

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JONAS GREEN, No. 23, Market Street, Annapolis.

Dollars Reward.

At Annapolis, on the 20th inst. the following was seen: One white Man by the name of JOHN DOVE, committed for a crime, who had on when he was arrested, a blue short over jacket, a blue coat, and wool hat. Dove is 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, well built, and has several bad scars on his face, occasioned by fighting. BEN. is of a dark complexion, aged thirty, six feet high, and had on when he went off on a brig shirt and trousers, and a blue coat. ROBERT is of a yellow complexion, 5 feet high, 18 or 19 years of age, and had on when he went off, a blue coat, and a blue hat. The above will be given to any person for heading and securing said fugitives. Twenty Dollars for each will be given, if taken separately. J. GAITHER, Sheriff A. A. C.

TAVERN

AND BOARDING-HOUSE.

The subscriber is happy to inform the public, that he has a Tavern and Boarding House, stand lately occupied by Mr. next door to Mr. William's, where Travellers and Boarders are accommodated by the day, week, or year, on the most reasonable terms. He has laid in, and will keep on hand, the best assortment of Liquors, Parties and Clubs served on the shortest notice. Steaks, oysters and terrapins, in seasons, and at all times with delicacies as our climate affords. He has constantly on hand the greatest variety of Porter, Ale, Cider, Wine, Cordials, &c. of the best quality, for his particular friends, to be procured at the utmost attentiveness. RICHARD GRAY.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court, August 31, 1819. On application by petition of Henry Williams, administrator of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer. John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, for A. A. County.

Police is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Isaac Simmons, late of A. A. County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 1st day of November next, they may be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand and seal this 31st day of August, 1819. HENRY CHILDS, Adm'r.

Wool Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

The subscriber takes great pleasure in forming his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Wool Shoe Manufactory, next door to G. I. Grammer's, and opposite to William's Hotel, where all persons disposed to encourage him, are invited to call or direct their orders to his assistance and attention. He hopes by his assiduity and attention to business to deserve, and will be glad to receive, in shares of public patronage; and pledges that his work shall be executed on the shortest notice after the first fashion; on the most favourable terms, of materials of the best quality, and in the most elegant and durable manner. WILLIAM YOUNG.

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office. Blank Promissory Notes, and all kinds of exchange against Drawers, second, and third Endorsers, in the most general manner. On Bond and Single Bill, and all kinds of Notes, &c. &c.

Annapolis & Baltimore Packet.

G. & J. BARBER.

Tender their acknowledgments for the liberal patronage bestowed on them, and take this opportunity of informing the public, that

The Sloop Washington

Will continue running between Annapolis and Baltimore, twice a week. She will leave Annapolis every Tuesday and Friday morning at 9 o'clock. Returning, leave Baltimore every Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, and Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. They deem it unnecessary to say any thing on the subject of the superior accommodations of this Vessel for passengers, as it is presumed they are well known. The Vessel having been on the line for some time.

It must be expressly understood, that the proprietors of this Vessel will not hold themselves responsible to the owners of baggage, letters, &c. for any losses which may happen; but at the same time assure the public that they will use every effort to prevent occurrences of the kind.

They also have two good and substantial

SCHOONERS,

Which will carry and bring freight from or to any part of the Chesapeake Bay. Persons wishing Tobacco brought from the Patuxent, or other warehouses in the State, can have the same done at the shortest notice, by apprising Messrs. Lynch & Craff, Chesapeake, Baltimore.

Three Mattresses,

Which came down in their Packet some months ago, and which have never been claimed, are now at their store, where the owner or owners may call and get them on proving property and paying charges.

Also a Trunk, containing wearing apparel & some trifling articles, which appears, from marks on the neck handkerchiefs, to be the property of a John B. Nelson.

All persons indebted to the firm of GEO. & JNO. BARBER, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise legal measures will be taken against them without respect to persons.

NOTICE.

Union Manufacturing Company of Maryland. The Stockholders in this Company are requested to attend a general meeting, to be held at their Warehouse, No. 152 Market Street, on Monday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. By order, R. MILLER, Jr. Pres't. Baltimore, Aug 26.

CENTRAL TAVERN.

That well known establishment, the Central Tavern, formerly kept by Capt. Thomas in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased and put in complete repair, and is now occupied by

JOSEPH DALEY,

Who has opened a large and commodious

TAVERN,

where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unremitted attention, and the best of everything which the seasons afford. Gentlemen attending as jurymen to the county court, and the public in general, will find it to their advantage to give him a call, as he pledges himself nothing will be left undone to render every satisfaction to his customers. Liquors, and fare of every kind that can be procured, shall be offered to his customers, and the greatest attention and care taken of their Horses. He therefore solicits a share of public patronage. July 29.

Baltimore & West River Packet.

The subscriber having purchased of the Messrs. Barber's that large, convenient, and swift sailing schooner, Edward Lloyd, has commenced running her as a regular packet from West River to Baltimore. She will leave West River every Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Baltimore—returning, leave Baltimore every Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. He has engaged a skilful and industrious man to take charge of her. Passengers may be assured that they will meet with the best accommodations. All orders left at his store at West River, will be punctually attended to. William Norman.

THOMAS LUSBY,

Respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has just received, and is now opening, in the house formerly occupied by Lewis Davall, Esq. at the head of Corn Hill, street, and on the State House Circle, a handsome assortment of

ARTICLES

in the Book and Stationary Line, Together with an assortment of Fancy Articles, For LADIES, consisting of Ladies Portable Pens, Ditto Auro-Metallic do. &c. &c.

NB. The Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis are respectfully requested to call and examine the ARTICLES. Sept. 9.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court, Sept. 7th, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Williams, administrator of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer. John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel County, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 1st day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of September, 1819. Henry Williams, Administrator.

The New and Elegant Steam Boat



Maryland,

CAPTAIN VICKARS,

Has commenced her regular route between Easton, Annapolis and Baltimore—Leaving Easton every Monday and Thursday at 8 o'clock, AM for Annapolis and Baltimore, via Todd's Point, in Dorchester county, and arrive at Annapolis at half past 1 o'clock P. M.—start from thence at half past 2 o'clock, PM. for Baltimore.

Passengers bound to Philadelphia, will meet the Union Line of Steam Boats and arrive there the next morning, making by this route only 24 hours from Easton to that place—Returning, leaves Baltimore for Annapolis and Easton, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock, AM. arrives at Annapolis at half past 11 o'clock, AM. & starts from thence at half past 12 o'clock, PM. arrives at Easton at 6 o'clock same evening. via Todd's Point, Oxford, and at a place known by the name of the Double Mills. The Maryland will also take on board Horses, Carriages, &c. All baggage at the risk of the owners. Sept. 2.

Land for Sale.

Will be sold at public sale on Monday the 15th day of November next, 120 Acres of Land, lying in Calvert county, about three miles and a half below the upper Church, adjoining Mr. John Lawrence and William Reynolds. This Land is susceptible of improvement by clover and plaster—and a great proportion of Wood Land—and an excellent Meadow with little expense. There are several houses on it, one a very good house, will suit a small family. It is unnecessary to give any further description of the property, as it is expected persons wishing to purchase, will take a view of it before the day of sale. Those wishing to view it will call on William Cox, who now lives on it, and will be sold at his house. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale can do so by applying to the subscriber, before that time, living in Anne Arundel county, near South River Church. The terms will be made known on the day of sale. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. HENRY CARR.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court, Sept 7th, 1819.

On application by petition of Walter Pumphrey, junior, executor of the last will and testament of Walter Pumphrey, senior, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer. John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Walter Pumphrey, senior, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 1st day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of September, 1819. Walter Pumphrey, jun. Executor of the last will & testament. Sept. 9.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court, Sept 7th, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Williams, administrator of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer. John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, will be offered at Public Sale, on Saturday the 9th day of October next, at Aberdeen, near Annapolis, all the personal estate of William Nicholls, senior, deceased, consisting of Negro Men, Women and Children, Horses, Horned Cattle, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Utensils, &c. Terms of sale—For all sums above twenty dollars, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond and approved security, with interest from the day of sale; all sums under 20 dollars, the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. JOHN B. NICHOLLS, Adm'r.

FOR SALE,

The Houses, now occupied by Mrs. Robinson as a Boarding house, near the Farmers Bank. They will be sold together, or separate, to suit purchasers. Apply to WILLIAM BREWER, Annapolis, Feb. 11.

LANDS FOR SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Richard H. Harwood, Esq. of the city of Annapolis, the subscribers offer for sale, parts of several Tracts of Land, the whole being in one body, and containing about 46 1/4 acres, being in Charles county, adjoining Lean Town. For terms apply to the subscribers, HENRY H. HARWOOD, RICHARD HARWOOD, of That Annapolis, Sept.

Anne Arundel County, sc.

I hereby certify that John Roberts, living near Elk Ridge Landing, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the justices of the peace in and for the county aforesaid, as a trespassing stray, one bright bay Gelding, about 13 years old, and near 15 hands high, with a few white hairs in his forehead, and appears to be well gaited on the road. Given under my hand this 18th day of September, 1819. J. S. BELT.

The owner of the above Gelding is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away from JOHN ROBERTS.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on Thursday the 14th of October next, if fair if not the next fair day thereafter. (Sunday excepted) at the residence of William Fisher, All the personal estate of Ezekiel Simmons, late of the aforesaid county, deceased, consisting of one Negro Woman, and two children, three head of Cattle and one horse. Terms of sale, for all sums under twenty dollars, the cash to be paid, all sums above twenty dollars, a credit of six months will be given. Bond and approved security will be required, with interest from the day of sale. ACHSA SIMMONS, Adm'r. Sept. 30.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscribers hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of William Shipley, Sen. late of the aforesaid county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers and those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment. Elias Shipley, William Shipley, Jr. Ex'rs. Sept 30.

100 Dollars Reward.

Ranaway from the subscriber, living near the head of Marley creek within two miles of the public road leading from Baltimore to Annapolis, & within about the same distance from Mr. Charles Waters' Mill, in Anne Arundel county, Maryland, on Wednesday the 1st inst. a Negro Man named TOM, or Tom Short. This fellow is about 5 feet 7 or 9 inches high, between 35 and 40 years of age, of a dark complexion, has a bald head, and is marked with several whelks on his breast, his arms also have some remarkable white or light coloured places on them. He had on when he absconded, a shirt & trousers of osenburgh, and a fur hat about half worn; took with him a dark great coat a close bodied blue cloth coat, & a pair of light blue cloth pantaloons, with some other clothing not recollect ed. It is supposed he has either gone to Baltimore, or St. Mary's county, having acquaintances in both places, who probably would assist him in making his escape. I will give, for the apprehension of said Negro, if brought home, or secured in any gaol in the State of Maryland, so that I get him again, \$10 if taken within 10 miles of home, \$30 if taken beyond that distance from home, in the county, or within 10 miles of, or in the city of Baltimore, \$50 if taken out of the county, or further than 10 miles from Baltimore, and if out of the State the above reward will be given. SAGAH PUMPHREY. Sept. 9.

Planters Bank of Prince-George's County.

The Board of Directors, having this day declared a dividend for the year, ending the 24th inst. at the rate of four per cent per annum, the same will be paid to the stockholders, or their representatives, on or after the 30th inst., upon personal application, by power of attorney, or upon simple order, specifying that it is for the dividend. TRUEMAN TYLER, Cash. Sept. 30.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court, September 8, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Maynadier, administrator of William Bower, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer. JNO. GASSAWAY Reg. Wills, A A County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Bower, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 13th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 28th day of September, 1819. Henry Maynadier, Adm'r.

Taken up

On Sandy Point, last Thursday, a BATTEAU, 28 feet in length, 7 feet in width at the stern, and 2 feet deep, nearly new. The owner, on application to me, paying charges, and proving property, can have her again. HENRY MAYER. Sandy Point, Sept. 30.

FOR SALE,

The Houses, now occupied by Mrs. Robinson as a Boarding house, near the Farmers Bank. They will be sold together, or separate, to suit purchasers. Apply to WILLIAM BREWER, Annapolis, Feb. 11.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Annapolis, Thursday, October 7.

Being disappointed in not receiving paper from Baltimore, we have been obliged to issue the Gazette on a half sheet.

COMMUNICATED.

On Monday last, by the direction of the Executive Department of this State, our Flag was hoisted half mast high, and thirteen minute guns were fired in honour to the memory of Commodore O. H. Perry.

This small tribute to departed merit is but a fitting emblematic of the feelings entertained by our Executive, in unison with those of their fellow citizens, on an event so melancholy, and much to be deplored, as the loss of the gallant Hero of Erie. Let his country, while she mourns her fate in being deprived of one of her brightest sons, not forget to encourage others to emulate his worth.

MARYLAND ELECTIONS.

Table listing candidates for Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council in Annapolis.

ANNE ARUNDEL.

Table listing candidates for Annapolis City Council.

CALVERT COUNTY.

Table listing candidates for Calvert County election.

Cecil County.

Table listing candidates for Cecil County election.

From the Baltimore Morning Chronicle.

Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry.

One of our naval heroes, and the first in the annals of American history who gained a victory where fleet was opposed to fleet, has now paid the debt of nature. OLIVER HAZARD PERRY, is no more! There seems something deficient in a character, however illustrious, until it receives the consecration of death. However eminent a man may be for his talents or for his virtues—distinguished by his public or private services—luminous with intellect, renowned for bravery, or adorned by the less dazzling, but more endearing qualities of the heart; however much beloved by his friends or idolized by his country, respect-

ed both at home and abroad, still while he lives, envy will attempt to pull him down from the lofty column of public admiration which forms his pedestal, to the humble platform on which he stands. But when death touches with his wand of ebony a character so resplendent—when it is converted as by magic into dust and ashes, and seems to implore nothing but a few feet of earth to moulder away in quietude and in silence, while the cold dews of night hang over his head, and nothing but insensate marble marks the spot where he slumbers—envy shrinks with abhorrence from the sanctuary of the dead, and death canonizes and consecrates the character. It is then, and then only, that the virtues begin to gleam and to twinkle with a star-like radiance, through the interposing shadows of the tomb—they then shine from their proper sphere; they are set beyond human reach in the broad expanding and overarching firmament of fame.

We hope that the following slight biographic sketch of the departed hero, drawn from the most authentic source, will not be deemed uninteresting. Oliver Hazard Perry, was the son of Christopher Raymond Perry, and was born in Newport, Rhode Island, on the 23d of August, 1785. His father had borne an honourable part both by sea and land, in the revolutionary battles of his country; he was from his maternal side, descended in a direct line from Sir William Waller, so renowned in the history of Scotland. In April 1799, he received a midshipman's warrant, and was attached to the United States ship Gen. Green, under the command of his father, until the reduction of the Tripolitan war, he was ordered to join the Adams, commanded by captain Campbell, with whom he continued until Commodore Preble was succeeded by Commodore Morris, when he returned in the frigate New York to the United States, during which cruise he was promoted to an acting lieutenant. In 1804, under his old commander captain Campbell of the Constitution, he joined our squadron at Malta, where he remained until by orders of that officer he entered as first lieutenant on board of the Nautilus, to which Commodore Rodgers assumed the command of the squadron. He remained in this station until the conclusion of the peace with Tripoli, when the Commodore shifted his flag from the Constitution to the Essex, and took Oliver Hazard Perry with him to the United States in the capacity of second lieutenant. During the embargo, he was appointed to the command of 17 gun boats then lying at Newport—and in 1810, he succeeded Captain Jones in the command of the United States sloop Revenge, attached to the squadron of Commodore Rogers, lying at New London. This schooner was lost off the port above mentioned, a court of inquiry investigated all the facts of the case, by whom the conduct of the commanding officer was highly applauded—his cool and intrepid conduct on that occasion endeared him more than ever to the cabinet. On the breaking out of the late war with Great Britain, he was ordered to take the command of the United States flotilla lying at Newport; and in February, he was appointed with the rank of master commandant to the command of the United States naval forces on Lake Erie.

Here we deem it needless to pursue him further—what follows is now matter of American history—he stands in the full sunlight of glory—the admiration of his countrymen constitutes his best panegyric; his bravery during that perilous engagement for the acquisition of victory, could only be rivalled by his humanity to the vanquished afterwards. This is an event that will not be forgotten; he has made the waves of that mighty lake the rolling monuments of his glory. With regard to the softer, the more delicate, the domestic affections—those that shun the blaze of public admiration and court privacy and shade, those that may be denominated the tendrils of the human heart, they wound themselves around all his sturdy and independent qualities—the grandeur of the oak was enlivened and decorated by the blossoms and the fragrance of the woodbine that enfolded its trunk, and crept in spiral ringlets around its branches. But of what avail is glory—the same destroying angel that now hovers over Baltimore, has made the same victory her victim;

she has denied him even the sad privilege of a grave in the land of his ancestors—neither his family, his widow, his friends, nor his countrymen can point out his tomb to the inquiring stranger, and say, here slumber the ashes of the Hero of Erie. Fame as she walked the sodic, call'd aloud, The name of PERRY from her silver cloud. Her voice in music stole upon his ear, Hero of Erie take your station here! He saw the glorious vision crown'd with rays; He saw her vestment twinkling in the blaze. His soul delighted, burst its mortal frame, And soar'd resplendent to the call of Fame.

His remains were interred at Port Spain, in the Island of Trinidad, on the 24th inst. and were attended to the grave with every mark of attention and respect on the part of the governor (Sir Ralph Woodford) the Civil and Military Authorities, and the inhabitants of the town in general. At 4 o'clock P. M. the 3d West India Regiment was marched to the King's wharf to receive the corpse, and about five o'clock, the boat, with the body, left the John Adams, that ship firing minute guns until its arrival at the wharf, when Fort St. Andrew commenced the same ceremony, which continued until the procession reached the burying ground. The following was the order of Procession:

The Chief of Police, and his Deputy. The 3d West India Regiment, with arms reversed—the officers with white scarfs and hat bands. The band of the regiment, playing the Dead March in San. The Commandant of the Garrison and his Staff, with scarfs and hat bands. Two Alcades of Barrios.

THE CORPSE. Six Officers on horseback, as bearers.

CHIEF MOURNERS. The Officers of the John Adams and Nonsuch, two and two.

A great number of respectable inhabitants, as mourners, two and two.

One hundred and twenty men of the crews of the John Adams and Nonsuch, two and two.

On arriving at the entrance to the burying ground, the troops filed off, and formed a line for the procession to pass through. The Funeral Service was performed by the Rev. Mr. Clapham, in a solemn and impressive manner, and after the body was committed to the grave the troops fired three volleys of musketry, in the usual manner—the whole body of the attendants on the funeral retiring from the burying ground with every mark of sympathetic grief for the premature death of a gallant man and a good parent and citizen, increased by the consideration of his eminent rank in society. He has left a widow and four children (who reside in Newport, Rhode Island,) to deplore his untimely fate, by whom, and his brother officers, he will long be remembered with love and regret.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

In consequence of the death of the gallant Commodore OLIVER H. PERRY, of the United States Navy, at Port Spain, in the Island of Trinidad, on the 23d August last, a circular letter was, we understand, immediately issued by the Navy Department, addressed to the several Commanding Naval Officers, Commandant of Navy Yards, and the Commandants of Marines, requiring them, respectively, upon receipt of the said circular, to pay the usual tributes of respect to the memory of the illustrious officer deceased, by hoisting the flags at half mast, firing minute guns, and causing the officers attached to their respective commands to wear trape on the left arm, during the space of thirty days.

Norfolk, Sept. 25.

We are happy to learn, by the John Adams, (says the Norfolk Beacon) that the affairs of the Patriots in Venezuela are in a most prosperous and flourishing condition. General Bolivar had seized upon a passage communicating with New Grenada, from a which section of country he expected great support. Barcelona had fallen into their hands, and troops to reinforce them were con-

stantly arriving from England. General Aramendi, the distinguished defender of Margarita, had lately been tried by a court martial at Caracas; the result had not transpired.

NEW & VERY CHEAP GOODS.

NICHOLAS J. WATKINS, Informa his friends and the public, that he has just received a New Stock of Goods, among which are the following:

- Best Saxon Black and Blue Cloth. Fancy and London Brown do. Fashionable Mixtures. Double Milled Drab. Second do. Black, Grey and Light Cassimeres. Light and Dark Mixtures. Fashionable Light Cord. White and Coloured Marseilles. Olive Cords and Flannels, &c. And other articles too tedious to enumerate.

Any or all of which will be made up in the most fashionable and substantial manner, and on the shortest notice Oct. 7.

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office, Annapolis, 1st October, 1819.

- Amon Ames, John Adams, W. M. Amanda Lodge, E. Burk, Jacob Barry, Stephen Beard, W. Bass, Thomas Brewer, Richard Ball, Laurence Brent, John James Benwell, Robert Carr, William Charlton, Severon Crozel, Mr. Collings, Commissioners of Annapolis, Thomas Cross, James Collier, Robert Conway, Giles S. Cone, John Campbell, Wm B. Chears, W. L. ter Dorsey, Thomas B. Dorsey, Miss Ruthy Davis, C. Caleb Dorsey, James Daley, Mrs. Elizabeth D. Sufferder, Archibald Dorsey, Wm. H. Duvall, John Dougherty, Henry Davy, Benj. Elliott, Sarah Green, John Gwinn, Rev. Wm Gibson, Wm Gardner, Nacky Guselbog, John Gather, 2 Harriot Gale, Monsieur Gimon, James Gordon, Philip H. Hopkins, James Hutchins, Robert Hurdle, W. Hone, John Johnson, Wm. Kilty, D. Dolly Kent, Isaac Lyon, Capt. Larimore, Walter Mead, James G. McClean, Henry Murray, Wm. Merrill, Mrs. Mary Miller, Capt. Isaac Murphy, Wm N. Laubin, Mrs. Owens, Saml Owens of Richd. Henry Purdy, James Pollard, Henry Price, Ally Parker, John Phelps, Thomas Price, Sam Peaco, Anthony Robinson, James Rolong, Charles S. Ridgely, Mrs. Ann Robinson, John Rodgers, William Roddy, Henry King, Peter Ross, 2, Richd Snowden, Dr. Geo. J. Spruston, 2 Wm. Straughn, D. O. Sim, Henry Saumenig, Vachel Severn, Gustavus Schemiat, Mrs. Sewell, Maria Smith, James Sterrett, John S. Star, John Smith of Robert, John Stewart, Jacob H. Sle maker, Philip Taylor, Miss Elizabeth Thompson, John Thompson, Mrs. Mary Thompson, 2 John Taylor, Mrs. P. Thomas, Richd. G. Watkins, 2 Cato Ward, Rev. Nathaniel Wheaton, Dr. Anderson Warfield, 2, Mrs. Henrietta Worthington, 2, Henry Woodward, 2, Loren Weston, Charles A. Warfield, Clement S. Whittington, Elijah Wells, David G. Yost.

J. MUNROE, P. M.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to Sale, on Tuesday the 2d November next, at the late residence of Nathaniel Phipps, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, the following property: horses, hogs, sheep, cattle, plantation utensils, household and kitchen furniture. Also, one black man; likewise, tobacco, corn and provender, and other articles too tedious to enumerate. Terms of sale—for all sums over twenty dollars 6 months credit, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, with legal interest from the day of sale; under that sum the cash to be paid: Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

Jacob Witwright, } Adm'rs. Ann Phipps }

Oct. 7. 3w*

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from Anne Arundel county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, on Monday the 18th day of October next, at Merrill's Tavern, the following property, to wit: 70 tons of hay more or less, two stacks of ditto, 120 barrels of corn, more or less, two bay horses, two black ditto, ten head of black cattle, one bull, ten head of sheep, 40 hogs, one carriage, two waggons, one cart, one clock, 6 looking glasses, 12 tables, 40 chairs, and 4 wash stands. Seized and taken as the property of Jeremiah Merrill, and will be sold to satisfy a debt due the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Columbia.

BENJAMIN GAITHER, Shff. A. A. County. Oct 7.

PRINTING

of every description, neatly executed at this Office.

ALLEN. This is to certify that on the 23d day of August, 1819, an invoice was made up by me, a Justice of the Peace for the County of Anne Arundel, at the house of the said Allen, who was summoned to appear before me, and who was accompanied by a blue roundabout grey pantaloons, in his pocket found two 23 cent notes of the time, and amount to the sum of \$72. Given under my hand and seal of Office, this 27th day of September, 1819. F. W. WALKER, Justice of the Peace.

DISNEY & HARRIS

Having commenced business in a room formerly occupied by Mr. bin Wells as a dry good store, street, politely solicit a public encouragement, and they receive, no effort on their part shall be wanting to satisfy their customers. They will make up the most fashionable styles, in a manner that their patrons may and pledge themselves that they shall be well done. They have and will dispose of, on the most accommodating terms, a variety of suitable for the present and season. Among them the following: Best London blue and black cloth, Second do. do. Best London brown, green, and ditto. Dark and light mixtures. Best London double milled black cassimeres. Ditto fashionable light and middling Buff, Florentines, & white cassimeres. Olive Cord, Fashionable Toilette Vesting of latest importation. Likewise some of Nelson's first PATENT SUSPENDERS. Which will be sold at a very low price. Sept. 30. 2

Lands for Sale.

I will sell on a credit of one year approved bonds and security being given, at Vendue, at Boswell's Tavern, the town of Nottingham, on Friday at 11 o'clock, AM, on the second day in November next, if fair, if not the next fair day. The following Tracts of Land: Londonderry, near the brick kiln about six miles from Nottingham, containing 241 acres. Reed's Swamp, a mile or two from there, 200 acres. Cool Spring, in the same neighborhood, 21 acres. Pleasant Hills, about 10 miles from Nottingham, 181 acres. Scotchman's Hole, nearly opposite Mount Calvert, on the Patuxent, 100 acres.

