

GOVERNOR
ber 1760.
TERY,
ndred Pounds,
OUSE in the

L. 100
100
75
60
80
60
80
795
fed 400

L. 1750
ks to a Prize.
First Day of
uchester.
the Virginia
ney to be paid
without any

James Craik,
Robert Rutbor,
Thomas Ra,
James Wood,
Wes Bradford,
Oath, for the

the Managers,
in Alexandria,
or the Print-
fieurs Symon
y in Frederick
nting-Office in

Polly, Burthen
o Hogsheids,
Will take in
LONDON, on
Pounds Ster-
nd sail about
January. For
Mr. Archbold
ver in Talbu-
HUNTER.

BIDDER,
xt, at the late
Moore, near

TRY-BORN
urniture, and
orses, Sheep,
for Current
ort Credit will
giving Secu-
precisely at

ate of the said
fired to make
any Demands
their Accouns
adjusted and

Executors.

I S.
at the Sign
urch in, Av

Watches, in
t Manner.
cellent Work-
he SILVER,
ill, or Char-
peft Manner

all be pleased
od. Disputa-

AM FAMILI-
for old Gall

E N.
E. N.

THE

[Numb. 817.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 1, 1761.

ANNAPOLIS, January 1.

SATURDAY last arrived here from *Philadelphia*, the *Snow Bedford*, Capt. *George Kidd*, who came into the Capes on the preceding Monday, with Capt. *Gatskill*, in a Ship in Six Weeks from *London*, for *Rappahannock*; from whom he received *The Gentleman's Magazine* for *October* last, which we have been favoured with, and from which we have taken the following very melancholy NEWS:

WHITEHALL, Saturday, October 25.

BETWEEN the Hours of VII and VIII this Morning, our late most Gracious Sovereign King *GEORGE* the Second was suddenly seized at his Palace at *Kensington*, by a violent Disorder, and fell down speechless, and soon expired, notwithstanding all possible Methods used for his Recovery. His Majesty departed this Life in the 77th Year of his Age, and the 34th of his Reign; beloved, honoured, and regretted, by his Subjects, for his eminent and princely Virtues.

Whereupon the Lords of the Privy Council assembling at *Carleton-House*, gave Orders for Proclaiming his present Majesty, who caused all the Lords and Others of the late King's Privy Council to be sworn of his Majesty's Privy Council, and was pleased to make the following most gracious Declaration:

"The Loss that I and the Nation have sustained by the Death of the King my Grandfather would have been severely felt at any Time, but coming at so critical a Juncture, and so unexpected, it is by many Circumstances augmented, and the Weight now falling upon me much increased; I feel my own Insufficiency to support it as I wish; but animated by the tenderest Affection for my native Country, and depending on the Advice, Experience, and Abilities of your Lordships, on the Support and Assistance of every honest Man, I enter with Cheerfulness into this arduous Situation, and shall make it the Business of my Life to promote, in every Thing, the Glory and Happiness of these Kingdoms, to preserve and strengthen both the Constitution in Church and State; and, as I mount the Throne in the midst of an expensive, but just and necessary War, I shall endeavour to prosecute it in the Manner the most likely to bring on an honourable and lasting Peace, in Concert with my Allies."

WHEREUPON the Lords of the Council made their humble Request to his Majesty, that this his Majesty's most gracious Declaration to their Lordships might be made public, which his Majesty was pleased to order accordingly.

F. VERNON.

At the Court at *Carleton-House*:

Present the King's most Excellent Majesty,
His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland,
Abp. of *Canterbury*,
Duke of *Leeds*,
Duke of *Newcastle*,
Earl of *Holderness*,
Earl of *Chesham*,
Earl *Waldegrave*,
Earl *Gower*,
Viscount *Falmouth*,
Viscount *Barrington*,
Viscount *Ligonier*,
Lord *Anson*,
Lord *Mansfield*,
Mr. Vice Chamberlain,
Mr. Secretary *Pitt*,
Henry Fox, Esq;
Sir *Thomas Robinson*.

His Majesty at his first coming into the Council was this Day pleased to declare, that understanding that the Law requires he should at his Accession to the Crown, take and subscribe the Oath relating to the Security of the Church of *Scotland*, he was now ready to do it this first Opportunity; which his Majesty was graciously pleased to do, according to the Forms used by the Law of *Scotland*, and subscribed two Instruments thereof in

the Presence of the Lords of the Council, who witnessed the same: And his Majesty was pleased to order, that one of the said Instruments be transmitted to the Court of Session, to be recorded in the Books of Sederunt, and afterwards to be forthwith lodged in the public Register of *Scotland*. And that the other of them remain among the Records of the Council, and be entered in the Council Book.

His late Majesty rose in the Morning at his usual Hour, without any apparent Signs of Indisposition. He called his Page, drank his Chocolate, and enquired about the Wind, as if anxious of the Arrival of the Mails. He opened his Window, and looking out of it, and seeing it a fine Day, said he would walk in the Gardens. This passed while the Page attended him at Breakfast; but on leaving the Room he heard a deep Sigh, immediately followed by a Noise like the falling of a Billet of Wood from the Fire, and returning hastily, found the King dropt from his Seat, as if in attempting to ring the Bell, who said faintly, *Call Amelia*, and then expired. He was instantly raised, and laid upon the Bed, the Princess was called, who was told he was Dead upon her entering the Room, but being a little deaf, and her Spirits being hurried by the Alarm, she did not understand what was said; and ran up to the Bed-side, and stooping tenderly over her Father, as thinking he might speak to her in a low Voice, she then first discovered he was Dead; this Shock so sudden, so unexpected, and so violent, threw her into an Agony, and produced a Disorder from which she is not yet recovered.

His Majesty, in the Fall, received a small Hurt on his Temple, and his Physicians and Surgeons being sent for, came instantly to his Assistance, but without Effect. An Attempt was made to bleed him, but the Issues of Life were dried up. The News of this Event, which threw the Court into the utmost Consternation, was carried to the Secretaries of State. Mr. *Pitt*, whose Coach was ready at the Door to drive to his Country Seat, was then ordered instantly to *Kew*, where he acquainted his Majesty with the great Event in Form, the King having first heard it on the Road, as he was riding out, by a Messenger who had been dispatched by one of the Pages of the Presence, he turned back, and at *Kew* he received a Letter from the Princess *Amelia*, soon after which Mr. *Pitt* arrived.

His Highness prepared immediately to attend the Privy Council, that upon the King's Demise, had got together as fast as possible. What followed, the Articles in the Gazette declare.—His late Majesty derived his Title to these Kingdoms from *Elizabeth*, the only surviving Daughter to *James I.* who married *Frederick V.* Count *Palatine* of the *Rhine*, elected King of *Bohemia*, but never put in Possession of the Throne. By this Prince, *Elizabeth* had a Daughter, who was afterwards married to *Ernest Augustus*, Elector of *Brunswick*, and Duke of *Hanover*, the Great Grandfather to the late King. Upon the Abdication of King *James II.* his two Daughters *Mary & Anne*, successively filled the *British* Throne; but, both dying without Issue, the Crown devolved on *George I.* Grandson to *Elizabeth*, Daughter of *James I.* This Prince, when of Age, married his first Cousin, Daughter and Heiress of the Duke of *Zell*, by which that Dukedom became united to the Dominions of *Hanover*. This Lady, whose Name was *Sophia Dorothea*, is said by a German Writer to have been betrothed to *Augustus Frederick*, Prince of *Wolfenbuttle*, two Years before she was prevailed upon, by Motives of Family Interest, to marry the young Prince of *Brunswick*. This may in some sort account for that little Affection that afterwards subsisted between those great Personages. By this Marriage, however, he had two Children, the late King, and a Princess, married to the late King of *Prussia*, Mother to the present illustrious Monarch. Our late King was

born 1683, and when in his Fifteenth Year, was presented by his Grandfather, the Prince of *Zell*, to King *William*, who received him with the Fondness of a Parent. On the 4th of *April* 1706, he was elected Knight Companion of the most Noble Order of the *Garter*; on the second of *June* following was invested with the whole Habit and Ensigns of the Order; and, on the 22d of *December* 1710, was inflated at *Windsor*, with the Dukes of *Devonshire* and *Argyle*, Lord *Halifax* being his Proxy. In *November* 1706, he was created Duke, Marquis, Earl, and Viscount, by the Titles of Duke, and Marquis of *Cambridge*, Earl of *Milford-haven*, Viscount *North-Allerton*, and Baron of *Tewksbury*.—It was observed by some Friends of his Highness, at that Time, that it was a Defect to give him the Peerage of *England*, and not the Precedency of all other Peers.

In 1708, he went a Volunteer to make a Campaign in the *Netherlands*, under *John*, Duke of *Marlborough*. On the 22d of *June* he arrived at the Camp, and on the 11th of *July*, the Battle of *Oudenard* was fought, in which his Electoral Highness putting himself at the Head of a Squadron of *Hanoverian* Dragoons, commanded by Lieut. Gen. *Bulow*, charged the Enemy Sword in Hand, with the greatest Intrepidity. His Horse was killed under him, and Col. *Lujeky*, who commanded the Squadron, was slain, bravely fighting by his Side. On the Accession of *George I.* to the Throne in 1714, Orders were brought from *Hanover* to the Regency, to prepare a Patent for creating the Electoral Prince, *George Augustus*, Prince of *Wales*.

George I. dying at *Osnabrug*, *June* 11, on the 14th the melancholy News arrived in *England*, whereupon the Lords of the Privy Council assembling at *Leicester-House*, gave Orders for proclaiming his Son *George*, Prince of *Wales*, King of *England*, which was done about 10 o'Clock in the Morning of the next Day. On Wednesday, the 11th of *October*, 1727 (O. S.) his Majesty was Crowned in *Westminster-Abbey*, with his Royal Consort the Princess *Carolina Wilhelmina Dorothea*, Daughter of *John Frederick*, Margrave of *Brandenburg-Anspach*, to whom he was Married on the 22d Day of *June* 1705.

Upon opening his Majesty, the right Ventricle of the Heart was found burst, and the Pericardium filled with a great Quantity of extravasated and coagulated Blood. The left Ventricle was found empty, and the Coats of all the Vessels were worn away extremely thin, and every Symptom appeared that indicated a universal Decay of all the vital Parts. His Majesty had been frequently out of Order of late, and his Pulse so extremely low, that the Physicians could scarce perceive any Motion in it at all. The Key of his Bureau was found in his Hand.

SUNDAY 26.

THIS Day, about Noon, his Majesty [King *GEORGE III.*] was Proclaimed, first before *Saville House*, where the Officers of State, Nobility, and Privy Counsellors, were present, with the Officers of Arms, all being on Foot; then the Officers of Arms, being mounted on Horseback, the like was done at *Charing-Cross*, within *Temple-Bar*; at the End of *Wood-Street*, in *Cheapside*; and, lastly, at the *Royal Exchange*, with the usual Solemnities. The Archbishop of *Canterbury*, the Duke of *Leeds*, and Lord *Falmouth*, attended the Procession into the City.

The Form of the Proclamation is as follows:

WHEREAS it has pleased Almighty God, to call to his Mercy our late Sovereign Lord King *GEORGE* the Second, of blessed Memory, by whose Decease the Imperial Crowns of *Great-Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, are solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince *GEORGE*, Prince of *Wales*; we therefore the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of this Realm, being

ANNAPOLIS, Dec 10
 By a late Northern Gazette, just come to Hand, we learn, That a Ship from *London* is lately arrived at *Essex*, by which there is an Account, That Preparations are now making, with the utmost Expedition, for the greatest and most important Expedition that ever went out. It is said it will consist of all the Land Forces and Men of War that can possibly be gathered out of the Kingdom, under the Command of Field Marshal Lord Viscount *Ligonier*. That on the 17th of *October* an Action happened between an advanced Guard of the King of *Prussia*, and the *Austrians*, in which the Advantage was entirely on the side of the *Prussians*, who, notwithstanding the Superiority of the *Austrians*, took 15 Pieces of Cannon, and kill'd and made Prisoners some Hundreds of them. That the *Prussian* Army was raised by General *Wolfe*, who arrived before that Place, after a most surprising March from *Cologne* in 11 Days. The *Rain* went off with great Precipitation, leaving their *Leaves*, Cannon, Ammunition and Provisions, to the *Prussians*.

By the same Paper, we have an Account from *North Carolina*, That all Prospect of a Peace with the *Indians* was vanisht; one *Louis Lawrence*, a *Providence* Man, once a Cadet in *Captn. Mifflin's* Company of Independents, after that a Trader from *Carolina* to the *Cherokee*, but now a *French Officer*, had arriv'd with Presents from the *French*, and persuaded them to take up the Hatchet against the *Indians*. And that they were joined by the *Cherokee* and *Chickasaw*, and are supposed to be in all about 1000, on the 7th of *Novemb*. That they intended to lay siege to *Fort Prince George*, and destroy all the *Cherokee* before them. That they had burnt their Towns and Houses destroyed the *Indians* and had sufficient Supplies of Corn and Provisions, so which some of our own People conjectured, so that they were in a Condition to carry on the War, and in a Disposition to do it with the utmost Fury. That they greatly despised the *English*, and treated their Threats with Contempt; especially since Colonel *Byrd* with his Army, notwithstanding his Menace, was so far from being likely to molest them, that they retired to winter in *Augusta County*. The *Indians* refused to accept of the Prisoners of their own Nation, in Exchange for ours, with the greatest Didain. This Account came by Express from the Governor of *Carolina* to his Excellency General *Amherst*, desiring his Assistance. *Sam. 20. 2.* *Thus saith the LORD of Hosts, I remember that Amalek did to Israel, how he laid wait for him in the Way—Now go, and smite Amalek, and utterly destroy all that they have, and spare them not; but slay both Man and Woman, Infant and Suckling, Ox and Sheep, Camel and Ass.*

By Captain *Lawson*, arrived at *Philadelphia* from *Tampana*, we learn, that his Majesty's Ships *Hunterton*, *Berney* and *Uxely*, fell in, and had a most engaging Battle, with five French Frigates, of good Force; when they took two of them; run ashore and burnt two others, one of which is said to be *M. Chastelain's* Ship; and the Fifth, with some Vessels that were under their Convoy, captured.

Monday Night last Died here, after a few Days Illness, Mr. *Patrick Cough*, Merchant, who had long been a very useful, industrious, and honest Inhabitant of this City.

TO BE RENTED IN ALEXANDRIA,
 THE GEORGE TAVERN, which hath Three Fire-Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar: Six good Lodging Rooms above; a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining room 20 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Fire-Place, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD-TABLE. There is a good Stable, with Stalls for Ten Horses, well furnished; a Garden pal'd in, a smoke House, necessary House, Oven, &c. It is situated about half a Mile from the Court-House. Any Person of Credit may have it for a Term of Years, upon reasonable Terms, and enter on the Premises in good Order. Apply to WILLIAM RAMSAY.

TO BE LET
 By Mr. *Seabrook*, or Talbot Court House, by the *Law*, or on a Term of Years,
 A CONVENIENT HOUSE for a Tavern, and a BILLIARD-TABLE. Any Person inclinable to Rent or Lease the said House and Table, may know the Terms by applying to JOSEPH COLEMAN.

JUST PUBLISHED,
 And to be Sold at the PRINTING OFFICE,
 — Wholesale or Retail.

The MARYLAND ALMANACK,

For the Year of our LORD, 1761.
 BEING THE FIRST AFTER
 BISSEXTILE OR LEAP-YEAR.

WHEREIN IS CONTAINED
 The Motions of the Sun and Moon; the true Places and Aspects of the Planets, and Rising and Setting of the Sun and Moon.

LIKEWISE
 The LUNATIONS, CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, Judgment of the WEATHER, Rising and Setting of the PLANETS; Rising, Setting, and Southing, of the Seven STARS: Together with the COURTS of MARYLAND, PENNSYLVANIA, and VIRGINIA; Description of the Roads; an excellent Receipt for the Cure of the DYSENTERY or BLOODY-FLUX, taken from the *Edinburgh Medical Essays*; and several other useful and entertaining Particulars.
 CALCULATED for the Latitude of Thirty-nine Degrees, and a Meridian of Five Hours Well from LONDON; but will very well serve any of the neighbouring Colonies.

ON Tuesday the 25d of December, Ran away from the Subscriber in *Bladenburg* (Prince-George's County) a Convict Servant, named *James Fairbanks*, who formerly lived with Mr. *Hazael Warfield* on *Elk-Ridge*: He is a squat well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 2 Inches high, of a brown Complexion, and very large black Eye brows, a down cast Look, speaks quick, and with great affected Submission: Had on a *Woolen* Cloth Coat and Waistcoat, and carried off a new Hat, a short brown-curl Wig, a Pair of Worsted Stockings, a Pair of white ribbd Ditto, a Pair of Leather Breeches, a white Shirt mark'd T F, and a large blue Surtout Coat with large white Metal Buttons: he likewise took out of the Stable, a Saddle and neat Seal-skin Housing, and a bright Bay Horse near 14 Hands high, shod before, has a bob Tail, and is branded on the Buttock with a large C K. Whoever brings him and the Horse to *Bladenburg*, shall receive Four Pounds Reward and if taken out of the Province, all reasonable Charges paid. DANIEL STEPHENSON.

THERE is in the Possession of *Michael Seelig*, at *Mrs. Adair's* Ferry Landing, *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse about 14 Hands high, with a Blaze in his Face, branded on the near Shoulder E S, and on the Buttock R, and trots and gallops. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1/15/61

THERE is at the Plantation of *Jessica Gaither*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock G, has a short Sprig Tail, a hanging Mane, and is about 4 Years old. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1/15/61

IF JOHN HUTTON, who came from *Kent* in *Westmoreland*, in *England*, be now living, he will, on applying to Messieurs *CARLYLE* and *DALTON*, Merchants in *Alexandria*, hear of something greatly to his Advantage. 2

WANTED,
 A CAREFUL sober MAN, qualified for a Bar-keeper. Such an one, by applying to the Subscriber, may meet with very good Encouragement. 2 X HENRY GAWWAY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at *King's-Town*, *Queen-Anne's* County, a Servant Man named *James App*, born in *London*, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, has a dark Complexion, and long black Hair tied behind. His Apparel, a brown Bearskin Coat pretty much worn, long Of-nabrigs Trowsers, and a Pair of large curv'd Brass Buckles. He has acted of late as a School-master. Any Person taking up the said Runaway, and delivering him to Mr. *James Hutcbings*, on *Keat-Island*, or to Mr. *Michael Flower* at *Queen's-Town*, shall receive Four Pounds Reward; or if brought to me, Five Pounds. JOHN KNIGHT.

By Permission of his Honour the GOVERNOR.
Winchester, in *Virginia*, October 1760
 A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
 FOR Raising the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the Town of WINCHESTER.

1 Ticket of £. 100	£. 100
2 Ditto	50
3 Ditto	25
4 Ditto	10
10 Ditto	5
20 Ditto	3
40 Ditto	2
795 Ditto	1
88 Prizes.	Sum raised 400
2617 Blanks.	

3500 Tickets at 10s. £. 1750
 THE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize. The Drawing to begin the First Day of May next, at the Court-House in *Winchester*. A List of Prizes to be published in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished, without any Deduction.

The Managers are, *George Mercer*, *James Crick*, *Alexander Warrick*, *John Greenfield*, *Robert Rutherford*, *Charles Smith*, *William Rambo*, *Thomas Rutherford*, *John Hite*, *James Keith*, *James Wood*, *Thomas Lemen*, *Jacob Hite*, and *Charles Bradford*, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

Tickets may be had from any of the Managers, from Messieurs *Carlyle* and *Dalton* in *Alexandria*, Mr. *William Scott* in *Frederickburg*, or the *Printing-Office* in *Williamsburg*; from Messieurs *Sydney* in *Upper-Marlborough*, Mr. *John Cary* in *Frederick-Town*, in *Maryland*, or at the *Printing-Office* in *Annapolis*.



THE Ship *Polly*, Burthen about 250 Hogstheads, now in *Choptank*, Will take in TOBACCO for LONDON, on Liberty, at Ten Pounds Sterling per Ton, and sail about the Middle of *January*. Freight apply to Mr. *Archibald Hunter* in *Baltimore*, or the Subscriber in *Talbot*. WILLIAM HUNTER.

TO BE SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Friday the Second of *January* next, at the late Dwelling-House of Mr. *Richard Moore*, near LONDON-TOWN.

A PARCEL of likely COUNTRY-BORN NEGROES, Household Furniture, and Plantation Utensils; also Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Hogs, *Indian* Corn and Tobacco; for Current Money or Bills of Exchange. A short Credit will be given, upon paying Interest, and giving Security if required. The Sale to begin precisely at Eleven o'Clock.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of the said *Richard Moore*, are hereby desired to make speedy Payment, and such as have any Demands against the said Estate, to bring in their Accounts duly proved, that the same may be adjusted and discharged, by

JAMES DICKSON
 for
 THOMAS MOORE, } Executor.
 CHARLES MOORE, }

WILLIAM FARIS,
 WATCH and CLOCK-MAKER, at the Sign of the CROWN and DIAL, near the Church in *Alexandria*.

MAKES or Repairs Clocks and Watches, as usual, in the best and cheapest Manner. He also, having procured an excellent Workman for that Purpose, carries on the SILVER-SMITH'S BUSINESS, Large, Small, or Chain Work, in the neatest, best and cheapest Manner. Also, JEWELLING of any Kind. All Gentlemen or Ladies who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on good Dispatch from
 Their humble Servant,
 WILLIAM FARIS.

