

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A R C H 5, 1807.

re of the high court of chancery, Maryland, will be sold, at public sale, on Saturday, the 15th inst, if fair, if not, the 1st of April next, at the residence of the said court, a parcel of LAND, in Anne Arundel county, on the north side of Severn, containing about five acres, where James M. Smith, of the city of Baltimore, is now residing, and containing a good dwelling-house, kitchen, and other outbuildings. A further description of the premises will be given by viewing the premises. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall pay the purchase money, with interest, at the time of sale.

NICHOLAS BREWER, Trustee
is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, has applied to the county court of Baltimore, in April next, for the sale of the premises, and has been appointed trustee for the same, and has been sworn to the office of trustee, and has been qualified in and by the court.

L. HOPKINS, of RICHMOND
is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, has applied to the county court of Baltimore, in April next, for the sale of the premises, and has been appointed trustee for the same, and has been sworn to the office of trustee, and has been qualified in and by the court.

DAVID BUTLER
is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, has applied to the county court of Baltimore, in April next, for the sale of the premises, and has been appointed trustee for the same, and has been sworn to the office of trustee, and has been qualified in and by the court.

CHARLES EVERSFIELD, Justice of the Peace
Public Sale. The court of Prince-George's county, has ordered, that the premises, to be sold, to the highest bidder, at public sale, on the 10th day of March next, at the residence of the said court, a parcel of LAND, in Anne Arundel county, on the north side of Severn, containing about five acres, where James M. Smith, of the city of Baltimore, is now residing, and containing a good dwelling-house, kitchen, and other outbuildings. A further description of the premises will be given by viewing the premises. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall pay the purchase money, with interest, at the time of sale.

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In COUNCIL, FEBRUARY 19, 1807.

ORDERED, That the act, entitled, An act to prevent free negroes from selling any corn, or tobacco, without having a licence for that purpose from a justice of the peace, and the Act to amend the evil practices arising from negroes keeping guns, and to prohibit them from carrying guns, and to prohibit them from carrying guns, be published once in each week, the first day of May next, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the American and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Republican Advocate, at Annapolis, and the Republican Star, at Easton.

By order, **NINIAN PINKNEY**, Clerk of the council.

ACT to prevent free negroes from selling any corn, wheat or tobacco, without having a licence for that purpose from a justice of the peace.

WHEREAS great inconvenience is felt in this consequence of free negroes receiving stolen wheat and tobacco, from slaves, and selling the same for their own labour; therefore, **it is enacted**, by the general assembly of Maryland, from and after the first of May next, no free person shall sell any corn, wheat or tobacco, unless, at the time of his or her so selling the said article or articles, he or she shall be possessed of a certificate, under the hand and seal of a justice of the peace of the county, that he or she is a peaceable and orderly person, of good character, which certificate shall be of force for one year, and no longer.

And be it enacted, That if any free negro shall act contrary to the provisions of this act, the person so acting shall incur the penalty of five dollars for each offence, one half to the informer, the other half to be applied to the use of the county, and to be recovered as other fines and forfeitures are recovered, before a justice of the peace in the county where such offence is committed.

And be it enacted, That any person who shall purchase or receive from any free negro any corn, wheat or tobacco, contrary to the provisions of this act, shall be liable to pay, for every offence, the sum of ten dollars to the informer, the other half to be applied to the use of the county in which such offence was committed, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other fines and forfeitures are recovered, before a justice of the peace, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other fines and forfeitures are recovered, before a justice of the peace, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other fines and forfeitures are recovered, before a justice of the peace.

ACT to restrain the evil practices arising from free negroes keeping dogs, and to prohibit them from carrying guns or offensive weapons.
It is enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, after the first day of May next, it shall not be lawful for any negro or mulatto within this state to keep any dog, bitch or gun, except he be a free negro, and in that case he may be permitted to keep one dog, provided such free negro or mulatto obtain a licence from a justice of the peace for that purpose, and that the said licence shall be in force for one year, and no longer; and if any dog or gun be found by any negro, not possessed of such licence, he shall be seen going at large, it shall and may be lawful for any person to kill the same, and in case of suit instituted therefor, the person or persons killing the said dog or bitch may plead the general issue, and give this act in evidence.

And be it enacted, That after the said first day of May next, it shall not be lawful for any free negro or mulatto to go at large with any gun, or other offensive weapon; and in case any free negro or mulatto shall be found going at large carrying a gun or other offensive weapon, he shall be liable to be carried before a justice of the peace, in virtue of a warrant to be issued by a justice of the peace, directed to a constable of the county, and on conviction of having violated the provisions of this section of the act, such offender shall be committed to the use of the informant, such offender shall be liable to pay, for every offence, the sum of ten dollars to the informer, the other half to be applied to the use of the county, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other fines and forfeitures are recovered, before a justice of the peace, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other fines and forfeitures are recovered, before a justice of the peace.

And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the constable of every hundred to repair once a month, or oftener if information be given him of tumultuous meetings of mulattoes, negroes or slaves, to all such places within his hundred, and if he shall find any mulatto or negro not a slave, at any such meeting, it shall be the duty of the constable forth-

with to carry such mulatto or negro, so offending, before some magistrate of the county, who shall thereupon commit such person to the common gaol, unless he or she shall enter into a recognizance, with such security as said justice shall require, for his or her good behaviour, and also to appear before the next county court, to answer for such offence in such manner as is prescribed by law for the trial of crimes and misdemeanors within this state, and if such person shall be found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this act, he shall be fined, or imprisoned, for such offence, at the discretion of the court; and if such constable shall find at any such meeting as aforesaid, any slave besides those belonging to the owner of such place, not having permission in writing from his owner or overseer, it shall be lawful for the constable, and he is hereby authorized and required, to whip every such slave, at his discretion, not exceeding thirty-nine lashes.

And be it enacted, That before any constable shall be entitled to receive the allowance granted by the fourth section of the act, entitled, An act to prevent the tumultuous meetings and other irregularities of negroes and other slaves, he shall produce a certificate from at least two respectable citizens of his hundred, of his industry and fidelity in the discharge of his duty, under this act and the act above recited.

And, for a further encouragement to take up runaways, **Be it enacted**, That in lieu of two hundred pounds of tobacco, allowed by the act, entitled, An act relating to servants and slaves, any person seizing and taking up such runaways, shall have and receive six dollars.

FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the books will be opened at Annapolis on Monday, the thirteenth day of April next, and continue open the next day, for the disposal of the number of shares remaining unsubscribed in the Farmers Bank, on the western shore, the subscriptions to be taken at the Bank between the hours of ten and five each day, the subscribers to pay ten dollars on each share, at the time of subscribing, and the residue as follows, to wit: ten dollars on the thirteenth day of June, ten dollars on the thirteenth day of August, ten dollars on the thirteenth day of October, and ten dollars on the twelfth day of December next, but referring to any subscriber the liberty of paying at any one of those days, the whole of his subscription then due. The shares which may be subscribed above the number limited to be reduced by a proportional deduction throughout the several counties on the western shore, or by lot, if necessary, and the monies that may be paid thereon to be immediately repaid at the Bank.

If any stockholder shall fail to make regular payment of any instalment, (after the first payment) such stockholder's money in Bank shall remain free from interest, and not entitled to dividend, until such instalment, or call, shall be made good, and the dividend thereafter to be paid to such stockholder (as well upon the money by him regularly paid as upon the money paid after default) shall be calculated only from the time when said last instalment was made good.

The subscribers of the Farmers Bank having already risen above par, and being in great demand, the directors deemed it to be their duty to give every facility in their power to the citizens of every part of the western shore, to become proprietors of a stock, to which experience has already attached an high degree of confidence and an enhanced value, and which from every appearance, would rapidly appreciate, whenever the subscription of the surplus shares should remove the possibility of procuring the stock at a lower value, than the successful management of the institution, and the public opinion should have conferred on it. Notwithstanding, therefore, that the charter directed that the subscription books for this stock shall be opened at Annapolis, yet the directors held themselves at liberty, and have determined it to be their duty, to devise means to accommodate the citizens of the several counties who might wish to subscribe, but who cannot attend at Annapolis; in conformity, therefore, to a determination that had already obtained at a joint meeting of the directors of the Bank and Branch Bank, on a similar occasion, the board have adopted the following resolution:

That the directors for the several counties on the western shore, be authorized and directed to receive, in their respective counties, from all persons who may offer to subscribe for stock in the Farmers Bank, on the day or days appointed for subscribing, powers of attorney, enabling some person to subscribe for them at Annapolis, and also to receive from persons so disposed to subscribe, the sums which are made payable, on subscriptions personally made, and all subscriptions made under powers as aforesaid, shall be held and deemed as valid, as if made by the individuals themselves at Annapolis.

By order, **JON. PINKNEY, Cashier.**
Annapolis, 12th February, 1807.

In CHANCERY, January, 1807.

William Kilty and William Simmons,
against

John Lane, Nicholas Lane, Hester Lane, Samuel L. Smith, William Smith, Theodore Hodgkin and Matilda his wife, Rachel Smith, Joseph Smith, Hester Smith, Richard Mackall, Nathan Lane, Robert Smith and Richard Smith.

THE object of this bill is to declare void and set aside a deed therein mentioned. The bill states, that one of the complainants, William Kilty, was by a former decree of the court of chancery, appointed a trustee for making sale of the real estate of a certain Samuel Lane, deceased, for the payment of his debts; that the said William Kilty, as trustee as aforesaid, sold to the other complainant, William Simmons, part of the said real estate, to wit: A tract of land called Hornisham, which sale as aforesaid has been confirmed by the chancellor, and the said William Simmons has entered upon, and taken possession of, the said land. The bill further states, that the said William Simmons was about to make payment of the purchase money due from him for the land aforesaid, in order to procure a deed for the same, when he was informed, that the defendants in the bill, had brought an ejectment in the general court, for the recovery of the land aforesaid, claiming the same as the heirs of a certain Samuel M. Lane, and under a conveyance to the said Samuel M. Lane, by the before named Samuel Lane, dated the thirtieth day of June, seventeen hundred and eighty seven.

The bill charges that the said conveyances, as against the creditors of said Samuel Lane, fraudulent and void, and that at the time of the execution thereof, long before, and afterwards, the said Samuel Lane was indebted to an amount greater than the value of his whole estate, and that the said deed was made with an intent to defraud his creditors, and with an expectation either of getting back the said land at a subsequent time, or of enjoying the use and benefit thereof. That the said Samuel M. Lane died in the life-time of said Samuel Lane, who continued in the actual occupation and use of said land, was considered as the sole owner, and took the rents and profits thereof, and that said Samuel M. Lane never had possession of, or made any claim to, the said land. The bill further states, sundry judgments obtained against the said Samuel Lane in the general court, upon debts which were due at the time of the execution of said deed; and that the present defendants were defendants to the bill, in which the decree aforesaid was obtained; that several of them who were of full age, were in a situation to have been apprised of said deed, but that no claim was set up by them, or either of them, in answering said bill, or defending the suit.

It is stated by the complainants, to the chief judge of the third judicial district, (the chancellor being stated as one of the complainants and interested therein and as having given an opinion thereon) that John Lane, one of the defendants, who is the eldest son of Samuel Lane, and would have been his sole heir, if the act to direct descents had not taken place, has appeared in court to the said bill; and the appearance of the said John Lane to the said bill being entered on the docket. It is thereupon, on the application of the complainants, ordered, by the Honourable Jeremiah T. Chase, chief judge of the third judicial district, that the complainants cause a copy of this notice to be inserted at least three weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette, before the tenth day of March next, to the end that each of the heirs of the said Samuel Lane, who are defendants in said bill, may have notice of the bill, and of its substance and object, and may be warned to appear in the chancery court on or before the twentieth day of July next, in person or by a solicitor, to show cause, if any they have, wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

JEREMIAH TOWNLEY CHASE,
Chief Judge of the Third Judicial District.

COMMITTED to my custody, the 30th January, a runaway Negro Man, who calls himself **WILLIAM THOMPSON**, appears to be about 50 years of age, who says he was set free by **COUNSELLOR CARTER**, in the state of Virginia; he is a bright mulatto, about 5 feet 8 inches high; his clothing is a blue cloth coat, one blue round jacket, ozenabrig shirt, old hat and shoes, the rest of his clothing is patched they cannot be described. The owner is requested to come forward, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold agreeably to law for his prison fees, &c.

JOHN M'WILLIAMS, Sheriff
of St. Mary's county.
February 14, 1807.

APOLIS:
FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, March 5, 1807.

LATE FROM PARIS.

BY the arrival of the William Penn, from Bourdeaux, Paris papers have been received to the date of January 3d, inclusive. A gentleman of this city has politely favoured us with the loan of a file of the *Paris Argus*, from Dec. 4th to the above date. This file does not contain the announcement of any important event; but there are several articles which we are sure will be interesting to our readers. These we shall lay before them with all possible speed.

Reports prevailed at Paris on the 3d of Jan. that a rupture between the United States and Great-Britain was certain.

The Poles are organizing themselves into military squadrons under the orders of gen. Dombrowski.

The presence of the French at Warsaw has given that place an air of great vivacity. They have Italian, French, and Polish theatres open there.

The negotiations between the Porte and the Servian insurgents have been broken off; and Czerni Georges has recommenced his operations. A slight skirmish between them and the Turks took place in the beginning of Nov. near Belgrade.

French troops are at Anclam, waiting the determination of the king of Sweden on a proposition relative to the neutrality of Swedish Pomerania.

A few days anterior to the 17th of December 70,000 men passed through Berlin on their way to Poland.

A national gendarmerie is organizing throughout the conquered Prussian states, to protect the high roads, insure the arrival of subsistence, and cause persons and property to be respected.

The annual fair at Leipzig was to be held as usual.

It is announced that the French have commenced the bombardment of Dantzick. This town is one of the richest and most considerable of the north of Europe.

Burr's project (extracted from an American paper) is projected in the Paris papers.

Several ships of the line are going to be fitted out in the greatest haste at Copenhagen. The ramparts of the citadel have had cannon planted on them lately, and the guards are doubled, as are those in the harbour.

From a late French paper.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

In our Imperial camp at Posen, the 2d of Dec. 1806.

Napoleon, Emperor of the French and king of Italy.

We have decreed, and do decree as follows:—

Art. 1. There shall be established on the foundation of the Magdeline, in our good city of Paris, at the expense of the treasure of our crown, a monument, dedicated to the grand army, bearing on the frontispiece—

The Emperor Napoleon to the Soldiers of the Grand Army.

2. In the interior of the monument shall be inscribed, on tables of marble, the names of all the men, by corps of the army, and by regiment, who assisted at the battles of Ulm, of Austerlitz and of Jena; and on tables of costly gold, the names of those who died on the fields of battle. On tables of silver shall be engraved the recapitulation, by department, of the soldiers which each department has furnished to the grand army.

3. Around the room shall be sculptured bas-reliefs, where shall be represented the colonels of each of the regiments of the grand army, with their names. These bas-reliefs shall be formed in such a manner, that the colonels shall be grouped about their generals of division and brigade by the corps of the army. The statue in marble, of the marshals who commanded corps, or who made part of the grand army shall be placed in the interior of the room, (Galler.)

4. The armories, statues, monuments of every kind, taken by the grand army in its two campaigns; the standards, colours, and symbols conquered by the grand army, with the names of the regiments of the enemy to whom they belonged, shall be deposited in the interior of the monument.

5. Every year, on the anniversaries of the battles of Austerlitz and Jena, the monument shall be illuminated; there shall a concert be given, preceded by a discourse on the virtues necessary to soldiers, and an eulogy on those who perished on the field of battle on these memorable days.

A month previous, a concurrence shall be opened to receive the best piece of music analogous to the circumstances. A medal of gold, of 150 double Napoleons, shall be given to the authors of each piece which shall have obtained the prize. In the discourse and odes, it is expressly forbidden to make any mention of the Emperor.

6. Our minister of the interior shall, without delay, open a concurrence of architecture, to choose the best plan for the execution of this monument. One of the conditions of prospectus, shall be to preserve the part of the building of the Magdeline, which exists at this day, and that the expense shall not exceed three millions. A commission of the class of fine arts of our institute, is charged to make a report to the minister of the interior, before the month of March, 1807, on the projects submitted to concurrence. The works shall commence on the first of May, and are expected to be finished before the year 1809. Our minister of the interior is charged with all the details relative to the construction of the monument; and the director-general of our museums, with all the details of the bas-reliefs, statues and tables.

7. There shall be purchased a hundred thousand Francs of rents, in inscriptions on the great book (stock) to serve as an endowment for the monument and its annual expenses.

8. The monument once constructed, the grand council of the legion of honour shall be specially charged with the care of it, with its preservation and with all that is relative to the annual concurrence.

Our minister of the interior and the intendant of the estate of our crown, are charged with the execution of the present decree.

NAPOLEON.

From the London Evening Post, January 1.

BRITISH NAVY.—The following is the state of the British Naval Force up to this day:—In commission, 133 ships of the line (81 of them are at sea); 13 of from 50 guns to 44 (8 of them at sea); 163 frigates (133 of them are at sea); 190 sloops, &c. (145 of them are at sea); and 266 gun brigs and other vessels (201 of them at sea) making a total of 763 vessels (558 of them at sea).—In ordinary, 50 ships of the line; 19 from 50 to 44 guns; 52 frigates, 50 sloops, &c. and 12 gun brigs, and other vessels.—Total 183. Building, 37 ships of the line, 32 frigates, 39 sloops, &c. 7 gun brigs and other vessels. Total 113. The whole amount 1063 ships and vessels, of which 220 are of the line.

