

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII^d Year.] THURSDAY, August 21, 1766. [N^o. 1093.]

Anecdote of Gustavus Adolphus, King of Sweden.

GUSTAVUS happening at a public Review to have some Dispute with Colonel Seaton, an Officer in his Service, gave him a Blow; which the latter resented so highly, that when the Field Business was over, he repaired to the King's Apartment, and demanded his Dismission, which his Majesty signed, and the Colonel withdrew not a Word being said on the Subject by either Party. Gustavus, however, having coolly considered the Matter, and being informed that Seaton intended to set out the next Morning for Denmark, he followed him, attended only by an Officer, and two or three Grooms. When his Majesty came to the Danish Frontiers, he left all his Attendants except one Groom; and overtaking Seaton on a large Plain, he rode up to him, saying, "Dismount, Sir; that you have been injured, I acknowledge: I am now come to give you the Satisfaction of a Gentleman, I am now out of my own Dominions; Gustavus and You are Equals. We have both, I see, Pistols and Swords; alight immediately, and the Affair shall be decided." Seaton recovering from his Surprise dismounted, as the King had already done, and falling on his Knees, said, "Sire, you have more than given me Satisfaction, in condescending to make me your Equal: GOD forbid that my Sword should do any Mischief to so brave, so great, so gracious a Prince. Permit me to return to Stockholm, and allow me the Honour to Live and Die in your Service." The King raised him from the Ground, embraced him, and they returned in the most amicable Manner to Stockholm, to the Astonishment of the whole Court.

L O N D O N, May 17.

WE hear that on Wednesday last his Grace the Duke of Grafton resigned his Office of Secretary of State.

A Letter from Dunkirk, dated May 10, says, "The Minute Mrs. Ogilvie arrived at this Place, she set out in a Post-Chaise for Berges, a Town two Leagues from hence, and there employed the Mistress of the Auberge to buy her several Articles necessary to the Apparel of a Woman. There she stayed some Days, and behaved with much Humility and Good-Breeding. To what Part of the World she is now gone, is not known: The Servant that attended her to Dover and Gravefend, did not come over with her: The Servant she now travels with is a Frenchman. She had a Letter of Recommendation to a Scotchman, now living at Dunkirk, who conducted her himself to Berges."

On Wednesday died, aged near 80, at her House in Bull-court, St. Giles's, Margaret Cassody, who had acquired upwards of 1600l. by keeping of Twopenny Lodging-houses.

It is talked, that the Duties on Cotton Wool imported will be discontinued; and that an additional Duty, of Three Shillings per Piece will be laid on all French Cambricks and Lawns, exported to the Plantations.

There is also a Report that an additional Duty of Sixpence per Gallon will be laid on all single Brandies or Spirits imported, and also an additional Duty of One Shilling per Gallon on all double Brandies, or Spirits imported; and that a Duty of Sixpence per Gallon will be taken off all Rums imported from the Plantations.

Yesterday the Court of Common Council at Guildhall, gave a Benefaction of 400l. to the Sufferers by the Fire at Montreal.

May 29. General Lally, who suffered lately, was born in France, his Father was an Irish Gentleman, Commander of the Irish Brigade in the French Service, and was very much respected by that Court. The unfortunate Count had a Captain's Commission made out for him as soon as he was born.

Amongst other Complaints sent over against a certain British Governor abroad, he has been accused of having dissolved more General Assemblies in three Years, than had ever been done by any of his Predecessors in Tea.

Extract of a Letter from Newbury, May 24.

"A Droll kind of Contract was lately made at Breodon, near this Town. The Wife of one

Stanley of that Place, about six Years ago, having been either Stolen or Strayed from her Husband, was taken up near London, by one Clifton of Brentford. The honest Man led her home to his House, and cherished her, and ever since dwelt with her so cordially, that she brought him Three fine Children. But about two Months ago, some Qualms of Conscience arising in his Mind at living in open Adultery, he set out on a Pilgrimage to Breodon to accommodate the Matter with the Husband, and to make him such ample Compensation as he might imagine his great Injuries deserved. Content is generally the Lot of Cuckoldom. The Husband received him with Civility, and entertained him with Kindness; and, for the valuable Consideration of a Dozen of Ale, conveyed to his Rival all Right, Title, and Property which he had ever possessed over the Person of his dearly beloved Spouse. — I just now saw the Covenant between them; and the Fact is known to all the Country."

It is said, that since his Majesty gave his Royal Assent to the Bill for the greater Encouragement of the Silk Manufacture, there has not been one single Loom unemployed in Spital Fields.

May 31. They write from Paris, that a Parrallel is drawn there between the Fate of Admiral Byng and Lieutenant-General Lally; and that in all Conversations where those two unhappy Persons are mentioned, the usual Observation is, that the respective Ministers can tell best why they suffered.

June 3. The King of Spain has granted a Pension of 8000 Pistoles to the Marquis de Squilace, and another of 2000 to his Lady.

It is asserted, that there will be two free Ports opened in the West-Indies, and two upon the Continent of America, under certain Restrictions.

June 5. It was Yesterday thought by many, that the Parliament would set for a Fortnight longer; but it is this Day fully expected, that his Majesty will put an End to the present Session To-morrow.

By a Vessel arrived at New-Providence from the Havannah, there was Advice, that the Spanish Troops and Garrison had mutinied on the Arrival of the new Governor and insisted on all Arrears of Pay and Provisions being cleared off, which having been complied with, they returned to their Duty.

They write from Hamburg, that the Merchants there are very uneasy on Account of the Resolution taken by the King of Prussia, for raising the Duties upon all Wines imported into his Dominions from that City, as supposing it will be a great Blow to their Commerce.

It is remarkable, that on his Majesty's Birthday, there was not one single Article of French Manufacture to be seen in the magnificent Dresses with which the Nobility appeared at Court.

The Bill for the American free Ports lies ready for the Royal Assent.

It is thought, that one of Count Lally's principal Crimes was, being immensely rich, as he died worth Two-Millions Sterling, which the French Government have seized for their own Use. A great Number of their Nobility, disgusted at his unfortunate Exit, have retired from Court.

We are told, that some Business of great Importance is negotiating at Berlin; for in the defensive Treaty concluded between Great Britain and the King of Prussia before the late War, the contracting Parties, agreed, that, in Case they were obliged to take Arms, they would neither of them make Peace without the other's Consent. This Treaty, it is notorious, was broken without Ceremony by the English. Upon which the King of Prussia says, that, by the Law of Nations, he is intitled to Part of our Conquests in America, for when two Princes make a War in Alliance, the Conquests from the common Enemy, by which Party forever acquired, becomes the Property of both, just as the Loss or Gain of two Persons in Commerce. Accordingly the King of Prussia represented to the last Ministry, that while he gained nothing but Blows, we had no Right to run away with all the Profits of the common War, and therefore he solemnly demanded some Part of our Conquests, either Dominica, Tobago, or others; or else as Hanover lies at his Elbow, if England does not do him Justice, he will do Justice to him

self. The Consequence of this Declaration was, the late Ministry moved out and the present Ministry moved in. As Mr. PITT resigned because the Treaty with the King of Prussia was broken, it was thought, that by bringing him in again, we should be able to make Peace with the Prussian Monarch, and for a Sum of Money induce him to relinquish his Pretensions to some Part of our Conquests; but whether this Scheme will succeed or not does not yet appear; and is now upon the Eve of Determination. Possibly, if the Earl of Sandwich and Mr. PITT were to accept, the King of Prussia would, in Compliment to them, relinquish all Pretensions in the West Indies, as they seem to have been made more in order to disconcert the Measures of Lord Bute, than out of Intention of detriment to Britain. But, if we may judge from Appearances, the Ministry are afraid to lay the Prussian Demands before the Parliament. We see that one spirited Nobleman has resigned; and as, from the Office of the Northern Department, all these Negotiations must have passed through his Hands, he has, in all Probability, resigned because he would not venture to sign his Name to the Prussian Articles of Accommodation. The great Commoner, foreseeing the Storm, has retired to Bath that he may not again be accused of Continental Connections; and others of the Ministry, it is said, stand upon the Tiptoe of Resignation.

A Courier has been dispatched to Madrid, with Dispatches to the Earl of Rochford, directing his Excellency among other Things to communicate to the Ministers of his Catholic Majesty the Regulations which have been made by the Ministry and Parliament of Great-Britain, for the establishing several free Ports at Jamaica, Dominica, &c. in order that the Court of Madrid may give Advice thereof to the Governors of the Spanish Settlements in America, for the mutual Benefit of the Commerce of the Subjects of the two Powers.

In the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of King Edward III. an Act was made, that no common Whore should wear any Hood, except striped with divers Colours, nor Furs but Garments with the wrong Side outwards. If they were obliged to be as much distinguished in their Dresses in these Days, they would make a fine Shew all along the principal Streets of London and Westminster.

The Wisdom in repealing the Stamp-Act is as evident to the meanest Capacity, if properly considered, as that two and two are equal to four; the good Consequences whereof are; Commerce revives, the Manufacturers and Mechanics in their Numberless Branches are again following their honest Occupations; and Numbers of others, who were languishing for the common Necessaries of Life thro' want of Employment, are thereby made useful to Society. The Stagnation it would have caused in Commerce and Trade, and the Train of Evils that would have been consequent on it, cannot be fully described, as no Person could have known where, when and how it would have ended. Imagination cannot conceive the Horrors of such a Scene! Happy for this Nation then, and her Colonies, this Scene of Misery has not been suffered to make its Appearance.

