

# EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature, well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown."  
RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich—and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XI.

EASTON, MARYLAND, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 4, 1828.

NO. 37.

PRINTED & PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY EVENING  
BY ALEXANDER GRAHAM,  
At TWO DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS Per  
Annun, payable half yearly in advance.  
**ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
Not exceeding a square inserted three times for  
ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE CENTS for  
every subsequent insertion.

## A CARD.

R. H. RHODES, R. W. KENNARD and  
WILLIAM LOVEDAY,  
Having associated themselves in business, under  
the firm of

**Rhodes, Kennard & Loveday,**  
and having purchased the entire stock of Goods  
owned by W. H. Groome, intend carrying on the  
**Mercantile Business**

in its various branches, at that well known stand  
opposite the Easton Hotel, formerly for many  
years occupied by Messrs. Thomas & Groome,  
and lately by Wm. H. Groome.

The customers of the House, as also those of  
the late Samuel Groome, and the public generally,  
are respectfully invited to give them a call.  
Sept. 27—t

## NOTICE.

**THE PARTNERSHIP of Jenkins & Stevens**  
is this day dissolved in consequence of the  
death of Peter Stevens one of the Partners.—  
Those indebted to said Partnership are request-  
ed without delay to call on the Subscriber and  
close their accounts by payment of the same, as  
longer indulgence cannot be given. In order  
to close the concern of the above firm as soon  
as possible, which is quite desirable, the present  
Stock of Goods will be sold at very reduced  
prices for the Cash.

**WILLIAM JENKINS**, surviving  
Partner of the late firm of Jenkins & Stevens,  
Easton, Sept. 6, 1828.

**N. B. WILLIAM JENKINS**, begs leave to  
inform his Friends and the Public in general,  
that he intends to continue the Mercantile Busi-  
ness at the same House lately occupied by the  
late firm of Jenkins & Stevens, and solicits his  
Friends and the former customers of said firm  
and the Public in general for a continuance of  
their Custom, whom he will endeavour to supply  
on reasonable terms.  
W. J.

## NEW GROCERY STORE.

The Subscriber respectfully informs his  
Eastern Shore friends and the public in general,  
that he has taken the old stand, at the head  
of "heap side No. 9, Water st. lately occupied  
by the Messrs. Schumacher & Robb as a Sugar  
Store.—He intends keeping in all its varieties,  
a general assortment of Groceries.

CONSISTING OF  
The best of Liquors, Loaf and Brown Sugar,  
Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Family Flour,  
Snuff, chewing Tobacco, Powder, Shot,  
Earthen, Stone and Wooden Ware,  
And all other articles in his line, which he in-  
tends selling at a moderate advance for Cash.  
He has also made arrangements to furnish  
the best of Stone Lime by the bbl. or hhd. (free  
from drayage) and upon as good terms as can  
be had in this City. Any orders for the above  
articles, or any thing else, shall be promptly  
attended to and thankfully received. Any other  
business from his Eastern Shore friends, that  
may require his attention, shall meet with  
promptness and dispatch at moderate charges.  
THOS. DENNY.

Baltimore, Aug. 30  
N. B. Persons having Pork, Cider, Butter or  
other articles to sell this Fall, who are dis-  
posed to favour him with their confidence, shall  
receive his utmost exertions to obtain the high-  
est market prices, and to give the greatest satis-  
faction.  
T. D.

## Branch Bank at Easton,

SEPTEMBER, 27th, 1828.  
The President and Directors of the Farmers'  
Bank of Maryland, have declared a Dividend  
of 3 per cent, on the stock of the Company for  
the last six months, which will be payable to the  
Stockholders, or their legal Representatives, on  
or after the first Monday in October next.

By Order,  
**JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH**, Cashier.  
Sept. 27—3w

## TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Chancellor of  
Maryland, will be exposed to PUBLIC  
SALE at the Court House in Centreville, in  
Queen Ann's county, on Thursday the 23d day  
of October next, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

**A large and Valuable Farm,**  
Lying about a quarter of a mile from Centreville.  
This property formerly belonged to Jer-  
vis Ringgold, deceased, and contains about  
**Four Hundred & Sixty seven Acres**  
including the wood-land which is situated a  
short distance from the cleared land.

The farm will be sold entire or in parcels as  
it may be found most desirable to the persons  
present on the day of sale.

The Terms of sale will be, that the sum of  
Four Hundred dollars shall be paid to the Trustee  
on the day of sale, and the purchaser or pur-  
chasers shall give bond to the Trustee with  
good security to be approved by him for the  
payment of the residue of the purchase money,  
with interest thereon from the day of sale in  
four equal instalments of six, twelve, eighteen  
and twenty-four months.

The Terms will be more minutely stated  
on the day of sale.  
**JOHN B. ECCLESTON**, Trustee.  
Sept. 27th, 1828.—4w

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

**THE SUBSCRIBER** having just returned  
from Baltimore with a handsome and  
good assortment of MATERIALS in his line  
most respectfully invites his friends and the  
public generally to give him a call and view  
his assortment and hopes from his long expe-  
rience & a determination to pay the strictest  
attention to business he will be able to render  
general satisfaction.

Gentlemen disposed to purchase boots  
would do well to call as he will turn his atten-  
tion more particularly to that part of the busi-  
ness and flatters himself that he can furnish  
them with as handsome and as good boots as  
can be had here or else where.

The Public Ob-  
**JOHN WRIGHT**,  
Easton, Nov. 17.

## SPLENDID VIEWS

### OF AMERICAN SCENERY

ON FRIDAY, the 10th of October, 1828, will  
be published by T. K. Greenbank, No. 64,  
Spruce Street, Philadelphia, a volume of splen-  
did views of American Scenery as follows:

1. A view of Beck's Shot Tower, on the Schuyl-  
kill near Philadelphia, and adjacent scenery.
2. A view of the Light House on Long Island  
Sound, with the adjacent scenery.
3. A view of York, on Lake Ontario, with the  
fortifications.
4. Characteristic Scenery on the Hudson River.
5. View of New London, Connecticut, with  
the adjacent scenery.
6. View of Lemon Hill, near Philadelphia, the  
seat of Henry Pratt, Esq.
7. The Tomb of Washington at Mount Vernon.
8. View at the Great Bend of the Susquehanna.
9. View of the Upper Falls of Solomon's Creek,  
Lucerne county, Pa.
10. View of the Lower Falls of Solomon's  
Creek.
11. View of the Catskill Mountains, from the  
Hudson.
12. View of Fort Niagara on Lake Ontario, from  
the Light House on the British side.

These views are executed in the best style of  
Philadelphia engraving, from drawings made  
upon the spot. Each plate will be accompanied  
by a full and accurate description thereof, as to  
make it perfectly intelligible to every person.

The work will be printed and issued to sub-  
scribers in the first style, on superior paper,  
and with a handsomely printed cover, and de-  
livered to subscribers at the very low price of  
ONE DOLLAR. Flexible covers will be used  
for country subscribers, so that they can be  
safely sent by mail.

Any gentleman, postmaster and others,  
who will interest themselves to procure ten  
subscribers; and remit \$10 to the editor, shall  
receive twelve copies. From the very flattering  
patronage already received (1200 subscribers  
have put down their names) this volume will  
probably be succeeded by another, as soon as  
other plates can be engraved. All orders from  
the country will be promptly attended to.

**T. K. GREENBANK**,  
No. 64, Spruce Street, Philadelphia.  
Sep. 20

## NEGROES FOR SALE.

BY ORDER of the Orphans' Court of Caro-  
line county, the subscriber will offer for  
sale, at the Court House door in the town of  
Easton on Tuesday the 7th day of October next,  
at 3 o'clock, P. M. three likely young negro  
girls, (the property of the late Doctor Robert  
Stevens) to serve for a term of years.—Terms  
of sale, a credit of six months, the purchaser  
giving bond with approved security, and inter-  
est thereon from the day of sale.

**W. H. HAYWARD**,  
Guardian to the Orphan Children  
of Dr. Robert Stevens, dec'd.  
Sep. 27 2w

## FOR SALE.

**A SECOND HAND COCHEE and GIG**, with  
Harness complete.—Apply to Lambert  
Reardon, or the Subscriber.  
**RICHARD KENNEY**.

Oct. 4—t

## 100 DOLLARS REWARD.

**RUNAWAY** from the subscriber on Sunday  
morning the 21st inst. a mulatto fellow who  
calls himself **ABRAHAM SULLIVAN**, about 21  
years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, straight  
and well made, with rather a down look when  
spoken to, but polite and attentive.—For the  
last eight or nine months he has been employed  
as a waiter, in the Easton Hotel by Mr. Peacock.  
He had on when he ran away a fox coloured hat,  
blue cloth coat, corduroy pantaloons and new  
shoes.—There is little doubt he will change his  
clothing as he took a variety with him.

Whoever will take up said Runaway and de-  
liver him in the Jail in Easton, Talbot county,  
(Md.) shall receive a reward of Fifty Dollars, if  
taken in this State or the State of Delaware—if  
taken out of the above States, One Hundred  
Dollars reward will be given.

**W. M. H. GROOME**, Agent  
for Isabella Sm th.  
Easton, Oct. 4—t

## One Hundred Dollars Reward.

**RUNAWAY** on Saturday night last, a negro  
man called **DANIEL**, who is about 32 years  
of age, five feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a dark  
mulatto colour, has broad shoulders and broad  
face, is rather lumpy and well made, has large  
white teeth, his eyes are of a reddish colour,  
and when he is spoken to he has a smile on his  
countenance. Daniel was hired out in Easton,  
and went off under pretence of going to Camp  
Meeting, and there is reason to believe that he  
was accompanied by a negro man, the property  
of Mrs. Smyth, who was also hired out in Easton,  
and is of a chestnut colour and rather tall. I  
have no knowledge of what clothes Daniel  
took with him, other than a blue jacket and fur  
hat nearly new. It is more than probable that  
these negroes will make their way either to Dela-  
ware or New Jersey. The above reward will  
be paid for apprehending Daniel if taken out of  
the State and Fifty Dollars if taken in the State  
and lodged in Jail so that I get him, and all rea-  
sonable expenses paid if brought to Easton and  
lodged in Jail.

**EDWARD O. MARTIN**,  
Head of Wy. Talbot co. Md.  
Sept. 27, 1828.

## \$100 REWARD

**WILL** be given for apprehending and lodg-  
ing in Easton jail Negro man **ISAAC**  
who absconded Saturday the 23d of August last  
passed.

**ISAAC** is a stout active negro twenty years  
old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high a little bow legged  
and large feet. Pleasant countenance when  
spoken to, rather a broad flat face, with a good  
set of teeth and wide space between those in  
front, which causes him to lisp.

**W. M. H. TILGHMAN**,  
Sept. 6.

## COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

**THE SUBSCRIBER** being desirous of collect-  
ing the **TAX OF TALBOT COUNTY**, due for  
the present year, in the course of this Fall, res-  
pectfully requests all persons, holding Assessable  
Property in the county, to call on him at his  
Office in Easton, where he will attend every  
Tuesday for the reception of the same.

It is hoped that those who cannot make it con-  
venient to call on him, will be prepared for a  
call from him, or his Deputies, in their respec-  
tive districts.

**SOLOMON MULLIKIN**, Collector.  
Sept. 13—t

[From the New York Commercial]

## WILLIAM CORDER.

This Man who was recently executed at Bury  
St. Edward's and to whose fate we alluded on  
Saturday, was possessed of comfortable means  
of subsistence, and in the prime of life. The  
circumstances of his case were somewhat singu-  
lar. In 1827, the result of an illicit intercourse  
between him and Maria Marten, the daughter of  
a molecatcher, residing near the prisoner, at  
Polstead, was the birth of a child, which died  
soon after. It appears that this was not her first  
indiscretion of the kind.—Corder, however, had  
promised to marry her from time to time, until  
on Friday the 18th of May, at mid-day, he called  
for her to go to Ipswich and be married, as he  
was in a hurry. She objected, on account of  
her liability to observation at that time of day.

He told her to put on man's attire, and go to  
the red barn, where she could change it, and  
wait till he came with a horse and gig. This  
arrangement having been agreed to, and Corder  
having carried as was supposed, to the red barn,  
a bag containing her female apparel and retu-  
ned, they went out together, she being in men's  
clothes, the articles of which were recollected.

He said, if he could not get a license to be mar-  
ried, he would get her a place to remain in, un-  
til he did.—At about half past three o'clock,  
George Marten, the brother of the girl, saw Cor-  
der going along Thistle-lane with a pick-axe.

On Sunday morning the mother of Maria saw  
Corder at her house, and asked him what he  
had done with her? He said he had got a li-  
cense, but it must go to London to be signed,  
which would take six weeks. She mentioned  
to him what George had said, when he replied  
it must be a mistake—that it was a lad planting  
trees on the hill, who was seen with the axe.

After this he told several stories, as to where  
Maria was; and some of his expressions were  
very singular. In September following he left  
Polstead. He subsequently wrote two letters,  
post marked London, to the father of the girl,  
stating that she was well, and in the Isle of  
Wight; and assigning different reasons for not  
visiting Polstead, which it would be tedious to  
particularize. In the mean time he published  
in the Sunday Times, of Nov. 25, 1827, an ad-  
vertisement for a wife, and it appears that in  
consequence of it a marriage was actually for-  
med between him and a deserving woman.

Suspicions having been excited as to Maria's  
having been murdered, the Red Barn was searched  
on the 19th of April last, and the body of Maria  
was found, buried under stones and earth, at the  
distance of about a foot and a half below the sur-  
face.

The Coroner's Jury sat next day, and on their  
finding, the prisoner was apprehended in Lon-  
don. His trial before an overcrowded court, oc-  
cupied the 8th and 9th of August, and his guilt  
was fully made out, by the witnesses who have  
mentioned, and others who testified to corrobo-  
rating circumstances. He attempted a defence,  
against the advice of the Counsel first employed,  
who recommended it to him to admit the killing,  
but to endeavour to make it manslaughter.

There was evidence of there having been a quar-  
rel between the prisoner and the deceased,  
about a five pound note, and that there had been  
some high words between them about it, just  
before the time of her death. This advice was  
rejected, however. The ingenuity of counsel sub-  
sequently employed could do nothing for him.

On the trial, Corder defended himself in a long  
speech, in which he charged the girl with sui-  
cide.—The following is an extract:

As we proceeded across the fields to the  
barn, which I beg you to bear in mind was a  
place where we were in the constant habit of  
meeting and passing hours together, and even  
nights together, I gently reproved her for giv-  
ing way to tears, and observed to her, that that  
was not the way she should conduct herself to-  
wards one who was willing to make every sacri-  
fice to render her happy. By this time we had  
reached the barn, when in consequence of this  
and other observations which passed, and whilst  
she was changing her dress, she flew into a pas-  
sion; told me that she did not care any thing  
about me, that I was too proud to take her to  
my mother's, and when married she did not  
think she should be happy, as my mother and  
family she was sure would never notice her.

She upbraided me with not having so much re-  
gard for her as the gentleman before alluded to  
had shown. Much further conversation arose,  
the particulars of which it is useless to detail,  
but I felt myself so insulted, and became so much  
irritated by her observations, that I told her if  
she would go on in this way before we were  
married, what could I expect afterwards; that I  
had then seen sufficient to convince me we  
should never live happily together, and I was,  
therefore, resolved before it was too late, not to  
marry her, informing her that I should return  
home, and that she might act as she thought  
proper, respecting her future conduct.

In consequence of this determination, I turned  
from her, and I had scarcely proceeded to the  
outer gate of the barn-yard, when I heard a loud  
report like that of a gun or pistol. Alarmed at  
this noise, I immediately ran back, and to my  
horror I found the unhappy girl on the ground  
apparently dead. Astonished at the suddenness  
of the occurrence, and overwhelmed by my own  
feelings at the awful event, I stood for some mo-  
ments in a state of complete stupefaction.—  
When I had in some measure recovered from  
this stupor, my first thought was to run for some  
assistance, (and well had it been for me had I  
acted on that impulse); but the dreadful situa-  
tion of Maria deterred me from quitting the  
spot. I endeavoured to raise her from the  
ground, in the hope of affording her relief, but  
to my horror I found she was altogether lifeless.

I then placed the body on the ground, in doing  
which, I perceived the fatal weapon which I  
took up, when, to add to my terror, and the  
extraordinary singularity of my situation, I dis-  
covered it to be one of my own pistols, which I  
had always kept loaded in my bed room. The  
danger of my situation now flashed upon my  
mind. There lay the unfortunate girl wounded  
to death, and by an instrument belonging to me,  
and I the only human being present who could  
prove how the circumstance occurred. I will  
not attempt to describe to you (because it would  
be impossible) the agitation of my mind at find-  
ing myself surrounded by such suspicious and  
unfortunate circumstances.—My faculties for  
the time seemed suspended. I knew not what  
to do, and some time elapsed before I suffi-  
ciently recovered myself to become thoroughly sen-  
sible of the awful and responsible situation in  
which I stood.

The circumstantial evidence was, however, so  
strong, that he was afterwards convicted. Be-  
fore his execution, he confessed that he had  
murdered the girl, and related the particulars  
following:—When we left her father's house  
we began quarrelling about the burial of the  
child, she apprehending that the place wherein  
it was deposited would be found out.

rel continued for about three quarters of an  
hour, upon this and about other subjects. A  
scuffle ensued, and during the scuffle, and at  
the time, I think, that she had hold of me, I took  
the pistol from the side pocket of my velvet  
jacket, and fired. She fell, and died in an in-  
stant. I never saw even a struggle. I was  
overwhelmed with agitation and dismay. The  
body fell near the front doors on the floor of the  
barn. A vast quantity of blood issued from the  
wound and ran on to the floor and through the  
crevices. Having determined to bury the body  
in the barn (about two hours after she was dead)  
I went and borrowed the spade of Mrs. Stowe;  
but before I went there, I dragged the body  
from the barn into the chaff-house, and locked  
up the barn. I returned again to the barn, and  
began to dig the hole; but the spade being a  
bad one, and the earth firm and hard, I was ob-  
liged to go home for a pick-axe, and a better  
spade, with which I dug the hole, and then bur-  
ied the body. I think I dragged the body by  
the handkerchief that was tied round her neck.  
It was dark when I finished covering up the body.

I went the next day, and washed the blood  
from off the barn floor. I declare to Almighty  
God, I had no sharp instrument about me, and  
that no other wound but the one made by the  
pistol was inflicted by me. I have been guilty  
of great ill-faith, and, at times, led a dissolute  
life, but I hope, through the mercy of God, to  
be forgiven.

Soon after he had committed the murder he  
advertised in the London Times, for a wife, and  
had many applicants. He was married to one  
of them when he was apprehended. The fol-  
lowing is a dialogue previous to his execution:

Among his several conversations the follow-  
ing singular one is said to have passed between  
him and one of his attendants. It occurred on  
Friday evening:

Attendant—Pray, Mr. Corder, is it true that  
it was by an advertisement you were first intro-  
duced to Mrs. Corder?

Corder—Indeed it was.  
Attendant—Had you any money answers to it?  
Corder—I had forty-five. Some from ladies  
in their carriages.

Attendant—Well, that surprises me.  
Corder—Surprise you, so it may, as it did  
myself? but I missed of a good thing.

Attendant—How is that?  
Corder—Why then I will tell you. One of  
the answers which I received required that I  
should be at a certain church on an appointed  
day dressed in a particular way, and I should  
meet a lady, also dressed in a particular way,  
and both understanding what we came about,  
no further introduction was necessary.

Attendant—But how could you know her,  
she might be another lady dressed in the  
same way?

Corder—Oh! to guard against a mistake, she  
desired that I should wear a black handkerchief  
round my neck, and having my left arm in a  
sling; and in case I should not observe her, she  
would discover, and introduce herself.

Attendant—And did you meet her?  
Corder—No, I did not; I went, but not in  
time, as the service was over when I got there.

Attendant—Then when you did not meet her  
how do you know that she was respectable?  
Corder—Because the pew-opener told me  
that such a lady was inquiring for a gentleman  
of my description; and she came in an elegant  
carriage, and was a young woman of fortune.—  
(Sighing heavily.)

Attendant—Then you never saw her after-  
wards?  
Corder—No, never; but I found out where  
she lived, and who she was, and would have had  
an interview with her, were it not that I became  
acquainted with Mrs. Corder, from whom I was  
not a day absent until we were married.

Attendant—Was that long after your acquain-  
tance?  
Corder—About a week.

The following was Corder's advertisement.  
**Matrimony**—A private Gentleman, aged 24,  
entirely independent whose disposition is not to  
be exceeded, has lately lost the chief of his  
family by the hand of Providence, which has  
occasioned discord among the remainder, un-  
der circumstances the most disagreeable to re-  
late. To any female of respectability, who  
would study for domestic comforts, and willing  
to confide her future happiness to one in every  
way qualified to render the marriage state de-  
sirable, as the advertiser is in affluence. Many  
very happy marriages have taken place through  
means similar to those now resorted to, and it is  
hoped no one will answer this through impertinent  
curiosity; but, should this meet the eye of  
any agreeable Lady who feels desirous of meet-  
ing with a social, tender, kind and sympathiz-  
ing companion, they will find this advertisement  
worthy of notice. Honor and secrecy may be  
relied on. As some little security against idle  
applications, it is requisite that letters may be  
addressed (post paid) to A. Z. care of Mr. Fos-  
ter, stationer, Leadenhall street, with real name  
and address, which will meet with most respect-  
ful attention.

The following are a few of the answers which  
were returned to Corder's Matrimonial Adver-  
tisement.

"Having taken up the Sunday Times, I see  
"Matrimony" at the head of the paper; should the  
advertiser be sincere and honorable, he will  
meet with a lady of respectability [not out of  
fortune], one of very domestic habits, having  
been brought up by a dear and tender parent.  
Should the gentleman approve of this epistle,  
the lady will, in her next note, give her real  
name and address, and by giving her a line post  
paid, to —, she will return an answer as soon  
as possible.

Sir—Having read your advertisement in the  
Sunday Times, I feel induced to answer it, be-  
ing desirous of engaging myself. I suppose we  
must be candid in such cases. I am a third  
daughter of a Clergyman of the Church of  
England, who has eight children, therefore you  
may imagine I can have no fortune. My age is  
21. I can give the most unexceptionable re-  
ference to character, &c. I shall not be more  
explicit at present. Direct to  
Sunday, Nov. 25.

Sir—In answer to your advertisement, I take  
the liberty of thus addressing you, stating that I  
am a young widow lady with no family, and  
quite content to make the marriage state  
happy. Should this meet your approbation,  
letters to be left, post paid, at —  
Nov. 26, 1827.

If the gentleman who inserted an advertise-  
ment in the Sunday Times, headed "Matrimony"  
will call at —, and ask to see Miss —,  
between the hours of twelve and three to-day,  
he may have an interview, when every other  
particular will be most candidly stated. Should  
the advertiser look for accomplishment or beau-  
ty, an interview will be unnecessary.

Sir,—I have taken the earliest opportunity of  
addressing you with these few lines. Accord-  
ing to your advertisement, as you being the age

that will suit me 24, and I am 18, so I think  
Providence has ordained that you & me should  
come together, for I am not very pleasantly si-  
tuated myself, and it appears that you are not.  
I am of very cheerful disposition, and should study  
every thing for your comfort and happiness.  
If it will suit you, the most convenient time to  
see me will be at eleven o'clock in the morning  
and at three in the afternoon. If I do not see  
you in a day or two, I shall think that you are  
satisfied. Till then Adieu.

The advertisement of a private gentleman,  
aged 24, in the Sunday Times paper, happened  
to meet the eye of a young lady, just 21, of the  
greatest respectability. The advertisement rather  
struck her; and should the gentleman be  
really in earnest, he must advertise once again  
in the same paper when he will hear further  
particulars. But the extreme modesty of the  
lady will not allow her to put either name or  
address. The lady is at present in the country;  
will shortly be in town.

N. B. The lady is not very handsome.

From the Natchez Galaxy.

Some two or three months since, a huge and  
shapeless bundle arrived at our post office, di-  
rected or indirected as the case may be, from  
the "Federal City," and marked "free." Nothing  
"remarkable" was observed about the bundle  
aforesaid, until the lapse of two or three days,  
when to the amazement of the deputy postmas-  
ter, it gave evident signs of vitality. What in  
the name of ghosts and hobgoblins was to be  
done? A consultation of the medical faculty  
was proposed, but as fees were at that time,  
"Like Angels visits, few and far between,"

it was strongly suspected they might "report"  
the yellow fever or small pox. That would  
not do. As for an inquest of lawyers, there  
was no other objection than of their dividing the  
contents of the bundle among themselves, by  
way of "inducement" to further inquiry. The  
next proposition was to summon the ancient  
jury "de ventre inspiciens," but the rapidly in-  
creasing rotundity of this wonderful bundle,  
placed the only point within their jurisdiction  
at rest. What could it be? Some supposed  
the rats had found their way into the interior  
of this non-descriptive. Others supposed the  
massons were smuggling Morgan up the Mis-  
sissippi. Others again supposed that Henry Clay  
had papared the devil himself, and, through  
Executive patronage, had sent him by mail  
down the river to frisk his ponderous tail among  
the Jackson folks. But the more reflecting  
part of our citizens arrived at the sage con-  
clusion that it was the **TAURUS**, as that was cur-  
rently reported to be a huge monster, hooped  
and horned—with as many heads as had Bri-  
areus, Death and destruction, what was to be  
done? To peep into it would violate Uncle  
Sam's injunction. To remove it from the  
office—one would as soon attack old Beelzebub  
himself. There it lay swelling and swelling  
like Esop's frog, until the fourth day, when  
to the no small amusement of our friend Lyle  
and the utter consternation of Willy his boy,  
snapping the strings, open flew the envelope,  
and forth crept a—what think you, reader—  
a snake? No. A monkey? No. A rat or  
frog? No, no, neither frog, rat, monkey, snake,  
nor the devil. Amusement *exize ye*; it was a  
pumpkin vine! *aye*, reader, *exize ye*!!!

The truth of the story appears to be this.

A large bundle was mailed at Washington for  
this place, in which was deposited a quantity  
of pumpkin seed, of a very rare kind, we pre-  
sume. It is well known that the streams of  
water this side the mountains, and particularly  
in the Southern country, are unusually swollen  
in the Spring of the year; so much so, that in  
crossing them, the mail is frequently immersed  
in water. Such appears to have been the case  
in the present instance. At any rate, too high  
a degree of humidity having reached the pump-  
kin seed aforesaid, causing them to vegetate,  
much to the annoyance of our postmaster, and  
against the peace & dignity of the citizens of  
this city.

[From the Baltimore Gazette.]

On Tuesday last, we were edified by a specta-  
cle which a few centuries ago, would have been  
a case of public interest; but which, at the  
present period, is deprived of its awful and mys-  
terious circumstances, and it is only a matter  
of amusement—the trial of a witch!!!

We are of opinion to be consulted, we would  
say that the only witches who exercise their power  
over us, are the possessors of the bright eyes,  
rosy cheeks, and houri forms, who assail us with  
their power in the streets, haunt our imagina-  
tion by day, and our dreams at night—but, the  
opinion of the world is against us, and in the  
words of the law, *communis error facit jus*.

The old woman, who was the subject of this  
charge, possessed all the requisites to constitute  
a witch, being very old, very ugly; and, withal,  
of the colour by the common consent of Chris-  
tendom assigned to the potentate of the lower  
world.

We at first supposed, that the learned magis-  
trate would have dispensed with oral testimony,  
and subjected the heinous criminal to the ordeal  
by water, according to the universal practice of  
our ancestors, by tying a large stone around her  
neck, and throwing her into a pool of deep wa-  
ter—If she swam, she should be declared innoc-  
ent—and if she sank, or floated, she should be  
judged guilty, and burnt.

[From the National Intelligencer.]

**THE TARIFF.**—Such of the English Editors as have indulged in a strain of invective against our Government on account of the establishment of our increased Tariff, are very liberal in their quotations from the New York Evening Post, the Boston Statesman, and other papers of the same class, in order to sustain the silly speculations in which they indulge as to the political and commercial consequences which are to be the result of that measure. These speculations are invariably grounded both on an under estimate of the character of our citizens, and an over estimate of the value of our trade with Great Britain. That this trade is important, we are not about to deny; at the same time that we are loath to admit, that from any possible revulsion by which it might be suddenly abridged or thrown into new channels, any permanent danger to our Union could result. Much less are we prepared to believe that in the operation of the present Tariff, is discernible any peril of the nature to which we have adverted.

To those who are unable to understand or correctly appreciate our institutions, some of the recent proceedings in South Carolina, and one or two other States, may have appeared armed with destruction against our confederacy; but the better informed will only view these transient turbulences as the necessary consequence of that entire freedom of thought and action which prevails in our country; and as having a tendency rather to illustrate and establish the value of the federal compact, than to weaken or dissolve it.

Whoever has marked the manner in which the first information of the passage of the Tariff was received in England, and the tone which has been adopted by legislators as well as editors in relation to it, cannot shun the conviction that it produced great alarm and consternation there. Under an affection of astonishment and concern at our insensibility to the liberal course of the British Government, it has been attempted to conceal the true feelings of dismay and apprehension which have been produced. The ministerial prints, taking their cue from the language of Mr. Huskisson and Mr. Peel, have reproached us with an unwillingness to put the trade between the two countries on a footing of reciprocity. They who have burdened nearly all our staple products with import duties almost amounting to prohibition, as soon as we raise our protecting duties so as to give our manufacturer a fair chance with the British subject, cry out and clamour against our ingratitude. There are indeed a few writers who are sufficiently informed and independent to take a correct view of our policy. Of this character is the correspondent of the London Morning Chronicle, who has assumed the signature of "No American," and whose sentiments are conveyed in the article we subjoin.

**AMERICAN TARIFF.**

To the Editor of the Morning Chronicle.—

Sir: It manifests much ignorance in the people of this country to censure America for a Tariff, the object of which is clearly to create, by means of local manufactures, that market at home for her agricultural produce which England denies to her abroad.

It is reasonable that America should wish to condense part of a population which increases annually at the rate of 400,000 souls, instead of continuing to diffuse it over boundless space, adding to the redundancy and annihilating the value, instead of providing for the consumption of her agricultural produce.

It were easy to expose the gross pretensions set up by Mr. Huskisson and others, on the part of England, to the character of exclusive mercantile liberality; but let us see how the account stands with America—England sends in Manufactures to the United States, a much greater value than her almost prohibitory duties allow her to receive of raw produce in exchange; in consequence, the balances in favor of the States in their trade with the rest of the world are all absorbed in paying England.

The only article of any value which England takes from America is cotton. If America grew only a minor instead of the major quantity of cotton consumed by Europe, then, indeed, England would punish through this article, as it will be shown she does through all other American articles, any want of subserviency to her interest; but upon American cotton our now principal manufacture depends—we cannot forego its use, nor dare we tax it for our own sake. The folly of supplanting America by growing cotton in the East Indies, is scarcely worthy of notice. Had it been possible to convert the filthy cotton of Bengal and Bombay into the American qualities of cotton, such an improvement would long since have taken place, but was it otherwise, the mere experiment of the means by which such a conversion is proposed to be brought about, would hand over the cotton manufacture of this country to France and the Netherlands.

The other articles of produce which England takes from America are of little value; but not being to be procured elsewhere, and being convenient frame-work for raising a revenue, they are admitted at duties of from 30 to 1200 per cent. on their value, viz:

Duty in England.	
Tobacco, the value of which in America is 3d. per lb. pays	3s. 6d.
Turpentine, 4s. 4d. pays	4s. 6d.
Rice, 13s. 6d. pays	15s. 6d.
Ashes, 18s. 6d. pays	6s. 6d.
Timber, 15s. 6d. pays	50s. 0d.
Wheat, at this moment worth	32s. 80s. 8d.

The effect of this moderate scale of duties is to exclude from British markets every article the produce of the land of industry of those States, in which reside nine-tenths of the consumers of English manufactures. Is it for the imposers of such duties to rail of America for not continuing to receive our goods at 15 per cent? Let us try them with 15 per cent upon Tobacco, instead of 3s. per lb. before we charge them as wanting in reciprocal liberality.

There are very absurd notions, originating in ignorance and want of reflection, as to the several States having different interests, and the possibility of such States as Georgia and Carolina existing independent of the Northern States—these Southern States, with their climate and large population, can never exist but as accessories to the country north of them; but so far from the balance of benefits being against the Southern States, every advantage to be derived by them is theirs. The Southern States have the monopoly of the Northern markets, free of duty, for their cotton, sugar, tobacco, indigo, rice, naval stores, lead, &c. At the same time they have open to them the shipping and markets of all the world besides. From the nature of their population, the consumption of dutiable articles in the Southern States is small; the revenues of the Union are really levied upon the Northern States, whose produce is altogether excluded from England, and which, as possessing the real power of the Union, and as the means of protecting the whole from foreign aggression, the Southern States should wish to strengthen; but the Tariff itself gives to the Southern States, in addition to former advantages, what every year adds to the increasing consequence—the complete monopoly of the consumption of cotton in the whole Union.

The very diversity of the produce of the several States causes an identity, not a diversity, in their interests—look at the immense coasting trade carried on by the States of the South.

The rights of the many will be sacrificed to the expectations of the few, and the resolutions of the many will be sometimes entered into in the Southern States. These in temperate resolves, not founded in reflection, justice, or power,

die on their first explosion, and are regarded by the reasoning States of the Union much in the light that this country views the resolves of Jamaica or Barbadoes.

No idea is more general than that the United States will divide, and become the prey of Aristocracy and Church Government.

So strong are the prejudices of the people of old countries, that, on this most important question, they appear to be all agreed without discussion; nevertheless, it would be nearly as reasonable to expect that tropical productions should sprout up in England as that a system of civil and moral abuses should rise up in America without any one of the predisposing causes to which it owed its existence elsewhere.

The germs of the feudal system never existed in America. To the people of that country, primogeniture, privileged orders, and a state religion, would appear quite as monstrous as a resumption of trials by ordeal would appear to the modern English.

The diffusion of property, and equality of civil rights, which the Americans so amply enjoy, leave nothing to be acquired, but every thing to be lost by change; those who expect to see that grave and enlightened people exchange their present state of union, strength, and happiness, for division and self-destruction, know nothing of their character, and little of human nature.

These observations are made in a spirit of fair play to the Americans, and with the hopes of exciting reflection in this country, and correcting that erroneous judgment of America which led to the late ruinous war, that might possibly have never taken place had there been one English writer to stem the tide of error and national prejudice.

**NO AMERICAN.**

More than once we have adverted to the necessity which compels Great Britain to admit our cotton into her ports. It is worse than idle for her to talk of expelling it by the growth of the East Indies. On such an experiment she will never risk the reputation of her manufacturers. She has done all she could do, all that a policy which watches her minutest interests with a lynx-eyed vigilance could prompt her to do; and she has finally been compelled to abandon the attempt to make the cotton of her colonies an efficient substitute for that of the United States.

The true interests of the Southern States are pointed out by this writer with much more accuracy than they have been indicated by the speeches of Messrs. McDuffie, Martin and others. While the British market is open to the cotton of the South, what is allowed to enter it from the Northern States? Will Great Britain receive their flour, their lumber, or any of their agricultural products? No. The only article she can export is her manufactured fabrics, and it is unreasonable in our brethren of the South who have raised such a clamor against the Tariff, to attempt to prevent their Northern brethren from exporting the only admissible commodity their industry is allowed to supply, on terms which will yield a fair profit.

As to the calculation that the separation of the States may be the result of the Tariff, a brief glance at the numerical strength of the population of those States to which the excise has been confined will be sufficient to show its absurdity. For the purpose of enabling our readers to obtain a correct view of the proportion which the population of South Carolina and Georgia bear to that of the other States, we subjoin the following table:

STATES & TERRITORIES.	Number of Free White Inhabitants.			Number of Slaves
	1800	1810	1820	
Maine	15,901	227,736	297,340	None
N. Hamp.	162,990	213,490	245,236	None
Mass.	416,298	465,403	516,419	None
R. Island	65,438	73,214	79,413	48
Connect.	244,751	255,179	267,181	97
Vermont	153,908	217,145	234,846	None
N. York	555,063	918,699	1,327,744	10,088
N. Jersey	194,325	228,689	257,409	7,557
Penn.	886,276	786,804	1,017,094	211
Delaware	49,852	55,361	55,282	4,509
Maryland	221,998	236,117	260,222	107,398
Virginia	518,674	561,534	603,074	425,153
N. C.	337,866	376,430	419,200	205,017
S. C.	186,255	214,198	237,400	258,475
Georgia	101,069	145,416	189,586	149,656
Alabama	—	—	96,245	47,439
Mississippi	5,179	23,264	42,176	32,314
Louisiana	91,709	218,575	339,727	80,107
Tenn.	179,875	224,237	434,644	136,732
Kentucky	45,028	222,861	578,752	None
Ohio	—	23,890	145,755	190
Indiana	—	11,501	53,788	917
Illinois	—	17,227	55,998	10,222
Missouri	—	4,618	8,591	None
Michigan	—	—	12,552	1,611
Arkansas	—	—	22,614	6,377
D. Colum.	10,066	16,019	22,614	6,377
Total	4,293,745	5,862,093	7,872,504	1,543,688

It is absurd to suppose that the reflecting citizens of a State whose whole white population is outnumbered by her slaves, seriously contemplate a separation from the more powerful members of the Confederacy.

The slave population being clothed in a coarse fabric called negro cloths, which were exempted from the severest operation of the Tariff, it will be seen at a glance how small a proportion of the manufactures protected by it are consumed in the Southern States, and consequently, how much less of the burden of the Tariff falls upon them than upon those States which voted for it. The whole white population of the six Southern States, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Tennessee, Georgia, & South Carolina, but little exceed the population of Pennsylvania, and their consumption of woollen goods, taking into view the difference of climate is probably less than the consumption of that single State.

Great Britain has been so long the monopolist of manufactures, and has been so accustomed to dictate to other nations, the terms on which she will trade with them, that she views with a feeling of indignation the first attempt to encroach on her usurped and acquired privilege. Year after year she has watched with a fearful jealousy the march of our country, her growing manufactures, her increasing trade, her spreading navy, accumulating wealth & reputation; & she cannot conceal from herself the fatal truth, that the United States are fitted by their situation, soil and climate, and the ingenuity & enterprise of their citizens, to become the sellers to the Southern hemisphere, as well as to a great portion of the North and the East. While the London editors affect to consider the Tariff as only injurious to American interests, that such is not the opinion in the manufacturing districts may be gathered from the following extract.

[From the Leeds Intelligencer.]

It is impossible not to feel convinced that the effect of these regulations will be the complete exclusion of all goods on which they are imposed. It would also be as idle to deny that great, perhaps, vital injury to our trade with the United States, will be the consequence of this measure; and Yorkshire must, in particular, suffer fearfully. To say the least, alarm and distress to our woollen manufactures in every branch, appear the natural, or indeed the necessary concomitants of the present Tariff; and we do sincerely and deeply deplore the passing of such a law, as it regards the interests of this country. The Americans, however, as Americans, have done wisely, in resolving to submit to present sacrifices, in order to ensure future prosperity for their own industry, both landed and manu-

facturing, and perfect independence of foreign supplies. Indeed, in a general sense, the adoption of this Tariff will be of service to the civilized world; for it absolutely knocks on the head—it turns into dust and ashes—it holds up to the world a a mark of a manly, as a vile delusion and quackery, that secured cant of the present generation, that set of nations, corrupter of the human heart, and bane of the human understanding—called political economy. If ever a case could arise where the intercourse between nations seemed to have struck its roots into the very core of their reciprocal interests, it has been that of England and the United States.—For ages they have almost uninterruptedly carried on more or less of "Free Trade;" and recently, in particular, the very existence of both seemed to depend on a continuance of the barter of their respective produce! But now, without war or provocation, we who fancied that we secured of the American market, find it hermetically sealed against our staple fabrics! The whole structure has fallen like a house of cards with a single breath; and this destructive event is not only calculated to cause revulsion now, but sends England begging for new customers through the world! So much for a system of Free Trade and Reciprocity with foreigners.

**FOREIGN NEWS.**

**FROM EUROPE—THREE DAYS LATER.**

The packet ship Napoleon, Captain Smith, in thirty days from Liverpool, arrived at New York on Wednesday the 24th ult. The Editors of the Commercial Advertiser have received by this conveyance, London papers to the 25th Aug. and Liverpool to the 26th, both inclusive.

The attempts to prevail upon the Duke of Clarence to retain his situation as Lord High Admiral, are said to have been unsuccessful—the Duke persisting in his resignation. The successor of his Grace has not been named by the Duke of Wellington. Probably the premier will return to the system of a Board of Admiralty. The Courier of the 23d says the resignation of the Duke "was entirely his own act, and was not occasioned by any political measure adopted by the Cabinet." Some of the French papers have insisted, that it was connected with Navarino and Admiral Codrington—which the Courier absolutely denies. Another rumour is, that Earl Grey will be appointed to succeed his Royal Highness; but a third, to which the most credit is given, is that the office will again be distributed among a number of Lords Commissioners, headed by Viscount Melville. Another report gives the first Lordship of Admiralty to the Earl of Maryborough.

An official publication shows that the amount of British commerce in 1827 was equal to that of 1825, and of course exceeds that of any other year.—2,777,388 tons in British vessels entered upwards, and 114,324 foreign. More than 2,828,000 tons British cleared outwards, and 732,481 foreign.

The Pacific arrived at Liverpool on the 21st, having Mr. Barbour our new Minister, on board. A deputation from the American Chamber of Commerce, had waited upon him to congratulate him on his arrival in England, and invite him to partake of a dinner. Mr. B. expressed himself gratified by the compliment, but stated that his early departure for London would prevent his accepting the invitation.

The accounts of the weather, and the harvest are much more favorable than at our last advices and contrary to the gloomy forebodings of Mr. Cobbett, it is now said that excepting in Scotland there will be an average crop. In Yorkshire, the wheat crop is estimated at about six bushels the acre less than last year, but the oats, barley and beans were above the average crop. In Lincolnshire, the damage of the great rains, has been chiefly confined to low and marshy lands. The weather was favorable at the last dates.—The wheat in Cornwall, and the country round about was very fine, and the weather fine for getting it in. The potatoe crop is also very fine. New wheat has been already sold in that market for 1s. 2d. the stone of 14lbs Oats for 8d. the stone, and potatoes for 2d.

There is no later official intelligence from the seat of war in the East. The Courier of the 23d complains that they are ten days in arrears as to news from the Danube.

**PROGRESS OF THE RUSSIANS.**

It is stated from Brussels, August 22d, that news from the Russian army in Turkey had been received from the 23d to the 27th of July.

The headquarters of his Imperial Majesty, and of the second corps of the army, were, on the 26th, in the camp near the village of Butakly, not far from Scutaria. On the same day they were removed to the heights which the advanced posts of the seven corps had occupied in the battle of the 20th. We were then within cannon shot of the fortress. The enemy does not make any resistance.

Lieut. Nostakov reports, that on the 20th the Turks attacked the right wing of the corps besieging Varna, but that they were repulsed with great loss.

Admiral Greig reports that he has arrived off Mazuli with the squadron under his command having on board the third brigade of the seventh division of infantry, and that he was proceeding to Varna.

General Roth commanding the 6th corps of infantry arrived on the 21st July near Silistria, at the distance of six wersts (four English miles) from the fortress. He fell in with 4,000 horse, who were immediately attacked and driven back, with the loss of 200 killed, and a great number wounded. Our troops invested Silistria on the 21st; the garrison has been increased to 22,000, exclusive of the armed inhabitants. Major General Zyrra, commanding the troops of the Don, who was detached on the 25th to Bazrad announces that he found in that town 150 of the enemy, of which 40 were killed and the others were driven out of the place.

Under the date of Paris Aug. 22. we find the following:

"The German Journals give no positive and direct information from the theatre of war A Nuremberg Gazette says, that the partisans of the Turks at Vienna, affirm not only that Schumla has not been taken, but that the Grand Duke Michael has been out of there with his corps of the army. On the other hand a Berlin Journal thus affirms that news has been received of the taking of Schumla, by the Russians, who are said to have purchased this victory with the loss of a considerable number of men, but to have found there a great quantity of provisions, which proved a very welcome supply to the Russian army, which began to be in want. The second part of this piece of intelligence gives reason to doubt the authenticity of the first; for all the accounts from the principalities and from Constantinople, which we have received for the last fortnight, agree in representing the Turkish troops at Schumla as being in great want of provisions."

The Sunday Times of the 24th, says—

"From the East we have received no intelligence of importance since our last. It may fairly be concluded, from the long absence of official news, that all reports of further success on the part of the Russians are mere inventions.—The fall of Schumla has been announced in letters, but we give no credence to the statement. An event so important, whenever it occurs, will soon reach us in a shape which will make it impossible to be sceptical on the subject. All we at present know, is, that both parties were concentrating their forces, and that a great struggle was expected. The Turks, however anxious to conciliate England and France, are not disposed to make any concessions to Russia."

**LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET.**

MONDAY, August 25.—In our report of last

Tuesday's market we noted an improvement of 1d. to 2d. on Wheat, 1d. per bushel on Oats, 1s. to 3s. per quarter on Barley and Malt, and 5d. to 1s. per sack on Flour and Oatmeal: this advance, was fully supported during the greater part of the week, and a considerable extent of business transacted in Wheat and Oats, and in some instances even higher rates were realized; but the subsequent reports from London and various other markets of a favorable change in the weather, with receding prices, have checked the demand, and the quotations of this day will apply to the currency of this day, and the market now dull. Bonded Wheat is 75s. 3d. per bushel dealer; and States Flour is also held for 1s. per barrel above last quoted prices.

**THE HARVEST.**—A friend has taken the opportunity of conversing, with a great number of Irish reapers now on their return to their native land, after the harvest in this country. According to what he has been able to learn from them, the amount of damage done to the corn is very trifling, in comparison with some of the reports in the newspapers. He has communicated with persons of this description from at least twenty different counties, and finds no bad report; except from the lowlands of Lincolnshire, where some of them had to cut the corn from knee deep up to the middle in water, for which they were paid two guineas per statute acre, carrying the corn, for security to the higher lands. From the accounts these men give generally, the harvest seems to have yielded a good average crop, with little or no "pitted corn." The wages paid to the reapers has been higher than in other years, they obtain from eight shillings to eighteen shillings per acre. This may be accounted for from the number of Irish reapers who came over being smaller than usual; but, we think principally from the great anxiety of the farmers to have their crops off the land, owing to the uncertainty of the weather.

**From the Massachusetts Journal.**

**SPECIMENS OF JACKSONISM.**

Gen. Jackson and his friends set upon the Bentons, in their boarding house, and attempted to assassinate them.

Gen. Green, in the pay of the Jackson party of the Senate, assaults a gentleman in a room appropriated to the deliberations of one of the committees of that body.

Russel Jarvis commits an outrage upon the President's Secretary while performing his duties, and even with an executive communication to Congress in his hand, in the Capitol.

The Mob at Patterson, N. J. surrounded the manufacturers' houses threatening to burn them, with Hickory twigs in their hats, shouting "hurra for Jackson."

The Mob at Knoxville, Ten. surround Judge Williams' house, threatening him with their vengeance, and pouring imprecations on his head.

A person from Noah's office assaults Mr. Conant, Editor of the National Advocate, a lame man and is beaten with a crutch.

G. A. Otis of the Gazette, assaults and beats Mr. Locke of the Galaxy.

Noah's partner is killed in a duel, confessing before he went out to fight, that he had done a wrong, but would not make reparation.

The Gilchrist and two others, assault and bruise Dr. Armstrong. Pistols were drawn by them and a loaded one found on the ground.

Yet Jackson certifies say these assaults are highly respectable men!

Johnson, Senator of the U. S. from Ky. declared that, "though the Administration were as pure as the Angels at the right hand of the throne of God, the Jackson party would put them down, as sure as there is a God in Heaven."

Here comes the counterpart.

A Representative, Mr. Barney, of Pa. in reference to a Jackson letter about burning Dinsmore's Agency, said, that "if it was proved that Jackson had burned half the houses, and committed adultery with half the women of Tennessee, by God, we'll choose him."

Senator Rowan and Gov. Giles affirm that if Mr. Adams is not put down, the Union must be dissolved.

