

T H E
M A R Y L A N D G A Z E T T E,

No. 189.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, December 7, 1748.

From the GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE for August, 1748.

HUMILITY and PRIDE.

HUMILITY is consistent with Greatness: For it is not always a Sign of Pride, when Persons of superior Birth, Fortune and Quality, move in a Sphere above the Vulgar; living in Magnificence, Delicacy, and Splendor. This is the natural and lawful Consequence of Wealth and Honour, necessary to preserve both that Respect and Dignity which is due to it; and that Order and Regularity proceeding from a Distinction of Persons, without which a State could not look comely, nor Government subsist. Greatness indeed is apt to turn the Brain, begetting PRIDE, with all its bad Attendants, such as Vanity, Luxury, Arrogance, Unmercifulness, and Oppression. But, where Virtue and Prudence are, there is also HUMILITY; with a Train of the like useful and amiable good Qualities, even in the midst of Wealth and Power. For the Honour of our Nation be it spoken, as a courteous and condescending Deportment is not a rare Sight among our Persons of the best Breeding and Quality, so, as it were, in a grateful Return, nothing is more taking among the People, nor more excites them to a true Love and Respect for their Superiors, and to just Applause and Commendation. HUMILITY, (if it be only a discreet, undesigning Condescension, and not a base Prostitution of Order and Dignity, is a rich Metal mingled with some useful Alloy, a Jewel of inestimable Value set in Gold, and a bright Picture of the best Master rendered more attractive of the Eye, by being hung up in a proper and agreeable Contrast of Snade.

ON the other Hand, this good Habit of the Mind may often be wanting in a low and depress'd Fortune, where one should expect to find it most; there being sometimes seen more Haughtiness and Disdain under a Ruffet Coat than a Silk Gown. But as PRIDE in a Gentleman is offensive, in a Beggar 'tis abominable; yet we daily see as many Instances of it in those who live upon Charity, as in those who bestow it; and an Alms shall frequently be ask'd and receiv'd with more Assurance and Insolence, than 'tis either given or deny'd. Nothing more common among the poor Vulgar than Dissatisfaction and Unthankfulness, even for Benefits received; and where their unreasonable Requests are not granted, or even their bare Expectations not answered, with what Malice and Impudence do they murmur and revile! But does not all this proceed from a too high Value which they set upon themselves? and what is that but great PRIDE? Don't they know and consider, that Thankfulness to Benefactors for every Kindness and Relief, even the least, is a Duty; and that Ingratitude is a convincing Proof both of an impolitic Head, and of a vile Temper.

BUT, as the PRIDE of the Vulgar consists in a Desire to live above their Station and Capacity, so there is another Sort which discovers itself in an Affectation of living below it. By an odd preposterous Singularity, some Gentlemen make PRIDE itself (and the worst Sort of PRIDE too) appear in the Disguise of Humility. Don *Josapho Scrubbino*, the Usurer, affects a slovenly Plainness and beggarly Meanness in every Thing; his Garments, his Manner of Dress, the Furniture of his House, and Oeconomy: He conceals his Riches, Degree, and Condition, on purpose to have his more observ'd and talk'd of, and himself the more gaz'd and pointed at: He clownishly refuses those very Salutations, and Ceremonies of common Civility, which he expects from others; slighting and deriding those Persons who are so regular and prudent, as, by conforming to good Manners and innocent Customs of the World, and by li-

ving according to their Birth and Station, to endeavour to avoid the two Extremes of vain Prodigality and fordid Avarice.

THIS Distinction of PRIDE in two Sorts, the natural and high (as I may call it), and the low and affected, was formerly made by the Cynic Philosopher: For seeing at the Town of *Olympia* several young Fellows dressed in spruce and rich Vestments, when a more modest Habit would have better become them, he laugh'd out, and said, This is nothing less than great PRIDE. Another Time falling into the Company of some *Lacedaemonians*, who, in the other Extreme, wore ragged and dirty Cloaths; This (said he) is a different Sort of PRIDE, but much greater than the other. And yet indeed no Man had more of it than himself.

SO that good and excellent Man *Socrates* expressed the same Sentiment: For having observed *Antisthenes*, an affected Philosopher, always in Company turning the thread-bare Side of his Garment outwards; Wilt thou never, says he, cease to expote thy Pride and Vanity?

BUT is not this an Affectation of being singular? and is not Singularity, in refusing to follow the common Customs of Mankind, a plain and impudent Imitation, that such Persons as *Antisthenes* think themselves much wiser and better than all others? And is not this immense PRIDE and monstrous Vanity? And don't they discover that Pride of Heart, by avoiding in this Manner the usual outward Tokens of it? Let such well consider the genteel Rebuke, which the Prince of old gave to the self-conceited Philosopher, who was treading upon the Marble Pavement with great Insolence and Contempt; Thou, *Diogenes*, tramplest upon the Pride of *Alexander*; but with a much greater Pride of thy own. W. C.

FLORENCE, August 30.

BY advices from Rome, the Pretender's second son, with the approbation of his father, was to take sub-deacon's orders on the 18th instant; on the 25th those of a deacon; and on the 1st of September priest's orders: Which being once done, it is not in the power even of the Pope to give him a dispensation to quit or marry. The 8th of September being a great holiday at Rome, he is to say mass in his own chapel for the first time, where his father is to receive the communion from his hands.

Aix la Chapelle, September 8. On wednesday evening, between 9 and 10 o' clock, just as the German post was setting out, the count de St. Severin, first plenipotentiary from France, came back to this city, and enter'd it by the gate of Maestricht with an escorte of about fifty horse. Every thing was very still and quiet before the arrival of this important minister; but no sooner had the other ministers plenipotentiary been informed of the return of that of France, than the city began again to be in a hurry; and tho' it was so late, most of them repaired to his hotel, as well to compliment him upon his arrival, as to know whether the evacuation of the Dutch towns, and of the Low-Countries, were resolv'd upon, and when it was to be. A person who was present reports, that the count de St. Severin appeared very gay, and seem'd to be perfectly well satisfied with the effects of his journey; and that he said, "We have in a short time got over a great many difficulties, and there is now all the reason in the world to hope, that the answer which we shall soon receive from the courts of Madrid and Hanover, will be satisfactory and conclusive, and that every thing will now soon go on smoothly and effectually." Upon which a minister from one of the Allied courts said, "We have certainly very good grounds to hope that every thing will go well under

Custom House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered,
Sloop Benedict, Thomas Hammond, from Boston;
Sloop Bohemia, John Seagar, from Anguilla.

Cleared,

Ship Speedwell, James Creagh, for London;
Ship Matthew and Joseph, Isaac Storm, for London;
Ship Richard and Sarah, Samuel Gray, for London;
Sloop Raven, Peter Folger, for Boston;
Ship Frances and Elizabeth, Anthony Beck, for London;
Sloop Fox, Mark Parsons, for Bolton;
Ship Baltimore, John Anter, for London;
Sloop Elizabeth, William Loyall, for Madeira;
Snow Maryland Merchant, Thomas Spencer, for Biddeford;
Snow Mercury, John Harding, for Biddeford;
Ship Allan, Thomas Beley, for London;
Snow Britannia, Jonathan Strange, for Biddeford;
Ship Anne, Thomas Arbuthnot, for Aberdeen;
Ship Ranger, Stephen Hooper, for London;
Ship Winchester, Elias Le Gros, for London;
Snow Hereford, Thomas Glentworth, for Bristol;
Ship Dorothy, James Lucas, for Glasgow;
Ship Triumphant, William Manby, for London;
Ship Industry, Charles Philips, for London;
Sloop Friendship, Michael Stuart, for Boston.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
At the House of Mr. Joseph Hill, near Annapolis, on Friday
the 16th of this Instant December;

A Large Quantity of Frizes, and very good Druggets; striped and check'd Cottons; Silk, Cotton, and Linnen Handkerchiefs; Dowlas; brown and colour'd Threads; sewing Silk; Shot; a large Parcel of Cutlery Ware; an Anchor, weighing about 350 lb. with many other Things too tedious to mention.

The Sale will begin between 11 and 12 o' Clock on the said Day, and continue 'til all be sold: The Goods will be set up in Lots, to the Satisfaction of the Purchasers, at the lowest Prices, for Ready Money, or short Credit, by

JONAS GREW.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT John Raitt is removed from the House over against Mr. Bordles's in North East Street, to the House where Mr. Abbury Sutton lately lived, near the Dock in Annapolis; where he sells all Sorts of European and India Goods, at the most reasonable Rates. He likewise sells Rum, Sugar, Melasses, &c. Also Dr. James's famous Fever Powders, Dr. Hooper's Female Pills, Greenough's Tincture for the Tooth-ach, and cleansing of Teeth, and Fryar's Balsam; all patented by his Majesty.

Notice is hereby given, that George Ruvoiere, a French Surgeon, is lately arrived in this City, who has a POWDER, approved of by the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris, which infallibly cures all manner of Fevers, whether constant or intermitting; and is much preferable to the Bark, as it leaves not those Pains in the Stomach, and other Disorders, behind it; as all those who have taken it, and experienced it's Virtues, can testify; no less than thirty Persons (being all who have taken it here) having been quite cured by it. This Powder likewise cures the Swelling of the Legs and Spleen, tho' of 6 or 7 Months Continuance, except it be turn'd to a Dropsy; with several other Maladies. And, that the Poor as well as Rich may be supplied with so excellent a Remedy, it is sold at Three Shillings Currency each Paper; six Papers being generally sufficient to perform the Cure; and in many Cases, half that Number.

This Powder is sold, and the Doctor may be advised with, at the Sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis; where Printed Directions will be given gratis to such as purchase the Powder.

ALMANACKS, for the Year 1749, to be Sold by the Printer hereof. Likewise Pocket Almanacks.

WILLIAM DIXON, STAY MAKER,

At his House, opposite to Edmund Jennings's, Esq; in Annapolis, Makes and Sells all Sorts of Stays for Women and Girls, in the best and neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Prices.

N. B. He deals only for Ready Money.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in Prince George's County, near the Wood Yard, an English Convict Servant-Man named John Brooks; he is of a middle Stature, a Weaver by Trade, and had on when he went away a white woollen Jacket, a green Jacket without Sleeves, country-made cotton Breeches, a cotton Shirt, cotton Stockings very much darned, turn'd Pumps, silver shoe Buckles, and an old felt Hat: He is mark'd with the Letters I B, on the Back of one of his Hands. Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows.

JOSEPH JOHNSON.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS,

Hereby gives Notice to all Gentlemen and others, that he is removed from Broad Creek to Cowpen Point, on Kent Island; where they may depend on meeting with good Boats and skilful Hands, to cross the Bay, and good Entertainment for themselves and Horses, from

Their humble Servant, NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

N. B. Gentlemen may find me almost any Day, at Mr. Thomas Williamson's in Annapolis.

RAN away from the Baltimore Iron Works, the 19th Instant, a Negro Man named Jack, belonging to Daniel Dulany, Esq; and Company; he was advertised in this Paper last Summer, and taken near Severn Ferry: He was bred in Talbot County, and may endeavour to get over the Bay; he is a sensible Country born Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, and had on when he went away a Felt Hat, a cotton Jacket and Breeches, new Shoes and Stockings, two new Osnabrigs Shirts, and may have stolen other Cloaths.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber at the said Works, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward; or if taken on the Eastern Shore, Forty Shillings.

RICHARD CROXALL.

November 27, 1748.

RAN away from the Baltimore Iron Works, on Monday last, a Negro Man named Solomon, a likely Country born young Man, formerly belonging to Mr. Thomas Baldwin, near Annapolis, and 'tis supposed that he is down that Way. He had on when he went away two new Osnabrigs Shirts, blue Fear-nothing Jacket, new Shoes and Stockings, and a Leather Cap. Whoever brings the said Negro to the Works aforesaid, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward.

RICHARD CROXALL.

LOST on the Road, between London-Town and Mr. Jacob Franklin's, a Silver Snuff Box, mark'd W S, with chas'd Work on the Top. Whoever will bring the said Box to the Subscriber at London-Town, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

WILLIAM STRACHAN.

LATELY IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by WILLIAM GOVANE, at his House near Annapolis, very cheap, for ready Money, or short Credit,

Choice Barbadoes Rum, New England Ditto, Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Iron Pots, Iron Skillets, New England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oil, Rush bottom Chairs, and a Parcel of strong Osnabrigs.

Annapolis, November 23, 1748.

THE Subscriber intending to depart this Province, early in the Spring, hereby desires all Persons who are any way indebted to him, to discharge their respective Debts, in order to prevent further Trouble. And those who have any demands on the said Subscriber, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted.

JOHN INCH.

November 6, 1748.