We are indebted to the politeness of a friend, for New-Orleans papers to the 21st January, brought yesterday by the brig Friendship, captain Don. We learn from them that the liberty of the press exists there no longer—the Gazette states, that one of the editors, James M. Bradford, had been repeatedly arrested, and that “the alarming state of public concerns, rendering it impossible to conduct the press with that freedom and independence which ought ever to characterize it, the editors were under the painful necessity of informing their patrons, that until the troubles which at present agitate the public mind, are at an end, it will cease to be a political paper.” “For,” say they, “we cannot deceive the world by affectation of a FREE PRESS when it does not exist.”

[Peoples Friend.]

A letter from Martinique, dated January 25, says, “A body of the principal French merchants of this place have petitioned the government not to allow Americans, or foreigners of any description, to transact business here, unless through a French commission merchant. The prefect has granted their request, and after a certain date, a law to this effect will go into operation. From that time no supercargo or captain of a vessel will be permitted to dispose of his cargo, but in the manner directed by the said law.”

[Phil. Register.]

A Paris paper of the 17th December, says—“Mr. Hultz, the Prussian astronomer residing at Frankfurt, on the Oder, thinks that at this time the sun is undergoing a great revolution. He founds his conjectures on a group of new spots which he has discovered on its surfaces, and which, according to him, occupied a fifteenth part of his diameter.”

Capt. John Oakes Hardy, of the Zealous, of 74 guns, has been dismissed the British service, having been found guilty of drunkenness, by a court martial.

About the 1st of January, (according to advices recently received) the British had made no further impression by land, and the Spaniards held their own, at the river La Platte. There were a great number of English vessels in and bound to that river.

A letter received at the coffee-house in this city, from a correspondent in Bourdeaux, dated the 8th of January, 1807, says, “There are reports of a great battle having taken place between the French and Russians, in which the latter have experienced a signal defeat.”

[Balt. American.]

From Washington, February 25.

The president has approved, and signed, the bill, to continue in force for a further time, the act prohibiting the commercial intercourse between the United States and certain parts of the Island of St. Domingo.”

NATURAL CURIOSITY.

On Thursday morning was exhibited in the Richmond market, what may be truly called a MAMMOTH HOG. We have heard of larger animals of this species, but the equal of this we have never before seen. His weight after cleaning was 650 lbs. length from nose to tail 9 feet—girth six feet one inch and a half, the fore arm 22 inches and a half in circumference—the ears 11 1-2 inches broad, and 12 1-2 long. This astonishing animal was raised by col. John Mayo of this city, and we are told, the same gentleman has killed several this season that would weigh from 4 to 500 lbs.

[Virginia Gazette, Feb. 18.]

Particulars of the taking of CURRACOA, extracted from a Jamaica paper of January 24.

On Saturday last arrived at Port-Royal, his majesty's frigate Anson, of 40 guns, captain Lydiard, from Curacao, with 300 prisoners, and the colours captured at that Island, which was taken in the most extraordinary and gallant manner, by a squadron of frigates consisting of the

Arethusa,	38 guns,	Capt. Brisbane
Latona,	38	Wood
Anson,	40	Lydiard
Fisgard,	38	Bolton.

For still in planning, singular boldness in execution, this event will rank among the first of heroic actions—it is indeed perfectly in unison with every thing glorious in the past, and an example of every thing great to the future.

As our squadron did not possess the means of landing regular siege to the place, captain Brisbane came to the determination of sailing into the port, and storming forts hitherto considered as impregnable, and perishing in the attempt, for retreat was impossible. The time chosen was day-dawn on the morning of the 1st of January, when all the boats were hoisted out and the squadron stood in with a strong breeze, the Arethusa leading. The enemy were panic struck at such unexpected temerity; all was confusion, here soldiers without officers—there officers without soldiers; alarm drums beating in all directions; British squadron in their very harbour, and within pistol-shot of their batteries before sun-rise. Troops collected at Otrabanda were prevented from crossing the water, our ships interposing; not more than 1 broadside were fired from our frigates when the ships companies and officers of the Arethusa and Anson, with the marines of the Latona, headed by captain Brisbane and Lydiard, were landed, Fort-Amsterdam stormed, and all the out-works had British colours flying before eight o'clock, Fort Republic on the hill and Carracas fort excepted. The Fisgard had orders to act against Otrabanda, two batteries distinct from the main land took possession of, to one of which the men absolutely swam, the enemy being previously dislodged. The guns of Fort-Amsterdam were fired but once; on our people storming the place they did not act in a body, but retreated in confusion, from the round corners and from houses. The militia amounting to 3000, had not time to collect, nor could they cross the water in boats.—The Dutch frigate Kenau Hasslar, was boarded by captain Brisbane, the Latona warped along side and took possession, when captain Brisbane proceeded for the shore. The Surinam frigate was boarded from the larboard bow of the Anson, while her starboard guns were firing at the batteries. The Flying Fish, a large national schooner, was boarded by the boats of the Arethusa; the crews and crews of these vessels fought most gallantly; commodore Cornelius Yertz was killed; the captain of the Surinam mortally wounded, and the first lieutenant dangerously, besides several others. The town, Fort-Amsterdam, &c. were completely in captain Brisbane's possession, a lieutenant of marines was sent with a flag of truce, requiring Fort Republic to surrender. The officer discontinued firing, but would not surrender without an order from lieutenant-general J. P. Changuion, the governor who was at this time a prisoner, with all his staff, Fort-Amsterdam. We understand that captain Brisbane desired the council to be collected, and gave the five minutes to capitulate for the whole Island, but as they treated for a longer period, it was extended to half an hour, in the mean time, the most active preparations were made for storming this almost impregnable fort. The ship's company of the Fisgard commanded by capt. Bolton, were in boats ready to proceed by water. The marines of the squadron with about 300 sailors of the Arethusa and Anson were prepared to advance by land, the remainder of the sailors on shore, including an officer and fifty men from the Latona, manned such guns as could bear on the object of attack; every thing was ready on a signal being made, when a capitulation was signed, and the troops in Fort-Republic alone, marched out with the honours of war, piling their arms and becoming prisoners. All private property is respected, and the troops to be sent to Europe and exchanged. Captains Brisbane and Lydiard landed nearly together; the former was the first man who scaled the walls, the latter the second, closely followed and supported by their respective officers and ship's companies. Captain Wood, remained afloat in the command of the squadron; about 200 of the enemy were killed; our loss is very trifling—had our loss been half an hour later in the attack, the damage must have been dreadful—nothing could be better timed.

List of killed and wounded on board his Majesty's vessels:

Arethusa—2 killed and 5 wounded.
Latona—1 killed and 2 wounded.
Anson—none killed, 7 wounded.
Fisgard—none killed, none wounded.
Total—3 killed, 14 wounded.

We understand there were upwards of 60 Spanish French and Dutch vessels, exclusive of 6 or 7 Americans, lying at Curacao when that Island fell into our possession; some of them are slated to be of great value.

Six commissioners have been appointed to investigate prize concerns at Curacao. Captain James Athol Wood, of the Latona frigate, is the president.

The following appointments have been made: Commodore Brisbane, of the Arethusa;

Lieutenant Parish, 1st of the Arethusa, to command the Kenau Hasslar frigate of 36 guns.

Lieutenant Higman, second of the Arethusa, to command the Surinam frigate of 22 guns. Lieutenant Sullivan, made master and commander, and commanded the Flying-Fish schooner of 16 guns.

Mr. Elliot, late purser of the Arethusa, commander-general; and Mr. Reid, late purser of the Anson, Store-keeper of the Island.

La Superior brig, of 14 guns, captain Rushworth, sailed on Tuesday morning for England, having on board captain Lydiard of the Anson frigate, the bearer of dispatches to the Lords of admiralty, announcing the capture of the Island of Curacao.

Arethusa frigate on Wednesday vessels, captured frigate Kenau Frigate, Corvette, Flying-Fish, schooner, Mari. A great number and got on shore of. The frigate, and built entire during the Dutch governor's term, fifteen last.

Bolton, of the Kenau. Capt. Pe under in chief of the same corps of town-major, teinder brig, Fortune brig, at Curacao from Lafs, Macnair, after a fine Highland Lafs had, and received Latona frigate, Curacao for the merchant vessel of the captors.

N. 23d Inst. the territory re-elected to the congress on the 4th of M except four, v of the t, holden at th on Saturday th at hundred an and for the l

PRES addition to the the grand-jury they feel them as a molt d, edented exer they have seen laws and the tary force, ates and of th by that force, eat bulwark is. Nay mo ing the Amei declare that a grand jury be commissio am by allegi approved by this territory. uch advice, un diction of all the United Sta of liberty. is allowable it; for we is urged i to those who to this honour

Ph inget in the Bourdeaux, th of 1,000,000 leave in his 00,000 to R Alexander. WASHI ve perused a states that e sum of ter ned to his bo letter fr Tere; jua territory has in g, egeet ing and ma ne-hy on a 30 or 40 ri, 200 barr ed some ot ury to stan lace and tr brive the general gov, dated N and jury t n and Mr. charge.

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failing into the port, and...
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for retreat was impossible...
day-dawn on the morning of...
in all the boats were hoisted...
and in with a strong breeze...
The enemy were panic struck...
mercy; all was confusion...
officers—there officers without...
beating in all directions;...
very harbour, and within...
before sun-rise. From...
were prevented from crossing...
erposing; not more than...
our frigates when the ship...
of the Arethusa and Anson...
Latona, headed by captain...
were landed, Fort-Amsterdam...
works had British colours...
Fort Republic on the island...
The Fingard had ordered...
two batteries distinct from...
possession of, to one of which...
the enemy being previously...
Fort-Amsterdam were...
forming the place they...
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The Dutch frigate Kousa...
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longer period, it was...
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for storming this almost...
ship's company of the...
Bolton, were in boats ready...
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Arethusa frigate, of 38 guns, captain Brisbane, on Wednesday from Curacao, with the following vessels, captured at that Island, viz: the frigate Kousa Hinder, of 36 guns, and 170 men; Corvette Surinam, of 21 guns and 90 men; Flying-Fish, of 14 guns and 50 men; and schooner, Maria, of 10 guns and upwards of 50 men. A great number of their men jumped overboard and got on shore previous to their being taken of. The frigate is a fine vessel, only five years old, and built entirely of oak; she suffered much damage during the action. Dutch governor and his family, the Fiscal and lady, fifteen ladies, and 25 officers, arrived in Arethusa. Bolton, of the Fingard, remains as governor of the island. Capt. Peebles, of the Royal Marines, is now in chief of the forces, and lieutenant of the same corps, has been nominated to the post of town-major. Reindeer brig, of 18 guns, capt. Fyffe, and Fortune brig, of 16 guns, lieutenant Roae, had just arrived from a cruise. The armed brig of the Lais, Macnicoll, also arrived there on the 11th inst. with a French privateer schooner, which she captured after a smart action of an hour and a half. Highland Lais had none of her men killed or wounded, and received very little injury. Latona frigate, of 36 guns, capt. Wood, was on Curacao for this Island on the 11th inst. with the merchant vessels that fell into the power of the captors.

NEW-ORLEANS, January 29. The 23d inst. the two houses of the legislature of the territory re-elected the hon. Daniel Clark as their representative to the congress of the United States for two years, commencing on the 4th of March next. All the members of the legislature, except four, voted for Mr. Clark. The session of the superior court of the territory of Louisiana, held at the city hall of the city of New-Orleans, on Saturday the 24th of January, one thousand and eight hundred and seven, came the GRAND JURY, and for the said territory and made the following PRESENTMENT.

In addition to the bills of indictment now pending before the grand-jury for the city and county of New-Orleans, they feel themselves imperiously called upon to present as a most dangerous and alarming evil, the unauthorized exercise of the military power in this territory. They have seen with no less astonishment than indignation, laws and the civil authority prostrated before the military force. They have seen the citizens of the territory, and of this territory, seized upon and imprisoned by that force, and deprived of the benefit of the writ of habeas corpus. Nay more! they have seen the general court, and openly avow such illegal proceedings. They declare that he would perjure in them, and grand jury the same general has acknowledged the commission of such acts, and sought to justify them by alleging that they were previously approved by the governor and two of the judges of this territory. Whoever his advisers were, such advice, under existing circumstances, as a violation of all regard to the constitution and the United States, and as striking at the very basis of liberty. We enter not into the question, whether it is allowable to do evil, that good may result; for we are no casuists. Many specious arguments are urged in justification of those arrests, to those who urge them to show their valour in this honourable court to form a judgment.

J. W. SMITH, Clerk.

PHILADELPHIA, February 20. The ship in the Ann Jane, informs us, it was on board, that Buonaparte was assembling an army of 1,000,000 men—600,000 of whom he intended to leave in his rear, while he marched at the head of 400,000 to Russia, to settle accounts with the Emperor Alexander.

WASHINGTON CITY, February 25. We have perused a letter dated Natchez, January 23d, which states that Mr. Burr had been liberated on the sum of ten thousand dollars, and that he had been sent to his boats. A letter from a gentleman in Greenville, S. C., under date of the 26th January, states that the territory has been in commotion for some time, in consequence of Aaron Burr's arrival. A meeting and marching the militia, a committee of the militia, and examine col. Burr's boats; and 30 or 40 rifles and muskets, 3 or 4 pounds of powder, 200 barrels of pork, several trunks of clothing and some other small matters. Burr has authority to stand his trial at our next circuit court, and peace and tranquillity is restored to the territory. Believe the people here are warmly attached to the general government.

NEW-ORLEANS, January 23d. States grand jury had found a bill against judge and Mr. Kerr, without, however, specifying a charge.

On Thursday evening last, by the rev. Mr. WILLIAM KNIGHT, to Mrs. MARY REID, comfort of Samuel Reid, late purser of the Arethusa, on Monday last, after a long and severe illness, of this city.

Saint-Paul's Parish Lottery.
ANY person desirous of adventuring in the above lottery, which is now drawing, may obtain tickets of the printer hereof, warranted undrawn, by paying the price thereof.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, on Saturday, the 28th instant, at the late dwelling place of HENRY HALL, deceased, near the Governor's Bridge, SEVERAL negroes, consisting of men, women, and boys, also two pair of valuable work oxen. The foregoing property will be sold for ready cash. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock.

RACHEL HALL, surviving executrix.
March 3, 1807.

RICHARD DAW, WHEELWRIGHT.
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and customers, that he still continues to carry on his trade, being supplied with good materials; he returns his thanks to his former customers for past favours, and hopes a continuance of the same; he has declined having any thing to do with the blacksmith's work, but those who honour him with the work at his business, he flatters himself in giving satisfaction, and as he keeps no books, he expects those that employ him to pay him for his work when finished.

State of Maryland, sc.
Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 25, 1807.
ON application, by petition, of Elizabeth Isabel, executrix of the last will and testament of Robert Isabel, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of ROBERT ISSABEL, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 29th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 25th day of February, 1807.

ELIZABETH ISSABEL, Executrix.

State of Maryland, sc.
Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, March 3, 1807.
ON application, by petition, of Martha P. Childs, and Charles Drury, administrators of Cephas Childs, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of CEPHAS CHILDS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the third day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this third day of March, 1807.

MARTHA P. CHILDS, } Administrators.
CHARLES DRURY, }

State of Maryland, sc.
Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 25, 1807.
ON application, by petition, of Sarah Hunter and John Hunter, administrators of James Hunter, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of JAMES HUNTER, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 21st day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 25th day of February, 1807.

SARAH HUNTER, } Administrators.
JOHN HUNTER, }

Poet's Corner.
SELECTED.
THE IDIOT.
The circumstance related in the following ballad happened some years since in Herefordshire.
IT had pleas'd God to form poor Ned
A thing of idiot mind,
Yet to the poor unreasoning man
God had not been unkind.
Old Sarah lov'd her helpless child,
Whom helplessness made dear,
And life was happiness to him,
Who had no hope nor fear.
She knew his wants, she understood,
Each half articulate call,
And he was ev'ry thing to her,
And she to him was all.
And so for many a year they dwelt,
Nor knew a wish beside,
But age at length on Sarah came,
And she fell sick and died.
He tried in vain to waken her,
And call'd her o'er and o'er;
They told him she was dead—the sound
To him no import bore.
They clos'd her eyes and shrouded her,
And he stood wond'ring by,
And when they bore her to the grave
He follow'd silently.
They laid her in the narrow house,
They sung the funeral stave;
But when the funeral train dispers'd
He loiter'd by the grave.
The rabble boys, who us'd to jeer
Whene'er they saw poor Ned,
Now stood and watch'd him at the grave,
And not a word they said.
They came and went, and came again,
Till night at last came on,
And still he loiter'd by the grave,
Till all to rest were gone.
And when he found himself alone,
He swift remov'd the clay,
And rais'd the coffin up in haste,
And bore it swift away.
And when he reach'd his hut he laid
The coffin on the floor,
And with the eagerness of joy
He barr'd the cottage door.
And out he took his mother's corpse,
And plac'd it in her chair,
And then he heap'd the hearth, and bléw
The kindling fire with care.
He plac'd his mother in her chair,
And in her wonted place,
And blew the kindling fire, that shone
Reflected on her face:
And pausing now, her hand would feel,
And now her face behold,
"Why, mother, do you look so pale,
"And why are you so cold?"
It had pleas'd God from the poor wretch
His only friend to call,
But God was kind to him, and soon
In death restor'd him all.

