

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XVIIIth Year.]

THURSDAY, February 3, 1763.

[N^o. 926.]

PEACE is Proclaim'd.
May PLENTY ensue.

ANNAPOLIS, February 3, 1763.

BY a Gentleman from Baltimore, we received on Tuesday Evening last, this important and interesting Article of News, THAT A PACKET IS LATELY ARRIVED AT NEW-YORK, WITH CERTAIN ADVICE OF PEACE BEING CONCLUDED ON, the Preliminary Articles being Sign'd, at FONTAINEBLEAU, on the Third of November past. It is said she has brought Dispatches for the several Governors of his Majesty's Colonies, relative to this great Event; but those for his Excellency our Governor are not yet come to Hand. All we have been able to obtain for our Readers this Week, relating to the PRELIMINARY ARTICLES OF PEACE, is contained in the following, which is from a MS Copy, that was copied from a Copy taken from a printed Copy: If there are any Errors or Mistakes in it, they shall be corrected in a future Gazette. But it is beyond all Doubt, that PEACE is actually Settled; and on Thursday last it was Proclaim'd at Philadelphia, where the Dispatches were received.

Extract from the LONDON CHRONICLE.

LONDON, November 8, 1762.

LORD EGREMONT acquainted the Lord Mayor, that he had received Account of the Duke of BEDFORD's having Signed the Preliminary ARTICLES OF PEACE, with France and Spain, at Fontainebleau, on the Third Instant, which are as follow:
EUROPE.
I. Portugal to be immediately evacuated by French and Spanish Troops.
II. Nienport and Ostend to be evacuated, and Dunkirk demolished.
III. France and England to withdraw their Armies out of Germany, and Regulations agreed upon for succouring their respective Allies, in Case the House of Austria and Brandenburg go on with the War.
IV. Minorca to be restored to England.
V. Belleisle to be restored to France.
IN AFRICA.
VI. Senegal to remain with England.
VII. Goree restored to France.

IN ASIA.

VIII. The French may if they please rebuild Pondicherry, and have Settlements on the Coast of Coromandel; but, to be excluded from having any Establishment in the Kingdom of Bengal, except Three Captains, or Factors, with no more than Sixteen Men to Garrison each.

AMERICA.

IX. Martinico, Guadaloupe, and Marigalante, to be restored to France.
X. Granades, and the Grandillo's, to belong to England.
XI. St. Lucia to belong to France.
XII. The other Three Neutral Islands, Tobago, Dominica, and St. Vincent, to belong to England.
XIII. Spain to have back the Havannab, and cede to England St. Augustine, and the whole Country called Florida, and the Right to the English to cut Logwood allowed, and the Spanish Claim to the Newfoundland Fishery given up.
XIV. The French are excluded from Fishing in the Gulph of St. Laurence, on the Banks of Cape Breton, St. John's, Anticostle, and Gaspee, but may erect Stages between Cape Riche and Cape Bonavilla, to cure the Fish they shall catch between the above Capes. They are to be allowed to have Harbours at Miquelon and St. Peter's, in which Islands they may have a Fort, with only Fifty Men as a Garrison, and

subject to the Inspection of an English Commissary. None but French Ships to be allowed to touch at Miquelon and St. Peter's.
XV. The Whole of Canada to be ceded to England, and the most valuable Part of what the French call Louisiana, the River Mississippi being declared the Boundary between the Colonies of the two Nations on the Continent of North-America, the English to have the Navigation of the Mississippi, down to the Sea.

A STORY founded on FACT.

SEVERAL Years ago there lived in Scotland, a Gentleman, whose public as well as private Character, must long survive in the tender Remembrance, and affectionate Esteem of all that knew him. It is foreign from our Story to say any Thing more of him, than that an unlucky Accident, by cutting him off, deprived Society of a warm Advocate for its Laws and Interests; the Poor and Fatherless of a Benefactor and Stay; an amiable Woman of her Friend and Husband; and two promising Boys of a Father and Companion. He left a considerable Fortune behind him, and his Widow took care to give her Sons an Education suited to their Birth, as well as a free Choice of their Occupations in Life. The Eldest, who enjoyed the Fortune, discovered an early Inclination for the Army, into which he entered when about Twenty Years of Age. The Second (the unfortunate Hero of our Story) when he attained the same Age, engaged in the Navy; and as we shall see hereafter, made no inconsiderable Figure therein. The sudden Death of the Father, occasioned his Affairs being left in such a Situation, that the Mother depended almost wholly upon the Bounty of her eldest Son for every Thing. Tho' she had bro't him up (and indeed both of them) with the utmost Care and Indulgence; yet such was the Disposition of the young Man, that Absence and foreign Countries soon rooted from his Breast, every kind of Affection for, as well as Remembrance of her, and her Situation. To see Children act the wife and dutiful Part, must give Satisfaction and Serenity to the Evening Hours of a venerable Parent. But how dreadfully severe is a contrary Conduct to such a one: Together with the Pangs which this Mother felt for her vicious Son, she felt all the Discontent and Peevishness which Poverty occasions, especially to those who have experienced happier Days. She had nothing to support her, but what her own Industry could acquire, and some small Remittances from her Son in the Navy, who as yet could afford her but little. The Extravagancy of her Soldiers so much increased his Demands, that at last, he put it out of his own Power, either to assist her (tho' inclined) or any longer relieve his own Wants, but by selling his Estate.

She was now obliged to retire from the World, and, as well as she could, accommodate herself in a dirty little Country Town. It is hard to determine whether her real Wants, or the ungrateful Scorn of those whom her Husband's Generosity had raised from nothing, bore hardest upon her. How often does Beneficence meet with this Reward from a fordid selfish World!

It is necessary now to observe, that for six Years, she had heard nothing of her youngest Son, whose former Remittances were wont agreeably to surprise her. This Delay, no doubt, while it cut off every Prospect of future Affluence, added a Weight to all her other Misfortunes. He attained a considerable Station in an East-India Ship; but, by being constantly abroad, was deprived of any sure Opportunity (at least, any that he thought so) of sending her such Sums as her Indigency required, and his Circumstances could now well afford. Besides, he was uncertain whether she was dead or alive. However, after an Absence of eight Years, he returns to his native Country, and without giving his Mother (whose Situation he was now acquainted with) any previous Notice of an intended Visit, he repaired to the Town where she lived, and put up at the only Inn the Place afforded; this was so crowded that he could not possibly lodge there all Night. He determined, therefore, to please himself with going as a needy Person, un-

acquainted in the Country, and asking Lodging from his Mother, without making a Discovery until the Morning. Mean while he made himself known to the Inn-keeper, and communicated his Scheme; asked him to conduct him to his Mother's Door; and engaged him to come the next Morning to her House, and witness the happy Discovery which he longed to make. Accordingly, having dressed himself in a common Sailor's Habit, the Landlord attended him to his Mother's House, and left him. The tender-hearted Son, upon seeing one so dear to him, in the meanest Situation, could scarce conceal himself: It excited an Ardour (which only the Generous can form an Idea of) hardly to be suppressed, of relieving her Exigencies, and making her happy. He asked as a Stranger, and one who could have no Accommodation at the Inn, the Benefit of her Roof, and such Repast as she could afford for a Night; promising to pay her abundantly for her Trouble. At first she refused, and told him that she had no Convenience for accommodating any one but herself; but, at last, tempted by the Prospect of a little Gain, she consented to his Proposal.

Between the Time of his going in, and their Parting, in order to take Rest, she recounted to him her hard Fate, and former happy Circumstances; little suspecting this was the Son she lamented; she told him of a duteous Child whom she feared was now no more, and bewailed the Ingratitude of her eldest Son, whom she had not for many Years heard of. From what we have said of this amiable young Man, we may easily guess the different Emotions of his Heart, which this Recital would occasion. It was now drawing towards Night, when each retired to Rest; and the Youth wearied with a tedious Journey on the former Day, notwithstanding the various Agitations in his Breast, soon found Repose.

In the Morning, the Inn-keeper came at the appointed Hour, to witness the joyous Scene, which the sudden and unexpected Restoration of a lost Son, to an indulgent Mother, must exhibit. He enquired of the old Woman, where the Stranger was that came to her last Night; she denied that any such Person had entered her Habitation. The Publican imagining that the good Woman wanted to surprize him the more with the News, that she could not but think agreeable, tells her to trifle no more, for he knew all already; that he had last Night conducted the Gentleman to her Door, and seen her receive him into the House; she still denied her Guest. The Sequel is terrible! Going to the Bed, and lifting up the Clothes, he discovered—His Nature must have shuddered at the Sight! Oh horrid! the lately blooming young Man cold, and lifeless, with all his Blood congealed around him. The Imagination of every Reader must paint his Feelings; after recollecting himself a little, he asked the trembling Wretch, if she had not done this Deed. Every Feature and Nerve betrayed her Guilt; yet Artifice was mingled with her Confession: She acknowledged the Deed, but affirmed it was done in Defence of her Honour, which not even her Age could protect from the brutish Passion of the Stranger—Unlikely Tale, and how soon recanted, when the Landlord told her, that this murdered Stranger was her long lost, her dutiful Son, who, with an Affection not to be expressed, had returned to his native Country; and with uncommon Assiduity fought her out, to shower upon her every Favour that filial Piety could devise, or Affluence could bestow. Ah! then she confessed, that tempted with some Discoveries she had made of his having Money about him, foolishly imagining that Heaven would wink at the terrible Crime, and the Death of this Stranger would never rise in Judgment against her, she had seized the murdering Knife, and in the dead Silence of last Night, had stabbed him to the Heart. It is impossible for me to paint the Horror and Rage which all her Words and Actions now discovered. She made a full Confession to her Judges, who condemned her to Death, and the Sentence was executed. Thus died this unhappy Woman, a striking Instance of the Folly and Madness of those, who take the Advantage of Secrecy, to commit enormous Crimes, which Divine Justice will not unpunished.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 3.
SINCE Printing off the other Side of this GAZETTE, and just as this Side was ready for the Press, we received the *Pennsylvania* GAZETTE of Thursday last, which contains His Majesty's most Gracious SPEECH to both Houses of Parliament, on the 25th of November past, with the Addresses of the Lords and Commons; brought by the PITT PACKET, Captain Goddard, into New-York; with many Articles of News, some of which (as many as our Time will admit) we here insert.

GEORGE R.
WHEREAS Preliminaries, for restoring Peace, were signed at FONTAINBLEAU, on the Third Day of this Instant November, by the Ministers of Us, the Most Christian King, and the Catholic King. And whereas, for the putting an End to the Calamities of War, as soon and as far as may be possible, it has been agreed between Us, His Most Christian Majesty, and His Catholic Majesty, as follows; that is to say,
 That as soon as the Preliminaries shall be signed and ratified, all Hostilities should cease at Sea, and at Land.

And, to prevent all Occasions of Complaints and Disputes which might arise upon Account of Ships, Merchandizes, and other Effects, which might be taken at Sea, it has been also mutually agreed, That the Ships, Merchandizes, and Effects, which should be taken in the CHANNEL, and in the NORTH SEAS, after the Space of Twelve Days, to be computed from the Ratification of the present Preliminary Articles; and that all Ships, Merchandizes, and Effects, which should be taken after Six Weeks from the said Ratification, beyond the CHANNEL, the BRITISH SEAS, and the NORTH SEAS, as far as the CANARY ISLANDS inclusively, whether in the OCEAN or MEDITERRANEAN; and for the Space of Three Months, from the said CANARY ISLANDS to the EQUINOCTIAL LINE OF EQUATOR; and for the Space of Six Months, beyond the said EQUINOCTIAL LINE OF EQUATOR, and in all other Places of the World, without any Exception, or other more particular Distinction of Time or Place, should be restored on both Sides. AND WHEREAS the Ratifications of the said Preliminary Articles, in due Form, were exchanged at VERSAILLES, by the Plenipotentiaries of Us, of the Most Christian King, and of the Catholic King, on the Twenty-second of this Instant November, from which Day the several Terms abovementioned, of Twelve Days, of Six Weeks, of Three Months, and of Six Months, for the Restitution of all Ships, Merchandizes, and other Effects, taken at Sea, are to be computed.

WE have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council to notify the same to all Our loving Subjects; and We do declare, That Our Royal Will and Pleasure is, and We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Officers, both at Sea and Land, and all other Our Subjects whatsoever, to forbear all Acts of Hostility, either by Sea or Land, against His Most Christian Majesty, and His Catholic Majesty, Their Vassals or Subjects, from and after the respective Times abovementioned, and under the Penalty of incurring Our highest Displeasure.

GIVEN at Our Court at ST. JAMES'S, the Twenty-sixth Day of November, in the Third Year of Our Reign, and in the Year of Our LORD 1762.

Paris, Nov. 12. We learn from Cherbourg, that in the Night, between the 27th and 28th of October, another Hurricane drove ashore Nine of the King's Ships, which had put into the Road of that Port, in their Way from Caen to Brest. Four of those Ships are intirely beat to Pieces; the Five others remained whole when the Account came away, but it was feared it would be impossible to relieve them. There were not, however, above Three or Four Seamen or Soldiers Drowned.

LONDON, November 13.
 The new Preliminaries which the King of Prussia hath proposed to the Court of Vienna, consist in an Offer to give up the Countries of Halberstadt and Mansfeld to the King of Poland, by Way of Indemnification, with some pecuniary Compensations; but, on the other Hand, he demands, that Silesia shall be solemnly guaranteed to him in Perpetuity, with a Strip of Bohemia, lying between the Elbe and Silesia. But the Empress Queen seems determined to hazard another Campaign, rather than submit to these Conditions.

They write from *Hamburg*, that some of the King of Prussia's Generals having spoke to him of a Peace with the Empress Queen, his Majesty made Answer, That that Princess having rejected the Conditions he had offered her, he was determined to listen to no Accommodations till he should have put Things on the same Footing as at the Beginning of the War; that he perceived his great Fatigue hurt his Health, and would even shorten his Days, but that he was resolved to Die in the Field.

HOSTILITIES Cease

In the Channel and North Seas, 4th December. As far as the Canary Islands, 3d Jan. 1763. Beyond the Canary Islands, to the Line, 22d February.

Beyond the Line, 22d May. In a short Time will sail from Plymouth two or three Men of War, and Transports, with 16 Lieutenants, and 3000 Seamen, to fetch home the Spanish Men of War from the Havannah.

It is said Orders are given for all his Majesty's Frigates in the Downs, Portsmouth, Plymouth, &c. to sail immediately on a Cruise, and to watch the Motions of the French Privateers, whom it is imagined will make a bold Push before they are called in, to seize upon some of our Merchant Ships.

Abstract from several other Paragraphs:
 "His most Christian Majesty, when he signed the Articles, said, *He never wrote his Name with more Pleasure.*—That it was hoped, that while the definitive Treaty is settling, an Expedient would be found to reconcile the Courts of Vienna and Berlin, which would render the Pacification general.—That a complete Victory was obtained the 29th of October, near Freyberg, by Prince Henry of Prussia over the united Armies of Austrians and Imperialists, the Field of Battle, and Freyberg, quitted to the Prussians, who took 5 or 6000 Prisoners, and 30 Pieces of Cannon; the Prussians lost about 1400: Another Account says, he took one Major, 24 Captains, 41 Lieutenants, 11 Ensigns, and 4174 Private Men, 27 Pieces of Cannon, and nine Standards and Colours.—That an English Officer in Germany, wrote on the Second of November, That they had had five Rejoicings in the Space of Ten Days, For the Reduction of the Havannah, Retaking Newfoundland, Taking of Schweidnitz, The Victory gained by Prince Henry of Prussia, and, The Surrender of Cassel: So many, in so short a Space of Time not having happened this War."

Charles County, January 20, 1763.
IHAVE LAND to LEASE, for several Tenants, for a considerable Number of Years: Also, Tobacco for Sale, or to let out on Interest, on giving Security, if required.

SAMUEL HANSON.

TO BE SOLD for Gold or Silver,
ATRACT of LAND call'd Part of Jacob's Improv'd Purchase, situate on Curtis's Creek, containing 280 Acres, well Timber'd with Pine for Plank, &c. about 5 Miles from Baltimore-Town. Water Carriage, and good Landing, very good Water, with about 40 Acres of clear'd Land, a Dwelling-House, and Out-Houses.

For Title and Terms apply to Mr. Greenbury Dorsey, junior, living near Saquebanna, or to Mr. Richard Jacobs, near the Premises.

WILLIAM HENDERSON.

GLAIZ'D POWDER, and SALT, to be SOLD by the Subscriber in Annapolis.
 HENRY WARD.

Piney-Branch, Prince-George's County, January 20.
ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to come and discharge the same immediately, or they may depend on being dealt with as the Law directs, without further Notice.

WILLIAM SCOTT.

Queen-Anne's County, February 1, 1763.
ALL Persons Indebted to the Estate of Capt. Matthew Dockery, of Queen-Anne's County, Deceased, are requested to make speedy Payment, or they may expect to be dealt with according to Law; and all those who have any just Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts speedily, that they may be adjusted. Likewise, all Persons that have borrow'd Books, are desired to return them.

SARAH DOCKERY, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD,
ATRACT of LAND call'd *Thurston's Neighbour*, lying on *Bynam's Branch*, near the Head of *Bubb River*, in Baltimore County, containing about 1000 Acres. Any Person desirous of purchasing the above Tract of Land, may, upon Application to Mr. Robert Alexander, of Baltimore-Town, be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale. Sterling, or Gold and Silver at the current Rates, will be taken in Payment, as may best suit the Purchaser.

Mr. S. J. in 1763

AS the Scheme I some Time ago offered to the PUBLIC, for Circulating a Library through the Province, is not likely to meet with the Success I expected, I presume it must be owing to the too great Latitude of my Plan; the Communication between this and the other Parts of the Province, not being as yet upon so regular an Establishment, as to admit of it's being carried into Execution in so great an Extent, to the Satisfaction of all Parties. For this Reason, I am advised by my Friends to decline all Thoughts of pushing it any further for the present, as premature, and to contract it within such Limits, that every Subscriber may, with very little Trouble, have the full Benefit of it. I propose therefore to confine my Subscriptions to ANNAPOLIS, and a Circle of Thirty Miles about it. I presume no one, who has the least Taste for BOOKS, or any Inclination to improve his Mind, can think much of the Expence of one Guinea a Year, for the Use of such a valuable Collection, so plentifully abounding with Matter both for his Use and Amusement; nor can I conceive how Gentlemen, who either cannot afford, or do not choose to lay out large Sums of Money in Books, can fall upon a better Expedient for attaining the Means of Knowledge, than by some such Scheme as I have proposed. If my present Plan is in any Respect exceptionable, and not well calculated to answer the Purpose intended, I must beg Leave to repeat the Request I made in my former Address to the Public, That any Person would be so good as to point out it's Defects, and to favour me with such Improvements, as may put it upon the best Footing for all concerned.

WILLIAM RIND.

PROPOSALS,
 For Circulating a Collection of New BOOKS in the City of ANNAPOLIS, and a Circle of Thirty Miles about it.

I. EVERY Subscriber shall pay One Guinea, for the Use of this Library for one Year.

II. Every Subscriber shall have the Use of one Book at a Time, for which he or she shall send a Ticket or Note, under his or her own Hand, and shall have the Liberty of changing them as often as he or she shall think proper.

III. Any Subscriber damaging any Book, shall make Satisfaction for the same.

IV. Every Subscriber shall have the Use of a Folio eight Weeks; a Quarto six Weeks; an Octavo four Weeks; and a Duodecimo three Weeks.

V. No Subscriber, upon any Pretence whatever, shall lend any Book belonging to this Collection, under the Penalty of paying for the Book so lent, a double Price.

ALL Person Books of Charles County, several Debts; the aforesaid's E that they may who cannot m their respective with Mr. Charles empowered to S

RAN away Vineyard January last, a mas Smith, he is little English. Coat, a Kersey and brown Clo Whoever tak him home, shall beside what the

RAN away the Subsc Woman named about 17 Years Small Pox, ha and very red Camblet Gown Check Apron, heard the went Virginia Regim blue Cloaths. Whoever tak her to me at F I may have her Reward, and

TWENTY WHERE handso Inches high lo plaited; about for playing the him; had a C a little Pock-m Had on when Jacket of sup Breeches, a P Beaver Hat, a Collar, a bla Bay Mare.— N. B. As from his Bail Person that wi be brought to the above Rev scriber or Sub change his N Carolina, all take him off,

LEFT by at Queen by some Sai with a Squar have it, on p the Charge of

THERE in Pri taken up as a lands high, is hind Feet a the Foot-l middle Spot about Six Ye The Own is Property,

THERE near Prince-George small Black head, and a Withers, she The Own is Property,

DIGG HANAN

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

On Thursday, the 21st of April next, will be Run for, on the Race-Ground in the City of Annapolis, a Purse of FIFTY PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms.

EVERY Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that runs for the said Purse, shall, if rising Four next Grass, carry eight Stone, if Five, eight Stone ten Pounds, if Six, nine Stone six Pounds, and Aged, ten Stone: Horse Plates, and Shoes, not allowed in the Weight.