RAN away on the 3d of this instant November, from the Subscriber living at Bladenburg in Prince George's County, an English Convict Servant-Man named Charles Elliott, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, about 21 Years of Age, flat faced, pite, and much pitted with the Small-Pox: He had on when he went away a striped flannel Jacket, a white cotton Ditto, a large black Wig, a worsted cap, brown cloth Breeches, with linnen Drawers under them, sail-cloth Trowsers, a fine check Shirt, an osnabrigs Ditto, country made Shoes, but no Hat nor Stockings: He has no Trade, but possibly may pretend to some; he formerly belonged to John Hook of Manockasy, and ran away from Annapolis. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

NATHANAEL FOLSON.

Notice is hereby given, that the Subscriber has removed from *John Campbell's*, to the House opposite to *Mr. Macnemara's* in *Duke of Gloucester Street*, in *Annapolis*; where he makes and sells as good *Chocolate* as was ever made in *England*, at 4 s. 6 d. per Pound: Likewise *Scotch Snuff*, as good as any imported from *Europe*, at 2 s. 6 d. per Pound; and the best *French Rappee Snuff*, at 3 s. per Pound. Constant Attendance is given at said House by

ISAAC NAVARRO.

Notice is hereby given, that the Baking Business is now carried on by *William Offen*, Baker, at the Subscriber's Plantation, on *Grafting Creek*, near the Mouth of *Chester River*, in *Kent County*; where Persons may be supplied with any Quantity of *Ship Bread*: Likewise, at the same Place, *Wheat* is ground, bolted, and baked, at reasonable Rates, by

RICHARD GRESHAM.

THE Commissioners of the Paper Currency Office hereby give Notice, that they will attend every Day at the said Office (except Sundays), to take in old Paper Money, 'til the middle of *November*; and from thence 'til *Christmas*, on every *Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday*; and after *Christmas*, on *Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday*, in every Week.

Signed by Order of the Commissioners,
Novemb. 2, 1748. RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk.

RAN away from the Subscriber, at *Queen Anne*, in *Prince George's County*, on Tuesday the 1st of *November*, a Servant Man named *John Key*, born in *Lancashire*; he is a likely smart fellow, has a Cut under one of his Eyes, and has had some Hurt on one of his little Fingers, and is a Weaver by Trade. He took with him a large bay Stallion, branded on the near Buttock H H, join'd in one; a Hunting Saddle, with purl Houging; and a Pair of Boots: His Cloathing is country made, Linen and Cotton; grey Drigget Breeches, grey worsted Hose, a Castor Hat, brown Wig, and Linnen Caps; he had also a light-colour'd close boded Great Coat, and a thin stuff Coat, with metal Buttons and a velvet Cape.

Whoever secures him so as his Master may have him again, shall have Ten Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows.

BENJAMIN BOYD.

THE Subscriber hereby gives Notice, that he will give 15 d. per Pound for any Quantity of clean long Hog's Bristles. Whoever has any to dispose of, are desired to bring or send them to the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

NATHANAEL BAYNE.

RAN away from the Subscriber, at *Rock Creek*, in *Prince George's County*, on the 18th of *October* last, a country-born stout Mulatto Slave, 5 Foot odd Inches high, about 26 Years of Age, and calls himself *Peter Hartitt*: He ran away about a Twelvemonth ago, and changed his Name to *Hercules Kelley* and *John Dove*; he speaks slow, is somewhat hoppers'd, and his Beard red; he was almost naked when he went away, having nothing but an old cotton Waistcoat, and half a spotted Rugg. He was seduced away last Summer was twelve Months by one *Francis Kelly*, who said he liv'd in *Philadelphia*, and gave this Mulatto a Pass, and a Letter directed to one *Mrs. Coy*, or *Palmer*, telling him she was his Wife; he got to *Chesler*, and was there taken up. He is supposed to be now gone that way, and to have stolen a Horse and Cloaths as he goes along; He was seen about a Fortnight ago on Horseback, going up the *Mansckesy Road*, saying he was a free Mulatto, and was travelling to *Philadelphia*. Whoever brings the said Fellow to his Master at *Rock Creek*, shall have Five Pounds Reward if taken in *Pennsylvania*, or Forty Shillings if taken in *Maryland*, paid by

GEORGE GORDON.

THE Ship *Ranger*, lying in *South River*, at *LONDON-TOWN*, carrying 16 Guns and 32 Men, *Stephen Hooper* Commander, takes in Tobacco consigned to *Mr. John Hanbury*, Merchant in *London*, at Eight Pounds Sterling per Ton.

STEPHEN HOOPER.

WHEREAS a Certain *John Charlett*, hath lately published in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, No. 176, also in several others, his Intention of going to *England* with the present Shipping; and hath, since that Time, absented himself from my service, to whom he is now a Servant, under Contract, at considerable yearly Wages; which contract he hath not performed, nor complied with, but left his said service, without giving me the least Warning, to my very great Prejudice and Damage. He is harboured, encouraged, and entertained, by some persons in this Town; to whom I give this Public notice, that if they continue so to do, I shall take such measures both with him and them, as the Law directs.

CHARLES COLE.

TO BE SOLD

BY the Subscriber, Part of a Tract of Land called *Fenison Part*, lying in the Fork of *Pataxent River*, in *Anne Arundel County*, about six Miles from *Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works*, containing 350 Acres, all Wood Land, and well timber'd; and good low Ground, for those who are inclined to make Meadows. Whoever has a Mind to buy the same, may apply to the Subscriber at *Mrs. Sarah Warfield's*, near the Head of *Severn River*, where a good Title to the said Land shall be made by

ABSOLUTE WARFIELD.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *Edinburgh*, Capt. *Russell*, and to be Sold by the Subscriber in *Baltimore Town*;

MEN and womens velvets, black mantua and padusoy silks, silk and worsted damasks for furniture, Irish linnens, osnabrigs, Manchester cheques, kerseys, half thick, fearnoughts, duffels, bear skins, coarse cloths, nails, cotton gowns, strip'd and plain flannel Welch cotton, felt hats, cambricks, muslins, men and womens shoes stays, stockings; ironmongery, stationary, haberdashery, and cutlery wares; powder and shot; with sundry other Things too tedious to mention; to be sold by Wholesale or Retail, for Ready Money, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, without Tack, Indian Corn, Staves, Wheat, Flour, Pork, Tallow, or Skins.

Likewise to be sold, *West-India Rum*, single and double refined Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, and exceeding good Teas at 15 s. per Pound.

JOHN STEVENSON.

JAMES HUTCHINGS,

Living at *COWPEN POINT*, on *Kent Island*,

HAVING good Boats and skilful Harbors, for carrying Passengers, Horses, and Carriages, across the Bay, in almost any Weather; hereby gives Notice, That he keeps the Ferry from *Kent* to *Annapolis*, and from *Annapolis* to *Kent*: He has good Accommodations at his House for the Entertainment of Gentlemen and their Servants, and good Provender or Pasture for Horses. Any Gentlemen travelling that Way from the Western Shore, may meet with him almost any Day, at *Mrs. Mirskie's* in *Annapolis*, one of his Boats being often on that Side the Bay to wait on Passengers; who may all depend on good Usage, from

JAMES HUTCHINGS.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, for Paper Money, or Tobacco,

A Good Tract of Land, containing about 480 Acres, lying on the Waggon-Road near *Seneca Bridge*, convenient for inland Trade, or any public Business. It consists of two Plantations; on one of which is a good new Dwelling-House, 52 Feet long, with three Stone Chimneys, plank'd above and below, with two Rooms seal'd with Plank; a Milk-house, Meat-house, Corn-house, Stable, Barn, a good Well, and an Orchard planted with about 300 Trees; about 50 Acres of the Land is under Fence, clear'd, and fit for plowing; with a great deal of rich Bottom, and 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground. The other Plantation contains about 30 Acres of clear'd Ground, with a Dwelling-House 20 Feet by 16, and a 30 Feet Tobacco-house. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may view the Premises, and know the Price, by applying to

HENRY CRAMPHIN.

The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Cattle, Horses, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Fodder, &c. by the said *Cramphin*.

No. 199

T H E

M A R Y L A N D G A Z E T T E

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, December 14, 1748.

From the REMEMBRANCER.

EPICURISM ruinous to the State.

❀❀❀ O be fantastical, in a fine lady is privilege, in a
❀❀❀ T ❀❀❀ great lady prerogative; and so very rarely is either
❀❀❀ ❀❀❀ of them waved, that when grandeur or beauty
❀❀❀ ❀❀❀ makes it's approaches, we expect a suitable equi-
❀❀❀ ❀❀❀ page of airs and whims, and receive the fair idol
with all the courtesy of *England*.

BUT, tho' custom and false gallantry have left the ladies in possession of a right to be ridiculous, what shall be urged in defence of any male creature, who not only adopts every effeminate foible, but glories in them; and affects to despise and ridicule the rough unpolish'd creature, who has sense and spirit enough to persist in the manly port of his forefathers?

SHOULD it be asked by any villager, who had never been out of the hundred where he was born (and none but such could ask the question), if we really had any such *Epicurians* amongst us, I would, if possible, persuade him to take a step to town for information; would lead him to the Park, the Play, the Opera, the C—t, and the Parade; in all which places I would entertain him with a view of the scholars, gentlemen, senators and heroes of the age.

SHOULD I farther tell him, that the fate of his country was in the hands of such things as these; that they were to be the props of the present age, the fathers of the next, and perhaps the examples of many more: Would not this very peasant, knotted as he grew, blush with shame, tremble with fear, and glow with rage, at so dire a prospect?

THE politics of our great state pilots have, in this one fatal particular, become the politics of the nation.—Every gay young fellow now a days glories in being half *Christian*, half *Epicurean*; in taking no thought for tomorrow, and pursuing pleasures as his *summum bonum*.—Hence, let our miners sap the constitution below; let the progress they make from day to day be pointed out ever so plainly, still they dress, dance, wench, and fiddle on, as if no way concerned in the general ruin.—Hence, let nations league against us, let war burst upon us with all it's terrors, let the force of *Peace* beset us with all her enchantments,—still they dress, dance, wench, and fiddle on; alike trusting *mercenaries* to save them, and permitting *mercenaries* to undo them.

IN storms at sea, every passenger rouses himself, and no hand is found too delicate to lend assistance; because all are embarked in the same bottom. The commonwealth is likewise a huge bark; and when endanger'd, if every man had the eyes of *Argus*, and the hands of *Briareus*, he ought to employ them all for the general preservation.

BUT we have observed a quite opposite conduct; and, provided our mess was served, and our bowl full, have on all occasions shewn an utter indifference, whether the ship sunk or swam.

HE that has a command, for example, attends more to the profits and perquisites, than the duties, of his post: And he that has none, believes he has no duty to attend at all.

A WAR is the storm of a state; and from what quarter soever it blows, it ought to be esteemed a very serious interval by every body on board.

BUT when we were beset by two wars at once, I appeal to every man's own observation, whether History affords us any parallel instance of a people so thoughtless, and so secure. Did we so much as dream of any reform of manners? Did we address ourselves to reduce any one article of expence? Did we, as individuals, think it incumbent on us to make the least preparation against either of those storms, which at last rose to such a height as required all our strength and address to weather? On the contrary, did we not wallow, as before, in riot? Did we not continue the slaves of luxury? Were not ostentation and prodigality the great business of our lives? Did we not esteem every moment lost that was diverted from those favourite pursuits, and every monitor impertinent, who endeavoured to rouse us from that fatal lethargy?

PEACE, on the other hand, is that halcyon calm, in which it is supposed a matter of indifference, if not a claim of right, to throw up all concern for the public, and to give a loose to every kind of sensuality, even under the very eye of *Cato* himself: But when the bark is leaky, the rigging rotten, the stores exhausted, the mariners mutinous and corrupt, the officers careless and unskilful, and the very pilots studious of nothing but to run away with the ship; when such is the state of the commonwealth, even in peace itself, a life of frolick and extravagance, supineness and insensibility, is a life of intamy.

TIS still my sincere opinion, that no nation in *Europe* has better instincts; or in other words, is more disposed by Nature to act up to the noblest examples, than our own: Thus, among our youth, I mean such as are not debauch'd at the very threshold of life, we generally find the dawning of whatsoever contributes to elevate and ennoble human nature. But as soon as they grow intimate with the world, and observe that every individual sails in a separate bottom, with interest for their pilot, and pleasure for the only port to which they are all bound; when they find selfish maxims every where propagated, and whatever tends purely and simply to the good of society, exposed, ridicul'd, and condemn'd as little better than downright *Quixotism*, and what ought to be punished with *Bedlam*, they have not firmness enough to oppose their own lease to that of the age; but as they cannot turn the tide, give way to it, pursue the same gay voyage with the rest, and provided they steer their own barks in safety, laugh at the wreck of others.