N. B. He gives the best Price for old Gold and Silver.

A LIST of the PRIZES
 ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY
 to be in our next.

M

ANNA

SATURDAY, the 10th of December, 1761, who proceeded in a Ship in Six Weeks, from *London*, for *Oxford*, favoured with, and the following very

WHITEHAL

BETWEEN the Morning, our King GEORGE the 3d fell down (speaking) withstanding all recovery. His Majesty 77th Year of his Age beloved, honoured, for his eminent and Whereupon the L Sembling at *Carlton* claiming his present Lords and Others of to be sworn of his was pleased to make Declaration:

"The Loss that I by the Death of th have been severe reg at so critical a it is by many C the Weight now fa I feel my own In with; but animat for my native Co Advice, Experienc ships, on the Sup honest Man, I ent arduous Situation, of my Life to p Glory and Happi preserve and stren in Church and S Throne in the mic and necessary War cute it in the Ma on an honourable with my Allies."

WHEREUPON the it their humble this his Majesty to their Lordsh which his Majesty cordingly.

At the Court Present the King's His Royal Highness Duke of *Cumberland*, *Alp. of Casterbury*, *Duke of Leeds*, *Duke of Newcastle*, *Earl of Holderness*, *Earl of Chalmersley*, *Earl of Aldegrave*, *Earl Gower*,

His Majesty at his was this Day pleased ing that the Law req sion to the Crown, tak ing to the Security he was now ready to which his Majesty according to the Form land, and subscribed

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

[Numb. 817.]

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 1, 1761.

ANNAPOLIS, January 1.

SATURDAY last arrived here from Philadelphia, the Snow Bedford, Capt. George Kild, who came into the Capes on the preceding Monday, with Capt. Gatskill, in a Ship in Six Weeks from London, for Rappahannock; from whom he received *The Gentleman's Magazine* for October last, which we have been favoured with, and from which we have taken the following very melancholy NEWS:

WHITEHALL, Saturday, October 25.

BETWEEN the Hours of VII and VIII this Morning, our late most Gracious Sovereign King GEORGE the Second was suddenly seized at his Palace at Kensington, by a violent Disorder, and fell down speechless, and soon expired, notwithstanding all possible Methods used for his Recovery. His Majesty departed this Life in the 77th Year of his Age, and the 34th of his Reign; beloved, honoured, and regretted, by his Subjects, for his eminent and princely Virtues.

Whereupon the Lords of the Privy Council assembling at Carleton-House, gave Orders for Proclaiming his present Majesty, who caused all the Lords and Others of the late King's Privy Council to be sworn of his Majesty's Privy Council, and was pleased to make the following most gracious Declaration:

"The Loss that I and the Nation have sustained by the Death of the King my Grandfather would have been severely felt at any Time, but coming at so critical a Juncture, and so unexpected, it is by many Circumstances augmented, and the Weight now falling upon me much increased; I feel my own Insufficiency to support it as I wish; but animated by the tenderest Affection for my native Country, and depending on the Advice, Experience, and Abilities of your Lordships, on the Support and Assistance of every honest Man, I enter with Cheerfulness into this arduous Situation, and shall make it the Business of my Life to promote, in every Thing, the Glory and Happiness of these Kingdoms, to preserve and strengthen both the Constitution in Church and State; and, as I mount the Throne in the midst of an expensive, but just and necessary War, I shall endeavour to prosecute it in the Manner the most likely to bring on an honourable and lasting Peace, in Concert with my Allies."

Whereupon the Lords of the Council made their humble Request to his Majesty, that this his Majesty's most gracious Declaration to their Lordships might be made public, which his Majesty was pleased to order accordingly.

F. VERNON.

At the Court at Carleton-House:

Present the King's most Excellent Majesty,
His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland,
Abp. of Canterbury,
Duke of Leeds,
Duke of Newcastle,
Earl of Holderness,
Earl of Chesham, &c.
Earl Waldegrave,
Earl Gower,
Viscount Falmouth,
Viscount Barrington,
Viscount Ligonier,
Lord Anson,
Lord Mansfield,
Mr. Vice Chamberlain,
Mr. Secretary Pitt,
Henry Fox, Esq;
Sir Thomas Robinson.

His Majesty at his first coming into the Council was this Day pleased to declare, that understanding that the Law requires he should at his Accession to the Crown, take and subscribe the Oath relating to the Security of the Church of Scotland, he was now ready to do it this first Opportunity; which his Majesty was graciously pleased to do, according to the Forms used by the Law of Scotland, and subscribed two Instruments thereof in

the Presence of the Lords of the Council, who witnessed the same: And his Majesty was pleased to order, that one of the said Instruments be transmitted to the Court of Session, to be recorded in the Books of Sederunt, and afterwards to be forthwith lodged in the public Register of Scotland. And that the other of them remain among the Records of the Council, and be entered in the Council Book.

His late Majesty rose in the Morning at his usual Hour, without any apparent Signs of Indisposition. He called his Page, drank his Chocolate, and enquired about the Wind, as if anxious of the Arrival of the Mails. He opened his Window, and looking out of it, and seeing it a fine Day, said he would walk in the Gardens. This passed while the Page attended him at Breakfast; but on leaving the Room he heard a deep Sigh, immediately followed by a Noise like the falling of a Billet of Wood from the Fire, and returning hastily, found the King dropt from his Seat, as if in attempting to ring the Bell, who said faintly, *Call Amelia*, and then expired. He was instantly raised, and laid upon the Bed, the Princess was called, who was told he was Dead upon her entering the Room, but being a little deaf, and her Spirits being hurried by the Alarm, she did not understand what was said; and ran up to the Bed-side, and stooping tenderly over her Father, as thinking he might speak to her in a low Voice, she then first discovered he was Dead; this Shock so sudden, so unexpected, and so violent, threw her into an Agony, and produced a Disorder from which she is not yet recovered.

His Majesty, in the Fall, received a small Hurt on his Temple, and his Physicians and Surgeons being sent for, came instantly to his Assistance, but without Effect. An Attempt was made to bleed him, but the Issues of Life were dried up. The News of this Event, which threw the Court into the utmost Consternation, was carried to the Secretaries of State. Mr. Pitt, whose Coach was ready at the Door to drive to his Country Seat, was then ordered instantly to Kew, where he acquainted his Majesty with the great Event in Form, the King having first heard it on the Road, as he was riding out, by a Messenger who had been dispatched by one of the Pages of the Presence, he turned back, and at Kew he received a Letter from the Princess Amelia, soon after which Mr. Pitt arrived.

His Highness prepared immediately to attend the Privy Council, that upon the King's Demise, had got together as fast as possible. What followed, the Articles in the Gazette declare.—His late Majesty derived his Title to these Kingdoms from Elizabeth, the only surviving Daughter to James I. who married Frederick V. Count Palatine of the Rhine, elected King of Bohemia, but never put in Possession of the Throne. By this Prince, Elizabeth had a Daughter, who was afterwards married to Ernest Augustus, Elector of Brunswick, and Duke of Hanover, the Great Grandfather to the late King. Upon the Abdication of King James II. his two Daughters Mary & Anne, successively filled the British Throne; but, both dying without Issue, the Crown devolved on George I. Grandson to Elizabeth, Daughter of James I. This Prince, when of Age, married his first Cousin, Daughter and Heiress of the Duke of Zell, by which that Dukedom became united to the Dominions of Hanover. This Lady, whose Name was Sophia Dorothea, is said by a German Writer to have been betrothed to Augustus Frederick, Prince of Wolfenbüttele, two Years before she was prevailed upon, by Motives of Family Interest, to marry the young Prince of Brunswick. This may in some sort account for that little Affection that afterwards subsisted between those great Personages. By this Marriage, however, he had two Children, the late King, and a Princess, married to the late King of Prussia, Mother to the present illustrious Monarch. Our late King was

born 1683, and when in his Fifteenth Year, was presented by his Grandfather, the Prince of Zell, to King William, who received him with the Fondness of a Parent. On the 4th of April 1706, he was elected Knight Companion of the most Noble Order of the Garter; on the second of June following was invested with the whole Habit and Emblems of the Order; and, on the 22d of December 1710, was installed at Windsor, with the Dukes of Devonshire and Argyle, Lord Halifax being his Proxy. In November 1706, he was created Duke, Marquis, Earl, and Viscount, by the Titles of Duke, and Marquis of Cambridge, Earl of Milford-haven, Viscount North-Allerton, and Baron of Trevillury.—It was observed by some Friends of his Highness, at that Time, that it was a Defect to give him the Peerage of England, and not the Precedency of all other Peers.

In 1708, he went a Volunteer to make a Campaign in the Netherlands, under John, Duke of Marlborough. On the 22d of June he arrived at the Camp, and on the 11th of July, the Battle of Oudenard was fought, in which his Electoral Highness putting himself at the Head of a Squadron of Hanoverian Dragoons, commanded by Lieut. Gen. Bulow, charged the Enemy Sword in Hand, with the greatest Intrepidity. His Horse was killed under him, and Col. Tuschky, who commanded the Squadron, was slain, bravely fighting by his Side. On the Accession of George I. to the Throne in 1714, Orders were brought from Hanover to the Regency, to prepare a Patent for creating the Electoral Prince, George Augustus, Prince of Wales.

George I. dying at Osnabrug, June 11, on the 14th the melancholy News arrived in England, whereupon the Lords of the Privy Council assembling at Leicester-House, gave Orders for proclaiming his Son George, Prince of Wales, King of England, which was done about 10 o'Clock in the Morning of the next Day. On Wednesday, the 11th of October, 1727 (O. S.) his Majesty was Crowned in Westminster-Abbey, with his Royal Consort the Princess Carolina Wilhelmina Dorothea, Daughter of John Frederick, Margrave of Brandenburg-Anspach, to whom he was Married on the 22d Day of June 1705.

Upon opening his Majesty, the right Ventricle of the Heart was found burst, and the Pericardium filled with a great Quantity of extravasated and coagulated Blood. The left Ventricle was found empty, and the Coats of all the Vessels were worn away extremely thin, and every Symptom appeared that indicated a universal Decay of all the vital Parts. His Majesty had been frequently out of Order of late, and his Pulse so extremely low, that the Physicians could scarce perceive any Motion in it at all. The Key of his Bureau was found in his Hand.

SUNDAY 26.

THIS Day, about Noon, his Majesty [King GEORGE III.] was Proclaimed, first before Saville House, where the Officers of State, Nobility, and Privy Counsellors, were present, with the Officers of Arms, all being on Foot; then the Officers of Arms, being mounted on Horseback, the like was done at Charing-Cross; within Temple-Bar; at the End of Wood-Street, in Cheapside; and, lastly, at the Royal Exchange, with the usual Solemnities. The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Duke of Leeds, and Lord Falmouth, attended the Procession into the City.

The Form of the Proclamation is as follows:

WHEREAS it has pleased Almighty God, to call to his Mercy our late Sovereign Lord King GEORGE the Second, of blessed Memory, by whose Decease the Imperial Crowns of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, are solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince GEORGE, Prince of Wales; we therefore the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of this Realm, being

ing here affected with these of his late Majesty's Privy Council, with Numbers of other principal Gentlemen of Quality, with the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of London, do now hereby, with one Voice and Consent of Tongue and Heart, publish and proclaim, that the high and mighty Prince GEORGE, Prince of Wales, is now, by the Death of our late Sovereign, of happy Memory, become our only lawful and rightful Liege Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, King of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, and so forth. To whom we do acknowledge all Faith and constant Obedience, with all hearty and humble Affection, beseeching GOD, by whom Kings and Queens do Reign, to bless the Royal Prince GEORGE the Third with long and happy Years to Reign over us.

GOD Save the KING.

Given at the Court at Carlton-House, this 25th Day of October 1760.

WILLIAM, Th. Cant. Leeds; Holderness; Cholmondeley; Halls Newcastle; Feltham; Mansfield; Walsgrave; Gosw; Aston; Barington; Ligonier; W. Pitt; W. Finch; T. Robinson; H. Fox; Thomas Chittier, Mayor; and 34 more Noblemen and Gentlemen.

MONDAY

THIS Day his Royal Highness Edward, Duke of York, was, by his Majesty's Command, sworn of his Majesty's most honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board, on his Majesty's right Hand.

The Right Hon. John Earl of Bute, was, by his Majesty's Command, sworn of his Majesty's most honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty was pleased to order, that the Parliament should be prorogued to Thursday, the 13th Day of November next.

His Majesty was pleased to declare, that in all the Prayers, Liturgies, and Collects, for the Royal Family, instead of the Words *Our Royal Highnesses George Prince of Wales, the Princess Dowager of Wales, the Duke, the Princesses, and all the Royal Family* be inserted *Her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales, and all the Royal Family.*

The Order for prohibiting the Exportation of Gunpowder, was renewed for six Months longer.

TUESDAY 28.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, October 28, 1760. ORDERS for the Court to go into Mourning on Sunday next, the second of November, for his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, of blessed Memory, viz.

The Ladies to wear black Bombazines, plain Muffin, or Long Lawn Linen, Crape Hoods, Shamoy Shoes and Gloves, and Crape Fans.

Undress: Dark Norwich Crape. The Men to wear black Cloth, without Buttons on the Sleeves and Pockets, plain Muffin or Long Lawn Cravats and Wepers, Shamoy Shoes and Gloves, Crape Hatbands, and black Swords and Buckles.

Undress: Dark Grey Frocks.

The Lord Marshal's Order for a general Mourning, for his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second:

"IN Pursuance of an Order of his Majesty in Council the 27th Day of October 1760, these are to give public Notice, that it is expected, that all Persons, upon the present Occasion of the Death of his late Majesty, of blessed Memory, do put themselves into the deepest Mourning; (long Cloaks only excepted) the said Mourning to begin upon Sunday, the second of November next. And his Majesty is pleased to permit the Officers of the Army to appear before him in red, faced with black; and the Officers of the Fleet in blue, faced with black.

EFFINGHAM, M." N. B. The Order from the Lord Chamberlain's Office respects the Household only; that from the Lord Marshal, the Public.

This Day the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, and Aldermen of the City of London, waited on his Majesty at Saville House, and being introduced to his Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Devonshire, Lord Chamberlain of the Household, Sir William Moreton, Knt. the Recorder, made their Compliments of Congratulation and Condolance in the following Address:

Most Gracious Sovereign, YOUR Majesty's truly dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, beg Leave to approach your Royal Person, and congratulate your Majesty upon your happy Accession to the Imperial Crown of these Realms, and, at the same Time, to condole the Loss of our late most gracious Sovereign, whose

glorious Reign and princely Virtues must ever make his Memory dear to a grateful People.

It is our peculiar Happiness, that your Majesty's Heart is truly English, and that you have discovered in your earliest Years the warmest Attention to the Laws and Constitution of these your Kingdoms; Laws so excellently formed, that as they give Liberty to the People, they give Power to the Prince, and are a mutual Support of the Prerogative of the Crown, and Rights of the Subject.

Your Majesty is now in Possession of the united Hearts of your People, at a Time when the Honour and Credit of the Nation are (by the Courage and Activity of your Majesty's Fleets and Armies) in the highest Extent; a Time when we have happily no Divisions at home to obstruct those Measures which have carried Terror to our Enemies abroad.

As your Majesty's Reign is so happily begun with the universal Approbation and Joy of the whole Nation, permit us, Great Sir, to express the high Sense we have of your Majesty's Virtues, by the strongest Assurances of our unalterable Zeal for your Majesty's Sacred Person and Government; being convinced that your Majesty has the true Interest of this Nation intirely at Heart, and that your Power will ever be exerted in protecting the Trade, Rights, and Liberties of your Subjects. May you reign long in the Hearts of your People, and may the Crown of these Kingdoms ever descend to one of your Majesty's illustrious Family to latest Posterity.

To which Address his Majesty was pleased to return this most gracious Answer:

"I HAVE great Satisfaction in the early Marks you have given me of your Zeal and Affection for me and my Government.

"And I return you my hearty Thanks. You may rely on my tender Concern for the Rights, Trade, and Manufactures of the City of London."

They were all received very graciously and had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand.

WEDNESDAY 29.

A PROCLAMATION was issued requiring all Persons that were in Office of Authority or Government at the Decease of the late King, to proceed in the Execution of their respective Offices, and to take the Oaths to his present Majesty as soon as convenient.

Expreses were this Day sent from the Admiralty and War-Office to Portsmouth, Plymouth, and other Ports, for several Commanders in the different Departments: At the same Time a Packet was dispatched to Admiral Hawke in the Bay; And an Order given, for putting in Execution, the Orders for the sailing of the Expedition Fleet.

From the same MAGAZINE

THE Advices we received from Germany at the Beginning of this Month were favourable to the King of Prussia, and to the Cause of the Allies. His Majesty on the 17th inst, in marching to cover Schweidnitz, was attacked by the Austrians, whom he defeated with the Loss of a considerable Number of their Troops, and 17 pieces of Cannon. The same Mails by which this News was received, brought also a Confirmation of the raising the Siege of Colberg by Gen. Werner, after a most surprizing March of 250 Miles, from Glogau, in eleven Days. The Russians, tho' superior in Number, and well posted, went off, with the greatest Precipitation, abandoning Tents, Cannon, Ammunition, Baggage, Forage, and Provisions, to the Prussians. The combined Fleets of Russia and Sweden put to Sea at the same Time.

With these favourable Advices came also an Account that the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick had opened a new Scene upon the Lower Rhine, and on the 3d Instant had invaded Wesel, after having driven the Enemy from their Redoubts on the left Bank of the River, and forced the Garrison of Cleves, first to retire into the Castle, and then to surrender Prisoners of War.

With the flattering hopes resulting from these favourable Appearances, we were left in Suspence from the 8th Instant to the 27th, when the Arrival of the Mails from Holland, that had been kept back by contrary Winds, disappointed the Expectations that had been raised by the new Enterprizes of our Generals.

Whilst his Prussian Majesty's Attention was occupied in covering Silesia from the numerous Hosts of his Enemies, large Detachments were made from their main Armies, and marched with all imaginable Celerity to the Gates of Berlin. These were joined by the Imperial Army, who bring no

longer opposed in Saxony by Gen. Hulsen, followed that experienced General in his March to the Relief of the Capital, and arrived just time enough to be Witnesses of its Surrender. The Number of Troops that came before it is said to amount to 40,000 Russians, Austrians and Imperialists; the which arrived to oppose this Force, to no more than 15 or 16,000 Men.

The Particulars of the Surrender that have been received, are in Substance as follows: That the Prussian Generals, Prince Eugene of Wirtemberg, and General Hulsen, finding it impossible to make head against the Superiority of the Enemy retired under the Cannon of Spandau, leaving only three weak Battalions in Berlin; that on the 8th Instant, on the 8th Instant, the City surrendered and the three Battalions were made Prisoners of War; that the Fear of being plundered threw the Inhabitants into the greatest Consternation; that, at the Intercession of the Danish and Dutch Ministers, Promise was made them, that they should be exempted from it, and the strictest Discipline has been observed in Consequence; that the Austrians, however, immediately levelled the Arsenal and Magazines with the Ground, in which were immense Quantities of Ammunition and warlike Stores, and demanded 2 or 300,000 Guilders to be paid to the commanding Officers; that being paid, Measures were taking for raising Contributions, which are said to amount to 1,900,000 Crowns, on the Payment of which the Inhabitants have received Assurances, that they shall be allowed the free Exercise of their Religion. Immediately after the Surrender of the City three Guards were placed at the Houses of all the Foreign Ministers, whither many of the most considerable Inhabitants retired for Safety. The Austrians were quartered upon the Burghers, and the Russians in the Streets of the City, and in the suburbs.

The City capitulated with General Fermor, Commandant of the Russian Troops. Some Difficulties arose about it with the Austrians, which last were adjusted. The latter consisting of about 15,000 Men, are commanded by the Generals Lascy and Brentano; and having been detached from Marshal Daun's Army, they entered Brandenburg by the Way of Spreinberg.

This is the Substance of the Account brought by the Mails that arrived on the 27th; but Advice has been received since, that the King of Prussia passed by Crossen on the 11th Instant, in his Way to Berlin, which the Enemy evacuated on the 13th. The Russians went to join their Army at Rippin near Frankfort on the Oder; the Austrians went towards Saxony.

The News from General Werner affords some consolation to the afflicted Prussians; this active Officer, after raising the Siege of Colberg, marched immediately to oppose the Swedes, who were advancing to share in the Plunder of the unfortunate City of Berlin; and coming up with them near Pafewalck, carried Sword in Hand the three doubts that covered the Suburbs of that Town, took six Pieces of Cannon, and made about 1000 Prisoners, among whom are 16 Officers. The Loss of the Swedes on this Occasion amounts to more than 1000 Men, that of the Prussians to 100 killed and wounded. Since this Advice, the Swedes have abandoned Prentzlow, and have retired.

The Armies in Silesia have done nothing material. This Stroke of his Enemies, which probably was the Master-stroke they had in View, must have disconcerted the King's Measures; to recover this Blow, will require a new Exertion of his astonishing Powers. In the mean Time, we shall pass to the Rhine, and take a View of the Issue of an Expedition, that had occasioned much Speculation.

The Hereditary Prince could not foresee that heavy Rains that were to fall would prove so fatal to his Enterprize than the Enemy he was to attack. The Waters of the Rhine and the Lippe overflowed their Banks, and rendered the Road through Westphalia impracticable. But notwithstanding these Obstructions, his Highness succeeded in throwing two Bridges over the Rhine, one above and the other below Wesel, and opened the Marches in the Night of the 10th Instant, without Loss. The Governor made two or three Salles but without Damage to the Works; and at the same Time he set about fortifying the Bridge of the Rhine, by which he was to receive Succour. While this was doing before Wesel, Marshal Broglio was getting together, under the Command of the Marquis de Caillies, a large Body of Troops Part from the great Army in Hesse, and Part from the Low Countries.

