

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, A U G U S T 20, 1767.

TO THE PRINTER OF THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

I LITTLE expected that the innocent Caution, given in the GAZETTE, N^o. 1139, to the Inhabitants of this Province, against the fatal Consequence of admitting the JAIL-FEVER into their Families, inforc'd by a late notorious Instance of its dreadful Malignity, would have drawn upon me the Resentment of any Man in the Country.—Yet, such is my unhappy Fate! I have expos'd myself to the keen Animadversions of Mr. A. B. who has not only exerted the Poignancy of his Wit to ridicule my Fears, but gone a little out of his Way to prove the Utility of importing Six Hundred Convicts a Year into this Province. This brings to my Mind an Observation of *Hobbes's*, That the Axioms of *Euclid* would be contested by some, provided they stood in the Way of their Interests; and of another great Philosopher, who alledges, That there is a certain Race of Men of so selfish a Cast, that they would even set a Neighbour's House on Fire, for the Convenience of roasting an Egg at the Blaze. That these are not the Reveries of fanciful Speculatists, the Author now under Consideration is in great Measure a Proof; for who, but a Man sway'd by the most sordid Selfishness, would endeavour to disarm the People of all Caution against such imminent Danger, lest their just Apprehensions should interfere with his little Schemes of Profit? And who but such a Man would appear publicly as an Advocate for the Importation of Felons, the Scourings of Jails, and the abandoned Outcasts of the British Nation, as a Mode in any Sort eligible for the peopling a young Country?

I READILY agree with the Author, that in Matters of an interesting Nature, Facts alledg'd should be true, and all unnecessary Reflections on Individuals avoided. This insinuation he seems to aim at the Number of Persons mentioned in my Paper to have died in Mrs. BLAKE's Family, and at the Caution I gave to obviate the Evasions of interested Men to defeat the salutary Purposes of our Quarantine Law. It is no easy Matter to come exactly at the Truth of Facts of this Nature, where the Scene has lain at a considerable Distance; and, if the Number I mentioned, upon the Credit of confident Report, is chargeable with Aggravation, he must impute it to the People's great "Anxiousness" to preserve their Health, that their Fears are so apt to multiply, and so many false Reports are spread about the Country, respecting contagious "Distempers," and not to any wilful Misrepresentation in me. How many fewer might have died, had the learned Mr. A. B. been consulted, and his Method of Cure happily fallen upon, I leave to be discussed by the Physician who attended the Family, as well as the Reflections he has thought fit, with great Indecency, to cast upon that Gentleman's Character.—But, let the Fact be taken upon the Author's own Admission, who, I dare say, does not exaggerate the Number, and we find Seventeen at least died out of this Family. Where, then, upon this Supposition, could be the Impropriety of warning the People against this fatal Malady? Are Seventeen, in one Family, so inconsiderable a Number to be taken off by a Distemper, as to give no just Alarm to our Fears, and to make all Caution unnecessary? Seventeen only, says Mr. A. B. died; and this seems, in his Opinion, too slight a Foundation for the earnest Call I made upon the People to beware of the Introduction of these Miscreants into their Families. My well meant Endeavours on this Occasion, he is pleas'd to call, with a Sneer, "a Specimen of my Abilities in the pathetic Style, in painting the Distress of a Widow's Family on the Eastern Shore." I can assure Mr. A. B. I had not the least Hopes of moving Hearts like his, by my pathetic Specimen, if I may judge of his Feelings by the whole Tendency of his Performance.

As to the Caution I gave to guard against the Evasions of self-interested Men, which he is pleas'd to call an unnecessary Reflection on Individuals, it was likewise founded upon a common Report, uncontradicted by any one, to my Knowledge, That a Representation had been sent home by one, or more Persons, concerned in the Convict Commissions here, against our Quarantine-Law, with a View to procure a Dissent to it. This was my Reason for throwing out so early, "that the Operation of so good a Law would be frustrated by every Evasion which the Arts of interested Men could devise." And, I must appeal to the Public, whether, if the Fact be true, that any of these Gentlemen have attempted the entire Destruction of the Act, they have any Right to complain of my Insinuation, as an unnecessary Reflection upon them. Common Fame, I grant, is not a Foundation for

the Condemnation of any Man's Conduct; but surely, in Matters of so interesting a Nature to the Public, as the Preservation of Life, it will justify a Charge, and, more particularly, when the Parties affected have not thought fit to disavow it.

ALTHO' Mr. A. B. acknowledges that Mrs. BLAKE died at the same Time, yet his Selfishness is so predominant over his Candour, that he chuses to rack his Invention in Search of distant Causes, rather than to adopt the most obvious and probable. "She was," says he, "very anxious for the Interest and Welfare of her Children, went through much Fatigue and Solitude in nursing the Slaves, and being tender and delicate, got ill herself, and died; whether with the same Fever, or not, is doubted, as the Young Ladies did not take it."—I never heard the least Doubt of the Kind suggested by any Mortal but himself. Let us, however, take for granted, that his Doubts are to pass for positive Proofs, and the Concession will operate nothing against what I have advanced as to the fatal Effects of this Distemper upon Families. She did not die of the Fever, but of the Fatigue of nursing the Sick, &c. Where was the material Difference to this Family, whether their worthy Head was cut off immediately by the Distemper, or consequentially? He implicitly admits the Distemper to have been the *Causa sine qua non* of her Death, when he ascribes it to the Fatigue of Nursing, &c. and consequently shews nothing by his Doubt, but his Art in raising Distinctions without a Difference. I must then conclude, in Spite of this Gentleman's perverse Logick, that the malignant Fever which raged in this Family, was justly chargeable with all the ill Consequences, whether direct or remote; and that my Caution, even upon his own Supposition, was reasonable and proper. But the Reason of his doubting whether the Lady died of the same Fever, is curious—"because the young Ladies did not take it!"—Is it essential to a contagious Distemper, that every Body must take it, who happens to be near it? Has he not known some in a Family escape, where many others have had the Flux? Has he not known some Instances of the kind with regard to the Small-Pox; and has he not been well informed, that when the Plague itself prevailed in London, in which upwards of Seventy Thousand died, a much greater Number escaped?

OUR Author observes, that Doctor Hale says, "a Number of People confined long together, whether in a Jail, Ship, or elsewhere, must corrupt the Air, and bring on putrid Fevers!" Here, if the Gentleman had kept to his Text, we might have expected a Detail of the ill Consequences from a long Confinement of Numbers of People in Jails or Ships; but, these he chuses to pass over in profound Silence, and confines his Observations to Negro-Quarters. I never heard that our Negro-Quarters are remarkable for Closeness. They are generally built of Clap-boards, and not filled in so as to exclude the Air; and, when the Negroes are in the House, the Door is generally open. But, to make his Inference square with his Premises, or rather to make the Authority of Doctor Hale a Cafe in Point, it is incumbent upon him to shew, that it is a Custom with our Planters to confine their Negroes for a long Time together in their Habitations; and, when he has done this, I will admit his Conclusion, that, by elsewhere, Doctor Hale must have meant Negro-Quarters in MARYLAND, and that, by Jails and Ships, he meant—Nothing at all. "There has been," says our Author, "divers Instances of great Mortality in Negroes in this Province, without any Colour of Suspicion that they could possibly take the Disorder from a Visit of a Convict Transport." Here the Gentleman covers himself under the general Term, Disorder; whereas he should have confined his Assertion to the Subject-Matter in Dispute, which is that contagious Malady, called, The Jail-Fever; and I do defy him to produce divers Instances of great Mortality from that Distemper, where the Cause has not been manifestly traced to infected Ships, whether Convict, or others, matters not, as our Quarantine-Law was intended to guard against all under that Circumstance. I readily agree with our Author in recommending more airy and commodious Habitations for our Negroes; for, altho' the Houses generally built for that Purpose, may not be the original Cause of contagious Disorders, yet slight Indispositions, natural to our Climate, may be aggravated, where many sick People are confined together in too small a Compass. Let it however be granted, that contagious Fevers arise from the Causes he mentions, and then I would ask him, whether it was improper to guard against them, when they arise from other Causes? If he answers in the Negative, then where is the Foundation for his Quarrel with me? If, in the Affirmative, for

what Reason did he quote Doctor Hale; and why has he made it the whole Drift of his Composition to invalidate the Doctor's Allegation?

THE Gentleman, in the next Place, entertains us with an Opinion which must for ever silence his Antagonist, and convince the World of the Vanity of all Precautions against Distempers of every kind. "The Truth," says he, "I believe, is, we were never another Ship to come into this Country, People at one Time or another would die;" This indeed is a most sagacious Discovery!—and, altho' the Envy of Cavillers may be disposed to rob our Author of his Right to the original Invention of this profound Secret, yet do I believe it to be purely his own. As in the Animal Oeconomy, a Similarity of Constitutions may produce correspondent Effects in Two Individuals, independently of any Influence either has upon the other; so, reasoning from Analogy, we may infer, that a Congeniality of Souls may independently produce similar Operations in the mental Powers. In vain then will it be alledged against Mr. A. B. that he stole this Sentiment from Mr. P. P. whose Memoirs are recorded in the Writings of Swift. Mr. P. P. it is true, was prior in Point of Authorship, and there is a striking Resemblance between the Two Passages; but I account for it, upon the Principle above-mentioned, or what is called a jumping of Wits.—The Thought in Question is contained in an Epitaph of the said P. P. upon himself, and flows in the following Numbers:

Oh! Reader, if that thou can'st read,
Look down upon this Stone,
Do all we can, Death is a Man
That-----never spareth none!

I confess there is no other Difference between these Two Authors, than that Mr. P. P. delivers himself without the Appearance of a Doubt, whereas Mr. A. B. by his cautious Parenthesis, of "I believe," seems to think it Problematical. That the Observation however is equally worthy of them both, is by no means a Problem.

THE Cafe I mention'd about Mr. Howard's Family, I thought too notorious to admit of any Dispute; but yet, this likewise has the Misfortune to find a place amongst the Gentleman's Problems. Upon this Occasion, I must appeal to the Physicians who attended his Family, and must assure Mr. A. B. that, as far as their Authority has Weight, it is directly against him.

I HAVE not given myself the Trouble, or been furnish'd with the Means of estimating the Danger of admitting Transported Felons into our Families; and therefore must submit Mr. A. B.'s Calculation to the Reader. Instances are sufficiently notorious of the fatal Effects, to make the greatest Caution necessary, and I cannot think Mr. A. B. in taking such unworthy Pains to put the People entirely off their Guard, is entitled to their Thanks. His View, whatever his Pretences may be, is clearly selfish; what mine is, I cheerfully submit to the Public; nor do I think myself much affected by the Censure, when he ranks me amongst the "few Gentlemen who are very angry that Convicts are imported here at all." He pays me a Compliment where he intended a Reflection; but in confining it to a few, and representing that the general Sense of the People is in favour of this vile Importation, he is guilty of the most shameful Misrepresentation, and the grossest Calumny upon the whole Province. What Opinion must our Mother Country, and our Sister Colonies, entertain of our Virtue, when they see it confidently asserted in the *Maryland Gazette*, that We are fond of peopling our Country with the most abandon'd Profligates in the Universe? Is this the Way to purge Ourselves from that false and bitter Reproach, so commonly thrown in our Dish, that We are the Descendants of Convicts? As far as it has lain in my Way to be acquainted with the general Sentiments of the People upon this Subject, I solemnly declare, that the most discerning and judicious amongst them, esteem it the greatest Grievance imposed on Us by our Mother Country. This is not only the general Opinion here, but of the greatest Writers in England, and the best Judges of the proper Means of settling a young Country.—To accumulate Authorities would exceed the Limits of my present Purpose, and therefore I shall trouble the Reader with only one Quotation upon the Occasion.—It is from no less a Man than the great Lord Bacon, whose Sentiments upon all Subjects are in general entertained with a Reverence almost rising to Idolatry.—Speaking of Plantations, he delivers himself thus—"It is a shameful and unblest Thing to take the Scum of People, and wicked condemned Men to be the People with whom you plant; and not only so, but it spoileth the Plantation, for they will

* Parish Clerk.

"ever live like Rogues, and not fall to Work, but be lazy, and do Mischief, and spend Victuals, and be quickly weary."---The Truth of this Opinion in every Circumstance, I will venture to assert, has been amply confirmed by every Man's Experience, who has had considerable Dealings in this kind of Cattle.---And here, were I disposed to sacrifice Decency to Merriment, I wou'd exhibit Mr. A. B. by the Side of Lord Bacon, for the Sake of laughing at the ridiculous Contrast; but I have too high a Veneration for that great Man's Memory, to insult it by such a profane Association; and shall therefore leave our Author to prance with the high-mettled Mr. P. P. abovementioned, till I can find a fitter Match for him.

HAD the Legislature, proceeds our Author, "provided a proper House and place of Reception, at the Public Charge, for the unhappy Sick, when they shou'd come into the Country, whether Convicts, or Passengers, as they have in Pennsylvania, and in all other Countries in the World, where any thing like a Quarantine Law exists.---I think, it must be allowed, the Law wou'd have been much more perfect, and I hope at their next Meeting they will think so, and make such Provision." Altho' I readily agree with Mr. A. B. that whilst these Vermin are forced upon Us, it will be highly expedient to have a proper House and place of Reception for them, yet I dissent from him in one small Particular,---that it shou'd be done at the Public Charge. And I found my Dissent on this Principle, that nothing shou'd be done at the Public Charge, but what is for the Public Good.---Hence it follows, that until Mr. A. B. can prove, in Opposition to Lord Bacon, Common Sense, and to the almost universal Judgment of the People here, that it is for our Good, the Mother-Country shou'd discharge the foulest Pollutions of her Jails upon Us, he will fail in a very essential Part of the Principle laid down. It not being then for the Public Good, but directly otherwise, and consequently improper for a publick Charge, let us investigate some other Principle as a Foundation for a Measure we both agree to be right. If the Principle, that the PUBLIC GOOD should be supported by the PUBLIC CHARGE, be self-evident, I conceive, the Principle, that what is exclusively for the Good of Individuals, should be exclusively supported by Individuals, is equally self-evident. The Principle then, being established, it remains only to apply it; and here, I would ask who are the Persons interested in the Importation of Convicts into this Country? It must be answered, the Contractors at home, and those who have the Sales of them here.---AND THEY ONLY. Is it not reasonable, then, that those Gentlemen should give up a small Pittance from their enormous Profits, to provide a proper House and Place of Reception for their unhappy Sick; and will any Mortal but Mr. A. B. have the Effrontery to say, that this should be done at the public Charge? I must declare then, in the Words of Mr. A. B. that, with the Addition I propose, "it must be allow'd the Law would have been much more perfect; and, I hope, at their next Meeting, the Legislature will think so, and make such Provision." And here I must express my Hopes, that the Gentleman, whose Heart Mr. A. B. knows so well, and whose indisputable Merit he has established by the most impartial Testimony, the Gentleman who so nobly disregarded all his private Views of Interest, in the Affair of Negro Consignments, will be the first to move, in the next Assembly, for a Duty of Twenty Shillings per Head on the Importation of all Convicts, as a Fund for providing a proper House and Place of Reception for the unhappy Sick, when they come into the Country. It is true, he knows very well, that the Profits from this Trade, will bear a much higher Imposition without any Injury upon the Parties concern'd, when it is consider'd, that Common Labourers sell at £. 12 Sterling, and Tradesmen, from £. 18 to £. 50 Sterling per Head; but I would advise him to restrain his Zeal within proper Bounds, and not, as in the Negro-Affair, propose a Sum, which would be the same in Consequence as a Prohibition. For my Part, I think every Act of Parliament made for the Colonies, and founded upon constitutional Principles, ought to bind them; and that, where they think themselves aggrieved by the BRITISH LEGISLATURE, it is their Duty humbly to remonstrate against the Imposition, and not, by subtle Evasions, to contravene the Act, which amounts to a virtual Repeal, and is totally inconsistent with the subordinate Relation we stand in to our Mother-Country. I am well convinced, that the Legislature, in enacting the Quarantine-Law, proceeded upon the wise and beneficent Principle of providing against the Introduction of contagious Distempers, and not upon the Policy of opposing an Act of Parliament, as has been wickedly suggested by some. I make no Doubt but they will still proceed upon the same Principle, in making this Law as perfect as possible, without being discouraged by a famous Miscarriage, which we all remember. In an Act for his Majesty's Service, a Duty was laid upon Servants for Seven Years and upwards, and upon all other Servants imported into the Province. The Contractors at home for the Transportation of Convicts, represented that this Duty amounted to a Prohibition, and that they could no longer afford to send them in, altho' it was only 20s. per Head. We had no Body then to defend our Cause, every Misrepresentation was swallowed, and the Consequence was, that the Collection of the Duty upon Convicts was