THIS, I must own, is but a melancholy picture; but to our great misfortune, 'tis taken from the life. As therefore the present state of our public affairs is likely to be attended with very serious consequences, it is not only reasonable but necessary to give this timely warning; and call upon the patriot in particular, if there are any yet remaining who have a right to answer to that venerable name, to make good his title to it, by devoting some part of his Time to, and placing some part of his pleasure in, the service of his country.

TO be of consequence to the public, a man should be amiable in private life; and whoever would publish the faults of a minister, should qualify himself to prosecute by amending his own. *Cromwell*, in his family as well as the Field, resembled a *Spartan*; having no vices of his own, he was authorized to give no quarter to those of others. Whoever therefore, whether friend or foe to those in power, would be thought to consult the welfare of *Great-Britain*, let them endeavour in earnest to put a stop to the licentious manners of the times; let them correct, if possible, the extravagance of youth, and the venality of age: 'Tis from these two fatal springs the venom flows that has already more than half ruined our constitution; and unless these are purified, we can never hope for a thorough cure.

I SHALL

I SHALL add no more than this; *Craſus* being ask'd by *Cyrenus*, how he ſhould effectually enſlave a nation he had conquer'd, answered, *By debauching their manners; by letting looſe intemperance among them. The chains of Luxury are the eaſieſt borne, and the hardeſt to break; of any in the world.*

L O N D O N.

By letters from Petersburg we have a confirmation, that on the 14th of Auguſt laſt the town of Wenden in Livonia was entirely deſtroyed by fire, which began at a cooper's at one end of the town, and in the ſpace of little more than half an hour, conſum'd all the public and private buildings, ſuch as churches, chapels, ſchools, &c. together with the noble palace of the high chancellor, count Beſtucheff Rumén, leaving only ſixteen ordinary houſes ſtanding at the further end of the place. By this melancholy accident a multitude of families that were in good circumſtances, are reduced to abſolute want of bread, and which is worſe, near thirty of the moſt ſubſtantial inhabitants periſhed in the flames; amongſt whom was the town-clerk, who by endeavouring to ſave the archives loſt his life.

A few days ago died at Bath the right reverend Dr. Edmund Gibſon, lord biſhop of London, and dean of his majeſty's chapel, a worthy and pious prelate, in the 80th year of his age. He was conſecrated biſhop of Lincoln in 1715, in the room of Dr. Wake promoted to the ſee of Canterbury; and, on the death of Dr. John Robinſon, was tranſlated to the ſee of London, in 1723. In the year 1723, he publiſh'd his famous *Codex Juris Eccl'eſiaſtici Anglicani*. He was buried at Fulham, near the remains of his lady.

We hear that the earl of Halifax will be appointed firſt lord of trade, in the room of lord Monſon deceaſed.

The 31ſt of Auguſt being the day appointed for the execution of ſeven men, who mutinied on board the Old Noll privateer, and who were tried and condemn'd ſome time ago, by a court martial; the boats belonging to each ſhip in commiſſion in the harbour went out to Spithead early in the morning, with a lieutenant and a file of muſqueteers in each, and about ten o'clock the priſoners were brought upon the deck of the Prince Henry, to have their ſentence executed; the blocks were reeved, the halters about their necks, the death flag let fly, and the ſignal gun fired for their being drawn up; when to their unſpeakable joy and ſurprize, their caps were pull'd from over their eyes, and they were inform'd that they were reprieved. There were ten others concern'd in the mutiny, who were ſentenced to receive 300 lashes from ſhip to ſhip.

September 10. This morning his royal highneſs the duke of Cumberland ſet out from St. James's for Harwich; from which place he ſail'd for Holland the next day, and on the 13th arriv'd at the head quarters of the allied army in Flanders.

Sept. 13. The workmen finiſh'd the pulling down the ſcaffold in Weſtminſter hall, erected for the trials of the rebel lords, which was ſold to a builder for 400 *l.* the perquiſite of his grace the duke of Ancaſter, as lord great chamberlain of England.

Sept. 15. This day was held a general court of the governor and company of the Bank of England; when a dividend of two and a half per cent, for intereſt and profits, was agreed to, for the half year ending at Michaelmas next: the dividend warrants to be deliver'd October 17.

Sept. 17. Orders were given by the lords of the Admiralty for the immediate manning of ſix 20 gun ſhips, to cruize off the coaſts of Spain and Genoa.

The following admirals were ordered to be in readineſs to take upon them their commands; ſir Edward Hawke, for the Channel; ſir Peter Warren, for the Mediterranean; and admiral Chambers, for the Weſt-Indies.

Sir William Calvert, knight, alderman of Portſoken Ward, was choſen Lord Mayor of the city of London for the year enſuing.

Sept. 22. The 16th of next month is fix'd for his majeſty's departure from Hanover, who intends to keep his birth day at St James's.

On Friday evening a gang of fellows robb'd near thirty perſons in and about Moorfields; from Mr. Thorn, a turner, they took a watch, eight guineas, and ſome ſilver, and gave him ſuch a violent blow on the left ſide of his head, that he died on Sunday morning at his houſe at Bunhill.

There is advice, that the ſlaves on board capt. Burden, of the *Amelia*, bound for New-England from the coaſt of Guiney, with negroes, gold duſt, &c. roſe upon the captain and crew in their paſſage, and kill'd ſeveral of them; ſome by ſwimming

ſav'd their lives; what became of the veſſel and the negroes has been no account ſince.

On Tueſday was held a board of admiralty, when their lordſhips appointed capt. Willitt to be commander of the Garland man of war, a new ſhip of 24 guns, lately launch'd.

Yeſterday in the afternoon a boat paſſing through one of the arches of London-Bridge, ran foul of a lighter that was ſunk under it. There were eight women in the boat, who were going to Hungerford, ſix of whom were drown'd; but the other two, and the waterman were ſav'd with difficulty.

Soon after another boat was overſet on the ſame lighter, in which were a gentleman and a waterman, the latter of whom was drown'd; but the gentleman ſav'd himſelf.

The above melancholy accidents happen'd at high water, when the tide paſs'd over the lighter, ſo as to cover it, but not ſufficient to carry a boat over it.—It is ſaid that by the laws of the city, when an accident happens that any veſſel is ſunk in an arch of the bridge, the proprietor of the veſſel is oblig'd to put up marks at head and ſtern, to prevent accidents:—It ſo, how can the ſaid proprietor reconcile to himſelf being the cauſe of ſeven people loſing their lives.

We hear the fire works, on account of the peace, will not be in Lincoln's-Inn Fields, the inhabitants fearing they may have their houſes damaged thereby.

Yeſterday was held a court of huſtings at Guildhall, when Edward Ironſide, Eſq; alderman of cordwainers ward, and Thomas Rawlinſon, Eſq; alderman of broad ſtreet ward, were ſworn in ſheriffs of this city, and had the keys of the ſeveral goals, and liſts of the priſoners confin'd, deliver'd to them according to annual cuſtom; after which the new ſheriffs provided an elegant entertainment, at which were preſent the right honourable the lord Mayor, ſeveral of the aldermen, and divers other perſons of diſtinction.

Extraſt of a Letter from Gibraltar, dated July 16, 1748.

"Came in here from a cruize his majeſty's armed veſſel the *Maddalena*, commanded by Mr. Benjamin Marlow, one of admiral Byng's lieutenants, who was attacked in the gut by three Xebeques, which ſo much infeſt our trade going in and out of the Mediterranean; they took him for a merchant ſhip, having hauled in all his guns and cover'd his ports. Upon their firſt firing, he keeping on his courſe, and ſhewing French colours, came up with great ſpirit, and their colours flying, frequently firing their chaſe guns 'til they came within hale, aſking from whence he came; they were answered, from Martinico: Upon their advancing a little nearer, they were ſoon undeceived by a ſmart and continual fire from the great guns, loaded with round and grape ſhot, and all his ſmall arms. So unexpected a reception put them into the utmoſt confuſion, and two of them ſheer'd off immediately, being terribly drubb'd; but the third not being ſo brisk, and having had the greateſt ſhare of the fire, had certainly fallen into his hands, but unluckily, thro' little winds and a ſtrong current, the ſhip miſs'd ſtays and was oblig'd to veer round, which gave them an opportunity to get up their ſails, and out with their oars: However, as they could not gain enough of the wind, they made ſail for the Barbary ſhore, the *Maddalena* following them, keeping a continual fire with her chaſe guns, 'til coming near in, they ran into a creek under Apes Hill, where ſhe could not follow them, by reaſon of the current ſetting ſtrong in upon ſome rocks: Being however willing, if poſſible, to deſtroy ſuch a peſt as they have been to our trade all this war, upon their making for the ſhore capt. Marlow gave them a broadſide of round and grape ſhot, as he wore off the ſhore, which he imagines did them more damage than the reſt; for after he made ſail for this place, he ſaw them go to Ceuta, not being able to croſs the gut.

P. S. The *Maddalena* is a polacco taken from the French, and put in commiſſion by admiral Byng: She mounts 16 carriage guns of four pounders, and 88 men. We have heard ſince from Old Gibraltar, that the Spaniards ſuffered prodigiouſly in their veſſels. The Inſurers are much oblig'd to this gallant gentleman."

N E W - Y O R K.

November 21. Yeſterday arriv'd here from a cruize, the privateer ſloop *Morning-Star*, capt. Linus King, commander, being the laſt of our privateers that were out. She has taken and brought to Sandy-Hook, a Spaniſh ſchooner of ſix carriage guns, who had 24 men, which they met with in lat. 11. off Salteruda; bound from Cales to the coaſt of Carraccas, richly laden; but as they took her on the 16th day of September laſt, which appears to be 6 days after the ceſſation of arms took place with that nation; it is beyond diſpute, that they will be oblig'd to reſtore her again, which muſt indeed be

be the greatest mortification and disappointment that can befall such an undertaking: They went out from this port before the cessation with France, and which they getting intelligence of while at sea, they bent their cruize against the Spaniards, with whom they were assured no cessation was then agreed; and indeed it cannot but be thought by common sense, to be really unjust for them to be deprived of this capture, since it was impossible for them to know of the cessation of hostilities with those people, as the proclamation was not issued in England before the 6th of August, and which was so universally unknown in America the first of October, that admiral Knowles on that day, very innocently, as well as very happily, gave the Spaniards a handsome DRUBBING off the Havana, which 'tis probable may be the last they will receive this war. Capt. King set the Spanish captain and men ashore on Porto Rico.

ANNAPOLIS.

His Excellency our Governor has been pleas'd to commissionate the following Gentlemen to be Justices of the Peace in Frederick County, *viz.* The Worshipful Messieurs Nathanael Wittbalm, junr Thomas Lewin, Thomas Cresap, Thomas Butty, Jospb Chapin, Henry Munday, Thomas Prather, George Gordon, Jospb Ogle, William Griffith, and John Rawlings.

John Darnall, Esq; is appointed Clerk of the County, and Deputy Commissary.

John Thomas, Esq; High-Sheriff. And Mr. Isaac Brook, Surveyor.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANY Gentlemen, or others, who have Occasion to cross the Bay to Kent Island, may apply themselves to the Subscriber, who keeps commodious Boats for that Purpose; and Attendance will constantly be given at my House in the City of Annapolis.

THOMAS WILLIAMSON.

ALL Persons that still remain indebted to the Estate of Thomas Lloyd, late of Anne Arundel County, deceased, are desired to pay their respective Balances immediately; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

JAMES DICK.

STRAYED from the Nottingham Works, in Baltimore County, about the last of September, a middle siz'd Bright-Bay Horse; he has four white Feet, a Blaze in his Face, and is branded IS on one Buttock, and SI on the other: He was bred in Prince George's County, near Mr. Osborn Sprigg's, and was some Time ago the Property of Mr. John Skinner of Lower Marlborough. Whoever takes up the said Horse and brings him to the Subscriber at Joppa, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken up in Baltimore County; or if in any other County, Forty Shillings; from

DAVID M'CULLOCH.

THIS is to give Notice, that there is at my Plantation at Lingan Ore, one large Black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock D, only not so plain on the Buttock as Shoulder; he had on when he came there a Bell, marked thus, IHUTTON. Also a middle siz'd Black Mare, with a Two Years old Black Colt, with a Slit in his Ear; she is branded on the near Shoulder N, and on the near Buttock O, a Blaze on her Forehead, with a Snip on her Nose, and one hind Foot white. Whoever applies to me at Annapolis, and proves his Property, may have them again, paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

WILLIAM CUMMING.

N. B. They are very valuable Creatures.

To be SOLD.

BY the Subscriber, at Chester Town, a very neat Chaise, and several Riding-Chairs; at very reasonable Rates, for Stealing Money, or Paper Currency.

