

The MARYLAND GAZETTE

[XXIst Year.]

THURSDAY, April 3, 1766.

[N^o. 1073.]

The Humble ADDRESS of the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, presented to His Majesty on Wednesday, the Fifteenth Day of January, 1766.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return our hearty and most unfeigned Thanks to Your Majesty, for Your most Gracious Speech from the Throne.

We gratefully acknowledge Your Majesty's Goodness and Condescension, in ordering to be immediately laid before us, all the Materials of Information, which may serve to direct our Proceedings upon the very important Objects which Your Majesty has proposed to our Consideration.

We cannot avoid expressing our Satisfaction in Your Majesty's parental Care and Vigilance, in losing no Time to issue the necessary Orders, for exerting the several Powers of Government in the Suppression of Riots and Tumults, and the Support of Order and legal Authority. Concurring heartily with Your Majesty's salutary Intentions, we will exert our utmost Endeavours to assert and support Your Majesty's Dignity and Honour, and the Legislative Authority of this Kingdom over its Colonies; and will take into Consideration the most proper Methods to provide for the Restoration of the Tranquillity of those Colonies, which has been disturbed by such violent and dangerous Com-motions.

We congratulate Your Majesty, that the State of Tranquillity, so happily subsisting in Europe, leaves us at Leisure to attend to the mutual Commercial Concerns of Your Kingdoms and Colonies.

Permit us, Sir, to condole with You on the Loss of Your Majesty, and Your Royal Family, has sustained, by the premature Death of His Royal Highness Prince Frederick William; whose amiable Qualities, and early Attainments, afforded so pleasing a Prospect of Happiness to Your Majesty, and of Advantage to Your Kingdoms.

Our Deliberations will, we trust, be conducted with that Prudence and Temper which Your Majesty so graciously recommends. You will find, Sir, that our Sentiments correspond with Your Majesty's gracious Intentions towards all Your Subjects; and that all Things which may tend to re-establish Tranquillity and Order, and to cement the several Parts of the British Dominions in a close Connection and constitutional Dependence, shall be the first Objects of our Attention; that such a firm Authority may be established, and such a general Satisfaction diffused over every Part of Your extensive Empire, as ought to distinguish the Government of so wise, so just, and so beneficent a Prince.

His MAJESTY'S Most Gracious ANSWER.
MY LORDS,

I THANK you for this dutiful and loyal Address. —Your firm and temperate Resolution to support the Dignity of My Crown, and the Legislative Authority of this Kingdom over its Colonies; your Care, at the same Time, to re-establish Order and Tranquillity in those Colonies, and your Regard to the Prosperity and Happiness of all My People, shew Dispositions which are altogether worthy of your Wisdom, and which cannot fail of producing the most salutary Effects both at Home and Abroad. You will find Me unalterably fixed in the same Intentions. Your affectionate Condolance on the Death of My Brother, affords Me some Consolation on that melancholy Occasion.

The Humble Address of the House of Commons to the King.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great-Britain

in Parliament assembled, return Your Majesty our most humble Thanks for Your most gracious Speech from the Throne.

It is with the highest Sense of Your Majesty's Goodness we acknowledge that Care for the Welfare of Your People, and that Confidence in the Loyalty and Affection of Your faithful Commons, which Your Majesty shews in the early Communication Your Majesty has been pleased to order, of the necessary Informations relative to the Disturbances in America. Your Reliance on the Wisdom and Duty of Your Parliament in a Matter of so great Importance, and the Attention shewn by Your Majesty in referring to our Deliberation and Advice the joint Concern of Your Majesty's royal Authority, the Rights of Your Parliament, and the Happiness of Your Subjects, are at once Objects of our highest Admiration and Gratitude.

It is our Duty, as it shall be our Care, to imitate that Temper and Equanimity which appear in Your Majesty's Conduct, by mixing with our Zeal for the Honour of Your Majesty's Government, and with our just Regard for the Dignity and Authority of Parliament, the utmost Attention to the important Objects of the Trade and Navigation of these Kingdoms, and the Tenderest Concern for the united Interests of all Your Majesty's People.

It is with inexpressible Grief we are again called upon to condole with your Majesty on the Death of another Prince of Your Royal Family, whose amiable Disposition, and whose early Virtues in the first Dawn of Life, while they shew him worthy of the illustrious Race he sprung from, must now double our Regret for his untimely Loss.

The general State of Peace and Tranquillity so happily reigning in all Parts of Europe, must give the greatest Satisfaction to every one, who has any Concern for the true Interest of this Country, or who feels for the general Happiness of Mankind.

Our Assistance shall not be wanting to aid Your Majesty with our Advice, and to strengthen Your Authority for the Continuation of that Harmony, so happily preserved by the Wisdom of Your Majesty's Councils, and the Influence of Your mild auspicious Government.

We assure Your Majesty that we shall, with the greatest Cheerfulness, grant Your Majesty the Supplies necessary for the current Service of the Year; having the firmest Reliance on the Promise Your Majesty is graciously pleased to make, of seeing them duly applied, with that Economy which your own Wisdom will direct, and which the Circumstances of this Country so strongly demand.

The Unanimity and Dispatch, which your Majesty is pleased to recommend, we shall, from Motives both of Duty and Inclination, endeavour to make the Rule of our Proceedings; being sensible, that nothing can more immediately tend to add Weight to the Deliberations of Parliament, or Efficacy to their Resolutions.

And as the constant Tenor of Your Majesty's Conduct shews that the Happiness and Prosperity of your People are the sole Objects of your Concern, we should be equally wanting in Duty to our Sovereign, and Care for our own Honour, did we a Moment neglect our Part, in promoting all such wise and salutary Measures as may tend to reflect Dignity on your Majesty's Government, and fix the Welfare of your People on the most solid Foundation.

NEW-YORK, March 20.

Extracts of sundry Letters from London, by the Packet.

Letter the 1st, dated 16th January, 1766.

I WROTE on Saturday—to acquaint you our new Ministry were Friends to America, and that I hope for no less than a total Repeal of the oppressive Acts, which since have become more evident by the Debates of the House on Tuesday, when Mr. Pitt appeared openly in your Favour, and gave such Reasons, (not only for a Repeal, but asserted your Privileges as Englishmen, backed with such Arguments) as silenced all Opposition: I am Witness to the good Disposition of the Mi-

nistry, as I am chosen special Agent on this Occasion for one of the Colonies.

Letter 2^d, January 16.

Few imagined Mr. Pitt would have been at the House, but I have the Pleasure to write you that he was—and made a most excellent Speech in Favour of the Colonies: He denied that they were represented in Parliament,—said it was unconstitutional to lay internal Taxes upon them,—that as to the legal Part of the Act, he should reserve himself to answer such Gentlemen as were of the Law, at their next Debate on that Subject: That he was of Opinion that the Colonies ought to have as extended a Trade as we could possibly give them.—In short he never made a Speech equal to this.—It has given great Spirit to the American Cause, and will, I doubt not, confirm many Members who tottered in their Opinion.

Mr. Grenville was very warm against the Colonies, and is for enforcing the Act.—Yesterday I attended the House again.—A Motion had been made, that all Advices to the Administration, from the Governors and others, should be laid before the House, and they were accordingly laid on the Table: Then a Motion was made, that they should be printed: This occasioned many Speeches—saying that the Names of the Governors and others, might not be printed, nor the Places from whence dated; for that such Persons would fall under the Resentment of the Americans, and perhaps their Lives and Properties might be endangered: That some Governors were dependent on the People for their Salaries, which they might be deprived of for giving such Advice here,—for it seems some of them have wrote very severe Letters against the Colonies. Mr. Grenville, Nugent, and several others, opposed the Suppression of any Names, and were for having the whole printed—say, that this Kingdom was able, and would defend such Governors, and others, for being loyal Subjects, and doing their Duty among a People who were in open Rebellion:—This Word Rebellion, was used by several others. It was at last resolved that the said Letters and Advices from America, should be printed, leaving out such Parts as might lead to a Discovery of the Persons who wrote them.—To-morrow the North-American Merchants Petition will be presented.—Mr. N. and I are ordered to attend the Committee: Many other Petitions are come to Town; that of Leeds and Halifax will be presented To-morrow by L. G. Sackville, but I believe no more will be said or done, than to put down a Day to consider them. The 28th current, is set down for American Affairs, then I think the American Remonstrance will be delivered. I shall constantly attend the House. There are 7 or 8 Persons among us who do not sign our Petition, among which Number I am, as we perhaps shall be called to the Bar of the House to be examined, when we had better not be Petitioners.

I have the Honour of many Letters from the Great, as well as frequent Conferences with many Members. I have just received a Letter from, and have been with, Col. Barre above an Hour. He is our good Friend, and an able one, and seconds our Petition: In short the Merchants trading to America, spread a great Circle, and are now supported by Mr. Pitt; which, together with the good Disposition of the Ministry, has greatly confirmed our Hopes to obtain a Repeal of the impolitic Stamp Act, and also an Enlargement of your Trade, as well as Alterations in the Vice Admiralty Courts.—But don't be too much elated, we are not yet certain;—we have only Reason to hope and expect from present Appearances.—I wish to God I may be able in my next to advise you of the Repeal; every Thing material I shall from Time to Time let you know, which as a Lover of your Country will, I doubt not, be agreeable to you.

When the Address to the King on his Speech was read, Mr. Harris stood up and said, that all that Part which related to America, was in too mild Expressions; for that they were in open Rebellion against the supreme legislative Authority of King, Lords and Commons.—But he had not one

to second him, and therefore the Address passed, Nem. Con. &c.

Letter 3d, January 18.

"On Tuesday last the Parliament met.—Immediately after the King's Speech, they proceeded upon American Affairs, and went farther into them than intended, as the Debate ought to have been confined to the Subject of the Address.—Mr. Pitt came to the House, and has declared himself for the Repeal of the Stamp Act, upon Principle: He concludes that the Parliament have only a Right to impose Taxes in their representative Capacity, not in their legislative Capacity; and proves it by the Lords and King having no Pretence to grant Monies.—Therefore as the Americans are not represented (which in my Opinion he proved likewise, for I was in the House) they certainly cannot be taxed by the Parliament of England, though they (the Parliament) have, in all other Respects, a full Sovereignty over America.—However the Affair is put off for a full Consideration of the House, till Wednesday Se'night, for which Purpose a Call of the House is on Tuesday Se'night.—My Opinion is now more confirmed of an absolute Repeal; and indeed before the House met, I had a full two Hours Conversation with Lord——upon the Subject, and clearly saw how inclined the Administration was to repeal it."

BOSTON, March 13.

Monday Night, in a Snow Storm, Capt. Collyer in a Brig from the Straits going into Marblehead, struck on a Ledge of Rocks, and sunk before the People had Opportunity of saving any Thing besides their own Lives; a Quantity of Dollars that were in a Chest, with a Cargo of Salt, were lost, as also the Vessel.

Capt. Smith, in a Schooner from Philadelphia, we hear, was also cast away near Cohasset Rocks; the Vessel and Cargo, consisting of 1000 Barrels of Flour, &c. were lost.—The Master, Mr. Blair, a Passenger, and the Hands belonging to the Vessel, with great Difficulty saved their Lives.

ANNAPOLIS, April 3.

On Tuesday last, the SONS OF LIBERTY of this Province, met at the City of Annapolis, pursuant to their Adjournment, and, by their Moderators, presented a Petition to the Justices of the Provincial Court, then sitting, Requesting them to Transact all Business in the usual Manner, and to order their Clerk to execute the Duty of his Office in every Respect, without the Use of stamped Paper: The Petition was openly read, but the Court refusing their Assent to the Requisitions therein, their immediate Compliance was earnestly insisted for, and demanded, by the SONS OF LIBERTY, with united Hearts and Voices. The Court then made the following Order, "It is by the Court here Ordered, That the Clerk of this Court, from henceforth, issue all Manner of Processes, file all Pleadings, give Copies, and transact all Business whatsoever, in his Office, for which Application shall be made to him, by any Inhabitant of this Province, as usual, WITHOUT STAMPED PAPER." An Attested Copy whereof, was delivered to the Sons of Liberty; who then proceeded to make Application to the Judges of his Lordship's Land-Office, and the Register of the Prerogative-Office, to open their respective Offices; in Consequence of which, they received Assurances, that all Business should be carried on and transacted without the Use of Stamps. The Assembly manifested the justest Sentiments of Patriotism, and Public Spirit, a glorious Ardour for supporting that invaluable Blessing LIBERTY, and a firm Resolution ever to preserve inviolate their Constitutional Rights and Privileges: The utmost Decency and Decorum were observed in executing this important Affair, the whole Body breathed the Sentiments of Freedom and Loyalty, and evinced by their Conduct, that their Actions sprung from that Impulse of the Heart, which every Son of Liberty must feel at any Attempt, to impose on him the Chains of Slavery.

The following RESOLVES were unanimously agreed to, by the Sons of Liberty, at their above Meeting.

RESOLVED, That we will bear Faith and true Allegiance to our most Gracious Sovereign King GEORGE the Third, and will, to the utmost of our Power, Support and Defend the establish'd Form of Government, and will aid and assist the Civil Power in the due Execution of all Laws, to which we have, by our Representatives assented; as also of all the Laws and Statutes of Great-Britain, that have been used and practiced within this Province.

RESOLVED, That we will as far as in us lies, suppress all Riots or unlawful Assemblies, tending to the Disturbance of the Public Tranquility, or the Injury of any Individual in his Person or Property; and that we do and will hold in the utmost Detestation and Abhorrence all Measures whatever, that may disturb the good Order, Happiness, and Prosperity, of this Province.

On Tuesday next the Provincial Court of this Province is to meet here, to proceed on Business as usual, and all Jurors and Suitors are expected to attend.

We are assured, that the Courts in Frederick, Anne-Arundel, Cecil, Queen-Anne's, Somerset, and Worcester Counties, now carry on Business as formerly; and doubt not but the other Eight Counties of the Province, will follow the Example.

On Saturday last, Captain PITT, in the Schooner Endeavour of this Place, arrived here from St. Croix, without Rudder or Anchor, having had the former broke off, with Part of the Stern, off Cape-Hatteras, on the 22^d of March, and afterwards got to Anchor off Cape-Henry, on the 24th; but as they were weighing their Anchors in order to come in with the Flood-Tide, a Gale of Wind came on them, and broke both Cables; and it was with great Difficulty they got in.

The following is a Copy of a Letter received last Saturday by our Hon^{ble} Speaker, and was sent hither for Publication:

LONDON, January 16, 1766.

SIR,

NO Appointment of Special Agent from you, or any other of the Provinces, but that for Massachusetts, who have appointed me to that Service, appearing, I was determined to use your joint Petitions to the best Purposes, for the Colonies Advantage, tho' I stood alone in that Service, I have therefore immediately on the Receipt of them, put them into the Hands of the Ministry, and they have had so good an Effect, that your American Interest bears a very favourable Aspect; for on Tuesday, when the King's Speech came under Consideration in the House of Commons, Mr. PITT declar'd in your favour, not only for repealing the noxious Laws, but in asserting the very Privileges you contend for, which is such an interesting piece of News, I could not answer Concealing, especially as the Ministry is so obliging as to detain the Packet a few Days, that we might have the Opportunity as early as possible, to ease the Solicitudes of our Friends in America.

Should there be Occasion in the Process of the Affair, to Fee Council, I doubt not but you will bear your Part of the Expence, that the Whole may not lie on Boston.

Sir, your humble Servant,

DENNYS DE BERDT.

To the Speaker of the Hon^{ble} House of Representatives, Maryland.

Mr. GREEN,

IN the Sessions of Parliament, which began Anno 1752, a Motion was made, to bring in a Bill, for a general Registry of the People; against which, William Thornton, Esq; one of the Members for the City of York, expressed himself in a Speech, Part whereof I here send you; if

you think it applicable to the present Time, you will Print it.

I am, Yours, &c.

March 29, 1766.

NUMBER.

AS to myself, I hold this Project to be totally subversive of the last Remains of English Liberty, and therefore, tho' it should pass into a Law, I should think myself under the highest of all Obligations, to oppose its Execution: If any Officer, by whatsoever Authority, should demand of me, an Account of the Number and Circumstances of my Family, I would refuse it, and if he persisted in the Affront, I would order my Servants to give him the Discipline of the Horse-Whip; nor would I fail to exert every Faculty and Power of my Body and Mind, all the Influence which I derive from my Fortune or my Attachments, to produce the same Opposition in my Neighbours, my Tenants, and my Friends; if I should struggle alone in so glorious a Cause, or if the Mercenaries of Oppression should prevail, I would immediately sell the little I possess, and spend the Remainder of my Days in some other Country, where, if I am not more Free, I shall not be a Spectator of the Ruin which I could not prevent, nor suffer the Torment of perpetually comparing the present with the past, a tame Submission to this Yoke, will indeed prove, that the Spirit of our Ancestors is departed, and has left us unworthy of our Birth-Right, we shall deserve the Canvas Frock and Wooden Shoes, which will inevitably be put on us."

Piscataway, April 1, 1766.

SIR,

I send you a true Copy of the Petition of the North-American Merchants, to the British Parliament, which was inclosed to me by Messieurs Stewart and Campbell. I dare say you will give it to the Public, through the Channel of your Paper, as soon as you can.

I am, SIR,

Your most humble Servant,

W^m. RUSSELL.

To the Honourable the Commons of Great-Britain, in Parliament assembled.

The PETITION of the Merchants of London, Trading in North-America,

Humbly Sheweth,

THAT your Petitioners have long been concerned in carrying on the Trade between this Country, and the British Colonies on the Continent of North-America.

THAT they have annually Exported very large Quantities of British Manufactures, consisting of Woollen Goods of all kinds, Cottons, Linens, Hard-ware, Shoes, Household Furniture, and almost, without Exception, every Species of Goods Manufactured in these Kingdoms, besides other Articles Imported from abroad, chiefly purchased with our Manufactures, and with the Produce of our Colonies; by all which many Thousand Manufacturers, Seamen, and Labourers, have been employed, to the very great and increasing Benefit of this Nation.

THAT, in return of these Exports, your Petitioners have received from the Colonies, Rice, Indico, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Oil, Whale Fins, Furs, and lately Pot-Ash, with other Commodities, besides Remittances by Bills of Exchange and Bullion, obtained by the Colonists in Payment for Articles of their Produce not required for the British Market, and therefore Exported to other Places.

THAT from the Nature of this Trade consisting of British Manufactures Exported, and of the Import of Raw Materials from America, many of them used in our Manufactures, and all of them tending to lessen our Dependence on neighbouring States, it must be deemed of the highest Importance in the Commercial System of this Nation.

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THAT in between the Colonies established, Years, and of th tioners have h Americans to mak utmost of their induced to mak portations of B the Colonies in Great-Britain in Sterling.

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THAT this Commerce, so beneficial to the State, and so necessary for the Support of Multitudes, now lies under such Difficulties and Discouragement, that nothing less than its utter Ruin is apprehended, without immediate Interposition of Parliament.

THAT in Consequence of the Trade between the Colonies and the Mother Country, as established, and as permitted for many Years, and of the Experience which your Petitioners have had of the Readiness of the Americans to make their just Remittances to the utmost of their real Ability, they have been induced to make and venture such large Exports of British Manufactures as to leave the Colonies indebted to the Merchants of Great-Britain in the Sum of several Millions Sterling.

THAT at this Time, the Colonists, when Pressed for Payment, appeal to past Experience in Proof of their Willingness, but declare it is not in their Power at present to make good their Engagements;—alleging that the Taxes and Restrictions laid upon them, and the Extension of the Jurisdiction of Vice-Admiralty Courts, established by some late Acts of Parliament, particularly by an Act passed in the 4th Year of his present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the British Colonies and Plantations in America*; and by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for granting and applying certain Stamp-Duties, and other Duties, in the British Colonies and Plantations in America*, with several Regulations and Restraints, which, if founded on Acts of Parliament for defined Purposes, are represented to have been extended in such a Manner as to disturb legal Commerce, and harras the fair Trader, has so far interrupted the usual and former most fruitful Branches of their Commerce, restrained the Sale of their Produce, thrown the State of the several Provinces into Confusion, and brought on so great a Number of actual Bankruptcies, that the former Opportunities and Means of Remittances and Payments are utterly lost and taken from them.

THAT your Petitioners are, by these unhappy Events, reduced to the Necessity of applying to this Honourable House, in order to secure themselves and their Families from impending Ruin—to prevent a Multitude of Manufactures from becoming a Burden to the Community, or else seeking their Bread in other Countries, to the irretrievable Loss of this Kingdom—to preserve the Strength of this Nation entire, its Commerce flourishing—the Revenues increasing—our Navigation, the Bulwark of the Kingdom, in a State of Growth and Extension, and the Colonies, from Inclination, Duty, and Interest, firmly attached to the Mother-Country.

Your Petitioners therefore humbly pray the Consideration of the Premises, intreating such Relief as to the Wisdom of this Honourable House shall seem expedient. And your Petitioners shall for every Pray.