Edinburgh, May 3. Wednesday last the Lady of Sir William Nicholson of Gleabervy was safely delivered of a Daughter. What is very singular, Sir William is at present 92 Years of Age, and has a Daughter alive of his first Marriage aged 66. He married his present Lady when he was 82, by whom he has had now six Children.

SAVANNAH (in Georgia) July 2.

The Commons House of Assembly have voted their Thanks to Charles Gurth, Esq; for his important Services in soliciting the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, and ordered that the Speaker acquaint him therewith by Letter, desiring also that Gentlemen to return the Thank of the House to the Duke of Grafton, Earl of Shelburne, Marquis of Rockingham, Lord Dartmouth, and Camden, Secretary Conwar, Mr. Pitt, Col. Barre, and such others as were active in procuring the Repeal of that Act.

July 9. We learn from Augusta, that the Creek Indians have gone to War against the Cherokees, and some of both Nations have been killed. The

Chickasaws, we are told, seem inclined to assist the latter.

CHARLES-TOWN (So. Carolina) July 1. His Majesty's Ships and Sloops of War, which have now been about the usual Period of three Years on the North-American Station, have received Orders to proceed to Great-Britain, and are to be relieved by a Fleet of 36 or 40 Sail.

July 8. In the Tax Act, the Sum of Seven Thousand Pounds is granted for procuring from London, a STATUE of the Right Honourable WILLIAM PITT, Esq; to be erected in this Province.

July 15. In the Beginning of May last, as one Welch, an Indian Trader, was going from Fort-Prince-George to the Sugar-Town, in the Lower-Cherokee Country, with his half breed Daughter and her Child, they were set upon by some Northward Indians, who killed and scalped Welch and the Child, but the Woman, being on Horseback, got back to the Fort, though not without being wounded by several Darts the Enemy threw at her in their Pursuit.

About the same Time, one Mr. Boyd, a Trader, from Virginia, with two of his People, named Fields and Bourke, were found murdered near Broad-River, on the Road from the Upper-Cherokee Country to Virginia. Mr. Cameron, the Superintendent's Deputy, who arrived in the Upper Towns May 25th, applied to the Chiefs for a Party to go to the Place where Mr. Boyd's Horse were found, in order to search for and bury his Bones; they readily granted his Request, but the many Tracks of the Enemy obliged the Party to return. The Friends of those Indians who were assassinated last Year in Virginia, have frequently dropt Threatnings of Revenge against the Virginians in general on that Account, and though the Cherokees, to a Man, firmly deny their having any Hand in the Murder of Mr. Boyd and the other two, yet there are those who strongly suspect them.

They write from Augusta, that a Body of 200 Creek Indians was gone out against the Choctaws. The same Letters add, that the Creeks express strong Suspicions that the English have spirited up the Choctaws to break with them, which, they say, is contrary to Treaty, and all the Talks of the Great King, delivered to them by his beloved Men.

We are sorry to hear, that the Wheat Planters in the Back-Settlements, on the Western Frontiers, who are not an inconsiderable Number, and most of whom place their whole Dependance on the raising of that Grain, are very great Sufferers this Year, many of them loosing their whole Crop, by the Rust.

On the other Hand, those that have planted Hemp, have in general succeeded so well, that it is certain a very great Quantity will be brought to Market for Exportation, so that this Commodity promises fair to become another valuable Staple.

Madder has lately been planted, and, it is said, will produce to Advantage. In short, there are few Things that may not be brought to Perfection here, with a little Pains and Industry; for it is but a few Years since, that scarce a good Cabbage, Turnip, Beet, Carrot, or Irish Potatoes, could be found in our Markets; but now they are raised in such Quantity and Perfection, that none of the two last Articles need be imported again.

July 22. Letters from West-Florida, express some Suspicions that the Choctaw and Creek Indians, are about to make up their Differences; and that their Union will not be very favourable to the British Interests in that Part of the World.

The Number of Spaniards arrived at New-Orleans did not exceed 100 about the Beginning of last Month; and none of the French had left the Place. More Spanish Troops were daily expected.

NEW-YORK, August 7.

George Henry, a private Soldier of the 28th Regiment, in Capt. Skene's Company, being one of the Guard appointed to escort some Provisions for the Soldiers sent to suppress the Rioters in Dutchess County, who, as he was on the Road, near Mr. Robinson's Store, suspecting no Danger, was fired upon by three Men, who had been observed to follow the Escort, and was badly wounded in the right Knee by a Musket Ball, and sent down to the Hospital at New-York; after languishing from the 28th of June, till the 27th of July, the Wound being mortified, his Leg was cut off about six Inches above the Knee; he survived the Operation till Friday, the first of August, and then died. The Coroner's Inquest brought in their Verdict, *Willful Murder by Persons unknown.*

On Thursday Evening, Mr. Thomas Parsels, who lived on, and owned Part of an Island called

Parsels's Island, and it is supposed attempted to swim on Horseback across the River to his own Houfe, as he had several Times said that he could and would do so, and the Horse had often swam over of his own accord. The Saddle was found hung up near the Shore, but he and the Horse were missing till Monday Night, when the Man's Body was found floating at Hell-Gate, the Horse has not been heard of since.

We hear from Dutchess County, that the Grand Jury had found a Bill of Indictment against Penderghast for High Treason, and that he was to have his Trial Yesterday.

The Duke of Richmond, is appointed Secretary of State, in the Room of the Duke of Grafton.

From the DOMINICA GAZETTE:

CHARLOTTE-TOWN, June 25.

We hear that Admiral Pye, in his Majesty's Ship Lark, arrived at Antigua, on Sunday the 8th Instant, and that he intends very soon to make a Tour round the Leeward and Southern Caribbee Islands.

On Thursday Evening passed by here, four French Ships of War, viz. two of the Line, and two Frigates, supposed to be the same which were equipped at Brest in March last, and destined to carry Provisions and Warlike Stores to America. On board one of these Ships, it is said, is Prince Maubazon, who is going to St. Domingo, in order to take Possession of that Part of the Island now inhabited by the Spaniards, and which his Catholic Majesty has ceded to the Crown of France in Lieu of the Province of Louisiana: So that now the whole Continent of America is under the Subjection of the English, Dutch, Spaniards, and Portuguese.

BURLINGTON (NEW-JERSEY) August 4.

At a Court of Oyer and Terminer, held at Burlington on Wednesday the 30th Day of July last, came on the Trial of James Annin, aged 54 Years, and James M'Kinzy, aged 19 Years, on an Indictment for the Murder of two Indian Women named Hannah and Catharine, who had long resided in the Neighbourhood of the Place where the Murder was committed. It appeared by their own Examinations, and by the Testimony of credible Witnesses, that they came to Moore's Town, in the County of Burlington, on Thursday the 26th of June last, about Noon, and begged for Charity, and obtained Relief: That while they were eating their Dinners, the two Indians who were murdered, came to the Place where they were, and that the youngest of the Men gave them abusive Language. That the Indians went off, and rested in a Wood, near the Side of the Road: That the one of them was possessed of a clean Shift, and the other of a Piece of new Linen, which they had that Day got: That about two o'Clock on the same Day, James Annin sold the Shift, and James M'Kinzy, the Piece of new Linen, and a Blanket, about two Miles from Moore's Town.

That they were parted by Accident, and that many People had seen the Indians lying in View of the Road, and supposed them to be asleep, till Sunday the 29th of June, when two Persons perceived a Stench, on going near the Bodies, found they were dead; whereupon the Coroner was called, whose Inquest found them to be murdered by Persons unknown. On this Alarm the two Criminals were suspected, and pursued. James Annin was apprehended, and committed to the Jail of Burlington, and the other advertised from the Description given by Annin, and in a few Days taken up by Order of the Mayor of Philadelphia, and sent to Burlington. The Examinations of the Prisoners, taken before they had an Opportunity of seeing each other, were read, and by each Examination it appeared, that they went to the Indians with Intent to ravish them, if they should refuse their Offers; each acknowledged that he was present at the Murder, but charged the giving the Stroke on the other, and acknowledged also the taking the Goods; in this they persisted at the Bar. The Jury soon found them guilty, and they received Sentence of Death.

On Friday Noon they were hanged at the Gallows; they continued in denying the Fact, and charging it on each other. The Elder declared, he thought it a Duty to extirpate the Heathens, and just before they were turned off, M'Kinzy, the younger of the Men, acknowledged, that one of the Indians, on receiving the Blow from Annin, struggled violently, and that he, to put her out of Pain, sunk the Hatchet in her Head, but that they were both knocked down by Annin. The youngest of the Squaws was near her Time of Delivery, and had Marks of shocking Treatment which the most savage Nations on Earth could not have surpassed.

A few of the principal Indians of Jersey, were desired to attend the Trial and Execution, which they did, and behaved with remarkable Sobriety.

PHILADELPHIA, August 14.

On the Ninth of this Month died the Reverend Mr. ROBERT CROSS, one of the Presbyterian Ministers in this City. He sustained the ministerial Character with considerable Dignity for near Fifty Years in America.

On Saturday last died after a short Illness, the Reverend Mr. COLIN CAMPBELL, many Years Missionary at Burlington, in New Jersey; and on Sunday last he was interred in Burlington Church, his Remains being attended to the Grave by a great Number of People, of different Persuasions, assembled from various Parts of the Country, to testify their Regard to his Memory.

ANNAPOLIS, August 21.