A Judge of the General Court of Va. declared he would assist in forcibly ejecting Mr. Adams, if Jackson is not elected.

A Jackson officer in North Carolina said, he would vote to make the Hero—Emperor.

A Jackson man and officer, said in Md. that 50,000 bayonets were ready to raise Gen. Jackson to the Presidency.

The Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, declared that "if John Q. Adams was re-elected, the Union would be dissolved."

The Jackson party in South Carolina threaten the dissolution of the Union, in Georgia they talk of burning the northern manufactories.

A Jackson meeting in Beaufort, S. C. sought to muzzle the press, and proscribed independent editors for differing with them in opinion.

The retrenchment Committee reported to the Congress and the people, that \$3500 were paid to Mr. Cook of Illinois, & Hamilton, Wickliffe and Cambrelong, members of that Committee, published the same in their respective residences, when they knew that the only sum proved by the examination was but \$1000!

Jackon says that of Mr. Clay, which if true must have made his country and even existence valueless to him, and when called upon for proof and contradicted by his witness, he retreats behind this defence, that "it was said by him as 'a freeman at his fire-side,' that is, that he was a back biter, and not a mere defamer. But to crown the whole, it has been proved that he uttered the same charges in taverns, streets and steam-boats."

Woodbury of N. H. and Parris of Me. obtained seats in the Senate of the U. S. by false pretences; and two other Jackson men, viz—Van Ness of Vt. & John Mills of Mass attempted to play the same game. Woodbury and Parris were each called upon and they and their friends called upon others, who had votes to give; and the said W. and P. explicitly and repeatedly declared that they were in favor of the Administration.

Van Ness and John Mills having failed in their attempt to be elected to the Senate, and having no further use for disguise, have both come out very zealous and active Jackson men.

Jackon was written to in 1823, about being a candidate for U. S. Senator from Tennessee, and he answered in these words in a private letter:

"Your letter has reached me, stating that it is the desire of many members of the legislature, that my name be proposed for the appointment of Senator to Congress. If elected, I could not decline."

In 1825, Jackson, expecting to be candidate for President, assigned his office of Senator by a written and public communication to the Tennessee legislature, and in that document we find these words.

"The legislature, without any knowledge or understanding on my part, called me to this station."

General Jackson says that he told Buchanan that he would sooner see the earth open & swallow himself, than be the President by foul means. Mr. Buchanan says that he has no recollection of Jackson's making any such speech.

Gen. Jackson committing in the act a breach of privilege, charged Mr. Lacombe, a Senator from Pa. with having been interested with him (Lacombe's) son in an army contract, and with being hostile to him (Jackson), because he had punished the contractors for some bad faith or misconduct.

The Mayor of Washington, Mr. G. Orr, one

of the contractors, appeared and made oath that in a conversation with Jackson on this very subject before he (Jackson) published the charge against Mr. Lacombe, he (Orr) told him that Mr. Lacombe's son was not concerned in the contract, but was employed as a clerk.

**The Approaching National Election.**—From the last received number of the Nashville Republic, which is the paper of the friends of Gen. Jackson at Head Quarters, and possessed of all their confidence, we take the following article, which is, at the present moment, of no little consequence.

**Presidential Election.**—The following calculation has been handed us, with a request that we would insert it in the *Republican*, and also make known the author's willingness to back his judgment, by risking one hundred dollars on each and every vote which may be considered erroneously set down for Jackson.

Pennsylvania	23
New York	14
Virginia	24
North Carolina	15
South Carolina	11
Georgia	9
Maryland	5
Alabama	5
Mississippi	3
Tennessee	11
Illinois	3
Missouri	3

131

Here, then, is the almost official calculation—promulgated, so to speak in the General Orders—the *bulletin* of the party, in which we are to look for the fairest side of their calculations.

From this it will appear that there is either more conscience in the immediate atmosphere of the Hermitage, than amongst its blind devotees at a distance, or that they have more authentic information. By this statement, the General is to succeed in the election by a majority of 1 vote. The number of votes claimed from N. York is only two more than, in our calculations, we have allowed to the General; and if the difference be split between us, the General will be left out by a majority of just one vote. Five votes are claimed for him in Maryland; but one or two of those are certainly contestable, and we are much deceived, even upon their own calculation, if the friends of the General do not lose their election in that State also; so that instead of one vote, there may be a majority of three, five or seven votes, against the General. The whole votes of Pennsylvania, North Carolina, Illinois, and Missouri, are known to be in doubtful suspense; and we are not without hopes that Virginia, too, is resuming her w. nted sanity—hopes which are encouraged by the desperate contortions of the Richmond Enquirer, betokening extreme suffering and anguish of heart, such as attend returning reason, becoming sensible of having committed egregious follies under the influence of mental delusion.

We are confirmed, therefore, by this statement, in our belief, that the event of the conflict is no longer uncertain. Satisfied that granting to the General's supporters all the States of which they claim the entire votes, we shall lead them from one to seven votes over their claim of votes from New York and Maryland there will then be a clear majority for Mr. Adams, upon the admission of his opponents. The prophetic seer at Richmond may hang his hat upon the willows, to warble forth lugubrious melody over this defeat. Alas! instead of the "well-known martial chimps,"

ty. At about sunrise, however a curb was made and sent down, over which a quantity of dirt was thrown and about one o'clock, P. M. of Saturday, a heavy force was put to the bucket rope—it started and came up about a foot—his feet were in the bucket—the bucket rope broke—he hallowed 'I'm free, I'm free' and in a moment was drawn up without injury, declaring that he could run a hundred yards faster than any man present, and after being thus confined twenty eight hours was conducted to his anxious family.

## EASTON GAZETTE

EASTON:

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 4, 1828.

### ADMINISTRATION MEN BE At your Post!

It will be nearly ascertained, on Monday next, whether the Citizens of Maryland are in favour of the present wise and virtuous administration of our state and general Government, or prepared to bend their necks to the yoke of a military despot, who acknowledges no law but his own wild will; whose advisers and friends have openly declared that if the administration was as pure as the Angels in heaven it should be put down. Are the good people of Maryland ready to sanction by their votes such a doctrine—we hope not—we know they will not—therefore let every friend to the Administration be at his post on the day of election and frown upon an opposition whose only aim is self-aggrandizement—it is not now a question of friendship or favoritism for the different candidates but one of principle; it is therefore expected every administration man will vote a full administration ticket, as the only chance our opponents have of success, is that some of the administration men may split their tickets from personal friendship and vote for one or more of the opposition Candidates.

It is stated in a Chambersburg paper that SWEARING, the Sheriff of Washington county, who had murdered his wife, has been arrested in Virginia.

Payment of the Public Debt—The Secretary of the Treasury has given notice that that portion of the unredeemed six per cent, stock, created in pursuance of the act of 24th March, 1814, amounting to four millions and fifty thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars, and seventy seven cents, will be paid off on the first day of January next.

Of the twenty-four individuals who composed the electoral ticket in Virginia, in favor of Mr. Jefferson, 16 are dead. Of the eight survivors, seven are known to be in favor of the present Administration, and three of them—Dr. Richard Field, Judge Archibald Stewart, and Col Wm. Elizey—are on the Adams Electoral ticket for that State.

[FROM THE MARYLANDER.]

### To the People of Maryland. FELLOW-CITIZENS,

All who put a proper value on the rights secured to them by the Constitution and Laws of the land, should ponder well before they call General Jackson, by their votes, to preside over our destinies, or entrust him with power to destroy their liberties. For it is impossible that he who could threaten, to CUT OFF THE EARS OF A SENATOR for doing his duty, can be safely trusted as Commander in Chief of the ARMY and NAVY of this Nation, which he would be, if made President.

The statement to which we call your attention has been drawn from Mr. John Sullivan, who is a respectable and worthy merchant of this city; a man whose truth will not be doubted by any who know him and which in this case, may be sustained by the gentlemen whom he has mentioned, and others, if desired.

JEFFERSON.

To the Editor of the Marylander,

Sir—As I have seen a recent publication of the life of General Andrew Jackson, (Philadelphia edition) in which I am referred to as having heard the General threaten certain Senators of the United States with personal violence, such as cutting off ears, &c. I deem it proper to state what I heard and know in relation thereto. When Gen. Jackson arrived in Baltimore, on his return from a tour to Philadelphia and New York, on the 27th February, 1819, I called to see him at the Fountain Inn, Light street, where he had taken quarters for himself and suite. On entering his room, I was introduced to him—and the customary salutations over, he, in a few minutes after, addressed himself to Dr. Brown, and one or more of his Suite, respecting the report of the Committee of the United States Senate, of which, it appeared, he had just then heard, and of which, Abner Lacoock, of Pennsylvania, was Chairman, which report was strong in reprehension of the General for his arbitrary conduct in the Seminole War, and to which he made the most vehement exceptions, "swearing most furiously at Mr. Lacoock, whom he denounced as a *Damn'd Scoundrel*"—who was concerned with the Contractor at Fort Scott, by which he lost money, and which was the cause of his (Lacoock's) hostility to him; and that BY GOD, HE, General Jackson, would cut the SCOUNDREL'S (Lacoock's) ears off. On the next day, Sunday, 29th February, the General attended worship at the Unitarian Church, and dined with a party of gentlemen at Mrs. Durden's Boarding House, Hanover Street, where I heard him REPEAT the same, or similar threats of violence against the person of Mr. Lacoock. At that dinner party, there were present, Mr. JOHN F. POOR, Mr. ANDREW HALL, and my brother, JEREMIAH SULLIVAN, since deceased, of this city, and Mr. MAY HUMPHREYS, now of Philadelphia, and several others, whose names I do not recollect. The gentlemen first named, as well as the last, are now living, and can also bear witness to the truth of what I have here stated. I was not at the public dinner given to the General on Monday, 1st March, and therefore I can say nothing of my own knowledge of his sayings and doings there, although I understood at the time, that he repeated the same threats.

JNO. SULLIVAN.

Baltimore, Sept. 16th, 1828.

FRANKLIN (Penn.) Aug. 8.  
HORRID MURDER.—We have been informed of a most shocking occurrence which took place in Giles county in this state, a few days since. The circumstances, as they have been detailed to us on the authority of a gentleman of unquestionable veracity who had them from a very respectable person from the neighborhood of the shocking scene, are as follows:—A man (whose name our informant has forgotten) who keeps a public house somewhere in Giles county, left home with his wife, with the intention of staying all night. He left the house in care of his two daughters with directions to receive no travellers in his absence. Late in

the evening, an old gentleman called and desired to stay all night. The girls refused to entertain him, alleging their father's commands as the excuse. He insisted, and they finally agreed to let him stay. Some short time after a young man called, whom they also refused to entertain; but upon his insisting, backed by the request of the old gentleman, who pledged himself for his good behaviour, they consented that he should stay also.

Some time after they had retired to rest, the two travellers were awakened by a loud and unusual noise in the chamber of the two sisters, who slept above them. They instantly arose and went up stairs, the younger taking his pistols with him. At the door of the girls' room they encountered a man passing out—He was hailed by the younger traveller, who demanded his name, and errand, and the cause of the noise which had awakened them, and who threatened to shoot him if he remained silent, or persisted in his attempt to escape—He made no answer, and on endeavoring to pass, the traveller shot him dead on the spot. They then went into the room, where a most bloody and appalling spectacle met their view—the two sisters were found in bed with their throats cut, and weltering in their blood.

They were sallied forth for the purpose of alarming the neighbours. The first house they came to, and the one nearest the scene of blood they informed the landlady what had happened, who immediately exclaimed "It is my husband you have shot!" She proved to be correct it was indeed their nearest neighbor who perpetrated the crime. It seems the murderer and the father of the ill fated girls, were engaged in a lawsuit—they were the most material witnesses in the case & the monster, to get rid of their testimony formed in the absence of their father the diabolical resolution in which he succeeded but too well of depriving them of life.

If we may be allowed to add one to the singular coincidences of the age, we will present it in the following fact: On the 21st of January, 1815, General Jackson, in his address to the army, congratulated his fellow soldiers that through the intervention of providence, only six Americans were killed in the battle of New Orleans. On the 22d of January General Jackson signed the death warrants of six militia men who, in the assertion of their rights as citizens, were seized, imprisoned and sentenced to be shot. The paternal kindness of their own General was therefore as destructive as the hostility of the whole British Army.—The fact will make a singular appearance in history.

We understand that at the election for Inspectors held last week in the State of Delaware, that in Newcastle county the Jacksons have a small majority, though that majority is 149 less than last year. In Sussex county where great exertion has been made by the Jacksons, the Administration has a majority of about 140. In Kent the remaining county, the majority for the Administration is described to be overwhelming. The electoral vote of that state will undoubtedly be given for Mr. Adams and Mr. Rush.—Dem. Press.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The manner in which the canvass has been conducted is disgraceful. It has sickened thousands of our fellow citizens at home, and covered the cheeks of our countrymen in foreign countries with blushes. We doubt not, the partisan editors themselves, with their correspondents, will when the question is settled, look back with regret upon the means taken to advance the claims of their respective candidates. Sure we are the presses of the present day which have engaged in the warfare, will have incurred a heavy debt in injuring the good name of the Republic, which many years of dignified discussion will hardly efface. Great credit is due to those Journals which, while manfully expressing their preference between the candidates, have not polluted their presses by ungenerous and defamatory accusations.

It deserved the consideration of the people, whether an alteration of the Constitution is not needed, to reduce the period of service to one term.—Instead of four years it might be well to extend the period to six, or even to eight years. A President might then act independently, and both he and the other departments of the government, devote their time and talents to the service of their country. If such an amendment takes place in consequence of the excitement into which the Nation is thrown, good will be deduced from evil, and we may hereafter be spared the humiliating spectacle of party rancour & vituperation, carried to such excesses as are calculated to bring reproach upon civil liberty, in the estimation of the wise, throughout the world.—N. Y. Mercury.

ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.—A fine ship is now on the stocks at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, destined for the exploring expedition to the South Sea and Pacific Oceans, she bears the name of the Old Peacock, repaired, but the New York Statesman says that she is, in reality, in every respect, a new ship, prepared expressly for the intended expedition. Her length is one hundred and eighteen feet; breadth, thirty-two feet six inches; depth fourteen feet six inches, with a spar deck of seven feet, and measuring about five hundred and twelve tons. The frame is very strong, and of the best seasoned live oak. Her timbers are entirely solid, bolted one into the other, and caulked, as high as the birth deck, before planking, so that she might have been launched, and crossed the Atlantic, without planking or sheathing inside or out. In addition to what is common in sloops of war, she is provided with a spar deck, which will afford shelter and comfort to the men in bad weather. Her bulwarks above the spar deck, are the same as in merchant vessels. The naval Architect, Mr. Samuel Hartt, has superintended the construction of the vessel, under Commodore Chauncey, in accordance with the model sent from the Navy Department, and the manner in which he has executed his task, reflects the highest credit on his professional skill. The vessel will be rightly armed with twelve instead of twenty-two guns; her spars and rigging will not be so heavy as in common sloops of war, so that she may be sailed with a smaller complement of men, an object of primary importance on a voyage of such duration. It appears that the Lyceum of Natural History, in the city of New York have communicated to the Secretary of the Navy, the deep interest the society felt in the enterprise to be sent out under his special care and direction, and their zeal and willingness to co-operate with him in maturing and arranging all the scientific details of the expedition. The precise period at which the expedition will leave the country, has not yet been ascertained or determined.—American.

The greatest object of curiosity, just now in Philadelphia, is a huge Coach, constructing by Mr. J. Gleason, and intended for the Citizens' Line, to run between Bordentown and Washington, N. J. This enormous vehicle is divided into two apartments, one above the other, with seven seats in each. The whole number of passengers to be carried is fifty six; twenty eight below, and the same number above. The body of the carriage is thirteen feet long, five feet wide, and ten in height. When placed on the wheels, the roof will be about four feet from the ground. There are to be no more than four wheels; those before about three feet in diameter, and the others something less than

six. The breadth of the wheels is eighteen inches, and each has a double set of spokes. The baggage is to be carried on a cart, attached behind, and drawn on a single wheel, two feet & a half broad. The whole to be drawn by twelve horses three abreast, the driver to be aided by two postillions. In the stages now in use, the same number of horses, with three men, instead of a man and two boys, would be able to carry but twenty seven passengers. It is calculated that the rate of travelling, as to speed will be about the same as in the four horse coaches.—This carriage, it is expected will be finished in about three weeks. It is now at Mr. Gleason's work shop, in St. James's street, back of St. James's church.—Phila. Chron.

### LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The packet ship Florida at New York, brings advices from Liverpool to the 1st Sept. inclusive. Our extracts are made from the New York Daily Advertiser, Gazette, Mercantile and Commercial.

The anticipations of short crops in England which our previous advices were calculated to encourage, are not realized. A more favorable state of weather had succeeded the incessant rains in the beginning of August, and an average crop was confidently expected. The change had produced a consequent diminution in the price of wheat, corn, &c.

The Liverpool Albion of the 1st of September, says—"Since this day week the weather has continued uninterrupted favorable for the completion of the harvest, which also appears to have been the case generally, throughout the country and Ireland, and will tend much to lessen the effects of the late rains. No transactions had taken place in bonded grain.—All accounts from all quarters of England, Ireland and Scotland, concur in stating that the crop will be an average one."

There were no official accounts at London from the armies of Russia later than the 29th of July; but reports were in circulation, both in England and in France, that the Russians had been defeated before Choumla, with serious loss. It is said, that after several days' severe fighting, the Russians were compelled to fall back, with a loss of 40,000 men in killed and wounded. The English Government papers do not credit the stories; and it would seem that there had been time enough for the official account to have been time enough before the latest dates from London. On the 30th of July an attack was made on the Turks before Choumla, headed by the Emperor Nicholas in person. After a good deal of hard fighting, the Russian Bulletin says—being repulsed on every side, the Turks withdrew under the walls of Choumla. After this the Emperor left the army for Odessa. On the same day, there was some fighting at Varna, the Turks having attacked the right wing of the Russian army besieging that place. In the Russian account it is stated, that the Turks were driven into the fortress in great disorder, and with much loss. But it is added, as they "had taken in front of Lieut. Gen. Usakov a favorable position, the latter would not expose his corps to any danger, and he retired behind the village of Drenwet, to join the first brigade of the 10th division of infantry, under Adjutant General Benkendorf, as that Brigade is on its march to reinforce the corps besieging Varna.—[Amer.

The French Medical Journal La Clinique gives an account of the experiments of M. Martinez the fireproof man, as he is called, who is now one of the principal objects of attraction at Paris. M. Martinez is not, like the celebrated Russian salamander, Chamouni, insensible for a given period, to the effects of heat; on the contrary, he suffers so much exhaustion from his experiments, that he is only able to repeat them once a week. He assumes the title of "incumbustible," but after the fate of Chamouni, it may reasonably be doubted whether any man can fairly lay claim to the privilege of being fireproof. The Russian Salamander was remarkable for the simplicity and singleness of his character, as well as for the idiosyncrasy in his constitution which enabled him for so many years not merely to brave the effects of fire, but to take delight in an element where other men find destruction. He was above all artifice, and would often entreat his visitors to melt their own lead or boil their own mercury, that they might be perfectly satisfied of the gratification he received from drinking those preparations. He would also present his tongue, in the most obliging manner, to all who wished to pour melted lead upon it, and stamp an impression of their seals. His merit, however, was never sufficiently acknowledged till he was found dead in the oven which he had so often entered to amuse his visitors, by what he called his grand experiment. This grand experiment was, to enter an oven with a raw leg of mutton and not to retire from it till the joint was thoroughly baked; Chamouni entered the oven once too often; his ashes were collected and conveyed to Mojaish, his native town, where a neat monument has been erected in his memory, and a well written Latin inscription commemorates his fate.—Lancet.

The Bachelor's Journal, says the Boston Bulletin, after living in a state of single blessedness almost six months, made its bow valedictory on Monday morning, on the occasion of its marriage with the Yankee and Boston Literary Gazette.

### PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 2.  
Wheat white \$1 20 a 1 25—do. red 1 12 a 1 16—Corn 38 cts. per bushel.

MARRIED  
On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Seull, Mr. Samuel Morgan, to Mrs. Ann James; all of this county.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Lot Warfield, Mr. Chambers Hardee, to Miss Sarah Shehan, all of this county.

DIED  
In Caroline County on Tuesday night last, after a short illness Mr. SAMUEL FOUNTAIN.

### ELECTORAL CANDIDATES

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.  
For the State of Maryland.  
ADAMS. JACKSON.  
JOHN Q. ADAMS. ANDREW JACKSON,  
AND  
RICHARD RUSH. JOHN C. CALHOUN.  
First District—St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert Counties:  
Henry Brawner, C. C. Joseph Stone, S. M.  
Second District—Prince George's and Montgomery:  
Benj. S. Forrest, M. John C. Herbert, P. G.  
Third District—Frederick, Washington and Allegany:  
George Heltzer, F. William Tyler, F.  
William Price, W. Wm. Fitzhugh, Jr. W.  
Fourth District—Baltimore City and Anne Arundel County:  
James Boyle, A. A. Benj. Howard, B. City.  
Wm. Stewart, B. City. John S. Sellman, A. A. City.  
Fifth District—Baltimore County:  
J. H. McCulloch, B. Co. Elias Brown, B. Co.  
Sixth District—Hartford and M. Foreman, C.  
James Sewell, C. Thos. M. Foreman, C.  
Seventh District—Kent and Queen Ann's:  
Thos. Emory, Q. A. John T. Reese, K.  
Eighth District—Talbot, Caroline and the First Election District of Dorchester:  
T. B. Looeckerman, T. James Sangston, G.  
Ninth District—Rest of Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester Counties:  
Littleton Dennis, S. Thos. K. Carroll, S.

### CANDIDATES

For the next Legislature of Maryland.  
FOR TALBOT COUNTY.  
ADMINISTRATION. JACKSON.  
Levin Mills, Alex. B. Harrison,  
Wm. Hughlett, Peter Webb,  
Spry Denny, George W. Nabbs,  
Henry Spencer, Thomas Henrix.

FOR CAROLINE COUNTY.  
Thos. Pearson, Robert T. Keene,  
Short A. Willis, John Brown,  
Wm. M. Hardcastle, John Thawley,  
Thos. Burchenal, Samuel Culbreth.

To the Independent Voters of Talbot county.  
FELLOW-CITIZENS:—

At the solicitation of a number of my friends from each district of the county, I am induced to offer myself as a Candidate to represent you in the next Legislature of Maryland.

In presenting myself before the public, I do assure you, that I do not come as the partisan candidate of any man or set of men.—I humbly trust I have served the people faithfully for the last three years, and if honored again with their suffrages at the ensuing election, will serve them to the best of my ability.  
The public's obedient serv't.  
THOMAS HENRIX.  
Aug. 30

To the Independent Voters of Talbot county.

I offer myself as a Candidate to represent you in the next General Assembly of Maryland.  
GEORGE W. NABBS.  
Aug. 30

We are authorized to say, that PETER WEBB, Esq. will serve his fellow citizens of Talbot county in the next Legislature of Maryland, if elected.

We are authorized to say, that ALEXANDER B. HARRISON, Esq. will serve in the next Legislature of Maryland, if elected by his fellow citizens of Talbot county.

### IN MISS DONE'S SEMINARY FOR FEMALES

ARE Taught the customary Branches of English Education. —ALSO—  
MUSIC—FRENCH—DRAWING & NEPHEW'S WORK.  
T E R M S .

For Tuition in the English branches,  
1st class - \$10  
2d do. - \$8  
3d do. - \$5 } per Quarter.

MUSIC—The French Language, and DRAWING, Extra charges. Board will be furnished, including Bed, Bedding and Washing, and necessary attendance at \$140 per Annum.  
A deduction will be made for the Annual Vacation. It will be expected that one Quarter will be paid in advance.  
Annapolis, Oct. 4, 1828—

### PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Thursday the 16th inst. if fair, if not, the next day, at the residence of Thomas Orem deceased, Hopkins Neck, Talbot county, all the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of Horses, (amongst which, is an excellent saddle horse,) Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs suitable for the Pen this Fall, and breeding Sows, Household & Kitchen Furniture, farming Utensils amongst which are two valuable ox-carts, some Corn and Straw, with a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving note with approved security bearing interest from the day of Sale. For all sums of five dollars and under the Cash will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. and attendance given by  
ANDREW OREM, Jr. and  
JAMES BAUTLETT, Jr. Adm'rs.  
of Thomas Orem, deceased  
Oct. 4.

### FOR SALE.

A SECOND HAND COACHEE & GIG, with Harness complete.—Apply to Lambert Reardon, or the Subscriber,  
RICHARD KENNEY.  
Oct. 4—f

### LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Easton, Md. October 1st, 1828.  
A  
Thomas Atkinson  
Richard Austin  
B  
Thomas Bowdle  
Gentlemen of the Easton Theatre  
T. B. Brennan  
Ann Blake  
William Burchhead  
John Bell  
Thomas Bond  
C  
James Cockayne  
Maria osper  
John Craw  
William Camp  
Margaret Cox  
Edward C. Council  
D  
Wm R. Daffin  
Daniel Dewling  
James Dukes  
Mary Denny  
Elizabeth Doaman  
E  
Jany Francis  
John Preburger  
Richard Frampton  
Richard Frisby  
John Farlow  
F  
Chas. Goldsborough,  
William Gould  
Annias Gossage  
Charles Gray  
G  
George Hale  
Edw. Harris, jr.  
Mr. Bampton  
Sarah H. Hooper  
Thomas G. Hopkins  
H  
Susan Jones  
Catharine Johnson  
I  
Nathan Keira  
Jany Kemp  
K  
Mary Ann Kemp  
Mary Ann Kirby  
L  
Ann Loveday  
Isaac Lee  
Stephen P. Layton  
M  
Daniel Martin  
Emeline Mosher  
Thomas Meconkin  
Miss Elizabeth Mullikin  
Samuel A. Meredith  
Andrew Macoly  
William Murphey  
N  
Jonathan Osmen 3  
Andrew Orem  
John Orem  
Jacob G. Oliver  
Samuel G. Osborn  
William B. Paca (2)  
John P. Paca  
Frederick Purnell  
Richard Plummer  
Peter Parrot  
W. R. Price  
O  
Rebecca D. Reese  
Joseph Robson  
Thomas Rwarke  
Joseph Richardson  
Benjamin Richardson  
Charlotte Reardon  
Henry Ridgway  
John S. Robinson  
P  
Martha Skinner  
Alice Sawyer  
Terbet Slaughter  
Richard Snyder  
Nathal Smallwood  
Thomas P. Smith  
Q  
Nicholas Thomas  
R  
Philemon Willis (2)  
Rachel Walker  
John H. Watson (2)  
A. GRAHAM, P. M.

Persons calling for Letters on the above List, will please say they are advertised.  
Oct. 4. A. G. P. M.

### NOTICE.

ON Wednesday the 22d of October, will be offered at public sale, at the Store-House occupied by Nathaniel Slawson in the Town of Vignna, (if not sold before at private sale)—an ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS,

with a suitable supply of GROCERIES—laid in on the best terms and adapted to the Season. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale, may be accommodated by applying to Doct. C. Stanford.—Terms of sale will be made known on the day of Sale.  
NATHANIEL SLAWSON.  
Vienna, Sept. 27th, 1828.—3w

Persons calling for Letters on the above List, will please say they are advertised.  
Oct. 4. A. G. P. M.

### TO RENT

For the ensuing year, on very good and commodious terms, the House and premises adjoining Dr. Thomas H. Dawson, on Washington street at present occupied by John Bennett, Esquire—who, from the comfort and convenience of the Building, and agreeable neighborhood has been a Tenant for the last five or six years. This property has lately been put in good repair, and is well calculated for the reception of Boarders.—For terms apply to my Brother, Samuel Mackey, or to the Editor. W. M. MACKAY.  
Sept. 13. f

### FALL GOODS.

WILLIAM CLARK has just received and is now opening a handsome assortment of FRESH IMPORTED & DOMESTIC GOODS; Adapted to the present and approaching Seasons, which will be offered at a small advance for CASH.  
Easton, Oct. 4, 1828.—3t cow

### 20 DOLLARS REWARD.

ANAWAY from the Subscriber on or about the 15th of April last, a negro woman who calls herself MARGARET—she is about 23 years of age, stout and well made, rather light complexion for a negro.—The subscriber understands the above negro has made her way to Baltimore, where she has no doubt hired herself as a free woman.  
Whoever takes up said negro and secures her in jail so that the subscriber gets her again shall receive the above reward.  
THOMAS D. MONNELLY,  
Chappel, Talbot county, (Md.) Oct. 4, 1828.  
The Baltimore American will copy the above 4 times and forward the account to this office for collection.

### MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court.  
3rd day of Oct. A. D. 1828.  
On application of William E. Shannahan, Adm'r. of John Willcutt, late of Talbot county, deceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in two of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 3rd day of Oct. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight.  
JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,  
That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Willcutt late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby requested to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 1st day of May next, they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 3rd day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.  
WM. E. SHANNAHAN, Adm'r. of John Willcutt, dec'd.  
Oct. 4.—3w

MARYLAND:  
CAROLINE COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,  
16th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.  
On application of George Reed, Executor of Robert Baynard late of Caroline county dec'd.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly and faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the public seal of my office affixed, this 16th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight.  
Test, JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r. of Wills for Caroline county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,  
That the subscriber of Caroline county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of Robert Baynard late of Caroline county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 27th day of March next or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 16th day of September A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.  
GEORGE REED, Ex'r. of Robert Baynard, dec'd.  
Sept. 27 3w

MARYLAND:  
Talbot County Orphans' Court.  
19th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.  
On application of Edw. N. Hambleton adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, & the seal of my office affixed, this 19th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred & twenty eight.  
Test, J. A. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,  
That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby requested to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 1st day of April next 1829; they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 19th day of Sept. A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty eight.  
E. N. HAMBLETON, Adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones, deceased.  
Sept. 27 3w

MARYLAND:  
Talbot County Orphans' Court.  
19th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.  
On application of Edw. N. Hambleton adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, & the seal of my office affixed, this 19th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred & twenty eight.  
Test, J. A. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,  
That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby requested to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 1st day of April next 1829; they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 19th day of Sept. A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty eight.  
E. N. HAMBLETON, Adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones, deceased.  
Sept. 27 3w

MARYLAND:  
Talbot County Orphans' Court.  
19th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.  
On application of Edw. N. Hambleton adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

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Test, J. A. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

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That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby requested to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 1st day of April next 1829; they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 19th day of Sept. A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty eight.  
E. N. HAMBLETON, Adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones, deceased.  
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On application of Edw. N. Hambleton adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

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E. N. HAMBLETON, Adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones, deceased.  
Sept. 27 3w

MARYLAND:  
Talbot County Orphans' Court.  
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On application of Edw. N. Hambleton adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

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IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,  
That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased. All

## POETRY.

(From the New England Farmer.)  
The criteria of a beautiful cow, according to Wilkinson, may be thus expressed.  
She's long in her face, she's fine in her horn,  
She'll quickly get fat, without cake or corn,  
She's clear in her jaws and full in her chine,  
She's heavy in flank, and wide in her loin.  
She's broad in her ribs, and long in her rump,  
A strait and flat back, with never a hump;  
She's wide in her hips, and calm in her eyes,  
She's fine in her shoulders, & thin in her thighs.

She's light in her neck, and small in her tail,  
She's wide in her breast, and good at the pail,  
She's fine in her bone, and silky of skin,  
She's a Grazer's without, & a Butcher's within.

## CO-PARTNERSHIP.

### NOTICE.

THE Subscribers are associated under the firm of  
**CONNOLLY & PANSON,**  
And have taken Ware-House No. 85 Smith's wharf, Baltimore, for the transaction of  
**Commission Business,**  
and respectfully solicit the patronage of their Friends and the Public.  
**HENRY CONNOLLY,  
RICH'D. M. PANSON.**

Sept. 20—4t  
P. S. Refer to Doct. E. Martin, Mr. Jos. Martin, Ennalls Martin Jr. and Martin Goldsborough.

## Upper Hunting Creek Mills FOR SALE

AS it is my intention to leave the Eastern Shore of Maryland this autumn, I will offer at public sale the above-cited property on the first Monday in next month (October.) Being aware that any eulogium on such an occasion, (however just) is considered as a mere puff, I forbear. To those who see the turn which manufactures are taking in our country, the advantages of this property, must be obvious; such persons will consult their own interest by examining for themselves, and allow it to speak in its own commendation.  
The terms will be liberal. Particulars made known on the day of sale.  
**L. M. ROBERTSON.**  
Cambridge, Sept. 20 3w

## THROUGH IN A DAY.

FROM Philadelphia to Centreville, Maryland. Via Delaware City, St. George's, Middle town—Warwick—Head of Sassafras—and Head of Chester to Centreville.  
This line is now running, and will continue throughout the Season—to leave Philadelphia by the Steam Boat **BALTIMORE**, Captain W. WHILLDIN.—From Pine Street Wharf, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, at 6 o'clock, for Delaware City—there to take the Canal Packet-boat **LADY CLINTON**, for St. George's, and from thence in Stages to Middletown, Warwick, Head of Sassafras, Head of Chester, and Centreville—arriving at Centreville the same evening at eight o'clock.  
Returning, leaves Centreville on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at 4 o'clock, arriving at Delaware City in time to take the Steam Boat to Philadelphia, and arriving there at 6 o'clock, P. M.  
Connected with the Despatch Line is a line of Stages from Centreville to Easton, leaving Centreville on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, at 8 o'clock for Easton.  
Returning, leaves Solomon Lowe's Tavern Easton, on Monday, Wednesday & Friday, at 1 o'clock, P. M. and takes the Despatch Line the morning following for Philadelphia.  
There is also in connexion with this Line a Stage to convey Passengers from the Baltimore Steam Boat Patuxent, at Georgetown, to intersect the Despatch Line at Massey's Cross-Roads, and to convey Passengers from Massey's Cross-Roads to the Steam Boat.  
Passengers coming in this Line for Newcastle or Wilmington, will meet a Stage from Dover at St. George's.

## FARE.

From Philadelphia to Delaware City - \$1 25  
Do. St. George's, - 1 50  
Do. Middletown, - 2 00  
Do. Warwick, - 2 25  
Do. Head of Sassafras, 2 50  
Do. Head of Chester, - 3 00  
And Do. Centreville, - 4 25.  
**MULFORD, BRUSHAW, & Co.**  
Proprietors.  
Sept. 13—w

## HOUSES &c. TO RENT.

TO BE RENTED for the next year, the following Houses in and about Easton, to wit: The House and Premises on the East Side of Washington Street, where George F. Thompson now lives, a few doors above the Store of Mr. Jas. Wilson.  
The Houses & Gardens at the White Chimneys, near the Eastern limits of the town, on the road to Dover Bridge.  
The House where Mrs. Russell now lives on Washington street near Campers Carriage shop.  
The House & Garden at Easton Point, where Wm. Barnett lives.  
The House & Lot, at Woodhawk's Bridge, where William Bending lately lived, and a small Farm near it.—For terms apply to  
**JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH.**  
Easton, Sept. 13 1f

P. S. A Farm in Banbury, & Mrs. Harwoods Farm near Hook-town, are also to be rented for next year.

**Small Farms & Houses for Rent.**  
The Subscriber has some small farms which he wishes to lease for one or more years:  
ALSO  
The Dwelling House now occupied by Mrs. Charlotte Reardon, on Washington Street, opposite the Easton Point Road—the most healthy spot in Easton.  
ALSO  
The Small Tenement on the hill, near Mr. Dwelling.  
**JOHN LEEDS KERR.**  
Easton July, 12. 1f

## FOR RENT,

For the ensuing year,

A FARM in Island Creek Neck, adjoining that of Daniel P. Bowers—it is in good order & will be rented low to a careful tenant.  
—ALSO—  
For rent for the ensuing year, the Farm at present occupied by Isaac B. Parrott, situate in Kings Creek.—For terms apply to  
**HOWELL BOWERS.**  
9th mo. Sept. 20—4t

## FOR RENT,

For the ensuing year,

A FARM in Island Creek Neck, adjoining that of Daniel P. Bowers—it is in good order & will be rented low to a careful tenant.  
—ALSO—  
For rent for the ensuing year, the Farm at present occupied by Isaac B. Parrott, situate in Kings Creek.—For terms apply to  
**HOWELL BOWERS.**  
9th mo. Sept. 20—4t

## NOTICE.

WAS Committed to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 18th day of Sept. inst. by Thos. D. Cockey, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself **Mark Carroll**, and says he belongs to Zediah Cook, of Middle Brooke Mills, Montgomery county, Maryland. Said negro is five feet eight inches high, and about thirty one years of age. Had on when committed a linsy roundabout of light color, and white linen shirt and pantaloons of the same, fur hat and shoes. The owner of the above described negro man is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Balt. co. Jail  
Sept. 27—5w

WAS Committed to the Jail of Baltimore county, by John Water, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, on the seventeenth day of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, as a runaway, a negro girl who calls herself **ANN DORSEY**, and says she belongs to Thomas Stabler, near Brookville, Montgomery county, Maryland—said negro is four feet eight inches high, about eighteen years old, (at which age she says she was to have been free) Had on when committed a yellow stripe homespun cotton frock, and calf-skin shoes.  
The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore county Jail.  
Sept. 27—5w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 28th day of August, 1828, by David B. Ferguson, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself **FORTON GIBSON**, and says he is free born. Said negro is five feet, eight inches high, and about forty-four years of age.—Had on when committed an old pair of black bombast pantaloons, check shirt and an old fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore county Jail.  
Sept. 13—8w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 1st day of September, 1828, by Lewis Baltzell, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for the City of Baltimore, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself **JAMES COOPER**, and says he is free.—Said negro is five feet seven inches high, about 27 years of age—had on when committed a pair of brown cloth pantaloons and check shirt, coarse shoes and an old fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore county Jail.  
Sept. 13—8w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 21 day of September, 1828, by Charles Kernan, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a black Negro Woman who calls herself **LILIA BROWN**, and says she belongs to Samuel Ridgely, of Anne Arundel county, Maryland. She is about 4 feet 10 inches high, and 35 years of age—had on when committed a blue and white striped linsy frock near new. The owner of the above described negro woman is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore county Jail.  
Sept. 13—8w

## NOTICE.

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore county, by John Walter, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, on the 17th day of August, 1828, as a runaway, a negro girl who calls herself **Ann Dorsey**, and says she belongs to Thomas Stabler, near Brookville, Montgomery county, Maryland; said negro is 4 feet 8 inches high; about 18 years old, (at which age she says she was to have been free.) Had on when committed a yellow stripe homespun cotton frock, and calf-skin shoes.  
The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore County jail  
Aug. 30 8w

## NOTICE.

WAS Committed to the jail of Baltimore County, by John Murray, Jr. Esquire a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, on the 22d July, 1828, as a runaway, a black negro woman named **Julia Ann**, and her female child, and who says they belong to Henry Dashiell, of the city of Baltimore. The woman is five feet high, and about thirty four years of age.—Had on when committed a blue cross barred domestic frock, and a head handkerchief; the child is about eighteen months old, and has a scar on one of its arms.  
The owner of the above described negroes is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Balt. co. jail  
Aug. 16 8w

## NOTICE.

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore county by Jss. B. Bosley, esq. on the 13th July, 1828, a negro man who calls himself **Anthony Bowman**, and who says that he belongs to Charles N. Clagett, near the Woodyard farm, Prince George's county Maryland. Said negro is about five feet six inches high & about twenty eight years of age, had on when committed a dark coloured cotton casimere roundabout jacket and pantaloons, and old fur Hat.  
The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of B. C. Jail.  
August 16. 8w

## A RUNAWAY.

Was committed to the jail of Washington county, Md. on Saturday the 30th ult. a negro man, who calls himself  
**HENRY BROWN,**  
says he belongs to Nicholas Snowden, living near Vanville, Prince George's county, Maryland. Said negro is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a small scar under the left eye, and one above the right; a large scar on the left arm, just above the wrist. Had on an old fur hat, coarse Osnaburg roundabout tow linen pantaloons, pretty much worn, coarse shoes, one pair of corded pantaloons. He says he left home on Wednesday the 27th August, 1828.  
The owner of the above slave is desired to come forward, prove his property and pay fees, or else he will be discharged according to law.  
**GEO. SWEARINGEN, Sheriff**  
Sept. 27—4w

**Magistrate's Blanks FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE**

## Fountain Inn, LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE. M. BARR

HAVING leased the above extensive, well known and long established HOTEL, informs his friends, the friends of the House and the Public generally, that he has had the house thoroughly repaired & fitted up in a very superior manner with entire new furniture, and is now prepared with every requisite, throughout every department of his establishment to make his customers comfortable.  
There are several pleasant parlors fitted up with chambers attached, having a private entrance for the accommodation of families.  
The location of this Hotel is most advantageous for Gentlemen visiting the city on business, being near both the wharves and Market street—however it is known to almost every gentleman who comes to Baltimore by the bay, and has been formerly a favourite stopping place with them.  
The proprietor trusts it will become a favorite house again with gentlemen from the bay, when it is known that the house is in as fine order as it ever has been; and he feels a confidence (will gentlemen call and see the alterations and improvements made) that a portion of patronage will be awarded him, pledge himself that as far as attention and exertion can go toward accommodation, nothing will be wanting to produce comfort.  
Terms of board one dollar per day.  
Baltimore, May 3, 1828—6m

The Cambridge Chronicle, Centreville Times, and Elkton Press will publish the above 6 months, and forward their accounts to the Proprietor.

## FOR RENT,

THE ENSUING YEAR. The House Garden and Stables on Washington street, lately occupied by me, and at present occupied by Mr. Thos. Hayward, jr.—ALSO The House Garden and Stables lately occupied by James C. Wheeler, & the House and Garden at present occupied by Mr. Wheeler, on the Landing road.—These Houses are comfortable and in good repair.—To approved tenants, the terms will be very reasonable.  
**EDW'D. N. HAMBLETON.**  
Aug. 9—1828. 1f

## FARM TO BE RENTED.

TO BE RENTED for the next year, the Farm on which Mr. Jesse Scott is now living as a tenant.—It is commonly called the Tan-yard Farm.—It is about 8 or 9 miles from Easton, on the road to Centreville. Persons disposed to rent are requested to view the Premises, & make application to the subscriber.  
**JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH,**  
gent for Dr. James Tilton.  
Easton, July 26—1f

## FARM TO BE RENTED.

TO BE RENTED for the next year, the Farm in Banbury where John Norris now lives.—It is pleasantly situated on Choptank River, about three miles from Cambridge to make it profitable to carry market articles there. For terms apply to  
**JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH.**  
Easton, July 26—1828.  
N. B. The subscriber has also two small farms near Easton, and several Houses & Lots to rent.

## FOR RENT

WHAT VALUABLE Establishment late the property of James M. Lambdin, situated next door to the Post Office and is one of the most valuable business stands in Easton. The property can be divided or Rented all together to suit Tenants. Apply to  
**GEORGE W. NABB.**  
Easton, May 10.

For Rent at a Reduced Price,  
**The Fountain Inn Tavern,**

LATELY occupied by R. D. Itav, for the remainder of the present and ensuing year.—Immediate possession will be given.  
Apply to  
**JAMES WILLSON, agent**  
for Mary J. Willson.  
Easton, 12th July, 1828. 1f

## PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of Talbot county Court, sitting on the Chancery side thereof, the Subscriber as Trustee, will expose to Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY the 15th day of October next, three TWO HOUSES and LOTS situate on the East side of Washington street, in Easton, late the property of Mr. John Kemp, (Stage-Driver) deceased.  
Sale to commence between the hours of two and three o'clock, P. M.  
The Terms of Sale are a credit on the purchase money of twelve months from the day of sale, with interest thereon from the day of sale, to be secured by a bond with approved security; and after the payment of the purchase money, and not before, a good deed will be executed by the Trustee as such for the conveyance of the said property.  
The creditors of said John Kemp are hereby warned to exhibit their claims and vouchers properly authenticated, to the Clerk of Talbot county Court within six months from the day of sale.  
**SAM'L T. KENNARD, Trustee.**  
Sept. 20 4w

## HOUSES TO RENT.

To Rent for the ensuing year the following Houses, viz:  
The Shop on Washington Street at present occupied by Dr. Dawson.  
ALSO  
The Framed Dwelling, &c. on Washington Street lately occupied by John Meconekin and adjoining Dr. Ennalls Martin.  
ALSO, the Brick Dwelling on Harrison Street and a Framed Dwelling on the same street, adjoining the last mentioned and directly back of the above.  
All the above property will be rented at very moderate or reduced prices on application to  
**WM. H. GROOME.**  
Easton, Aug. 30th, 1828. 1f

## TO RENT

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.—That pleasantly situated **White House** and premises adjoining the South-West corner of the Public Square, near the Court House, now occupied by Mrs. Stevens,  
—ALSO—  
The STORE ROOM & CELLAR in the brick House where Mrs. Parrott resides, nearly opposite the Bank. **WM. CLARK.**  
Easton, 27th Sept. 1828.—3t caw

## NOTICE

THE TRUSTEES of the Denton Academy have elected Mr. James Colman to take charge of the English Department of the Institution, which will open on the first day of October next.  
**JO. RICHARDSON, President.**  
Sept. 27th, 1828—4t

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Talbot county Court to me directed against Daniel Cox, Isaac P. Cox and Thomas Bullen Securities of said Daniel Cox at the suit of the State of Maryland use of Samuel Harrison, will be sold at Public Sale at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton on Tuesday the 7th day of October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property of Daniel Cox to wit:—all the estate, right, title, interest and claim of him the said Daniel Cox, of, in and to those tracts or parts of tracts of Land, viz:—Part of a tract of and called Bennetts Freshes and part of Bailden containing the quantity of one hundred and ninety seven and three fourth acres of land more or less situated near Cox's Mill in the county aforesaid, also part of a Tract of land called Hutchingson's addition and Cox's addition said to contain 60 acres of land more or less, also the following property of Isaac P. Cox, to wit:—Part of a tract of land called Bennetts Freshes, part of Bailden and part of Taylors Ridge containing the quantity of two hundred and eighty seven and one half acres of land more or less, six head of Horses, one Gig and Harness, two Colts, one yoke of Oxen, six head of Cattle, two young Steers, and one horse cart, and also the following property of Thomas Bullen, to wit:—two Mules, one yoke of Oxen, two head of Horses, one Gig and Harness, one Clock, one Bed, Bedstead and Furniture and one Bureau, taken and will be sold to satisfy the above named fi. fa. and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Subject to prior claims.— Attendance by **WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.**  
Sept. 13—ts

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Samuel Tenant at the suit of Wm. Caulk and Wrightson Jones will be sold for cash at the house of Joseph Allen in the town of St. Michaels on Wednesday the 8th day of Oct. next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—one negro man called Horatio seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writ of fi. fa. debt, interest and Cost due and to become due thereon. Attendance by  
Sept. 13. **WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.**

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Wm. Harrison of Jas. at the suit of Samuel Harrison will be sold at Public Sale on the premises near St. Michaels on Wednesday the 15th October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—one Negro Girl called Fanny, one do called Ann, 6 Silver Tea Spoons, 5 Table do. 1 Silver Cream Pot, 1 Fire Fender 2 Beds and Furniture, 1 pair Shovel and rongs, 1 pair brass Andrews, one old Harrow one ox Cart, one Sledge, one old Sleigh, and one Hollar taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fi. fa.—Attendance by  
Sept. 20—ts **WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.**

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Wm. Benny one at the suit of Samuel Harrison, use of Richard Spencer, and John Warner A.M. of Susan Ann Warner use of John Leeds Kerr, will be sold for cash at the Court House door in Easton on Tuesday the 21st day of October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—all and singular that farm or plantation and lands and tenements of said Wm. Benny of Talbot County lying and being in the Chappel District consisting of sundry tracts or parts of tracts of Land, viz:—Part of Benny's thickets & parts of other tracts they called by whatsoever names they may, and containing the quantity of 374 acres of land more or less, sized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of fi. fa. debt, inst. and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by  
**WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.**  
Sept. 27—ts

## NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted for officers fees for 1827 payable in the present year are requested to make immediate payment for the same—no longer indulgence cannot possibly be given. My deputies have orders to close the collection of said fees without delay; those neglecting the above NOTICE may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs.  
**WILLIAM TOWNSEND, Shff.**  
Aug. 2 1828—1f

## NOTICE

Is hereby given that there will be an election held in the several Districts of this county on the first MONDAY in October next, for the purpose of electing four persons to represent Talbot county in the next Legislature of Maryland, and notice is also hereby given that there will be an Election held in the several Districts of this County on the 2d Monday in November next, for the purpose of Electing an Elector of President and Vice President of the United States to represent the District composed of Talbot, Caroline and the Upper District of Dorchester Counties. **WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.**  
Sept. 13.