TO be SOLD at Mr. JACQUES'S STORE in ANNAPOLIS, ROCK-RUN BEER by the Barrel. (w3) /

TO be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at George-Town on Sassafras, on Tuesday the 15th Instant, (for the Benefit of the Insurers, and others concern'd.)

AN ANCHOR of between Ten and Eleven Hundred weight, which belong'd to the Ship *Rachel, Thomas Moore, Master*, which was Burnt in *Hungre-River* in May last.

THOMAS BROWNING.
N. B. This Anchor was advertised to be sold in November past, but a Disappointment in getting it up to *George-Town* prevented. / X

SOME few Casks of Muscovado SUGARS, to be SOLD in ANNAPOLIS, by JOHN PITT. /

Chester-Town, March 27, 1766.

WHEREAS the Assignees of Mr. THOMAS ASHURST M'LANE, late of London, Merchant, have sent us a Power of Attorney to settle and adjust the Claims of the said THOMAS ASHURST M'LANE, against all Persons in Maryland, and to collect and receive his Debts, and Effects; we having made some Enquiry into his Affairs here, have good Reason to believe his Credits and Effects in this Province greatly exceed what he may be indebted to the People here, and if we thought our Power extended so far, wou'd at once engage to pay his Creditors here, out of the first Monies we should receive, to prevent the Expence that might arise on Attachments; and we take this public Method of informing all the Creditors in Maryland, that we have wrote to the Assignees, recommending it to them to give us such Power, as a Matter we think much for the Interest of the Creditors in England, and expect an Answer as soon as Time will permit: And as the Creditors here, if we should have such a Power given us, will then get their Debts, without Trouble or Expence, and if not, will still have the same Remedy they now have, we request they will forbear issuing any Attachments, or taking Expensive Measures for securing their Debts, until we get an Answer from the Assignees, which they shall be advised of, as soon as we receive, be it the one Way, or the other.

(4^m) / P. 7/16 THO. & WM. RINGGOLD.

March 26, 1766.

To be SOLD, very cheap, by the Subscriber, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

ALIKELY, young, healthy NEGRO Fellow, that has been in the Country about Nine Months: Also, Two Tracts of LAND, lying in Prince-George's County, on the Piney Branch of the Eastern Branch of Patowmack, about 4 Miles from Snowden's Iron-Works, and 8 Miles from Bladenburg, SCOTT'S FANCY, containing 117 Acres, near 20 Acres of Meadow clear'd, and sowed with Timothy Seed, and about 30 Acres of Upland clear'd, and all under good Fences; a fine young Orchard, sundry Houses, &c. a good constant Stream running thro' Part of the Land, fit for a Mill. The other Tract adjoining, containing 200 Acres, well Watered, and Timbered, has a good Dwelling House, a good new Tobacco House, and sundry other Houses, &c. and an exceeding good Apple Orchard; the Soil good, well situated for Farming or Tobacco, and Produces well. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to William Hall on the Piney Branch, in my Absence.

(w6) / P. 15/15 WILLIAM SCOTT.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to said Scott, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to make speedy Payment, or they may expect Trouble, without further Notice.

LATELY IMPORTED, And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at PORT-TOBACCO,

ABOUT Two Hundred Pounds, prime Cost of GOODS, for either Cash or Tobacco; they consist chiefly of low priced Irish Linens, Sheetings, Shoes, Nails, &c.

(w3) / D. JENIFER.

ROBERT CUNNINGHAM, of Baltimore County, intending soon to leave this Province, gives this Public Notice thereof; that all Persons who have any Claims against him, may bring them in, that they may be paid. / X P

Dumfries, March 29, 1766.

THE Subscriber gives Notice, That he had delivered at his Store, by Capt. William Gilkison, of the *Catheart*, A small BALE, and a BOX of GLASS, mark'd L 4 E; likewise, a large COPPER KETTLE with a Mark, for which there is no Bill of Lading. The Owner may have them, by applying to CUMBERLAND WILSON

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel County Jail as a Runaway, a Negro Man who says his Name is *Abram*, and that he belongs to Mr. *George Erkrige*, in *Dorchester County, Maryland*. His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges. / WILLIAM PRUE, Jailer.

April 1, 1766.

JUST ARRIVED in PATOWMACK River, the TRYAL, Capt. ERRINGTON, from London, with a Number of healthy Men and Women Servants, many of them Country Folks, and several Tradesmen, such as Weavers, Tailors, Gardeners, Sawyers, Bricklayers, Brick-Makers, a Leather Breeches Maker, and Others. Also Farmers, Grooms, Gentlemens Servants, and several fine Boys. The SALE will begin at the Naval Office, Cedar-Point, on Thursday the 10th Instant, and be continued three Days: The Ship will then proceed up the River to Alexandria, where a Sale is to be on Wednesday the 16th, which will be continued 'till all are sold. Current Money, Sterling, Bills of Exchange, or Crop Tobacco, will be taken in Payment, and reasonable Credit allowed by

1 X P. 5/1 RUSSELL and HODGE.

Patuxent Iron-Works, March 17, 1766.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD. RUN away from the Subscribers, on the 26th of February last, a Convict Servant Man, named *Henry Glover*, and by Trade a Blacksmith; he is a well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, of a pale Complexion, light grey Eyes, and pitted with the Small-Pox, wears his own dark brown Hair. He had on and took with him, an old light colour'd Cloth Coat, a Cloth Jacket, and a Cotton ditto, brown Cloth Breeches, one white Shirt and one Osabrig ditto, Country made Shoes and Stockings, and a Felt Hat about half worn; but it is likely he may change his Dress, as it is conjectured that he has some Money with him. It is supposed that he is gone up towards *Fort-Frederick*, as he passed through *Frederick-Town*, and afterwards was seen going up the Road which leads to the Fort. He has with him an old Indenture with a Discharge on the Back of it, Signed by *Christopher Lowndes*, in the Year 1752, and has passed by the Name of the Person mentioned in the same Indenture, (tho' what Name it is we can't find out) by which Means he has deceived many who have questioned him.

Whoever will secure the said Servant, so that the Subscribers may get him again, shall have the above Reward of FIVE POUNDS, and if brought Home, reasonable Charges, paid by THOMAS, SAMUEL, and JOHN SNOWDEN.

March 31, 1766.

STOLEN or STRAYED from Patuxent Iron-Works, on Wednesday the 5th Instant; a likely Bay Horse, about 14¹/₂ Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder GS tho' scarcely perceivable, and on the near Buttock IH. He is about 6 Years old, a large Star in his Forehead, a little White on the Inside of his Hind-Foot, a natural Pacer, shod before, and short switch Tail. He was bred by one *George Swagler*, near *Conococheague*.

Also a Black Mare, scarcely 14 Hands high, she is Likely and Lively, has a short switch Tail and hanging Main, is shod before, and Paces, Trots and Gallops, uncertain if branded or not, and is supposed to have followed the Horse.

Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, and delivers them to the Subscribers at *Upper-Marlborough*, or *West-River*, shall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS for each; but if they are stolen and the Thief can be convicted, a further Reward will be given of FIVE POUNDS.

JOHN HEPBURN, junr. JOHN THOMAS.

STRAYED or STOLEN on the 24th of March past, from the Subscriber, in Prince-George's County, a Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Buttock OI with a blaze Face, Trunchy made, 13 Hands and an Inch high, Paces, Trots, and Gallops, his Hair much rubb'd off in several Places, occasioned by Plowing and Carting.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, paid by MARGARET SMITH.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Enoch Jenkins*, near the Eastern Branch Ferry, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a little Dark Bay Mare about 12 Hands high, and about 5 Years old, branded blindly on the near Shoulder, a Star in her Forehead, trots, and gallops. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. / X

Annapolis,

Annapolis, March 26, 1766.

PHILIP WILLIAMS, CABINET-MAKER, HAS Removed from the Town-Gate, to the House where Mrs. Bennett lately Lived, in North-East-Street, where he makes Scrutoires, Bureaus, Sliding Presses, Chests of Drawers of various Sorts, Breakfast Tables, Dining Tables, Tea Tables, Card Tables, and Stools; Chairs of all Sorts, as Settees, Easy Chairs, Arm Chairs, Parlour Chairs, Chamber Chairs, Clofe Chairs, and Couches, carved or plain; Bedsteads, Clock Cases, Corner Cupboards, Tea Chests, and all Sorts of Cabinet Furniture, with great Dispatch, and would be obliged to all who please to favour him with their Custom. 2 (3^v)

St. Mary's County, March 17, 1766.

AN Act having passed last Session of Assembly, affecting on the taxable Inhabitants of All-Faith's Parish, in St. Mary's County, a Quantity of Tobacco, for Building a Church and Chapel of Ease, in said Parish: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Vestry of the said Parish will meet, pursuant to the Power vested in them, on the First Tuesday of May next, when they will receive such Plans and Proposals, as shall be offered to them for those Purposes.

Signed by Order of the Vestry, THOMAS HUTCHINGS, Clk.

To be LET on CHARTER,



A NEW SCHOONER, of about 80 Tons Burthen, well Found and Fitted for Sea, for the West-Indies or any other Part, and will be ready to Load by the last of April. For further Particulars, enquire at the PRINTING OFFICE.

RIVINGTON and BROWN'S Land, Plate, and Goods LOTTERY. All PRIZES: No BLANKS.

THE Drawing of this Lottery, will certainly begin the 27th of next May, at all Events, in Annapolis, in Maryland.

The following Gentlemen are Managers, viz. Samuel and Joseph Galloway, Thomas Smith, Stephen West, Esqrs; and Upton Scott, M. D.

To whom Messrs. Rivington and Brown have given a penal Bond of Ten Thousand Pounds, as a Certainty to them, and every Adventurer, for the Execution of this Lottery, agreeable to the Scheme. The Managers will attend to draw the Lottery, and there upon Oath, see Justice done to every Individual.

Those who are not supplied with Tickets, are desired to be speedy in their Application.

Wheat, Oats, Indian Corn, and Flax-Seed, (at the lowest Market Price,) will be taken for Tickets.

TICKETS and SCHEMES of the LOTTERY, may be had of the following Gentlemen, viz.

MARYLAND. Mr. Richard Moale, Baltimore. Corbin Lee, Esq; Baltimore. At the Printing-Office and Taverns in Annapolis. Mr. Colin Campbell, Annapolis. Mr. John Craig, Port-Tobacco. Thomas Key, Esq; St. Mary's. Mr. William Lux, Elk-Ridge. Thomas Smith, Esq; Chester. Revd. Mr. Montgomery, George-Town. Mr. Abraham Ayres, at Rock-Hall. Mr. John Renshaw, near the Kingsbury Iron-Works, in Baltimore County. Mr. John Anderson, at Secretary Creek, Cboystank. Mr. Henry Baker, Cecil County. Mr. William Smallwood, Charles County. Mr. Bernard O'Neil, at Mr. Gantt's Iron-Works, Frederick-Town, in Frederick County.

PENNSYLVANIA. Mr. Samuel Oakford, in Newcastle on Delaware.

VIRGINIA. Mr. John Dixon, in Williamsburg. John Campbell, Esq; and Mr. James Hunter, Frederickburg. Mr. Scott, Norfolk.

WANTED

TO attend in a well-frequented TAVERN in Annapolis, A HOSTLER, who understands the Business well, and is a sober Man: such an One will meet with good Encouragement, on Application to the Printer hereof. 3 X

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in Charles-Street: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.

ANNAPOLIS, March 27, 1766.

THE Subscriber has a Quantity of exceeding good CONGO and BOHEA TEAS sent to him for Sale, the former at 18s. and the latter at 10s. per lb. JOHN CLAPHAM.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with the best of LIQUORS, hereby acquaints the Public, That he has Open'd TAVERN at the House, where Mr. Golder formerly Lived, near the Town Gate in Annapolis, where Gentlemen, Travellers, and Others, who may be pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on meeting with the kindest Usage, and best Accommodations for Themselves and Horses, from Their humble Servant, ROBERT JOHNSON.

N. B. He carries on the ROPE-MAKING and CABINET Businesses in all their Branches, having furnished himself with the best Workmen from London and Philadelphia, and will sell Cabinet Work at the Philadelphia Prices.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

ON Tuesday the 13th of May next, will be Run for, on the Race Ground in the City of ANNAPOLIS, the best of Three Heats, to be made 4 Mile Heats as near as the Ground will allow, A PURSE of FIFTY PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms:

Every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that Runs for the said Purse, shall, if rising 4 Years old next Grass, carry 8 Stone (Saddle and Bridle included), if Five, 8 Stone and 10 Pounds; if Six, 9 Stone, and 6 Pounds; and Aged, 10 Stone.

And on the Day following, upon the same Ground, and upon the same Conditions, will be Run for, a PURSE of THIRTY PISTOLES, by any Number of Horses, Mares, or Geldings, the winning Horse the preceding Day only excepted.

Every Person that puts in a Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the said Purse, shall Enter the same with Mr. JONAS GREEN, on the Saturday preceding the Race, and for the second Day on the Monday, with whom he shall leave satisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and at the same Time shall pay Two Pistoles Entrance, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber, for the First Day; and One Guinea for the Second Day, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber.

The Time of Starting will be between One and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

Judges will be appointed to determine all Disputes which may arise.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,

GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER, and LAPIDARY,

BEING encouraged by several GENTLEMEN in Town, has Open'd SHOP, at the House of Mr. William Knapp, Watch-Maker, near the Town Gate, in Annapolis, where he Makes and Repairs all Sorts of SILVER and JEWELLERY WORK. He has at present for Sale, a neat Assortment of PLATE and JEWELS, made up in the best Manner, and of the newest Fashions; and also, a large and curious variety of Stones, elegantly finish'd; together with a complete Apparatus for Cutting them agreeable to any Directions, either for Buckles, Buttons, Rings, Ear-Rings, Necklaces, &c. &c.

As he has been regularly bred to the above Branches, and the Work he has, being principally executed by Himself, the Public may depend on being served upon much better Terms than have hitherto been practis'd: And, as many LADIES and GENTLEMEN, are frequently obliged to be supplied from England with the above Articles, on Account of their Orders not being punctually complied with here; he assures all such as shall please to favour him with their Custom, that no Delay in the speedy and effectual Execution of their Commands, shall for the Future induce them to send Home: Therefore humbly Hopes for the Encouragement of the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the Province; to Merit and Preserve which, shall be his constant Study, and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He gives the highest Prices for old GOLD, SILVER, and SILVER LACE. 4

WILLIAM KNAPP, WATCH-MAKER, Hereby informs the PUBLIC,

THAT he is Removed from his late Dwelling near the COURT-HOUSE in Annapolis, to the House next but One to that wherein Mr. M'Leod formerly Lived, towards the Town-Gate; where he continues the WATCH-MAKING BUSINESS, and is ready to execute the Order (with all possible Dispatch) of those GENTLEMEN and LADIES who shall be pleased to favour him with their Commands. 7

Kent-Island, Dec. 20, 1765.

TO be Rented by the Subscriber, the Ferry from Kent-Island, to Annapolis, and the Terms known by applying to JAMES HUTCHINGS.

March 4, 1766.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 24th of February last, a bay Horse, about 13 Hands high, with a standing Mane, bob Tail, has a Star in his Forehead, Shot before, a Natural Pacer, and carries his hind Legs close; also a black Mare, somewhat larger, with a standing Mane, bob Tail, a white Spot on the right Side of her Neck, Trots and Gallops, their Brands unknown.

Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, and delivers them to the Subscriber, shall receive a Reward of Twenty Shillings, or Ten Shillings for either, and reasonable Charges, paid by JOHN M'DOWALL.

N. B. They are suppos'd to have been Stolen by George White, an old Offender, and his Accomplices, who broke Jail the same Night: Whoever apprehends the Thief or Thieves, on Conviction, shall receive a further Reward of Five Pounds.

KENT-ISLAND, Feb. 15, 1766.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are requested to make immediate Payment, and as he has a Number of Notes of Hand of Persons living in the several Counties which have been due a long Time, they are desired to pay them off, or they will be given into Lawyers Hands for the Collection of them; and he hereby informs the Public, that he will give no Credit after this Date. JAMES HUTCHINGS.

MARYLAND, February 10, 1766.

SIR Ellis Cunliffe, Baronet, and Robert Cunliffe, Esq; Sons, Executors, and surviving Partners of the late Foster Cunliffe of Liverpool, formerly Trading to this Province by the Name of Foster Cunliffe and Sons, having appointed the Subscriber their Attorney in Fact, to whom all Persons who have any Claim on said Company, are desired to apply: And all those Indebted (to save further Trouble) are requested soon to pay. THOMAS BRERETON, in Talbot.

THIS is to give Notice, That the Subscriber has a new Erected FERRY, on Patowmack River in Virginia, opposite to Cedar-Point in Maryland, 24 Miles distant from Westmoreland Court-House, 40 Miles from Richmond, 12 from King George, 26 from Stafford, from Leeds-Town 15 Miles, from Port Royal 12, and from Frederickburg 34 Miles. There is a good FERRY kept, with ENTERTAINMENT, &c. by GEORGE W. SPOONER.

Prince-George's County, February 14, 1766.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named JEM, he is a likely, lively, strong made young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, is upon the yellowish Order, and has large Eyes. Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward.

As he is a notorious Villain, it is requested that all Masters will make this known to their Servants, and by Way of Encouragement, promise them the Reward. He has a very extensive Acquaintance, therefore may Travel far from home. I am told that he passed for a Free Negro in Frederick County last Year. ROBERT TYLER.

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[XXI]

A NARRAT committed by Quintin, (but M'Kinlie, a man, (a Dutch Brig Earl-o-don, whereof transmitted by Lieutenant of

THE lad Ha Pla

Cargo, and the of Teneriffe, took in a Car Manufactured \$ city of Spanish Gold, some Jew Dust; and about Orataira for L John Cockeran, Peter M'Kinlie, Richard St. Q James Pincent, and Benjamin they took on Glas, his Wife Boy belonging t Before the S Quintin, Zeker a Conspiracy to board, and to Accordingly, on Night, the Four Night-Watch, every Thing pro Cabbin, M'Kin till Gidley killed threw him over

The Noite of Captain's Groan and Capt. Glas immediately ca being foremost, knocked down Glas instantly Sword, and his lie, who judge the Foot of the ascending the S lie seized him to his called out to his

mediately rush Difficulty wref which scuffle Z in his Arm; ar received a Wou had thus mur overboard. T her Child on L Villains had p but Zekerman she and her D ther's Arms, th

Having thus except the two Channel, on mediatly put Coast of Ireland Two in the Leagues of th and then deter ber to secure hoisted out the Bags of Dolls Toas, and th quitted the S the two Boys

One of the on board, bu by swimming Boat, when o and knocked drowned.

Soon after t

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXIst Year.]

THURSDAY, April 10, 1766.

[N^o. 1074.]

A NARRATIVE of the late horrid Murder, committed by George Gidley, and Richard St. Quintin, (both West of England Men,) Peter M'Kinlie, (an Irishman,) and Andrees Zekerman, (a Dutchman,) late Mariners on board the Brig Earl of Sandwich, belonging to London, whereof John Cockeran was Captain; transmitted by Order of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

THE Ship sailed from London about the Month of June, or July, 1765, laden with Bale Goods, Hardware, Hats, &c. for Santa Cruz; at which Place they arrived, discharged their Cargo, and thence sailed to Orataira, the Cape of Teneriffe, one of the Canary Islands, and took in a Cargo of Madeira Wine, Raw and Manufactured Silks, Cochineal, and a large Quantity of Spanish Milled Dollars, some Ingots of Gold, some Jewels, and a small Quantity of Gold Dust; and about the Month of Nov. sailed from Orataira for London, and had then on board John Cockeran, Captain; Charles Pinchent, Mate; Peter M'Kinlie, Boatswain; George Gidley, Cook; Richard St. Quintin, Andrees Zekerman, and James Pinchent, (Brother to the Mate) Mariners; and Benjamin Gallipsey, the Cabin-Boy; and they took on board, as Passengers, one Capt. Glas, his Wife and Daughter, with a Servant Boy belonging to them.

Before the Ship left the Canaries, Gidley, St. Quintin, Zekerman, and M'Kinlie, entered into a Conspiracy to Murder all the other Persons on board, and to possess themselves of the Treasure. Accordingly, on Saturday, Nov. 30, at Eleven at Night, the Four Assassins being stationed on the Night-Watch, and the Captain coming to see every Thing properly settled, on his Return to his Cabin, M'Kinlie seized him, and held him fast, till Gidley killed him with an Iron Bar, and then threw him overboard.

The Noise occasioned by this Murder, and the Captain's Groans, having alarmed the Pinchents and Capt. Glas, they rose from their Beds, and immediately came on Deck; and the Pinchents being foremost, they were attacked by the Villains, knocked down, and thrown overboard; Capt. Glas instantly returned to the Cabin for his Sword, and his Retreat being observed by M'Kinlie, who judged of his Intent, secreted himself at the Foot of the Steps in the Dark; and as he was ascending the Steps to get upon the Deck, M'Kinlie seized him in his Arms, and held him fast, and called out to his Associates to assist him, who immediately rushed upon Mr. Glas, and with much Difficulty wrested his Sword out of his Hand, in which scuffle Zekerman received a slight Wound in his Arm; and in stabbing Mr. Glas, M'Kinlie received a Wound thro' his left Arm. When they had thus murdered Mr. Glas, they threw him overboard. This soon brought Mrs. Glas and her Child on Deck; and she having seen what the Villains had perpetrated, implored for Mercy; but Zekerman and M'Kinlie came up to her, and she and her Daughter being locked in one another's Arms, they threw them both into the Sea.

