

EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—Literature well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown.
RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Literature makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XVI.

EASTON, MD. SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1833.

NO. 21.

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TERMS
TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS
Per annum, payable half yearly in advance.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding a square inserted three times
for ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE
CENTS for every subsequent insertion.

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

9th day of April A. D. 1833.
On application of John Stevens, adm'r. De Bonis Non of Charles S. Smith, late of Talbot County deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot County Orphan's court, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 9th day of April A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty three.

Test, JAS. PRICE, Register of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphan's court of Talbot county in Maryland letters of administration on the personal estate of Charles S. Smith, late of Talbot county deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the first day of November next or they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 9th day of April Anno Domini Eighteen hundred and thirty three.

JOHN STEVENS, Adm'r. D. B. N. of Charles Smith, dec'd.

April 20

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

9th day of April A. D. 1833.
On application of John Stevens, Executor of Henry Goldsborough late of Talbot county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot County Orphan's court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed this 9th day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three.

Test, JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphan's court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Henry Goldsborough, late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of November next or they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 9th day of April A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty three.

JOHN STEVENS, Executor of Henry Goldsborough, dec'd.

April 20

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

9th day of April A. D. 1833.
On application of John Stevens, Executor of William Clark, late of Talbot county deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton, also in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Baltimore, and also in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Philadelphia.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot County Orphan's court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 9th day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three.

Test, JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphan's court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Clark, late of Talbot county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of December next or they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 9th day of April A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty three.

JOHN STEVENS, Ex'r. of Wm. Clark, dec'd.

April 20

STORY OF THE TIN PEDLER AND SLEEPY DAVID.

—The following story, extracted from the forth-coming work of "A Yankee among the Noddies," purports to be told to the author by a South Carolinian:—

"The Yankee, as I said before, are apt to be too cute for us in every thing but horse flesh, and even sometimes in that. It was this day three years ago, and on this very spot, that I entered my horse Southern for a purse of 2000 dollars.— He had won a like sum the year before with all ease. In short, he was the best horse at that time in all Carolina. There were to be sure 2 other horses, & very fine ones too, entered against him; but they were no touch to Southern, and I was sure of winning as I am of sitting here at this moment—when who should come along but a yankee with a tin cart? He had one of the shabbiest, and worst looking horses you ever set eyes on.—

He was as lean, slab-sided, crook-legged rough-haired, milk-and-molasses coloured son of a gun as ever went on four legs. He stood all the time as if he was asleep.— In fact, his owner called him Sleepy David. In short, sir, he was such a horse as would not have brought twenty dollars.

"It was near the hour of starting, when the pedler, whose exterior corresponded marvelously with that of his horse, and said his name was Zadock Barker, to the astonishment of all intimated a wish to enter his horse along with the rest.

"Your horse!" exclaimed I—"what that sleepy looking devil there? You'd better enter him for the turkey-buzzards."

"Not's you knows on, Mister," returned the Yankee, with some show of spirit. "To be sure the critter looks rather sleepy as he stands, and on that account I call him Sleepy David; but he's a jif smart horse for all that. He's like a singed cat, a darned sight better than he looks. I should like tarnation well to try him against some of your South Carolina horses. To be sure I didn't come all the way from home on purpose but as I was coming out this way with a load of tin and other notions, I thought I might time it so as to kill two birds with one stone; for thinks I to myself, I can win the purse & peddle off my notions at the same time, I shall make a plaguy good spec. But I had to hurry on like the nation, to get here in season; and that's one reason my boss looks so kind of shabby and out of kilter this morning. But for all that, he'll perform like a day's work, I tell you."

Supposing he had no idea of running his horse, and that all he said was merely to gratify his propensity for talking, I bade him begone, and not trouble me with his Yankee palaver.

"Why, Mister," said he, "this is a free country, and a man has a right to talk or let it alone, just as he can afford. Now I've taken a good deal of pains to get here this morning in order to run Sleepy David against some of your Southern horses. I am a joking, sir, I'm in earnest, I understand there's a purse of two thousand dollars, and I should like amazingly to pick it up."

"You talk about picking up a purse of two thousand dollars with that bit of carrion of yours! Away with you and don't trouble us any further."

"Well, if I can't run, then I s'pose I can't; but it's darned hard any how, for a man to take so much pains as I have to come to the races and then can't be allowed to run after all."

"It's too late now; by the rules of the course the horse should have been entered yesterday; however, if you'll plunk the entrance money, perhaps you may get in yet."

I said this by way of getting rid of the fellow having no idea he could command a fourth part of the sum required.

"How much might the entrance money be?" drawing out a purse containing a few shillings in silver and a few pence in copper. "If it ain't more'n a quarter of a dollar or so, I'll plunk it on the nail."

"It is two hundred dollars!" exclaimed the Yankee. "By gaudy, what a price! Why they axed me only a quarter of a dollar to see the Elephant and the whole caravan in New York. Two hundred dollars! Why, you must be joking now. Bless me! my whole load of tin ware, hoss and all would not fetch that. But, Mister, don't you think I could get in for ten dollars?"

Nothing short of two hundred; and that must be paid in the short space of five minutes."

We now thought we had fairly got rid of the fellow; but he returned to the charge and asked if 50 dollars would't do, then seventy five, then a hundred, and finding he could not make a bargain for less than the regular sum, he engaged to give it, provided he could find any one to loan him the money, for which he offered to pawn his wagon load of notions and Sleepy David to boot. He asked one, and then another; to accommodate him

with a loan—declaring that as soon as he took the purse, the money should be returned, and he would give a dozen tin whistles in the bargain. He, however, got more curses than coppers, until some wag who had plenty of cash, and liked to see the sport go on, lent him the two hundred dollars out of sheer malice.— Though, as it afterwards turned out, the Yankee had money enough about him, and was merely playing the possum all the while.

His next object was to borrow a saddle. Here, also he was accommodated; and taking Sleepy David from the tin cart, he scrambled upon his back, and took his station on the course. You never saw a fellow sit on a horse so awkwardly in all your life. Every body said he would fall before he had gone a hundred yards; and some out of compassion urged him to withdraw.

"Not by a darned sight," exclaimed he. "Why, do you think I'm such a darned fool as to pay two hundred dollars; and then not run after all?"

Others, who wanted to see the sport, though it should cost some broken bones encouraged him to proceed—saying, as they laughed aloud, that they had no doubt but he would carry off the purse.

"That's what I mean to do," said he; "I haint come here for nothing, I can tell you. Wake up Sleepy David, and look about you, you must have your eyes open to-day; it's no time to be snoozing when there is money at stake."

The horse, as if he understood what his master was saying, opened his eyes, pricked up his ears, and actually shewed some signs of life.

The signal was now given to start.— Away sprang Southern with the speed of lightning and away sprang the other Southern horses, leaving Sleepy David far in the rear, and the pedler verging from side to side, as if he was just ready to fall off. The horse went pawing along with his tail clinging close to his haunches and his nose stuck out straight before him; and you never beheld so queer a figure cut by any man and horse as this singular pair made.

But they improved as they proceeded; the Yankee, who looked like a jockey, and the horse evidently gained upon the rest. But it would not do. He came in at least half a mile behind Southern and a little less behind the others.

It was now thought the Yankee had got enough of the race, and would withdraw before the next heat. Contrary to all expectation, however, he persevered; and offered to bet a thousand dollars on the issue of the race.

"The fellow's a fool," said one. "He don't know which side his bread is buttered," said another, or else he would not risk any more money at so desperate a stake."

"He's safe enough there," said a third, "for he has no more to risk."

Here, however, every body was mistaken again, for the pedler hauled out an old greasy pocket book and plunked the thousand dollars. It was covered, of course. But I confess I now began to be staggered; and to suspect the Yankee was after all more knave than fool. I had no fears, however, for the purse. Southern was not a horse to be distanced in one day, and especially by such a miserable looking devil as Sleepy David.

The second heat was now commenced and if I had before felt confidence in the entire superiority of my noble horse Southern, that confidence was now strengthened, as I again saw him come in ahead of the rest. I considered the purse now as my property. In imagination I had grasped it and was about putting it safely in my pocket when—lo, and behold! the pedler's horse, which was behind all the rest shot suddenly forward as if the devil had kicked him on end, and stretching his neck like a crane, won the heat by a head.

Every body was astonished. "That horse must be the devil himself," said one. "At least, he has the devil to back him," said a third; "I was sure he would play you some Yankee trick before he had got through."—Such were the observations that passed from mouth to mouth.

The Yankee in the mean time, offered to plunk another thousand dollars; but nobody would take the bet. And it was well they didn't; for at the third heat, Sleepy David not only distanced every horse, but even came in a full quarter of a mile ahead of Southern himself.

"There by gaudy!" said the Yankee, as he dismounted, "I'll take that little purse if you please, and the other cool thousands! I knew well enough that your Southern horses couldn't hold a candle to Sleepy David."

ANECDOTE.—A pretty little brunette of fourteen, was passing along the street a few days since, when she was accosted by a strange man, rather the worse for liquor, who inquired if her mother was as black as she was. "I believe not," was the reply; "but pray tell me if your father is as blue as you are."
N. Bed. Gaz.

MODERN CYMON.

[From "The Jean" of Paul de Kock.]

Were we to seek an Asmodeus to unroof the houses of the bourgeois of Paris, and exhibit to our view their lives, manners, and peculiarities, Paul de Kock would be our devil on Two Sticks. He is the base of Parisian life, and, with a felicitous wit and sly shrewd satire, hits off the characteristics of the middling classes without caricature, and humorously exhibits their foibles without grossness.

The Modern Cymon is the story of a Parisian scapegrace who is humored by his mother into ignorance and insolence, and his toughness is rubbed off, and the diamond of his honest natural feelings and clever mind polished by an attachment to a fashionable, witty and sensible woman. Reading this novel is like witnessing the performance of 'Simpson's' or 'Mr. and Mrs. Pringle'; for it is a take the character of the Golden Age, and fancy Farren acting it.

HAIR DRESSER.

It was hardly six in the morning, when a little man was seen ringing at the herbalist's door. The little gentleman, who was dressed in a black ribbon, and wore a pair of slippers, and his hair powdered and frizzed, and dressed for a ball; two large curls over each ear, and his hair behind gathered into a pigtail, which, though short, was very thick, and being tied with a black ribbon, and played gracefully from side to side of his neck.

Bellevue, the name of the hair-dresser, and well named he was, was thirty years of age—his face round and ruddy, his nose, although rather large, not thick; his eyes, although rather small, shined like two diamonds; his mouth, though too open, disclosed extremely good teeth, joined to which his eyes were black, his cheeks rosy, his nose small, and his legs well made, it is not wonder then, that with pleasing manners, Bellevue had the reputation of being an extremely well-bred man, a great admirer of his sex, and credit for dressing hair, such taste as any one even in the Rue Royale."

Bellevue the Dancing Master. He was a tall, thin, long legged seven inches wide in the chest, and dressed in a pair of slippers, and placed himself by the bedside in a graceful and elegant manner. In this aerial evant, it was easy to recognise M. Mistigris, the professor of dancing, who, although forty years old, seemed scarcely to touch the ground, his legs were in continual motion—his whole appearance betrayed his profession, and stamped him as a man who thought of nothing but pirouettes.

"We were speaking of you, my dear cousin," said Madame Durand, holding out her hand to M. Mistigris, who kissed it, while standing on one leg. "I was afraid you were not coming."

"You know I promised to be here at twelve, and here I am. I had some lessons to give which made me rather late. Besides, the streets are very dangerous; I saw more than one person upset—Good day, Durand; where is the child?"

"Here," said Madame Mokay. "What do you think of him, cousin?" said Madame Durand.

Oh, there is no judging of him in that way, let me see his legs."

"Impossible just now; he is dressed for the christening."

"If I saw his legs, I could tell you exactly what sort of a man he will make—You may depend, cousin, that it is from the legs alone that you can form a correct opinion. A large or small calf—well or ill-turned—are the unfailing proofs of wit and ability."

"Hah! hah!" said Mademoiselle Aglac Fourreau; "who ever heard of wit in the calf?"

"Every thing is there, Mademoiselle, even the soul."

"As for the soul, cousin," said the herbalist, gravely, "Hippocrate conceives the seat of it to be in the left ventricle of the heart; Erasistratus in the membrane of the brain; and Strabo between the eyebrows."

"Well, if these gentlemen think the soul dwells in the stomach, in the brain, or between the eye brows, I think I have just as much right to place it in the calf—every one has his system."

During the first course there was nothing to be heard but the rattling of the knives and forks, relieved by the noise of M. Mistigris's feet, who was practising steps under the table, all the while he was eating."

puttingly, 'I can make something more than that, sir.'

"Ah, I dare say; a woman must have something to employ her. They can't do as we do, run from cafes to billiards."

"Oh, I can play at billiards."

"Indeed?"

"Oh, yes, we have a billiard-table at my father's country-house, where I often play. I also play on the piano-forte."

"They wanted to stick me down to the fiddle—"

"But music was too much for my nerves—"

"It gave me a pain in my ears—"

"I also learned to draw, and studied, the antique morals—I drew a Cupid which was not thought bad."

"I once drew Punch, after a model too."

"I have a taste for botany; I like going out in the fields."

"Ah, good God! don't talk about it; I remember that my father flogged me because I would not learn the games in Latin. I have forgotten all but the rue."

"But I dropped that for astronomy— Ah! what a delightful study! to learn the names of the planets; to know when Venus rises, when Saturn sets—"

"He sets down when he is tired, I suppose?"

"The polar star; the milky way—"

"Try some of that cream, I'll engage its beats all your milky way?"

"But history is better than all. Oh, history is so interesting, so amusing—"

"Yes, my nurse used to put me to sleep with that."

"Those Greeks and Romans, the fathers killing their sons—the sons killing their mothers—the brothers killing each other."

"What a devil of a set of fellows!"

"Iphigenia, who loved so well—Hector—and that Tarquin, who ran away with Helen—nothing can be more interesting than the siege of Troy."

"My daughter is letting herself out," said Madame Chopard to Bellevue; "she will not stop now."

The King of Prussia and the miller.— There was near Potsdam in the reign of Frederick the Great, a mill which in Prussia is called a wind-mill, from the windows of his favourite residence, the King sent to inquire the price for which the mill would be sold by the owner. For no price," was the reply of the sturdy Prussian—and in a moment of anger, Frederick gave orders that the mill should be pulled down. "The King may do this," said the miller quietly folding his arms, "but there are laws in Prussia," & forthwith he commenced proceedings against the Monarch, the result of which was that the Court sentenced Frederick to rebuild the mill, and to pay besides a large sum of money as compensation for injury which he had done. The King was mortified, but had the magnanimity to say addressing himself to his courtiers, "I am glad to see that just & upright judges exist in my kingdom."

The above anecdote is well known to every reader of Prussian history, but it is necessary to be related here as an introduction to that which follows. About three years ago, the present head of an honest miller's family,—his name is Frank—who had in due course of time succeeded to the hereditary possession of this little estate, finding himself, after a long struggle with losses occasioned by that war which brought ruin into many a house besides his own, involved in pecuniary difficulties that had become insurmountable, wrote to the present King of Prussia, reminding him of the refusal experienced by Frederick the Great at the hands of his ancestor, and stating that if his Majesty now entertained a similar desire, to obtain possession of the property, it would be very agreeable to him, in his present embarrassed circumstances, to sell the mill. The King wrote immediately to him, with his own hand, the following reply:

"My dear neighbour I cannot allow you to sell the mill—it must remain in your possession as long as one member of your family exists—for it belongs to the history of Prussia. I lament, however to hear that you are in circumstances of embarrassment—and I therefore send you 6000 dollars, (about £1000 sterling) to arrange your affairs, in the hope that this sum will be sufficient for that purpose."

"Consider me always your affectionate neighbor,

FREDERICK WILLIAM

Paddy vs Pig.—The risibles of the dwellers on Central st. were the other day strongly excited by a foot race between a Paddy & a Pig. Chucky ran for his life, and Patrick ran for his dinner. Twice, yes thrice did Patrick make a grasp at him, but with a grunt and a bound, the swine escaped his pursuer. "By St. Patrick, (said the Irishman), the baste is like the Oregon settlement, the nearer you get to him the further he is off.—I'll catch him no more had luck to him!"—Lancet Compend.

Nearly invented patent Door Lock, by Mr. Lettes Hammond of Middletown, Connecticut, made upon the principle of locking the door on which it is placed with a word, so that it cannot be again unlocked except by the person who locked it, or by some one to whom he has communicated the word under which it was fastened.

We have examined this lock with great pleasure, as a very ingenious device for security and give the following description of it for the information of the public.

Twenty-six pieces of iron of an appropriate size, having each a cam on them, pass through the lock—these pieces of iron represent the twenty six letters of the alphabet, which are marked on a plate immediately over them—

When these cams are all in a certain position

EASTON GAZETTE

EASTON, (Md.)

Saturday Morning, May 4.

COUNTY MEETING.

The Citizens of Talbot county are requested to attend a meeting at the Court House in Easton, on Tuesday the 7th day of May at 3 o'clock, P. M., to take into consideration the distressed condition of our fellow citizens of Cumberland and to adopt measures for their relief. It is hoped the meeting will be attended by all who can possibly leave home.

The Cholera again.—We consider it one of our highest duties to call the attention of our fellow citizens to this calamitous and awful scourge, and to remind them of what is ascribed to it as its usual course, viz: that it recurs the succeeding season, after its first appearance, with more virulence than at first. We have strong reasons to believe that it has already made its appearance, this spring, in some of our great commercial towns, where we hope every exertion will be made to resist and to guard against its ravages.

When we reflect upon the lamentable havoc of human life made the past year by this desolating pestilence, and see the horrible accounts that are daily now arriving, from the neighboring Islands, our best exertions are called into action for the most efficient and benevolent objects. Early and efficient measures are the great means—cleanliness, regularity and temperance, under Divine blessing will save us.—We suggest to our police and to the citizens at large the propriety of immediate and constant attention to this subject.

Havana.—Extract of a letter to a gentleman in Baltimore received by way of Key West and Charleston:

HAVANA, April 7. The cholera is decreasing and in a few days will have disappeared. The mortality from 26th February to 31st March, as it is said to have been officially communicated to the Government of Spain, amounts, in all, to 13,435, whites and blacks. The deaths since 31st until the present day may be estimated at 1500 more, making a total of 14,935, or one tenth of the population. The disease is spreading through the country, and its ravages are most alarming, especially on the sugar estates, where gangs of negroes have been carried off.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a general circular letter, with a view of repairing as far as practicable, the loss of papers by the late fire at the Treasury. He states that nearly all the correspondence of the Secretary, from the establishment of the Department to the present day has been destroyed, including as well the original letters addressed to him as copies of his original letters. The exceptions are copies of the letters written by the Secretary of the Treasury to Presidents and Cashiers of Banks, from the 1st of October, 1819, to the 20th February 1833; all the correspondence relating to Revolutionary claims under the act of 15th May, 1828, and to claims of Virginia officers to half pay, under the act of 5th July, 1832; and to application for the benefits of the acts of the 2d March, 1831, and 14th of July 1832, for the relief of certain insolvent debtors of the United States. These have been saved. Some other "circulars & letters of instruction" have been saved, so that it will be advisable, before furnishing the Department with a copy of any such paper, that notice be given of its date and nature.

All officers of the United States are requested to furnish to the Department authenticated copies of all letters received from or written to the Treasury office at any time with the above exceptions. All other persons who may have been in office heretofore, and citizens generally, are invited to do the same. The Department undertakes to bear all reasonable expense not exceeding ten cents for every hundred words.

It is requested that originals may be furnished where they can be spared, and that the copies be made in folio foolscap paper with margin for binding, with but one letter on a leaf, written in a fair distinct hand.

GREAT FIRE IN NEW YORK!

The New York papers of Wednesday, received last evening furnish the following particulars of a most destructive conflagration, which occurred in that city early on Wednesday morning.

[From the Daily Advertiser.] Destructive fire—four blocks of buildings destroyed—forty horses burnt to death.

We have the painful duty to record one of the most desolating conflagrations with which our city has ever been afflicted. The fire commenced about 11 o'clock, last night, in the extensive stable of Messrs. Kipp and Brown at the corner of Hudson and Bank streets, and before assistance could be rendered, upwards of forty horses perished in the flames. The block bounded by Hudson, Bank, Greenway and Hammond streets, was burnt to the ground in twenty minutes from its breaking out, and the fire communicated to the adjoining block, taking a westerly direction, which very soon after shared the same fate. About this time the wind, which had been high during the day, now freshened into a gale—the flames soon crossed to the westerly side of Hammond street, and shortly after the centre row fronting on Ferry street and extending all the way to Washington street, comprising altogether four squares, was in a blaze.

Language can scarcely describe the scene of confusion and consternation at this moment—hundreds of families who had removed their furniture to places supposed by them to be secure, were now seen flying in every direction before the fury of the all-absorbing element; in many instances furniture, after being removed, was destroyed by the fire.

Through the dense cloud of smoke and burning cinders, children, half naked were to be seen running to and fro, crying for their parents, and parents in despair shrieking the names of their children!

The destruction of property during this appalling scene, must have been immense, and the extent of suffering and distress in consequence, incalculable. The fire had not been arrested at the time our informant left but

from the abatement of the wind, together with a full supply of water in constant play, at the corner of Ferry and Washington street, it was supposed its progress would be effectually stopped at that point.

The Winchester, (Va.) Republican states that Col. John B. Smith, of Frederick, Mr. Faulkner, of Berkeley, and Mr. Gallaher, of Jefferson, have received from Gov. Floyd the important and responsible appointment of commissioners to settle the boundary line between Virginia and Maryland.

DEATH OF A DRUNKARD. Mr. Peter Schofield in a late address delivered at the formation of a Temperance Society in Upper Canada states a case of spontaneous combustion which occurred in his practice—"It is well authenticated, says the Doctor, that many habitual drinkers of ardent spirits are brought to their end by what is called spontaneous combustion, by which is meant when a person takes fire and burns up, without any visible cause or the application of blaze or fire outwardly. One such case happened under my own observation—it was of a young man about 25 years old—he had been an habitual drinker for many years—I saw him about 9 o'clock in the evening on which it happened. He was then, as usual, not drunk but full of liquor. About 11 the same evening I was called to see him—I found him literally roasted from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot. He was found in a blacksmith's shop just across the way from where he had been. The owner, all of a sudden, discovered an extensive light in one general flame. He ran with the greatest precipitancy, and on flinging open the door, discovered a man standing erect in the midst of a widely extended silver-colored blaze, bearing as he described it, exactly the appearance of the wick of a burning candle in the midst of its own flame—he seized him by the shoulder and jerked him to the door, upon which the flame was instantly extinguished.

"There was no fire in the shop, neither was there any possibility of fire having been communicated to him from any external source—it was purely a case of spontaneous combustion. A general sloughing came on, and his flesh was consumed, or removed in the dressing, leaving the bones and a few of the large blood vessels standing. The blood nevertheless, rallied around the heart and maintained the vital spark until the thirteenth day, when he died, not only the most loathsome, ill featured, and dreadful picture that was ever presented to human view; but his shrieks—his cries, and lamentation, were enough to rend the heart of stone. He complained of no pain of body—his flesh was gone—he said he was suffering the torments of Hell; that he was just upon its threshold, and should soon enter its dismal caverns; and in this frame of mind he gave up his spirit. Oh! Death of a Drunkard! well may it be said to beggar all description. I have seen other death-beds—seen other drunkards die, but never in a manner so awful and affecting—in general they go off senseless and stupid as regards a future state.

The Representatives Chamber.—A material alteration is now making in the Hall of Representatives. The floor is to be raised to a level with the loggia behind the Speaker's Chair, and to descend towards the present principal entrance; the Speaker's Chair is to be placed near the main floor, thus changing the position of the members, so as to front the galleries, the elevation of which will be reduced by adding to the height of the floor, two doors are to be cut out of the walls surrounding the Chamber, one on each side of the Speaker's Chair, and a new gallery is to be formed behind the columns of the loggia. The entrance into this gallery, which, we suppose, will be light and airy, like that in the Senate Chamber, will be through the doors on the south side of the building. The hearing, it is thought will be greatly assisted by these changes; but the magnitude of the room will, we apprehend, be somewhat impaired. By the arrangement now in progress the capacity of the Hall will be considerably increased, and a much larger number of representatives can be accommodated. The room is to be heated by flues passing in various directions under the arched floor, from the furnace in the first story. We suspect, however, that the Speaker will not like his location, as he will be thrown too much in the shade, and subjected to great inconvenience from the want of sufficient light.—Wash. City Chron.

By Divine permission, the Rev. G. G. Cookman, will preach in the Methodist Episcopal Church, to-morrow Evening at half past 7 o'clock.

PRICES CURRENT, BALTIMORE, May 3.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Wheat, Corn, Rye, Oats, and other goods.

MARRIED. On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. L. Warfield, Mr. John Porter to Miss Rebecca Pickering, all of this county.

DIED. At Cheston the residence of W. H. DeConvey, Esq. in Queen Ann's county on the 30th April, Mary Cecilia, only daughter of the late Dr. Wm. A. Daingerfield of Alexandria, D. C.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. ANDREW OEHLER, TAILOR.

TAKES the liberty of informing the citizens of Easton, that he has commenced business in Washington Street, near the Bank, and is prepared to receive and execute orders of every description, in the most correct and fashionable style; and pledges himself to use his utmost endeavor, by industry, punctuality and the use of his best abilities, to render satisfaction.

PARISIAN SCOURING. This department of the advertiser's business he can with confidence assert will not be surpassed, if equalled, by any individual in this or any other city; having had the most perfect experience and given invariably, the most ample satisfaction to those having scouring done by him.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS of every description, can be cleaned so as to make one half worn appear entirely new, by restoring the colours, extracting grease, and preventing the moth from eating them. Easton, May 4, 1833.

SAMUEL MACKAY

HAS the pleasure of informing his customers and the public in general, that he has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore and is now opening at his store, opposite the Court-House.

A handsome assortment of SEASONABLE DRY GOODS.

TOGETHER WITH China, Glass and Queensware.

Also, a general assortment of GROCERIES;

Consisting in part as follows:

Hyson and Imperial TEAS,

Java and Green COFFEE, Prime and Common SUGAR, Malaga WINES, Cognac BRANDY 4th proof, Jamaica and Antigua SPIRITS, Holland and Country GIN, Prime and Common WHISKEY, N. E. RUM and MOLASSES, Mould and Dupt CANDLES, &c. &c.

All of which he offers very low for cash, or in exchange for Tow or Tear Linen, Wool, Feathers, Quills, &c. &c. He invites his friends and customers to call and view his assortment, learn prices, and judge for themselves. Easton, May 4.

LOOK HERE. ONE or two good Cabinet Makers, (single men) who are fonder of work than the subscriber, may obtain work by calling at the Cabinet shop of JOHN MECONEKIN.

N. B. They may have their pay too. Two apprentices of good moral habits from 14 to 16 years of age, will be taken to learn the above business.

WILL be run for on Whitsun MONDAY the 27th inst: (over a beautiful and well prepared Course under the superintendance of the subscriber) an elegant Saddle, Bridle and Martingale. Free for any horse, mare or gelding, half mile and repeat, carrying weight agreeable to the rules of the Easton Jockey Club.

THOMAS WARWICK. Tattersals 4 miles from Easton, 3d May 1833.

NOTICE. ALL persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Jones deceased, are hereby requested to leave them with the Register of Talbot County.

E. N. HAMBLETON, Adm'r. D. B. N. May 4

TRUSTEE'S SALE. ACCORDING to a decree of Queen Ann's county Court, sitting as a court of equity, will be offered at public sale, at Queens Town, on MONDAY the 27th of May next between 11 and 12 o'clock.

A TRACT OF LAND called Wright's Chance, being part of the real estate of Sarah Davidson, deceased, lying in Queen Ann's county, on Winchester's creek, within a mile of Chester river, and about half way between Queens Town and Kent Narrows.

The tract contains 150 acres, 30 cleared, and the rest in heavy Chestnut, Oak and Pine timber, which has been carefully preserved, and, being directly on the water, may be carried at little expense, to any place on the Chesapeake bay. The terms of sale are: one hundred dollars to be paid on the day of sale, and the residue of the purchase money, in twelve months, with interest: the purchaser giving bond and security for the same, to be approved by the trustee. And on the ratification of the sale, and the payment of the purchase money, a deed of conveyance will be given to the purchaser. WM. GRASON, Trustee. May 4 1833

W. HUGHLETT WISHES to purchase for his own use, several healthy NEGRO BOYS, from ten to sixteen years of age. For such, of good character, the cash will be paid, at liberal prices. Galloway, near Easton, May 4 4w

WAS committed to the jail of Talbot county, on the 29th ult. by Thomas Bruff, Esq. as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself STEPHEN JONES, and says he is 39 years of age, and that he belongs to Jacob Wolf of Baltimore. He is a dark mulatto; is 5 feet 5 inches high; and stout made. Had on when committed an old fur hat, check shirt, grey flannel about, striped vest, white kersey pantaloons, and coarse shoes and stockings.

The owner of the above described negro man is required to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law. J. M. FAULKNER, Shff. May 4 1833 8w

150 NEGROES WANTED. The subscriber wishes to purchase one hundred and fifty servants of all descriptions.—Mechanics of all kinds, from 12 to 25 years of age. He also wishes to purchase fifty in families.—It is desirable to purchase them in large lots, as they will be settled in Alabama, and will not be separated. Persons having slaves to dispose of, will do well to give him a call as he is permanently settled in this market and is prepared at all times to give the highest cash prices. All communications directed to him in Easton will be promptly attended to. He can at all times be found at Mr. Lowe's Hotel in Easton. THOS. M. JONES. may 4

AMERICAN NANKEEN,

WARRANTED NOT TO FADE,

Manufactured in Patterson, New Jersey, from Nankeen-coloured Cotton, the growth of Georgia. This new, handsome and purely American article, can be had by the single piece or larger quantity, by applying to NATHANIEL F. WILLIAMS,

No. 14, Bowly's Wharf, Baltimore, May 4

EDWARD STEWART

BEGS leave to inform the Citizens of Talbot and the adjoining counties, that he is now prepared (with a superior stock of timber) to cradle any number of Seythes, provided early application be made. May 4

NEW SPRING GOODS. W. H & P. GROOME

HAVE returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and are now opening, their Spring supply of GOODS, comprising a large and very general assortment of English, French, India and Domestic

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.

All of which will be offered at a small advance for Cash. Constantly on hand a supply of FAMILY FLOUR of the best brands. Easton, April 27 6t.

NEW SPRING GOODS. WILSON & TAYLOR

Most respectfully informs their friends and the public generally that they have just returned from Philadelphia & Baltimore and are now opening at the store house lately occupied by William Clark, de'd and immediately opposite the Court House

a splendid assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.

All selected with great care from the latest importations: their friends and the public generally are invited to give them an early call. Easton, April 27.

Postponed Sale. PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at public auction on TUESDAY, 2d of April next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. on the premises of Edward T. Hopkins & Moore, of Baltimore, viz: Two Houses and Lots on Cabinet street, in the town of Easton, formerly the property of John Tomlinson. Also, one House and Lot on Port Street, in the town of Easton, formerly the property of Joseph Chalmers.

The terms of sale are: one third of the purchase money to be paid in hand, at the time of sale; one third in three months, and the remainder in six months from the day of sale, with interest on the two last payments to be secured by bonds or notes with surety to be approved by the subscriber. On the payment of the whole purchase money, good and sufficient deeds will be executed to the purchaser or purchasers.