**The Misses Rooker's Academy.**  
THE PATRONS of this Institution, and the public generally, are respectfully informed, that the duties of the Seminary will re-commence on MONDAY, the first day of September Having long resided in this city, it is not deemed necessary to make any statements to the citizens of Baltimore, with respect to the merits of the School, or the qualifications of those who preside over its concerns. They venture to appeal with some degree of confidence to those best acquainted with them for testimonials of their assiduous efforts to form the minds of their Pupils.  
But for the sake of those residing at a distance, they ask leave to say, that the spacious and convenient house in which they reside, is admirably calculated for the comfort and health of the Young Ladies belonging to the Boarding School—that all the branches of a useful and ornamental English education will be taught in their Seminary, and that strangers to them are referred to the following gentlemen for their character and qualifications as teachers.  
The Rev. Mr. Duncan, Hopkins & Moore,  
Rev. Mr. Henshaw, Mr. Isaac Tyson,  
Dr. Donaldson, Mr. James Campbell,  
Messrs. Cushing and Mr. Wm. Henry,  
Jewett, Mr. G. Stonebraker,  
Fridge & Morris, Mr. James Barroll,  
August 23, 1828.  
The Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Herald, at Frederick, and the Gazette, at Easton, will copy the above three times, and for ward their accounts the office of the Baltimore Gazette for collection.

**CASH FOR NEGROES.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to purchase ONE HUNDRED likely young Slaves, from the age of 12 to 25 years, for which he will pay the highest cash prices. Persons disposed to sell will please call on him at Mr. Lowe's Tavern, in Easton, where he can be found at all times.  
**J. B. WOOLFOLK.**  
June 21—4t  
The Centreville Times will please publish the above till forbid.  
**J. B. W.**

## UNION HOTEL.

### SOLOMON LOWE

Returns his sincere thanks to his old customers and travellers generally who have been so kind and liberal as to afford him the pleasure of their company. He begs leave to inform them that he is about to remove to the stand at the corner of Harrison and Washington streets, in Easton, within a few yards of the Bank, where he will have great satisfaction in receiving his old customers, and has provided for their reception and entertainment every possible convenience.  
Private parties can have the most private apartments and the best entertainment with compliant servants, and all the luxuries of the season upon the shortest possible notice.—Mr. S. Lowe calculates on and invites the custom of all old friends and strangers.  
Mr. Lowe's Hacks will attend the steam-boat with the greatest punctuality.  
Easton, Dec. 29—1f

## Denton Hotel.

The Subscriber informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the well known Brick House in Denton, occupied the last year by Mr. Samuel Lucas, where his customers will be accommodated with the best of every thing in season, afforded by the markets of the place, and his own habits of personal attention and those of his family, he can assure the public of the best accommodations in his house. The subscriber has most excellent servants; he has attentive ostlers, he will keep constantly on hand the best liquors that can be had in Baltimore, & his table will be constantly supplied with the best of provisions—Gentlemen and ladies can at all times be furnished with private rooms at the shortest notice—travellers and the public generally are invited to give him a call. The subscriber is provided with rooms to accommodate the court and bar during the session of our Courts.  
**ABRAHAM GRIFFITH.**  
Feb. 18 1f

## THE ELEGANT STEAM-BOAT



## MARYLAND.

On and after Tuesday the 27th day of May inst. this superb Boat will leave Baltimore every Tuesday & Friday, for Annapolis, Cambridge & Easton, at 6 o'clock in the morning, & returning leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore, at the same hour, until the 1st of October next, when she will start at 7 o'clock—Her route from Baltimore to Chestertown and back will continue the same as last year.  
**LEMUEL G. TAYLOR, CAPTAIN.**  
May 17—1f

## NOTICE.

THE subscriber earnestly requests all those indebted to him on book account, of more than a year's standing, to call and liquidate them, or close them in some manner satisfactory, otherwise they will be put into proper officers hands for collection, which a speedy settlement might prevent—he returns his grateful acknowledgments for past favours, and hopes to merit a continuance of them.  
The public's obedient servant  
**SOLOMON LOWE.**  
Easton, Oct 27 1f

## TO RENT.

THREE FARMS handsomely situated on the Waters of Broad Creek, and one on Tuck-shoe Creek—for terms apply to  
**SAMUEL HARRISON.**  
Rich Neck, Aug. 16.

## FARMS TO RENT.

THE Subscriber will rent his Two Valuable FARMS on Miles River, on reasonable terms to a good tenant or tenants for a term of years. The above farms are in a high state of cultivation. For terms apply to  
**SAM'L. ROBERTS.**  
Aug. 30

## A GIG FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will dispose of a private Sale, an excellent second hand GIG & Harness. He will sell it cheap for Cash, or to a punctual purchaser on a short credit.  
**WM. H. GROOME.**  
Easton, June 28—1f

## FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, a first rate pair of steers very low for cash or good paper.  
**ANDREW CHEZUM.**  
Hole-in-the-Wall, Talbot co. sep. 6 3w

## TO SPORTSMEN

A Neighbourhood of Easton for the purpose of proving the speed and bottom of the young blood horses of the Eastern Shore of Maryland. Two are already engaged and in walking exercise—three or four others will be taken if early application is made.—For particulars enquire of the Editor.  
Aug. 30.

## HIDES WANTED.

The Subscriber will give the highest price in cash for Dry and Green Hides. Persons having hides for sale, will find it to their advantage to call on T. S. Hayward or the subscriber.  
**WM. RUSSEY.**  
Easton, March 15.

## TO SLAVE-HOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a NEGRO MAN, about 26 years of age, has been committed to Cecil county jail, under suspicion of being a runaway slave. He is five feet six inches high, stout and well formed, with remarkably small eyes. He calls himself **JOHN BROWN**, says that he was brought up near Buck's county, by a Mr. Disborough, and that his parents are both free. He has been employed for nearly 12 months as a hand on board of a small packet, which sails between Baltimore and Port Deposit. His clothing consists of a pair of white drilling trousers, muslin shirt, and striped waistcoat. If within the space of sixty days from the date hereof, application shall not be made for him, and all such legal costs and charges, as have accrued or shall accrue, by reason of apprehending, imprisoning, & advertising him, paid, I will discharge him from prison unless remanded back for further confinement, by the judge before whom I shall take him for examination, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly.  
**THOMAS MILLER, Jr.**  
Sheriff of Cecil county.  
Elkton, Maryland, Aug. 2.

# EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature, well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown."  
RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich—and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XI.

EASTON, MARYLAND, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 11, 1828.

NO. 38.

PRINTED & PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY EVENING  
BY ALEXANDER GRAHAM,  
AT TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER  
Annum, payable half yearly in advance.

**ADVERTISEMENTS**  
Not exceeding a square inserted three times for  
ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE CENTS for  
every subsequent insertion.

### A CARD.

R. H. RHODES, R. W. KENNARD and  
WILLIAM LOVEDAY,  
Having associated themselves in business, under  
the firm of

**Rhodes, Kennard & Loveday,**  
and having purchased the entire stock of Goods  
owned by W. H. Groome, intend carrying on the  
**Mercantile Business**  
in its various branches, at that well known stand  
opposite the Easton Hotel, formerly for many  
years occupied by Messrs. Thomas & Groome,  
and lately by Wm. H. Groome.

The customers of the House, as also those of  
the late Samuel Groome, and the public generally,  
are respectfully invited to give them a call.  
Sept. 27—4t

### NOTICE.

**THE PARTNERSHIP** of Jenkins & Stevens  
is this day dissolved in consequence of the  
death of Peter Stevens one of the Partners.—  
Those indebted to said Partnership are request-  
ed without delay to call on the Subscriber and  
close their accounts by payment of the same, as  
longer indulgence cannot be given. In order  
to close the concern of the above firm as soon  
as possible, which is quite desirable, the present  
Stock of Goods will be sold at very reduced  
prices for the Cash.

**WILLIAM JENKINS**, surviving  
Partner of the late firm of Jenkins & Stevens,  
Easton, Sept. 6, 1828.

**N. B. WILLIAM JENKINS**, begs leave to  
inform his Friends and the Public in general,  
that he intends to continue the Mercantile Busi-  
ness at the same House lately occupied by the  
late firm of Jenkins & Stevens, and solicits his  
Friends and the former customers of said firm  
and the Public in general for a continuance of  
their Custom, whom he will endeavour to supply  
on reasonable terms. W. J.

### NEW GROCERY STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his  
Eastern Shore friends and the public in general,  
that he has taken the old stand, at the head  
of Deep side No. 9, Water st. lately occupied by  
the Messrs. Schumacher & Robb as a Sugar  
Store.—He intends keeping in all its varieties,  
a general assortment of GROCERIES.

CONSISTING OF  
The best of Liquors, Loaf and Brown Sugar,  
Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Family Flour,  
Snuff, Heating Tobacco, Powder, Shot,  
Earthen, Stone and Wooden Ware,  
And all other articles in his line, which he in-  
tends selling at a moderate advance for Cash.  
He has also made arrangements to furnish  
the best of Stone Lime by the bbl. or hhd. (free  
from drayage) and upon as good terms as can  
be had in this City. Any orders for the above  
articles, or any thing else, shall be promptly  
attended to and thankfully received. Any other  
business from his Eastern Shore friends, that  
may require his attention, shall meet with  
promptness and dispatch at moderate charges.  
THOS. DENNY.

Baltimore, Aug. 30  
N. B. Persons having Pork, Cider, Butter or  
other articles to sell this Fall, who are dispos-  
ed to favour him with their confidence, shall  
receive his utmost exertions to obtain the high-  
est market prices, and to give the greatest sat-  
isfaction. T. D.

### Branch Bank at Easton,

SEPT. TEMPER, 27th, 1828.  
THE President and Directors of the Farmers'  
Bank of Maryland, have declared a Dividend  
of 3 per cent, on the stock of the Company for  
the last six months, which will be payable to  
the Stockholders, or their legal Representatives, on  
or after the first Monday in October next.

By Order,  
**JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH**, Cashier.  
Sept. 27—3w

### TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Chancellor of  
Maryland, will be exposed to PUBLIC  
SALE at the Court House in Centreville, in  
Queen Anne's county, on Thursday the 23d day  
of October next, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

**A large and Valuable Farm,**  
Lying about a quarter of a mile from Centre-  
ville. This property formerly belonged to Jer-  
vis Ringgold, deceased, and contains about  
**Four Hundred & Sixty seven Acres**  
including the wood-land which is situated a  
short distance from the cleared land.

The farm will be sold entire or in parcels as  
may be found most desirable to the persons  
present on the day of sale.

The Terms of sale will be, that the sum of  
Four Hundred dollars shall be paid to the Trustee  
on the day of sale, and the purchaser or pur-  
chaser shall give bond to the Trustee with good  
security to be approved by him for the pay-  
ment of the residue of the purchase money,  
with interest thereon from the day of sale, in  
four equal instalments of six, twelve, eighteen  
and twenty-four months.

The terms will be more minutely stated  
on the day of sale.  
**JOHN B. ECCLESTON**, Trustee.  
Sept. 27th, 1828.—4w

### BOOTS AND SHOES.

**THE SUBSCRIBER** having just returned  
from Baltimore with a handsome and  
good assortment of MATERIALS in his line  
most respectfully invites his friends and the  
public generally to give him a call and view  
his assortment and hopes from his long expe-  
rience & a determination to pay the strictest  
attention to business he will be able to render  
general satisfaction.

Gentlemen disposed to purchase boots  
would do well to call as he will turn his atten-  
tion more particularly to that part of the busi-  
ness and flatters himself that he can furnish  
them with as handsome and as good boots as  
can be had here or elsewhere.

The Publics Ob't Serv't  
**JOHN WRIGHT**,  
Easton, Nov. 17.

### SPLENDID VIEWS OF AMERICAN SCENERY

ON FRIDAY, the 10th of October, 1828, will  
be published by T. K. Greenbank, No. 64,  
Spruce Street, Philadelphia, a volume of splen-  
did views of American Scenery as follows:

1. A view of Beck's Shot Tower, on the Schuyl-  
kill near Philadelphia, and adjacent scenery.
2. A view of the Light House on Long Island  
Sound with the adjacent scenery.
3. A view of York, on Lake Ontario, with the  
fortifications.
4. Characteristic Scenery on the Hudson River.
5. View of New London, Connecticut, with  
the adjacent scenery.
6. View of Lemon Hill, near Philadelphia, the  
seat of Henry Pratt, Esq.
7. The Tomb of Washington at Mount Vernon.
8. View at the Great Bend of the Susquehanna.
9. View of the Upper Falls of Solomon's Creek,  
Lucerne county, Pa.
10. View of the Lower Falls of Solomon's  
Creek.
11. View of the Catskill Mountains, from the  
Hudson.
12. View of Fort Niagara on Lake Ontario, from  
the Light House on the British side.

These views are executed in the best style of  
Philadelphia engraving, from drawings made  
upon the spot. Each plate will be accompanied  
by a full and accurate description thereof, as to  
make it perfectly intelligible to every person.

The work will be printed and issued to sub-  
scribers in the first style, on superior paper,  
and with a handsomely printed cover, and de-  
livered to subscribers at the very low price of  
ONE DOLLAR. Flexible covers will be used  
for country subscribers, so that they can be  
safely sent by mail.

Any gentleman, postmaster and others,  
who will interest themselves to procure ten  
subscribers and remit \$10 to the editor, shall  
receive twelve copies. From the very flattering  
patronage already received, (1200 subscribers  
have put down their names) this volume will  
probably be succeeded by another, as soon as  
other plates can be engraved. All orders from  
the country will be promptly attended to.

T. K. GREENBANK,  
No. 64, Spruce Street, Philadelphia.  
Sept. 20

### MARYLAND:

#### Talbot County Orphans' Court.

3rd day of Oct. A. D. 1828.

On application of William E. Shannahan,  
Adm'r. of John Wilcutt, late of Talbot county,  
deceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice  
required by law for creditors to exhibit their  
claims against the said deceased's estate, and  
that he cause the same to be published once  
in each week for the space of three successive  
weeks, in two of the newspapers printed in  
the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly cop-  
ied from the minutes of proceedings of  
Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my  
hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 3rd day  
of Oct. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hun-  
dred and twenty eight.

JAS. PRICE, Reg'r.  
of Wills for Talbot county.

### IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,

#### NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath  
obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county,  
in Maryland, letters of administration on the  
personal estate of John Wilcutt late of  
Talbot county, deceased. All persons having  
claims against the said deceased's estate are  
hereby requested to exhibit the same with the  
proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or  
before the 1st day of May next, they may other-  
wise by law, be excluded from all benefit  
of the said estate.—Given under my hand this  
3rd day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred  
and twenty-eight.

WM. E. SHANAHAN, Adm'r.  
of John Wilcutt, dec'd.

Oct. 4.—3w

### MARYLAND:

#### CAROLINE COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,

16th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.

On application of George Reed, Executor of  
Robert Baynard late of Caroline county dec'd.—  
It is ordered that he give the notice required  
by law for creditors to exhibit their claims  
against the said deceased's estate, and that he  
cause the same to be published once in each  
week for the space of three successive weeks,  
in one of the newspapers printed in the town  
of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly and  
faithfully copied from the minutes of  
proceedings of the Orphans'  
Court, of the county aforesaid, I  
have hereunto set my hand and the  
public seal of my office affixed, this  
16th day of Sept. in the year of our  
Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight.

JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r.  
of Wills for Caroline county.

### IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,

#### NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county, hath  
obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county  
in Maryland, letters Testamentary on the per-  
sonal estate of Robert Baynard late of Caro-  
line county, dec'd. All persons having claims  
against the said deceased's estate are hereby war-  
ned to exhibit the same with the proper vouch-  
ers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the  
27th day of March next or they may otherwise  
by law, be excluded from all benefit of the  
said estate.—Given under my hand this 16th day  
of September A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-  
eight.

GEORGE REED, Ex'r.  
of Robert Baynard, dec'd.

Sept. 27 3w

### TO RENT

For the ensuing year, on very ac-  
commodating terms, the House and  
premises adjoining Dr. Thomas H.  
Dawson, on Washington street at  
present occupied by John Bennett, Esquire—  
who, from the comfort and conveniences of  
the Building, and agreeable neighbourhood  
has been a Tenant for the last fifteen or eight-  
teen years. This property has lately been  
put in good repair, and is well calculated for  
the reception of Boarders.—For term apply  
to my Brother, Samuel Mackey, or to the Ed-  
itor.

WM. MACKEY.  
Sept. 13. 4t

### IN MISS DONE'S SEMINARY FOR FEMALES

ARE TAUGHT the customary Branches of Eng-  
lish Education. —ALSO—  
MUSIC—FRENCH—DRAWING &  
NEEDLE-WORK.

**TERMS.**  
For Tuition in the English branches,  
1st class - \$10  
2d do. - \$8  
3d do. - \$5 } per Quarter.

**MUSIC—The French Language,**  
and DRAWING. Extra charges. Board will  
be furnished, including Bed, Bedding and  
Washing, and necessary attendance at \$140  
per Annum.

A deduction will be made for the Annual Vac-  
ation. It will be expected that the Quar-  
ter will be paid in advance.

Annapolis, Oct. 4, 1828—

### PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Thursday  
the 16th inst. if fair, if not, the next fair  
day, at the residence of Thomas Oren deceased  
in Hopkins Neck, Talbot county, all the per-  
sonal estate of the said deceased, consisting of  
Horses, (amongst which is an excellent saddle  
Horse,) Cattle, She-p, and Hogs suitable for the  
Pen this Fall, and breeding Sows, Household  
& Kitchen Furniture, farming Utensils amongst  
which are two valuable ox-carts, some Corn and  
Straw, with a variety of other articles too tedious  
to mention.

A credit of six months will be given on all  
sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchas-  
ers giving note with approved security bear-  
ing interest from the day of Sale. For all sums  
of five dollars and under the Cash will be re-  
quired. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. and  
attendance given by

ANDREW OREM, Jr. and  
JAMES BARTLETT, Jr. Adm's.  
of Thomas Oren, deceased.

Oct. 4

### FOR RENT,

For the ensuing year,  
A FARM in Island Creek Neck, adjoining  
that of Daniel P. Bowers.—It is in good order &  
will be rented low to a careful tenant.

—ALSO—  
For rent for the ensuing year, the Farm at  
present occupied by Isaac B. Parro, situated in  
Kings Creek.—For terms apply to

HOWELL BOWERS,  
9th mo. Sept. 27—4t (W)

### MARYLAND:

#### Talbot County Orphans' Court.

10th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.

On application of Edw. N. Hambleton adm'r. D.  
B. N. of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, de-  
ceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice  
required by law for creditors to exhibit their  
claims against the said deceased's estate, and  
that he cause the same to be published once  
in each week for the space of three successive  
weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in  
the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied  
from the minutes of proceedings of  
Talbot county Orphans' Court, I  
have hereunto set my hand, and the  
seal of my office affixed, this 10th  
day of Sept. in the year of our Lord  
eighteen hundred & twenty eight.

E. N. HAMBLETON, Adm'r. D. B. N.  
of Thomas Jones, deceased.

Sept. 27 3w

### LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Easton, Md.  
October 1st, 1828.

A  
Thomas Atkinson  
Richard Austin  
B  
Thomas Bowdler  
Gentlemen of the East-  
on Theatre  
T. B. Breen  
Ano-Ble  
William Burchhead  
John Bell  
Thomas Bond  
C  
James Cockayne  
Maria Cooper  
John Crawford  
William Camp  
Margaret Cox  
Edward C. Council  
D  
Wm. R. Daffin  
Daniel Dewling  
James Dukes  
Mary Denny  
Elizabeth Doaman  
F  
Anny Francis  
John Erebarger  
Richard Frampton  
Richard Frisby  
John Farlow  
G  
Chas. Goldsborough,  
William Gould  
Annanias Gossage  
Charles Gray  
H  
George Hale  
Edw. Harris, Jr.  
E. Hampelton  
Sarah H. Hooper  
Thomas G. Hopkins  
J  
Susan James  
Catharine Johnson  
K  
Nathan Keirn  
Jane Kemp  
L  
Mary Ann Kemp  
Mary Ann Kirby  
L  
Ann Loveday  
Isaac Lee  
Stephen P. Layton  
M  
Daniel Martin  
Emeline Mosher  
Thomas Meconkin  
Miss Elizabeth Mullikin  
Samuel A. Meredith  
Andrew Macey  
William Murphy  
O  
Jonathan Osmen 2  
Andrew Orem  
John Orem  
Jacob G. Oliver  
Samuel G. Osborn  
William B. Paca (2)  
John P. Paca  
Frederick Purnell  
Richard Plummer  
Peter Parrot  
W. R. Price  
R  
Rebecca D. Reese  
Joseph Robson  
Thomas Rwarke  
Joseph Richardson  
Benjamin Richardson  
Charlotte Reardon  
Henry Ridgway  
John S. Robinson  
S  
Artha Skinner  
Alice Sawyer  
Terbet Slaughter  
Richard Snyder  
Rachel Smallwood  
Thomas P. Smith  
T  
Nicholas Thomas  
W  
Philemon Willis (2)  
Rachel Walker  
John H. Watson. (?)  
A. GRAHAM, P. M.

Persons calling for Letters on the above  
List will please say they are advertised.  
Oct. 4. A. G. R. M.

### CONSTABLE'S MISCELLANY, Vol. XXVII.

#### VICTORY OF TOULOUSE.

This is a very interesting volume. It contains  
the "Journal of a Soldier of the 71st regiment,"  
Dr. A. Neale's account of Sir John Moore's Re-  
treat and Mr. John Malcolm's "Reminiscences of  
a Campaign in the South of France." The latter,  
which is original, is beautifully written, and  
paints the hardships of war to the life. Mr.  
Malcolm is a gentleman well known in Glas-  
gow, and was an officer in the 42d regiment.

"I was standing at the side of  
one of the batteries, which we had just taken,  
along with some of the regiment, and a young  
officer one of the tallest and finest looking men  
I ever beheld. This was the first time he had  
ever been under fire, but he behaved like a he-  
ro, and had snatched up a musket belonging to  
some soldier who had fallen, with which he was  
firing away upon the enemy like the most prac-  
tised veteran. I happened to turn about my  
head for a moment, and when I looked back  
again, he was lying stretched on his back, the  
blood welling from his breast, and his feet quiv-  
ering in the last convulsions of expiring nature.  
He had arrived from England only a short time  
before; and in his march from Passage through  
France to join his regiment had been taken  
prisoner by a marauding party of French in our  
rear. He had escaped from his guard duty, on a  
dark night, and concealed himself in a wood for  
a day or two until they were gone. When al-  
most famished with hunger, he proceeded on his  
march, and luckily met with a British officer  
of rank, who supplied him with the means of  
reaching his regiment. He had joined us only  
two or three days previous to the battle, & was  
standing close beside me in the flush of youth  
and health, and hope—in the very moment of  
victory—the proudest one of his; his eye but  
twinkled once, and he lay a corpse at my feet!

What art thou, Spirit undefin'd,  
That passeth with man's breath away,  
That givest him feeling, sense, and mind,  
And leavest him cold unconscious clay?"

"While I was yet gazing upon him in a kind  
of stupor, I received a blow, as from a huge  
club, on the elbow. A musket ball had passed  
through the upper part of my arm, and splintered  
the bone; I felt stunned, and in a few mo-  
ments became faint and dizzy, and fell. The  
first sensation which I was conscious of after my  
fall was that of a burning thirst, universally felt  
after gunshot wounds. I observed our men  
falling round me, in consequence of the fire  
from the two fortified houses, but at last the firing  
suddenly ceased, and a dead silence ensued.  
My faintness now beginning to wear off, I raised  
my head, and through the clouds of smoke  
which were clearing away I observed that the  
road was covered with troops in blue uniform.  
At first I supposed them to be Spaniards, but  
was soon undeceived, and discovered them to  
be French. Out of a out 500 men, which the  
42d regiment brought into action, scarcely 90  
reached the fatal redoubt from which the enemy  
had fled.

"As soon as the smoke began to clear away,  
the French force in order to regain their strong  
holds. The 42d regiment immediately fell to  
upon the 79th and the other corps, now mov-  
ing up to their support. Of these circum-  
stances at the time however I was quite ignorant,  
and as escape was impossible, I lay quietly  
under a tree on the roadside, hoping to avoid  
notice among the wounded and dead.

"The enemy crept past me in great force,  
keeping up a tremendous fire, and having drums  
beating in the rear. The main body had passed  
without taking any notice of me, when I was  
seized upon by two stragglers who had loitered  
behind. They immediately began to rifle my  
pockets, and one of them was in the act of tear-  
ing off my epaulet, when an officer came up,  
sword in hand, and drove them off, to my great  
relief. My situation, however, became extreme-  
ly uncomfortable, as I was exposed to the fire of  
our own troops, who were advancing upon the  
French to retake the batteries. Believing that  
the enemy would soon be driven back, and fear-  
ing that they might carry me off along with  
them, I got up as soon as they were fairly past,  
and supporting my wounded arm with the other,  
began to make the best of my way over the  
rough field, in order to gain some place of  
safety; but I had not proceeded far when I felt  
myself seized from behind by two French sol-  
diers, who had been loitering in the rear, and  
who most unceremoniously marched off with  
me towards Toulouse.

"The issue of this last attempt of the enemy  
to retake their redoubts is well known; they  
were a second time repulsed with great loss, and  
their whole army driven into Toulouse. But I  
proceed with my personal narrative.

"As soon as my conductors and I were out of  
range of the fire from the British, they allowed  
me to rest a little, and one of them only re-  
mained with me. He presented me with a can-  
teen of wine, and asked me if the French were  
not a very brave people, which leading question  
I thought proper to answer in the way he  
wished. As we proceeded along the road we  
met a tall grim-looking soldier, who eyed me  
with a ferocious look, and threw a bundle of  
ball cartridges at me, by which I received a se-  
vere blow in the head. My attendant was abun-  
dantly wroth, and after abusing the ruffian, pro-  
ceeded with me towards the evening.

"It was a bright beautiful evening, as we ap-  
proached Toulouse. A boat a hundred yards  
from the entrance into the town, upon the high  
road, set Marshal Soult and his staff on horse-  
back. He was looking earnestly towards the  
heights from which he saw his troops beaten  
back in all directions. I passed close by the  
Marshal and his Generals, who eyed me with a  
look of grave curiosity.

"At last I arrived in town, which exhibited  
such a scene of confusion as I never witnessed.  
Almost the whole French Army occupied the  
streets; the house tops were covered with  
crowds, and the windows seemed bursting with  
the population. All was terror and excitement  
for Soult seemed determined to make a stand  
even in the town, and Wellington commanded  
a position from which he could reduce it to  
ashes. I had no sooner entered the streets,  
than I became so faint and exhausted from fa-  
tigue and loss of blood, that I sunk down upon  
the ground. In a few minutes a French surgeon  
made his appearance and examined my wounds,  
which he laid open with the knife at both orifices,  
but so much was my arm deadened by the  
ball that I scarcely felt the operation. As soon  
as it was over I was escorted by a file of  
gens d'armes to a hospital prepared for the re-  
ception of the wounded. As we passed along  
the streets, crowds of ladies rushed out from  
their houses and presented me with wines and  
cordials, and being much exhausted and parched  
with thirst, I drank largely of every thing  
they offered me.

"Upon arriving at the hospital, I was ushered  
into an immense room which was crowded from  
ceiling to end with the wounded and dying officers  
of the French army. I was then given in charge  
to two fat rosy sick-nurses, who, without any  
civilities, or the slightest attempt at a blush,  
stripped off my clothes and put me to bed. In  
a short time afterwards I received a visit from  
an English physician who had been long resident  
in Toulouse. He informed me that the French  
army would be obliged to retire, and that the  
inhabitants were well affected towards the Eng-  
lish. I expressed a fear that, in the event of  
the French army retiring they might carry me  
along with them; but he set my mind at ease by  
informing me that he had sufficient interest with  
the medical department to prevent any thing of  
that sort; and after promising to repeat his visit,  
he took his leave.

"Towards night I began to fall into a slumber  
but was every now and then startled out of it  
by the cries of the wounded, especially of such  
as were undergoing amputations.

"In the bed next to me lay an English officer  
who had been wounded and taken prisoner;  
but he was then speechless, and died during  
the night. On my other side lay a German, an  
officer in the French service, whose skull had  
been fractured. He sung and conversed to  
himself in the wildest manner imaginable; and  
about midnight, started out of bed, and marched  
up and down the room in a state of delirium,  
quite alarming to the rest of us. He also died  
in a short time.

"Sleep came upon me at last, but it was a  
sleep of horrors. The various scenes of the  
preceding day mixed up with phantoms of im-  
agination passed in dire review before me. My  
friends seemed falling around me; the thunders  
of battles were in my ears; and we seemed re-  
treating and closely pursued by the enemy's  
cavalry. From these imaginary horrors, a re-  
turn to real pain was a relief. I awoke towards  
morning with a burning thirst, and the taste of  
sulphur, in my throat, in consequence of the  
smoke which I had breathed the preceding day.  
I was amply supplied with lemonade; but my  
fair attendants allowed me scarce any thing to  
eat, for fear, as they informed me, of fever.

"About ten o'clock at night I observed sev-  
eral officers enter the hospital and bid adieu to  
their wounded companions by which I guessed  
the French army were about to evacuate  
Toulouse. Shortly afterwards there were  
symptoms of commotion without—the move-  
ment of a great army, infantry, cavalry, and  
artillery, through the narrow streets, with the  
confusion attending such a scene, produced a  
great noise, like the roar of the sea after a  
storm—I listened to the wild sound for hours  
at last it began to wax faint, and die away  
through the night, when I again sunk into a  
slumber. On awaking in the morning, I ob-  
served a number of priests in the act of admin-  
istering extreme unction to the dying men by  
whom I was surrounded; and the moment any  
of them expired, he was carried out to make  
room for some other wounded man, by whom  
his bed was immediately occupied.

"Yet even in that house of mourning, there  
occurred one circumstance which I still think of  
with peculiar pleasure. About mid-day, a  
young lady entered the hospital, probably to  
see some friend or acquaintance among the  
wounded. In proceeding along the room, she  
paused opposite to the place where I was lying,  
and being informed by one of the sick  
nurses in attendance that I was an Englishman  
she stepped up to my bedside, and gazing on  
me with a look, in which curiosity was mingled  
with pity—all at once yielding to the im-  
pulse of her feelings, she bent over and throw-  
ing her arms around my neck, pressed her  
cheek to mine. It was a burst of nature, and  
but the action of a moment; for she raised her-  
self hastily, glided away, and I never saw her  
again.

"Yet, trivial as this circumstance may seem, it  
remains fair and fresh in my recollection, while  
weightier matters have been long forgotten,  
and there are times, even yet, when in the si-  
lence of the night, and far away amidst the  
dreaming of the land, my couch seems spread  
in the hospital of Toulouse; and when amidst  
that scene of suffering, my ear is tortured with  
the shrieks of agony, and my sealed eye blas-  
ted with heart rending sights—I then, too, smil-  
ing away these horrors, the vision of the  
young French girl breaks upon my dreams and  
in all the vividness of reality do I behold her like  
a ministering angel, bending over my couch  
till once more I feel her dark tresses cluster-  
ing over my brow, and the pressure of her soft  
warm cheek to mine."

[From the New York Courier.]

The following lively sketch is from the same  
charming pen which adorns our columns un-  
der the signature of "Norma." The fair-writer  
deserves a vote of thanks from the Corps  
Editorial.

### A NEWSPAPER.

A Newspaper! It is the credit of genius—the  
record of truth. Wood cut engravings adorn it,  
and the Muses smile graciously upon it. A  
newspaper! It is a picture of the world. Cast  
thine eyes over its grim pages; like that, all is  
confusion and bustle—each one pushing forward  
to attract attention by arts no matter how trivial.  
Little ships and big ships; steam boats with  
their roaring wheels and black smoke, white past  
us; post coaches and black boys; boxes of tea  
and barrels of Cognac; Franklin additions to La-  
Fayette bedsteads, strayed animals, & found mis-  
ers are mingled promiscuously together. "Money  
money!" cries the Lottery office, "Five!" cries the  
Insurance Company. Strange that between  
both, men cannot get money and keep it.

Some applicants for public notice are very in-  
dest in their approaches, only soliciting favors  
as long as they desire it; others are more  
aware of their claims on public gratitude, and  
sincerely some are prompted by the very spirit of  
philanthropy. The same diversified scene is  
one column a fire! in the next a successful specu-  
lation. Here a man eats himself to death, there  
a child is starving; the widow, who has lost  
a partner, and the rich man offers his loan to  
register of Death numbers the old, the maimed,  
aged and the young!—Matrimony! all the  
is generally long and appalling. Notice is  
some Jonathan is close at hand, advertising  
reformer Gib; what is the matter with your  
friend? is thy steak cooked too much? or  
thy potatoes burnt up? or thy horse locked  
twelve P. M. and thou on the outside of  
the love gadding about? the most be-  
creatures, for the makes no merry  
newspaper! it makes one love this  
ball of earth. All the ships, the well built  
per bottomed, and fast sailing; the houses of  
good repair—extending out grounds, delight-  
situated no time-batched houses or

MILLER, Jr.  
of Cecil county.

cambrics; no mouldy almonds or musty oranges, or sour raisins; Madeira wine and Spanish cigars are all of trans-Atlantic origin. In short, every thing comes from its proper place. Human beings too, seem to be very social—so many partnerships. Sometimes indeed, we find some little soul, armed with a patent right, elbowing his way through the crowd, threatening "chains and slavery" to all who dare invade his proper sphere; but generally men seem to have coupled themselves together in loving fellowships. Much as our world has been abused by misanthropes & despised by poets, we doubt whether they would find in the clouds any thing half so convenient. Why, here is every thing—Theatres and Circuses, rope-dancers and singers, gardens and gun-powder; doctors for the sick, teeth for the toothless, wigs for the bald, braces for the ill-shaped, rouge for the pale, and white lead for the rosy. It is indeed a bright and beautiful world, and we pray, gentle reader, that thou mayest be preserved from the spirit of love and poetry; only read thy newspaper punctually, and it will always appear to thee bright and beautiful.

[From the National Journal.]  
Mr. Andrew Stevenson.—One of the main grounds on which the Jackson leaders of the Virginia party rest their opposition to Mr. Adams, is his Tariff and Internal Improvement principles. The cry is, that his latitudinarian construction of the Constitution is too much opposed to the feelings and opinions of Virginia, to admit the possibility of support being rendered to him from that quarter. Under this cloak of principle, the Virginia leaders covertly look to their own interests only, and as far as they can do it without the risk of exposure, throw off their public prudery, and amorously woo the enjoyments which are to be obtained by a little bargain and corruption. A little light has been thrown on this secret feeling and secret course of these leading partisans, by a disclosure which appears in the columns of the last number of the Richmond Whig.

It is very well known that Mr. Andrew Stevenson has certain affected antipathies. Among others he has an utter abhorrence of every thing which savours of a desire to obtain any portion of public distinctions, by such means as bargaining; he has also a profound hatred of the Administration, because of its Tariff principles, and also by his course in the Speaker's chair. He likewise cherishes a rooted aversion to the political course of Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay, on account of the bargain and intrigue, by which he is persuaded that they have become connected in the Administration. But what will the reader think when he is informed that Mr. Stevenson himself was willing to support this very Administration, with all its corrupt iniquities, and all its Tariff propensities, provided he could have obtained its assistance to place him in the Speaker's chair, at the commencement of the 19th Congress. The fact, however, is so. In March, 1825, just after the inauguration of Mr. Adams, as the Whig informs us, "Mr. Stevenson returned from Washington, in a frame of mind very different from what he has since manifested." He "then disclaimed all belief in Kromer's charges, and acquitted and vindicated Messrs. Adams and Clay in the fullest and even most impassioned manner. To constituents in this town, (continues the Whig,) and as we learn to constituents in other parts of this district, he stigmatized Kromer and his charges, ridiculed the tale of bargain and corruption, and defended the vote that Mr. Clay had given for Mr. Adams, as a vote that he himself should have given under the same circumstances—as a vote that Virginia would give, and as a vote that Mr. Clay, from his previous known opinions of Gen. Jackson, was compelled to give."

The Whig then continues to give the date and the fact of the change in Mr. Stevenson's opinion, in the following paragraph. "On his return from Congress in 1826, Mr. Stevenson had become, from some cause, a changed man. He no longer disbelieved the tale of bargain and corruption, he no longer thought that Mr. Clay had given the vote that he would have given, that Virginia would have given, and that Mr. Clay was compelled upon principle to give."  
Mr. Andrew Stevenson has opposed the administration with so much acrimony, and has shown so little of fastidious delicacy in circulating against Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay the exploded tale of bargain and corruption, that he has not only rendered it proper, but compelled the friends of the administration to advert to his inconsistencies, and to show that he did not always think as he now affects to think, but that there was a time when, if his own declarations are to pass for any thing, he was ready to support the administration, for a specified consideration. If this be not the very essence of a bargain, we would thank some one skilled in the craft of trade, to tell us what it is. We have no doubt Mr. Stevenson thought he was offering a bargain; and if the member of Congress to whom he made the offer did not exhibit an equal readiness to trade, the fault did not rest with Mr. Stevenson, who brought his commodity of conscience to the market.

We subjoin the letter which fixes the charge on Mr. Stevenson, of having sought such a bargain. We presume the statement of Mr. Sloane will not be denied. The exposition shows with what sincerity Mr. Stevenson alleges that his conviction of the corruption of Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay, and his hatred of the Tariff, on principle, are the insurmountable barriers which prevent him from aiding the administration.

[From the Richmond Whig.]  
Wester, Ohio, Aug 28th, 1828.

Dr. Sir.—I have just read the letter of the Hon. Andrew Stevenson, giving the reasons which induced him to oppose the present Administration, and to advocate the election of Gen. Jackson. It is not my intention, at present to animadvert upon that letter, although I consider it extremely vulnerable; my object is to put the public in possession of a fact which may tend to elucidate the origin of Mr. Stevenson's opposition to the Administration of Mr. Adams. During the last Presidential canvass, Mr. Stevenson was vehement in his opposition to General Jackson; and, as was understood, on account of certain conduct, and alleged traits of character which subsequent investigation has undeniably established. Previous to the first session of Congress after Mr. Adams, election, it was known that of the four gentlemen who were candidates Mr. Stevenson preferred Mr. Adams next to Mr. Crawford who was his favorite. A few days after the election of President by the House of Representatives, in February 1825, I was approached by Mr. Stevenson in the House of Representatives when he proceeded to make certain enquiries, and observations relative to the election of Speaker at the ensuing session. He observed, that he had been informed, that it was the intention of the friends of Mr. Clay to vote for Mr. M'Lane of Delaware and expressed his surprise that they should think of electing a man of Mr. M'Lane's politics. I answered his enquiries and remarks, by stating in substance, that his information was incorrect; that although I knew of no consultation having taken place among those who were called Mr. Clay's friends, I felt confident, that however they might respect Mr. M'Lane as a man of talents they would not vote for him as Speaker. I mention this conversation, as it is probable that it was the cause of what subsequently occurred between Mr. Stevenson and myself.

At the commencement of the session of Congress, in December, 1825; Mr. Taylor, Mr. Campbell of Ohio, and Mr. Stevenson, were

candidates for the Speaker's chair. Just as the members were preparing, their ballots to go into an election I was met in the Representatives' chamber by Mr. Stevenson: he appeared to be much agitated and by his manner discovered great solicitude: he accosted me in the following words, which he spoke with great earnestness, and enforced with his peculiar gesticulation, "Elect me Speaker, and by God I'll sustain the Administration." This observation on my mind: not that I felt any particular interest in the course which Mr. Stevenson might think proper to pursue, but from the nature of the proposition itself, and the manner of making it. At that time I had no intimation that Mr. Stevenson had any idea of joining in the support of General Jackson. I mentioned the subject of our conversation, and related all the particulars to my friend Mr. Whittlesey, immediately after the adjournment of the House. As Mr. Stevenson has thought proper to denounce the measures of the present Administration, in broad and general terms, I think it but just that the public should know that there was a time long after Mr. Adams had in his inaugural address developed the policy he intended to pursue, when Mr. Stevenson did not consider the Administration unworthy of support.

You will please insert this in your paper. I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Your obt. servt.  
John H. Pleasants, Esq. J. SLOANE.

### FOREIGN NEWS.

#### THE RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN.

From the Paris Journal du Commerce.  
The eyes of all Europe are turned towards Shumla, where the great quarrel between Russia and the Ottoman Porte is to be decided. The army of the Emperor Nicholas is in sight of this important position, which the Turks justly regard as the bulwark of their empire; a few days hence, and the fate of a campaign upon which depends the peace of the world, will be decided. If the Russians succeed in carrying the Ottoman Thermopylx, it is probable that no serious obstacle will be opposed to their march at Constantinople; but in the contrary case; it is to be presumed that their efforts during the rest of the year will be limited to a few sieges on the Danube, and that the advanced state of the season will not allow them to execute any decisive operations.

The present state of the military operations enables us correctly to appreciate the progress of the invasion, and to hazard some historical comparisons to which circumstances give a high interest. The campaign was hardly opened when the result was already looked upon as infallible. The most distinguished Generals placed themselves at the head of popular opinion and traced a plan of operations for the Russian army, which in a few moments was to terminate with a *Te Deum* in the elegant Mosque of Saint Sophia. If these brilliant prophecies are not realized, our skillful military men may console themselves by saying that the Emperor Nicholas rather prefers to follow the beaten paths than to adopt their ideas.

The system of the Russian invasion is exactly the same as in the last war, and the campaign of 1810 will in many respects bear a parallel with that of 1828. The Imperial Army of Operation, at the first period, amounted to about 100,000 men, and it is probable that their force is not more considerable at the present day. Whatever may be the military resources of Russia, the difficulty of subsistence, and the necessity to provide for the complicated chances which the policy of some of the great Powers may bring about, especially at a moment when so much anxiety is awakened will necessarily prevent her from sending a larger army beyond the Danube.

The Emperor Nicholas follows in every point the plan traced by Bagration and executed by Kameiski. This plan consisted of proceeding en masse from Hirzowa upon Shumla, by Bazardjik, detaching various corps upon the right to besiege Silistria and Ruschuck, and to attack Varna on the left, thus clearing the country between the route followed by the main army and the sea. The campaign began as it did this year, about the middle of May; on the 10th of June Silistria had capitulated; Bazardjik defended with intrepidity by Paskiwan Aga, was carried by assault; and the Russian army arrived before Shumla, in the position which in 1828 it was only enabled to occupy on the 20th July, according to the official bulletin. Such a delay suffices to prove that the army of invasion has met more obstacles upon its march than during the preceding war.

When Kameiski appeared before Shumla, Ruschuck was invested, and Silistria and Rasgrad occupied by his troops. The Emperor Nicholas does not possess any of these advantages. The position of Shumla has not lost any of its strength and indeed it appears that Hussein Pacha was unhesitatingly occupied in defending the approaches to it by the aid of new redoubts. This city, built at the foot of one of the northern forts of the Balkan, occupies the interior of a crescent, enclosed by mountains reaching from the south to the west and north. These mountains which are very steep and lofty are covered with thorns and briars, which render their difficult of access. The eastern side alone is open, and presents a vast plain which extends towards Jemilazar. When the assault has attained a view of the position, three alternatives are left to him—to attack the front of the intrenchments which protect the east; to assail the heights of the town; or to endeavor to invest it, and take it by famine. Kameiski was fearful of attempting the attack in front, but he ordered his troops to scale the mountain and after a bloody action, six battalions succeeded in attaining the heights which form the northern point of the crescent. No advantage, however, could be taken of this position, as it was impossible to get artillery over the steep acclivities; and thus he was obliged to return to the investment; but an army three times as numerous as his own would hardly have succeeded in this operation. During seven weeks the Russians remained at the foot of the Balkan, almost in a state of mutiny, and in spite of every thing which the Turkish army received conveyed which kept them in abundance. The excessive heat had dried up the grass, and disturbed the rear of the army, and as they were protected by the difficulties of a country covered with wood and defiles, they were enabled to intercept the communications, and to pillage the convoys. Added to this, was the necessity for furnishing numerous escorts, which weakened the Russians, and they raised the siege on the 3d of August.

The Turkish army at that time did not amount to 40,000 men, but the forces now under the orders of Hussein Pacha are estimated at 120,000. The bulletins already begin to speak of the difficulty of the roads, the excessive heat & the want of water; so that in the face of these facts it may naturally be asked, will the Emperor Nicholas be enabled to overcome much greater obstacles than Kameiski?

IRELAND.—Mr. O'Connell was, at the last days upon a tour through the principal towns of Ireland. He had arrived at Clonmel from Cork. Clouds of people followed in his train making the welkin ring with their shout and cheers.—Triumphal arches are prepared for his reception, and dinners for his feasting.

The new Lord Lieutenant, the Marquis of Anglesea, is also making a tour through his vice-regal dominions, and is becoming very popular from his affability. The Morning Herald says: "The line of conduct which the Marquis of

Anglesea has adopted in Ireland is marked with that good sense & good feeling which gives the most popular charm to power. When the Spanish Ambassador expressed his astonishment to Queen Elizabeth at her going about among all classes of her subjects without the attendance of guards or any armed escort, that high minded Princess, pointing to the people who surrounded her with acclamations, replied: "Behold the guards of the Crown of England." The Marquis of Anglesea, though only a representative of Royalty, sets Royalty an example which it would always find its account in following. His conduct has, at all events, the claim of originality as a Viceroy of Ireland.

We know of none of the Lords-Lieutenants who preceded him in modern times in that country, who laid aside the statelyness of power and military display to go among the people like the first citizen of a State & cultivate their good will by showing an anxiety to ascertain their real condition—to learn their wants, sympathize with their feelings, and promote their improvement.—Our readers must have observed in what a simple unostentatious manner his Excellency visited the manufactures, inspected the state of agriculture, and entered into the habits, the wishes, and the enjoyment of the people. Nor has he displayed this fearless confidence only in the more populous towns and civilized neighborhoods;—he has passed through the most wild and savage districts without any protection but the popularity which he has so justly obtained. He has adopted the only way which remains to overcome the factious popularity of an O'Connell or any other demagogue who may derive, from the unfortunate circumstances of the country, a turbulent distinction. In this he has shown a moral courage which cannot be too much admired, united to the frankness of a soldier, and the wisdom of a statesman."

MADAME BONPLAND.—One of the most romantic enterprises of modern times is the search undertaken by Madame Bonpland for her husband, the celebrated naturalist, and the illustrious associate of Humboldt, in those researches which have shed so much light upon the operations of nature upon that most magnificent theatre of hers, the tropical regions of America. The strict jealousy with which Dr. Francia, the Dictator of Paraguay, guards the singular republic over which he reigns from the observation of the rest of the world, is well known. No stranger who visits it is willingly permitted to return, to carry back the story of what he has seen. Bonpland in pursuing his botanical researches penetrated into its territory, which offered an extensive and inviting field for the study of his favorite science. Of course he was detained by Dr. Francia, who has taken some pains, it seems, to convince the world, through the Brazil press, that he remains there by choice, and not by compulsion. In the mean time all solicitations to procure his release have been fruitless. The government of Buenos Ayres and the Emperor of Brazil, with several of the European governments, are said to have interested themselves in his behalf, but without effect. Madame Bonpland has now undertaken to join him in that distant and little known country, and if she cannot effect his release to share his captivity. What her husband has done for fame, and even more, this lady has done for affection. A London paper gives the following account of her voyage and perilous journey so far as is known.—[N. Y. Post.