We can with Pleasure assure our Readers, that the LAWS OF MARYLAND, Collected by the Revd Mr. BACON, bound in Calf and Lettered in one neat Folio Volume, Printed with new Letter on large good Paper, from as far back as there are any Provincial Records of them, down to the Year 1763, inclusive; together with the Provincial CHARTER, and a great Number of Notes, forming an agreeable historical Account of many principal Incidents concerning the People of Maryland, and their Adventurous Ancestors, are now to be sold by Mr. JACQUES at Annapolis. Not only the Public, but likewise, what is of excellent Use, all Private Laws (of which numerous Titles to Lands depend) are by this Work referred to as they stand in the Original, by the Book and Folio; and the Whole, having been Examined and Compared with the Originals, is Sworn to by Mr. Ghiselin, and Mr. Bacon. The Work is esteemed a Masterly Performance—it has been long wanted—long looked for—and, doubtless, will be always admired and preserved as a Collection of very entertaining and useful Knowledge, necessary for the Inhabitants of this Country to be possessed of—by them to be handed down to their Posterity.

August 16, 1766.

WHEREAS I have good Room to suspect, that some Villainous Person or Persons, wilfully Burnt a Tobacco-House of mine, on the Evening of the 14th Instant. I hereby promise a Reward of FIFTY DOLLARS, to any Person who shall or may discover the Person or Persons that perpetrated the same, so that they may be convicted thereof and brought to Justice.

RICHARD HARWOOD, junr. N. B. His Excellency the Governor being now absent from Town, prevents my Application to him for a Pardon for any one who shall turn Evidence (the Principal excepted) but I shall apply for the same as soon as he returns, and doubt not of Success. R. H.

August 16, 1766.

A GOOD FORGE-CARPENTER, and Good WORKMEN, who will undertake the Management of One FINERY FIRE, to Work Double-Handed, will meet with Good Encouragement, if they apply to the Subscriber at Frederick Forge, on the Mouth of Anti-Tam. (W4) SAMUEL BEALL, junr.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, for Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange, on the Premises, on Thursday the 4th of September,

ABOUT 750 Acres of LAND, on the Head of Burditt's, in Charles County, very conveniently situated for a Tavern and Store, and on it are Seven Tenements, all under good Rent; 424 Acres of the above Land is an extraordinary good Soil, and much of it capable of being converted into good Meadow, and on it are two good Water Mills, within 30 Yards of each other, one of them an overshot Mill, and quite new, being only finished about a Month ago, and stands 400 l.

The Title to the whole is indisputable, which any Gentleman may know, by applying to Daniel Jenifer, Esq; at Port-Tobacco; Col. Richard Harrison, at Nanjemoy; or, to

JO. H. HARRISON.

COMMITTED a County Jail, confesses that he late where he was confined. And, John Sparks, w... Their Masters are and pay Charges.

SIX POU

RAN away last Race, near El... Convict Servant Me... William Lewis, high, spare made, c... light brown f... been under a Docto... which causes... an old Felt f... coat jacket, Rolls... shoes. John Wright, ag... 5 Inches high... fair Complexion, l... and is much Pock-... right Knee, which... with him, a new... Fearnought Ja... Ditto, Rolls-Trow... Whoever takes u... as they may b... each, if taken i... shillings; if 20... of the Province... Charges if bro... Thomas Harrison, (W6)

THE Subscrib... County Jail... they intend... Assembly of this

TAKEN UP, Norman, b... a BATEA... a white Spot... a short Ir... abast, one brok... (small Ditto... The Owner m... his Property, and

THERE is a... bal, in C... Stray, a small d... Paces low; he h... The Owner m... his Property, and

THOSE Ge... enough to... the Disposal of... to return direc... to Thomas Ande... For on this the T

Just Imported fr... the Subscriber... Reith in An

CHOICE CA... or Keg, R... SUGAR, and L... marins by the P

On the 28th of... SOLD at... Market-House

A PARCEL... consisting... who have all h... Exchange, Pitt... Payment. Th... is the Forenoo... (W2)

COMMITTED as Runaways, to Anne-Arundel County Jail, the 17th Instant, Negro Jack, confesses that he lately broke Charles County Jail, where he was confined under Sentence of Death. And, John Sparks, who says he belongs to William Fisher; had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers. Their Masters are requested to take them away, and pay Charges.

WILLIAM PRUE, Jailer.

August 9, 1766.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night, from the Patapsco Furnace, near Elk-Ridge Landing, two English Convict Servant Men, viz.

William Lewis, aged about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, spare made, of a fair Complexion, thin Visage, light brown Hair, and grey Eyes; he has been under a Doctor for some Time, with a sore Leg, which causes him to go lame. Had with him, an old Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, Matchcoat Jacket, Rolls Trowsers, and Country made shoes.

John Wright, aged about 25 Years, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, a bluff faced Fellow, of a fair Complexion, light brown Hair, grey Eyes, and is much Pock-mark'd, has a swelling in his right Knee, which causes him to go lame. Had with him, a new Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, a grey Fearnought Jacket, and a blue Cloth under his Coat, Rolls Trowsers, and Country made Shoes.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so as they may be had again, shall receive for each, if taken 10 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings; if 20 Miles, Thirty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Three Pounds, and reasonable Charges if brought home to the Furnace, of Thomas Harrison, and Company.

(6) per JAMES WALKER.

THE Subscribers, being confined in Dorchester County Jail for Debt, hereby give Notice, that they intend to apply to the next General Assembly of this Province for Relief.

SAMUEL ALLCOCK,
ANTHONY DANLAVY,
ISAAC CULLEN,
JAMES CLARKSON.

TAKEN up, on the 16th Instant, by Nicholas Norman, between Herring-Bay and West-Bay, a BATEAU, about 16 or 17 Feet long, has a white Spot painted on each Side of her Sides, a short Iron Chain, has a sculling Place Aboard, one broken Oar that has been spliced, and a small Ditto branded H. R.

The Owner may have her again, on proving this Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Marshall, in Charles County, taken up as a Stray, a small dark Bay Gelding, not Branded, Paces slow; he has no distinguishable Flesh Mark. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THOSE Gentlemen who have been kind enough to favour Mr. RIVINGTON with the Disposal of his Lottery Tickets, are desired to return directly all those which remain unfold, to Thomas Anderton, his Agent in ANNAPOLIS. For on this the Time of Drawing greatly depends.

Just Imported from Barbados, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the House of Capt. James Reith in Annapolis,

CHOICE CANE SPIRIT by the Hoghead or Keg, RUM by the Hoghead, Muscovado SUGAR, and LIMES, by the Barrel, and Tambrines by the Pot, at the most reasonable Rates.

RICHARD BUTTON.

August 12, 1766.

On the 28th of this Instant, will be set up to be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Market-House in Baltimore-Town,

A PARCEL of Likely Healthy NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women, and Children, who have all had the Small Pox. Good Bills of Exchange, Pistoles, or Dollars, will be taken for Payment. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, by

(2) VACHEL WORTHERINGTON.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, on Tuesday the Second of September, on the Premises, for Sterling Cash, or good Bills of Exchange,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 250 Acres, well Wooded and Watered, lying and joining on the Head of South-River, and to an extraordinary good Grist and Fulling Mill, and to a good Landing; the Land is well adapted to the planting or farming Business. There is a good Deal of Meadow Ground, some of which is already clear'd.

Any Person desirous to see the Land before the Day of Sale, may apply to Mr. John Polton, or Elijah Green.

GIDEON GARY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, at Lyon's-Creek in Anne-Arundel County, a spare Negro Lad named Sam, about 18 or 19 Years of Age, with scaly Hands and Feet: Had on, a Fearnought Jacket, new Osnabrig Shirt, new Roll Trowsers, and a new Felt Hat.

Whoever secures him so as his Master may get him again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; and Three Pounds if brought home, paid by

(3) WILLIAM CRANDAL.

IF THOMAS TREVORS, Hat-Maker, from London, who came into Maryland some Years ago, will apply to the Subscriber, he may hear of something to his Advantage.

(6) JAMES DICK.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE LOTS of LAND adjoining each other, in the Town of Alexandria, whereon stands a good Dwelling-House, upwards of 100 Feet long, with Six Fire Places below Stairs, another House 36 Feet long, with Two Fire Places, a Stable, Milk-House, Meat-House, Office, other Houses, and a good Garden; the whole inclosed with Pails and Brick; there is also a Well of good Water. The Lots have a Front on the River, of near 70 Yards, defended from the Water by a Stone Wall, to which Wall, Boats and other small Vessels may come at a moderate Tide. Time will be given for Payment.

(3) G. JOHNSTON.

To be SOLD on Thursday the 28th Day of August, on the Premises, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money, to the Highest Bidder,

EIGHT LOTS of GROUND in the Town of Upper-Marlborough, Numbered 37, 38, 39, 40, 49, 50, 61, and 62, all contiguous to each other, and having a good Brick Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Stable, Orchard, Garden, and several other valuable Improvements thereon: Likewise one half of the Lot N^o 51, in the said Town.

Also the Household Furniture and other Effects, of Alexander and Andrew Symmer.

The Sale to begin at III o'Clock Afternoon, and continue till all are Sold.

(3) CHARLES GRAHAME.

July 28, 1766.

RAN away from Dorsey's Forge, on the main Falls of Patapsco River, a Convict Servant Man, named John Smith, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, 25 Years of Age, short black Hair, a Hazle Eye, a small Scar in his Forehead, and another on the Outside of his left Leg, he is mark'd in both Arms with Indian-Ink, in one W C 1756, and in the other I C 1759, which last Letters he says are the two first Letters of his real Name John Cox. Had on an Osnabrig Shirt and Crocus Trowsers, and it's supposed he will steal Cloaths, as he is an artful Rogue, and must be well secured.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, or secures him in any Jail, so as his Master may have him again, shall have, if under 10 Miles, Twenty Shillings; if above 20 Miles, Thirty Shillings; if at a greater Distance, Forty Shillings; and reasonable Charges, if brought home, paid by

(3) CALEB DORSEY.