Fifty Acres in St. Mary's, adjacent to the farm of Captain John Jackson. And on the third Monday of November, at 11 o'clock, AM, in the room of Cole's auction room, in the town of Baltimore, Planter's Paradise, containing 400 acres, on the waters of the Middle rivers, about 10 miles from town. The titles good, and any information which may be required, respecting the Lands, will be cheerfully given by W. G. D. Washington, Sept. 20. Baltimore city.

State of Maryland,

Anne Arundel County, Orphan's Court, September 28, 1819.

On application by petition of James Williams and Lewis Neth, Janitors of the last will and testament of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased; it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette and Post-Intelligencer. JNO. GASSAWAY, Reg. W. A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county in Maryland, letters testamentary to the personal estate of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 13th day of November next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 28th day of September, 1819. James Williams, Lewis Neth, Jun.

FOR SALE

A genteel Coach, in good repair, and a handsome pair of sprightly Horses, very gentle, and excellent drivers. The Horses will be sold with or without the Carriage. To Hire, by the year, A good Gardener, Shoemaker, and other tradesmen, who are honest, sober, and healthy. Inquire at this Office. Sept. 30. 2

MARYLAND VOL. LXXV. PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JONAS GRAY, No. 100 N. B. STREET. Three Dollars EVERY CHAS. NICHOLAS J. His friends and... Saxon Black and... and London Br... ble Milled Drab... do do... k. Grey and Light... and Dark Mixt... ble Light Co... and Coloured M... Cords and Flann... other articles too... or all of which w... post fashionable... er, and on the sh... List of L... ining in the Po... polis, 1st Octob... on Ames, John... Lodge, E. B... en Beard, W... Richard Ball... John James B... William Charlt... Mr. Collings, C... polis, Thomas... er, Robert Conw... Campbell, Wm... ore, Thoms... Davis, 2, Cale... Mrs. Elizabeth... sheld Dorsey... Donaghy, H... Sarah Green, W... Gibson, Wm... Bog, John Gath... er, John Gimon... Hopkins, Jam... Hurdle, W. Ho... Kilty, J. Dolly... Larimore, Wa... Clean, Henry... Mrs. Mary M... Wm N. Laub... Owens of Rich... Pollard, Hen... John Phelps, T... Anthony Rol... Charles S. R... son, John Rod... enry King, P... ten, Dr. Geo. J... gh, D. O. Sim... l Severn, G... Sewell, Lucr... et, John Stew... t, John Stev... r, Philip Tash... pson, John Th... mpson, 2, Joh... as, Richd. G... Rev. Natha... son Warfield... ngton 2, He... Weston, Ch... mt S. Whittin... G. Yost. J. M. Public... virtue of an o... court of An... subscribers will... by the 2d No... residence of... of Anne Arun... following pro... prettle, planta... and kitchen f... man; likewise... enumerate. s... over twen... the purchas... red security... the day of sa... h to be paid... clock. Jacob Witw... Jun Phipp... 7. FOR... Houses, ne... on as a B... rners Bank... er, or separ... Apply to... O. WILL... polis, Feb... Tak... ndy Point... EAS, 28 t... th at the... new. The... y, paying... y, can hav... H... y Point, Se...

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JONAS GREEN, No. 100 Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS. Three Dollars per Annum.

VERY CHEAP GOODS.

HOLAS J. WATKINS, has his friends and the public, that has just received a New Stock of Goods, among which are the follow-

- Saxon Black and Blue Cloth, London Brown do, Mixture do, Milled Drab do, Grey and Light Cassimeres, Dark Mixtures, Light Cord, Coloured Marseilles, Cords and Flannels, &c. other articles too tedious to enumerate.

List of Letters,

- Ames, John Adams, W. M., Lodge, E. Burk, Jacob Barry, Beard, W. Bass, Thomas, Richard Ball, Laurence Bee, John James Benwell, Robert, William Charlton, Soveron Croz, Mr. Collins, Commissioners of Police, Thomas Cross, James, Robert Conway, Giles S. Cone, Campbell, Wm B. Cleary, Wm, Thoms, B. Dorsey, Miss, Davis, Caleb Dorsey, James, Mrs. Elizabeth D. Denderfer, D. Dorsey, Wm. H. Duvall, Douglas, Henry Davy, Benj, Sarah Green, John Gwinn, Rev, Gibson, Wm Gardner, Nacky, John Gather, Harriot Gale, Ginnon, James Gordon, Phi, Hopkins, James Hutchins, R, Hurdle, W. Hone, John Johnson, Kilty, Dolly Kent, Isaac Lyon, Lummore, Walter Mead, James, McLean, Henry Murray, Wm, Me, Mrs Mary Miller, Capt Isaac, Wm N. Lavin, Mrs Owens, Owens of Richd Henry Purdy, Pollard, Henry Price, Ally Par, John Phelps, Thomas Price, Sam, Anthony Robinson, James Ro, Charles S. Ridgely, Mrs Ann, John Rodgers, William Rod, King, Peter Ross, 2, Richd, Dr. Geo. J. Sproston, 2, Wm, D. O. Sam, Henry Saumenig, Severe, Gustavus Schemiat, Sewell, Lucretia Smith, James, John Snyder, John Smith of, John Stewart, Jacob H. Sle, Philip Taylor, Miss Elizabeth, John Thompson, Mrs Ma, Thompson, 2, John Taylor, Mrs P, Wm, Richd G. Wilkins, 2, Cato, Rev. Nathaniel Wheaton, Dr, Warfield, 2, Mrs Henrietta, Wm, 2, Henry Woodward, 2, Weston, Charles A. Warfield, S. Whittington, Elijah Wells, G. Yost.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the court of Anne Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to Sale, on the 20th November next, at the residence of Nathaniel Phelps, of Anne Arundel county, the following property: horses, hogs, cattle, plantation utensils, house and kitchen furniture. Also, one man; likewise, tobacco, corn and other, and other articles too tedious to enumerate. Terms of sale—for the purchase of the above property, the purchaser giving bond with legal interest, with legal interest, on the day of sale; under that sum to be paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

FOR SALE,

Houses, now occupied by Mrs. ... as a Boarding house, near ... They will be sold ... or separate, to suit purchaser. Apply to WILLIAM BREWER, Annapolis, Feb. 11.

Taken up

at Sandy Point, last Thursday, a ... 29 feet in length, 7 feet ... at the stern, and 2 feet deep ... The owner, on application, paying charges, and proving ... can have her again. HENRY MAYER, Sandy Point, Sept. 30.

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN.

From a source that may be relied on we have received the following statement of facts relative to the late unhappy misunderstanding among the principal officers of our Mediterranean squadron:

By virtue of a warrant issued by Commodore Stewart, Commander in Chief, &c. a Court Martial, composed of the following officers, viz: Capt. McDonough, President,

- Ballard, Nicholson, Lt. Gallagher } Members, Page

Benj. F. Bourne, Judge Advocate, convened on board the frigate Guerriere on the ... day of ... for the trial of ... a marine charged with having stabbed a man belonging to the Franklin.

The Court, pursuant to order, continued its proceedings on board the Guerriere, until the evidence was closed and sentence passed, when it adjourned to meet on shore at Naples, the next day, in consequence of the indisposition of the Judge Advocate, where having revised and signed the record, the Court then adjourned, "without a day."

The proceedings and sentence being sent to the Commander in Chief for his approbation, (as the law requires) were by him declared illegal and of no effect—first, because the Court had been held on shore, in disobedience of his order requiring it to be held on board the Guerriere; and secondly, that it had been held where the United States had no jurisdiction—consequently having no jurisdiction there over the offence charged against the prisoner, he was ordered to be discharged from arrest, and the proceedings against him annulled.

The Commander in Chief revived the Court by signal to receive this communication, to which by way of remark he added, that "satisfied these irregularities on the part of the Court had proceeded from inadvertence, he should not further notice them at that time, but trusted that in any future proceedings they would be more observant of the laws and regulations provided in such cases, that culprits deserving punishment should not escape to the prejudice of the service"—or words to that effect.

The Commodore considers the Court to have then dissolved, although he made no order to that effect, as is customary.

The Court were of opinion that this communication of the Commodore should form part of their record, and as he had not referred to them they requested it of him for that purpose, which was complied with; and the Court were further of opinion that the language used by the Commodore in his communication was a censure upon their proceedings—an unjustifiable interference with the solemn deliberations of the Court, who, as a body, were perfectly independent of his control, and without the pale of his reproach—Not having been dissolved by the Commodore's order, the Court still considered itself in existence, and resolved to convene again to vindicate its honour and dignity against the imputations of the Commander in Chief. The court did meet and a resolution was unanimously passed to that effect, but the squadron being ordered to sail, nothing further was done in it until its arrival at Gibraltar, when the Court was convened by signal from the President, to act upon the resolution, which was accordingly done—when it was sent to the Commodore.

He, (the Commodore) considers this act of the members of the Court as declared in language highly disrespectful to him as their superior officer—insulting to his rank and authority, and subversive of his power—that the Court was no longer in being, he having, as he had an undoubted right to do, annulled its proceedings and discharged the prisoner—That a signal made (while he was present) ordering the court to meet was a contempt of his power, and the meeting of the officers for that object, an usurpation of authority to erect themselves into a tribunal contrary to law, and for no other purpose than to bring him into contempt and to violate the funda-

mental rules enacted for the subordination and discipline of the service."

The members of the Court disavow such an intention, and offer their tribute of respect to the person and character of the Commander in Chief, but sustain the opinion of their corporate rights and the resolution founded thereon. The Commander in Chief declares the meeting to have been unlawful, the language disrespectful and insulting, suspends the officers from command, and prefers his charges, &c."

From the Chillicothe Supporter of Sept. 22. The State of Ohio vs. United States Bank.

By virtue of a warrant issued by the Auditor of State, agreeably to the provisions of an act passed by the legislature of the state of Ohio, at their last session, entitled, "An act to levy and collect a tax from all banks and individuals and companies, and associates of individuals, that may transact banking business within this state without being authorized to do so by the laws thereof," Mr. John L. Harper, (to whom the warrant was directed) accompanied by Mr. T. Orr, & Mr. J. McCollister entered the Branch Bank of the U. States at this place on Friday last, and levied on the specie and bank paper of that institution to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars, which is the tax assessed on the offices of discount and deposit of the Bank of the United States, located in this state.

As this transaction may receive from rumour a colouring, and from prejudice misrepresentation, a brief statement of the facts may be useful in allaying any improper feelings which may have been excited. The Auditor of state feeling himself bound by the law of the state to execute the duty imposed on him, made known his determination to one or two individuals; subsequent to this he received a citation to appear before the Circuit Court, on Tuesday the 14th inst. as at that time, a motion would be made by the Bank of the United States, to enjoin his proceedings under the law of the state.—This citation was enclosed by him to a gentleman of the bar, with a request to him to appear for the state if he should deem it correct. On Tuesday the petition of the Bank of the United States was heard by the counsel or solicitors for that institution, the state refused to appear, denying the jurisdiction. The court after a short deliberation allowed the injunction, on bonds with security to the amount of \$100,000, being given by the bank. This was entered into. In the mean time or rather previous to the application in court for an injunction, the Auditor had been instructed by his counsel to charge the tax, and issue his warrant, and deliver it to the officer, unless he should be restrained by the injunction. On Tuesday afternoon the agent of the bank started to Columbus to stay the proceedings of the Auditor—but unfortunately for the bank and the whole community, the counsel had forgotten to have a writ of injunction issued to stay the proceedings.

The papers served on the Auditor, were a copy of the petition and a subpoena to appear before the Circuit Court of the United States on the first Monday of January next, at Chillicothe. Previous to the service of these papers the Auditor had charged the tax and made out his warrant. On the service of these papers, he enclosed them, together with the warrant to the Secretary of State then here—requesting him to obtain the written opinions of four or five lawyers on the subject—whether these papers amounted to a notice of an injunction, or operated as an injunction—it they did, to reinstate to him the warrant & papers, as he would not act in contradiction of that authority—but if, in the opinion of these lawyers, it did not amount to an injunction, then to deliver the warrant to the proper agent, and order him to proceed. On consultation and mature deliberation, the lawyers unanimously gave their opinion, that the papers amounted to nothing like a bill of injunction, and that he could not be in contempt for acting in contradiction of them. The warrant was then delivered to the officer,

with instructions to enter the banking house, demand the payment of the tax, shew his warrant, and on refusal to pay, to enter the vault, and levy on specie and notes to the amount of the tax—to use no violence himself, and if opposed by force to proceed until expelled from the banking house; and then to complain before a proper authority of the resistance offered.

The officer entered, made the demand, shewed his warrant, secured the entrance to the vault, and on refusal to pay, entered the vault himself, and levied the amount of the tax with a small overplus to correct any mistake which might have been made in counting, which overplus he has offered to refund, but he has been refused admittance in the banking house; he used no force or violence, but conducted himself in an orderly, but determined manner. The money has since that been conveyed to Columbus to deliver to the Auditor.

This is a plain statement of the facts which occurred and accompanied this transaction—we forbear making any remarks for the present.

From a London paper of Aug. 22. UNION HALL.

About 7 o'clock on Monday evening a man went into the watch house near the toll gate at the Surrey Theatre, and enquired for the night constable, to whom he said he had something very important to communicate. Mr. Ascott, the watch house keeper, was the only person there, and informed him that the constable had not yet arrived, but was every moment expected; the stranger (apparently somewhat disappointed) again pressed the importance of his communication, which induced Ascott to question him. At first he seemed much affected, but laboured much to conceal his emotion, and after a few minutes pause he suddenly exclaimed, "I am a murderer—I have committed a great crime and deserve to suffer!" and then he sunk motionless into a chair. Ascott endeavoured to compose him, and when he had revived a little, desired him to state explicitly the business that had bro't him hither; when the stranger said his name was Wood, that he was a native of Leicestershire, and had in his youth formed a very strong attachment towards a young woman of his own age, named ... bar for many reasons they broke off the courtship and he was soon after married to another woman. He did not see the first object of his love during the time of his marriage, nor all after the death of his wife, which happened near two years ago, and then he was induced to enquire after her, and found she was still living and single. His first flame returned with increased force, he visited her, a reconciliation was easily effected, and he intended to marry her when a decent time had elapsed. This intention he communicated to her friends who had no objection to the match, and with the consent of all parties, a day was fixed for the celebration of their nuptials, when a circumstance unexpected and dreadful, at once ended their negotiations, rendering him an object of horror and reproach to himself, and of execration to society. A soldier, who was quartered in town, had it seemed, succeeded in gaining the affections of the young woman; he took her to public places, walked with her, and seemed possessedly her admirer. These attentions of the soldier roused his jealousy, and inspired him with an utter contempt of the woman, whom in the first ebullitions of his passion he determined to sacrifice! With this dreadful intention he repaired to the shop of a shoemaker, and borrowed a large working knife, which he sharpened to a very keen edge, and then placed himself in ambush near the residence of his destined victim, whom he soon saw, and after upbraiding her with ingratitude, plunged the knife into her body, just under the left breast, and gave her several other wounds in the neck and arms till she was quite dead, he then threw the body into the river, near the stone quarry.—After the deed he fled to Hodminster, but could obtain no rest; his imagination perpetually brought the murder before his eyes, and even to sleep the bleeding figure of his victim stood before him. Having

wandered about a year through different parts of the country, during which he experienced the greatest tortures, he arrived in town for the very purpose of giving himself up to the ministers of justice.

The unfortunate man was put in close custody by Ascott, who took care that he should not have any means by which he could make any attempt on his life, and yesterday morning he was brought to this office and examined before the presiding Magistrate, B. Allen, Esq. He appeared perfectly firm and resigned, and his confession was taken down in writing.

Mr. Allen asked him if the body of the young woman was ever found? to which he replied that he heard it was, but was afraid to be inquisitive, as it might betray him.

He was committed to the custody of the Keeper of the house of correction, Horsemonger lane, till a messenger can be sent to Leicester to make enquiries. The prisoner is about 30 years of age; the deceased was at the time of her death 28.

From the New York Mercantile Advertiser.

Something Extraordinary.

The following communication is from a very respectable gentleman at Governor's Island.

To the Editor,

About the last of August Dennis Shepard, a Canadian, a convict at this post, called upon me for assistance; he stated that he was in constant pain, and sick at stomach. From his statement I conceived that his complaint would be removed by an emetic—I gave him one; the next day he called again, observing, that although he had taken the emetic, which had operated freely upon the stomach, it gave him no kind of relief—that he threw up every thing which he took, which appeared black, and to use his expression tasted coppery. I told him there was something which must be removed, and gave him a more powerful emetic; he called the third day, and observed that he found no relief, and that his puking continued the same—I observed to him that I had a doubt whether he took my medicine; he assured me to the contrary—I confessed to him that I was at a loss to find out the cause of his complaint—he replied, I am ashamed to tell you—I replied, I will excuse you—Sir, says he, I have swallowed a jack knife and forty one cents. Thinking that he meant an imposition, being a great scoundrel, I told him in plain language that I did not believe him—he offered proof, and said that he had swallowed a dozen at different times. I then enquired whether the medicine had produced any effect upon the bowels; he said it had not. How long since you have had any discharge? A fortnight—I thought as I did before—I observed, if he had told me the truth, that in all probability it would kill him, and if it did, I would satisfy myself after his death. He replied that he expected it would, and that he had rather die than continue in that situation. I then began to think he told me the truth—to confirm me in that opinion, one of the officers of this post told me he saw him swallow 12 of the cents at one time; another person told me he saw him swallow a jack knife. In short, he is famous for that kind of business—I have given him the name of Jack Knife.

To return, I attended strictly to his case, gave him the most drastic doses, as cathartics, and repeatedly made use of other means highly stimulating. It was several weeks before I procured a discharge from his bowels—puking continued. From his puking, and no discharge from the bowels, I was inclined to the opinion that the knife lay transversely in the stomach and interrupted the passage into the bowels. As his stomach had been much relaxed by the medicine, I was of opinion, that by contracting the stomach by powerful astringents, I might alter the position of the knife—his did not answer. I then concluded to continue the cathartics & injections. I examined the discharges, which were very dark and fetid. I continued the practice until the twenty ninth of September—in the morning of that day he came to my quarters; I look'd at him, and observed to him that he grew fat, and

MARYLAND GAZETTE

Annapolis, Thursday, October 7.

Being disappointed in not receiving paper from Baltimore, we have been obliged to issue the Gazette on a half sheet.

COMMUNICATED

On Monday last, by the direction of the Executive Department of this State, our Flag was hoisted half mast high, and thirteen minute guns were fired in honor to the memory of Commodore O. H. Perry.

This small tribute to departed merit is but a fitting emblematic of the feelings entertained by our Executive, in unison with those of their fellow citizens, on an event so melancholy, and much to be deplored, as the loss of the gallant Hero of Erie. Let his country, while she mourns her fate in being deprived of one of her brightest sons, not forget to encourage others to emulate his worth.

MARYLAND ELECTIONS.

City of Annapolis. Lewis Duvall 108 James Boyle 102 (No Federal opposition.)

New Corporation MAYOR.

Lewis Duvall 135

RECORDER.

Thomas H. Carroll, 137

ALDERMEN.

James Hunter, 137 Alexander C. Magruder, 96 John Randall, Senior, 128 James Williamson, 110 William McParlin, 86

COMMON COUNCIL.

John T. Barber, 137 George Schwarzer, 134 Joseph Sands, 115 James Shaw, 97 Washington G. Tuck, 131 Henry Maynadier, 97 James Munroe, 62

ANNE-ARUNDEL.

Dist 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Total Marriott 128 58 111 156 177-630 Wyvill 127 55 108 98 116-54 Hall 124 62 108 119 120 533 Stewart 104 53 111 128 122-518 Watkins 137 17 30 44-228 Dorsey 46 5 111 56-218

CALVERT COUNTY.

Federal. Weems* Blake* Reynolds* Gray 78 91 92 83 180 164 163 168 126 123 123 122 384 378 378 373

Democratic.

Beckett Ken Wilkinson Dalrymple 155 173 153 151 135 119 128 108 87 85 87 99 377 377 558 349

Those marked * are elected. A new election must be held for one delegate.

City of Baltimore.

John Montgo Henry M. Breckenridge. (No Federal opposition.)

We understand that a report of the election in Kent, is that two Republicans and two Federalists have been elected.

Halt, American.

CECIL COUNTY.

DEMOCRATS.

John Wroth 1015 David Mackey 1012 John Maffit 1014 David Patten 1031

FEDERALISTS.

Geo. B. Milligan 999 Robt. E. Luby 1005 Wm. H. Coale 991 Elisha Kirk 994

From the Baltimore Morning Chronicle.

Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry.

One of our naval heroes, and the first in the annals of American history who gained a victory where fleet was opposed to fleet, has now paid the debt of nature. OLIVER HAZARD PERRY, is no more! There seems something solemn in a character, however illustrious, until it receives the consecration of death. However eminent a man may be for his talents or for his virtues—distinguished by his public or private services—luminous with intellect, renowned for bravery, or adorned by the less dazzling, but more endearing qualities of the heart; however much beloved by his friends or idolized by his country, respect-

ed both at home and abroad, will while he lives, ever will attempt to pull him down from the lofty position of public admiration which forms his pedestal, to the humble platform on which he stands. But when death touches with his wand of ebony a character as resplendent—when it is converted as by magic into dust and ashes, and seems to implore nothing but a few feet of earth to moulder away in quietude and in silence, while the cold dews of night hang over his head, and nothing but insensate marble marks the spot where he slumbers—envy shrinks with abhorrence from the sanctuary of the dead, and death canonizes and consecrates the character. It is then, and then only, that the virtues begin to gleam and to twinkle with a star-like radiance, through the interposing shadows of the tomb—they then shine from their proper sphere; they are set beyond human reach in the broad expanding and overarching firmament of fame.

We hope that the following slight biographic sketch of the departed hero, drawn from the most authentic source, will not be deemed uninteresting. Oliver Hazard Perry, was the son of Christopher Raymond Perry, and was born in Newport, Rhode Island, on the 23d of August, 1785. His father had borne an honorable part both by sea and land, in the revolutionary battles of his country; he was from his maternal side, descended in a direct line from Sir William Waller, so renowned in the history of Scotland. In April 1799, he received a midshipman's warrant, and was attached to the United States ship Gen. Green, under the command of his father, until the reduction of the navy. On the breaking out of the Tripolitan war, he was ordered to join the Adams, commanded by captain Campbell, with whom he continued until commodore Preble was superseded by commodore Morris, when he returned in the frigate New York to the United States, during which cruise he was promoted to an acting lieutenant. In 1804, under his old commander captain Campbell of the Constitution, he joined our squadron at Malta, where he remained until by orders of that officer he entered as first lieutenant on board of the Nautilus, to which vessel he was attached until commodore Rodgers assumed the command of the squadron. He remained in this station until the conclusion of the peace with Tripoli, when the commodore shifted his flag from the Constitution to the Essex, and took Oliver Hazard Perry with him to the United States in the capacity of second lieutenant. During the embargo, he was appointed to the command of 17 gun boats then lying at Newport—and in 1810, he superseded captain Jones in the command of the United States schr. Revenge, attached to the squadron of commodore Rogers, lying at New London. This schooner was lost off the port above mentioned, a court of inquiry investigated all the facts of the case, by whom the conduct of the commanding officer was highly applauded—his cool and intrepid conduct on that occasion endeared him more than ever to the cabinet. On the breaking out of the late war with Great Britain, he was ordered to take the command of the United States flotilla lying at Newport; and in February, he was appointed with the rank of master commandant to the command of the United States naval forces on Lake Erie.

Here we deem it needless to pursue him further—what follows is now matter of American history—he stands in the full sunlight of glory—the admiration of his countrymen constitutes his best panegyric; his bravery during that perilous engagement for the acquisition of victory, could only be rivalled by his humanity to the vanquished afterwards. This is an event, that will not be forgotten; he has made the waves of that mighty lake the rolling monuments of his glory. With regard to the softer, the more delicate, the domestic affections—those that shun the blaze of public admiration and court privacy and shade, those that may be denominated the tendrils of the human heart, they wound the nerves around all his sturdy and more independent qualities—the grandeur of the oak was enlivened and decorated by the blossoms and the fragrance of the woodbine that enfolded its trunk, and crept in spiral ringlets around its branches. But of what avail is glory—the same destroying angel that now hovers over Baltimore, has made the victor her victim;

he has denied him even the sacred privilege of a grave in the land of his ancestors—neither his family, his widow, his friends, nor his countrymen can point on his tomb to the inquiring strangers, and say, here slumber the ashes of the Hero of Erie. Fame as she walked the sods, call'd aloud, The name of PERRY from her silver cloud. Her voice in music stole upon his ear. Hero of Erie take your station here? He saw the glorious vision crown'd with rays; He saw her vestment twinkling in the blaze. His soul delighted, burst its mortal frame, And soar'd resplendent to the call of Fame.

