

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, N O V E M B E R 5, 1789.

Congress of the United States,

Began and held at the city of New-York, on Wednesday the fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

CONTINUATION of the ACT to regulate the COLLECTION of the DUTIES imposed by LAW on the TUNNAGE of SHIPS or VESSELS, and on GOODS, WARES and MERCHANDISE, imported into the United States.

AND be it further enacted, That in case of the disability or death of any collector, the duties and authorities vested in him by this act shall devolve on his deputy, if any such hath been appointed, (for whose conduct the estate of such disabled or deceased collector shall be liable), and the said deputy shall exercise the authority and perform all the duties, until a successor shall be appointed. But in cases where no deputy is appointed, the authorities and duties of the disabled or deceased collector, shall devolve upon the naval-officer of the same district, until a successor, duly authorized and sworn, shall enter upon the execution of the duties of the said office.

And be it further enacted, That at such of the ports established by this act, to which a collector and surveyor only are assigned, the said collector shall execute all the duties herein required to be done by the collector and naval-officer at other ports. That at such ports to which a collector only is assigned, such collector shall possess all the powers, and execute as far as may be all the duties prescribed to a collector, naval-officer and surveyor, at the ports where such officers are established; that at such ports of delivery only, to which a surveyor is assigned, it shall be his duty to receive and record the copies of all manifests transmitted to him by the collector; to enter and record all permits granted by such collector, distinguishing the gauge, weight, measure and quality, of the goods specified therein; to take care that no goods be unladen or delivered from any ship or vessel without such permit; and to perform all other duties required to be done by a surveyor:— That at such ports of delivery only, to which no surveyor is assigned, it shall be the duty of the collector of the district to attend the unloading and delivery of goods, or in cases of necessity, to employ a proper person or persons for that purpose, who shall possess the power, and be entitled to the like compensation allowed to inspectors during the time they are employed. Every collector, naval-officer and surveyor, shall attend in person at the port or district for which he is appointed, and before he enters on the execution of his office, shall take an oath, or affirmation, in the form following, to wit:—"I, ———, do solemnly swear or affirm (as the case may be) that I will truly and faithfully execute and perform all the duties of a ——— of the port or district of ——— according to law, and the best of my skill and ability." The said oath or affirmation shall be administered by any justice of the peace, and a certificate thereof, under the hand and seal of such justice, transmitted within three months thereafter to the comptroller of the treasury: Any collector, naval-officer or surveyor, failing herein, shall forfeit and pay two hundred dollars, recoverable with costs in any court having cognizance thereof, to the use of the informer. And no weigher, gauger, measurer or inspector, shall execute the duties of his office, until he shall have taken the above oath or affirmation.

And be it further enacted, That the collectors, naval-officers and surveyors, to be appointed by virtue of this act, shall respectively keep fair and true accounts of all their transactions relative to their duty as officers of the customs, in such manner and form as may be directed by the proper department, or officer appointed by law to superintend the revenue of the United States; and shall at all times submit their books, papers and accounts, to the inspection of such persons as may be appointed for that purpose: And the collectors of the different ports shall at all times pay to the order of the officer who shall be authorized to direct the same, the whole of the monies which they may respectively receive by virtue of this act (such monies as they are otherwise by this act directed to pay, only excepted) and shall also, once in every three months, or oftener if they shall be required, transmit their accounts for settlement to the department or officer before mentioned.

And be it further enacted, That every master or other person having or taking the charge or command of any ship or vessel, bound to any port of the United States, from any foreign port or place, shall deliver upon demand, to any officer or other person lawfully authorized, who shall first come on board his ship or vessel, two manifests, signed by the said master or person having command, and specifying in words (and not in figures) a true account of the loading which such ship or vessel had on board at the port from which she last sailed, and at the time of her sailing, or at any time since, the packages, marks and numbers, and noting thereon to what port in the United States such ship or

vessel is bound, and the name or names of the person or persons to whom the goods are consigned, or in cases where the goods are shipped to order, the names of the shippers, noting the goods consigned to their order. One of which manifests such officer or other person shall sign, and return to the master or other person having the charge of such ship or vessel, certifying thereon, as nearly as may be, the time when the same was produced, and that a like manifest was delivered to him; and shall transmit the other manifest to the collector of the district to which such ship or vessel is bound.

And be it further enacted, That the master or other person, having the charge or command of any ship or vessel (ships and vessels of war excepted) coming into, or arriving in any of the ports or districts of the United States, or in any of the creeks or harbours thereof, shall, within forty-eight hours after such arrival, repair to the office of the collector of the district where such vessel shall so arrive, and shall report to the said collector the place from whence he last sailed, with the name and burthen of his ship or vessel, and shall deliver to such collector two manifests, agreeably to the directions of this act, unless he shall before have delivered one manifest to some officer, or other person lawfully authorized in manner as herein before is required; in which case, he shall deliver the manifest certified as aforesaid, together with such documents as are usually furnished in the port from whence they came, and shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation before the collector or other proper officer, which oath or affirmation he or they are authorized and required to administer, and shall be in the words following, to wit:—"I, ———, do solemnly swear, or affirm, (as the case may be) that this is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, a just and true manifest of all the goods, wares and merchandise, on board the ———, at the port from which she last sailed, at the time of her sailing, or at any time since, and of which vessel I am at present master." And if the master or other person having charge or command of any such ship or vessel, shall neglect or refuse to make entry, or deliver his manifests and documents, pursuant to the directions of this act, or to take the oath or affirmation herein prescribed, he shall forfeit and pay five hundred dollars for each refusal or neglect.

And be it further enacted, That no goods, wares or merchandise, shall be unladen or delivered, from any ship or vessel, but in open day, or without a permit from the collector for that purpose, and if the master or commander of any ship or vessel shall suffer or permit the same, such master and commander, and every other person who shall be aiding or assisting in landing, removing, housing or otherwise securing the same, shall forfeit and pay the sum of four hundred dollars for every offence; shall moreover be disabled from holding any office of trust or profit under the United States, for a term not exceeding seven years; and it shall be the duty of the collector of the district to advertise the names of all such persons in the public gazette of the state in which he resides, within twenty days after each respective conviction. And all goods, wares and merchandise, so landed or discharged, shall become forfeited, and may be seized by any officer of the customs; and where the value thereof shall amount to four hundred dollars, the vessel, tackle, apparel and furniture, shall be subject to like forfeiture and seizure: **PROVIDED ALWAYS**, That if any ship or vessel, compelled by distress of weather, or other sufficient cause, shall put into any port or place of the United States, other than to which she was actually destined, the master or other person having command, shall, within forty-eight hours next after his arrival, make report and deliver a true manifest of his cargo to the collector of the port or district; and moreover shall, within twenty-four hours, make protest in the usual form before a notary public or justice of the peace, of the cause and circumstances of such distress; and if it shall appear to the collector that there is a necessity for unloading such ship or vessel, he shall grant permission, and appoint a proper officer to attend the unloading thereof; and all goods, wares and merchandise, so unladen, shall be stored under the direction, and subject to the safe keeping of such collector; but if any part thereof shall be of a perishable nature, or it may be necessary to make sale of any part thereof to defray the expenses of such vessel or cargo, the said collector shall grant a licence to the master, commander or owner, to dispose of so much thereof as are perishable, or shall be necessary to defray such expenses: **PROVIDED**, That the duties thereon be first paid or secured: **AND PROVIDED ALSO**, That such necessity be made appear by the wardens of the port, or other persons legally authorized to certify the same, and where there are no such persons, by the affidavit of two reputable citizens of the neighbourhood, best acquainted with matters of that kind.

And be it further enacted, That every person having goods, wares or merchandise, in any ship or vessel, which shall arrive at any port of entry, or of delivery only, shall make entry with the collector of the port or district where the same shall arrive, of all such

goods, wares and merchandise, specifying the number of packages, and the marks, numbers, and contents of each (or if in bulk, the quantity and quality) together with an account of the net prime cost thereof; and shall moreover produce to the collector the original invoice or invoices, together with the bills of lading: And the said collector shall estimate and endorse the duties on the said entry, the party making such entry taking an oath or affirmation that it contains the whole of the goods, wares and merchandise, imported by him, or to him consigned in such ship or vessel, which shall then have come to his knowledge, and that the said invoice contains, to the best of his knowledge and belief, the net prime cost thereof, and that if he shall afterwards discover any other, or greater quantity than is contained in such entry, he will make due report and entry thereof: And the said oath or affirmation shall be administered by the collector, and the entry shall be subscribed by the person making the same: **PROVIDED**, That in all cases where the party making entry shall reside ten miles or upwards from such port, the affidavit or affirmation of such party, taken before a justice of the peace, and by him endorsed on the original invoices, shall be as effectual as if administered and endorsed by the collector.

And be it further enacted, That all such entries so authenticated by the collector, together with a copy of the same made out by the party, shall, before any permit is granted for landing of any goods, wares or merchandise, therein contained, be examined by the naval-officer (where such officer is established) who shall countersign the same, and retaining one, shall return the other certified to the party, together with the bills of lading, and invoice or invoices; and on such certified entries being returned to the collector, and the duties thereon paid or secured to be paid, he shall grant a permit for the unloading and landing the goods, wares and merchandise, therein mentioned. And at such ports for which no naval-officer is appointed, the collector shall grant like permits for the unloading and landing of all such goods as shall be so entered, and the duties thereof paid or secured.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the collector, naval-officer and surveyor, of any port of entry or delivery, at which any ship or vessel may arrive, to put on board such ship or vessel one or more inspectors, who shall make known to the person having charge of such ship or vessel, the duties he is to perform by virtue of this act, and such inspector shall suffer no goods, wares or merchandise, to be delivered without a permit from the proper officer, authorizing the same; and shall enter in a book, to be by him kept for that purpose, the contents of each permit, specifying the marks and numbers of each package, and a description thereof, with the name of the person to whom such permit was granted, and if, at the expiration of fifteen working days after such ship or vessel shall begin to unload her cargo, there shall be found on board any goods, wares or merchandise, the said inspectors shall take possession thereof, and deliver them to the collector of the district, or to such person as he shall authorize or appoint on his behalf to receive the said goods, taking his receipt for the same, and giving a certificate to the person having command, describing the packages, and their marks and numbers, to taken: And as soon as any ship or vessel is entirely unladen, he shall, with the collector and naval-officer, compare the account and entries he has made of the goods unladen from such ship or vessel, with the manifest delivered to the collector, and if it appears that there are more goods than are specified in the said manifest, the same shall be endorsed thereon, with a description of the packages, their marks and numbers, or of such goods as may be in bulk, and the same shall be subscribed by such inspector, who is hereby directed to remain on board the said ship or vessel until she is discharged: **PROVIDED ALWAYS**, That the said limitation of fifteen days shall not extend to vessels laden with salt or coal, but if the master or owner of such vessels require a longer time to discharge their cargoes, the wages of the inspector for every day's attendance exceeding the said fifteen days shall be paid by the master or owner. And if any goods, wares or merchandise, subject to duty, shall be removed from the wharf or place where the same may be landed, before they shall be weighed or gauged (as the case may be) or without consent of the collector, or other proper officer, all such goods, wares and merchandise, so removed, shall be forfeited. All goods delivered to the collector in manner aforesaid shall be kept at the charge and risk of the owner, for a term not exceeding nine months; and if within that time no claim be made for the same, an appraisement thereof shall be made by two or more reputable merchants, and lodged with the collector, who shall sell the same at public auction, and pay the proceeds, retaining the duties and charges thereon, into the treasury of the United States, there to remain for the use of the owner, who shall, upon due proof of his property, be entitled to receive the same; and the receipt or certificate of the collector shall exonerate the master or commander from all claim

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of the owner: **PROVIDED**, That where entry shall have been duly made of such goods, the same shall not be appraised; and that where such goods are of a perishable nature, they shall be sold forthwith.
(To be continued.)

MADRID, August 6.

THE Spanish minister gave orders to lieutenant-general Don Theodore de la Croix, formerly viceroy of Peru, and now colonel of the Walloon guards, to send an able officer to reconnoitre the western parts of North-America, the Russian and other European settlements. The viceroy appointed Don Stefano Joseph Martinet, commander of this expedition, who executed it in eight months, with as much zeal as intelligence. He set sail about the end of March 1788, from Port Saint Blaise, and in 68 days sailing, found himself in 60 degrees lat. exactly following captain Cook's track; he parted with the land in 40 degrees, and arrived in Prince William's Bay, which bears 60, 11. The current he met with in this latitude obliged him to put back, after having been in sight of the Island of Montagu. On the 23th of May, when the season had covered the face of the country with its richest ornaments, he enters that bay already known, and gives it the name Baie de Fleurs. He found no settlement there, but the natives of the island gave him several accounts relative to former excursions in these seas, by the English and Russians. The most remarkable Russian colony is found ten leagues to the north of Trinity Island. It is peopled by a great number of Russians descended by a fort and some galleys. The jurisdiction of the commander extends over the vast territory of Alaska, and those numerous islands of the Archipelago. On Martinet's departure from that port, he reconnoitred the island of Schaumagin, and the several others unknown to captain Cook, he then put into Oonalaska, where he was very cordially received by the commissary M. Saicok Rotapuscwick, who is governor of the colony, the strength of which consists of seventy Russians and a galliot. The Spanish navigator, after having remained a month at Oonalaska, put to sea again and returned to Port St. Blaise, by the way of Monteri and the canal of St. Barbe without having touched upon the coast of Motka, where the Russians have no settlement. The result of this expedition has been to dissipate the fears which were entertained on account of the pretended hostilities of the Russians, from whom on the contrary we have experienced the most generous hospitality. The coasts of the colonies of that vast ocean are better known; they have taken possession of six important situations in the name of the king of Spain; they have acquired a just idea of the American nations dependent on Russia, and in short, such interesting accounts as greatly promote our tranquillity. The Spanish commander has brought with him a quantity of furs, natural productions of the land and water, gold and silver, Russian coins, also a sort of paper money issued by the Russians amongst the tributary nations.

LONDON, September 1.

Extract of a letter from Brussels, August 17.

"We are on the eve of a great revolution. Many of the citizens are every day departing for Holland in quest of arms, to return with them in their hands, and assert their freedom as the French have done. It is even said, that they have taken some Holland troops into pay, and a great many Hanoverian and Prussian deserters; and that the number of the confederate malcontents amounts to forty thousand."

Let those who indulge themselves in ridicule of the French assembly consider, first,

That they have abolished the game laws that still disgrace Britain.

That they have abolished tythes, that in every part of the southern kingdoms, as well as in Ireland, grind the industrious yeomanry, and oppress agriculture.

That they have abolished all pensions, except those conferred for actual services rendered to the country.

That they have made it an article that no Minister nor civil placeman shall be permitted to sit and vote in the National Assembly.

That they have abolished all heriots, fines, recoveries, and other rights of superiority, which are still in this kingdom the subject of incessant hardship and litigation.

That they have declared every citizen, whatever may be his religious persuasions, eligible to every office of state, and to every honour in the gift of the crown.

Without referring to the grand revolution which they have accomplished, who will assert that these things are frivolous?

Sept. 3. The court of Spain has prohibited, under the severest penalties, the introduction into the Spanish dominions of any French book, relative to the constitution and revolution which have taken place in France.

At Madrid an ordinance has been issued, dated the 11th of August, forbidding the exportation of grain, as also the monopoly of it.

Tippo Saib, according to the latest accounts from India, had suffered a defeat from Hyet Saheb, near Conor, and lost his artillery, ammunition and baggage.

Tippo had left his army, after the above event, and posted to his own country, to re-establish its internal order and tranquillity; several rajahs having disturbed its repose, by demanding their hereditary rights, and threatening to enforce them on refusal.

BARBARY CORSAIRS.

The depredations committed in the Mediterranean by the Barbary pirates, has spread an alarm among all the nations concerned in the West-India trade.

When these pirates meet a ship which they find to be richly freighted, and that belongs to some nation with which they are on terms of friendship, they cannot

bear to lose a rich booty, and therefore devise some pretext for seizing both ship and cargo.

This appeared lately in their conduct respecting two French West-Indiamen. One was homeward bound from St. Domingo, and laden with sugar, coffee, indigo and cochineal; and had also on board a chest containing 5000 pieces of eight.

The other was outward bound from Marfeilles. These two ships have been taken and carried into Algiers, though the Algerines are at peace with France.

The pretended grounds on which the corsairs took these ships are, that one was not really a French but an Imperial ship, the captain of which had purchased a French pass; and that in the other they had found flags of different nations, and among others an American flag; and further, that the captain had two passes, one of which he threw over-board.

The French consul at Algiers has claimed both ships, in behalf of their owners, who, he maintains, are really French subjects.

The dey has promised that the claim shall be fairly tried; but little justice can be expected from a prince, who has not so much as reprimanded Sala and Ail, two of his naval-commanders, the captors, for having caused the head of one of the French mates to be chopped off, for having perfumed even to remonstrate against the resolution taken by those merciless captors—to send the French crews immediately into slavery.

BOSTON, October 12.

The 4th inst. arrived at Cape-Anne, the brig Seahorse, captain E. Mayo, from the coast of Africa, with 800 barrels oil. The captain informs, that just before he left the bay of Wilwich, in lat. 23, south, a large point of land sunk more than six fathom under water, in sight of the fleet then catching whales in that bay; and that a number of British seamen, who had been on shore at the same place, had very fortunately embarked on board their boats a few minutes before the land disappeared.

A correspondent at Scituate desires us to mention an extraordinary growth of pumpkins this season on his farm: from one seed he had 77 pumpkins; above a dozen of which weighed between 30 and 40 pounds each.

A gentleman from Martha's Vineyard informs, that there are now living on that island, five persons, all children of one woman, the youngest of whom is 65 years old. One of them, a woman, aged 75, a few months since, was struck with the numb palsy, which has caused all the flesh to come off her leg, the bone and sinews being entirely bare from the knee to the foot. She has notwithstanding recovered her health, and is now as hearty and well as any woman of her age.

PHILADELPHIA, October 28.

The latest accounts from Paris, via Cadiz, acquaint us that the king of France and Navarre, has either abdicated his throne and kingdom, or secreted himself from the vengeance of the people; that the marquis de la Fayette was absent three days from his command, and it was supposed he assisted in concealing and securing the person of his most christian majesty, which was in danger of the just resentment of the oppressed yeomanry; that numbers of the officers of the standing army had fled to Cadiz; and that several families attached to the nobility, and opposed to the cause of republicanism, had also fled there, (*per mare*) as a place of sanctuary.

WINCHESTER, October 28.

Abstract of a letter from a gentleman in Kentucky, to his friend in Hager's-town, dated September 29, 1789.

"The Indians have committed of late, many depredations on our frontiers; an expedition was formed by colonel John Harling, with 200 men, in order to invade the Indian country—This body of volunteers marched from the Falls of the Ohio, on the 26th of August, directly for the Wabash; they arrived in good order, without the loss of a single man. On reaching the Indians settlement on the Wabash, they were opposed by a party of about 30 Indians, whom they soon attacked and defeated; the Indians leaving six dead and nine wounded, with a good deal of plunder on the field. After this defeat, colonel Harling penetrated further up the river, towards the Indian towns, which were all evacuated by the enemies; the corps then returned, after destroying one of their towns, their cattle, corn, &c. and arrived at the Falls on the 28th of September, without losing a single man. The report which has some time past been spread of Mr. Jacob Funk being killed by the Indians, is erroneous, being still in this country and well."

RICHMOND, October 29.

We learn that the business of the chiefs of the Chickasaw nation to congress, was, to request they would furnish them with a quantity of powder, lead, and arms, to enable them to go to war with some other tribe which had been troublesome to them—Finding that congress had adjourned; they have applied to our assembly, who has come to a resolution to grant them a supply of powder and lead, which we hope they will use towards the protection of our south-west brethren.

Annapolis, Nov. 5.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the house of delegates, viz.

For Kent county, William Tilghman, Matthew Tilghman, John Moore and Peregrine Lethbrury, Esquires.

For Cecil county, Richard Bond, Nathaniel Ramsay, William Matthews and Edward Oldham, Esquires.

For Queen-Anne's county, John Seney, James O'Brian, James Tilghman and John Brown, Esquires.

For Worcester county, John S. Purnell, Benjamin Dennis, Isaac Houston and Benjamin F. A. C. Dallacott, Esquires.

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 15th day of December next, if fair; if not the next fair day, at my dwelling house, on the Head of South river, within eight miles of Annapolis, and within twenty-five miles of Baltimore-town,

FOUR hundred acres of valuable LAND, under good fence, a part of the plantation whereon I now live, called GAITHER'S COLLECTION, valuable either for planting, farming or grazing, and much better watered and timbered than any other land in the settlement, lying between the two main branches of South river, on each of which are good mill-lands, and also a very large quantity of excellent meadow land, a great part of which is cleared and in good order, and much more may be cleared and fenced with ease and convenience; this plantation is also bounding on the Head of South river, from whence small craft may be easily conveyed to navigable water. An indisputable title will be given on the following terms being complied with.

EDWARD GAITHER, SON OF EDWARD.

The above land being under mortgage for my use and benefit, I agree to the sale of the same lands on the terms following, viz. One third to be paid in hand, and for the remaining two thirds bond with good security, and three years credit.

November 2, 1789. 10^{27/6} HALL.

November 3, 1789.

Will be EXPOSED to SALE, on Saturday the 13th instant, at the dwelling of RICHARD TALBOT, of Anne-Arundel county, on Elk-Ridge,

A PARCEL of valuable property, consisting of NEGROES, HORSES, CATTLE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c. &c. Two years credit will be given for part of the property sold. The terms will be fully made known there on the day of sale.

The subscriber once more requests all persons having any claims against the said Richard Talbot to attend at the said place of sale, on that day, and deliver them or send them to the subscriber, legally attested, that they may be discharged, agreeable to the direction of the honourable John Rogers, Esquire, late chancellor of Maryland.

10^{27/6} BRICE HOWARD, Trustee.

Fisheries on Patowmack.

THREE VALUABLE SHAD and HERRING LANDINGS to be rented for the season, or leased for a term of time. These landings are adjoining each other, have a large extent of shore, have been long noted for the quantity of fish taken at them, and command many advantages which are almost peculiar to them alone, viz. good houses for curing of fish, a smooth and clear shore, and are resorted to by numerous customers by land and water. The terms may be known on application to the subscriber, living on the spot.

RICHARD BRANDT.

Pomomkey Neck, Charles county,

November 2, 1789. 10^{27/6}

JOHN LAUGIEN

PURPOSES to exhibit, in front of Mr. Mann's new building, in this city, on Monday night next, a small but elegant display of FIRE-WORKS, consisting of an engagement between two men of war of fourteen guns, an American and an English, each twelve feet high, the former to be commanded by captain Barney, and each gun to fire seven times; a discharge of thirty-six rockets of different kinds, three wheels of different kinds, five serpent boxes, six table rockets, two pigeons, &c. &c.—He expects to give three times more satisfaction to the gentlemen and ladies than he did the last time, and expects to leave this town after that; and all persons subscribing their names are desired to pay the money before the fire-works are shown. He thinks it necessary to inform the inhabitants of this city, and its vicinity, that he expects such contributions as will, at least, save him from loss, before he begins the exhibition, and he, at the same time, promises to perform satisfactorily, or claim no reward. Such persons as should not have previously subscribed, he hopes will come prepared to contribute at the time.

Annapolis, November 3, 1789. 1X

Chester-town, October 1, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to pass an act to liberate him from confinement for debt in Kent county gaol.

10^{27/6} JOSIAH JOHNSON.

Calvert county, November 2, 1789.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of RACHEL ANDERSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to bring them in legally authenticated, that they may be settled, by

SAMUEL LANE, Executor.

September 29, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, for an act to exonerate him from part of the purchase money of a lot of land in Monocacy Manor, purchased by a certain William Pendergast.

BERIAH MAYBURY.

The subscriber has just

BOOKS and

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Gutherie's Geograph

Grammar,

Ferguson's Astronom

Philosophical Diction

Simon's Euclid,

Junius's Letters,

New Edinburgh D

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Dickson's Agricultur

Smith's Wealth of N

Watson's Philip 2d

Towers's King of F

Spirit of Laws,

Jefferson's Notes,

Scullie's Tables,

Federalist,

Home's Essays,

Gurney's Brachygr

Burket on N. Tella

Price's Sermons,

Beattie's Evidences,

Poems,

Young's Night Th

The Messiah,

Bechan's Dom. M

Gibson's Surveying

Moore's Navigation

Seaman's Daily A

Siege of Gibraltar,

Watn's Logic,

Wetley's Hymns,

Rowe's Exercises

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The Lounger,

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Purnell, Benjamin
in F. A. C. Dallace.

OLD,
e 15th day of Decem
next fair day, at my
of South river, with
and within twenty-five

uable LAND, unde
plantation whereon
COLLECTION, va
ng or grazing, and i
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the two main branches
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of excellent meadow
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the following terms be

R, SON OF EDWARD.
r mortgage for my use
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t.

02/16. HALL.