"Madame Bonpland directed her voyage, in the first instance, to Rio Janeiro; but on her arrival there she found the young Emperor had not in his power to assist her romantic enterprise having already failed in his repeated efforts in favor of her husband. She accordingly left Rio in a French steam ship, & after a most tempestuous voyage arrived in Chile, where she remained several weeks, during which time she received every attention from the British merchants and residents, and in particular from Captain Joby, of the Whistler's ship Volage.—Upon her embarkation for Peru, she encountered a repetition of misfortunes in the loss of her trunk box, containing jewels to a considerable amount—losing, in her circumstances, she was little able to sustain the ordinary woman. She arrived at Lima, and took up her abode in the house of an English merchant to whom she was recommended. From thence, notwithstanding the strong remonstrances of her friends she set off for Upper Peru determined to prosecute her undertaking. Marshal Sucre, President of that republic, accorded her his protection, and manifested the greatest interest in her welfare. Subsequently she set off from Arica and Tacua, to traverse those immense wilds, hitherto unexplored by civilized man, and little known even to the native Indian, which separate the two countries. She was accompanied by a little black slave only 14 years of age. The next act of the chivalrous undertaking of this heroic woman will be looked for with the greatest interest by all lovers of science and the arts, to whom this brief account of her progress hitherto cannot fail to prove highly interesting."

Chillicothe, Sept. 24

The annual meeting of the Ohio Conference of the Methodist, Episcopal Church, commenced its session in this place, on Thursday the 18th inst. under the superintendence of the Right Reverend Bishop Roberts. Upwards of eighty Delegates, besides a number of visiting clergy, are in attendance. We understand that the business before this highly respectable ecclesiastical body has progressed in great harmony, and will probably be brought to a close on Friday or Saturday next. On Sunday last, divine service was performed by the Bishop;—after which the order of Deacons was conferred on sixteen candidates, & that of elders, on seven other clergymen, who had been previously admitted to the order of Deacons.—On Tuesday night the Board of Missions held their annual meeting, when a number of appropriate addresses were delivered, the annual report of the managers read & a collection taken up to aid in promoting the pious and benevolent objects of the Board, in disseminating the gospel among the Heathen. Among the interesting incidents which this occasion gave rise to, was an address from Hicks, a Wyandotte Chief, in his native Indian tongue, explained through the medium of an interpreter, showing the progress and effect of the missionary cause among the Sandusky and Canada Indians. His speech was sensible, impressive & eloquent, and excited the most respectful and profound attention from the immense untutored savage could say in behalf of christianity.

Habeas Corpus Act.—The following historical anecdote is related by Bishop Burnet. The Habeas Corpus Act was carried, says he, by an odd artifice in the House of Lords. Lords Grey and Norris were named as tellers—the latter being a man subject to vapours, was not at all times attentive to what he was doing; so a very fat Lord coming in, Lord Grey counted him TEN, as a jest at first, but seeing Lord Norris had not observed it he went on with this misreckoning too; so it was reported to the House declared that they who were for the Bill were the majority, though indeed it was on the other side; and by these means the Bill passed."

[From the Boston Patriot.]

### TRIAL FOR MURDER.

The trial of Robert Bush for the murder of his wife, came on before the Supreme Judicial Court at Springfield, on the 19th inst. and continued until noon on the 19th, when the Jury retired, and in two hours returned with a verdict of GUILTY. On the 20th, sentence of death was pronounced upon the unhappy culprit, in an impressive manner by Chief Justice Parker. The Solicitor General Davis opened the case, and produced witnesses who testified to the following facts.

On Saturday the 29th of September, 1827, at sun-set the prisoner procured 30 grains of opium and also powder and shot, with which he charged his gun, at the store of E. Jessup & son, and proceeded directly to the house where his wife was living. In consequence of the bad habits and character of Bush; there had been two years before a separation between him and his wife, who resided at the house of Capt. Jared Noble. Bush had repeatedly requested her to live with him again, and on the night previous to the murder, in consequence of her refusal he had threatened her life. On the way to the house he shook hands with several of the witnesses, telling them he should never see them more, and wished them well. One of the witnesses told Mrs. B. that her husband was coming to kill her, and was requested by her to stay with her; but she ran immediately to her father's for help. Her brother came out and saw Bush take his gun from the fence and go towards the house. He sprang towards him and was within ten feet of him when the gun was discharged. Mrs. B. was standing at the cellar door when he fired, and fell down the cellar stairs. Her right hand and arm was horribly mangled and fifteen shot were lodged in her side just below the breast bone. She lingered until 11 o'clock, when she expired. Bush was immediately seized and asked what he had been doing? He laughed and at first denied the deed; afterwards he said he had shot her in the bowels and "there was no mistake." He was observed to put something in his mouth which was soon ascertained by the smell to be opium. Powerful emetics were then offered him which he refused. They were forced down, the opium disgorge, and he was restored from the effects which it had already produced. During the whole scene he was calm, & made a slight effort to escape. On the next morning he was examined and pleaded guilty of the crime of murder. On his way to jail, he stopped at the house of his wife's father, and was shown the mangled corpse of his wife; he appeared deeply affected, and exclaimed "oh what have I done! I would give a thousand worlds could I exchange situations with her! Take me away—I cannot stay here!" His children were brought to him; but the sight of them seemed more deeply to afflict him, and he left the apartment. On the road, in conversation with the officer, he said "he had killed his wife because he was jealous but that he was mistaken in her guilt, and should never have committed the crime had it not been for him."

The defence set up by the Prisoner's Council Mr. Boies, rested upon the ground of Insanity, of that kind denominated by the medical men *Monomania*, or insanity on one subject, caused by the anxiety of his mind, in consequence of his separation from his wife. The evidence in defence brought forward facts in corroboration, he having conducted strangely at times. The medical witnesses testified that while in jail his pulse was very quick, from 100 to 114, but that that circumstance was not a uniform or safe criterion of insanity. It did not appear that he was in habits of intoxication, although he drank daily about half a pint of spirits.

Willardburg, Tioga co. (N. Y.) Sept. 17.  
SUICIDE.—On Sunday last, at his residence in Shippen township, near the Big Meadows, Mr. Elijah Dimmock committed suicide in the most shocking manner. The circumstances, as far as we have been able to ascertain, are as follows:—After having had a shock of the fever & ague, he retired to his bed room, as he said, to rest himself. Shortly afterwards the report of a rifle was heard in his room. A neighbor by the name of John L. Plenix who happened to be in the door or yard at the time, ran into the room, found the deceased on the bed with his pocket-knife in his hand in the very act of cutting his throat.—Mr. Plenix seized his arm and with much difficulty succeeded in holding him so as to prevent his repeating the stroke with the knife. Other assistance soon came in, and an attempt was made to stop the blood, the jugular vein being already cut; but he, as if fully determined to accomplish his horrid purpose, forced his fingers into the wounds & cut them open wider than before. He then requested to be let into the room as he was faint. He was accordingly led to the door, as he came near a window where there happened to be a broken knife, he hastily seized it, and with desperate violence struck it across his throat, severing the wind pipe and extending the wound quite to the bone. He expired almost instantaneously.

The rifle it appears was pointed at his head, and the ball on its discharge passed as near as to graze one side of his face, the direction probably having been slightly changed by pulling the trigger. Failing to destroy his life in this way, it would seem he had prepared himself with his knife for the contingency, and succeeded in his purpose, in spite of the utmost exertions of those present to prevent it.

[From the Ohio State Journal.]

SUICIDE.—Thomas Wood of Madison Township, ended his existence last Thursday by discharging the contents of a Gun in his breast.—The cause that led to this melancholy catastrophe is unknown. He was an intemperate man, but the day on which he destroyed himself he visited a neighbour a few hours before committing the fatal act where he appeared sober, and unusually cheerful. He has left a wife, and five children.

[From the Philadelphia Aurora.]

A singularly outrageous act was committed in the Police Office yesterday, during the examination of a prisoner on a criminal charge, a young man named William Forepaugh, was called as witness to testify on the part of the commonwealth. On passing the dock where the prisoner was seated, and within striking distance, the prisoner sprang on him with an unheated dirk, that he had secreted on his person, and made two well directed blows at the body of the witness, but which were so warded off by him, as to prevent his receiving but one of them slightly on his right breast.

He was instantly secured by the officers, disarmed and tied, and after his hearing and commitment on several charges of larceny, he was also committed for this assault and battery, with intent to murder, which he openly and repeatedly avowed. Forepaugh was an accomplice in crime, and was marked by this villain for his victim. The name of the prisoner is John Bradford, alias John Steward, a better known among thieves as English Jack, an old offender, having been frequently convicted, for larcenies, and we regret to say, but recently turned loose upon us by a pardon from the Governor of the commonwealth.

A fat Birth.—The annual income of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who lately died in England, was no less than 25,000 sterling, or \$11,000.—This is equal to the compensation that we allow to our President, the four Secretaries of the great Departments, the Postmaster General, the Chief Justice, and the six associate Judges of the Supreme Court, and the support of our Minister at London into the bargain.—The Bishop of London succeeds to this golden manger of the Church.—Niles.

[For the Eastern Gazette.]

### To the Citizens of the Eighth Electoral District.

In pursuance of an assemblage of the Jackson Committee at Denton on Tuesday the 12th of August, for the purpose of selecting their Electoral Candidate, they brought forth JAMES SANGSTON, Esq. of Caroline County for your support.

I conceive it nothing but just that the people of this district should know the unfavorable opinion of that gentleman towards the pretensions of General Jackson for the presidency.—I will commence by giving you a statement of Mr. William Emerson, a gentleman of known veracity and sterling integrity, and a zealous friend and advocate of James Sangston on all occasions, except the present. In a conversation with him at a Vendue in Tuckahoe Neck on the 29th August, he told me that previous to Sangston's being taken up, he advised him not to be a Candidate for Jackson, as it would have a tendency to injure his popularity, and that Sangston said he would not—and he further said that two weeks previous (to the vendue) in conversation with him, Mr. Sangston observed that "he neither likes Jackson nor Adams—that he believed Jackson to be a bad man—that he had placed the military over the civil authority—that he dragged a Judge from his seat—that he disapproved of his intimacy with a man's wife while her husband was a living—and that he believed if Mr. Adams was elected President there would be a Revolution in this Country in less than two years." I took down the words as expressed to me, and Mr. Emerson examined them, and stated they were correct, and that he would qualify to them at any moment if necessary.

Here then is an admission by the Jackson Candidate himself, of the truth of the charges that the friends of the Administration have made against General Jackson. We have charged him with being a bad man, for the whole history of his life demonstrates the fact—we have charged him with mounting the military over the civil authority of his Country—we have given a general detail of facts to show you where on various occasions he has done so; but James Sangston has made a sweeping declaration and embraces them all. Then I would ask you upon what principle can James Sangston support the election of General Jackson to the Presidency, while labouring under the impression that he has trampled the Civil authority beneath his feet, and of course made his own will paramount to all law? Can you believe that he supports him under the firm conviction that he should be elected in lieu of the reelection of Mr. Adams? or would you not rather impute it to some other cause?

On the day of the Jackson Caucus in Denton the great master spirit and grand mover of the Jackson machinery in Talbot, and the mouth piece of Mr. Sangston at Bullock Town, was there. Quere, was it not from some influence from him that caused Sangston to come out in despite of his unfavorable opinions of Jackson and repeated declarations that he would not be a Candidate for him?

I shall in due time give you a further explanation of his unfavorable opinion of Jackson, in a conversation between him and Daniel L. Haddaway, the Jackson Candidate, when they were canvassing for the Presidency in the first instance.

Mr. Sangston at the time he delivered his eloquent maiden speech at Edward Barwick's treat, told us that General Jackson was tried for his offences by a Court martial in Congress, and was honorably acquitted—he also told us that General Jackson was appointed District Attorney by General Washington, in Tennessee—I should like the gentleman to give us an explanation upon this, before he goes too far into difficulties.

Oct. 3, 1828. JOHN TILLOTSON.

SIERRA LEONE, June 10.

You will no doubt have heard of the death Colonel Denham. Exactly four years ago, this day, I had the honour of being presented to him on his assuming the command of Sierra Leone. His levee was most numerously attended by all the military and civil officers of this station by its magistrates and merchants. This gallant officer and celebrated traveller was surrounded by his staff and his friends—all eyes were turned upon him with looks of admiration and reward; he had escaped the dangers of the battle and travel—the field of Waterloo and the deserts of Africa. He returned here to rest after his many perils and enterprises—he now rests in his silent grave. This day the same hands bore the pall of his coffin which a little month ago grasped his in congratulation and joy. In the freshness of his life, & in the vigour of his manhood—even he succumbs to the destiny which awaits all who have the temerity to intrude on this awful spot—where death sits high enthroned. With all the military honours and with the still more precious honours of tears and of sorrow poured over his grave. Ere another month be passed, many who followed his obsequies will themselves be borne to the same place of rest, and become tenants of the same sepulchre.

You will ask me what is the cause of this place being so pestiferous. I cannot tell you. Its site is most beautiful and picturesque. It is a spot which the admirer of nature's beauty could contemplate with delight for hours, days and nights. After taking a night view of the city, his admiration would not extend further as it, and his life also, would be cut short by a remittent fever. To talk of miasmata, animal and vegetable decomposition, would be to use terms merely to conceal my ignorance. Write to me soon, else it may be, so far as I am concerned, a dead letter. When you write, put on the cover, "if dead, to be returned to." &c.—London paper.

A MISER.—A letter from Oldham says,—"A short time ago a person died at Farnham, named Mills, of extraordinary disposition and strange habits. He suffered his beard to grow for some years; till it had assumed a patriarchal length, and it is said, seldom applied soap to clean his face withal. It was known he was possessed of some money—perhaps 11,000 or 12,000—for he denied himself many of the common necessities, and all the luxuries of life.—He had two sons, but they were brought up and educated in a very humble way, and were put to trades a considerable distance from the hospitable home of their father. As might be expected on the old man's death, considerable curiosity was manifested to ascertain how much cash he had accumulated, and those immediately interested were not a little surprised by learning, on application at the Bank, that instead of 11,200 or 11,500, he had safely lodged there as many thousands! This agreeable fact stimulated further inquiry; and it was more than suspected, from his close mode of living at home, that possibly a few odd guineas or sovereigns might be left there, as well as in the Bank. Accordingly a rummage was instituted, and a clue being had, the cellar was searched, where snugly concealed in a corner, were found about 110,000! As such success had attended the parties below stairs, it was thought prudent to adopt a similar process in the upper apartments. They were not disappointed.—Gold was found in various places—even in tea cups and pill boxes, and the total proceeds of the search rewarded them with 112,000!!

### PRINTING

Of every description handsomely executed at this OFFICE AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

LATE ELECTION.

The result of the late election in Talbot is gratifying to all who regard it as the forerunner of the public sentiment in relation to the great question of the next Chief Magistrate of the Union. Freed from that prejudiced notion on the one hand, which disorders the sense, and from desperation, on the other, which seeks changes or advancement by whatever means, the people of Talbot have spoken in the language of reflection and of sound and safe discretion. They could not brook the idea of giving their sober judgements up to a course of things that had a tendency to place such a man as General Jackson in the Chief Magistracy of the Chair of the Country—they regard General Jackson as a fortunate Soldier, as a General of high merit, as a Commander who achieved a brilliant victory, and as such, they do him honor—but they have seen this same Gen. Jackson at other times and frequently, condemn the Laws of the Land, trample down the Constitution of the Country, defy and disobey his express Orders and his experience in authority, put down the Civil Magistracy, suspend and forbid the process of the Law that was going to inquire into the right of a citizen's imprisonment and of a Judge's being cast into Gaol by the order of a haughty military Commander, crazed with success and flushed with supposed power—and seeing all this and more, could it be expected that men who had been bred up to revere and love a Government of Laws to hold the military authority subordinate to the civil power, and who have been taught to believe, that men in power are as much bound by the Law of the Land, and owe it to their country, as a first duty to maintain the supremacy of the Law as other men, could for a moment after this enter-tain an idea of giving their support to General Jackson as President of the United States? Impossible.—Our thinking people are too well versed in the fundamental maxims of free Government, too sagacious in their knowledge of mankind, and too faithful to the rich inheritance left them by the fathers of the Revolution and the Founders of the Republic to rush to their own destruction under the blind guidance of a maddened enthusiasm. They say, as all should say, the man who dares to act against the Constitution of the Country, to disobey the Law, to put down the Civil Magistracy, to disregard his orders, to riot lawlessly in power, & to shed the blood of American citizens, our Brothers, unnecessarily and under colour of pretended authority, is a tyrant at heart an abuser of what he holds most sacred and unfit to be the Chief Magistrate over a free and enlightened People.

ELECTIONS.

The returns from the several Counties on the Eastern Shore, contained in this day's paper, are pledges of the sound views of our countrymen upon the momentous contest for the next President that has long agitated the nation, and which will now, in a few weeks, be brought to a close. We cannot but particularly re-sults in Caroline and Somerset, who have so handsomely distinguished themselves on this occasion. We are informed that but for the circumstance of their being five Administration Candidates in Dorset, that she too would have presented her opinions in behalf of the Administration with strong force. In Queen Ann's we have been somewhat disappointed, as from the reported nice division there, we had calculated on two and two. Kent is always a battle ground where good principles are warmly de-fended, never without ability, seldom without success, and she rises from the contest with her wonted éclat. In Worcester, we lamented to apprehend causes that might seem to make her appear as the advocate of the remorseless, merciless, lawless Military Chieftain—and it is so—yet for her sake and our Country's sake, we hope the late expression of her opinion has been more in relation to favour felt for the individual Gentlemen who were Legislative Can-didates, than a sure indication of her view as to the Presidential Election. In Cecil our disappointment is not great.—Three Jackson men are elected, and a tie between one of the Administration Candidates, (Mr. Thomas) and one of the Jackson Can-didates, (Mr. Townsend).

[COMMUNICATED.]

To your Posts good men and true.

The several Committees appointed for the respective Districts in Talbot County in support of the cause of the Administration, are earnestly requested to call immediate meetings in their proper Districts, to preserve their organization, and to make such further regula-tions as experience may have suggested, to give a full and free expression of the public voice on the approaching Electoral Election—that the Law and the Constitution may triumph over the man who has trampled both under his feet.

Election Returns.

TALBOT COUNTY.

Table with columns for Districts (Easton, St. Michaels, Trappe, Chapel) and Candidates (Administration: William Hughlett, Spry Denny, Levin Mills, Henry Spencer; Jackson: Thomas Henrix, George W. Nabb, Alex'r. B. Harrison, Peter Webb).

Table for Talbot County showing returns for Administration and Jackson candidates across various districts.

Table for Caroline County showing returns for Administration and Jackson candidates across various districts.

Table for Dorchester County showing returns for Administration and Jackson candidates across various districts.

Table for Somerset County showing returns for Administration and Jackson candidates across various districts.

Table for Worcester County showing returns for Administration and Jackson candidates across various districts.

Table for Kent County showing returns for Administration and Jackson candidates across various districts.

Table for Baltimore City showing returns for Administration and Jackson candidates across various wards.

Table for Annapolis City showing returns for Administration and Jackson candidates across various districts.

Text regarding the Jackson party in New York having nominated William Van Buren as their candidate for Governor of that State, and Enos T. Throop, for Lieutenant Governor. Also mentions the appointment of Sheriff in place of George Swearingen, also Collector of Taxes for Washington County, (Md.)

Steam Boat last night, we have received the returns from all the counties on the Western Shore, except Allegany—the parties in the House of Delegates stand thus far as follows:

Table for Maryland House of Delegates showing returns for Adams and Jackson candidates across various counties.

DELAWARE TRIUMPHANT FOR THE ADMINISTRATION! We learn from a gentleman from Delaware, who came on in the Steam Boat Line this morning, that just before he left accounts had been received of the complete triumph of the Administration party throughout the State by an increased majority. "The work goes bravely on."—Pat.

Sickness in the neighborhood of New York.—Public prayers were offered in some of our Churches last Sabbath, for the sick in the towns and villages adjacent to New York. From the statements that we hear, there must be a great deal of distress in the country at the present moment. Dr. Spring mentioned from his pulpit, that in a large church and congregation in this vicinity, such was the prevalence of disease that but eight persons were able to attend church on the preceding Sabbath. The Rev. gentleman also stated, that in many places there are no well people enough to take care of the sick. Last year there was more sickness than usual in the neighborhood of this city; but we believe the distress the present season is without a parallel. Meantime it should be a cause of fervent gratitude to Providence, that this city has been blessed with an unintermitted measure of health. Indeed, we are informed that the old order of things has so far been reversed, that the sick from the country have been brought into town, while many people have also made temporary removals to the city, to avoid the wasting sickness. [N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.]

Lamentable Accident.—At a regimental review of Infantry, at Bolton, Conn. on the 23d inst., an accident occurred of a painful description. A Mr. Buegel, (brother to Senator Ruggles, of Ohio) said to some of the present, that if they would have a cannon in honor of General Jackson, he would furnish powder. He accordingly furnished them with two kegs, and they commenced firing. At the second discharge, the cannon burst, & one man, from North Coventry, was instantly killed by the broken pieces, his head being literally severed from his body, one arm blown off, and otherwise shockingly mangled. Another man was so badly wounded, that his case is considered very dangerous. The name of the man killed is Benjamin F. Kuch, and of the man badly injured, Amos Avery.

SOUNDNESS OF THE LUNGS.—Dr. Lyons, Edinburgh, proposes an ingenious and practical test for trying the soundness of the lungs. The patient is directed to draw in a full breath, and then begin to count as far as he can, slowly and audibly, without again drawing in his breath.—The number of seconds he can continue is then to be carefully noted. In confirmed consumption, the time does not exceed eight, and is often less than six seconds. In pleurisy and pneumonia it ranges from nine to four seconds. But when the lungs are sound, the time will range as high as from twenty to thirty five seconds.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—"CANDIDUS" shall appear in our next.

ELECTORAL CANDIDATES

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE U. S. For the State of Maryland. ADAMS. JOHN Q. ADAMS, ANDREW JACKSON, RICHARD RUSH, JOHN C. CALHOUN, HENRY BRAWNER, C. C. JOSEPH STONE, S. M. JAMES F. FORREST, M. JOHN C. HERBERT, P. G. GEORGE BELTZER, F. WILLIAM TYLER, F. WILLIAM PRICE, W. WM. FITZGUGH, JR. W. JAMES BOYLE, A. A. BENJ. HOWARD, B. CITY WM. STEWART, B. CITY JOHN S. SCHEINMAN, A. CITY J. H. McGOLOCH, B. C. PIERCE BROWN, B. CO. J. M. SWEET, O. THOMAS M. FOREMAN, C. THOMAS EMORY, Q. A. JOHN T. BEESE, K. First Election District of Dorchester: T. R. LOCKERMAN, T. JAMES SANGSTON, C. Second Election District: Somers and Worcester Counties: Littleton Dennis, S. THOS. K. CARROLL, S.

Departed this life on the 5th inst. after a short illness, at his late residence in this county, Mr. JOSEPH DENNY, aged 84 years 5 months and 29 days. Died in this county on Monday last, Emily Ann, eldest daughter of Heuben P. Emmons, E. aged 2 years 10 months and sixteen days. In this town on Thursday last, after a short illness, Mr. Peter L. Durborough.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed, against William A. Leonard, Edward Roberts, Eusebius Leonard and Samuel Roberts, at the suit of Isaac Atkinson, will be sold at public sale at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. the following tracts or parts of tracts of land, to wit: Part of Smith's Cliff; part Chesnut Bay, and part of Burrows's Discovery, containing the quantity of 280 acres of land, more or less.—Also the following personal property, to wit: 6 head of horses, 18 head of cattle, and 30 head of sheep.—Taken as the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of said William A. Leonard, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias. Attendance by W. TOWNSEND, Shff. Oct. 11 to

NEW Ironmongery, Grocery, Queen's Ware, China & Glass Store.

W. H. GROOME, having thought it advisable to withdraw from the Dry Goods business, and to remove from the Store House which he has long occupied, to that lately occupied by his brother Samuel Groome, opposite the Bank, begs leave to inform his Customers and the Public generally, that he has taken his nephew Peregrine Groome, formerly of this place, into partnership with him and recommended business under the firm of W. H. & P. GROOME. And intend keeping constantly on hand, A Large and General assortment of IRONMONGERY, GROCERIES, QUEEN'S WARE, CHINA GLASS, & FANCY ARTICLES, of the best qualities—and to sell them on the lowest terms for CASH. W. H. G. therefore solicits for himself and Partner, a continuance of the custom of his Old Friends, as well as those of the late Samuel Groome, and the Public generally for any articles in the above line, assuring them that the strictest attention will be paid to the business, and to all Orders addressed to them. Easton, Oct. 11—4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of three writs of vendi. expo. issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against James Chambers, at the suits of the following persons, to wit: Edward N. Hambleton use of Jacob Loockerman use of Levin Mills, sen. William Ferguson and Eusebius Leonard (Levin Mills, sen. and Wm. Ferguson's parts for the use of Joshua Dixon and Rebecca, his wife, formerly Rebecca Gregory, and George W. Nabb, will be sold on Friday 7th of November, next, at the dwelling plantation of said Jas. Chambers, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property, to wit: All the estate, right, title, interest and claim of him the said Jas. Chambers, of, in and to the following tracts or parts of tracts of land: that is to say, part of Orem's Delight and Turner's Reserve, containing the quantity of 102 acres of land more or less, part of Chambers, Adventure, and part of The Adventure containing 214 acres of land, part of Locust Grove containing 364 acres part Dunmore Heath, in King's Creek, containing 274 acres, of land more or less—also the following negroes, to wit: one negro man called Tom, 1 do. called Jim, 1 do. Greenbury, 1 woman called Fiancee 1 do. called Annise 1 girl called Charlotte, 1 do. called Mary, 1 do. called Maria, 1 boy called George, 1 called Theodore; all the above negroes are for a term of years; also ten beds, bedsteads & furniture, 1 eight day clock 2 side boards 4 tables, 13 Windsor chairs, 2 cupboards, and contents, all the balance of the household and kitchen furniture—also 14 head of cattle, 10 head of horses 40 head of hogs, 24 head sheep, 1 gig and harness, all the crop of wheat sowed on the lands, a quantity of corn, husks, &c. and eight stacks of hay—taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid writ, expo. and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance given by WILLIAM TOWNSEND, Shff. Oct. 11.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of six writs of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed at the suits of David Fairbanks use Samuel Groome, Joseph Scull, use Conrad Kelly & Co. Jacob Crommiller, Margaret Kirby, Richard Spencer, use of Isaac Atkinson and Joseph Robinson, also by virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued and directed as aforesaid, at the suit of John Porter, against John Dawson, will be offered at Public Sale on Tuesday the 5th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. and sold for Cash to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Easton, the Farm of the said John Dawson on which he at present resides be the quantity what it may; ALSO—The Farm or Plantation of said Dawson, called & known by the name of "Peck's Point"—Also a tract or part of a tract of Land which said Dawson purchased of the Heirs of Owen Kennard, known by the name of the "Oakfields," containing thirty Acres of Land more or less, & two Negro women. Also will be sold by virtue of the writs of Venditioni Exponas aforesaid, on the next day between the hours aforesaid on the premises of the said Dawson for Cash; six head of Horses, twenty head of Cattle, thirty head of sheep, and four Ox Carts. Seized and taken as the Goods & Chattels Lands and Tenements of the said John Dawson, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the writs of Venditioni Exponas and Fieri Facias, and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.—Attendance given by WM. TOWNSEND, Shff. Oct. 11 to

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas at the suit of Solomon Lowe use Samuel Groome and a writ of fieri facias at the suit of Lambert Reardon; issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed, against Wm. P. Kerr will be offered for sale and sold to the highest bidder, for cash at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Easton, on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. all the reversionary right and interest of the said Wm. P. Kerr, of, in and to the Farm on which Samuel Lowe now resides, situate near the Hole in the Wall, be the quantity what it may—Seized and taken as the lands and tenements of the said Wm. P. Kerr, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the writs aforesaid and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance given by WM. TOWNSEND, Shff. Oct. 11.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of four writs of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot County Court, and to me directed against John Dawson, at the suit of Wm. W. Moore, Isaac Atkinson, Adm'r. of Jas. Edmondson, Robert H. Goldborough and William Clark, will be sold for Cash at the front door of the Court House, in Easton, on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property, to wit: The Farm or Plantation of said Dawson where he at present resides, containing 291 acres more or less and known by the name of Shrigley's Fortune, part Rocky Neck, part of Hills neck, and Hoopers Point, situate on Miles River and Third Haven Creek; and also the Farm or Plantation known by the name of Peck's Point, be the quantity what it may, seized and taken, as the property of said Dawson, to pay and satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas, debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Also, on Wednesday the 5th day of November next, between the hours 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit: 10 head of Horses, 28 head of Cattle, 4 yoke of Oxen, 50 head of Sheep and one Gig and Harness, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas, debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by THOS. HENRIX, late Shff. Oct. 11.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed, against William A. Leonard, Edward Roberts, Eusebius Leonard and Samuel Roberts, at the suit of Isaac Atkinson, will be sold at public sale at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. the following tracts or parts of tracts of land, to wit: Part of Smith's Cliff; part Chesnut Bay, and part of Burrows's Discovery, containing the quantity of 280 acres of land, more or less.—Also the following personal property, to wit: 6 head of horses, 18 head of cattle, and 30 head of sheep.—Taken as the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of said William A. Leonard, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias. Attendance by W. TOWNSEND, Shff. Oct. 11 to

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of three writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed, against Jabez Caldwell, at the suit of James Wilson, Jr. use of Hugh W. Evans, Tristram Needles, use of David & J. Ruddleck, use of the President Directors and Company of the Commercial and Farmer's Bank of Baltimore, use of Richard W. Thompson and the President, Directors and Company of the Farmers Bank of Maryland for the use of Lott Warfield, will be sold for Cash at the front door of the Court House on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. & 5 o'clock P. M.—the following Property to wit: All and singular that Lot or parcel of Ground situate lying and being in the Town of Easton, and all the Buildings thereon, and all the Estate right title or terms of years of Jabez Caldwell, of, in and to the same which James Neall sold and conveyed & assigned to Jabez Caldwell by his Deed, bearing date the eighth day of April 1818, as by reference being thereto had fully appear on the Land Records of Talbot County. ALSO—All and singular that Lot or parcel of Land & Ground situate in the Town of Easton adjoining to Lot No. one hundred and sixteen, at the west end thereof, & on west street, which was sold and conveyed by James Neall to said Jabez Caldwell, by his Deed of bargain and sale, bearing date the 8th day of April 1818 in fee simple, as by reference to said Deed will appear—Seized and taken as the Property of said Caldwell, to pay and satisfy the above writs of Venditioni's, Exponas, debt, interest and costs due, & to become due thereon. Attendance by THOS. HENRIX, late Shff. Oct. 11—ts

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of eight writs of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Fayette Gibson, at the suit of John Welsh alias John J. Welsh, Edw'd. Auld, Adm'r. of Jos. Parrott, Eusebius Thomas & William H. Groome, use of Philemon Thomas, William W. Moore, Francis D. McHenry, Edward Lloyd, William Farlow, Adm'r. of Thomas Harrison of Jos. and James Tilton, Ex'r. of Jas. Tilton, will be sold for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in Easton, on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following Property, to wit—A tract of Land called Marengo, containing five hundred and fifty acres of Land, more or less, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas, debt, interest, and costs due, and to become due thereon. Also on Thursday the 6th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. at the House of said Gibson, will be sold for Cash, the following property, to wit—13 head of Horses, 40 head of Cattle, 52 head of Sheep, and 20 head of Hogs, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs, debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by THOS. HENRIX, late Shff. Oct. 11.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Enoch Moigan at the suit of James Chapman will be sold for Cash at the Court House door in Easton, on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property, to wit: part of a tract of land called Powicks or House Manner, containing two hundred acres, more or less, situated near the Trappe—seized and will be sold to pay and satisfy the above writ of venditioni exponas, debt, interest and cost due and to become due thereon. Attendance by THOS. HENRIX, late Shff. Oct. 11 to

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot County Court, and to me directed, against Fiddeman Rolle at the suit of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash at the front door of the Court House in Easton, on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five o'clock P. M. the following property to wit—The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas, debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff. Oct. 11.

Agricultural Notice.

THE TRUSTEES of the Maryland Agricultural Society will hold their next meeting at "St. Aubin" the seat of Mr. Hammond, on Thursday the 16th day of October inst. at which the members are respectfully invited to attend at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. By order, R. SPENCER, Secretary. Oct. 11

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore County, on the 21 day of October, 1828, by James B. Busley, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a negro woman who calls herself RACHEL ROSETTA VIEW, alias Phoebe, and says she is free born, that she lately lived with Benjamin Coons, of Smyrna in the State of Delaware; said negro is 5 feet 2 inches high and about 24 years of age, had on when committed a white gingham frock with blue and purple stripes. The owner of the above desc'd negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore County Jail. Oct. 11 8w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore County on the first day of October, 1828, by Thomas Sheppard, esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a negro Girl who calls herself HARRIET and says she belongs to Mrs. Deborah V right, of Easton, Talbot county, E. S. Maryland, but that she recently lived with Mr. Neibling on the Market street road; said negro is 5 feet 1 inch high and about 21 years of age, had on when committed a blue linen frock with white and red stripes, fine shoes and stockings.—The owner of the above described negro woman is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore County Jail. Oct. 11 8w

NOTICE.

ON Wednesday the 22d of October, will be offered at public sale, at the Store-House occupied by Nathaniel Slawson in the Town of Vienna, (if not sold before at private sale)—an ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS, with a suitable supply of GROCERIES—All in on the best terms and adapted to the season. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale, may be accommodated by applying to Doct. C. Stanford.—Terms of sale will be made known on the day of Sale. NATHANIEL SLAWSON, Vienna, Sept. 27th, 1828.—3w

Magistrate's Blanks FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

# POETRY.

## In the Morning of Life.

In the morning of life, when its cares are unknown,  
And its pleasures in all their new lustre begin,  
When we live in a bright beaming world of our own,  
And the light that surrounds us is all from within;  
Oh 'tis not, believe me, in that happy time,  
We can love, as in hours of less transport we may;

Of our smiles, of our hopes, 'tis the gay sunny prime,  
But affection is warmest when these fade away.  
II.  
When we see the first charm of our youth pass us by,  
Like a leaf on the stream that will never re turn;  
When our cup, which had sparkled with pleasure so high,  
Now tastes of the other, the dark flowing urn;  
Then, then is the moment affection can sway  
With the depth and a tenderness joy never knew;

Love nurs'd among pleasures, is faithless as they,  
But the love, born of sorrow, like sorrow is true!  
III.  
In climes full of sun shine, though splendid their dyes,  
Yet faint is the odour the flow'rs shed about;  
'Tis the clouds and the mists of our own weeping skies,  
That call their full spirit of fragrant out.  
So the wild glow of passion may kindle from mirth,  
But 'tis only in grief true affection appears:  
To the magic of smiles it may first owe its birth  
But the soul of its sweetness is drawn out by tears!

# CO-PARTNERSHIP.

## NOTICE.

THE Subscribers are associated under the firm of  
**CONNOLLY & PANSON,**  
And have taken Ware-House No. 85 Smith's wharf, Baltimore, for the transaction of  
**Commission Business,**  
and respectfully solicit the patronage of their Friends and the Public.  
**HENRY CONNOLLY,**  
**RICH'D. M. PANSON.**  
Sept. 20—4t  
P. S. Refer to Doct. E. Martin, Mr. Jos. Martin, Ennalls Martin Jr. and Martin Goldsborough.

# THROUGH IN A DAY.

FROM Philadelphia to Centreville, Maryland, via Delaware City, St. George's, Middletown—Warwick—Head of Sassafras—and Head of Chester to Centreville.

This line is now running, and will continue throughout the Season—to leave Philadelphia by the Steam-Boat **BATIMORE**, Captain W. WHILLDIN—From Pine Street Wharf, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, at 6 o'clock, for Delaware City—there to take the Canal Packet-boat **LADY CLINTON**, for St. George's, and from thence in Stages to Middletown, Warwick, Head of Sassafras, Head of Chester, and Centreville, arriving at Centreville the same evening at eight o'clock.

Returning, leaves Centreville on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at 4 o'clock, arriving at Delaware City in time to take the Steam Boat to Philadelphia, and arriving there at 6 o'clock, P. M.

Connected with the Despatch Line is a line of Stages from Centreville to Easton, leaving Centreville on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, at 8 o'clock for Easton.

Returning, leaves Solomon Lowe's Tavern Easton, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and takes the Despatch Line the morning following for Philadelphia.

There is also in connection with this Line a Stage to convey Passengers from the Baltimore Steam Boat Patuxent, at Georgetown, to intersect the Despatch Line at Massey's Cross-Roads, and to convey Passengers from Massey's Cross-Roads to the Steam Boat.

Passengers coming in this Line for Newcastle or Wilmington, will meet a Stage from Dover at St. George's.

## FARE.

From Philadelphia to Delaware City	\$1 25
Do. St. George's	1 50
Do. Middletown	2 00
Do. Warwick	2 25
Do. Head of Sassafras	2 50
Do. Head of Chester	3 00
And Do. Centreville	4 25.

MULFORD, BRADSHAW, & Co. PROPRIETORS.

Sept. 13—w

# HOUSES &c. TO RENT.

TO BE RENTED for the next year, the following Houses in and about Easton, to wit: The House and Premises on the East Side of Washington Street, where George P. Thompson now lives, a few doors above the Store of Mr. Jas. Wilson.

The Houses & Gardens at the White Chimnies, near the Eastern limits of the town, on the road to Dover Bridge.

The House where Mrs. Russel now lives on Washington street near Campers Carriage-shop. The House & Garden at Easton Point, where Wm. Barnett lives.

The House & Lot, at Woodhawk's-Bridge, where William Bending lately lived, and a small Farm near it.—For terms apply to  
**JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH.**

Easton, Sept. 13 if  
P. S. A Farm in Banbury, & Mrs. Harwoods Farm near Hook-town, are also to be rented for next year.

# Small Farms & Houses for Rent.

The Subscriber has some small farms which he wishes to lease for one or more years: ALSO  
The Dwelling House now occupied by Mrs. Charlotte Reardon, on Washington Street, opposite the Easton Point road—the most healthy spot in Easton.

ALSO  
The Small Tenement on the hills near my Dwelling.  
**JOHN LEEDS KERR.**

Easton July, 12.

# NOTICE.

WAS Committed to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 18th day of Sept. inst. by Thos. D. Cockey, Esq., a Justice of the Peace for said county, as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself **Mark Carroll**, and says he belongs to Zediah Cook, of Middle Brooke Mills, Montgomery county, Maryland. Said negro is five feet eight inches high, and about thirty one years of age. Had on when committed a lincey roundabout of light color, and white linen shirt and pantaloons of the same, fur hat and shoes. The owner of the above described negro man is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
Sept. 27—8w

WAS Committed to the Jail of Baltimore county, by John Walter, Esq., a Justice of the Peace for said county, on the seventeenth day of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, as a runaway, a negro girl who calls herself **ANN DORSEY**, and says she belongs to Thomas Stabler, near Brookville, Montgomery county, Maryland—said negro is four feet eight inches high, about eighteen years old, (at which age she says she was to have been free.) Had on when committed a yellow stripe homespun cotton frock, and calf-skin shoes. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
Sept. 27—8w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 28th day of August, 1828, by David B. Ferguson, Esq., a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself **FORTON GIBSON**, and says he is free born. Said negro is five feet, eight inches high, and about forty-four years of age.—Had on when committed an old pair of black bombazet pantaloons, check shirt and an old fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore county Jail.  
Sept. 13—8w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 1st day of September, 1828, by Lewis Baltzell, Esq., a Justice of the Peace for the City of Baltimore, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself **JAMES COOPER**, and says he is free.—said negro is five feet seven inches high, about 27 years of age—had on when committed a pair of brown cloth pantaloons and check shirt, coarse shoes and an old fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore county Jail.  
Sept. 13—8w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 24 day of September, 1828, by Charles Kerwan, Esq., a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a black Negro Woman who calls herself **LILA BROWN**, and says she belongs to Samuel Ridgely, of Anne Arundel county, Maryland. She is about 4 feet 10 inches high, and 35 years of age—had on when committed a blue and white striped lincey frock nearly new. The owner of the above described negro woman is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore county Jail.  
Sept. 13—8w

# NOTICE.

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore county, by John Walter, Esq., a Justice of the Peace for said county, on the 17th day of August, 1828, as a runaway, a negro girl who calls herself **Ann Dorsey**, and says she belongs to Thomas Stabler, near Brookville, Montgomery county, Maryland; said negro is 4 feet 8 inches high; about 18 years old, (at which age she says she was to have been free.) Had on when committed a yellow stripe homespun cotton frock, and calf-skin shoes. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Baltimore county Jail  
Aug. 30 w

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore County, by John Murray, Jr., Esquire a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, on the 23d July, 1828, as a runaway, a black negro woman named **Julia Jan**, and her female child, and who says they belong to Henry Dashed, of the city of Baltimore. The woman is five feet high, and about thirty four years of age.—Had on when committed a blue cross barred domestic frock, and a head handkerchief; the child is about eighteen months old, and has a scar on one of its arms.

The owner of the above described negroes is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of Balt. co. jail  
Aug. 16 8w

# NOTICE.

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore county by Jas. B. Bosley, esq., on the 13th July, 1828, a negro man who calls himself **Anthony Bowman**, and who says that he belongs to Charles N. Clagett, near the Woodyard farm Prince George's county Maryland. Said negro is about five feet six inches high & about twenty eight years of age, had on when committed a dark coloured cotton cassimere roundabout Jacket and pantaloons, and old fur Hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away otherwise he will be discharged according to law.  
**DIXON STANSBURY, Warden**  
of B. C. Jail.  
August 16. 8w

WAS committed to the jail of Washington county, Md. on Saturday the 30th ult. a negro man, who calls himself  
**HENRY BROWN,**  
says he belongs to Nicholas Snowden, living near Vanville, Prince George's county, Maryland. Said negro is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a small scar under the left eye, and one above the right; a large scar on the left arm, just above the wrist. Had on an old fur hat, coarse Onaburg roundabout, tow linen pantaloons, pretty much worn, coarse shoes, one pair of corded pantaloons. He says he left home on Wednesday the 27th August, 1828.

The owner of the above slave is desired to come forward, prove his property and pay fees, or else he will be discharged according to law.  
**GEO. SWERINGEN, Sheriff.**  
Sept. 27—4w

Magistrate's Blanks FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

# Fountain Inn

LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE.

## M. BARR

HAVING leased the above extensive, well known and long established HOTEL, informs his friends, the friends of the House and the Public generally, that he has had the house thoroughly repaired & fitted up in a very superior manner with entire new furniture, and is now prepared with every requisite, throughout every department of his establishment to make his customers comfortable.

There are several pleasant parlors fitted up with chambers attached, having a private entrance for the accommodation of families.

The location of this Hotel is most advantageous for Gentlemen visiting the city on business, being near both the wharves and Market street—however it is known to almost every gentleman who comes to Baltimore by the bay, and has been formerly a favourite stopping place with them.

The proprietor trusts it will become a favorite house again with gentlemen from the bay, when it is known that the house is in as fine order as it ever has been; and he feels a confidence (will gentlemen call and see the alterations and improvements made) that a portion of patronage will be awarded him, pledges himself that as far as attention and exertion can go toward accommodation, nothing will be wanting to produce comfort.

Terms of board one dollar per day. Baltimore, May 3, 1828—6m

The Cambridge Chronicle, Centreville Times, and Elkton Press will publish the above 6 months, and forward their accounts to the Proprietor.

# FALL GOODS.

WILLIAM CLARK has just received and is now opening a handsome assortment of FRESH IMPORTED & DOMESTIC GOODS, Adapted to the present and approaching Seasons, which will be offered at a small advance for CASH.  
Easton, Oct. 4, 1828.—3t cow

# FOR RENT,

THE ENSUING YEAR. The House Garden and Stables on Washington street, lately occupied by me, and at present occupied by Mr. Thos. Hayward, jr.—ALSO The House Garden and Stables lately occupied by James C. Wheeler, & the House and Garden at present occupied by Mr. Wheeler, on the Landing road.—These Houses are comfortable and in good repair. To approved tenants, the terms will be very reasonable.  
**EDW'D. N. HAMBLETON.**  
Aug. 9—1828. if

# FARM TO BE RENTED.

TO be rented for the next year, the Farm on which Mr. Jesse Scott is now living as a tenant—It is commonly called the Tandy Farm.—It is about 8 or 9 miles from Easton, on the road to Centreville. Persons disposed to rent are requested to view the Premises, & make application to the subscriber.  
**JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH,**  
agent for Dr. James Tilton.  
Easton, July 26—4t

# FARM TO BE RENTED.

TO be rented for the next year, the Farm in Banbury where John Norris now lives.—It is pleasantly situated on Choptank River, about three miles from the Trappe, and near enough to Cambridge to make it profitable to carry market articles there. For terms apply to  
**JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH,**  
Easton, July 26—1828.  
N. B. The subscriber has also two small farms near Easton, and several Houses & Lots to rent.

# FOR RENT

THAT VALUABLE Establishment late the property of James M. Lambdin, situated next door to the Post Office and is one of the most valuable business stahds in Easton. The property can be divided or Rented all together to suit Tenants. Apply to  
**GEORGE W. NABB.**  
Easton, May 10.

# For Rent at a Reduced Price,

The Fountain Inn Tavern,  
LATELY occupied by R. D. Ray, for the remainder of the present and ensuing year—Immediate possession will be given.  
Apply to  
**JAMES WILLSON, agent**  
for Mary J. Willson.  
Easton, 12th July, 1828. if

# PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of Talbot county Court, sitting on the Chancery side thereof, the Subscriber as Trustee, will expose to Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY the 15th day of October next, those TWO HOUSES and LOTS situate on the East side of Washington street, in Easton, late the property of Mr. John Kemp, (Stage-Driver) deceased.

Sale to commence between the hours of two and three o'clock, P. M.

The Terms of Sale are a credit on the purchase money of twelve months from the day of sale, with interest thereon from the day of sale, to be secured by a bond with approved security; and after the payment of the purchase money, and not before, a good deed will be executed by the Trustee as such for the conveyance of the said property.

The creditors of said John Kemp are hereby warned to exhibit their claims and vouchers properly authenticated, to the Clerk of Talbot county Court within six months from the day of sale.  
**SAM'L T. KENNARD, Trustee.**  
Sept. 20 4w

# HOUSES TO RENT.

To Rent for the ensuing year the following Houses, viz:  
The Shop on Washington Street at present occupied by Dr. Dawson.

ALSO,  
The Framed Dwelling, &c. on Washington Street lately occupied by John Meconekin and adjoining Dr. Ennalls Martin.

ALSO, the Brick Dwelling on Harrison Street and a Framed Dwelling on the same street, adjoining the last mentioned and directly back of the above.

All the above property will be rented at very moderate or reduced prices on application to  
**WM. H. GROOME.**  
Easton, Aug. 30th, 1828. if

# TO RENT

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.—That pleasantly situated White House and premises adjoining the South-West corner of the Public Square, near the Court House, now occupied by Mrs. Stevens.