Attendance by ISAAC ATKINSON, Agent. March 16 3t

The above sale is postponed until TUESDAY the 23d of April next. I. A. March 30.

The above sale is further postponed until WEDNESDAY the 22d day of May next. April 27 I. A.

MARYLAND Talbot County Orphans' Court, 19th day of April, 1833.

On application of John Harrington, administrator of Nathan Harrington, late of Talbot county, deceased—it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of two successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony whereof the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceeding of the said Talbot county Orphans' court, I have hereunto set my hand & the seal of my office alixed, this 19th day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three.

Test JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Talbot county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Nathan Harrington, late of Talbot county dec'd. All persons having claim against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 20th of January 1834, or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 19th day of April A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty three. JOHN HARRINGTON, adm'r. of Nathan Harrington, n. dec'd. april 20

COLONIZATION MEETING. THE Citizens of Talbot are invited to attend at Easton, in Public Meeting at the Court House on Tuesday 7th day of May, at 3 o'clock P. M. when the Rev. Mr. McKenney, Colonial Agent for the State and State Society of Maryland, will deliver an address upon the highly interesting subject of African Colonization. April 20

NEW STORE.

W. & T. H. JENKINS

Having associated themselves under the firm of W. & T. H. JENKINS, intend keeping a general and well assorted stock of GOODS at the old and well known stand of Jenkins & Stevens, which they now occupy with

A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF BRITISH, INDIA & FRENCH

GOODS,

Recently purchased at the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with much care and attention, at the lowest market prices— among which may be found

Cloths, Cassimeres and Satinets, of various qualities and colors; Merino Cassimeres and summer Cloths, Silks and a beautiful assortment of Bombazines;

A great variety of handsome Gauze, Satin plaid and crape de chine Shawls; also, very rich figured Gauze Ribbons;

A great variety of Artificial Flowers of the latest fashion, recently imported from France, in small boxes;

A very extensive and beautiful lot of Calicoes and painted Muslins adapted to the season and fashions;

Laces of various kinds; Jackson, Moll, Swiss, Plain and Figured Book Muslins; Corded Skirts, &c. &c. Domestic Plaids, Bleached and unbleached Muslins, &c. &c.

A LARGE LOT OF Pennsylvania Tow-Linens, Oenaburgs and Russia Sheetings, &c.—also, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CHINA AND QUEENSWARE.

GROCERIES.

They hope that amongst a good and well selected stock of SUPERIOR WINES & LIQUORS, to please the best of judges. They are confident of the superior qualities of these articles, and will unhesitatingly recommend them as such.

An enumeration of the different kinds is considered unnecessary. They hope however, if gentlemen wish a pure article, they will call and examine theirs before they buy.

Brown Sugars of different qualities, Havana do. double refined Loaf do. good do. Lump do. Collee of every description, &c. &c.

W. & T. H. Jenkins are determined to sell their Goods at a reasonable advance, and in accordance with the state of the markets from which they get supplied, for the cash or in exchange for country produce. They respectfully solicit the attention and a liberal patronage of the public. Easton, April 27.

NEW GOODS. Friends and the public generally, that he still carries on the Baking Business in his various branches at the old stand where he is ready to supply his customers with all the articles in his line on accommodating terms.

He would likewise notify them that he has just returned from Baltimore with a fresh assortment of GROCERIES, CONFECTIONARIES, FRUITS, NUTS, TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES, which, added to his former stock makes his variety complete; and having selected them with great care and attention, he confidently offers them to his friends, on terms which he hopes will be thought reasonable.

He has also just received and is now opening a beautiful and excellent assortment of BOOKS, religious, entertaining and useful, AMONG WHICH ARE:

- Family Bibles, \$ Bucks' Theological Polyglot pocket do. \$ Dictionary, Polyglot Testaments, \$ Rollins' Ancient History, Common Prayers, \$ ry, Methodist Hymns, \$ Josephus, Protestant do. \$ Cook's Voyages, Methodist Protestant \$ History United States, do. \$ History of England, Evidences of Christi- \$ Life of Girard, anity, \$ Young Man's Own Watson's Apology, \$ Book, Watson's Wesley, \$ Young Ladies' Own Methodist Discipline, \$ Book, Methodist Protestant \$ Paradise Lost, do. \$ Night Thoughts, Benson's Fletcher, \$ Course of Time, \$ Year of Wakefield.

A quantity of School Books and Toy Books. Also a variety of Blank Books & Stationery. The Subscriber feels grateful to his friends for the patronage they have afforded him, and while he is anxious to deserve a continuation of their favour.

FREDERICK F. NINDE. Easton, April 13 cow3t (W)

SPRING FASHIONS. Millinery and Mantua Making.

Mrs. Ridgway, RETURNS her grateful acknowledgments, to the ladies of Talbot and the adjacent counties, but more particularly to those of Easton, for the very liberal encouragement she has received from them since she commenced the above business in Easton, and takes pleasure in announcing to them her return from Baltimore in the last Steam Boat, with a general assortment of Millinery and Fancy articles, which she is disposed to sell on the most accommodating terms for cash.

She would also state, that having received a polite invitation from Mrs. Fenby (one of the most fashionable Milliners in Baltimore) immediately on her return from Philadelphia, to view her assortment of spring fashions; that she availed herself thereof, and obtained all her most fashionable patterns. She also visited Mrs. Broadbent at her elegant fashionable store and viewed her new patterns, and will receive by next packet a pattern bonnet of the latest fashion. She therefore respectfully invites her customers, and the ladies generally to call and view them, at her new stand on Washington Street, a few doors below Dover. april 20 3w -

THE STEAM BOAT

MARYLAND

Captain TAYLOR,

WILL commence her regular routes on Tuesday next the 9th instant. She will leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday morning at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge (via the Company's Wharf at Castlehaven) and Easton leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday morning at 7 o'clock for Cambridge (via the Company's Wharf at Castlehaven) Annapolis and Baltimore; leave Baltimore every Monday morning at half past 6 o'clock, for Centerville (via the Company's Wharf on Corlies Creek) and Chestertown, and return to Baltimore the same day. All baggage and Packages at the risk of the owners thereof. April 6

BARK AND LEATHERS. The Subscribers wish to purchase 150 Cords of Tan Bark for which they will pay Cash, or exchange for Leather. They also have on hand & constantly keep a general assortment of Upper and Sole LEATHER, which they will sell on pleasing terms for Cash, hides, Bark or Sheep Skins. HENRY E. BATEMAN & CO. April 15 6t (W)

OFFICE OF THE CANTON COMPANY OF BALTIMORE, April 3rd 1833. PROPOSALS TO THE PUBLIC for the sale and leasing of Building Lots, Sites for Manufactories, and locations possessing commercial facilities suited to the various purposes of trade and commerce.

THE CANTON COMPANY OF BALTIMORE, having made the necessary improvements on their extensive premises preparatory, and particularly respective to commercial operations and suitable for the accommodation of settlers of various classes and professions, and completed their arrangements, are now ready to receive applications for purchasing or leasing any part of their premises. It is therefore proper in this stage of their progress to promulgate their plans and publish their intentions.

The Canton Company of Baltimore make their proposals to the enterprising of all classes and professions. Their recent purchases of land connects their premises with the improvements on Fleet-st; and have effected a contiguous location, and an identity of interest with the wharves and warehouses at Fell's Point. It is therefore not presumed too much to anticipate a full co-operation of all the enterprising citizens in the eastern part of Baltimore, in extending the Rail Road eastwardly from its present termination in President street, to the Company's premises during the present season. The distance is short—the facilities of construction of the Rail-road track are such as will require only a small expenditure, and divided amongst property holders who will be directly benefited by this measure, would not be felt.

The Canton Company have made arrangements for constructing, and will immediately commence, several Ship Yards at Cedar Point for the accommodation of some of the most enterprising Ship Builders in the country. They have also made arrangements for a large supply of Bricks, in addition to those furnished from their own Brick-yard.

Also, have arrangements in progress for securing a supplies of Lumber for building, Enterprising Carpenters and Bricklayers who have a small capital to invest, will meet with encouraging overtures to build on the Company's premises, the Company furnishing Lots, Bricks and Lumber, at satisfactory prices, and on terms which will be mutually advantageous to the contracting parties.

The land graded for building and business purposes the past year, on Cedar Point, the west side of Harris' Creek, and west of Patterson's wharf, contiguous to Fell's Point, amounts to about 500,000 superficial feet. As these locations and the contiguous deep water, are indispensable to the increase of the population, trade and commerce of Baltimore, the enterprising and discerning, especially of the rising generation, cannot fail to appreciate their value, and it is hoped will avail themselves of the liberal conditions and chances of profit which will reward the first participants in this growing enterprise. The Canton Company, therefore, in order to encourage the industrious and enterprising, and to meet with becoming liberality the overtures of purchasers, have designated TWO HUNDRED VALUABLE LOTS, advantageously situated in reference to the improvements already made, and will sell them by public auction on WEDNESDAY the 15th day of May next, to the highest bidder, without reserve, the sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. on the premises.

The Company confidently expect, that the completion of the measures now in progress to furnish the requisite facilities for an active business on the premises, will form a nucleus, which will possess the elements of a healthy prosperity—furnish a satisfactory guarantee of a constant progression in all the various callings and professions which constitute a prosperous commercial, manufacturing, and trading community; from which as a common center, will diverge the means of a future and rapid increase.

It may be questioned whether the cities in ancient story, which rose from small beginnings to wealth and magnificence, before mankind were skilled in naval architecture, and commerce, possessed the elements of prosperity equal to the favoured city of Baltimore, and especially to that part of Baltimore known as the premises of the Canton Company. With a confidence of success in their undertaking, growing out of a knowledge of the unquestionable value of their location for extensive commercial operations, The Canton Company of Baltimore invite the attention of enterprising men throughout the United States to an investigation into the merit of their enterprise, in the full belief, that approbation of the undertaking will, in all cases where circumstances shall favor the measure, result in a profitable co-operation. PER ORDER, HENRY FITZ, Secretary.

Application for any of said two hundred lots at private sale, will receive prompt attention. april 15

The Gazette, Easton, Herald, and Examiner, Fredericktown, will copy the above once a week to five successive weeks, mark cost, and charge the Baltimore Chronicle Office.

SAMUEL OZMON,
Cabinet Maker.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the above business in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Edward Mullikin, at the Post Office, and nearly opposite Mr. F. Nindo's Bakery.

He has just returned from Baltimore, with a first rate assortment of **WELL SEASONED MATERIALS** in his line, which he is prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice, into FURNITURE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, and on the most reasonable terms.

All orders for COFFINS, will be thankfully received, and the strictest attention will be paid to funerals by Mr. Thomas Oldson or myself, who can at all times be found at the shop.

He has also a first rate TURNER in his employ, who will execute all orders in his line with neatness and dispatch.
Easton, April 6. dt

JOHN MECONEKIN,
CABINET MAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public, that he has just received his **SPLENDID STOCK OF MILLERIES**, in his line, which he is prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice, into furniture of all descriptions, which he will warrant will be as good, and will be sold as low, as they can be purchased in Baltimore, or elsewhere. He invites the public to call at his Ware Room, where he has now on hand some MAHOAGNY SIDEBOARDS, BUREAUS, TABLES, BEDSTEADS, &c. which he will dispose of very low.

He earnestly requests those of his friends whose accounts have been long standing, to call without delay and settle, as they must know it is impossible for him to carry on his business to advantage, without, at least, a little Cash.

J. M. would also acquaint the Public that he has in his employ a first rate Turner, who will execute any business in his line with neatness and dispatch. Old Chairs repaired at the shortest notice.

Two apprentices of good moral habits from 14 to 16 years of age, will be taken to learn the above business.
March 2

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he still carries on the **BLACK AND WHITE SMITH BUSINESS** in all its various branches, and that he has in his employ Mr. Wm. Thompson, who served his time in the City of Baltimore, and who is a first rate horse shaver. Gentlemen who may favor me with any work in my line, I pledge myself, shall have it done in first rate order, with quick dispatch, on as reasonable terms as it can be done by any good workman in the country, and will take any kind of trade that will suit me at the market prices. Customers will call at **141 Day Street** near Barton's old stand, and my name, **WM. VANDERFORD.**
Ob't. Serv't.
Easton, Jan. 19



The Baltimore Races over the Central Course.

SPRING meeting 1833, will commence on TUESDAY, the 14th day of May, and continue four days.

First Day—A Sweepstakes for four years old; entrance \$500, h. f.; four mile heats; six subscribers and closed.

Second Day—Two Mile heats, for the Craig Cup, cost 500 dollars with a purse of the same amount—entrance money depending on the number of subscribers. The stakes to be deposited with the president of the club. The Winner, to take the purse, or the cup, at his option—When he elects to take the cup, the purse to remain, and be invested in plate, under the direction of the President and secretaries of the Maryland Jockey Club, and to be run for as they may from time to time prescribe. To close and name by six o'clock, P. M. the day previous.

Same Day—A Sweepstakes for colts and fillies, three years old, (for Maryland & District of Columbia) mile heats entrance \$100, h. f. Six subscribers and closed.

Third Day, proprietors purse \$500; three mile heats entrance \$15.

Fourth Day, Jockey Club purse \$1000; four mile heats, entrance \$20.

JAMES M. SELDEN, Proprietor.

On the day previous to the regular races, (Monday 13th) a match race, for 500 a side, two mile heats, between Mr. Dorsey's b. h. Upton, by Mayday, and Mr. Boyce, b. h. Munson, by Ratler.
April 20 4w

100 Prizes of a \$1000.

NEW YORK LOTTERY.

Extra Class No. 15.—To be drawn on Wednesday, May 29, \$20,000, Highest Prize.

\$20,000, 10,000, 5,000, 10 of 3,000, 100 of 1,000, 16 of 500, &c. &c. Amounting to \$366,080

A package of 22 whole tickets, by certificate cost \$124—package of Halves, \$62—package of Quarters, \$31—Eighths, \$15.50.

Orders from any part of the U. States will receive the same attention as on personal application. When \$10 and upwards are remitted, postage need not be paid.

SYLVESTER is regularly licensed by the several States in which he has offices, (at New York, Baltimore, Fatsburg, Nashville, and New Orleans,) thus all tickets issued from his office are genuine and guaranteed by the Managers.

*For capital prizes, orders from the country must be addressed to

S. J. SYLVESTER,

BALTIMORE, Md.

ANOTHER THOMPSONIAN OR BOTANIC PRACTITIONER.

Prove all things and hold fast that which is good.

THE AMERICAN Friendly Botanic Infirmary.

THE Advertiser takes this method of informing the sick and afflicted of every grade, that he has opened an Infirmary, upon botanical principles in which they can receive medical attendance and board upon reasonable terms, to suit the circumstances or times of the patients, or if they prefer it they will be attended at their places of residence. This Infirmary is founded entirely on botanic principles to the exclusion of Minerals and the Steadying of blood.

He is also prepared to administer the cold, warm, tepid, hot, vapour, shower and Medicinal Baths. "To those who are past the meridian of life," says Dr. Darwin, "and have dry skins and begin to be emaciated, the warm bath for half an hour twice a week, I believe to be eminently serviceable in retarding the advances of age." Acting upon this principle, this learned physician relates that when Dr. Franklin was in England, he recommended the latter to use a warm bath twice a week; a practice which he afterwards continued till his death. He will at all times keep on hand a regular supply of Thompsonian Botanic Medicine, for sale by

JOHN ROSE, M. F. B. S.

No. 20, Harrison St. Baltimore.

N. B. The subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has engaged a medical gentleman from New York to assist him in the branches of the healing art as taught in the old schools and at the Reformed Medical College in New York, having had considerable Hospital, Infirmary and private practice in the city of New York, he feels himself fully adequate to discharge his duty both as a physician and a surgeon.

Select Lectures on Midwifery as soon as a sufficient number of Students can be obtained by Dr. J. P. Lockward.

April 13.

The Annapolis Republican, Frederick Herald, Easton Gazette, Kent Enquirer, Centreville Times, Norfolk Beacon, Richmond Enquirer, will please copy the above to the amount of two dollars each and send bills to Baltimore Postoffice.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county court, and to me directed, against Levin Mills, at the suit of John Arringdale, use of Nicholas Hammond, will be sold at Public Sale for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 14th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M. the following property, to-wit:—all that farm or plantation of him the said Levin Mills in the Chappel District in Talbot county, on which Levin Mills, jr. resides, consisting of the following tracts or parts of tracts of land to-wit:—part of a tract of land called Fork, part of a tract of land called Hetsley, and containing 190 acres of land more or less—also, an adjoining tract of land called Forrest and Dike, containing 113 acres of land, more or less—taken and well secured and sold at the said venditioni exponas, and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

Attendance given by

WM. TOWNSEND, late Shif.

April 20 4w

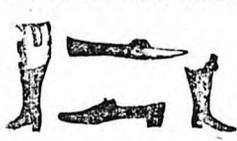
SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot county court, and to me directed, both at the suit of Gerard T. Hopkins and Benjamin P. Moore, against Joseph Chain, will be sold at Public Sale, at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 14th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. the following property, to-wit:—all that lot of parcel of ground called Clifton, situate on Dover Road, near Dr. Theodore Denny's Farm, containing ten acres of land, more or less. Also, a lot of land on Dover road containing half an acre of land more or less, taken and well secured by the said venditioni exponas, and to become due thereon. Attendance given by

WM. TOWNSEND, late Shif.

April 20 4w

MORE BOOTS AND SHOES.



The subscriber, grateful for past favors, begs leave to announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening a splendid supply of the above articles, which, having been selected by himself, he is warranted in saying is equal, if not superior, to any heretofore offered, which added to his former stock, renders his assortment extensive and complete. Comprising gentlemen's boots and shoes of all descriptions, Ladies Lasting, French Morocco, Seal Skin and Calf Skin Slippers and stropped Shoes; servants coarse and fine shoes, and a variety of children's morocco and leather boots; also a beautiful assortment of hair and red morocco trunks, Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. He invites the public to call and view his supply, hear his prices, decide for themselves and he thinks if economy is at all consulted, he will receive as he has endeavored to merit a continuance of public patronage.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.

JOHN WRIGHT.

April 27

LYMAN REED & CO.,

Commission Wool Warehouse

No. 6, SOUTH CHARLES STREET

BALTIMORE.

N. B. Letters post paid requesting information respecting the state of the Market will receive immediate attention.

March 30.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot county court, and to me directed against Samuel Tenant, at the suit of John Dorgan, Trustee for the sale of the real estate of John Merchant—will be sold at public sale, at the court house door, in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 14th day of May next, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, P. M. all the equitable right, title and estate, of him the said Samuel Tenant, to a House and Lot in St. Michaels, late the property of Wm. Merchant, deceased. Also, on the same day and place aforesaid, between the hours aforesaid, will be sold at public sale, by virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed against John Graham, security of John Dorgan, 8 head of cattle and 3 head of horses—the above named property seized in both cases, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance due and to become due on the above mentioned venditioni exponas. Attendance given by

E. N. HAMBLETON, former Shif.

April 20.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of one writ of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot county court, and to me directed, against Joseph P. Harris, at the suit of John Leeds Kerr, and one writ of fieri facias against same, at the suit of Wm. W. Moore, will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 14th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 6 o'clock, P. M. of the said day, the following property to-wit: all that farm or tract of land at the Hole-in-the-wall, formerly the property of James Cain and now in the possession of said Harris, the quantity of acres what it may, also—4 cows, 3 young steers, 2 heifers, 20 head of sheep, 1 yearling of oxen, 2 carts, 1 negro boy Frisby, 1 negro man John, 1 negro boy Basil, 1 negro girl Ann and 4 head of horses, all taken as the property of the aforesaid Joseph P. Harris, to pay and satisfy the above named venditioni exponas, and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

J. M. FAULKNER, Shif.

April 20 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, by the clerk thereof against Jesse Delahay, against Jesse Delahay, will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton on Tuesday the 14th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. of said day, the following property, to-wit:—all the right, title, interest and claim of Jesse Delahay, of, in and to, a farm in Oxford Neck, now in the possession of said Delahay, also, 4 head of horses, 1 six, 1 ox cart, 1 horse cart, 1 yoke of oxen and eight head of cattle; all taken as the property of said Delahay, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid writ of venditioni exponas, and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon, attendance given by

J. M. FAULKNER, Shif.

April 20 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot county Court and to me directed, and delivered, by the clerk thereof, against James W. Abbott, at the suit of William Bullen, administrator of Thomas Bullen, and the other of horses, 1 six, 1 ox cart, 1 horse cart, 1 yoke of oxen and eight head of cattle, all taken as the property of the aforesaid James W. Abbott, taken as the property of the aforesaid James W. Abbott to pay and satisfy the aforesaid writs of fieri facias and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon, attendance by

J. M. FAULKNER, Shif.

April 20th 4w

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at private sale, on very accommodating terms, that small and convenient brick dwelling, situate on Harrison street, in Easton, at present occupied by Mrs. Mary E. C. Nicholson.—For terms apply to

A. GRAHAM.

Easton, Jan. 5 1833.

NOTICE.

The commissioners for Talbot County, will on Tuesday the 19th inst. appoint Constables for Talbot County, on Tuesday the 2nd of April will appoint Overseers of the Roads, and will set Tuesday and Friday in each week for four weeks from Tuesday the 2nd April next to hear appeals.

Per Order

THOS. C. NICOLS, Clk.

March 16

New and Splendid Assortment of



BOOTS AND SHOES.

The subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening the best assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, that he has ever had. His friends and the public are requested to call and see him. He is determined to sell at the most reduced prices for Cash. He has also a great variety of Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. &c.

PETER TARR.

April 13

NOTICE.

Retailers, Traders, Ordinary Keepers, Victuallers and all persons, Bodies Corporate or Politic in Talbot county, and all persons whom it may concern are hereby cautioned to obtain a License or renew the same according to the provisions of the act of Assembly entitled an "Act to regulate the issuing of Licenses to traders, Keepers of Ordinaries and others," before the 10th day of May next ensuing.

J. M. FAULKNER, Shif.

Easton, April 6th 1833.

TO MILLERS & OTHERS.

THE subscriber, No. 60 South Calvert St. few doors above Pratt, has on hand and offers for sale, on pleasing terms Wire Safes of the most approved kinds; Woven Iron Wire, suitable for Rolling and standing Screens, for merchant mills, and flax seed; Riddles and Sieves, assorted, for meal, cockle, lime, sand, coal, rye, oats, flax and clover seeds, wheat, snuff, starch and brick dust. Plain and fancy Wire Work neatly executed, for cellar windows, libraries, &c. &c.

JACOB BALDERSTON,

Baltimore, April 13 37

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

ALL persons being in arrears on execution are requested to come forward and make immediate payment of the same, or make satisfactory arrangement with the Plaintiff on or before the 9th day of April next, otherwise their property will be immediately advertised for sale, without respect to persons. I would also say that those persons indebted for officers fees who are instructed to collect the same according to law. Those persons who are indebted on executions or for officers fees will please call and settle the same with Jos. Graham who is duly authorized by me to receive the same.

The Public's Obedient Servant

J. M. FAULKNER, Shif.

March 30

The subscriber may be found at the office of Thos. C. Nicols, Esq. at most hours, every business day—where persons interested in the above notice will please call and settle, without delay, as I am compelled to obey the instructions I have received.

JO. GRAHAM, D. F. H.

March 30

Easton and Baltimore Packet

SCHOONER EDGAR.

ROBINSON LEONARD, Master.

THE Subscriber grateful for past favours of a generous public, begs leave to inform his friends and customers and the public generally, that the Packet Schooner Edgar, will commence her regular trips between Easton and Baltimore on Sunday the 17th instant, leaving Easton Point every Sunday at 9 o'clock, A. M. and returning leave Baltimore on Wednesdays at the above named hour during the season. The Edgar is a new substantial vessel, built of the best materials that our country will afford, copper-plated and coppered and is now in complete order for the reception of freight or passage.

N. B. All freights intended for the Edgar will be thankfully received at all times at the subscriber's granary at Easton Point and all orders strictly attended to by the

Public's Ob't. Serv't.

ROBERT LEONARD.

Feb. 16

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of Talbot county court, sitting as a court of Chancery in the case of John Stevens adm'r. of Thos. Perrin Smith petitioner, deceased, against Benjamin Kemp, and Elizabeth his wife; William Edmondson and Mary B. his wife and others defendants, the subscriber as trustee will expose to public sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, on TUESDAY the 7th day of May next between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. the lands and real estate of William Barton, dead, as follows, the dwelling house, blacksmith shop, lot &c. on Dover street in the town of Easton, at present occupied by Mr. Wm. B. Phillips—the house and lot adjoining the above and occupied by Mr. Wm. Edmondson—a small lot of ground near the "White Chimney"—also a lot or parcel of land, lying on the D. ver road, opposite Dr. Denny's farm, supposed to contain about fifteen acres. By the terms of the decree a credit of twelve months will be given on the purchase money, the purchaser or purchasers, giving bond with approved security to the Trustee as such, for the payment of the same with interest thereon from the day of sale till paid, and on the payment of the purchase money with interest, and the ratification of the sale by the court, and not before, the trustee is authorized to convey the lands and real estate aforesaid, to the purchaser or purchasers free, clear and discharged from all claim of defendants and complainants, or either of them.

The creditors of the late William Barton are hereby notified to exhibit their claims and vouchers properly authenticated to the Clerk of Talbot county court, within six months from the day of sale, or they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the money or monies arising from the sale of the lands and real estate of the said William Barton late of Talbot county deceased.

April 6th

JNO. STEVENS, Trustee

COLLECTOR'S SECOND NOTICE.

THE subscriber desirous of completing his collection for the year 1832 earnestly requests all those who have not settled their Tax, that they will no longer defer the payment thereof. The collector is bound to make his payments to those who have claims on the county in a certain specified time, which has nearly expired, and is much pressed for the same, therefore those in arrears must be prepared to settle the amount of their Taxes when called on, or in case of their neglect to do so, the law shall be his guide.

PHILIP MACKAY, Collector.

April 13

SHANNONDALE.

THE full bred horse Shannondale, a dark sorrel, being in fine stud condition, will stand in season, the remainder of his time at the subscriber's stable on the following terms, viz: Six dollars the spring's chance; 12 dollars to insure a mare with foal, three dollars the single leap and twenty five cents in each case to the groom.

JAMES BARTLETT,

Talbot co. March 16, 1833.

CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify that Shannondale was got by the imported horse Eagle and was raised by Thomas T. Lowry, and sold by said Lowry to Mr. Cato Moore of Charlottesville, Virginia, and by C. Moore to Thomas R. Hammond of the same town, and the dam of this horse was got by the imported horse Bedford, and that she was full blooded and raised by S. G. Fanteroy of King and Queen county, Virginia.—Any further information that may be wanted can be obtained by application to Mr. Lowry or to Thos. R. Hammond.

JOHN M. GAYLE.

Gloucester Court House, }
Va. March 3d 1828. }

THE JACK

BASHAW,

WILL attend his old stands the present season—for terms see handbills.

N. GOLDSBOROUGH, M. GOLDSBOROUGH.

March 23.

TO TAILORS.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the trade, that the ensuing Report of the Spring and

SUMMER FASHIONS,

will be ready for delivery between the 10th and 20th of April; it will be got up in a style of superior elegance and beauty; also a publication on the art of Cutting; containing a full and explicit treatise; and comprising all that has been published on this subject in the United States, since 1827, and which will be an invaluable manual in the hands of the trade. Such of the trade as will forward to me by Mail or otherwise postage paid, \$5 before the 20th instant will have the Report by return of Post.

P. FINEGAN, Tailor.

Agent for James G. Wilson, New York. Elkton, Md. April 13 1833.

Bel-Air Citizen, Easton Gazette, Kent Enquirer, will copy the above to the amount of one dollar; and charge the Central Court.

The thorough bred young Horse

DEY OF ALGIERS.

The best son of Rinaldo, will stand the ensuing season at the subscribers stable, and will be let to mares at 10 dollars the spring's chance, 15 dollars to insure a mare in foal, and 50 cents in each case to the groom.

THE DEY OF ALGIERS

will be 3 years old in May next, is near 15 1-2 hands high, is a dark bay or brown, with a fine silken and glossy coat. In muscular powers, symmetry of form, and lofty carriage, superior to his sire. His dam Cray Jane by Oscar, grand dam Eglantine by the Dey of Algiers, grand grand dam imported with Dey of Algiers. The two last animals were imported by Col. Swann, and were accompanied by well authenticated certificates, proving them to be full bred Arabians of the best class.

E. N. HAMBLETON.

March 16 Sw

THE CELEBRATED HORSE

RED ROVER,

IS now in fine stud condition, and will stand the ensuing spring in Talbot county, Maryland, viz: Easton, St. Michaels, the Trappe and Chapel. The prices on which the services of Red Rover will be rendered are as follows: Six Dollars the Spring's chance, 15 dollars to insure a mare in foal, Three Dollars the single leap; with twenty five cents cash to the Groom in each case. The insurance money to be paid by the 25th January, 1834; the money for the season to be paid by the 20th August next; the money for the single leap to be paid at the time of service. Mares insured and parted with before it is ascertained they are in foal, the persons putting will be held accountable for the insurance money.

RED ROVER, is now nine years old, of the best blood in the country, as by reference to his pedigree published in hand bills will appear. Red Rover is a beautiful sorrel, nearly 16 hands high, with a bold and lofty carriage, great bone and sinew, his general appearance commanding, admired and approved by judges. Red Rover it is believed possesses more of the Medley blood than any other horse on this shore, or even in this State, as due reference to Turf Register for sire and dam, will appear. Red Rover is now in Easton, and will remain here until the 20th inst. at which time he will commence his season. For stands, time of standing, pedigree, certificates, progeny &c. see hand bills and Turf Register.

J. M. FAULKNER.

March 23

RATOLIFFE.

A beautiful bay with black legs, mane and tail, five years old this spring and 16 hands in height, will stand at Easton this season on Tuesday, the residue of the week at the stable of the subscriber. He will be let to mares on the following terms, viz:—eight dollars the Spring's chance, 12 to insure and 4 the single leap, in each case 50 cents to the groom. As to bone, figure and action, it is believed this horse is excelled by none in the county; the public however, will judge for themselves upon these points. Ratcliffe was sired by Mr. Raudolph's fine horse Rinaldo, his dam by Wm. R. Stewart's Messenger (who obtained the prize at the Easton Cattle Show.) he by the celebrated horse imported Messenger.—Ratcliffe's grand dam was a thorough bred mare raised by John Edmondson, Esq. (see certificate below.) Thus it appears that he is descended from the finest blood in this country. Sir Archy on the part of his sire, and imported Messenger on the side of his dam.

HENRY HOLLYDAY, Talbot county, April 13th 1833.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the bay mare sold by me to Henry Hollyday, Esq. was sired by Cockfight (raised by Gen. Stewart, of Charles county) and afterwards sold to Col. Edward Lloyd, her dam by Venitia, her grand dam by Figure, raised by Benjamin Ogle of the city of Annapolis, from the imported Figure, her great grand dam by Paquet, imported before the Revolution.

JOHN EDMONDSON.

The stock of horses on the dam side, more highly prized and valued by my Father than any other from which he had ever bred, both for their speed and invincible spirit.

J. E.

MOSCOW

Will stand the present season at the Trappe on Friday and Saturday, the 5th and 6th of April; at Easton, the Tuesday and Wednesday following, and will attend each of the above stands

EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—Literature well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown.
RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XVI.

EASTON, MD. SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1833.

NO. 22

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING
BY ALEXANDER GRAHAM.
TERMS
TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS
Per annum, payable half yearly in advance.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding a square inserted three times
for ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE
CENTS for every subsequent insertion.

