

THE  
**MARYLAND GAZETTE,**  
Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

[Numb. 861.]

THURSDAY, November 5, 1761.

P R A G U E, July 27.

**T**HE Empress-Queen has wrote a Letter to Baron Laudohn, wherein she gives him full Power to give Battle, or decline it, as he shall judge proper. This Power extends to the military Operations in general, and at the same Time the Officers under this General are very seriously enjoined to behave well; her Imperial Majesty declaring, that they shall be rewarded or punished, according to the said General's Report of their Conduct.

*Alona, [subject to the King of Denmark, two Miles N.W. of Hamburg.] August 1.* The last Letters from Saxony do not bring Advice of any material Alteration in the Position of the Armies in that Electorate; yet they say, that the Army of the Empire having summoned Leipzig to surrender, the Prussian Commandant sent Word to Marshal Serbelloni, "That the King his Master had given him no other Orders than to defend himself." And immediately after the said Commandant fixed combustible Matters to the Houses of the Suburbs, and ordered the Inhabitants to lay in Provisions for three Months; and that all useless Mouths must be forthwith turned out of the City.

*From the Oder, August 4.* Part of the Russian grand Army has advanced to Hundfeld, within a German Mile of Breslau. A Body of 1800 of their Troops passed the Oder, with a View to attempt something against the advanced Posts of Knoblauch's Corps; but General Tauenzien, Commandant of Breslau, having sent out 2000 Men against them, with some Cannon, they were soon obliged to retire with Loss. As to Breslau, the Fortifications having been repaired and augmented, and well garrisoned, and moreover covered by Knoblauch's Corps, the Inhabitants think the Russians can do them no great harm.

The King's Army, reinforced by Ziethen's Corps, still encamps at Oppersdorf and Neustadt, watching the Motions of the Austrian Army. General Laudohn does not seem disposed to remove farther from the Mountains into the Country. The Russian grand Army remains at Namslau, seeming to encamp, by Marches and Countermarches, the real Drift of its Operations.

*Belgarin, [a Town of Eastern Pomerania, in Germany, subject to the King of Prussia.] August 8.* We have just received Advice, that the Russian Fleet has landed at Lugenswalden 4000 Men, to assist in the Siege of Colberg.

*Berlin, August 8.* According to Advices of the first Inst. the Swedish Army have pitched their Tents near Bartow. Colonel Belling still occupied Malchin, Treptow, and the Palis along Lake Tollense. Count Helfenstein, a Swedish general Officer, was detached the 31st of July, with 400 Men, in order to surprize Belling's Corps. Major Hohenhausen, who encamps with 200 Pomeranian Hussars at Friedland, let Major Schwantz file off quietly with the Enemy's Van by the Pass of Kavel, and then attacked them so briskly, that he killed one Officer and 30 Men, took 20 more, and pursued the rest beyond the Pass; after which Count Helfenstein retired to Bartow. Our Loss amounts to no more than three Men killed, and two wounded.—There is a considerable Detachment among the Swedish Troops.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, August 8.

*Copy of a Letter from Eschwege, July 21.* Colonel Freytag having marched the 18th from Eimbeck to Langerhausen, with three Brigades of Chasseurs, he detached on the 19th the Captains Kampen and Engell, with 100 Horse, towards Fulde, in order to divert the Enemy in that Quarter.

"This Detachment marched for that Purpose, at Day-break, from Langerhausen. Being arrived at Allendorff, they passed the Werra about Noon, and posted themselves in a Wood, at a League's Distance from Rothenbourg; where they took, on the 20th, three French Commissaries, and set Fire to some Boats laden with Flour and Oats.

"Captain Engell set out, with 80 Horse, to destroy the Enemy's Magazines at Hirschfeld: He met in his Way 26 Boats laden with Flour, Oats, Balls, Bombs, and 240 Barrels of Powder, which he threw into the River Fulde, and set Fire to the Boats.

"According to the Advices he had, the Garrison of Hirschfeld was supposed to consist only of 200 Men, which induced Captain Engell to make his Dispositions (after having cut his Way through the Guard) for attacking the Place.

"Some Chasseurs and Hussars appearing in those Parts, in the Evening the Commandant had doubled the Guard and the Picquet, posted at the Gates of the Town. He had also ordered 60 Dragoons from Mellungen, who arrived at Hirschfeld about Three in the Morning. Notwithstanding this Captain Engell caused the Gate to be forced by a Lieutenant, who cut his Way thro' the Guard, and penetrated into the City; but finding the Enemy's Infantry very alert, and that they fired upon him briskly from the Houses, he was obliged to retire. Captain Engell attacked at the same Time the Picquet, whose Officer and 30 Men threw themselves into a Barrack, which was thatched with Straw, and served as an Office to the Keepers of their Magazines. Capt. Engell summoned, at several Times, that Party to surrender, and to lay down their Arms; which they refusing to do, he set Fire to the Barrack, and cut all the Picquet to Pieces, except four Men, to whom his People gave Quarter. Five Men, who remained too long in the Barrack, perished there,

as well as the Store-keeper, and his Office, according to the Prisoners Report. Captain Engell having got rid of the Picquet, and meeting with no other Obstacle, caused the Hay, lodged along the Fulde, to be set on Fire; and likewise about 20 Links of burning Pitch, to be fastened to the Sacks of Meal and Oats. This Fire communicated itself to many Barrels of Powder (of which there was a great Quantity on the Bank of the River) and blew them up. If Captain Engell had had a greater Force, he would have been able to have thrown many thousand Bombs, and large Balls, into the River.

"The whole Loss attending this Expedition, consisted only in one Horse, and one Man wounded in the Hand, by a Thrust of a Bayonet. On the other Hand, he made Prisoners 14 Men, one Commissary of War, named Monsferant, one Commis, two Lieutenants, and Lieutenant Col. Stutterheim, of the Saxon Regiment of Prince Joseph; all which he brought off with him. He rejoined Capt. Kampen at Heimbach, from whence they set out together, arrived here on the 21st, at eight o'Clock in the Morning, and were to repass the Werra at two o'Clock. That Detachment having marched 19 German Miles and an Half, in 48 Hours, the Horses could not but be extremely fatigued."

[Thus for the Gazette.]

L O N D O N, July 31.

There was Advice at the Cape, that the Storm of the first of January had destroyed four of the Capital Ships of the French, at the Island of Mauritius.

August 15. Particular Letters from Silesia mention, that the Austrian and Russian Armies, when joined, will amount to 154,000 Men, and the Prussians to 94,000.

The Postscript of a Letter from a Hanoverian Officer at Warbourg, dated the 6th Instant, at one o'Clock in the Morning, concludes with this Passage: "A great Part of Yesterday we were alarmed with a warm Cannonading, which must be between our Troops (the Allied Army) and that of M. Broglie, who, we hear, is determined to stand his Ground, and engage our Army, at all Events."

It is said, a Copy of the Treaty of Alliance between the Ottoman Porte and his Prussian Majesty, has been transmitted to our Court within a few Days past.

We hear that several new Preliminary Articles, in Relation to the Basis for setting on Foot the Congress for a Peace, are now under the Consideration of the Courts of Great-Britain and France.

The formidable Prami and flat-bottomed Boats of France, having tried their Strength against some of our Men of War, and experienced the Vanity and Futility of the Contrivance, it is to be presumed they will come out no more in Day-light; but the rare Inventors of them will probably give out, that they reserve them for an Invasion in the long Nights, in November or December next; or, in other Words, to make us a present of a few Thousand Prisoners.

The last Letters from Hanover say, that the Garrison of Göttingen had just been reinforced with 4000 French Troops.

On the 18th of June another terrible Earthquake happened at Lisbon, which shook the whole City in an amazing Manner.

The Discourse here, touching a Peace is much divided; one Party imagine it is near approaching, whilst the other give out, the Conferences will soon be proved ineffectual: In the mean Time, some short Space will determine this critical Affair. 'Tis certain that no Cessation of Hostilities will at present be agreed upon by this Court.

The King of Prussia's March to Munsterberg, where he surprized the Quarter-master's Guard, and a Part of the Baggage of General Laudohn's Army, does him as much Honour as any Thing that has happened during the War. It has entirely disappointed the Junction, as his very next March under the Cannon of Neis has spoiled the Scheme of besieging that Fortrefs; so that now Count Laudohn thinks of attacking Schweidnitz, while the Russians besiege Breslau. In short, the King is not to be attacked; and if the Rains should come on, he may lie by, and see his Enemies beat by the Weather.

The Marshal Duke de Broglie is retired towards Cassel, from whence it is thought he will send a Detachment to join the Army of the Empire, who have been lately ruffled by the Prussian General Kleist. The Imperial and Royal Army have spared them some Provisions; but as to Arms and Cloaths, they are still in a bad Way. Rumour says, for Rumour will Talk, that Marshal Daun is out of Humour or out of Spirits; that Count Laudohn is out of Luck; that Marshal Duke de Broglie has desired to be recalled; and, in short, that the Devil, called Discord, raised no Doubt by some Prussian Conjuror, is like to defeat all the Plans of the Empire, formed in the Winter at Vienna.

Some Letters from Paris say, that with a View to put an End to Disputes, and to revive the Spirits of the French Army, the Prince of Conti is to be sent into Germany, a great Minister to be removed, and a great Lady to be sent to a Nunnery. The two first are said to be founded in Truth; but the latter is no more than a popular Report.

Letters from Dantzick of the 23th advise, that the Russian Fleet, after being twice put back to that Port, was at length arrived before Colberg, which was preparing to make a vigorous Defence: But that the Russian Commanders had Orders to level the whole Town with the Ground, if it should obstinately refuse to surrender.

It is said, that upwards of 2000 French have deserted to the Allied Army in six Days Time.

The Accounts from the Prince de Soubise's Army say, that Prince was drawing nearer the Rhine. His Army had suffered greatly by Desertion, and Bread and Meal still continued at Eight-pence a Pound.

August 18. We here that the Order issued out last Week for impressing Men, is limited at 5000.

The impressing Men for the Land as well as the Sea Service continues, on Account of the Equipment of several more Men of War, and the sending more Troops to Germany, to act against the French, &c. and a Report continues, that a powerful Fleet will be sent to the Baltic, in Behalf of the King of Prussia.

The Queen's Regiment of Royal Volunteers, ordered to be raised, is given to Major Widdern who brought the first Account of the late Battle in Germany.

By the last Mail there is Advice, that Prince Ferdinand had wrote two Letters with his own Hand, one to General Luckner, and the other to Colonel Freytag, thanking them in a particular Manner for the great Service they had done, in destroying the Enemy's Magazines; and at the same Time assuring them, they should, in a particular Manner, be recommended to his Majesty.

The Ocean of 90 Guns, the Blenheim of 90, the Africa of 64 (all new Ships never yet at Sea) and the Cornwall of 64 are fitting out for public Service.

August 20. Yesterday there was a Cabinet Council at St. James's, at which the Earl of Bute, Mr. Secretary Pitt, Lord Viscount Ligonier, Duke of Newcastle, Earl of Hardwicke, and several other Lords, assisted.

According to Letters received Yesterday from Lord Harcourt, our intended Queen was to embark at this Day; and the Wind being at present very fair, her Arrival at Greenwich may be expected on Sunday or Monday next. She will stay there one Night, and then proceed to St. James's.

Yesterday a poor Man, who had been seized by a very strong Prei-gang, offered to lay them a Wager, that if they would leave him but one Hand at Liberty, they would not be able to hold him for three Minutes. The Challenge being accepted, the Jacks all got round him, expecting to see him attempt an Escape, in order to prevent which, some held by the Collar, others by the Arm, others by the Shoulder, and all by some Part keeping him fixed among them, as fast as if he had been in a Vice; when the poor Man very calmly putting his Hand into his Pocket, drew out a Protection, at the Sight of which they marched off, contending he had won the Wager, and left him to pursue his own Business.

ST. CHRISTOPHERS, September 19. Upon the 10th Instant was brought into the Road of Basseterre, in this Island, by the Brigantine Privateer Dutchess of Hamilton of Barbados, Capt. Wilson, a French Snow, with a few Hogheads of Sugar, and some Coffee on board. She was going from St. Pierre, in Martinica, to another Port in that Island, to take in a Cargo.

Upon the 14th Instant came in the Ship Forman Castle, of Bristol, which had been taken by a French Privateer, and retaken by his Majesty's Ship Rose, Francis Bankes, Esq; Commander. This Ship was bound to Jamaica, from the Coast of Guinny. The Privateer had taken out all the Negroes, before Capt. Bankes saw the Ship; but there is a Parcel of Elephants Teeth on board.

Upon the 17th Instant came in a French Schooner, bound to the Granades from St. Eustatia, with Provisions, and taken by the Privateer Sloop Lightning, of Barbados, Capt. Castle.

ST. JOHN'S (in Antigua) October 6. Since our last arrived here a Brigantine, taken by Captain Tucker, of the Privateer Nelly, belonging to this Place; and a Sloop, taken by his Majesty's Ship the Calliden.

CHARLES-TOWN, in South-Carolina, September 23. In the Common House of Assembly, the 19th Day of Sept. 1761.

ORDERED, THAT the Message presented this Day to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, from this House, in Answer to his Honour's Message of the 15th Instant, be Printed in both the Gazettes of this Province: And that the Clerk do give each of the Printers a Copy of the said Message for that Purpose. THOMAS BROMLEY, Clerk of the Commons House of Assembly.

May it please your Honour, YOUR Message of the 15th Instant, with the important Papers accompanying it, gives us the highest Proof of your warmest Intentions for the Welfare of the Province; and the present Instance of your Honour's Condescension, in advising with this House in Matters relating to War and Peace, the undoubted Prerogative of the Crown, we shall always remember with the greatest Satisfaction.

We are sorry to find ourselves obliged, by the Necessities and particular Circumstances of the Province, to advise your Honour to recede from the first, and what you considered as the grand Article, that must be insisted on to satisfy our Honour, and shew to the World an evident Acknowledgment of our Superiority in Arms, and at the same Time revenge the Blood of our Fellow Subjects the late unhappy Garrison of Fort Loudoun.

We flatter ourselves we do not err, when we think, that no Province in America can have exerted themselves more vigorously than we have done this Year; and with the Assistance his Majesty has been graciously pleased to afford us, we had the greatest Reason to Hope, a solid and lasting Peace would have been the happy Conclusion of the Campaign;

especially as the commanding Officer had declared, that "he would not agree to any Terms till he was in the Center of the Cherokee Nation, and that no Preliminaries should ever be signed by him but in one of their Town-Houses." Had this been done by a speedy, and, we may say, generally expected, March to the Valley, since the Army's Return to Keowee, we flatter ourselves we should not be reduced to this disagreeable Necessity, of advising your Honour to accept a Peace, upon Terms so precarious, and less honourable than we had Reason to expect: But notwithstanding these Expectations, we have Foundation to think, by Colonel Byrd's Letter to your Honour, dated only 17 Days after Colonel Grant's Return to Keowee, that a Peace was determined upon; for Colonel Byrd says, "My Orders were to co-operate with and assist Colonel Grant: That Gentleman writes me, he has completed his Work already; so that could I proceed, I should not answer that End." We dread the unhappy Consequences that may attend Col. Grant's depending too much on the Importance of destroying the Middle-Towns; a Thing he made light of last Year, for in the Letter your Honour then laid before this House, dated 31 July, 1760, he says, "destroying an Indian Town may be Creditable; but, in Fact, 'tis a Matter of no Consequence, when the Savages have Time to carry off their Effects." Again, "we could have gone to any Town in their Nation; but, we should have had a Broth to get at it, and then we should have found it, or indeed rather tried, all abandoned," which was the Case this Year. We conceive, that the only Thing in a Cherokee War, that will have any Effect to bring those Savages to a firm and lasting Peace, is, to destroy as many of their People as we can, and when an Opportunity offers so to do, to miss it by no Means, which, we fear, has been too much the Case in the late Expedition and defensive Action; and we are not without our Apprehensions, that your Honour's Information, that "your young Men entertain no very respectable Opinion or Dread of the English Manner of fighting Indians, though our Numbers are formidable," may be too well grounded. From these Reasons, as the Province is already greatly loaded with Taxes, and as we have little Prospect of the War being carried on in a different, and what we conceive more effectual, Manner than hitherto has been done; or that the Colonel of the Provincial Regiment, though of great Influence, Merit, and Abilities, and well acquainted with the Interest of the Province, and the proper Manner of treating the Cherokees, will ever be consulted; we are reduced to the Necessity of advising your Honour, to agree to a Peace, upon the Terms proposed by your Honour, in your Letter to Col. Grant of the 14th April last, except as to the first and ninth Articles, adding in the second Article, after the Word Prisoners, the Word "Negroes;" leaving out in the third Article, the Words "for Protection of our Traders there;" and adding at the latter Part of that Article, "and that the Head or Scalp of the Murderer be brought to the Commander of the next English Fort." And we beg Leave to recommend to your Honour another Article, to the following Effect: "That, to prevent, as much as may be, any Disturbances that may arise between the Cherokees and the White People on the Back-Settlements, no Cherokee Indians shall come down into this Province, within the Limits of Twenty-six Mile River, on any Pretence whatsoever, without some white Person in Company; or unless by the Order or Permission of this Government; and that all white Men, whether French or English, who have been amongst the Cherokees, and have aided and assisted them during the late War, shall be delivered up." This House has resolved to make Provision for the Pay of four Companies of Rangers, upon the present Establishment, with a Major-Commandant, until the first Day of January next, if their Service should be thought so long Necessary; but we beg Leave to inform your Honour, that we will not make any Provision for garrisoning of Fort Loudoun; in Case it should be delivered up by the Indians.

By Order of the House,  
BENJAMIN SMITH, Speaker.  
In the Commons House of Assembly,  
the 19th Day of Sept. 1761.  
Attakullakulla, accompanied by eight other Cherokee Indians, among whom are Old Caesar, the Raven of Nouckassee, the Raven of Toeksoey, &c. were, by order of the Governor, carried by Capt. Stuart, on Sunday the 13th, from Goose-Creek to Ashley-Ferry. Attakullakulla has full Powers from his Nation to treat of and conclude a Peace; and was pitched upon by them as the Indian this Government would pay most Attention to on Account of his inviolated Attachment: And fatal Experience having at last convinced them, that he knows their true Interest best, they implicitly confide in his Conduct. On Tuesday 15th he had a Conference with the Governor, when he produced his full Powers from the different Towns, which, as the Indians have not the Use of Letters, consisted of Belts of Wampum. On Monday last Attakullakulla came to Town, and Yesterday had a public Audience of the Governor in Council, when the following was agreed to:

The TERMS of PEACE to be Granted to the CHEROKEE INDIANS.  
WHEREAS War has subsisted for some Time past between the Cherokee Indians, and his Majesty's Subjects, particularly of the Provinces of Virginia, North and South-Carolina: And whereas the said Cherokee Indians have applied to me for Peace, by Attakullakulla, one of their principal Headmen, specially deputed and authorized for that Purpose, and they having by their said Deputy expressed their earnest Desire that an End may be put to the War, and Peace restored; which Application I having duly considered, and being desirous to deliver the said Indians from the Hardships and Distresses which the said War has brought upon them, as well as to remove the Inconveniences which attend his Majesty's Subjects, whilst they are engaged in such a War; I have therefore thought proper to grant them a Peace on the Conditions contained in the several Articles hereafter set down. And,

It is hereby stipulated between me the Honourable William Bull, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Province of South-Carolina, on Behalf of his Majesty, and the said Attakullakulla, on Behalf of the Cherokee Indians, that Peace shall be restored, confirmed and established between his Majesty's Subjects and the Cherokee Indians—which Peace, it is intended, shall endure as long as the Sun shall shine, and Rivers continue to run into the Sea.

