

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1772.

V E N I C E, March 14.



SLAVONIAN merchant hired two porters to work on his fish-pond, and, after dismissing them in the evening, and giving them orders to come to work again next morning, he missed his purse. On their coming in the morning he accused them of the robbery, which they denying, he ordered a cauldron of water to be boiled, into which he threw a piece of iron, and holding his pistol at the throat of one of the workmen, ordered him to take it out, saying, if he was innocent, he would be unhurt. The poor wretch, obliged to obey, took it out, but his arm was in such a miserable state, that the nails came off his fingers, and he was almost dead; on which the merchant said he was satisfied he was guilty, and should be punished for it. This affair coming to the ears of the Magistracy, they have ordered the barbarous Slavonian merchant to be arrested, who will be punished for his monstrous barbarity.

CRACOW, March 15. The King's Uhlans took 29 Lithuanian Confederates the 12th of this month, near Kawina, who were going to Tyniec, and some hours afterwards they took seven more; among these prisoners is one of the Confederates Counsellors, three Captains of Horse, and two under officers, all young unexperienced men. The Confederates Under Marshals, Walewski, Radzimenski, Dzierzbicki, Prince Sapielba, Czazy, Littecolki, Koscacowski, and others, resolved the next day to attack the different corps of the Russian and Polish troops posted on the two banks of the Vistula to observe them, and in some measure to keep them blocked up in Tyniec; accordingly, while 800 men, horse and foot, who had passed the Vistula early in the morning, were attacking Col. de Lange, who was with his men near Smierconca, 500 or 600 Confederates fell upon Gen. Branicki, who was near Kobyzyn, about half a mile from Tyniec. The action was very warm on both sides. Gen. Luwarow joined Col. de Lange, and attacked the Confederates with much fury, that they were obliged to seek security by getting to their boats, which they did in such disorder, that many of them were drowned. Gen. Branicki likewise beat the Confederates who attacked him, and put them to flight, pursuing them till they were under the cannon of Tyniec. These two generals, in this action, gave convincing proofs of their valour, and their troops of their undaunted courage. This affair cost the Confederates 200 men killed or drowned. Our loss consists only of one Captain of the Uhlans killed, and two subaltern officers with some soldiers wounded. The Russians had only some men wounded, among whom were none of their officers.

WARSAW, March 25. The 23d of this month, the Count Zarembo appeared at the head of his corps before Petrikau, with the design of surprizing Col Lapuchin, who was posted there to cover this capital on that side. Col. Lapuchin having received a reinforcement from Col. Drewitz the evening before, replied to Zarembo's summons, by ordering Col. Drewitz's detachment to attack him in flank, while he himself attacked him in front. After an engagement which lasted for three hours, the Confederates were at last forced to give way to the courage of the Russians, and to seek their safety in flight, leaving 200 hussars dead on the field of battle, among whom were two officers. Eleven were made prisoners, and conducted to Petrikau. Zarembo retired towards Stolknick.

The Court of Versailles has recalled all the French officers who had entered into the service of the Confederates. The new Confederacy, formed by the Sieur Opalewski, in the palatinate of Cujavia, against the Russian troops, makes it feared that those troops will be thereby induced to commit open hostilities, from which they have hitherto abstained. Opalewski, in his manifesto, expresses himself in these terms: "Though we have already given them all that we have, yet they are not satisfied: they demand of every farmer a sum of money, a man, a portion of cattle, and a bed. The noble then having nothing left but their sabres, and the peasants their flails, wherewith to oppose force by force."

PRAGUE, March 28. The situation of this kingdom still the same. In several of the circles the inhabitants are forced to supply the want of bread by eating the bark of trees, &c. they devour also all the horses, dogs, and cats they can catch. This dreadful famine concealed as much as possible; but a dismal mortality has arisen from it. Above 100,000 persons are reckoned to have died of it within the space of a year, and, according to the report of the circles, 4,000 now die in eight days time.

L O N D O N,

April 14. Yesterday, at four o'clock, came on in the House of Commons, a motion made by Col. Burgoyne, for a select Committee to be appointed to enquire into the nature and state of the East India Company, and the affairs in the East Indies. Mr. Burgoyne said, the reason of his wishing to have a select Committee

appointed was, that a Committee of the whole House could not go through it so minutely, especially as it was now almost the end of the session, whereas a select Committee might sit the whole summer. The Colonel was seconded in his motion by Sir William Meredith, who shewed the necessity of such an enquiry, as millions of people were under the greatest distress. He related a story that happened in the Roman Senate, where a great man brought home with him three hundred thousand pounds, one hundred thousand pounds of which he was satisfied with for himself, another hundred thousand he gave to bribe the Senate, and the third hundred thousand he gave among the dumb votes. Sir William was answered by Mr. Thomas Townshend, who spoke very strongly against the enquiry being made by a select Committee, saying, it was nothing more than putting the affair into the hands of Government, and therefore that he would sooner wish to see it in the hands of the Board of Trade or the Privy Council, than in a select Committee; as the latter, he said, would be answerable for their proceedings, but a select Committee could not. He added, that he thought they should have had this enquiry brought in by Administration, as there was something alluded to in the King's Speech; but that three months were now elapsed since the session began, and no notice had been taken of it, excepting by an honourable gentleman independent of Administration. Lord North spoke next, and said, he was glad to find the affairs of the East Indies taken up by a gentleman unconnected with Administration; that a bill had been brought in by one of the Directors, which he thought was much more proper than if brought in by Administration; but that he certainly should be for making the enquiry by a select Committee, and should have been for it the first day of the session, as he always thought it the most proper mode. Lord Irnham, Col. Luttrell, Mr. Dowdeswell, Mr. Cornwall, and Mr. Burke, objected to the enquiry being made by a select Committee, saying, they might as well have no enquiry at all, for that the select Committees never came in their enquiries to any thing, and therefore that the appointing one tended only to deceive the people, and would be ineffectual. Sir George Colebrook said, that, as one of the Directors, he could not vote for an enquiry. Col. Barre said, an enquiry ought to be made, as more cruelties had been practised in that country than even in Spain; but he condemned Administration for not bringing on the enquiry before. The noble Lord told us (said he) that the beginning of the session he was in confusion, in the middle too we were in confusion, and we shall end in confusion; but, however, as I have always been for an enquiry, I am glad to accept this rather than none. The bill however now proposed to be brought in will give little more relief to that large wound, which I can scarcely find words in the English language to describe, than a bit of ladies sticking-plaster. Mr. Dempster spoke next, and objected greatly to the enquiry by the select Committee, saying, he was sure it would end in nothing; that he remembered a few of those Committees, but never found they came to any thing; and therefore that a Committee of the whole House would be properest. After a long debate, which lasted till eleven o'clock, the question being called for, the motion was carried without a division. Mr. Sullivan then presented to the House his bill, relative to the East India Company, which was read for the first time, and ordered to be read a second time on Monday the 4th of May.

April 18. The face of affairs in Denmark is greatly clearing up, respecting the reigning Queen. Since the arrival of the last messenger on Tuesday, their Majesties have, for the first time, spoke of the state of things at Copenhagen before their principal people in waiting, and in such a manner, as if the clouds would be succeeded by a speedy sunshine, and a clear and serene sky.

It is not known whether any political business between the Courts of London and Petersburg, relative to the war with the Porte, was the occasion of the frequent interviews at Rome between the Duke of Gloucester and Count Orlov, the Russian General; but it is certain their meetings were frequent, and often private, and that also their respective Secretaries were engaged by his Royal Highness and the General in a long epistolary intercourse.