Correspondence of the *Portland Daily Advertiser*.

AUGUSTA, (Geo.) April 5, 1833.
Once more I am upon the wing, now wending my way for New Orleans, because it is vain to attempt the passage of the Cherokee country towards Nashville, there being no carriages, and the only mode of travelling being on horseback, which is not so comfortable under a burning sun, to one not habituated to these hot regions, and not well versed in traversing Savannah, and crossing big rivers, perchance full of alligators. The weather is most uncomfortably hot.—Vegetation is all alive, and fast hastening to maturity. I see negroes and negroes hoeing the large cornfields, which sometimes extend as far as the eye can reach. Rice in Georgia is already above ground. I forgot to tell you before that a full week since, green peas were for sale in the market of Charleston.

I left Charleston yesterday morning for Augusta, one hundred and forty five miles off. We were landed by 11 A. M. at the Phoenix Hotel in this city, which by the way, is almost the only place in the southern states, I have met with, deserving the name of a Hotel. If no delays had occurred, we should have been here from five to eight A. M. As the Rail Road contemplated to extend from Charleston to Hamburg, a town just across the river, is not quite finished, we could travel but half the distance on the Rail way. The cars over this Rail Road are propelled by steam, and steam alone, for the construction of the road is not such as to admit of horse power. The road is built of live oak timber with piles driven into the ground, and is of a single track. It is not passable for any thing but steam carriages, not even for passengers. It is over a very level road, and probably the highest elevations are not twenty feet, nor the deepest excavations over twenty five feet. It extends chiefly through one continued pine barren, but goes over many swamps.—Edisto swamp, which it crosses is very large. Edisto river upon which the swamp borders, is crossed on a bridge built for the steam cars exclusively. At times, when we were crossing these swamps at the rate of 12 or 15 miles an hour, one could not avoid the reflection, that it would be a little disagreeable to be precipitated below. Our distance was not always as rapid as this. The motion varied from twenty miles an hour to three miles an hour, owing to some defect in our Steam Engine. The customary motion is about twelve miles an hour. The expense of this road per mile I was told is about \$3000;—but I doubt whether it could be as much, for it goes over almost a dead level. It is all of wood, except the single narrow and thin bar of iron over which the wheels run.

The propelling power was a car with four large wheels, on which were a steam boiler and a steam pipe, and in short, almost all the apparatus of a steamboat. An engineer watched over the fireman, and some two or three other negroes who were engaged in some employment.—Attached to this car, was another full of goods, which was going into the interior—and to this yet another with about fifty passengers,—and yet another smaller car with our baggage. We could sit or stand, or walk, walking with ease, just as we chose, even when we were moving with the greatest rapidity. On our way we met at one of the turning out points another car, with passengers from Columbia and Augusta, and with a large cargo of cotton from the interior. Here let me remark, that it is the object of this rail Road to divert trade from Savannah and to direct it to Charleston. Thus Charleston gains a great part of the trade of upper Georgia, and much from Tennessee, as well as much from North Carolina, which last she is sure of rail road or not. The Charleston people have in their heads a grand idea, that of extending their rail road into Tennessee, so as to divert the trade of that State and a part of Kentucky from New Orleans.—Such an idea is worthy of a Yankee.

We passed by Woodstock on our route which is fifteen miles from Charleston, now the resort of the beaux and belles of Charleston, and less than an hour's ride in the car. They call it a village, but like almost all villages in this quarter, it has but a single house, with lots of negro huts. Sumnerville, another such village, we also passed, where passengers turn

off to Sumpterville. And Blanchville, also, another village, with a log house painted white outside, sealed with boards within—having some negro huts and a log barn. Here as in the whole south, the people have their chimneys out of doors, much to the annoyance of my ideas of beauty and comeliness. None of the houses are built for cold weather. The provisions are cooked by the negroes are often brought from their huts to the houses of their masters. At each of these villages, we took in wood, pitch pine wood an abundance of which was all around us, worth when chopped up for the engine, only one dollar and fifty cents a cord,—and water also, pumped up from wells by the way side into a hogshead on a staging some fifteen feet high, from which ran a pipe into the reservoir of our land steamer.

Night came on soon after we left the rail road. We were again in the pine woods, of the very sight of which I am wearied. I long to see a good high hill. I would clamber up the highest even with pleasure, for I have not seen the semblance of one since I left Richmond.—The country through which I have come, has been one continued stretch of pine woods. A thunder storm with vivid lightning and a strong wind, soon made our road a more dreary one. I went to sleep, and enjoyed as good a slumber as if my bed for in riding over roads of sand, one is not troubled with any jolting. The only obstructions are the swamps, and stumps, and trees fallen across the road, three of which having been blown down during the last shower, we were obliged to get round the best way we could—by tearing down rail fences, going over scrub oaks, and knocking against pine stumps. By the way, they seldom or never cut away the obstructing tree, but force a path around it.

Such a country, however, as I have described, is not all the country in South Carolina. Such is the country on the sea coast, and for fifty miles in the interior, but even this is interspersed with belts of rich land four or five miles in width. On rivers there are excellent rice lands. The islands give good cotton. In the interior, towards the mountains, there is a fine country. The people who live in the pine lands of which I speak, are poor, wretched and ignorant. The countenances of such as live in the vicinity of swamps or marshy grounds are sallow, and indicate any thing but vigor of body or mind. Indeed I see but few, very few, any where, male and female, with the ruddy cheeks of our New England farmers. The miss who has the florid countenance of a New England girl, is not unfrequently accused of being *rouged*. It is a land of pale faces.

We crossed the Savannah river, at a ferry three miles below Augusta, there, not very broad, but with a current quite rapid. The banks were in general very low, and as the river is now high, were in many places overflowed. I saw one bank, taller than the rest with a strata of chalk, down which an Indian was said to have plunged into the river, in olden days when holy pursued by an opposing tribe. My informant, a pine barren man, seemed to consider this a wonder, and it was probably a wonder to him, whose eye never surveyed any thing higher than a sand hillock, or a bed in which grew sweet potatoes.

Augusta is a beautiful town, with between seven and eight thousand inhabitants,—newspapers, doctors, lawyers and ministers in proportion. They call it a city! The streets are broad and are regularly laid out, crossing each other at right angles. The City Hall is a fine building. The Market is not without taste and elegance. The quays are peculiarly fitted for the rapid rise and fall of the Savannah. Augusta is the depot ground of the planter, from whence his cotton is sent to Charleston & Savannah. Many steam boats were at the wharves, and business seemed to be flourishing.—Very many of the buildings are of brick, and have a lively animated color, not being affected by the air as are Charleston and Savannah on the sea coast. It is one of the best built cities I have seen in the country, and reminds me of our thriving New England towns.

Hamburg is a little place opposite Augusta; a bridge connecting them both. It was chiefly built by one individual so as to take the trade of the upper part of Carolina from Augusta. The buildings are nearly all of a size, and were, I am informed, nearly all put up in one day.—I was struck with the mounds of fortification overlooking Hamburg and fronting Augusta,—and on enquiry, learnt that it was lately put up by a Mr. Shulze to defend Hamburg! It is said that he was hired by the nullifiers in Carolina to throw it up, so as to defend that part of Carolina from the inroads of the U. S. troops in the Arsenal at Augusta!

The people of Augusta, like all other

people speaking of their homes, contend that Augusta is healthy at all seasons.—The scarlet fever is now prevailing among children to an alarming extent, but no region is exempt from that fatal disease. I pursue my journey to night in the southern stage.

We invite the attention of our readers to the notice of St. John's College, which we have extracted from the Baltimore Chronicle, and publish in our paper of to-day. This Institution, once celebrated for the number of excellent scholars which it produced, is again winning the public favor. Never had the student a better opportunity of receiving an education which will fit him for the discharging the various offices of the state. The library has been considerably increased by the donation of the late Lewis Neth Esq. and others. The Principal has just returned from our large cities, in which he has made a considerable addition to the Philosophical apparatus, and the course of study is equal to that of any of the Colleges in the U. S. The citizens of Maryland are now without apology for sending to distant states their children to be educated. Equal advantages may be found at home, and we venture to affirm, that the discipline of the College is equal to that of the Eastern ones, and that the Students here are not less orderly and correct in their deportment, than in those Institutions in other states, which it has been the practice to consider as eminently calculated to preserve the morals of the youth educated at them.—*Maryland Gazette.*

From the *Commercial Chronicle*.
ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE AT ANNAPOLIS.

After an interval of several years, I visited the ancient city a short time ago and as I had no business to engage me, I spent the greater part of my time in rambling through the place and contemplating every spot which recalled to my remembrance the joyful days of my youth. But none interested me so much as my Alma Mater, where I combined the pursuits of the academic grove with the pleasing associations of long tried friendships, and took a retrospective glance of the many delightful occurrences of which she was the scene. It was the intention of the founders of the institution to create an University, which should be the nursery of the rising talents of the State, and it continued to flourish equal to expectation until about the year 1804 or 5, when the vandal spirit of intemperate party, violating the pledged faith of the State and the most sacred constitutional and sacramental obligations, robbed it of its funds and consigned it to the low grade of a common Grammar school. Under this disadvantage, it nevertheless continued a valuable institution to the citizens of Annapolis and the neighborhood, and sent forth the best prepared boys to the Eastern Colleges, for the completion of their education. To the credit of the State and the returning sense of justice, we are now indebted for a partial restitution of the funds, and she now enjoys an income of about \$6000 from tuition and State endowments, with an increase of students which promises to progress in a ratio with the eligibility and convenience of the location. There are now a principal and four professors (and it is contemplated to add two more during the current year), one of Ancient Languages, one of Mathematics and Civil Engineering, one of Grammar, and one of Modern Languages. I had the good fortune to become acquainted with the Principal, and of dignity of character without supercilious hauteur will ensure success, I have no doubt he will deserve it. I have never seen a stranger who interests more on first acquaintance than the Rev. Hector Humphreys. He appears to have all the qualifications necessary to command the respect, secure the affections, and enforce the obedience of the students, more by mild conciliation than forcible coercion; and it is said that his mind and acquisitions are of the highest order for his station. I am informed that the other professors are able and valuable auxiliaries in their several departments. The course of education adopted is equal to any in the United States, the valuable part of the old regime are retained, and the modern improvements engrafted on them, make the Collegiate course quite perfect.

The College Building was commenced in early times by one of the preparatory Governors, for the residence of their successors. The size was such as to procure it the name of the Governor's Folly, which was extended to the grounds around, now containing between 30 & 40 acres, enclosed by a light post & rail fence, in which is a large garden well stored with vegetables, and the rest a smooth shaven lawn, affording a beautiful place for exercise. There is one venerable poplar tree standing, which has borne unaltered the blasts of centuries; and

handsome rows of trees have been planted which will shortly spread their umbrageous branches over the grounds, and give a delightful shade to the citizens, strangers and students. The College is situated on an eminence of easy access, commanding a full view of the Bay, Severn River, the State House, and many of the most remarkable public and private buildings of the city. No place can be more interesting or more healthy. One fact only need be mentioned to prove the truth of the remark, that for forty five years, since the opening of the Institution, only one student has died. The present building accommodates the Principal and his family, and the rooms set apart for the classics are filled with about 80 students, and are capacious enough to contain many more. It also has a large Hall, Library & Philosophical Apparatus, all in good order and increasing by yearly contributions. A building, counterpart to the present, and to be connected with it by a handsome arcade, will be erected shortly at the cost of \$10,000, for the accommodation of a steward, students, and a room for the Grammar School; thereby affording to parents and guardians the choice of boarding at the Commons, or in respectable private families in the city, who are now taking boys at \$100 a year. The tuition varies from \$2 to \$50 according to the classes.—Having given this brief account of the College, I may be permitted to urge on the citizens of Maryland, the propriety and necessity of encouraging this State Institution, both as an object of policy and State pride. It will add much to the prosperity of the old city, which is sufficiently large to ensure for the students respect for the public opinion but not so populous as to hide the vices of youth; and secure to the State the enviable distinction of educating at home her youth who are destined to become her legislators, jurists, divines, and the sons of Esaulapuis, with this important advantage, that it will keep in circulation among her own citizens the thousands of dollars annually sent to other States for collegiate education. Another great and uncalculable advantage is, that the youth assigned for the bar, pulpit, and the legislative halls, will periodically have the opportunity of listening to the debates of the Legislature the arguments of the able and eminent council of the State in the Court of Appeals and Chancery. & the most necessary of all, the eloquent and pious divines who reside in, or occasionally visit the city. It is made the duty of the students to attend prayers in the College daily, and such places of worship as may be directed by their parents or guardians, as there are no religious preferences allowed. I give you this short sketch, hoping it may attract the attention of the public, and be mutually a benefit to them and the College.

From the *Maryland Gazette*.

The increase of the Catholic Church in England within a few years is astonishing. In Manchester a short time since there were but 70, and there is now 42,080. In a procession formed in that place of the Catholic Sunday scholars there were upwards of 6,000, & preparations were making for 5,000 more. These schools are under the care of the Brothers of Mercy. In the Island of Great Britain they have 11 Colleges and 55 Seminaries. In the United States there are enumerated more than half a million of Catholics, which is more than one twenty-fourth part of the whole population.—At the commencement of the revolution there were two priests in the country and it is about 40 years since the first diocese was erected. They have nine Colleges, 16 wit. Georgetown College, St. Mary's College, Baltimore; Mount Saint-Mary's, Emmitsburgh; the Athenaeum, Cincinnati; St. Joseph's Bardonia, Ky; Saint Thomas, Bardonia, Ky.; Saint-Mary's Barrens, Perry county, Mo; Spring Hill, Alabama; St. Louis, Missouri. There are nine Academies for young gentlemen, to wit, St. Mary's Washington county, Ky; St. Rose, near Springfield Ky.; St. Mary's Barrens, Perry county, Missouri; Seminary of Charleston, S. C.; St. James' near Charlestown, Ohio; St. John the Evangelist, Fredericktown Md.; Academy South Fourth st. Philadelphia; another South Thirteenth st. and a Seminary at Iberville, Louisiana. There are a great number of Academies for young ladies. Among them are the following: The Visitation of the B. V. Mary, Georgetown D. C. and one of the same order near Mobile, Alabama; St. Joseph's Academy, Emmitsburgh; Mount Benedict, Harlestown Massachusetts; one at New Orleans; Nazareth, Bardonia, Ky.; pretto, Washington county, Ky; Saint Agadelen, Washington county, Ky; the Mary, Ky.; one at Clatsaw, Ky; St. Gre's Pittsburgh, Pa.; Vincennes; Sacred Heart, St. Louis, Missouri; one at St. Louis, Mo., one at Ferdinand, Ind. at St. Charles; one at

Ethlehem, Perry county, Mo.; one at Fredericktown, Mo.; one at New Madrid; two in Baltimore; one at Grand Coteau, Opelousas, Louisiana; one at the Gothic Mansion, Chesnut street, Philadelphia; one in Washington D. C. Beside these the Sisters of Charity have Orphan Asylums, and schools at Albany, Alexandria, D. C.; two in Baltimore, Boston, Brooklyn, Cincinnati, Frederick, Md.; New Orleans, two in New York, three in Philadelphia, St. Louis, Washington, D. C.; Wilmington, Del.

MUSK IN CHOLERA.
From *New Mon. Mag.* for 1833, p. 536, published in London.

Among other matters resorted to by the faculty to stay the progress of this terrible disease, one has been published of so singular a character, that we do not hesitate to extract the statement into our columns.—It is contained in a letter from Mr. Richard Laming, of No. 48 Finsbury Square, a district in which the ravages of the plague have been very great; Mr. Laming says.—

"I have lately employed musk in several cases of Cholera with a success so uniform and decisive, as to make its introduction desirable, without loss of time to the notice of the whole profession, &c. The salutary influence of the first dose of musk will be found to become manifest by greatly mitigating, in a very few minutes, & in many cases, by effectually moving the cramps, the purging and the vomiting. My plan has been to give at once fifteen grains, rubbed into a draught with a lump of sugar and a wine glass full of cold water; and I am justified in reporting that this first step, if taken promptly will scarcely ever fail to arrest the progress of the disease, as to leave the patient to easy and ordinary convalescence, &c. So evident is the action of musk in cholera, that the practitioner will experience no difficulty in determining whether he need repeat its exhibition, or whether, having subdued the immediate cause of the disease by the first dose, he should direct his attention to the removal of its consequences by the ordinary means."

Life and Adventures of Col. David Crockett, of West Tennessee.—This is a narrative of more than 200 pages, due-dedico, made up principally of the anecdotes and tales of the redoubtable Colonel Crockett, that have been going the rounds of the newspapers for several years past.

The annexed is illustrative of the Colonel's electioneering tact:—
"In the canvass of the congressional election of 18—, Mr. ***** was the Colonel's opponent—a gentleman of the most pleasing & conciliating manners—who seldom addressed a person or a company without wearing upon his countenance a peculiarly good humored smile. The Colonel to counteract the influence of this winning attribute, thus alluded to it, in a stump speech:

"Yes, gentlemen, he may get some votes by grinning, for he can out-grin me, and you know I ain't slow—and to prove to you that I am not, will tell you an anecdote. I was concerned myself, and I was fooled a little of the deed. You all know I love hunting. Well I discovered a long time ago that a coon couldn't stand my grin. I could bring one tumbling down from the highest tree, I never wasted powder and lead when I wanted one of the creatures. Well, as I was walking out one night, a few hundred yards from my house, looking carelessly about me, I saw a coon planted on one of the highest limbs of an old tree. The night was very moony and clear, and old Ratter was with me; but Ratter won't bark at a coon—he's a queer dog in that way. So I thought I'd bring the lark down, in the usual way, by a grin. I set myself, and after grinning at the coon a reasonable time, found that he didn't come down. I wondered what was the reason, I took another steady grin at him. Still he was there. It made me a little mad; so I felt round, and got an old limb, about five feet long—and, planting one end upon the ground, I placed my chin upon the other, and took a rest. I then grinned my best for about five minutes, but the d—d coon hung on. So, finding I could not bring him down by grinning, I determined to have him, for I tho' he must be a drugg chap. I went over to the house, got my axe, returned to the tree, saw the coon still there, and began to cut away. Down it came, and I ran forward; but d—d the coon was there to be seen. I found that what I had taken for one, was a large knot upon a branch of the tree—and upon looking at it closely, I saw that I had grinned all the bark off, and left the knot perfectly smooth."

"Now, fellow-citizens," continued the Colonel, "you must be convinced, that in the grinning line, I myself am not slow—yet when I look upon my opponent's countenance, I must admit he is my su-

perior. You must all admit it. Therefore, be wide awake, look sharp, and not let him grin you out of your votes."

DAVY JONES AND THE YANKEE PRIVATEER.

E. I. Carey & Hart have published the whole of the numbers of the celebrated narrative, bearing the title of *Tom Cringle's Log* which originally appeared in the *Edinburg Magazine*. The style of the writer is racy—his descriptions are highly graphic, and his incidents thrilling and well pictured. Many of the extracts have appeared in the journals of this country—and were read with a degree of interest equalled only by that caused by the extracts from the *Diary of a London Physician*.

The following extract will give the reader some idea of the style of the author.

We had refitted, and been four days at sea, on our voyage to Jamaica, when the gunroom officers gave our mess a blow-out.

The increased motion and the rushing of the vessel through the water, the groaning of the masts, the howling of the rising gale, and the frequent trampling of the watch on deck, were prophetic of wet jackets to some of us; still, midshipmanlike, we were as happy as a good dinner and some wine could make us, until the old gunner shoved his weather-beaten phiz and bald pate in at the door. "Beg pardon, Mr. Splinter, but if you will spare Mr. Cringle on the forecabin for an hour until the moon rises."—"Spare," quotha; "is his majesty's officer a joint stool?"—"Why, Mr. Kennedy, why? here, man, take a glass of grog."—"I thank you sir. It is coming on a roughish night, sir; the running ships should be crossing us hereabout; indeed, more than one I thought there was a strange sail close aboard of us, the scudd is flying so low, and in such white flakes; and none of us have an eye like Mr. Cringle, unless it be Johncrow, and he is all but frozen."—"Well, Tom, I suppose you will go."—"Anglice, from a first lieutenant to a mid—Brush in—"

Having changed my uniform, for shag-trotters, pea-jacket, and south-west cap, I went forward, and took my station, in no pleasant humour, on the stowed gib, with my arm round the stay. I had been half an hour there, the weather was getting worse, the rain was beating in my face, and the spray from the stem was flashing over me, as it roared through the waste of sparkling and hissing waters. I turned my back to the weather for a moment, to press my hand on my strained eyes. When I opened them, I saw the gunner's gaunt high-featured visage thrust anxiously forward; his profile looked as if rubbed over with phosphorus, and his whole person as if he had been playing at snap dragon.—"What has come over you, Mr. Kennedy?—what is burning the blue light now?"—"A wiser man than I must tell you that; look forward, Mr. Cringle—look there; what do your books say to that?"

I looked forth, and saw, at the extreme end of the jib-boom, what I had read of, certainly, but never expected to see, a pale, greenish, glow-worm coloured flame, of the size and shape of the frosted glass shade over the swinging lamp in the gun-room. It drew out and flattened as the vessel pitched and rose again, and as she sheered about it, wavered round the point that seemed to attract it, like a soapsud bubble blown from a tobacco pipe, before it was shaken into the air; at the core it was comparatively bright, but it faded into a halo. It shed a baleful and ominous light on the surrounding objects; the group of sailors on the forecabin looked like spectres, and they shrank together, and whispered when it began to roll slowly along the spar towards where the boatswain was sitting at my feet. At this instant something slid down the stay, and a cold clammy hand passed round my neck. I was within an ace of losing my hold and tumbling overboard. "Heaven have mercy on me, what's that?"—"It's that skylarking son of a gun, Jem Sparkle's monkey, sir. You, Jem, you'll never rest till that brute is made shark bait of." But Jackoo vanished up the stay again, chuckling and grinning in the ghostly radiance, as if he had been the "Spirit of the Lamp." The light was still there, but a cloud of mist, like a burst of vapour from a steam boiler, came down upon the gale, and flew past, when it disappeared. I followed the white mass as it sailed down the wind; it did not, as it appeared to me, vanish in the darkness, but seemed to remain in sight to leeward, as if checked by a sudden flaw, yet none of our sails were taken aback. A tho' flashed on me. I peered still more intently into the night. I was now certain. "A sail, broad on the lee-bow." The ship was in a box in a moment. The captain answered from the quarter-deck—"Thank you, Mr. Cringle. How

SAMUEL OZMON,
Cabinet Maker.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the above business in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Edward Mullikin, at the Post Office, and nearly opposite Mr. F. Nind's Bakery.

He has just returned from Baltimore, with a first rate assortment of **WELL SEASONED MATERIALS** in his line, which he is prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice, into **FURNITURE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS**, upon the most reasonable terms.

All orders for **COFFINS**, will be thankfully received, and the strictest attention will be paid to funerals by Mr. Thomas Oldson or myself, who can at all times be found at the shop.

He has also a first rate **TURNER** in his employ, who will execute all orders in his line with neatness and dispatch.

Easton, April 6. 4

JOHN MUCONEKIN,
CABINET MAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public, that he has just received his **SPRING STOCK OF MATERIALS** in his line, which he is prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice, into furniture of all descriptions, which he will warrant will be as good, and will be sold as low, as they can be purchased in Baltimore, or elsewhere. He invites the public to call at his Ware Room, where he has now on hand some **MAHOAGANY SIDEBOARDS, BUREAUS, TABLES, BEDSTEADS, &c.** which he will dispose of very low.

He earnestly requests those of his friends whose accounts have been long standing, to call without delay and settle, as they must know it is impossible for him to carry on his business to advantage, without, at least, a little Cash.

J. M. would also acquaint the Public that he has in his employ a first rate Turner, who will execute any business in his line with neatness and dispatch. Old Chairs repaired at the shortest notice.

March 2

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he still carries on in all its various branches, and that he has in his employ Mr. Wm. Thompson, who served his time in the city of Baltimore, & who is a first rate horse shoer. Gentlemen who may favor me with any work in my line, I pledge myself, shall have it done in first rate order, with quick dispatch, on as reasonable terms as it can be done by any good workman in the county, and will take any kind of trade that will suit me at the market prices. Customers will find my stand on Dover Street near Barton's old stand. The Public's humble and Obedt. Servt.

WM. V. D'ERFORD.

Easton, Jan. 19



The Baltimore Races over the Central Course.

SPRING meeting 1853, will commence on **TUESDAY**, the 14th day of May, and continue four days.

First Day—A Sweepstakes for four years old; entrance \$500, h. f.; four mile heats; six subscribers and closed.

Second Day—Two Mile heats, for the **Craig Cup**, cost \$500 dollars with a purse of the same amount—entrance money depending on the number of subscribers. The stakes to be deposited with the president of the club. The Winner, to take the **purse**, or the **cup**, at his option—When he elects to take the cup, the purse to remain, and be invested in plate, under the direction of the President and secretaries of the Maryland Jockey Club, and to be run for as they may from time to time prescribe. To close and name by six o'clock, P. M. the day previous.

Same Day—A sweepstakes for colts and fillies, three years old, (for Maryland & District of Columbia) mile heats; entrance \$100, h. f. Six subscribers, and closed.

Third day, proprietors purse \$500; three mile heats entrance \$15.

Fourth day, Jockey Club purse \$1000; four mile heats, entrance \$20.

JAMES M. SELDEN, Proprietor.

On the day previous to the regular races, (Monday 13th) a match race, for 500 a side, two mile heats, between Mr. Dorsey's b. h. Upon, by Mayday, and Mr. Boyce, b. h. Moon, by Ratler.

April 20 4w

100 Prizes of a \$1000.
NEW YORK LOTTERY.

Extra Class No. 15.—To be drawn on Wednesday, May 29,

\$20,000, Highest Prize.

\$20,000, 10,000, 5,000, 10 of 3,000, 100 of 1,000, 16 of 500, &c. &c. Amounting to \$366,080

A package of 22 whole tickets, by certificate cost \$124—package of Halves, \$62—package of Quarters, \$31—Eighths, \$15.50.

Orders from any part of the U. States will receive the same attention as on personal application. When \$10 and upwards are remitted, postage need not be paid.

SYLVESTER is regularly licensed by the several States in which he has offices, (at New York, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Nashville, and New Orleans,) thus all tickets issued from his office are genuine and guaranteed by the Managers.

For capital prizes, orders from the country must be addressed to

S. J. SYLVESTER,

BALTIMORE, Md.

ANOTHER THOMPSONIAN
OR BOTANIC PRACTITIONER.

Prove all things and hold fast that which is good.

THE AMERICAN
Friendly Botanic Infirmary.

THE Advertiser takes this method of informing the sick and afflicted of every grade, that he has opened an Infirmary, upon botanical principles in which they can receive medical attendance and board upon reasonable terms, to suit the circumstances or times of the patients, or if they prefer it they will be attended at their places of residence. This Infirmary is founded entirely on botanic principles to the exclusion of Minerals and the Shedding of blood.

He is also prepared to administer the cold, warm, tepid, hot, vapour, shower and Medicinal Baths. "To those who are past the meridian of life," says Dr. Darwin, "and have dry skins and begin to be emaciated, the warm bath for half an hour twice a week, I believe to be eminently serviceable in retarding the advances of age." Acting upon this principle, this learned physician relates that when Dr. Franklin was in England, he recommended the latter to use a warm bath twice a week; a practice which he afterwards continued till his death. He will at all times keep on hand a regular supply of Thompsonian Botanic Medicine. He has on hand a quantity of the best African Cayenne Pepper and Cloves, for medical and family use. Also, Dr. Thompson's family Rights, Dr. Robinson's Lectures and Dr. W. Beach's American Practice of Medicine, for sale by

JOHN ROSE, M. F. B. S.
No. 20. Harrison St. Baltimore.

N. B. The subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has engaged a medical gentleman from New York to assist him who has been regularly educated in the various branches of the healing art as taught in the old schools and at the Reformed Medical College in New York, having had considerable Hospital, Infirmary and private practice in the city of New York, he feels himself fully adequate to discharge his duty both as a physician and surgeon.

Select Lectures on Midwifery as soon as a sufficient number of Students can be obtained by Dr. J. T. Lockward.

The Annapolis Republican, Frederick Herald, Easton Gazette, Kent Enquirer, Centreville Times, Norfolk Beacon, Richmond Enquirer, will please copy the above to the amount of two dollars each and send bills to Baltimore Post office

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county court, and to me directed, against Levin Mills, at the suit of John Arringdale, use of Nicholas Hammond, will be sold at Public Sale for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on **Tuesday** the 11th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M. the following property, to wit—all that farm or plantation of him the said Levin Mills in the Chappel District in Talbot county, on which Levin Mills, jr. resides, consisting of the following tracts or parts of tracts of land to wit—part of a tract of land called Fork, part of a tract of land called Helsey, and containing 190 acres of land more or less—also, an adjoining tract of land called Forrest and Dike, containing 113 acres of land, more or less—

Attendance given by
WM. TOWNSEND, late Shff.
April 20 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot county court, and to me directed, both at the suit of Gerard T. Hopkins and Benjamin P. Moore, against Joseph Chain, will be sold at Public Sale, at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Easton, on **TUESDAY** the 14th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. the following property, to wit—all that lot or parcel of ground called Clifton, situated on Dover Road, near Dr. Theodore Denny's Farm, containing ten acres of land, more or less. Also, a lot of land on Dover road containing half an acre of land more or less, taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid venditioni, debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance given by

WM. TOWNSEND, late Shff.
April 20 4w

MORE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The subscriber, grateful for past favors, begs leave to announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening a **splendid supply** of the above articles, which, having been selected by himself, he is warranted in saying is equal, if not superior, to any heretofore offered, which added to his former stock, renders his assortment extensive and complete. Comprising gentlemen's boots and shoes of all descriptions, Ladies Lasting, French Morocco, Seal Skin and Calf Skin Slippers and stropped Shoes; servants coarse and fine shoes, and a variety of children's morocco and leather boots; also a beautiful assortment of hair and red morocco trunks, Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. He invites the public to call and view his supply, hear his prices, decide for themselves and he thinks if economy is at all consulted, he will receive as he has endeavored to merit a continuance of public patronage.

The Public's Obedt. Servt.
JOHN WRIGHT.

April 27

LYMAN REED & CO.,

Commission Wool Warehouse

No. 6, SOUTH CHARLES STREET

BALTIMORE.

N. B. Letters post paid requesting information respecting the state of the Market will receive immediate attention.

March 30

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot county court, and to me directed against Samuel Tenant, at the suit of John Dorgan, Trustee for the sale of the real estate of John Merchant—will be sold at public sale, at the court house door, in the town of Easton, on **TUESDAY** the 14th day of May next, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, P. M. the equitable right, title and estate, of him the said Samuel Tenant, to a House and Lot in St. Michaels, late the property of Wm. Merchant, deceased. Also, on the same day, will be sold, between the hours aforesaid, will be sold at public sale, by virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed against John Dorgan, security of John Dorgan, 9 head of cattle and 3 head of horses—the above named property seized in both cases, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the balance due and to become due on the above mentioned venditioni exponas. Attendance given by

E. N. HAMBLETON, former Shff.
April 20

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, by the clerk thereof, at the suit of William Hughtell, against Jesse Delahay, will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton on **Tuesday** the 14th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M. of said day, the following property, to wit—the right, title, interest and claim of Jesse Delahay, of, in and to, a farm in Oxford Neck, now in the possession of said Delahay, also, 4 Head of Horses, 1 gig, 1 ox cart, 1 horse cart, 1 yoke of oxen and eight head of cattle; all taken as the property of said Delahay, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid writ of venditioni exponas, and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon, attendance given by

J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.
April 20 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot county Court and to me directed, and delivered, by the clerk thereof, against James W. Abbott, at the suit of William Bullen, administrator of Thomas Bullen, and the other at the suit of William Bullen, will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton on **TUESDAY** the 14th day of May next, the following property to wit: all the right, title, interest and claim of James W. Abbott, of, in and to, the farm where he now resides near the Trappe, be the quantity of acres what it may, also 2 head of horses, 2 cows, & 1 cart, taken as the property of the above named Abbotts and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon, at audience by

J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.
April 20th 4w

FOR SALE.