Every Person that puts in a Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the said Purse, shall enter the same with Mr. JONAS GREEN, on the Tuesday preceding the Race, with whom he shall leave satisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and at the same Time shall pay Two Pistoles Entrance, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber to the Race; and such Horses, Mares, or Geldings, of whose Ages satisfactory Vouchers are not produced, shall be deemed Aged.

The Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that wins any two Heats, wins the Purse; each Heat to be four Times round the Poles; but if three several Horses, Mares or Geldings, win each of them a Heat, then those three, and only they, to run a fourth Heat, and the Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that wins the fourth Heat, shall win the Purse; any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that wins the first and second Heats, shall be obliged to start again, if required by any of the other Riders, and must save his Distance, to entitle him to the Purse: No Distance a fourth Heat.

In running the Heats, if it cannot be decided, which Horse, Mare, or Gelding, has his or her Head at the ending Post first, that Heat goes for nothing, and they may all Start again, except it be in the last Heat, and the Doubt between two Horses, Mares, or Geldings, if either of which had won, the Purse would have been decided, then they only shall start again.

Every Rider shall after each Heat is run, come to the Scales with his Horse, Mare, or Gelding, then and there to alight and not before, and to weigh to the Satisfaction of the Judges, and in case of Neglect or Refusal thereof, or want of Weight, the Horse, Mare, or Gelding, of such Rider, shall have no Share in the Purse, nor be permitted to start again: But as a Rider may (unknown to the Judges) alight previous to his coming to the Scales, and by them, for want of timely Information, be permitted to start again, such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, shall take Place, the same as if it had not happened.

If a Rider falls from his Horse, and the Horse is rode in by another, that is of sufficient Weight, he will take Place the same as if it had not happened, provided he goes back to the Place where the Rider fell.

If any Rider shall cross, jostle, strike, or use any foul Play, the Horse, Mare, or Gelding, he rides, shall be deemed distanced.

Every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that runs on the wrong Side of the Poles, and does not turn back, or is distanced in any of the Heats, shall have no Share in the Purse, nor be permitted to run any more.

The Entrance Money to be paid to the second best Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that shall start for the Purse.

If there are three Heats run, the Horse, Mare, or Gelding, is second best, that wins one, and if the Purse is won by two Heats, the Preference to be determined by the Place they are in at the second Heat.

The Time of Starting will be between One and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, and Half an Hour will be allowed between each Heat to rub.

All Disputes that shall arise to be finally determined by Messieurs Thomas Sprigg, Kensy Johns, and Jonas Green, who are appointed Judges for that Purpose.

The next Day will be run for, a Purse of TWENTY-FIVE PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, rising Four next Grass, to carry eight Stone, each Heat to be three Times round the Poles, and to be entered on the Day preceding the Race, with Mr. Jonas Green, to whom they shall pay One Pistole Entrance, or Half that Sum if a Subscriber to the Race; the winning Horse of the Day before, to be excluded; all the other Terms (hereto applicable) to be the same as in the preceding Race.

GOOD RUM to be SOLD at the New STILL-HOUSE in Charles-Town, and by JAMES REITH in Annapolis, at reasonable Rates.

ALL Persons who have open Accounts on the Books of Dr. Gustavus Brown, late of Charles County, are desired to Discharge their several Debts; and those who have Claims against the aforesaid's Estate, are desired to bring them in that they may be paid. It is expected that those who cannot make immediate Payment, will settle their respective Accounts by Note, Bill, or Bond, with Mr. Charles Love of Charles County, who is empowered to Settle and Collect the same.

RICHARD BROWN, Executor.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at the Vineyard near Annapolis, on the 23d of January last, a Convict Servant Man named Thomas Smith, he is a Welchman, and speaks but very little English. His Apparel was a brown Surtout Coat, a Kersey Vest, and Cotton ditto, Cotton and brown Cloth Breeches, and a Pair of Boots. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, shall receive TEN POUNDS Reward, beside what the Law allows, paid by

NATHAN LANE.

RAN away on the 12th of December last, from the Subscriber in Frederickburg, a Servant Woman named Mary Kellock, born in England, about 17 Years of Age, is much mark'd with the Small Pox, has light brown Hair, grey Eyes, and very red Lips: Had on, a light colour'd Camblet Gown, a pink-colour'd Stuff Petticoat, a Check Apron, and a black Sattin Hat. I since heard she went with one Jarvis a Drummer in the Virginia Regiment, and was dressed in his old blue Cloaths.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and conveys her to me at Frederickburg, or secures her so that I may have her again, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JANE NEILE.

Philadelphia, January 22, 1763.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS a certain Charles Goldsmith, a handsome young Man of about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, long light-colour'd Hair, commonly plaited; about 28 Years of Age; is remarkable for playing the German Flute, which he took with him; had a Cut across the Ball of his left Thumb, a little Pock-mark'd, is a Cabinet-maker by Trade: Had on when he went away, a new Coat and Jacket of superfine Cloth, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, a Pair of Stone Knee-Buckles, a new Beaver Hat, a blue Surtout Coat with a Velvet Collar, a black Cravat, and rode away a small Bay Mare.—He was last heard of, at one Wagstaff's, in Baltimore, Maryland.

N. B. As said Goldsmith has absented himself from his Bail, they are likely to suffer. Any Person that will arrest and take him, so as he may be brought to Justice, may depend on being paid the above Reward of Twenty Dollars, by the Subscriber or Subscribers hereof.—'Tis likely he will change his Name.—As it's said he is bound for Carolina, all Masters of Vessels are desired not to take him off, at their Peril.

EDMUND MILNE,
JAMES BENNETT.

LEFT by Mistake at the House of John Elliott, at Queen-Anne, about a Twelvemonth ago by some Sailors, a Cross-Cut SAW, mark'd with a Square or a Diamond. The Owner may have it, on producing the Bill of Lading, paying the Charge of this Advertisement, and applying to

THOMAS ELLIOTT.

THERE is in the Possession of Thomas Edelen, in Prince-George's County, near Piscataway, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay Horse about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Thigh thus, M) his hind Feet are white, and one fore Foot white as the Foot-lock, he is dock'd and bob'd, has a saddle Spot on the near Side of his Back, and is about Six Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Waters, near Patuxent River, at the upper End of Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Mare, with a small Star in her Fore-head, and a few white Hairs on the Side of her Withers, she has no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

DIGG-IRON, to be SOLD by BUCHANAN & HUGHES in Baltimore-Town.

WHERE the LAND-OFFICE was formerly kept, is Taught, GEOMETRY, TRIGONOMETRY, with their Application to SURVEYING and NAVIGATION; WRITING, ARITHMETIC, and the Italian Method of BOOK-KEEPING. Young LADIES are Taught to Write the Italian Hand, &c. Correct, and Read well.

To be Sold for Cash, Choice West-India RUM by the Hogshead, LOAF SUGAR, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, MADEIRA WINE, MAHOGANY, and CEDAR DESKS, &c. by

THOMAS LYTTTELTON.

January 1, 1763.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY, for Raising ONE HUNDRED and FIFTY POUNDS, to be applied towards Building a WHARF at Bohemia Ferry, in Cecil County, Maryland.

As this Undertaking is intended, in a very particular Manner, for the Public Good, no other Recommendation is thought requisite in it's Favour. The great Advantages accruing from it, to Numbers of the Trading Gentlemen residing in the Lower Counties of this Province, and a considerable Part of the Colony of Virginia, is beyond Doubt Excitement sufficient for their unanimous Encouragement of a much more extensive, though (perhaps in the Issue) not more laudable Undertaking. The Situation of the Place must undoubtedly Claim the Preference of any other at the Head of the Bay, it being much the nearest navigable Landing, from whence a constant uninterrupted Communication with Philadelphia may, with the greatest Ease, Safety, and Expedition, be maintained. A commodious Road for Cartage, not exceeding 13 or 14 Miles, is already laid out from the Ferry on Bohemia River to Reedy-Island. A convenient Waggon for Passengers, or Goods, (and more than One upon any Emergency) will constantly attend once a Week at the Ferry, when the Scheme shall be completed.

A convenient Wharf and Warehouse is already built by Capt. Jacob Gooding at his Landing, at Reedy-Island, who intends keeping in constant Attendance a proper Vessel, once a Week (or oftener if Necessary) to go from thence to Philadelphia.

As small Undertakings may in Time, if properly encouraged, become of great and public Utility, this Scheme is therefore humbly recommended to the impartial Consideration of the Public, the Managers trusting it will meet with Success adequate to it's Intention.

The SCHEME is as follows:

Number of Prizes.	Value of each.	Total Value.
1	of £. 50	is 50
1	of 30	is 30
2	of 20	are 40
3	of 15	are 45
6	of 7:10	are 45
8	of 5	are 40
20	of 2:10	are 50
65	of 2	are 130
570	of 1	are 570

676 Prizes.

1324 Blanks.

2000 Tickets at 10s. each, are £. 1000

There are not two Blanks to a Prize, and the Deduction 15 per Cent.

The Drawing will begin at Bohemia Ferry, the First of March next, or sooner, if sooner full, of which timely Notice will be given, and the Fortunate Numbers to be publish'd in the Maryland GAZETTE.

Prize Money not demanded in Four Months after the Publication of them, will be deem'd as generously given to the Purpose of the Lottery.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, viz. Col. Peter Bayard, Captains John Veazy and Jonathan Hodgson of Cecil County, Jacob Gooding of New-Castle, and James Ashton Bayard of Cecil County.

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers.

N. B. A commodious Warehouse will be Erected at Bohemia Ferry, for the Reception and Safety of Goods, when the Lottery is completed.

LENT, but to whom forgot, the Second Volume of Dr. DOUGLASS'S "SUMMARY, Historical and Political, of the first Planting, progressive Improvements, and present State of the British Settlements in North-America." Printed in 1749. The Person who has it, is desired to return it to the Owner, or else, to call or send for the First Volume. These Words are wrote in the Beginning, The Wicked Borrow and never return.

JUST Arrived in the FRIENDSHIP, Captain Brookes, A Load of very good SALT, to be SOLD by the Subscriber at Upper-Marlborough, and Pig-Point, for Money, Corn, Wheat, or other Country Produce. STEPHEN WEST.

GOOD West-India RUM by the Tierce, MUSCOVADO SUGAR by the Barrel, and Barrell'd BEEF, to be SOLD very CHEAP by THOMAS RICHARDSON and Comp.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber's Plantation on the 11th Instant, a likely bright Bay Horse, about 14 1/2 Hands high, a large Star in his Forehead, a dark Mane and Tail, trots and gallops lightly, he is about 14 Years old, and not Branded: He was Bred by Mr. Gassaway Watkins in Anne-Arundel County. Whoever brings the said Horse to me, living near Benedict's Town, in Charles County, shall have a Pistole Reward; and if out of the Province Two Pistoles, paid by January 21. CORNELIUS DAVIES.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE, at Hunting-Town, in Calvert County, on Saturday the 19th of February Inst. for Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash,

PART of Three Tracts of Land, adjoining each other, on the Main Branch of Hunting-Creek, which formerly belonged to John Gough, containing 175 Acres, well timbered, with a Dwelling-House and Kitchen, with Brick Chimneys, a Milk-House, Tobacco-House, and Two Apple Orchards thereon. For Title and Terms apply to the Subscriber at St. Leonard's Creek. JOHN MACKALL.

TO BE SOLD,

A CHOICE Parcel of Land, being Part of a Tract of Land, called Hunting Quarter, containing 348 Acres, lying in Anne-Arundel County, Two Miles from Snowden's new Forge, Ten Miles from Elk Ridge Landing, and 22 Miles from Annapolis; on which is a good Dwelling-House, and other Out-Houses, all in good Repair. For Title and Terms apply to CHARLES GREENBURY RIDGELY.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, living near Delaware Bottom, to the highest Bidder, on Monday the 14th of February Inst. if fair; if not, the next fair Day after, for Ready Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash,

3 A LIKELY well grown young NEGRO WOMAN and CHILD, that has had the Small-Pox. The Sale to be precisely at Twelve o'Clock. ROBERT DAVIS.

3 STRAY'D from Mr. Francis Freeland's, in Calvert County, about the Middle of December, a dark Bay Mare between 13 and 14 Hands high she has a very long Mane, a Switch Tail, and is branded on one of her Buttocks RAP. Whoever brings the said Mare to Mrs. Anne Pottenger, in Prince-George's County, about 5 Miles above Queen-Anne, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, or Ten Shillings if carried to the aforesaid Mr. Freeland's.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the 16th of March next, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County,

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of Mr. James Wardrop, Deceased, all lying in Frederick County.

- One Tract called Partnership, lying on the West Side of Manockasy, below the Upper Ford, ————— } 280
 - 4 One Ditto called Dear Bought, lying on a Draught of Anti-Eatam, near the Head of a Spring at Thomas Anderson's old Place, John's Delight, lying on a small Run called Curry's Branch, at the Foot of Sbanenadore Mountain, near Curry's Gap, Piney Hill, lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of Conococheague, on the East Side of Lick Run, near Patowmack River, Brentford, lying near John George Arnold's on the West Side of the Road leading from Conococheague to Frederick-Town, } 500
 - } 104
 - } 86
 - } 35
- For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to JAMES DICK.

Prince-George's County, Jan. 10. 1763.

RAN away about the 8th Instant, from the Subscriber, an indented Servant Man, whose Name, as he says, is Jonathan Henry, which he will probably change as soon as he gets over the Bay, as I suppose he is gone that Way. He carried with him a Female Child, in order, as he pretends, to leave with his Wife's Friends: He had on when he went away, a Holland Shirt, Leather Breeches, an old brown Great-Coat, &c.

Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to me, or to William Reynolds at Annapolis, shall have a PISTOLE Reward, besides what the Law allows SAMUEL DUVALL BECK.

Baltimore County, Dec. 31, 1762.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 29th of this Instant, a Servant Man named David Wickenden, an Englishman, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, dark Skin, thin Visage, black Hair tied behind, and a small Blemish in one of his Eyes: Had on when he went away, a good Felt Hat, and old Country-Cloth Coat full of the Cape lined with Plaid, and a Lead-colour'd Country fuled Jacket with large white Buttons, a small old light-colour'd Coat, old coarse Shirt, old Leather Breeches, mix'd blue and white Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, and round yellow Buckles.

Whoever secures the said Servant so that his Master may have him again, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward if taken in the County; Five Pounds if out of the County; and Seven Pounds Ten Shillings if out of the Province, and reasonable Charges paid if brought home, by ALEXANDER WELLS.

N. B. He formerly served Seven Years to Mr. Henry Dorsey on Elk-Ridge.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Annapolis, on the 28th of Decemb. last, a Convict Servant Man, named Richard Stevens, a Prussian Born, and Taylor by Trade, Speaks broken English, and very quick. He is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, naturally of a pale Complexion, but when he ran away, his Face was much bruised, and had black Eyes, occasioned by Fighting. He carried with him fundry very good Clothes, viz. a very good brown Broadcloth Coat and Waistcoat, trimmed with the same Colour, a violet blue Suit of Cloth, with divers other Things too tedious to mention.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward, paid by JOHN DUCKER.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, called Beanes's Pasture, containing 220 Acres, adjoining to the Town of Nottingham on Patuxent River in Prince-George's County, whereon is a new Dwelling-House, 28 by 26 Feet, finished in a neat and very convenient Manner, with a new Kitchen, 20 by 16 Feet, under which is a small Stone Cellar, and a good Stable. About Half the Tract is a fine hard Marsh, which may easily be Improved to very great Advantage; the other Part is very level, and proper for highland Pasturage.

ALSO, To be SOLD, Between Four and Five Hundred Pounds first Cost of Goods, very suitable to the Season, at a low Advance, for good London Bills of Exchange, Sterling or Current Money.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of Colmore Beanes, Deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment, and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to send in their Accounts legally proved. Attendance is given at Nottingham, every Wednesday and Saturday in order to settle Accounts, by WILLIAM BEANES, junior, Executor.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Schooner Peggy, Captain William Grymes, from Savannah in Georgia, to be SOLD by the Subscribers, at their Stores in Queen's-Town, Oxford, and at Talbot Court-House, by Wholesale or Retail, for Ready Money, Tobacco, or short Credit.

GREAT Variety of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS.

ANTHONY McCULLOCH. JOHN GLASSELL. EBENEZER MACKIE.

JOHN FEUDY, BREWER, Living at the Tan-Yard, which formerly belonged to Mr. Robert Swan, in Annapolis,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he will purchase any Quantity of GOOD BARLEY, delivered at his Houle, between this Time and the Middle of March, and give Four Shillings a Bushel, Ready Money, or more, if more is given by any Body else: After that Time he will give the best Market-Price. Next Fall he will purchase a large Quantity of RYE, and give the best Market-Price, in Ready Money.

He likewise carries on the COOPER's Business, and makes all Kinds of CASKS, at the most reasonable Price.

N. B. He wants a couple of Apprentices.

TO BE SOLD,

For Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash, A VERY good Brick DWELLING-HOUSE, situate on the main Road, about a Mile from Annapolis, where the Subscriber now lives, with about 100 Acres of Land. There is a very good Cellar to the House, good Stable, Corn-House, Meat-House, Milk-House, Hen-House, Two good Gardens, and an Orchard with very good Fencing. The Title good. Any Person wanting to purchase, may apply to THOMAS PIERCE.

ALSO, A good Tract of LAND containing 210 Acres, situate on a Branch of Seneca, in Frederick County, about 30 Acres of it good Meadow Ground; for Dollars or Pistoles.

December 6, 1762.

ON the Third Day of January next, there will be a Vacancy for a Master, at Charles County-School; any Gentleman that can come well recommended, will meet with Encouragement by applying to the Visitors of the said School.

Signed per Order,

WILLIAM HANSON, Register.

Queen-Anne's County, December 4, 1762.

WHEREAS Hannab, the Wife of me Gery Glover, having within Nine Months past, by her Extravagancy, involved me in Debt, more than I can afford to pay for her; and has often said, that she intended to ruin me as fast as she could, and make me a Servant, if it lay in her Power; and as it is proper for my own Safety, I hereby give Notice to all Persons, not to Trust her on my Account, or Harbour her in any wise, for I solemnly Declare, I will not pay any Debts contracted by her after this Date.

GEORGE GLOVIER.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of Land, called Jarboe's Ramble, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head of St. Mary's River, in St. Mary's County: Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the Whole, or any Part thereof, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to RICHARD WIMBART.

N. B. The Payment, if agreeable to the Purchaser or Purchasers, may be made in Corn or Wheat, for one Third of their Purchase, the Remainder in Cash or Tobacco.

Annapolis, November 10, 1762.

WHEREAS several of the Officers and Men who composed the Maryland Troops, did not in July last (when Lieutenant Colonel Dagworthy, and Dr. David Ross attended at Annapolis and Queen's-Town, to pay away the Money, which in Pursuance of a Warrant from his Excellency Sir Jeffery Amherst, had been advanced to Lieut. Colonel Dagworthy for that Purpose) either personally appear, or by others apply for the Arrears of Pay due to them respectively; Notice is hereby given, that Lieutenant Colonel Dagworthy and David Ross will attend again at Annapolis, the Third Monday in February next, in order to settle Accounts with, and pay the Arrears due to such Persons as shall then apply to them, or send proper Powers to settle and receive what may be due to them respectively: And those who cannot attend themselves, are desired to have the Powers they give to others, to receive what may be due to them, regularly attested, and it is expected that those who shall apply for what is due to the Estates of such as are dead, will previously take out Letters of Administration in the Counties where it is most convenient for them to give Security.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XVIIIth Year.]

THURSDAY, February 10, 1763.

[N^o. 927.]

His MAJESTY'S Most Gracious SPEECH to both HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT, on Thursday the 25th Day of November 1762.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I FOUND, on my Accession to the Throne, these my Kingdoms engaged in a bloody and expensive War. I resolved to prosecute it with the utmost Vigour; determined, however, to consent to Peace, upon just and honourable Terms, whenever the Events of War should incline the Enemy to the same pacific Disposition. A Negotiation was accordingly begun last Year, which proved ineffectual. The War became afterwards more general, by the Resolution of the Court of Madrid to take Part with my Enemies, notwithstanding my best Endeavours to prevent it.

This, with the unexpected Attack of my natural and good Ally the King of Portugal, greatly affected our Commerce, multiplied the Objects of our Military Operations, and increased our Difficulties, by adding to the heavy Burthens, under which this Country already laboured.