Notice is hereby given,
THAT under a bill of sale from Joseph Smith to James Hunter, deceased, will be sold, at Public Sale, on Saturday, the fourteenth day of March next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, at the late plantation of said James Hunter, called *Harness*, near South river lower ferry, the following property, to wit: One negro woman, one negro boy, four or five years old, sundry stock, consisting of horses, hogs, cattle, some poultry, and some household furniture, too tedious to enumerate. The terms of sale, three months credit, on bond, with approved security; over ten dollars, and all under that sum cash. The sale to commence at eleven o'clock.

SARAH HUNTER, } Administrators of
JOHN HUNTER, } James Hunter.
Annapolis, February 24, 1807.

WILLIAM COE, TAILOR.
RESPECTFULLY begs leave to inform his friends and customers, and the public generally, that he has removed his shop to the house next door above Messrs. Ridgely, Weems, and Co. store, in Church-street, and directly opposite to Gwinn's tavern, where, with a set of good hands, he is prepared to execute business in his line, in the first style of fashion, with fidelity and promptitude. Grateful for past favours, he is determined to exert his utmost powers to merit a continuance of the same. N. B. Orders from the country will be thankfully received, and executed with fidelity and dispatch.

Annapolis, February 16, 1807.

THE further publication of the proclamation respecting the murder of CHARLES NEVITT, junior, is deemed unnecessary by the Executive, and their order of the sixth of September respecting it is hereby countermanded.

NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

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The Arethusa frigate, of 38 guns, captain Brisbane, arrived on Wednesday from Curacao, with the following vessels, captured at that Island, viz: Dutch frigate Kenau Haslar, of 36 guns, and 170 men; ditto Corvete Surinam, of 21 guns and 90 men; do. Flying-Fish, of 14 guns and 50 men; and a small schooner, Maria, of 10 guns and upwards of 50 men. A great number of their men jumped overboard, and got on shore previous to their being taken possession of. The frigate is a fine vessel, only five years old, and built entirely of oak; she suffered much from mauls during the action. The Dutch governor and his family, the Fiscal and commissary, fifteen ladies, and 25 officers, arrived in Arethusa. Capt. Bolton, of the Figard, remains as governor of Curacao. Capt. Peebles, of the Royal Marines, commander in chief of the forces, and lieutenant-governor, of the same corps, has been nominated to the position of town-major. The Reindeer brig, of 18 guns, capt. Fyffe, and the Fortune brig, of 16 guns, lieut. Roate, had arrived at Curacao from a cruise. The armed brig Highland Lass, Macnicoll, also arrived there on the 11th inst. with a French privateer schooner, which she captured after a smart action of an hour and a half. Highland Lass had none of her men killed or wounded, and received very little injury. The Latona frigate, of 36 guns, capt. Wood, was at Curacao for this Island on the 11th inst. with nine merchant vessels that fell into the possession of the captors.

NEW-ORLEANS, January 29.

On the 23d inst. the two houses of the legislature of this territory re-elected the hon. Daniel Clark a delegate to the congress of the United States for two years from the 4th of March next. All the members present, except four, voted for Mr. Clark. A session of the superior court of the territory of Orleans, holden at the city hall of the city of New Orleans on Saturday the 24th of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven, came the GRAND JURY in and for the said territory and made the following

PRESENTMENT.

In addition to the bills of indictment now presented by the grand-jury for the city and county of Orleans, they feel themselves imperiously called upon to present as a most dangerous and alarming evil, the unprecedented exercise of the military power in this territory. They have seen with no less astonishment than the laws and the civil authority prostrated by a military force. They have seen the citizens of Orleans, and of this territory, seized upon and imprisoned by that force, and deprived of the benefit of great bulwark of civil liberty, the writ of habeas corpus. Nay more! they have seen the general commanding the American army here, come before an honourable court, and openly avow such illegal and declare that he would persevere in them, to this grand jury the same general has acknowledged the commission of such acts, and sought to justify them by alleging that they were previously ordered or approved by the governor and two of the members of this territory. Whoever his advisers were, and such advice, under existing circumstances, as a dereliction of all regard to the constitution and of the United States, and as striking at the very foundation of liberty. We enter not into the question, far it is allowable to do evil, that good may result from it; for we are no casuists. Many speculations are urged in justification of these arrests, leave to those who urge them to show their validity to this honourable court to form a judgment upon.

J. W. SMITH, Clerk.

PHILADELPHIA, February 20.

A passenger in the Ann Jane, informs us, it was on Bourdeaux, that Buonaparte was assembling an army of 1,000,000 men—600,000 of whom he was to leave in his rear, while he marched at the head of 400,000 to Russia, to settle accounts with the Emperor Alexander.

WASHINGTON CITY, February 25.

We have perused a letter dated Natchez, January 25, which states that Mr. Burr had been liberated on the sum of ten thousand dollars, and that he returned to his boats.

Let of a letter from a gentleman in Greenville, Miss. Ter. under date of the 26th January

Our territory has been in commotion for some past in consequence of Aaron Burr's arrival. raising and marching the militia, a committee appointed to examine col. Burr's boats; found 30 or 40 rifles and muskets, 3 or 4 pounds powder, 200 barrels of pork, several trunks of and some other small matters. Burr has security to stand his trial at our next circuit and peace and tranquillity is restored to the territory. believe the people here are warmly attached to the general government.

A letter, dated New-Orleans, January 23, states that a grand jury had found a bill against judge man and Mr. Kerr, without, however, specifying the charge.

MARRIED, on Thursday evening last, by the rev. Wyatt, Mr. WILLIAM KNIGHT, to Mrs. ABETH YOUNG.

ED, on Monday last, after a long and severe illness, Mrs. MARY RILOUT, consort of Samuel Rile, Esq. of this city.

Saint-Paul's Parish Lottery.

ANY person desirous of adventuring in the above lottery, which is now drawing, may obtain tickets of the printer hereof, warranted undrawn, by paying the price thereof.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, on Saturday, the 28th instant, at the late dwelling place of HENRY HALL, deceased, near the Governor's Bridge,

SEVERAL negroes, consisting of men, women, and boys, also two pair of valuable work oxen. The foregoing property will be sold for ready cash. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock.

RACHEL HALL, Surviving executrix.

March 3, 1807.

RICHARD DAW, WHEELWRIGHT.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and customers, that he still continues to carry on his trade, being supplied with good materials; he returns his thanks to his former customers for past favours, and hopes a continuance of the same; he has declined having any thing to do with the blacksmith's work, but those who honour him with the work at his business, he flatters himself in giving satisfaction, and as he keeps no books, he expects those that employ him to pay him for his work when finished.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 23, 1807.

ON application, by petition, of Elizabeth Isabel, executrix of the last will and testament of Robert Isabel, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of ROBERT ISSABEL, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 29th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 25th day of February, 1807.

ELIZABETH ISSABEL, Executrix.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, March 3, 1807.

ON application, by petition, of Martha P. Childs, and Charles Drury, administrators of Cephas Childs, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of CEPHAS CHILDS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the third day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this third day of March, 1807.

MARTHA P. CHILDS, } Administrators.
CHARLES DRURY, }

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 25, 1807.

ON application, by petition, of Sarah Hunter and John Hunter, administrators of James Hunter, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of JAMES HUNTER, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 21st day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 25th day of February, 1807.

SARAH HUNTER, } Administrators.
JOHN HUNTER, }

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

THE IDIOT.

The circumstance related in the following ballad happened some years since in Herefordshire.

IT had pleas'd God to form poor Ned

A thing of idiot mind,

Yet to the poor unreasoning man

God had not been unkind.

Old Sarah lov'd her helpless child,

Whom helplessness made dear,

And life was happiness to him,

Who had no hope nor fear.

She knew his wants, she understood,

Each half articulate call,

And he was ev'ry thing to her,

And she to him was all.

And so for many a year they dwelt,

Nor knew a wish beside,

But age at length on Sarah came;

And she fell sick and died.

He tried in vain to waken her,

And call'd her o'er and o'er;

They told him she was dead—the sound

To him no import bore.

They clos'd her eyes and shrouded her,

And he stood wond'ring by,

And when they bore her to the grave

He follow'd silently.

They laid her in the narrow house,

They sung the funeral slave;

But when the funeral train dispers'd

He loiter'd by the grave.

The rabble boys, who us'd to jeer

Whene'er they saw poor Ned,

Now stood and watch'd him at the grave;

And not a word they said.

They came and went, and came again,

'Till night at last came on;

And still he loiter'd by the grave,

'Till all to rest were gone.

And when he found himself alone,

He swift remov'd the clay,

And rais'd the coffin up in haste,

And bore it swift away.

And when he reach'd his hut he laid

The coffin on the floor,

And with the eagerness of joy

He barr'd the cottage door.

And out he took his mother's corpse,

And plac'd it in her chair,

And then he heapt the hearth, and blew

The kindling fire with care.

He plac'd his mother in her chair,

And in her wonted place,

And blew the kindling fire, that shone

Reflected on her face:

And pausing now, her hand would feel,

And now her face behold,

"Why, mother, do you look so pale,

"And why are you so cold?"

It had pleas'd God from the poor wretch

His only friend to call,

But God was kind to him, and soon

In death restor'd him all.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT under a bill of sale from Joseph Smith to James Hunter, deceased, will be Sold, at Public Sale, on Saturday, the fourteenth day of March next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, at the late plantation of said James Hunter, called *Harness*, near South river lower ferry, the following property, to wit: One negro woman, one negro boy, four or five years old, sundry stock, consisting of horses, hogs, cattle; some poultry, and some household furniture, too tedious to enumerate. The terms of sale, three months credit, on bond, with approved security; over ten dollars, and all under that sum cash. The sale to commence at eleven o'clock.

SARAH HUNTER, } Administrators of
JOHN HUNTER, } James Hunter.

Annapolis, February 24, 1807.

WILLIAM COE,

TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to inform his friends and customers, and the public generally, that he has removed his shop to the house next door above Messrs. Ridgely, Weems, and Co. store, in Church-street, and directly opposite to Gwinn's tavern, where, with a set of good hands, he is prepared to execute business in his line, in the first style of fashion, with fidelity and promptitude.

Grateful for past favours, he is determined to exert his utmost powers to merit a continuance of the same. N. B. Orders from the country will be thankfully received, and executed with fidelity and dispatch. Annapolis, February 16, 1807.

THE further publication of the proclamation respecting the murder of CHARLES NEVITT, junior, is deemed unnecessary by the Executive, and their order of the sixth of September respecting it is hereby countermanded.

NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

A LIST of TRACTS and LOTS of LAND, in Allegany county,
HELD by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the years 1805 and 1806, with the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same. The taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

Persons names, and names of land and No. of lots.	Acres.	Tax due for	
		1806.	1805.
William Alexander and K. Long, 1402,	50	8	
William Alexander, 113,	50	8	
Michael Boyer, 436,	200	32	
Enoch Bailey, 341, 469, 422, 1275,	400	1 24	1 39½
William Bell, Williamson's Discovery,	320		
William Bell, John Steinmetz and Thomas Jones, Clifton, Sportman's Fields,	280	2 82	3 17½
	50	8	
Benjamin Black, 15,	200	32	36
William Baker, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297,	50	8	9
John Burnham, 1397,	200	32	
Matthew Bendall, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095,	474		
Archibald Chisholm, Refurvey on Shawney War,	250	2 52½	
226, 80, 4074, 3127, 4034,	50	8	
William Coe, 2534,	1000	1 60	1 89
Peter Casnave's heirs, 1304, 1944, 1616, 2019, 1942, 966, 894, 1780, 441,	100	16	
1842, 1048, 1006, 1972, 2018, 1160, 342, 1330, 27, 124, 1700,	50	8	
Catharine Calder, 1764, 839,	50	8	9
Richard Dorsey, 438,	50	8	9
John Doyle, 3166,	50	8	72
Solomon Geer, 1720,	400	64	
Robert Gover, 1325, 1425, 4055, 248, 833, 196, 310, 1334,	200	32	
Thomas Gift, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228,	200	32	
John and James Hughs, 2748, 2749, 2750, 2751,	200	32	
Levi Hughs, 3194, 3195, 3196, 3197,	650	80	
Elisba Jarret, 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131, 932, 2536, 241, 1267,	150	24	
Bennett Jarret, 3158, 921, 923,	200	32	
Samuel Jay, 290, 1010, 1834, 1121,	1200		
Thomas Johnson, Promised Land,	2000		
Thomas and Anne,	1500		
Peace and Plenty,	64		
Pt. Spruce Spring,	13150	32 64	
263 lots,			
Thomas Johnson and James Greenleaf, 296 lots, from 500 to 799 inclusive,	19800	23 68	
except 661, 662, 684, 686,	10		
Henry Kemp and Lawrence Brengle, Sugar Land, Partnership,	7½	17½	19
Randolph B. Latimer, Savage Ridge, Buck Ridge, Glade Farm,	1091		
3896, 3897, 3898, 3899, 3900, 3901, 3902, 2441,	151		
2442, 2469, 2463, 897,	250		
Richard McKubbin, 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3338, 3341, 3342, 3343,	600	4 82½	5 42
2611, 2612, 2613, 2614,			
Peter Mantz, 2709, 2710, 2719, 2720,	200	32	
Gilbert Murdoch, 885,	50	8	
James Miller, 487, 929, 417,	150	24	27
Samuel Norwood, Norwood's Farm,	200		
4097, 1734, 1746,	150	74	83
Rezin Offert, 4165,	50	8	
William Potts, Price's Choice, Hinche's Discovery,	791		
Richard Potts, Good Spring,	1000	5 78	
John Pollard, 1244, 850,	250	1 95	
John Randle, 2386,	100	16	9
Abraham Ridgely, Ridgely's First Attempt,	50	8	
229,	50	8	
John Rofs, 4158,	50	8	
John Schley, 1237,			
John H. Stone's heirs, 1382, 1735, 20, 1545, 70, 437, 286, 4057, 211, 933,	1300		
1482, 446, 378, 1915, 1923, 2539, 164, 465, 2038,	865	4 76	5 35
1132, 1801, 951, 1830, 342, 1703, 858,	461		
Addition to Hotel,	600		
Gustavus Scott's heirs, Chestnut Grove, Now or Never, Hard Struggle,	1554		
2487,	50	6 57½	7 44
Edward Wright, 217, 3039, 1289, 2540, 1190, 118,	300	48	
Philip L. Webster, 375, 1466,	100	16	18
James West, jun. 2081, 1005,	100	16	
James Williams, 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610, 210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202,	800		
1054, 3149, 1398, 1030, 873, 2010,	204½	1 91½	
Bear Branch,	200	32	
John Wilmot, jun. 2397, 2022, 310, 811,	100	16	
Richard Weightman, 325, 1554,	50	15½	
Elias Gilpin, 3946,	37		
Joseph James, Part Road Lick, Sugar Camp,	8½	23½	26
William and Joseph Scott, William and Joseph's Amendment,	98	46½	
William Lovell, 4021,	50		
Brodhag's Coal Mine,	7½	33	37
William King, 167, 168, Cumberland,	12		
John M'Pherson, No. —, ditto,	6		
Isaac Mantz, 63, ditto,	10		
Francis Thomas, 30, ditto,	6		
John Watts, 13, ditto,	6		
Frederick Young, 13 in Blocker's Addition,	10		
James Greenleaf, Part Durham,	249	87	
Richard Ridgely, Friendship Refurveyed,	263	1 24	
Thomas Crabtree, jun. Revenge,	39	18½	
Henry Johnson, Deer Park,	15½	8	
William M. Maynadier, Chance,	140	1 40	
Henry Sloan, House and lot Skipton,	341	35	
Samuel J. Coolidge, Margaret Coolidge, and Mary Burgefs, Harry's Meadows, Mount Parnassus,	298	2 13	
	73	34½	
	26	49	
	50	62½	
	51	94½	
	50		
	175		2 3

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT unless the county tax, proportion of advertising, and other legal charges due on the lands aforesaid, shall be paid to LEVI HILLIARY, Esq; collector of Allegany county, on or before the second Monday in June next, the lands so charged as aforesaid, or such part thereof as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon, shall be sold to the highest bidder for the payment of the same.
 By order of the Commissioners of the Tax for Allegany county,
 Allegany county, December 2, 1806. **AQUILA ARELL BROWNE, CLK**

Land for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of the state of Maryland, will be Sold, at Public Auction, on the premises, on Saturday, the 7th day of March next, if fair, if not, the first day thereafter,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND, in Anne-Arundel county, on the north side of Severn, consisting of several tracts of land, and containing two hundred and twenty-two acres, where James F. Lafebre lately lived, about five miles from the city of Annapolis, and twenty from the city of Baltimore, and is very convenient to Severn and Magothy rivers. On the premises are, a good dwelling-house, kitchen, and other improvements. A further description is thought unnecessary, as all persons inclined to purchase, it is presumed, will make themselves acquainted with the property by viewing the premises previous to the day of sale. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the time of sale.

NICHOLAS BREWER, Trustee.

Notice is hereby given,
THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, intends to apply to the county court of said county, at the session in April next, for the benefit of the insolvent law, passed at November session, one thousand eight hundred and five.

SAMUEL HOPKINS, of RICHARD.

Notice is hereby given,
THAT I intend to apply to Baltimore county court, at its next sitting, on the fourth Monday in March next, for the benefit of the insolvent act, passed November session, 1805.
DAVID BUTLER.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber intends to apply, by petition, in writing, to the honourable the justices of the county court for Prince-George's county, to be held at Upper-Marlborough, on the first Monday in April next, for a commission to mark and bound all those tracts or parcels of land, of which the subscriber is seized, lying and being in Prince-George's county, and state of Maryland, known by the names of Piscataway Forest, part of the enlargement of the Mill Dam, part of Patuxent Landing, and the Forest, with Townsend's Discovery, whereof all persons in anywise concerned or interested are hereby desired to take notice.