stopped. Thus did the Arts and Interest of a few obscure Contractors, triumph over as many Thousands of as dutiful Subjects as any in his Majesty's Dominions, to their infinite Mortification. But, I say, let us not be discouraged by this Instance, for we have now a Gentleman at home, in the Service of this Country, whose Abilities can baffle all the little Arts and Machinations of Contractors, and enforce our Cause with the irresistible Power of Justice and Truth. Add to this Consideration, that Mr. A. B.'s Friend will exert all his Abilities and Influence in the Lower House in so good a Cause, and confirm, by a Uniformity of Conduct, his Character of Disinterestedness. The Sanction of his Name, and the Instructions he can give to our Agent at home, from his Knowledge of Trade, and the Expediency and Equity of the Imposition, will be of singular Advantage in promoting a Quarantine-Act upon a proper Foundation. He may then hug himself secure in his Virtue, despite the clumsy Encomiums of such an awkward Panegyrist as A. B. and look down with conscious Dignity upon the Malice of every invidious Detractor.---Mr. A. B. certainly spoke without Book, when he so roundly asserted, "that in Pennsylvania, and in all other Countries in the World, where any Thing like a Quarantine-Law exists, there are provided a proper House and Place of Reception for Convicts or Passengers." I defy him to produce one single Instance upon the Face of the Globe, where any such Provision is made for Convicts. But, as Precision seems not to be the Talent of this Writer, it would be ungenerous to confine him to the Import of his Terms, when there is any other Clue for fixing a more rational Meaning upon him. Let us suppose, then, that he meant "wherever any Thing like a Quarantine-Law exists, Provision has been made of a proper House and Place of Reception for the Sick." It would be tedious to confute this Assertion by a particular Reference to Quarantine-Acts, in which no such Provision is made, and therefore I shall content myself with denying his Allegation, and putting the Proof upon him; at the same Time giving him a little Memento of the Rule, he so plausibly lays down to others, that, "when Matters of an interesting Nature come before the Public, Facts alledg'd, should be true." AND now, Mr. A. B. hitherto tolerably pacific, falls upon me in a Storm of angry Questions.---Who are these interested Men this Writer means? Are they not the Gentlemen concern'd in the Sale of those People?---Who else can he mean? Softly Mr. A. B. and I will tell you, in one Word, whom I meant.---I meant the Man or Men, who, 'tis reported, sent Representations home to England, with a View of procuring a Dissent to the Quarantine Act,---an Act, which, without any Intention of imposing unreasonable Hardships upon any Body, was simply attentive to the Preservation of the Lives and Healths of the Inhabitants. For the Honour of my Countrymen, I wish this Cap may fit no Body; but if it does, let the guilty Person wear it, say I, altho' it were a Cap of Thorns.

SURELY, says Mr. A. B. the Gentlemen concern'd in the Sales, would never be so mad as to venture their own Lives so constantly, if they conceiv'd any considerable Degree of Danger. This Observation is founded upon the Principle, that Men will not run the Risque of their Lives in the pursuit of Gain, which shews his profound Knowledge in the History of Mankind.---Instances enough may be adduced from the Practices of War, Navigation, and many other Pursuits in Life, to shew the Fallacy of this Principle; nay, Mr. A. B. himself, has furnished us with an Example which militates against his own Doctrine, and shews, that "Men will be so mad as to venture their Lives constantly, in Circumstances of certain Danger," where he assures the Public, that "for these Thirty Years, communibus Annis, there has been at least 600 Convicts per Year imported into this Province." But perhaps the Gentlemen concern'd in these Sales, may secure themselves from the Danger to which others are expos'd, by certain Antidotes or preventive Medicines.---Let us, however, allow this Argument its full Force, and we shall find it to be as weak as any of the rest. The Gentlemen concern'd in the Sales, conceive there is no considerable Danger of Infection from Convict Ships!---Ergo, there is none.---To make his Logic conclusive, he must establish the Infallibility of these Gentlemen, and then I will acknowledge that his Quotation from Dr. Hale was impertinent, that the Authorities of Lord Bacon, Dr. Mead, and Dr. Pringle, are nothing to the Purpose, that what we have heard of the Black Affair at Oxford, is an idle Tradition, that D'Arville's Expedition against AMERICA, was not defeated by the Jail-Fever, communicated by a Convict Ship, that the Accounts we have of the Mortality at the Lent Assizes at Taunton, in 1730 †, and at the Sessions

* There died, within 40 Hours, the Judges, Gentry, and all that were present, except Women and Children, to the Number of Three Hundred, from, as the great Lord Bacon supposed, the poisonous Steam of the Prisoners.

† There died of the Infection caught at this Assize, Lord Chief Baron Pengelly, Sir James Sheppard, Knight, John Pigott, Esq; High Sheriff, and some Hundreds of others in the Town.

at the Old-Bailey, in May 1750 †, from the same Cause, were Fictions, that there never was any Instance of the kind in this Province, and in fine, that Mr. A. B. is a modest Man, and a sound Logician.

It would be an endless Piece of Work to remark upon every exceptionable Passage in Mr. A. B.'s Piece; for, in Truth, he never makes a Step without a Trip. I shall therefore take up no more of the Reader's Time, but submit what I have said to his Judgment, in Confidence, that he will give me Credit for my good Intentions, if I am entitled to none for any Manner in handling the Subject. From a Principle of Duty, I gave the Alarm, and Mr. A. B. is welcome, if he pleases, to call my Endeavours invidious. Whoever undertakes to vindicate the Interests of Society, in Opposition to the selfish Schemes of Individuals, must expect to encounter Railing and Abuse. I flatter myself, I have Reason and Truth on my Side in this Controversy, and shall therefore think myself as secure from the Attacks of Mr. A. B. as the Foil in the Fable, was from the Gnawings of the Viper.

PHILANTHROPOS.

† Sir Thomas Abney, a Justice of the Common Pleas; Sir James Pennant, Knight, Lord Mayor; Sir Daniel Lambert, and Seventeen others of considerable Note, besides many of inferior Rank, were supposed to be killed by the noisome Stench of the Prisoners.

TO THE PRINTER OF THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

MR. A. B. having thought proper, in your GAZETTE, of the 30th of July, No. 1142, amongst other Matters, to mention the Case of the late Mrs. BLAKE's Family, I beg Leave to make a few Remarks on his State of it; which I am the rather inclin'd to do, as it appears to me, not only to be false, but injurious also to my Friend, the Gentleman employ'd as Physician in the Family. This Writer sets out with a seeming Air of Candor, and tells us, That "when Matters of an interesting Nature come before the PUBLIC, Facts alledg'd should be true," &c. But forgetting this honest Rule, he presently alleges what is not true; and implies a Reflection on the Physician that attended Mrs. BLAKE's Negroes; for he says, and upon Hear-say Evidence too, That "after they omitted Bleeding, and administer'd James's Powders, several of them recovered; and that it is thought, that Method of Cure, if at first happily fallen on, might have saved some of those that died." Now this Insinuation is as false as it is unkind; for, to my certain Knowledge, the Physician did administer James's Powders from the Beginning, and afterwards dropped them, and made use of other Medicines that proved more effectual; and of all that were taken with this fatal Disorder, which, including those at the Quarter, about Half a Mile from the Dwelling House, amounted to Twenty-one grown Persons, besides Children, Five only were bled, and that on Account of some particular Circumstances in their Cases, which strongly indicated that Evacuation, and of those Five some died, and some recovered; so that Bleeding was no Part of the general Cure; nor, when from particular Indications it appeared necessary, did it increase the Disorder, or occasion the Loss of any Lives. Surely it ill became this Gentleman, who is so very tender of his own Character, as well as that of his Friends, to publish, in the GAZETTE, such a foul Aspersions on the Character of a Physician, as that of suffering the Lives of several of his Patients to be lost by his Ignorance.

WITH regard to the Method of communicating this Disorder, Mr. A. B. is also misinformed; and 'tis great Pity he was; for he has thereby failed in the only Attempt towards being witty in the whole Publication. It was not the casual Visit of a Felon, that made such Havock, but of a Felon's Master, who had received the Infection from a CONVICT Servant he had bought, and who, on a casual Visit to his Brother, one Cedar, in Queen-Anne's County, was then taken sick, and communicated the Distemper to his Brother's Family, from whence it came into Mrs. BLAKE's Family, by means of a Negro Fellow of hers, who had a Wife at Cedar's, whom he attended in this very Fever, which cost both him and her their Lives. Thus, notwithstanding all this Gentleman's fine Notions of a Malignant Fever, and his Account of it as arising from the Nastiness of Negroes, and their being crowded in their Quarters, tho' all this, I say, may in some Instances be very true, yet it makes nothing at all to his Purpose; for the Infection of this particular Malignant Fever can be easily trac'd to it's Fountain Head, a CONVICT Ship; a Ship, if I am not misinformed, address'd to this very Writer, who, when he visits these infected Ships, generally takes the necessary Precaution, as I am told, of carrying a Piece of Tar'd Rope, by Way of Necessity, to prevent his catching the Infection. From this, and such like Precautions, it has, no doubt, happened, that Gentlemen concern'd in the Sales of Convict Servants, have seldom caught the Infection from them: And, tho' the Infection be sometimes so violent, as, like a Plague, to sweep off all that come within the Sphere of its Activity, as at the fatal Assizes at Oxford, in the Year 1557, and at the Old-Bailey in 1750, as mention'd by Dr. Pringle, and as in the Case of the Poor Workmen in Ghent,

in the Year 1743, mention'd by Dr. Pringle, when, of Twenty, the Tents of the Sick, not always the Cafe; for this Distemper (says Dr. Pringle) is not particularly violent, but it is not breath'd long in, will either escape, or on it so slowly, as to all

As to the Gentleman's Quarantine Law, I leave those who may be better acquainted with the Principles on which it proceeds, to determine whether I cannot help observing, with interest and patriotism, generally concern'd in the Affairs, and particularly his FRIEND, who was House of Assembly, and Negroes, because he thought it a Goal of his Country, when another CATO, crying out

Oh VIRTUE! Oh LIBERTY!

But if it should appear a political Patriot, who scorned Commissions, for the nobility has since solicited for the What shall we say? Why Mind, as alas! many a

Hew! quantum

Upon the Whole, tho' I have not ed Mrs. BLAKE's Family, to find Fault with this Writer's representing his Conduct in a Manner; yet when he comes to B. may have advanced some of common Fame, not perhaps, to hurt the Character of the Doctor, but to accommodate all Matters to his own Interest, that, if generally received, prove no less beneficial to the Mercantile Tribe: On the Doctor ought to excuse the Doctor, and propose to the mutual Advantage, That Physicians, &c. &c. show the general Utility of importing Diseases, from the long interrupted Mansions of the Constitution, and in the good People of this Province

CONSTANT

THE Chevalier de Ver... the Court of France... Grand Vizir the Day before... some Corsairs which cruize... lands, committed great... and already taken above... ships, which he expected... French not being at War... are should be taken to p... our of these Pirates, othe... te to the Commander o... Mediterranean, to burn th... proper Subjection.

Warlaw, May 9. The confederate Dissidents con... on and modest Behaviour... Friendship of the Senat... redress of their Griev... ce a Negotiation, whic... the greatest Opposition th... em will be by the Clergy... fence, May 10. The S... en of War, which lie h... re from Port-Mahon, as... sels, to repair to Algier... small Fleet is to dem... Peace concluded with... of Refusal, to declar... in it by bombarding th... Polish Prussia, May 11. T... serve the most exact Dis... just happened which a... tranquility. The Deput... ing at the Grod of Ca... of Confederation of T... d opposed it, and wer... men. Animosity induc... and some Cossacks of... the Cossacks, urged to... silants, and secured th... retreating into a C... bassador from Russia, h... tlemen, and demanded...ogue, May 26. Letter... instant, advise, that... Capraia has surrendere... tulation.

May 16. Two Ba... red Lighters, and Se... 116 Corsican Soldiers... Capraia, sailed from

in the Year 1743, mention'd by the same Gentleman, when, of Twenty-three employed in refitting the Tents of the Sick, Seventeen died, yet this is not always the Case; for "the common Course of this Distemper (says Pringle) is slow, and catching to those chiefly who are confin'd in bad Air, such as the Sick in Hospitals, and their Nurses, and Prisoners in Jails. But when there is no great Quantity of infectious Matter, or when it is not particularly violent, or when a Person has not breath'd long in such dangerous Steams, he will either escape, or have the Symptoms come on so slowly, as to allow Time for Prevention."

As to the Gentleman's Observations on the Quarantine Law, I leave them to be considered by those who may be better acquainted with the Principles on which it proceeded, and was enacted; but I cannot help observing how highly he extols the disinterested and patriotic Spirit of the Gentleman generally concern'd in the Sale of CONVICT Servants, and particularly admire the Character of his FRIEND, who was so zealous, in the Lower House of Assembly, against the Importation of Negroes, because he thought it incompatible with the Good of his Country, whom, I think, I hear like another CATO, crying out,

Oh VIRTUE! Oh LIBERTY! Oh my COUNTRY!

But if it should appear at last, that this very identical Patriot, who scorn'd to accept of any Negro Commissions, for the noble Reason above assign'd, has since solicited for those very Commissions,----- What shall we say? Why, THAT he has changed his Mind, as alas! many PATRIOTS now-a-Days do.

Hæc quantum mutatus ab illo!

Upon the Whole, tho' the Gentleman who attended Mrs. BLAKE's Family, may have good Reason to find Fault with this Writer for so grossly misrepresenting his Conduct, and in such a Public Manner; yet when he comes to reflect that Mr. A. B. may have advanced as Facts, the idle Reports of common Fame, not so much with a View, perhaps, to hurt the Character of the Physician, as to accommodate all Matters to the Support of a Doctrine, that, if generally received, would, in the End, prove no less beneficial to the *Physical*, than to the *Mercantile* Tribe: On this Consideration, I say, the Doctor ought to excuse Mr. A. B. this Piccayollo, and propose to this Gentleman, for their mutual Advantage, That all Merchants, Factors, Physicians, &c. &c. should join in extolling the general Utility of importing Rogues, Felons, and Diseas'd, from the long infected Walls, and deeply corrupted Mansions of NEWGATE, &c. to mend the Constitutions, and improve the Morals of the good People of this Province.

Your's C. D.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 3.