ARTICLE I. All English Prisoners, Negroes, Horses and Cattle, in their Possession, to be delivered up immediately to Col. Grant.

II. Fort Loudoun, and the Cannon belonging thereto, now lying at Chote, to be delivered up to any Persons sent to take Charge of them; and any Forts shall be built hereafter, in the Cherokee Nation, when the same is thought necessary by the English.

III. The Cherokees shall not admit any Frenchmen into their Nation, and if any should come, the Cherokees shall assist us, at least shall not pretend to interpose their Protection, to prevent us, when we think proper, to apprehend the Frenchmen.

IV. Any Indian who Murders any of his Majesty's Subjects, shall be immediately put to Death by the Cherokees, as soon as the Murder and Murderer are known in the Cherokee Nation, and that the Head or Scalp of the Murderer be brought to the Commander of the next English Fort.

V. The Cherokees shall not Hunt to the Eastward of 26 Mile River, nor the English to the Westward of it, to prevent any Quarrels or Mischief that may be occasioned from the Hunting Parties meeting in the Woods.

VI. That to prevent, as much as may be, any Disturbances that may arise between the Cherokees and the White People on the back Settlements, no Cherokee Indian shall come down into this Province, within the Limits of Twenty-six Mile River, on any pretence whatsoever, without some white Person in Company, or unless by the Order or Permission of this Government; and that all white Men, whether French or English, who have been amongst the Cherokees, and have aided and assisted them, during the late War, shall be delivered up.

VII. The Cherokees shall not molest the Creatures belonging to, nor trespass on the Grounds necessary for Planting and Pasturage for the Use of the Garrison of Forts built, or to be built, in their Nation.

VIII. The Catawbas and Chickesaws to be comprehended in this Peace.

IX. That all the Cherokee Prisoners we have taken, shall be restored.

X. Our Friendship shall be granted to them; a firm Peace shall be made and finally ratified in Charlestown; Trade shall be renewed, and plenty of Goods sent up to be exchanged for their Skins, to supply their Wants.

XI. And as equal Justice is the surest Foundation of a lasting Peace, it shall be agreed, that when an Englishman Murders a Cherokee, the Cherokees shall not put him to Death, but he shall be delivered to the Officer of the Fort, sent Prisoner to Charlestown, and there tried according to our Laws; and if found Guilty, to be executed in Presence of some Cherokees, if they desire to be present: And when the Cherokees think they are injured by the English in their Nation, the Cherokees are not to take Revenge themselves, but shall make Complaint to the Commander of the next English Fort, to be from thence transmitted to the English Governor, who will right them therein, according to our Laws: And when the Cherokees injure any English among them, on Complaint thereof, the Cherokees shall Right the Injured; thus the Guilty will only be punished on both Sides; thus Friendship, Peace, and Trade will be preserved; but when they cease to observe this Treaty, Friendship, Peace, and Trade will also cease.

XII. That Attakullakulla communicate these Stipulations to the Nation on his Return, and acquaint them, that in order to have these Articles of Peace finally ratified and confirmed, so that our old Friendship may be renewed, and last as long as the Sun shines, and Rivers run; some of the Headmen from the Upper, the Valley, the Middle and Lower Settlements, shall come down to Charlestown, and confirm these Stipulations, and then settle such Matters as concern the Trade to be carried on with their Nation.

In Testimony whereof, both Parties have hereunto interchangeably set their Hands; and I, the said William Bull, have caused the great Seal of this his Majesty's said Province to be hereunto affixed, this 23d Day

of Sept. in the Year of our Lord 1761, and in the first Year of his Majesty's Reign,  
WILLIAM BULL,  
Attakullakulla do accept of the foregoing Terms of Peace, on Behalf of the Cherokee Nation.

ATTAKULLAKULLA  
his Mark.

This Day Attakullakulla had his last public Audience, when he Signed the Terms of Peace, and received an authenticated Copy under the great Seal, and Signed by the Governor. He earnestly requested that Capt. John Stuart might be made Chief White Man in their Nation; he said all the Indians love him, and there would never be any Uneasiness if he were there: He promised to return in six Weeks with other Headmen. This faithful Indian afterwards dined with his Honour the Governor, and To morrow sets out for his own Country. He has received several Presents, as a Mark of the Regard this Government has for him in particular, for his unshaken Fidelity and Attachment: The other Indians received only some necessary Cloathing for themselves, of which they were in great Want.

BOSTON, October 19.  
About a Fortnight ago a melancholy Affair happened at the Eastward. Mr. Small, an ingenious and approved Surveyor, being employed by the Government to reconnoitre and explore that Part of the Country which lies between Fort Halifax on Kennebeck River, and the River Chaudrie, and so on to Quebec; he was attended by Captain Howard, and a Party of Nine Men, and set out from the Fort upon that Business; but when they had got about 120 Miles distance, one Day, about 12 o'Clock, Mr. Small being within some Bushes taking an Observation, one of the Men perceived a rustling, and something move, apprehended it to be some wild Beast, unhappily fired, and shot him dead upon the Spot.

NEW-YORK, October 22.  
Since our last arrived his Majesty's Ship the Alcide, Capt. —, of 64 Guns, on board of which came Passengers, the Right Hon. William Alexander, Earl of Sterling; his Excellency Josiah Hardy, Esq; Governor of New-Jersey, with his Lady and Family; Jared Ingersol, Esq; late Agent at London, from the Colony of Connecticut; — Temple, Esq; Surveyor-General of his Majesty's Customs of Boston, and other Gentlemen.

Two Regiments of the Regulars came down from Albany on Sunday and Monday last, and most of them immediately embarked on board the Transports.

We hear that Messieurs EDES and GILL, Printers in Boston, have drawn the 3500 Dollars in the Prince-Town College Lottery.

One of the Officers who fought a Duel about ten Days ago near this City, is since dead of his Wound; but before he died, acknowledged himself the Aggressor.

Since our last his Majesty's 17th Regiment arrived here from Albany, and immediately encamped on Nutton-Island.

ANNAPOLIS, November 5.  
On Monday last came on the Election of Representatives for this (Anne-Arundel) County, and on Tuesday Afternoon the Poll was closed, when the Four following Gentlemen were Declared duly Elected, viz. Messieurs Brice Thomas Beale Wortington, John Hammond, Henry Hall, and Thomas Johnson, junior.

The following Gentlemen are chosen for Queen-Anne's County; Messieurs Robert Lloyd, Edward Tilghman, James Hollyday, and Thomas Wright.

For Talbot; Messrs. John Goldborough, Pollard Edmondson, William Thomas, and James Tilghman.

For Dorchester; Col. Henry Hooper, Messieurs Daniel Sullivane, Joseph Cox Gray, and Charles Goldborough.

For Baltimore; Messieurs John Poca, Thomas Cocky Deye, John Hammond Dorsey, and Corbin Lee.

For Frederick; Messieurs Thomas Cresap, Thomas Beatty, Nathan Magruder, and Joseph Chapline.

The Election in Prince-George's County, is to be on Tuesday next.

We have not yet heard from Cecil.

Prince-George's County, October 30, 1761.  
WANTED,  
A MAN, who can be well Recommended for Honesty, Sobriety, and Diligence, and who can Write, and keep a common Account, and is fit to take the Charge of a FERRY and PUBLIC HOUSE, where every Thing necessary will be found by the Employer: Such an one will meet with very good Encouragement by applying to the Subscriber on Patowmack River.

JOHN ADRIEN.

WHEREAS Infant, JOHN COLVILL, has without Inform

MARYLAND GA other Places in the Lands Devided the Right Honour SERVILLE, are ye Therefore, as Age ville, the Subscrib to all whom it may gain with the fa private or public, the Law shall direc this further gives I COLVILL is now Writ of Virginia, t of his Management is to advise all Per any Purchase of the tion, from THOMAS to the bad Conseq entangle them in D

On Wednesday the 2 at PUBLIC S Benjamin Brooke,

THE following Prince-George One Tract called Acres; and Part of containing 320 1/2 Ac The Title, and T at any Time, by app

STOLEN out of t 31st of October a about 15 Feet Keel, Bottom, and one new Whoever will retu West-River, shall hav

RAN away last Sa Neptune, James in the North West Bre lars, viz.

Daniel Ferguson, abo 10 Inches high, wears and shucked, and floo

John Bellam, about well-set Fellow, about his own Hair which upon his left Cheek. away, a green Jacket, like a Sailor's.

Thomas Woodbridge, 1 Feet 9 Inches high, i talks very broad Scotch and a Mole upon one

Thomas Greaves, abo 8 Inches high, wears h mark'd with the Smal They were all in Sai Ship's Yawl with them

Whoever brings back so that the Subscriber receive TEN PISTOL sonable Charges, from

THERE is at the F near the Katock County, taken up as a S Horse, Branded on the like I, has much white a bob Tail, and some

The Owner may ha his Property, and payin

THERE is in the F ger, living in Fre Miles from the Town, t old Bay Gelding, a nat his Pace, and no perceiv

The Owner may have Property, and paying C

THERE is at the Davis, in Freder Stray, a middle siz'd w Branded on the off Th on a good Leather Coll with R G and a V. und

The Owner may have Property, and paying C

Leesburg, (Loudoun County) VIRGINIA.  
October 24, 1761.

WHEREAS THOMAS COLVILL, of the 12th  
Instant, Executor in Trust to the Deceased  
JOHN COLVILL, of Fairfax County, in Virginia,  
has without Information to me, given Notice in the  
MARYLAND GAZETTE, and likewise in divers  
other Places in the Colony of Virginia, That the  
Lands Devise'd from the late JOHN COLVILL, to  
the Right Honourable CHARLES Earl of TAN-  
KERVILLE, are yet subject to some Debts unpaid:  
Therefore, as Agent for the said Earl of Tanker-  
ville, the Subscriber hereof gives this early Notice  
to all whom it may concern, not to Treat or Bar-  
gain with the said THOMAS COLVILL either in  
private or public, otherwise to be made liable as  
the Law shall direct for such Injuries done: And  
this further gives Notice, that the said THOMAS  
COLVILL is now served with a General Court  
Writ of Virginia, to exhibit a more just Account  
of his Management; so that this Advertisement  
is to advise all Persons whatsoever, not to make  
any Purchase of those Lands mentioned in Que-  
stion, from THOMAS COLVILL, otherwise to stand  
to the bad Consequence, which must certainly  
entangle them in Difficulties with the Subscriber.  
JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

On Wednesday the 25th Instant, will be SOLD  
at PUBLIC SALE, at the House of Mr.  
Benjamin Brooke, at UPPER MARLBOROUGH,

THE following Parcels of LAND, lying in  
Prince-George's County, viz.  
One Tract called *Burbridge*, containing 280  
Acres; and Part of a Tract called *Land-over*,  
containing 320½ Acres.  
The Title, and Terms of Sale, may be known  
at any Time, by applying to  
WM. TURNOR WOOTTON.

STOLEN out of the Dock at Annapolis, on the  
31st of October at Night, a Rowing YAWL,  
about 15 Feet Keel, 5½ Feet wide, has a black  
Bottom, and one new 't bough't.  
Whoever will return her to the Subscriber at  
West-River, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward.  
THOMAS NORRIS.

RAN away last Saturday Night, from the Ship  
*Neptune*, James Cooper, Commander, lying  
in the North West Branch of Patuxent, Four Sail-  
ors, viz.

Daniel Ferguson, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet  
10 Inches high, wears his own Hair which is short  
and thocked, and floops in his Walk.

John Bellam, about 30 Years of Age, a thick,  
well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears  
his own Hair which is Black, and has a Mole  
upon his left Cheek. Had on when he went  
away, a green Jacket, and the rest of his Dress is  
like a Sailor's.  
Capt. R. Smith.

Thomas Woodbridge, about 40 Years of Age, 5  
Feet 9 Inches high, stutters in his Speech, and  
talks very broad Scotch, has strait short black Hair,  
and a Mole upon one of his Cheeks.

Thomas Greaves, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet  
8 Inches high, wears his own black Hair, and is  
mark'd with the Small-Pox.

They were all in Sailors Dress, and carried the  
Ship's Yawl with them.

Whoever brings back or secures the said Fellows,  
so that the Subscriber can have them again, shall  
receive TEN PISTOLES Reward, and all rea-  
sonable Charges, from  
JAMES COOPER.

THERE is at the Plantation of Peter Hargat,  
near the Katockton Mountain, in Frederick  
County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Sorrel  
Horse, Branded on the Right Shoulder something  
like I, has much white in his Face, 3 white Feet,  
a bob Tail, and some Saddle Spots on his Back.  
The Owner may have him again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of Valentine Crea-  
ger, living in Frederick County, about Ten  
Miles from the Town, taken up as a Stray, a large  
old Bay Gelding, a natural Pacer, has a Blaze in  
his Face, and no perceivable Brand.  
The Owner may have him again, on proving his  
Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Forest  
Davis, in Frederick County, taken up as a  
Stray, a middle siz'd white Mare, a natural Pacer,  
Branded on the off Thigh C, shod Before, had  
on a good Leather Collar and a large Bell mark'd  
with R G and a V underneath.  
The Owner may have her again, on proving his  
Property, and paying Charges.

By Virtue of the Will of Mr. Henry Woodyard,  
Deceased, will be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,  
on Saturday the Fifth Day of December next, at  
Mr. Gaffaway's House in ANNAPOLIS,

THE Dwelling House now in the Occupation  
of Mr. William Woodward in Annapolis, and  
all the Ground adjoining thereto, which belonged  
to the late Mr. Woodward, with the Improvements  
(except what is leased to Mr. Couden and Mr. Chal-  
mers). There is nearly two Acres of Ground  
lying on three Streets, in the most public Part of  
the City, has on it a very large genteel and con-  
venient Brick Dwelling-House, a good Brick Kit-  
chen and neat Out-Room adjoining to it; conve-  
nient Out-Houses, and genteel Garden, besides a  
separate Tenement that may be rented out for 10  
or 12 l. by the Year.

The Rent and Reversion on a Lease for 99 Years,  
renewable forever, of the Ground on which Mr.  
James Chalmers's Dwelling House stands. The  
yearly Rent is 5 l. Sterling, and a Year's Rent  
payable on Renewments.

The Rent and Reversion on a Lease, on the  
same Terms, of the Ground on which Mr. Robert  
Couden's Dwelling House stands.

And, about 800 Acres of Land lying within 4  
or 5 Miles of Annapolis, made up of several Tracts  
adjoining to each other, purchased by the late Mr.  
Woodward of his Sisters Mary and Elizabeth Wood-  
ward, and of the late Col. Taffer; on Part of which  
Land is the late Governor Bladen's Vineyard, about  
20 Acres of very good improved Meadow, a very  
large young Apple Orchard curiously assorted, many  
of the Trees being English Grafts, a very good  
Stone Dwelling House, Brick Kitchen, and other  
curious as well as valuable Improvements.

The Sales to be in Sterling. Any Persons that  
design to bid, may be informed of the Title by  
Mr. Thomas Johnson, junior, in Annapolis.

Several likely young Mares of the late Colonel  
Taffer's English Breed, some of them with Foal,  
and Colts of the same Breed, to be sold by private  
Sale, may be seen at any Time at Mr. Woodward's  
late Dwelling Plantation. MARY WOODWARD.

Nottingham, October 21, 1761.

JUST IMPORTED, 2

In the *Hannah*, Capt. Shannan, from LIVERPOOL,  
LARGE Quantity of FINE SALT,  
to be Sold by the Subscriber, on very mo-  
derate Terms. Any Quantity not less than 100  
Bushels, will be delivered at the Ship's Side at  
One Shilling Sterling per Bushel.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

N. B. The *Hannah* will stop a few Days to  
deliver Salt at *Benedict*, a few Days more at *Ma-  
gruder's* Warehouse, and from thence will proceed  
to her Moorings at Nottingham.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at  
the House of William Brown, in London-Town,  
on Monday the 9th of November next,



THE Schooner MOLLY,  
with all her Materials.  
She is a new Vessel, well found,  
about 90 Tons Burthen, now  
lying at the Rope-Walk at Lon-  
don-Town. An Inventory of  
her Sails and Rigging, &c. may  
be seen at the Place of Sale,

or by applying to

JAMES DICK,  
ROBERT SWAN,  
ANTHONY M'CULLOCH.

The Ship UPTON,  
SAMUEL PEMBERTON,  
MASTER, 3

A LETTER of Marque, car-  
rying 17 Carriage Guns,  
Six and Four Pounders, and 4  
Cohorns which will throw Six Pound Shot, now  
lying in *Briton's Bay*, will take in TOBACCO  
at Ten Pounds Sterling per Ton, consigned to  
James Gildart, Esq; Merchant in *Liverpool*.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ship Tobacco may,  
for further Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber  
in *Leonard-Town*, or the said Master on board the  
said Vessel.

Also to be Sold by the Subscriber, a large  
Quantity of White SALT.

THOMSON MASON.

THE Managers of the Reformed CALVINIST  
Church LOTTERY, in *Frederick-Town*,  
Frederick County, finding that they cannot dispose  
of the TICKETS in Time to Draw this Month,  
are obliged to postpone the Drawing to the First  
of February next.

Rock-Creek, October 9, 1761.

RAN away from the Subscriber on the 4th  
Instant, a very likely Negro Fellow named  
Tom, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high,  
but speaks tolerable good English, tho' slow, and  
appears bashful. He had on when he went away,  
an over Jacket of dyed Cotton, an under Jacket  
of Plading, and an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers;  
it is imagined that he carried with him some spare  
Shirts and Trowsers, as also some Bed-Cloaths,  
and as we miss a Canoe from this Shore, it is  
suspected that he is gone by Water, especially as  
he had been used to the Water for at least a Year  
before I purchased him, and had in that Time  
made an Attempt to get to Sea in an open Boat.

Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and secures  
him so that I can have him again, shall be paid  
the Sum of Twenty Shillings if taken within Ten  
Miles of this Place, Thirty Shillings if Twenty  
Miles, Forty Shillings if Thirty Miles, Fifty Shil-  
lings if Forty Miles, and Three Pounds if at a  
greater Distance, by  
ROBERT PETER.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, October 10, 1761.

RAN away from the Subscriber, Two Convict  
Servant Men, viz.

James Hall, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, 40  
Years of Age, he is narrow Faced, hollow Eyed,  
and is very remarkable in his Head, having lost  
great Part of his Hair by Sickness. Had on when  
he went away, his working Clothes.

Henry Jones, about 25 Years of Age, near six  
Feet high, wears his own Hair, he is thin fleshed,  
and stands pretty upright upon his Legs. He  
likewise had on his working Clothes.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and brings  
them to the Subscriber, shall receive if taken above  
Ten Miles from home, TEN POUNDS, or Five  
Pounds for either of them, and reasonable Char-  
ges, paid by  
CALEB DORSEY.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber on  
Account of Public Dues, are requested to  
discharge them, otherwise they must expect to be  
Treated as the Law directs. And those who do  
not discharge their Quit-Rents and Land-Tax at  
November Court, will be Distrained on without  
Distinction.  
KENSEY JOHNS, Sheriff  
of Anne-Arundel County.

Townside, Sept. 8, 1761.