BENJAMIN BINNEY.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT John Raitt is removed from the House over against Mr. Bordley's in North-East Street, to the House where Mr. Ashbury Sutton lately lived, near the Dock in Annapolis, where he sells all Sorts of European and India Goods, at the most reasonable Rates. He likewise sells Rum, Sugar, Melasses, &c. Also Dr. James's famous Fever Powder, Dr. Hooper's Female Pills, Greenough's Tincture for the Tooth ach, and cleansing of Teeth, and Fryar's Balsam; all patented by his Majesty.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE;

At the House of Mr. Joseph Hill, near Annapolis, on Friday the 16th of this Instant December;

A Large Quantity of Frises, and very good Druggets; fine peep and check'd Cottons; Silk, Cotton, and Linen Handkerchiefs; Dowlas; brown and colour'd Threads; sewing Silk; Shoe; a large Parcel of Cutlery Ware; an Anchor, weighing about 350 lb. with many other Things too tedious to mention.

The Sale will begin between 11 and 12 o' Clock on the said Day, and continue 'til all be sold: The Goods will be set up in Lots, to the Satisfaction of the Purchasers, at the lowest Prices, for Ready Money, or short Credit, by

JONAS GREEN.

ALMANACKS, for the Year 1749, to be Sold by the Printer hereof. Likewise Pocket Almanacks.

Notice is hereby given, that George Rouviere, a French Surgeon, is lately arrived in this City, who has a POWDER, approved of by the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris, which infallibly cures all manner of Fevers, whether constant or intermitting; and is much preferable to the Bark, as it leaves not those Pains in the Stomach, and other Disorders behind it; as all those who have taken it, and experienced its Virtues, can testify; no less than thirty Persons (being all who have taken it here) having been quite cured by it. This Powder likewise cures the Swelling of the Legs and pleer, &c. of 6 or 7 Months Continuance, except it be turn'd to a Drop; with several other Maladies. And, that the Poor as well as Rich may be supplied with so excellent a Remedy, it is sold at Three Shillings Currncy each Paper; six Papers being generally sufficient to perform the Cure; and in many Cases, half that Number.

This Powder is sold, and the Doctor may be advised with, at the sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis; where Printed Directions will be given gratis to such as purchase the Powder.

RAN away from the subscriber, in Prince George's County, near the Wood Yard, an English Convict Servant Man named John Bookes; he is of a middle stature, a Weaver by Trade, and had on when he went away a white woollen Jacket, a green Jacket without sleeves, country made red breeches, a cotton Shirt, cotton Stockings very much dabb'd, turn'd Pumps, silver Shoe Buckles, and an old felt Hat: He is mark'd with the Letters I B, on the Back of one of his Hands. Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows.

JOSEPH JOHNSON.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS,

Hereby gives Notice to all Gentlemen and others, that he is removed from Broad Creek to Cowpen Point, on Kent Island; where they may depend on meeting with good Boats and skilful Hands, to cross the Bay, and good Entertainment for themselves and Horses, from

Their humble Servant, NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

N. B. Gentlemen may find me almost any Day, at Mr. Thomas Williamson's in Annapolis.

RAN away from the Baltimore Iron-Works, the 19th Instant, a Negro Man named Jack, belonging to Daniel Dulany, Esq; and Company; he was advertised in this Paper last Summer, and taken near Severn Ferry: He was bred in Talbot County, and may endeavour to get over the Bay; he is a sensible Country born Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, and had on when he went away a Felt-Hat, a cotton Jacket and breeches, new Shoes and Stockings, two new Osnabrigs Shirts; and may have stolen other Cloaths.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber at the said Works, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward; or if taken on the Eastern Shore, Forty Shillings.

RICHARD CROXALL.

November 27, 1748.

RAN away from the Baltimore Iron Works, on Monday last, a Negro Man named Solomon, a likely Country born young Man, formerly belonging to Mr. Thomas Malowin, near Annapolis, and 'tis supposed that he is down the Way. He had on when he went away two new Osnabrigs Shirts, blue Fearing Jacket, new Shoes and Stockings, and a Leather Cap. Whoever brings the said Negro to the Works aforesaid, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward.

RICHARD CROXALL.

WILLIAM DIXON, STAT-MAKER,
AT his House, opposite to *Edmund Jennings's, Esq;* in *Annapolis*, Makes and Sells all Sorts of Stays for Women and Girls, in the best and neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Prices; for Ready Money only.

LATELY IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by **WILLIAM GOVANE**, at his House near *Annapolis*, very cheap, for ready Money, or short Credit,

Choice *Barbades* Rum, *New-England* Ditto, *Muscovado* Sugar, Coffee, Iron Pots, Iron Skillets, *New England* Soap in small Boxes, Train Oil, Rush bottom Chairs, and a Parcel of strong *Ofnabrigs*.

Annapolis, November 23, 1748.

THE Subscriber intending to depart this Province, early in the Spring, hereby desires all Persons who are any way indebted to him, to discharge their respective Debts, in order to prevent further Trouble. And those who have any demands on the said subscriber, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted.

JOHN INCH.

November 6, 1748.

RAN away on the 3d of this instant *November*, from the Subscriber living at *Bladenburg* in *Prince George's County*, an *English* Convict Servant Man named *Charles Elliott*, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, about 21 Years of Age, flat faced, pale, and much pitted with the Small Pox: He had on when he went away a striped flannel Jacket, a white cotton Ditto, a large black Wig, a worsted cap, brown cloth Breeches, with linnen Drawers under them, sail cloth Trowlers, a fine check Shirt, an *ofnabrig* Ditto, country made Shoes, but no Hat nor Stockings: He has no Trade, but possibly may pretend to some; he formerly belonged to *John Hook* of *Manockasy*, and ran away from *Annapolis*. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

NATHANAEL FOLSOM.

THE Subscriber hereby gives Notice, that he will give 15 *d.* per Pound for any Quantity of clean long Hog's Bristles. Whoever has any to dispose of, are desired to bring or send them to the Printing Office in *Annapolis*.

NATHANAEL BAYNE.

Notice is hereby given, that the Subscriber has removed from *John Campbell's*, to the House opposite to *Mr. Macnemara's* in *Duke of Gloucester Street*, in *Annapolis*; where he makes and sells as good Chocolate as was ever made in *England*, at 4 *s.* 6 *d.* per Pound: Likewise *Scotch* Sauff, as good as any imported from *Europe*, at 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per Pound; and the best *French* Rappee Sauff, at 3 *s.* per Pound. Constant Attendance is given at said House by

ISAAC NAVARRO.

Notice is hereby given, that the Baking Business is now carried on by *William Offen*, Baker, at the Subscriber's Plantation, on *Grafsing Creek*, near the Mouth of *Chester River*, in *Kent County*; where Persons may be supplied with any Quantity of Ship Bread: Likewise, at the same Place, Wheat is ground, boulded, and baked, at reasonable Rates, by

RICHARD GRESHAM.

THE Commissioners of the Paper Currency Office hereby give Notice, that they will attend every Day at the said Office (except Sundays), to take in old Paper Money, 'til the middle of *November*; and from thence 'til *Christmas*, on every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday; and after *Christmas*, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, in every Week.

Signed by Order of the Commissioners,
Novemb. 2, 1748, RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk.

THE Ship *Ranger*, lying in *South River*, at *LONDON-TOWN*, carrying 16 Guns and 32 Men, *Stephen Hooper* Commander, takes in Tobacco consigned to *Mr. John Hanbury*, Merchant in *London*, at Eight Pounds Sterling per Ton.

STEPHEN HOOPER.

WHEREAS a Certain *John Obarlett*, hath lately published in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, No. 176, also in several others, his Intention of going to *England* with the present Shipping; and hath, since that Time, absented himself from my service, to whom he is now a Servant, under Contract, at considerable yearly Wages; which contract he hath not performed, nor complied with, but left his said service, without giving me the least Warning, to my very great Prejudice and Damage. He is harboured, encouraged, and entertained, by some persons in this Town; to whom I give this Public notice, that if they continue so to do, I shall take such measures both with him and them, as the Law directs.

CHARLES COLE.

TO BE SOLD

By the Subscriber, Part of a Tract of Land called *Yenise* Part, lying in the Fork of *Patuxent River*, in *Anne Arundel County*, about six Miles from *Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works*, containing 350 Acres, all Wood-Land, and well timber'd; and good low Ground, for those who are inclined to make Meadows. Whoever has a Mind to buy the same, may apply to the Subscriber at *Mrs. Sarah Warfield's*, near the Head of *Sewern River*, where a good Title to the said Land shall be made by

ABSOLUTE WARFIELD.

JAMES HUTCHINGS,

Living at COWPEN-POINT, on Kent Island,

Having good Boats and skilful Hands, for carrying Passengers, Horses, and Carriages, across the Bay, in almost any Weather; hereby gives Notice, That he keeps the Ferry from *Keat* to *Annapolis*, and from *Annapolis* to *Kent*: He has good Accommodations at his House for the Entertainment of Gentlemen and their Servants, and good Provender or Pasture for Horses. Any Gentlemen travelling that Way from the Western Shore, may meet with him almost any Day, at *Mrs. Minkie's* in *Annapolis*, one of his Boats being often on that Side the Bay to wait on Passengers; who may all depend on good Usage, from

JAMES HUTCHINGS.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *Edinburgh*, Capt. *Russell*, and to be Sold by the Subscriber in *Baltimore-Town*;

MEN and womens velvet, black mantua and padufoy silks, silk and worsted damasks for furniture, Irish linnens, ofnabrigs, Manchester cheques, kerseys, half thicks, fearnoughts, duffels, bear skins, coarse cloths, nails, cotton gowns, strip'd and plain flannel, Welch cotton, felt hats, cambricks, muslins, men and womens shoes, stays, stockings; ironmongery, stationary, haberdashery, and cutlery wares; powder and shot; with sundry other Things too tedious to mention; to be sold by Wholesale or Retail, for Ready Money, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Walnut Plank, *Indian* Corn, Staves, Wheat, Flour, Pork, Tallow, or Skins.

Likewise to be sold, *West-India* Rum, single and double refined Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, and exceeding good Teas at 15 *s.* per Pound.

JOHN STEVENSON.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, for Paper Money, or Tobacco,

A Good Tract of Land, containing about 480 Acres, lying on the Waggon-Road near *Seneca Bridge*, convenient for in and Trade, or any public Business. It consists of two Plantations; on one of which is a good new Dwelling House, 52 Feet long, with three Stone Chimneys, plank'd above and below, with two Rooms seal'd with Plank; a Milk-house, Meat-house, Corn-house, Stable, Barn, a good Well, and an Orchard planted with about 300 Trees; about 50 Acres of the Land is under Fence, clear'd, and fit for plowing; with a great deal of rich Bottom, and 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground. The other Plantation contains about 30 Acres of clear'd Ground, with a Dwelling-House 20 Feet by 16, and a 30 Feet Tobacco-house. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may view the Premises, and know the Price, by applying to the Printer hereof, or

HENRY CRAMPHIN.

The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Cattle, Horses, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Fodder, &c. by the said *Cramphin*.

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE

No. 191.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, December 21, 1748.

AIX LA CHAPELLE, September 6.

HE count de Chevannes, minister from the king of Sardinia, had yesterday a long conference with the count de St. Severin, as is pretended, upon the subject of the evacuation of Savoy, and concerning the works which the court of France designs to erect upon the side of the Var, over against the county of Nice, which seems to displease and give umbrage to the king of Sardinia, as without doubt it does to some others. Whatever was the subject of this conference, it is certain that the crown of France, jealous of the growing power of the king of Sardinia, and the proximity of the dominions of this prince, would be glad, if it was possible, to cause him to make an exchange of those upon the coast of the Mediterranean, which are nearest to Provence, to the end that they might in course of time come to the infant Don Philip; and that thereby too the king of Sardinia might be removed from the side of the Milanese, by means whereof he might be better disposed against any future enterprizes which the house of Austria may possibly attempt in Italy. If France can succeed in this point, 'tis certain there never will be any reversion to that house of the duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla; but, on the contrary, the empress queen may one day be despoiled of the remaining possessions which the approaching peace shall give her in Italy. 'Tis thus people talk, who pretend to enter into the system of France.

Petersburg, August 21. Our ministry were very much surprized to receive a packet from Paris, containing the protest of the Pretender's eldest son. The displeasure this piece gave to the court, may easily be perceived from it's attachment and affection to Great Britain.

Rotterdam, Sept. 20. The magistrates of Haerlem have all resigned their places, and remitted the choice of a new magistracy to the prince of Orange.

Hague, Sept. 20. The public tranquility seems at present to be pretty well restored at Amsterdam. But we hear from Haerlem, that every thing there is in the utmost confusion.

Eyndhoven, Sept. 24. His royal highness the duke of Cumberland arrived here this morning in perfect health.