THE Chevalier de Vergennes, Ambassador from the Court of France, had an Audience of the Grand Vizir the Day before Yesterday, when it is sur'd that the Ambassador declared to him, that some Corsairs which cruiz'd among the Archipelago Islands, committed great Outrages there; that they had already taken above Ten French Merchant Ships, which he expected should be restored, the French not being at War with the Porte, and that he should be taken to put a Stop to the ill Behaviour of these Pirates, otherwise he should send Advice to the Commander of the French Fleet in the Mediterranean, to burn them, and bring them under proper Subjection.

Warsaw, May 9. The Four Deputies from the confederate Dissidents continue, by their Moderation and modest Behaviour, to gain the Affection and Friendship of the Senators and other Grandees. The redress of their Grievances will probably produce a Negotiation, which will last a long while. The greatest Opposition that will be made against them will be by the Clergy.

Venice, May 10. The Senate has ordered Two Men of War, which lie here, together with Three from Port-Mahon, as also some smaller armed Vessels, to repair to Algiers. The Commodore of the small Fleet is to demand of the Dey to ratify Peace concluded with his Predecessor; and, in case of Refusal, to declare War, and instantly to begin it by bombarding the City.

Prussia, May 11. The Russian Troops still observe the most exact Discipline, but an Accident just happened which a little troubles the public tranquillity. The Deputies of the Dissidents appearing at the Grod of Calicz, to register there the Act of Confederation of Thorn, the Officers of the Army opposed it, and were abetted by some Gentlemen. Animosity induced them to attack and kill some Cossacks of the Dissidents Escort. The Cossacks, urged to Extremities, fell on the Russians, and secured their Persons, just as they were retreating into a Church. Prince Repnin, Ambassador from Russia, hath complain'd of these Proceedings, and demanded Satisfaction.

Leghorn, May 16. Letters from Leghorn, of the 15th Instant, advise, that the Fortreis of the Island Capraia has surrendered to the Corsicans, by Capitulation.

Genoa, May 16. Two Barks, one Polacco, Two Lighters, and Seven Feluccas and Boats, with 316 Corsican Soldiers, intended for the Island Capraia, failed from hence the 15th Instant.

This Detachment is commanded by Colonel Matra; each Soldier received a Present of one Zechin, to encourage them to behave well on the Occasion.

Malaga, May 8. The Princessa, a 74 Gun Ship, arriv'd here Yesterday with the Jesuits from Cadiz, in several Ships under her Convoy. Those of the Kingdom of Granada, who had been waiting in this City for some Time, were immediately put on board others prepared for their Reception; and this Morning the whole Fleet, with between Five and Six Hundred of those Fathers on board, sail'd with a fair Wind for Civita Vecchia, under the Convoy of the Man of War.

Hamburg, May 22. The King of Sweden, in Consequence of a Letter received from the Dissidents of Poland, has caused a Memorial to be drawn up in the Latin Language, and sent to his Envoy at Moscow, with Orders to remit it to the Minister residing there on the Part of Poland. In this Piece his Majesty declares, that he shall employ himself in contributing to get the Dissidents re-established in their civil and religious Rights, in a Manner conformable to the Declarations made by the Empress of Russia and the King of Prussia.

Vienna, May 16. The Jesuits established in this Capital, alarmed at the News of their Brethren in the Dominions of the King of Spain, being ordered to retire from thence, and forbid ever to enter into them again, demanded a few Days ago an Audience of the Empress Queen, which having obtained, they acquainted her with the Fear they had of being treated in the same Manner, and to prevent it, have implored her Protection. It is said, her Majesty answer'd, that if they preserve an irreproachable Conduct, by acquitting themselves faithfully in the Employments of the State, and keep from meddling with Affairs that no ways concern them, they shall suffer no Harm.

LONDON, May 27.

Letters from the Hague, by Yesterday's Holland Mail, bring Advice of the Death of the Prince of Saxe-Gotha, Brother of the reigning Duke, and of her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales, and Lieutenant Veldt Marshal of the Armies of the Empress Queen.

A Letter from Paris, dated May 15, says, "Though the preceding Advices from Rome had given Room to believe that the Pope was determined to receive the Jesuits in his Dominions, the last Letters inform us, that the Pontiff had sent Orders to the Governor of Civita Vecchia not to permit their Landing till he received farther Orders, but to furnish them with the necessary Refreshments. These Letters add, that Two Couriers had been sent to Madrid, charged with Dispatches, representing on the Part of his Holiness, to his Catholic Majesty, "That if the Jesuits are guilty, they are not sufficiently punished; and too much so, if they are innocent. That the Laws seem to require, that Citizens shall not be driven from their Country, till after they have undergone a Trial, to make evident the Proofs of their Crime: That, as to the rest, though it is in the Power of his Catholic Majesty to treat his Subjects in such a Manner as may seem fit and convenient to him, yet he cannot oblige any other Sovereign to give them an Asylum in his Dominions; and that if the Catholic Powers should all think proper to suppress the different religious Orders in the Countries under their Dominion, and consign them to the Disposal of his Holiness, not only the Ecclesiastical State, but the whole Country of Italy, would be too small to contain all those Inhabitants, &c."

June 1. It is now said that their Serene Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Brunswick, propose to pass the ensuing Winter in London; the Report of their speedy Departure for Germany being premature.

We hear a Regulation will shortly be made, that all his Majesty's foreign Garrisons shall be relieved once in Seven Years.

Saturday Morning Dispatches were sent from Secretary Conway's Office, for his Excellency the Earl of Rochford at Paris.

According to recent Advices from Leghorn, upwards of 300 French and English Ship Carpenters are now employed in the Service of Paschal de Paoli, Chief of the Corsicans.

June 3. Yesterday Morning his Excellency the Ambassador from the States General had a Conference with Mr. Secretary Conway, on the subject of Dispatches received from the Hague.

Mr. Alderman Beckford lies at the Point of Death, at his House in Soho-Square, being given over by his Physicians.

They write from Gibraltar, that a Barbary xebec, under Tripoline Colours, had taken a Neapolitan Bark in the Adriatic, richly laden, and carried her into the Island of Cyprus.

It is said Advice is received by the Prince of Wales, from India, dated the 3d of December last, that Cossim Aly Khan, at the Head of a numerous Body of Morattas, had begun a fresh War in that Country, and that the Whole of our Army was in march to attack him.

Monday the Valentine, Capt. Griffin, fell down the River from Deptford, to proceed with some dispatches of Importance for the East-Indies.

Advice is said to have been received last Sunday from Commodore Graves, of some farther Encroachments made by the French on the African Coast.

We hear from Inverness, that a Number of Scotch Highlanders, who had been abroad during last War, have lately engaged themselves to go over to Corsica, to serve as Soldiers under General Paoli.

It is said that the Parliament will not be prorogued till near the Expiration of this Month.

June 4. Yesterday the Right Honourable House of Lords adjourn'd till Monday, the 15th Instant.

The same Day the Honourable House of Commons adjourn'd till Wednesday, the 10th Instant.

Letters from Vienna, dated May 16; say "Our last Advices from Constantinople inform, that the Porte had agreed to conclude a Peace with the Georgians, on Condition that they pay to the Grand Seigneur a yearly Tribute of 18,000 Piasters, and deliver up to him 24 of their young Native-Maidens. But it is thought this last Part, with respect to the Maidens, so far as it relates to Natives of their own Country, will not be complied with."

Yesterday a Committee of the African Merchants waited upon Lord Clare, First Lord of Trade and Plantations, to return him Thanks for the Services done to them since his Lordship's presiding at that Board.

May 30. Captain Smith, of the Tryphena, who arriv'd at Liverpool, on Monday se'nnight from Pensacola, on his Passage thither, being driven upon the Grand Bahama Bank, in 3 Fathom Water, November 30, sent out his Long-Bont, and Three Men, to sound a little to the Westward, was carried away by the Rapidity of the Current, and though the Ship lay to a Night and a Day, with Lights out, and Guns firing, they could not hear of the Boat, but it is hoped they gain'd Cuba, or some other Island.

A Letter from an Officer at Perth, dated May 2, says,—"Last Week I was out with a Command to Fort Augustus, where some Part of the Fortifications are repairing; whilst there, some Labourers, in digging a Trench, found an Earthen Urn of a blue Colour, with about 300 Pieces of Coin of mixed Metal, some a little larger than our Halfpence, and the others the size of Farthings, they appear to me to be all of the Emperor Dioclesian."

BOSTON, July 27.

Last Thursday Captain Ingerfon arriv'd here in a Schooner in 24 Days from Surinam, who brings an Account that on the 24th of April last, between 6 and 7 o'Clock in the Morning, they had a violent Shock of an Earthquake at that Place, but through God's Mercy did no great Damage.

July 10. Tuesday last we had very severe Lightning and Thunder, accompanied with Rain, and followed by Gusts of Wind; the Clouds were very low, and gathered more over this Town than had been known for many Years past: The Chimney of a House in Pleasant-Street was struck, and a young Woman sitting near the Corner was stunned, and slightly hurt by the falling of some of the Bricks, but soon recovered: A Tree was also struck at the West Part of the Town. It is said the great Utility of the Electrical Points and Conductors, especially those on the Steeples of the Meeting-Houses, was very apparent at this Time, these being observed to attract and conduct into the Earth the Electrical Fire with which the Clouds were so highly charged; and it is not doubted were the Means, under Divine Providence, of preserving the Town from great damage.

NEW-YORK, August 6.

Last Wednesday Evening, Captain Lash, in a Sloop, arriv'd here in 14 Days from St. Thomas, by whom we have positive Advice, that the Island St. Thomas and St. Johns, had both been declared Free Ports, by his Danish Majesty, open to all Vessels and Commodities of what Nation or kind soever, without any Restrictions or Reservations, save the Common Fees and Duties heretofore usual in those Ports.-----Friday last Capt. Lash spoke with Capt. Martin, in a Sloop from St. Kitts, bound to Virginia.

The Weather has been so extreme warm for many Days past, that last Tuesday, Three Horses that were hired out at Long Island Ferry, to go into the Country a few Miles, being rode a little harder than common, died as soon as they they returned home.

A Daughter of Mr. Anthony Waters, on the North-Side of Staten-Island, was killed at her Father's House last Saturday Noon, by Lightning, as she was removing an Ironing-Table in the Entry; Two Gentlemen from Philadelphia, one of which, named Jarvis, were close by her, received not the least Hurt: After turning twice round, she fell on her Face, and, when taken up, no other Marks of Hurt could be discovered, but a small blue Speck under one of her Eyes.

PHILADELPHIA, August 13.

Extract of a Letter from London, June 5.
"I am now to tell you exactly what Duties the Parliament have laid for America, viz. Four Shillings and Eight Pence per Hundred on Crown, Plate, Flint and White Glass, imported into the Colonies; One Shilling and Two Pence per Hundred on Green Glass; Two Shillings per Hundred on Red and White Lead, and Painters Colours; and Three Pence per Pound on Tea, imported into the said Colonies."

Another Letter of June 6, says Captain Lawrence, from New-York, is arriv'd in London, and the Packet at Falmouth.

ANNAPOLIS, AUGUST 20.

On Monday Morning last, the Dwelling House of Mrs. Calabam of this City, was struck with Lightning, which did considerable Damage in several Rooms, as well as to the Weatherboarding and Chimneys, it likewise intirely demolished a Bedstead, and tore the Bed. Two of her Sons had fortunately got up, and left that Room, but a very few Minutes. The Gavel-End of a Smoke-House at a small Distance was destroyed, a Negro Wench was struck on the Face and Arm, both which were a little burnt, but she happily received no other Injury.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A Moses-built BOAT, almost new, from Stem to Stern Fifteen Feet Four Inches, and Five Feet Wide; likewise JAMAICA and ANTIGUA RUM, and MUSCOVADO SUGAR, by Wholesale or Retail.

(3*) JAMES REITH.

Patowmack River, Digges's Landing, Aug. 3.

IF one HEBER WHITTINGHAM, a Native of Cheshire, in England, who some Years since came over to Maryland, will apply to the Subscriber, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage, or if dead, any Person by Certificate, giving an Account when he died, and where buried, shall receive a handsome Reward, by applying to Charles Lansdale Esq. pay.

(4*) WILLIAM BUDDICOM.

ANNAPOLIS, August 19, 1767.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber by Bond, Note, or open Account, are hereby requested to pay off the same, as he is determin'd to give them no longer Indulgence than this Notice; if this Request is not comply'd with, they may depend on being sued. He continues to sell Madeira Wine by the Gallon, West-India Rum by the Hoghead or Gallon, Boston ditto by the Barrel, Philadelphia Loaf Sugar by the Loaf or Pound, Bohea Tea, Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or Pound, Molasses, Chocolate, Hard Soap and Castile, Pomatum, Anderson's, Hooper's, and Lockyer's Pills, Bateman's Drops, Elixir of Bardana, Stoughton's Bitters, King's Honey-Water, and Jesuit's Bark by the Pound or Ounce, with sundry Dry GOODS, for Ready Money, or short Credit.

(3*) THOMAS WILSON.

Exceeding good Limes by the Barrel, or Hundred, Tamarinds, by the Keg or Pound. He has also to dispose off, a likely Negro Wench, about 15 Years of Age, that has been brought up to Plantation Buiness.

On Tuesday the 17th of November next, will be exposed to SALE, at the House of Mr. ARTHUR CHARLTON, in FREDERICK-TOWN, pursuant to the Last Will and Testament of Peter Butler, of Frederick County, deceased, the following TRACTS of LAND, all lying in the County aforesaid, viz.

GRASSEY CABBIN, containing 50 Acres. ABBOT of CANTERBURY, containing 100 Acres, lying about a Mile above the Mouth of Great-Town, Alloway Creek, on the West Side, where RICHARD ABBOT now lives, partly cultivated.

GOOD WILL, containing 25 Acres, lying near one of the Draughts of Great-Pipe Creek. MOUNTAIN LOTT, containing 100 Acres, lying near one of the Head Springs of Kitockton Creek.

The Terms and Title which is indisputable, may be known by applying to the Subscriber, at Mr. ARTHUR CHARLTON'S.

(4*) RICHARD BUTLER, Son and Heir at Law of PETER BUTLER, decd.

Charles County, Nanjemoy, August 17, 1767.

CAME on Shore to the Subscriber's Landing, some Time in September last, an old FERRY-BOAT, with an Iron-bound Stem; the Upper Part of the Wood Part broke off, is very much patch'd of the Out-side, and well caulk'd within, is low forward, appears to have been made use of in some narrow Ferry, and has Two Rowlocks fix'd forward convenient for one Person to row with Two Oars.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

(4*) JOSEPH HANSON HARRISON.

I should have advertised the above BOAT before, but was inform'd she belonged to a Gentleman that knew where she was, and did not think worth while to send for her. J. H. H.

Prince-George's County, August 15, 1767.

To be SOLD or RENTED very cheap, THE HOUSES and IMPROVEMENTS of the Subscriber, at Upper-Marlborough, which are all in good Repair, and very convenient for a Tavern-keeper, Merchant, or private Family.

A Tavern-keeper well qualified for the Buiness, and desirous to keep a good House, will meet with great Encouragement, from BENJAMIN BROOKES. A great deal of good FURNITURE may be had with the Houses.

MY Wife ANNE having eloped and taken with her my Children, Four of my Negroes, several of my Horses, and sundry other of my Effects; I give Notice to all Persons, not to Trust her on my Account, and forbid all Persons to buy or contract with her for any of my Effects, as I will not pay any Debts of her contracting, and will endeavour to recover any Thing again which she may dispose of: EDWARD DAY.