CHARLES EVERSFIELD, jun.

Public Sale.

By order of the orphans court of Prince-George's county, will be exposed to Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the farm lately occupied by Mr. CHARD CHAMPHIN, and at his late dwelling, Bladensburg, on Tuesday, the 10th day of March next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter,

ALL the personal estate of the said deceased (except the crop of tobacco) consisting of a number of valuable servants, amongst whom are an excellent house and kitchen servants, the stock of horses, amongst which are two very pleasant riding horses, mules, cattle, sheep and hogs, plantations utensils of every kind, about 160 bushels of corn, 150 bushels of clean rye, upwards of 20,000 wags of hay, a large crop of well saved straw, corn, vander, &c. &c. Likewise the unexpired term of lease for 120 acres of land, granted on the 31st May, 1714, for ninety-nine years, being fix after the 31st of May next. This property lies one mile west of Bladensburg, directly on the road to George-town, and contiguous to the fine property of William Dudley Digges. The improvements are sufficient for the accommodation of a family, and for the advantageous cultivation thereof: there are 26 bushels of wheat seeded upon it, about 8 or 10 acres in thrifty clover, a sufficient wood, it is believed, for its support. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed those who wish to buy will view the property previous to the sale. An indisputable title will be given to the sale. And, at the dwelling in Bladensburg, a variety of articles of household and kitchen furniture, books, volumes of valuable books, prints, maps, and other articles too tedious to mention. The sale will commence from day to day till all is sold. Terms of sale are, a credit of twelve months for all sums above ten pounds, the purchaser or purchasers to give bond with two good and sufficient securities, carrying interest from the day of sale, and for all purchases the amount of ten pounds and under, the cash to be paid. No property will be delivered until previously paid, or bonded for, as above.

THOMAS BOWIE, Administrator.

RICHARD CHAMPHIN.

February 13, 1807.

Notice is hereby given,
THAT the subscriber shall apply to Baltimore county court, or to some one of the justices thereof, for the benefit of the insolvent act, passed November session, 1805, and the supplement thereto.

JAMES MATTISON.

ANNAPOLIS:
 Printed by **FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.**

LXIIIrd YEAR.)

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Maryland

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY,

NEW-Y.

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1807.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, Thursday, March 12, 1807.

NEW-YORK, February 28.

POSTSCRIPT.

CAPTAIN Davis, of the Manchester Packet, arrived in town last evening with the January mail, having left the Packet at Gravesend bay. She sailed from Falmouth on the 13th ult. and left Bermuda 12 days since.

The editors of the New-York Gazette have received London papers to the 11th of January, six days later than those by the Oliver Ellsworth.

It will be seen by the subsequent extracts, that the French head quarters were at Warsaw, and that nothing had prevented offensive and decisive operations in that quarter, but the extremely distressed situation of the French army.

It also appears that the Russian army were profited by the distresses of their enemy—their strength and hopes were daily increasing.

These papers contain two very important state papers. One is the proclamation of the king of Prussia, stating the reasons of his refusing to ratify the armistice. The other is a note of Talleyrand (prince of Benevento) presented to the Prussian plenipotentiaries signing the armistice.

The king of Prussia states, that previous to the conclusion of the armistice, a basis of peace had actually been agreed upon, but from which the continued successes of the French led Buonaparte to depart—on account of his growing demands, no hopes of peace could be entertained. As to the armistice, his majesty states that it was impossible for him to combine with the conditions of it, as the Russians were advancing not only to his aid, but to defend their frontiers, which the French armies menaced.

On the 9th of January the American ship Diana, noble, arrived at Falmouth, in 7 days from Rochefort. It was currently reported when he sailed, that the Russians had been defeated by the French in a battle that had taken place on the banks of the Vistula—but the time was not mentioned, nor any circumstance to enable us to decide whether the report entitled to any credit.

A copy of the treaty with Great-Britain has come in the Packet; and a London paper states that a duplicate was going by the Enterprise direct for New-York.

LONDON, January 6.

Sir Harford Jones has brought the latest accounts of government from the Russian head-quarters. He had a full opportunity of seeing them with his own eyes, and we have his authority to say, that he never saw an army in a higher state of discipline, or more eager to meet the enemy *parce blanche*. The two armies of the Russians, under generals Benningfen and Buxhovden, amount to 150,000 men, which have joined by the 9th.

SAILING OF THE EAST-INDIA, WEST-INDIA, AND MEDITERRANEAN FLEETS.

"Ships, colonies, and commerce."—Napoleon.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, January 5.

The wind which has been blowing the last two days, in blown from S. W. came round yesterday morning to the wished-for point, the N. E.; when the occasioned by the fair wind on Thursday last, if possible, exceeded. The signal having been given for weighing anchor, nothing was to be seen in direction but boats getting off to the fleet, with passengers and others, who had most reluctantly retired to their different accommodations on shore. Early the whole of the fleet were under sail by 12 o'clock, and early in the afternoon numbers disappeared. The shores were lined to behold this grand and lively object; some indeed drawn thither from distant parts of the country to part with relatives and friends about to visit distant climes, who were thus gradually departing from their "longing, lingering look," while others were viewing with exultation this "thundered fleet, conveying merchandise to the amount of millions to almost every quarter of the globe. In the evening, the fleet which had in the morning exulted as far as the eye could reach, forming a spectacle equally perhaps by none, had almost all disappeared, and we may fairly hope, will by to-morrow morning reach the Land's-end.

We first lost sight of the Mediterranean fleet, the Malta, capt. Buller; Meteor, capt. Collins; the Prince-George, 98 guns; Barbeur, 98 guns; and the Thistle frigate are bound to the West-Indies; and the Gannet sloop and Milbrook schooner to Lisbon and Porto with their respective ships.

"This fleet, which has since the arrival of the whole, been found to amount to between 6 and 700 sail, is the largest that has left England since the year 1798; nor is it less true, that this fleet has sailed when we are declared to be in a state of blockade. Some of the East-Indiamen have been here many weeks, at a very considerable expence to the captains, some of whom it has cost nearly 100l. a week since their arrival; nor are the independent inhabitants of the three towns more happy on account of the different commanders, that they have sailed, than on their own account; as every article of provision is become very dear. The different roads leading to Portsmouth have during the last week, been crowded with conveyances bringing in provisions of every description from the country. The Diana frigate, capt. Maling, is going to Cork, and accompanies the West-India convoy as far as Sicily."

January 8.

The mails from Denmark bring news to the 30th ult. All accounts agree in this, that the French army are in a most direful state by dysentery and other infectious disorders, produced by the severity of the weather and the want of proper food—nearly the whole of the army being disabled.

The Danes, apprehensive of French attempts to violate their neutrality, and force them into measures inconsistent with their interests, are making preparations to vindicate their rights, and have equipped several ships of the line for the protection of their coast and trade.

January 9.

The king of Prussia's head-quarters have been transferred from Konigsberg to Wenzlau. His army combined with the Russian division under gen. Tollstoy, amounts to 100,000 men. The Prussians are commanded by gen. Kalkreuth.

It is stated in a private letter that two regiments of French cavalry were cut to pieces by two Prussian regiments, the former having been drawn into an ambushade near Dantzic. An application has been made to the emperor of Austria on the part of France, desiring that she should surrender Galicia, if this should be rendered necessary by any arrangement in Poland. To this demand the emperor Francis is said to have replied by a decided negative. There are several rumours of a general engagement, about the 25th ult. and of a pacification between Prussia and France. Both these reports we are strongly inclined to discredit.

It now appears that gen. Benningfen, after laying waste the country, has taken up his position at Pultusk, a town situated near the confluence of the Narew and the little river Rossoka. It is said to be a very strong position, for all the country between the Narew and the Bug is extremely difficult, full of woods and marshes, whilst the open country between Pultusk and the Vistula has been ravaged and laid waste.

SLESWICK, December 30.

We learn that Napoleon arrived at Warsaw on the 19th inst. where prince Murat was confined to his bed. Skirmishes daily take place between the Russian and French out posts.

Five hospitals have been erected at Warsaw. Kosciuszko who left Paris the 15th, was expected at Warsaw, to put himself at the head of the Polish confederation.

Gen. Benningfen, with 73,000 men, retreating before the French to Narew, destroyed all the provisions, and took with him all the Poles who were able to serve in the army.

TONNINGEN, December 30.

All accounts agree that the French army are much reduced by sickness and scarcity. The empress Josephine and the queen of Holland have fled from the contagion.

Gen. Benningfen, with 80,000 men, is near Warsaw, harassing the French, whose misery and distress give them no stomach for fighting. In truth, we are assured, that the affairs of Napoleon are desperate.

PRESBURG, December 30.

We learn that the Russians, 50,000 strong, are posted in Moldavia and Wallachia, as friends and allies of the Sublime Porte; that they have advanced as far as Widder; and united with 40,000 Servians, commanded by Czorni George.

Accounts from Berlin of the 10th state, the hospitals there and at Magdeburg, are full of sick and wounded French, who arrive nightly by wagons full. Contagious fevers and flux prevail to an alarming degree. The physicians are put in requisition.

The Russian army on the frontiers of Poland amounts to 350,000 men, and will be enlarged by January.

DENMARK, December 30.

Accounts from Berlin of the 28th say, that the French army in Poland has suffered so much from disease, occasioned by a constant fall of rain, as not to be able to act in the offensive with safety.

LOWER-ELE, December 22.

Yesterday morning, all the physicians and surgeons of the French troops at Hamburg, received orders to proceed to Berlin and Poland—and the medical practitioners have been invited to join them. Many of these, particularly the Jews, have accepted the offer.

Eight, P. M. It is now strongly reported that the French have been defeated by the Russians on the Narew.

NEW-YORK, March 2.

Captain Hilliard, from Lisbon, informs us, that the blockading decree of Buonaparte had occasioned much confusion and stagnation of business throughout Portugal. Many neutral vessels, which were loaded and ready to sail for England, had refused to proceed, and were about relanding their cargoes. The Portuguese government was embodying troops, and repairing and fitting men of war for sea, but the object of these measures was kept secret. When capt. H. left Lisbon, signals were hoisted at the rock for a fleet of British ships of war, bound in.

We are happy in being able to state, from undoubted authority, that the four principal British merchants in Hamburg, who were arrested by the French on entering that city, have been set at liberty, the seals taken off their effects, and the guards withdrawn from their houses; and that all property not bona fide owned by persons residing in England, was respected—the embargo, however, continued in force on the 19th December, on all vessels in that port; and no American vessel would be permitted to sail, notwithstanding the application of our consul there, until the French minister should receive an answer from the Emperor Napoleon, to a remonstrance from the Senate of Hamburg respecting neutrals.

March 6.

By a gentleman who arrived yesterday from Rio Janeiro, in the ship Centurion, via New-London, we learn that admiral Sterling, in the ship Sampson, 64 guns, with seven transports under convoy, arrived there on the 27th of Nov. bound as was there supposed for the cape of Good Hope, but hearing of the capture of Buenos-Ayres by the Spaniards, proceeded immediately for the river La Plata. The common report at Rio Janeiro was that Adm. Sterling had come out to supersede Sir Home Popham, and that there was a general on board the fleet to take the place of general Berresford—The Centurion left Rio Janeiro on the 29th November, on which day the ship —, Capt. Muffon, arrived there from Buenos-Ayres, for provisions for admiral Popham's fleet, the great want of which created a belief among the Spaniards, that the British would be compelled to raise the blockade. The crews of admiral Sterling were very sickly, in consequence of which an indiscriminate imprisonment was made of all the sailors in the port—the Americans however were on examination liberated.

TRENTON, February 23.

Jersey Beef and Pork.

We mentioned some weeks since a pair of oxen, fattened by Mr. James Hunt, of Hopewell, in this county. One of these oxen has since been killed—its weight was as follows:

Weight alive,	2120 lbs.
Weight of the beef,	1280
of the tallow rough,	214
of the hide,	121

COMMUNICATION.

The Industrious Farmer rewarded.

Raised and butchered within the vicinity of New-Egypt, by Mr. Francis Shinn, farmer, and bought by Mr. Barzillai Hopkins, merchant of said place, thirty-six hogs, weighing in the whole twelve thousand, six hundred and twenty seven pounds—the largest hog weighed 474 lbs. and the smallest 297 pounds—they averaged more than 360½ pounds. The oldest hog did not exceed 18 months, and the youngest 10 months. The amount of this crop of pork, according to our market, amounts to eleven hundred and thirty-six dollars and forty-three cents—a handsome compensation to industry.

New-Egypt, Feb. 2, 1807.

PHILADELPHIA, March 3.

We are extremely happy in recording the following truly generous and heroic action.

On the 23d ultimo, in the afternoon, while a negro man and his wife were crossing the river Susquehanna on the ice, the ice parted, and these unfortunate persons were carried down the river on separate pieces. When nearly opposite Havre-de-Grace, they called for assistance from persons who were on the

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EVERSFIELD, jun.
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BOWIE, Administrator
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JAMES MATTISON.
APOLIS:
EDERICK and SAMU-
GREEN.

A FEW copies of the *Journal* may be had at the Printing-Office.

AN Arabian being asked of whom he learnt virtue? of the *bad*, he replied, for their wickedness inspired me with a detestation of vice.

JOHN H. T. S. MITCHELL,
Nanjemoy, Charles county.

IN COUNCIL, FEBRUARY 19, 1807.

ORDERED, That the act, entitled, An act to prevent free negroes from selling any corn, wheat or tobacco, without having a licence for that purpose from a justice of the peace, and the Act to restrain the evil practices arising from negroes keeping dogs, and to prohibit them from carrying guns or offensive weapons, be published once in each week, until the first day of May next; in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the American and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Republican Advocate, at Fredericktown, and Republican Star, at Easton.

By order, **NINIAN PINKNEY**,
Clerk of the council.

An ACT to prevent free negroes from selling any corn, wheat or tobacco, without having a licence for that purpose from a justice of the peace.

WHEREAS great inconvenience is felt in this State in consequence of free negroes receiving stolen corn, wheat and tobacco, from slaves, and selling the same as the production of their own labour; therefore, *Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland*, That from and after the first of May next, no free negro shall sell any corn, wheat or tobacco, unless, at the time of his or her so selling the said article or articles, he or she shall be possessed of a certificate, under the hand and seal of a justice of the peace of said county, that he or she is a peaceable and orderly person, and of good character, which certificate shall be of force for one year, and no longer.

And be it enacted, That if any free negro shall act contrary to the provisions of this act, the person so offending shall incur the penalty of five dollars for every such offence, one half to the informer, the other half to be applied to the use of the county, and to be recovered as other fines and forfeitures, before a justice of the peace in the county where such offence shall be committed.

And be it enacted, That any person who shall purchase or receive from any free negro any corn, wheat or tobacco, contrary to the provisions of this act, shall forfeit and pay, for every offence, the sum of ten dollars, one half to the informer, the other half to be applied to the use of the county in which such offence was committed, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other fines and forfeitures are by this law directed to be recovered and applied.

And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of every justice of the peace, sheriff and constable, to give information of every violation of this act that shall come to his knowledge.

An ACT to restrain the evil practices arising from negroes keeping dogs, and to prohibit them from carrying guns or offensive weapons.

BE it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That after the first day of May next, it shall not be lawful for any negro or mulatto within this State to keep any dog, bitch or gun, except he be a free negro or mulatto, and in that case he may be permitted to keep one dog, provided such free negro or mulatto shall obtain a licence from a justice of the peace for that purpose, and that the said licence shall be in force for one year, and no longer; and if any dog or bitch owned by any negro, not possessed of such licence, shall be seen going at large, it shall and may be lawful for any person to kill the same, and in case of any fait inlittuted therefor, the person or persons killing the said dog or bitch may plead the general issue, and give this act in evidence.

And be it enacted, That after the said first day of May next, it shall not be lawful for any free negro or mulatto to go at large with any gun, or other offensive weapon; and in case any free negro or mulatto shall be seen going at large carrying a gun or other offensive weapon, he shall be liable to be carried before any magistrate, in virtue of a warrant to be issued by any justice of the peace, directed to a constable of the county, and on conviction of having violated the provisions of this section of the act, such offender shall thereupon forfeit, to the use of the informant, such gun, or other offensive weapon, which shall thus have been found in his or her possession, and be subject to the payment of the costs which shall have accrued in such prosecution; provided that nothing in this act shall extend to prevent any free negro or mulatto from carrying a gun, or other offensive weapon, who shall, at the time of his carrying the same, have a certificate from a justice of the peace, that he is an orderly and peaceable person, which certificate shall be in force for one year from the date thereof, and no longer.

And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the constable of every hundred to repair once a month, and oftener if information be given him of tumultuous meetings of mulattoes, negroes or slaves, to all suspected places within his hundred, and if he shall find any mulatto or negro not a slave, at any such meeting, it shall be the duty of the constable forthwith to carry such mulatto or negro, so offending, before some magistrate of the county, who shall thereupon commit such person to the common gaol, unless he or she shall enter into a recognizance, with such security as said justice shall require, for his or her good behaviour, and also to appear before the next county court, to answer for such offence in such manner as is prescribed by law for the trial of crimes and misdemeanors within this State, and if such person shall be found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this act, he shall be fined, or imprisoned, for such offence, at the discretion of the court; and if such constable shall find at any such meeting as aforesaid, any slave besides those belonging to the owner of such place, not having permission in writing from his owner or

overseer, it shall be lawful for the constable, and he is hereby authorized and required, to whip every such slave, at his discretion, not exceeding thirty-nine lashes.