Will be sold at private sale, on very accommodating terms, that small and convenient brick dwelling, situate on Harrison street, in Easton, at present occupied by Mrs. Mary E. C. Nicholson.—For terms apply to

A. GRAHAM.
Easton, Jan. 5 1853

NOTICE.

on Tuesday the 19th inst. appoint Constables for Talbot County, on Tuesday the 2nd of April will appoint Overseers of the Roads, and will set Tuesday and Friday in each week for four weeks from Tuesday the 2nd April next to hear appeals.

Per Order
THOS. C. NICOLS, CLK.
March 16

NOTICE.

Retailers, Traders, Ordinary Keepers, Victuallers and all persons, Bodies Corporate or Politic in Talbot county, and all persons whom it may concern are hereby cautioned to obtain a License or renew the same according to the provisions of the act of Assembly entitled "An Act to regulate the issuing of Licenses to traders, Keepers of Ordinaries and others," before the 10th day of May next ensuing.

J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.
Easton, April 6th 1853.

TO MILLERS & OTHERS.

THE subscriber, No. 60 South Calvert St. few doors above Pratt, has on hand and offers for sale, on pleasing terms Wire Safes of the most approved kinds; Woven Iron Wire, suitable for Rolling and standing Screens, for merchant mills, and flax seed; Riddles and Sieves, assorted, for meal, cockle, lime sand, corn, coal, rye, oats, flax and clover seeds, wheat, snuff, starch and brick dust. Hair and fancy Wire Work neatly executed, fit cellar windows, libraries, &c. &c.

JACOB BALDERSTON,
Baltimore, April 13 3u

MARYLAND

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

19th day of April, 1853.

On application of John Harrington, administrator of Nathan Harrington, late of Talbot county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of the said Talbot County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 19th day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three.

Test
JAS. PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Nathan Harrington, late of Talbot county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 20th of January 1854, or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 19th day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three.

JOHN HARRINGTON, adm'r.
of Nathan Harrington, dec'd.
April 20

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

ALL persons being in arrears on execution are requested to come forward and make immediate payment of the same, or make satisfactory arrangement with the Plaintiffs on or before the 9th day of April next, otherwise their property will be immediately advertised for sale, without respect to persons. I would also say to those persons indebted for officers fees that the books are now in the hands of the Deputies who are instructed to collect the same according to law. Those persons who are indebted on executions or for officers fees will please call and settle the same with Jos. Graham who is duly authorized by me to receive the same.

The Public's Obedient Servant
J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.

March 30

The subscriber may be found at the office of Thos. C. Nicols, Esq. at most hours, every business day—where persons interested in the above notice will please call and settle, without delay, as I am compelled to obey the instructions I have received.

JO. GRAHAM, D. Shff.

March 30

Easton and Baltimore Packet

SCHOONER EDGAR.

ROBINSON LEONARD, Master.

THE Subscriber grateful for past favours of a generous public, begs leave to inform his friends and customers and the public generally, that the Packet Schooner Edgar, will commence her regular trips between Easton and Baltimore on Sunday the 17th instant, leaving Easton Point every Sunday at 9 o'clock, A. M. and returning leave Baltimore on Wednesdays at the above named hour during the season. The Edgar is a new substantial vessel, built of the best materials that our country will afford, copper-fastened and coppered and is now in complete order for the reception of freight or passage.

N. B. All freights intended for the Edgar will be thankfully received at all times at the subscriber's granary at Easton Point and all orders strictly attended to by the

Public's Obedt. Servt.
ROBERT LEONARD.

Feb. 16

COLLECTOR'S SECOND NOTICE.

THE subscriber desirous of completing his collection for the year 1852 earnestly requests all those who have not settled their Tax, that they will no longer defer the payment thereof. The collector is bound to make his payments to those who have claims on the county in a certain specified time, which has nearly expired, and is much pressed for the same, therefore those in arrears must be prepared to settle the amount of their Taxes when called on, or in case of their neglect to do so, the law shall be his guide.

PHILIP MACKAY, Collector.
April 13

New and Splendid Assortment of



BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening the best assortment of **BOOTS AND SHOES**, that he has ever had. His friends and the public are requested to call and see him. He is determined to sell at the most reduced prices for cash. He has also a great variety of Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. &c.

PETER TARR.
April 13

150 NEGROES WANTED,

The subscriber wishes to purchase one hundred and fifty servants of all descriptions.—Mechanics of all kinds, from 12 to 25, years of age. He also wishes to purchase fifty in families.—It is desirable to purchase them in large lots, as they will be settled in Alabama, and will not be separated. Persons having slaves to dispose of, will do well to give him a call as he is permanently settled in this market and is prepared at all times to give the highest cash prices. All communications directed to him in Easton will be promptly attended to. He can at all times be found at Mr. Lowe's Hotel in Easton.

THOS. M. JONES.
May 4

SHANNONDALE.

THE full bred horse Shannondale, a dark sorrel, being in fine stud condition, will stand in Easton on every Tuesday during the season, the remainder of his time at the subscriber's stable on the following terms, viz: Six dollars the spring's chance; 12 dollars to insure a mare with foal, three dollars the single leap and twenty five cents in each case to the Groom.

JAMES BARTLETT.
Talbot co. March 16, 1853.

CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify that Shannondale was got by the imported horse Eagle and was raised by Thomas T. Lowry, and sold by said Lowry to Mr. Cato Moore of Charlottesville, Virginia, and by C. Moore to Thomas R. Hammond of the same town, and the dam of this horse was got by the imported horse Bedford, and that she was full blooded and raised by S. G. Fauntleroy of King and Queen county, Virginia.—Any further information that may be wanted can be obtained by application to Mr. Lowry or to Thos. R. Hammond.

JOHN M. GAYLE.

We hereby certify that Shannondale is a sure foal getter and has produced as likely colts as any horse that has stood in this county for the last twelve or fifteen years.

John M. Gayle, John T. Cooke, Henry Fleming, William Morgan, Thomas Hill, Jas. H. Jones, Philip Tateferro, Robert Reese, John M. Anderson, Robertson Bridges, William Chapman.

Gloicester Court House, }
Va. March 3d 1853. }

TO TAILORS.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the trade, that the ensuing Report of the Spring and

SUMMER FASHIONS,

will be ready for delivery between the 10th and 20th of April; it will be got up in a style of superior elegance and beauty; also a Publication on the art of Cutting; containing a full and explicit treatise; and comprising all that has been published on this subject in the United States, since 1827, and which will be an invaluable manual in the hands of the craft. Such of the trade as will forward to me by Mail or otherwise postage paid, \$5 before the 20th instant will have the Report by return of Post.

P. FINEGAN, Tailor.
Agent for James G. Wilson, New York.
Elkton, Md. April 13 1853.

Bel-Air Citizen, Easton Gazette, Kent Enquirer, will copy the above to the amount of one dollar and charge the Central Courant

The thorough bred young Horse

DEY OF ALGIERS.

The best son of Rinaldo, will stand the ensuing season at the subscribers stable, and will be let to mares at 10 dollars the spring's chance, 15 dollars to ensure a mare in foal, and 50 cents in each case to the groom.

THE DEY OF ALGIERS

will be 5 years old in May next, is near 15-2 hands high, is a dark bay or brown, with a fine silken and glossy coat. In muscular powers, symmetry of form, and lofty carriage, superior to his sire. His dam Crazy Jane by Oscar, grand dam Eglantine by the Dey of Algiers, great grand dam imported by Dey of Algiers. The two last animals were imported by Col. Swann, and were accompanied by well authenticated certificates, proving them to be full bred Arabians of the best class.

E. N. HAMBLETON.
March 16 Sw

THE CELEBRATED HORSE

RED ROVER.

IS now in fine stud condition, and will stand the ensuing spring in Talbot county, Maryland, viz: Easton, St. Michaels, the Trappe and Chapel. The prices on which the services of Red Rover will be rendered are as follows: Six Dollars the Spring's chance, 15 dollars to insure a mare in foal. Three Dollars the single leap; with twenty five cents each to the Groom in each case. The insurance money to be paid by the 25th January, 1854; the money for the season to be paid by the 20th August next; the money for the single leap to be paid at the time of service. Mares insured and parted with before it is ascertained that they are in foal, the persons putting will be held accountable for the insurance money.

RED ROVER is now nine years old, of the best blood in the country, as by reference to his pedigree published in hand bills will appear. Red Rover is a beautiful sorrel, nearly 16 hands high, with a bold and lofty carriage, great bone and sinew, his general appearance commanding, admired and approved by judges. Red Rover is a full blooded sorrel, nearly 16 hands high, with a bold and lofty carriage, great bone and sinew, his general appearance commanding, admired and approved by judges. Red Rover is a full blooded sorrel, nearly 16 hands high, with a bold and lofty carriage, great bone and sinew, his general appearance commanding, admired and approved by judges.

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EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE.—Literature well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown.
RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty.—Morality refines the Manners.—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XVI.

EASTON, MD. SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 18, 1833.

NO. 23

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING
BY ALEXANDER GRAHAM.
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Per annum, payable half yearly in advance.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding a square inserted three times
for ONE DOLLAR, and TWENTY FIVE
CENTS for every subsequent insertion.

PEABODY'S LEAP;

A LEGEND OF LAKE CHAMPLAIN.

Many are the places scattered over the face of our beautiful country, whose wild and picturesque scenes are worthy of the notice of the painter's pencil, or the poet's pen. Some of them which have once been celebrated for their rich stores of 'legendary lore,' are now sought to view their natural scenery, while the traditions which once gave them celebrity, are almost buried in oblivion. Such is the scene of the following adventure—a romantic glen, bounded on the north side by a high and rocky hill, which stretches itself some distance into the lake, terminating in a precipice, some thirty feet in height, which was once known by the name of 'Peabody's Leap.'

At the time of this adventure, Timothy Peabody was the only white man that lived within fifty miles of this place and his was the daring spirit that achieved it. In an attack on one of the frontier settlements, his family had all been massacred by the merciless savages, and he had sworn that their deaths should be revenged. The better to accomplish this dread purpose, he had removed to this solitary place, and constructed a rude shelter in which he dwelt till the chilling blasts of winter drove him to the homes of his fellow men, again to return and renew the contest when the spring had awakened nature into life and beauty. He was a man who possessed much shrewd cunning, combined with a thorough knowledge of Indian habits, by which he had always been enabled to avoid the snares of his subtle enemies. Often when a party of them had come to take him, he had escaped their lures; and after having destroyed their hut, on their return homeward some of their boldest warriors were picked off by his unerring aim,—or, on arriving at their town, they learned that some of their swiftest hunters had been ambushed and fallen victims to his deadly rifle. He had lived in this way, several years, and had so often baffled them that they had at last become weary of pursuit, and for some time had left him unmolested.

About this time a party of Indians made a descent on one of the small settlements, and had taken three men prisoners, whom they were conveying home to sacrifice, for the same number of their men that had been shot by Peabody. It was toward the close of the day, when they passed his abode, most of the party in advance of the prisoners, who, with their hands tied, and escorted by five or six Indians, were almost weary out with their long march. He had observed this advanced guard, but permitted them to pass unmolested, resolving to try some 'yankee trick' to effect the rescue of the prisoners which he rightly suspected were in the rear. He accordingly followed on in the trail of the party, keeping among the thick trees which on either side skirted the path. He had proceeded but a short distance, before he heard the sharp report of a rifle, apparently very near him, and which he knew must be one of the Indians who had strolled from the main body, to procure some game for their evening meal. From his acquaintance with their habits and language, he only needed a disguise, to enable him to join with the party if necessary, and, aided by the darkness which was fast approaching, with but little danger of detection. The resolution was quickly formed, and as quickly put in operation, to kill this Indian and procure his dress.

He had gone but a few paces before he discovered his intended victim, who had just finished loading his rifle. To stand forth and boldly confront him, would give the savage an equal chance, and if Tom proved the best shot, the party, on hearing the report of two rifles at once, would be alarmed and commence a pursuit. The chance was therefore, two to one against him, and he was obliged to contrive a way to make the Indian fire first. Planting himself then behind a large tree he took off his fox skin cap, and placing it on the end of his rifle began to move it to and fro. The Indian quickly discovered it, and was not at a loss to recollect the owner by the cap. Knowing how often he had eluded them, he resolved to despatch him at once, and without giving him any notice of his dangerous proximity, he instantly raised his rifle, and its contents were whizzing through the air. The ball just

touched the bark of the tree, and pierced the cap, which rose suddenly like the death spring of the wearer and then fell amidst the bushes. The Indian like a true sportsman, thinking himself sure of his victim, did not go to pick up his game till he had reloaded his piece, and dropping it to the ground, he was calmly proceeding in the operation; when Timothy as calmly stepped from his hiding place, exclaiming—'Now you tarnation critter, say your prayers as fast as ever you can.'

This was a short notice for the poor Indian. Before him, and scarcely ten paces distant, stood the tall form of Peabody, motionless as a statue—his rifle at his shoulder—his finger on the trigger, and his deadly aim firmly fixed upon him. He was about to run, but he had not time to turn round ere the swift winged messenger had taken his flight; his first moment was his last,—the ball pierced his side—he sprung six feet in the air, and fell lifeless on the ground.

No time was now to be lost. He immediately proceeded to strip the dead body, and to array himself in the accoutrements, consisting of a hunting shirt, a pair of moccasins or leggings, and the wampum belt and knife. A little of the blood besmeared on his sun burnt countenance, served for the red paint, and it would have taken a keen eye, in the grey twilight and thick gloom of the surrounding forest, to have detected the counterfeit Indian. Shouldering his rifle, he again started in the pursuit and following them till they arrived in the glen where their canoes were secreted. Here they stopped, and began to make preparations for cooking their expected supper, previous to their embarkation for the opposite shore. The canoes were launched and their baggage deposited in them. A fire was blazing brightly, and the party were walking around, impatiently awaiting the return of the hunter.

The body of Timothy was safely deposited behind a fallen tree, where he could see every motion, and hear every word spoken in the circle. Here he had been about half an hour. 'Night had drawn her sable curtain round the scene,' or in other words it was dark; the moon shone fitfully through the clouds which almost covered the horizon, only serving occasionally to render the darkness visible. The Indians now began to evince manifest signs of impatience for the return of their comrade. They feared that a party of the whites had followed them and taken him prisoner; and at last resolved to go in search of him. The plan, which was fortunately overheard by Timothy, was to put the captives into one of the canoes under the care of five of their number, who were to secrete themselves and in case of an attack, massacre the prisoners, and go to the assistance of their brethren. As soon as the main body had started, Peabody cautiously crept from his hiding place to the water, and sliding in feet foremost, moved along on his back, his face just above the surface, to the canoe which contained the rifles of the guard. The priming was quickly removed from these and their powder horns emptied. He then went to the canoe in which the captives were placed and gave them notice of their intended rescue, at the same time warning them not to show themselves above the gunwale till they were in safety. He next, with his Indian knife, separated the throng which held the canoe to the shore intending to swim off with it, till he had got far enough to avoid observation, then got in and paddle for the nearest place where a landing could be effected. All this was but the work of a moment, and he was slowly moving off from the shore, as yet unobserved by the guard, who little expected an attack from this side; but unfortunately, his rifle had been left behind, and he resolved not to part with 'Old Plumper,' as he called it without, at least, one effort to recover it. He immediately gave the captives notice of his intention, and directed them to paddle slowly and silently out, and in going past the headland, to approach as near as possible, and there await his coming.

The guard by this time had secreted themselves, and one of the number had chosen the same place which Timothy himself had previously occupied, near which he had left his old friend. He had almost gotten to the spot when the Indian discovered the rifle, grasped it, & springing upon his feet, gave the alarm to his companions. Quick as thought, Tim was upon him, seized the rifle and wrenched it from him with such violence, as to throw him breathless on the ground.—The rest of the Indians were alarmed, and sounding the war whoop, rushed upon him.

It was a standing maxim with Timothy that a good soldier never runs till he is obliged to, and he now found that he should be under the necessity of suiting his practice to this theory. There was no time for deliberation; he instantly knocked down the foremost with the butt of his rifle, and bounded away through the

thicket like a startled deer. The three remaining Indians made for the canoe in which their rifles were deposited, already rendered harmless by the precaution of Timothy. This gave him a good advantage, which was not altogether unnecessary, as he was much encumbered with his wet clothes, and before he reached the boat, he could hear them snapping the dry twigs close behind him. The main body had likewise got the alarm, and were but a short distance from him, when he reached the headland. Those who were nearest he did not fear, unless they came to close action, and he resolved to send one of them to his long home before he leaped from the precipice.—'It's a burning shame to wet so much good powder,' exclaimed he, 'I'll have one more pop at the tarnation redskins.' Tim's position was quickly arranged; his rifle was presented, his eye glanced along the barrel, & the first one that showed his head received its deadly contents.

In an instant, Tim was in the water making for the canoe. The whole party had by this time come up, and commenced a brisk fire upon the fugitives.—Tim stood erect in the canoe; shouting in the voice of a Stentor, 'Ye'd better take care, ye'll spoil the skiff. Old Plumper's safe and you'll feel him yet, I tell ye!'

They were quickly lost in darkness and taking a small circuit, effected a landing in safety. Many a red man's life verified his last threat, and Peabody lived to a good old age, having often related to his friends and neighbors the adventure which gave to this place the name of 'Peabody's Leap.'

From Silliman's Journal, for April. WILD PIGEONS.

The most remarkable characteristics of these birds is their associating together, both in their migrations and also during the period of incubation, in such prodigious numbers as almost to surpass belief; and which has no parallel among any other of the feathered tribes on the face of the earth with which naturalists are acquainted.

These migrations appear to be undertaken rather in quest of food, than merely to avoid the cold of the climate; since we find them lingering in the northern regions around Hudson's Bay, as late as December; and since their appearance is so casual and irregular, sometimes not visiting certain districts for several years in any considerable numbers, while at other times they are innumerable. I have witnessed these migrations in the Genesee country—often in Pennsylvania, and also in various parts of Virginia, with amazement; but all that I had then seen were mere straggling parties, when compared with the congregated millions which I have since beheld in our western forests, in the States of Ohio, Kentucky, and the Indiana territory. These fertile and extensive regions abound with the nutritious beech nut, which constitutes the chief food of the wild Pigeons. In seasons when these nuts are abundant, corresponding multitudes of pigeons may be confidently expected. It sometimes happens that having consumed the whole produce of the beech trees in an extensive district, they discover another at the distance of sixty or eighty miles, to which they regularly repair every morning and return as regularly in the course of the day or in the evening, to their place of general rendezvous, or as it is usually called the roosting place. The roosting places are always in the woods, and sometimes occupy a large extent of forest. When they have frequented one of these places for some time, the appearance it exhibits is surprising. The tender grass & underwood are destroyed, the surface is strewn with large limbs of trees broken down by the weight of the birds clustering one above another and the trees themselves, for thousands of acres killed as completely as if girdled with an axe. The marks of this desolation remain for many years on the spot; and numerous places could be pointed out where, for several years after, scarce a single vegetable made its appearance.

When these roosts are first discovered, the inhabitants from considerable distance visit them in the night, with guns, clubs, pots of sulphur, and various other engines of destruction. In a few hours, they fill many sacks, and load their horses with them. By the Indians a pigeon roost or breeding place is considered an important source of national profit and dependence for that season; and all their active ingenuity is exercised on the occasion. The breeding place differs from the former in its greater extent. In the western countries above mentioned, these are generally in beech woods, and often extend in nearly a straight line across the country for a great way. Not far from Shelbyville, in the State of Kentucky, about five years ago, there was one of these breeding places, which stretched through the woods in nearly a north and south direction; was several miles in

breadth, and was said to be upwards of forty miles in extent. In this tract almost every tree was furnished with nests whenever the branches would accommodate them. The pigeons made their appearance there about the tenth of April, and left it altogether, with their young, before the twenty-fifth of May.

As soon as the young were fully grown and before they left the nests, numerous parties of the inhabitants from all parts of the adjacent country, came with wagons, axes, beds and cooking utensils, many of them accompanied by the greater part of their families, and encamped for several days at this immense nursery. Several of them informed me that the noise in the woods was so great as to terrify their horses, and it was difficult for one person to hear another speak without bawling in his ear. The ground was strewn with broken limbs of trees, eggs and squab pigeons, which had been precipitated, from above, and on which herds of hogs were fattening. Hawks, buzzards, and eagles were sailing about in great numbers, and seizing the squabs from their nests at pleasure; while from twenty feet upwards to the tops of the trees, the view through the woods presented a perpetual tumult of crowding and fluttering pigeons, their wings roaring like thunder; mingled with the frequent crash of falling timber; for now the axes were at work cutting down those trees that seemed to be most crowded, with nests, and contrived to fell them in such a manner, that in their descent they might bring down several others; by which means the falling of one large tree sometimes produced two hundred squabs, little inferior in size to the old ones, and almost one mass of fat. On some single trees upwards of one hundred nests were found, each containing one young one only, a circumstance in the history of this bird not generally known to naturalists. It was dangerous to walk under the flying and fluttering millions from the frequent fall of large branches broken down by the weight of the multitudes above, and which in their descent often destroyed number of the birds themselves.

I had left the public road to visit the remains of the breeding place near Shelbyville, and was traversing the woods with my gun, on my way to Frankfort, when about one o'clock the pigeons, which I had observed flying the greater part of the morning, northerly, began to return in such immense numbers, as I never before had witnessed. Coming to an opening by the side of a creek called the Benson, where I had a more uninterrupted view, I was astonished at their appearance.—They were flying with great steadiness and rapidity, at a height beyond gunshot, in several strata deep and so close together that could shot have reached them, one discharge could not have failed bringing down several individuals. From right to left as far as the eye could reach the breadth of this vast procession extended, seeming every where equally crowded. Curious to determine how long this appearance would continue, I took out my watch to note the time and sat down to observe them. It was then half past one. I sat for more than an hour, but instead of a diminution of this prodigious procession, it seemed rather to increase both in numbers and rapidity; anxious to reach Frankfort before night, I rose and went on. About four o'clock in the afternoon I crossed the Kentucky river, at the town of Frankfort, at which time the living torrent above my head seemed as numerous and extensive as ever."

Singular Phenomenon.—A friend has favored us with the following extract from a private journal kept during a voyage from this country to Madeira, and thence to Calcutta.—*Daily Intel.*

"About midnight we were roused from our berths, and desired to repair on deck. We did so; and what a scene presented itself! Each one of us, as he stepped upon deck, stood silent and amazed, appalled, yet delighted. *We were floating upon a sea of fire!* The wind was brisk and the waves high, but each wave kindled into a floating conflagration; it sparkled and glowed like molten iron; and as the crest of the waves broke and fell it seemed like a shower of fire. The sky was palled with clouds, and the night dark; yet in the reflected glare of the sea, the highest rope in our rigging was plainly perceptible. We were awe stricken, it seemed, in the silence and fearfulness of the moment, that we were careering in our lonely way upon an infernal ocean. As far as the eye could reach, the sea presented the same glowing appearance, heaving and flashing, and throwing its deep red glare far up into the misty dark air. It was awful, yet most beautiful. My imagination can conceive of nothing of equal grandeur, and my pen is unequal to the task of its description. It was doubtless occasioned by the singular abundance of phosphoric animalculæ.

The water, when taken in a bucket, gradually lost its glow, and finally became dark. The sea retained its fiery aspect for several hours, during all of which time our ship dashed through it, scattering the spray like particles of real fire. I understand that in this portion of the sea, and at this time of year, mariners have often remarked the same singular appearance. At the time we saw it we were in latitude 7 N. and longitude 17 W."

ON THE PROBABLE APPLICATION OF STEAM POWER TO VARIOUS PURPOSES.—It is not improbable, that in nothing will greater changes be effected before the close of the year which has just commenced, than in the purpose to which this tremendous agent will be applied.—Every day brings to light some new form in which its irresistible energies may be employed. Ten years ago the idea of substituting a steam engine for a horse, as propelling power upon a turnpike, would have been thought chimerical; and the projector who should have talked of travelling from New-York to Philadelphia and back again between sunrise and sunset, would have found his schemes listened to with most ominous shakes of the head and shrugs of the shoulders. Yet these things are done daily before our eyes, and nobody seems astonished.

Most of the London presses are worked by steam; logs and marble are sawed and chickens are hatched by steam potatoes are boiled, money is coined, whiskey distilled, water is pumped, bullets are driven, gun barrels bored, watch cases turned, foul cloths washed, tortoise shell combs mended, anchors hammered, ships cables twisted, linen is bleached, sugar refined, jellies and soups are made and houses warmed, by steam; in short, there is scarcely an object of human necessity, comfort or luxury, in the production of which some use is not made of this universal and most accommodating of all agents.

No man can set bounds to its utility and the modes of its application. We shall not be surprised to find it, before the year is out, employed to extinguish fires, to blast rocks, or in excavating the earth for canals; some of us may live to see men enabled, by its assistance, to traverse the air, or explore the depths of the ocean; and who knows even but that its energies may in some future age, when man's knowledge and ingenuity shall have reached their highest state of perfection, be successfully directed to the discovery of the philosopher's stone, the north west passage, and the long sought for "perpetual motion?"

Mec. Meg.
Eighty nine thousand four hundred and nineteen men was the recent vote for the British army for 1833 in the Parliament. The Secretary of War, in submitting the army estimates, made the following statement:

"There had been a great deal said in some of the public journals about a diminution of military forces having been effected in other parts of the world.—Lest Honorable Gen'lmen might be led away by this erroneous statement, he would proceed to read, from a set of tables, the exact amount of the forces at this moment kept up by different Powers, and he must say, that the enormous extent of these forces was dreadful to think of but when Gentlemen were called upon to vote how many troops we should keep up, it was most necessary and proper that they should be put in possession of the exact amount of the forces maintained by the other Powers. He would not trouble the House with going into the detail of this scale, because he thought the readiest and most forcible way would be to state the proportion of armed men in each of the principal States to the population, and the proportion of the military expenditures to the revenue. In Great Britain, of effective forces, the proportion of armed men to the population was one man in every 266, and the proportion of military expenditure to the revenue was one sixth. In France, the proportion to the population was one in 77, and the proportion of the military expenditure to the revenue one fourth. In Austria it was one man in 116, and the proportion of expenditure two thirds. In Russia it was one man in every 57, and the proportion as above one-third. In Prussia it was one man in every 115, and the proportion of expenditure to the revenue one-half. In Spain it was one man in 273, and the proportion one third. In Holland it was one in every 43, and the proportion as above one fourth. In Belgium it was one in every 42, and the proportion one half. In Bavaria, to give an instance from one of the Petty States, it was one in every 95, and the proportion one-fourth. In America, the proportion of regular armed troops was one in every 1,936, and the proportion of expenditure was one fourth; it being one sixth in England."

OHIO.—Who does not feel a glow of pride of country, in a retrospect of the last forty-five years? In April, 1789, forty-seven adventurers from New England, settled the town of Marietta. In November, of the same season, a settlement was made six miles from Cincinnati, under the auspices of John Clevins Symmes, of New Jersey. Cincinnati was settled the December following; the courses of streets being blazed on the trees which composed the dense forest that then waved, where now stands the beautiful "Queen of the West." The whole cost of the section in which Cincinnati is laid out, was forty nine dollars worth of land warrants! The population of Cincinnati in 1795 was 500; in 1816, 4000; and in 1832, 31,000. Another instance where individual agency and enterprise alone has built up a city thus rapidly, cannot be found in the history of the world.

It was some years after settlements were commenced on the Ohio river, before a lodgment was made in the north part of the State. But once effected, the whole State was rapidly populated. Soon were chasms and notches cut out of the forest in every direction. The deep wilderness and flowering prairies were dotted with thousands of log cabins, intermingled in many places with the bark wigwams of the Indian. Then rose the stately brick edifice, the pride and boast of some village that looked out to heaven from the midst of an embowering wood, the child of yesterday—while around it an hundred rude hamlets of the hardy pioneers of the west, sent up their cheerful smokes amid a thousand dead trees that surrounded the incipient settlement.

In 1790, the population of the territory which now constitutes the State of Ohio, was 9000; but such has been the resistless tide of emigration, that the population has multiplied itself ten times the first ten years; in the second ten years, seven times; in the third ten years, twice and a half; and in the fourth ten years, nearly three; making the population in 1830, 937,000.—*Ohio Atlas.*

The number of regulars furnished to the Revolutionary Army were:—

By New England,	117,441
By the Middle States,	56,571
By the Southern States,	56,997

It appears by the above, that New England, consisting of New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, furnished more troops for the defence of the country, than the other nine States, by 3875. The number of troops furnished by South Carolina was 6,447—by Massachusetts, 67,907—Georgia, 2,697—Connecticut, 31,931—New England lost more men in defending South Carolina against her tory citizens, than she (S. C.) raised during the whole war!—[*Vt. Repub. & Jour.*]

SIR ARCHY.—This famous horse has cleared for his proprietor, (independent of his achievements on the turf) \$70,000. He is still living, but in the extremity of old age, (in the 30th or 31st year.) His vigor is extinct. He has not shed his hair for several years, and it has grown to the length of two or three inches. A gentleman who has lately seen him, says that of all animals he is the worst looking and would be the last taken for the most celebrated horse of the age. His owner treats him with all possible kindness, as it would be unparadonable indeed if he did not. Proven-der without stint, at rack and manger, and a soft and delicate bed, proclaim the Proprietor's gratitude. The door is left open to allow his egress and ingress at pleasure, but it is observed that Archy only comes out to drink, and having done so, immediately returns to his stable. Except those of the fanny tribe, it is conjectured that Sir Archy's posterity out-numbers that of any living animal.
Richmond Warg.

In a recent discussion of the Budget, in the French Chamber of Deputies, the subject of horses was noticed in this way. "Chapter 24.—'Studs, premiums on the breed of horses, etc. 4,500,000fr.' gave rise to some observations from M. L'Herbette, M. Glais-Bizoin, M. de Tracy, M. Deludre, and M. D'Harcourt, on the ameliorations which might be made in the present system; the last named orator complained especially, that notwithstanding the large sums granted for this purpose, not less than 20,000 horses were imported in 1830 from Germany, Belgium, and England. The Minister of Commerce, stated in reply, that great progress had been made; in 1819 there were only 1,300,000 horses in France, in 1827 there were 2,423,000, and in 1831, 2,700,000. He added, that although France was still somewhat inferior to other countries in her saddle horses, her draught horses were the best and finest in Europe."

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The Second Edition of the New York Courier and Enquirer of Saturday, furnishes us with the following European information...

Our news schooner Eclipse has again arrived in town this morning, having boarded the ship William Byrnes, Capt. Sprague, from Liverpool...

Our latest advices from London, direct, were to the 1st of April and by the way of Havre to the 24th—the present are therefore one day later.

The following are observations of the Morning Herald on the state of the affairs in Turkey:

Considering our relations with the Ottoman Porte, we conceive (and in this we are supported by the general feeling here) that our Government cannot be too sufficiently alive to the passing events in the Mediterranean.