My Object still continued the same, to attain an honourable Peace, by pursuing this more extensive War in the most vigorous Manner. I embraced therefore an Occasion offered me, of renewing the Negotiation; but at the same Time I exerted so effectually the Strength which you had put into my Hands, and have been so well served by my Fleets and Armies, in the Execution of my Plans, that History cannot furnish Examples of greater Glory, or greater Advantages acquired by the Arms of this, or any other Nation, in so short a Period of Time.—My General, Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, and my Army in Germany, have gained immortal Honour, by many signal Advantages obtained, during the Course of this Campaign, over an Enemy superior in Numbers. The Progress of the French and Spanish Arms in Portugal has been stopped; and that Kingdom preserved by the Firmness and Resolution of its Sovereign, and by the Military Talents of the reigning Count La Lippe, seconded by the Valour of the Troops under his Command. Martinico, and other Islands in the West-Indies, have been conquered; the Havannah, a Place of the utmost Importance, to Spain, is in my Possession; and with it great Treasures, and a very considerable Part of the Navy of Spain, are fallen into our Hands.

I cannot mention these Achievements, which reflect such Honour on my Crown, without giving my public Testimony to the unwearied Perseverance, and unparalleled Bravery of my Officers and private Men, by Sea and Land, who, by repeated Proofs, have shewn, that no Climate, no Hardships, no Dangers, can check the Ardour, or resist the Valour of the British Arms.

Next to the Assistance of Almighty God, it is owing to their Conduct and Courage, that my Enemies have been brought to accept of Peace, on such Terms, as, I trust, will give my Parliament entire Satisfaction. Preliminary Articles have been signed by my Minister, with those of France and Spain, which I will order, in due Time, to be laid before you.

The Conditions of these are such, that there is not only an immense Territory added to the Empire of Great-Britain, but a solid Foundation laid for the Increase of Trade and Commerce; and the utmost Care has been taken to remove all Occasions of future Disputes between my Subjects, and those of France and Spain, and thereby to add Security and Permanency to the Blessings of Peace.

While I carefully attended to the essential Interests of my own Kingdoms, I have had the utmost Regard to the good Faith of my Crown, and the Interests of my Allies. I have made Peace for the King of Portugal, securing to him all his Dominions; and all the Territories of the King of Prussia, as well as of my other Allies in Germany, or elsewhere, occupied by the Armies of France, are to be immediately evacuated.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have ordered the proper Estimates to be laid before you; and shall, without Delay, proceed to make Reductions to the utmost Extent, wherever they may be found consistent with Wisdom and sound Policy. It is the greatest Affliction for me to find, that, though the War is at an End, our Expenses cannot immediately be so much lessened as I desire; but as nothing could have carried us through the great and arduous Difficulties surrounding us, but the most vigorous and expensive Efforts, we must expect, for some Time, to feel the Consequences of them to a considerable Degree.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

It was impossible to execute what this Nation has so gloriously performed, in all Parts of the World, without the Loss of great Numbers of Men. When you consider this Loss, whether on the Principles of Policy or Humanity, you will see one of the many Reasons which induced me to enter early into Negotiation, so as to make a considerable Progress in it, before the Fate of many Operations was determined; and now to hasten the Conclusion of it, to prevent the Necessity of making Preparations for another Campaign. As by this Peace, my Territories are greatly augmented, and new Sources opened for Trade and Manufactures, it is my earnest Desire, that you would consider of such Methods, in the Settlements of our new Acquisitions, as shall most effectually tend to the Security of those Countries, and to the Improvement of the Commerce and Navigation of Great-Britain. I cannot mention our Acquisitions, without earnestly recommending to your Care and Attention, my gallant Subjects, by whose Valour they were made.

We could never have carried on this extensive War, without the greatest Union at Home. You will find the same Union peculiarly necessary, in order to make the best Use of the great Advantages acquired by the Peace, and to lay the

Foundation of that Oeconomy, which we owe to ourselves, and to our Posterity, and which can alone relieve this Nation from the heavy Burthens brought upon it, by the Necessities of this long and expensive War.

The humble ADDRESS of the Right Honourable the LORDS Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled.

Die Jovis, 25 Novembris, 1762.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return your Majesty our humble Thanks for your most gracious Speech from the Throne.

Permit us, Sir, to take this earliest Opportunity, to entreat your Majesty to accept our most sincere and fervent Congratulations on the Birth of an Heir to your Crown, which adds to your Majesty's domestic Happiness, and endears your Royal Consort to the People of these Realms; and promises, that, under a Prince formed to the Arts of Government by your Majesty's Royal Example, the Civil and Religious Liberties, the Glory, the Commerce, and the Power of Great-Britain, will be transmitted to Posterity.

It is with the utmost Gratitude that we acknowledge your Majesty's unwearied Attention to the Prosperity and Happiness of your People, which made your Majesty constantly, solicitous, even amidst the Glory of your Victories, to deliver them from the Burthens of War, by a just and honourable Peace. At the same Time, we cannot but admire the Wisdom, which pointed out to your Majesty, the most vigorous Efforts, as the surest Means of procuring this Blessing for your People.

We beg Leave to offer to your Majesty our humble Congratulations on the signal Successes which have attended your Majesty's Arms in the Course of the present Year; on the Reduction of the strong Island of Martinico; on the Conquest of the Havannah, the Bulwark of the Spanish Colonies; and on the Acquisition of so much Treasure, and of so great a Part of the Spanish Marine; on the many Advantages obtained in Germany, over the Arms of France, altho' superior in Numbers, by the able Conduct of your Majesty's General Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, and by the Valour of the Troops under his Command; and on the Preservation of Portugal from the Dangers which threatened instantly to overwhelm that Kingdom, and which could not have been so long withstood, but by the Firmness of its Sovereign, by the military Talents of the reigning Count La Lippe, and by the Valour of the Troops employed in that Service. These Achievements must be acknowledged to be equal to whatever has been performed in any former Year, even of this prosperous War; though a new Enemy necessarily made our military Operations more extensive, and added new Difficulties to those we struggled with before: Achievements which reflect the highest Honour on the Councils that planned them, on the Commanders who carried them into Execution, and on the Fleets and Armies, whose Intrepidity no Dangers could dismay.

Allow us to express, in the most fervent and grateful Manner, our Joy and Congratulations, that, by these repeated Efforts, your Majesty has at Length compelled your Enemies to consent to Terms of Peace; as well as to offer to your Majesty our sincere Thanks, for your having informed your Parliament that Preliminary Articles are already signed by your Majesty's Minister, and by those of France and Spain; for your Majesty's most gracious Assurances, that you will cause these Articles in due Time to be laid before them; and for the Lights your Majesty has been pleased to give concerning the Conditions of them, which afford to your People the fairest Prospect of future Happiness, Prosperity, and Security.

Your Majesty may be assured, that we will not fail, on our Part, to take, as soon as possible, into our Consideration the proper Methods for the Settlement of our new Acquisitions, for improving their Commerce, and thereby rendering them useful to the Mother Country. Truly sensible of the Merits of those gallant Men, by whose Valour these Acquisitions have been made, we shall be ready to concur in every reasonable Proposition for rewarding them; lamenting at the same Time, as we do, the Loss of so many of our Fellow-Subjects, by which the national Strength is greatly impaired. We cannot sufficiently admire that Wisdom, which seized the fortunate Hour of reaping the Advantages of our Victories, while we were yet on the Summit of our Glory, and before we had experienced any Reverse of Fortune. In grateful Return for those many Blessings, which your Majesty's Royal Wisdom and Fortitude have procured for us, your Majesty may depend on our warmest Zeal, on our constant Endeavours to promote that Unanimity your Majesty recommends in all our Proceedings, and on our Attention to those Measures of Oeconomy, which are the peculiar Business of Times of Peace, and which alone can relieve your Majesty's faithful People, from the oppressive Burthens of so long and so expensive a War.

His MAJESTY'S Most Gracious ANSWER.

My Lords,

THIS very affectionate and loyal Address gives me the truest Satisfaction. I thank you heartily for it; as well as for your Congratulations on the Birth of the Prince, my Son, and for the Regard you express, on this Occasion, for the Queen.

The cheerful and steady Support of my Parliament, throughout the War, has been attended with uninterrupted Success: And the Ratification of the Preliminary Articles will, I trust, soon be followed by the Completion of the Peace, on safe and honourable Conditions.

My only Wish is, and ever will be, to promote the lasting Happiness, Prosperity, and Security of my faithful People.

The Humble ADDRESS of the House of COMMONS to the KING.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great-Britain, in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return your Majesty the most humble and hearty Thanks of this House, for your most gracious Speech from the Throne.

Permit us at the same Time, to congratulate your Majesty on the auspicious Birth of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and the Recovery of your Royal Consort, endeared to this Country, not only by this important Event, but by her own personal Virtues.

We acknowledge, with the utmost Gratitude, your Majesty's great Attention to the Welfare of your People, in the vigorous Prosecution of the War; and congratulate your Majesty on that happy Effect of it, the Prospect of such a Peace, as may give Stability and Permanency to the Blessings we promise ourselves under your Majesty's most auspicious Reign.

We assure your Majesty, that your faithful Commons are truly sensible of the Wisdom with which your Plans have been concerted, as well as of the successful Zeal with which they have been carried into Execution by your Fleets and Armies.

The Resolution and Intrepidity of your Majesty's Army in Germany, and the military Skill, and distinguished Activity of your General Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, which have obtained so many signal Advantages, over an Enemy so superior in Numbers, are Objects of our highest Admiration. The Stopping the Progress of the French and Spanish Arms in Portugal, and the Preservation of that Kingdom, by the Firmness and Resolution of its Sovereign, and by the superior Talents, and able Conduct of the reigning Count La Lippe, seconded by the Valour of the Troops under his Command, are Events of the highest Importance to this Nation and its Commerce. The Reduction of Martinico, so glorious to your Majesty's Arms, and the still more glorious and important Conquest of the Havannah, by which great Treasure, and a very considerable Part of the Navy of Spain, are fallen into your Majesty's Hands, speak the Wisdom of your Councils, and the Valour of those employed in the Execution of these great Commands; and fill our Hearts with Gratitude and Satisfaction.

The public Testimony which your Majesty has, therefore, graciously given to the unwearied Perseverance and unparalleled Bravery of your Officers and private Men, by Sea and Land, to which, under God, these glorious Achievements are to be attributed, is a no less honourable, than deserved Reward of their Services, and must be an additional Recommendation of them, to the Esteem and Gratitude of their Country.

Allow us, Sir, to thank your Majesty for having promised to direct the Preliminary Articles of the Peace to be laid before us. And we receive with the greatest Satisfaction the Information, which your Majesty has condescended, in the mean Time, to afford us; from which we promise ourselves, that with your Majesty's Dominions, our Trade will be increased; and that, all Occasions of future Disputes being removed, the Blessings of Peace will be thereby rendered permanent and secure.

We return your Majesty our most sincere and humble Thanks for your great Goodness, and tender Regard for the Welfare of your Subjects, in proceeding without Delay to the Conclusion of the Negotiation of Peace, so expedient for this Country; and for your gracious Intentions, as soon as it shall be concluded, to reduce the public Expenses.

Your Majesty may be assured, that your faithful Commons will cheerfully assist in the Support of such Expenses as may be still necessary, with due Regard to that Oeconomy, which your Majesty recommends to us, as far as may be consistent with Wisdom and true Policy.

We will not fail to consider of the most effectual Methods of settling our new Acquisitions, of securing those Countries to us, and of improving our Commerce and Navigation. And lamenting the Loss of those many brave Men, who have fallen in this glorious War, we will pay all due Attention to the Services of those who yet remain, by whose Valour those Acquisitions have been made. And we will continue to cultivate that Union, to which we greatly owe the Successes of the War; in order thereby to make the best Advantages of Peace, and lay the Foundation of that Oeconomy, which we owe to ourselves, and to our Posterity.

BRESLAU, October 10.

WE hear from Saxony, that on the 27th and 28th of September, the advanced Posts of his Royal Highness Prince Henry were vigorously attacked, and obliged to retire; that on the 29th Gen. Haddick attacked the Prince's left Wing, and the Landberg, situated in the Front of Lieutenant-General Hulsen's Right. The Fire of the Artillery and Small Arms lasted upwards of six Hours, and the Austrians were at last repulsed, with a considerable Loss of Killed and Wounded, besides 300 Prisoners. His Royal Highness, seeing the Danger he was exposed to, from the vast Superiority of the Austrians, decamped from Prettendorf on the 30th, at Three in the Morning, and retired to Freyberg, without the Enemy's perceiving his Retreat. General Hulsen likewise

BREWER, formerly be- Annapolis, will purchase RILEY, deli- Time and the lings a Bushel, given by any l give the best purchase a large Market-Price, ER's Business, at the most rea-

Apprentices. D, ling Cab, ING-HOUSE, out a Mile from now lives, with e is a very good e, Corn-House, use, Two good y good Fencing, ing to purchase, OMAS PECKER, ND containing Seneca, in Fre- it good Meadow

ember 6, 1762. next, there will at Charles Coun- can come well re- couragement by d School.

ANSON, Register.

December 4, 1762. life of me Gery ne Months past, e in Debt, more and has often as fast as the if it lay in her y own Safety, I not to Trust her in any wife, for any Debts can-

GEORGE GLOVER.

SCRIBER,

Jarboe's Remb, g near the Head County: Any chafe the Whole ned of the Terms, HARD WIMBATT, eable to the Pa- made in Corn or urchase, the Re-

ember 10, 1762.

Officers and Me- land Troops, d Colonel Dep- ended at Annapolis the Money, which his Excellency advanced to Lieut. (purpose) either per- apply for the Ac- ively; Notice is Colonel Dagwerty a at Annapolis, the in order to settle rears due to such em, or send proper t may be due to ho cannot attend the Powers they t may be due to is expected that due to the Estab- ussily take out Let- uanties where it is e Security.

All Persons of a moderate Proportion.

quitted his Position, and occupied the Camp of Katzenhausen.

Hague, Oct. 29. Gen. Diesbach, the Commandant of Cassel, made a Sally on the 22d Instant, at the Head of the whole Garrison, and obliged the ordinary Guard to abandon the Trenches; but Prince Frederick of Brunswick, at the Head of four Battalions, coming quickly to their Support, drove the Enemy back into Cassel, with great Loss, before they had Time to do any Damage to the Works.

Saxony, Oct. 22. Prince Henry, after securing his Camp behind Nossen, called in all his Detachments and Piquets, and suddenly wheeled round with his Army; upon which the advanced Posts of the Army under Gen. Haddick, we are told, fell back, and the Prussians retook Freyberg. This is said to have happened on the 20th, but we have not as yet received the Particulars.

Paris, Oct. 29. Letters from Madrid of the 12th, advise, that the Catholic King heard, with much Concern, that instead of 15,000 Men, which he had ordered for the Defence of the Havannah, their Number, either through Treachery or Negligence, did not exceed 5000. The abominable Conduct of some Spanish Officers in the West-Indies, gives Room to fear, that in the Breasts of some Spaniards also, the Love of their Country is extinguished by Self-interest.

Naumburg, October 22. The King of Prussia is making new Levies throughout his Dominions, with the utmost Diligence. All who are able to bear Arms, from the Age of 16 to that of 40, are enlisted.

Brandenburg, Nov. 10. A Train of battering Cannon is preparing at Magdebourg, for the Siege of Dresden.

Army of Prince Henry at Freyberg, Nov. 10.

General Kleist hath made an Incurion into Bohemia, scoured a great Part of the Country, even to within two Miles of Prague, where the Alarm was general, plundering wherever he came, and destroyed several Magazines, particularly one at Saaz, valued at 900,000 Florins.

Altena, Nov. 16. Prince Henry, we are told, will content himself with getting every Thing ready for laying Siege to Dresden, at the Beginning of the next Campaign.

Hague, Nov. 16. By the best Accounts from Spain, it appears, that their Army in Portugal had been obliged to retire, for want of Subsistence, and run a great Risk of being destroyed by the Overflowing of the Tagus. Both the Officers and private Men are in the most distressed Situation, almost without Meat, Drink or Clothes. The Letters add, that the Spaniards are in a worse Condition than the French; and that the whole Army was marching towards Estremadura.

L O N D O N, November 13.

Advice is received by the Dutch Mail, that his Catholic Majesty, upon receiving the News of the Loss of the Havannah, would see no Body for four Days, and threatened Vengeance to his Ministers for imposing upon him, by assuring him that the Place was impregnable.

Extract of a Letter from Cadix, dated November 30.

“By a Danish Ship arrived here from the Cape, we have the disagreeable News of the Reduction of the Havannah, with the Loss likewise of a great Number of Men, which has caused no small Murmuring here, as almost every House in this City is concerned more or less in the Trade to that Island, and Places connected with it, which it is feared will make it be attended with bad Consequences, more particularly as our Trade is entirely stopp'd thereby; but we trust to Providence for his Assistance in this our very calamitous Situation, and are in great Hopes either shortly to hear of an Accommodation between the two contending Powers, or else that this Loss will be made up to us by the total Reduction of all Portugal.”

The following Extract from the ANNUAL REGISTER, for the Year 1761, being a Character of the Great Patriot PITT, may serve as a Supplement to his Speech, the Substance of which we published in our Gazette, N^o. 922.

The AUTHOR, after mentioning the Controversy relating to Mr. PITT's Resignation, says,

WE may affirm, with Truth and Impartiality, that no Man was ever better fitted than Mr. PITT to be the Minister in a great and powerful Nation, or better qualified to carry that Power and Greatness to their utmost Limits. There was in all his Designs, a Magnitude, and even a Vastness, which was not easily comprehended by every Mind, and which nothing but Success could have

made to appear reasonable: If he was sometimes incorrect, he was never vulgar.

His Power, as it was not acquired, so neither was it exercised in an ordinary Manner. With very little Parliamentary, and with less Court Influence, he sway'd both at Court and in Parliament, with an Authority unknown before, to the best supported Ministers. He was called to the Ministry by the Voice of the People; and what is more rare, he held it with their Approbation; and under him, for the first Time, Administration and Popularity were seen united. Under him Great Britain carried on the most important War in which she ever was engaged, alone and unassisted, with greater Splendor, and with more Success, than she had ever enjoyed at the Head of the most powerful Alliances. Alone this Island seem'd to ballance the Rest of Europe.

In the Conduct of the War he never suffered the Enemy to breathe, but overwhelmed them with reiterated Blows, and kept up the Alarm in every Quarter. If one of his Expeditions was not so well calculated, or so successfully executed, Amends were made by another, and by a third. The Spirit of the Nation once roused, was not suffered for a Moment to subside; and the French, dazzled, as it were, by the Multitude and Celerity of his Enterprizes, seem'd to have lost all Power of Resistance. In short, he revived the military Genius of our People; he supported our Allies; he extended our Trade; he rais'd our Reputation; he augmented our Dominions; and on his Departure from Administration, left the Nation in no other Danger than that which ever must attend exorbitant Power, and the Temptation which may be, to the invidious Exertion of it. Happy it had been for him, for his Sovereign, and his Country, if a Temper less austere, and a Disposition more tractable, more compliant, and conciliating, had been join'd to his other great Virtues. The Want of these Qualities disabled him from acting any otherwise than alone: It prevented our enjoying the joint Fruit of the Wisdom of many able Men, who might mutually have temper'd, and mutually forwarded each other; and finally, which was not the meanest Loss, it deprived us of his own immediate Services.

Those who censur'd his political Conduct the most severely, could raise but few Exceptions to it; none of them singly, and perhaps, the Whole united, of no great Weight against a Person long engaged in so great a Scene of Action.

Whether the Part, which under his Administration we rather continued to act than newly took, with Regard to the Affairs of Germany, be for the real Interest of Great Britain, is a Question of the utmost Difficulty, and which perhaps will never admit a satisfactory Solution. To condemn him on this Head we must be sure of this Solution: It has been observed, in Favour of that contested Measure, that France demonstrated, through the whole Progress of the late Treaty, the most earnest Desire that we should abandon that German Connection; no trifling Argument, that our Enemy did not look upon it to be extremely prejudicial to our Interests. If he has carried on that War at a vast Expence, a prodigious Stand has been made against the entire Power of France; had less been expended, the whole Expence might have been lost. How far this Part of his Conduct was agreeable to his former Declarations, is a Discussion which can avail but little. He found the Nation engaged in these Affairs; it was more easy to push them forward, than to extricate himself from them; as he proceeded, he discovered, by Experience, the Advantages of that Plan of Action, and his Opinion was changed.

But even admitting, that, to attain the Ends of Opposition, he had once fallen upon popular Topics, which even then he knew were not tenable, it can form but a very small Blemish in a public Character, however wrong it may be by Application to the strict Rules of Morality. Ill would it fare with Statesmen, if this Sort of Consistency were to be expected from the most consistent of them.

With regard to the Pension and the Title, it is a Shame that any Defence should be necessary. What Eye can distinguish, at the first Glance, the Difference between this and the exceptionable Case of Titles and Pensions? What Briton, with the smallest Sense of Honour and Gratitude, but must blush for his Country, if such a Man retired unrewarded from the public Service, let the Motives to that Retirement be what they would? It was not possible that his Sovereign could let his eminent Services pass unrequited! the Sum that was given was undoubtedly inadequate to his Merits; and the Quantum was rather regulated by the

Moderation of the great Mind that received it, than by the Liberality of that which bestowed it.