Letters received by the last Dutch mail remark, that his Britannic Majesty had actually ordered all his electoral troops of Hanover to assemble immediately at Hamburg. This advice was received from the river Elbe on the 27th of last month; and as the town of Hamburg is situated, so that a few thousand troops, quartered there and in its neighbourhood, may, with great facility, take possession of all his Danish Majesty's dominions in Germany, it is generally conjectured that the Elector of Hanover will avail himself of the troubles reigning at present in Copenhagen, to seize and make himself master of such Danish dominions as may lie contiguous to the electoral dominions of Hanover.

A gentleman lately arrived from Dunkirk says, that during three weeks stay at that place, no less than 400 sheep arrived there from different parts of England in smuggling vessels.

It is generally believed, that the seals will be offered to Lord Camden, on the same terms the present Chancellor holds them; which, if his Lordship declines, it is said that Lord Chief Justice De Grey will then be complimented with them.

Great complaints are made here in England of the dearth of provisions, and not without sufficient reason; but at Bourdeaux, Marceilles, and several other places in France, at this present time meat sells at the price of twenty-pence per pound English money.

We are informed, that a great person, in imitation of the King of Sweden, intends to order 50,000 l. to be laid out in buying corn, to be given to poor families who are ashamed to let their straits be known.

Bamber Gascoyne, Esq; declared, in a certain House, that no man paid a greater regard to the landed interest and to the farmers and graziers in general than himself; that any oppressive measures would give him the greatest anxiety; but the cries of the poor made it absolutely necessary that something be immediately done, in order to lower the price of provisions; and that the only speedy way to do it would be, to fix a price upon those commodities, and compel the persons who withhold them to bring them to market; monopolizing farms, he said, was a very great evil, and should be seriously considered. To which Lord North answered, that he would support such motions with all his interest; and that he was surpris'd to find, especially in a Christian country, men so unmerciful, as to withhold the necessaries of life from the poor.

The French Ambassador was on Wednesday at St. James's. It is reported that he has lately received advices, which contain fresh and strong assurances from the King his master of the pacific inclinations of that Monarch, and his steady resolution to adopt no measures against his Britannic Majesty, which may tend to interrupt the mutual peace of the two kingdoms.

Lord Holland, it is said, will speedily be appointed President of the Council, in the room of Lord Gower, who goes to Ireland in the room of Lord Townshend, who comes over to preside at the Ordnance Board of this kingdom.

It is reported that Struensee, being put to the torture, confessed all; and his confession being carried to an unfortunate great personage, she, in the confusion of grief, shame, and despair, signed it; so that a divorce is to proceed immediately upon this event. The British Ambassador has made a demand of the person of the Queen, but no answer is yet given.

Lord Mansfield, being asked lately how he relished literary abuse, and particularly what he thought of Junius's attacks upon his character, laughingly replied, "I am glad that the Patriots have got something to please them; and if they only leave the government of the nation to the King's friends, we shall never dispute with them about the government of the news-papers."

The reports of the affront which the Duke of Gloucester received at Rome, are said to have arisen from the following circumstance. The Pretender meeting the Duke one day in publick, bowed to him, which the Duke returned only with great coolness, as he did not immediately recognize the Chevalier's person; however, meeting him a second time in publick, the Duke complaisantly apologized, and interested himself so much in the Chevalier's favour, as to hint that a pension was in great forwardness for him in this kingdom; but just as matters were in a right train, the Pretender, knowing the Duke was to pay a visit on a particular day, took care to stop him in his carriage, and the Duke's servants being ordered to make way for the King of England, immediately obeyed. The Pope hearing of the matter, commanded the Pretender to keep his house during the Duke's stay in Rome, and the Chevalier, besides that mortification, will go without an income, which would have been very useful in his circumstances.

The last Paris Gazette mentions, that, by a vessel from the coast of Guinea, accounts have been received, that the Pholies, a people descended from the Arabs, have lately appeared in great numbers on the river Gambia, and have committed several hostilities against the English, whom they threaten to dispossess of the Gold Coast, which they assert was part of the territories of their forefathers.

The above people, says the French account, are exceedingly powerful; rigid Mahometans, well acquainted with the cultivation of cotton, corn, and tobacco, and the breeding of cattle, and no strangers to the profits made by the gold, ivory, and slave trade; from which, and their intrepid bravery, it is thought that they will become very troublesome neighbours to the subjects of Great Britain.

It is generally thought that the Court of Copenhagen, to avoid the disgrace of being compelled into a surrender of the Queen, will deliver her up, before our fleet sails from the Downs, and give a real act of necessity the appearance of inclination.

The Danish Ambassador has, we hear, made a formal demand with respect to the destination of the fleet now sitting out, and, from a late intimacy which his Excellency has contracted with Prince Mafferano, it is conjectured, that, if we proceed to hostilities against his nation, the Spaniards, who only want a tolerable

pretence for war, will not be indifferent spectators of the transaction.

Thursday, when the report was made of the select Committee, Sir George Saville (who was one) informed the House, that he wished to decline being of that Committee; that it was a sort of rule, that a member, being against the whole of a bill, ought not to be on the Committee on such Bill; that he, therefore, being against the whole system of India affairs, ought not to be on that Committee. He looked on their trade as destructive, either from bringing in too great an increase of money, which would overturn the liberties of this country, or from many of the importations, tea especially, being destructive of the healths of the people of England.

He also protested against the territorial acquisitions, as publick robberies, in the name of the kingdom; that in abetting, in any sort, this kind of transaction, he should look on himself as an accomplice; he therefore hoped the House would not think he meant any disrespect in not attending the Committee.

All the marines, both officers and men, in and about London, were ordered last week immediately to join their respective divisions.

Notwithstanding what has been said in the papers, the friends of the Court acknowledge, that they have no manner of doubt of the guilt of a certain great personage; but they assert, by way of palliation, that she became criminal only in revenge for the very great injuries sustained on her part; that the monarch her husband had provoked her to those transgressions by the most unjustifiable liberties.

The Queen of Denmark, it is said, has been afflicted for some time past with a somnolency, that is likely to put an end to the malice of all her enemies.

We can assure the publick, that Sir Charles Hardy is to command the Squadron fitting out for the Baltic.

Sir Charles is to demand the Queen in form, and, in case of a refusal, is to bombard Copenhagen. There is no doubt but the fleet may come near enough to bombard the town. In the year 1718, Sir John Norris brought a Squadron of ships of the line close to the very walls.

We can assure the publick, that the Squadron fitting out for Copenhagen, after finishing the object of its destination before that city, is to proceed to Dantzic, to protect it against the designs of the King of Prussia.

Last week died Mr. Philip Mason, at the George inn at Ulk, in Monmouthshire, a man of remarkable large size; he measured round the wrist eleven inches; at his arm, near the shoulder, twenty-one inches; round the breast, five feet; body, six feet one inch; thigh, three feet one inch; calf of the leg, two feet one inch; and small of ditto, one foot seven inches; and, notwithstanding his bulk, was extremely active.

April 23. The latest advices from Constantinople, and the Levant seas, say, that the Russian fleet was lying off the island of Cos, and was making every necessary preparation to force the passage of the Dardanelles early in the summer. And that the Porte, apprized of this, as well as of the armaments fitting out on the Black sea, had ordered additional defences to be raised to strengthen the former, and had caused a chain of forts to be built, in order to prevent the approaches of the enemy, by the way of the latter.