The Enemy delay occasion their Detachment obliged an advantage. The Parson to recon superior, to sur this View, be esied sixteen B to advance tow have succeeded thrown themse Convent of G pass to get to Attack made a Camp, and gay Arms. Howe the Attack, whi but the Enemy which it was Prince, after fig proper to draw of which role to the Siege was treated in the fastation, with whi Proofs of their E Gen. de Segur, and Soldiers wh with one Pair of nos. The Los amounts to nea fill more; so t ority, and that Army was to p the Rhine, they passage, or even

The Affair o mined the Prin Troops must ha this advanced S the Blockade, a Part of the Am about a League Camp. In this manded Home's who commande ken Prisoners, a

The French and that the Lo 6000 Men. It these Enterpriz and yet, in the C not to be risque

The excessive visions, have at quit the Landgr accordingly bro ing back toward

The latest Ac fear that a War try. The King midable Army a Don Philip is dr his Motions. nor the Empre tors, and if the protracted, the may, by this Balance.

Advices from of the Assassina was said to be Vixier, who ha which his M Stroke of Treaf a jealousy the being secretly fe themselves defo Patans are a b bling the North to Persia. The Minister's sollici Pleasures of the on their Return. Vixier reminde tion, as is custo Deluded by thi he alighted, an Assassins, who fatal Bow-string on the Throne Aurenzgebe. military Patans Army, defeated head of Delhi, the Son of the Grand Daughte

A LIST of the NUMBERS which came up in the ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, drawn the 10th, 11th, and 12th of the Month.

Prizes which came up Prizes of FIFTY POUNDS each, Nov. 13, 14, and 15.			
112	934	1315	2055
697	1420	1792	2008
Prizes of FIVE POUNDS each, Nov. 13, 14, and 15.			
97	575	1074	1519
238	608	1215	1583
410	744	1239	1790
474	1034	1432	1919
Prizes of FORTY SHILLINGS each,			
45	802	1469	2197
55	813	1644	2335
61	845	1654	2351
117	1011	1785	2380
230	1047	1874	2380
311	1057	2033	2423
387	1136	2132	2484
700	1331	2191	2508
Prizes of TWENTY SHILLINGS each,			
3	350	620	871
5	355	621	876
9	359	623	878
25	359	624	882
27	364	628	887
29	368	628	887
31	369	629	897
35	375	630	893
50	383	631	901
61	388	634	908
69	388	634	908
78	391	647	913
90	407	641	917
94	413	656	920
93	420	657	923
101	428	658	925
128	433	663	927
132	436	664	928
138	441	669	938
139	442	671	945
140	447	674	946
143	449	677	948
145	454	681	955
149	459	685	957
151	465	688	960
156	467	690	968
166	468	699	969
169	469	703	977
186	471	704	983
189	472	705	991
191	475	711	994
193	482	713	995
199	483	715	996
200	491	719	1012
201	500	722	1013
216	512	727	1014
219	513	731	1015
211	518	732	1016
212	520	744	1017
215	525	745	1018
227	529	746	1019
233	533	749	1020
234	539	755	1021
240	544	760	1022
242	551	761	1023
248	552	764	1024
251	559	766	1025
256	561	769	1026
258	562	773	1027
265	567	776	1028
278	569	777	1100
270	572	779	6
273	578	785	7
282	581	786	12
283	586	792	14
288	588	796	18
293	594	800	21
295	595	805	27
298	597	806	29
305	597	827	30
315	599	831	33
319	601	832	34
325	603	835	42
326	609	844	43
328	613	849	48
330	614	857	49
336	617	865	50
338	618	865	52

Prizes of TWENTY SHILLINGS each,							
1964	2099	2212	2381	2519	2688	2869	
66	2120	41	85	20	89	70	
56	22	40	92	33	90	83	
1	23	51	94	38	93	89	
76	26	52	2400	42	95	93	
79	30	57	5	48	96	97	
85	31	62	11	50	2700	2900	
89	35	64	17	59	1	1	
95	36	65	20	60	2	4	
98	37	70	22	61	15	7	
60	39	82	28	63	17	10	
2004	41	85	29	69	24	13	
9	43	88	30	79	27	10	
16	45	91	36	94	28	17	
26	47	93	38	95	30	27	
29	54	95	42	96	31	28	
31	59	96	44	97	41	29	
38	61	2700	50	2602	57	41	
39	62	5	55	6	59	43	
40	64	8	59	9	60	51	
41	65	10	61	15	75	52	
48	70	14	67	16	87	53	
56	76	25	72	23	93	55	
58	82	28	73	27	99	60	
59	84	29	74	35	2800	61	
65	85	32	76	38	3	62	
66	89	33	80	44	6	63	
72	91	37	82	46	8	70	
73	2201	44	88	47	22	72	
75	2	45	94	51	26	81	
77	4	49	98	52	32	83	
80	8	54	2502	53	33	84	
82	10	58	11	54	36	85	
86	15	63	12	68	44	87	
87	23	64	14	69	47	90	
90	24	65	15	80	48	92	
94	25	69	16	83	67	95	
93	27	72	17	87	68	99	
97	41	77					

By Permission of his Honour the GOVERNOR.
Winchester, in Virginia, October 1760.
A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
FOR Raising the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds,
for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the
Town of WINCHESTER.

1 Ticket of £. 100	£. 100
2 Ditto	50
3 Ditto	25
6 Ditto	10
16 Ditto	5
20 Ditto	3
40 Ditto	2
795 Ditto	1
883 Prizes.	Sum raised 400
2617 Blanks.	

3500 Tickets at 10s. £. 1750

THE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize.
 The Drawing to begin the First Day of
 May next, at the Court-House in Winchester.
 A List of Prizes to be published in the *Virginia*
 and *Maryland* Gazettes, and the Money to be paid
 as soon as the Drawing is finished, without any
 Deduction.
 The Managers are, *George Mercer, James Crank,*
Alexander Woodrow, John Greenfield, Robert Butter-
ford, Charles Smith, William Ramsay, Thomas Ru-
therford, John Hite, James Keith, James Wood,
Thomas Lemen, Jacob Hite, and Charles Bradford,
 who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the
 faithful Discharge of this Trust.
 Tickets may be had from any of the Managers,
 from Messieurs *Carlyle and Dalton* in *Alexandria,*
 Mr. *William Scott* in *Fredericksburg,* or the *Print-*
ing-Office in *Williamsburg;* from Messieurs *Symmers*
 in *Upper-Marlborough,* Mr. *John Cary* in *Frederick-*
Town, in *Maryland,* or at the *Printing-Office* in
Annapolis.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at
King's-Town *Queen-Anne's County,* a ser-
 vant Man named *James Ash,* born in *London,* about
 5 Feet 4 Inches high, has a dark Complexion,
 and long black Hair tied behind. His Apparel,
 a brown Bearskin Coat pretty much worn, long Of-
 nabrigs Trowsers, and a Pair of large cur'd Brass
 Buckles. He has acted of late as a School-master.
 Any Person taking up the said Runaway, and de-
 livering him to Mr. *James Hutchings,* on *Kent-*
land, or to Mr. *Michael Flower* at *Queen's-Town,*
 shall receive Four Pounds Reward; or if brought
 to me, Five Pounds. JOHN KNIGHT.

IF JOHN HUTTON, who came from *Es-*
dall in *Westmoreland,* in *England,* be now living
 he will, on applying to Messieurs *CARLYLE* and
DALTON, Merchants in *Alexandria,* hear of some-
 thing greatly to his Advantage.

Upper-Marlborough, December 1, 1760.
 ESCAPED from the Goal of *Prince-George*
County, Yesterday in the Afternoon, the two
 following Prisoners:

Norwood *Franceway,* committed some Time ago
 on Suspicion of Robbing Mr. *Stephenson's* Store
Bladenburg, of which he was cleared last *November*
 Court, and was only detained till he found Secu-
 rity for his Fees. He was born in the County
 aforesaid, aged about 18 Years, about 5 Feet 1
 Inches high, brown Complexion, wears his own
 Hair, which is middling long. His Cloaths were
 an old brown colour'd Cloth Coat, a Pair of
 Leather Breeches, Check Shirt, and a Pair of
 Yarn Stockings. And,

A Negro Man named *Phill,* committed as a
 Runaway, and says he belongs to *Benjamin De-*
of Cecil County. He formerly belonged to
Thomas Baldwin near *Annapolis.* He is about
 5 Feet high, about 28 or 30 Years of Age. He has
 on two Country Cloth Jackets, a Pair of
 nabrigs Trowsers, Osnabrigs Shirt, a Pair of
 Shoes, and a Felt Hat.

Whoever will bring the above named Prisoners
 to *Upper-Marlborough,* shall receive Two Pounds
 Reward for the Negro, and One Pistole for
Norwood *Franceway,* paid by

BENJAMIN BROOKES.

STRAYED or Stolen from *George-Town* in
Serick County, on the first of *November* last
 the Three following Creatures, viz.

A Black Mare about 13½ Hands high, pale
 flow, branded on the near Buttock I.

A Dark Iron Roan Gelding, about 14 Hands
 high, branded on the near Shoulder B O, with
 Blaze Face. And,

A Bay Gelding about the same Size, brande
 on the near Buttock with something like the Crest
 of a Por-Hook.

Whoever brings the said Creatures to the Sub-
 scriber in *George-Town,* shall have a Reward of
 Thirty Shillings, or Ten Shillings for either, paid
 by JOHN ORME.

STOLEN or Stray'd, some Time since, from
Baltimore-Town, a Dark Bay Horse, about
 13 Hands high, branded on the off Buttock with
 something resembling the Letter I; a Star in
 Forehead; trots, paces and gallops: He formerly
 was the Property of Mr. *Thomas Jennings* in
Annapolis, and known by the Name of *Prince.*

Also broke loose from her Moorings in the
 North West Branch of *Patuxet* River, a twelve
 Footed Hoghead Flat, without Rudder, Tiller,
 Oars, or main Thwart.

Whoever brings either or both to *William*
 at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, or to *Alexander Stewart*
 in *Baltimore-Town,* shall receive Thirty Shillings
 for the former, and Forty Shillings for the
 latter.

ALIKELY young NEW NEGRO LAB-
 orer to be Sold by the Subscriber, for *Bills*
Maryland Paper Currency.

RICHARD TOOTILL.

Nottingham, November 15, 1760.
 JUST IMPORTED,
 the Catharine, Capt. Warden, from *Glas-*
 and to be Sold, Wholesale or Retail, for Cash,
 of Exchange, or Tobacco, by Mr. HENRY
 MAN at BENEDECT, and the Subscriber at
 NOTTINGHAM.

A LARGE Assortment of GOODS, fresh
 to the Season, which, with the Remains
 last Summer's Importation, form a pretty good
 Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA
 GOODS.

The Subscriber hath also to Sell, Wholesale
 Retail, good *Barbados* Rum, and *Muscovado* Sugar,
 and will allow a good Price in Goods for
 Tobacco. THOMAS CAMPBELL.

New-Port, Charles County, Sept. 15, 1760.
 To be SOLD by WHOLESALE,

A QUANTITY of *Kendall* Cottons, *Bee-*
skins, *Duffels,* *Half-Thicks,* *Kerseys,* *Brown-*
Cloths, and *Forest* Cloths, for Money, *Bills*
 change, or Tobacco, by

MATTHEW M. [unclear]

me from ...
be now living ...
hear of some ...
er 1, 1760 ...
Prince-George ...
noon, the ...
ome Time ...
en's Store ...
last Novembe ...
he found ...
in the Court ...
out 5 Feet ...
wears his ...
Cloaths ...
a Pair of ...
d a Pair of ...
ommitted ...
Benjamin ...
clonged to ...
He is abou ...
Age. He ...
Pair of ...
a Pair of ...
named ...
Two Pills ...
Pistole for ...
N BROOKES ...
ge-Town in ...
November ...
ands high, ...
k I ...
about 14 ...
der B O, ...
e Size, ...
ng like the ...
ures to the ...
ve a Reward ...
s for either, ...
JOHN ORME ...
Time since, ...
Horie, ...
off Buttock ...
I; a Star in ...
ps: He form ...
ennings in ...
Prince ...
Floorings in ...
River, a ...
Rudder, ...
h to William ...
ander ...
Shillings ...
Shillings for ...
NEGRO LAB ...
ber, for ...
RD TOOTILL ...
ber 15, 1760 ...
TE D, ...
from ...
ail, for ...
r. HENRY ...
Subscriber at ...
GOODS, ...
h the Remains ...
a pretty ...
d EAST-IND ...
ell, Wholesale ...
Muscovado ...
n Goods for ...
AS CAMPBELL ...
r, Sept. 15, 1760 ...
LESALLE ...
all Cottons, ...
Kerleys, ...
oney, Bills of ...
EW M ...

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 8, 1761.

L O N D O N, Oct. 7.

THE following six Regiments have lately received Orders to be in Readiness for Embarkation, viz. Lord Beauclerk's, Lord Panborough's, Lord Londonderry's, Lord Effingham's, Lord Robert Manners's, Crauford's Light Infantry, & Burgoyne's Light Dragoons. And, Yesterday (Sunday) a fine Train of Brass Artillery, consisting of 25 Pieces of Ordnance, of 20 and 24 Pounders, on new Carriages, each drawn by 11 Horses, and guarded by a Company of Mufflers, went from the Tower to Portsmouth. A great Number of small Brass Cannon, of 6 and 8 Pounders, followed the Train, and the Number of Draught Horses were 300. A great Number of spare Carriages, and other Materials, went with the Train, to be ready in case an Accident might happen on the Road, by breaking of Carriages, &c.

Orders were sent to the Tower last Night, for a Number of Detached Cannon, Mortars, &c. to be got out and put on Ship-board, which was accordingly done this Morning: And the Frigates that have been taken up for some Months past, are ordered to carry more Cavalry to Germany, are now ordered to be in Readiness to take on board 6 or 8000 Foot, and to proceed immediately to Portsmouth; but their Destination is not known.

By Advice from Colberg, we find that the Inhabitants have greatly suffered by the Siege, the Russians having thrown 400 Bombs into the Town; however, the Enemy have paid dear for it. It is reckoned that since the Arrival of General Werner before the Place, they have had 600 Men killed, and 400 made Prisoners, besides the Loss of Honour in flying from an inferior Force, and that too in Sight of their own Fleet.

Lord Ingham is perfectly recovered of his late Indisposition. A Dutch Ship, arrived at Helvoetsdijck, on the 20th of September, a Blythe Privateer, who had with him two English Ships from Boston, loaded with about 1000 Casks of Sugar, besides India and Cotton. The Privateer obliged the Dutchman to take 16 of the English Sailors on board.

Letters from Holland of the 2d Instant, import, that a large Body of Hibernian Troops, under the Hereditary Prince of Brabant, had divided themselves in small Parties, had possest the Rhine on the 1st, and had taken Possession of Rhysswick, Nantzen, Kalken, Guch and Cleve; and that Weis had surrendered to them by Capitulation.

It may be depended upon, that the French at Pondicherry are in great Distress. They circulated Paper Money to their Dependents and commercial Friends, about them, it was refused; and, like Apollo in Extremity, rather than Efforts, all the Inhabitants have been obliged to deliver in their Plate, even to their Swords and Shoe-buckles, in order to be coined into Rupees; and every Man who owns a House, is obliged to lay down Half its Value, or it is sold at public Auction, in order to pay their Debts, who are very numerous.

Some private Letters received in Holland from France advise, that as vigorous Efforts are making for the Rest of the Campaign, and as many Merchants and Artisans dragged from their Employments, and forced into the Service, as if they had in view the Conquest of a Kingdom.

Rebels are raising with much Diligence in Hanover, that Parents are compelled to send for the young Fellows, their Sons, who have left the Country, to avoid being killed.

All the Letters from Hanover mention, how much the French are desirous for Want of Provisions, and particularly for their Horses, which must oblige them either to fight or starve.

In the late bad Weather, the Mail-Boat, Scott, from London to Colchester, was lost near Plymouth, she was a very large Stondrup, formerly the Elizabeth Indian. Her Cargo is lost, except 20 Barrels of Powder, the Cannon, Mortars, Shells, &c. The Ship is all to Pieces.

Letters from Paris, dated the 29th of October, advise, that last Night an Express arrived with Orders to build and repair within a fortnight between 70 and 40 flat-bottomed Boats, which are begun upon this Day, though Sunday, Saturday, &c. The French Frigate Vengeance arrived at Spithead, in 23 Days from Quebec, with Dispatches from General Amherst.

October 2. We hear that a new Treaty of Peace and Friendship is on the Tapis between the Court of Spain and our Court, and that all the former Treaties subsisting between the two Kingdoms, are to be the Basis.

October 3. It is concluded that the present Embarkation is intended to be sent up the Rhine.

They write from Vienna, that a Resolution hath been taken to lay a Tax on the Clergy in the Austrian Dominions, equal to a Fourth of the Expences of next Year's Campaign.

It is said that the Neutral Isles of St. Vincent, St. Dominica, St. Lucia, and Tobago, will provisionally be taken Possession of.

It is said that the new Arrangements of Territory, on the Coast of Comorand and Bengal, will benefit the East-India Company to the Amount of 100,000 l. per Annum.

We hear that four Independent Companies of Foot have received Orders to embark for Senegal immediately.

On the 20th inst, Major General Yorke presented a Memorial to the States General, touching very serious Transactions, relating to the Behaviour of the Governor of St. Eustatia, in seizing an English Vessel which went to take in a Cargo

at that Island. The Governor pretends he did it by Way of Reprizal for the many Seizures made by the English, of Vessels from Eustatia and Coracoa. Mr. Yorke demanded in his Memorial, immediate Restitution of the Vessel, ample Indemnification for all Damages, and the Punishment of the Governor; the whole under Pain of making Reprizals.

The Answer of the States General imports, that they would make a proper Enquiry into this Affair, the Particulars of which they impatiently expected, as they could scarce believe, that the Governor of St. Eustatia would proceed to such Extremities, without better Reasons than those which were assigned, in such a high Tone, in his Excellency's Memorial.

The East-India Ships lately arrived, have brought, among other Things,

1,984,600	lbs. of Salt-petre,
4,782,200	of Bohea Tea,
74,000	of Congo,
147,000	of Hyson,
1,573,200	of Single,
62,000	of Souchong,
337	Chests
320	Half Chests
11	Boxes

of China.

It is said Capt. Wilton of the Pitt Indianman, formerly the Pondicherry, has found out a Spice Island, from whence he has brought over a large Quantity of Cloves, the best that ever was seen. The Dutch had some Jealousy of the Undertaking, and sent a Vessel after him, which the Captain being aware of, told the Dutchman that if he did not sheer off immediately back he would sink him; which Menace was duly regarded, and had the desired Effect.

Mr. Rollin the French Farmer General, died the 26th of September last at Paris near Paris. He left nine Millions of Livres in ready Money.

Letters from Rome, inform us, that the Pope is highly provoked at the Stop which the King of Portugal hath put to all Intercourse between his Subjects and the Court and Subjects of Rome, in Spirituals as well as Temporal. All the Portuguese that leave the Ecclesiastic State, retire into the Kingdom of Sardinia's Territories, by Order of their Court.

On the 12th of August last, the following Wager was decided on St. Hillary Downs: A Gentleman betted Mr. John Reed 20 Guineas to 10, that he did not ride his Horse 100 Miles in 16 Hours: Mr. Reed, trusting to the Goodness of his Horse, cheerfully undertook it, and as cheerfully performed it on a measured Course in 15 Hours and 40 Minutes. He set out at Two in the Morning, and finished at 40 Minutes past 5 in the Afternoon, to the Admiration of more than 1000 Spectators. Indeed, when all the Circumstances attending this Affair are duly attended to, it must appear as extraordinary a Thing as has ever been performed in this Way. Mr. Reed is a very fat Man, and rode (Furniture included) upwards of 17 Stone. His Horse is 14 Hands and a Half high, upwards of 10 Years old, blind of one Eye, and not more than two Months ago fell several Feet, over a perpendicular Cliff near this Town, which lamed, cut, and bruised him so much, that it was feared he would never be fit for Service again. Mr. Reed himself did not seem fatigued, and spent the Evening as cheerfully as if he had rode only 20 Miles, and continued perfectly well. Several Petitions were feverely taken in on the Occasion.

ST. JAGO DE LA VENA (in Jamaica) October 25. A French Frigate, of 36 Guns, was sent into Port-Royal on Thursday Afternoon, being taken by the Boreas, of 28 Guns, after an Engagement of two Hours and 20 Minutes, wherein a great Number of French were killed, as were also two or three on board the Boreas.

Nov. 1. In the late Engagement between his Majesty's Ships Boreas, Capt. Uvedale, the Lively, Capt. Matland, and the French Frigates Syrene, Captain M'Carty, and the Valleur, M. Talbot, the great Superiority of Courage in English Seamen, over that of the French, was so highly demonstrated to, and so deeply felt by, those brave Gallic Commanders, that, since the two Actions, they could not help frankly acknowledging it, and declaring, that had they had the Happiness to command such Men, they would have fought Hours longer: But they were obliged to make Use of their Swords, to keep their Men to their Quarters.

This Week five Northward and Monto Christi Vessels, laden with French Produce, have been sent into Port-Royal; as also a Ship cleared out at the Custom-House, London, for Monto Christi, where the took in 300 Hogheads of Sugar, and was bound homeward.

