passed a few days since through Montreal on their way to the posts on our frontiers; but whether their object is to inspect and repair the works in that quarter, or to view and lay out ground for new ones within their own jurisdiction, we leave the public to conjecture.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.

Extra of a letter from New-London, dated July 21.

"Advices from Hispaniola, state, that in consequence of repeated orders from Old France, the strictest and most vigorous measures are now employed there to prevent all intercourse with foreigners, but through the free port lately established, and that only for certain articles, the ports of Cape-François, Cape Nicola Mole, Port-au-Prince, and Aux Cayes being shut against the colours of every other nation, without exception, but their own, on pain of confiscation of vessel and cargo."

We learn from Albany, that Mr. Stubbs, a Baptist minister and his son, near that city, were lately bit by a mad dog, and notwithstanding every antidote prescribed was administered, expired in the greatest agonies. Mr. Stubbs, desponding of being cured, and to prevent danger and inconvenience to his family, gave orders, previous to his arriving at the summit of his disorder, that he should be immersed to the neck in the earth, where he continued for four days in all the torture imaginable, and then expired. In consequence of the above fatal catastrophe, the mayor and corporation of Albany have passed an ordinance for the total extinction of the canine species in that city.

August 1. Tuesday last arrived here the ship Triton, captain Claas Keetke, in 11 weeks from Amsterdam, in whom came as a passenger, the daughter of his excellency M. Van Berkel, minister plenipotentiary from the United Netherlands to the United States of America.

Extra of a letter from Cadix, April 29.

"The grand armament, destined to go against Algiers, cannot be completed until the latter end of July, owing to the gun-boats and floating-batteries, which are preparing upon an entire new construction; the principle upon which they are formed, is much superior to any thing of the kind ever before invented. The ships of war are almost ready, and the transports will soon begin to take in stores and provisions. A great number of six pieces of artillery, some of which are of a turking bore, are already shipped, as also a large quantity of camp equipage. It is not announced for certainty, who will take the command, but most probably either compe O'Reilly, or Don Antonio Barceos; however, most people think the former. A great many foreign officers of distinction, both for sea and land, are arrived, and have permission to go as volunteers; among the latter are some Americans of great military courage. The Portuguese, and the powers who are to assist, have received positive orders to hold themselves in readiness and to form a junction by the middle of July at farthest; which, when together, will make an armament of prodigious force. Notwithstanding this vast equipment, it is expected the Algerines will make a vigorous resistance, it being well known that they have been strengthening and augmenting their fortifications ever since the last bombardment; and that at present they are in a very formidable state, and served by an innumerable multitude of desperate persons."

St. Mary's county, July 15, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 7th day of September next, at Leonard-town, for cash or tobacco,

PART of a tract of fine rich land, lying in Medley's Neck, containing sixty acres. Credit will be given for two or three months for part of the money. Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms and view the land, by applying to BERNED MILLS.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Joseph Turner, near Port-Tobacco, a small bay HORSE, about twelve hands high, has a hanging mane and switch tail, a star in his forehead, his hind feet white, seems lately to have had a sore back, and appears to be about seven or eight years old, branded on the near buttock I B. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

Ohio Lands, &c. for Sale.

July 10, 1785.

A FEW thousand acres, in tracts from 1400 to 150 acres, lying on the main waters of the Ohio, Kentucky, Salt-river, Green-river, and Silver creek; three tracts of 500 acres, within 6 or 8 miles of the town of Louisville, at the falls of Ohio, and one ditto of 250 acres, within 4 or 5 miles of said town, on which is a natural meadow, fit for the sitch, of 80 acres; an improved lot in the town of Louisville, one lot distant only from the main square, on which is a small house, which now rents for 120 dollars per annum; an unimproved ditto in the second street of said town, it being a corner lot, where the cross street which leads from the country intersects the laid street. Also 4 lots in the town of Cumberland, at the extremity of the navigation up Patowmack river; 2 on the main street, and 2 on an elevated situation, near where the public buildings are intended. And also a large quantity of dry goods, fit for the present and approaching season, at wholesale, two and a half per cent. lower than they are usually sold for in Maryland. Cash, tobacco, bills of exchange, negroes, or any voucher, article of trade, &c. which can operate to my credit with Messieurs Wallace, Johnson, and Muir, will be taken in payment, and an extensive credit given for part of the purchase money. Apply at William Waters's Mills, Prince George's county, to

RICHARD JONES WATERS.

August 8, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland, to make void a deed from M'Kney Smock to him or certain lands.

W 8 JOHN SMOCK.

August 9, 1785.

WAS lost, in or near Baltimore town, in September 1783, a treasury certificate, No. 943, dated the 31st of May 1783, payable to William Davis Allen, and signed Thomas Harwood. Any person having found the same, or in possession thereof, shall receive a reward of four dollars, upon delivery of it to B. F. A. C. Dahlill, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber, in Somerset county. All persons are hereby forewarned from taking an assignment of the said certificate, as it will be of no use to any person but the subscriber, measures having been taken to stop payment at the treasury.

WILLIAM DAVIS ALLEN.

July 5, 1785.

RAN away, this morning, from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man named POMPEY, about five feet eight or ten inches high, twenty-five years of age, very black and smooth faced, flammers in his speech; had on when he went away, a white shirt and a pair of new striped holland trousers; it is probable he may change his name and dress, as he took with him other cloaths, and pass for a free man; it is likely he will either make for Annapolis or Baltimore town, and endeavour to get on board some vessel, as he has formerly been used to this way. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in any gaol so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of five pounds, paid by

ROBERT SANDERS.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

August 9, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Loudon county, Virginia, on the 16th of July last, an Irish servant man, named ROBERT CALLAGHAN, a barber by trade, a slim made talkable fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, has very black hair, and remarkable black beard: He had on and took with him, an old blue broad cloth coat, light cloth waistcoat, brown Virginia cotton breeches, tread stockings, one pair of shoes, one pair of olabrig trousers, an old felt hat, one white shirt, and two olabrig ditto. The above reward will be given for securing the above described servant in any gaol, so that his master gets him again, and if brought home, reasonable charges paid, by

JOHN CRAINE.

HERE is at the plantation of Nehemiah Moxley, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a stray, a sorrel HORSE, about thirteen hands and a half high, seven years old, neither docked nor branded, a star in his forehead, has several saddle spots, trots and gallops. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

W 3

HERE is at the plantation of J. T. Chase, Esq; in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a stray, a dark brown MARE, about ten hands high, and eight years old, a snip on her nose, two hind feet white, one wall eye, and has no perceivable brand. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

RICHARD WHITE, overseer.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mrs. Anne Govan, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and all those who have claims are desired to bring them in properly authenticated, to

THOMAS MARRIOTT, executor.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS assembled, February 23, 1785.

RESOLVED, That the quartermaster-general, commissary of purchases, commissary of issues, commissary of forage, and all the late heads of departments, or their successors or agents, be required without delay, to forward to the board of treasury or to the comptroller, a list of their respective deputies who have been duly authorized to issue certificates. That the heads of departments aforesaid, and each of their deputies who have not settled their accounts, and all other persons who have issued certificates of debts due by the United States, loan-office certificates, and certificates of final settlement excepted, be required forthwith to deliver to the board of treasury, or to some commissioner of accounts in the State where such persons reside, a fair abstract of all the certificates which they have issued, and they shall specify those certificates for which they have taken receipts as for cash paid, and a copy of those abstracts shall be transmitted by the board of treasury to the several commissioners of accounts, to whom they may be of use in detecting frauds.

That a copy of these resolutions be published in the gazettes or public newspapers of the several States, and that if any person or persons so required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect for the space of two months from such publication, to deliver a full and just account of the certificates, he or they have issued, the board of treasury, or in case it is not at the time organized, the comptroller, shall take proper steps for causing him or them to be prosecuted according to law.

RESOLVED, That the commissioners of accounts be instructed, to be careful how they admit charges against the United States, on certificates which are not duly supported by the authority of congress, and the accounts of the officers who have issued them.

CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

An ACT for the discovery of confiscated British property.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the intendant of the revenue be authorized and required, at any time before the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-six, to call on all persons having confiscated British property in their possession, or the title papers thereof or relating thereto, to discover and make known, and deliver up the same, and if the said intendant has probable and good ground to suspect, that any person holds the same in trust for any British subject, or conceals the same, or any deeds, writings or evidence of the title to such property, he may and shall direct the attorney-general to file a bill in the high court of chancery, on behalf of this State, for the discovery of such trust or concealed property, and for delivering up such deeds, writings, and evidence of title to the same, and thereupon proceedings shall be had, and decree made, according to the rules of the high court of chancery in such cases.

And be it enacted, That if any person having possession of any confiscated British property, and not having a fair claim of title thereto, or having obtained the possession of any property formerly belonging to any British subject, in virtue of any gift, grant, sale, devise, or conveyance, made or executed since the nineteenth of April seventeen hundred and seventy-five, and before the first of December seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, by any person declared to be a British subject by the act to seize, confiscate and appropriate, all British property within this State, with intent and design to cover and protect such property from confiscation, or by any conveyance, gift, grant, sale or devise, made since the first of December seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, by any person declared a British subject as aforesaid, not bona fide in pursuance of some contract or agreement made before that day in writing, or for the just payment of a debt due before that day by the person making such grant, conveyance or sale, to the person receiving the same, and shall not discover the same property, and the circumstances under which the same is held, and deliver up the same and the title papers thereof to the intendant of the revenue, by the first day of January in the year seventeen hundred and eighty-six, such person shall forfeit one fourth of the value of the property; and if any person having possession of any such property shall voluntarily discover the same, the intendant shall have full power and authority to sell the same to such person at a reasonable price, secured to be paid to this State, and after the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-six, the intendant, on waiving the penalty, may direct a bill to be filed as aforesaid, against any person having possession of such property.

3

Prince-George's county, July 25, 1785.

Will be offered for sale, on Thursday the 25th day of August next,

THE subscriber's valuable plantation, containing about two hundred acres, lying on Mattawoman, within three miles of Piscataway-town; the soil is remarkably good for wheat, corn, tobacco, &c. This land has a great quantity of meadow ground, that may be cultivated with a very small expence; the improvements are, a large and convenient dwelling house, and sundry out-houses, a good peach and apple orchard. The terms will be made known on the day, which will be made as easy as possible to the purchaser.

W 3

HEZEKIAH WYNN.

2

THE business not being in sufficient forwardness at Upper Marlborough, on the 9th instant, to elect a visitor for the college to be erected on the western shore of Maryland, all gentlemen who have subscribed to papers in the hands of gentlemen in Prince George's county, and who did not vote at Nottingham on the 8th instant, are requested to meet at Upper Marlborough on the first of September next, to proceed to that election.

MANAGERS.

JOHN CARROLL, RICHARD SPRIGG, WILLIAM SMITH, JOHN STERET, P. ALLISON, GEORGE DIGGES.

Office for confis

To be SOLD, honourable the Monday the 23rd of July, in Baltimore.

SUNDRY SITUATE within which belonged were purchased by the terms of sale.

ble and best situated right to a yard Park, with part of 610 acres, which pany, and two miles above Baltimore Daniel Dulany, sold at a former fair October 1781. T each, and are equal in the State. At the divided half of a Valley's Point, which Mackie, and was 1781.

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The whole to be January 1790, for certificate, the inter

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To be sold by public Baltimore-town, the 5th day of September, at the forenoon, and

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t R. S.
IARD SPRIGG,
N STERET,
RGE DIGGES.

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, July 19, 1785.

To be SOLD, in pursuance of directions from the honourable the intendand of the revenue, on Monday the 22d of August next, at Mr. McCandless's, in Baltimore-town,

SUNDRY valuable lots and tracts of land, situate within a few miles of Baltimore-town, which belonged to the Principio company, which were purchased at former sales made by the commissioners by persons who have not complied with the terms of sale. Also, several of the most valuable and best situated lots of Whetstone Point; the state's right to a valuable tract of land called James's Park, with part of Swanfon and Simson, containing 610 acres, which belonged to the Nottingham company; and two valuable lots of land lying a few miles above Baltimore-town, which belonged to Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, and which were sold at a former sale made by the commissioners in October 1781. These lots contain about 200 acres each, and are equal, in fertility of soil, to any land in the state. At the same time will be sold, an undivided half of a valuable wharf and warehouse on Fall's Point, which formerly belonged to Ebenezer Mackie, and was sold by the commissioners in April 1781.

On the 12th of August next, will be sold, at Frederick-town, two lots of Monocacy manor, No. 37 containing 128 acres, and No. 85 containing 90 acres.

The whole to be sold on credit till the first day of January 1790, for current money, or any specie state certificate, the interest to be paid annually

C. HOLLYDAY,
G. DUVALL.

Baltimore, July 1, 1785.

Lands for Public Sale.

To be sold by public vendue, at the vendue store in Baltimore-town, and the sale to commence, on the 5th day of September next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue until all are sold.

ABOUT 4650 acres of very valuable land, the property of the Baltimore company, viz. one tract, containing about 2800 acres, adjoining Fall town, the greater part of it very well wooded, the soil tolerably good, and lays well for farming. Philipburgh, containing about 900 acres, lays nearly adjoining said town, and on the banks of Chesapeake river and Harris's creek, where the navigation is very good, and there may be several good and commodious ship-yards easily made;—this tract bounds with different kinds of timber and fire-wood, and contains several swamps and valleys, which may be made into valuable meadow, and a considerable quantity of the upland well adapted to farming. Gortsch, containing about 500 acres, this tract adjoining Philipburgh, and extends down to the point opposite the fort, which forms the mouth of our harbour, and lays two miles on navigable water; there has been formerly a few acres of this land cleared; but the remainder of it abounds with large white timber, chiefly white oak of the first quality for ship-building, and with fire-wood; on this tract there is a very large proportion of valuable meadow and upland of the first quality for farming.—In short the many advantages it has, over most other lands, renders it the admiration of all who examine it.

Three small tracts, lying round the Old Mount Royal forge, on both sides of Jones's falls, about one and a half miles from said town, containing about 250 acres; on this land there are three excellent mill-seats, on one of which stands the old forge; with other considerable improvements.—About one of these tracts is very well wooded; but what exceedsingly to its value, there are a considerable number of quarries of excellent stone for building.

Bare-Hills, containing about 200 acres, laying about six miles from said town, in the neighbourhood of Darby Lux, and will be particularly described at the time of sale.

The whole of these lands will be laid off in lots of various sizes, according to their situations, and as it may be thought will best suit the purchasers. As there are many beautiful situations for gentlemen's country seats, a number of lots will be laid off for that purpose, and the remainder in mill-seats, stone quarries, gardens and farms.

The terms of sale of these lands are the one tenth of the purchase money of the three tracts, laying round the Mount Royal forge, to be paid down the next day after the sale; and bonds with approved security, payable in five years from that date on interest, to be paid annually, for the residue;—and for the remaining tracts, one twentieth part of the purchase money to be paid down the next day after the sale, and bond with interest in the same manner as aforesaid, for the residue.

Plans of the whole will be made out in a short time for the examination of the public—any person desirous of viewing Philipburgh, or Gortsch, before the day of sale, are requested to apply to Mr. Miles above, living on the latter; those who may be desirous to view the other lands, are requested to apply to captain Zachariah Mackabin, surveyor on Howard's Hill, Baltimore. Attendance will be given at the time and place of sale, by

ABRAHAM VAN BIBBER,
CLEMENT BROOKE,
JOHN MERYMAN.

A LIST of Letters remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, from the fifth of April to the fifth of July 1785, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of October next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

WILLIAM BIGGS, Annapolis; Lucas W. Barber, Francis Brooks, St. Mary's county; Dr. James Bates, Patuxent; Andrew Beaty, Nantemo; Mess. Barnes, Benedict Brice, Maryland; Elizabeth Bowens, Nanticoke; Mr. Brady, sinnguxent; rev. Richard Brown, Charles county.