His remains were interred at Port Spain, in the Island of Trinidad, on the 24th ult. and were attended to the grave with every mark of attention and respect on the part of the governor (Sir Ralph Woodford) the Civil and Military Authorities, and the inhabitants of the town in general. At 4 o'clock P. M. the 3d West India Regiment was marched to the King's wharf to receive the corpse, and about five o'clock, the boat, with the body, left the John Adams, that ship firing minute guns until its arrival at the wharf, when Fort St. Andrew commenced the same ceremony, which continued until the procession reached the burying ground. The following was the order of Procession: The Chief of Police, and his Deputy. The 3d West India Regiment, with arms reversed—the officers with white scarfs and hat bands. The band of the regiment, playing the Dead March in Saul. The Commandant of the Garrison and his Staff, with scarfs and hat bands. Two Alcaldes of Barrios. THE CORPSE. Six Officers on horseback, as bearers. CHIEF MOURNERS. The Officers of the John Adams and Nonsuch, two and two. A great number of respectable inhabitants, as mourners, two and two. One hundred and twenty men of the crews of the John Adams and Nonsuch, two and two. On arriving at the entrance to the burying ground, the troops filed off, and formed a line for the procession to pass through. The Funeral Service was performed by the Rev. Mr. Clapham, in a solemn and impressive manner, and after the body was committed to the grave the troops fired three volleys of musketry, in the usual manner—the whole body of the attendants on the funeral retiring from the burying ground with every mark of sympathetic grief for the premature death of a gallant man and a good parent and citizen, increased by the consideration of his eminent rank in society. He has left a widow and four children (who reside in Newport, Rhode Island,) to deplore his untimely fate, by whom, and his brother officers, he will long be remembered with love and regret.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

In consequence of the death of the gallant Commodore OLIVER H. PERRY, of the United States Navy, at Port Spain, in the Island of Trinidad, on the 23d August last, a circular letter was, we understand, immediately issued by the Navy Department, addressed to the several Commanding Naval Officers, Commandants of Navy Yards, and the Commandants of Marines, requiring them, respectively, upon receipt of the said circular, to pay the usual tributes of respect to the memory of the illustrious officer deceased, by hoisting the flag at half mast, firing minute guns, and causing the officers attached to their respective commands to wear trape on the left arm during the space of thirty days. Nat. Int.

Norfolk, Sept. 25.

We are happy to learn, by the John Adams, (says the Norfolk Beacon) that the affairs of the Patriote in Venezuela are in a most prosperous and flourishing condition. General Bolivar had seized upon a passage communicating with New Granada, in which section of country he expected great support. Barcelona had fallen into their hands, and troops to reinforce them were con-

stantly arriving. The British General Armande, the defender of Margaritta, has been tried by a court martial, and the result had not been reported.

NEW & VERY CHEAP GOODS.

NICHOLAS J. WATKINS.

Informs his friends and the public, that he has just received a New Stock of Goods, among which are the following: Best Saxon Black and Blue Cloth, Fancy and London Brown, do. Fashionable Mixtures, Double Milled Drab, Second, do. Black, Grey and Light Cassimeres, Light and Dark Mixtures, Fashionable Light Cord, White and Coloured Marcellas, Olive Cords and Flannels, &c. And other articles too tedious to enumerate.

Any or all of which will be made up in the most fashionable and substantial manner, and on the shortest notice. Oct. 7.

List of Letters.

Remaining in the Post Office, Annapolis, 1st October, 1819.

Amon Ames, John Adams, W. M. Amanda Lodge, E. Bork, Jacob Barry, Stephen Beard, W. Bass, Thomas Brewer, Richard Ball 2, Laurence Bromont, John James Benwell, Robert Carr, William Chariton, Soveron Crozel, Mr. Collings, Commissioners of Annapolis, Thomas Cross 2, James Collier, Robert Conway, Giles S. Cone, John Campbell, Wm B. Chears, Walter Dorsey, Thomas B. Dorsey, Miss Ruthy Davis 2, Caleb Dorsey, James Daley, Mrs. Elizabeth Dissenferfer, Archibald Dorsey, Wm. H. Duvall, John Dougherty, Henry Davy, Benj. Elliott Sarah Green, John Gwinn, Rev. Wm Gibson, Wm Gardner, Nacky Guselbog, John Gathar 2, Harriot Gale, Monsieur Gimon, James Gordon, Philip H. Hopkins, James Hutchins, Robert Hurdle, W. Hone, John Johnson Wm Kilty 4, Dolly Kent, Isaac Lyon, Capt. Larimore, Walter Mead, James G. McClean, Henry Murray, Wm. Merrill, Mrs. Mary Miller, Capt Isaac Murphy, Wm N. Larkin, Mrs. Owens, Saml Owens of Richd. Henry Purdy, James Pollard, Henry Price, Ally Parker, John Phelps, Thomas Price, Sam Peaco, Anthony Robinson, James Rolong, Charles S. Ridgely, Mrs. Ann Robinson, John Rodgers, William Roddy, Henry King, Peter Ross 2, Richd Snowden, Dr. Geo. J. Sprynton 2, Wm. Straughn, D. O. Sim, Henry Saumenig, Vaechl Severn, Gustavus Schemiat, Mrs. Sewell, Maria Smith, James Sterrett, John Smith, John Smith of Robert, John Stewart, Jacob H. Sle maker, Philip Taylor, Miss Elizabeth Thompson, John Thompson, Mrs. Mary Thompson 2, John Taylor, Mrs. P. Thomas, Richd. G. Watkins 2, Cato Ward, Rev. Nathaniel Wheaton, Dr. Anderson Warfield 2, Mrs. Henrietta Worthington 2, Henry Woodward 2, Loren Weston, Charles A. Warfield, Cleant S. Whittington, Elijah Wells, David G. Yoat.

J. MUNROE, P. M.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to Sale, on Tuesday the 2d November next, at the late residence of Nathaniel Deppas, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, the following property: horses, hogs, sheep, cattle, plantation utensils, household and kitchen furniture. Also, one black man, likewise, tobacco, corn and provender, and other articles too tedious to enumerate. Terms of sale, for all sums over twenty dollars 5 months credit, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, with legal interest from the day of sale; under that sum the cash to be paid: Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. Jacob Witarright, Admrs. Ann Phillips, Oct. 7.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from Anne Arundel county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, on Monday the 18th day of October next, at Merrill's Tavern, the following property, to wit: 70 tons of hay more or less, two stacks of ditto, 170 barrels of corn, more or less, two bay horses, two black ditto, ten head of black cattle, one bull, ten head of sheep, 40 hogs, one carriage, two waggons, one cart, one clock, 6 looking glasses, 12 tables, 30 chairs, and 4 wash stands. Seized and taken as the property of Jeremiah Merrill, and will be sold to satisfy a debt due the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Columbia. BENJAMIN GATHER, Shff. A. A. County. Oct 7.

FOR SALE.

A genteel Coach, in good repair, and a handsome pair of sprightly Horses, very gentle, and excellent drivers. The Horses will be sold or without the Carriage. To Hire, by the year, A good Gardener, who is honest, temperate, and healthy. Inquire at this Office. Sept. 30.

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A genteel Coach, in good repair, and a handsome pair of sprightly Horses, very gentle, and excellent drivers. The Horses will be sold or without the Carriage. To Hire, by the year, A good Gardener, who is honest, temperate, and healthy. Inquire at this Office. Sept. 30.

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MARYLAND VOL. LXXVII

PRINTED AND SOLD BY JONAS GREEN, No. 172, South Street, Baltimore, Md. Price Three Dollars

DISNEY'S MERCHANT TAILOR.

Having commenced business in a room formerly occupied by Mr. Wells, as a good street, politely soliciting a public encouragement, they receive, no effort shall be wanting to make quite. They will make up the most fashionable manner that their price shall be well done. They will dispose of a variety of suitable for the present and season. Among them the Best London blue and black, Second do. do. Best London brown, green, and ditto. Dark and light mixtures, Best London double milled black cassimeres, Ditto fashionable light and dark, Ditto Buff, Florentine, & what sells, Olive Cord, Fashionable Tailor's Vesting, latest importation. Likewise some of Nelson's PATENT SUSPENSORS, which will be sold at a very low price. Sept. 30.

Lands for Sale.

I will sell on credit of approved bonds and security, at Vendue, at Boswell's Tavern, the town of Nottingham, on Monday at 11 o'clock, A.M. on the second day in November next, if fair, the next fair day. The following Tracts of Land, Londonderry, near the bridge, about six miles from Nottingham, containing 241 acres. Reed's Swamp, a mile or rather, 200 acres. Cool Spring, in the same parish, 21 acres. Pleasant Hills, about 100 acres. Nottingham, 181 acres. Scotchman's Hole, nearly 100 acres. Mount Calvary, on the Patuxent, 100 acres. Fifty Acres in St. Mary's, adjacent to the farm of Captain John Jones. And on the third Monday of November, at 11 o'clock, A.M. in the great hall of the town of Baltimore, Planters' Paradise, containing 400 acres, on the waters of the Middle river, about 10 miles from town. The titles good, and any information which may be required, respecting the Lands, will be cheerfully given by W. G. D. Withington, Sept. 20. Baltimore City.

State of Maryland.

Anne Arundel County, Orphan's Court, September 28, 1819.

On application by petition of James Williams and Lewis Neth, Executors of the last will and testament of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette and Baltimore Intelligencer. JNO. GASSAWAY, Reg. Wm. A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given.

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county in Maryland, letters testamentary in the personal estate of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, and deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscribers, at or before the 13th day of November next, may otherwise by law be excluded, all benefit of the said estate, under our hands this 28th day of September, 1819. James Williams, Lewis Neth, Jun.

FOR SALE.

A genteel Coach, in good repair, and a handsome pair of sprightly Horses, very gentle, and excellent drivers. The Horses will be sold or without the Carriage. To Hire, by the year, A good Gardener, who is honest, temperate, and healthy. Inquire at this Office. Sept. 30.

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PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JONAS GREEN, No. 100 North Street, ANNAPOLES. Three Dollars per Annum.

VERY CHEAP GOODS. NICHOLAS J. WATKINS, for his friends and the public, that has just received a New Stock of Goods, among which are the following:

- Saxon Black and Blue Cloth and London Brown do. Washable Mixtures do. Milled Drab do. Grey and Light Cassimeres and Dark Mixtures do. Washable Light Cord do. Coloured Marcellies and Flannels, &c. Other articles too tedious to enumerate. All of which will be made up in the most fashionable and substantial manner, and on the shortest notice.

List of Letters,

- Arriving in the Post Office, Annapolis, 1st October, 1849. John Ames, John Adams, W. M. Lodge, F. Bark, Jacob Barry, Wm. Beard, W. Bass, Thomas Sher, Richard Ball 2, Laurence Bre, John James Benwell, Robert William Charlton, Soveron Croz, Mr. Collings, Commissioners of Annapolis, Thomas Cross 2, James R. Robert Conway, Giles S. Cone, Campbell, Wm. B. Cleary, Wm. Dorsey, Thomas B. Dorsey, Miss Davis 2, Caleb Dorsey, James Mrs. Elizabeth D. Fenderfer, David Dorsey, Wm. H. Duvall, Dougherty, Henry Davy, Benj. Sarah Green, John Gwynn Rev. Gibson, Wm. Gardner, Nacky Bog, John Gather 2, Harriet Gale, John Gimon, James Gordon, Phi. Hopkins, James Hutchins, R. Hurdle, W. Hone, John Johnson Kilty 4, Dolly Kent, Isaac Lyon, Laimore, Walter Mead, James Clean, Henry Murray, Wm. Me Mrs. Mary Miller, Capt. Isaac Wm. N. Lavin, Mrs. Owens, Owens of Richd. Henry Porby, Pollard, Henry Price, Ally Par John P. elps, Thomas Price, Sam Anthony Robinson, James Ro Charles S. Ridgely, Mrs. Ann son, John Rodgers, William Rod-ley King, Peter Ross 2, Richd. Dr. Geo. J. Sproston 2, Wm. John, D. O. Sim, Henry Saumenig, El Severe, Gustavus Schemiat, Sewell, Lucretia Smith, James St. John Snyder, John Smith of St. John Stewart, Jacob H. Sle Philip Taylor, Miss Elizabeth son, John Thompson, Mrs. Ma-son 2, John Taylor, Mrs. P. as, Richd. G. Watkins 2, Cato Rec. Nathaniel Wheaton, Dr. son Warfield 2, Mrs. Henrietta angton 2, Henry Woodward 2 Weston, Charles A. Warfield, St. S. Whittington, Elijah Wells, G. Yost.

J. L. ROE, P. M.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the court of Anne Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to Sale, on the 2d November next, at the residence of Nathaniel Phipps, of Anne Arundel county, Decens following property: horses, hogs, cattle, plantation utensils, house and kitchen furniture. Also, one man; likewise, tobacco, corn and other articles too tedious to enumerate. Terms of sale—for an over twenty dollars 6 months the purchaser giving bond with good security, with legal interest the day of sale; under that sum to be paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

Jacob Witwright, Admr. John Phipps, 2 3w*

FOR SALE,

Houses, now occupied by Mrs. ... on a Boarding-house, near ... Bank. They will be sold ... or separate, to suit purchasers apply to WILLIAM BREWER, Annapolis, Feb. 11.

Taken up

at Sandy Point, last Thursday, a ... 28 feet in length, 7 feet ... at the stern, and 2 feet deep ... The owner, on application, ... paying charges, and proving ... can have her again. HENRY MAYER, Sandy Point, Sept. 30. 3w.

From the Norfolk Herald. FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN.

From a source that may be relied on we have received the following statement of facts relative to the late unhappy misunderstanding among the principal officers of our Mediterranean squadron:

"By virtue of a warrant issued by Commodore Stewart, Commander in Chief, &c. a Court Martial, composed of the following officers, viz: Capt. McDonough, President, Ballard, Nicholson, Lt. Gallagher } Members, Page. Benj. F. Bourne, Judge Advocate, convened on board the frigate Guerriere on the ... day of ... for the trial of ... a marine charged with having stabbed a man belonging to the Franklin.

"The Court, pursuant to order, continued its proceedings on board the Guerriere, until the evidence was closed and sentence passed, when it adjourned to meet on shore at Naples, the next day, in consequence of the indisposition of the Judge Advocate, where having revised and signed the record, the Court then adjourned, 'without a day.'

"The proceedings and sentence being sent to the Commander in Chief for his approbation, (as the law requires) were by him declared illegal and of no effect—first, because the Court had been held on shore, in disobedience of his order requiring it to be held on board the Guerriere; and secondly, that it had been held where the United States had no jurisdiction—consequently having no jurisdiction there over the offence charged against the prisoner, he was ordered to be discharged from arrest, and the proceedings against him annulled.

"The Commander in Chief revived the Court by signal to receive this communication, to which by way of remark he added, that 'satisfied these irregularities on the part of the Court had proceeded from inadvertence, he should not further notice them at that time, but trusted that in any future proceedings they would be more observant of the laws and regulations provided in such cases, that culprits deserving punishment should not escape to the prejudice of the service'—or words to that effect.

"The Commodore considers the Court to have then dissolved, although he made no order to that effect, as is customary.

"The Court were of opinion that this communication of the Commodore should form part of their record, and as he had not returned it to them they requested it of him for that purpose, which was complied with; and the Court were further of opinion that the language used by the Commodore in his communication was a censure upon their proceedings—an unjustifiable interference with the solemn deliberations of the Court, who, as a body, were perfectly independent of his control, and without the pale of his reproach—Not having been dissolved by the Commodore's order, the Court still considered itself in existence, and resolved to convene again to vindicate its honour and dignity against the imputations of the Commander in Chief. The court did meet and a resolution was unanimously passed to that effect, but the squadron being ordered to sail, nothing further was done in it until its arrival at Gibraltar, when the Court was convened by signal from the President, to act upon the resolution, which was accordingly done—when it was sent to the Commodore.

He, (the Commodore) considers this act of the members of the Court as declared in language highly disrespectful to him as their superior officer—insulting to his rank and authority, and subversive of his power—that the Court was no longer in being, as he had an undoubted right to do, annulled its proceedings and discharged the prisoner—That a signal while (while he was present) ordering the court to meet was a contempt of his power, and the meeting of the officers for that object, an usurpation of authority to erect themselves into a tribunal contrary to law, and for no other purpose than to bring him into contempt and to violate the funda-

mental rules enacted for the subordination and discipline of the service."

"The members of the Court disavow such an intention, and offer their tribute of respect to the person and character of the Commander in Chief, but sustain the opinion of their corporate rights and the resolution founded thereon. The Commander in Chief declares the meeting to have been unlawful, the language disrespectful and insulting, suspends the officers from command, and prefers his charges, &c."

From the Chillicothe Supporter of Sept. 22. The State of Ohio vs. United States Bank.

By virtue of a warrant issued by the Auditor of State, agreeably to the provisions of an act passed by the legislature of the state of Ohio, at their last session, entitled, "An act to levy and collect a tax from all banks and individuals and companies, and associates of individuals, that may transact banking business within this state without being authorized to do so by the laws thereof," Mr. John L. Harper, (to whom the warrant was directed) accompanied by Mr. T. Orr, & Mr. J. McCollister entered the Branch Bank of the U. States at this place on Friday last, and levied on the specie and bank paper of that institution to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars, which is the tax assessed on the offices of discount and deposit of the Bank of the United States, located in this state.

As this transaction may receive from rumour a colouring, and from prejudice misrepresentation, a brief statement of the facts may be useful in allaying any improper feelings which may have been excited. The Auditor of state feeling himself bound by the law of the state to execute the duty imposed on him, made known his determination to one or two individuals; subsequent to this he received a citation to appear before the Circuit Court, on Tuesday the 14th inst. as at that time, a motion would be made by the Bank of the United States, to enjoin his proceedings under the law of the state.—This citation was enclosed by him to a gentleman of the bar, with a request to him to appear for the state if he should deem it correct. On Tuesday the petition of the Bank of the United States was heard by the counsel or solicitors for that institution, the state refused to appear, denying the jurisdiction. The court after a short deliberation allowed the injunction, on bonds with security to the amount of \$100,000, being given by the bank. This was entered into. In the mean time or rather previous to the application in court for an injunction, the Auditor had been instructed by his counsel to charge the tax, and issue his warrant, and deliver it to the officer, unless he should be restrained by the injunction. On Tuesday afternoon the agent of the bank started to Columbus to stay the proceedings of the Auditor—but unfortunately for the bank and the whole community, the counsel had forgotten to have a writ of injunction issued to stay the proceedings.

The papers served on the Auditor, were a copy of the petition and a subpoena to appear before the Circuit Court of the United States on the first Monday of January next, at Chillicothe. Previous to the service of these papers the Auditor had charged the tax and made out his warrant. On the service of these papers, he enclosed them, together with the warrant to the Secretary of State then here—requesting him to obtain the written opinions of four or five lawyers on the subject—whether these papers amounted to a notice of an injunction, or operated as an injunction—if they did, to re-instate to him the warrant & papers, as he would not act in contradiction of that authority—but if, in the opinion of these lawyers, it did not amount to an injunction, then to deliver the warrant to the proper agent, and order him to proceed. On consultation and mature deliberation, the lawyers unanimously gave their opinion, that the papers amounted to nothing like a bill of injunction, and that he could not be in contempt for acting in contradiction of them. The warrant was then delivered to the officer,

with instructions to enter the banking house, demand the payment of the tax, shew his warrant, and on refusal to pay, to enter the vault, and levy on specie and notes to the amount of the tax—to use no violence himself, and if opposed by force to proceed until expelled from the banking house; and then to complain before a proper authority of the resistance offered.

The officer entered, made the demand, shewed his warrant, secured the entrance to the vault, and on refusal to pay, entered the vault himself, and levied the amount of the tax with a small overplus to correct any mistake which might have been made in counting, which overplus he has offered to refund, but he has been refused admittance in the banking house; he used no force or violence, but conducted himself in an orderly, but determined manner. The money has since that been conveyed to Columbus to deliver to the Auditor.

This is a plain statement of the facts which occurred and accompanied this transaction—we forbear making any remarks for the present.

From a London paper of Aug. 22. UNION HALL.

About 7 o'clock on Monday evening a man went into the watch house near the toll gate at the Surrey Theatre, and enquired for the night constable, to whom he said he had something very important to communicate. Mr. Ascott, the watch house keeper, was the only person there, and informed him that the constable had not yet arrived, but was every moment expected; the stranger (apparently somewhat disappointed) again pressed the importance of his communication, which induced Ascott to question him. At first he seemed much affected, but laboured much to conceal his emotion, and after a few minutes pause he suddenly exclaimed, "I am a murderer—I have committed a great crime and deserve to suffer!" and then he sunk motionless into a chair. Ascott endeavoured to compose him, and when he had revived a little, desired him to state explicitly the business that had bro't him hither; when the stranger said his name was Wood, that he was a native of Leicestershire, and had in his youth formed a very strong attachment towards a young woman of his own age, named ... but for many reasons they broke off the courtship and he was soon after married to another woman. He did not see the first object of his love during the time of his marriage, nor till after the death of his wife, which happened near two years ago, and then he was induced to enquire after her, and found she was still living and single. His first flame returned with increased force, he visited her, a reconciliation was easily effected, and he intended to marry her when a decent time had elapsed. This intention he communicated to her friends who had no objection to the match, and with the consent of all parties, a day was fixed for the celebration of their nuptials, when a circumstance unexpected and dreadful, at once ended their negotiations, rendering him an object of horror and reproach to himself, and of execration to society. A soldier, who was quartered in town, had it seemed, succeeded in gaining the affections of the young woman; he took her to public places, walked with her, and seemed possessedly her admirer. These attentions of the soldier roused his jealousy, and inspired him with an utter contempt of the woman, whom in the first ebullitions of his passion he determined to sacrifice! With this dreadful intention he repaired to the shop of a shoemaker, and borrowed a large working knife, which he sharpened to a very keen edge, and then placed himself in ambush near the residence of his destined victim, whom he soon saw, and after upbraiding her with ingratitude, plunged the knife into her body, just under the left breast, and gave her several other wounds in the neck and arms till she was quite dead, he then threw the body into the river, near the stone quarry.—After the deed he fled to Hodminster, but could obtain no rest; his imagination perpetually brought the murder before his eyes, and even in sleep the bleeding figure of his victim stood before him. Having

wandered about a year through different parts of the country, during which he experienced the greatest tortures, he arrived in town for the very purpose of giving himself up to the ministers of justice.

The unfortunate man was put in close custody by Ascott, who took care that he should not have any means by which he could make any attempt on his life, and yesterday morning he was brought to this office and examined before the presiding Magistrate, B. Allen, Esq. He appeared perfectly firm and resigned, and his confession was taken down in writing.

Mr. Allen asked him if the body of the young woman was ever found? to which he replied that he heard it was, but was afraid to be inquisitive, as it might betray him.

He was committed to the custody of the Keeper of the house of correction, Horsemonger lane, till a messenger can be sent to Leicester to make enquiries. The prisoner is about 30 years of age; the deceased was at the time of her death 28.

From the New York Mercantile Advertiser.

Something Extraordinary. The following communication is from a very respectable gentleman at Governor's Island.

To the Editor, About the last of August Dennis Shephard, a Canadian, a convict at this post, called upon me for assistance; he stated that he was in constant pain, and sick at stomach. From his statement I conceived that his complaint would be removed by an emetic—I gave him one; the next day he called again, observing, that although he had taken the emetic, which had operated freely upon the stomach, it gave him no kind of relief—that he threw up every thing which he took, which appeared black, and to use his expression tasted coppery. I told him there was something which must be removed, and gave him a more powerful emetic; he called the third day, and observed that he found no relief, and that his puking continued the same—I observed to him that I had a doubt whether he took my medicine; he assured me to the contrary—I confessed to him that I was at a loss to find out the cause of his complaint—he replied, I am ashamed to tell you—I replied, I will excuse you—Sir, says he, I have swallowed a jack knife and forty one cents. Thinking that he meant an imposition, being a great scoundrel, I told him in plain language that I did not believe him—he offered proof, and said that he had swallowed a dozen at different times. I then enquired whether the medicine had produced any effect upon the bowels; he said it had not. How long since you have had any discharge? A fortnight—I thought as I did before—I observed, if he had told me the truth, that in all probability it would kill him, and if it did, I would satisfy myself after his death. He replied that he expected it would, and that he had rather die than continue in that situation. I then began to think he told me the truth—to confirm me in that opinion, one of the officers of this post told me he saw him swallow 12 of the cents at one time; another person told me he saw him swallow a jack knife. In short, he is famous for that kind of business—I have given him the name of Jack Knife.