By the tenor of the accounts from Vienna, it has been supposed that some great political movement is anticipated, since they bring a decline in the funds of one per cent.

It has also been reported that a stronger disposition has been evinced for the final settlement of the Belgian question by the Dutch Government...

As to dispensing with an oath, a Catholic believed that no person or persons had any such power in an oath between man and man.

But if any Catholic council had declared any such opinion, every conscientious Catholic would be bound to reject it; for no council or other body of men had a right to command that which was in itself morally wrong.

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Commander in Chief of the Army of Operations. Head-quarters at S. Mameda da Infesta, March 7, 1833.

Letters from Vallongo, of the 17th inst. say that several foreign vessels are lying off the bar of Oporto, with provisions and ammunition on board for the rebels.

The following is the reply of Mr. O'Connell to the assertion made by Mr. Johnston, that Roman Catholics were by the Council of Trent permitted to disregard the obligations of an oath to an heretic.

Mr. O'Connell said he would not detain the house by any detailed answer to the ludicrous calumnies which the hon. member had raked up, for all those calumnies had been already scouted with ridicule by all who had liberal or christian feelings.

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not having been complied with; France will not consider herself bound. We learn that the Charlemagne has brought us we expected she would, the draft drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury on the French Government and protested.

LIVERPOOL, April 3.—The arrivals have been heavy this week, and though there is not much doing, prices of all descriptions remain firm, holders offering what they have freely at the existing prices.

Foreign Sugars.—At a public sale 1,794 boxes Havana Sugar, very strong white 27s a 29s 5d, good yellow 22s 6d, low to good white 24s a 27s, being heavy at former prices.

Coffee.—There was no alteration in Foreign or East India Coffee last week, but generally the market appeared very heavy.

From the National Intelligencer. THE CASE OF LIEUT. R. B. RANDOLPH.—The Alexandria Gazette of Monday last contains an Address to the Public, from Ex-Lieut. Randolph, containing an Exposition of the circumstances which preceded his recent dismissal from the Navy by the President of the United States.

Robert B. Randolph, late Lieutenant in the Navy of the United States, having recently announced his dismissal from the service by the President, will now undertake, for the information of his fellow citizens generally, and of his late associates attached to the Navy, to expose the circumstances which have led to this catastrophe.

In the Spring of 1828, John B. Timberlake, Purser of the U. S. frigate Constitution, died at Port Mahon, from the effects of derangement, in a fit of which he had unfortunately maimed himself, by cutting his throat.

So much of the rules and regulations as I have here inserted; consist especially of instructions to Captains, and they are now produced to show to the people, and my late brother officers, how unjust and tyrannically the President has acted towards me.

With respect to the small stores on board belonging to Mr. Timberlake, the explanation is short and simple. Mr. Timberlake died indebted to Mr. Norman, his clerk, something more than six hundred dollars, and before his death expressed a desire to secure him out of his small stores.

I have now done with Mr. Timberlake's slops and small stores; having no more agency in their disposition than that above stated, and which is matter of record, as the minutes of the proceedings of the late Court of Enquiry will abundantly prove.

I shall, in the sequel, tax the reader with a history of the money left by Purser Timberlake on his demise, and which was reported to me, by those who counted it, to be \$11,483, of which I immediately made a memorandum.

When the investigation concerning the mysterious inventories, which from the beginning had existed only in fiction, might be terminated, but for the evidence of Capt. Patterson, before the Court of Inquiry, who swore that when the Constitution came near the light house, and before the survey took place in the Navy Yard at Charleston, he inquired of me whether I had forwarded to the Fourth Auditor duplicates of the inventories of these same slops and stores, and received an affirmative answer!

The reader has seen, above, that no inventory had before been taken, and this with the knowledge, and in pursuance of the orders, of Capt. Patterson himself. It is scarcely worth while to waste one word more on this subject.

A vessel arrived from Constantinople in 24 hours has brought accounts that the Russian fleet was still tranquilly at anchor in the Bosphorus. Meantime, Government has freighted a great number of merchant vessels, which are destined to take on board and carry to Constantinople the Russian detachment of troops which is advancing by forced marches to this quarter, in case events in Turkey should render such a measure necessary.

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when in the same scrawl he stigmatizes the integrity and intelligence of the late Court of Inquiry in my case, composed of officers not surpassed in character and respectability by any in the service of the country.

With any slops that might have been on board when Timberlake died, I am wholly unacquainted. For some time before his death, and until the day of his interment, Norman and Morris, Timberlake's Clerks had charge of all the slops which had been opened for the use of the crew.

In relation to the slops and public stores, it will be seen that the President recites that the verbal orders were given; directing an inventory to be taken according to law, without intimating by whom given, or to whom given, leaving room for the inference that the latter is imputable to me.

On the death of an officer, having charge of stores, his public papers shall be separated from those of a private nature, the former to be forwarded by a safe conveyance to the Fourth Auditor, and the latter, together with his private effects, to be put in charge of such officer as the Captain of the ship may appoint for that purpose.

If an officer having charge of stores, should, from any accidental circumstances, be separated from his ship, the Captain shall proceed to survey and ascertain the state of the stores, as though such officer were actually dead or discharged; and he shall, as in like case, appoint another officer to act in his place giving the earliest intelligence of his proceedings to the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury.

So much of the rules and regulations as I have here inserted; consist especially of instructions to Captains, and they are now produced to show to the people, and my late brother officers, how unjust and tyrannically the President has acted towards me.

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access as well to my own accounts as to those of the purser; and I presented for the consideration of the accounting officers an account current, covering the whole sum which came into my hands, every item of which is supported by a legal voucher, precisely as if the account had been originally mine.

Below will be found my account with the Government, in settlement of its new claims upon me, (C.) and I shall now wait two events—a suit at law, which I fearlessly challenge, and the meeting of Congress, to which I shall appeal.

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Trask while they were asleep. They lingered for about a fortnight and then died. For a long time after this event, Trask remained very surly and would not speak to any one.

On the night of January 23d, 1823, Trask succeeded in effecting his escape from the cell by removing a large stone through below his window. It was discovered that he had drawn out the large spikes which fastened the plank to the wall, and had very ingeniously formed from the contents of his night tub, the appearance of a spike head and placed it over the hole formed by the spikes, so that no one would have suspected that the spikes had been removed.

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here taken by a Landrum, who himself cleans his cart, and to my confessed that he was 12 hours. As question for such a long time previous, a Landrum's stand for Washington, had been stowed twelve hours.

The above is in progress and travel mail through the extraordinary detours, "high ways roads." All these an active contractor have not lost a horseback were when bound to which were had the crows would bling.

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here taken by a shaggy-headed fellow called Landrum, who was not only too lazy to keep himself clean, but too lazy to jump into his cart, and to see "get up" to his horses. He confessed that his horses had not been fed for 12 hours. As it was altogether out of the question for such a driver to lift newspaper bags into a low mail cart, Landrum left the whole newspaper mail that had arrived some time previous, and crept on without it. At Landrum's stand the great Northern daily mail for Washington, New York and New England had been stowed away in a log house over twelve hours. Landrum took us about 8 o'clock, A. M. when he had not eaten his breakfast. At 10 Landrum became hungry and stopped to have his breakfast cooked for there was none in preparation. The passengers remonstrated. Landrum was sulky and persisted. One hour was lost in preparing and eating the breakfast, to obtain which a driver, the great New Orleans daily mail, was stopped; the daily mail pray, remember that. Landrum at last crept along to the end of his stand, where he grunted and lifted his two legs out of the mail cart. It was now dinner time. The daily mail was stowed three fourths of an hour for the driver to eat dinner, and then an active intelligent fellow took us to Montgomery. The last I saw of the mail was when bound for Mobile in an open go-cart to which were harnessed four horses so poor that the crows would not eat them without grumbling.

The above is an unvarnished account of the process and travels of Uncle Sam's important mail through the Creek Nation. For these extraordinary delays, the expense will be "great rains," "high waters," "broken bridges," "bad roads." All these excuses are in fact true, but an active contractor, and active driver, would not have lost a single day. Travellers on horseback were two days ahead of the daily mail. Travellers in gigs or sulkeys, were a day and a half ahead of the daily mail. Emigrants with droves of negroes were a day ahead of the daily mail. Mr. Forbes is the contractor who undertakes to carry the mail through the Creek Nation. He is paid a very large sum; but if the mail is to be carried only in fair weather, and in good times, it can be carried for one half the sum given him. The truth is, he is too much of a good natured easy man, and does not think quick enough for the age he lives in. Half of his drivers are good for nothing, not half civilized, and wholly unworthy of trust. Under such management, it is not wonderful that the daily mail so often fails. The Post Master General, who must listen to excuses, and who is liable to all sorts of imposition from the nature of the road where this mail is carried, is not so much in fault as the contractors. Travellers and the newspaper press, and a rigid enforcement of penalties for lost mails, will bring the contractors and drivers to their senses. This mail is of more importance than any other in the Union. It is the great channel of communication between the great cities of the North, and the great mart of the Mississippi; and it should travel night and day, with all possible speed and nothing that human enterprise can surmount should be suffered to delay its progress.

EASTON GAZETTE

EASTON, (Md.)

Saturday Morning, May 18.

Talbot County Court will commence its Spring Term on Monday next, which will give many of our patrons an opportunity of calling on us and settling their accounts.—We hope those who can make it convenient will not neglect so favorable an opportunity.

LIEUT. RANDOLPH AGAIN.—It appears by a letter from Lieut. Randolph, which we publish to-day, that after he was stricken from the rolls of the Navy, he sent his Commission to the venerable Ex. President Madison of whom he received it. In his letter he recounts the many severe and hazardous engagements he has been in while fighting the battles of his country. The Baltimore Patriot says:—He has encountered more dangers, and fought more battles than ever Gen. Jackson did, twice told. The dismissal of such a defender of his country, & the manner of that dismissal, we cannot but consider as most oppressively unjust & cruel. No doubt it drove Randolph to madness, & thus an unguarded moment he was led to the commission of an outrage, that we have seen defended in no quarter, and that was as impolitic on his part, as wrong in itself. But however much his rashness and violence may be condemned, and condemned it must be still, there is no reason in the whole case, or in any of its parts, why the man should be sacrificed. In noticing and condemning the act, it is but just to the party, since "to err is human," to recur to the provocation. The sting which drove Randolph to the commission of the outrage is unquestionably to be found in that part of President Jackson's letter of dismissal in which Randolph is pronounced, "unworthy the naval service of this Republic, and an unfit associate of the sons of chivalry, integrity, and honor, who adorn our Navy."

The question is—whether such an expression could justify the subsequent outrage on the part of him who used it, but—how many "sons of chivalry," or bearded men, would have found their temper ruffled and all their prudence at fault, under a similar provocation? For the breach of the law, let the offender answer to the law. But no just or righteous judgment can be formed of the turpitude of an act, without taking into account the motives and circumstances which led to it.

From the Virginia Times.

ALEXANDRIA, (D. C.) April 24th, 1833.
Dear Sir:—I make no apology for the liberty I take of addressing a letter to you. Being a Virginian by nature, habit, and character yourself, you will readily, I am sure, appreciate the feelings of one of her sons in surrendering to you the commission it was so much my honor and pride to receive from you, I was of course, first appointed as a midshipman, and served with diligence and faithfulness, until I received from you the commission of a Lieutenant in the navy of the United States, the duties of which I have in like manner discharged with all the ardor and integrity of one who has always loved his country, Government, and people. It has altogether occupied a period of twenty three years; twelve or fourteen of which have been consumed in the most active service. I have never disgraced the flag or character of my country in any shape, way, or degree

whatever; but I have uniformly sustained the dignity and honor of both, amid many arduous and very perilous engagements. It was my good fortune to be in the battle with Commodore Decatur, in the ship United States, against the British ship Macedonian 38, which was captured.

I was with him in a boat fight off New London, and rescued a valuable vessel and cargo from under the guns of the enemy's squadron, which was believed to be one of the most hazardous enterprises. I was with him in the United States frigate President, in an engagement with the British squadron, consisting of the Majestic 74, the Endymion 44 frigate, the Tenedos frigate 28, the Pomona 38, and a sloop of war, the engagement commencing at day-light in the morning, and lasting until 11 o'clock P. M. I was with him in the frigate Guerriere against the Algerine frigate Medora in the Mediterranean, which was captured, and which led to the treaty between Algiers and the United States, and on the next day, captured an Algerine sloop of war of 22 guns. And finally when taken prisoner in the frigate President, by the British squadron before mentioned, and carried to Bermuda, in consequence of reflections made upon the United States Government and Commodore Decatur, I was selected by my brother officers to chastise the editor of the King's press, which I fully accomplished on the King's square, at the hazard of being sent to England or imprisoned in the Island.

I have cruised in every sea and almost every latitude of the globe, and have always sustained the reputation of an officer devoted to his country's service. It happens now, after all these trying circumstances, wherein my character has been faithfully sustained by the voices of my superiors and comrades, that I am under the necessity of restoring to you the commission that it was your prerogative to give, and my honor to receive from you; Sir, because I deem you so perfectly worthy of the respect, which it is my view to pay you by the surrender of it; you bestowed it upon me; and I have most conscientiously and faithfully fulfilled the obligation it imposed upon me.

Driven from any further service to my country by the most wretched injustice, and by a spirit of persecution and tyranny unparalleled in the annals of the country, it is my province to assure you, though dismissed myself from the navy, it would be to me at least a comfortable reflection, if I could imagine that there is anything like even the possibility of justice to be calculated upon under the existing miserable administration, to those it has been so long my pride and blessing to have been associated with, in the navy of the United States, I owe it, however, to truth and justice to say, that the link which holds them together, is just as feeble and brittle in their hands, as mine has been; fidelity, arduous services, and valor, are not, now-a-days, such attributes as to weigh a feather in the scale with power and interest. I consider the administration of Andrew Jackson as subversive of constitutional liberty, and guided by feeling and passion; and although my degradation and ruin have been long ago plotted by his malicious, invidious, and dishonest official subalterns, it has been his pride to connive at it all, and to make me the victim of their base and heartless injustice.

I have the honor to be, with profound respect, your most obedient servant,
ROBT. B. RANDOLPH,
Late of the U. S. Navy.
To his Excellency JAMES MADISON,
Ex-President of the U. States.

Appointments by the Executive of Maryland.
— Alexander, Engineer, and Julius F. Ducalet, Assistant Engineer to make a Map of the State.
— J. W. McCulloch, Esq., Ex-Governor Chas. Goldsborough, and Hon. B. S. Forrest, Representatives of the State, in the Joint Stock Companies in which the State holds stock.

The Baltimore Republican recommends Gen. Samuel Smith, of that city, for the treasury department, which will be vacated by Mr. McLane, who is to be transferred to the department of state. The Republican is so late as it seems to be settled that *Wm. H. Duane*, of Philadelphia, a son of the editor of the "Aurora" newspaper, will be appointed to that office—and besides, the ex-senator has far descended into the vale of years, and is both physically and mentally incompetent.

Virginia.—The elections in this state have terminated, and the following gentleman have been elected members of the next Congress: George Loyal, John Y. Mason, Wm. S. Archer, James Gholson, John Randolph, Thomas W. Davenport, Nathaniel H. Claiborne, Henry A. Wise, William Taylor, Joseph Chinn, Andrew Stevenson, William F. Gordon, John M. Patton, Charles F. Mercer, Edward Lucas, James M. Bease, Samuel McD. Moore, John H. Fulton, William M. Corras, John J. Allen, Edgar C. Wilson.

Twelve out of the twenty-one, are new members. Four are National Republicans, and four nullifiers.

The agitators of the South affect to believe that there is a disposition, nay, an intention, in the Northern States, to interfere with their constitutional rights of property in their slaves. Nothing can be farther from the truth. Those rights have always been respected and violated, when they have been obstructed or violated. Among many instances of this sort, which might be cited, a striking one has occurred at the present session of the Circuit Court of the United States. A Mr. Caleb Johnson, some years ago, came from New Jersey into Pennsylvania, to recover a fugitive slave.—From some circumstances in the manner of making the seizure, or from a mistaken zeal for freedom in certain persons highly respectable, in the neighbourhood, an opposition was made to carrying off the slave. The master, and three of his friends who accompanied him, were taken before a Judge, and afterwards before a Justice of the Peace, and detained in custody for two days and nights at the tavern. They were held to bail to appear at the County Court of Montgomery, where they were prosecuted as kidnappers; but acquitted;—and the negro went home with his master. The suit just tried in the Circuit Court was brought by the master for those injuries; and, after a trial which lasted a week, conducted by the ablest counsel, a Philadelphia jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, and gave him four thousand dollars damages. This is the protection we give to runaway slaves—and such are the impediments we oppose to the constitutional rights of their masters.—Nat. Gaz.

The editor of the Richmond Enquirer, having been harshly spoken of by Mr. Randolph in one of his recent speeches, in the last number of that paper says—
"We owe our acknowledgments to Mr. John Randolph for several favors of this description. The time may come, when we shall return the debt with interest. He has calumniated us—but how could we expect to escape his remorseless vengeance? Why should he who has abused so many others, have spared ourselves? Or how could we, who despise his sycaristic spirit, and his unblushing rapacity of the public money, have calculated upon his forbearance?"

In another place, in the same paper, he says:—"A man who has sinned against his own conscience, and sunk himself in the opinion of all honorable patriots, by plunging his arm into the public coffers, and disgracefully feeding in the public crib, may falsely charge us with looking only after the leaves and fishes. We scorned to justify his rapacity—and the inextinguishable resentment which we have provoked, may now vent itself in the bitterest and the most unfounded reproaches. We defy them all—all—from the low, needy sycophant of John C. Calhoun, who is paid by the column by his employer, to do his dirty work—or, from him, whose conscious soul shrunk abashed from the light of day, and caused him to appear like a guilty thing, in a convention of his fellow citizens—up to him who, "condemned to have an itching palm," could stoop to—
—Sell the mighty space of his large honors, For so much trash as may be grasped thus."
This is "awful." The "nuisance and the curse" that was—became a blessing, and has returned into a nuisance again! No man has such a happy knack of reforming angels of darkness into children of the light, or of transforming demi gods into devils, at his own sovereign will. But why quarrel with the philosopher of Raccoke because that he so greedily put his paw into the treasury chest? Why not rather blame those who permitted the plunder?

BALTIMORE, May 14.
CENTRAL COURSE RACES.
The match yesterday between *Monson* and *Upton*, \$1000 was won easily by the former, time 1st heat 4m. 9s. second heat, 4m. 8s.

May 15th.
First Day.—We yesterday witnessed an interesting, though not as beautiful a race as might have been expected. The turf was heavy from the late frequent rains, and two nags of great promise were withdrawn, viz: Wm. R. Johnson's full sister to Bertrand, Jr., and Jas. J. Harrison's Sally Drake—both having paid forfeit.
John C. Stevens' ch. c. Medoc, 3 2 1 1
Col. Wm. Wynn's bc. c. Anvil, 3 1 2 2
Thomas D. Johnson's b. f. Florida, 1 3 dwn
J. M. Bott's b. c. Tobaccocist, 4 4 dwn
Medoc and Anvil contended for the last heat alone, both proving themselves horses of good bottom. Florida acquitted herself beyond expectation. Time first heat, 8m. 37s; second, 8m. 50s; third, 8m. 48 1-2, fourth, 9m. 11s. Rare sport is promised to day.

May 16th.
Second Day.—For the Maryland Sweepstakes but two nags appeared, viz: Mr. Ridgely's b. f. and Mr. Dorsey's ch. f. Ann Page, both by Maryland Eclipse. They got off well together, but in the first quarter of a mile Mr. Ridgely's filley fell, in consequence of the slippery state of the track, and not being able to recover in time was distrainted.
For the splendid Craig Cup, 5 horses came to the post, and the following is the result.—Every heat run during a heavy rain.
T. R. S. Boyce's b. h. Monsoon by 1 2 1
Ratler,
Jacob Fouke's ch. c. Tyrant, by Go- 2 1 2
hana,
J. M. Selden's b. h. Duke of Orleans, 3 dr.
by Sumter,
John M. Bott's ch. h. Rapid, by Rat- 4 dr.
ler,
Col. Johnson's ch. m. Annette, by 5 dis.
Sir Charles,
Time—1st heat, 4m. 37s—2d heat, 4m. 52s
—3d heat, 4m. 37 1-2s.

The following are entered for the Proprietor's purse, \$500, 3 mile heats, to-day, to come off at 12 o'clock precisely.
J. M. Selden's b. h. Sir Whitefoot.
Capt. L. G. Taylor's ch. f. Patty Sings.
Col. Johnson's ch. m. Annette.
Mr. Brightwell's gr. m. Helen.—(Chron.)
The race intended to come off to-day has been postponed until Saturday. The regular Jockey Club purse \$1000, four mile heats, will be run for to-morrow, the entries for which will appear in the morning papers.

MARRIED.
On Thursday last, the 16th inst. in Christ church, in this town by the Rev. Mr. Bayne, the Rev. Robert W. Goldsborough, Rector of St. Paul's Parish, in Queen Anne's County to Rebecca H. daughter of the late Nicholas Hammond, Esq. of this County.

PRICES CURRENT, BALTIMORE, May 16.
Wheat \$1 25 a 1 35
Corn 63 a 66
Rye 60 a 63
Oats 38 a 40

A FAIR.—The ladies of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Chestertown, will hold a "FAIR" for the exhibition and sale of fancy and useful articles, to commence on WEDNESDAY the 29th of May, and to continue for three days, at the MASONIC HALL.—The proceedings of the sale to be applied to repairing the exterior of the Church, and erecting a Sunday School room. The room will be kept open until 10 o'clock in the evening of each day. Admittance 12 1-2 cents for the whole day. Donations will be thankfully received.
—The Editors of the Easton, Centerville and Elkton papers will confer a favor by copying this advertisement.
May 4, 1833.

W. & T. H. JENKINS
RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have received an additional supply of
NEW GOODS,
to their former stock. This addition, it is hoped will complete their spring assortment, and meet the approbation of purchasers. They can exhibit a beautiful lot of crape Gauze and Hermine Shawls of all colors; Black Gros de Swiss and green Gro de Nap; Black Florence Lustrating—double and single green Florence—Grecian quilling, &c. Rich figured Blond Veils;
ALSO A GREAT VARIETY OF
PARASOLS,
PLAIN, FIGURED & STAR-FRANGED
WALDEN'S GRAIN AND GRASS SCYTHES.
WINES.

W. & T. H. J. take this opportunity to say that they will receive in a very short time, some superior Champagne and Claret Wines, which they will warrant to be of the finest qualities. They indulge the hope that the price of the claret wine, will be such as to warrant its general use in families, being a wine perfectly innocent and very healthy in the warm seasons.
Old London particular Madeira; Sherry and Lisbon Wines: Old London Dock Oporto wine warranted pure and of the first quality. They again invite the attention of the public.
Easton, May 18. (W)

SPLENDID PRIZES.
NEW YORK CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY, Extra Class No 14.
To be drawn WEDNESDAY, May 22d 1833
66 No. Lottery—10 drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.
1 Prize \$10,000 10 Prizes \$1,000
1 10,000 10 500
1 10,000 10 300
1 10,000 10 200
1 2,250 65 100
Tickets \$5, Halves \$2 50, Quarters \$1 25.

NEW YORK CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY,
Extra Class, No. 15, to be drawn WEDNESDAY, May 29th 1833.
66 No. Lottery—10 drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.
1 Prize 20,000 100 prizes 1,000
1 10,000 10 500
1 5,000 56 100
1 2,250 56 80
Tickets \$10. Halves \$5, Quarters \$2.50.
Eighths \$1.25.
Tickets can be had by the single Ticket or package in the above Lotteries, by mail. (Postage paid) or otherwise at
P. SUCKETT,
Price selling Office Easton, Md.
May 18

WILLIAM W. HIGGINS
HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore a handsome assortment of
SADDLERY.

Those wishing to purchase, will do well to give him an early call.
Easton, May 18

TWO FARMS TO RENT.
To rent for the year 1834, my farm in Talbot county, recently occupied by Robert Bartlett on Third Haven Creek, between the residence of H. Hollyday & J. Bartlett, one half said farm is enclosed by salt water abounding in oysters, fish & all the delicacies adapted to the salt water; the farm is in good order; possession will be given the first day of the first month 1834. Also my farm in the neighbourhood of King's Creek near the Choptank river formerly occupied by myself, adjoining the farm of G. Dudley, the said farm is in good order, possession given first month 1834. All persons wishing to rent either of the above Farms will leave their names with Alexander Graham, at Easton, they will be attended to.
SUSANNA NEEDLES.
Baltimore, 5th mo. 16th 1833.

A STRAY.
Came to the Subscribers stable in Easton on Wednesday the 15th inst., a small bay mare, with a fistula,—the owner is requested to come forward, pay charges and take her away.
HENRY CLIFT,
Union Tavern, Easton, Md.
May 18

W. HUGHLETT
WISHES to purchase for his own use, several healthy NEGRO BOYS, from ten to sixteen years of age. For such, of good character, the cash will be paid, at liberal prices.
Galloway, near Easton, May 4 4w

Valuable Lands for Sale.
THE Subscriber offers for sale on convenient terms, a farm near the Trappe, in Talbot county, (at present occupied by Mr. John Baker,) connected with this farm are some heavy timber lands, which if preferred, he will sell separately in lots.
The farm or cultivated portion is small, containing about sixty thousand corn hills, in each of three shifts, but is obviously of the highest order of lands, and may be conveniently extended to a desirable size.
The timber lands contain about 2 hundred acres of unusually heavy growth (chiefly oak) and within but little more than a mile of Island Creek.
The terms may be known by application to Joseph E. Muse or to the Subscriber in Cambridge.

JOSEPH E. MUSE, Jr.
Sw
May 18

WOOL! WOOL!!

IT is now nearly time to commence sheering Sheep. The subscriber therefore respectfully requests his friends, the farmers of Talbot and the adjacent counties, to commence the operation of washing and sheering as early as they may think proper, and that he is ready with a good supply of the rhino, to purchase wool at the highest cash prices at his Ware Room near the Market corner. He assures the public, although a little crippled in some of his limbs, his pockets are well stored and are neither affected with consumption or paralysis, but are in first rate cash plight. All he desires is that wool sellers will give him a call, or direct a line to him in Easton and they will find that he is prepared and willing to give them as high prices as they can get in Baltimore or Philadelphia as many of them can bear witness to.
BENNETT TOMLINSON.
(W)
May 18

NOTICE.
THE Subscriber forwarns all persons indebted to the estate of the late Isaac B. Parrott, from paying any claims due from said estate to Ann Parrott, now Mrs. Ann Dorsey, or her agent, or to any other person at present, as there is no administration on said estate.
WILLIAM SHEHAN, Guardian to William H. Parrott, one of the heirs of I. B. Parrott, deceased.
May 18

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.
BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot County, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale on FRIDAY the 31st day of May inst. on the farm in Oxford Neck on which John Fleming lately died, all the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of his interest in the crops &c. on said farm, derived from the contract between the said deceased, and the subscriber, which will be particularly explained on the day of sale.

HORSES, CATTLE, HOGS,
Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture.
The terms of Sale are a credit of six months on all sums above five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving their notes with approved security for the payment of the same—on all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required. The above terms must be complied with before the removal of the property.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on the above mentioned day.
T. R. LOOCKERMAN, Adm'r.
of John Flemming, dec'd.
May 18

MARYLAND:
Kent County Orphans' Court,
May 7, 1833.
On application of James B. Ricard, adm'r. of Robert Rigby, late of Kent County deceased, it is

ORDERED, That he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Inquirer printed in Chestertown.
In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' court of the county aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 7th day of May, eighteen hundred and thirty three.
F. WILSON, Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance to the above order THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.
That the Subscriber of Kent county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Kent county in Maryland letters of administration on the personal estate of Robert Rigby, late of Kent county deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 7th day of November next they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.
Given under my hand this 7th day of May, 1833.
JAMES B. RICAUD, Adm'r.
of Robert Rigby, deceased.
May 11, 1833

NEW GOODS.
KENNARD & LOVEDAY.
HAVE just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have opened at their store house in Easton, a very handsome and

GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS,
in all their varieties.
Also, **HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE, STONE WARE, EARTHEN-WARE, WOOD-WARE &c. &c.**
which having been selected with much care and attention from the latest arrivals they think they can offer at reduced prices, they solicit an early call from their friends, and the public generally to judge for themselves.
Easton, May 11 6w (W)

NEW SPRING GOODS.

W. H. & P. GROOM
HAVE returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and are now opening their Spring supply of GOODS, comprising a large and very general assortment of
English, French, India and Domestic

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.

All of which will be offered at a small advance for Cash.
Constantly on hand a supply of FAMILY FLOUR of the best brands.
Easton, April 27 6t.

AMERICAN NANKEEN
WARRANTED NOT TO FADE.
Manufactured in Patterson, New Jersey, from Nankeen-coloured Cotton, the growth of Georgia. This new; handsome and purely American article, can be had by the single piece or larger quantity, by applying to
NATHANIEL F. WILLIAMS,
No. 14, Bowly's Wharf.
Baltimore, May 4
A sample of the above article can be seen at this office.

NOTICE.
The public are most respectfully invited to attend the annual Meeting of the Female Sabbath School Society of Easton, on the last Saturday in this month. Several ministers are expected to be present, and an address will be delivered by one of them.
Easton, May 11

CITY BANK ELECTION NOTICE.
The stockholders are hereby notified that Monday the 3d day of June next, is the day fixed by law for the election of nine Directors of the City Bank, & that the same will take place in the office of the undersigned, over the Baltimore Life Insurance Office, in Second Street between the hours of nine and two o'clock.
By order
JOHN B. MORRIS
The editor of the Easton Gazette is requested to insert the above one week, until the 3rd week in June.

MORE BOOTS AND SHOES,



The subscriber, grateful for past favors, begs leave to announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening a splendid supply of the above articles, which, having been selected by himself, he is warranted in saying is equal, if not superior, to any heretofore offered, which added to his former stock, renders his assortment most extensive and complete. Comprising gentlemen's boots and shoes of all descriptions, Ladies Lasting, French Morocco, Seal Skin and Calf Skin Slippers and stropped Shoes, servants coarse and fine shoes, and a variety of children's morocco and leather boots; also a beautiful assortment of hair and red morocco trunks, Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. He invites the public to call and view his supply, hear his prices, decide for themselves and he thinks if economy is at all consulted, he will receive as he has endeavoured to merit a continuance of public patronage.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
JOHN WRIGHT,
April 27

Postponed Sale.

PUBLIC SALE.
WILL be sold at public auction on TUESDAY, 2d of April next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. on the premises, the following property, belonging to Gerard T. Hopkins & Moore, of Baltimore, viz: Two Houses and Lots on Cabinet street, in the town of Easton, formerly the property of John Tomlinson. Also, one House and Lot on Port Street, in the town of Easton, formerly the property of Joseph Chain.
The terms of sale are: one third of the purchase money to be paid in hand, at the time of sale; one third in three months, and the remainder in six months from the day of sale, with interest on the two last payments, to be secured by bonds or notes with surety to be approved by the subscriber. On the payment of the whole purchase money, good and sufficient deeds will be executed to the purchaser or purchasers.
Attendance by
ISAAC ATKINSON, Agent
March 16 3t
The above sale is postponed until
TUESDAY the 23d of April next. I. A.
March 30.
The above sale is further postponed until
WEDNESDAY the 23d day of May next. I. A.
April 27

LOOK HERE.
ONE or two good Cabinet Makers, (single men) who are fondler of work than the subscriber, may obtain work by calling at the Cabinet shop of
JOHN MECONEKIN.
N. B. They may have their pay too.
Two apprentices of good moral habits from 14 to 16 years of age, will be taken to learn the above business.