Frederick County, Maryland, August 15. To be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, by the SUBSCRIBER, at JOHN ORME'S in GEORGE-TOWN, on Thursday the 3d Day of September, for good Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money,

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called FRIENDSHIP, containing 250 Acres, which is exceeding good and level. There is about 80 Acres cleared, with a small Dwelling-House, Two Tobacco-Houses, and other convenient Out-Houses, a good young Orchard, and the Fencing in good Order. The Premises lie about 5 or 6 Miles above George-Town. RICHARD KEENE CLAGETT.

August 17, 1767. RAN away last Night from the Patuxent Iron-Works, the Three following Convict Servant Men, viz.

JOHN CARROLL, an Irishman, 30 Years of Age, a stout well-made Fellow, and has had his Hair lately cut off: Had on and took with him when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trowsers, an old light colour'd Cloth Coat, pretty much worn, an old Felt Hat, and a Pair of Shoes with Steel Buckles.

JOHN HILL, an Englishman, 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, and has a dark Complexion: Had on and took with him when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trowsers, new Felt Hat, Country-made Shoes, with Strings, an old grey Wig, and a Matchcoat Blanket.

PATRICK CONNER, 22 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, much pitted with the Small-Pox, and wears his own short brown Hair: Had on and took with him when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trowsers, new Felt Hat, and a Pair of Negro Shoes.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants so that they may be had again, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward for each, if Twenty Miles from home, or Three Pounds if out of the Province, paid by

(15) THO. SAM. & JOHN SNOWDEN.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premises, the First Day of October next, at 12 o'Clock, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, giving Security, if required.

A TRACT of LAND, lying within Two Miles of PISCATAWAY, in PRINCE-GEORGE'S County, containing Four Hundred and Sixty-five ACRES. Part of it is cleared, so that four different Plantations may be commodiously settled, with small Trouble, it being in general cultivated, and inclosed in Four different Places, remote from each other. At present there is one well improved Tenement, with a Dwelling-House, 16 Feet by 26, a Kitchen, 22 Feet by 14, a Meat-House, 12 Feet Square, a Milk-House, 10 Feet, ditto, all of framed Work, and well shingled; a small Store-House, a Hen-House, a Garden and Yard, well paled in, all which Improvements are almost new; a Tobacco and Corn-House, an Orchard of Seven or Eight Hundred Peach Trees, and another, with about 200 Apple-Trees. There is a good Tobacco-House on one of the other mention'd Plantations. The Land is mostly level, is adapted to stiff and sandy Soils, well timbered, wooded, and watered.

Such Persons as chuse to purchase, may be shown the Land, on applying to THOMAS DYER, near the Premises, or their humble Servant,

(15) EDWARD DYER.

Those that intend to purchase, 'twixt and the Day of Sale, may know the Terms, and Title, (which is indisputable) by applying to E. D.

To be SOLD, in GEORGE-TOWN, in FREDERICK County, on the First Tuesday in September,

A LOT in GEORGE-TOWN, lying on the Water, with a good DWELLING-HOUSE, 28 Feet by 20; with Three Rooms below, and a Fire-Place in each: Two good Lodging-Rooms above Stairs, with a Passage. A very good STONE CELLAR, the whole Size of the House. The Workmanship of the Building is well executed.

(15) THOMAS ADDISON, jun.

Baltimore-Town, July 3, 1767.

To be SOLD, in GAY-STREET, opposite to JAMES'S-STREET,

HALF a LOT, containing 33 1/2 Feet Front, and in Depth 162 Feet; whereon is built a good BRICK HOUSE, in Front 20 1/2 Feet, and Back 32 Feet, with Two Rooms on a Floor, a good Cellar, and Stone Kitchen. Also, a notable good STAND, very well situated for Land and Water, fronting Two Streets, and very convenient for building, and is entirely clear of Ground Rent, or any Incumbrances. The Purchaser may have it on reasonable Terms, for ready Money. The Right is indisputable.

N. B. The Subscriber intends for BRITAIN soon. JOHN HADDEN.

August 4, 1767.

BY Order of the Court of VICE-ADMIRALTY of the Province of MARYLAND, The SCHOONER SHARP, with her Lading and Rigging, will be Sold by the Marshal of the said Court, at public Auction, to the highest Bidder, on Saturday the 22d Instant, between the Hours of Three and Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the MARYLAND COFFEE-HOUSE, in ANNAPOLIS.

A LIST of the LETTERS remaining in the POST-OFFICE, ANNAPOLIS, Aug. 11, 1767.

ANTHONY STEWART, D. P. M.

A. NATHANIEL ADAMS, 3 Letters, Annapolis. James Anderton, in Ditta. John Allan, 2; Charles County.

B. John Braco, Benjamin Binny, John Brown, Maryland. John Barclay, Queen-Anne's County. Thomas and James Barrows, Talbot County. Robert Brown, Queen's-Town. Baxter and Rigby, Cecil County. Benjamin Burgeff, Elk-Ridge. John Baker, Mary Browley, Annapolis. William Buchanan, Frederick County. George Brown, Patuxent.

C. William Cauanagh, St. Mary's. Henry Callister, Oxford. John Crifall, 2; Robert Chrystie, 2; Annapolis. John Cockey, Kent-Island. Collector and Comptroller of Pocomoke. John Campbell, Patuxent.

D. James Disney, London-Town. Capt. Thomas Denwood, Wicocomico River.

E. Matthew Earle, 2; Dorset County. F. Daniel Fox, Queen-Anne's County. Thomas Fitz Simmons, Choptank. Bernard Fearis, Patuxent.

H. James Hutchins, jun. Maryland. Samuel Hanfon, Charles County. Mr. Hellelius, 2; Maryland. John Higgins, Elk-Ridge. Richard Hellen, St. Leonard-Town. John Hanfon, Port-Tobacco. Charles Hynfon, sen. Chester-Town.

Reverend Philip Hughes, Worcester County. Robert Horn, Patuxent.

J. Thomas Jenings, Thomas Johnson, 2; Annapolis.

K. Luke Kenny, Annapolis. L. Thomas Lee, Queen-Anne's County. Edward Lloyd, Wye-River. Capt. John Lurty, Annapolis.

Henry Lowes, Wicocomico. John Livack, Elk-Ridge. M. James Murray, Choptank River. Alexander Morray, Thomas Mafer, Maryland. William Murdoch, Patuxent. John Mariton, Prince-George's.

James M'Lachlan, George-Town. N. James Niven, Annapolis.

O. William Ogilvie, Hannah Osmand, Maryland. P. Edward Preston, 2; Wye-River. William Paca, Charles Pachelbet, Annapolis.

R. James Robinson, Prince-George's. William Reynolds, 2; Annapolis.

S. Captain Ebenezer Symmers, Choptank. John Stacum, Dorchester River. Musgrove Simpson, Wicocomico. Major Sweety, Baltimore. Benjamin Stainton, Francis Stainton, Wye-River. James Sulivane, Choptank.

T. Robert Thorpe, 2; Benjamin Tucker, Maryland. Margaret Taylor, 2; George-Town. John Troup, 2; Talbot County. Henry Threlkeld, Rock-Creek. Reverend Mr. Threlkeld, Blackburg. Captain William Thomas, Dorchester County. Benjamin Tasker, 2; Annapolis. John Thomas, West-River.

V. Ezekiel Vichars, Dorchester County. W. Arthur Whitebay, jun. Choptank. Thomas Woderstrandt, Wye-River. Thomas Winton, Patuxent. Edward Walker, Eleanor Winton, Annapolis. Capt. J. Wallace, Patuxent. John Withered, George-Town.

SUPPL

M A

To be SOLD for Sterling on Monday

PART called

lying in Charles

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containing 50

House, 24 Feet

Three Rooms

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A N N A P O L I S, A U G U S T 20.

July 22, 1767.
To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE,
for Sterling Money, or good Bills of Exchange,
on Monday the 28th of September next,

PART of a TRACT of LAND,
called TURNER'S ADDITION,
lying in Charles County, about Four Miles below
Bryan-Town, on the Road that leads to Newport,
containing 599 Acres, on which is a Dwelling-
House, 24 Feet by 26, with a Brick Chimney,
Three Rooms on the Lower Floor, and Four a-
bove; a Kitchen, 24 by 16; a Barn, 44 by 40;
a Joiner's Shop, 20 by 16; a Quarter, Corn-
House, and some other Houses, with Two very
fine Apple-Orchards. The Title is good, and a
General Warranty will be given for the Whole.
Twelve Months Credit will be given for Part
of the Purchase-Money, on giving Bond, and Se-
curity, if required. Any Person inclinable to
purchase, may be shown the Land, 'twixt this
and the Day of Sale, which then begins at One
o'Clock, on the Premises, by applying to HE-
ZEKIAH TURNER, living thereon, or to
(3^d) ZEPHANIAH TURNER.
The Land is well Timbered, and the Soil
good. Z. T.

July 27, 1767.
I DO hereby give Notice, That I have propo-
sed to all my Creditors, since I have been held
a Prisoner in Queen-Anne's County Goal, in order
to obtain my Liberty, to surrender up to them,
all my Estate, Real and Personal, to be divided
amongst them in Proportion to their several
Claims against me, and to give my Bond to each
of them, for such Part of their different Claims,
as my Effects will neither pay nor satisfy:
And, Whereas my several Creditors will not
agree to release me on the Terms I have proposed
to them, I am determined to petition the next
General Assembly, at their next Meeting, for
Relief. (4^d) DANIEL MERRICK.

THE Subscriber takes this Method to inform
the Public; That he carries on the SHOEM-
MAKING BUSINESS as usual, at his Shop,
near Mr. ROBERT COUDEN'S Store, in Church-
Street, ANNAPOLIS; where he has supplied him-
self with an extraordinary good Hand from LON-
DON, in Womens Silk, Stuff, or Leather Shoes
or Pumps. Those Ladies, and others, who chuse
to favour him with their Employ, may depend
on having their Work done in the best Manner,
with the utmost Dispatch, and at the most rea-
sonable Rates, by
(6th) JOSHUA HOSIER.

Prince-George's County, July 28, 1767.
RAN away from the Subscriber, in August
last, a Negro Lad, named DICK, about
17 Years of Age, 4 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high,
well-set, has remarkable red Gums, which he
shows much when he speaks or laughs, has a sly
cunning Look, which corresponds very well with
his Disposition, is very talkative, speaks plain,
and, if examined, can tell a very plausible cur-
rent Tale. He is notorious for running away,
having constantly practised it since he was Six
Years of Age, in return for which he has received
Two remarkable Certificates; the first, Stripes,
by Whipping; the other, having the Letter D
branded on his A-se; which, however, may be
now wore out, as he only received a slight Im-
pression. Notwithstanding the Space of Time
since his last Elopement, he has never been heard
of but once, which was about Six Weeks after,
I am therefore inclined to think he is clandestine-
ly detained in some remote Part of this, or the
neighbouring Provinces.

Whoever takes up, or secures said Negro, so
as I may get him again, shall have, if taken in
this, or Charles County, Three Pounds; if in
any other County in this Province, Five Pounds;
if in the Province of Pennsylvania or Virginia,
Ten Pounds; and, if in Carolina, Twenty
Pounds, and reasonable travelling Charges, if
brought home, paid by
(1st) 3 X EDWARD DYER.

July 29, 1767.
THE Subscriber having been confined a Pri-
soner in Queen-Anne's County Jail, for Debt,
ever since the 19th Day of June 1766, hereby
gives Notice, That he intends to apply to the
Legislature of this Province, at their next Meet-
ing, for Relief. 2 WILLIAM DOCKERY.

July 21, 1767.
LUMPING PARCELS of GOODS,
have been found not so well to answer the
BUYER; because, in taking whole Packages,
he is often burthened with Articles he does not
want:—To avoid this Inconvenience, there is
now opened, at Port-Tobacco, on Patowmack Ri-
ver, a considerable ASSORTMENT of EURO-
PEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS,
imported this Summer from London and Glasgow,
and to be sold in Wholesale ONLY; where the
Purchaser may have what Quantity he pleases of
any Article in the Store, not cutting Pieces of
Linen, Woollen, or other Goods, by the Yard,
nor breaking Dozens of Stockings, Shoes, Hats,
Gloves, Tapes, and others, by the Dozen:
Glass, Delf, and Stone-Ware, as it would be
troublesome re-packing them to carry away,
and perhaps could not be so well done, are put
up in small assorted Packages. Loaf Sugar,
Soap, Pepper, &c. are also in small Packages:
Gun-Powder, in Half-Barrels; Shot, in Bags of
One Quarter of a Hundred Weight each.—
The Retail Business is carried on as formerly,
and in a separate House.

I want a Quantity of BARREL STAVES
delivered at Nanjemoy; and take this Method of
acquainting the Eastern-Shore Traders, that they
shall have a better Price for them than I have
usually given for some Years past.
(4th) 3 X ROBERT MUNDELL.

July 28, 1767.
To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,
in STAFFORD County, VIRGINIA, on the 21st
of September next,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, con-
taining 700 Acres, lying in the said Coun-
ty, with good and convenient Buildings of all
Sorts and Kinds, too numerous to be inserted
here, fit for a GENTLEMAN'S SEAT, and in
Order either for Farming, or Planting; very
good Apple-Orchards, and several Meadows, all
in good Repair. It is convenient to trade, being
but 14 Miles from the Falls of Rapahannock; 12
from Dumfries, and Eight from Aquia Ware-
house, convenient also to Church and Mills.
The Land is very well watered and timbered.—
Also 2000 ACRES of LAND, in the Counties
of Prince-William and Stafford. The County-
Line dividing it, which will be sold altogether,
or in any Quantity of Acres the Purchaser thinks
proper, being as convenient to trade as the other,
and well timbered and watered; together with
Stocks of all Sorts; in particular, some fine
blooded Colts, several Country-born Slaves, and
all kind of Utensils fit for the Plantation, with
sundry Household and Kitchen Furniture. Long
Credit will be given for the greatest Part of the
Purchase-Money for the Land, Bond and good
Security being given, as may be agreed on at the
Day of Sale. I may be found at all Times on
the Premises, ready to confer with any Gentle-
man inclinable to bargain for the said Land be-
fore the Day of Sale, who may depend on having
a great Bargain, as I am determined to sell.

N. B. The above was advertised in the VIR-
GINIA GAZETTE to be sold last May, but the
Sale was prevented, by a Report being raised
that I had given all my Estate by Deed of Gift
to my Grandson, and therefore had no right to
sell. I hereby give Notice to my Grandson, and
all other Persons who think they have any Right
to the above-mentioned Estate, or any Parcel
thereof, to appear at the Day of Sale, and make
out what Title they have.

There is also sundry EUROPEAN GOODS
to be sold at said Place, to the highest Bidder, by
(3rd) 3 X JOHN RALLS.

ANNAPOLIS, July 30, 1767.
THE COMMISSIONERS impowered by
LORD BALTIMORE, for the Sale of his
Lordship's MANORS and RESERV'D LANDS,
give Notice, That on Tuesday the 8th of Sep-
tember next, they will attend at Mr. SLADE'S Or-
dinary, in order to sell His Lordship's MANOR
of GUN-POWDER, lying in BALTIMORE
County, containing upwards of 7000 Acres.—
And, on Wednesday, the 16th of September, at
Queen's-Town, in Order to sell His Lordship's
MANOR in QUEEN-ANNE'S County, con-
taining about 6000 Acres.—And, on the Mon-
day following, being the 21st, at Chester-Town, in
order to sell His Lordship's MANOR in KENT
COUNTY, containing about 8000 Acres.—
The above MANORS will be Sold to the highest
Bidder, and put up in Lots as shall be most a-
greeable to the Purchasers. The Authority of
the Commissioners, and the Terms of Sale, as
likewise exact Plats of the Land, with a State
of the Improvements, and the Terms of the pre-
sent Leases, may be seen at any Time before the
Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

Signed per Order, JOHN CLAPHAM.
IMPORTED FROM LONDON,
in the TRIMBLY, Capt. BELT, and
the SALLY, Capt. GORDON, and
to be Sold at GEORGE-TOWN, on PATOW-
MACK, and NOTTINGHAM, on PATUXENT
Rivers, at the most reasonable Rates, for Cash,
Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,
SUNDRY EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA
GOODS, suitable for all Seasons of the
Year. I have a PARCEL of GOODS at Port-
Tobacco, all Saleable Articles, which I will sell
at the lowest Advance, for Cash, Bills of Ex-
change, or ready Tobacco.