To return, I attended strictly to his case, gave him the most drastic doses, as cathartics, and repeatedly made use of other means highly stimulating. It was several weeks before I procured a discharge from his bowels—puking continued. From his puking, and no discharge from the bowels, I was inclined to the opinion that the knife lay transversely in the stomach and interrupted the passage into the bowels. As his stomach had been much relaxed by the medicine, I was of opinion, that by contracting the stomach by powerful astringents, I might alter the position of the knife—this did not answer. I then concluded to continue the cathartics & injections. I examined the discharges, which were very dark and fetid. I continued the practice until the twenty ninth of September—in the morning of that day he came to my quarters; I looked at him, and observed to him that he grew fat, and

fortitude and firmness to re-
at first to accept a little side-
hospitality. In short a little
in the morning—a little punch
a little more wine & bittern
dinner—a little wine, and a
rest after dinner—a little
and a little more drinking at
all these soon wind up the
trous concerns of the plough
the mechanic, the merchant or
the character; and leave
like the victims, not of a
but of a great deal of wretch-
We beseech the Plough
all others, to avoid these
beginnings, which lead to such
evils, and such wretched ends.
of indulging the freaks of
and hankering after luxu-
which never fail to destroy the
some habits essential to their
perity in life, let them cling to
habits as a shipwrecked mari-
would to the last plank of his
Edmund Burk, in the veteri-
of his splendour, that
ade his dinners of the simplest
and that he would frequently
such men as Pitt, Fox, and
shining characters of that
to dine with him upon a boiled
of mutton and turnips, and a
le or two of mild claret. It was
least of reason and the flow of
and not the indulgence of
irrational appetite, that
sought by those illustrious
opions of England's fame and
Such was likewise the tem-
and frugality of our Frank-
whose immortality is built upon
same basis as that of the Burks
Pitts of old England. From
examples let us learn to des-
to banish luxury and dissipa-
from our houses and our fes-
boards; and let the Plough
be the first to pursue this path
domestic virtue and economy.
them never sicken at the labour
they cannot avoid, because
vidence has decreed it, as the
salutary mean of human sub-
stance. Let them rather rejoice
they have always labour enough
they choose to pursue it, to keep
Devil from catching them idle,
he may draw them into his
net of destruction.
Cincinnatus, the Roman Patriot,
ding in his turnip garden; Burk,
British Cicero, dining upon a
chop; and Franklin, one of
saviours of America, feasting
in bread and water in a printing
el. What illustrious examples
modern patriots, modern philo-
sophers and modern Plough Boys!
H. H. jr.

nor his children's sportive playfulness, could chase away. Day after day passed, and she sighed in silence. At length she extorted from him the cause of his dejection; and learned that his business had declined, and that he had sustained multiplied losses, which had deprived him of nearly all his earnings. There are women, and those whom the world calls women of sense too, who would have contented themselves with sympathizing with their husbands, and supposed that by affectionately sharing his regrets, they had discharged their duty. Not such a woman was Mrs. M. She felt deeply her husband's misfortunes; but that feeling was an active principle, which prompted her to do what was in her power to assist and relieve him. She immediately commenced a rigid system of reform—retained only a single servant—her table was not as before loaded with luxuries, and the wine was banished from the sideboard. Her two little children were neatly but simply dressed, and she gazed upon them with more heartfelt delight, than when covered with ribbands and expensive, useless finery. She applied herself to domestic avocations with unabating diligence, and carried economy into every part of her household. All this was not done, however, without the opposition, and in some instances, the sneers of her acquaintances; but happily the suggestions of pride and indolence fell harmless on the ears of Mrs. M. for she weighed them against her duty to her husband and her affection for her children, and the scale mounted in the air. Her husband, at the time, although, perhaps, he would perish rather than have prescribed such a conduct, saw her thus employed, with new delight springing in his heart—and in his approbation, she found at once a reward for past exertion, and an additional incitement to new. From the much decreased expenses of his family, he was encouraged still to struggle against misfortunes, and his business soon began slowly to revive, and although he cannot as before anticipate speedy wealth, yet from the prudent care of his wife, and his own industry and application, brighter prospects are daily opening to his view. To his partner he is now attached by a new and tender tie of affection, for he has seen that she can share and alleviate the distresses of adversity, as well as adorn and dignify the prosperous station. Happy M. who has such a wife, and thrice happy and lovely the woman who can thus act! From her example, may every American fair, learn in what course of conduct lies the true dignity of the female character. May they learn that they were intended by Providence, not merely to float on the surface of pleasure, flutter like butterflies in the sun, but to be the sweet soothers and consolers of man, when misfortune clouds his prospect, and presses heavily upon his spirits. A. M. J.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.
New-York, Oct. 7.
By the arrival this forenoon of the ship Abion, from Liverpool, we have received London papers to the 2d Sept. inclusive, 8 days later than before received. The great Westminster meeting was held on the 2d Sept. with Sir Francis Burdett at their head, to deliberate upon the conduct of the magistrates at the late Manchester riot. The meeting assembled at 12 o'clock, with music, flags, placards, &c. and before 3 o'clock it was calculated that 30,000 persons were present. Sir F. Burdett took the chair, and addressed the multitude. Among a number of observations, he said he hoped, with expression of abhorrence against the violence and bloodshed and murder at Manchester would be unanimous; and that every man of honour would feel himself bound to vindicate the outraged liberties of the nation. They were to decide whether they were to be permitted to breathe the air, and wear their own noses, without the permission of our weak ministers. He asserted that the arrest of Hunt was illegal, and that he had conducted himself, throughout, with wisdom and propriety. He was followed by Mr. Hobhouse and Major Cartwright, who concluded by moving an address to the Prince Regent, and the meeting broke up peaceably and orderly.
An article from Hamburg, dated August 31, says, "The Brunswick post has not arrived to day, and it is affirmed that its delay is occasioned by a terrible riot which has broken out there against the Jews, who it is reported are all massacred; and in consequence of that event,

the town gates are closed. It is nevertheless, considered, that the delay of the post may arise from some less fearful circumstances, or that if there have been any disturbance, the report is at least much exaggerated."
Accounts to the 16th of Aug. from Madrid, have reached London. They state that the court of Madrid had long hesitated upon the point of ceding to the United States, East and West Florida, and at last King Ferdinand has been advised by his ministers, not to ratify the treaty.
Accounts from the Cape of Good Hope state, that the Caffres had been discomfited in their late attacks, and it was confidently expected that they will be prevented from again making any attempts against the colony.
The Fair Circassian in pursuit of the Persian Ambassador, has left London, and embarked in a ship which was to convey her to Constantinople.
Hunt had undergone an examination before the magistrates of Manchester, and been admitted to bail.
Sir Thomas M. Hardy has not yet sailed from England. At the last date he had a long conference with ministers, on his intended expedition to the South Seas, with four ships, who are to serve as a squadron of observation, to act in the event of emergency. [N. Y. Gazette].

Yellow Stone Expedition.
Extract of a letter from an officer of the 6th regiment to a gentleman in Plattsburgh, dated "Bellefontaine, Aug. 11.
"Dear Sir,
I think I informed you in my last of the departure of the regiment in 4 keel boats and 3 steam boats, on the 4th and 5th of July.
"July 15th.—By an arrival from above we hear that Major Ketchum had been very nigh losing his boat by running on a sawyer: she filled with water and spoiled his provisions; no lives were lost. Mrs. Ketchum and her children made their escape in the skill.
July 30th.—Learned by a letter from Col. Atkinson, that the keel boats passed Franklin, (about 200 miles up) on the 23d inst. The steam boat Expedition arrived there the same day, but had burst her boiler and could not proceed; the Jefferson and Johnson were far in the rear. Capt. Boardman being dangerously ill of a fever, was landed with his lady and daughter, at Franklin. His boat proceeded under Capt. Livingston. About this time corporal M'Daniel and two soldiers of the late Clark's company, were drowned; and since, four more have shared the same fate.
August 7th.—By a letter from Colonel Atkinson, dated at Franklin—learned that the Expedition was still there on the 2d inst. repairing damages; the other two still below and the Col. expresses strong doubts whether they will ever reach there.
August 8th.—By an express from above, we were informed of the total loss of Capt. Boardman's boat, with all her loading, consisting of public stores, arms, accoutrements, provisions, and officers baggage, near the mouth of Grand River, on Friday the 30th ult. Captain Boardman's son was saved by the intrepidity of a soldier who swam ashore with him on his back. One woman and a child were drowned; I am not certain, but believe her to be a Mrs. James, a Plattsburg girl, who has a mother living in your neighborhood. This accident is peculiarly unfortunate for Capt. B. who had a year's groceries and stores on board, and I understand most of the clothing of his family; as he expected to join soon, when he landed at Franklin he took but a change of clothes with him. These are the last accounts from the troops. For my own part I have little to relate: my health is indifferent, as is that of all my family; yet in that we are comparatively favoured, for almost every individual who had arrived from the eastward this season is ill of the fever of the country—in some instances whole families.
I would have made an essay to give you my opinions relative to the comparative advantages of this and your country, but at present I do not feel myself capable of doing justice to the subject; let it suffice that my opinion is decidedly in favour of yours: a rich man can there better enjoy his riches, a poor man an easier better his condition; the superior advantages of this country exist only in the dreams of discontented visionaries, or in the misrepresentations of interested land

speculators. The principal points which have been urged in its favour, are its fine climate, the fertility of its soil, and the cheapness of land. It is true the winters are not so long and tedious as with you; but on the other hand the summer has no beauties; never have I seen or do I expect to see one such heavenly evening as I have often enjoyed sitting in my porch by the banks of the Saranac. The rising sun has no charms—the evening closes upon a debilitated frame, overcome with weariness and lassitude from the long continuance of oppressive heat; the atmosphere is pale and sickly. Since my arrival here the weather has been uniformly hot; for a while I bore up under it, but at last I have yielded to the influence of the climate and become as lazy as a native.
MARRIED.
Near Hagerstown, John M. Steele, Esq. of this city, to Miss Ann O. Buchanan, daughter of the Hon. Thomas Buchanan.
A BY-LAW
To regulate the riding and driving of Horses and Carriages within the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes.
1. Be it established and ordained, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council, of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the drivers of all coaches, waggons, chairs, sleighs, carts, drays, and other carriages of burthen or pleasure, driving and passing through any of the streets, lanes or alleys, of the said city, shall keep on that side of the street, lane or alley on their right hands respectively, in the passing direction; & if any driver of any carriage of burthen or pleasure, shall drive such carriage in the middle of the street, or on that side of the street which is on his left hand, so as to prevent or obstruct any other carriage from passing as aforesaid, every such driver, so offending, shall forfeit and pay, for every such offence, the sum of two dollars, to be recovered as other fines and penalties now are.
2. And be it further established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That no person shall sit or stand in or upon any such carriage, or on any horse or beast harnessed thereto, in order to drive the same, unless he shall have strong reins or lines fastened to the bridle of his beasts, and held in his hands, sufficient to guide them in manner aforesaid, and to restrain them from running, galloping, or going at an immoderate gait, through any of the said streets, lanes or alleys; and no person driving any such carriage, or riding upon any horse, mare, gelding or other beast, in or through the said city, shall permit or suffer the beast or beasts he shall so ride or drive to go in an immoderate gait, and it shall not be lawful for any person to turn any horse, mare or gelding loose within the said city, or to drive, ride, lead or place, any horse or beast of burden on any of the paved footways within the said city, and each and every person who shall offend in any or either of the cases aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay, for every such offence, the sum of three dollars, to be recovered as other penalties now are, one half to the use of the informer, the other to the use of the corporation; Provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from riding, driving or leading, across any of the paved footways, any horse or beast of burden, into or out of their respective lots or tenements.
3. And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That each and every person having the care of any carriage of burden or pleasure, in passing through the said city, who shall not hold reins in their hands to guide and restrain their beasts in manner aforesaid, shall walk by the head of the staff or wheel horse, holding or within reach of the bridle or halter of the said horse, under the penalty of two dollars for each and every such offence, to be recovered and applied as above directed.
4. And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall run or propel any wheelbarrow on any of the paved footways within the said city, except across the same for the purpose of entering their respective lots or tenements, each and every person so offending, shall forfeit and pay, for each and every such offence, the sum of fifty cents, to be recovered and applied as above directed.
5. And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid,

That it shall not be lawful for any person to cast or place any cord wood, or heavy lumber, upon any of the paved footways, or to suffer the same to remain in the streets longer than twelve hours, under a penalty of two dollars for each and every such offence, to be recovered and applied as aforesaid.
6. And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall remove, break or injure, or cause to be removed, broken or injured, any of the line of curb stone in front of any of the said footways, each and every person so offending, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars for each and every such offence, to be recovered and applied as above directed, or shall be subject to imprisonment and confinement in the gaol of Anne-Arundel county, at the discretion of the Mayor, Recorder or Alderman, before whom the offender shall be tried, for a term not exceeding thirty days; Provided that the Mayor, Recorder or Alderman, before whom the offender may be brought, in case it is proved to his satisfaction that such injury has been produced by accident, and not by negligence or design, shall have full power and authority to remit the said penalty, or any part thereof.
7. And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That if any slave or slaves shall offend against any of the provisions of this By Law, instead of the penalties thereby imposed he shall be committed to the gaol of Anne-Arundel county, for any term not exceeding thirty days, at the discretion of the Mayor, Recorder or Alderman, before whom such slave may be brought; Provided nevertheless, that such imprisonment shall be remitted if, the master or mistress of such slave or slaves shall pay the fine annexed to the offence.
LEWIS DUVALL, Mayor.
Oct. 1, 1819. Read the first and second time by especial order and passed.
By order,
JOHN BREWER, Clk.

NOTICE.
An Election will be held at the Assembly Room, on Monday next, the 18th instant, for a Common Councilman, in the room of Mr James Munroe, who declines serving. Polls to be opened at nine o'clock.
By order,
JNO. BREWER, Clk. Corp.
Oct. 14.

Notice is hereby given,
I will Rent out my Plantation. The renter can be supplied with Corn and Fodder on the spot, and probably with teams of horses.
JOHN L. CHEW.
Anne Arundel county.
Oct. 14, 1819. 3w.

State of Maryland, sc.
Anne Arundel County, Orphans court,
October 12, 1819.
On application by petition of Harriet Dorsey and Saml Dorsey, administrators of Stephen B Dorsey, late of Anne Arundel County, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, & that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer, and Morning Chronicle published in Baltimore.
John Gassaway, Reg. Wills,
A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,
That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Stephen B. Dorsey, late of A. A. County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 1st day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 12th day of October, 1819.
Harriet Dorsey and } Admrs.
Saml. Dorsey, }
Oct 14. 3w.

This is to give notice,
That the subscriber, agreeably to an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, will expose to Public Sale, on the premises of the late Rev. William Duncan, deceased, near Annapolis the following property, to wit: One Negro Woman and her three children, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, and Household Furniture. Six months credit will be given for all sums over twenty dollars, under that sum the cash to be paid; bond and security will be required, with interest from the day of sale. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock on Saturday the 25d day of October, 1819.
DEBORAH DUNCAN, Ex'r.
Sept. 20. 3w.

ADVERTISEMENT.

This is to notify whom it may concern, that on the 23d day of September, 1819, an inquest was held by me, the subscriber, a justice of the peace, acting as Coroner, on the body of a white man found at the mouth of Curtis's Creek, who was so much disfigured that his person can't be described, his clothing was a blue roundabout jacket, and grey pantaloons, in his pockets were found two \$5 notes on the Bank of Baltimore, and specie to the amount of \$1 87. Given under my hand this 23d of September, 1819.

EZEKIEL STEWART, of David Oct. 7. 3w.

DISNEY & HALL, MERCHANT TAILORS,

Having commenced business in the room formerly occupied by Mr. William Wells as a dry good store in Church street, politely solicit a portion of the public encouragement, which should they receive, no effort on their part shall be wanting satisfactorily to requite. They will make up Goods in the most fashionable style, or in any manner that their patrons may order, and pledge themselves that their work shall be well done. They have on hand and will dispose of on the most accommodating terms, a variety of Goods suitable for the present and coming season. Among them the following— Best London blue and black cloths, Second do. do. Best London brown, green, and olive ditto. Dark and light mixtures. Best London double milled blue and black cassimeres, Ditto fashionable light, and mixtures. Ditto Buff, Florentines, & white Mar-seilles. Olive Cord, Fashionable Toilette Vestings of the latest importation. Likewise some of Nelson's first quality PATENT SUSPENDERS. Which will be sold at a very reduced price. Sept. 30. 3

Lands for Sale.

I will sell on a credit of one year, approved bonds and security being given, at Vendue, at Boswell's Tavern, in the town of Nottingham, on Patuxent, at 11 o'clock, AM, on the second Monday in November next, if fair, if not, the next fair day.

The following Tracts of Land:

- Londonderry, near the brick church, about six miles from Nottingham, containing 241 acres.
 - Reed's Swamp, a mile or two further, 200 acres.
 - Cool Spring, in the same neighbourhood, 21 acres.
 - Pheasant Hills, about four miles from Nottingham 181 acres.
 - Scotchman's Hole nearly opposite Mount Calvert, on the Patuxent, 100 acres.
 - Fifty Acres in St. Mary's, adjoining the farm of Captain John Jackson.
- And on the third Monday of said November, at 11 o'clock, AM, at Samuel Cole's auction room, in the city of Baltimore, Planter's Paradise, containing 100 acres, on the waters of Back and Middle rivers, about 10 miles from town.
- The titles good, and any information which may be required, respecting these Lands, will be cheerfully given by me
- W. G. D. Warthington, Baltimore city. Sept. 20. 3

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court, September 28, 1819.

On application by petition of James Williams and Lewis Nath, Jun. executors of the last will and testament of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

JNO GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given.

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 13th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 25th day of September 1819.

James Williams, Lewis Nath, Jun. } Ex'rs.

FOR SALE,

A genteel Coach, in good repair, and a handsome pair of sprightly bay Horses, very gentle, and excellent travellers. The Horses will be sold with or without the Carriage.

To Hire, by the year. A good Gardener, Shoemaker and Waiter, who are honest, sober, and healthy. Inquire at this Office. Sept. 30. 3

Annapolis & Baltimore Packet.

G. & J. BARBER,

Tender their acknowledgments for the liberal patronage bestowed on them, and take this opportunity of informing the public, that

The Sloop Washington

Will continue running between Annapolis and Baltimore twice a week. She will leave Annapolis every Tuesday and Friday morning at 9 o'clock. Returning, leave Baltimore every Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, and Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. They deem it unnecessary to say any thing on the subject of the superior accommodations of this Vessel for passengers, as it is presumed they are well known, the Vessel having been on the line for some time.

It must be expressly understood, that the proprietors of this Vessel will not hold themselves responsible to the owners of baggage, letters, &c for any losses which may happen; but at the same time assure the public that they will use every effort to prevent occurrences of the kind.

They also have two good and substantial

SCHOONERS,

Which will carry and bring freight from or to any part of the Chesapeake Bay.

Persons wishing Tobacco brought from the Patuxent, or other warehouses in the State, can have the same done at the shortest notice, by apprising Messrs. Lynch & Craff, Cheap-side, Baltimore

Three Mattresses,

Which came down in their Packet some months ago, and which have never been claimed, are now at their store, where the owner or owners may call and get them on proving property and paying charges.

Also a Trunk, containing wearing apparel & some trifling articles, which appears, from marks on the neck handkerchiefs, to be the property of a John B. Nelson.

All persons indebted to the firm of GEO. & JNO BARBER, are requested to make immediate payment, other wise legal measures will be taken against them without respect to persons. August 5. //

NOTICE.

Union Manufacturing Company of Maryland.

The Stockholders in this Company are requested to attend a general meeting, to be held at their Warehouse, No. 152 Market street, on Monday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 o'clock, AM. By order, R MILLER, Jr. Pres't. Baltimore, Aug 26. 8w.

CENTRAL TAVERN.

That well known establishment, the Central Tavern, formerly kept by Capt Thomas in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased and put in complete repair, and is now occupied by

JOSEPH DALEY,

Who has opened a large and commodious

TAVERN,

where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unremitted attention and the best of every thing which the seasons afford. Gentlemen attending as jurymen to the county court, and the public in general will find it to their advantage to give him a call, as he pledges himself nothing will be left undone to render every satisfaction to his customers. The best Liquors, and fare of every kind that can be procured shall be offered to his customers, and the greatest attention and care taken of their Horses. He therefore solicits a share of public patronage. July 29. 12w. tf.

Land for Sale.

Will be sold at public sale on Monday the 15th day of November next, 120 Acres of Land, lying in Calvert county, about three miles and a half below the upper Church, adjoining Mr John Lawrence and William Reynolds. This Land is susceptible of improvement by clover and plaster—and a great proportion of Wood Land—and an excellent Meadow with little expense. There are several houses on it one a very good house, will suit a small family. It is unnecessary to give any further description of the property as it is expected persons wishing to purchase, will take a view of it before the day of sale. Those wishing to view it will call on William Cox, who now lives on it; and will be sold at his house. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale can do so by applying to the subscriber before that time, living in Anne Arundel county, near South River Church. The terms will be made known on the day of sale. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. HENRY CARR. Sept. 23. 4

Baltimore & West River Packet.

The subscriber having purchased of the Messrs. Barbers that large, convenient, and swift sailing schooner, Edward Lloyd, has commenced running her as a regular packet from West River to Baltimore. She will leave West River every Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Baltimore—returning, leave Baltimore every Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. He has engaged a skilful and industrious man to take charge of her. Passengers may be assured that they will meet with the best accommodations.

All orders left at his store at West River, will be punctually attended to. William Norman. June 10. 19w. tf.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County Orphans Court, Sept 7th, 1819.

On application by petition of Walter Pumphrey, junior, executor of the last will and testament of Walter Pumphrey senior, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Walter Pumphrey, sen late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 1st day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of September, 1819.

Walter Pumphrey, jun. Executor of the last will & testament Sept 9. 6w.



The New and Elegant Steam Boat

Maryland,

CAPTAIN VICKARS,

Has commenced her regular route between Easton, Annapolis and Baltimore—Leaving Easton every Monday and Thursday at 8 o'clock, AM for Annapolis and Baltimore, via Todd's Point, in Dorchester county, and arrive at Annapolis at half past 1 o'clock PM.—start from thence at half past 2 o'clock, PM for Baltimore.

Passengers bound to Philadelphia, will meet the Union Line of Steam Boats and arrive there the next morning, making by this route only 24 hours from Easton to that place—Returning, leaves Baltimore for Annapolis and Easton, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock, AM, arrives at Annapolis at half past 11 o'clock, AM, & starts from thence at half past 12 o'clock, PM arrives at Easton at 6 o'clock same evening, via Todd's Point, Oxford, and at a place known by the name of the Double Mills. The Maryland will also take on board Horses, Carriages, &c. All Luggage at the risk of the owners. Sept. 9. 6w. tf.

100 Dollars Reward.

Runaway from the subscriber, living near the head of Marley creek, within two miles of the public road leading from Baltimore to Annapolis, & within about the same distance from Mr. Charles Waters' Mill, in Anne Arundel county, Maryland, on Wednesday the 1st inst. a Negro Man named TOM, or Tom Short. This fellow is about 5 feet 7 or 9 inches high, between 35 and 40 years of age, of a dark complexion, has a bald head, and is marked with several wheals on his breast, his arms also have some remarkable white or light coloured places on them. He had on when he absconded, a shirt & trousers of osanburg, and a fur hat about half worn; took with him a dark goat coat a close bodied blue cloth coat, & a pair of light blue cloth pantaloons, with some other clothing not recollected. It is supposed he has either gone to Baltimore, or St. Mary's county, having acquaintances in both places, who probably would assist him in making his escape. I will give, for the apprehension of said Negro, if brought home, or secured in any goal in the State of Maryland, so that I get him again, \$10 if taken within 10 miles of home, \$30 if taken beyond that distance from home, in the county, or within 10 miles of, or in the city of Baltimore; \$50 if taken out of the county, or further than 10 miles from Baltimore, and if out of the State the above reward will be given. SARAH PUMPHREY. Sept. 9. 6w. 3w.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County Orphans Court, Sept. 7th, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Williams, administrator of William James late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel County, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 1st day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of September, 1819.

Henry Williams, Administrator. Sept 7. 6w.

Farmers Bank of Maryland,

September, 1819.

The president and directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, have declared a dividend of three per cent on the stock of said Bank for six months, ending the first and payable on or after the fourth of October next, to stockholders on the western shore at the Bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the eastern shore at the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order. By order of the Board, JONA PINKNEY, Cash.

The Editors of the Maryland Republican, Annapolis, Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week for three weeks.

THOMAS LUSBY,

Respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has just received, & is now opening, in the house formerly occupied by Lewis Duvall, Esq at the head of Corn Hill street, and on the State House Circle, a handsome assortment of

ARTICLES

in the Book and Stationary Line,

Together with an assortment of

Fancy Articles,

For LADIES, consisting of Ladies Portable Pens,

Ditto Juro-Metallic do, &c. &c.

NB The Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis are respectfully requested to call and examine the ARTICLES Sept. 9. 6w.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, will be offered at Public Sale, on Saturday the 9th day of October next, at Aberdeen, near Annapolis, all the personal estate of William Nicholls, senior, deceased, consisting of Negro Men, Women and Children, Horses, Horned Cattle, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Utensils, &c. Terms of sale—For all sums above twenty dollars, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond and approved security, with interest from the day of sale, all sums under 20 dollars, for cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock JOHN B. NICHOLLS, Adm'r. Sept. 25. 4w.

New Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

The subscriber takes great pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Boot and Shoe Manufactory, next door to Mr. G. I. Grammer's, and opposite to Mr. Williamson's Hotel, where all persons disposed to encourage him, are desired to call or direct their orders. He hopes by his assiduity and attention to business to deserve, and will be happy to receive, a share of public encouragement; and pledges that his work shall be executed on the shortest notice, after the first fashions, on the most favourable terms, of materials of the best quality, and in the most elegant and durable manner. WILLIAM YOUNG. Sept 2. 7w. tf.

LANDS FOR SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Richard H. Harwood, Esq. of the city of Annapolis, the subscribers offer for sale, parts of several Tracts of Land, the whole being in one body, and containing about 416 1/4 acres, being in Charles county, adjoining Beau-Town For terms apply to the subscribers, RICHARD H. HARWOOD, RICHARD HARWOOD, of Thos. Annapolis, Sept. 26. 3w.

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on Thursday the 18th of September next, if fair, if not, the next day thereafter, (Sunday excepted) the personal estate of Eschil B. Williams, late of the said county, consisting of one Negro Woman, two children, three head of one horse. Terms of sale, for all sums under twenty dollars, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond and approved security, with interest from the day of sale. ACHSA SIMMONS, Adm'r. Sept 30. 3

Notice is hereby given

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of William James, late of the aforesaid county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 1st day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Immediate payment. Elias Shipley, William Sellman, } Sept 30.

Planter's Bank of Prince-ge's County.

September 23d, 1819. The Board of Directors, having on the 24th inst. at the rate of three per cent per annum, the same will be paid to the stockholders, or to their representatives, on or after the 30th of September, upon personal application, by power of attorney, or upon simple order, specifying that it is for the dividend. TRUMAN TYLER, Cash. Sept. 30. 3

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court, September 23, 1819.