Having thus dispatched all the Persons on board, except the two Boys, and being then in the British Channel, on their Course, to London, they immediately put the Ship about, and steered for the Coast of Ireland; and on Tuesday, Dec. 3, about Two in the Afternoon, they arrived within Ten Leagues of the Harbour of Waterford and Ross, and then determined to sink the Ship; and in order to secure themselves and the Treasure, they hoisted out their Cock-Boat, and loaded her with Bags of Dollars, to the Quantity of about Two Tons, and then knocking out the Ballast Port, quitted the Ship, and got into the Boat, and left the two Boys in the sinking Vessel to perish.

One of the Boys having entreated to be taken on board, but refused, leaped into the Sea, and by swimming, laid hold of the Gunnel of the Boat, when one of the Fellows gave him a Stroke, and knocked him off, and he was immediately drowned.

Soon after they quitted the Ship, she filled with

Water and overset, and they saw the other Boy washed overboard, and drowned.

The Boat having reached the Harbour's Mouth, about Six in the Evening, they rowed her about three Miles up the River, and being afraid to proceed further with such a Quantity of Treasure, they landed within two Miles of the Fort of Duncannon; and having left out as much as they apprehended they could carry, they buried on the Strand the Rest of the Dollars, amounting to 250 Bags; they then proceeded up the River with the Remainder, the Ingots of Gold, Jewels, and Gold Dust, and landed at a Place called Pflherstown, within four Miles of Ross, and refreshed themselves at an Ale-House, where a Bag of 1200 Dollars was stolen from them.

On Wednesday the 4th of December, 1765, they proceeded to Ross, and set up at an Ale-House, and there exchanged 1200 Dollars for their Amount in current Gold; and bought three Cafes of Pistols, hired six Horses, and two Guides; and on Thursday the 5th of December, set out for Dublin, where they arrived on Friday the 6th, and stopped at the Black Bull Inn, in Thomas Street.

They having lavished and expended a considerable Sum of Money in Ross, and an Account having arrived there that a Vessel was driven on the Coast in the County of Waterford, richly laden, without a living Soul on board, it caused a Suspicion that those Persons had destroyed and plundered the Ship; upon which the Collector of the Port of Ross sent off Express two Gentlemen of that Town to the chief Magistrate of Ross, then in Dublin, to inform him of their Suspicions, with Intent that the said Persons should be taken, and required to give an Account of themselves.

Those Gentlemen having arrived in Dublin on Sunday the 8th, about 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, and having informed the said Magistrate of their Errand, he, with the Assistance of the Lord Mayor, and one of the Sheriffs, on the Night of the same Day, apprehended Richard St. Quintin, and Andrees Zekerman, who being examined separately, each of them confessed the Murders, and other Matters before related, and also that since they arrived in Dublin, Gidley and M'Kinlie had sold to a Goldsmith, whose Name they could not tell, to the Amount of 300l. worth of Dollars, and were to be paid for them on the Monday following; and the Sheriff, on the Information aforesaid, by the Direction of the said Lord Mayor, and the said Magistrate, went amongst the Goldsmiths, and having found out the Person to whom they were sold, by that Means, on Monday Evening, discovered and apprehended Peter M'Kinlie, and got Intelligence that the said George Gidley had set out in a Post Chaise for Corke, in Order to take Shipping for England, upon which the Lord Mayor sent off the High Constable, with proper Assistance, in pursuit of him.

That having received the Account of the 250 Bags of Dollars being hid on the Shore of the River of Ross, the said Magistrate of that Town dispatched back, on Monday Morning, the 9th of December, the two Ross Gentlemen, with Directions to the Collector of Ross, and an Order of Government to the commanding Officer of the Fort of Duncannon, to aid and assist the Revenue Officers, with the Forces quartered there, in making Search for the Bags of Dollars, on their returning they apprehended and took George Gidley, in his Way to Corke, at Castledermot, in the County of Kildare, on Tuesday the 10th of December, and had him committed to Carlow Goal, and found upon him 53 Guineas, a Moldore, and some Silver.

That in Pursuance of the Orders sent for searching the Strand, in the County of Wexford, the Collector of Ross, with the Revenue Officers, aided by the commanding Officer with the Forces quartered at Duncannon, proceeded on the Search on Thursday the 12th, and Friday the 13th, on which Day they found 250 Bags of Dollars sealed up, and brought them to Ross under a Guard, and lodged them in the Custom-House there; but the Contents not being yet examined, the Number of Dollars in each Bag remains unknown.

There were found in the Possession of M'Kinlie, Zekerman, and St. Quintin, some Toys, a few Guineas, an Ingot of Gold, and a small Parcel of Gold Dust; which, with the Money arising by the Sale of the Dollars in Dublin, are in the Hands of the Lord Mayor.

It is remarkable, that, previous to the Apprehension of the above Villains, the following Particulars were discovered:

Captain Honeywell, from Newfoundland, in making Waterford Harbour, Dec 6, had like to have run foul of a large three Mast Vessel, with Top-gallant Yards up, and so deep in the Water that he could only see her Rails. She had no Boat on board, nor could a living Creature be seen. Upon this Report, at his Arrival, eight Boats went out, who returned without being able to discover any Thing. The Day after, some Pipes of Wine were driven on Shore; they saved Fifty of them; and many Persons imagined they came out of the above Vessel. Mr. Graham, the Land-Waiter, and a Party of Soldiers, went to secure what was driven ashore. They found Part of her Stern, and other Particulars, and got several more Pipes of Madeira Wine, Capuchins, and Womens Apparel, so that it was conjectured she had Passengers on board. She was thought to have been a rich Ship; and, from various Circumstances, it was believed some Villains had murdered the Rest of the Crew, and afterwards Scuttled her, and supposed she would have gone to the Bottom soon after they quitted her.

COPENHAGEN, January 14.

OUR late Sovereign the King of Denmark, Frederick the Fifth, after having laboured some Months under a Dropsical Disorder, expired this Morning between One and Two o'Clock, at the Palace of Christiansbourg, in the 43^d Year of his Age, and the 20th of his Reign.

About Eleven this melancholy Event was formally made known at Court, and notified, as usual, from the Balcony of the Palace, by Baron Bernstorff, as First Minister of State; who, at the same Time, declared the Accession of Christian the Seventh to the Thrones of Denmark and Norway. The young King was pleased to shew himself to the People from the Balcony; and was immediately afterwards proclaimed through the City by the Heralds.

His Majesty, after having confirmed all the Chief Ministers and other Officers, in their former Posts, is gone out of Town to Fridericksberg, intending to remain there some Time in Retirement. In the mean Time, the Gates are shut, and the City Militia have taken the Guard of them, and of all the other Posts here, till the regular Troops shall have sworn Fidelity to their new Sovereign.

All the Royal Family are in the deepest Affliction, especially the Queen-Dowager, the late King's Mother.

Copenhagen, Jan 18. His Majesty has already given Orders to put in Execution several very important Affairs relative to Government.

Yesterday an Ordinance was published which fixes the general Mourning to a Twelve-month, during which all Music is prohibited.

Some Changes are soon expected in the chief Employments of the State.

Rome, Jan. 6. As the Carnival is very short this Year, the Pope had given Permission for the Theatres to be opened on the 2^d of this Month; but the Death of the Pretender has occasioned his Holiness to defer the Representations of all public Shews and Diversions till the Week after the Funeral of that Prince, whose Corps is to be interred with great Pomp in the Cathedral of St. Peter. Great Preparations are still making for the Reception of Prince Edward.

Naples, Dec. 31. A great Sickness still prevails in this City which is particularly fatal to the young People, and more especially to the young Nobility, many of whom have died within these few Weeks.

From the PUBLIC LEDGER of Feb. 4, 1766.

SO Ho! Mr. Printer! What a Discovery at once of above a Score of his Majesty's Light Horse to be Padders upon the Road! Hard Fate of Royalty, to be every where surrounded by Thieves, at Home and Abroad, wheresoever he goes!

We imagine ourselves a Christian People, say we are an Honest People, believe we are a Free People, suppose we are a Wise, Great and Glorious People; but I am inclined to think, that all we imagine, say, believe, and suppose of ourselves, is no other than Delusion; and that we look at ourselves, as a People, in a false and flattering Mirror; there being not more Profligacy, less Honesty, more Oppression, less Wisdom, more Meanness, less true Spirit, more false Pride, idle Vanity and gross Selfishness, greater Dupery, or more servile and ignominious Acquiescence upon Earth, than are to be found in this Country, of which I think it no longer an Honour to be called a Native. However, in Hopes of a Change for the better, I say, *Huzza, for Lord CAMDEN and Mr. PITT*; as we know they have both Honesty and Capacity; and we likewise know, there never was more need than at Present for the fullest Exertion of Integrity and Abilities.

From another PUBLIC LEDGER.

WELL Mister Printer, my Jewel, and how do you do?—Amongst the rest of your Queries permit your Old Correspondent *Sheela ni Ghigg* to be asking a Question. Don't be afraid, my Dear, for it is not about Politicks. No, no, Devil a Word I'll be speaking (higher than my Prayers) about Politicks, nor Stamps, nor any Thing in this World. But for all that, I must be speaking about some Thing that is to come into the World. You remember my Dear, that in last Monday's Ledger you gave us News that Edward Bassard, Esq; was married, at Twickenham, to Miss Crawley, &c. Well, you say they are married, and so says Teague, and God and St. Patrick give 'em Luck and Grace, and a House full of Bastards.—But that is not the Question Honey.—Pray Mr. Printer, will the first brave Boy that is made between that Gentleman and Lady be born a Bastard, or not? I ask you this Question, because my Countryman, Felim O Shaughnessy, who has the Honour of being Shoe-black to one of the greatest Lawyers in England, told me, that he heard his Master Read in a Great Big Law-Book, made all out of Latin, that *Bastardus nullius est filius aut filius Populi*, and that the Meaning of these Words is, That Some Body is the Son of No Body, or that No Body is the Son of Every Body. These are the Words of the Law, my Jewel, as Felim tells me: And therefore I hope you won't be telling the Lawyers where the Squire lives, for Fear they should bother his Son and Heir out of his Estate, as they have done many others, upon as little Right or Authority. Your old Correspondent,

SHEELA NI GHIGG.

P. S. Felim is Laughing with himself, and cries, Arra what a Bothenation Englishmen make about their Liberty and Property, and yet their Bastards can't Inherit: When at the same Time, some Hundred of Irishmen's Bastards enjoy the Estates of their Fathers, although they never be got them.

LONDON, Feb. 28.

THIS Day there was the fullest House of Commons that has been known. None but Members were admitted, and Persons of Distinction.

Jan. 31. A Treaty has been concluded between the Emperor of Germany and Emperors of Russia, for reciprocally guaranteeing their respective Dominions against the common Enemy of Christendom.

The foreign Gazettes say that Mr. Wilkes is actually incog. at London, and that he sees none but a few of his most intimate Friends.

There is now printed off, ready for presenting to the Lords and Commons, a Plan for altering the Mode of Excise, by taking the Duty entirely off Beer and Ale throughout the Kingdom, whereby it will be evidently shown that the Revenue will be increased some Hundred Thousand Pounds annually.

Feb. 3. It is now said, that the Prince Stadtholder will be espoused to a Princess of England, some Time next Summer.

It is reported, that the last Propositions from the Court of Madrid, relative to the Payment of the Manilla Ransom, have not been accepted.

One of the great Questions relative to America, viz. Whether the British Parliament have a Right to lay Taxes on the Colonies, it is said, will be determined the beginning of this Week.

But the other great Question, viz. Whether the Stamp-Act shall be repealed, it is said, will not be determined for some Time; at least not for some Weeks.

Several Merchants from Glasgow, are arrived in Town to join in a Representation to a great Assembly, of the great Decay of their Trade, owing to the American Stamp-Act.

There are several bad Guineas going about, which look something Yellower than the genuine Ones, are much Lighter, and the Sceptres on the Crown Side, very Imperfect; and yet unless they are founded, or put into the Scale, it is very easy to be deceived by them.

Feb. 4. The annual Expences of the Establishments of the British Colonies in North America, and also the Debts incurred by the said Colonies, are laid before an August Assembly for their Inspection.

Several Merchantmen in the River, Outward-bound for North-America, have had their Ships Companies, excepting Officers and Servants, discharged for near a Month past, in Order to save Expences, until it is known what shall be determined relative to the Stamp-Act.

For these few Nights past, strong Apprehensions have been entertained among the Shipping below Bridge, that Press-Warrants would suddenly be issued out, on which Account Numbers have lain on Shore.

On Saturday several Parties of poor Fellows, with Weavers Aprons on, went about the Courts and other private Places of this City, begging, with a Petition in their Hands, setting forth that above Twenty Thousand of their Brethren were now out of Employ. If this is really Fact, and they were Weavers, it is a Pity their Case is not properly made Public, that some necessary Relief may be found, before they are drove to Despair; for in this Manner they rather raise Terror, than excite Charity.

A H I N T.

That no One may think Lord G. S.—e unpopular, let his former Military Character be examined: Who conducted the British Troops to the Burning of the French Ships at St. Malo's? Lord George. Who rode Post, before he had any Command, to be in Time for an Engagement, and behaved in it, as a Volunteer, with uncommon Spirit and Bravery? Lord George. Who formed the Regiment that distinguished itself most on the Plains of Minden? Lord George. Who was the best Colonel in the Army for Discipline, and supporting the Honour of his Corps? Lord George. And who is at present the ablest Statesman, and finest Speaker in Great-Britain, equal, if not superior, to Mr. Pitt? Lord George Sackville.

Dublin, Dec. 31. A Party of General Severne's Regiment of Dragoons, called the Cross Belts, came to Town Yesterday with the Treasure that was on board the Sandwich, whose Crew was murdered by the Villains now in Newgate, and deposited the same in the Treasury. It is said that there is not above 500l. wanting, by the original Invoice; by which it appears that what the Murderers had taken must have been Part of Capt. Glas's Effects.

SOUTH-CAROLINA, March 11.

Notwithstanding what passed, relative to the Attorney General's Opinion on the Seizure of the Sloops, by Capt. Lobb, for Want of Stamped Clearances, the Inhabitants remained greatly dissatisfied more particularly at Mr. Attorney's Answer to the 3^d Query, where he says, "If Prosecutions are intended against these Vessels, they must be sent to Halifax, &c." and concluding in these Words, viz. "Upon the whole, it is my Opinion, that it is the Duty of the Collector to prosecute on the Information he has received." In Consequence of which Opinion, the People from several of the Counties round assembled at Wilmington, on Tuesday the 18th of this Instant, appointed Officers to take the Command, compelled them to act, and entered into the following Association, which was signed by all the principal Gentlemen, Freeholders, and other Inhabitants of several Counties, viz.

NORTH-CAROLINA.

We the Subscribers, free and natural-born Subjects of George the Third, true and lawful King of Great-Britain, and all its Dependencies, (whom God preserve) whose sacred Person, Crown, and

Dignity, we are ready and willing, at the Expence of our Lives and Fortunes, to defend, being fully convinced of the oppressive and arbitrary Tendency of a late Act of Parliament, imposing Stamp Duties on the Inhabitants of this Province, and fundamentally subversive of the Liberties and Charters of North-America; truly sensible of the inestimable Blessings of a free Constitution, gloriously handed down to us by our brave Forefathers, detesting Rebellion, yet preferring Death to Slavery, do with all Loyalty to our most gracious Sovereign, with all deference to the just Laws of our Country, and with a proper and necessary Regard to Ourselves and Posterity, hereby mutually and solemnly plight our Faith and Honour that we will, at any Risk whatever, and whenever called upon, unite, and truly and faithfully assist each other, to the best of our Power, in preventing entirely the Operation of the Stamp-Act.

Witness our Hands, this 18th Day of Feb. 1766.

WILLIAMSBURG, March 28.

Extract of a Letter from the Gentlemen that went from Bristol to present the Petition of the Merchants there, relative to the Affairs of North-America, to Parliament, dated London, January 14, 1766.

"We have this Moment returned from the House of Commons, and have the Pleasure (tho' but barely Time, as the Post is just going) to inform you, that by what we could observe, there is not the least Doubt but that the late Restrictions on the North-American Trade will be totally taken off, and that Trade both encouraged and extended. We have Reason to think that the Ministry are for repealing the Stamp-Act. Mr. Pitt, at different Times this Afternoon, spoke at least Three Hours, like an Englishman, replete with true Principles of Liberty. He insists upon supporting the Sovereignty of the Mother Country over the Colonies, but as warmly insisted upon the ill Policy, the Injustice, and even Illegality, of taxing a People who were not represented; and concluded with giving it as his Opinion that the Stamp-Act should be totally repealed."

In Letters by Capt. Boyes there is mention made of the Arrival of Col. George Mercer, at London, on the 25th of January last. At the Time these Letters were written nothing had transpired as to the Resolution of the House of Commons concerning America, as they had not then gone through half the Papers that were laid before them; however, it was the general Opinion that the Stamp-Act would be repealed, upon certain Conditions. Mr. Jordan, appointed by Lord Baltimore to dispose of his Lands in Maryland, had a Ship in the River, waiting for the Determination of this important Matter, upon whose Arrival we hope to have the Pleasure of informing our Readers that the Cause of the Colonies has prevailed.

ANNAPOLIS, April 10.

We most heartily congratulate our Readers on the GREAT and IMPORTANT NEWS brought by Capt. Brooke, from London, into Patuxent, of the REPEAL of the STAMP-ACT, which was brought to Town last Saturday Noon, by an Express from Mr. Maxwell of Benedict, and diffus'd a general Joy in every Countenance. The Afternoon was spent in Mirth; and all Loyal and Patriotic Toasts were Drank.

Capt. Brooke says, That after passing some RESOLVES in the Honourable House of Commons, relative to their Right of Taxation, the grand Question for the Repeal, was carried by a Majority of 130 Members, in the Evening of the 7th of February.

In a Letter from Messrs. Richard and John Day, Merchants in London, dated Feb. 8, they write thus "Pray accept our Congratulations on the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, which is just now Resolved by a great Majority in Parliament."

Extract of a Letter dated Feb. 5.

"The Affairs of the Colonies are now under Consideration; a few Days ago both Houses Voted they had a Right to Tax the Colonies; Lord CAMDEN was against it in the House of Peers, and four other Lords. Mr. PITT in the House of Commons was of Opinion they could not lay an internal Tax, but might an external.—We still hope the odious and oppressive Tax will be Repealed and your Trade open'd as formerly.—A few Days will determine it.—The Mi-

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Extract of a Letter
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strenuous for a Repeal.—I am in every little Doubt but they will effect it.”
 Tuesday Evening about VII o’Clock, a COMET made it’s Appearance, at N. W. by W. about 18 Degrees from the Horizon, and 18 or 20 below the Pleiades. Last Night it appear’d again, nearly in the same Point and Height, and did not disappear ’till it got almost below the Horizon.

Yesterday the Provincial Court was adjourn’d to Monday the 21st Day of July next, Next Monday Three Weeks, the General Assembly of this Province is to meet here: And we are assured that a Motion will be made, to procure from London, at the Expence of the Province, the Statue of the great and good Mr. PITT.

We learn from Joppa, that a special Messenger came to that Town on Sunday last, with the agreeable News of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act. The same being immediately communicated to the Inhabitants, the greatest Joy appeared imprinted in every Countenance; the Day could not be celebrated in such a cheerful Manner as the Occasion required; but the Evening was usher’d in with the Ringing of Bells, and every other decent Signal of Joy, and every House in the Town was illuminated, and the Houses of Mr. Dorsey, and Mr. Tally, on the opposite Side of the River. The Evening concluded with the greatest Decency and Decorum.

Extract of a Letter from a House in London, to a Correspondent in Maryland, dated December 14, 1765.

“We have just received here, by the New-York Mail, an Account of your Confusions on Account of the Stamp-Act taking Place. God grant they may happily subside by the Removal of their Cause, since in our humble Opinion, a Multiplicity of Taxes, can never consist with the Welfare of Colonies, whose very Existence, in a Trading View, must depend on being able to afford the Produce of their Lands cheap, to which Taxes can no more contribute, than it can be supposed the Stamp-Act, if once admitted, wou’d be the only one which shou’d ever after be laid upon them. No, the Introduction of that wou’d serve as a Precedent for others, ’till the Colonies shou’d become as much Loaden and Fleeced by ministerial Dependents, as the Mother-Country is already.
 “The Loss of Trade in General, must be the Consequence of such increasing Burdens, which introducing Poverty, may indeed the more readily subject the Freedom of the Nation to the all-grasping Power of the C——, ’till Englishmen may in Time become as effectually enslaved as those of France are already: May Heaven avert that Worst of Evils, and inspire those in superior Stations with a constant Conviction, that they only are the proper Rulers of a Nation, who by their Actions shew the Welfare of the People to be the only true and natural End of all Government!”