The Conduct of Mr. PITT, when the Parliament met, in which he made his own Justification, without impeaching the Conduct of any of his Collegues, or taking one Measure that might seem to arise from Disgust or Opposition, has set a Seal upon his Character.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 10.

Last Monday Evening, Mr. CALEB DORSEY, junr. (Son of Capt. BASIL DORSEY of Elk-Ridge) one of the Magistrates of this County, was taken with a Fit, and Died in a few Minutes.

Thursday IV o'Clock, the Northern Post not yet come in.

WILLIAM RIND,

WILL esteem it as a Favour, if those Gentlemen and Ladies who have subscribed to his Circulating Library, will send in their Subscriptions, as it is now open. Books will be delivered agreeable to the Proposals published in the Gazette. Catalogues are now Printing, which will be sent to the several Subscribers as soon as finished. He has received Advice from his Correspondent in London, that another Cargo of Books was shipped him the 20th of November, which, when arrived, will greatly increase and add to the Value of the Collection.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday the first Day of April next, near Delaware-Bottom, in Anne-Arundel County, on the Premises, (Pursuant to the Will of Mr. John Oliver, Deceased) for Cash, or good Security, if required.

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND, situate and lying about 14 Miles from the Head of Patuxco, and two Miles from Delaware-Bottom, where the Deceased lately lived, containing 300 Acres (being three Plantations) whereon is a good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Quarters, Barn, Tobacco-Houses, and other Out-Houses; likewise two good Orchards, one of which consists of upwards of 500 good Fruit Trees. There is a good Deal of Meadow Ground, within good Fencing, and much more may be made.

Also Horses, Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep, Plantation Utensils, and Variety of Household Goods, of all Sorts, viz. Good Feather Beds, Looking-Glasses, Chairs, &c. &c.

THOMAS OLIVER, Executor.
The Sale to begin at XI o'Clock, and continue from Day to Day, 'till all is Sold.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER at his Store in Annapolis, very reasonably, for Cash,

CHOICE Barbados SPIRITS, Barbados, Antigua and New-England RUM by the Hog-shead or Gallon, a Quantity of best New York LOAF SUGAR, RAISINS by the Keg or Pound, fresh CHOCOLATE, GUNPOWDER and Small SHOT.

NATHANIEL WATERMAN.
N. B. The Subscriber wants to purchase a Quantity of BEANS immediately.

To be SOLD at VENDUE at St. Leonard's-Creek-Town, in Calvert County, on Friday the 25th of February, for good London Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash,

ABOUT Three Hundred Pounds Cost of European and India GOODS. Credit will be given to the 20th of August next, without Interest, upon giving Security, if required. Invoice of said Goods may be seen at any Time before the Sale, by applying to ALEXANDER SOMERVILLE.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday the 10th Day of March next, at New, for Sterling Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Current.

THE Plantation where Mr. William Dismy, Deceased, lately lived, about 4 Miles from London-Town, on the Road to Queen-Anne, whereon are a good Dwelling-House, Out-Houses, Bake-House, and a good Water Grist-Mill, with Bolting Cloth, and every Thing compleat for a Merchant Mill: There are 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground, and more may be made with little Trouble. The Plantation contains about 70 or 80 Acres, and the Title is indisputable.

FRANCIS HANDEL.
N. B. The Sale to be on the Premises.



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TO B A TRA Impr containing or Plank, & Water Carr Water, wit Dwelling-F For Tick Dorsey, jun Richard Ju

ANNAPOLIS, February 10, 1763.



LYING in Hunger-River, Dorchester County, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, a SCHOONER which will carry about 26 or 2700 Bushels of GRAIN: She is well fitted, faithfully Built, and a prime Sailer, has made two Bay Trips only. For Terms, apply to SHADRACH FALLEN at the abovementioned Place, or JOHN BENNETT.

WANTED, a Young LAD as an Apprentice to Store Keeping. Any one of a good Character, that would be willing to bind himself for three or four Years, may know the Terms by applying to the Printers hereof.

Port-Tobacco, January 31, 1763.

ANY Person qualified to take the Command of a large SEA SLOOP, and comes well recommended for his Sobriety, Industry, and Integrity, will meet with suitable Encouragement, by applying to JOHN HANSON, junior.

January 25, 1763.

ON the 30th of December last, a certain Matthew Collins, a thick well set Fellow, about 35 Years of Age, and a Native of Ireland, left in the Possession of Benjamin Jacobs, living at Unicorn Forge, in Queen-Anne's County, a Brown Mare, about seven or eight Years old, 14 Hands high, paces and trots, has neither Brand nor Ear mark, nor no particular natural Marks. From several concurring Circumstances, it is thought she is stolen. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WHEREAS Ruth, the Wife of me the Subscriber, living within 4 Miles of the Head of South-River, did Elope from me on Saturday Night last, taking with her all the Money in the House, and her youngest Child about 8 Months old, leaving one other of her Children about 5 Years old, in Bed; and as it's probable she may endeavour to run me in Debt; This is to give Notice, That I will not pay any Debt of her Contracting after this 10th Day of February 1763. CHARLES RIDGLEY.

Head of South River, Feb. 10, 1763.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, about a Month ago, from the Subscriber, a dark Bay Mare, about 12 1/2 Hands high, has a Star in her Forehead, branded on the near Buttock with S, the middle part of the S not plain. She was with Foal. Whoever returns her, or gives Notice where she is, so that she may be had again, shall have Two Dollars Reward. CHARLES RIDGLEY.

THERE is at the Plantation of Benjamin Mackall, junr. in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Roan Mare Colt, 4 Years old this Spring, branded on the near Thigh thus B. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Captain John Stinchcomb, in the Forest of Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay or Brown Gelding, rather under the middle Size, has a small Sprig Tail, branded on the near Shoulder R, and on both Buttocks with a Patin Iron, and C in the Middle of it. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of Benjamin Reeder, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay or Brown Mare, with a small Star in her Forehead, and branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock something like this G. she paces and trots. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD for Gold or Silver,

TRACT of LAND call'd Part of Jacob's Improv'd Purchase, situate on Curtis's Creek, containing 280 Acres, well Timber'd with Pine or Plank, &c. about 5 Miles from Baltimore-Town, Water Carriage, and good Landing, very good Water, with about 40 Acres of clear'd Land, a Dwelling-House, and Out-Houses. For Title and Terms apply to Mr. Greenbury Dorsey, junior, living near Susquebanna, or to Mr. Richard Jacobs, near the Premises. WILLIAM HENDERSON.

GLAIZ'D POWDER, and SALT, to be SOLD by the Subscriber in Annapolis. HENRY WARD.

Piney-Branch, Prince-George's County, January 20.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to come and discharge the same immediately, or they may depend on being dealt with as the Law directs, without further Notice. WILLIAM SCOTT.

Queen-Anne's County, February 1, 1763.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Estate of Capt. Matthew Dockery, of Queen-Anne's County, Deceased, are requested to make speedy Payment, or they may expect to be dealt with according to Law; and all those who have any just Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts speedily, that they may be adjusted. Likewise, all persons that have borrow'd books, are desired to return them. SARAH DOCKERY, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD,

TRACT of LAND call'd Thurston's Neighbour, lying on Bynam's Branch, near the Head of Bush River, in Baltimore County, containing about 1000 Acres. Any Person desirous of purchasing the above Tract of Land, may, upon Application to Mr. Robert Alexander, of Baltimore-Town, be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale. Sterling, or Gold and Silver at the current Rates, will be taken in Payment, as may best suit the Purchaser. RICHARD BROWN, Executor.

ALL Persons who have open Accounts on the Books of Dr. Gustavus Brown, late of Charles County, are desired to Discharge their several Debts; and those who have Claims against the aforesaid's Estate, are desired to bring them in that they may be paid. It is expected that those who cannot make immediate Payment, will settle their respective Accounts by Note, Bill, or Bond, with Mr. Charles Love of Charles County, who is empowered to Settle and Collect the same. RICHARD BROWN, Executor.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at the Vineyard near Annapolis, on the 23d of January last, a Convict Servant Man named Thomas Smith, he is a Welchman, and speaks but very little English. His Apparel was a brown Surtout Coat, a Kersey Vest, and Cotton ditto, Cotton and brown Cloth Breeches, and a Pair of Boots. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, shall receive TEN POUNDS Reward, beside what the Law allows, paid by NATHAN LANE.

RAN away on the 12th of December last, from the Subscriber in Frederickburg, a Servant Woman named Mary Kellock, born in England, about 17 Years of Age, is much mark'd with the Small Pox, has light brown Hair, grey Eyes, and very red Lips: Had on, a light colour'd Camblet Gown, a pink-colour'd Stuff Petticoat, a Check Apron, and a black Sattin Hat. I since heard she went with one Jarvis a Drummer in the Virginia Regiment, and was dressed in his old blue Cloaths. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and conveys her to me at Frederickburg, or secures her so that I may have her again, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by JANE NEILE.

LEFT by Mistake at the House of John Elliott, at Queen-Anne, about a Twelvemonth ago by some Sailors, a Cross-Cut SAW, mark'd with a Square or a Diamond. The Owner may have it, on producing the Bill of Lading, paying the Charge of this Advertisement, and applying to THOMAS ELLIOTT.

THERE is in the Possession of Thomas Edelen, in Prince-George's County, near Piscataway, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay Horse about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Thigh thus, M) his hind Feet are white, and one fore Foot white in the Foot-lock, he is dock'd and bob'd, has a Saddle Spot on the near Side of his Back, and is about Six Years old. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

GOOD RUM to be SOLD at the New STILL-HOUSE in Charles-Town, and by JAMES REITH in Annapolis, at reasonable Rates.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

On Thursday, the 21st of April next, will be Run for, on the Race-Ground in the City of Annapolis, a Purse of FIFTY PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms.

EVERY Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that runs for the said Purse, shall, if rising Four next Grass, carry eight Stone, if Five, eight Stone ten Pounds, if Six, nine Stone six Pounds, and Aged, ten Stone: Horse Plates, and Shoes, not allowed in the Weight.

Every Person that puts in a Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the said Purse, shall enter the same with Mr. JONAS GREEN, on the Tuesday preceding the Race, with which he shall leave satisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and at the same Time shall pay Two Pistoles Entrance, or Half that Sum, if a Subscriber to the Race; and such Horses, Mares, or Geldings, of whose Ages satisfactory Vouchers are not produced, shall be deemed Aged.

The Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that wins any two Heats, wins the Purse; each Heat to be four Times round the Poles; but if three several Horses, Mares or Geldings, win each of them a Heat, then those three, and only they, to run a fourth Heat, and the Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that wins the fourth Heat, shall win the Purse; any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that wins the first and second Heats, shall be obliged to start again, if required by any of the other Riders, and must save his Distance, to entitle him to the Purse: No Distance a fourth Heat.

In running the Heats, if it cannot be decided, which Horse, Mare, or Gelding, has his or her Head at the ending Post first, that Heat goes for nothing, and they may all start again, except it be in the last Heat, and the Doubt between two Horses, Mares, or Geldings, if either of which had won, the Purse would have been decided, then they only shall start again.

Every Rider shall after each Heat is run, come to the Scales with his Horse, Mare, or Gelding, then and there to alight and not before, and to weigh to the Satisfaction of the Judges, and in case of Neglect or Refusal thereof, or want of Weight, the Horse, Mare, or Gelding, of such Rider, shall have no Share in the Purse, nor be permitted to start again: But as a Rider may (unknown to the Judges) alight previous to his coming to the Scales, and by them, for want of timely Information, be permitted to start again, such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, shall take Place, the same as if it had not happened.

If a Rider falls from his Horse, and the Horse is rode in by another, that is of sufficient Weight, he will take Place the same as if it had not happened, provided he goes back to the Place where the Rider fell.

If any Rider shall cross, jostle, strike, or use any foul Play, the Horse, Mare, or Gelding, he rides, shall be deemed distanced.

Every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that runs on the wrong Side of the Poles, and does not turn back, or is distanced in any of the Heats, shall have no Share in the Purse, nor be permitted to run any more.

The Entrance Money to be paid to the second best Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that shall start for the Purse.

If there are three Heats run, the Horse, Mare, or Gelding, is second best, that wins one, and if the Purse is won by two Heats, the Preference to be determined by the Place they are in at the second Heat.

The Time of Starting will be between One and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, and Half an Hour will be allowed between each Heat to rub.

All Disputes that shall arise to be finally determined by Messieurs Thomas Sprigg, Kenney Johns, and Jonas Green, who are appointed Judges for that Purpose.

The next Day will be run for, a Purse of TWENTY-FIVE PISTOLES, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, rising Four next Grass, to carry eight Stone, each Heat to be three Times round the Poles, and to be entered on the Day preceding the Race, with Mr. Jonas Green, to whom they shall pay One Pistole Entrance, or Half that Sum if a Subscriber to the Race; the winning Horse of the Day before, to be excluded; all the other Terms (hereto applicable) to be the same as in the preceding Race.

Philadelphia, January 22, 1763.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS a certain Charles Goldsmith, a handsome young Man of about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, long light-colour'd Hair, commonly plaited; about 28 Years of Age; is remarkable for playing the *German Flute*, which he took with him; had a Cut across the Ball of his left Thumb, a little Pock-mark'd, is a Cabinet-maker by Trade: Had on when he went away, a new Coat and Jacket of superfine Cloth, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, a Pair of Stone Knee-Buckles, a new Beaver Hat, a blue Surtout Coat with a Velvet Collar, a black Cravat, and rode away a small Bay Mare.—He was last heard of, at one *Wagstaffe's*, in *Baltimore, Maryland*.

N. B. As said Goldsmith has absented himself from his Bail, they are likely to suffer. Any Person that will arrest and take him, so as he may be brought to Justice, may depend on being paid the above Reward of *Twenty Dollars*, by the Subscriber or Subscribers hereof.—'Tis likely he will change his Name.—As it's said he is bound for *Carolina*, all Masters of Vessels are desired not to take him off, at their Peril.

EDMUND MILNE,
JAMES BENNETT.

WHERE the LAND-OFFICE was formerly kept, is Taught, GEOMETRY, TRIGONOMETRY, with their Application to SURVEYING and NAVIGATION; WRITING, ARITHMETIC, and the *Italian Method of BOOK-KEEPING*. Young LADIES are Taught to Write the *Italian Hand*, &c. Correct, and Read well.

To be Sold for Cash, Choice *West-India RUM* by the Hoghead, LOAF SUGAR, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, MADEIRA WINE, MAHOGANY, and CEDAR DESKS, &c. by

THOMAS LYTTTELTON.

3 GOOD *West-India RUM* by the Tierce, MUSCOVADO SUGAR by the Barrel, and Barrell'd BEEF, to be SOLD very CHEAP by

THOMAS RICHARDSON and Comp.

January 21, 1763.

3 STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber's Plantation on the 11th Instant, a likely bright Bay Horse, about 14½ Hands high, a large Star in his Forehead, a dark Mane and Tail, trots and gallops lightly, he is about 14 Years old, and not Branded: He was Bred by Mr. *Gassaway Watkins* in *Anne-Arundel County*. Whoever brings the said Horse to me, living near *Benedict Town*, in *Charles County*, shall have a Pistole Reward; and if out of the Province Two Pistoles, paid by

CORNELIUS DAVIES.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE, at *Hunting-Town*, in *Calvert County*, on Saturday the 19th of February Inst. for Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash,

3 PART of Three Tracts of Land, adjoining each other, on the Main Branch of *Hunting-Creek*, which formerly belonged to *John Gough*, containing 175 Acres, well timbered, with a Dwelling-House and Kitchen, with Brick Chimneys, a Milk House, Tobacco-House, and Two Apple Orchards thereon.

For Title and Terms apply to the Subscriber at *St. Leonard's Creek*. JOHN MACKALL.

4 JUST Arrived in the FRIENDSHIP, Captain *Brookes*, A Load of very good SALT, to be SOLD by the Subscriber at *Upper-Marlborough*, and *Pig-Point*, for Money, Corn, Wheat, or other Country Produce. STEPHEN WEST.

TO BE SOLD,

4 A CHOICE Parcel of Land, being Part of a Tract of Land, called *Hunting Quarter*, containing 348 Acres, lying in *Anne-Arundel County*, Two Miles from *Snowden's new Forge*, Ten Miles from *Elk-Ridge Landing*, and 22 Miles from *Annapolis*; on which is a good Dwelling-House, and other Out-Houses, all in good Repair. For Title and Terms apply to

CHARLES GREENBURY RIDGELY.

10 PIGG-IRON, to be SOLD by BUCHANAN & HUGHES in *Baltimore-Town*.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, living near Delaware Bottom, to the highest Bidder, on Monday the 14th of February Inst. if fair, if not, the next fair Day after, for Ready Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash,

A LIKELY well grown young NEGRO WOMAN and CHILD, that has had the Small-Pox. The Sale to be precisely at Twelve o'Clock. X 4 ROBERT DAVIS.

Prince-George's County, Jan. 10. 1763.

RAN away about the 8th Instant, from the Subscriber, an indented Servant Man, whose Name, as he says, is *Jonathan Henry*, which he will probably change as soon as he gets over the Bay, as I suppose he is gone that Way. He carried with him a Female Child, in order, as he pretends, to leave with his Wife's Friends: He had on when he went away, a Holland Shirt, Leather Breeches, an old brown Great-Coat, &c.

Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to me, or to *William Reynolds* at *Annapolis*, shall have a PISTOLE Reward, besides what the Law allows X 4 SAMUEL DUVAILL BECK.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the 16th of March next, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick County*,

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of Mr. *James Wardrop*, Deceased, all lying in *Frederick County*.

One Tract called *Partnership*, lying on the West Side of *Manockasy*, below the Upper Ford, 280

One Ditto called *Dear Bought*, lying on a Draught of *Anti-Eatam*, near the Head of a Spring at *Thomas Anderson's* old Place, 500

John's Delight, lying on a small Run called *Curry's Branch*, at the Foot of *Shannendore Mountain*, near *Curry's Gap*, 104

Piney Hill, lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of *Conococheague*, on the East Side of *Lick Run*, near *Patowmack River*, 86

Brentford, lying near *John George Arnold's* on the West Side of the Road leading from *Conococheague* to *Frederick-Town*, 35

For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Annapolis*, on the 28th of Decemb. last, a Convict Servant Man, named *Richard Stevens*, a *Prussian* Born, and Taylor by Trade, Speaks broken English, and very quick. He is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, naturally of a pale Complexion, but when he ran away, his Face was much bruised, and had black Eyes, occasioned by Fighting. He carried with him sundry very good Clothes, viz. a very good brown Broadcloth Coat and Waistcoat, trimmed with the same Colour, a violet blue Suit of Cloth, with divers other Things too tedious to mention.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward, paid by

JOHN DUCKER.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, called *Beanes's Pasture*, containing 220 Acres, adjoining to the Town of *Nottingham* on *Patuxent River* in *Prince-George's County*, whereon is a new Dwelling-House, 28 by 26 Feet, finished in a neat and very convenient Manner, with a new Kitchen, 20 by 16 Feet, under which is a small Stone Cellar, and a good Stable. About Half the Tract is a fine hard Marsh, which may easily be Improved to very great Advantage; the other Part is very level, and proper for highland Pasturage.

ALSO, To be SOLD, Between Four and Five Hundred Pounds first Cost of Goods, very suitable to the Season, at a low Advance, for good *London Bills of Exchange*, Sterling or Current Money.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of *Colmore Beanes*, Deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment, and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to send in their Accounts legally proved. Attendance is given at *Nottingham*, every Wednesday and Saturday in order to settle Accounts, by

X 6 WILLIAM BEANES, junior, Executor.

JOHN YEUDY, BREWER, Living at the Tan-Yard, which formerly belonged to Mr. Robert Swan, in *Annapolis*,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he will purchase any Quantity of GOOD BARLEY, delivered at his House, between this Time and the Middle of *March*, and give Four Shillings a Bushel, Ready Money, or more, if more is given by any Body else: After that Time he will give the best Market-Price. Next Fall he will purchase a large Quantity of RYE, and give the best Market-Price, in Ready Money.

He likewise carries on the COOPER's Business, and makes all Kinds of CASKS, at the most reasonable Price.

N. B. He wants a couple of Apprentices.

Baltimore County, Dec. 31, 1762.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 29th of this Instant, a Servant Man named *David Wickenden*, an Englishman, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, dark Skin, thin Visage, black Hair tied behind, and a small Blemish in one of his Eyes: Had on when he went away, a good Felt Hat, and old Country-Cloth Coat full, the Cape lined with Plaid, and a Lead-colour'd Country full Jacket with large white Buttons, a small old light-colour'd Coat, old coarse Shirt, old Leather Breeches, mix'd blue and white Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, and round yellow Buckles.