—ALSO—  
The STORE ROOM & CELLAR in the brick House where Mrs. Parrott resides, nearly opposite the Bank.  
**WM. CLARK.**  
Easton, 27th Sept. 1828.—3t cow

From the Boston Superior Court issued TRIAL FOR Fieri facias issued of Samuel Harrison will be sold at Public Sale on the premises near St. Michaels on Wednesday the 15th October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit—one Negro Girl called Fanny, one do called Ann, 6 Silver Tea Spoons, 5 Table do, 1 Silver Cream Pot, 1 Fire Fender 2 Beds and Furniture, 1 pair Shovel and Longs, 1 Stair Carpet, 2 Candle sticks and 2 Lamps, 1 pair brass Andirons, one old Harrow one ox Cart, one wood Sledge, one old Sleigh, and one Roller taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fi. fa.—Attendance by Sept. 20—ts **WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.**

SHERIFF'S SALE. BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Wm. Benny one at the suit of Samuel Harrison, use of Richard Spencer, and John Warner Adm'r. of Susan Ann Warner use of John Leeds Kerr, will be sold for cash at the Court House door in Easton on Tuesday the 21st day of October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit—all and singular that farm or plantation and lands and tenements of said Wm. Benny of Talbot County lying and being in the Chappel District consisting of sundry tracts or parts of tracts of Land, viz.—Part of Benny's thickets & parts of other tracts be they called by whatsoever names they may, and containing the quantity of 37 3/4 acres of land more or less, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of fi. fa. deb. inst. and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by Sept. 27—ts **WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.**

NOTICE. ALL PERSONS indebted for officers fees for 1827 payable in the present year are requested to make immediate payment for the same—as longer indulgence cannot possibly be given. My deputies have orders to close the collection of said fees without delay; those neglecting the above NOTICE may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs.  
**WILLIAM TOWNSEND, Shff.**  
Aug. 2 1828—4t

FOR SALE. A SECOND HAND COACHEE & GIG, with Harness complete.—Apply to Lambert Reardon, or the Subscriber,  
**RICHARD KENNEY.**  
Oct. 4—t

100 DOLLARS REWARD. RANAWAY from the subscriber on Sunday morning the 21st inst. a mulatto fellow who calls himself **ABRAHAM SULLIVAN**, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, straight and well made, with rather a down look, when spoken to, but polite and attentive.—For the last eight or nine months he has been employed as a waiter, in the Easton Hotel by Mr. Peacock. He had on when he ran away a fox coloured hat blue cloth coat, corduroy pantaloons and new shoes.—There is little doubt he will change his clothing as he took a variety with him. Whoever will take up said Runaway and deliver him in the Jail in Easton, Talbot county, (Md.) shall receive a reward of Fifty Dollars, if taken in this State or the State of Delaware—if taken out of the above States, One Hundred Dollars reward will be given.  
**WM. H. GROOME, Agent**  
for Isabella Smyth.  
Easton, Oct. 4—t

One Hundred Dollars Reward. RANAWAY on Saturday night last, a negro man called **DANIEL**, who is about 32 years of age, five feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a dark mulatto colour, has broad shoulders and broad face, is rather lusty and well made, has large white teeth, his eyes are of a reddish colour, and when he is spoken to he has a smile on his countenance. Daniel was hired out in Easton, and went off under pretence of going to Camp Meeting, and there is reason to believe that he was accompanied by a negro man, the property of Mrs. Smyth, who was also hired out in Easton, and is of a chesnut colour and rather tall I have no knowledge of what clothes Daniel took with him, other than a blue jacket and fur hat nearly new. It is more than probable that these negroes will make their way either to Delaware or New Jersey. The above reward will be paid for apprehending Daniel if taken out of the State and Fifty Dollars if taken in the State and lodged in Jail so that I get him, and all reasonable expenses paid if brought to Easton and lodged in Jail.  
**EDWARD O. MARTIN.**  
Head of Wye, Talbot co. Md. }  
Sept. 27, 1828.

\$100 REWARD WILL be given for apprehending and lodging in Easton jail Negro man **ISAAC** who absconded Saturday the 23d of August last passed.

ISAAC is a stout active negro twenty years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high a little bow legged and large feet. Pleasant countenance when spoken to, rather a broad flat face, with a good set of teeth and wide space between those in front, which causes him to lip.  
**WM. H. TILGHMAN.**  
Sept. 6.

20 DOLLARS REWARD. RANAWAY from the Subscriber on or about the 15th of April last, a negro woman who calls herself **MARGARET**—she is about 23 years of age, stout and well made, rather light complexion for a negro.—The subscriber understands the above negro has made her way to Baltimore, where she has no doubt hired herself as a free woman. Whoever takes up said negro and secures her in jail so that the subscriber gets her again shall receive the above reward.  
**THOMAS D. MONNELLY.**  
Chappel, Talbot county, (Md.) Oct. 4, 1828.  
The Baltimore American will copy the above 4 times and forward the account to this office for collection.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE. THE SUBSCRIBER being desirous of collecting THE TAX OF TALBOT COUNTY, due for the present year, in the course of this Fall, respectfully requests all persons, holding Assesable Property in the county, to call on him at his Office in Easton, where he will attend every Tuesday for the reception of the same. It is hoped that those who cannot make it convenient to call on him, will be prepared for a call from him, or his Deputies, in their respective districts.  
**SOLOMON MULLIKIN, Collector.**  
Sept. 13—t

CASH FOR NEGROES. THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to purchase ONE HUNDRED likely young Slaves, from the age of 12 to 25 years, for which he will pay the highest cash prices. Persons disposed to sell will please call on him at Mr. Lowe's Tavern, in Easton, where he can be found at all times.  
**J. B. WOOLFOLK.**  
June 21—t

THE Centreville Times will please publish the above list forbid.  
**J. E. W.**

# UNION HOTEL.

## SOLOMON LOWE

Returns his sincere thanks to his old customers and travellers generally who have been so kind and liberal as to afford him the pleasure of their company. He begs leave to inform them that he is about to remove to the stand at the corner of Harrison and Washington streets, in Easton, within a few yards of the Bank, where he will have great satisfaction in receiving his old customers, and has provided for their reception and entertainment every possible convenience.

Private parties can have the most private apartments and the best entertainment with compliant servants, and all the luxuries of the season upon the shortest possible notice. Mr. S. Lowe calculates on and invites the custom of all old friends and strangers. Mr. Lowe's Hacks will attend the steam-boat with the greatest punctuality.  
Easton, Dec. 29—t

# Denton Hotel.

The Subscriber informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the well known Brick House in Denton, occupied the last year by Mr. Samuel Lucas, where his customers will be accommodated with the best of every thing in season, afforded by the markets of the place, and his own habits of personal attention and those of his family, he can assure the public of the best accommodations in his house. The subscriber has most excellent servants; he has attentive ostlers, he will keep constantly on hand the best liquors that can be had in Baltimore, & his table will be constantly supplied with the best of provisions—Gentlemen and ladies can at all times be furnished with private rooms at the shortest notice—travellers and the public generally are invited to give him a call. The subscriber is provided with rooms to accommodate the court and bar during the session of our Courts.  
**ABRAHAM GRIFFITH.**  
Feb. 18 if

# THE ELEGANT STEAM-BOAT



## MARYLAND.

On and after Tuesday the 27th day of May inst. this superb Boat will leave Baltimore every Tuesday & Friday, for Annapolis, Cambridge & Easton, at 6 o'clock in the morning, & returning leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore, at the same hour, until the 1st of October next, when she will start at 7 o'clock—Her route from Baltimore to Chestertown and back will continue the same as last year.  
**LEMUEL G. TAYLOR, CAPTAIN.**  
May 17—4t

# NOTICE.

THE subscriber earnestly requests all those indebted to him on book account, of more than a year's standing, to call and liquidate them, or close them in some manner satisfactory, otherwise they will be put into proper officers hands for collection, which a speedy settlement might prevent—he returns his grateful acknowledgments for past favours, and hopes to merit a continuance of them.  
The public's obedient servant  
**SOLOMON LOWE.**  
Easton, Oct. 27

# TO RENT.

THREE FARMS handsomely situated on the Waters of Broad river, and one on Tuckahoe Creek—for terms apply to  
**SAMUEL HARRISON.**  
Rich Neck, Aug. 16.

# FARMS TO RENT.

THE Subscriber will rent his Two Valuable FARMS on Miles River, on reasonable terms to a good tenant or tenants for a term of years. The above farms are in a high state of cultivation. For term apply to  
**SAM'L ROBERTS.**  
Aug 30

# A GIG FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will dispose of a private sale, an excellent second hand GIG & Harness He will sell it cheap for Cash, or to a punctual purchaser on a short credit.  
**WM. H. GROOME.**  
Easton, June 28—4t

# FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, a first rate pair of steers well broke to the cart, they will be sold very low for cash or good paper. Apply to  
**ANDREW CHEZUM.**  
Hole-in-the-Wall, Talbot co. sep. 4 3w

# TO SPORTSMEN

A TRAINING Stable is established in the neighbourhood of Easton for the purpose of proving the speed and bottom of the young blood horses of the Eastern Shore of Maryland. Two are already engaged and, in walking exercise—three or four others will be taken if early application is made.—For particulars enquire of the Editor.  
Aug. 30.

# HIDES WANTED.

The Subscriber will give the highest price in cash for Dry and Green Hides. Persons having hides for sale, will find it to their advantage to call on T. S. Hayward or the subscriber.  
**WM. HUSSEY.**  
Easton, March 15.

# TO SLAVE-HOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a NEGRO MAN, about 26 years of age, has been committed to Cecil county jail, under suspicion of being a runaway slave. He is five feet nine inches high, stout and well formed, with remarkably small eyes. He calls himself **JOHN BROWN**, says that he was brought up near Buck's county, by a Mr. Diaborough, and that his parents are both free. He has been employed for nearly 12 months as a hand on board of a small packet, which sails between Baltimore and Port Deposit. His clothing consists of a pair of white drilling trousers, muslin shirt, and striped waistcoat. If within the space of sixty days from the date hereof, application shall not be made for him, and all such legal costs and charges, as have accrued or shall accrue, by reason of apprehending, imprisoning, & advertising him, paid, I will discharge him from prison unless remanded back for further confinement, by the judge before whom I shall take him for examination, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly.  
**THOMAS MILLER, Jr.**  
Sheriff of Cecil county.  
Elkton, Maryland, Aug. 2.

# EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—Literature, well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown. RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich—and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XI.

EASTON, MARYLAND, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 18, 1828.

NO. 39.

PRINTED & PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY EVENING  
BY ALEXANDER GRAHAM,  
AT TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER  
Annum, payable half yearly in advance.  
**ADVERTISEMENTS**  
Not exceeding a square inserted three times for  
ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE CENTS for  
every subsequent insertion.

**A CARD.**  
R. H. RHODES, R. W. KENNARD and  
WILLIAM LOVEDAY,  
Having associated themselves in business, under  
the firm of

**Rhodes, Kennard & Loveday,**  
and having purchased the entire stock of Goods  
owned by W. H. Groome, intend carrying on the  
**Mercantile Business**  
in its various branches, at that well known stand  
opposite the Easton Hotel, formerly for many  
years occupied by Messrs. Thomas & Groome,  
and lately by Wm. H. Groome.  
The customers of the House, as also those of  
the late Samuel Groome, and the public generally,  
are respectfully invited to give them a call.  
Sept. 27—11

**NOTICE.**  
THE PARTNERSHIP of Jenkins & Stevens  
is this day dissolved in consequence of the  
death of Peter Stevens one of the Partners.—  
Those indebted to said Partnership are requested  
without delay to call on the Subscriber and  
close their accounts by payment of the same, as  
longer indulgence cannot be given. In order  
to close the concern of the above firm as soon  
as possible, which is quite desirable, the present  
Stock of Goods will be sold at very reduced  
prices for the Cash.

WILLIAM JENKINS, surviving  
Partner of the late firm of Jenkins & Stevens,  
Easton, Sept. 6, 1828.

N. B. WILLIAM JENKINS, begs leave to  
inform his Friends and the Public in general,  
that he intends to continue the Mercantile Business  
at the same House lately occupied by the  
late firm of Jenkins & Stevens, and solicits his  
Friends and the former customers of said Firm  
and the Public in general for a continuance of  
their Custom, whom he will endeavour to supply  
on reasonable terms.  
W. J.

**NEW GROCERY STORE.**  
THE Subscriber respectfully informs his  
Eastern Shore friends and the public in general,  
that he has taken the old stand, at the head  
of Chesapeake No. 9, Water st. lately occupied  
by the Messrs. Schumacher & Robb as a Sugar  
Store.—He intends keeping in all its varieties,  
a general assortment of GROCERIES.  
CONSISTING OF  
The best of Liquors, Lard and Brown Sugar,  
Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Family Flour,  
Snuff, chewing Tobacco, Powder, Shot,  
Earthen, Stone and Wooden Ware,  
And all other articles in his line, which he  
intends selling at a moderate advance for Cash.  
He has also made arrangements to furnish  
the best of Stone Lime by the bbl. or hhd. (free  
from drayage) and upon as good terms as can  
be had in this City. Any orders for the above  
articles, or any thing else, shall be promptly  
attended to and thankfully received. Any other  
business from his Eastern Shore friends, that  
may require his attention, shall meet with  
promptness and dispatch at moderate charges.  
THOS. DENNY.  
Baltimore, Aug. 30

N. B.—Persons having Pork, Cider, Butter or  
other articles to sell this Fall, who are disposed  
to favour him with their confidence, shall  
receive his utmost exertions to obtain the highest  
market prices, and to give the greatest satisfac-  
tion.  
T. D.

**Branch Bank at Easton,**  
SEPTEMBER, 27th, 1828.  
THE President and Directors of the Farmers'  
Bank of Maryland, have declared a Dividend  
of 3 per cent, on the stock of the Company for  
the last six months, which will be payable to the  
Stockholders, or their legal Representatives, on  
or after the first Monday in October next.  
By Order,  
JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH, Cashier.  
Sept. 27—3w

**TRUSTEE'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Chancellor of  
Maryland, will be exposed to PUBLIC  
SALE at the Court House in Centreville, in  
Queen Anne's county, on Thursday the 23d day  
of October next, at 4 o'clock P. M.  
A large and Valuable Farm,  
Lying about a quarter of a mile from Centreville.  
This property formerly belonged to Jer-  
vis Ringgold, deceased, and contains about  
Four Hundred & Sixty seven Acres  
including the wood-land which is situated a  
short distance from the cleared land.  
The farm will be sold entire or in parcels as  
it may be found most desirable to the persons  
present on the day of sale.  
The Terms of sale will be, that the sum of  
Four Hundred dollars shall be paid to the Trustee  
on the day of sale, and the purchaser or pur-  
chaser shall give bond to the Trustee with  
good security to be approved by him for the  
payment of the residue of the purchase money,  
with interest thereon from the day of sale in  
four equal instalments of six, twelve, eighteen  
and twenty-four months.  
The terms will be more minutely stated  
on the day of sale.  
JOHN B. ECCLESTON, Trustee.  
Sept. 27th, 1828.—4w

**BOOTS AND SHOES.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER having just returned  
from Baltimore with a handsome and  
good assortment of MATERIALS in his line  
most respectfully invites his friends and the  
public generally to give him a call and view  
his assortment and hopes from his long expe-  
rience & a determination to pay the strictest  
attention to business he will be able to render  
general satisfaction.  
Gentlemen disposed to purchase boots  
should do well to call as he will turn his atten-  
tion more particularly to that part of the busi-  
ness and flatters himself that he can furnish  
them with as handsome and as good boots as  
can be had here or else where.  
The Public Out Serv't  
JOHN WRIGHT.  
Easton, Nov. 17.

**IN MISS DONEY'S  
SEMINARY FOR FEMALES**  
ARE Taught the customary Branches of Eng-  
lish Education. —ALSO—  
MUSIC—FRENCH—DRAWING &  
NEEDLE-WORK.  
**TERMS.**  
For Tuition in the English branches,  
1st class - \$30 } per Quarter.  
2d do. - - \$25 }  
3d do. - - \$20 }  
**MUSIC—The French Language,**  
and DRAWING, Extra charges. Board will  
be furnished, including Bed, Bedding and  
Washing, and necessary attendance at \$140  
per Annum.  
A deduction will be made for the Annual Vac-  
ation. It will be expected that no Quar-  
ter will be paid in advance.  
Annapolis, Oct. 4, 1828—

**FALL GOODS.**  
WILLIAM CLARK has just received and  
is now opening a handsome assortment of  
FRESH IMPORTED & DOMESTIC GOODS,  
Adapted to the present and approach-  
ing Seasons, which will be offered  
at a small advance for CASH.  
Easton, Oct. 4, 1828.—3t eow

**SPLENDID VIEWS  
OF  
AMERICAN SCENERY**  
ON FRIDAY, the 10th of October, 1828, will  
be published by T. K. Greenbank, No. 64,  
Spruce Street, Philadelphia, a volume of splen-  
did views of American Scenery as follows:  
1. A view of Beck's Shot Tower, on the Schuyl-  
kill near Philadelphia, and adjacent scenery.  
2. A view of the Light House on Long Island  
Sound with the adjacent scenery.  
3. A view of York, on Lake Ontario, with the  
fortifications.  
4. Characteristic Scenery on the Hudson River.  
5. View of New London, Connecticut, with  
the adjacent scenery.  
6. View of Lemon Hill, near Philadelphia, the  
seat of Henry Pratt, Esq.  
7. The Tomb of W. Shington at Mount Vernon.  
8. View at the Great Bend of the Susquehanna.  
9. View of the Upper Falls of Solomon's Creek,  
Lucerne county, Pa.  
10. View of the Lower Falls of Solomon's  
Creek.  
11. View of the Catskill Mountains, from the  
Hudson.  
12. View of Fort Niagara on Lake Ontario, from  
the Light House on the British side.  
These views are executed in the best style of  
Philadelphia engraving, from drawings made  
upon the spot. Each plate will be accompanied  
by a full and accurate description thereof, as to  
make it perfectly intelligible to every person.  
The work will be printed and issued to sub-  
scribers in the first style, on superior paper,  
and with a handsomely printed cover, and de-  
livered to subscribers at the very low price of  
ONE DOLLAR. Flexible covers will be used  
for country subscribers, so that they can be  
safely sent by mail.  
Any gentleman, postmaster and others,  
who will interest themselves to procure ten  
subscribers; and remit \$10 to the editor, shall  
receive twelve copies. From the very flattering  
patronage already received (1200 subscribers  
have put down their names) this volume will  
probably be succeeded by another, as soon as  
other plates can be engraved. All orders from  
the country will be promptly attended to.  
Address,  
T. K. GREENBANK,  
No. 64, Spruce Street, Philadelphia.  
Sep. 20

**LIST OF LETTERS**  
Remaining in the Post Office at Easton, Md.  
October 1st, 1828.

Thomas Atkinson  
Richard Austin  
B  
Thomas Bowdle  
Gentlemen of the East-  
on Theatre  
T. B. Brennan  
Ann Blake  
William Burchhead  
John Bell  
Thomas Bond  
C  
James Cockayne  
Maria Cooper  
John Law  
William Camp  
Margaret Cox  
Edward C. Council  
D  
Wm. R. Daffin  
Daniel Dewling  
James Dukes  
Mary Denny  
Elizabeth Doanman  
F  
Anny Francis  
John Freburger  
Richard Crumpton  
Richard Frisby  
John Farlow  
G  
Chas. Goldsborough,  
William Gould  
Annias Gossage  
Charles Gray  
H  
George Hale  
Edw. Harris, jr.  
Mr. Hampelton  
Sarah H. Hooper  
Thomas G. Hopkins  
J  
Susan James  
Catharine Johnson  
K  
Nathan Keira  
Irene Kemp

Mary Ann Kemp  
Mary Ann Kirby  
Ann Loveday  
Isaac Leo  
Stephen P. Layton  
M  
Daniel Martin  
Emeline Mosher  
Thomas Neconkin  
Miss Elizabeth Oulikin  
Samuel A. O'redith  
Andrew Maceoly  
William Murphy  
O  
Jonathan Osmen  
Andrew Orem  
John Orem  
Jacob G. Ofliver  
Samuel G. Osborn  
William B. Pace (2)  
John P. Paca  
Frederick Purnell  
Richard Plummer  
Pete Parrott  
W. R. Price  
R  
Rebecca D. Rees  
Joseph Reeson  
Thomas Rourke  
Joseph Richardson  
Benjamin Richardson  
Charlotte Reardon  
Henry Ridgway  
John S. Robinson  
S  
Martha Skinner  
Alice Sawyer  
Terbet Slaughter  
Richard Snyder  
Rachel Smallwood  
Thomas F. Smith  
T  
Nicholas Thomas  
W  
Philemon Willis (2)  
Rachel Walker  
John H. Watson (2)  
A. GRAHAM, P. M.

Persons calling for Letters on the above  
List, will please say they are advertised.  
Oct. 4. A. G. P. M.

**FOR RENT,**  
For the ensuing year,  
A FARM in Island Creek Neck, adjoining  
that of Daniel P. Bowers—it is in good order &  
will be rented low to a careful tenant.  
—ALSO—  
For rent for the ensuing year, the Farm at  
present occupied by Isaac H. Parrott, situated in  
Kings Creek—For terms apply to  
HOWELL BOWERS.  
9th mo. Sept. 20—1f (W)

**Magistrate's Blanks  
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.**

**Sheriff's Sale.**  
BY VIRTUE of six writs of venditioni expo-  
nas issued out of Talbot county court  
& to me directed, against David Fairbanks  
use Samuel Groome, Joseph Scull, use Conrad  
Kelly & Co. Jacob Cronmiller, Margaret Kir-  
by, Richard Spencer, use of Isaac Atkinson and  
Joseph Robinson, —also by virtue of two writs  
of fieri facias issued and directed as aforesaid,  
at the suit of John Porter, against John Dawson,  
will be offered at Public Sale on Tuesday the  
5th day of November next, between the hours of  
10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. and sold  
for Cash to the highest bidder at the front door  
of the Court House in the Town of Easton, the  
Farm of the said John Dawson on which he at  
present resides be the quantity what it may;  
ALSO—the Farm or Plantation of said Dawson,  
called & known by the name of "Peck's Point"  
—Also a tract or part of a tract of Land which  
said Dawson purchased of the Heirs of Owen  
Kennard, known by the name of the "Oakfields,"  
containing three Acres of Land more or less,  
& two Negro women. Also will be sold by virtue  
of the writs of Venditioni Exponas aforesaid,  
on the next day between the hours aforesaid,  
on the premises of the said Dawson for Cash, six  
head of Horses, twenty head of Cattle, thirty  
head of sheep, and four Ox Carts. Seized and  
taken as the Goods & Chattels Lands and Tenements  
of the said John Dawson, and will be sold to  
pay and satisfy the writs of Venditioni Expo-  
nas and Fieri Facias, and the interest and costs  
due and to become due thereon.— Attendance  
given by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of three writs of venditioni expo-  
nas, issued out of Talbot county Court  
and to me directed, against Jabez Caldwell,  
at the suit of James Willson, Jr. use of Hugh W.  
Evans, Tristram Needles, use of David & J.  
Huddock, use of the President Directors and  
Company of the Commercial and Farmer's Bank  
of Baltimore, use of Richard W. Thompson and  
the President, Directors and Company of the  
Farmers Bank of Maryland for the use of Lott  
Warfield, will be sold for Cash at the front door  
of the Court House on Tuesday the 4th day  
of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock  
A. M. & 5 o'clock P. M.—the following Property  
to wit: All and singular that Lot or parcel of  
Ground situate lying and being in the Town of  
Easton, and all the Buildings thereon, and all  
the Estate right title or terms of years of Jabez  
Caldwell, of, in and to the same which James  
Neill sold and conveyed & assigned to Jabez  
Caldwell by his Deed, bearing date the eight-  
teenth day of April 1818, as by reference being  
thereto had will fully appear on the Land Rec-  
ords of Talbot county. —ALSO—All and singular  
that Lot or parcel of Land & Ground situate  
in the Town of Easton adjoining to Lot No. one  
hundred and sixteen, at the west end thereof, &  
on west street, which was sold and conveyed by  
James Neill to said Jabez Caldwell, by his Deed  
of bargain & sale, bearing date the 8th day of  
April 1818 in fee simple, as by reference to  
said Deed will appear.—Seized and taken as the  
Property of said Caldwell, to pay and satisfy the  
above writs of Venditioni Exponas debt, inter-  
est and costs due, & to become due thereon.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11—1s

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of three writs of venditioni expo-  
nas issued out of Talbot county court and to  
me directed against James Chambers, at the  
suits of the following persons, to wit: Ed-  
ward N. Hambleton use of Jacob Lockerman  
use of Levin Mills, sen. William Ferguson  
and Eusebius Leonard (Levin Mills, sen. and  
Wm. Ferguson's parts for the use of Wm. Jen-  
kins) the state of Maryland for the use of Joshua  
Dixon and Rebecca, his wife, formerly Rebecca  
Gregory, and George W. Nabb, will be sold on  
Friday 7th of November next, at the dwell-  
ing plantation of said Jas. Chambers, between  
the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock  
P. M. the following property, to wit: All the es-  
tate, right, title, interest and claim of him  
the said Jas. Chambers, of, in and to the fol-  
lowing tracts or parts of tracts of land: that is  
to say, part of Orem's Delight and Turner's  
Resurvey, containing the quantity of 102 acres  
of land more or less, part Beaver Dam Neck  
and part of Forest and Duke, containing 113  
acres of land more or less, part of Chambers,  
Adventure, and part of The Adventure con-  
taining 212 acres of land, part of Locust Grove  
containing 362 acres part Danmore Heath, in  
King's Creek, containing 272 acres, of land  
more or less—also the following Negroes, to  
wit:—one negro man called Tom, 1 do. called  
Jim, 1 do. Greenbury, 1 woman called Pa-  
tience 1 do. called Annie 1 girl called Char-  
lotte, 1 do. called Mary, 1 do. called Maria, 1  
boy called George, 1 called Theodore; all the  
above negroes are for a term of years; also ten  
beds, bedsteads & furniture, 1 eight day clock  
2 side boards 4 tables, 13 Windsor chairs, 2  
cupboards, and contents, all the balance of  
the household and kitchen furniture—also 14  
head of cattle, 10 head of horses 40 head of  
crops, 24 head sheep, 1 gig and harness, all the  
crop of wheat seed on the lands, a quantity  
of corn house, and eight stacks of hay—taken  
and will be sold to pay and satisfy the afore-  
said vend. expo. and the interest and costs due  
and to become due thereon. Attendance  
Given by  
WILLIAM TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of four writs of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot county Court, and to  
me, directed against John Dawson, at the  
suit of Wm. W. Moore, Isaac Atkinson, Adm'r. of  
Jos. Edmondson, Robert H. Goldsborough and  
William Clark, will be sold for Cash at the front  
door of the Court House, in Easton, on Tues-  
day the 4th day of November next, between  
the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P.  
M. the following property, to wit: The Farm or  
Plantation of said Dawson where he at present  
resides, containing 391 acres more or less and  
known by the name of Shrigley's Fortune, part  
Rocky Neck, part of Halls neck, and Hoopers  
Point, situate on Miles River and Third Haven  
Creek; and also the Farm or Plantation known  
by the name of Pecks Point, be the quantity  
what it may, seized and taken, as the property  
of said Dawson, to pay and satisfy the above  
writs of venditioni exponas, debt, interest and  
costs due and to become due thereon. Also,  
on Wednesday the 5th day of November next,  
between the hours 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock  
P. M. the following property to wit: 10 head  
of Horses, 28 head of Cattle, 4 yoke of Oxen, 50  
head of Sheep and one Gig and Harness, seized  
and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of  
venditioni exponas, debt, interest and costs due  
and to become due thereon. Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
of Talbot County  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, Edward  
Roberts, Eusebius Leonard and Samuel Roberts,  
at the suit of Isaac Atkinson, will be sold at public  
sale at the front door of the Court House, in  
the town of Easton, on Tuesday the 4th day  
of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock  
A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following  
tracts or parts of tracts of land, to wit: Part of  
Smith's Cliff, part Chesnut Bay, and part of  
Burrow's Discovery, containing the quantity of  
280 acres of land, more or less—Also the fol-  
lowing personal property, to wit: 6 head of hor-  
ses, 15 head of cattle, and 30 head of sheep—  
Taken as the goods and chattels, lands and tenements  
of said William A. Leonard, and will be  
sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
W. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against Enoch Morgan at the suit  
of James Chaplain will be sold for Cash at the  
Court House door in Easton, on Tuesday the  
4th day of November next, between the hours  
of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the fol-  
lowing property, to wit: part of a tract of  
land called Powicks or House Manner, con-  
taining two hundred acres, more or less, situ-  
ated near the Trappe—seized and will be sold  
to pay and satisfy the above writ of venditioni  
exponas, debt, interest and cost due and to  
become due thereon. Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX late Shff  
of Talbot County  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas,  
issued out of Talbot county Court and to  
me directed against Fiddeman Rolle at the  
suit of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash  
at the front door of the Court House in Easton,  
on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot county Court, and to  
me directed, against Fiddeman Rolle at the  
suit of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash  
at the front door of the Court House in Easton,  
on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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issued out of Talbot county Court, and to  
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on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot county Court, and to  
me directed, against Fiddeman Rolle at the  
suit of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash  
at the front door of the Court House in Easton,  
on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot county Court, and to  
me directed, against Fiddeman Rolle at the  
suit of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash  
at the front door of the Court House in Easton,  
on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot county Court, and to  
me directed, against Fiddeman Rolle at the  
suit of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash  
at the front door of the Court House in Easton,  
on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot county Court, and to  
me directed, against Fiddeman Rolle at the  
suit of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash  
at the front door of the Court House in Easton,  
on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot county Court, and to  
me directed, against Fiddeman Rolle at the  
suit of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash  
at the front door of the Court House in Easton,  
on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:  
The Farm of said Rolle on which he at present  
resides situate near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas  
at the suit of Solomon Lowe use Samuel  
Groome and a writ of fieri facias at the suit of  
Lambert Reardon; issued out of Talbot County  
Court and to me directed, against Wm. P. Kerr  
will be offered for sale and sold to the highest  
bidder, for cash, at the front door of the Court  
House in the Town of Easton, on Tuesday the  
4th day of November next, between the hours  
of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. all the  
reversionary right and interest of the said Wm.  
P. Kerr, of, in, and to the Farm on which Sam-  
uel Eason now resides, situate near the Hole-in-  
the-Wall, be the quantity what it may—Seized  
and taken as the lands and tenements of the said  
Wm. P. Kerr, and will be sold to pay and satisfy  
the writs aforesaid and the interest and costs  
due and to become due thereon. Attendance  
given by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 11.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of three writs of venditioni expo-  
nas, issued out of Talbot county Court  
and to me directed, against Jabez Caldwell,  
at the suit of James Willson, Jr. use of Hugh W.  
Evans, Tristram Needles, use of David & J.  
Huddock, use of the President Directors and  
Company of the Commercial and Farmer's Bank  
of Baltimore, use of Richard W. Thompson and  
the President, Directors and Company of the  
Farmers Bank of Maryland for the use of Lott  
Warfield, will be sold for Cash at the front door  
of the Court House on Tuesday the 4th day  
of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock  
A. M. & 5 o'clock P. M.—the following Property  
to wit: All and singular that Lot or parcel of  
Ground situate lying and being in the Town of  
Easton, and all the Buildings thereon, and all  
the Estate right title or terms of years of Jabez  
Caldwell, of, in and to the same which James  
Neill sold and conveyed & assigned to Jabez  
Caldwell by his Deed, bearing date the eight-  
teenth day of April 1818, as by reference being  
thereto had will fully appear on the Land Rec-  
ords of Talbot county. —ALSO—All and singular  
that Lot or parcel of Land & Ground situate  
in the Town of Easton adjoining to Lot No. one  
hundred and sixteen, at the west end thereof, &  
on west street, which was sold and conveyed by  
James Neill to said Jabez Caldwell, by his Deed  
of bargain & sale, bearing date the 8th day of  
April 1818 in fee simple, as by reference to  
said Deed will appear.—Seized and taken as the  
Property of said Caldwell, to pay and satisfy the  
above writs of Venditioni Exponas debt, inter-  
est and costs due, & to become due thereon.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11—1s

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of eight writs of venditioni expo-  
nas issued out of Talbot County Court and to  
me, directed against Fayette Gibson, at the  
suit of John Welsh alias John J. Welsh, Edw'd.  
Auld, Adm'r. of Jos. Parrott, Philemon Thomas  
& William H. Moore, use of Philemon Thomas,  
William W. Moore, Francis D. McHenry, Ed-  
ward Lloyd, William Farlow, Adm'r. of Thomas  
Harrison of Jos. and James Tilton, Ex'r. of Jas.  
Tilton, will be sold for cash, at the front door  
of the Court House, in Easton, on Tuesday the 4th  
day of November next, between the hours of  
10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the follow-  
ing Property, to wit:—A tract of Land called  
Marengo, containing five hundred and fifty acres  
of Land, more or less, seized and taken to pay  
and satisfy the above writs of venditioni expo-  
nas, debt, interest, and costs due, and to become  
due thereon. Also on Thursday the 6th day  
of November next between the hours of 10 o'clock  
A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. at the House of said  
Gibson, will be sold, for Cash, the following  
property, to wit:—13 head of Horses, 40 head  
of Cattle, 52 head of Sheep, and 20 head of  
Hogs, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the  
above writs, debt, interest and costs due and  
to come due thereon.— Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11—1s

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
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Oct. 11

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out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
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Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
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THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
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out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

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BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
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Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against William A. Leonard, and will  
be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued  
out of Talbot county Court and to me di-  
rected, against

[From the Louisville Focus.]  
**COMING OUT.**—We are gratified to learn, that the *Real Bargain, Intrigue, and Management* of the last Presidential election will shortly be laid before the Public. It is well known, that the office of Secretary of State was distinctly held out as a bait, or plainer terms was offered, to Henry Clay by James Buchanan on the part of Andrew Jackson in the presence of Robert P. Letcher. The prompt reply of Henry Clay, told Mr. Buchanan that he had mistaken his man—that Henry Clay would not understand him—and consequently would consider it an insult, if obliged to understand him as manifestly intended—and there the matter ended.

But it appears from the following statement, with a responsible name to it, that there were other members from Kentucky who were not quite so slow at taking a hint, nor so unwilling to be parties to an intrigue and a bargain. This business was all arranged. Elect Jackson, and Col. R. M. Johnson will be made Secretary of War, and your Mr. — (a gentleman who had a vote to give) may get the vacant seat in the Senate. Early, Kentucky would have been well provided for, if her representatives would have consented to go for the hero—Mr. Clay, Secretary of State, Col. Johnson Secretary of War, &c. &c.

To the public.—The public have witnessed the progress of a controversy which has been going on between Major Moore and myself for several weeks past. They have seen his attempt to turn a political difference into a violent personal quarrel, and to direct their attention from a calm and sober investigation of his conduct, as a public man, to the tissues of ribaldry and abuse which he has thrown out against me. The character of the controversy is certainly very unpleasant, and some of my friends are of opinion I ought to take no further notice of his writings, but treat them as the productions of a self-degraded man. It must, however, be recollected that although, as simple Thomas P. Moore, he is the veriest Jackdaw that ever strutted in borrowed feathers, yet, as the representative of a respectable district in the Congress of the United States, and more especially as the Frankmaster General of the Jackson party, he is a man of some consequence.

His label, number second, against me, appeared on the eve of the Lincoln Court, which I am now attending—as the first did on the Saturday before the last election. I cannot neglect my professional duties to give that reply which it merits, but will certainly devote to it the first leisure moment. In the mean time I request my friends to be assured that I can prove all I have heretofore stated in relation to Major Moore—and that neither denials nor equivocations will avail him.

The public are further informed that I have come to the knowledge of an additional fact which, while it goes to explain the cause, manner and instrument of Major Moore's sudden conversion to Jacksonism, also gives the clue to the why and wherefore that "this administration must be put down although pure as the Angels of Heaven."

Shortly after Major Moore arrived at Washington City in the winter of 1824, he was in formed, and so stated the fact to be, that in the event of Gen. Jackson being elected President, Col. Richard M. Johnson of the Senate (Major Moore's particular friend) would be appointed Secretary of War. This communication was made by Major Moore to a member of the House of Representatives from Kentucky, and the alluring prospect of filling the seat in the Senate was held up to the gentlemen as a possible event, should it be thus vacated!

I received a detail of those facts last winter from a gentleman not a member of Congress. Since that time I am authorized to say they are true. This card is published for the express purpose of calling the attention of Major Moore and the public in general to the facts here stated—and I cannot but hope that Major Moore will, for once, curb his natural propensities so far as to give a decent answer to a grave charge.

JOHN GREEN,  
Lincoln, Sept. 1, 1828.

perfect certainty of success, to that unerring tribunal which is beyond the verge of this fleeting existence.  
**THOMAS METCALFE.**  
It thus appears that the charge of Mr. Green is borne out in every particular, and that Mr. Metcalfe was himself the Representative to whom the communication of Mr. Moore was made. With his hands unwashed of this charge, we think Major Moore will be discreet enough to say no more respecting bargain and corruption.

**GEN. JACKSON'S NEGRO TRADING.**—In our paper of yesterday we gave an extract from the Port Gibson (Mississippi) Correspondent, containing some facts regarding the Negro speculations of General Jackson. By yesterday's mail, we received the Post Gibson Correspondent, Extra—of the 13th ult. which throws additional light on this subject. In order to put our readers in possession of the fullest information, we subjoin the contents of this "Extra," a perusal of which must convince the most sceptical, that the General was concerned in a traffic which is very justly regarded as odious and degrading to its participants.—[Nat. Jour.]

[From the Port Gibson Correspondent.—Extra.]  
We have, with astonishment, observed the attempt in Nashville to *brag* and *bully* the most respectable gentlemen from asserting publicly what is the absolute truth: that General Andrew Jackson was, in the year 1811, a dealer in Negroes; and, believing it to be our duty to expose falsehoods and to aid the truth, we do now assure all men, whether the friends or the opponents of Gen. Jackson, far and near.—That in the fall of the year 1811, Gen. Jackson and John Hutchings did descend the river Mississippi and land at Bruinsburg at the mouth of the Bayou Pierre in this county, with from twenty to thirty negroes: that a number of those negroes were brought to this immediate neighborhood, and afterwards encamped for weeks at Mr. Moore's in the McCaleb settlement, ten miles from this town; that on the 27th of Dec. 1811, Gen. Jackson sold three negroes, "a woman named Kishah, with her two children, Eben, about three years old, and a female child at the breast, called Elsay, in and for the consideration of the sum of \$650;"—that on the 28th of Dec. 1811, the very day after the former sale, and while at the same encampment, he sold to Mr. James McCaleb, of this county, two other negroes, named Candis and Lucinda, for the sum of \$1000.—that he sold other negroes in this county during that trip—that he sold some at or in the neighborhood of Bayou Sarah;—that after the belief became general in this country that war would be declared against Great Britain, the planters were indisposed to buy negroes, as the market for their cotton would be closed, Gen. Jackson resolved to return to Tennessee, with the remnant of his drove; that while he had his negroes encamped near Mr. James McCaleb's, and was making his preparations to pass through the Indian nation, he was informed by one of the most respectable citizens of this county, now living in it, of the law requiring passports for slaves; of the resolute character of Mr. Dinmore, and of his punctilious execution of the duties of his office as Indian Agent: These things we do most unequivocally and unhesitatingly charge and assert. We do so on the best of authority—the notoriety of whose truth no doubt can or will be entertained; from written documents, of various kinds, in the hand writing of Gen. Jackson himself; also from the affidavit of Mr. William Miller of this county, who came down on board the boat with Gen. Jackson and his negroes; all of which we have heard and read. These things Gen. Jackson cannot, dare not, and will not, himself deny, whatever he may suffer others to do.

[From the Raleigh Register.]  
The period of Mr. ADAMS' occupancy of the Presidential Chair has exhibited a scene unparalleled in our history. An opposition has been displayed, directed, not against measures, but men—not tempered with moderation or candor, but violent, undistinguishing, and headstrong, to such a degree, as to have disgusted the country far more than any thing of the kind which has ever been witnessed. Those who head this opposition do not profess to lead it against particular measures. They say, in plain language, they aim at men, and nothing can satisfy them, but a change of men. And we see engaged, shoulder to shoulder, in this *laudable effort*, political men who, a few short months before, were not believed, by any body, to be capable of acting together on hardly any occasion, in public life. Such an opposition as this was the less to be expected, as Mr. Adams, in selecting his principal advisers in the Cabinet, and in the other appointments to high office, manifested a degree of liberality and magnanimity which seemed to promise and insure for him the approbation of all good men. No proscription marked his course—no denunciation against those who had preferred another candidate—no attempt to carry on the Government by party and cabal. On the contrary, he bestowed distinguished trusts on gentlemen who he knew were in favor of the election of other candidates. Mr. Poinette, for instance, was complimented with a Foreign Mission, though he had voted, a few days previous, in the House of Representatives, for one of Mr. Adams' competitors. Mr. Adams did not think Mr. Poinette had ceased to be a man of honor, or had become unfit for Public service, because he had voted for Gen. Jackson. Nor did he forbear to call to the head of a Department Mr. Barbour, of Virginia, although it was known that he had supported the election of Mr. Crawford, and had presided in the Congressional Caucus which recommended him to the People. This was true liberality; but how has it been returned? The answer, all must admit, is not entirely favorable to the country, or gratifying to the feelings of those who admire and honor our Free Institutions.

[From the Galaxy.]  
"MISSISSIPPI GUARDS."—The traveller & historian as far as I am informed, have passed by unnoticed, one of the most useful of all the various tribes of insects—the Mississippi Guards in Mississippi, and the States in the same parallel, there are large tracts of country which abound with such numerous swarms of flies, commonly known by the name of horse flies, that the herds of cattle would be compelled entirely to desert their pasture grounds were it not for the kind protection they receive from the Mississippi Guards. The Guards inhabit the drier and hottest sand knolls. They live on the various species of flies which infest the stock.—They resemble very much the yellow jacket, both in size and appearance; there are however larger and smaller guards adapted to the different kind of flies on which they prey. The earth for some distance around the sand hill that constitutes their barracks is trodden firmly by the cattle of the neighboring country, forming what the herdsmen call a stamp. Hither the cattle repair with wild and headlong fury whenever they are beset beyond further endurance with the large horse flies and other tribes of insects that infest their pasture grounds.

At the sound of their approach, the guards turn out of their subterranean barracks and parade over their sand hill, moving to and fro, resembling swarms of bees. So soon as the infuriated herd of cattle arrive, they arrange themselves around the sand hill, and become almost as still as statues, though literally covered with flies, which are drawing blood from almost every pore; not a cow is seen even to twitch her tail. At this moment the guards rally forth on the flies which cover the cattle. Each guard seizes a fly, clips off his wings in the first place, jerks

out the proboscis, though buried in the skin of the beast, and bears off the fly, a struggling wingless prisoner, to the sand hills, and there scratches a hole in the sand, drags in the criminal, and by means of a peculiar shuffle of the hind feet, covers up the hole as he descends, and in an instant, the guard mounts up through the sand in a different place, leaving the poor fly buried alive. He again proceeds to the cattle in quest of another. In a short time, not a fly of any description can be seen. The cattle, under the vigilant protection of their guards, at length lie down and chew the cud in peace. A gentleman who has a large stock of horses and cattle, has been so fortunate as to have his pound selected by a company of guards for their place of abode. He is never under the necessity of having his cattle or horses, driven up to the pound, they always come of their own accord, to rid themselves of the large horse flies with which that whole vicinity abounds. The guards are always found at their post, ready to seize the blood-thirsty tormentors of the cattle, and to inflict on them a punishment, the same with that which Numa Pompilius first instituted for the vestal Virgins who should break their vow.

### FOREIGN NEWS.

**LATEST FROM ENGLAND.**  
The packet ship Birmingham, at New York from Liverpool, brings advices from London to the 7th and from Liverpool to the 8th September inclusive. The following extracts, copied from the New York American and Commercial Advertiser, will be found to contain all the intelligence of interest furnished by this arrival.  
The harvest had been generally well got in in England, and the alarm of short crops had subsided.  
The state of the war is unaltered. No battle had taken place before either *Choulma* or *Varna*—and the Emperor was still at *Odessa*. His remaining there, and being surrounded by the diplomatic agents of the European governments had given rise to rumors that negotiations were to be opened under the mediation, or upon the requisition of the other powers, between Russia and Turkey. Or the accuracy of such a report, the London Courier of the 6th thus distinctly expresses its doubt:  
Negotiation was to be invited, not by Russia, but by the Porte. And no invitation has, as we believe, been made by the Porte, we may safely say that these rumors are wholly unworthy of credit. Indeed they seem to have been fabricated in consequence of the journey of the Emperor to *Odessa*, followed by the arrival of the European Ambassadors at the same place. His Majesty's journey may be thus explained—reinforcements for the great attack upon *Choulma* and *Varna* were found to be necessary—till they arrived, *Choulma* was to be blockaded, and the Emperor availed himself of this pause to go and visit the Emperor, who is in a delicate state of health. He would naturally be followed by the Foreign Ministers, whose instructions are to be near the person of the Emperor, either at the head quarters of his army, or in any other place where he may fix his residence.

Undoubtedly where all the great Powers of Europe are in such immediate contact, through their respective Representatives, the position of Europe, present and future, the new state of affairs, the events that are likely to grow out of it, the changes in the relative situation of the various Powers, the alteration in the balance of power, the influence of the new Power that is to take place among the European nations, all these points must naturally form the subject of grave and frequent discussions—and therefore we agree with the intelligent Editor of the *Journal des Debats*, that "at head quarters where there are so many Ambassadors as there are great Powers in Europe, there is, without doubt something more done than drawing up Bulletins." But, we repeat, that we do not believe any steps have been taken towards negotiation, because we have no intelligence of any overture having yet been made by the Porte.  
The Grand Vizier was on the point of leaving Constantinople with reinforcements, to proceed to Andrianople.

**LONDON, Aug. 6.**  
At a late hour to day, we received three Bulletins of the Russian army.—The first dated *Choulma*, Aug. 7, contains an account of the operations against that fortress. Nothing had taken place since the departure of the Emperor, with the exception of a cannonading between the advanced posts and the Turkish tirailleurs. The Russian position had been completely fortified. The Turkish position had been reconnoitred, and it was found that they had, upon a chain of heights which touched their left flank, vast entrenchments, franked by bastions.—It was rumoured that *Choulma* was in want of provisions, especially of forage for the cavalry. The second bulletin is dated at *Varna*, August 11. On the 11th, the Turks made a vigorous rally from that place to drive the Russians from their position; but after a murderous conflict, which lasted till sunset, they were repulsed, and retired into the place, after suffering a severe loss. During the night of the 7th, to the morning of the 8th the Russian flotilla made an attack on that of the Turks, and notwithstanding a desperate resistance, succeeded in capturing and towing to the fleet 14 vessels, besides cannon and ammunition.—The Russians lost in this affair 4 men killed, and 27 wounded.—On the 9th the Turks made a fresh attempt to dislodge the Russians from their positions, but they were repulsed and pursued to the foot of the ramparts. In these sorties, the Russians lost 25 killed and 37 wounded. It is added that the Turks had been two days employed in burying their dead.

The Courier announces despatches from Lord Heytesbury, at *Odessa* on the 10th of August.—The Russian Guards having crossed the Danube, on their route to the main army before *Choulma*, the Grand Duke Michael was expected to leave *Odessa* on the 20th in order to put himself at their head; and the return of the emperor to the army was expected to take place before the end of the month, by which time the reinforcements to the amount of forty thousand men, would have reached their destination. The fatigues and hardships to which the corps diplomatic had been subject in following the head quarters in Bulgaria, had been so severe, that it was expected that they would remain, for the present at *Odessa*, until circumstances should call for their presence in advance. The fortress of *Poty*, on the eastern shore of the Euxine, had surrendered; and the Russian Admiral Greig was pressing *Varna* by sea. By neutral vessels, arrived at *Odessa*, from Constantinople, it was stated that a scarcity of corn began to be felt in that capital; in consequence of which, an embargo was to be imposed at *Odessa*, on all vessels bound with corn to the Mediterranean.

The Augsburg Gazette gives a rumour that *Varna* had fallen before the Russians; but it is not corroborated.  
The Duke of Clarence still exercised, and it was supposed would retain, the function of Lord High Admiral.  
The King of France was making a tour through his kingdom, and was every where received with acclamations.  
Accounts from Lisbon are no later date than those brought by the last arrival from Havre. Advices from Madeira of the 9th of August, had been received at London. The island was tranquil and the people in favor of Don Pedro. The military force stationed there consists of 3000 men.