And be it enacted, That before any constable shall be entitled to receive the allowance granted by the fourth section of the act, entitled, An act to prevent the tumultuous meetings, and other irregularities of negroes and other slaves, he shall produce a certificate from at least two respectable citizens of his hundred, of his industry and fidelity in the discharge of his duty under this act and the act above recited.

And, for a further encouragement to take up runaways, Be it enacted, That in lieu of two hundred pounds of tobacco, allowed by the act, entitled, An act relating to servants and slaves, any person seizing and taking up such runaways, shall have and receive six dollars.

FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the books will be opened at Annapolis on Monday, the thirteenth day of April next, and continue open the next day, for the disposal of the number of shares remaining unsold in the Farmers Bank, on the western shore, the subscriptions to be taken at the Bank between the hours of ten and five each day, the subscribers to pay ten dollars on each share, at the time of subscribing, and the residue as follows, to wit: ten dollars on the thirteenth day of August, ten dollars on the thirteenth day of October, and ten dollars on the twelfth day of December next, but referring to any subscriber the liberty of paying at any one of those days, the whole of his subscription then due. The shares which may be subscribed above the number limited to be reduced by a proportional deduction throughout the several counties on the western shore, or by lot, if necessary, and the monies that may be paid thereon to be immediately repaid at the Bank.

If any stockholder shall fail to make regular payment of any instalment, (after the first payment) such stockholder's money in Bank shall remain free from interest, and not entitled to dividend, until such instalment, or call, shall be made good, and the dividend thereafter to be paid to such stockholder (as well upon the money by him regularly paid as upon the money paid after default) shall be calculated only from the time when said last instalment was made good.

The subscribed shares of the Farmers Bank having already risen above par, and being in great demand, the directors deemed it to be their duty to give every facility in their power to the citizens of every part of the western shore, to become proprietors of a stock, to which experience has already attached an high degree of confidence and an enhanced value, and which from every appearance, would rapidly appreciate, whenever the subscription of the surplus shares should remove the possibility of procuring the stock at a lower value, than the successful management of the institution, and the public opinion should have conferred on it. Notwithstanding, therefore, that the charter directed that the subscription books for this stock shall be opened at Annapolis, yet the directors held themselves at liberty, and have determined it to be their duty, to devise means to accommodate the citizens of the several counties who might wish to subscribe, but who cannot attend at Annapolis; in conformity, therefore, to a determination that had already obtained at a joint meeting of the directors of the Bank and Branch Bank, on a similar occasion, the board have adopted the following resolution:

That the directors for the several counties on the western shore, be authorized and directed to receive, in their respective counties, from all persons who may offer to subscribe for stock in the Farmers Bank, on the day or days appointed for subscribing, powers of attorney, enabling some person to subscribe for them at Annapolis, and also to receive from persons so disposed to subscribe, the sums which are made payable, on subscriptions personally made, and all subscriptions made under powers as aforesaid, shall be held and deemed as valid, as if made by the individuals themselves at Annapolis.

By order, **JON. PINKNEY**, Cashier.
Annapolis, 12th February, 1807.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT under a bill of sale from Joseph Smith to James Hunter, deceased, will be Sold, at Public Sale, on Saturday, the fourteenth day of March next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, at the late plantation of said James Hunter, called *Harness*, near South river lower ferry, the following property, to wit: One negro woman, one negro boy, four or five years old, sundry stock, consisting of horses, hogs, cattle, some poultry, and some household furniture, too tedious to enumerate. The terms of sale, three months credit, on bond, with approved security; over ten dollars, and all under that sum cash. The sale to commence at eleven o'clock.

SARAH HUNTER, Administratrix of
JOHN HUNTER, James Hunter.
Annapolis, February 24, 1807.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, on Saturday, the 28th instant, at the late dwelling place of **HENRY HALL**, deceased, near the Governor's Bridge,

SEVERAL negroes, consisting of men, women, and boys, also two pair of valuable work oxen. The foregoing property will be sold for ready cash. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock.
RACHEL HALL, Surviving executrix.
March 3, 1807.

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, Feb. 10, 1807.
ON application, by petition, of Mary Weems, executrix of the last will and testament of Eleanor Hall, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased; it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of **ELEANOR HALL**, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the tenth day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 10th day of February, 1807.

MARY WEEMS, Executrix.

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 11, 1807.

ON application, of Richard G. Hutton, administrator of Henry Hutton, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of **HENRY HUTTON**, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the eleventh day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 11th day of February, 1807.

RICHARD G. HUTTON, Administrator.

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, Feb. 12, 1807.

ON application, by petition of William Burgess and Joseph Burgess, executors of the last will and testament of Joseph Burgess, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of **JOSEPH BURGESS**, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the nineteenth day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 12th day of February, 1807.

WILLIAM BURGESS, }
JOSEPH BURGESS, } Executrix.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, intends to apply to the county court of said county, at the session in April next, for the benefit of the insolvent law, passed at November session, 1805, to the insolvent **JOHN HOPKINS**, of RICHARD.

SAMUEL HOPKINS, of RICHARD.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend to apply to Baltimore county court, at its next sitting, on the fourth Monday in March next, for the benefit of the insolvent act, passed November session, 1805.

DAVID BUTLER.

January 17, 1807.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber shall apply to Baltimore county court, or to some one of the judges thereof, for the benefit of the insolvent act, passed November session, 1805, and the supplement thereto, passed November session, 1806.

JAMES MATTISON.

Cash given for clean linen and cotton RAGS.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by **FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN**.

LXIII YEAR.)

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ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY,

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A R C H 19, 1807.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, Thursday, March 19, 1807.

LATEST FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

New-York, March 10.

On Saturday evening arrived at this port the ship Enterprize, captain Packwood, from London. By the Enterprize the editors of the New-York Gazette have received London papers to the 16th inst.—Lloyd's List to the 14th, and a Price-Currency of the 6th. The London papers contain the following intelligence:—

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 23.

The attack made by Russia upon the independence of our empire, seems to have been preconcerted with England. At the moment when things had come to a pitch as to leave no alternative between resistance or subjection, an English squadron had made its appearance off our coast. The news that Admiral Louis has arrived near the Dardanelles is confirmed; he has with him 7 ships of war; and on the 14th, the Endymion frigate, capt. Keppel, belonging to that squadron, arrived in this port. These repeated attacks from without are the more fortunate for our court, which has still to struggle with the refractory within, and the unfaithfulness of its principal officers. The captain Pacha exhibits a good proof of the latter; he has been arrested since his return from Egypt, and Caled Effendi is appointed to succeed him.

VIENNA, December 20.

M. Montefiquio, an aid-de-camp belonging to the Emperor Napoleon, has arrived here. The object of his mission is not known, but it is naturally supposed to be of importance. We are also assured, that on the part of the Emperor of Austria, gen. Vincent has been dispatched upon some weighty affair to the Emperor Napoleon's headquarters. The prince of Wurtemberg, the governor of this capital, is very shortly to leave the Austrian service; this is probably in conformity to the conditions of the Rhenish confederation. The prince of Lichtenstein is to be his successor.

LOWER ELBE, January 2.

The report of the French having sustained a severe defeat from the Russians, continues to maintain its ground. The engagement took place between the Vistula and the Bug, and the loss of the French is stated at near 30,000 men in killed and prisoners. However this may be, there can be no doubt that the affairs of the French in Poland are in a very bad way; nor is it supposed by any one they will be able to maintain their ground in that country, as the Russians, by official documents, have now the following force in the field:—Troops of the line, three corps, consisting of 75,000 men each, 150,000 troops of reserve also regulars; 100,000 Cossacks, Bolkows, Cuirassiers and Kirgise; 200,000 new levy, completed January 1, 1806; 400,000, a levy in a mass, on the frontiers, for the protection of the empire; constituting a total of 1,075,000. In addition to these, a new levy of recruits, which will be ready on the first of March, will produce 150,000 men.—By the last accounts from Berlin, one third of the French army dangerously ill. Murat is so bad that his recovery is despaired of; and Napoleon himself is said to be seriously indisposed.

Private letters from Koenigsberg of the 17th ult. state, that her Prussian majesty died of a nervous fever on the same day. The left wing of the French army, after taking Thorn, was marching against Koenigsberg. Most of the inhabitants had taken flight to Memel, where his Prussian majesty's effects had arrived. The French, finding their rear so unsafe, now unite all their forces to conquer the kingdom of Prussia. The king, however, is at the head of near 100,000 men, exclusive of the Russian auxiliaries under gen. Tollroy. Saxony and Prussia are on the verge of a famine.

The Emperor Napoleon is said to have sold to the King of Holland the cities of Hamburg, Lubek and Bremen, on condition of his receiving a certain annual tribute.

By private letters from Bucharest, of the 17th ult. the Grand Signior has consented to receive a Russian garrison at Constantinople.

Pastwan Oglou is now a vassal of Russia, whose troops have occupied Widdin, Bender, Choczim and Jassy, have been voluntarily surrendered by the commandants of their respective garrisons; but Russia professes to respect the independence of the Porte, and to guarantee its agreeable to treaty. The arch-duke Charles of Austria is about to set out for Galicia, to take upon him the command of a considerable

army. The fortress of Stralsund is still unmolested, and Mortier, with the eighth corps of the French army remains inactive.

LONDON, January 12.

The order of council relative to the commerce of neutrals with the enemy's ports, has disappointed the expectations of many, as not tending to prevent that traffic which, under the cover of neutral flags, has been carried on so much to the injury of this country, between France and Spain, and their colonies; but the fact, we fear, will prove, that in the treaty of amity just signed with America, our right to prevent such traffic has been abandoned as far as respects America; and government, we presume, are unwilling to be more strict with other neutral powers than with America. The order in question merely declares that a neutral cannot go direct from one of the enemy's ports to another; for instance, from Bourdeaux to Martinique; but if the continuity of the voyage is broken, as hitherto has been the practice, by the forms of entry and delivery in an American port, the wines of the one, or the sugars of the other, will continue to experience uninterrupted interchange.

January 13.

By information derived from a secret but authentic source, we are compelled to believe, that our suspicions respecting the nature of the new American treaty are but too well founded. We understand, that by the provisions of this treaty, the Americans are to be permitted to carry goods from the colonies of our enemies to France, and Spain, &c. upon condition of their touching at an American port in their passage, and there paying a duty of two per cent. on their cargoes. This being the case (truly happy would it be to find it otherwise,) all our navigation acts, all our maritime code, all our right of search, may be considered as abrogated and abandoned; for, from the moment this treaty shall be ratified, the whole become useless. From that moment, we may be at war with France, Spain and Holland, but with their colonies we shall be at peace. Their trade will be carried on with complete security by the Americans; the circuitous route, by touching at an American port, with the two per cent. duty, will not produce a charge so heavy as our war insurance; and the enemy will thus retain in war the full benefit of their colonial system, except in the article of freight. We find, by our port letters, that some American vessels have been permitted to depart from Holland. One of these, the Ariel, is arrived at Dover, the captain of which reports, that the embargo has been in some measure relaxed, and taken off at Flushing, with respect to American vessels which were at that port.

January 15.

Orders have been issued by government for remitting a sum of 500,000l. to the continent. This sum is the balance of the subsidy due to our allies by the last treaty. A frigate is ordered to take it to Gotland, it being in specie, and an insurance was yesterday effected upon it at Lloyd's.

January 18.

By a boat from Flushing, which sailed from thence last Monday, it is said, that accounts had arrived there, that daily engagements had taken place between the French and Russians for twelve successive days up to the 2d of January, and the result was, that the French were ultimately defeated with the loss of 30,000 men killed, wounded and prisoners, and all the remaining vessels prior to last Monday, on which day 48 left that port, and the merchants were obliged to enter into bond of 1000l. sterling each, not to allow any papers to be taken on board, by which intelligence might be given. The old harbour at Flushing was cleared out to receive the ships built at Antwerp, for them to be equipped there.

Saturday three vessels, the Mercury, Aurora, and Blayde, arrived in the Thames from the Baltic; they failed, we understand, from Elsinore with the fleet. Captain White has brought Hamburg, Frankfurt, and other German papers of a later date than those previously received. The Hamburg paper mentions the receipt of advices from Warsaw to the 26th of December, at which period two smart actions had been fought between the French and Russians, the first at Nawassa, in which about 120 Cossacks were made prisoners; the other at Clechanoa, which appears to have been warmly contested, but in which the French are also stated to have prevailed.

The Hamburg editor, on the authority of a letter from Augsburg states, Breslaw to have capitulated, but the date and particulars are not mentioned.

Rumoured great battle.

A gentleman just arrived from Holland states, that he read in a Dutch paper of the 8th instant, an account of a battle having been fought on the Vistula, between the French and Russian armies. The

conflict is rumoured to have been one of the most dreadful ever recorded. The enemy were repeatedly attacked in their entrenchments, and their assailants as often repulsed. At length, however, the Russian reserve coming up, the fate of the day, which was till then doubtful, was decided in their favour; and the vanquished enemy driven with the loss of their artillery, and an immense number of men, (their entrenchments being choked with the dying and dead) to the left bank of the Vistula.—This report we give precisely as it reached us. We have not seen the paper which is stated to contain the account, and do not of course presume to vouch for the accuracy of it.

POSTSCRIPT.

After the editors of the New-York Gazette had nearly filled their paper with the news by the various arrivals, they received by the James, Liverpool papers to the 24th, and London papers to the 20th January.—The most interesting part of their contents follow.—Mr. Merry, in the ship Leonidas from Alexandria, arrived at Liverpool on the 18th of January. The news of the suspension of the non-importation act, reached England the middle of January.

In the house of commons, on the 20th January, in a discussion relative to neutrals and the treaty with America, Sir F. Turton observed, that "He firmly believed the existence of an artful and insidious understanding between France and America."—Lord Howick replied, that the treaty between Great-Britain and America, would not prevent G. Britain from distressing the commerce of the enemy carried on in neutral ships.

LONDON, January 16.

Yesterday the American ministers received dispatches from their government, and from Mr. Armstrong, by an American gentleman who left Paris on the 10th inst. Mr. Armstrong has been assured by the French government, that American vessels to and from England, will not be molested—and that orders to that effect had been sent to the French privateers at St. Maloes, &c.

January 21.

The report of a battle between the Russians and French in Poland, which has terminated greatly in favour of the former, continues to prevail. Admiral Ruffel, it is now stated, had sent dispatches to the admiralty, that speak of his having received such intelligence from several neutral ships, which have passed him off the Texel. It is further reported, but we know not on what authority, that Austria has declared in favour of Russia.

Rumours from the French coast make mention of an action, but do not state what has been the result of it.

January 22.

No further intelligence has been received from the continent that can be depended on. There are various reports in circulation of battles between the French and Russians. As the reports stand, the battles have terminated in favour of the Russians.

During the present week, the town has been much agitated about Buenos-Ayres; but no account of its recapture has been received that can be fully relied on.

We are happy to have it in our power to lay before our readers, some most important and gratifying intelligence from the continent. A gentleman arrived this morning at the Foreign Office from Poland; he has brought letters for Lord Howick from Mr. Adair at Vienna, and was also able from his own observation, to communicate very important information. The substance of the intelligence which he brings is, that the French army is in a most deplorable condition; the number of men carried off by disease is estimated at no less than 40,000. It does not appear that any decisive battle has been fought, although there has been a great many skirmishes which have terminated with various success; but generally in favour of the Russians.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.

By the ships Enterprize, from London, and James, from Liverpool, arrived at New-York, London advices are received to the 23d of January. On a rapid review of our files, containing upwards of one hundred London papers, we are enabled to announce to the readers of the Register the following interesting intelligence:

The French head-quarters were still at Warsaw, but the progress of their arms in that direction appeared to be stayed.—The left wing of their army, however, had taken Thorn, and was approaching Koenigsberg. The sickness, which prevailed among their troops, is stated to be very fatal, and the number dead of disease is carried as high as 40,000.—Every effort was making by France and Russia to increase their respective armies in Poland—to reinforce the French army, corps were ordered to march from

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GAIN.

ARCHIBALD CHISHOLM.
March 15, 1897.

Notice is hereby given,

ing, says a Paris paper,

March 10, 1807. 2X

ALL the real estate of RANDOLPH MER, deceased, lying and being

Knot. evening last, by the re-
mer purchased of a certain Henry Hag-
lands will be laid off into convenient lots
convenience of purchasers: a plot, and

on a credit of one and two years, with the day of sale. Bond, with approved

EDERICK GREEN.

1. *Chlorophyll a* (Chl *a*)

AN ACT
For the punishment of forgery, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That any person who shall, with a fraudulent intent, employ an artist to engrave or etch any plate in im-

This is to give notice,

State of Maryland, ic
District court, Ia

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg.
Anne Arundel county.

4 ANNE
JOSEPH JENIFER, S
State of Maryland.

JOHN C. ARUNDEL
Anne-Arundel cou
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THIS IS TO GIVE N

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SELECTED.

THE sun was departed, the mild zephyr blowing,
Sore over the plain the perfume of the flowers:
In soft undulations the streamlet was flowing,
And calm meditation led forward the hours:
I struck the full chord, and the ready tear started,
I sung of an exile forlorn, broken hearted,
Like him, from my bosom all joy is departed,
And sorrow has stol'n from the lyre all its powers.

