

THE [Numb. 652.]
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, November 3, 1757.

RESOLUTIONS of the House of COMMONS,
of the 23d of May, 1757, upon certain Resolutions
of the ASSEMBLY of the Island of
JAMAICA, on the 29th of October, 1753.

THE Order of the Day being read, for receiving the Report from the Committee of the whole House, to whom it was referred to consider further of the several Papers which were presented to the House upon the 18th and 24th Days of February, and the 17th Day of March, in the last Session of Parliament, relating to the then Governor, Council and Assembly of Jamaica, and of the other Papers referred to the said Committee:

Mr. Thomas Gore accordingly reported from the said Committee the Resolutions which the Committee had directed him to report to the House, which he read in his Place, and afterwards delivered in at the Table, where the same were again read, and are as followeth, viz.

RESOLVED, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the Resolution of the Assembly of the Island of Jamaica, contained in the Minutes of the said Assembly of the 29th Day of October, 1753, in the Words following, viz. "Resolved, That it is the inherent and undoubted Right of the Representatives of the People to raise and apply Monies for the Services and Exigencies of Government, and to appoint such Person or Persons for the receiving and issuing thereof, as they shall think proper; which Rights this House hath exerted, and will always exert, in such Manner as they shall judge most conducive to the Service of his Majesty, and the Interest of his People;" so far as the same imports a Claim of Right in the said Assembly to raise and apply public Money without the Consent of the Governor and Council, is illegal, unconstitutional, and derogatory of the Rights of the Crown, and People of Great-Britain.

RESOLVED, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the six last Resolutions of the Assembly of Jamaica, of the 29th of October, 1753, proceed upon a manifest Misapprehension of his Majesty's Instruction to his Governor, requiring him not to give his Assent to any Bill of an unusual and extraordinary Nature and Importance, wherein his Majesty's Prerogative, or Property of his Subjects, may be prejudiced; or the Trade or Shipping of this Kingdom any wise affected, unless there be a Clause inserted, suspending the Execution of such Bill until his Majesty's Pleasure shall be known: And that such Instruction is just and necessary, and no Alteration of the Constitution of that Island, nor any Way derogatory to the Rights of his Subjects there.

The first Resolution of the Committee being read a second Time, was, with an Amendment thereto, agreed to by the House, and is as followeth, viz.

RESOLVED, That the Resolution of the Assembly of the Island of Jamaica, contained in the Minutes of the said Assembly of the 29th Day of October, 1753, in the Words following, viz. "Resolved, That it is the inherent and undoubted Right of the Representatives of the People to raise and apply Monies for the Service and Exigencies of Government, and to appoint such Person or Persons for the receiving and issuing thereof, as they shall think proper; which Rights this House hath exerted, and will always exert, in such Manner as they shall judge most conducive to the Service of his Majesty, and the Interest of his People;" so far as the same imports a Claim of Right in the said Assembly to raise and apply public Money without the Consent of the Governor and Council, is illegal, repugnant to the Terms of his Majesty's Commission to his Governor of the said Island, and derogatory to the Rights of the Crown, and People of Great-Britain.

The second Resolution of the Committee being

read a second Time, an Amendment was made thereunto by the House:

The House was moved, that the Entries in the Journal of the House of the 21st and 23d Days of December, 1678, of the Proceedings of the House in Relation to the Bill for granting a Supply to his Majesty for paying off and disbanding the Forces, may be read.

And the same were read accordingly. Then the said Resolution, so amended, was agreed to by the House, and is as followeth, viz.

RESOLVED, That the Claim in the said Resolution of a Right in the Assembly to appoint such Person or Persons for the receiving and issuing of public Money as the said Assembly shall think proper, is illegal, repugnant to the Terms of his Majesty's Commission to his Governor of the said Island, and derogatory of the Rights of the Crown of Great-Britain.

The last Resolution of the Committee being read a second Time, was agreed to by the House.

To the Proprietors of the LIVERPOOL CHRONICLE.
GENTLEMEN,

As we have a pleasing Prospect of a plentiful Season, the Insertion of the following Lines in your next, may perhaps be agreeable to many of your Readers, as well as oblige

Your humble Servant,

VERSES, on the present PLENTYOUS PROSPECT.

*These are thy glorious Works! Parent of Good,
Almighty! thine this Universal Frame,
Thus wondrous fair; thyself how wondrous then!*
MILTON.

YE Nymphs that sport along the Aonian Plain,
Or quaff the Silver Heliconian Stream,
You I invoke (since you alone inspire)
To warm my Breast with your poetic Fire:
The Theme is PLENTY! teach me how to sing
The Comforts flowing from that bounteous Spring.
Now Smiles take place, where hover'd late Despair;

All to JBHOVAH send their thankful Pray'r:
Behold, he scatters Plenty with his Hand,
Nor draws his Mercies from a sinful Land.
The little Hills rejoice, the Vallies sing;
First cheer'd and nurtur'd by the milder Spring:
Hence verdant Meads, dress'd in the Sweets of May,
Hence Trees bespangled, blooming fresh and gay:
Successive Show'rs and Sun alternate reign,
And with Redundance crown the fertile Plain.
The growing Fruits urge on the short-liv'd Bloom,
The Shadow falls to give the Substance room;
The genial Heat makes all the Fruit mature,
Impregnates Earth the pondrous Crop to bear.
The golden Harvest makes the Farmer smile,
And crowns with Plenty his laborious Toil.
To view the Fields, oppress beneath their Load,
Demands our highest Gratitude to God:
For the Supreme each Blessing does bestow;
To him alone our grateful Thanks we owe.

Contemplate then—should he withhold his Hand,

What dire Confusion would involve our Land!
Where is the Man can cause one Show'r of Rain?
Or, if too much, the wat'ry Clouds restrain?
Command the intervening Clouds away,
Or make the Sun dart forth one piercing Ray?
Alas vain Man! how weak his strongest Scheme;
Light as a Bubble, airy as a Dream!
Let's importune the God of Consolation,
To multiply his Blessings on our Nation:
To guard our Isle from Famine, Plague and War;
To free our Breasts from each domestic Jar;
That cordial Love may more and more increase,
And we be blest with PLENTY and with PEACE.

August 23, 1757.

MADRID, August 8.

THE Council of War having reported their Opinion, that the Duc de Penthièvre Prize, had been taken off the Corunna, in Violation of the Spanish Territory, his Catholic Majesty has been pleas'd to order the said Prize to be delivered up to the French Consul at Cadiz, and the Privateer not suffer'd to depart, till the Parties are heard with regard to the Damages which may have been occasioned by the Detention.

LONDON.

August 13. The following Account from Alicante, dated June 29, is published in the Paris Gazette of the 30th of July; but we hope to see it contradicted, in some Particulars by Authority:

"A Frigate of Marseilles, called the Telemachus, was attacked and taken the 19th Instant, under the Cannon of the Castle of Moyrayra, by the Experiment, a Frigate belonging to the Royal Navy of England, commanded by Capt. Strahan. The Engagement, tho' short, was very bloody: On board the French Ship, 35 Men were killed, and 123 wounded. Capt. Strahan, not knowing what to do with so great a Number of Prisoners, put them on board a Snow of this Port, which he met with at Sea, and which landed the Wounded here the 24th in the Evening. The whole Town was seized with Compassion and Horror at the Sight. Not one of them had their Wounds dress'd, and all had been stripp'd, not even excepting the Captain, whose Bravery entitl'd him to better Usage. Those who escap'd the Fate of Arms, were perishing with Hunger and Thirst; and it was well known, that for 24 Hours before they were brought in, they had not the least Sustainance; because the Spanish Captain, who was forced to take them into his Ship, had scarce any Provisions left, and the English gave him none for the Subsistence of those Prisoners."

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, August 5.

"Yesterday was brought in here a fine large Dutch Ship, laden with Provisions for Brest, taken by a small Privateer of Guernsey, of 16 Guns. And this Evening two Dutch Gallies, laden with Brandy on French Account, were brought in here by a Privateer of Jersey, of eight Guns and 40 Men. How much would our Great People and Tradesmen deserve Applause, if they would promote the Benefit of their Country, by fitting out Privateers by Subscription in Time of War. How nobly did the Bristol Tradesmen begin with a Resolution in fitting out small Privateers first, whereby they have made their Fortunes, and now have actually bought here 3 or 4 French Privateers of 24 Guns, which they will fit out by Subscription in Shares at Bristol directly.—Small Privateers, good Sailors, with 10 Guns and 50 Men, to lie off the French Harbours, might soon make their Fortunes, in taking the Dutch only with contraband Goods on board."

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, July 21.

"The Hampton-Court, the Hon. Capt. Harvey, who has burnt a French Man of War of 36 Guns, and taken and retaken several other Prizes since, is sent to Genoa to take Care of the Trade, and to know how much farther that Republic will carry it's Partiality and Assistance to France. They are daily embarking Cannon for Toulon, and are said here to have sold to the French two 70 Gun Ships building near Genoa. But since Admiral Osborne's Arrival in these Seas our Trade begins to revive, and the Enemy's Privateers to disappear, and every Benefit to take Place that can arise from so vigilant and judicious a Disposition of the Ships as the Admiral has made for the Protection of the Trade, and the Destruction of the Enemy."

The Marine Society, since it's first Institution, hath compleatly clothed and fitted out, for the Use of his Majesty's Navy, 2251 Men, 1750 Boys; and continue weekly cloathing great Numbers of Landmen and Boys, that enter for his Majesty's Service.

The Quantity of Foreign Corn imported in the Port of London only, from the 9th of April to the 13th of August inclusive, amounts to 56,199 Quarters.

The Survivors of the Crew of the Terrible Privateer, Capt. Death, seventeen in Number, lately arrived from France, have engaged themselves on board the Norfolk Privateer, Capt. Clarke, in order to face the Enemy once more and try their Fortunes.

August 23. From Hanover they write, that their new French Governor has given public Notice to the Inhabitants, If any French Soldier quartered upon them shall commit any Excess, to give Notice to the nearest Guard, and Justice shall be immediately done them. This Declaration has greatly quieted the Minds of the People, who expected nothing less than to be plundered of their All: But they, on their Part, are not to suffer the French to want for any Thing. The Duke of Cumberland has withdrawn the Garrison, Cannon and Stores, that were in Niembourg. Every Thing goes on as yet, very quietly at Hanover. The French receive the public Revenue; but the Exactions over and above from the particular Principalities, are very considerable.

The Tartar's Prize, Duke d'Aquilon, is bringing round from Portsmouth to be refitted for a Privateer; she is to be called the Volunteer, to mount 30 Nine Pounders, besides Organs and Swivels, and to carry 300 Men. She is about 700 Tons Burthen, and a remarkable fine Sailer, being allowed by all Judges not to be inferior to any Vessel taken this War. She is to be commanded by Capt. Altree.

August 25. The articles, but moving, Report, made to the Saxon Ministers by the Magistrates of Zittau, of the Damage their Town sustained from the cruel Methods employed by the Austrians to make themselves Masters of it, hath made a deep Impression at Dresden. It was in the following Words:

"The Cannonading began on the 23d of June, at eleven in the Morning, and lasted till five in the Evening. In this Time 4000 Balls were fired. The Buildings laid in Ashes are 547 Houses, including 104 Brew-Houses; all the Steeples, except that of Bautzen; the two Cathedrals of St. John and St. James; the Orphan-House; eight Parsonage Houses, and eight Schools; the Town-House, with every Thing contained in it; the Public Weigh-House; the Prison; the Archives, with all the other Documents of the Town-Council; the Plate, and other Things of Value, presented to the Town, from Time to Time, by Emperors, Kings, Princes, and Noblemen.

"There are left standing only 138 Houses, with the Council Library, the Cloister Church, the Bohemian Church, and the Salt-Work. Ninety Persons have been dug out of the Ruins. Dr. Stroumelius's Widow, with her whole Family, consisting of 14 Persons, and 56 others, were found dead in their Houses, and 40 are still missing."

August 30. The Fame Privateer of Guernsey has retaken the Experiment, from Maryland, for London; but not brought her in.

Extract of a Letter from the Camp at the Isle of Wight, dated the 25th Instant.

"Every Thing, with regard to the Expedition, is just as much an impenetrable Secret here, as with you at the Metropolis. Various are the Conjectures, but it is asserted, that even the Commanding Officer is not acquainted with its Destination. We have had a tedious waiting for the Transports, occasioned by contrary Winds; which proves the more disagreeable, not only as the Season advances a-pace, but as the late Change of Weather (which you may imagine) makes Encampments very comfortable Habitations.

We hear that upwards of 1000 Seamen have been impressed from the West-India Fleet, without being suffered to set their Feet on Shore.

It was strongly reported Yesterday, that a Ship was arrived at Leith from Bremen, which gave an Account that the King of Prussia had obtained a Victory over the Austrians; and that another Ship was arrived at Hull from Stade, with the same News. But we must wait the Arrival of the Mails, to know whether there is any Foundation for these Reports. There are three due from Holland, and as many from Flanders.

By private Accounts from Brest and St. Malo, we find they were apprehensive, that the Embarkation making in England is designed against them, and therefore they have taken up the Pavement in those two Towns, for Fear of a Bombardment. As to Brest in particular, they had there, about three Weeks ago, eleven Ships of the Line, most

of which were compleatly equipped, and the rest might be so in a few Days. They have likewise a good Number of Frigates in that Harbour, besides three capital Ships on the Stocks, viz. one of 116 Guns, and two of 84, which will be finished this Autumn. It is reckoned they have about 15000 Artificers at Work in the Yards and Docks, many of whom are Fellows Guilty of Theft, whom they chuse to employ thus for the Public Service, rather than hang them.

September 3. It is said the Attorney-General has Orders to prosecute the late Engrossers of Corn. Letters from Tillecherry, in the East-Indies, of the 15th of last December, advise, that a large French Ship, laden with Warlike Stores, had, a few Weeks before, been taken by Commodore James, of the Revenge, of 20 Guns, an armed Vessel in the Company's Service at Bombay. The Letters add, that tho' Angria be destroyed, there is a Nest of Privateers between Goa and Bombay, who still continue to infest the Coast, so that Ships, Sloops, Ketches, and Boats, of small Force, cannot sail up and down the Coast without Convoy.

Letters have been found on board a French Prize from some Officers at Cape-Breton, most earnestly pressing their Friends at Paris to use their utmost Endeavours to get them recalled. Other Letters of a later Date from the same Gentlemen to their Friends have been found on board another Prize, in which they signify that the Distress of the People at Cape-Breton, by the Scarcity and Badness of Provisions, and the Rage of an infectious Distemper, was so great, that they (though Officers) would return to France, though they should be tried and shot for Desertion the Day after their Arrival.

The Black Vomit was broke out among the Inhabitants and Seamen at Cape-Breton. M. de la Motte has, we hear, lost 700 Men on board his own Ship by that loathsome and infectious Distemper.

The last Advices from Hamburg say, that there has happened a small Action between the Muscovite and Prussian Armies, in which the former have lost 2000 Men. It is affirmed that they have made a Detachment of one whole Column of their Army, consisting of thirty thousand Men, with a View to enter Silesia on one Side, while the Austrians attempt to penetrate on the other. In the mean Time they have abandoned their Enterprize on Pillau, and have levied 40,000 Rix Dollars upon the Inhabitants of Memel.

Letters from Hanover, dated the last of August, mention the Feast of St. Lewis being kept on the 25th with great Splendour, all the Cannon being fired from the Ramparts, which was answered by a general Salvo of the whole Garrison, consisting of four Battalions. The Duke de Richelieu is actually marched, to force the Army of Observation in their Entrenchments, which are said to be very strong; and that his Royal Highness the Duke is determined to dispute every Inch of Ground; and being abundantly well supplied with Artillery and Ammunition, the Dispute cannot but be very bloody.

Our freshest Letters from Dresden acquaint us, that his Prussian Majesty advancing again into Bohemia, resolved to force the Austrians to a Battle, or to dispose his Line of Troops in such a Manner as to cover Lusatia and Saxony, and at the same Time preserve his Communication with Silesia. In the former he was disappointed, the Austrians having called in all their advanced Corps, entrenched themselves up to their Teeth, and presented to the Prussian Van Guard 340 Pieces of Cannon upon their several Batteries. His Majesty, however, has succeeded in the latter, recovered several Posts of Consequence, and made such a Disposition of his Forces as will effectually cover the Countries in his Possession.

The Weather being pretty fine ever since Wednesday last, has made such great Alterations in the Harvest, through Providence, that every Thing wears the Face of Gladness. How thankful ought every Person to be to the Great Creator and Governor of all Things, who having heard the Cries of the Poor, has sent them Bread to deliver them from the Jaws of Oppression!

Friday and Yesterday a sham Engagement was fought at the Camp in the Isle of Wight. His Grace the Duke of Richmond and many Personages of Note were present, besides a great Number of other Spectators, who were greatly pleased, and expressed their Approbation thereof.

Gosport, September 5. The Transports are fallen down to Cowes.

Yesterday in the Evening, the Buoy Boat, Well Boat, Sailing Lighters, &c. belonging to the Dock-

Yard, with the Men belonging to the Ordinary, &c. on board, sailed out of the Harbour to Cowes, where they were to be joined by the Long Boats, &c. and this Morning early the Embarkation of the Troops began; and such Dispatch and Expedition is used in every Department, that if the Wind permits, the Fleet is expected to sail on Thursday next.

Portsmouth, Sept. 5. The Transports that are to carry the Horses are come into Harbour to take them in; the others are gone to Cowes.

There came out with the above Transports 11 Sail of Men of War, Fire-Ships, and Sloops, but cannot get their Names.

The Light Horse that are to go in this Embarkation, are now coming into Town.

LIVERPOOL, August 19. Extract of a Letter from Capt. Jackson, late of the Ship King George, dated Surinam, June 6, 1757.

"On the 28th of March last, being at an Anchor in Melimber Road, on the Coast of Africa, in Company with the Ogden, Capt. Lawson, Penlope, Capt. Wiatt, and the Black Prince of Chester, Capt. Creevy, two French Men of War (the St. Michael of 64 Guns, and the Leviathan of 36 Guns) stood directly in for us. As soon as we found it impossible to escape, we split, and run our Ship on Shore, chusing rather to lose all, than fall into the Enemy's Hands. I had then on board 390 Slaves, who ran away, and were, for the most Part, taken by the Natives. We have lost every Thing, except a few Things I had in the Factory on Shore, and about 20 Slaves, with whom I got on board the Ship Wolpenburg, of Flushing, and took Passage for this Place."

Capt. William Creevy, late Commander of the Black Prince of Chester, came to Town last Night, and brings an Account, besides the Particulars mentioned by Capt. Jackson in the foregoing Letter, that the St. Michael had 600 Men on board, and the Leviathan 300; that they first appeared in Sight about 7 o'Clock in the Morning under English Colours, upon which all the Boats then on Shore, distrusting them immediately, repaired on board their respective Ships, and made what Preparations they could for an Engagement. That the Frigate being the headmost Ship, stretched first in with them, upon which a smart Engagement ensued between her and the Englishmen, whose Metal were only 3 and 4 Pounders, and hers 18 Pounders, that the Engagement lasted till the 64 Gun Ship came within Reach of them with her 24 Pounders, which obliged them to slip their Cables, intending to run their Ships on Shore.— That the Frenchmen dispatched 2 Launches full of Men after them, intending to cut them off of the Shore, and his Vessel being the sternmost, they attempted to board him, but received such a warm Reception from his Stern-Chase Guns, laden with Musket-Balls, that they sneered off, and afterwards steered for and boarded the Ogden, Capt. Lawson, whom, with most of his People, they carried on board the Commandant, and used extremely ill; next Morning they burnt the Black Prince and Ogden, and after waiting two Days, destroying all before them, they landed all Capt. Lawson's People, but himself and the Doctor, went to Cape Binde to wood and water, and sailed for Martinico on the 12th of April. By their Behaviour on the Coast, it seemed as if their only Intent was to destroy the Trade; for on board the Ogden, whom they boarded before they had run her on Shore, and might have saved the Ship if they pleased, they permitted the Natives (to the Number of 70 Souls) to plunder her, but fix'd a Fuse to the Magazine of Gunpowder, which blew up the Ship and all the black Men on board, which so exasperated the black Men, that they threaten Revenge to the first French Ship that falls into their Hands. The Natives behaved extremely kind to all the Englishmen, and assisted them with whatever they wanted.

BOSTON, October 17.

By several Vessels who arrived here on Saturday last and Yesterday from Halifax, we learn, That the English Fleet under Admiral Holbourne, cruising off-Louisburg on the 24th ult. met with a most terrible Gale of Wind, or Hurricane; in which Eleven of the Men of War lost their Masts, and the Tilbury of 60 Guns, Capt. Barnsley, after cutting away her Masts, was drove on the Rocks, and stove to Pieces off Cape-Foucett, and every Soul perished.—On board the Tilbury was Captain Croxton, and Lieutenant Dugdale, with 50 Grenadiers of Warburton's Regiment. The Ferrit Sloop of War is also lost, and all the Crew drowned.—Most of the Ships dismasted were got into Halifax, when the last Vessel came away.

Admiral

Admiral Holbourne's Fleet to constantly kept the Command of it to this Colony, and ever since he has Ships from England, he has neither been able to return to Europe.— which the French must from Louisburg Home Sea; and had the French would have given them. But it hath pleased wife; for, on Saturday, our Fleet the South of Louisburg came up at East, and a Hurricane; the Prince Frederick, Su-bury, Invincible, Ca-lost their Masts, and Wind and Sea, right and Windor were for Upper-deck Guns broke short off; the several Minutes, in Nine Feet of Water Devonshire, Nassau, and Nottingham, be and among the Bro-The Tilbury found Person being saved.