Whoever secures the said Servant so that his Master may have him again, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward if taken in the County; Five Pounds if out of the County; and Seven Pounds Ten Shillings if out of the Province, and reasonable Charges paid if brought home, by

ALEXANDER WELLS,

N. B. He formerly served Seven Years to Mr. *Henry Dorsey* on *Elk-Ridge*.

TO BE SOLD,

For Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash,

A VERY good Brick DWELLING-HOUSE, situate on the main Road, about a Mile from *Annapolis*, where the Subscriber now lives, with about 100 Acres of Land. There is a very good Cellar to the House, good Stable, Corn-House, Meat-House, Milk-House, Hen-House, Two good Gardens, and an Orchard with very good Fencing. The Title good. Any Person wanting to purchase, may apply to

THOMAS PECKER.

ALSO, A good Tract of LAND containing 210 Acres, situate on a Branch of *Senteca*, in *Frederick County*, about 30 Acres of it good Meadow Ground; for Dollars or Pistoles.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of Land, called *Jarboe's Ramble*, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head of *St. Mary's River*, in *St. Mary's County*: Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the Whole, or any Part thereof, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to

RICHARD WIMSATT.

N. B. The Payment, if agreeable to the Purchaser or Purchasers, may be made in Corn or Wheat, for one Third of their Purchase, the Remainder in Cash or Tobacco.

Annapolis, November 10, 1762.

WHEREAS several of the Officers and Men who composed the *Maryland Troops*, did not in July last (when Lieutenant Colonel *Dagworthy*, and Dr. *David Ross* attended at *Annapolis* and *Queen's-Town*, to pay away the Money, which in Pursuance of a Warrant from his Excellency Sir *Jeffery Amherst*, had been advanced to Lieutenant Colonel *Dagworthy* for that Purpose) either personally appear, or by others apply for the Arrears of Pay due to them respectively; Notice is hereby given, that Lieutenant Colonel *Dagworthy* and *David Ross* will attend again at *Annapolis*, the Third Monday in February next, in order to settle Accounts with, and pay the Arrears due to such Persons as shall then apply to them, or send proper Powers to settle and receive what may be due to them respectively: And those who cannot attend themselves, are desired to have the Powers they give to others, to receive what may be due to them, regularly attested, and it is expected that those who shall apply for what is due to the Estates of such as are dead, will previously take out Letters of Administration in the Counties where it is most convenient for them to give Security.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XVIIIth Year.]

THURSDAY, February 17, 1763.

[N^o. 928.]

LONDON, October 14.

WE hear that the whole Ground of the Contentions which are rumoured to have happened among the Great, is only how much higher the Terms of Peace, since our late Successes, shall be raised above those which all acquiesced in before as advantageous and honourable.

Oct. 19. It is said that Don Lewis de Velasco, who so bravely defended the Morro Castle, fell with the Spanish Colours wrapt about his Body, having publicly vowed, that he never would surrender them alive.

Letters by the Convoy from the West-Indies say, that the French Traders at Hispaniola are greatly affronted at the English not paying them a Visit at that Island, as they wish to be upon a footing with their Countrymen at Guadaloupe and Martinico.

Oct. 23. The King of Prussia hath demanded of the Jews, throughout his Dominions, a free Gift of Six Millions of Florins (about 500,000 l. Sterling.) His other Subjects are also to pay a considerable Sum. This is the first Tribute that has been exacted from them since the War began.

The Attention of the Public is at present wholly engrossed by the Negotiation for Peace now depending. While the Generality of the People, from Motives of Humanity and true Policy, wish for a speedy and honourable Conclusion to the War, there are not wanting some, who pretend to dislike a Peace on any Terms whatever. These, it would seem, are actuated either by Views of private Interest, misguided Politics, or other Causes, which, perhaps, they will not chuse to avow.

But the true Sense of the Nation will soon be best learnt from the Voice of their Representatives in Parliament.—Mean while, the Confidence of the People in the Purity of his Majesty's Intentions, and his Zeal for the Glory and Prosperity of his Kingdom, and in his Steadiness in pursuing the Measures that are most likely to procure to all his Subjects solid and permanent Happiness, is apparently universal and unbounded. How little Reason is there, then, to apprehend, that the Ministry, whatever may have been suggested to the contrary, will ever think of sacrificing, upon this Occasion, any of the true Interests of their Country. At least, we do not find they have hitherto given us any Cause to suspect their Integrity. We may therefore venture to assure our Readers, and we think we do it upon solid Grounds, that the general Tranquillity of Europe, so long, and so cruelly disturbed, will be quickly restored; that in this glorious and much-desired Work we shall bear a noble and distinguished Part; and that this bloody and expensive War will be succeeded by a Period of Felicity, Repose, and Prosperity, hitherto unequalled, which, if we are not wanting to ourselves, will make this happy Island the Envy and Desire of the whole Earth.

Oct. 26. By the Flanders Mail, which is arrived our last, we have received the following Account from Paris.

"It was on the 20th of last Month, that the Ceremony of Degrading Mr. Nadau, late Governor of Guadaloupe, and M. de la Botterie, Major of the Forces in that Island, was performed at Rochefort, in Presence of all the Marines, drawn up on the Parade before the Barracks. When the Sentence was Read, in which the Articles of the Charge were rehearsed, at each Article he cried out, THAT IS FALSE; and protesting his Innocence, imprecated God's Vengeance on his Accusers. He was informed that the King had ordered him to be Degraded from the Rank of a Gentleman, and to lose all his Titles and Honours, Him and his Posterity; his Coat-armour to be erased; and that he should never more wear a Sword. At this last Article of the Sentence, Mr. Nadau, enraged to the highest Degree, called out, *What ignominious treatment for a Man of Honour! How many have suffered it more than I! It is made a Crime in us to surrender Guadaloupe: I had only 1100 Men; and Martinico was given up with 5000.—A Serjeant*

then proceeded to the Degradation, and the erasing of his Arms; broke his Sword, and threw the Pieces at his Feet, and took off his Ribbon

with the Crofs of St. Lewis. M. de la Botterie, who was treated in the same Manner, behaved with more Resignation."

Oct. 28. A French Frigate of 16 Guns, is taken by one of our Men of War, and carried into Galway.

The Liverpool Man of War has also taken a Spanish Privateer, and carried her into Milford.

M. Nadau du Treil, late Governor of Guadaloupe, and M. de la Botterie, the French King's late Lieutenant in Basseterre, were both ordered, after their Degradation, to be confined for Life in the Island of St. Margaret.

Oct. 30. Our Accounts from the Havannah remark, that there are 45 Commanders of Ships concerned in the Claims of Prize-Money, and that they carried out with them new Instructions for the Division, of what Treasure should be taken there, which was as follows:

One-third to the Flag and General Officers, of which Sir George Pocock, and Lord Albemarle, were to have each One-fifth, the other Three fifths to the Commodore and the rest of the General Officers.

One-third to the Captains, Officers and Men belonging to the Fleet, to be shared in Classes in the usual Manner by Eights.

One-third to the Colonels, Officers and Men belonging to the Army.

Nov. 6. Wednesday WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Esq; with his Lady, set out for Portsmouth, to embark for his Government of New-Jersey.

Our Advices from India inform us, that the English have made themselves Masters of two Forts belonging to the Rajas of the Country, in which Enterprise we have lost a Number of Men.

It is said, that on Account of some Circumstances attending a late Resignation, the King hath ordered the Name of a noble Duke to be struck off the List of Privy Counsellors.

By a Letter from Madras, dated April 7, 1762, the British Squadron was then there, but Admiral Cornish was to sail the next Day to Trincomali, on the Island of Ceylon, with the Norfolk, Lenox, Grafton, Elizabeth and Weymouth, in order to give them a good Heel.—Captain Tinker was on a separate Cruize with four Sail.

Nov. 9. We are informed, that all the Fortifications of the French Settlements in the East-Indies are entirely demolished; even the French Governor's Palace at Pondicherry, a most superb Building, the finest ever erected in that Quarter of the World.

The King of Prussia hath demanded of the City of Leipzick 15,000 Recruits, or an Equivalent in Money.

As the Searching British Ships by the Spaniards in the West-Indies, was the sole Occasion of the last War, which after spending above 30 Millions to no Purpose, we concluded upon most dishonourable Terms, it is hoped, and expected, that in the Treaty now depending with Spain, it shall be stipulated, that NO SEARCH shall ever be attempted, on any Pretence whatever.

By a Letter lately received from Germany, we learn, that the Marquis of Granby had already expended no less than 60,000 l. of his private Fortune, in the Relief of the Soldiers under his Command.—A very uncommon Instance of Generosity, but which will be easily credited by those who are acquainted with his Lordship's humane and benevolent Disposition.

Nov. 11. It is said that a great Number of Orders for Flour, and other Goods, are already come to several Merchants, immediately to be complied with, as soon as the Ports are opened between England and France; which it is expected will be in a few Days.

It is said, that the French have sent Orders to all their Sea Ports to stop the Privateers sailing, and to prevent any new Commissions being given.

An Order was sent down Yesterday to the regulating Captains to break up their several Rendezvous.

We hear that Orders are sent to stop the Embarking any more Forces from Ireland for Portugal.

At the Conclusion of the last War, in 1748, the News of the Preliminaries being signed arrived at

the Duke of Newcastle's Office the 24th of April. On the 9th of May a Cessation of Arms was proclaimed at the Royal Exchange. The definitive Treaty was signed on the 18th of October. On the 2d of February, 1749, Peace was proclaimed at London. April 25th was the Day observed as a General Thanksgiving. And on the 27th of April the Grand Fireworks were played off in the Green Park.

Tuesday as the several Persons of Distinction were going to Guild-hall, the Mob behaved exactly consistent with themselves, by hissing and abusing some, and applauding others, without knowing any true Reason for their Favour or Dislike.

We hear that the Rage of Resigning, which was said to have got abroad, has suddenly stopt. Intimation, it is whispered, was given to the Foremost of the Number who intended a Secession, that Conscience, or Honour, could not have dictated a Resignation of one Place, that had no Connection with Public Business, without dictating a Resignation of all; and the more lucrative they were, the more meritorious would be the Relinquishing of them; and that therefore the Resignation of one Place would be considered as a Resignation of all. Upon which the proffered Resignation was prudently retracted with as good a Grace as it could be done.

Nov. 13. The King of Spain having lost his large Stock of Tobacco by the surrender of the Havannah, 172,850 lb. of Tobacco was Shipped off Yesterday and the Day before, from hence for Cadiz, to supply the Farmers who have contracted with the Spanish Government for furnishing them with that Commodity till they can get it from America.

Nov. 16. We hear that Application is made to the States of Holland, for Leave for our Troops to pass through their Territory in their Way Home. It is thought great Part of them will be here before Christmas. The Marquis of Granby, and several other General Officers, are expected in about a Fortnight.

Fifty Thousand Pounds worth of Canada Furs have lately arrived, which is a strong Proof how much the pretended Account of the Produce of that Country is to be depended upon.

Nov. 18. It is reported that the Right Hon. the Marquis of Granby will, on his Arrival in England, be nominated and appointed a Field Marshal, and Captain-General of the King's Forces in South Britain, in the Room of Field Marshal Ligonier, who resigns.

Nov. 20. It is said Passes, signed by the Duke de Nivernois, are making out for our Ships to pass and repass the Seas unmolested by the French till the Peace is settled.

Extract of a Letter from our Army in Germany. "Some Time after the Surrender of Cassel, the Allied Army attacked and took a Party of the French near Ziegenhaysen, and our Cannon are now playing against that Place; such a Chain of Successes has made a glorious Campaign; we are soon to besiege Marburgh."

We hear that Yesterday an Order was sent down to the proper Officer in the Dock-Yard at Chatham, to prepare Ground Tackle, &c. for Ninety Men of War, that are soon expected up the River Medway, to be laid up in Ordinary.

The Earl of Egmont (in 1741 Lord Percival) has kissed the King's Hand on being appointed joint Postmaster-General with Mr. Hambden, in the Room of the Earl of Besborough.

Nov. 23. Orders were last Friday sent to the Dock-Yards at Deptford and Chatham, &c. that the Men should work only common Hours, and that all Persons who have a Mind to have their Discharges, might have them by applying for them, and be paid their full Wages to the Time.

All the large Men of War at Portsmouth are ordered into the Harbour; and the small ones, Sloops, &c. are to be got ready as fast as possible for cruising.

They write from Cadiz, and other Ports in Spain, that all the warlike Preparations are of a sudden countermanded; that the Forces which were assembling on the Coast of Galicia, have Orders to return into Quarters; and that several Regiments of Militia are dismissed.

We are informed, that in the Preliminaries of Peace agreed on between France, Spain, and Great-Britain, it is stipulated, that the former shall make full Satisfaction for the Support of the French Prisoners that have been confined in this Kingdom during the War.

M. de Lally, late Governor of Pondicherry, was arrested the fifth Instant, at Fontainebleau, with two other Persons, their Names unknown, that were in his Company, and sent to the Bastille.

There are Letters by this Day's Mail which advise, that a Report was current at the Hague, when the Post came away, that 80,000 Turks were arrived on the Frontiers of Hungary, and only waited for the Grand Signior's Orders to begin their Operations.

A Letter from Paris of the 12th says, that no less than 12 Persons were beheaded in the Bastille the Week before, and that three more had been taken into Custody. It is certain that General Lally was arrested and sent to the Bastille on the 4th, the Day after the Preliminaries were signed, to answer the Charge brought against him by the French East-India Company. The Dutch Gazettes say, he could not be arrested sooner, because he was England's Prisoner. The Intendant of Canada was condemned to be hanged, for Malversation; but the French King changed his Sentence into perpetual Imprisonment.

Last Friday extra-work ceased in the Dock-yard at Portsmouth.

We hear a certain Great Commoner has declared his Intentions of being concerned in no Party whatever; but, like a true-born Englishman, will speak his Sentiments before an august Assembly, without Favour or Partiality to any Person whatever.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, dated October 28.

"We have gained some Advantages over the Spaniards, particularly at Villa Velha; and it is reported that about 7000 of the Enemy were made Prisoners there without fighting, being surprised and surrounded by the Troops commanded by the Generals Townshend and Burgoyne, and in a few Days we expect them down here, Orders being given for all Dwellers in the Castle of this City to retire from it, and provide for themselves Houses elsewhere.

Nov. 27. Thursday last his Majesty was attended to the House of Lords, in His magnificent new State Coach, by his Grace the Duke of Rutland, and the Earl of Huntingdon. The Carriage of the Coach is composed of four Tritons, who support the Body by Cables fastened to the Roots of their Fins. The two placed on the Front of the Carriage, bear the Driver on their Shoulders, and are represented in the Action of sounding Shells, to announce the approach of the Monarch of the Sea; and those on the back Part, carry the imperial Fasces, topped with Tridents, instead of the ancient Axes. The Driver's Foot-board is a large scollop Shell, supported by Bunches of Reeds, and other marine Plants. The Pole represents a Bundle of Lances, and the Wheels are imitated from those of the ancient triumphal Chariots. The Body of the Coach is composed of eight Palm-trees, which, branching out at the Top, sustain the Roof. The four angular Trees are loaded with Trophies, allusive to the Victories obtained by Britain during the Course of the present glorious War. On the Center of the Roof stand three Boys, representing the Genii of England, Scotland and Ireland, supporting on their Heads the Imperial Crown, and holding in their Hands the Scepter, the Sword of State, and Ensigns of Knighthood: Their Bodies are adorned with Festoons of Laurel, which fall from thence towards the four Corners of the Roof. The Intervals between the Palm-Trees, which form the Body of the Coach, are filled in the upper Parts with Plates of Glass, and below with Panels, adorned with Paintings. On the Front Panel is represented BRITANNIA, seated on a Throne, holding in her Hand a Staff of Liberty, attended by Religion, Justice, Wisdom, Valour, Fortitude, and Victory, presenting her with a Garland of Laurel: On the back Panel, Neptune, issuing from his Palace, drawn by Sea-horses, and attended by the Winds, the Rivers, Tritons, Naiads, &c. bringing the Tribute of the World to the British Shore. On one of the Doors are represented Mars, Minerva, and Mercury, supporting the Imperial Crown of Britain; and on the other, Industry and Ingenuity, giving a Cornucopia to the Genius of England. The other four Panels represent the Liberal Arts and Sciences protected; History recording the Reports of Fame; and Peace burning the Implements of War. The Inside of the Coach is lined with Crimson Velvet, richly embroidered with Gold. All the Wood-work is triple gilt, and all the Paintings highly varnished. The Har-

ness is of Crimson Velvet, adorned with Buckles, and other Embellishments of Silver gilt; and the Saddle-cloths are of blue Velvet embroidered and fringed with Gold.—This magnificent Work was designed by Mr. Chambers, Architect to his Majesty, and executed under his Inspection; the Carving by Mr. Wilton, Sculptor to the King; the Painting by Mr. Chipriani; the Chasing by Mr. Coit; the Coach-work by Mr. Butler; the Embroidery by Mr. Barrett; the Gilding by Mr. Pujolas; the Varnishing by Mr. Anfel; and the Harness by Mr. Ringstead.

His Majesty was saluted all the Way, from St. James's to the Parliament-House, with the joyful Acclamations of the most numerous Concourse of People, perhaps, ever assembled on such an Occasion. The Number of Coaches and Chariots was so great, that they reached from the Middle of Pall Mall to the House of Lords; and altho' his Majesty came out of the House again at Two o'Clock, they occasioned such frequent Stoppages, that his Majesty did not enter the Park on his Return till Three.

An Order is arrived at Plymouth to discharge the Tenders employed in impressing Men.

The New-England Fleet passed by Plymouth last Tuesday.

Last Wednesday the Duke de Nivernois, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the most Christian King, had an Audience of his Majesty, to deliver his Credentials; to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Egremont, Secretary of State for the Southern Department, and conducted by Sir Clement Cotterell Dormer, Master of the Ceremonies. On this Occasion his Excellency made the following Speech to his Majesty:

"SIR,
"A cordial Reconciliation between two powerful Monarchs, formed to love each other; a permanent Union of System between two great Courts, attracted to one another by their Interests rightly understood; and a sincere and lasting Conjunction of two respectable Nations, whom unhappy Prejudices have too long divided; form the glorious Era of the Commencement of your Majesty's Reign: And this Era will, at the same Time, be that of Happiness restored to the four Quarters of the World. Your Majesty's Name, your Glory, and your Virtues, will be inseparably joined in History, with universal Felicity; and Posterity will there read, with Sentiments of Respect, that Treaty, which will be distinguished, above all others, by good Faith, without Equivocation, and by permanent Stability.

"Permit me, Sir, to felicitate myself at your Feet, on being chosen by the King, my Master, to serve, between your Majesty and him, as the Organ of the noble Sentiments of two Hearts so worthy of each other, and to be employed in this blessed Work, which ensures your Majesty's Glory, by giving Happiness to the whole World."

NEW-YORK, February 3.
Friday Evening last, the Ship Hope, Captain Jacobson, arrived here from London: He sailed from Spithead the 20th of November, in Company with the Captains Tillet and Budden, for Philadelphia; Captains Patrick and Farr, and another for Boston; several for Carolina and Virginia, in the Whole 23 Sail, under Convoy of his Majesty's Ship the Nightingale, Lord Campbell, Commander: The whole Fleet passed the Lizard the 22d, and kept Company till the 27th, when Lord Campbell made a Signal for all the Ships to bring to, and informed the Captains that he had sprung his Mainmast, and intended to return to Plymouth; Capt. Jacobson then left the Fleet, and stood to the Westward, and imagines the rest returned with the Man of War.

PHILADELPHIA, February 10.
By a Letter from a Gentleman, who went Passenger in the Privateer Snow MONCKTON, Capt. Byrn, from this Port, we have the following Account of the Loss of that Snow, on her Passage to Martinico.

Extract of a Letter from St. Pierre's, in Martinico, December 30, 1762.