On application by petition of William Maynader, administrator of William Bowser, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

JNO GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Bowser, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 13th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 23d day of September, 1819. Henry Maynader, Adm'r. 3

T. TAVERN

AND BOARDING-HOUSE

The subscriber is happy to inform his friends and the public, that he has opened a Tavern and Boarding House at the stand lately occupied by Joseph Daley, next door to Mr. Williamson's Hotel, where Travellers and Boarders will be accommodated by the day, month or year, on the most reasonable terms. He has laid in, and will constantly keep on hand, the best assortment of Liquors, Parties and Companies can be served on the shortest notice, with ducks, oysters and terrapin, such delicacies as our climate affords. He has constantly on hand the best abundance of Porter, Ale, Beer, Wines, Cordials &c. of the best qualities, for his particular friends, who he promises the utmost attention. RICHARD GRAY. Sept 16. 3

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from Anne Arundel county, and directed, will be exposed to Public Sale on Monday the 18th day of October next, at Merrill's Tavern, the following property, to wit: 70 tons of hay or less, two stacks of ditto, 150 bushels of corn, more or less, two head of horses, two black ditto, ten head of black cattle one bull, ten head of sheep, 40 hogs, one carriage, two wagons, one cart, one clock, 6 looking glasses, 12 tables, 40 chairs, and 4 wash tubs. Seized and taken as the property of Jeremiah Merrill, and will be sold to satisfy a debt due the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Columbia. BENJAMIN GAYTHORP, Sheriff, A. A. County. Oct 3. 3

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DEATH OF A MAD DOG.

did not see the publication following recent case, in the scutellaria has been administered, in the Richmond Enquirer, I take it from the intelligence, the editors of which paper have spoken of my perseverance exertions and persevering exertions commend it to the public at large, in a manner that entitles to my thanks. My merit is of a modest kind, and no more than belongs to an honest, disinterested, and in the common cause of humanity; this I have exercised, & continue to exercise, in consequence of the sneers, or the sarcasms excited bigotry.—NY. Ev. Post.

the Richmond Enquirer, of Sept. 14.

Editor, Public enquiry having been made of late by several publications recommending a species of scutellaria, as a certain remedy for hydrophobia; and, as that enquiry has been liberally satisfied, I have not proper to make known the cases in which the above was liberally used. Without a preamble, I shall proceed to them:—

29th.—I was called to see the property of col. F. P. aged about 15 years, who, it was stated, had been bitten 20 hours before by a dog supposed to be mad. Upon examination, I found that he had been bitten in ten different places, on the face of his body between the scapular rib and the spine of the neck. He stated that, while with the dog on the preceding evening, the latter was taken something like a fit, and bit in the above described manner, having shown any symptom of previous ill nature. Upon biting the dog, I found him lying on the right side, tongue out, and with considerable difficulty, back curved forwards very much, at intervals of five or ten minutes he would attempt to rise, and at every thing within his reach he would die during the night. I informed that two dogs had been bitten by him, I ordered them to be immediately confined. The dog (of the boy) being numerous, some time having elapsed since the infection, I applied lunar caustic very liberally, and over a dressing of epispastic un-

30. Upon visiting Daniel Grifflin, I was requested to see Grifflin, he gave me the following account, that about 45 hours before the dog, alluded to above, bit him gently, bit off or nibbled the scab from a sore on the first of his thumb, licked it for some time and then left him. One of the above patients were in the same manner, I have the descriptions of their cases. Visiting it possible, to make a trial of the scutellaria, which had much extolled as a cure for hydrophobia, I endeavoured to procure; but as every species of scutellaria in this neighbourhood proved either the Scutellaria lateriflora or Pilosa, orders were immediately sent to New York for a specimen of the Scutellaria lateriflora.

31. This day I removed the caustic, and scattered tartar freely over the clean surface of the sores. I may here state, that I found this article superior to any other which I have used, as an irritant, in keeping continued ulceration. The treatment was daily repeated, and the eighth, when each one took of salts.

32. Having through the kindness of Mr. Fitzwhylson, of Annapolis, received a supply of the Scutellaria lateriflora, I commenced the use of it in the following manner, to the following manner, to the use of the dried plant I put

one quart of water, and having boiled it 25 minutes, the boys were ordered to take one gill, three times a day.

13. This day the dose of the above medicine was increased to one pint and a half during the day; the sores still very much inflamed from the application of emetic tartar, which had been repeated daily.

15. This day both of the boys seem to be very much affected; one of them lies on his side, having convulsive twitchings in the fore leg and jaw, repeated at intervals; the other one is violently affected with general convulsions, which may be increased by fanning her or throwing water upon her.

17. This day both of the boys died.

23. The decoction increased to one quart a day, to each; the application of the caustic entirely suspended.

28. The boys still in perfect health, this being the thirty first day since they were bitten; still taking a quart each day.

Sept. 7. Forty one days have now elapsed since they came under my care, although I consider them as nearly out of all danger, yet I have advised a continuance of the medicine a few days longer.

Having related the treatment and issue of the above cases, I shall now endeavour to anticipate and satisfy some of the enquiries which, I believe will arise in the mind of every man who read them. As to the dog's having been mad, I think there cannot be the least shadow of doubt; & when we take it into consideration that one of the boys which died mad, was bitten only on the ear, & one of the boys was bitten in ten different places, every one will admit that the canine virus must have had as good, if not a better, opportunity of infecting the latter than the former. When we take it into consideration, also, that every thing which the dog bit, but those boys, died with hydrophobia, (although nothing was bitten so badly as one of the latter,) I think we may safely draw the conclusion that the virus was not only absorbed into their systems, but that they would have been affected with disease had it not been prevented. Which, then, of the remedies enumerated above, could have counteracted the morbid effects of the poison? Was it the caustic? I think not; for many hours had elapsed between the infection of the bite and the application of the caustic; and even when it is applied immediately upon the reception of a wound, it is agreed on by most respectable physicians, that it will not succeed in preventing the disease.

Our next enquiry is naturally directed, in the next place, to the scutellaria; could that have succeeded in preventing the infection? To this question I know the advocates for the virtues of this plant will unhesitatingly answer yes; but it behoves us to possess a sufficient degree of scepticism to prevent the too ready acceptance of the numerous remedies which are daily presented to the public by the dupes of prejudice or ignorance. But may not this scepticism be carried too far? As regards the subject at present under consideration, I am persuaded that it at least merits a further trial than the ephemeral notice which is generally bestowed on remedies of this kind. In favour of the scutellaria, it may be advanced, that the most simple and seemingly inert vegetables succeed in curing the most virulent animal poisons. Witness the decided effects of such remedies in the hands of Indians, in curing the bite of a rattlesnake; the principal of which, I believe, is a species of the Collinsonia. It will, I hope, be plainly inferred from what I have advanced, that it is not my object to assert an entire belief in the scutellaria, as a specific; but to excite a further inquiry, and remove that apathy which is too often, perhaps, the cause of failure in remedies which might otherwise prove useful. One word with respect to the plant.—One species only is said to be useful—the scutellaria lateriflora. As there are three species growing in this neighbourhood, this may be easily confounded with the others. The only specimen of this particular species, which I have seen gathered in this

state, came from Powhatan; the species mistaken for it in this neighbourhood, is, I believe, the scutellaria integrifolia and pilosa.

To conclude, let it not be supposed that I would advise a neglect of the only certain preventive of this dreadful complaint, viz: the immediate extirpation of the bitten part with a knife. The virtues of the scutellaria can be tested fairly only in such cases where this important preventive has been neglected, or from peculiar circumstances, could not be applied. Until this has been fairly established, the use of the knife must retain its acknowledged superiority over every other remedy, from the compound farrago of almanac receipts to the simple calcareous stone, palmed up on us by the superior cunning of the East India jugglers.

WM. G. NICE, Manchester.

PS. I have a supply of the genuine plants, which will be forwarded to any physician who may have a suitable opportunity of testing its virtues.

REMARKS.

If this candid and respectable physician can mention any one individual case of cure by excision of the bitten part, and by caustic, I will thank him to do so. Dr. Nice certainly does admit that the dog was mad, that there is the highest probability that the boys would have been affected with the hydrophobia had it not been prevented, and that it is agreed by the most respectable physicians, that caustic will not succeed in preventing it. The inference then, although not drawn by him in words, I must consider irrefragable.

A word, here, on the vaunted regular practice, or, as it is called by the Editors of the Medical Repository, the "Legitimate practice."

Doctor Thatcher, in his "Observations on Hydrophobia," the latest work on this subject that has appeared, says, "It is indeed a melancholy truth, that this monstrous hydrophobia, this destroyer of mankind, has not yet been vanquished; and its ravages are equally a reproach to medicine and a scourge to our race. Alas! hydrophobia, like the pestilence that walketh in darkness," still displays its superiority, in defiance of all efforts of human skill." And he concludes his introductory chapter thus:

"The specific nature and constitution of the subtle and refined poison of rabid animals, has hitherto eluded the most critical researches. It is equally intractable out of our sight and out of our knowledge. We are permitted to know it only by its calamitous effects, & in these we recognize its pre-eminent power and unrivalled malignity. An investigation of its abstruse properties, and a solution of the intricate phenomena which mark its operation, constitute a theme for the exercise of talents and ingenuity.—That the history and pathology of this singular disease have never been clearly understood and illustrated, is apparent from the various and contradictory opinions of systematic writers, and want of uniformity among physicians."

"Several causes have conspired to perpetuate ignorance and error relative to this intrinsic subject. One of which is a culpable disposition in authors and others to adopt and copy the doctrines and even the oral traditions from one another, without due examination; as if to add darkness to their own unintelligible mysteries. But the alarming prevalence of this evil has created a new and lively interest, stimulating to a laudable emulation in the investigation of its nature and treatment. Many important facts, abstracted from vague speculation, are yet in reserve, to be unfolded by the joint efforts of the experimentalist and philosophical physicians.

"It is not a task that devolves on a single individual, but demands the combined exertions of all.

"Great, indeed is the labour; rich and honourable will be the harvest of reward. The field of experiment is yet exhaustless; let us unite our endeavours, and resolve to give it another and more assiduous gleanings; nor cease to explore its recesses, until the hidden treasure shall be discovered; and he whose hand shall pluck this laurel, will have

achieved an object of universal interest, and rival a Jenner in celebrity."

With what pleasure do I learn that the Scutellaria has attracted the notice of some of the most respectable physicians throughout the United States? Some of them have sent to New York for the plant with a view to administer it, and I hope they will consider it due to the cause of truth and humanity, to make known the result, either by letter to myself, or by means of the public prints. If it possess not the virtue I ascribe to it, let the failure be immediately made known; if, on the contrary, every trial continues to be attended with success, as has hitherto been the case in this quarter, can the knowledge of such a blessing be too extensively circulated.

I certainly do entertain the hope and belief, that the wishes of the learned and benevolent Dr. Thatcher are at length accomplished in the discovery of this antidote. We trace this plant with certainty no farther than to Dr. Lawrence Vandever of New Jersey, but a respectable aged lady of New York says she remembers to have heard its virtues spoken of many years since by a lady of distinction in Virginia. The name and the residence of the real discoverer has probably been lost. I do not assert it may not fail, after all; but it would be very extraordinary if it did, as it is a fact that will be stated in Dr. Spalding's compilation, which is to appear in a few days, that more than one thousand cases have been attended with complete success. Can you say as much Messrs. Editors of the Medical Repository, or a fiftieth part as much, in favour of any "legitimate practice," ever yet known to the faculty? Magna est veritas et prevalebit.—E. Post.

From the Square Table, (published in Hart's P.)

The Memorial of Friend Rachel.

Verily, my heart is distressed for the sins of the present generation. The luxury and extravagance which daily gaineth ground among them, is a grief to my spirit. While yet I was a sojourner with them, I did take note of their inquiries; and since I have departed from the tabernacles their evil report reacheth mine ears. I have wept much over the folly of the daughters of my people. Yea, divers times have I desired to admonish them, saying— "Turn ye from the ways of vanity. Remember ye not the judgments that were denounced upon the daughters of Zion, for these things, by the mouth of the prophet Isaiah: Yet which of you exceedeth them not in changeable suits of apparel, and bravery of tinkling ornaments? Like them, are ye decked with chains, and bracelets, and head bands, and rings, and ear rings, and wimples, and crusting pins." I know not whether it be, that in "fine linen, pure and white," ye do excel them; and peradventure, ye have laid aside the "mantles, the hoods, and the veils," but lo! ye have substituted thereinstead, the cashmere shawls, the leghorn bonnets, the gold watches, and the merino dresses, of which I do find no mention made in the catalogue of the sins of Judah's daughters. Therefore as ye have gone beyond them in backsliding, and have trespassed yet more abundantly—verily, I do quake when I think of the audacious bitterness that ye shall find in the drugs of the cup of folly.

In the days of my youth, when my eyes were faint too vehemently to gaze upon gewgaws and finery, I have reflected, and listened to the voice within me that did say, "Can an empty head be made better by a gay covering? or an ugly face be rendered beautiful by gaudy array? or a damsel without discretion be respected, who spendeth in fine laces, what might feed the poor, or support herself in old age or decrepitude?" So I drew back the hand that fashion had already induced to unclasp the purse, and the eye that fixed with desire upon the cell of the milliner, and the bow window of the jeweller, I did avert from temptation, and I sought to get wisdom more than gay clothing, and choose understanding rather than a high priced Lighorn. It was then that the simplicity of the order to which I

now belong, did captivate me; yea, and the plain garb which it requires, did satisfy my spirit and release it from the cumbering of many cares.

Yet, would I not seek to exalt myself, as though I were an example unto others, for in divers ways am I compassed with the infirmities of our nature. Moreover, I would not rebuke exclusively the young maiden; but I have likewise a word of exhortation for the sons of my people; for lo! they have also drank of the cup of enchantment, and have become vain. Verily, as in a vision, I do spy them sporting upon slippery places, and heedless of the dark waters of penalty rolling below. The simple and innocent pursuits of Agriculture they disdain; yea, and it their fathers obtained a livelihood by the cultivation of the earth, they do strive to hide or to forget it, as a stain upon their education. Moreover, if they are, by their overseers and rulers, put into a garden, to "dress a and to keep it," they do escape to some crowded city, and straightway ensconce themselves behind a counter. Not even the flaming sword, that now so guardeth the threshold of trade, that multitudes are pierced, and mourn, and perish, can deter them from rushing against its point, and foolishly forsaking those rural shades where they might freely have eaten of all the trees in the garden, with none to make them afraid. Yet what beginneth in rashness, continueth in blindness, and endeth in ruin. Sons, who did behold their sires, by perseverance and economy, rising slowly but securely in the scale of affluence, do scorn these quiet advances, and do force as their own portion immense wealth, and go industry. They stretch forth their hands to snatch the golden fruits, without labouring for their culture, and verily, they do prove unto their taste but apples of Sodom. They do begin in the race of luxury where their fathers had scarcely arrived, and do oftentimes end where their fathers began not to wit; even within the grating of a prison. They do build unto themselves lofty palaces reared with cedar, and painted with vermilion; in their torture, table and equipage they do ape the splendour of nobility. Verily they are like unto the Rhodians, of whom it was said by them of old time, that they did build houses as those who expected to live until a future age, but feasted as if they secretly said, "Let us eat & drink, for to-morrow we die."

But are those who dwell in the midst of these empty splendours happy? Verily, he who beholdeth their care worn countenance, marked by the restlessness of envy, the dread of rivalry, the terror of losing the struggle of unjust gain, the distortion of pride, or the compunctious visitings of conscience, will say unto his heart, that happiness cometh not there.

"O! how unlike their hardy sires of old,

"Rough, poor, content, in conscious virtue bold."

When I have in the days of my vanity; (for what can we be like, who numbereth no such days!) when I have in these regretted seasons, presented myself at the party and the banquet, I have sometimes communed with my spirit, and said, while course succeeded course, perchance the just dues of the mechanic or the labourer swell the luxury of this draught, or heighten the seasoning of this dish; peradventure their children now hunger & thirst, and I have turned me from the festival and wept. Should the entertainment of one of these self raised nobles be interrupted by their creditors, who, rushing in like a host, should each demand, "Pay me what thou owest!" now, like Balaazar, would paleness cover his features, and his limbs smite together, as if he traced upon the glowing wall the tremendous sentence, "weighed and found wanting!" Yet notwithstanding the unconquerable aversion to settle accounts which distinguishes those who waste "the substance of others in riotous living," there is one account which they cannot escape; and would it not then be desirable to say, "by me the poor have never suffered," rather than to remember that in our lifetime we were unjustly clad in purple and fine linen, and fared sumptuously every day?

Vertical text on the left edge of the page, including fragments of other articles and advertisements.

When I meditate on these things I cannot but mourn and weep; and when I remember that in ancient times, luxury was a sure harbinger of the decay of nations, I do behold in prospect a long train of ills, and tremble for my country. But, I do believe, that there remaineth for it neither safety or hope, until the repair shall begin in every city and in every dwelling; until the ladies shall be weaned from self-indulgence; the youth inured to application & simple pleasures; the daughters made to seek wool and flax and work willingly with them hands; the parents become in all things examples of industry, temperance and piety, & the community like a broad river be cleansed in fountains that supply, and the little streamlets that nourish it.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Annapolis, Thursday, October 21.

Election Returns. OFFICIAL.

For St. Mary's county—Henry G. S. Key, John Lewis Millard, Thomas Blakistone and John Rousby Plater.

Anne Arundel—William H. Marriott, Walter W. Wyvill, Thomas W. Hall, and Charles Stewart of David.

Calvert—Gustavus Weems, Thomas Blake, and Joseph W. Reynolds.

Charles—Nicholas Stonestreet, Daniel Jenifer, Clement Dorsey and Robert Garner.

Baltimore—Edward Orrick, Tobias E. Stansbury, Abraham H. Price and A. M. Showers.

Prince George's—Joseph Cross, Francis M. Hall, Thomas F. Somervell and Richard T. Hall.

City of Annapolis—Lewis Duval and James Boyle.

Frederick—Alexander Warfield, William Ross, Plummer Ijama and Thomas Hawkins.

Harford—Israel D. Maulsky, Alexander Norris, Henry Hall, and John Forwood.

City of Baltimore—John Montgomery and Henry M. Breckenridge.

Washington—Jacob Schnebly, Thomas Keller, Joseph Gabby and Thomas Kennedy.

Montgomery—George Peter, Ephraim Gaitner, George C. Washington and Benjamin S. Forrest.

Allegheny—Benjamin Tompkinson, William Price, Thomas Greenwell and Thomas Blair.

Kent—James F. Browne, Edward Browne, Isaac Spencer and James Brooke.

Talbot—Daniel Martin, William Hayward, junr. Samuel Stevens and Nicholas Martin.

Somerset—Myrtias Dashiell, Josiah F. Polk, Littleton P. Dennis and Levin R. King.

Dorchester—Benjamin W. Leconte, Michael Lucas, Edward Griffith and Dr. William Jackson.

Cecil—John Wroth, David Mackey, John Miffett and David Patten.

Queen Anne's—William R. Stuart, Kelsey Harrison, John Hollingsworth and Charles B. Nicholson.

Worcester—Ara Spencer, John S. Spence, William Quinton and William Koley.

Caroline—Thomas Saylbury, William M. Hurdcastle, Peter Willis and William Whitley.

The Anniversary of the American Education Society, instituted for the purpose of preparing, gratuitously, pious young men for the Gospel Ministry, was celebrated at Boston, on Thursday last. The exercises on the occasion were truly solemn and interesting. The receipts of the treasurer during the past year, were a sum of 19,000 dollars, & the Society has under its patronage about two hundred young men preparing for the Ministry.
Prov. Amer.

INTERESTING CONCERNS.

The present inhabitants of the civilized world have witnessed, and are witnessing the most important era, excepting the period of the birth, ministry, death, and resurrection of the Messiah, that has elapsed since the beginning of Time.

Aside from the tremendous revolutions, and the terrible conflicts resulting from a "world in arms," which many of us have witnessed; the labours of christian charity and benevolence, to ameliorate the condition of man, and to spread the Gospel of the Redeemer, "from the rivers to the ends of the earth;" the exertions of the great and the good to diffuse the blessings of civilization and intellectual light a-

mong the heathen of our own, and of the Pagan world; and above all, the success which has already crowned the labours of the heralds of the Cross, will give to the present age an exalted character; and should be received with the most pious gratitude and humble thankfulness by the christian church, as a testimony that Divine Providence approves of, smiles upon, and blesses their humble labours.

The dauntless and indefatigable navigator, Cook, had opened a new field for missionary labours by the discovery of numerous thickly inhabited islands in the Pacific; and the successful labours and researches of Buchanan, in the East Indies, gave a fresh stimulus to the almost drooping spirits of these composing the infant Foreign Missionary Societies. The impetus was communicated as well to the friends of Zion in America, as those in Great Britain; and from that moment the march of Evangelical light has been constant, rapid and powerful. Missionary and Bible Societies have multiplied in quick succession, until we now find them numerous in every christian land; and even Russia, but a short time since savage and wild, has not only felt their genial influences, but has joined with zeal in the holy work. The fruits of these societies, and of the labours of the Missionaries employed by the various denominations of protestants, have already been great—but how great it is impossible to say. The Bible has been translated with surprising expedition, and circulated in numerous languages; the Gospel has been preached over extensive regions hitherto enveloped in the dismal gloom of paganism and idolatry, numerous churches have been established; christian edifices erected, and the praises of our God sung in places yet fresh with the blood of human victims sacrificed to idols and devils! Nor is this all. Schools for the education of native children, have been attached to missions in India, the Isles of the Pacific, and in Africa. In India, alone, it is now computed that at least for y thousand children are daily receiving religious & other useful instruction—and the number is continually and rapidly increasing.

The missions to the South Sea have been attended with unexampled success. The island of Otaheite, recently the abode of barbarians, as well as nature would permit, now wears in a great degree the aspect of Christianity and civilization. But notwithstanding all that has been done, the work is not just commenced. "The harvest is truly great," and "the labourers" are yet "few." But the great work, so auspiciously begun, will progress. The Christian and Philanthropist, in all countries, has every encouragement for still greater exertion. Surely the time is not far distant, when "whithersoever she stretch forth her hands unto God, and the islands of the sea rejoice." Connecticut Mirror.

THE ANIMAL ECONOMY.

Extract from Dr. Nichol's Address before the Society for suppressing Intemperance.

To explain to you the manner in which Ardent Spirits and other Poisons injure the health, and eventually destroy the constitution, I must first endeavour to make you acquainted with some of the laws of the animal economy, the difference between health and disease, and why medicines which prove useful in the latter are injurious in the former condition of the body. Man, and other warm blooded animals, are similarly, are wonderfully made. The stomach, and other organs associated with it, by the agency of their respective juices, dissolve the food, and pour its nutritious qualities into the current of blood which is returning to the heart. The heart receives this mixture, and throws it into the vessels of the lungs, where by its exposure to the atmospheric air, it acquires new properties, and returns to the heart fitted to produce the secretions, to contribute to the growth and nourishment of every part of the body, to which it is immediately carried by the arteries. What is it that puts this whole apparatus in motion? Vitality, or life; which seems to be seated in the brain and its appendages, and communicates its influences to every part of the system thro' the medium of the nerves. Thus the brain, the blood vessels, the lungs, and the organs of digestion, are mutually dependant on each other jointly they produce the continuation of life.

Organized beings have their limited periods of growth, maturity and decay. Simple, nutritious food, pure air, and a rest, are all that is necessary to perfect the first, prolong the second, and to render tranquil the third, stage of existence.

What is food? The substances which afford nourishment to animals are sugar, starch, glue, farina, mucilage, vegetable acids, oil, water, and animal matter. These simple elements are compounded in a great variety of ways in the substances used for food, and are sometimes found mixed with other ingredients highly deleterious to animal life. To enable us to choose our food with safety, the benevolent Creator made the senses of seeing, smelling, and tasting, capable of distinguishing between the salutary and noxious. Until these guards have become vitiated, there is but little danger of swallowing poisons inadvertently. If in any instance this does happen, they prove offensive to the nerves of the stomach, intestines, glands or blood vessels; and an effort is made to expel them by vomiting, sweating, or the other emunctories.

In perfect health, all the organs perform their respective functions with ease: the appetite craves nothing but simple food, which is easily digested, and converted into healthy blood; exercise aids the circulation, and corporal and mental vigour distinguishes the happy man.

What is it that so frequently interrupts this delightful condition, procures pain, languor, and all the maladies that embitter life? Most frequently, attempts to improve on the design of nature, to procure pleasure from poisoned streams, and nourishment from forbidden fruits.

*Farina, a substance which a bounds in grain and many esculent roots.

New York, Oct. 14. MARINERS CHURCH.

Yesterday afternoon, the Corner Stone of the Mariners Church, to be erected in Rossvelt street, was laid. The introductory prayer was made by the Rev. T. Mason. The Rev. Dr. Romcyn delivered an excellent Address, and the exercises were concluded with prayer by the Rev. P. N. Strong.

The collection taken up amounted to about \$75. It was highly gratifying to see many respectable masters of vessels, and seamen present on this interesting and solemn occasion. It is with peculiar pleasure that we find, in this highly important occurrence, an opportunity of congratulating our fellow citizens on the essay that is now making to redeem, in part, the obligation we are under to do something for the moral and religious improvement of that important and valuable class of the community, Seamen. Long & dangerous have been their labours to bring the treasures of distant regions to our wealthy metropolis, & much must be done, and especially by merchants, to make that return which is required by the divine command. "Do to others as thou wouldst that others should do to you."

PHENOMENON.

The extraordinary appearance of the Aurora Borealis, as seen last Tuesday evening, and in particular the white belt or bow, stretching from east to west, and moving rapidly to the south, has excited, no doubt, the attention of our readers. We avail ourselves of the following correct description of the phenomenon, from a correspondent:

Aurora Borealis.

Last evening after sunset, we witnessed in New York the appearance of an Aurora Borealis, or northern light, the vivid fulgency of which, and the extent on the horizon, we have never witnessed in this nor the other hemisphere, during 45 years of recollection. The phenomenon, at half after 7, reflected its light more towards the west, on clouds which were magnificently illuminated by it, while those of the north remained dark and interspersed seemingly over a rising sun. At half after eight, splendid rays were projected divergingly from the focus of light, and nearly reached our zenith, a field of pale red colour on the horizon, from west to east was distinctly formed at the extremity of those white rays. At ten o'clock the rays had much vanished, and their projection could scarcely be perceived, but they were at their extremity replaced by a belt encircling the whole section of Heaven that was lightened by the Aurora Borealis; it surpassed the beauty of

the Galaxy, and was better projected from west to east; it was really like a night white rainbow. This appearance was not intersected by clouds, but did not last longer than half an hour. At 11 o'clock, the northern light continued very strong, without rays or colours; at one o'clock, the shades of night were dispelled even from the recesses of dark rooms. I saw it once more at two o'clock in the morning, soon after the rise of the moon, it seemed, perhaps, somewhat stronger than before. The reflection of the solar rays on the polar regions of ice, are, by the learned, supposed to produce Aurora Borealis. Others prognosticate from it a severe winter, in the regions of the earth which it reaches.