Fleet must in a few every Soul perished; about Noon of the of South, by which and bore away. near to the Island, ignorant of it: In disabled Fleet to comight certainly have we hope they must miral persevering in of this Country, hat Fleet at Halifax, d Command of Rear where they can be mean while sent the to look after the St

And on the 4th arrived at Halifax Holbourne, well Northumberland, well; Centurion, L her Mizzen-mast.— Home, viz. Wind Three following d tain, and Sunderla gone to Newfoundland both of which lost gale lost her Miz Three following e ford, Defiance, a Tilbury of 60 G sley, and Ferrit S the Men perished

Our Province Capt. Dowse, w no great Damag was over, but for

N E W Thursday Aft for Albany.

Extract of a the Ulster C the aforesai ted New-0 October 22.

—"This here, and aver him down to ac early this Morn near William I angoune to t about 18 Mile rise Daniel Le Water; when dians, who in the House, but hearing the G fall, shut the I with their Tor young Men t they had torn finding their E

October 28, 1757.

THE Subscriber intending for England next Spring, designs to break up his Quarters in Westmoreland County, in the Colony of Virginia, this Fall, when he will have sundry SLAVES, both Men and Women, to hire out. Likewise there will be to Rent, Three or Four Plantations, with all convenient Houses, and are now in good Order for Cropping. And on Tuesday the 29th of next Month, being Westmoreland Court-Day, will be exposed to public Sale, the Dwelling-House, and other Out-Houses, where the Subscriber lately lived, at said Court-House (the Store-House and an Acre of Ground excepted) together with the Land adjoining, being about 130 Acres: The Houses are new, and very convenient for either Merchant, Doctor, or Tavern-Keeper. The Purchasers will have Six Years Credit, on giving Bond and Security. At the same Time will be Sold, the Stocks of Cattle, Horses, Hogs, &c. together with the Plantation-Utensils belonging to the said Quarters, and the Crops of Corn now on the Ground. The Purchasers will have 18 Months Credit, on giving Bond and Security to

WILLIAM BLACK.

VIRGINIA, ff.

At a General-Court held at the Capitol, in WIL- LIAMSBURG, the 14th Day of October, 1757.

John Dunlop, Robert Dunlop, and others, Plaintiffs, Against Thomas Douglas, and Comp. William Black, and others, Defendants, In Chancery.

AN Account and Report of the Effects of the Defendants, Thomas Douglas, and Company, being returned, It is ordered, That the Defendant William Black be allowed to retain in his Hands sufficient of the Bonds due to the said Douglas, and Company, to pay and satisfy Six Hundred and Seventeen Pounds, Three Shillings, and Five pence Half-penny, the Balance reported due to him from the said Douglas, and Company; and deliver the Residue of the said Bonds, together with the Books, Papers, Debts and Effects, of the said Douglas, and Company, in his Hands, unto William Templeman, who is appointed Receiver thereof, in the Room of the said Black, now about to depart this Colony. And further, It is ordered, That the said William Templeman, before the Receipt of such Effects, give Security, in the Penalty of Six Thousand Pounds, for the Payment of the said Effects, to such Persons, and in such Manner, as this Court shall hereafter order and direct; and that when such Security shall be given, and the said William Black shall have delivered up the said Bonds, Books, Papers, Debts and Effects, unto the said William Templeman, that the said Black, and his Securities, be discharged from their Bond heretofore given, pursuant to a former Order in this Cause. BENJAMIN WALLER, Cl. Gen. Ct.

Agreeable to the above Decree, all the Books, Bonds, Accounts, &c. are now delivered up to the said William Templeman, he having given Bond, with sufficient Security, as above required. All Persons concerned, are therefore desired to take Notice hereof, and pay their respective Accounts, &c. to the said William Templeman, now properly empowered to receive the same, in Room of WILLIAM BLACK.

THERE is at the Plantation of Edward Burch, in Prince-George's County, near the Mouth of the Eastern-Branch, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Mare, about 12 1/2 Hands high, branded on one of her Thighs HL (join'd in one) has a Blaze in her Face, and a white Spot on her off Side. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER near Severn-Ferry, by Wholesale or Retail,

CHOICE GOOD SINGLE and DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR, and fine old CANE SPIRIT: As likewise by Retail, MADEIRA WINE, WEST-INDIA RUM, and MUSCOVADO SUGAR. JOHN CLAPHAM.

THERE is at the Plantation of Joseph Hutton, near Pig-Point, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Horse, about 11 Hands high, branded with an S. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE

Admiral Holbourne, notwithstanding the Inferiority of his Fleet to that of the French, hath constantly kept the Sea, and preserved the Command of it to this Country; hath effectually covered the Colonies, and protected their Trade. And ever since he hath been reinforced by Four Ships from England, has been laying off Louisburg Harbour; by which Means the French Fleet hath neither been able to act against us here, nor dared to return to Europe.—This being the Season in which the French must be thinking of getting away from Louisburg Home, the Admiral still kept the Sea; and had the French attempted to come out, would have given his Country a good Account of them. But it hath pleased Heaven to dispose otherwise; for, on Saturday Evening, the 24th of September, our Fleet then lying about ten Leagues South of Louisburg Harbour, a very violent Gale came up at East, and so to South-East, and blew a Hurricane; the whole Fleet was reduced to the utmost Distress; the Grafton, Devonshire, Nassau, Prince Frederick, Sunderland, Nottingham, Tilbury, Invincible, Captain, Eagle, and Centurion, lost their Masts, and drove at the Mercy of the Wind and Sea, right on Shore. The Admiral and Windsor were forced to throw several of their Upper-deck Guns overboard; the Orford's Tiller broke short off; the Captain lay water-logged for several Minutes, in most imminent Danger, having Nine Feet of Water in her Hold. The Grafton, Devonshire, Nassau, Prince Frederick, Sunderland and Nottingham, being close in upon the Rocks, and among the Breakers, dropt their Anchors: The Tilbury foundered, without Hopes of one Person being saved. In this last Extreme the whole Fleet must in a few Minutes have been lost, and every Soul perished; but it pleased God, the Wind about Noon of the 25th, came to the Westward of South, by which our Ships got off the Shore, and bore away. This Scene of Distress was so near to the Island, that the French could not be ignorant of it: In that therefore they suffered our disabled Fleet to come off unmolested, when they might certainly have taken all, or most of them, we hope they must have suffered also. The Admiral persevering in his Attention to the Defence of this Country, hath collected Part of his distressed Fleet at Halifax, disposing of the rest under the Command of Rear Admiral Sir Charles Hardy, where they can be best refitted; having in the mean while sent the Kennington and Two Sloops, to look after the State of the Enemy.

And on the 4th Instant, the following Ships arrived at Halifax, viz. The Newark, Admiral Holbourne, well; Somerset, well; Terrible, well; Northumberland, well; Kingston, well; Orford, well; Centurion, lost her Masts; Nottingham, lost her Mizzen-mast.—The following Ships are gone Home, viz. Windsor, Admiral Hardy, well; the Three following dismasted, viz. Invincible, Captain, and Sunderland.—The Two following are gone to Newfoundland, viz. Nassau and Grafton, both of which lost their Masts.—The Nightingale lost her Mizzen and Main-topmasts.—The Three following escaped pretty well, viz. the Bedford, Defiance, and Lightning Fire Ship; but the Tilbury of 60 Guns, and 450 Men, Capt. Barnsley, and Ferris Sloop, were entirely lost, and all the Men perished.

Our Province Snow of War, Prince of Wales, Capt. Dowle, was in the same Storm, but suffered no great Damage. He came into Halifax after it was over, but soon sailed again on a Cruize.

NEW-YORK, October 24. Thursday Afternoon Lord Loudoun embarked for Albany.

Extract of a Letter from Col. Thomas Ellison, of the Ulster County Regiment, to Major Colden, of the aforesaid Regiment, now in New-York; dated New Windsor (just above the Highlands) October 22, at Night.

—“This Moment Andrew Walker arrived here, and avers, that Lieutenant Grahames sent him down to acquaint me of a Murder committed early this Morning, at the House of Daniel Letts, near William Dacker's, on the Road from Show- angouneck to the Van Curers, distant from hence about 18 Miles. It was as follows; About Sunrise Daniel Letts went out of his House to make Water; when he was shot down by a Party of Indians, who immediately endeavoured to rush into the House, but Letts's Three Sons who were in it, hearing the Guns go off, and seeing their Father fall, shut the Door: The Indians upon this strove with their Tomahawks to break it open; but the young Men had made it too secure with Planks they had torn up from the Floor; and the Indians finding their Endeavours to force the Door were in

vain, called to the young Fellows in English, to come out and fight like Men, and not stay in the House to be murdered; when they answered they were determined to fight as such, as long as they were alive: This Dispute lasted an Hour and a Half, when the Enemy being beat off, set Fire to the Barn, and soon after to the Corn-Crib, which was adjoining the Dwellings; in Hopes, no Doubt, thereby to set the House in a Blaze; but the Three brave young Letts, who were defending themselves in the Loft, kept so constant a Fire on the Indians, as obliged them to retreat. At this very Instant of Time, Lieutenant Grahames came to the House, but the Indians were not to be seen; and a Pursuit, under Mr. Smedes, was directly dispatched, who, it is hoped, will overtake them. The Three Letts declare, they counted Ten Indians between the House and Barn, and are positive they killed, or mortally wounded, one of them, by the Signs on the Ground, and Draughts through the Briars. One of the young Men was wounded in his Wrist, where the Ball lodged; and another was graz'd on the Shoulder: The old Man was scalped.—There were in the House the Three young Men, Eight Women, and a Number of Children, who were saved.”

The Gunner of the Privateer Brig Mary, John Pell, late Commander, of this Port, who was taken by a French Frigate, in the Month of December last, is come Passenger in the General Wall Packet, and acquaints us, That the People on board the Frigate informed him, that some Time before they took Capt. Pell, they sunk Two Privateers, a Sloop and a Brig, to the Eastward of Bermuda. [We imagine the Sloop must have been the Hardy, Capt. Grantam, of this Place; and the Brig, the Denny, Capt. Steel, of Philadelphia.]

In the Packet came Passenger also, a Seaman, named Edward Mariner, who was taken at Ofwego: He, in Company with Mr. John Walters, of this Place, Robert Eastburn and Son, of Philadelphia; Captain Rusco, Lieutenants Bickers and Prince, with Ensign Ogden, of the New-Jersey Provincial Forces, and about 299 more, sailed from Quebec, the 18th of July last, in a Cartel, and arrived at Plymouth in 28 Days after: He informs us, that when he left Canada, there were only 8 Regiments of Regulars in that Province, and not one Ship of War in the Harbour of Quebec; but in going down the River of St. Lawrence, they met about 20 Sail of Transports, under Convoy of 2 Men of War, and a Frigate, going up, from Old France; that the brave Colonel Peter Schnyler was in good Health, and the great Support of many English Prisoners, without whose Assistance, several of them would have been reduced to the greatest Extremities. Capt. Farmer, Son of Mr. Jasper Farmer, of this City, Merchant, was likewise well at Quebec, when our Informant came away, with several others, whose Names he could not recollect; and as Provisions were very scarce when he left that, it was said the Remainder of the Prisoners were to be sent to Old France in the Fall.

PHILADELPHIA, October 27.

We have Advice from Paxton, in Lancaster County, that on the 17th Instant, as four of the Inhabitants, near Hunter's Fort, were pulling their Indian Corn, they were fired on by a Party of Indians, when Two of them (Alexander Watt and John M'Kennet) were killed and scalped, and their Heads cut off; the other Two escaped: That Captain Work, of the Augusta Regiment, coming down with some Men from Halifax Fort, met the Savages on Peters's Mountain (their Number about 20) when they fired upon him, at about 40 Yards Distance; upon which his Party returned the Fire, and put the Enemy to Flight, leaving behind them Five Horses, with what Plunder they had got: And that one of the Indians was supposed to be wounded, by the Blood that was seen in their Tracks, none of Capt. Work's Men receiving any Hurt.

ANNAPOLIS, November 3.

Saturday last a French Deserter was brought to Town, from Fort Cumberland; one other Deserter was killed at that Fort by a Cherokee.

A Gentleman writes in a Letter from Dumfries, of the 28th ult. “The Hudson is just arrived in this River, after a Passage of 33 Days, from Whitehaven; as yet no Letters from her: It is confidently said, the Great King of Prussia has beat the Austrians again.”

A Vessel is arrived in Patowmack from Liverpool, which Place she left the 8th of September; the Master of which says, that it was currently reported in Liverpool, that the King of Prussia had lately obtained a great Victory over the Austrians.

THERE is in the Possession of *William Dove*, living on the Plantation of *Samuel White*, near *Queen-Anne-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, about 13 Hands high, well set, and Branded on the near Buttock ED.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD,

2 A VERY GOOD BILLIARD-TABLE, the Cloth almost new, with good true BALLS, &c. &c. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

On MONDAY the 21st of November, at the *Lowelling Plantation of Captain James Heighe, late of Calvert County, deceased,*

2 SUNDRY COUNTRY-BORN NEGROES, consisting of Carpenters, Coopers, Sawyers, and good House-Wenchers: Also a very valuable Stock of Horses, fine Mares, choice Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs: Likewise the Household Furniture, consisting of Beds, Bedding, Looking-Glasses, Chairs, Tables, &c. &c. The Sale to continue until all is Sold. BETTY HEIGHE, Executrix.

October 27, 1757.

2 BROKE out of *Prince-George's County Goal*, last Night, one *Charles Collins*, who was committed some time ago on Suspicion of Felony. He is a tall, slim Fellow, about six Feet high, of a dark Complexion and pleasant Countenance, and wears his own Hair: He had on an under striped Flannel Jacket with black Glass Buttons, an over dark coloured Cloth Waistcoat, a white Shirt, Leather Breeches, good Shoes, blue worsted Stockings, and a middling good Hat. He has followed the Water, and says he came from *Pennsylvania*.

Whoever apprehends the said *Collins*, and brings him to the said Goal, shall receive a Reward of Fifty Shillings, from

COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff.

X THERE is at the Plantation of *James Bonni-field*, in *Prince-George's County*, taken up as a Stray, a small Dark Bay Horse, about 12½ Hands high, branded on the near Thigh with an X, and has been lately shod.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

X THERE is at the Plantation of *Caldar Haymond*, on *Seneca* in *Frederick County*, taken up as a Stray, a Blaze Fac'd Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Shoulder P, (or something like it) and on the off Buttock:—

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

3 A TRACT of LAND, containing 260 Acres, 16 Acres of which is excellent fresh Water Meadow, with a good Orchard of young grafted Trees, lying on the *Round-Bay* near the *Vine-Yard*; on which there is a good Dwelling-House, Stable, Corn-House, &c. For Terms, and further Particulars, enquire of Mr. *Lancelot Jacques*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*.

3 THE Gentlemen to whom I conveyed my Effects, finding the repeated Offers they made my Creditors, prove ineffectual, I do now acquaint such as it may concern, that the said Gentlemen have returned me the full nett Proceeds of my Effects, except such a Part as some of my Creditors thought fit to accept. The Ballance, which consists chiefly of Cash, good Bonds, &c. I have lodged in the Hands of Mr. *Robert Swan*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*, and will make further Lodgments as fast as the Grain, &c. can be turned into Cash, for the Benefit of my Creditors, or such of them as may think fit to apply and accept a just Proportion thereof. My Testimony, as to the Average, I have also lodged in Mr. *Swan's* Hands, for the farther Satisfaction of my Creditors; and such as desire it may see all the Accounts returned me by the late Trustees. WILLIAM DAMES.

N. B. As I am conscious to myself of having done all in my Power, am now resolved, let what will be the Consequence, never to make any other Offer in this Manner.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mrs. *Martha Allen*, near *Queen-Anne-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Horse, about three Years old, has a small Star in his Forehead, and is neither Cut nor Branded.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

MR. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME, of this City, Merchant, having lately left the Province, in order to proceed for *London*, and having fully empowered me to Transact his Business during his Absence, Notice is hereby given to such Persons as have any just Claims against him, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be discharged: And as I have Orders for the immediate Settlement of his Affairs, all those who are indebted to him, are requested to be speedy in their Payments, and especially those who have long standing open Accounts, which will save Expence to themselves, and Trouble to

4 JOHN CLAPHAM, Attorney in Fact.

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVENIENT TANYARD, lying in *Annapolis*, adjoining to a good Landing, with all the Appurtenances thereunto belonging: In which are, 14 Vats, 2 Lurches, 5 Handles, 4 Limes, 2 Granaries, and 2 large Water-Ponds, most of them all lately sunk, and done in the best Manner. The Water-Ponds are constantly supplied, from a natural Spring, by a Drain under Ground, and are sunk in the Beam-House, with the Granaries: The House is 40 Feet by 18, and framed with Poplar Scantling, and well covered. There are also Two other Houses, lately built, one with Brick, a Story and ½ high, 23 Feet by 16, and hath one Fire-Place, and covered with Clapboards, and Shingled over them: The other House is 60 Feet by 21, one End of which, 20 Feet long, is built with Brick and Stone, a Story and ½ high; in which is Two Fire-Places below, and one above; in the other End is a Mill-House, with a Leather-Room below, and Lodging-Rooms above, with sundry convenient Sheds joining to it, such as Meat-House, Stables, Lime-House, and Bark-House, all covered with Shingles. There is also a good Garden and small Pasture, both well paled and fenced in. Also, to be Sold sundry NEGROES, chiefly brought up in the Tanyard, and to the Tanning Business. And as the Subscriber intends soon to depart this Province, the Whole will be Sold on reasonable Terms, and Time given for Payment if required. He has also to Sell, a small SLOOP, suitable for the Grain Trade, being a prime Sailer, and in as good Repair as when first Launched, and will carry about 8 or 900 Bushels of Grain. For Terms apply to

ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. The Tanyard, with the Improvements, will be Sold with, or without, the Negroes, as the Purchaser pleases.

NEAR Thirty Years ago, one *Henry Bull*, came an Indented Servant, into the Eastern Shore of *Maryland*, with one Capt. *Billings* from *Liverpool*: If the said *Bull* be Living, and will apply to Capt. *Lowndes*, or the Printer of this Paper, he will hear of something well worth enquiring for. Or if the said *Henry Bull* be Dead, and any Body can give any authentic Account, Where he Died, and When, and whether he left any, and what Family behind him, they shall be handsomely Rewarded for their Trouble.

TO BE SOLD,

For WHEAT, TOBACCO, BREAD, FLOUR, or CASH,

3 A WELL-BUILT SCHOONER, now lying in *Ganpowder River*, her Barthen about 20 Ton, has run about 2 Years, sails well, and is very fit for carrying Grain. For Terms apply to the Owner at *Onion's Iron-Works* in *Baltimore County*. 5 JOSEPH SMITH.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, in *ANNAPOLIS*, at very reasonable Rates,

GOOD CLARET WINE, *West-India RUM*, Loaf and *Muscovado SUGAR*, MELASSES in Barrels, and good *Castile SOAP* by the Box. X 8 JAMES JOHNSON, junior.

TO BE LET,

A PLANTATION belonging to Mr. *Thomas Wilson*, of *Queen-Anne's County*, commodiously situated in the said County, on the Head of the North Branch of *Wye River*, within half a Mile of a good Landing, together with the NEGROES, STOCK, and UTENSILS, thereon. The Tract contains upwards of Four Hundred Acres, on which there is a large clear'd Plantation, a good Dwelling-House, and other Office-Houses, and some valuable Meadow very well water'd. The whole Tract very fit for producing Corn, Tobacco, and Wheat, of which last there is a considerable Quantity now put in the Ground.

Any Person inclining to Rent the Premises, are desired to apply to *John Bracco*, now at *Annapolis*, or the said *Thomas Wilson*, at his Dwelling-Plantation on *Wye River* aforesaid, and know the Terms on which they will be Let.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Dr. *Alexander Hamilton*, late of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment, otherwise they may expect to be sued: And those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be settled by WILLIAM MURDOCK.

JOHN INCH,

Living near the DOCK at ANNAPOLIS,

KEEPS a good BOAT and HANDS to carry Passengers, Carriages, and Horses, across the Bay to *Kent-Island*, or *Eastern-Neck*, at the usual Prices. And, as he keeps a House of ENTERTAINMENT, all Travellers may depend on good Provisions, and kind Treatment, From Their humble Servant,

JOHN INCH.

N. B. He has a good COOPER who performs any Thing in that Way of Business, at very reasonable Prices.

THE Subscriber intending shortly for *ENGLAND*, desires Settlements with all Persons who have open Accounts with him, and Payments from as many as can oblige him. Such as cannot discharge their Balances, will be indulged with Time, on giving Security, if thought necessary to be required. HARGOCK LEE.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, at his House near Elk-Ridge Church, in *Anne-Arundel County*,

AN Assortment of good fresh MEDICINES, Chymical and Galenical, imported from *London*, sufficient (with the Addition of a few more, which may be had here) to furnish a Shop for a Beginner in the Practice of Physic; as also Utensils for an Apothecary's Shop, a complete new Set of Surgeon's Instruments, a small Collection of new Books on Surgery, Physic, &c. The Medicines to be Sold all in one Article, the Instruments in another, and the Books and Shop-Furniture, as the Buyer shall have Occasion, and as shall be agreed on, all at reasonable Rates, for Sterling or Current Money, or Credit upon Security, if required, by JAMES MACGILL.

N. B. A Catalogue of the Books may be seen at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

WANTED,

ACURATE in *Dorchester Parish*, in *Dorchester County*. Any CLERGYMAN of the Church of *England*, that is without a Parish, and can come well recommended, will meet with great Encouragement, by applying to the Vestrymen of said Parish, who are empowered by the present Incumbent to agree with some fit Person to officiate in his Place.

Signed per Order, ROGER JONES, Register.

June 9, 1757.

ALL Persons indebted to the PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE, are required to pay the INTEREST due on their BONDS within Six Months from the Date hereof, otherwise the Bonds will be put in Suit.