"I am, through the Providence of God, again arrived on Terra Firma, after the most disagreeable Scenes I ever went through, and escaping the most imminent and dreadful Danger the Mind can form an Idea of; the Particulars of our unhappy Catastrophe you have as follows. On Tuesday Morning, the 14th Instant, at Six o'Clock, in Lat. 16, 20. and Long. 59. 40. being asleep, as were all the Passengers, and the Captain; a Squall of Wind took the Snow, and laid her down as far as the Main Hatches, which awaked me in my Cot, as it then hung along by the Cieling of the

Cabbin, and hearing the Men on Deck calling out, we were sinking, the Dead-Lights, Quarter-Lights, the lee Cabbin Gun Port being lashed in, the Weather one being providentially unlashed, to let in the fresh Air, I got out upon the Side, in my Shirt, through the Gun Port, my Cot being slung over the Gun; but had not been above one Minute on the Side, before the Vessel went down Head foremost, as far as the Main Shrouds, when seeing a Hencoop floating along Side, I jumped into the Sea, and immediately the Vessel sunk: We had in Company with us, a Brig called the Unity, Capt. Faris, who came out with us, having been separated from the Snow Gordon, a Fort-night before, the Brig was about a Mile, or near it, ahead of us when the Vessel went down, and as she was not three Minutes from the Time the Squall took her till she was out of Sight, there was no Time to fire a Gun, or give any Signal of Distress, but by our Cries, which she was too far off to hear, and was about a League ahead before she missed us, and then could not be certain in what Place we went down; before I was one Moment on the Hencoop, there were eight or ten along with me, with the Captain, the Weight of which turned the Coop as fast as you could turn a Wheel in the Water; but I was enabled, thro' the Goodness of God, to get round as fast as any, and before most of them, all of whom sunk by Degrees, but one Man, and myself, when we got one on each Side, and then could keep ourselves free from any Water; but the dreadful Screams of the poor Wretches drowning, and others calling for Assistance, were such as no Man can form a just Idea of, without seeing it. At last the Brig put about, and stood for us; but after she had come within about a Mile of us, they apprehended she had run beyond us, and put about again, away from us. At that Moment the Scene redoubled the Horror of the former, as there then appeared no Means of our being preserved. Nothing could equal the Horror of our Situation! In the Midst of the Ocean, surrounded by dead Bodies floating, and others drowning. Numbers, I believe, gave up all Hopes, quit their Holds, and were drowned, by their Despair of Relief; however, I still had my Confidence in God, that he would preserve me; and encouraged my Companion to have the same. In about an Hour more, the Brig put about again, and stood for us, which gave us fresh Confidence and Spirits, and, after some Time, she put out her Boat, and took up as many of us as she would hold, among which I was, being then naked as I was born, having taken my Shirt off in the Water, being bruised in many Places. On our being put on board, the Boat was sent off again, and brought all that were then alive, on board, which amounted to 42 Souls, 55 having perished. I was about Three Hours and an Half in the Water before I was taken up; not one Article was saved from the Snow, as she went down so quick, nothing floated out of her, they could not even get the Barge out; the small Boat floated over the Booms, but so many jumped into her, that she filled immediately, however 16 were saved by holding by the Gunwale; those saved were Mr. Brown, a French Captain, and myself, Passengers, the second and third Lieutenants, the Gunner, and Boatswain; the rest Foremastmen. Drowned were, Mr. Philips, a Passenger, the Captain, first Lieut. Master, Doctor, and first Prize-Master; the others Foremastmen, and Petty Officers. Captain Faris and his Crew behaved exceeding well, and did every Thing in their Power to save the People, and treated us with great Friendship while we were on board."

ANNAPOLIS, February 17.
Saturday last the Preliminary Articles of Peace were Published here in the Parade.

The same Day his Excellency the Governor issued his Proclamation further Proroguing the General Assembly of this Province (which stood Prorogued to the 7th of March) to Saturday the Eleventh Day of June next.

Sunday last, CHARLES CARROLL, junr. Esq; of Prince-George's County, was Married to Miss MARY HILL (Daughter of Mr. HENRY HILL of the same County) a most agreeable and well-accomplish'd young Lady.

On Thursday the 3d Instant, was Married in Calvert County, Mr. SAMUEL CHEW, of Wells, to Miss SARAH WEEMS (2d Daughter to JAMES WEEMS, Esq;) an amiable young Lady, with a pretty Fortune.

On the last Day of January, Died in Calvert County, Captain CHARLES CLAGGET, Aged 71 Years, a Gentleman much Esteem'd, and whose Conduct in his several Stages and Relations of Life was Exemplary.

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At the repeated Solicitations of several Persons, the OHIO COMPANY have agreed to lay off a Number of LOTS for a TOWN at Fort Cumberland, near the Mouth of Hill's Creek, on Potomack River, in the Province of Maryland; and that each Purchaser may have an Opportunity of attending, and choosing the Lots he may judge most convenient, they will be SOLD to the Highest BIDDERS on Friday the 15th of April next.

Any one who will consult the Maps must see that Fort Cumberland, from its natural Situation and Contiguity to that very extensive and fertile Country on the Ohio and its Waters, must be the Key to all that valuable Settlement; it being the highest and most convenient Landing-place for the Inhabitants on the other Side the Allegheny Mountains, on all the River Potomack, which affords a Water-Carriage, that with a very inconsiderable Expence, might be rendered safe, certain and easy, at all Seasons of the Year, from the Great Falls to the Spot now proposed for a Town. It is about 75 Miles Land-Carriage to the Monongahela, which is navigable to the Ohio for flat-bottomed Boats or Battoes; and not more than 65 Miles to the Tanayaugains, where the Road, as it is at present cleared to Pittsburg, crosses; to which Place the Indians frequently, before the War, brought up their Battoes loaded with Skins: And all who are acquainted with the Country agree, that a very good Waggon Road may be made to that very Spot, or even a few Miles lower down the River, which would reduce the Distance from thence to Fort Cumberland at least 15 Miles. The Land-Carriage from Pimmett's Warehouse, at the Little Falls, which is the highest Tide Water of Potomack, to the Great Falls, does not exceed 12 Miles; and the Manufactures of Great-Britain may be transported by the Potomack to the Ohio, and its Produce or Furs remitted through the same Channel, with only 90 Miles Land-Carriage at the most.

Fort Cumberland is about 115 Miles from Pittsburg, 30 from Fort Bedford, 60 from Winchester, Land-Carriage, good Waggon Roads, and 100 Miles Water-Carriage from the Mouth of Conococheague Creek in Maryland.

The Day the LOTS are Sold the OHIO COMPANY will LET to the highest Bidder, for a Term of Years, Two very good Store-Houses, opposite to Fort Cumberland, in Virginia, one 45 by 25, with a Counting-Room and Lodging-Room at one End, the other 44 by 20, with proper Conveniences for a Family to live in, two Stories high each, besides Garrets, with good dry Cellars fit for storing Skins, the whole Size of the Houses; and a Kitchen, Stable for 12 Horses, Meat-House and Dairy; there are Two good Battoes, which will be given to the Person who Rents the Houses. The whole entirely new, and will be completely finished, and fit to enter upon immediately; and the Person who takes the Store-Houses, may also have a Lease, for a Term of Years, of as much Land adjacent to them as he chooses. Any one desirous to treat privately for the Store-houses, &c. before the Day of Sale, or the Town Lots, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, who will attend at Fort Cumberland on the 15th Day of April before-mentioned, to deliver the Purchasers Deeds for their Lots. There is great Plenty of good Timber and Lime-Stone on the Lands, on each Side of the River; and the Company are building a Saw and Grist Mill, within a Mile of the Spot proposed for the Town. GEORGE MERCER.

GENERAL MEETING of the OHIO COMPANY is desired at Stafford Court-House, in Virginia, on Tuesday the First of March next. It is hoped the several Members, who are able to attend them, will not fail, as the Business of the Company has suffered very much from their neglecting to meet for so long a Time. To prevent the Trouble of Law-Suits, and further Notice, those who have any Accounts to settle with the Company are also requested to attend at the Time and Place above-mentioned. By Order of the Committee of the OHIO COMPANY.

Annapolis, February 15, 1763. AS I intend to Remove my STORE from Kent-Island, by the last of this Month, I desire all who have any Ballances due them on Account of that Store, to call there and receive the same before that Time: And those who are Indebted, are likewise desired to make immediate Payment. HENRY WARD.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, At the Plantation of the late John Elliott, Deceased, in Anne-Arundel County, near Queen-Anne Town, on Monday the Fourth of March, at XI o'Clock, if Fair, or first Fair Day after, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash.

SUNDRY Likely Young COUNTRY-BORN SLAVES, Plantation Utensils, STOCK, and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Also One Hundred ACRES of LAND called Watersford, lying on Patuxent River, in the same County. All Persons Indebted to the said Estate are desired to make speedy Payment, that the Debts due from the same may be adjusted as soon as possible. RUTH ELLIOTT, Administratrix, THOMAS ELLIOTT, Administrator.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber, a bright Bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock D, has broad Hoofs, long Switch Tail, Trots and Gallops, and is about 4 or 5 Years old. Whoever will bring the said Mare to the Subscriber at Piscataway, in Prince-George's County, shall receive ONE PISTOLE Reward. DAVID CLUNIE.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on the First Tuesday in March next, if Fair, or first Fair Day after, on the Premises, for good Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash.

TWO Valuable Tracts of LAND in One Plantation, lying in Anne-Arundel County, near the Head of Severn River, about five Miles from Indian-Landing, and fifteen from Annapolis, whereon is a good Stone Dwelling-House 40 Feet by 20, a large Cellar under it, a good Stone Kitchen 24 Feet by 18, Tobacco Houses, a Barn with a good Thrashing Floor, a Corn-House, Milk-House, Stable, and other Out-Houses very convenient, a new paled Garden 100 Feet square with Mulberry Posts, two large Apple Orchards of very good Fruit and bears yearly, a large young Peach Orchard, Quince Orchard, & almost all Sorts of Country Fruit, 20 odd Bushels of Wheat well sowed, 8 Bushels of Rye sowed, all in good Fence, another large Field well inclosed for Indian Corn, the best Part of it Flushed up last Fall; the Plantation in fine Order for Farming: The two Tracts of Land contain 350 Acres, on which there is about 130 Acres of good Wood Land, well Timber'd. There will be several other Things to be Sold on the Day of Sale, such as Sheep, Hogs, Andirons, a good Cart well Iron'd, &c. The Title and Terms may be known, by applying to FRANCIS DAVIS.

February 1, 1763.

THERE is in the Custody of the Sheriff of St. Mary's County, Committed as Runaways, Two Negroes, viz.

Peter, about 6 Feet high, and about 30 Years of Age, very black, talks very good English. His Apparel is a Fearnought Jacket, large tarry Trowlers, a Yarn Cap, an old Hat, old Shoes and Stockings, and some REMAINS of a white Shirt: He says he was born in Lisbon, and was indentured there to John Willson, as by an Indenture dated at that Place, which he has with him, for 7 Years, with a fair Discharge on the Back, sign'd Isaac Webster, junr. does appear; and by two Letters which I have this Day received from the said Isaac Webster, the Hands appear to be the same: I am well convinc'd he is not the Man bound in that Indenture, but certainly is the Negro Peter some Time ago advertised by Isaac Webster.

The other named Charles, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, very black, was born at Mrs. Mary Jordan's in St. Mary's County, and says he belongs to Raphael Holt, of Frederick County, Maryland, who bought him of Charles Jordan.

The Owners are desired to come and pay the Charges, and take them away, by SAMUEL ABELL, Goaler.

George-Town, Frederick County, Feb. 7, 1763.

THE Subscriber Chuses to inform his Friends in and about Marlborough, Piscataway, &c. That he intends (God willing) to be down early in the Spring to inoculate as usual, according to Promise: He has inoculated Numbers with very good Success, and hopes to the Satisfaction of all that Employ'd him. He has Reason to suspect that low Insinuations have been propagated thro' a View of prejudicing his Character. Characters are very Delicate; therefore would advise a certain Gentleman to be more Cautious. I hate Snarling Currs: I always have and ever shall despise the Puppy in the Manger. HENRY STEVENSON.

DESERTED from Annapolis, on the 11th of this Instant February, from Capt. Harris's Recruiting Party, of the Ninth Regiment, William Evans, aged 36 Years, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, fresh Complexion, born in Gloucester in England, pretends to be a Doctor in curing Agues, Fevers and Fluxes, very much mark'd with the Small Pox. Had on an old blue Great Coat with yellow Metal Buttons, and is suppos'd to be gone to Calvert County. Whoever takes up the said Deserter, and returns him to Captain Harris at Annapolis, shall have Twenty Shillings Sterling Reward.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Beatty, near Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small dark Brown or Rusty Black Gelding, about 4 Years old, a small Star in his Forehead, part of his hind Feet white, a short Switch Tail, the Tip of his off Ear cut off, but has no perceivable Brand. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

CAME to the Plantation of Robert Owen, in Kittockton Hundred, Frederick County, about the End of October last, a Brindle STEER, has a Crop in the Left Ear, and Half a Crop and a Half Penny in the Right Ear, and is about three or four Years old. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday the first Day of April next, near Delaware-Bottom, in Anne-Arundel County, on the Premises, (Pursuant to the Will of Mr. John Oliver, Deceased) for Cash, or good Security, if required.

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND, situate and lying about 14 Miles from the Head of Patapsco, and two Miles from Delaware-Bottom, where the Deceased lately lived, containing 396 Acres (being three Plantations) whereon is a good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Quarters, Barn, Tobacco-Houses, and other Out-Houses; likewise two good Orchards, one of which consists of upwards of 500 good Fruit Trees. There is a good Deal of Meadow Ground, within good Fencing, and much more may be made.

Also Horses, Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep, Plantation Utensils, and Variety of Household Goods, of all Sorts, viz. Good Feather Beds, Looking-Glasses, Chairs, &c. &c.

THOMAS OLIVER, Executor.

The Sale to begin at XI o'Clock, and continue from Day to Day, till all is Sold.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER at his Store in Annapolis, very reasonably, for Cash.

CHOICE Barbados SPIRITS, Barbados, Antigua and New-England RUM by the Hog-head or Gallon, a Quantity of best New-York LOAF SUGAR, RAISINS by the Keg or Pound, fresh CHOCOLATE, GUNPOWDER and Small SHOT. NATHANIEL WATERS.

N. B. The Subscriber wants to purchase a Quantity of BEANS immediately. N. W.

To be SOLD at VENDUE at St. Leonard's-Creek-Town, in Calvert County, on Friday the 25th of February, for good London Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash.

ABOUT Three Hundred Pounds Cost of European and India GOODS. Credit will be given to the 20th of August next, without Interest, upon giving Security, if required. Invoice of said Goods may be seen at any Time before the Sale, by applying to ALEXANDER SOMERVELL.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday the 10th Day of March next, at Noon, for Sterling Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Currency.

THE Plantation where Mr. William Disney, Deceased, lately lived, about 4 Miles from London-Town, on the Road to Queen-Anne, whereon are a good Dwelling-House, Out-Houses, Bake-House, and a good Water Grist-Mill, with Bolting Cloth, and every Thing compleat for a Merchant Mill: There are 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground, and more may be made with little Trouble. The Plantation contains about 70 or 80 Acres, and the Title is indisputable. FRANCIS HANCE.

N. B. The Sale to be on the Premises.

ANNAPOLIS, February 10, 1763.

LYING in Hunger-River, Dorchester County, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, a SCHOONER which will carry about 26 or 2700 Bushels of GRAIN: She is well fitted, faithfully Built, and a prime Sailer, has made two Bay Trips only. For Terms, apply to SHADRACH FALLEN at the abovementioned Place, or JOHN BENNETT.

Port-Tobacco, January 31, 1763.

ANY Person qualified to take the Command of a large SEA SLOOP, and comes well recommended for his Sobriety, Industry, and Integrity, will meet with suitable Encouragement, by applying to JOHN HANSON, junior.

GLAIZ'D POWDER, and SALT, to be SOLD by the Subscriber in Annapolis. HENRY WARD.

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2 **WANTED**, a Young LAD as an Apprentice to Store-Keeping. Any one of a good Character, that would be willing to bind himself for three or four Years, may know the Terms by applying to the Printers hereof.

2 **ON** the 30th of December last, a certain *Matthew Collins*, a thick well set Fellow, about 35 Years of Age, and a Native of Ireland, left in the Possession of *Benjamin Jacobs*, living at *Unicorn Forge*, in *Queen-Anne's County*, a Brown Mare, about seven or eight Years old, 14 Hands high, paces and trots, has neither Brand nor Ear-mark, nor no particular natural Marks. From several concurring Circumstances, it is thought she is stolen.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

2 **STRAYED**, or **STOLEN**, about a Month ago, from the Subscriber, a dark Bay Mare, about 12½ Hands high, has a Star in her Forehead, branded on the near Buttock with S, the middle part of the S not plain. She was with Foal.

Whoever returns her, or gives Notice where she is, so that she may be had again, shall have Two Dollars Reward. **CHARLES RIDGLEY.**

TO BE SOLD for Gold or Silver,

3 **TRACT** of LAND call'd *Part of Jacob's Improv'd Purchase*, situate on *Curtis's Creek*, containing 280 Acres, well Timber'd with Pine for Plank, &c. about 5 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, Water Carriage, and good Landing, very good Water, with about 40 Acres of clear'd Land, a Dwelling-House, and Out-Houses.

For Title and Terms apply to *Mr. Greenbury Dorsey*, junior, living near *Susquehanna*, or to *Mr. Richard Jacobs*, near the Premises.

WILLIAM HENDERSON.

3 **RAN** away from the Subscriber, living at the *Vineyard* near *Annapolis*, on the 23d of *January* last, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas Smith*, he is a *Welshman*, and speaks but very little *English*. His Apparel was a brown Surtout Coat, a Kersey Vest, and Cotton ditto, Cotton and brown Cloth Breeches, and a Pair of Boots.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, shall receive **TEN POUNDS** Reward, beside what the Law allows, paid by

NATHAN LANE.

Queen-Anne's County, February 1, 1763.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Estate of *Capt. Matthew Dockery*, of *Queen-Anne's County*, Deceased, are requested to make speedy Payment, or they may expect to be dealt with according to Law; and all those who have any just Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts speedily, that they may be adjusted.

Likewise, all Persons that have borrowed Books, are desired to return them.

SARAH DOCKERY, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD,

3 **TRACT** of LAND call'd *Thurston's Neighbour*, lying on *Bynam's Branch*, near the Head of *Busb River*, in *Baltimore County*, containing about 1000 Acres. Any Person desirous of purchasing the above Tract of Land, may, upon Application to *Mr. Robert Alexander*, of *Baltimore-Town*, be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale. Sterling, or Gold and Silver at the current Rates, will be taken in Payment, as may best suit the Purchaser.

3 **ALL** Persons who have open Accounts on the Books of *Dr. Gustavus Brown*, late of *Charles County*, are desired to Discharge their several Debts; and those who have Claims against the aforesaid's Estate, are desired to bring them in that they may be paid. It is expected that those who cannot make immediate Payment, will settle their respective Accounts by Note, Bill, or Bond, with *Mr. Charles Love* of *Charles County*, who is empowered to Settle and Collect the same.

RICHARD BROWN, Executor.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by *Jonas Green* and *William Rind*, in *Charles-Street*. All Persons may be supplied with this **GAZETTE** at 12s. and 6d. per Year. **ADVERTISEMENTS** of a moderate Length are inserted for 5s. the First Week, and 1s. each Time after: And Long Ones in Proportion.

2 *Charles County, January 20, 1763.*

I HAVE LAND to LEASE, for several Tenants, for a considerable Number of Years: Also, Tobacco for Sale, or to let out on Interest, on giving Security, if required.

SAMUEL HANSON.

Piney-Branch, Prince-George's County, January 20.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to come and discharge the same immediately, or they may depend on being dealt with as the Law directs, without further Notice.

3 **WILLIAM SCOTT.**

Philadelphia, January 22, 1763.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS a certain *Charles Goldsmith*, a handsome young Man of about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, long light-colour'd Hair, commonly plaited; about 28 Years of Age; is remarkable for playing the *German Flute*, which he took with him; had a Cut across the Ball of his left Thumb, a little Pock-mark'd, is a Cabinet-maker by Trade: Had on when he went away, a new Coat and Jacket of superfine Cloth, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, a Pair of Stone Knee-Buckles, a new Beaver Hat, a blue Surtout Coat with a Velvet Collar, a black Cravat, and rode away a small Bay Mare.—He was last heard of, at one *Wagstaff's*, in *Baltimore, Maryland*.

N. B. As said *Goldsmith* has absented himself from his Bail, they are likely to suffer. Any Person that will arrest and take him, so as he may be brought to Justice, may depend on being paid the above Reward of *Twenty Dollars*, by the Subscriber or Subscribers hereof.—'Tis likely he will change his Name.—As it's said he is bound for *Carolina*, all Masters of Vessels are desired not to take him off, at their Peril.

3 **EDMUND MILNE,**

JAMES BENNETT.

GOOD West-India RUM by the Tierce, and **MUSCOVADO SUGAR** by the Barrel, and **Barrell'd BEEF**, to be SOLD very CHEAP by

4 **THOMAS RICHARDSON and Comp.**

January 21, 1763.

3 **STRAYED** or **STOLEN** from the Subscriber's Plantation on the 11th Instant, a likely bright Bay Horse, about 14½ Hands high, a large Star in his Forehead, a dark Mane and Tail, trots and gallops lightly, he is about 14 Years old, and not Branded: He was Bred by *Mr. Gaffaway Watkins* in *Anne-Arundel County*. Whoever brings the said Horse to me, living near *Benedict Town*, in *Charles County*, shall have a Pistole Reward; and if out of the Province Two Pistoles, paid by

4 **CORNELIUS DAVIES.**

TO BE SOLD,

A CHOICE Parcel of Land, being Part of a Tract of Land, call'd *Hunting Quarter*, containing 348 Acres, lying in *Anne-Arundel County*, Two Miles from *Snowden's* new Forge, Ten Miles from *Elk-Ridge* Landing, and 22 Miles from *Annapolis*; on which is a good Dwelling-House, and other Out-Houses, all in good Repair. For Tide and Terms apply to

5 **CHARLES GREENBURY RIDGELY.**

Prince-George's County, Jan. 10. 1763.

