

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, August 7, 1760.

DANTZICK, April 9.

ACCORDING to the Plan of Operations which the Russians are to pursue this Year, their Forces will be divided into two Corps, the principal of which, consisting of 60,000 Men, under Count Soltikoff, is to endeavour to penetrate into Silesia and lay Siege to Pomerania...

report many Things with regard to this Court. There is some little Foundation for what they say, but they disguise it much, and accommodate it to their own Wishes and Hopes.

These few Lines shew, that the Court of Spain interests itself more in the present Reign, in what concerns France, than it did in the last.

From other Quarters, in speaking of a Peace, they express themselves thus: "We know not whence this War arose, and we know not whence Peace will come. One Thing is certain: The present Moment is neither proper, nor expedient for making it."

At Paris, and in the French Armies, they talk in the following Manner: "We as yet know nothing certain about Peace, but we expect it. All who come from Paris believe, there will be one soon; the Betts for it are three to one."

Leipsic, April 27. The two Corps of Prussians that were lately posted in the Neighbourhood of Borna and Cowitz, are gone to rejoin the King's Army, in order to fill up, in some Measure, the Void made by the large Detachment that is gone under General Wedel towards Silesia.

Hamburg, May 3. Private Letters from Russia advise, that all the Officers made by Mr. Keith have been rejected, and that he hath been told, that no Consideration shall induce the Empress to change her present System, or withdraw the Troops sent against the King of Prussia.

Marsburg, April 22. In this City, as in every other Part of this Landgraviate, we are putting ourselves in the best Posture of Defence. We have here 4000 new raised Troops, who are exercised from Morning to Night.

Freyberg, April 24. We are in no Pain for Berlin, as Prince Henry has fixed his Head-Quarters at Stargard, in the very Centre between the Russian Army and that City, and is determined to give them Battle if they attempt to come forward; which, by all Appearance, they intend shortly to do.

Villa-Franca, April 20. It is impossible to form any certain Judgment of the Disposition of the Court of Turin. The King of Sardinia has 36,000 Troops, in the best Condition imaginable, ready to take the Field upon the first Notice, and his fortified Towns are in thorough Repair.

Amsterdam, April 20. The States-General received Advice last Tuesday from Maastricht, that a large Detachment of the Regiment of Alface, belonging to the French Army, on the 19th Instant entered a Village called Meiseb, without the least previous Requisition for a Passage, and even forcing the Inhabitants of that Village to supply them with Victuals and Drink.

Genoa, April 5. The Spanish Squadron destined for the Mediterranean, consists of eight Sail of Men of War. It is pretended to be designed to carry the Prince, eldest Son of his Catholic Majesty, to Naples.

Hamburg, April 25. All our Advices from Saxony are full of the Motions of the Prussians, who are continually marching into and out of the Camp, which has been traced out by the King. To judge by his Majesty's Dispositions, and the Entrenchments at this Camp, he seems to aim only at deceiving Marshal Daun, and will remain on the Defensive.

Paris, April 29. On the Side of Italy a Storm seems to be gathering. In Piedmont every Thing is ready for Action, and great Preparations are going forward in the Kingdom of Naples.

Madrid, April 15. Artillery is getting ready for the Troops assembling in the Provinces, and the Officers are preparing their Equipages with the utmost Expedition; but the real Object of all this military Parade, is still a Secret.

Calage, April 9. A great and able Minister at Madrid, speaking of the Spanish Ministry, expresses himself to this Effect: "We hear that the French Ministers and Generals are entirely vanquished; that Lord Howe was sent for by Express from Bath; and that the grand Expedition is now immediately to be put in Execution."

April 29. According to some Accounts from the Hague, relative to the Negotiations for Peace, the King of Prussia has declared before-hand to the British Court, "That rather than give up an Inch of Territory, he would push on the War to Extremities: But if it should be proposed to indemnify Saxony with Money, he would very readily agree to it."

May 2. A Letter from the Hague, dated April 25, hath the following Passage: "Only one of our three Deputies remain in England, to settle the Differences between the two States; and this Gentleman writes, that at the End of a long Conference with Lord Holdernesse, his Lordship told him that it was foreseen that the Dutch Vessels that were still detained, would be condemned with their Cargoes; and that the Ministry were so much taken up at present with other Business, that they could not attend to this Matter till after a Peace."

There are Letters from Leghorn, dated the 13th Inst, which say a Ship arrived that Day from Smyrna, the Officers of which reported, that the Time they left the Place several Merchants had Letters from Constantinople, which said Admiral Pocock had attacked some French Ships which had embarked Men at Pondicherry, and having taken or destroyed them before they landed their Stores and Ammunition, the Place being exceedingly distressed before, surrendered 3 Days after.—There is no Doubt to be made as to these Letters coming from Leghorn.

There are now lying at the Nore nine Sail of Men of War of the Line, which are expected to be joined by several others fitting out at Sheerness. Their Destination occasions various Speculations.

May 3. They write from Hanover, that, notwithstanding all the Reports of Peace, they fear they shall see as much Blood spilt this Campaign as the last. We shall not lay down our Arms (said one of the principal Chiefs of the present Troubles) till every Source is exhausted.

Letter from Prussia, April 22. "Her Imperial Austrian Majesty, knowing that England is firmly resolved (whatever may be the Consequences) to preserve for the King of Prussia all his Possessions in Germany, is very indifferent about the Meeting of a Congress. The Count de Caunitz, in the Name of his illustrious Sovereign, has declared that she cannot listen to any Accommodation till such Time as an Indemnification has been proposed for the Elector of Saxony. Such are the last Resolutions of a victorious Power; who, fruitful in Resources, in Soldiers, in Generals, hopes, and perhaps with Reason, to subdue in the next Campaign, even the Minds of our Enemies."

Letter from Paris, April 21. "The Steps taken by England and Prussia, in view to the military Preparations of two Powers who have hitherto been neutral, but little favour the Hopes of a Congress: On the contrary, they give great Room to apprehend that the War will become still more general."

May 5. By Advices from the Hague we learn, that Mr. Yorke had declared to several Members of the Regency, that the King his Master being informed that Prussia and France had been bought up in the Republic for the French Army, he was commanded to represent to their High Mightinesses, that the Trade having already been carried on in former Years, contrary to the Resolution of their High Mightinesses, which expressly forbids the Exportation of Forage; his Majesty hoped that their High Mightinesses would be pleased to give Orders to prevent the Exportation of the said Provisions and Forage; as it would strengthen the Hands of the King's Enemies to support and prolong the War.

We learn that a Camp will soon be formed on the Borders of the Highlands in Scotland, for the better Protection thereof. The Lords of the Admiralty have ordered a Frigate of 35 Guns and a Sloop, to cruise in the Mouth of the North Channel, between Scotland and Ireland, for the Protection of the Trade in those Parts.

May 7. Letters from Thuringia advise, that some Hundreds of Saxons, who had hitherto served in Lullistey's Corps, have suddenly absconded with their Arms and a little Baggage: Many of them went over to the Prussians, but the greater part have taken the Rout of the Allied Army.

From Hanover we hear, that many Deserters from the Troops of Wirtemberg repaired thither, and enlisted in their independent Battalions; and some of the Prisoners of the Troops of Cologne have done the same, being tired with waiting for an Exchange.

Letters by Yesterday's Mail advise, that the Swiss Cantons have unanimously refused to recruit their Regiments in the Pay of France, because, according to Treaty, the Swiss ought neither to be put on ship board, nor sent over the Rhine.

Letters from Falmouth say, that there are several small Privateers cruising on the Coast of Cornwall, some of whose Crews have been on shore, taken some of the Inhabitants, and ransomed them for two Guineas a Head.

As the French Privateers continue to infest the Coast, and pick up a great Number of our Vessels, all the French Ships of War, we hear, are ordered to proceed directly to Oporto, and to be ready to receive them.

RE, 1 to... 7th, 1760. Plantation on the Church, Baltimore... 3d, 1760. REWARD. Iron-Works, two Convict Ser... of Age, about 5... the Small-Pox, of... black Hair, which... and speaks a... of Age, about... complexion, wears... ties behind, is... has lost one or... is an Englishman... them, a blue G... buttons, one brown... a Pair of blue... in Thicket Coat... Check Shirts, two... Cloaths... old Silver Watch... res the above Ser... have them again... and if taken out... and reasonable... by... CALEB DORSEY... OWN LOTTERY... at the Time last... OTTERY, Two Hundred and... ing and Repairing... and Erecting a... in Alexandria, viz... 0 £. 150... 5 75... 0 100... 2 100... 5 80... 1 745... um raised 250... £. 1500... Blanks to a Prize... first Day of September... d in the Virginia and... Money to be paid as... d. in six Months after... as generously given... are appointed Ma... tax, William Ramsay... ander, John Dalton... , John Hunter, Robert... es of the said Town... be on Oath that they... reposed in them. in the aforesaid Mant... ppe, or Allan Macrat... for Robt and Benjamin... bester; Philip Richard... Messrs. Symmers and... at Upper-Marlborough; Annapolis.

Admiralty-Office, May 6.
By Letter of the 20th Inst. from the Right Honourable Admiral Boscawen, to Mr. Cleveland, there is an Account of the following Ships and Vessels being taken or retaken by his Majesty's Ships under his Command.

Le Soliel, of Bourdeaux, of 360 Tons, 12 Guns, and 45 Men, laden with Stores, Ammunition and Provisions, and commanded by M. du Chamben, taken by Lieutenant Norwood, in his Majesty's Ship the Adventure. She had on board, 1 Captain, 3 Lieutenants, 3 Serjeants, 3 Corporals, and 60 private Men, and sailed from Bourdeaux the 10th of April.

The Adventure has likewise retaken the Catharine Brig, of Bristol, laden with Salt and Fruit.

The Orford has taken the Margaret Schooner Privateer, of Rochelle, of 8 Guns and 58 Men. She had been out only four Days and had taken nothing. And also Le Paix, of Rochelle, a large Chasse Maree, bound to St. Domingo, with Flour, Wine, &c. She has also retaken the Dolphin Snow, of Bristol, laden with Port Wine and Fruit.

The Juno has taken six Coasters, with 300 Tons of Wine. The Venus has taken the Hero, of Bourdeaux, bound to St. Domingo, with Flour, Wine, and Provisions.

The Shrewsbury has taken two Vessels laden with Wine. And has retaken the Friendship, Burton, Master, bound to Gibraltar, with Beer and Groceries.

The Pallas has dove on Shore, on the Black Rock, at the Entrance of the Bay Douverne, a Ship supposed to be outward bound of 400 Tons. The Ship, Cargo, and Crew, are all lost.

May 9. The Army under the Command of Prince Ferdinand will begin its Operations on the 20th Instant; by which Time, it is supposed, it will be joined by all the Troops from hence, and also by the fine Train of Artillery sent from Woolwich, accompanied by a Draught made from the Royal Regiment there.

The six Regiments going for Germany are to be compleated by Draughts of Veterans from other Regiments.

The Transports appointed to carry the Forces to Germany, are ready at Gravesend; in all 73 Sail, 35 for the Foot, and 38 for the Horse: There are besides 40 Sail lying at the Nore, with four Regiments of Horse already embarked: They are to be conveyed by the Phoenix Man of War, Capt. Bethell, and a Sloop.

Letters from Kinsale in Ireland, dated April 27, advise, that a French Privateer of 40 Guns and 300 Men, has been cruising off the Old Head of Kinsale for some Time, and has taken two large Ships, one from the Streights, and the other from the West-Indies.

Last Monday the Soliel, a French Store Ship of 300 Tons, bound from Bourdeaux for Canada, with Provisions and Sixty Soldiers, was sent into Plymouth by the Adventure Frigate. The Soliel sailed in Company with Nine Sail more, under Convoy of a Sixty Gun Ship and a Frigate.

May 13. Letters from Bamberg of the 25th past advise, that on the preceding Night a Courier arrived there with an Account that 20,000 Hanoverians had penetrated to Bishoppheim on the Rhine, and had put the Bishoprick of Fulda under a Contribution of 200,000 Rix Dollars, and that the Wirtemberg, Saxon, and the Troops of the Empire, were preparing to march to oppose their further Incursions.

The following Letter will sufficiently evince the Power and Glory of the British Navy.

Namur, in Quiberon Bay, April 20, 1760.
"I take this, being the first Opportunity, to inform you of my Welfare: We live here very happily, have extreme fine Weather, go ashore very often and play at Cricket; and the French have been so complaisant as to send us some Cows, all Sorts of Fowls and Greens, so that I want nothing to compleat my Happiness, but to hear from you, &c."

Admiralty-Office, May 10.
Extract of a Letter from Capt. Sterling, Commander of his Majesty's Ship Lynn, to Mr. Cleveland, dated off the Lizard, May 3, 1760.

"Be pleased to acquaint their Lordships that on the 2d Instant I took the Sloop Privateer Temeraire, of 4 Carriage and 6 Swivel Guns, and Thirty-eight Men, belonging to St. Maloes; came out the Evening before from Brixhault. The Captain tells me, all the Privateers belonging to that Port are now taken, only a small Boat, Cutter rigged: She was seen off here last Tuesday, and drove off with the very strong Gales of Easterly Winds we have lately had."

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) July 12.

On Thursday Afternoon arrived Negro Abraham, Express from the Army commanded by the Hon. Col. Montgomery, with an Account of the Return thereof to Fort Prince-George, on the first Instant, and of its setting out from thence on the 4th, and marching down into the Settlements.—The following Extracts from two Letters dated the second Instant, at the Fort, contain as full an Account of the Transactions of that Army since our last Accounts, as any we have seen.

Extract of a Letter from Fort Prince-George, July 2.

WE marched from Fort Prince-George the 24th of June, as I informed you in my last we should, and encamped at Ocunni, a deserted Indian Town, about 12 Miles from Keohwee. 25th, marched 15 Miles, and encamped at the War-Woman's Creek. 26th, marched 10 Miles to Stickowee, an old Settlement, distant about 18 Miles from Etchowee, the lowest Town of the Middle Settlements. 27th, we marched very early, expecting this Morning to have a Brush, nor were we mistaken: On the March we surprized four Indians, and took one of them Prisoner, who told us, the Indians of the Middle Settlements were all at Home, and desirous of Peace: but we had not Faith to believe him. Within 5 Miles of Etchowee, in very advantageous Ground for the Enemy, we were attacked from a Swamp, through which we were to march; whilst the Front of our small Army were driving them from the Swamp (which they

soon did, for the Cherokees, I dare say, never felt so heavy a Fire) our Center and Rear were busy in taking Possession of the most advantageous Ground on the Right and Left, which soon cost the Cherokees dear, and obliged them to retire: In short, we drove them from Height and Hollow all the Way to their Town, which we destroyed, and encamped there that Night. During the Action they endeavoured to frighten us with their Yelling, but we turned the Cheer upon them, with three Whirra's, and three Waves of our Bonnets and Hats, which they did not seem to relish.

They made a strong Attempt on our Provisions; but, by the good Conduct of Captain Peter Gordon, of the Royals, who commanded the Picquet, every Thing was saved, and they repulsed with great Loss. 28th, we remained all Day at Etchowee, taking the best Care of the Wounded possible. 29th, we marched very early in the Morning, and returned to the War-Woman's Creek, without their daring to come near us. 30th, during our March to Ocunni, Lieutenant Montgomery, of the Highlanders, who commanded our Flankers on the Left, surprized a Party of the Enemy on the Top of a very high Hill; he gave them a Fire, and brought down several of them, which the rest carried off: They were in such a Hurry, that they left all their Blankets, several large Bags of Meal, one Bag of Ball, and about 30 Pounds Weight of Powder, besides Tomahawks, Pipes, &c. This Day Lieut. Donald M'Donald fell in with a Party of them, and killed five. First of July we returned to Fort Prince-George, after a very fatiguing Scout of eight Days, through a Country strongly fortified by Nature; through which no Body of Men can march against an Enemy, without building Posts at proper Distances, for the Security of Provisions and wounded Men. This is a short Detail of the last Week of June, 1760.

OFFICERS killed and wounded.

Of the ROYALS. Captain Williams, killed; and Captain Peter Gordon, and Ensign Eddington, wounded.

Of the HIGHLANDERS. Lieutenants M'Martain and M'Kennon, and Surg. M. J. Monro, wounded.

PRIVATES of both Regiments.

About 200 killed, and 60 wounded.

Extract of another Letter from Fort Prince-George, dated July 2, 1760.

THE 24th of June we marched from hence, and continued marching the 25th and 26th, without any Interruption from the Indians; but on Friday the 27th, about six Miles from Etchowee, the first Town in the Middle Settlements, the advanced Party under Captain Morrison, discovered three Indians, one of whom he made Prisoner; who pretended that the Middle Settlements were for Peace, and knew nothing of the Army's coming up.—The Colonel did not give much Credit to what the Prisoner said, but marched forward with the greatest Precaution: When marched about a Mile further, the advanced Party, under Captain Morrison aforesaid, were fired upon by the Indians from a Thicket: He nevertheless went forward, till his Party retreated, and himself was unfortunately killed.—The Colonel, on hearing the Fire, ordered the Light Infantry and Grenadiers to advance, which they did, and met with some of Captain Morrison's Party, who told them, that there were above 500 Indians lying in Ambush; they however still advanced, but could see nothing; although they were often fired upon: Coming to a rising Ground, they at Length discovered a Body of the Enemy, whom they immediately fired upon, and obliged them to retire into a Swamp. The Colonel then ordered the whole to advance, himself at the Head of the Royals, and Lieutenant-Colonel Grant at the Head of the Highlanders. The Indians still continued firing whenever they had an Opportunity, and the Army always pushed forward and firing, but at too great a Distance to do Execution. When they got as near the Indians as possible, several Platoons were discharged amongst them, which must have done Execution, for they retired, and left off firing. In this Affair the Colonel was struck by two spent Balls, on the Shoulder and Ankle. The Army was then ordered to march into the Path, and go for the Indian Town; a flanking Party being out on the Left, and a deep River on the Right. This Path was so narrow, that the Army was obliged to move through it in an Indian File. The Indians observing this Motion, went off, and came round upon the Rear of the Army, fired frequently, and wounded several Men; but being at last discovered, some Platoons were fired amongst them, and they ran off, some dragging others away by the Feet, Arms and Legs. The Front was fired upon two different Times before the Army reached the

Town, but little Damage done: The Indians were all gone when we arrived there, and their Doors locked: We found nothing here but some Indian Corn. The Army encamped on a Plain surrounded with Hills, and made Huts of Boards from the Indian Houses. The Colonel had his little Tent pitched in the Center, as we formed the Square. Several Shots were fired on our Camp from the Hills around, some of the Balls falling within 3 Yards of the Colonel's Tent, but were quite spent. About Five in the Afternoon, an Express came to the Camp, with Advice, that the Picquet, and Guard with the Provisions, were warmly attacked by the Indians, but that they defended themselves bravely, and killed several of the Enemy. The Colonel immediately ordered Captain Sinclair with 200 Men to their Assistance, who set out directly, and they all returned to Camp about Twelve at Night; the Enemy having been beat by the Picquet and Guard, before Captain Sinclair's Party got up to them. The fore Part of the 28th was taken up in dressing the Wounded, and putting every Thing in a proper Posture of Defence; and all was quiet till about Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, when a Shot was fired from a Hill at a small Distance from us, which was followed by Volleys from a Body of Indians, for the Space of Half an Hour, without ceasing. Captain Sutherland was immediately ordered to the River's Side with the Colonel's Company; but when he arrived there, thinking he was at too great a Distance to do Execution, he crossed the River, and fired several Platoons upon the Enemy, which obliged them to run off. We received little Damage from the Enemy; they wounded only two or three of our People slightly. Several of our Horses being killed, and others wounded, it was hard to determine what should be done; for if we proceeded further, either our Provisions or Sick must be left; the first we could not go without, and the Sick could not be left in a Place of no Defence, to become a Prey to merciless Savages: It was therefore resolved, that the whole should return; and Carriages were immediately made for those of the Wounded that could not go on Horseback.

The Whole marched about 12 in the Night, the Colonel thinking it was the safest Way from being disturbed by the Indians.—We accordingly marched about 25 Miles that Night, and the next Day, without hearing any Thing of them, till on the Morning of the 30th, when several Shots being fired off which could not be drawn, having been wet by Rain in the Night, at Assembly-beating, a Party of the Enemy, who had come through the Woods by a near Path (imagining the Camp had been attacked by some other of their Parties) advanced and fired upon the Centries of our Picquet, who were posted at some Distance in the Woods; but they were soon made sensible of their Mistake, and obliged to go off in great Haile. After our flanking Parties were placed, and every Thing got in Readiness, we began our March, and before the Rear had come off the Ground of Encampment, Lieutenant Montgomery, who was on the flanking Party of the Front, came upon a Body of about 60 Indians, who were lying in Wait for us, and drying their Baggage, Blankets, &c. in the Sun, which had been wet the Night before. Upon giving them a Fire, they all ran off; those that were wounded they threw on Horses, and carried away with them: Before all Lieutenant Montgomery's Party could come up, it being on a Hill, and the Men walking in Indian File, the Indians had left every Thing (except their Firelocks) which our Party seized, and what they could not bring away, they cut to Pieces, and destroyed.—Another Party of the Enemy likewise attacked our Rear, but were beat off, and several of them killed.—We encamped that Night about nine Miles from hence, and arrived here the 1st current; whence we shall proceed in a Day or two down the Country.—Captain Williams, of the Royal Light Infantry, and eight of the Royals Rank and File were killed; and two Officers, one Serjeant, and 32 Rank and File wounded. Of the Highlanders, two Serjeants, and six Rank and File were killed; four Officers, a Surgeon's Mate, one Serjeant, one Piper, and 25 Rank and File wounded, some but very slightly.—No Indians have been seen or heard of, since they were beat off the 30th in the Morning.

The following Particulars are mentioned in other Letters, viz.

THAT the Action between the Army and the Cherokees on the 27th ult. began at 8 or 9 in the Morning, and continued between 4 and 5 Hours, with little Intermision. That some of Capt. Morrison's Company supposed the Indians

the Thicket that were some Men killed, and two wounded. That good Officer till he with the Regulars offer to continue mand of Lieuten tains Grinnan, a some other of Spirit. That Indian-Corn for That some of the River, in ord That Capt. Wil every Letter) lof Morrison. That may be about 5 among them, th tance than our Men must have the Return to K deceived, by Li wee, when the whence the Ene till they had st when the Army of Provisions w Prince George. There is no N but we hope C from Virginia, tunate Garrison Yesterday H Creek Indians, Mr. Galphin's of Mr. Queen's The Genera voted 5000 l. Lieutenant-Gov helpless People dian War, and on our Frontie as a Reward to ingenious Disc W I L L Colonel Byr Southern Expe 18 Miles below 9th Instant. soon towards F Men. By a Vessel the Arrival of the Line. It at different T order to deceiv receive a Squa stined for Gun B C Wednesday last Louisburg, which we are informed, dispatched from 6 Hours, with Ad some of the In and lying in one War, two of th Guns each; and out 6 or 7 Triva 100 Tons, take the above Capt. Carriage Guns. 74 Guns, comm 60 Gun Ships, 20 Guns, thei with such Dispa housed ashore, next Day (the doubted but the And on Sun from the above Sail of French they had receiv in Quest of the it was thought We also lear Garrison had f and that the Fortifications: jesty's positive The same I from Louisbu which Place h 26 Store-ships not above 4 or had got up w expected: Th in order to m that Preparati Pursuit of the from Louisbu ing to two V were got up t nemy, who c going up the In the ab General Amb FOR LI Libert

ABRAHAM MILTON, Author of the FARMER'S COMPANION, informs the Public, That he is determined to have it Printed within two Months, altho' he has not obtained the Number of Subscribers mentioned in his Proposals. Such who chuse to encourage it, are desired to send their Names to the Printing-Office in Annapolis, as soon as possible.