In vain into beauty all nature is springing,
In vain smiling spring does the blossoms unfold;
In vain round my cot the wing'd choristers sing,
In vain the soft zephyr my pillow doth cool.

But meek resignation supporting the spirit,
Unveils a bright scene to the uplifted eye;
A scene, which the patient and pure shall inherit,
And the tear shall be wiped from the eye.

State of Maryland, sc.
Annapolis county, orphans court, March 3,

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, March 3, 1807 -
 Adoption of Martha P. Childs.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Esq., Clerk of the Peace,
Anne-Arundel county.

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county,

MARTHA P. CHILDS, } Administrat

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 1807

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills

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THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Anderson's

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ry 25, **3** SARAH HUNTER, } Administ
JOHN HUNTER, }

of Ro. **T**HAT the subscriber hath obtained

1 county, The Partnership

TH E Doctors SHAAFF and SHAW

Annapolis, January 1, 1861.

* * * Cash given for clean water
PACS

excitrix. RAGS.

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THE arrival, yesterday a Packet, Captain Scott, has 6 days from Liverpool, has London papers as late as the 15th will be found under the foreign French Bulletins, to No. 52. It will be seen, by the sketches at the last is dated in Warfaw, g. had retrograded. Excepted, &c. in Silesia, no military occurred, posterior to the battle. A Russian official account, official particulars of the battle given. It will be seen, that eventually to retreat, &c. They retired in good knowledge they did not this. The battle was hard early purchased. The Russian commanded in person; and was (Rapp) was wounded; a prisoner, and sent to Russia. The Russian army, under general near Wiza, &c. offensive operations. even miles from Pultusk p. 26th. The emperor Napoleon has (ablehead arrival) quitted. Josephine had arrived in Paris. We have not time to exte-

LATEST EUROPE BY THE PACKET, SCOT FRENCH GRAND ARMY

The Bulletin which was from Marlehead, and (rally) Salem, was the 47th, th was dated Poluky, Dec. 28. These bulletins of the affairs at Cas-

BULLETIN, No. 1

It states that gen. Corbion from Pultusk, had re-ary, and had picked up-ers, and many bagg-its Soult, Ney, Prince of d Bessieres, were canton-ouult and Lannes, at I-ntinued to retreat; and arlaw the 2d. That in alhes, but the gar-at a Prussian corps of ge, but were defeated. y of Wertembergers, 600 men, 600 horses, contains no other mili-

BULLETIN, No. 2

It states, that Breslau some entered the pla-eg, Schweidnitz and marched to besiege. n. de Zallrow had be-foreign affairs. That from Konigsberg; continuing its mov-

BULLETIN, No. 3

It mentions, that th at Ostrolenka; an-mp increased daily. (3500 men) had detailed account is-ussian corps, and i-arians, mentioned the bulletin relates Turkey; the prepa- the "aggressive" a and France are e-nd) in not feeling reece, Romelia and Mulcovites."

BULLETIN, No. 4

It notices the off-king of Prussia,

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, Feb. 10, 1807.
ON application, by petition, of Mary Weems, executrix of the last will and testament of Eleanor Hall, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased; it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.
JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of ELEANOR HALL, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the tenth day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 10th day of February, 1807.
MARY WEEMS, Executrix.

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 11, 1807.
ON application, of Richard G. Hutton, administrator of Henry Hutton, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.
JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of HENRY HUTTON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the eleventh day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 11th day of February, 1807.
RICHARD G. HUTTON, Administrator.

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, Feb. 12, 1807.
ON application, by petition of William Burgess and Joseph Burgess, executors of the last will and testament of Joseph Burgess, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.
JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of JOSEPH BURGESS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the nineteenth day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 12th day of February, 1807.
WILLIAM BURGESS, }
JOSEPH BURGESS, } Executors.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, intends to apply to the county court of said county, at the session in April next, for the benefit of the insolvent law, passed at November session, 1805, and eight hundred and five.
SAMUEL HOPKINS, of RICHARD.

To all my Creditors.

I HEREBY give notice, that I intend to apply to the Baltimore county court, for the benefit of the act, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and also of the supplement to said act, passed at the last November session.
JOHN H. SCHREIBER.
March 10, 1807.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber shall apply to Baltimore county court, or to some one of the judges thereof, for the benefit of the insolvent act, passed November session, 1805, and the supplement thereto, passed November session, 1806.
JAMES MATTISON.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

IN COUNCIL, FEBRUARY 19, 1807.

ORDERED, That the act, entitled, An act to prevent free negroes from selling any corn, wheat or tobacco, without having a licence for that purpose from a justice of the peace, and the Act to restrain the evil practices arising from negroes keeping dogs, and to prohibit them from carrying guns or offensive weapons, be published once in each week, until the first day of May next, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the American and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Republican Advocate, at Fredericktown, and Republican Star, at Easton.
By order, NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the council.

An ACT to prevent free negroes from selling any corn, wheat or tobacco, without having a licence for that purpose from a justice of the peace.

WHEREAS great inconvenience is felt in this state in consequence of free negroes receiving stolen corn, wheat and tobacco, from slaves, and selling the same as the production of their own labour; therefore, Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That from and after the first of May next, no free negro shall sell any corn, wheat or tobacco, unless, at the time of his or her so selling the said article or articles, he or she shall be possessed of a certificate, under the hand and seal of a justice of the peace of said county, that he or she is a peaceable and orderly person, and of good character, which certificate shall be of force for one year, and no longer.

And be it enacted, That if any free negro shall act contrary to the provisions of this act, the person so offending shall incur the penalty of five dollars for every such offence, one half to the informer, the other half to be applied to the use of the county, and to be recovered as other fines and forfeitures, before a justice of the peace in the county where such offence shall be committed.

And be it enacted, That any person who shall purchase or receive from any free negro any corn, wheat or tobacco, contrary to the provisions of this act, shall forfeit and pay, for every offence, the sum of ten dollars, one half to the informer, the other half to be applied to the use of the county in which such offence was committed, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other fines and forfeitures are by this law directed to be recovered and applied.

And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of every justice of the peace, sheriff and constable, to give information of every violation of this act that shall come to his knowledge.

An ACT to restrain the evil practices arising from negroes keeping dogs, and to prohibit them from carrying guns or offensive weapons.

BE it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That after the first day of May next, it shall not be lawful for any negro or mulatto within this state to keep any dog, bitch or gun, except he be a free negro or mulatto, and in that case he may be permitted to keep one dog, provided such free negro or mulatto shall obtain a licence from a justice of the peace for that purpose, and that the said licence shall be in force for one year, and no longer; and if any dog or bitch owned by any negro, not possessed of such licence, shall be seen going at large, it shall and may be lawful for any person to kill the same, and in case of any suit instituted therefor, the person or persons killing the said dog or bitch may plead the general issue, and give this act in evidence.

And be it enacted, That after the said first day of May next, it shall not be lawful for any free negro or mulatto to go at large with any gun, or other offensive weapon; and in case any free negro or mulatto shall be seen going at large carrying a gun or other offensive weapon, he shall be liable to be carried before any magistrate, in virtue of a warrant to be issued by any justice of the peace, directed to a constable of the county, and on conviction of having violated the provisions of this section of the act, such offender shall thereupon forfeit, to the use of the informant, such gun, or other offensive weapon, which shall thus have been found in his or her possession, and be subject to the payment of the costs which shall have accrued in such prosecution; provided that nothing in this act shall extend to prevent any free negro or mulatto from carrying a gun, or other offensive weapon, who shall, at the time of his carrying the same, have a certificate from a justice of the peace, that he is an orderly and peaceable person, which certificate shall be in force for one year from the date thereof, and no longer.

And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the constable of every hundred to repair once a month, and oftener if information be given him of tumultuous meetings of mulattoes, negroes or slaves, to all suspected places within his hundred, and if he shall find any mulatto or negro not a slave, at any such meeting, it shall be the duty of the constable forthwith to carry such mulatto or negro, so offending, before some magistrate of the county, who shall thereupon commit such person to the common gaol, unless he or she shall enter into a recognizance, with such security as said justice shall require, for his or her good behaviour, and also to appear before the next county court, to answer for such offence in such manner as is prescribed by law for the trial of crimes and misdemeanors within this state, and if such person shall be found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this act, he shall be fined, or imprisoned, for such offence, at the discretion of the court; and if such constable shall find at any such meeting as aforesaid, any slave besides those belonging to the owner of such place, not having permission in writing from his owner or

overseer, it shall be lawful for the constable, and he is hereby authorized and required, to whip every such slave, at his discretion, not exceeding thirty-nine lashes.

And be it enacted, That before any constable shall be entitled to receive the allowance granted by the fourth section of the act, entitled, An act to prevent the tumultuous meetings and other irregularities of negroes and other slaves, he shall produce a certificate from at least two respectable citizens of his hundred, of his industry and fidelity in the discharge of his duty under this act and the act above recited.

And, for a further encouragement to take up runaways, Be it enacted, That in lieu of two hundred pounds of tobacco, allowed by the act, entitled, An act relating to servants and slaves, any person seizing and taking up such runaways, shall have and receive six dollars.

FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the books will be opened at Annapolis on Monday, the thirteenth day of April next, and continue open the next day, for the disposal of the number of shares remaining unsold in the Farmers Bank, on the western shore, the subscriptions to be taken at the Bank between the hours of ten and five each day, the subscribers to pay ten dollars on each share, at the time of subscribing, and the residue as follows, to wit: ten dollars on the thirteenth day of June, ten dollars on the thirteenth day of August, ten dollars on the thirteenth day of October, and ten dollars on the twelfth day of December next, but relieving to any subscriber the liberty of paying at any one of those dates, the whole of his subscription then due. The shares which may be subscribed above the number limited to be reduced by a proportional deduction throughout the several counties on the western shore, or by lot, if necessary, and the monies that may be paid thereon to be immediately repaid at the Bank.

If any stockholder shall fail to make regular payment of any instalment, (after the first payment) such stockholder's share in Bank shall remain free from interest, and not entitled to dividend, until such instalment, or call, shall be made good, and the dividend thereafter to be paid to such stockholder (as well upon the money by him regularly paid as upon the money paid after default) shall be calculated only from the time when said last instalment was made good.

The subscribed shares of the Farmers Bank having already risen above par, and being in great demand, the directors deemed it to be their duty to give every facility in their power to the citizens of every part of the western shore, to become proprietors of a stock, to which experience has already attached an high degree of confidence and an enhanced value, and which from every appearance, would rapidly appreciate, whenever the subscription of procuring the stock at a lower value, than the successful management of the institution, and the public opinion should have conferred on it. Notwithstanding, therefore, that the charter directed that the subscription books for this stock shall be opened at Annapolis, yet the directors held themselves at liberty, and have determined it to be their duty, to devise means to accommodate the citizens of the several counties who might wish to subscribe, but who cannot attend at Annapolis; in conformity, therefore, to a determination that had already obtained at a joint meeting of the directors of the Bank and Branch Bank, on a similar occasion, the board have adopted the following resolution:

That the directors for the several counties on the western shore, be authorized and directed to receive, in their respective counties, from all persons who may offer to subscribe for stock in the Farmers Bank, on the day or days appointed for subscribing, powers of attorney, enabling some person to subscribe for them at Annapolis, and also to receive from persons so disposed to subscribe, the sums which are made payable, on subscriptions personally made, and all subscriptions made under powers as aforesaid, shall be held and deemed as valid, as if made by the individuals themselves at Annapolis.

By order, JON. PINKNEY, Cashier.
Annapolis, 12th February, 1807.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT under a bill of sale from Joseph Smith to James Hunter, deceased, will be sold, at Public Sale, on Saturday, the fourteenth day of March next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, at the late plantation of said James Hunter, called Harness, near South river lower ferry, the following property, to wit: One negro woman, one negro boy, four or five years old, sundry stock, consisting of horses, hogs, cattle, some poultry, and some household furniture, too tedious to enumerate. The terms of sale, three months credit, on bond, with approved security, over ten dollars, and all under that sum cash. The sale to commence at eleven o'clock.

SARAH HUNTER, } Administrators of
JOHN HUNTER, } James Hunter.
Annapolis, February 24, 1807.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, on Saturday, the 28th instant, at the late dwelling place of HENRY HALL, deceased, near the Governor's Bridge.

SEVERAL negroes, consisting of men, women, and boys, also two pair of valuable work oxen. The foregoing property will be sold for ready cash. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock.

RACHEL HALL, Surviving executrix.
March 3, 1807.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1807.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, Thursday, March 26, 1807.

Boston, March 14.

VERY LATE FROM EUROPE.

THE arrival, yesterday afternoon, of the ship Packet, Captain Scott, in the short passage of 6 days from Liverpool, has given us full files of London papers as late as the 12th February. Extracts will be found under the foreign heads.

French Bulletins, to No. 52, inclusive, are received. It will be seen, by the sketches we have given of them, that the last is dated in Warsaw, and that the French had retrograded. Excepting the capitulation of Breslau, &c. in Silesia, no military event of note had occurred, posterior to the battle of Pultusk.

A Russian official account, and an abstract of other official particulars of the battle of Pultusk, &c. are also given. It will be seen, that the Russians, though forced eventually to retreat, lay claim to a partial victory. They retired in good order, and the French knew they did not think it prudent to follow them. The battle was hard fought, and the ground nearly purchased. The Russians say, Buonaparte commanded in person; and we know that one of his aids (Rapp) was wounded; and another (Sugur) taken prisoner, and sent to Russia. At the last date, the Russian army, under gen. Kamenky, was concentrated near Wiza, &c. and were speedily to assume offensive operations. The Russians had retired even miles from Pultusk previous to the battle of the 26th.

The emperor Napoleon had not (as reported by the telegraph) quitted his army. The empress Josephine had arrived in Paris.

We have not time to extend our summary.

LATEST EUROPEAN NEWS.

BY THE PACKET, SCOTT, FROM LIVERPOOL.
FRENCH GRAND ARMY BULLETINS.

NOTE.

The Bulletin which was received on Saturday last from Marlehead, and (rather inaccurately) translated from the 47th, and not the 45th. The Bulletin was dated Poluky, Dec. 27, the 46th at Golymin, Dec. 28. These bulletins give very detailed accounts of the affairs at Caernow, Nafiek, &c.

BULLETIN, No. 48, IS DATED

"Warsaw, Jan. 3, 1807.

It states that gen. Corbineau had followed the Russians from Pultusk, had reached Ostrovet, the 1st January, and had picked up 400 Russian soldiers, several officers, and many baggage wagons. That mar. de Sault, Ney, Prince of Ponte-Corvo (Bernadotte) and Bessieres, were cantoned on the little river Orey. Davoust and Lannes, at Pultusk. That the Russians continued to retreat; and the emperor came back to Warsaw the 2d. That prince Jerome had laid Breslau in ashes, but the garrison had not surrendered. That a Prussian corps of 8000 attempted to raise the siege, but were defeated by gen. Montbrun, with a body of Wurttembergers and Bavarians, with the loss of 400 men, 600 horses, and a convoy of provisions. It contains no other military operations.

BULLETIN, No. 49, IS DATED

"Warsaw, Jan. 8, 1807.

It states, that Breslau had capitulated, and prince Jerome entered the place, and was going to besiege Reg. Schweidnitz and Havel. That gen. Victor marched to besiege Colberg, and Dantzic; that gen. de Zastrow had been appointed Prussian minister for foreign affairs. That the French cavalry were not from Konigsberg; and that the Russian army was continuing its movements towards Grodno.

BULLETIN, No. 50, IS DATED

"Warsaw, Jan. 15, 1807.

It mentions, that the troops found several Russians at Ostrolenka; and that the illness in the Russian camp increased daily. And that the garrison of Breslau (5500 men) had defied before prince Jerome. A detailed account is given of the affair between the Russian corps, and that of the Wurttembergers and Bavarians, mentioned in the 49th bulletin: the rest the bulletin relates to the progress of the Russians in Turkey; the preparations making in Turkey to repel the "aggressions" of the Russians; and that "Austria and France are equally interested (as well as England) in not seeing Moldavia, Wallachia, Servia, Greece, Rometia and Nafolia, become the sport of Muscovites."

BULLETIN, No. 51, IS DATED

"Warsaw, Jan. 18, 1807.

It notices the official dispatch of gen. Benning to the king of Prussia; which it says was received with

great joy; but which joy, on the receipt of other accounts was turned into grief; and the consequence of the latter was the determination to evacuate Konigsberg, that all the Prussian forces then did not exceed thirty-two thousand; some of which were with the king, others in various garrisons in Prussia, and Silesia. On the Russian official account it states, that Buxhovden was not at Makow, (Benningfen did not say he was) but at Golymin, where he was beaten: It defines Benningfen to shew a single piece of French cannon taken, a single standard, or more than twelve or fifteen stragglers taken; while the French can shew 6000 prisoners, two standards which he left at Pultusk, and 3000 wounded, whom he abandoned in his flight. The bulletin admits the French took care not to pursue him; denies, that the grand duke of Berg or Davoust was opposed to him; and concludes with a number of remarks on the effect of such ridiculous relations.

BULLETIN, No. 52, IS DATED

"Warsaw, Jan. 19, 1807.

And gives an account of the operations of marshal Mortier in Prussia proper; and of an affair between a detachment from the Prussian garrison in Colberg, and a small corps of Mortier's army, in which the latter took four pieces of cannon and 100 prisoners. It adds, that Brieg in Silesia, had surrendered; that Poland, rich in grain and provisions, affords a plentiful supply; that Warsaw supplies 100,000 rations daily; that no diseases existed in the army; and that the emperor was daily upon parade, reviewing his troops, and particularly the conscripts from France.