The following letter from our city treasurer, was written to a gentleman of New-Haven, in answer to some enquiries; and conceiving that it may be useful to some portion of our readers, we give it insertion.

New-York, Sept. 27.

Sir—I am favoured with your letter of 25th inst. requesting information relative to the assize of bread, &c. The mode of estimating this assize is established by an ordinance of the Corporation, as follows:—A barrel of flour shall be estimated to produce 40.32 oz. of bread, & a profit of \$4.25 shall be allowed to the baker on each barrel as compensation for making; then the value of a barrel of flour being added to the profit, and that sum divided by 12 1-2 cents and the number 4032 being divided by that quotient, the result will give the number of ounces which a loaf of the price of 12 1-2 cents must weigh. For example, the value of a barrel of flour is \$6 25
Add to this the baker's profit, 4 25

10 50
Divide \$10 50 by 12 1-2 cts. 12 1-2 1050, 84
Divide 1050 by 84, 84 4032 48
Divide 4032 by 84.

Quotient 48 ounces, being the weight of the loaf.

The penalties for a non-compliance are a forfeiture of the bread, and a fine of 10 cents for each loaf—provided the weight be ascertained within eight hours after baking.

It may not be irrelevant to observe, that our bakers are required to have their loaves marked with the initial letters of their names respectively, with a like penalty of 10 cents a loaf for non-compliance.

It will be observed that our assize is always estimated on the market price of New-York flour.

Very respectfully,
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN FLEMING, City Treasurer.
John H. Jacobs, Esq.

Harford Cattle Show and Fair.

On the 8th inst. the above cattle show and fair was held. Before 9 o'clock, the streets in all directions were crowded by those who were hastening to the fields as competitors for live stock, or for articles of domestic manufacture, and by thousands of spectators, eager to witness the effects of this infant institution.

The exhibition of domestic manufactures was highly gratifying. And it was also gratifying to perceive the interest taken in this branch of the exhibition by our ladies, who with one accord came forward to view the specimens of female art and industry presented.

The elegant cloths, carpeting of various and beautiful patterns, hearth rugs, flannels, diapers, &c. &c. with which the tables both in the senate and assembly chambers were loaded, bear conclusive testimony, that even now there exists no necessity for us to resort to foreign fabrics, either for most articles of wearing apparel, for table-linen, carpets, and other necessary household goods.

The articles in this department which attracted the most attention, were a changeable lustrous dress, manufactured entirely by Mrs. J. Mima Carter, an elderly lady in Southington, and two elegant imitations of ladies Leghorn hats, made from a grass common in this vicinity, by Sophia Woodhouse and Sally Hammer, young ladies in Wethersfield. These hats are the most elegant specimens of domestic manufacture we have ever witnessed. They were closely compared with the finest Leghorns worn by the ladies in this city, and so curiously were they wrought that one of them at least was pronounced equal, if not superior, to any with which, it was examined. The material of which they are made, so nearly resembles that of the genuine Leghorns, that it would be difficult, if not impossible, to distinguish the one from the other. This grass is commonly known by the name of

Tickle-math grass, but is so ble to produce a shimmering effect, we are unable to give a description of it at this time. The above we regard as a valuable discovery; and we will be the means of selling state many thousand dollars annually expended for this article of dress, of foreign manufacture. Although not within the list of articles which premiums were awarded by the committee, and four upon the other, we understand was sold for dollars.

There was a numerous of people assembled—three or four thousand—joy which gladdened the faces of all—the perfect feeling manifested—the source of pleasing reflection.

The society, the clergy, the gentlemen of distinction, ther gentlemen of distinction, on Wednesday at Morgan's fee House. And in the festivity of the occasion was ened by an elegant Ball, at Assembly Room. This was rously and respectfully attended, presented a scene

to soften the No ill-brooding rancour the fete, But all was enchantingly and great— Great, not like the conquests of grand or France, But great with the graces that cle the dance.

Thursday was allotted for Ploughing Match, and for the awarding of premiums. At the clock the Society formed a procession in the court yard; and by an excellent band of music, repaired to the field of petition. The interest of this occasion may be inferred from the fact that not less than thousand spectators were upon ground. The result of this able strife, together with the dollars, is contained in the of the Committee upon this completed in 31 and the second 32 minutes.

The Society then returned to court house in procession; they repaired to Morgan's and took of an excellent dinner, cloth being removed, the fall toasts were volunteered.

Agricultural Societies—The restoring to the lords of the their rightful influence and reignity.

Our Manufactures—Inve importing goods, we must from Europe "our workmen"

The Plough—May it be enough into the earth to yield New Connecticut beneath the face of the Old.

Cotton Fabrics—Good freemen without two voyagers the Atlantic.

The plough and the sword—the one we will cut up our with the other we will cut up foes.

Agriculture—The primiv employment of man. A sure from the ruins of all other (Though drops of sweat are from the brows of labourers, are an anodyne to pain, & of continuing health.

Commerce—The daughter of art from every climate with the surplus production of country's soil.

Manufactures—Domestic offspring of economy extended the sinews of governments, relief of a dense population.

After dinner, the society large concourse of citizens to the brick church, religious exercises were performed (the Perkins, Rev. Dr. Flint, and Mr. Hawes officiating.) after the various premiums were ed.

On the whole it has been week for our farmers and generally. It has afforded evidence that the internal of the country are adequate abundant supply of every of many luxuries.

Among other sources of eration, it was not the least behold the unanimity and difested by all classes and of our fellow citizens. Party was entirely forgotten, as it was as it should be. It although much bitterness and many often result from tical conflicts; yet that

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solid interests of society, and of our country, are involved in the question the American people, like a band of brothers, will bury their animosities, and strive with each other, only to see who can do the most good.

Connecticut Mirror.

From the National Register.

Maryland Elections.

The returns from the election polls of this State are not sufficiently complete to enable us to pronounce with certainty on the political complexion of the ensuing General Assembly.

Time was when the triumph of Republicans or Federalists was an interesting question. But now it is otherwise. The political lion lies down with the political lamb; and too sharp a temper of inquiry would make a man pass for nothing more than a political goat. The elections in the neighbouring state have passed off with only a spray of altercation. No deep commotion has taken place. And why should it? We are all harmony; all peace.

The federalists are conquered, and accept offices whenever they can get them. The republicans get them whenever they can. We are all brethren of the same principle; and it is now put beyond doubt that all men may be reduced to one political standard, so that it is only necessary to appoint a sealer of political weights and measures, and we may have men of talents, and patriotism by the pound and by the yard. Good weight and measure, and plenty in the market.

A Liverpool paper, in taking a retrospective view of the situation of the Continent, remarks—"Notwithstanding the apparent tranquillity of the Continent, violent internal struggles are making in many of its kingdoms, which seem to forebode a crisis in their several constitutions and forms of government, which must speedily issue in a rigid confirmation of the old systems, or an acquisition by the people of new ones. We do not merely allude to Spain, which seems in as bad a condition, as exhausted finances, a mutinous army, and a discontented people, can make it; but also to several of the States of Germany, whose situation is scarcely less interesting.

It is rather ominous for Prussia, that Frederick William is pursuing a course not very unlike that of Ferdinand. The men who were most bravely and patriotically active in the expulsion of Napoleon, in 1813, when Prussia was in her "low state," are now in prisons, and under arrests, by the order of the King, sharing the same fate as the brave Cortes of Spain. This treatment is a punishment for remonstrating with the King on the shameful duplicity of his conduct with regard to the representative constitution he solemnly promised to his subjects, on conditions which they have fulfilled. We cannot tell what confidence his fellow subscribers to the Holy Alliance have in his kingly faith; but some of his subjects have formed a just estimate of it, and find it deplorably wanting. It is vain, indeed, to remind an ambitious King of honour, gratitude or principle; but, though he may spurn all these, a hint that the safety of his throne is endangered, may bring him to a timely composition with his insulted and determined subjects. Such a hint, events, if not words, are daily conveying; and the mystery with which every arrest is shrouded by a shackled press, only tends to augment the apprehension, that the sore lies deep, and will not be very readily healed.

The conduct of Frederick William is as injudicious as it is unjust. He has put under arrest many celebrated professors at the different Universities, several of whom have thousands of pupils strongly attached to them. Professors John, Gærner, Arndt, and the two Wolkers, are among the number; of whom the last three firmly maintained that no authority but that of Bonn, had any right over them, and persevered successfully in demanding their liberty on their parole of honour.

There can be no doubt that these proceedings will produce great odium in Prussia on the government; and they are of such a nature as rather to exasperate the people to resistance, than to overawe them. It is to be hoped that all this will end in extorting from Frederick William a representative government. The parliaments of Bavaria and of Baden are acting precisely the part of the English parliament with William III enforcing econo-

my, and reducing that dangerous appendage to a free state—a standing army. They have received hints amounting to remonstrances, from the heads of the government; but have resisted all dictation and encroachment on their rights with a spirit which does them honour.—These states are likely to form an admirable pattern for the other states of Germany; and it is a happy presage, that the first introduction of the representative system into Germany is attended with circumstances, which promise a long duration of strength and efficiency. With all the misery which the French revolution has occasioned the nations of Europe, much substantial good has been mingled; if France, Bavaria, Baden, Prussia, and Spain have obtained, or are likely to obtain a considerable extension of political liberty, we shall have little reason to regret the thunder storm, which has lighted on the heads of a few tyrants, seeing it has cleared the political atmosphere, and cracked the fetters of degraded nations. To this consummation we look with confidence."

From the N. Y. Daily Advertiser.
"REVOLUTIONS NEVER GO BACKWARD."

Such has been the sentiment, or doctrine, among politicians for so great a length of time, that it has become a settled maxim among them. How far the events of the last half century may go to establish its truth, it is not necessary now to enquire. Some revolutions have gone forward, and some backward, and some both forward and backward, and some have hardly moved at all—and it is not our intention to attempt to balance the account. All the world, except England, seem to have become wearied out with revolutions, and are apparently willing to settle down in quiet, for the purpose of enjoying what little good there may be mingled with the evil of this naughty world, and let revolutionists and reformers sigh over their visionary schemes of human perfectibility. In England, however, the case seems to be different. There the weavers, and the spinners, and the tinkers, appear to be very desirous of lending a hand, either to mend up the old machine of government, or, if that is past hope, to make a new one. Until lately, this hopeful business has been carried on exclusively by the men, who, as the lords of the creation, have hitherto claimed it as one of the "Rights of Man," to do all the political mischief in the world. The tide, however, seems to have recently changed in that ill-fated country, and, after having withstood the fiery and sanguinary spirits among male reformers for a long succession of years, the goodly work is about to pass into the hands of the softer sex, the fairest part of the creation. At Manchester, which has lately been the theatre of many political movements, there has been formed a "Female Reforming Society," which appears to have made a conspicuous figure in the late revolutionary meetings. Who is at the head of the association we do not know; but a *Mistress Susanna Saxton* is its Secretary. This good lady, doubtless deeply impressed with the idea, that, as the first revolution that ever occurred in human affairs—she can hardly consider it as a mere political one though a caucus seems to have been held by Eve and the Old Serpent—was brought to pass by one of her sex, it is proper that the trade should go back to the same hands. In this view of the subject, she is desirous of exerting female influence and agency in the same sort of business, and, for that purpose, she has addressed a long letter to "the wives, mothers and sisters" round about her, whom she calls "*Dear Sister of the Earth*." After a lively and deeply coloured picture of the public calamities and dangers, arising from what she calls "the lazy borough mongering eagles of destruction," she boldly says—"We call upon you therefore to join us with heart and hand to exterminate tyranny from the face of our native country." This experiment, in the hands of the ladies, is as new as it is interesting.

"Petty government" despotic as it may have been in individual cases, has rarely been established over nations. Queen Elizabeth exercised it, it is true, but she was always considered more like a man than a woman. Besides, she governed men under a constitution which men made for their own use and benefit, and she was therefore a kind of usurper in her place. But here there is to be a *petticoat constitution*—a species that all the prolific manufacturers of such instruments in France, during

the revolutionary period, never once thought of putting up. And if this reforming Dame is to be believed, she will succeed for she says—"as well might they attempt to arrest the sun in the region of space, or stop the diurnal motion of the earth, as to impede the rapid progress of the enlightened friends to liberty and truth."

The case on the part of the old system having thus become hopeless, and as it has always been found difficult for men to contend seriously with women, we advise the Ministry and the Borough-mongers to give way, and let the *Spinners* take the business in hand. What the peculiar features of the new constitution shall be, we pretend not to conjecture.—Probably one provision of it will be, that the girls shall in future go a courting, and the lads stay at home and be wooed; and we should not be surprised if the old fashioned mode of travelling on saddles and pillows should be revived, and the poorman be forced to ride behind.

Whatever it may be, it will be something laughable, that these modern Eves should produce a revolution in a country, that has so long withstood the exertions and machinations of so many Burdets, Hunts, Cartwrights and Ruta Baga Merchants.

New-Orleans, Sept. 15.

The United States revenue cutter Louisiana, capt. Loomis, and the Alabama, also a revenue cutter, which were lately built at New-York, arrived at the Bayou St. John yesterday, having in company the Spanish schr. Philomena, which they re-captured from a pirate on the 29th ult. off the Dry Tortugas. The pirate is also brought in. On that day they fell in with an American schooner bound from this port, on board of which the pirate had placed a number of Spanish gentlemen and ladies, who had been passengers in the Philomena. From their information, captain Loomis supposed that the pirate could not be very distant, and determined to look out for her. Eight hours afterwards, accordingly, he espied two sail, one of which stood for him, and on being required by the captain of the Alabama to send her boat on board, fired a volley of small arms: she was soon silenced, however, and taken possession of. She proved to be a schr. called the *Brave*, fitted out at New-Orleans, carrying two guns and twenty-four men, and commanded by a man who calls himself *Le Fage*. Her prize the Philomena, was about a mile astern during the action, but was soon overhauled and re-captured. In the slight contest, which preceded the capture of the *Brave*, the Alabama had four of her men wounded, two of them, including the first lieutenant dangerously—the pirate 6 men killed. The remainder of her crew, to the number of 18, were safely lodged in prison last evening. The *Brave* had on board a number of Spanish prisoners, who are thus happily relieved from captivity, which most probably would have terminated, if they not fallen in with the revenue cutters, by their being compelled to walk the plank. The pirate had a printed commission, the date of which was blank, signed Humbert, governor of Texas.

A passenger in the *Emma*, who conversed with capt. Loomis, states, that at the time the above pirate was captured, she had not been in possession of her Spanish prize long enough to commit the outrage upon the passengers which were threatened, but had stripped them of nearly all their clothes. The pirate approached with sweeps within pistol shot of the cutter before she fired. Only three men in the cutter were wounded, one of them, it was feared, dangerously. The pirates were all lodged in prison at New-Orleans. The vessel had been regularly cleared out at New-Orleans for Pensacola.

We learn, by the above passenger, that the piratical establishment at Baratavia, from whence the recent expeditions into the Mississippi were made, had been surprised by one of the U. S. cruisers, and entirely broken up.

St. Louis, Sept. 4.
Military Expedition to the Upper Missouri.

The steam boat expedition, fore-most of col. Johnson's fleet succeeded in getting as far as Fort Osage (370 miles) in a period of six weeks. At that place she gave out and transferred her contents to keel boats. General Jessup had preceded her to Fort Osage and made provisions

to meet this failure which had been long foreseen. The Johnson steam boat is the only remaining vessel of the "steam fleet" which continues her way up the Missouri. She had not strived at Fort Osage however at the last advice, but probably has arrived there before this time, and may possibly reach camp Martin (370 miles from St. Louis) which we have no hesitation in affirming will be the limit of her progress for this summer.

Col. Atkinson, commanding the expedition, and all the troops which went in keel boats, had arrived some time ago at Fort Osage.

It is exceedingly ridiculous to see in what manner the *Messrs. Johnsons* have been extolled for their enterprise, their patriotism and their pecuniary sacrifices in carrying on this expedition; when in point of fact they have had incredible advances of public money, have failed in all their undertakings, and occasioned great delay in the progress of the troops.

The expedition however will go on, and will succeed. Transportation is now furnished by the Quartermaster's department, and provisions are furnished by the Commissariat.

MARRIED,

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Gist, Mr. Thomas White to Miss Mary Atkinson.

On Sunday evening following, by the same, Mr. William Murdoch, to Miss Juliet Shepherd, all of this City.

Concert.

The Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis and its vicinity, are respectfully informed, that

MR. & MRS. HANNAM, lately from England, on their way to Charleston, aided by the musical talents of Mr. GROSSO, will give a CONCERT, interspersed with select Scenes and Recitations, early in the ensuing week, at the City Ball Room. Admittance 50 Cents. Children half price. The particulars will be seen in the Bills of the day.
Oct. 21

CASH STORE.

The subscriber has just received from

PHILADELPHIA,

Full Goods,

Selected by himself; comprising a Handsome Assortment.

He embraces this opportunity of tendering his Friends and the Public his grateful acknowledgments, for the generous encouragement afforded his Establishment; and informs them, that he is determined still to offer them ample inducement to continue their patronage, by selling his Goods
Remarkably low for Cash.

RICHARD RIDGELY.
Oct. 21. 6w.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hath obtained from the orphan's court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Henry Drew, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby warned to exhibit them, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

JOHN ROBERTS, Admr.
Oct. 21. 3w.

To be Rented,

The Dwelling House now occupied by the subscriber, in Annapolis. This establishment comprises every accommodation necessary for a large family, including carriage house and stable, ice house, smoke house, a pump of excellent water, a large garden filled with the most choice kinds of fruit. The dwelling house has been completely repaired within the last year, and is in good order for the reception of a family.

Possession may be had on the 15th of November next, and terms known by applying to the subscriber, or to Mr. Henry Maynard
MARY STEELE.
Oct. 21.

NOTICE.

All persons are forewarned hunting with dog or gun, or trespassing in any manner, on the subscribers farm near Annapolis, known by the name of Horn Point.

George Barber,
John T. Barber.
Oct. 21.

CAUTION.

All persons are forewarned hunting with dog or gun, or in any other way trespassing, on the land of the subscriber near Annapolis. Offenders will be prosecuted according to law.
Priscilla Weeks.

Oct. 21. 3w.

DISNEY & HALL, MERCHANT TAILORS,

Having commenced business in the room formerly occupied by Mr. William Wells as a dry good store, in Church street, politely solicit a portion of the public encouragement, which should they receive, no effort on their part shall be wanting satisfactorily to requite. They will make up Goods in the most fashionable style, or in any manner that their patrons may order, and pledge themselves that their work shall be well done. They have on hand and will dispose of on the most accommodating terms, a variety of Goods suitable for the present and coming season. Among them the following—
Best London blue and black cloths,
Second do. do.
Best London brown, green, and olive ditto.
Dark and light mixtures,
Best London double milled blue and black cassimeres,
Ditto fashionable light, and mixtures,
Ditto Buff, Florentines, & white Marselles,
Olive Cord,
Fashionable Toilette Vestings of the latest importation.
Likewise some of Nelson's first quality PATENT SUSPENDERS
Which will be sold at a very reduced price.
Sept. 30. 3w.

Taken up
On Sandy Point, last Thursday, a BATTEAU, 28 feet in length, 7 feet in width at the stern, and 2 feet deep, nearly new. The owner, on application to me, paying charges, and proving property, can have her again.
HENRY MAYER.
Sandy Point, Sept. 30. 3w.

100 Dollars Reward.

Runaway from the subscriber, living near the head of Marley creek, within two miles of the public road leading from Baltimore to Annapolis, & within about the same distance from Mr. Charles Waters' Mill, in Anne Arundel county, Maryland, on Wednesday the 1st inst. a Negro Man named TOM, or Tom Short. This fellow is about 5 feet 7 or 9 inches high, between 35 and 40 years of age, of a dark complexion, has a bald head, and is marked with several whelps on his breast, his arms also have some remarkable white or light coloured places on them. He had on when he absconded, a shirt & trousers of osenaburg, and fur hat about half worn, took with him a dark great coat, a close bodied blue cloth coat, & a pair of light blue cloth pantaloons, with some other clothing not recollected. It is supposed he has either gone to Baltimore, or St. Mary's county, having acquaintances in both places, who probably would assist him in making his escape. I will give, for the apprehension of said Negro, if brought home, or secured in any goal in the State of Maryland, so that I get him again, \$10 if taken within 10 miles of home, \$30 if taken beyond that distance from home, in the county or within 10 miles of, or in the city of Baltimore; \$50 if taken out of the county, or further than 10 miles from Baltimore, and if out of the State the above reward will be given.
SARAH PUMPHREY.
Sept. 9. 3w.

State of Maryland, ss.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court,
Sept 7th, 1819.

On application by petition of Walter Pumphrey, junior, executor of the last will and testament of Walter Pumphrey, senior, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.
John Gasaway, Reg. Wills.
A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Walter Pumphrey, sen. late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at or before the 1st day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate Give up my hand this 7th day of September, 1819.
Walter Pumphrey, jun.
Executor of the last will & testament.
Sept. 9. 6w.

ADVERTISEMENT.

This is to notify whom it may concern, that on the 23d day of September, 1819, an inquest was held by me, the undersigned, a justice of the peace, acting as Coroner, on the body of a white man found at the mouth of Curtis's Creek, who was so much disfigured that his person can't be described, his clothing was a blue roundabout jacket, and grey pantaloons, in his pockets were found two \$5 notes on the Bank of Baltimore, and specie to the amount of \$1 87 1/2. Given under my hand this 23d of September, 1819.

BEZKIEL STEWART, of David Oct. 7.

State of Maryland, sc. Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court. October 12, 1819.

On application by petition of Harriet Dorsey and Saml. Dorsey, administrators of Stephen B. Dorsey, late of Anne Arundel County, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, & that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer, and Morning Chronicle published in Baltimore.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Stephen B. Dorsey, late of A. A. County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 1st day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 12th day of October, 1819.

Harriet Dorsey and Saml. Dorsey, Admrs. Oct. 14.

Lands for Sale.

I will sell on a credit of one year, approved bonds and security being given, at Vendue, at Boswell's Tavern, in the town of Nottingham, on Patuxent, at 11 o'clock, A.M. on the second Monday in November next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

The following Tracts of Land:

- Londonderry, near the brick church, about six miles from Nottingham, containing 241 acres. Reed's Swamp, a mile or two further, 200 acres. Cool Spring, in the same neighbourhood, 21 acres. Pleasant Hills, about four miles from Nottingham, 191 acres. Sepciman's Hole, nearly opposite Mount Calvert, on the Patuxent, 100 acres. Fifty Acres in St. Mary's, adjoining the farm of Capt. John Jackson. And on the third Monday of said November, at 11 o'clock, A.M. at Samuel Cole's auction room, in the city of Baltimore, Patrick's Paradise, containing 400 acres, on the waters of Back and Middle rivers, about 19 miles from town. The titles good, and any information which may be required, respecting these Lands, will be cheerfully given by me.

W. G. D. Worthington, Baltimore city. Sept. 20.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court. September 28, 1819.

On application by petition of James Williams and Lewis Neth, Jun. executors of the last will and testament of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

JNO. GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 13th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 28th day of September, 1819.

James Williams, Lewis Neth, Jun. Exrs. Oct. 4.

PRINTING

Of every description, neatly executed at this Office.

Annapolis & Baltimore Packet.

G. & J. BARBER,

Tender their acknowledgments for the liberal patronage bestowed on them, and take this opportunity of informing the public, that

The Sloop Washington

Will continue running between Annapolis and Baltimore twice a week. She will leave Annapolis every Tuesday and Friday morning at 9 o'clock. Returning, leave Baltimore every Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, and Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. They deem it unnecessary to say any thing on the subject of the superior accommodations of this Vessel for passengers, as it is presumed they are well known, the Vessel having been on the line for some time.

It must be expressly understood, that the proprietors of this Vessel will not hold themselves responsible to the owners of baggage, letters, &c. for any losses which may happen, but at the same time assure the public that they will use every effort to prevent occurrences of the kind.

They also have two good and substantial

SCHOONERS,

Which will carry and bring freight from or to any part of the Chesapeake Bay.

Persons wishing Tobacco brought from the Patuxent, or other warehouses in the State, can have the same done at the shortest notice, by applying, Messrs. Lynch & Craft, Cooperside, Baltimore.

Three Mattresses,

Which came down in their Packet some months ago, and which have never been examined, are now at their store, where the owner or owners may call and get them on proving property and paying charges.

Also a Trunk, containing wearing apparel & some trinket articles, which appears, from marks on the neck handkerchiefs, to be the property of a John B. Nelson.

All persons indebted to the firm of GEO. & JNO. BARBER, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise legal measures will be taken against them without respect to persons.

August 5. 12

FOR SALE,

The Houses, now occupied by Mrs. Robinson as a Boarding house, near the Farmers Bank. They will be sold together, or separate, to suit purchasers. Apply to

WILLIAM BREWER, Annapolis, Feb. 11. 31

CENTRAL TAVERN.

That well known establishment, the Central Tavern, formerly kept by Capt. Thomas in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased and put in complete repair, and is now occupied by

JOSEPH DALEY, Who has opened a large and commodious

TAVERN,

where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unremitted attention and the best of every thing which the seasons afford. Gentlemen attending as journeymen to the county courts, and the public in general, will find it to their advantage to give him a call, as he pledges himself nothing will be left undone to render every satisfaction to his customers. The best Liquors, and five of every kind that can be procured shall be offered to his customers, and the greatest attention and care taken of their Horses. He therefore solicits a share of public patronage.