NEW-YORK, December 11. Yesterday arrived here in 18 Days from Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, Captain Lempriere, who we hear came Express to his Excellency General AMHERST, from the Governor of Carolina, desiring Assistance against their Indian Enemy: by him we have the Carolina Prints till the 20th of November, from which we have the following Advices, viz.

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) November 22. On Saturday last an Express arrived, with the Dispatches to his Honour, from Captain Benjamin Gordon, of the Royal Scots, Commanding Officer at Congaree, and Ensign Miles, of the Independants, Commandant of Fort Prince-George, News.

Fort Prince-George, November 5, 1760. THE following Particulars appearing to me of such general and weighty Concerns, I have forwarded the same

to Charles-Town with all possible Dispatch.—On the 2d Instant John Welsh came up here from the Middle Settlements, and informed me that Louis Lantnac, a Frenchman born, who was a Cadet in Captain Nelson's Independent Company, thereafter a Trader from Carolina among the Cherokees, and now a French Officer, arrived very lately at Chote, with Presents from the French to these Indians. He immediately sent down for Salloue, or the Young Warrior of Etatoc, who obeyed the Summons, and delivered to him two Letters, which were in his, Salloue's Hands, written by me to Judd's Friend and Oucannolota. Lantnac being Master of both the English and Cherokee Tongues, interpreted those Letters as best suited his own Interest; and having presented Salloue with a Box of Paint, which was accepted, he pulled out a bloody Hatchet, drove it into a Log, and cried out, *Where is the Man that will take that up for the French?* Salloue immediately seized the Hatchet, saying, *I am not tired of War yet, I will give them the English part of it,* and danced the War Dance; after which all the others took up the Hatchet, and declared in Favour of the French. Lantnac enquired if they could give him a Plan of this Fort, or an Account how it was situated; what Force we had in their Opinion, &c. To which they gave as true Answers as they could, adding, that we had Plenty of Ammunition, if he could but take it. He assured them that they alone should have the Fort, and all that should be taken in it, for neither he nor any of his People would touch any of the Plunder, adding, that he would go off, down the River (Fenalls, to Fort L'Assomption) and bring Cannon and Men of his own to come against this Fort; and as a Proof of his determined Design to return, left the 10 Frenchmen which accompanied him, as a Pledge thereof, which he assured them would be in three Weeks from that Time at the furthest. Welsh likewise informed me, that the French Commandant of Fort L'Assomption sent an Invitation to the Standing-Turkey, Judd's Friend, Oucannolota, Salloue, &c. to come to his Fort; but if they accepted the Invitation, he knew not. He likewise informed me, that some Indians were gone to Colonel Byrd, with three white Prisoners, and that after the Cherokees had declared in Favour of the French, a Runner was dispatched to bring them back; but whether he overtook them or not he could not be certain.

As I was not thoroughly satisfied with Welsh's Information, on the 2d Instant I sent up an Indian Wench, who had formerly lived with Richard Smith, and had for some Time past been in this Fort, together with Welsh and his Mother, to bring me what Intelligence they could. The Wench had often been of great Service in bringing Intelligence, and which I had ever found to be genuine, and very exact. When they got to Etatoc, Salloue, or the Young Warrior of Etatoc, who was then just returned from the Overhill Towns, ordered both the Wench and Welsh to be confined, saying, that he would have her whipped through the Town, and her Hair cut off (the highest Degrees of an Indian). Welsh, he said, being one of his Family, he was resolved to kill him: The Wench he ordered to be confined, and let a Guard over her, but his finding them desirous to escape last Night, and arrived here by a bye Road early this Morning, with a Child and a Negroe that belonged to her. She further says, that last Night while she was in Etatoc, two Creek Indians came from a small town at a little Distance from Etatoc, where a Number of the Creek Indians were encamped: They brought in a String of white Beads to Salloue, as a Token of their Friendship, and that they were ready to assist them against us. Salloue gave Orders to shoot any Person found coming to us, either with Provisions or Intelligence.—The Wench can give me no Account what the Barbarians did with poor Welsh. As we are at present without an Interpreter, I cannot rely on what the Indians tell me, interpreted by a Trader or Pack-horsemans, little better than themselves.

A. MILN. This has the restless and enterprising Spirit of our old inveterate Enemy found Means to change every Appearance of Peace with the Cherokees, who seem now to be doomed to certain and unavoidable Destruction, as they have so often wantonly spurned the Olive Branch stretched out by the Hand of Mercy. The State of the Three Hundred white Prisoners still in their Hands demands the most serious Attention.

The Thousand Men under Colonel Byrd, are continued in Pay by the Governor of Virginia for one Year beyond the Time they were raised for. They are returning to Augusta County, on the Frontiers of that Colony, where they are to remain till the Spring, and then to set in Concert with us, and any Troops that may be sent either, in such Manner as shall be most for his Majesty's Service, and afford the most effectual Protection to his Subjects against the Cherokees.

According to our Letters from the Congaree, Ninety-six, and Fort Prince-George, received this Week, Affairs in the Cherokee Nation have again a bad Appearance, and all the Pains taken by his Honour our Lieutenant-Governor, in order to bring about a Peace, or put Time virtually to chaffe our Savage Enemies, are likely to be defeated, by the Arrival of some Frenchmen of that Nation, &c. And we have Cause to apprehend, that Fort Prince-George will soon be again involved.

We hear the Royal Scots in Camp at Congaree, are to march thence by Road to the Creek Indians. I have forwarded the Memorial Request made by the Indians, to the

1757

There is at the Plantation of Edward... a young Mare, taken up as a Stray, a Light Bay Mare about 12 Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder and Buttock thus...

There is at the Plantation of William... a young Mare, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder X.

There is at the Plantation of John Brown... a young Mare, taken up as a Stray, a middle-sized Grey Horse, he is shod before, and paces naturally.

BROAD and NARROW GOLD LACE, either by the Yard or Piece, to be Sold very Cheap, by NATHANIEL WATERS.

There is at the Plantation of Edward... a young Mare, taken up as a Stray, a Light Bay Mare about 12 Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder and Buttock thus...

GOLD SILVER, or PAPER CURRENCY, or BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Or BILLS may be had at my Store in Baltimore...

TO BE SOLD at VENDUE, on Thursday the 27th of January, on the Premises, A TRACT of very good level LAND, called The Exchange, containing about 150 Acres...

TO BE SOLD in the Upland Bidders, on Saturday the 17th of this Instant January, at the Subscriber's Store in Annapolis, A CHOICE NEGRO Wench about 18 Years old, a Cow and Calf, a Riding Horse, and Household Furniture...

TO BE SOLD in the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Tuesday the Seventeenth Day of February next, at Mr. Benjamin Duke's, at Calvert County Court-House, for Current Money or Bills of Exchange, and Time given for Payment if required, ONE Hundred and Seventy-three Acres of Land...

NOTICE is hereby given to the Ladies and Gentlemen of the City of Annapolis, That GEORGE ABINGTON will open a DANCING-SCHOOL at the House of Mrs. Anderson on Friday next, where he will Teach twice a Week, Morning and Afternoon, at One Guinea Entrance, and a Guinea a Quarter.

TO BE FREIGHTED or CHARTERED, THE Sloop LITTLE BOB, a prime Sailer, Burthen One Hundred and Six Tons, and will carry about Five Thousand Bushels of Grain.

Winchester, in Virginia, October 1760. By Permission of his Honour the GOVERNOR. A SCHEME of a LOTTERY, FOR Raising the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds, for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the Town of WINCHESTER.

Table with 3 columns: Ticket description, Price, and Total raised. Includes entries like '1 Ticket at £ 100', '2 Ditto 50', '3 Ditto 25', '4 Ditto 10', '5 Ditto 5', '6 Ditto 3', '7 Ditto 2', '8 Ditto 1', '95 Ditto 1', '883 Prizes', '257 Blanks', '3500 Tickets at 10s', and 'Sum raised 400 £. 1750'.

THE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize. The Drawing to begin the First Day of May next, at the Court-House in Winchester. A List of Prizes to be published in the Virginia and Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished, without any Deduction.

The Managers are, George Meeter, James Croft, Mr. William Scott in Frederickburg, or the Printing Office in Williamsburg; from Medicurs Symmer, in Upper-Maryland; Mr. John Cary in Frederick-Town, in Maryland, or at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

WILLIAM FARIS, WATCH and CLOCK-MAKER, at the Sign of the CROSS and DIAL, near the Church in ANNEAPOLIS.

MARKS or Repairs Clocks and Watches, in the best and cheapest Manner. He also having procured an excellent Workman for that Purpose, carries on the SILVER-SMITH'S BUSINESS, Large, Small, or Chain Work, in the neatest, best and cheapest Manner.

WILLIAM FARIS, He gives the best Price for old Gold and Silver.

JUST PUBLISHED, And to be Sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE, Wholesale or Retail, The MARYLAND ALMANACK, For the Year of our LORD, 1761.

TO BE RENTED in ALEXANDRIA, THE GEORGE TAVERN, which has Three Fire Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar; Six good Lodging Rooms above, a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining-Room 26 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Billiard-Table, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD-TABLE.

TO BE RENTED in ALEXANDRIA, THE GEORGE TAVERN, which has Three Fire Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar; Six good Lodging Rooms above, a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining-Room 26 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Billiard-Table, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD-TABLE.

TO BE RENTED in ALEXANDRIA, THE GEORGE TAVERN, which has Three Fire Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar; Six good Lodging Rooms above, a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining-Room 26 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Billiard-Table, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD-TABLE.

TO BE RENTED in ALEXANDRIA, THE GEORGE TAVERN, which has Three Fire Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar; Six good Lodging Rooms above, a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining-Room 26 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Billiard-Table, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD-TABLE.

TO BE RENTED in ALEXANDRIA, THE GEORGE TAVERN, which has Three Fire Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar; Six good Lodging Rooms above, a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining-Room 26 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Billiard-Table, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD-TABLE.

TO BE RENTED in ALEXANDRIA, THE GEORGE TAVERN, which has Three Fire Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar; Six good Lodging Rooms above, a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining-Room 26 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Billiard-Table, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD-TABLE.

M A

L O N D O N

T HE Fox arrived in four days from the by which

lis, Queen of Spain was born the 24th of married to the prefe of Naples and Sicil

The late glorious without Bloodshed, There will now rema er Number of Troop rison Quebec, Mor and the Army may transported to the S tion of the only ren on the Mississippi; w siderable. Till the little Hopes of qui of South Carolina a never cease to spirit on those Colonies; as New-York hath left able to oppo t get Possession of the

October 12. Some against the Enemy. Time collecting at Observation, as the destined upon som Ships are ready for Part of the Troop will be so by the Be ing in the Whole, 12,000 Men. For forty Pieces of Br mouth to be embar ders, and 11 Six-p by 11 Horses, and by some Waggons

And Yesterday M with Pick-axes, Sp trenching Tools, a proper Effort fo A Part of those late Sunday there v Kennington of Nol bers, to congratu of Montreal. Th James's Park wer Bonfires and othe

October 13. It Battalion of the quartered in the themselves in Ru Time.

Tuesday a gre from Tower-wh We hear that Admiralty for a Portsmouth imm on board their re Sail of Transpor Months Providio Yesterday the sent from the T

The same D with Gun-powd under a strong Occasion both wharf were flus suffer no Person gons were load On Thursday break up, whe the Gloucesterf searched off o

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 15, 1761.

LONDON, October 11.

THE Fox Packet Boat, Capt. Broad, is arrived at Falmouth from the Groyne in four Days Passage, with Dispatches from the Earl of Bristol, at Madrid, by which we learn, that Maria Amelias, Queen of Spain, Died the first Instant. She was born the 24th of November, 1724, and was married to the present King of Spain, then King of Naples and Sicily, June 19, 1738.

The late glorious Acquisition in North-America, without Bloodshed, can never be enough extolled. There will now remain no Necessity for any greater Number of Troops, in those Parts, than to garrison Quebec, Montreal, and some other Posts, and the Army may, and very probably will, be transported to the South, and attempt the Reduction of the only remaining Colony of the French on the Mississippi; which is far from being inconsiderable. Till that is effected, there can be but little Hopes of quieting the Indians at the Back of South Carolina and Georgia, as the French will never cease to spirit them up to commit Ravages on those Colonies; which will be as much exposed as New-York hath hitherto been, and are much less able to oppose the Attempts of the French, to get Possession of them.

October 12. Some desperate Stroke is meditating against the Enemy. A large Fleet has been some Time collecting at Spithead and Plymouth, for Observation, as then said; it now turns out to be destined upon some important Expedition; the Ships are ready for Sea, the Transports nearly so, Part of the Troops embarked, and the Remainder will be so by the Beginning of next Week, amounting in the Whole, 1000 Horse included, to full 12,000 Men. For this Service on Saturday last forty Pieces of Brass Ordnance set out for Portsmouth to be embarked, viz. 29 Twenty-four Pounders, and 11 Six-pounders; the former drawn each by 11 Horses, and the latter by six, accompanied by some Waggons, and spare Carriages.

And Yesterday Morning several Waggons laden with Pick-axes, Spades, Wheel-barrow, and entrenching Tools, set out for the same Place, under a proper Escort for Embarkation.

A Part of the large Battering Cannon are composed of those lately brought from Cherburgh.

Sunday there was a very numerous Court at Kensington of Nobility, Gentry, and Foreign Ministers, to congratulate his Majesty on the Reduction of Montreal. The Guns at the Tower and in St. James's Park were fired and at Night there were Bonfires and other Demonstrations of Joy.

October 13. It is said that Tuesday the third Battalion of the first Regiment of Foot Guards, quartered in the Tower, received Orders to hold themselves in Readiness to march in ten Days Time.

Tuesday a great Quantity of Hay was shipped from Tower-wharf, and more is contracted for.

We hear that an Order is likewise sent from the Admiralty for all the Sea Officers to repair to Portsmouth immediately, to take their Stations on board their respective Ships. There are 160 Sail of Transports taken up, who are to take four Months Provision with them.

Yesterday the Remainder of the Artillery was sent from the Tower for Portsmouth.

The same Day several Waggons were loaded with Gun-powder on the Tower-wharf, and sent under a strong Guard for Portsmouth. On this Occasion both the Gates leading to the Tower-wharf were shut, and the Centinels had Orders to suffer no Person to pass or re-pass while the Waggons were loading.

On Thursday the Camp at Winchester began to break up, when the Left Brigade, consisting of the Gloucestershire, and Bedfordshire Regiments, marched off on their Route to their respective

Counties. The Militia Regiment on the Right, viz. the Dorsetshire, and Berkshire, will march, on the same Destination, before the End of the Week: But Effingham's remains for Embarkation, and will be joined immediately by four Regiments of Regulars and one Battalion of Guards, who will all encamp for a short Time on the Ground just left by five of the aforesaid Regiments: After which they are to be embarked, with Effingham's at Portsmouth on the intended Expedition; Transports being prepared there for that Purpose.

Admiralty-Office, October 11. An Account is received from Capt. Colby, of his Majesty's Ship the Thames, that on the 26th of last Month, fifty Leagues to the Westward of Tory Island, he took the Bien Aimé, a French Privateer Snow belonging to Dunkirk, of 160 Tons, 12 nine Pounders, 14 Swivels, and 112 Men, after a Chace of Eleven Hours.

Last Wednesday Lt. Gen. Campbell reviewed three Regiments encamped at Barham Downs, viz. the 14th, 19th, and 21st; the two last of which have Orders for Embarkation.

Exclusive of the third Battalion of Guards which are going on the Expedition, we hear a Draught is to be made of eight Men out of each Company of the three Regiments which are at home.

The Battalions of the Foot Guards going on the Expedition, are ordered to march on Monday next. Burgoyne's Light Horse are to march forthwith to Portsmouth, to embark, on the intended Expedition.

We hear that four Regiments, will embark from Ireland.

It is said his Royal Highness the Duke of York will have no command in the intended Expedition.

It is now said that Lieut. Gen. Kingsley is to command the Expedition, and that the Colonels Draper and Crauford are appointed to command under him as Adjutant-Generals.

Thursday twenty Field Pieces, and several Mortars, were drawn out of the Tower, in order to be sent to Portsmouth.

The same Morning 700 Barrels of Gun-powder were sent to Portsmouth for the intended Expedition.

Thirty Tons of Provisions are taken on board the Transports in the River.

On Thursday two Waggons, laden with Shells for Bombs and Mortars, pass'd through Wandsworth, for the Service of the grand Expedition Fleet; and the same Afternoon a Number of Cannon, Field Pieces, &c. pass'd through Mitcham for the same Service.

Several Messengers, Ordinary and Extraordinary, have been lately dispatched to some particular great Personages abroad, upon the Success of our Troops in America.

Capt. Dean, who brought Home the agreeable News of the Reduction of Montreal, has had a present of £. 1000 and is also to be promoted.

A general Thanksgiving for our Success in America is ordered to be observed throughout the Cities of London and Westminster, and within the Bills of Mortality.

We hear that the following are the Staff Officers designed by his Majesty for the present Expedition, viz.

Major General Kingsley, Commander in Chief. Col. Crauford to act as Major General and to go second in Command. The Hon. Colonel Keppel, to act as Major General likewise. Lieut. Colonels Horne and Reade, Brigadier Generals. Lieut. Col. Thomas Hall, Adjutant-Gen. Lt. Col. Draper, Quarter-Master-General.

It is reported, that this Expedition is owing to some Discoveries made by Admiral Rodney on the Coast of France, and that the Number of Troops to be employed therein, will be greater than was at first intended.

Various are the Opinions and Surmises relating

to the much talked of Expedition. Some say Martinico, and others Louisiana; but others think the Armament to be too great for either: On the other Hand, there are those who think it was intended for a Diversion on the Coast of France, to prevent the French from assembling another Army on the Rhine, under the Count de St. Germain, which would have greatly embarrassed Prince Ferdinand, and have obliged him to make considerable Detachments from his Army to oppose it. If the latter was intended, that has probably been effected by the Hereditary Duke of Brunswick crossing the Rhine so unexpectedly, to the French.—However it is not improbable, that if the latter was the original Intent, as the Transports and all Necessaries are ready to embark, something may be attempted that might not be originally intended, which Time alone must bring to Light.

The Country of the North Part of the Mogul's Empire on the Indus, where we have lately established the Factory of Sunday, abounds with that valuable Drug, Saltpetre; where it is cheaper, although thought inferior to that Commodity at Bengal. But this Difference of Quality is supposed more owing to the Manner of Preparation than to its Nature.

We hear, that at the Council held in the King's Presence, in which the Expedition now on Foot was finally regulated, there assisted only Five Privy-Counsellors, viz. Earl Granville, Lord President of the Council; the Duke of Newcastle; Lord Anson, First Lord of the Admiralty; Lord Ligonier, Captain-General of the Forces; and Mr. Pitt, Secretary of State. Lord Barrington, Secretary at War, withdrew on receiving his Instructions concerning the Land-Forces to be employed.

On Monday last Major-General Kingsley kissed his Majesty's Hand, on being appointed to command the secret Expedition. This Gentleman, in the Year 1757, with the late General Wolfe, landed on the Coast of France to reconnoitre the Country.

Several Officers of Distinction have applied to his Majesty to go Volunteers on the intended Expedition, and their Request has been granted.

The Land-Officers going on this Expedition are under Orders to repair to Portsmouth on or before Thursday next.

Besides the Train of Artillery sent away from the Tower, for the intended Expedition, Fifty Pieces have been shipped from Woolwich, so that the whole Train will consist of upwards of 100 Pieces; and 700 Artillery Horses are employed for that Purpose.

Yesterday Morning several Waggons laden with Bombs, Cohorns, &c. went from the Tower under a Guard for Portsmouth. They had with them Six Pieces of Cannon, of a new Construction for throwing of Shells; and 1500 Barrels of Gun-powder. Some of the Waggons were drawn by Eight Horses, the rest by Six.

The same Morning early Colonel Burgoyne's Regiment marched over Westminster Bridge for Portsmouth.

The Third Battalion of the First Regiment of Foot-Guards laying in the Tower have received Orders to have all their Arms and Accoutrements ready To-morrow Morning by Six o'Clock, in order to march from thence on the intended Expedition. Several of the Companies received their Camp Equipage Yesterday. We hear that a Draught of Five Men was made Yesterday out of each Company, in order to go with the above Battalion.

It is reported, that the Time for the Embarkation of the Troops on the Expedition, depends on the Arrival of an Express from General Yorke.

What a shining Page will the future History of England afford, when treating of the Years 1759 and 1760; Louisburg, Quebec, and Montreal, taken

been in America; and all the Northern Part of that vast Empire reduced to the Obedience of GEORGE III.—General Mal. Gore confesses the British Power in Africa—General Clarke calls it Malo—The Battle of Wandsworth in Africa—The War what has been doing there—and in Europe let Ministers speak.

The Hon. the Earl of Sandwich, Comptrol. have appointed Colonel Lawrence, a Commodore in Chief of their Force in our West Indies.

Some private Letters from Paris mention, that the Court of France having gained Intelligence, that an important Enterprise was on Foot against some of their Dominions, Orders have been given for as many Prisons as could be spared, to repair to the Courts that are, and shall be, to the Attempt of the Forces of Great Britain.

Monday, October 16. The Day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, waited on his Majesty, and being introduced by the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary Pitt, made their Compliments in the following Address, which was spoken by Sir William Moreton, Knight, the Recorder.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty. The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of London, in Common-Council assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereigns, PERMIT us, your dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, humbly to congratulate your Majesty upon the signal Successes with which it has pleased the Divine Providence to bless your Majesty's Arms by Sea and Land.