November 3, 1789.
E, on Saturday the 13t
RICHARD TALBOT, o
Elk-Ridge,

property, confining
S, CATTLE, HOUSE
&c. Two years credi
property sold. The term
on the day of sale.
requests all persons hav
Richard Talbot to attend
at day, and deliver ther
ber, legally attested, tha
able to the direction o
Esquire, late chancello

HOWARD, Trustee.

Patowmack.
SHAD and HERRING
rented for the season, o
These landings are adjoin
extent of shore, have been
of fish taken at them, and
which are almost peculiar
uses for curing of fish, &
are resorted to by nume
water. The terms may be
subscriber, living on the
RICHARD BRANDT.
county,
39. 10/27/89

AUGIEN
in front of Mr. Mann's
city, on Monday night
display of FIRE-WORKS,
between two men of war
frican and an English, each
mer to be commanded by
gun to fire seven times; a
sets of different kinds, three
five serpent boxes, six table
&c.—He expects to give
n to the gentlemen and la-
ne, and expects to leave this
persons subscribing their names
ey before the fire-works are
cessary to inform the inhabi-
vicinity, that he expects such
east, save him from loss, be-
on, and he, at the same time
sforily, or claim no reward.
t have previously subscribed,
pared to contribute at the

3, 1789. 1X

r-town, October 1, 1789.
given, that the subscriber in-
the next general assembly of
o liberate him from confine-
county gaol. w3
JOSIAH JOHNSON.

ounty, November 2, 1789.
ed to the estate of RACHEL
ate of Anne-Arundel county,
make immediate payment, and
requested to bring them in les
they may be settled, by
MUEL LANE, Executor.

September 29, 1789.
given, that the subscriber in-
the next general assembly, for
from part of the purchase mo-
Monocacy Manor, purchased by
ergist.

BELIAH MAYBURY.

The subscriber has just received a small collection of
BOOKS and STATIONARY,
Among which are the following:

HUTCHISON'S Philo-
sophy,
Paley's Moral Philosophy,
Nicholson's Natural do.
Gutherie's Geographical
Grammar,
Ferguson's Astronomy,
Philosophical Dictionary,
Simon's Euclid,
Junius's Letters,
New Edinburgh Dispen-
satory,
Dickson's Agriculture,
Smith's Wealth of Nations,
Watson's Philip 2d & 3d,
Towers's King of Prussia,
Spirit of Laws,
Jefferson's Notes,
Bucellie's Tables,
Federalist,
Hume's Essays,
Gurney's Brachygraphy,
Burket on N. Testament,
Price's Sermons,
Beattie's Evidences,
Poems,
Young's Night Thoughts,
The Messiah,
Bechan's Dom. Medicine,
Gibson's Surveying,
Moore's Navigation,
Seaman's Daily Assistant,
Siege of Gibraltar,
Watt's Logic,
Wetley's Hymns,
Lowe's Exercises of the
Heart,
The Lounger,
Mair's Book-keeping,
Fisher's Arithmetic,
Companion,
Baron Trenck,
Brown's Concordance,
Free Mason's Songs,
The above Books and Stationary will be sold Cheap
in Cash, by 2 STEPHEN CLARK.

Hervey's Meditations,
Young Clark's Magazine,
Conductor Generalist,
Pocket Farrier,
Thomson's Seasons,
Tale, &c.
Moore's Fables,
The Ship-wreck,
Esop's Fables,
Burr's Scottish Poems,
Collin and Hammond's
Elegies,
Percival's Moral Tales,
Power of Sympathy,
Sheridan's Dictionary,
Fenning's ditto,
Johnson's ditto,
Bailey's ditto,
Amfworth's Latin ditto,
Entick's ditto,
Young's ditto,
Cæsar Delphini,
Ovid ditto,
Horace ditto,
Justin ditto,
Virgil ditto,
Schrevelii Lexicon,
Selectæ & Profanis,
Clark's Introduction,
Castalio's Dialogues,
Thick Post Paper,
Thin do. do.
Foolscap do.
Blue Demy do.
Blue Crown do.
Blank Books,
Playing Cards,
Spelling Books,
Testaments,
Bibles,
Wafers,
Wax,
Pencils, &c.

C. A. J. H.
For Continental Loan Office,
Depreciation, or Final Set-
tlement Certificates and Indents.
Such as want Depreciation or
other Certificates to pay for Prop-
erty purchased of the State, may
be supplied at any time, and
with any particular Amount
wanted, for Cash, by
15 24 James Williams.
For SALE or BARTER,
A Quantity of Land in Pa-
tents, from 250 to 1000 Acres,
situate in Bottletown and Monon-
gahela Counties, Virginia, will
be sold very low for Cash, Pro-
duce, any kind of Certificates or
Indents, good Bonds, Land, or
other Property in the State of
Maryland. For Terms apply
to 24 J. W.
Dorchester county, September 12, 1789.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.
At a meeting of the GOVERNORS and VISITORS
of ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, in the STATE of
MARYLAND, on Tuesday, the 11th day of August,
1789,
RESOLVED, That the Tuition Money for each
Scholar be Five Pounds current money per annum,
to be paid Quarterly.
RESOLVED, That the Mathematical and Grammar
Schools be opened on Wednesday the eleventh day of
November next.
Extracts from the Minutes,
NICHOLAS BRICE, Clk.
N. B. The Mathematical School to be under the
Direction of JOHN M'DOWELL, Esquire, A. M. and
the Grammar School under the Direction of the
Reverend Mr. RALPH HIGINBOTHOM.
GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS
FOR
STUDENTS of ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.
Annapolis, September 20, 1789.
THE subscriber will accommodate TEN BOYS
with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING,
at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money
each per annum.
ANNE TOOTELL.
Annapolis, September 20, 1789.
THE subscriber will accommodate TEN BOYS
with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING,
at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money
each per annum.
SUSANNA BREWER.
Annapolis, September 20, 1789.
THE subscriber will accommodate TWENTY
BOYS with good LODGING, BOARD and
WASHING, at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Cur-
rent Money each per annum.
VACHEL STEVENS.
Annapolis, September 20, 1789.
THE subscriber will accommodate EIGHT BOYS
with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING,
at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money
each per annum.
B. MAYBURY.
Annapolis, September 20, 1789.
THE subscriber will accommodate TEN BOYS
with good LODGING, BOARD and WASHING,
at the rate of THIRTY POUNDS Current Money
each per annum.
MARY REYNOLDS.

FALL GOODS,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
JUST IMPORTED,
In the Isabella, Captain Taylor,
for sale, by the subscriber, at his stores at FIG-
POINT, NOTTINGHAM and WEST-RIVER.

SUPERFINE and second clothes, of all colours;
fine milled drab; superfine coatings for ladies; 2/
and 1/2 common coatings; bear-skins; duffils; fear-
sights; kerseys; frizes; halfthicks; milled ditto;
German ferges; fine shirting; and other flannels; all
kinds of coarse clothes; and buttons; toylinet and vel-
vet waistcoat shapes; German and British osnabrigs;
brown rolls; Russia sheeting, white and brown; Irish
linens of all sorts; brown and white Irish sheetings;
tencias; moreens; durants; figured tammies; thal-
bons and camblets; Irish fluffs; Manchester; silk,
lawn, cotton and check, handkerchiefs; worsted, cot-
ton, silk and yarn, mens and womens hose; hats of
all sorts; osnabrig, coloured, and ounce threads;
kniving pieces; ironmongery; pewter and tin ware;
money scales and weights; silver watches; seine twine;
red bark of the first quality; tin and glass ware;
sawlet and cloth coloured cardinals; hair sifters; salt-
petre; fig blue; pearl barley, and Sago; loaf sugar;
water, and cheefe; powder and shot; best battle pow-
der; hard ware; carpets; 20d, 12d, and 10d nails;
sawpeters and shoe-makers tools; chaffing dishes; bi-
bles, testaments and spelling-books; cotton furniture,
&c. &c. &c. all of which will be sold at a very low
price for cash or tobacco.
The BRIG ISABELLA will sail in about three
weeks; she has fine accommodations for passengers,
and is a fine new British built brig. 6w
JOSEPH COURT.
N. B. Well assorted WOOLLENS to be sold by
the bale, with TRIMMINGS complete; a variety
of other goods to be sold by the package, at a very low
price. J. C.
West River, October 21, 1789. 2

Frederick county, September 7, 1789.
THE subscribers hereby give notice, that they in-
tend to petition the justices of Frederick county,
at next November court, for a commission to mark and
bound their parts, and if the law requires it, the whole,
of the two following TRACTS of LAND, situate in
said county, viz. THE RESURVEY ON GOOD-
NEIGHBOURHOOD and COME BY CHANCE,
agreeable to the act of assembly, entitled, An act for
marking and bounding lands, passed at November
Session, 1786. w4
NICHOLAS COPPLE,
MICHAEL OVELMAN.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of
proprietors of the land lying on the Long Marsh
in Queen-Anne's and Caroline counties, intend peti-
tioning the next general assembly of the state of Mary-
land for an act to enable them more effectually to drain
and reclaim the said Long Marsh. 2X

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends petitioning the next general assembly of
Maryland to pass a law to aid the execution of the last
will and testament of his father JOHN HICKS TRA-
VERSE, late of Dorchester county, deceased, agree-
able to the intention of said testator. w8
HENRY TRAVERSE.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given to galwhom it may
concern, that the subscriber intends to prefer a
petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to
invest him with the fee-simple of part of a tract of
LAND called SMITH'S FIRST CHOICE, which a
certain William Schoolfield conveyed to Turbutt
Wright, a minor, son of the subscriber. w8
JOHN WRIGHT.

APPLICATION will be made to the general as-
sembly of the state of Maryland, at the next
session, for a law to authorise the erecting of the court-
house and gaol for Caroline county at Choptank bridge,
and for holding the courts for said county thereat. 7
September 1, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
preferred to the general assembly, at their next
session, by the subscriber, to confirm his title to two
lots of ground, lying in the town of Upper-Maribo-
rough, formerly purchased by Judson Cooledge, de-
ceased, of the commissioners appointed to sell British
property. 8w
RICHARD BURGESS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
preferred to the next session of the general as-
sembly, for an act to empower the subscribers to sell and
dispose of a tract of land called POPPING GAY, ly-
ing in Calvert county. 8w
ELISHA HARRISON.
ANNE HARRISON.

Montgomery county, September 4, 1789.
THIS is to inform the public, that the inhabitants
of the aforesaid county intend to apply to the
next general assembly, for a main road from Luckett's
and Davis's Ferry through the neighbourhoods of Mor-
ton's and Sinning's Mills, as may be thought most ad-
vantageous to the public. 8w 4

September 9, 1789.
THE subscriber, WIDOW of GASSAWAY
WATKINS, ONE of the SECURITIES for
Captain THOMAS HARWOOD, FORMER COL-
LECTOR of the TAX for ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY,
intends to PETITION the NEXT GENERAL ASSEM-
BLY for RELIEF. 8w 6
DINAH WATKINS.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer
a petition to the next general assembly to pass a
law to liberate and discharge me from my confinement
for sundry debts which I am unable to pay.
RISDON BOZMON.
Somerset county, June 24, 1789. w8

NOTICE.

To be SOLD, on Reasonable Terms,
A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, called
ADIMITT'S DELIGHT, containing 244 1/2 acres,
situate in Baltimore county, within 15 miles of
Baltimore-town, adjoining the dwelling plantation of
James Gittings, Esquire. The soil is equal to any in
the state. There are about 40 acres in meadow, and
by the advantage of a never failing stream running
through the whole, there may be at least 160 acres more
made equal to any in the county; there is a sufficiency
of timber to support the whole; there is a good
DWELLING HOUSE, KITCHEN, and other ne-
cessary buildings, suitable for a farm; the whole under
a good fence; there is a good spring near the door;
likewise TWO APPLE ORCHARDS of excellent
fruit; there is an excellent MILL-SEAT on the same.
The whole will be sold reasonable, by paying one
third of the purchase money in hand, the remainder in
seven annual payments. Any person inclining to pur-
chase, may be shewn the land, by applying to the
subscriber, on the premises. 4
JAMES DIMITT.

N. B. BACK LAND will be TAKEN IN PART.
There may be had with the above farm, a sufficiency
of STOCK of ALL KINDS; 100 barrels of CORN,
and 50 bushels of WHEAT in the GROUND. Any
person inclining to purchase, is desired to view the
place, and not listen to any insinuation.
Prince-George's county, September 14, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will
be made to the next general assembly, for a law
to authorise the justices of Prince-George's county to
levy a further tax on the inhabitants thereof, for the
purpose of erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch,
near the town of Bladensburg. 8w

Montgomery county, September 7, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends to apply to Montgomery county court for
a commission to ascertain and mark the boundaries of
his part of a tract of LAND called CLEAN DRINK-
ING, according to the ancient running, agreeable to a
late act of assembly. w4
CHARLES JONES.

August 10, 1789.
THE subscriber being appointed, by the honour-
able chancellor of Maryland, as trustee for the
creditors of WILLIAM LOVEDAY, hereby gives
notice to all the creditors of said Loveday, that the first
day of November next is limited and appointed by the
chancellor for the creditors of said Loveday to bring in
and declare their respective claims to the said trustee,
that the same may be on that day liquidated and ad-
justed; therefore those who neglect to bring in their
claims legally authenticated on or before the said first
day of November now next ensuing, will not be entit-
led to a dividend. 3X
JOHN ROBERTS, Trustee.

Anne-Arundel Manor, October 23, 1789.
Pursuant to the direction of the will of the late PHILIP HOPKINS, will be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 18th of November, if fair, if not the next fair day,
THAT valuable tract of land, situated within three miles of Pig-Point, called HOPKINS'S FANCY, containing about 200 acres, whereon is a dwelling house, tobacco-house, and convenient out-houses, with an excellent orchard. Further particulars will be made known on the day of sale.
RICHARD HOPKINS.

CAUTION.
Let the BUYER beware.
S. W.

Sundry likely NEGROES, single, and in Families, to be SOLD, on CREDIT, or exchanged for LAND.

THE subscriber, having not as yet disposed of the whole of the NEGROES he advertised last winter, now gives notice, that he proposes to offer them at PRIVATE SALE, to commence at this place on Tuesday the 29th of December next. Good bonds for either cash or tobacco, ready money, at a proper discount, or good land in Charles, Prince-George's, or Montgomery county, will be received in payment for them.
G. B. CAUSIN.
Causin Manor, Charles county, Oct. 21, 1789.

TO BE SOLD,
A LIKELY NEGRO BOY that understands waiting in the house and driving a chariot. Inquire of the Printer hereof.
October 19, 1789.

Calvert county, August 12, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the VESTRY and PARISHIONERS of CHRIST CHURCH PARISH, in Calvert county, intend petitioning the general assembly, at their next session, to give the vestry a right in sundry pieces of LAND which has been held by the said parish for a great number of years as a glebe, to vest them with a right to dispose of the same for the use and benefit of said parish.

September 3, 1789.
SUNDRY inhabitants of Charles-town, Charles county, will petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to lay out said town, and to ascertain the lots and boundaries thereof, but particularly to open the street on the east side of lot number four, on the town plot, bounding on the west, Ware's lot on said plot, now in the possession of Charles Mankin.

Worcester county, Maryland, Sept. 3, 1789.
PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to make valid two deeds of conveyance for a lot of ground in Snow-Hill-town, the one from John Martin's trustees to Matthew or John Outten, and the other from Abraham Outten to Smith Bishop.
HANNAH BISHOP.

Anne-Arundel county, September 1, 1789.
WHEREAS sundry persons, for which the subscriber was liable to pay debts to a large amount; as well several others his debtors in large sums, have availed themselves of the late insolvent act, whereby the burthen hath become very grievous on him; and being desirous to do equal justice as far as in his power—having made a deed of trust of all his property, real, personal and mixed, for the purpose of discharging the claims against him, and if, after the full and just application of the same, it should prove insufficient—Application will be made to the next general assembly of Maryland, to exonerate him therefrom, and to liberate his person from confinement.
SAMUEL GODMAN.

October 5, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be offered to the next general assembly by MARY MAGRUDER, wife of Nathaniel Jones Magruder, for an act to pass in her favour, so as to secure to her use sundry negroes, devised to her by the last will and testament of her deceased father, John Bellingby, during life, in order to prevent her said husband from depriving her of the use of said negroes during her life.
MARY MAGRUDER.

September 22, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly of Maryland to appoint a trustee to sell and dispose of the lands on which BENTON HARRIS, late of Worcester county, deceased, lived, and to apply the money arising from such sale to the uses and purposes in his will directed.
JOHN PURKINS,
REBECCA COSTEN,
JOHN SMITH,
JOHN HAYMAN,
JOHN RIGGEN.

October 20, 1789.
To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the 7th of November next, on the premises,
THE HOUSE and LOT whereon the subscriber now lives, called NEWINGTON-GREEN, belonging to the estate of JOHN GREEN, deceased; the lot contains four acres of ground, is situate about three quarters of a mile from the city of Annapolis, and opposite the poor-house. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, by
GEORGE DAVIS, Administrator.

October 20, 1789.
To be SOLD, on Monday the 16th day of November next, at the dwelling-house of the subscriber, if fair, and if not the next fair day,
FOUR NEGRO WOMEN, and SIX CHILDREN; if not sold at private sale, the same will be sold on eighteen months credit, upon bond, on interest, with good security.
JOHN MERRIKEN, sen.

October 20, 1789.
To be Sold, at Public Vendue, On Wednesday, the 18th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber, in Middle Neck Hundred, within three miles of Annapolis,
SUNDRY VALUABLE STOCK, consisting of HORSES, HORNED CATTLE and HOGS. Also all the CROP of CORN, FODDER, &c. and PLANTATION UTENSILS, amongst which is a good HORSE CART. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock, and for CASH only.
STEPHEN BEARD.

TO BE SOLD,
On a liberal credit, on Monday the third of December next, at PUBLIC VENDUE, if not sooner disposed of at PRIVATE SALE, in which case due notice will be given,
A VALUABLE SEAT, containing upwards of 400 acres of LAND, pleasantly situated on Zuchia Swamp, five miles from Port-Tobacco; there are on the premises a good DWELLING-HOUSE, a large BARN, with a good floor (for treading of wheat) and other CONVENIENT HOUSES. The situation is beautiful and healthy. This land has been assessed as high as the first rate land in said county. There is a great proportion of bottom, which produceth excellent corn, timothy, &c. This land has a great quantity of wood, board timber, and other timber. Possession will be given to the purchaser on complying with the terms of sale, which may be known by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.
JOHN HANSON, jun.
Charles county, August 15, 1789.

Patowmack Company.
AT A MEETING of the PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the PATOWMACK COMPANY, at GEORGE-TOWN, the 23d day of September, 1789.
ORDERED, That the proprietors of shares in the Patowmack Company, pay into the hands of WILLIAM HARTSHORNE, Treasurer of the said company, Five Pounds on each of the Shares held by them respectively, on or before the 15th day of November next.
ORDERED, That the treasurer take the most effectual legal measures to compel a speedy payment of all monies remaining unpaid on the several calls preceding the last and present call.
THOMAS JOHNSON, President.
JOHN FITZGERALD, } Directors.
GEORGE GILPIN, }
Alexandria, September 25, 1789.

September 3, 1789.
PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the VISITORS of EDEN SCHOOL, in Somerset county, intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to enable them to sell the said school-house and the lands belonging thereto, and to purchase lands and build a school in Worcester county, to be instituted on the same plan as Eden school aforesaid.
PHILIP QUINTON,
WILLIAM PORNELL,
JOHN DONE,
PETER CHAILLIE,
ISAAC HOUSTON,
JOSHUA TOWNSEND,
GEORGE DASHIELL,
WILLIAM HANDY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that several of the inhabitants of Charles and Saint-Mary's counties intend to petition the general assembly, at their next meeting, to pass a law to change the road leading from Allen's-Fresh to Newport, in Charles county.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Washington county mean to petition the next general assembly for the division of said county; also, for prolonging the time of payment for the settlers lands to the westward of Cumberland.

September 9, 1789.
NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of this state, for a public warehouse for the inspection of wharves at Traces Landing, and Horning Creek.

October 24, 1789.
BEING directed by the governor and council to dispose of the property lately purchased for the use of the state, I mean to set up, at PUBLIC SALE, sundry tracts of LAND, a number of valuable NEGROES, and other articles, at the following times and places, viz.—On Monday the 16th of November, at 11 o'clock, at the dwelling plantation of NICHOLAS BLACKLOCK, near Piscataway, sundry tracts of LAND near Bladensburg, containing, in the whole, 483 acres and a life estate in 250 acres of LAND adjoining, late the property of JOHN BROWN, one of the securities of Nicholas Blacklock, and a tract of LAND containing upwards of 200 acres (the dwelling plantation above mentioned, late the property of FIELDER BOWEN, one of the securities of Nicholas Blacklock.) On Wednesday the 18th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Port-Tobacco, a tract of LAND called MANKIN'S VENTURE, containing 54 acres, a tract of LAND called MANKIN'S FOLLY, containing 144 acres, lying in Charles county, near Port Tobacco, some NEGROES, HORSES, FURNITURE, and a RIDING CHAIR and HARNESS. On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. three LOTS in Port Tobacco, number 3, 5 and 6, with a small TENEMENT, and three other LOTS in the said town, the numbers not known, on which are three large DWELLING HOUSES, with convenient OUT HOUSES &c. late the property of CHARLES MANKIN. On Thursday the 19th of November, at Port-Tobacco, at 11 o'clock, part of a tract of LAND called HAWKINS'S BARRENS, containing 115 acres, and part of a tract of LAND called COME-BY-CHANCE, containing 60 acres, adjacent to Port-Tobacco, and two NEGROES, late the property of FRANCIS WARD, one of the securities of Charles Mankin. A tract of LAND called LUCKETT'S BENEFIT, containing 44 acres, and part of a tract of LAND called MOKDITCH, containing 186 acres, near Port-Tobacco, late the property of THOMAS HUSSEY LUCKETT, one of the securities of Charles Mankin. On Monday the 23d of November, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, a tract of LAND on which captain Harwood resides, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 325 acres and several valuable NEGROES, some STOCK and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, late the property of captain THOMAS HARWOOD. On Tuesday the 24th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Bladensburg, a tract of LAND called BROTHER'S FIRST LOT, containing 230 acres, a tract of LAND called BEALL'S NEGLECT, containing 50 acres, and a tract of LAND called BEALL'S DISCOVERY ENLARGED, containing 42 acres, adjacent to the town of Bladensburg, and several valuable NEGROES, some HORSES, STOCK and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, late the property of JOHN BEALL. On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. a tract of LAND called CRAMPHIN'S LOT, containing 357 acres, Part of JACKSON'S NECESSITY, containing 61 1/2 acres, HOSKINS'S FOLLY, containing 10 acres, and part of ELIZABETH, containing 10 acres, in the neighbourhood of Bladensburg, late the property of RICHARD CRAMPHIN, one of the securities of John Beall. On Wednesday the 24th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Bladensburg, part of a tract of LAND called GILLARD, containing 127 1/2 acres, lying near the last mentioned lands, and some NEGROES, late the property of SAMUEL SHEKELL, one of the securities of John Beall. Part of a tract of LAND called DEAKINS'S HALL, containing 240 acres, near Bladensburg, and some NEGROES, late the property of LEONARD MARRBY DEAKINS, one of the securities of John Beall. On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. about 160 acres, part of a tract of LAND called CHELSEA, lying near the brick church, in Prince-George's county, late the property of HUMPHREY BELT, one of the securities of John Beall. On Thursday the 25th of November, at three o'clock, P. M. at George-town, a lot of GROUND in the said town, number 9, with improvements, late the property of JOHN MURDOCK, at a lot of GROUND in the said town, number 2, with improvements, late the property of RICHARD THOMPSON. The lands and lots above mentioned will be sold for ready money only; for the personal property any kind of state securities will be taken.
WILLIAM KILTY.

Calvert County, October 10, 1789.
By virtue of a DEED of TRUST, from Mr. FRANCIS KING to the subscriber, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 16th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, the following property,
A TRACT of LAND, within one mile of Hunting-town, in said county, whereon Mr. King now dwells, of about thirty acres, on which is a new and very convenient DWELLING-HOUSE, with three rooms below and as many above, and other NECESSARY OUT HOUSES.
Also a TRACT of valuable LAND, containing about 200 acres, one mile's distance from the former on which there are no improvements; eighteen valuable NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS; a number of BLACK CATTLE, HOGS, HORSES, SHEEP, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and PLANTATION UTENSILS.
The sale to be at the above-mentioned dwelling house, on a credit, the extent of which will be made known on the day of sale.
JOSEPH WILKINSON.

ANNAPOLIS:
PRINTED by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1789.

Congress of the United States,

begun and held at the city of New-York, on Wednesday the fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine.

CONTINUATION of the ACT to regulate the COLLECTION of the DUTIES imposed by LAW on the TUNNAGE of SHIPS or VESSELS, and on GOODS, WARES and MERCHANDISE, imported into the United States.