Chester-Town, April 7, 1766.

To Mr. JONAS GREEN.

SIR,
 LAST Evening, on receiving the most agreeable News here, of the REPEAL of the STAMP-ACT, a few GENTLEMEN, that met on that interesting Occasion, opened a Subscription for the Purpose of erecting a Monument at the City of Annapolis, in Maryland, (being the Seat of Government and the most public Place in the Province) to the Honour of Mr. PITT, to stand to latest Time, in grateful Remembrance of his Patriotic Defence and Support of the Rights, Liberties and Privileges of BRITISH-AMERICANS; Thirty Guineas was presently subscribed, and we doubt not a very considerable Sum will soon be raised in our County, and we hope the GENTLEMEN of every County in the Province will do the like. We wou’d propose

that some one Gentleman in each County shou’d be appointed to receive the Subscription Money, and that a Day shou’d be set for those Gentlemen to meet at Annapolis, and agree upon a Plan for executing the Work in the best and most respectable Manner the Sum of Money raised will afford.

WE hope the same grateful Sense of that worthy Gentleman’s very extraordinary Merit, will be shewn in every Colony in this Continent.
 Yours, &c.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick County,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Acres, Part of a Tract of Land called Dann, lying on the main Branch of Rock-Creek, in that County, on which are Two Plantations. Also the Moiety, or Half Part, of 169 Acres of Land, on Rock-Creek aforesaid, on which is a new Grist-Mill, in Partnership between the Subscriber and Capt. William Williams.

(*) 1806/ WILLIAM DENT.

T O B E S O L D,



THE SLOOP Elizabeth, warranted Sound, with every Thing compleat for SEA, her Sails and Rigging all New; she will carry Three Hundred and Fifty Barrels of Flour. Time of Payment will be given on paying Interest and giving Security if required: For Terms apply to

JOHN STEVENSON.

Baltimore-Town, April 4, 1766.

Perth-Amboy, New-Jersey, March 10, 1766. FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in October 1762, a Mulatto Woman, about 30 Years of Age, named Violet, she was born in New-Jersey, is of a middle Stature, very active, and it’s said she pretends to be a Free Woman; she has since been seen in Company with one James Lock, on Susquebanna, and was afterwards, in 1764, taken up and committed to the Jail of Frederick-Town, in Maryland, on Suspicion of her being run away, from whence she is said to have made her Escape; she then acknowledged that she had belonged to the Subscriber, but that she being imposed upon by being sold a Slave for Life, run away, which is only an Invention of hers, for she was born a Slave, and as such, was sold to the Subscriber, by the Executors of her former Master, of Freehold, in the County of Monmouth, and Province, aforesaid, deceased, for the Sum of Ninety Pounds, Proclamation Money: She is now supposed to be some where in Maryland, Virginia, or North-Carolina; she is Cunning and Artful, and very probably may have chang’d her Name, and will make her Escape if taken, unless great Care is taken to secure her.

Whoever shall take her up, and secure her in any of the Prisons in Maryland, Virginia, or North-Carolina, or elsewhere, so that she can be brought Home, or sold there, shall have the above Reward, paid by JONAS GREEN, at Annapolis, or the Subscriber. PHILIP KEARNY.

Stafford County, Virginia, April 4, 1766.

RAN away last Night, from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named ROBIN CLARKE, lately imported; he is a Groom and Gardener, is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, a thick well set Fellow, sandy Complexion, round Faced, a little mark’d with the Small Pox, with short curling Hair, a soft smooth Way of speaking, is a very great Villain, but is an extreme handy Fellow, and can turn his Hand to almost any Business: He was dressed in a Bear-skin Jacket and Breeches, but what other Clothes he has with him is not known, except that he has taken with him an old Red Jacket and a Brown Jacket. Also took with him, a small grey blooded Horse, branded TM.

Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him Home to the Subscriber, shall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward.

1 THOMSON MASON.

To be SOLD at Mr. JACQUES’S STORE in ANNAPOLIS, ROCK-RUN BEER by the Barrel. (*) 2

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Dorchester County, on the 29th of March last, an Indentured English Servant Man, named William Payne; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, rather stout Bodied, his Legs small, his Complexion rather ruddy, is fond of strong Liquor, and is generally Talkative when in Drink: He Indentured as a Sawyer, but as he has formerly been several Years at Sea, its probable he will attempt to pass as a Sailor. Had on and with him when he went away, a dark grey or brown Cloth Coat, and a blue Cloth Vest, with Metal Buttons to each, one Nankkeen Vest, one Pair of brown Cloth Breeches, two Pair of Country Linen Trowsers, two Pair of fine white Country Yarn Hose, two Osnabrigs Shirts, two fine white Linen Shirts, one grey Cut Wig, a Hat bound round the Rim with black Binding, and a Pair of Country Shoes.

Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, shall have FIVE POUNDS Pennsylvania Currency REWARD, and if he is brought Home, the reasonable Charges attending it shall be likewise paid, by

(*) 1 WILLIAM ENNALLS.

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel County Jail as a Runaway, a Negro Man Joe, says he is by Trade a Blacksmith.

His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges. WILLIAM PRUE, Jailor.

THERE is in the Possession of Mr. Joshua Griffith, at Elk-Ridge Landing, a likely Black Horse, about 14 Hands high, has a Star in his Forehead, Paces slow, and Gallops.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. (6th)

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. William Ridgely, at Elk-Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare, about 12 or 13 Hands high, Dock’d, but neither Branded nor Ear-mark’d, nor any distinguishable Flesh-mark.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 10th 57. X

LATELY IMPORTED, And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at PORT-TOBACCO,

ABOUT Two Hundred Pounds prime Cost of GOODS, for either Cash or Tobacco; they consist chiefly of low priced Irish Linens, Sheetings, Shoes, Nails, &c.

(*) 2 D. JENIFER.

Dumfries, March 29, 1766.

THE Subscriber gives Notice, That he had delivered at his Store, by Capt. William Gilkison, of the Catcart, A small BALE, and a BOX of GLASS, mark’d L 4 E; likewise, a large COPPER KETTLE with a Mark, for which there is no Bill of Lading.

The Owner may have them, by applying to CUMBERLAND WILSON.

2

March 26, 1766.

To be SOLD, very cheap, by the Subscriber, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

ALIKELY young, healthy NEGRO Fellow, that has been in the Country about Nine Months: Also, Two Tracts of LAND, lying in Prince-George’s County, on the Piney Branch of the Eastern Branch of Patowmack, about 4 Miles from Snowden’s Iron-Works, and 8 Miles from Bladenburg, SCOTT’S FANCY, containing 117 Acres, near 20 Acres of Meadow clear’d, and sowed with Timothy Seed, and about 30 Acres of Upland clear’d, and all under good Fences; a fine young Orchard, sundry Houses, &c. a good constant Stream running thro’ Part of the Land, fit for a Mill. The other Tract adjoining, containing 200 Acres, well Watered and Timbered, has a good Dwelling House, a good new Tobacco House, and sundry other Houses, &c. and an exceeding good Apple Orchard; the Soil good, well situated for Farming or Tobacco, and Produces well. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to William Hall on the Piney Branch, in my Absence.

(*) 2 WILLIAM SCOTT.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to said Scott, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to make speedy Payment, or they may expect Trouble, without further Notice.

SOME few Casks of Muscovado SUGARS, to be SOLD in ANNAPOLIS, by
2 JOHN PITT.

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel County Jail as a Runaway, a Negro Man who says his Name is *Abraham*, and that he belongs to Mr. *George Erskidge*, in Dorchester County, Maryland. His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges.
2 X WILLIAM PRUE, Jailer.

March 31, 1766.
STOLEN or STRAYED from Patuxent Iron-Works, on Wednesday the 5th Instant; a likely Bay Horse, about 14½ Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder GS tho' scarcely perceivable, and on the near Buttock IH. He is about 6 Years old, a large Star in his Forehead, a little White on the Inside of his Hind Feet, a natural Pacer, shod before, and short switch Tail. He was bred by one *George Swagler*, near *Conococheague*.

Also a Black Mare, scarcely 14 Hands high, she is Likely and Lively, has a short switch Tail and hanging Main, is shod before, and Paces, Trots and Gallops, uncertain if branded or not, and is supposed to have followed the Horse.
Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, and delivers them to the Subscribers at *Upper-Marlborough*, or *Wm. River*, shall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS for each; but if they are stolen and the Thief can be convicted, a further Reward will be given of FIVE POUNDS.
2 JOHN HEPBURN, junr.
JOHN THOMAS.

Annapolis, March 26, 1766.
PHILIP WILLIAMS, CABINET-MAKER, HAS Removed from the Town-Gate, to the House where Mrs. *Bennett* lately Lived, in *North-East-Street*, where he makes Scrutoires, Bureaus, Sliding Presses, Chests of Drawers of various Sorts, Breakfast Tables, Dining Tables, Tea Tables, Card Tables, and Stools; Chairs of all Sorts, as Settees, Easy Chairs, Arm Chairs, Parlour Chairs, Chamber Chairs, Close Chairs, and Couches, carved or plain; Bedsteads, Clock Cases, Corner Cupboards, Tea Chests, and all Sorts of Cabinet Furniture, with great Dispatch, and would be obliged to all who please to favour him with their Custom. 3 X (3rd)

St. Mary's County, March 17, 1766.
AN ACT having passed last Session of Assembly, assessing on the taxable Inhabitants of *All-Faith's Parish*, in *St. Mary's County*, a Quantity of Tobacco, for Building a Church and Chapel of Ease, in said Parish: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Vestry of the said Parish will meet, pursuant to the Power vested in them, on the First Tuesday of May next, when they will receive such Plans and Proposals, as shall be offered to them for those Purposes.
3 Signed by Order of the Vestry,
THOMAS HUTCHINGSON, Clk.

To be LET on CHARTER,
A NEW SCHOONER, of about 8 Tons Burthen, well Found and Fitted for Sea, for the *West-Indies* or any other Part, and will be ready to Load by the last of April. 3
For further Particulars, enquire at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

WILLIAM KNAPP, WATCH-MAKER, Hereby informs the PUBLIC, THAT he is Removed from his late Dwelling near the COURT-HOUSE in Annapolis, to the House next but One to that wherein Mrs. *M'Lead* formerly Lived, towards the Town Gate; where he continues the WATCH-MAKING BUSINESS, and is ready to execute the Orders (with all possible Dispatch) of those GENTLEMEN and LADIES who shall be pleased to favour him with their Commands. 1

ANNAPOLIS, March 27, 1766.
THE Subscriber has a Quantity of exceeding good CONGO and BOHEA TEAS sent to him for Sale, the former at 18s. and the latter at 10s. per lb.
JOHN CLAPHAM.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with the best of LIQUORS, hereby acquaints the Public, That he has Open'd TAVERN at the House where Mr. *Golder* formerly Lived, near the Town Gate in Annapolis, where Gentlemen, Travellers, and Others, who may be pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on meeting with the kindest Usage, and best Accommodations for Themselves and Horses, from
4 Their humble Servant,
ROBERT JOHNSON.

N. B. He carries on the ROPE-MAKING and CABINET Businesses in all their Branches, having furnished himself with the best Workmen from London and Philadelphia, and will sell Cabinet Work at the Philadelphia Prices.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

ON Tuesday the 13th of May next, will be Run for, on the Race Ground in the City of ANNAPOLIS, the best of Three Heats, to be made 4 Mile Heats as near as the Ground will allow, A PURSE of FIFTY PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms:

Every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that Runs for the said Purse, shall, if rising 4 Years old next Grass, carry 8 Stone (Saddle and Bridle included), if Five, 8 Stone and 10 Pounds; if Six, 9 Stone, and 6 Pounds; and Aged, 10 Stone.

And on the Day following, upon the same Ground, and upon the same Conditions, will be Run for, a PURSE of THIRTY PISTOLES, by any Number of Horses, Mares, or Geldings, the winning Horse the preceding Day only excepted.

Every Person that puts in a Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the said Purse, shall Enter the same with Mr. *JONAS GREEN*, on the Saturday preceding the Race, and for the second Day on the Monday, with whom he shall leave satisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and at the same Time shall pay Two Pistoles Entrance, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber, for the First Day; and One Guinea for the Second Day, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber.

The Time of Starting will be between One and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.
Judges will be appointed to determine all Disputes which may arise. 5

WILLIAM WHETCROFT, GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER, and LAPIDARY,

BEING encouraged by several GENTLEMEN in Town, has Open'd SHOP, at the House of Mr. *William Knapp*, Watch-Maker, near the Town Gate, in Annapolis, where he Makes and Repairs all Sorts of SILVER and JEWELLERY WORK. He has at present for Sale, a neat Assortment of PLATE and JEWELS, made up in the best Manner, and of the newest Fashions; and also, a large and curious variety of Stones, elegantly finish'd; together with a complete Apparatus for Cutting them agreeable to any Directions, either for Buckles, Buttons, Rings, Ear-Rings, Necklaces, &c. &c.

As he has been regularly bred to the above Branches, and the Work he has, being principally executed by Himself, the Public may depend on being served upon much better Terms than have hitherto been practis'd: And, as many LADIES and GENTLEMEN, are frequently obliged to be supplied from England with the above Articles, on Account of their Orders not being punctually complied with here; he assures all such as shall please to favour him with their Custom, that no Delay in the speedy and effectual Execution of their Commands, shall for the Future induce them to send Home: Therefore humbly Hopes for the Encouragement of the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the Province; to Merit and Preserve which, shall be his constant Study, and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He gives the highest Prices for old GOLD, SILVER, and SILVER LACE. 5

RIVINGTON and BROWN'S Land, Plate, and Goods LOTTERY. All PRIZES: No BLANKS.

THE Drawing of this Lottery, will certainly begin the 27th of next May, at all Evenings, in Annapolis, in Maryland.

The following Gentlemen are Managers, viz. *Samuel and Joseph Galloway, Thomas Smith, Stephen West, Esqrs; and Upton Scott, M. D.*

To whom Messrs. *Rivington and Brown* have given a penal Bond of Ten Thousand Pounds, as a Certainty to them, and every Adventurer, for the Execution of this Lottery, agreeable to the Scheme. The Managers will attend to draw the Lottery, and there upon Oath, see Justice done to every Individual.

Those who are not supplied with Tickets, are desired to be speedy in their Application.

Wheat, Oats, Indian Corn, and Flax-Seed, (at the lowest Market Price,) will be taken for Tickets.

TICKETS and SCHEMES of the LOTTERY, may be had of the following Gentlemen, viz.

MARYLAND. Mr. *Richard Moale, Baltimore, Corbin Lee, Esq; Baltimore.* At the Printing-Office and Taverns in Annapolis. Mr. *Colin Campbell, Annapolis.* Mr. *John Craig, Port-Town.* Mr. *Thomas Key, Esq; St. Mary's.* Mr. *William Lee, Elk-Ridge.* Mr. *Thomas Smith, Esq; Chester.* Mr. *Montgomery, George-Town.* Mr. *Abraham Ayres, at Rock-Hall.* Mr. *John Rensby, near the Kingsbury Iron-Works, in Baltimore County.* Mr. *John Anderton, at Secretary Creek, Choptank.* Mr. *Henry Baker, Cecil County.* Mr. *William Smallwood, Charles County.* Mr. *Bernard O'Neil, at Mr. Gantt's Iron-Works, Frederick-Town, in Frederick County.*

PENNSYLVANIA. Mr. *Samuel Oakford, in Newcastle on Delaware.*

VIRGINIA. Mr. *John Dixon, in Williamsburg.* Mr. *John Campbell, Esq; and Mr. James Hunter, in Frederickburg.* Mr. *Scott, Norfolk.* 5

March 4, 1766.
STOLEN from the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 24th of February last, a Bay Horse, about 13 Hands high, with a standing Mane, bob Tail, has a Star in his Forehead, shod before, a Natural Pacer, and carries his hind Leg close; also a black Mare, somewhat larger, with a standing Mane, bob Tail, a white Spot on the right Side of her Neck, Trots and Gallops, the Brands unknown.

Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, and delivers them to the Subscriber, shall receive Reward of Twenty Shillings, or Ten Shillings for either, and reasonable Charges, paid by
6 JOHN M'DONALL.

N. B. They are suppos'd to have been Stolen by *George White*, an old Offender, and his Accomplices, who broke Jail the same Night: Whoever apprehends the Thief or Thieves, on Conviction, shall receive a further Reward of Five Pounds.

THIS is to give Notice, That the Subscriber has a new Erected FERRY, on Patuxent River in Virginia, opposite to Cedar-Point in Maryland, 24 Miles distant from Westmoreland Court-House, 40 from Richmond, 12 from King George, 26 from Stafford; from Leeds-Town 15 Miles, from Port Royal 12, and from Frederickburg 34 Miles. There is a good FERRY kept, with ENTERTAINMENT, &c. by
7 GEORGE W. SPOONER.

Prince-George's County, February 14, 1766.
RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *JEM*, he is a likely, lively, strong made young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, is upon the yellowish Order, and has large Eyes. Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward.

As he is a notorious Villain, it is requested that all Masters will make this known to their Servants, and by Way of Encouragement, promise them the Reward. He has a very extensive Acquaintance, therefore may Travel far from home. I am told that he passed for a Free Negro in Frederick County last Year. 7

ROBERT TYLER.

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in Charles-Street: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after. And long Ones in Proportion.

A fourth View
WH

considerable Port time hatching out at Length came off! The Colon the common People their Money, as gratify the earnest itching Fingers its usual Representati ship to the Colon It was against the People, whose M from them, to ut passed into a Law daring, as Thin humble Supplic which is concei even where the suppressed. Th can give and gr at Pleasure, and lations against it ting the Act co contrive Ways a of it. They w itself, as had be what a notoriou Rights of the 5 commissioning A it is worthy of are generally de wrong in their Nature! Could only a bare Vot away and given ever meet with endeavoured to Country-Stamp Ideas be of wh as his Birth-Mi sending our own chination. Th soon discovered with. Some of fices from Princ Country; but rated People to with the Ignom merited.

VIRGINIA, markable for in Opposition to and Free Subje ing Force. Bo of their Privile this new inven there held for many Writing about to be with the impor ted to endure the least instan The Loyalty o prising Ardor, his Place, his and the Mater ample encour (who first on sentatives.) R Hampshire, to their Power, f able Privilege; famous Ancest to encourage t Refentment of Persons suffer be much won upon a People it is almost im fects of some i The hungre

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXIst Year.]

THURSDAY, April 17, 1766.

[N^o. 1075.]

A short View of some Interesting Matters.

WHEN an irregular Appetite for Money found Place among the Devilish STAMP-ACT was meditated. The clofeted Projectors against the Rights of even a considerable Portion of Mankind itself, were sometime hatching out their mischievous Imp, which at Length came forth in the Shape of a Stamp-ACT! The Colonies could not be Heard, when the common People of England made so free with their Money, as to give and grant it away, to gratify the earnest longing of those through whose itching Fingers it was to pass, unless by their virtual Representatives, who shewed the same Friendship to the Colonies, as a Hawk does to a Pigeon. It was against the Rules of the House to admit the People, whose Money was to be so liberally taken from them, to utter a Syllable against it. It was passed into a Law, not one of the American Agents daring, as Things then stood, to offer the most humble Supplications against taking away that which is conceived they could not lawfully do, even where the Word Rights had been carefully suppressed. That is to say, the People of England can give and grant away the Goods of Colonists at Pleasure, and that the most submissive Expostulations against it are almost Criminal. After getting the Act compleated, the next Jobb was to contrive Ways and Means to secure an Execution of it. They were not sure that it would execute itself, as had been held forth, and well knowing what a notorious Violation it was of the natural Rights of the Subject, thought to amuse us by commissioning Americans to execute it. And here it is worthy of our Observation what Shifts Men are generally drove to, in the prosecuting Matters wrong in their Initiation. How weak is human Nature! Could the Ministry possibly suppose that only a bare Vote that our Monies should be taken away and given to the Lord knows who, would ever meet with the least Observance here, even if endeavoured to be put in Force, by Mother-Country-Stamp-men? How little then must their Ideas be of what a Free born Subject must Claim as his Birth-Right, in their poor Contrivance of sending our own Countrymen, to execute the Machination. The Stamp-men were appointed, but soon discovered what Reception they must meet with. Some of them resigned their infamous Offices from Principles of Virtue and a Love of their Country; but others were obliged by an exasperated People to give them up, after being treated with the Ignominy which too many of them had merited.