(5th) 4 X THOMAS CONTEE.

TO BE SOLD,
A VERY handsome Second Hand LONDON
made POST-CHARIOT, and PHAE-
TON, not much the worse for the Wear. The
Chariot is finished in the following Manner, viz.
The Body painted Green, the Mouldings gilt,
lined with light coloured Cloth, and has Mirror
Plate Glasses, with Harness compleat for one Pair
of Horses. The Phaeton is painted a Pompadour
Colour, gilt Mouldings, lined with light coloured
Cloth, and has a compleat Set of Harness for one
Pair of Horses. Likewise sundry good Second-
hand CHAIRS and CURRICLES for Sale.
Enquire of WILLIAM TOD, Coachmaker in
Philadelphia.

N. B. Said Top imports most of the Materials
from England, and carries on the Business in all
its Branches, entirely with Men who have been
regularly bred to the Trade in London. He is at
present provided with a sufficient Stock of well
seasoned Wood, &c. Those Gentlemen and La-
dies, who are pleased to favour him with their
Orders, may depend on having them compleated
in the neatest and newest Fashions, with the
greatest Expedition, and at the most reasonable
Rates, by Their humble Servant,
(1st) WILLIAM TOD.

ANNAPOLIS, July 16, 1767.

THE COMMISSIONERS appointed
by LORD BALTIMORE, to dispose
of his Lordship's MANORS and RESERVED
LANDS, give Notice, That on Tuesday, the
First of September next, they will sell to the high-
est Bidder, His Lordship's MANOR of ANNE-
ARUNDEL, lying on Patuxent River, and con-
taining about 10,000 Acres; which will be put
up in Lots of about 500 Acres, or otherwise,
as shall be most agreeable to the Purchasers.—
The Sale will be at the Subscriber's House, where
a correct Plat of the Manor, describing the seve-
ral Tenements and Improvements thereon, and
the Terms of the present Leases, may be seen;
as also the Powers invested in the Commissioners,
and the Conditions of Sale.

Signed per Order, JOHN CLAPHAM.

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3A

THE Subscriber takes this Method to acquaint the Public, that he now carries on the **STAY-MAKING BUSINESS** in all its Branches, at his House, in **LONDON-TOWN**, within 4 Miles of **ANNAPOLIS**, having for that Purpose supplied himself with the best of Materials, and engaged good Workmen to carry on the same, particularly *Richard Littlemore*, who some Years ago carried on that Business for *Mr. William Beams*, in *Prince-George's* County; and, since that Time, was a Principal Hand in *Mr. Wallace's* Shop for Four or Five Years; and likewise since wrought for *Mr. Joseph Foard*, till his Death. Those **LADIES** who shall please to favour me with their Custom in that Way, may depend on having their Orders punctually executed, with Fidelity and Dispatch. I still carry on the **TAILOR'S BUSINESS**, as usual, being provided with good Workmen for that Branch. Those who are in long Arrears for Dealings with me in the above Way, or in that belonging to the **PUBLIC HOUSE**, are earnestly requested to make speedy Payment, which will greatly oblige, *Their very humble Servant,*

(6^m) **ALEXANDER FERGUSON.**
DONALD M'CRAW, WATCHMAKER,
from **EDINBURGH,**
Intends carrying on the above BUSINESS in all its Branches, at the Shop of

Mr. THOMAS SPARROW, Goldsmith & Jeweller, at the Sign of the Silver Coffee-Pot, opposite the House of Mr. JOHN BALL, ANNAPOLIS:

WHERE he will Make, Repair, and Mend all Sorts of **CLOCKS** and **WATCHES**, in the neatest and most approved Manner. Gentlemen residing in the Country, wanting their **CLOCKS** cleaned or repaired, shall be waited on on the shortest Notice.

N. B. Such Gentlemen as chuse to favour him with their Employ, shall (if required) have a reasonable Trial of such Work as he may be intrusted with, before Payment. **EX**

DORCHESTER County, **JULY 20, 1767.**
WHEREAS, **MARY**, the Wife of Me, the Subscriber, did, on the 14th Day of **JULY** Instant, elope from Me, her said Husband: This is therefore to forewarn all Persons from trusting her on my Account, for I will pay no Debts of her contracting, from the Date hereof.
(^m5) **4** **BENJAMIN KEENE.**

ANNAPOLIS, May 19, 1767.
RAN away from the Subscriber, a Servant Woman, named **ANNE GRIFFITH**, born in *Wales*, but speaks pretty good *English*; she is a stout well grown Woman, but not of the largest Size, about 25 or 30 Years of Age, dark brown Hair, grey Eyes, and a tolerable fresh Complexion: Had on and took with her, an old light coloured Camblet Gown, and a Country Woollen ditto, with the Warp white, and Filling in blue, with other wearing Apparel, not known; she had a young Child, a Boy, near 12 Months old, who had a red striped Linen Frock, and a Purple Calico ditto, &c. She was seen on the Road towards *Baltimore*, and said she was going to *Philadelphia*, to her Husband, but she has none; and shewed a counterfeit Letter, as if from him, requesting her to come to him. It is very likely she may have a false Pass, as I have since understood the applied for one.

Likewise Ran away, the last of *April*, or beginning of *May*, a Servant Man, named **THOMAS SHORES**, who lately lived with *Sale Tucker*, in the *Swamp*, near *West-River*.

Whoever takes up and secures said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall receive 20 s. if in the County, and if out of the County 40 s. if out of the Province 3 l. Reward for *Anne Griffith*, and 20 s. Reward for *Thomas Shores*.
EX **JOHN SHAW.**

STOLEN or STRAYED, from **ANNAPOLIS**, in *November 1765*, a well grown **SORREL HORSE**, 4 or 5 Years old 13, or 13 Hands and an Inch high, branded on the near Shoulder, or Hip, or both, thus, **J**; he Paces slow. Whoever brings him to me, in **ANNAPOLIS**, shall receive 15 s. Reward. **JOHN SHAW.**

WANTED,
A GENTEEL well-bred **WOMAN**, of a good Character, and capable of undertaking the Management of a Gentleman's Family, which consists of but few Persons. For further Particulars apply to the **PRINTER.**

WANTED, in the PREROGATIVE-OFFICE,
A CLERK, who can write a fair strong Hand. None other will be accepted. Apply to **EX** **ELIE VALLETTE, Regr.**

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,
on *Thursday the 10th Day of September next, on the Premises, for Sterling Cash, good London Bills of Exchange, Dollars, or Paper Currency of the Province,*

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, lately belonging to *Nicholas Low Darnall*, lying in *Baltimore* County, near the *Fork of Gunpowder*, and about 12 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, called, **THE LAND OF PROMISE**, containing 800 Acres, of which there is about 150 Acres cleared, whereon is a large new framed Dwelling-house, Kitchen, and other Offices; also a new framed Barn, Three Tobacco Houses, Corn House, and Stable. Twelve Month's Credit will be allowed for one Half of the Purchase Money, on paying Interest, and giving Bond, with Security, if required. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land, and Improvements, before the Day of Sale, by applying to *Nicholas Low Darnall*, living on the Premises. The Title is indisputable.
FRANCIS HALL.

BY virtue of an Act of Assembly, of the Province of *Maryland*, passed on or about the 24th Day of *April 1762*, empowering *Mary Stansbury*, Administratrix of *Capt. Tobias Stansbury*, to sell and dispose of the Lands of the said *Capt. Tobias Stansbury*, for the Payment of his Debts; Notice is hereby given, that on the First Day of *October* next, will be sold at Public Vendue, for Current Money, 215 Acres of Land, lying near *Annapolis*, in *Frederick* County, called **HALLAM'S LOOK-OUT**, being Part of the Land of the said *Capt. Tobias Stansbury*, mentioned in the above Act, the greatest Part of which is a rich Marsh that will make excellent Meadow, the Up-Land exceeding good, on which is some small Improvement, and lies adjoining to the Land of *Joseph Helmes*; the Sale to be on the Premises.

To be Sold at the same Time, at Public or Private Sale, about 500 Acres of Land, lying in the same County, on little *Annapolis*, Part of a Tract of Land, called **FELFOOT ENLARGED**, the greatest Part of which is very good, and a considerable Part of it will make good Meadow, and is commonly called, *The Dry Meadows*, and is convenient to a Mill, and is adjoining to an Iron-Works. Any Person inclinable to purchase the last mentioned Land, or Part thereof, may know the Terms, by applying to *Mr. Christian Orenduff*, living near the same.
MARY STANSBURY.

THE subscribers, Administrators on the Estates of *Edward Dorsey, Esq;* late of *Annapolis*, deceased, and *Miss Henrietta Maria Dorsey*, his Daughter, do hereby request all Persons any ways indebted to the said Estates, to make Payments to us, before the First Day of *August* next. If any Person neglect complying with this Request, they may depend the necessary Steps at Law will be taken, immediately after the First of *August*, to compel them. And all Persons who may have any just Claims against the said Estates, are desired to bring them in to *Jahn Ridgely*, of *Baltimore-Town*, who will pay them and receive all Debts due to said Estates.
JOHN RIDGELY,
BY DORSEY,
THOMAS B. DORSEY, Administrators.
CALEB DORSEY, SON
of *Richard*.

JUST IMPORTED
From **GLASGOW**, and to be sold by the Subscriber, at **Nottingham**, at a very moderate Advance, in *Cash*, or *Bills of Exchange*, for which a reasonable Credit will be given,

A LUMPING PARCEL OF GOODS, consisting chiefly of the following Articles, *Irish* Linens, brown and white Sheeting, Dowlas, Scots Osabrigs, Checks, striped Hollands, Linen Handkerchiefs, Bed-Tick, Printed Linen, and Cotton Cloths, Tartan, Kendal Cotton, Plaiding, Plaiding and Yarn Stockings, brown, whited brown and coloured Threads, Felt and Castor Hats, Men and Womens Leather Shoes, *Kippon's* Snuff.—To the Amount of about 360 £. Cost.
JOHN CAMPBELL.

To be SOLD, on Terms to be agreed upon at the Day of Sale, at Mr. George Neavill's Ordinary, near the Premises, the 15th Day of September next, (pursuant to an Act of Assembly empowering the Executors of Col. Charles Carter, late of King George, to make Sale of such Part of his untailed Lands as they shall find necessary for the Payment of his Debts)

FOURTEEN Thousand Acres of fine high and low Grounds, lying in the Counties of *Prince William* and *Fauquier*, on *Broad Run* and *Kett's Run*, to be laid off in Lots or otherwise, as may be agreed on: The Executors being at all Times ready to confer with any Persons inclinable to bargain for any of the said Lands before the Day of Sale. There are a great Number of remarkable fine Streams for Grist Mills running through the said Tract, which lies within 25 or 30 Miles of public Navigation, on *Patowmack* and *Rappahannock* Rivers.

(11^m) **6** **LONDON CARTER,**
CHARLES CARTER.

TO BE SOLD,
HAMPTON FURNACE, in *Frederick* County, *Maryland*; together with upwards of 3000 Acres of Land, all of which is remarkably well Wooded. The Furnace, with Casting Bellows, and Bridge Houses, are all built of Stone, and completely and substantially finished, with a good Grist-Mill Two Stories high, built also of Stone: They are situated upon a Branch of *Monocahy* which never fails, nor can any of the Works be injured by the largest Floods: There is likewise finished, a large commodious Coal-House, with all other convenient Houses; also a very compleat Farm, within a Quarter of a Mile of the Furnace, upon which is above Fifty Acres of Meadow prepared, and Forty more may be easily cleared, all exceeding good, and in one Body.—There will also be Sold, the whole Stock of Negroes, Servants, Horses, Waggons, &c. belonging to the Works: There is Six Months Coal at the Furnace, and about Fourteen Hundred Cord of Wood cut ready for Coaling: There is about Five Hundred Tons of Ore at the Side of the Furnace, and about Four Hundred Tons more raised at the Bank. The Ore, of which there appears to be an inexhaustible Quantity, is extremely rich, and of a good Quality, and easily raised.—The Owners propose to sell immediately before they go in to Blast—Time will be allowed for Payment of the best Part of the Money, upon Bond and Security—Any Person inclinable to purchase, may treat with *Normans Bruce*, who lives near, and will show the said Works.

BENEDICT CALVERT,
EDWARD DIGGES,
NORMAND BRUCE,
WILLIAM DIGGES, junr.
JAMES CANADY.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
at *Schoolfield*, *Pr. George's* County, *Maryland*, on *Tuesday the 25th of August*, at *X o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

SUNDRY Horses, Mares, and Fillies, equal in Blood and Form to any in *America*; among them is a Mare Nine Years old, full Sister to *Mr. Galloway's Selim*; she suckles a very beautiful Filly Foal, got by *Figure*, and is cover'd by the same Horse this Season: Also Two fine Fillies from the same Mare, one Three, the other Two Years old this Grass, both got by *Dove*: Likewise a Dove Colt Three Years old, from a Spark Mare 15 Hands high; a Dove Filly from a Spark Mare 14 Hands and upwards high; a Dove Filly cover'd by *Ranger*, all beautiful.—Time will be given for Payment, on giving Bond on Interest, with good Security.

The high bred Horse **RANGER** will be sold by private Bargain, before that Time, if a Purchaser offers; the Mares cover'd by him that proves with Foal, and those he may Cover before sold, to pay only **TWO GUINEAS**, the Money shall be returned if the Mares do not bring live Foals; his Goodness can only now be known by his Offspring, Any Mare of 14 Hands high, or upwards, that ever won 20 Pounds, or that Value, at any one Time, and run no less than Two Mile Heats, shall be covered by **RANGER**, *Gratis.*
THOMAS HAMILTON.

Annapolis: Printed by ANNE CATHERINE GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s 6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length inserted for 5 s. the First Week, and 1 s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.

XXIII.

M

IT seems the Wo have j whose S sect, or and it is expr governed enti in all religio nounces, the with GOD, w Banner of th by the Arch Church, and soon as the condemned a Administrato the Prefect's Venice about *Frankfort*, Prince of Ho vine Service, the Sermon "member, I Paralytic Fit *Paris, Ma* brought to B who had Tw to receive B Death, when *Edinburgh*, lage near Lea this City, a Years. He finis of a N there some Y has a Dichadale, when t tion. He from his Ho of his Gra Time in M home the fa

Extrad
"The M King's Swif Royal Acad gate at Hav mediately, l land, the N kaps those o Voyage is fruments, of the Lon Watch of th Grand Me Sieur Peng of S. Gene mer of the who set out [This Lett pleased to c de Courten be worth E nomical O a political of Englan Enemies, a a good de June 1. to be Con Henry Fra June 3. ent Minif received a from this may serve unacquair Mond hall, a G Matrer of Croud, r Guithall Lord:Ma We her have set t dient for Election of the follow Depravit ners, bro and alar which m Names an of submi rupt Prin Point in

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, A U G U S T 27, 1767.