IMPORTED

From GLASGOW, and by the FLEET from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS,

CLOTHS $\frac{3}{4}$, and $\frac{1}{2}$, Duffels, Bearskins, Frizes, Coatings, Fearnoughts, Half-Thicks, Kerseys, German Serges, Duroys, Everlastings, Thicklets, Sagathies, Amens, with Shalloons colour'd and white, and other suitable Trimmings, Bibles, Testaments, Pfalters, Primers, Writing Paper, Ink-Powder, Quills, Maps, framed Glafs Prints, printed Paper for Rooms of different Colours, Irish Linen, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$; Sheeting white and brown, brown Holland, German, Scots, and Irish Osnabrigs, Dumblane Linen, printed Linen and Handkerchiefs, Mens, Womens, and Childrens Worsted Stockings, Mens white and brown Thread Stockings, Tapes, Gartering, Cotton Laces, Silk Ditto, Bed Ticking, strip'd Holland, Checks, Plaid, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Ounce Thread, whited Ditto, brown and colour'd Ditto, Starrets, Worsted Damask, blue and green, Callimanco, Tammies, Camblets, Durants, Allopeen, Bombazine, strip'd Flannels, Lawns, plain, flower'd, spotted, and strip'd, plain and strip'd Silk Gauze Lawn, Cambricks, Clear Lawn, Lawn Handkerchiefs, with strip'd and flower'd Borders, Kilmarnock Carpets and Caps, Oil Floor Cloths of different Sizes, Dowlas, Garlix and other German Linens, Table Cloths, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, with Table Linen, Cotton, Counterpanes, Gowns, and Holland, white Jeans, Russia Drab, Huckaback and Towelling, brown Rolls, coarse and fine printed Callicoets, Chintz, white Callico, Humhums, Mullins, Silk Handkerchiefs, Topfais, Romals, black and colour'd Gauze Handkerchiefs, Wig Cauls and Ribband, Crewels, Shades, and yellow Canvas, Nemeses, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pepper, Teas, Green and Hyson, China Ware, Mens black and white Silk Stockings, Playing Cards, Gilt Trunks, Crapes, Silk Alamode, Sattin, black, blue, pink and white, black Lutefring & Paduasoy, green, white and pink Damask, strip'd and brocaded Taffaties, Persian Taffaties, red, yellow, blue, and green, Polanese and Prussian Cloaks, Variety of Cutlery, Nails, 20d. 10d. 8d. 6d. Brass Chain Nails, painted Sugar Boxes, Stock Locks plated and pull back, Closet Ditto with Brass Knobs, all Brass Chamber Ditto, Chest, Desk, Cupboard and Bag Locks, Hammers, Box and Sad Irons, Hand Saws, Cross Cut and Whip Saws and Files, Steel Coffee Mills, Drawing and Currying Knives, Two Foot Rules, Desk & Coffin Furniture, Plane Irons with Stocks, Gouges, Chizels, Hinges, Chasing Dishes, Carpenters Axes & Adzes, Stilliards, Brads and Copper Scales, with Beams and Weights, Gold Ditto, Augurs, Tongs and Shovels, Grid Irons, Garden Shears & Rake Heads, Plate Warmers, Door Latches, Thumb Ditto, Fire Bellows, Brick Trowels, Tea Kettles, Brass Mortars and Pestles, Candle Moulds, Coffee Pots, Brass Cocks and Candlesticks, Cullenders, Dish Covers, Cheese Toasters, Milk Pans, Funnels, Sauce Pans and Cans Quart and Pint, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Houfings, Surcingles, Girths and Webb, Saddle Bags, Cruppers, Stirrup Leather, Mens and Womens Gloves and Mitts, Boys and Girls Gloves, baladine Silk, Ribbands, and Silk Purfes and Caps, Womens Silk Hats & Bonnets, scarlet and colour'd Cloaks, Ivory and Horn Combs, Silk Garters, Pins, Needles, Edging, Lace black and white, Leghorn Hats, Wax, Wafers, Girls Dimity and Canvas Stays, Shoe Thread, strip'd Cotton Jackets and Fearnoughts, Great Coats, Castor and Felt Hats, Single and Double Refined Sugar, Womens Silk, Everlasting & Callimanco Shoes, Mens and Womens Leather Shoes & Pumps, Boys & Girls Ditto, Leather Breeches, Bagging, Plaiding, Yarn and Plaiding Hofe, Pipes long and short, Delph, Stone, and Glafs Ware, Powder and Shot, Blankets, Rugs, Matchcoat Blanketing, Kendal Cotton, Hair Brooms, Scrubbing Brushes, Shoe, Buckle, and Cloth Brushes, Hair Sisters, Curry Combs and Brushes, Wool and Cotton Cards, Brimstone, Salt Petre, Fig & Indigo Blue, Allom, Poland Starch, Glue, Florence Oil, Weston and Arnold's Snuff, Fiddle Strings, Curtain Rings, Fowling Pieces, Cotton Wick, Powder Horns and Shot Bags, Window Glafs 8 by 10, Linfeed Oil, Coffee, fine Salt, &c. &c.

ROBERT COUDEN.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, By the Subscriber, at Mr. John Inch's in Annapolis, for ready Paper Current Money of Maryland, or Bills of Exchange, on Thursday the 14th of August, being the Third Day of Court.

A VALUABLE young NEGRO Man, who understands sawing, cutting, plowing, and going by Water; likewise a young NEGRO Woman, who understands Washing and Ironing: Also some Household Furniture.

X 3 PHILIP PETTIBONE, Administrator of Capt. Richard Boone.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Wednesday the 27th Day of August, being the second Day of Court, at UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money,

A CHOICE Tract of LAND, lying in Prince-George's County, near Mattapany, being that Part of a Tract of Land, called Brooke Chance, whereon Edward Swann now lives, containing 256 Acres. For Title and Terms apply to

CHARLES GRAHAME, GEORGE LEE.

A PARCEL of choice well-bak'd SHIP BREAD, and good BARBADOS RUM, to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store in Baltimore-Town, very cheap, for good Bills of Exchange, or Current Money.

X 4 THOMAS and NICHOLAS JONES.

July 15, 1760. THE Subscriber, at BLADENSBURG, has a Quantity of GOODS consigned to him on Purpose for Wholesale, which are opened, that Purchasers may have an Opportunity of choosing their Assortments. RICHARD HENDERSON.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, in the CHARMING POLLY, Captain SAMUEL BARBER, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Stores in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH and NOTTINGHAM Towns, Wholesale or Retail,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season, at reasonable Rates, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco. JOSEPH SIM.

JUST IMPORTED, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at ANNAPOLIS, by WHOLESALE,

ABOUT Twelve Hundred Pounds Worth, first Cost, of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, being a Cargo extremely well sorted for this Country, both for Summer and Winter Goods, and well Bought. They will be Sold at a small Advance on the prime Cost. BENNETT CHEW.

JUST IMPORTED, In the Ship BETSEY, Capt. WILLIAM STRACHAN, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS,

A GOOD Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, very cheap, for ready Money, or to his Customers at the usual Credit. Smith's Work, Sail-making, Ship's Blocks, and Carting, as usual. WILLIAM ROBERTS.

THE MANAGERS of ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, in Virginia, having disposed of almost all the TICKETS, propose to Draw at the Time fix'd in the Scheme (the first of September) or sooner.

A few of the Tickets may be had at the Printing-Office, in Annapolis, if applied for soon.

X 4 Charles County, June 26, 1760. STRAY'D or STOLEN from the Subscriber, a Black Horse about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock R, a small Blaze down his Face, bob Tail, Paces slow, and from that to a Gallop, and was once the Property of Mr. Andrew Monroe, of Nanjemoy. Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber, living near Allen's-Fresh, shall have a Pistole Reward. JOHN WARREN.

THE SHERIFFS of the several Counties in this Province, who have any Accounts with DANIEL DULANY, Esq; now absent on a Journey to the Northward, are requested to apply to the Subscriber, who is empowered to settle the same.

X 4 WALTER DULANY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Patapsco-Neck in Baltimore County, on the 13th Instant, a Mulatto Fellow named William Ijar, he has a Scar under one of his Eyes, and is a short thick well-set Fellow. He had on and took with him an old blue Great Coat, a Fustian Coat, brown Holland Waistcoat, a white Shirt, Castor Hat, Cotton Breeches, and two Pair of Stockings.

Whoever takes up the said Fellow, and secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Twenty Shillings, beside what the Law allows, paid by LUKE TROTTON.

Baltimore-Town, July 7th, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber's Plantation on the Garrison Ridge, near St. Thomas's Church, Baltimore County, on Sunday the 6th Instant, a Convict Servant Man, named John Thomas, about 25 or 26 Years old, brown Complexion, short black Hair, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high. Had on when he went away, a new Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes. He also carried with him, a new Coat, Waistcoat and Breeches, made of a brown colour'd Broad-Cloth, trimm'd with yellow Metal Buttons, &c. Whoever brings the said Servant back to his Master, or secures him so that he may get him again, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward, besides what the Law allows.

CHRISTOPHER CARNAN.

WANTED,

A MAN who understands the Management of a WIND-MILL. Such a one will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Subscriber at Herring-Bay. SAMUEL CHEW.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, On Wednesday in the next November Courts in Prince-George's and Frederick Counties,

ALL the outstanding Debts (without Exception) then due to Messrs. Alexander Brown, and Company, contracted with Mr. Robert Mandell, while he kept Store at George-Town on Reek-Creek, and left with me to be collected. For the Convenience of those who may incline to purchase, Lists of the Debts, against the first of September, will be lodged at the Stores in Upper-Marlborough, Bladensburg, George-Town, and Frederick-Town, and Copies affixed at the Court-Houses, and other public Places.

Any Person inclining to make a private Purchase of the Whole, or a Part, may apply to me any Time between the First of September and the Day of Sale. GEORGE SCOTT.

Charles County, June 22d, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man named John Winter, a very compleat Houle Painter; he can imitate Marble or Mahogany very exactly, and can paint Floor Cloths as neat as any imported from Britain. The Time of his going off is uncertain, as he was hired to a Gentleman in Virginia who can give no Account of the Time. The last Work he did was a House for Col. Washington near Alexandria. He must be pretty well known there, having work'd at his Business several Months in Town. He is a very impertinent Fellow, pretty tall, and very red about the Nose and Face. His Drefs is uncertain. Whoever brings the said Servant home, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Five Pistoles Reward, paid by JOHN FENDALL.

Charles County, June 22d, 1760.

RAN away last Night from the Subscribers, two Convict Servants, viz. James Williams, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, short dark Hair, and the two fore Fingers of his right Hand cut off (as he says by his Mother.) Had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a blue Sailor's Jacket, old Shoes and Stockings, and an old Hat. Thomas Orford, a Lad, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, sandy Hair, white Eye-brows, and freckled Face. Had on a black Que Wig, pretty good Hat, Shoes and Stockings. It is suspected they will steal other Cloaths, and that they have a forged Pass as Sailors.

Whoever secures both or either of the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have Four Pistoles Reward for both, or Two Pistoles for either, paid by BENJAMIN FENDALL, JOHN FENDALL.

Fairfax County, in Virginia, June 6, 1760.

To be LET, and ENTERED on immediately, A VERY choice TRACT of LAND, containing several Thousand Acres, belonging to CHARLES, Earl of TANKERVILLE, lying on Patowmack River, and chiefly bounded by Kittockton Creek, in the County of Loudoun, and Colony of Virginia. Any Person may know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber at Mr. Wilson Kirk's, on the said Creek, or at Mr. Andrew Adam's, Merchant, in Leesburg, in the said County, where Attendance will be given, by JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

For more Advertisements, see the Supplement.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

SUPPLEMENT

To the MARYLAND GAZETTE, [N^o. 796.]

JUST IMPORTED,

In the last Ships from LONDON and GLASGOW, and to be Sold by Mr. HENRY TUBMAN at BENEDICT, and the Subscriber at NOTTINGHAM, on Patuxent River, very cheap, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco.

A GREAT Variety of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN GOODS, consisting of Chintz, printed and white Calicoes, Humhums, Mullins, Tandems, Long and Clear Lawns, Cambricks, Nankeens, Cotton and Silk Romal Handkerchiefs, Lunges and Bandanoe Ditto, Scots Linen, and printed Cotton Ditto, Flaxen Russia, Pomerania, Princes, and Dowlas Linen, Damask and Diaper Table Cloths, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ Diaper, English Persian, Persian and China Taffaties, white, black, yellow, and blue Sattins, white, pink, and yellow English Damasks, an Assortment of fashionable Tobine and Brocaded Lutestrings, black Mantua and Alamode, China Silk for Breeches, black and white Silk Stockings, black and colour'd Silk Mitts, scarlet, black, light colour'd, French grey, claret colour'd, blue, and brown superfine Broad-Cloths, a Variety of lower priced Ditto, Forest Cloths, blue, drab, and mix'd German Serge, Drugget, Bearskin, Duffel, narrow and $\frac{1}{2}$ Frizes, blue, green, red, and yellow Half-Thicks, scarlet, black, white, blue, green, and cloth colour'd Shalloons, $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ English Blankets, mill'd and raw strip'd and white Scots Plading or Blanketting, $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ spotted, mottled, and Torrington Rugs, Kilmarnock Floor-Carpets from 5 to 21 square Yards, white Flannel, strip'd Linsey, Leather Breeches, plain and ribb'd Yarn Stockings, Plading Hose, Boys, Girls, Mens, and Womens Worsted and Thread Hose, Mens Worsted, Cotton, and Silk Caps, scarlet, black, crimson, and buff colour'd Worsted Patterns for Vests and Breeches, Mens white Lamb, black bound, Wash, Shammy, and Buckskin Gloves, Womens black bruised fine white Kid, white Lamb, coloured Wash, Shammy, and white Cotton Gloves and Mitts, plain Linen and Diaper Tapes, white and strip'd Filletings and Ineles, strip'd and scarlet Gartering, Silk and Worsted Ferrettings and Quality, long and short Silk, Cotton and Thread Laces, white and dyed Jeans, India Dimity, stich'd Diamond and Drawboy, whited Diapers, strip'd Cotton Holland, Gingham, Indiana and Grandurel, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, and $\frac{1}{4}$ Cotton Counterpanes, Cotton Gowns, 6, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$, 7, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$, and $\frac{3}{4}$ Bed Bunts, scarlet, black, and white Hair Shags, Ivory Combs, Crambo, Buckling, Wig, and fine half-and-half Horn Ditto, Dumbane Linens, plain, strip'd, checqu'd, spotted, flower'd, and sprigg'd Paisley Lawn, plain and flower'd border'd Ditto Handkerchiefs, fine Womens Ruffles of Ditto, scarlet and blue Worsted Damasks, Camblets and Cambletees, Callimancoes, Tammies, Sagathies, Italian and Norwich Crapes, Bombazine, plain and figur'd Barragans, white Serge Dasoy, party and cloth colour'd Tartans; Prussianets, Yard wide Stuffs, crimson and black Genoa Velvet, Gimps, Holland Hoops, black Lace and Fringe, white and Blond Lace, Bone, Cocoa, and Ivory Fans, Chip Hats, Paper and Mock Chip Ditto, Womens plain, lac'd, and fring'd Silk and Velvet Bonnets or Sun Caps, Sattin Ditto mounted with Gimp, colour'd Ditto trimm'd with Blond Lace, black and colour'd plain, flounc'd, and flower'd Sattin Hats, colour'd Silk Shades and Hats, black Ditto, Prussian Cloaks, Capuchins and Polanese, black Velvet Ditto trimm'd with rich Lace, and Hats, black Velvet Hoods, plain, strip'd, flower'd and sprigg'd, narrow and wide Cypruss Gauze, an Assortment of fashionable Caps, Flowers, Stomachers, Gauze Handkerchiefs and Aprons, plain and flounc'd, ready made up, Suits of Gauze Caps, Handkerchiefs, and Ruffles, full Suits of

Ditto trimm'd with Blond Lace, some very rich, Glas and Wax Ear-Rings, Necklaces, and Solitaires, Bristol Stone Ditto, very curious Mock Diamond Ditto, Womens Stone and Paste Shoe and Girdle Buckles, Mens Bristol Stone Shoe, Knee, Breech, Stock, and Hat Buckles, Ditto Sleeve and Vest Buttons, Nuns, stitching, baladine and brown Thread, Pins, Needles, Ribbands, Silk Knee Garters, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, and $\frac{1}{4}$ Irish Linen, $\frac{3}{4}$ brown and white Scotch and Irish Sheetings, Blank Books, Letter-Cases, Writing Paper, and other Stationary, white Stock Tape, black Silk Ditto, an Assortment of Womens and Girls Stays, Scotch Snuff, roasted and untoasted, and Rappee, scarlet and cloth colour'd Cloaks, Buckram, Kendal Cottons, German and Scotch Osnabrigs, Scotch Dowlas, Harns and Twilling, Rolls and Hessians, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ Bed-Ticks, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ Fife & Glasgow Checks and strip'd Holland, Money Scales and Weights, Flint engraved and plain Decanters and Wine Glasses, plain Ditto Mugs, Tumblers, Cruits and Salts, white and brown Stone and Delph Ware of all Sorts, Mens Felt and Castor Hats, Womens plain and rough Ditto with Beagle Bands and Snailing, Womens common Shoes, Spanish Morocco, Callimanco, and Silk Ditto, Mens Boots & Shoes, double and single channell'd Pumps, and stich'd turn-overs, Boys, Girls, and Childrens Shoes, Cowby's broad and narrow Hoes and Axes, Claw and Lathing Hammers, Garden Spades, Drawing Knives, Iron and Steel Plate Hand and Cross Cut Saws, Scythes, Frying Pans, Iron Pots, Hunters Pipes, Bar-Lead, best London Drop Shot, high Bristol and Swan Ditto, F and FF Gunpowder, China Tea Ware, Ditto in compleat Sets enamell'd, Ditto Bowls, Plates, and Mugs, Hair and Lawn Sieves, Wire Riddles, Cotton and Wool Cards, Pepper, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pimento, Salt Petre, Roll Brimstone, Rock Allom, Peruvian Bark pulveriz'd, Glauber Salts, Indigo, Slate and Fig Blue, Bed Cords, Seines, 25, 30, 35, and 40 Fathom, small Looking-Glasses, Mahogany Ditto, Hearth & Hair Brooms, Clamps, Drums with Sticks, Fowling Pieces, Ditto London blued Barrels and Bridle Locks, 2d. 3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 20d. and 30d. Nails, London Crown Glas, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10, and 15 by 11, Cheshire Cheese, a Variety of Pewter, Tin Ware, and Brafiery, Saddlery and Cutlery, with many other Articles too tedious to mention.

The Subscriber hath also Madeira Wine, West-India Rum, Muscovado and Refin'd Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Candles, and Linseed Oil, to sell at reasonable Rates, Wholesale or Retail.

The Subscriber hereby gives Notice to all who are indebted to him upon open Accounts of more than one Year's standing, to pay off or otherwise settle their respective Accounts, to prevent future Expence to them, and Trouble to

Their very humble Servant,

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

N. B. I will give a good Price in Goods for good heavy Tobacco on Patuxent River.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BETSEY, Captain WILLIAM STRACHAN, and the CHARMING NANCY, Capt. CHARLES RIDGELY, from LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Stores in ANNAPOLIS and LONDON-TOWN, by Wholesale or Retail.

Likewise, Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from One Hundred to Five Hundred, Grapnels of fundry Sizes, Oakum, Sail Duck, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery.

Also, Floor-Carpets of different Sizes, from Six to Eighteen Square Yards each, with great Variety of Gauze Aprons and Handkerchiefs, &c.

JAMES DICK.

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7th, 1760.

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VENDUE,
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GEORGE SCOTT.

, June 22d, 1760.

Convict Servant Man
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Five Pistoles Reward.
JOHN FENDALL.

, June 22d, 1760.

Subscribers, two Con-

inches high, of a fair
the two fore Fingers of
his Mother.) Flat on
blue Sailor's Jacket,
Hat.

feet 4 or 5 Inches high,
reckled Face. Had on
Shoes and Stockings,
Cloaths, and that they

of the said Servant, for
the Four Pistoles Reward
paid by

JAMIN FENDALL,
IN FENDALL.

Virginia, June 6, 1760.

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Any Person may know
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Andrew Adam's, Mer-
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PATTERSON, Agent.

see the Supplement.

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JUST IMPORTED,
From LONDON, in the CHARMING NANCY,
Capt. RIDGELY, and to be Sold at my Store in
BALTIMORE-TOWN,

MILL'D Cottons, Match Coat Blankets,
Flannels, mix'd Kerseys, spotted Ditto and
Serge, green Pennistone, Bearskin, blue and red
Duffels, blue and red Plains, Snakekin, superfine
blue, black, claret, and scarlet colour'd Broad-
Cloths, and Trimmings suitable, blue, black,
scarlet, and cloth colour'd Shalloons, black and
red Hair Shag, Mens ribb'd and plain Worsted,
Thread, and Cotton Duff, Womens Worsted,
Thread, and Cotton Ditto, scarlet and crimson
Worsted for Breeches, Mens and Womens Kid
and Lamb Gloves, and Womens Kid and Lamb
Mitts, Tammys, Callimancoes, Stuffs, Venetians,
Crape, Alamode, brown and white Sheeting, Irish
Linens, Warming Pans, Copper Tea Kettles,
Bristol and Drop Shot, Double and Single Refined
Sugar, Nutmegs, Salt Petre, Mace, Cloves and
Cinnamon, Plumbs, Currans, Almonds, Black
Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Cheshire Cheese, Wo-
mens Leghorn Hats, Sifters, Hair Brooms, Wo-
mens scarlet Cloth Cloaks, Paper, Ink-powder,
Wafers, Slates in Frames, Slate Pencils, Bibles,
Testaments, Pfalters, Spelling-Books, Histories,
Plays, Primmers and Horn-Books, King Harry's
Cards, Strasbourg Snuff, Wool Cards, Candlewick,
brown Thread, Bellandine colour'd Ditto, Scotch
Nuns Ditto, whited brown Ditto, Nonsopretty,
Bobbin, Stock Tape, Quality Binding, Burdet
Garters, Cotton and Silk Laces, Ribbons, Romal
Handkerchiefs, Silk and Check Ditto, Spittlefield
Ditto, rich Lutestrings, Womens Silk Mitts, Bel-
landine sewing Silk, Crewels, Pins, Hatband
Crape, Womens Varnish'd Paper Hats, Womens
colour'd Sattin Ditto, Womens rich Silk and Sat-
tin Bonnets, Sattin Muffs in Cases, $\frac{1}{2}$ striped
Linens, $\frac{1}{2}$ Cotton Ditto, Yard wide Cotton and
Linen Checks, Cherrierries, Cotton Gowns, and
Thicksets of many Colours, Duffel Blankets from
 $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{10}{16}$, Cambricks, clear and spotted Lawns,
printed Cottons for Gowns, printed Calicoes,
Chintz, Hummums, white Calicoes, Nankeens,
brown Hollands, Russia, Drab and Sheeting, Buck-
ram, Cotton Romals, Topfail, Persian Taffaties,
Osnabrigs and Brown Rolls, Crocus, Mens and
Womens Saddles and Furniture, Mens Cloth Hou-
sings, Horse Whips, Snaffle Bridles, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, and $\frac{5}{8}$
Bed Bunts, Bed Ticken, Weston's Snuff, Guns,
Pewter Ink-Stands, Plates, Dishes, Basons, hard
Metal Tea and Table Spoons, Gallon, Quart and
Pint Measures, Pipes, Powder, Corks, Womens
and Girls Stays, Cocoa Knives and Forks, rivetted
white Bone Ditto, rivetted Buck Ditto, white
Bone Handle Pen Knives, Buck Handle Ditto,
Childrens round pointed Ditto, Razors, Taylor's
Shears, Siffars, Horn and Ivory Combs, Fish
Hooks, Looking Glasses of all Sizes, Womens
Ivory Pocket-Books, Marbles, Curry Combs,
Drum Battledores and Shuttle Cocks, white Metal
Coat and Vest Buttons, Gilt Ditto, Cup Gilt Dit-
to, Rath Marble Ditto, plated Gilt Ditto, Iron
Japan'd Waiters of different Sizes, Mahogany
Bottle Stands, white Metal and Brass Shoe and
Knee Buckles, white Metal and Glass Sleeve Bu-
tons, black and white. Glass Vest Buttons, Ma-
hogany Tea Boards of all Sizes, Bed Cords, Mens
and Boys Felt and Castor Hats, Womens Furr'd
Beaver Ditto, Dutch Toys of all Sorts, Violins,
 $4d.$ $8d.$ $10d.$ and $20d.$ Nails, large and small
Stock Locks, Sickles, Sheep Shears, Gimblets,
Marking Irons, Carpenters Drawing Knives, Stil-
liards and Peas, Carpenters Plane Irons of all
Sorts, Carpenters figur'd Squares, Frying Pans,
Seythes, Spades, Closet Locks, Hinges of all
Kinds and Sizes, Window Bolts, Iron Pots, Grind-
stones, red Earthen Pitchers, white Stone Decan-
ters, Milk Pans, fine twisted Wine Glasses, Glass
Tumblers, Flint Decanters Quart and Pint, Stone
Bottles from Gallon to Pint, large and small Butter
Pots, white Stone Tea Ware, painted Delf Ditto,
painted Delf Plates, Dishes and Punch Bowls,
Bohea Tea, &c. &c.