To be LET, upon Lease for a Term of Years,  
A PLANTATION, STOCK and HANDS,  
on the Red-Lyan-Branch, on *Chester River*,  
in *Queen-Anne's County, Maryland*.

The Hands are Slaves; the Stock consists of  
Horses, Mares, black Cattle, Sheep, Goats and  
Swine. The Tenement is under good Fence, the  
Housing in good Order. The Tract is 220 Acres,  
of which about 90 clear'd; but the Tenant will  
have Liberty to clear new Ground without Res-  
traint or Limitation; the Owner being possessed  
of 1400 Acres of Wood Land contiguous. There  
is a young Peach and Plum Orchard on the Tract,  
and several Apple and Cherry Trees. There is a  
Grist Mill on the same open Ground.

The Terms (on Security if required) will not  
exceed the Worth of the Hire of the Hands, added  
to the Interest of the Value of the Stock, and a  
moderate Rent.

There is good Fishing in Shad and Herring Sea-  
son, on the Coast of this Tract, which is surround-  
ed by Merchant Mills and Stores of all Sorts, and  
an Inspection House at about a Mile and a Half  
Distance. The Range of Woods is very consider-  
able for raising of Stock, there being some Thou-  
sand Acres of such.  
H. CALLISTER.

To be LEASED,

And Entered on immediately, for Three Lives,  
A VERY choice Tract of LAND, well  
Watered and Timbered, containing several  
Thousand Acres, belonging to CHARLES, Earl  
of TANKERVILLE, lying on *Patomack River*,  
and chiefly bounded in by *Kistockton Creek* in the  
County of *Loudoun*, and Colony of *Virginia*.

Also, a Tract of Land, lying on *Difficult Run*  
in the said County, famous for the many fine Si-  
tuations for building Water-Mills, and a consider-  
able Quantity of Meadow Ground, only Twelve  
Miles from Navigation, and Twenty from the  
Port of *Alexandria*.

Likewise, a Tract of Land lying on *Four Mile  
Run*, endued with the same good Qualifications,  
and distant about Six Miles from *Alexandria*.

For further Particulars enquire of Mr. *Fleming  
Patterson*, Merchant in *Leesburg*; in *Loudoun Coun-  
ty*, or from the Subscriber, where Attendance will  
be given by  
JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subscriber, Executor of WILLIAM DEACON, Esq; late of St. Mary's County, in the Province of Maryland, on TUESDAY the 17th of November Inst. at St. Mary's, for London Bills of Exchange.

A TRACT of LAND containing about Ninety Acres, situate on St. Mary's River, on which is a large DWELLING-HOUSE, Four Rooms on a Floor, and fully compleat; likewise a good Kitchen, Office, and all other necessary Out-Houses; and Four choice young SLAVES about 20 Years of Age, and a young Child. The Negroes will be sold with or without the Land. The aforesaid Land and Negroes are the Property of a Woman between 60 and 70 Years of Age during her natural Life.

Likewise another Tract of Land, formerly the Property of the aforesaid Deacon, about a Mile and a Half distant from the aforesaid Tract, containing Two Hundred and Thirty Acres, or thereabouts, lying on St. Ingoes Creek, and adjoining to the Land of Mr. William Hicks.

The Title may be known at any Time, by applying to

IGNATIUS FENWICK.

Bladesburg, October 1st, 1761.

A SINGLE MAN, who understands Farming and the Management of Negroes, and who can be well recommended for his Sobriety and Industry, will meet with great Encouragement as an Overseer, for the ensuing Year, from

DAVID ROSS.

ALL Persons who have any Claims against the Estate of Mr. Simon Duff, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts to the Subscriber, that the same may be adjusted and paid. And all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Administrator.

September 29, 1761.

The Ship GENERAL WOLFE

JOHN POULTON, MASTER,

IS now lying in Patuxent River, off Mr. John Stone Hawkins's store, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling per Ton, consign'd to Messrs. Lander & Dingman, Merchants in Liverpool, or giving Liberty of Consignment to any Merchant there.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ship Tobacco, may, for further Particulars, enquire of Joseph Mullan, or the said Master on Board.

N. B. To be Sold by the said Mullan, a large Quantity of White SALT, good Cheshire Cheese, Liverpool Ale (Williamson's), and a choice Parcel of Dry GOODS, consisting of Irish Linens, 3ths Sheeting, Osnabrigs, Cottons, Frizes, Hard Ware, Saddlery, and Nails.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the Eighteenth of November Inst. at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton in Frederick-Town, Frederick County,

THE following Tracts of LAND, lately belonging to Mr. James Wardrop, deceased.

One Tract of Land called Hazard, containing	790	Acres.
One Ditto called Partnership	280	
Dearbought	500	
Wooden Platter	327	
Brentford	35	
Oxford	54	
Cool Spring	75	
Bloombury	104	
John's Delight	104	
Pine Hill	90	
Nut Spring	114	
Red Oak Level	100	

All lying in Frederick County.

At the same Time will be Sold to the highest Bidder, Part of a Tract of Land called Exchange and new Exchange enlarged, containing about 700 Acres, lying in Frederick County, near Thomas Davis's Tavern.

For Title or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

Patuxent Iron-Works, Sept. 22, 1761.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber, about the 10th of July last, a Black Horse about 14 Hands and an Inch high, with a large Star in his Forehead, and a small Snip on his Nose, was shod all round, paces naturally, and has a very remarkable long Walk. Whoever will bring the said Horse home, shall have Thirty Shillings, paid by

JOHN SNOWDEN.

Baltimore, July 1761.

RELIGION, the crowning Excellence of intelligent Nature, claims the Approbation and close Attention of every reasonable Being, who expects future Bliss. We are bound from Principles of Gratitude and Interest to promote the Honour and Worship of the supreme Mind, as necessary to our own Prosperity, the Good of Society, and future Happiness of Man. Animated by these interesting Motives, we, of the Presbyterian Persuasion in this Town, desire, not from Party Views, but from real Principle, to purchase a Lot of Ground to erect a decent Church for Divine Service, in which we may worship GOD according to our Consciences. Upon Enquiry we find ourselves as yet insufficient to raise such a Sum as is necessary to accomplish such an important Design, beg Leave therefore to solicit the Generosity of our Fellow-Christians to assist and encourage us in completing a small Lottery, at a Time when the Benevolence of our Countrymen is so well tried in this Way. We hope our Claim to the public Attention is equal to any that has solicited their Notice, and humbly expect that we shall meet with general Encouragement.

S C H E M E of the L O T T E R Y.

Prizes.	Dollars.	is	Dollars.
1	of 1500	is	1500
2	of 750	are	1500
2	of 500	are	1000
3	of 200	are	600
4	of 150	are	600
5	of 100	are	500
10	of 50	are	500
10	of 40	are	400
10	of 30	are	300
10	of 20	are	200
20	of 10	are	200
30	of 8	are	240
2482	of 5	are	12410
2389 Prizes,		First drawn	30
2411 Blanks.		Last drawn	20
5000 Tickets at 4 Dollars each, are 20000			

C O N D I T I O N S.

THAT the Lottery shall be drawn in Baltimore-Town as soon as the Tickets are disposed of, and previous Notice thereof shall be given in This and the Pennsylvania Gazette.

That a Deduction of Fifteen Dollars be made from every Prize of One Hundred Dollars, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Prize, thereby to raise the Sum intended of Three Thousand Dollars. The Managers appointed are, Messieurs John Smith and William Buchanan, John Stevenson, Jonathan Ploverman, William Lyon, and Nicholas Ruxton Gay, of Baltimore; Mr. David McCulloch, of Joppa; Mr. George Stevenson, of York; Col. John Armstrong, of Carlisle; Dr. David Ross, of Bladenburg; Mr. Peter Hubbert, of Dorset; and Mr. Jonas Green, of Annapolis; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath faithfully to discharge the Trust reposed in them.

A List of the Prizes will be published in This and the Pennsylvania Gazette, after the Drawing is finished, and the Money paid after the Deduction aforesaid. Prize Money not demanded in Six Months after the Publication of the Prizes, to be deemed as generously given towards this laudable Purpose, and to be applied accordingly.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers; of Mr. Thomas Campbell, Merchant, at Nottingbam, and of Mrs. Ramsay, at the Head of Severn.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence, Pennsylvania Paper, will be taken in Payment for a Dollar, in the Purchase of Tickets, and to be paid in like Manner in Discharge of Prizes.

Charles County, October 1st, 1761.

THE Subscriber has a large Quantity of TOBACCO, of good Weight, on Patuxent and Patowmack, for Sale; also a Parcel of NEGROES at his own House, either for Ready or next Year's Pay; likewise some Horses to dispose of; and Land to Lease for a Dozen or Fifteen Years.

SAMUEL HANSON.



The SHIP ELIZABETH and ANNA,

LYING in the North-West Branch of Patuxent, takes in TOBACCO at Eight Pounds Sterling per Ton, consign'd to Messieurs ROBERT and JAMES CHRISTIE, Merchants in London.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Upper-Marlborough, on the 26th of February last, a Country-born Negro Fellow named Anthony, by Trade a Cooper, about 28 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 4 Inches high. He had on an old Cotton Coat with white Metal Buttons, Cotton Breeches, a Kersey, and Swanskin Jacket, Negro Shoes and Stockings, a Felt Hat, and an Osnabrigs Shirt. But it is probable he will change his Apparel, as he had Variety of Cloaths with him. He has been used to work on board Ships in Patuxent River, and it is supposed is somewhere thereabouts.

Whoever will take up the said Negro, and bring him home, shall have Forty Shillings, beside what the Law allows, if taken in the County; and if taken out of it, Three Pounds, beside what the Law allows, paid by

JOHN GANTT.

Frederick-Town, June 1761.

S C H E M E of a L O T T E R Y.

FOR raising Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight, for Building a CHURCH for the Reformed CALVINISTS in Frederick-Town, Frederick County, to consist of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of Eight each, viz.

Number of Prizes.	Pieces of Eight.	Total Value.
1	of 500	is 500
2	of 300	are 600
3	of 150	are 450
4	of 100	are 400
10	of 50	are 500
12	of 40	are 480
20	of 30	are 600
35	of 20	are 700
200	of 8	are 1600
900	of 5	are 4500
1187 Prizes.		First drawn Ticket 40
2813 Blanks.		Last drawn Ticket 30
Sum raised 16000		

4000 Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are 12000

BY the above-Scheme there are not 2 1/2 Blanks to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not 15 per Cent on the whole.

The Managers appointed are, Messieurs Christopher Edelin, Stephen Ransburg, James Dickson, Thomas Schley, Conrad Grob, Casper Shaaff, Thomas Price, Samuel Swearingen, Valentine Adam, and William Kimbal, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

A List of the Prizes will be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and paid off without any Deduction.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence Pennsylvania Currency, will be received for each Piece of Eight in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same Currency is to pass upon the same Terms in paying off the Prizes.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order, ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

# MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, November 12, 1761.

The following Account of the Marriage of his late Royal Highness the Prince of Wales with the Princess of Saxe Gotha, the Royal Parents of our present most Gracious Sovereign, may perhaps be agreeable to our Readers.

**H**ER Highness arrived in the William and Mary yacht at Greenwich, on Sunday April 25, 1736, and landing at the Hospital was conducted in one of his Majesty's coaches by Lord Delawar, to the Queen's house in the Park, amidst the acclamations of thousands of spectators. Her Highness seemed highly delighted with the joy the people expressed at her arrival, and had the goodness to show herself for above half an hour from the gallery towards the Park. The Princess of Wales came to pay her a visit, and their Majesties, the Duke, and Princesses, sent their compliments.

Monday 26. The Prince of Wales dined with her Highness at Greenwich in one of the rooms towards the Park, the windows being thrown open to oblige the curiosity of the people: His Royal Highness afterwards gave her the diversion of passing on the water, as far as the Tower and back again, in his barge finely adorned, and preceded by a concert of music. The ships saluted their Highnesses all the way they passed and hung out their streamers and colours, and the river was covered with boats. Their Highnesses afterwards stepped in public.

Tuesday 27. Her Highness came in his Majesty's coach from Greenwich to Lambeth, crossed the water at Lambeth and was brought from Whitehall to St. James's in the Queen's chair; where was a numerous and splendid court, beyond expression. The Prince of Wales received her at the Garden door; and, upon her sinking on her knee to kiss his hand he affectionately raised her up, and twice saluted her. His Royal Highness led her up stairs to their Majesties apartments, where presenting her to the King, her Highness fell on her knee to kiss his hand but was gently taken up and saluted by him. Her Highness was then presented to the Queen in like manner, and afterwards to the Duke and Princesses, who congratulated her arrival. Her Highness dined with the Prince of Wales, and the Princesses. At eight the procession began to the Chapel, and the joining of hands was proclaimed to the people by firing guns. Her Highness was in her hair, wearing a crown with one bar, as Princess of Wales, set all over with diamonds; her robe likewise, as Princess of Wales, being of crimson velvet turned back with several rows of ermine, and having her train supported by Lady Caroline Lenox, daughter to his Grace the Duke of Richmond; Lady Caroline Fitzroy, daughter to his Grace the Duke of Grafton; Lady Caroline Cavendish, daughter to his Grace the Duke of Devonshire; and Lady Sophia Fermor, daughter to the Earl of Pomfret; all of whom were in virgin habits of silver like the Princesses, and adorned with diamonds, not less in value than from 20 to 30,000 l. each. Her Highness was led by his Royal Highness the Duke, and conducted by his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of the Household, and the Lord Hervey, Vice-Chamberlain; and attended by the Countess of Effingham, and the other Ladies of her household. The marriage service was read by the Lord Bishop of London, Dean of the Chapel; and after the same was over, a fine anthem was performed by a great number of voices and instruments. When the procession returned, His Royal Highness led his bride; and coming into the Drawing-room, their Royal Highnesses kneeled down, and received their Majesties blessing: At half an hour after ten, their Majesties sat down to supper, the Prince and Duke king on the King's right hand, and the Princess of Wales, and the four Princesses on the Queen's left. Their Majesties retiring to the apartments of the Prince of Wales, the Bride was conducted to her bed-chamber, and the Bridegroom to his dressing-room, where the Duke undressed him, and his Majesty did his Royal Highness the honour to put on his shirt. The Bride was undressed by the Princesses; and, being in bed in a rich undress, his Majesty came into the room, and the Prince followed soon after in a night gown of silver stuff, and a cap of the finest lace; the Quality were admitted to see the Bride and Bridegroom sitting up in the Bed, surrounded by all the Royal Family. His Majesty was dressed in a gold brocade, turned up with silk, embroidered with large flowers in silver and colours, as was the waistcoat; the buttons and star were diamonds. Her Majesty was in a plain yellow silk, laced and faced with pearl, diamonds, and other jewels of immense value. The Dukes of Grafton, Newcastle, and St. Alban's, the Earl of Albemarle, Lord Hervey, Col. Pelham, and many other Noblemen, were in gold brocades of 3 to 5000 l. a suit. The Duke of Marlborough was in a white velvet and gold brocade, upon which was an exceeding rich point d'Espagne; the Earl of Euston, and many others, were in clothes flowered or sprigged with gold; the Duke of Montagu in a gold brocade tulle. The waistcoats were universally brocades, with large flowers. 'Twas observed, most of the rich clothes were the manufacture of England; and in honour of our own artists, the few which were French did not come up to these in richness, points, or fancy: as was seen by the clothes worn by the Royal Family, which were all of the British manufacture. The collars of the sleeves were universally deep and open, the cuffs, and the plaits more striking out than ever. The laces were principally in brocades of gold and silver, and were much lower than had been done for some time.

LONDON, July 18.

**T**HE Charlotte yacht is the most superbly and elegantly decorated as can be conceived, the pillars, and every other ornament on board, being finely gilt with gold, even the blocks and carriages for the Guns are not excepted: and there is the finest bed on board that ever was seen. All the attendants on board the yacht, and the barge which is to convey her Highness the Princess Charlotte down the river Elbe, are to be new clothed on this occasion.

We hear, that in order to bring the Masters of Merchant Ships to be more mindful of keeping company with the men of War who are their convoy, the old law will be put in force, which is, that for every gun the man of War shall fire to bring them to, it shall be 5 l. penalty to every ship that parts with her convoy.

July 29. The last Letters from Hamburg say, that there is much talk there of the reigning Duke of Mecklenburgh-Strelitz's marrying one of the Princesses of England.

The Windsor Man of War, of sixty Guns, is ordered to sail to Tangier with rich presents of clothes, jewels, watches, fire-arms, &c. from the King to the Emperor and Empress of Morocco.

Sir Francis Drake, Bart. set out at four o'Clock yesterday Morning for Harwich, to embark on board the Fubbs yacht for Stade; and is to return in the Charlotte with the Princess, Lord Harcourt, and Lord Anson. Sir Francis goes from the Board of Green-Cloth, to provide Provisions, &c. for her Highness.

It is said there will soon be a promotion of Generals and Admirals, and a new order erected.

We hear that his Royal Highness the Duke of York, and Earl of Holderness, are to receive the Princess of Mecklenburgh at her landing in England, and to conduct her to his Majesty. Soon after her arrival, the day of celebrating the nuptials with his Majesty is to be fixed, which, we hear, will be before the end of next Month.

The magistrates of Augsburg have published an ordonance, by which they forbid the inhabitants to speak of state-affairs, or matters of religion; they exhort them to pay a proper respect to all the ambassadors, and those belonging to them: they likewise regulate the price of lodgings, and strongly recommend the observance of order and decency.

August 1. As an instance of the great eagerness to view the grand Shew of the Coronation, we are informed, that a gentleman has been prevailed upon to take a room for his lady at the rate of 140 guineas; but the appointment of the solemnity of the Coronation falling unhappily exactly at the time when the lady expects to be delivered, she has farther prevailed on her husband, to let a skilful man midwife, nurse, &c. attend her, and to hire an additional with-drawing room, left the great hurry of the day should bring on her labour, when it will be impossible to carry her away without endangering her life.

The ground rent to build the scaffolding on in the Broad Sanctuary to see the coronation, lets at 31. 13s. and 6d. per foot. And the ground within the rails, inclosing the Abby, we hear lets at 51. 5s. per foot.

It is said one of the Coffee-houses at Westminster-hall gate is let for the coronation-day for above 500 l.

August 7. Letters from Holland tell us, that Sir Joseph Yorke is at great pains to contradict the Reports of an approaching Rupture between Great-Britain and Spain, which he represents as mere Rock jobbing news; but these Letters say, the Reports meet, nevertheless, with much credit, being mentioned in positive terms in many letters from persons of character.

The several Quantities of Plate delivered at the Coronation, according to the Claims.

1. To the Lord Almoner, for the day, 305 oz. of gilt plate, in two large chased basons,

2. A gold cup and cover to the Lord Mayor of London, containing twenty ounces of pure gold.

3. To the chief Cup bearer, a cup and cover, curiously chased and gilt, of thirty-two ounces.

4. To the Mayor of Oxford a high gilt bowl and richly chased, of 110 oz. as a gift from the King to that City, with his Majesty's arms engraved on it.

5. To the Champion, a high bowl and cover finely chased and gilt, of 36 oz.

6. To the Duke of Norfolk, as Chief Butler of England for the Day, a cup of pure gold of 32 oz.

7. To the Lord Great Chamberlain, as Chief Officer of the Ewry, two large gilt basons, and one large gilt ewer.

The Archbishop claims, as his fee, the purple velvet chair, cushion, and foot-stool, whereon the King sits at the Coronation.

The Officers of the removing wardrobe also claim, as their fee, the pall of cloth of gold over the King at the coronation.