VIRGINIA, the most ancient Colony, and remarkable for Loyalty, first asserted their Rights, in Opposition to the Act. Like Men of Principles, and Free Subjects, they Resolved against its binding Force. BOSTON, famous for being tenacious of their Privileges, discovered their Sentiments of this new invented Species of Oppression. Many there held forth to their Countrymen, in their many Writings, the Injustice wherewith they were about to be used. The People were animated with the important Considerations, and firmly united to endure Extremities rather than submit in the least Instance to such an unrighteous Imposition. The Loyalty of the People broke forth with surprising Ardor, the Stamp man was blown out of his Place, his Stamp-Office levelled to the Earth, and the Materials destroyed. The prevalent Example encouraged the Inhabitants of Providence, (who first on the Continent instructed their Representatives,) Rhode-Island, Connecticut, and New-Hampshire, to make use of every lawful Means in their Power, for securing inviolate their most valuable Privileges, handed down to them from their famous Ancestors. Those whose Conduct tended to encourage the Introduction of Slavery, felt the Resentment of the People: And if any innocent Persons suffered in the general Effort, it is not to be much wondered at. Where a Necessity is laid upon a People to vindicate their Possessions by Force, it is almost impossible to secure the Persons and Effects of some innocent Persons in the Day of Wrath. The hungry Placemen sent hither, have had in

View a full Glut of Money and Obsequiousness, in reducing the Americans to an abject Servility. The lordly Principles of these Gentle Folks, have generally dictated a similar Behaviour. Their uncommon Zeal to ruin the Country, hath run them into the most absurd Conduct. His Majesty's Service one would think required a very different Exertion. Perhaps it is Part of the Duty of the King's Officers, to keep the People secure in their Rights, and that in so doing they are serving their Master more effectually, than when they are directing Cannon against his Majesty's loyal Subjects, and threatening Conflagrations of whole Cities.

The Eyes of the whole Continent were upon New-York. If that Colony had submitted, the Liberties of America might have been greatly endangered. But their effectual Opposition hath dispelled every Doubt which might have been entertained of them. Their Situation was peculiarly dangerous, but their vigorous Efforts in the Cause of Liberty was in Proportion to their Extremity. And here I cannot but compliment Liberty's fairest Offspring there, in the glorious Opposition they have shewed to Chains. Their whole Stand made since the First of November, is known to the World, and for which their Posterity will rise up and call them Blessed.

Perhaps the general Opposition in all the Colonies, hath been promoted in nothing more than by the clear, convincing and pathetic Writings, which have appeared upon this most interesting Occasion. The PRESS hath never done greater Service since its first Invention. Many Pamphlets have been published on the Occasion, which for the cogency of Expression, strength and dignity of Style, and warm Sentiments of Freedom, do great Honour to the Authors. The argumentative Pieces, Letters, and Addresses in the News Papers, have had a singular Use in the great and good Cause. And here must not be passed over how much is due to the Authors of Britannus, Americanus, the Rights of Colonies, CONSIDERATIONS, &c. (wrote in Virginia or Maryland, and re-printed at New-York,) to Philestherus, Freeman, Philo-Patriot, and many other Writers, without in the least derogating from the Merit of many others, who have rendered their Country singular Service by their seasonable and spirited Writings.

The Congress at New-York, first planned by the House of Representatives in the Massachusetts Bay, secured the desirable Union of the Colonies. This laudable Step ought forever to be remembered, and imitated as often as our common Safety shall make it necessary.

The Colonies at length unitedly exerted themselves for the Retention of their just Rights and Immunities, and in their several Legislatures, most nobly asserted them, to their immortal Honour. Fired with the Example of Government's Interposition, the People, One and All, have expressed their Determination to protect their Liberty and Property, and never suffer a wanton Use of Power to gain an Inch upon them.

The Stamped Paper arrived in several of the Colonies about the last of October. This threw the whole Continent into violent Commotions. His Majesty's Governors and Naval Commanders, busied themselves on the Occasion, and secured them in Forts and Men of War, in order to prevent their immediate Destruction; several of whom were thereby involved in Dangers and Difficulties scarcely to be conceived. In New York the People never rested till they had the first Parcel, sent there, delivered from the Port into the Custody of the Corporation of the City, not choosing to trust them in a Place from whence they could expect no good Things. At length it became dangerous to Shippers, Officers, and Others, to interpose in the least about them, either by bringing them into the Country, or securing them when brought in, in order for Distribution when a favourable Crisis for that Purpose might hereafter happen. Some of the most active and zealous of the People were for destroying the Whole, at all Events; and at New-York, St. Kitts, and Nevis, those Sons of Freedom actually forced their Way to a large Portion of them, which they entirely destroyed.

Indeed the Military at Nova-Scotia have nearly extinguished the Civil Government, and in Canada, all Decisions are by Guns and Cutlery Ware. It is not then to be wondered at, that Stamps have been forced upon them in those Countries. In Georgia, the Governor hath lately raised an Insurrection, and crowded Stamps upon a few People in the little Town of Savannah, the sandy Residence of his Excellency; but it is thought his Triumph will be of a very short Duration, notwithstanding the Assistance afforded him by a few avaricious Merchants.—But in all the other Colonies on the Continent, namely, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, MARYLAND, North and South-Carolina, with the Others before spoken of, Liberty and Property are still existent, after great and glorious Struggles of the People in Defence of them; and it may be prophesied that they never will be taken away, while the People have Life left to defend their injured Country.

Stamps have been also crowded upon some of the People of Jamaica, and other Islands, who were kept in Awe by a Military Power.

The Burning of the Stamped Paper in several of the American Colonies, is indicative of the Desperation to which Men may be drove by bad Treatment. How far any new Stamp men may venture to distribute their Papers, cannot be told; but if any should set about fulfilling such an Office, I should not be willing to indemnify them.—And if any Persons should be hardy enough to take any of the said Papers, the most direful Consequences, in all Probability, would ensue. Several who have inadvertently countenanced the Act, have been obliged to do severe Penance, in order to appease their incensed Countrymen.

To make Amends for the Introduction of Stamps in some of the Colonies, who were too weak to withstand the Red-Coat Executives of Civil Government, Antigua, (besides the other of the Leeward Islands before-mentioned) hath, to its great Honour, most loyally withstood this Pest, contrived against his Majesty's loving Subjects. Even the Islands of Bermuda and New-Providence, whose Situation were against them, have discovered a Spirit of Loyalty, which must render their Memories sacred to their Posterity.—And no where hath the Stamps been favourably received, except by the base servile Barbadians, whom, as the greatest of all Punishments, it is hoped may ever wear the Chains they have riveted on their own Necks, while all other Parts of America shall glory and flourish in Freedom.

The Resolutions of the Merchants not to Import any more British Goods till the Act be repealed, joined to the general Spirit which hath diffused itself in the Colonies to become their own Manufacturers, hath at length awakened the Nation to an Attention to their true Interest. And perhaps what some call Mobbing, will have the same Effect in our Favour, as the Burning of Job's Field of Barley by Absalom had. The latter had in vain solicited an Audience from the King for two Years (as we have done); but the Flames of the Field brought on a Hearing. [See 2^d Book of the Prophet SAMUEL, ch. XIV, ver. 28.—33.]

But we have to comfort ourselves in a happy Change of the Ministry: And that the Administration hath devolved upon our principal Friends and Advocates at the Court. Here the Poet's Message from Heaven made to Turnus, is applicable:

Turne, quod quanti Divum promittere nevis
Auderet, voluenda dies en attulit ultro. VIRG.

Behold O Turnus, what none of the Gods dared to engage, to your wishes, the Revolution of Time hath itself brought about.

We have great Expectations of Relief from the Goodness of our Cause, and the benevolent Intentions of the best of Kings, and his wise prudent Ministry; and that Harmony, Mutual Love and Confidence will be re-established between the Two Countries.—But if an ill-chosen Determination of FORCING an Observance of a Parliamentary Taxation should be the Result of their Deliberations, we shall THEN have to consider what will be a suitable Conduct on our Part.

A SON OF LIBERTY.

Our last Week's GAZETTE contain'd a few Articles relating to the Behaviour of the brave People in North-Carolina; to which the following ought to be added.

WILMINGTON, February 26, 1766.

ON Wednesday the 19th; they proceeded to Brunswick, where their Numbers were soon increased to upwards of a Thousand, and had Intelligence of several Hundreds more on their March to join them. On their Arrival at Brunswick, in Order to remove all Apprehensions on the Part of his Excellency the Governor, the following Letter was delivered to him, by two Gentlemen sent for that Purpose, viz.

S I R,

"The Inhabitants, dissatisfied with the particular Restriction, laid on the Trade of this River only, have determined to march to Brunswick, in Hopes of obtaining, in a peaceable Manner, a Redress of their Grievances from the commanding Officer of his Majesty's Ships, and have compelled us to conduct them: We therefore think it our Duty to acquaint your Excellency, that we are fully determined to protect from Insult your Person and Property; and that if it will be agreeable to your Excellency, a Guard of Gentlemen shall be immediately detached for that Purpose."

We have the Honour to be, with the greatest Respect, SIR, your Excellency's most obedient humble Servants.

Feb. 19. 1766.

To his Excellency Col. WILL^m. TRYON, Governor and Commander in Chief of North Carolina.

On Thursday the 20th, a Conference was held with the commanding Officer of his Majesty's Ships, and the Collector, and in the Afternoon Matters were happily accommodated, and a Promise obtained, that the Port should for the future be freed from the particular Restrictions heretofore laid on it, at least until the Arrival of the Surveyor General of the Customs, and that Vessels should be Entered and Cleared as usual.

On Friday the 21st, a Party of Men was sent for the Collector, Naval Officer, and Comptroller of the Customs; the Collector and Naval Officer were brought, and Information was received, that the Comptroller was at the Governor's; upon which a Gentleman was dispatched to demand his Attendance, which he refused to comply with, and the People being informed that he was detained by the Governor, a Letter was then sent, to request that his Excellency would be pleased to let him attend: They received for Answer, that the Comptroller was employed by his Excellency on Dispatches for his Majesty's Service, and that any Gentleman who had Business with him, might see him at the Governor's House.

A Party was then immediately dispatched to fetch him, and marched directly to the Governor's: They halted near the House, by Order; and a Gentleman was once more sent to the Comptroller, to desire he would not put the People to the disagreeable Necessity of entering his Excellency's House, with a Promise that if he would come out, no Injury should be offered his Person, which he at last complied with. The Party then joined the main Body, and marched immediately into the Town, drew up in a large Circle, placing the Custom-House Officers in the Centre, where they all made Oath that they would not, directly, or indirectly, by themselves, or any other Person employed under them, sign or execute, in their several and respective Offices, any Stamped Papers, until the Stamp-Act should be accepted of by the Province. All the Clerks of the Courts, Lawyers, &c. present, were sworn to the same Effect.

The People then immediately dispersed, in order to repair to their several Places of Abode.

It is well worthy of Observation, that few Instances can be produced, of such a Number of Men being together so long, and behaving so well; not the least Noise or Disturbances, nor any Person seen disguised with Liquor, during the whole Time of their Stay at Brunswick, neither was there any Injury offered to any Person, but the whole Affair conducted with Decency and Spirit, worthy the Imitation of all the Sons of LIBERTY throughout the Continent.

In Consequence of Matters being accommodated, with Regard to opening the Port, the Sloops Dobbs, Ruby, and Raticine, under Seizure, for want of Stamped Papers, were delivered up to the Masters and Owners, and arrived at this Town, on Friday the 21st Instant.

PHILADELPHIA, April 10.

A Letter from Cape May, dated April 7, 1766.

"I am persuaded the following Lines will relate Distress and Sadness to you: However, I am bound to rehearse and to tell you, that on the 6th Day of this Instant, on Hereford Bar, which is about 4 Leagues N. E. of the Pitch of the Cape of Cape May, the poor unfortunate Snow Nancy, Capt. Carr, from Bristol, was, by a violent Gale of Wind at E. N. E. forced on Shore and is become a forlorn Wreck, which proved a watry Coffin to all, except four Persons, who only escaped out of a Crew of 27 in Number, the Captain and Mate are of the drowned, and some others of Note and Distinction; many of their dead Bodies are drifted on Shore, and some Goods also."

"Humanity would teach me to exert myself, and use the utmost of my Care, which I propose to do without any other Licence till I receive further Orders, or see some of you; by all Means let some interested Person or Persons come down immediately on Sight hereof, with the Bearer; the Dead I shall keep till the Bearer returns, and not suffer to be crammed in the Sand. I saw them, poor Hearts, in the Heights of their Distress, where Wind and Sea had no Pity, but could do no more than regret and sympathize with any fellow Mortals, while overwhelm'd with Calamities in the raging Waves."

Yesterday arrived Captain Whitmarsh, from Boston, who informs us, that at 4 o'Clock P. M. on Sunday last, he saw a Ship or Snow ashore on Turtle Gut Bar, 7 Miles East of Cape May; her Mast and Bow-sprit were gone, and nothing but her Ensign Staff, with a Waiff in the Ensign, as a Signal of Distress, was standing; he could see the Surf break over her, but the Weather being thick, and the Wind blowing hard, he could not venture near enough to learn further Particulars: To the Leeward of the Wreck, at the same Time, he saw floating a great Quantity of pipe and bog-head Staves, a Wind-for Chair, and a Trunk, supposed to have come from her. About two Miles from the above Vessel, he saw a small Vessel, Bottom upwards, which he took to be a Pilot Boat.

We suppose the above Vessel to be the Snow Nancy, Captain Carr.

ANNAPOLIS, April 17.

We have not received any later News from London, than that brought by Capt. Brooke into Patuxent, mentioned in our last, of the RESOLVE of the House of Commons on the 7th of February last, to Repeal the STAMP-ACT; nor have we since met with the least Reason to Doubt the Truth of that Account.

[It was on the 7th of February, 1765, when the RESOLVES passed that House for Laying on that —, —, —, and unconstitutional TAX!]

Capt. Maynard, from London, who was spoke with on the 7th of March, about 80 Leagues to the Eastward of Bermuda, and who it was fear'd was Lost, is arrived in Patuxent, with the Loss of his Mizzen-mast.

The COMET mentioned in last Week's GAZETTE, which made it's Appearance in the Evenings of the 8th and 9th, at about N. W. by W. and which was observed by many in most Parts of the Province, has not since been seen; nor do we find any Account of it in the Northern Papers. The Five Evenings preceding the 8th it was Cloudy here, and likewise on the 10th and 11th.

NOW in the PRESS, and next Week will be PUBLISHED (if possible) to be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE, Ten or Eleven Sheets, on a small Letter, [Price 3/9.]

THE RIGHT to the TONNAGE, the DUTY OF TWELVE PENCE PER HOGSHEAD ON ALL EXPORTED TOBACCO, and the FINES AND FORFEITURES in the Province of MARYLAND, STATED; in a LETTER from a Gentleman in Annapolis to his Friend in the Country.

THE Subscriber, near the Head of Severn, has a fine JACK ASS, 4 Years old, that will Cover MARES this Season at TWENTY SHILLINGS each; such Mares as do not prove with Foal shall have the next season gratis. Good Pasturage for the Mares

(3^m) / ALEXANDER WARFIELD.

The well known HORSE RANTER,

WILL Cover MARES this SEASON, at Marlborough, in Stafford County, Virginia, at Forty Shillings the Leap. Four Pounds for the Season, and Eight Pounds to Insure a Colt, Virginia Currency. The Mares will have good Pasturage for Three Months, if left so long, but will be sent for at the Expiration of that Time. There can be no Occasion to give his Pedigree, which was done in the Virginia Gazette, in 1763 and 1764, as his Colts in Virginia and Maryland are a much better Recommendation. It will be to no Purpose to send any Mare to him without the Money, as none will be received on any other Terms by

(6^m) / ANDREW MORRIS.

Mr. Meek keeps a FERRY at Maryland-Point, in Charles County, from whence, those who have no better Opportunity, may have their Mares landed at Marlborough. Dollars will be received at Six Shillings and Three-pence. J. Meek

ANNAPOLIS, April 17, 1766.

THE Trustees of Mr. Reginald Grabame, had themselves under the Necessity of Postponing, for a short Time, the Settlement of a Dividend, which was Advertis'd to have been paid to the several Creditors during the Sitting of the Provincial Court, on Account of many of the Claimants having neglected to send their Accounts duly authenticated, and without which they cannot be entitled to a Proportion of Mr. Grabame's Effects. The Trustees, therefore, being desirous that every Person who has given Notice of their Willingness to accept of a Dividend, and whose Claims may appear indisputable, should not be excluded, once more give Notice, that if such Creditors still continue remiss, and omit sending to the Subscriber, before the 10th Day of May next, their Claims will be rejected, as it will be using every other Creditor very ill, to protract Payment to them on Account of the Negligence of others.

J. CLAPHAM, for the Trustees.

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscribers, in Suffolk Neck, Cecil County, on the 9th of this last April, Three English Convict Servant Men, viz.

John Sandals, born in Shropshire, about 28 or 30 Years of Age, a very stout, likely Fellow, of a fallow Complexion, with short brown Hair, and several large Cuts in his Head: He wears a very light coloured Country Cloth Coat, with Metal Buttons, striped Swanikin Vest, with Lapels much worn, old Buckskin Breeches, Country Linen Shirt, Castor Hat little worn, Yarn Stockings, and Country Shoes, with large cast Brae Buckles.

John Hockaday, born in Devonshire, about 40 Years of Age, a low squat Fellow, fair Complexion'd, with short sandy Hair, and is almost Bald: He wears an old Snuff coloured fine Cloth Coat, bound round the Edges and Button Holes with Worsted Binding of a lighter Colour, and old cut and raised Velvet Vest, a light coloured Country Cloth Pea Jacket, old Leather Breeches, Country Linen Shirt, old ribb'd Worsted Hose, Country Shoes, with large plain Silver Buckles, and a good Felt Hat. He has with him an old green Rider's Almanack, an old Twine Purse, and a Silver Stock-Buckle.

Edward Thompson, (belonging to Henry Ward Pearce) born in Shropshire, about 30 Years of Age, upwards of 6 Feet high, short black Hair, some Scars in his Head, and stoops a little in his Shoulders: He had on a Country Cloth short brown Coat and Breeches, with Metal Buttons, spotted Flannel Jacket, old Whitley Surtout Coat, brown Yarn Stockings, half worn Shoes, square Brae Buckles, Osnabrig Shirt, and an old fine Hat.

They have some Money with them, and have also taken a Servant's blue close-bodied Coat, of fine Cloth, some fine Shirts, a Silk and Linen Handkerchief, Sockings, and other Things, so that it's probable they may vary their Dress.

They all ran away last Year, but not together, were brought home at considerable Expence, and were forgiven on Promises of Amendment. As they have now gone off without the least Cause of Complaint, have lived extremely well, and have behaved with the greatest Ingratitude, it is hoped every Person will, as far as it lies in their Power, hinder their getting off.

Whoever secures them in any Jail, so that they are had again, shall receive a Reward of FIVE POUNDS Pennsylvania Currency for each, and if brought home reasonable Charges, paid by

(1st) / MICHAEL EARLE, HENRY W. PARCE.

T O MARLBOR

STRONG BEER, Virginia Currency, any that can be in World: As nothing and Hops will be Substitute whatsoever of Brewing publication to be frequency of those who ported from their Case, from their p

The severe Treat from our Mother-C Commodity is it's cially rely upon Interest, having e Pounds, to bring r is the best Security them of the best an Undertaking ca

The Casks to Shillings for Bar between Forty and the Gallon for a they are returned having been well S Price of them shal

Any Person wh have them careful or Porter, at Six Shillings the Doze have a constant Su if I meet the Ene getting up a Glas- to provide proper omers as favour quors as they dire desire, being dete tisfaction in the P (3^m) / April 7, 1766.

To be SOLD On Tuesday the 13 before Noon

A COMMOD a pale G Town-Gate, in (3^m) /

WHEREAS Excellency the 30th James Ewing, in wife Key, and had Pennsylvania about £. 70 Curr Excellency, for t to Justice the P Robbery, doth P any one of them shall discover hi plices in the said be Apprehended

AND as a scriber do Pounds, to any of any Person mention'd Robb brought to Justic

There is one Barber, who liv scounded himself who is supposed bery: He is a Feet 8 or 9 In Coat, Blue Coat and a Black C merly been kno he is supposed t went towards G (1st)

ANN A Vessel is arriv a great Struggl

TO BE SOLD AT THE MARLBOROUGH BREWERY,

STRONG BEER and PORTER, at Eighteen Pence, and ALE at a Shilling a Gallon, Virginia Currency; in Cask, equal in Goodness to any that can be imported from any Part of the World: As nothing but the genuine best Malt and Hops will be used, without any Mixture or Substitute whatsoever; which if the many Treatises of Brewing published in Great-Britain, did not mention to be frequently used there, the Experience of those who have Drank those Liquors imported from thence, would point out to be the Cause, from their pernicious Effects.

The severe Treatment we have lately received from our Mother-Country, would, I should think, be sufficient to recommend my Undertaking (tho' I should not be able to come up to the English Standard, which I don't question constantly to do) Yet, as I am satisfied, that the Goodness of every Commodity is it's best Recommendation, I principally rely upon that for my Success; and my own Interest, having expended near Eight Thousand Pounds, to bring my Brewery to it's present State, is the best Security I can give the Public to assure them of the best Usage, without which, such an Undertaking cannot be supported with Credit.

The Casks to be paid for at the Rate of Four Shillings for Barrels. Five Shillings for those between Forty and Fifty Gallons, and a Penny the Gallon for all above Fifty Gallons; but if they are returned in good Order and Sweet, by having been well Scalded as soon as emptied, the Price of them shall be returned or discounted.