Also, good West-India Rum and Muscovado Su-
gar.
RICHARD MOALE.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship NELLY, Capt. WILLIAM WILKIN-
SON, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the
Subscribers, at their Stores in UPPER-MARLBOR-
ROUGH and QUEEN-ANNE TOWNS, Wholesale
or Retail,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN
and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable
for the Season.

Likewise, Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or
Hogshead, Madeira Wine, and very good Coffee.
ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

CASH for BILLS. Enquire of either of
the Printers hereof.

June 3d, 1760.

EIGHT PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from Curtiss's Creek Iron-Works,
in Anne-Arundel County, Two Convict Ser-
vant Men, viz.

John Collins, about 23 Years of Age, about 5
Feet 7 Inches high, pitted with the Small-Pox, of
a swarthy Complexion, has short black Hair, which
he combs back, has a pert Look, and speaks a
little in the West Country Dialect.

Thomas Cooper, about 26 Years of Age, about
5 Feet 3 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears
long black strait Hair, which he ties behind, is
pitted with the Small-Pox, and has lost one or
two of his upper Jaw Teeth, and is an Englishman.

They had on and took with them, a blue Ger-
man Serge Coat, with Mohair Buttons, one brown
Cloth Waistcoat without Sleeves, a Pair of blue
Broad Cloth Breeches, a brown Thickset Coat,
Sailor's Trowsers, White and Check Shirts, two
new Felt Hats, and sundry other Cloaths.

It is supposed they have an old Silver Watch,
and some Money with them.

Whoever takes up and secures the above Ser-
vants, so as their Master may have them again,
shall have Six Pistoles Reward; and if taken out
of the Province, Eight Pistoles, and reasonable
Charges if brought home, paid by

CALER DORSEY.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
FOR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and
Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing
the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a
GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in Alexandria, viz.

3 Tickets at £. 50	£. 150
3 Ditto at 25	75
10 Ditto at 10	100
20 Ditto at 5	100
49 Ditto at 2	80
745 Ditto at 1	745
821 Prizes.	Sum raised 250
2179 Blanks.	

3000 Tickets at 10s. £. 1500

THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize,
without any Deduction.

The Drawing to begin the first Day of September
next.

The Prizes to be published in the Virginia and
Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as
soon as the Drawing is finished.

All Prizes not demanded in six Months after
Publication, will be deem'd as generously given
to the Uses aforesaid.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Ma-
nagers, George William Fairfax, William Ramsey,
John Carlyle, Gerard Alexander, John Dalton,
George Johnson, George Mason, John Hunter, Robert
Adam, and John Muir, Trustees of the said Town,
who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they
faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Tickets may be had from the aforesaid Man-
agers, or from Col. John Champe, or Allan Macrae,
Merchant, at Dumfries; Hector D. S. and Benjamin
Greyson, Merchants, at Colchester; Philip Richard
Fendall, of Charles County; Messrs. Symmers and
John Weldon, Merchants, at Upper-Marlborough;
and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

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THE MARYLAND GAZETTE, [Numb. 797.]

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, August 14, 1760.

NEW HAUS (in the Circle of Westphalia) May 2.

His Serene Highness Prince Ferdinand changed his Head-quarters, on the 29th past, from Paderborn to this Place, which is about the Distance of Half a League from thence. The Hereditary Prince still continues there. The British Troops are under Orders to be ready to march on the 5th Instant: The Rest of the Army, it is presumed, will soon be put in Motion, and that the whole will be assembled about the 19th or 20th. We have received an Account of a Skirmish that happened on the 28th past at Vacha, a Town upon the Frontiers of Hesse, which forms the Head of our Chain of Cantonnements upon the Werri. A Body of the Enemy, consisting of the Regiment of M. D'Apchon, together with some Volunteers, made an Attack upon that Place, where Col. Freytag commanded. And tho' our Men were at first obliged, on Account of the Superiority of the Enemy, to abandon the Town; yet Col. Freytag took Post on a rising Ground near it where he kept the French in Play, till two Battalions of our Grenadiers, quartered in the Neighbourhood, came to his Assistance. Upon whose Approach, the French retired, but were followed for three Leagues, attacked, and drove from Geis, where they intended taking up their Quarters that Night. There were only two Companies of Chasseurs on Foot, one on Horseback, and a Squadron of the Black Hussars, that had any Share in this Affair. Our Loss in Killed and Wounded, amounts to about thirty Men; that of the Enemy is four Times as considerable. The French had brought a Number of Waggon's from Fulda, which they designed loading with the Plunder they might get from Vacha and Hirschfeldt, but were forced to make Use of them for the Purpose of carrying off their wounded Men.

LONDON, May 3.

We hear that new Treaties have been concluded between his Majesty, the reigning Prince of Brunwick, and the present Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, for taking an additional Body of Troops from each of those Princes into British Pay, and that proper Provision will soon be made for fulfilling the said Treaties.

They write from Paris, that an Opinion prevails, that M. Lally will be exposed to a severe Prosecution upon his Return, as there are many Complaints against him by the King's Officers, as well as by the East-India Company, who make no Scruple of asserting, that he has ruined their Affairs.

The Nett Debt of his Majesty's Navy, as it stood the 31st of December, 1759, amounts to 4,784,861 l. 17 s.

May 6. The Garrison of Gibraltar, which consists of six Regiments, is to be reinforced with two more. There were eight Regiments at Gibraltar in August; but on the strong Report of an Invasion, two of them were sent for, and arrived in September, viz. Jeffery's, and the Royal North British Fusiliers.

May 13. Friday his Royal Highness the Duke of York took his Seat in the House of Peers on a Chair of State, placed on the Left Hand of the Throne: His Royal Highness was preceded by the Heralds, and introduced by four Dukes, viz. the Dukes of Cleveland, Devonshire, Rutland, and the Earl of Guildford, as Proxy to the Duke of Ancester.

Several Expresses went from the War-Office on Friday Night last, with General Griffin's Orders for the speedy Embarkation of the Troops under his Command.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, May 12.

"The Generosity of the Duke of York, and Admiral Hawke, to the Widows of the Ramillies, is the great Topic of Conversation among our Sailors here. It has quite whetted their Courage, and (as they express it) now since they see they won't be forgot when they are dead, the Admiral may lead them into Brest this Summer, if he pleases."

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) July 9. SAVANNAH, in GEORGIA, July 2.

The Indians here are in exceeding good Temper; they merit Distinction, as they remarkably belisred themselves in our Behalf in the Day of Trial. Governor Ellis's Conduct in this Affair is highly commendable; it is steady, regular and uniform: His principal Talk is not yet delivered; in it he will urge the Necessity of they themselves taking Vengeance on the Murderers, but does not propose to let their Determination therein be final.

July 16. When Col. Montgomery marched from Congaree, the 17th of May, he sent down Orders to the Captains of the Transport Vessels, which brought the Troops from New-York, to be in Readiness to take them on board again by the 20th of July. On Friday last Joseph Nutt, Esq; one of the Contractors Agents, agreeable to Orders from the Colonel of the same Date, and now repeated, went up to the Freshets, where the Transports are, in order to see that the Provisions, &c. were in Readiness to be put on board from the Magazines at Monck's Corner, where we hear the Men are to embark.

This Day, about Noon, Mr. Andrew Williamson came to Town; he left Ninety-Six last Sunday, and informs us, that the Troops marched from thence for Congaree at 4 o'Clock on Friday Morning: Capt. Bell, the Commandant of that Fort, has 40 Men in Garrison. Mr. Williamson also informs us, that the Garrison at Fort Loudoun had been supplied with 300 Bushels of Indian Corn, and a Quantity of Bacon, about the 20th of last Month, which the Little Carpenter had procured by a Negotiation with the Great Warrior Oconahota.

To the Honourable WILLIAM BULL, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, in and over his Majesty's Province of South-Carolina.

The humble ADDRESS of his Majesty's COUNCIL.

May it please your Honour, WE his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Council of this Province, met in General Assembly, have fully considered the Purport of Lieutenant-Colonel Grant's Letter, communicated to us by your Honour Yesterday.

The unexpected Return of Colonel Montgomery, from the Cherokee Nation, is Matter of very great Concern to us; and will be more so, should the Forces under his Command suddenly embark for the Northward; nor is it easy to conceive what fatal Consequences may, by these Events, attend this and the neighbouring Provinces.

If we consider also, that the French Governor of New-Orleans (who has the Creeks and Chactaws under his Influence) will embrace the favourable Opportunity of putting in Execution the Plan which has been so long concerted for the Destruction of the British Southern Colonies; and if we reflect that many lesser Tribes of Indians may be compelled, by superior Numbers, to join with them, it is apparent to us that we are in a very critical and dangerous Situation, and stand in the greatest Need of the Aid and Assistance of his Majesty's Troops.

Under these alarming Circumstances, which threaten no less than the utter Ruin of this Province, we earnestly intreat your Honour to urge, in the strongest Terms, to Colonel Montgomery, the absolute Necessity of his Continuance here, with the Troops under his Command, where his Majesty's Service, and the Interest of this Province, so loudly call for his Assistance.

By Order of the House,

In the Upper-House of Assembly, EDWARD FENWICK.

the 12th Day of July, 1760.

The Lieutenant-Governor's ANSWER.

Honourable Gentlemen,

I RETURN you my hearty Thanks for this Address. The fatal Consequences which you apprehend from the present critical Conjunctions, in case we should be deprived of the powerful Assistance of the Detachment of his Majesty's Troops, under the Command of Colonel Montgomery, displays your great Knowledge of the Interests, and expresses the warmest Concern for the Security of this Province; and I do assure you that I will, according to your earnest Request, represent to Colonel Montgomery, in the strongest Terms, the great Necessity of his continuing here, with the Troops under his Command.

WILLIAM BULL.

Part of a Letter from the Camp near Ninety-Six, July 9, 1760.

July 1st. We arrived at Keeohwee; halted there that and the next Day, and made Preparations to proceed to Ninety-Six. Here Mr. Atkin, and several others that had staid at the Fort, joined us.

July 3d. We set out for Ninety-Six, leaving 6 or 8 Months Provisions, and about 40 Head of Cattle, for the Use of the Garrison at Fort Prince-George; where Colonel Montgomery found it absolutely necessary also to leave 2 Sergeants, and 24 Men of the Royals and Highlanders.

July 5th. Arrived at Ninety-Six, nothing remarkable happening by the Way. To-morrow and next Day we shall halt, to recruit our Sick and Wounded a little; and on Friday march for the Congaree.

Mr. Wilson is dispatched on purpose to get the Transports immediately ready, in order to take the Troops on board when they arrive at Strawberry.

I had almost forgot to tell you the Indians got two Drums from us; and that when we returned from Etchowee over the Field of Battle, I had the Mortification to see poor Captain Williams lying above Ground and scalped, Captain Morrison's Head cut off, and scalped, and his Body cut in seven Pieces; even his Eye-brows were cut off; other Carcasses lay stripped, with many infamous Marks of Cruelty and Contempt upon them. Since that Affair, we have seen the Miscreants dressed in the Regiments of our Slain. Considering the many Difficulties we must have encountered, and the great Inconveniences we laboured under, I think we had not Force enough to attempt the Relief of Fort Loudoun.

Extract of a Letter from Fort Prince-George, dated July 5th.

An Account of the Operations of the Army under the Hon. Col. Montgomery, I make no Doubt, has been communicated to you long before this, I therefore shall not trouble myself or you with a Recital of what passed, from their leaving Keeohwee to go to the Middle-settlements, till their Return to this Fort. I most heartily lament the Situation of our poor Friends at Fort Loudoun, but it is absolutely impracticable to relieve them this Way; the Difficulty of the Passes, even to the Middle-settlements, can hardly be imagined; before I saw them, I had not that Idea of them; but the Traders tell us, that these are not to be compared with what we must have gone through to the Over-hills Towns. The Return of the Army was certainly a well-judged Thing, altho' I see some had Consequences that must follow: Had there been a Fort in the Middle-settlements, where to have lodged the Sick and Wounded, and to have secured a Retreat, in case of a Defeat, and that properly supplied with Men and Provisions, then we might have carried our Operations further; but as we were situated, it was impossible.

The 3d Instant the Army left us, and are marching downwards, in order to re-embark for New-York.

Yesterday one Jefferson, a Soldier in the Buffs, strolling

about the Hill, where the Army had been encamped, was shot and scalped by four of the Enemy, whom we saw running away just after we heard the Report of the Gun. In the Evening the Centinels discovered 7 or 8 more skulking about the same Place; so that we begin to undergo a second Confinement, which I wish may not be as long, and more disagreeable than the first. Not a Man of the Rangers, or the new raised Regiment, could be prevailed on to remain here, alledging that their Time was up, &c. This Morning about 9 o'Clock, arrived here Capt. John Brown from Augusta, with 13 white Men, dressed and painted like Indians, and 43 Chickesaws, who came with an Intent to join Col. Montgomery, not having heard of his Return. They propose to stay till the Colonel is informed of their Arrival, which he will be this Evening, by the Bearer. Not a Word from Fort Loudoun since the 9th of last Month.

In Consequence of the Addresses that were presented to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor on Saturday last, by the Council and Assembly, an Express set out on Monday Morning, with Dispatches to the Hon. Col. Montgomery; who, after leaving a good Stock of Provisions, &c. at Fort Ninety-Six, left that Place on Friday last, very early in the Morning.

Extract from the Declarations of some of the Creek Traders, who were lately hurried out of the Nation by the Wolf, Gun-merchant, and others.

"That for about 3 Weeks after the late Murders in the Creek Nation, every Thing seemed pretty quiet, and the Gun-merchant gave the surviving Traders all possible Assistance in collecting the Goods and Horses together that had been plundered and shared; but that about the 12th of June, the Gun-merchant declared he could no longer protect them; desired they would depart immediately, and make the best of their Way to Augusta, if they valued their Lives; for that he had no longer a proper Influence over the young Men and Warriors: That he gave for a Reason, that since the Mortar's Return, there were nothing but bad Talks in the Nation, as, that the Cherokees had overpowered the English, and killed 1500 of them at one Time, who lay in Heaps for Miles; that their very Boys and old Women knocked them on the Head, and they were no more than Dunghill Fowls; and that even the Looks of Indians were sufficient to kill them, &c. And, that to the 12th of June, when they set out, there was nothing but continual Confusion and Threatenings in the Nation, which kept the Traders in continual Alarms, so that it was necessary to follow the Gun-merchant's Advice."

The Declaration of Capt. John Brown, who, with Capt. Adair, heads the Chickesaws, that are gone to join Col. Montgomery, imports, "that the Day before he left the Breed Camp, the Chickesaws advised him, if he wanted to save his Life, to go away immediately, and leave his Effects to their Care, which they would keep for, or send after him, if possible; for there was no trusting the Creeks any longer, who had agreed to fall on the English; and nothing had prevented their being all cut off in the Nation, but so many of their own People being down about this, and at Savannah: And that the Chickesaws told him farther, they got this Information from a Creek Fellow, who was related to them, and it was confirmed by several Chickesaws, who had gone into the Creek Nation on purpose to get Intelligence."

Half Breed Abraham, and the other Creek Indians, who arrived at Mr. M'Queen's Plantation, came to Town last Monday, and have had a Conference with his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor.

Mr. Dempsey, who arrived here last Night from the Army under the Hon. Col. Montgomery, informs us, that he left them at Little-Saludee last Tuesday, and supposes they might arrive at Congaree as last Night, and not before, being obliged to travel very easy, on Account of the Wounded. He met the Negro Abraham at Lyon's Creek, going with Dispatches to Col. Montgomery.

BOSTON, July 28.

Monday last arrived here Colonel Arbutnot, who has commanded at Fort Frederick, in St. John's River, the Year past; also several other Officers, and a Number of Soldiers belonging to this Province, who have garrisoned his Majesty's Forts up the Bay of Fundy, and now discharged, arrived here, being relieved by a Number lately enlisted in this Province for that Service. We hear that the Indians behave well, and still continue to come in to the several Forts at Nova-Scotia, and carry on Trade very peaceably.

One of the Vessels mentioned in our last to be taken going up to Quebec, was Capt. Clouston, from this Place, which Vessel was retaken, after a valuable Cargo was taken out of her: The Vessel from Halifax belonged to Rundle and Crawley, of that Place.—Three small Vessels, 'tis said, were armed and fitted out from Quebec, to cruise in the River, and prevent the Enemy from thus seizing the Traders.—And that Governor Murray has given Liberty to the French Peasants to bring into the City fresh Provisions, for which they were well paid.

Extract of a Letter from St. Eustatia, dated June 26.

"Commanders Douglas has cut all the Vessels out of Dominica, and burnt the Village of St. Joseph.—There are 15 Sail of the Line on this Station, and Men of War daily arriving from England: The Object of their Attention remains as yet a Secret."

We learn from Portsmouth, New-Hampshire, that an Express arrived there last Wednesday from their Regiment at No. 4, and informed, That an Express came to Col. Wolfe the 17th Instant, from Major Rogers, with Advice, that a large Body of French and Indians had landed upon the East Side of Lake Champlain, and it was feared were designed to attack their Regiment.

ED, IAM WILKIN- be Sold by the PER-MARLBOROUGH, Wholesale EUROPEAN GOODS, suitable

the Barrel of very good Coffee. NEW SYMMER. ure of either of June 3d, 1760. REWARD. eek Iron-Works, wo Convict Ser-

of Age, about the Small-Pox, of black Hair, which k, and speaks a ft. rs of Age, about complexion, wears ties behind, ia d has-lost one or is an Englishman. hem, a blue Ger- rations, one brown n, a Pair of blue n Thickset Coat, check Shirts, two r Cloaths. old Silver Watch,

es the above Ser- have them again, and if taken out, and reasonable by MALE DORSEY.

OTTERY, wo Hundred and ng and Repairing and Erecting a n Alexandria, viz. L. 150 75 100 100 80 745 m raised 250

L. 1500 Blanks to a Prize,

ft Day of September in the Virginia and Money to be paid at in six Months after as generously given

are appointed Ma- x, William Ramsay, nder, John Dalton, John Hunter, Robert s of the said Town, on Oath that they eposed in them. the aforesaid Man- oe, or Allan Macrat, r, Sand Benjamin ster; Philip Richard eairs. Symmers and Upper-Marlborough: nnapolis.

long Ones:

giments, who were encamped on Giff's Road, 18 Miles above
New 4.—That their Men were all well, and in high Spirits,
having lost but one Man out of the Regiment; and that they
had finished the Road 23 Miles.

Yesterday Morning arrived here Capt. Andrews in 18 Days
from Louisburg, and informs, that the Miners have been some-
what retarded in their Work, by the coming in of some of the
Mines, and that it would be some Time before the Works are
blown up.—That they had received no late News from Que-
bec; nor any from our Ships which lately sailed from thence in
Quest of the French Vessels said to be in the Bay of Chaleurs.

Friday last arrived here from Louisburg and a Cruise, the
Province Ship of War King George, Capt. Hollowell. From
Louisburg we learn, that the armed Vessels lately fitted out from
thence, had been at Pictou, and burnt 5 or 6 of the Vessels
which the Enemy had taken from us last Year, and brought off
some Plunder: That the Indians from St. John's, who brought
the Account of the five French Men of War being in the Bay
of Chaleurs, also informed, that they had landed 400 Men, in
order, it was said, to attack our Garrison at Fort Cumberland.

By Capt. Jacobson, who arrived here Yesterday
from London, we are informed, That on receiving
the melancholy Account of the Devastation in
this Town by Fire in March last, Subscriptions
were set on Foot in the Cities of London, Bristol,
and most other Places in England; as also in Scot-
land, Ireland, and Holland, for the Relief of the
Sufferers by that Fire.

NEW - LONDON, July 25.

Extract of a Letter from Louisburg, June 24.
"General Whitmore's and Hopson's Regiment are embarked,
and will sail the first fair Weather for Quebec. Three 70
Gun Ships and 2 Frigates have sailed from here in Quest of
several French Men of War, who were in the Gulf, and sup-
posed intended to land Men and Stores at Chedibucto, or there-
abouts. The Miners, &c. are hard at Work to demolish this
Garrison, which will be effected in about 3 Weeks."

Last Monday arrived here from Cape-Francois by Way of
Monto Christi, Captain House, who commanded the rich
Philadelphia Snow, taken by Monsieur Chateleau, who, we
are very sorry to say, has not answered the Character formerly
given of him; for, notwithstanding Captain House proved a
most valuable Prize, having a Cargo on board, worth at least
Sixty Thousand Pounds Sterling, he was stripped of every
Thing, even to a single Coat, obliged to pay for his Lodgings
while at the Cape, and the Surgeon's Bills for attending
him (being shot through the Right Hand, so as to render it
useless) his he found Means to do by the Friendship of one
Monfieur M'Carty, a Merchant, who supplied him with
some Money, or he must have lain in Goal. From this
Treatment of a Gentleman, who unfortunately fell into
his Hands with so fine a Cargo, we believe Chateleau's Po-
liteness, while on our Coast, was owing more to several of
the New-York Privateers, into whose Hands there was some
Danger of his falling, than to Principles of Virtue or Human-
ity in him. These were about 20 Sail of French Ships in
that Port; and more daily coming in, our Men of War on that
Station, not having Time to look after them, being engaged
to a Branch of Trade the most beneficial for Great-
Britain and North-America that the English have ever en-
gaged in.

NEW-YORK, August 4.

Wednesday Morning died at his Seat, the Ho-
nourable JAMES DE LANCEY our Lieutenant-Gov-
ernor, in the 57th Year of his Age. This unex-
pected Event, for he was in perfect Health the
Evening before, threw the whole City into the
deepest Sorrow and Amazement. A Pain in the
Breat asked him at Three, and continued with-
out Intermission till about Nine in the Morning,
when before he apprehended the Necessity of a
Physician, seized with a Fit, he suddenly expired.

He was descended of an honourable Family in
this City, and had his Education at Cambridge,
under the Tuition of Mr. Herring, afterwards the
celebrated Archbishop of Canterbury. Here he
laid the solid Foundation of his future Importance.

His early Accomplishments, soon after his Re-
turn, introduced him into his Majesty's Council,
and the second Seat in the Supreme Court of Ju-
dicature.

In the Year 1733, he took the first Seat on the
Bench, and having for 20 Years discharged that
important Trust with the greatest Applause, his
Majesty was pleased to confer on him the Honours
of that dignified Station in which he died.

To do ample Justice to this eminent Character in
so contracted a Compas, and on so sudden and
alarming an Occasion, is what the World will
hardly expect, or his distinguished Accomplish-
ments, indeed, permit. He enjoyed a quick Con-
ception, a deep Penetration, a clear Judgment,
and a retentive Memory. These natural Talents,
heightened and improved by his Attainments in
Literature, and an intimate Acquaintance with
Mankind, made him an agreeable and instructive
Companion to those who were honoured with his
Conversation; and qualified him to fill the most
important Offices with uncommon Dignity and
Lustre.

His Genius provident, active, fertile in Expe-
dients, and capable of averting or improving the
most unexpected Occurrences; joined to a perfect
Knowledge and Esteem of our happy Constitution,
and a zealous Attachment to his Majesty's illu-
strious House, rendered him a most able and faith-
ful Counsellor to the Crown; and to the Rights

and Liberties of the People, a cordial and un-
shaken Friend.

In the chief Seat of Justice, he was for Capacity
and Integrity equalled by few, excelled by none.
Patient in hearing, ready in distinguishing, and in
his Decisions found and impartial. He gave such
universal Satisfaction, that even the Vanquished
confessed the Justice of the Sentence. To form
him, in short, a shining Ornament of the Law,
Nature and his own Industry had united their ut-
most Efforts.

His Promotion to the Government at a Season
the most momentous to the Colonies, was signally
advancive of his Majesty's Service, and the public
Emolument. And by the Confidence the People
reposed in his superior Abilities, they were induced
to exert themselves in the common Cause, with
the greatest Vigour and Alacrity.