A letter from Vienna remarks, that it is the prevailing opinion in all the Hungarian dominions, that the Emperor has come to the resolution of taking the advantage of the present troubles in Turkey, and will soon pour in a numerous army into the Turkish territories, and thus avail himself of such part of the Ottoman empire (in Europe) as he shall be able to acquire by conquest: while the Empress of Russia conquers other parts of this Empire (in Europe); and Ali Bey makes himself master of such other parts of it as lie in Egypt, and all Syria. Thus it seems the fate of the Ottoman empire is determined on, and as so many fires have lately happened in Constantinople, which have been discovered to have originated from the very subjects of the Grand Signior, and as the troops of the Porte cannot be brought to learn the modern military discipline, it is imagined that this mighty empire will fall to pieces in the course of this succeeding year.

Extract of a Letter from Chelmsford, April 13.

"On Sunday night about eleven o'clock, a mob assembled in this place, armed with bludgeons, to the amount of about fifty, and were very riotous all night; by four o'clock in the morning they increased to the number of three hundred or more, when they set off for Mr. Bullen's, Mr. Marriage's and Mr. Harrington's mills, from whence they took large quantities of flour, meal, &c. and brought it in waggons, under a strong guard, to the market place in Chelmsford, to sell at a price they approved of. Mr. Harrington expostulated for some time with their Captain or Chief, on the unjust and illegal methods they had taken, but to no effect, for they grew exceeding riotous, and obliged Mr. Harrington to deliver them ten sacks of flour and meal, and also to promise them ten sacks more the next day; they then took his waggon and horses, loaded it, and proceeded in triumph to Chelmsford. They have since been at Mr. Johnson's, at Bad-dow, &c. &c. regaling themselves at every house till they were quite riotous. They now intend paying a visit to the farmers, and have this evening begun with Mr. John Ward, of Bishop's-Hall, from which place they have taken two loads of wheat. The market place is now filled up with great quantities of wheat and flour, which they have plundered. We have sent to the War-office for troops to assist us, but none are as yet arrived. The inhabitants are in great consternation, for this moment a very considerable body are marching into town, with colours flying, and armed with bludgeons, &c. &c. God only knows where this will end. Accounts are just received from Sudbury, Colchester, Whiteham, &c. that there is great robbing there, and that the parties intend to join."

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, March 26.

"You have frequently desired me to write you some particulars of the very interesting proceedings at present carrying on in this country. The reports propagated on this occasion are so many and various, that it was impossible hitherto to send you any thing in the least to be relied on. The proceedings of the commissions, however, being now finished, herewith you will receive the contents of the speech made by the Attorney General Uhl Dahl (the Norton of this country) in defence of the Queen, on the 16th of the present month, the day the said commission sat.

"In an advertisement prefixed to this speech, mention is made of the late revolution in Denmark on January 17, of a commission being appointed by his Danish Majesty, to try the persons charged with having projected a revolution, to the detriment of the King, &c. also that sessions and trials have been held almost every day since on the parties accused; that several members of the commission have been to Cronenburgh to hear the defence of the Queen on certain imputed articles; that as there are personages concerned in it that cannot absolutely be ranked with the subjects of Majesty, there arises a problem, "Whether a subject of the kingdom can be appointed their judge." The names of the gentlemen of the commission are next mentioned, being in number 39; and the advertisement concludes with informing the publick, that, during the sitting of the commission, his Majesty discharged Mr. Uhl Dahl of his oath, in order to enable him to perform, with the greater spirit and impartiality, his duty to his clients; and Mr. Attorney General acquitted himself well. For this purpose he had previously been at Cronenburgh, to confer with his great client on this affair; he afterwards made a speech in that assembly, with which he entered on the defence.

"The speech to which the foregoing is an introduction, does not contain any particulars of a Queen's examination or defence, but rather some observations on the nature of the business then before the great commission, and a recommendation to them of a strict adherence to impartiality, preparatory to the Attorney General Uhl Dahl's defence of the Queen. The most material passages are as follow:

"The King himself now submits his own conduct to your judgment; his most gracious condescension allows you in certain respects not to consider the Monarch; you are allowed an unlimited liberty to examine, approve or censure all actions; and the same condescension allows me also to speak all my thoughts, and so undertake the vindication of the defendants.

"In whatever light I consider this affair, I find so much matter for reflection in the proceedings against the person of the Queen, that I cannot absolutely approve the whole. Equity bids us now to consider the King's and his Royal Consort's persons in a two-fold point of view, in the same instant in which the order for her imprisonment was given and executed: we must consider them either as Majesties, or as a married pair; and the former view I think to be now the chief object under our consideration.

"One of the most important questions necessarily and immediately arising from the very name of Majesty is this; "How far a crime of State can be imputed to the Majesty of a Queen, without degrading her to and treating her like the class of the subjects of the kingdom and the King." And how is it possible to admit such a degradation? The connexion in which she stands as a Royal Consort cannot give the least right to such a step. To mention but one of the slightest arguments, as after the King's demise, and during the minority of his successor, the law allows a Queen Dowager's Majesty to be entrusted with the helm of the State; this very same right also tacitly implies for and adjudges to a Queen, a total exemption from subjection, even during the life of her Royal Spouse; though a Queen is very far from being entitled to guide the helm of the State during the life of her Consort. And does not her high birth, as a Princess of a foreign State, also directly and absolutely exempt her from that subjection? I think, yes, it does. Can then such a personage lawfully be proceeded against like a subject of the State? Not even to mention here, that it is to a Queen's person the whole State owes the preservation of the Royal Line, does she not give us lawful heirs to the Throne? She therefore cannot possibly be treated in the same manner as one who is a native of the State, or an acquired subject of the Crown, and whose subjection only depends on the Monarch's Majesty.

"But we must not content ourselves with having here considered the side of Majesty; we will direct our attention to another point of view; we will consider her only as a married Consort; we will pass over all these rights, of which an absolute Monarch may avail himself rigorously to proceed against his subjects, and to adjust his sentence on them to his own wisdom. Yet even here also I am far from finding that a husband has an unlimited power over his wife's person, marriage being only a "Pactum cujus finis in mutuo auxilio & propagatione stirpis consistit." Are then not ecclesiastical courts instituted for the welfare of a State, on purpose only to protect these rights, to maintain their order, and to see justice done to the party who brings her complaints against the other before those Courts; and can then any sentence be determined upon before both parties have been heard, and that equitable maxim, "audiatur & altera pars," been observed?

"Consider well, Gentlemen, whether in "hoc Status," and in this Instance, the reverse has not already happened. That violence with which Queen Caroline has been treated, notoriously shews her degradation from her rank, her birth, and her rights as a Royal Consort; nay, in general, from that tie by which she is connected with the Monarchy; and the only way of restoring her in some measure to the splendor of her condition and her prerogative, is to restore her to liberty; and how far matrimonial obligations can be

abolished, may most safely be judged by the ecclesiastical laws of our State.

"Your own wisdom, gentlemen, your love for justice, and your impartiality, make me hope, that the arguments which I am now laying before you, and such as I shall further allege, will meet with your unbiased and mature consideration. It would be needless here to recapitulate all what that great personage has alleged in her own defence. All these papers are in your hands. Read and judge your eyes, and then your own sentiments cannot but coincide with my thoughts, and approve of my arguments, of which I will lay before you a deduction more ample, and, I hope, much more solid, than what the few minutes I am allowed to speak before you can admit.