The cabinet of St. Petersburg has expressed its decided disapprobation of the usurpation of Don Miguel, and its determination to support the claims of Don Pedro.  
**British claims on Spain.**—It is reported that an arrangement had been effected between Count Orlaia and Lord Aberdeen for the settlement of British claims on Spain, and that the Spanish Government, under this arrangement, is to pay the sum of 900,000*l.* as a composition of acquittance for the whole of the claims, leaving the portion to which each claimant is to be entitled to be settled by a Commission for that purpose. The money, it is further said, is to be paid by instalments, of which the first will become due on the 1st of October, and the remainder within about six months from that date.  
Mr. Barbour, the American Minister to the Court of St. James, reached London on the 3d ult. accompanied by his lady and family. Mr. B. was afterwards introduced to the Earl of Aberdeen, by Mr. Lawrence the American Charge d'Affaires.  
**Frontiers of Poland Aug. 19.**—It is said that the Grand Duke Constantine has received directions from the Emperor his brother to put in motion as soon as possible a corps of 30,000 men of the Polish arms.  
**Odessa Aug. 13.**—Last Sunday the Emperor came to the residence of her Majesty the Empress in this town, in order to attend divine service. His Majesty afterwards gave a private audience to Lord Heytesbury the British Ambassador Extraordinary, who arrived here on the 9th, after which his excellency had the honor to be presented to her Majesty the Empress and to the Grand Duke Michael.  
**Young Napoleon Bonaparte.**—Vienna, Aug. 22. By an autograph letter of the Emperor to the President of the Aulic Council of War, His Majesty has appointed his grandson the Duke of Reichstadt to the inexpressible joy of his august mother and the young Prince himself to the rank of Captain in the Yager Battalion bearing His Majesty's name. Thus the military career of this Prince will commence this year. It is said that in the approaching reviews, he will be placed under the Archduke Charles. [This is planting a thorn, indeed in the side of the Bourbons.]

[From the Annapolis Republican.]  
**MARYLAND ELECTION.**  
FIFTY-ONE Administration men, and twenty-eight Jackson men have been, according to the official returns, elected to the next House of Delegates of this State.—One Administration man in Cecil county was not returned, because of a syllable being torn off of the word *Assembly*, of one of the tickets, that was voted for him—his rejection left him tied by a Jackson man. His seat will no doubt be confirmed by the House when they meet. The rejection of one Electoral District of Queen Anns' county, will also, no doubt be corrected by the House—which will leave the real expression of the Public voice—49 for the Administration, and 31 of opposite majority 18—majority in joint ballot of both houses 13.—  
Prizes in the House of Delegates last session, stood 45 for the Administration, and 35 for Jackson.—Administration gain 8 votes this election.

**RECAPITULATION.**

	ADAMS.	JACKSON.
St. Mary's county,	4	0
Charles,	4	0
Calvert,	4	0
Prince Georges'	3	1
Anne Arundel,	4	0
Montgomery,	4	0
Frederick,	4	0
Washington,	0	4
Allegany,	0	4
Baltimore,	0	4
Baltimore City,	0	2
Harford county,	0	4
Cecil,	1	3
Kent,	4	0
Queen Anne's	1	3
Talbot,	4	0
Caroline,	4	0
Dorchester,	3	1
Somerset,	4	0
Worcester,	0	4
Annapolis,	1	1
	48	31

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St. Mary's county,	4	0
Charles,	4	0
Calvert,	4	0
Prince Georges'	3	1
Anne Arundel,	4	0
Montgomery,	4	0
Frederick,	4	0
Washington,	0	4
Allegany,	0	4
Baltimore,	0	4
Baltimore City,	0	2
Harford county,	0	4
Cecil,	1	3
Kent,	4	0
Queen Anne's	1	3
Talbot,	4	0
Caroline,	4	0
Dorchester,	3	1
Somerset,	4	0
Worcester,	0	4
Annapolis,	1	1
	48	31

Administration majority 17.  
Majority in joint ballot of both houses 12.  
Queen Anns county official returns are four for the Administration, but we dont claim them.  
We have taken pains to give above a full statement of the returns so far as we have in our power, in order to form a better view of the probable result of the ensuing election for President, which takes place on the 10th November. The estimate which we gave our readers ten days ago, of the probable result of the elections of this State have been nearly realized; nay we have more than we claimed, in several of the districts. No impartial man, considering the posture of affairs as left by the returns presented this day, and the circumstances which will bear on the ensuing election, can doubt but that ten out of the eleven electoral votes of Maryland will be given for the Administration.—The following recapitulation of the votes given in the electoral districts, will enable our readers to judge for themselves.

**ELECTORAL DISTRICTS.**

The first district is composed of Saint Mary's Charles and Calvert counties.—Not one Jackson man is returned from the entire district—the majority is so decisive that there can be no hopes left for an opposition.	50
2d.—P. Georges; Administration majority	30
Montgomery do	250
—No dispute	300
3d.—(2 electors) Frederick; average majority for Adams	332
Washington do for Jackson	122
Allegany, do	141
—263	
Adams majority of the district,	69
4th.—(2 electors) Baltimore city—majority for Jackson	366
Annapolis	4
	370
Anne Arundel for Adams	122
	248

Jackson Majority in the district  
In this district about eleven thousand votes were taken—a change of 125, or of a fraction over one out of every hundred, would turn the tables.—We could name three times that portion already avowedly with us in this vicinity.—Our friends in Baltimore, we have no doubt could exhibit as favourable an account.—The election of such a majority to the Legislature; the consequent east of the executive of the state with whom rests the appointing power, will have some weight. Shutting the door of hope on the hungry Jackson office hunters, from the highest down through all the ramifications of State appointments, not one of which they can now pretend, as they have so liberally done, to parcel out as the price of adherence, will be a powerful damper.—The dazzling prospect of having hundreds of state offices, to distribute, has vanished and left them "poor indeed."  
5th district Baltimore county—the only district that is certain for the hero.  
6th Harford county; average majority for Jackson, 180  
Cecil county do do 90  
Average majority in the district 270  
Next to Baltimore county, this is the district most likely to be for the Gen. we should concede the districts, if we were not fully persuaded, notwithstanding the majority given for the Jackson candidates, that Harford county is de-

idedly for the Administration, and will prove to be so next month.  
Harford county has had a series of political distractions, not unlike those of Annapolis.—The inveteracy of the dispute between the Federal and Republican parties, for some years after it had subsided considerably elsewhere, was continued in Harford by the expedient adopted by the Federalist, in conjunction with some aspiring and disappointed members from the Republican ranks who seceded under the name of ANTI-CAUCUS, and attempted by the aid of former opponents to gain what their own party thought them not deserving of. The contest thus renewed under the new appellation of CAUCUS and ANTI-CAUCUS, still continues with great warmth in Harford, and had more influence in the late election than the presidential question itself. We have heard of several very influential administration men who exerted every nerve for the success of the Jackson ticket, because it so happened that the Jackson ticket was composed of Anti-Caucus men, and the Administration ticket of Caucus men. Col. Sewell himself, of the state senate, with his extensive influence was in their ranks. We are authorised by a knowledge of those facts to calculate upon a very material difference in the result of the election in this county in November.

We have heretofore claimed a majority of 200 in Harford, and we are strengthened in that opinion, by the result of the past election.  
Cecil county, associated with Harford, gave on Monday an average Jackson majority of 90 votes. Last year the Jackson ticket was elected in that county by a majority of 500 votes.—This rate of change continued to November, insures us a majority in that county. We also confidentially calculate upon gaining this district.

**SEVENTH DISTRICT.** Kent county—average administration majority 38  
Queen Anns' do. Jackson 11  
Adams majority of the district 27  
In Queen Anns' it is well known the embarrassment which occurred in regard to the ticket for delegates—the declination of all old members; and the selection of the new ticket, all contributed to show a much worse state of affairs than really exists there on the Presidential question.—There is little doubt of this district giving a considerable majority for Mr. Adams.  
8th District; Talbot, Administration majority 233  
Caroline do. 100  
Part of Dorchester do. (say 1-3) 30  
Adams majority of the district 373  
9th District—Remainder of Dorchester—say 60  
Somerset, Administration majority 331  
Worcester, Jackson majority 391  
Adams majority of the district 121  
270

**RECAPITULATION.**  
Districts 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, and 9, have given decided majorities for the Administration. They elect 7 electors.  
District 4, electing 2 electors, exhibits so small a majority, and such visible changes for the Administration that we confidently claim it.  
District 6, is now for the Administration.  
District 5, will be alone for Jackson.  
When Maryland is to decide the contest, this is the way she performs her duty.—1-1-1

[For the Easton Gazette.]  
**MR. GRAHAM.**  
SIR: Please to permit one of your readers to explain an extract which you sometime ago published from a French paper.  
The extract to which I allude, related to the marriage of the Catholic Clergy in France. As I perceive that some persons, have misunderstood the article, and that they suppose it is now lawful in the Catholic Church for its Ministers to marry, I think it at least generous, if not a duty, to disabuse them of their error.  
I have not the paragraph before me, some days have passed since I read it, and I am unable to say whether it was in an old paper I got hold of, or in a recent one. If you Sir, can conveniently come at it, I would thank you to re-publish it with this. I write on it from memory, and may perhaps be deceived in the idea which still rests on my mind respecting it. If, however, it be re-published it will speak for itself.

The case, then, that was decided in the courts of France was not an Ecclesiastical question, but a question relating to the civil law. The question was not whether a Catholic Priest could marry, and still remain a legitimate officiating Minister of the Catholic Church; But it was a question, whether a Catholic Priest who should apostatize from his Church for the sake of a wife could be considered a validly married, according to the Civil Law of France; and whether his off-spring should be accounted legitimate or bastards. On this question, the courts of France—1 mean the civil courts—decided that the marriage of such a priest would not infract the civil law, and of course, his children should be regarded as legitimate, and enjoy the right of inheritance. Such, Sir, if I remember rightly, was the sense of the paragraph which some have exultingly construed as a decision of the Catholic Church, allowing her Clergy to marry.

If it be not contrary to the rules of the Gazette, to insert such things, I will make a very few remarks on the subject of the Celibacy of the Clergy in the Catholic Church, before I lay down my pen.  
The Celibacy of the Clergy is only an ordinance of Discipline, the Church can dispense with it when she pleases.—Which, however, she is not likely to do.—I look upon it as one of her wisest regulations; and I believe, every sober, reflecting and unprejudiced mind will view it as I do. St. Paul says "the unmarried think of the things that are of God, how they may please God." Who, more than the Clergyman, should keep himself in that state, in which he is most apt to think of the things that are of God? The same Apostle says in the same place—"Those that are married think of the things that are of the world, how they may please their wives." Who, more than the Clergyman should keep himself out of that state in which his mind would be taken up with the things of the world?

Besides, the people—who must support their Clergymen, find it tough work, these hard times, to maintain their pastor, who lives in single blessedness; What must it be, when he comes to them with a wife and half a dozen children followed by half as many servants, wet and dry nurses and all—I wonder that the Laity of any denomination, should advocate the marriage of the Clergy!

I know that some say the Catholic Church is tyrannical in not permitting her Clergy to marry; but this is a calumny. She tells them before she receives them that such is her law—if they are not willing to abide by it, she does not receive them. If they are willing, it then becomes their own voluntary choice.  
I know too that Luther and some others have preached that a life of continency is impossible for human nature, even assisted by Divine Grace. But they did not reflect, that under pretence of contradicting St. Paul, they were pronouncing a libel upon all our virtuous daughters and sisters, whose fortune it has not been, to worship at the altar of Hymen.  
Respectfully Sir, your obt. humble Servt.  
GANDIDUS.  
Talbot county, Oct. 3rd, 1828.

The following is the extract above alluded to.  
**THE MARRIAGE OF THE CLERGY LEGALIZED IN FRANCE.**  
The tribunal of Cambrai, on the 7th of May, gave judgment in the case of Sieur Druon, a

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Catholic Priest, as plaintiff against the civil officer who had refused to acknowledge his right to the marriage ceremony. At the opening of the hearing, M. Leroy, counsel for the plaintiff, in reply to the public ministry, maintained that the marriage of priests was not opposed to the good of society nor to the doctrines of the Church. "He said that although it was forbidden by the council of Trent, it might be allowed by another council.—The celibacy of priests, therefore," he continued, "is not as has been erroneously asserted, a doctrine of our religion. The doctrine of faith are immutable—it is merely a regulation, the work of men, which men can change."  
In the judgment pronounced by the court they stated, "that the civil law regards marriage only as a civil contract that it recognizes no obstacle to except such as it has formally expressed; that an engagement in sacred orders is not at the present day an obstacle to marriage; that if the laws of the Church prohibit its marriage of its ministers, they are addressed only to the conscience," &c. &c. and decided in his favor.  
"Thus," remarks the editor, "within a few months three tribunals have successively decided this great question in the same manner. They are those of St. Menchould, Nancy and Cambrai."—[N. Y. Daily Adv.

### EASTON GAZETTE

EASTON:  
Saturday Evening—Oct. 18, 1828.

**FRIENDS OF THE ADMINISTRATION,**  
The success which has lately attended you is the result of sound sentiments backed by many exertions—you have one more effort to make before you relax, which if made with becoming energy, will give you a title to the name of Patriots, and will enable yourselves and your opponents to sleep in quiet and in safety. Remember the second Monday of November—He who sustains the Administration "candidate on that day adds influence to the triumph of just principle and the preservation of Constitutional liberty. Remember, your fathers revolted against the tyranny of a British Ministry, because they had attempted to erect the military over the civil power—the friends of the Administration—the friends of rational liberty and social happiness agree to have Andrew Jackson as their Chief Magistrate, who, whenever he has had an opportunity has always exerted the Military power over Civil Authority? Come forth then every man of you to assert your rights & to sustain the cause of your fathers that gave birth to our glorious revolution—Let ve not a man at home for in a contest like this, he is no man who stays at home. Make no false calculations, depend upon no man—Let every man do his duty, and law and liberty will triumph—Stamp this upon your Banner, and every man of you go forth with ardent impatience to save the Country.

**FIRE!**—The Barn, Stables, and a large quantity of Wheat in the straw was destroyed on Monday last, by fire, at the residence of Dr. Harriss, near Queenstown, Queen Ann's county.—We have not learned how the fire originated.

**PHILADELPHIA ELECTIONS.**  
The Philadelphia Aurora of Wednesday furnishes the following details respecting the elections which took place on Tuesday last:

**CONGRESS.**

Administration.	Jackson.
First district.	Brown. Sutherland.
	1038 3076.
Second district.	Sergeant. Hemphill.
	3040 3367.
Third district.	Harvey. Miller.
	2133 4512.

In the Philadelphia Sentinel, received last night, we find the following statement:  
"The Congressional district composed of Lancaster, Delaware and Chester counties, now represented by Messrs. Miner, Anderson and Buchanan, has been heard from. In Lancaster county, Buchanan, Evans and Leiper, the Jackson candidates, have upwards of 1500 majority. In Delaware, the administration candidates have an average majority of 315, which leaves 1185. We have just heard that our Congress ticket has received a majority in Chester county of about 50, which gives a majority rising 1200 in the district.  
The Jackson Sheriff in Chester county is carried by a majority of about 150.  
Extract of letter to gentleman, dated Lancaster, Oct. 14th.

"I give you to-night the returns so far as received, and hope to be able to give you the entire state of the vote throughout the country by to-morrow. The city district gave Buchanan a majority of 1038, Leacock, 63, Strasburg 100.  
Columbia has given an administration majority of 47, and Lampeter, 123.  
Heister had but 170 votes in the city of Lancaster.  
Buchanan will leave the county with more than 1500 of a majority."  
From the Philadelphia U. S. Gazette of Thursday.  
Extract of a letter to the editors, dated Chambers, (Del. county) Oct. 15.

"Messrs. Hart & Chandelers.—The following is the result of the Election of the Congress Ticket in Delaware county, and supposed to be nearly correct.  
Administration. Jackson. 988  
Anderson 1286 Evans 980  
Heister 1293 Leiper 975  
Hanes  
Election returns to be depended upon from that country, are quite limited. We hear that Mr. Buchanan received a majority of 1050 in Lancaster city.  
Norristown gave 5 majority for Jackson. The Adams paper of that borough, on the day of the election, conceded 80 to the opposition.

The Annual Fair of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Western Shore, was held on Thursday the 16th inst. at Carroll's Point in the vicinity of Baltimore. From gentlemen who were present, we learn that the collection of Cattle was numerous, and comprised a variety of the finest breeds. The exhibition of domestic manufactured articles was more limited than on previous similar occasions. A number of visitors, attracted either by curiosity, or a desire to promote the interests of agriculture, were on the ground throughout the day.  
[American.

A letter from Edinburgh, received by the editor of the New York Albion, says:—The author of Waverley began a new novel on the first of September. He is in great health and spirits. The second series of Tales of a Grandfather, is completed. He has paid of 140,000 of his debt, and in a year or two will liquidate the whole.

**COLOMBIA.**—The packet brig Athenian, arrived at New York, sailed from Carthagena on the 20th ult. Capt. Sullivan has furnished the editors of the Mercantile Advertiser with copies of a decree and proclamation of Bolivar, dated at Bogota on the 21st of August, establishing a New Constitution or form of Government, under his Dictatorship. Bolivar retains the title of President and Liberator, but exercises absolute power. The Constitution merely establishes the different offices which are to administer the Government viz: Secretaries for the Home, Foreign, War, Treasury, Marine and Justice departments, and a Chief for each of the Departments of the country. It is declared that the Government shall be thus administered until January 1830, when a General Congress shall be called, and if the state of the country will permit, or it shall be deemed advisable, the Dictator will renounce his extraordinary powers, and restore the people to a free government.  
The promulgation of this Constitution, as it is called, (subject, however, to any modification or alteration that may suit the will of the Dictator) was attended with great rejoicing at the capital, and at Carthagena, where it was formally declared on the 12th. The rejoicings at the latter place were continued for three days, and closed by a grand fête and ball at the palace of Gen. Montillo, the Intendant.  
Bolivar remained at Bogota at the last dates. Neither the papers nor letters that we have seen make any allusion to the war that was threatened with Peru.—[American.

The Norfolk papers inform us that the frigate Guerriere, now preparing for sea, is to proceed to the Pacific, and that Commodore Warrington will go out in her to take command of the U. S. Squadron on that station.

**MARRIED.**  
ON Thursday, the 22nd inst. at Vienna, Dorchester county, by the Rev. Wm. G. H. Jones of Smithfield Virginia, William Hamilton Chaillé Esq. of Natchez, Mississippi, to Miss Mary D. daughter of Dr. Clement Stanford.

**Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c.**  
AT THE OLD STAND OF  
**MOORE & KELLIE.**  
THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of MOORE & KELLIE having become dissolved by the death of Dr. J. Kellie, the former friends of the Establishment and the public in general are informed that the business will continue to be carried on by and in the name of  
**WILLIAM W. MOORE,**  
The former Proprietor, whose long experience in the business, acquaintance with pharmaceutical preparations, and knowledge of the best and most genuine articles united with a strict personal attention, will, he feels assured, maintain the same confidence that has heretofore so extensively been given to this Establishment.—Physicians' prescriptions put up with neatness & the greatest accuracy. He has received from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, very handsome additions to his former stock,—amongst which may be noticed the following new & highly concentrated chemical preparation, viz: trychine, Emetine, Piperine, Morphine, Eleuterium Jodine, Croton Oil, Prussic Acid, Extract Belladonna, do. Cicuta, do. Hyoscyamus, do. Stramonium, &c. Pyrolignous Acid, Sulphate Quinine, from the Laboratory of Pelletier & Coventon, the Inventors in Paris, Genuine Red Bark, Pale Lima, do. Guano, do. Carthagena or Common Yellow, do. Superior Wine Bitters, Henry's Calcined Magnesia, a superior article, Coxe's Hive Syrup an article that every family, where there is children should always keep, Dr. Hull's highly approved patent Trusses, Common, do. Demarcized Laudanum, a new preparation by which the unpleasant effects resident in Opium in a principle called Narcotine is destroyed—by its use the debilitated patient can obtain a refreshing slumber without experiencing those distressing sensations to which many are subjected after taking common Laudanum. Swain's celebrated Panacea, for the cure of Scourful, King's Evil, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcerous Sores, White Swellings, &c. Some remarkable instances of cure are known in this County, and many are recorded of so wonderful a character that if they were not so well authenticated would seem more like tales of fiction than a reality. Potter's Vegetable Catholicon, for the same diseases. Lee's & Dyott's Family Medicines, and patent Medicines generally; Hunter's celebrated Brass, Steel and Tin polishing preservative powder, Ground Logwood, do. Fustic, do. Cam Wood Nicaragua, Madder, Alum, Coperas, Indigo, Blue Compound for dyeing wool blue or green Muriate Sulphate Tin, the best Mordant for Scarlet, Pink or Orange color.  
A general assortment of Paints, Linseed, Spermaceti and Tanners' Oil, Best Copal Varnish, Common, do. Black, do. Coach Painters' Japan, Spirits Turpentine, Painters' Brushes, Window Glass, various sizes, Putty, &c. &c. Also a variety of articles in the fancy and perfumery line.  
The former friends and customers of this long established house and the public in general will meet with prompt attention—articles according to representation and at prices to suit the times. Country Merchants will be supplied on good terms.  
N. B. Those indebted to the firm of M. & K. will please call and settle their accounts  
Oct. 18 3w

It would appear from the following article which we copy from the Washington, D. C. Chronicle, that a second Zera Colburn has sprung up in that city:—  
**SINGULAR MENTAL ENDOWMENT.**—A Lad in our city, (Edward Orr, son of James Orr) now in the 10th year of his age, possesses the uncommon faculty of making calculations & answering difficult arithmetical questions with the operations of his mind, without the aid of figures. He has been repeatedly examined, by different persons, and has uniformly excited the admiration and surprise of those who have witnessed the readiness and correctness with which he answers questions that are proposed to him. On a recent occasion, happening to be in company with several gentlemen who had heard of his possessing this singular talent, for the purpose of exercising it, the following question was submitted to him for solution:  
If I give away 1/2 and 1/5 of a bushel, what will I have left of 2 bushels from which I made the distribution?  
After a few moments he answered correctly, 43/60ths of a bushel.  
An arithmetician who was present when the question was submitted, undertook to solve it by the use of figures, which he effected, but not until after the answer had been given by the boy.  
For the purpose of hearing him converse which he does with considerable readiness for so young a boy, he was then asked—  
If a pair of boots cost six dollars, what will a hat cost?  
He answered—different prices; and, in his turn, submitted to the gentleman with whom he was speaking, the following:  
If a bushel of coal cost 6 cents, what will a cord of wood come to?  
The gentleman answered—I don't know. It will come to ashes, said the boy.  
The following was then propounded to him:  
If 10ths of a yard of cassimere cost \$2.25, what will one yard and a quarter cost?  
He answered with his usual precision, \$4 2 cents and 12 28ths of a cent.

**SINGULAR DISCOVERY.**—Mr. Horton, a gentleman who has been engaged in boring for water in Providence has presented to the public some remarkable results. In his second experiment in boring, he selected the extreme point of a wharf, many yards from the original land. He bored through the artificial soil—then through a stratum of mud—then through bog meadow, containing good peat—then through sand, pebbles and quartz gravel. At this point water impregnated with copperas and arsenic broke forth, but determining to proceed farther, Mr. Horton next struck a veinyard and drew up vines, grapes, grape seed, leaves, acorns, hazel nuts, pine burrs and the seeds of unknown fruits, together with pure water: This was 35 feet below the bed of the river!  
Balt. Gaz.

Only hear how prettily our friend Noah talks about infants, their schools, &c. since he has become a Benedict. "Infant schools are admirable nurseries; and if a lady of character, experience and tenderness, was to establish one in every ward in the city, they must be profitable. An infant carried to school, where it could without danger amuse itself, where its manners might be formed, its little errors kindly corrected, and a mere show of instruction adopted, would relieve parents from much care and going and returning from school would form daily epochs of interest."  
—Boston Statesman.

**REMARKABLE SAGACITY OF DOGS.**—A short time back, a gentleman residing in the upper part of Carnarvonshire, received an invitation from a gentleman residing in Middlewich, to spend a month with him. The gentleman accepted the invitation, & took with him a favorite greyhound. The next day after their arrival, a mastiff, belonging to the inviter, attacked the greyhound and gave him a good drubbing. The greyhound immediately took to his heels, and fled home to Carnarvonshire, a distance of about ninety miles, and the family there were surprised to see the dog return without his master. Next day the greyhound and a remarkable small bull and mastiff dog, belonging to the same gentleman, disappeared, and no trace could be found of either of them until a few days afterwards, when a letter was received from the Welsh gentleman saying that his bull-dog and greyhound had arrived in Cheshire, and both had attacked the mastiff belonging to his friend, and destroyed him before they could be separated.

**WARTS AND CORNS.**—It is stated that the bark of the willow tree, burnt to ashes, mixed with strong vinegar, and applied to the parts, will remove all warts, corns, or excrescences on any part of the body.

### ELECTORAL CANDIDATES

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE U. S. For the State of Maryland.  
ADAMS. JACKSON.  
JOHN Q. ADAMS, ANDREW JACKSON,  
AND  
RICHARD RUSH, JOHN C. CALHOUN,  
First District—St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert Counties:  
Henry Brawner, C. C. Joseph Stone, S. M.  
Second District—Prince George's and Montgomery:  
Beni S. Forrest, M. John C. Herbert, P. G.  
Third District—Frederick, Washington and Allegany:  
George Beltzer, F. William Tyler, F.  
William Price, W. Wm. Fitzhugh, jr. W.  
Fourth District—Baltimore City and Anne Arundel County:  
James Boyle, A. A. Benj Howard, B. City,  
Wm. Stewart, B. City. John S. Sellman, A. A.  
Fifth District—Baltimore County:  
J. H. McCulloch, B. Co. Elias Brown, B. Co.  
Sixth District—Hartford and Cecil:  
Jam's S. well, C. Thos. M. Foreman, C.  
Seventh District—Kent and Queen Ann's:  
Thomas Emory, Q. A. John T. Reese, C.  
Eighth District—Talbot, Caroline and the First Election District of Dorchester:  
T. B. Lockerman, T. James Sangston, C.  
Ninth District—Rest of Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester Counties:  
Littleton Dennis, S. Thos. K. Carroll, S.

**MARRIED.**  
ON Thursday, the 22nd inst. at Vienna, Dorchester county, by the Rev. Wm. G. H. Jones of Smithfield Virginia, William Hamilton Chaillé Esq. of Natchez, Mississippi, to Miss Mary D. daughter of Dr. Clement Stanford.

**Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c.**  
AT THE OLD STAND OF  
**MOORE & KELLIE.**  
THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of MOORE & KELLIE having become dissolved by the death of Dr. J. Kellie, the former friends of the Establishment and the public in general are informed that the business will continue to be carried on by and in the name of  
**WILLIAM W. MOORE,**  
The former Proprietor, whose long experience in the business, acquaintance with pharmaceutical preparations, and knowledge of the best and most genuine articles united with a strict personal attention, will, he feels assured, maintain the same confidence that has heretofore so extensively been given to this Establishment.—Physicians' prescriptions put up with neatness & the greatest accuracy. He has received from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, very handsome additions to his former stock,—amongst which may be noticed the following new & highly concentrated chemical preparation, viz: trychine, Emetine, Piperine, Morphine, Eleuterium Jodine, Croton Oil, Prussic Acid, Extract Belladonna, do. Cicuta, do. Hyoscyamus, do. Stramonium, &c. Pyrolignous Acid, Sulphate Quinine, from the Laboratory of Pelletier & Coventon, the Inventors in Paris, Genuine Red Bark, Pale Lima, do. Guano, do. Carthagena or Common Yellow, do. Superior Wine Bitters, Henry's Calcined Magnesia, a superior article, Coxe's Hive Syrup an article that every family, where there is children should always keep, Dr. Hull's highly approved patent Trusses, Common, do. Demarcized Laudanum, a new preparation by which the unpleasant effects resident in Opium in a principle called Narcotine is destroyed—by its use the debilitated patient can obtain a refreshing slumber without experiencing those distressing sensations to which many are subjected after taking common Laudanum. Swain's celebrated Panacea, for the cure of Scourful, King's Evil, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcerous Sores, White Swellings, &c. Some remarkable instances of cure are known in this County, and many are recorded of so wonderful a character that if they were not so well authenticated would seem more like tales of fiction than a reality. Potter's Vegetable Catholicon, for the same diseases. Lee's & Dyott's Family Medicines, and patent Medicines generally; Hunter's celebrated Brass, Steel and Tin polishing preservative powder, Ground Logwood, do. Fustic, do. Cam Wood Nicaragua, Madder, Alum, Coperas, Indigo, Blue Compound for dyeing wool blue or green Muriate Sulphate Tin, the best Mordant for Scarlet, Pink or Orange color.  
A general assortment of Paints, Linseed, Spermaceti and Tanners' Oil, Best Copal Varnish, Common, do. Black, do. Coach Painters' Japan, Spirits Turpentine, Painters' Brushes, Window Glass, various sizes, Putty, &c. &c. Also a variety of articles in the fancy and perfumery line.  
The former friends and customers of this long established house and the public in general will meet with prompt attention—articles according to representation and at prices to suit the times. Country Merchants will be supplied on good terms.  
N. B. Those indebted to the firm of M. & K. will please call and settle their accounts  
Oct. 18 3w

**AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.**  
THE TRUSTEES of the Maryland Agricultural Society will hold their next meeting at "St. Aubin" the seat of Mr. Hammond, on Thursday the 23rd day of October inst. at which the members are respectfully invited to attend at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M.  
By order,  
R. SPENCER, Secretary.  
Oct. 11

**FOR SALE,**  
Two good Milch Cows; Parcel of excellent Oats in the Straw, and a Patent Straw Cutter on the most improved plan; all late the property of Samuel Groome, dec'd.—For terms apply to  
Wm. H. GROOME, Exr.  
Easton, Oct. 18, 1828—3t

**BIBLE SOCIETY.**  
THE MEMBERS of the Talbot County Bible Society, are particularly invited to attend a meeting of that body, on Tuesday, the 28th day of October, at the Court-House, in Easton, at 12 o'clock M.  
AGENTS, who have undertaken to ascertain the number of BIBLES wanted in their respective districts, are earnestly requested to make their returns immediately, to the respective Gentlemen appointed to receive them, that they may be laid before the Society at its next meeting—these returns are essential to the completion of the great object of the Society.  
Per Order, GEO. W. NABB, Secy.  
Oct. 18—2w

### NEW SADDLERY.

**JOHN G. STEVENS**  
TAKES this method of returning his thanks to his Customers & the Public generally, for the liberal encouragement he has received since carrying on the above business—also that he has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening at his stand nearly opposite the Bank, a General Assortment of  
—SADDLERY—  
Selected with care and attention—together with a General Assortment of the Best Materials All of which, he is prepared with GOOD WORKMEN, to Manufacture in the best manner, and as cheap as they can be had in the Cities or elsewhere for Cash.—He will also keep a General Assortment of  
Gig Harness, Collars, Trunks, &c. or Manufacture them in the best manner, and at the shortest notice:—  
N. B. Also—An assortment of Chaise, Gig, & Switch Whips, Horse Brushes, Combs &c.  
Oct. 18—3t

**COLLECTOR'S SALE.**  
IN pursuance of an order of the commissioners of the Tax of Talbot county, dated July 1828, will be sold at the Court-House door in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. all those tracts or parcels of Land, (or such parts thereof as may be necessary to raise the several sums due thereon), which were advertised in the Baltimore Patriot, and the Star and Gazette, of Easton, in August 1828, on which the Tax has not been, or shall not be paid before the day of Sale, for the years 1826 and 1827, to be sold for Cash, and the purchaser to pay the expenses of appraising and conveying  
LAMBERT W. SPENCER, Collector  
of Talbot county Taxes, for the years 1826 and 1827.  
Easton, Oct. 18—4w

**PUBLIC SALE.**  
Will be sold at Public Sale on WEDNESDAY the 29th day of October at the residence of the Subscriber, near the Trappe, all his Farming Utensils, Household & Kitchen Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, one Yoke of Oxen, one Ox Cart, one Horse Cart, Corn and Corn Blades, Wheat Straw, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.  
TERMS OF SALE.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over Four Dollars, on all sums of Four Dollars and under, the Cash will be required.  
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. and attendance given by  
THOS. W. DEWING.  
Talbot county, Oct. 18, 1828

**NEGROES FOR SALE.**  
BY order of the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, the subscriber will offer for Sale at the Court House Door in the town of Easton on Tuesday the 21st inst at 3 o'clock P. M. Three likely Young Negro Girls, (the property of the late Doct. Robert Stevens) to serve for a term of years.  
Terms of sale, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, and interest thereon for the day of sale.  
WM. H. HAWKARD, Guardian  
to the Orphan Children of  
Dr. Robert Stevens, dec'd.  
Oct. 18

**PUBLIC NOTICE**  
I INTEND to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of Maryland (to be assembled at the City of Annapolis) praying them to pass a Law to Vacate the Public Road running from the outer Gate of Doctor James P. Dickinson's Farm, where Mr. James Keyner now resides, through my Lands in Talbot county—to Choptank River, where formerly were kept a Public Ferry, known as "Hush's Ferry," but said Ferry has been discontinued for seven or eight years.  
W. HUGHLETT,  
Talbot county, Oct. 18—1828—6w

**For Rent for the Ensuing Year,**  
That Large and Convenient Brick Dwelling and Store Room, situate on Washington Street; opposite the Court-House, and adjoining the Store of Mr. Wm. Clark in Easton, now in the occupancy of Lambert Reardon—It is considered by judges one of the best stands for business in Easton, and has never been without a tenant since it was built—For terms, which will be moderate, apply to  
JAMES C. WHEELER.  
Easton, Oct. 18 3w

**MARYLAND:**  
CAROLINE COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,  
30th day of Sept. A. D. 1828  
On application of Maria Goldsborough Adm'x of Thos. Goldsborough late of Caroline Co. dec'd It is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that she cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in the Gazette and Star papers printed in Easton.  
In testimony that the foregoing is truly and faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court, of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the public seal of my office affixed, this 30th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight.  
Test, JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r.  
of Wills for Caroline county.

**IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,**  
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,  
That the subscriber of Caroline county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of Thos. Goldsborough late of Caroline county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 18th day of April next or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 30th day of September A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.  
M. MARIA GOLDSBOROUGH, Adm'x.  
of Thos. Goldsborough deceased.  
Oct. 18. 3w

**Small Farms & Houses for Rent.**  
The Subscriber has some small farms which he wishes to lease for one or more years:  
ALSO  
The Dwelling House now occupied by Mrs. Charlotte Reardon, on Washington Street, opposite the Easton Point road—the most healthy spot in Easton.  
ALSO  
The Small Tenement on the hill near my Dwelling.  
JOHN LEEDS KERR.  
Easton July, 12. 17

**PRINTING**  
Of every description handomely executed at this OFFICE AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

### MARYLAND:

**Caroline County Orphans' Court.**  
30th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.  
ON application of Clement Eaton Administrator of Peter Eaton, late of Caroline county, deceased—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.  
In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Caroline county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, & the seal of my office affixed, this 30th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred & twenty-eight.  
Test, JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r.  
of Wills for Caroline county,

**IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,**  
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,  
That the subscriber of Caroline county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Peter Eaton, late of Caroline county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 18th day of April next 1829; they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 30th day of Sept. A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty eight.  
CLEMENT EATON, Adm'r.  
of Peter Eaton, deceased.  
Oct. 18, 1828.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed against Edward Auld, at the suit of Daniel Martin, and also by virtue of two writs of fieri facias, issued and directed as aforesaid, against said Ed. Auld, one at the suit of Mary McCausland, Adm'x. of Marcus McCausland, and one at the suit of James Armstrong, Jr. will be sold for Cash at the Court House door in the town of Easton, on Saturday the 8th of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit: One Lot at Easton Point, containing 1/2 acre of Land more or less, one Lot at Easton Point containing 1/2 of an acre of land more or less which he purchased of John L. Kerr, Esq. with the improvements thereon; one other Lot, containing 1 1/2 acres of land more or less, which he purchased of John Hopkins.—Also, a Lot on the Landing road, containing 1-8th of an acre of Land more or less.—Also, one Sloop called Edward Lloyd, together with the Row-boat, Oars, Cambose, Anchors, Cabin Furniture, Sails, Masts, Spars Rigging and Tackling, belonging to the same.—Also, one bay Horse called Dick, one brown Horse called Comer, 2 Cows, 2 Looking Glasses, 2 Tables, 4 Beds and furniture, 1 Sideboard, 1 small Clock, 2 Bureaus, 1 Cupboard, 1 Horse Cart, 1 Dray, 1 Gig and Harness, and one Negro woman called Charlotte, aged about 18 years, all of which Goods and Chattels are subject to a Bill of Sale to Edward N. Hambleton and Thomas Henrix, and also subject to prior Executions. Taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid claims. Attendance by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 18 ts

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Talbot County Court, and to me directed against Charles Goldsborough, at the suit of Edward N. Hambleton, use of Wm. H. Tighman, will be sold at Public Sale, at the Court-House door in the town of Easton, on SATURDAY the 8th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property, to wit:—All that Tract, or part of a Tract of Land called Part of Mount Hope, containing the quantity of 177 acres of Land more or less.—Also, part of Hickory Ridge, near Easton, containing 190 acres of Land more or less. Taken and will be sold to satisfy the above named fi. fa. and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.  
Attendance by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 18. 4w

**Sheriff's Sale.**  
BY virtue of twelve writs of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot county Court & to me directed against Edward Auld, at the suit of John Leeds Kerr, Edward Jenkins, Francis D. McHenry, Benjamin Slocum, and the State of Maryland for the use of Levin Simpson, use of Wm. H. Tighman Wm. Hubbard and Catharine Summerville, will be sold for Cash at the Court House door in Easton on Saturday the 8th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—One Lot at Easton Point, containing 1/2 acre of land more or less.—One Lot at Easton Point containing 1/2 of an acre of Land more or less which he purchased of John Leeds Kerr, Esq. with the improvements thereon.—one other Lot containing 1-3-4 acres land more or less, which he purchased of John Hopkins.—Also one Lot on the Landing road, containing 1 1/8 of an acre of land more or less. Also on the same day, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 6 o'clock P. M. at the house of said Auld, the following Property to wit:—One Sloop called Edward Lloyd, together with the Row-boat, Oars, Cambose, Anchors and Cabin Furniture—Sails, Masts, Spars, Rigging and Tackling belonging to the same.—Also one bay Horse called Dick, one brown Horse called Comer, 2 Cows, 2 Looking Glasses, 2 Tables, 4 Beds, Bedsteads and Furniture—1 Sideboard, 1 small Clock, 2 Bureaus, 1 Cupboard, 1 Horse Cart, 1 Dray, 1 Gig and Harness, 1 negro woman called Charlotte, aged about 18 years, all which Goods and Chattels are subject to a Bill of Sale to Edward N. Hambleton and Thomas Henrix—Seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above mentioned writs of Venditioni Exponas, debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon.—Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Sheriff,  
of Talbot county.  
Oct. 18—ts

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Wm. Henry one at the suit of Samuel Harrison, use of Richard Spencer, and John Warner Adm'r. of Susan Ann Warner use of John Leeds Kerr, Jr. will be sold for cash at the Court House door in Easton on Tuesday the 24th day of October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—all and singular that farm or plantation and lands and tenements of said Wm. Benny of Talbot County lying and being in the Chappel District consisting of several tracts or parts of tracts of Land, viz:—Part of Benny's thicket's parts of other tracts being called by whatsoever names they may be, and containing the quantity of 3742 acres of land more or less, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of fi. fa. debt, int. and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Sept. 27—ts

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Wm. Henry one at the suit of Samuel Harrison, use of Richard Spencer, and John Warner Adm'r. of Susan Ann Warner use of John Leeds Kerr, Jr. will be sold for cash at the Court House door in Easton on Tuesday the 24th day of October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—all and singular that farm or plantation and lands and tenements of said Wm. Benny of Talbot County lying and being in the Chappel District consisting of several tracts or parts of tracts of Land, viz:—Part of Benny's thicket's parts of other tracts being called by whatsoever names they may be, and containing the quantity of 3742 acres of land more or less, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of fi. fa. debt, int. and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Sept. 27—ts

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Wm. Henry one at the suit of Samuel Harrison, use of Richard Spencer, and John Warner Adm'r. of Susan Ann Warner use of John Leeds Kerr, Jr. will be sold for cash at the Court House door in Easton on Tuesday the 24th day of October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—all and singular that farm or plantation and lands and tenements of said Wm. Benny of Talbot County lying and being in the Chappel District consisting of several tracts or parts of tracts of Land, viz:—Part of Benny's thicket's parts of other tracts being called by whatsoever names they may be, and containing the quantity of 3742 acres of land more or less, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of fi. fa. debt, int. and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Sept. 27—ts

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POETRY.

THE FLEDGE.

COME let your cup flash sunshine like To friends now far away: "Here's to the absent and the loved!" The absent did you say? And wherefore should we drink to them? It is a weary toast: What boots it to recall the friends Whom we have loved and lost? Fast cuts our good ship through the sea— What does it leave behind? There is no path upon the wave, No track upon the wind. Like that swift ship we have passed on, And led no deeper trace; The circle parted from at home Has now no vacant place. Fewer and happier years than mine On thy young brows are set; Soon thou wilt learn Time's easiest task Is teaching to forget. Fill full as high, I'll drink as deep— Or must a toast be said? Well here are all I ever pledge— "The present and the dead!" L. E. L.

NEW IRONMONGERY, QUEEN'S WARE, CHINA & GLASS STORE.

W. H. GROOME, having thought it advisable to withdraw from the Dry Goods business, and to remove from the Store-House which he has so long occupied, to that lately occupied by his brother Samuel Groome, opposite the Bank, begs leave to inform his Customers and the Public generally, that he has taken his nephew Peregrine Groome, formerly of this place, into partnership with him and re-commenced business under the firm of W. H. & P. GROOME And intend keeping constantly on hand, A Large and General assortment of IRONMONGERY, GROCERIES, QUEEN'S WARE, CHINA GLASS, & FANCY ARTICLES, of the best qualities—and to sell them on the lowest terms for CASH. W. H. G. therefore solicits for himself and Partner, a continuance of the custom of his Old Friends, as well as those of the late Samuel Groome, and the Public generally for any articles in the above line, assuring them that the strictest attention will be paid to the business, and to all Orders addressed to them. Easton, Oct. 11—4t

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers are associated under the firm of CONNOLLY & PANSON, And have taken Ware-House No. 65 Smith's Wharf, Baltimore, for the transaction of Commission Business, and respectfully solicit the patronage of their Friends and the Public. HENRY CONNOLLY, RICH'D. M. PANSON. Sept. 20—4t P. S. Refer to DOCT. E. MARTIN, Jr. Jos. Martin, Ennalls Martin Jr. and Martin Goldsborough.

THROUGH IN A DAY.



FROM Philadelphia to Centreville, Maryland, Via Delaware City, St. George's, Middletown—Warwick—Head of Sassafras—and Head of Chester to Centreville.

This line is now running, and will continue throughout the Season—to leave Philadelphia by the Steam-Boat BARRONS, Captain W. WHILLDIN—From Pine Street Wharf, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, at 6 o'clock, for Delaware City—there to take the Canal Packet-boat LADY CLINTON, for St. George's, and from thence in Stages to Middletown, Warwick, Head of Sassafras, Head of Chester, and Centreville, arriving at Centreville the same evening at eight o'clock. Returning, leaves Centreville on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at 4 o'clock, arriving at Delaware City in time to take the Steam Boat to Philadelphia, and arriving there at 6 o'clock, P. M.

Connected with the Despatch Line is a line of Stages from Centreville to Easton, leaving Centreville on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, at 8 o'clock for Easton. Returning, leaves Solomon Lowe's Tavern Easton, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 1 o'clock, P. M. and takes the Despatch Line the morning following for Philadelphia.

There is also in connexion with this Line a Stage to convey Passengers from the Baltimore Steam Boat Packet, at Georgetown, to intersect the Despatch Line at Massey's Cross-Roads, and to convey Passengers from Massey's Cross-Roads to the Steam Boat.

Passengers coming in this Line for Newcastle or Wilmington, will meet a Stage from Dover at St. George's.

FARE.

From Philadelphia to Delaware City - \$1 25 Do. St. George's - 1 50 Do. Middletown - 2 00 Do. Warwick - 2 25 Do. Head of Sassafras - 2 50 Do. Head of Chester - 3 00 Do. Centreville - 4 25 MULFORD, BRADSHAW, & Co. PROPRIETORS. Sept. 13—w

HOUSES &c. TO RENT.

TO BE RENTED for the next year, the following Houses in and about Easton, to wit: The House and Premises on the East Side of Washington Street, where George F. Thompson now lives, a few doors above the Store of Mr. Jas. Wilson. The Houses & Gardens at the White Chimney, near the Eastern limits of the town, on the road to Dover Bridge. The House where Mrs. Russell now lives on Washington Street near Camp's Carriage Shop. The House & Garden at Easton Point, where Wm. Bennett lives. The House & Lot at Woodhawk's Bridge, where Wm. Bennett lately lived, and a small Farmstead, near the same bridge. JOHN GOLDSPOROUGH, Easton, Sept. 13—w

NOTICE.

WAS Committed to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 18th day of Sept. inst. by Thos. D. Cockey, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself Mark Carroll, and says he belongs to Zediah Cook, of Middle Brooke Mills, Montgomery county, Maryland. Said negro is five feet eight inches high, and about thirty years of age. Had on when committed a lincey roundabout of light color, and white linen shirt and pantaloons of the same, fur hat and shoes. The owner of the above described negro man is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden Sept. 27—8w of Balt. co. Jail

NOTICE.

WAS Committed to the Jail of Baltimore county, by John Walter, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, on the seventeenth day of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, as a runaway, a negro girl who calls herself ANN DORSEY, and says she belongs to Thomas Stabler, near Brookville, Montgomery county, Maryland—said negro is four feet eight inches high, about eighteen years old, (at which age she says she was to have been free.) Had on when committed a yellow stripe homespun cotton frock, and calf-skin shoes. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Sept. 27—8w

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 28th day of August, 1828, by David B. Ferguson, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself FORTON GIBSON, and says he is free born. Said negro is five feet, eight inches high, and about forty-four years of age.—Had on when committed an old pair of black bombast pantaloons, check shirt and an old fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Sept. 13—8w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 1st day of September, 1828, by Lewis Baltzell, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for the City of Baltimore, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself JAMES COOPER, and says he is free.—Said negro is five feet seven inches high, about 27 years of age—had on when committed a pair of brown cloth pantaloons and check shirt, coarse shoes and an old fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Sept. 13—8w

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 2d day of September, 1828, by Charles Kernan, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a black Negro Woman who calls herself LILIA BROWN, and says she belongs to Samuel Ridgely, of Anne Arundel county, Maryland. She is about 4 feet 10 inches high, and 35 years of age—had on when committed a blue and white striped lincey frock nearly new. The owner of the above described negro woman is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Sept. 13—8w

NOTICE.

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore county, by John Walter, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, on the 17th day of August, 1828, as a runaway, a negro girl who calls herself Ann Dorsey, and says she belongs to Thomas Stabler, near Brookville, Montgomery county, Maryland; said negro is 4 feet 8 inches high; about 18 years old, (at which age she says she was to have been free.) Had on when committed a yellow stripe homespun cotton frock, and calf-skin shoes. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore County jail Aug. 30 w

NOTICE.

WAS Committed to the jail of Baltimore County, by John Murray, Jr. Esquire a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, on the 23d July, 1828, as a runaway, a black negro woman named Julia Ann, and her female child, and who says they belong to Henry Dashiell, of the city of Baltimore. The woman is five feet high, and about thirty four years of age.—Had on when committed a blue cross barred domestic frock, and a head handkerchief; the child is about eighteen months old, and has a scar on one of its arms. The owner of the above described negroes is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Balt. co. Jail Aug. 16 8w

NOTICE.

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore county by Jas. B. Bosley, esq. on the 13th July, 1828, a negro man who calls himself Anthony Bowman, and who says that he belongs to Charles N. Clagett, near the Woodyard farm Prince George's county Maryland. Said negro is about five feet six inches high & about twenty eight years of age, had on when committed a dark coloured cotton cassimere roundabout Jacket and pantaloons, and old fur Hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away otherwise he will be discharged according to law. DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of B. C. Jail. August 16. 8w

A RUNAWAY.

WAS committed to the jail of Washington county, Md. on Saturday the 30th ult. a negro man, who calls himself HENRY BROWN; says he belongs to Nicholas Snowden, living near Vansville, Prince George's county, Maryland. Said negro is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a small scar under the left eye, and one above the right; a large scar on the left arm, just above the wrist. Had on an old fur hat, coarse Osanburg roundabout, tow linen pantaloons, pretty much worn, coarse shoes, one pair of corded pantaloons.—He says he left home on Wednesday the 27th August, 1828. The owner of the above slave is desired to come forward, prove his property and pay fees, or else he will be discharged according to law. JOHN GOLDSPOROUGH, Sheriff. Sept. 27—w

FOUNTAIN INN, LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE. M. BARR

HAVING leased the above extensive, well known and long established HOTEL, informs his friends, the friends of the House and the Public generally, that he has had the house thoroughly repaired & fitted up in a very superior manner with entire new furniture, and is now prepared with every requisite, throughout every department of his establishment to make his customers comfortable.