July 29. 13

Land for Sale.

Will be sold at public sale on Monday the 15th day of November next, 120 Acres of Land, lying in Calvert county, about three miles and a half below the upper Church, adjoining Mr. John Lawrence and William Reynolds. This Land is susceptible of improvement by clover and plaster—and a great proportion of Wood Land—and an excellent Meadow with little expense. There are several houses on it, one a very good house, will suit a small family. It is unnecessary to give any further description of the property, as it is expected persons wishing to purchase, will take a view of it before the day of sale. Those wishing to view it will call on William Cox, who now lives on it; and will be sold at his house. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale can do so by applying to the subscriber, before that time, living in Anne Arundel county, near South River Church. The terms will be made known on the day of sale. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

HENRY CARR, Sept. 23. 5

Baltimore & West River Packet.

The subscriber having purchased of the Messrs. Barbers that large, convenient, and swift sailing schooner Edward Lloyd, has commenced running as a regular packet from West River to Baltimore. She will leave West River every Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Baltimore—returning, leave Baltimore every Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. He has engaged a skilful and industrious man to take charge of her. Passengers may be assured that they will meet with the best accommodations.

All orders left at his store at West River, will be punctually attended to. William Norman, Oct. 10. 20



The New and Elegant Steam Boat

Maryland,

CAPTAIN VICKARS.

Has commenced her regular route between Easton, Annapolis and Baltimore—Leaving Easton every Monday and Thursday at 8 o'clock A.M. for Annapolis and Baltimore, via Todd's Point, in Dorchester county, and arriving at Annapolis at half past 1 o'clock P.M.—start from thence at half past 2 o'clock, P.M. for Baltimore.

Passengers bound to Philadelphia, will meet the Union Line of Steam Boats and arrive there the next morning making by this route only 24 hours from Easton to that place.—Returning, leaves Baltimore for Annapolis and Easton, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock A.M. arrives at Annapolis at half past 11 o'clock, A.M. & starts from thence at half past 12 o'clock, P.M. arrives at Easton at 6 o'clock same evening, via Todd's Point, Oxford, and at a place known by the name of the Double Mills. The Maryland will also take on board Horses, Carriages, &c. All baggage at the risk of the owners. Sept. 9. 7

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office, Annapolis, 1st October, 1819.

- Amon Ames, John Adams, W. M. Amanda Lodge, E. Burk, Jacob Barry, Stephen Beard, W. Bass, Thomas Brewer, Richard Ball, 2, Laurence Brent, John James Bennell, Robert Carr, William Charlton, Soveron Crozel, Mr. Collings, Commissioners of Annapolis, Thomas Cross, 2, James Collier, Robert Conway, Giles S. Cone, John Campbell, Wm B. Cheers, Walter Dorsey, Thomas B. Dorsey, Mrs. Betty Davis, 2, Caleb Dorsey, James Daley, Mrs. Elizabeth D. Benderfer, Archibald Dorsey, Wm. H. Duval, John Dougherty, Henry Davy, Benjamin Elliott, Sarah Green, John Gwinn, Rev. Wm. Gibson, Wm. Gardner, Narky Gusebrog, John Gather, 2, Harriet Galt, Jeanette Gimon, James Gordon, Philip H. Hopkins, James Hutchins, Robert Hurdle, W. Hone, John Johnson, Vin. Kilty 1, Dolly Kent, Isaac Lyon, Capt. Larimore, Walter Mead, James McCrean, Henry Murr, y. Wm. Merrill, Mrs. Mary Miller, Capt. Isaac Murphy, Wm. S. Laubin, Mrs. Owens, Saml. Owens of Richd. Henry Paddy, James Pollard, Henry Prier, Ally Prier, John P. el's, Thomas Prier, Sam Peaco, Anthony Robinson, James R. ong, Charles S. Ridge, y. Mrs. Ann Robinson, John Rodgers, William Rodgers, Henry King, Peter Ross, 2, R. S. Snowden, Dr. Geo. J. Sprouton, 2, Wm. Slaughter, D. O. Sun, Henry Stunnen, 2, Michel Severe, Gustavus Schenart, Mrs. Sewell, Lucretia Smith, James Sterrett, John Snyder, Jean Smith, of Robert, John Stewart, Jacob H. She-maker, Philip Taylor, Miss Elizabeth Thompson, John Thompson, Mrs. Mary Thompson, 2, John Taylor, Mrs. P. Thomas, Richd. G. Watkins, 2, Cato Ward, Rev. Nathaniel Wheaton, Dr. Anderson Warfield, 2, Mrs. Henrietta Worthington, 2, Heagy Woodward, 2, Loren Weston, Charles A. Warfield, Clement S. Whittington, Elijah Wells, David G. Yeast.

J. MUNROE, P. M.

NEW & VERY CHEAP GODDS.

NICHOLAS J. WATKINS, informs his friends and the public, that he has just received a New Stock of Goods, among which are the following:

- Best Saxon Black and Blue Cloth, Fancy and London Brown do, Fashionable Mixtures, Double Milled Drab, Second do, Black, Grey and Light Cassimeres, Light and Dark Mixtures, Fashionable Light Cord, White and Coloured Marseilles, Olive Cords and Flannels, &c. And other articles too tedious to enumerate. Any or all of which will be made up in the most fashionable and substantial manner, and on the shortest notice. Oct. 7. 3

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court. Sept. 7th, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Williams, administrator of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel County, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 1st day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of September, 1819.

Henry Williams, Administrator. Sept. 7. 5w.

Farmers Bank of Maryland, 22d

The president and directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, have declared a dividend of three per cent on the stock of said Bank for six months, ending the first and payable on or after the fourth of October next to the stockholders on the western shore of the Bank at Annapolis, and to the stockholders on the eastern shore the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by carrier sent by order. By order of the Board, JONA. PINKNEY, Cash.

The Editors of the Maryland Republican, Annapolis, Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week for three weeks.

THOMAS LUSBY,

Respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has just received, & is now opening, in the house formerly occupied by Lewis Duval, Esq. at the head of Corn-Hill street, and on the State House Circle, a handsome assortment of

- ARTICLES in the Blk and S. t. Mary Line, Together with an assortment of Fancy Articles, For LADIES, consisting of Ladies Portable Trays, Ditts Jar, Metallic do, &c. &c. N.B. The Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis are respectfully requested to call and examine the ARTICLES. Sept. 9. 7

This is to give notice,

That the subscriber, agreeably to an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, will expose to Public Sale on the premises of the late Rev. William Dungan, deceased, near Annapolis, the following property to wit: One Negro Woman and her three children, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, and Household Furniture. Six months credit will be given for all sums over twenty dollars, under that sum the cash to be paid, bond and security will be required, with interest from the day of sale. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock on Saturday the 23d day of October, 1819. DEBORAH DUNCAN, Exr. Sept. 10. 3

New Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

The subscriber takes great pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Boot and Shoe Manufactory, next door to Mr. G. I. Grammer's, and opposite to Mr. Williamson's Hotel, where all persons disposed to encourage him, are desired to call or direct their orders. He hopes by his assiduity and attention to business to deserve, and will be happy to receive, a share of public encouragement, and pledges that his work shall be executed on the shortest notice, after the first fashions, on the most favourable terms, of materials of the best quality, and in the most elegant and durable manner.

WILLIAM YOUNG, Sept. 28. 7

LANDS FOR SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Richard H. Harwood, Esq. of the city of Annapolis, the subscribers offer for sale, parts of several Tracts of Land, the whole being in one body, and containing about 436 1/4 acres, being in Charles county, adjoining Beau-Town. For terms apply to the subscribers, HENRY H. HARWOOD, RICHARD HARWOOD, of Thos Annapolis, Sept. 16. 6

Public Sale

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, the subscribers will expose to Public Sale, on the 21st day of November next, the late residence of Nathaniel Jones, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, the following property, to wit: One sheep, cattle, plantation utensils, hold and kitchen furniture, a black man, like as is to be provided, and other articles, to be enumerated. Terms, all sums over twenty dollars, on credit, the purchaser giving approved security, with legal bond from the day of sale; under that the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

Jacob Witwright, Ann Phipps, Oct. 7. 3

NOTICE.

An Election will be held at the assembly Room, on Monday next, 18th instant, for a Common Councilman, in the room of Mr. James Roe who declines serving. Public will be opened at nine o'clock. By order, JNO. BREWER, Clk. Oct. 11.

Notice is hereby given,

I will Rent out my Plantation. The renter can be supplied with Corn and F. & P. on the spot, and probably with teams of horses. JOHN L. CHEW, Oct. 14, 1819. 3

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office. Declarations on Promissory Notes, and bills of exchange against Drawers, first second and third Endorsers, assumed generally. Debt on Bond and Single Bill, Common Bonds, Appeal do. Tobacco Notes, &c. &c.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court. September 28, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Bowser, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

JNO. GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Bowser, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 13th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 28th day of September, 1819.

Henry Maynardier, Adm. Oct. 4.

TAVERN

AND BOARDING-HOUSE.

The subscriber is happy to inform his friends and the public, that he has opened a Tavern and Boarding House at the stand lately occupied by Mr. Daley, next door to Mr. Williamson's Hotel, where Travellers and Boarders will be accommodated, the day, week, month or year, on the most reasonable terms. He has laid in, and will constantly keep on hand, the best assortment of Liquors. Parties and Clubs can be served on the shortest notice, with ducks, oysters and terrapin, in their seasons, and at all times with such delicacies as our climate affords. He has constantly on hand the best establishment of Porter, Ale, Cider, Beer, Wines, Cordials, &c. of the best quality, for his particular friends, to whom he proposes the utmost attention.

Richard Gray, Sept. 16. 6

Planter's Bank of Prince-Georges County.

September 23d, 1819. The Board of Directors, having this day declared a dividend for the year ending the 24th inst. at the rate of five per cent per annum, the same will be paid to the stockholders, or their representatives, on or after the 30th inst. upon personal application, by power of attorney, or upon simple order, providing that it is for the dividend. TRUEMAN TYLEE, Secy. Sept. 30.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

JONAS GREEN,

PRINTING OFFICE, ANNAPOIS.

Three Dollars per Annum

WRE FOR MELANCHOLY

BY HANNAH MORE.

Mr. Jones was the widow of a merchant. She was liberal to poor, as far as giving them money went; but as she was too taken up with the world, she not spare so much of her time thoughts about doing good, as she ought; so that her money was not bestowed. In the late trou- Mr. Jones, who had lived in an expensive manner, failed; and took his misfortunes so much at heart, that he fell sick and died. Jones retired, on a very narrow income, to the small village of Weston, where she seldom went except to church. Though a woman, she was too apt to enlarge her sorrows; and though she not neglect to read and pray, she gave up a great part of her time to melancholy thoughts, and quite inactive. She well how sinful it would be for to seek a remedy for her grief in worldly pleasures; which is a way people take to cure afflictions; she was not aware how wrong it was to weep away that time which might have been better spent in the tears of others.

Mr. Jones was happy for her, that Mr. Jones the vicar of Weston, was a good man. One Sunday he happened to preach on the good Samaritan. It was a charity sermon, & called on Mrs. Jones after church, and found her in tears. She had been much moved by his discourse and she wept because she had so little to give to the poor, for though she felt very keenly for the poor in these dear times, she could not assist them. "I never so regretted the loss of my fortune as this afternoon, when you go and do likewise." You replied Mr. Simpson, "enter the spirit of our Saviour's parable, if you think you cannot go do likewise without being rich. In the case of the Samaritan, you observe, that charity was better more by kindness, and care, and medicine, than by money. You, am, were as much concerned in duties inculcated in my sermon as John with his great estate; to speak plainly, I have been times surprised that you should put yourself in the way of becoming more useful."

"I am grown of the poor since I have nothing to give them." "Nothing material," replied the clergyman: "Do call your time, your talents, and kind offices nothing! Doing does not so much depend on riches as on the heart and the will. The servant who improved two talents was equally commended by his Lord with him who hid his; and it was not poverty, but selfish indolence, which drew down so severe a condemnation on the man who had only one. It is by our duty to Christ, that we must be ourselves Christians. You, am, are not called upon to work for the poor, nor to preach the Gospel, but may in your measure and resemblance your Saviour by doing good. A Christian, who has sense and industry, by his pious exertions and benevolence, may, in a subordinate way, be helping on the cause of religion, as well as of charity, and by promoting, by his exertions, the labours of the pious ministers. The generality, it is, have but an under part to do; but to all God assigns some duty, and he will require of all whose duty is not very laborious, that they should work out their own salvation; but that they promote the cause of religion, and the comfort and consolation of others. Those who would undervalue the labours of mercy, as evidences of piety, I would suggest a serious attention to the solemn appeal which is made in favour of the world's state, in the awful representation of the day

of judgment, contained in the twenty fifth chapter of Matthew, both to those who have neglected, and to those who have performed such works; performed them, I mean, on right principles. With what a gracious condescension does he promise to accept the smallest kindness done to his suffering members for his sake. You, indeed, I will venture to say, might do more good than the richest man in the parish could do by merely giving his money. Instead of sitting here, brooding over your misfortunes, which are past remedies, bestir yourself to find out ways of doing much good with little money; or even without any money at all. You have lately studied economy for yourself; instruct your poor neighbours in that important art. They want it almost as much as they want money. You have influence with the few rich persons in the parish; exert that influence. Betty, my house keeper, shall assist you in any thing in which she can be useful. Try this for one year, and if you then tell me that you should have better shown your love to God and man, and been a happier woman, had you continued gloomy and inactive, I shall be much surprised, and shall consent to your resuming your present way of life."

The sermon and this discourse together made so deep an impression on Mrs. Jones, that she formed a new plan of life, and set about it at once, as every body does who is in earnest. Her chief aim was the happiness of her poor neighbours in the next world; but she was also very desirous to promote their present comfort: and indeed the kindness she showed to their bodily wants gave her such an access to their houses and hearts, as made them better disposed to receive religious counsel and instruction. Mrs. Jones was much respected by all the rich persons in Weston, who had known her in her prosperity. Sir John was thoughtful, avish and indolent. The squire was over frugal, but active, sober, and not ill natured. "Sir John loved pleasure, the squire loved money. Sir John was one of those popular sort of people who get much praise, & yet do little good; who subscribe with equal readiness to a cricket match or a charity school; who take it for granted that the poor are to be indulged with bell-ringing and bonfires; and to be made drunk at Christmas; this Sir John called being kind to them; but he thought it was folly to teach them, and madness to think of reforming them. He was, however, always ready to give his guineas; but I question whether he would have given up his hunting & his gaming to have cured every grievance in the land. He had that sort of constitutional good nature which, if he had lived much within sight of misery, would have led him to be liberal; but he had that selfish love of ease, which prompted him to give to undeserving objects, rather than be at the pains to search out the deserving. He neither discriminated between the degrees of distress, nor the characters of the distressed. His idea of charity was, that a rich man should occasionally give a little of his superfluous wealth to the first object that occurred; but he had no conception that it was his duty so to husband his wealth, and limit his expenses, as to supply a regular fund for established charity. And the utmost stretch of his benevolence never led him to suspect that he was called to abridge himself in the most idle article of indulgence, for a purpose foreign to his own personal enjoyment. On the other hand, the squire would assist Mrs. Jones in any of her plans if it cost him nothing; so she showed her good sense by never asking Sir John for advice, or the squire for subscriptions, and by this prudence gained the full support of both.

Mrs. Jones resolved to spend two or three days in a week in getting acquainted with the state of the parish, and she took care never to walk out without a few little good books in her pocket to give away. This, though a cheap, is a most important act of charity: it has various uses; it instructs the poor with religious knowledge, which they have so few ways of obtaining; it counteracts the wicked designs of those who have taught us at least

one lesson, by their zeal in the destruction of wicked books—I mean the lesson of vigilance and activity; and it is the best introduction for any useful conversation which the giver of the book may wish to introduce.

She found that among the numerous wants she met with, no small share was owing to bad management or to imposition: she was struck with the small size of the loaves. Wheat was now not very dear, & she was sure a good deal of blame rested with the baker. She sent for a shilling loaf to the next great town, where the mayor often sent to the baker's shops to see that the bread was proper weight. She weighed her town loaf against her country loaf, and found the latter two pounds lighter than it ought to be. This was not the sort of grievance to carry to Sir John; but luckily the squire was also a magistrate, and it was quite in his way: for though he would not give, yet he would counsel, calculate, contrive, reprimand, and punish. He told her he could remedy the evil if some one would lodge an information against the baker; but that there was no act of justice which he found it so difficult to accomplish.

(To be continued.)

From the Morning Chronicle.

"Thou shalt not steal." This is one of the ten commandments, promulgated amidst thunders & lightnings on Sinai's mount, and written on tables of stone by Jehovah himself—and our Saviour has declared that until heaven and earth pass away not a jot or tittle shall be taken from the law till all be fulfilled. The Decalogue is therefore as binding on Christians, as it was on those to whom it was originally addressed. Moses, the man of God, in all his writings and orations, but more particularly in his last farewell address, strongly urges the children of Israel to keep these holy commandments, and to teach them diligently to their children & their children's children through all generations. Happy would it be for mankind in our day if the same zeal and diligence was universally practiced. The motto I have chosen seems to be misunderstood by many, and its meaning narrowed & perverted by not a few.

Stealing, according to some is the clandestine purloining of property from its lawful owner, by the skulking cowardly thief, and appropriating it to himself. This is no doubt a correct definition as far as it goes. But the design and scope of the commandment is much more extensive, & includes in it all violation of moral honesty. Every man, from the highest magistrate to the pettiest clerk, who is guilty of extortion, bribery or breach of trust, who does not well and truly discharge the trust reposed in him is guilty of stealing.

Every man who overreaches his neighbour, who deceives him in weights or measure, or who sells him an article for what it is not, is guilty of stealing. Every man who contracts a debt with the intention not to pay it, and who holding the property of others, or fraudulently transfers his own, with a view to take shelter behind a bankrupt law, is guilty of stealing.

Every legislative body enacting laws subversive of the immutable principles of justice, holding out temptations to fraud and perjury, and annulling contracts which none but the parties who made them have the power of doing, is guilty of stealing.

Lastly, whoever by falsehood or fraud causes his neighbour to sustain a loss, either in his property or reputation, is guilty of stealing. The amount does not alter the nature of the offence, the principle and the motive are every thing. The boy who begins by stealing an apple, has as effectually shook off the moral restraint as he who robs on the largest scale. How diligent then ought parents and masters to be to teach children and servants their duty, and to eradicate with the caustic of wholesome correction the first appearance of this mean and detestful vice.

Honesty, that homely virtue is coming again in vogue. The maggots which bred and fattened on the rotten part of the paper system,

rating out the industrious part of society, will soon be swept with the broom of destruction. Credit will no longer be substituted for capital. The quantum of useful labour will be increased, and a line of distinction drawn between the man of integrity and the knave—honour and respect will be the portion of the one, shame and contempt the lot of the other.

The Lay Preacher.

From a London paper.

DIED.

Richard Baker, of Westleigh, Somersetshire, England, a small farmer, better known by the name of Conjuror Baker, aged 70, having during far the greater part of his life practised the "Black Art." In noticing the death of a character who for nearly half a century, has been daily and hourly employed in alternately counting the wages of his villainies, and in laughing at the follies of a cheated multitude, it would be no unfit opportunity of taxing the risibilities of our readers, by portraying the deceased knave with all the mirthful embellishments of which his life and occupation are so abundantly susceptible. In common justice, we might for once laugh at him, who has, in so many thousand instances, amused and profited himself by making a jest of others; but his life is too much clogged with the heaviness of a guilty account, to allow one redeeming ray to qualify the lurid aspect of his mortal reckoning. It may surprise the distant reader, whose ears have never been afflicted with the doleful superstitions of the western counties, to be informed, that such was the fame of the deceased wizard, that the educated as well as the uneducated of all classes, were in the habit of resorting to him from all parts of this and the neighbouring countries for the exercise of his cabalistic skill, and on a Sunday, which was a day for his high orgies, vehicles of a superior as well as lowly description, were found to bring him an eager throng of votaries. His reputation was universal, and his gains proportionate. The wonders of his art would fill the Alexandria Library. Bad crops, lost cattle, lost treasure and lost hearts, brought their respective sufferers in ceaseless crowds to his door. They were all overlooked, he said, and they overlooked his knavery in their confidence in his skill. He foretold the South-coastians that the Shiloh would not come, and who but a conjurer would have known this? The tenant of the sterile land was after a careful instruction of the presiding star, advised to provide a certain quantity of manure, which being spread over his ground in the form of ram's horns at 12 o'clock precisely on the full moon light, would infallibly cause a good crop. This astonishing prediction has been repeatedly verified.

Strayed stock, and mislaid property have been strangely recovered, by only being well looked after, provided the wise man had only once taken the matter in hand; and many a relentless Phillis who had parted with her Strophon in a huff, has been heard to exclaim on finding him return at the very hour calculated by the conjurer—that sure Baker and the devil were in partnership. If to juggling artifices & petty fooleries of this description, the man had limited his imposture, he might have left the world with the simple reputation of a knave; but his avarice led him to delude the victim of disease into a fatal reliance on his affected skill, and very numerous are the instances of this description. Charmed powders and mystic lotions were confided in to the exclusion of rational advice and proper remedies, and the death of the old and young has been the consequent penalty of such deplorable imbecility. A child last week died at Wellington, a martyr to its mother's folly of this nature. She consulted the heartless villain and was assured the infant was overlooked. Some powders were given to her, accompanied with the sly verbosity of his craft, which the little sufferer was compelled to swallow, notwithstanding the mother declared that it made her heart bleed to see the agonies of her child while taking the dose. The consequence

was as we have stated; and thus the guilt of a cold blooded murderer, is superadded to the atrocities which have marked the career of this miscreant through life. His habits were those of an unsocial drunkard, but his economy, notwithstanding the expense of his selfish indulgence, has enabled him to leave some property.

[Taunton Courier.

Extract of a letter from Mrs. Hannah More to Mr. Rush, our Minister in England, dated Aug. 25d, 1819.

"It is no small gratification to me to receive the truly interesting report of the Society for colonizing the Free People of Colour. The object itself is most important and dear to the best feelings of human nature, and I am not a little grateful that the Society should think me not unworthy to receive it from themselves. Have the goodness to return my most respectful thanks for this obliging mark of their attention."

UNION HALL, LONDON.

Curious Mode of ejecting a Bad Tenant.

Dennis O'Reilly appeared to answer the complaint of Catharine Donoughue for an assault. Each party was accompanied by a host of friends, and the confusion of tongues was admirable. Mrs. Donoughue described the assault in very vivid terms. She had been "completely upset," she said, by Mr. O'Reilly, because she asked him only for the key of the yard, and he would not give it to her at all, but tripped up her heels instead; and she called some six or seven ladies to prove that they saw her lying flat. Mr. Dennis O'Reilly began his defence with a bow to the ground, and "I'll tell you what it is now, your honour—this is your worship, if your worship's honour will bear me." The Magistrate asked him of a patient hearing. "Then, your worship, as I was telling you, or was going to tell you, Mrs. Donoughue is a complete nuisance; and for an honest woman, she is not a bit of it, your honour—and is it that I would be hating a woman, your honour? that is, your worship!" The Magistrate told him he was inclined to think better of him—Och! surely, your worship, and I would not do it! but Mrs. Donoughue was heaviest at top, she had got a drop in it, your worship, and I put my hand to her shoulder, and go along with you, said I, Mrs. Donoughue! Here Mr. O'Reilly suited the action to the word, and the word to the action, with a peculiar grace, and a most intelligent grin, when the Magistrate catching the idea, said—"Aye and so you just put your hand to her, and down she tumbled?"—"By the powers! and your worship's as right as if you was at your own!" exclaimed Mr. O'Reilly, with another bow, and with a triumphant smile, he added—"I'll tell your worship all the rest of it; Mrs. Donoughue owes the landlord, 14l for the rent of the place, and he can't get her out of it, or get his money either; and so, your worship, what do you think he did now?" The Magistrate shook his head. "Why, he took away from her the key of the—of the—water closet! saving your worship's presence, to see whether that would get her out!" Here a very crowded office was convulsed with laughter, in which Mrs. Donoughue very heartily joined, and after some further conversation, the parties were persuaded to retire and shake hands.

BENFORD, (Pa.) Oct. 14.

A minute detail of the capture of the celebrated David Lewis, and his two associates; the supposed robbers of Mr. James McClelland. In our last week's paper we stated the robbery of Mr. James McClelland, of the house of McClelland & Martin, of Pittsburg, near the Forks of the road on Sideling Hill, in this county. We are now happily enabled, through the highly praiseworthy efforts of some of the citizens of this county and the counties of Millin and Huntingdon, to inform the public, that three men (one of whom is the notorious David Lewis) supposed to be the robbers, have

From the Federal Gazette. CITY BANK OF BALTIMORE. Our readers were informed on yesterday last, that at a meeting of the Stockholders of the City Bank of Baltimore that day, a Report and Statement of the affairs of the Institution was submitted to the meeting by the President and Directors of the Bank. From that statement we made the following abstracts, with as much of the report of the committee of the Stockholders to adjourned meeting yesterday, of the proceedings of that meeting as is deemed necessary to explain the true state of the affairs of the Bank, we publish for the information of our readers.

Statement of the City Bank of Baltimore, 18th October, 1819.