Joseph Clark, Annapolis; Stephen Chandler, Samuel Chandler, Charles county; Joseph Cowman, Head of South river; Robert Chisley, St. Mary's county; David Carcaud, Nottingham.

J. and S. Davidson, Donaldson and Stoth, Annapolis; Mr. Doyle, J. C. Drewitz, Port-Tobacco; James Dickinson, Great Choptank.

Mr. Fairbourn, Matthew Froughin, Annapolis; John Forbes (2), Benedict; Alexander Ferrar (2), Hunting-creek; James Ferrah, Chester; Philip Fedde-man, Chester mill; Gabriel Forson, Talbot county.

Samuel Galloway, Tulip-hill; Adam Gray, Queen-Anne's county; James Grahame, Lower Marlborough; Edward Griffin, Nottingham; Jacob Gwinn, Landsale Godfrey, Port-Tobacco; Samuel Grahame (5), Newport.

Robert Harrison, John Hannah (2), Mr. Holigue, Alexander C. Hanton, rev. William Hughes, Hugh Harkin, Mr. James, Annapolis; Thomas Harwood, 31, Maryland; Charlotte Hefelius, Primrose hill; David Hart, Kent county; William Hunter, Port-Tobacco; Abraham Hooper, Calvert county; Robert Harrison, Cambridge; Hulse and Groomid, L. Bay.

Thomas Johnson (3), Patuxent; Gilbert Ireland, Lyon's-creek; Rinaldo Johnson, Maryland.

Thomas Keimer, Leonard town. James Lloyd, Talbot county; G. R. Leiper, Lucy Leiper, Piscataway; John Lilly, Port-Tobacco.

Samuel Maynard, Herring-bay; Austin Milburn, St. Mary's county; Samuel Mitchell, Charles county; rev. Joseph Messenger, St. Andrew's glebe; John Montgomerie, Queen-Anne's county; Stephen Mason, Chopwanick; John Morgan, Blandberry; Andrew M'Wherter, Patuxent; Richard Mason, Newport.

James Pearce, capt. William Parker (2), Annapolis; John Page, Kent county; Levin Parker, Dorchester county; Charles Price, Queen-Anne's county.

Allen Quinn, Annapolis. William Roberts, col. William Richardson, Annapolis; David Reed, Johnston's ferry; Alexander Rutter, Anne-Arundel county; Edward Reynolds, Calvert county; James Ratcliff, Port-Tobacco.

George Stalker, Annapolis; John Sommerville, John Suttler, St. Mary's county; John Scott, Kent county; Joseph Sparrow, Prince-George's county; Francis Sil-lins, Tuckahoe bridge; James Smith, Worcester county; Clement Smith, Calvert county; Edward Smoot, Charles county; Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

James Tootell, Annapolis, Raphael Thomson, Charles county; Peter Thomson, St. Mary's county.

Major Samuel Wright; Nathan Wood, Thomasin White, Annapolis; Theodore Wederstrandt, Wye-river; Mrs. Wilson, Patuxent; Robert Wilson, Queen's town; David Weems (2), Herring-bay; William Weems (4), Pig-point.

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

Intendant's office, July 22, 1785.

Confiscated Property for Sale.

To be SOLD, at Annapolis, on Saturday the 20th day of August, for specie, or certificates liquidated for specie,

PART of a tract of land called Piney-Grove, in which is included a tract of land called Hanch-liff's-Range, containing upwards of 1100 acres; this land adjoins Severn river and is well wooded. At the same time and place will be sold, two tracts of land adjacent to each other, called Deep Creek and Flushing, containing upwards of 200 acres; these lands lie between Severn and Magothy rivers.

At Baltimore town, on Tuesday the 30th day of August, will also be sold; two tracts of land, containing 650 acres, late the property of James French. Pierce's Encouragement, 1000 acres, of John Hyde. Fell's Dale, 200 acres. — Pearson, 500 acres of land upon Hunting-Ridge. 900 acres near Ellicott's mill. Some lands near Baltimore-town, and a tract of land in Cecil county, called the Widow's Lot, patented for 800 acres, if not sold at private sale before the day above-mentioned.

On Thursday the first day of September, 4200 acres of land, in Baltimore and Harford counties, the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, to be laid off in convenient lots. On Thursday the 8th day of September, at Daniel Walker's tavern, will also be sold, part of My Lady's Manor, and the reserved lands in Baltimore county. And on Monday the 19th day of September, at Green's tavern, Coup town, the reserved lands in Harford county. A moiety of Moriton's Lot, containing 200 acres. The Grove, 800 acres. Dunkield, 500 acres, &c. &c. Bonds with approved security will be required, payable the first day of January 1789.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.

July 18, 1785.

I HEREBY give this public notice, that I have appointed Martin Norris to take, pay, receive, and give receipt in every matter and thing whatsoever, relative to the estate of Mary Gover, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, which receipts or acquittances shall be good and effectual in law, as though done by myself.

SAMUEL GOVER, executor.

The subscriber has just imported a large and extensive assortment of books, stationery, jewelry, &c.

AMONG which are, books in history, biography, poetry, voyages, and travels, &c. medical philosophical, and political, with a great collection of novels, most of them in elegant bindings; folio, quarto, octavo, and pocket sizes; English and French prayer books; manuals, hymns, psalters, &c. large and small testaments; Dilworth's, Dyche's, Watts's, and Fisher's spelling books; Wettenhall's Latin and Greek grammars; Brightland's, Priestley's, Greenwood's, and other English grammars; Johnson's, Bailey's, and Dyche's, and other dictionaries; superfine thick and thin folio and quarto post, thick and thin gilt and black edge ditto, foolscap, and pot writing paper; blue and demy blotting and Crown paper; large royal broad folio, medium, demy, and foolscap ledgers, ruled and plain, with proper alphabets, bound in rough calf; long and broad folio, quarto, demy, and foolscap account books; common place books, neatly bound and clasped; demy and foolscap, long and broad, ruled and plain, folio and quarto waste and day books, in marble covers; demy and foolscap red leather memorandum books, ruled and plain, interleaved, &c. large and small superfine message cards; demy and foolscap paper cases; large and small drawing and copy books; paste board files; marble palettes; lead note presses, round and flat rulers; paint shells and painting brushes; square and round pewter and lead ink stands; ivory and polished leather ink pots; large and best English and Dutch pens and quills; large and small slates, with slate pencils; a great variety of the most fashionable and superb large and small gentlemen and ladies etwice cases, with silver edges and locks; demy and foolscap red Morocco and black Liverpool stropt pocket books; asses skin memorandum books of various sizes; gentlemen and ladies writing and shaving boxes; black leather pocket ditto; fine razors and razor stropps; shaving boxes, with fine scented soap; black hair riband and pins; fine tortoiseshell and other large and small tooth combs; tooth pick cases and brushes; fine enamelled with cut glass smelling bottles; nutmeg graters, and needle case ditto; elegant tortoiseshell and fine polished leather silver mounted snuff boxes; paper and japan'd ditto; a great variety of ladies set and paste shoe buckles; gentlemen's set knee ditto; paste breast pins; gold lockets, rings, and ear-rings; gold and silver vellum lace; elegant gold and silver spangled buttons; sleeve ditto; gilt and fine steel watch chains, and seals with elegant cyphers; cane strings; fine sliding silk purses; gentlemen's fine beaver gloves; plated shoe and knee buckles; metal and pinchbeck ditto; plated and steel spurs; fine ivory and black horn table knives and forks; sugar nippers; fine pen knives with cases; scissars; temple spectacles; cork-screws, &c. a great variety of childrens red and green Morocco pumps; little histories, &c. drawing instruments with surgeons lancets; German Rules and instructors for ditto; fowling pieces, and silver mounted pistols; elegant aquatintoes, mezzotintoes, and engraved prints, some of them executed in a masterly manner; charts of the Chesapeake bay, and maps of North-America on cloth and framed; a great assortment of plays and farces; fine shining patent blacking cakes; buckle brushes; fishing hooks and lines; gentlemen's elastic hat bands; lawyers red tape; black lead pencils; superfine sealing wax and wafers; gold leaf, &c.

2. STEPHEN CLARK.

N. B. Binding in all its various branches, port folios of all sorts and sizes executed in a neat and elegant manner, and on the shortest notice, by S. C.

Intendant's office, July 19, 1785.

THE intendant of the revenue informs all persons who have bonds in the treasury, that monies and securities have been lodged in it, which, together with one sixth of the unbonded debt as will be sufficient for the redemption of the emissions of June 1780, and that in consequence thereof a draught of bonds has become unnecessary; but he takes the liberty of informing those persons who have hitherto neglected to pay the sixth part of their debt in specie, or of the aforesaid emissions, that the intendant will, without discrimination, bring suits to October court against all defaulters in this respect, and compel payment according to contracts; he also informs all persons who are indebted for interest that do not pay it by the first of September next, agreeably to the act for consolidating the funds, that he will put the bonds of every such person, without distinction, in suit. All collectors of the taxes are likewise informed, that unless they pay into the respective treasuries the monies they are in arrear, that indulgence can no longer be given.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.

To be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

L A W S O F M A R Y L A N D,

Passed November Session, 1784.

LIKEWISE,

A REPLY to an ADDRESS to the ROMAN CATHOLICS of the United States of America, by the Author of A Letter to the Roman Catholics of the City of Worcester.

July 5, 1785.
PETITION will be offered to the next general assembly, praying that an act may pass empowering certain commissioners to lay off convenient roads to Hamburg warehouse, in St. Mary's county. A petition will also be offered to suppress or discontinue inspection of tobacco at Piles and Chaptico.

Mount Azile, July 3, 1785.
STOLEN or strayed from the subscriber's plantation, Mount Azile, in Prince-George's county, Maryland, about two miles and a half from Alexandria ferry, the 16th of last month, two very likely mares, one between eight and nine years old, fifteen hands high, has a short tail, a chestnut bay, blind of one eye, and is in foal; the other four years and a half old, thirteen hands high, a dark bay, well made, pretty head, wild breed, and very lively. Those who will stop the mares, and secure them so that I get them again, shall have a guinea reward if taken within fifteen miles of home, and two guineas if taken farther, with reasonable charges, paid by

P. SAVARY.

Annapolis, July 13, 1785.
To be SOLD for cash, or country produce, ABOUT one hundred and fifty acres of land, lying on one of the branches of Patuxent, Elk-Ridge, near Mr. Joseph White's mill, about twenty-four miles from this city, and about eighteen from Baltimore-town; on it is a new dwelling house thirty feet by eighteen, an old kitchen, and a tolerable good apple orchard; there are one hundred acres of cleared land, the other fifty in wood.

JOHN CHALMERS.

IN COUNCIL, June 23, 1785.
RESOLVED, That it is the opinion of this board, that no claim against British debtors be allowed in order for payment, under the act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the liquidation and payment of debts, &c. until proper satisfaction is given this board, that the British debtor has not debts due him in this state sufficient to discharge the said claims, agreeably to the act, entitled, An act to seize, confiscate and appropriate, all British property within this state.

RESOLVED, That the above resolution be published in the news-papers for the information of all such claimants as aforesaid.

By order,

T. JOHNSON, jun. clk.

Talbot court-house, July 4, 1785.
To be LET, for a term of years,
THE plantation of the subscriber, now in possession of Clement Hollyday, Esq; with six working negroes; it contains about three hundred and twelve acres; the soil good and situation healthy and pleasant, and convenient to one of the best markets for the feller in the United States; there will be a quantity of wheat sowed this fall. Possession will be given the first day of January next. No person need apply who will not give approved security for payment of the rents and performance of the covenants to be made, if required. For terms apply to Mr. Thomas Hyde, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber.

DAVID KERR.

Annapolis, June 24, 1785.
THE late officers and soldiers of the Maryland line of the army, whose accounts with the United States remain unsettled, are hereby informed, that the office for adjusting their claims in this state will be closed the first day of next October; and those who neglect to apply before that period will be under the necessity of attending at the commissioners' office for settling with the army, near congress, to obtain their arrears. The subscriber therefore requests all those concerned to make their demands before the abovementioned period, after which no claim can be admitted.

JOHN WHITE, commissioner.

The officers will take notice, that the account for arrears of subsistence after January 1782, is not included in the above, and that as soon as it can be ascertained proper notice will be given where to apply.

J. W.

WHEREAS I made over a tract of land, lying on Little Choptank river, in Dorchester county, to William Steele, for which I received his bond, which he never discharged, and who since died insolvent; I therefore do give this public notice, that I intend to petition the general assembly for an act to pass, confirming my title to the said tract of land.

ROBERT WILSON.

A few Copies of
CHAMPION ON COMMERCE,
To be sold at the Printing-Office.

LAW OF MARYLAND.

THE subscriber, printer to the state, takes leave to inform all persons who wish to have a copy of the laws of Maryland, from Bacon's abridgement up to the end of the last session of assembly, with the resolutions of the several conventions, the proceedings of the convention that framed the constitution, the declaration of rights and form of government, and the articles of confederation, that, by order of the general assembly, he shall begin that work in a few months, under the direction of Alexander C. Hanson and Samuel Chase, Esquires; and as he intends to strike but a few copies more than what are ordered for the public use, or engaged by individuals, has sent subscription papers to the clerks of the several counties, and a number of other gentlemen in each county, for the purpose of collecting the names of those persons desirous of securing a copy of this useful and necessary work, which will be printed with a new letter, on a good paper, of the same size, and nearly on the same plan, with Bacon's, to be delivered (at a particular place in each county) bound in leather, at three pounds each copy. Having requested a return of the subscriptions by the middle of August, he hopes those who mean to subscribe will do it before that time, or they will lose the opportunity of purchasing so valuable a book.

FREDERICK GREEN.

Annapolis, May, 1785.

May 24, 1785.
On the 20th day of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be sold on the premises,

A VALUABLE tract of land, lying in Stafford county, Virginia, well watered, and abounding with good timber. The south bounds of the land are within twelve miles of Fredericksburg, and the north bounds about five miles from Dumfries, both considerable and growing towns. The east bounds are about one mile from Aquia warehouse, and crosses Aquia run at the fork where the north and south branches divide, each extending westward through the whole land, and will furnish several valuable mill seats. At the fork of the two branches on the eastern bounds, and where both may be included, there is a remarkable convenient seat, with abundance of water, for a large merchant mill and saw mill, with plenty of stone for building, and heights to erect mills of any construction. Adjoining to this seat are upwards of one thousand acres of uncleared land, abounding with timber proper for a saw mill, such as large white oak and pine, of the latter many large enough for ships lower masts. The annual rents now on the lands are upwards of twenty-two thousand pounds of tobacco, and there are upwards of four thousand acres still unsettled. It is a remarkable healthy place, and from its number of branches and small natural meadows, affords good grazing for stock. The whole is laid off in thirty two lots from one hundred and fifty to three hundred and fifty acres, for the convenience of purchasers; and a draught may be seen, and the land shown on application to colonel Bailey Washington, whose residence is adjoining to it. The conditions and terms of sale are as follow: The lots to be sold respectively at public sale, to the highest bidder, in sterling money, or good London bills of exchange. Gold and silver will be taken at its value, and crop tobacco of one thousand net, inspected within the year, will be received in discount at such price as may be agreed on. Deals to be given with a general warranty. One third of the purchase money to be paid down, one third in two years, and the other third in three years, from the day of sale, with legal interest to be paid annually. Bonds to be given with approved security, and if the annual interest, being demanded, is not paid within three months after it becomes due, the indulgence of credit shall be forfeited, and a suit may be commenced to recover both principal and interest. Any purchaser making the second and third payments, or any part of either, on the day of sale, will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. on such sum. Any person or persons inclinable to purchase the whole before the day of sale, shall have it at a moderate price, on paying down one half the purchase money; and giving bond on interest, with approved security, conditioned as above, for payment of the other half within five years from the time of sale.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

London-town, May 25, 1785.
RAN away from the subscriber, the 28th of March last, a negro lad named WILL PRIMUS, about 20 or 22 years of age, tall and slender, has a long visage, and thick under lip, he is very artful, and a great rogue; he has been seen about the neighbourhood of Annapolis within these three weeks, but it is probable he has by this time gone farther, perhaps to Baltimore, as he has some acquaintances there. Whoever will bring him to me, or secure him so that I get him again, shall receive three pounds, if taken out of this county five pounds.