"The King has appointed you Judges, and on your determinations alone the protection of the rights of Majesty, the preservation of monarchical power, and the support of the kingdom's liberty, will depend. In consequence of your sentence only offences will be viewed in a stronger or milder light; and you are entrusted with the power of degrading a personage from her high birth, her prerogatives, and her rights of Majesty; nay, entirely to divert her of them. You only are now to act as definitive Judges between a Royal Husband and his Consort, whose rights and obligations in this respect have always been equal. We can only defend ourselves, and our defence can be derived from no other arguments than those of justice and of equity."

PROVIDENCE, June 13.

Monday last a sloop from New-York arrived at Newport, and, after reporting her cargo at the Custom-house, was proceeding up the river on Tuesday. The Galtee armed schooner, then lying near Newport, immediately gave chase to the sloop, crowding all the sail she could make; but the people on board not being acquainted with the river, at three o'clock in the afternoon the ran on Namquit Point, near Pawtuxet. About twelve at night, a great number of people in boats boarded the schooner, bound the crew, and sent them ashore, after which they set fire to the vessel, and destroyed her. A pistol was discharged by the Captain of the schooner, and a musket or pistol from one of the boats, by which the Captain was wounded, the ball passing through one of his arms, and lodging in the lower part of his belly. He was immediately taken to Pawtuxet, and we are told is in a fair way of recovery.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13.

Extract of a letter from Falmouth, dated April 20.

"I thought it might not be amiss to send you, per this packet (the Halifax), whose mail is arrived from London, but detained for orders, two extracts, which I took this day from the papers, relative to the corn trade, viz.

"Yesterday Mr. Bacon reported from the Committee on the corn trade, the resolutions they had come to on that subject, which were agreed to, and a bill ordered to be printed, for the importation of wheat, flour, rye, rice, pulse and oats, duty free."

"House of Commons, Thursday evening, pass 11 o'clock (16th instant.)

"The House this day proceeded on the consideration of the corn bill; after a short debate, they came to a resolution of opening the ports for a free importation, till the first of December next; and a motion was made, and carried, for a Committee to be chosen, to lay a foundation of a permanent bill, to prevent the exportation."

ANNAPOLIS RACES

Will begin on Tuesday the 6th of October next.

THERE will be Four Days Sport, a particular Account of which will be speedily inserted in this Gazette.

Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's County, June 30.

TO BE SOLD, ON THE PREMISES,

On Wednesday the 23d of July next, for Sterling Cash, good London Bills of Exchange, or Current Money, THREE Acres of Ground, being Three Lots in the Town aforesaid, on which are the following Improvements: A Dwelling House, with Two good Rooms on a Floor, Two above and Two below, Two Brick Chimnies, and Three Fire-Places. One above and Two below, there are convenient Closets and a good Buffet, a Kitchen, with a Brick Chimney, Two Fire-Places, One above the other below; a neat Brick Milk House; a House 50 by 30, with Partitions, which make Two good Work-shops, a Chaise House and Stable; likewise a very good Garden and Yard paved in, and some Fruit-Trees. One Lot of Ground adjoining, on which there are a Blacksmith's Shop, Two Sets of Tools, Fifty or Sixty Weight of best German Steel, and Five or Six Hundred Bushels of Sea-Coal. The above Lots lay in a pleasant Part of the Town, and are well watered. Also One Lot, No. 241. in the Addition to George-Town, Frederick County. The abovementioned the Purchaser may be made a good Right to, by a Deed and general Warrant. Likewise a neat new Country made Chaise, with Harness, to be sold, on or before the Day of Sale be-forementioned.

JOHN KINGSBURY.

N. B. As the Subscriber intends leaving this Town and settling in Annapolis the last of November next, he requests all Persons indebted to him to pay off immediately, and those having just Claims against me are desired to bring them in, that they may be settled. (w3)

THE Man are desired Saturday next,

T O ATRACT Acres, fr Hood's Mill, o Mile of said M other Merchant Town Price for said Town. T and has an exquire of Edward joining to said L

To be LET to in August next of Cameron,

THE build in the Cl 2226 Feet super The Subscrib at a Spring on Run, in said Pa mack River, in same. It is des with a view to agreeable to the JAMI JAMI

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ROBERT CA of Age, 5 Feet Head, and wea Royal George Ma life.

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July 2, 1772.
THE Managers of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY are desired to meet at the Coffee-House, on Saturday next, at Eleven o'Clock.

T O B E S O L D,
A TRACT of Land, containing about 800 Acres, situate in Baltimore County, near to Hood's Mill, on Patapsco Falls, and within One Mile of said Mill, and within Four Miles of Two other Merchant Mills, that always give Baltimore-Town Price for Wear, and within Ten Miles of said Town. The Soil is good for Grain or Grass, and has an extensive Range. For Particulars enquire of Edward Cook, at Mr. William Ottey's, adjoining to said Land.

Virginia, June 10, 1772.
To be LET to the lowest Bidder, on the First Monday in August next, in Loudoun County, in the Parish of Cameron,

THE building a Brick Church, 53 by 42 Feet in the Clear, 28 Feet high, or not to exceed 2226 Feet superficial Measure, with a Gallery. The Subscribers will meet on the Day aforesaid, at a Spring on Joshua Evans's Land, near Sugarland Run, in said Parish, about Five Miles from Patowmack River, in order to agree for the building the same. It is desired, that all those who may attend, with a view to undertake the same, will bring Plans agreeable to the above Dimensions.

JAMES LANE,
JAMES COLEMAN, } Churchwardens.

Annapolis, July 1, 1772.
We have just imported from London, in Capt. Hooper, AN Assortment of Clothes, Linens, Silks, Millinery, Hosiery, Boots, Shoes, and Saddlery, which are to be disposed of at our Store, on the Front of the Dock, with a full Assortment of almost every Kind of dry Goods, at Wholesale or Retail, for a small Advance.

THOMAS HARWOOD, junr.
JOHN BRICE.

BENJAMIN SPRIGGS & JOHN DONALDSON,
TAILORS and HABIT-MAKERS, from LONDON,

TAKE this Method of informing the Publick, that they have opened Shop at the House of Mr. Charles Bryan, in Annapolis, where all Ladies and Gentlemen, who please to favour them with their Custom, may depend upon their Orders being punctually complied with, in the neatest and best Manner, and on the shortest Notice. They desire no Favour beyond their Merit, and Recommendations grounded on that Principle, will be gratefully acknowledged.

Annapolis, June 29, 1772.
ALL PERSONS any Ways indebted to the Estate of Francis Oneal, late of this City, deceased, are hereby required to discharge the same; and all Persons that have any just Claims against the said Estate are likewise desired to bring them in, properly attested, that they may be discharged by CHARLES ONEAL, Administrator.

Prince-George's County, June 30, 1772.
B R O K E J A I L,
On the Night of Wednesday the 10th Instant, and the following Prisoners escaped, viz.

JAMES SMITH, a stout Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, a Butcher by Trade, and has but One Hand, used formerly to row in the Ferry-Boat over Severn from Annapolis.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, about 25 or 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, has a Scald Head, and wears sometimes a marine Cap of the Royal George Man of War, and plays a little on the Pipe.

JOHN EARLS, a tall raw-boned Fellow, of a very swarthy Complexion, 25 Years old or thereabouts—Their Drefs is uncertain. I will give 10 Dollars Reward for Smith, and 20 Shillings Current Money for Campbell and Earls, if secured in any Jail, so that I may get them again, and reasonable Charges if brought Home to

RALPH FORSTER,
Sheriff of Prince-George's County.
Committed as Runaways, Alexander Downey and Henry Bayley, Sailors, and they say free Men, are willing to enter on Board any Ship whose Commander they can agree with, for which Purpose they were travelling from Virginia, not knowing it was necessary to have a Pass. They are clean looking Men, and have much the Appearance of Seamen.