Hague, Sept. 24. The disturbances at Haerlem ended at last by a resolution taken by the regency, to desire the states of Holland would empower the prince of Orange to accept of their resignation, and to change the magistracy of their town, in the same manner as he had done at Amsterdam. When this proposal was made last saturday to the states, the deputies of Dort, seeing that the regency of several other towns would at last be obliged to come into the same measures, moved the assembly, that a resolution should be taken to authorize the prince to change the regency, not only of Haerlem, but also of all such other towns as should desire it. And a resolution was accordingly taken, giving his highness the power proposed. We are informed from Groningen, that major-general Rous, with five battalions under his command, had surprized one of the gates of that town, and afterwards disarmed all the burghers; by which means he had put an end to all the disturbances there.

Madrid, Sept. 2. An order of the king will soon appear, to allow freedom of commerce betwixt this kingdom and that of Great Britain.

Aix la Chapelle, Sept. 19. We are assured, that among other difficulties, which retarded the signature of the definitive treaty, one is the opposition the French have made to the admitting the empire of Russia as a party, according to the demand of count Kaunitz.

Paris, Sept. 2. Marshal Saxe has for two months past been employed in causing wood to be cut down in the forests of Flanders, proper for building ships, and in sending it into the several ports of the kingdom. Letters from London, Brabant, and other maritime towns, advise, that the utmost diligence is used to build a good number of men of war. Those from Rochelle import, that five ships are just arrived there from Martinico, the remainder of 12 which set out together from thence, the other seven having fallen into the hands of the English.

Brussels, Sept. 18. We know not how to make the appearances, in other respects, of peace quadrate with the establishment of great magazines at Namur, Maestricht, Mechlin, and Antwerp, where a vast quantity of hay and oats are amassing.

Florence, August 28, O. S. It is pretended that great negotiations are upon the carpet at London, for selling certain districts in Italy, in order to hasten the conclusion of the peace.

Hamburg, Sept. 9, O. S. They write from Dresden, that the king of Poland has resolved to keep on foot in his electorate 30,044 foot, and 10,544 horse; and that orders are already given to complete them.

Liege, Sept. 27. It is now pretty certain that the French troops in the duchy of Limburg will pass the winter there; and that the garrison of Maestricht will not evacuate that place before the next spring. It was for their subsistence, that the large magazines were lately formed in the said town.

Paris, Sept. 27. Couriers are continually arriving at court from Madrid, Turin, and Genoa, which strengthens the report of an alliance being on foot between the houses of Bourbon, Savoy, and the republic of Genoa; for which it is probable no pains will be spared, since by securing the king of Sardinia, we may carry on a war to advantage in Italy on any future occasion. The young Pretender was attacked a few days since, in his return from St. Cloud, by four men mask'd, and it is thought would have lost his life, if he had not opportunely received assistance; which however did not prevent the escape of the ruffians. By his residence still in this city, 'tis presumed, that either the court of London has not yet demanded his removal, or that ours has refused them this satisfaction.

We hear that his majesty has purchased many English ships of war, and given orders likewise for engaging in his service all the seamen of that nation which shall be discharged.

M. Saxe is not expected from Brussels before the end of next month. By an estimate which has been received from England, of the treasure which was at Madras, it plainly appears that M. Bourdonaye appropriated 13 millions to his own use; and tho' he persists in denial of the charge, 'tis said he will not be discharged 'til such a sum is restored.

Hague, Sept. 13. The commerce of the English to the West Indies, that commerce which has given occasion to the war between Spain and Great-Britain ever since the year 1739, forms a Gordian knot, which it will perhaps be harder to untie, than to get over any other remora that stands in the way of concluding the definitive treaty. What was stipulated upon the subject in the preliminaries, leaves the difficulties entirely unre-moved; and as for the French and Dutch, they are very far from carving in favour of the English, of whom, in point of trade, they are each of them equally jealous; it not being less consistent with their interest, than with that of Spain, to keep the navigation of the English within reasonable bounds. But these last have taken the best precaution they could against any other limits being fixed than those stipulated by ancient treaties. According to our best advices from Aix la Chapelle, this dispute between Great Britain will yet a long time employ the carpet; it will probably contribute more than all the other difficulties put together, to draw the negotiations out to a great length; the two interested courts are equally inflexible; and it is utterly impossible to find a mediator, who will not be suspected of partiality on one side or the other.

Eyndhoven, Sept. 26. The duke of Cumberland, we hear, will spend the winter in this town; and he is making such dispositions, as seem to forebode a longer sojourn of the British troops, than was expected in those quarters.

L O N D O N, September 12.

An extract of a letter from Aix-la-Chapelle, dated Sept. 9.

According to the general discourse of the plenipotentiaries themselves, and of all who depend upon them, every thing here goes on as well as can be wished, and there is no sort of doubt to be made, that the definitive treaty will be very speedily signed and declared. As every body wishes this news may be well founded, so we need not wonder that it gains credit in the world, and is generally received as an indisputable truth, which is a very good reason for its finding a place in all the gazettes; but notwithstanding this, there is some occasion to doubt whether all those who seem to believe it are in earnest; and that I may not appear to advance a thing absolutely without foundation, I must put you in mind, that whatever may become of the conquests made from the republic, few people seem to entertain any doubt that the French troops will spend the greatest part of the winter in the countries that are to be restored to the empress Queen, which seems not very reconcilable to this notion of a speedy peace, if that be taken in the general acceptation of the words; I mean for a general and solid peace, in which, without distinction, all the parties engaged in the war shall be included.

But besides this, we very well know that there are a variety of things of some consequence, which, as far as one can learn, though often canvassed, are not yet settled; and some new difficulties there are also, which have been talked of only, and not canvassed. I will begin with these. It is very confidently reported, that tho' the court of Petersburg is very well satisfied with the usage her auxiliaries have met with, the care that has been taken in providing for them on their march, as well as the reasons that have been assigned for suspending it; yet they by no means approve the prospect of marching them directly home again through Poland, but, on the contrary, have represented against it as a step that may be very fatal to that fine corps, which cannot but have suffered considerably by the fatigues of so long and so hasty a march, at the worst season of the year; which therefore seems to require time for them to repose and recover themselves in quarters of refreshment. If this demand should be complied with, and these auxiliaries should have winter quarters assigned them in Bohemia and Moravia, it may produce a demand of some equivalent from the court of Vienna; and indeed we have heard of something like a proposition upon this head already; still this is not all, even in reference to these troops; for if this point should be adjusted, it will not be very reconcilable to the convention signed here on the 2d of last month, and consequently may retard the reduction of the French forces, which would be not at all agreeable to that court, and still less to many of its neighbours.

The arrival of M. du Theil was expected with as much impatience lately, as that of M. de St. Severin, at the beginning of these negotiations; but now he is arrived, we are well informed, that amongst other instructions he has brought one that does not seem extremely well calculated to hasten things to a conclusion. In short he has made a very serious complaint of the proceedings in Corsica, as not at all reconcilable, either to the spirit, or the letter of the preliminaries, and which, as he asserts, cannot be justified from any thing that has happened on the side of France or her allies. Now it seems requisite that these points should be terminated, previous to the conclusion of the definitive treaty; nor would it much alter ones opinion, even if what some whisper about should be really true. That this great work has not only been settled between certain powers, but even been signed, since this settling, and signing must be considered as provisionally only; and not as definitive.

With regard to the affairs in Italy, it is pretty evident that there are still some things which stand in need of being adjusted, for though there is nothing clearer than that the Austrians are ready to evacuate the countries assigned for the establishment of Don Philip; yet with respect to the uncancelled part of the treaty of Worms, we have not as yet heard that a method has been so much as concerted for putting it in execution, and yet executed it must be before we have any definitive peace; and some talk there is no inserting a clause of guaranty in reference to these, as well as other cessions, to support which we are told that the Chevalier d'Osorio is on his way hither from Hanover.

It would not be exceedingly difficult to increase this list of obstructions; but for the present we will rest it here, and be content to assign these as the cause of our doubts whether things are quite so forward as they are supposed to be. There is indeed one piece of news lately arrived here, which if true

would comfort us under all difficulties; and it is this, that they look upon the peace as made at Vienna, and are very positive that it will be published by the end of October; now I cannot but own that I have a good opinion of the foresight of the politicians in that city, and provided I could be sure they would not alter their minds, it would notwithstanding all I have advanced, induce me to credit our prophets here at Aix-la-Chapelle, though even in that case they are a little mistaken, since this sets the peace six weeks farther back than the terms which they thought fit to assign it.

Sept. 12. Yesterday orders were given for taking into pay several artificers that have been lately discharged from his majesty's yards, to fit out, with all expedition, some ships that were paid off.

The same day the Bedford, of 80 guns, and the New-Yar-mouth, of 64 guns, were put in commission.

Sept. 15. Notwithstanding the many ships of war that have lately been discharged, and the men paid off, there are still in commission Six Ninety-gun ships; Twelve of Eighty guns; Fourteen of Seventy guns; Twenty of Sixty guns; Nineteen of Fifty guns; Eleven of Forty guns; and Eighteen of Twenty guns; besides sloops and tenders.

Private letters from several parts of Italy say, that a new treaty is on foot between the courts of France and Spain, and the republic of Genoa, for maintaining the latter in a state of independency, for the security of which, subsidies are to be granted to that state, which may enable her to perfect the fortresses that are already begun in different parts of her dominions, and to keep on foot a body of 10,000 regular troops in time of peace. It is also said, that some other Italian states will be invited to accede to this alliance.

Advices from Bourdeaux say, that such plenty of all things arrives there, as to make them forget the miseries they have suffered. The port is so full of foreign vessels, that lodgings are very difficult to be got in town. They write the same thing from different ports of France.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn.

It is currently reported here, that the Algerines have declared war against France.

It is said the Spaniards have not yet acquiesced with the articles of the general peace; and, according to some accounts from Madrid and Cadiz, the English ships were not permitted to land the goods of that nation.

And we are informed, that there are letters in town to several merchants, advising, that an English ship has been seized at Bilbao, and her rudder taken off; and that a particular order was published concerning the exportation of wines; so that the behaviour of the Spanish nation seems at present very mysterious.

The following Lines are put on a Tomb at Arlington, near Paris.

Here lies,
Two Grand-mothers, with their two Grand-daughters;
Two Husbands, with their two Wives;
Two Fathers, with their two Daughters;
Two Mothers, with their two Sons;
Two Maidens, with their two Mothers;
Two Sisters, with their two Brothers;
Yet but six Corpses in all lie buried here,
All born Legitimate,—from Incest clear.

Sept. 20. On Thursday night one of his majesty's messengers arrived at his grace the duke of Bedford's office, Whitehall, express from lord Sandwich at Aix la Chapelle, and brought with him, for the approbation of this court, a copy of a plan for a general pacification; copies of which have likewise been sent away express from Aix to all the courts interested in the present war, for their respective approbations.

The king of Sardinia's marriage with the duchess dowager of Guastalla, is thought to have had some influence over the transactions at Aix la Chapelle; as that princess's estate makes some part of the settlement intended for Don Philip. This lady will be the king's fourth wife.

Sept. 22. It is said that his Prussian majesty will make a tour to Goerde, to pay a visit to his Britannic majesty.

On Thursday there was a report, that all the officers were ordered to their posts in Great Britain and Ireland; and those orders were given in consequence of some advices received from the court of Madrid.

We hear from Paris, that large remittances are daily expected from Holland, to pay the Dutch prisoners debts; and the officers will afterwards have passes to return home.

They

They write from Dunkirk, that a new bafon is actually sinking at Gravelines, and great preparations making at that port, but for what reason is not known. The Dunkirkers however, are afraid that they shall be sufferers by this new project.

We hear that press warrants are issued out to man the guard-ships lately commission'd: And, that no further reduction in the navy or army will be made, 'til after the peace is actually signed.

Sept. 24. According to letters from Vienna by yesterday's mail, it is decided, that the Russian troops shall pass the winter in Bohemia; and that they are to be quarter'd in the circles of Sautz, Branzlau, and Koninggratz, 'til the return of the spring enables them to continue their march.

Upon the representations made to the duke of Bedford, secretary of state, by Mr. Wall, the Spanish minister, in relation to the capture of the Spanish register ship, the *Jesus Maria Joseph*, his grace gave the following answer: "That as there was not as yet any certain account come to England about this prize, at least not sufficient for him to decide on the spot, he would direct a strict enquiry to be made of the particular circumstances of that affair; and that after the most impartial examination of the whole, if the capture appeared illegal, he would not defer a moment giving orders for the restitution, to shew his Catholic majesty his sincere inclination to see friendship and perfect harmony re-established between the two nations.

ANNAPOLIS.

We hear, that the Writs of Election for Representatives to serve in the next General Assembly of this Province, will not be issued 'til towards the Spring.

We hear from *Charles County*, that one Mr. *Hanson* was found dead on the Road there; and is supposed to have been kill'd by a Fall from his Horse.