The Conquest of Canada, so heroically began at Quebec, so nobly seconded by the Defeat and Dispersion of the King's Fleet upon the Coast of Brittany, and so happily completed without the Effusion of Blood at Montreal; at the same Time that it reflects the highest Honour upon the Wisdom and Vigour of your Majesty's Councils, upon the Conduct, Fortitude, and Activity of your Commanders, and upon the Bravery and Discipline of your Fleets and Armies, is an Event of the utmost Importance to the Trade and Manufactures of these Kingdoms, as it is the only effectual Means of securing your Majesty's industrious Subjects in North-America against the continual Encroachments and unparalleled Barbarities of a restless and insidious Enemy, ever more dangerous in Peace than War.

Deeply sensible of your Majesty's paternal Goodness, in thus graciously protecting the most distant of your faithful Subjects, your Majesty's grateful Citizens of London will ever cheerfully exert those Means, for which (under the Divine Favour) they esteem themselves indebted to your Majesty, towards enabling your Majesty to preserve this valuable Acquisition, and effectually to prosecute the various and extensive Services of this just and necessary War, and to dictate to the Aggressor, the Terms of a safe and honourable Peace.

To this desirable End, may the God of Armies crown the Justice of your Majesty's Cause with repeated and decisive Victories, and when your Majesty shall have long enjoyed the glorious Fruits of all your Care and Labours, may the Empire of Great-Britain continue in your Majesty's illustrious Race, in full Splendor and Security, till Time shall be no more. Signed, by Order of Court, JAMES HODGES.

To which Address his Majesty was pleased to return this most gracious Answer.

I HAVE the highest Satisfaction in this fresh and signal Proof of your Affection to me, and to my Government, for which I return you my hearty Thanks. The same Union amongst my People, and the same Ability and Valour in my Fleets and Armies, will, I trust, under the Blessing of God, enable me, in the End, to terminate this necessary and extensive War, by an honourable, advantageous, and lasting Peace. The City of London may depend on my constant Care for their Prosperity, and for the Extension of the Trade, Manufactures, and Navigation of my faithful Subjects.

They were all received very graciously, and had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand.

After which his Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Robert Kite, Esq; Alderman, and William Hart, Esq; Sheriffs.

Orders are gone to all the Sea-Ports, that no Packet shall sail till the Departure of the Grand Expedition Fleet.

By the Contents of a Letter from a Gentleman at the Hague, there is some Foundation for a Con-

jecture that this great Expedition is undertaken to call the Dutch to an Account for their perfidious Behaviour in the East Indies, and during the Course of this War, if they hesitate in the least to make the proper Concessions demanded by General Yorke; and what gives this an Air of Probability is, that the sailing of the Fleet will be determined by an Express hourly expected from that Minister.

According to the last Advices from the Hague, the King of Prussia had disposed his Army in such a Manner, that a Battle between his Majesty's Forces and those of M. Daun was unavoidable; if the latter took his Ground: So that they were in daily Expectation of hearing of the Event.

A Report having been current, that a Convict who was lately executed at Salisbury had, at the Place of Execution, made a voluntary Confession, that he was present, as a private Man in his Majesty's Troops, at the Action last Year before Quebec, and did then, from a Motive of Revenge, fire twice at General Wolfe, and give him two Wounds, the latter of which proved mortal; we can authentically inform the Public, that the said Report is entirely without Truth or Foundation.

A Letter from Cork, dated September 25, says, "Monday last a Spanish Vessel put into Kinsale, the Captain of which says, the French Fleet had actually put to Sea from Toulon, but were so closely pursued by Admiral Saunders's Squadron, that they were obliged to put into Malaga, where they remained blocked up. The Captain also reports, that he met a French Privateer of 12 Guns off Cape Clear, which had taken four Prizes on the Station."

Part of a Letter by Way of Journal, from an Officer, in General Amherst's Army, on the Banks of the River St. Lawrence, Sept. 5.

Friday—At Night I was present at a Sight which quite overcame me: The Rangers brought to the Head Quarters a Number of Families, consisting of Old Men, Women, and Children, who had come in for fear of our Indians. As soon as they knew the General, the Women with a prodigious Number of Children, some at their Breasts, got round him, crying out *Les Sauvages*, &c. He told them in French, they had nothing to fear, for he commanded an English Army; and his Orders were so strong, and he was so fully convinced of Sir William Johnson's Humanity, that none of them would be hurt by our Savages. The tender Manner in which he spoke to them melted me before I was aware, but, on looking round, I found all the Spectators in the same Condition. Here was a Grandfather presenting his numerous Offspring to the General, a Mother, with a Child at her Breast, and two or three at her Knee bawling and crying, the Mother weeping, while the Father was endeavouring to console them.—The General ordered Victuals and Drink for them; a large Fire was made before his Tent, and they set all around; the Men began to light their Pipes, and there appeared a Satisfaction in the Countenance of the whole: Many of them were sent into the deserted Houses (for these Families lived on the other Side of the Bay) but a great many of the Women and Children chose to stay at the Fire before the General's Tent, and indeed he had a very numerous Family.—The Cruelties committed on our Frontiers were at once forgot; every one was melted into Compassion at the miserable Sight; and even the very Rangers, whose Hearts are none of the softest, seemed glad when they were ordered back without their Prisoners.

There are 120 Out-Parishes in Canada, and about 150 armed in each Parish. Which amounts to 18,000 in Quebec 7000; Trois Riviere 350; Montreal 600: Total, 19,650.

October 21. It is reported, that an Embargo will be laid on all the Shipping in the River, till the Departure of the Expedition Fleet, which is expected to be Friday next.

Yesterday Morning Col. Burgoyne's Regiment of Light Horse was reviewed before the King in Hyde-Park. Exactly a Quarter before Ten his Majesty entered a grand Pavilion erected under the Garden Wall, where were likewise present their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of York, Princess Augusta, and some other of the young Princes and Princesses, Lord Viscount Ligonier, Lord Anson, and a great Number of other Noblemen and Persons of Distinction. His Majesty expressed the greatest Satisfaction at seeing their Exercising, in which the Manner of engaging both with Foot and Horse, and retreating, was exhibited with the most surprizing Dexterity and Rapidity that can possibly be conceived. His Majesty retired at half past Ten; there were near 20,000 Spectators present. As soon as the Review

was over a Sort of Waggon wheeled round, containing a great Number of Balls, which were on Fire, on which the whole Body rode off with Speed: The Fire occasioned such a smoke, as rendered all Persons within a considerable Distance invisible, and thereby the better enabled, in Time of Action, to secure a retreat. There were a great Number of Volunteers among them, that petitioned to go abroad, who were distinguished by wearing Oak Boughs in their Caps; one or two of whom were, rode full Speed, and picked up a Pistol from off the Ground, which was laid just before the Tent for that Purpose. The Fineness of the Morning added greatly to the Grandeur of the Sight.

October 21. The first fair Wind the Fleet sail from the Downs, which we hear, is swelled the Number of above 300 Sail, Men of War, Transports, for the Expedition.

The following Circumstances might in a superstitious Age and Country, be thought remarkable: That the 10th of August, on which our Forces embarked at Oswego, under the Command of General Amherst, to proceed to the River St. Lawrence, was St. Lawrence's Day; that the 25th of the same Month, on which we took the strong Pass and Fortrefs of La Galles was St. Lewis's Day, the Name of the French King and commonly reputed the Patron of the Kingdom: And that the 8th of Sept. on which the City of Montreal surrendered, was the Festival of the Nativity of the Virgin Mary, the Patroness of the Place.

Edinburgh, October 11. A private Letter from Bombay, says, that some of the Dutch who were made Prisoners at the Affair of Bengal, had confessed, that they were unworthy of the good Treatment that they had received from the British Troops; for had their Scheme succeeded, the Orders were to give no Quarter; and their Malice (an Indian Dagger) were all poisoned before the Action began.

NEW-YORK, December 20.

Captain Ashfield, who arrived here last Wednesday, sailed from King-Road the 30th of October, in Company with the Captains Marshall and Gerson, in two Brigs, and the Ship Rising-Sun, all the Port; Capt. Fortin for Philadelphia, and several others for different Ports, in the whole of Sail, under Convoy of his Majesty's Ship the *Leopard*; but Captain Ashfield parted from the Fleet two Days after he came out.

We hear from London by Capt. Ashfield, that the Mail for New-York was closed the 18th of October, and sent down to Falmouth, to go by the General-Wall Packet, who arrived from London in 28 Days, but on the 23d Expresses were dispatched to stop the Mail and the sailing of the Packet, and likewise the sailing of the Fleet on Spithead on the Expedition.

On the 26th ult. in Lat. 23: 32, N. Long. 15: W. Captain Thomas Lawrence, in the Privateer Ship *Tartar*, of this Port, fell in with the Letter of Marque Brig *St. James*, from Martinico to Bayonne, loaded with Sugar, Coffee, and Cotton; but on Sunday the 21st Instant struck on the East Bank, and beat over the bars on Long-Island Shore near Gravesend, where it is bilged, and Part of the Cargo damaged.

ANNAPOLIS, January 14.

Last Sunday Evening, departed this Life, after a Week's Illness of a Pleurisy, Mrs. SARAH HILL, one of the People called Quakers, Wife of Mr. JOSEPH HILL, near this Town; a Gentlewoman of a virtuous and amiable Life and Conversation. In all the Relations of Wife, Mother, Sister, Friend and Neighbour, her Deportment and Economy was truly exemplary; and Mrs. Hill justly to be said to have had few Equals, but no superiors. She was deservedly esteemed, and is universally regretted, by a numerous Acquaintance. And this Day she was very decently interred, a great Number of People, of all Stations and Denominations, notwithstanding the Inclemency of the Weather, attending her Corpse to the Grave.

One Day last Week, a young Man, whose Name was *John Sander*, in attempting to cross *Wigmore* on the Ice, fell in and was drowned.

People now cross *South River*, *Severn*, *Patterson*, &c. on the Ice; and the Bay appears full.

Thursday Evening. Neither the Northern nor Southern Posts yet come in.

To be SOLD by the following H

The Lot whereon the Improvement, a Dwelling with good Cellars and Shop, Smith's Shop, a small Farm's Dwelling, &c. 8 per Year.

Also, Three lots of Building Part of Ground, the following Improvement, a House, with a large Cellar, between 70 and 80 Gallons on a Floor; a Brick Part Wood, with a small Farm's Dwelling, &c. 8 per Year.

A Tract of Land, called *Seven-Mile*, containing Two Miles from the Improvement thereon.

Another Tract of Land, with a Mill of *Four* with a good Brick House, Kitchen, &c. contains three or four Acres, Stone Well, and the Mill, now Renting at *Five* per Annum.

Part of another Tract, within a Mile and a half, containing 104 Acres, with a good Farm, and Garden, &c. in the Field is pretty good.

Another Tract of Land, containing 104 Acres, with a House, &c. Part of another Tract, at the Head of the County, with a Dwelling, &c.

The Sale to begin on *February* next, and a Subsequent to be Sold. The Sale to be by *Mr. Corbett*.

To be SOLD to the on Monday the *Ninth* late *Dwelling* House, Annapolis, for *Car* of *Exchange*.

A PARCEL of NEGROES, Boys, and Girls; a Tools, and a Parcel Wheelwright and White Servant Men, several Carts, and Two choice Mill moulded new Vessel Timber and Plank to carry 30 Hogheads Suit of Sails, Anchor Boats, &c. The Rent in this City; a full Pains, Linted Oil, sufficient to carry of coarse Salt, and one And, to be Sold at the Quarter of *Brushy Neck*, about of *Cattle*, Hogs, &c. Quantity of good *Wheat*.

And, on the First of the said Month on the *North* Side of *posed* of, A Parcel of Plantation Utensils, and Fodder.

The Sale to begin Days above fixed, and continue until 11. Persons who have any Debts to make speedy Payment. RICHARD

Daltimore THIS is to give ed to Mr. Works, to make who have any Debts to give in the same BROAD and by the Yard

JUST PUBLISHED,
At the Office of the PRINTING OFFICE,
Wholesale or Retail,

The MARYLAND ALMANACK,

For the Year of our LORD, 1761.

BEING THE FIFTH AFTER
BISSEXTILE OR LEAP-YEAR.

WHEREIN IS CONTAINED
The Motions of the Sun and Moon; the true
Places and Aspects of the Planets; and Rising
and Setting of the Sun and Moon.

LIKEWISE
The ECLIPSES, CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSE
of the WEATHER, Rising and Setting
of the PLANETS; Rising, Setting, and South-
ing of the SEVEN STARS: Together with the
COURTS of MARYLAND, PENNSYLVANIA, and
VIRGINIA; Description of the Roads; an ex-
cellent Receipt for the Cure of the DYSENTERY
or BLOODY-FLUX, taken from the Edinburgh
Medical Effays; and several other useful and
entertaining Particulars.

CALCULATED for the Latitude of Thirty-nine
Degrees, and a Meridian of Five Hours West
from LONDON; but will very well serve any of
the neighbouring Colonies.

STRAYED or Stolen from *George-Town* in *Fre-*
derick County, on the first of *November* last,
the Three following Creatures, *viz.*

A Black Mare about 13½ Hands high, paces
slow, branded on the near Buttock I.

A Dark Iron Roan Gelding, about 14 Hands
high, branded on the near Shoulder B O, with a
Blaze Face.

And,
A Bay Gelding about the same Size, branded
on the near Buttock with something like the Crook
of a Pot-Hook.

Whoever brings the said Creatures to the Sub-
scriber in *George-Town*, shall have a Reward of
Twenty Shillings, or Ten Shillings for either, paid
by
JOHN ORME.

IF JOHN HUTTON, who came from *Ken-*
dall in *Wiltshire*, in *England*, be now living,
he will, on applying to Messieurs *CARLYLE* and
DALTON, Merchants in *Alexandria*, hear of some-
thing greatly to his Advantage.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at
King's-Town, *Queen-Anne's County*, a Ser-
vant Man named *James Ash*, born in *London*, about
5 Feet 4 Inches high, has a dark Complexion,
and long black Hair tied behind. His Apparel,
a brown Bearskin Coat pretty much worn, long Of-
nabrigs Trowsers, and a Pair of large cur'd Bra's
Buckles. He has acted of late as a School-master.
Any Person taking up the said Runaway, and de-
livering him to Mr. *James Hutchings*, on *Kent-*
Island, or to Mr. *Michael Flower* at *Queen's-Town*,
shall receive Four Pounds Reward; or if brought
to me, Five Pounds.
JOHN KNIGHT.

WENT away on Friday the 21st Day of *Nov-*
ember last, from Mr. *William Stewart's* in
Calvert County, near *Lower-Marlbrough*, *Duncan*
Macgregor, aged about 50 Years, near 6 Feet high,
born in *Perthshire* in *Scotland*. He had on when
he went away, a Felt Hat, a striped Worsted Cap,
a grey Duffel Great Coat, a blue Pea Jacket, and
a red jacket under it, grey Yarn Stockings, a Pair
of good Shoes, a Check Shirt, and a blue stamp'd
Handkerchief about his Neck; but had some
other Cloaths with him. He pretended to borrow
an Iron Grey Horse, about 12 Hands high, of
Doctor *John Hamilton*, of *Calvert County*. The
Horse about 9 Years old, he has a short Tail, hang-
ing Mane, mark'd on the near Buttock III. He
pretended to go to *Nottingham* in *Prince-George's*
County. He had with the Horse, a new Saddle,
an old Comb Bridle, and a white Cotton Saddle-
Cloth. Whoever takes up the said *Duncan Mac-*
gregor, and secures him, so that he may be brought
to Justice, shall have a Pistole, if taken on this
Side *Severn River*; if on the other Side, a Pistole
and a Half; and if taken out of the County, Two
Pistoles Reward, paid by
JOHN HAMILTON.

STOLEN or Stray'd, some Time since, from
Baltimore-Town, a Dark Bay Horse, about
13 Hands high, branded on the off Buttock with
something resembling the Letter I; a Star in his
Forehead; trots, paces and gallops: He formerly
was the Property of Mr. *Thomas Jennings* in *Anna-*
polis, and known by the Name of *Prince*.

Also broke loose from her Moorings in the
North West Branch of *Patapsco River*, a new
Twelve Hoghead Flat, without Rudder, Tiller,
Oars, or main Thwart.

Whoever brings either or both to *William Lux*
at *Ell-Ridge* Landing, or to *Alexander Stewart* in
Baltimore-Town, shall receive Thirty Shillings Cur-
rency for the former, and Forty Shillings for the
latter.

A LIKELY young NEW NEGRO LAD,
to be Sold by the Subscriber, for Bills of
Maryland Paper Currency.

RICHARD TOOTELL.

Nottingham, *November 15*, 1760.

JUST IMPORTED, X C
In the *Catharine*, Capt. Warden, from *GLASGOW*,
and to be Sold, Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills
of Exchange, or Tobacco, by Mr. *HENRY TUB-*
MAN at *BENEDICT*, and the Subscriber at *NOT-*
TINGHAM.

A LARGE Assortment of GOODS, suitable
to the Season, which, with the Remains of
last Summer's Importation, form a pretty general
Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA
GOODS.

The Subscriber hath also to Sell, Wholesale or
Retail, good *Barbados Rum*, and *Muscovado Sugar*;
and will allow a good Price in Goods for ready
Tobacco.
THOMAS CAMPBELL.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN from the Rope-walk at *London-Town*,
between Thursday Night the Sixth and Satur-
day Morning the Eighth of this Instant, Two
Grindstones, each of them 30 Inches Diameter,
and 4½ Inches thick. Also Two Barrels of *Caroli-*
na Tar, the Casks Lim'd at each Head.

Whoever shall discover the Person who Stole the
said Stones and Tar, so that the Offender be con-
victed thereof, shall receive the Sum of Twenty
Pounds, to be paid immediately on the Conviction.

It is suspected they were carried away by a
white Servant Man, who was on board of a small
Shallop, the Masteer of which, one *Caleb Bolding*,
had delivered about Six Thousand Feet of Plank
at *London-Town*.

To be sold at the Subscriber's Stores,

EXCEEDING good BOHEA TEA at Six
Shillings per Pound, for any Quantity not
less than Ten Pounds.
JAMES DICK.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber at *BLADENBURG*,
in *Prince-George's County*, X 144

ONE Tract of LAND, lying in *Frederick*
County, about Three Miles from *Frederick-*
Town, near to Mr. *George Lye's*, called *Part of*
Taylor's Choice, containing Two Hundred and
Sixty Acres, very good Soil, and little or none of
it cleared.

Also a Tract of Land lying near the Foot of
Kittockton Mountain, called *Salisbury Plains*, con-
taining about Fifty Acres.

Also a Tract of Land called *Baker's Ramble*,
containing about Fifty Acres, lying near the same
Place, and where the Road from the Mouth of
Manockasy and that from *Frederick-Town* meet.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase all or any of
the above Tracts, may know the Conditions, by
applying to Mr. *George Murdock* at *Frederick-Town*,
or from the Subscriber, who makes a large Quan-
tity of Cordage, and will engage to furnish a full
Set on very short Notice for the largest Vessels
built in these Parts.
CHRISTOPHER LOWDES.

New-Port, *Charles County*, *Sept. 15*, 1760.

To be SOLD by WHOLESALE,

A QUANTITY of *Kendall Cottons*, *Bear-*
skins, *Duffels*, *Half-Thicks*, *Kerseyes*, *Broad-*
Cloths, and *Forest Cloths*, for Money, Bills of Ex-
change, or Tobacco, by
MATTHEW MAXWELL.

THOMAS PECKER, Butcher,
REMOVED from his Dwelling-House, to
the Gate, in the City of *Annapolis*, to
Creagh's Quarter, about a Mile from the *Tow-*
Gate, on the *Patapsco Road*, hereby gives Notice
to all his old Customers and Others, That he con-
tinues to carry on his Business as usual: AND
ALSO, that he now KEEPS TAVERN, and
Gentlemen, Travellers, &c. may depend on good
Entertainment for themselves, Servants, and Ho-
ses, and the best of Treatment, from
Their humble Servant,
THOMAS PECKER.

Alexandria, *Fairfax County*, in *Virginia*, *October*

To be LET, and Entered on immediately,

A VERY choice TRACT of LAND
containing several Thousand Acres, belong-
ing to *CHARLES*, Earl of *TANKERVILLE*, formerly
known by the Name of *John Colvill's Kittockton*
Tract, lying on *Patowmack River*, and chieflly
bounded in by *Kittockton Creek*, in the County
Loudoun, and Colony of *Virginia*.

Any Person may know the Terms, by applying
to the Subscriber at *Leesburg*, in the said County,
where Attendance will be given, by
JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

Calvert County, *Sept. 24*, 1760.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON
in the *Dragon*, Capt. *James Hanrick*, and to be
Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in *LOWER*
MARLBOROUGH, by WHOLESALE

A COMPLETE Assortment of EUROPEAN
and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable to
the Season, amounting, with Charges, to about
£. 1200 Sterling.

Also to be Sold by Retail at the Subscriber's
Store, EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS,
Barbados Rum and *Muscovado Sugar*, at reasonable
Rates, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.
THEODORE CONTELL.

Nottingham, *Sept. 24*, 1760.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,
Bills of Exchange or Cash,

THE following LANDS, *viz.*
Part of a Tract of Land called *Willis*
and *Elizabeth*, containing 604 Acres, lying on
Bennett's Creek; and a Tract of Land called *Es-*
comeby, containing 200 Acres, lying near *Capna*
Crabb's; both in *Frederick County*.