BATTLE OF PULTUSK.

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL ACCOUNT.

General Benningfen to the king of Prussia.

"I have the happiness most respectfully to acquaint your majesty, that I have succeeded in repulsing the enemy, who yesterday morning attacked me on every point near Pultusk. The main attack was made by general Souchet, at the head of fifteen thousand men, on my left wing near Farmgarka, in the view of getting possession of that town; I had only 5000 men under the general Bagganaut to oppose the enemy on that side; they made a brave defence, until I sent a reinforcement of three battalions of reserve, and afterwards three more under general Tolstoy, by which means the right of the French was totally defeated. The second attack, equally brisk, was made on my right flank, where general Barkley de Tolly was posted with the vanguard. The wing extended on the road towards Stzrogocyn to a small wood, where I had placed a covered battery, which the enemy attempted to turn. I therefore made a movement backwards on their right, which succeeded so well, that I not only frustrated the attempt of the enemy, but was also so fortunate as to reinforce general Barkley de Tolly, with three battalions, ten squadrons, and one battery to repulse the enemy; on which the enemy retreated from the wood.

"The attack commenced at eleven in the morning, and lasted until dark. From the relation of all the prisoners I was opposed by Messrs. Murat, Davoust, and Lannes, with an army exceeding 50,000 men. They have lost about 5000, according to their own account.

"All my troops fought with the greatest bravery. The following generals particularly distinguished themselves: Osterman, Tolstoy, Barkley de Tolly, prince Dolgorouky, Bagganaut, Somoff and Sitoff, of the infantry, also colonel Daviddofsky and Gondoff, &c. &c.

"Field-marshal Kamenky departed from Pultusk for Ostrolenka on the morning of the 26th December, previous to the attack, and again gave the whole command to me, so that I have had the good fortune to command alone in this affair and to beat the enemy.

"I have to lament that the long expected succour of gen. Buxhovden had not arrived, although he was but two German miles distant, and even halted half way. I should otherwise have been able to follow up my victory. I have further to lament that the total want of provisions and forage oblige me to retire with my corps to Rosaw; the enemy had not molested me in my retreat.

(Signed)

BENNINGSEN.

Rosaw, the 27th (15th) Dec. 1806.

ABSTRACT

OF OTHER RUSSIAN OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS.

"Daily skirmishes from the 23d December preceded the battle of the 26th, when Benningfen, having been reinforced by a division under prince Gallitzin, resolved to make a stand. The French were under the immediate command of Buonaparte, who confided the attack upon the Russian wings to Davoust and Lannes, they appeared to have made some impression

in the early part of the attack. Davoust forced general Bagganaut to fall back; but the latter having been promptly reinforced, Davoust's progress was effectually checked. Meanwhile Lannes was endeavouring to turn the Russian right wing. The principal attack and heat of the battle appears to have been in that quarter. Buonaparte directed the operations in person.

"An underwood favoured the approach of the French, who obliged the Russian advance guard to fall back upon the main body. But Benningfen had foreseen that the chief efforts of the enemy would be made upon his right wing, and had thrown up a masked battery between the front of his main body and the advanced guard that had been posted to cover it. So soon therefore as the advanced guard was forced by the impetuosity of the attack made upon it to fall back, the masked battery opened upon the enemy a most galling fire of grape shot, which soon checked their progress. General Tolly who had the command of the advanced guard, pushed forward again, but was again obliged to fall back, and the enemy attempted to out-flank the battery. Benningfen saw that this was the critical moment, and with great promptitude, skill, and decision, ordered his right wing to change front; reinforced general Tolly from his centre, and having thus stopped the progress of the enemy, made an attack upon them himself, general Osterman advancing with his division towards the right, and Benningfen supported him with a long train of artillery, and 20 squadrons of cavalry. He ordered also the remainder of the cavalry to form their front in his centre, which had the effect of keeping the centre of the French from making a movement to support their left wing. The attack and the defence were furious and sanguinary; the French fought with desperation, but were obliged at last to fall back, and were driven in confusion from the field."

LONDON, February 10.

The utmost exertions continue to be used in the king's dock yard at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth, in order to get ready a fleet for the Baltic. Sixteen sail of the line, mostly old 74's, are to be cut down and fitted for sea, with masts of the rate of 74's.

Gen. Paoli died on Thursday night, at a very advanced age, at his house near the Edgware road, famous for the part he took in the affairs of Corsica, in the reign of Louis the fifteenth, and the godfather of Buonaparte.

A letter from London dated 28th January says, "the price of flour at present is 44 to 45s. per American barrel."

PRICE CURRENT,

At Liverpool, Feb. 13.

Cotton, Georgia upland 1s4 to 1s6, Sea Island 1s4 to 1s7, New-Orleans 1s7 to 1s8.

Flour superfine 4s to 4s5—fine flour 4s to 4s5. Of cotton the remarks are that the prices were looking up, notwithstanding some heavy imports. Flour, it is said, is in very limited demand, but do not apprehend any variation.

February 12th.—English Three per cent Consols 62 1-2.

NEW-YORK, March 13.

The following communication was received this morning through the Post-Office.

A literary gentleman lately arrived in this city from England, furnishes us with the following curious information. On the 16th day of June, 1796, one hundred young scientific gentlemen, who had just finished their education in the colleges of England and Scotland, met by appointment at Yarmouth, where they resolved, under the strictest injunction of secrecy, "that each of them should, in order to obtain correct information of the world, and of the customs, manners and dispositions of mankind, quit their native island, and reside for ten years successively in different foreign countries particularly specified; and that they should on the first day of September, 1807, again meet together in London for the purpose of reading over their different journals and of preparing the same for publication." This strange resolution was actually put in practice, and on the first day of January, 1807, it was known to some scientific men in London, that thirteen of the young adventurers had died, and that the remaining eighty-seven would certainly meet next summer according to agreement. It was said that one of these adventurers had constantly resided in the city of New-York, where he had collected a most valuable mass of information. T. M.

NATCHEZ, February 19.

On Friday morning a duel was fought on the western margin of the Mississippi, opposite this city, between the hon. Cowles Mead, and captain Robert Sample, of Wilkinson county. The first fire was ex-

changed without doing any mischief, but at the discharge of the second, Mr. Mead received a wound in his right thigh, of which we are happy to say he is fast recovering.

FRANKFORT, February 27.

Extract of a letter dated town of Washington, near Natchez, 9th February, 1807.

After stating the proceedings of the court the writer adds—"It seems that he (Burr) went to his boats on the Mississippi above Natchez a few miles—harrangued his people, told them that he was obliged to leave them—that he could not comply with his promises to them—but assured them that they should have the lands he had promised on the Washita—that it would be some months before he should see them again; but, that they should not be disappointed.

It is reported, but I know not on what grounds, that he then crossed the Mississippi accompanied by one Ashley, who was formerly of the party of Philip Nolan. I have been inclined to think that he is still in this neighbourhood. Three of his company have been arrested, viz. Mr. Blannerhasset, Mr. Davis Floyd, Mr. Rollston—on the ground it is said of information given by persons formerly in the scheme, stating the intention to seize Baton Rouge, and probably Fort Adams. They are not yet finally committed for trial. The party seems to have frittered away to nothing—and many people, ignorant probably of the real views of Mr. Burr, will be most materially injured.

Never, perhaps, did an enterprise of such vast extent, and aided by such a concentration of intrigue, talents and energies, terminate in its effects so truly contemptible. A Spanish officer came to Mr. Burr ten days ago from Pensacola. His friend governor Folch, after forbidding the passage of the United States troops from Fort Stoddard to New-Orleans to arrest the progress of Burr, has come into the settlement of Baton Rouge to make an idle parade of resistance. Possibly the ex-vice-president may next show himself there—but let him show himself where he will—if from the scattered embers of a fallen faction, he ever revives in a shape formidable to the safety or tranquillity of the United States, he will be a Phoenix indeed.

CINCINNATI, March 2.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Washington, Kentucky, to his correspondent in this town, dated 26th of February, 1807.

"Report, says the Kentucky Gazette, was in town, though not credited, that Burr had shot Wilkinson at Washington, Mississippi territory, where he, Wilkinson, had come to depose against him, when at the bar, giving in his testimony."

HAGARS-TOWN, March 13.

HAGARS-TOWN BANK.

The whole of the shares in the Hagars-town bank allotted to this county (say 5000) were subscribed last week at this place.

At a meeting yesterday of the directors of the Hagars-town bank, Mr. ELIE BEATTY was appointed cashier and col. REZIN DAVIS book-keeper.

BALTIMORE, March 18.

Arrived, ship Ann, Billups, 106 days from Batavia. A British frigate came into Batavia Roads at noonday, and cut out a Dutch frigate and a brig, which she took off after exchanging prisoners.

March 20.

By the arrival of the ship Erin, captain Stevenson, we learn that on the 15th of Jan. gen. Gray and his staff arrived at the Cape of Good-Hope from England, via La Plata, who superseded general Baird in the command of the Cape. The latter embarked on board a transport for England on the 18th January. Sir Home Popham, succeeded by admiral Sterling, had left Buenos-Ayres for England. A frigate had arrived exprest at the Cape from Ceylon, requesting assistance to quell an insurrection that had broke out there.

From a file of Calcutta papers, received by a late arrival at Philadelphia, we learn, that the Pallas, a Dutch frigate of 36 guns, the Victoria and the Batavier, of about 500 tons, the two latter belonging to the Dutch East-India Company, have been captured by the British. These were ships from the Moluccas, richly laden with spices. The loss of the killed and wounded on the part of the British, is represented as trifling.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

House of Representatives.

Friday, March 6.

The bill to incorporate the Lancaster and Susquehanna Insurance Company, passed the house, and was transmitted to the senate, the yeas on the passage of this bill were 49, nays 31.

The amendment made by the senate to the bill granting to the trustees of the university of Pennsylvania, 3000 dollars, to establish a botanical garden, was considered and adopted; the amendment is, that this sum shall be granted out of the monies they owe to the state.

Saturday, March 7.

The address to the president, requesting him not to decline a re-election, was agreed to and transmitted to the senate. On agreeing to the address the yeas were 56; nays 20.

The house resolved to meet in future at 9 o'clock in the morning.

Wednesday, March 11.

The house was engaged yesterday and to-day in the second reading of the militia bill.

The report of the committee on roads and inland navigation made sometime since, was considered and adopted. The resolution as amended was, that a committee be appointed authorizing the governor to subscribe on behalf of this commonwealth for a certain proportion of the stock of ALL TURNPIKE COMPANIES incorporated this session and to be hereafter incorporated, and of certain companies heretofore incorporated.

Friday, March 15.

The senate have passed the bill to incorporate the Lancaster and Susquehanna Insurance company, and have postponed generally, the bill from the house of representatives for lowering the salaries of the secretary of the commonwealth and comptroller-general.

A bill, authorizing the president of the United States, to open a road through that part of this state, lying between Cumberland in the state of Maryland and the Ohio river, passed the house and was transmitted to the senate. The bill contains a proviso, that the route laid down and reported by the commissioners to the president of the United States, be so altered as to pass through Union-town in the county of Fayette; and Washington in the county of Washington.

Saturday, March 14.

A bill from the senate, making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the erection of a monument to the memory of the late general Mifflin, was negotiated on the third reading; yeas 56, nays 44.

The Right Reverend Doctor CLAGETT, Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Maryland, and other gentlemen of the Clergy, will attend in Saint Anne's Church, in the City of Annapolis, on WEDNESDAY, the first day of April next, for the purpose of holding an ordination; at which time Priest's Orders will be conferred on the Reverend WILLIAM L. GIBSON, Minister of St. Anne's Parish.

The arch-traitor, Burr, was apprehended on the 3d inst. and is now on his way to the city of Washington, under a military guard.

(CIRCULAR.)

United States ship Constitution,

Gibraltar-Bay, Dec. 20, 1806.

SIR—The Tunisian ambassador left this on the 3d instant, carrying with him impressions not the most favourable towards our government, which may induce the Bey to act in a hostile manner to our flag; in consequence of which, I think it prudent to advise you of the circumstance, and recommend to the commanders of American vessels not to sail without first being convinced that hostilities have not commenced.

The present force under my command are, the Constitution, brig Hornet, and scho'r Enterprize, with which I shall render every service in my power to the commerce of the United States. I have the honour to be Sir, very respectfully,

HUGH G. CAMPBELL.

Wm. Kirkpatrick, Esq.

A true copy. MALAGA, Dec. 30, 1806.

Wm. Kirkpatrick.

From the Norfolk Ledger of March 6.

SPAIN—There is something mysterious in the conduct of Spain at this moment, that merits attention. It is a fact, that a British frigate lately went to Vera Cruz and took in three millions of dollars, with which she failed about the latter end of January. Two other British frigates were momentarily expected, (and some reports say that they had arrived) to take off eight millions more. We know of a certainty that several American vessels had been hired to go to La Vera Cruz, to take off specie. These vessels have Spanish permissions of course, and they are furnished with British passports. These things would not be done without an understanding between the two governments.

The editor of the Norfolk Ledger thus states the manner in which were procured the letters signed Willaumes, about the authenticity of which some difference of opinion has existed:

"These letters were intercepted on the 25th of November, by one of the British cruisers on this station, on board the schooner Merchant, John Bigby, master, from Havana bound to Baltimore, Cape Henry bearing west about 5 leagues, directed under cover to a Mr. Williams of Baltimore. They must of consequence have been duplicates, as no French officer was on board the Merchant; Captain Bigby denied any knowledge of the dispatches being on board until they were shewn to him. As capt. Bigby proceeded on his voyage and arrived safe, we presume he can if called upon prove these facts."

The editor of the Ledger then adds—
We think we have made out what we at first ascertained, "that if these letters were forgeries, they were forged in Havana."

The officers and crew of the French frigate Vaclureuse, bound home in a transport and under American colours, have been captured off Bourdeaux by the Blanche (British) frigate and arrived at Portsmouth. This vessel was one of Jerome Buonaparte's squadron, which sustained so much damage when the squadron was dispersed last summer, and afterwards put into the Delaware, and was there condemned as not seaworthy.

ANNAPOLIS, March, 1807.

ALTHOUGH little attention has been paid to my former notices, yet my necessities compel me, once more, and in the most serious and pressing manner, to call on all persons indebted to me for payments of their respective balances. Those who refuse or neglect may expect, and must excuse me if I pursue, compulsory measures to enforce a compliance, without which it will be impossible for me to maintain my credit, support a numerous family, and prosecute a very expensive profession.

FREDERICK GREEN.

Farmers Bank of Maryland,

March 24, 1807.

THE President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland have declared a dividend of four and one half per cent. on the stock of the said bank, for the last six months, ending the 31st inst. said dividend will be paid on or after Monday, the sixth of April, to stockholders on the western shore, at the bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the eastern shore, at the branch bank at Easton, upon personal application, or on the exhibition of power of attorney, or by correct simple orders.

By order,
JONA. PINKNEY, Cashier.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 20, 1807.

WHEREAS by the resolutions passed at the last session of the general assembly of Maryland, the bills of exchange and certificates issued by virtue of the act of 1779, chapter 38, are directed to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, with interest and costs of protest—And whereas speculators have, and may continue to avail themselves of the ignorance of the holders of said bills and certificates, and fraudulently obtain the same: Ordered, that said resolutions be published once a week, for the space of five weeks, in the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis, the American and Federal Gazette at Baltimore, the Republican Advocate at Frederick-Town, the Maryland Herald at Hagerstown, and the Republican Star at Easton.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the council.

RESOLVED, That the holders of bills of exchange drawn or issued by the treasurer of the western shore as commissioner appointed by the act of assembly, passed at November session, seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, entitled, "An act for calling out of circulation bills of credit emitted by act of assembly, and entitled to receive from this state the amount and principal of the said bills of exchange and certificates, with interest thereon from the dates of the said bills and certificates respectively, and costs of protest."

RESOLVED, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby authorized to pay out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, to the holders and possessors of the said bills of exchange and certificates issued by the treasurer of the western shore, as commissioner, by virtue of the aforesaid act of assembly, the amount of the said bills of exchange or certificates by them respectively held and possessed together with interest thereon from the respective dates of such bills of exchange and certificates, and the costs of protest, and the treasurer is hereby directed to pay the bills, interests and costs, at the par of exchange.

TO BE LET,

MY HOUSE and LOT in Annapolis. In my absence from town application may be made to Mr. John Randall.

JAMES MURRAY.

March 23, 1807.

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, March 11, 1807.

ON application, by petition, of Basil Brown, administrator of Richard Marriott, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of RICHARD MARRIOTT, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereunto, to the subscriber, at or before the twelfth day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 12th day of March, 1807.

BASIL BROWN, Administrator.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend to apply to the judges of Baltimore county court, at March term, eight hundred and seven, for a commission to mark and bound my part of a tract of land, lying in Baltimore county, called Richardson's Forest.

NATHAN GREEN.

Baltimore, March 14, 1807.

This is to give

THAT the subscriber, of the district of Columbia, in the orphans court of Prince Georges county, in the state of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas I. county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereunto, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 12th day of March, 1807.

ALLEN B. DUCKER.

City of Washington, March 11, 1807.