Last Night a Store House, belonging to Mr. *Thomas Worthington*, adjoining to his Dwelling House, about five Miles from Town, was broke open, and several Goods of Value taken from thence. The Thieves got in by breaking a large Hole through the Wall, which was of Stone; after which they made a Fire in the Store with Paper (supposed to light them), very near a large Quantity of Gunpowder.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANY of the Inspecting Houses, which are not yet furnished with Weights; or any Merchants, or others, wanting Weights; may be supplied therewith, at the *Patuxent Iron-Works*, at reasonable Rates, by **RICHARD SNOWDEN.**

WATCHES, which have been left at the Subscriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, to be clean'd or mended, being ready long since to be deliver'd back to the Owners; Notice is hereby given, That if they are not call'd for and taken away, before the 25th of *March* next, they will (as the Subscriber is about to leave the Province) be sold, to pay the Charges due to **JOHN INCH.**

N. B. Some of the Watches have been in his Possession, and mended, above four Years.

THE Subscriber intending to set up the Business of a Tanner, at Mr. *Tootell's* Tan-Yard in *Annapolis*, has supplied himself with every Thing convenient for that Purpose; and will work at the following Prices; viz. Five Shillings for each Hide; Three Shillings for a Kip; and Two Shillings and Sixpence for a Calf-Skin. He also tans Ben Leather.

He may be applied to at Mr. *John Campbell's*, Taylor in the City of *Annapolis*; or at the said Tan-Yard.

JOHN MURRAY.

TO BE SOLD

A Young Negro Wench, almost sixteen Years of Age, of a strong healthy Constitution, and can do all sorts of Household-Work.

Enquire of the Printer hereof.

WHEREAS, *Hannab* the Wife of *Richard Norton*, Junior, of *Charles-Town* in *Cecil County*, hath eloped from her said Husband: This is therefore to forewarn all Persons from trusting her on his Account, for he will not pay any Debts she shall contract from the Date hereof; as also from harbouring or entertaining her, on any Account whatsoever; as they will answer the contrary at their Peril.

December 9, 1748.

RICHARD NORTON, junior.

ANY Gentlemen, or others, who have Occasion to cross the Bay to *Kent Island*, may apply themselves to the Subscriber, who keeps commodious Boats for that Purpose; and Attendance will constantly be given at my House in the City of *Annapolis*.

THOMAS WILLIAMSON.

ALL Persons that still remain indebted to the Estate of *Thomas Lloyd*, late of *Anne Arundel County*, deceased, are desired to pay their respective Ballances immediately; or otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

JAMES DICK.

STRAYED from the *Nottingham Works*, in *Baltimore County*, about the last of *September*; a middle-sized Bright-Bay Horse; he has four white Feet, a Blaze in his Face, and is branded IS on one Buttock, and SI on the other: He was bred in *Prince George's County*, near Mr. *Osborn Sprigg's*, and was some Time ago the Property of Mr. *John Skinner* of *Lower Marlborough*. Whoever takes up the said Horse and brings him to the Subscriber at *Joppa*, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken up in *Baltimore County*; or if in any other County, Forty Shillings; from **DAVID McCULLOCH.**

THIS is to give Notice, that there is at my Plantation at *Lingan Ore*, one large Black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock D, only not so plain on the Buttock as Shoulder; he had on when he came there a Bell, marked thus, I HVTTON. Also a middle-sized Black Mare, with a Two Years old Black Colt, with a Slit in his Ear; she is branded on the near Shoulder N, and on the near Buttock O, a Blaze on her Forehead, with a Snip on her Nose, and one hind Foot white. Whoever applies to me at *Annapolis*, and proves his Property, may have them again, paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

WILLIAM CUMMING.

N. B. They are very valuable Creatures.

To be SOLD,

BY the Subscriber, at *Chester-Town*, a very neat Chaise, and several Riding-Chairs; at very reasonable Rates, for Sterling Money, or Paper Currency.

BENJAMIN BINNEY.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT *John Raitt* is removed from the House over against Mr. *Bordley's* in *North East Street*, to the House where Mr. *Ashbury Sutton* lately lived, near the Dock in *Annapolis*; where he sells all Sorts of *European and India Goods*, at the most reasonable Rates. He likewise sells Rum, Sugar, Melasses, &c. Also Dr. *Jamies* famous Fever Powders, Dr. *Hooper's* Female Pills, *Greenough's* Tincture for the Tooth-ach, and cleansing of Teeth, and *Fryar's* Balsam; all patented by his Majesty.

Notice is hereby given, that *George Rowviere*, a French Surgeon, is lately arrived in this City, who has a POWDER, approved of by the Royal Academy of Sciences at *Paris*, which infallibly cures all manner of Fevers, whether constant, or intermitting; and is much preferable to the Bark, as it leaves not those Pains in the Stomach, and other Disorders, behind it; as all those who have taken it, and experienced its Virtues, can testify; no less than thirty Persons (being all who have taken it here) having been quite cured by it. This Powder likewise cures the Swelling of the Legs and Spleen, tho' of 6 or 7 Months Continuance, except it be turn'd to a Dropsy; with several other Maladies. And, that the Poor as well as Rich may be supplied with so excellent a Remedy, it is sold at Three Shillings Currency each Paper; six Papers being generally sufficient to perform the Cure; and in many Cases, half that Number.

This Powder is sold, and the Doctor may be advised with, at the Sign of the *Indian King*, in *Annapolis*; where Printed Directions will be given gratis to such as purchase the Powder.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS,

Hereby gives Notice to all Gentlemen and others, that he is removed from *Broad Creek* to *Cowpen Point*, on *Kent Island*; where they may depend on meeting with good Boats and skillful Hands, to cross the Bay, and good Entertainment for themselves and Horses, from

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

N. B. Gentlemen may find me almost any Day, at Mr. *Thomas Williamson's* in *Annapolis*.

ALMANACKS, for the Year 1749, to be Sold by the Printer hereof. Likewise Pocket Almanacks.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in *Prince George's County*, near the *Wood Yard*, an *English* Convict Servant Man named *John Brookes*; he is of a middle Stature, a Weaver by Trade, and had on when he went away a white woollen Jacket, a green Jacket without Sleeves, country-made cotton Breeches, a cotton Shirt, cotton Stockings very much darned, turn'd Pumps, silver Shoe Buckles, and an old felt Hat: He is mark'd with the Letters I B, on the Back of one of his Hands. Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows.

JOSEPH JOHNSON.

RAN away from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works, the 19th Instant, a Negro Man named *Jack*, belonging to *Daniel Dulany, Esq;* and Company; he was advertised in this Paper last Summer, and taken near *Severn* Ferry: He was bred in *Talbot* County, and may endeavour to get over the Bay; he is a sensible Country boy'n Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, and had on when he went away a Felt Hat, a cotton Jacket and Breeches, new Shoes and Stockings, two new *Osnabrigs* Shirts, and may have stolen other Cloaths.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber at the said Works, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward; or if taken on the Eastern Shore, Forty Shillings.

RICHARD CROXALL.

November 27, 1748.

RAN away from the *Baltimore* Iron Works, on Monday last, a Negro Man named *Solomon*, a likely Country born young Man, formerly belonging to *Mr. Thomas Baldwin*, near *Annapolis*, and 'tis supposed that he is down that Way. He had on when he went away two new *Osnabrigs* Shirts, blue Fear-nothing Jacket, new Shoes and Stockings, and a Leather Cap. Whoever brings the said Negro to the Works aforesaid, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward.

RICHARD CROXALL.

WILLIAM DIXON, STAY MAKER,

AT his House, opposite to *Edmund Jennings's, Esq;* in *Annapolis*, Makes and Sells all Sorts of Stays for Women and Girl's, in the best and neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Prices; for Ready Money only.

LATELY IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by WILLIAM GOVANE, at his House near *Annapolis*, very cheap, for ready Money, or short Credit,

Choice *Barbadoes* Rum, *New-England* Ditto, *Muscovado* Sugar, *Coffee*, *Iron Pots*, *Iron Skillets*, *New-England* Soap in small Boxes, *Train Oil*, *Rush-bottom* Chairs, and a Parcel of strong *Osnabrigs*.

Notice is hereby given, that the Subscriber has removed from *John Campbell's*, to the House opposite to *Mr. Macnemara's* in *Duke of Gloucester* Street, in *Annapolis*; where he makes and sells as good *Chocolate* as was ever made in *England*, at 4 s. 6 d. per Pound: Likewise *Scotch* Snuff, as good as any imported from *Europe*, at 2 s. 6 d. per Pound; and the best *French* Rappee Snuff, at 3 s. per Pound. Constant Attendance is given at said House by

ISAAC NAVARRO.

THE Commissioners of the Paper Currency Office hereby give Notice, that they will attend every Day at the said Office (except Sundays), to take in old Paper Money, 'til the middle of *November*; and from thence 'til *Christmas*, on every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday; and after *Christmas*, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, in every Week.

Signed by Order of the Commissioners,
Novemb. 2, 1748. RICHARD DORSETY, Clerk.

THE Ship *Ranger*, lying in *South* River, at *LONDON-TOWN*, carrying 16 Guns and 32 Men, *Stephen Hooper* Commander, takes in *Tobacco* consigned to *Mr. John Hancock*, Merchant in *London*, at Eight Pounds Sterling per Ton.

STEPHEN HOOPER.

WHEREAS a Certain *John Charlett*, hath lately published in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, No. 176, also in several others, his Intention of going to *England* with the present Shipping; and hath, since that Time, absented himself from my service, to whom he is now a Servant, under Contract, at considerable yearly Wages; which contract he hath not performed, nor complied with, but left his said service, without giving me the least Warning, to my very great Prejudice and Damage. He is harboured; encouraged, and entertained, by some persons in this Town; to whom I give this Public notice, that if they continue so to do, I shall take such measures both with him and them, as the Law directs.

CHARLES COLL.

TO BE SOLD

BY the Subscriber, Part of a Tract of Land called *Venison* Part, lying in the Fork of *Patuxent* River, in *Anne Arundel* County, about six Miles from *Mr. Snowden's* Iron-Works, containing 350 Acres, all Wood-Land, and well timber'd; and good low Ground, for those who are inclined to make Meadows. Whoever has a Mind to buy the same, may apply to the Subscriber at *Mrs. Sarah Warfield's*, near the Head of *Severn* River, where a good Title to the said Land shall be made by

ABSOLUTE WARFIELD.

JAMES HUTCHINGS,

Living at COWPEN-POINT, on Kent Island,

HAVING good Boats and skilful Hands, for carrying Passengers, Horses, and Carriages, across the Bay, in almost any Weather; hereby gives Notice, That he keeps the Ferry from *Kent* to *Annapolis*, and from *Annapolis* to *Kent*: He has good Accommodations at his House for the Entertainment of Gentlemen and their Servants, and good Provender or Pasture for Horses. Any Gentlemen travelling that Way from the Western Shore, may meet with him almost any Day, at *Mrs. Minnie's* in *Annapolis*, one of his Boats being often on that Side the Bay to wait on Passengers; who may all depend on good Usage, from

JAMES HUTCHINGS.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *Edinburgh*, Capt. *Russell*, and to be Sold by the Subscriber in *Baltimore-Town*;

MEN and womens velvets, black mantua and padusoy silks, silk and worsted damasks for furniture, Irish linnens, *osnabrigs*, *Manchester* cheques, kerseys, half thicks, fear-noughts, duffels, bear skins, coarse cloths, nails, cotton gowns, frimp'd and plain flannel, Welch cotton, felt hats, cambricks, muslins, men and womens shoes, stays, stockings; ironmongery, stationary, haberdashery, and cutlery wares; powder and shot; withundry other Things too tedious to mention; to be sold by Wholesale or Retail, for Ready Money, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Walnut Plank, *Indian* Corn, Staves, Wheat, Flour, Pork, Tallow, or Skins.

Likewise to be sold, *West-India* Rum, single and double refined Sugar, *Coffee*, *Chocolate*, *Pepper*, and exceeding good Teas at 15 s. per Pound.

JOHN STEVENSON.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, for Paper Money, or Tobacco,

A Good Tract of Land, containing about 480 Acres, lying on the *Waggon-Road* near *Seneca* Bridge, convenient for inland Trade, or any public Business. It consists of two Plantations; on one of which is a good new Dwelling-House, 52 Feet long, with three Stone Chimneys, plank'd above and below, with two Rooms seal'd with Plank; a Milk-house, Meat-house, Corn-house, Stable, Barn, a good Well, and an Orchard planted with about 300 Trees; about 50 Acres of the Land is under Fence, clear'd, and fit for plowing; with a great deal of rich Bottom, and 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground. The other Plantation contains about 30 Acres of clear'd Ground, with a Dwelling-House 20 Feet by 16, and a 30 Feet Tobacco-house. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may view the Premises, and know the Price, by applying to the Printer hereof, or

HENRY CRAMPHORN.
The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Cattle, Horses, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Fodder, &c. by the said Cramphorn.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.