Any Person who sends Bottles and Corks, may have them carefully filled and corked with Beer or Porter, at Six Shillings, or with Ale at Four Shillings the Dozen. I expect in a little Time to have a constant Supply of Bottles and Corks, and if I meet the Encouragement I hope for, propose setting up a Glass-House for making Bottles, and to provide proper Vessels to deliver to such Customers as favour me with their Orders, such Liquors as they direct, at the several Landings they desire, being determined to give them all the Satisfaction in the Power of

Their most Humble Servant, J. MERCER. April 7, 1766.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, On Tuesday the 13th of May next, at XI o'Clock before Noon, on the PREMISES,

COMMODIOUS BRICK-HOUSE, with a paved Garden, in West-Street, near the Town-Gate, in Annapolis.

JOHN GORDON, Administrator of Robert Gordon.

ANNAPOLIS, April 14, 1766.

WHEREAS it has been represented to his Excellency the Governor, that on Sunday Evening the 30th of March last, the Store of Thomas Ewing, in Baltimore-Town, was open'd by a false Key, and stolen out of it, Pieces of Eight and Pennsylvania Paper Money, to the Amount of about £. 70 Currency, by Persons unknown: His Excellency, for the better Discovery and bringing to Justice the Persons who Committed the said Robbery, doth Promise his Lordship's Pardon to any one of them (the Principal only excepted) who shall discover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices in the said Fact, so that he, she, or they, may be Apprehended and Convicted thereof.

Signed by Order, UPTON SCOTT, Cl. Con.

AND as a further Encouragement, the Subscriber doth Promise a Reward of Thirty Pounds, to any one who shall make a Discovery of any Person or Persons concerned in the above-mention'd Robbery, so that he, she, or they, be brought to Justice and Convicted thereof.

THOMAS EWING.

There is one JOHN CHEW, by Trade a Barber, who lived in Baltimore-Town, that absconded himself the Morning after the Robbery, who is supposed to be concerned in the said Robbery: He is a Man of about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, wears a Grey Surtout Coat, Blue Coat, Black Jacket and Blue Breeches, and a Black Cut Wig; I am told he has formerly been known by the Name of John Engle; he is supposed to have two Wives now living, he went towards George-Town, in Cecil County.

ANNAPOLIS, Thursday Evening. After Printing off about 400 of this GAZETTE, we have the following most agreeable Account, That a Vessel is arrived in Delaware from Ireland, and has brought a Paper of the 5th of March, with an Account of the REPEAL of the STAMP-ACT, after a great Struggle.

ANY One who wants good clean Hemp-Seed, of the Growth of 1765, may have it, by applying to ROBERT WILSON, living at Wye-Town, at the Mouth of Wye-River, Maryland.

TO BE SOLD

In HENRICO County, in VIRGINIA, About a Mile below the Falls of JAMES-RIVER, at ROCKET'S Landing,

ANY Quantity of PIT COAL, not inferior to the Newcastle Coal, for One Shilling per Bushel, heaped Measure, or Fifteen Bushels of Coal, for a Barrel of Corn; where a Vessel of 120 Tons Burthen, may lie at a good Wharf. The Blacksmiths in Virginia say, that with One Bushel of it, they can do more Work than with Eight Bushels of Charcoal. Great Encouragement will be given to a Man that understands Digging of Coal, and comes well recommended, for a Sober, Honest, and Industrious Person.

April 14, 1766. SAMUEL DU VRL.

Baltimore County, April 10, 1766.

WHEREAS the former Partnership in the Bush-River Iron-Works, has been dissolved these Fifteen Months past, in which I was a Member, and had the transacting of most Business there, which induced many People to make me chargeable with Matters instead of the Company, some of which have not got their Accounts properly settled: All such, by applying to me, shall have their Accounts settled and inform'd who the Company is, that they may the better know where to apply for their Demands. To prevent their Writing to me, I shall endeavour to oblige them as far as I can.

ISAAC WEBSTER.

Anne-Arundel County, April 15, 1766.

WHEREAS Mr. Thomas Gassaway is still willing to go through the Settlement of Messrs. William Chapman, senr. and William Chapman, junior's Estates, We do therefore hereby Impower him to Transact all Business relating to the said Estates, Declaring whatever shall be Done by him, shall be Binding to us, and be as firm and valid as if done by ourselves.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS, ANN RAWLINGS.

Prince George's County, April 10, 1766.

STRAYED from the Plantation of Mr. Archibald Orme, near the Upper Falls of Patowmack, the 15th of March last, a likely very Black Gelding, about 14 Hands high, has a small White Star on his Forehead, has no Brand, Paces slow, Gallops and Trots, was in very good Order when he strayed away.

Whoever will deliver the said Horse to Mr. John Orme, at George-Town, Frederick County, or the Subscriber, near Upper-Marlborough, shall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS Reward.

JAMES ORME.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick County, Maryland,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Acres, Part of a Tract of Land called Dann, lying on the main Branch of Rock-Creek, in that County, on which are Two Plantations. Also the Moiety, or Half Part, of 169 Acres of Land, on Rock-Creek aforesaid, on which is a new Grist-Mill, in Partnership between the Subscriber and Capt. William Williams.

WILLIAM DENT.

Stafford County, Virginia, April 4, 1766.

RAN away last Night, from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named ROBIN CLARKE, lately imported; he is a Groom and Gardener, is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, a thick well set Fellow, sandy Complexion, round Faced, a little mark'd with the Small-Pox, with short curling Hair, a soft smooth Way of speaking, is a very great Villain, but is an extreme handy Fellow, and can turn his Hand to almost any Business: He was dressed in a Bearskin Jacket and Breeches, but what other Clothes he has with him is not known, except that he has taken with him an old Red Jacket and a Brown Jacket. Also took with him, a small grey blooded Horse, branded TM.

Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him Home to the Subscriber, shall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward.

THOMSON MASON.

TO BE SOLD,



THE SLOOP Elizabeth, warranted Sound, with every Thing compleat for SEA, her Sails and Rigging all New; she will carry Three Hundred and Fifty Barrels of Flour. Time of Payment will be given on paying Interest and giving Security if required: For Terms apply to JOHN STEVENSON.

Baltimore-Town, April 4, 1766.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Dorchester County, on the 29th of March last, an indentured English Servant Man, named William Payne; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, rather stout Bodied, his Legs small, his Complexion rather ruddy, is fond of strong Liquor, and is generally Talkative when in Drink: He Indentured as a Sawyer, but as he has formerly been several Years at Sea, its probable he will attempt to pass as a Sailor. Had on and with him when he went away, a dark grey or brown Cloth Coat, and a blue Cloth Vest, with Metal Buttons to each, one Nanken Vest, one Pair of brown Cloth Breeches, two Pair of Country Linen Trowsers, two Pair of fine white Country Yarn Hose, two Osnabrigs Shirts, two fine white Linen Shirts, one grey Cut Wig, a Hat bound round the Rim with black Binding, and a Pair of Country Shoes.

Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, shall have FIVE POUNDS Pennsylvania Currency REWARD, and if he is brought Home, the reasonable Charges attending it shall be likewise paid, by

WILLIAM ENNALLS.

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel County Jail as a Runaway, a Negro Man Joe, says he is by Trade a Blacksmith. His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges.

WILLIAM PRUE, Jailer.

LATELY IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at PORT-TOBACCO,

ABOUT Two Hundred Pounds prime Cost of GOODS, for either Cash or Tobacco; they consist chiefly of low priced Irish Linens, Sheetings, Shoes, Nails, &c.

D. JENIFER.

Dunfriest, March 29, 1766.

THE Subscriber gives Notice, That he had delivered at his Store, by Capt. William Gilkison, of the Catheart, A small BALE, and a BOX of GLASS, mark'd L & E; likewise, a large COPPER KETTLE with a Mark, for which there is no Bill of Lading.

The Owner may have them, by applying to CUMBERLAND WILSON.

March 26, 1766.

To be SOLD, very cheap, by the Subscriber, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

ALIKELY, young, healthy NEGRO Fellow, that has been in the Country about Nine Months: Also, Two Tracts of LAND, lying in Prince-George's County, on the Piny Branch of the Eastern Branch of Patowmack, about 4 Miles from Snowden's Iron-Works, and 8 Miles from Bladenburg, SCOTT'S FANCY, containing 117 Acres, near 20 Acres of Meadow clear'd, and sowed with Timothy Seed, and about 30 Acres of Upland clear'd, and all under good Fences; a fine young Orchard, sundry Houses, &c. a good constant Stream running thro' Part of the Land, fit for a Mill. The other Tract adjoining, containing 200 Acres, well Watered and Timbered, has a good Dwelling House, a good new Tobacco House, and sundry other Houses, &c. and an exceeding good Apple Orchard; the Soil good, well situated for Farming or Tobacco, and Produces well. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to William Hall on the Piny Branch, in my Absence.

WILLIAM SCOTT.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to said Scott, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to make speedy Payment, or they may expect Trouble, without further Notice.

March 31, 1766.
STOLEN or STRAYED from *Patuxent Iron-Works*, on Wednesday the 5th Instant; a likely Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder GS tho' scarcely perceivable, and on the near Buttock IH. He is about 6 Years old, a large Star in his Forehead, a little White on the Inside of his Hind-Foot, a natural Pacer, shod before, and short switch Tail. He was bred by one *George Swagler*, near *Comocoheagus*.

Also a Black Mare, scarcely 14 Hands high, she is Likely and Lively, has a short switch Tail and hanging Mane, is shod before, and Paces, Trots and Gallops, uncertain if branded or not, and is supposed to have followed the Horse.

Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, and delivers them to the Subscribers at *Upper-Mariborough*, or *West-River*, shall receive **FIFTY SHILLINGS** for each; but if they are stolen and the Thief can be convicted, a further Reward will be given of **FIVE POUNDS**.

JOHN HEBURN, junr.
 JOHN THOMAS.

St. Mary's County, March 17, 1766.

AN Act having passed last Session of Assembly, affecting on the taxable Inhabitants of *All-Faith's Parish*, in *St. Mary's County*, a Quantity of Tobacco, for Building a Church and Chapel of Ease, in said Parish: **NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN**, That the Vestry of the said Parish will meet, pursuant to the Power vested in them, on the First Tuesday of May next, when they will receive such Plans and Proposals, as shall be offered to them for those Purposes.

Signed by Order of the Vestry,
 THOMAS HUTCHINGSO, Clk.

Patuxent Iron-Works, March 17, 1766.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the Subscribers, on the 26th of February last, a Convict Servant Man, named *Henry Glover*, and by Trade a Blacksmith; he is a well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, of a pale Complexion, light grey Eyes, and pitted with the Small Pox, wears his own dark brown Hair. He had on and took with him, an old light colour'd Cloth Coat, a Cloth Jacket, and a Cotton ditto, brown Cloth Breeches, one white Shirt and one Osnabrig ditto, Country made Shoes and Stockings, and a Felt Hat about half worn; but it is likely he may change his Dress, as it is conjectured that he has some Money with him. It is supposed that he is gone up towards *Fort-Fredrick*, as he passed through *Frederick-Town*, and afterwards was seen going up the Road which leads to the Fort. He has with him an old Indenture with a Discharge on the Back of it, Signed by *Christopher Lewndes*, in the Year 1752, and has passed by the Name of the Person mentioned in the same Indenture, (tho' what Name it is we can't find out) by which Means he has deceived many who have questioned him.

Whoever will secure the said Servant, so that the Subscribers may get him again, shall have the above Reward of **FIVE POUNDS**, and if brought Home, reasonable Charges, paid by
 THOMAS, SAMUEL, and JOHN SNOWDEN.

To be LET on CHARTER,



A NEW SCHOONER, of about 80 Tons Burthen, well Found and Fitted for Sea, for the *West-Indies* or any other Part, and will be ready to Load by the last of April. For further Particulars, enquire at the **PRINTING-OFFICE**.

STRAYED or STOLEN on the 24th of March past, from the Subscriber, in *Prince-George's County*, a Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Buttock JI with a blaze Face, Trunchy-made, 13 Hands and an Inch high, Paces, Trots, and Gallops, his Hair much rubb'd off in several Places, occasioned by Plowing and Carting.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, paid by

MARGARET SMITH.

ANNAPOLIS, March 27, 1766.

THE Subscriber has a Quantity of exceeding good **CONGO** and **BOHEA TEAS** sent to him for Sale, the former at 18s. and the latter at 10s. per lb. JOHN CLAPHAM.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with the best of **LIQUORS**, hereby acquaints the Public, That he has Open'd **TAVERN** at the House where *Mr. Golder* formerly Lived, near the Town Gate in *Annapolis*, where Gentlemen, Travellers, and Others, who may be pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on meeting with the kindest Usage, and best Accommodations for Themselves and Horses, from

Their humble Servant,
 ROBERT JOHNSON.

N. B. He carries on the **ROPE-MAKING** and **CABINET** Businesses in all their Branches, having furnished himself with the best Workmen from *London* and *Philadelphia*, and will sell Cabinet Work at the *Philadelphia* Prices.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

ON Tuesday the 13th of May next, will be Run for, on the Race Ground in the City of *ANNAPOLIS*, the best of Three Heats, to be made 4 Mile Heats as near as the Ground will allow, A **PURSE of FIFTY PISTOLES**, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms:

Every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that Runs for the said Purse, shall, if rising 4 Years old next Grass, carry 8 Stone (Saddle and Bridle included), if Five, 8 Stone and 10 Pounds; if Six, 9 Stone, and 6 Pounds; and Aged, 10 Stone.

And on the Day following, upon the same Ground, and upon the same Conditions, will be Run for, a **PURSE of THIRTY PISTOLES**, by any Number of Horses, Mares, or Geldings, the winning Horse the preceding Day only excepted.

Every Person that puts in a Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the said Purse, shall Enter the same with *Mr. JONAS GREEN*, on the Saturday preceding the Race, and for the second Day on the Monday, with whom he shall leave satisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and at the same Time shall pay Two Pistoles Entrance, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber, for the First Day; and One Guinea for the Second Day, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber.

The Time of Starting will be between One and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

Judges will be appointed to determine all Disputes which may arise.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,

GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER, and LAPIDARY,

Being encouraged by several GENTLEMEN in Town, has Open'd **SHOP**, at the House of *Mr. William Knapp*, Watch-Maker, near the Town Gate, in *Annapolis*, where he Makes and Repairs all Sorts of **SILVER** and **JEWELLERY** WORK. He has at present for Sale, a neat Assortment of **PLATE** and **JEWELS**, made up in the best Manner, and of the newest Fashions; and also, a large and curious variety of Stones, elegantly finish'd; together with a complete Apparatus for Cutting them agreeable to any Directions, either for Buckles, Buttons, Rings, Ear-Rings, Necklaces, &c. &c.

As he has been regularly bred to the above Branches, and the Work he has, being principally executed by Himself, the Public may depend on being served upon much better Terms than have hitherto been practis'd; And, as many **LADIES** and **GENTLEMEN**, are frequently obliged to be supplied from *England* with the above Articles, on Account of their Orders not being punctually complied with here; he assures all such as shall please to favour him with their Custom, that no Delay in the speedy and effectual Execution of their Commands, shall for the Future induce them to send Home: Therefore humbly Hopes for the Encouragement of the **LADIES** and **GENTLEMEN** of the Province; to Merit and Preserve which, shall be his constant Study, and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He gives the highest Prices for old **GOLD**, **SILVER**, and **SILVER LACE**.

THERE is in the Possession of *Mr. John Griffith*, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, a likely Black Horse, about 14 Hands high, has a Star in his Forehead, Paces slow, and Gallops.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges, 2 (6s) X

RIVINGTON and BROWN'S
Land, Plate, and Goods LOTTERY.
All PRIZES: No BLANKS.

THE Drawing of this Lottery, will certainly begin the 27th of next May, at all Events, in *Annapolis*, in *Maryland*.

The following Gentlemen are Managers, viz. *Samuel* and *Joseph Galloway*, *Thomas Smith*, *Stephen West*, Esqrs; and *Upton Scott*, M. D.

To whom Messrs. *Rivington* and *Brown* have given a penal Bond of Ten Thousand Pounds, as a Certainty to them, and every Adventurer, for the Execution of this Lottery, agreeable to the Scheme. The Managers will attend to draw the Lottery, and there upon Oath, see Justice done to every Individual.

Those who are not supplied with Tickets, are desired to be speedy in their Application.

Wheat, Oats, Indian Corn, and Flax-Seed, (at the lowest Market Price,) will be taken for Tickets.

TICKETS and **SCHEMES** of the **LOTTERY**, may be had of the following Gentlemen, viz.

MARYLAND. *Mr. Richard Moore*, *Baltimore*, *Corbin Lee*, Esq; *Baltimore*. At the Printing-Office and Taverns in *Annapolis*. *Mr. Colin Campbell*, *Annapolis*. *Mr. John Craig*, *Port-Tobacco*. *Thomas Key*, Esq; *St. Mary's*. *Mr. William Lee*, *Elk-Ridge*. *Thomas Smith*, Esq; *Chester*. *Rev. Mr. Montgomery*, *George-Town*. *Mr. Abraham Ayres*, at *Rock-Hall*. *Mr. John Reraby*, near the *Kingsbury* Iron-Works, in *Baltimore* County. *Mr. John Anderton*, at *Secretary Creek*, *Choptank*. *Mr. Henry Baker*, *Cecil* County. *Mr. William Smith*, *wood*, *Charles* County. *Mr. Bernard O'Neil*, *Mr. Gantt's* Iron-Works, *Frederick* Town, in *Fredrick* County.

PENNSYLVANIA. *Mr. Samuel Oakford*, in *New-castle* on *Delaware*.

VIRGINIA. *Mr. John Dixon*, in *Williamburg*. *John Campbell*, Esq; and *Mr. James Hunter*, *Fredericksburg*. *Mr. Scott*, *Norfolk*.

THIS is to give Notice, That the Subscriber has a new Erected **FERRY**, on *Patuxent* River in *Virginia*, opposite to *Cedar-Point* in *Maryland*, 24 Miles distant from *Westmoreland* Court-House, 40 from *Richmond*, 12 from *King George*, 26 from *Stafford*; from *Leeds-Town* 25 Miles, from *Port Royal* 12, and from *Fredericksburg* 34 Miles. There is a good **FERRY** kept, with **ENTERTAINMENT**, &c. by

GEORGE W. SPOONER.

Prince-George's County, February 14, 1766.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named **JEM**, he is a likely, lively, strong made young Fellow, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high, is upon the yellowish Order, and has large Eyes. Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have **FIVE POUNDS** Reward.

As he is a notorious Villain, it is requested that all Masters will make this known to their Servants, and by Way of Encouragement, promise them the Reward. He has a very extensive Acquaintance, therefore may Travel far from home. I am told that he passed for a Free Negro in *Frederick* County last Year.

ROBERT TYLER.

WILLIAM KNAPP, WATCH-MAKER,

Hereby informs the **PUBLIC**,

THAT he is Removed from his late Dwelling near the **COURT-HOUSE** in *Annapolis*, to the House next but One to that wherein *Mr. M'Lead* formerly Lived, towards the **Town Gate**; where he continues the **WATCH-MAKING** BUSINESS, and is ready to execute the Orders (with all possible Dispatch) of those **GENTLEMEN** and **LADIES** who shall be pleased to favour him with their Commands.

Annapolis: Printed by **JONAS GREEN**, at his **PRINTING-OFFICE**, in *Charles-Street*: Where all Persons may be supplied with this **GAZETTE**, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.

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[XXIst Year]

THURSDAY, April 24, 1766.

[N^o. 1076.]

H A G U E, February 4.

THE Council of State has delivered to the Assembly of the States-General, the annual Memorial, relative to the Plan of Government for the ensuing Year, in which, among other Things, is advanced, that it were to be wished, that the Republic had an Army of 50,000 Men on Foot for its Protection, and recommends the building of 25 Men of War.

Paris, Feb. 7. About the End of this Month, the Beginning of March, an Ordinance will be published by the King, for raising 72,000 Militia throughout this Kingdom, and most of the persons who have heretofore been exempted, will be no longer entitled to that Privilege.

L O N D O N.

Feb. 11, 13, and 15. They write from Lisbon, that the reigning Count La Lippe was soon expected in that Capital, in Consequence of an Express dispatched to his Excellency. It is added, that a Camp of a considerable Number of Men would be formed early in the Summer.

Several British Officers now on Furlow from the Portuguese Service, have received Orders to embark for Lisbon by the First of March next.

There is Reason to believe that the Spaniards are preparing to avail themselves of the present unsettled State of Affairs in Portugal, to accomplish their Designs over that Kingdom; and if some Advices may be credited, they have actually 20,000 Troops now upon the Frontiers, ready to invade it.

The King of Spain has just made a Promotion of One Hundred and Forty Officers in his Marine.

Several Merchants from New-York and Pennsylvania, are come to England, to join in a Representation of the great Stagnation of Trade in those Provinces, occasioned by the Stamp-Act.

It is reported that a pretty warm Remonstrance has been received from the Court of Versailles, relative to the late Proceedings of the English at Turk's-Island.