To be SOLD to the Highest BIDDER, on Saturday the 23^d Day of August, at the House of Thomas Webb, on the Premises, about Six Miles from Bladensburg, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,

TWO TRACTS of LAND adjoining, the one called Prather's Grove, the other Mandum, containing One Hundred and Fifty Acres.

JOHN BAYNES.

ANNAPOLIS, August 6, 1766.

THE little Regard which has been paid to the Subscriber's Advertisement heretofore published, requesting all Persons, without Exception, who were indebted for Dealings in his Store before Mr. Clarke's Death, or on any other Account, to pay off, or otherwise finally settle their respective Balances, induces him ONCE MORE to acquaint them, that his determin'd Resolution is, soon to depart hence for England, and that every Person neglecting to pay off, or by delay refusing to settle their Accounts to his Satisfaction, may depend, very shortly, upon being Sued without Distinction, as it is his Intention, absolutely to settle every Matter respecting his Property before his Departure, the Time of which will not admit of any further Requisition, so that this must be deemed a legal Demand, preceding Actions being commenced without further Notice by,

CHARLES WALLACE.

N. B. He has a few Remnants of a Cargo still to dispose of, which he will sell very Cheap for ready Money: And a Brigantine to Charter of 160 Tons Burthen, well found, and Strong, with good Accommodations for Passengers. C. W.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Patapsco Ferry, on the 3^d of this Instant, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Edward Jenkins, a short well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, wears his own short brown Hair, and has a remarkable wide Mouth: Had on and took with him, a good Hat, with a white Metal Button to it, two Check Shirts much worn, one Osnabrig ditto, a striped Flannel lapped Jacket, lined with white, Leather Breeches, Crocus Trowsers, Osnabrig Petticoat ditto, three Pair of Yarn or Worsted Hose, some of them ribb'd, and Country made Pumps. As he has been in the Country before, it's probable he will give a good Account of himself, and pass for a Sailor, as he may dress in a Sailor's Habit.

Richard Harbett, a young Fellow, about 20 or 21 Years of Age, smooth Face, and wears his own Hair: Had on and took with him, an old Felt Hat, red Kersey Jacket, old white Shirt, two Osnabrig ditto, short Russia Drab Breeches, Crocus Trowsers, and no Shoes that are known of.

Whoever takes up the said Servants so that their Master may get them again, shall have a Reward of Four Pounds for Jenkins, if taken Twenty Miles from Home, and if taken from on board of any Vessel, outward Bound, Six Pounds, and reasonable Charges if brought Home: And for the other Forty Shillings, paid by

JOSEPH JACOBS.

BALTIMORE County, July 24, 1766.

RAN away last Night, from Col. Charles Ridgely's, near the Northampton Iron-Works, an Irish Servant Man, named John Garraughty, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 2 Inches high, of a swarthy Complexion, black Eyes, looks very bold and fierce, and wears his own straight black Hair, and has much of the Irish Brogue in his talk: Had on and took with him when he went away, an old light colour'd Bearskin Coat, lin'd with green Tammy, has a Pocket in the left Inside, full trimm'd, with Lappels and yellow gilt Buttons, two Osnabrig Shirts, old Thickset Breeches, Country Linen Trowsers, old brown Cut Wig, and an old Castor Hat, has neither Shoes nor Stockings with him as we know of: It's very probable he may endeavour to make for New-Castle, in Pennsylvania, as he was imported there about a Year ago, and from thence Sold in Baltimore-Town.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him in any Goal and give Notice thereof, so that his Masters may get him again, shall have, if taken in the County Forty Shillings, if out of the County Three Pounds, and if out of the Province Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

WILLIAM GOODWIN,
JOHN HOLLIDAY.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forwarned Harboursing him at their Peril.

August 4, 1766.

COMMITTED to Prince-George's County Jail, as a Runaway, by the Name of Thomas Williams, who says he is the Servant of William Purfley, of St. Mary's County.

His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges.

W^m. T. WOOTTON, Sheriff.

ANNAPOLIS, July 31, 1766.
THE COMMISSIONERS appointed by LORD BALTIMORE, give Notice, That on Monday the 8th of September next, they will meet at the Subscriber's House, in order to sell about Eight Hundred Acres of LAND, being Part of a Tract called *White's Plains*; also One Hundred ACRES, Part of another Tract called *Abington*, both lying in *Anne-Arundel County*; and that on Friday the 19th Day of the same Month, they will meet at Mrs. *Flowers's* Ordinary, near *St. Luke's Church*, in order to sell his Lordship's Manor in *Queen-Anne's County*. The Authority of the Commissioners, and the Terms of Sale, may be known by applying to the Subscriber.
 Signed per Order,
 JOHN CLAPHAM.

July 17, 1766.
RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Northumberland County, Virginia*, a Servant Man, named *Samuel Homes*, by Trade a Taylor. Had on when he went away, a dark colour'd Coat lined, with white Metal Buttons, a Pair of black Stocking Breeches, coarse Shoes, dark mill'd Stockings, much mended, an old Hat bound round with black Ferret; his Hair tied behind, rocks much in his Walk, is Bow legged, has a Scar on his right Cheek, and a small Mole close by it, has a large Flesh Mark on the Outside of his left Knee, resembling the Skin of raw Pork, also a large Scar on the Instep of his right Foot, by a great Sore. Whoever takes up said Runaway, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by
 WILLIAM TAITE.

N. B. If he is taken up in *Maryland*, I will give Five Pounds Reward; it is supposed he will go into *St. Mary's* and *Calvert Counties*, as he was in both a few Days ago, from
 W. T.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at Charles Carroll's, Esq; in Annapolis, A PARCEL of Fine JESUITS BARK, either by the single Bottle or in larger Quantities, the same being packed in Bottles containing from between 1 and 2, to 3 and 4 Pounds each; it will be sold at a very reasonable Rate, by
 (11) BERNARD O NEILL.

Baltimore County.
NOTICE is hereby given to the preceding Subscribers for Lots of Ground, in a Plan laid out for a Town on *FELL'S POINT, Patapsco River*, to pay their several Arrearages, or they will be proceeded against in the Courts of Justice (tho' much against my Inclination) but, as several Persons have subscribed and entered into Articles for Lots on said Point (thereby depriving others) the Rents thereon lie unpaid, and other Matters not comply'd with, I must take that Method to put such in Mind of what is Justice relating to such Engagements, unless timely prevented.

And whereas some Persons, from penurious Views, have been insidiously industrious in spreading a Report, that the Title to the Lots of Ground on said Point (in *Edward Fell*) was disputable, precarious and doubtful, in order to intimidate Strangers, and as much as in their Power prevent every one from taking or improving Lots on the Point; this is to give Notice to the Public, that the Subscriber will give Attendance on said Point, and will clear up the Title to every generous and unbiassed Mind to be good. Other Means have been made use of to prevent the Settling of *Fell's Point*, as the Water bad (and better could not be expected) and the Point not healthy, &c. the former has been proved false to a Demonstration, and the latter the Inhabitants in the Course of last Summer can Answer to, how long they may be favour'd with better Health than their Neighbours, Time only can shew. There are several valuable Lots on the Point that have been heretofore subscribed for, which are now free from such Subscription, and will be Sold or Let to the first that offers, by a Power invested in the Executrix.

For Terms apply to JOHN BOND, for ANNE FELL, Executrix of *Edward Fell*.
 (15)

Nottingham, July 26, 1766.
 To be SOLD by the Subscriber, at a very moderate Advance, in Cash, or Bills of Exchange,

A PARCEL of GOODS, lately imported, consisting chiefly of the following Articles, viz. *Osnabrigs*, brown and white *Irish* Sheetings, *Dowlas*, *Irish* Linen, Checks, printed Cottons, *Kendal* Cottons, *Plaiding* and *Yarn Hofs*, brown, whited brown, and coloured Thread, Men and Womens Shoes. Whole Amount £. 380 : 9 : 7 prime Cost.
 (4^w) JOHN CAMPBELL.

July 31, 1766.
 To be LET for a Term of Years, or one Year only, to be enter'd upon in about six Weeks from this Time,

THE WIND-MILL in ANNAPOLIS, which is now rebuilding upon a new Plan, by a very skillful Workman. She is to go with two Pair of Stones, to be double-geer'd and rais'd six Feet higher than she was before, and in the Opinion of the best Judges will be a very compleat Mill. For further Particulars, enquire of either of the Subscribers.
 (4^w) WALTER DULANY, DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

COMMITTED to *Worcester County Jail*, the 15th of July, on Suspicion of being a Runaway, a Negro by the Name of *John Dunkin*, he says that he came across the Bay from *Rappahannock*, is about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, a thin Visage, of a yellow Complexion, about 22 Years of Age, and has a small Scar upon his left Hand which he says was burnt, and that he served his Time with one *Thomas Golden*.
 His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges.
 (16) ESME BAYLY, Sheriff.

STOLEN from the Brig *Trotman, Richard Hayton* Commander, lying in the Ferry Branch, *Patapsco*, a new BOAT about 15 or 16 Feet Keel, painted red in the Inside, black and yellow without, had in her four red painted Oars, a Boat-Hook, and a Brass Compass.
 Whoever takes her up shall have Twenty Shillings, and Ten Shillings for bringing her to the Brig.
 RICHARD HAYTON.