WILL be run for on Whitsun MONDAY the 27th inst: (over a beautiful and well prepared Course under the superintendance of the subscriber) an elegant Saddle, Bridle and Martingale. Free for any horse, mare or gelding, half mile and repeat, carrying weight agreeable to the rules of the Easton Jockey Club.
THOMAS WARWICK.
Tattersals 4 miles from Easton, 3d May 1833.

SAMUEL MACKAY

Has the pleasure of informing his customers and the public in general, that he has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore and is now opening at his store, opposite the Court-House,

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS.
TOGETHER WITH
China, Glass and Queensware.
Also, a general assortment of
GROCERIES;
Consisting in part as follows:

TEAS,
Hyson and Imperial

Java and Green COFFEE.
Prime and Common SUGAR.
Molasses, Lisbon, Sherry, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES.
Cognac, BRANDY All proof,
Jamaica and Antigua SPIRITS,
Holland and Country GIN.
Prime and Common WHISKEY,
N. E. RUM and MOLASSES,
Mould and Diph. CANDLES, &c. &c.

All of which he offers very low for cash, or in exchange for Tow or Tear Linen, Wool, Feathers, Quills, &c. &c.
He invites his friends and customers to call and view his assortment, learn prices, and judge for themselves.
Easton, May 4.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

WILSON & TAYLOR

Most respectfully informs their friends and the public generally that they have just returned from Philadelphia & Baltimore and are now opening at the store house lately occupied by William Clark, dec'd and immediately opposite the Court House

DRY GOODS

GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, CHINA, GLASS & QUEENWARE,
all selected with great care from the best importations; their friends and the public generally are invited to give them an early call.
Easton, April 27.

NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he still carries on the Baking Business in his various branches at the old stand where he is ready to supply his customers with all the articles in his line on accommodating terms.

He would likewise notify them that he has just returned from Baltimore with a fresh assortment of **GROCERIES, CONFECTIO-NARIES, FRUITS, NUTS, TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES,** which, added to his former stock makes his variety complete, and having selected them with great care and attention, he confidently offers them to his friends, on terms which he hopes will be thought reasonable.

He has also just received and is now opening a beautiful and excellent assortment of **BOOKS,** religious, entertaining and useful,

- AMONG WHICH ARE:
- Family Bibles, \$ Bucks' Theological
 - Polyglot pocket do, \$ Dictionary,
 - Polyglot Testaments, \$ Collins' Ancient History
 - Common Prayer, \$ ry,
 - Methodist Hymns, \$ Joseph's
 - Protestant do, \$ Cook's Voyages,
 - Methodist Protestant \$ History United States,
 - do, \$ History of England,
 - Evidences of Christi- \$ Life of Girard,
 - anity, \$ Young Man's Own
 - Watson's Apology, \$ Book,
 - Watson's Wesley, \$ Young Ladies' Own
 - Methodist Discipline, \$ Book,
 - Methodist Protestant \$ Paradise Lost,
 - do, \$ Night Thoughts,
 - Benson's Fletcher, \$ Course of Time,
 - \$ Vicar of Wakefield.

A quantity of School Books and Toy Books.
Also a variety of Blank Books & Stationery.
The Subscriber feels grateful to his friends for the patronage they have afforded him, and while he is anxious to deserve a continuation of their favour.

FREDERICK F. NINDE.
Easton, April 13 cow3t (W)

SPRING FASHIONS.

Millinery and Mantua Making.

Mrs. Ridgway,

RETURNS her grateful acknowledgments to the ladies of Talbot and the adjacent counties, but more particularly to those of Easton, for the very liberal encouragement she has received from them since she commenced the above business in Easton, and takes pleasure in announcing to them her return from Baltimore in the latest Steam Boat, with a general assortment of **Millinery and fancy articles,** which she is disposed to sell on the most accommodating terms for cash.

She would also state, that having received a polite invitation from Mrs. Fealy (one of the most fashionable Milliners in Baltimore) immediately on her return from Philadelphia, to view her assortment of spring fashions; that she availed herself thereof, and obtained all her most fashionable patterns. She also visited Mrs. Broadbent at her elegant fashionable store by next packet a pattern bonnet of the latest fashion. She therefore respectfully invites her customers, and the ladies generally to call and view them, at her new stand on Washington Street, a few doors below Dover.
April 20 Sw

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Jones deceased, are hereby requested to leave them with the Register of Talbot County.
E. N. HAMBLETTON, Adm'r. D. B. N. May 4

SAMUEL OZMON,

Cabinet Maker.
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the above business in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Edward Mullikin, as the Post Office, and nearly opposite Mr. F. Ninde's Bakery.

He has just returned from Baltimore, with a first rate assortment of **WELL SEASONED MATERIALS** in his line, which he is prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice, into FURNITURE, of ALL DESCRIPTIONS, and on the most reasonable terms.

All orders for COFFINS, will be thankfully received, and the strictest attention will be paid to funerals by Mr. Thomas Oldson or myself, who can at all times be found at the shop.

He has also a first rate TURNER in his employ, who will execute all orders in his line with neatness and dispatch.
Easton, April 6. tf

JOHN MECONEKIN,

CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public, that he has just received his **SPRING STOCK OF MATERIALS,** in his line, which he is prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice, into furniture of all descriptions, which he will warrant will be as good, and will be sold as low, as they can be purchased in Baltimore, or elsewhere. He invites the public to call at his Ware Room, where he has now on hand some MAHOAGNY SIDEBOARDS, BUREAUX, TABLES, BEDSTEADS, &c. which he will dispose of very low.

Who earnestly requests those of his friends whose accounts have been of long standing, to call without delay and settle, as they must know it is impossible for him to carry on his business to advantage, without, at least, a little Cash.

J. M. would also acquaint the Public that he has in his employ a first rate Turner, who will execute any business in his line with neatness and dispatch. Old Chairs repaired at the shortest notice.
March 2

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

9th day of April A. D. 1833.
On application of John Stevens, adm'r. De Bonis Non of Charles S. Smith, late of Talbot County deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot County Orphan's court, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 9th day of April A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty three.

JAS. PRICE, Register of Wills for Talbot County.

In compliance to the above order

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.
That the Subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Talbot county in Maryland letters of administration on the personal estate of Charles S. Smith, late of Talbot county deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the first day of November next or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 9th day of April Anno Domini Eighteen hundred and thirty three.
JOHN STEVENS, Adm'r. D. B. N. of Charles Smith, dec'd.
April 20

THE STEAM BOAT

MARYLAND

Captain TAYLOR,

WILL commence her regular routes on Tuesday next the 9th instant. She will leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday morning at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge (via the Company's Wharf at Castlehaven) and Easton leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday morning at 7 o'clock for Cambridge (via the Company's Wharf at Castlehaven) Annapolis and Baltimore; leave Baltimore every Monday morning at half past 6 o'clock, for Centerville (via the Company's Wharf on Corsier's Creek) and Chestertown, and return to Baltimore the same day. All baggage and Packages at the risk of the owners thereof.
April 6

100 Prizes of a \$1000.

NEW YORK LOTTERY.

Extra Class No. 15.—To be drawn on Wednesday, May 29.

\$20,000, Highest Prize.

\$20,000, 10,000, 5,000, 10 of 3,000, 100 of 1,000, 16 of 500, &c. &c. Amounting to \$366,080

A package of 22 whole tickets, by certificate cost \$124—package of Halves, \$62—package of Quarters, \$31—Eighths, \$15.50.

Orders from any part of the U. States will receive the same attention as on personal application. When \$10 and upwards are remitted, postage need not be paid.

SYLVESTER is regularly licensed by the several States in which he has offices, (at New York, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Nashville, and New Orleans), thus all tickets issued from his office are genuine and guaranteed by the Managers.

*For capital prizes, orders from the country must be addressed to

S. J. SYLVESTER,

BALTIMORE, Md.

LYMAN REED & CO.,

Commission Wool Warehouse

No. 6, SOUTH CHARLES STREET

BALTIMORE.

N. B. Letters post paid requesting information respecting the state of the Market will receive immediate attention.
March 30.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

ANDREW OEHLER,

TAILOR,

TAKES the liberty of informing the citizens of Easton, that he has commenced business in Washington Street, near the Bank, and is prepared to receive and execute orders of every description, in the most correct and fashionable style; and pledges himself to use his utmost endeavor, by industry, punctuality and the use of his best abilities, to render satisfaction.

PARISIAN SCOURING.

This department of the advertiser's business he can with confidence assert will not be surpassed, if equalled, by any individual in this or any other city; having had the most perfect experience and given invariably, the most ample satisfaction to those having scouring done by him.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

of every description, can be cleaned so as to make one half worn appear entirely new, by restoring the colours, extracting grease, and preventing the moth from eating them.
Easton, May 4, 1833.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

ACCORDING to a decree of Queen Ann's county Court, sitting as a court of equity, will be offered at public sale, at Queens Town, on MONDAY the 27th of May next between 11 and 12 o'clock,

A TRACT OF LAND

called Wright's Chance, being part of the real estate of Sarah Davidson, deceased, lying in Queen Ann's county, on Winchester's creek, within a mile of Chester river, and about half way between Queens Town and Kent Narrows.

The tract contains 150 acres, 30 cleared, and the rest in heavy Chestnut, Oak and Pine timber, which has been carefully preserved, and, being directly on the water, may be carried at little expense, to any place on the Chesapeake Bay. The terms of sale are: one hundred dollars to be paid on the day of sale, and the residue of the purchase money, in twelve months, with interest: the purchaser giving bond and security for the same, to be approved by the trustee. And on the ratification of the sale, and the payment of the purchase money, a deed of conveyance will be given to the purchaser.

WM. GRASON, Trustee.
May 4 1833

FOR SALE

On a credit of six, nine, and twelve months that convenient and comfortable dwelling house on the corner of Dover and West streets, near the Methodist Meeting House, at present occupied by Richard C. Lane. This property has been attached to a good smoke house, stable and carriage house all of which is in excellent repair.

For Terms apply to A. Graham or to the Subscriber.
THOMAS S. COOK.
Easton, May 11 1833

For Sale for Cash.

SIX or eight likely negroes for sale, to remain in the State of Maryland. Enquire of the editor.
may 13 tf

BARK AND LEATHER.

The Subscribers wish to purchase 150 Cord of Tan Bark for which they will pay Cash, or exchange for Leather. They also have on hand & constantly keep a general assortment of Upper and Sole LEATHER, which they will sell on pleasing terms for Cash, Hides, Bark or Sheep Skins.

HENRY E. BATEMAN & CO.
April 13 6t (W)

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at private sale, on very accommodating terms, that small and convenient brick dwelling, situate on Harrison street, in Easton, at present occupied by Mrs. Mary E. C. Nicholson.—For terms apply to

A. GRAHAM.
Easton, Jan. 5 1833

MARYLAND

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

19th day of April, 1833.

On application of John Harrington, administrator of Nathan Harrington, late of Talbot county, deceased—it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot County Orphan's court, I have hereunto set my hand & the seal of my office affixed, this 19th day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three.

JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county has obtained from the Orphans' court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Nathan Harrington, late of Talbot county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 20th of January 1834, or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 19th day of April A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty three.

JOHN HARRINGTON, adm'r. of Nathan Harrington, dec'd.
April 20

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

ALL persons being in arrears on execution are requested to come forward and make immediate payment of the same, or make satisfactory arrangement with the Plaintiff on or before the 9th day of April next, otherwise their property will be immediately advertised for sale, without respect to persons. I would also say to those persons indebted for officers fees that the books are now in the hands of the Deputies who are instructed to collect the same according to law. Those persons who are indebted on executions or for officers fees will please call and settle the same with Jos. Graham who is duly authorized by me to receive the same.
The Public's Obedient Servant
J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.

March 30

The subscriber may be found at the office of Thos. C. Nicols, Esq. at most hours, every business day—where persons interested in the above notice will please call and settle, without delay, as I am compelled to obey the instructions I have received.
JO. GRAHAM, D. Shff.

March 30

Easton and Baltimore Packet

SCHOONER EDGAR.

ROBINSON LEONARD, Master.

The Subscriber grateful for past favours of a generous public, begs leave to inform his friends and customers and the public generally, that the Packet Schooner Edgar, will commence her regular trips between Easton and Baltimore on Sunday the 17th instant, leaving Easton Point every Sunday at 9 o'clock, A. M. and returning leave Baltimore on Wednesdays at the above named hour during the season. The Edgar is a new substantial vessel, built of the best materials that our country will afford, copper-fastened and coppered and is now in complete order for the reception of freight or passage.

N. B. All freights intended for the Edgar will be thankfully received at all times at the subscriber's granary at Easton Point and all orders strictly attended to by the
Public's Ob't. Serv't.
ROBERT LEONARD.

Feb. 16

COLLECTOR'S SECOND NOTICE.

THE subscriber desirous of completing his collection for the year 1832 earnestly requests all those who have not settled their Tax, that they will no longer defer the payment thereof. The collector is bound to make his payments to those who have claims on the county in a certain specified time, which has nearly expired, and is much pressed for the same, therefore those in arrears must be prepared to settle the amount of their Taxes when called on, or in case of their neglect to do so, the law shall be his guide.
PHILIP MACKAY, Collector.
April 13

New and Splendid Assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening the best assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, that he has ever had. His friends and the public are requested to call and see him. He is determined to sell at the most reduced prices for cash. He has also a great variety of Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. &c.
PETER TARR.
April 13

150 NEGROES WANTED,

The subscriber wishes to purchase one hundred and fifty servants of all descriptions.—Mechanics of all kinds, from 12 to 25, years of age. He also wishes to purchase fifty in families.—It is desirable to purchase them in large lots, as they will be settled in Alabama, and will not be separated. Persons having slaves to dispose of, will do well to give him a call as he is permanently settled in this market and is prepared at all times to give the highest cash price. All communications directed to him in Easton will be promptly attended to. He can at all times be found at Mr. Lowe's Hotel in Easton.
THOS. M. JONES.
may 4

SHANNONDALE.

THE full bred horse Shannondale, a dark sorrel, being in fine stud condition, will stand in Easton every Tuesday during the season, the remainder of his time at the subscriber's stable on the following terms, viz: Six dollars the spring's chance; 12 dollars to insure a mare with foal, three dollars the single leap and twenty five cents in each case to the groom.

JAMES BARTLETT.
Talbot co. March 16, 1833.

CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify that Shannondale was got by the imported horse Eagle and was raised by Thomas T. Lowry, and sold by said Lowry to Mr. Cato Moore of Charlottesville, Virginia, and by C. Moore to Thomas R. Hammond of the same town, and the dam of this horse was got by the imported horse Bedford, and that she was full blooded and raised by S. G. Fauntleroy of King and Queen county, Virginia.—Any further information that may be wanted can be obtained by application to Mr. Lowry or to Thos. R. Hammond.

JOHN M. GAYLE.

We hereby certify that Shannondale is a pure fal gater and has produced as likely colts as any horse that has stood in this county for the last twelve or fifteen years.

John M. Gayle, John T. Cooke, Henry Fleming, William Morgan, Thomas Hill, Jas. H. Jones, Philip Talcaferro, Robert Reese, John M. Anderson, Robertson Bridges, William Chapman.

Glooucester Court House, }
Va. March 3d 1833. }

TO TAILORS.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the trade, that the ensuing Report of the Spring and

SUMMER FASHIONS,

will be ready for delivery between the 10th and 20th of April; it will be got up in a style of superior elegance and beauty; also a publication on the art of Cutting; containing a full and explicit treatise; and comprising all that has been published on this subject in the United States, since 1827, and which will be an invaluable manual in the hands of the craft. Such of the trade as will forward to me by Mail or otherwise postage paid, \$5 before the 20th instant will have the Report by return of Post.

P. FINEGAN, Tailor.
Agent for James G. Wilson, New York.
Elkton, Md. April 13 1833.

The thorough bred young Horse

DEY OF ALGIERS.

The best son of Rinaldo, will stand the ensuing season at the subscribers stable, and will be let to mares at 10 dollars the spring's chance, 15 dollars to insure a mare in foal, and 50 cents in each case to the groom.

THE DEY OF ALGIERS

will be 5 years old in May next, is near 15-12 hands high, is a dark bay or brown, with a fine silken and glossy coat. In muscular powers, symmetry of form, and lofty carriage, superior to his sire. His dam Crazy Jane by Oscar, grand dam Eglantine by the Dey of Algiers, grand grand dam imported with Dey of Algiers. The two last animals were imported by Col. Swann, and were accompanied by well authenticated certificates, proving them to be full bred Arabians of the best class.

E. N. HAMBLETTON.
March 16 Sw

THE CELEBRATED HORSE

RED ROVER.

IS now in fine stud condition, and will stand the ensuing spring in Talbot county, Maryland, viz: Easton, St. Michaels, the Trappe and Chapel. The prices on which the services of Red Rover will be rendered are as follows: Six Dollars the Spring's chance, Three Dollars to insure a mare in foal, Three Dollars the single leap; with twenty five cents each to the Groom in each case. The insurance money to be paid by the 25th January, 1834; the money for the season to be paid by the 20th August next; the money for the single leap to be paid at the time of service. Mares insured and parted with before it is ascertained they are in foal, the persons putting will be held accountable for the insurance money.

RED ROVER, is now nine years old, of the best blood in the country, as by reference to his pedigree published in hand bills will appear. Red Rover is a beautiful sorrel, nearly 16 hands high, with a bold and lofty carriage, great bone and sinew, his general appearance commanding, admired and approved by judges.

Red Rover is believed to possess more of the Medley blood than any other horse on this shore, or even in this State, as due reference to Turf Register for sire and dam, will appear. Red Rover is now in Easton, and will remain here until the 20th inst. at which time he will commence his season. For stands, time of standing, pedigree, certificates, progeny &c. see hand bills and Turf Register.

J. M. FAULKNER.
March 23

RATCLIFFE.

A beautiful bay with black legs, mane and tail, five years old this spring and 16 hands in height, will stand at Easton this season on Tuesdays, the residue of the week at the stable of the subscriber. He will be let to mares on the following terms, viz:—eight dollars the Spring's chance, 12 to insure and 4 the single leap; in each case 50 cents to the groom. As to bone, figure and action, it is believed this horse is excelled by none in the county; the public however, will judge for themselves upon these points. Ratcliffe was sired by Mr. Randolph's fine horse Rinaldo, his dam by Wm. R. Stewart's Messenger (who obtained the prize at the Easton Cattle Show), he by the celebrated horse imported Messenger.—Ratcliffe's grand dam was a thorough bred mare raised by John Edmondson, Esq. (see certificate below.) Thus it appears that he is descended from the finest blood in this country. Sir Archy on the part of his sire, and imported Messenger on the side of his dam.
HENRY HOLLYDAY.
Talbot county, April 13th 1833.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the bay mare sold by me to Henry Hollyday, Esq. was sired by Cockfighter (raised by Gen. Stewart, of Charles county, and afterwards sold to Col. Edward Lloyd,) her dam by Venitist, her grand dam by Figure raised by Benjamin Ogle of the city of Annapolis, from the imported Figure, her great grand dam by Paolet, imported before the Revolution.

JOHN EDMONDSON.
The stock of horses on the dam side from which this mare was descended, was more highly prized and valued by my Father than any other from which he had ever bred, both for their speed and invincible spirit. J. E.

THE JACK

Will stand the present season at the Trappe on Friday and Saturday, the 5th and 6th of April; at Easton, the Tuesday and Wednesday following, and will attend each of the above stands once in two weeks. Eight dollars to insure a mare, twelve dollars to insure a mare with foal, 3 dollars the single leap, and 15 cents in each case to the groom. For particulars see handbills.

N. GOLDSBOROUGH.
M. GOLDSBOROUGH.
March 23:

BASHAW,

Will attend his old stands the present season—for terms see handbills.

N. GOLDSBOROUGH.
M. GOLDSBOROUGH.
March 23:

A GREAT BARGAIN.

I will sell at a very reduced price, and on a long credit, that very valuable tract of land, called Sharps Island, if application be made soon. Persons wishing to make a profitable investment, would do well to embrace this offer.

THEODORE DENNY, Agent.
Easton, March 16 for Jos. W. Reynolds

MARYLAND ECLIPSE.

THE thorough bred horse Maryland Eclipse, will be let to mares this spring, at the stands of Centerville and Easton, at the sum of twenty dollars the season, fifteen dollars the single leap, twenty five dollars to insure with foal, and fifty cents to the groom. The single leap, payable before the mare goes to the horse, the season at its close, and the insurance as soon as it is ascertained the mare is in foal. If the mare be sold, the person putting her to the horse will be held liable for the amount of insurance. The season will commence on the first day of April next at Centerville, where the horse will remain during that week, and on Monday following at Easton, and remain there one week, and then alternately at Centerville and Easton, a week at each place during the season, which will close on the first of July.

ECLIPSE is a dark chestnut sorrel, near 16 hands high, nine years old this Spring, and possesses great strength & beauty; his colts are remarkably large and fine, and those upon his turf give evidence of great speed, as yet however, few have been trained, the oldest of his colts, being only three years old last season.—One of his colts bred by the proprietor and sold to a gentleman in N. York, was trained and tried last season, and proved to be a successful racer, running her mile in one minute and fifty one seconds, both heats, and beating four others, with great ease. Eclipse was trained for the first time, and ran in the Spring of 1830 (being the two succeeding years on the stand as a stallion) in the State of New Jersey, a mile and repeat, and won with great ease, beating three other horses; he was afterwards carried to Poughkeepsie, and entered against the celebrated race horse Sir Lovel, and although beaten, yet it is said, this race was run in as short, if not a shorter time, with the same weight, than was ever run in the United States, the first heat was run in 3 minutes 57 seconds, and the second heat in 3 minutes 46 seconds, two miles and repeat. Sir Lovel after this race, was taken to New York, and matched against Mr. Johnson's celebrated race mare Arietta, which had a short time before beaten Ariel two miles, in a match for \$5000; Sir Lovel distanced Arietta the second heat in 3 minutes 48 seconds, thereby proving that Eclipse was a better racer than Arietta. After the race at Poughkeepsie, Eclipse was turned out and trained in the fall following, and gave greater promise of speed, than on his first trial, but in his exercise received an injury in one of his sinews, and was withdrawn from the turf without further trial. Subjoined is the Certificate of the gentleman who trained him, and voluntarily tendered.

Colt's Neck, New Jersey, Nov. 30, 1830.
I certify that for the last thirty years and upwards, I have been in the yearly practice of training race horses, and have had in my possession, some of the reputed best horses in the country; for the last year I have had Maryland Eclipse, with others under training exercise, and give it as my opinion that for any distance I have tried him, which was never more than two miles, he is the fastest horse I have ever trained.

(Signed)

EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown."
RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XVI.

EASTON, MD. SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1833.

NO. 24

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING
BY ALEXANDER GRAHAM.

TERMS

TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS

Per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding a square inserted three times for ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE CENTS for every subsequent insertion.

From MacFarlane's Lives, &c. of Banditti.

THE CASTILIAN FARM-HOUSE.

Don Francesco, a native of Italy, of Spanish origin, & one of the staff of King Joseph, having been the bearer of some despatches to a small corps of the French army, made an appointment with several young officers to take a shooting excursion. Being called away by his military duties he promised to rejoin his friends as soon as he was at liberty. Accordingly he made the attempt, accompanied only by an old Polish trooper—although some rumors of danger had been circulated in his presence. The story proceeds:—

"They reached the glen where they had left the two Frenchmen in safety, but it was dark, and when they rode up to what they had taken in the morning for a village, nearly every white spot, instead of being a house was a calcareous rock. There were however, among these deceptive projections, some half dozen of miserable cottages, where Don Francesco confidently expected to find his friends; but where, on inquiry, he found them not,—and if the words of the inhabitants were to be taken, no such persons had been seen there since the morning. Rather inclined to be angry at his friends for their want of punctuality, than to suspect any thing had happened to them, Don Francesco was about to turn his horse's head, when an old goatherd addressed him, and told him he had seen the two strangers cross the hills at the top of the glen, and that doubtless they would be found at a farm-house in that direction—not more than a good league off, where the glen was most abundant.

Spirited on by this intelligence, the young Neapolitan took the direction pointed out to him, and darker and darker though it became, he and his follower contrived to make good speed for half an hour, when they thought they ought to be near the said farm-house. But when they slackened their pace, and peered through the night-gloom, and listened to catch, if it might be, the barking of a dog, or the tinkling bells of a sheep-fold, or any thing to announce the neighbourhood of a farm or cottage, they could see nothing, but that the rough path they had hitherto followed, now lost itself in a labyrinth of other paths, and nothing in the world could they hear but the panting of their horses, and the murmur of the night-wind among the brushwood that grew on every side of them. The country, also, seemed to be wilder & more desolate even than that they had left—and a country more treeless, houseless, uncultivated, barren and utterly desolate, than that around Madrid, is scarcely to be found in Europe. Don Francesco, however, was not to be turned back; and indeed, to go back to the pickets, or to attempt reaching cantonments, would now have been as difficult as to find out the farm-house. He did, therefore, what is, perhaps, as wise a thing as a man could do under such circumstances,—he threw the reins on his horse's neck, and let him choose his own way. The sagacious creature had not gone far, when he drew up his head, and then threw out his nostrils, and then neighed, and the moment after a little glimmering light gave an additional proof that they were near some habitation. 'It is the farm-house we are seeking,' thought the young man; and going on in the direction of the light they soon found themselves before a long low wall, in which, after groping for some time, they found a strong wooden gate. As they struck upon this, the light disappeared—then they heard a slight noise—and the light re-appeared, but lower down than it had been seen before. They then heard the sounds of the opening of a door, and then a light was seen approaching them. Nothing doubting that his friends were within, Don Francesco now called out their names. There was no answer given; but presently the gate before which he stood was unbarred, and they were admitted into an open yard, which seemed to have stables and barns round three of its sides. From the readiness with which they had gained admittance, both master and man were confirmed in their opinion that their friends must be there, and retired to rest; and they asked no questions until their conductor, an old Spaniard, led them to the door of the house, on whose threshold there stood another Spaniard who seemed to wear a hospitable smile on his countenance. After a courteous salutation, the young officer asked whe-

ther there were not two Frenchmen within.

They were not—they had not been seen—but had they come, there would have been a welcome for them, as there was for those caballeros who now arrived, was the reply.

The fellow's manners were good; there seemed an air of mildness and respectability about him—the night without was as dark as ever, and a cold rain, that had been threatening for some time, now began to pelt most pitilessly; so wishing his friends, wherever they might be, as civil a host and as good a lodging as he seemed to have lighted upon, he gave his horse to his orderly, and walked in. The apartment had nothing remarkable about it. Its inmates were an old woman, another man, whose countenance was not very prepossessing, but not much wilder or more forbidding than the general run of the dingy Castilian peasants, and to these was presently added, besides the host who had entered with Don Francesco, a young and rather pretty girl, who seated herself near the fire, which burned in the centre of the room. To her, of course, the young soldier's attention was presently turned. He saw her lean her head on both her hands as though suffering from pain; and then he saw or fancied he saw, that she looked at him now and then—looked at him with uneasiness. Perhaps, however, this only struck him afterwards.

As an Italian, whose language is itself so like to the Spanish, Don Francesco had not had much difficulty in learning the latter idiom; he had now, moreover, been some months in the country, and being rather of a literary turn, he had paid some attention to its books and grammar, &c.—things which the French were very apt to despise. And then the French, generally, as we all know, have a remarkable inaptitude for languages; so much so, that there was not one in a thousand among them, who, even after several years' residence in Italy, could express himself in that beautiful tongue with any thing like propriety of idiom or accent.

As he spoke to them, the Castilian made the remark with astonishment, that Don Francesco spoke such Spanish, as they had never heard from the mouth of a Frenchman.

'I am no Frenchman,' said he. This assertion evidently produced a considerable effect; the Spanish girl fixed her large black eyes on him; the man who seemed the master of the house, asked him of what country then he was. When he replied he was an Italian, the host rejoined, 'Oh, then you are half a Spaniard—but you are here with the French army after all!'

As Don Francesco was thinking he did not altogether like the tone with which the last words were pronounced, and the expression of countenance that accompanied them, his Polish trooper, who had been busy with the horses, came in, and stepping up to his master, whispered in French, 'I hope, sir, we have got into friendly quarters—but there are several desperate looking fellows in the stable, and I am almost sure the old goatherd who directed us hither is amongst them!'

Startled as he was at this information, the young soldier, however, preserved his presence of mind; he felt that if he had really fallen into a trap, escape by force was utterly impracticable; and that the best thing he could do was to keep a watchful eye on his friends within the house, and to tranquilize his faithful companion, who might be on his guard as to what was going on without. So, affecting to treat lightly the trooper's suspicions, and only telling him to keep the saddles on the horses, and to have their reins on their necks, he gave him part of the supper and wine his host had provided, and dismissed him with a recommendation to sleep as lightly as if they were picketed in the field, with the enemy close before him. While he took his own supper, Don Francesco continued his conversation with the Spaniards. So quiet and well disposed did they all again seem, that his apprehensions almost entirely left him; and he taxed himself with folly for having suspected any evil at their hands.

It was by this time waxing late—two of the Spaniards and the old woman had retired one by one, very devoutly wishing him 'la buena noche,' and that the saints might guard him. The young girl lingered still, but she too, withdrew at last. Don Francesco then inquired his way for the morrow's journey, and expressing his intention of setting off at day-break, begged to be showed to his place of rest. His complacent host regretted that his accommodations were not better, and led him up a tottering wooden staircase, or rather a broad stepped ladder, into a large dark room, which seemed to prolong itself over part of the stabling. There was a narrow window at each end of the room, from one of which he fancied the light that first attracted him must have proceeded.

The floor of the room was partly covered with grain and household provisions, but near the farther end, to which they advanced, there were two low couches, one of which was already occupied by somebody with a large Spanish capote thrown over him. The host, putting his finger to his mouth, as if to prevent talking, which might disturb the sleeper, pointed to the mattress in the opposite corner; and no sooner had Don Francesco thrown his military cloak upon it, than whispering him a good night, the host instantly withdrew, and carried the lamp with him. As he descended the ladder; he drew a trap-door after him; and the young soldier heard the noise, as if of a sliding bolt, to secure the door.

This jarred unpleasantly on Don Francesco's nerves. Instead of throwing himself at once on the couch, he grasped his pistols, which he had kept about his person, and drawing his sword groped his way to the upper end of the room by which he had entered. The intense darkness of the night had some abated—a glimmering of uncertain light penetrated through the low narrow windows, which were opposite to each other and fell on two small spaces of the flooring; but all the rest of that long room was wrapped in a gloom so dense that he could not see the bright blade of the weapon he held in his hand. With some difficulty he piloted himself through the heterogeneous materials that encumbered the apartment, and by kneeling down and feeling the rough boards with his hand, he detected an iron ring which raised the trap-door. To his surprise and relief, when he applied his arm's strength to this, the door opened at once & proved his ear had deceived him as to its being fastened. He again thought himself a fool for harbouring suspicion; but before returning to his resting place, he listened a few seconds at the aperture he had made by only partially lifting up the door. At first all was silent as though he had held his ear over an opened tomb, and then he heard the low murmur of a voice below as if in prayer.—Encouraged by the latter circumstance and fully deciding once more that he was in the hands of good honest people, he groped his way back to the couch.—Still, however, spite of himself, there was a lingering of doubt and suspicion, and before he threw himself on his mattress, he crept across the room to the side of his sleeping companion. Whoever this was, he seemed to sleep most peacefully with his capote drawn over his head—not even his breathing could be heard.