(2w) R. F.
I have for Sale a Negro Man, under 30 Years of Age, healthy, and One that can turn his Hand to any Sort of Plantation Business. R. F.

S T O L E N
From the Subscriber, living in Charles County, last December,

A YOUNG bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, dock'd but not branded (unless since she was taken away), is dull, trots hard, and is apt to leer when any Person comes near her. Eight Dollars Reward and reasonable Charges for bringing or contriving her to

(3w) PETER DENT.

June 20, 1772.
WHEREAS I, the Subscriber, intend to petition the Assembly of the Province of Maryland, at their next Sitting, in order to obtain a Confirmation of the Title of Part of a certain Tract of Land, in Kent County in the said Province, called Angle's Rest, which David Witherpoon, of Newcastle County, on Delaware, purchased of John Carlslak of Talbot County in the Province of Maryland: These are therefore to give Notice to all Persons who may have any Objection to such Petition, then and there to appear and shew the same, if any there be.

THOMAS WITHERSPOON.

St. Mary's County, June 2, 1772.
COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself GEORGE DUNN; he is a likely well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, has on a white Shirt, old Trousers, and a Felt Hat. His Master (if any) is desired to take him away and pay Charges to

(4w) JENIFER TAYLOR, Sheriff.

THERE is at Charles Carroll's Plantation, beyond Elk-Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a dun Pieball Horse, his Head almost all white, four white Legs, nigh 13 Hands high. The Owner may have him on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Morris Mitchell, living near Major Joseph Sim, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a bright bay Horse, appears to be twelve or 13 Years old, branded on the near Buttock something like D about 13 Hands high, he is a great Jumper. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

T O B E S O L D,
A LOT of Ground in the City of Annapolis, the Property of the late Capt. James Reith, whereon are a neat Brick Dwelling House, a good Stone Kitchen, and sundry other Improvements. For Terms apply to

JAMES WILLIAMS, Administrator.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Estate of the said James Reith, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, are desired to make immediate Payment; and all those who have Demands against said Estate are requested to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjusted. (t.f.) J. W.

June 20, 1772.
TO BE SOLD AT PUBLICK VENDUE,
On the 28th of July next, on the Premises, for good London Bills of Exchange, Sterling or Current Money,

PART of a Tract of Land called Constant Friendship, containing 150 Acres. This Land is situated in Frederick County, about 12 Miles from George-Town, on a Branch called Captain John, on which are several Improvements, viz. a Dwelling House 26 Feet by 16, and several Out Houses, a good Apple Orchard, &c. the Land is well adapted for a Farm, being level and of a good Soil. The Sale to be at 12 o'Clock, at the House of William Hammond, on the Premises aforesaid.

(w2) SIMON NICHOLLS.

T O B E S O L D,
A FEW Pair of the best French Bur and Cogn Mill-stones, Sizes of 4 Feet 2 Inches, 4 Feet, and 3 Feet 7 Inches. For Terms apply to Thomas Williams and Co. in Annapolis, or Richard Button, Merchant in Baltimore-Town.

N. B. Thomas Williams and Co. engage to furnish at a very short Notice, any Quantity or Size of the Sack, or the above Kind of Cogn and Bur Mill-stones. (3w)

WEST and HOBSON.

Annapolis, June 24, 1772.
FINDING it necessary to have a House in Annapolis, for the more conveniently carrying on our Business, and keeping a regular Correspondence with our Friends, I have agreed with Mr. Thomas French for that Purpose, who will forward all Orders and Letters directed to us. And I have imported, in the Friendship, Capt. Robinson, from London, a large and handsome Assortment of Goods fit for the City and Country, which are now opening, and will be sold on very reasonable Terms, for Tobacco, Cash, Bills, or Country Produce.

(4w) STEPHEN WEST.
The Friendship is to load in Patapsco, and her Loading will be insured.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Vestry of St. Anne's Parish intend to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of this Province, for an Act to pass for the Assessment of a Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds of Tobacco, on the Inhabitants of the said Parish, for the Purpose of erecting a new Church in the City of Annapolis.

Signed per Order,
FREDERICK GREEN, Register.

THERE is at the Plantation of Eliza Harrison, near Pig-Point, taken up as a Stray, a Strawberry Roan Mare, about 13 Hands and a half high, branded on the near Buttock HA joined together, and is a natural Pacer. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,
A YOUNG Man, who has had a liberal Academical Education, understands the Greek and Latin Languages, Mathematicks, Geography, and other Branches of polite Literature, can be well recommended, and would engage as a private Tutor, in a Gentleman's Family, or as a Master, in any publick or private School, on such Terms as shall be worth his Acceptance. For further Particulars enquire of the Printers.

Charles County, Maryland, June 16, 1772.
COMMITTED to my Custody, as a Runaway, a white Man, by the Name of John Buck, but since his Commitment says his true Name is John Caton, and that he belongs to Peter Rufner, in Frederick or Augusta County in Virginia. His Drefs is a blue Coat, Calico lappelled Jacket, white Shirt, with a Broach in it, and Osnabrig Trousers. He is pitted with the Small-Pox, has light Hair, and says he is about Twenty Years of Age. His Master is desired to pay Charges, and take him from

(3w) GEORGE LEE, Sheriff.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Anne-Arundel County, June 14, 1772.
RAN away from the Subscriber, living near the Head of Severn, a likely Negro named JOE, a short thick made Fellow, talks fast, and not good English, and is fond of Liquor and Gaming; Had on and took with him when he went away, a Snuff coloured Coat, a black Cloth Waitcoat, Leather Breeches, blue Stockings, old Shoes nailed, new Felt Hat, a blue great Coat, and several other Cloaths. He was sent from Philadelphia in December last by James Maccubbin, and it is likely he may make that Way. Whoever takes up the above Fellow and delivers him to me, or to William Faris in Annapolis, shall have if taken in the County Thirty Shillings, if out of the County Fifty Shillings, and if out of the Province Five Pounds, paid by me, WILLIAM WOODWARD.

THERE are at the Plantation of Robert Weir, living in Baltimore County, 17 Miles from Baltimore-Town, upon Patapsco Fall, taken up as Strays, Two Horses, one a Sorrel, with a large Blaze on his Face, middle sized, his near hind Foot white, paces, and has Shoes on; the other a small brown Horse, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder MH joined together, paces and troes, and has Shoes on. The Owners may have them again on proving Property and paying Charges.

JAMES DICK and STEWART
Have just imported, in the Betsey, Capt. James Hanrick, from London,

A LARGE Assortment of European and East India Goods, which they will sell cheap, either by Wholesale or Retail, at their Stores in Church-Street, Annapolis, and at London-Town. Among the above-mentioned Goods are, Hyfon, Bloon, Green and Bohea Teas, best London double and single refined Sugars, in small Casks of 3 cwt. each, Lintfeed, Neatsfoot, Florence and Chamber Oil, and a large Assortment of China.

They have likewise for Sale, Sail Duck of all Numbers, Anchors from 1 1/2 to 12 cwt. Grapnels, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery and Cordage, made at Newington Ropewalk, where all Orders are complied with in the most expeditious Manner. Also, old Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, Hoghead or Quarter Cask.

Annapolis, June 15, 1772.
N. B. As we propose soon to decline the retailing Business in Annapolis, we will dispose of the whole or any Part of our Goods at a very moderate Advance, for ready Money, Country Produce, or short Credit. And we beg the Favour, that such of our Customers who have not lately either discharged or settled their Accounts, would pay as soon as is convenient, or in the mean Time settle their Balance by Note or Bond, which will oblige

JAMES DICK & STEWART.