Next Day, at three Quarters after Six, P. M.
his Majesty's Ship the Winchester, of 50 Guns,
Captain Hale, now in the North River, fired a
Gun for the Funeral to move, which was done
from his Honour's Seat, in the Bowry. At the
same Instant, Minute Guns began firing from
Copey Battery, and continued till 7, the Number
of his Age. The Battery was followed by the
Winchester, and she by the General's Packet,
each firing the same Number with the Battery.
The Order of the Procession, from his Honour's
Seat to Trinity Church, was as follows, viz.

1. The Clerks of Trinity-Church, and St.
George's Chapel, in an open Chaise.
2. The Rector of Trinity Church, in a Chaise.
3. The Clergy of the several Protestant Deno-
minations in this City, two by two, in Chaises.
4. An open Hearse bearing the Body in a Coffin,
covered with black Velvet, richly adorned with
gilt Escutcheons and Furniture. The Hearse was
drawn by a beautiful Pair of white Horses, belong-
ing to his Honour, in Mourning, and were drove
by his own Coachman.
5. His Majesty's Council, in mourning Coaches,
being Pall Bearers.
6. Relations, in mourning Coaches.
7. Members of the Assembly, in Coaches.
8. The Magistrates, two by two, in Coaches
and Chaises.
9. All the Gentlemen of the Law in this City,
two by two, in Coaches and Chaises.

The Extent of the Procession was more than
Half a Mile: They moved in a very regular
Manner, and with a slow Pace, until they came
opposite the House of Mr. Edward Willet, in the
Broadway, where the Hearse stopped. The Corpse
was then taken off, and put on Mens Shoulders:
The Members of his Majesty's Council then came
out of their Coaches, and supported the Pall:
The rest of the Gentlemen alighted from their
Carriages likewise, and followed two by two, ac-
cording to their Affinity and Rank. In this Or-
der they proceeded into Trinity Church, which
was beautifully illuminated. The Corpse was then
taken from the Mens Shoulders, and placed on a
Stand before the Desk; where the Reverend Mr.
Barclay performed the Funeral Service; at the
Conclusion of which the Body was removed a
few Yards to the middle Isle, where it was interred.
The Whole was conducted with the greatest De-
corum and Solemnity.

Yesterday Morning the Honourable CADWAL-
BADER COLDEN, Esq; President of his Majesty's
Council, and Commander in Chief of the Province
of New-York, came to Town from his Seat at
Coldenham, in the Highlands.

The Privateer Harlequin, of this Port, has taken
and carried into Antigua, a large Dutch Ship,
loaded with French Sugars, which were condemn-
ed, but the Ship acquitted.

We hear from Albany, that so great a Flood of
Rain fell there, that on Saturday last, two Canals
which run through the Town, overflowed their
Banks, and many Cellars were filled with Water.
The Damage occasioned thereby, is computed to
be above 5000 l.

Last Monday Evening the Crew of a Boat be-
longing to his Majesty's Ship Norwich, which was
appointed to keep Watch round the said Ship,
took an Opportunity to desert from her, by getting
ashore on the Jersey Side of this Harbour. Before
they got to Land, they were discovered by the
Man of War, who suspecting their Design, fir'd a
Shot at them, but without any Regard being paid
to it; on which she fir'd another, that hit the Boat
and almost sunk her, besides taking off one of the
Men's Legs: However, they made a Shift to reach
the Shore with her, and get clear off (notwithstand-
ing they were pursued by two other Boats from
the Norwich and Winchelsea) leaving the wounded

Man behind them, in the Boat. The Crew con-
sisted of 15 in Number.

PHILADELPHIA, August 7.

We are well informed, that his Majesty was so
well pleased with the gallant Behaviour of the
Captains Elliot, Clements and Logie, in fighting
and taking M. Thurot's Squadron, that he most
generously presented the first with a Thousand
Pounds Sterling, and the other two with Five
Hundred Pounds each.

Extract of a Letter from Charles-Town, in
South Carolina, July 18, 1760.

"We are in Hopes that, at the Request of the
Governor, and the two Houses of Assembly, joined
with the general Voice of the People, Colonel Mont-
gomery, with the King's Forces, will be prevailed on
to stay with us, till Peace is restored to the Province.
By a Letter from Augusta received on Wednesday last,
there were some small Hopes of Matters being made
up with the Creeks.—The Sanguine are much elated
with this Piece of Intelligence, but perhaps the with-
drawing of his Majesty's Troops may make these In-
dians alter their peaceable Disposition, if they are
really so inclined."

On Thursday last Captain Porter arrived here
from Antigua. By him we have Advice, that
the Snow Two Brothers, Captain Barnes, for An-
tigua, and the Sloop Sally, Captain Dingee, for
Montserrat, both from this Port, are taken, and
carried to Martinico; and that the Schooner Jolly
Robin, Captain Conyers, likewise from this Place,
for Antigua, was also taken, but retaken, and
carried into St. Christophers.

By Captain Porter we are further informed,
That there are not less than 26 of his Majesty's
Vessels of War on that Station, 15 of which Ships
of the Line, the Remainder Frigates: That the
heavy Ships had been cruising for some Time off
of Martinico, in Hopes of falling in with M. Bom-
par, with 12 or 13 Line of Battle Ships, Advice
having been received in England, it is said, that
he had got out of Brest with such a Fleet, but his
Destination not certainly known; that the Frigates
were all cruising on the Trade of the Enemy, and
had taken several Dutchmen; three of which, with
one French Vessel, were lately sent into St. Chris-
tophers by the Griffin Frigate, Captain Taylor:
And that the Day he sailed, 4 French Privateers
came into St. John's, taken by the Echo and Lev-
ant Frigates; but that notwithstanding Numbers of
our Vessels were daily picked up by the Enemy.

Extract of a Letter from Pittsburgh, July 25, 1760.

"This Moment the Pack Horses, that went with
the Colonels Bouquet and Mercer to Presque Isle, are
returned.—The Troops arrived at the Lake the 16th,
and on the 17th Major Waters, with 400 of the
Royal American Regiment, embarked in Whale Boats,
and proceeded to Niagara."

Saturday last Captain Brown arrived here from
the West-Indies. In Lat. 36, about 18 Fathom
Water, he met with a Vessel overset. He brought
her Boom with him, by which it is thought she is
a Brigantine.

We have Advice from Oswego, that the Army
were chiefly collected there the 20th ult. and that
it was thought the General would set out from
thence in about ten Days from that Time.

ANNAPOLIS, August 14.

From Philadelphia, by a Gentleman who left it
last Sunday, we have an Account, that a Vessel is
arrived there from Ireland after a pretty good Pas-
sage, and brought a Dublin Gazette of the 27th
of May, wherein is a Paragraph to this Effect,
"A Vessel arrived at Limerick, May 22d, Express
from the East-Indies, brings an Account of an
Engagement between Admiral Pocock's Squa-
dron and the French Fleet, September 10th last.
"The English had 9 Ships, and the French 11, at
the Beginning of the Action. It continued very
obstinate for 2½ Hours, when the French bore
away, and our Ships being so disabled with the
Loss of Men, &c. upwards of 500 being killed
and wounded, we could not pursue. The Wey-
mouth had not a Man killed or wounded, and
the Sutherland only 2 killed."

Saturday Night last, Two choice young Negro
Men, used to the Water, belonging to John Bullen,
Esq; were drowned in our Dock, by the overset-
ting of a Punt. Their Bodies are since taken up.

About Ten Days ago, a valuable Negro Lad,
looking for a Horse on the West Side of Kittokton
Mountain, in Frederick County, was bit on the
upper Side of his left Foot, near his Great Toe,
by a Rattle Snake, which he kill'd, and then
taking his Knife out of his Pocket, cut off the
Skin and Flesh of his Foot near an Inch every
way round the Bite, and is like to do well. Being

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ABRAHAM MILTON, Author of the FARMER'S COMPANION, informs the Public, That he is determined to have it printed within two Months, altho' he has not obtained the Number of Subscribers mentioned in his Proposals. Such who chuse to encourage it, are desired to send their Names to the Printing-Office in Annapolis, as soon as possible.

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July 25, 1760.
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ask'd how he could bear to mangle his Flesh in that Manner, he said, *he knew he must die if he did not.*

Tuesday last, an extreme hot Day, a remarkable Race, or Journey, was run from Frederick-Town, to this City, which is 75 or 80 Miles, by a large Horse, with a Man on his Back, and a small Mare with a Boy, for 75 Pistoles, 50 to 25 being laid on the Horse, who won, and perform'd it exactly in Eleven Hours, Four of which they travelled very gently together.

The SMALL-POX is now only in one House in this Town, in a back Part of it; and we can assure those who assert otherwise, *that THEY LIE — under a mistake.*

A List of the Prizes in the FREDERICK-TOWN LOTTERY, will be in our next.

August 8th, 1760.

WHEREAS Mr. Joseph Smith, Iron-Master, in Baltimore County, did, on the 15th Day of September, 1759, mortgage unto the Subscriber Thirty-two Negroes, for sundry good Causes mentioned in the Instrument of Writing; and whereas the Subscriber, upon the Credit of the said Mortgage, and on the Request of the said Smith, advanced sundry Sums of Money & Goods, of which a Ballance is still due unto the Subscriber of the full and just Sum of Eight Hundred and Seventy-two Pounds Five Shillings Current Money. Any Person that will pay and discharge the same, may have an Assignment of the said Mortgage: The Time of its Expiration will be the first Day of September ensuing the Date hereof. Among the said Negroes there are about Eighteen or Twenty Tradesmen, *viz.* Smiths, Forgemens, Colliers, Carpenters, &c. such as may be serviceable to any Iron-Master.

EDWARD NORWOOD.

N. B. The said Smith has reported, that the said Norwood will not settle Accounts with him, which is entirely false, as he is always ready and willing to lay his Books before Iron-Masters, and to settle the same.

TO BE SOLD,

And Entered on the 20th of October next,

A TRACT of LAND, lying on the North Side of the Eastern Branch of Patowmack River, a Mile below the Ferry, being beautifully situated, containing about 200 Acres; on it there is a large Dwelling-House, with Five Fire Places, and some of the Rooms handomely wainscotted; likewise several Out-Houses, and an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees. Any Person inclining to purchase, for Terms and Title may apply to Mr. Margaret Buchanan on the Premises. *S. Scott.*

RAN away on Sunday Morning the 10th of this Instant August, from the Subscriber, living in Queen-Anne's County in Maryland, a Convict Servant Man named Benjamin Williams, he came from the West of England, is a Taylor by Trade, and a tolerable Workman. He had on when he went away, and carried with him, a claret colour'd Coat trimmed with Metal Buttons, a Pair of pale colour'd Sagathy or Everlasting Breeches, also an old light colour'd cloth and claret colour'd Pair of Breeches, a Waistcoat of red flower'd Callico or Cotton, a Pair of Yarn and a Pair of Worsted Stockings, a Pair of good Shoes and Buckles, an old Hat, and an old white Linen Shirt. He wears his own black Hair, which is not very long, he has a thin Beard, is a small Matter above the common Size, has a very effeminate Voice, stoops a little in the Shoulders, and has a genteel Carriage. It is imagined he has a Receipt passed to one Thomas Holloway for some Money paid by said Holloway for his Liberty, and Passage in the same Ship that brought the above Benjamin Williams. It is suspected that a Mulatto Fellow (who is under Indenture to said Earle) named Isaac Bentley, alias Protus, is gone with him; he is a lusty ill looking Fellow, with funken Eyes, and large black Eye-brows. He had on and carried with him, a brown Coat, lined with red, a short deep blue Duffel lapelled Jacket, a Pair of new Shoes, a Pair or Two of Petticoat Trowsers, and a Pair of light colour'd Druggert Breeches. He has been many Years in the Bay Business, is fond of strong Liquor, and when a little intoxicated, is very impertinent. They can both write, and probably may attempt forging a Pass. If they should be taken a considerable Distance from home, the Apprehender is desired to advertise it in the Maryland or Pennsylvania Gazette; and he shall be Rewarded with Forty Shillings for each, if taken within this Province; and Three Pounds for each, if taken out of this Province.

RICHARD TILGHMAN EARLE.

To be RENTED or LEASED for a Term of YEARS.

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing 1000 Acres, lying in Fairfax County, in Virginia, about 40 Miles above Alexandria, on the main Road leading from thence to Winchester. The said Land will be laid out in Tenements of One or Two Hundred Acres, and has a Quantity of rich Meadow Ground upon it.

For Terms, enquire of the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, Maryland.

THOMAS BROOKE, Son of Walter.

THERE is at the Plantation of Daniel Kenedy, in Frederick County, about 3 1/2 Miles from Frederick-Town, taken up as Strays,

A middle-siz'd Black Mare about 6 Years old, dock'd very short; she has not any perceivable Brand.

And, A middle-siz'd Brown Mare, with a short Switch Tail, some Saddle Spots, and two small white Spots on the off Shoulder, branded thus 1 h on the near Shoulder, and thus L on the near Thigh.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of William Horton, in Baltimore County, above the Head of Bush River, taken up as a Stray, a White Horse about 13 Hands high, goes a travelling Pace, and has a Piece cut out of his right Ear; but has not any visible Brand. *I. Amos Garrett*

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

A CHOICE Parcel of healthy SLAVES, Part of the Cargo of the Ship Jenny, Capt. John Wilkinson, to be Sold at West-River, by SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. JAMES WARDROP, late of Prince-George's County, Merchant, deceased, are required to make immediate Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to give in the same to

LETTICE WARDROP, ALEXANDER SYMMER, JOSEPH BELT, junior, } Executors.

To be Sold at the Subscriber's Shop, in CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS,

TRAIN OIL by the Barrel, or in smaller Quantities, Copperas, superfine Lampblack, good Soal and Upper Leather, a great Quantity of ready made Shoes and Boots, all Sorts of Shoe Threads, Womens Shoe Heels, Masheen & Black Ball for Shoemakers Use, Shoe Tools, and most Things used in his Way of Business, for ready Money. THOMAS HYDE.

N. B. He gives CASH for HIDES.

ALL Persons indebted to Philip Hammond, Esq; deceased, are requested to settle their respective Accounts; and those who have any Demands against him, to apply to, and adjust the same with, CHARLES HAMMOND, junior, Executor of Philip Hammond.

A SORTABLE Cargo of European and East-India GOODS, to be Sold at the Dwelling-House of the Deceased, by Wholesale only, on the most reasonable Terms, by the Subscriber. CHARLES HAMMOND, junior.

SHIPPED on board the George, Nathaniel Chew, Master, a Trunk mark'd I R, for which no Owner can as yet be found. Any Person producing the Bill of Lading, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, shall have it delivered to him.

JUST IMPORTED, In the Ship CATO, Captain ADAM HILL, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in QUEEN'S-TOWN,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS. Also, Rum, Sugar, and Melasses, by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates, for Cash, Tobacco, or good clean-Wheat.

As I intend to leave the Province in a very short Time, all Persons indebted, are once more desired to come and settle their Accounts by the Middle of August.

Also, all Persons indebted to the Estate of Capt. David Alexander, late of Talbot County, deceased, are desired to come and settle their Accounts by the Time aforesaid, as no longer Indulgence can or will be given, by

ANTHONY M'CULLOCH.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, in the CAPEL, Capt. JOHN JOHNSTOUN,

and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in PORT-TOBACCO, Wholesale or Retail, A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season, at reasonable Rates, for Cash, Bills, Tobacco, or Wheat.

Likewise, Wine, Melasses, Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, and Salt.

THOMAS CONTEE.

Leonard-Town, July 10th, 1760.

To be LET for the Term of Seven Years, and Entered on the First of January next,

SEVERAL PLANTATIONS in St. Mary's County, all in good Order for making Tobacco or Grain, and convenient to Rivers that abound with Fish and Oysters; together with Negroes, Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Uensils, thereon.

A very good WATER-MILL, with two Pair of Stones, and a small Plantation adjacent, if required.

The following Houses in Leonard-Town, *viz.*

The Subscriber's Dwelling-House, very advantageously situated for purchasing Tobacco, &c. a good Garden, Store-House, Warehouse, with many useful Out-Houses, and Liberty of Pasturage.

A commodious House for a Tavern, completely furnished for that Purpose, with Liberty of Pasturage.

Two good new Dwelling-Houses, four Rooms on a Floor, with two Lots of Ground to each.

Also Warehouses, with Prizes, for the Inspection of Tobacco.

The Subscriber intending to leave the Province as soon as he can settle his Affairs, therefore hopes that all Persons indebted to him will make speedy Payments, or give sufficient Security.

The Premises abovementioned may be viewed at any Time, and the Terms known, by applying to ABRAHAM BARNES.

JUST IMPORTED in the BALTIMORE, Captain HANSON, from LONDON, and to be Sold, very cheap, at the Subscriber's Store near the Wharf in BALTIMORE-TOWN,

A N Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, for Bills of Exchange, Current Money, Tobacco, or short Credit.

CHARLES CROXALL.

THE Partnership of Charles Croxall and John Moale, of Baltimore County, being expired; those, therefore, having any Demands upon them, are desired to bring them in; and they indebted requested to pay.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Herring-Bay in Anne-Arundel County, on the 11th July last, a likely Country born Negro Lad named Jim, about 16 Years old: Had on when he went away, an old Oznabrig Shirt, new Crocus Trowsers, and an old blue Fearnought Jacket without Sleeves.

Whoever takes up said Negro, and secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken within ten Miles from home; and if above ten Miles, Twenty Shillings beside what the Law allows, paid by

LEWIS LEWIN.

TO BE SOLD,

(Lying within seven Miles of BALTIMORE-TOWN)

A TRACT of LAND, containing 450 Acres, a large Part of which is excellent Meadow Ground, with about 6 or 8 Acres cleared, an Orchard containing 300 Trees, and some Improvement of Houses. Any Person inclinable to purchase, is desired to apply to Mr. William Lux, of Baltimore-Town, Merchant, who can give an indisputable Title to the same.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be Sold by the Subscriber in Annapolis,

CHOICE RUM and MUSCOVADO SUGAR, by Wholesale and Retail, at the most reasonable Rates, for Cash or Bills of Exchange.

He will give Cash for ready Bills.

NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

ALL Sorts of Blank Books, rul'd and unrul'd, from 1 to 6 Quires, Letter-Cases, Parchment, Spelling Books, Dittworth's Histories, and a great Variety of little Gilt Books for the Use of Children, to be Sold very reasonably, at the Printing-Office, by WILLIAM RIND.

CASH for BILLS. Enquire of either of the Printers hereof.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Somerset County School: Any Person properly Qualified, upon applying to the Visitors, will meet with such Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in.

Signed by Order,
ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

August 2d, 1760.
TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Alexandria, Fairfax County, Virginia, a Convict Servant Man named John Murphy, born in Ireland, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, well made, by Trade a Joiner, of a dark Complexion, has a large Beard, large Eye-Brows, and is pale; he speaks proper English, and much to the Purpose; he has been upon the Stage, is deem'd to sing extremely well, and appears to be the compleat Gentleman. He will perhaps change his Occupation, as he is acquainted with many Branches in the mechanical Way. He had with him a Pair of black Knit Breeches, fine Cotton Stockings, a fine Hat, and several good Wigs. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and delivers him to me, shall have Twenty Pounds Reward, paid by

JOHN PATTERSON.

St. Mary's County, June 24, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Patuxent River, a Country-born Servant Man, named Edmund Waller, a well looking Fellow, about 24 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, has short lightish brown Hair, and a thin Beard; his fore Teeth are wore hollow, has a Mole on one of his Cheeks, and a Cast on one Side as he walks. He had on and took with him, an old blue Camblet Coat, old Felt Hat, an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a Frize Coat trimm'd with Metal Buttons, a white Shirt ruffled at the Bosom and Sleeves, Shoes, Stockings, Check Shirt, brown Waistcoat without Sleeves, and a good Hat. It is supposed he will go to an Uncle of his, one George Waller, living in Baltimore County. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have Four Pistoles Reward.

JAMES MATTINGLEY.

He has formerly gone by the Name of James Edmons, and may again.

STRAYED away on the 27th of April last, from Soldier's Delight in Baltimore County, a Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, 7 Years old last Spring, can pace, trot, and gallop, her Mane is trimm'd, has a Switch Tail, and branded on the near Shoulder WF (in a Piece.) Whoever takes up the said Mare, and brings her to Mr. Robert Giler, on Soldier's Delight, or to the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town, or secures her so that she may be had again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

MARK ALEXANDER.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the last SHIPS from LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, Wholesale or Retail.

Also, Cordage, Sail Duck, and Ship Chandlery.

THOMAS DICK.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On Thursday the Fourth Day of September, at the Plantation of Mr. George Frazer, about a Mile below Piscataway, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, that never run round the Poles for any Purse or other Wager.

A PURSE of FIFTEEN POUNDS, the Best in Three Heats, Three Times round the Poles, which is about Two Miles each Heat. A Horse of Fourteen Hands high to carry Nine Stone Weight, and to rise and fall according to Size.

The Second Day, a Purse of Five Pounds, and the Entrance-Money of both Days, to be Run for, by any Horse, &c. and to carry Weight as above; the winning Horse the first Day excepted.

The Horses to be Entered the Monday before the Race with Messieurs Baynes and Bowdon.

The Entrance-Money to be paid for the first Race, Fifteen Shillings each Horse, &c. and for the second Day Seven Shillings and Six Pence each.

Proper Judges will be appointed to determine any Disputes which may arise.

IMPORTED

From GLASGOW, and by the FLEET from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS.

CLOTHS, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, and $\frac{1}{4}$, Duffels, Bearskins, Frizes, Beaver Coatings, Fearnoughts, Half-Thicks, Kerseys, German Serges, Duroys, Everlastings, Thicksets, Sagathies, Amens, with Shal-loons colour'd and white, and other suitable Trimmings, Bibles, Testaments, Pfalters, Primmers, Writing Paper, Ink-Powder, Quills, Maps, framed Glass Prints, printed Paper for Rooms of different Colours, Irish Linen, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4}$; Sheeting white and brown, brown Holland, German, Scots, and Irish Osnabrigs, Dumblane Linen, printed Linen and Handkerchiefs, Mens, Womens, and Childrens Worsted Stockings, Mens white and brown Thread, Stockings, Tapes, Gartering, Cotton Laces, Silk Ditto, Bed Ticking, strip'd Holland, Checks, Plaid, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Ounce Thread, whited Ditto, brown and colour'd Ditto, Starrets, Worsted Damask, blue and green, Callimanco, Tammies, Camblets, Durants, Allopeen, Bombazine, strip'd Flannels, Lawns, plain, flower'd, spotted, and strip'd, plain and strip'd Silk Gauze Lawn, Cambricks, Clear Lawn, Lawn Handkerchiefs, with strip'd and flower'd Borders, Kilmarnock Carpets and Caps, Oil Floor Cloths of different Sizes, Dowlas, Garlix and other German Linens, Table Cloths, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, with Table Linen, Cotton, Counterpanes, Gowns, and Holland, white Jeans, Russia Drab, Huckaback and Towelling, brown Rolls, coarse and fine printed Callicoes, Chints, white Callico, Humhums, Mullins, Silk Handkerchiefs, Top-sails, Romals, black and colour'd Gauze Handkerchiefs, Wig Cauls and Ribband, Crewels, Shades, and yellow Canvas, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pepper, Toss, Bohea, Green and Hyson, China Ware, Mens black and white Silk Stockings, Playing Cards, Gilt Trunks, Crapes, Silk Alamode, Sattin, black, blue, pink and white, black Lutestring & Paduasoy, green, white and pink Damask, strip'd and brocaded Taffaties, Persian Taffaties, red, yellow, blue, and green, Polanese and Prussian Cloaks, Variety of Cutlery, Nails, 20d. 10d. 8d. 6d. Brass Chair Nails, painted Sugar Boxes, Stock Locks plated and pull back, Closet Ditto with Brass Knobs, all Brass Chamber Ditto, Chest, Desk, Cupboard and Bag Locks, Hammers, Box and Sad Irons, Hand Saws, Cross Cut and Whip Saws and Files, Steel Coffee Mills, Drawing and Currying Knives, Two Foot Rules, Desk & Coffin Furniture, Plane Irons with Stocks, Gouges, Chis-zels, Hinges, Chasing Dishes, Carpenters Axes & Adzes, Stilliards, Brags and Copper Scales, with Beams and Weights, Gold Ditto, Augurs, Tongs and Shovels, Grid Irons, Garden Shears & Rake Heads, Plate Warmers, Door Latches, Thumb Ditto, Fire Bellows, Brick Trowels, Tea Kettles, Brass Mortars and Pestles, Candle Moulds, Coffee Pots, Brass Cocks and Candlesticks, Cullenders, Dish Covers, Cheese Toasters, Milk Pans, Funnels, Sauce Pans and Cans Quart and Pint, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Houfings, Surcingles, Girths and Webb, Saddle Bags, Cruppers, Stirrup Leather, Mens and Womens Gloves and Mitts, Boys and Girls Gloves, baladine Silk, Ribbands, and Silk Purfes and Caps, Womens Silk Hats & Bonnets, scarlet and colour'd Cloaks, Ivory and Horn Combs, Silk Garters, Pins, Needles, Edging, Lace black and white, Leghorn Hats, Wax, Wafers, Girls Dimity and Canvas Stays, Shoe Thread, strip'd Cotton Jackets and Fearnoughts, Great Coats, Castor and Felt Hats, Single and Double Refined Sugar, Womens Silk, Everlasting & Callimanco Shoes, Mens and Womens Leather Shoes & Pumps, Boys & Girls Ditto, Leather Breeches, Bagging, Plaiding, Yarn and Plaiding Hofe, Pipes long and short, Delph, Stone, and Glass Ware, Powder and Shot, Blankets, Rugs, Matchcoat Blanketing, Kendal Cotton, Hair Brooms, Scrubbing Brushes, Shoe, Buckle, and Cloth Brushes, Hair Sifters, Curry Combs and Brushes, Wool and Cotton Cards, Brimstone, Salt Petre, Fig & Indigo Blue, Allom, Poland Starch, Glue, Florence Oil, Wesson and Arnold's Snuff, Fiddle Strings, Curtain Rings, Fowling Pieces, Cotton Wick, Powder Horns and Shot Bags, Window Glass 8 by 10, Linseed Oil, Coffee, Salt, &c. &c.