P A R M A, M A Y 2.

IT seems as if the Heads of all the Jesuits in the World were turned. Those of Milan have just established a new Congregation, whose Statutes bind the Members to the Prefect, or Tutor, by the most sacred Oaths; and it is expressly said therein, that they are to be governed entirely by the Decisions of the Prefect in all religious Affairs; because before he pronounces, the said Prefect is to retire and consult with God, who will declare his Mind to him. The Banner of this Congregation has been consecrated by the Archbishop of Milan in the Principal Church, and every Thing passed publicly; but as soon as the Statutes appeared in Print, they were condemned and seized. The Count de Firmian, Administrator of the Milaneze, has put a Seal upon the Prefect's Papers, and has wrote to the Court of Venice about this Affair.

Frankfort, May 24. His Highness the Reigning Prince of Hohenlohe Kircheberg, was, during Divine Service, at the Cathedral of Anspach, whilst the Sermon was preaching on this Text, "Remember, Man, thy latter End," seized with a Paralytic Fit, and died instantly.

Paris, May 23. A Woman of Morlaix was brought to Bed in February last, of a Daughter, who had Two Necks and Two Heads, and lived to receive Baptism. She was opened, after her Death, when they found in her Two Hearts.

Edinburgh, May 25. There is now living in a Village near Lead-Hills, about Thirty-three Miles from this City, a Man, named John Taylor, aged 130 Years. He was born in England, bred to the Business of a Miner, in which Capacity he worked there some Years before he came to Scotland, and has a Discharge to show from the Earl of Lauderdale, when the Scots Mint was given up at the Union. He lately walked Two English Miles from his House, to be present at the Christening of his Grand-Child; and, after spending some Time in Merriment on the Occasion, returned home the same Evening, without any Assistance.

L O N D O N.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 15.

"The Marquis de Courtenvaux, Captain of the King's Swiss Guard, and Honorary Member of the Royal Academy of Sciences, has fitted out a Frigate at Havre, on board which he is to embark immediately, to go and sail along the Coasts of Holland, the Northern Coasts of Germany, and perhaps those of England. The principal Object of his Voyage is to make Trial of some Clocks and Instruments, designed to facilitate the Determination of the Longitudes by Sea, and particularly the Watch of the Sieur le Roi, and the Megameter, or Grand Measurer, of the Sieur Charnieres. The Sieur Pengre, regular Canon, and late Librarian of S. Genevieve, and the Sieur Messier, Astronomer of the Marine, will accompany the Marquis, who set out on the 14th for Havre."

[This Letter mentions to us what the French are pleased to call the principal Object of the Marquis de Courtenvaux's Voyage; but perhaps it might be worth Enquiry, how far these pretended Astronomical Observations of theirs may be made with a political View. At least Surveys of the Coasts of England, by so subtle a People, our natural Enemies, are Circumstances which afford Room for a good deal of Suspicion.]

June 1. His Majesty has appointed—Hort, Esq; to be Consul General at Lisbon, in the room of Sir Henry Frankland, Bart.

June 3. We are credibly informed, that the present Minister from the Emperor of Morocco having received a great Affront, has demanded Satisfaction from this Court, to punish the Offender, that it may serve for an Example to others, who may be unacquainted with their Prerogative.

Monday, as an over-drove Ox ran into Guildhall, a Gentleman, passing by, asked what was the Matter? To which a droll Fellow, among the Crowd, replied, that an Ox was just gone into Guildhall, in a great Passion, to complain to the Lord-Mayor of the Inhumanity of the Drovers.

We hear that the principal Citizens of Norwich, have set the laudable Example of trying an Expedient for avoiding Venality and Corruption at the Election of Members of Parliament, by subscribing the following Association: "Sensible of the great Depravity of Morals, and Licentiousness of Manners, brought upon us by Bribes at our Elections, and alarmed at the Thoughts of that Bondage which must inevitably be the Fruit of it, we, whose Names are under-written, not seeing the Necessity of submitting to a Nomination founded on the corrupt Principles of Bargain and Sale, and having no Point in view but to choose our Representatives with

Honour to themselves and the City, and to preserve our own Freedom and Independency, do hereby unite and associate in one friendly Society, binding ourselves to each other by our Word and Honour, and promising that we will not, on any Consideration whatever, either directly or indirectly, engage our Vote and Interest to any Candidates, or to any Person on their behalf, against the next general Election of Members to sit in Parliament, until the very Day of Election; and then each Man to vote as his Inclination may prompt him. And in the mean Time, we recommend to each other to keep a watchful Eye upon what passes, and to have frequent Conversation upon the Subject."

B O S T O N, A U G U S T 10.

Last Thursday se'nnight Captain Hyslop arrived at Casco-Bay from London, which Place he left about the 7th of June; by whom we hear, that the Board of Commissioners of the Customs was actually established, to consist of 7, and a Salary of 500l. each; and the Secretary and Receiver General of the Board, 300l. each—That Lieut. Governor Hutchinson, and Mr. Secretary Oliver, would have been of the Board, but are provided for another Way, by Salaries to be paid them out of the Revenues raised on Duties on several Articles of Commerce, by which they, with all the Officers of the Crown, will be rendered independent of the People.—That the Chief Justice of the Superior Court was to have 500 l. and the Secretary 300 l. per Annum.—That nothing would be attempted by way of internal Taxation of the Colonies.—And that the Address of the House of Commons to the King in Behalf of the Gentlemen who suffered in the Colonies during the late Troubles, praying for some Recompence, or peculiar Marks of the Royal Favour to them, was graciously answered, by Assurances of his Majesty's Intention to reward them for their Attachment to Government.

We also hear that the Act of Compensation and Indemnity, lately passed here, was disallowed.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, A U G U S T 20.

EXTRACTS from the VOTES of the HOUSE of COMMONS of GREAT-BRITAIN.

Sabbath, 23 Die Maii, 1767.

MR. Fuller (according to Order) reported from the Committee of the whole House, to whom it was referred to enquire further into the State and Condition of the East-India Company, the Resolutions which the Committee had directed him to report to the House; which he read in his Place, and afterwards delivered in at the Table, where the same were read, and are as followeth, viz.

RESOLVED, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that it would be for the mutual Benefit of the Public, and the East-India Company, that a Temporary Agreement be made, in regard to the Territorial Acquisitions and Revenues lately obtained in India.

RESOLVED, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that it is expedient, for the Purposes of the said Agreement, that it should continue for a Term, not exceeding Three Years, to commence from the First Day of February, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty-seven.

RESOLVED, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the said Acquisitions and Revenues do remain in the Possession of the Company, during the Continuance of such Agreement; and that the Company do pay to the Public, annually, during the said Term, the Sum of Four Hundred Thousand Pounds, by Half-yearly Payments, each Payment to be made within Six Months after the same shall have become due.

RESOLVED, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that it will be necessary and proper, for the better carrying on, and extending, the Trade of the said Company, that Provision be made, for granting a Drawback on Teas exported to Ireland, and the British Dominions in America; and for taking off the Inland Duty of One Shilling per Pound Weight on Black and Single Teas, consumed in Great-Britain; upon such Indemnification to be made by the Company to the Public, in respect to such Duty and Drawback, as is mentioned in the Petition of the said Company.

The three first Resolutions of the Committee, being read a second Time, were agreed to by the House, *Nemine Contradicente*.

The subsequent Resolution of the Committee, being read a second Time, was agreed to by the House.

ORDERED, That a Bill be brought in, pursuant to the Three first of the said Resolutions, and have been agreed to by the House; and that Mr. Fuller, Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Thomas Townsend, junr. Mr. Onslow, Mr. Pryse Campbell, Mr. Attorney General, Mr. Solicitor General, Mr.

Cooper, Mr. Jenkinson, and Mr. Dyson, do prepare and bring in the same.

ORDERED, That the Fourth of the said Resolutions be referred to the Consideration of the Committee of the whole House, to whom it is referred to consider further of Ways and Means for raising the Supply granted to His Majesty.

Martis, 26 Die Maii, 1767.

An ingrossed Bill to continue several Laws therein mentioned, relating to the clandestine Running of uncustomed Goods, and preventing Frauds relating to the Customs; to prevent the clandestine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; to the granting Liberty to carry Rice from His Majesty's Provinces of Carolina and Georgia, in America, directly to any Part of Europe, Southward of Cape-Finisterre, in Ships built and navigated according to Law; and to the prohibiting the Importation of Books re-printed abroad, and first composed, written, and printed, in Great-Britain, was read the Third Time.

RESOLVED, That the Bill do pass.

ORDERED, That Mr. Fuller do carry the Bill to the Lords, and desire their Concurrence.

The Lord Barrington presented to the House (according to Order) a Bill for further continuing an Act, of the last Sessions of Parliament, entitled, *An Act to amend, and render more effectual, in His Majesty's Dominions in America, an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, entitled, An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army, and their Quarters*; and the same was received, and read the first Time, and ordered to be read a second Time.

Mercurii, 27 Die Maii, 1767.

Mr. Solicitor General presented to the House (according to Order) a Bill for restraining and prohibiting the Governor, Council, and House of Representatives, of the Province of New-York, from passing or assenting to any Act of Assembly, for any other Purpose, until Provision shall have been made by said Assembly for furnishing the King's Troops with all the Necessaries required by Law; and the same was received, and read the first Time, and ordered to be read a second Time.

Lune, 1 Die Junii, 1767.

A Bill for restraining and prohibiting the Governor, Council and House of Representatives, of the Province of New-York, from passing or assenting to any Act of Assembly for any other Purpose, until Provision shall have been made by said Assembly for furnishing the King's Troops with all the Necessaries required by Law, was read a second Time, and committed to a Committee of the whole House.

RESOLVED, That this House will, To-morrow Morning, resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, upon the said Bill.

Martis, 2 Die Junii, 1767.

RESOLVED, That upon the Exportation from this Kingdom of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, of the Growth or Produce of the British Colonies, or Plantations in America, as Merchandize, a Drawback be allowed, of the Duties of Customs, payable upon the Importation thereof.

RESOLVED, That a Subsidy of Six-pence in the Pound, according to the Value specified in the Book of Rates, referred to by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, be laid upon the Exportation from this Kingdom, of such Rice as shall have been imported Duty free, by virtue of an Act made in this Session of Parliament.

RESOLVED, That the said Duty on Rice be reserved in the Exchequer, for the Disposition of Parliament.

RESOLVED, That the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen Ware, exported to America, be discontinued.

RESOLVED, That a Duty of Four Shillings and Eight-pence, Sterling Money, per Hundred Weight, Avoirdupois, be laid upon all Crown, Plate, Flint, and White Glass, imported into the British Colonies and Plantations in America.

RESOLVED, That a Duty of One Shilling and Two-pence, Sterling Money, per Hundred Weight, Avoirdupois, be laid upon all Green Glass, imported into the said Colonies and Plantations.

RESOLVED, That such Duties as shall be equal to a Moiety of the Duties granted by two Acts of Parliament, made in the Tenth and Twelfth Years of the Reign of her Majesty Queen Anne, and now payable in Pursuance thereof, or of any subsequent Act of Parliament, upon Paper Paste-Boards, Mill-Boards, and Scale-Boards respectively, be laid upon Paper Paste-Boards, Mill-Boards, and Scale-Boards, imported into the said Colonies and Plantations.

RESOLVED, That a Duty of Two Shillings, Sterling Money, per Hundred Weight, Avoirdupois, be laid upon all Red and White Lead, and Painters Colours, imported into the said Colonies and Plantations.

RESOLVED, That a Duty of Three-pence, Sterling Money, per Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, be laid upon all Tea, imported into the said Colonies and Plantations.

RESOLVED, That the said Duties, to be raised in the said Colonies and Plantations, be applied, in the first Place, in making a more certain and adequate Provision for the Charge of the Administration of Justice, and the Support of Civil Government, in such of the said Colonies and Plantations, where it shall be found necessary, and that the Residue of such Duties be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and there referred to be, from Time to Time, disposed of by Parliament, towards defraying the necessary Expences of defending, protecting, and securing the said Colonies and Plantations.

RESOLVED, That upon the Exportation of Teas to Ireland, and the British Dominions in America, a Drawback be allowed, for a Time to be limited, of all the Duties of Customs, which shall have been paid thereupon; and that such Indemnification be made, by the East-India Company, to the Public, in respect of such Drawback, as is mentioned in the Petition of the said Company.

RESOLVED, That the Inland Duty of One Shilling per Pound Weight, upon all Black and Single Teas consumed in Great-Britain, be taken off, for a Time to be limited, and that such Indemnification be made, by the said Company, to the Public, in respect of such Duty, as is mentioned in the Petition of the said Company.

ORDERED, That a Bill, or Bills, be brought in, upon the said Resolutions; and that Mr. Patterson, Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Thomas Townsend, junior, Mr. Onslow, Mr. Pryse Campbell, Mr. Attorney General, Mr. Solicitor General, and Mr. Cooper, do prepare and bring in the same.

ORDERED, That it be an Instruction to the said Gentlemen, that they do make Provision in the said Bill, or in one of the said Bills, for more effectually preventing the clandestine Running of Goods, in the British Colonies, and Plantations in America.

ORDERED, That Leave be given to bring in a Bill, to enable His Majesty to put the Customs and other Duties, in the British Dominions in America, and the Execution of the Laws relating to Trade there, under the Management of Commissioners, to be appointed for that Purpose, and to be resident in the said Dominions; and that Mr. Thomas Townsend, junior, Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Onslow, Mr. Pryse Campbell, Mr. Attorney General, Mr. Solicitor General, Mr. Cooper, and Mr. Patterson, do prepare and bring in the same.

RESOLVED, That this House will, upon Tomorrow Se'nnight, resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, upon the Bill for restraining and prohibiting the Governor, Council, and House of Representatives, of the Province of New-York, from passing or assenting to any Act of Assembly for any other Purpose, until Provision shall have been made by said Assembly for furnishing the King's Troops with all the Necessaries required by Law.

Mercurii 3 Die Junii, 1767.

Mr. Cooper presented to the House (according to Order) a Bill to enable His Majesty to put the Customs and other Duties, in the British Dominions in America, and the Execution of the Laws relating to Trade there, under the Management of Commissioners to be appointed for that Purpose, and to be resident in the said Dominions; and the same was received, and read the first Time, and ordered to be read a second Time.

ANNAPOLIS, AUGUST 27.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to prorogue the General Assembly of this Province, which was to have met on Tuesday the 8th of September, to Monday the 5th of October, when they will then meet for the Dispatch of Public Business.

On Sunday last, JOHN HALL, Esq; one of the Representatives for this City, was married to Miss ELEANOR DORSEY. A Lady possessed of every Qualification requisite to render the Conubial State happy.

In the Piece signed PHILANTHROPOS, published in our last, in P. 2, Col. 2, L. 2, dele as between over and many. L. 16, for of Trade, read of this Branch of Trade. P. 2, Col. 3, L. 22, for Foil read File.

ANNAPOLIS, August 25, 1767.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are requested to pay off their Accounts, or settle them to his Satisfaction very soon, otherwise he will be under the disagreeable Necessity of using compulsory Methods to compel them thereto. And, as some have long standing Accounts, especially for Public-House Expences, he hopes they will discharge them, as he is not inclinable to, nor does he think it worth while, to give long Credits in that Way of Business, which he will decline the last of December next.

(6*) WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

August 19, 1767.
Pursuant to the Will of Captain JOHN NEWTON, Deceased, will be Sold, for Ready Money, or short Credit, on Wednesday the 7th Day of October next,

ABOUT SEVEN HUNDRED ACRES of valuable HIGH LAND, in Loudon County, in Virginia, on Great-Rocky-Run, which is well watered, and convenient to a Church, about 20 Miles from ~~the~~ and Pobick Warehouses, and 25 from ~~the~~ and the Falls of Patowmack.