There are several pleasant parlors fitted up with chambers attached, having a private entrance for the accommodation of families. The location of this Hotel is most advantageous for Gentlemen visiting the city on business, being near both the wharves and Market street—however it is known to almost every gentleman who comes to Baltimore by the bay, and has been formerly a favourite stopping place with them.

The proprietor trusts it will become a favorite house again with gentlemen from the bay, when it is known that the house is in as fine order as it ever has been; and he feels a confidence (will gentlemen call and see the alterations and improvements made) that a portion of patronage will be awarded him, pledges himself that as far as attention and exertion can go toward accommodation, nothing will be wanting to produce comfort.

Terms of board one dollar per day. Baltimore, May 3, 1828—6m The Cambridge Chronicle, Centreville Times, and Elkton Press will publish the above 6 months, and forward their accounts to the Proprietor.

NOTICE.

ON Wednesday the 22d of October, will be offered at public sale, at the Store-House occupied by Nathaniel Slawson in the Town of Vienna, (if not sold before at private sale,)—an ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS, with a suitable supply of GROCERIES—laid in on the best terms and adapted to the Season. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale, may be accommodated by applying to Doct. C. Stanford.—Terms of sale will be made known on the day of Sale. NATHANIEL SLAWSON. Vienna, Sept. 27th, 1828.—3w

FOR RENT.

THE ENSUING YEAR. The House Garden and Stables on Washington street, lately occupied by me, and at present occupied by Mr. Thos Hayward, Jr.—ALSO The House Garden and Stables lately occupied by James C. Wheeler, & the House and Garden at present occupied by Mr. Wheeler, on the Landing road.—These Houses are comfortable and in good repair. To approved tenants, the terms will be very reasonable. EDWD. N. HAMBLETON. Aug. 9—1828. if

FARM TO BE RENTED.

TO be rented for the next year, the Farm on which Mr. Jesse Scott is now living as a tenant.—It is commonly called the Tan-yard Farm.—It is about 8 or 9 miles from Easton, on the road to Centreville. Persons disposed to rent are requested to view the Premises, & make application to the subscriber. JOHN GOLDSPOROUGH, agent for Dr. James Tilton. Easton, July 26—4t

FARM TO BE RENTED.

TO be rented for the next year, the Farm in Banbury where John Norris now lives.—It is pleasantly situated on Choptank River, about three miles from the Trappe, and near enough to Cambridge to make it profitable to carry market articles there. For terms apply to JOHN GOLDSPOROUGH. Easton, July 26—1828. N. B. The subscriber has also two small farms near Easton, and several Houses & Lots to rent.

FOR RENT

THAT VALUABLE Establishment late the property of James M. Lambdin, situated next door to the Post Office and is one of the most valuable business stands in Easton. The property can be divided or Rented all together to suit Tenants. Apply to GEORGE W. NABB. Easton, May 10.

For Rent at a Reduced Price, The Fountain Inn Tavern,

LATELY occupied by R. D. Ray, for the remainder of the present and ensuing year.—Immediate possession will be given. Apply to JAMES WILLSON, agent for Mary J. Willson. Easton, 12th July, 1828. if

HOUSES TO RENT.

To Rent for the ensuing year the following Houses, viz: The Shop on Washington Street at present occupied by Dr. Dawson. ALSO, The Framed Dwelling, &c. on Washington Street lately occupied by John Meconkin and adjoining Dr. Ennalls Martin. ALSO, the Brick Dwelling on Harrison Street and a Framed Dwelling on the same street, adjoining the last mentioned and directly back of the above. All the above property will be rented at very moderate or reduced prices on application to WM. H. GROOME. Easton, Aug. 20th, 1828. if

TO RENT

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.—That pleasant situated White House and premises adjoining the South-West corner of the Public Square, near the Court House, now occupied by Mrs. Stevens. —ALSO— The STORE ROOM & CELLAR in the brick House where Mrs. Parrott resides, nearly opposite the Bank. WM. CLARK. Easton, Sept. 27th 1828.—3t eow

TO RENT

For the ensuing year, on very accommodating terms, the House and premises adjoining Dr. Thomas H. Dawson, on Washington street at present occupied by John Bennett, Esquire—who, from the comfort and conveniences of the Building, and agreeable neighbourhood has been a Tenant for the last fifteen or eighteen years. This property has lately been put in good repair, and is well calculated for the reception of Boarders.—For terms apply to my Brother, Samuel Mackey, or to the Editor. WM. MACKEY. Sept. 13. 4t

TO RENT

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to purchase ONE HUNDRED likely young Slaves, from the age of 12 to 25 years, for which he will pay the highest cash prices. Persons disposed to sell will please call on him at Mr. Lowe's Tavern, in Easton, where he can be found at all times. J. B. WOOLFOLK. June 21—4t The Centreville Times will please publish the above bill for sale. J. B. W.

MARYLAND: Talbot County Orphans' Court.

3rd day of Oct. A. D. 1828. On application of William E. Shannahan, Adm'r. of John Wilcutt, late of Talbot county, deceased—it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in two of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 3rd day of Oct. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight. JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Wilcutt late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby requested to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 1st day of May next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 3rd day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight. WM. E. SHANNAHAN, Adm'r. of John Wilcutt, dec'd. Oct. 4.—3w

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted for officers fees for 1827 payable in the present year are requested to make immediate payment for the same—longer indulgence cannot possibly be given. My deputies have orders to close the collection of said fees without delay; those neglecting the above NOTICE may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs. WILLIAM TOWNSEND, S.H.F. Aug. 2 1828—4t

FOR SALE.

A SECOND HAND COACHEE & GIG, with Harness complete.—Apply to Lambert Keardon, or the Subscriber. RICHARD KENNEY. Oct. 4—4t

100 DOLLARS REWARD.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber on Sunday morning the 21st inst. a mulatto fellow who calls himself ABRAHAM SULLIVAN, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, straight and well made, with rather a down look when spoken to, but polite and attentive.—For the last eight or nine months he has been employed as a waiter, in the Easton Hotel by Mr. Peacock. He had on when he ran away a fox colored hat blue cloth coat, corduroy pantaloons and new shoes.—There is little doubt he will change his clothing as he took a variety with him. Whoever will take up said Runaway and deliver him in the Jail in Easton, Talbot county, (Md.) shall receive a reward of Fifty Dollars, if taken in this State or the State of Delaware—if taken out of the above States, One Hundred Dollars reward will be given. WM. H. GROOME, Agent for Isabella Smyth. Easton, Oct. 4—4t

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RUNAWAY on Saturday night last, a negro man called DANIEL, who is about 32 years of age, five feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a dark hazel colour, has broad shoulders and broad face, is rather lusty and well made. Has large white teeth, his eyes are of a reddish colour, and when he is spoken to he has a smile on his countenance. Daniel was hired out in Easton, and went off under pretence of going to Camp Meeting, and there is reason to believe that he was accompanied by a negro man, the property of Mrs. Smyth, who was also hired out in Easton, and is of a chesnut colour and rather tall. I have no knowledge of what clothes Daniel took with him, other than a blue jacket and fur hat nearly new. It is more than probable that these negroes will make their way either to Delaware or New Jersey. The above reward will be paid for apprehending Daniel if taken out of the State, and Fifty Dollars if taken in the State and lodged in Jail so that I get him, and all reasonable expenses paid if brought to Easton and lodged in Jail. EDWARD O. MARTIN. Head of Wye, Talbot co. Md. } Sept. 27, 1828. }

\$100 REWARD

WILL be given for apprehending and lodging in Easton jail Negro man ISAAC who absconded Saturday the 23d of August last passed. ISAAC is a stout active negro twenty years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, a little bow legged and large feet. Pleasant countenance when spoken to, rather a broad flat face, with a good set of teeth and wide space between those in front, which causes him to lisp. WM. H. TILGHMAN. Sept. 6.

20 DOLLARS REWARD.

RUNAWAY from the Subscriber on or about the 15th of April last, a negro woman who calls herself MARGARET—she is about 23 years of age, stout and well made, rather light complexion for a negro.—The subscriber understands the above negro has made her way to Baltimore, where she has no doubt hired herself as a free woman. Whoever takes up said negro and secures her in jail so that the subscriber gets her again shall receive the above reward. THOMAS D. MONNELLY. Chappel, Talbot county, (Md.) Oct. 4, 1828. The Baltimore American will copy the above 4 times and forward the account to this office for collection.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber being desirous of collecting THE TAX OF TALBOT COUNTY, due for the present year, in the course of this Fall, respectfully requests all persons, holding Assessable Property in the county, to call on him at his Office in Easton, where he will attend every Tuesday for the reception of the same: It is hoped that those who cannot make it convenient to call on him, will be prepared for a call from him, or his Deputies, in their respective districts. SOLOMON MULLIKIN, Collector. Sept. 13—4t

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to purchase ONE HUNDRED likely young Slaves, from the age of 12 to 25 years, for which he will pay the highest cash prices. Persons disposed to sell will please call on him at Mr. Lowe's Tavern, in Easton, where he can be found at all times. J. B. WOOLFOLK. June 21—4t The Centreville Times will please publish the above bill for sale. J. B. W.

UNION HOTEL.

SOLOMON LOWE returns his sincere thanks to his old customers and travellers generally who have been so kind and liberal as to afford him the pleasure of their company. He begs leave to inform them that he is about to remove to the STAND at the corner of Harrison & Washington streets, in Easton, within a few yards of the Bank, where he will have great satisfaction in receiving his old customers, and has provided for their reception and entertainment every possible convenience.

Private parties can have the most private apartments and the best entertainment with complaisant servants, and all the luxuries of the season upon the shortest possible notice.—Mr. S. Lowe calculates on and invites the custom of all old friends and strangers. Mr. Lowe's Hack will attend the steamboat with the greatest punctuality. Easton, Dec. 29—4t

DENTON HOTEL.

The Subscriber informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the well known Brick House in Denton, occupied the last year by Mr. Samuel Lucas, where his customers will be accommodated with the best of every thing in season, afforded by the markets of the place, and his own habits of personal attention and those of his family, he can assure the public of the best accommodations in his house. The subscriber has most excellent servants; he has attentive ostlers, he will keep constantly on hand the best liquors that can be had in Baltimore, & his table will be constantly supplied with the best provisions—Gentlemen and ladies can at all times be furnished with private rooms at the shortest notice—travellers and the public generally are invited to give him a call. The subscriber is provided with rooms to accommodate the court and bar during the session of our Courts. ABRAHAM GRIFFITH. Feb. 18 17

THE ELEGANT STEAM-BOAT



MARYLAND.

On and after Tuesday the 27th day of May inst. this superb Boat will leave Baltimore every Tuesday & Friday, for Annapolis, Cambridge & Easton, at 6 o'clock in the morning, & returning leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore, at the same hour, until the 1st of October next, when she will start at 7 o'clock—Her route from Baltimore to Chestertown and back will continue the same as last year. LEMUEL G. TAYLOR, CAPTAIN. May 17—4t

NOTICE.

THE subscriber earnestly requests all those indebted to him on book account, of more than a year's standing, to call and liquidate them, or close them in some manner satisfactory, otherwise they will be put into proper officers hands for collection, which a speedy settlement might prevent—he returns his grateful acknowledgments for past favours, and hopes to merit a continuance of them. The public's obedient servant SOLOMON LOWE. Easton, Oct. 27 4t

TO RENT.

THREE FARMS handsomely situated on the Waters of Broad Creek, and one on Tuckahoe Creek—for terms apply to SAMUEL HARRISON. Rich Neck, Aug. 16

FARMS TO RENT.

THE Subscriber will rent his Two Valuable FARMS on Miles River, on reasonable terms to a good tenant or tenants for a term of years. The above farms are in a high state of cultivation. For term apply to. SAML. ROBERTS. Aug 30

A GIG FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will dispose of a private sale, an excellent second hand GIG & Harness He will sell it cheap for Cash, or to a punctual purchaser on a short credit. WM. H. GROOME. Easton, June 28—4t

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, a first rate pair of steers well broke to the cart—they will be sold very low for cash or good paper. ANDREW CHEZUM. Hole-in-the-Wall, Talbot co. sep. 6 3w

TO SPORTSMEN

A TRAINING Stable is established in the neighbourhood of Easton for the purpose of proving the speed and bottom of the young blood horses of the Eastern Shore of Maryland. Two are already engaged and in walking exercise—three or four others will be taken if early application is made.—For particulars enquire of the Editor. Aug. 30.

HIDES WANTED.

The Subscriber will give the highest price in cash for Dry and Green Hides. Persons having hides for sale, will find it to their advantage to call on T. S. Hayward or the subscriber. WM. HUSSEY. Easton, March 15.

TO SLAVE-HOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a NEGRO MAN, about 26 years of age, has been committed to Cecil county jail, under suspicion of being a runaway slave. He is five feet nine inches high, stout and well formed, with remarkably small eyes. He calls himself JOHN BROWN, says that he was brought up near Buck's county, by a Mr. Disborough, and that his parents are both free. He has been employed for nearly 12 months as a hand on board of a small packet, which sails between Baltimore and Port Deposit. His clothing consists of a pair of white drilling trousers, muslin shirt, and striped waistcoat. If within the space of sixty days from the date hereof, application shall not be made for him, and all such legal costs and charges, as have accrued or shall accrue, by reason of apprehending, imprisoning, & advertising him, paid, I will discharge him from prison unless remanded back for further confinement, by the judge before whom I shall take him for examination, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly. THOMAS MILLER, Jr. Sheriff of Cecil county. Elkton, Maryland, Aug. 2.

# EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—Literature, well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown. RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich—and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XI.

EASTON, MARYLAND, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 25, 1828.

NO. 40.

PRINTED & PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY EVENING  
BY ALEXANDER GRAHAM,  
AT TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER  
Annun, payable half yearly in advance.  
**ADVERTISEMENTS**  
Not exceeding a square inserted three times for  
ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE CENTS for  
every subsequent insertion.

**Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c.**  
AT THE OLD STAND OF  
**MOORE & KELLIE.**

THE Partnership heretofore existing under  
the firm of MOORE & KELLIE having  
been dissolved by the death of Dr. J. Kellie,  
the former friends of the Establishment and  
the public in general are informed that the  
business will continue to be carried on by and  
in the name of

**WILLIAM W. MOORE,**

The former Proprietor, whose long experience  
in the business, acquaintance with pharmaceu-  
tical preparations, and knowledge of the best and  
most genuine articles united with a strict per-  
sonal attention, will, he feels assured, maintain  
the same confidence that has heretofore so ex-  
tensively been given to this Establishment.—  
Physicians' prescriptions put up with neatness  
& the greatest accuracy. He has received from  
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, very  
handsome additions to his former stock, among  
which may be noticed the following new &  
highly concentrated chemical preparation, viz:

Strychnine, Emetine, Piperine, Morphine,  
Eleuterium, Iodine, Croton Oil, Prussic Acid,  
Extract Belladonna, do. Ginea,  
do. Hyoscyamus, do. Stramonium, &c.  
Pyrologious Acid, Sulphate Quinine, from the  
Laboratory of Pelletier & Coerent, the  
Inventors in Paris.

Genuine Cod Bark, Pale Lima, do.  
Guano, do. Carthagenia or Common Yel-  
low, do.  
Superior Wine Bitters,  
Henry's Calcined Magnesia, a superior arti-  
cle.

Coxe's Hive Syrup an article that every fam-  
ily, where there is children should always  
keep.  
Dr. Hull's highly approved patent Trusses,  
Common, do.

Denarcotized Laudanum, a new preparation  
by which the unpleasant effects resident in  
Opium in a principle called Narcotine is  
destroyed—by its use the debilitated pa-  
tient can obtain a refreshing slumber with-  
out experiencing those distressing sensa-  
tions to which many are subjected after  
taking common Laudanum.

Swain's celebrated Panacea for the cure of  
Scourful, King's Evil, Syphilitic and Mor-  
cular diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcerous  
Sores, White Swellings, &c. Some re-  
markable instances of cure are known in  
this County, and many are recorded of so  
wonderful a character that if they were not  
so well authenticated would seem more  
like tales of fiction than a reality.

Potter's Vegetable Cathartic, for the same  
diseases.

Lee's & Dyott's Family Medicines, and pa-  
tient Medicines generally,  
Hunter's celebrated Brass, Steel and Tin  
polishing preservative powder,  
Ground Logwood, do. Fustic, do. Cam Wood  
Niacaragua, Mudder, Alum, Coparas, Indigo,  
Blue Compound for dyeing wool blue or green  
Muriol Sulphate Tin, the best Mordant for  
Scarlet, Pink or Orange Colour.

A general assortment of Paints,  
Lime-seed, Spermaceti and Tanner's Oil,  
Best Copal Varnish, Common, do. Black, do.  
Coach Painters' Japan,  
Spirits Turpentine, Painters' Brushes,  
Window Glass, various sizes, Putty, &c. &c.  
Also a variety of articles in the fancy and por-  
tugumery line.

The former friends and customers of this  
long established house and the public in general  
will meet with prompt attention—articles ac-  
cording to representation and at prices to suit  
the times. Country Merchants will be supplied  
on good terms.

N. B. Those indebted to the firm of M. & K.  
will please call and settle their accounts.  
Oct. 13—3w

## FALL GOODS.

**WILLIAM CLARK** has just received and  
is now opening a handsome assortment of  
FRESH IMPORTED & DOMESTIC GOODS,  
Adapted to the present and approach-  
ing seasons, which will be offered  
at a small advance for CASH.  
Easton, Oct. 4, 1828.—St cow

## HIDES WANTED.

The Subscriber will give the highest price  
in cash for Dry and Green Hides. Persons  
having hides for sale, will find it to their ad-  
vantage to call on T. S. Hayward or the sub-  
scriber.  
WM. HUSSEY.  
Easton, March 15.

## COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber being desirous of collecting  
the TAX OF TALBOT COUNTY, due for  
the present year, in the course of this Fall, res-  
pectfully requests all persons, holding Assessable  
Property in the county, to call on him at his  
Office in Easton, where he will attend every  
Tuesday for the reception of the same.  
It is hoped that those who cannot make it con-  
venient to call on him, will be prepared for a  
call from him, or his Deputies, in their respec-  
tive districts.  
SOLOMON MULLIKIN, Collector.  
Sept. 13—4f

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE SUBSCRIBER having just returned  
from Baltimore with a handsome and  
good assortment of MATERIALS in his line  
most respectfully invites his friends and the  
public generally to give him a call and view  
his assortment and hopes from his long expe-  
rience & a determination to pay the strictest  
attention to business he will be able to render  
general satisfaction.  
Gentlemen disposed to purchase boots  
would do well to call as he will turn his atten-  
tion more particularly to that part of the busi-  
ness and flatters himself that he can furnish  
them with as handsome and as good boots as  
can be had here or elsewhere.  
The Publics Obedt Servt.  
JOHN WRIGHT.  
Easton, Nov. 17.

## IN MISS DONE'S SEMINARY FOR FEMALES

ARE Taught the customary Branches of Eng-  
lish Education. —ALSO—  
MUSIC—FRENCH—DRAWING &  
NEEDLE-WORK.  
**TERMS.**  
For Tuition in the English branches,  
1st class - \$10 } per Quarter.  
2d do - - \$8 }  
3d do - - \$5 }

**MUSIC—The French Language,**  
and DRAWING, Extra charges. Board will  
be furnished, including Bed, Bedding and  
Washing, and necessary attendance at \$140  
per Annum.  
A deduction will be made for the Annual Vac-  
ation. It will be expected that no Quar-  
ter will be paid in advance.  
Annapolis, Oct. 4, 1828—

## SPLENDID VIEWS OF AMERICAN SCENERY

ON FRIDAY, the 10th of October, 1828, will  
be published by T. K. Greenbank, No. 64,  
Spruce Street, Philadelphia, a volume of splen-  
did views of American Scenery as follows:

1. A view of Beck's Shot Tower, on the Schuyl-  
kill near Philadelphia, and adjacent scenery.
2. A view of the Light House on Long Island  
Sound with the adjacent scenery.
3. A view of York, on Lake Ontario, with the  
fortifications.
4. Characteristic Scenery on the Hudson River.
5. View of New London, Connecticut, with  
the adjacent scenery.
6. View of Lemon Hill, near Philadelphia, the  
seat of Henry Pratt, Esq.
7. The Tomb of W. Shington at Mount Vernon.
8. View at the Great Bend of the Susquehanna.
9. View of the Upper Falls of Solomon's Creek,  
Lucerne county, Pa.
10. View of the Lower Falls of Solomon's  
Creek.
11. View of the Catskill Mountains, from the  
Hudson.
12. View of Fort Niagara on Lake Ontario, from  
the Light House on the British side.

These views are executed in the best style of  
Philadelphia engraving, from drawings made  
upon the spot. Each plate will be accompanied  
by a full and accurate description thereof, as to  
make it perfectly intelligible to every person.

The work will be printed and issued to sub-  
scribers in the first style, on a superior paper,  
and with a handsomely printed cover, and de-  
livered to subscribers at the very low price of  
ONE DOLLAR. Flexible covers will be used  
for country subscribers, so that they can be  
safely sent by mail.

Any gentleman, postmaster and others,  
who will interest themselves to procure ten  
subscribers; and remit \$10 to the editor, shall  
receive twelve copies. From the very flattering  
patronage already received (1200 subscribers  
have put down their names) this volume will  
probably be succeeded by another, as soon as  
other plates can be engraved. All orders from  
the country will be promptly attended to.  
Address, T. K. GREENBANK,  
No. 64, Spruce Street, Philadelphia.  
Sept. 20

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of writ of venditioni exponas, is-  
sued out of Talbot County Court, and to me  
directed against Edward Auld, at the suit of  
Daniel Martin, and also by virtue of two writs of  
fieri facias, issued and directed as aforesaid, against  
said Ed. Auld, one at the suit of Mary Mc-  
Causland, Adm'r. of Marcus McCausland, and  
one at the suit of James Armstrong, Jr. will be  
sold for Cash at the Court House door in the  
town of Easton, on Saturday the 8th of Novem-  
ber next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M.  
and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to  
wit: One Lot at Easton Point, containing 1/2 acre  
of Land more or less, one Lot at Easton Point  
containing 1/2 of an acre of Land more or less which  
he purchased of John L. Kerr, Esq. with the  
improvements thereon; one other Lot, contain-  
ing 1/2 acre of Land more or less, which he  
purchased of John Hopkins. —Also, a Lot on the  
Landing road, containing 1-8th of an acre of  
Land more or less. —Also, one Sloop called Ed-  
ward Lloyd, together with the Row-boat, Oars,  
Camber, Anchors, Cabin Furniture, Sails, Mast  
Spars Rigging and Tackling, belonging to the  
same: Also, one bay Horse called Dick, one  
brown Horse called Comer, 2 Cows, 2 Looking  
Glasses, 2 Tables, 4 Beds and furniture, 1 Sale-  
board, 1 small Clock, 2 Bureaus, 1 Cupboard, 1  
horse cart, 1 Dray, 1 Gig and Harness, and one  
Negro woman called Charlotte, aged about 18  
years, all of which Goods and Chattels are sub-  
ject to a Bill of Sale to Edward N. Hambleton  
and Thomas Henrix, and also subject to prior  
Executions. Taken and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the aforesaid claims. Attendance by  
Oct. 18 to WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of writ of venditioni exponas is-  
sued out of Talbot County Court & to me  
directed against Edward Auld, at the suits of  
John Leeds Kerr, Edward Jenkins, Francis  
D. McHenry, Benjamin Shoom, and the  
State of Maryland for the use of Levin Simpson,  
use of Wm. H. Tilghman, Wm. Hubbard and  
Catherine Summerville, will be sold for Cash at  
the Court House door in Easton on Saturday  
the 8th day of November next, between the  
hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M.  
the following property to wit:—One Lot at Easton  
Point, containing 1/2 acre of Land more or less  
—one Lot at Easton Point containing 1/2 of an  
acre of Land more or less which he purchased of  
John Leeds Kerr, Esq. with the improvements  
thereon:—one other Lot containing 1-3-4 acres  
Land more or less, which he purchased of John  
Hopkins. —Also one Lot on the Landing road,  
containing 1-8th of an acre of Land more or less.  
Also on the same day, between the hours of 10  
o'clock A. M. and 6 o'clock P. M. at the house  
of said Auld, the following Property to wit:—  
One Sloop called Edward Lloyd, together with  
the Rowboat, Oars, Camber, Anchors and  
Cabin Furniture—Sails, Mast, Spars, Rigging  
and Tackling belonging to the same.—Also one  
bay Horse called Dick, one brown Horse call  
Comer, 2 Cows, 2 Looking Glasses, 2 Tables,  
4 Beds, Bedsteads and Furniture—1 Sideboard,  
1 small Clock, 2 Bureaus, 1 Cupboard, 1 Horse  
Cart, 1 Dray, 1 Gig and Harness, 1 Negro woman  
called Charlotte, aged about 18 years, all which  
Goods and Chattels are subject to a Bill of Sale  
to Edward N. Hambleton and Thomas Henrix—  
Seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above  
mentioned writs of Venditioni Exponas, debt,  
interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon.—Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Sheriff,  
of Talbot County.  
Oct. 18—4f

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of writs of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot County Court & to me direct-  
ed at the suits of David Fairbanks  
use Samuel Groome, Joseph Scull, use Conrad  
Kelly & Co. Jacob Gronmiller, Margaret Kirby,  
Richard Spencer, use of Isaac Atkinson and  
Joseph Robinson, —also by virtue of two writs  
of fieri facias issued and directed as aforesaid,  
at the suit of John Porter, against John Dawson,  
will be offered at Public Sale on Tuesday the  
5th day of November next, between the hours of  
10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. and sold  
for Cash to the highest bidder at the front door  
of the Court House in the Town of Easton, the  
Farm of the said John Dawson on which he at  
present resides be the quantity what it may;  
ALSO: the Farm or Plantation of said Dawson,  
called & known by the name of "Peck's Point"  
—also a tract or part of a tract of Land which  
said Dawson purchased of the Heirs of Owen  
Kennard, known by the name of the "Oakfields,"  
containing three Acres of Land more or less, &  
two Negro women. Also will be sold by virtue  
of the writs of Venditioni Exponas aforesaid, on  
the next day between the hours aforesaid on  
the premises of the said Dawson for Cash; thirty  
head of Horses, twenty head of Cattle, thirty  
head of sheep, and four Ox Carts. Seized and  
taken as the Goods & Chattels Lands and Tenements  
of the said John Dawson, and will be sold to  
pay and satisfy the writs of Venditioni Exponas  
and Fieri Facias, and the interest and costs  
due and to become due thereon.—Attendance  
given by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 11 to

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of three writs of vendi. expo.  
issued out of Talbot County Court and to me  
directed against James Chambers, at the  
suits of the following persons, to wit: Ed-  
ward N. Hambleton use of Jacob Loockerman  
use of Levin Millis, sen. William Ferguson  
and Fusbish Leonard (Levin Millis, sen. and  
Wm. Ferguson's parts for the use of Wm. Jen-  
kins) the state of Maryland for the use of Joshua  
Dixon and Rebecca, his wife, formerly Rebecca  
Gregory, and George W. Nabb, will be sold on  
Friday 7th of November, next, at the dwell-  
ing plantation of said Jas. Chambers, between  
the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock  
P. M. the following property, to wit: All the es-  
tate, right, title, interest and claim of him  
the said Jas. Chambers, of, in and to the fol-  
lowing tracts or parts of tracts of land: that is  
to say, part of Orem's Delight and Turner's  
Resurvey, containing the quantity of 10 acres  
of land more or less, part Beaver Dam Neck  
and part of Forest and Dike, containing 113  
acres of land more or less, part of Chambers,  
Adventure, and part of The Adventure con-  
taining 2 1/2 acres of land, part of Locust Grove  
containing 3 1/2 acres part Dunmore Heath, in  
King's Creek, containing 2 1/2 acres, of land  
more or less—also the following negroes, to  
wit:—one negro man called Tom, 1 boy called  
Jim, 1 do. Greenbury, 1 woman called Patience  
1 do. called Annise 1 girl called Char-  
lotte, 1 do. called Mary, 1 do. called George, 1  
boy called George, 1 called Thos; all the  
above negroes are for a term of years; also two  
beds, bedsteads & furniture, 1 eight day clock  
2 side boards 4 tables, 13 Windsor chairs, 2  
cupboards, and contents, all the balance of  
the household and kitchen furniture—also 14  
head of cattle, 10 head of horses 40 head of  
hogs, 24 head sheep, 1 gig and harness, all the  
crop of wheat seeded on the lands, quantity  
of corn housed, and eight stacks of hay—taken  
and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid  
said vendi. expo. and the interest and costs  
due and to become due thereon, Attendance  
given by  
WILLIAM TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 11.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of four writs of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot County Court, and to me  
directed against John Dawson, at the suit  
of Wm. W. Moore, Isaac Atkinson, Adm'r. of  
Jos. Edmondson, Robert H. Goldsborough and  
William Clark, will be sold for Cash at the front  
door of the Court House in Easton, on Tues-  
day the 4th day of November next, between  
the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P.  
M. the following property to wit: The Farm or  
Plantation of said Dawson where he at present  
resides, containing 391 acres more or less and  
known by the name of Shrigley's Fortune, part  
Rockey Neck, part of Halls neck, and Hoopers  
Creek; and also the Farm or Plantation known  
by the name of Pecks Point, be the quantity  
what it may, seized and taken, as the property  
of said Dawson, to pay and satisfy the above  
writs of venditioni exponas, debt, interest and  
costs due and to become due thereon. Also,  
on Wednesday the 5th day of November next,  
between the hours 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock  
P. M. the following property to wit 19 head  
of Horses, 28 head of Cattle, 4 yoke of Oxen, 50  
head of Sheep and one Gig and Harness, seized  
and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs  
of venditioni exponas, debt, interest and costs due  
and to become due thereon. Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
of Talbot County  
Oct. 11.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of writ of venditioni exponas,  
issued out of Talbot County Court and to me  
directed against Enoch Morgan at the suit  
of James Chaplain will be sold for Cash at the  
Court House door in Easton, on Tuesday the  
4th day of November next, between the hours  
of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the fol-  
lowing property, to wit: part of a tract of  
land called Powicks or House Manner, con-  
taining two hundred acres, more or less, situ-  
ated near the Trappe—seized and will be sold  
to pay and satisfy the above writ of venditioni  
exponas, debt, interest and cost due and to  
become due thereon. Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX late Shff.  
of Talbot County  
Oct. 11 to

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of writ of venditioni exponas is-  
sued out of Talbot County Court, and to me  
directed, against Fiddeman Rolle at the suit  
of Philemon Skinner, will be sold for Cash at  
the front door of the Court House in Easton, on  
Tuesday the 4th day of November next, be-  
tween the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and five  
o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—  
The Farm of said Rolle, on which he at present  
resides, situated near St. Michaels be the quantity  
what it may, seized and will be sold to pay and  
satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest and costs due and to become due  
thereon. Attendance by  
THOMAS HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of writ of fieri facias, issued out  
of Talbot County Court, and to me direct-  
ed, against Charles Goldsborough, at the suit of  
Edward N. Hambleton, use of Wm. H. Tilgh-  
man, will be sold at Public Sale, at the Court-  
House door in the town of Easton, on SATUR-  
DAY the 8th day of November next, between  
the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P.  
M. the following property, to wit:—All that  
Tract, or part of a Tract of Land called Part  
of Mount Hope, containing the quantity of 177  
acres of Land more or less.—Also, part of Hick-  
ory Ridge, near Easton, containing 190 acres of  
Land more or less. Taken and will be sold to  
satisfy the above named fi. fa. and the interest  
and costs due and to become due thereon.  
Attendance by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 18. 4w

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas at  
Groome and a writ of fieri facias at the suit of  
Lambert Reardon; issued out of Talbot County  
Court and to me directed, against Wm. P. Kerr  
will be offered for sale and sold to the highest  
bidder, for cash, at the front door of the Court  
House in the Town of Easton, on Tuesday the  
4th day of November next, between the hours  
of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. all the  
reversionary right and interest of the said Wm.  
P. Kerr, of, in, and to the Farm on which Sam-  
uel Eason now resides, situate near the Hole-in-  
the Wall, be the quantity what it may.—Seized  
& taken as the lands and tenements of the said  
Wm. P. Kerr, and will be sold to pay and satisfy  
the writs aforesaid and the interest and costs  
due and to become due thereon. Attendance  
given by  
WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.  
Oct. 11.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of three writs of venditioni exponas,  
issued out of Talbot County Court and to me  
directed, against Jabez Caldwell, at the suit  
of James Willson, Jr. use of Hugh W.  
Evans, Tristram Needles, use of David & J.  
Luddock, use of the President Directors and  
Company of the Commercial and Farmer's Bank  
of Baltimore, use of Richard W. Thompson and  
the President, Directors and Company of the  
Farmers Bank of Maryland for the use of Lott  
Warfield, will be sold for Cash at the front door  
of the Court House on Tuesday the 4th day  
of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock  
A. M. & 5 o'clock P. M.—the following Property  
to wit: All and singular that Lot or parcel of  
Ground situate lying and being in the Town of  
Easton, and all the Buildings thereon, and all  
the Estate right title or terms of years of Jabez  
Caldwell, of, in and to the same which James  
Neall sold and conveyed & assigned to Jabez  
Caldwell by his Deed, bearing date the eight-  
eenth day of April 1818, as by reference being  
thereto had will fully appear on the Land Rec-  
ords of Talbot County. ALSO—All and singular  
that Lot or parcel of Land & Ground situate  
in the Town of Easton adjoining to Lot No. one  
hundred and sixteen, at the west end thereof, &  
on west street, which was sold and conveyed by  
James Neall to said Jabez Caldwell, by his Deed  
of bargain & sale, bearing date the 8th day of  
April 1818 in fee simple, as by reference to  
said Deed will appear. Seized and taken as the  
Property of said Caldwell, to pay and satisfy the  
above writs of Venditioni Exponas, debt, in-  
terest and costs due, & to become due thereon.  
Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11—4s

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of eight writs of venditioni exponas  
issued out of Talbot County Court and to me  
directed against Payette Gibson, at the  
suit of John Welsh alias John J. Welsh, Edw'd.  
Auld, Adm'r. of Jos. Parrott, Philemon Thomas  
& William H. Groome, use of Philemon Thomas,  
William W. Moore, Francis D. McHenry, Ed-  
ward Lloyd, William Farlow, Adm'r. of Thomas  
Harrison of Jos. and James Tilton, Ex'r. of Jas.  
Tilton, will be sold for cash, at the front door  
of the Court House, in Easton, on Tuesday the 4th  
day of November next, between the hours of  
10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the follow-  
ing Property, to wit:—A tract of Land called  
Marengo, containing five hundred and fifty acres  
of Land, more or less, seized and taken to pay  
and satisfy the above writs of venditioni exponas,  
debt, interest, and costs due, and to become due  
thereon. Also on Thursday the 6th day of  
November next between the hours of 10 o'clock  
A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. at the House of said  
Gibson, will be sold, for Cash, the following  
property, to wit:—13 head of Horses, 40 head  
of Cattle, 52 head of Sheep, and 20 head of  
Hogs, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the  
above writs, debt, interest and costs due and  
to become due thereon. Attendance by  
THOS. HENRIX, late Shff.  
Oct. 11.

## MARYLAND:

### Caroline County Orphans' Court.

30th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.

ON application of Clement Eaton Administrator,  
deceased—It is ordered that he give the notice  
required by law for creditors to exhibit their  
claims against the said deceased's estate, and  
that he cause the same to be published once  
in each week for the space of three successive  
weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in  
the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied  
from the minutes of proceedings of  
Caroline County Orphans' Court, I  
have hereunto set my hand, & the  
seal of my office affixed, this 30th  
day of Sept. in the year of our Lord  
eighteen hundred & twenty eight.  
Test, JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r.  
of Wills for Caroline County.

### In compliance with the above order,

#### NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county hath  
obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county,  
in Maryland, letters of administration on the  
personal estate of Peter Eaton, late of Caroline  
county, deceased. All persons having claims  
against the said deceased's estate are hereby  
warned to exhibit the same with the proper  
vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before  
the 18th day of April next 1829; they may other-  
wise by law be excluded from all benefit of the  
said estate. Given under my hand this 30th day  
of Sept. A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty  
eight.  
CLEMENS EATON, Adm'r.  
of Peter Eaton, deceased.  
Oct. 18, 1828.

## A GOOD STORY.

Extract of a letter written in the year 1792.

Well, then I have seen your friend J.—  
and find him exactly what you described him as  
being—a humorist. He seems to have impaired  
much of that character to force every thing  
upon him, both amiable and inamiable. His servants  
are all admirably disciplined to second his  
whims, and his very furniture is, for the most  
part, adapted to the same purpose. Upon my  
arrival for instance, after receiving me with  
much cordiality, in consequence of your letter  
of introduction, he invited me to sit down in an  
easy chair that stood by the fire-place, but I had  
scarcely complied with his request, when I started  
with horror from my seat upon the supposition  
that I had crushed a cat and her whole litter  
of kittens to death, so completely were the  
mangled and discordant tones of the animals  
imitated by the mechanism of the chair. This  
put me on my guard, and there was hardly any  
thing in the house afterwards that I did not  
touch without apprehension. No other trick,  
however, was practised on me; and, as I found  
afterwards, I was indebted for such indulgence  
to one which reserved for me at night, and  
which was such as, perhaps, all my English  
phlegm would not have enabled me to bear with  
patience. I escaped, however, being put to the  
proof, by the merest accident, the arrival of a  
poor Scotch Surveyor, who was thought a fitter  
subject for the often repeated experiment.

My substitute was treated with great, indeed  
with extreme hospitality: he was helped to every  
thing to excess; his glass was never allowed  
to stand full or empty for one minute. The po-  
tations were suspended not until, and only,  
while the cloth was laying for supper, during &  
after which they were resumed with renewed  
energy. Our entertainer was like the landlord  
described by Addison; the liquor seemed to  
have no other effect upon himself than any other  
vessel in the house. It was not so with his  
Scotch guest; who was by this time much farther  
advanced upon the cruise of intoxication  
than half seas over; he was literally dead drunk.  
In this state he was conducted to his chamber,  
a fine lofty Gothic apartment, with a bedstead  
that seemed coeval with the building. I say  
seemed, for that was by no means the case, it  
being in reality a modern structure, and entirely  
of the invention of our host—it was dark  
Mahogany, with its four posts extending com-  
pletely to the ceiling of the chamber. The  
Scotchman, with a good deal of assistance, was  
soon undressed, and his body politely deposited  
in the place of repose. All the party then re-  
tired, wishing him a good night, and removing  
the candle for fear of accident.

When the door was closed, I was for the first  
time made acquainted with the structure of the  
bedstead, which our host considered as his mas-  
terpiece. Upon the touching of a spring out-  
side the door, the bed was so acted upon by a  
pulley, that it ascended slowly and smoothly  
through the four posts, until it came within two  
or three feet of the ceiling. The snoring of the  
Scotchman was the signal for touching the spring  
and he was soon at the proper altitude. The  
trick, to be sure, might have cost him his neck,  
but Duce may care was the reply of J.—to  
my suggestion to that effect. The servants, as  
I before observed, are all so disciplined, to second  
the mischievous fun of their master that they re-  
quired no instructions how to act. In one mo-  
ment the house was in an uproar; cries of fire!  
fire!! were heard in different directions. A pile  
of shavings was set in a blaze on outside the very  
window where poor Sawney slept. J.—  
voice was continually heard, exclaiming, "Good  
Heaven! save the poor Scotch gentleman, if  
possible—the flames have got into the room  
just under him!"—at this moment we heard him  
bellow out!

A sudden silence took place—every light was  
extinguished and the whole house seemed to  
be buried in the most profound repose.—The  
Scotchman's voice could alone be heard, roar-  
ing out in the high dialect of his country for  
assistance. At length, two of the men ser-  
vants in their shirts entered the room with a  
candle just lit, and yawning, as if immediately  
roused from their sleep. They found him sprawling  
on the floor—Lord bless us, sir! what is the  
matter? Matter! says he—why, isn't the  
house on fire? God forbid, sir!—What was  
the reason of the cries of fire, fire, then?  
"Bless you, sir, you must have been dreaming  
why there's not so much as a mouse stirring,  
and his honor and the whole family have been  
asleep these three hours. The Scotchman now  
gave up all testimony of his own senses—"I  
must have been dreaming, indeed, and hurt  
myself by falling out of the bed."—"Hurt your-  
self, sir—how much I hope, the bed is so low;  
and by this time it had been made to descend  
to its first level. The poor Scot was quite  
confused—quite ashamed at disturbing the  
family; begged a thousand pardons—accompanied  
the servants to the door, closed it after  
them and was left once more in the dark.  
But the last act of the pantomime was not  
yet performed.—The spring had been imme-  
diately touched, upon closing the door, and  
the bed was soon beyond the reach of our  
guest. We could hear him groping about,  
and uttering frequently ejaculations of asto-  
nishment. He easily found the bed posts; but  
it was in vain for him to endeavour to get in.  
He moved his hands up and down his leg  
He was often lifted by way of stepping in, but  
ways encountered the floor by its depth.  
He uttered curses not loud but deep for fear  
of again disturbing the family. He conclu-  
ded himself to be in the possession of the devil.  
In short, when it was found, by his silence  
that he had given up the task as hopeless, and  
had disposed of himself upon one of the chairs,  
the bed was allowed to slide down again, and  
in the morning Sawney could not but press  
his astonishment at not having been able to  
find it in the dark!

A singular old gentleman, in a neighboring  
county, was waited upon the other day, with  
a surgeon's bill, for the purpose of being paid.  
After cogitating over its contents for some  
time, he desired the person in waiting for his  
answer, to tell his master that the medicine  
he should certainly pay for, but that he should  
return the pills.

An Irishman swearing the peace against  
three sons, thus concludes his affidavit: "and  
this deponent further saith, that the only one  
of his children who showed him any real affec-  
tion, was his youngest son Larry, for he  
never struck him when he was down."

John Snow, whose peculiar talents were  
always appreciated in his native city, was  
travelling in company, and very early in the morn-  
ing was waked by his companion, who said  
"Come, Snow, do you break up, the ship is  
gone, the harbor is breaking, it can't be any thing  
but a delusion, it can't be any thing but a  
delusion."

HISTORY OF A VILLAGE.

The following interesting story from the Savannah Mercury, is recommended to our readers as an able illustration of the great principles of the "American System."

For the purpose of illustrating the idea, that it is sometimes cheaper for a community to pay nominally, higher prices for many articles of consumption, if manufactured among ourselves than to bring the same articles from abroad, at less cash price, we will give a short sketch of the history of a country village, which we have somewhere seen or heard of, though we cannot at this moment tell when or where.

As the history goes in the state of—well as Massachusetts—there existed in times past a very flourishing village, which from being situated in a remote corner of the state, had little foreign trade, and the villagers were constantly in the habit of manufacturing almost all articles for domestic use among themselves.

Mr. Roram supplied his neighbours with hats, Mr. Snip, the tailor, made coats, and Mr. Crispin made shoes. In short, the blacksmith, the carpenter, the cabinet maker, and the silversmith, all found employment, and supported their families in ease and competence.

But time effects changes every where. The lawyer went to Boston, and found that he could obtain a coat for less than he was in the habit of paying Mr. Snip, the village tailor.

Such is the history, as we have heard it. If it is not authentic, it is no fault of ours; but still it is just as good for our argument, as if it was true.

[From the Pennsylvania Intelligencer.] THE SUPPOSED CONVERSATION.

Jacob. Good morning Mr. Buckle, how do you do?

Buckle. Very well I thank you, Jacob. How are you?

Jacob. Well how goes politics?—I have not been in town for a long time, and I should like to know the news.

Buckle. Why, to tell the truth, I don't know, I am somewhat like a neighbor of mine who talks very valiantly about the last war; but when our Capitol, at Washington, was in full blaze, from the enemy's torch, he found it very convenient to slip off to Huntington, to see his uncle, & avoid being drafted.

Jacob. Yes, I mind something about that too, and yet he puts it on the footing of his consistency, in the same manner that in 1823 he found great fault with Mr. Gregg's vote in Congress, requiring voters in Mississippi to possess a freehold of 200 acres of land, and yet applauds Gen. Jackson, in 1824 and '28, for giving a similar vote.

Buckle. Ha, ha, ha, that puts me in mind of a fellow that used to live down at the Trap; which any thing was through other, or 'till vergerete, as we say in German; he used to say it was just "his ain brother's Baffer's Dax."

Jacob. Well, how comes on the election?

Buckle. Indeed I can't tell. When I lived at the Trap there were two fellows that were great cronies there: Jake Stouffer and Adam Garver.

Jacob. Ha, ha, ha. That's good!—But who will the governo' vote for?

Buckle. I'm like Cain, after he slew Abel, and was asked where his brother was, he said "he was not his brother's keeper," neither am I the governo's keeper. I can't tell.

Jacob. What part do you take in the election?

Buckle. There was an old man in Montgomery county that used to tell a story about a man by the name of Hildebrand, that I shall never forget.

Hildebrand had a pretty wife that the priest used to be fond of. For the purpose of getting Hildebrand out of the way, for a few days, she feigned sickness, and insisted upon his bringing her some water from the well.

his wife a sound drubbing. So I think I must get into the pedlar's box, ha—ha—ha.

Jacob. Well who do you think will succeed, Adams or Jackson?

Buckle. The truth is, that's like an old farmer, or horse doctor, down at the Trap, who was asked what kind of stuff he used to cure the pole evil; he said there were a good many, besides the inquirer, who didn't know that—and there are a great many besides you that don't know which of the candidates will be elected.

Jacob. Which will you support?

Buckle. At one time, in Montgomery county there was a review, and a great riot and fighting was produced by some disorderly fellows, who attacked every body in their way.

Jacob. Ha, ha, ha. Well that's laughable enough—but how do you intend to vote?

Buckle. If I am alive and well, I shall vote by ballot I think.

Jacob. I think so too, Good bye.

Here we separated Mr. Printer, and hang me if I can tell, why the Jackson men should claim this man. It may be he has business on both sides of the way; and if so, he deserves to keep his office, because a man who supports two sides, performs double duty.

JACOB.

[From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.] PRINCE ABDUHL RAHHAHMAN.

To gratify the curiosity expressed by several of our readers, we mention the following leading incidents and particulars in the life of the Moorish Prince, now soliciting the aid of the benevolent to redeem his descendants from bondage.

Our informant is the Rev. Mr. Gallaudet, who has gathered them from Prince and others, and there is no doubt of their authenticity. Of the peculiar claims which this applicant may have on public sympathy, it is for individuals to determine, according to their judgement and feelings.

Prince was born in Timbuctoo, so long the city of mystery. Having been there at the age of seventeen, his account of its dimensions may not be far from the truth.

At the age of 26, Prince was sent on an expedition against the Hebrews, who had been hostile to his father. He had under his command 1700 men, of whom 350 were cavalry.

Prince was liberated about a year ago, at the intercession of young Dr. Cox and a gentleman of Natchez, who transmitted to Washington an account, written in Arabic by him, of his history.

Dr. Cox offered \$1000 to his master, for his liberation; but the offer was rejected. Dr. Cox died about 11 years ago, and is known to have been a respectable man of unquestionable veracity.

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In desiring to return to Africa, Prince has no wish to claim or accept the cares of royalty. He is sixty-six years of age. He wishes to establish himself among the colonists of Liberia; and his case presents considerations of a general character, worthy of the attention of philanthropists and men of enterprise and science.

The late Mr. Ashmun, Agent of the Colony of Liberia, stated that a road had been constructed for 150 miles, to Footah Jalloh, the capital of which is 300 miles north of Liberia.

The very press at which he worked is now in possession of Messrs. Bala—Great Queen's Street, London. Fields—near the place where Franklin worked.

There is much truth in the following essay, copied from the last American Farmer:

ON THE DUTY AND VALUE OF PUNCTUALITY.