JAMES McCULLOCH.

Houses and lots for sale.

March 23, 1785.
THEE very valuable houses and lots, standing on Prince-George's street, one of the most commodious and convenient streets for trade of any in the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to the subscriber.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

Charles county, near Newport, July 18, 1785.
RAN away from the subscriber, the 14th instant, a likely negro man named SAM, alias SAMUEL JOHNSON, and has frequently passed under the names of James Willis and Samuel Perkins, by the latter he had a pass by a person in Baltimore, under the appellation of a magistrate. Sam is about 23 years old, near 6 feet high, of a yellowish complexion, has a down impudent look, is pitted with the small-pox, and has a remarkable cut with an ax on one of his legs, which may not yet be well; had on when he went off, an old pair of trousers, of snabrig shirt worn through at the elbows, an old short blue jacket without sleeves, and an old hat; he is an artful rogue, born on the eastern shore, and is well known there and in Baltimore, where he ran away from his master in time of the war, was taken up in Philadelphia, after making several voyages to the West-Indies, has been latterly sent to Baltimore for sale, he then made his escape for several days, but was luckily apprehended, and is now, I understand, making for that place, and it is more than probable will pass by many other names, as he has informed several, since gone, that he is free, and others that he has a master in Baltimore, and is going home to inform him of his being wrecked down the bay, carrying him a parcel of goods. Whoever takes up the above negro, and brings him to me, shall receive the above reward, by

PEREGRINE THORN.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Piscataway, Prince-George's county, July 27, 1785.
STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, on the 27th of June last, an elegant grey gelding, about nine or ten years old, and about fourteen hands and a half high, has a star in his forehead, hanging mane, and switch tail; this horse is very spirited, and trots remarkably rough, has lately been drove in a carriage, the marks of which slightly appear on his shoulders; lost one of his fore shoes a few days before he was taken away. Whoever takes up and secures the said horse so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and I brought home all reasonable expences, paid by

JOHN FRASER BOWIE.

Prince-George's county, July 12, 1785.
To be SOLD, on four years credit, THAT beautiful and well improved plantation where the subscriber now lives, within nine miles of Queen-Anne, eleven of Bladensburg, twenty-one of Annapolis, thirty of Baltimore-town, and within a few miles of several good grist and saw mills; it contains four hundred and fifteen acres of good fertile land; this plantation is remarkably well watered, two never failing streams running through it, and several delightful springs; there are about thirty-five acres of excellent meadow ground; the land is about half cleared and under good fences, in complete order for cropping; great part of the remainder is well timbered. The improvements are a good stone dwelling house thirty-two feet by eighteen, with a cellar under the whole, a kitchen eighteen feet square with a brick chimney, a negro quarter twenty-four feet by sixteen with a stone chimney, a paved garden, out-houses and stables three excellent tobacco houses; all these buildings are in good repair; there are two other dwelling houses detached from the former; one is twenty-four feet square with a brick chimney, three rooms on a floor, a paved garden, and several out-houses the other dwelling house is small. Few plantations excel this for fruit of all kinds both in quality and quantity; there are one hundred and fifty cherry trees, and in a good fruitful year ten thousand gallons of cider of the best quality can be made; the fruit trees of all kinds are young and thriving. This land will be sold together or divided into lots as may best suit the purchaser or purchasers, and it is not sold at private sale before the twenty-fifth day of August next, it will then on that day be sold at public vendue, on the premises. Bond with approved security will be required, bearing interest from the tenth day of December next, when possession will be given, by

RICHARD HIGGINS.

June 22, 1785.
To be SOLD, on the premises, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 16th of August next, A VALUABLE plantation, containing about four hundred acres of land, whereon the subscriber lately lived, situated and lying in Montgomery county, about seven miles from Bladensburg, twelve miles from George-town, and the same distance from the court-house in said county; the soil well adapted to Indian corn, fine tobacco, and small grain, with a plenty of wood to support the plantation; the improvements are, a good dwelling house, kitchen, negro quarters, two good tobacco houses, with good apple and peach orchards. One third of the purchase money to be paid in six months, one third in eighteen months, and the other one third in two years and a half from the day of sale, to be on bond with approved security.

SAMUEL HARWOOD.

MARLBOROUGH GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1785.

H A G U E, June 5.

AST night the states general received an express from their ambassadors at Paris; on the subject whereof an assembly of the deputies of their high mightinesses assembled this morning. This express contained an answer to the last dispatches, wherein a demand was made to the emperor, whether his armies would be at liberty to commit any acts of hostility during the stay of the republic's ambassador at Vienna. The answer is said to be perfectly satisfactory.

June 6. The states of Holland and West Friesland have complied with the petition of a great number of respectable merchants and traders of Dordrecht, Amsterdam, Saardam, Rotterdam, and Schiedam, the payer of which is, that certain moderate duties may be imposed on all vessels entering the ports of that province, in proportion to the navigation in which they are employed, and that the produce may be applied towards the completion and maintenance of the maritime academy, which the city, zealous for the prosperity of their country, instituted four years ago. Ships from the East-Indies and the Cape of Good Hope are each to pay 14 florins; those from the West Indies, the Coast of Guinea, America, and the Mediterranean, 6 florins, and other vessels in proportion.

June 8. It is generally reported here, that the pacific negotiations are in a favourable train for being brought to a speedy conclusion, and that the news of the approaching compromise of differences will be shortly published by authority. The prospect of peace is more promising, since it has been found that the movements of the imperial armies in the Netherlands are not considerable enough to justify the supposition, that the emperor any longer entertains hostile designs.

L O N D O N, June 7.

Letters from Constantinople of the latter end of April, mention the probability of a rupture between Russia and the Porte. The new arrangement of officers, and their well known dispositions, added to the apparent warlike preparations of the Porte, give rise to this probability.

June 8. Mr. Adams, the American minister, will be presented to the queen to-morrow; and afterwards having announced himself in that character to the foreign ambassadors, receive the visits of such as are of equal rank with himself.

According to letters from Lisbon, the American treaty with the court of Portugal is now concluded, and the Americans are going to establish a factory in that city, with the content of her most faithful majesty.

The arrival of an ambassador from America will be the cause of sending out another to that country. Great inconveniences have arisen for want of a minister there of that quality, as well to the commercial as the political interests of both nations. To remedy these, it is said, the earl of Effingham is to go to America in that capacity.

Dr. Oliver advised Mr. Blake (the young officer who went up in Lockwood's balloon) to try the power of a magnet, when up in the atmosphere, as he was of opinion it would lose a considerable part of its force. Mr. Blake accordingly made the experiment, and declares, that the magnet lost full one half of its attractive power.

Extra of a letter from Paris, May 25.

Colonel Jefferson, minister plenipotentiary from the United States of America, has had a private audience of the king, in which he has presented his credentials to his majesty. He was conducted to that audience, as also to those of the queen and the royal family, with the usual ceremonies.

June 10. The principal object of Mr. Adams's mission to the British court, is to restore the intercourse between the United States, and the British islands, in the West-Indies. His ability to gain this point is much aided in by congress. And it is an incontrovertible fact, that both the United States and the British islands, equally desire it, and stand in great need of it. The states know not where to send all their provisions and sugar; the islands not where to get these articles. An intercourse, under certain regulations, is for the interest of both.—Some time ago the West-India merchants solicited our ministers to grant this intercourse; but met with a refusal. Whether the address of Mr. Adams will have better fortune, time will shew.

Yesterday John Adams, Esq; the American plenipotentiary to the court of Great Britain, with his lady and daughter, were presented to their majesties, at the drawing room.

Yesterday morning, Mr. Adams waited on Mr. Pitt, and had a very long audience.

Yesterday arrived a mail from New York, brought by the Antelope packet, captain Kempthorne, in twenty-nine days.

The Spaniards are more and more dissatisfied with the independency of America, notwithstanding any political appearance to the contrary. The states of Carolina and Georgia have begun already to encroach on Florida, as a specimen of what they are to expect from such near neighbours in a few years; and the king of Cuba is too tempting not to create great uneasiness on its account.

June 11. Though the sending the Dutch ministers to this is a great obstacle to signing the preliminaries, it is said that the principal difficulty springs from the king of the province of Holland not being yet

changed into a general resolution, owing to the diversity of sentiments on several important points. Four provinces have refused to consent to the departure of those ambassadors for Vienna, looking upon it as a step derogatory to the honour of the republic.

The tax upon law is good. Phycic and divinity stand over to next session. All priests, whose livings exceed such a sum, ought to be taxed; for no persons lead a more lazy life. And as to phycic, it is become a mere luxury: for if no more of it were to be swallowed than the infirmities of nature require, the faculty would not keep their carriages!

In the night between the 3d and 4th of May, a courier arrived at Vienna, with dispatches from the imperial ambassador at Versailles; containing an account of an amicable overture which had been made to him concerning the negotiations carrying on at the Porte, of which his most christian majesty had received particular advices from the count de Choiseul Gouffier, the French ambassador at Constantinople. In consequence of this, a courier was dispatched to Petersburg on the 6th. In the mean time the Porte is daily raising new difficulties, and throwing in every possible embarrassment, to retard, if not entirely break off the negotiation, and the private letters from Constantinople give room for the most serious apprehensions. The emperor on his side is not idle: taking umbrage at the Turks assembling an army on the banks of the Neiper, the pretence for which is to cover their frontiers on the side of Russia, he has, besides the three ordinary camps, given orders for a fourth, to be formed at Pest in Hungary, consisting of 80,000 men. In order to remount part of his cavalry he has likewise given a commission for purchasing 3000 horses in Holstein, 1600 of which are already arrived in Bohemia; their price is 85 rix-dollars for every cuirassier's horse, and 75 for every dragoon horse.

June 13. By general Haldimand's return to Canada as governor, a saving accrues to the public of £.1500 per annum, which he receives as salary for a sinecure office in the West-India islands, when not invested with one superior to it.

A great number of half pay officers have lately set out for Nova-Scotia and New-Brunswick, to take possession of the lands to which they are entitled for their past services in America. The allowance is five hundred acres for a subaltern, two thousand for a captain, and in proportion to the higher and lower orders, with twelve months provision, gratis, for themselves and their families.

Extra of a letter from Paris, May 25.

"Yesterday Messieurs Aiban and Vallet ascended with a balloon, constructed by order of the comte de Artois, from Javel, and passing over the river near the wood of Boulogne, they navigated the aerial vehicle to Bagatelle, for the purpose of gratifying the curiosity of M. le duc de Angoulême, and M. le duc de Berry. When they had been in the air about three hours, the wind became very powerful; but a calm ensuing, they renewed their manoeuvres, whereby they successfully transported themselves at pleasure from Bagatelle to Longchamp, and from Longchamp to Bagatelle. The discovery of the art of descending without the evaporation of gas, or the discharge of ballast, is certainly a great improvement in the art of aërostation, for which the public are indebted to the skill of these ingenious aerial voyagers. Though the balloon had been inflated for six weeks, it appeared not to have lost any of the inflammable air at the time of its descent."

A few days since two men, who were a disgrace to human nature, eat twenty-one pounds and a quarter of mutton chops and beef steaks, with two three-penny loaves, and vegetables in proportion, for a wager, at the Lower Fox, near Baptist mills, Bristol; one of them, who had devoured above eleven pounds, and was consequently the winner, declared he could with pleasure eat three pounds more.

July 14. We hear from Edinburgh, that a great tumult began on the celebration of the king's birth-day, on the 4th of June. The people convened in the evening became exceedingly riotous, maltreating and abusing some of their fellow-citizens. Several were apprehended, but the leaders are not yet discovered. A proclamation and reward is published by the lord provost and the magistrates, who do all in their power; but we are sorry to find it had no effect on the 6th instant, when the post left Edinburgh.

It is said that Mr. Adams, the American ambassador, was so embarrassed at his first audience, as not to pronounce the compliment prescribed by etiquette. The great person before whom he stood very good-naturedly passed by the omission, and told him, that though it could not be a pleasing circumstance to receive an embassy from those who were once his subjects, yet as the right was injured to them by treaty, he, Mr. Adams, might depend upon being treated with every mark of regard and protection.

Let us suppose, that the court of Madrid is actually employed in digressing a plan for opening a trade between the western coasts of South-America and foreign nations, by constituting therein three free ports: it is said, that the plan has already gone so far, that these ports are actually named, being Baldivia, in Chili—Bonaventure Bay, in New-Grenada—and Cinabaz, in New-Mexico.

In consequence of the shop tax having received the royal assent yesterday, the shops in general, from Chancery-Lane to the temple, were not opened this morn-

ing; in Fleet-street some few were opened; Ludgate-hill and Cheap-side were not quite so sombre; in New-gate-street about one third of the shops were shut; and in Tottenham court road and Oxford-street the mob broke the windows of several houses, on account of their owners refusing to shut up their shops.

June 15. The mob in the evening was extremely riotous in many parts of Westminster, and a strong guard was placed round Mr. Pitt's house, in Downing-street. A number of effigies of Mr. Pitt was burnt in several places of the town, but we did not hear of any mischief done.

Extra of a letter from Dunkirk, June 7.

"An American ship the Virginia Packet, Steane, from Maryland, is seized here for a contraband trade; and as is customary all the crew are sent to prison. The American minister will probably be favoured with the release of the people, but the ship and cargo are forfeited."

Extra of a letter from Ostend, June 8.

"The two frigates fitted here are ordered for Gibraltar directly; and from thence to a cruise in the Mediterranean, to protect the imperial flag. The Alexander, which is to be the commodore, mounts 34 guns, including eight carronades, and is commanded by Pierre Gustavus Delleck; all the other officers are English, Scotch or Irish, as are the crews generally. They are to be joined at Gibraltar by two other ships."

By accounts from Yorkshire we learn, that larger orders are received at different ports for the woollen manufactory of that country, than have been known for years past; on this account it is supposed all sorts of fine wool will be much higher than they have been, and the stock in the makers hands is so small, that it is conjectured the whole will be consumed before new wool can be obtained. Had not a large quantity of Spanish wool been brought into this kingdom within these few months past, the foreign orders could not have been executed.

Last week, a herring was caught in Aberdeen bay, which measured 21 inches in length, 11 over the shoulders, and weighed 4lb.

June 17. The fleet of observation, which is destined for the Mediterranean, is composed of frigates, sloops, and cutters, and is intended to reconnoitre the different ports in that part of the world, for the purpose of giving the prince a view of the harbours and ports in the Mediterranean.

Wednesday a balloon was launched from Boulogne in France, which took up Monsieur Pilatre du Roziere, and another gentleman; when they, were at an amazing height, the balloon took fire, burnt the cords by which the car was suspended, and the above gentlemen were dashed to pieces in a manner too shocking to mention.

The states general have ordered three camps to be immediately formed: one in Utrecht, one near Dordrecht, and the other in Zealand.