The Subscriber has a very good Assortment of
DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season, to be
Sold at his Store at *Nottingham*. Any Person that
will purchase the Whole, may have them on rea-
sonable Terms, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco.
COLMORE BEANE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr.
JAMES WARDROP, late of *Prince-George's*
County, Merchant, deceased, are required to make
immediate Payment; and those who have any De-
mands against the said Estate, are desired to get
in the same to

LETTICE WARDROP,
ALEXANDER SYMMER, } Executors.
JOSEPH BELT, junior, }

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Male
in *Somerset County School*: Any Person
properly Qualified, upon applying to the *Vicars*,
will meet with such Encouragement as the Law
relating to Free-Schools will support them in.

Signed by Order,
ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

To be RENTED or LEASED for a Term
of YEARS,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing
1000 Acres, lying in *Fairfax County*, in
Virginia, about 40 Miles above *Alexandria*, on
the main Road leading from thence to *Winchester*.
The said Land will be laid out in Tenements of
One or Two Hundred Acres, and has a Quantity
of rich Meadow Ground upon it.

For Terms, enquire of the Subscriber, living in
Prince-George's County, *Maryland*.
THOMAS BROOKE, Son of *Walter*

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING
Office, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with the
GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted
for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

M A

T

THE People are as serene as the
Oratuites his Majesty has be-
removed, there are Sixty Mill
Royal Coeffers.

Hague, *October 21*. We ha-
Majesty's Troops, accord-
actually in the Field 114,
in all 140,000. An
the Austrian, Russian and S
the Empire, and the Troops
80,000 Combatants.

Hague, *October 21*. We h
circumstances of the two Engagem
Lower Rhine the 15th and
Troops under the Marquis de
commanded by the Hereditary

On the 14th the Marquis o
30 Battalions, and as m
went to Rumberg, where
his Advanced Guard, attacke
who occupied that Post, and
after having killed 130 Men.
this Occasion, did not exceed
Cavalry marched forward,
commanded by the Hereditary

val Action. His left Wing a
Fischer's Corps lost a great N
the Engagement took anoth
Anvergne, which performed
Pieces of Cannon from the F
ground, and abandoned the F
Bridges, which 800 French
This Affair was very blood
lost on both Sides must am
of the Allies was the
suffered a long While by t
ground. During the Action
slightly wounded, but this d
the Enemy. The English C
the Spot. On the 17th M
marched the Allies, who h
when, which they were fo
their Bridges, which t
great Trouble and Loss. Y
the Night between the 18th
with the Siege of Weisel, a
Hague, *October 21*. We h
the French have evacuated t
and are marching back tow
We have just received a
that the City of Wittember
defence against the Army of
of the King of Pruss
part of his Army, the Aul
City the 15th Instant, after
Amount of 1,300,000 Cr
Dresden, a Crown is
July 15 the Half-Crown.]

Hamburg, *October 17*.
the 14th of this Month
that City the preceding E
Puffenwald to join the
Happen, near Frankfort on
the Route of Baruth, and
that there is no Doubt o
Before their Departure fr
received 600,000 Crowns,
the remainder they sh
Ducats, valued at four Flo
months.

Hague, *October 21*. Le
that the City of Wittem
Army of the Empire on t
the taking of that Place
the heavy Artillery em
the Siege of Dresden was
Nimwegen, *October 10*.
Magazine at Aestien.

Paris, *October 17*. Fro
from all Parts, the Expec
more. The Inactivity o
Proposals of our Enemies,
human Blood must still be
the War. The Report
standing on the Coast of
and a Resolution of the
18 or 20,000 Men. The
real has occasioned but lit
duet of the Marquis de V.

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

[Numb. 820.]

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 22, 1761.

MADRID, October 1.

THE Corps of her deceased Majesty was interred with the usual Solemnity, on the 29th, at the Escorial. The Affairs of this Monarchy were never in such a Situation as at present; our Fleets and our Armies are in the most respectable Condition, the Minds of the People are as serene as their Climate; and after all the Oratitudes his Majesty has bestowed, and the Taxes he has removed, there are Sixty Millions in Gold and Silver in the Royal Coffers.

been applauded; and our Court, notwithstanding this Loss, is determined to pursue the Measures which have been concerted. From the LONDON GAZETTE of November 4. Total Killed, Wounded and Prisoners, of the Troops under the Command of the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick, after the Action of October 16th, near the Convent of Campen. 10 Officers, 16 Non-commissioned Officers, and 221 Rank and File, killed. 68 Officers, 43 Non-commissioned Officers, and 812 Rank and File, wounded. And 7 Officers, 6 Non-commissioned Officers, and 429 Rank and File, Prisoners. Eighty-three Horses killed, 30 wounded, and 50 missing.

substanting among the Ministry, are sure Presages of our being a happy and flourishing Nation under his present Majesty King George the Third; and will, in some Measure alleviate our great Concern for the Loss of our late most glorious Monarch. A Ship is arrived at Lynn from the Baltic, which brings an Account, that they have had very stormy Weather in those Seas; in which the Lyme Man of War had foundered, and was lost in the Cattetug; the Captain and his Lady were both saved, but about 50 of the Crew perished.

cher, use, to the Town, he con: AND I, and on goe and Ho want, BECKER. Otober. diately, LAND, es, belong, former Kittowen and chich County y applying id Court. Agent. 1760. NDOR, and to LOWE SALE EUROPEA suitable s, to 200 scriber's in A GOOD at reasonable or Tobacco CONTE. 1760. BER, called Wilha es, lying d called E near Capan sfortment eason, to y Person the m on tobacco BEANE. Estate of M Prince. Geap... mired to have any De sired to get Executors. y for a Male o Any Person to the Visions at as the Last them in. r, Register. D for a Ten ID, containing ax County, Alexandria, e to Winshep. Tenements of has a Quanty riber, living n of Water. PRINTING with the nd interest ng Goes.

ANNAPOLIS, January 22.

Since our last, Capt. Patten, in a Schooner from Boston, appeared in the Bay of the Town, and with some Difficulty (there yet remaining a good deal of Ice) got ashore. The Captain informs us, That he saw the General Wall Packet, Captain Lowrey's, in the Spanish Cove on Martha's Vineyard, on the 26th of December. She left Falmouth on the 9th of November, and brought Accounts of the Death of his late Majesty, as heretofore published in this Paper.

Capt. Patten, Aid de Camp to General AMHERST, came in the Packet, and is arrived at New-York.

Neither the Northern nor Southern Ports are yet open; it's probable the Weather, which for three Weeks past has been pretty severe, has retarded them.

On Thursday the 8th Instant, after a short Illness, Died Mrs. SARAH LEECH FENDALL, Wife of Mr. PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL, Clerk of Charles County.

A very striking Example of the great Uncertainty of all Human Provements, with what Zeal and Eagerness we pursue them, or Fondness we possess them with.

She was a Lady very worthy our high Expectations, had GOD been pleased to allow her length of Time to fulfil them in; but, being cut off in almost the Bloom of Youth, and too soon from her happy Nuptials, she had but little Opportunity for displaying, to so full an Extent, that high Pitch of Merit, in the Character of Wife, which was justly ascribed her in her Maiden Condition.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

On Thursday the 8th Instant, after a short Illness, Died Mrs. SARAH LEECH FENDALL, Wife of Mr. PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL, Clerk of Charles County.

A very striking Example of the great Uncertainty of all Human Provements, with what Zeal and Eagerness we pursue them, or Fondness we possess them with.

She was a Lady very worthy our high Expectations, had GOD been pleased to allow her length of Time to fulfil them in; but, being cut off in almost the Bloom of Youth, and too soon from her happy Nuptials, she had but little Opportunity for displaying, to so full an Extent, that high Pitch of Merit, in the Character of Wife, which was justly ascribed her in her Maiden Condition.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

Her Fate was sudden and unexpected; and she has, therefore the more, left behind her a desolate Husband, most mournful Relations, and consoling Acquaintance.—But her Memory is so precious, that it ought to set Bounds to our Sorrow, and to mitigate all Uneasiness on Account of her Loss.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

THE following HOUSES and LANDS, late the Estate of Patrick Creagh, of Annapolis, deceased, viz.

The Lots whereon he lived, with the following Improvements, a Dwelling-House and Kitchen, with good Cellars underneath, a Store, Glazing Shop, Smith's Shop, and Stable, all of Brick; a small Fram'd Dwelling-House, now rented at £. 8 per Year.

Also, Three Lots and a Half in Annapolis, being Part of Governor Nicholson's Vineyard, with the following Improvements thereon, a Brew-House, with a large Copper and Still holding between 70 and 80-Gallons; a Brick House, Two Rooms on a Floor; a Framed House now letting at £. 5 per Year; a Bake House, built of Part Brick, Part Wood, with a very good Oven suitable for baking Ship Bread therein.

A Tract of Land, on the North Side of Severn, called Swan-Neck, containing 250 Acres, about Two Miles from the City by Water, with some Improvements thereon.

Another Tract of Land called Todd's Range, within a Mile of Annapolis, containing 120 Acres, with a good Brick House, good Cellar underneath, Kitchen, Stable, Corn, Milk and Necessary Houses thereon; Two good Gardens pall'd in, a good Stone Well, and the Plantation in very good Repair, now Renting at £. 30 per Year.

Part of another Tract of Land called Brushy-Neck, within a Mile and a Half of Annapolis, containing 164 Acres, with a Quarter, Hen House, and Garden pall'd in, a Stone Well, and a Corn Field in pretty good Repair.

Another Tract of Land called Chance, on Curtis's Creek in Anne-Arundel County, containing 104 Acres, with a House thereon. And,

Part of another Tract of Land called Cowell's Folly, at the Head of South-River in the said County, with a Dwelling-House thereon.

The Sale to begin on Monday the 15th Day of February next, and Attendance will be given by the Subscriber at Annapolis until the Whole are Sold. The Sale to be at the House where the late Mr. Creagh lived. BRIAN PHILPOT.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the Ninth of February next, at the late Dwelling-House of Mr. Patrick Creagh, in Annapolis, for Current Money, Sterling, or Bills of Exchange.

A PARCEL of likely COUNTRY-BORN NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women, Boys, and Girls; a good Blacksmith, a Set of Tools, and a Parcel of Sea and Charcoal; a Wheel-wright and his Tools; and Three other White Servant Men; also all his Household Furniture, several Carts and Cart-Horses, a Chaise, and Two choice Milch Cows. Likewise a well-moulded new Vessel on the Stocks, with all her Timber and Plank in the Yard; a Sloop that will carry 30 Hogheads of Tobacco, with a good Suit of Sails, Anchor and Cable; some Flats, Boats, &c. The Reversion of Two Leased Lots in this City; a suitable Parcel of Window Glafs, Paints, Linseed Oil, Painter's and Glazier's Tools, sufficient to carry on that Business; a Parcel of coarse Salt, and one Box of Dr. James's Powders. And, to be Sold on the Wednesday following, at the Quarter of the said Mr. Creagh, called Brushy-Neck, about a Mile out of Town, a Parcel of Cattle, Hogs, and Plantation Utensils; also a Quantity of good Corn and Fodder.

And, on the Friday following, at another Quarter of the said Mr. Creagh's, called Swan-Neck, on the North Side of Severn River, will be disposed of, A Parcel of Cattle, Hogs, Horses, and Plantation Utensils; also a Quantity of good Corn and Fodder.

The Sale to begin at each of the Places and Days above fixed, at XI o'Clock in the Forenoon, and continue until all are Sold.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of the said Patrick Creagh, are hereby desired to make speedy Payment to

2 RICHARD MACKUEIN, Administrator.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. Turnor Wootton, late of Prince-George's County, deceased, are required to make speedy Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in the same to

3 WM. TURNOR WOOTTON, Administrator.

BROAD and Narrow GOLD LACE, either by the Yard or Piece, to be Sold very Cheap.

NATHANIEL WATERS.

Baltimore County, December 15, 1760.

THIS is to give Notice to all Persons indebted to Mr. Joseph Smith, late at Onion's Iron-Works, to make immediate Payment; and those who have any Demands against him, are desired to give in the same to JACOB GILES, WILLIAM YOUNG.

To be RENTED in ALEXANDRIA,

THE GEORGE TAVERN, which hath Three Fire-Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar: Six good Lodging Rooms above; a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining-Room 26 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Fire-Place, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD TABLE. There is a good Stable, with Stalls for Ten Horses, well finish'd; a Garden pall'd in, a Smoke House, Necessary House, Oven, &c. is well situated near the Court-House. Any Person of Credit may have it for a Term of Years, on reasonable Terms, and enter on the Premises in good Order. Apply to WILLIAM RAMSAY, Alexandria, Dec. 15, 1760.

Winchester, in Virginia, October 1760.

By Permission of his Honour the GOVERNOR.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR Raising the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the Town of WINCHESTER.

Table with 3 columns: Ticket number, Amount (£), and Total (£). Includes entries for 1 Ticket of £. 100, 2 Ditto 50, 3 Ditto 25, 6 Ditto 10, 16 Ditto 5, 20 Ditto 3, 40 Ditto 2, 795 Ditto 1, 883 Prizes, 2617 Blanks, and Sum raised 400.

3500 Tickets at 10 s. £. 1750

THE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize. The Drawing to begin the First Day of May next, at the Court-House in Winchester.

A List of Prizes to be published in the Virginia and Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished, without any Deduction.

The Managers are, George Mercer, James Craik, Alexander Woodrow, John Greenfield, Robert Ralston, Charles Smith, William Ramsay, Thomas Rutherford, John Hite, James Keith, James W. Thomas, Lemen, Jacob Hite, and Charles Bradford, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

Tickets may be had from any of the Managers from Messieurs Carlyle and Dalton in Alexandria, Mr. William Scott in Fredericksburg, or the Printing-Office in Williamsburg; from Messieurs Symmes in Upper-Marlborough, Mr. John Cary in Fredericks-Town, in Maryland, or at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER,

on Tuesday the Seventeenth Day of February next, at Mr. Benjamin Duke's, at Calvert Court-House, for Current Money or Bills of Exchange, and Time given for Payment if required.

ONE Hundred and Seventy-three Acres of Land, lying in the County aforesaid, whereon Mrs. Anne Parker now lives, being Part of Tillington and Wilson's Commons. For Title to apply at any Time to the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, or on the Day of Sale at the late Benjamin Duke's, where Attendance will be given by THOMAS SMITH GREENFIELD.

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER in BALTIMORE TOWN, for Sterling, Gold, Silver, or Pennsylvania Money.

A PARCEL of GOODS to the Amount of about £. 340 Sterling, consisting of Linens, Woollens, Nails, Hats, Grocery, Powder, Shot, Tea, low priced Guns, Haberdashery, Hosiery, &c. CHARLES RIDGELY, junior.

N. B. Six Months Credit will be given, upon Security if required.

GOLD, SILVER, or PAPER CURRENCY for BILLS of EXCHANGE; OF, BILLS for CASH, may be had at my Store in Baltimore Town. JOHN STEVENSON.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order, ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

To be SOLD by the Commissioners of the Paper Currency, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the 11th of March next, being the second Day of Anne-Arundel County Court, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of William Reynolds, in the City of Annapolis, for Paper Currency.

THE following Tracts of LAND, lying in the County aforesaid, viz. Hazard, containing 60 Acres. Hood's Hall, 100 Acres. Part of Ben's Luck, 25 Acres. And, Part of Freeborn's Progress, 130 Acres. Also, Three Lots of Land lying in the New-Town, of the said City, with a Brick House, with two Chimneys standing thereon, on the South-West Side of Scott's Street, late the Estate of William Cumming, Esq; deceased.

LEFT in the Warehouse of Mr. James Johnson, deceased, in July 1759, Twenty-four Pieces of damaged brown Hempen Rolls, which have not yet been call'd for by any Person; This is to give Notice, that they will soon be sold off at Public Vendue, if no Owner appears.

Those still indebted to the said James Johnson, are desired to come and discharge the same. ROBERT COUDEN.

N. B. He has for Sale, Good West-India RUM by the Hoghead, and COFFEE by the Barrel.

THERE is in the Possession of Thomas Bennett, at Mr. John Dorsey's on Elk-Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a grey Roan Mare, Ring'd, about 13 Hands high, a natural Pacer, her off hind Foot white, branded on the off Shoulder with something like C, and on the off Buttock something like M. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Archibald Campbell, near the Fork of Linganore in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Horse about 12 Hands high, shod all Fours, branded on the near Buttock with an H, and a W, has a hanging Mane, a bob Tail, and trots and gallops; and had on a small Bell. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WANTED,

BY a Gentleman who keeps a Store in the Country, A YOUNG MAN who writes a good Hand, and understands Accounts, of a good Character and sober Disposition. His Business will only be Writing. Such an One will hear of a good Place and Wages, on Application to the PRINTING-OFFICE.

December 15, 1760.
 o all Persons indebted
 late at Onions Iron
 Payment; and those
 inst him, are desired
 JACOB GILES,
 WILLIAM YOUNG.

ALEXANDRIA,
 VERN, which hath
 ow Stairs, and a very
 ng Rooms above,
 House, with Two
 a large one above
 y 18, with a Room
 s, in which is a Fire
 DON BILLIARD
 Stable, with Stalls for
 Garden pal'd in,
 ouse, Oven, &c.
 irt-House. Any Per
 or a Term of Year
 nter on the Premis
 WILLIAM RAMSAY
 O.

nia, October 1760.
 ur the GOVERNOR.

LOTTERY,
 our Hundred Pound
 KET-HOUSE in the

100	£. 100
50	100
25	75
10	60
5	80
3	60
2	80
1	795
Sum raised	400

£. 1750

ree Blanks to a Print
 begin the First Day
 ase in Winchester.

ublished in the Virgini
 the Money to be paid
 nished, without ar

Mercer, James Crai
 enfield, Robert Rati
 Ramsay, Thomas Ro
 Keith, James W
 and Charles Bradd
 be upon Oath, for the
 rust.

any of the Manage
 Dalton in Alexan
 ckburg, or the Pri
 from Messieurs Sym
 John Cary in Frederi
 the Printing-Office

HEST BIDDEL
 Day of February
 's, at Calvert Ches
 Money or Bills of Ex
 for Payment if requir
 seventy-three Acres
 county aforesaid, where
 lives, being Part
 imons. For Title to
 scriber, living in P
 Day of Sale at the
 tandance will be giv
 WITH GREENFIELD.

SOLD,
 in BALTIMORE
 old, Silver, or Penn
 DS to the Amount
 g, consisting of Linc
 rocery, Powder, Shot,
 haberdashery, Ho
 RIDGELY, junior,
 dit will be given, up

PAPER CURRENCY
 CHANGE; OF, BIL
 my Store in Baltim
 JOHN STEVENSON.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 29, 1761.

H A G U E, October 23.

THE following Relation of the Action of the 15th, at Campen, has been received here from an Officer of Distinction in the Troops under the Command of his Serene Highness the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick, in a Letter dated the 17th Instant.

M. de Castries having drawn his Forces together, by forced Marches, reached Rhyneberg, and on the 14th obliged our Light Troops to quit their Post there. His Serene Highness the Hereditary Prince was there in Person, in order to support them, but found it impracticable. His Horse was wounded in this short, but brisk Affair. Major General de Bock's Corps, which his Serene Highness immediately ordered to join him, could not arrive till the next Morning at Six o'Clock; Lieut. General Waldegrave's at Eleven; and Lieut. General Howard's in the Evening, when it grew dark. Four Hanoverian Battalions of those that were destined for the Siege, and were still on their March, could not compleat their Junction the same Night. It was necessary to engage at a sufficient Distance from the Banks of the Rhine, in order to run no Risks in case of Accident; especially as our principal Bridge was so much impaired by the Current of high Water, and the Storm there had been, that the Troops and the Cannon had passed it with Difficulty.

The Troops were posted in such a Manner, as to have Rhyneberg in their Front, and Ossenberg in their Rear.

The Enemy left no more than five Battalions and some Squadrons at Rhyneberg, and marching by the Left, came to encamp behind the Convent of Campen. According to our Intelligence of their Strength, they had not then been joined by their other Troops, which were to arrive the next and following Day. Hereupon his Serene Highness thought it absolutely necessary to make Use of his Time that Night, in order to surprize M. de Castries in his Camp, and thereby to beat him if possible. His Serene Highness had under his Command 20 Battalions, and as many Squadrons; but, as has been said before, several Battalions had not been able to come up in Time; and four of them, together with five Squadrons, were left under Major General Bock, in order to observe Rhyneberg, and to attack that Post, in case of Success on the Side of Campen.

M. de Castries had 30 Battalions, and 38 Squadrons.

His Serene Highness marched at 10 o'Clock in the Evening. To reach the Enemy's Camp, it was necessary to overpower Fischer's Corps, which occupied the Convent of Campen, Half a League in Front of the Camp. This could not be done without firing some Musket shot, which gave the Alarm to M. de Castries, and enabled him, at the same Time, to put his Troops hastily under Arms. He was however attacked, and drove back twice. It was a terrible, and well supplied Fire of Musket, from Five o'Clock in the Morning till about nine, without ceasing. His Serene Highness had his Horse killed under him, and received a slight Wound, by the same Shot, in his Leg. His Highness at length seeing that it would be to no Purpose to persist in the attempt of driving the Enemy out of the Wood, of which they had possessed themselves, and our Infantry having spent all their Ammunition, he found himself obliged to order a Retreat, which was executed without a brisk Pursuit on the Enemy. Our Loss in this Action is computed to be about 1200 Men; and that of the Enemy is thought to be much greater. We took a great many Colours, and two Pieces of Cannon, and one of our own, which burst. M. de Segur, Lieutenant-General, M. de Wangen, Brigadier-General, with several Officers, and some Hun-

dreds of private Men, were made Prisoners; and on our Side, Lieut. Col. Pitt, and Lord Downe, who were wounded, are in the Hands of the Enemy. Lieut. Gen. Waldegrave, Major General Griffin (who was slightly wounded in the Thigh) Lord George Lenox, and several other Officers, as well British, as Hanoverians and Hessians, cannot be sufficiently commended. The Cavalry behaved extremely well. Major Gen. Elliot, Lieut. Col. Harvey, and another Officer of Rank, whose Name is not known, were wounded, but not dangerously.