Signed per Order of the Commissioners, RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk of the Paper Currency Office.

ANNAPOLIS. Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his Office in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, November 10, 1757.

LEGHORN, August 8.

ON Friday last sailed from hence Admiral Osborne, with six Ships of the Line, two Frigates, and a Tender.

Next Day arrived his Britannic Majesty's Ship the Ambuscade, with four French Prizes, taken by Men of War and Privateers, with her own Prize the Vanqueur, a French Privateer of 24 Guns, nine and twelve Pounders on one Deck, and 360 Men, which he took off Cagliari, after about one Hour and three Quarters close Engagement.

Dresden, August 17. On the 9th Instant 1200 Waggon's loaded with Bread, Meal and Forage, went from this City to the Camp about Bautzen, escorted by a Battalion of Grenadiers, the Regiment of Fusiliers of Rohr, a Battalion of the Regiment of Lange, and 300 Hussars. The same Day early in the Morning, a great Number of Austrian Pandours surrounded a little Town near the Frontiers of Bohemia, called Gottleube, in which a Prussian Regiment was quartered, with a Design to take it by Surprise. The Austrian Pandours attacked it on all Sides; and, in the Beginning, killed 29 Prussians, and wounded several others; but the Prussians having rallied, repulsed the Austrians with great Loss, and made several Prisoners.

The Austrian Army, under Marshal Daun, has withdrawn between some Hills and Mountains, where they have posted and intrenched themselves.

Rome, August 13. The King of Spain, upon a Survey which he lately caused to be taken of the Estates of his Subjects, finding the Clergy much richer than the Laity, desired Leave of the Pope to lay a Tax upon the former, the Produce of which is to be applied against the Moors in Time of War, and towards the Relief of his Subjects in Time of Peace. His Holiness has not only complied with so equitable a Request, but lest any Mistake should happen in drawing the Brief, which might subject it to a Misinterpretation, he has sent the rough Draught to his Catholic Majesty, that he may make such Alterations and Amendments to it as he shall think necessary.

Berlin, August 24. The King, by the admirable Position of his Army in Lusatia, stops the Operations of the Austrians on that Side, whilst his Majesty is still able to face them in Saxony, and by the Communications he has established with Silesia, can provide for the Security of that Province. His Majesty's Foresight in establishing Magazines in Saxony, has proved an ample Supply of Provisions for his Army. The Imperial Army is not so happy, Provisions being very scarce there, and for these three Weeks past very dear, the Country behind them being quite exhausted, which obliges them to get what they want out of Austria and Moravia. There is no Appearance of his Majesty's quitting Lusatia, but on the contrary it is manifest, by every Step he takes, that he proposes to stand his Ground, and accordingly has sent to Dresden, Torgau, and other Places, for such of his Troops as are recovered, to return to the Army. His Army still consists of above sixty thousand Men, and as Experience has shewn how well his Troops can stand against a superior Number, it is not doubted but they will be able to make Head against the Enemy, notwithstanding the Force with which they are preparing to crush them. All the Militia of Brandenburg is ordered to take up Arms in Case of Need, and the same Thing is done in Pomerania, where the Inhabitants give the greatest Proofs of their Zeal for the Defence of their Sovereign. Silesia, the Conquest of which seems so easy to some People, who argue only from Conjecture, is put into a very proper State of Defence. As to Saxony there are still some good Garrisons left, and Troops in the Field besides, but even if his Majesty should think proper to

withdraw his Troops from that Country, there would be nothing surprizing in it, as he only proposed staying there so long as the Circumstances of his Affairs should render it necessary. With regard to Magdebourg, and the other Fortresses in his Majesty's Electoral Dominions, they have always had sufficient Garrisons, and his Majesty has never yet been under a Necessity of weakening them.

Werden, August 26. Yesterday a large Body of French Forces, which Marshal Richelieu detached by the Right of the Aller, arrived in our Neighbourhood. Another Body of the same Troops is advancing by the Right of the Weser. The Duke of Cumberland is retiring to Stade, where he hath marked out a Camp, which will be of very difficult Access to the Enemy. The Hessians are still with his Royal Highness, and we have no Account that the Troops of Brunswick have left him. All the Out-Posts of his Army are guarded or occupied by the Hunters and Harquebussiers, who are excellent Marksmen, and are often skirmishing with the French Hussars and light armed Troops.

Stade, August 26. Four English Men of War and two Frigates, which anchored Yesterday at the Mouth of the Elbe, are expected here this Night or To-morrow, to take on board for England the Effects which have been removed hither from Hannover.

Brussels, August 22. The Expedition meditated by the English, occasions a great Stir in the Austrian and French Flanders. The March of the Empress-Queen's Troops to Germany is countermanded; and the Garrison of Dunkirk is reinforced with several Battalions.

KINGSTON (in Jamaica) July 2.

Last Wednesday Night arrived in this Town, Mr. Matthew Coxe, who, on the 21st of January last, was taken in the Duke Packet, Captain Owen Phillippe, about six Leagues to Windward of Cape Tiberoon, by the American Privateer, Captain Blanco.

After a resolute Defence of near eleven Glasses, it fell at last a Calm, and the Privateer rowed under her Quarter, and boarded her, on which Captain Phillippe ordered the Colours to be struck, and called for Quarter, which the Privateer's People refused giving, and instantly cut Capt. Phillippe's Nose almost off, and one Ear, and gave him upwards of 40 different Wounds, killed the Master, cut the Mate in Pieces, and cut and wounded most of the People in the Joints of their Arms and Wrists, by which they lost the entire Use of them. Capt. Phillippe's Son had his Skull fractured, and has near lost the Use of his Arm, as has Mr. Coxe, saving merely being able to feed himself; which Cruelty lasted near an Hour after the Engagement, or the Packet's People offering to make the least Resistance to these inhuman butchery Frenchmen. On demanding the Reason of this extraordinary Piece of Barbarity, the Officers of the Privateer insolently told them, that it was for so few Mens daring to make Defence against a French Privateer. Next Morning they carried them into La Cateau Bay, where they unanimously agreed to put every Man to Death, which they certainly would have done, were it not for the Merchants living on the Bay, who coming on board the Packet, bought the Small-Arms of the Frenchmen, instantly loaded them, and took Possession of the Quarter-Deck, which they kept till the Packet's People were sent on Shore. They were that same Night travelled by Land to Ocaya, without the smallest Refreshment, by which Means many fainted on the Road, and were obliged to be left to such Assistance as the Inhabitants would give them. On their Arrival at Ocaya, Mr. Coxe, and those that had Strength to travel thither, were sent to the Hospital, and on the 15th of May Mr. Coxe had his Discharge from the Surgeon, and the next Night, in Company with the Doctor, and Chief Mate of

the Indian Prince, Capt. Watson (that was taken last January) and a free Negro belonging to Bristol, in a small Boat of about 8 Feet Keel, without Masts or Sails, only one Oar, and about 6 Ounces of Bread each Man, they got to the Isle of Vache, where they cut a Mast and Thauts, made Maho Ropes and Twine, and with the Assistance of 3 Shirts made two Sails, and put to Sea on the 17th of May, at 2 P. M. At 8 the same Evening it began to rain and blow very hard at S. E. which obliged them to bear away before the Sea; the bad Weather continued for 8 Days, with a strong Current to Windward, which drove them on the Isle of Cuba, after being three Days without any Sustenance, except Gulph-Weed, on which they subsisted; on the 8th Day they went ashore, and travelled to a Place called Macauco, about sixteen Leagues to Leeward, from whence they were sent by the Commander to Byamo, and from whence they were sent back to Cuba, where the Governor confined them 4 Days without Food, or the Liberty of going out to purchase any, when they had the Liberty by Day to seek Provisions, in which Time they purchased a Boat with some Gold that they had saved; and after 9 Days Confinement, the Governor obliged them to bring off what English Prisoners had escaped from the French to that Place, making with themselves 15: On Thursday the 23d of June, about the Evening, they left Cuba, and got on Shore at Manchional-Bay, where they left their Boat, and travelled from thence to this Town on Foot.

There was a young Lady Passenger on board the Packet, whom they also treated with the utmost Cruelty and Indecency, turning her Cloaths over her Head, &c. and could scarce be prevailed on to spare one Gown for her to come on Shore with. The Packet had 8 Carriage Guns, 6 Swivels, and 26 Men; the Privateer had 10 Carriage Guns, 16 Swivels, and 110 Men: In the Engagement Capt. Blanco was killed, and one of his Mates, about 15 private Men, and upwards of 20 wounded, besides dismounting 5 of their Guns; the Packet received no Damage during the Engagement, but only in cool Blood as above related. The French Privateer began the Engagement under a St. George's Pendant at the Mast-head; after some Time she hauled it down, and fought under a red Pendant only, which was shot away after engaging 7 Glasses, and they did not hoist any more Colours during the rest of the Engagement.

St. JOHN'S (in Antigua) September 24.

On Wednesday Evening returned here a Flag of Truce from the French Islands, which brought down thirteen Masters of English Vessels, amongst whom was Capt. John Furie, of the Brig Betty, bound from Bristol to Jamaica; she sailed from that Port the 8th of August, and was taken on the 12th of this Month by a Privateer of Guadaloupe.

This Gentleman went home in the June Fleet from St. Kitt's, and brings us the agreeable News of the safe Arrival of all the Vessels in less than 6 Weeks, except the Sampson, Capt. Escott, who was taken by a Privateer, and afterwards retaken by a Man of War, who also took the Privateer, and carried them both into Falmouth.

The following Vessels were carried into Guadaloupe, from the 15th of August to the 20th of September.

Schooner Herrin, Caleb Hogden, from Piscataqua, for Montserrat.

Snow ————— Bamfield, from Bristol for St. Christophers.

Brig Sally, ————— Trype, from Boston, the Captain has not been heard of.

Ship ————— Isaac Ringe, from Piscataqua for Antigua.

Sloop Trial, Pardon Tillinghast, from Rhode-Island for ditto.

Sloop

Sloop Esther, Joseph Warner, from New-London for ditto.
 Snow ———, ——— Osborn, from Gambia for ditto.
 Sloop ———, ——— Hewes, from Africa for St. Christophers.
 Sloop ———, William Taylor, from Rhode-Island for Antigua.
 Sloop Trial, Noah Scofield, from New-London for Barbados.
 Brig Esther, James Sparks, from Philadelphia for Antigua.
 Brig Lord Charlemont, Robert M'Mahon, from Londonderry for ditto.
 Brig Betty, John Furse, from Bristol for Jamaica.
 Snow Good Hope, Leech Harris, from Boston for Antigua.
 Ship Peggy, William Whitson, from Africa for St. Christophers.
 Sloop ———, ——— Hammond, from Maryland for Antigua.
 Snow ———, ——— Whitten, from Boston for Nevis.
The following Vessels were carried into Martinico, from the 6th of September to the 15th.
 Snow ———, Dennis Maclane, from London for St. Christophers.
 Schooner Comely Sally, Zabdiel Potter, from Maryland for Antigua.
 Snow Stratham, Joseph Wills, from Piscataqua for ditto.
 Schooner Charles, Isaac Holland, from Maryland for Barbados.
 A Ship under Dutch Colours, from Cork for St. Eustatia.

L O N D O N, August 19.

Extract of a Letter from Captain John Major, Commander of the St. Olave's Privateer, dated Brest, July 13.

I WAS brought into this Port the 9th Instant, by the Ship Le Garland of 22 Guns, 6 Pounds, and 203 Men, and a Snow of 16 Guns and 180 Men. At 10 in the Morning we perceived them bearing off us about S. E. the Wind at the same Time at N. E. by N. We hauled in for them immediately, and at 4 in the Afternoon came within Gun-shot and a Half; when I discovered the Ship's Tier of Guns, and likewise the Snow's. I tacked from them immediately, and made all the Sail possible; they did the same, and after a Chace of 6 Hours, having somewhat the Advantage of us in sailing, being reckoned the only Two Ships in all France for fast sailing, the Headmost came along-side of us, and discharged a Broad-Side, which we returned; they gave us a second, which we again returned; but the other Ship coming up along-side, the Headmost shooting a-head, they gave us a Broad-Side; when my Officers requested me not to fire any more, as there was no Prospect of getting from them or fighting them; I gave Orders to fire a Broad-Side, when the Colours were struck, but not by my Orders, nor ever should; for I would sooner have lost my Life than the Ship; and I am happy in this, that no Man can speak ill of me, or that I was afraid to fight.

Dublin, September 3. Advice is received by a Ship from Yarmouth, that a small Guernsey Privateer, having taken a French Vessel worth 400 l. off the Coast of Brittany, the Captain of the Privateer put his Mate with Seven Men on board her, to navigate her into Guernsey; but in their Passage seeing a Sail near Shore, the Mate consulted with his Crew whether they should not bear down, and board them if possible, alledging, that the Sail might be as ill provided to make a Resistance as themselves, who were for the Attempt of Boarding; and the Resolution being agreed to, they accordingly bore down, and without any Guns or Small-Arms, boarded the other Frenchman, when one of them knocked down the Man at the Helm, and, after severely Drubbing the French Crew at Boxing, made themselves Masters of the second French Vessel; by which Means, instead of One, they brought Two Prizes into Port.

H A L I F A X, September 24.

Last Wednesday Capt. Cooper arrived here in 10 Days from Bermudas, by whom we have Advice, that about a Week before he left that Place, Capt. Salter, in the Privateer Schooner Lawrence, belonging to this Place, being on a Cruise, a little to the Southward of Bermudas, in a dark Night, found himself under the Lee-Quarter and within Pistol-Shot of a large Ship, which he, taking to be a French Indiaman, kept Sight of till the next

Morning, when he fired his Bow-Chace at her, which took Effect among the Glass and Gingerbread Work, the Ship not being able to bring her Broad-Side to bear upon the Lawrence to any Effect, firing only her Upper-Deck Guns and a Volley of Musquetry from her Tops and Quarter-Deck, did the Lawrence but little Damage, and she continued the Chace for some Time, espied 3 other Vessels bearing down for the Ship, which proved to be the Brig Sea-Flower, Capt. Knox, belonging to this Place, and Two English Privateer Sloops: Capt. Salter and Capt. Knox consorted and agreed to attack her both together, viz. Capt. Salter on the Weather-Bow, and Capt. Knox on the Lee-Quarter, not doubting but they should be able to make a good Prize of her, but, unlucky for them, just as they were preparing for the Attack, she knock'd open her lower Ports, and shewed her Ground Tier of Teeth, which made them glad to take to their Heels, and make the best of their Way to Bermudas, to repair what little Damage they had sustained, leaving the Frenchman, which proved to be a 64 Gun Ship, to pursue her Voyage, and as she stood to the Northward, they imagined she was bound to Louisburg.

B O S T O N.

October 17. Last Friday was launched at Mr. John Ruddock's Yard in this Town, the Ship Pownall, Capt. Sample; she will mount 20 Six Pounders, is to carry 150 Men, and will sail in a short Time on a Cruise against his Majesty's Enemies.—This makes 4 Ships of War launched by Mr. Ruddock since the 17th of April last, viz. The Ship King George, Capt. Hallowell, the 18th of April; the King of Prussia, Capt. Gruchy, the 20th of June; the Fanny's Revenge, Capt. Benson, the 4th of August; and the Ship Pownall, the 14th Instant.—These Vessels are esteemed to be of so fine a Model, and so well executed, as must do Honour to the Builder, and support the Character which Ships built in this Town have justly obtained abroad.

Last Saturday was 7-night, an Indian Man, aged about 60 Years, after a Husking-Frolick at Providence, waited at the Door of the House where the Company was coming out, and flabb'd a young Man in the Belly, of which Wound he soon expired: The Indian was taken up, and tried last Friday, and brought in Guilty.

October 24. By a Letter from the West-Indies, dated the 23d of September last, we have Advice, That the Captures to the Windward are very numerous, not One in Twenty escaping. That the Privateer Brig King of Prussia, Capt. Roffe, Commander, belonging to Rhode-Island, and who sailed from this Port in August last, was lost upon Anguilla Reef. The Master of her, Captain White, was killed by the burling of a Cohorn, and Mr. James Wendell, the Captain's Clerk, wounded, 'tis feared, mortally: The other People saved.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Fort-Cam-berland, in Chignecto, dated October 6, 1757.

"We are all well, and the Works go on briskly; we have now about 3000 good Troops, and the Garrison in a good Posture of Defence, besides a strong Entrenchment in Front.—I imagine the Reason of the Enemy's not troubling us, is, because their reconnoitring Parties have seen the Number of our Vessels we have here, so they must think our Numbers much larger than they really are, as we have 15 Sail of Topsail Vessels, and those large, besides 20 Sail of Sloops and Schooners.—This Night a Party of 300 Men marches towards the Bay Vert, to see if they can discover any Motions of the Enemy, and do what Damage to the Road they can."

N E W - Y O R K, October 31.

Monday last arrived at Sandy-Hook, from a Cruise, the Privateer Brig Prince of Orange, Captain Canton, of Bermuda, mounting 18 Guns, and 120 Men: On the 17th of September, off the Havannah (where she was bound to join the Spanish Fleet) he took a fine French Snow, loaded with Sugar, Coffee, and a large Quantity of Indico, supposed a very valuable Prize: He parted from her in Lat. 31, Long. 71, and imagined, by the Winds he had, she stood to the Northward, as he endeavoured to get into Bermuda, but could not effect it. He sailed for Bermuda last Saturday, where he expects to find his Prize.

The Ship Grand Sultan, Monsieur Briol, late Commander, from Martinico, of and for Bourdeaux, is taken and carried into Rhode-Island, by the Privateer Brig Mars, Captain Hunt, of that Island, and the Sloop Jolly-Bachelor, of Providence: She is a Ship of about 300 Tons, mounted 10 Iron Guns, had 20 Men, and is loaded with Sugar, Coffee, and Cotton: On the 30th ul-

timo, she took the Sloop Sally, Capt. Montgomery, of this Port, bound to the West-Indies, and sent the Sloop to Martinico, but detained Captain Montgomery on board, who arrived here last Thursday from Rhode-Island.

Next Day the Ship Brilliant, Monsieur de Rabine Ammeline, late Commander (but came in under the Command of Capt. Dennier) from Quebec for Cape-Francois, was sent in here by the Privateer Ship King of Prussia, Capt. Thomas Seymour, and the Snow Mary-Anne, Capt. John Shoals, both of this Port: They took her the 2d Instant, without firing a Gun, though she mounts 16 Six Pounders, and had 60 Men: She has on board some Oil, Cordage, Osnabrigs, &c. and is a fine Ship, about five Years old.

The above Ship had taken, on the 15th of September, a Snow from Maryland, bound to Barbados, Samuel Wise, Master, and after plundering her of every Thing valuable, scuttled her. Capt. Wise and his People are now here. About the 8th of September Capt. Wise spoke with the Ship King of Prussia, Capt. Gruchy, of Boston, who had weathered the Gale of Wind that happened four Days before, but had lost some of his Top-masts.

Capt. Dennier informs us, That on the 20th of September, Capt. Seymour spoke with a Dutch Schooner, bound to St. Eustatia, from Porto-Paux, on Hispaniola, the Master whereof acquainted him, That Capt. William Murray, of the Privateer Brig Prince George, of this Port, with several of his Officers and Men, in the Whole 24, arrived there in their Barge some Time before, having lost their Vessel in the Night of the 18th of August, on the Plate-Wreck; that it was very sickly at the West End of Hispaniola; and that many of their Merchantmen were detained in Port, for Want of Seamen; that his Majesty's Ships the Dreadnought, Edinburgh, and Augusta, appeared so often on the Coast of Hispaniola, that the Inhabitants were apprehensive they intended a Descent on the Island, for which Reason an Embargo had been laid on all Shipping for Three Months; but that a large Fleet was soon to sail for Old France.

Capt. Shoals, in a Letter of the second Instant, says, That on the 23d of September he fell in with a large French Ship, which he soon came up with, and engaged smartly; but Night coming on, obliged him, it being very dark, to desist; and next Morning she was so far a Head, that he could not come up with her, tho' he ran 11 Knots, until she got into Cape-Francois, where he saw the Pilot go on board her. In the Engagement Capt. Shoals was wounded through the fleshy Part of the Arm; Joab Taylor, and John Potter, killed out-right; Thomas Headon wounded in seven different Parts; and Joseph Scannell received a Shot between his Windpipe and Collar-Bone, and another in his Belly, but was in a Way of Recovery. Four Days after, Captain Shoals retook the Schooner Charming-Betty, of and from Piscataqua, bound to Jamaica, and sent her to that Island, she being taken twelve Days before by a Letter of Marque Ship called the Count Saxe, of 16 6 Pounders, and 70 Men, bound from Quebec for the Cape, which Ship was the next Day run ashore by three English Men of War that were lying at Samana-Bay.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. William Weyman, Commander of the Privateer Brig King George, of this Port, dated at Turf's Island, October 6, 1757.

"On the second of this Instant we fell in with a Ship, bound from Quebec to Cape-Francois, which we took, after an Engagement of 3 Hours. I parted with her this Day, to the Northward of this Island, and hope she will arrive safe in your Port. Her Cargo is of no great Value; she is a fine Ship, goes well, and is completely found, carrying 14 Four Pounders. In the Attack she shattered our Sails and Rigging very much, wounded both our Masts, killed one of our Men, and wounded several others. I have got the Vessel in good Repair again, and am going directly to Momo Christo, to land my Prisoners, where I intend to cruise for the Fleet which is expected to sail from thence every Day. Captains Seymour and Shoals were both in Company when we first saw the Ship, but they bore away (being in Concert) after another Ship, which was in Company with the one we took, when we first espied them, but separated on our Approach, and at 10 P. M. we lost Sight of them; at 6 in the Morning we came up with our Chace, and at 9 she struck. No Vessel was in Sight, nor any Agreement made with one or other, further than usual, as being in Sight. I have sent all the Papers in the Prize by Captain Martin.