They write from Riga, that the breaking up of the frost, the beginning of last month, has carried away upwards of 2000 malts, and a great quantity of other timber: the hemp magazines have also been much damaged on that occasion.

June 18. It was stated in the house of lords on Thursday last, by a gentleman who gave evidence at the bar on the iron trade, that the iron manufactory in this country, occupied a capital of not less than fourteen millions, valuing the stock on hand at ten millions, and the various apparatus by which that stock is worked, or rendered marketable, at four millions. Our correspondent, therefore, is astonished that the manufactures of Great-Britain should appear to some people of so little consequence, when the iron alone may be estimated at a sum which would more than buy all the landed property in the country.

HOUSE OF COMMONS,

FRIDAY, June 10.

TOBACCO TRADE.

Mr. Beaufoy presented a petition from the importers of tobacco in London, and stated the present precarious situation of that important branch of commerce. It was still in proportion of above thirty to six in our favour, notwithstanding the independence of the United States of America. But though this was the case, the decrease of the revenue arising from that article was prodigious. He stated that the imports this country still made from America, amounted to 1,500,000. out of which 700,000 was in the article of tobacco. France consumed 25,000 hogheads annually, and could import only 1200. Holland consumed 18,000 hogheads, and her import was only 5000. Whilst this country imported 30,000 hogheads annually, and the revenue arising from it should be 750,000, but not one-half of that sum was collected; owing to the numerous frauds which were committed, one of which he begged leave to mention: it was customary, he said, when a ship arrived in the river, the custom-house officer went on board, and over the companion leading to the cabin he chalked these words—

"Have you any tobacco for me?" And then retired. The captain went directly and rubbed out the chalk, and wrote,

"Yes. What is your price?" The custom-house officer next came, rubbed out that answer, and wrote,

"Five guineas per hoghead."

The captain rubbed out that, and wrote in its place,

"Agreed."

Which concluded the bargain; and, as the question and answer never appeared together, there was no proof of guilt to exhibit. The next thing was to drop the ship up to Limehouse-hole, and land the tobacco in the night, by which the revenue was defrauded to an immense amount. He likewise stated, that the merchants laboured under material difficulties owing to the intricacy of the different subsidies which were laid on tobacco, amounting in the whole to fourteen-pence, and 269 parts of a penny per pound.

Mr. Pitt acknowledged that the business mentioned by the honourable member, was, undoubtedly of the utmost importance; and, far as the present session has already advanced, he should still think it his duty to carry a bill through the house for remedying the evil complained of; and gave notice that he would, on Monday next, move for leave to bring in a bill for that purpose.

Ordered to lie on the table.

HILLSBOROUGH, (N. C.) July 14.

State of Franklin.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS a manifesto is sent in and circulating through this state, in order to create sedition and stir up insurrection amongst the good citizens of this state, thinking thereby to destroy that peace and tranquillity that so greatly abounds amongst the peaceful citizens of this new happy country.

And notwithstanding their own acts declare to the world that they first invited us to this separation, if in their power would now bring down ruin and destruction on that part of their late citizens, that the world well know, saved the present state out of the hands of their enemy, and saved her from impending ruin.

Notwithstanding we have the fullest confidence in the true attachments and fidelity of the good citizens of this state, I have thought proper to issue this my proclamation, strictly enjoining and requiring all and every the good citizens of this state, as they will answer the same at their peril, to be obedient and conformable to the laws thereof.

Witness, John Sevier, Esq; governor and captain-general, in and over the said state, under his hand and seal at arms, in Washington, this 15th day of May, 1785, and in the first year of our independency.

JOHN SEVIER.

[God save the State.]

NEW-YORK, August 4.

Sixteen fail of vessels have been seized in the French islands under the arrest of August last. They were more or less concerned in running goods, though the proceedings were extremely strict, the grounds of condemnation appear to have been legal.

August 5. We hear that some British engineers have lately arrived from England at Quebec, and immediately proceeded to the western posts still in possession of the English, with intention it is said, of surveying the works and strengthening them; all these posts are to be garrisoned with fresh troops; one of them, in which part of the 8th regiment had been stationed, was lately reinforced with two regiments. General Haldimand is coming out with admiral Campbell, who is appointed to the Newfoundland station, the general is to re-assume the government of Canada, and it is reported his private instructions are to keep possession of the Indian posts on our frontiers, manage the faith of the most solemn treaty by which they were ceded to the United States, so unwilling are our quondam friends the English to part with the fur trade. British emissaries are now perambulating through some of these states to engage carpenters, malons, &c. to go to Louisbourg in the engineer service of his Britannic majesty, with promise of high wages and ample rations.

PHILADELPHIA, August 6.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Washington, to his friend in this city.

"The executive of the state of Franklin has lately concluded a treaty of amity and perpetual friendship with the Cherokee Indians; and a negotiation is on foot to give that nation a representation in the new legislation. The predatory excursions of some western tribes and Creek Indians have lately given some alarms here and in Kentucky; but it is hoped that the commissioners of the United States will so conciliate those tribes, during the summer, that a thorough peace will, before the end of the year, prevail on our borders.

"I am happy to acquaint you, that the people of Kentucky have lately held a convention, and adopted decided measures for a separation. They have named their new society The Commonwealth of Kentucky. This will be an occasion of another deputation to congress this winter."

August 8. We are informed by a correspondent that the celebrated Dr. Franklin had positively determined to embark for America about the middle of June, from Havre-de-Grace, with his two grand-sons. With what pleasure must this reverend patriot re-visit his native country; and what pleasure must every true lover of it feel, at the sight of a man by whom so much has been done for it!—The passing the remainder of his life with ease and honour, is the least recompence due to his services.

It is now confidently asserted, that the British ministry have at length determined to give up the posts on our frontiers, as soon as others can be prepared for the reception of their troops and stores within their own lines, as settled by the late treaty of peace. However honest and sincere their intentions may be in this respect, yet they will undoubtedly deprive America of the benefits and advantages that would otherwise accrue to her subjects from the fur trade, in that quarter, this and the ensuing season. A chain of forts, necessary to preserve an extensive communication along their borders, cannot be possibly erected this fall; for, by the time the engineers, who are gone to survey the ground for this purpose, trace the lines and make report, the inclemency of the weather will compel their troops to seek for shelter in winter quarters.

August 9. The imports into London, from the United States of America, from the 2d to the 8th of June, inclusive, consisted of 200lb. Annato, from New-England; 180 cwt. of pot and pearl ash, from ditto; 131lb.

bees-wax, from South-Carolina; and 56 lb. from New-England; 2620 lb. of ginseng, from South-Carolina; 600 lb. from Philadelphia, and 571 lb. from North-Carolina; 13,197 lb. of indigo, from South-Carolina; 200 pieces of oak timber, from New-England; 4 lasts of pitch, 600 lb. of pink root, and 9743 lb. of rice, from South-Carolina; 9 cwt. of salafra, from Philadelphia; 737 lb. of deer skins, half dressed, from Georgia, and 2404 lb. from South-Carolina; 1584 deer skins in the hair, from Philadelphia, 2319 from South-Carolina, 40 from Maryland, and 1359 from Georgia; 50 lb. of snake-root, from North and 65 lb. from South-Carolina; 1100 hoghead staves, from ditto, and 3000 from Maryland; 18 lasts of tar, from Philadelphia, and 8 from Virginia; 240,000 lb. of tobacco, from Maryland, and 130,148 lb. from Virginia, 10,096 lb. from North, and 10,410 lb. from South-Carolina, and 130 lb. from New-York; 680 cwt. of turpentine, from Philadelphia, 142 cwt. from Virginia, and 89 cwt. from South-Carolina; and 150 lb. of unrated roots, from ditto.

For the Bite of a MAD-DOG, which has been tried, and found to be a never failing remedy.

LET the person bit drink immediately a pint of good white wine vinegar; repeat this three mornings fasting, and wash the part well with vinegar, and often; then take a large spoonful of the juice of rue for three mornings fasting; after the vinegar, and before they take the rue, let blood, to the quantity of eight ounces.

ANNAPOLIS, August 18.

The following vessels from America, were arrived in England previous to the 18th of June last.

At London. Commerce, Mercer, and Harmony, Willet, from Philadelphia. The Harmony had 21 days passage.

At Bristol. Providence, Flynn, from North-Carolina, and York, Outram, from Virginia.

At Liverpool. Henry, Every, and Betsey, Perkins, from Virginia.

At the Isle of Wight. Fortune, Gawin, from Charleston.

At Gravesend. Nantz, Wallace, from Maryland, and London Packet, Truxtun, from Charleston.

At Portsmouth. Briton, Robertson, from Carolina, and London, Baltimore, from Georgia.

At Brightelmton. Mercury, Garret, from Charleston.

At Dover. Pigou, Sutton, from Philadelphia.

On Tuesday the 30th day of August 1785, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of James Pearre, if not sold before at private sale,

TWO tracts of land adjoining, called Gilliad and Geder, containing 337 acres, lying in Prince-George's county, within three miles of Bladensburg, and eight of George-town; on said land are two plantations, with a good dwelling house on each, planked above and below, with brick chimnies, and cellars under, walled with stone; there are a number of other convenient houses on each plantation; there are about 150 acres cleared and under convenient fences, the other part is well timbered and watered, and the soil rich and fertile; it is needless to say more of the land, as any one that wants to buy we suppose would be willing to see it first, which they may do by applying to James Pearre, on the premises, or John Pearre, at Bladensburg, who will shew the land, which will be sold all together, or in two parts, as the purchaser or purchasers can agree. The terms may be known any time before the day of sale, by applying to either of the subscribers.

JAMES PEARRE, JOHN PEARRE.

On the said day and place, will be exposed to public sale, black cattle, sheep, and hogs, a good cart, a pair of large oxen, ten ton or more of good timothy hay, some household furniture, and plantation utensils; these things will be sold for ready money, or very short credit, by

JAMES PEARRE.

August 17, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday the 6th day of September,

PART of a tract of land called Friends Choice, containing about 188 acres, lying in Anne-Arundel county, on the great road leading from Annapolis to Queen-Anne; the soil is excellent for either planting or farming; the buildings are, a good dwelling house 16 feet by 32, with a 40 feet tobacco house, and several other out-houses; likewise an exceeding good apple orchard. Any person inclinable to purchase may view the premises before the day of sale, by applying to the subscriber. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

THOMAS BEARD.

THERE is at the plantation of Walter Williams, in Prince-George's county, taken up as a stray, a forrel MARE, about thirteen hands high, branded with the letters M T, on the off buttock, has a blaze face, and hind feet white, with a wall-eye on the near side, and is a natural pacer. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Brice J. Gassaway, in Anne-Arundel county, a dark bay stud colt, three years old this spring, fourteen hands high, has no perceivable brand, a star in his forehead, has never been docked, trots and gallops, and appears to have some of the English blood. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

WANTED,

A YOUTH, as an apprentice to the mercantile business, who writes a good hand, and can be recommended for his character and morals. Apply to the printers.

July 20, 1785.

WAS lost or stolen, from out of the subscriber's house, at Choptank-bridge, Caroline county, and state of Maryland, five state of Maryland certificates, dated September 20, 1784, numbered 5223, 5224, 5225, 5226, for £.100 specie each, and 5227, £.62 5 5 specie, on interest from the first of August 1780, issued by Christopher Richmond, Esq; auditor-general, to major Archibald Anderson, late of the state of Maryland, deceased, and received by the subscriber as attorney for Dr. William Molliston, of Dover, state of Delaware, administrator of the said major Archibald Anderson. Any person who hath found them, or who hath obtained possession of them, by bringing them to the subscriber, at Choptank bridge, or delivering them to James Brice, Esq; of the city of Annapolis, (if not stolen) shall have a reward of six dollars. They can be of no use to any one, as deposition is lodged and payment stopped in the proper offices, by the subscriber.

BENEDICT BRICE.

Benedict, August 6, 1785.

STRAYED or stolen off Benedict pasture, on Saturday night, the 23d of July, or early the next morning, a bright bay HORSE, lately the property of Mrs. Ferguson, of Benedict; this horse is eight or nine years old, between fourteen and sixteen hands high, has a small lump on his back occasioned by the saddle; he is light made, trot and gallops, and is particularly remarkable for being cull. Whoever will return said horse to the subscriber, if strayed, shall receive six dollars reward and reasonable charges paid, and if stolen to pounds for thief and horse.

ROBERT MURRAY.

To be SOLD, on the premises, to the highest bidder, on the last Friday of October next, if not sold before at private sale,

THE dwelling plantation of the rev. Isaac Campbell, late of Charles county, deceased, containing 250 acres, about 150 of which are cleared, and the remainder pretty well wooded: the improvements are valuable, there being an exceeding good dwelling house, kitchen, and many other necessary buildings thereon. The terms will be made known at the time of sale, by

WILLIAM and GUSTAVUS CAMPBELL, executors.

N. B. It is hoped that such gentlemen as are in possession of subscriptions to a book proposed to be printed by the late Isaac Campbell, and now in the press, will return them, with whatever money they may have in hand, either to Walter Winter, Esq; near Newport, or Dr. Gustavus R. Brown, at Port Tobacco, as the subscriber wishes to be enabled to pay for the printing as soon as possible. The book will be done, it is hoped, in a few weeks.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

Montgomery county, May 27, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD. RAN away from the subscriber, on Wednesday the 25th instant, a negro man named CESAR; he is a stout well made black fellow, aged about 45 years, his lips large and pointing, talks quick and loud with out of temper; his apparel chiefly consisted of striped country cloth when he went away; he was purchased of Allen Quynn, Esq; has had several masters in Anne-Arundel county, where he has commonly gone by the name of Lewin's Cesar: he ran away about 15 months ago, was taken up at Mr. Kefin Hammond's quarters on the Head of Severn, where he had been hired a considerable time as a free man, and was brought home about 10 days since; he probably will change his name and pass for a free man again. Whoever apprehends the said negro, and secures him so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home.

J. CRABBE.

THE subscriber having furnished himself with the best materials for carrying on the day making business, begs leave to inform his good customers and others, that the business is carried on by the same person as before the war, namely, Richard Littlemore, where orders for stays will be thankfully received and carefully executed by the humble servant,

CHARLES LANSDALE.

Orders left at the post-office Annapolis, state of Queen-Anne, Upper Marlborough, Port-Tobacco, Allen's Fresh, Newport, Chaptico, Mr. James J. dan's, Head of Clement's bay, Leonard-town, the post offices at Alexandria, Bladensburg, and Georgetown, or the subscriber's house at Piscataway, will be punctually complied with.

CHARLES LANSDALE.

TAKEN up as a stray by Thomas Spurrer, on the Head of Severn, a black MARE, about six years old, near fourteen hands high, has no perceivable brand, a star in her forehead, and on her hind feet white. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

Office for confis

To be SOLD, Monday the 22d, let's, in Baltimore.

SUNDRY SITUATE within which belonged were purchased by per the terms of sale. ble and best situated state's right to a Park, with part of 610 acres, which pany; and two miles above Baltimore. Daniel Dulany, sold at a former sale October 1781. The each, and are equal in the state. At divided half of a Fall's Point, which Mackie, and was sold April 1781.

On the 12th of derick-town, two containing 128 acres.

The whole to be January 1790, for certificate, the int

Lands

To be sold by public Baltimore-town, the 5th day of the forenoon, at

ABOUT 465

A property of Orange, containing said town, the greater soil tolerably good Philipburgh, containing nearly adjoining Pasco river and tion is very good and commodious the abounds with different and contains several be easily made into a quantity of the

—Gulfach, containing adjoining Philip point opposite the our harbour, and is there has been for cleared; but the re lity timber, chiefly for ship-building, there is a very lar and upland of the the many advantages renders it the adm

Three small tract Royal large, on 1 one and a half mi how 150 acres; 0 best mill-seats, on with other consid half of these tract adds exceedingly the number of quan ing.