'People do not sleep this way in a den of robbers and murderers,' thought Don Francesco, who at length wrapped his mantle about him, and laid himself down. All remained quiet—he thought a little of the events of the day, and his disappointment, and again hoping that his unpunctual friends had come to no harm, and had found as good lodgings as he had done, he gave way to fatigue and drowsiness, and was falling asleep, when he was suddenly startled by the creaking of a door. Quick as he was, before he grasped his sword and pistols and rose to his feet, a door, which had not been observed in the darkness, was opened before him and the bed on the opposite side of the room, and a little yellow light, as though of a lamp screened, rushed into the apartment.

Though the prospect of a hopeless struggle now presented itself, and the chill of despair fell on his heart, the young soldier levelled his pistol with a steady aim, and had nearly pressed the ready trigger when he saw that the figure which stole into the room was that of the young Spanish damsel, whose conduct and looks below stairs had attracted his attention.

'Stranger,' said she, in a fearfully agitated whisper, 'put up your arms & follow me—there is hardly a minute between you and murder!'

'Ah! is it so?' said the young man, gasping for breath.

'You will be the first guest that leaves this room alive,' said the girl. 'But haste or you will be too late!'

'Then let me rouse this man who sleeps so soundly,' said Don Francesco.

'Think of yourself—he needs not your care!' said the girl.

Even in that extremity of danger the brave soldier could not reconcile himself to the thought of leaving a fellow-creature to the knife, and he stepped to the other side of the room. The trembling girl moved with him, drew the capote from his body, and holding down the lamp she held, and turning away her own eye, disclosed to those of Don Francesco, the ghastly countenance of one of the young Frenchmen he had been in search of.

As to what passed after this horrible disclosure—as to his feelings or his actions, for some seconds, the young man could never render an account. What he first recollected, was standing at the head of a flight of rough stone steps, that

descended from what appeared to be a hay loft in the court-yard, with the Spanish girl pointing to the wall that enclosed the court. While standing here, listening to the directions the girl was giving him as to the road he was to take to reach Madrid, he heard the well known voice of his poor faithful trooper utter a French exclamation, and the next instant the report of a carbine shot, and then the noise of a deadly scuffle proceeded from that part of the stable which now seemed to be immediately beneath his feet.

'Oh, fly!—it is your only hope—may God go with you!' muttered the agonized girl, still pointing to the wall.

More than half stupefied, Don Francesco crept down the stone steps; but as he descended, he saw a man, who had come out from the lower apartment, or from the stable, advance across the court-yard to the narrow space between the foot of the stairs and the foot of the outer wall of the farm he had to climb.—He then heard a long heavy groan—and then four more Spaniards came out, and joined the man he had just seen. 'The dog of a Frenchman is done for,' said one, whose voice seemed to be that of the host, 'but he has wounded me sorely in the arm. Quick, however, the noise will have awakened his master, and we shall have trouble in despatching him!'

Don Francesco turned his head—the light and the girl were gone—the door at the top of the staircase seemed closed; but dark as it was, and though he had now couched in the smallest compass possible under the rude stone ballustrade that ran along side of the steps, he dreaded they must discover him even from below, as he lay there, for by this time one of the men had brought out a lamp.

'He remains quiet, however, as yet, whispered another voice below; perhaps the report of the fellow's gun has not awakened him—let us up, & finish him at once.' The speaker's foot seemed to be on the first step of the stone stairs, the light was in the same direction, and it was impossible Don Francesco could have engaged another moment, when a shrill shriek was heard at the opposite end of the house, and a voice cried, 'The Frenchman!—the Officer!' The Spaniards, fancying their aroused victim was there attempting his escape, rushed in that direction, while Don Francesco, understanding and availing himself of the faint, which evidently proceeded from the girl, glided down the stairs vaulted over the wall with some difficulty, and ran with all his speed from the accursed spot.

Though out of their hair, he was still far from being out of danger. They had horses, and would no doubt speedily pursue him; and then in the darkness of the night, and in a wild country he had never before traversed, he could not tell whether he was following his young deliverers directions, or running into fresh scenes of danger—perhaps returning to the very den from which he had escaped. Indeed, in a very short time he heard the hollow rapid beat of horses' hoofs on the dark heath. The sounds did not, however, seem to approach, on the contrary they waxed fainter and fainter, until they died away in the direction he fancied must be immediately opposite to that he was taking. Thus encouraged, he summoned up all his strength, and ran for a long time; but the returning agony of his apprehension may be conceived when he was suddenly brought to a pause by hearing the sound of horses' feet right before him, and advancing to meet him. 'There was not a tree—a bush on the wide open heath to conceal him from his bloodthirsty pursuers. Fortunately, however, he retained his dark gray cloak, and wrapping himself in this he laid himself flat on the ground, hoping that its colour, which assimilated with that of the heath, would prevent him from being discovered. The galloping horses came nearer & nearer; he saw them take the very direction of the spot where he lay. And now another dreadful thought struck him. It might very well be that one of the villains, in their haste, had mounted his own favourite steed, which, if it came near where he lay, was almost certain to betray him, by stopping or neighing; and thus he would be discovered, even if he escaped the searching eyes of the murderers. He grasped his pistol, his sword was out of its sheath, as it had been since his retreat down the stairs of the house, and thus he laid, with the determination to sell his life dearly.

Meanwhile the horsemen came close upon him—so close, that at one time he thought he should be ridden over; but they passed the spot where he lay without discovering him. He remained supine as he was till the sounds of the hoofs, and the villains' dreadful imprecations died away on his ear, when he rose, and again ran forward, for some time, at the top of his speed.

By this time the first rays of the morning began to appear. Light, how-

ever, was of little service to him in that monotonous unknown country, as to assisting him to find his way; but, on the contrary, if his pursuers still persisted in their search, it would betray him to them. He had run himself out of breath, and was so overcome by fatigue that he was obliged to throw himself on the ground.—Having rested for a while, he resumed his journey, and soon came to a tolerably good, and what seemed a frequented road. As he hesitated here what direction he should now take on this road, the distant measured sounds of a drum faintly struck his ear; he bent his head to the earth, and then heard distinctly that it was a French drummer beating the reveille. Cheeried by these welcome tones, he pursued his way and in about a quarter of an hour, as day broke into fullness of light, he saw a low, little village close before him, with a detachment of French troops mustering on its outskirts. Setting up a shout of joy, he ran on to the village, where he was presently safe among friends and comrades.

His tale of horror was soon told, and a plan of proceeding arranged; but more than two hours passed ere he was sufficiently refreshed to mount a horse, and head the troops in search of the assassins. Unfortunately too, there was no cavalry on the spot; and what with the difficulty of retracing his steps, and time lost on false scents it was near noon when Don Francesco drew up the troops before a solitary farm-house, which, from the little he had been able to see of it in the obscurity of the preceding night he thought must be that which he had escaped from. After having shouted in vain, the soldiers scaled the walls, and burst open the gate. The door of the dwelling house was merely secured by a latch, and when he entered it, if the absence of every inmate had not been proof enough, Don Francesco could have sworn to the apartment. He rushed up the ladder to the accursed loft, expecting to find the body of his friend, but it was gone & no trace of blood, or any thing connected with him, was left there.—Some of the soldiers meanwhile had gone into the stables, which they found as empty as the rest of the house—all the horses had been removed, as also the body of the poor Pole; but on some straw, in a corner of the stable, they found a little pool of blood. This was the only evidence of crime, the premises retained. On looking over the house it was discovered that the provisions and nearly all the articles of household furniture (few, and simple enough in Spain) had been carried off. It was vain to think of pursuing the fugitives; they failed in their search after the bodies of the young officer and the Pole, and Don Francesco marched his men to the huts, where, on the preceding night he had spoken with the goatherd. The huts were as empty as the farm-house!

To conclude a long story, the murderers were never caught. The companion of the murdered Frenchman, and the boy that had accompanied them, were never more seen or heard of; and it was supposed, that separated by accident, or the design of the Spaniards, from his friend, this second Frenchman met the fate of the first, and that the guide also was killed."

THE BILLIARD TABLE.

BY JUDGE HALL.

On one of those clear nights in December, when the cloudless, blue sky is studded with millions of brilliant luminaries, shining with more than ordinary lustre, a young gentleman was seen rapidly passing one of the principal streets of Pittsburgh. Had he been a lover of nature, the beauty of the heavens must have attracted his observation; but he was too much wrapped up in his thoughts—or in his cloak—to throw a single glance towards the silent orbs, that glowed so beautifully in the firmament. A piercing wind swept through the streets, moaning and sighing, as if it felt the pain that it inflicted. The intense coldness of the weather had driven the usual loiterers of the night from their accustomed lounging places. Every door and shutter was closed against the common enemy, save where the

"Blue spirits and red,
Black spirits and gray."

which adorn the shelves of the druggist, mingled their hues with the shadows of the night, or where the windows of the confectioner, redolent of light, and fruit, and sugar plumbs, shed its resplendence upon the half petrified wanderer. The streets were forsaken, except by a fearless or necessitous few, who glided rapidly and silently along, as the spectres of the night. Aught else than love or murder would scarcely have ventured to stalk abroad on such a night; and yet it would be hardly fair to set down the few, unfortunate stragglers, who faced the blast on this eventful evening, as lovers or assassins. Pleasure sends forth her thousands, and necessity her millions, into all the

dangers and troubles of this boisterous world.

On reaching the outlet of an obscure alley, the young gentleman paused, cast a suspicious glance around, as if fearful of observation, and then darted into the gloomy passage. A few rapid steps brought him to the front of a wretched frame building, apparently untenanted or occupied only as a warehouse through whose broken panes the wind whistled, while the locked doors seemed to bid defiance to any ingress, but that of the piercing element.—It was in truth a lonely back building, in the heart of the town; but so concealed by the surrounding houses; that it might as well have been in the silent bosom of the forest. A narrow flight of stairs, ascending the outside of the edifice led to an upper story. Ascending these the youth, opening the door with the familiarity of an accustomed visiter, emerged from the gloom of the night, into the light and life of the Billiard Room.

It was a large apartment, indifferently lighted, and meanly furnished. In the centre stood the billiard table, whose allurement had enticed so many on this evening to forsake the quiet and virtuous comforts of social life, and to brave the biting blast; and the not less "pitiless peltings" of paternal or conjugal admonition. Its polished mahogany frame and neatly brushed cover of green cloth, its silken pockets, and party colored ivory balls, presenting a striking contrast to the rude negligence of the rest of the furniture; while a large canopy suspended over the table, and intended to collect and reflect the rays of a number of well trimmed lamps, which hung within the circumference, shed an intense brilliance over that little spot; & threw a corresponding gloom upon the surrounding scene. Indeed if that gay alter of dissipation had been withdrawn, the temple of pleasure would have presented rather the desolate appearance of the house of mourning.

The stained and dirty floor was strewn with fragments of cigars, play-bills and nut-shells, the walls blackened with smoke, seemed to have witnessed the crimes of many a night. A few candles destined to illumine the distant recess of the room, hung neglected against the walls—bowing their long wicks, and marking their stations by streams of tallow, which had been suffered to accumulate through many a long winter night. The ceiling was hung with cobwebs, curiously intermingled with dense clouds of tobacco smoke, and tinged with the straggling rays of light, which occasionally shot from the sickly tapers. A set of benches, attached to the walls and raised sufficiently high to overlook the table, accommodated the loungers, who were not engaged at play, and who sat or reclined—solemnly puffing their cigars, idly sipping their brandy and water—or industriously counting the chances of the game, but all observing a profound silence, which would have done honor to a tabernacle, and was well suited to the important subjects of their contemplation. Little coteries of gayer spirits laughed and chatted aside, or made their criticisms on the players in subdued accents;—any remarks on that subject being forbidden to all but the parties engaged; while the marker announced the state of the game, trimmed the lamps, and supplied refreshments to the guests.

Mr. St. Clair, the gentleman whom we have taken the liberty of tracing to this varied scene, was cordially greeted on his entrance by the party at the table, who had been denouncing the adverse elements which had caused the absence of several of their choicest spirits. The game at which they were then playing being one which admitted of an indefinite number of players, St. Clair was readily permitted to take bail; and engaging with an ardor in the fascinating amusement, was soon lost to all that occurred beyond the little circle of its witchery.

The intense coldness of the night was so severely felt in the bodily warmed apartment which we have attempted to describe, that the party broke up earlier than usual. One by one they dropped off, until St. Clair and another of the players were left alone. These, being both skillful, engaged each other single handed and became so deeply interested, as scarcely to observe the defection of their companions, until they found the room entirely deserted. The night was far spent.

The marker, whose services were no longer required, was nodding over the grate; the candles were waxing in their sockets, and although a steady brilliance still fell upon the table, the back ground was as dark as it was solitary.

The most careless observer might have remarked the great disparity of character exhibited in the two players, who now matched their skill in this graceful and fascinating game. St. Clair was a gentle young man, of about five and twenty. His manners had all the ease of one at-

Termination of Lotteries in New York.
The answer of Yates & McIntyre to the call of the Senate for a statement, under oath, of the number and amount of sales which have been drawn in this state since the 30th of August, 1826, and the number and amount of tickets sold by them during the same period, has been promptly furnished, and seen to have left a favorable impression upon the minds of that body, since they proceeded, on the same day to accept the proposition of Messrs. Yates & McIntyre to close the Lottery business on the 31st December next. Had they credited the charges of gross deception and mismanagement brought against those gentlemen in a petition recently presented, they would not have permitted another scheme to be drawn. The Assembly, if we mistake not, have already accepted the proposition of the Managers. We may therefore safely conclude, that after the close of the present year, all Lotteries will be extinct in this State; and what is still better, the new Constitution declares that "No Lottery shall hereafter be authorized in this State; and the Legislature shall pass laws to prevent the sale of all Lottery tickets within this State except in Lotteries already provided by law." i. e. Lotteries which will have become extinct by virtue of the present arrangement, before the commencement of another year.

N. Y. Jour. of Com.
The New York Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which has been in session for some days in Poughkeepsie, adjourned last evening. During the conference the cause of missions was advocated by the Rev. Dr. Bangs, in a forcible address delivered to a crowded audience. A Conference Temperance Society, was also formed, on the plan recommended by the founder of Methodism, the Rev. John Wesley—viz. not to buy nor sell spirituous liquor, nor drink it, except in extreme cases. The pledge was first signed by the president Bishop Hilditch, and then by all the preachers present. This measure will, no doubt, be followed by the annual conferences, and will have a salutary effect throughout the union.

Temperance in Albany.—The Temperance Recorder says—
By a unanimous vote of the Corporation of the city of Albany, on the evening of the 26th of April, it was determined that no license should be granted for retailing ardent spirits, to be drunk in stores or groceries the coming year.

CENTRAL COURSE RACES.
Fourth Day.—The races over this new and popular course terminated on Saturday. Five horses were entered for the Proprietor's purse, \$500, three mile heats: four started, Annette having been drawn. The following is the result:—

Jno. M. Bots' b. h. Rolla.	1 1
Jas. M. Selden's b. h. Sir White-foot.	8 2
Mr. Brightwell's gr. m. Helen.	2 3
Capt. L. G. Taylor's ch. m. Patty Snags.	4 dis.

Time—1st heat, 6m. 38s.—2d heat, 6m. 17s.—Track much improved.—The first heat closely contested by the gray mare.

A great Trotting Match, in harness for \$1000, will take place at the Central Course this day.—Chronicle.

SALE OF LOTS AT CANTON.
Two hundred building lots were offered at public sale by the Canton Company, on Saturday last, according to advertisement. A large portion of the lots were 20 by 60 feet and the whole number offered were disposed of without difficulty, and at prices which indicated strong confidence in early & rapid improvements of the place. The prices given varied from one to five hundred dollars, according to location, and there was considerable competition at those rates. The gross amount of sales most have exceeded \$30,000.

The Canton grounds adjoin Fell's Point and extend in nearly a semi circle with the water ground, towards the Lazaretto, affording a most agreeable and beautiful view of the harbor, fort, and adjacent country. The frigate Constitution was built on and launched from the ship-yard now owned by this company, and the depth of water at the wharves generally, is not less than 18 feet, thus affording most eligible situations for ship-yards, the loading or unloading of vessels, or for the establishment of a navy-yard, should government ever deem it advisable to erect such an establishment at Baltimore.

The company have dug down hills, filled up valleys, and levelled a large tract of country upon a portion of which the lots sold on Saturday are located—and, as it is expected that purchasers of lots will forthwith commence building, we may confidently anticipate the rise of a new town within a short period.—The whole place is said to abound with the most delightful water, which is no trifling consideration in the location of a town.

Some of the streets of the Point will be continued in straight lines through the town of Canton, thus uniting the two places; and the company have engaged to extend the railroad from President street through the Point to Boston street, Canton, within twelve months.

Upon the whole, we have no doubt that Canton is destined to become a place of great commercial activity and enterprise. It cannot be otherwise—as no situation could be more favorable for all operations connected with the shipping interests.—Chronicle.

The Flat Head Indians, living west of the Rocky Mountains, recently sent a deputation to the white settlements to inquire after the Bible. The circumstance that led to this singular movement is as follows: It appears that some white man had penetrated into their country, and happened to be a spectator at one of their religious ceremonies. He informed them that their mode of worshipping the Supreme Being was radically wrong, and that the people away toward the rising of the sun had been put in possession of the true mode of worshipping the Great Spirit. On receiving this information they called a national council to take this subject into consideration. Some said, if this be true it is certainly high time we were put in possession of this mode. They accordingly deputed four of their chiefs to proceed to St. Louis to see the great Father, Gen. Clark, to inquire of him the truth of this matter. They were cordially received by the general, who gave them a succinct

history of Revelation, and the necessary instruction relative to their important mission. Two of them sunk under the severe toils attending a journey of 3000 miles. The remaining two, after acquiring what knowledge they could of the Bible, its institutions, and precepts, returned to carry back those few rays of divine light to their perishing, benighted countrymen.

A FAIR.—The ladies of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Chestertown, will hold a "FAIR" for the exhibition and sale of fancy and useful articles, to commence on WEDNESDAY the 29th of May, and to continue for three days, at the MASONIC HALL. The proceedings of the sale to be applied to repairing the exterior of the Church, and erecting a Sunday School room. The room will be kept open until 10 o'clock in the evening of each day. Admittance 12 1-2 cents for the whole day. Donations will be thankfully received.

The Editors of the Easton, Centreville and Elkton papers will confer a favor by copying this advertisement.

MARRIED.
In Greensborough Caroline county, on the 23d inst. by the Rev. J. L. Lohrart, Mr. Christopher Vincent to Miss Ann Baynard, all of the same place.

DIED.
On the 12th inst. in the city of New York, Cuthbert Heron, son of John F. Tripper, aged 13 months.

In this town, yesterday morning, after a lingering illness Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Mr. Solomon Barrett, in the 63d year of her age. Mrs. B. was a worthy and pious woman, a kind & affectionate wife & an indulgent mother. Her funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, to day at half past 3 o'clock P. M., to which her friends and the citizens generally are respectfully invited to attend.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.
The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at the residence of Samuel Stevens, Esq. on Thursday next the 30th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. A punctual attendance of the members is particularly requested.

By order
MARTIN GOLDSBOROUGH, Sec'y.
May 25

NEW STORE.

GOLDSMITH AND HAZLE.
HAVE just opened at the stand formerly occupied by Mr. John T. Goldsmith, situate on Wilmington Street, in Easton and next door to Mr. John Camper's Store, a general assortment of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Merino Cassimeres and Summer Cloths, Silks, and Bombazines, Gauze and Crape Dechaine Shawls. Also a handsome assortment of Calicoes and Painted Muslins, suited to the season: Jackonet, Mull, Swiss and Plain and Figured Book Muslins, Corded skirts, Bleached and unbleached muslins, &c. &c.

HARD-WARE, CUTLERY, CHINA AND QUEENS-WARE. GROCERIES.

Brown Sugars, Loaf do, Coffee of the best qualities.

TEAS,
S. & C.

All of which they have recently purchased in the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the lowest market prices, and will sell on accommodating terms.

N. B. All kinds of country produce will be taken in exchange—they invite their friends and the public to give them a call.

THE STATE OF MARYLAND, Caroline County, to wit:

Pursuant to the act of Assembly, entitled: An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, and the several supplements thereto, I do hereby refer the within application of Oliver Gordon, for the benefit of said act, and supplement thereto, together with the schedule, petition and other papers, to the Judges of Caroline County Court, and I do hereby appoint and fix the first Tuesday after the second Monday of October next, for the final hearing of said application, of the said Oliver Gordon, at the Court House in the town of Denton, on said day, to answer such allegations as may be made against him, and such interrogations as may be propounded to him by his creditors, or any of them, and that he give notice by causing this order and discharge to be published in the Easton Gazette, once a week for the space of three successive weeks, three months before the first Tuesday after the second Monday of October next.

Given under my hand this 14th day of May, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-three.

RD. CHAMBERS.
True copy
Test, Jo. Richardson, Clk.
May 25.

FOR SALE
THE FARM called "Molberry Hill" which while in the possession of the late Dr. Allen, was one of the most pleasant, as well as elevated residences in this county, will be offered at public sale, in lots of 25 acres, to suit purchasers, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of June next, by

A. C. BULLITT, Agent
for Elizabeth Harrison.
Who also offers for sale a first rate COACH, CHEE, now at Mr. Anderson's shop.
Easton Park, May 21st

P. MANSFIELD, SURGEON DENTIST,
Tenders his professional services to the Ladies and gentlemen of Easton and its vicinity or of Talbot County. Having followed this business for more than 20 years he feels confident he will be able to give general satisfaction to all those who need his aid in setting in new extracting, filling and plugging teeth and cleansing the mouth; he has taken a room at Mr. Lowe's, but Ladies will be waited on at their dwellings if preferred, he will remain in Easton for ten or twelve days.

P. M. respectfully refers those who may wish to patronize him to Thomas H. Dawson, Wm. H. Groome, John Leeds Kerr and Nicholas Goldsborough.

May 25.

INTALBOT COUNTY COURT, Sitting as a Court of Chancery.
May Term 1833.
ORDERED, That the sales of the Lands made to Alexander Dodd and Edward B. Gibbs, and to John Goldsborough and to Samuel Mackey, by John Stevens Trustee for the sale of the Lands and real estate of Wm. Barton, deceased, in the case of John Stevens administrator of Thomas Perrin Smith, deceased, against Benjamin Kemp and Elizabeth his wife, William Edmondson and Mary B. Edmondson his wife and others, and reported by the said Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the third Monday in November next; provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers published in Easton, in Talbot county, before the first day of July next. The report of the Trustee states the amount of sales to be \$1029 55.

P. B. HOPPER.
True Copy
Test J. LOCKERMAN, Clk.
May 25

VENUE.
BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's court of Talbot county, will be sold on THURSDAY the 30th day of May, 1833, on the premises of Thomas Banning, dec'd, the following property, to wit:—one Horse, one negro boy for life, all the Household and Kitchen furniture, with sundry other articles too tedious to mention.

Terms of Sale.—A credit of six months, on all sums above five dollars by the purchaser giving note with good approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; on all sums of five dollars and under, the cash will be required, before the property is removed. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. attendance by

ANTHONY BANNING, Adm'r.
of Thomas Banning, dec'd
May 25.
N. B. Will be offered on the same day and same terms above mentioned, one second hand Coach and Harness. A. B.

PUBLIC SALE.
WILL be sold by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, on THURSDAY, the 6th day of June next; all the personal estate of Clement and Sarah Vickars late of Talbot county, deceased, consisting of Household and Kitchen furniture, the crop of Wheat now growing on the ground, CATTLE, HORSES, Corn, Corn blades and many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

Terms of Sale.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums of and over five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving note with good & approved security bearing interest from the day of sale;—on all sums under five dollars the cash will be required before the removal of the property. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. and attendance given by BENNETT TOMLINSON, Adm'r.
D. N. of Clement Vickars and adm'r.
of Sarah Vickars, with the will annexed.
May 25

FOR SALE.
A negro man for the term of three years—he has been brought up to the Farming business and is a first rate hand—for terms apply to A. Graham, or
HENRY STAPLEFORD.
May 25

PAPER HANGING.
THE subscriber, from Baltimore, respectfully informs the citizens of Talbot and the adjacent counties who may wish to have their rooms handsomely papered, that he will continue in Easton for some time provided he meets with sufficient encouragement. He can give sufficient testimonials of his competency.

JAS. JEFFERYS.
N. B. Orders left at the office of the Easton Gazette or at the dwelling of Mr. Middleton, in Easton, will be immediately attended to.
J. J.
May 25.

LAMBS WANTED.
THE Subscriber (Butcher of Annapolis) will give for good Lambs the sum of one dollar and sixty cents delivered on board of the Steam Boat Maryland, at either of her landing places, and on the delivery of the Lambs to me at Annapolis the cash will be paid to Captain Taylor.
WM. LEGG.
May 25.
N. B. I will in all cases pay the freight.
W. L.

UNION BANK OF MARYLAND,
May 17, 1833.
THE Stockholders of this Institution are hereby notified that a general meeting will be held at their Banking House, in the City of Baltimore on MONDAY the 1st day of July next, from 10 o'clock, A. M. till 2 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of electing sixteen directors for the ensuing year.

By order, R. MICKLE, Cash'r.
By the act of Incorporation, not more than eleven of the present board are eligible for the ensuing year.
May 25 6w
WILLIAM W. HIGGINS

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore a handsome assortment of **SADDLERY.**
Those wishing to purchase, will do well to give him an early call.
Easton, may 19

AMUEL MACKAY
HAS the pleasure of informing his customers and the public in general, that he has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore and is now opening at his store, opposite the Court-House,
A handsome assortment of
SEASONABLE DRY GOODS.
TOGETHER WITH
China, Glass and Queensware.
Also, a general assortment of
GROCERIES;
Consisting in part as follows:

TEAS.
Hyson and Imperial

Java and Green COFFEE, Prime and Common SUGAR, Madeira, Lisbon, Sherry, Teneriffe, and Malaga WINES, Cognac BRANDY 4th proof, Jamaica and Antigua SPIRITS, Holland and Country GIN, Prime and Common WHISKEY, N. E. RUM and MOLASSES, Mould and Dpt. C. CANDLES, &c. &c.
All of which he offers very low for cash, or in exchange for Tow or Tear Linen, Wool, Feathers, Quills, &c. &c.
He invites his friends and customers to call and view his assortment, learn prices, and judge for themselves.
Easton, May 4.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

WILSON & TAYLOR
Most respectfully informs their friends and the public generally that they have just returned from Philadelphia & Baltimore and are now opening at the store house lately occupied by William Clark, dec'd and immediately opposite the Court House
a splendid assortment of
DRY GOODS

GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE,
all selected with great care from the latest importations; their friends and the public generally are invited to give them an early call.
Easton, April 27.

W. & T. H. JENKINS
RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have received
an additional supply of
NEW GOODS

to their former stock. This addition, it is hoped will complete their spring assortment, and meet the approbation of purchasers. They can exhibit a beautiful lot of crape Gauze and Hermine Shawls of all colors; Black Gros de Swiss and green Gro de Noy; Black Mattioni Lustrering—double and single green Florence—Green quilling, &c. Rich figured Broad Veils.

ALSO A GREAT VARIETY OF
PARASOLS,
PLAIN FIGURED & STRIP-FRINED
WALDEN'S GRAIN AND GRASS
SCYTHES,
WINES.

W. & T. H. J. take this opportunity to say that they will receive in a very short time, some superior Champagne and Chard Wines, which they will warrant to be of the finest qualities. They indulge the hope that the price of the chard wine, will be such as to warrant its general use in families, being a wine perfectly innocent and very healthy in the warm seasons.
Old London particular Madeira; Sherry and Lisbon Wines; Old London Duck Oporto wine warranted pure and of the first quality.
They again invite the attention of the public.
Easton, May 18. (W)

NEW YORK CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY,
Extra Class, No. 15, to be drawn WEDNESDAY, May 29th 1833.
66 No. Lottery—10 drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.
1 Prize 20,000 | 100 prizes 1 000
1 10,000 | 16 500
1 5,000 | 56 100
1 2,260 | 56 80
Tickets \$10. Halves \$5. Quarters \$2.50.
Eighths \$1.25.
Tickets can be had by the single Ticket or package in the above Lotteries, by mail. (Postage paid) or otherwise at

P. SACKETS,
Prize selling Office Easton, Md.
May 18

SYTHE CRADLING.
EDWARD STEWART
BEGS leave to inform the Citizens of Talbot and the adjoining counties, that he is now prepared (with a superior stock of timber) to grade any number of Sythes, provided early application be made.
May 4

FOR SALE
On a credit of six, nine, and twelve months that convenient and comfortable dwelling house on the corner of Dover and West streets, near the Methodist Meeting House, at present occupied by Richard C. Lane. This property has attached to it a good smoke house, stable and carriage house all of which is in excellent repair.
For Terms apply to A. Graham or to the Subscriber.
THOMAS S. COOK.
Easton, may 11 1833

Valuable Lands for Sale.
THE Subscriber offers for sale on convenient terms, a farm near the Trappe, in Talbot county, (at present occupied by Mr. John Baker,) connected with this farm are some heavy timber lands, which if preferred, he will sell separately in lots.
The farm so cultivated portion is small, containing about sixty thousand corn hills, in each of three shifts, but is obviously of the highest order of lands, and may be conveniently extended to a desirable size.

The timber lands contain about 2 hundred acres of unusually heavy growth (chiefly oak) and within but little more than a mile of Island Creek.
The terms may be known by application to Joseph E. Muse or to the Subscriber in Cambridge.

JOSEPH E. MUSE, Jr.
May 18 Sw

WOOL! WOOL!


IT is now nearly time to commence sheering sheep. The subscriber therefore respectfully requests his friends, the farmers of Talbot and the adjacent counties, to commence the operation of washing and sheering as early as they may think proper, and that he is ready with a good supply of the rams, to purchase wool at the highest cash prices at his Ware Room near the Market corner. He assures the public, although a little crippled in some of his limbs, his pockets are well stored and are in first rate cash plight. All he desires is that wool sellers will give him a call, or direct a line to him in Easton and he will find that he is prepared and willing to give them as high prices as they can get in Baltimore or Philadelphia as many of them can bear witness to.
BENNETT TOMLINSON.
may 18 (W)

NOTICE.
THE Subscriber forwards all persons indebted to the estate of the late Isaac B. Parrott, from paying any claims due from said estate to Ann Parrott, now Mrs. Ann Dancy, or her agent, or to any other person at present, as there is no administration on said estate.
WILLIAM SHELMAN, Guardian to William H. Parrott, one of the heirs of I. B. Parrott, deceased.
May 18

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.
BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot County, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale on FRIDAY the 31st day of May next, on the farm in Oxford Neck on which John Fleming lately died, all the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of his interest in the crops &c. on said farm, derived from the contract between the said deceased, and the subscriber, which will be particularly explained on the day of sale.


HORSES, CATTLE, HOGS,
Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen furniture.

The terms of Sale are a credit of six months on all sums above five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving their notes with approved security for the payment of the same—on all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required. The above terms must be complied with before the removal of the property.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on the above mentioned day.
T. R. LOCKERMAN, Adm'r.
of John Fleming, dec'd.
may 18

NEW GOODS.
KENNARD & LOVEDAY,
HAVE just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have opened at their store house in Easton, a very handsome and
GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS,
in all their varieties.