"P. S. Capt. M. Weeks ago, on the Officers, and 18 Men, and got into Porto-Rico, one of which Last Week a Number Work, to erect on the ter, a Range of Bar and will accommodate Building is to be for Corporation, and to Expedition.

Extract of a Letter

Herkebeimer (con- tuted on our Fro

"We indeed have even now whilst I am being at Five Indian Party, after whom we hope a good Account we should be attached but it has hitherto prudent, are now health trust in God we sh count of ourselves, felled Friends, or re

"As to what M have been here, t Scalping Parties ha Flats: The greatest by the best Intelligence more than Thirty.— day, the first Scoutin ed on the North S being on the South and killed Three, o to the Garrison.— Side they killed T gust the 25th, on t and scalped him; a not take him Prison killed and scalped Two more, but too Total taken, killed of May, 1757, N

The Disaster of isburg the 25th of follows, viz. The rit Sloop, lost; the mast and Two An her Hold; the Inv 70, Nassau of 70 vonshire of 66, S and Centurion of the Captain of 70 lost, having 10 F Sea made a Brea Nightingale of 20 top-masts; the Be Fire-Ship, escape Northumberland of 60, and Wind the Ships threw c of about 100. on board the Wi Sunderland, Cap land. After the the Lightning Fi but she was not came from Halifax received of the ceived.

P H I L A D

Friday last Ca tigua, by whom ber of Privateer and waited onl might be over. Sparks, late of was taken and vives, that the getting ready had at Martinic of 50, one of

A N N A

We are infu up last Night Sarab, Capt. I don, who sails very bad We was returned t be able to go t much damage The Baltim was thought t Last Mond the Election o

"P. S. Capt.

"P. S. Capt. Murray was cast away about 6 Weeks ago, on the Plate-Wreck; he, with his Officers, and 18 Men, were saved in the Barge, and got into Porto-Paux; Two escaped in the Dory, one of which is on board Capt. Seymour." Last Week a Number of Artificers were set to Work, to erect on the Common, near Fresh-Water, a Range of Barracks, 422 Feet in Length, and will accommodate about 1000 Soldiers: This Building is to be finished at the Expence of the Corporation, and to be carried on with all possible Expedition.

Extract of a Letter from our Correspondent at Fort Herkimer (commonly called Blackriver's) situated on our Frontiers, dated October 2, 1757.

"We indeed have continual Alarms, have one even now whilst I am Writing, a Boy this Instant bring at Five Indians: They are only a Scouting Party, after whom we have ordered a Pursuit; and hope a good Account. We have often been told we should be attacked at such and such a Time, but it has hitherto proved false.—We are always alert, are now healthy, and full of Spirits, and trust in God we shall always be able to give Account of ourselves, whenever called to it by professed Friends, or real Enemies.

"As to what Milchief has been done since I have been here, take as follows.—None but Scalping Parties have appeared on the German Flats: The greatest Number they consisted of, as by the best Intelligence we have had, has not been more than Thirty.—July 17, 1757, being Sunday, the first Scouting Party appeared, and attacked on the North Side of the River, our Garrison being on the South: They took Prisoners Nine, and killed Three, one of them a Soldier belonging to the Garrison.—August the 5th, on the North Side they killed Two, and scalped them.—August the 25th, on the same Side they killed One, and scalped him; also wounded another, but did not take him Prisoner.—September the 3d, they killed and scalped One other, besides wounding Two more, but took neither of the Two Prisoners. Total taken, killed, and wounded, since the 24th of May, 1757, Nineteen. I am, &c."

The Disaster of the English Squadron off Louisburg the 25th of September last, is confirmed as follows, viz. The Tilbury Man of War, and Ferris Sloop, lost; the Nottingham lost her Mizemast and Two Anchors, and had 7 Feet Water in her Hold; the Invincible of 74 Guns, Grafton of 70, Nassau of 70, Prince Frederick of 70, Devonshire of 66, Sunderland of 60, Eagle of 60, and Centurion of 50, all lost their Masts; as also the Captain of 70 Guns, who was very nigh being lost, having 10 Feet Water in her Hold, and the Sea made a Breach over her for some Time; the Nightingale of 20 Guns lost her Mizemast and Main-top-masts; the Bedford, Defiance, and Lightning Fire-Ship, escaped; the Terrible of 74 Guns, Northumberland of 70, Somerset of 70, Kingston of 60, and Windsor of 60, are well. Several of the Ships threw over their Guns, to the Amount of about 100. Admiral Hardy hoisted his Flag on board the Windsor, and with the Invincible, Sunderland, Captain and Defiance, sailed for England. After the Storm was over, the Admiral sent the Lightning Fire-Ship to look into Louisburg; but she was not returned when the last Accounts came from Halifax, so that no Intelligence is yet received of the Damage the French may have received.

PHILADELPHIA, November 3. Friday last Captain Stiles arrived here from Antigua, by whom there is Advice, that a great Number of Privateers were ready to sail from Martinico, and waited only till they thought the Hurricane might be over. With him came Passenger Capt. Sparks, late of the Brig Esther of this Port, who was taken and carried into Guadaloupe. He advises, that the Privateers of that Place were also getting ready for a Cruize; and that the French had at Martinico, a Man of War of 60 Guns, one of 50, one of 36, and one of 26 Guns.

ANNAPOLIS, November 10. We are informed by Mr. Middleton, who came up last Night from Virginia, that the Thomas and Sarah, Capt. Holmes, from this Province, for London, who sailed with the Convoy, having met with very bad Weather, and received some Damage, was returned thither, and it is thought will never be able to go to Sea again; but the Cargo is not much damaged.

The Baltimore-Town, Capt. Charles Ridgely, who was thought to be lost, is safe arrived at Hampton. Last Monday, in St. Mary's County, came on the Election of a Representative for that County,

and the Election lasted Two Days, when Mr. EDMUND KEY was Re-chosen by a very great Majority.

LATELY PUBLISHED in NEW-YORK,

And to be Sold by William Rind, at the PRINTING-OFFICE in ANNAPOLIS,

A Faithful Translation, by several able Hands, of Three French Volumes, printed at Paris by Order of the French King in the Year 1756, and found in a French Prize lately taken, entitled,

MEMORIAL,

CONTAINING,

A Summary Account of Facts, in Answer to the Observations of the English Ministry, addressed to the Courts of Europe: Giving an Account of all the Transactions in America, from the Year 1749 to the Year 1756; as also the Differences between the Crowns of Great-Britain and France on Account thereof; the Dispute between Governor Cornwallis and M. de la Jonquiere, then Governor of Canada, concerning the Territories of Nova-Scotia: The apprehending Four of our Indian Traders, by Order of the said M. de la Jonquiere, the Manner of their Examination, of their being sent to France, and by what Means they received their Liberty; the Journal of Major Washington, ditto of M. de Villiers, the French Commandant at Ohio: Likewise Copies of General Braddock's secret Orders; his Letters to divers Ministers of State in England, relative to his own Conduct, from the Time of his Arrival in America to his unhappy Defeat; in which is shewn the Idea he had of these Colonies, and in what Manner he represented them to the Ministry, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

By NICHOLAS LOWE DARNALL,

ONE Moiety of a Tract of LAND, called The Land of Promise, lying in the Fork of Gunpowder, in Baltimore County, the Whole containing Two Thousand Acres, the Half of which will be Sold on the 30th of this Instant November. The Sale to be on the Premises.

WILLIAM VENNEL, BRICK-MAKER, Living near ANNAPOLIS,

GIVES this Public Notice, That he will Make BRICKS, and Burn them, and stand to the Lots, at 2/6 per Thousand, the Employer finding him Provisions and Hards; the Hands to consist of Two Men and Three Boys.

EIGHT PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Snow Edward, Abraham Weddett Master, lying in Patuxent River, the following Persons, viz.

Robert Macmaster, a Scotchman, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, about 25 Years of Age, very much freckled, much pitted with the Small-Pox, and has red Hair. Had on a Wig with one Curl round it, a Stuff Hat, white Trowlers, and Pewter Buckles; and carried with him a Bundle of Cloaths.

Alexander Spears, an Irishman, of a fair Complexion, round Face, and fresh Colour; he speaks broad Irish, and is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high. Had on a blue Sailor's Jacket, a Pair of large Pewter Buckles, a Felt Hat, and Cut Wig.

Whoever secures the said Fellows in Calvert or Prince-George's County Goal, or delivers them on board the said Snow, shall receive FOUR PISTOLES for each, paid by

ABRAHAM WEDDETT, or JOHN STONE HAWKINS.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Welsh, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock thus p, and has a small Star in her Forehead.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Neal Clark, living near the Bare-Grounds, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a Roan Mare, branded on the near Side T B, and on the off Side I M.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

NOW in Possession of the Subscriber, by Order of Court, the following Creatures, viz. A likely well-made White Horse, about 14 Hands high, and paces; but has no perceivable Brand. He is supposed to be the Property of one Mr. Elms near Conococheagus.

A natural pacing Bay Mare, about 15 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock thus HW, she has wide hanging Ears, and is about 4 Years old. She was in Possession of Matthias Ringer last Spring.

A small Grey Horse (and Hunting-Saddle half worn); the Horse branded on the near Buttock TF (joined in one).

A small Chestnut Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Shoulder thus OHe, has a flaxen Mane and Tail, a Star in his Forehead, a Snip on his Nose, and lost his near Eye.

They are supposed to be Stolen by Adam Rutter, Christopher Bierly, and William Millener, all Dutchmen, and now in Baltimore County Goal for Horse-stealing. The aforesaid Rutter came last Spring from Schuylkill in Pennsylvania, near the Widow Nutt Iron-Works; and has since brought down several valuable Creatures, and sold them in Maryland; which may easily be found.

Any Person or Persons, proving Property, and paying Charges, may have the said Creatures, by applying to the Subscriber, living on Soldier's Delight Forest, in Baltimore County.

ALEXANDER WELLS.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Tucker, on Kattockton-Creek, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small Dark Bay Horse, with a Star in his Forehead, branded on the near Shoulder thus I 1 3, and on the near Buttock something like this V, and has a large Saddle Spot on his Side.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Simmons, living near Herring-Creek, in Anne-Arundel County, a middle-sized Dark Brown Steer; he has an under and upper Square in the Right, and an under Square in the Left Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

October 28, 1757. THE Subscriber intending for England next Spring, designs to break up his Quarters in Westmoreland County, in the Colony of Virginia, this Fall, when he will have sundry SLAVES, both Men and Women, to hire out. Likewise there will be to Rent, Three or Four Plantations, with all convenient Houses, and are now in good Order for Cropping. And on Tuesday the 29th of next Month, being Westmoreland Court-Day, will be exposed to public Sale, the Dwelling-House, and other Out-Houses, where the Subscriber lately lived, at said Court-House (the Store-House and an Acre of Ground excepted) together with the Land adjoining, being about 130 Acres: The Houses are new, and very convenient for either Merchant, Doctor, or Tavern-Keeper. The Purchasers will have Six Years Credit, on giving Bond and Security. At the same Time will be Sold, the Stocks of Cattle, Horses, Hogs, &c. together with the Plantation Utensils belonging to the said Quarters, and the Crops of Corn now on the Ground. The Purchasers will have 18 Months Credit, on giving Bond and Security to

WILLIAM BLACK.

THERE is at the Plantation of Edward Burch, in Prince-George's County, near the Mouth of the Eastern-Branch, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Mare, about 12½ Hands high, branded on one of her Thighs HL (joined in one) has a Blaze in her Face, and a white Spot on her off Side.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER near Severn-Ferry, by Wholesale or Retail,

CHOICE GOOD SINGLE and DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR, and fine old CANE SPIRIT: As likewise by Retail, MADEIRA WINE, WEST-INDIA RUM, and MUSCOVADO SUGAR. JOHN CLAPHAM.

VIRGINIA,

VIRGINIA, ff.
*At a General-Court held at the Capitol, in WIL-
 LIAMSBURG, the 14th Day of October, 1757.*
John Dunlop, Robert Dunlop,
 and others, Plaintiffs,
 Against
Thomas Douglas, and Comp.
William Black, and others,
 Defendants,
 In Chancery.

AN Account and Report of the Effects of the Defendants, *Thomas Douglas*, and Company, being returned, *It is ordered*, That the Defendant *William Black* be allowed to retain in his Hands sufficient of the Bonds due to the said *Douglas*, and Company, to pay and satisfy Six Hundred and Seventeen Pounds, Three Shillings, and Five pence Half-penny, the Ballance reported due to him from the said *Douglas*, and Company; and deliver the Residue of the said Bonds, together with the Books, Papers, Debts and Effects, of the said *Douglas*, and Company, in his Hands, unto *William Templeman*, who is appointed Receiver thereof, in the Room of the said *Black*, now about to depart this Colony. And further, *It is ordered*, That the said *William Templeman*, before the Receipt of such Effects, give Security, in the Penalty of Six Thousand Pounds, for the Payment of the said Effects, to such Persons, and in such Manner, as this Court shall hereafter order and direct; and that when such Security shall be given, and the said *William Black* shall have delivered up the said Bonds, Books, Papers, Debts and Effects, unto the said *William Templeman*, that the said *Black*, and his Securities, be discharged from their Bond heretofore given, pursuant to a former Order in this Cause. **BENJAMIN WALLER, Cl. Gen. Ct.**
 Agreeable to the above Decree, all the Books, Bonds, Accounts, &c. are now delivered up to the said *William Templeman*, he having given Bond, with sufficient Security, as above required. All Persons concerned, are therefore desired to take Notice hereof, and pay their respective Accounts, &c. to the said *William Templeman*, now properly empowered to receive the same, in Room of **WILLIAM BLACK.**

THERE is in the Possession of *William Dove*, living on the Plantation of *Samuel White*, near *Queen-Anne-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, about 13 Hands high, well set, and Branded on the near Buttock **ED.**
 The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

T O B E S O L D,
A VERY GOOD BILLIARD-TABLE, the Cloth almost new, with good true BALLS, &c. &c. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

T O B E S O L D O R L E T,
A TRACT of LAND, containing 260 Acres, 16 Acres of which is excellent fresh Water Meadow, with a good Orchard of young grafted Trees, lying on the *Round-Bay* near the *Vine-Yard*; on which there is a good Dwelling-House, Stable, Corn-House, &c. For Terms, and further Particulars, enquire of *Mr. Landelet Jacques*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*.

THE Gentlemen to whom I conveyed my Effects, finding the repeated Offers they made my Creditors, prove ineffectual, I do now acquaint such as it may concern, that the said Gentlemen have returned me the full nett Proceeds of my Effects, except such a Part as some of my Creditors thought fit to accept. The Ballance, which consists chiefly of Cash, good Bonds, &c. I have lodged in the Hands of *Mr. Robert Swan*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*, and will make further Lodgments as fast as the Grain, &c. can be turned into Cash, for the Benefit of my Creditors; or such of them as may think fit to apply and accept a just Proportion thereof. My Testimony, as to the Average, I have also lodged in *Mr. Swan's* Hands, for the farther Satisfaction of my Creditors; and such as desire it may see all the Accounts returned me by the late Trustees. **WILLIAM DAMES.**
W. B. As I am conscious to myself of having done all in my Power, am now resolved, let what will be the Consequence, never to make any other Offer in this Manner.

T O B E S O L D B Y P U B L I C V E N D U E,
 On **M O N D A Y** the 21st of November, at the Dwelling Plantation of *Captain James Heighe*, late of *Calvert County*, deceased,
S U N D R Y C O U N T R Y B O R N N E G R O E S,
 consisting of Carpenters, Coopers, Sawyers, and good House-Wenches: Also a very valuable Stock of Horses, fine Mares, choice Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs: Likewise the Household Furniture, consisting of Beds, Bedding, Looking-Glasses, Chairs, Tables, &c. &c. The Sale to continue until all is Sold. **X 3** **B E T T Y H E I G H E, E x e c u t r i x.**

M R. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME, of this City, Merchant, having lately left the Province, in order to proceed for *London*, and having fully empowered me to Transact his Business during his Absence, Notice is hereby given to such Persons as have any just Claims against him, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be discharged: And as I have Orders for the immediate Settlement of his Affairs, all those who are indebted to him, are requested to be speedy in their Payments, and especially those who have long standing open Accounts, which will save Expence to themselves, and Trouble to **JOHN CLAPHAM, Attorney in Fact.**

T O B E S O L D,
A CONVENIENT TANYARD, lying in *Annapolis*, adjoining to a good Landing, with all the Appurtenances thereunto belonging: In which are, 14 Vats, 2 Lutches, 5 Handles, 4 Limes, 2 Granaries, and 2 large Water-Ponds, most of them all lately sunk, and done in the best Manner. The Water-Ponds are constantly supplied, from a natural Spring, by a Drain under Ground, and are sunk in the Beam-House, with the Granaries: The House is 40 Feet by 18, and framed with Poplar Scantling, and well covered. There are also Two other Houses, lately built, one with Brick, a Story and $\frac{1}{2}$ high, 23 Feet by 16, and hath one Fire-Place, and covered with Clapboards, and Shingled over them: The other House is 60 Feet by 21, one End of which, 20 Feet long, is built with Brick and Stone, a Story and $\frac{1}{2}$ high; in which is Two Fire-Places below, and one above; in the other-End is a Mill-House, with a Leather-Room below, and Lodging-Rooms above, with sundry convenient Sheds joining to it, such as Meat-House, Stables, Lime-House, and Bark-House, all covered with Shingles. There is also a good Garden and small Pasture, both well paled and fenced in. Also to be Sold sundry NEGROES, chiefly brought up in the Tanyard, and to the Tanning Business. And as the Subscriber intends soon to depart this Province, the Whole will be Sold on reasonable Terms, and Time given for Payment if required. He has also to Sell, a small SLOOP, suitable for the Grain Trade, being a prime Sailer, and in as good Repair as when first Launched, and will carry about 8 or 900 Bushels of Grain. For Terms apply to **ROBERT SWAN.**
N. B. The Tanyard, with the Improvements, will be Sold with, or without, the Negroes, as the Purchaser pleases.

NEAR Thirty Years ago, one *Henry Bull*, came an Indented Servant, into the Eastern Shore of *Maryland*, with one *Capt. Billings* from *Liverpool*: If the said *Bull* be Living, and will apply to *Capt. Lowndes*, or the Printer of this Paper, he will hear of something well worth enquiring for. Or if the said *Henry Bull* be Dead, and any Body can give any authentic Account, Where he Died, and When, and whether he left any, and what Family behind him, they shall be handsomely Rewarded for their Trouble. **5**

T O B E S O L D,
 For **W H E A T, T O B A C C O, B R E A D, F L O U R,**
 or **C A S H,**
A WELL-BUILT SCHOONER, now lying in *Gunpowder River*, her Burthen about 20 Ton, has run about 2 Years, sails well, and is very fit for carrying Grain: For Terms apply to the Owner at *Onion's Iron-Works* in *Baltimore County*. **X 6** **J O S E P H S M I T H.**

T O B E L E T,
A PLANTATION belonging to *Mr. Thomas Wilson*, of *Queen-Anne's County*, commodiously situated in the said County, on the Head of the North Branch of *Wye River*, within half a Mile of a good Landing, together with the NEGROES, STOCK, and UTENSILS, thereon. The Tract contains upwards of Four Hundred Acres, on which there is a large cleared Plantation, a good Dwelling-House, and other Office-Houses, and some valuable Meadow very well water'd. The whole Tract very fit for producing Corn, Tobacco, and Wheat, of which last there is a considerable Quantity now put in the Ground.
 Any Person inclining to Rent the Premises, are desired to apply to *John Bracco*, now at *Annapolis*, or the said *Thomas Wilson*, at his Dwelling-Plantation on *Wye River* aforesaid, and know the Terms on which they will be Let.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *Dr. Alexander Hamilton*, late of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment, otherwise they may expect to be sued: And those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be settled by **WILLIAM MURDOCK.**

J O H N I N C H,
 Living near the **D O C K** at **A N N A P O L I S,**
KEEPS a good **BOAT** and **HANDS** to carry Passengers, Carriages, and Horses, across the Bay to *Kent-Island*, or *Eastern-Neck*, at the usual Prices. And, as he keeps a House of **ENTERTAINMENT**, all Travellers may depend on good Provisions, and kind Treatment, from *Their humble Servant,*
J O H N I N C H.
N. B. He has a good **COOPER** who performs any Thing in that Way of Business, at very reasonable Prices.

THE Subscriber intending shortly for **ENGLAND**, desires Settlements with all Persons who have open Accounts with him, and Payments from as many as can oblige him. Such as cannot discharge their Ballances, will be indulged with Time, on giving Security, if thought necessary to be required. **H A N C O C K L E T.**

T O B E S O L D B Y T H E S U B S C R I B E R,
 at his House near *Elk-Ridge Church*, in *Anne-Arundel County*,
AN Assortment of good fresh **MEDICINES**, Chymical and Galenical, imported from *London*, sufficient (with the Addition of a few more, which may be had here) to furnish a Shop for a Beginner in the Practice of Physic; as also Utensils for an Apothecary's Shop, a complete new Set of Surgeon's Instruments, a small Collection of new Books on Surgery, Physic, &c. The Medicines to be Sold all in one Article, the Instruments in another, and the Books and Shop-Furniture, as the Buyer shall have Occasion, and as shall be agreed on, all at reasonable Rates, for Sterling or Current Money, or Credit upon Security, if required, by **J A M E S M A C G I L L.**
N. B. A Catalogue of the Books may be seen at the **P R I N T I N G - O F F I C E.**

W A N T E D,
A C U R A T E in *Dorchester Parish*, in *Dorchester County*. Any **CLERGYMAN** of the Church of *England*, that is without a Parish, and can come well recommended, will meet with great Encouragement, by applying to the Vestrymen of said Parish, who are empowered by the present Incumbent to agree with some fit Person to officiate in his Place.
 Signed per Order,
R O G E R J O N E S, Registrar.