AND be it further enacted, That if any goods, wares or merchandise, on which duties are payable, shall receive damage during the voyage, or shall not be accompanied with the original invoice of their cost, it shall be lawful for the collector to appoint a merchant, and the owner and consignee another, who being sworn or affirmed by the collector, well and truly to appraise such goods, shall value them accordingly, and the duties upon such goods shall be estimated according to such valuation; and if any package, or any goods stowed in bulk, which shall have been entered as is herein before directed, shall not be duly delivered, or if any of the packages so entered shall not agree with the manifest, or if the manifest shall not agree with the delivery, in every such case the person having command shall forfeit and pay the sum of two hundred dollars, unless it shall appear that such disagreement was occasioned by unavoidable necessity or accident, and not with intention to defraud the revenue.

And be it further enacted, That the ad valorem rates of duty upon all goods, wares and merchandise, at the time of importation, shall be estimated by adding twenty per cent. to the actual cost thereof, if imported from the Cape of Good-Hope, or from any place beyond the same; and ten per cent. on the actual cost thereof, if imported from any other place or country, exclusive of all charges.

And be it further enacted, That all foreign coins and currencies shall be estimated according to the following rates:—Each pound sterling of Great-Britain at four shillings, forty-four cents; each livre tournois of France at thirty-nine cents and an half; each florin or guilder of the United Netherlands at thirty-nine cents; each real and banco of Hamburgh at thirty-three cents and one half; each rix dollar of Denmark at one hundred cents; each rix dollar of Sweden at one hundred cents; each rouble of Russia at one hundred cents; each real of Spain at ten cents; each milree of Portugal at one dollar and twenty-four cents; each pound sterling of Ireland at four dollars ten cents; each tale of China at one dollar forty-eight cents; each pagoda of India at one dollar ninety-four cents; each rupee of Bengal at fifty-five cents and a half; and all other denominations of money in value as near as may be to the said rates; and the invoices of all importations shall be made out in the currency of the place or country from whence the importation shall be made, and not otherwise.

And be it further enacted, That all duties on goods, wares and merchandise, imported, shall be paid by the importer, before a permit shall be granted for landing the same, unless the amount of such duties shall exceed fifty dollars, in which case it shall be at the option of the party making entry, to secure the same by bond, with one or more sufficient sureties, to be approved of by the collector, and made payable as followeth, to wit: For the duties upon all articles of West-India produce, within four months; for the duties upon all other goods, within six months; but in any case the party making entry shall be at liberty to deposit with the collector any part of the goods, upon which such duties shall arise, of double the value in the judgment of the collector, to secure the payment of the duties, with the charges, which deposit the collector shall accept in lieu of such bond and security, and shall safely keep the goods so deposited at the expense and risk of the party, for the term for which such bond would have been given, at the expiration whereof, unless the said deposit shall have been redeemed by the payment of the duties, the said goods shall be sold at public sale, and as much as shall be necessary applied to the payment of the said duties, and the residue, after deducting the charges which have accrued, shall be paid to the owner or owners of such goods: PROVIDED ALWAYS, That where the amount of duties shall exceed fifty dollars, a discount shall be allowed for prompt payment, after the rate of ten per centum per annum on the amount of such excess: AND PROVIDED ALSO, That no person whose bond for the payment of duties is due and unsatisfied, shall be allowed a future credit with the collector, until such bond shall be fully paid or discharged.

And be it further enacted, That all the duties imposed by law on the tonnage of any ship or vessel, shall be paid to the collector, within ten days after entry made, and before such ship or vessel shall be permitted to clear, the register of which ship or vessel at the time of

entry shall be lodged in the office of the collector, and there remain until such clearance.

And be it further enacted, That where any bond for the payment of duties shall not be satisfied on the day it became due, the collector shall prosecute for the recovery of the money due thereon, by action or suit at law, in the proper court, having cognizance therein; and in all cases of insolvency, or where any estate in the hands of executors or administrators shall be insufficient to pay all the debts due from the deceased, the debt due to the United States on any such bond shall be first satisfied.

And be it further enacted, That when it shall appear that any goods, wares or merchandise, of which entry shall have been made, in the office of a collector, are not invoiced, according to the actual cost thereof at the place of exportation, and that the difference was made with design to defraud the revenue, all such goods, wares or merchandise, or the value thereof, to be recovered of the person making entry, shall be forfeited, and in any such case, or where the collector is suspicious of fraud, and that any such goods, wares or merchandise, are not invoiced at a sum equal to that for which they have usually sold, in the place or country from whence they were imported, it shall be the duty of such collector to take the said goods, wares and merchandise, into his possession, and retain the same at the risk and expence of the owner or consignee thereof, until their value, at the time and place of importation, according to the principles for estimating the same, established by this act, shall be ascertained by two reputable merchants, mutually chosen by the said collector, and owner or consignee, and the duties arising upon such valuation shall be first paid, or secured to be paid, as required by this act in other cases of importation.

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the collector, or other officer of the customs, after entry made of any goods, wares or merchandise, on suspicion of fraud, to open and examine, in the presence of two or more reputable merchants, any package or packages thereof, and if upon such examination they shall be found to agree with the entries, the officer making such seizure, shall cause the same to be repacked and delivered to the owner or claimant forthwith, and the expence of such examination shall be paid by the collector, and allowed in the settlement of his accounts; but if any of the packages so examined be found to differ in their contents from the entry, and it shall appear that such difference hath been made with intention to defraud the revenue, then all the goods, wares or merchandise, contained in such package or packages, shall be forfeited: PROVIDED ALWAYS, That if the owner or consignee of such goods as shall not be accompanied with the original invoice, should choose to wait the receipt of the invoice, in such case the collector shall take into his possession all such goods, wares and merchandise, and store the same, at the expence and risk of the owner or consignee, until the invoice shall arrive, or until they agree to have the same valued.

And be it further enacted, That every collector, naval-officer and surveyor, or other person specially appointed by either of them for that purpose, shall have full power and authority to enter any ship or vessel in which they shall have reason to suspect any goods, wares or merchandise, subject to duty shall be concealed; and therein to search for, seize and secure, any such goods, wares or merchandise; and if they shall have cause to suspect a concealment thereof, in any particular dwelling house, store, building or other place, they or either of them, shall, upon application on oath or affirmation to any justice of the peace, be entitled to a warrant to enter such house, store or other place (in the day time only) and there to search for such goods, and if any shall be found, to seize and secure the same for trial; and all such goods, wares and merchandise, on which the duties shall not have been paid or secured, shall be forfeited.

And be it further enacted, That all goods, wares and merchandise, which shall be seized by virtue of this act, shall be put into and remain in the custody of the collector, until such proceedings shall be had, as by this act are required, to ascertain whether the same have been forfeited or not, and if it shall be adjudged that they are not forfeited, they shall be forthwith restored to the owner or owners, claimant or claimants thereof. And if any person or persons shall conceal or buy any goods, wares or merchandise, knowing them to be liable to seizure by this act, such person or persons shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum double the value of the goods so concealed or purchased.

And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the several officers to be appointed or employed by virtue of this act, to make seizure of, and secure any ship or vessel, goods, wares or merchandise, which shall be liable to seizure by virtue of this act, as well without as within their respective districts.

And be it further enacted, That if any officer or other person executing, or aiding and assisting in the seizure

of goods, shall be sued or molested for any thing done in virtue of the powers given by this act, or by virtue of a warrant granted by any judge or justice pursuant to law, such officer or other person may plead the general issue, and give this act in evidence; and in such suit the plaintiff be nonsuited, or judgment pass against him, the defendant shall recover double cost; and in all actions, suits or informations to be brought, where any seizure shall be made pursuant to this act, if the property be claimed by any person, in every such case the onus probandi shall be upon such claimant; and if any person shall forcibly resist, prevent or impede, any officer of the customs, or their deputies, or any person assisting them in the execution of their duty, such persons so offending shall for every offence be fined in a sum not exceeding four hundred dollars.

And be it further enacted, That every collector, naval-officer and surveyor, shall, within three months after he enters upon the execution of his office, give bond with one or more sufficient sureties, to be approved of by the comptroller of the treasury of the United States, and payable to the said United States, conditioned for the true and faithful discharge of the duties of his office according to law; that is to say, the collector of Philadelphia in the sum of sixty thousand dollars, the collector of New-York fifty thousand dollars, the collector of Boston forty thousand dollars, the collectors of Baltimore-town and Charleston thirty thousand dollars, the collector of Norfolk and Portsmouth fifteen thousand dollars, the collectors of Portsmouth, in New-Hampshire, of Salem and Beverly, Wilmington, Annapolis, George-town, in Maryland, Bermuda-Hundred and City-Point, and Alexandria, ten thousand dollars each, the collectors of Newbury-Port, Gloucester, Marblehead, Plymouth, Nantucket, Portland and Falmouth, New-London, New-Haven, Fairfield, Perth-Amboy, Chelsea, Oxford, York-town, Dumfries, George-town, in South-Carolina, Beaufort and Savanna, each five thousand dollars, and all the other collectors in the sum of two thousand dollars each. The naval-officers for the ports of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore-town and Charleston, ten thousand dollars each, and all the other naval-officers in the sum of two thousand dollars each. The surveyors of the ports of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore-town and Charleston, five thousand dollars each, and all other surveyors one thousand dollars each, which bonds shall be filed in the office of the said comptroller, and be by him severally put in suit for the benefit of the United States, upon any breach of the condition thereof.

And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed and paid to the collectors, naval-officers and surveyors, to be appointed pursuant to this act, the fees and per centage following, that is to say—to each collector for every entrance of any ship or vessel of one hundred tons burthen or upwards two dollars and an half, for every clearance of any ship or vessel of one hundred tons burthen and upwards two dollars and an half, for every entrance of any ship or vessel under the burthen of one hundred tons, one dollar and an half; for every clearance of a ship or vessel under one hundred tons burthen, one dollar and an half; for every permit to land goods, twenty cents; for every bond taken officially, forty cents; and for every permit to load goods for exportation, which are entitled to a drawback, thirty cents; for every official certificate, twenty cents; for every bill of health, twenty cents; for every other official document (registers excepted) required by the owner or master of every vessel, not before enumerated, twenty cents; and where a naval-officer is appointed to the same port the said fees shall be equally divided between the collector and the said naval-officer, apportioning to each his moiety of the necessary expences of stationery and the rent of an office to be provided by the collector, in the place of his residence, most convenient for the trade of the district, in which the said collector and naval-officer shall each have at least one separate room; and the said fees shall be received by the collector, who shall settle the accounts monthly, and pay to the naval-officer the balance which may be due to him on such monthly settlement. To each surveyor there shall be allowed, for all the services required by law, to be performed by such surveyor, on board any ship or vessel of one hundred tons and upwards, and having on board goods, wares and merchandise, subject to duty, three dollars; for the like services on board any ship or vessel of less than one hundred tons burthen, having on board goods, wares and merchandise, subject to duty, one and an half dollars; on all vessels, not having on board goods, wares and merchandise, subject to duty, two thirds of a dollar; all which fees shall be paid to the collector, by the master or owner of the ship or vessel, in which the services are performed, and the said collector shall pay weekly to the surveyor the fees so received. To each inspector there shall be allowed for every day he shall be actually employed in aid of the customs, a sum not exceeding one dollar and twenty-five cents, to be paid by the collector out of the revenue, and charged to the public. To the measurers, weighers and gaugers, re-

October 24, 1789.
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WILLIAM KILTY.
County, October 10, 1789.
TRUST, from Mr. FRANC
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JOSEPH WILKINSON.
APOLIS:
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specifically for their services, shall be allowed and paid by the collector out of the revenue, for the measurement of every one hundred bushels of salt or grain, eighteen cents; for the measurement of every one hundred bushels of coals, twenty-five cents; for the weighing of every one hundred and twelve pounds, one cent; for the gauging of every cask, six cents. There shall moreover be allowed to the collectors at each of the following ports, to wit: Bolton, Salem and Beverly, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk or Portsmouth, and Charleston, one half a per centum on the amount of all monies by them respectively received and paid into the treasury of the United States; and to the collector at each of the other ports by this act established, one per centum on the amount of all monies by them respectively received and paid into the treasury of the United States. Every collector, naval-officer and surveyor, shall cause to be affixed, and constantly kept in some public and conspicuous place of his office, a fair table of the rates of fees and duties demandable by law, and in case of failure herein shall forfeit and pay one hundred dollars, to be recovered with costs, in any court having cognizance thereof, to the use of the informer; and if any officer of the customs shall demand or receive any greater or other fee, compensation or reward, for executing any duty or service required of him by law, he shall forfeit and pay two hundred dollars for each offence, recoverable in manner aforesaid, for the use of the party grieved.

[To be continued.]

PARIS August 14.

ADVICES from the southern provinces to the national-assembly, give the pleasing assurance, that the generous resolutions of the 4th of this month, had produced the instant effect of restoring order and tranquillity. Such noble sacrifices, far beyond the most sanguine expectations of those not in the secret, had thrown the people into a delirium of joy and transport. M. Rebell, deputy from Alsace, read letters containing similar accounts. Add to this, that never was there so great a harvest in the memory of man, nor such glorious weather to get it in; every body from all parts of France agreeing, without exaggerating, the wheat will produce nearly double of an ordinary crop.

In Alsace, previous to this news, one of the regiments had hung up their major.

The number of banditti in the neighbourhood of Paris, has been computed, on inquiry, at 17,000. The marquis de la Fayette being informed that many of them had more money than seemed consistent with their situation, went himself to Montmartre, where he saw several of them playing at chuck-farthing with crowns and louis d'ors.

A considerable degree of fermentation still prevails in the most of the districts. Every one wants to command, and no one is willing to obey. The new military dignities are the source of much jealousy. There is hardly one of the members of those districts who does not feel himself aggrieved if another be promoted in preference. Several districts have already appointed officers, discharged them, chosen others in their room, and again discharged the second set. In the district of the Cloister of St. James's Hospital they were on the point of coming to blows.

The district of the Cordeliers, without being hurried to the same extremity, has been obliged to break up its assembly without resolving on any thing, on account of the tumult and confusion that reigned in it.

The assembly of the district of the Abby Saint German-des-Prés, has also become very tumultuous, and after long contests has appointed M. de la Harpe, of the French academy, M. Collier, and M. de la Chapelle, knight of the order of St. Louis, to assist at the election of heads of the ward.

LONDON, August 12.

As the late insurrections in France very naturally occupy all conversation, this short sketch of the royal family of that kingdom may not be unacceptable to the generality of the public.

LOUIS XVI. is now about thirty-three years of age; he ascended the throne of his grand-father at about seventeen, and shortly afterwards married a sister of the present emperor of Germany.

When he was first married, he was thin to a degree of particular observation; but being naturally of a mild, quiet temper, and indulging in the pleasures of the table, he is now, perhaps, one of the fattest men in his dominions.

To counteract this in some degree, he rises early, and almost daily takes the diversion of the chase; but from dinner till bed-time indulges, with the intervention of hardly any other business than the signing of dispatches, &c.

He has had four children, two of whom are dead. His present family consists of the dauphin, a child of about six years old, and a princess.

The queen is nearly about the king's age, has much majesty and vivacity in her port, and is, on the whole, reckoned one of the finest women in France.

Monseigneur, the king's next brother, is nearly as fat as the sovereign, and was in the beginning of the present troubles rather a favourite with the people.

The count d'Artois, the king's second brother, is a tall, well moulded, elegant figure, with much vivacity and decision in his character. He rendered himself unpopular in the first meeting of the notables, and seems to have increased that unpopularity to a degree of proscription.

The court party has for several years back been called the queen's, sided by the count d'Artois: these two were said to have the most prevailing influence on the king in all his measures.

Sept. 1. Mr. Pitt is blamed by the opposition writers, for not having taken advantage of the present troubles in France, the reason they assign for his not having

done so is that he is not a war minister.—If he is not, pray who is?—Is it lord North?—Is it Mr. Fox?—If Mr. Pitt should never have another opportunity of shewing his talents as war minister, his conduct in the Dutch affairs, in the year 1787, will secure to him immortality as such; in which, by an energy and boldness, unprecedented in any British minister, excepting his own father, he secured, without striking a blow, all the honours, and advantages to be derived from a long, expensive and bloody war.

That a dog possesses sagacity superior to any of the brute creation (the elephant excepted) no one will dispute; some go so far as to say, that from a constant attention on the human species they acquire a sort of reasoning faculty; this however, we will neither contradict nor support, but just quote another instance of their attachment to mankind.—Monday last a little girl, about two years old, a child of Mr. G. near Finglats-bridge, having strayed from the house, fell into a river near the bottom of the garden; she was attended by a large dog belonging to the family, who leaped into the water, brought her not only safe to shore, but took hold of her coat and led her to the house, to the astonishment of her parents.

HARTFORD, October 26.

ELECTRIC RODS.

The power of metallic rods to extract and conduct lightning into the earth, with safety to the buildings on which they are affixed, is now generally known. These rods, as they are commonly made in the country, are not of sufficient bigness to conduct such discharges of electric fire as are sometimes made from the clouds, and in such cases may attract the danger without a power to conduct it off. Every fact of this kind ought to be communicated for the public information. Thursday the 16th instant an electric rod in this town was struck by lightning from the clouds. One of the pointers was melted—a great blaze of fire for several instants appeared to involve the top of the rod—the rod thro' its whole length to the earth, emitted an immense number of large sparks—part of the lightning descended by two chimnies, one contiguous to the rod, and the other thirty feet distance. This rod weighs more than one hundred pounds, and in diameter is an inch and one third, nearly a size larger than is commonly used. The expansive blaze which for a very short space surrounded the top of the rod arose from its incapacity instantly to receive and conduct so great a charge—the emission of sparks and the descent of lightning by the chimnies are evidence of the same fact. A small rod which attracts the lightning and is insufficient to conduct it into the earth, may in some instances increase the danger. An inch and half diameter is the smallest size which ought to be used.

PHILADELPHIA, November 5.

The following have been lately presented to Mr. Peale's Museum, the corner of Lombard and Third-street:—

A large tooth (grinder) of the non-descript American animal, which was found in a branch of Patuxent river, five miles from Bladensburg, Maryland. Presented by Mr. John Cramphin. It is exactly like one taken from the Salt-Lick, on the Ohio; and like another found in Mill creek, near Lancaster town, Pennsylvania, belonging to said Museum. Their teeth being found in such different parts of America, is a proof, that this tremendous animal has formally been over many parts of North-America.

A pair of the large and beautiful birds of South-America, called the poweeie. They are alive. One presented by Miss Campbell, of Annapolis, Maryland; the other by the honorable Mr. Valck, consul for Holland, in Maryland.

A Monack, or Ground-Hog. Presented by Mr. W. P. Johnston, New-Jersey.

Annapolis, Nov. 12.

William Banckes, William Whately, Charles Emory and Thomas Mason, Esquires, are elected delegates to represent Caroline county in the general assembly of this state.

Extract of a letter from Charleston, dated Oct. 14, 1789.

"For news I can only mention to you a report in town that the Indian treaty is broken off; this we do not doubt. The causes assigned, however, are various, and not to be depended on, some say it was on account of a requisition made by Mr. McGillivray for a port in the river St. Mary's, subject to their jurisdiction; others say it was a demand made by him for some Oconee lands, as they are called. The fact is, there is no peace yet; a suspension of hostilities is agreed on for a limited time, this is an important affair to us southern people."

Charles county, November 3, 1789.

"On the 30th day of October last, departed this life, at his seat, in Charles county, the worthy, and much to be lamented, colonel JOSIAS HAWKINS, in the 54th year of his age, and has left behind him a disconsolate widow, and a numerous family of children and domestics, to deplore his loss; he was a most affectionate husband, indulgent parent, an easy master, and a remarkable kind neighbour; he lived in the constant practice of all the moral and religious duties, a man of great humanity, integrity, hospitality, and benevolence, and was very much the poor man's friend.

Those who implor'd his aid, he ne'er deny'd,
But by his bounty kindly were supply'd;
That drooping heart's unknown who e'er could say
It, from his house, went unrelieved away;
And sure his righteous soul for ever will
The goodness which he shew'd to others, feel."

Advertisements, &c. omitted this week, will be inserted in our next.

Annapolis, November 11, 1789.
Will be disposed of at PUBLIC SALE, by the subscriber, on the 1st of December next,

THE LEASE of HILL'S DELIGHT, whereon RALPH FORSTER, deceased, lately dwelt; also, several WORE HORSES, OXEN, PLANTATION UTENSILS, the CROP of CORN, TOBACCO, FODDER, &c. &c.

G. DIGGES, Administrator.
N. B. Any person inclinable to treat for the above plantation previous to the day of sale may apply to the subscriber at George Mann's.

To be SOLD, on Thursday the 19th of this instant, November, at the late dwelling plantation of THOMAS RUTLAND.

An elegant CHARIOT, with harness complete, twelve elegant mahogany CHAIRS and a SOPHIA, a SULKEY, a CART and four OXEN, two KETTLES and sundry HORSES, taken in execution and to be sold to satisfy a debt due from Thomas Rutland to James G. Heron, and for taxes. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

DAVID STEUART, late Sheriff.

November 10, 1789.

By virtue of several writs of fieri facias, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Thursday the 19th inst. if fair, if not the next fair day, at the dwelling plantation of the late THOMAS RUTLAND, deceased, near Annapolis,

SUNDRY valuable SLAVES, and among them a very good cook, a variety of elegant FURNITURE, consisting of a MAHOGANY SIDE-BOARD, a MAHOGANY DESK and BOOK-CASE, a number of CHAIRS, TABLES, &c. a CLOCK, LOOKING-GLASSES, BEDS, CARPETS, CHINA, a parcel of very elegant GLASS WARE, a number of valuable BOOKS of the most approved AUTHORS, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention; forty-five head of valuable BLACK CATTLE, among which are some OXEN, some SHEEP and HOGS, and a variety of PLANTATION UTENSILS, about one hundred barrels of INDIAN CORN, partly standing in the field and part at the fodder-house, and a considerable quantity of FODDER, HAY and STRAW, and some TOBACCO; taken at the property of Thomas Rutland, deceased, and sold to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland.

The above property will be sold for specie or specie certificates funded by the State of Maryland, to be paid on the day of sale, or before the property is taken away, which must be on the day after the sale. The sale will continue from day to day until the whole is sold.

BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

Piscataway, November 11, 1789.

By virtue of a deed of trust to me made by WILLIAM JENKINS, the following real and personal property will be offered for SALE, at Piscataway, on the 7th day of December next, to wit:

ONE tract of land called OXMON-TOWN, containing 51 acres, one other tract called STRIFE containing 87 acres, one other tract called MAIDEN BRADLEY, containing 120 acres. The above three tracts lay adjoining each other, and within three miles of Piscataway, eight acres of land adjoining Piscataway, and two lots, with the improvements thereon lying in said town, ten HORSES, fourteen head of BLACK CATTLE, thirty-eight HOGS and two FEATHER BEDS. Credit will be given for twelve months on the purchaser giving bond with security.

HENRY HARDY, Trustee.

Annapolis, November 11, 1789.

By virtue of a DEED of TRUST, from captain ALEXANDER TRUEMAN to the subscriber, will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 28th instant the following PROPERTY, that is to say:

THAT valuable and well situated LOT and IMPROVEMENTS in this city, lately occupied by Mr. THOMAS PRICE, and where Mr. WILLIAM REYNOLDS formerly lived. This lot, and the improvements, with its advantageous situation, are to generally known to need a particular description.

Also a TRACT of fertile and valuable LAND being part of MONOCACY MANOR, in Frederick county, containing about one hundred and thirty-three acres.

Also FOUR LOTS of LAND, containing fifty acres each, all adjoining, to the westward of Fox-Cumberland, in Washington county.

Also the INTEREST of captain TRUEMAN in the LOT whereon the THEATRE stands, and one other LOT where Mrs. CLARKE lately lived.

Also a TRACT of LAND, in Bedford county, Virginia, situate near James River, containing nearly six hundred acres.

The sale to be at the house first above-mentioned and on CREDIT, the extent of which will be made known on the day of sale. SPECIE CERTIFICATES and FINALS will be received at a rate to be agreed on.

G. DUVAL.

The subscriber has just received an ASSORTMENT of

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING of fashionable coloured silk and second Broad Cloths, with suitable Trimming Milled Drabs, German Serge, Kersey, blue Plains, Bay Costings, Fearnoughts, Kendale Cotton, Fine Sheeting and Red Flannels, Rose and Duffel Blankets, Fine Irish Linens, Russia Sheeting, Mens and Boys Worked Hose, Shawls, Cotton Handkerchiefs, Blue and Green Moreens, &c. with a General Assortment of Fashionable Queen's Ware. The above will be low for Cash, by

STEPHEN CLARK.