County, Md. Sept. 1828.

Mr. Editor: One of the inconveniences I experience here is the want of punctuality.

Such, too often, are the answers the needy trader or mechanic receives from the man of landed estate, proud of his possessions, and abounding in every thing but ready money, of which he seldom feels the want, and, therefore cannot realize the want in others differently situated.

It appears to me unjust to withhold from the man who has bestowed his labor on my farm, or spread his groceries on my table, or clothed my domestics and children, his just dues.

One of my rich neighbours, who keeps his coach, his horses and hounds, and entertains company all the year round, never pays a debt except through the medium of the sheriff.

I have no kind of objection to coaches, hounds and horses, where they are supported by proper means; but have no patience with a man who indulges in such luxuries while his creditor has to walk (perhaps barefoot,) and go superfluous to bed, merely because he or his wife, has a taste for them; or that their neighbour, who can afford, keeps such things. It is not honest.

But let us return to our motto. "The punctual man is lord of his neighbour's purse."

I knew a man who established a character for punctuality by borrowing small sums, and without using them, returning them punctually at the time appointed. The character thus acquired, enabled him afterwards to gain a fortune.

I have known several young lawyers succeed in practice with little else to recommend them while their contemporaries, of ten times their talents, failed of success for the want of this virtue.

I once took great pleasure in dining at a particular tavern, my host was entirely to my taste. The first dish was invariably placed on the table by his own hand while the clock was striking the hour of two.

I have known several young lawyers succeed in practice with little else to recommend them while their contemporaries, of ten times their talents, failed of success for the want of this virtue.

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Jobrily; a philosopher, whose reputation has gone over the whole of the learned world; a very able negotiator; a statesman; a minister plenipotentiary to France, of whose king he obtained, while the Bourbons were in their glory, by his great moderation, wisdom, and republican address, a treaty, which enabled our thirteen colonies of North America to laugh all the powers of Great Britain, year after year, to scorn; yes, all these things did Benjamin Franklin, by virtue alone of his good common sense.

He died in 1796, "full of years and honors," the pride and glory of that empire, the very foundations of which he had helped into the appointed place with his own powerful hands.

He was one of the few, the priesthood of liberty—that stood up undimmed, unmoved, while the ark of their salvation thundered and shook and lightened in their faces; putting all of them their venerable hands upon it, nevertheless; and abiding the issue while the Declaration of Independence went forth like the noise of a trumpet to the four corners of the earth.

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vast storehouse, in orderly arrangement for immediate use. Besides the correspondence with our own ministers, the President must superintend the intercourse of the ministers of foreign powers with this government.

He must find time to receive applications & recommendations for every office within his nomination, applications sometimes, it is believed, amounting to several hundreds for one office.

He must receive the visits, and attend to the personal communications of every citizen of the United States, who requires to Washington business over which the Chief Magistrate has, or is supposed to have, a control.

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He must receive the visits, and attend to the personal communications of every citizen of the United States, who requires to Washington business over which the Chief Magistrate has, or is supposed to have, a control.

BEWARE

In the last desperate efforts of the Jackson party, that party which aims at placing a Military Despot over the United States for a Chief Magistrate, we hear, that the noted Jonathan Russel (who, in an officious and impudent attempt to join the Opposition and put forth his tales against President Adams, was blown "sky high" by him in one single letter of reply) has picked up the scattered fragments of his fame and courage, and is endeavouring to tack together a parcel of odds and ends which are sent out as "secrets worth knowing" that occurred at Ghent, to show how Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay did not love each other as Mr. Russel loved them both.

When such a man as Jonathan Russel comes out as "Story Teller" for a party, it would be well for him to remember the "Duke of Bassano" and all the stories in relation to the old French Decrees of Napoleon. Strange, that in the last resort, all things else seeming to fail, a main dependence should be put upon the testimony and tales of such a man as Jonathan Russel, who as "American Charge des Affairs" in France, before our last war, was supposed to have kept back, or stifled, the intelligence given him by the Minister in France respecting the repeal of the French Decrees, for it was a fact asserted by the French Minister himself that he had made such communications to Mr. Russel—and who has some time ago been accused of giving secret intelligence to a Commercial House in England of what was going on at Ghent at the time he said Russel was one of the American Commissioners to make a treaty of peace. To say the least of Mr. Russel he is a suspected witness—he may be in the refinement of the law a competent witness, but there is, and long have been, a great body of honest and able men in this country who were not satisfied of his credibility.

It seems Mr. Russel has made an escape in the late trial of Seth Hunt for a libel in saying, "that while a Commissioner at Ghent, he entered into a secret arrangement with a Mercantile House in London to furnish information for the purpose of speculation—a corrupt agreement entered into between Mr. Russel and that House to share in the profits of the speculations." The corrupt agreement was not (we learn) satisfactorily proved, nor the secret arrangements to share in the speculation. Mr. Mullett, of the British House, in his letter to Mr. Russel says—"It cannot be long before you know whether the Olive Branch is to flourish or the torch of war to blaze—when you feel at liberty to give me a hint on the subject, let me know." Mr. Russel in reply says, expressing a hope that Mr. Mullett might live to see the return of peace, "if this prayer is heard and answered, you will have some chance of living to a good old age." We ask, if Mr. Russel could have given Mr. Mullett a stronger or more emphatical hint to answer his purpose?

[From the Baltimore Patriot.]

LOOK AT THIS!—New Hampshire and Maine have again & again proclaimed their voice for the Administration, and yet their Senators in Congress, Chandler, Paris, and Woodbury array themselves against the Administration. We now have for the second time the voice of Delaware, and yet her Senators, McLane and Ridgely, array themselves against the Administration. Three fourths of the People of New York are for the Administration, and yet her crafty calculating Senators Van Buren and Sanford, array themselves against the Administration. And Maryland too stout and firm for the Administration, yet one of her Senators, General Smith, arrays himself against the Administration, and another, the resignation of Col. Lloyd in a luckless moment for him and a lucky one for the State, we should have him also arrayed against the Administration, actively, perhaps, as he displayed himself in Talbot at the recent election, and where he met with a most graceless defeat. Let these States be fairly represented, according to the will of the People, and the Administration would be as powerful in the Senate of the Union, as Mr. Jefferson's in his past days. This will soon come to pass.—Chandler, Paris, and Woodbury, will be dismissed by the respective Legislatures just elected, and the rest will share their fate as soon as they can be reached by the votes of an abused and indignant People.

[From the National Intelligencer.]

To the States which have already given earnest of a GLORIOUS TRIUMPH to the Friends of Civil Liberty, may now be added the Patriotic State of NEW-JERSEY.

The General Election for members of the Legislature of the State of New Jersey took place on Tuesday. This State, be it recollected, has been very generally claimed by the Jacksonians, for the General, and where it has not been claimed for him, has been set down among the "doubtfuls." New Jersey was never "doubtful" when the cause of free Republican principles was at stake. The New Jersey Rhinoceros and the Old Maryland Line ever stood the ground in the day of their country's peril; and their names have shown that they are not unworthy of their illustrious sires. The forces of the Combination have been completely routed in this contest, as will be seen by the following returns, being all that have reached us:

Table with 2 columns: County and Votes. Includes Burlington county (about 1000), Gloucester (300), Cape May (300), Salem (120), Cumberland (56), Middlesex (600), Essex (900), Morris (200).

Somerset and Bergen counties have also given majorities for the Administration, the precise extent of which is not reported. Hunterdon county alone, in which an overwhelming majority was claimed for the Jackson Ticket, has given a majority for it: 300 votes. The whole majority of the Administration tickets, will, it is supposed, amount to Five Thousand Votes!! Well done, Jersey Blue!!!

THE EFFECT OF THIS ELECTION.

Let us pause for a moment, and take a survey of the ground by the lights afforded by the elections which have already taken place. It is now almost certain that the Administration ticket will be chosen, next month, from the following States, to the number following, viz—

Table with 2 columns: State and Votes. Includes Louisiana (5), Kentucky (14), Maryland (10), Indiana (5), Delaware (3), New-Jersey (5), New-England (51).

Ascertained: 96. To these add, as being nearly certain: From Ohio: 16. From New-York: 24.

136.

And we have 136 votes, without either Virginia, (which Mr. VAN BUREN supposes that he has got in his breeches pocket) or North Carolina, who is claimed as a vassal of the Richmond Junta; or Illinois, whom we believe that we might appropriate to the Good Cause—for tho' she has re-elected a Jacksonian Member of Congress, he is personally so clever a man that she could not well help it.

But suppose we obtain the vote, in addition, of these States, concerning which public opinion is in suspense, or even any material part of them, we may yet see the present able & honest Administration sustained by something like two-thirds of the Electoral votes. The Opposition, to keep their spirits up, are making a great rout about the result of the late Election in the State of Pennsylvania, which has always been for Jackson!

[From the Richmond Whig, Oct. 15.]

DELAWARE.—The election, as far as the people are concerned, is over in Delaware and the administration has completely triumphed.

Mr. JONES, the administration Candidate, is re-elected to Congress, by a majority of 421 over Mr. Bayard.

This signal triumph was achieved in the face of Mr. McLane, who traversed the whole State and harangued the people.

Quite as to Mr. McLane—In his late electioneering tour through Delaware, he made the "bargain," the theme of his declamation. Did he not two years after the election, declare his disbelief in the "bargain"? Was he not conspicuous among those personal friends, who advised Mr. Clay TO ACCEPT THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE TENDERED HIM by Mr. Adams? If these facts are not true Mr. McLane has been much misrepresented. If they are true, how will Mr. McLane reconcile them with his present denunciation of Mr. Clay on the score of the bargain. Mr. McLane's praises have been loudly sounded as a talented high-minded & chivalrous man. The world will judge whether his conduct in the premises has been high minded and chivalrous, or time serving & treacherous. If the facts embraced in the interrogatories above are true as we believe them to be, there can scarcely be a difference of opinion.

[From the Pennsylvania Gazette.]

"Poor little Delaware" is treated with overwhelming indignity by the New York Enquirer, who in consoling his readers for the loss of Maryland and Delaware says on Monday last—

"The Adams men betray the weakness of their cause most conclusively by their marked exultation and joy, at the returns from little Delaware and Maryland. In the magnitude of our undeniable calculations, we have scarce, I thought of that minute speck on the map that can only be found with the aid of a microscope, denominated Delaware. We have some time since placed it in our breeches pocket and lost it, with an old toothpick, and a piece of waste paper, we know not when, and had forgotten it, until reminded by the tower guns of the Adams party.—Noah.

[From the Boston Patriot.]

ELECTORAL RETURNS.—The Friends of the Administration should be aware that the returns of the votes of the several electoral colleges at the ensuing election will be scrutinized by their inveterate foes. The returns are opened by the President of the United States Senate, in a convention of the Senate and House of Representatives, and examined by a committee appointed by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House, the great leaders of the Opposition. It behoves the friends of the Administration, therefore, throughout the country, to have the returns of the votes of the electoral colleges so accurate, that not a vote can be lost by any informality.

With a view to insuring this result, as well as a uniformity of returns, we have procured from our Secretary of State, a correct official copy of the return made by the electoral college of Massachusetts in 1824, which return was drafted with great care, and may be relied on as accurate. We hope the Administration newspapers in the various parts of the Union will give this return a place in their respective columns, in order that every electoral college may have in its possession the form of a return that is beyond doubt accurate. After having fairly achieved the victory, it would be most mortifying to be robbed of its fruits by any irregularity in the details of our proceedings. It therefore behoves the friends of the Administration to have their returns so accurate as to defy the sternest scrutiny of their most vigilant opponents. At the last election most of the returns were very defective and irregular. That of Massachusetts, drafted by one of her most distinguished citizens, was complimented for its accuracy. This is our reason for presenting it to the public as a "safe precedent."

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

We, whose names are mentioned in the annexed certificate of appointment, having, pursuant to the Constitution and Laws of the United States of America, and in the manner directed by the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, been appointed electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, and having assembled in the State House in Boston, in the State aforesaid, being the place appointed by the Legislature of said State for that purpose, on the first Wednesday of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, and in the forty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States of America; have voted by ballot for President and Vice President, having named in our ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and in the same ballots there were fifteen votes for President of the United States of America; all of which were for the Honorable JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, of the State of Massachusetts, now Secretary of the Department of State of the United States, and no other person was voted for as President of the United States.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands on the first Wednesday in December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four.

Wm. Gray, Jonathan Davis, Levi Lincoln, Cornelius Grinnell, Thomas L. Winstrop, Augustus Tower, Nathl. Silsbee, Hezth. Barnard, Joseph Kittredge, William Walker, John Endicott, Oliver Smith, Thomas Weston, Enos Foote, Edmund Cushing.

Annexed to this certificate was a similar one of the votes for Vice President; also the Governor's certificate of the choice and names of the Electors, and a copy of the Electoral Law. There were four complete sets of these papers, one delivered to the agent now forwarded by mail to the President of the United States Senate, one delivered to the U. S. District Judge, and one filed in the Secretary's Office of the Commonwealth.

From the National Intelligencer of the 23d inst. THE ELECTIONS IN OHIO.

The Western mail, which arrived about midnight last night furnishes but scanty returns in addition to those already received. The following are the only certain results which have yet reached us of the Congressional Election:

In the District represented by Mr. Wright, the Opposition Candidate has succeeded by a majority of about two hundred votes. [This result has been anticipated for three or four weeks past, and was predicted by us, in general terms, as long ago as that.]

In the District represented by Mr. Davenport (Administration) the result yet remains doubtful; but he is supposed to have elected. General Vance (Administration) is re-elected by a majority of from 1,800 to 2,500 votes.

Mr. Creighton, (Administration), is certainly re-elected, by what majority is not known.

Mr. Finlay, (Jackson), is re-elected; supposed to be by a large majority.

Mr. Sloane (Administration) has a majority over his opponent of 500 votes in the only county we have heard from.

Mr. Stanbery (Jackson) is supposed, from the complexion of the returns received, to have been defeated in his election.

In the district represented by Mr. Woods, (Administration) he is beaten by a large majority.

Mr. Beecher (Administration) is reported to have lost his election by what majority is not known.

From the other five districts we have no returns.

[From the Pittsburg Gazette, October 17.] The Election in this county has resulted in the success of the Jackson ticket for Assembly, by a small majority. The members elect are, Ross, Wilkins, James Patterson, James Powers, of Alleghany, & James McKee, of Butler. John Patterson, the Administration candidate is elected commissioner, and Wm. Caven, the Jackson candidate, sheriff of this county.

Our returns of this county are incomplete, but the additional returns cannot effect the result we have stated.

Alleghany, Beaver, Butler and Armstrong counties form the Congressional district, & elect two members.

John Gilmore of Butler, one of the regularly nominated Jackson delegate candidates, has been elected to Congress from this district.—James S. Stevenson, of this city, the other regular Jackson delegate candidate, and the one for whom the greatest exertions were made, has probably lost his election, and been succeeded by Judge Wilkins of this city, who has a majority over him in this county of above 200 votes.

From Butler, we learn that returns from nine townships gave Wilkins 348 votes, Stevenson 448, Gilmore, 819, Moore 320. Four townships to be heard from.

Nine townships in Beaver county gave Moore 1059—Gilmore 422, Wilkins 946, Stevenson 514. Four townships to be heard from.

A report from Buffalo, in Armstrong county, states that Judge Wilkins had a considerable majority over Stevenson in that township.

The attention of our readers will, of course, be attracted by the following letter, of which a copy has been furnished for publication:

WASHINGTON, 15th October, 1828. My Dear Doctor: I observe that some of the Jackson party in Kentucky, for the purpose of withdrawing public attention from the all-god connexion between General Jackson & Colonel Burr, have gotten up a charge against me, of participation in the schemes of the latter. I have not, myself, thought it necessary to notice this new and groundless accusation, but prompted by the opinions of some of my friends, and actuated, also, by a desire to vindicate the memory of an estimable but departed friend, who fell in the military service of his country, I communicate the following statement, which you are at liberty to publish:—

Public prosecutions were commenced in the Federal Court of Kentucky against Col. Burr, in the fall of 1806. He applied to me, and I engaged as his counsel, in conjunction with the late Col. John Allen, to defend him. The prosecutions were conducted by the late Col. Joseph Hamilton Davies, a man of genius, but of strong prejudices, who was such an admirer of Col. Hamilton, that after he had attained full age, he (Col. D.) adopted a part of his name as his own. 15th Col. Allen and myself believed that there was no ground for the prosecutions, and that Col. Davies was chiefly moved to institute them by his admiration of Col. Hamilton and his hatred of Col. Burr. Such was our conviction of the innocence of the accused that, when he declined us a considerable fee, we resolved to decline accepting it, and accordingly returned it. We said to each other, Col Burr has been an eminent member of the profession, has been Attorney General of the State of New York, is prosecuted without cause, in a distant State, and we ought not to regard him in the light of an ordinary culprit. The first prosecution entirely failed. A second was shortly afterwards instituted. Between the two, I was appointed a Senator of the United States. In consequence of that relation to the General Government, Col. Burr, who still wished me to appear for him, addressed the note to me of which a copy is herewith transmitted. I accordingly again appeared for him, with Colonel Allen; and when the Grand Jury returned the bill of indictment not true, a scene was presented in the Court Room which I had never before witnessed in Kentucky. There were shouts of applause from an audience, not one of whom, I am persuaded, would have hesitated to level a rifle against Col. Burr, if he believed that he aimed to dismember the Union, or sought to violate its peace, or overturn its Constitution.

It is not true that the professional services of either Col. Allen or myself were volunteered, although they were gratuitous. Neither of us was acquainted with any illegal designs whatever of Col. Burr. Both of us were fully convinced of his innocence. A better or braver man, or a more ardent and sincere patriot, than Col. John Allen, never lived. The disastrous field of Hainin, on which he fell, attests his devotion to his country.

The affidavit of Mr. John Downing has been procured and published to prove that I advised him to enlist with Col. Burr, and that I told him, I was going with him myself. There is not one word of truth in it, so far as it relates to me. The ridiculous tale will be credited by no one who knows both of us. The certificate of some highly respectable men has been procured as to his character. This affidavit bears date on the 3d, and the certificate, on a detached paper, on the 4th instant. I have no doubt that it was obtained on false pretences, and with an entire concealment of its object. I was, at the period of the last prosecution, preparing to attend the Senate of the United States, at the seat of Government, many hundred miles in an opposite direction from that in which it afterwards appeared Col. Burr was bound. So far from my having sent any message to Mr. Downing, when I was last in Lexington, I did not then even dream that the malignity of party spirit could fabricate such a charge as has been since put forth against me. It is not true that I was at the ball given to Col. Burr in Frankfort. I was at the time in Lexington. It is not true that I ever partook of the hospitality of my house. It was at that time a matter of regret with me, that my professional engagements, and those connected with my departure for Washington, did not allow me to extend to him the hospitality with which it was always my wish to treat strangers. He never was in my house, according to my recollection, but once; and that was the

night before I started to this city, when, being myself a stranger in this place, he delivered me some letters of introduction, which I never presented.

On my arrival here, in December, 1806, I became satisfied, from the letter, in cypher, of Col. Burr to General Wilkinson, and from other information, communicated to me by Mr. Jefferson, that Col. Burr had entertained illegal designs. At the request of Mr. Jefferson I delivered to him the original note from Col. Burr to me, of which a copy is now forwarded, and I presume it is yet among Mr. Jefferson's papers I was furnished with a copy of it, in the handwriting of Col. Coles, his private Secretary, which is with my papers in Kentucky.

This, my dear Doctor, is a true and faithful account of my connection with Col. Burr.

I am, ever, your faithful friend, Dr. R. P. WALLACE.

H. CLAY.

Frankfort, Dec. 1st, 1806.

"Sir: I have no design, nor have I taken any measure to promote a dissolution of the Union, or a separation of any one or more States from the residue. I have neither published a line on this subject, nor have any one through my agency, or with my knowledge. I have no design to intermeddle with the Government, or to disturb the tranquility of the United States, or of its territories, or any part of them. I have neither issued nor signed, nor promised a commission to any person, for any purpose. I do not own a musket nor a bayonet, nor any single article of military stores, nor does any person for me, by my authority, or with my knowledge.

"My views have been fully explained to, and approved by, several of the principal officers of government, and I believe are well understood by the Administration, and seen by it with placency; they are such as every man of honour, and every good citizen, must approve.

"Considering the high station you now fill in our National Councils, I have thought these explanations proper, as well to counteract the chimerical tales, which malevolent persons have so industriously circulated, as to satisfy you that you have not propagated the cause of a man in any way unfriendly to the laws, the Government, or the interests of his country.

"Respectfully, your ob't. serv't. A. BURR.

"The Hon. H. CLAY.

CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL.

We are much gratified to learn, from an authentic source, that this splendid work is rapidly approaching its completion. A few days more and the water will be let into the eastern division, which extends from the river Delaware to the west of the summit bridge. The western division will shortly experience the same happy issue—the major part of it having been finished for some months, and little remaining to be accomplished.

We further understand that immense quantities of lumber, and other articles, are already preparing on the Susquehanna to take advantage of the first opening of this canal. Arrangements are also making to pass two lines of steamboats between Baltimore and Philadelphia, by the same route.

Among the many advantages which our city is destined to experience from the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, not the least is that of a copious and seasonable supply of pine and other wood. The immense demand occasioned by most of the forests bordering on the Delaware, and the price of pine wood has accordingly advanced to \$3 75 and even \$4 per cord, while on the extensive shores of the vast Chesapeake the supplies are of an extent scarcely to be calculated, and the article so cheap that it can be purchased, deliverable at the western tide lock, at \$2 1-8. It is believed, by gentlemen conversant with the subject, that from 80,000 to 100,000 cords of this useful fuel will annually pass through the canal for the Philadelphia market affording a handsome revenue to the stockholders—for supposing the company to charge no more than fifty cents a cord for toll, a rate which it is apparent owners can well afford to pay, it is estimated that the canal from this source alone will be from \$40,000 to \$50,000 a year.—Philad. Aurora.

[From the Baltimore American.] BY THE GENERAL COMMITTEE OF THE FRIENDS OF THE NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION. FRANKLIN HALL. October 15th 1828.

Whereas the People of the States of Louisiana, Indiana, Kentucky, Delaware and Maryland have proclaimed by the results of the late elections, and in a voice not to be misunderstood their deliberate and decided opinion that the elevation of mere military prowess in the person of Gen. Andrew Jackson to the Presidency of these United States, would be an event greatly to be deplored, as threatening the extinction of the cardinal maxim in politics that in every good government the civil authority should be supreme, and the military subordinate to it.—And whereas our Revolutionary struggle displays in every stage of it a practical illustration, as beautiful as it is striking, of this great principle: And whereas it is the opinion of this General Committee, and of the great body of the friends of the National Administration whom they represent that the recent recognition of this principle by the people of the several States abovementioned, should be commemorated by some public manifestation of their joy, on a day consecrated to the occasion.—And whereas any one day which our History singles out from the rest as witnessing and asserting that grand safeguard of public liberty and human happiness, ought to be hailed by every American and cherished as consolatory & refreshing to his hopes of the perpetuity of our free institutions, and such a day presents itself in the third of November, 1783 when in obedience to a Resolution of Congress, the great depository of the civil power of the country, a patriot army, laid down its arms and returned to the employment of peace and the pursuits of civil life.—And whereas it is deemed expedient and proper at the present crisis of our country, that the friends of Civil Order—the Constitution—and of the present enlightened Administration, whose policy it is to perpetuate peace, should commemorate the next return of so blessed a day by some signal demonstration of their joy, therefore.

1. Be it unanimously Resolved. That Monday, the 3d day of Nov. next shall be celebrated in the city of Baltimore by the friends of the National Administration, and that the friends of the Administration who are residents in the Fourth Electoral District, compose of the cities of Baltimore and Annapolis, and of the County of Anne Arundel, be, and they are hereby cordially requested to unite in the celebration in such manner as they may deem proper.

2. Resolved. That the Committee of Nine be requested to carry the preceding resolution into effect.

3. Resolved. That the Editors of all the newspapers in the State of Maryland (and elsewhere if they deem it expedient) who are friendly to the present virtuous and enlightened Administration of the National Government, be, and they are hereby requested to publish these proceedings, and other proceedings which may grow out of them, in their respective newspapers.

MARRIED. On Tuesday evening last by the Rev. Lot Warfield, Mr. CHARLES GARDNER to Miss ANNE B. THRELL, all of this county.

ELECTORAL CANDIDATES

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE U. S. For the State of Maryland.

ADAMS. JACKSON. JOHN Q. ADAMS, ANDREW JACKSON, AND RICHARD RUSH. JOHN C. CALHOUN.

First District—St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert Counties: Henry Brawner, C. C. Joseph Stone, S. M.

Second District—Prince George's and Montgomery: Benj. S. Forrest, M. John C. Herbert, P. G.

Third District—Frederick, Washington and Allegany: George Beltzer, F. William Tyler, F. William Price, W. Wm. Fitzhugh, jr. W.

Fourth District—Baltimore City and Anne Arundel County: James Boyle, A. A. Benj. Howell, B. City, Wm. Stewart, B. City. John S. Sellman, A. A.

Fifth District—Baltimore County: J. H. McCulloch, R. Co. Elias Brown, B. Co. Sixth District—Hartford and Cecil: Jam-s Sewell, C. Thos. M. Foreman, C.

Seventh District—Kent and Queen Ann's: Thomas Emory, Q. A. John T. Reese, K. Eighth District—Talbot, Caroline and the First Election District of Dorchester: T. R. Lockerman, T. James Sangston, C.

Ninth District—Rest of Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester Counties: Littleton Dennis, S. Thos. K. Carroll, S.

BENNETT R. JONES, Clock and Watch Maker,

RETURNS his grateful thanks to the Public for the liberal patronage he has received and informs them that he still continues the above business at the old stand next door to the Bank, where he is prepared with a good assortment of Materials to meet all orders in his line. He assures the Public that his work shall be done in a workman-like manner, and Warranted for 12 months. Persons who have Clocks to repair or clean may be waited on at their residence or otherwise, as they may see proper.

N. B. B. R. J. has on hand and wishes to dispose of an elegant 8 day Brass Clock of superior workmanship, for which, he will take Cash or good Paper.

E. ston, Oct. 25 1828—tf

BOARDING.

MRS. M. TAYLOR, begs leave to inform the Citizens of Baltimore and the Eastern Shore in general, that she has taken that very convenient and commodious House in McClellan's street, No. 8, near Bellzhuover, Indian Queen Tavern, where she is prepared to receive BOARDERS by the day, week, month or year. Families can be accommodated with private rooms on the most reasonable terms.

Baltimore, Oct. 25.

PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber intending to discontinue farming, offers at private sale, to those who may wish to purchase, his farming utensils, stock of young horses, young cattle, and flogs, &c. &c.—They will all be sold very low and on accommodating terms.

SAMUEL BANNING. Baley's Neck, Talbot Co. Oct. 25, 1828.

TO RENT

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.—That neat & Convenient Framed DWELLING-HOUSE, with Garden & Stables &c. situate on Goldsborough street, at present in the occupancy of Mr. WM. E. SHANAHAN.—To a good Tenant the terms will be liberal.—Apply at this office, or to

WILLIAM BARNETT, Easton Point, Oct. 25 1828—1f

MARYLAND: Caroline County Orphans' Court.

14th day of Oct. A. D. 1828. ON application of Cannon Charles Adm'r. of Peter Andrew late of Caroline county, deceased.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly and faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand, and the public seal of my office affixed, this 14th day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.

JAS. SANGS ON, Reg'r. of Wills for Caroline county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

The subscriber of Caroline county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Peter Andrew late of Caroline county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber, on or before the 25th day of April next, they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 14th day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.

CANNON CHARLES, Adm'r. of Peter Andrew dec'd. Oct. 25.—3w

BIBLE SOCIETY.

THE MEMBERS of the Talbot County Bible Society, are particularly invited to attend a meeting of that body, on Tuesday, the 28th day of October, at the Court-House, in Easton, at 12 o'clock.

AGENTS, who have undertaken to ascertain the number of BIBLES wanted in their respective districts, are earnestly requested to make their returns immediately, to the respective Gentlemen appointed to receive them; that they may be laid before the Society at its next meeting—these returns are essential to the completion of the great object of the Society.

Per Order GEO. W. NABB, Sec'y. Oct 18—2w

HOUSES &c. TO RENT.

TO BE RENTED for the next year, the following Houses in and about Easton, to wit: The House and Premises on the East Side of Washington Street, where George F. Thompson now lives, a few doors above the Store of Mr. J. Wilson.

The House & Garden at the White Chimneys, near the Eastern limits of the town, on the road to Dover Bridge.

The House where Mrs. Russel now lives, on Washington street near Corner Carriage Shop.

The House & Garden at Easton Point, where Wm. Haggitt lives.

The House & Lot, at Woodhaven's Bridge, where William Bending lately lived, and a small farm near him.—For terms apply to JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH.

Easton, Oct. 25, 1828. On Monday evening last by the Rev. Lot Warfield, Mr. CHARLES GARDNER to Miss ANNE B. THRELL, all of this county.

POETRY.

[From the New York Evening Post.]

The Gray Hair's Reply.

Written three years after the lines "to a Gray Hair" I come to chide thee. Startle not!

They bid me stand their messenger Unloved upon thy frowning brow:

Why linger here, but to repine, That youth's capricious bowl is done;

And find in all creation's vale, Bees, that from untried roses sip;

These cannot be. Then come away; My bloom—thy joys, alike are past;

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers are associated under the firm of CONNOLLY & PANSON,

And have taken Ware-House No. 85 Smith's wharf, Baltimore, for the transaction of Commission Business,

and respectfully solicit the patronage of their Friends and the Public.

Sept. 20—4t P. S. Refer to Doct. E. Martin, Mr. Jos. Martin, Ennalls Martin jr. and Martin Goldsborough.

THROUGH IN A DAY.

FROM Philadelphia to Centreville, Maryland, Via Delaware City, St. George's, Middletown—Warwick—Head of Sassafras—and Head of Chester to Centreville.

This line is now running, and will continue throughout the Season—to leave Philadelphia by the Steam-Boat BARRINGTON, Captain W. WHILDEN.

Returning, leaves Centreville on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at 4 o'clock, arriving at Delaware City in time to take the Steam Boat to Philadelphia, and arriving there at 6 o'clock, P. M.

Returning, leaves Solomon Lowe's Tavern Easton, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 1 o'clock, P. M. and takes the Despatch Line the morning following for Philadelphia.

There is also in connexion with this Line a Stage to convey Passengers from the Baltimore Steam Boat Patuxent, at Georgetown, to intersect the Despatch Line at Massey's Cross-Roads, and to convey Passengers from Massey's Cross Roads to the Steam Boat.

Passengers coming in this Line for Newcastle or Wilmington, will meet a Stage from Dover at St. George's.

FARE.

From Philadelphia to Delaware City \$1 25 Do. St. George's, 1 50 Do. Middletown, 2 00 Do. Warwick, 2 25 Do. Head of Sassafras, 2 50 Do. Head of Chester, 3 00 Do. Centreville, 4 25

FOUNTAIN INN, LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE. M. BARR

HAVING leased the above extensive, well known and long established HOTEL, informs his friends, the friends of the House and the Public generally, that he has had the house thoroughly repaired & fitted up in a very superior manner with entire new furniture, and is now prepared with every requisite, throughout every department of his establishment to make his customers comfortable.

There are several pleasant parlors fitted up with chambers attached, having a private entrance for the accommodation of families. The location of this Hotel is most advantageous for Gentlemen visiting the city on business, being near both the wharves and Market street—however it is known to almost every gentleman who comes to Baltimore by the bay, and has been formerly a favourite stopping place with them.

The proprietor trusts it will become a favorite house again with gentlemen from the bay, when it is known that the house is in as fine order as it ever has been; and he feels a confidence (will gentlemen call and see the alterations and improvements made) that a portion of patronage will be awarded him, pledges himself that as far as attention and exertion can go toward accommodation, nothing will be wanting to produce comfort.

Terms of board one dollar per day. Baltimore, May 3, 1828—6m The Cambridge Chronicle, Centreville Times, and Elkton Press will publish the above 6 months, and forward their accounts to the Proprietor.

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 18th day of Sept. inst. by Thos. D. Cockey, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself Mark Carroll, and says he belongs to Zediah Cook, of Middle Brooke Mills, Montgomery county, Maryland. Said negro is five feet eight inches high, and about thirty one years of age. Had on when committed a linsey roundabout of light color, and white linen shirt and pantaloons of the same, fur hat and shoes. The owner of the above described negro man is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Balt. co., Jail

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county, by John Waiter, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, on the seventeenth day of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, as a runaway, a negro girl who calls herself ANN DORSEY, and says she belongs to Thomas Stabler, near Brookville, Montgomery county, Maryland—said negro is four feet eight inches high, about eighteen years old, (at which age she says she was to have been free.) Had on when committed a yellow stripe home-spun cotton frock, and calf-skin shoes.

The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Sept. 27—8w

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 28th day of August, 1828, by David B. Ferguson, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself FORTON GIBSON, and says he is free born. Said negro is five feet; eight inches high, and about forty-four years of age. Had on when committed an old pair of black bombazet pantaloons, check shirt and an old fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Sept. 13—8w

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 1st day of September, 1828, by Lewis Baltzell, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for the City of Baltimore, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself JAMES COOPER, and says he is free.—said negro is five feet seven inches high, about 21 years of age—had on when committed a pair of brown cloth pantaloons and check shirt, coarse shoes and an old fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Sept. 13—8w

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 2d day of September, 1828, by Charles Kernan, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a black Negro Woman who calls herself LILA BROWN, and says she belongs to Samuel Ridgely, of Anne Arundel county, Maryland. She is about 4 feet 10 inches high, and 35 years of age—had on when committed a blue and white striped linsey frock nearly new. The owner of the above described negro woman is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Sept. 13—8w

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore County, on the 2d day of October, 1828, by James B. Bosley, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a negro woman who calls herself RACHEL ROBERTA VIEW, also Phoebe, and says she is free born, that she lately lived with Benjamin Coons, of Smyrna in the State of Delaware; said negro is 5 feet 2 inches high and about 24 years of age, had on when committed a white gingham frock with blue and purple stripes. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore county Jail. Oct. 11 8w

NOTICE.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore County on the first day of October, 1828, by Thomas Sheppard, esq. a Justice of the Peace for Baltimore City, as a runaway, a negro Girl who calls herself HARRIET and says she belongs to Mrs. Deborah Wright, of Easton, Talbot county, E. S. Maryland, that she recently lived with Mr. Noylbing, by the Market street road; said negro is 5 feet 1 inch high, and about 21 years of age, had on when committed a blue linsey frock with white and red stripes, fine shoes and stockings.—The owner of the above described negro woman is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Baltimore County Jail. Oct. 11 8w

Magistrate's Blanks FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

NEW SADDLERY.

JOHN G. STEVENS

MAKES this method of returning his thanks to his Customers & the Public generally, for the liberal encouragement he has received since carrying on the above business—also that he has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening at his stand nearly opposite the Bank, a General Assortment of

SADDLERY.

Selected with care and attention—together with a General Assortment of the Best Materials. All of which, he is prepared with GOOD WORKMEN, to Manufacture in the best manner, and as cheap as they can be had in the Cities or elsewhere for Cash.—He will also keep

A General Assortment of Gig Harness, Collars, Trunks, &c. or Manufacture them in the best manner, and at the shortest notice:—

N. B. Also—An assortment of Chaise, Gig, & Switch Whips, Horse Brushes, Combs &c. Oct. 18—3t

COLLECTOR'S SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Commissioners of the Tax of Talbot county, dated July 1828, will be sold at the Court-House door in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. all those tracts or parcels of Land, (or such parts thereof as may be necessary to raise the several sums due thereon,) which were advertised in the Baltimore Patriot, and the Star and Gazette, of Easton, in August 1828, on which the Tax has not been, or shall not be paid before the day of Sale, for the years 1826 and 1827, to be sold for cash, and the purchaser to pay the expenses of locating and conveying.

LAMBERT W. SPENCER, Collector of Talbot county Taxes, for the years 1826 and 1827. Easton, Oct. 18—4w

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at Public Sale on WEDNESDAY the 29th day of October at the residence of the Subscriber, near the Trappe, all his Farming Utensils, Household & Kitchen Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, one Yoke of Oxen, one Ox Cart, one Horse Cart, Corn and Corn Blades, Wheat Straw, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

TERMS OF SALE.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over Four Dollars, on all sums of Four Dollars and under, the Cash will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. and attendance given by THOS. W. DEWLING. Talbot county, Oct. 18, 1828.

NEGROES FOR SALE.

BY order of the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, the subscriber will offer for Sale at the Court House Door in the town of Easton on Tuesday the 21st inst at 3 o'clock, P. M. Three likely Young Negro Girls, (the property of the late Doct. Robert Stevens) to serve for a term of years. Terms of Sale, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, and interest thereon from the day of sale. WM. H. HAYWARD, Guardian to the Orphan Children of Dr. Robert Stevens, dec'd. Oct. 18

PUBLIC NOTICE

I INTEND to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of Maryland (to be assembled at the City of Annapolis) praying them to pass a Law to vacate the Public Road running from the outer Gate of Doctor James P. Dickinson's Farm, where Mr. James Reyner now resides, through my Lands in Talbot county—to Choptank River, where formerly were kept a Public Ferry, known as "Bush's Ferry," but, said Ferry has been discontinued for seven or eighteen years. W. HUGHLETT, Talbot county, Oct. 18—1828.—6w

FOR Rent for the Ensuing Year,

That Large and Convenient Brick Dwelling and Store Room, situate on Washington Street, opposite the Court-House, and adjoining the Store of Mr. Wm. Clark in Easton, now in the occupancy of Lambert Beardon.—It is considered by judges one of the best stands for business in Easton, and has never been without a tenant since it was built.—For terms, which will be moderate, apply to JAMES C. WHEELER. Easton, Oct. 18 3w

MARYLAND: CAROLINE COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,

5th day of Sept. A. D. 1828. On application of Maria Goldsborough Adm'rx of Thos. Goldsborough late of Caroline Co. dec'd it is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that she cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in the Gazette and Star papers printed in Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly and faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court, of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the public seal of my office affixed, this 30th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight. Test, JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r. of said wills for Caroline county

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of Thos. Goldsborough late of Caroline county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 18th day of April next or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 30th day of September A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.

MARIA GOLDSBOROUGH, Adm'rx. of Thos. Goldsborough deceased. Oct. 18. 3w

Small Farms & Houses for Rent.

The Subscriber has some small farms which he wishes to lease for one or more years; ALSO The Dwelling House now occupied by Mrs. Charlotte Reardon, on Washington Street, opposite the Easton Point road—the most healthy spot in Easton. ALSO The Small Tenement on the hill near my Dwelling. JOHN LEEDS KERR. Easton July, 12. 4t

PRINTING

Orders for printing handbills executed at this OFFICE AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

NEW IRONMONGERY, QUEEN'S WARE, CHINA & GLASS STORE.

W. H. G. GROOME, having thought it advisable to withdraw from the Dry Goods business, and to remove from the Store-House which he has so long occupied, to that lately occupied by his brother Samuel Groome, opposite the Bank, begs leave to inform his Customers and the Public generally, that he has taken this place, into partnership with him and recommended business under the firm of

W. H. & P. GROOME

And intend keeping constantly on hand, A Large and General Assortment of IRONMONGERY, GROCERIES, QUEEN'S WARE, CHINA GLASS, & FANCY ARTICLES, of the best qualities—and to sell them on the lowest terms for CASH.

W. H. G. therefore solicits for himself and Partner, a continuance of the custom of his Old Friends, as well as those of the late Samuel Groome, and the Public generally for any articles in the above line, assuring them that the strictest attention will be paid to the business, and to all Orders addressed to them. Easton, Oct. 11—24

UNION HOTEL.

SOLOMON LOWE returns his sincere thanks to his old customers and travellers generally who have been so kind and liberal as to afford him the pleasure of their company. He begs leave to inform them that he is about to remove to the STAND at the corner of Harrison & Washington streets, in Easton, with a few yards of the Bank, where he will have great satisfaction in receiving his old customers, and has provided for their reception and entertainment every possible convenience.

Private parties can have the most private apartments and the best entertainment with compliant servants, and all the luxuries of the season upon the shortest possible notice.—Mr. S. Lowe calculates on and invites the custom of all old friends and strangers. Mr. Lowe's Hacks will attend the steamboat with the greatest punctuality. Easton, Dec. 29—4t

DENTON HOTEL.

The Subscriber informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the well known Brick House in Denton, occupied the last year by Mr. Samuel Lucas, where his customers will be accommodated with the best of every thing in season, afforded by the markets of the place, and his own habits of personal attention and those of his family, he can assure the public of the best accommodations in his house. The subscriber has most excellent servants; he has attentive ostlers, he will keep constantly on hand the best liquors that can be had in Baltimore, & his table will be constantly supplied with the best of provisions—Gentlemen and ladies can at all times be furnished with private rooms at the shortest notice—travellers and the public generally are invited to give him a call. The subscriber is provided with rooms to accommodate the court and bar during the session of our Courts. ABRAHAM GRIFFITH. Feb. 18 4t

NOTICE.

THE subscriber earnestly requests all those indebted to him on book account, of more than a year's standing, to call and liquidate them, or close them in some manner satisfactory, otherwise they will be put into proper officers hands for collection, which a speedy settlement might prevent—he returns his grateful acknowledgments for past favours, and hopes to merit a continuance of them. The public's obedient servant SOLOMON LOWE. Easton, Oct. 27 4t

FOR SALE,

Two good Milch Cows; a Parcel of excellent Oats in the Straw, and a Patent Straw Cutter on the most improved plan; all late the property of Samuel Groome, dec'd.—for terms apply to WM. H. GROOME, Esq. Easton, Oct. 18, 1828—3t

100 DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on Sunday morning the 21st inst. a mulatto fellow who calls himself ABRAHAM SULLIVAN, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, straight and well made, with rather a down look when spoken to, but polite and attentive.—For the last eight or nine months he has been employed as a waiter, in the Easton Hotel by Mr. Peacock. He had on when he ran away a fox coloured hat blue cloth coat, corduroy pantaloons and new shoes.—There is little doubt he will change his clothing as he took a variety with him. Whoever will take up said Runaway and deliver him in the Jail in Easton, Talbot county, (Md.) shall receive a reward of Fifty Dollars, if taken in this State or the State of Delaware—if taken out of the above States, One Hundred Dollars reward will be given. WM. H. GROOME, Agent for Isabella Smyth. Easton, Oct. 4—4t

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY on Saturday night last, a negro man called DANIEL, who is about 32 years of age, five feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a dark mulatto colour, has broad shoulders and broad face, is rather lusty and well made, has large white teeth, his eyes are of a reddish colour, and when he is spoken to he has a smile on his countenance. Daniel was hired out in Easton, and went off under pretence of going to a Meeting, and there is reason to believe that he was accompanied by a negro man, the property of Mrs. Smyth, who was also hired out in Easton, and is of a chestnut colour and rather tall. I have no knowledge of what clothes Daniel took with him, other than a blue jacket and fur hat nearly new. It is more than probable that these negroes will make their way either to Delaware or New Jersey. The above reward will be paid for apprehending Daniel if taken out of the State, and Fifty Dollars if taken in the State and lodged in Jail so that I get him, and all reasonable expenses paid if brought to Easton and lodged in Jail. EDWARD O. MARTIN. Head of Wye, Talbot co. Md. Sept. 27, 1828.

20 DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber on or about the 15th of April last, a negro woman who calls herself MARGARET—she is about 23 years of age; stout and well made, rather light complexion for a negro.—The subscriber understands the above negro has made her way to Baltimore, where she has no doubt hired herself as a free woman. Whoever takes up said negro and secures her in jail so that the subscriber gets her again shall receive the above reward. THOMAS D. MONNELL, Chappel, Talbot county, (Md.) Oct. 4, 1828. The Baltimore American will copy the above 4 times and forward the amount to this office for collection.

THE ELEGANT STEAM-BOAT



MARYLAND.

On and after Tuesday the 27th day of May inst. this superb Boat will leave Baltimore every Tuesday & Friday, for Annapolis, Cambridge & Easton, at 6 o'clock in the morning, & returning leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore, at the same hour, until the 1st of October next, when she will start at 7 o'clock—Her route from Baltimore to Chestertown and back will continue the same as last year.

LEMUEL G. TAYLOR, CAPTAIN. May 17—4t

FOR RENT.

THE ENSUING YEAR. The House Garden and Stables on Washington street, lately occupied by me, and at present occupied by Mr. Thos. Hayward, jr.—ALSO The House Garden and Stables lately occupied by James C. Wheeler, & the House and Garden at present occupied by Mr. Wheeler, on the Landing road.—These Houses are comfortable and in good repair. To approved tenants, the terms will be very reasonable. EDW'D. N. HAMBLETON. Aug. 9—1828. 4t

FARM TO BE RENTED.

TO be rented for the next year, the Farm on which Mr. Jesse Scott is now living as a tenant—it is commonly called the Tan-yard Farm.—It is about 8 or 9 miles from Easton, on the road to Centreville. Persons disposed to rent are requested to view the Premises, & make application to the subscriber. JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH, gent for Dr. James Tilton. Easton, July 26—4t

FARM TO BE RENTED.

TO be rented for the next year, the Farm in Banbury where John Norris now lives.—It is pleasantly situated on Choptank River, about three miles from the Trappe, and near enough to Cambridge to make it profitable to carry market articles there. For terms apply to JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH. Easton, July 26—1828.

For Rent at a Reduced Price, The Fountain Inn Tavern,

LATELY occupied by R. D. Ray, for the remainder of the present and ensuing year.—Immediate possession will be given. Apply to JAMES WILLSON, agent for Mary J. Willson. Easton, 12th July, 1828. 4t

HOUSES TO RENT.

To Rent for the ensuing year the following Houses, viz: The Shop on Washington Street at present occupied by Dr. Dawson.

ALSO, The Framed Dwelling, &c. on Washington Street lately occupied by John Meconick and adjoining Dr. Ennalls Martin.

ALSO, the Brick Dwelling on Harrison Street and a Framed Dwelling on the same street, adjoining the last mentioned and directly back of the above.

All the above property will be rented at very moderate or reduced prices on application to WM. J. GROOME. Easton, Aug. 30th, 1828. 4t

TO RENT

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.—That pleasantly situated White House and premises adjoining the South-West corner of the Public Square, near the Court House, now occupied by Mrs. Stevens, —ALSO—

THE STORE ROOM & CELLAR in the brick house where Mrs. Parrott resides, nearly opposite the Bank. WM. CLARK, Easton, Sept. 27th 1828.—3t row

TO RENT

For the ensuing year, on very accommodating terms, the House and premises adjoining Dr. Thomas H. Dawson, on Washington street at present occupied by John Bennett, Esquire—who, from the comfort and conveniences of the Building, and agreeable neighbourhood has been a Tenant for the last fifteen or eighteen years. This property has lately been put in good repair, and is well calculated for the reception of Boarders.—For term apply to my Brother, Samuel Mackey, or to the Editor. WM. MACKEY. Sept. 13. 4t

TO RENT.

THREE FARMS handsomely situated on the Waters of Broad Creek, and one on Tuckahoe Creek—for terms apply to SAMUEL HARRISON. Rich Neck, Aug. 16.

FARMS TO RENT.

THE Subscriber will rent his Two Valuable FARMS on Miles River, on reasonable terms to a good tenant or tenants for a term of years. The above farms are in a high state of cultivation. For term apply to. SAM'L ROBERTS. Aug 30

A GIG FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will dispose of at private sale, an excellent second hand GIG & Harness He will sell it cheap for Cash, or to a punctual purchaser on a short credit. WM. H. GROOME. Easton, June 28—4t

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, a first rate pair of steers well broke to the cart—they will be sold very low for cash or good paper. ANDREW CHEZUM. Hole in the Wall, Talbotco. sep. 6 3w

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to purchase ONE HUNDRED likely young Slaves, from the age of 12 to 25 years, for which he will pay the highest cash price. Persons disposed to sell will please call on him at Mr. Lowe's Tavern, in Easton, where he can be found at all times. J. B. WOOLFOLK. June 21—4t The Centreville Times will please publish the above 80 forbid. J. B. W.