ROBERT COUDEN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in Amelia County, in Virginia, in May 1759, a very likely Negro Man, named Dick (but used to call himself Richard Jenkins) about 30 Years old, of a middle Size, well set, very black, his Back much scarified, is a good Sawyer, and plays on the Violin. Whoever conveys the said Negro to me, shall have Ten Pounds Reward. WOOD JONES.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Wednesday the 27th Day of August, being the second Day of Court, at UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money,

A CHOICE Tract of LAND, lying in Prince-George's County, near Mattapany, being that Part of a Tract of Land, called Brooke Chance, whereon Edward Savann now lives, containing 256 Acres. For Title and Terms apply to CHARLES GRAHAME, GEORGE LEE.

July 15, 1760.

THE Subscriber, at BLADENSBURG, has a Quantity of GOODS consigned to him on Purpose for Wholesale, which are opened, that Purchasers may have an Opportunity of choosing their Assortments. RICHARD HENDERSON.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, in the CHARMING POLLY, Captain SAMUEL BARBER, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Stores in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH and NOTTINGHAM Towns, Wholesale or Retail.

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season, at reasonable Rates, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco. JOSEPH SIM.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at ANNAPOLIS, by WHOLESALE,

ABOUT Twelve Hundred Pounds Worth, A first Cost, of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, being a Cargo extremely well sorted for this Country, both for Summer and Winter Goods, and well Bought. They will be Sold at a small Advance on the prime Cost. BENNETT CHEW.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship BETSEY, Capt. WILLIAM STRACHAN, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS.

A GOOD Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, very cheap, for ready Money, or to his Customers at the usual Credit. Smith's Work, Sail-making, Ship's Blocks, and Carting, as usual. WILLIAM ROBERTS.

THE MANAGERS of ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, in Virginia, having disposed of almost all the TICKETS, propose to Draw at the Time fix'd in the Scheme (the first of September) or sooner.

A few of the Tickets may be had at the Printing-Office, in Annapolis, if applied for soon.

Baltimore-Town, July 7th, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber's Plantation on the Garrison Ridge, near St. Thomas's Church, Baltimore County, on Sunday the 6th Instant, a Convict Servant Man, named John Thomas, about 25 or 26 Years old, brown Complexion, short black Hair, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high. Had on when he went away, a new Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes. He also carried with him, a new Coat, Waistcoat and Breeches, made of a brown colour'd Broad-Cloth, trimm'd with yellow Metal Buttons, &c. Whoever brings the said Servant back to his Master, or secures him so that he may get him again, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward, besides what the Law allows. CHRISTOPHER CARNAN.

Charles County, June 22d, 1760.

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, two Convict Servants, viz.

James Williams, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, short dark Hair, and the two fore Fingers of his right Hand cut off (as he says by his Mother.) Had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a blue Sailor's Jacket, old Shoes and Stockings, and an old Hat.

Thomas Oxford, a Lad, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, sandy Hair, white Eye-brows, and freckled Face. Had on a black Que Wig, pretty good Hat, Shoes and Stockings.

It is suspected they will steal other Cloaths, and that they have a forged Pass as Sailors.

Whoever secures both or either of the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have Four Pistoles Reward for both, or Two Pistoles for either, paid by

BENJAMIN FENDALL, JOHN FENDALL.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

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A LIST

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1	4	103	4
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27	4	43	4
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34	4	53	4
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50	4	56	8
59	4	62	4
63	4	63	4
69	4	66	4
73	4	67	4
76	4	71	4
81	4	81	10
82	4	84	4
87	4	94	4
88	8	95	4
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Part of a Letter

T

got to fear them, Engagement, and continued with 6 Hours, when it emer ones; that it, and then ran Ships, the Sunde the Line, by the only of ours were by so superior a P-tered they could Pondicherry. The Tyger, N the first was quit mast being shot a ing in either. C of the Lieutenants Marines, are th miral Stevens v likewise the Cap we reckon we and by Account the French had We have late the Field; but for, having att a strong Post, v thought the En were about 200 P. S. I hav ral d'Apche w and two or thre Yesterday w fice, 70,000 l. List of Eng Namur, Roy of 84. cheiter, Torba fire, Edgar, o tingham, St. I

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, August 21, 1760.

A LIST of the Numbers that came up PRIZES in the Frederick-Town LOTTERY, drawn the Beginning of this Month.

Table with 20 columns and 20 rows of lottery numbers. Each column is labeled 'Number' and 'Pr. of 8.'. The numbers range from 1 to 101. Below the table, it says 'Number 1396 first drawn Blank, and 318 last drawn Blank, 20 Pieces of Eight each.'

LONDON, May 29.

Part of a Letter from Fort St. George, in the East-Indies, dated November 3, 1759.

What I wrote in a former Letter I have but little more to add, than to inform you of an Engagement Admiral Pocock has had with the French Fleet, consisting of ten Sail of the Line, and five Frigates and Store Ships, commanded by Monsieur d'Apche. Our Fleet got to near them, that they could not avoid coming to an Engagement, and accordingly a sharp Action ensued, and continued with great Fury on both Sides upwards of two Hours, when it ended much in the same Manner as the former ones; that is, the French fought as long as they liked it, and then ran away. Unfortunately two of our Capital Ships, the Sunderland and Weymouth, could not get into the Line, by the Wind falling short; so that seven Ships only of ours were opposed to eleven of the French; of Course, by so superior a Fire, they suffered greatly, and were so shattered they could not pursue the Enemy, who all got into Pondicherry.

The Tyger, Newcastle and Salisbury, have suffered most; the first was quite disabled, her Mizzen-mast and Main-top-mast being shot away; and scarcely a Rope or Sail left standing in either. Capt. Mitchell, of the Newcastle, and one of the Lieutenants of the Tyger, and Capt. Gore of the Marines, are the principal Persons among the Slain. Admiral Stevens was slightly wounded in the Breast, as are likewise the Captains of the Cumberland and Tyger; and we reckon we have had full 500 Men killed and wounded; and by Accounts we have had from pretty good Authority, the French had upwards of 1000 killed and wounded.

We have lately had a sharp Skirmish with the French in the Field; but it did not succeed so well as we could wish; for, having attacked a considerable Party of the French in a strong Post, we were repulsed with Loss. However, it is thought the Enemy lost as many Men as we, and that there were about 200 killed, wounded and taken.

P. S. I have further to tell you, that the French Admiral d'Apche was shot through the Leg in the Engagement, and two or three of their Captains killed.

Yesterday was delivered at the Bank, from the Mint Office, 70,000 l. in new Guineas, of the Coinage of 1760.

List of English Men of War in Quiberon Bay, May 2. Namur, Royal William, of 90 Guns. Foodroyant, of 84. Hero, Shrewsbury, Warspite, Hercules, Chichester, Torbay, Burford, of 74. Orford, of 70. Dorsetshire, Edgar, of 64. Montague, Anson, Monmouth, Nottingham, St. Florentine, of 60. Portland, of 50.

Frigates, Venus, Coventry, of 36. Juno, of 34. Adventure, of 32. Greyhound, of 24. A Sloop, of 14 Guns.

The present Disposition of the Fleet at Quiberon Bay, serves a double Purpose; for whilst the Admiral lies off the River Vannes, blocking up 150 Sail of Transports, and two Frigates; about four Leagues to the Eastward are four Sail of the Line, and two Frigates of the Enemy's, blocked up in the Villaine, by the Burford, Monmouth, Nottingham, and St. Florentine.

The French, in a State of Desperation, having given over all Thoughts of retrieving their shattered Glory and Credit by their Marine, depending solely upon the Success of their Arms in Germany, has induced our worthy Ministry to fix their Attention upon the same Object; for which Reason three Battalions of the Guards, and some marching Regiments, were ready to march for Embarkation at an Hour's Warning, and only wait for Advice from Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, whether he shall stand in Need thereof or not.

Three Troops of Horse are under Orders for marching to embark on board the Expedition Fleet.

The Shrewsbury, Capt. Palliser, of 74 Guns; the Pallas, Capt. Clements, of 36, the Argo, Capt. Tinker, of 23, and the Niger, Capt. Bentinck, of 32; fell in with a French Ship of 74 Guns, with three Ships under her Convoy, laden with Arms, Stores, &c. for Martinico.—The Argo took and has brought in one of the Storeships, the Shrewsbury, Pallas, and Niger, chased the Man of War and other Storeships, and came up with them fast; the Argo lost Sight of them in the Night, but heard a great Firing from that Quarter the next Morning.

A Letter from Portsmouth, dated the 21st Inst. advises, that the French East Indiaman, taken by the Pallas Man of War, was just arrived in that Port.

We hear that the King of Prussia's Army is at least 200,000, and very advantageously posted; that he intends to act entirely upon the Defensive, and is in no Doubt of making a good Campaign.

On the 19th Inst. arrived at Plymouth from a Cruise, his Majesty's Ship Venus, Capt. Thomas Harrison, who has taken and brought in with him the St. Joseph de N. S. de Rosora, from the Groyne, bound to Bourdeaux: She is a Ship of about 500 Tons, but is not above Half laden, which consists of Sugar and Coffee.—Part of the Cargoes of several French Ships, which were transhipped on board her at the said Port: She had a Spanish Pass and Papers, and her French Papers were found out by the Information of the Cabin-Boy, which were in the Mate's Breaches, by which the Ship and Cargo appear to be French Property.

Likewise the Argo Frigate has taken and sent in there, the Providence, of and from Brett, bound to St. Domingo,

loaded with Wine, Brandy and Bale Goods: The Sailors that came in this Prize report, that they left the Pallas and Niger Frigates engaged with a French 74 Gun Ship which they take to be Homeward-bound from the West-Indies: The Shrewsbury was in Sight, and making all the Sail possible the could to get up to the Frigates Assistance.

The Pallas, mentioned to have been seen engaged with a French Ship of 74 Guns, appears to be a Fact, she being arrived at Portsmouth. She had five Men killed and nineteen wounded in the Engagement; but having received considerable Damage, she was obliged to shorten Sail to stop her Leaks, and make for this Port. She left the Shrewsbury and Niger in Chase of her.

May 22. This Day several Bills received the Royal Assent, by Virtue of a Commission from his Majesty, when the Lord President delivered a Speech to both Houses of Parliament, thanking them for their cheerful and unanimous Grants for the Year 1760, which amounts to 15,822,786 l. 9 s. 9 d.

We hear that several Merchants and Under Writers of this City, on Account of the great Losses which they have already sustained by the Enemy's taking their Ships, are going to join the Owners of Privateers in their intended Petition to the Government for Relief; and to pray a Bounty for Cruisers to be fitted out by them to protect their Trade, and annoy the Enemy.

Several large Merchant Ships, now fitting out in this and other Ports, for different Parts, will sail with Letters of Marque.

Portsmouth, May 23. His Majesty's Ship Warspite, Capt. Bentley, arrived from the Bay, has brought in a Privateer Schooner of 14 Guns, and 80 Men. She was taken two or three Days before they left the Bay.

Kingston, May 27. This Day his Excellency the Conde de Fuentes, Ambassador Extraordinary, and Plenipotentiary from the King of Spain, had a private Audience of his Majesty, to present his Credential Letters.

To which he was introduced by his Grace the Duke of Newcastle (on Account of the Indisposition of the Right Hon. William Pitt, Esq; one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State) and conducted by Sir Charles Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

As likewise had the Marquis d'Abreu, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Spain, to take his Leave.

BOSTON, August 4.

Wednesday Morning Capt. Dean arrived here from Halifax, which Place he left the Saturday before: We have Advice, That on the 21st of July arrived there the Repulse Man of War, of 32 Guns, from the Bay Chaleurs, and brought in the Crews of several Vessels which had been taken by the French.

er, in Amelia 1759, a very used to call Years old, of is Back much s on the Vio- Negro to me, WOOD JONES.

BIDDER, gust, being the ARLBOROUGH, Current Money, D, lying in Mattapan, be- called Brooke ow lives, con- Terms apply to GRAHAME, LEE.

15, 1760. NSBURG, has assigned to him are opened, that nity of choosing HENDERSON.

LONDON, Captain SAMUEL Subscriber, at his gh and Not- Retail, EUROPEAN and suitable for the Cash, Bills, or JOSEPH SIM.

T E D, ANNAPOLIS, E, Pounds Worth, N and INDIA ly well fortified for and Winter Goods, e Sold at a small ENNETT CHEW.

T E D, AM STRACHAN, d by the Subscriber,

EUROPEAN and cheap, for ready he usual Credit. Ship's Blocks, and AM ROBERTS.

ALEXANDRIA, having disposed propose to Draw at the first of Septem-

July 7th, 1760. r's Plantation on the Church, Baltimor Convidt Servant Man, Years old, brown Com- 3 Inches high. Had igh Shirt and Trowels, o carried with him, a made of a brown co- yellow Metal Bottom, nt back to his Master, im again, shall receive the Law allow.

ty, June 22d, 1760. Subscribers, two Con- Inches high, of a fair the two fore Fingers of his Mother.) Had on a blue Sailor's Jacket, Hat. Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, freckled Face. Hal on Shoes and Stockings. Cloaths, and that they of the said Servant, is ve Four Pistoles Reward paid by

he PRINTING- ed with this in and inserted long Ones.

French, particularly, of the Augustus, Barnabas, Vesolan, from New-London, but last from Louisbourg; Banks, from New-York; Cullingham from Casco-Bay; Swinney and Maxwell, from Halifax, bound up the River, which Vessels, on the 16th of May last, off of Gaspee-Bay, happened to fall in with a French Frigate, and two large Store-ships, from Boufdeux, in France, who took them all, and carried them into Bay Chaleurs. Some of the Men that were taken arrived here in Captain Dean, and inform, That the French had fitted out the Augustus as a Privateer, but was taken by one of the five Men of War, which sailed from Louisbourg in Quest of these Ships, as we have already given an Account: That the French having before left her, by some Papers found on board, they got Intelligence where the French Ships were, and accordingly pursued them; when the English Men of War appeared in the Bay, the French ran their Ships into shoal Water, where they were defended by three or four Batteries, which they had before erected, and planted a Number of Guns taken from on board their Ships; and only the Repulse and Scarborough being able to come near enough to engage, they continued the Attack three Days, when the Enemy abandoned their Works, and set two of their Ships on Fire and burnt them; and most of their Prizes they either burnt or sunk: Then they put the English Prisoners, whom they stripped and bound, in Irons, on board the other Ship, which they ran ashore at some farther Distance, and left them: That soon after they were left, they found Means to unbind themselves, and one of the Men swam three or four Miles to our Ships, and informing of their Situation and Circumstances, nine Boats were man'd out, who went to their Relief, and brought them all away, having set the Ship on Fire, and burnt her. They say she had a great Quantity of Provisions and other Stores on board. The Repulse received considerable Damage in her Hull, Sails, Rigging, &c. and was put into Halifax to rest.

Extract of a Letter from a Captain of one of his Majesty's Ships of War, dated Halifax, July 23, 1760.

"I write you of my being ordered to cruise for the Privateers of the Trade off Canfo, since which I received Orders from Captain Byron, who with a small Squadron, on Information of some Troops, &c. being in Chaleurs Bay, sailed immediately in Quest of them; where we found the Machault of 30 Guns, the Bienfaisant, and Marquis Malozer, Ships of near 700 Tons Burden, with about 40 Sail of Vessels of lesser Note. The whole are, except a few Sloop, entirely destroyed. And as La Blanc's Privateers are among them, I make no Doubt but the Vessels may pass with Security. More particularly so, at the Point of Orange, and Rochester, with 2 or 3 armed Sloops and Schooners, are cruising off of Gaspee. As I have been rather roughly handled, I am refusing here, when I shall proceed to endeavour an entire demolishing every Hole the French and Canadians can put their Heads in. I received much Joy in rescuing the English Prisoners to the Number of Fifty-eight. Our Loss is considerable. My Master wounded, with about ten more, one of Mr. Byron's Lieutenants and six or seven killed."

We hear further, that on the Arrival of the French Frigate and Store-ships at Chaleurs, the Commander sent an Express over Land to Montreal, with an Account of their Arrival in the Bay of Chaleurs.

That upon the Return of the Express, which was in 22 Days, it was said Orders were brought for them to put out from thence, to proceed and forward their Stores to the Mississippi: Accordingly they began to get in Readiness: But a great Part of their Ammunition, and other Stores being landed, the English Ships appeared before they could re-ship them, and prevented their Escape. It is thought the Stores landed can be of no Service to the Troops at Montreal, as it was impracticable to convey them thither, above 500 Miles, and through a mountainous Wilderness.

These Vessels sailed from France, with three other Store-ships, and bound to the Relief of the French above Quebec, but the other three were taken, soon after they left Port, by some of Admiral Boscawen's cruising Ships; and that upon hearing of the English Ships having got to Quebec, they put into this Bay, and landed 300 Regular Troops, commanded by Major Lappeneau, a young French Gentleman, who was well known in this Town, and at Newbury, just before the present War broke out; it is said he lost one of his Legs in defending the Batteries erected against our Ships.

We hear, that the French on board the Frigate, and the other Vessels, appeared very much out of Humour, upon hearing of the English Ships getting up the River before them. It was suspected, that the English Prisoners, taken in the above six Vessels, consisting of 59 Men, Women and Children, were put on board the Store-ship to be destroyed.

The Repulse Man of War spoke with two or three others that were cruising in the River, and had lately come down from Quebec, who informed that they were uneasy in the City about the Traders, 28 of which they had heard were in the River, and but four or five got up.—But there is no Advice of any others being taken, besides the six above-mentioned, which were accidentally met with by the Vessels from France.

The Report in Town of 31 of our Provision Vessels being taken, arose from there being such a Number of Vessels destroyed by our Ships in the Bay of Chaleurs, some of which had been there many Months, and some were the French Fishing-Vessels.

Capt. Bradford is arrived at Portsmouth, in six Days from Louisbourg, and informs, That on the 20th ult. in the Gutt of Casco, he had like to have been boarded by a French Pettiaugre, which he fired at and beat off sundry Times.—The 21st ult. sailed from Louisbourg, for Quebec, the Race-horse, and 17 Sail, with Stores, Provisions, &c. The 22d sailed for Halifax 9 Sail, with Cannon and Stores for that Place. Captain Dorrington, from Boston, was met with by the Repulse, off Casco.

A Letter from Montego Bay, dated July 5th, mentions, that the Rebellion of the Negroes in the Island of Jamaica, had intirely subsided.

Saturday last, about One o'Clock, came to Town by Land from Providence, his Excellency FRANCIS BERNARD, Esq; with his Majesty's Royal Commission to be Captain-General, and Governor in Chief, in and over his Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay; as also a Commission from the Right Honourable the Lords of the Admiralty, to be Vice-Admiral of the same, &c. His Excellency embarked from his late Government of New-Jersey, on board the Massachusetts armed Sloop last Tuesday, and arrived at Rhode-Island on Wednesday Evening, and the next Morning proceeded from thence to Providence, in a Passage Boat provided for that Purpose, accompanied by the Honourable Mr. Secretary

Oliver, who waited at Rhode-Island to attend him; from Providence he set out on Friday Afternoon, and lodged at Wrentham that Night, and from thence set out early next Morning, escorted by a Party of Horse Guards, detached thither for that Purpose, and was met at Dedham by the Remainder of the Troop, and several of his Majesty's Council, and on the Road from thence by a great Number of Gentlemen from Town in their Coaches and Chariots, and proceeded to the Province House (where the Company of Cadets was drawn up) and received the Congratulations of a Number of Gentlemen, who had repaired thither on this Occasion; from thence his Excellency walked in Procession to the Court-House, being escorted thither by the Company of Cadets. The Regiment of Militia in this Town being under Arms, and drawn up in the main Street, his Excellency received the Compliments of the Officers, by their paying the standing Salute as he passed by; the Streets and Windows of the Houses, &c. were crowded with Spectators on this Occasion. His Majesty's Commission to his Excellency, as also that from the Lords of the Admiralty, were opened, and publicly read in the Council Chamber, and the usual Oaths, were administered by his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor. After which he was congratulated by the Council, and a great Number of Gentlemen there present, which was followed by three Volleys from the Militia, &c. as also a Discharge from the Guns at Castle-William, and the Batteries in this Town and Charles-Town, and from the Ships in the Harbour; after which his Excellency, with the Gentlemen of the Council, a Number of Officers, and other Gentlemen, were entertained with an elegant Dinner, provided at Faneuil-Hall for that Purpose.

Our last Advices from Fort Ontario, on Lake Ontario, arrived here on Monday last in but 9 Days from Oswego, they are as follow, That General Amherst with about 5000 Troops was preparing to go from thence, and that the Remainder of the Troops were expected at the Lake in a few Days. They, with the Stores, having been much retarded, by the Want of a Sufficiency of Water in the River, there having been no Rains. That Commodore Loring was out on a Cruise in the Lake, with two fine Snows, one of 28 Guns, and the other of 20 Guns. That after he sailed, a French Snow and a Brig of 18 Guns each, appeared in Sight of the Fort, just as 8 Boats had put off deeply loaded with Stores for Niagara, and which narrowly escaped falling into their Hands; but they got safe to the Place they were designed for.

By a Letter from Oswego, dated July 19, we have Advice, That 4 Battalions of Regulars, and 3 of Provincials, were encamped near the Garrison; and that 3 Battalions of Regulars, with the Connecticut and New-Jersey Regiments, would join them in a few Days: Also, That Sir William Johnson, with a large Body of Indians, at least a Thousand, some say Fifteen Hundred, were but a few Miles from the Fort, and on their Way thither, to join our Army: That the Regulars and Provincials appeared to be a fine Body of Troops, and all in high Spirits.

We hear from Marblehead, that John Caswall, Master of a Fishing Schooner, belonging to that Place, brought in there last Monday, a Boat, which he took up the Friday before on Brown's Bank: In the Boat was one Man alive, and two or three dead Bodies: They took the live Man on board the Schooner, who, after being refreshed, and gaining a little Strength, informed them, that he had belonged to a Brigantine, Arthur Cathern, Master, from New-York, bound to Antigua, with Flour, Bread, &c. but 4 Days after they left Port, the Brig sprung a Leak, and the Water came in so fast, the People, consisting of the Master and 17 Men, had but just Time to get into the Boat, without any Provisions: A few Days after they saw a Sloop, and made Signals, but were not discerned by her; being without Sufstance several of them soon died, which were thrown overboard by the others, till at length they all died but this Man, whose Name is Thomas Purnall: the two last who died was the Captain and Boy, but Purnall being very weak, he was not able to throw them over. It was 23 Days from the Brig's foundering to the Time the Fisherman met with the Boat. What the poor People subsisted on, if it can be called Subsistence, was the Barkicles and Stuff which gathered on the Outside of the Boat.