Bare-Hills, con but six miles from col. Darby Lux at the time of sale The whole of t various sizes, acc may be thought

there are many 1 country seats, a that purpose, and queries, garden The terms of of the purchase round the Mount next day after security, payable direct, to be paid the remaining tr chase money to sale, and bond store said, for th

Plots of the v for the examin sious of viewi the day of sale, Love, living o sious to view t to Captain Za and's Hill, Bal the time and p

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, July 19, 1785.

To be SOLD, in pursuance of directions from the honourable the intendand of the revenue, on Monday the 22d of August next, at Mr. McCandless's, in Baltimore-town.

SUNDRY valuable lots and tracts of land, situate within a few miles of Baltimore town, which belonged to former sales made by the commissioners by persons who have not complied with the terms of sale. Also, several of the most valuable and best situated lots of Whetstone Point; the whole right to a valuable tract of land called James's Park, with part of Swanston and Simfon, containing 610 acres, which belonged to the Nottingham company; and two valuable lots of land lying a few miles above Baltimore town, which belonged to Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, and which were sold at a former sale made by the commissioners in October 1781. These lots contain about 200 acres each, and are equal, in fertility of soil, to any land in the state. At the same time will be sold, an undivided half of a valuable wharf and warehouse on Fell's Point, which formerly belonged to Ebenezer Mackie, and was sold by the commissioners in April 1781.

On the 12th of August next, will be sold, at Frederick-town, two lots of Monocacy manor, No. 37 containing 128 acres, and No. 85 containing 90 acres.

The whole to be sold on credit till the first day of January 1790, for current money, or any specie state certificate, the interest to be paid annually.

C. HOLLYDAY,
G. DUVALL.

Baltimore, July 1, 1785.

Lands for Public Sale.

To be sold by public vendue, at the vendue store in Baltimore-town, and the sale to commence, on the 5th day of September next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue until all are sold.

ABOUT 4650 acres of very valuable land, the property of the Baltimore company, viz. Orange, containing about 2800 acres, adjoining said town, the greater part of it very well wooded, the soil tolerably good, and lays well for farming. Philipburgh, containing about 900 acres, lays nearly adjoining said town, and on the banks of Patuxent river and Harris's creek, where the navigation is very good, and there may be several good and commodious ship-yards easily made;—this tract abounds with different kinds of timber, and fire-wood, and contains several swamps and valleys, which may be easily made into valuable meadow, and a considerable quantity of the upland well adapted to farming. Garsuch, containing about 500 acres, this tract lies adjoining Philipburgh, and extends down to the point opposite the fort, which forms the mouth of our harbour, and lays two miles on navigable water; there has been formerly a few acres of this land cleared; but the remainder of it abounds with large lofty timber, chiefly white oak of the first quality for ship-building, and with fire-wood; on this tract there is a very large proportion of valuable meadow and upland of the first quality for farming.—In short the many advantages it has, over most other lands, renders it the admiration of all who examine it.

Three small tracts, laying round the Old Mount Royal forge, on both sides of Jones's falls, about one and a half miles from said town, containing about 150 acres; on this land there are three excellent mill-seats, on one of which stands the old forge, with other considerable improvements.—About one half of these tracts is very well wooded; but what exceeds to its value, there are a considerable number of quarries of excellent stone for building.

Bare-Hills, containing about 200 acres, laying about six miles from said town, in the neighbourhood of col. Darby Lux, and will be particularly described at the time of sale.

The whole of these lands will be laid off in lots of various sizes, according to their situations, and as it may be thought will best suit the purchasers. As there are many beautiful situations for gentlemen's country seats, a number of lots will be laid off for that purpose, and the remainder in mill-seats, stone quarries, gardens and farms.

The terms of sale of these lands are the one tenth of the purchase money of the three tracts, laying round the Mount Royal forge, to be paid down the next day after the sale; and bonds with approved security, payable in five years from that date on interest, to be paid annually, for the residue;—and for the remaining tracts, one twentieth part of the purchase money to be paid down the next day after the sale, and bond with interest in the same manner as aforesaid, for the residue.

Plans of the whole will be made out in a short time for the examination of the public—any person desirous of viewing Philipburgh, or Garsuch, before the day of sale, are requested to apply to Mr. Miles Love, living on the latter; those who may be desirous to view the other lands, are requested to apply to Captain Zachariah Mackay, Surveyor on Howard's Hill, Baltimore. Attendance will be given at the time and place of sale, by

ABRAHAM VAN BIBBER,
CLEMENT BROOKE,
JOHN MERRYMAN.

Ohio Lands, &c. for Sale.

July 10, 1785.

A FEW thousand acres, in tracts from 1400 to 150 acres, lying on the main waters of the Ohio, Kentucky, Salt-river, Green-river, and Silver creek; three tracts of 500 acres, within 6 or 8 miles of the town of Louisville, at the falls of Ohio, and one ditto of 250 acres, within 4 or 5 miles of said town, on which is a natural meadow, fit for the sith, of 80 acres; an improved lot in the town of Louisville, one lot distant only from the main square, on which is a small house, which now rents for 120 dollars per annum; an unimproved ditto in the second street of said town, it being a corner lot, where the cross street which leads from the country intersects the said street. Also 4 lots in the town of Cumberland, at the extremity of the navigation up Patowmack river; 2 on the main street, and 2 on an elevated situation, near where the public buildings are intended. And also a large quantity of dry goods, fit for the present and approaching season, at wholesale, two and a half per cent. lower than they are usually sold for in Maryland. Cash, tobacco, bills of exchange, negroes, or any voucher, article of trade, &c. which can operate to my credit with Messieurs Wallace, Johnson, and Muir, will be taken in payment, and an extensive credit given for part of the purchase money. Apply at William Waters's mills, prince George's county, to

RICHARD JONES WATERS.

St. Mary's county, July 15, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 7th day of September next, at Leonard-town, for cash or tobacco.

PART of a tract of fine rich land, lying in Medley's Neck, containing sixty acres. Credit will be given for two or three months for part of the money. Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms and view the land, by applying to

BERNED MILLS.

Prince-George's county, July 25, 1785.

Will be offered for sale, on Thursday the 25th day of August next,

THE subscriber's valuable plantation, containing about two hundred acres, lying on Mattawoman, within three miles of Piscataway-town; the soil is remarkably good for wheat, corn, tobacco, &c. This land has a great quantity of meadow ground, that may be cultivated with a very small expence; the improvements are, a large and convenient dwelling house, and sundry out-houses, a good peach and apple orchard. The terms will be made known on the day, which will be made as easy as possible to the purchaser.

HEZEKIAH WYNN.

THE business not being in sufficient forwardness at Upper Marlborough, on the 9th instant, to elect a visitor for the college to be erected on the western shore of Maryland, all gentlemen who have subscribed to papers in the hands of gentlemen in Prince-George's county, and who did not vote at Nottingham on the 8th instant, are requested to meet at Upper Marlborough on the first of September next, to proceed to that election.

M A N A G E R S.

JOHN CARROLL, RICHARD SPRIGG,
WILLIAM SMITH, JOHN STERET,
P. ALLISON, GEORGE DIGGES.

Intendant's-office, July 22, 1785.

Confiscated Property for Sale.

To be SOLD, at Annapolis, on Saturday the 20th day of August, for specie, or certificates liquidated for specie.

PART of a tract of land called Piney-Grove, in which is included a tract of land called Hanchiff's-Range, containing upwards of 1100 acres; this land adjoins Severn river and is well wooded. At the same time and place will be sold, two tracts of land adjacent to each other, and Deep Creek and Flushing, containing upwards of 200 acres; these lands lie between Severn and Magothy rivers.

At Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the 30th day of August, will also be sold, two tracts of land, containing 650 acres, late the property of James French. Pierce's Encouragement, 1000 acres, of John Hyde. Fell's Dale, 200 acres. — Pearson, 500 acres of land upon Hunting-Ridge. 900 acres near Ellicott's mill. Some lands near Baltimore-town, and a tract of land in Cecil county, called the Widow's Lot, patented for 800 acres, if not sold at private sale before the day above-mentioned.

On Thursday the first day of September, 4200 acres of land, in Baltimore and Harford counties, the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, to be laid off in convenient lots. On Thursday the 8th day of September, at Daniel Walker's tavern, will also be sold, part of My Lady's Manor, and the reserved lands in Baltimore county. And on Monday the 19th day of September, at Green's tavern, Coup town, the reserved lands in Harford county. A moiety of Morison's Lot, containing 200 acres. The Grove, 800 acres. Dunkfield, 200 acres, &c. Bonds with approved security will be required, payable the first day of January 1789.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.

Intendant's-office, July 19, 1785.

THE intendant of the revenue informs all persons who have bonds in the treasury, that monies and securities have been lodged in it, which, together with one sixth of the unbonded debt as will be sufficient for the redemption of the emissions of June 1780, and that in consequence thereof a draught of bonds has become unnecessary; but he takes the liberty of informing those persons who have hitherto neglected to pay the sixth part of their debt in specie, or of the aforesaid emissions, that the intendant will, without discrimination, bring suits to October court against all defaulters in this respect, and compel payments according to contracts; he also informs all persons who are indebted for interest that do not pay it by the first of September next, agreeably to the act for consolidating the funds; that he will put the bonds of every such person, without distinction, in suit. All collectors of the taxes are likewise informed, that unless they pay into the respective treasuries the monies they are in arrear, that indulgence can no longer be given.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.

August 9, 1785.

WAS lost, in or near Baltimore town, in September 1783, a treasury certificate, No. 943, dated the 31st of May 1783, payable to William Davis Allen, and signed Thomas Harwood. Any person having found the same, or in possession thereof, shall receive a reward of four dollars, upon delivery of it to B. F. A. C. Dashiell, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber, in Somerset county. All persons are hereby forewarned from taking an assignment of the said certificate, as it will be of no use to any person but the subscriber, measures having been taken to stop payment at the treasury.

WILLIAM DAVIS ALLEN.

July 5, 1785.

RAN away, this morning, from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man named POMPEY, about five feet eight or ten inches high, twenty-five years of age, very black and smooth faced, stammers in his speech; had on when he went away, a white shirt and a pair of new striped holland trousers; it is probable he may change his name and dress, as he took with him other cloaths, and pass for a free man; it is likely he will either make for Annapolis or Baltimore town, and endeavour to get on board some vessel, as he has formerly been used to this way. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in any gaol so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of five pounds, paid by

ROBERT SANDERS.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

August 9, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Loudon county, Virginia, on the 16th of July last, an Irish servant man, named ROBERT CALLAGHAN, a barber by trade, a slim made talkable fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, has very black hair, and remarkable black beard. He had on and took with him, an old blue broad cloth coat, light cloth waistcoat, brown Virginia cotton breeches, thread stockings, one pair of shoes, one pair of oinabrig trousers, an old felt hat, one white shirt, and two oinabrig ditto.—The above reward will be given for securing the above described servant in any gaol, so that his master gets him again, and if brought home, reasonable charges paid, by

JOHN CRAINE.

THERE is at the plantation of Nehemiah Moxley, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a stray, a sorrel HORSE, about thirteen hands and a half high, seven years old, neither docked nor branded, a star in his forehead, has several saddle spots, trots and gallops. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mrs. Anne Govan, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and all those who have claims are desired to bring them in properly authenticated, to

THOMAS MARRIOTT, executor.

August 8, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland, to make valid a deed from M'Kinsey Smock to him for certain lands.

JOHN SMOCK.

To be SOLD at the PAINTING-OFFICE,

L A W S

M A R Y L A N D;

Passed November Session, 1784.

L I K E W I S E,

A REPLY to an ADDRESS to the ROMAN CATHOLICS of the United States of America, by the Author of *A Letter to the Roman Catholics of the City of Worcester.*

July 5, 1785.
A PETITION will be offered to the next general assembly, praying that an act may pass empowering certain commissioners to lay off convenient roads to Hamburg warehouse, in St. Mary's county. A petition will also be offered to suppress or discontinue inspection of tobacco at Piles and Chaptico.

Mount Azile, July 3, 1785.
STOLEN or strayed from the subscriber's plantation, Mount Azile, in Prince-George's county, Maryland, about two miles and a half from Alexandria ferry, the 16th of last month, two very likely mares, one between eight and nine years old, fifteen hands high, has a short tail, a chestnut bay, blind of one eye, and is in foal; the other four years and a half old, thirteen hands high, a dark bay, well made, pretty head, wild breed, and very lively. Those who will stop the mares, and secure them so that I get them again, shall have a guinea reward if taken within fifteen miles of home, and two guineas if taken farther, with reasonable charges, paid by

P. SAVARY.

Annapolis, July 13, 1785.
TO be SOLD for cash, or country produce, ABOUT one hundred and fifty acres of land, lying on one of the branches of Patuxent, Elk Ridge, near Mr. Joseph White's mill, about twenty-four miles from this city, and about eighteen from Baltimore-town; on it is a new dwelling house thirty feet by eighteen, an old kitchen, and a tolerable good apple orchard; there are one hundred acres of cleared land, the other fifty in wood.

JOHN CHALMERS.

IN COUNCIL, June 23, 1785.
RESOLVED, That it is the opinion of this board, that no claim against British debtors be allowed in order for payment, under the act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the liquidation and payment of debts, &c. until proper satisfaction is given this board, that the British debtor has not debts due him in this state sufficient to discharge the said claims, agreeably to the act, entitled, An act to seize, confiscate and appropriate, all British property within this state.

RESOLVED, That the above resolution be published in the news-papers for the information of all such claimants as aforesaid.

By order,

T. JOHNSON, jun. clk.

Talbot court-house, July 4, 1785.
TO be LET, for a term of years, THE plantation of the subscriber, now in possession of Clement Hollyday, Esq; with six working negroes; it contains about three hundred and twelve acres; the soil good and situation healthy and pleasant, and convenient to one of the best markets for the seller in the United States; there will be a quantity of wheat sowed this fall. Possession will be given the first day of January next. No person need apply who will not give approved security for payment of the rents and performance of the covenants to be made, if required. For terms apply to Mr. Thomas Hyde, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber.

DAVID KERR.

Annapolis, June 2, 1785.
THE late officers and soldiers of the Maryland line of the army, whose accounts with the United States remain unsettled, are hereby informed, that the office for adjusting their claims in this state will be closed the first day of next October; and those who neglect to apply before that period will be under the necessity of attending at the commissioners office for settling with the army, near Congress, to obtain their arrears. The subscriber therefore requests all those concerned to make their demands before the above-mentioned period, after which no claim can be admitted.

JOHN WHITE, commissioner.

The officers will take notice, that the account for arrears of subsistence after January 1782, is not included in the above, and that as soon as it can be ascertained proper notice will be given to apply.

WHEREAS I made over a tract of land, lying on Little Choptank river, in Dorchester county, to William Steele, for which I received his bond, which he never discharged, and who since died insolvent; therefore do give this public notice, that I intend to petition the general assembly for an act to pass, confirming my title to the said tract of land.

ROBERT WILSON.

A few Copies of
CHAMPION ON COMMERCE,
To be sold at the Printing-Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the Post-Office, Charles-street.

LAWS OF MARYLAND.