June 6, 1772.
WHEREAS BOLES TYRE BALTHROP, of Charles County, did, on or about the 13th Day of July, 1767, pass his Bond unto THOMAS BROWNING, of Kent County, to convey a Tract or Parcel of Land, lying in Kent County, and on the North Side of Chester River, called Bolton; and whereas the said B. T. B. died before the Conveyance of the said Land, we therefore propose to apply to the next general Assembly of the Province of Maryland, for an Act of said Province, to enable the Executors to make a Deed agreeable to said Bond, and request all Persons concerned to take Notice thereof.

EDWARD SMOOT,
THOMAS BROWNING.

Just imported, and to be sold by the Subscriber, at his Store, near the Church in Annapolis,

A NEAT Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable to the Season, amongst which are a Parcel of genteel Silks, and fashionable superfine Clothes. COLIN CAMPBELL.

Bladenburg, May 27, 1772.

T O B E S O L D,
A MULATTO MAN SLAVE, about Thirty Years of Age, who has been regularly bred to the Tailors Business. Apply to

(5w) ANDREW LEITCH.

P O E T R Y.

A B S E N C E.

IN IMITATION OF ARNO'S VALE.

Longum, Formosa, Vale, vale. VIRG.

WHEN late, I view'd MARIA's Face,
Where glows each Charm, each heav'nly Grace,
My Soul was Joy, my Thoughts were gay,

But ah! finee dear MARIA's gone,
Joy is no more, and Pleasure's flown!
No Charms my languid Lays inspire,

MUSICORUS.

CHARLES County School being now vacant,
the Visitors of said School give this Notice,
that any Person well qualified for Master of the said School will find Encouragement,

Signed per Order, THEOPHILUS HANSON, Clerk.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 15th Instant,
an indented Servant Man named JOHN BRAND,
a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet high,

STEPHEN STEWARD.

THE Judges of the Land-Office having represented
to his Excellency the Governor, that there
are a great Number of Certificates in their Office
unpatented, many of them are returned by virtue of Warrants,

Signed per Order, WILLIAM STEUART, Cl. Ld. Office.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship Eden, Capt. Nicholson, from London,
and to be sold, on the most reasonable Terms,

LARGE and general Assortment of European
and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season.
Amongst which is a great Variety of the genteelst Silks and Millinery,

WALLACE, DAVIDSON & JOHNSON.

George-Town, Frederick County, June 11, 1772.
ALL Persons who have any just Claims against
the Estate of John Orme, deceased, are desired
to bring them in legally proved,

JAMES ORME, Executor,
and
LUCY ORME, Executrix.

N. B. The Executrix will continue to keep Tavern
for ready Money only. L. O.

Baltimore, May 20, 1772.
Imported from Liverpool in the Ship Cicely, and from
London in the Ship Indultry, Capt. Carcaud,

BROAD-CLOTH, Wilton Cloth, Sagathy, Cotton
and Silk Gingham, Damascus, Cotton Gowns,
superfine and common white Jeans, corded Dimity,

The Ship Cicely, now lying at Baltimore, has a few
Servants on Board; she is a good, stout, new Vessel,

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

BROKE out of Cecil County Jail on Tuesday
the 7th Inst. Alexander Moore, and William Arnett,
who were committed to my Custody as Criminals.

RICHARD THOMAS, Sheriff.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the
Estate of Armstrong Buchanan, late of Baltimore,
deceased, or against the late Partnership of Smith and Buchanan,

NATHANIEL SMITH.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS of
the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

Just imported, in the Eden, Capt. Samuel Nicholson,
and to be sold, Wholesale and Retail, on the lowest Terms,

LARGE and genteel Assortment of EUROPEAN
and EAST-INDIA GOODS. THOMAS GASSAWAY, jun.

THE Subscriber intends to leave the Province
in a short Time; those indebted to him are
requested to make immediate Payment,

JOHN LAYPOLE.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,
THREE Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick
County, containing by Patent 610 Acres,

SAMUEL HOWARD JOHN HOWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Elk
Ridge, in Anne-Arundel County and Province
of Maryland, an Irish Convict Servant named Lawrence
Robertson; appears to be about 16 or 17 Years
of Age, slim made, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high,

JOHN DORSEY.

JUST IMPORTED,
A GENERAL Assortment of Goods from most
of the manufacturing Towns in Britain, and
to be sold by the Subscriber, at the Store next Door
below the Coffee-House,

Among the above there is a small Assortment of
fashionable Needle flowered Muslin Aprons and
Ruffles. (t.f.) ROBERT BUCHANAN.

RAN away from the Ship Molly, William Maynard
Commander, then lying at Benedict, Two
indented Servant Men; the one named ROBERT
CUMMINS, by Trade a Barber and Puke maker,

WILLIAM MAYNARD.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY
For raising 1500 DOLLARS,
FOR CLEANING AND SECURING THE DOCK IN
ANNAPOLIS.

Table with 3 columns: Number of Prizes, Dollars, Dollars.
1 - of - 2000 - is - 2000
1 - of - 1000 - is - 1000
2 - of - 500 - are - 1000
4 - of - 250 - are - 1000
5 - of - 100 - are - 500
10 - of - 50 - are - 500
25 - of - 20 - are - 500
50 - of - 10 - are - 500
750 - of - 4 - are - 3000
848 Prizes. 10000
4152 Blanks.
5000 Tickets, at Two Dollars each, amount to 10000

BY the above SCHEME, there are more than
Four Blanks to a Prize, and the Prizes are
subject to a Deduction of Fifteen per Cent. but as
there are many of them very valuable, it is not
doubted but the Tickets will very soon be disposed
of, especially as a great Number of them are already
engaged.

The Drawing to begin on the Second Monday in
July next, or sooner if sooner full, in the Presence
of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of
the Adventurers as chuse to attend.

The Managers are, Mess. Lancelot Jacques, William
Reynolds, William Paca, Thomas Johnson, Thomas
Jenings, Samuel Chase, James Tilghman, William
Cook, Robert Couden, John Brice, Charles Wallace,

A List of Prizes will be published in the Gazette,
which will be ready to be paid in One Month after
drawing. Those not demanded within Six Months
will be deemed as generously given for the Emolument
of the City.

TICKETS may be had of any of the
Managers.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON, at the PRINTING-
OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS,
of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance, Long Ones
in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS,
viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS
annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed
in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

(XXVIIth Y

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To L O

My LORD,



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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 9, 1772.

TO LORD NORTH.



MY LORD, HAVE waited, with a degree of impatience natural to a man who wishes well to his country, for your Lordship's ministerial interposition in behalf of an injured Princess of England, the Queen Consort of Denmark.

As I have some opportunity of being acquainted with the disposition of Lord North, it is, I candidly confess, with regret, that I resume the task of censuring a man, who has, at least, this negative virtue, that he wants the will to do a signal mischief to the state. I desire, however, to be well understood; I intend no compliment to your Lordship's heart; I am yet to learn that it merits any. If, therefore, our Prime Minister is not anxiously busied in adopting measures, and pursuing schemes, to plunge this country into irretrievable ruin, we may thank the dastardly pusillanimity of his nature; we may rejoice at his weakness; as by that alone our safety is injured, and we ought to exert in the superintending care of Providence, which hath dealt out its gifts to Lord North with so sparing a hand, that he does not possess a single talent necessary to render him a formidable adversary to publick virtue. There is, however, a certain dignity in office, which ever will have weight with the vulgar. Your brother the Bishop, my Lord, sees this truth daily verified within the precincts of his own diocese; and it cannot be construed into an ill-natured reflection, to say, that there are few families in Great Britain more indebted for consequence to the drapery of externals, than the present issue of the Right Hon. Lord — With your proceedings in office, therefore, I am at variance; the man is too contemptible for the notice of JUNIUS.