August 14. The length of time appointed for the Right Hon. the Earl of Harcourt's continuance at the Court of Mecklenburgh, as we are informed, is six days. His Lordship's Visits to her Highness are to be made in form twice each day, viz. morning and afternoon: for this purpose his Lordship made up twelve suits of cloaths, all of them remarkably rich and elegant, in order to appear in a new dress upon every interview with the Princesses.

The scaffold in St. Margaret's church-yard, to see the coronation, is raised sixteen seats one above another, and some of the old houses have above two or three additional stories clapt on the tops of them. Why should they stop here, when there is so much room between that and the sky to build higher; and the higher they go, the purer the air; and, with the help of good telescopes, they might be able to see the procession in a fair day, as plain as they did the Transit of Venus over the Sun.

All Trades but the Carpenters are at a stand; nothing is sold in Westminster but places to see the shew; every house, Gentlemen's as well as Tradesmen's, from Westminster-hall to the west door of the Abbey; and even the Abbey itself is converted to the same use.

Deal boards, timber, and sponge, is risen 30 per cent.

They write from Hanover of the 7th, that the Princess of Mecklenburgh's first stay was to be at Gohrde, whither they sent away that day some covered waggons with refreshments, and several domestics, but that the English were to do the honours to her thro' the whole journey. Her Serene Highness to be one night at Harbourg. She is expected at Stade by the 20th.

Three Prussian recruiting officers and some other emissaries, having inveigled above 50 young fellows in the Dutchy of Holstein, to enlist in the Prussian troops, the President of Altena was informed of it, and he gave notice of it to the Court of Copenhagen, who immediately sent for the Prussian Minister, and bade him inform his Court, that they were extremely surprized at the presumption of those officers in openly violating the treaties subsisting between the two Crowns; that they desired that those 50 young men might be sent home, and the officers enjoined never to dare to enlist men in any part of the King's dominions, otherwise his Majesty would take full satisfaction at a proper opportunity.

When we reflect on the Stand the Turkish Empire made about 22 Years ago, against the combined Power of Austria and Russia, and that the War terminated to the Disadvantage of the Court of Vienna, though its Ally was constantly victorious; we cannot but acknowledge, that as Europe is now circumstanced, the Grand Signior holds the Balance of Power, and may as soon as he pleases, defeat all the Projects of the two Empresses and France: For if the Turks proved a Match for the

Austrians and Russians, when all three started fresh, how much superior must they be when the latter are nearly exhausted! The two Imperial Armies, we must confess, are superior in Experience and Discipline to any Forces the Sultan can presently bring against them; but the main Question is, how long can those Armies be maintained; or how will they be able to resist the united Efforts of Prussia and his Ally?

Mons. de Voltaire in his Historical Tracts, observes, that the Turks have found the Way to Vienna twice, but the Germans have not yet been able to make their Way to Constantinople: To which we may now subjoin, that it is not improbable the Turks may pay Vienna a third Visit, if that ungrateful and turbulent Court does not speedily make Peace, and dream no more of Silesia, nor of putting the Electorate of Hanover under the Ban of the Empire, for daring to make Resistance against her worthy Confederate, France.

**CHARLES-TOWN, in South-Carolina, Sept. 22.**  
On Thursday last arrived Captain Taylor and Capt. Duncan from the coast of Africa, by whom we have the following information, viz. That the Amethiste French frigate, some time since mentioned to have arrived on that coast, came on the 15th of June to the Banana Islands, within which is a very good road, where then lay the Flora of London, James Taylor master, with 200 slaves on board, and the Hare, of Liverpool, Captain Colley, with 500 more; but she arrived too late to come within gun-shot of the English vessels: Capt. Taylor sent his boat to enquire who she was, when the commander of the frigate took two negroes out of her, and making sure of the ships, sent her back for the masters and their papers: Capt. Colley being on board the Flora when the boat returned, immediately went on board his own vessel, cut his cables in the night, put to sea, and got safe off the coast; but Capt. Taylor finding it impossible to get away, put his slaves on shore, and set fire to his ship, so that Monsieur was sadly disappointed in the morning of his booty: That about 40 leagues southward of Sierra Leon, the said frigate took a brig belonging to Liverpool, Capt. Ray, with 100 slaves on board, bound to Virginia: She also took a sloop belonging to Rhode-Island, one Alleck master, with 50 slaves, which she took out, and burnt the vessel. And that she left the Banana's the 1st of July, proceeding further down the coast, where it is probable she has made many other captures.

Advices from Augustine say, that five Spanish men of war, with about 3000 land forces, arrived at the Havannah from Old Spain sometime last month; and that the flota was sailed for Europe.

Last Week the Transport Ship Charming Becky, Capt. Scott, from Guadaloupe, with Invalids for New York, put in here, having lost all her Masts, Sails and Rigging, on the 4th Instant, in a Storm. The Men are landed, and lodged in the Barracks.

**BOSTON, October 26.**  
Friday evening last, between 8 and 9 o'clock, came on the severest N. E. storm of wind and rain that had been known here for 30 Years past, and continued till between 2 and 3 o'clock the next morning; in which time a hemp-house, at the west part of the town, the old wind-mill on the neck; and several chimnies in town, were blown down, besides the tops of chimnies, turrets of houses, fences, trees, &c.—The shipping in the harbour also received considerable damage, particularly Capt. Phipps's schooner, which arrived the day before in 3 days from Halifax, and another schooner belonging to Scituate, which had their sterns beat in, and almost filled with water; many other vessels were damaged, and it is thought the mischief would have been much greater to the vessels at the Wharfs, had it not been near low water at the height of the gale: The province ship King George, Capt. Hallowell, we hear, parted a 15 inch cable: His Excellency our Governor having dined on board the ship that day, very providentially tarried there the night, as a chimney at the castle fell in by the violence of the gale, and carried the bed to the ground in which his Excellency intended to have lodged:—Two barns were blown down at Lynn, and a cow killed; and a barn at Chelsea, and two horses killed:—Five or six vessels were drove ashore at Providence, in Rhode-Island government, and greatly damaged; and it being high water there, it got into the stores and cellars, and destroyed sugars, and other merchandize, to the amount of 12 or 15,000l. their currency; it has also entirely carried away the great bridge at that place: On both roads, East and West, as far as we have heard, the roofs of houses, tops of barns, and fences were blown down; and 'tis said some thousands of trees have

have been torn up by the violence of the above storm, and we fear we shall soon hear melancholy accounts of damage done by it at sea.

**ANNAPOLIS, November 12.**  
We hear from Cecil County, That Messieurs Henry Baker, Michael Earle, Francis Mauldin, and William Ward, are chosen Representatives for that County.

The Election of Representatives for Prince-George's County, ended Yesterday, when Messieurs William Murdock, Josias Beall, junior, Mordecai Jacobs, and Francis Waring, were chosen.

Members Elected in the Province, who were of the last Assembly,	35
Members Elected, who have served before, but were not of the last Assembly,	8
New Members Elected, who never served before,	15

In all 58  
Tuesday last his Excellency our Governor issued his Proclamation, proroguing the General Assembly of this Province, to Monday the 19th Day of April next.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of Mr. Samuel Middleton, in ANNAPOLIS, on Monday the 16th of November Instant, at Four o'Clock Afternoon, for the Benefit of the Insurers,



**THE Schooner RESOLUTION**, Burthen about 70 Tons, now lying in the Dock at Annapolis, with all her Tackle, &c. As also her CARGO.

An Inventory of her Sails, Rigging, &c. may be seen at any time, at the Printing-Office; or at the Place of Sale, by applying to Capt. Francis French.

**CHARLES CROXALL.**

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, A GOOD PLANTATION about four Miles from Elk-Ridge Landing, adjoining to Mr. Caleb Dorsey's Dwelling Plantation, whereon is a small Houle for an Overseer, a Quarter, and four Tobacco Houfes.

For Title and Terms apply to  
**RICHARD SPRIGG.**

Annapolis, November 12, 1761.

**ALL** those who are indebted to the Subscriber, on Account of his late Vendue, are desired to pay off their Accounts, as the Conditions of the Sale were Ready Money: Therefore, to show them as much Indulgence as he can, will grant them Ten Days from this Date; and all those who do not pay within that Time must pay at the Rate of Maryland Paper Money.

**JOHN CAMPBELL.**

**STOLEN** or STRAY'D from the Dwelling Plantation of Philip Thomas, Esq; on West-River, on the 8th of October last, a small bright Bay Gelding about 13 Hands high, has a blaz'd Face, four white Feet, a short Bob Tail and Ridge Mane; he is branded on both Buttocks I H, trots and gallops.

Whoever brings the said Gelding to Mr. Hepburn at Upper-Marlborough, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

**FOUND** on Monday-Morning last, near Curtis's Creek, a new Negro Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, almost Naked, having only a piece of an old Shirt, and a piece of an old Jacket on, and cannot speak a Word of English. His Feet are Frost-bitten, and the Inside of each of his Thighs and Legs pretty much burnt. Has some of his own Country Marks on the left Side of his Face.

Whoever owns him, may have him of the Subscriber living near Curtis's Creek, proving Property and paying Charges.

**WILLIAM FISH.**

**THERE** is at the Plantation of Thomas Rutland, junior, at the Head of South-River, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a bright Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, branded on the off Buttock N, has a small Star in her Forehead, a hanging Mane, and pretty full Tail; she is about 8 or 9 Years old, and paces slow.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**THERE** is in the Possession of John Cotton, living on Chester River, in Quaker-Neck, Kent County, taken up as a Stray, a Brown Horse about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock W, has a hanging Mane and Switch Tail, is a natural Pacer, and Hand-gallops slow. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**THERE** is at the Plantation of Richard Woolley, near the Fork of Hawling's River, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a large Flea-bitten Gray Mare, branded on the near Thigh I B, she is a natural Pacer, and had on a small Bell, tied with a Rope and a Leather Saddle-string. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**THERE** is at the Plantation of John Barbour, near the Fork of Hawling's River, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Bay Mare, branded on the off Thigh thus: The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**THERE** is at the Plantation of Samuel Fowler, near George-Town, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock I, has a Star in her Forehead, and seems to have been hurt on her Withers.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**THERE** is in the Possession of Henry Darby, near Rorer's Mill, at Anti-Eatam, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Black Gelding, with a Star in his Forehead, his Brand cannot be made out, but is something like an R.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**THERE** is and has been at the Plantation of Mary Magruder, near George-Town, in Frederick County, 3 Years last May, a small Brown Steer, a Yearling when he came, but now middle-siz'd, mark'd with a Slit in the right Ear, but the under Part of the Ear is gone, and a Crop and a Hole in the left Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**Lettsburg, (Loudoun County) VIRGINIA.**  
October 24, 1761.

**WHEREAS** THOMAS COLVILL, of the 12th Instant, Executor in Trust to the Deceased JOHN COLVILL, of Fairfax County, in Virginia, has without Information to me, given Notice in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, and likewise in divers other Places in the Colony of Virginia, That the Lands Devised from the late JOHN COLVILL, to the Right Honourable CHARLES EARL of TANKERVILLE, are yet subject to some Debts unpaid: Therefore, as Agent for the said Earl of Tankerville, the Subscriber hereof gives this early Notice to all whom it may concern, not to Treat or Bargain with the said THOMAS COLVILL either in private or public, otherwise to be made liable as the Law shall direct for such Injuries done: And this further gives Notice, that the said THOMAS COLVILL is now served with a General Court Writ of Virginia, to exhibit a more just Account of his Management; so that this Advertisement is to advise all Persons whatsoever, not to make any Purchase of those Lands mentioned in Question, from THOMAS COLVILL, otherwise to stand to the bad Consequence, which must certainly entangle them in Difficulties with the Subscriber.

**JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.**

**Prince-George's County, October 30, 1761.**

**WANTED,**  
**A** MAN, who can be well Recommended for Honesty, Sobriety, and Diligence, and who can Write, and keep a common Account, and is fit to take the Charge of a FERRY and PUBLIC HOUSE, where every Thing necessary will be found by the Employer: Such an one will meet with very good Encouragement by applying to the Subscriber on Patowmack River.

**JOHN ADDISON.**

**THERE** is at the Plantation of Peter Hargat, near the Katockton Mountain, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Sorrel Horse, Branded on the Right Shoulder something like I, has much white in his Face, 3 white Feet, a bob Tail, and some Saddle Spots on his Back. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**STOLEN** out of 51st of October about 15 Feet Ke Bottom, and one n Whoever will r West-River, shall h

**R**AN away on from the Ship mander, lying in t taylor, Four-Sailors, Daniel Ferguson, a 19 Inches high, wea and shocked, and st John Bellam, abou well set Fellow, abou his own Hair which upon his left Cheek away, a green Jacke like a Sailor's. Thomas Woodbridge, Feet 9 Inches high, talks very broad Scotc and a Mole upon one Thomas Greenes, ab 8 Inches high, wears mark'd with the Sma They were all in Sa Ship's Yawl with ther Whoever brings bac so that the Subscriber receive TEN PISTO lonable Charges, from

By Virtue of the Will Decesed, will be SO on Saturday the Fifth Mr. Gallaway's Hou THE Dwelling Ho of Mr. William F all the Ground adjoining to the late Mr. Woodwa (except what is leased to ners). There is near lying on three Streets, i the City, has on it a v venient Brick Dwelling- chen and neat Out-Roo nient Out-Houfes, and separate Tenement that or 12 l. by the Year.

The Rent and Reversio renewable forever, of th James Chalmers's Dwel yearly Rent is 5 l. Sterl payable on Renewments

The Rent and Revers same Terms, of the Grou Caden's Dwelling Houf And, about 800 Acres or 5 Miles of Annapolis, r adjoining to each other, p Woodward of his Sillers A ward, and of the late Col. Land is the late Governor 20 Acres of very good im large young Apple Orchar by of the Trees being Eug Stone Dwelling Houle, B curious as well as valuabl The Sales to be in Sterl design to bid, may be in Mr. Thomas Johnson, juni Several-likely young M taylor's English Breed, fo Colts of the same Breec Sale, may be seen at any late Dwelling Plantation.

The

**SAMUEL**  
**A** I r and Colours which will thro in Briton's Bay, wil Ten Pounds Sterling James Gildart, Esq; Merc Any Gentlemen inclin for further Particulars, enq in Leonard-Town, or the fa bid Vessel.



Also to be Sold by th Quantity of White SALT

STOLEN out of the Dock at Annapolis, on the 31st of October at Night, a Rowing YAWL, about 15 Feet Keel, 5 1/2 Feet wide, has a black Bottom, and one new Thought. Whoever will return her to the Subscriber at West-River, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward. THOMAS NORRIS.

RAN away on Saturday the 31st of October last, from the Ship Neptune, James Cooper, Commander, lying in the North West Branch of Patuxent, Four-Sailors, viz.

Daniel Ferguson, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, wears his own Hair which is short and shoked, and stoops in his Walk.

John Bellam, about 30 Years of Age, a thick, well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own Hair which is Black, and has a Mole upon his left Cheek. Had on when he went away, a green Jacket, and the rest of his Dress is like a Sailor's.

Thomas Woodbridge, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, stutters in his Speech, and talks very broad Scotch, has straight short black Hair, and a Mole upon one of his Checks.

James Groves, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own black Hair, and is marked with the Small-Pox.

They were all in Sailors Dress, and carried the Ship's Yawl with them.

Whoever brings back or secures the said Fellows, so that the Subscriber can have them again, shall receive TEN PISTOLES Reward, and all reasonable Charges, from JAMES COOPER.

By Virtue of the Will of Mr. Henry Woodward, Deceased, will be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the Fifth Day of December next, at Mr. Gallaway's House in ANNAPOLIS,

THE Dwelling House now in the Occupation of Mr. William Woodward in Annapolis, and all the Ground adjoining thereto, which belonged to the late Mr. Woodward, with the Improvements (except what is leased to Mr. Couden and Mr. Chalmer). There is nearly two Acres of Ground lying on three Streets, in the most public Part of the City, has on it a very large genteel and convenient Brick Dwelling-House, a good Brick Kitchen and neat Out-Room adjoining to it; convenient Out-Houses, and genteel Garden, besides a separate Tenement that may be rented out for 10 or 12 l. by the Year.

The Rent and Reversion on a Lease for 99 Years, renewable forever, of the Ground on which Mr. James Chalmer's Dwelling House stands. The yearly Rent is 5 l. Sterling, and a Year's Rent payable on Renewments.

The Rent and Reversion on a Lease, on the same Terms, of the Ground on which Mr. Robert Couden's Dwelling House stands.

And, about 800 Acres of Land lying within 4 or 5 Miles of Annapolis, made up of several Tracts adjoining to each other, purchased by the late Mr. Woodward of his Sisters Mary and Elizabeth Woodward, and of the late Col. Taffier; on Part of which Land is the late Governor Bladen's Vineyard, about 20 Acres of very good improved Meadow, a very large young Apple Orchard curiously assorted, many of the Trees being English Grafts, a very good Stone Dwelling House, Brick Kitchen, and other curious as well as valuable Improvements.

The Sales to be in Sterling. Any Persons that design to bid, may be informed of the Title by Mr. Thomas Johnson, junior, in Annapolis.

Several likely young Mares of the late Colonel Taylor's English Breed, some of them with Foal, and Colts of the same Breed, to be sold by private Sale, may be seen at any Time at Mr. Woodward's late Dwelling Plantation. MARY WOODWARD.

The Ship UPTON, SAMUEL PEMBERTON, MASTER,

A LETTER of Marque, carrying 17 Carriage Guns, six and Four Pounders, and 4 Colours which will throw Six Pound Shot, now lying in Briton's Bay, will take in TOBACCO or Ten Pounds Sterling per Ton, consigned to James Gilbart, Esq; Merchant in Liverpool.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ship Tobacco may, for further Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber in Leonard-Town, or the said Master on board the said Vessel.

Also to be Sold by the Subscriber, a large Quantity of White SALT. THOMSON MASON.

On Wednesday the 25th Instant, will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, at the House of Mr. Benjamin Brooke, at UPPER-MARLBOROUGH,

THE following Parcels of LAND, lying in Prince-George's County, viz.

One Tract called Burbridge, containing 280 Acres; and Part of a Tract called Land-over, containing 320 1/2 Acres.

The Title, and Terms of Sale, may be known at any Time, by applying to WM. TURNOR WOOTTON.

Nottingham, October 21, 1761. JUST IMPORTED,

In the Hannah, Capt. Shannan, from LIVERPOOL, A LARGE Quantity of FINE SALT, to be Sold by the Subscriber, on very moderate Terms. Any Quantity not less than 100 Bushels, will be delivered at the Ship's Side at One Shilling Sterling per Bushel.

THOMAS CAMPBELL. N. B. The Hannah will stop a few Days to deliver Salt at Benedict, a few Days more at Magruder's Warehouse, and from thence will proceed to her Moorings at Nottingham. X 3

Rock-Creek, October 9, 1761.

RAN away from the Subscriber on the 4th Instant, a very likely Negro Fellow named Tom, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, was imported from Africa about 2 1/2 Years ago, but speaks tolerable good English, tho' slow, and appears bashful. He had on when he went away, an over Jacket of dyed Cotton, an under Jacket of Plaid, and an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowers; it is imagined that he carried with him some spare Shirts and Trowers, as also some Bed-Cloaths, and as we miss a Canoe from this Shore, it is suspected that he is gone by Water, especially as he had been used to the Water for at least a Year before I purchased him, and had in that Time made an Attempt to get to Sea in an open Boat.

Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and secures him so that I can have him again, shall be paid the Sum of Twenty Shillings if taken within Ten Miles of this Place, Thirty Shillings if Twenty Miles, Forty Shillings if Thirty Miles, Fifty Shillings if Forty Miles, and Three Pounds if at a greater Distance, by ROBERT PETER.

To be LEASED, And Entered on immediately, for Three Lives,

A VERY choice Tract of LAND, well Watered and Timbered, containing several Thousand Acres, belonging to CHARLES, Earl of TANKERVILLE, lying on Patuxent River, and chiefly bounded in by Kittrickton Creek in the County of Loudoun, and Colony of Virginia.

Also, a Tract of Land, lying on Difficult Run in the said County, famous for the many fine Situations for building Water-Mills, and a considerable Quantity of Meadow Ground, only Twelve Miles from Navigation, and Twenty from the Port of Alexandria.

Likewise, a Tract of Land lying on Four Mile Run, endued with the same good Qualifications, and distant about Six Miles from Alexandria.

For further Particulars enquire of Mr. Fleming Patterson, Merchant in Leesburg, in Loudoun County, or from the Subscriber, where Attendance will be given by JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

Townside, Sept. 8, 1761.

To be LET, upon Lease for a Term of Years, A PLANTATION, STOCK and HANDS,

on the Red-Lyon-Branch, on Chester River, in Queen-Anne's County, Maryland.

The Hands are Slaves; the Stock consists of Horses, Mares, black Cattle, Sheep, Goats and Swine. The Tenement is under good Fence, the Housing in good Order. The Tract is 220 Acres, of which about 90 clear'd; but the Tenant will have Liberty to clear new Ground without Restriction or Limitation; the Owner being possessed of 1400 Acres of Wood Land contiguous. There is a young Peach and Plum Orchard on the Tract, and several Apple and Cherry Trees. There is a Grift Mill on the same open Ground.

The Terms (on Security if required) will not exceed the Worth of the Hire of the Hands, added to the Interest of the Value of the Stock, and a moderate Rent.

There is good Fishing in Shad and Herring Season, on the Coast of this Tract, which is surrounded by Merchant Mills and Stores of all Sorts, and an Inspection House at about a Mile and a Half Distance. The Range of Woods is very considerable for raising of Stock, there being some Thousand Acres of such. H. CALLISTER.

THE Managers of the Reformed CALVINIST Church LOTTERY, in Frederick-Town, Frederick County, finding that they cannot dispose of the TICKETS in Time to Draw this Month, are obliged to postpone the Drawing to the First of February next.



To be FREIGHTED,

A GOOD New SLOOP, Burthen Fifty Tons, or 2000 Bushels of Grain, which is a prime Sailer, and well fitted, either to Carolina, New-England, or any Place on the Coast. Enquire of Mr. John Carnan, Merchant at Baltimore-Town, or WM. DUNLOP.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY.

THE Members of the Presbyterian Congregation in Kent County, Maryland, find themselves under the Necessity of soliciting the Favour and Assistance of the Public in this Way, in order to enable them to compleat and finish their two Meeting-Houses now building, and also to purchase a Parsonage or Glebe; that they may be enabled, with Decency, to worship GOD, and in a becoming Manner to support a Gospel Minister among them, according to their own Persuasion.

They Doubt not but this their laudable Design will meet with all proper Encouragement, from all those who wish well to the common Cause of Religion, and are acquainted with their Circumstances, especially as the Scheme is well calculated for the Advantage of the Adventurer.

Table with 3 columns: Number of Prizes, Pieces of \$, Total Value. Includes entries for 1000, 750, 500, 250, 100, 40, 20, 10, 8, 50, 25, 1000, 750, 25, 25, 25, 25.

1343 Prizes, 2657 Blanks. 4000 Tickets at 4 Dollars each, are 16000

IN this Scheme there is not two Blanks to a Prize; the Number of high Prizes are as many as in Lotteries consisting of 5000 Tickets; the Deduction only 15 per Cent; so that upon the Whole, this will appear to be one of the most favourable Schemes for the Adventurer yet offered to the Public.

The Drawing will begin at George-Town, the Fourth Tuesday in November next, or sooner, if sooner full. The Prizes will be published in the Maryland and Pennsylvania Gazettes, and the Prize Money paid as soon as the Drawing is finished. That which is not Demanded within Six Months after the Drawing, will be deemed as generously given to the Use of the Scheme, and applied accordingly.

The following Persons are appointed Managers, viz. John Hepburn, Esq; Messrs. William Rafin, Dennis Dulany, James Louttit, Charles Gordon, John Maxwell, James Pearce, John Schaw, James Harrison (Susquehanna Ferry), Hugh Wallis, and John McDuff, who are to give Bond and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in them.

TICKETS are now selling by the Managers, at their respective Habitations, and by Messieurs Jonas Green, and Robert Couden, at Annapolis; by Messieurs David Ross, and Thomas Campbell, in Prince-George's County; by Mr. John Boyd, in Toppa; by Mr. Francis Key, and Captain George Catto, in Cecil County; by Messieurs Thomas Ringgold, and Thomas Smith, in Chester-Town; by Messieurs John Bracco, and Matthew Dockery, in Queen-Anne's County; by Dr. Charles Leith, at Talbot Court-House; by Mr. John Anderson, at Cambridge; and by Messieurs William M'Waine, and Charles Pettit, Merchants, in Philadelphia.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subscriber, Executor of WILLIAM DEACON, Esq; late of St. Mary's County, in the Province of Maryland, on TUESDAY the 17th of November Inst. at St. Mary's, for London Bills of Exchange.

A TRACT of LAND containing about Ninety Acres, situate on St. Mary's River, on which is a large DWELLING-HOUSE, Four Rooms on a Floor, and fully compleat; likewise a good Kitchen, Office, and all other necessary Out-Houses; and Four choice young SLAVES about 20 Years of Age, and a young Child. The Negroes will be sold with or without the Land. The aforesaid Land and Negroes are the Property of a Woman between 60 and 70 Years of Age during her natural Life.

Likewise another Tract of Land, formerly the Property of the aforesaid Deacon, about a Mile and a Half distant from the aforesaid Tract, containing Two Hundred and Thirty Acres, or thereabouts, lying on St. Inegoes Creek, and adjoining to the Land of Mr. William Hicks.

The Title may be known at any Time, by applying to  
IGNATIUS FENWICK.

Bladesburg, October 1st, 1761.

A SINGLE MAN, who understands Farming and the Management of Negroes, and who can be well recommended for his Sobriety and Industry, will meet with great Encouragement as an Overseer, for the ensuing Year, from  
DAVID ROSS.

ALL Persons who have any Claims against the Estate of Mr. Simon Duff, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts to the Subscriber, that the same may be adjusted and paid. And all those who are Indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment.  
JOHN CAMPBELL, Administrator.

September 29, 1761.

The Ship GENERAL WOLFE,

JOHN POULTON, MASTER,

IS now lying in Patuxent River, off Mr. John Stone Hawkins's Store, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling per Ton, consigned to Messrs. Lander & Dingman, Merchants in Liverpool, or giving Liberty of Consignment to any Merchant there.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ship Tobacco, may, for further Particulars, enquire of Joseph Mullan, or the said Master on Board.

N. B. To be Sold by the said Mullan, a large Quantity of White SALT, good Cheshire Cheese, Liverpool Ale (Williamson's), and a choice Parcel of Dry GOODS, consisting of Irish Linens, 3ths Sheeting, Osnabrigs, Cottons, Frizes, Hard Ware, Saddlery, and Nails.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the Eighteenth of November Inst. at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton in Frederick-Town, Frederick County,

THE following Tracts of LAND, lately belonging to Mr. James Wardrop, deceased.

One Tract of Land called Hazard, containing	790	Acres.
One Ditto called Partnership,	280	
Dearbought,	500	
Wooden Platter,	327	
Brentford,	35	
Oxford,	54	
Cool Spring,	75	
Bloomsbury,	104	
John's Delight,	104	
Pine Hill,	90	
Nut Spring,	114	
Red Oak Level,	100	

All lying in Frederick County.

At the same Time will be Sold to the highest Bidder, Part of a Tract of Land called Exchange and new Exchange enlarged, containing about 700 Acres, lying in Frederick County, near Thomas Davis's Tavern.

For Title or Terms of Sale, apply to  
JAMES DICK.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

Patuxent Iron-Works, Sept. 22, 1761.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber, about the 10th of July last, a Black Horse about 14 Hands and an Inch high, with a large Star in his Forehead, and a small Snip on his Nose, was shod all round, paces naturally, and has a very remarkable long Walk. Whoever will bring the said Horse home, shall have Thirty Shillings, paid by  
JOHN SNOWDEN.

Baltimore, July 1761.

RELIGION, the crowning Excellence of intelligent Nature, claims the Approbation and close Attention of every reasonable Being, who expects future Bliss. We are bound from Principles of Gratitude and Interest to promote the Honour and Worship of the supreme Mind, as necessary to our own Prosperity, the Good of Society, and future Happiness of Man. Animated by these interesting Motives, we, of the Presbyterian Persuasion in this Town, desire, not from Party Views, but from real Principle, to purchase a Lot of Ground to erect a decent Church for Divine Service, in which we may worship GOD according to our Consciences. Upon Enquiry we find ourselves as yet insufficient to raise such a Sum as is necessary to accomplish such an important Design, beg Leave therefore to solicit the Generosity of our Fellow-Christians to assist and encourage us in completing a small Lottery, at a Time when the Benevolence of our Countrymen is so well tried in this Way. We hope our Claim to the public Attention is equal to any that has solicited their Notice, and humbly expect that we shall meet with general Encouragement.

S C H E M E of the L O T T E R Y.

Prizes.	Dollars.	is	Dollars.
1 of	1500	is	1500
2 of	750	are	1500
2 of	500	are	1000
3 of	200	are	600
4 of	150	are	600
5 of	100	are	500
10 of	50	are	500
10 of	40	are	400
10 of	30	are	300
10 of	20	are	200
20 of	10	are	200
30 of	8	are	240
2482 of	5	are	12410
2589 Prizes,		First drawn	30
2411 Blanks.		Last drawn	20
5000 Tickets at 4 Dollars each,			20000

C O N D I T I O N S.

THAT the Lottery shall be drawn in Baltimore-Town as soon as the Tickets are disposed of, and previous Notice thereof shall be given in This and the Pennsylvania Gazette.

That a Deduction of Fifteen Dollars be made from every Prize of One Hundred Dollars, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Prize, thereby to raise the Sum intended of Three Thousand Dollars. The Managers appointed are, Messieurs John Smith and William Buchanan, John Stevenson, Jonathan Plovman, William Lyon, and Nicholas Ruxton Gay, of Baltimore; Mr. David McCulloch, of Joppa; Mr. George Stevenson, of York; Col. John Armstrong, of Carlisle; Dr. David Ross, of Bladesburg; Mr. Peter Hubbert, of Dorset; and Mr. Jonas Green, of Annapolis; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath faithfully to discharge the Trust reposed in them.

A List of the Prizes will be published in This and the Pennsylvania Gazette, after the Drawing is finished, and the Money paid after the Deduction aforesaid. Prize Money not demanded in Six Months after the Publication of the Prizes, to be deemed as generously given towards this laudable Purpose, and to be applied accordingly.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers; of Mr. Thomas Campbell, Merchant, at Nottingham, and of Mrs. Ramsay, at the Head of Severn.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence, Pennsylvania Paper, will be taken in Payment for a Dollar, in the Purchase of Tickets, and to be paid in like Manner in Discharge of Prizes.

T E N P O U N D S R E W A R D.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, October 10, 1761.

RAN away from the Subscriber, Two Convict Servant Men, viz. James Hall, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, 40 Years of Age, he is narrow Faced, hollow Eyed, and is very remarkable in his Head, having lost great Part of his Hair by Sickness. Had on when he went away, his working Clothes.

Henry Jones, about 25 Years of Age, near six Feet high, wears his own Hair, he is thin fleshed, and stands pretty upright upon his Legs. He likewise had on his working Clothes.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and brings them to the Subscriber, shall receive if taken above Ten Miles from home, TEN POUNDS, or Five Pounds for either of them, and reasonable Charges, paid by  
CALEB DORSEY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Upper-Marlbrough, on the 26th of February last, a Country-born Negro Fellow named Anthony, by Trade a Cooper, about 28 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 4 Inches high. He had on an old Cotton Coat with white Metal Buttons, Cotton Breeches, a Kersey, and Swanskin Jacket, Negro Shoes and Stockings, a Felt Hat, and an Osnabrigs Shirt. But it is probable he will change his Apparel, as he had Variety of Cloaths with him. He has been used to work on board Ships in Patuxent River, and it is supposed is somewhere thereabouts.

Whoever will take up the said Negro, and bring him home, shall have Forty Shillings, beside what the Law allows, if taken in the County; and if taken out of it, Three Pounds, beside what the Law allows, paid by  
JOHN GANTT.

Frederick-Town, June 1761.

S C H E M E of a L O T T E R Y.

FOR raising Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight, for Building a CHURCH for the Reformed CALVINISTS in Frederick-Town, Frederick County, to consist of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of Eight each, viz.

Number of Prizes.	Pieces of Eight.	Total Value.
1 of	500	is 500
2 of	300	are 600
3 of	150	are 450
4 of	100	are 400
10 of	50	are 500
12 of	40	are 480
20 of	30	are 600
35 of	20	are 700
200 of	8	are 1600
900 of	5	are 4500

1187 Prizes. First drawn Ticket 40  
2813 Blanks. Last drawn Ticket 30  
Sum raised 1600

4000 Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are 12000

BY the above Scheme there are not 25 Blanks to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not 15 per Cent on the whole.

The Managers appointed are, Messieurs Christopher Edelin, Stephen Ransburg, James Dickson, Thomas Schley, Conrad Grosz, Casper Schaaff, Thomas Price, Samuel Swearingen, Valentine Adam, and William Kimbol, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

A List of the Prizes will be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and paid off without any Deduction.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence Pennsylvania Currency, will be received for each Piece of Eight in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same Currency is to pass upon the same Terms in paying off the Prizes.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order,  
ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office

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[Numb. 863.]

THE  
**MARYLAND GAZETTE,**  
*Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.*

THURSDAY, November 19, 1761.

*A new Method to extinguish Fires, which we doubt not will be acceptable to our Readers.*

**T**HE following method of extinguishing Fire, is recommended to the attention, and submitted to the judgment, of the Public.

It is apprehended that this dreadful calamity, which on a sudden reduces numbers to a distressed condition, may be more effectually prevented, or lessened, by the use of earth, than water.

To prove this opinion by experiment, let two fires be made of the same size and strength, each consisting of three or four tons of coal, and let the same number of men be employed to extinguish each fire, one with earth, and the other with water; let the earth and water be carried at equal distance, or let the same quantity of earth and water be flung on each fire, and it will be found that the earth will sooner and more effectually answer the end.

In this experiment the earth is supposed to be dry, without the assistance of any water to moisten it, and that one remedy may be as readily procured as the other; whereas it is certainly otherwise; earth is very often nearer at hand, especially in country villages and about thatched houses, and may be conveyed by more ways and methods than water; and tho' most cities and towns are furnished with fire engines greatly improved by the ingenious Mr. Newsham, yet it is imagined the persons necessary to work one of these engines may do more effectual service, and stop the progress of fire sooner, by carrying earth: besides so much time is generally taken up, in procuring and setting an engine to work, that a fire often gathers such strength, and rises to such a head, that it becomes very difficult to surmount. Now, if the first opportunity was embraced of applying earth, very probably the fire might be smothered in its birth.

Earth has, undoubtedly, one very visible and signal advantage of water, in stopping the progress of fire. Suppose the roof and upper floor of a house are burning so violently that they cannot be preserved, if the floor beneath is covered over with earth or sand a foot or six inches deep, (and there is frequently time enough for doing this) the progress of the fire downwards will be checked, and by this means all the lower part of the house secured, for whenever the upper floor falls in, the fire not meeting with fresh fuel, will gradually diminish, and may soon be quite extinguished.

It is the nature of fire to act upwards, as water does downwards; to increase in velocity as it ascends; and to communicate in houses from roof to roof. Therefore, when a fire breaks out in a town, the inhabitants of the houses adjoining to the house on fire should immediately be employed in covering their garret floors with earth, that in case the fire should reach them and their roof be destroyed, all the other part of their houses might be preserved.

The effects which dry earth has on fire, is every day seen by the Makers of Charcoal, tho' not thought least of in this case; when their fire is at the greatest height, it is the constant practice to smother it with dry dust, even its own dust and ashes.

I will venture to affirm, that, in many cases, one bushel of earth will be more serviceable than a hundred gallons of water. When water is thrown on a floor that is on fire, it instantly runs off, and if the quantity is not sufficient to quench the fire, it adds to the strength and fury of it. A small quantity of water on a hot fire acts like wind, as may be proved by the blast of the Flapjacks. Wind and water have the same effect on fire; if the quantity of wind is sufficient, it will put out a fire; but if not sufficient to extinguish, it increases the flames; as may be observed by a lighted torch; a great wind will blow it out, a moderate one make it burn fast. On the contrary,

whatever quantity of earth is thrown on a fire, it remains there, and no degree of heat is capable of making it increase fire, but as far as it covers, it prevents the progress.

Many bad fires have begun in small chimnies of bed chambers; the foot taking fire, falls down, and sets fire to the floor, and (if the fire be not timely extinguished) to the whole room. Suppose there were only two people in this house, and the room was two stories high, and these People fetched up as much water as they could carry, and flung it on the fire, by the time they could return with more, it is very probable the fire might be greatly increased; whereas if each of these persons had fetched an apron full of sand or earth, and spread it on the floor but half an inch thick, and that moistened with a small quantity of water, it would have prevented the floor from burning, and give sufficient time to extinguish the whole. The best method of putting out a fire in a chimney, is to stop it at the bottom, for no fire can burn without air.

One inconvenience from water is obvious to every spectator at a fire; that from the water thrown upon it a steam is generated, which is oftentimes so copious and dense, as to intercept the view of the fire; and so extremely hot as to prevent any near approach to it for a considerable time, during which the fire is increasing. Another disadvantage from water, when two stories of a house are on fire, is, that the steam of the water from the lower fire acts like a pair of bellows to the fire above. And tho' a fire happens to be soon extinguished by water, the loss sustained is generally great, by the damage done to fine ceilings, hangings and furniture, which are oftentimes entirely ruined by the water flung in: when the fire is only in one room, the water damages most part of the house; whereas if it had been extinguished by earth, no room would have suffered but that where the fire was.

The principal objection to the use of earth on this occasion, is the difficulty of conveying it to the roof of a house, and when conveyed there making it to remain. In answer to this, I think a machine may be contrived to convey it expeditiously to the top of the highest house: and in the next place, the loss of the roof is inconsiderable in comparison to the loss of the whole house and what it contains. If the garret floor was covered with a proper quantity of earth, the roof might be knocked down, without any danger of communicating the fire to the lower part of the house; and if the great advantage of earth was generally known, and proper use made of it, many fires would be suppressed before they reached the roof.

Houses that have flat roofs or parapet walls, or where houses are built close together, some earth might be placed on the outside of the roof to great advantage.

I would recommend to the inhabitants of London, or any large town, by way of a precaution, to have always a considerable quantity of dry earth or sand in small bags, containing 50 or 100 wt. each, lodged in some proper and convenient places, from whence it may be readily and expeditiously fetched on any emergency.