RAN away about the 8th Instant, from the Subscriber, an indentured Servant Man, whose Name, as he says, is *Jonathan Henry*, which he will probably change as soon as he gets over the Bay, as I suppose he is gone that Way. He carried with him a Female Child, in order, as he pretends, to leave with his Wife's Friends: He had on when he went away, a Holland Shirt, Leather Breeches, an old brown Great-Coat, &c.

Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to me, or to *William Reynolds* at *Annapolis*, shall have a **PISTOLE** Reward, besides what the Law allows

5 **SAMUEL DUVAL BECK.**

GOOD RUM to be SOLD at the New STILL-HOUSE in *Charles-Town*, and by **JAMES REITH** in *Annapolis*, at reasonable Rates.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Captain John Stinchcomb*, in the Forest of *Baltimore County*, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay or Brown Gelding, rather under the middle Size, has a small Sprig Tail, branded on the near Shoulder R, and on both Buttocks with a Patin Iron, and C in the Middle of it.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on *Wednesday the 16th of March next*, at the House of *Mr. Arthur Charlton*, in *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick County*,

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of *Mr. James Wardrop*, Deceased, all lying in *Frederick County*.

One Tract call'd *Partnership*, lying on the West Side of *Manockasy*, below the Upper Ford, ————— 280

One Ditto call'd *Dear Bought*, lying on a Draught of *Anti-Eatam*, near the Head of a Spring at *Thomas Anderson's* old Place, ————— 500

John's Delight, lying on a small Run call'd *Curry's Branch*, at the Foot of *Sbannendore Mountain*, near *Curry's Gap*, ————— 104

Piney Hill, lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of *Conococheague*, on the East Side of *Lick Run*, near *Patowmack River*, ————— 86

Brentford, lying near *John George Arnold's* on the West Side of the Road leading from *Conococheague* to *Frederick-Town*, ————— 35

For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Annapolis*, on the 28th of *Decemb.* last, a Convict Servant Man, named *Richard Stevens*, a *Profsian* Born, and Taylor by Trade, Speaks broken *English*, and very quick. He is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, naturally of a pale Complexion, but when he ran away, his Face was much bruised, and had black Eyes, occasioned by Fighting. He carried with him sundry very good Clothes, viz. a very good brown Broadcloth Coat and Waistcoat, trimmed with the same Colour, a violet blue Set of Cloth, with divers other Things too tedious to mention.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have **TEN POUNDS** Reward, paid by

JOHN DUCKER.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of Land, call'd *Jarboe's Rumble*, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head of *St. Mary's River*, in *St. Mary's County*: Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the Whole, or any Part thereof, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to

RICHARD WIMIATT.

N. B. The Payment, if agreeable to the Purchaser or Purchasers, may be made in Corn or Wheat, for one Third of their Purchase, the Remainder in Cash or Tobacco.

PIGG-IRON, to be SOLD by **BUCHANAN & HUGHES** in *Baltimore-Town*.

Annapolis, November 10, 1762.

WHEREAS several of the Officers and Men who composed the *Maryland Troops*, did not in *July* last (when *Lieutenant Colonel Dagworthy*, and *Dr. David Ross* attended at *Annapolis* and *Queen's-Town*, to pay away the Money, which in Pursuance of a Warrant from his Excellency *Sir Jeffery Amherst*, had been advanced to *Lieut. Colonel Dagworthy* for that Purpose) either personally appear, or by others apply for the Arrears of Pay due to them respectively; Notice is hereby given, that *Lieutenant Colonel Dagworthy* and *David Ross* will attend again at *Annapolis*, the Third Monday in *February* next, in order to settle Accounts with, and pay the Arrears due to such Persons as shall then apply to them, or send proper Powers to settle and receive what may be due to them respectively: And those who cannot attend themselves, are desired to have the Powers they give to others, to receive what may be due to them, regularly attested, and it is expected that those who shall apply for what is due to the Estates of such as are dead, will previously take out Letters of Administration in the Counties where it is most convenient for them to give Security.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XVIIIth Year.]

THURSDAY, February 24, 1763.

[N^o. 929.]

Preliminary Articles of PEACE, between His Britannick Majesty, the Most Christian King, and the Catholick King. Signed at Fontainebleau, the 3d Day of November, 1762.

IN THE NAME OF THE MOST HOLY TRINITY.



HE King of Great Britain, and the Most Christian King, animated with the reciprocal Desire to re-establish Union and good Understanding between Them, as well for the Good of Mankind in general, as for that of Their respective Kingdoms, States, and Subjects, having reflected, soon after the Rupture between Great Britain and Spain, on the State of the Negotiation of last Year, (which unhappily had not the desired Effect,) as well as on the Points in Dispute between the Crowns of Great Britain and Spain; Their Britannick and Most Christian Majesties began a Correspondence to endeavour to find Means to adjust the Differences subsisting between Their said Majesties. At the same Time, the Most Christian King having communicated to the King of Spain these happy Dispositions, His Catholick Majesty was animated with the same Zeal for the Good of Mankind, and That of His Subjects, and resolved to extend and multiply the Fruits of Peace by His Concurrence in such laudable Intentions. Their Britannick, Most Christian, and Catholick Majesties, having, in consequence, maturely considered all the above Points, as well as the different Events which have happened during the Course of the present Negotiation, have, by mutual Consent, agreed on the following Articles, which shall serve as a Basis to the future Treaty of Peace. For which Purpose, His Britannick Majesty has named and authorized, John Duke and Earl of Bedford, Marquess of Tavistock, &c. Minister of State of the King of Great Britain, Lieutenant General of his Forces, Keeper of His Privy Seal, Knight of the most Noble Order of the Garter, and His Britannick Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to His Most Christian Majesty; His Most Christian Majesty, Casar Gabriel de Choiseul, Duke of Praslin, Peer of France, Knight of the Most Christian King's Orders, Lieutenant General of His Forces, Councillor in all His Councils, and Minister and Secretary of State, of His Commands, and Finances; And His Catholick Majesty has likewise named and authorized, Dom Jerome Grimaldi, Marquis de Grimaldi, Knight of the Most Christian King's Orders, Gentleman of the Bed-Chamber to His Catholick Majesty in Employment, and His Ambassador Extraordinary to His Most Christian Majesty; who, after having duely communicated to each other Their Full Powers in good Form, have agreed on the following Articles.

ARTICLE I. As soon as the Preliminaries shall be signed and ratified, sincere Friendship shall be re-established between His Britannick Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty, and between His said Britannick Majesty and His Catholick Majesty, Their Kingdoms, States, and Subjects, by Sea, and by Land, in all Parts of the World. Orders shall be sent to the Armies and Squadrons, as well as to the Subjects, of the Three Powers, to stop all Hostilities, and to live in the most perfect Union, forgetting what has passed, of which their Sovereigns give them the Order and Example: And, for the Execution of this Article, Sea Passes shall be given, on each Side, for the Ships, which shall be dispatched to carry the News of it to the respective Possessions of the Three Powers.

ARTICLE II. His Most Christian Majesty renounces all Pretensions, which He has heretofore formed, or might have formed; to Nova Scotia, or Acadia, in all its Parts, and guaranties the Whole of it, with all its Dependencies, to the King of Great Britain: Moreover, His Most Christian Majesty cedes, and guaranties to His said Britannick Majesty, in full Right, Canada, with all its Dependencies, as well as the Island of Cap Breton, and all the other Islands, in the Gulph, and River of St. Laurence, without Restriction, and without any Liberty to depart from this Cession and Guaranty, under any Pretence, or to trouble Great Britain in the Possessions above-mentioned. His Britannick Majesty, on His Side, agrees to grant to the Inhabitants of Canada the Liberty of the Catholick Religion: He will, in consequence, give the most exact and the most effectual Orders, that His new Roman Catholick Subjects may profess the Worship of their Religion; according to the Rites of the Roman Church, as far as the Laws of Great Britain permit. His Britannick Majesty further agrees, that the French Inhabitants, or others who would have been Subjects of the Most Christian King in Canada, may retire, in all Safety and Freedom, wherever they please; and may sell their Estates, provided it be to His Britannick Majesty's Subjects, and transport their Effects, as well as their Persons, without being restrained in their Emigration, under any Pretence whatsoever, except Debts, or Criminal Prosecutions: The Term limited for this Emigration, being fixed to the Space of Eighteen Months, to be computed from the Day of the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty.

ARTICLE III. The Subjects of France shall have the Liberty of Fishing and Drying, on a Part of the Coasts of the Island of Newfoundland, such as is specified in the XIIIth Article of the Treaty of Utrecht; which Article shall be confirmed and renewed by the approaching Definitive Treaty, (except what regards the Island of Cap Breton, as well as the other Islands in the Mouth and in the Gulph of St. Laurence:) And His Britannick Majesty consents to leave to the Most Christian King's Subjects the Liberty to fish in the Gulph of St. Laurence, on condition that the Subjects of France do not exercise the said Fishery, but at the Distance of Three Leagues from all the Coasts belonging to Great Britain, as well Those of the Continent, as Those of the Islands situated in the said Gulph of St. Laurence: And as to what relates to the Fishery out of the said Gulph, His Most Christian Majesty's Subjects shall not exercise the Fishery, but at the Distance of Fifteen Leagues from the Coasts of the Island of Cap Breton.

ARTICLE IV. The King of Great Britain cedes the Islands of St. Peter and of Miquelon, in full Right, to His Most Christian Majesty, to serve as a Shelter for the French Fishermen; And His said Majesty obliges himself, on his Royal Word, not to fortify the said Islands; to erect no Buildings there but merely for the Conveniency of the Fishery; and to keep there only a Guard of Fifty Men for the Police.

ARTICLE V. The Town and Port of Dunkirk shall be put into the State fixed by the last Treaty of Aix la Chapelle, and by former Treaties: The Cunette shall remain as it now is, provided that the English Engineers, named by His Britannick Majesty, and received at Dunkirk by Order of His Most Christian Majesty, verify, that this Cunette is only of Use for the Wholsomeness of the Air, and the Health of the Inhabitants.

ARTICLE VI. In order to re-establish Peace on the most solid and lasting Foundations, and to remove for ever every Subject of Dispute with regard to the Limits of the British and French Territories on the Continent of America; It is agreed, that, for the future, the Confines between the Dominions of His Britannick Majesty, and those of His Most Christian Majesty, in that Part of the World, shall be irrevocably fixed by a Line drawn along the Middle of the River Mississippi, from its Source, as far as the River Iberville, and from thence, by a Line drawn along the Middle of this River, and of the Lakes Maurepas and Pontchartrain, to the Sea; and to this Purpose, the Most Christian King cedes in full Right, and guaranties to His Britannick Majesty, the River and Port of Mobile, and every Thing that He possesses, or ought to have possessed, on the left Side of the River Mississippi, except the Town of New Orleans, and the Island in which it is situated, which shall remain to France; provided that the Navigation of the River Mississippi, shall be equally free, as well to the Subjects of Great Britain, as to those of France, in its whole Breadth and Length, from its Source to the Sea, and that Part expressly, which is between the said Island of New Orleans, and the Right Bank of that River, as well as the Passage both in and out of its Mouth: It is further stipulated, that the Vessels belonging to the Subjects of either Nation, shall not be stopped, visited, or subjected to the Payment of any Duty whatsoever. The Stipulations, in Favour of the Inhabitants of Canada, inserted in the second Article, shall also take Place, with regard to the Inhabitants of the Countries ceded by this Article.

ARTICLE VII. The King of Great Britain shall restore to France the Islands of Guadeloupe, of Mariegalante, of Desirade, of Martinique, and of Belleisle, and the Fortresses of these Islands shall be restored in the same Condition they were in, when they were conquered by the British Arms; provided that the Term of Eighteen Months, to be computed from the Day of the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, shall be granted to His Britannick Majesty's Subjects, who may have settled in the said Islands, and other Places restored to France by the Definitive Treaty, to sell their Estates, recover their Debts, and to transport their Effects, as well as their Persons, without being restrained, on account of their Religion, or under any other Pretence whatsoever, except that of Debts, or of Criminal Prosecutions.

ARTICLE VIII. The Most Christian King cedes and guaranties to His Britannick Majesty, in full Right, the Islands of Granada, and the Grenadines, with the same Stipulations in Favour of the Inhabitants of this Colony; as are inserted in the IIIrd Article for those of

Canada: And the Partition of the Islands called Neutral, is agreed and fixed, so that those of *St. Vincent, Dominica, and Tobago*, shall remain in full Right to *England*, and that That of *St. Lucia* shall be delivered to *France*, to enjoy the same in like Manner in full Right: The two Crowns reciprocally guarantying to each other the Partition so stipulated.

ARTICLE IX. His *Britannick* Majesty shall restore to *France* the Island of *Gorée* in the Condition it was in when conquered: And His Most *Christian* Majesty cedes in full Right, and guaranties to the King of *Great Britain, Senegal*.

ARTICLE X. In the *East Indies, Great Britain* shall restore to *France* the several *Comptoirs*, which that Crown had, on the Coast of *Coromandel*, as well as on that of *Malabar*, and also in *Bengal*, at the Commencement of Hostilities between the two Companies in the Year 1749, in the Condition in which they now are, on Condition that His Most *Christian* Majesty renounces the Acquisitions which he has made on the Coast of *Coromandel*, since the said Commencement of Hostilities between the two Companies in the Year 1749.

His Most *Christian* Majesty, on His Side, shall restore, all that He shall have conquered from *Great Britain*, in the *East Indies*, during the present War; and He also engages not to erect any Fortifications, or to keep any Troops in *Bengal*.

ARTICLE XI. The Island of *Minorca* shall be restored to His *Britannick* Majesty, as well as Fort *St. Philip*, in the same Condition they were in, when they were conquered by the Arms of the Most *Christian* King; and with the Artillery that was there at the taking of the said Island, and of the said Fort.

ARTICLE XII. *France* shall restore all the Countries belonging to the Electorate of *Hanover*, to the Landgrave of *Hesse*, to the Duke of *Brunswick*, and to the Count of *La Lippe Buckebourg*, which are, or shall be occupied by the Arms of His Most *Christian* Majesty: The Fortresses of these different Countries shall be restored in the same Condition they were in, when they were conquered by the *French* Arms; And the Pieces of Artillery, which shall have been carried elsewhere, shall be replaced by the same Number, of the same Bore, Weight, and Metal: As to what regards Hostages exacted or given, during the War, to this Day, they shall be sent back without Ransom.

ARTICLE XIII. After the Ratification of the Preliminaries, *France* shall evacuate, as soon as it can be done, the Fortresses of *Cleves, Wesel, and Guelders*, and in general all the Countries belonging to the King of *Prussia*; and, at the same Time, the *British* and *French* Armies shall evacuate all the Countries which they occupy, or may then occupy, in *Westphalia, Lower Saxony, on the Lower Rhine, the Upper Rhine*, and in all the Empire; and each shall retire into the Dominions of Their respective Sovereigns: And Their *Britannick*, and Most *Christian* Majesties further engage, and promise, not to furnish any Succour, of any Kind, to their respective Allies, who shall continue engaged in the present War in *Germany*.

ARTICLE XIV. The Towns of *Ostend* and *Nieuport* shall be evacuated by His Most *Christian* Majesty's Troops, immediately after the Signature of the present Preliminaries.

ARTICLE XV. The Decision of the Prizes made on the *Spaniards* by the Subjects of *Great Britain*, in Time of Peace, shall be referred to the Courts of Justice of the Admiralty of *Great Britain*, conformably to the Rules established among all Nations, so that the Validity of the said Prizes, between the *British* and *Spanish* Nations, shall be decided and judged, according to the Law of Nations, and according to Treaties, in the Courts of Justice of the Nation, who shall have made the Capture.

ARTICLE XVI. His *Britannick* Majesty shall cause all the Fortifications to be demolished, which His Subjects shall have erected in the Bay of *Honduras*, and other Places of the Territory of *Spain* in that Part of the World, four Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty: And His *Catholic* Majesty shall not, for the future, suffer the Subjects of His *Britannick* Majesty, or Their Workmen, to be disturbed, or molested, under any Pretence whatsoever, in their Occupation of Cutting, Loading, and carrying away Logwood, and for this Purpose, they may build without Hindrance, and occupy without Interruption, the Houses, and Magazines, necessary for them, for their Families, and for their Effects; and His said *Catholic* Majesty assures to them, by this Article, the entire Enjoyment of what is above stipulated.

ARTICLE XVII. His *Catholic* Majesty desists from all Pretensions which he may have formed to the Right of Fishing about the Island of *Newfoundland*.

ARTICLE XVIII. The King of *Great Britain* shall restore to *Spain* all that He has conquered in the Island of *Cuba*, with the Fortresses of the *Havana*; and that Fortreis, as well as all the other Fortresses of the said Island, shall be restored in the same Condition they were in when they were conquered by his *Britannick* Majesty's Arms.

ARTICLE XIX. In consequence of the Restitution stipulated in the preceding Article, His *Catholic* Majesty cedes and guaranties, in full Right, to His *Britannick* Majesty, all that *Spain* possesses on the Continent of *North America*, to the East, or to the South East, of the River *Mississippi*. And His *Britannick* Majesty agrees to grant to the Inhabitants of this Country, above ceded, the Liberty of the *Catholic* Religion: He will, in consequence, give the most exact and the most effectual Orders, that His new *Roman Catholic* Subjects may profess the Worship of their Religion according to the Rites of the *Roman* Church, as far as the Laws of *Great Britain* permit. His *Britannick* Majesty farther agrees, that the *Spanish* Inhabitants, or others who would have been Subjects of the *Catholic* King in the said Countries, may retire, in all Safety and Freedom, wherever they please; and may sell their Estates, provided it be to His *Britannick* Majesty's Subjects, and transport their Effects, as well as their Persons, without being restrained in their Emigration, under any Pretence whatsoever, except Debts, or Criminal Prosecutions: The Term, limited for this Emigration, being fixed to the Space of Eighteen Months, to be computed from the Day of the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty. It is further stipulated, that His *Catholic* Majesty shall have Power to cause all the Effects, that belong to Him, either Artillery, or others, to be carried away.

ARTICLE XX. The King of *Portugal*, His *Britannick* Majesty's Ally, is expressly included in the present Preliminary Articles. And Their Most *Christian* and *Catholic* Majesties engage to re-establish the ancient Peace and Friendship between Them and His most *Faithful* Majesty: And They promise,

1st. That there shall be a total Cessation of Hostilities between the Crowns of *Spain* and *Portugal*, and between the *Spanish* and *French* Troops, on the one Side, and the *Portuguese* Troops, and Those of their Allies, on the other, immediately after the Ratification of these Preliminaries: And that there shall be a like Cessation of Hostilities between the respective Forces of the Most *Christian* and *Catholic* Kings, on the one Part, and those of the Most *Faithful* King, on the other, in all Parts of the World, as well by Sea as by Land; which Cessation shall be fixed on the same Epochs, and under the same Conditions, as That between *Great Britain, France, and Spain*, and shall continue till the Conclusion of the Definitive Treaty between *Great Britain, France, Spain, and Portugal*.

2^d. That all His Most *Faithful* Majesty's Fortresses, and Countries, in *Europe*, which shall have been conquered by the *Spanish* and *French* Armies, shall be restored in the same Condition they were in when they were conquered: And that, with regard to the *Portuguese* Colonies in *America*, or elsewhere, if any Change shall have happened in them, all Things shall be put again on the same Footing they were before the present War. And the Most *Faithful* King shall be invited to accede to the present Preliminary Articles as soon as shall be possible.

ARTICLE XXI. All the Countries and Territories, which may have been conquered, in any Part of the World whatsoever, by the Arms of Their *Britannick* and Most *Faithful* Majesties, as well as by Those of Their Most *Christian* and *Catholic* Majesties, which are not included in the present Articles, either under the Title of Cessions, or under the Title of Restitutions, shall be restored without Difficulty, and without requiring Compensations.

ARTICLE XXII. As it is necessary to assign a fixed Epoch for the Restitutions, and the Evacuations, to be made by each of the High Contracting Parties, it is agreed, that the *British* and *French* Troops shall proceed, immediately after the Ratification of the Preliminaries, to the Evacuation of the Countries which they occupy in the Empire, or elsewhere, conformably to the XIIth and XIIIth Articles.

The Island of *Belleisle* shall be evacuated Six Weeks after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, or sooner if it can be done. *Guadeloupe, Desfrade, Mariegalante, Martinico, and St. Lucia*, Three Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, or sooner if it can be done.

Great Britain shall likewise, at the End of Three Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, or sooner if it can be done, enter into Possession of the River and of the Port of *Mobile*, and of all that is to form the Limits of the Territory of *Great Britain*, on the Side of the River *Mississippi*, as they are specified in the VIth Article.

The Island of *Gorée* shall be evacuated by *Great Britain*, Three Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty; And the Island of *Minorca* by *France*, at the same Epoch, or sooner if it can be done. And according to the Conditions of the IVth Article, *France* shall also enter into Possession of the Islands of *St. Peter*, and of *Miquelon*, at the End of Three Months.