The late revolution in Denmark, my Lord, will produce, in all human probability, an entire alteration in the whole system of Europe. Your neutrality during that dark, and, as you have managed matters, more ruinous transaction, is culpable in the extreme. I went words wherewith to delineate the absurdity of your conduct; the occasion calls for a species of unenvied satire mortals may conceive, but which, to Lord North's unspeakable comfort, they never can attain. My efforts, however, are at the service of my country; the times demand them. There was a period when it was necessary and expedient that one man should die for the people, and the whole nation perish not; and there is at present a political necessity for a sacrifice; and it shall not be the fault of JUNIUS, if Lord North is permitted to escape, without gracing the triumph as the most distinguished victim.

The situation of the kingdom of Denmark is such, that its very existence depends upon cultivating a lasting and firm friendship with the maritime powers of Europe. Besides the ties of interest and of treaties, there are other political motives, which ever would incline Great Britain to support, protect and defend the Danes, against any combination which might be entered into for their destruction; but, at the same time that we should snatch an handful of people from impending ruin, though we might, *can we* interpose in their behalf, if their situation called aloud for pity and compassion, is this, in the name of goodness and common sense, any thing like a reason why we should tamely bear their ignominious insults, or suffer the disgrace they have cast upon the English nation to pass unconfuted or unchastised? I say the English nation; because, as for our Ministers, the term *disgrace*, when applied to them, loses altogether its poignancy, and the most superlative contempt becomes the highest compliment you can possibly pay to their dastardly measures.

An insignificant Northern Potentate is honoured by a matrimonial alliance with the King of England's sister. A confused rumour prevails, that she has been false to his bed; the tale spreads; a particular man is pointed at as the object of her licentious affections; our hopeful Ministry are, however, quite silent; dispatches, indeed, are sent off to Copenhagen, but the contents of those dispatches are so profound a secret, that with me it almost amounts to a question, whether you yourself know any thing of the matter. The Duke of Cumberland can keep a secret. Lord —, therefore, has entrusted him with a most precious secret; my worthy Premier, have a strong propensity to secrecy, on which account it might be prudent, therefore, in the Court, not to place too great a confidence in a man, who loves speaking so much, that he will talk nonsense for hours, rather than be silent even on a subject which he does not understand. For a different reason, Lord S —, perhaps, can develop the ministerial proceedings with regard to Denmark; he is a man of tried veracity, his lips are sealed, and the seldom opens his mouth to any purpose, unless when he is about to betray the cause of some person weak enough to be his friend.

As I am not one of the Cabal, I pretend not to dive into the motives for this cautious secrecy; I dare be

answerable they are of the extraordinary kind; but that, considered in a political light, your Lordship's whole procedure with regard to Denmark is absurd, and, with respect to the publick, highly criminal. — This is a proposition to which every independent man of sense, throughout the kingdom, must readily assent. In private life, the honour of a sister is deemed an affair of infinite consequence to a brother. A man of sentiment is anxious to convince his friends and neighbours, that the breath of slander hath traduced her virtue; and he seizes with avidity every alleviating circumstance that can contribute to extenuate her offence, or demonstrate her innocence beyond the possibility of cavil.

Is our pious M — cast in a different mould from one of his people? Or is he taught to believe, that the opinion of his subjects has no manner of relation to his own felicity? Are you, my Lord, quite void of feeling? Have you no warm blood that flows around your heart, that gives your frame a thrilling soft sensation, and makes your bosom glow with affections ornamental to man as a social creature? For shame, my Lord; how ever wrong you act, you must know better; you must be conscious, that the people have a right to be informed of every transaction which concerns the welfare of the State. They are part of a mighty empire, which flourishes only as their happiness is promoted; they have a kind of claim in every person belonging to the Royal lineage. How then can they peaceably remain neuter, and see their Princess imprisoned by a banditti of Northern Vandals? with what crime is she charged? What are the proofs of her guilt? A revolution, brought about by the artifices of an intriguing woman, is no new thing in Denmark; the very superstructure of the Danish Monarchy is raised upon such a foundation. Margaret, in right of her son Olaus VI. assumed the reins of Government in that kingdom; but not content with her just portion of power, she formed a scheme to depose Albert, the lawful King of Sweden; succeeding in her stratagems, she condemned him to perpetual imprisonment; and thus obtained the Sovereignty of Sweden also.

There is a barbarous ferocity which still clings to the inhabitants of the North, and renders their government subject to perpetual convulsions; but the Danes, I fancy, will be found the only people in our times who have dared to proceed to extremities that alarm all Europe; nay, dared to imprison an English Princess, without giving even the shadow of a publick reason for their conduct.

The Empress of Russia, on a somewhat similar occasion, was politeness itself. When she condescended to dispatch her husband, she caused a manifesto to be published, wherein she justified her conduct to God, her conscience, and the world. The present Machiavellian Dowager Julia may send the young Queen's soul to Heaven in a night; and, through the shameful remissness of you, Lord North, as Prime Minister of this unhappy country, the publick may remain ignorant of every circumstance relative to the murder. Be not, however, deceived; the blood of our Sovereign's sister shall not be suffered to cry in vain for vengeance; it shall be heard, it shall be revenged; and, what is still more, it shall besprinkle Lord North, and thus affix a stigma upon his forehead, which shall make him wander, like another Cain, accursed through the world.

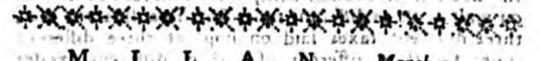
Is it thus a Cecil, thus a Burleigh, thus a Walsingham, would have acted in the days of the Protectorate? Would Cromwell have permitted such an indignity to have passed unnoticed? That illustrious character would have dispatched Blake with all imaginable speed to scour the seas; and chastise the insolence of these northern, uncivilised freebooters, had they presumed even to imprison a common English subject, much less an English Princess; and, as an hostage for her liberty and her life, he would have confined the Danish Ambassador, until an express arrived, proclaiming her release.

With the generality of persons, example has a most powerful effect. You, Lord North, soar above the common herd; neither precept nor example can touch your soul, or work a reformation in your conduct; you are proof against conviction, and, when publick or private virtue is in question, you have nothing of humanity about you. Contrasts, however, like pictures well disposed, form that agreeable diversity of light and shade which conveys pleasure and instruction to the most indifferent spectator. When, therefore, I mention Lord Chatham's name, there is no necessity for a comment to elucidate my meaning; his bold, his penetrating, his powerful genius, rescued this nation from despair and ruin; when an epidemic languor seized our frame. He, like some demigod, revived our drooping spirits; you, my Lord, have again plunged us into all the gloomy horrors of despondency. He — but I desist; when the crawling emmet, or the growling serpent, shall claim a superiority over mankind, *when*, and not until then, will I confess, that this is the faintest similitude between the Earl of Chatham and the man commonly called Lord North.