And I wish some of those philosophical Gentlemen who delight in mechanics, would give themselves the trouble of contriving two machines, one for expeditiously raising earth to the top of a house, and the other for throwing of earth on a fire, when it is got to such a height that no body can come near enough to throw it on by hand.

I have put these few hints together with a design that they may be considered and improved upon by persons who are more capable of handling this subject. If they shall be deemed in any degree useful or serviceable to the end proposed, I shall have great pleasure and satisfaction; if they are looked upon in another light, all I can say in excuse, is, that I meant to contribute to the happiness of my fellow creatures, if it had been in my power.

*From a late ENGLISH PRINT.*

**I**T hath been alledg'd, North-American Continent Colonies, being situated on the widely extended coast of a vast continent, and chiefly in temperate climates, without any one powerful enemy on the same land, they cannot be prevented from rising into independency and empire. But the vast and connected American territories of Spain and Portugal, which are as securely possessed now, as they were at their first peopling by Europeans, are proofs that large territories may be preserved on the continent of America, even by weak European states; whose policy will naturally never let their colonies keep up a military, or establish a marine force. So that while we have British governors, civil officers, garrisons, and ships of war there to secure our power, there can be no reasonable apprehension of a revolt of our North Americans, were that country better peopled than it can possibly be for five hundred years to come. Besides, many of the states of North America have very little intercourse with, and less friendship for one another: Which hereditary rivalries and dislikes will be preventive of a general combination for revolt, and any partial endeavour will be sure to prove unsuccessful. The point therefore to be considered is, whether we ought to trust to our own Colonists always considering their true interests, and consulting their own welfare; or whether, with an eternal scene of pillaging, butchering, and contention, we should place our security in a French neighbourhood on that continent, which we know will be always pushing at our entire extirpation: and whether we had not better hazard that country's becoming entirely independent of all European powers, than that it should fall into the hands of the French: As in the first case, we shall always preserve our natural trade with it, which would certainly be very great: and in the latter case, we should not only lose that vast advantage, but also have the sovereignty of the ocean thrown with it into the hands of our natural rivals and enemies, which would be sure to bring on our ruin more effectually, than the loss would of all North America, if it ever should become an independent country.

Nor can I see how the South American sugar-islands, can be more secure against combination than the several states of North America, as we can be no otherwise secure of them than by a very good government, and by being the strongest power at sea. But the truth of the matter is, that the possessor of North America will always have the command of the sugar-islands of South America, as well from its own power and commodities, as from the power of the sea which it secures to its holder. For Great-Britain, and North America together, can starve, take, or disable, when they please, any island of South America. A circumstance that may be made in future to give more weight to Great-Britain, than any other whatsoever, as no country that has islands there will dare wantonly to provoke her.

It hath been farther alledged, that the North-Americans are continually building ships, and sell many of them to foreigners, thereby taking much employment from the ship-builders, shipping, seamen, &c. of Great-Britain, and augment the naval power and commerce of other nations.—But I believe there is no other colony than that of New-England, which build any quantity of shipping; and that article and the fishery are its greatest branches of trade. Besides the shipping of Old and New-England do not at all interfere with one another, for that of the latter rather interferes with the ship-building of Venice, Genoa, Spain, Portugal, Holland, Denmark and Sweden, some of whom have a great trade in building shipping cheap for sale; which they can do on better terms than we; and others are prevented from building ordinary ships, because they can buy New-England ones cheaper. Thus it is a branch of trade



**T**HE Managers of the **LOTTERY** for Paving the Streets of Philadelphia, are under the disagreeable Necessity of informing the Public, that there are near Two Thousand of their Tickets unsold, and they cannot, without running too great a Risk, attempt to draw the Lottery before Monday the Fourth of *January* next, at which Time they will certainly proceed to draw the same. In the mean while, Tickets are to be disposed of by the respective Managers, *viz.* William Vanderspeig, Thomas Yorke, James Child, Daniel Randle, John Relfe, Jeph Wood, Enoch Story, Thomas Riche, William Moore, and James Benzet, who are to be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

**The S C H E M E.**

Value in Pies of Eight.	Total Value.
1 of 300 is	3000
1 of 200 is	2000
1 of 100 is	1000
1 of 50 is	750
2 of 50 are	1000
2 of 25 are	750
3 of 200 are	2000
3 of 150 are	750
5 of 100 are	900
9 of 75 are	1125
15 of 50 are	2500
30 of 25 are	2500
50 of 20 are	1000
100 of 15 are	1500
300 of 8 are	3000

4171 Prizes First drawn 51  
8329 Blank. Last drawn 30  
11,500 Tickets, at 4 Dollars each, are 50,000

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, living near Upper Marlborough, in Prince-George's County, for good Bills of Exchange.

**F**OUR hundred Acres of fine rich Bottom LAND, lying within two Miles of Upper Marlborough, in Prince-George's County, on which there are the following several necessary Improvements, *viz.* Tobacco Houses, Negro Quarters, Overseer Houses, &c.

Likewise, a Choice Parcel of Country-born SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women, Boys, and Girls, all young and healthy, chiefly between 17 and 20 Years of Age; among which is a very valuable House Wench, fit for any domestic Business whatever, about 20 Years of Age.

As the Subscriber will have Occasion to remit the Bills by the Sailing of the forward Ships, Time for Payment will be given to the Purchasers, 'til the Tenth of *June* next; after which Time, in Case of Failure, Interest will be expected, and Security, if required.

All Persons inclinable to purchase, may be fully informed concerning the Premises, by  
**WILLIAM PARKER.**

**W**HEREAS *Lydia*, the Wife of me the Subscriber living in *Annapolis*, hath lately behaved herself very ill, and run me in Debt in sundry Places: This is therefore to forewarn all Persons whatever from Trusting her on my Account, for I will pay no Debt of her Contracting after this 19th of *November* 1761. And all Persons are caution'd against Harboursing of her, as they may expect to be Prosecuted.  
**ARCHIBALD HEARD.**

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of *Lancelot Dorsey*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder with a Horse Shoe, and on the near Buttock something like a Hook, has a Star in his Forehead, and his near hind Foot is white.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of *John Warfield*, junior, on *Elk-Ridge*, a Brown Steer, three Years old last Spring, mark'd with an upper Cut in the right Ear, and an under Cut in the Left.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

**A** GOOD PLANTATION about four Miles from *Elk-Ridge* Landing, adjoining to Mr. *Caleb Dorsey's* Dwelling Plantation, whereon is a small House for an Overseer, a Quarter, and four Tobacco Houses.

For Title and Terms apply to  
**RICHARD SPRIGG.**

*Annapolis, November 12, 1761.*

**A**LL those who are Indebted to the Subscriber, on Account of his late Vendue, are desired to pay off their Accounts, as the Conditions of the Sale were Ready Money: Therefore, to show them as much Indulgence as he can, will grant them Ten Days from this Date; and all those who do not pay within that Time must pay at the Rate of *Maryland* Paper Money.  
**JOHN CAMPBELL.**

**S**TOLEN or STRAY'D from the Dwelling Plantation of *Philip Thomas, Esq;* on *West-River*, on the 8th of *October* last, a small bright Bay Gelding about 13 Hands high, has a blaz'd Face, four white Feet, a short Bob Tail and Ridge Mane; he is branded on both Buttocks I H, trots and gallops.

Whoever brings the said Gelding to Mr. *Hepburn* at *Upper-Marlborough*, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

*November 12, 1761.*

**F**OUND on Monday Morning last, near *Curtis's* Creek, a new Negro Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, almost Naked, having only a piece of an old Shirt, and a piece of an old Jacket on, and cannot speak a Word of *English*. His Feet are Frost-bitten, and the Inside of each of his Thighs and Legs pretty much burnt. Has some of his own Country Marks on the left Side of his Face.

Whoever owns him, may have him of the Subscriber living near *Curtis's* Creek, proving Property and paying Charges.

**WILLIAM FISH.**

*Leesburg, (Loudoun County) VIRGINIA.*  
*October 24, 1761.*

**W**HEREAS *THOMAS COLVILL*, of the 12th Instant, Executor in Trust to the Deceased *JOHN COLVILL*, of *Fairfax* County, in *Virginia*, has without Information to me, given Notice in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, and likewise in divers other Places in the Colony of *Virginia*, That the Lands Devised from the late *JOHN COLVILL*, to the Right Honourable *CHARLES* Earl of *TANKERVILLE*, are yet subject to some Debts unpaid: Therefore, as Agent for the said Earl of *Tankerville*, the Subscriber hereof gives this early Notice to all whom it may concern, not to Treat or Bargain with the said *THOMAS COLVILL* either in private or public, otherwise to be made liable as the Law shall direct for such Injuries done: And this further gives Notice, that the said *THOMAS COLVILL* is now seised with a General Court Writ of *Virginia*, to exhibit a more just Account of his Management; so that this Advertisement is to advise all Persons whatsoever, not to make any Purchase of those Lands mentioned in Question, from *THOMAS COLVILL*, otherwise to stand to the bad Consequence, which must certainly entangle them in Difficulties with the Subscriber.

**JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.**

By Virtue of the Will of Mr. *Henry Woodward*, Deceased, will be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on *Saturday* the Fifth Day of *December* next, at Mr. *Galloway's* House in *ANNAPOLIS*,

**T**HE Dwelling House now in the Occupation of Mr. *William Woodward* in *Annapolis*, and all the Ground adjoining thereto, which belonged to the late Mr. *Woodward*, with the Improvements (except what is leased to Mr. *Couden* and Mr. *Chalmers*). There is nearly two Acres of Ground lying on three Streets, in the most public Part of the City, has on it a very large genteel and convenient Brick Dwelling-House, a good Brick Kitchen and neat Out-Room adjoining to it; convenient Out-Houses, and genteel Garden, besides a separate Tenement that may be rented out for 10 or 12 *l.* by the Year.

The Rent and Reversion on a Lease for 99 Years, renewable forever, of the Ground on which Mr. *James Chalmers's* Dwelling House stands. The yearly Rent is 5 *l.* Sterling, and a Year's Rent payable on Renewments.

The Rent and Reversion on a Lease, on the same Terms, of the Ground on which Mr. *Robert Couden's* Dwelling House stands.

And, about 800 Acres of Land lying within 4 or 5 Miles of *Annapolis*, made up of several Tracts adjoining to each other, purchased by the late Mr. *Woodward* of his Sisters *Mary* and *Elizabeth Woodward*, and of the late Col. *Tesker*; on Part of which Land is the late Governor *Bladen's* Vineyard, about 20 Acres of very good improved Meadow, a very large young Apple Orchard curiously assorted, many of the Trees being *English* Grafts, a very good Stone Dwelling House, Brick Kitchen, and other curious as well as valuable Improvements.

The Sales to be in Sterling. Any Persons that design to bid, may be informed of the Title by Mr. *Thomas Johnson*, junior, in *Annapolis*.

There will likewise be to be Sold, by Public Vendue, at the same Time and Place, several likely young Mares of the late Colonel *TASKER's* *English* Breed, some of them with Foal, and Colts of the same Breed.

**MARY WOODWARD.**

*Prince-George's County, October 30, 1761.*

**W A N T E D,**

**A** MAN, who can be well Recommended for Honesty, Sobriety, and Diligence, and who can Write, and keep a common Account, and is fit to take the Charge of a FERRY and PUBLIC HOUSE, where every Thing necessary will be found by the Employer: Such an one will meet with very good Encouragement by applying to the Subscriber on *Patowmack* River.

**JOHN ADDISON.**

**S**TOLEN out of the Dock at *Annapolis*, on the 31st of *October* at Night, a Rowing YAWL, about 15 Feet Keel, 5½ Feet wide, has a black Bottom, and one new Thought.

Whoever will return her to the Subscriber at *West-River*, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward.

**THOMAS NORRIS.**

On *Wednesday* the 25th Instant, will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, at the House of Mr. *Benjamin Brooke*, at *UPPER-MARLBOROUGH*,

**T**HE following Parcels of LAND, lying in *Prince-George's* County, *viz.*  
One Tract called *Burbridge*, containing 280 Acres; and Part of a Tract called *Land-over*, containing 320½ Acres.

The Title, and Terms of Sale, may be known at any Time, by applying to

**WM. TURNOR WOOTTON.**



The Ship *UPTON*,  
**SAMUEL PEMBERTON,**  
MASTER,

**A** LETTER of Marque, carrying 17 Carriage Guns, six and Four Pounders, and 4 Cohorns which will throw Six Pound Shot, now lying in *Briton's* Bay, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling per Ton, consigned to *James Gildart, Esq;* Merchant in *Liverpool*.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ship Tobacco may, for further Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber in *Leonard-Town*, or the said Master on board the said Vessel.

Also to be Sold by the Subscriber, a large Quantity of White SALT.

**THOMSON MASON.**

**To be LEASED,**

And Entered on immediately, for Three Lives, A VERY choice Tract of LAND, well Watered and Timbered, containing several Thousand Acres, belonging to *CHARLES*, Earl of *TANKERVILLE*, lying on *Patowmack* River, and chiefly bounded in by *Kittockton* Creek in the County of *Loudoun*, and Colony of *Virginia*.

Also, a Tract of Land, lying on *Difficult Run* in the said County, famous for the many fine Situations for building Water-Mills, and a considerable Quantity of Meadow Ground, only Twelve Miles from Navigation, and Twenty from the Port of *Alexandria*.

Likewise, a Tract of Land lying on *Four Mile Run*, endued with the same good Qualifications, and distant about Six Miles from *Alexandria*.

For further Particulars enquire of Mr. *Fleming Patterson*, Merchant in *Leesburg*, in *Loudoun* County, or from the Subscriber, where Attendance will be given by  
**JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.**

*Townside, Sept. 8, 1761.*

To be LET, upon Lease for a Term of Years, A PLANTATION, STOCK and HANDS, on the *Red-Lyon-Branch*, on *Chester* River, in *Queen-Anne's* County, *Maryland*.

The Hands are Slaves; the Stock consists of Horses, Mares, black Cattle, Sheep, Goats and Swine. The Tenement is under good Fence, the Housing in good Order. The Tract is 220 Acres, of which about 90 clear'd; but the Tenant will have Liberty to clear new Ground without Restraint or Limitation; the Owner being possessed of 1400 Acres of Wood Land contiguous. There is a young Peach and Plum Orchard on the Tract, and several Apple and Cherry Trees. There is a Grist Mill on the same open Ground.

The Terms (on Security if required) will not exceed the Worth of the Hire of the Hands, added to the Interest of the Value of the Stock, and a moderate Rent.

There is good Fishing in Shad and Herring Season, on the Coast of this Tract, which is surrounded by Merchant Mills and Stores of all Sorts, and an Inspection House at about a Mile and a Half Distance. The Range of Woods is very considerable for raising of Stock, there being some Thousand Acres of such.  
**H. CALLISTER.**



To be FREIGHTED,

A GOOD New SLOOP, Burthen Fifty Tons, or 2000 Bushels of Grain, which is a prime Sailer, and well fitted, either to Carolina, New-England, or any Place on the Coast. Enquire of Mr. John Carnan, Merchant at Baltimore-Town, or WM. DUNLOP.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY.

THE Members of the Presbyterian Congregation in Kent County, Maryland, find themselves under the Necessity of soliciting the Favour and Assistance of the Public in this Way, in order to enable them to compleat and finish their two Meeting-Houses now building, and also to purchase a Parsonage or Glebe; that they may be enabled, with Decency, to worship GOD, and in a becoming Manner to support a Gospel Minister among them, according to their own Persuasion. They Doubt not but this their laudable Design will meet with all proper Encouragement, from all those who wish well to the common Cause of Religion, and are acquainted with their Circumstances, especially as the Scheme is well calculated for the Advantage of the Adventurer.

Number of Prizes.	Pieces of 8.	Total Value.
1 of	1000 is	1000
1 of	750 is	750
2 of	500 are	1000
3 of	250 are	750
10 of	100 are	1000
20 of	40 are	800
50 of	10 are	500
1250 of	8 are	10000
First drawn Blank	1 of 50 is	50
Last drawn Blank	1 of 50 is	50
Last drawn Blank before the 1000	1 of 25 is	25
First drawn Blank after the 1000	1 of 25 is	25
Last drawn Blank before the 750	1 of 25 is	25
First drawn Blank after the 750	1 of 25 is	25

1343 Prizes,  
2657 Blanks.

4000 Tickets at 4 Dollars each, are 16000

IN this Scheme there is not two Blanks to a Prize; the Number of high Prizes are as many as in Lotteries consisting of 5000 Tickets; the Deduction only 15 per Cent; so that upon the Whole, this will appear to be one of the most favourable Schemes for the Adventurer yet offered to the Public.

The Drawing will begin at George-Town, the Fourth Tuesday in November next, or sooner, if sooner full. The Prizes will be published in the Maryland and Pennsylvania Gazettes, and the Prize Money paid as soon as the Drawing is finished. That which is not Demanded within Six Months after the Drawing, will be deemed as generously given to the Use of the Scheme, and applied accordingly.

The following Persons are appointed Managers, viz. John Hepburn, Esq; Messrs. William Rafin, Dennis Dulany, James Louttit, Charles Gordon, John Maxwell, James Pearce, John Schaw, James Harrison (Susquebanna Ferry), Hugh Wallis, and John McDuff, who are to give Bond and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in them.

TICKETS are now selling by the Managers, at their respective Habitations, and by Messieurs Jonas Green, and Robert Couden, at Annapolis; by Messieurs David Ross, and Thomas Campbell, in Prince-George's County; by Mr. John Boyd, in Joppa; by Mr. Francis Key, and Captain George Catto, in Cecil County; by Messieurs Thomas Ringgold, and Thomas Smith, in Chester-Town; by Messieurs John Bracco, and Matthew Dockery, in Queen-Anne's County; by Dr. Charles Leith, at Talbot Court-House; by Mr. John Anderson, at Cambridge; and by Messieurs William Milvaine, and Charles Pettit, Merchants, in Philadelphia.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

Patuxent Iron-Works, Sept. 22, 1761.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber, about the 10th of July last, a Black Horse about 14 Hands and an Inch high, with a large Star in his Forehead, and a small Snip on his Nose, was shod all round, paces naturally, and has a very remarkable long Walk. Whoever will bring the said Horse home, shall have Thirty Shillings, paid by JOHN SNOWDEN.

Baltimore, July 1761.

RELIGION, the crowning Excellence of intelligent Nature, claims the Approbation and close Attention of every reasonable Being, who expects future Bliss. We are bound from Principles of Gratitude and Interest to promote the Honour and Worship of the supreme Mind, as necessary to our own Prosperity, the Good of Society, and future Happiness of Man. Animated by these interesting Motives, we, of the Presbyterian Persuasion in this Town, desire, not from Party Views, but from real Principle, to purchase a Lot of Ground to erect a decent Church for Divine Service, in which we may worship GOD according to our Consciences. Upon Enquiry we find ourselves as yet insufficient to raise such a Sum as is necessary to accomplish such an important Design, beg Leave therefore to solicit the Generosity of our Fellow-Christians to assist and encourage us in completing a small Lottery, at a Time when the Benevolence of our Countrymen is so well tried in this Way. We hope our Claim to the public Attention is equal to any that has solicited their Notice, and humbly expect that we shall meet with general Encouragement.

SCHEME of the LOTTERY.