ALL Persons indebted to the **P A P E R C U R R E N C Y O F F I C E**, are required to pay the **I N T E R E S T** due on their **B O N D S** within Six Months from the Date hereof, otherwise the Bonds will be put in Suit, Signed per Order of the Commissioners,
R I C H A R D D O R S E Y, Clerk
 of the Paper Currency Office.

A N N A P O L I S. Printed by **J O N A S G R E E N, P o s t - M a s t e r,** at his Office in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this **G A Z E T T E**, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. **A D V E R T I S E M E N T S** of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.

M A

FROM THE GENTLEMEN
IT has been said they have professed following political Englishmen, who not worthy the Name of this Kingdom by such Means being destroy that Harmon tution is nothing but should chuse to entitle **C R E E D**; and, I he does begin like that only to give it a general.

WHOSOEVER *libman*, and all Things stand up; WHICH Constitutions whole and uncorrupt will perish among h And the Constit Church and State.

THE Church is verment of our A in our Land in the **H O W B E I T** we a give Right and Forefathers did in they to set themselves THEY are the M and whilst they p and in the Spirit them, and follow

BUT farther th for all their Pow of the Nation, of AND they cann believe as they bel Guidance of our THEY may ex or Violence may THIS is Christ Englishmen.

NOW the State Lords, and Com In the King re maketh no Laws to cause all Laws He is the nat sing between M Justice are his C He is also th doms committed self alone he m Peace with the Government of also vested in him

WE are all bc of his high Com the Nation. H ler, and our Pre AND the Po without it we fl ourselves.

BUT our Ob Obedience. V tional Laws of mands, or the him. Our King i of **F R E E M E N** ALL Power of his Realms, tates of his ow Land.

AMONG the Necks to Prin ledge not a Fortunes and

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, November 17, 1757.

From THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE for June.

IT has been said of *Creds* in Religion, that they have produced many Evils; but the following political one, if agreed to by every *Englishman*, would be certainly productive of much Good. Those who dissent from it are not worthy the Name of *Englishmen*; yet that many of this Kingdom do, is but too well proved, by such Means being pursued which only tend to destroy that Harmony, without which our Constitution is nothing but Anarchy and Confusion. I should chuse to entitle it THE ENGLISHMAN'S CREED; and, I hope, it will be no Offence if it does begin like that of St. *Atanasius*, which is only to give it a greater Resemblance to *Creds* in general.

WHOSOEVER will be reckoned a true *Englishman*, and a worthy Subject, must before all Things stand up for the Constitution of *England*:

WHICH Constitution, except a Man preserve whole and uncorrupted, without Doubt his Name will perish among his Children.

AND the Constitution is Two-Fold, that is, Church and State.

THE Church is the established hierarchial Government of our Ancestors, such as was established in our Land in the Days of Old.

HOWBEIT we attribute not unto our Pastors the divine Right and apostolical Succession, as our Forefathers did in the Days of Error; nor are they to set themselves up as Lords over us.

THEY are the Ministers of the Gospel of *Christ*, and whilst they preach it to us in holy Meekness, and in the Spirit of Peace, we ought to respect them, and follow their Instructions.

BUT farther their Power reacheth not over us; for all their Power cometh from the Constitution of the Nation, of which they are a Part.

AND they cannot compel any Man by Force to believe as they believe, or to say as they say. The Guidance of our Consciences is in God alone.

THEY may exhort to Salvation, but no Force or Violence may they use.

THIS is Christian Liberty, and the Right of *Englishmen*.

Now the State of this Realm consisteth of King, Lords, and Commons.

IN the King resideth the executive Power. He maketh no Laws; but he has a Fullness of Power to cause all Laws to be put in Force.

HE is the natural Judge of all Differences arising between Man and Man, and the Courts of Justice are his Courts.

HE is also the natural Defender of the Kingdoms committed to his Charge; therefore of himself alone he may declare War, and again make Peace with the Enemies of this Land; and the Government of the Armies by Sea and Land are also vested in him.

WE are all bound to assist him, in the Execution of his high Commands, tending to the Benefit of the Nation. He is our common Father, our Ruler, and our Preserver.

AND the Power he has is good and natural, as without it we should be striving for Power among ourselves.

BUT our Obedience unto him is to be a rational Obedience. We must not disobey the constitutional Laws of the Realm to execute his Commands, or the Commands of his Officers under him.

OUR King is not a King of Slaves, but a King of FREEMEN.

ALL Power is granted him for the Preservation of his Realms, and of his Subjects: But the Dictates of his own Will are not as the Laws of the Land.

AMONG the Nations there are who bow their Necks to Princes as unto God: But we acknowledge not a Right in our King, to dispose of the Fortunes and Lives of his Subjects, at his Pleasure.

KINGS are but Men, and their Power cometh from Men. With this Power a good King is content; but wicked Rulers can never be satisfied.

THE second Part of the State is the Body of Princes and Nobles of the Realm.

THESE are the Inheritors of the great and peculiar Honours of their Ancestors, and the Constitution distinguisheth them from the common Subjects.

THEY constitute one of the Parts of the legislative Power, being the Guardians of their own pre-eminence Privileges, the Defenders of the Royal Prerogatives of the Sovereign, and the Arbiters between Prince and People.

THEY stand up for the Dignity of the Throne, from whence they derive their own Lustre, and nevertheless are a Barrier for the People from any oppressive Power of it's Representative.

THE People themselves are the third Part of the State, as they are represented by the Members of the House of Commons.

WITHOUT the Consent of the Commons no Monies whatsoever can be raised on the Subject, whose Property is sacred.

THEY are the natural Guardians of the Liberty of the People, they keep a Watch on the Sovereign, and check every Measure taken by him, or his Ministers, which tends to the Oppression of the Subject.

THEY furnish to the Exigencies of the State, by ordering the Levies of Money on themselves, or the People they represent; and if they find their Property is misapplied, they have a Right to call upon the King's Officers to account for it; being, in that Respect, a Watch upon them, for their faithfully discharging their Duty to their Master.

THUS do these Three Parts form the State of the Realm of *England*; and are the firm Support of each other.

IT is the Interest of the King to preserve to the Nobles their Privileges, and to the People their Free-born Inheritance.

THE Nobles must preserve the Monarch, without whom all their Dignity were as nothing, and they must join with the People in curbing any ambitious Attempts of the King or his Officers.

THE People must preserve the King as their Head, and as the Center of Unity. They must cherish the Nobles as Fellow-Guardians of their Liberties.

AND this State of King, Lords, and Commons, is the Legislative Power of the Land. No Laws can be established without the joint Consent of these Three Parts.

THE Power of the one Part, is limited by the Power of the other Two Parts; but their united Power is without Control.

HOWBEIT, it behoveth every Subject to be attentive to the good Order of the Constitution, as Infalibility resideth not among Men.

AND for this Reason, every *Englishman* ought to be, in an especial Manner, prudent and wary in the Choice of his Representative, as the only sure Means to avoid falling under the grievous Burthen of Arbitrary Power.

SUCH is the Form of our most excellent Government, our Constitution in Church and State.

THEY, who love it and defend it, will be held in Esteem and Reverence, whilst living; and, when dead, their Names will be remembered with Honour.

BUT they who hate it, and seek it's Overthrow, will be accounted as vile and reprobate, and their Names will be mentioned with Scorn amongst the latest Generations.

SWITZERLAND, August 12.

IT is generally reported here, that the Protestant Cantons have taken a Resolution to furnish the King of Prussia with a Body of 50 or 60,000 Men, and that the Court of France had on this Report

caused a Corps of 30,000 Men to advance towards our Frontiers, in order to be better informed of the Truth thereof, and observe the Motion of these Auxiliaries. All the Inhabitants of these Quarters are ordered to cut down the Corn, even that which is not ripe for Harvest.

Vienna, August 18. We learn from Silesia, that Colonel Jahnus having been attacked there by a Body of the Enemy, consisting of about 8000 Men, he gave them so good a Reception, that they were forced to retire with the Loss of upwards of 500, who were left dead upon the Field, and 1400 Deserters. These Advices add, that the said Colonel had made in this Rencounter about 1300 Prisoners, and taken 6 Pieces of Cannon.

Frankfort, August 19. 'Tis reported that the King of Prussia has detached from his Army a Body of 20,000 Men, who have Orders to march directly towards Magdebourg, in order to oppose the Designs which the French may have formed against that Place.

Brunswick, August 20. Yesterday Morning 3 Battalions, and 8 Squadrons, entered this Place, under the Command of the Duke D'Ayen; and in the Afternoon another Corps went to take Possession of Wolfenbittel.

Werden, August 22. We this Moment learn, that the Hessian Grenadiers having met near Ruth, about a Mile from hence, a great Party of the Enemy, they attacked them with such Vigour, that they were obliged to retire with considerable Loss.

Prague, August 5. The great Quantities of all Sorts of Provisions, which have been brought hither since the raising the Siege, have been sufficient, not only to satisfy the Demand of the Garrison and Inhabitants, at the most reasonable Price, but we have already 4 Magazines supplied therewith against any Emergency. A few Days ago an unhappy Accident happened here by the Fall of a great Number of the Houses damaged by the Siege, which were blown down by a violent Storm, upwards of 30 People being buried in the Ruins, most of whom are dead, or past Recovery.

Hanover, August 23. Yesterday Morning the French Army decamped from our Neighbourhood, and marched towards Werden, to attack the Hanoverian Army.

Lest the Duke of Cumberland should pass the Weser, and enter into East-Friesland, the Duke of Richelieu has sent a Body of Forces thither, and the Garrison of Embden is to be reinforced with several Regiments.

The French have taken Possession of Brunswick and Wolfenbittel. The Duke of Brunswick is retired to Blackenbourg.

Hamburg, August 24. Yesterday the Duke of Richelieu took Possession of the Hanoverian Camp at Werden.

Cleves, August 24. Gueldres capitulated Yesterday. The 800 Men, whereof the Garrison was composed, are to be conducted, under an Escort of French Troops, to Berlin, by the Rout of Cologne and Franckfort. They are to march out with the Honours of War, and to carry with them Two Pieces of Cannon.

Paris, August 22. The Disputes between the Clergy and Parliament are accommodated, and we expect a Change in the Ministry.

From Marshal *Lehwald's* Camp near *Velau*, August 10. In the Night between the 7th and 8th Instant, Colonel *Malachowski* marched from *Gerwischkenen* to reconnoitre the Enemy's Position, and advanced up to the Russian Army within the Distance of Half a Mile; but a thick Fog prevented his making any Discovery. Just as he was going to march back to his Post, the Enemy having had Intelligence of his coming, sent a Detachment against him Three Times stronger than ours. Our advanced Ranks had an Engagement with those of the Enemy, and the Fire lasted near Two Hours. At length the Russian Detachment was repulsed,

repulsed, and retired into the Woods, whither our Men did not think it adviseable to pursue them. Besides a great Number of Wounded, the Enemy had 50 Men killed. We had but one Man killed, and 14 wounded, with 2 Horses killed, and 7 wounded. The Russians retreated so hastily, that we took only one Prisoner.

Hamburg, August 19. It is assured that the King of Prussia has sent Orders to Stettin, and the rest of the Sea-Ports upon the Coast of Pomerania, to keep in Readiness a Number of large Vessels, laden with Stones, in order to sink them at the Mouths of the Harbours, to prevent the Swedish Ships from coming in.

L O N D O N.

September 1. By Letters from on board the East-Indiaman, lately arrived at Cork, we learn, that some Time in January last the Arabs attacked the English Factory in the Gulph of Persia, in the Dead of the Night, drove the English out, and entirely destroyed it. The Inhabitants arrived at Bombay, just before the Clinton and Hector left that Place, which was January 22.

By the same Letters we are informed, that in the retaking of Calcutta, and the other Places, by Colonel Clive and the Men of War, there were killed at least 10,000 of the Marattoes, but that the English had not lost above 150.

Several of the Crew of the Antigallican Privateer have made their Escape from Cadiz, and are arrived in England; some of whom are going out in the Norfolk Privateer; and Capt. Forster is also slipped away from Cadiz to Gibraltar.

A Person who arrived last Friday in a Cartel Ship from St. Maloes, says, there are nine Privateers on the Stocks there, all in great Forwardness.

A very handsome Frigate, new built, of about 200 Tons Burthen, was carried into St. Maloes Yesterday Week, supposed from Philadelphia.

September 3. The Swedes are actually encamped in Pomerania. The Prussian Minister is recalled from Stockholm; and it is said, that the Swedes propose not only to recover what the House of Brandenburg has taken from them in Pomerania, but also the Dutchies of Bremen and Verden.

All Things wear much the same Face as they did in Lusatia. They had a strong Report at Dresden of a Battle; but at the Departure of the Post that News was contradicted; and it was said, that his Prussian Majesty having surprized several Austrian Posts, was advancing again into Bohemia.

His Prussian Majesty has declared in a Manifesto, that the real Design of the Russians is to depopulate Prussia.

September 6. It is said that several large Pieces of Cannon are mounted on the Isle de Dieu, near the Harbour of Brest, the French imagining our secret Expedition is intended against that Place.

September 8. The Dey of Algiers has proclaimed Peace both with the States General and Tuscany, let the Consuls of those Powers at Liberty, and strictly forbid his Subjects taking any of their Ships for the future.

The French have demanded an exact List of the Revenues and Imposts of the Electorate of Hanover; of the Number of Inhabitants, and the Wagons and Horses they can furnish; of the Cattle, of the Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, Straw, and Hay; as also of the Capitals and ready Money, which were in the Possession of the several Corporations at the Time the French Army entered the Electorate: All these Lists were to be exhibited within 8 Days.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, Sept. 6.

"Yesterday a Troop of 50 light armed Horse arrived here, and they will be embarked from the Dock this Morning. Forty Horses for drawing the Artillery arrived soon after, which will be embarked at the same Time.

"The Embarkation of the Troops began at Cowes Yesterday, and will be completed this Night, the greatest Expedition being used.

"The Jason, Captain Paston, is ordered to go with the Squadron as a Store-Ship.

"The Chichester, Essex, Rochester, and Chesterfield, are ordered to remain here.

"The American Convoy remain.

"Thursday Afternoon, or Friday Morning, it is generally thought the Squadron will be completed for Sea.

"Remain in this Port, the *Royal George*, *Royal Sovereign*, *Royal Anne*, *Ramilles*, *Neptune*, *Namar*, *Amelia*, *Prince George*, *Barfleur*, *Royal William*, *Magnanime*, *Terbay*, *Dublin*, *Burford*, *Chichester*, *Essex*, *Alcide*, *Medway*, *Dunkirk*, *Achilles*, *America*, *York*, *Rochester*, *Norwich*, *Jason*, *Chesterfield*, *Southampton*, *Coventry*, *Mermaid*, *Raven*, *Peregrine*, *Viper*, *Albany*, *Escort*, *Cormorant*, *Postilion*, *Beaver*,

Pelican, *Medway* and *Canterbury* Busses, *Pluto* and *Proserpine* Fire-Ships, *Firedrake* and *Infernal* Bombs, *Crown* Store-Ship, and *Tobias* Hospital-Ship, with Sixty Sail of Transports, &c.

"Those in *Italick* are to go on the Expedition.

"Since I wrote the above, an Express is arrived to Sir Edward Hawke, and a Signal is made to unmoor, and fall down to St. Helen's; so that their sailing looks more immediate.

"The *Mermaid* is sailed with a Convoy for Plymouth and America."

The Captain of a Ship brought over from France by Cartel, who arrived in Town last Sunday, informs us, that on the News being received at Brest of the Expedition from England, he and many other Prisoners were removed Thirty Miles up the Country, and from thence to Morlaix; that the Fleet sitting out at Brest cannot possibly be got ready for Sea in less than Two Months; and that Seamen were so scarce on board the Fleet, that they were brought from the different Sea-Ports to man the same; that the Militia of Normandy and Britany were raised to defend those Coasts, the French being under terrible Apprehensions of a Visit from the English, and had therefore removed their valuable Effects near Fifty Miles inland.

'Tis said that an Express arrived from Germany on Tuesday Evening, with the welcome News that an Army of 70,000 Turks was advancing towards Hungary, and that a larger Army, consisting of Turks and Tartars, was marching to make a Diversion, in Favour of the King of Prussia, on the Side of Russia.

We hear that the King of Spain has, by his Minister at the Court of France, signified his Disapprobation of the Measures taken by the French Army, in entering the Electorate of Hanover.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, Sept. 7.

"The Troops were all put on board by Yesterday Noon, and the Embarkation was finished, and Part of the Transports came hither from Cowes last Night. Sir John Mordaunt came this Morning, and the Ships are now unmoored, but not yet under sail. They will go to St. Helen's this Afternoon, and from thence early To-morrow Morning.

Yesterday Morning the *Isis*, Captain Wheeler, picked up, a little Way from the Needles (at Peverell Point) a Frigate of the French King's, of 16 Guns, reconnoitring and watching the sailing of the Squadron; they are not come in yet. Remain the Admirals Hawke, Knowles, and Broderick, with Forty-five Sail of King's Ships and Sloops, besides Transports."

This Morning an Express arrived with Advice, that the Men of War and all the Transports were under sail; there are near 20 of the Line, and among them 9 three-deck Ships.

The Account of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland's embarkation is not confirmed: On the contrary, 'tis said his Royal Highness will not leave the Army so soon as was expected, and generally thought that he will venture another Battle.

They write from Bern, in Switzerland, that the Conduct of the Colonel of one of the Regiments of that Canton, in the Service of the French Court, in formally refusing, at Stratsberg, to pass the Rhine with his Regiment, is greatly applauded; and we find the greatest Elogiums bestowed on the Courage and Resolution with which he answered the Prince de Soubize, who said to him: *What Need have we for your Troops, if they will not march? My Prince, replied the Swiss Officer, they may at least serve to favour your Retreat.*

BASSETTERE, in ST. KITTS, Sept. 10.

On Thursday last was brought into the Road of Basseterre, a French Ship, called the *St. Simon*, Pierre Gerraud, Master, bound from Martinico for Old France. She was taken by Capt. Read, in the Brig *Oliver Cromwell*, on Tuesday last, and is laden with Sugar, Coffee, and Cocoa.

The said Brig cut out of Guadaloupe last Week, a Sloop laden with Cordage, &c. which was carried into Montserrat.

B O S T O N.

October 24. Last Tuesday died here the Honourable Richard Bill, Esq; aged 72, Treasurer for the County of Suffolk, and formerly one of his Majesty's Council of this Province.

And on Wednesday died, aged 82, Mrs. Abigail Lewis, Relict of the late Hon. Ezekiel Lewis, Esq;

We hear from Leicester, that last Thursday Se'night died at that Place Mrs. Elizabeth Earl, in the 93d Year of her Age: 'Tis very remarkable, that she lived 75 Years in the married State, and with her surviving Husband, Mr. Ralph Earl, who is now passing the 97th Year of his Age.

October 31. We hear from Halifax, from good Authority, that the Centurion and Nottingham Men

of War, with Two Bombs, failed the fourteenth Instant from thence for England, as Convoy to about 40 Sail of Transports:—That Admiral Holbourne still remains there with 8 Sail of the Line, 2 or 3 Frigates, and a Fire Ship:—The Cruizers look'd into Louisburg a few Days before, and saw 17 Sail of the Line, with their Top-gallant-masts standing; therefore 'tis supposed they had not suffered much in the late Storm, as 'twas expected they would in such an open Harbour:—The Admiral will stay some Time longer at Halifax, and whenever he departs, will leave a Squadron to guard and protect the Colony.

We have likewise Advice from Halifax, that our Province Snow Prince of Wales, commanded by Capt. Dowse, was lately taken by a French Frigate of 26 Guns, and carried into Louisburg. As it cannot be doubted but she was soon sent out to cruise on our Trade, 'tis hoped all coasting Vessels and others, will be upon their Guard, that they be not decoyed and taken by her.

By the Master of a Vessel which left Halifax a few Days ago, we are further informed, that before he sailed, Two Flags of Truce, a Brig and a Schooner, arrived there from Canada, having on board about 200 of our Soldiers, who had been taken at or near Lake-George, by the French and Indians; and that a Sloop, which had sailed with them, having also a Number of Soldiers on board, was hourly expected.—That they had Intelligence at Halifax, that 280 of the Men, belonging to the *Tilbury* Man of War, which was lost in the late Storm off Cape-Breton; got ashore, and saved their Lives; and that Captain Barnsley, with the Remainder, being about 150, perished in the Sea.—That a French Privateer Schooner from Louisburg had taken, in about Lat. 38, a Snow from Marblehead, Capt. Dimock, and a Snow from this Place, Capt. Boyd, both bound to the West-Indies; also a Vessel from Philadelphia, with Flour, for Newfoundland, and on their Return took a small coasting Sloop, — Dimock, Master, bound from Lunenburg, with Wood, to Halifax; which Vessel the English Master ransomed, and in her arrived at that Port.

By Letters from Newport, Rhode-Island, we have Advice, that there was lately brought into that Port, a large French Prize, being a Letter of Marque Ship, of between 3 and 400 Tons, loaded with about Six Hundred Hogheads of Sugar and Coffee, and a few Bales of Cotton: She was mounted with 12 large Cannon, and 8 wooden ditto, bound from Martinico to Bourdeaux, and was taken after making a gallant Defence of some Hours, in which the French Captain and several of his Men were much wounded, and the Ship's Top-masts, &c. shot away, by Captain George Hunt, Commander of the Privateer Brig *Mars* of Newport, and Capt. Paul Tew, in the Sloop — of Providence. Capt. Hunt, who sustained the whole Fire of the Enemy, behaved (as did his Officers and Seamen) with great Reputation; and has the Satisfaction, in this short Cruize, of seven Weeks, of making a handsome Reprizal for a fine Brig in the Merchants Service, which the Enemy took from him a few Months past.—On board of this French Ship we hear there were several Ransomers of English Vessels which she had taken, who now very luckily have regained their Liberty; but we have no certain Account what Vessels they belonged to.