STRAYED or Stolen from *Kingsbury Furnace*, in *Baltimore County*, on Saturday Evening the Nineteenth of July last, a Grey Horse, about 15 Hands high, well made, with a Snip down his Nose, Hog Mane, short Switch Tail, Shed all round, is very sharp on the Back, and low in Flesh, has been in the Geers, and is mark'd with the Collar, and he is very apt to rear when any Person looks in his Mouth.
 Whoever will give Information of the said Horse to the Subscriber, so that he may be had again, shall receive a Reward of Twenty Shillings, and reasonable Charges if brought to the Furnace.
 FRANCIS PHILLIPS.

Annapolis, June 26, 1766.
RAN away from the Subscriber, about a Fortnight ago, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Morgan*, by Trade a Shoemaker, and pretends to be a Gardener, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, of a fresh Complexion, short Hair, and one of his Eyes has been lately Hurt by a piece of Mortar falling into it: Had on when he went away, a grey Cloth Coat, and Plush Breeches: He has been seen on *Elk Ridge*.
 Whoever secures the said Servant, so that the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward.
 WILLIAM PAGA.

WANTED for the Free-School, in the City of *Annapolis*, an USHER, capable of Teaching the *English Language*, *WRITING*, *SURVEYING*, and *ARITHMETICK*, &c. Any Person qualified for the above Purposes, and that will come well Recommended for his Care, and Diligence, may know the Terms, on Application to
 (11) JOHN DAVIDSON, Register.

BROKE out of *Anne-Arundel County Jail*, on the First of July last, at Night, the following Persons, viz.

John Kent, a young Fellow, Country Born, his Drefs is uncertain, as he has different Suits.
Thomas Woods, an *Irishman*, wears his own Hair; had on a brown Cloth Coat with yellow Metal Buttons; he is lame in one Leg, it being lately cut, and much swell'd, a Cabinet-maker by Trade. Its supposed he will make to *Philadelphia*.
Thomas Malvill, and *Thomas Winwood*, the one a Weaver and the other a Gardener, both lately imported in the Country — As they can all Write, its probable they may Forge Passes.

Whoever delivers them to the Subscriber in *Annapolis*, shall receive a Reward of THREE POUNDS for each, and reasonable Charges, paid by
 (15) JOSEPH GALLOWAY, Sheriff.

THE MARYLAND LOTTERY.
IT is thought proper that the Public should be acquainted with the Quality of the Land (lying in *Kent County*) which make a Part of the Prizes. It is chiefly uncultivated, abounds with great Plenty of Stave, Plank, white and red Oak, and Ship Timber.

There is also a great deal of low flat Land, capable of producing Hemp, and making excellent Meadows; a large Range of flat Land for Cattle, Hogs and other Wood Stock; the Woods producing great Quantities of Acorn Masts; it lies convenient for the Head of *Chester* and *Sassafras Rivers*, and *Duck Creek*.

Upon the Whole this Estate is capable of producing very great Profit to Persons who give the least Attention to the Improvement of Land. *Kent* is the Garden of the Continent, nay, there is not a County in the Dominion of *Great-Britain* superior to it.

The Scheme consists of Eight Thousand Tickets at Two Dollars each, all are Prizes, which will be delivered to the Adventurers at *New-York*, *Philadelphia*, *Boston*, and the Place of Drawing, *Annapolis*.

A few Tickets still remain unsold, occasioned by the late total Stop to Business and other Discouragements too obvious to be related, but now, the whole Empire is rejoicing on the Triumph of a most righteous Administration over the Enemies of *America*, the Proprietor hopes this Design will engage the Attention of the Public, and that the Sale of the Tickets will soon be completed, as the Time for Drawing is at Hand.

The Scheme at large, and the Tickets are to be had of the Proprietor, *James Rivington*, at *Annapolis*.

The TICKETS are rolling up.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT, GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER, and LAPIDARY, BEING encouraged by several GENTLEMEN in Town, has Open'd a SHOP, at the House of Mr. *William Knapp*, Watch-Maker, near the Town Gate, in *Annapolis*, where he Makes and Repairs all Sorts of SILVER and JEWELLERY WORK. He has at present for Sale, a neat Assortment of PLATE and JEWELS, made up in the best Manner, and of the newest Fashions; and also, a large and curious variety of Stones, elegantly finish'd; together with a complete Apparatus for Cutting them agreeable to any Directions, either for Buckles, Buttons, Rings, Ear-Rings, Necklaces, &c. &c.

As he has been regularly bred to the above Branches, and the Work he has, being principally executed by Himself, the Public may depend on being served upon much better Terms than have hitherto been practis'd: And, as many LADIES and GENTLEMEN, are frequently obliged to be supplied from *England* with the above Articles, on Account of their Orders not being punctually complied with here; he assures all such as shall please to favour him with their Custom, that no Delay in the speedy and effectual Execution of their Commands, shall for the Future induce them to send Home: Therefore humbly Hopes for the Encouragement of the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the Province; to Merit and Preferre which, shall be his constant Study, and greatest Ambition.
 N. B. He gives the highest Prices for old GOLD, SILVER, and SILVER LACE.

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in *Charles-Street*: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12/6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.

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[XXII^d Y

From Mr. ELLIC

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The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXII^d Year.]

THURSDAY, August 28, 1766.

[N^o. 1094.]

From Mr. ELLIOT's *Essays on Field Husbandry*.
[Wrote in CONNECTICUT.]

How to Fatten HOGS and HORSES.

FIND, by Experience, the best Time to fatten Swine is to begin the First of August, if you have old Corn. Hogs will fat slowly in very cold Weather; they will eat much and fatten but little. If you make a very warm House, they heat in Bed and catch Cold when they come out into the cold Air.

To fatten Corn, Steep it in Water or Swill till the Corn grows very soft; this opens the Parts. Give them the Corn to eat and the Water to drink in which the Corn has been steeped. The hard dry Corn, a great deal of it passeth through them undigested; this is the hardest Part of the Corn, and that which principally makes the Flour. There is a Tradition, that if you feed one Hog with Corn, the Dung of the first Hog will fat another Hog, and his Dung a third. Altho' I believe the Story to be fabulous, yet it serves to show that the Sense of Mankind is, that in the Manner we feed Swine, there is a great Loss.

I took the Hint of steeping Corn, from the Advantage I once found by some Corn I bought that had been shipwreck'd, had lain in the Water till it was grown soft.

Such is the Difference in Corn and Swine, that it is impossible to fix it absolutely and know certainly how much there is saved by this Method. It is better than grinding besides what we save in the Toll and the Time and Charge of the Carriage; for it is found by Experience that even Bran when steeped in Water a long Time, is much better.

I asked an honest judicious Neighbour of mine, who had Leisure to try this Method of steeping Corn longer and with more Exactness than I had done, *How much he thought was saved by it?* He said, *At least one Bushel in Seven*; he believed more. But we will suppose it saves but a tenth Part; then see how much it will save in the whole Colony. Suppose there are in this Colony about Sixty Towns, great and small, new and old. We will suppose Two Hundred Families in each Town, one with another, and each Family to consume or spend as much Pork as will require, one with another, Twenty Bushels of Corn to make the Pork for each Family. Sixty Towns of Two Hundred Families each, makes Twelve Thousand Families, and Twenty Bushels of Corn to each Family, makes Two Hundred Forty Thousand Bushels of Corn; the tenth Part of this is Twenty four Thousand Bushels. If there be not so many Towns and Families as is supposed, there is much Pork fatted and sent away in Barrels, and many Herds of fat Swine drove away that are not consumed in the Government, enough to make it up. And surely the Saving Twenty four Thousand Bushels of Corn yearly, is worthy of our Care and Consideration.

H O R S E S.

Since the foregoing was written, a Person of good Credit informed me, that there being in his Neighbourhood a Dealer in Horses, who was famous for Skill in making Horses fat in a short Time; he desired the Jockey to tell him how he did it. The Secret was to mix Indian Corn and Oats together and soak it in Water till it was soft; that in cold Weather he steeped it in a Cellar, that it might be kept from freezing. My informer told me he had made Trial of it, and found it did well, giving it to his Horse in the same Proportion as he was wont to do of dry Provender.

G E N O A, May 25.

THEY write from Madrid, that that Capital is to be made a Place of Arms; that they have taken up and punished there, a Number of Robbers and Vagabonds; that all Sorts of Games are prohibited there; and that Publication has been made throughout all the Cities in Spain, that whoever shall be convicted of having entered into any Conspiracy for disturbing the public Tranquillity, shall be put to Death, without Hope of Pardon.

Warsaw, May 30. Some Advices from Turkey insinuate, that Prince Heraclius, of Georgia, had actually advanced to Trebisonde; and that the Sultan, intimidated by his Success, had declared the Prince and his Countrymen free, independent of the Porte, and exempted from Tribute.

Madrid, May 30. The Marquis de la Mina, Governor and Captain-General of the Province of Catalonia, in order to prevent the pernicious Designs of the Populace of Barcelona, which were chiefly levelled at him, has caused the following Proclamation to be made there, by sound of Trumpet, viz. "You have been Witnesses of what has been fixed up against my Administration: I know the Design of the People to rise against me; but I exhort them strongly to desist from that Project, which cannot but miscarry; otherwise, I am resolved, and the Orders are already given, to burn down the whole City, and to bury you under the Ruins of your Houses, on the least Motion that you make contrary to the King's Authority." Since this Menace, and the Measures taken in Consequence, every Thing has been quiet in that City.