No. 192

THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, December 28, 1748.

A F A B L E.

The POET, and his PATRON.

WHAT HY, Celia, is your spreading waist
So loose, so negligently lac'd?
Why must the wrapping bed-gown hide
Your snowy bosom's swelling side?
How ill that dress adorns your head,
Distain'd, and rumpled from the bed!
Those clouds, that shade your blooming face,
A little water might displace,
As nature ev'ry morn bestows
The crystal dew, to cleanse the rose.
Those tresses, as the raven black,
That wav'd in ringlets down your back,
Uncomb'd, and injur'd by neglect,
Destroy the face, that once thy deck'd.
Whence this forgetfulness of dress?
Pray, madam, are you marry'd? Yes.
Nay, then indeed the wonder ceases,
No matter now how loose your dress is;
The end is won, your fortune's made,
Your sister now may take the trade.

Alas! what pity 'tis to find
This fault in half the female kind!
From hence proceed aversion, strife,
And all that sours the wedded life
Beauty can only point the dart,
'Tis neatness guides it to the heart;
Let neatness then, and beauty strive
To keep a wav'ring flame alive.

'Tis harder far (you'll find it true)
To keep the conquest, than subdue;
Admit us once behind the screen,
What is there farther to be seen?
A newer face may raise the flame,
But ev'ry woman is the same.

Then study chiefly to improve
The charm, that fix'd your husband's love.
Weigh well his humour. Was it dress,
That gave your beauty power to bless?
Pursue it still; be neater seen;
'Tis always frugal to be clean;
So shall you keep alive desire,
And time's swift wing shall fan the fire.

In garret high (as stories say)
A Poet sung his tuneful lay;
So soft, so smooth his verse, you'd swear
Apollo, and the muses there;
Thro' all the town his praises rung,
His sonnets at the playhouse sung;
High waving o'er his lab'ring head,
The goddesses want her pinions spread,
And with poetic fury fir'd,
What Bards faintly had inspir'd.
A noble Youth of taste and wit,
Approv'd the sprightly things he writ,
And sought him in his cobweb dome,
Discharg'd his rest and brought him home.

Behold him at the stately board,
Who, but the Poet, and my Lord!

Each day, deliciously he dines
And greedy quaffs the gen'rous wines;
His sides were plump, his skin was sleek,
And plenty wanton'd on his cheek;
Astonish'd at the change to new,
Away th' inspiring goddess flew.

Now, dropt for politics, and news,
Neglected lay the drooping muse;
Unmindful whence his fortune came,
He stilled the poetic flame;
Nor tale, nor sonnet, for my lady,
Lampoon, nor epigram was ready.

With just contempt his Patron saw,
(Resolv'd his bounty to withdraw)
And thus, with anger in his look,
The late repenting fool bespoke.

Blind to the good that courts thee grown,
Whence has the sun of favour shone?
Delighted with thy tuneful art,
Esteem was growing in my heart;
But idly thou reject'st the charm,
That gave it birth, and kept it warm.

Unthinking fools, alone despise
The arts, that taught them first to rise.

P A R I S, September 20.

THE king's journey to Fontainebleau, which was to have taken place in a few days, is put off till the 4th of next month. It is said, that this was occasioned by an express which his majesty has received from Aix la Chapelle; from whence we hear that the definitive treaty of peace is drawn up, and was to be signed forthwith by the king's ministers, and those of the Maritime powers.

Aix la Chapelle, Sept. 4. Upon an article being inserted in the Cologne Gazette, in which it was said that a protest from the Pretender's son had been formally delivered to the chief burgo-master of this town, and accepted by him; the earl of Sandwich and sir Thomas Robinson, his Britannic majesty's ministers here, sent to the said burgo-master to enquire into the affair, who thereupon sent them the original journal of what had passed, when the said protest was offered to the magistracy; by which it appeared that they had not only refus'd registering, but even receiving that infamous and scandalous libel; and they have since written to the Cologne Gazetteer, acquainting him with the falshood of the facts inserted in his paper, and insisting that he should contradict it in form in his next Gazette.

Paris, September 6. As we have received news that Parma, Piacenza, and Guastalla, are evacuated, the infant Don Philip has, it is said, quitted the army, in order to go and take possession of those states.

We are assur'd, that the court, in consequence of this evacuation, has dispatched orders for the entire restitution of the towns of Bergen op zoom and Maestricht; and that as the court of England is on the point of doing the same with respect to Cape Breton, our court is making dispositions for evacuating the conquests in the Austrian Netherlands.

Osna, September 8. The French have drawn out here, and at Newport, all the battering cannon, in order to divide it into two parts, one consisting of the artillery found in the places when they were taken, and the other of what they brought in themselves.

According

According to letters from Rome, the new archbishop of Salzburg has made strong application at the Papal court, to get a diminution of the fees for the expedition of his bulls, which amount to 30,000 crowns; but not having been able to prevail with the sacred consistory to relinquish any part of their demands, he has already remitted 19,000, and is to be acknowledged as soon as the other 11,000 are come to the hands of the holy fathers.

Constantinople, August 7. The late popular commotion has been suppressed without any very fatal consequences: Most of the people, who were suspected of having fomented and supported it, have been banished. The number of them was so great, that the multi thought it his duty to remonstrate to the grand seignior upon this subject, by representing to his highness, that such proceedings were contrary to the laws, and that these frequent banishments not only caused a general desolation amongst the principal families in this capital, but that it was to be feared great inconveniencies would result from them. His highness having hearkened to these representations, ordered that all prosecutions in consequence of the late insurrection should cease, and tranquillity has been since re-established in this capital: But on the 28th of last month the multi was himself deposed, and confined to his country-house; and the famous Eilat Effendi, heretofore kadaskir of Romania, was raised to that high dignity in his place. The new multi is a person of extraordinary merit, and has a perfect knowledge of the interests of Christian princes, having assisted at the conferences between the ministers of the port; and those of Vienna and Russia, upon the conclusion of the late peace with those powers. But scarce was the public tranquillity restored in this city, when we heard disagreeable news from abroad: The king of Arabia, father in law to the late Achmet Bassaw, governor of Bagdad, is come at the head of a numerous army to lay siege to that place, in resentment for the grand seignior's having refused that government to one of his cousins, Solyman Bassaw, whom he had recommended to his highness. Expresses have been sent to the different parts of the empire to assemble troops, and form an army superior to the king of Arabia's forces. To these untoward circumstances we must add the pestilence, which broke out here about a fortnight ago; and within these three days we have felt several shocks of an earthquake. Though the city is quiet, there remains a great ferment in the seraglio, the effects of which are daily manifested by some execution or deposition. The multi has been deposed on account of his ambitious conduct, during the time of the late insurrection.

L O N D O N.

Sept. 17. By a Dutch ship arrived off of Dungeness, the honourable the East-India company have an account, that Admiral Botcawen, with the fleet under his command, was joined at the Cape by six Dutch men of war, with 800 land forces on board, and sailed the 8th of May last. This ship left Fort William, in Bengal, the 4th of February, and brings an account, that the Oxford, capt. Stevens, outward bound, was arrived there from England.

Letters from Chambery mention, that the Spaniards have begun to raise the fortifications of Montmelion, which are esteemed as some of the strongest in all the king of Sardinia's dominions.

Since his majesty's arrival at Hanover, he has made a progress as far as Göttingen, upon the southern frontier of his dominions in Germany, to visit the university lately established there; and by our best advices he was upon another progress towards the north, to take the diversion of hunting near Gohlsheide, where he arrived the 17th instant, having visited the city of Zel in his way thither; and it is said, that the 15th of next month is fix'd for his majesty's setting out upon his return to England; but that this will probably depend upon the definitive treaty being signed at Aix la Chapelle.

Notwithstanding the many contradictory accounts about the return of the Russian troops, it seems now certain that they will march no farther than Bohemia, or Moravia, before next spring, because of an article said to be mentioned and agreed upon in the convention for taking them into the pay of the Maritime powers, by which it is stipulated, that when they are to be sent home again, they shall not be obliged to march in the months of October, November, December, January, or February.

We have from Vienna a remarkable instance of public justice, in the person of the famous baron Trenck. This officer performed many notable exploits, and was of great service to the queen of Hungary during the war in Germany; but it seems, he was as diligent in serving himself, having been ac-

cus'd of plundering both friend and foe wherever he came, and committing several other crimes. At last he was taken up and brought to a solemn trial, on which he was found guilty; but her Imperial and Hungarian majesty would not pass sentence 'til she had the whole process reviewed by other judges, who found all the facts clearly proved; and therefore on the 28th of last month he was sentenced to imprisonment for life, in the castle of Spielberg in Moravia, with an allowance of a ducat a day, and his whole estate to remain under sequestration, 'til all the losses of the injured parties be listed and satisfied, and 'til he pay 1000 florins, by way of satisfaction, to a poor miller's daughter whom he had ravish'd.

They are now busy in Poland in holding dietines for electing and giving instructions to their deputies for the general diet of that kingdom; but as several of the dietines have broke up in confusion, it is feared the general diet will break up in the same manner.

Edinburgh, August 29. Last Wednesday about 3 in the afternoon, a fire broke out in the town at Hamilton, in an office house belonging to Mr. Millar, surgeon there, and burnt with great violence 'til 7 that evening; no less than 44 families were burnt out of their houses, a great number of whom saved nothing but the cloaths on their backs, and are thereby reduced to beggary.

We are assured from Amsterdam, that on the 7th of this Instant was published there a Notification of the Magistracy, by which the Inhabitants were acquainted that the Prince Stadtholder, by Virtue of the Authority with which the States of Holland and West Friesland had vested him by their Resolution of the 31st of August last, had changed the Regency of that City: And his Serene Highness received the Thanks of the Regency and Inhabitants for his indefatigable Attention for the public Welfare; and he is preparing to return immediately to the Hague.

From the LONDON MAGAZINE for September, 1749.

To the AUTHOR, &c.

S I R,

AS the Restitution of Cape-Bruton is a Point absolutely determin'd by the very Preliminaries of Peace, I desire you would publish the following Computation (which I dare say does not exceed the Truth) of what that Island has cost us in the taking, and keeping it to this Time.

Money granted by Parliament to reimburse

| | l. | s. | d. |
|---------------------|----|----|------------|
| Massachusetts Bay, | — | — | 183649 2 7 |
| New Hampshire, | — | — | 16395 13 4 |
| Connecticut Colony, | — | — | 28863 19 1 |
| Rhode Island, | — | — | 6332 18 10 |
| James Gibson, Esq; | — | — | 547 15 0 |

Total 235747 2 10

To the Charge of Garrison, Stores, &c. at a moderate Medium of 60,000 l. a Year, for 3 Years since. } 180000 0 0

To extraordinary Expence of Shipping in conducting of Louisburg, and protecting the Harbour ever since, suppose only (which I imagine is much too low, but not having so good Authority here as in the other Articles, would not exceed) } 150000 9 0

Total 465747 11 10

The Charge of Transports, to bring off our Soldiers, People, &c. I had like to have forgot; but if this, and other Incidents, are only sufficient to make the gross Sum } 600000 0 0

This is three times as much as Dunkirk was sold for to the French, by King Charles II. and since that Prince is blamed for making a bad Market, what must be said of those who give such an extravagant Present?

A N N A P O L I S.

On the 21st Instant, the Negro Fellow, who was condemn'd for Murder at last Prince George's County Court, was executed near

near the Place where he committed the Fact, and afterwards hang'd in Chains.

Last Friday *William Diftin*, alias *Price*, was executed at *Upper Marlborough*, pursuant to his Sentence, for Horse-stealing.

Two Negro Men are committed to our Jail, for breaking open *Mr. Worthington's Store*; one of them having confessed the Fact.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Maryland, &c. **W**HEREAS *Mr. Jonathan Forward*, Merchant in *London*, has signified to the Subscriber his Intentions of declining the *Maryland Trade*, and delivering it up to *Messieurs Sydenham and Hodgson* (as he has already done the *Virginian*); all Persons indebted to the said *Jonathan Forward* (by any Transactions with me) are desired to come and settle their respective Accounts, and pay them off by the 20th Day of *February* next at farthest. Also those who are indebted to me on my private Account, are likewise desired to come and settle by that Time: And whoever has any Demands on me, they shall be duly paid; I intending to depart this Province, for *London*, early in the Spring. Whoever refuses to comply with this Request, must expect Trouble, from
DARBY LUX.