The young Man since he has gathered more Strength says the Brig was bound to Louisburg and the River.

NEW-YORK, August 7. Tuesday, 5th of August, at 10 o'Clock in the Morning, arrived off of Sandy-Hook, the Ship Minehead, Captain Forrest, in eight Weeks from Lisbon, with Salt. The Ship of War lying in that Road sent a Boat to demand her Men; but on the Refusal of the Ship's Company (who had seized all the Small-Arms, and confined the Captain and Officers, and were determined not to surrender till the last Extremity) Signals from the Long-boat were made for more Assistance; soon after which three more Boats were manned, and came under the Minehead's Stern, sometimes discharging Small-Arms, and demanding Admittance, but were still refused by the Men, who had then the sole Command of the Ship; which the Officers in the Boats knew, as they were informed of it several Times, both by the Master from his Cabin, and the Pilot from the Deck: Notwithstanding, the Ship continued firing Grape-shot, Langrage, Twelve-pounders, &c. many of which lodged in her Wall, went through her Bow-sprit, and Main-top-mast, damaged her Sails considerably, killed one Man, and wounded another.

Last Week a Negro Man belonging to Mr. Gamble in this City, having been detected in stealing a small Quantity of Rum from his Master, was threatened with Correction; this he seemed to resent most maliciously, having before been always treated with great Kindness, and being observed by a Woman in the Family to sharpen a Knife, she asked him, what he was going to do with it, he answered to kill his Master, this he probably intended, and might have accomplished, but his Master being from Home, and not returning till his Patience in waiting for him was exhausted, he went into the Garret, and hanged himself with a Handkerchief, where he was found the next Morning.

PHILADELPHIA, August 14. On Monday last Captain Rensch arrived here, in Twenty Days Passage, from Quebec. By him, and from some private Letters, we learn as follows, viz. That a Week before he sailed, General Murray, with 2000 Troops, in about 40 Sail of Transports left Quebec for Montreal, having likewise with him a 40 Gun Ship, a Frigate, and a Sloop of War, with several floating Batteries, some of which mounted 24 Pounders: That about 10 Leagues up the River, he landed his Men, and took, after a good Deal of Opposition

from the Enemy, a 16 Gun Battery, which is said to be the only Obstruction of that Kind he has to meet with in going up: That it was reported a French Army (about 10,000 Men) designed to give General Amherst Battle, to hinder his joining General Murray: That Captain Rensch, in coming down the River, met the Louisbourg Garrison (two Battalions) going up to Quebec, about 20 Leagues above Gaspee: That there was no Trade allowed at Quebec with the Inhabitants, who are said to be in great Want of Provisions, but that there was a Sort of Market kept without the Walls, at which the Soldiers only were suffered to exchange their salt Provisions for Greens, Milk, &c. brought there by the Canadians: That an Express of Rangers had arrived from General Amherst, who were 20 Days from Crown-Point; but in crossing the River St. Francis on a Raft, they were carried down the Falls, by which they lost their Packs, and all their Arms; so that General Murray could receive but little Information from them: That one of our Ships of War, above Quebec, had received some Damage from some of the French floating Batteries, and lost some Men: That a Friend Indian came in from Trois Rivieres, and said, the French told him, that Major Rogers had burnt two Villages on the Island Jesus, within five Leagues of Montreal: And that our Troops went off in high Spirits, the Officers, it is said, striving and petitioning for Leave to go on the Expedition.

Extract of a Letter from Antigua, July 23, 1760.

"By Advices from London to the Fifth of June, nothing interesting had happened in Germany; but Prince Ferdinand was in full March towards the French, and it was believed, would attack them, before they were quite ready for the Field. Prussia seems to be cautiously on the Defensive. The Expedition Fleet is hastened and countermanded alternately. The French, and some other large Ships, have lately been sent hither in a very private Manner, and we have a much larger Squadron than common Occasions can possibly require; but we have not yet any other Apppearances of an Expedition, though it is certain they expect one at Martinico. Commodore Douglas has hitherto kept the Ships pretty much at Sea, yet that does not prevent the French Privateers from conducting most of the Northward Men to Martinico."

Our Advices from Oswego are of the Third Instant, when every Thing was ready to proceed, the General waiting only for the 46th and Colonel Schuyler's Regiment, who were daily expected, having left Fort Stanwix the 23th ult. It is said General Amherst will have at least 6 or 700 Warriors of our own Indians with him; and that there is a Prospect of the Oswegatchies joining him.

ANNAPOLIS, August 21. Tuesday last his Excellency our Governor returned to Town, in good Health, having been absent from us upwards of Three Months on Account of the Small-Pox.

On the Sixth Instant Died in Kent County, Aged 48 Years, ALEXANDER WILLIAMSON, Esq; one of the Representatives for that County, and once Speaker of the Lower House of Assembly; a Gentleman of a virtuous and exemplary Life, and who has left a truly amiable Character, no Man in his County having their more general Esteem. He had met with many and various Trials and Afflictions, by the Death of near and dear Relatives, which he always bore with a Christian Resignation and Manly Fortitude; 'til a Week before his Death, his eldest Son, Mr. Alexander Williamson, junior, a very hopeful and promising young Gentleman, being cut off, after a few Days Illness, it so much affected and depressed his Spirits, that in despite of all his wonted Resolution, he Died of Grief.

One Day last Week, a Welsh Servant Man on Kent-Island, attempting to swim after a Canoe, which went a-drift, was Drowned.

Last Saturday a melancholly Accident happen'd, at a petty Horse-Race near Magoby River, where William Rodwell, and Jona: Dawson, who before had had some Bickering about their Skill in Dancing a Jigg, meeting together, Rodwell challenged Dawson to try then who was the best Man, as he term'd it, by Boxing; an odd criterion to determine Goodness! and at it they went; but after a few Blows, Dawson own'd he had enough, or that his Antagonist was the best Man, when their Broughtonian exercise was over, they wash'd, shook Hands, and drank as Friends; but a few Minutes after Dawson dropp'd down Dead, and is suppos'd to have got his Death from a Blow he receiv'd on his Left Side. The other immediately surrendered himself to Justice. By this unhappy Affair, a poor Widow and five small Children are left without any Support, and by far the best Man of the Two lost to the Community.

A few Weeks ago, on a Moon-Light Evening, an odd Affair, which had like to have prov'd very Tragical, happen'd in Charles County; one Burrows, a very imprudent young Man, (to say no worse of him) with another young Fellow, loaded a Gun with mix'd Shot, and went some Miles to the House of one John Cooksey, in order to shoot Cooksey's Dog, from whom he had receiv'd some Affront; when they came to the House, the whole Family sitting out by the Door, Burrows fired his Gun, but either from his being a bad Marksman, or something else, he mis'd the Dog, but shot Mrs. Cooksey in the Foot, so that she is like to be a Cripple, three Shot went into an Infant in her Arms, whose Life was for some Time despar'd of, and three other Children were wounded, the Man of the House narrowly escaping, one Shot grazing his Throat. It is to be hop'd that Mr. Blunderbust, whenever he attempts to shoot a Dog again, will get a Gun that will not Scatter so much, or take better Aim.

This Town is now clear of the SMALL-POX.

ALL Gentlemen of this Province, into whose Hands any Money has been paid, for the Relief of those unhappy People who suffered by the Fire, which broke out the 20th of March last at Boston, are desired to remit the same to the Commissioners of the Loan-Office; and such of the Ministers of the Gospel, as have not yet return'd the BRIEFS, which were sent to them, are desired to send the same as soon as possible to his Excellency, or to JOHN ROSS Clerk of the Council.

Baltimore-Town, August 14, 1760. THIS is to forewarn all Persons from Trafficking with Rose Wilson, my Wife, on my Account, for I will not Pay any Debt of her Contracting after the Date of this Advertisement.

GARRAT WILSON.

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August 8th, 1760.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY commodious Dwelling House in the City of Annapolis, near 80 Feet in Front, pleasantly situated, nigh the Ferry-Landing, on Severn River; there are four Rooms below, and three above, the front Yard wall'd in, by a large Bank Warehouse of 80 Feet by 22 from out to out, a large Garden and Lot lately paled in, containing in the Whole nigh three Acres, with a very good new Stable, Chaife-Houfe, Granary, Smoke-Houfe, &c. The whole extremely well situated for any Gentleman inclinable to carry on the West-India Trade.

The Subscriber having declin'd Trade, and intending soon to remove to his District on Patowmack, desires all Persons who have had any Dealings with him, to come and settle their respective Accounts, by Bond, Bill, or otherwise.

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship PLANTER, Captain JOSIAH WILSON, from LIVERPOOL; and in Capt. THOMAS BIRCH, from BARBADOS,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, a great Quantity of Fine SALT, and a Cargo of RUM, SUGAR, and MOLASSES; to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in Prince-George's County, Wholesale or Retail, for Tobacco, Cash, or Bills of Exchange.

JOHN STONE HAWKINS.

N. B. The Ship Planter, takes in Tobacco, consign'd to Lawrence Spencer, Esq; Merchant, in Liverpool, at 12 l. Sterling per Ton.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Estate of the late Mr. John Hawkins, junr. and myself, are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble to themselves, as well as to

JOHN STONE HAWKINS.

JAMES CHALMERS,

HAVING again open'd TAVERN, (living now at his new Brick House, in Church-Street, near the Dock) in Annapolis, hereby acquaints his old Customers, and Others, That he has very commodious Rooms, good Beds, the best of Liquors, and good Stabling for Horses, to accommodate Travellers, &c. &c. And all may depend on the best of Usage, from

Their humble Servant,

JAMES CHALMERS.

N. B. He carries on his Goldsmith's Business as usual; and will give the best Prices for old Silver and Gold.

Virginia, August 8, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, about the 15th of June last, a likely well-made Virginia born Negro Fellow, named Ned (alias Edward Kello) formerly belonging to Col. Theodorick Bland of Prince-George County, and by him sold to Mr. Richard Hanson of Petersburg, Merchant; is about five Feet eight Inches high, near 40 Years of Age, sensible, smooth-tongued, talkative, and apt to deceive by telling plausible Stories; has been bred up in an House, is a complete Waiter, shaves and dresses a Wig pretty well; had with him when he went away a Great-Coat, Osnabrigs Shirts and Breeches. Any Person, that will apprehend him, and cause him to be conveyed to me, or to Mr. William Eaton in Dinwiddie County, shall receive Five Pounds Reward, if taken in this Government; if in any other, Ten Pounds, beside what the Law allows. And as it is supposed he will change his Name, and endeavour to escape out of the Country on board some Vessel, I would request all Masters to be careful not to receive him on board; and in Case he should offer to Ship himself or go Passenger on board any Vessel, that the Captain will cause him to be secured, and sent before the next Justice of the Peace, and the Person performing such Service shall be rewarded in Manner afore-mentioned. Whoever shall presume to carry the said Slave out of the Country, may expect to be prosecuted with the utmost Rigour.

ROBERT JONES, junior.

Frederick-Town, August 19, 1760.

WHEREAS the Subscriber sign'd and seal'd a Bond, upwards of six Years ago, for Eighty Pounds, payable to Daniel Davis of Frederick-Town, Black-Smith; which Sum was to be paid to the said Davis on his making over, by a good firm Deed of Sale, 200 Acres of Land, with some Improvements thereon, to the Subscriber; but the said Davis not being able to make over the same, This is to forewarn all Persons from taking any Assignment of the said Bond, for as it is unjust that it should be paid, the Subscriber will not pay one Farthing of it.

JOHN WIGHEL.

WHEREAS Mr. Joseph Smith, Iron-Master, in Baltimore County, did, on the 15th Day of September, 1759, mortgage unto the Subscriber Thirty-two Negroes, for sundry good Causes mentioned in the Instrument of Writing; and whereas the Subscriber, upon the Credit of the said Smith, advanced sundry Sums of Money & Goods, of which a Ballance is still due unto the Subscriber of the full and just Sum of Eight Hundred and Seventy-two Pounds Five Shillings Current Money. Any Person that will pay and discharge the same, may have an Assignment of the said Mortgage: The Time of it's Expiration will be the first Day of September ensuing the Date hereof. Among the said Negroes there are about Eighteen or Twenty Tradefmen, viz. Smiths, Forgemen, Colliers, Carpenters, &c. such as may be serviceable to any Iron-Master.

EDWARD NORWOOD.

N. B. The said Smith has reported, that the said Norwood will not settle Accounts with him, which is entirely false, as he is always ready and willing to lay his Books before Iron-Masters, and to settle the same.

TO BE SOLD, 2

And Entered on the 20th of October next,

A TRACT of LAND, lying on the North Side of the Eastern Branch of Patowmack River, a Mile below the Ferry, being beautifully situated, containing about 200 Acres; on it there is a large Dwelling-House, with Five Fire Places, and some of the Rooms handsomely wainscotted; likewise several Out-Houses, and an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees. Any Person inclining to purchase, for Terms and Title may apply to Mrs. Margaret Buchanan on the Premises.

To be Sold at the Subscriber's Shop, in Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS, 3

TRAIN OIL by the Barrel, or in smaller Quantities, Copperas, superfine Lampblack, good Seal and Upper Leather, a great Quantity of ready made Shoes and Boots, all Sorts of Shoe Threads, Womens Shoe Heels, Masheen & Black Ball for Shoemakers Use, Shoe Tools, and most Things used in his Way of Business, for ready Money.

THOMAS HYDE.

N. B. He gives CASH for HIDES.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the last Ships from LONDON and GLASGOW, and to be Sold by Mr. HENRY TUBMAN at BENEDICT, and the Subscriber at NOTTINGHAM, on Patuxent River, very cheap, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco,

A GREAT Variety of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN GOODS, consisting of Chintz, printed and white Calicoes, Humhums, Mullins, Tandems, Long and Clear Lawns, Cambricks, Nankeens, Cotton and Silk Romal Handkerchiefs, Lungee and Bandanoe Ditto, Scots Linen, and printed Cotton Ditto, Flaxen Russia, Pomerania, Princes, and Dowlas Linen, Damask and Diaper Table Cloths, 1/2 and 3/4 Diaper, English Persian, Persian and China Taffaties, white, black, yellow, and blue Sattins, white, pink, and yellow English Damasks, an Assortment of fashionable Tobine and Brocaded Lutestrings, black Mantua and Alameda, China Silk for Breeches, black and white Silk Stockings, black and colour'd Silk Mitts, scarlet, black, light colour'd, French grey, claret colour'd, blue, and brown superfine Broad-Cloths, a Variety of lower priced Ditto, Forest Cloths, blue, drab, and mix'd German Serge, Drugget, Bearskin, Duffel, narrow and 1/2 Frizes, blue, green, red, and yellow Half-Thicks, scarlet, black, white, blue, green, and cloth colour'd Shalloons, 3/4 to 1/2 English Blankets, mill'd and raw strip'd and white Scots Plading or Blanketting, 1/2 to 3/4 spotted, mottled, and Torrington Rugs, Kilmarnock Floor-Carpets from 5 to 21 square Yards, white Flannel, strip'd Linsey, Leather Breeches, plain and rib'd Yarn Stockings, Plading Hose, Boys, Girls, Mens, and Womens Worsted and Thread Hose, Mens Worsted, Cotton, and Silk Caps, scarlet, black, crimson, and buff colour'd Worsted Patterns for Vests and Breeches, Mens white Lamb, black bound, Wash, Shammy, and Buckskin Gloves, Womens black bruised fine white Kid, white Lamb, colour'd Wash, Shammy, and white Cotton Gloves and Mitts, plain Linen and Diaper Tapes, white and strip'd Filletings and Incles, strip'd and scarlet

Gartering, Silk and Worsted Ferretings and Quality, long and short Silk, Cotton and Thread Laces, white and dyed Jeans, India Dimity, stitch'd Diamond and Drawboy, whited Diapers, strip'd Cotton-Holland, Gingham, Indiana and Grandurel, 1/2, 1/4, and 1/8 Cotton Counterpanes, Cotton Gowns, 6, 6 1/2, 7, 7 1/2, and 8 Bed Bunts, scarlet, black, and white Hair Shags, Ivory Combs, Crambo, Buckling, Wig, and fine half-and-half Horn Ditto, Dumblane Linens, plain, strip'd, checqu'd, spotted, flower'd, and sprigg'd Paisley Lawn, plain and flower'd border'd Ditto Handkerchiefs, fine Womens Ruffles of Ditto, scarlet and blue Worsted Damasks, Camblets and Cambletees, Callimancoes, Tammies, Sagathies, Italian and Norwich Crapes, Bombazine, plain and figur'd Barragans, white Serge Dafoy, party and cloth colour'd Tartans, Prussianets, Yard wide Stuffs, crimson and black Genoa Velvet, Gimps, Holland Hoops, black Lace and Fringe, white and Blond Lace, Bone, Cocoa, and Ivory Fans, Chip Hats, Paper and Mock Chip Ditto, Womens plain, lac'd, and fring'd Silk and Velvet Bonnets or Sun Caps, Sattin Ditto mounted with Gimp, colour'd Ditto trimm'd with Blond Lace, black and colour'd plain, flounc'd, and flower'd Sattin Hats, colour'd Silk Shades and Hats, black Ditto, Prussian Cloaks, Capuchins and Polanese, black Velvet Ditto trimm'd with rich Lace, and Hats, black Velvet Hoods, plain, strip'd, flower'd and sprigg'd, narrow and wide Cyprus Gauze, an Assortment of fashionable Caps, Flowers, Stomachers, Gauze Handkerchiefs and Aprons, plain and flounc'd, ready made up, Suits of Gauze Caps, Handkerchiefs, and Ruffles, full Suits of Ditto trimm'd with Blond Lace, some very rich, Glafs and Wax Ear-Rings, Necklaces, and Solitaires, Bristol Stone Ditto, very curious Mock Diamond Ditto, Womens Stone and Paste Shoe and Girdle Buckles, Mens Bristol Stone Shoe, Knee, Breech, Stock, and Hat Buckles, Ditto Sleeve and Vest Buttons, Nuns, stitching, baladine and brown Thread, Pins, Needles, Ribbands, Silk Knee Garters, 1/2, 3/4, and 1/8 Irish Linen, 1/2 brown and white Scotch and Irish Sheetings, Blank Books, Letter Cases, Writing Paper, and other Stationary, white Stock Tape, black Silk Ditto, an Assortment of Womens and Girls Stays, Scotch Snuff, toasted and untoasted, and Rappee, scarlet and cloth colour'd Cloaks, Buckram, Kendal Cottons, German and Scotch Osnabrigs, Scotch Dowlas, Harns and Twilling, Rolls and Hessians, 1/2 and 3/4 Bed-Ticks, 1/2 and 3/4 Fife & Glasgow Checks and strip'd Holland, Money Scales and Weights, Flint engraved and plain Decanters and Wine Glasses, plain Ditto Mugs, Tumblers, Cruits and Salts, white and brown Stone and Delph Ware of all Sorts, Mens Felt and Castor Hats, Womens plain and rough Ditto with Beaugle Bands and Snaling, Womens common Shoes, Spanish Morocco, Callimanco, and Silk Ditto, Mens Boots & Shoes, double and single channell'd Pumps, and stitch'd turn-overs, Boys, Girls, and Childrens Shoes, Caroby's broad and narrow Hoes and Axes, Claw and Lathing Hammers, Garden Spades, Drawing Knives, Iron and Steel Plate Hand and Cross Cut Saws, Scythes, Frying Pans, Iron Pots, Hunters Pipes, Bar-Lead, best London Drop Shot, high Bristol and Swan Ditto, F and FF Gunpowder, China Tea Ware, Ditto in compleat Sets enamell'd, Ditto Bowls, Plates, and Mugs, Hair and Lawn Sieves, Wire Riddles, Cotton and Wool Cards, Pepper, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Piemonto, Salt Petre, Roll Brimstone, Rock Allom, Peruvian Bark pulveriz'd, Glauber Salts, Indigo, Slate and Fig Blue, Bed Cords, Seines, 25, 30, 35, and 40 Fathom, small Looking-Glasses, Mahogany Ditto, Hearth & Hair Brooms, Clamps, Drums with Sticks, Fowling Pieces, Ditto London blued Barrels and Bridle Locks, 2d. 3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 20d. and 30d. Nails, London Crown Glafs, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10, and 15 by 11, Cheshire Cheese, a Variety of Pewter, Tin Ware, and Brafiery, Saddlery and Cutlery, with many other Articles too tedious to mention.

The Subscriber hath also Madeira Wine, West-India Rum, Muscovado and Refin'd Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Candles, and Linseed Oil, to sell at reasonable Rates, Wholesale or Retail.

The Subscriber hereby gives Notice to all who are indebted to him upon open Accounts of more than one Year's standing, to pay off or otherwise settle their respective Accounts, to prevent future Expence to them, and Trouble to

Their very humble Servant,

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

N. B. I will give a good Price in Goods for good heavy Tobacco on Patuxent River.

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August 14, 1760.
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ARRAT WILSON.

3 A CHOICE Parcel of healthy SLAVES, Part of the Cargo of the Ship *Tenny*, Capt. John Wilkinson, to be Sold at *West-River*, by SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

3 All Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. JAMES WARDROP, late of *Prince-George's* County, Merchant, deceased, are required to make immediate Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to give in the same to

LETTICE WARDROP, } Executors.
ALEXANDER SYMMER, }
JOSEPH BELT, junior, }

3 All Persons indebted to Philip Hammond, Esq; deceased, are requested to settle their respective Accounts; and those who have any Demands against him, to apply to, and adjust the same with, CHARLES HAMMOND, junior, Executor of Philip Hammond.

3 A SORTABLE Cargo of European and East-India GOODS, to be Sold at the Dwelling-House of the Deceased, by Wholesale only, on the most reasonable Terms, by the Subscriber. CHARLES HAMMOND, junior.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, in the CAPEL, Capt. JOHN JOHNSTOUN, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in PORT-TOBACCO, Wholesale or Retail,

4 A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season, at reasonable Rates, for Cash, Bills, Tobacco, or Wheat. Likewise, Wine, Melasses, Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, and Salt. THOMAS CONTEE.

Leonard-Town, July 10th, 1760. To be LET for the Term of Seven Years, and Entered on the First of January next,

SEVERAL PLANTATIONS in St. Mary's County, all in good Order for making Tobacco or Grain, and convenient to Rivers that abound with Fish and Oysters; together with Negroes, Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Utensils, thereon.

X 4 A very good WATER-MILL, with two Pair of Stones, and a small Plantation adjacent, if required. The following Houses in Leonard-Town, viz.

The Subscriber's Dwelling House, very advantageously situated for purchasing Tobacco, &c. a good Garden, Store-House, Warehouse, with many useful Out-Houses, and Liberty of Pasturage.

A commodious House for a Tavern, compleatly furnished for that Purpose, with Liberty of Pasturage.

Two good new Dwelling-Houses, four Rooms on a Floor, with two Lots of Ground to each. Also Warehouses, with Prizes, for the Inspection of Tobacco.

The Subscriber intending to leave the Province as soon as he can settle his Affairs, therefore hopes that all Persons indebted to him will make speedy Payments, or give sufficient Security.

The Premises abovementioned may be viewed at any Time, and the Terms known, by applying to ABRAHAM BARNES.

JUST IMPORTED in the BALTIMORE, Captain HANSON, from LONDON, and to be Sold, very cheap, at the Subscriber's Store near the Wharf in BALTIMORE-TOWN,

4 A Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, for Bills of Exchange, Current Money, Tobacco, or short Credit. CHARLES CROXALL.

THE Partnership of Charles Croxall and John Moale, of Baltimore County, being expired; those, therefore, having any Demands upon them, are desired to bring them in; and they indebted requested to pay.

JUST IMPORTED, And to be Sold by the Subscriber in Annapolis,

X 4 CHOICERUM and MUSCOVADO SUGAR, by Wholesale and Retail, at the most reasonable Rates, for Cash or Bills of Exchange. He will give Cash for ready Bills. NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Herring-Bay* in *Anne-Arundel* County, on the 11th July last, a likely Country born Negro Lad named *Jem*, about 16 Years old: Had on when he went away, an old Oznabrig Shirt, new Crocus Trowsers, and an old blue Fearnought Jacket without Sleeves.

Whoever takes up said Negro, and secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken within ten Miles from home; and if above ten Miles, Twenty Shillings beside what the Law allows, paid by LEWIS LEWIN.