June 1. The several Cities in this Kingdom are daily addressing his Majesty on Account of the late Disorders. They give him the greatest Assurances of their Loyalty, and offer him their Lives, and vast Sums of Money, in Proof of it. His Majesty has returned his Thanks to his People, and the following is a Copy of the Letter which he was pleased to write to the City of Barcelona, the Capital of the Province of Catalonia.

"I, the King, &c. To our well-beloved and faithful Subjects. The Expressions in your Letter of the 21st of April, and the Offers which you make me, give me the greatest Satisfaction, and I receive with Pleasure these fresh Proofs of that Love and Obedience which you have always shewn to my Person. This Proof of your Fidelity merits my Regard, of which you shall receive convincing Proofs, when occasion shall offer!"

THE KING.

Undersigned,

EMANUEL DE RODE."

At Arenjuez, May 12, 1766.

L O N D O N.

His MAJESTY's most Gracious SPEECH to both Houses of Parliament, on Friday, the Sixth Day of June, 1766.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT is with the utmost Satisfaction, that I have observed the Wisdom and Moderation which have uniformly guided you through the many important Deliberations, in which you have been engaged, during the Course of this long and interesting Session of Parliament. I persuade Myself, that the most salutary Effects must be the natural Result of Deliberations conducted upon such Principles.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I thank you for the supplies which you have so cheerfully given for the several Establishments, and for the support of Public Credit: And you may rest assured, that no Economy will be wanting, to render them effectual for the Purposes for which they were granted.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

The present general Disposition of all the Powers of Europe, seems to indicate a Continuance of Peace: And it is My earnest Desire to preserve the general Tranquillity, by fulfilling, on My Part, all the Engagements I am under by Treaties. And on this Foundation, I may reasonably hope and expect the same strict Performance of those Engagements, which other Powers are under to My Crown.

The many Regulations which you have made, for extending and promoting the Trade and Manufactures of Great Britain, and for settling the Mutual Intercourse of My Kingdoms and Plantations in such a manner, as to provide for the Improvement of the Colonies, on a Plan of due subordination to commercial Interests of the Mother Country, are the strongest Proofs of your equitable and comprehensive Regard to the Welfare of all My Dominions; an Object truly worthy of a British Parliament.

It shall be My Endeavour, that such Care be taken, as may tend to secure and improve the Advantages which may be expected from such wise and salutary Provisions.

I have nothing further to recommend to you, than that you will exert your best Endeavours in your respective Counties, to enforce the Execution of the Laws, and to promote good Manners and good Order among My People; whose true and lasting Happiness shall be My constant Care, and upon whose Affections I shall always firmly rely.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majesty's Command, said;

My LORDS and GENTLEMEN,

IT is His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, That this Parliament be prorogued to Saturday, the Twelfth Day of July next, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Saturday the Twelfth Day of July next.

June 7. His Majesty was attended Yesterday to the House of Peers by the Duke of Rutland, and the Earl of Coventry; when he gave the Royal Assent to 32 public and private Bills, among which were the following.

The Bill for granting to his Majesty a certain Sum out of the sinking Fund, for the Service of the present Year.

The Bill for raising One Million Five Hundred Thousand Pounds, by Annuities and Lottery.

The Bill for repealing the Duties on Houses, Windows and Lights, and for granting other Duties in Lieu thereof.

The Bill for establishing free Ports in the Islands of Dominica and Jamaica, and for laying certain Duties on Goods, to defray the Expences thereof.

The Bill for repealing certain Duties on Goods in the Colonies, and also on East-India Goods exported from Great-Britain, and for granting other Duties in Lieu thereof.

The Bill for laying additional Duties on Spirits imported, and to prolong the Time allowed for keeping Rum in Warehouses under Bond.

The Bill to indemnify Persons who have incurred Penalties by writing, printing, or ingrossing on un-stamped Paper in the American Colonies, contrary to an Act of last Session.

The Bill to continue an Act to allow the Exportation of Salt from Europe to Quebec.

Before a great Man lately resigned, it is said he acknowledged his Readiness on all Occasions to serve the Public, and the best of Princes; but greatly lamented the want of the Assistance in the Administration of that ONLY MAN, who was capable of bringing the Nation into its former Vigour and Strength; and concluded, that if he came in, he himself would cheerfully serve under him.

June 9. We hear the Court of Madrid, greatly disapprove of the Behaviour of their Subjects in the West-Indies, in the late Captures of English Vessels by Spanish Guarda-Costas; and that Satisfaction has been promised to be made.

June 10. Private Letters from Madrid mention, that several Noblemen had received Orders to retire to their Estates, on their being suspected by the Court in spiriting up the late dangerous Insurrections in the Capital of the Kingdom.

Some Accounts from Spain inform, that fresh Troubles had broke out in the Province of Estremadura.

It is said, that the Reason of the Earl of Rochfort's preparing to quit Madrid, is, that he does not think himself quite safe there, in the present unsettled State of that Kingdom.

A Morning Paper says, that Mr. P... on being solicited to take some Part of the Affairs of the Helm upon him by a certain great Man, who has an Intention to resign, made this Reply. — "My Lord, these Legs that I at present make shift to stand on, and the Constitution of my poor Country, labour under the same Infirmary, for they are both very un-sound; it will be work enough for me in Future to keep these in good Plight; let Statues on former Pedestals administer Physic to the other."

June 12. A Report prevailed Yesterday upon Change, that an Account was just received of some

fresh Insurrections in Spain, and that a great Personage, thinking his Person in Danger, had retired from the Kingdom till Tranquility shall be restored.

It is now said, that no British Ambassador is to go to Madrid, till the internal Troubles of that Kingdom are entirely appeased.

Last Week a Ship arrived at Glasgow from Maryland, with Wheat and Flour, which lowered the Price of Wheat to 4s. 3d. per Bushel, and Flour to 11s. per Cwt. and as more Ships were daily expected from America, it is hoped the Prices of both would still be lower.

On Monday last, between Two and Three in the Afternoon, the following unhappy Accident happened to his Royal Highness Prince Henry Frederick, youngest Brother to his Majesty, just after the Races were over at Ascot Heath. Prince Henry mounting his Horse with his Brother the Duke of York (who was likewise present at these Races) so soon as the last Heat was over, and they riding with some Noblemen along the Course, his Royal Highness Prince Henry set his Horse on a Gallop; but not perceiving a Chain, that was placed across one Part of the said Course, to prevent People riding round, the Horse ran with so much Velocity against the Chain, that it was broke down, and the Horse falling, threw his Highness over his Head upon the Ground, where he lay near Twenty Minutes Speechless. There being no Surgeon present, a Barber bled his Highness; soon after which he vomited Blood; and a Carriage being provided, his Highness was, as soon as possible, put therein, and carried, in a very weak Condition, to the Duke's Lodge in Windsor-Parke.

It is said, that certain Dispositions of the French in the Mediterranean will occasion our Fleet to be considerably augmented on that Station.

By the Betsey, Captain Hamilton, from the Hayanna, we learn, that every Thing has been amicably settled between Admiral Sir William Barnaby, and the new Governor of Cuba, with regard to Flags of Truce, and the Boundaries to be observed by the Subjects of both Nations, respecting the mutual Intercourse of Trade and Correspondence.

They write from Batavia, in Letters of the 22d of October 1765, that the Eruption of the Volcano of Banda Neyra has been attended with the most melancholy Consequences, the Mountain, according to the last Advices received, being now on Fire in all Parts, and launching out its sulphurous Flames and Odours to such a Distance, that the Inhabitants, unable any longer to endure it, have found themselves under the Necessity of Retiring.

It is very evident, from the late Honours conferred by his Christian Majesty on the Count de Marbeuf, that the Design of the French is to carry Matters with a high Hand in the Island of Corfica, those Honours being generally the Fore-runners of active Military Employment.

According to Letters from Leghorn, Ten Battalions of Turkish Infantry, and some Squadrons of Horse, had been embarked at Constantinople for the Isle of Cyprus, where the Inhabitants seemed unanimous in their Endeavours to throw off the Ottoman Yoke.

It is said that the real Cause of a late Resignation was owing to the Efforts made by the noble Personage in behalf of an unfortunate Exile, and which being unable to crown with Success, he chose to resign, rather than be connected with Measures, which another took upon him to Guide.

They write from Paris, that two Persons have absconded there, supposed to have been possessed of very considerable Sums, the Property of the late Count Lally.

Letters from Leghorn advise, that when General Paschal Paoli was invested with the Character of Doge, the Deputies of the States at the same Time renewed the solemn Oath heretofore taken at their general Assemblies at Corte, never to make Peace with the Republic of Genoa, unless considered in the Character of a Free State.

It is reported that Two of our West-India Governors will soon be sent for Home.

From the Leyden Gazette. London June 10.

The Portion of the Princess Caroline-Matilda betrothed to the King of Denmark, will be paid out of the Ordinary Revenues of the Crown 'Tis said that it will be 100,000l. Sterling, that the King is authorized to advance this Sum; and that the Parliament will reimburse it at the Opening of the next Session.—As to the Establishments for the Dukes of York and Gloucester, and Prince Henry Frederick, they will likewise be settled in the approaching Session of Parliament. The

45,000l. Sterling, which the late Duke of Cumberland enjoyed, will be divided between their Royal Highnesses; and the two eldest will have, one a considerable Employment in the Marine, and the other an eminent Post in the Army; so that the Public will sustain no additional Expence in this Article: But there is a talk of augmenting next Year to a Million Sterling the annual Sum of 800,000l. destined for the Support of the Royal Family.

The Report of the Massacre of the Spaniards in Mexico seems to gain Credit; and it is very confidently said that the Insurrections in Spain are of a more important Nature than has yet appeared from any of the Public Accounts.