NEW-YORK, November 7.

We are credibly informed that a Vessel is arrived at Halifax, in 28 Days from England, and has brought Advice that the Fleet, destined on a secret Expedition, was actually sailed.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer on board the True-Briton, Christopher Miller, Commander, dated Bermuda, October 3, 1757.

"This Day we arrived safe in Bermuda.—After acquainting you we are all well, I next proceed to give you a Detail of our Misfortunes. On Wednesday the 3d of August we parted with the *Hercules* in an Evening Chace, in Lat. 34, 33, Long. 61, 16. On the 6th of September we met with a violent Gale of Wind, which obliged us to lie to under a ballance reefed Main-Sail; it increased to such a Degree that we were obliged to scud under our bare Poles. The 7th it blew so excessive hard, that we threw 4 of our Guns overboard, and at Forenoon of the same Day, hove 4 more over. By good Luck, the Night before the Gale came on, we put 6 of our Guns in the Hold, which were all we saved. In the Height of the Gale we cut away our Main-Mast, by which I imagine we saved the Vessel, for at last she would not scud, tho' no Vessel could possibly behave better than she did. Soon after the Gale was over we

we got up Jury-Masts with Captain Sears of was expended, when we where we found the C lost one of her Masts here, but failed about

By a Letter from Captain Snow Neptune, vidence the 5th ultimo all his Guns; being of the 6th of September, of the same Month.

Captain Richard W Johnson, is sailed on a The Privateer Sloop who lately returned from ted, and ready for Sea. The Brig *Duke* of vid Fenton, Command down to the Watering on a Cruize.

PHILADEL
The Sessions of the New-Castle, Kent an ed on Saturday last; for granting Four Tho Use. An Act for Africa, to continue and War. And, An Act Majesty's Forces.

We have Advice 25th of last Month there in a Canoe from mus's Wife and Daughter they left that Pl brought the following French had come to to the Northward; for Cumberland Cou lery with them; no Scheme they were u

Capt. Cobourn, i Latitude 21, saw a ing to the Northwa that Commodore M Three Months, an Sail of the Line, t

From New-York ty, the latter Part tempted thrice to f Regiment, which thought some of t tries. It is also s Frontiers of that very fast.

We hear from the 27th of last M the Indians from H dyusing had set in order to meet there from this Co

We have Advice Carolina (via Ne vateer has carried Prize.

A N N A P
Thursday last l his Majesty's Birth Seventy-fifth Year served here with the Evening his E Ball, where was Appearance of I

Capt. George from *Whitebaven* tember, and brin from *St. Helen's* t dition: There w gates, and 60 T Three Boats, wh so that they coul Boats) at one P

The following at *Carlisle*; *Jes* (Two Germans) and *Bartholome* serring with *D* *Hughes* (a *Welch* *George Parker* (an *Irishman*) a last one *John P* in order to be e

L A T
A *PLAIN*
God bath ner may have hereof, and p ment.

we got up Jury-Masts, and cruized in Company with Captain Sears of New-York, till our Water was expended, when we bore away for this Island, where we found the Cicero, Capt. Smith, having lost one of her Masts. The Hercules has been here, but failed about a Week ago."

By a Letter from Capt. Thompson, of the Privateer Snow Neptune, of this Place, dated at Providence the 5th ultimo, we learn, that he has lost all his Guns; being obliged to throw 8 overboard the 6th of September, and the Remainder the 23d of the same Month.

Captain Richard Wright, in the Privateer Brig Johnson, is failed on a Cruize.

The Privateer Sloop Tyger, Capt. MacDougall, who lately returned from a broken Cruize, is refitted, and ready for Sea.

The Brig Duke of Marlborough Privateer, David Fenton, Commander, will, in a few Days, fall down to the Watering-Place, in order to proceed on a Cruize.

PHILADELPHIA, November 10.

The Sessions of the Assembly of the Counties of New-Castle, Kent and Sussex, on Delaware, ended on Saturday last; at which were passed, *An Act for granting Four Thousand Pounds to his Majesty's Use. An Act for establishing and regulating a Militia, to continue and be in Force during the present War. And, An Act for the better Quartering his Majesty's Forces.*

We have Advice from Shamokin, that on the 25th of last Month Two Indian Squaws arrived there in a Canoe from Nescopokin, Joseph Nutimus's Wife and Daughter, and informed, that before they left that Place, an Indian came in, who brought the following Intelligence, viz. That 600 French had come to Diabogo, and were designed to the Northward; that 100 of them had set out for Cumberland County; that they had no Artillery with them; nor was it known what particular Scheme they were upon.

Capt. Cobourn, in 22 Days from Barbados, in Latitude 21, saw a French Fleet of 17 Sail, standing to the Northward. By him there is Advice, that Commodore Moore is taking in Provisions for Three Months, and said to be going, with Five Sail of the Line, to Windward of Martinico.

From New-York we learn, that in Ulster County, the latter Part of last Month, the Indians attempted thrice to surprize the Centries of Perry's Regiment, which is quartered there; and it was thought some of them were killed by these Centries. It is also said, that the Inhabitants on the Frontiers of that Government are moving away very fast.

We hear from Northampton County, that on the 27th of last Month a Girl was carried off by the Indians from Hyndshaw's Fort: And that Teedyuscung had set off from thence for Wyoming, in order to meet the Commissioners lately gone there from this Government.

We have Advice from Charles-Town, in South-Carolina (via New-York) that a Bermudian Privateer has carried in there a very valuable French Prize.

ANNAPOLIS, November 17.

Thursday last being the happy Anniversary of his Majesty's Birth, when his Majesty entered the Seventy-fifth Year of his Age, the same was observed here with much Loyalty and Joy; and in the Evening his Excellency our Governor gave a Ball, where was a very numerous and handsome Appearance of Ladies and Gentlemen.

Capt. George Nicholson is arrived in Patowmack, from Whitehaven, which he left the 10th of September, and brings Advice, that the Fleet sailed from St. Helen's the 9th on the Grand secret Expedition: There were 28 Ships of the Line, 12 Frigates, and 60 Transports, every Transport having Three Boats, which would Land Thirty Men each, so that they could (exclusive of the Men of War's Boats) at one Push Land 5400 Men.

The following Eight Persons were lately hang'd at Carlisle; Joseph Landoux, Matthew Candleman (Two Germans) William Augner (an American) and Bartholomew Collins (an Irishman) for Deserting with Design to join the French; William Hugbes (a Welchman) Peter Councilman (a German) George Parker (an Englishman) and John M'Gee (an Irishman) all for Detention. And on Tuesday last one John Price was carried from hence in Irons, in order to be executed for the same Crime.

LATELY FOUND,

A PLAIN GOLD RING, with this Poesy, *God hath ordain'd Us to be join'd.* The Owner may have it again, by applying to the Printer hereof, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION, The Way to HEALTH, LONG LIFE, AND HAPPINESS:

Or, a Discourse on TEMPERANCE, and the particular Nature of all Things requisite for the Life of MAN; as, all Sorts of Meats, Drinks, Air, Exercise, &c. with special Directions how to use each of them to the best Advantage of the Body and Mind. Shewing from the true Ground of Nature, whence most Diseases proceed, and how to prevent them.

To which is added,

A Treatise of most Sorts of HERBS, with several other remarkable and most useful Observations, very necessary for ALL FAMILIES. The whole Treatise displaying the most hidden Secrets of Philosophy, and made easy and familiar to the meanest Capacities, by various Examples and Demonstrances.

Communicated to the World for a general Good, by THOMAS TRYON, Student in PHYSIC.

CONDITIONS.

I. THAT this Work (which contains upwards of Five Hundred Pages) shall be committed to the Press as soon as a sufficient Number are subscribed for, to defray the Expence of Printing.

II. That it shall be Printed in a neat OCTAVO, on a good Letter and Paper, and be delivered to the Subscribers with all convenient Speed, neatly done up in blue Paper, and cut.

III. That the Price to Subscribers shall be One Milled Dollar, One Half to be paid at the Time of subscribing, and the other Half at the Delivery of the Books: Those who subscribe for Six Books, shall have a Seventh gratis.

As the Publication of this excellent Treatise will depend entirely on the Number of Subscribers, it is hoped that those who incline to encourage such a useful Undertaking, will be speedy in sending in their Names, as no more will be Printed than what may be subscribed for.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by the Printer hereof, who will also deliver the Books to such as may subscribe with him, when ready.

This Subscription has been opened in Philadelphia, by a Gentleman of Note in that City, with a 201. Subscription.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons that are any Ways indebted to the Concern at Pifcawaway, belonging to Edward Trafford, Esq; and Sons, in Liverpool, to come and pay their several Ballances, or settle the same by Bond, or Note of Hand; otherwise they will immediately be sued.

Likewise all Persons that have any Demands against the said Concern, are desired to come and receive the same; which will be paid them either in Tobacco or Goods, or settled in the most agreeable Manner, by GEORGE BOWDON.

N. B. As there are several Persons that have very large Ballances now standing in the Book, and have stood so for some Years past, and by all Appearance they seem to take little or no Notice about them: This is to acquaint all such, that without they come and settle the same, either by Bond, or Note of Hand, or discharge them, they may expect further Trouble, let the Consequence be what it will.

ANY Person well qualified for an OVERSEER, at a Home Plantation, in good Repair, over 6, 8, or 10 good able Hands, wanting a Place, may hear of a good Birth, by enquiring in Dorchester County of JOSEPH COX GRAY.

THE Subscriber having engaged a very skilful TANNER, and provided every Thing requisite for carrying on the TANNING BUSINESS, at his House on West-River, will Tan at FOUR SHILLINGS and SIX PENCE per Hide. STEPHEN STEWARD.

November 17, 1757.

WHEREAS Mary Anne Cole, the Wife of the Subscriber, living in Dorchester County, hath eloped from her Husband: This is therefore to forewarn all Persons from Trusting her on his Account, for he will pay no Debts of her Contracting from the Date hereof. JAMES COLE.

THE Subscribers having for some Time past, dropp'd keeping Tavern in Frederick-Town in Cecil County, and having now again undertaken that Business, in the House where John M'Dermott formerly lived, Give this Public Notice thereof; and all Travelling Gentlemen and Ladies, who shall favour us with their Company, may depend on the best of ENTERTAINMENT and USAGE, from Their humble Servants, PATRICK and SARAH FLYNN.

N. B. We have a Chaise and Pair to accommodate Gentlemen, &c. who want to Travel from thence to Philadelphia or New-York; or Saddle-Horses to Let.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Richard Machubin, near Annapolis, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, branded on the near Buttock with something like the upper End of a Pair of Fire-Tongs, has a Star in his Forehead, his near hind Foot is white, and is unbroke.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Ennalls, in Dorchester County, on Choptank River, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with the Letter I, has a white Face, and 3 white Feet.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Talbot, living on the Eastern-Branch, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, about 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ Hands high, branded on the near Buttock S, has a Star in her Forehead, and a Blaze in her Face.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Isaac Walker, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Shoulder with something like an H, and has several white Hairs in his Mane.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Williams, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, branded on the off Thigh with something like an M, he has a small Star in his Forehead, some Saddle Spots on his Back, and the Remains of a Fistula.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Charles Walker, senior, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Horse, branded on the near Shoulder with something like this ∞ has a Star in his Forehead, a Snip on his Nose, Glass Eyes, and an under Bit out of his right Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Jeremiah Hays, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a likely Bright Bay Mare, she has a Star in her Forehead, paces pretty well, and is branded on the near Shoulder thus ∞ g, and on the near Buttock with a B.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD,

By NICHOLAS LOWE DARNALL,

ONE Moiety of a Tract of LAND, called *The Land of Promise*, lying in the Fork of Gunpowder, in Baltimore County, the Whole containing Two Thousand Acres, the Half of which will be Sold on the 30th of this Instant November. The Sale to be on the Premises.

WILLIAM VENNELL, BRICK-MAKER, Living near ANNAPOLIS,

GIVES this Public Notice, That he will Make BRICKS, and Burn them, and stand to the Lots, at 2/6 per Thousand, the Employer finding him Provisions and Hands; the Hands to consist of Two Men and Three Boys.

LATELY,

LATELY PUBLISHED in NEW-YORK,
And to be Sold by William Rind, at the PRINTING-
OFFICE in ANNAPOLIS,

A Faithful Translation, by several able Hands, of
Three French Volumes, printed at Paris by Or-
der of the French King in the Year 1756, and
found in a French Prize lately taken, entitled,

A
MEMORIAL,
CONTAINING,

A Summary Account of Facts, in Answer to the
Observations of the English Ministry, addressed
to the Courts of Europe: Giving an Account of
all the Transactions in America, from the Year
1749 to the Year 1756; as also the Differences
between the Crowns of Great-Britain and France
on Account thereof; the Dispute between Go-
vernoi Cornwallis and M. de la Jonquiere, then
Governor of Canada, concerning the Territories
of Nova-Scotia: The apprehending Four of our
Indian Traders, by Order of the said M. de la
Jonquiere, the Manner of their Examination, of
their being sent to France, and by what Means
they received their Liberty; the Journal of Ma-
jor Washington, ditto of M. de Villiers, the French
Commandant at Ohio: Likewise Copies of Ge-
neral Braddock's secret Orders; his Letters to
divers Ministers of State in England, relative to
his own Conduct, from the Time of his Arrival
in America to his unhappy Defeat; in which is
shewn the Idea he had of these Colonies, and
in what Manner he represented them to the Mi-
nistry, &c. &c.

EIGHT PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Snow Edward, Abraham
Weddett Master, lying in Patuxent River, the
following Persons, viz.

Robert Maxmaster, a Scotchman, about 5 Feet 6
Inches high, about 25 Years of Age, very much
freckled, much pitted with the Small-Pox, and has
red Hair. Had on a Wig with one Curl round it,
a Stuff Hat, white Trowlers, and Pewter Buckles;
and carried with him a Bundle of Cloaths.

Alexander Spears, an Irishman, of a fair Com-
plexion, round Face, and fresh Colour; he speaks
broad Irish, and is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high.
Had on a blue Sailor's Jacket, a Pair of large
Pewter Buckles, a Felt Hat, and Cut Wig.

Whoever secures the said Fellows in Calvert or
Prince-George's County Goal, or delivers them on
board the said Snow, shall receive FOUR PIS-
TOLES for each, paid by

ABRAHAM WEDDETT, OF
JOHN STONE HAWKINS.

NOW in Possession of the Subscriber, by Or-
der of Court, the following Creatures, viz.
A likely well-made White Horse, about 15
Hands high, and paces; but has no perceivable
Brand. He is supposed to be the Property of one
Mr. Elmy near Congococheague.

A natural pacing Bay Mare, about 15 Hands
high, branded on the near Buttock thus HW, she
has wide hanging Bars, and is about 4 Years old.
She was in Possession of Matthias Ringer last Spring.

A small Grey Horse (and Hunting-Saddle half
worn); the Horse branded on the near Buttock
TF (joined in one).

A small Chestnut Sorrel Horse, branded on the
near Shoulder thus OHe, has a flaxen Mane and
Tail, a Star in his Forehead, a Snip on his Nose,
and lost his near Eye.

They are supposed to be Stolen by Adam Rutter,
Christopher Bierly, and William Miller, all Dutch-
men, and now in Baltimore County Goal for Horse-
stealing. The aforesaid Rutter came last Spring
from Schuylkill in Pennsylvania, near the Widow
Nutt's Iron-Works; and has since brought down
several valuable Creatures, and sold them in Mary-
land; which may easily be found.

Any Person or Persons, proving Property, and
paying Charges, may have the said Creatures, by
applying to the Subscriber, living on Soldier's De-
light Forest, in Baltimore County.

ALEXANDER WELLS.

THERE is at the Plantation of Neal Clark,
living near the Bare-Grounds, in Anne-Arun-
del County, taken up as a Stray, a Roan Mare,
branded on the near Side T B; and on the off
Side I M.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his
Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Tucker,
on Kattockton-Creek, in Frederick County,
taken up as a Stray, a small Dark Bay Horse, with
a Star in his Forehead, branded on the near Shoul-
der thus I 13; and on the near Buttock some-
thing like this A, and has a large Saddle Spot
on his Side.

The Owner may have him again, on proving
his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Sim-
mons, living near Herring-Creek, in Anne-
Arundel County, a middle-sized Dark Brown Steer;
he has an under and upper Square in the Right,
and an under Square in the Left Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving
his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD 4

By the SUBSCRIBER near Severn-Ferry, by
Wholesale or Retail,

CHOICE GOOD SINGLE and DOUBLE
REFINED SUGAR, and fine old CANE
SPIRIT: As likewise by Retail, MADEIRA
WINE, WEST-INDIA RUM, and MUS-
COVADO SUGAR. JOHN CLAPHAM.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY GOOD BILLIARD-TABLE, the
Cloth almost new, with good true BALLS,
&c. &c. Enquire of the Printer hereof. 4

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 260 Acres,
16 Acres of which is excellent fresh Water
Meadow, with a good Orchard of young grafted
Trees, lying on the Round-Bay near the Vine-Yard;
on which there is a good Dwelling-House, Stable,
Corn-House, &c. For Terms, and further Par-
ticulars, enquire of Mr. Lancelot Jacques, Mer-
chant, in Annapolis. 5

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVENIENT TANYARD, lying in
Annapolis, adjoining to a good Landing,
with all the Appurtenances thereunto belonging:
In which are, 14 Vats, 2 Lurches, 5 Handles, 4
Limes, 2 Granaries, and 2 large Water-Ponds,
most of them all lately sunk, and done in the best
Manner. The Water-Ponds are constantly sup-
plied, from a natural Spring, by a Drain under
Ground, and are sunk in the Beam-House, with
the Granaries: The House is 40 Feet by 18, and
framed with Poplar Scantling, and well covered.
There are also Two other Houses, lately built,
one with Brick, a Story and $\frac{1}{2}$ high, 23 Feet by
16, and hath one Fire-Place, and covered with
Clapboards, and Shingled over them: The other
House is 60 Feet by 21, one End of which, 20
Feet long, is built with Brick and Stone, a Story
and $\frac{1}{2}$ high; in which is Two Fire-Places below,
and one above; in the other End is a Mill-House,
with a Leather-Room below, and Lodging-Rooms
above, with fundry convenient Sheds joining to it,
such as Meat-House, Stables, Lime-House, and
Bark-House, all covered with Shingles. There
is also a good Garden and small Pasture, both well
paled and fenced in. Also to be Sold fundry
NEGROES, chiefly brought up in the Tanyard,
and to the Tanning Business. And as the Sub-
scriber intends soon to depart this Province, the
Whole will be Sold on reasonable Terms, and
Time given for Payment if required. He has al-
so to Sell, a small SLOOP, suitable for the Grain
Trade, being a prime Sailer, and in as good Re-
pair as when first Launched, and will carry about
8 or 900 Bushels of Grain. For Terms apply to
ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. The Tanyard, with the Improvements,
will be Sold with, or without, the Negroes, as
the Purchaser pleases. 7

MR. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME,
of this City, Merchant, having lately left
the Province, in order to proceed for London, and
having fully empowered me to Transact his Busi-
ness during his Absence, Notice is hereby given
to such Persons as have any just Claims against
him, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be
discharged: And as I have Orders for the imme-
diate Settlement of his Affairs, all those who are
indebted to him, are requested to be speedy in
their Payments, and especially those who have
long standing open Accounts, which will save Ex-
pence to themselves, and Trouble to

JOHN CLAPHAM, Attorney in Façt.

NEAR Thirty Years ago, one Henry Bull,
came an Indented Servant, into the Eastern
Shore of Maryland, with one Capt. Billings from
Liverpool: If the said Bull be Living, and will ap-
ply to Capt. Lowndes, or the Printer of this Paper,
he will hear of something well worth enquiring
for. Or if the said Henry Bull be Dead, and any
Body can give any authentic Account, Where he
Died, and When, and whether he left any, and
what, Family behind him, they shall be handsomely
Rewarded for their Trouble.

TO BE LET,

A PLANTATION belonging to Mr. Thomas
Wilson, of Queen-Anne's County, commodi-
ously situated in the said County, on the Head of
the North Branch of Wye River, within half a
Mile of a good Landing, together with the NE-
GROES, STOCK, and UTENSILS, thereon.
The Tract contains upwards of Four Hundred
Acres, on which there is a large clear'd Plantation,
a good Dwelling-House, and other Office-Houses,
and some valuable Meadow very well water'd.
The whole Tract very fit for producing Corn, To-
bacco, and Wheat, of which last there is a con-
siderable Quantity now put in the Ground.

Any Person inclining to Rent the Premises, are
desired to apply to John Bracco, now at Annapolis,
or the said Thomas Wilson, at his Dwelling-Planta-
tion on Wye River aforesaid, and know the Terms
on which they will be Let.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
at his House near Elk-Ridge Church, in Anne-
Arundel County,

AN Assortment of good fresh MEDICINES,
Chymical and Galenical, imported from
London, sufficient (with the Addition of a few
more, which may be had here) to furnish a Shop
for a Beginner in the Practice of Physic; as also
Utensils for an Apothecary's Shop, a complete
new Set of Surgeon's Instruments, a small Col-
lection of new Books on Surgery, Physic, &c.
The Medicines to be Sold all in one Article, the
Instruments in another, and the Books and Shop-
Furniture, as the Buyer shall have Occasion; and
as shall be agreed on, all at reasonable Rates, for
Sterling or Current Money, or Credit upon Secu-
rity, if required, by JAMES MACGILL.