(11) RICHARD LEE, & } Executors.
WILLIAM FLOOD, }

August 19, 1767.
Pursuant to the Will of Captain WILLOUGHBY NEWTON, deceased, will be Sold, for Ready Money, or short Credit, on Wednesday the 7th Day of October next, on the Premises,

ABOUT THIRTEEN HUNDRED ACRES of valuable rich HIGH LAND, in Loudon County, in Virginia, on Great-Rocky-Run, which is well watered, and has a well settled Plantation on it, and convenient to Church, about 20 Miles from Colchester and Pobick Warehouses, and 25 from Alexandria, and the Falls of Patowmack. At the same Time and Place will be sold Stocks of CATTLE and HOGS, and sundry other Things, by

(11) RICHARD LEE, Executor.

STEWART & RICHARDSON,
At their STORE in Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS,
HAVE just imported from BARBADOS,
A Quantity of Rum and Muscovado Sugar,
to be Sold by Wholesale, for Ready Money.

They have likewise for Sale, MADEIRA Wine, of the New-York Quality, by the Pipe, Hoghead, or Quarter Cask; coarse and fine Salt by the Bushel; Sail Duck and Ship Chandlery; Cordage of all Sizes, of the very best Quality, made at Newington Rope-Walk, where Orders are comply'd with in the most speedy Manner.

Also, EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, and Barrel'd Pork.

BALTIMORE-TOWN, July 25, 1767.
To be SOLD, for Ready Cash, good Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, with good Security, if required,

A Commodious well situated Lot of LAND, and good Improvements, on Gay-Street, BALTIMORE-TOWN, where the Subscriber now lives, and where a certain SAMUEL SEED, formerly lived. There is Two separate Tenements, which will be sold separate, or intire, as may be agreed on. They are very convenient for a Tradesmen, or for any Person in Public Business, the whole subject to a Ground-Rent of £. 5 Sterling per Annum. A good Title will be given to the Purchaser, on applying to

(6*) JAMES CHALMERS.

To be SOLD or CHARTERED, for BRITAIN, any Part of EUROPE, the WEST-INDIES, or AFRICA,



THE Brigantine JANE, now lying in PORT-TOBACCO Creek, Burthen about Six Thousand Bushels; she is a strong well built double deck'd VESSEL, and well found. Any Person inclinable to Purchase or Charter, may know the Terms, by applying to

(11) JOHN HANSON, jun.

LEONARD-TOWN RACES.
To be Run for on Thursday the 17th Day of September next, at LEONARD-TOWN, in St. MARY'S County.

A SUBSCRIPTION PURSE OF THIRTY POUNDS Currency, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the best of Three Heats, Two Miles to each Heat: Three Years old to carry Seven Stone, Four Years old Eight Stone, Five Years old Nine Stone, Six Years old and upwards Ten Stone, Saddle and Bridle included. The Horse, &c. winning Two Heats, and saving his Distance the Third, to be entitled to the Purse.

And, on the Day following, will be Run for, over the same Course, the Entrance Money of both Days, with what other Money may be made up, on the same Terms and Conditions as the First Day's Race, the winning Horse of the First Day only excepted. Twenty Minutes will be allowed for Rubbing between each Heat. The Horses to be entered the Day before the Race, with TIMOTHY BOWES; and to pay THIRTY-FIVE SHILLINGS for the First Day, and ONE PISTOLE for the Second. / Timothy Bowes.

N. B. Proper Judges to be appointed, who will determine all Disputes that may arise.

(11) J. BOWES.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Baltimore County, Maryland, the following TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND, lying in the County aforesaid, viz.

PART of a TRACT, containing 1000 Acres, known by the Name of NEWFOUND-LAND, situated on a Branch, called the West-Run, in the County aforesaid, about 16 Miles from Baltimore-Town, of which there is about 300 Acres cleared, 25 Acres of good Meadow, set with Timothy and Clover, and there may be 60 or 70 Acres more easily made, at a small Expence. There is on said Land, a large New Brick Dwelling-House, Passage, Kitchen, Quarter, Milk-House, Corn-Houses, Stables, Barn, and all other Out-Houses suitable thereto. A large Orchard of very fine Fruit. The Land is rich, level, full of Timber, well watered in all Parts, and will agree with any Sort of Produce, and will be sold all together, or in separate Lots, as the Purchasers may chuse.

A Tract or Parcel of LAND, adjoining the above Tract, containing about One Hundred and odd Acres, whereon may be made a Piece of choice Meadow, at a small Expence. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land on applying to Samuel Worthington, who lives adjoining.

A Tract or Parcel of LAND, containing 400 and odd Acres, situated on Gun-Powder River, in a Place called Middle-River Neck, about 16 Miles from Baltimore-Town, and in Sight of Joppa. The Land is entirely level, vastly rich, and full of various Sorts of Timber, fitting for any kind of Business. Fish, and Water-Fowl, in as great Plenty, in their Seasons, as in any Part of the Country. There is about 120 Acres cleared, on which is a good Framed Dwelling-House, Passage and Kitchen, Quarter for Servants, Corn-House, Stables, good Barn, large Yard and Garden, a good Pump-Well, and very fine Water. All the said Improvements are quite new, except the Barn. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may apply to Mr. Nathan Nicholson, who lives within a Mile of said Plantation, who will shew the Land; and apply for Terms to

(6*) VACHEL WORTHINGTON.

N. B. As the above Lands are sold for the Payment of my Creditors, I take this publick Method of requesting their Indulgence for Payment of the Money due them, 'til the Sale thereof, when they may depend on being paid, which I hope will be in my Power in Five or Six Months at farthest. And, as troubling me for the said Money, will only add Coits to the Debts, I hope this Request will be granted to,

Gentlemen,
Your humble Servant,
V. WORTHINGTON.

Prince-George's County.
COMMITTED to my Custody, the following Runaways, viz.

RICHARD ADDOWELL, a well made young Fellow, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, very talkative, says he is a Free Man, and known to be such, by Capt. Charles Ridgely, of Baltimore-Town, with whom he lived Twelve Months as a hired Servant; by Mr. Thomas Smith, of Charles County; by Mr. Thomas Wells, Collier, near Mess. Snowden's Iron-Works, and requests the Favour of one of them, to make his Assertion appear to some Justice of the Peace for the County aforesaid, which will procure his Releasement.

A New Negro Wench, named PHENEY, says she belongs to Mr. John Baynes, of said County. A New Negro Fellow, who is not able, or will not say but little to be understood. All that can be got from him, is, that his Name is BARRACK, and belongs to Mr. Harrison, or Mr. Addison; that he ran away in Company with some other Negroes; and his Master lives on a Broad River.

Their Masters are desired to take them away, and pay Charges.

(11) Wm. TURNER WOOTTON, Sheriff.

May 3, 1767.
RAN away from Bush-River Furnace, a Convict Servant Man, named PATRICK HIRLEY, born in Ireland, is a little pitted with the Small Pox, thin visaged, very narrow across his Eyes, his right Thigh has been broke, and causes him to walk very lame, his right Foot stands out by the said Hurt, and has short light-brown Hair: Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket, Petticoat Trowsers, Felt Hat, and old Shoes and Stockings.

Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward, besides what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by his Master living at the Head of South-River.

(11) BENJAMIN WELSH.

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THERE is at the Plantation of THOMAS CONNER, in Charles County, a Bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, with a hanging Mane, a switch Tail, and a large Star in her Forehead, branded on the near Buttock with W.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of JOSEPH RAY, on the Back-part of Elk-Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder thus, R T. She is about 12 Hands high; and paces, trots, and gallops.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Joseph Hobbs, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Strawberry Roan Mare, about 12 Hands high, and about 12 Years old, branded on the near Buttock, but not perceivable; is a natural Trotter, and had on a small Bell.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A Moses-built BOAT, almost new, from Stem to Stern Fifteen Feet Four Inches, and Five Feet Wide; likewise JAMAICA and ANTIGUA RUM, and MUSCOVADO SUGAR, by Wholesale or Retail.

(3) JAMES REITH.

Potomack River, Digges's Landing, Aug. 3.

IF one HEBER WHITTINGHAM, a Native of Cheshire, in England, who some Years since came over to Maryland, will apply to the Subscriber, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage, or if dead, any Person by Certificate, giving an Account when he died, and where buried, shall receive a handsome Reward, by applying to

(4) WILLIAM BUDDICOM.

ANNAPOLIS, August 19, 1767.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber by Bond, Note, or open Account, are hereby requested to pay off the same, as he is determin'd to give them no longer Indulgence than this Notice; if this Request is not comply'd with, they may depend on being sued. He continues to sell Madeira Wine by the Gallon, West-India Rum by the Hoghead or Gallon, Boston ditto by the Barrel, Philadelphia Loaf Sugar, by the Loaf or Pound, Bohea Tea, Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel or Pound, Molasses, Chocolate, Hard Soap and Castile, Pomatum, Anderson's, Hooper's, and Lockyer's Pills, Bateman's Drops, Elixir of Bardana, Stoughton's Bitters, King's Honey-Water, and Jesuit's Bark by the Pound or Ounce, with sundry Dry GOODS, for Ready Money, or short Credit.

(3) THOMAS WILSON.

Exceeding good Limes by the Barrel, or Hundred, Tamarinds, by the Keg or Pound. He has also to dispose of, a likely Negro Wench, about 15 Years of Age, that has been brought up to Plantation Business.

Prince-George's County, August 15, 1767.

To be SOLD or RENTED very cheap,

THE HOUSES and IMPROVEMENTS of the Subscriber, at Upper-Marlborough, which are all in good Repair, and very convenient for a Tavern-keeper, Merchant, or private Family.

A Tavern-keeper well qualified for the Business, and desirous to keep a good House, will meet with great Encouragement; from

(6) BENJAMIN BROOKES.

A great deal of good FURNITURE may be had with the Houses.

MY Wife ANNE having eloped and taken with her my Children, Four of my Negroes, several of my Horses, and sundry other of my Effects; I give Notice to all Persons, not to Trust her on my Account, and forbid all Persons to buy or contract with her for any of my Effects, as I will not pay any Debts of her contracting, and will endeavour to recover any Thing again which she may dispose of.

(2) EDWARD DAY.

Frederick County, Maryland, August 12.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER,

by the SUBSCRIBER, at JOHN ORME'S in GEORGE-TOWN, on Thursday the 3d Day of September, for good Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money.

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called FRIENDSHIP, containing 250 Acres, which is exceeding good and level. There is about 80 Acres cleared, with a small Dwelling-House, Two Tobacco-Houses, and other convenient Out-Houses, a good young Orchard, and the Fencing in good Order. The Premises lie about 5 or 6 Miles above George-Town.

(2) RICHARD KEENE CLAGETT.

August 17, 1767. RAN away last Night from the Patuxent Iron-Works, the Three following Convict Servant Men, viz.

JOHN CARROLL, an Irishman, 30 Years of Age, a stout well-made Fellow, and has had his Hair lately cut off: Had on and took with him when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trowsers, an old light colour'd Cloth Coat, pretty much worn, an old Felt Hat, and a Pair of Shoes with Steel Buckles.

JOHN HILL, an Englishman, 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, and has a dark Complexion: Had on and took with him when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trowsers, new Felt Hat, Country-made Shoes, with Strings, an old grey Wig, and a Matchcoat Blanket.

PATRICK CONNER, 22 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, much pitted with the Small-Pox, and wears his own short brown Hair: Had on and took with him when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trowsers, new Felt Hat, and a Pair of Negro-Shoes.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants so that they may be had again, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward, for each, if Twenty Miles from home, or Three Pounds if out of the Province, paid by

(1) THO. SAM. & JOHN SNOWDEN.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDOR, on the Premises, the First Day of October next, at 12 o'Clock, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credits, giving Security, if required.

A TRACT of LAND, lying within Two Miles of PISCATAWAY, in PRINCE-GEORGE'S County, containing Four Hundred and Sixty-five ACRES. Part of it is cleared, so that four different Plantations may be commodiously settled, with small Trouble, it being in general cultivated, and inclosed in Four different Places, remote from each other. At present there is one well improved Tenement, with a Dwelling-House, 16 Feet by 26, a Kitchen, 22 Feet by 14, a Meat-House, 12 Feet Square, a Milk-House, 10 Feet, ditto; all of framed Work, and well shingled; a small Store-House, a Hen-House, a Garden and Yard, well paled in, all which Improvements are almost new; a Tobacco and Corn-House, an Orchard of Seven or Eight Hundred Peach Trees, and another, with about 200 Apple-Trees. There is a good Tobacco-House on one of the other mention'd Plantations. The Land is mostly level, is adapted to stiff and sandy Soils, well timbered, wooded, and watered.

Such Persons as chuse to purchase, may be shown the Land, on applying to THOMAS DYER, near the Premises, or their humble Servant,

(1) EDWARD DYER.

Those that intend to purchase, 'twixt and the Day of Sale, may know the Terms, and Title, (which is indisputable) by applying to E. D.

To be SOLD, in GEORGE-TOWN, in FREDE- RICK County, on the First Tuesday in September,

A LOT in GEORGE-TOWN, lying on the Water, with a good DWELLING-HOUSE, 28 Feet by 20; with Three Rooms below, and a Fire-Place in each: Two good Lodging-Rooms above Stairs, with a Passage. A very good STONE CELLAR, the whole Size of the House. The Workmanship of the Building is well executed.

(1) THOMAS ADDISON, jun.

July 27, 1767.

I DO hereby give Notice, That I have propos'd to all my Creditors, since I have been held a Prisoner in Queen-Anne's County Goal, in order to obtain my Liberty, to surrender up to them, all my Estate, Real and Personal, to be divided amongst them in Proportion to their several Claims against me, and to give my Bond to each of them, for such Part of their different Claims, as my Effects will neither pay nor satisfy.

And, Whereas my several Creditors will not agree to release me on the Terms I have propos'd to them, I am determin'd to petition the next General Assembly, at their next Meeting, for Relief.

(4) DANIEL MERRICK.

THE Subscriber takes this Method to inform the Public, That he carries on the SHOE- MAKING BUSINESS as usual, at his Shop, near Mr. ROBERT COUDEN'S Store, in Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS; where he has supplied himself with an extraordinary good Hand from LONDON, in Womens Silk, Stuff, or Leather Shoes or Pumps. Those Ladies; and others, who chuse to favour him with their Employ, may depend on having their Work done in the best Manner, with the utmost Dispatch, and at the most reasonable Rates; by

(4) JOSHUA HOSIER.

Baltimore-Town, July 3, 1767.

To be SOLD, in GAY-STREET, opposite

to JAMES'S-STREET,

A HALF a LOT, containing 33 Feet Front, and in Depth 162 Feet; whereon is built a good BRICK HOUSE, in Front 20 Feet, and Back 32 Feet, with Two Rooms on a Floor, a good Cellar, and Stone Kitchen. Also, a notable good STAND, very well situated for Land and Water, fronting Two Streets, and very convenient for building, and is entirely clear of Ground Rent, or any Incumbrances. The Purchaser may have it on reasonable Terms, for ready Money. The Right is indisputable.

N. B. The Subscriber intends for BRITAIN

soon. JOHN HADDEN.

July 22, 1767.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE,

for Sterling Money, or good Bills of Exchange,

on Monday the 28th of September next.