The last Letters from Paris mention, that a Body of French Troops, consisting of 10,000 Men, were then on their March for the Frontiers of Spain, to be in Readiness to assist that Monarch, in case of any further Troubles in that Kingdom.

The Regiment of Foot, under the Command of the Hon. Gen. Keppel, marched on Tuesday from Salisbury to Portsmouth, where they are to embark for America.

Yesterday Morning two Companies of Matroses embarked on board the Transport Ships at Woolwich, to proceed round to Portsmouth, where they are to be joined by the rest of the Troops going to America.

The Irish Populace are in a Flame about the Rejection of the Bill, lately sent over to obtain the Establishment of Septennial Parliaments.

July 19. According to Letters from Leghorn, Count de Marbeuf had published an Ordinance, prohibiting the Inhabitants of the Isle of Corfica from carrying any other Flag at Sea than that of the Republic of Genoa, on Pain of Seizure and Confiscation.

And some Advices from the same Place inform, that some foreign Vessels had been seized at Corfica, by order of the French Commandant, for supplying the Malecontents with Ordnance and Naval Stores.

They write from Naples, that the Marquis de Squilace has had a Present made him of Sixty fine Horses from the Noblesse of that City.

June 21. A Letter from Madrid has these Passages: "The Commotions, which we flattered ourselves had been suppressed by the Flight of the Marquis de Squilace, are now blazing out with such additional Violence, as threaten, in a very serious Manner, the total Destruction of the Kingdom. A Number of our principal Families talk of retiring, till they see the Issue of these Affairs, and several have already actually set out for England. From America we have received Advices, that every Thing is in the utmost Disorder, so that the Affairs of the Spanish Monarchy seem in every Quarter to be extremely critical. The thinking Part of the People are of Opinion, that the Jesuits are at the Bottom of all these Disturbances. The English Ambassador's return to his own Court, in the midst of all our Confusions, occasions a Variety of Speculations."

It is said Commissions have been received here, within these ten Days, to the Amount of upwards of 140,000l. for Goods, &c. proper for the American Trade.

His Royal Highness the Duke of York will, we hear, be appointed Lord High Admiral, before the King of Denmark's Marriage takes Place with his illustrious Sister.

It is reported that the King of Prussia has actually made a formal Demand of some Part of our Conquests in America, agreeable to what we mentioned in our Paper a Fortnight past.

June 23. They write from Vienna, that the Turks have withdrawn Part of the Garrison of Belgrade, and were filing off Troops from all the Northern Colonies.

Private Letters from Madrid mention, that the Jesuits were making use of all their Interests at Court, to exculpate the Society from many ill-grounded Accusations, relative to having been Abettors of Commotions in New Spain.

It is said that Captain M'Bride, of the Jason Man of War, is sailed upon some important Discoveries in the South Seas.

It is said that the Great Commoner has lately made the following patriotic Proposal: That, upon Condition he was permitted to act upon his own Principles for the Public Good, without any one interfering, he would get four or five Noblemen and Gentlemen, whose Patriotism is as unquestionable as his own, who, together with himself, would with the greatest Alacrity, serve their Country without Fee or Reward; and that they would not accept or desire the smallest Share of

the Emoluments belonging to the Offices they would fill in the Administration, but that the same should be entirely appropriated to the Use of the Public.

July 24. According to Letters from Madrid, Orders had been sent from Court, to stop the Marching of the French Troops nearer to the Capital, from which it was believed Tranquility was upon the Point of being once more established.

It is said that some Extraordinary Dispatches for the Government arrived Yesterday, from the Court of Spain.

Several Young Gentlemen of Rank and Fortune, are preparing to go as Volunteers with Commodore Byron, in his second Expedition round the Globe.

It is said, that several able Mathematicians and Draughtsmen are engaged, at the Government's Expence, to attend Commodore Byron in his Voyage to the South Seas, in order to make farther Discoveries in that Part.

PHILADELPHIA, August 22.

A Letter from the Merchants of London, trading to North America, to the Committee of Merchants in this City, dated 13th of June, 1766.

GENTLEMEN,

Referring you to our former Letters, of the 13th of February, and 18th of March, both which we hope you have long since received, we now inclose three Acts of Parliament, which obtained the Royal Assent the 6th Instant, viz.

An Act for indemnifying Persons who have incurred Penalties in America, on Account of the Stamp-Act.

An Act for repealing certain Duties, and granting others in Lieu thereof, and for regulating several Branches of the American Trade.

An Act for establishing certain Posts in Jamaica and Dominica, for the more free Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandizes.

The first will, doubtless, give you particular Satisfaction, as completing the Repeal of the Stamp-Act. The other two we consider as the Basis of an extensive System of Trade between Great-Britain and her Colonies, framed on liberal Principles of reciprocal Advantage, relieving the Colonies from injudicious Restrictions, and severe Duties, enlarging old, and opening to them new Channels of Commerce; and by securing to Great-Britain an increasing Consumption of her Manufactures, and, of Consequence, an Extension of her Navigation and Revenue.

You must be sensible, Gentlemen, that from those Sources have been derived the Power, so happily exerted by this Country, on many Occasions, to guard your Religious and Civil Interests; we are therefore persuaded that you will think it just and necessary to prevent, by every possible Means, foreign States from sharing in the Advantage of your Commerce, and thereby depriving Great-Britain of the Means to afford you future Instances of her Parental Protection.

The Consideration, that every Degree of Intercourse between the British Colonies and the manufacturing Countries of Europe, tends to strengthen their Navigation, and increase their Manufactures, at the Expence of our own, will, we are sure, be a sufficient Motive to engage you heartily to carry into Execution the Clause of the Regulation Act, which prohibits that Intercourse; this may effectually be done, if such Trade is held, by the principal Merchants among you, to be dishonourable, the Laws of Reputation being stronger than any others; and we flatter ourselves, that your Friends here will not, on any future Occasion, be made to blush by Instances of its Violation.

We must observe that, notwithstanding the apparent Necessity of new commercial Laws, such hath been the persevering Opposition to these salutary Measures, as to occasion the Loss of much Time, and render it impracticable to obtain these Trade Acts in a State of full Perfection; for although they are in themselves very important, and far more than could be expected, yet they are to be considered but as the great Out-lines of a Plan to extend the National Commerce.

Amendments will, doubtless, be found necessary, and must be adopted. In the mean Time, we persuade ourselves they will meet a ready Obedience on your Parts.

It is incumbent on us to mention, the happy Union between the West-Indian and North-American Merchants, which has proved of great Advantage in combating the Opposition; it took Place early in the Session; and, for the general Good, we sincerely wish it always to subsist, in its present Cordiality.

The Regulation of Paper Currency is postponed, in order to communicate to the Colonies, and take their Opinion upon, a Scheme for a general Paper Currency through America, which has been proposed to the Administration.

The Consideration of permitting you to import Wine, Fruit, and Oil, directly from Spain and Portugal, is also postponed.

Nothing further remains unredressed, which was recommended to us in your Memorial, but the Prohibition you are under for exporting Bar Iron to foreign Countries; a Restriction considered as beneficial to the Iron Manufactures of these Kingdoms, to which, from good Policy, Reason and Justice, a Preference is due; and we beg Leave to recommend your avoiding hereafter, any Applications which may be construed into the most distant Means of interfering with the Manufactures of the Mother Country; either by furnishing her Rivals with raw Materials, or by the public Encouragement of similar Manufactures among yourselves; no small Strength having arisen to your Opponents, during the late Struggles, from each of those Topics.

In a Word, the System of Great-Britain is, to promote a mutual Interest, by supplying the Colonies with her Manufactures, by encouraging them to raise, and receiving from

them all raw Materials, to every Branch of the own. Having now comple Year, the important Bember last, we think Scale of the Obligation Great-Britain and Am tion; to whose At the Progress made, in must be attributed; a of these Regulations w to posterity."

Saturday Night Joseph Penrose, of Read leading to t as he was going Gun, who robb'd old Shilling Bill w he demanded his none. The Pocke his Horse, were fo the Fellow had pro

ANNALS

His Excellency pleased to Com Brice and John Judges of the V Reverdy Ghiselin.

The Assizes this Day, at W Monday last the Provincial order to embark

Christie, for Lon By the last Vi his honour Mr aged their Gen ere being no ng sooner.

Dorchester C T O THE School Burthen, Cime Sailer. Fifty Acres of Water; and Tract called A within Two Mil Vienna, these t Wood-Land, w good Meadow C metary LAND Manor of Nantio nning 207 Ac 16 Years to c April; Part of of Vienna, wher built 30 Feet by Side, which fo 3 Fire Places, a den, about 80 and about 30 A easily be impro fuate either fo apply to the Sul (96)

RAN away Infant, a formerly waited Years attended known in Ann Province. Wh him in any J shall receive on to my House is be paid, by (2*)

N. B. 'Tis his Person is fo

WHERE in Au him, (and tak and Nancy run him in D all Persons n court, for he after the Date

them all raw Materials, and by granting the largest Extension to every Branch of their Trade, not interfering with her own.

Having now completed, so far as it can be done this Year, the important Business for which we united in November last, we think it incumbent on us to repeat our Sense of the Obligations the whole commercial Interest of Great-Britain and America is under to the present Administration; to whose Abilities, Attention and Perseverance, the Progress made, in adjusting these great national Points, must be attributed; and, we hope, the good Consequences of these Regulations will transmit their Names with Honour to Posterity.