Cr.	
Amount of discounted bills, considered amply secured	\$571,065 21
Proposed doubtful	28,180 89
Brought to be insolvent	43,792 50
Cumberland Road Stock	39,569 41
Exchange Stock	10,000 00
Due to the State of Maryland	4,500 00
City of Baltimore	7,500 00
Cash for specie	3,001 00
Notes of Baltimore Banks	4,475 00
of Merchants' Bank of Alexandria, Somerset Bank, &c.	1,915 87
from Banks whose accounts are not yet finally settled, about	2,000 00
Planters' Bank of Savannah	1,579 84
Branch Bank at Fredericktown	500 00
Drawings	426,083 78
Total	\$1,131,324 12

Dr.	
Amount due to the Stockholders for the capital of the bank	\$832,030 00
Amount due to the holders of notes now in circulation	70,020 00
Amount of Certificates issued since the Bank suspended payment	117,824 03
of the small notes issued \$654 19 has been retired already over and above the amount registered; and it is estimated that there yet remains in circulation from 7 to 10,000 00	
Amount due to other Banks, viz: Office of Discount and Deposit	87,634 36
Union Bank	16,183 53
Franklin Bank	2,488 39
Commercial and Farmers Bank	1,057 84
Mechanics Bank	4,681 00
Philadelphia Bank	112 65
S. Girard's Bank	2,258 62
Bank of Orleans, about	4,500 00
Cincinnati Bank	89 28
Hagerstown Bank	424 00
Amount of unclaimed dividends	5,276 80
of the sundry depositors	17,409 33
Watchmen, Printers, &c. about	350 00
Total	\$1,172,340 03

Messrs. Geo. H. Stewart, John Douglass, Luke Ernan and John Scott, were the committee appointed by the stockholders, to whom the consideration of the report and statement of the President and Directors was referred, the meeting on the 20th. Baltimore, Oct. 22d, 1819. An adjourned meeting of the Stockholders of the City Bank of Baltimore, was held this day, when the Report and Statement (to whom a reference to the Report and Statement of the Directors of said Bank their last meeting) handed in the following report: The committee to whom was referred the Report and Statement of the President and Directors of the City Bank of Baltimore, laid before the Stockholders of said Bank, at a meeting on Wednesday last, and the committee were also authorized and instructed to recommend to the Stockholders at an adjourned meeting on this day, such measures as they might think proper and necessary in the present situation of the Bank, to be taken to the following report: That they have examined with care and attention with a limited opportunity has allowed, the

Statement of the President and Directors, made the whole debt due by the Bank, amount to \$1,172,340 03. Of which sum there being due to the Stockholders \$832,030 00. There remains of course due by the City Bank to other Banks and individuals (including its notes in circulation) \$340,310 03—1,172,340 03. The payment of which sum, remains yet to be provided for. To meet this debt it appears, that the Bank has real estate, cash and debts due to it, amounting in the whole to \$1,181,326 12, which if they could all be realized would leave over and above the capital and debts of the Bank, the net surplus of \$8,986 9. It being notorious however, that a considerable loss must take place in drawing in the funds of the Bank, it becomes the duty of the Committee to estimate with the utmost caution, and at the lowest rate every item for which the Bank is credited in the statement, and in that way they have determined to proceed. According to the first item of the statement, it will be observed, that the bank holds good receivable bills, (a large proportion of which are secured by mortgage, and which this committee consider good) amounting to \$571,065 21. Other receivable bills noted as doubtful in the statement, amounting to \$28,180 89, which this committee estimate at nothing, (of this last desperate item \$26,758 32 is due by one of the late Directors,) 00,000 00. The real estate of the Bank estimated by the Directors at \$7,000 00 this committee estimate at 50,000 00. Cumberland Road Stock, which cost \$39,569 41 15,000 00. Exchange Stock, which cost 10,000 dollars 2,500 00. Loan to State of Maryland 4,500 00. Do. to City of Baltimore 7,500 00. Specie in Bank 3,051 62. Notes of Baltimore Banks 4,475 00. Notes of Merchants' Bank of Alexandria and Somerset Bank amounting to 1,915 87. 87 cts. at nothing, 00,000 00. Debts due from several good banks 4,079 84. Adding to which the over drawings amounting to \$426,083 78 (for a great part of which real estate is mortgaged,) and which this committee at the lowest estimate think will produce at least 98,028 36. The available funds of the Bank may be safely estimated at 760,310 03. From which sum, deducting the whole debt due by the Bank 340,310 03. There will remain in the Bank, a capital \$420,000 00. Which is equal to \$7 1/3 per share. In presenting to the stockholders the foregoing estimate of the present value of the stock of the city bank, the committee cannot do otherwise than express their regret, that the low value which has been assigned to much of the stock of the City Bank, is generally reported and believed. It may now, they think, be confidently said, that the shares of the City Bank are worth at least one half of the sum originally subscribed and paid for them, more especially if the debts due to the Bank, are collected with care and good management. That this, under the direction of the present board will be the case, the committee cannot entertain a doubt, and the only thing now left for them to perform, is, to recommend to the Stockholders (as one of the resolutions directs) the adoption of such measures as the committee may think proper, legal and necessary in the present situation of the Bank. The committee do not find it an easy matter, to point out the precise course which, under existing circumstances, it may be most prudent and beneficial for the stockholders to pursue; but, they will nevertheless, though with diffidence, suggest such advice as they think will conduce to the interest of the stockholders, and they will also offer in support of their advice such reasons, as, in their opinion, will strongly recommend it. The committee think that it will be proper to leave the management of the Bank undisturbed for the present, in the hands of the present board of Directors, and to wait until the first Monday of May next for a further report to be then made to the Stockholders, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, agreeably to law. By that time a large amount of the debts now due to the Bank will, by a gradual and uniform reduction, be collected, and of course the whole or the greater part of the debts now due by the Bank, may also by that time be extinguished. Judging from the great reduction of the enormous debts recently due to the Bank by some of its old Directors and other debtors, within the short period which has elapsed since the suspension of its specie payments in May last, the committee do not doubt that the Bank will at the end of the ensuing six months, be found to be in a much better situation than it is at present; and it must be observed to the Stockholders, that after the exhibition of a new statement of the affairs of the Bank as proposed in May next, they will not only then have an opportunity of judging, whether the present Directors have continued to act as it is hoped and expected they will act, with prudence, good faith and discretion, but will also then have ample time to take measures for winding up the concerns of the Bank, or continuing its operations, according as the one or the other of those courses may then be deemed most advisable. The committee entertain strong hopes that the active operations of the Bank may, at some future period, be resumed, and conducted with profit and advantage to the Stockholders. In that event it would perhaps be necessary, to obtain from the Legislature a supplement to the charter of the Bank, adapted to its present diminished capital and altered circumstances. In the mean time the committee would recommend to the Stockholders to bear with patience the loss of the dividends on their respective shares of stock. This loss, however inconvenient to all or any of the individuals concerned, is nevertheless irremediable for the present, and the committee apprehend that it will contribute not a little to fortify their recommendation, when it is understood that the expenses of the management of the Bank, formerly amounted to \$11,200, are now reduced to the small sum of \$4,350, the Cashier receiving only \$1,500 per annum and the President giving his services without any compensation. 22d October, 1819. G. H. STEUART, Chairman of the committee.

Resolved, That the President and Directors, be authorized to petition the next general assembly, praying that the said Bank may be released from all future payments to the State, of the tax called the school fund. Resolved, That a committee of five Stockholders, other than Directors, be appointed to investigate, and inquire into the manner in which the business and operations of said Bank have been conducted, and to ascertain whether the provisions, limitations and restrictions contained in the act of Assembly, incorporating the stockholders have been complied with, and report at the meeting of the stockholders to be held in May next. Resolved, That Messrs. Cumberland Dugan, Michael Sanderson, John M. Henry, John Diffenderfer and John Scott, compose that committee. Resolved, That the Cashier cause to be printed 500 copies of the proceedings of the day and the report of the committee, and furnish one to each stockholder as called for. Resolved, That the thanks of the meeting be given to the late committee for the patience and ability with which they have investigated and elucidated the affairs of the Bank. (Signed) JOHN E. HOWARD, Chairman. C. C. JAMISON, Secretary. N. B. The following are the gentlemen who constitute the present Board of Directors, and who have discharged their arduous duties with honour and fidelity. SAML. HOLLINGSWORTH, President. Richard Carroll, Hugh W. Evans, Lewin Wethered, Charles Gwinn, James Barroll, John Hillen, John B. Morris, Henry Thompson, John T. Worthington, George Smith, J. B. Von Kapff, William Lansdale, Stewart Brown, John Merryman, Robert Barry.

THE ART OF Penmanship, In verse, with numerous plates, containing all the plain and fancy plain hands, geometrically defined by diagonal ruling on the three-barred stave, and classed according to the Author's plan of instruction:—being the most simple, systematic, and general system of PENMANSHIP, now extant. By F. M'CREADY, Author of Drawing and Painting, A POEM, English Grammar in verse, &c. First Maryland Penmanship, Price 2 dollars; for sale at this Office. * * * * * Mr. M'CREADY having just arrived in this City, most respectfully informs the Parents and Guardians of the young Ladies and Gentlemen, that he proposes giving Lessons in the Art of Penmanship, and Flower, Fruit and Landscape Drawing and Painting. The patronage he has hitherto obtained from a discerning and liberal public, will, he flatters himself, be a recommendation to the enlightened Citizens of Annapolis and its vicinity. Oct. 28.

Public Sale. By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscribers will offer for Sale, at the late dwelling of William Shipley, in the upper part of Anne-Arundel county, near Pascault's Mill, on Thursday the 11th day of November next, All the personal property of said Shipley, except the legacies bequeathed under the will, consisting of negroes, horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, corn, rye, tobacco in the house, plantation utensils, &c. Terms of sale—for all sums over twenty dollars 6 months credit, the purchaser giving bond with security, with interest from the day of sale; for all sums under twenty dollars the cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. At the same time and place, will be sold, agreeably to the last will and testament of said Shipley, part of a Tract of Land, lying in Baltimore county, & adjoining Pascault's mill, containing about 73 acres. As it is presumed, persons desirous of purchasing will view the premises, it is deemed unnecessary to give a description of the same. Terms will be made known on the day of sale. Elias Shipley, } Esq. William Selman, } Esq. Oct. 21.

20 Dollars Reward. Broke gaol at Annapolis, on Tuesday afternoon the 26th instant, Negro DAVID, the property of Mrs. Elizabeth Simmons of Anne Arundel county. David is about 27 or 28 years old, 5 feet 1 or 2 inches high, dark complexion; had on when he escaped, a coarse waistcoat, much patched, osanburg shirt, striped jeans trowsers, and a pair of old shoes. The above reward will be given to any person apprehending and securing said fellow. BENJ. GAITHER, SHERIFF. A. A. C. Oct. 28.

Notice. The subscriber having obtained letters testamentary on the personal estate of John Hyde, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, requests all persons having claims against said estate, to bring them in, properly authenticated, and those indebted to the estate to make immediate payment. Daniel T. Hyde, Esq. Oct. 28.

Notice. The subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in the State of Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Thomas Earle, senr late of the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to bring them in legally authenticated, and those in any manner indebted to the estate to make payment to Susannah Earle, Ex'ca. Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel County, October 26th, 1819. On considering the petition of Benjamin Owens, brother of Thomas Owens, deceased, it is ordered and adjudged by the court, that the letters of administration granted by the register unto William and Nicholas Owens, be revoked, and that notice be published in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer, that the court will proceed, on the ninth of November next, to grant letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Owens, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, to such of the representatives of the said deceased, as may by law be entitled thereunto. By order, Jno. Gassaway, Reg. Wills. For A. A. County. Oct. 28.

Daniel T. Hyde, & Co. Tanners & Curriers. Very respectfully inform their friends and the community in general, that they have commenced **The Tanning & Currying Business,** at the old tan yard stand, formerly kept by Mr. John Hyde, and adjoining the new store of Messrs Barber and Co. where they have on hand, and will continue to keep a **Good assortment of Finished Leather,** and hope, by their strict attention to their business, to receive a share of public patronage. Baltimore cash price given for hides and skins, or leather give in exchange for hides and skins. Country produce taken for leather. October 28.

ADVERTISEMENT.

This is to notify whom it may concern, that on the 23d day of September 1819, a request was held by me, the subscriber, a justice of the peace, acting as Coroner, on the body of a white man found in the mouth of Curtis's Creek, who was so much disfigured that his person can't be described, his clothing was a blue roundabout jacket, and grey pantaloons, in his pockets were found two \$5 notes of the Bank of Baltimore, and specie to the amount of \$137. Given under my hand this 23d of September, 1819.

EZKIEL STEWART, of David. Oct. 7. 3w*

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans court. October 12, 1819. On application by petition of Harriet Dorsey and Saml. Dorsey, administrators of Stephen B. Dorsey, late of Anne Arundel County, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, & that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer, and Morning Chronicle published in Baltimore.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Stephen B. Dorsey, late of A. A. County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 1st day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 12th day of October, 1819.

Harriet Dorsey and Saml. Dorsey, Adm'rs. Oct. 14. 3w*

Lands for Sale.

I will sell on a credit of one year, approved bonds and security being given, at Vendue, at Boswell's Tavern, in the town of Nottingham, on Patuxent, at 11 o'clock, AM, on the second Monday in November next if fair, if not, the next fair day.

The following Tracts of Land: Londonderry, near the brick church, about six miles from Nottingham, containing 241 acres.

Reed's Swamp, a mile or two further, 200 acres.

Cool Spring, in the same neighbourhood, 21 acres.

Pheasant Hills, about four miles from Nottingham, 181 acres.

Scotchman's Hole, nearly opposite Mount Calvert, on the Patuxent, 100 acres.

Fifty Acres in St. Mary's, adjoining the farm of Captain John Jackson.

And on the third Monday of said November, at 11 o'clock, AM, at Samuel Cole's auction room, in the city of Baltimore, Planter's Paradise, containing 400 acres, on the waters of Back and Middle rivers, about 10 miles from town.

The titles good, and any information which may be required, respecting these Lands, will be cheerfully given by me.

W. G. D. Worthington, Baltimore city. Sept. 20.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court September 28, 1819.

On application by petition of James Williams and Lewis Neth, Jun. executors of the last will and testament of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased; it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

JNO. GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills. A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of James Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 13th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 28th day of September, 1819.

James Williams, Lewis Neth, Jun., Ex'rs. Oct. 7.

PRINTING

Of every description, neatly executed at this Office.

Annapolis & Baltimore Packet.

C. & J. BARBER,

Tender their acknowledgments for the liberal patronage bestowed on them, and take this opportunity of informing the public, that

The Sloop Washington

Will continue running between Annapolis and Baltimore, twice a week. She will leave Annapolis every Tuesday and Friday morning at 9 o'clock. Returning, leave Baltimore every Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, and Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. They deem it unnecessary to say any thing on the subject of the superior accommodations of this Vessel for passengers, as it is presumed they are well known, the Vessel having been on the line for some time.

It must be expressly understood, that the proprietors of this Vessel will not hold themselves responsible to the owners of baggage, letters, &c. for any loss which may happen; but at the same time assure the public that they will use every effort to prevent occurrences of the kind.

They also have two good and substantial

SCHOONERS,

Which will carry and bring freight from or to any part of the Chesapeake Bay.

Persons wishing Tobacco brought from the Patuxent, or other warehouses in the State, can have the same done at the shortest notice, by apprising Messrs. Lynch & Craft, Cheapside, Baltimore.

Three Mattresses,

Which came down in their Packet some months ago, and which have never been claimed, are now at their store, where the owner or owners may call and get them on proving property and paying charges.

Also a Trunk, containing wearing apparel & some trifling articles, which appears, from marks on the neck handkerchiefs, to be the property of a John B. Nelson.

All persons indebted to the firm of GEO. & JNO. BARBER, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise legal measures will be taken against them without respect to persons. August 5. 13

FOR SALE,

The Houses, now occupied by Mrs. Robinson as a Boarding house, near the Farmers Bank. They will be sold together, or separate, to suit purchasers. Apply to WILLIAM BREWER, Annapolis, Feb. 11. 32

CENTRAL TAVERN.

That well known establishment, the Central Tavern, formerly kept by Capt. Thomas in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased and put in complete repair, and is now occupied by

JOSEPH DALEY,

Who has opened a large and commodious

TAVERN,

where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unremitted attention and the best of every thing which the seasons afford. Gentlemen attending as jurymen to the county court, and the public in general, will find it to their advantage to give him a call as he pledges himself nothing will be left undone to render every satisfaction to his customers. The best Liquors, and fare of every kind that can be procured, shall be offered to his customers, and the greatest attention and care taken of their Horses. He therefore solicits a share of public patronage. July 20. 14

Land for Sale.

Will be sold at public sale on Monday the 15th day of November next, 120 Acres of Land, lying in Calvert county, about three miles and a half below the upper Church, adjoining Mr. John Lawrence and William Reynolds. This Land is susceptible of improvement by clover and plaster—and a great proportion of Wood Land—and an excellent Meadow with little expense. There are several houses on it one a very good house, will suit a small family. It is unnecessary to give any further description of the property, as it is expected persons wishing to purchase, will take a view of it before the day of sale. Those wishing to view it will call on William Cox, who now lives on it; and will be sold at his house. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale can do so by applying to the subscriber, before that time, living in Anne Arundel county, near South River Church. The terms will be made known on the day of sale. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. HENRY CARR, Sept. 23. 6

Baltimore & West River Packet.

The subscriber having purchased of the Messrs. Barber that large, convenient, and swift sailing schooner, *Edwards Lloyd*, has commenced running her as a regular packet from West River to Baltimore. She will leave West River every Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Baltimore—returning, leave Baltimore every Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. He has engaged a skilful and industrious man to take charge of her. Passengers may be assured that they will meet with the best accommodations.

All orders left at his store at West-River, will be punctually attended to. William Norman, June 10. 21



The New and Elegant Steam Boat Maryland,

CAPTAIN VICKARS,

Has commenced her regular route between Easton, Annapolis and Baltimore—Leaving Easton every Monday and Thursday at 8 o'clock, AM for Annapolis and Baltimore, via Todd's Point, in Dorchester county, and arrive at Annapolis at half past 1 o'clock P. M.—start from thence at half past 2 o'clock, PM for Baltimore.

Passengers bound to Philadelphia, will meet the Union Line of Steam Boats and arrive there the next morning making by this route only 24 hours from Easton to that place—Returning, leaves Baltimore for Annapolis and Easton, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock, AM, arrives at Annapolis at half past 11 o'clock, AM, & starts from thence at half past 12 o'clock, PM arrives at Easton at 6 o'clock same evening, via Todd's Point, Oxford, and at a place known by the name of the Double Mills. The Maryland will also take on board Horses, Carriages, &c. All baggage at the risk of the owners. Sept. 9. 8

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office, Annapolis, 1st October, 1819.

- Amos Ames, John Adams, W. M. Amans Lodge, E. Burk, Jacob Barry, Stephen Beard, W. Bass, Thomas Brewer, Richard Ball 2, Laurence Brent, John James Beowell, Robert Carr, William Charlton, Soveron Crozel, Mr. Collins, Commissioners of Annapolis, Thomas Cross 2, James Collier, Robert Conway, Giles S. Cone, John Campbell, Wm B. Chears, Walter Dorsey, Thomas B. Dorsey, Miss Ruthy Davis 2, Caleb Dorsey, James Daley, Mrs. Elizabeth D. Defender, Archibald Dorsey, Wm. H. Duvall, John Dougherty, Henry Davy, Benj. Elliott Sarah Green, John Gwinn, Rev Wm Gibson, Wm Gardner, Nacky Guseibog, John Galtier 2, Harriot Gale, Monsieur Gimon James Gordon, Philip H. Hopkins, James Hutchins, Robert Hurdle, W. Hone, John Johnson Wm Kitty 4, Dully Kent, Isaac Lyon, Capt. Larimore, Walter Mead, James G. McClean, Henry Murr y, Wm. Merrik, Mrs. Mary Miller, Capt. Isaac Murphy, Wm N. Laudlin, Mrs. Owens, Saml Owens of Richd. Henry Purdy, James Pollard, Henry Price, Ally Parker, John P. elms, Thomas Price, Sam. Pouco, Anthony Robinson, James Rolong, Charles S. Ridgely, Mrs. Ann Robinson, John Rodgers, William Roddy, Henry King, Peter Ross 2, Richd Snowden Dr. Geo. J. Sproston 2 Wm. Straughn, D. O. Sim, Henry Saumenig, Vaohel Severe Gustavus Schemiat, Mrs. Sewell, Lucretia Smith, James Sterrett, John Snyder, John Smith of Robert, John Stewart, Jacob B. Sle maker, Philip Taylor, Miss Elizabeth Thompson, John Thompson, Mrs. Mary Thompson 2, John Taylor, Mrs. P. Thomas, Richd. G. Watkins 2, Jato Ward, Rev. Nathaniel Wheaton, Dr. Anderson Warfield 2, Mrs. Henrietta Worthington 2, Henry Woodward 2, Loren Weston, Charles A. Warfield, Clement S. Whittington, Eljah Wells, David G. Yost. J. MUNROE, P. M.

NEW & VERY CHEAP GOODS.

NICHOLAS J. WATKINS,

Informs his friends and the public, that he has just received a New Stock of Goods, among which are the following:

- Best Saxon Black and Blue Cloth
- Fancy and London Brown do
- Fashionable Mixtures
- Double Milled Drab
- Second do
- Black, Grey and Light Cassimeres
- Light and Dark Mixtures
- Fashionable Light Cord
- White and Coloured Marcellines
- Olive Cords and Flannels, &c.
- And other articles too tedious to enumerate.

Any of all of which will be made up in the most fashionable and substantial manner, and on the shortest notice. Oct. 7. 4

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court, Sept. 14, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Williams, administrator of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel County, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 1st day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of September, 1819.

Henry Williams, Administrator. Sept. 7. 6w*

Farmers Bank of Maryland, 22d September, 1819.

The president and directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, have declared a dividend of three per cent on the stock of said Bank for six months, ending the first and payable on or after the fourth of October next, to stockholders on the western shore at the Bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the eastern shore at the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order. By order of the Board, JONA. PINKNEY, Cash.

The Editors of the Maryland Republican, Annapolis; Federal Gazette and American, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week for three weeks.

THOMAS LUSBY,

Respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has just received, & is now opening, in the house formerly occupied by Lewis Duvall, Esq. at the head of Corn-Hill-street, and on the State-House Circle, a handsome assortment of

ARTICLES

of the Book and Stationary Line, Together with an assortment of

Fancy Articles, For LADIES, consisting of Ladies Portabic Pens, Ditto Suro-Metallic do. &c. &c.

NB. The Ladies and Gentlemen of Annapolis are respectfully requested to call and examine the ARTICLES. Sept. 9. 4w.

NOTICE.

All persons are forewarned hunting with dog or gun, or trespassing in any manner, on the subscribers farm near Annapolis, known by the name of Horn Point.

George Barber, John T. Barber. Oct. 21. 2

CAUTION.

All persons are forewarned hunting with dog or gun, or in any other way trespassing, on the land of the subscriber near Annapolis. Offenders will be prosecuted according to law.

Priscilla Weems, Oct. 21. 2 3w.

New Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

The subscriber takes great pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Boot and Shoe Manufactory, next door to Mr. G. I. Grammer's, and opposite to Mr. Williamson's Hotel, where all persons disposed to encourage him, are desired to call or direct their orders. He hopes by his assiduity and attention to business to deserve, and will be happy to receive, a share of public encouragement; and pledges that his work shall be executed on the shortest notice, after the first fashions, on the most favourable terms, of materials of the best quality, and in the most elegant and durable manner.

WILLIAM YOUNG, Sept. 3. 1f.

LANDS FOR SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Richard H. Harwood, Esq. of the city of Annapolis, the subscribers offer for sale, parts of several Tracts of Land, the whole being in one body, and containing about 216 1/2 acres, being in Charles county, adjoining Bear Town. For terms apply to the subscribers, HENRY H. HARWOOD, RICHARD HARWOOD, of The Annapolis, Sept. 16.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court, Sept. 14, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Williams, administrator of William James, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

The Dwelling House, situated on the estate of the late James Jones, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, which comprises a good establishment necessary for a family, including a carriage house, a stable, a house, a smoke house, a well, a large garden, a large yard, and a good order for the reception of guests. The most choice kind of dwelling house has been repaired within the last year, and is in good order for the reception of guests.

Passengers may be had on of November next, and terms by applying to the subscribers, Mr. Henry Maynard.

JOHN L. MARY, Oct. 21. 2

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office. Declarations on Promissory Notes, bills of exchange against the first, second, and third Estates, assumpsit generally, Debt on Bond and Single Bill, Common Bonds, Appeal do., Tobacco Notes, &c. &c.

JOHN L. MARY, Anne-Arundel County, Oct. 14, 1819.

State of Maryland, sc.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court, September 18, 1819.

On application by petition of Henry Maynard, administrator of William Bowers, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

JNO. GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Bowers, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 13th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 18th day of September, 1819.

Henry Maynard, Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

TAVERN

AND BOARDING-HOUSE

The subscriber is happy to inform his friends and the public, that he has opened a Tavern and Boarding House at the stand lately occupied by Joseph Daley, next door to Mr. Williamson's Hotel, where Travellers and Boarders will be accommodated by the day, month or year, on the most reasonable terms. He has laid in, and will constantly keep on hand, the best assortment of Liquors. Parties who wish to dine with ducks, oysters and terrines, their seasons, and at all times such delicacies as our climate affords. He has constantly on hand the best abundance of Porter, Ale, Beer, Wines, Cordons, &c. of the qualities for his particular friends, whom he promises the utmost attention. RICHARD GRAY, Sept. 16.

CASH STORE

The subscriber has just received

PHILADELPHIA

Fall Goods,

Selected by himself; comprising Handsome Assortment. He embraces this opportunity of tendering his Friends and the Public grateful acknowledgments, for the generous encouragement afforded his establishments; and informs them, he is determined still to offer the same inducement, to continue to congregate, by selling his Goods Remarkably low for Cash. RICHARD RIDGELL, Oct. 21. 2