THE subscriber, printer to the state, takes leave to inform all persons who wish to have a copy of the laws of Maryland, from Bacon's abridgement up to the end of the last session of assembly, with the resolutions of the several conventions, the proceedings of the convention that framed the constitution, the declaration of rights and form of government, and the articles of confederation, that, by order of the general assembly, he shall begin that work in a few months, under the direction of Alexander C. Hanson and Samuel Chase, Esquires; and as he intends to strike but a few copies more than what are ordered for the public use, or engaged by individuals, has sent subscription papers to the clerks of the several counties, and a number of other gentlemen in each county, for the purpose of collecting the names of those persons desirous of securing a copy of this useful and necessary work, which will be printed with a new letter, on a good paper, of the same size, and nearly on the same plan, with Bacon's, to be delivered (at a particular place in each county) bound in leather, at three pounds each copy. Having requested a return of the subscriptions by the middle of August, he hopes those who mean to subscribe will do it before that time, or they will lose the opportunity of purchasing so valuable a book.

FREDERICK GREEN.

Annapolis, May, 1785.

May 24, 1785.
On the 20th day of September next, if fair, it not the next fair day, will be sold on the premises,

A VALUABLE tract of land, lying in Stafford county, Virginia, well watered, and abounding with good timber. The fourth bounds of the land are within twelve miles of Fredericksburg, and the north bounds about five miles from Dumfries; both considerable and growing towns. The east bounds are about one mile from Aquia warehouse, and crosses Aquia run at the fork where the north and south branches divide, each extending westward through the whole land, and will furnish several valuable mill seats. At the fork of the two branches on the eastern bounds, and where both may be included, there is a remarkable convenient seat, with abundance of water, for a large merchant mill and saw mill, with plenty of stone for building, and heights to erect mills of any construction. Adjoining to this seat are upwards of one thousand acres of uncleared land, abounding with timber proper for a saw mill, such as large white oak and pine, of the latter many large enough for ships lower masts. The annual rents now on the lands are upwards of twenty-two thousand pounds of tobacco, and there are upwards of four thousand acres still unsettled. It is a remarkable healthy place, and from its number of branches and small natural meadows, affords good grazing for stock. The whole is laid out in twenty-two lots from one hundred and fifty to three hundred and fifty acres, for the convenience of purchasers; and a draught may be seen, and the land shown on application to colonel Bailey Washington, whose residence is adjoining to it. The conditions and terms of sale are as follow: The lots to be sold respectively at public sale, to the highest bidder, in sterling money, or good London bills of exchange. Gold and silver will be taken at its value, and crop tobacco of one thousand net, inspected within the year, will be received in discount at such price as may be agreed on. Deeds to be given with a general warranty. One third of the purchase money to be paid down, one third in two years, and the other third in three years, from the day of sale, with legal interest to be paid annually. Bonds to be given with approved security, and if the annual interest, being demanded, is not paid within three months after it becomes due, the indulgence of credit shall be forfeited, and a suit may be commenced to recover both principal and interest. Any purchaser making the second and third payments, or any part of either, on the day of sale, will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. on such sum. Any person or persons inclinable to purchase the whole before the day of sale, shall have it at a moderate price, on paying down one half the purchase money, and giving bond on interest, with approved security, conditioned as above, for payment of the other half within five years from the time of sale.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

London-town, May 25, 1785.
RAN away from the subscriber, the 28th of March last, a negro lad named WILL PRIMUS, about 20 or 22 years of age, tall and slender, has a long visage, and thick under lip, he is very artful, and a great rogue; he has been seen about the neighbourhood of Annapolis within these three weeks, but it is probable he has by this time gone farther, perhaps to Baltimore, as he has some acquaintances there. Whoever will bring him to me, or secure him so that I get him again, shall receive three pounds, if taken out of this county five pounds.

JAMES McCULLOCH.

Houses and lots for sale.

March 23, 1785.
TO be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale, THREE very valuable houses and lots, standing on Prince-George's street, one of the most commodious and convenient streets for trade of any in the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to the subscriber.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

Charles county, near Newport, July 18, 1785.
RAN away from the subscriber, the 14th instant, a likely negro man named SAM, alias SAMUEL JOHNSON, and has frequently passed under the names of James Willis and Samuel Perkins, by the latter he had a pass by a person in Baltimore, under the appellation of a magistrate. Sam is about 23 years old, near 6 feet high, of a yellowish complexion, has a down impudent look, is pitted with the small-pox, and has a remarkable cut with an ax on one of his legs, which may not yet be well; had on when he went off, an old pair of trousers, of snabrig shirt worn through at the elbows, an old short blue jacket without sleeves, and an old hat; he is an artful rogue, born on the eastern shore, and is well known there and in Baltimore, where he ran away from his master in time of the war, was taken up in Philadelphia, after making several voyages to the West-Indies, has been latterly sent to Baltimore for sale, he then made his escape for several days, but was luckily apprehended, and is now, I understand, making for that place, and it is more than probable will pass by many other names, as he has informed several, since gone, that he is free, and others that he has a master in Baltimore, and is going home to inform him of his being wrecked down the bay, carrying him a parcel of goods. Whoever takes up the above negro, and brings him to me, shall receive the above reward, by

PEREGRINE THORN.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Piscataway, Prince-George's county, July 27, 1785.
STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, on the 27th of June last, an elegant sorrel gelding, about nine or ten years old, and about fourteen hands and a half high, has a star in his forehead, hanging mane, and switch tail; this horse is very spirited, and trots remarkably rough, has lately been drove in a carriage, the marks of which slightly appear on his shoulders; lost one of his fore shoes a few days before he was taken away. Whoever takes up and secures the said horse so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable expences, paid by

JOHN FRASER BOWIE.

Prince-George's county, July 12, 1785.
TO be SOLD, on four years credit, THAT beautiful and well improved plantation where the subscriber now lives, within nine miles of Queen-Anne, eleven of Bladensburg, twenty-one of Annapolis, thirty of Baltimore-town, and within a few miles of several good grist and saw mills; it contains four hundred and fifteen acres of good fertile land; this plantation is remarkably well watered, two never failing streams running through it, and several delightful springs; there are about thirty-five acres of excellent meadow ground; the land is about half cleared and under good fences, in complete order for cropping; great part of the remainder is well timbered. The improvements are, a good stone dwelling house thirty-two feet by eighteen, with a cellar under the whole, a kitchen eighteen feet square with a brick chimney, a negro quarter twenty-four feet by sixteen with a stone chimney; a paved garden, out-houses and stables, three excellent tobacco houses; all these buildings are in good repair; there are two other dwelling houses detached from the former; one is twenty-four feet square with a brick chimney, three rooms on a floor, a paved garden, and several out-houses; the other dwelling house is small. Some plantations excel this for fruit of all kinds both in quality and quantity; there are one hundred and fifty cherry trees, and in a good fruitful year ten thousand gallons of cider of the best quality can be made; the fruit trees of all kinds are young and thriving. This land will be sold together or divided into lots as may best suit the purchaser or purchasers, and if it is not sold at private sale before the twenty-fifth day of August next, it will then on that day be sold at public vendue, on the premises. Bond with approved security will be required, bearing interest from the tenth day of December next, when possession will be given, by

RICHARD HIGGINS.

June 22, 1785.
TO be SOLD, on the premises, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 16th of August next, A VALUABLE plantation, containing about four hundred acres of land; whereon the subscriber lately lived, situated and lying in Montgomery county, about seven miles from Bladensburg, twelve miles from George-town, and the same distance from the court-house in said county; the soil well adapted to Indian corn, fine tobacco, and small grain, with a plenty of wood to support the plantation; the improvements are, a good dwelling house, kitchen, negro quarters, two good tobacco houses, with good apple and peach orchards. One third of the purchase money to be paid in six months, one third in eighteen months, and the other one third in two years and a half from the day of sale, to be on bond with approved security.

SAMUEL HARWOOD.

(XLth YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 2015.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, AUGUST 25, 1785.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 2.

ALL the effects of the late pacha of Belgrade have been confiscated. They are estimated at half a million of piastres. This governor has almost literally been stripped naked, nothing being left him but some old clothes, and money enough to subsist him on his way to Servia. It is said he had concealed two large diamonds, valued at 200,000 florins; but the rapacious capigi pacha made him be stripped without mercy, and took from him what he had saved as his last resource in his disgrace. The prince of Servia, in compassion to his misery, has made him a considerable present.

BERLIN, May 20. The interesting speech made by the baron de Hertzberg, minister of state at the last assembly of the academy, relative to population in general, and that of Prussian estates in particular, has been published; by which it appears that he calculates the present population of the Prussian estates at six millions of souls, two millions of whom form the population of Silesia, Prussia and East-Friesland. Before the accession of his present majesty the estates under the Prussian dominion contained only two millions of inhabitants; the increase of population is owing to the paternal care of the king, who has used his utmost to encourage agriculture, manufactures, and commerce.

HAVRE, May 30. Orders have been dispatched provisionally to the generals and commanders of the regiment in the service of the republic to hold themselves ready for marching on the first notice. The reason for this sudden change is not publicly known.

The advantages gained by the East-India company last year in the peninsula of Malacca are of too great importance to be omitted: The following is an extract of a letter from Malacca, dated July 6, 1784:

"We had no opportunity of landing our troops till the 15th of June, at three in the morning, when we began to land on shore a body of 734 men, of whom 402 were Europeans, and the rest Indians. Such silence was observed, that the enemy had not the least notice of our approach. The Batavier and the Patriot cutter were appointed to cover the landing, which we began in effect about six o'clock. The enemy were by this time alarmed, when we played our artillery, which swept the coast and prevented them from assembling. At about half after seven our troops were formed in order of battle, notwithstanding a brisk fire from the enemy, and marched up to the spot where Rajah Hadje's standard was displayed. A fierce engagement now took place, and the victory was long doubtful; however, at last declared for us;—the Indians were forced in their attachments, and almost entirely cut in pieces; Rajah Hadje the commander in chief, and three of his sons, together with the flower of his officers, are in the number of the slain. Our loss is very inconsiderable. M. de Wit, captain of the Juno, and lieutenant Faber, are dangerously wounded."

PARIS, May 26. The 20th instant, died here the late Cherin, historiographer to the French king, in consequence of the cold he contracted by his coach being overturned near Versailles on Easter-day. He died possessed of eighty thousand livres per annum.

MAY 17. The queen made her public entry here on the 14th, amidst the acclamations of the people. Her majesty was accompanied by Madame, Madame Comtesse d'Artois, Madame Elizabeth of France, the duches de Chartres, and the duchess of Bourbon, and went directly to the cathedral church of Notre Dame, to render thanks for the birth of his royal highness the duke of Normandy. In coming out of the church her majesty went to Genevieve, to join in the public prayers for obtaining an end of the drought that has so long prevailed. She afterwards dined at the castle of the Tuilleries, and in the evening the city was illuminated; at midnight a firework was played off before the hotel of the count d'Aranda, the Spanish ambassador.

MAY 19. An epidemical distemper has broke out in the diocese of Coutances in Lower Normandy, which goes with such fury that government has thought proper to station a line of troops, in order to prevent the inhabitants of that diocese from having any communication with their neighbours.

BRINN, (in Moravia) May 4. Thomas Kaspruck, a lawyer, lately died at Helleichau, in the 118th year of age. He was never afflicted with illness, and till a few hours before his death had the perfect use of all his faculties. He constantly worked at his business till the last four years.

L O N D O N, May 30.

We are assured, that in consequence of the hostile proceeding of the Spaniards against the British subjects in the West-Indies, the strongest remonstrances have been made from the court of Great-Britain to that of Madrid; and that the reply in extenuation of such proceedings, was, that the Spanish viceroys had transferred several complaints of depredations made in their jurisdictions by the English; and had upon some occasions acted without any authority from his catholic majesty.

Last week a sow belonging to Mr. George Hall, dealer, in Bull Street, Norwich, littered 27 pigs, all which were cast alive, and likely to live, had the been able to have supported them. Nineteen of them are now dead, and in a thriving condition.

Extract of a letter from Bath, May 24.

"A French lady of genteel appearance has been for some time in an unhappy situation among us. She will not tell her name, nor her connexions; but she is a well-bred woman, and her conduct in all respects irreproachable; however I have good reason to believe her history to be as follows: That she is the daughter of a French merchant, and so captivated the heart of a young French nobleman, that he married her, and consequently highly disobliterated his family. Her husband died soon after, and her own relations, to appease the resentment of the noble family, to which she was connected by matrimony, urged her to retire to a convent; to avoid which, she has retired into this kingdom, and is, I fear, at this time friendless and moneyless. When Dubarre was killed here, by count Rice, all the world was opening their purses to Madame Dubarre; but this unfortunate stranger (who is a much more worthy object) seems to be in danger of wanting bread. What a pity that some noble family of our nation does not shew her that countenance which the foolish pride of our neighbours denied her, because her father was a merchant. She would be an excellent tutress for young ladies of fashion."

A letter from Vienna, dated April 30, says, that his imperial majesty has lately passed a decree which is much talked of for its singularity, as well as the strangeness of the request to which it is an answer. A petition was presented by an Ex-Jesuit, named Wanhart, formerly a professor of mathematics, praying that he might obtain a decree of expectancy, permitting his body after death to be interred in the burying ground of his brethren, the Jesuits, rather than the secular priests. To this his majesty answered, "That at the expiring of such a decree of expectancy being unusual and unprecedented, the petitioner has to appear at the time when the decree can be put in execution, that such right may be done as reason may then require." It is probable that the Jesuit when stretched in his coffin will scarcely think of presenting himself at the time prescribed by this decree.

It is said that M. de Beaumarchais's account for goods furnished to the Americans on the security of the French government, having been settled at 1,600,000 livres, M. de Calonne has caused that sum to be remitted to him, with 200,000 livres for the damaged effects, as also for his ships employed in the royal navy, or as transports; &c.

JUNE 1. According to the Dutch letters, great exertions are to be made in their dock yards as soon as peace is concluded; and their marine is to be regulated in such a way as shall enable them to equip a respectable fleet at a very short notice.

The French have four first rates upon the stocks, one of which is very nearly the dimensions of the Ville de Paris.

Count de Grasse has not recovered the smallest degree of popularity among his countrymen, every 12th of April operates upon their feelings, as the wretched twenty-seventh of July affects the minds of men in this country.

The following are the two incendiary and threatening letters, now under the consideration of Mr. Pitt and the king's cabinet:

To the right honourable Lord George Gordon, London.

Infernal Scoundrel!

Your assurance to traduce the Roman catholics, in your letter to Mr. Pitt, shall be punished by me as soon as I arrive in London. I well know where your house is. By the sacred God, if you ever attempt a similar instance of bigotry, your head shall be severed from your body.

I am, bloody bigoted Gordon,

(or will be) Your destruction.

Ireland, Dublin, Parliament Street.

To Lord George Gordon, Webeck Street, London.

You are going on disturbing the peace and tranquillity of our gracious sovereign; and, by —, the next attempt, I will come Felton over the prince of Wales, you, and Charles Fox; if I do not, I will be damned. His majesty has poor but honest friends, that will see him righted, to take it right and be advised by

His majesty's friend,

A damn'd determined Fellow.

If you are wif, take this caution from a poor but honest man; if not, by —, you will feel me soon stabbing your heart through and through.

N E W Y O R K, August 6.

A gentleman who landed last Tuesday from Jamaica, mentions that three American vessels had arrived at Port-Royal, which, although refused to dispose of their cargoes, were indulged with every other grace and attention; being allowed to remain a sufficient time to refit, victual and water;—not so at certain West-India Islands, owned by other nations, where American vessels are not permitted even to enter their harbours.