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A DRY NURS
being well re
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November 9, 17
Anne-Arund
COMMITTED
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Lot No. —,
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One Lot, N
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John Clark
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November 11, 1789.
C SALE, by the sub.
December next,
DELIGHT, whereon
ated, lately dwelt; al-
OXEN, PLANTA-
OP of CORN, TO-
GES, Administrator,
to treat for the above
fale may apply to the
e-19th of this instant,
ing plantation of Tug-
with harness complete,
CHAIRS and a SO-
and four OXEN, two
SES, taken in execution
due from Thomas Rut-
for taxes. The sale to
noon.
EUART, late Sheriff.
November 10, 1789.
facias, to me direct-
o PUBLIC SALE, on
fair, if not the next fair
of the late THOMAS
Annapolis,
ES, and among them
ery of elegant FURNI-
OGANY SIDE-BOARD,
OK-CASE, a number of
OCK, LOOKING-GLASSES
a parcel of very elegant
f valuable BOOKS of the
nd a variety of other arti-
forty-five head of value-
are some OXEN, some
variety of PLANTATIONS
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TOBACCO; taken as the
d, deceased, and sold to
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be sold for specie or speci-
e of Maryland, to be paid
fore the property is taken
day after the sale. The
to day until the whole
N HOWARD, Sheriff
Arundel county.
November 11, 1789.
to me made by WILLIAM
real and personal property
at Piscataway, on the 7th
to wit:
OXMON-TOWN, containing
other tract called STRIFE
er tract called MAIDEN
o acres. The above three
er, and within three miles
of land adjoining Piscata-
the improvements thereon
ORSES, fourteen head of
ty-eight HOGS and two
dit will be given for twelve
ing bond with security.
RY HARDY, Trustee.
is, November 11, 1789.
RUST, from captain ALEX
subscriber, will be SOLD
Saturday the 28th instanc
TY, that is to say:
well situated LOT and IM-
n this city, lately occupi-
and where Mr. WILLIAM
l. This lot, and the im-
ntageous situation, are to
particular description.
rtille and valuable LAND
CY MANOR, in Frederick
one hundred and thirty-three
of LAND, containing fifty
to the westward of Foun-
on county.
of captain TREDEMAN in the
ATRE stands, and one other
lately lived.
ND; in Bedford county, in
nes River, containing nearly
house first above-mentioned
ent of which will be made
e. SPECIE CERTIFICATE
ved at a rate to be agreed on
G. DUVAL L.

WANTED,

DRY NURSE, and no one need apply without being well recommended. Inquire of the Printer hereof.
J. H. H. H.
November 6, 1789.
Anne Arundel county, November 11, 1789,
COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro lad, about 13 or 14 years of age, who calls himself **JACK**, and says he belongs to **JAMES WARRING**, of Calvert county; his clothing is an old, faded shirt, and nothing else. His master is desired to pay charges, and take him away in one month from the date hereof, or he will be sold for his fees.
BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff.

STRAYED or stolen, from the subscriber's plantation, near Bryan-town, a black **HORSE**, near fourteen hands and an half high, seven or eight years old, neither docked nor branded, he paces, trots and gallops, all his carriages extremely easy except his trot, gallops, all his near buttock a tear rather darker than any other part of him, each of his forward hoofs split near the hair, to prevent further splitting, cut across the hoofs. Whoever will secure said horse, so that I get him again, shall receive a reward of three dollars, and if stolen twenty-five shillings for the thief.
w3
JAMES BOARMAN,
Charles county, October 25, 1789.

Prince-George's county, November 10, 1789.
To be **SOLD**, at **PUBLIC VENDUE**, by orders from the Commissioners of the Tax of Prince-George's county, on the days and places following, if fair, if not, the next fair day, (Sundays excepted.)

THE REAL PROPERTY herein specified, being taken in execution for arrears of taxes due from the several persons whose names are respectively annexed, to the late Thomas Williams, former collector of Prince-George's county, for the years 1780, 1781 and 1782. These lands will be laid off in any manner that shall best suit the purchasers. No consideration, short of the payment, will prevent the sale, at this price or other, and all interested are hereby cautioned.

RINALDO JOHNSON,
NEW-SCOTLAND HUNDRED.
Part of Pleasant Spring 100 acres, Joshua Lackland.
Part of Crauford's Adventure 50, William McLean.
Part of Mary's Choice 61 1/2, Ignatius Price. Beaver-Dam Neck 230, Samuel Peach. Part of Glover's Hall 75, Alice Trig.

OXEN.
Burch's Venture 100 acres, Edward Burch. Discovery 60, Jesse Burch. Strife Cool-Springs 93 1/2, John Fendall Beall's heirs. Part of Geeferborough Manor 100, Thomas Bayne. Part of Geeferborough Manor 100, Thomas Bayne, jun. Part of Asson 50, Henry Bartley. Prevention 92, Elizabeth Coll. Bartheba 74, Part of Hudson's Range 166, Part of White Lackerstone 100, Part of William and Anne 81, total 421, Peter Carnes. Hamilton's Adventure, Ferguson's Gain, Addition to Ferguson's Gain, 315, John Ferguson. Part of Geeferborough 100, John Garrick. Part of Conclusion 50, Charity Glass. Fortune Enlarged 560, Elizabeth Scott. Part of Hamilton's Adventure, Part of Wood's Purchase, 14, Joseph Wilson, jun. Darn 126, Joseph Wilson, Lancelot.

COLLINGTON and PATUXENT.
Lundee 100 acres, Sarah Frasier. Colberth Lot 8, Zachariah Jones. Part of Ample Grange 75, Part of Bachelor's Choice, House's Discovery. Part of James and Mary, Part of William's Beginning, 77 1/2, John Wells. Part of Strife and Part of Layford 90, Peter Maclocklan. Part of St. Andrew 100, Benjamin Taffet's heirs. Part of Riley's Discovery 80, William Lemar. Part of Beall's Hunting Quarter 100, Robert Perry. Part of Darnall's Grove 105, William Tyler. Darnall's Grove 460, Edward Hall, of Henry.

WESTERN BRANCH.
Pleasant-Spring Enlarged 100 acres, Jacob Sampson.
UPPER-MARLBOROUGH.
Half a Lot, No. —, William Springs Bowie. One Lot, No. —, Henry King. One Lot, No. —, Hugh Lyon. Half a Lot, No. —, Thomas Magruder. One Lot, No. —, Thomas Springs, (W. River). One Lot, No. —, William Urquhart. One Lot, No. —, Jane Urquhart. Half a Lot, No. —, James Ritchie. No. —, Assembly-Room Proprietors.

CHARLOTTE.
Part of Greenland 211 acres, Edward Clagett. Part of Beall's Chance 482, William Keadle. Brooke Hill 58, Frank Piles. Part of Vale of Benjamin 339, John Clark Sprigg. Part of Beane's Landing 60, Lagan Wilson.
MOUNT-CALVERT.
Part of Harry's Lot 100 acres, Charles Boteler. Part of Harry's Lot 100, Henry Boteler. Part of Fish-Fork, alias Craft, 120, Samuel Chew. Part of Brookfield Wedge and Cross Cloth 180, John Eversfield, jun. Part of Mount Calvert Manor 336, Thomas Hamilton. Part of Leith 208, Kenelm Selby. Part of Leith 90, John Smith Selby. Part of Leith 10, Hezekiah Orme. Part of Mount Calvert Manor 100, John Orme.

GREEN.
Part of Vineyard 400 acres, two Lots in Nottingham, Lucy Ettep. Part of Beall's Pasture 400, Richard Lee.
MATTAPONY.
Lawson's Lot 100 acres, John Badon, of Robert. Part of Hatgrave, Part of the Gore, 234, Thomas Adams. Part of Londonderry 178, Mary Boteler.

Part of Brookefield 322, Dr. Richard Brooke. Part of Brookefield 172, Isaac Brooke. Part of Mansfield 175, Thomas Smith Cox. Part of Twiver, Orchard, Good-Luck and Little Worth, 161, Mary Dorsett. One Lot in Nottingham, improved, William Jackson. Two Lots in Nottingham, John Darlett. Part of Wood Bridge 100, Editha Fields. Part of Brooke's Chance 365, Clement Gardiner. Part of Twiver 100, John Harrison. Part of Brookefield 225, Clement Hollyday. Part of Widow's Trouble 100, John Lawson Naylor.

ROCK-CREEK.
Part of Widow's Mite 248 acres, John and Clement Riddle. Part of Vineyard and Bowling-Green 104, Part of Beall's Lovell 141, Jemima Barnes. Part of Port-Royal 150, Joseph Coombs. Part of Bardadoes 205, William Conn. Part of Hopyard 50, Robert Douglas. Part of Gleaning 150, Part of Allison's Forrest 31 1/2, Edward Villers Harbin. Part of Port-Royal 150, Thomas Pearce. Part of Hog-Pen Enlarged, Part of Evans's Littleworth, 189, Walter Evans. Part of Haddock's Hills 300, William Murdoch. Part of Gleaning 150, John McClean. Part of Hopyard 50, William Pearce. Part of Beall's Inclosure 318, Walter Queen. Part of Hopyard 150, Jeremiah Riley. Turner's Improvement 167, Mount-Pleasure 114, Edmund Turner. Belt's Chance 85, Thomas Tilley. Part of Beall's Inclosure 210, capt. Jonathan Wight.

BLADENSBURG.
Half of Lot No. 1, in Bladensburg, John Francis. Part of Lot No. 11, ditto, Balser Hiltreagle. Part of Lot No. 13, ditto, Edmund Hogan. Part of Lot No. 3, ditto, William Masters. Part of Discovery 50 acres, William Masters, Oxen Land. Half an acre of Land in Bladensburg, John Elias Martin.

EASTERN BRANCH.
Part of Ralpho 100 acres, Francis Balmear. Part of Flag Bottom 300, Thomas Beall, of William. Part of Timber Bottom, Red Houfe, Addition to God-Father's Gift, Part of Father's Stamp, 244 1/2, Andrew Beall, and Andrew Beall, jun. Part of James and Mary Plummer's Jack, Wife Than Nothing, 225, James Greenwell. Part of Miller's Beginning 46 1/2, Joseph Hews. Part of Winterfel's Range 221 1/2, Margaret Jones. Danby 93 1/2, Thomas King. Part of Destier's Hall, Plummer's Island, Joseph and Mary, and God-Father's Gift, 121 1/2, Basil Lucas. Part of William and Elizabeth Mullican's Beginning 131, William Mullican. Poor Stoney Hill 60, Jonathan Nixon. Part of Edmerston's Range 80, John H. Orme. Part of James and Mary, Part of Greenland, Part of Adventure, 93, Van Simmons. Part of Ralpho 122, Richard Wheeler. Part of Bachelor's Choice, Part of Flag Bottom, 102 1/2, George Wilson. Welch's Discovery 160, Henry Welch. Part of Maiden's Fancy 194, William Waters. Stoney Field 200, James Young, Baltimore.

HORSPEN.
Horton's Range 100 acres, John Atwell. Part of Beck's Addition 35, Sarah Beck. Part of Moore's Industry, Part of Carrick's Industry, 189, Maren Carrick. Charles Abraham's Luck 113, Abraham Clarke. James's Choice 100, Clark's Fancy 150, Mary Clarke. Part of Pleasant Grove 50, James Duvall. Freeland's Adventure 297, Francis Freeland. Part of Carrick's Industry 150, William Hardy. Part of Littleworth 66 1/2, Sarah Hews. Part of Evans's Range 166, Benjamin Jacobs. Part of Friendship 105, Richard Jones. Bacon Hall 100, Henry Onion. Part of Beck's Addition 223, William Perkins. Arthur's Seat Enlarged 230, Thomas Rutland. Part of Darnal's Grove 75, Elizabeth Tyler. Part of Addition to Brashear's Pocofon 274, John Turner. Part of Cherry Walk 78, Samuel Waters.

WASHINGTON.
Gordon's Pasture 110 1/2 acres, Mary Gordon. Hamilton's Purchase 340, John Hamilton. Part of Turrell Bowling Green Enlarged 177. Part of the Forrest of Fancy and Funtia Dium Aureolum 92. Part of Rencher's Adventure 50, Francis Moberly. Coxhays Enlarged 228, Taylorton 51, Taylor's Marsh 21, Taylorton 111, total 411, Alexander Howard Magruder. Part of Taylorton and Part of Archer's Pasture 108, Taylor's Pasture 32, total 140. Part of Taylorton 100, Samuel Orme. Part of Taylorton 86, Good Luck 108, Dunbare 100, Trenent 225, Haddington 150, total 583. Ferris Excultabilis Enlarged 415, James Had. Warring. Part of Freeman's Hills 10, Part of Mazofoon and Addition 123, Gore 35, total 168, Leonard Warring.

PISCATAWAY.
Part of Swan Harbour 172, Part of Batchelor 420, total 592 acres, John Addison Smith's heirs. Part of Linley's Discovery 77, Mertake 185, total 262, William Bryan. Part of Cateel's Frolic Enlarged 81, Catharine Cateel. London Pleasure 78, Addition 6, total 84. Maiden Bradley 105, John Claryoe, sen. Dickerson's Parke 90, Alexander M'Daniel. Part of Lanham's Folly 80, Daniel Frazier. Part of Lordship's Manor Rever, in B. Calvert zier. Part of Lordship's Manor Rever, in B. Calvert zier. Part of Stoney Hill 180, John Harris Gibbs. Part of Radford's Chance 284, Henry Humfrey. Part of Lordship's Kindness Rever, in B. Calvert 150, Henry Hardey, sen. Part of Oxmon Farm 110, Addition 27, total 137, Edward Jenkins. Part of Rich Hill 80, Part of Thompson's Rest 54, total 134, Philip Jones. Part of Child's Portion 27, Benjamin Moore, deceased. Part of Two Johns 76, Benjamin Moore, deceased. Part of Refuse 150, Nathaniel Joseph Simpson. Part of Refuse 150, Nathaniel Joseph Simpson. Part of Dormon's Folly 98, Wilton. Addition and Part of Dormon's Folly 98, John Walker. Part of Dormon's Folly 75, Henry Walker. Part of Addition 68, Coxen's Chance and Addition 100, total 168, Levin Wilcoxon.

KING-GEORGE'S.
Part of Margaret Overton 63 1/2 acres, James Adams. Part of Piscataway Manor 175, John Bowling. Gle's Delight and Part of Strife 230, Sarah Cole. Part of Axe 105 1/2, Benjamin Cawood, jun. Northwest Chance 100, Samuel Cowe. Part of Cold Snowy Friday 234, Nicholas Daviss. Part of Eccles's Hog-Pen 250, Thomas Dyer. Part of Queen's Forrest 33, Anne Downs, Dower. Reversion of Part of Queen's Forrest 67, George Dixon. Part of Piscataway Manor 150, John Edelen. Nonetuch 136, George Emmerston. John Emmerston. Ford's Delight Enlarged, Part of Chance and Venture 281, Reversion in Mrs. Gantt's Dower 116, George Gantt's heirs. Part of a Mill and Lots in Piscataway affixed at £ 375, Thomas Hardey. Half of a Mill and Sandy Lots of Land in Piscataway 304, affixed at £ 750, George Hardy, Jessymen 370, Elizabeth Hulton. Exeter 157, John Holley. Part of Lanham 64, Addition to Webster's Quarter 137, Webster's Quarter 200, total 401, Thomas Hamilton. Morrill's Hope 124, Sarah Jarman, Pinner 200, Benjamin Jameston. Providence 153, John Keitch. Part of Little Tree and Carroll's Kindness 130, James King. Marlowe's Chance 75, Abel Marlowe. Thomas and Sarah 132, Sarah Mudd. Part of Sanquair 175, Elizabeth Parker. Eglinton 400, Basil Spalding. Wynn's East and West Addition to Little Worth 143, Part of Indian Fields 100, Part of Gardner's Meadows 25, Wynn's Chance Re-surveyed 103, Edelen's Hog-Pen 100, John Wynn, sen. Part of Indian Fields 67, William Wynn. Part of Piscataway Manor 50, John Wynn, Enock Magruder and John Baynes. Part of Ridge Right of Dower 60, Robert Wade, 3d.

HYKSON.
Ery's Friend's Goodwill North of the Wh. Marsh, or Part of Holly Spring 196, Christopher Arnuld. Part of Head-Ach and Part of Holly Spring 238, Bartholomew Jenkins. Hurley's Lot 56, John King. Burbidge 134, John Lowe, jun. Bachelor's Hope-Dreeparke, Bachelor's Chance to Doer-parke Mill Dam, 376, Thomas Wilcoxon, jun.

P. FREDERICK.
Part of Taylor's Boss 210 acres, Catharine Bowers. Part of Poplar-Hill 72 1/2, Anne Brightwell. Aaron's Reprieve 70, John Curra. Cani's Chance 100, Elizabeth Eastwood. Good Will 85, William Lough Brightwell's Range 100, George Naylor, son to Swanky. Woodborough and Stain Land 194 1/2, Paul Rawlings. Dove's Nest and Dove's Perch 50, Paul Rawlings. Cole Brook, Watson's Forrest, 127. Cole Brook, Watson's Forrest and Woodborough, 216, William Watson, sen. Watson's Luck 70, Running-Away 50, Cole Brook 17, —137, William Watson, jun. Samuel.

WASHINGTON.
Part of Exchange 140 acres, Part of ditto 100, a Mill Seat 12, —252, John Badon, of Thomas. Part of Mazofoon 36 dower, —. Part of Naylor's Range 101 1/2, —. Part of Cool Spring Addition Enlarged 77 1/2, Part of the Forrest of Shire-Wood 229 1/2, —306 1/2. Right of Dower 400, Anne Cooke right of dower. Part of Saffar's Green 41 1/2, Hog-Pens 351, —392 1/2, John Campbell. Part of Davis's Range 55, Part of Naylor's Range 24, —79, William Daviss. Part of Davis's Range 25, Part of The Forrest 122, —147, Elizabeth Davis. Cool Spring 90, Part of Cool Spring Addition Enlarged 35, Part of Forrest of Sheerwood 374, Part of The Forrest 106, —368 1/2, Naylor Daviss. Part of Addition, Part of —, 391 1/2. —. Part of Anchovia Hills 234. —. George Gantt. Part of Archer's Pasture and Retaliation 600, Josias Hawkins.

On the 14th of December next, at Bladensburg, the property in Rock-Creek, Eastern Branch, Horspen, Oxen, Bladensburg and New-Scotland, Hundreds.
On the 16th of December, at Upper-Marlborough, the property in Patuxent, Western Branch, Collington, Charlotte and Town of Upper-Marlborough, Hundreds.
On the 18th of December, at Piscataway, the property in Grubb, King-George, Piscataway and Hyn-ton, Hundreds.
On the 21st of December, at Nottingham, the property in Mount Calvert, Mattapony, Washington and Prince-Frederick, Hundreds.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 2d day of May last, two country born **NEGROES**—**CHARLES**, about 30 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, strong and well set, of a yellowish complexion, has a remarkable black beard, and his face generally full of small pimples, speaks seldom, and has a down look.—**MATTHEW**, about 22 or 23 years of age, five feet five or six inches high, bow-legged, thick set, has a remarkable black complexion, his teeth and parts of his eyes of a clear white, speaks freely and grim; had on when they went away, coarse brown shirts, jackets and breeches of coarse white country made cloth, yarn stockings, and old felt hats and shoes. They have been seen lurking about in different parts of St. Mary's and Calvert counties until the fifth of September, when it is supposed they took away from James Knott, living at Howard's Race, two mares, one of a mouse colour, with a short switch tail, the other a dark bay, one hind foot white, with a small lump on her left side, both natural pacers. Whoever will take up the said negroes and secure them in gaol, so that the subscriber may get them again, shall receive ten dollars, if taken up in the county; if out of the county, and within the state, sixteen dollars; if out of the state, the above reward, or in proportion for either of them, paid by **JOSEPH MATTINGLY**, St. Iagoes, St. Mary's county, Oct. 19, 1789.

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 15th day of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at my dwelling house, on the Head of South river, within eight miles of Annapolis, and within twenty-five miles of Baltimore-town,

FOUR hundred acres of valuable LAND, under good fence, a part of the plantation whereon I now live, called **GAITHER'S COLLECTION**, valuable either for planting, farming or grazing, and is much better watered and timbered than any other land in the settlement, lying between the two main branches of South river, on each of which are good mill-seats, and also a very large quantity of excellent meadow land, a great part of which is cleared and in good order, and much more may be cleared and fenced with ease and convenience; this plantation is also bounding on the Head of South river, from whence small craft may be easily conveyed to navigable water. An indisputable title will be given on the following terms being complied with.

EDWARD GAITHER, SON OF EDWARD.

The above land being under mortgage for my use and benefit, I agree to the sale of the same lands on the terms following, viz. One third to be paid in hand, and for the remaining two thirds bond with good security, and three years credit.

November 2, 1789. **J. HALL.**

November 3, 1789.

Will be **EXPOSED TO SALE**, on Saturday the 13th instant, at the dwelling of **RICHARD TALBOT**, of Anne-Arundel county, on Elk-Ridge,

A PARCEL of valuable property, consisting of **NEGROES, HORSES, CATTLE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c. &c.** Two years credit will be given for part of the property sold. The terms will be fully made known there on the day of sale.

The subscriber once more requests all persons having any claims against the said Richard Talbot to attend at the said place of sale, on that day, and deliver them or send them to the subscriber, legally attested, that they may be discharged, agreeable to the direction of the honourable John Rogers, Esquire, late chancellor of Maryland.

BRICE HOWARD, Trustee.

Chester-town, October 1, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to pass an act to liberate him from confinement for debt in Kent county gaol.

JOSIAH JOHNSON.

September 29, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, for an act to exonerate him from part of the purchase money of a lot of land in Monocacy Manor, purchased by a certain William Pendergast.

BERIAH MAYBURY.

September 9, 1789.

THE subscriber, **WIDOW OF GASSAWAY WATKINS**, ONE OF THE SECURITIES FOR CAPTAIN **THOMAS HARWOOD**, FORMER COLLECTOR OF THE TAX FOR ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, intends to PETITION THE NEXT GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR RELIEF.

DINAH WATKINS.

Dorchester county, September 12, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland to pass a law to aid the execution of the last will and testament of his father **JOHN HICKS TRAVERSE**, late of Dorchester county, deceased, agreeable to the intension of said testator.

HENRY TRAVERSE.

APPLICATION will be made to the general assembly of the state of Maryland, at the next session, for a law to authorize the erecting of the courthouse and gaol for Caroline county at Choptank bridge, and for holding the courts for said county thereat.

September 1, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly, at their next session, by the subscriber, to confirm his title to two lots of ground, lying in the town of Upper-Marlborough, formerly purchased by Judson Cooledge, deceased, of the commissioners appointed to sell British property.

RICHARD BURGESS.

Montgomery county, September 4, 1789.

THIS is to inform the public, that the inhabitants of the aforesaid county intend to apply to the next general assembly, for a main road from Luckett's and Davis's Ferry through the neighbourhoods of Moston's and Sinning's Mills, as may be thought most advantageous to the public.

Frederick county, September 7, 1789.

THE subscribers hereby give notice, that they intend to petition the justices of Frederick county, at next November court, for a commission to mark and bound their parts, and if the law requires it, the whole, of the two following TRACTS OF LAND, situate in said county, viz. **THE RESURVEY ON GOOD-NEIGHBOURHOOD** and **COME BY CHANCE**, agreeable to the act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, passed at November session, 1786.

NICHOLAS COPPLE, MICHAEL OVELMAN.

August 14, 1789.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given to galwhom it may concern, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to invest him with the fee-simple of part of a tract of LAND called **SMITH'S FIRST CHOICE**, which a certain William Schoolfield conveyed to Turbutt Wright, a minor, son of the subscriber.

JOHN WRIGHT.

Prince-George's county, September 14, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general assembly, for a law to authorize the justices of Prince-George's county to levy a further tax on the inhabitants thereof, for the purpose of erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch, near the town of Bladensburg.

NOTICE is hereby given, that several of the inhabitants of Charles and Saint-Mary's counties intend to petition the general assembly, at their next meeting, to pass a law to change the road leading from Allen's-Fresh to Newport, in Charles county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Washington county mean to petition the next general assembly for the division of said county; also, for prolonging the time of payment for the settlers lands to the westward of Cumberland.

September 9, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of this state, for a public warehouse for the inspection of tobaccos at Trace's Landing, on Herring Creek.

October 20, 1789.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue,

On Wednesday, the 18th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber, in Middle Neck Hundred, within three miles of Annapolis,

SUNDRY VALUABLE STOCK, consisting of **HORSES, HORNED CATTLE and HOGS.** Also all the CROP OF CORN, FODDER, &c. and **PLANTATION UTENSILS**, amongst which is a good HORSE CART. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock, and for CASH only.

STEPHEN BEARD.

TO BE SOLD,

On a liberal credit, on Monday the third of December next, at **PUBLIC VENDUE**, if not sooner disposed of at **PRIVATE SALE**, in which case due notice will be given,

A VALUABLE SEAT, containing upwards of 400 acres of LAND, pleasantly situated on Zachia Swamp, five miles from Port-Tobacco; there are on the premises a good **DWELLING-HOUSE**, a large **BARN**, with a good floor (for treading of wheat) and other **CONVENIENT HOUSES**. The situation is beautiful and healthy. This land has been assessed as high as the first rate land in said county. There is a great proportion of bottom, which produceth excellent corn, timothy, &c. This land has a great quantity of wood, board timber, and other timber. Possession will be given to the purchaser on complying with the terms of sale, which may be known by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

JOHN HANSON, jun.

Charles county, August 15, 1789.

Patowmack Company.

AT A MEETING of the **PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS** of the **PATOWMACK COMPANY**, at **GEORGE-TOWN**, the 23d day of September, 1789.