The *Comptoirs* in the *East Indies* shall be restored Six Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, or sooner if it can be done. The Island of *Cuba*, with the Fortreis of the *Havana*, shall be restored, Three Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, or sooner if it can be done: And, at the same Time, *Great Britain* shall enter into Possession of the Country ceded by *Spain* according to the XIXth Article.

All the Fortresses, and Countries, of His Most *Faithful* Majesty, in *Europe*, shall be restored immediately after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty: And the *Portuguese* Colonies, which may have been conquered, shall be restored in the Space of Three Months in the *West Indies*, and of Six Months in the *East Indies*, after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, or sooner if it can be done.

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In consequence whereof, the necessary Orders shall be sent by each of the High Contracting Parties, with reciprocal Passports for the Ships which shall carry them, immediately after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty.

ARTICLE XXIII. All the Treaties, of what Nature soever, which existed, before the present War, as well between Their *Britannick* and Most *Christian* Majesties, as between Their *Britannick* and *Catholick* Majesties, as also between any of the above-named Powers and His Most *Faithful* Majesty, shall be, as they are in effect, renewed, and confirmed, in all their Points, which are not derogated from by the present Preliminary Articles, notwithstanding whatever may have been stipulated to the contrary by any of the High Contracting Parties: And all the said Parties declare, that They will not suffer any Privilege, Favour, or Indulgence, to subsist, contrary to the Treaties above confirmed.

ARTICLE XXIV. The Prisoners made respectively by the Arms of Their *Britannick*, Most *Christian*, *Catholick*, and Most *Faithful* Majesties, by Land, and by Sea, shall be restored reciprocally, and *bonâ fide*, after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, without Ransom, paying the Debts they shall have contracted during their Captivity. And each Crown shall respectively pay the Advances which shall have been made for the Subsistence and Maintenance of their Prisoners, by the Sovereign of the Country where they shall have been detained, according to the Receipts and attested Accounts, and other authentick Titles which shall be furnished on each Side.

ARTICLE XXV. In order to prevent all Causes of Complaints, and Disputes, which may arise, on Account of Ships, Merchandizes, and other Effects, which may be taken by Sea, It is reciprocally agreed, that the Ships, Merchandizes, and Effects, which may be taken in the Channel, and in the North Seas, after the Space of Twelve Days, to be computed from the Ratification of the present Preliminary Articles, shall be reciprocally restored on each Side.

That the Term shall be Six Weeks for the Prizes taken, from the Channel, the *British* Seas, and the North Seas, as far as the *Canary* Islands inclusively, either in the Ocean, or in the *Mediterranean*.

Three Months, from the said *Canary* Islands as far as the Equinoctial Line, or Equator.

Lastly, Six Months, beyond the said Equinoctial Line, or Equator, and in all other Parts of the World, without any Exception, of other more particular Description of Time and Place.

ARTICLE XXVI. The Ratifications of the present Preliminary Articles shall be expedited in good and due Form, and exchanged in the Space of one Month, or sooner if it can be done, to be computed from the Day of the Signature of the present Articles.

In Witness whereof, We the under-written Ministers Plenipotentiary of His *Britannick* Majesty, of His Most *Christian* Majesty, and of His *Catholick* Majesty, in Virtue of Our respective Full Powers, have signed the present Preliminary Articles, and have caused the Seal of Our Arms to be put thereto.

Done at *Fontainebleau*, the Third Day of *November*, 1762.

BEDFORD, G. P. S.
(L. S.)

CHOISEUL, Duc
DE PRASLIN.
(L. S.)

EL MARQ. DE
GRIMALDI.
(L. S.)

DECLARATION, signed at *Fontainebleau*, the 3d of *November*, 1762, by the *French* Plenipotentiary, relating to the XIIIth Article of the Preliminaries.

HIS Most *Christian* Majesty declares, that, in agreeing to the XIIIth Article of the Preliminaries, signed this Day, He does not mean to renounce the Right of acquitting His Debts to His Allies; and that the Remittance, which may be made on His Part, in order to acquit the Arrears that may be due on the Subsidies of preceding Years, are not to be considered as an Infraction of the said Article.

In Witness whereof, I, the under-written Minister Plenipotentiary of His Most *Christian* Majesty, have signed the present Declaration, and have caused the Seal of my Arms to be put thereto.

Done at *Fontainebleau*, the Third Day of *November*, 1762.

(L. S.) CHOISEUL, Duc DE PRASLIN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 16.

THERE has been a dangerous Sedition at Belgrade. The *Bashaw*, or Governor of the Town, a very just and sensible Man, seeing the People daily strip of their Money, under the most frivolous Pretences, by the fordid Greediness of some Janissaries (who carried their venacious Tyranny to such a Pitch, as almost intirely to eradicate the Commerce of *Serbia*) took the most sage Measures to put a Stop to their Roguery. Some Janissaries, getting Scent of his Design, immediately founded the Tocsin, formed themselves in a Body, drew their Scimitars, and vowed Destruction on the *Bashaw*. They put in March with great Fury, followed by an immense Populace, towards the Palace of the respectable Governor; but that upright Man had foreseen all. Other Janissaries, in greater Number than the preceding, influenced either by Love, Duty, or Rewards, defeated the factious Party, of whom a Part has been strangled, and the rest cast into Prison, &c. This Conduct of the *Bashaw* has been so agreeable to the Sultan, that he has sent him a Prefect of a superb Mantle. The Ravages of the Plague are not yet ceased, either here or at *Smyrna*.

LONDON, December 11.

Yesterday there were very full Houses of both Lords and Commons, to consider of the Preliminary Articles of Peace agreed to between Great-Britain, France and Spain; when several eloquent Speeches were made on the Occasion.

The House of Peers sat on Thursday Night till after Ten o'Clock, and the House of Commons till near Twelve.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the House of Peers waited on His Majesty with their congratulatory Address, on his agreeing to the Preliminaries of Peace; and received a most gracious Answer.

And this Day the Hon. House of Commons waits on His Majesty at St. James's, with their Address on the same Occasion.

The Majesty, with regard to the important Question, in a certain august Assembly, on Thursday, was 319 to 65; and in a Division Yesterday, 230 to 63.

We hear that a Body of 12,000 Land Forces will be kept on Foot in America, to consist of 15 Regiments of Regulars, at the Pay of Great-Britain, and 10 Regiments of Provincials, in the Pay of the Colonies.

It is also reported that 33 Regiments of Foot will be disbanded, and only 72 kept on Foot, and Col. Montgomery's, and Col. Fraser's Highlanders, substituted in the Room of the 3d and 4th Battalions of the Royal American Regiment; and that each Company of the Regiments kept standing, will be reduced to 40 Men, those of the Foot Guards to 55; and the Second Lieutenants put on Half Pay.

They have begun to discharge 16 Men out of each Company in the Three Regiments of Foot Guards, being the Men allotted to serve Three Years, or while the War continued.

ANNAPOLIS, February 24.

By an Express Boat last Friday, his Excellency our Governor received from *Virginia*, the Preliminary Articles of Peace (of which the foregoing is a very exact Copy) Published by Authority, and brought in thither by one of his Majesty's Ships.

A few Days ago, as a Negro Fellow was Rowing in the Bow of a Boat in *Severn*, the Thole-Pin broke, and he fell overboard, and was Drowned.

(We are obliged to omit some Advertisements this Week.)

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, Administrator on the Estate of Mr. William Chapman, late of London-Town, Merchant, Deceased, on Wednesday the 13th Day of April next, at the House of Mr. Henry Galloway in *Annapolis*,

A CHOICE Parcel of Country BORN SLAVES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN; for Sterling Cash, or Good London Bills of Exchange. The Sale to begin at II o'Clock in the Afternoon. / WILLIAM CHAPMAN.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE on Monday the 9th Day of May next, pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of *Virginia*, for enlarging the Town of *Alexandria*,

FIFTY-EIGHT Lots, or Half Acres of Land. This Town is beautifully situated near the Falls of *Potowmack*, one of the finest Rivers in *North-America*; it affords good Navigation for the largest Ships in *Europe*, up to the Town, where there is an excellent Harbour. The Country back is very extensive, and the Soil capable of producing Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Flax, Hemp, &c. in great Perfection.

It's equal Convenience for Transporting any Commodity to the Waters of the *Ohio*, is obvious to any one that will give themselves the Trouble of examining the Draughts of the Country.

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 19th Day of April next ensuing, at *Alexandria*, being Court-Day.

TWO LOTS, or one Acre, in the said Town, known by the Name of the Long Ordinary, consisting of one Dwelling-house, about 90 Feet long, and 24 wide. Six Rooms below, all with Fire-places, and Six Rooms above; a good Cellar, Kitchen, Meat-House, &c. The whole well paved in, with a Garden distinct.

At the same Time is to be SOLD, One LOT, with a good neat Brick House, about 36 Feet by 24; a good Cellar, Kitchen, and other Out-houses; the Lot is well paved in. They are both well accustomed Public Houses.

Any Person inclinable to purchase before the Time, may know the Terms, by applying to

CARLETT and DARTON.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on the First Tuesday in March next, if Fair, or first Fair Day after, on the Premises, for good Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash.

TWO Valuable Tracts of LAND in One Plantation, lying in *Anne-Arundel* County, near the Head of *Severn* River, about five Miles from *Indian-Landing*, and fifteen from *Annapolis*, whereon is a good Stone Dwelling-House 40 Feet by 20, a large Cellar under it, a good Stone Kitchen 24 Feet by 18, Tobacco Houses, a Barn with a good Threshing Floor, a Corn House, Milk-House, Stable, and other Out-Houses very convenient, a new paved Garden 100 Feet square with Mulberry Posts, two large Apple Orchards of very good Fruit and bears yearly, a large young Peach Orchard, Quince Orchard, & almost all Sorts of Country Fruit, 20 odd Bushels of Wheat well sowed, 8 Bushels of Rye sowed, all in good Fence, another large Field well inclosed for Indian Corn, the best Part of it Flushed up last Fall; the Plantation in fine Order for Farming: The two Tracts of Land contain 350 Acres, on which there is about 130 Acres of good Wood Land, well Timber'd. There will be several other Things to be Sold on the Day of Sale, such as Sheep, Hogs, Andirons, a good Cart well Iron'd, &c.

The Title and Terms may be known, by applying to

FRANCIS DAVIS.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Plantation of the late John Elliott, Deceased, in *Anne-Arundel* County, near *Queen-Anne* Town, on Monday the Seventh of March, at XI o'Clock, if Fair, or first Fair Day after, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash.

SUNDRY Likely Young Country-BORN SLAVES, Plantation Utensils, STOCK, and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Also One Hundred ACRES of LAND called *Waterford*, lying on *Potowmack* River, in the same County. All Persons Indebted to the said Estate are desired to make speedy Payment, that the Debts due from the same may be adjusted as soon as possible.

RUTH ELLIOTT, Administratrix.
THOMAS ELLIOTT, Administrator.

George-Town, Frederick County, Feb. 7, 1763.
THE Subscriber Chuses to inform his Friends in and about Marlborough, Piscataway, &c. That he intends (God willing) to be down early in the Spring to inoculate as usual, according to Promise: He has inoculated Numbers with very good Success, and hopes to the Satisfaction of all that Employ'd him. He has Reason to suspect that low Insinuations have been propagated thro' a View of prejudicing his Character. Characters are very Delicate; therefore would advise a certain Gentleman to be more Cautious. I hate Snarling Currs. I always have and ever shall despise the Puppy in the Manger.
 HENRY STEVENSON.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
 on Friday the first Day of April next, near Delaware-Bottom, in Anne-Arundel County, on the Premises, (Pursuant to the Will of Mr. John Oliver; Deceased) for Cash, or good Security, if required.

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND, situate and lying about 14 Miles from the Head of Patuxco, and two Miles from Delaware-Bottom, where the Deceased lately lived, containing 396 Acres (being three Plantations) whereon is a good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Quarters, Barn, Tobacco-Houses, and other Out-Houses; likewise two good Orchards, one of which consists of upwards of 500 good Fruit Trees. There is a good Deal of Meadow Ground, within good Fencing, and much more may be made.
 Also Horses, Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep, Plantation Utensils, and Variety of Household Goods, of all Sorts, viz. Good Feather Beds, Looking-Glasses, Chairs, &c. &c.
 THOMAS OLIVER, Executor.

The Sale to begin at XI o'Clock, and continue from Day to Day, 'till all is Sold.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER at his Store in Annapolis, very reasonably, for Cash,

CHOICE Barbados SPIRITS, Barbados, Antigua and New-England RUM by the Hog-head or Gallon, a Quantity of best New York LOAF SUGAR, RAISINS by the Keg or Pound, fresh CHOCOLATE, GUNPOWDER and Small SHOT.
 NATHANIEL WATERS.

N. B. The Subscriber wants to purchase a Quantity of BEANS immediately. N. W.

To be SOLD at VENDUE at St. Leonard's-Creek-Town, in Calvert County, on Friday the 25th of February, for good London Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Cash,

ABOUT Three Hundred Pounds Cost of European and India GOODS. Credit will be given to the 20th of August next, without Interest, upon giving Security, if required. Invoice of said Goods may be seen at any Time before the Sale, by applying to
 ALEXANDER SOMERVELL.

Port Tobacco, January 31, 1763.

ANY Person qualified to take the Command of a large SEA SLOOP, and comes well recommended for his Sobriety, Industry, and Integrity, will meet with suitable Encouragement, by applying to
 JOHN HANSON, junior.

WANTED, a Young LAD as an Apprentice to Store-Keeping. Any one of a good Character, that would be willing to bind himself for three or four Years, may know the Terms by applying to the Printers hereof.

ANNAPOLIS, February 10, 1763.

LYING in Hunger-River, Dorchester County, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, a SCHOONER which will carry about 26 or 2700 Bushels of GRAIN: She is well fitted, faithfully Built, and a prime Sailer, has made two Bay Trips only. For Terms, apply to SHADRACH FALLEN at the abovementioned Place, or JOHN BENNETT.

GLAZ'D POWDER, and SALT, to be SOLD by the Subscriber in Annapolis.
 HENRY WARD.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
 on Thursday the 10th Day of March next, at Noon, for Sterling Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Currency.

THE Plantation where Mr. William Disney Deceased, lately lived, about 4 Miles from London-Town, on the Road to Queen-Anne, whereon are a good Dwelling-House, Out-Houses, Bake-House, and a good Water Grist Mill, with Bolt ing Cloth, and every Thing compleat for a Merchant Mill: There are 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground, and more may be made with little Trouble.
 The Plantation contains about 70 or 80 Acres, and the Title is indisputable. FRANCIS HANCE.
 N. B. The Sale to be on the Premises.

January 25, 1763.

ON the 30th of December last, a certain *black* *theow* Collins, a thick well set Fellow, about 35 Years of Age, and a Native of Ireland, left in the Possession of Benjamin Jacobs, living at Unicorn Forge, in Queen-Anne's County, a Brown Mare, about seven or eight Years old, 14 Hands high, paces and trots, has neither Brand nor Ear mark, nor no particular natural Marks. From several concurring Circumstances, it is thought she is stolen.
 The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To BE SOLD for Gold or Silver,
ATRACT of LAND call'd Part of Jacob's Improv'd Purchase, situate on Curtis's Creek, containing 280 Acres, well Timber'd with Pine for Plank, &c. about 5 Miles from Baltimore Town. Water Carriage, and good Landing, very good Water, with about 40 Acres of clear'd Land, a Dwelling-House, and Out-Houses.
 For Title and Terms apply to Mr. Greenbury Dorsey, junior, living near Salguebanna, or to Mr. Richard Jacobs, near the Premises.
 WILLIAM HENDERSON.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at the Vineyard near Annapolis, on the 23d of January last, a Convict Servant Man named Thomas Smith, he is a Welchman, and speaks but very little English. His Apparel was a brown Surtout Coat, a Kersey Vest, and Cotton ditto, Cotton and brown Cloth Breeches, and a Pair of Boots. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, shall receive TEN POUNDS Reward, beside what the Law allows, paid by
 NATHAN LANE.

To BE SOLD,
ATRACT of LAND call'd Thurston's Neighbour, lying on Bynam's Branch, near the Head of Bush River, in Baltimore County, containing about 1000 Acres. Any Person desirous of purchasing the above Tract of Land, may, upon Application to Mr. Robert Alexander, of Baltimore-Town, be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale. Sterling, or Gold and Silver at the current Rates, will be taken in Payment, as may best suit the Purchaser.

Philadelphia, January 22, 1763.
TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS a certain Charles Goldsmith, a handsome young Man of about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, long light-colour'd Hair, commonly plaited; about 28 Years of Age; is remarkable for playing the German Flute, which he took with him; had a Cut across the Ball of his left Thumb, a little Pock-mark'd, is a Cabinet-maker by Trade: Had on when he went away, a new Coat and Jacket of superfine Cloth, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, a Pair of Stone Kne-Buckles, a new Beaver Hat, a blue Surtout Coat with a Velvet Collar, a black Cravat, and rode away a small Bay Mare.—He was last heard of, at one Wagstaff's, in Baltimore, Maryland.
 N. B. As said Goldsmith has absented himself from his Bail, they are likely to suffer. Any Person that will arrest and take him, so as he may be brought to Justice, may depend on being paid the above Reward of Twenty Dollars, by the Subscriber or Subscribers hereof.—'Tis likely he will change his Name.—As it's said he is bound for Carolina, all Masters of Vessels are desired not to take him off, at their Peril. EDMUND MILNE,
 JAMES BENNETT.

To BE SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,
ATRACT of Land, call'd Jarboe's Run, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head of St. Mary's River, in St. Mary's County: Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the Whole, or any Part thereof, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to
 RICHARD WEMMERT.
 N. B. The Payment, if agreeable to the Purchaser or Purchasers, may be made in Corn or Wheat, for one Third of their Purchase, the Remainder in Cash or Tobacco.

WHOEVER takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward, paid by
 JOHN DUCKETT.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,
ATRACT of Land, call'd Jarboe's Run, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head of St. Mary's River, in St. Mary's County: Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the Whole, or any Part thereof, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to
 RICHARD WEMMERT.
 N. B. The Payment, if agreeable to the Purchaser or Purchasers, may be made in Corn or Wheat, for one Third of their Purchase, the Remainder in Cash or Tobacco.

GOOD RUM to be SOLD at the New STILL-HOUSE in Charles-Town, and by JAMES REITH in Annapolis, at reasonable Rates.

PIGG-IRON, to be SOLD by BEECHANAN & HUGHES in Baltimore-Town.

ALL Persons who have open Accounts on the Books of Dr. Gifford Brown, late of Charles County, are desired to Discharge their several Debts; and those who have Claims against the aforesaid's Estate, are desired to bring them in that they may be paid. It is expected that those who cannot make immediate Payment, will settle their respective Accounts by Note, Bill, or Bond, with Mr. Charles Love of Charles County, who is empowered to Settle and Collect the same.
 RICHARD BROWN, Executor.

Piney-Branch, Prince-George's County, January 20.
ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to come and discharge the same immediately, or they may depend on being dealt with as the Law directs, without further Notice.
 WILLIAM SCOTT.

To BE SOLD,
ACHOICE Parcel of Land, being Part of a Tract of Land, call'd Hunting Quarter, containing 348 Acres, lying in Anne-Arundel County, Two Miles from Snowden's new Forge, Ten Miles from E & R Ridge Landing, and 22 Miles from Annapolis; on which is a good Dwelling-House, and other Out-Houses, all in good Repair. For Title and Terms apply to
 CHARLES GREENBURY RIDGELY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the 16th of March next, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick Town, in Frederick County,

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Estate of Mr. James Wardrop, Deceased, all lying in Frederick County.
 One Tract call'd Partnership, lying on the West Side of Manockaty, below the Upper Ford, 280
 One Ditto call'd Dear Bought, lying on a Draught of Anti-Eastam, near the head of a Spring at Thomas Anderson's old Place, 500
 John's Delight, lying on a small Run call'd Curry's Branch, at the Foot of Shancock's Mountain, near Curry's Gap, 104
 Piney Hill, lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of Conococheague, on the East Side of Lick Run, near Patowmack River, 86
 Brentford, lying near John George Arnold's on the West Side of the Road leading from Conococheague to Frederick-Town, 15
 For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to
 JAMES DICK.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Annapolis, on the 28th of Decemb. last, a Convict Servant Man, named Richard Stevens, a Profane Born, and Taylor by Trade, Speaks broken English, and very quick. He is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, naturally of a pale Complexion, but when he ran away, his Face was much bruis'd, and had black Eyes, occasioned by Fighting. He carried with him fondry very good Clothes, a very good brown Broadcloth Coat and Waistcoat, trimmed with the same Colour, a violet blue Set of Cloth, with divers other Things too tedious to mention.
 Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward, paid by
 JOHN DUCKETT.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,
ATRACT of Land, call'd Jarboe's Run, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head of St. Mary's River, in St. Mary's County: Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the Whole, or any Part thereof, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to
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