August 8. A correspondent, who has been lately in Philadelphia, assures us, that there is a very ingenious gentleman there, perfectly acquainted with all the branches of coinage, as carried on in Europe. Besides his being possessed of the necessary apparatus, he is the only person on the North-American continent capable of cutting the dies—his superior abilities have received the applause of almost every person of judgment and taste in Philadelphia; and his ingenuity is not unknown to some conspicuous members of Congress.—From

a conversation I have had with the above artist (continues our correspondent) I find the establishment of a mint at this present time, is a matter of very great importance to the United States: The coinage of copper alone would bring into the national treasury, ten thousand pounds per annum for a number of years; that of silver and gold would be more lucrative, by adopting the following mode: Let dollars and crowns pass at their present rate, and no higher: Then suppose Congress to establish a mint, and a silver coinage, with some local emblem, to shew that their coin belonged to the United States of North-America; now, let these supposed pieces of continental silver pass for eight shillings, but at the same time contain one-eighth less intrinsic value than the present dollar, which would be about 25 per cent. advance on the present circulating money. This would be a sufficient inducement for holders thereof to have it recoined, it would be a sufficient stimulus for foreigners to bring it here for the same purpose, and it would be the most effectual mode of lowering the price of labour, and keeping the money in the country.—Nor would this any more than an emission of paper money, alter the course of exchange with Europe, for the Spanish dollar would still pass at its usual price. These few hints I conceive to be the outlines of a most important scheme of policy, and requires nothing but wisdom in the government to carry it into execution, for the benefits it would produce to every individual, supercedes the slender ties of national virtue, which to the eternal shame of humanity, are almost as often despised as enforced.

August 10. A few days ago arrived in this city, via Jamaica and Philadelphia, the honourable Temple Luttrell, son of the right honourable lord viscount Luttrell, and brother to her royal highness the duchess of Cumberland. This gentleman will remain in a few days for Europe. He is the third of the noble viscount's sons who has visited our continent.

We are informed that the readings from the principal poets and authors, imitatively performed for the instruction and amusement of the nobility and gentry in London, by that venerable tutor in English language, Thomas Sheridan, Esq; in conjunction with the celebrated comedian Mr. Henderson, are now carried to such eminent perfection, that their last performance was exhibited to an audience of about eight hundred ladies and gentlemen, at half a guinea each; and we are informed that Mr. Henry, lately arrived from Jamaica, with the American company, who has been some time a pupil of Mr. Sheridan's, and well qualified for such an undertaking, will tender his best abilities to the public in this useful and much wanted branch of science and entertainment, after the late theatre in Maryland is opened, which will be ready for performance in about a month. At Bath, Mr. Pratt, a gentleman well known under the signature of Courtney Melmouth, Esq; has gained much reputation and large receipts of cash by his excellent readings which have effected vast improvement, especially among the youth in that part of the country.—A real, why not adopt institutions of this kind in every principal city of our continent?

It is somewhat remarkable, that almost all the capital portrait and historical painters, now in England, are North-Americans by birth! And what is still more extraordinary, the greatest astronomer perhaps in Europe, is one Dornforth, from this country, a great and self-taught mathematician. We are authorized to add to the preceding article: That Mr. Earle, a native of Massachusetts, student of Yale college, and a scholar of the celebrated Mr. West in London, lately arrived at Boston, on his way to this city, where it is not doubted he will be honoured with the patronage of our principal ladies and gentlemen; as from the excellent specimen of his abilities, which has already been received and greatly approved here, he is pronounced justly entitled to as much encouragement in the exercise of this elegant art, as any gentleman of the profession that has preceded him.

From Jamaica we are informed, that his excellency, general Alured Clarke, having so highly recommended himself by a gracious and amiable administration, to the confidence and affection of the inhabitants of that very flourishing and important island, the principal gentlemen, with the two houses of the legislature lent home an address to their royal sovereign, entreating his majesty to continue him in that important station, they having entertained apprehensions of a noble lord's being proposed by the ministry to supersede him; to which application his majesty most kindly declared his consent.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, August 16.

Last Thursday there happened a fracas of a most disagreeable nature, at the Old Ferry Wharf, between the crew of the ship Friendship, captain Davis, belonging to Hartford, in Connecticut, but last from Fustatia, and the crew of a French schooner, the Maria Victoire, captain Garin, of —. At about half after two in the afternoon, the Maria Victoire arrived at the above wharf, where there was a brig just ready to sail. Captain Gardin agreed with the captain of the brig, to take his place on his departure; and accordingly brought to along side. Just as the brig was getting out, arrived the Friendship, the mate — Burke and crew of which insisted on taking possession of the wharf, now becoming for a moment vacant. The French insisted on it as their right. On this an altercation en-

fued, when the Friendship's crew, amounting to 22 or 24, jumped on board the Maria. Captains Gardin and Davis, (both of whom appeared to have been absent at this juncture, arriving, the former commanded the assailants to quit his vessel immediately. With this they complied, but still endeavoured to get between the Maria and the wharf. Finding themselves disappointed in this, they again boarded the schooner, having previously provided themselves with handspikes, &c. With these they attacked the crew, and severely wounded in the head, capt. Gardin and Henry Tamarind, the latter of whom in such a manner, as to leave him in imminent danger of his life. Some others of the schooner's sailors they beat severely. They then cut her hawser, in order to set her adrift; but a great crowd of people assembling they thought proper to retire.

This outrage created a great alarm in the city. Within a few hours, a warrant was issued to apprehend the offenders. The high constable and some assistants, went on board the Friendship, and there seized four of them, all that the French sailors could identify. These were brought before the chief judge at between 10 and 11 o'clock at night. The French sailors appeared, and swore positively to three—one for cutting the hawser, the others for striking and abusing captain Gardin, Tamarind, and others. Nothing appearing against the fourth, he was discharged; the others were ordered to prison. The witnesses were bound over in 100l. each, to prosecute at the ensuing court of oyer and terminer, to be holden in September next.

It is to be added, that by the examinations of the French sailors, it appears captain Davis discountenanced the attack; but that his men disregarded his directions, paying attention to Burke, the mate, who stands charged with having not only stimulated them to their violence, but even assisted in it.

ANNAPOLIS RACES, OCTOBER MEETING.

THE Jockey Club purse of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, will be run for at Annapolis, on Thursday the sixth of October next, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, belonging to a member of the club; heats and weights as usual. The subscriptions to be paid to Mr. Mann the first day of October.

Annapolis, August 21, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, lying in Tulley's Neck, Queen-Anne's county, containing 1100 acres, divided and rented out at present in three tenements; it will be sold separately, in tenements, or all together; it is good farming land, well wooded and watered, with a fine bottom of a mile and a half extent running through the land, capable of being improved into fine meadow, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to church and mills, and distant from the court-house six, and from Chester-town twelve miles. The whole, or any tenement of the above tract, will be sold for specie, or any specie state certificates taken in payment, upon credit, with bond and good security, until the first day of January 1790. Apply to William Ringgold, of Chester-town, or the subscriber,

JAMES RINGGOLD.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, at PRIVATE SALE, for ready cash,

A NEGRO WOMAN, about nineteen years of age, mother of two children, she understands house and plantation work.

ELIZA LUSBY.

August 13, 1785.

THE creditors of Mr. John Chew, of Anne-Arundel county, lately deceased, are desired to take notice, that there will not be a sufficient estate to pay all his debts; they are therefore requested to exhibit their demands as soon as possible, that the executor may know their degree and quality, and proceed to pay in the legal order, as far as he has effects; as he wishes the creditors whose claims are of equal quality, to draw a proportionable part, and thereby relieve him from the disagreeable necessity of preferring one to the other, he submits to them the propriety of meeting together and agreeing upon an equal distribution. The executor will meet the creditors the third Saturday in September next, at the late dwelling house of the deceased.

W S. CHEW, executor.

WANTS A PLACE,

A YOUNG man, who writes a good hand, can keep accounts, and would willingly engage as a clerk to a store, or the tuition of children in a private family, or the teaching of a public school. Apply to the printers.

ONE GUINEA REWARD.

RAN away, about the 3d of July last, from Mr. Joseph Dowson, in Annapolis, a negro man slave named JACK, about twenty years old, six feet high, well made, can do all manner of plantation work, and can make and mend negro shoes; he is the property of Miss Alice Nicholson, over South river, and is supposed to be lurking about in that neighbourhood, or West river; his clothing consists mostly of soldiers apparel. Whoever takes him up, and delivers him to me at Annapolis, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JOHN CRISALL.

Pig-point, August 17, 1785.

WHEREAS we have been credibly informed, that a set of people hath made a practice of carrying tobacco to Baltimore, and selling it there under the sanction of its being inspected at this place, and having reasons to suspect, from the clandestine proceedings of the sellers, that the said tobacco was not merchantable; we therefore think proper to give this public notice, to prevent our characters from suffering, that we have never since our qualification given a manifest for tobacco to be carried to Baltimore; and to suppress in future the like abuses, we shall spare no pains to detect the worthy gentlemen concerned in this laudable trade, and to bring them to the dishonour they so justly merit.

WILLIAM TIL LARD, } inspectors.
EDWARD HALL, }

August 10, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general assembly to make valid and good in law, a deed of bargain and sale from Erasmus Gill, sen. to me, for two tracts of land called Barney Resurveyed, and Clovin Course, lying in Montgomery county, the deed is dated the sixth of June 1775, executed and acknowledged by Erasmus Gill and Cassandra his wife, not recorded as the act of assembly requireth.

THOMAS CONTEE.

THERE is at the plantation of Benjamin Morris, in Prince-George's county, taken up as a stray, a small bay MARE, about twelve hands high, has a small star in her forehead, some white hairs on her back, as if she had been much galled with the saddle, and branded on the near thigh R. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Joseph Turner, near Port-Tobacco, a small bay HORSE, about twelve hands high, has a hanging mane and switch tail, a star in his forehead, his hind feet white, seems lately to have had a fore back, and appears to be about seven or eight years old, branded on the near buttock I B. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

RICHARD WHITE, overseer.

July 18, 1785.

I HEREBY give this public notice, that I have appointed Martin Norris to settle, pay, receive, and give receipt in every matter and thing whatsoever, relative to the estate of Mary Gover, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, which receipts or acquittances shall be good and effectual in law, as though done by myself.

SAMUEL GOVER, executor.

To be SOLD, on the premises, to the highest bidder, on the last Friday of October next, if not sold before at private sale,

THE dwelling plantation of the rev. Isaac Campbell, late of Charles county, deceased, containing 250 acres, about 150 of which are cleared, and the remainder pretty well wooded: the improvements are valuable, there being an exceeding good dwelling house, kitchen, and many other necessary buildings thereon. The terms will be made known at the time of sale, by

WILLIAM and GUSTAVUS CAMPBELL, executors.

N. B. It is hoped that such gentlemen as are in possession of subscriptions to a book proposed to be printed by the late Isaac Campbell, and now in the press, will return them, with whatever money they may have in hand, either to Walter Winter, Esq; near Newport, or Dr. Gustavus R. Brown, at Port-Tobacco, as the subscriber wishes to be enabled to pay for the printing as soon as possible. The book will be done, it is hoped, in a few weeks.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

Benedict, August 6, 1785.

STRAYED or stolen off Benedict pasture, on Saturday night, the 23d of July, or early the next morning, a bright bay HORSE, lately the property of Mrs. Ferguson, of Benedict; this horse is eight or nine years old, between fourteen and fifteen hands high, has a small lump on his back, occasioned by the saddle; he is light made, trots and gallops, and is particularly remarkable for being dull. Whoever will return said horse to the subscriber, if strayed, shall receive six dollars reward and reasonable charges paid, and if stolen ten pounds for thief and horse.

ROBERT MURRAY.

August 8, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland, to make valid a deed from M'Kinsey Smock to him for certain lands.

JOHN SMOCK.

The subscriber has just imported a large and extensive assortment of books, stationary, jewelry, &c.

AMONG which are, books in history, biography, poetry, voyages, and travels, &c. medical philosophical, and political, with a great collection of novels, most of them in elegant bindings; folio, quarto, octavo, and pocket bibles; English and French prayer books; manuals, hymns, psalters, &c. large and small testaments; Dilworth's, Dyer's, Watts's, and Fisher's spelling books; Wettenhall's Latin and Greek grammars; Brightland's, Priestley's, Greenwood's, and other English grammars; Johnson's, Bailey's, and Dyer's, and other dictionaries; superfine thick and thin folio and quarto post, thick and thin gilt and black edge ditto, foolscap, and pot writing paper; blue and demy blotting and brown paper; large royal broad folio, medium, demy, and foolscap legers, ruled and plain, with proper alphabets, bound in rough calf; long and broad folio, quarto, demy, and foolscap account books; common-place books, neatly bound and clasped; demy and foolscap, long and broad, ruled and plain, folio and quarto waste and day books, in marble covers; demy and foolscap red leather memorandum books, ruled and plain, interleaved, &c. large and small superfine message cards; demy and foolscap paper cases; large and small drawing and copy books; paste board files; marble palettes; lead note presses, round and flat rulers; paint shells and painting brushes; square and round pewter and lead ink stands; ivory and polished leather ink pots; large and best English and Dutch pens and quills; large and small flates, with slate pencils; a great variety of the most fashionable and superb large and small gentlemen and ladies etwice cases, with silver edges and locks; demy and foolscap red Morocco and black Liverpool thropt pocket books; all manner memorandum books of various sizes; gentlemen and ladies writing and shaving boxes; black leather pocket ditto; fine razors and razor strops; shaving boxes, with fine scented soap; black hair ribbons and pins; fine tooth-picks and other large and small tooth combs; tooth-pick cases and brushes; fine enamelled with cut glass smelling bottles; nutmeg graters, and needle case ditto; elegant tortoiseshell and fine polished leather silver mounted snuff boxes; paper and japan'd ditto; a great variety of ladies set and paste shoe buckles; gentlemen's knee ditto; paste breast pins; gold lockets, rings, and ear-rings; gold and silver vellum lace; elegant gold and silver spangled buttons; sleeve ditto; gilt and fine steel watch chains, and seals with elegant cyphers; cane strings; fine sliding silk purses; gentlemen's fine beaver gloves; plated shoe and knee buckles; metal and pinchbeck ditto; plated and steel spurs; fine ivory and black horn table knives and forks; sugar nippers; fine pen knives with case; scissars; temple spectacles; cork-screws, &c. a great variety of children's red and green Morocco pumps; little histories, &c. drawing instruments with surgeons lancets; German flutes and instruments for ditto; towing pieces, and silver mounted pistols; elegant aquatintoes, mezzotintoes, and engraved prints, some of them executed in a masterly manner; charts of the Chesapeake bay, and maps of North-America on cloth and framed; a great assortment of plays and farces; fine shining patent blacking cakes; buckle brushes; fishing hooks and lines; gentlemen's elastic hat bands; lawyers red tape; black lead pencils; superfine sealing wax and waters; gold leaf, &c.

STEPHEN CLARK.

N. B. Binding in all its various branches, post folios of all sorts and sizes executed in a neat and elegant manner, and on the shortest notice, by S. C.

LAWS OF MARYLAND.

THE subscriber, printer to the state, takes leave to inform all persons who wish to have a copy of the laws of Maryland, from Bacon's abridgement up to the end of the last session of assembly, with the resolutions of the several conventions, the proceedings of the convention that framed the constitution, the declaration of rights and form of government, and the articles of confederation, that by order of the general assembly, he shall begin that work in a few months, under the direction of Alexander C. Hanson and Samuel Chase, Esquires; and as he intends to strike but a few copies more than what are ordered for the public use, or engaged by individuals, has sent subscription papers to the clerks of the several counties, and a number of other gentlemen in each county, for the purpose of collecting the names of those persons desirous of securing a copy of this useful and necessary work, which will be printed with a new letter, on a good paper, of the same size, and nearly on the same plan, with Bacon's, to be delivered (at a particular place in each county) bound in leather, at three pounds each copy. Having requested a return of the subscriptions by the middle of August, he hopes those who mean to subscribe will do it before that time, or they will lose the opportunity of purchasing so valuable a book.

FREDERICK GREEN.

Annapolis, May, 1785.