ORDERED, That the proprietors of shares in the Patowmack Company, pay into the hands of **WILLIAM HARTSHORN**, Treasurer of the said company, Five Pounds on each of the Shares held by them respectively, on or before the 15th day of November next.

ORDERED, That the treasurer take the most effectual legal measures to compel a speedy payment of all monies remaining unpaid on the several calls preceding the last and present call.

THOMAS JOHNSON, President.

JOHN FITZGERALD, } Directors.

GEORGE GILPIN, }

Alexandria, September 25, 1789.

Calvert county, November 2, 1789.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of **RACHEL ANDERSON**, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to bring them in legally authenticated, that they may be settled, by

SAMUEL LANE, Executor.

Fisheries on Patowmack.

THREE VALUABLE SHAD and HERRING LANDINGS to be rented for the season, or leased for a term of time. These landings are adjoining each other, have a large extent of shore, have been long noted for the quantity of fish taken at them, and command many advantages which are almost peculiar to them alone, viz. good houses for curing of fish, a smooth and clear shoar, and are related to by numerous customers by land and water. The terms may be known on application to the subscriber, living on the spot.

RICHARD BRANET.

Fomonkey Neck, Charles county, November 2, 1789.

October 24, 1789.

BEING directed by the governor and council to dispose of the property lately purchased for the use of the state, I mean to set up, at **PUBLIC SALE**, sundry tracts of LAND, a number of valuable **NEGROES**, and other articles, at the following times and places, viz.—On Monday the 16th of November, at 11 o'clock, at the dwelling plantation of **NICHOLAS BLACKLOCK**, near Piscataway, sundry tracts of LAND near Bladensburg, containing, in the whole, 483 acres, and a life estate in 250 acres of LAND adjoining, late the property of **JOHN BROWN**, one of the securities of **NICHOLAS BLACKLOCK**, and a tract of LAND containing upwards of 200 acres (the dwelling plantation above mentioned, late the property of **FREDERICK BOWEN**, one of the securities of **NICHOLAS BLACKLOCK**.) On Wednesday the 18th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Port-Tobacco, a tract of LAND called **MANKIN'S VENTURE**, containing 54 acres, a tract of LAND called **MANKIN'S FOLLY**, containing 144 acres, lying in Charles county, near Port Tobacco, some **NEGROES, HORSES, FURNITURE, and a RIDING CHAIR and HARNESS.** On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. three LOTS in Port-Tobacco, number 5, 5 and 6, with a small **TENEMENT**, and three other LOTS in the said town, the numbers not known, on which are three large **DWELLING HOUSES**, with convenient **OUT HOUSES, &c.** late the property of **CHARLES MANKIN.** On Thursday the 19th of November, at Port-Tobacco, at 11 o'clock, part of a tract of LAND called **HAWKINS' BARRENS**, containing 115 acres, and part of a tract of LAND called **COME-BY-CHANCE**, containing 60 acres, adjacent to Port-Tobacco, and two **NEGROES**, late the property of **FRANCIS WARE**, one of the securities of **Charles Mankin.** A tract of LAND called **LUCKETT'S BENEFIT**, containing 44 acres, and part of a tract of LAND called **MOISDITCH**, containing 186 acres, near Port-Tobacco, late the property of **THOMAS HUSSEY LUCKETT**, one of the securities of **Charles Mankin.** On Monday the 23d of November, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, a tract of LAND on which captain Harwood resides, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 345 acres, and several valuable **NEGROES**, some **STOCK** and **HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**, late the property of captain **THOMAS HARWOOD.** On Tuesday the 24th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Bladensburg, a tract of LAND called **BROTHER'S FIRST LOT**, containing 239 acres, a tract of LAND called **BEALL'S NEGLECT**, containing 50 acres, and a tract of LAND called **BEALL'S DISCOVERY ENLARGED**, containing 42 acres, adjacent to the town of Bladensburg, and several valuable **NEGROES**, some **HORSES, STOCK and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**, late the property of **JOHN BEALL.** On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. a tract of LAND called **CRAMPHIN'S LOT**, containing 357 acres, part of **JACKSON'S NECESSITY**, containing 61 1/2 acres, **HOSKINS'S FOLLY**, containing 100 acres, and part of **ELIZABETH**, containing 100 acres, in the neighbourhood of Bladensburg, late the property of **RICHARD CRAMPHIN**, one of the securities of **John Beall.** On Wednesday the 24th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Bladensburg, part of a tract of LAND called **GILLARD**, containing 127 1/2 acres, lying near the last mentioned lands, and some **NEGROES**, late the property of **SAMUEL SHEPHERD**, one of the securities of **John Beall.** Part of a tract of LAND called **DEAKINS'S HALL**, containing 299 acres, near Bladensburg, and some **NEGROES**, late the property of **LEONARD MARRURY DEAKINS**, one of the securities of **John Beall.** On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. about 160 acres, part of a tract of LAND called **CHELSEA**, lying near the brick church, in Prince-George's county, late the property of **HUMPHREY BELL**, one of the securities of **John Beall.** On Thursday the 25th of November, at three o'clock, P. M. at George-town, a lot of **GROUND** in the said town, number 9, with improvements; late the property of **JOHN MURDOCK**, and a lot of **GROUND** in the said town, number 21, with improvements, late the property of **RICHARD THOMPSON.** The lands and lots above mentioned will be sold for ready money only; for the personal property any kind of state securities will be taken.

WILLIAM KILTY.

Calvert county, October 10, 1789.

By virtue of a **DEED OF TRUST**, from **MR. FRANCIS KING** to the subscriber, will be **SOLD**, at **PUBLIC SALE**, on the 16th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, the following property,

A TRACT of LAND, within one mile of Huntingtown, in said county, whereon Mr. King now dwells, of about thirty acres, on which is a new and very convenient **DWELLING-HOUSE**, with three rooms below and as many above, and other **NECESSARY OUT HOUSES.**

Also a **TRACT** of valuable LAND, containing about 200 acres, one mile's distance from the former, on which there are no improvements; eighteen valuable **NEGROES**, consisting of **MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS**; a number of **BLACK CATTLE, HOGS, HORSES, SHEEP, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and PLANTATION UTENSILS.**

The sale to be at the above-mentioned dwelling-house, on a credit, the extent of which will be made known on the day of sale.

JOSEPH WILKINSON.

ANNAPOLIS:

PRINTED BY **FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.**

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October 24, 1789.
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dry tracts of LAND
the whole, 483 acres,
AND adjoining, less
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BOWEN, one

MARYLAND GAZETTE

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1789.

Congress of the United States,

begun and held at the city of New-York, on Wednes-
day the fourth of March, one thousand seven hun-
dred and eighty-nine.

CONCLUSION of the ACT to regulate the COLLEC-
TION of the DUTIES imposed by LAW on the TUN-
NAGE of SHIPS or VESSELS, and on GOODS, WARES
and MERCHANDISE, imported into the United States.

AND be it further enacted, That the
duties and fees to be collected by vir-
tue of this act, shall be received in
gold or silver coin only, at the fol-
lowing rates, that is to say, the gold
coins of France, England, Spain and
Portugal, and all other gold coin of
equal fineness, at eighty-nine cents for every penny-
weight. The Mexican dollar at one hundred cents;
the crown of France at one dollar and eleven cents;
the crown of England at one dollar and eleven cents;
and all silver coins of equal fineness at one dollar and
seven cents per ounce.

AND be it further enacted, That all the drawbacks al-
lowed by law on the exportation of goods, wares and
merchandise, imported, shall be paid or allowed by the
collector at whose office the said goods, wares and mer-
chandise, were originally entered, and not otherwise,
paying one per centum for the benefit of the United
States.

PROVIDED ALWAYS, and be it further enacted, That
goods, wares or merchandise, entitled to drawback,
shall be relanded before an entry shall be made with the
collector of the port from whence such goods are in-
tended to be exported; which entry shall contain a
particular account of the cases and packages, their
marks, numbers and contents, the cost thereof, the ves-
sel or vessels in which they were imported, and the
place or places imported from; and the person or per-
sons intending to export such goods, shall give bond,
with one or more sufficient sureties, that the same, or
any part thereof, shall not be relanded in any port or
place within the limits of the United States, as settled
by the late treaty of peace; and shall moreover make oath
of affirmation as to the truth of the entry, that the
goods, wares and merchandise, are in quantity, quali-
ty and value, as therein expressed, according to the in-
ward entry thereof, which entry was duly made at the
time of importation pursuant to the directions of this
act; and that the quality is the same as at the time of
importation; and the exporter of such goods shall not
be entitled to drawback the duties, until at least six
months after the exportation thereof, and until he shall
produce to the collector, with whom such outward en-
try is made, a certificate in writing of two reputable
merchants, at the foreign port or place in which the
goods were landed, together with the oath or affirmation
of the master and mate of the vessel in which they
were exported, certifying the delivery thereof; but in
case any vessel shall be cast away, or meet with such
unavoidable accidents as to prevent the landing such
goods, a protest in due form of law, made by the mas-
ter and mate, or some of the seamen, or in case no
such protest can be had, then the oath or affirmation of
the exporter shall be received in lieu of the other proofs
herein directed, unless there shall be good reason to
doubt the truth of such oath or affirmation, in which
case it shall and may be lawful for the collector to re-
quire such further proof as the nature of the case may
demand. PROVIDED ALSO, That no goods, wares
or merchandise, imported, shall be entitled to a draw-
back of the duties paid or to be paid thereon,
unless such duties shall amount to twenty dollars at the
least; nor unless they shall be exported in the same
package or packages, and from the port or dis-
trict into which they were originally imported, and
wherever shall be relanded under the infidelity of the
collector, naval officer or surveyor, of the port.

AND be it further enacted, That the sums allowed to
be paid by law on the exportation of dried or pickled
fish, and of salted provisions, shall be paid by the col-
lector of the port or district from whence the same
shall be exported: PROVIDED, That due entry there-
of shall be first made and bonds given, as in case of
drawbacks; and that no such allowance shall be made,
unless it shall amount to three dollars at the least upon
any one entry.

AND be it further enacted, That if any goods, wares
or merchandise, entered for exportation, with a view
to drawback the duties, or to obtain any allowance
given by law on the exportation thereof, shall be land-
ed in any port or place within the limits of the United
States or territories, all such goods, wares and merchan-
dise, shall be subject to seizure and forfeiture, together
with the vessel from which such goods shall be landed,
and the vessels or boats used in landing the same, and
the persons concerned therein, shall, on indictment and
conviction thereof, suffer imprisonment for a term not
exceeding six months; and for discovery of frauds, and
seizure of goods, wares and merchandise, relanded
contrary to law, the several officers established by this

act shall have the same powers, and in case of seizure
the same proceedings shall be had, as in the case of
goods, wares and merchandise, imported contrary to law:
And for measuring, weighing and gauging, goods for
exportation, the same fees shall be allowed as in like
cases upon the importation thereof.

AND be it further enacted, That if any officer of the
customs shall, directly or indirectly, take or receive
any bribe, reward or recompence, for conniving, or
shall connive at a false entry of any ship or vessel, or
of any goods, wares or merchandise, and shall be
thereof convicted, every such officer shall forfeit and
pay a sum not less than two hundred, nor more than
two thousand dollars for each offence, and be for ever
disabled from holding any office of trust or profit under
the United States; and any person giving or offering
any bribe, recompence or reward, for any such decep-
tion, collusion or fraud, shall forfeit and pay a sum not
less than two hundred, nor more than two thousand
dollars for each offence: And in all cases where an
oath or affirmation is by this act required from a mas-
ter or other person, having command of a ship or ves-
sel, or from an owner or consignee of goods, wares
and merchandise, if the person so swearing or affirming
shall swear or affirm falsely, such person shall, on in-
dictment and conviction thereof, be punished by fine
or imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of the court
before whom the conviction shall be had, so as the fine
shall not exceed one thousand dollars, and the term of
imprisonment shall not exceed twelve months.

AND be it further enacted, That all penalties accruing
by any breach of this act, shall be sued for and recov-
ered with costs of suit, in the name of the United
States, in any court proper to try the same, by the col-
lector of the district where the same accrued, and not
otherwise, unless in cases of penalty relating to an of-
ficer of the customs; and such collector shall be, and
hereby is authorized and directed to sue for and prose-
cute the same to effect, and to distribute and pay the
sum recovered, after first deducting all necessary costs
and charges, according to law. And all ships or ves-
sels, goods, wares and merchandise, which shall be-
come forfeit by virtue of this act, shall be seized, li-
belled and proffered, as aforesaid, in the proper court
having cognizance thereof; and the court shall cause
fourteen days notice to be given of such seizure and li-
bel, by causing the substance of such libel, with the
order of the court thereon, setting forth the time and
place appointed for trial, to be inserted in some public
news-paper, nearest the place of seizure, and also by
posting up the same in the most public manner for the
space of fourteen days, at or near the place of trial;
and proclamation shall be made in such manner as the
court shall direct; and if no person shall appear to
claim such ship or vessel, goods, wares or merchandise,
the same shall be adjudged to be forfeited; but if any
person shall appear before such judgment of forfeiture,
and claim any such ship or vessel, goods, wares or mer-
chandise, and shall give bond to defend the prosecution
thereof, and to respond the cost in case he shall not
support his claim, the court shall proceed to hear and
determine the cause according to law: And upon the
prayer of any claimant to the court, that any ship or
vessel, goods, wares or merchandise, so seized and pro-
secuted, or any part thereof should be delivered to such
claimant, it shall be lawful for the court to appoint
three proper persons to appraise such ship or vessel,
goods, wares or merchandise, who shall be sworn in
open court for the faithful discharge of their duty;
and such appraisement shall be made at the expense of
the party on whose prayer it is granted; and on the
return of such appraisement, if the claimant shall,
with one or more sureties, to be approved of by the
court, execute a bond in the usual form, to the United
States, for the payment of a sum equal to the sum at
which the ship or vessel, goods, wares or merchandise,
which the court shall be delivered, be appraised, the court shall
by rule order such ship or vessel, goods, wares or
merchandise, to be delivered to the said claimant, and
the said bond shall be lodged with the proper officer of
the court; and if judgment shall pass in favour of the
claimant, the court shall cause the said bond to be can-
celled; but if judgment shall pass against the claimant,
as to the whole or any part of such ship or vessel,
goods, wares or merchandise, and the claimant shall
not within twenty days thereafter pay into the court the
amount of the appraised value of such ship or vessel,
goods, wares or merchandise, so condemned, with the
costs, the bond shall be put in suit: And when any
prosecution shall be commenced on account of the
seizure of any ship or vessel, goods, wares or merchan-
dise, and judgment shall be given for the claimant or
disc, and judgment shall be given for the claimant or
disc, if it shall appear to the court, before whom
claimants, that there was a reasonable cause of seizure,
such cause of seizure, the same court shall cause a
reasonable cause of entry to be made thereof, and in
proper certificate or entry to be made thereof, and in
such case the claimant shall not be entitled to costs, nor
shall the person who made the seizure, or the prosecu-
tor, be liable to suit, judgment or suit, on account
of such seizure or prosecution. PROVIDED, That the
ship or vessel, goods, wares or merchandise, after

judgment forthwith returned to such claimant or claim-
ants, his or their agents: AND PROVIDED, That no
action or prosecution shall be maintained in any case un-
der this act, unless the same shall have been commenced
within three years next after the penalty or forfeiture
was incurred.

AND be it further enacted, That all ships, vessels,
goods, wares or merchandise, which shall be con-
demned by virtue of this act, shall be sold by the pro-
per officer of the court in which such condemnation
shall be had, to the highest bidder at public auction;
by order of such court, and at such place as the court
may appoint, giving at least fifteen days notice (except
in case of perishable goods) in one or more of the pub-
lic news-papers of the place where such sale shall be;
or if no paper is published in such place, in one or
more of the papers published in the nearest place
thereto.

AND be it further enacted, That all penalties, fines
and forfeitures, recovered by virtue of this act (and
not otherwise appropriated) shall, after deducting all
proper costs and charges, be disposed of as follows:—
One moiety shall be for the use of the United States,
and paid into the treasury thereof; the other moiety
shall be divided into three equal parts, and paid to the
collector, naval officer and surveyor, of the district
wherein the same shall have been incurred; and in
such districts where only two of the aforesaid officers
shall have been established, the said moiety shall be
equally divided between them; and in such districts
where only one of the aforesaid officers shall have been
established, the said moiety shall be given to such offi-
cer: PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS, That in all cases
where such penalties, fines and forfeitures shall be re-
covered, in pursuance of information given to such col-
lector, by any person, other than the said naval officer
and surveyor, the one half of such moiety shall be
given to the informer, and the remainder thereof shall
be disposed of between the collector, naval officer and
surveyor, in manner and form as above limited and ex-
pressed.

AND WHEREAS, The states of Rhode-Island and
Providence-Plantations, and North-Carolina, have not
as yet ratified the present constitution of the United
States, by reason whereof this act doth not extend to
the collecting of duties within either of the said two
states, and it is thereby become necessary that the fol-
lowing provision with respect to goods, wares or mer-
chandise, imported from either of the said two states
should for the present take place;

Be it therefore further enacted, That all goods, wares
and merchandise, not of their own growth or manu-
facture, which shall be imported from either of the said
two states of Rhode-Island and Providence-Plantations,
or North-Carolina, into any other port or place within
the limits of the United States, as settled by the late
treaty of peace, shall be subject to the like duties,
feitures and forfeitures, as goods, wares or merchan-
dise, imported from any state or country without the
said limits.

AND be it further enacted, That no goods, wares or
merchandise, of foreign growth or manufacture, sub-
ject to the payment of duties, shall be brought into the
United States, in any other manner than by sea, nor
in any ship or vessel less than thirty tons burthen, ex-
cept within the district of Louisville, and except also
in such vessels as are now actually on their voyages;
nor shall be landed or unladen at any other place than
is by this act directed, under the penalty of seizure and
forfeiture of all such vessels, goods, wares or merchan-
dise, brought in, landed or unladen, in any other man-
ner. And all goods, wares and merchandise, brought
into the United States by land, contrary to this act,
shall be forfeited, together with the carriages, horses
and oxen, that shall be employed in conveying the
same.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS MÜHLENBERG, Speaker
of the house of representatives.

JOHN ADAMS, Vice-president of the United States,
and president of the senate.

Approved—July 31, 1789.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President of the
United States.

An ACT to suspend part of an act, entitled, "An Act to
regulate the collection of the duties imposed by law on
the tonnage of ships or vessels, and on goods, wares
and merchandise, imported into the United States," and
for other purposes.

Be it enacted, by the senate and house of representatives
of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
That in and to the act, entitled, "An Act to regulate
the collection of the duties imposed by law on the tun-
nage of ships or vessels, and on goods, wares and mer-
chandise, imported into the United States, as aforesaid,"
the words "and on goods, wares and merchandise, im-
ported into the United States, as aforesaid," shall be
suspended until the first day of May next.

September 1, 1789.
for which the sub-
scribors to a large
debts in large sums,
insolvent act, where-
by grievous on him
justice as far as in his
fruits of all his prop-
erty for the purpose of dis-
charging it, after the bill
it should prove insuffi-
cient to the next general
estate him therefrom,
confinement.
U. S. GODMAN.

October 5, 1789.
that a petition will be
presented to the sub-
scribors by MARY
Daniel Jones Magruder,
to as to secure to her
her by the last will and
testament, John Bellingby,
her said husband from
said negroes during her
life.

REWARD.

For the apprehension of
the negro man named CAE-
sarius, about the 25th
of the month of August
last, who is about five
feet nine or ten in-
ches high, and a downy
coat, much worn,
a blue striped linen
trousers, and a felt hat;
Whomever takes up the
said negro, shall have four
hundred dollars reward,
to be paid by the subscrib-
ers, upon Antietam creek,
near the town of
Chambersburg, shall have the
charges, paid by
JAMES MALONE.
at the Well river, in Anne-
Arundel, and worked several
years in a ship yard. 2

COMY.

Dr. COMY proposes to de-
liver a course of ANATOMICAL LEC-
TURES in Baltimore-town. The
course is in a course of this kind
proposed, viz. the ANATOMY
OF THE HUMAN
SURGERY; and, at the
same time, LECTURES on the
nature and use of the
viscera. Proposals, contain-
ing the terms of at-
tendance, at the
Doctor's house, in Gay-
street, to accommodate two
hundred during the season,
advantages. 3

September 3, 1789.
given, that the VISI-
TATION, in Somerset coun-
ty, to the next general as-
sessment, to sell the said
lot belonging thereto, and to
sell in Worcester county,
as an Eden school afore-
said.

LIP QUINTON,
LIAM PURNELL,
DONNE,
ER CHAILLIE,
C HOUSTON,
HWA TOWNSEND,
RGE DASHIELL,
LIAM HANDY.

GREEN.

Be it further enacted, That all the privileges and advantages to which ships or vessels owned by citizens of the United States, are by law entitled, shall be, until the fifteenth day of January next, extended to ships and vessels wholly owned by citizens of the states of North-Carolina, and Rhode-Island and Providence-Plantations. *PROVIDED,* That the master of every such ship or vessel last mentioned, shall have produced a register for the same, conformable to the laws of the state in which it shall have been obtained, shewing that the said ship or vessel is, and before the first day of September instant was, owned as aforesaid, and make oath or affirmation, before the collector of the port in which the benefit of this act is claimed, that the ship or vessel for which such register is produced is the same therein mentioned, and that he believes it is still wholly owned by the person or persons named in the said register, and that he or they are citizens of one of the states aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That all rum, loaf sugar and chocolate, manufactured or made in the state of North-Carolina, or Rhode-Island and Providence-Plantations, and imported or brought into the United States, shall be deemed and taken to be subject to the like duties, as goods of the like kinds, imported from any foreign state, kingdom or country, are made subject to.

And be it further enacted, That Rehoboth, in the state of Massachusetts, shall be a port of entry and delivery until the fifteenth day of January next, and that a collector be appointed for the same.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS MUEHLBERG, *Speaker of the house of representatives.*

JOHN ADAMS, *Vice president of the United States, and president of the senate.*

Approved—September 16, 1789.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, *PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.*

PARIS, August 14.

THE accounts of the tumults of the several provinces, although much exaggerated and misrepresented, are but too true. They are almost all, more or less, infested by numerous gangs of robbers, who plunder and destroy wherever they dare.

Near Chalons sur Saone, they burnt no less than 32 castles. The militia marching instantly against them put a stop to their depredations, killed upwards 300, without any loss on their own part, and took 120 prisoners, many of whom are since dead of their wounds.

It would be difficult, perhaps dangerous, to search out the secret springs and causes of those commotions. Among these deluded wretches was a notary, on whom was found a printed order, purporting to be from the king, and commanding to burn all the castles they could come at, for the space of three months.

A band of robbers have pillaged and burnt the castle of the count de la Mabthe, near Arcentan. These ruffians were proceeding to burn the count, and also his father for having interceded for the son; happily their avarice superseded their barbarity, and the lives of those were spared, on making, in the presence of a notary, a cession of a considerable sum of money, and other valuables.

Saverne has also been the theatre of devastation; there cardinal de Rohan narrowly escaped falling a victim. This circumstance has delayed his arrival in the National Assembly.

Extract of a letter from Strasbourg, August 6.

"Yesterday we had a fatal day. We have in this city six regiments, four of them French and two German; in the last disturbance the soldiers joined the citizens, in recompense for which they paid 20 sous to each soldier, 30 to each corporal, and 40 to each serjeant.

"The military court, which had the distribution of the money, desired the soldiers to spend their money in the barrack; the French soldiers refused to do this, and desired to have the liberty of spending their money where they pleased, which liberty was denied them, and some of them were imprisoned. Their comrades immediately demanded their release with threats, and by force immediately released them.

"After this there was no kind of subordination—the German regiments joined them, and forced open the Bridewell of the place, where all the ladies of easy virtue were kept, and then proceeded to open all the other prisons, and liberated all the prisoners. You cannot conceive the disturbance there was from the six regiments, and the mob, who were all intoxicated; they carried about the streets what they had taken from the inns, beer-houses, bakers shops, coffee-houses, confectioners, pastry cooks and sausage shops, all of which they entirely burnt. Every one they met was obliged to join them, and drink the health of the Tiers Etats.

"The governor's life was threatened, as also the prince of Mark Dupont, by his own regiment; he was obliged to fly with all his family, though very much effected. The damages done on this occasion are reckoned at about 100,000 livres. The regiment of Hessian Darmstadt was the most outrageous in this disturbance, and were obliged afterwards to leave the town, when order was established."

LONDON, September 5.

One plan of finance, which, it is said, Mr. Neckar intends to propose to the National Assembly, to answer the present exigencies of the state, is to issue paper money to the amount of one thousand millions of livres, or about £.47,000,000 sterling, to be first down, in certain proportions, to the different provinces.

Each province separately to be bound that its proportion of this money shall suffer no depreciation, which shall not be made good to the holders.

And the National Assembly, on the provinces collectively, to find pledges that this money shall

be brought up at the periods to be hereafter mentioned.

At the end of one year 50,000,000 of livres to be issued from the treasury, to pay off bills to that amount, the bills not to be issued again, but destroyed.