The Hereditary Prince marched by Genderich on the 16th in the Morning. An Attack was made on an advanced Body of our Troops, which was posted in a Wood before Elverick, and extended along the Rhine, with its Right at Geit, and some Battalions beyond it, to cover its Flank. The Firing both of Cannon and Small Arms lasted till Night. A Column of the Enemy's Infantry, which was thought to be the Vanguard commanded by M. de Chabor, marched through Walach, and took Post at a Quarter of a League's Distance in our Front amongst the Thickets. The Rhine was so much swelled, and the Banks of it, about the Carthuyser Insul, so overflowed, that the Bridge, which we had over that River, was damaged to such a Degree, as made it necessary for us to repair, and remove it lower down. It was Five o'Clock in the Morning before that Work could be finished, and the Bridge refitted. The Enemy were only Half a League from us. We however repassed the Rhine, in their Presence, without the least Molestation. The Passage could not possibly have been more ably conducted.

An Account of what happened at Berlin, previous to the Russians getting Possession of that City, dated Magdebourg, October 11, 1760.

At the Close of last Month, the Russians sent off a Detachment from their Army in Silesia, under the Command of General Czernicheff, to make an Incursion on the Marche of Brandenburg. The 3d Instant, General Tottleben appeared with a few Thousand Men, mostly Cavalry, before the Gates of Berlin, and summoned the City to surrender, or pay an exorbitant Ransom. Field Marshal Lehwald having refused to do either, and made Preparations for a brave Defence, the Enemy began at Two o'Clock to fire with their Cannon and Cohorns, not against the Ramparts, but upon the Town, having for this Purpose erected a Battery before Hall gate. This Fire lasted till Six o'Clock, in which Space of Time they threw above 500 Royal Grenadoes, red hot Balls, &c. into the City, some of which reached the Castle. After a few Hours Silence, the Bombardment was renewed at Nine in the Evening, and lasted till Midnight. Several Houses took Fire, as did likewise the Wood market, but it was happily extinguished. During this Bombardment, 150 Grenadiers made three Assaults on Hall-gate, and that of Cottbus; they even penetrated as far as the Barricade, but the Battalion of Lange played them so briskly with Musquetry, that they were obliged to retire with the Loss of 50 Men. The 4th the Enemy remained in the neighbouring Thickets, and fired but a few Shot.

Prince Eugene of Wirtemberg, who had taken the Command of General Stutterhim's Corps, marched the Second from Zedenick to Templin, in order to act against the Swedes, whilst General Werner was to advance against the Swedish Corps under General Ebrenschwerdt at Passewalek; but the Prince hearing that the Capital was in Danger, hastened back from Templin to its Relief. His Cavalry arrived at Berlin the 3d, and the Infantry the next Day, the former having marched 11 German Miles in 24 Hours, and the Foot Soldiers almost as many. The Troops were so fatigued that it was impossible for them to attempt any Thing that Day.

The 5th in the Morning, Prince Eugene issued from the City to attack the Russians, but they retired with such Speed that he could pick up no more than two of them, our Horses being quite jaded with the preceding forced Marches.

General Tottleben, who had retired that Day from Berlin as far as Copenick, returned the 6th, with a much greater Force, which we take to have been the whole Corps under General Czernicheff; after which the Prince of Wirtemberg brought his Troops before the Royal Gate, and encamped there.

The 7th, the Russians made a new Attack upon Hall-gate, but were repulsed with Loss by Colonel Kleist, who was arrived from the Corps under the Command of General Hulsen. The same Day there was a furious Cannonade between the Russians and the Prince of Wirtemberg's Corps, which was no way decisive, both Parties having maintained their respective Posts. The Enemy's Cavalry were repulsed with Loss each time they advanced.

The 8th nothing was done, by reason of extraordinary tempestuous Weather; but our People had Intelligence, that the Russians were joined by a considerable Body of Austrians. The Prince of Wirtemberg seeing he could do nothing against Forces so superior to his, and moreover fearing to bring a greater Calamity upon the City by a fruitless Resistance, retired the 9th in the Morning to Spandau, along with General Hulsen's Corps. The City of Berlin, having no Walls on the Side of Frankfort, but only Pallisadoes, without any Kind of Fortification, capitulated the same Day.

One Article of the Capitulation of Berlin, was as follows:

IV. Safeguards shall be granted to the Royal Palace, the Palace of the Princes, and other public Edifices; which shall be held sacred, as Places of Refuge.

To which Tottleben gave the following Answer: As the other Houses will not be injured or pillaged, much less will the Royal Palaces be exposed to such Treatment.

Magdebourg, October 16. We have just received Advice that the Russians, who quitted Berlin last Monday, have got back into Poland. They have stripped the Inhabitants of Berlin of all their ready Money; and were not content with plundering the adjacent Palaces of every Thing they thought valuable, but were so very brutal as to spoil every Thing they could not carry off.

COLOGN, October 21, Copy of a Letter from the Marquis de Castries, dated the 16th.

The Hereditary Prince attacked me this Morning at Four o'Clock; and after a very sharp Fight of four Hours, he was obliged to retire. I reckon Wesel will be relieved To-morrow.

This Style is modest, but very expressive. Wesel is actually relieved. Nothing could exceed the Celerity and good Humour with which the French performed their Marches from Cassel to Rhyneberg; and though the Soldiers did not expect on the 14th to be attacked, they fought with great Bravery. The Project of the Allies was great; perhaps too great to be executed. The whole is now vanished into Smoke. The Marquis de Castries hath shewn, at the Age of 33, that innate Bravery stands in no Need of Length of Service. He is successively receiving Reinforcements. He is to be joined by four Battalions from this City.

LONDON, October 23. On Thursday last a great Number of Firelocks were proved in the Proof-house at the Tower, which are ordered to be immediately mounted, and sent abroad. And Yesterday 16 Waggons, nine of which were loaded with military Stores, Ammunition, &c. and the others with Soldiers Baggage, went from the Tower for Portsmouth.

The Preparations now carried on for the Expedition, that is furnished with Stores and Implements of every kind for a Siege of three Months, and not less than fourteen Engineers are to be employed on the Occasion, which are a greater Number of that Corps than have attended any Expedition either in the present of late War.

October 25. The Master of a Ship lately arrived from the Texel reports, that when he left that Place he saw 200 Sail of Dutch Merchant Ships lying there, under Convoy of a Man of War of 50 Guns, Wind bound. That having received Information that they were bound for some Port in France, he acquainted the Captain of an English Man of War, who sent his Boat along side of the Commodore, and asked him if they were French Ships; but was told they were Dutch, but were bound to Bourdeaux, and that they were laden with Guns, Ammunition, and other warlike Stores, for the Use of the French.

It is reported, that within these few Days an English Man of War, being at Anchor in the Texel, where a Dutch Man of War, with a Convoy of upwards of 200 Sail of Ships bound for the Port of France was lying, the Dutch Man of War during three Days rode under French Colours; and on being asked by the Boat of the English Ship, why he hoisted French Colours, he answered, That he chose it, and it served for a private Signal. At the same Time two Dutch East-India Ships went out of the Texel, and hoisted French Colours, when they went to Sea; and saluted the Directors of the Company on their going ashore under those Colours.

November 4. The following is the Account of what appeared to the Surgeons upon opening the Body of his late Majesty.

Kingston Palace, October 25, 1760.
 In Obedience to the Order transmitted to us by the Right Hon. Mr. Vice Chamberlain. We the undersigned have this Day opened and examined the Body of his late Majesty in the Presence of Sir Edward Wilnot, Bart. and Dr. Nicholls, two of his late Majesty's Physicians; and first, on opening the Belly, we found all the Parts therein contained in a natural and healthy State, except only that on the Surface of each Kidney there were some Hydrides, or watery Bladders, which, however, we determined could not have been at this Time of any material Consequence.

On opening the Breast we observed the Pericardium or Bag which contains the Heart extraordinarily distended, which was owing to a large Effusion of Blood that had been discharged therein from a Rupture in the Sublance of the right Ventricle of the Heart. The Quantity of the Blood in the Pericardium was at least a Pint, the most Part of which was strongly coagulated.

The Rupture of the Ventricle, and the consequent Effusion of Blood in the Pericardium, were certainly the immediate Cause of his late Majesty's sudden Death.

The Brains, Lungs, and all other Parts were in a perfect State.

*E. Wilnot, John Rawby,
 Fr. Nicholls, C. Hawkins.*
 Nov 8. The Case of a Rupture of the Heart in a late great Personage, is looked upon by the medical Gentlemen as without Example, inasmuch, that had the Fact been certified by People of less eminent Abilities in Anatomy, than those to whom the Inspection was committed, it would have staggered the Faith of the Faculty.

The greatest Number of Merchants went to Court Yesterday that was ever known to go upon any Occasion; the Procession consisting of about 200 Coaches and Chariots.

It is said that twelve Millions are proposed to be raised for the Service of the ensuing Year at 3 per Cent, the Subscribers to have for a Douceur a long Annuity of one per Cent, for 99 Years, payable half yearly at the Exchequer.

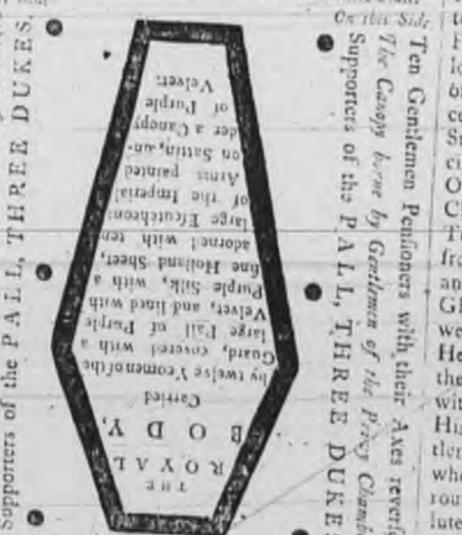
We hear from good Authority, that the Earl of Huntingdon will be appointed Master of the Horse, in the Room of Lord Gower, and that his Lordship will succeed Sir Thomas Robinson, Knight of the Bath, as Master of the Wardrobe, who will be appointed one of the joint Treasurers of Ireland, in the Room of Wellbore Ellis, Esq; who resigns.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, November 4, 1760.
 A CEREMONIAL

For the Buriall of His late most Excellent Majesty King George II. the Second, of Blessed Memory, from the Prince's Chamber to the Abbey of Westminster, on the 11th Day of November 1760.

THE Royal Body being conveyed from Kingston to the Prince's Chamber near the House of Peers the Night before the Buriall, is to continue there until the Time appointed for the Interment, and then to be carried from the said Prince's Chamber to the Abbey of Westminster, in Manner following, Viz.

- Two and Two. Pages of the Presence.
- Pages of the Bed-Chamber.
- Pages of the Robes.
- Women of the Robes.
- Gentlemen Officers Daily Waiters.
- Pages of Honour.
- Grooms of the Privy Chamber.
- Gentleman Usher Assistant.
- Gentlemen Officers Daily Waiters.
- Physicians to the King.
- Household Chaplains to the King.
- Deputy Clerks of the Closet.
- Esquires to His late Majesty.
- Clerks Comptrollers and Clerks of the Green Cloth.
- The Master of the King's Household.
- Gentlemen Officers of the Privy Chamber.
- King's Council.
- King's Serjeant.
- King's Solicitor.
- King's Attorney.
- Prime Serjeant.
- Barons Younger Sons.
- Vicounts Younger Sons.
- Barons of the Exchequer and Justices of both Benches according to their Seniority.
- Lord Chief Baron.
- Ld. Ch. Just. of the Com. Pleas may go as a Privy Council.
- Ld. C. Just. of the King's Bench being a Peer to walk as such.
- Both King at Arms.
- Knights of the Bath not Lords nor Privy Councilors.
- Privy Councilors not Peers of the Realm.
- Barons Eldest Sons.
- Earls Younger Sons.
- Vicounts Eldest Sons.
- The Comptroller of the King's Household being a Peer to walk as such.
- The Treasurer of the King's Household being a Peer of Ireland to walk as such with his Staves.
- Two Pursuivants.
- Barons of Great-Britain.
- Bishops in their Rochets.
- Marquises Younger Sons.
- Earls Eldest Sons.
- A Pursuivant.
- Vicounts of Ireland.
- Vicounts of Great-Britain.
- Dukes Younger Sons.
- Marquises Eldest Sons.
- One Herald of Arms.
- Earls of Ireland.
- Earls of Great-Britain.
- Dukes Eldest Sons.
- One Herald of Arms.
- Marquises.
- One Herald of Arms.
- Dukes.
- One Herald of Arms.
- Dukes having great Offices.
- Lord Privy Seal.
- Lord President of the Council.
- Lord Archbishop of York.
- (No Train here.)
- Lord Keeper bearing the Purse.
- (No Train here, no Black carried.)
- Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.
- (No Train here.)
- Norroy King of Arms.
- Master of the Horse.
- Second Gentleman Usher Daily Waiter.
- Clarenceux King of Arms carrying the Crown on a Purple Velvet Cushion.
- First Gentleman Usher Daily Waiter.
- Lord Chamberlain of the Household with his White Staff.



- Gentleman Usher.
- Supporter to the Chief Mourner.
- Two Dukes and Fourteen Earls to be Assistants to the Chief Mourner.
- Full Gentleman Usher of the Privy Chamber.
- Groom of the Stole.
- Lords of the Bed Chamber.
- Second Gentleman Usher of the Privy Chamber.
- The Master of the Robes.
- The Grooms of the Bed Chamber.
- The remaining Part of the Band of Gentlemen Pensioners with their several severals.
- Yeomen of the Guard to close the Ceremony.

N. B. The Knights of the Garter, Thistle, and Rose, who walk in this Procession, are to wear the Collars of their respective Orders.

The Procession to be from the Prince's Chamber thro' the Old Palace Yard on Foot, to the great North Door of the Abbey, and the Way to be railed in on both Sides, and flanked, 20 Feet wide, and to be covered with an Awning, with black Rays on the Floor, and under the Awning, and the whole Way to the Abbey, and in the Abbey, to the Chapel leading to King Henry the Seventh's Chapel, to be railed on each Side with the Foot Guards.

The Procession being entered the Church, are to pass down to the End of the North Isle, and then cross to the South Isle, and from thence to the said Steps, and there to fall off on each Side, until the Judges, the Knights of the Bath, and Privy Councilors, the Peers, the BODY, and Mourner, &c. are placed in King Henry the VIIIth's Chapel. At the Entrance within the Church, the Dean and Vicars bendaries in the Copes, attended by the Choir, all having Wax Tapers in their Hands, are to receive the Royal Body, and are to fall into the Procession just before Clarenceux King of Arms, and so are to proceed singing into King Henry the VIIIth's Chapel, where the Body is to be deposited on a Table (the Crown and Cushion being laid at the Head) and the Canopy held over it by the Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber, while the Service, according to the Liturgy of the Church of England, is read by the Bishop of Rochester, the Dean of Westminster, and the Chief Mourner, and two Supporters are seated on Chairs placed for them at the Head of the Corps, and the Lords Assistants seated on each Side, and the Lords of the Bed-Chamber, &c. are seated, and the Peers and others take their Seats in the Side on each Side of the Choir.

When the Part of the Service before the Interment is read, the Royal Corps is to be carried to the Vault, preceded by the Lord Chamberlain of the Household, the Chief Mourner, his Supporters and Assistants following, Garter going before them, and the White Staff Officers of His late Majesty's Household, and place themselves near the Vault.

The Royal Corps being interred, the Dean of Westminster is to go on with the Office of Burial; which ended, and an Anthem sung in the Choir, Garter King of Arms proclaims His late Majesty's Title as followeth.

Thus it hath pleased Almighty GOD, to take out of this transitory Life, unto His Divine Mercy, the late most High, most Mighty, and most Excellent Monarch, GEORGE the Second, by the Grace of GOD, King of Great-Britain, France and Ireland; Defender of the Faith, and Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, Duke of Brunswick and Lunenburg, Arch-Treasurer and Elector of the Holy Roman Empire.

ANNAPOLIS, January 29.

Last Thursday Evening his Excellency our Governor received by the Mail, the Dispatches sent in to him from London by the General Wall Packet, lately arrived at the Northward, relative to the Death of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, and for Proclaiming his present Majesty King GEORGE the Third, in this Province. Next Day his Excellency in Council was pleased to appoint last Tuesday for that Purpose. In the Forenoon the Minute Guns were Fired, and Colours hoisted Half-mast, to solemnize the Death of the late King: At XII. his Excellency, preceded by the proper Officers with their white Staves, and attended by Gentlemen of the Council, Gentlemen of the Corporation, and many Others, walked from his House to the Council Chamber, and was received on the Parade by the Town Militia, and Captain Meriken's Company from Severn, where the Proclamations were Read, and loud Acclamations of LONG LIVE KING GEORGE THE THIRD; the Guns at the Point were Fired, the Colours hoisted up, his Majesty's Health drank on the Parade, Volleys Fired by the Militia, and a great Number of People (withstanding it Rain'd) attended the Solemnity. His Excellency invited a great Number of Gentlemen to a grand Entertainment at his House, where, after Dinner, his Majesty's Health went round, while, by a Signal given, the Royal Salute was Fired; and the rest of the Day spent with great Cheerfulness and gaiety. GOD-SAVE KING GEORGE THE THIRD, and let all the People say, AMEN.

Proclamations are issued and sent into all the other Counties, for Proclaiming his Majesty.

The Ship Phoenix, Capt. McGabin, with Scott Year Passenger from London, is arrived in Patuxent; but we hear he has been near five Weeks beating on the Coast.

Friday last Afternoon arrived here from Philadelphia, an Express to his Excellency our Governor, of whom we were favoured with a Letter from a Gentleman there, including a New-York Mercury Extraordinary of the 16th Instant, containing the following interesting and agreeable Advice, brought to Boston by a Ship in seven Weeks from London.

From the...
 LATE...
 BY a M...
 B Magdel...
 and fortunate...
 vine Provide...
 compleat Vic...
 under M. D...
 The King of...
 hour; but a...
 just wrote W...
 nculars. The...
 county. The E...
 important Con...
 leen by the...
 were matching...
 Landolin, hav...
 fel. had been...
 I dispatch th...
 accompanies...
 along boat, an...
 Wind fair, I m...
 speedily in E...
 I have the H...
 ship most singe...
 rial Event, whi...
 Consequences...
 [1760]
 PRO...
 LON...
 The Battle bet...
 Daun, we hear...
 Skirmishes betwe...
 Sides, about 9 t...
 the Austrians ha...
 Ground, the Pruss...
 Time gain the Af...
 strians I etc Wing...
 improved his Adv...
 said Wing was ent...
 and Centie were for...
 Nov 15. It is...
 was to precipitate...
 Bridges over the...
 were drowned; th...
 hours, Tents, and B...
 lated 7 Hours. T...
 are said to be upw...
 The Park and T...
 of his Majesty, bei...
 for the success...
 Nov 18. By...
 Flushing Packet Bo...
 Week ago they had...
 King of Prussia had e...
 Army.
 By a Ship from H...
 Confirmation of th...
 Prussia, wherein 2...
 6,000 taken Prison...
 son, and all their Ba...
 Victory!
 NEW-YO...
 Letters brought by...
 Grand Expedition Fr...
 ing, the Troop being...
 sent Officers had ta...
 were set out for Port...
 not the least Probabil...
 Yesterday Evening...
 Capt. Tuning, arrived...
 Cash, in 9 Weeks.
 Bladen...
 ON Tuesday the...
 SERVANT'S...
 in the Phoenix, Capt...
 said Ship, at the Navy...
 if the Ice renders it dar...
 there, she will run into...
 and the Sale will be the...
 1760

...to wear the Collar of
...Chamber thro'
...great North Door of
...on both Sides, and
...with an Awning, wa
...er the Awning, and
...the Abbey, to the
...th's Chapel, to be
...Church, are to pass
...and then cross to
...said Steps, and thre
...ges, the Knights of
...ers, the BODY, and
...enty the VIIIth's Ch
...rch, the Dean and
...y the Choir, all hav
...receive the Royal Ba
...before Clarence's K
...ing into King Henry
...to be deposited on Tr
...at the Head) and
...men of the Privy Cham
...to the Liturgy of
...e Bishop of Rochest
...chief Mourner, and
...placed for them at
...stantiated seated on
...Bed-Chamber, &c. on
...their Seats in the S
...the Interment is m
...the Vault, preceded
...ld, the Chief Mourne
...s, Garter going be
...of His late Majesty
...the Vault.
...e Dean of Westminst
...which ended, and
...ing of Arms proclama
...DD, to take out of
...the Mercy, the late
...Excellent Monarch
...Grace of GOD, King
...Ireland, Defender of
...Most Noble Order
...ck and Lunenburg
...of the Holy Roman
...and persons, and
...and all world's leg
...ty, and most Excellent
...GEORGE the Third
...ing of Great Britain,
...the Faith, and so
...the Garter, Duke
...b-Treasurer, and E
...the THIRD.
...January 29.
...cellency our Go
...Dispatches sent
...al Ball Packet,
...relative to the
...GEORGE the
...present Majesty
...this Province.
...ncil was pleased
...purpose. In the
...Fired, and Co
...ize the Death
...cellency, pre
...th their whi
...a of the Coun
...on, and many
...o the Council
...Parade by the
...en's Company
...ns were Read
...LIVE KING
...ns at the Post
...his Majesty's
...eys Fired by
...People (not
...ne Solemnity,
...ber of Great
...at his Hou
...Health went
...ne Royal Se
...ay spent with
...GOD-SAVE
...and let all
...into all the
...Majesty.
...with Spect
...d in Par
...five Weeks
...Philadelphia,
...overment, of
...etter from a
...rk Mercury
...ber, is at
...ices, brought
...on London

...New York, and Philadelphia,
...which we communicate to our Readers
...with the strict Fairness
From the LONDON GAZETTE Extraordinary.
TUESDAY, November 13, 1760.
WEDNESDAY, November 12, 1760.
Wednesday Night.