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called TURNER'S ADDITION, lying in Charles County, about Four Miles below Bryan-Town, on the Road that leads to Newport, containing 599 Acres, on which is a Dwelling-House, 24 Feet by 26, with a Brick Chimney, Three Rooms on the Lower Floor, and Four above; a Kitchen, 24 by 16; a Barn, 44 by 40; a Joiner's Shop, 20 by 16; a Quarter, Corn-House, and some other Houses, with Two very fine Apple-Orchards. The Title is good, and a General Warranty will be given for the Whole. Twelve Months Credit will be given for Part of the Purchase-Money, on giving Bond, and Security, if required: Any Person inclinable to purchase, may be shown the Land, 'twixt this and the Day of Sale; which then begins at One o'Clock, on the Premises, by applying to HAZEKIAH TURNER, living thereon, or to

(3) ZEPHANIAH TURNER.

The Land is well Timbered, and the Soil good.

Z. T.

ANNAPOLIS, July 30, 1767.

THE COMMISSIONERS empowered by LORD BALTIMORE, for the Sale of his Lordship's MANORS and RESERV'D LANDS, give Notice, That on Tuesday the 8th of September next, they will attend at Mr. SLADE'S Ordinary, in order to sell His Lordship's MANOR of GUN-POWDER, lying in BALTIMORE County, containing upwards of 7000 Acres. And, on Wednesday, the 16th of September, at Queen's-Town, in order to sell His Lordship's MANOR in QUEEN-ANNE'S County, containing about 6000 Acres. And, on the Monday following, being the 21st, at Chester-Town, in order to sell His Lordship's MANOR in KENT COUNTY, containing about 8000 Acres. The above MANORS will be Sold to the highest Bidder, and put up in Lots as shall be most agreeable to the Purchasers. The Authority of the Commissioners, and the Terms of Sale, as likewise exact Plats of the Land, with a State of the Improvements, and the Terms of the present Leases, may be seen at any Time before the Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

Signed per Order, JOHN CLAPHAM.

July 29, 1767.

THE Subscriber having been confined a Prisoner in Queen-Anne's County Jail, for Debt, ever since the 19th Day of June 1766, hereby gives Notice, That he intends to apply to the Legislature of this Province, at their next Meeting, for Relief.

(3) WILLIAM DOCKERY.

T. O. B. E. S. O. L. D.

A VERY handsome Second Hand LONDON made POST-CHARIOT, and PHAETON, not much the worse for the Wear: The Chariot is finished in the following Manner, viz. The Body painted Green, the Mouldings gilt, lined with light colour'd Cloth; and has Mirror Plate Glasses, with Harness compleat for one Pair of Horses. The Phaeton is painted a Pompadour Colour, gilt Mouldings, lined with light colour'd Cloth, and has a compleat Set of Harness for one Pair of Horses. Likewise sundry good Second-hand CHAIRS and CURRICLES for Sale: Enquire of WILLIAM TOD; Coachmaker in Philadelphia.

N. B. Said TOD imports most of the Materials from England, and carries on the Business in all its Branches, entirely with Men who have been regularly bred to the Trade in London. He is at present provided with a sufficient Stock of well seasoned Wood, &c. Those Gentlemen and Ladies, who are pleas'd to favour him with their Orders, may depend on having them compleated in the neatest and newest Fashions, with the greatest Expedition, and at the most reasonable Rates, by their humble Servant.

(1) WILLIAM TOD.

ANNAPOLIS, July 16, 1767.
THE COMMISSIONERS appointed by **LORD BALTIMORE**, to dispose of his Lordship's **MANORS and RESERVED LANDS**, give Notice, That on Tuesday, the First of September next, they will sell to the highest Bidder, His Lordship's **MANOR of ANNE-ARUNDEL**, lying on *Patuxent River*, and containing about 10,000 Acres; which will be put up in Lots of about 500 Acres, or otherwise, as shall be most agreeable to the Purchasers.—The Sale will be at the Subscriber's House, where a correct Plat of the Manor, describing the several Tenements and Improvements thereon, and the Terms of the present Leases, may be seen; as also the Powers invested in the Commissioners, and the Conditions of Sale.
 Signed per Order, **JOHN CLAPHAM.**

THE Subscriber takes this Method to acquaint the Public, that he now carries on the **STAY-MAKING BUSINESS** in all its Branches, at his House, in **LONDON-TOWN**, within 4 Miles of **ANNAPOLIS**, having for that Purpose supplied himself with the best of Materials, and engaged good Workmen to carry on the same, particularly *Richard Littlemore*, who some Years ago carried on that Business for Mr. *William Beans*, in *Prince-George's County*; and, since that Time, was a Principal Hand in Mr. *Wah-Jac's* Shop for Four or Five Years; and likewise since wrought for Mr. *Joseph Foard*, till his Death. Those **LADIES** who shall please to favour me with their Custom in that Way, may depend on having their Orders punctually executed, with Fidelity and Dispatch. I still carry on the **TAILOR'S BUSINESS**, as usual, being provided with good Workmen for that Branch. Those who are in long Arrears for Dealings with me in the above Way, or in that belonging to the **PUBLIC HOUSE**, are earnestly requested to make speedy Payment, which will greatly oblige *Their very humble Servant*,
 (6*) **ALEXANDER FERGUSON.**

WANTED, in the **PREROGATIVE-OFFICE**, a **CLERK**, who can write a fair strong Hand. None other will be accepted.
 Apply to **ELIE VALLETTE, Regr.**

WANTED, a **GENTEEL well-bred WOMAN**, of a good Character, and capable of undertaking the Management of a Gentleman's Family, which consists of but few Persons.
 For further Particulars apply to the **PRINTER.**

JUST IMPORTED From **GLASGOW**, and to be sold by the Subscribers, at **Nottingham**, at a very moderate Advance, in **Cash**, or **Bills of Exchange**, for which a reasonable Credit will be given.

A LUMPING PARCEL OF GOODS, consisting chiefly of the following Articles, *Irish Linens*, brown and white Sheeting, *Dowlas*, *Scots Osnabrigs*, Checks, striped *Hollands*, *Linen Handkerchiefs*, *Bed-Tick*, *Printed Linen*, and *Cotton Cloths*, *Tartan*, *Kendal Cotton*, *Plaiding*, *Plaiding and Yarn Stockings*, brown, white, brown and coloured *Threads*, *Felt* and *Castor Hats*, *Men and Womens Leather Shoes*, *Kippon's Snuff*.—To the Amount of about 360 £. **COFF.**
JOHN CAMPBELL.

To be **SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE**, on Monday the 5th Day of **October next**, on the Premises, for **Sterling Cash**, good **London Bills of Exchange**, **Dollars**, or **Paper Currency of the Province**,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, lately belonging to *Nicholas Low Darnall*, lying in **Baltimore County**, near the *Fork of Gunpowder*, and about 12 Miles from **Baltimore-Town**, called, **THE LAND OF PROMISE**, containing 800 Acres, of which there is about 150 Acres cleared, whereon is a large new framed Dwelling-house, Kitchen, and other Offices; also a new framed Barn, Three **Tobacco Houses**, **Corn House**, and **Stable**. Twelve Months Credit will be allowed for one Half of the Purchase Money, on paying Interest, and giving Bond, with Security, if required. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land, and Improvements, before the Day of Sale, by applying to *Nicholas Low Darnall*, living on the Premises. The Title is indisputable.
FRANCIS HALL.

BY virtue of an Act of Assembly, of the Province of **Maryland**, passed on or about the 24th Day of **April 1762**, empowering *Mary Stansbury*, Administratrix of *Capt. Tobias Stansbury*, to sell and dispose of the Lands of the said *Capt. Tobias Stansbury*, for the Payment of his Debts; Notice is hereby given, that on the First Day of **October next**, will be sold at Public Vendue, for Current Money, 215 Acres of Land, lying near *Antisatam*, in **Frederick County**, called **HALLAM'S LOOK-OUT**, being Part of the Land of the said *Capt. Tobias Stansbury*, mentioned in the above Act, the greatest Part of which is a rich Marsh that will make excellent Meadow, the Up-Land exceeding good, on which is some small Improvement, and lies adjoining to the Land of *Joseph Helmer*; the Sale to be on the Premises.

To be Sold at the same Time, at Public or Private Sale, about 500 Acres of Land, lying in the same County, on little *Antisatam*, Part of a Tract of Land, called **FELFOOT ENLARGED**, the greatest Part of which is very good, and a considerable Part of it will make good Meadow, and is commonly called, *The Dry Meadows*, and is convenient to a Mill, and is adjoining to an Iron-Works. Any Person inclinable to purchase the last mentioned Land, or Part thereof, may know the Terms, by applying to Mr. *Christian Orenduff*, living near the same.
 (3*) **MARY STANSBURY.**

To be **SOLD**, on Terms to be agreed upon at the Day of Sale, at Mr. *George Neauill's* Ordinary, near the Premises, the 15th Day of **September next**, (pursuant to an Act of Assembly empowering the Executors of *Col. Charles Carter*, late of **King George**, to make Sale of such Part of his unimproved Lands as they shall find necessary for the Payment of his Debts)

FOURTEEN Thousand Acres of fine high and low Grounds, lying in the Counties of *Prince William* and *Fauquier*, on *Broad Run* and *Kettle Run*, to be laid off in Lots or otherwise, as may be agreed on: The Executors being at all Times ready to confer with any Persons inclinable to bargain for any of the said Lands before the Day of Sale. There are a great Number of remarkable fine Streams for Grist Mills running through the said Tract, which lies within 25 or 30 Miles of public Navigation, on *Patowmack* and *Rappahannock Rivers*.
LONDON CARTER, 7
CHARLES CARTER.

(11*) **7**

TO BE SOLD, **HAMPTON FURNACE**, in **Frederick County**, **Maryland**; together with upwards of 3000 Acres of Land, all of which is remarkably well Wooded. The Furnace, with Casting Bellows, and Bridge Houses, are all built of Stone, and compleatly and substantially finished, with a good Grist-Mill Two Stories high, built also of Stone: They are situated upon a Branch of *Monocacy* which never fails, nor can any of the Works be injured by the largest Floods: There is likewise finished, a large commodious Coal-House, with all other convenient Houses; also a very compleat Farm, within a Quarter of a Mile of the Furnace, upon which is above Fifty Acres of Meadow prepared; and Forty more may be easily cleared, all exceeding good, and in one Body.—There will also be Sold, the whole Stock of *Negroes*, *Servants*, *Horses*, *Waggons*, &c. belonging to the Works: There is Six Months Coal at the Furnace, and about Fourteen Hundred Cord of Wood cut ready for Coaling: There is about Five Hundred Tons of Ore at the Side of the Furnace, and about Four Hundred Tons more raised at the Bank. The Ore, of which there appears to be an inexhaustible Quantity, is extremely rich, and of a good Quality, and easily raised.—The Owners propose to sell immediately before they go in to Blast—Time will be allowed for Payment of the best Part of the Money, upon Bond and Security.—Any Person inclinable to purchase, may treat with *Normand Bruce*, who lives near, and will show the said Works.

BENEDICT CALVERT,
EDWARD DIGGES,
NORMAND BRUCE,
WILLIAM DIGGES, junr.
JAMES CANADY.

(11) **12**

DORCHESTER County, July 20, 1767.
WHEREAS, **MARY**, the Wife of Mr. the Subscriber, did, on the 14th Day of **July** Instant, elope from Me, her said Husband: This is therefore to forewarn all Persons from trusting her on my Account, for I will pay no Debts of her contracting, from the Date hereof.
 (75) **BENJAMIN KEENE.**

S C H E M E
O F T H E
MARYLAND LIBERTY LOTTERY.

THE Lower House of Assembly of **Maryland** have constantly and incessantly hitherto, since Seventeen Hundred and Thirty-nine, **RESOLVED**, That his Majesty hath no Right to collect Twelve-pence per Hoghead of Tobacco exported.

A Constitutional Tax on the People to support an Agent of the Appointment of the Lower House, has been justly desired, frequently attempted, and as often refused by the Upper House.

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Clerk of the Council, his reasonable Reward, as well as every other Expence necessarily attending the Execution of the Powers of Government, ought to be defrayed out of the *Fines, Forfeitures, Amercements, and other Monies* received by the Government for the Support thereof; and, "That Sentence being directly opposite to the Opinion of the Upper House had on mature Consideration, formed upon the Subject of the Clerk of the Council's Claim," principally occasioned the Non-payment of the Public Debt for upwards of Ten Years: The Distress of Trade for Want of a Circulating Medium, and the extreme Necessity of Public Creditors, compelled the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his Majesty in Council, on the Subject Matter of Difference, without the Allotment of any Public Money for that Purpose, as the only Means to settle Disputes, restore Public Credit, and lay a sure Foundation for the future Ease and Good of the Province.

A Subscription therefore, by **RESOLVE** of the Lower House, has been Open'd, and Subscriptions are taken in by every Member, for maintaining an Agent, and supporting the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining Redress of their *other Grievances*; and, by **RESOLVE** also of the Lower House, as an additional Means of raising Money for the same Purposes, the following **S C H E M E** of a **LOTTERY**, by which to raise One Thousand Pounds Common Money, is submitted to the Public.

| | | | |
|------|--------------------|-----|----------|
| 1 | Prize of £. 500 | is | 500 |
| 1 | of 250 | is | 250 |
| 1 | of 100 | is | 100 |
| 2 | of 50 | are | 100 |
| 2 | of 30 | are | 60 |
| 4 | of 20 | are | 80 |
| 4 | of 15 | are | 60 |
| 10 | of 10 | are | 100 |
| 20 | of 5 | are | 100 |
| 50 | of 4 | are | 200 |
| 80 | of 3 | are | 240 |
| 73 | of 2 : 10 | are | 182 : 10 |
| 2250 | of 2 | are | 4500 |
| 1 | First drawn Blank, | | 13 : 11 |
| 1 | Last drawn Blank, | | 13 : 11 |

2500 Prizes. **25** £. 6500
 2500 Blanks.
 5000 { Tickets, at Thirty } £. 7500
 { Shillings each, } amount to
 From which deduct 1000 £. 6500

Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted from the Prizes, to defray the Expences of the Lottery.

The Drawing to be in the Court-House at **Annapolis**, in the Presence of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall be pleased to attend.—From the best Estimate that can be found, there are about 300 of the 5000 Tickets still for Sale; and as Gentlemen have not sent in their Account of Tickets unsold, the Drawing is put off till the Monday after the Third Tuesday of **October next**, which is then certainly expected, *even should there be some Tickets remaining to be taken on the Risk of the Lottery*.—Those Gentlemen who have generously assisted in the Sale of Tickets, are requested to send an Account of them against that Time; and the Managers are desired then to meet.

The Managers are, *William Murdock, Esq; Melbeck Thomas Sprigg, William Pace, John Wynn, Thomas Coffey, South River, Thomas Ringgold, B. T. B. Worthington, Henry Hall, John Hammond, Thomas Johnson, John Hall of Annapolis, and Samuel Chase*, or each of them as shall chuse to act.

The said Managers to give Bond to the **Hon. SPEAKERS**, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust. A List of the Prizes to be Published in the **MARYLAND GAZETTE**, and the Prizes paid as soon as the Drawing is finished; and those not demanded in Six Months after the Drawing, to be deemed as generously given to the above Use. The Scheme to be made publick in the **Maryland and Virginia GAZETTES**, and **Pennsylvania JOURNAL**.

"**LIFE without LIBERTY is worse than DEATH.**"
TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers, and of most of the Members of the Lower House of Assembly.

Annapolis: Printed by **ANNE CATHERINE GREEN**, at the **PRINTING-OFFICE**: Where all Persons may be supplied with this **GAZETTE**, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.

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