Also, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE, STONE WARE, EARTHENWARE, WOOD-WARE &c. &c.

which having been selected with much care and attention from the latest arrivals they think they can offer at reduced prices, they solicit an early call from their friends, and the public generally to judge for themselves.
Easton, May 11 6w (W)

TWO FARMS TO RENT.
To rent for the year 1834, my farm in Talbot county, recently occupied by Robert Bartlett on Third Haven Creek, between the residence of H. Hollyday & J. Bartlett, one-half said farm is enclosed by salt water abounding in oysters, fish &c. all the delicacies adapted to the salt water; the farm is in good order, possession will be given the first day of the first month 1834. Also my farm in the neighborhood of King's Creek near the Clapbank river formerly occupied by myself, adjoining the farm of G. Dudley, the said farm is in good order, possession given first 1st month 1834. All persons wishing to rent either of the above Farms will leave their names with Alexander Graham, at Easton, they will be attended to.
SUSANNA NEEDLES.
Baltimore, 5th mo. 16th 1833.

A STRAY.
Came to the Subscriber's stable in Easton on Wednesday the 15th inst., a small bay mare, with a fistula,—the owner is requested to come forward, pay charges and take her away.
HENRY CLIFT,
Union Tavern, Easton, Md.
may 18

W. HUGHLETT
WISHES to purchase for his own use, several healthy NEGRO BOYS, from ten to sixteen years of age. For such of good character, the cash will be paid, at liberal prices.
Galloway, near Easton, May 4 4w

NEW SPRING GOODS.

W. H. & P. GROOME

HAVE returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and are now opening their Spring supply of GOODS, comprising a large and very general assortment of

DRY GOODS
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.

All of which will be offered at a small advance for Cash.
Constantly on hand a supply of FAMILY FLOUR of the best brands.
Easton, April 27 6t.

SPRING FASHIONS.

Millinery and Mantua Making.
Mrs. Ridgeway,

RETURNS her grateful acknowledgments, to the ladies of Talbot and the adjacent counties, but more particularly to those of Easton, for the very liberal encouragement she has received from them since she commenced the above business in Easton, and takes pleasure in announcing to their return from Baltimore in the last Steam Boat, with a general assortment of Millinery and fancy articles, which she is disposed to sell on the most accommodating terms for cash.

She would also state, that having received a polite invitation from Mrs. Pugh, one of the most fashionable Milliners in Baltimore, to view her assortment of spring fashions; that she availed herself thereof, and obtained all her most fashionable patterns. She also visited Mrs. Broadbent at her elegant fashionable store and viewed her new patterns, and will receive by next packet a pattern basket of the latest fashion. She therefore respectfully invites her customers, and the ladies generally to call and view them at her new stand on Washington Street, a few doors from the Court House.
April 20 Sw

AMERICAN NANKEEN.

WARRANTED NOT TO FADE.
Manufactured in Paterson, New Jersey, from Nankeen-coloured cotton the growth of Georgia. This new, handsome and purely American article, can be had by the single piece or larger quantity, by applying to
NATHANIEL F. WILLIAMS,
No. 14, Bowlin's Wharf,
Baltimore, May 1
A sample of the above article can be seen at this office.

NOTICE

The public are most respectfully invited to attend the annual Meeting of the Female Sabbath School Society of Easton, on the last Saturday in this month. Several ministers are expected to be present and an address will be delivered by one of them.
Easton, May 11

CITY BANK ELECTION NOTICE.
The stockholders are hereby notified that Monday the 3d day of June next, is the day fixed by law for the election of nine Directors of the City Bank, and that the same will take place in the office of the undersigned, over the Baltimore Life Insurance Office, in Second Street between the hours of nine and two o'clock.
By order
JOHN B. MORRIS

The Editor of the Easton Gazette is requested to insert the above one week, until the 3rd week in June.

MORE BOOTS AND SHOES.


The subscriber, grateful for past favors, begs leave to announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening a splendid supply of the above articles, which, having been selected by himself, he is warranted in saying is equal, if not superior, to any heretofore offered, which added to his former stock, renders his assortment extensive and complete. Comprising gentlemen's boots and shoes of all descriptions, Ladies Lasting, French Morocco, Seal Skin and Calf Skin Slippers and stropped Shoes; servants coarse and fine shoes, and a variety of children's morocco and leather boots; also a beautiful assortment of hair and red morocco trunks, Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. He invites the public to call and view his supply, hear his prices, decide for themselves and he thinks if economy is at all consulted, he will receive as he has endeavoured to merit, a continuance of public patronage.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
JOHN WRIGHT.
April 27

LOOK HERE.
ONE or two good Cabinet Makers, (single men) who are fonder of work than the subscriber, may obtain work by calling at the Cabinet Shop of
JOHN MECONEKIN.
N. B. They may have their pay too.
Two apprentices of good moral habits from 14 to 16 years of age, will be taken to learn the above business.

WILL be run for on **Whitsun MONDAY** the 27th inst: (over a beautiful and well prepared Course under the superintendance of the subscriber) an elegant Saddle, Bridle and Martingale. Free for any horse, mare or gelding, half mile and repeat, carrying weight according to the rules of the Easton Jockey Club.
THOMAS WARWICK.
Tattersall 4 miles from Easton, 8 3d May 1833

POETRY.

THREE WEEKS AFTER MARRIAGE.

BY THOMAS HAYNES BAYLEY. I dont care three and sixpence now For any thing in life; My days of fun are over now, I am married to a wife— I am married to a wife, my boys, And that by Jove's no joke! I've eat the white of this world's egg, And now I've got the yolk. I'm sick of sending marriage cake, Of eating marriage dinners, And all the fuss that people make With newly wed beginners; I care not for white champagne; I never cared for red; Blue coats are all blue bores to me, And Limerick gloves are kid, And as for posting up and down, It adds to all my ills, At every paltry country town, I wish you saw the bills. They know me for a married man, Their smirking says they do, And charge me as the Scotch Greys charge The French at Waterloo. I've grown to quite an idle rogue, I only eat and drink; Reading with me is not in vogue, I can't be plagued to think; When breakfast's over I begin To wish 'twere dinner time, And these are all the changes now, In my life's pantomime. I wonder if this state be what Folks call the honey moon? If so upon my word I hope It will be over soon; For too much honey is to me Much worse than too much salt; I'd rather work from end to end, The works of Mr. Galt. Of when I was a bachelor I was as brisk as a bee, But now I lie on ottomans, And languidly sip tea, Or read a little paragraph In any evening paper, Then think it time to go to sleep, And light my bedroom taper. Of When I was a bachelor I always had some wife To win myself a loving wife, And be a married man; And now that I am so at last, My plans are at an end, I scarcely know one thing to do, My time I cannot spend. Of when I was a bachelor My spirits never flag'd, I walk'd as if a pair of wings Had to my feet been tag'd; But I walk much more slowly now, As married people should, Were I to walk six miles an hour, My wife might think it rude. Yet after all I must confess, This easy sort of way Of getting o'er life's jolting road, Is what I can't gainsay; I might have been a bachelor Until my dying day, Which would have been to err at least As far as the other way.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he still carries on the Baking Business in its various branches at the old stand where he is ready to supply his customers with all the articles in his line on accommodating terms. He would likewise notify them that he has just returned from Baltimore with a fresh assortment of GROCERIES, CONFECTIONARIES, FRUITS, NUTS, TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES, which, added to his former stock makes his variety complete; and having selected them with great care and attention, he confidently offers them to his friends, on terms which he hopes will be thought reasonable. He has also just received and is now opening a beautiful and excellent assortment of BOOKS, religious, entertaining and useful, AMONG WHICH ARE: Family Bibles, Buck's Theological Polyglott pocket do. Dictionary, Polyglott Testaments, Rollins' Ancient History, Common Prayer, Josephus, Methodist Hymns, Cook's Voyages, Protestant do. History United States, Methodist Protestant do. History of England, do. Life of Girard, Evidences of Christianity, Young Man's Own, Watson's Apology, Book, Watson's Wesley, Young Ladies' Own, Methodist Discipline, Book, Methodist Protestant Paradise Lost, do. Night Thoughts, Benson's Fletcher, Course of Time, Vicar of Wakefield. A quantity of School Books and Toy Books. Also a variety of Blank Books & Stationery. The Subscriber feels grateful to his friends for the patronage they have afforded him, and while he is anxious to deserve a continuance of their favour. FREDERICK F. NINDE. Easton, April 13 1833 (W)

SAMUEL OZMON Cabinet Maker.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the above business in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Edward Mullikin, as the Post Office, and nearly opposite Mr. F. Ninde's Bakery. He has just returned from Baltimore, with a first rate assortment of WELL SEASONED MATERIALS in his line, which he is prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice, into FURNITURE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, and on the most reasonable terms. All orders for COFFINS, will be thankfully received, and the strictest attention will be paid to funerals by Mr. Thomas Oldson or myself, who can at all times be found at the shop. He has also a first rate TURNER in his employ, who will execute all orders in his line with neatness and dispatch. Easton, April 6. 1833

JOHN MECONEKIN, CABINET MAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public, that he has just received his SPRING STOCK OF MATERIALS, in his line, which he is prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice, into furniture of all descriptions, which he will warrant will be as good, and will be sold as low, as they can be purchased in Baltimore, or elsewhere. He invites the public to call at his Ware Room, where he has now on hand some MAHOAGNY SIDEBOARDS, BUREAUS, TABLES, BEDSTEADS, &c. which he will dispose of very low. He earnestly requests those of his friends whose accounts have been of long standing, to call without delay and settle, as they must know it is impossible for him to carry on his business to advantage, without, at least, a little Cash.

J. M. would also acquaint the Public that he has in his employ a first rate Turner, who will execute any business in his line with neatness and dispatch. Old Claims required at the earliest notice. March 2

MARYLAND: Kent County Orphans' Court, May 7, 1833.

On application of James B. Ricard, adm'r. of Robert Rigby, late of Kent County deceased, it is

ORDERED, That he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Inquirer printed in Chestertown. In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' court of the county aforesaid, I have here to set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 7th day of May, eighteen hundred and thirty three.

F. WILSON, Register of Wills for Kent County.

In compliance to the above order THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

That the Subscriber of Kent county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Kent county in Maryland letters of administration on the personal estate of Robert Rigby, late of Kent county deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 7th day of November next they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of May, 1833. JAMES B. RICARD, Adm'r. of Robert Rigby, deceased. May 11, 1833

THE STEAM BOAT

WILL commence her regular routes on Tuesday next the 9th instant. She will leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday morning at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge (via the Company's Wharf at Castlehaven) and Easton leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday morning at 7 o'clock for Cambridge (via the Company's Wharf at Castlehaven) Annapolis and Baltimore leave Baltimore every Monday morning at half past 6 o'clock, for Centreville (via the Company's Wharf on Corsica Creek) and Chestertown, and return to Baltimore the same day. All baggage and Packages at the risk of the owners thereof. April 6

MARYLAND, Captain TAYLOR,

WILL commence her regular routes on Tuesday next the 9th instant. She will leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday morning at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge (via the Company's Wharf at Castlehaven) and Easton leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday morning at 7 o'clock for Cambridge (via the Company's Wharf at Castlehaven) Annapolis and Baltimore leave Baltimore every Monday morning at half past 6 o'clock, for Centreville (via the Company's Wharf on Corsica Creek) and Chestertown, and return to Baltimore the same day. All baggage and Packages at the risk of the owners thereof. April 6

100 Prizes of a \$1000. NEW YORK LOTTERY.

Extra Class No. 15.—To be drawn on Wednesday, May 29, \$20,000, Highest Prize. 20,000, 10,000, 5,000, 10 of 3,000, 100 of 1,000, 16 of 500, &c. &c. Amounting to \$366,080. A package of 22 whole tickets, by certificate cost \$124—package of Halves, \$62—package of Quarters, \$31—Eighths, \$15.50.

Orders from any part of the U. States will receive the same attention as on personal application. When \$10 and upwards are remitted, postage need not be paid. SYLVESTER is regularly licensed by the several States in which he has offices, (at New York, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Nashville, and New Orleans,) thus all tickets issued from his office are genuine and guaranteed by the Managers.

*For capital prizes, orders from the country must be addressed to S. J. SYLVESTER, BALTIMORE, Md.

LYMAN REED & CO.,

Commission Wool Warehouse No. 6, SOUTH CHARLES STREET BALTIMORE.

N. B. Letters post paid requesting information respecting the state of the Market will receive immediate attention. March 30.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

ANDREW OEHLER, TAILOR,

TAKES the liberty of informing the citizens of Easton, that he has commenced business in Washington Street, near the Bank, and is prepared to receive and execute orders of every description, in the most correct and fashionable style; and pledges himself to use his utmost endeavor, by industry, punctuality and the use of his best abilities, to render satisfaction.

PARISIAN SCOURING.

This department of the advertiser's business he can with confidence assert will not be surpassed, if equalled, by any individual in this or any other city; having had the most perfect experience and given invariably, the most ample satisfaction to those having scouring done by him.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

of every description, can be cleaned so as to make one half worn appear entirely new, by restoring the colours, extracting grease, and preventing the moth from eating them. Easton, May 4, 1833.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

ACCORDING to a decree of Queen Ann's county Court, sitting as a court of equity, will be offered at public sale, at Queen's Town, on MONDAY the 27th of May next between 11 and 12 o'clock,

A TRACT OF LAND

called Wright's Chance, being part of the real estate of Sarah Davidson, deceased, lying in Queen Ann's county, on Winchester's creek, within a mile of Chester river, and about half way between Queen's Toward and Kent Narrows. The tract contains 150 acres, 30 cleared, and the rest in heavy Chestnut, Oak and Pine timber, which has been carefully preserved, and being directly on the water, may be carried at little expense, to any place on the Chesapeake bay. The terms of sale are one hundred dollars to be paid on the day of sale, and the residue of the purchase money, in twelve months, with interest; the purchaser giving bond and security for the same, to be approved by the trustee. And on the ratification of the sale, and the payment of the purchase money, a deed of conveyance will be given to the purchaser. WM. GRASON, Trustee. May 4 1833

FOR SALE

On a credit of six, nine, and twelve months that convenient and comfortable dwelling house on the corner of Dover and West streets, near the Methodist Meeting House, at present occupied by Richard C. Lane. This property has attached to it a good smoke house, stable and carriage house all of which is in excellent repair. For Terms apply to A. Graham or to the Subscriber. THOMAS COOK. Easton, May 11 1833

For Sale for Cash

SIX or eight likely negroes for sale, to remain in the State of Maryland. Enquire of the editor. May 13

BARK AND LEATHER.

The Subscribers wish to purchase 150 Cords of Tan Bark for which they will pay Cash, or exchange for Leather. They also have on hand & constantly keep a general assortment of Upper and Sole LEATHER, which they will sell on pleasing terms for Cash, Hides, Bark or Sheep Skins. HENRY E. BATEMAN & CO. April 13 1833

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at private sale, on very accommodating terms, that small and convenient brick dwelling, situate on Harrison street, in Easton, at present occupied by Mrs. Mary E. C. Nicholson.—For terms apply to A. GRAHAM. Easton, Jan. 5 1833

MARYLAND

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

19th day of April, 1833. On application of John Harrington, administrator of Nathan Harrington, late of Talbot county, deceased—it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' court, I have hereunto set my hand & the seal of my office affixed, this 19th day of April in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three. Test JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Talbot county in Maryland, letters of administrator on the personal estate of Nathan Harrington late of Talbot county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 20th of January 1834, or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 19th day of April 1833. JOHN HARRINGTON adm'r. of Nathan Harrington, dec'd April 20

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

ALL persons being in arrears on execution are requested to come forward and make immediate payment of the same, or make satisfactory arrangement with the Plaintiffs on or before the 9th day of April next, otherwise their property will be immediately advertised for sale, without respect to persons. I would also say to those persons indebted for officers fees that the books are now in the hands of the Deputies who are instructed to collect the same according to law. Those persons who are indebted on executions or for officers fees will please call and settle the same with Jos. Graham who is duly authorised by me to receive the same. The Public's Obedient Servant J. M. FAULKNER, Sheriff. March 30

TO TAILORS.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the trade, that the ensuing Report of the Spring and SUMMER FASHIONS, will be ready for delivery between the 10th and 20th of April; it will be got up in a style of superior elegance and beauty; also a publication on the art of Cutting; containing a full and explicit treatise; and comprising all that has been published on this subject in the United States, since 1827, and which will be an invaluable manual in the hands of the craft. Such of the trade as will forward to me by Mail or otherwise postage paid, \$5 before the 20th instant will have the Report by return of Post. P. FINEGAN, Tailor. Agent for James G. Wilson, New York. Elkton, Md. April 13 1833. Bel-Air Citizen, Easton Gazette, Kent Inquirer, will copy the above to the amount of one dollar and charge the Central Courant

The thorough bred young Horse

DEY OF ALGIERS. The best son of Rinaldo, will stand the ensuing season at the subscribers stable, and will be let to mares at 10 dollars the spring's chance, 15 dollars to ensure a mare in foal, and 50 cents in each case to the groom.

THE DEY OF ALGIERS

will be 5 years old in May next, is near 15 1-2 hands high, is a dark bay or brown, with a fine silken and glossy coat. In muscular powers, symmetry of form, and lofty carriage, superior to his sire. His dam Crazy Jane by Oscar, grand dam Eglington by the Dey of Algiers, great grand dam imported with Dey of Algiers. The two last animals were imported by Col. Swann, and were accompanied by well authenticated certificates, proving them to be full bred Arabians of the best class. E. N. HAMBLETON. March 16 Sw

THE CELEBRATED HORSE

RED ROVER,

IS now in fine stud condition, and will stand the ensuing spring in Talbot county, Maryland, viz Easton, St. Michaels, the Trappe and Chapel. The prices on which the services of Red Rover will be rendered are as follows to wit: Six Dollars the Spring's chance, Two dollars to insure a mare in foal, Three Dollars the single leap with twenty five cents cash to the Groom in each case. The insurance money to be paid by the 25th January, 1834; the money for the season to be paid by the 20th August next; the money for the single leap to be paid at the time of service. Mares insured and parted with before it is ascertained they are in foal, the persons putting will be held accountable for the insurance money. RED ROVER, is now nine years old, of the best blood in the country, as by reference to his pedigree published in hand bills will appear. Red Rover is a beautiful sorrel, nearly 16 hands high, with a bold and lofty carriage, great bone and sinew, his general appearance commanding, admired and approved by judges. Red Rover it is believed possesses more of the Medley blood than any other horse on this shore, or even in this State, as due reference to Turf Register for sire and dam, will appear. Red Rover is now in Easton, and will remain here until the 20th inst. at which time he will commence his season. For stands, time of standing, pedigree, certificates, progeny &c. see hand bills and Turf Register. J. M. FAULKNER. March 23

COLLECTOR'S SECOND NOTICE.

THE subscriber desirous of completing his collection for the year 1832 earnestly requests all those who have not settled their Tax, that they will no longer defer the payment thereof. The collector is bound to make his payments to those who have claims on the county in a certain specified time, which has nearly expired, and is much pressed for the same, therefore those in arrears must be prepared to settle the amount of their Taxes when called on, or in case of their neglect to do so, the law shall be his guide. PHILIP MACKAY, Collector. April 13

New and Splendid Assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening the best assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, that he has ever had. His friends and the public are requested to call and see him. He is determined to sell at the most reduced prices for cash. He has also a great variety of Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. &c. PETER TARR. April 13

150 NEGROES WANTED.

The subscriber wishes to purchase one hundred and fifty servants of all descriptions,—Mechanics of all kinds, from 12 to 25, years of age. He also wishes to purchase fifty in families.—It is desirable to purchase them in large lots, as they will be settled in Alabama, and will not be separated. Persons having slaves to dispose of, will do well to give him a call as he is permanently settled in this market and is prepared at all times to give the highest cash prices. All communications directed to him in Easton will be promptly attended to. He can at all times be found at Mr. Lowe's Hotel in Easton. THOS. M. JONES. May 4

SHANNONDALE.

THE full bred horse Shannon dale, a dark sorrel, being in fine stud condition, will stand in Easton every Tuesday during the season, the remainder of his time at the subscriber's stable on the following terms, viz: Six dollars the spring's chance; 12 dollars to insure a mare with foal, three dollars the single leap and twenty five cents in each case to the Groom. JAMES BARTLETT. Talbot co. March 16, 1833. CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify that Shannondale was got by the Imported horse Eagle and was raised by Thomas T. Lowry, and sold by said Lowry to Mr. Cato Moore of Charlestown, Virginia, and by C. Moore to Thomas R. Hammond of the same town, and the dam of this horse was got by the imported horse Bedford, and that she was full blooded and raised by S. G. Fauntleroy of King and Queen county, Virginia.—Any further information that may be wanted can be obtained by application to Mr. Lowry or to Thos. R. Hammond. JOHN M. GAYLE.

We hereby certify that Shannondale is a sorrel foal getter and has produced as likely colts as any horse that has stood in this county for the last twelve or fifteen years.

John M. Gayle, John T. Cooke, Henry Fleming, William Morgan, Thomas Hill, Jas. H. Jones, Philip Talcaferro, Robert Roase, John M. Anderson, Robertson Bridges, William Chapman. Gloucester Court House, Va. March 30 1828.

TO TAILORS.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the trade, that the ensuing Report of the Spring and SUMMER FASHIONS, will be ready for delivery between the 10th and 20th of April; it will be got up in a style of superior elegance and beauty; also a publication on the art of Cutting; containing a full and explicit treatise; and comprising all that has been published on this subject in the United States, since 1827, and which will be an invaluable manual in the hands of the craft. Such of the trade as will forward to me by Mail or otherwise postage paid, \$5 before the 20th instant will have the Report by return of Post. P. FINEGAN, Tailor. Agent for James G. Wilson, New York. Elkton, Md. April 13 1833. Bel-Air Citizen, Easton Gazette, Kent Inquirer, will copy the above to the amount of one dollar and charge the Central Courant

The thorough bred young Horse

DEY OF ALGIERS. The best son of Rinaldo, will stand the ensuing season at the subscribers stable, and will be let to mares at 10 dollars the spring's chance, 15 dollars to ensure a mare in foal, and 50 cents in each case to the groom.

THE DEY OF ALGIERS

will be 5 years old in May next, is near 15 1-2 hands high, is a dark bay or brown, with a fine silken and glossy coat. In muscular powers, symmetry of form, and lofty carriage, superior to his sire. His dam Crazy Jane by Oscar, grand dam Eglington by the Dey of Algiers, great grand dam imported with Dey of Algiers. The two last animals were imported by Col. Swann, and were accompanied by well authenticated certificates, proving them to be full bred Arabians of the best class. E. N. HAMBLETON. March 16 Sw

THE CELEBRATED HORSE

RED ROVER,

IS now in fine stud condition, and will stand the ensuing spring in Talbot county, Maryland, viz Easton, St. Michaels, the Trappe and Chapel. The prices on which the services of Red Rover will be rendered are as follows to wit: Six Dollars the Spring's chance, Two dollars to insure a mare in foal, Three Dollars the single leap with twenty five cents cash to the Groom in each case. The insurance money to be paid by the 25th January, 1834; the money for the season to be paid by the 20th August next; the money for the single leap to be paid at the time of service. Mares insured and parted with before it is ascertained they are in foal, the persons putting will be held accountable for the insurance money. RED ROVER, is now nine years old, of the best blood in the country, as by reference to his pedigree published in hand bills will appear. Red Rover is a beautiful sorrel, nearly 16 hands high, with a bold and lofty carriage, great bone and sinew, his general appearance commanding, admired and approved by judges. Red Rover it is believed possesses more of the Medley blood than any other horse on this shore, or even in this State, as due reference to Turf Register for sire and dam, will appear. Red Rover is now in Easton, and will remain here until the 20th inst. at which time he will commence his season. For stands, time of standing, pedigree, certificates, progeny &c. see hand bills and Turf Register. J. M. FAULKNER. March 23

RATCLIFFE.

A beautiful bay with black legs, mane and tail, five years old this spring and 16 hands in height, will stand at Easton this season on Tuesdays, the residue of the week at the stable of the subscriber. He will be let to mares on the following terms, viz:—eight dollars the Spring's chance, 12 to ensure and 4 the single leap, in each case 50 cents to the groom. As to bone, figure and action, it is believed this horse is excelled by none in the country; the public however, will judge for themselves upon these points. Ratcliffe was sired by Mr. Randolph's fine horse Rinaldo, his dam by Wm. R. Stewart's Messenger (who obtained the prize at the Easton Cattle Show), he by the celebrated horse imported Messenger.—Ratcliffe's grand dam was a thorough bred mare raised by John Edmondson, Esq. (see certificate below.) Thus it appears that he is descended from the finest blood in this country. Sir Archy on the part of his sire, and imported Messenger on the side of his dam. HENRY HOLLYDAY. Talbot county, April 13th 1833.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the bay mare sold by me to Henry Hollyday, Esq. was sired by Cockfighter (raised by Gen. Stewart, of Charles county, and afterwards sold to Col. Edward Lloyd), her dam by Venitian, her grand dam by Figure raised by Benjamin Ogle of the city of Annapolis, from the imported Figure, her great grand dam by Paocet, imported before the Revolution. JOHN EDMONDSON.

THE STOCK OF HORSES ON THE DAM SIDE

from which this mare was descended, was more highly prized and valued by my Father than any other from which he had ever bred, both for their speed and invincible spirit. J. E.

THE JACK

BASHAW,

WILL attend his old stands the present season—for terms see handbills. N. GOLDSBOROUGH. M. GOLDSBOROUGH. March 23.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

I will sell at a very reduced price, and on a long credit, that very valuable tract of land, called Sharp's Island, if application be made soon. Persons wishing to make a profitable investment, would do well to embrace this offer. THEODORE DENNY, Agent Easton, March 16 for Jos. W. Reynolds

MARYLAND ECLIPSE.

THE thorough bred horse Maryland F.

Eclipse, will be let to mares this spring, at the stands of Centreville and Easton, at the sum of twenty dollars the season, fifteen dollars the single leap, twenty five dollars to insure with foal, and fifty cents to the groom. The single leap, payable before the mare goes to the horse, the season at its close, and the insurance as soon as it is ascertained the mare is in foal. If the mare be sold, the person putting her to the horse will be held liable for the amount of insurance. The season will commence on the first day of April next at Centreville, where the horse will remain during that week, and on Monday following at Easton, and remain there also a week, and then alternately at Centreville and Easton, a week at each place during the season, which will close on the first of July.

ECLIPSE is a dark chestnut sorrel, near 16

hands high, nine years old this Spring, and possesses great strength & beauty; his colts are remarkably large and fine, and those upon the turf give evidence of great speed, as yet however, few have been trained, the oldest of his colts, being only three years old last season.—One of his colts bred by the proprietor and sold to a gentleman in N. York, was trained and tried last season, and proved to be a successful racer, running her mile in one minute and fifty one seconds, both heats, and beating four others, with great ease. Eclipse was trained for the first time, with the same weight, than was ever run in the United States, the first heat was run in 3 minutes 57 seconds, and the second heat in 3 minutes 46 seconds, two miles and repeat. Sir Lovel after this race, was taken to New York, and matched against Mr. Johnson's celebrated race mare Arietta, (which had a short time before been trained at Centreville, in a match for \$5000) Sir Lovel distanced Arietta the second heat in 3 minutes 48 seconds, thereby proving that Eclipse was a better racer than Arietta. After the race at Poughkeepsie, Eclipse was turned out and trained in the fall following, and gave greater promise of speed, than on his first trial, but in his exercises received an injury in one of his sinews, and was withdrawn from the turf without further trial. Subjoined is the Certificate of the gentleman who trained him, and voluntarily tendered. Colly's Neck, New Jersey, Nov. 30, 1830. I certify that for the last thirty years and upwards, I have been in the yearly practice of training race horses, and have had in my possession, some of the reputed best horses in the country; for the last year I have had Maryland Eclipse, with others under training exercise, and give it as my opinion that for any distance I have tried him, which was never more than two miles, he is the fastest horse I have ever trained. (Signed) JOSEPH K. VAN MATER.

The original Certificate of his performance

at Poughkeepsie (where he ran), from the Secretary of the Club, and of Mr. Van Mater, and in the possession of the proprietor and can be seen upon application. PEDIGREE.

MARYLAND ECLIPSE was got by the

justly celebrated race horse "American Eclipse," formerly the property of Mr. Vanants of New York; dam of Maryland Eclipse, the "Lady of the Lake," she by Mr. Badger's Hickory out of the "Maid of the Oaks," Hickory was got by the imported horse "Whip," the dam of Hickory, "Dido" by the imported "Dare Devil," his grand dam by "Wildair," who was got by the old imported horse "Fearnaught," out of the imported mare "Kitty Fisher," Fearnaught by the Godolphin Arabian, his great grand dam by the imported horse Clockfast, his great great grand dam, was the dam of the celebrated horse Buecephalus and Lady Teazel. Whip was got by Saltram, his dam by Herod, his grand dam by Matchem, out of Gincerack's dam, &c. The Maid of the Oaks, was sired by "Spread Eagle," her dam by the old imported horse Shark, her grand dam by Gen. Nelson's Hockingham, her great grand dam by True Whip, her great great grand dam by Col. Buller's horse Galani, her great great great grand dam by the imported horse Regulus, her great great great grand dam by the imported horse Diamond. American Eclipse was sired by Duroc, dam, Miller's Damsel, she by Messenger; Duroc was sired by old Diamond, his dam Ananda, by Grey Diomed, &c. Messenger was got by the English horse Manbrin, &c. The dam of the Miller's Damsel was the English mare Pot-S-O's sired by Pot-S-O's, and Pot-S-O's by the celebrated horse Eclipse. For further particulars of American Eclipse's Pedigree See Turf Register vol. 1 page 269 For same of Hickory's vol. 2 page 361 For same of Maid of Oaks vol. 2 page 265 For same of Messenger vol. 3 page 49 For same of Duroc vol. 1 page 57 For same of Spread Eagle, vol. 2 page 116 JAMES SEWALL, Proprietor. March 26th, 1833.

N. B. Those who desire to put mares to this

horse, are requested to call upon William K. Lambdin, Esq. at Easton.

The elegant full bred Horse

MOSCOW

Will stand the present season at the Trappe on Friday and Saturday, the 5th and 6th of April; at Easton, the Tuesday and Wednesday following, and will attend each of the above stands once in two weeks. Eight dollars a mare Spring's chance, twelve dollars to ensure a mare with foal, 3 dollars the single leap, and 25 cents in each case to the groom. For particulars see handbills. CHARLES GOLDSBOROUGH. April 6th

VOL. PRINTED BY ALEX. SATURDAY BY ALEX. TWO DOLLARS Per annum, payable ADVANCE Not exceeding a for ONE DOLLAR CENTS for every P The following made by Wm. R. Virginia Huston remarkable alike and sagacity of his (led the same sk for legislative ho time as a candidat mored way in whi tion out of his co sportive and spo what good sense observations upon while he was app the field. The w ed the speech has of the orator. Ho action.—Globe. From the There is so m good humour, in t for them a placi ing, electioneeri due reverence?) p A VIRGI In the good Old ever blest! On the Southside to guess; in that April-fool green, With stallions an When Convent Clubs meet, And racers cross j Their sainships civil, That Jockeys are vil; in that month e rules, For elections of s When the sovereign polls, To haul their old Or to hear the po And recount the p; in that month, as three An election was l The day was pro And two suitors One a lawyer we profound; The other in wit A truant to book, For while others manking. Proclamation wa And the murmur begin. First the lawyer From his lips, of fell, suffice it to say, Was thought to tion. But when he ha ed, While his firm applaud. His man of the His manner col He spoke of the ed, Of her school a d ed; The champion been— In the battles of For statesmen a Since the fight f or American h and the manner ed as spoke of formed, Of that star-sp breeze, Triumphantl and hoped, ere set.