THE Subscriber intending for *London* next Summer, and having a very good Assortment of *European and India Goods*, Rum, Sugar, Salt, very good *Florence Oyl*, and fine *Bohea Tea* at Twelve Shillings per Pound, will sell the aforesaid Goods at very reasonable Rates, for Paper Currency, Bills of Exchange, *Indian Corn*, Pork, or Inspected Tobacco.
Annapolis, Dec. 28, 1748. **WILLIAM ROBERTS.**

ALL Persons who have open Accounts with the Subscriber, are requested by him to settle the same, as soon as possibly they can; in doing which, they will oblige
Their humble Servant,
WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

CHOICE *Bohea Tea* to be Sold at the Subscriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, at Twelve Shillings per Pound.
WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

WHEREAS the Subscribers intend to depart this Province doing Time next Spring, public Notice is hereby given, that they have for Sale a very valuable Tract of Land, situate on the south Side of *South River*, and adjoining to *London Town*, containing 1100 and odd Acres, upon which are three settled Plantations, two of which the Subscribers now live on, and are in good Repair.

As also two other choice Tracts, containing 600 and odd Acres, lying in *Prince George's County*, about two Miles and a half from *Queen Anne*, whereon are two Negro Quarters, with Orchard, Tobacco Houses, &c. &c. &c.

Any Person inclining to purchase less than the whole, may have what Quantity they like, above 200 Acres. For Terms of Sale, apply to
MORDECAI RICHARD,
and **THOMAS MOORE.**

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 27th of this Instant, a Convict Servant Man named *George Gold*, a Glazier by Trade, a middle siz'd Man about 30 Years of Age, of a fair Complexion, has a Scar under one of his Eyes, a short Neck, and has a proud strutting Walk: He had on when he went away a dark-colour'd Cloth Suit of Cloaths, the Coat trimm'd with Gold Thread Buttons; grey Stockings, an Off-nabrig Shirt, and a dark grey Wig: He was since seen at *Mr. Johnson's*, at some Distance from *Maggotty Mill*, in Company with one that goes by the Name of *Josph Norton*, who pretends to be looking out for a School, and has a Subscription Paper for that Purpose, signed by *Mr. James Dick*, Merchant, at *London Town*, *Stephen West*, *Junior*, and others in that Place. The said *Norton* is a well-shaped young Man, wore a Cap, had a greyish Coat with Metal Buttons, and I think an old blue Waistcoat, and may possibly be run away from some other Part. The said *Gold* may pretend to be of many Businesses, may change his Name or Cloaths, and have a false Pass.

Whoever takes up the said *George Gold*, and brings him home, shall have Forty Shillings, and reasonable Charges, if taken in this County; and if out of it, Three Pounds; and if taken out of this Province, Five Pounds, and Charges borne; paid by
PATRICK CREXON.

TO BE SOLD,

BY the Subscriber, at the House of *John Campbell*, Pewterer, in *Annapolis*, Choice good *Barbadoes Rum*, white Powder Sugar, *Muscovado Sugar*, Coffee, *Bohea Tea*, Chocolate, and Candles; also very good fresh Limes; at reasonable Rates, for ready Money.
MURCO CAMPBELL.

ANY of the Inspecting Houses, which are not yet furnished with Weights; or any Merchants, or others, wanting Weights; may be supplied therewith, at the *Patuxent Iron-Works*, at reasonable Rates, by
RICHARD SNOWDEN.

WATCHES; which have been left at the Subscriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, to be clean'd or mended, being ready long since to be deliver'd back to the Owners; Notice is hereby given, That if they are not call'd for and taken away, before the 25th of *March* next, they will (as the Subscriber is about to leave the Province) be sold, to pay the Charges due to
JOHN LUCAS.

N. B. Some of the Watches have been in his Possession, and mended, above four Years.

THE Subscriber intending to set up the Business of a Tanner, at *Mr. Tootell's Tan-Yard* in *Annapolis*, has supplied himself with every Thing convenient for that Purpose; and will work at the following Prices; *viz.* Five Shillings for each Hide; Three Shillings for a Kip; and Two Shillings and Sixpence for a Calf-Skin. He also tans Ben Leather.

He may be applied to at *Mr. John Campbell's*, Taylor in the City of *Annapolis*; or at the said *Tan-Yard*.
JOHN MURRAY.

WHEREAS, *Hannah* the Wife of *Richard Norton*, junior, of *Charles-Town* in *Cecil County*, hath eloped from her said Husband; This is therefore to forewarn all Persons from trusting her on his Account, for he will not pay any Debts she shall contract from the Date hereof; as also from harbouring or entertaining her, on any Account whatsoever; as they will answer the contrary at their Peril.
December 9, 1748. **RICHARD NORTON, junior.**

ANY Gentlemen, or others, who have Occasion to cross the Bay to *Kent Island*, may apply themselves to the Subscriber, who keeps commodious Boats for that Purpose; and Attendance will constantly be given at my House, in the City of *Annapolis*.
THOMAS WILLIAMSON.

AL Persons that still remain indebted to the Estate of *Thomas Lloyd*, late of *Anne Arundel County*, deceased, are desired to pay their respective Balances immediately; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.
JAMES DICK.

STRAYED from the *Nottingham Works*, in *Baltimore County*, about the last of *September*, a middle siz'd Bright-Bay Horse; he has four white Feet, a Blaze in his Face, and is branded IS on one Buttock, and SI on the other: He was bred in *Prince George's County*, near *Mr. Osborn Springs*, and was some Time ago the Property of *Mr. John Skinner* of *Lower Marlborough*. Whoever takes up the said Horse and brings him to the Subscriber at *Joppa*, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken up in *Baltimore County*; or in any other County, Forty Shillings; from
DAVID M'CALLISTER.

THIS is to give Notice, that there is at my Plantation at *Lingan Ore*, one large Black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock D; only not so plain on the Buttock as Shoulder; he had on when he came there a Bell, marked thus, I HUTTON. Also a middle siz'd Black Mare, with a Two Years old Black Colt, with a Slit in his Ear; she is branded on the near Shoulder N, and on the near Buttock O, a Blaze on her Forehead, with a Slip on her Nose; and one hind Foot white. Whoever applies to me at *Annapolis*, and proves his Property, may have them again, paying the Charge of this Advertisement.
WILLIAM CUMMINGS.
N. B. They are very valuable Creatures.

BY the Subscriber, at *Chesler Town*, a very neat Chaise, and several Riding-Chairs; at very reasonable Rates, for ready Money, or Paper Currency.
BENJAMIN BINNEY.

Notice is hereby given,
THAT John Raist is removed from the House over against Mr. Bordley's in North-East Street, to the House where Mr. Abbury Sutton lately lived, near the Dock in Annapolis; where he sells all Sorts of European and India Goods, at the most reasonable Rates. He likewise sells Rum, Sugar, Melasses, &c. Also Dr. James's famous Fever Powders, Dr. Hooper's Female Pills, Greenough's Tincture for the Tooth ach, and cleansing of Teeth, and Fryar's Balsam, all patented by his Majesty.

Notice is hereby given, that George Rouviere, a French Surgeon, is lately arrived in this City, who has a POWDER, approved of by the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris, which infallibly cures all manner of Fevers, whether constant or intermitting; and is much preferable to the Bark, as it leaves not those Pains in the Stomach, and other Disorders, behind it; as all those who have taken it, and experienced it's Virtues, can testify; no less than thirty Persons (being all who have taken it here) having been quite cured by it. This Powder likewise cures the Swelling of the Legs and Spleen, tho' of 6 or 7 Months Continuance, except it be turn'd to a Dropsy; with several other Maladies. And, that the Poor as well as Rich may be supplied with so excellent a Remedy, it is sold at Three Shillings Currency each Paper; six Papers being generally sufficient to perform the Cure; and in many Cases, half that Number.

This Powder is sold, and the Doctor may be advised with, at the Sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis; where Printed Directions will be given gratis to such as purchase the Powder.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS,

Hereby gives Notice to all Gentlemen and others, that he is removed from Broad Creek to Cowpen Point, on Kent Island; where they may depend on meeting with good Boats and skilful Hands, to cross the Bay, and good Entertainment for themselves and Horses, from

Their humble Servant, NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

N. B. Gentlemen may find me almost any Day, at Mr. Thomas Williams's in Annapolis.

ALMANACKS, for the Year 1749, to be Sold by the Printer hereof. Likewise Pocket Almanacks.

WILLIAM DIXON, STAY-MAKER,

At his House, opposite to Edmund Jennings's, Esq; in Annapolis; Makes and Sells all Sorts of Stays for Women and Girls, in the best and neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Prices; for Ready Money only.

LATELY IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by WILLIAM GOYARE, at his House near Annapolis, very cheap, for ready Money, or short Credit,

Choice Barbadoes Rum, New-England Ditto, Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Iron Pots, Iron Skillets, New-England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oil, Rush-bottom Chairs, and a Parcel of strong Osnabrigs.

Notice is hereby given, that the Subscriber has removed from John Campbell's, to the House opposite to Mr. Macnamara's in Duke-of-Gloucester-Street, in Annapolis; where he makes and sells as good Chocolate as was ever made in England, at 4 s. 6 d. per Pound; Likewise Scotch Snuff, as good as any imported from Europe, at 2 s. 6 d. per Pound; and the best French Rappée Snuff, at 3 s. per Pound. Constant Attendance is given at said House by

JAAC NAVARRO.

The Commissioners of the Paper Currency Office hereby give Notice, that they will attend every Day at the said Office (except Sundays), to take in: old Paper Money, 'till the middle of November; and from thence 'till Christmas, on every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday; and after Christmas, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, in every Week.

Signed by Order of the Commissioners,

Novemb. 2, 1748, RICHARD DORSETT, Clerk.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his PRINTING OFFICE in Charles-Street; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.

WHEREAS a Certain John Charllett, hath lately published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, No. 176, also in several others, his Intention of going to England with the present Shipping; and hath, since that Time, absented himself from my service, to whom he is now a servant, under Contract, at considerable yearly Wages; which contract he hath not performed, nor complied with, but left his said service, without giving me the least Warning, to my very great Prejudice and Damage. He is harboured, encouraged, and entertained, by some persons in this Town; to whom I give this Public notice, that if they continue so to do, I shall take such measures both with him and them, as the Law directs.

CHARLES COLE.

TO BE SOLD

BY the Subscriber, Part of a Tract of Land called Fenish Part, lying in the Fork of Patuxent River, in Anne Arundel County, about six Miles from Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works, containing 350 Acres, all Wood-Land, and well timber'd; and good low Ground, for those who are inclined to make Meadows. Whoever has a Mind to buy the same, may apply to the Subscriber at Mrs. Sarah Warfield's, near the Head of Severn River, where a good Title to the said Land shall be made by

ABSOLUTE WARFIELD.

JAMES HUTCHINGS,

Living at COWPEN-POINT, on Kent-Island,

HAVING good Boats and skilful Hands, for carrying Passengers, Horses, and Carriages, across the Bay, in almost any Weather; hereby gives Notice, That he keeps the Ferry from Kent to Annapolis, and from Annapolis to Kent: He has good Accommodations at his House for the Entertainment of Gentlemen and their Servants, and good Provender or Pasture for Horses. Any Gentlemen travelling that Way from the Western Shore, may meet with him almost any Day, at Mrs. Minkie's in Annapolis, one of his Boats being often on that Side the Bay to wait on Passengers; who may all depend on good Usage, from

JAMES HUTCHINGS.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship Edinburgh, Capt. Russell, and to be Sold by the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town;

MEN and womens velvets, black mantuas and padding silks; silk and worsted damasks for furniture, Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Manchester cheques, kerseys, half thicks, felts, noughts, duffels, bear skins, coarse cloths, sails, cotton gowings, strip'd and plain flannel, Welch cotton, felt hats, cambricks, muslins, men and womens shoes, stays, stockings; ironmongery, stationery, haberdashery, and cutlery wares; powder and shot; with sundry other Things too tedious to mention; to be sold by Wholesale or Retail, for Ready Money, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Walnut Plank, Indian Corn, Staves, Wheat, Flour, Pork, Tallow, or Skins.

Likewise to be sold, West-India Rum, single and double refined Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, and exceeding good Teas at 15 s. per Pound.

JOHN STEVENSON.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, for Paper Money, or Tobacco,

A Good Tract of Land, containing about 480 Acres, lying on the Waggon-Road near Seneca Bridge, convenient for inland Trade, or any public Business. It consists of two Plantations; on one of which is a good new Dwelling-House, 52 Feet long, with three Stone Chimneys, plank'd above and below, with two Rooms seal'd with Plank; a Milk-house, Meat-house, Corn-house, Stable, Barn, a good Well, and an Orchard planted with about 500 Trees; about 50 Acres of the Land is under Fence, clear'd, and fit for plowing with a great deal of rich Bottom, and 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground. The other Plantation contains about 30 Acres of clear'd Ground, with a Dwelling-House 30 Feet by 16, and a 30 Feet Tobacco-house. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may view the Premises, and know the Price, by applying to the Printer hereof, or

HENRY CRAMPHIN.

The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Cattle, Horses, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Fodder, &c. by the said Cramphin.