It is confidently asserted, that the French have actually at this Time in Commission Sixty Men of War, Two Thirds of which are of the Line.

They write from Guernsey, that Orders had just been received from London, to put the several Fortifications on that Island in a proper State of Defence.

Yesterday his Serene Highness the Prince of Brunswick had a numerous Levee, to compliment him on the Birth of a Prince.

The same Day there was a prodigious full House of Commons, several Seats were taken early in the Morning, and Debates running high, they sat late.

It is observable, that the young Prince of Brunswick, Nephew to his Majesty, born on Saturday Morning last, is the only Prince of the Blood Royal of England, whose Mother was an English Woman.

Feb. 18. The Number of Land Forces that are to be kept on Foot for the Service of the present Year, are to consist of 17,306 effective Men, which is less than what was kept on Foot for last Year's Service.

Westminster, Feb. 19. This Day His Majesty came to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Francis Molineux, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to,

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majesty, certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year 1766.

An Act to continue an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from Ireland, for a limited Time.

An Act to prohibit the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch, for a limited Time.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Corn and

Grain, from His Majesty's Colonies in America into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Oats and Oatmeal into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, Duty free.

And to Three Public, and Two Private Bills.

L O N D O N.

Feb. 18 and 20. We hear that a Petition, signed by a very considerable Number of Merchants and principal Traders in this City, will shortly be presented to Parliament, humbly to request, for the Benefit of Trade, that the late Stamp-Act, so disagreeable to the Traders and Inhabitants of all the British Colonies and Settlements abroad, may therefore be totally repealed.

A Memorial from the Merchants and Traders of Philadelphia, addressed to the Merchants and Manufacturers of Great-Britain, has been received by a Merchant at New-Castle, earnestly requesting that he, and the Manufacturers and Traders in and about that Town, would unite with all those who are any way interested in the Trade of Philadelphia, and in general with every Well-wisher of the American Colonies; particularly with the Merchants of London, Bristol and Liverpool, in endeavouring to obtain a Repeal of the Stamp-Act, and a Redress of other Grievances. This Memorial is signed by above 330 Colonists.

We are informed, that one Manufacturer, in the Shoe way, in this City, since the Resolution of the Americans to wear their own Manufactures, has been obliged to reduce the Number of his Workmen from about 350 to less than 50. And that another in the Stocking Trade, has been obliged to discharge as large a Proportion of his Workmen on the same Account.

The Inhabitants of Jamaica have caused a Petition to be presented, by their Agent, complaining of the Distresses they labour under by a late unpopular Act.

We hear high Encomiums are paid to a certain great Commoner, for his Assiduity, and great Judgment, in an Affair so interesting to the Merchants and Tradesmen, both at home and abroad.

Yesterday near 100 of the principal Merchants, interested in the Trade to North-America, dined at the King's Arms Tavern in Palace Yard, Westminster, and afterwards attended an August Assembly.

Extra of a Letter from a Gentleman in a populous Part of the County of Somerset, to a Nobleman in London, February 5, 1766.

"The extreme Severity of the Season makes all humane Persons feel and commiserate the Situation of the Poor; but what adds greatly to the Misfortune, is the total Stop of all Trade, both Linen and Woollen; all the Goods being brought back from Bristol Fair unfold, and no Orders for any of any Kind brought: This Circumstance staggers even the Masters themselves; but I hope the Wisdom of Parliament will compromise Matters, and not try any dangerous Experiments, on the romantic Idea of Honour and Sovereignty of the Nation." N. B. Bristol Fair was the 25th of January, 1766, and is a very great Mart for all Sorts of Commodities for Exportation.

Feb. 22. Yesterday the House of Commons was fuller than it has been since the Commencement of the present Sessions; the Right Hon. WILLIAM PITT, Esq; attended, though ill with the Gout; the House continued sitting very late last Night.

The Thames Frigate, Captain Elliot, is arrived Express at Plymouth from Gibraltar, with an Account that they had lately there a most violent Storm of Hail, that the Torrent was so strong that several Houses were washed away, and many Persons perished; it washed the Hill quite bare of all the loose Stones; Earth and every Thing but the bare Rocks; and the great Quantity of Stuff that came down from the Hill, filled the Town so full, that many of the Houses were almost buried under it, so that the Inhabitants were obliged, after it was so, to get out of their upper Windows; the Magazines and Store-Houses were all safe, and the Fortifications but little hurt.

The Damage sustained by the late Storm at Gibraltar, as mentioned in some Letters from thence, is computed to a very considerable Sum;

many of the Genoese Vineyards and Gardens were entirely destroyed.

Some Letters in Town mention, that considerable Damage has been done by the late dreadful Hurricane at the Portuguese Island of Azores.

We hear that it was determined early this Morning, in an august Assembly, to bring in a Bill for the Repeal of the American STAMP-ACT.

Yesterday a very considerable Body of Merchants concerned in the America and West-India Trade attended the House.

Yesterday at half an Hour after Three, Mr. PITT went to the House of Commons in a Chair, and passing through the Lobby of the House, he was Huzza'd by almost all the Persons there, consisting of the principal American Merchants.

It is said, one Merchant has declared, that he has sent to the Value of 50,000l. in the single Article of Nails per Annum, for several Years, to America, and that by countermanding this Article he has at present 300 Men out of Business.

Feb. 25. They write from France, that the very large Levy of Militia now making in that Kingdom, occasions abundance of Conjectures there.

Friday Morning by 8 o'Clock, the Seats in the House of Commons were begun to be taken for the Members, by pinning down a Ticket, with their Names, in such Seats as they chose, which were reserved for them till Prayers began. There were 442 Members present.

The House of Commons did not break up till two o'Clock on Saturday Morning. Mr. PITT continued in the House all the Time, tho' so lame with the Gout, as to make Use of Crutches; when he left the House, he was Huzza'd by many then present.

Saturday, as soon as the News relating to the American Stamp-Act reached the City, the Bells of St. Michael's Cornhill, and those at Bow-Church, &c. were rung.

Saturday the Captains of the Ships in the West-India Trade, displayed their Colours on board their respective Vessels in the Thames on the above Occasion.

It is confidently reported, that not only the Affair of the Stamp-Act, but also those of the Currency and Foreign Trade of the Colonies, will be regulated in such a Manner, as will enable them soon to clear their Arrears with the Merchants of Great-Britain, and the future Connections between this Kingdom and the Americans, will be more Advantageous than hitherto.

We are told, that Orders were sent by last Saturday's Post (on hearing the Affair of the Stamp-Act) to Sheffield, Birmingham, Leeds, and other manufacturing Towns, for Goods to the Amount of 40,000l. for the American Trade.

Saturday last there was an universal Joy to be seen in the Countenances of every Lover of Trade in the City, on the Hopes of the Stamp-Act being repealed, that the Merchant as well as the Mechanic may once more hope to be able to pay their just Debts, and the many Factors be enabled to employ the Poor, who have been too considerable a Time destitute of the common Necessaries of Life. The Bells in most Churches rang from Morning till Night; and the following Houses were illuminated, viz. Mr. Hofe's, Shoe-Maker, in Cheapside, where were exactly Forty-five Lights; a Hofer in the same Neighbourhood; the Carolina and Pennsylvania Coffee-Houses, in Birchin-Lane; the New-York, Grigby's, Portugal, Edinburgh and Amsterdam Coffee-Houses; and the Cock Tavern and Eating House.

The James, Capt. Smith, from Virginia for Whitehaven, is lost on the Grounds near Arklow, and all the Crew perished.

It is said, that a certain patriotic Gentleman, equally distinguished in the Field and Senate, will soon make a Motion, in an august Assembly for lowering the Income of the Superior Military Officers, that the Pay of the common Soldiers may be doubled.

Very large Orders in the Stationary Branch have this Week been countermanded from North-America.

Corke, Feb. 27. The Party of the Cameronian Regiment, which marched from hence last Monday for Cloyns, we now hear, was sent for to suppress

some Tumults and Rioting in that Neighbourhood, and to enforce a due Execution of a Precept in Law against a Person, who had been rescued from the Hands of the Civil Officer.

DUBLIN, March 4.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Feb. 22.

"The House of Commons, after employing three Hours and an Half preparatory to the Debate on the American Question, Mr. C...y began it; and having expatiated some Time on the Situation of America and this Country, inferred, that it was necessary to repeal the Stamp and Admiralty Act immediately; and made a Motion to that Purpose: He was seconded by Mr. C...er, Sec...y to the Tre...y. To him C. Jenk...n replied, he acknowledged the Imperfection of the Act, and moved, that the Words Alter and Regulate should be inserted, instead of the Word REPEAL. The Att...y Gen...l answered him, in Favour of the Motion, and acknowledged, that from the Evidence which had been produced to the House, his Conviction arose, of the Necessity for the immediate REPEAL. Mr. El...s then arose, in Favour of the Act. Mr. B...ke (your Countryman) replied, he was remarkably great. About Eleven o'Clock Mr. P... (who went to the House in Flannels, and with Crutches) arose; he spoke an Hour in Favour of the REPEAL, and in the Course of his Speech, paid great Compliments to Mr. Con...y and Mr. B...ke. G. G...le was the next Speaker; he was interested to defend his Measures, as he advised the Act; and, so far as he had any Foundation to proceed upon, was not unentertaining.—The Question, between One and Two, was called for. On the Division, the Number in Favour of the Repeal was 275, Against it, - - - 167,

Majority, - - - 108.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

We hear that the truly great WILLIAM PATRIOT, Dying without Issue, the Title is extinct. He married in the Year 1745, the LADY ALBION LOVELY, a lineal Descendant from the QUEEN OF ISLES, whose Estates he soon Cleared of a numerous Gang of Banditti, with which they were then infested. It is also said, that his most amiable-Lady but just survives him, having been for some Time afflicted with excruciating PAINS in HER BOWELS, owing to her Credulity in employing a NORTHERN QUACK, who, in the Absence of her Surgeon, Mr. HAYES, most arrogantly undertook to cure her of some Wounds she received in Defending herself from two BULLIES. Mr. HAYES, upon Examination, found the Applications were inadequate, and that nothing but the Use of Gunpowder, Lead, Iron and Steel, continued for some Time, could have restored her to perfect Health. She therefore has called a Meeting of her REAL FRIENDS, and, if they agree to it, will prosecute the said Quack, unless in the Interim, he should by Flight put it out of her Power.

ANNAPOLIS, April 24.

The GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province is to meet here, on Monday Sev'nnight.

Last Month a very melancholly Accident happen'd in Baltimore County: A Negro Quarter of Mrs. Orrick's took Fire about Sunset, on a very calm serene Evening, and tho' the Family were not far off from it, no Body discover'd it, till it had got to too great a Head to be extinguished. There was an old Negro Woman, and Three Negro Children in it, who all Perish'd in the Fire: The distressed Mothers of the Children, would have rush'd into the Fire to take out their Children, but must have Perish'd with them, if they had not been held.

I acknowledge the Receipt of the Piece, signed by a Majority of the Gentlemen of the last Mayor's-Court-Grand-Jury, in Reply to that inserted in the Gazette, No. 1071, which was signed by the worshipful Mayor, and a Majority of the Aldermen; but it is too long to find a Place in this Week's Paper, and must be postponed 'til next Week.

The political Piece, on THE RIGHT TO THE TOWNSE, &c. STATED, in a Letter, Advertis'd last Week to be published this, would have been Publish'd on Saturday next, had not SAINT GEORGE AND THE DRAGON, Stopp'd the Press a whole Day; but it will be Publish'd on Monday next.

Piscataway, April 21, 1766.

ALL Persons Indebted to Messieurs JOHN STEWART and CAMPBELL, of LONDON, Merchants, for SERVANTS bought of the Subscriber, last Year, are desired to pay their respective Bonds off before the 20th Day of May ensuing, in Order to prevent Trouble, and Expence to themselves. (2) WILLIAM RUSSELL.

Elk-Ridge Landing, April 19, 1766.

ALL Persons Indebted to Messieurs JOHN STEWART and CAMPBELL, of LONDON, Merchants, for Servants bought of Stewart and Lux; for Dealings in the Store with William Lux; or for Balance due on Accounts Current; are requested to come immediately and Settle the same, either by paying them off, or giving good Security on such Accounts as stand open; otherwise they must expect to have the Rigour of the Law put in Force against them, agreeable to the Subscriber's positive Instructions. And as a very large List of outstanding Debts is due to the Store, the Customers thereto, it is hoped, will not take it amiss, if no more Goods are sold from this Date, 'til the Balances are contracted, or put on a sure Footing. (6*) STEWART and LUX.

SELI M,

WILL Cover MARES this SEASON, at TULIP-HILL, at Four Guineas a Mare, and Five Shillings the Groom; the Money to be paid before the Mares are taken away; and for Six Guineas a Foal will be insured, or the Money received Returned. Good Pasturage, and particular Care will be taken of the Mares, by JOHN CLARVOÆ.

THE Horse OTHELLO, that was bred by Col. Taffer, and by him sold into Virginia, is now at Whitehall on the North Side of Severn River, in Anne-Arundel County, and will Cover MARES this SEASON at Four Guineas, and Five Shillings to the Groom; the Money to be paid before the Mares are taken away.

Gentlemen that choose to have their Mares regularly fed, are desired to give Notice. (1) ROBERT GAY.

CHESTER-TOWN RACES.

ON Thursday the 29th of May next, will be Run for, on the Race Ground in Chester-Town, Four Mile Heats, A PURSE of TWENTY-FIVE PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms:

Every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that Runs for the said Purse, shall, if rising 4 Years old next Grass, carry 8½ Stone (Saddle and Bridle included), if Five Years old, 9 Stone; if Six, 9 Stone and 7 Pounds; and Aged, 10 Stone and 7 Pounds.

And on the Day following, upon the same Ground, will be Run for, A PURSE of FIFTEEN PISTOLES, for Half Blood only, or under that Degree.

Every Person that puts in a Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the said Purse, shall Enter the same with Mr. JAMES PORTER, on the Tuesday preceding the Race, and for the second Day on the Wednesday, with whom he shall leave satisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and Blood, and at the same Time shall pay Two Pistoles Entrance for the first Day, and One Pistole for the second Day.

Judges will be appointed to determine all Disputes which may arise.

N. B. Not less than Three Running Horses to Start for the Purse each Day. (5)

FIVE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away last Night, from the Subscriber's Plantation in the Barrens of Baltimore County, an Indented Servant Man, named James Sertain, born in the West of England, and talks much in that Dialect, near or quite 6 Feet high, slim made, has a down roguish sulky Look, about 50 Years of Age, wears his own Hair which is of a dark brown, some grey Hairs in his Beard, and Bald on the Top of his Head: Had on and took with him, an old brown Cloth Coat, brown Kersey Breeches, white Cotton Jacket, Osnabrig Shirts, coarse white Yarn Stockings, old Castor Hat, and old Shoes. He had on an Iron Collar when he went off, but as he is a grand Villain, imagine he soon got rid of it, and will probably change his Apparel. He served 7 Years with Charles Carroll, Esq; at the End of which Time, suppose he got a Discharge, by which he will endeavour to pass.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber, living on Elk-Ridge in Anne-Arundel County, or to Alexander Todd at the said Plantation, shall receive as a Reward, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings; if 30 Miles, Forty Shillings; if 40 Miles, Fifty Shillings; if 50 Miles, Three Pounds; and if out of the Province, Five Pistoles, paid by April 17, 1766. (1) JOHN DORSEY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Chester-Town, Kent-County, on the 17th of this Inst. April, a Welch Servant Man, named John Williams, about 25 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own short dark Hair tied behind, and cut short before, has a great many Pimples in his Face, speaks pretty much in the Welch Dialect, one of his Legs is shorter than the other, he walks with his Toes inward, and is a thick set Fellow: Had on; and with him, when he went away, an old whited brown Coat with short Skirts, an old blue Jacket without Sleeves, Leather Breeches, several Pair of Worsted Stockings, and a Beaver Hat almost worn out; several Shirts not made up, of good white Linnen, with some Check Shirts half worn out, and a Pair of half worn Shoes.

ALSO, Ran away from the Subscriber, living in Kingston, Queen-Anne's County, a Welch Servant Man, named John Lewis, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, upwards of 20 Years of Age, wears his own yellowish Hair untied, has a light colour'd Green Coat, the Rest of his Cloaths unknown: They are both gone together, and are suspected to be gone in a Shallop to Virginia, as they stole a Canoe from Queen-Anne's, in Order to go to the Shallop, which was lying by for them, and was seen talking with the Master of said Shallop. Therefore, Whoever secures said Servants, so as their Masters may have them again, shall receive TEN POUNDS if taken in the Province, and TWENTY POUNDS if taken out of the Province, one Half to be paid by John Bolton, if the former is took up, and the other Half to be paid by John Bennet, if the latter is took up, and all reasonable Charges paid by the Subscribers. JOHN BOLTON, Merch. and JOHN BENNET, Queen-Anne's.

RAN away from Port-Tobacco in Charles County, on Wednesday the 26th of March last, an English Servant Lad, named Joseph Smith, about 19 Years of Age, wears his Hair which is white, and Talks somewhat like a Negro: Had on when he went away, a grey Bearskin Coat, and a brown superfine Cloth Jacket, both pretty much worn, a Pair of Forrest Cloth Breeches, Stockings, and Shoes with black Buckles.

He crossed South-River Ferry the Day following with another little Boy, and is suspected to have gone towards Baltimore. Whoever secures the said Servant in any Jail in this Province, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and if brought home to the Subscriber FIVE POUNDS Pennsylvania Currency, paid by JOHN SIMPLE. (2)

RAN away from the Subscriber, in Northumberland County, Virginia, a Servant named Samuel Holmes, by Trade a Taylor, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, has a remarkable yellow Spot on the Outside of one of his Knees, 'tis said by the other Servants to be on the left Knee, and on the Instep of the other Leg there is a very large Scar, he Stammers in his Speech, is Bow legged, and Rolls much in his Walk: Had on a dark Cloth Coat, with white Lining, and Metal Buttons. I expect he will change his Name and Dress; but the above Description of his Person, &c. will always discover him. He ran away once before, and was taken up at Chester, in Pennsylvania; he then had a forged Pass, and went by the Name of John Harrijs, but his Knee discovered him. It is supposed he has got a forged Pass. He has told the other Servants he would get on board some Vessel going to Sea, it is therefore begged of all Captains of Vessels not to carry the Rogues away, but to send him on Shore to Justice. He has been long in the Country, and, by his cunning Enquiry, knows most Places, and the Names of the Counties, and the most noted Persons in Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Virginia.

Whoever secures said Servant, so as he may be had again, shall receive Five Pounds Reward, from March 12, 1766. WILLIAM FAITE.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in Northumberland County, Virginia, a Servant named Samuel Holmes, by Trade a Taylor, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, has a remarkable yellow Spot on the Outside of one of his Knees, 'tis said by the other Servants to be on the left Knee, and on the Instep of the other Leg there is a very large Scar, he Stammers in his Speech, is Bow legged, and Rolls much in his Walk: Had on a dark Cloth Coat, with white Lining, and Metal Buttons. I expect he will change his Name and Dress; but the above Description of his Person, &c. will always discover him. He ran away once before, and was taken up at Chester, in Pennsylvania; he then had a forged Pass, and went by the Name of John Harrijs, but his Knee discovered him. It is supposed he has got a forged Pass. He has told the other Servants he would get on board some Vessel going to Sea, it is therefore begged of all Captains of Vessels not to carry the Rogues away, but to send him on Shore to Justice. He has been long in the Country, and, by his cunning Enquiry, knows most Places, and the Names of the Counties, and the most noted Persons in Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Virginia.

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Whoever secures said Servant, so as he may be had again, shall receive Five Pounds Reward, from March 12, 1766. WILLIAM FAITE.

THERE is at the Plantation of James Roberts, in Queen-Anne's County, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Gelding, supposed to be 12 Hands high, Paces a Traveling Gait, is neither Dock'd nor Branded, and his Mane hangs on the near Side. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

ANY One who wants good clean Hemp-Seed, of the Growth of 1765, may have it, by applying to ROBERT WILSON, living at Wye-Town, at the Mouth of Wye-River, Maryland.

WHEREAS the Philad... Bond for a Medit... on its Way to M... been injuriously r... me to execute: I declare, that I ne... thers, make Appli... to the Northward... Bond been offer... have executed it, the Liberties of... and a just Abhorre... oppressive Measur...

Sworn to before

THE Subfer... has a fine... will Cover MA... SHILLINGS ea... with Foal shall ha... Pasturage for the... (3*)

The we... R...

WILL Cove... Marlboro... at Forty Shilling... Season, and Eigh... tia Currency. Turage for Three... be sent for at the... can be no Occas... done in the Vir... as his Colts in V... better Recommen... to send any Ma... none will be rece... (6*)

Mr. Meek keep... in Charles Count... no better Oppo... landed at Marlbo... at Six Shillings a...

THE Truste... themselves... end, for a short... tend, which wa... the several Cred... vincial Court, o... ants having neg... authenticated, a... entitled to a Pro... The Trustees, t... Person who has... to accept of a l... appear indisputa... more give Notic... tinue remis, as... before the 10th... will be rejected... Creditor very i... Account of the...