LATE this Evening a Messenger arrived at the Earl of Holderness's Office, at Whitehall, with the following Letter from the Honourable Major General TORKE, his Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at the Hague.
HAGUE, November 10, 1760.
Monday Morning, Six o'Clock.

BY a Messenger this Moment arrived from Magdebourg, we have the great, glorious, and fortunate News, That it had pleased the Divine Providence to give his Prussian Majesty a complete Victory over the whole Austrian Army under M. Daun on the 3d Instant, near Torgau. The King of Prussia sent this Account to Magdebourg; but as the Night was come on, his Majesty wrote Word, that he could not send the Particulars. The Messenger who brought the Account, said, That Marshal Daun had been obliged to cross the Elbe, which must have had the most important Consequences in such a Season. We learn by the same Messenger, that the Russians were marching into Poland, and that General Laudon, having failed in his Attempt upon Cosel, had been obliged to retire into Upper Silesia.

I dispatch this by Bullock the Messenger, who accompanies the Prussian Courier, on board a flying Boat, and as the Weather is fine, and the Wind fair, I make no Doubt but they will arrive speedily in England.
I have the Honour to congratulate your Lordship most sincerely upon this happy and providential Event, which cannot but have the greatest Consequences. Signed, JOSEPH TORKE.
[Not far the London Gazette.]

FROM OTHER PAPERS.
LONDON, November 13.

The Battle between the King of Prussia and M. Daun, we hear began at 7 in the Morning, with Skirmishes between the advanced Posts on both Sides, about 9 the Action became General, and the Austrians having some Advantage of the Ground, the Prussians could not, for a considerable Time gain the Ascendant: But at length the Austrians let their Wing giving Way a little, the King improved his Advantage there so rapidly, that the said Wing was entirely broken, and then the Right and Centre were forced to quit the Field in Disorder.
Nov 15. It is said that Count Daun's Retreat was so precipitate, that, tho' he had thrown 3 Bridges over the Elbe, near 4000 of his Troops were drowned; that almost all his Cannon, Colours, Tents, and Baggage are taken. The Battle lasted 7 Hours. The Number slain on both Sides, are said to be upwards of 20,000.
The Park and Tower Guns were fired by Order of his Majesty, being the first Instance of the Guns being fired for the success of his Prussian Majesty.
Nov 18. By a Gentleman arrived in the Flushing Packet Boat, there is an Account, that a Week ago they had Advice at Brussels, that the King of Prussia had entirely defeated Count Daun's Army.

By a Ship from Hamburg in 7 Days, we have Confirmation of the great Action of the King of Prussia, wherein 20,000 Austrians were killed, 10,000 taken Prisoners, with 110 Pieces of Cannon, and all their Baggage, &c. A most complete Victory!

NEW YORK, January 16:
Letters brought by the Express say, That the Grand Expedition Fleet was on the Point of sailing, the Troops being all embarked; that the General Officers had taken Leave of Mr Pitt, and were set out for Portsmouth; and that there was not the least Probability of a Peace.
Yesterday Evening his Majesty's Ship the Foy, Capt. Tuning, arrived here from Portsmouth, with Cash, in 9 Weeks.

Bladesburg, January 27, 1761.
ON Tuesday the 10th of February next, the SERVANTS for Seven Years, imported to the Phoenix, Captain McGachin, will be Sold for Sterling, Tobacco, or Currency, on Board the said Ship, at the Naval Office, Cedar-Point; but if the See renders it dangerous for the Ship to lie there, she will run into the Mouth of H^{is} Majesty's River, and the Sale will be there on the Day aforesaid.
DAVID ROSS.

1st No 716 R.

Baltimore County, January 27, 1761.
WHEREAS Messrs. Jacob Giles and William Young, have publicly required all Persons indebted to Mr. Joseph Smith, late at Onion's Iron-Works, to make immediate Payment, and those who have any Demands against him, to give in the same to them; the Subscriber would be glad to be publicly informed by the said Gentlemen, if by the Expression of give in the same to them, they would be understood to mean, that they will adjust and pay off all the lawful Debts of the said Smith delivered in to them, as the said Smith is truly indebted to the Subscriber, in the full Sum of Nine Hundred Pounds Currency and upwards, which the Subscriber's Answer, filed with his Account, in the Honourable Court of Chancery, to the said Smith's Bill of Complaint, will fully evince and make appear: Should this be the Meaning of the advertising Gentlemen, as they seem inclinable to intimate, under the Ambiguity of their Public Notice, their immediate Payment of what the said Smith owes to the Subscriber, would be very acceptable to him: But if the mere Reception of Demands against the said Smith, be all that his Creditors are to expect for their Trouble in giving in the same to the above named Gentlemen, they would act but candidly, in the Opinion of the Subscriber, would they be pleased to signify as much in the next Gazette; the Subscriber being one of those Sort of Creditors, who cannot comprehend that the bare giving in of Demands against a Debtor, can in Justice or Equity, amount to a Satisfaction and Discharge of the same.
EDWARD NORWOOD.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, at the Instance of the Commissioners or Trustees of the Loan-Office, for the Use of Mr. James Cary, of Baltimore-Town, have taken Part of a Tract or Parcel of Land called or known by the Name of Kingsbury Refurveys, containing Two Hundred Acres, more or less, lying and being in Baltimore County, near the Kingsbury Iron-Works, formerly the Property of Mr. Thomas Sherredine, of said County, deceased, and where he formerly dwelt, and now in the Occupation of Mrs. Tabitha Sherredine; which Land will be exposed to Public Sale on the Premises, on Monday the Second Day of March next, by
1st No 61 R ROGER BOYCE, Sheriff of Baltimore County.

Onion's Iron-Works, Jan. 22, 1761.
WHEREAS Edward Norwood has Trespassed and destroying Wood under Pretence of an Authority from me for the carrying on and making Pig-Iron at the Furnace; and whereas I did, by an Advertisement in April, set forth, that I had discharged the said Edward Norwood from my Business, and did request that no Person might have any Dealings with him on my Account, and that I had sued the said Norwood in sundry Actions: Notwithstanding, he the said Edward Norwood, being aided and assisted by others, has cut and destroyed Wood at the said Works. Now this is to give Notice to all Persons employed by the said Norwood, who have any ways Trespassed on the Land or Improvements at Onion's Iron-Works, that unless they immediately compound, they will be sued by
JOSEPH SMITH.

Bladesburg, January 26, 1761.
RAN away this Morning from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man named James Fairbanks; he is a short well-set Fellow, with large black Eye-brows, and a down cast Look; he was formerly the Property of Mr. Hazzel Washfield on Elk-Ridge, and Mr. Richard Dawkins in Frederick County. He carried off with him, a brown Great Coat, with Mohair Buttons, and a Velvet Cape, a Claret colour'd close-bodied Coat, with white Metal Buttons, a Waistcoat of the same Colour, with Silver Twist Buttons, a Castor Hat, and brown cut Wig, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, a Man's Saddle, with a neat Sealskin Houfing, and a Silver Watch with a Steel Chain, and a Silver Seal.
Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber in Bladesburg, shall receive Five Pounds Reward.
DANIEL STEPHENSON.

THERE is at the Plantation of Richard Waters, near Baywood's Manor, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Horse about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with a Cross, and has two Saddle Spots.
The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.
1st No 518

THERE is at the Plantation of John Nicholls, in Frederick County, near Harper's Ferry, taken up as Strays,
A Dark Bay Horse, branded on the near Shoulder WP and on the near Buttock thus o has a Star in his Forehead, and one white Foot. And,
A Sorrel Mare, branded on the near Thigh thus A and has a Blaze Face.
The Owner may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,
THE following HOUSES and LANDS, late the Estate of Patrick Creagh, of Annapolis, deceased, viz.
The Lots whereon he lived, with the following Improvements, a Dwelling-House and Kitchen, with good Cellars underneath, a Store, Glazing Shop, Smith's Shop, and Stable, all of Brick; a small Fram'd Dwelling-House, now rented at £. 8 per Year.
Also, Three Lots and a Half in Annapolis, being Part of Governor Nicholson's Vineyard, with the following Improvements thereon, a Brew-House, with a large Copper and Still holding between 70 and 80 Gallons; a Brick House, Two Rooms on a Floor; a Framed House now letting at £. 5 per Year; a Bake House, built of Part Brick, Part Wood, with a very good Oven suitable for baking Ship Bread therein.
A Tract of Land, on the North Side of Severn, called Swan-Neck, containing 250 Acres, about Two Miles from the City by Water, with some Improvements thereon.

Another Tract of Land called Todd's Range, within a Mile of Annapolis, containing 120 Acres, with a good Brick House, good Cellar underneath, Kitchen, Stable, Corn, Milk and Necessary Houses thereon; Two good Gardens paid in, a good Stone Well, and the Plantation in very good Repair, now Renting at £. 30 per Year.
Part of another Tract of Land called Swan-Neck, within a Mile and a Half of Annapolis, containing 164 Acres, with a Quarter, Hen House, and Garden paid in, a Stone Well, and a Corn Field in pretty good Repair.

Another Tract of Land called Chance, on Carrer's Creek in Anne Arundel County, containing 104 Acres, with a House thereon. And,
Part of another Tract of Land called Cowitt's Folly, at the Head of South River in the said County, with a Dwelling-House thereon.
The Sale to begin on Monday the 16th Day of February next, and Attendance will be given by the Subscriber at Annapolis until the Whole are Sold. The Sale to be at the House where the late Mr. Creagh lived.
BRASS PHILIP.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the Ninth of February next, at the late Dwelling-House of Mr. Patrick Creagh, in Annapolis, for Current Money, Sterling, or Bills of Exchange.

A PARCEL of likely COUNTRY BORN NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women, Boys, and Girls; a good Blacksmith, a Set of Tools, and a Parcel of Sea and Charcoal; a Wheel-wright and his Tools; and Three other White Servant Men; also all his Household Furniture, several Carts and Cart-Horses, a Chaise, and Two choice Milk Cows. Likewise a well-moulded new Vessel on the Stocks, with all her Timber and Plank in the Yard; a Sloop that will carry 30 Hogheads of Tobacco, with a good Suit of Sails, Anchor and Cable; some Flats, in this City; a suitable Parcel of Window Glass, Paints, Linseed Oil; Painter's and Glazier's Tools, sufficient to carry on that Business; a Parcel of coarse Salt, and one Box of Dr. Jansen's Powders.
And, to be Sold on the Wednesday following, at the Quarter of the said Mr. Creagh, called Swan-Neck, about a Mile out of Town, a Parcel of Cattle, Hogs, and Plantation Utensils; also a Quantity of good Corn and Fodder.

And, on the Friday following, at another Quarter of the said Mr. Creagh's, called Swan-Neck, on the North Side of Severn River, will be disposed of, A Parcel of Cattle, Hogs, Horses, and Plantation Utensils; also a Quantity of good Corn and Fodder.
The Sale to begin at each of the Places and Days above fixed, at XI o'Clock in the Forenoon, and continue until all are Sold.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of the said Patrick Creagh, are hereby desired to make speedy Payment to
RICHARD MACKURIN, Administrator.

BROAD and Narrow GOLD LACE, either by the Yard or Piece, to be Sold very Cheap, by
NATHANIEL WATERS.

WENT away on Friday the 21st Day of November last, from Mr. William Stewart's in Calvert County, near Lower Marlborough, Duncan Macgregor, aged about 50 Years, near 6 Feet high, born in Perthshire in Scotland. He had on when he went away, a felt Hat, a striped Worsted Cap, a grey Duffel Great Coat, a blue Pea Jacket, and a red Jacket under it, grey Varn Stockings, a Pair of gold Shoes, a Check Shirt, and a blue stamp'd Handkerchief about his Neck; but had some other Cloaths with him. He pretended to borrow an Iron Grey Horse, about 12 Hands high, of Doctor John Hamilton, of Calvert County. The Horse about 6 Years old, he has a short Tail, hanging Mane, mark'd on the near Buttock III. He pretended to go to Nottingham in Prince-George's County. He had with the Horse, a new Saddle, an old Curb Bridle, and a white Cotton Saddle-Cloth. Whoever takes up the said Duncan Macgregor, and secures him, so that he may be brought to Justice, shall have a Pistole, if taken on this Side Severn River, if on the other Side, a Pistole and a Half; and if taken out of the County, Two Pistoles Reward, paid by JOHN HAMILTON.

To be RENTED in ALEXANDRIA,
THE GEORGE TAVERN, which hath Three Fire-Places below Stairs, and a very good Bar: Six good Lodging Rooms above; a good Kitchen adjoining the House, with Two very good Rooms below, and a large one above. A Dining-Room 26 Feet by 18, with a Room above of the same Dimensions, in which is a Fire-Place, and a very good LONDON BILLIARD-TABLE. There is a good Stable, with Stalls for Ten Horses, well finish'd; a Garden pal'd in; a Smoke House, Necessary House, Oven, &c. It is well situated near the Court-House. Any Person of Credit may have it for a Term of Years, on reasonable Terms, and enter on the Premises in good Order. Apply to WILLIAM RAMSAY.

Winchester, in Virginia, October 1760.
By Permission of his Honour the GOVERNOR.
A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
FOR Raising the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds, for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the Town of WINCHESTER.

1 Ticket of £. 100	£. 100
2 Ditto	50
3 Ditto	25
6 Ditto	10
16 Ditto	5
20 Ditto	3
40 Ditto	2
795 Ditto	1
883 Prizes.	Sum raised 400
2617 Blanks.	
3500 Tickets at 10s.	£. 1750

THE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize. The Drawing to begin the First Day of May next, at the Court-House in Winchester.
A List of Prizes to be published in the Virginia and Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished, without any Deduction.

The Managers are; George Mercer, James Craik; Alexander Woodrow, John Greenfield, Robert Rutherford, Charles Smith, William Ramsay, Thomas Rutherford, John Hite, James Keith, James Wood, Thomas Lemen, Jacob Hite, and Charles Bradford, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

Tickets may be had from any of the Managers, from Messieurs Carlyle and Dalton in Alexandria, Mr. William Scott in Fredericksburg, or the Printing-Office in Williamsburg; from Messieurs Symmers in Upper-Marlborough, Mr. John Cary in Fredericks-Town, in Maryland, or at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

GOLD, SILVER, or PAPER CURRENCY, for BILLS of EXCHANGE; Or, BILLS for CASH; may be had at my Store in Baltimore-Town.
JOHN STEVENSON.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. Andrew Watson, late of Prince-George's County, deceased, are required to make speedy Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in the same to WM. TURNOR WOOTTON, Administrator.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Tuesday the Seventh Day of February next, at Mr. Benjamin Duke's, at Calvert County Court House, for Current Money or Bills of Exchange, and Time given for Payment if required.

ONE Hundred and Seventy-three Acres of Land, lying in the County aforesaid, whereon Mrs. Anne Parker now lives, being Part of Tillington and Wilson's Commons. For Title apply at any Time to the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, or on the Day of Sale at the said Benjamin Duke's, where Attendance will be given by
THOMAS SMITH GREENFIELD.

T O B E S O L D,
By the SUBSCRIBER in BALTIMORE-TOWN, for Sterling, Gold, Silver, or Pennsylvania Money,

A PARCEL of GOODS to the Amount of about £. 340 Sterling, consisting of Linens, Woollens, Nails, Hats, Grocery, Powder, Shot, Tea, low priced Guns, Haberdashery, Hosiery, &c.
CHARLES RIDGELY, junior.

N. B. Six Months Credit will be given, upon Security if required.

J U S T P U B L I S H E D,
And to be Sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE, Wholesale or Retail,

The MARYLAND X ALMANACK,
For the Year of our LORD, 1761.

BEING THE FIRST AFTER
BISSEXTILE OR LEAP-YEAR.

WHEREIN IS CONTAINED
The Motions of the Sun and Moon; the true Places and Aspects of the Planets, and Rising and Setting of the Sun and Moon.

LIKEWISE
The LUNATIONS, CONJUNCTIONS, ECLIPSES, Judgment of the WEATHER, Rising and Setting of the PLANETS; Rising, Setting, and Southing, of the Seven STARS; Together with the COURTS of MARYLAND, PENNSYLVANIA, and VIRGINIA; Description of the ROADS; an excellent Receipt for the Cure of the DYSENTERY or BLOODY-FLUX, taken from the Edinburgh Medical Essays; and several other useful and entertaining Particulars.

CALCULATED for the Latitude of Thirty-nine Degrees, and a Meridian of Five Hours West from LONDON; but will very well serve any of the neighbouring Colonies.

STRAYED or Stolen from George-Town in Frederick County, on the first of November last, the Three following Creatures, viz.

A Black Mare about 13½ Hands high, paces slow, branded on the near Buttock I.

A Dark Iron Roan Gelding, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder B O, with a Blaze Face.

And, A Bay Gelding about the same Size, branded on the near Buttock with something like the Crook of a Pot-Hook.

Whoever brings the said Creatures to the Subscriber in George-Town, shall have a Reward of Thirty Shillings, or Ten Shillings for either, paid by
JOHN ORME.

IF JOHN HUTTON, who came from Kendall in Westmorland, in England, be now living, he will, on applying to Messieurs CARLYLE and DALTON, Merchants in Alexandria, hear of something greatly to his Advantage.

A LIKELY young NEW NEGRO LAD, to be Sold by the Subscriber, for Bills or Maryland Paper Currency.

RICHARD TOOTELL.

On the First Day of MARCH next, will be Exposed to Sale on the Premises, being on Front Street, opposite or near to the Sign of the White Horse, in BALTIMORE-TOWN,

TWO LOTS, N^o. 13 and 14, with all Improvements thereon, consisting of the following Buildings, to wit, A good Dwelling House 30 by 18, near new, completely finished, the same having Four Rooms below, Three whereof with Fire-Places, and also a good Kitchen and Cellar, with other Conveniencies, such as Smoke-House, Oven, Garden, Wood Yard, Necessary Houfe, &c. The Apartments above are Three Rooms with Fire Places, and other proper Rooms for Servants or Lumber. The Whole is well adapted either for a private or public House.

The Terms of Sale will be easy, the Subscriber requiring only about one Half of the Purchase Money to be paid at the Time of Sale, and will give one Year's Credit for the Residue, on Security if required.

N. B. If any Gentleman is inclinable to make a private Purchase, he may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, now living on the Premises.

STOLEN or Stray'd, some Time since, from Baltimore-Town, a Dark Bay Horse, about 13 Hands high, branded on the off Buttock with something resembling the Letter I; a Star in the Forehead; trots, paces and gallops: He formerly was the Property of Mr. Thomas Jennings in Annapolis, and known by the Name of Prince.

Also broke loose from her Moorings in the North West Branch of Patuxent River, a Twelve Hoghead Flat, without Rudder, Two Oars, or main Thwart.

Whoever brings either or both to William L. at Elk-Ridge Landing, or to Alexander Stewart at Baltimore-Town, shall receive Thirty Shillings Currency for the former, and Forty Shillings for the latter.

Alexandria, Fairfax County, in Virginia, October 1760.

To be LET, and Entered on immediately,
A VERY choice TRACT of LAND

containing several Thousand Acres, belonging to CHARLES, Earl of TANKERVILLE, formerly known by the Name of John Cobill's Kittowen Tract, lying on Patowmack River, and chartered bounded in by Kittowen Creek, in the County of Loudoun, and Colony of Virginia.

Any Person may know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber at Leesburg, in the said County, where Attendance will be given, by
JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

Nottingham, Sept. 24, 1760.
To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, by Bill of Exchange or Cash,

THE following LANDS, viz.

Part of a Tract of Land called Williams and Elizabeth, containing 604 Acres, lying on Bennett's Creek; and a Tract of Land called Ebenezer, containing 200 Acres, lying near Cape Crabb's; both in Frederick County.

The Subscriber has a very good Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season, to be Sold at his Store at Nottingham. Any Person who will purchase the Whole, may have them on reasonable Terms, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco.

COLMORE BEANS.

New-Port, Charles County, Sept. 15, 1760.
To be SOLD by WHOLESALE,

A QUANTITY of Kendall Cottons, Blue skins, Duffels, Half-Thicks, Kerseys, Blue Cloths, and Forest Cloths, for Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, by
MATTHEW MAXWELL.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Somerset County School: Any Person properly Qualified, upon applying to the Vestry will meet with such Encouragement as the Vestry relating to Free-Schools will support them in.

Signed by Order,
ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with the GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.