At the end of the second year a similar sum of 50,000,000 of livres to be issued for the same purpose, and so on, from year to year, until the whole of the paper money shall have been called in, and cancelled, which the nation should pledge itself to see done in the space of twenty years.

The great objection to this plan is, first that it is not to leave it at the option of individuals to take or refuse this paper money in payments; for part of the plan is, that it shall be penal in any one to refuse it.

The next is, that every plan is in its nature objectionable and dangerous which has a tendency to throw a great mass of wealth into a small number of hands.

NEW-YORK, October 30.

By a gentleman arrived yesterday from Georgia, we are informed, that the commissioners are on their way returning to this city. The same gentleman has been informed, that they have not been so very successful in their negotiations with the Indians as could have been wished. The *Red People* must be obliged to enter into peaceable treaties by some other means than the childish mode of making presents. We must make them fear us, otherwise our lives will be thrown away.

The generally received opinion in 1786 was, that the ruin of Georgia might have been ere this effected, had not Mr. McGillivray restrained the Indians from going beyond the boundaries of their own land. The territory, which was the original cause of dispute, was then effectually cleared of intruders; and had the Georgians wisely kept within their own limits, the horrors of war would have been at an end. It must however afford satisfaction to the citizens of the United States to hear that acts of cruelty hitherto characteristic of Indian warfare are in a great degree, if not altogether, discontinued. Prisoners are brought into the nation, among the Creeks, and treated with humanity.

CARLISLE, October 28.

At a meeting of a number of the inhabitants of the counties of Lancaster, York, Cumberland, Northumberland, Dauphin, Huntington and Mifflin, held at the house of Mr. Archibald McCallister, in Paxton township, Dauphin county, the 29th instant:—

On motion resolved, That it is of the utmost importance to the interest of the community at large, that the navigation of the river Susquehanna, as far south as Wright's Ferry and of Juniata, and of the other various streams running into the said rivers which are capable of being navigable, should be effected without delay.

On motion, resolved unanimously, That it is the sense of this meeting, that subscriptions should be forthwith raised and collected, for the purpose of clearing the navigation of the river Susquehanna as far south as Wright's Ferry, Juniata, and the streams aforesaid, and that the monies, merchandises, &c. subscribed, shall be appropriated for the purposes aforesaid.

AUGUSTA, October 10.

The honourable the executive council are expected to meet on Tuesday next, when we have authority to say, a proclamation will be issued, announcing the pacific understanding which lately took place at the Rock Landing between the honourable the commissioners and the chiefs of the Creek nation.

On Tuesday last the honourable the commissioners for Indian affairs set out from this place, by the middle route, for New-York.

A correspondent observes, that Mr. McGillivray's retreat from Rock Landing, and (if report says true) the Spanish ambassador's abrupt departure from New-York, are circumstances from which we may predict a continental war on our southern frontiers.

The governor has received a dispatch from colonel Howell, of Edingham county, announcing that depredations have been already committed by the Indians, since their departure from the Rock Landing, by taking four negroes and a horse from captain Bird, and three horses from Mr. Lofinger; and that a party had gone in pursuit.

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) October 22.

Extract of a letter from Augusta, dated October 15.

"The governor hath received information by an express who arrived on Tuesday from Washington county, that alarming depredations are committing by our savage foes: they have burnt Kemp's fort, and several houses, and give full scope to their natural barbarity, in exercising their usual cruelties.—Two families have been taken from Greene county, and carried into the Indian nation."

By a gentleman just arrived from Hispaniola we are informed, that advice had arrived there of eight sail of British men of war having captured nine sail of French merchantmen, and carrying them into Jamaica. The cause of the above hostilities he could not learn.

October 24. It is reported, that the emperor of Morocco lately sent a vessel to Madeira, with information to Mr. Clarke, our charge des affaires at that place, of his intention in the course of this winter to dispatch four vessels to America, for the purpose of trading. This step is taken to prevent any alarm by the appearance of vessels on our coast, which being built in the Turkish fashion, might be supposed to belong to our enemies the Algerines, instead of our ally the emperor of Morocco.

A letter from the governor of North-Carolina to a gentleman in this city, mentions, that from the returns he had received of the elections for members of the convention, the friends of the union might entertain the most flattering hopes of that state's soon adopting the constitution.

EDENTON, November 5.

From the Providence Gazette, of October 5.

Thursday the brig Hope, captain Benjamin Page, arrived here from Petersburg, last from Copenhagen, in 50 days. On his passage from Petersburg, on the 18th of July, he passed through the Russian fleet, consisting of 26 sail of the line, and five frigates, which met that of Sweden, consisting of 24 sail of the line, and nine frigates of 40 guns, on the 24th. An action ensued, which lasted six hours and an half, when the Russian fleet bore away; the Swedes came to an anchor till next morning, to repair their damages, and then went in quest of them; the Russians were joined by 14 sail of the line that had wintered in Denmark, after which the Swedish fleet went into Carlscroon.—The Swedish army that had laid siege to Fredericksburg, in Russian Finland, carried the place by assault, on the 24th of July.

Annapolis, Nov. 19.

On Monday last the general assembly proceeded to the choice of a governor of this state, when the honourable John Eager Howard, Esquire, was unanimously re-elected.

John Kilty, James Brice, John Davidson, William Hindman and Randolph Brands Latimer, Esquires, were, the day following, chosen members of the honourable council.

TO BE SOLD,

On Friday, the 27th of this instant, November, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the house of WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, in the city of Annapolis,

ABOUT thirty likely country-born NEGRO SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, among whom is a valuable Blacksmith. They will be sold on a credit of two years, upon giving bond with approved security.

DAVID STEWART, late Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

November 14, 1789.

THE sales of the lands, which I advertised, are postponed.—I shall attend on the days appointed, in order to dispose of the personal property, except in Charles county, where I shall attend, for that purpose, on the first of December.

W. KILTY.

BY THE COMMITTEE OF CLAIMS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the committee of claims will sit every day during the present session from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order, ARCHIBALD GOLDER, Clk.

Port-Tobacco, November 12, 1789.

ALL those who are indebted to the subscriber, and against whom accounts have arisen before the first of April, 1788, are desired to make payment without delay.—To render this the more convenient, good wheat, corn and pork, at the market price, or credit in any store in Port-Tobacco, will be taken. The subscriber intreats that due attention may be paid to this information, for no further indulgence will be given.

G. R. BROWN.

APPLE-TREES.

I HAVE for SALE, near London-town, several hundred young APPLE-TREES of the best kind of fruit, for cider or keeping in the winter.

MORDECAI STEWART.

Nov. 18, 1789.

THE subscribers give this public notice, that they intend to petition the assembly, during their present session, for the restoration of a tract of LAND situate in Frederick county, called BLACK ACRE, formerly the property of William Black, Esquire, of London, merchant, which the subscribers consider themselves entitled to, as heir of the said William Black, and which land has been sold, as the subscribers apprehend, improperly, by the late intendant of the revenue.

STEPHEN WEST and WIFE.

Anne-Arundel county, November 18, 1789.

STOLEN, on the 4th instant, from the subscriber, a living near Rawlings's Tavern, on West River, a small bay MARE, about thirteen hands and an half high, nine years old, paces, trots and gallops, she had a saddle horn on her left side when she was taken away. Whoever takes up said mare, and brings her home to the subscriber, shall receive one guinea reward, paid by PHILIP PINDELL.

Sundry likely NEGROES, single, and in Families, to be SOLD, on CREDIT, or exchanged for LAND.

THE subscriber, having not as yet disposed of the whole of the NEGROES he advertised last winter, now gives notice, that he proposes to offer them at PRIVATE SALE, to commence at this place on Tuesday the 29th of December next. Good bonds for either cash or tobacco, ready money, at a proper discount, or good land in Charles, Prince-George's or Montgomery county, will be received in payment for them.

G. B. CAUSIN.

Causin Esq., Charles county, Oct. 27, 1789.

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FOUR hundred
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November 5.
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 Captain Benjamin Page,
 from Copenhagen,
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 the Russian fleet, con-
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 and an half, when the
 came to an anchor
 their damages, and then
 officers were joined by
 in Denmark, after
 into Carlisle. The
 to Frederickham, in
 place by assault, on the

Nov. 19.
 assembly proceeded to
 this state, when the
 Esquire, was unani-
 John Davidson, William
 and Latimer, Esquires,
 members of the ho-

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 15th day of Decem-
 ber next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at my
 dwelling house, on the Head of South river, with-
 in eight miles of Annapolis, and within twenty-five
 miles of Baltimore-town,
 FOUR hundred acres of valuable LAND, under
 good fence, a part of the plantation whereon I
 now live, called GAITHER'S COLLECTION, va-
 luable either for planting, farming or grazing, and is
 much better watered and timbered than any other land
 in the settlement, lying between the two main branches
 of South river, on each of which are good mill-seats,
 and also a very large quantity of excellent meadow
 land, a great part of which is cleared and in good or-
 der, and much more may be cleared and fenced with
 ease and convenience; this plantation is also bounding
 on the Head of South river, from whence small craft
 may be easily conveyed to navigable water. An indis-
 putable title will be given on the following terms be-
 ing complied with.
 EDWARD GAITHER, Son of EDWARD.
 The above land being under mortgage for my use
 and benefit, I agree to the sale of the same lands on
 the terms following, viz. One third to be paid in
 hand, and for the remaining two thirds bond with good
 security, and three years credit.
 November 2, 1789. **J. HALL.**

Annapolis, November 11, 1789.
 Will be disposed of at PUBLIC SALE, by the sub-
 scriber, on the 1st of December next,
 THE LEASE of HILL'S DELIGHT, whereon
 RALPH FORSTER, deceased, lately dwelt; al-
 so several WORK HORSES, OXEN, PLANTA-
 TION UTENSILS, the CROP of CORN, TO-
 MACCO, FODDER, &c. &c.
 G. DIGGES, Administrator.
 N. B. Any person inclinable to treat for the above
 plantation previous to the day of sale may apply to the
 subscriber at George Mann's.

Piscataway, November 11, 1789.
 By virtue of a deed of trust to me made by WILLIAM
 JENKINS, the following real and personal property
 will be offered for SALE, at Piscataway, on the 7th
 day of December next, to wit:
 ONE tract of land called OXMON-TOWN, con-
 taining 51 acres, one other tract called STRIFE,
 containing 87 acres, one other tract called MAIDEN
 RADLEY, containing 120 acres. The above three
 tracts lay adjoining each other, and within three miles
 of Piscataway, eight acres of land adjoining Piscata-
 way, and two lots, with the improvements thereon,
 lying in said town, ten HORSES, fourteen head of
 BLACK CATTLE, thirty-eight HOGS and two
 HATHEN BEDS. Credit will be given for twelve
 months on the purchaser giving bond with security.
 HENRY HARDY, Trustee.

Annapolis, November 11, 1789.
 By virtue of a DEED of TRUST, from captain ALEX-
 ANDER TRUAMAN to the subscriber, will be SOLD,
 at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 28th instant,
 the following PROPERTY, that is to say:
 THAT valuable and well situated LOT and IM-
 PROVEMENTS in this city, lately occupied
 by Mr. THOMAS PRICE, and where Mr. WILLIAM
 RYNOLDS formerly lived. This lot, and the im-
 provevements, with its advantageous situation, are too
 generally known to need a particular description.
 Also a TRACT of fertile and valuable LAND,
 being part of MONOCACY MANOR, in Frederick
 county, containing about one hundred and thirty-three
 acres.

Also FOUR LOTS of LAND, containing fifty
 acres each, all adjoining, to the westward of Fort
 Cumberland, in Washington county.
 Also the INTEREST of captain TRUAMAN in the
 LOT whereon the THEATRE stands, and one other
 LOT where Mrs. CLARKE lately lived.
 Also a TRACT of LAND, in Bedford county, in
 Virginia, situate near James River, containing nearly
 100 hundred acres.
 The sale to be at the house first above-mentioned,
 and on CREDIT, the extent of which will be made
 known on the day of sale. SPECIES CERTIFICATES
 and FINALS will be received at a rate to be agreed on.
 G. DUVAL.

September 3, 1789.
 SUNDRY inhabitants of Charles-town, Charles
 county, will petition the general assembly of Mary-
 land, at their next session, for an act to lay out said
 town, and to ascertain the lots and boundaries thereof,
 and particularly to open the street on the east side of lot
 number four, on the town plot, bounding on the west,
 where the lot on said plot, now in the possession of Charles
 Mankin.

Worcester county, Maryland, Sept. 3, 1789.
 PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the subscriber
 intends to prefer a petition to the next general
 assembly, to pass a law to make valid two deeds of con-
 veyance for a lot of ground in Snow-Hill-town, the
 one from John Martin's trustees to Matthew or John
 Outten, and the other from Abraham Outten to Smith
 Bishop.
 HANNAH BISHOP.

Montgomery county, September 4, 1789.
 THIS is to inform the public, that the inhabitants
 of the aforesaid county intend to apply to the
 next general assembly, for a main road from Luckett's
 and David's Ferry through the neighbourhoods of Mor-
 ton's and Sinning's Mills, as may be thought most ad-
 vantageous to the public.

To BE SOLD,

On a liberal credit, on Monday the 7th of December
 next, at PUBLIC VENDUE, if not sooner dis-
 posed of at PRIVATE SALE, in which case due no-
 tice will be given,
 A VALUABLE SEAT, containing upwards of
 400 acres of LAND, pleasantly situated on Za-
 chia Swamp, five miles from Port-Tobacco; there are
 on the premises a good DWELLING-HOUSE, a
 large BARN, with a good floor (for treading of wheat)
 and other CONVENIENT HOUSES. The situa-
 tion is beautiful and healthy. This land has been af-
 fessed as high as the first rate land in said county.
 There is a great proportion of bottom, which produced
 excellent corn, timothy, &c. This land has a great
 quantity of wood, board timber, and other timber.
 Possession will be given to the purchaser on complying
 with the terms of sale, which may be known by ap-
 plying to the subscriber, living on the premises.
 JOHN HANSON, jun.
 Charles county, August 15, 1789.

April 14, 1789.
 PUBLIC notice is hereby given to galwhom it may
 concern, that the subscriber intends to prefer a
 petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to
 invest him with the fee-simple of part of a tract of
 LAND called SMITH'S FIRST CHOICE, which a
 certain William Schoolfield conveyed to Turbutt
 Wright, a minor, son of the subscriber. w8
 JOHN WRIGHT.

Prince-George's county, September 14, 1789.
 NOTICE is hereby given, that application will
 be made to the next general assembly, for a law to
 authorise the justices of Prince-George's county to
 levy a further tax on the inhabitants thereof, for the
 purpose of erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch,
 near the town of Bladenburg. w
 7

NOTICE is hereby given, that several of the in-
 habitants of Charles and Saint-Mary's counties
 intend to petition the general assembly, at their next
 meeting, to pass a law to change the road leading from
 Allen's-Fresh to Newport, in Charles county. w8

Anne-Arundel county, September 1, 1789.
 WHEREAS sundry persons, for which the sub-
 scriber was liable to pay debts to a large
 amount, as well several others his debtors in large sums,
 have availed themselves of the late insolvent act, where-
 by the burthen hath become very grievous on him;
 and being desirous to do equal justice as far as in his
 power—having made a deed of trust of all his prop-
 erty, real, personal and mixed, for the purpose of dis-
 charging the claims against him, and if, after the full
 and just application of the same, it should prove insuf-
 ficient—Application will be made to the next general
 assembly of Maryland, to exonerate him therefrom,
 and to liberate his person from confinement.
 SAMUEL GODMAN.

October 5, 1789.
 NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
 offered to the next general assembly by MARY
 MAGRUDER, wife of Nathaniel Jones Magruder,
 for an act to pass in her favour, so as to secure to her
 use sundry negroes, devised to her by the last will and
 testament of her deceased father, John Bellingsby,
 during life, in order to prevent her said husband from
 depriving her of the use of said negroes during her
 life.
 MARY MAGRUDER.

September 3, 1789.
 PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the VISI-
 TORS of EDEN SCHOOL, in Somerset coun-
 ty, intend to prefer a petition to the next general as-
 sembly, to pass a law to enable them to sell the said
 school-house and the lands belonging thereto, and to
 purchase lands and build a school in Worcester county,
 to be instituted on the same plan as Eden school afore-
 said.
 PHILIP QUINTON,
 WILLIAM PURNELL,
 JOHN DONE,
 PETER CHAILLIE,
 ISAAC HOUSTON,
 JOSHUA TOWNSEND,
 GEORGE DASHIELL,
 WILLIAM HANDY.

September 22, 1789.
 NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
 preferred to the next general assembly of Mary-
 land to appoint a trustee to sell and dispose of the lands
 on which BENTON HARRIS, late of Worcester
 county, deceased, lived, and to apply the money arising
 from such sale to the uses and purposes in his will di-
 rected.
 JOHN PURKINS,
 REBECCA COSTEN,
 JOHN SMITH,
 JOHN HAYMAN,
 JOHN RIGGAN.

August 7, 1789.
 ON the application of the trustees of THOMAS
 GRAHAME, the seventh of January next is li-
 mited and appointed by the chancellor for the creditors
 of the said Thomas Grahame to bring in and declare
 their respective claims to the said trustees, that the
 same may be on that day liquidated and adjusted.
 Due notice hereof to be published in Mr. Green's and
 Mr. Goddard's news-papers.
 SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
 Reg. Cur. Cas.

C A S H,

For Continental Loan Office,
 Depreciation, or Final Set-
 tlement Certificates and Indents.
 Such as want Depreciation or
 other Certificates to pay for Prop-
 erty purchased of the State, may
 be supplied at any time, and
 with any particular Amount
 wanted, for Cash, by
 James Williams.

For SALE or RENT,
 A Quantity of Land in Pas-
 tents, from 250 to 1000 Acres,
 situate in Bottletourt and Monongahela
 Counties, Virginia, will
 be sold very low for Cash, Pro-
 duce, any kind of Certificates or
 Indents, good Bonds, Land, or
 other Property in the State of
 Maryland. For Terms apply
 to J. W.

The subscriber has just received a small collection of
 BOOKS and STATIONARY,

- Among which are the following:
- | | |
|--|---|
| HUTCHISON'S Phi-
losophy,
Paley's Moral Philosophy,
Nicholson's Natural do.
Gutherie's Geographical
Grammar,
Ferguson's Astronomy,
Philosophical Dictionary,
Simson's Euclid,
Junius's Letters,
New Edinburgh Dispen-
satory,
Dickson's Agriculture,
Smith's Wealth of Nations,
Watson's Phillip 2d & 3d,
Towers's King of Prussia,
Spirit of Laws,
Jefferson's Notes,
Smellie's Tables,
Federalist,
Hume's Essays,
Gurney's Brachygraphy,
Burket on N. Testament,
Price's Sermons,
Beattie's Evidences,
Poems,
Young's Night Thoughts,
The Messiah,
Buchan's Dom. Medicine,
Gibson's Surveying,
Moore's Navigation,
Seaman's Daily Assistant,
Siege of Gibraltar,
Watts's Logic,
Westley's Hymns,
Rowe's Exercises of the
Heart,
The Lounger,
Maire's Book-keeping,
Fisher's Arithmetic,
Companion,
Baron Trenck,
Brown's Concordance,
Free Mason's Songs. | Hervey's Meditations,
Young Clark's Magazine,
Conductor Generalist,
Pocket Farrier,
Thomson's Seasons,
Task, &c.
Moore's Fables,
The Ship-wreck,
Esop's Fables,
Burn's Scottish Poems,
Collin and Hammond's
Elegies,
Percival's Moral Tales,
Power of Sympathy,
Sheridan's Dictionary,
Fenning's ditto,
Johnson's ditto,
Baily's ditto,
Amiworth's Latin ditto,
Entick's ditto,
Young's ditto,
Cesar Delphini,
Ovid ditto,
Horace ditto,
Justin ditto,
Virgil ditto,
Schrevelii Lexicon,
Selectæ & Profanis,
Clark's Introduction,
Castallo's Dialogues,
Thick Post Paper,
Thin do. do.
Foolscap do.
Blue Demy do.
Blue Crown do.
Blank Books,
Playing Cards,
Spelling Books,
Testaments,
Bibles,
Wafers,
Wax,
Pencils, &c. |
|--|---|
- The above Books and Stationary will be sold Cheap
 for Cash, by
 STEPHEN CLARK.

Fisheries on Patowmack.
 THREE VALUABLE SHAD and HERRING
 LANDINGS to be rented for the season, or
 leased for a term of time. These landings are adjoining
 each other, have a large extent of shore, have been
 long noted for the quantity of fish taken at them, and
 command many advantages which are almost peculiar
 to them alone, viz. good houses for curing of fish, a
 smooth and clear shore, and are resorted to by nume-
 rous customers by land and water. The terms may be
 known on application to the subscriber, living on the
 spot.
 RICHARD BRANDT.
 Patowmack Neck, Charles county,
 November 3, 1789.

SOLD,

instant, November, if
 ay, at the house of Wil-
 city of Annapolis,
 country-born NEGRO
 of Men, Women, Boys
 a valuable Blacksmith,
 of two years, upon giving

W. KILTY.

SEE OF CLAIMS.

en, that the committee of
 ay during the present fe-
 morning until three in-

ALD GOLDER, Clk.

November 12, 1789.
 indebted to the subscriber,
 accounts have arisen before
 desired to make payment
 this the more convenient,
 at the market price, or
 Tobacco, will be taken.
 due attention may be paid
 further indulgence will be

G. R. BROWN.

TREES.

near London-town, several
 E-TREES of the best kind
 in the winter.

DECAI STEWART.

this public notice, that they
 the assembly, during their
 session of a tract of LAND
 y, called BLACK ACRE,
 William Black, Esquire, of
 the subscribers consider
 heir of the said William
 been sold, as the subscribers
 the late intendand of the

EN WEST and WIFE.

November 18, 1789.
 instant, from the subscriber,
 Tavern, on West River, a
 thirteen hands and an half
 s, trots and gallops, she had
 when she was taken away.
 care, and brings her home to
 ve one guinea reward, paid
 PHILIP FINDELL.

NEGROES, single,

or exchanged for

ing not as yet disposed of the
 NEGROES he advertised last
 that he proposes to offer
 to commence at this place on
 December next. Good bonds
 ready money, at a proper
 in Charles, Prince-George's
 will be received in payment

G. B. CAUSIN.
 county, Oct. 21, 1789.

Prince-George's county, November 10, 1789. To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, by orders from the Commissioners of the Tax of Prince-George's county, on the days and places following, if fair, if not, the next fair day, (Sundays excepted.)

THE REAL PROPERTY herein specified, being taken in execution for arrears of taxes due from the several persons whose names are respectively annexed, to the late Thomas Williams, former collector of Prince-George's county, for the years 1780, 1781, and 1782. These lands will be laid off in any manner that shall best suit the purchasers. No consideration, short of the payment, will prevent the sale, at some price or other, and all interested are hereby cautioned.

RINALDO JOHNSON.

NEW-SCOTLAND HUNDRED.

Part of Pleasant Spring 100 acres, Joshua Lackland. Part of Crauford's Adventure 50, William McLean. Part of Mary's Choice 61½, Ignatius Price. Beaver-Dam Neck 250, Samuel Peach. Part of Glover's Hall 75, Alice Trig.

O X E N.

Btreche's Venture 100 acres, Edward Burch. Discovery 60, Jesse Barch. Strife Cool-Springs 93½, John Fendall Beall's heirs. Part of Geeseborough Manor 100, Thomas Bayne, Part of Geeseborough Manor, 100, Thomas Bayne, jun. Part of Aaron 50, Henry Bardey. Prevention 92, Elizabeth Carroll. Bartheba 74, Part of Hudson's Range 166, Part of White Lackeritone 100, Part of William and Anne 81, total 421, Peter Carnes. Hamilton's Adventure, Ferguson's Gain, Addition to Ferguson's Gain, 315, John Ferguson. Part of Geeseborough 100, John Garrick. Part of Conclusion 50, Charity Glass. Fortune Enlarged 560, Elizabeth Scott. Part of Hamilton's Adventure, Part of Wood's Purchase, 24, Joseph Wilton, jun. Dann 126, Joseph Wilton, of Lancaster.

COLLINGTON AND PATUXENT.

Lundee 100 acres, Sarah Frasier. Colberth Lot 23, Zachariah Jones. Part of Ample Grange 75, Part of Bachelor's Choice, House's Discovery, Part of James and Mary, Part of William's Beginning, 773, John Wells. Part of Strife and Part of Layford 90, Peter Maclocklan. Part of St. Andrew 100, Benjamin Baker's heirs. Part of Riley's Discovery 80, William Lemar. Part of Beall's Hunting Quarter 100, Robert Perry. Part of Darnall's Grove 105, William Tyler. Darnall's Grove 460, Edward Hall, of Henry.

WESTERN BRANCH.

Pleasant-Spring Enlarged 100 acres, Jacob Sampson.

UPPER-MARLBOROUGH.

Half a Lot, No. —, William Sprigg Bowie. One Lot, No. —, Henry King. One Lot, No. —, Hugh Lyon. Half a Lot, No. —, Thomas Magruder. One Lot, No. —, Thomas Sprigg, (W. River). One Lot, No. —, William Urquhart. One Lot, No. —, Jane Urquhart. Half a Lot, No. —, James Ritchie. No. —, Assembly-Room Proprietors.