WANTED,

A YOUTH, as an apprentice to the mercantile business, who writes a good hand, and can be recommended for his character and morals. Apply to the printers.

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Lancelot Cooper
James Somerville
James Brown and
Ditto Bladen
William and Robt
James Gordon and
William Palmer
William Molleson
Abraham and Plac
Anne C. Green, d

William Sydebotham
Hugh Dean's bond
Thomas Cockey D
George Wells
Lawrence Oneal
John Gardiner
Samuel Handy
Nathan Pottinger
Nathan Hodge
Samuel Higgins
Robert Pottinger
Edward Parkinson
Morice Miles
John Gant
Joseph Brashear
Elizabeth Simmons
Benjamin Harwood
Richard Duckett
Arnold Waters
John Sellman
Sarah Harwood
Jeremiah Magruder

John Clark
Thomas Duckett
Jesse Simmons
Jacob Green
William Mears
Anne Orme
Mary Watkins
George Gardiner
Thomas Duckett an
Lawrence Oneal
Samuel Handy
Richard Harbert
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Joseph Brownley
Thomas M'Locklan
Michael Jenkins
Archibald Buchanan
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Edson and Donald
Theodor Davis
Peter Hunter, two
William Evans
Hanson Briscoe
John Gant
Nathaniel Chapman
John Peter
Richard Ponsonby
Lawrence Oneal
George Crofs
George Conn
John Lowe
Walter Williams,
James Wilson

John Gant
Christopher Edelin
John Cadwalader,
Elizabeth Humph
John Mitchell
Col. Sharp
William Inyard
Adam Andrews
Joseph Stiles
Andrew Davidson

John Caldeleigh
James Anderson
William Emblett
James Long

James Dick and
Moses Galloway
Robert Crawford

Benjamin Griffin

Sabina Rumsfey

Jane and Thon

RESOLVED,

THAT the following claims, which have been exhibited to this board, to be approved and passed in order for payment, out of those funds appropriated by law for satisfaction of certain debts, and which this board is of opinion ought not to be satisfied out of the said funds, or passed, and allowed, for the reasons and objections stated, be published, with the said reasons and objections, for the information of the claimants.

Claimants.	Against whom.	Reasons why not paid.
Lancelot Cooper	Richard Button	The claimant and debtor both being British subjects.
James Somerville	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Same.
James Brown and Co. Piscataway	The rev. Mr. Boucher	Same.
Ditto Bladensburg	Ditto	Same.
William and Robert Molleson	Robert Alexander	Same.
James Gordon and Co.	Lloyd Dulany	Same.
William Palmer	Robert Christie, jun.	Same.
William Molleson	Robert Alexander	Same.
Athbuner and Place	Ditto	Same.
Anne C. Green, deceased	James Christie	No evidence that the debts due to Mr. Christie are insufficient to satisfy the claims against him.
William Sydebotham	The rev. Mr. Boucher	Same.
High Dean's bond	James and Robert Christie	Same.
Thomas Cockey Deye	Ditto	Same.
George Wells	James Christie	Same.
Lawrence Oneal	John Glassford, and Co.	Same.
John Gardiner	Gale, Fearon, and Co.	Same.
Samuel Handy	Ditto	Same.
Rachel Pottinger	Ditto	Same.
Nathan Hodge	Ditto	Same.
Samuel Higgins	Ditto	Same.
Robert Pottinger	Ditto	Same.
Edward Parkinson	Ditto	Same.
Morice Miles	Ditto	Same.
John Gant	Ditto	Same.
Joseph Brathear	Ditto	Same.
Elizabeth Simmons	Ditto	Same.
Benjamin Harwood	Ditto	Same.
Richard Duckett	Ditto	Same.
Arnold Waters	Ditto	Same.
John Sellman	Ditto	Same.
Sam Harwood	Ditto	Same.
Jeremiah Magruder	Gale, Fearon, and Co.	No evidence that the debts due to Messieurs Gale, Fearon, and Co. are insufficient to satisfy the claims against them.
John Clark	Ditto	Same.
Thomas Duckett	Ditto	Same.
Jesse Simmons	Ditto	Same.
Jacob Green	Ditto	Same.
William Mears	Ditto	Same.
Anne Orme	Ditto	Same.
Mary Watkins	Ditto	Same.
George Gardiner	Ditto	Same.
Thomas Duckett and others	Ditto	Same.
Lawrence Oneal	Mackie, Spiers, French, and Co.	Same.
Samuel Handy	Ditto	Same.
Richard Harbert	Nottingham Company	Same.
Charles Graham, deceased	Ditto	Same.
Joseph Brownley	Ditto	Same.
Thomas M. Lockland	Ditto	Same.
Michael Jenkins	Ditto	Same.
John Smith	Ditto	Same.
Archibald Buchanan and Co.	James Russell and Co.	Same.
Jenkins	Ditto	Same.
Edward Day & uxor	Ditto	Same.
Anella Hall, deceased	Ditto	Same.
Edison and Donaldson	Ditto	Same.
John Davis	Ditto	Same.
Peter Hunter, two accounts	Ditto	Same.
William Evans	James Russell	Same.
Harson Briscoe	Ditto	Same.
John Gant	Ditto	Same.
Nathaniel Chapman's executors	Principio Company	Same.
John Peter	Colin, Dunlop, and Co.	Same.
Richard Ponsonby	Daniel Stephenson	Same.
Lawrence Oneal	Cunningham, Finley, and Co.	Same.
George Croft	Daniel Stephenson	Same.
George Conn	Ditto	Same.
John Lowe	Ditto	Same.
Walter Williams, jun.	Ditto	Same.
James Wilton	Daniel Stephenson	No evidence that the debts due to Mr. Stephenson are insufficient to satisfy the claims against him.
John Gant	Ditto	Same.
Christopher Edelin	Henry Addison	Same.
John Cadwalader, two accounts	Walter Dulany	Same.
Elizabeth Humphries	The rev. Mr. Boucher	Same.
Joshua Mitchell	Thomas French	Same.
Col. Sharp	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Same.
William Inyard	Daniel Dulany, of Daniel	Same.
Abraham Andrews	Nottingham Company	Same.
Joseph Stiles	James Christie	Same.
Andrew Davidson	The rev. Mr. Edmiston	The property of Mr. Edmiston, which was restored to Mrs. Edmiston, is liable for the debts.
John Caldebaugh	Anthony Stewart	This debt was contracted after Mr. Stewart left the state.
James Anderson and son	James Chalmers	This debt originated since the revolution.
William Embleton	Lloyd Dulany	No vouchers to support the claim.
James Long	Robert Christie	The agreement on which this account was founded must be produced.
James Dick and Stewart	Ditto	The probate by the executor defective and insufficient.
Moses Galloway	Ditto	The probate not sufficient.
Robert Crawford	Ditto	M. Galloway's certificate is defective; the person, in whose possession Mr. Christie's books are, must certify what the claim is.
Benjamin Griffith and Co.	Ditto	This account will not pass, as the sheriff is chargeable only on opposition there was an escape, and there is no evidence produced of it.
Sabina Rumsby	Samuel Hyde	Not sufficient evidence of the claim, nor of the confiscated property of Samuel Hyde, to pay his debts.
Jane and Thomas Contee	Ditto	Same.

Claimants.	Against whom.	Reasons why not paid.
Shields and Mattison George M'Canlefs John Stevenson, deceased Jonathan Plowman's administrators	Dr. Henry Stevenson Ditto Ditto Dr. Henry Stevenson	The credits must be ascertained. Same. Same. Wants the necessary credits for Dr. Stevenson's attendance as a physician.
Anne Ogle Ditto	Anthony Stewart Rev. Jonathan Boucher	The original bond must be produced. The original bond must be produced, and evidence that the debts due to Mr. Boucher are insufficient to satisfy the claims against him.
James Dick and Stewart Executors of James Dick	Anthony Stewart Ditto	Wants explanation, and the probate is defective and insufficient, not being made as prescribed by law. Wants explanation, and also not admissible for want of vouchers and a probate.
Charles Steuart, secretary with Daniel Dulany, of } Walter, for A. Stewart	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Wants explanation and proof, and the obligee ought to be paid and bond taken up, before the one security be satisfied out of the estate of the other, as such satisfaction would be no bar to the obligee's right to take his remedy against the other security.
Charles Steuart, secretary for A. Stewart	Anthony Stewart	Wants explanation and better proof, and the bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim can be admitted.
Bennett Neale William Smith, secretary for Dr. Stevenson, to } A. Hoops George Fitzhugh	Alexander Lawfon and Co. Dr. H. Stevenson Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Apply to A. Lawfon and Co. for payment. The bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim is admissible. Probate wanting by George Fitzhugh, that he has received no satisfaction from Daniel Dulany, or indemnification for the said claim.
Hambleton Davidson Clement Sewell	Robert Christie, jun. Robert Alexander	Wants explanation and information. No probate that R. Alexander received the money; Mr. Sewell only makes a memorandum of his belief, not upon oath.
George M'Canlefs	Nottingham Company	This being a private account against Corbin Lee is inadmissible as a claim against the company.
Shields and Mattison Clement Sewell, administrator of Mrs. Smith	Ditto James Chalmers	Same. It appears by Mr. Chalmers's books and other vouchers, that there will be nothing due the estate of Mrs. Smith on a settlement of their accounts.
Joseph Harris Barbara Harris Thomas Riche Sylvanus Prothero, assigned to Robert Anderson John Moore Gideon Haynes	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. By an account current exhibited by Mr. Chalmers, it appears that Mr. Haynes is indebted to him for rent after the expiration of his lease.

By order,

T. J O H N S O N, jun. clk.

August 17, 1785.
To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday the 6th day of September, PART of a tract of land called Friends Choice, containing about 188 acres, lying in Anne-Arundel county, on the great road leading from Annapolis to Queen-Anne; the soil is excellent for either planting or farming; the buildings are, a good dwelling house 16 feet by 32, with a 40 feet tobacco house, and several other out-houses; likewise an exceeding good apple orchard. Any person inclinable to purchase may view the premises before the day of sale, by applying to the subscriber. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.
THOMAS BEARD.

Ohio Lands, &c. for Sale.

July 10, 1785.
A FEW thousand acres, in tracts from 1400 to 150 acres, lying on the main waters of the Ohio, Kentucky, Salt-river, Green-river, and Silver-creek; three tracts of 500 acres, within 6 or 8 miles of the town of Louisville, at the falls of Ohio, and one ditto of 250 acres, within 4 or 5 miles of said town, on which is a natural meadow, fit for the sith, of 80 acres; an improved lot in the town of Louisville, one lot distant only from the main square, on which is a small house, which now rents for 120 dollars per annum; an unimproved ditto in the second street of said town, it being a corner lot, where the cross street which leads from the country intersects the said street. Also 4 lots in the town of Cumberland, at the extremity of the navigation up Patowmack river; 2 on the main street, and 2 on an elevated situation, near where the public buildings are intended. And also a large quantity of dry goods, fit for the present and approaching season, at wholesale, two and a half per cent. lower than they are usually sold for in Maryland. Cash, tobacco, bills of exchange, negroes, or any voucher, article of trade, &c. which can operate to my credit with Messieurs Wallace, Johnson, and Muir, will be taken in payment, and an extensive credit given for part of the purchase money. Apply at William Waters's mills, prince-George's county, to
RICHARD JONES WATERS.

St. Mary's county, July 15, 1785.
To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 7th day of September, next, at Leonard-town, for cash or tobacco, PART of a tract of fine rich land, lying in Medley's Neck, containing sixty acres. Credit will be given for two or three months for part of the money. Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms and view the land, by applying to
BERNARD MILLS.

Confiscated Property for Sale.

Intendant's-office, July 22, 1785.
To be SOLD, at Annapolis, on Saturday the 20th day of August, for specie, or certificates liquidated for specie, PART of a tract of land called Piney-Grove, in which is included a tract of land called Hanch-liff's-Range, containing upwards of 1100 acres; this land adjoins Severn river and is well wooded. At the same time and place will be sold, two tracts of land adjacent to each other, called Deep Creek and Flushing, containing upwards of 200 acres; these lands lie between Severn and Magothny rivers.

At Baltimore town, on Tuesday the 30th day of August, will also be sold, two tracts of land, containing 650 acres, late the property of James French. Pierce's Encouragement, 1000 acres, of John Hyde. Fell's Dale, 200 acres. — Pearson. 500 acres of land upon Hunting-Ridge. 900 acres near Ellicott's mill. Some lands near Baltimore town, and a tract of land in Cecil county, called the Widow's Lot, patented for 800 acres, if not sold at private sale before the day above-mentioned.
On Thursday the first day of September, 4200 acres of land, in Baltimore and Harford counties, the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, to be laid off in convenient lots. On Thursday the 8th day of September, at Daniel Walker's tavern, will also be sold, part of My Lady's Manor, and the reserved lands in Baltimore county. And on Monday the 19th day of September, at Green's tavern, Coup town, the reserved lands in Harford county. A moiety of Moriton's Lot, containing 200 acres. The Grove, 600 acres. Dunkield, 500 acres, &c. Bonds with approved security will be required, payable the first day of January 1789.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.

IN COUNCIL, June 23, 1785.

RESOLVED, That it is the opinion of this board, that no claim against British debtors be allowed in order for payment, under the act, entitled, A supplement to the act for the liquidation and payment of debts, &c. until proper satisfaction is given this board, that the British debtor has not debts due him in this state sufficient to discharge the said claims, agreeably to the act, entitled, An act to seize, confiscate and appropriate, all British property within this state.

RESOLVED, That the above resolution be published in the news-papers for the information of all such claimants as aforesaid.

By order,
T. JOHNSON, jun. clk.

THE business not being in sufficient forwardness at Upper Marlborough, on the 9th instant, to elect a visitor for the college to be erected on the western shore of Maryland, all gentlemen who have subscribed to papers in the hands of gentlemen in Prince-George's county, and who did not vote at Nottingham on the 8th instant, are requested to meet at Upper Marlborough on the first of September next, to proceed to that election.

M A N A G E R S.
JOHN CARROLL, RICHARD SPRIGG,
WILLIAM SMITH, JOHN STERET,
P. ALLISON, GEORGE DIGGES.

Intendant's-office, July 19, 1785.
THE intendant of the revenue informs all persons who have bonds in the treasury, that monies and securities have been lodged in it, which, together with one sixth of the unbonded debt as will be sufficient for the redemption of the emissions of June 1780, and that in consequence thereof a draught of bonds has become unnecessary; but he takes the liberty of informing those persons who have hitherto neglected to pay the sixth part of their debt in specie, or of the aforesaid emissions, that the intendant will, without discrimination, bring suit to October court against all defaulters in this respect, and compel payments according to contracts: he also informs all persons who are indebted for interest that do not pay it by the first of September next, agreeably to the act for consolidating the funds, that he will put the bonds of every such person, without distinction, in suit. All collectors of the taxes are likewise informed, that unless they pay into the respective treasuries the monies they are in arrears, that indulgence can no longer be given.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.

Annapolis, July 13, 1785.
To be SOLD for cash, or country produce, ABOUT one hundred and fifty acres of land, lying on one of the branches of Patuxent, Elk-Ridge, near Mr. Joseph White's mill, about twenty-four miles from this city, and about eighteen from Baltimore town; on it is a new dwelling house thirty feet by eighteen, an old kitchen, and a tolerable good apple orchard; there are one hundred acres of cleared land, the other fifty in wood.

JOHN CHALMERS.

A PETITION will be offered to the next general assembly, praying that an act may pass empowering certain commissioners to lay off convenient roads to Hamburg warehouse, in St. Mary's county. A petition will also be offered to suppress or discontinue inspection of tobacco at Pile's and Chaptico.