N. B. A Catalogue of the Books may be seen
at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

WANTED,

ACURATE in Dorchester Parish, in Dor-
chester County. Any CLERGYMAN
of the Church of England, that is without a Parish,
and can come well recommended, will meet with
great Encouragement, by applying to the Vestry-
men of said Parish, who are empowered by the
present Incumbent to agree with some fit Person
to officiate in his Place.

Signed per Order,
ROGER JONES, Register.

June 9, 1757.
ALL Persons indebted to the PAPER
CURRENCY OFFICE, are requir-
ed to pay the INTEREST due on their
BONDS within Six Months from the Date
hereof, otherwise the Bonds will be put in Suit.

Signed per Order of the Commissioners,
RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk
of the Paper Currency Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his Office in Charles-street;
by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISE-
MENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling
each Week after the First.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, November 24, 1757.

A NEW ACT for the better ordering of the MILITIA FORCES in the several Counties of that Part of GREAT-BRITAIN called ENGLAND, having lately passed in Parliament, the Nature of which the Generality of the People in this Country being but little acquainted with, the following Abridgment thereof, is, for their Information, taken

From the GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE, for July, 1757.

WHEREAS a well-ordered and well-disciplined MILITIA is essentially necessary to the Safety, Peace, and Prosperity of this Kingdom: **BE IT ENACTED**, That

from the First Day of May, 1757, the Lieutenants of Counties shall arm and array proper Persons; and the Lieutenants shall appoint their Deputy-Lieutenants, and give Commissions to Lieutenant-Colonels, Majors, and other Officers, whose Names shall, within a Month, be certified to the King.

The Lieutenant of every County shall have the Chief Command of the Militia of that County.

In each County shall be appointed Twenty or more Deputy-Lieutenants, if so many can be found qualified, each of whom shall possess Four Hundred Pounds a Year, in Freehold, Copyhold, Customary Estate for Life, or an Estate for some long Term of Years, determinable upon Lives, or shall be Heir-Apparent of a Possession of Eight Hundred a Year: A Lieutenant-Colonel or Major, shall be possessed of Three Hundred a Year, or Heir-Apparent to Six Hundred. A Captain shall possess Two Hundred a Year, or be Heir to Four, or be the Son of One who possesses or at his Death did possess Two Hundred a Year: A Lieutenant shall possess One Hundred a Year, or be the Son of One who possesses or at his Death did possess Two Hundred. An Ensign shall possess Fifty Pounds, or be the Son of One who possesses or at the Time of his Death did possess One Hundred. One Moiety of the Estate in all these Cases, lying within the County.

In Counties where Twenty Deputy-Lieutenants, with proper Qualifications, cannot be found, it shall be sufficient to appoint so many as can be found.

A Right to the immediate Reversion of an Estate leased out for Lives on a reserved Rent, producing to the Lessee the clear yearly Rent of Three Hundred Pounds, shall be considered as equivalent to an Estate of One Hundred Pounds a Year, and so in Proportion.

An Ensign or Lieutenant may be promoted to be a Captain; and a Captain or Major may be promoted to be a Lieutenant-Colonel, on extraordinary Occasions, on Account of Merit.

The King may displace any Deputy-Lieutenant or Officer, and the Lieutenants shall appoint others in their Stead.

Every Deputy or Officer shall give in his Qualification to the Clerk of the Peace, and take the Oaths to the Government, within Six Months after he shall begin to act, on Penalty of Two Hundred Pounds on Deputy-Lieutenants, and all above the Degree of Captain; and One Hundred Pounds on Captains and those under.

Peers are exempted from serving by themselves or Substitutes; but they and Heirs-Apparent of Peers, may be appointed Deputy-Lieutenants, or Commission Officers, and their Qualifications need not to be left with the Clerk of the Peace; but on taking the Oaths, &c. they may act without being otherwise qualified.

A Commission in the Militia shall not vacate a Seat in Parliament.

At the End of every Four Years a Number of Officers shall be discharged, equal to the Number of those, who, duly qualified, shall solicit for Admission.

To each Regiment an Adjutant shall be appointed, who has served in the Regular Forces, in which he shall still retain his Rank; and to every Company of the Militia shall be appointed Two or more Serjeants (in the Proportion of One Serjeant to Twenty private Men) out of the Regular Forces, who shall be entitled to the Hospital of Chelsea. And Serjeants appointed from that Hospital shall be re-admitted on producing Certificates of good Behaviour.

No Persons selling Liquors by Retail, shall be capable of being a Serjeant of the Militia.

The Number of private Men serving in the Militia shall be; for

Bedfordshire	400	York N. Riding	720
Berkshire	560	East Riding	400
Bucks	560	and Hull	80
Cambridgeshire	480	Anglesea	160
Chester & Chester C.	560	Brecknock	120
Cornwall	640	Cardigan	200
Cumberland	320	Caermarthen Co. and Town	80
Derbyshire	560	Carnarvon	280
Devon & Exon C.	1600	Denbigh	120
Monmouthshire	240	Rutlandshire	640
Norfolk & Norwich	960	Salop	840
Northamptonshire	640	Somersetshire	960
Northumberland,		Southampton Co. and Town	560
New-Castle on Tyne, and Berwick,	560	Staffordshire and Litchfield	960
Nottingham County & Town	480	Suffolk	800
Oxfordshire	560	Surry	800
Dorsetshire & Poole	640	Suffex	800
Durham	400	Warwick County and Coventry	640
Essex	960	Westmoreland	240
Gloucestershire,		Worcester Co. & C.	800
Glouc. City, & Bristol	960	Wilts	1240
Hereford	480	York C. & West Riding	120
Hertford	560	Flintshire	360
Huntingdon	320	Glamorganshire	80
Kent & Canter. C.	960	Merionethshire	240
Lancashire	800	Montgomery	160
Leicestershire	560	Pembrokeshire & Haverford-W.	120
Lincoln Co. & City	1200	Radnorshire	120
Tower Hamlets	1160		
Middlesex, rest of	1600		

There shall be no more than One Captain, One Lieutenant, and One Ensign, to Eighty private Men.

Where the Proportion of Men directed by this Act to be raised in any County shall be judged by the Lieutenant to be too large, the Privy-Council, on Application, may regulate it.

The Lieutenant of each County, with Two Deputy-Lieutenants, or Three more Deputy-Lieutenants in the Absence of the Lieutenant, shall meet on the 12th of July, 1757, and on the first Tuesday in June, in every subsequent Year, and require the Head Constables to deliver in a List of all the Men between the Age of 18 and 50, in their several Districts, except Peers, Officers of the Militia, Officers of the Regular Forces or Garrisons, Members of either University, Clergymen, Teachers of separate Meetings, Peace and Parish Officers, articulated Clerks, and Apprentices, and Seamen, noting in the List the Men labouring under any bodily Infirmary.

Every Deputy Constable, or other petty Officer, shall transmit to the Head Constable the List of his Division, having first affixed it to the Door of the Church or Chapel for One Sunday.

On the Day appointed for receiving these Lists, the Lieutenants and Deputy-Lieutenants shall settle the Number to be taken from each Hundred, or Division of the County. They shall then subdivide themselves, and Three or more Deputies, or Two Deputies, with One Justice of the Peace, or One Deputy, with Two Justices, shall meet, within a Month in every Subdivision, to hear the

Complaint of those that think themselves entitled to Exemption; and upon any just Cause shall correct the Lists. They shall then settle the Number to be raised in each Parish, and chuse the Individuals by Lot; and within Three Weeks afterwards the Person so chosen shall appear before them; each of whom shall take the Oaths, and enter into the Militia for Three Years, or bring One to serve as his Substitute, or forfeit 10 l. and be liable at the End of Three Years to serve again.

Three Deputies, or Two Deputies and a Justice, or One Deputy and Two Justices, shall meet in their several Subdivisions occasionally at other Times, and annually on the Tuesday before Michaelmas; and if any Person 35 Years old shall shew just Cause for his Discharge, it shall be granted, and another chosen by Lot in his Room; and the Vacation by Death shall be filled up in the same Manner.

A Militia Man removing to another Parish, shall serve the Remainder of his Time in the new Parish. New Lists of Men qualified for Service shall be made every Year.

A new Body shall be chosen every Third Year, so that all Persons duly qualified may serve in their Turns each for Three Years.

A List of the Persons serving in each Parish shall be transmitted to the Lieutenant.

An Officer neglecting to return his List, or making a false or partial List, shall be committed for a Month to the common Goal, or be fined not more than Five Pounds, or less than Forty Shillings.

Every private Man serving for himself shall be exempted from Statute Work, from serving Peace or Parish Offices, or in the Regular Forces.

He that has served Three Years, shall not serve again, until by Rotation it comes to his Turn.

Married Men having personally served in the Militia, if called out in Case of Invasion or Rebellion, shall be entitled to the same Privileges of setting up Trades in any Place of Great-Britain or Ireland, as by an Act 22 George II. is granted to Mariners or Soldiers.

A Quaker refusing to serve, shall hire another in his Stead; and if he neglects, a Sum shall be levied upon him by Distress, sufficient to hire another Man.

Within One Month after the Return of the Lists, the Lieutenant and Two Deputies, or without the Lieutenant, Three Deputies, shall form the Militia of each County into Regiments, consisting of not more than 12, or less than 7 Companies of 40 Men each; appointing the Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers to each Company.

They shall be Exercised thus: On the First Monday in the Months of March, April, May, June, July, August, September, and October, they shall be Exercised in Half Companies; and on the Third Monday in the said Months in Companies.

And once every Year, on the Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, of Whitfun-week; they shall be Exercised in whole Regiments.

No Man shall be Exercised in Half Company or Company more than Six Miles from his own House.

Notice of the Time and Place of Meeting shall be sent by the Lieutenant and Two Deputies, or without the Lieutenant, by Three Deputies, to the High Constables, and by them to the Petty Constables, who shall fix them upon the Door of the respective Churches.

The Lieutenant shall appoint at Pleasure a Regimental Clerk, a Serjeant-Major out of the Serjeants, and a Drum-Major out of the Drummers.

If it should be thought inconvenient on Account of Fairs or Markets to Exercise the Militia on the Day set by this Act, Order may be made by Three Deputies, or Two Deputies and One Justice, or One Deputy and Three Justices, for Exercising them on any other Day, Sunday excepted.

In Counties where the Militia do not amount to Seven Companies, and therefore cannot make a Regiment,

Regiment, they shall be formed into a Battalion, under the Lieutenant and One Field-Officer, One Adjutant who shall be a Subaltern in the Army, a Serjeant-Major, a Drum-Major, and a Clerk, shall be appointed them, and they shall be Exercised as a complete Regiment.

Where a whole Company or Half a Company cannot be brought together, they may be Exercised in smaller Numbers, as the Lieutenant or Deputy shall direct.

One Commissioned Officer shall attend the Exercise of the Half Company, and inspect their Arms and Accoutrements.

The Arms and Cloaths of the Militia shall be carefully kept by the Captain of each Company in Chests, provided by the Parish where they are deposited. The Muskets shall be marked with an M and the Name of the County.

The King's Lieutenants, or the Colonels, may seize, or remove whither they shall think proper, the Arms, Cloaths and Accoutrements, when necessary to the Public Peace.

Any Person intrusted with the Custody of any Arms or Cloaths, delivering them out, unless for Exercise, or by Command of his Superior Officer, or by the Order of any Justice of the Peace, under his Hand and Seal, may, by Two Justices, be committed to the County Goal for Six Months.

No Pay, Arms or Cloathing, shall be issued, nor any Adjutant or Serjeant be appointed, till Four Fifths of the Men shall have been chosen, and the Officers have taken out their Commissions.

The Officer who superintends the Exercise shall call over the List, and certify to a Justice the Names of those who are absent from Exercise. The Justice shall examine the Excuse offered, and if it be insufficient, shall punish the Defaulter for the first Offence, by fining him 2 s. or setting him in the Stocks for an Hour; for the Second he shall fine him 4 s. or send him to the House of Correction for Four Days; for every Offence afterwards, he shall fine him 6 s. and if it be not paid, send him to the House of Correction for any Time not exceeding One Month.

If any Man shall be convicted upon Oath before a Justice, of being Drunk at the Time of Exercise, he shall forfeit 10 s. or sit an Hour in the Stocks.

He that shall be convicted on Oath before a Justice of Infidelity or Disobedience to his Officer, shall for his first Offence be fined 2/6, and in Default of Payment be sent to the House of Correction for Four Days; for the Second be fined 5 s. or committed for 7 Days; and for every Offence afterwards be fined 40 s. and committed to the House of Correction for any Time not more than a Month, nor less than 14 Days.

If any Man shall sell, pawn, or lose his Arms or Accoutrements, he shall be fined a Sum not exceeding Three Pounds, or in Default of Payment, be committed to the House of Correction for One Month; and if he cannot then raise the Sum required, for Three Months.

He that shall neglect to return his Arms in good Order after Exercise, the same or the next Day, shall be fined 2/6, or be sent to the House of Correction for 7 Days: If he neglect to return them by Monday after Whitsun-week, he shall forfeit 5 s. or be sent to the House of Correction for 14 Days. And the Person intrusted by the Captain with the Care of the Arms and Cloaths, who shall omit to complain of such Neglect, shall forfeit 20 s.

The Soldier or Non-commissioned Officer, that shall be absent from his annual Exercise, shall forfeit 10 s. a Day, or be committed to the House of Correction for a Month.

If any Non-commissioned Officer, shall be convicted upon Oath of being negligent in his Duty, or disobedient or insolent to the Adjutant, or other Superior Officers, he shall be fined by a Justice a Sum not exceeding 30 s. or in Default of Payment be committed to the House of Correction for 14 Days, and may be discharged by the Lieutenant.

Whoever shall unlawfully buy or receive any Arms or Accoutrements, belonging to the Militia, shall incur the Penalty of 5 l. and in Default of Payment be imprisoned for Three Months, or publicly whipped, at the Discretion of the Justice.

No Man shall be censured for Absence occasioned by attending an Election.

The Militia are to be subject in Military Affairs to their own Officers, and in Civil to the Civil Magistrates.

All Parish Officers are required to assist the Lieutenants and Justices.

In Case of actual Invasion, or upon imminent Danger thereof, and in Case of Rebellion, the King first notifying the Occasion to Parliament, if then sitting, or in their Recess to the Privy Council,

and the People by Proclamation, may direct the Lieutenants, or any Three Deputy-Lieutenants, to draw out their Regiments, who shall march by his Majesty's Order to any Part of the Kingdom, under the Command of such Generals as he shall appoint, receiving, during the Service, the same Pay with the Regular Regiments of Foot, and the Officers holding the same Rank with the Regular Officers of the same Denomination. The Militia, during the Time of Service, shall be liable to the Law Martial then subsisting; and any Man wounded shall be entitled to the Hospital of Chelsea. A Militia Man not appearing, or refusing to march on such Occasion, shall forfeit 40 l. or be committed to the County Goal for 12 Months.

In Case of actual Invasion, or upon imminent Danger thereof, and in Case of Rebellion, if the Parliament be not sitting, nor its Adjournment or Prorogation to expire in 14 Days, the King may summon it to meet on any Day, upon giving 14 Days Notice; and they shall meet accordingly for the Dispatch of Business.

The Militia and Regular Troops shall be tried in Courts-Martial, each by their own Officers.

The Militia during their annual Exercise shall be billeted as Regular Troops.

In Case of Invasion or Rebellion, Justices, upon Order from the King, or any Chief Commission Officer of the Militia, shall issue Warrants to the Chief Constables of Hundreds, to provide Carriages for the Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements, Powder, &c. which Carriages shall be paid in ready Money by the Officer demanding them, after the following Rates: A Waggon with Five Horses, or a Wain with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horses, 1 s. each Mile; a Cart with Four Horses, 9 d. a Mile; and so in Proportion. Persons having such Carriages are required to furnish them for One Day's Journey only. Any Chief Constable neglecting his Duty in the Premises, shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding 40 s. nor less than 20 s. to be levied by Distress.

The Militia shall not, on any Occasion, be compelled to go out of this Kingdom.

In all Cities or Towns which are Counties within themselves, and have been accustomed to raise their own Militia, the Lieutenant or Chief Magistrate shall appoint Five Deputy-Lieutenants, who shall exercise the same Power as the other Deputies. Of these smaller Counties, the Deputies, Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels, and Majors, shall possess Lands to the Value of 300 l. a Year, or a Personal Estate of 5000 l. Captains 150 l. or Two Thousand Five Hundred Pounds Personal Estate; Lieutenants and Ensigns, 50 l. a Year, or 750 l. Personal Estate. One Half of the Real Estates of the Officers of County Towns must be in such City or Town, or within the County at large, to which such City or Town is united, for the Purpose of this Act. The Penalty for acting, if not qualified, is, for a Deputy-Lieutenant or Field-Officer, 100 l. and for all under 50 l.

All Fines and Forfeitures shall be paid to the Regimental Clerk, and made a common Stock in each Subdivision; of which an Account shall be given to Three Deputies, or Two Deputies and One Justice, or One Deputy and Two Justices, who shall apply it to the Erection of Butts, and the Provision of Gunpowder, to be used in shooting at Marks; and the Remainder shall be distributed in Prizes to the best Marksmen, or employed in any other Way for the Use of the Militia.

Persons committed to the House of Correction upon this Act, shall be kept to hard Labour.

Proof of Qualification, in all Suits, shall lie on the Defendant.

No Order made by Virtue of this Act, by a Lieutenant, Deputy, or Justice, shall be removed by Certiorari; nor Execution be superseded thereby.

Where a Parish extends in Two Counties, its Militia shall serve in that County where the Church stands.

Those who are Trained and Mustered in the Docks, shall not be obliged to serve in the Militia.

All former Acts relating to the Militia are repealed by this Act, except in Cases which are here directed to be subject to a former Act.

The other Clauses in this Act (which is to remain in Force for Five Years) contain Provisions respecting the Privileges or Conveniencies of particular Places.

St. JOHN'S, in Antigua, October 19.

Paragraph of a Letter from Barbados to a Gentleman in this Island, dated October 4, 1757.

I SUPPOSE you have made some Observations on the COMET. Thomas Stevenson, Esq;

was the first who saw it here: It rises about One o'Clock in the Morning, and is about 20 Degrees below Castor and Pollux, inclining to the South. It travels fast to the East, and is at a great Distance from us, not yet having, I believe, entered the Orbit of Jupiter.

BOSTON, November 7.

Yesterday arrived here his Majesty's Ship Mermaid, of 40 Guns, Captain Innis, from London, but last from Portsmouth, which Place he left the 6th of September last, as Convoy to the Mail Ships bound to Piscataqua, and about 60 Sail of Merchantmen, bound to different Parts; by whom we learn, that 25 Sail of the Line, under Admiral Hawke, were at Portsmouth, who made a Signal for the whole Fleet to unmoor the Morning he sailed, several of which, who were upon the Career, immediately righted and unmoor'd. That there were Ten Thousand Troops embarked from the Isle of Wight on board a Number of Transports, who were going on some grand Expedition, but it was an entire Secret where they were bound.

In the Halifax Gazette of the 22d of October last, there is an Account of the Arrival there of 2 Flags of Truce from Quebec, one a Brig, the other a Schooner, but last from Louisburg, with a Number of English Prisoners lately taken at Fort William-Henry, and Parts adjacent. In the Brig arrived one Mr. John Samuel Petit, late Boatswain's Mate of the Massachusetts Snow, Prince of Wales, Capt. Dowse, who was taken the Second Day after he left Halifax, off Louisburg, by the Flower-de-Luce Frigate, of 26 Guns, and carried into the last mentioned Place: Mr. Petit, among other Things, gave the following Particulars, That he was put on board the Duke of Bayonne, of 80 Guns, where he was kept a Prisoner 20 Days, but by the kind Offices of Mr. Labore, a French Gentleman, to whom he was known, who applied to the Admiral for Liberty for him to go home to his Friends in Boston, urging in his Behalf, that he had formerly been the Means of saving a Ship and her Crew, which he met with at Sea in Distress, took Charge of, and brought safe into Louisburg, and that he might not be sent home to France along with the rest of the Crew; the Admiral was at length with much Difficulty prevailed upon to comply with Mr. Labore's Desire, and promised he should be sent home by the first Opportunity. Mr. Labore then had Leave to take him ashore to his own House, which he accordingly did, where he was very kindly treated; during which Time Mr. Labore informed him, that some Indians had lately brought in a Number of Scalps, for which they had received the Bounty; a short Time after, they were found out to be French Scalps (supposed some of the Neutrals, formerly so called) whereupon the Governor and Admiral immediately ordered the Bounty on Scalps to be taken off, and only be paid for such as were brought in alive; and also ordered, that whatever Indians should for the future presume to bring in any Scalp, should be severely punished, which, if true, may be the Means of saving many an Englishman's Life. He also informed, that it was very sickly in the Fleet, chiefly for Want of Provisions, and that during the 20 Days he was on board the Duke of Bayonne, upwards of 300 of her Men died: Also, that during said Time he had not above half a Pound of Meat allowed him: That the Sickness also rages among the rest of the Fleet, some losing from 100 to 300 of their Men thereby: That all the Land Forces were gone to Quebec, and the Men of War returned before he came away: That in the late Storm, one of the Admiral's Ships was drove ashore, by which she received considerable Damage in her Keel and Bottom, but that they got her off again, and were repairing her: That the Number of Top-sail Vessels in that Harbour did not exceed 25, among which were 15 Line of Battle Ships, 4 of which were Flags, and 4 Frigates, the rest Merchantmen: That a small Privateer Schooner, had taken and sent in there a fine large new Snow, Capt. Boyd, who arrived also in the said Flag of Truce, and Two Schooners, Names unknown: That all the People, except 170, belonging to the Tilbury, who was unfortunately cast away in the late Storm, are safe: That Provisions of all Kinds, fresh Meat especially, are so exceeding scarce, that even the best Gentlemen among them are glad to catch at a Mouthful now and then at any Rate; and that he verily believes, that if they do not by some Means or other procure some very soon, they must all inevitably perish.