Prizes.	Dollars.	Total Value.
1 of	1500 is	1500
2 of	750 are	1500
3 of	500 are	1000
4 of	200 are	600
5 of	150 are	600
10 of	100 are	500
10 of	50 are	500
10 of	40 are	400
10 of	30 are	300
20 of	20 are	200
30 of	10 are	200
30 of	8 are	240
2482 of	5 are	12410

2589 Prizes,  
2411 Blanks.  
5000 Tickets at 4 Dollars each, are 20000

CONDITIONS.

THAT the Lottery shall be drawn in Baltimore-Town as soon as the Tickets are disposed of, and previous Notice thereof shall be given in This and the Pennsylvania Gazette.

That a Deduction of Fifteen Dollars be made from every Prize of One Hundred Dollars, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Prize, thereby to raise the Sum intended of Three Thousand Dollars. The Managers appointed are, Messieurs John Smith and William Buchanan, John Stevenson, Jonathan Plowman, William Lyon, and Nicholas Ruxton Gay, of Baltimore; Mr. David McCulloch, of Joppa; Mr. George Stevenson, of York; Col. John Armstrong, of Carlisle; Dr. David Ross, of Bladensburg; Mr. Peter Hubbert, of Dorset; and Mr. Jonas Green, of Annapolis; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath faithfully to discharge the Trust reposed in them.

A List of the Prizes will be published in This and the Pennsylvania Gazette, after the Drawing is finished, and the Money paid after the Deduction afore-mentioned. Prize Money not demanded in Six Months after the Publication of the Prizes, to be deemed as generously given towards this laudable Purpose, and to be applied accordingly.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers; of Mr. Thomas Campbell, Merchant, at Nottingham, and of Mrs. Ramsay, at the Head of Severn.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence Pennsylvania Paper, will be taken in Payment for a Dollar, in the Purchase of Tickets, and to be paid in like Manner in Discharge of Prizes.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Elk-Rise Furnace, October 10, 1761.  
RAN away from the Subscriber, Two Convict Servant Men, viz.

James Hall, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, 40 Years of Age, he is arrow Faced, hollow Eyed, and is very remarkable in his Head, having lost great Part of his Hair & Sickness. Had on when he went away, his working Clothes.

Henry Jones, about 2 Years of Age, near six Feet high, wears his ow Hair, he is thin fleshed, and stands pretty upright upon his Legs. He likewise had on his working Clothes.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and brings them to the Subscriber, shall receive if taken above Ten Miles from home, TEN POUNDS, or Five Pounds for either of them, and reasonable Charges, paid by CALEB DORSEY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Upper-Marlborough, on the 26th of February last, a Country-born Negro Fellow named Anthony, by Trade a Cooper, about 28 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 4 Inches high. He had on an old Cotton Coat with white Metal Buttons, Cotton Breeches, a Kersey, and Swanskin Jacket, Negro Shoes and Stockings, a Felt Hat, and an Onabrigs Shirt. But it is probable he will change his Apparel, as he had Variety of Cloaths with him. He has been used to work on board Ships in Patuxent River, and it is supposed is somewhere thereabouts.

Whoever will take up the said Negro, and bring him home, shall have Forty Shillings, beside what the Law allows, if taken in the County; and if taken out of it, Three Pounds, beside what the Law allows, paid by JOHN GANTT.

Frederick-Town, June 1761.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY.

FOR raising Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight, for Building a CHURCH for the Reformed CALVINISTS in Frederick-Town, Frederick County, to consist of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of Eight each, viz.

Number of Prizes.	Pieces of Eight.	Total Value.
1 of	500 is	500
2 of	300 are	600
3 of	150 are	450
4 of	100 are	400
10 of	50 are	500
12 of	40 are	480
20 of	30 are	600
35 of	20 are	700
200 of	8 are	1600
900 of	5 are	4500

1187 Prizes.  
2813 Blanks.  
First drawn Ticket 40  
Last drawn Ticket 30  
Sum raised 1600

4000 Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are 12000

BY the above Scheme there are not 2 Blanks to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not 15 per Cent on the whole.

The Managers appointed are, Messieurs Christopher Edelin, Stephen Ranfburg, James Dickson, Thomas Schley, Conrad Gross, Casper Sbanff, Thomas Price, Samuel Swearingen, Valentine Adam, and William Kimbol, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

A List of the Prizes will be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and paid off without any Deduction.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence Pennsylvania Currency, will be received for each Piece of Eight in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same Currency is to pass upon the same Terms in paying off the Prizes.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per Order,  
ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

M A

P O M E R

Y ESTERDAY Belling the flank regiment drove back 100 were killed upon the 14th with cannon, upon the little defended by 300 men Ferdinand. The Prince to the brave men who Magdeburg, August 18th from several places Laudohn having squadrons of Austrian who had passed the O the neighbourhood of jelly meeting with that attacked, and entirely great number of prisoners August 27. The King vantage in Silesia on t as we can yet judge, ap of Marshal Butterlin an complat their junction In order to this, the dross of his best caval genadiers, who were a by the King's troops, and those very roughly ans; the rest returned that the junction of the vented. The King has the convent of Wahlstac tunity of observing the between Freybourg and Ruffian, who have sent the Oder, and it is not a army will follow them. Brunswick, August 21. of Prince Henry will be church of this city. The Duke of Brunwick, the all the general officers, v Advices from the fir that M. Broglio, having ter, the 19th, the posts upon that been witho Prince Ferdinand had al that river, under the com was, who is now posted Hamulen. Col. Freytra to be posted on the Wer communication on that French, in prisoners, on the action with Genera Ullar, amount to 43 b sides 800 horses taken. Hamburg, August 21. fides here in Quality of Pruffs to the Circle of received an Express wit dated from Glogau the r "By an Express dis this Moment receive the glorious Monarch having (the 15th) attacked, wi that Place, the Army of

THE  
**MARYLAND GAZETTE,**  
Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

[Numb. 864.]

THURSDAY, November 26, 1761.

POMERANIA, August 15.

**Y**ESTERDAY a few hundreds of Col. Belling's regiment furiously attacked the flank of the Swedish army, two regiments of which they broke, and drove back upon their infantry, about 100 were killed upon the spot, and a great number wounded and prisoners. The Swedes retired to Waldeck, where Mr. Belling was following them.

*Hanover, August 18.* General Luckner continuing the pursuit of the Viscount de Belsunce, came up with him near Uslar, and, after a sharp combat, obliged him to give way, having killed a great number of his men, made 400 prisoners, and taken two Standards.

We have certain accounts that there is a prodigious scarcity in the French army of M. Broglio.

The French have been repulsed in an attack they made on the 14th with 8000 men, and 6 pieces of cannon, upon the little town of Horn, which was defended by 300 men, thrown into it by Prince Ferdinand. The Prince has given great rewards to the brave men who defended it.

*Magdeburg, August 20.* Letters of the 17th and 18th from several places bring accounts, that General Laudohn having on the 15th detached 43 Squadrons of Austrian cavalry, to join the Russians, who had passed the Oder, and were encamped in the neighbourhood of Parckwitz, his Prussian Majesty meeting with that body, on their march, had attacked, and entirely defeated them; made a great number of prisoners, and dispersed the rest.

*August 27.* The King had a considerable advantage in Silesia on the 15th. The fact, as far as we can yet judge, appears to be this: The plan of Marshal Butterlin and General Laudohn was to complete their junction near Parckwitz.

In order to this, the latter advanced 30 Squadrons of his best cavalry, and ten battalions of Grenadiers, who were attacked with such vivacity by the King's troops, that only ten Squadrons, and those very roughly handled, joined the Russians; the rest returned to Gen. Laudohn; and that the junction of the two armies is certainly prevented. The King has now his head-quarters at the convent of Wahlstadt, where he has an opportunity of observing the Austrians, who are posted between Freybourg and Bagendorf; as also the Russians, who have sent their heavy baggage over the Oder, and it is not at all improbable that their army will follow them.

*Brunswick, August 21.* This evening the corpse of Prince Henry will be interred in the Cathedral church of this city. Their Serene Highnesses the Duke of Brunswick, the Landgrave of Hesse, with all the general officers, will attend the funeral.

Advices from the side of the Weser mention, that M. Broglio, having passed the Weser at Hoxter, the 19th, the posts of General Luckner had upon that been withdrawn towards Eimbeck. Prince Ferdinand had also detached a corps over that river, under the command of General Wutgenau, who is now posted at Halle, on the road to Hamelen. Col. Freytag with his Chasseurs, are to be posted on the Werra, to annoy the enemy's communication on that side. The loss of the French, in prisoners, on the 14th and 15th, in the action with General Luckner at Duffel and Uslar, amount to 43 officers, 759 soldiers, besides 800 horses taken.

*Hamburg, August 21.* M. de Hecht, who resides here in Quality of Minister from the King of Prussia to the Circle of Lower Saxony, has just received an Express with the following Advices, dated from Glogau the 17th of August:

"By an Express dispatched from Liegnitz we this Moment receive the agreeable News, that our glorious Monarch having the Day before Yesterday (the 15th) attacked, within a little Distance of that Place, the Army of General Laudohn, which

had been joined by the Corps of Russians under Gen. Fermor, he had totally defeated them; and that after this Victory his Majesty had sent General Ziethen in Pursuit of the Austrians, whilst he marched with the main Body of his Army against Marshal Butterlin, to engage him likewise. This great Event we have confirmed from many Places at the same Time; and as we have this Morning, from seven o'Clock till Noon, heard a great Cannonading on the Side of the Oder, we doubt not but his Majesty is also come to Action with the main Body of the Russian Army. If we may depend on certain Advices, the Russians have already sent all their heavy Baggage over the River, and M. Butterlin is retired to Hernstadt. The great Number of scattered Soldiers and Deserters found since this Affair upon the High Roads, have doubtless prevented the Arrival of Couriers."

*Copy of a Letter from Glogau, August 17.*

"Yesterday, about four in the Evening, arrived here an Express, dispatched by the Magistrates of Liegnitz, with the agreeable News, that the Russians having last Saturday attempted to effectuate their junction with the Army under General Laudohn, the King had taken Advantage of that Opportunity to attack the Austrians, and has totally defeated them; that immediately after the Action, his Majesty had left the Command of a Part of his Army to Gen. Ziethen, with Orders to pursue the flying Enemy to the Utmost; and with the rest of his Troops had marched to the Russians, with a Design to attack them. These Advices add, that they were retreating in great haste towards the Oder, and that his Majesty followed them very closely."

*Hague, August 27.* The new British Ambassador Extraordinary has given a grand entertainment, at which all people of distinction here were present. According to the last advices from the armies, Duke Ferdinand was advancing towards Cassel, and the Hereditary Prince was at Wolferslagen. All the letters from Paris speak of Peace as a thing at hand.

*Lipsstadt, August 28.* The Marshal Duke de Broglio has indeed passed the Weser with no great loss, but for any thing we can perceive, to very little purpose. The city of Hanover is not to be taken by a Coup de Main, so that he seems to be directing his march to the Werra and the Fulda. Duke Ferdinand is very diligent in cutting off the enemy's subsistence, and has been so successful therein, that the French are in a very distressed condition. On the 26th the castle of Dringelberg upon the Dymel was suddenly invested, and the French garrison made prisoners of war. The Marshal Prince de Soubise has not been at all more fortunate than the Marshal Duke. He first thought of besieging Munster; failing in that, he proposed the reducing Ham, and being disappointed in that by the celerity of the Hereditary Prince, he is now taking himself and his army back to the Dulman.

*Hague, Sept. 1.* Though we have not received any direct account from Prince Ferdinand's head-quarters, we are however informed from several places upon the Weser, and in the neighbourhood, that after Marshal Broglio had been obliged to pass that river, and abandon Hoxter to the Allies, his Serene Highness had, by forced marches, gained the Dymel; and after forcing, in conjunction with the Hereditary Prince, all the enemy's posts on that side, and particularly at Dringelberg, where upwards of 300 men had been made prisoners, his Serene Highness arrived with great part of his army, on the 26th of August, at Hoff-Giesmar, in Hesse. We are since informed, that he had pushed a corps forward to Winter-Kasten, near Cassel; and that a large train of artillery and stores were in march to join him from Hamelen. In order to secure, during this march, that part of the Weser between Hamelen and the Dymel, Prince Ferdinand left Gen. Sporken with a body of troops at Hoxter. These unexpected motions of

the allied army, had obliged M. Broglio, who occupied with his army the country between Furltenberg and Eimbeck, to fall back, and take a position nearer the Weser, between Gottingen and Munden.

*Hague, August 28.* Letters just received from the Glogau bring an Account, that on the 15th Instant 43 Squadrons of Austrians, which had been sent by Gen. Laudohn to join the Russian Army, were totally defeated by the King of Prussia; and that the Cannon and Trophies which the Horse Grenadiers had with them were taken. That the Russian Army had been driven back from Gros Becken to Mettiche, and that two Regiments of their Infantry had been made Prisoners by General Knoblauch, in the pursuit towards the Oder.

Letters from other Parts make the Advantage on the Prussian Side still greater, as they acquaint us, that the whole Body of Austrians, defeated the 15th near Parckwitz, consisted of 12,000 Men, Part of which were the 43 Squadrons before-mentioned, who were the Prime of the Austrian Cavalry and Horse Grenadiers. They add that the Russian main Army, upon the Report of the Defeat, having retreated immediately, the King pursued them over the Oder, cannonading them continually the 16th and 17th Instant.

LONDON, August 29.

A Letter from Mr. James Fearn, late of Liverpool, and now British Consul in the Island of Terceira, one of the Azores, to his Friends in Liverpool, says, "Since the last of November we have felt several Earthquakes, and on the 31st of March the Sea rose to a great Height, and fell again so low, that the Keys were left dry; all the Lighters and Fishing-Boats that were hauled up in Portorico, were carried down into the Bay, and broke to Pieces upon the Rocks. On the 14th of April we had four small Earthquakes; and on the 15th, about One in the Morning, we were all raised out of our Beds by a violent Shock; from which Time the Earth was almost continually trembling till the Evening of the 17th, when we had two other violent Shocks, attended with Noises like the Discharging of Cannon. These, though they increased our Fears, yet they seemed to have good Effect upon the Earth; for afterwards Tremblings were not so frequent. The next Morning News was brought that there was a great Smoke seen about 3 Leagues to the N. W. of this City, which was soon confirmed by Noises like Thunder at a Distance, which seemed to proceed from the same Place. Several People were sent to examine it, but so great were the Tremblings of the Earth, and the Smoke and the Noises, that they durst not approach near enough to give a regular Account. This continued three Days, in which we were continually alarmed with Earthquakes, or the said dreadful Noises. On the 29th we had 3 Shocks, which exceeded any we had yet felt, in which the Noises were so loud, and the Agitations of the Earth so violent, that every Body thought it was opening under their Feet; and soon after Account was brought, that Fire was burst out of the Ground, about half a League to the Eastward of the aforesaid Smoke. This gave us new Alarms, which were increased almost every Hour with Accounts that Rivers of Fire had issued out of the Vulcanoes, and that some of them directed their Course towards this City. On the 23d I went to see it, and found that the Accounts we had heard were not exaggerated: The first Sight of it was so dreadful, that some of the Company durst not proceed; but I was determined to approach as near as possible; and accordingly went forward with a Clergyman of that Neighbourhood. When we were as near as we could go for the Hear, we got upon an Eminence, from whence we had a Prospect of the whole. It is impossible for the Imagination to form so horrible a Sight as presented itself to our Views from thence. There was three large Vulcanoes, at a considerable Dis-

tance from each other, (the Mouth of one of them was at least 50 Yards long) from all Parts of which proceeded Bellows like Thunder, and vast Quantities of red-hot Stones and Flakes of Fire; and all round about was a large burning Lake, out of which proceeded several Rivers, the principal Ones directing their Courses about N. W. The larger Stones fell generally near the Place from whence they issued, but the smaller Ones were thrown up to an incredible Height, and by the Wind were forced on one Side, which had already raised three large Hills. The Cluttering of the Stones in the Air, the terrible Thunderings from below the Lake, Rivers of Liquid Fire, and the Earth continually shaking under our Feet, produced a Scene too dreadful to be described. When we had taken a View of this, we joined our Company, and went to the North West Side to see the Rivers of Fire: The three large Ones were near a Mile in Breadth, and all directed their Course towards the Town of Biscouto. As the Country was almost even, the Motion of the two last was very slow; but the first had run near two Leagues from the Vulcano, and was got into a more declining Ground, which made its Motion swifter. It is impossible to express the Consternation and Distresses of the Inhabitants of this Part of the Island, particularly those of Biscouto: The first River was almost entering their Town, which they had already abandoned; and the two others that came behind, threatened to overwhelm the adjacent Country; for they run in a Head of at least four Yards high, and left no Sign of either Tree or House that stood in their Way. This was the State of Things on the 23d. But on the 24th, it pleased the Almighty to abate the Force of the Fire, and soon after the Rivers began to have a slower Motion: They moved along however for several Days, and Part of the first entered the Town of Biscouto, where it burnt about one Third of the Houses, and then directed its Course into a Valley on one Side, where it continued its Motion four or five Days."

By a Letter since the above, the Trembling of the Earth was over, and every Thing quiet as before. [Tercera, one of the Azores, or Western Islands, lies in the Latitude of 38: 53, (the same with the Rock of Lisbon) and Longitude 19: 28 W. from the Lizard. The same Day, the 31st of March, which they had the remarkable Flowing and Ebbing of the Sea, at Tercera, they had it in Barbados, about Four o'Clock Afternoon.]

When the Algerine Ambassador made his public Entry, he was desirous of having the Lions, he brought over as a present, led before him, which could not be granted; however, the fine horses and curious sheep he intended for his Majesty, were admitted into the cavalcade, but could not (as he expected) be drove into the apartments for the King to see them; at which his Excellency seemed somewhat displeas'd, till he was assured by the Lords in waiting, that it was contrary to the custom of this country.—When he was admitted into the Royal Presence, the King told him he was sorry that his Excellency had such a bad day for his public Entry. No, Sire, says the Ambassador, it is a very fine, it is a glorious day for me, when I have the honour to behold so great a Monarch as your Majesty.

Among the Preparations at Spittalfields, for the royal Nuptials, we are told of a Suit of Cloaths weaving for a Lady of Quality, which will amount to Thirty-six Pounds a Yard. The Pattern cost 100 Guineas drawing.

Mrs. Watts, relict of the late Dr. Watts, died Yesterday in the 85th Year of her Age.

A private Letter from Magdebourg to a Merchant in London says, that the King of Prussia, in the Action of the 15th of last Month, had taken from the Austrians 14 Pair of Colours and Standards, and that a Prussian Hussar took two with his own Hands.

A Rumour prevails at Hamburgh, which possibly may not be destitute of Foundation, that the Russians finding Breslau and Colberg both in a much better Situation than they expected, and than they were represented to be by the Austrians, have resolv'd to make one vigorous Attack upon each; and if these Attempts do not succeed, to return into Winter-quarters; from an Apprehension, that if there is another Campaign, they may have more Enemies to deal with than they have at present.

Sept. 8. They write from Stockholm, that their Fleet is ready to sail from Carlscroon to join that of Russia. It consists of one Ship of 70 Guns, two of 60, one of 56, two of 50, one of 36, one of 30, an Hospital Ship, a Victualler, and two Flotes.

A private Letter from a Lady at Strelitz, gives the following Account of the Princess Charlotte, our intended Queen; "She is of a middle size, but rather inclines to tall, has a fine Shape, graceful Carriage, fine Neck and Hands, brown Hair, round Face, blue Eyes full of Sweetness, Mouth rather large, rosy Lips, and extreme fine Teeth, which appear when she speaks or laughs; she dances well, hath a very gracious and engaging Air, a youthful Look, her Temper excellent, without the least Tincture of Pride."