TO BE SOLD,

9 (Lying within seven Miles of BALTIMORE-TOWN) A TRACT of LAND, containing 450 Acres, a large Part of which is excellent Meadow Ground, with about 6 or 8 Acres cleared, an Orchard containing 300 Trees, and some Improvement of Houses. Any Person inclinable to purchase, is desired to apply to Mr. William Lux, of Baltimore-Town, Merchant, who can give an indisputable Title to the same.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in *Somerset* County School: Any Person properly Qualified, upon applying to the Visitors, will meet with such Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in. Signed by Order, ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

August 2d, 1760.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Alexandria*, *Fairfax* County, *Virginia*, a Convict Servant Man named *John Murphy*, born in *Ireland*, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, well made, by Trade a Joiner, of a dark Complexion, has a large Beard, large Eye-Brows, and is pale; he speaks proper *English*, and much to the Purpose; he has been upon the Stage, is deem'd to sing extremely well, and appears to be the compleat Gentleman. He will perhaps change his Occupation, as he is acquainted with many Branches in the mechanical Way. He had with him a Pair of black Knit Breeches, fine Cotton Stockings, a fine Hat, and several good Wigs. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and delivers him to me, shall have Twenty Pounds Reward, paid by JOHN PATTERSON.

St. Mary's County, June 24, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Paxent* River, a Country-born Servant Man, named *Edmund Waller*, a well looking Fellow, about 24 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, has short lightish brown Hair, and a thin Beard; his fore Teeth are wore hollow, has a Mole on one of his Cheeks, and a Cast on one Side as he walks. He had on and took with him, an old blue Camblet Coat, old Felt Hat, an Oznabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a Frize Coat trimm'd with Metal Buttons, a white Shirt ruff'd at the Bosom and Sleeves, Shoes, Stockings, Check Shirt, brown Waistcoat without Sleeves, and a good Hat. It is supposed he will go to an Uncle of his, one *George Waller*, living in *Baltimore* County. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have Four Pistoles Reward. He has formerly gone by the Name of *James Edmons*, and may again. JAMES MATTINGLEY.

3

STRAYED away on the 27th of April last, from *Soldier's Delight* in *Baltimore* County, a Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, 7 Years old last Spring, can pace, trot, and gallop, her Mane is trimm'd, has a Switch Tail, and branded on the near Shoulder WF (in a Piece.) Whoever takes up the said Mare, and brings her to Mr. Robert Gilerish on *Soldier's Delight*, or to the Subscriber in *Baltimore-Town*, or secures her so that she may be had again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward. MARK ALEXANDER.

JUST IMPORTED,

4 In the last SHIPS from LONDON, A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, Wholesale or Retail. Also, Cordage, Sail Duck, and Ship Chandlery. THOMAS DICK.

ALL Sorts of Blank Books, rul'd and unrul'd, from 1 to 6 Quires, Letter-Cases, Parchment, Spelling Books, *Dilworth's* Histories, and a great Variety of little Gilt Books for the Use of Children, to be Sold very reasonably, at the Printing-Office, by WILLIAM RIND.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On Thursday the Fourth Day of September, at the Plantation of Mr. George Frazer, about a Mile below *Piscataway*, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, that never run round the Poles for any Purse or other Wagers.

A PURSE of FIFTEEN POUNDS, the Best in Three Heats, Three Times round the Poles, which is about Two Miles each Heat. A Horse of Fourteen Hands high to carry Nine Stone Weight, and to rise and fall according to Size.

The Second Day, a Purse of Five Pounds, and the Entrance-Money of both Days, to be Run for, by any Horse, &c. and to carry Weight as above; the winning Horse the first Day excepted.

The Horses to be Entered the Monday before the Race with Messieurs *Baynes* and *Bowdon*.

The Entrance-Money to be paid for the first Race, Fifteen Shillings each Horse, &c. and for the second Day Seven Shillings and Six Pence each.

Proper Judges will be appointed to determine any Disputes which may arise.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in *Annelia* County, in *Virginia*, in May 1759, a very likely Negro Man, named *Dick* (but used to call himself *Richard Jenkins*) about 30 Years old, of a middle Size, well set, very black, his Back much scarified, is a good Sawyer, and plays on the Violin. Whoever conveys the said Negro to me, shall have Ten Pounds Reward. WOOD JONES.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Wednesday the 27th Day of August, being the second Day of Court, at UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money,

A CHOICE Tract of LAND, lying in *Prince-George's* County, near *Mattapani*, being that Part of a Tract of Land, called *Brooks Chance*, whereon *Edward Swann* now lives, containing 256 Acres. For Title and Terms apply to CHARLES GRAHAME, GEORGE LEE.

July 15, 1760.

THE Subscriber, at *BLADENSBURG*, has a Quantity of GOODS consigned to him on Purpose for Wholesale, which are opened, that Purchasers may have an Opportunity of choosing their Assortments. RICHARD HENDERSON.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at ANNAPOLIS, by WHOLESALE,

ABOUT Twelve Hundred Pounds Worth, A first Cost, of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, being a Cargo extremely well sorted for this Country, both for Summer and Winter Goods, and well Bought. They will be Sold at a small Advance on the prime Cost. BENNETT CHEW.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *NELLY*, Capt. WILLIAM WILKINSON, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Stores, in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH and QUEEN-ANNE Towns, Wholesale or Retail,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season. Likewise, Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or Hogshead, Madeira Wine, and very good Coffee. ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

Charles County, June 22d, 1760.

RAN away last Night from the Subscribers, two Convict Servants, viz. James Williams, about 5 Feet 6-Inches high, of a fair Complexion, short dark Hair, and the two fore Fingers of his right Hand cut off (as he says by his Mother.) Had on an Oznabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a blue Sailor's Jacket, old Shoes and Stockings, and an old Hat.

Thomas Orford, a Lad, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, sandy Hair, white Eye-brows, and freckled Face. Had on a black Que Wig, pretty good Hat, Shoes and Stockings. It is suspected they will steal other Cloaths, and that they have a forged Pass as Sailors.

Whoever secures, both or either of the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have Four Pistoles Reward for both, or Two Pistoles for either, paid by BENJAMIN FENDALL, JOHN FENDALL.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

M

PETE

O N Es which tum Bell othe spain

Paris, May 2. Morning, the Stee St. Genevieve at F Four large Bells w Organ, and two C L O

Saturday se'nnig denham, between Bucks, which in a ty two Dwelling Stables, Hovels, a and Grain, Hay the Household Fur habitants, &c. & their All, and ar Life.

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MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, August 28, 1760.

PETERSBURGH, April 11.

ON Easter Sunday the Steeple of the Church, which was built last Year in the Haymarket, tumbled down while they were ringing the Bells, killed 20 Persons, and wounded 30 others in such a Manner their Lives are despaired of.

Paris, May 2. The 26th of last Month at 5 in the Morning, the Steeple of the Abby of the regular Canons of St. Genevieve at Ham in Picardy was struck by Lightning: Four large Bells were melted, the two Turrets, the Isle, the Organ, and two Chapels, were consumed by it.

LONDON, April 15.

Saturday last night a most dreadful Fire happened at Had-denham, between Thame and Aylesbury, in the County of Bucks, which in about three Hours entirely consumed twenty two Dwelling Houses, besides many Barns full of Corn, Stables, Hovels, a Malthouse, with a large Quantity of Malt and Grain, Hay and Corn Ricks, Utensils in Husbandry, the Household Furniture, and Wearing Apparel of the Inhabitants, &c. &c. whereby the poorer Sufferers have lost their All, and are left destitute of common Necessaries of Life.

The dreadful Disaster is conjectured to have happened by a Woman's having carelessly carried out some Wood Ashes not thoroughly extinguished, which being fanned by the Wind, set fire to the Basket, and afterwards to the Straw in the Yard.

Notwithstanding this Fire broke out in the Middle of the Day, and the Labourers in the Fields flew immediately to assist, yet almost every Thing which they were able to get out of the Houses were afterwards burnt upon the Ground; for though the Buildings were many of them in general Straw thatched, and the Garden and other Fences made of Earth covered with Straw as a Security from Weather, and the Wind happening to be very brisk, the Flames spread so furiously that the People were thrown into the utmost Confusion, and rendered almost incapable of being in any wise serviceable towards putting a Stop to so dreadful a Calamity.

A Scene of greater Distress can scarce be imagined; and the Miserable Inhabitants must inevitably perish, unless relieved by the Humane and Charitable.

At a Sale of Household Goods lately at Winlington, about 5 Miles from Newcastle upon Tyne, a Woman bought a large old Bureau for 4 s. and 6 d. esteemed no better than Lumber; after the Sale, she with some Difficulty prevailed on a Nailor to assist her in removing it, who in forcing it open by the Middle, discovering some Papers and loose Gold, he told her of it, and made it fast again, got more help and took it away whole; in getting it out, one of the Papers fell, and the Gold jingling, was taken notice of by one of the Assistants, but the Nailor saying it was only a Bag with a few Nails he had put out of his Pocket, it passed; after getting it home, and dismissing the Assistants, the Purchaser and her Friend the Nailor went to work, and took it in Pieces, and were paid for their Trouble with several Purfes and Papers of Gold to a considerable Amount. She gave the Nailor 5 Papers untold, which appears by what he has since done, in paying his Debts, and purchasing a House and Shop to work in, to amount to 200 l. and upwards; and is told by the Woman to apply to her if he wants more. It is remarkable that this old Piece of Furniture is in Memory to have passed through several Sales within 40 Years; that none of the Gold is of a later Coinage than James II. and that it was in an opulent Family in that Neighbourhood in the Year 1715. [A similar Affair happened a few Years ago at a public Sale in this Town: The Purchaser was too honest to keep the Treasure that lay hid, but generously restored it.]

BOSTON, August 11.

Wednesday Evening last arrived at Marblehead, the Earl of Leicester Packet, Captain Morris, in Six Weeks from Fal-mouth, bound to New-York, but meeting with contrary Winds, was obliged to put in there; and early the next Morning the Mail was brought to the Post-Office here, and the Dispatches from the Rt. Hon. WILLIAM PITT, Esq; were immediately forwarded to his Excellency General AMHERST. From the Public Prints to June 15th, we have the following fresh Advices, viz.

PETERSBURGH, May 9.

WITHIN the Compass of the last three Months, a great Number of Couriers have arrived here from different Parts, with Dispatches relative to a general Peace; but our Emperors has as yet declared, that she will not enter into any Negotiation without the Concurrence of her Allies. May 14. The English Envoy has received from his Court, by the Way of Warsaw, some very important News; the Public thinks this News is relative to Peace; that it contains the Preliminaries of a Treaty, and even ample Amends for the Damage his Majesty's Arms have done. The frequent Conferences between that Envoy and Count Woren-zoff, gave Rise to these Conjectures.

Hamburg, May 25. We are well informed, that the Army which the King of Prussia is to command in Person, will exceed 100,000 Men, besides Irregulars, with 400 Pieces of Cannon, and every thing necessary for making a brilliant Campaign.

Konigsgratz, May 24. We are encamped in so advantageous a Situation, that 20,000 Men may cover Bohemia against an Army of 100,000. Reinforcements arrive daily, by which our Army will be able to act decisively. Prince Henry's Head-Quarters are at Sorau. His Royal Highness, surrounded by General Beck, Count Lafci, and our Army, is in continual Alarm. We have received some Pontoons, and our Park of Artillery is no way inferior to that of the Prussians. General Soltikoff is not yet arrived at his Head-Quarters. The greatest Part of his Army hath passed the Vittula.

Frankfort, May 29. Marshal Broglio is going to assemble the greatest Part of his Army on the Heights of Wibel, a most advantageous Post, which he proposes to fortify with a numerous Train of Artillery, as his Design is to remain there till he shall know whether Prince Ferdinand will march against him, or into Franconia.

Cassell, May 24. Prince Ferdinand seems determined to send a large Detachment to Saxony; and it is with this View, we imagine, he has ordered a prodigious Number of Waggon, drawn by four Horses, to be got ready. He, no Doubt, makes this Diversion with Regret; but the King of Prussia seems to make the Fate of the War depend on the Fate of Saxony. He has recalled to his Camp most of the Troops which he had sent to compose the Army of Prince Henry, who, with a Body of 26,000 Men, is returning to the Electorate of Lusatia. The Royal Army that is within the Lines, amounts to 92,000 Men.

Paris, June 6. The Port of Rochfort is blocked up by the English, who, it is foreseen, will soon block up some of our other Ports; but this is all we can know. Our Coast is so well defended with new Batteries of Cannon and Mortars, that they will not venture to land.

Yesterday was published an Arret for raising Fifty Millions, which is to be repaid in ten Years.

Hanover, May 24. According to the last Advices from our Army, Prince Ferdinand was preparing in good Earnest to attack the French. His Serene Highness, after sending strong Detachments over the Lahne, had seized Butzbach, and blocked up Gießen, where the Enemy have their principal Magazines, in such a Manner, that it will be impossible for the Duke de Broglio to relieve the Place without coming to a general Action, which it is probable he will not venture, till he sees the Issue of the Prince de Deux Ponts's Operations, who, it is said, is advancing fast with the greatest Part of the Army of the Empire, to invade this Electorate.

Dresden, May 25. The Prussian Camp has been in great Agitation for eight Days past. The Gates of Leipzig have been shut since the 21st. Every Thing indicates, that after his Prussian Majesty made so great a Shew of fortifying his Camp, it was only because he was determined not to continue in it. His Majesty has already abandoned Meissen, leaving in it scarce more Men than are left in a Fireship. We are assured he designs to set Fire to that Town.

It is said that one of the King of Prussia's principal Engineers has come over to Marshal Daun, and communicated to him Plans of the utmost Importance.

Hanover, June 4. A Courier has been detached to London, to hasten the Embarkation of the English Troops, on whose Arrival at the Army, a Body of 12 or 13,000 Men will be detached to Saxony. Two Regiments of Prussian Dragoons have already been detached to that Country, to reinforce the Army of the King their Master.

Amsterdam, June 12. The military Affairs of Germany continue in the same Situation as before. Marshal Daun's Army makes not the least Motion. Laudohn, who has at present 40,000 Men under him, is still at Konigsgratz. Prince Ferdinand has not yet quitted Wavern, and Marshal Broglio has his Head-Quarters at Franckfort. The Troops under Count de St. Germain are encamped near Duffeldorp, and the Hanoverians, under Lieutenant-General Sporcken, in the Neighbourhood of Dulmen.

Stuttgart, June 2. Major General Tottleben has resumed the Command of the Russian Troops on our Frontiers. In order to signalize his Return to the Army, he marched with about 4000 Horse and Foot, and 8 Pieces of Cannon, against the little Town of Belgard; but met with such vigorous Resistance, that he was forced to desist from his Enterprize. Having afterwards received divers Reinforcements, he marched to Collin. The Governor, imagining that he was come to besiege it in Form, set Fire to the Suburbs; but finding afterwards that the Place was not tenable, and that by defending it he should sacrifice many Men to no Purpose, he determined to capitulate, and was allowed to march out with all the Honours of War. The Russian General will probably be obliged to abandon this little Conquest on the Approach of General Forcade, who is advancing this Way.

Hanan, June 9. There is great Talk of a Peace at present, and two Events seem to give some Weight to the Opinion. The first is, that the French have set at Liberty all the Hostages which they took some Time ago; and the second, that they have released us from the Payment of the last Contribution they imposed upon us, and charge us only with the first. But notwithstanding this, the Preparations for War are as vigorous as ever.

Paris, May 24. Mr. Macarty, who was to sail from Brest with three Frigates, and 1200 Regular Troops, has received Counter Orders. The Court has received Advice from Martinico, dated the 28th of March, that that Island is provided with Stores of all Kinds, by the Captures made by its Privateers. The 17th Instant, it was resolved, in the Council of

State, to borrow 30 Millions of Livres, on the Revenues of the Post-Offices, at three per Cent. the Capital to be reimbursed in 32 Years, at the Rate of two Millions and an Half annually, in the Form of Lottery. These 30 Millions are appropriated to discharge the Navy Debt.

Hague, May 30. By Letters from the Army at Fritlar, of the 23d Instant, we are informed, that the Campaign had been opened by the Defeat of the French Garrison at Butzbach the Day before. Colonel Luckner was detached from General Imhoff's Camp at Kirchhayn, on the 23d at Night, and on the 24th at Noon, he fell in with a French Patrole, who gave the Alarm; whereupon the Garrison of Butzbach, consisting of Piquets, to the Number of 500 Men, under Brigadier Waldener, fled from thence, but were pursued, and overtaken near a Wood, where about 100 were made Prisoners, with 4 Officers; the rest were either cut to Pieces or dispersed. Those who fled to Friedberg, gave the Alarm there so strongly, that the French Commander, as we hear, thought proper to set Fire to the great Magazine there; but at Night, when he saw the Allies were retired, he gave Orders for the extinguishing it as fast as possible.

Paris, June 6. The King has wrote a Letter to the Archbishop, desiring him to order Prayers to be put up in all the Churches in his Diocese, to implore the Blessing of Heaven on his Majesty's Arms.

It was on the 4th Instant that the King issued a Declaration, revoking and annulling all the Advantages and Prerogatives, which the City of Hamburg enjoyed by Virtue of it's Treaty of Commerce with France, and ordering all the Vessels belonging to Hamburg in the Kingdom to be seized.

M. de Voltaire, who passed for dead throughout France, without having any Illness to give Rise to the Report, is in perfect Health, and will soon publish a new Opera, to be acted at his Seat at Tournay.

Admiralty-Office, June 2. His Majesty's Ship Niger, Capt. Bentinck, is arrived at Plymouth with the Jason, a French Privateer, of 8 Guns, and 52 Men, which he took the 25th of last Month, off Ushant, in his Return to Plymouth, having continued to keep Company with the Diadem, a French Man of War, of 74 Guns, till the 17th at One in the Afternoon, when having above six Feet Water in the Hold, and not seeing any of his Majesty's Ships, they being separated in the Night, he was obliged to shorten Sail, and so soon as the Enemy was out of Sight, to heel the Ship to Starboard a Leak, occasioned by a large Shot received from the Enemy under the Starboard Counter.

LONDON, May 31.

The Spanish Ambassador is making Preparations for a long Residence amongst us; and being a Nobleman of great public Spirit and Character in private Life, gives great Pleasure and Satisfaction to all Degrees of People.

Letters from Smyrna of the 1st of April, run in a very calamitous Strain. The Plague is broke out again there; and by the heavy and continual Rains which fell during the Winter, the Country was still for the most Part overflowed; so that (in their own Words) their Days were those of Sadsness, being assailed at the same Time by devouring Contagion, by Earthquakes, and by the Dread of a cruel Famine.

They write from Ireland, that the Fulvie Privateer, of Dunkirk, and her Consort, have taken 17 Prizes on the North-west Coast of Ireland, one of them a Ship of 350 Tons, laden with Sugar.

A Rumour prevails, as if the Accession of Denmark to the Treaty concluded between the Courts of Petersburg and Stockholm, is upon certain Conditions, that have a Tendency to a general Peace.

There is great Talk of a Peace being near at hand, under the Mediation of the King of Spain. It is said, that of all our Conquests Senegal and Goree only are demanded; in Return for which Montreal, in North-America, is to be ceded to us.

On the 9th Instant died at his Seat at Hernebutth, in Lusatia, in the 60th Year of his Age, Count Nicholas Lewis, of Zinzendorf, Founder and Head of the Sect of Herenbutters or Moravianians.

June 3. The East-India Company, after thanking Colonel Lawrence, at a General Court, for his Services, came to the following Resolution unanimously, viz.

That in Consideration of the many great, signal, and successful Services of Colonel Stringer Lawrence, as Commander in Chief of the Company's Forces in the East-Indies (in which Station he has constantly acted with the utmost Zeal, Fidelity and Disinterestedness, and has, during such his Service, undergone the greatest Fatigues with an Alacrity, which a just Sense of the Duty he owed his Country in general, and the Company in particular, could only inspire) he be allowed an Annuity for Life of Five Hundred Pounds a Year, to commence from his leaving Madras, as a Token of the Company's Gratitude.

We hear that five Camps are already settled for this Summer, viz. One at Winchester, one at Sand-beat, Surry; one at Brentwood, Essex; another at or near the Lines at Brampton; and one at Barnham Down; the two last are in Kent.

June 3. Yesterday an Account came from Germany, that General Luckner had surprized the Town of Burnbach, in Hesse-Cassel, garrisoned by 500 French, and had taken and killed a great Number, burnt their Magazines, and carried off a great Booty.

Count Zinzendorf, whilst he established a Community of Goods among his Followers, got into his Possession Money enough to leave to his Heirs an Estate of £. 7000 Sterling a Year.

June 5. We learn by the Prisoners of the Steer-ship taken by the Argo, and brought into Plymouth, that the Dutchers

Vertical text on the left margin containing various notices and advertisements.

PRINTING... and inserted long Ones.

lately attacked, had a Million of Livres, between 40 and 50,000 l. Sterling, on board, for the Use of the Island of Martinique.

June 4. We hear the King of Sardinia hath offered to assist the Pope to bring the Republic of Genoa to Reason, and humble their Pride.

June 7. They write from Hamburg, that they expected the King of Denmark would be able to bring about a Peace.

June 8. There has lately been several terrible Earthquakes at Tripoly, Aleppo, and several other Places in Syria, whose Tremors have been extraordinary, as in a Moment, and great Numbers of Souls have been buried in the Ruins by this awful Calamity, which are more frequent now than ever, in order to awaken a stupid and guilty People, and at the same Time plainly show that the Dissolution of all Things is at Hand.

June 9. Letters from Cadix, by the last Flanders Mail, say, that there had been Advice received there, that the City of Treviso in Peru had been destroyed by an Earthquake, and many Thousand Souls perished.

June 9. A Letter from Lipsiadt says, that Prince Ferdinand reviewed the English Cavalry at Usterhausen, near Waveren, on the 23th ult. and seemed extremely pleased; in fact this Corps excites Admiration (the Words of the Original) in the Beholders: The Horses are even superb, the Men are well clothed, look nervous and manly, and fired with a Desire of Conquest, seem ready to fly to Triumph.

On the 5th of June, there was a Meeting of the New-England Merchants, at the Coffee-House in Threadneedle Street, when a Subscription was opened for the Relief of the unhappy Sufferers by the late terrible Fire in Boston.

It is said an Account was brought this Morning with the Mail, that a smart Skirmish had happened between the Allies and the French, near Gießen, to the Advantage of the former.

Some Letters received from Hamburg, advise, that the French, under Pretence that the Hamburgers have broken the Neutrality, by suffering England to send large Sums of Money through that City, &c. are going to declare War against them.

June 10. The last Letters from Francfort, dated the 27th ult. advise, that they expected every Moment a bloody Battle in that Neighbourhood between the Allies and the French. Gießen is invested by the Allies, and the French are forming a Camp at Friedberg, about three Miles off; so that that City will be surrounded by two powerful Armies.

They write from Ostend, that the Le Lille Privateer and her Consort, of Dunkirk, passed by that Port from a Cruise, having eleven Ransomers on board, to the Value of 250,000 Livres, and have taken 29 Prizes.

June 12. It is said that 15 Frigates, from 26 to 20 Guns, are immediately to be stationed around the Coasts of Scotland, with Orders to cruise in certain Latitudes, to protect the Trade from the Enemy's Privateers.

June 13. Advices from Petersburg say, that they are equipping their Fleet, consisting of 20 Sail. From Vienna it is said, that Marshal Daun's Army will begin to encamp in proper Form the 1st of June: It is thought he will at first only be on the Defensive; but Gen. Laudohn, with 40,000 Men, may possibly undertake something of Importance: He will stay a While in the Neighbourhood of Konigsgratz, to observe the Army of Prince Henry of Prussia, and Gen. Fouquet's Corps. A Body of Russians attacked the little Town of Belgard, but was repulsed: They marched to Collin, which they took; but it is thought they will not hold it long. All was very quiet in Saxony, Lusatia and Silesia, the 28th of May. By the Retreat of the Wirtembergers, who have withdrawn from the French Army in Germany, that Army loses 10,000 Men just at the Opening of a Campaign. That Body of the Allied Troops which is led by Prince Ferdinand in Person, continued encamped the 3d of June in the Neighbourhood of Fritztal: It consists of 45 Squadrons, and 36 Battalions, besides a Reinforcement of 12 Squadrons, and 6 Battalions of British Troops: It is given out, that as soon as these last Troops arrive, the Prince will detach a Body of 12 or 15,000 Men towards Saxony. The Port of Rochelle is in a Manner blocked up by the English. An Account of a Battle is expected every Day in Germany; the two Armies were within six Miles of each other.