Forty Dollars

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, a negro girl named Lucy, 20 years of age, has a do, has an affected mode of black, and slender made, her hair, as the left her own, is short; the left her child, it is probable that her mother may lead to a discovery which may give 20 dollars reward for her so that I get her for the state 30 dollars. Lucy, subscriber, on Monday the 16th named LUCY, between 35 and 6 or 8 inches high, has a yellow complexion, and very white her clothing behind, the dress; she has taken her eldest a boy named Andrew, a yellow complexion, the son, 12 months old, also will give 20 dollars reward and security of Lucy and her mother again, and 30 dollars, paid by

N. B. It is presumed that the city of Baltimore, and there, who formerly the late judge Sprigg. Pleading with either capt. Ker, Fell's-Point.

The said Powell lives with Anne-Arundel county, M

WAS committed to me on the 17th inst. a JOHN HAWKINS, blackstone, (I presume B) county; he is about 25 years of age, wears rings in his ears, wears rings in his ears, and trousers; and formerly belonged to Mrs. P. Thomas Buchanan, Esq; to me. His owner is desirous to be sold agreeably to

NOTICE

of Prince Georges county, March 19, 1807.

NOT

WHEREAS many of the in the habit of publishing and republishing the same to my injury, this notice from repeating the same in any manner committing the same to the public, from passing through the hands of the subscriber, pretended to be laid on law, as it cannot be a copy of the law are commissioners. I am desirous to this notice with

JOHN MARRIOTT, March 25th, 1807.

This is to give notice, that the subscriber, of the orphans court of Prince Georges county, in the state of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of RICHARD MARRIOTT, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereunto, to the subscriber, at or before the twelfth day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 12th day of March, 1807.

ANN MARIA MARRIOTT.

March 12, 1807.

RICHARD MARRIOTT.

RESPECTFULLY, to the subscribers, that he, being supplied with his thanks to the subscribers, and hopes a copy of the same, but those who subscribe, he states as he keeps no

A HANDSOM

a good waiter.

March, 1807.

Attention has been
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GREEN.

Maryland,

March 24, 1807.

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KNEY, Cashier.

March 20, 1807.

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JAMES MURRAY.

Maryland, sc.

orphans court, March 14,

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AWAY, Reg. Wills for

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RICHARD MARRIOTT,

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BROWN, Administrator.

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or a commission to mark

tract of land, lying in Bal

richardson's Forest.

NATHAN GREEN.

14, 1807.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of the city of Washington, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the orphans court of Prince-George's county, in the state of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Duckett, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Those indebted to the deceased are desired to make immediate payment.

All claims forwarded by mail must be post paid.
ALLEN B. DUCKETT, Administrator.
City of Washington, March 16, 1807.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 3d inst. a negro girl named PHEBE, between 18 and 20 years of age, has a down look when spoken to, has an affected mode of speaking, she is very black, and slender made, her clothing I cannot describe, as she left her own at home when she departed; she left her child behind only four months old, it is probable that her breast is not dried up, which may lead to a discovery on examination. I will give 20 dollars reward for her apprehension and securing her so that I get her again, and if taken out of the state 30 dollars. Likewise ran away from the subscriber, on Monday the 16th inst. a negro woman named LUCY, between 35 and 37 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, has an open free look, of yellow complexion, and very lusty made, she has also left her clothing behind, therefore I cannot describe her dress; she has taken her two children with her, the eldest a boy named Anderson, about 4 years old, of a yellow complexion, the other a boy named Addison, 12 months old, also of a yellow complexion. I will give 20 dollars reward for the apprehension and security of Lucy and her two children, so that I get them again, and 30 dollars if taken out of the state, paid by

JOSEPH POWELL.

N. B. It is presumed that they have or will make for the city of Baltimore, as Lucy has got a free son living there, who formerly belonged and waited on the late judge Sprigg. Phebe has a sister also there living with either capt. Kerr or capt. William Pitt, Fell's Point.

The said Powell lives within 2 miles of the Priett's edge.

Anne-Arundel county, March 17, 1807.

WAS committed to my custody as a runaway

on the 17th inst. a negro man who calls him

JOHN HAWKINS, says he belongs to Kenelm

Blackstone, (I presume Blackstone) of St. Mary's

county; he is about 25 years old, rather small in

ature, wears rings in his ears, his clothing is a kersey

coat and trousers; and an old shirt, he says he for

ly belonged to Mrs. Portinger, and was sold by

Thomas Buchanan, Esq; to the above named Black

stone. His owner is desired to take him away, or he

will be sold agreeably to law.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff

of Prince-George's county.

March 19, 1807.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS many evil disposed persons have been in the habit of pulling down my fences, and digging and repassing through my enclosures, very much to my injury, this is therefore to forewarn all persons from repeating the aforeaid injuries, or in any manner committing trespasses on any of my farms, from passing through my land where the new road pretended to be laid out; till it is opened agreeably to law, as it cannot be a public road until all the requisites of the law are complied with on the part of the commissioners. I am determined to prosecute any offenders to this notice with the utmost powers of the law.

JOHN WORTHINGTON.

March 25th, 1807.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the estate of JOHN DAVIDSON, of the city of Annapolis, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, and filed by the orphans court, and those in any manner indebted to the estate of the deceased are desired to make delay to make payment, to

ANN MARIA DAVIDSON, Executrix.
March 12, 1807.

RICHARD DAW,

WHEELWRIGHT,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and customers, that he still continues to carry on his trade, being supplied with good materials; he returns his thanks to his former customers for past favors, and hopes a continuance of the same; he has declined having any thing to do with the blacksmith's trade, but those who honour him with the work at business, he flatters himself in giving satisfaction, as he keeps no books, he expects that they will pay him for his work when finished.

For Sale,

A HANDSOME mulatto BOY, aged 17 years, a good writer. For terms inquire of the

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LADIES, MISSES, AND CHILDREN'S Slippers and Quarter Boots.

JOHN MUNROE has just received a parcel of kid and Morocco slippers, childrens strapped ditto, and quarter boots, which he will sell low for cash, or the usual credit to punctual customers; he has supplied himself with a quantity of Morocco and kid skins of various colours, fancy kid patterns, boot legs, bend and cork soles, and a general assortment of fine and coarse leather, for his own manufacture, where those who please to favour him with their commands may be supplied at a short notice, in the newest fashion, or in any manner they may direct; he avails himself of this opportunity to express his thanks to his generous patrons, and the public generally, and flatters himself that by unremitting attention to his business to enjoy a continuance of their favours.

ON Monday, the 30th March, at 10 o'clock, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, the subscriber intends to offer at auction, the remains of his MERCHANDISE and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and in the intermediate time will dispose of either at very reduced prices. Among the merchandise are German linens, Waldren's sashes, warranted cast steel, reape-hooks, sashes, battle powder, cut and wrought nails, two pair steelyards, and a few kegs of butter. Among the household furniture is a handsome sideboard, chest of drawers, second hand carpet, and bathing-cifern. He has also for sale a horse and gig, the horse goes well under the saddle, as well as in the gig. He is in want of a woman servant, that can do plain cooking and can wash and iron well—also a negro boy about 15 years of age, both or either of which he will hire by the year, or buy for a term of years.

Wm. WILKINS.

Annapolis, March 9, 1807.

WANTED,

IN a retail store in this city, a boy of about twelve or fourteen years of age, who can write a good hand. Inquire at this office.

Annapolis, March 18, 1807.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends applying to Calvert county court, or to some one of the judges thereof, for the benefit of the insolvent act, passed November session, 1803, and the supplement thereto; passed November session, 1806.

JAMES J. WILKINSON.

March 14, 1807.

For Sale,

MY HOUSE and LOT, in the city of Annapolis, on a credit, or will be exchanged for wet goods.

SAMUEL MACCUBBIN.

December 29, 1806.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, March 3, 1807. ON application, by petition, of Martha P. Childs, and Charles Drury, administrators of Cephas Childs, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of CEPHAS CHILDS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the third day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 3rd day of March, 1807.

MARTHA P. CHILDS, } Administrators.
CHARLES DRURY, }

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 25, 1807.

ON application, by petition, of Elizabeth Issabel, executrix of the last will and testament of Robert Issabel, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of ROBERT ISSABEL, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 29th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 25th day of February, 1807.

ELIZABETH ISSABEL, Executrix.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

DAYS OF MY YOUTH.

DAYS of my youth, ye are gliding away,
Days of my youth, ye soon will be vanish'd,
Soon will the warm tints of fancy decay,
Soon from my cheek will the roses be banish'd.
Brief as the wild flower, that lives on the spray,
Brief as the bright dew, that hangs on the morning,
Youth gives its blossoms to life's barren way,
All the drear waste for an instant adorning.
Soon will the hopes of my bosom be hush'd,
Soon will the hours of my day-dreams be number'd,
Quickly the shoots of romance will be crush'd,
All will be fled that I've wish'd or I've slumber'd.
Go, then, ye warm-beaming joys of a day;
Go, then, ye moments of bliss and of sorrow;
Calm will I bend me to life's pale decay,
And from CONTENTMENT new roses will borrow.

A CHRISTMAS DITTY.

AN Orphan, who not long before,
Had lost her parents kind and tender,
Stood near a Lord and Lady's door,
Who had no child, and liv'd in splendour,
She warbled strains of genuine woe,
In hope to catch the ear of pity,
Her little heart's pulse beating low,
She sweetly sung her simple ditty.—
"Oh, Fortune's fav'rites, great and good,
"Afford an helpless Orphan food;
"For Christmas comes but once a year,
"And when it comes it brings good cheer."
In vain thus flow'd her tuneful breath—
Great folks sometimes have little feeling—
Poor child! the clay-cold hand of death
Benumb'd her frame, and hush'd her thrilling,
The neighb'ring maids, with many a flower,
Bedeck the Orphan's grave, with pity;
And Fancy hears each midnight hour,
When winter chills, her simple ditty—
"Oh, Fortune's fav'rites, great and good,
"Afford a helpless Orphan food;
"For Christmas comes but once a year,
"And when it comes it brings good cheer."

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel county, Orphans court, January 27, 1807.

ON application, by petition of Anne Jenifer and Joseph Jenifer, administrators of Henrietta Mayo, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of HENRIETTA MAYO, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 25th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 27th day of January, 1807.

ANNE JENIFER, } Administrators.
JOSEPH JENIFER, }

COMMITTED to my custody, the 30th January, a runaway Negro Man, who calls himself WILLIAM THOMPSON, appears to be about 50 years of age, who says he was set free by COUNSELLOR CARTER, in the state of Virginia; he is a bright mulatto, about 5 feet 8 inches high; his clothing is a blue cloth coat, one blue round jacket, ozenabrig shirt, old hat and shoes, the rest of his clothing is so patched they cannot be described. The owner is requested to come forward, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold agreeably to law for his prison fees, &c.

JOHN M'WILLIAMS, Sheriff
of St. Mary's county.
February 14, 1807.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber requests all those indebted to the estate of THOMAS ROCKHOLD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, either before his death, or since, for property purchased at the sale of the effects of the said deceased, to make immediate payment to the subscriber, or to Mr. JOSEPH EVANS, in Annapolis, who is authorized to receive the same, all those who have claims against said estate to make them known to the said Joseph Evans.

The subscriber gives further notice, that all those who consider themselves as the legal heirs of the said Thomas Rockhold, must appear before the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, on or before the 3d day of May, 1807, and prove themselves as such, before they can receive a distributive share of the estate of the said Thomas Rockhold.

GEORGE CONAWAY, Administrator.

A few copies of the LAWS of last session may be had at the Printing-Office.

IN COUNCIL, MARCH 20, 1807.
ORDERED, That the act, entitled, An act to prevent free negroes from selling any corn, wheat or tobacco, without having a licence for that purpose from a justice of the peace, and the Act to restrain the evil practices arising from negroes keeping dogs, and to prohibit them from carrying guns or offensive weapons, be published once in each week, until the first day of May next, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the American and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Republican Advocate, at Fredericktown, the Maryland Herald, at Hagerstown, and Republican Star, at Easton.
 By order, **NINIAN PINKNEY,**
 Clerk of the council.

WHEREAS great inconvenience is felt in this state in consequence of free negroes receiving stolen corn, wheat and tobacco, from slaves, and selling the same as the production of their own labour; therefore,
Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland,
That from and after the first of May next, no free negro shall sell any corn, wheat or tobacco, unless, at the time of his or her so selling the said article or articles, he or she shall be possessed of a certificate, under the hand and seal of a justice of the peace of said county, that he or she is a peaceable and orderly person, and of good character, which certificate shall be of force for one year, and no longer.

And be it enacted, That any person who shall purchase or receive from any free negro any corn, wheat or tobacco, contrary to the provisions of this act, shall forfeit and pay, for every offence, the sum of ten dollars, one half to the informer, the other half to be applied to the use of the county in which such offence was committed, and to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other fines and forfeitures are by this law directed to be recovered and applied.

And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of every justice of the peace, sheriff and constable, to give information of every violation of this act that shall come to his knowledge.

BE it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That after the first day of May next, it shall not be lawful for any negro or mulatto within this State to keep any dog, bitch or gun, except he be a free negro or mulatto, and in that case he may be permitted to keep one dog, provided such free negro or mulatto shall obtain a licence from a justice of the peace for that purpose, and that the said licence shall be in force for one year, and no longer; and if any dog or bitch owned by any negro, not possessed of such licence, shall be seen going at large, it shall and may be lawful for any person to kill the same, and in case of any suit instituted therefor, the person or persons killing the said dog or bitch may plead the general issue, and give this act in evidence.

And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the constable of every hundred to repair once a month, and oftener if information be given him of tumultuous meetings of mulattoes, negroes or slaves, to all suspected places within his hundred, and if he shall find any mulatto or negro not a slave, at any such meeting, it shall be the duty of the constable forthwith to carry such mulatto or negro, so offending, before some magistrate of the county, who shall thereupon commit such person to the common goal, unless he or she shall enter into a recognizance, with such security as said justice shall require, for his or her good behaviour, and also to appear before the next county court, to answer for such offence in such manner as is prescribed by law for the trial of crimes and misdemeanors within this state, and if such person shall be found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this act, he shall be fined, or imprisoned, for such offence at the discretion of the court; and if such constable shall find at any such meeting as aforesaid, any slave besides those belonging to the owner of such place,

And be it enacted, That before any constable shall be entitled to receive the allowance granted by the fourth section of the act, entitled, An act to prevent the tumultuous meetings and other irregularities of negroes and other slaves, he shall produce a certificate from at least two respectable citizens of his hundred, of his industry and fidelity in the discharge of his duty under this act and the act above recited.

FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND.

If any stockholder shall fail to make regular payment of any installment, (after the first payment) such stockholder's money in Bank shall remain free from interest, and he shall be entitled to dividend, until such installment, or call, shall be made good, and the dividend thereafter to be paid to such stockholder (as well upon the money by him regularly paid as upon the money paid after default) shall be calculated only from the time when said last installment was made good.

That the directors for the several counties on the western shore, be authorized and directed to receive, in their respective counties, from all persons who may offer to subscribe for stock in the Farmers Bank, on the day or days appointed for subscribing, powers of attorney, enabling some person to subscribe for them at Annapolis, and also to receive from persons so disposed to subscribe, the sums which are made payable, on subscriptions personally made, and all subscriptions made under powers as aforesaid, shall be held and deemed as valid, as if made by the individuals themselves at Annapolis.

State of Maryland, sc.
Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, February 25,
1807.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for
Anne-Arundel county

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of JAMES HUNTER, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 21st day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 25th day of February, 1807.

State of Maryland, &c.

**JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for
Anne-Arundel county.**

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of **ELEANOR HALL**, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the tenth day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 10th day of February, 1807.

State of Maryland, fc.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for
Anne-Arundel county.

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration of the personal estate of HENRY HUTTON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereunto in due form of law, to the subscriber, on or before the eleventh day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 14th day of February, 1807.

RICHARD G. HUTTON, Administrator.

State of Maryland, ss.

ANNE-ARUNDEL county, orphans court, Feb. 12, 1807.
ON application, by petition of William Burgess and Joseph Burgess, executors of the last will and testament of Joseph Burgess, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THAT the subscribers, of Anne-Arundel county have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of JOSEPH BURGESS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the nineteenth day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 12th day of February, 1807.

WILLIAM BURGESS, } Executors.
JOSEPH BURGESS, }

Notice is hereby given,
THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county,
intends to apply to the county court of said
county, at the session in April next, for the
of the insolvent law, passed at November session, of
thousand eight hundred and five.

To all my Creditors.

I HEREBY give notice, that I intend to apply to the Baltimore county court, for the benefit of the act, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and of the supplement to said act, passed at the last November session.

March 10, 1807. JOHN H. SCHREIBER.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber shall apply to Baltimore county court, or to some one of the judges thereof, for the benefit of the insolvent act, passed November session, 1805, and the supplement thereto, passed November session, 1806.

JAMES MATTISON.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

LXIII^d YEAR.)

MAR

FOR SALE

THE subscriber offers for sale a valuable tract of LAND, late STEPHEN STEWARD'S, containing 42 acres. The improvements are, a very convenient dwelling-house, two rooms and two barns above, with a garden and rooms adjoining; there is also a kitchen and fire places, and a dwelling or store, a large meadow, a milk-house, a large pump, a large corn-house, a large cellar under them, on the north side, a carriage house, two gardens, a pond, and sundry other fruit-trees. The site of the first stands in the middle of the mill convenient for shipping on West river, where the goods received from, and sent to, are sold at private sale before hand, and afterwards sold at vendue, of which notice will be given. For terms apply on to the subscriber, ARCHIBALD

March 15, 1807.

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ANN MARI
March 12, 1807.

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