By his Majesty's Ship Scarborough, lately arrived at Halifax from England, we have the following List of the Fleet under the Command of Sir Edward Hawke, Admiral of the Blue Squadron,

Iron, which sailed fr
of September last, on
Ships of the Line,
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Capt. Hobbs. Nep
Capt. Galbraith. N
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lia, 80, Admiral Bro
fleur, 80, Graves.
namine, 74, Howe.
ford, 74, James Y
Douglais. America
Barrington. Dunki
way, of 60 Guns
Frigates, Jason
Chester, 44, Ogle
Coventry, 32, Scroo
Ecorce, 18. Beave
lican, 18. With t
Fireships, Pluto,
Bombs, Infernal,
There were also
Transports, having
daunt, Conway, an
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Loudoun's, Hume's
son's, Brudenell's,
also several Troops
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We have a
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New-Jersey F
August, 1756

droon, which sailed from Spithead on the 9th Day of September last, on a secret Expedition, viz.

Ships of the Line, Royal George, of 100 Guns, Capt. Buckle. *Ramilies*, 90, Sir Edward Hawke, Capt. Hobbs. Neptune, 90, Admiral Knowles, Capt. Galbraith. Namure, 90, Dennis. Royal William, 80, Whiterong Taylor. Princess Amelia, 80, Admiral Broderick, Capt. Coleby. Barfleur, 80, Graves. Torbay, 74, Keppel. Maganime, 74, Howe. Dublin, 74, Rodney. Burford, 74, James Young. Alcide, 64, James Douglass. America, 60, Byron. Achilles, 60, Barrington. Dunkirk, 60, Digby. And *Medway*, of 60 Guns, Capt. Proby.

Frigates, Jason, of 44 Guns, Captain Pastor. Chester, 44, Ogle. Southampton, 36, Gilchrist. Coventry, 32, Scroop. Thetis, 20, Postilion, 18. Escorte, 18. Beaver, 16. Cormorant, 16. Pelican, 18. With two Busses, of 10 Guns each.

Fireships, Pluto, and Proserpine. *Bombs*, Infernal, and Fire-Drake.

There were also four armed Cutters; and sixty Transports, having on board the Generals Mordaunt, Conway and Cornwallis, with the following Regiments, Old Buffs, Lord George Bentinck's, Loudoun's, Hume's, Amhurst's, Wolfe's, Hudson's, Brudenell's, Stuart's, and Effingham's. As also several Troops of Light Horse.

There are two Ships of 100 Guns left in Portsmouth Harbour, and two of 90 Guns, which, with others, are to form a second Fleet, for another Expedition.

By the said Ship we have Advice, that there had been a Battle between the Prussian and Russian Armies, wherein many Thousands were killed on each Side, and that both Parties claimed the Victory, as is the Custom in such Cases.

NEW-YORK, November 14.

Tuesday last arrived here the Prize Ship, mentioned in this Paper Two Weeks since to be taken by Captain Wayman, in the King George Privateer, of this Port. She is called Le Saint Esprit, of about 250 Tons Burthen, mounting 14 Four Pounders, double fortified, and was commanded by Monf. Thomas Gramson, carrying 50 Hands, and bound from Quebec to Cape-Francois.

The same Day arrived here Capt. Codwise, in 20 Days from Antigua, in a Letter of Marque Sloop, and informs, that while he lay there, on the 12th of October, the Snow Dolphin, Christopher Sheldon Master, of and from Rhode-Island, was taken by a small French Privateer in Sight of the Port, when Capt. Codwise weighed Anchor, and with 40 Volunteers went out, retook her, and carried her into Antigua, after she had been in the Enemy's Possession upwards of 36 Hours. And that on the 16th following, 14 French Ships passed by the Harbour of St. John's, when his Majesty's Sloop the Antigua, Capt. Codrington, went out after them, but was beat off by one of the Frigates.

Thursday last returned from a Cruize, the Privateer Brig De Lancy (formerly a French Privateer, and taken by the Captains Randall and Harris in Consort) Thomas Randall Commander, and brought in with her a Ship of about 300 Tons Burthen, called the John, mounting 2 Guns only, navigated with 16 Men (said to be Dutch) commanded by Reuloff Malmstrong, taken the 22d of October last off Crooked Island, in Lat. 25 N. and Long. 70 W. from London, bound from St. Domingo to Nantz. Capt. Randall also took, at the same Time, another Ship, that was in Company with the above, Burthen about 400 Tons, called the Spanish Galley, mounting 22 Guns, Men in Proportion; and which may be expected every Hour; both Ships deep loaded with Sugar, Coffee, Cotton, and Indico.

Part of a Letter from a Gentleman of considerable Note in London, to his Correspondent in New-York, dated August 25, 1757.

"It is conjectured that the Expedition in Agitation is against Genoa, and to put a Crown on the Duke of Parma, as King of Corsica, for which Spain is to warrantee to England Gibraltar and Minorca. Also, That the King of Sardinia will join in the Alliance, and dispossess the Empress of Lombardy, and the Emperor of Tuscany. That the Danes and Swedes, with the Dutch, and several German States, will declare War against France, Austria and Russia. And since the last Coalition of Parties, domestic Politics have intirely subsided, and have taken so reversed a Turn, that many Things are in this Administration applauded, which before occasioned Tumults, and universal Discontent."

We have a particular Satisfaction in informing the Public, That Colonel Peter Schuyler, of the New-Jersey Forces, taken at Osvego the 14th of August, 1756, and carried to Quebec, where he

has been kept ever since, arrived at Fort Edward in good Health some Day last Week, having been released by the French, and conducted thither by Two Indians and a Frenchman.

By a Letter from Lieutenant Dugdale, of Warburton's Regiment, who was cast away in his Majesty's Ship the Tilbury, dated at Louisburg, October 10, we learn, That he and about 270 more saved themselves on a Raft, they made on the Wreck, having remained there Four Days; that as soon as they reached the Shore, they were surrounded by Three or Four Hundred Indians, who would inevitably have murdered them, had not the Governor of Louisburg (having Intelligence of their Misfortune) detached 200 Soldiers to their Relief; that Capt. Croxton, of Warburton's Regiment, with the brave Capt. Barnsley, the Captain of Marines, and a great many more, perished in the Waves.

Abstract of a Letter from Mount Johnson, October 24.

"Yesterday Morning about Nine o'Clock, Little Cornelius, a Mobawuk Indian, with another of the same Nation, arrived here, and brought the following Intelligence, viz. That 5 Days ago, they, with 13 more Indians, and one white Man, of the Name of Johnson, attacked a Party of 18 Frenchmen, including an Officer and Serjeant, within 200 Yards of the Fort of Ticonderoga, and betwixt the Fort and a pretty large Encampment; that Five of the French were killed on the Spot, besides several wounded; and their Scalps, together with 5 French Muskets, Swords and laced Hats, were brought off, notwithstanding their being so near to the Fort, and that they found the Camp alarmed and under Arms; none of the Indians were wounded, tho' the French Party fired several Shot, only one of them had about a Foot of the Barrel and Stock of his Piece carried off by a Shot from the French. Cornelius reported, that the Party of Indians with the Scalps, were some Miles off in the Woods, being extremely faint and feeble, as they eat nothing since the Engagement but some wild Fruit they picked up in the Woods; upon which Sir William Johnson immediately dispatched some of his Servants on Horseback, with a Refreshment of Provisions and Drink, and between Four and Five o'Clock the same Evening, the Indians arrived at Sir William's, with the Scalps, Muskets, Swords, &c. which, among others, afforded me no small Pleasure, being the greatest Number of Scalps I have seen at once since I came to this Country. It was but a Fortnight before, that three Scalps were brought in here from the same Place, by another scalping Party of friendly Indians, who killed six in all, but no more than three of their Scalps could be brought off, on Account of a numerous Body of French coming up."

PHILADELPHIA, November 17.

On Friday last Captain Laws arrived here from Halifax, with whom came Passenger Capt. Thomas Hatton, late of the Sloop St. Andrew, of this Port, who informs us, that on the 26th of September he was taken on his Passage from hence for Newfoundland, by a Privateer of Louisburg, of eight Guns, called the St. Margaret, William Reneau Commander. That soon after the same Privateer took a Sloop from Malagash, bound to Halifax, laden with Wood; which Vessel was ransomed, and in her he got to Halifax: That the Captains Condy, Hamilton and Swainey, failed for this Place before Captain Laws; and that the two latter had a Number of our People on board, who were made Prisoners by the French and Indians at or near Lake George: That the Highland Regiment had sailed from thence for New-York, under Convoy of a 20 Gun Ship, which lately arrived there in 28 Days from England: That Admiral Holbourne, with 9 Capital Ships, and some smaller Ones, was at Halifax: That the French Fleet at Cape-Breton, consisted of seventeen Ships of the Line, besides Frigates: That they were said to be very sickly there, and in Want of Provisions: That they had 16 Privateers belonging to that Port: And that at Canada the French were in great Distress, occasioned by the Scarcity of Provisions.

The Privateer Blakeney, Captain Minshall, of Barbados, is fallen down on a Cruize against his Majesty's Enemies.

ANNAPOLIS, November 24.

At a Meeting of the Worshipful Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common-Council of this City, on Tuesday last, a Bye-Law was Passed for suspending the Execution of a Bye-Law made in January last, relating to the Tread of Cart-Wheels, and other Carriages of Burthen (which was to have taken Place on the First of January next) until the First Day of May next.

We every Hour expect in Town Five Companies of the Second Battalion of Royal Americans, who are to take up their Winter Quarters here.

Extract of a Letter from Winchester, Nov. 4.

"A Party of Cherokees, who were on their Road here from their own Country, got upon the Tracks of some Shawanese about 40 Miles from hence, and came up with them in the South-Branch-Mountain; there was but Three in the Party, Two of whom they killed and scalped, and wounded the other, but he got away; and Wednesday they brought the Scalps to Town."

OPEN'D by Mistake, and left with the Printer hereof, A Letter dated March 1757, externally superscribed, To George Chaney, Merchant, Eastern Shore, Maryland, per Captain White: And internally, To George Chaney, Eastern Shore. It contains an Account Current, and mentions a Ballance due to him for a valuable Hoghead of Tobacco received per Capt. Coxon in 1752. Enquiry has been made for the said Chaney, or Chaney, but no such Person, as yet, can be found. The Person to whom it belongs, may have it, on Application to the Printer hereof, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, 5/6.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Harp, living on the Falls of Patowmack, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare, branded on the near Side, Shoulder and Buttock, with the Figure 6. She has a Bay Colt by her Side; it has a Star in it's Forehead, and it's near hind Foot is white.

The Owner may have them again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons that are any Ways indebted to the Concern at Piscataway, belonging to Edward Trafford, Esq; and Sons, in Liverpool, to come and pay their several Ballances, or settle the same by Bond, or Note of Hand; otherwise they will immediately be sued.

Likewise all Persons that have any Demands against the said Concern, are desired to come and receive the same; which will be paid them either in Tobacco or Goods, or settled in the most agreeable Manner, by GEORGE BOWDON.

N. B. As there are several Persons that have very large Ballances now standing in the Books, and have stood so for some Years past, and by all Appearance they seem to take little or no Notice about them: This is to acquaint all such, that without they come and settle the same, either by Bond, or Note of Hand, or discharge them, they may expect further Trouble, let the Consequence be what it will.

WILLIAM VENNELL, BRICK-MAKER, Living near ANNAPOLIS,

GIVES this Public Notice, That he will Make BRICKS, and Burn them, and stand to the Loss, at 2/6 per Thousand, the Employer finding him Provisions and Hands; the Hands to consist of Two Men and Three Boys.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Ennalls, in Dorchester County, on Choptank River, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with the Letter I; has a white Face, and 3 white Feet.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Richard Mackubin, near Annapolis, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, branded on the near Buttock with something like the upper End of a Pair of Fire-Tongs, has a Star in his Forehead, his near hind Foot is white, and is unbroke.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Talbot, living on the Eastern-Branch, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, about 13 1/2 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock S, has a Star in her Forehead, and a Blaze in her Face.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Williams, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, branded on the off Thigh with something like an M, he has a small Star in his Forehead, some Saddle Spots on his Back, and the Remains of a Fistula.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

2 ANY Person well qualified for an OVERSEER, at a Home Plantation, in good Repair, over 6, 8, or 10 good able Hands, wanting a Place, may hear of a good Birth, by enquiring in Dorchester County of
JOSEPH COX GRAY.

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION, The Way to HEALTH, LONG LIFE, AND HAPPINESS:

Or, a Discourse on TEMPERANCE, and the particular Nature of all Things requisite for the Life of MAN; as, all Sorts of Meats, Drinks, Air, Exercise, &c. with special Directions how to use each of them to the best Advantage of the Body and Mind. Shewing from the true Ground of Nature, whence most Diseases proceed, and how to prevent them.

To which is added,

A Treatise of most Sorts of HERBS, with several other remarkable and most useful Observations, very necessary for ALL FAMILIES. The whole Treatise displaying the most hidden Secrets of Philosophy, and made easy and familiar to the meanest Capacities, by various Examples and Demonstrances.

Communicated to the World for a general Good, by THOMAS TRYON, Student in PHYSIC.

CONDITIONS.

I. THAT this Work (which contains upwards of Five Hundred Pages) shall be committed to the Press as soon as a sufficient Number are subscribed for, to defray the Expence of Printing.

II. That it shall be Printed in a neat Octavo, on a good Letter and Paper, and be delivered to the Subscribers with all convenient Speed, neatly done up in blue Paper, and cut.

III. That the Price to Subscribers shall be One Milled Dollar, One Half to be paid at the Time of subscribing, and the other Half at the Delivery of the Books: Those who subscribe for Six Books, shall have a Seventh gratis.

As the Publication of this excellent Treatise will depend entirely on the Number of Subscribers, it is hoped that those who incline to encourage such a useful Undertaking, will be speedy in sending in their Names, as no more will be Printed than what may be subscribed for.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by the Printer hereof, who will also deliver the Books to such as may subscribe with him, when ready.

This Subscription has been opened in Philadelphia, by a Gentleman of Note in that City, with a 20 l. Subscription.

2 THE Subscriber having engaged a very skilful TANNER, and provided every Thing requisite for carrying on the TANNING BUSINESS, at his House on West-River, will Tan at FOUR SHILLINGS and SIX PENCE per Hide.
STEPHEN STEWARD.

November 17, 1757.

2 WHEREAS Mary Anne Cole, the Wife of the Subscriber, living in Dorchester County, hath eloped from her Husband: This is therefore to forewarn all Persons from Trusting her on his Account, for he will pay no Debts of her Contracting from the Date hereof.
JAMES COLE.

2 THE Subscribers having for some Time past, dropp'd keeping Tavern in Frederick-Town, in Cecil County, and having now again undertaken that Business, in the House where John M'Dermott formerly lived; Give this Public Notice thereof; and all Travelling Gentlemen and Ladies, who shall favour us with their Company, may depend on the best of ENTERTAINMENT and USAGE, from
Their humble Servants,
PATRICK and SARAH FLYNN.

N. B. We have a Chaise and Pair to accommodate Gentlemen, &c. who want to Travel from thence to Philadelphia or New-York; or Saddle-Horses to Let.

EIGHT PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Snow Edward, Abraham Weddett Master, lying in Patuxent River, the following Persons, viz.

Robert Macmaster, a Scotchman, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, about 25 Years of Age, very much freckled, much pitted with the Small-Pox, and has red Hair. Had on a Wig with one Curl round it, a Staff Hat, white Trowsers, and Pewter Buckles; and carried with him a Bundle of Cloaths.

Alexander Spears, an Irishman, of a fair Complexion, round Face, and fresh Colour; he speaks broad Irish, and is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high. Had on a blue Sailor's Jacket, a Pair of large Pewter Buckles, a Felt Hat, and Cut Wig.

Whoever secures the said Fellows in Calvert or Prince-George's County Goal, or delivers them on board the said Snow, shall receive FOUR PISTOLES for each, paid by

3

ABRAHAM WEDDETT, OR JOHN STONE HAWKINS.

NOW in Possession of the Subscriber, by Order of Court, the following Creatures, viz.

A likely well-made White Horse, about 15 Hands high, and paces; but has no perceivable Brand. He is supposed to be the Property of one Mr. Elms near Conococheagus.

A natural pacing Bay Mare, about 15 Hands

high, branded on the near Buttock thus HW, she has wide hanging Ears, and is about 4 Years old. She was in Possession of Matthias Ringler last Spring.

A small Grey Horse (and Hunting-Saddle half worn); the Horse branded on the near Buttock TF (joined in one).

A small Chestnut Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Shoulder thus OHe, has a flaxen Mane and Tail, a Star in his Forehead, a Snip on his Nose, and lost his near Eye.

They are supposed to be Stolen by Adam Rutter, Christopher Bierly, and William Miller, all Dutchmen, and now in Baltimore County Goal for Horse-stealing. The aforesaid Rutter came last Spring from Schuylkill in Pennsylvania, near the Widow Nuts Iron-Works; and has since brought down several valuable Creatures, and sold them in Maryland; which may easily be found.

Any Person or Persons, proving Property, and paying Charges, may have the said Creatures, by applying to the Subscriber, living on Soldier's Delight Forest, in Baltimore County.

3

ALEXANDER WELLS.

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVENIENT TANYARD, lying in Annapolis, adjoining to a good Landing, with all the Appurtenances thereunto belonging: In which are, 14 Vats, 2 Lurches, 5 Handles, 4 Limes, 2 Granaries, and 2 large Water-Ponds, most of them all lately sunk, and done in the best Manner. The Water-Ponds are constantly supplied, from a natural Spring, by a Drain under Ground, and are sunk in the Beam-House, with the Granaries: The House is 40 Feet by 18, and framed with Poplar Scantling, and well covered. There are also Two other Houses, lately built, one with Brick, a Story and $\frac{1}{2}$ high, 23 Feet by 16, and hath one Fire-Place, and covered with Clapboards, and Shingled over them; The other House is 60 Feet by 21, one End of which, 20 Feet long, is built with Brick and Stone, a Story and $\frac{1}{2}$ high; in which is Two Fire-Places below, and one above; in the other End is a Mill-House, with a Leather-Room below, and Lodging-Rooms above, with sundry convenient Sheds joining to it, such as Meat-House, Stables, Lime-House, and Bark-House, all covered with Shingles. There is also a good Garden and small Pasture, both well paled and fenced in. Also to be Sold sundry NEGROES, chiefly brought up in the Tanyard, and to the Tanning Business. And as the Subscriber intends soon to depart this Province, the Whole will be Sold on reasonable Terms, and Time given for Payment if required. He has also to Sell, a small SLOOP, suitable for the Grain Trade, being a prime Sailer, and in as good Repair as when first Launched; and will carry about 8 or 900 Bushels of Grain. For Terms apply to ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. The Tanyard, with the Improvements, will be Sold with, or without, the Negroes, as the Purchaser pleases.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY GOOD BILLIARD TABLE, the Cloth almost new, with good true BALLS, &c. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 260 Acres, 16 Acres of which is excellent fresh Water Meadow, with a good Orchard of young grafted Trees, lying on the Round Bay near the Pine-Tard, on which there is a good Dwelling-House, Stable, Corn-House, &c. For Terms, and further Particulars, enquire of Mr. Lancelot Jacques, Merchant, in Annapolis.

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER near Severn-Ferry, by Wholesale or Retail.

CHOICE GOOD SINGLE and DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR, and fine old CANE SPIRIT: As likewise by Retail, MADEIRA WINE, WEST-INDIA RUM, and MUSCOVADO SUGAR. JOHN CLAPHAM.

MR. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME, of this City, Merchant, having lately left the Province, in order to proceed for London, and having fully empowered me to Transact his Business during his Absence; Notice is hereby given to such Persons as have any just Claims against him, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be discharged: And as I have Orders for the immediate Settlement of his Affairs, all those who are indebted to him, are requested to be speedy in their Payments, and especially those who have long standing open Accounts, which will save Expence to themselves, and Trouble to JOHN CLAPHAM, Attorney in Fact.

TO BE LET,

A PLANTATION belonging to Mr. Thomas Wilson, of Queen-Anne's County, commodiously situated in the said County, on the Head of the North Branch of Wye River, within half a Mile of a good Landing, together with the NEGROES, STOCK, and UTENSILS, thereon. The Tract contains upwards of Four Hundred Acres, on which there is a large cleared Plantation, a good Dwelling-House, and other Office-Houses, and some valuable Meadow very well water'd. The whole Tract very fit for producing Corn, Tobacco, and Wheat, of which last there is a considerable Quantity now put in the Ground.

Any Person inclining to Rent the Premises, are desired to apply to John Bracco, now at Annapolis, or the said Thomas Wilson, at his Dwelling-Plantation on Wye River aforesaid, and know the Terms on which they will be Let.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, at his House near Elk-Ridge Church, in Anne-Arundel County,

A N Assortment of good fresh MEDICINES, Chymical and Galenical, imported from London, sufficient (with the Addition of a few more, which may be had here) to furnish a Shop for a Beginner in the Practice of Physic; as also Utensils for an Apothecary's Shop, a complete new Set of Surgeon's Instruments, a small Collection of new Books on Surgery, Physic, &c. The Medicines to be Sold all in one Article, the Instruments in another, and the Books and Shop-Furniture, as the Buyer shall have Occasion, and as shall be agreed on, all at reasonable Rates, for Sterling or Current Money, or Credit upon Security, if required, by JAMES MAGGILL.

N. B. A Catalogue of the Books may be seen at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

June 9, 1757.

ALL Persons indebted to the PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE, are required to pay the INTEREST due on their BONDS within Six Months from the Date hereof, otherwise the Bonds will be put in Suit. Signed per Order of the Commissioners, RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk of the Paper Currency Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his Office in Charles-street; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.

MA

BRUSSE

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