It is reported, that there has been an Action between the advanced Parties of the Prussians and Austrians, in Saxony, to the Advantage of the former.

It is said that Don Reggio is getting ready a Fleet at Cadix, consisting of 38 or 40 Ships of the Line, with every Thing necessary for a Siege, and bound to the Indies. A Schooner from Rhode-Island was taken off the Texel, by a French Privateer.

The following is the Substance of a Letter from Vienna, dated May 29. "Last Thursday Count Caunitz received a Courier with Dispatches from Petersburg; and soon after the Council met. In those Dispatches, the Czarina communicated to the Empress Queen the Proposals repeatedly made to her, for two Months past, by the Kings of England and Prussia; which are said to be very advantageous, provided that those two Princesses will consent to a Peace. England and Prussia offer the King of Poland a just Indemnification for what his Electoral Dominions have suffered by the War; and also to pay a Sum of Money to the Empress of Russia, provided she will relinquish her Claim to the Kingdom of Prussia, or to a Port in the Baltic. With Regard to the Empress Queen, she is offered a Part of Silesia, and some other Places, to be agreed on at the Congress, but on Condition that she take back the Towns in the Netherlands, which she may have either ceded or mortgaged to France.

"This, added to the Solicitations that have long been made by the French Ambassador, to induce the Empress Queen to agree to Peace, hath occasioned fresh Orders to be sent to Marshal Daun to undertake nothing, but to continue to watch diligently the Motions of the Enemy, till further Notice. But Orders have been sent to General Laudohn to make the utmost Efforts to penetrate into Silesia. It is therefore in that Dutchy that the first Blow will be given."

They write from Dunkirk, of the 1st Instant, that all the French Barges, Ketches and flat bottomed Boats that were employed in the late Expedition, are to put to Sea, on the 25th of this Month. It is said that six Regiments more of Foot will speedily embark for Germany.

To quiet the Minds of the People in France, it is given out, that a Congress will be held; and that if the Allies of France will not listen to a general, she will think herself at Liberty to conclude a separate Peace.

The French are very modest this Campaign, which seems to confess a Superiority on the Side of the Allies in Germany; no Talk of reducing Hanover this Year; no more publishing the rebellious States of the Empire. The solemn Guarantee of the Pragmatic Sanction, the Protection of injured Female Majesty, are now not so strenuously insisted on, and the Safety of France is the favourite Topic of Versailles. Talk of Minden to a Frenchman now, he shakes his Head, and cries, BLESSED ARE THE PEACE-MAKERS.

Two Ships from Philadelphia, for London, are taken, and carried into St. Juan de Luz.

Letters from Riga mention, that 50 Dutch Ships were arrived there, in a Clutter, which looked as if they wanted to take the Advantage of the present Demur between Russia and Great-Britain, for them (as usual) to fish in troubled Waters.

It is rumoured that the Empress Queen has desired the Restoration of Ostend and other Towns in the Austrian Netherlands, which were delivered to the French at the Beginning of the War; but that her Requests had been politely refused.

June 17. A few Days ago the following Dutch Ships of Vessels were condemned as legal Prizes, by the Lords of Appeal, viz. the De Vryheid, Anthony Feteris, Master, taken by Jacob Roome, of the Royal Esther Privateer: The Elizabeth Galley, Cornelius Janse, taken by James Devereux, of the St. George Privateer; The Mariah Johannah, John Sindeboon, taken by Captain David Dixon, of the Prince of Orange: The Ursula Clara Magdalena, Elias Van Houten, taken by Francis Koffler, in the Defiance: The De Fortuyn, Jacob Garrard, taken by Captain Troup, of the Sturdy Beggar.

June 19. Admiral Rodney has resumed his Station off Havre.

They write from Dantzick, "That they are credibly informed, that notwithstanding all the Pains taken by the English Minister at the Court of Petersburg, and all the Engines set to Work by his Prussian Majesty, to induce the Czarina to agree to a Peace, and relinquish the Court of Vienna, she doth not seem to be in the least moved. She listens with Attention to all the Proposals that are made to her, and communicates them to the Empress Queen.

Private Letters from Hamburg tell us, that whereas only Two Millions of Crowns were offered to the Court of Russia some Months ago to detach it from its Alliance with France and Austria, it is now offered Three Millions, Half to be paid Down, and the rest at the Conclusion of a Peace; but the High Chancellor, who continues to be the reigning Favourite, and as much in the Empress Queen's Interest as ever, causes all these Proposals to be rejected. In Consequence of that Minister's Credit, the Plan of Operations for the ensuing Campaign will be executed with Vigour. According to this Plan, Soltikoff, at the Head of 50,000 Men will enter the New Marche of Brandenburg, whilst General Fermor, with 40,000, advances towards Silesia, to act in Concert with the Austrians, as Circumstances may require.

They write from Amsterdam, that the Inland Provinces have consented to the Equipment of 25 Men of War for the present Year, which was proposed about 4 or 5 Months ago by the Province of Holland; and the Resolution on this Head hath been finally agreed to by the States General. Notwithstanding the Opposition heretofore made to this Measure by the Inland Provinces, the Admiralties had proceeded to fitting out the Ships; so that, with those of the preceding Naval Armament, the Republic hath now between 30 and 40 Ships at Sea for the Protection of her Trade and Navigation.

We are informed by the last Accounts from India, that the new Nabob had settled 20,050 l. Sterling per Annum upon General Clive for his Services; and as an Acknowledgment, the said General is to keep a Regiment at his own Expence in the Nabob's Service.

It is said, that since several French Men of War in the Pilaine, and other Places, have been disarmed and laid up, the common Men have had Leave given them to enter into private Ships of War for a limited Time, which has occasioned that Swarm of small Privateers that have lately infested our Coast.

Mr. Boscowen's Ships are so well posted, that nothing can escape him. Whilst his Right and Left are guarded, he is himself in the Center. Giary is off Rochfort, and another Squadron of Observation is before Brest.

The Army of the Allies is completely formed, and is thought to be superior in Effectives to that of France, though much inferior upon Paper. Their Magazines are in excellent Order; and a Rumour prevails, that General Imhoff, with a Corps of 24,000 Men, will open the Campaign with an Expedition of Importance.

We every Moment expect the News of a bloody Battle between the King of Prussia and Count Daun; and also between Prince Ferdinand and the French.

Advices from Paris of the 6th Instant, inform us, that the Seizing of Butzbach by the Allies, though an Affair of no great Consequence in itself, had given Uneasiness to the Court. The Return of the Wirtembergers, and the Desertion which begins again to prevail among the Troops, are also disagreeable Things, and, in some Measure disconcert the Plan of Operations. His Majesty therefore (say these Advices) is determined to put an End to the War, which in its Consequences must be fatal. But these Advices farther add, when we view Things in a proper Light, that it, when we consider the many Difficulties that attend the proposed Peace, we are afraid it is still at a great Distance.

On the 17th an Officer arrived in London from Quebec, with an Account of the Battle before that City, and of General Murray's retiring; the People were under great Concern, fearing the Fate thereof; but the Ministry were in no Fears but that the Place could hold out till the Ships got up.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, May 30.

Part of a Letter from Vice Admiral Pocock to Mr. CLEVELAND, dated in Madras Road, October 12, 1759.

"I arrived off Pondicherry on the 8th, early in the Morning, and saw no Ships in the Road; but at 10 o'Clock in the Afternoon, we discovered the Enemy to the S. E. and by three counted 13 Sail. We were then standing to the Southward with the Sea Breeze, and to prevent their passing us, kept a good Look-out the following Night. At Half past Six in the Morning of the 9th, saw Part of the Enemy's Squadron to the S. W. and by Nine counted 16 Sail. At Two in the Afternoon, the Wind springing up,

I made the Signal for a general Chase; and at Four the Squadron appeared to be formed in a Line of Battle a-bread, and steered right down upon us. In the Evening I ordered the Revenge to keep, during the Night, between our Squadron and the Enemy's, to observe their Motions.

The 10th, at Six in the Morning, the Body of the French Squadron bore S. E. by S. distant eight or nine Miles, and was formed in a Line of Battle a-head, on the Starboard Tack. We continued bearing down on them in a Line of Battle a-bread, with the Wind about N. W. by W. At five Minutes past Ten the Enemy wore, and formed the Line a-head, upon the Larboard Tack. At 5 Minutes after Eleven we did the same, and kept edging down upon them. At 20 Minutes past Two in the Afternoon, the Yarmouth being nearly a-bread of the French Admiral's Second in the Rear, and within Musket-shot, M. d'Ache made the Signal for Battle, I immediately did the same; on which both Squadrons began to cannonade each other with great Fury, and continued hotly engaged until Ten Minutes after Four, when the Enemy's Rear began to give Way (the Sunderland having got up some Time before, and engaged their Sternmost Ship) their Center very soon after did the same: Their Van made Sail, stood on, and with their whole Squadron bore away, and steered to the S. S. E. with all the Sail they could make.

We were in no Condition to pursue them, the Tyger having her Mizzen-mast and Main-top shot away, and appeared to be greatly disabled; the New-Castle was much damaged in her Masts, Yards and Rigging; and the Cumberland and Salisbury, in our Rear, were not in a Condition to make Sail. The Yarmouth had her Fore-top-fail Yard shot away in the Slings; and the Grafton and Elizabeth, tho' none of their Masts or Yards fell, yet they were greatly disabled in them and their Rigging; so that the Weymouth and Sunderland were the only Ships that had not suffered, by Reason they could not get properly into Action, occasioned by M. d'Ache's beginning to engage before they could close, and by that Means were thrown out of Action; so that only seven of our Ships sustained the whole Fire of the Enemy's Fleet till near the Conclusion, and then only eight.

I have not been able to obtain a certain Account of the Enemy's Loss; but it is reported by a Deserter, that they had 1500 Men killed and wounded, and some of their Ships very much shattered. They left Pondicherry Road the first Instant in the Evening, having on board M. Soupiere, Brigadier Lally, Colonel Kennedy, who has almost lost his Sight, and a Lady, named Madame de Vaux; from whence it may be concluded, that either their whole Squadron, or a Part, is gone to the Islands. It is said they have brought no Troops, but landed, before their Departure, 400 European Seamen and Volunteers, with 200 Coffres; that they brought very little Money, but the Diamonds, which were taken in the Grantham, they have left at Pondicherry.

Our Loss is very considerable, though greatly inferior to the Enemy's. We had 118 Men slain in the Action; 66 have died since of their Wounds; 122 remain dangerously ill, 263 slightly wounded; so that our whole Number, killed and wounded, amounts to 569 Men. Among the Slain is Captain Michie, who commanded the New-Castle, Captain Gore of Marines, and Lieutenant Redshaw, both of the New-Castle; Lieutenant Elliot of the Tyger, the Master of the Yarmouth, and Boatswain of the Elizabeth; and the Gunner of the Tyger is since dead of his Wounds. Captain Somerset, who commanded the Cumberland, is wounded in one of his Ancles, but is in a fair Way of Recovery. Captain Brereton received a Contusion on the Head, which is now well. All the Officers and Seamen behaved with the greatest Bravery and Spirit during the Action, and by the Vigour and Constancy of their Fire obliged the Enemy to retreat, notwithstanding their great Superiority.

The only Thing material that has happened, with Regard to the Operations of our Troops, is an Attack made by Major Brereton on the French, in the Village of Wandewash, which our Troops possessed some Hours, but were afterwards repulsed, and obliged to abandon it, with equal Loss on both Sides. Our Troops have since returned to their Headquarters at Conjeeveram.

I have inclosed our Line of Battle, with that of the Enemy.

BRITISH LINE.		FRENCH LINE.	
Ships.	Gun. Men.	Ships.	Gun. Men.
The Elizabeth led, with the Larboard Tacks on board.		The Actif led, with the Larboard Tacks on board.	
Elizabeth,	64 430	Actif,	64 600
New-Castle,	50 350	Le Miniautaur,	74 650
Tyger,	60 420	Le Duc d'Orleans,	60 500
Grafton,	68 520	Le St. Louis,	60 500
Yarmouth,	66 540	Le Vengeur,	64 500
Cumberland,	58 520	Le Zodiaque,	74 650
Salisbury,	50 350	Comte de Provence,	74 650
Sunderland,	60 420	Duc de Bourgogne,	60 500
Weymouth,	60 420	L'illustre,	64 600
		La Fortune,	64 600
		Le Centaur,	70 650
	536 4020		723 6400

An Account of the Number of Men killed and wounded on board each of his Majesty's Ships; Elizabeth 77; New-Castle 112; Tyger 168; Grafton 83; Yarmouth 39; Cumberland 52; Salisbury 36; Sunderland 2. Total 569. Vice Admiral Pocock, in another Letter to Mr. Cleveland, dated the 19th of October, 1759, off Madras, gives an Account of his being joined the preceding Day by Rear Admiral Cornish, who sailed from England in April 1759; with the following Reinforcement, viz. Lenox, 74 Guns; Duke of Aquitaine 64, York 60, and Falmouth, 50 Guns.

NEW-YORK, August 14.

West End of Oneida Lake, July 22, 1760.

Copy of a Letter from a Gentleman on that Station, to his Friend here, viz.

"After my best Respects, these serve chiefly to acquaint you, that an Indian who had been taken in Capt. Jacob's Adventure last Year, and has ever since been a Prisoner about Oswegatchie, found Means at Length to make his Escape, and arrived here last Night; he brings Advice, that the Troops at Isle Gallo are struck with such a Panic, that they have their Baggage and most valuable Effects

embarked on board that Purpose, in appearance. The thoroughly com long Stand, as the best Terms of our Army; chief Pilots, ta engaged in our conduct any V Walls of the T

As I imagine know the Stral Amherst, o therefore, for y count thereof, from Truth, as curious to accer that have pass

Sir William Days, with a Morning, and where he is to Arrival of the

I now give the Western De XLIIth, or R XLIVth, — XLVth, — LXth, or 4th B LXXVIIth, or LXXXth,

NEW-JERSEY N. YORKERS, CONNECTICUT

I have not told me himf than 1500 or 2 tion with our o who, with the it in their Pow perfidious and l seem most adv have the grate Peace and Tr thoroughly effe sincere Friend

"We embar tady 24th of J continuing our tion was bad being swift, an were obliged to main Strength It was full of we were oblig Days in going not 40 Miles; which is a mo 30 Miles; fro this Lake, the wide rapid Ri Navigation, et low. The Co is very good, The Land her View of the l bounded by t Ocean. The expected in f Regiment from by a Battalion from Pittsburg

Extra of "We hear an Island near Thing ready This Lake is World, it is i in Time of a S Ocean."

By Yesterda Part of our F on the 7th I and that from PHIL

Advices fro every Thing. Day before a Batteaus, to t ther had set same Place.

From Presc Royal Ameri

To be RENTED or LEASED for a Term of YEARS.

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing 1000 Acres, lying in Fairfax County, in Virginia, about 40 Miles above Alexandria, on the main Road leading from thence to Winchester. The said Land will be laid out in Tenements of One or Two Hundred Acres, and has a Quantity of rich Meadow Ground upon it.

For Terms, enquire of the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, Maryland.

THOMAS BROOKE, Son of Walter.

Virginia, August 8, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, about the 15th of June last, a likely well-made Virginia born Negro Fellow, named Ned (alias Edward Kello) formerly belonging to Col. Theodorick Bland of Prince-George County, and by him sold to Mr. Richard Hanson of Petersburg, Merchant; is about five Feet eight Inches high, near 40 Years of Age, sensible, smooth-tongued, talkative, and apt to deceive by telling plausible Stories; has been bred up in an House, is a complete Waiter, shaves and dresses a Wig pretty well; had with him when he went away a Great-Coat, Osnabrigs Shirts and Breeches. Any Person that will apprehend him, and cause him to be conveyed to me, or to Mr. William Eaton in Dinwiddie County, shall receive Five Pounds Reward, if taken in this Government; if in any other, Ten Pounds, beside what the Law allows. And as it is supposed he will change his Name, and endeavour to escape out of the Country on board some Vessel, I would request all Masters to be careful not to receive him on board; and in Case he should offer to Ship himself or go Passenger on board any Vessel, that the Captain will cause him to be secured and sent before the next Justice of the Peace, and the Person performing such Service shall be rewarded in Manner aforementioned. Whoever shall presume to carry the said Slave out of the Country, may expect to be prosecuted with the utmost Rigour.

ROBERT JONES, junior.

August 8th, 1760.

WHEREAS Mr. Joseph Smith, Iron-Master, in Baltimore County, did, on the 15th Day of September, 1759, mortgage unto the Subscriber Thirty-two Negroes, for sundry good Causes mentioned in the Instrument of Writing; and whereas the Subscriber, upon the Credit of the said Mortgage, and on the Request of the said Smith, advanced sundry Sums of Money & Goods, of which a Balance is still due unto the Subscriber of the full and just Sum of Eight Hundred and Seventy-two Pounds Five Shillings Current Money. Any Person that will pay and discharge the same, may have an Assignment of the said Mortgage: The Time of it's Expiration will be the first Day of September ensuing the Date hereof. Among the said Negroes there are about Eighteen or Twenty Tradesmen, viz. Smiths, Forgemen, Colliers, Carpenters, &c. such as may be serviceable to any Iron-Master. EDWARD NORWOOD.

N. B. The said Smith has reported, that the said Norwood will not settle Accounts with him, which is entirely false, as he is always ready and willing to lay his Books before Iron-Masters, and to settle the same.

TO BE SOLD,

And Entered on the 20th of October next,

A TRACT of LAND, lying on the North Side of the Eastern Branch of Patowmack River, a Mile below the Ferry, being beautifully situated, containing about 200 Acres; on it there is a large Dwelling-House, with Five Fire Places, and some of the Rooms handsomely wainscotted; likewise several Out-Houses, and an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees. Any Person inclining to purchase, for Terms and Title may apply to Mrs. Margaret Buchanan on the Premises.

To be Sold at the Subscriber's Shop, in CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS,

TRAIN OIL by the Barrel, or in smaller Quantities, Copperas, superfine Lampblack, good Soal and Upper Leather, a great Quantity of ready made Shoes and Boots, all Sorts of Shoe Threads, Womens Shoe Heels, Masheen & Black Ball for Shoemakers Use, Shoe Tools, and most Things used in his Way of Business, for ready Money.

THOMAS HYDE.

N. B. He gives CASH for HIDES.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. JAMES WARDROP, late of Prince-George's County, Merchant, deceased, are required to make immediate Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to give in the same to

LETTICE WARDROP, } Executors.
ALEXANDER SYMMER, }
JOSEPH BELT, junior, }

ALL Persons indebted to Philip Hammond, Esq; deceased, are requested to settle their respective Accounts; and those who have any Demands against him, to apply to, and adjust the same with,

CHARLES HAMMOND, junior,
Executor of Philip Hammond.

A SORTABLE Cargo of European and East-India GOODS, to be Sold at the Dwelling-House of the Deceased, by Wholesale only, on the most reasonable Terms, by the Subscriber.

CHARLES HAMMOND, junior.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Somerset County School: Any Person properly Qualified, upon applying to the Visitors, will meet with such Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in.

Signed by Order,
ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

August 2d, 1760.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Alexandria, Fairfax County, Virginia, a Convict Servant Man named John Murphy, born in Ireland, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, well made, by Trade a Joiner, of a dark Complexion, has a large Beard, large Eye-Brows, and is pale; he speaks proper English, and much to the Purpose; he has been upon the Stage, is deem'd to sing extremely well, and appears to be the compleat Gentleman. He will perhaps change his Occupation, as he is acquainted with many Branches in the mechanical Way. He had with him a Pair of black Knit Breeches, fine Cotton Stockings, a fine Hat, and several good Wigs. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and delivers him to me, shall have Twenty Pounds Reward, paid by

JOHN PATTERSON.

St. Mary's County, June 24, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Patuxent River, a Country-born Servant Man, named Edmund Waller, a well looking Fellow, about 24 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, has short lightish brown Hair, and a thin Beard; his fore Teeth are wore hollow, has a Mole on one of his Cheeks, and a Cast on one Side as he walks. He had on and took with him, an old blue Camblet Coat, old Felt Hat, an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a Frize Coat trimm'd with Metal Buttons, a white Shirt ruffled at the Bosom and Sleeves, Shoes, Stockings, Check Shirt, brown Waistcoat without Sleeves, and a good Hat. It is supposed he will go to an Uncle of his, one George Waller, living in Baltimore County. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have Four Pistoles Reward.

JAMES MATTINGLEY.
He has formerly gone by the Name of James Edmons, and may again.

STRAYED away on the 27th of April last, from Soldier's Delight in Baltimore County, a Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, 7 Years old last Spring, can pace, trot, and gallop, her Mane is trimm'd, has a Switch Tail, and branded on the near Shoulder WF (in a Piece.) Whoever takes up the said Mare, and brings her to Mr. Robert Gilerish on Soldier's Delight, or to the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town, or secures her so that she may be had again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

MARK ALEXANDER.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, in the CAPEL, Capt. JOHN JOHNSTOUN, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in PORT-TOBACCO, Wholesale or Retail,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season, at reasonable Rates, for Cash, Bills, Tobacco, or Wheat.

Likewise, Wine, Melasses, Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, and Salt.

THOMAS CONTEL.

JUST IMPORTED in the BALTIMORE, Captain HANSON, from LONDON, and to be Sold, very cheap, at the Subscriber's Store near the Wharf in BALTIMORE-TOWN,

AN Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, for Bills of Exchange, Current Money, Tobacco, or short Credit.

CHARLES CROXALL.

THE Partnership of Charles Croxall and Job Moale, of Baltimore County, being expired; those, therefore, having any Demands upon them, are desired to bring them in; and they indebted requested to pay.

JUST IMPORTED, In the last SHIPS from LONDON, A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, Wholesale or Retail.

Also, Cordage, Sail Duck, and Ship Chandlery.

THOMAS DICK.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On Thursday the Fourth Day of September, at the Plantation of Mr. George Frazer, about a Mile below Piscataway, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, that never run round the Poles for any Purse or other Wager,

A PURSE of FIFTEEN POUNDS, the Best in Three Heats, Three Times round the Poles, which is about Two Miles each Heat. A Horse of Fourteen Hands high to carry Nine Stone Weight, and to rise and fall according to Size.

The Second Day, a Purse of Five Pounds, and the Entrance-Money of both Days, to be Run for, by any Horse, &c. and to carry Weight as above; the winning Horse the first Day excepted.

The Horses to be Entered the Monday before the Race with Messieurs Baynes and Bowdon.

The Entrance-Money to be paid for the first Race, Fifteen Shillings each Horse, &c. and for the second Day Seven Shillings and Six Pence each.

Proper Judges will be appointed to determine any Disputes which may arise.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in Amelia County, in Virginia, in May 1759, a very likely Negro Man, named Dick (but used to call himself Richard Jenkins) about 30 Years old, of a middle Size, well set, very black, his Back much scarified, is a good Sawyer, and plays on the Violin. Whoever conveys the said Negro to me, shall have Ten Pounds Reward. WOOD JONES.

JUST IMPORTED, In the Ship NELLY, Capt. WILLIAM WILKINSON, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Stores in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH and QUEEN-ANNE TOWNS, Wholesale or Retail,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season.

Likewise, Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or Hoghead, Madeira Wine, and very good Coffee.

ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

TO BE SOLD,

(Lying within seven Miles of BALTIMORE-TOWN)

A TRACT of LAND, containing 450 Acres, a large Part of which is excellent Meadow Ground, with about 6 or 8 Acres cleared, an Orchard containing 300 Trees, and some Improvement of Houses. Any Person inclinable to purchase, is desired to apply to Mr. William Lux, of Baltimore-Town, Merchant, who can give an indisputable Title to the same.

Charles County, June 2d, 1760.

RAN away last Night from the Subscribers, two Convict Servants, viz.

James Williams, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, short dark Hair, and the two fore Fingers of his right Hand cut off (as he says by his Mother.) Had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a blue Sailor's Jacket, old Shoes and Stockings, and an old Hat.

Thomas Oxford, a Lad, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, sandy Hair, white Eye-brows, and freckled Face. Had on a black Que Wig, pretty good Hat, Shoes and Stockings. It is suspected they will steal other Cloaths, and that they have a forged Pass as Sailors.

Whoever secures both or either of the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have Four Pistoles Reward for both, or Two Pistoles for either, paid by

BENJAMIN FENDALL,

JOHN FENDALL.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.