An Account of the MARRIAGE PROCESSION of His MAJESTY and His Royal Consort, to the Chapel.

Procession of the PRINCESS.  
Drums and Trumpets  
Serjeant Trumpeter  
PRINCESS'S Servants—  
A Page  
A Quarter Waiter  
A Gentleman Usher, between two Serjeant Heralds  
The Vice Chamberlain  
Maids of Honour  
Ladies of the Bedchamber and Peeresses,  
(one excepted, viz. the Dutchess of Hamilton)  
Peeresses  
Unmarried Daughters of Peers  
King's Vice-Chamberlain | King's Lord-Chamberlain  
Pr. Wm. Henry | The BRIDE | Duke of York  
Her Train borne by  
Lady Carolina Ruffel, Lady Sarah Lenox,  
Lady — Montague, Lady Harriot Bentinck,  
Lady Elizabeth Kerr, Lady Anne Hamilton,  
Lady Louisa Grenville, Lady Elizabeth Keppel,  
Lady Susan Strangeways, Lady Elizabeth Harcourt,  
The Lord-Chamberlain and Vice-Chamberlain, with the two senior Heralds, return to wait on his Majesty.

KING'S Procession.  
Drums and Trumpets  
Serjeant Trumpeter  
Knight Marshal  
Pursuivants  
Heralds  
Knights of the Bath, not Peers, in their Collars  
Privy Counsellors, not Peers  
Comptroller and Treasurer of the Household  
Barons  
Bishops in their Rochets  
Viscounts  
Earls  
Lord Steward of the Household  
Marquisses  
Dukes  
Norroy King at Arms, and Clarenceux  
Lord Privy Seal  
Lord President  
Lord Chancellor  
Archbishop of Canterbury  
Gentleman Usher | Garter | Gentleman Usher  
Earl Marshal  
Princes of the Blood  
Vice Chamberlain | Sword of State | Lord-Chamberlain  
The KING.  
Capt. of the Yeomen | Capt. of the Band  
of the Guards | Life Guards | of Pensioners  
Gentlemen of the Bedchamber  
Masters of the Robes  
Gentlemen Pensioners.

The Return of Her MAJESTY  
Drums and Trumpets as before  
QUEEN'S Servants  
A Page  
A Quarter Waiter  
A Gentleman Usher between two Heralds  
Maids of Honour, viz.  
Miss Keck, Miss Wrotherly,  
Miss Beauclerc, Miss Bishop,  
Miss Meadows, Miss Evelyn,  
Unmarried Daughters of Peers  
Peeresses  
QUEEN'S Vice-Chamberlain | QUEEN'S Lord-Chamberlain  
Viscount Cantalupo | Duke of Manchester  
Her Train borne as before  
Lady of the Bedchamber in Waiting,  
His MAJESTY'S Procession as before.

Staten-Island, 26th October, 1761.

THE Ceremony of investing Sir JEFFERY AMHERST, with the most Honourable Order of the Bath, was performed Yesterday in Camp, he having concerted with Major General MONCKTON, such Manner of its being performed, as the present Service would allow of.

His Excellency Major General MONCKTON, Governor of New-York, and several Officers of the Army being present, Major General MONCKTON first read Mr. Secretary PITT'S Letter, as follows; "WHITEHALL, July 17th, 1761.

"SIR,  
"HIS Majesty having been graciously pleas'd, "as a Mark of His Royal Approbation, "of the many and eminent Services of Major "General AMHERST, to nominate him to be One "of the Knights Companions of the most Ho- "nourable Order of the Bath; and it being ne- "cessary that he should be invest'd with the En- "signs of the said Order, which are transmit- "ted to him, by this Opportunity; I am to signify "to You the King's Pleasure, that You should "perform that Ceremony; and it being His Ma-

jesty's Intention, that the same be done in the most honourable and distinguished Manner that Circumstances will allow of, You will concert, and adjust with General AMHERST, such Time, and Manner, for investing him with the Ensigns of the Order of the Bath, as shall appear to You most proper for shewing all due Respect to the King's Order, and as may, at the same Time, mark in the most public Manner, His Majesty's just Sense of the constant Zeal, and signal Abilities, which General AMHERST has exerted in the Service of His King and Country. I am, &c. W. PITT."

"Honourable ROBERT MONCKTON," Major General MONCKTON then proceeded to put the Ribbon over Sir JEFFERY AMHERST'S Shoulder, making an Apology, that Circumstances would not admit of a more formal Investiture. Sir JEFFERY AMHERST, upon receiving the Order, address'd himself to Major General MONCKTON, in the following Terms:

"SIR,  
"I AM truly sensible of this distinguishing Mark of His Majesty's Royal Approbation of My Conduct, and shall ever esteem it as such; and I must beg Leave to express to You the peculiar Satisfaction I have, and the Pleasure it gives Me, to receive this Mark of Favour from "Your Hands."

ANNAPOLIS, November 26.  
On Sunday last Week, as a Shallop was going up Delaware to Philadelphia, with five People on board, she unfortunately overset near Chesler, and three of the People, who were in the Cabin, were Drowned.

Thursday last Mr. RICHARD HENDERSON, Merchant, of Bladensburg, was Married to Miss SARAH BRICE, second Daughter of JOHN BRICE, Esq; of this City: And the same Day, NORMAND BRUCE, Esq; Sheriff of St. Mary's County, was Married there to Miss SUSANNA GARDNER KEY, only Daughter of PHILIP KEY, Esq; Two very amiable young Ladies, of distinguish'd Merit, and pretty Fortunes.

The Winter now approaches, the Posts have begun their fortnight Stages, and a Death of NEWS (either from N. E. W. or S. from whence NEWS comes) must be expected. If any of our ingenious Readers, of which we have many, will be pleas'd to favour us with any divertive, instructive, emolumental Lucubrations, they will be taken due Notice of.

Annapolis, November 21, 1761.

IN Pursuance of an Order of the Court of Vice-Admiralty, Notice is hereby given, That the Schooner RESOLUTION (now lying in the Dock) with her Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, being condemn'd at the said Court as unfit to proceed to Sea on her intended Voyage, will be expos'd to Sale, at the House of Mr. William Reynolds, on Wednesday the 16th Day of December next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, to the highest Bidder. B. NICHOLSON, Register.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday the 15th of December, at the GOLDEN-BALL, the lower End of Church-Street, near the Dock,

A VERY handsome, large, commodious Brick Dwelling-House, 36 Feet by 36 Feet, Two Story High, with a Hip-Roof, a Kitchen, Wash-House, and two Cellars; there are 5 Rooms on the first Floor, 3 with Fire-Places; 6 Rooms on the second, 4 with Fire-Places; and the upper Story all in one with a Fire Place at each End, all compleatly finished. Also, 3 Negroes, 4 white Servants, and 5 Horses with a Cart and Fackling: Likewise 362½ Acres of Land, well Timber'd, lying on Little-Choptank in Dorchester County, within Two Miles of a good Landing.

There will likewise be Sold, a variety of Household Furniture, consisting of Beds, Bedding, Chairs, Tables, Looking-Glasses, and Kitchen Furniture. Also, a very good BILLIARD TABLE. The Household Goods to be Sold for Currency, the other Articles for Sterling.

JAMES CHALMERS.

Bladensburg, Nov. 1761.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE Tracts of Land adjoining, containing upwards of Twelve Hundred Acres, lying on Elk-Ridge about Eight Miles from Patuxent Landing. For Title and Terms apply to FRANCIS HATFIELD.

CASH and next Summer

THERE is at Howard, in and white Steer, a Swallow Fork under cut in the L. station above a Year there, he will be v. The Owner may and paying Charge

THERE is in a small grey Flea-b high, branded on the The Owner may Property, and payin

THERE is at sent. near the County, taken grey Mare, of a mid Buttock and on a Silt in her off Ear. The Owner may his Property, and pa

THERE is at the within middle-sized Brindle Legs are white, and cut and a Crop in The Owner may his Property, and pa

THE Managers of the Streets of Philadelphia of informing the Thousand of their Ticket running too great a Risk for Monday the Fourth they will certainly proceed while Tickets are to be pen, viz. William Vander David Rande, John Ruffel, and William Moore upon Oath for the faith

	Value in Pic
1 of	30
1 of	15
1 of	10
1 of	7
2 of	5
3 of	2
5 of	2
5 of	1
9 of	1
15 of	1
50 of	1
100 of	1
100 of	1
328 of	1
4171 Prizes.	
8219 Blanks.	
12,500 Tickets, at 4	

To be SOLD by the near Upper-Marlboro County, for good Bi

FOUR Hundred Acre LAND, lying w Marlborough, in Prince there are the following ments, viz. Tobacco Overseers Houses, &c.

Likewise, a Choice SLAVES, consisting and Girls, all young an 17 and 20 Years of Ag valuable House Wench nefs whatever, about 20 As the Subscriber w the Bills by the Salli Time for Payment will in Case of Failure, Int Security, if required. All Persons inclinabl informed concerning th

THERE is at the P junior, on Elk-R Years old last Spring, n in the right Ear, and a The Owner may ha his Property, and payin

Calvert County, Nov. 25, 1761.

CASH and TOBACCO, Now, for BILLS next Summer.

JAMES SOMERVELL.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Henry Howard, in Anne Arundel County, a brindle and white Steer, about 5 Years old, mark'd with a Swallow Fork in his Right Ear and a Crop and under cut in the Left. He has been at the Plantation above a Year, and if he stays this Winter there, he will be valued and fold to pay Charges. The Owner may have him on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of Alexander Ferguson in London-Town, taken up as a Stray, a small grey Flea-bitten Gelding about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock T W. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Wm. Thomas, near the Mouth of Manockes in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a dark Iron-grey Mare, of a middle Size, branded on the near Buttock T and on the near Shoulder q and has a Slit in her off Ear. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Richard MacLubin, within five Miles of Annapolis, a middle-sized Brindle Steer, both his hind Feet and Legs are white, and he is mark'd with an Under-cut and a Crop in each Ear. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THE Managers of the LOTTERY for Paving the Streets of Philadelphia, are under the disagreeable Necessity of informing the Public, that there are near Two Thousand of their Tickets unsold, and they cannot, without running too great a Risk, attempt to draw the Lottery before Monday the Fourth of January next, at which Time they will certainly proceed to draw the same. In the mean while, Tickets are to be disposed of by the respective Managers, viz. William Vanderlipple, Thomas Yerke, James Child, Daniel Randle, John Riffe, Joseph Wood, Enoch Story, Thomas Robt, William Moore, and James Benzet, who are to be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

THE SCHEME.

Value in Pieces of Eight.	Total Value.
1 of 3000 is	3000
1 of 1500 is	1500
1 of 1000 is	1000
1 of 750 is	750
2 of 500 are	1000
3 of 250 are	750
5 of 200 are	1000
5 of 150 are	750
9 of 100 are	900
15 of 75 are	1125
50 of 50 are	2500
100 of 25 are	2500
50 of 20 are	1000
100 of 15 are	1500
100 of 8 are	800
4171 Prizes.	First drawn 51
8129 Blanks.	Last drawn 59
22,500 Tickets, at 4 Dollars each, are 50,000	

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, living near Upper-Marlborough, in Prince-George's County, for good Bills of Exchange,

FOUR Hundred Acres of fine rich Bottom LAND, lying within two Miles of Upper-Marlborough, in Prince-George's County, on which there are the following several necessary Improvements, viz. Tobacco Houses, Negro Quarters, Overseers Houses, &c.

Likewise, a Choice Parcel of Country-born SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women, Boys, and Girls, all young and healthy, chiefly between 17 and 20 Years of Age; among which is a very valuable House Wench, fit for any domestic Business whatever, about 20 Years of Age.

As the Subscriber will have Occasion to remit the Bills by the Sailing of the forward Ships, Time for Payment will be given to the Purchasers, till the Tenth of June next; after which Time, in Case of Failure, Interest will be expected, and Security, if required.

All Persons inclinable to purchase, may be fully informed concerning the Premises, by WILLIAM PARKER.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Warfield, junior, on Elk-Ridge, a Brown Steer, three Years old last Spring, mark'd with an upper Cut in the right Ear, and an under Cut in the Left. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A GOOD PLANTATION about four Miles from Elk-Ridge Landing, adjoining to Mr. Caleb Dorsey's Dwelling Plantation, whereon is a small House for an Overseer, a Quarter, and four Tobacco Houses. For Title and Terms apply to RICHARD SPRIGG.

STOLEN or STRAY'D from the Dwelling Plantation of Philip Thomas, Esq; on West-River, on the 8th of October last, a small bright Bay Gelding about 13 Hands high, has a blaz'd Face, four white Feet, a short Bob Tail and Ridge Mane; he is branded on both Buttocks I H, trots and gallops. Whoever brings the said Gelding to Mr. Hepburn at Upper-Marlborough, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

STOLEN out of the Dock at Annapolis, on the 31st of October at Night, a Rowing YAWL, about 15 Feet Keel, 5 1/2 Feet wide, has a black Bottom, and one new 1 hought. Whoever will return her to the Subscriber at West-River, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward.

WHEREAS THOMAS COLVILL, of the 12th Instant, Executor in Trust to the Deceased JOHN COLVILL, of Fairfax County, in Virginia, has without Information to me, given Notice in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, and likewise in divers other Places in the Colony of Virginia, That the Lands Devised from the late JOHN COLVILL, to the Right Honourable CHARLES Earl of TANKERVILLE, are yet subject to some Debts unpaid: Therefore, as Agent for the said Earl of Tankerville, the Subscriber hereof gives this early Notice to all whom it may concern, not to Treat or Bargain with the said THOMAS COLVILL either in private or public, otherwise to be made liable as the Law shall direct for such Injuries done: And this further gives Notice, that the said THOMAS COLVILL is now served with a General Court Writ of Virginia, to exhibit a more just Account of his Management; so that this Advertisement is to advise all Persons whatsoever, not to make any Purchase of those Lands mentioned in Question, from THOMAS COLVILL, otherwise to stand to the bad Consequence, which must certainly entangle them in Difficulties with the Subscriber.

By Virtue of the Will of Mr. Henry Woodward, Deceased, will be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the Fifth Day of December next, at Mr. Galloway's House in ANNAPOLIS,

THE Dwelling House now in the Occupation of Mr. William Woodward in Annapolis, and all the Ground adjoining thereto, which belonged to the late Mr. Woodward, with the Improvements (except what is leased to Mr. Couden and Mr. Chalmers). There is nearly two Acres of Ground lying on three Streets, in the most public Part of the City, has on it a very large genteel and convenient Brick Dwelling-House, a good Brick Kitchen and neat Out Room adjoining to it; convenient Out-Houses, and genteel Garden, besides a separate Tenement that may be rented out for 10 or 12 l. by the Year.

The Rent and Reversion on a Lease for 99 Years, renewable forever, of the Ground on which Mr. James Chalmers's Dwelling House stands. The yearly Rent is 5 l. Sterling, and a Year's Rent payable on Renewments.

The Rent and Reversion on a Lease, on the same Terms, of the Ground on which Mr. Robert Couden's Dwelling House stands.

And, about 800 Acres of Land lying within 4 or 5 Miles of Annapolis, made up of several Tracts adjoining to each other, purchased by the late Mr. Woodward of his Sisters Mary and Elizabeth Woodward, and of the late Col. Tasker; on Part of which Land is the late Governor Bladen's Vineyard, about 20 Acres of very good improved Meadow, a very large young Apple Orchard curiously assorted, many of the Trees being English Grafts, a very good Stone Dwelling House, Brick Kitchen, and other curious as well as valuable Improvements.

The Sales to be in Sterling. Any Persons that design to bid, may be informed of the Title by Mr. Thomas Johnson, junior, in Annapolis.

There will likewise be to be Sold, by Public Vendue, at the same Time and Place, several likely young Mares of the late Colonel TASKER's English Breed, some of them with Foal, and Colts of the same Breed.

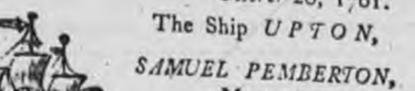
Prince-George's County, October 30, 1761.

WANTED, A MAN, who can be well Recommended for Honesty, Sobriety, and Diligence, and who can Write, and keep a common Account, and is fit to take the Charge of a FERRY and PUBLIC HOUSE, where every Thing necessary will be found by the Employer: Such an one will meet with very good Encouragement by applying to the Subscriber on Patowmack River.

JOHN ADDISON.

THE Managers of the Reformed CALVINIST Church LOTTERY, in Frederick-Town, Frederick County, finding that they cannot dispose of the TICKETS in Time to Draw this Month, are obliged to postpone the Drawing to the First of February next.

October 20, 1761. The Ship UPTON, SAMUEL PEMBERTON, MASTER,



A LETTER of Marque, carrying 17 Carriage Guns, Six and Four Pounders, and 4000 Shot, which will throw Six Pound Shot, now lying in Briton's Bay, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling per Ton, consigned to James Gildart, Esq; Merchant in Liverpool.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ship Tobacco may, for further Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber in Leonard-Town, or the said Master on board the said Vessel.

Also to be Sold by the Subscriber, a large Quantity of White SALT.

THOMSON MASON.

September 26, 1761. To be LEASED, And Entered on immediately, for Three Lives,

A VERY choice Tract of LAND, well Watered and Timbered, containing several Thousand Acres, belonging to CHARLES, Earl of TANKERVILLE, lying on Patowmack River, and chiefly bounded in by Kittington Creek in the County of Loudoun, and Colony of Virginia.

Also, a Tract of Land, lying on Difficult Run in the said County, famous for the many fine Situations for building Water-Mills, and a considerable Quantity of Meadow Ground, only Twelve Miles from Navigation, and Twenty from the Port of Alexandria.

Likewise, a Tract of Land lying on Four Mile Run, endued with the same good Qualifications, and distant about Six Miles from Alexandria.

For further Particulars enquire of Mr. Fleming Patterson, Merchant in Leesburg, in Loudoun County, or from the Subscriber, where Attendance will be given by JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

Townside, Sept. 8, 1761. To be LET, upon Lease for a Term of Years, A PLANTATION, STOCK and HANDS, on the Red-Lyon-Branch, on Chester River, in Queen-Anne's County, Maryland.

The Hands are Slaves; the Stock consists of Horses, Mares, black Cattle, Sheep, Goats and Swine. The Tenement is under good Fence, the Housing in good Order. The Tract is 220 Acres, of which about 90 clear'd; but the Tenant will have Liberty to clear new Ground without Restraint or Limitation; the Owner being possessed of 1400 Acres of Wood Land contiguous. There is a young Peach and Plum Orchard on the Tract, and several Apple and Cherry Trees. There is a Grist Mill on the same open Ground.

The Terms (on Security if required) will not exceed the Worth of the Hire of the Hands, added to the Interest of the Value of the Stock, and a moderate Rent.

There is good Fishing in Shad and Herring-Season, on the Coast of this Tract, which is surrounded by Merchant Mills and Stores of all Sorts, and an Inspection House at about a Mile and a Half Distance. The Range of Woods is very considerable for raising of Stock, there being some Thousand Acres of such.

H. CALLISTER.

THERE is at the Plantation of Lincolnt Dorsey, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder with a Horse Shoe, and on the near Buttock something like a Hook, has a Star in his Forehead, and his near hind Foot is white.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