WHEREA... willing... Messrs. William... man, junior's... Impower him... the said Estates... by him, shall... and valid as i... (2)

Princ... STRAYED... bald Orme... mack, the 15th... Gelding, abou... Star on his Fo... Gallops and T... he strayed awa... Whoever wi... Orme, at Geor... Subscriber, ne... FIFTEEN SH... (3*)

ANNAPOLIS, March 16, 1766.

WHEREAS a Paragraph lately appeared in the Philadelphia Papers, That a Stamp'd Bond for a Mediterranean Pass was intercepted on its Way to Maryland, and it has thereupon been injuriously reported, that it was intended for me to execute: Now I do hereby solemnly declare, that I never did, either by myself or others, make Application for a Mediterranean Pass, to the Northward or elsewhere, and had a Stamp'd Bond been offer'd me, would I by any Means have executed it, as I have as great a Value for the Liberties of my Native Country as any One, and a just Abhorrence of all illegal, arbitrary and oppressive Measures.

W^m. STEVENSON.Sworn to before me the 17th March, 1766,W^m. STEUART.

THE Subscriber, near the Head of Severn, has a fine JACK ASS, 4 Years old, that will Cover MARES this Season at TWENTY SHILLINGS each; such Mares as do not prove with Foal shall have the next Season gratis. Good Pasturage for the Mares.

(3^m) ALEXANDER WARFIELD.

The well known HORSE RANTER,

WILL Cover MARES this SEASON, at Marlborough, in Stafford County, Virginia, at Forty Shillings the Leap, Four Pounds for the Season, and Eight Pounds to Infuse a Colt, Virginia Currency. The Mares will have good Pasturage for Three Months, if left so long, but must be sent for at the Expiration of that Time. There can be no Occasion to give his Pedigree, which was done in the Virginia Gazette, in 1763 and 1764, as his Colts in Virginia and Maryland are a much better Recommendation. It will be to no Purpose to send any Mare to him without the Money, as none will be received on any other Terms by

(6^m) ANDREW MONROE.

Mr. Meek keeps a FERRY at Maryland-Point, in Charles County, from whence, those who have no better Opportunity, may have their Mares landed at Marlborough. Dollars will be received at Six Shillings and Three-pence.

ANNAPOLIS, April 17, 1766.

THE Trustees of Mr. Reginald Grahame, find themselves under the Necessity of Postponing, for a short Time, the Settlement of a Dividend, which was Advertis'd to have been paid to the several Creditors during the Sitting of the Provincial Court, on Account of many of the Claimants having neglected to send their Accounts duly authenticated, and without which they cannot be entitled to a Proportion of Mr. Grahame's Effects. The Trustees, therefore, being desirous that every Person who has given Notice of their Willingness to accept of a Dividend, and whose Claims may appear indisputable, should not be excluded, once more give Notice, that if such Creditors still continue remiss, and omit sending to the Subscriber, before the 10th Day of May next, their Claims will be rejected, as it will be using every other Creditor very ill, to protract Payment to them on Account of the Negligence of others.

JOHN CLAPHAM, for the Trustees.

Anne-Arundel County, April 15, 1766.

WHEREAS Mr. Thomas Gassaway is still willing to go through the Settlement of Messrs. William Chapman, senr. and William Chapman, junior's Estates, We do therefore hereby Impower him to Transact all Business relating to the said Estates, Declaring whatever shall be Done by him, shall be Binding to us, and be as firm and valid as if done by ourselves.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS,
ANN RAWLING.

(2)

Prince George's County, April 10, 1766.

STRAYED from the Plantation of Mr. Archibald Orme, near the Upper Falls of Patowmack, the 15th of March last, a likely very Black Gelding, about 14 Hands high, has a small White Star on his Forehead, has no Brand, Paces slow, Gallops and Trots, was in very good Order when he strayed away.

Whoever will deliver the said Horse to Mr. John Orme, at George-Town, Frederick County, or the Subscriber, near Upper-Marlborough, shall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS Reward.

(3^m)

JAMES ORME.

TO BE SOLD

AT THE

MARLBOROUGH BREWERY,

STRONG BEER and PORTER, at Eighteen Pence, and ALE at a Shilling a Gallon, Virginia Currency, in Cask, equal in Goodness to any that can be imported from any Part of the World: As nothing but the genuine best Malt and Hops will be used, without any Mixture or Substitute whatsoever; which if the many Treatises of Brewing published in Great-Britain, did not mention to be frequently used there, the Experience of those who have Drank those Liquors imported from thence, would point out to be the Case, from their pernicious Effects.

The severe Treatment we have lately received from our Mother-Country, would, I should think, be sufficient to recommend my Undertaking (tho' I should not be able to come up to the English Standard, which I don't question constantly to do) Yet, as I am satisfied, that the Goodness of every Commodity is it's best Recommendation, I principally rely upon that for my Success; and my own Interest, having expended near Eight Thousand Pounds, to bring my Brewery to it's present State, is the best Security I can give the Public to assure them of the best Usage, without which, such an Undertaking cannot be supported with Credit.

The Casks to be paid for at the Rate of Four Shillings for Barrels, Five Shillings for those between Forty and Fifty Gallons, and a Penny the Gallon for all above Fifty Gallons; but if they are returned in good Order and Sweet, by having been well Scalded as soon as emptied, the Price of them shall be returned or discounted.

Any Person who sends Bottles and Corks, may have them carefully filled and corked with Beer or Porter, at Six Shillings, or with Ale at Four Shillings the Dozen. I expect in a little Time to have a constant Supply of Bottles and Corks, and if I meet the Encouragement I hope for, propose setting up a Glass-House for making Bottles, and to provide proper Vessels to deliver to such Customers as favour me with their Orders, such Liquors as they direct, at the several Landings they desire, being determined to give them all the Satisfaction in the Power of

(3^m) Their most Humble Servant,

April 7, 1766.

J. MERCER.

TO BE SOLD

In HENRICO County, in VIRGINIA,

About a Mile below the FALLS of JAMES-RIVER, at ROCKET'S Landing,

ANY Quantity of PIT COAL, not inferior to the Newcastle Coal, for One Shilling per Bushel, heaped Measure, or Fifteen Bushels of Coal, for a Barrel of Corn; where a Vessel of 120 Tons Burthen, may lie at a good Wharf. The Blacksmiths in Virginia say, that with One Bushel of it, they can do more Work than with Eight Bushels of Charcoal. Great Encouragement will be given to a Man that understands Digging of Coal, and comes well recommended, for a Sober, Honest, and Industrious Person.

April 14, 1766:

SAMUEL DU VAL.

(26)

To be SOLD, very cheap, by the Subscriber, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

ALIKELY, young, healthy NEGRO Fellow, that has been in the Country about Nine Months: Also, Two Tracts of LAND, lying in Prince-George's County, on the Piney Branch of the Eastern Branch of Patowmack, about 4 Miles from Snowden's Iron-Works, and 8 Miles from Bladenburg, SCOTT'S FANCY, containing 117 Acres, near 20 Acres of Meadow clear'd, and sowed with Timothy Seed, and about 30 Acres of Upland clear'd, and all under good Fences; a fine young Orchard, sundry Houses, &c. a good constant Stream running thro' Part of the Land, fit for a Mill. The other Tract adjoining, containing 200 Acres, well Watered and Timbered, has a good Dwelling House, a good new Tobacco House, and sundry other Houses, &c. and an exceeding good Apple Orchard; the Soil good, well situated for Farming or Tobacco, and Produces well. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may see the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to William Hall on the Piney Branch, in my Absence.

(26)

WILLIAM SCOTT.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to said Scott, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to make speedy Payment, or they may expect Trouble, without farther Notice.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Tuesday the 13th of May next, at XI o'Clock before Noon, on the PREMISES,

A COMMODIOUS BRICK-HOUSE, with a paved Garden, in West-Street, near the Town-Gate, in Annapolis.

JOHN GORDON, Administrator
of Robert Gordon.(3^m)

ANNAPOLIS, April 14, 1766.

WHEREAS it has been represented to his Excellency the Governor, that on Sunday Evening the 30th of March last, the Store of Thomas Ewing, in Baltimore-Town, was open'd by a false Key, and stolen out of it, Pieces of Eight and Pennsylvania Paper Money, to the Amount of about £.70 Currency, by Persons unknown: His Excellency, for the better Discovery and bringing to Justice the Persons who Committed the said Robbery, doth Promise his Lordship's Pardon to any one of them (the Principal only excepted) who shall discover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices in the said Fact, so that he, she, or they, may be Apprehended and Convicted thereof.

Signed by Order,

UPTON SCOTT, Cl. Con.

AND as a further Encouragement, the Subscriber doth Promise a Reward of Thirty Pounds, to any one who shall make a Discovery of any Person or Persons concerned in the above-mention'd Robbery, so that he, she, or they, be brought to Justice and Convicted thereof.

THOMAS EWING.

There is one JOHN CHEW, by Trade a Barber, who lived in Baltimore-Town, that absconded himself the Morning after the Robbery, who is supposed to be concerned in the said Robbery: He is a Man of about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, wears a Grey Surtout Coat, Blue Coat, Black Jacket and Blue Breeches, and a Black Cut Wig; I am told he has formerly been known by the Name of John Engle; he is supposed to have two Wives now living, he went towards George-Town, in Cecil County.

(14)

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Dorchester County, on the 29th of March last, an Indentured English Servant Man, named William Payne; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, rather stout Bodied, his Legs small, his Complexion rather ruddy, is fond of strong Liquor, and is generally Talkative when in Drink: He Indentured as a Sawyer, but as he has formerly been several Years at Sea, its probable he will attempt to pass as a Sailor. Had on and with him when he went away, a dark grey or brown Cloth Coat, and a blue Cloth Vest, with Metal Buttons to each, one Nankeen Vest, one Pair of brown Cloth Breeches, two Pair of Country Linen Trowsers, two Pair of fine white Country Yarn Hose, two Osnabrigs Shirts, two fine white Linen Shirts, one grey Cut Wig, a Hat bound round the Rim with black Binding, and a Pair of Country Shoes.

Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, shall have FIVE POUNDS Pennsylvania Currency REWARD, and if he is brought Home, the reasonable Charges attending it shall be likewise paid, by

(3^m)

WILLIAM ENNALLS.

LATELY IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at PORT-TOBACCO,

ABOUT Two Hundred Pounds prime Cost of GOODS, for either Cash or Tobacco; they consist chiefly of low priced Irish Linens, Sheetings, Shoes, Nails, &c.

(3)

D. JERIFER.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick County, Maryland,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Acres, Part of a Tract of Land called Dann, lying on the main Branch of Rock-Creek, in that County, on which are Two Plantations. Also the Moiety, or Half Part, of 169 Acres of Land, on Rock-Creek aforesaid, on which is a new Grist-Mill, in Partnership between the Subscriber and Capt. William Williams.

(2)

WILLIAM DENT

TO be SOLD at Mr. JACQUES'S STORE in ANNAPOLIS, ROCK-RUN BEER by the Barrel.

(2)

Stafford County, Virginia, April 4, 1766.

RAN away last Night, from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named **ROBIN CLARKE**, lately imported; he is a Groom and Gardener, is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, a thick well-set Fellow, sandy Complexion, round Faced, a little mark'd with the Small-Pox, with short curling Hair, a soft smooth Way of speaking, is a very great Villain, but is an extreme handy Fellow, and can turn his Hand to almost any Business: He was dressed in a Bearskin Jacket and Breeches, but what other Clothes he has with him is not known, except that he has taken with him an old Red Jacket and a Brown Jacket. Also took with him, a small grey blooded Horse, branded TM.

Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him Home to the Subscriber, shall receive **FIVE POUNDS** Reward. (1st) **THOMSON MASON.**

Perth-Amboy, New-Jersey, March 10, 1766.
FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in October 1762, a Mulatto Woman, about 30 Years of Age, named **Violet**, she was born in New-Jersey, is of a middle Stature, very active, and it's said she pretends to be a Free Woman; she has since been seen in Company with one **James Lock**, on *Susquehanna*, and was afterwards, in 1764, taken up and committed to the Jail of *Frederick-Town*, in *Maryland*, on Suspicion of her being run away, from whence she is said to have made her Escape; she then acknowledged that she had belonged to the Subscriber, but that she being imposed upon by being sold a Slave for Life, run away, which is only an Invention of hers, for she was born a Slave, and as such, was sold to the Subscriber, by the Executors of her former Master, of *Frehold*, in the County of *Monmouth*, and Province, aforesaid, deceased, for the Sum of Ninety Pounds, Proclamation Money: She is now supposed to be some where in *Maryland*, *Virginia*, or *North-Carolina*; she is Cunning and Artful, and very probably may have chang'd her Name, and will make her Escape if taken, unless great Care is taken to secure her.

Whoever shall take her up, and secure her in any of the Prisons in *Maryland*, *Virginia*, or *North-Carolina*, or elsewhere, so that she can be brought Home, or sold there, shall have the above Reward, paid by **JONAS GREEN**, at *Annapolis*, or the Subscriber. (3rd) **PHILIP KEARNY.**

St. Mary's County, March 17, 1766.

AN Act having passed last Session of Assembly, affecting on the taxable Inhabitants of *All-Faith's Parish*, in *St. Mary's County*, a Quantity of Tobacco, for Building a Church and Chapel of Ease, in said Parish: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Vestry of the said Parish will meet, pursuant to the Power vested in them, on the First Tuesday of *May* next, when they will receive such Plans and Proposals, as shall be offered to them for those Purposes.

Signed by Order of the Vestry,
* **THOMAS HUTCHINGSON**, Clk.

March 31, 1766.

STOLEN or STRAYED from *Patuxent Iron-Works*, on Wednesday the 5th Instant; a likely Bay Horse, about 14½ Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder GS tho' scarcely perceivable, and on the near Buttock IH. He is about 6 Years old, a large Star in his Forehead, a little White on the Inside of his Hind-Foot, a natural Pacer, shod before, and short switch Tail. He was bred by one *George Swagler*, near *Conococheague*.

Also a Black Mare, scarcely 14 Hands high, she is Likely and Lively, has a short switch Tail and hanging Mane, is shod before, and Paces, Trots and Gallops, uncertain if branded or not, and is supposed to have followed the Horse.

Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, and delivers them to the Subscribers at *Upper-Marlborough*, or *West-River*, shall receive **FIFTEEN SHILLINGS** for each; but if they are stolen and the Thief can be convicted, a further Reward will be given of **FIVE POUNDS**.

JOHN HEPBURN, JUDG.
JOHN THOMAS.

Dumfries, March 29, 1766.

THE Subscriber gives Notice, That he had delivered at his Store, by Capt. *William Gilkison*, of the *Catcart*, A small BALE, and a BOX of GLASS, mark'd L 4 E; likewise, a large COPPER KETTLE with a Mark, for which there is no Bill of Lading.

The Owner may have them, by applying to
(6th) **CUMBERLAND WILSON.**

Patuxent Iron-Works, March 17, 1766.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the Subscribers, on the 26th of February last, a Convict Servant Man, named *Henry Glover*, and by Trade a Blacksmith; he is a well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, of a pale Complexion, light grey Eyes, and pitted with the Small Pox, wears his own dark brown Hair. He had on and took with him, an old light colour'd Cloth Coat, a Cloth Jacket, and a Cotton ditto, brown Cloth Breeches, one white Shirt and one Osnabrig ditto, Country made Shoes and Stockings, and a Felt Hat about half worn; but it is likely he may change his Dress, as it is conjectured that he has some Money with him. It is supposed that he is gone up towards *Fort-Frederick*, as he passed through *Frederick-Town*, and afterwards was seen going up the Road which leads to the Fort. He has with him an old Indenture with a Discharge on the Back of it, Signed by *Christopher Lowndes*, in the Year 1752, and has passed by the Name of the Person mentioned in the same Indenture, (tho' what Name it is we can't find out) by which Means he has deceived many who have questioned him.

Whoever will secure the said Servant, so that the Subscribers may get him again, shall have the above Reward of **FIVE POUNDS**, and if brought Home, reasonable Charges, paid by

THOMAS, SAMUEL, and JOHN SNOWDEN.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with the best of LIQUORS, hereby acquaints the Public, That he has Open'd TAVERN at the House where Mr. *Golder* formerly Lived, near the Town Gate in *Annapolis*, where Gentlemen, Travellers, and Others, who may be pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on meeting with the kindest Usage, and best Accommodations for Themselves and Horses, from

Their humble Servant,

ROBERT JOHNSON.

N. B. He carries on the ROPE-MAKING and CABINET Businesses in all their Branches, having furnished himself with the best Workmen from *London* and *Philadelphia*, and will sell Cabinet Work at the *Philadelphia* Prices.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

ON Tuesday the 13th of *May* next, will be Run for, on the Race Ground in the City of *ANNAPOLIS*, the best of Three Heats, to be made 4 Mile Heats as near as the Ground will allow, A PURSE of FIFTY PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms:

Every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that Runs for the said Purse, shall, if rising 4 Years old next Grass, carry 8 Stone (Saddle and Bridle included), if Five, 8 Stone and 10 Pounds; if Six, 9 Stone, and 6 Pounds; and Aged, 10 Stone.

And on the Day following, upon the same Ground, and upon the same Conditions, will be Run for, a PURSE of THIRTY PISTOLES, by any Number of Horses, Mares, or Geldings, the winning Horse the preceding Day only excepted.

Every Person that puts in a Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the said Purse, shall Enter the same with Mr. **JONAS GREEN**, on the Saturday preceding the Race, and for the second Day on the Monday, with whom he shall leave satisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and at the same Time shall pay Two Pistoles Entrance, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber, for the First Day; and One Guinea for the Second Day, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber.

The Time of Starting will be between One and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

Judges will be appointed to determine all Disputes which may arise.

To be LET or CHARTER.



A NEW SCHOONER, of about 80 Tons Burthen, well Found and Fitted for Sea, for the *West-Indies* or any other Part, and will be ready to Load by the last of *April*.

For further Particulars, enquire at the **PRINTING-OFFICE.**

SOME few Casks of *Muscovado* SUGARS, to be SOLD in *ANNAPOLIS*, by
JOHN PITT.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,

GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER, and LAPIDARY,

BEING encouraged by several GENTLEMEN in Town, has Open'd SHOP, at the House of Mr. *William Knapp*, Watch-Maker, near the Town Gate, in *Annapolis*, where he Makes and Repairs all Sorts of SILVER and JEWELLERY WORK. He has at present for Sale, a new Assortment of PLATE and JEWELS, made up in the best Manner, and of the newest Fashions; and also, a large and curious variety of Stones, elegantly finish'd; together with a complete Apparatus for Cutting them agreeable to any Directions, either for Buckles, Buttons, Rings, Ear-Rings, Necklaces, &c. &c.

As he has been regularly bred to the above Branches, and the Work he has, being principally executed by Himself, the Public may depend on being served upon much better Terms than have hitherto been practised: And, as many LADIES and GENTLEMEN, are frequently obliged to be supplied from *England* with the above Articles, on Account of their Orders not being punctually complied with here; he assures all such as shall please to favour him with their Custom, that no Delay in the speedy and effectual Execution of their Commands, shall for the Future induce them to send Home: Therefore humbly Hopes for the Encouragement of the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the Province; to Merit and Preserve which, shall be his constant Study, and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He gives the highest Prices for old GOLD, SILVER, and SILVER-LACE.

THIS is to give Notice, That the Subscriber has a new Erected FERRY, on *Patowmack River* in *Virginia*, opposite to *Cedar-Point* in *Maryland*, 24 Miles distant from *Westmoreland Court-House*, 40 from *Richmond*, 12 from *King George*, 26 from *Stafford*; from *Leeds-Town* 15 Miles, from *Port Royal* 12, and from *Frederickburg* 34 Miles. There is a good FERRY kept, with ENTERTAINMENT, &c. by

GEORGE W. SPOONER.

Prince-George's County, February 14, 1766.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named **JEM**, he is a likely, lively, strong made young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, is upon the yellowish Order, and has large Eyes. Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have **FIVE POUNDS** Reward.

As he is a notorious Villain, it is requested that all Masters will make this known to their Servants, and by Way of Encouragement, promise them the Reward. He has a very extensive Acquaintance, therefore may Travel far from home. I am told th it he passed for a Free Negro in *Frederick County* last Year.

ROBERT TYLER.

WILLIAM KNAPP, WATCH-MAKER,

Hereby informs the PUBLIC,

THAT he is Removed from his late Dwelling near the COURT-HOUSE in *Annapolis*, to the House next but One to that wherein Mr. *M-Lead* formerly Lived, towards the Town-Gate; where he continues the WATCH-MAKING BUSINESS, and is ready to execute the Orders (with all possible Dispatch) of those GENTLEMEN and LADIES who shall be pleased to favour him with their Commands.

Annapolis: Printed by **JONAS GREEN**, at his **PRINTING-OFFICE**, in *Charles-Street*: Where all Persons may be supplied with this **GAZETTE**, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.

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Mr. GREE

BE pleased to enclosed Rep Remonstrance by t City, and Oblige,

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