CHARLOTTE.

Part of Greenland 211 acres, Edward Clagett. Part of Beall's Chance 482, William Keadle. Brooke Hill 58, Frank Piles. Part of Vale of Benjamin 339, John Clapham Sprigg. Part of Beane's Landing 60, Lingan Wilton.

MOUNT-CALVERT.

Part of Harry's Lot 100 acres, Charles Boteler. Part of Harry's Lot 100, Henry Boteler. Part of Pinch-Forks, Alina-Craft, 120, Samuel Chew. Part of Brookfield Wedge and Cross Cloth 180, John Eversfield, jun. Part of Mount Calvert Manor 226½, Thomas Hamilton. Part of Leith 208, Kaughm Selby. Part of Leith 90, John Smith Selby. Part of Leith 10, Hezekiah Orme. Part of Mount Calvert Manor 100, John Orme.

G R U B B.

Part of Vineyard 100 acres, 2700 Lots in Nottingham, Lucy Estep. Part of Beall's Pasture 400, Richard Lee.

MATTAPONY.

Lawson's Lot 100 acres, John Badon, of Robert. Part of Hargrave, Part of the Gore, 234, Thomas Badon. Part of Londonderry 178, Mary Boteler. Part of Brookfield 322, Dr. Richard Brooke. Part of Brookfield 172, Isaac Brooke. Part of Mansfield 175, Thomas Smith Cox. Part of Twiver, Orchard, Good-Luck and Little Worth, 161, Mary Dorsett. One Lot in Nottingham, improved, William Jackson. Two Lots in Nottingham, John Dorsett. Part of Wood Bridge 100, Elias Fields. Part of Brooke's Chance 365, Clement Gardiner. Part of Twiver 100, John Harrison. Part of Brookfield 225, Clement Hollyday. Part of Widow's Trouble 100, John Lawson Naylor.

ROCK-CREEK.

Part of Widow's Mile 248 acres, John and Clement Bidde. Part of Vineyard and Bowling-Green 104, Part of Beall's Level, 100, Jimima Burns. Part of Port-Royal 150, Joseph Coombs. Part of Bardados 200, William Cook. Part of Howard 50, Robert Douglas. Part of Evening 200, Part of Allison's Bonnet 200, Edward Willers Marbin. Part of Port-Royal 200, Thomas Beane. Part of Hog-Pen Enlarged, Part of Edwin's Littleworth, 180, Walter Evans. Part of Haddock's Hills 200, William Muddock. Part of Gleaming 240, John McClean. Part of Hospital 50, William Pearce. Part of Beall's Indifference 200, Walter Bacon. Part of Hospital 200, Interially Biddy. Tubbs's Imporement 100, Mount Pleasant 100, Edward Turner. Belt's Chance 85, Thomas Tilley. Part of Beall's Indifference 210, Captain Jonathan Wight.

BLADENBURG.

Half of Lot No. 1, in Bladenburg, John Francis. Part of Lot No. 11, ditto, Balfer Hillcrag. Part of Lot No. 12, ditto, Edmund Hogan. Part of Lot No. 3, ditto, William Malters. Part of Discovery 52 acres, William Malters, Oxen Land. Half an acre of Land in Bladenburg, John Elias Martin.

EASTERN BRANCH.

Part of Ralpho 100 acres, Francis Balmear. Part of Flag Bottom 300, Thomas Beall, of William. Part of Timber Bottom, Red House, Addition to God-Father's Gift, Part of Father's Stamp, 244½, Andrew Beall, and Andrew Beall, jun. Part of James and Mary Plummer's Jack, Worle Than Nothing, 225, James Greenwell. Part of Miller's Beginning 462, Joseph Hews. Part of Winterfel's Range 221½, Margaret Jones. Danby 93½, Thomas King. Part of Deakins's Hall, Plummer's Island, Joseph and Mary, and God-Father's Gift, 221½, Basil Lucas. Part of William and Elizabeth Mullican's Beginning 131, William Mullican. Poor Stoney Hill 60, Jonathan Nixon. Part of Edmeriton's Range 80, John H. Orme. Part of James and Mary, Part of Greenland, Part of Adventure, 93, Van Simmons. Part of Ralpho 122, Richard Wheeler. Part of Bachelor's Choice, Part of Flag Bottom, 102½, George Wilton. Welch's Discovery 160, Henry Welch. Part of Maiden's Fancy 194, William Waters. Stoney Field 200, James Young, Baltimore.

H O R S P E N.

Horton's Range 100 acres, John Atwell. Part of Beck's Addition 35, Sarah Beck. Part of Moore's Industry, Part of Carrick's Industry, 180, Mareen Carrick. Charles Abraham's Luck 113, Abraham Clarke. Iiams's Choice 100, Clark's Fancy 150, Mary Clarke. Part of Pleasant Grove 50, James Duwall. Freeland's Adventure 297, Francis Freeland. Part of Carrick's Industry 150, William Hardy. Part of Littleworth 66½, Sarah Hews. Part of Evans's Range 166, Benjamin Jacobs. Part of Friendship 105, Richard Jones. Bacon Hall 100, Henry Onion. Part of Beck's Addition 223, William Perkins. Arthur's Seat Enlarged 230, Thomas Rutland. Part of Darnal's Grove 75, Elizabeth Tyler. Part of Addition to Brashear's Pocolon 274, John Turner. Part of Cherry Walk 78, Samuel Waters.

WASHINGTON.

Part of Exchange 140 acres, Part of ditto 100, a Mill Seat 12,—252, John Badon, of Thomas. Part of Mazonoon 36 dower, ———. Part of Naylor's Range 101½, ———. Part of Cool Spring Addition Enlarged 77½, Part of the Forest of Shire-Wood 220½,—306½, ———. Right of Dower 400, Anne Cooke right of dower. Part of Saffar's Green 41½, Hog-Pens 351,—392½, John Campbell. Part of Davis's Range 55, Part of Naylor's Range 24,—79, William Davis. Part of Davis's Range 25, Part of The Forest 122,—147, Elizabeth Davis. Cool Spring 90, Part of Cool Spring Addition Enlarged 35, Part of Forest of Sheerwood 37½, Part of The Forest 106,—368½, Naylor Davis. Part of Addition, Part of ———, 391½, ———. Part of Anchovies Hills 234, ———. Part of Archer's Pasture and Retaliation 600, Justis Hawkins. Gordon's Pasture 110½ acres, Mary Gordon. Hamilton's Purchase 340, John Hamilton. Part of Turrell-Bowling Green Enlarged 177, ———. Part of the Forest of Fancy and Funta Dium Aureolum 92, ———. Part of Rencher's Adventure 50, Francis Moberly. Coxhays Enlarged 228, Taylorton 51, Taylor's Marsh 21, Taylorton 111, total 411, Alexander Howard Magruder. Part of Taylorton and Part of Archer's Pasture 108, Taylor's Pasture 32, total 140, ———. Part of Taylorton 100, Samuel Orme. Part of Taylorton 86, ———. Good Luck 108, Dunbart 100, Trent 225, Haddington 150, total 583, ———. Ferra Excellabilis Enlarged 415, James Had. Warring. Part of Freeman's Hills 10, Part of Mazonoon and Addition 12½, Gore 35, total 168, Leonard Warring.

PISCATAWAY.

Part of Swan Harbour 172, Part of Batchelor 420, total 592 acres, John Addison Smith's heirs. Part of Linley's Discovery 77, Mertake 185, total 262, William Bryan. Part of Caltee's Frolick Enlarged 81, Catharine Caltee. London Pleasure 78, Addition 6, total 84, ———. Maiden Bradley 105, John Clarvoe, sen. Dickerson's Parke 90, Alexander M'Daniel. Part of Lanham's Folly 80, Daniel Frazier. Part of Lordships Manor Rever. in B. Calvert 100, Jonas Galwith. Part of Stoney Hill 180, John Harris Gibbs. Part of Radford's Chance 284, Henry Humphrey. Part of Lordship's Kindness Rever. in B. Calvert 150, Henry Hardey, sen. Part of Oxmon Farm 210, Addition 27, total 237, Edward Jenkins. Part of Rich Hill 80, Part of Thompson's Rest 54, total 134, Philip Jones. Part of Child's Portion 27, Benjamin Moore, deceased. Part of Two Johns 70, Joseph Simpson. Part of Refuse 150, Nathaniel Wilton. Addition and Part of Dorman's Folly 98, John Walker. Part of Dorman's Folly 75, Henry Walker. Part of Addition 68, Coxen's Chance and Addition 100, total 168, Levin Wilcoxon.

KING-GEORGE'S.

Part of Margaret Overton 63½ acres, James Adams. Part of Piscataway Manor 175, John Bowling. Glee's Delight and Part of Strife 230, Sarah Cole. Part of Aze 109½, Benjamin Cawood, jun. Northwest Chance 100, Samuel Cowe. Part of Cold Snowy Folly 24, Nicholas Davis. Part of Edge Hog-Pen 200, Thomas Dyer. Part of Queen's Forest 33, Anne Downs, Dower. Reversion of Part of Queen's Forest 67, George Ellis. Part of Piscataway Manor 150, John Hamilton. Natchez 136, George Em-

merion. ———. John Emmerion. Ford's Delight Enlarged, Part of Chance and Venture 284, ———. Reversion in Mrs. Gant's Dower 116, George Gant's heirs. Part of a Mill and Lots in Piscataway affixed at £. 375, Thomas Hardey. Half of a Mill and Sundry Lots of Land in Piscataway 30½, affixed at £. 750, George Hardy, Jeffreyman 370, Elizabeth Hillon. Exeter 157, John Holley. Part of Lamiter 64, Addition to Webster's Quarter 137, Webster's Quarter 200, total 337, Thomas Hamilton. Marry's Hope 22½, Sarah Jernam. Pinnor 200, Benjamin Jamelton. Providence 130, John Keitch. Part of Little Troy and Carrull's Kindness 130, James King. Marlowe's Chance 75, Abel Marlowe. Thomas and Sarah 132, Sarah Mudd. Part of Sanquait 175, Elizabeth Parker. Eglinton 400, Basil Spalding. Wynn's East and West Addition to Little Worth 143, Part of Indian Fields 100, Part of Gardner's Meadows 25, Wynn's Chance Re-surveyed 103, Edelen's Hog-Pen 100, John Wynn, sen. Part of Indian-Fields 67, William Wynn. Part of Piscataway Manor 50, John Wynn, Enock Magruder and John Baynes. Part of Ridge Right of Dower 60, Robert Wade, 3d.

H Y N S O N.

Fry's Friend's Goodwill North of the Wh. Miffin, or Part of Holly Spring 196, Christopher Arnold. Part of Head-Ach and Part of Holly Spring 238, Bartholomew Jenkins. Hurley's Lot 56, John King. Burbidge 134, John Lowe, jun. Bachelor's Hop-to-Dreeparke, Bachelor's Chance to Deer-parke Mill Dam, 376, Thomas Wilcoxon, jun.

P. FREDERICK.

Part of Taylor's Boat 210 acres, Catharine B'wees. Part of P. par-Hill 72½, Anne Brightwell. Aaron's Reprieve 70, John Curr. Cant's Chance 100, Elizabeth Eastwo d. Good Will 85, William Leigh. Brightwell's Rainge 100, George Naylor, son to Swanky. Woodborough and Stain Land 194½, ———. Dove's Nest and Dove's Perch 50, Paul Rawlings. Cole Brook, Watson's Forrest, 127, ———. Cole Brook, Watson's Forrest and Woodborough, 216, William Watson, sen. Watson's Luck 70, Running-Away 50, Cole Brook 17,—137, William Watson, jun. ———. Samuel ———.

On the 14th of December next, at Bladensburg, the property in Rock-Creek, Eastern Branch, Horspen, Oxen, Bladensburg and New-Scotland, Hundreds.

On the 16th of December, at Upper-Marlborough, the property in Patuxent, Western Branch, Collington, Charlotte and Town of Upper-Marlborough, Hundreds.

On the 18th of December, at Piscataway, the property in Grubb, King-George, Piscataway and Hynson, Hundreds.

On the 21st of December, at Nottingham, the property in Mount Calvert, Mattapony, Washington and Prince-Frederick, Hundreds.

Chester-town, October 1, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to pass an act to liberate him from confinement for debt in Kent county jail. w5
JOSIAH JOHNSON.

September 29, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, for an act to exonerate him from part of the purchase money of a lot of land in Monocacy Manor, purchased by a certain William Pendergast.

BERIAH MAYBURY.

September 9, 1789.

THE subscriber, WIDOW of GASSAWAY WATKINS, ONE of the SECURITIES for Captain THOMAS HARWOOD, FORMER COLLECTOR of the TAX for ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, intends to PETITION the NEXT GENERAL ASSEMBLY for RELIEF. 8 w
DINAH WATKINS.

Dorchester county, September 12, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland to pass a law to aid the execution of the last will and testament of his father JOHN HICKS TRAVERSE, late of Dorchester county, deceased, agreeable to the intention of said testator. w8
HENRY TRAVERSE.

September 9, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of this state, for a public warehouse for the inspection of tobacco at Trace's Landing, on Herring Creek.

September 2, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly, at their next session, by the subscriber, to confirm his title to two lots of ground, lying in the town of Upper-Marlborough, formerly purchased by Judson Goddard, deceased, of the commissioners appointed to sell British property. 8 w
RICHARD BURGESS.

September 2, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Washington county mean to petition the next general assembly for the division of said county; also, for prolonging the time of payment for the settlers lands to the westward of Cumberland. 8 w

ANNAPOLIS.
PRINTED by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1789.

L O N D O N, September 1.

AS an auctioneer was lately selling some china and other articles in an old house in Plymouth, just as he was knocking down the busts of Shakespeare and Milton, and was solicitous to have them bought, saying, "I will not stand upon it—'tis a pretty article, Gemmen—A-going, a-going, a-going"—Just as he had pronounced—*Gone*—the beams gave way, the house fell in, and Shakespeare, Milton, the china, the auctioneer, and a large company tumbled into an abyss of a beer cellar. Much scrambling ensued, not a little fainting and pulling of caps; but, after a great deal of trouble and fatigue, the whole company got up, with only a few broken noses and scratches, except poor Shakespeare and Milton, who both lost their heads in the affray.

A letter from Rotterdam advises, that notwithstanding the rigorous coercion of the press throughout Brabant, printed papers are almost daily circulated at Brussels, of the most inflammatory nature; one of them, published, conjures the Burgers to follow the example set them by the people of France, and by one united effort destroy the fabric of arbitrary power and tyrannical dominion, which, if they neglect the present opportunity to effect, they mult, in the eyes of all Europe, be considered as degenerate descendants of their brave Belgic ancestors. Government has offered a reward of 10,000 guilders for discovery of the author or printer of this paper.

Sept. 3. The Poles seem determined to recover their independence; and petitions from all parts have been presented to the diet, requesting the immediate formation of an army of 100,000 men, as the most probable means of effecting this desirable object. The diet is now employed in deliberating on this important point.

The first article of the new form of the constitution, proposed by M. Mounier, is as follows:

"The French government is a monarchical government. There is no authority in France superior to the law. The king only reigns through it, and when it does not command in the name of the law, he cannot command obedience."

The history of the decline of the Roman empire is not read at court, though it stands in the royal library, ornamented in superb binding. The introduction of indecent and profane passages, has given offence to an illustrious lady—and indeed, it must be confessed, there are several, both in the learned languages and in the English, which a delicate man could not read in the hearing of a modest woman.

Father O'Leary, the celebrated Irish Roman catholic priest—he who told a bishop, who ridiculed *purgatory*—"Your lordship may go farther and fare worse"—is preparing a criticism on the above work, so far as it relates to the conduct of the church.

America is making ample strides, and the appointment of Mr. WASHINGTON to the office of Chief Magistrate, was a measure the most conducive to that end. Her empire, in course of time, must be great and respectable indeed!

Her sea coasts are two thousand miles in extent, with bays and rivers, like seas, to ten times that extent—with many great harbours, and other places of security for great ships, in the middle and northern provinces—with vast fisheries in those bays and rivers on the sea coasts, and access to still greater to the north, to the south, and to the east, of their dominions—with seas, except in one or two places, open all the year round to give continual employment to the seamen, and with no enemies near those states to control them.

Spillages are now so common that nobody regards them—they are, nevertheless, very useful when there is a defect of proof—"I cannot prove it," says Spatter in the play, "but I will swear it."

Lord Mansfield acted with much propriety, when a few, not worth six-pence, was about to be bail for one of his brethren—"Are you worth one hundred pounds?"—"Yes, my lord, I will swear it."—"I know you will," answered lord Mansfield, "but I won't let you," and dismissed him.

A few days ago, as one Redmond was passing by a room, in Capel-street, Dublin, a person called him, requesting him to walk in and take share of a glass, which Redmond refused, supposing him to be a rascal, as he had not the most distant recollection of him—"Pray, Sir, oblige me, (said the other) and I will give you forty guineas," putting a purse of gold into his hand; on which Redmond (very much surprised) was for returning the money, thinking the other meant to turn him into ridicule; when he was accosted in the following manner:—"Pray, Mr. Redmond, do you recollect your lending forty guineas about thirty years ago, when you and your friend were both very young men?"—"Yes, I do," (says Redmond) "but, I think, I heard he was drowned, and I was more concerned for his death than for the money."

"You were mistaken then," (replied the other) "I am

the identical person to whom you so generously lent your money; you shall have the principal in that purse, and if you will come to Derham's, and take a chop with me, you shall have the interest, with grateful thanks; for though I was very poor when I borrowed your money, thank God! I am rich enough at present, so that if you stand in need of a few hundreds, ask them, and have them."—Redmond thanked him for his friendly offer, which he declined; but accompanied his old friend and debtor to Derham's, where he received the legal interest of his forty guineas for thirty years, a good dinner, and as much Madeira and Claret as he could drink. This is really an act of honesty which deserves recording, and which is a real fact, as our correspondent had it from Mr. Redmond himself, who lives in Clarendon-street.

Sept. 5. The marquis de la Fayette has sent one of the iron bullets, found in the Battle, to marshal Laudohn, a second to the prince de Cobourg, and a third to lord Heath.

The foreign ministers are to have another audience of the duke of Leeds, on the subject of the present crisis in France, at his office, Whitehall.

The queen of Spain takes the cause of the French king so much to heart, that she has ordered *nine days prayer* to be offered up, that he may get the better of what she is pleased to term his *rebellious subjects*.

Extract of a letter from Constantinople, August 1.

"The lawyers, first ministers, and general officers, have met for five days successively, by order of the new sultan, to consider whether it is expedient to continue the war, or to listen to such terms of peace as the adversaries of the Ottoman faith are disposed to. This is the day of their sitting, without coming to any determination. To-morrow they are to acquaint the grand signior with the result of their deliberations, on which much will depend. At present there is a great state of suspense, in regard to warlike operations."

By some late accounts from Russia, the society formed there, for exploring the interior parts of Africa, are informed of the death of one of their principal itinerants, who died of a pleurisy at Grand Cairo. This man had some knowledge of what he was about, and much personal courage; qualities that must unite to carry such a scheme into any degree of profitable execution; but which cannot be expected to be often possessed by persons who undertake to forlorn a hope.

Sept. 7. Should the emperor effect a separate peace with the Porte, the czarina will find sufficient employment for her fleets and armies; the secession of the Austrians will make a difference of at least 300,000 men in the belligerent scale, in favour of the Turks.

The reason of the emperor's anxiety to make a peace with the Turks, is obvious; he perceives that a civil flame is kindling fast in his Belgic provinces, to extinguish which, it is more than probable, will require all the force he can muster.

In the night of the 26th of July, the custom-house of Dielt, in Brabant, was attacked by a large body of banditti, with a view of carrying off a considerable sum of the public money deposited there. It was guarded by corporal Petit, of the regiment de Ligne, who had nine privates under him; this brave fellow exhorted his comrades to defend their post; and the men, excited by his example, resisted every effort of their assailants for several hours, when the ammunition being exhausted, they contrived to carry off the treasure, and by passing the river Demer, secured it from the plunderers.

The spirit, fidelity and integrity, of this brave fellow, having been made known to the emperor, he ordered that he should be intitled with the honorary medal, in the presence of all the officers of state, and of the garrison of Brussels. The modesty of the man appeared as striking as his courage. While the surrounding multitude shouted applause, he blushed, and seemed disconcerted at the rewards in which he might rejoice, for they were the rewards of virtue.

The rumoured likelihood of approaching amity between the emperor and the Turks has excited great alarm in Paris; for if the emperor, in conjunction with Spain should adopt any measure for the restoration of monarchical dignity in France, the national assembly and democratic spirit that has lately prevailed in that country, may receive a severe check.

The duke of Orleans pays every day an obsequious visit to Versailles, where he is received with apparent kindness, but where he is beheld with real abhorrence. This solicitude in the duke to be upon good terms with the royal party has raised disgust in the populace, and the duke is now in as much danger for suspected duplicity as he was lately in for imagined patriotism.

The tobacco manufacturers, who say that the excise bill will amount to a prohibition of their trade, have dignified the new-made peers, who supported the measure with the title of tobacco-stoppers.

Such is the scarcity of bread in Paris, that when persons are invited to dine with each other, it is now the custom of each visitor to take a piece of loaf in their pocket, as well as their couteau.

The court of Spain has very wisely prohibited the importation of all French books into that kingdom, relative to the revolution, and the new constitution.

The duke d'Orleans will soon lose one third of his revenue, provided the present system is established; his highness cannot, therefore, be perfectly in love with patriotism.

There are, we understand, two foreigners of distinction from the Spanish court at present in this capital, who come for the purpose of requiring the intervention of this country on some project for the relief of the king of France in the present degraded state of his authority.—These ambassadors have earnestly solicited an audience of his majesty, which has not yet been granted; and the minister, who is very deficient in knowledge of foreign politics and the relative interests of European States, has cautiously avoided an interview with them.

There has been a violent tumult at Amiens, the populace having got hold of three merchants, whom they suspected of being inimical to the people, and treated them very roughly. The magistracy, in order to save their lives, committed them to prison; but prudently lost no time in forming sixteen companies of armed citizens, which enabled them to keep all quiet. The national assembly has thanked the magistracy for their vigilance and prudence.

Sept. 8. The commissaire (justice of peace) appointed to inspect the sale of flour in the corn market at Paris, had a narrow escape last week. A report had been spread among the populace, that this magistrate had prevented the new flour from being brought to market before the old (which is extremely bad, and mixed with unwholesome ingredients) was disposed of; and the people were so enraged, that they resolved to hang him; but he was fortunately rescued by the patrol, with the halter round his neck.

FRENCH COMMOTIONS.

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated Monday morning, August 31.

"My apprehensions are but too likely to be realized, every thing is in fermentation among the people. I found the palais royal, last night, occupied by thousands, and all vehemently declaiming against the shameful conduct of the clergy and the aristocratic party in the national assembly, who seem determined to retard, or render absolutely null, the grand work of the constitution.

"Motions were made to assemble and proceed to Versailles; which, I imagine, will probably take place. Reports from the court are no less alarming. Monsieur is again said to be departed, and the king is reported to have hinted his intention of recovering. I mention this news to you with the caution proper to be observed in an affair of such vast moment; but where there is probability, the general rumour on such occasions, corroborated by a variety of concurring circumstances, should not be lightly treated. Who knows what may have been passing without the kingdom during the absence of the princely refugees; what correspondences may have been carried on, what secret influence the queen may still have (as she still has) on the king's tears and love of power? above all, when it is considered that the original intention and plan of the cabal was to get him to remove to Metz, in Lorraine, in the German frontiers.

"Far be it from me to suggest unnecessary fears; no man will rejoice more than I shall, to be a false prophet; but at this moment it would be idle to conceal the fact, that all is distrust, apprehension and fermentation. The aristocratic party are supposed to be about 750 strong in the assembly. The majority among the nobles is five to one; one half, at least, of the clergy have proved themselves, from the beginning, decided enemies to liberty; and since the union of orders, they have gained over many of the curates, by artfully preaching up to them the danger of the church; and a considerable number of the commons are men of the law, attached to, and depending on, the king and parliament.—May my next announce to you that the alarm is false!"

We have received accounts by the way of Trieste, that the Russian major Cazzioni, with the fleet under his command, has taken the island Zee, in the Archipelago, which has obliged the Turks to send some of the ships of war which were destined for the Black Sea, to put a stop to any further depredations of the Russians in the Archipelago.

St. JOHN'S (Antigua) September 8.

We are informed by a correspondent, that the unfortunate comte Lowendahl, who, in a fit of passion, lately shot his servant in Paris, for some frivolous neglect, was condemned to have his head cut off, and that the sentence has been executed.