Saturday Night last, about Ten o'Clock, Mr. Joseph Penrose, of this City, was stopped on the Road leading to the Lower Ferry on Schuylkill, as he was going from Town, by a Man with a Gun, who robb'd him of One Dollar, and an old Shilling Bill which was in his Pocket Book; he demanded his Watch, but Mr. Penrose had none. The Pocket Book with all the Papers, and his Horse, were found at the Hospital Fence, as the Fellow had promised Mr. Penrose.

ANNAPOLIS, August 28.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to Commissionate and Appoint John Brice and John Darnall, Esquires, to be Judges of the Western Shore Assizes. Mr. Reverdy Ghiselin is Clerk of the Circuit.

The Assizes on the Eastern Shore begin this Day, at Worcester County.

Monday last George Stewart, Esq; one of the Provincial Judges, &c. left Town, in order to embark in Patuxent, on board Capt. Christie, for London.

By the last Virginia Gazette, we find, that his honour Mr. Fauquier, has again Proposed their General Assembly to November, there being no urgent Occasion for their Meeting sooner.

Dorchester County, Vienna, August 16, 1766.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Schooner Vigilance, about forty Tons Burthen, one Year old, well Fitted, and a fine Sailer.

Fifty Acres of Land, Part of a Tract called Wetwork; and Fifty Acres of Land, Part of a Tract called Addition to Wetwork, both lying within Two Miles and a Half of the Town of Vienna, these two Parcels of Land is chiefly Wood-Land, well Timbered, and contains some good Meadow Ground. Also a Tract of Proprietary LAND, (being Part of his Lordship's Manor of Nanticoke,) called Wheeler's Lot, containing 207 Acres, under a Lease of 21 Years, 16 Years to commence from the 17th of next April; Part of this Tract lieth within the Town of Vienna, whereon is a Dwelling-House, lately built 30 Feet by 20, with a Shed 14 Feet on one Side, which forms 3 Rooms on a Floor, and 3 Fire Places, also some Out-Houses and a Garden, about 80 Acres under a good new Fence, and about 30 Acres cleared, some of which may easily be improved into good Meadow, is well situated either for a Store or Tavern. For Terms apply to the Subscriber on the Premises.

(16) JOHN WHEELER.

RAN away from the Subscriber, the 25th Instant, a Mulatto Fellow called Jack; he formerly waited on Col. Tasker, and has for some Years attended on the Subscriber, he is well known in Annapolis, and many other Parts of this Province. Whoever will apprehend and secure him in any Jail, so that he may be had again, shall receive one Guinea Reward, and if brought to my House in Charles County, two Guineas will be paid, by

(24) RICHARD LEE.

N. B. 'Tis needless to describe his Apparel, as his Person is so well known.

WHEREAS Martha, Wife of the Subscriber, in Anne Arundel County, has eloped from him, (and taken with her his two Children, Richard and Nancy,) and endeavours, all she can, to run him in Debt:—These are therefore to warn all Persons not to entertain or trust her on his Account, for he will pay no Debt of her contracting after the Date hereof. August 22, 1765.

JASPER WOMBLEY.

THE Subscriber, being a Prisoner in the Custody of the Sheriff of Baltimore County hereby gives Notice, that he intends to apply to the next General Assembly of this Province for Relief.

GEORGE BELL.

August 21, 1766

COMMITTED to Frederick County Jail, on the 9th Instant, an Irish Man, who says he belongs to Mr. Henry Hollingsworth, Tavern Keeper, at the Head of Elk River, Cecil County, and confesses his Name to be John Armstrong.

His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges.

GEORGE SCOTT, Sheriff

COMMITTED as a Runaway, to the Jail of Alexandria, in Fairfax County, Virginia, a likely young Negro Man, who calls himself by the Name of James Mitchell, says that he is a Convict, and that he belongs to Mr. Abraham Gyles, in Kent County, Maryland.

His Master is desired to come and pay the Prison Charges, and take him away.

Aug. 9, 1766. (13)

[Received this Advertisement last Sunday Evening]

THERE is at the Plantation of Jacob Brombach, at Conococheague, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a light Sorrel Mare, branded on the near Shoulder thus J R.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

August 16, 1766.

WHEREAS I have good Reason to suspect, that some Villainous Person or Persons, wilfully Burnt a Tobacco House of mine, on the Evening of the 14th Instant. I hereby promise a Reward of FIFTY DOLLARS, to any Person who shall or may discover the Person or Persons that perpetrated the same, so that they may be convicted thereof and brought to Justice.

RICHARD HARWOOD, junr.

N. B. His Excellency the Governor being now absent from Town, prevents my Application to him for a Pardon for any one who shall turn Evidence (the Principal excepted) but I shall apply for the same as soon as he returns, and doubt not of Success.

R. H.

August 16, 1766.

A GOOD FORGE-CARPENTER, and a Good WORKMAN, who will undertake the Management of One FINERY FIRE, to Work Double-Handed, will meet with Good Encouragement, if they apply to the Subscriber at Frederick Forge, on the Mouth of Anti-ETam.

(14) SAMUEL BEALL, junr.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, for Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange, on the Premises, on Thursday the 4th of September,

ABOUT 750 ACRES of LAND, on the Head of Buras's, in Charles County, very conveniently situated for a Tavern and Store, and on it are Seven Tenements, all under good Rent; 424 Acres of the above Land is an extraordinary good Soil, and much of it capable of being converted into good Meadow, and on it are two good Water Mills, within 30 Yards of each other, one of them an overshot Mill, and quite new, being only finished about a Month ago, and stands 400 l.

The Title to the whole is indisputable, which any Gentleman may know, by applying to Daniel Tenifer, Esq; at Port-Tobacco; Col. Richard Harrison, at Nanjemoy; or, to

Jo. H. HARRISON.

COMMITTED as Runaways, to Anne Arundel County Jail, the 17th Instant, Negro Jack, confesses that he lately broke Charles County Jail, where he was confined under Sentence of Death. And, John Sparks, who says he belongs to William Fisher, had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowfers.

Their Masters are requested to take them away, and pay Charges.

WILLIAM PRUE, Jailer.

THOSE Gentlemen who have been kind enough to favour Mr. RIVINGTON with the Disposal of his Lottery Tickets, are desired to return directly all those which remain unsold, to Thomas Anderson, his Agent in ANNAPOLIS. For on this the Time of Drawing greatly depends.

To Mr. GREEN.

August 7, 1766.

S I R, IN your Paper of the 15th ult. I Advertised a Conditional SALE of my Household Furniture, &c. which has not succeeded to my Wish and Expectation; I have therefore sent you another, which, I hope, may prove more effectual, as well as final, on that Subject.

I am not insensible that many of your Readers are acquainted with my Reasons for so doing, and in Justification to my Conduct, in the unhappy Difference subsisting between my Wife and me; I am obliged to inform the Public, that I have endeavoured for a Reconciliation, which has been absolutely refused, with a Return of insulting Language.

Finding myself thus slighted by my Wife, and insulted by her Friends, I hereby declare to the public, that from the Date hereof, I will not pay any Debts of her Contracting; and do by these Presents forbid any Person to Trust her on my Account: As Witness my Hand.

(13) JOHN EVITTS.

THIS is to give Notice, That the Subscriber will Let for any Term of Years, to be entered on immediately, his Dwelling House near the Dock, and will expose to Sale at the said House, on the 30th Day of this Instant August, a Parcel of valuable Household Furniture, too tedious to mention here.

J. E.

August 9, 1766.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night, from the Patapsco Furnace, near Elk Ridge Landing, two English Convict Servant Men, viz.

William Lewis, aged about 27 Years, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, spare made, of a fair Complexion, thin Vitsage, light brown Hair, and grey Eyes; he has been under a Doctor for some Time, with a sore Leg, which caus'd him to go lame. Had with him, an old Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, Matchcoat Jacket, Rolls Trowfers, and Country made Shoes.

John Wright, aged about 25 Years, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, a bluff faced Fellow, of a fair Complexion, light brown Hair, grey Eyes, and is much Peck-mark'd; has a swelling in his right Knee, which causes him to go lame. Had with him, a new Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, a grey Fearnought Jacket, and a blue Cloth under Disto, Rolls Trowfers, and Country made Shoes.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so as they may be had again, shall receive for each, if taken 10 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings; if 20 Miles, Thirty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Three Pounds; and reasonable Charges if brought home to the Furnace, of Thomas Harrison, and Company.

(16) per JAMES WALKER.

Just Imported from Barbados, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the House of Capt. James Reith in Annapolis,

CHOICE CANE SPIRIT by the Hoghead or Keg, RUM by the Hoghead, Mincovado SUGAR, and LIMES, by the Barrel, and Tamarins by the Pot, at the most reasonable Rates.

RICHARD BUTTON.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, on Tuesday the Second of September, on the Premises, for Sterling Cash, or good Bills of Exchange,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 250 Acres, well Wooded and Watered, lying and joining on the Head of South-River, and to an extraordinary good Grift and Felling Mill, and to a good Landing; the Land is well adapted to the planting or farming Business. There is a good Deal of Meadow Ground, some of which is already clear'd.

Any Person desirous to see the Land before the Day of Sale, may apply to Mr. John Pelton; or Elijah Green.

GIDEON GARY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, at Lyon's-Creek in Anne-Arundel County, a spare Negro Lad named Sam, about 18 or 19 Years of Age, with scaley Hands and Feet: Had on, a Fearnothing Jacket, new Osnabrig Shirt, new Roll Trowfers, and a new Felt Hat.

Whoever secures him so as his Master may get him again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; and Three Pounds if brought home, paid by

(13) WILLIAM CRANDAL.