The king, understanding the sentence was to be carried into effect in a few hours, shut himself up in his closet, and would admit no person to an audience till the fatal blow was given.—Thus was an end put to the life of one of the bravest and most amiable men in France, and we are sorry to observe, that the cause

Emmerion, Ford's
and Venture 284,
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ri. Part of a Mill
at 375, Thomas
dry Lots of Land in
750, George Hardy,
Exeter 157, John
Addition to Webber's
200, total 100. The
24, Sarah Jernam
Providence 157,
and Carroll's Kind
Chance 75, Abel
132, Sarah Mudd,
13 Parkers, Eglington
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of Indian Fields 100,
Wynn's Chance Res-
100, John Wynn,
William Wynn. Part
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127,
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September 29, 1789.
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BERIAH MAYBURY.
September 9, 1789.
WIDOW of GASSAWAY
of the SECURITIES for
WOOD, FORMER COL
ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY,
NEXT GENERAL ASSEM-
8 w
DINAH WATKINS.
y, Sept. mber 12, 1789.
ven, that the subscriber in-
the next general assembly of
aid the execution of the last
ther JOHN HICKS TRA-
county, deceased, agree-
testator. w8
HENRY TRAVERSE.
September 9, 1789.
given, that there will be a
to the next general assembly
warehouse for the inspection
ding, on Herring Creek
September 1, 1789.
given, that a petition will be
general assembly, at their seat
to confirm his title to two
the towns of Upper-Marlbou
ed by Judson Godledge, do
are appointed to sell British
3 w
RICHARD BURGESS.
given, that the inhabitants of
mean to petition the next
division of said county; also,
of payment for the settlers
Cambridg. OX
POLIS.
REDEBRICK
GREEN.

for which he suffered does not permit us to lament his fate. How unfortunate the frenzy that propelled such a man to so dreadful an action! He served in the late war as colonel commandant of the regiment of Armagnac, and was third in command at the unsuccessful attempt made on St. Lucia, which ended so much to the honour of general Meadows, for his gallant repulsion of the enemy. In this action compe Lowendahl's regiment was cut almost to pieces. His father was the famous engineer who conducted the siege, and carried Bergen-op-zoom. It is imagined some disappointment at play, or a love affair, had influence on his mind at the time he committed the rash and melancholy act, for which society is now deprived of so very great a character as this unfortunate officer was in every other point of view. He had the rank of lieutenant-general at his death.

NEW-YORK, November 11.

Altho' the public is disappointed in the main object for which the commissioners went to treat with the southern Indians, yet, we hear, that they have concluded a truce with them for a number of months: And as the Indians in general discovered a pacific temper, it is to be hoped that a permanent peace may be soon settled.

Yesterday arrived the schooner Janny, captain Schermehorn, from Savanna, in whom came passengers, captain Burbeck and the whole of his company of marines. By the latest accounts the commissioners were at Petersburg, on their return to this city.

ELIZABETH-TOWN, Nov. 11.

We hear from Amboy, that the proposed amendments to the constitution of the United States, have been under consideration of the legislature, and will be all agreed to except the second article. We further learn, that the depreciated state of the paper currency has been submitted to the house of assembly, who have adopted, as one mean of appreciating it, to call as much out of circulation as the exigencies of the state will admit; and that no new or further appropriations of it be made. Agreeably to the estimate laid before the house, near 30,000. will be thus cancelled; and it is highly probable this measure will be adopted.

On motion, in the assembly, last Saturday, leave was given to present a bill to oblige the specific performance of contracts, and to repeal the tender laws of this state under certain restrictions.—This bill, it is conjectured, will perish in embryo.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman on judge Symmes's tract, between the Miami rivers.

"Miami, opposite Licking,
August 27, 1789.

"DEAR SIR,

"The prospect of head-quarters of the American troops being at this place, gives new animation to all concerned in the settlement, and much increases the value of the lands within this tract. Major Doughty, with a strong detachment, is erecting a garrison at this place—General Harmar is expected to remove here in a few weeks—Smiles are diffused throughout the settlement, prospects being so very favourable.

"I am, Sir, your's."

PHILADELPHIA, November 14.

Extract of a letter from Exeter, (N. H.) September 26.

"On Wednesday last, having occasion for an enlargement of an entrance into a cellar but lately dug, on an eminence contiguous to the Fresh river in this town, the workmen discovered some bones, which, on examination, appeared to be human. On further search a large number were found. From a particular examination, I conclude the bones to be part of some body formerly there buried, and that the body was enclosed in the trunk of some tree, and interred in an erect posture, as the remains of some partly decayed wood was found erect, and apparently enclosed the once entire body. Within this enclosure, in a horizontal position, were found twelve spoons, placed nearly north and south, and directly under the head of the defunct, as part of the hairy scalp adhered to the uppermost spoons. The remains of some wampum were also found, curiously sewed on two strings of undressed moose-skin.

"As the land in which the above discovery was made, is my property, I intend to endeavor some further discoveries; and if any thing curious in the attempt should turn up worthy of public communication, I propose a further publication on the subject."

Extract of a letter from Boston, November 9.

"On Wednesday last the president set out from Portsmouth, on his return to the seat of government, and lodged on Wednesday night at Haverhill in this state.—On Thursday he viewed the ground at Lexington where the first hostilities in the late war were commenced.—That night he lodged at Water-town, and early next morning proceeded his journey through Newton, Natick, &c.

"It is said, that some dispatches which the president received at Portsmouth, from New-York, hastened his return, and prevented him from pursuing his original intention of visiting the interior country.

"'Tis said that the transit of Mercury over the sun's disk is postponed to the 6th of December.

"By captain Samuel Prince, who arrived here last Saturday from Martinique, we are informed, that the inhabitants of that island had chosen nine deputies to wait on the general for permission to sing the Marseilles on account of the late glorious revolution in France. After some little altercation permission was granted. In consequence of which, a solemn procession took place at Port-Royal of the inhabitants, to which the Americans in harbour were invited, and requested to join their flags with the national one of France. The religious ceremony being over, the procession passed through the principal streets, and returning to the

church, the flags of the two nations were solemnly consecrated, and placed in the altar, there to remain as the emblems not only of mutual friendship, but as emblems of virtue, honour, patriotism and liberty. After the procession was over, and the flags disposed of, the general, the compe de Viomeniel, gave the Americans a polite invitation to dine with him and his officers, at his house; and shewed them on this occasion every mark of attention and affection."

ANNAPOLIS, November 26.

The honourable Daniel Bowley, Esq; is chosen a senator in the room of the honourable William Harrison, Esq; deceased.

Elk-Ridge, November 24, 1789.

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the court of chancery of Maryland, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the sixteenth day of January next, at the house of captain SCHAUB, at Elk-Ridge Landing,

ONE undivided sixth part of the ELK-RIDGE FURNACE, with the LANDS to the same belonging, containing about eight hundred acres, and held jointly with Edward Dorsey, Esquire. There are erected every necessary improvement, and a valuable grist mill, on the premises, and the furnace is in good order.

Also, five hundred acres of land, part of CALEB'S DELIGHT ENLARGED, situate and lying in Anne-Arundel county, near to the plantation of John Gillis, and commonly called The Burnt House Woods. There are two small tenements on this tract of land, and a large quantity of meadow ground; it is calculated for the cultivation of fine tobacco.

Also, six hundred acres of land, being part of PILES'S DELIGHT, situate and lying in Washington county, and adjoining Sharpsburg. This land is nearly equal in quality to any lands in that fertile county.

The above property, being late the estate of Samuel Dorsey, son of Caleb, is sold for the benefit of his creditors. The purchasers will be indulged with a credit of one, two and three years, on giving bond, on interest, with approved security.

RICHARD RIDGELY.

TO BE SOLD,

At PRIVATE SALE, the following TRACTS of LAND, viz.

ONE tract of 800 acres, on Pipe creek, in Frederick county, an entire body of wood, and of kind good soil; also, a tract on Magothy river, containing 430 acres; and a tract containing 301 acres, on Deep creek (or Stoney creek) which empties into Patapsco river.—Both these tracts are convenient for Baltimore or Annapolis markets, one having about 30 acres the other about 60 acres cleared, the rest in woods; the soil equal to any in those parts; both well watered. Likewise two young NEGRO WOMEN, three GIRLS, and a BOY about twelve years old. Unexceptionable titles will be given to the purchasers. For terms, apply to

WILLIAM MURRAY.

Annapolis, November 23, 1789.

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 31st of December, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the house of WILLIAM HUTTON, near Lyon's creek, in Calvert county,

EIGHT NEGROES, a man about 21, a woman about 21, and three children, of 11 months, 3½ years and 4½ years old, a girl about 12 years old, a young woman and a child in arms. The property will be warranted to the buyers. Credit will be given upon bond and approved security, and a proper discount for ready money. The sale to begin at 12 o'clock.

At the same time and place the tract of land called HOPKINS'S FANCY, 204 acres, will be offered to sale, on credit, to which I can now make a good title, having purchased the several parts. I have a quantity of good land in Prince-George's county, in Montgomery, in Frederick and in Washington, in Maryland; in Berkeley, in Hampshire, in Virginia; very rich lands upon the Youghogony and Little Kanhawa, which I wish to sell upon credit, lease or rent. Several valuable lots in George-town to be sold on credit, leased or rented. Nov. 26, 1789.

STEPHEN WEST.

FOR SALE,

On Friday next, for Specie or Specie Certificates, SEVEN likely young country-born SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women and Children.

On Thursday the third of December next, at ten o'clock in the morning, will be SOLD, at the house of Mr. Richard Wells, in Annapolis, the following articles, viz a pair of large globes, new and complete, a good looking glass, a pair of large mahogany tables, new, an elegant bridle and saddle, a carpet, bed, mattress, kitchen jack, writing desk, some chairs, about fifty gallons of mint water, and a quantity of plank and flooring, and many other articles.

And at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be SOLD, at Mr. Mann's, an elegant collection of fashionable plate, a gold watch, some knives and forks, and a few books. Terms ready money.

BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff.

N. B. For PRIVATE SALE, an elegant fashionable mahogany sideboard, with cases, drawers and cutlery, complete. Also, an elegant piano, with or without harness.

Annapolis, November 24, 1789.

For Sale.

On the 15th day of December next, at the late dwelling of JAMES DRANE, deceased, in Prince-George's county, will be SOLD for ready money,

A NUMBER of young NEGROES, and also the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and STOCK of different kinds, PLANTATION UTENSILS and the DWELLING PLANTATION, supposing to be two hundred and nine acres. All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to bring them in, and all those indebted to the said estate will be pleased to discharge them.

ELIZABETH DRANE, Executrix.
JAMES DRANE, Executor.

November 18, 1789.

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday the 15th day of December next, at the dwelling house of RICHARD LEE, Esquire, late of Charles county, deceased,

PART of the PERSONAL ESTATE of the said Richard Lee (for the purpose of paying the debts due from the said estate,) consisting of NEGRO MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS, HOGS, HOGS, and about one hundred head of CATTLE; a great variety of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE and PLANTATION UTENSILS, to wit: TABLES, CHAIRS, CASES of DRAWERS, BEDS, BEDSTEADS and FURNITURE, TABLE CLOTHES, NAPKINS, TOWELS, CHINA, EARTHEN WARE, PEWTER, BRASS and COPPER KETTLES, &c. IRON POTS, FRINGING PANS, CARI'S, PLOUGHS, HOES, AXES, and a great variety of other ARTICLES too tedious to mention. Twelve months credit will be allowed to the purchaser or purchasers for all sums exceeding fifty shillings, upon giving bond or bonds with approved security, on interest from the day of sale.

All persons who are indebted to the said estate are requested to make speedy payments, and all those who have claims against it are desired to bring them in that they may be settled and adjusted before the day of sale, for which purpose the subscriber will attend at the dwelling house aforesaid, from the tenth day of December next to the day of sale.

Should the day aforesaid, appointed for the sale, prove rainy, the sale will be put off to the next fair day, and continue from day to day till all are sold.

PHILIP R. FENDALL, Administrator,
de bonis non, of Richard Lee.

November 19, 1789.

Seth Sweetser,

BOOT and SHOE MANUFACTURER.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has opened SHOP in Church-street, next door to Mr. Charles Tinges, watch and clock maker, where he carries on his business in all its various branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner, and on the lowest terms. As he has supplied himself with the best materials, and is determined to carry on his business with the greatest punctuality and dispatch, he hopes by his attention to merit the custom of those who please to favour him with their commands.

Annapolis, November 23, 1789.

In Chancery, November 19, 1789.

ON the application of the trustees of James Kent of Queen-Anne's county, the first day of April next is limited and appointed by the chancellor for the creditors of said James Kent to bring in and declare their respective claims to the said trustees, that the same may on that day be liquidated and adjusted; due notice thereof to be published in Mr. Green's and Mr. Goddard's news-papers, and by advertisements set up at the court-house door, and at other public places in the said county of Queen-Anne's.

Tell SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Pomomkey Neck, November 16, 1789.

I HEREBY give public notice, and warn any body inclinable to rent Mr. RICHARD BRANDT'S FISHING LANDINGS on the Patowmack, as advertised in the Maryland Gazette of the 6th instant, to beware how they will bargain with him, as I am determined to oppose any encroachments which may be attempted by him (said Brandt) upon the orphan's estate now under my directions, as Mr. Brandt has been very industrious these several years to spread about under the appearances of truth, his illegal claims to a landing lawfully sold and made over to Knehelm Truman Stoddert by Allison Ford, both deceased. Who ever rents his landings may likely, through his crafty insinuations, be brought into trouble.

As to the advantages which may result by fishing a said landings, I think it my duty to say, that they are too far extolled in Mr. Brandt's advertisement, there-with I have been acquainted by three years experience upon said shore. Profitable fisheries have been formerly carried on there, but now the time is past and not likely to return for causes which may be explained whenever required, by

PETER DE JEAN.

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On Friday, the 27th
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TO BE SOLD,

On Friday, the 27th of this instant, November, if it be not the next fair day, at the house of WILLIAM GODSMITH, in the city of Annapolis, ABOUT thirty likely country-born NEGRO SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, among whom is a valuable Blacksmith. They will be sold on a credit of two years, upon bond with approved security.

2X

THE subscribers give this public notice, that they intend to petition the assembly, during their next session, for the restoration of a tract of LAND situate in Frederick county, called BLACK ACRE, formerly the property of William Black, Esquire, of London, merchant, which the subscribers consider themselves entitled to, as heir of the said William Black, and which land has been sold, as the subscribers apprehend, improperly, by the late intendant of the province.

STEPHEN WEST and WIFE.

Annapolis, November 11, 1789.

Will be disposed of at PUBLIC SALE, by the subscriber, on the 1st of December next.

THE LEASE of HILL'S DELIGHT, whereon RALPH FORSTER, deceased, lately dwelt; also several WORK HORSES, OXEN, PLANTATION UTENSILS, the CROP of CORN, TOBACCO, FODDER, &c. &c.

G. DIGGES, Administrator.

N. B. Any person inclinable to treat for the above plantation previous to the day of sale may apply to the subscriber at George Mann's.

Piscataway, November 11, 1789.

By virtue of a deed of trust to me made by WILLIAM JENKINS, the following real and personal property will be offered for SALE, at Piscataway, on the 7th day of December next, to wit:

ONE tract of land called OXMON-TOWN, containing 51 acres, one other tract called STRIFE, containing 87 acres, one other tract called MAIDEN BRADLEY, containing 120 acres. The above three tracts lay adjoining each other, and within three miles of Piscataway, eight acres of land adjoining Piscataway, and two lots, with the improvements thereon, lying in said town, ten HORSES, fourteen head of BLACK CATTLE, thirty-eight HOGS and two FEATHER BEDS. Credit will be given for twelve months of the purchaser giving bond with security.

HENRY HARDY, Trustee.

September 3, 1789.

SUNDRY inhabitants of Charles-town, Charles county, will petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to lay out said town, and to ascertain the lots and boundaries thereof, but particularly to open the street on the east side of lot number four, on the town plot, bounding on the west, Ward's lot on said plot, now in the possession of Charles Maukin.

Worcester county, Maryland, Sept. 3, 1789.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to make valid two deeds of conveyance for a lot of ground in Snow-Hill-town, the one from John Martin's trustees to Matthew or John Duncen, and the other from Abraham Outten to Smith Shop.

HANNAH BISHOP.

Montgomery county, September 4, 1789.

THIS is to inform the public, that the inhabitants of the aforesaid county intend to apply to the next general assembly, for a main road from Lucketts and Davis's Ferry through the neighbourhoods of Brown's and Sinning's Mills, as may be thought most advantageous to the public.

August 27, 1789.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given to inform the public, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to vest him with the fee-simple of part of a tract of LAND called SMITH'S FIRST CHOICE, which a certain William Schoolfield conveyed to Turbutt Wright, a minor, son of the subscriber.

JOHN WRIGHT.

Prince-George's county, September 14, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general assembly, for a law to authorise the justices of Prince-George's county to lay a further tax on the inhabitants thereof, for the purpose of erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch, near the town of Bladenburg.

Anne-Arundel county, November 11, 1789.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro lad, about 13 or 14 years of age, who calls himself JACK, and says he belongs to JAMES WARRING, of C'vert county; his clothing is an smoking shirt, and nothing else. His master is desired to pay charges, and take him away in one month from the date hereof, or he will be sold for his fees.

BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff.

NOTICE is hereby given, that several of the inhabitants of Charles and Saint-Mary's counties intend to petition the general assembly, at their next session, to pass a law to change the road leading from Newmarket to Newport, in Charles county.

PETER DE JEAN.

November 14, 1789.

THE sales of the lands, which I advertised, are postponed.—I shall attend on the days appointed, in order to dispose of the personal property, except in Charles county, where I shall attend, for that purpose, on the first of December.

W. KILTY.

Anne-Arundel county, September 1, 1789.

WHEREAS sundry persons, for which the subscriber was liable to pay debts to a large amount, as well several others his debtors in large sums, have availed themselves of the late insolvent act, whereby the burthen hath become very grievous on him; and being desirous to do equal justice as far as in his power—having made a deed of trust of all his property, real, personal and mixed, for the purpose of discharging the claims against him, and if, after the full and just application of the same, it should prove insufficient—Application will be made to the next general assembly of Maryland, to exonerate him therefrom, and to liberate his person from confinement.

SAMUEL GODMAN.

October 5, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be offered to the next general assembly by MARY MAGRUDER, wife of Nathaniel Jones Magruder, for an act to pass in her favour, so as to secure to her use sundry negroes, devised to her by the last will and testament of her deceased father, John Bellingby, during life, in order to prevent her said husband from depriving her of the use of said negroes during her life.

MARY MAGRUDER.

September 22, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly of Maryland to appoint a trustee to sell and dispose of the lands on which BENTON HARRIS, late of Worcester county, deceased, lived, and to apply the money arising from such sale to the uses and purposes in his will directed.

JOHN PURKINS, REBECCA COSTEN, JOHN SMITH, JOHN HAYMAN, JOHN RIGGEN.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 2d day of May last, two country born NEGROES—CHARLES, about 30 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, strong and well set, of a yellowish complexion, has a remarkable black beard, and his face generally full of small pimples, speaks seldom, and has a down look.—MATTHEW, about 22 or 23 years of age, five feet five or six inches high, bow-legged, thick set, has a remarkable black complexion, his teeth and parts of his eyes of a clear white, speaks freely and grim; had on when they went away, coarse brown shirts, jackets and breeches of coarse white country made cloth, yarn stockings, and old felt hats and shoes. They have been seen lurking about in different parts of St. Mary's and Calvert counties until the first of September, when it is supposed they took away from James Knott, living at Howard's Race, two mares, one of a mouse colour, with a short switch tail, the other a dark bay, one hind foot white, with a small lump on her left side, both natural pacers. Whoever will take up the said negroes and secure them in goal, so that the subscriber may get them again, shall receive ten dollars, if taken up in the county; if out of the county, and within the state, sixteen dollars; if out of the state, the above reward, or in proportion for either of them, paid by JOSEPH MATTINGLY.

St. Inigoes, St. Mary's county, Oct. 19, 1789.

TAKEN up as a STRAY by CALEB DORSEY, son of THOMAS, living in Anne-Arundel county, a dark bay MARE, about seven years old, without any perceivable brand, has a dark star in her forehead, switch tail, and been used to the draught. The owner is desired to come and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

NOTICE.

To be SOLD, on Reasonable Terms,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, called A DIMITT'S DELIGHT, containing 244 acres, situate in Baltimore county, within 15 miles of Baltimore-town, adjoining the dwelling plantation of James Gittings, Esquire. The soil is equal to any in the state. There are about 45 acres in meadow, and by the advantage of a never failing stream running through the whole, there may be at least 160 acres more made equal to any in the county; there is a sufficiency of timber to support the whole; there is a good DWELLING HOUSE, KITCHEN, and other necessary buildings, suitable for a farm; the whole under a good fence; there is a good spring near the door; likewise TWO APPLE ORCHARDS of excellent fruit; there is an excellent MILL-SEAT on the same. The whole will be sold reasonable, by paying one third of the purchase money in hand, the remainder in seven annual payments. Any person inclining to purchase, may be shown the land, by applying to the subscriber, on the premises.

JAMES DIMITT.

N. B. BACK LAND will be TAKEN in PART. There may be had with the above farm, a sufficiency of STOCK of ALL KINDS; 100 barrels of CORN, and 50 bushels of WHEAT in the Ground. Any person inclining to purchase, is desired to view the place, and not listen to any insinuation.

The subscriber has just received an Assortment of FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING of fashionable coloured silk and second Broad Clothes, with instable Trimmings, Milled Drabs, German Serge, Kerseys, blue Plains, Bath Coatings, Fearnoughts, Kendale Cotton, Fine Sarceting and Red Flannels, Role and Duffil Blankets, Fine Irish Linens, Russia Sheetting, Mens and Boys Worsted Hote, Shawls, Cotton Handkerchiefs, Blue and Green Morcens, &c. with a General Assortment of Fashionable Queen's Ware. The above will be sold low for Cash, by STEPHEN CLARK.

FALL GOODS, WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

JUST IMPORTED, In the Isabella, Captain Taylor.

and for sale, by the subscriber, at his stores at POINT, NOTTINGHAM and WEST-RIVER.

SUPERFINE and second clothes, of all colours; fine milled drab; superfine coatings for ladies; 2, 3, and 4 common coatings; bear-skins; duffils; fearnoughts; kerseys; frizes; halfsticks; milled ditto; German serges; fine sheeting, and other flannels; all sorts of coarse clothes, and buttons; toyline; and velvet waistcoat shapes; German and British shawls; brown silks; Russia sheeting, white and brown; Irish linens of all sorts; brown and white Irish sheetings; valencias; moreens; durants; figured tammies; shalloons and camblets; Irish fluffs; Manchester; silk, linen, cotton and check, handkerchiefs; worsted, cotton, silk and yarn, mens and womens hote; hats of all sorts; oinabrig, coloured, and ounce threads; fowling pieces; ironmongery; pewter and tin ware; money scales and weights; silver watches; seine twine; red bark of the first quality; tin and glass ware; scarlet and cloth coloured cardinals; hair filters; salt-petre; fig blue; pearl barley, and Sago; loaf sugar; porter, and cheese; powder and shot; best battle powder; hard ware; carpets; zed, 12d, and 10d nails; carpenters and shoe-makers tools; chaffing dishes; bibles, testaments and spelling-books; cotton furniture, &c. &c. all of which will be sold at a very low advance for cash or tobacco.

The BRIG ISABELLA will sail in about three weeks; she has fine accommodations for passengers, and is a fine new British built brig.

JOSEPH COURT.

N. B. Well assorted WOOLLENS to be sold by the bale, with TRIMMINGS complete; a variety of other goods to be sold by the package, at a very low advance.

West River, October 21, 1789.

Samuel and John Adams, PRINTERS,

From WILMINGTON, DELAWARE STATE.

HAVING opened a PRINTING OFFICE in Market-street, nearly opposite the post-office, Baltimore, respectfully inform the public, as BOOKS, WORK, &c. is the principal object they have in view, of being engaged in, that they are now ready to receive the commands of all those who may be pleased to employ them in that line of business; and will only observe, that their utmost efforts shall be exerted to merit the approbation and favour of their employers, and the public in general.—Hand-bills, advertisements, all kinds of blank-work, &c. done expeditiously, with care, and on the MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

At said office may be had, a variety of BOOKS and STATIONARY; where country store-keepers, back-country traders, and others, may be supplied at the lowest prices. Great allowance will be made to those who may purchase by the quantity.

August 25, 1789.

WANTED,

A DRY NURSE, and no one need apply without being well recommended.—Inquire of the Printer hereof.

November 6, 1789.

Prince-George's county, October 18, 1789.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of BENJAMIN WAILES, late of said county, deceased, are desired to give them in properly authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment, as no farther indulgence can be given.

LEVIN COVINGTON WAILES, Admr. SUSANNA WAILES, Administratrix.

Saint-Mary's county, September 8, 1789.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of GEORGE THOMAS, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, are requested to bring them in legally authenticated, those indebted to the said estate, are desired to make immediate payment, to

WILLIAM THOMAS, jun. Administrator.

August 7, 1789.

ON the application of the trustees of THOMAS GRAHAME, the seventh of January next is limited and appointed by the chancellor for the creditors of the said Thomas Grahame to bring in and declare their respective claims to the said trustees, that the same may be on that day liquidated and adjusted. Due notice hereof to be published in Mr. Green's and Mr. Goddard's news-papers.

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Cla.