I anticipate the jargon of your party; I know the steps taken, and the artifices practised, to depreciate a man in the estimation of the world, the force of whose abilities astonished, and kept for a series of years, all Europe in subjection. Continental connexions, mili-

ons expended, and English blood spilt in Germany; these are *sales*, these are *backstays* to pieces. I grant, indeed, there is *overfatigue* in the man; I grant he has his *flights*, but they are so many *daring excellencies*. He is not merely a *meteor* in the political sky, he is a *constellation of a superior order*, which sheds its benign influence on this our lower world, infuses a genial vivifying heat into our atmosphere, and thus contributed to exaltate our species, and enhance the felicity of human nature. These praises are not calculated to obtain applause from the giddy multitude; they are not bestowed, because they may happen to fall in with the current of the times; they are not designed to render you, my Lord, less beloved, or more detested; than at present, since that is a task beyond even the *pen of Jubus* to accomplish; but they flow with an honest heart's sincerity from my *immediate* soul. And, was it possible to *construe* ye, that this paper should outlive the other *scribes of the day*, it would be my utmost ambition to have it considered as a monumental tribute of gratitude; justly due to the illustrious Earl of Chatham, for the many *distinguisht* signals, and important services he hath performed for this my native country.

JUNIUS.



M I L A N, March 11.

ONE of our most considerable bankers has lately failed for 200,000 livres, and is gone out of the country. They write from Lodi, that a domestic, who had lived with the Bishop of that place, but was discharged two years, got into the palace in the night, and stole to the amount of 12,000 livres in ready money; but being taken soon after, 8000 livres were recovered.

WARSAW, March 19. The last letters from Mittau say, that the general consistory of the duchy of Courland has pronounced a divorce between the young Duke and the Princess Carolina of Waldeck his consort.

CRAKOW, April 8. The Confederates are still masters of the citadel, but provisions are become so scarce now, that they are obliged to kill their horses, which the officers eat seemingly with great appetite, but the soldiers with reluctance; which is the more unhappy as they are reduced to half a pound of bread per day; however the deserters say, that it is impossible to hold out much longer. Col. Subak, who intended to surprise the garrison of Weisznic, was prevented by a detachment of Russian troops; 18 were taken prisoners, and about 200 killed and wounded; they had but one small cannon, a three pounder, which they left behind them.

HAMBURG, April 10. We have a report here, that when the Commissaries walked on the Queen of Denmark at the castle of Cronenbourg, the 21st of March, her Majesty spoke to them as follows: "If you are come to pay your respects to me, I admit you, but if you come with any other intentions, I shall answer nothing." You have my declaration signed by my own hand; I have nothing farther to say to you. Adieu. However probable the above may be, all reports from Copenhagen must be received with great caution. Her Majesty is entirely recovered from the colic, with which she was attacked some days since.

Letters from Riga, dated the 24th ult. advise, that 30,000 Russians, commanded by General Elmpet, the Count de Tottleben, General Rebinster, the Prince of Iserburg, and the Prince of Anhalt Bernburg, have passed by that place, with a train of large artillery, directing their march towards Poland.

ALTONA, April 17. This morning arrived the post from Copenhagen, and we can assure you, that the divorce of the King from his Queen has been declared. She is to be styled Princess of Aalborg, and is not to bear the King's arms.

O R D O N.

April 2. It is much doubted, whether the Ministry will be able to carry their plan respecting the East-Indies, in its full extent, into execution. The opposition with, these laws may be enacted to prevent the commission of such horrid acts of barbarity, as those with the repeal of which we have lately been shocked; but they will by no means consent that the Crown, already too powerful, shall have the appointment to the numerous lucrative employments in the East Indies.

Earl Temple, it is said, has within these few days been offered a high post under the Government, which his Lordship declined.

A plan for considerably augmenting the Crown revenues, by improving the English trade and settlement in Hudson's Bay, has been laid before the Premier for consideration.

April 7. It is said, that some acts of indulgence will shortly be granted to the Irish Roman Catholics, on account of their dutiful behaviour to Government.

Orders are given for a detachment of the Royal regiment of artillery, and a quantity of ordnance and military stores to be got in readiness to be shipped for

Bengal and our other British Settlements in the East Indies.

April 14. Some writers in the publick prints say, that it is discovered, that the splendid shew of granting further liberty to dissenters, and the specious indulgence to them, is intended to be followed by the establishment of a Bishop in America.

Hampton Court Palace, we hear, is ordered to be fitted up by May, for the reception of a great personage.

Part of the duty on the importation of Spanish wool is intended to be taken off this session.

April 15. We learn from Versailles, that Madame de Barre will soon be divorced by an arret of Parliament from her present husband, who, on this occasion, is to be gratified with an estate, called Roquelaur, which has been lately purchased for him, at the expense of 500,000 livres.

The several petitions which have been presented to the House of Commons this session, complaining of the present high price of corn, are referred to a Committee of the whole House.

The Duchess of Cumberland, it is said, supports the dignity of her station, having all ceremonies performed on the knee, and her Gentleman holding the privy-purp behind her.

A correspondent recommends the following as a short way to reduce the price of provisions: hang the engrossers, drown the falesmen, burn the carcase butchers, transport the mealmen, put the bakers in the pillory, imprison the butter factors, and compel every farmer to bring his whole stock of grain to market, within six months after it is threshed.

A correspondent says, that the following Taxes are paid for bread: A land-tax on the ground the wheat grows on, a land-tax on the ground the wood grows on it is baked with, a tax on the very water it is made with, a tax on the yeast it is worked with, a tax on the salt used in it, besides a reasonable allowance the baker hath, or ought to have, for housekeeping being doubled.—For beer he says are paid the following taxes: A land-tax on the ground the barley grows on, a land-tax on the ground the hops grow on, a tax on the water it is brewed with, three different taxes laid on malt at three different times for three different uses, three different taxes laid on hops at three different times for three different uses, three different excises laid on ale at three different times for three different uses, three different taxes on the coals it is boiled with, a tax on the copper it is boiled in, two different taxes on the staves the barrels are made of to put it in, a tax on the hoops the staves are bound in, a tax on the yeast it is worked with, a tax on the candles the brewers servants use in brewing, three different taxes laid on the publican at three different times for his licence to sell, and two taxes for the tankard we drink out of; in all 26.

A tax, it is said, will be laid, at the request of a great personage, on masquerade tickets.

April 18. A correspondent assures us, if the Parliament would have allowed the importation of grain, &c. from the American colonies, that an eminent merchant in the city would have engaged to have imported 800,000 bushels, only into the port of London, and that the returns thereof should be in goods, the product of this kingdom.

The French Ambassador was on Wednesday at St. James's. It is reported, that he has lately had advices, which contain fresh and strong assurances from the King his master of the pacific inclinations of that monarch, and his steady resolution to adopt no measures against his Britannic Majesty, which may tend to interrupt the mutual peace of the two kingdoms.

Thursday an express was sent to the War-Office from Chelmsford, for a military aid to protect the provision carts travelling to the markets, and the mills in that country, from the outrages of the populace, who have committed great excesses.

April 21. It is thought extremely singular by many sensible people, that preparations should be made for war without his Majesty's once condescending to come to the least explanation with his Parliament. It is hard, numbers think, that the domestic disunion of his relations should plunge the nation into blood, and harder still, that an immense load of publick debt should be contracted without any communication of the purposes to the people.

We are informed that a rendezvous house was opened in Wapping for jilting seamen to man the fleet destined for the Baltic.

All hopes of a treaty of peace between the Russians and the Porte have vanished for the present, and therefore a war in the east of Europe is apprehended. The Courts of Petersburg and Vienna, long hostile to one another, are now reconciled, from their common aversion to the cession of Polish Prussia to the House of Brandenburg.

April 25. A few days ago the King dictated to Lord Rochford the words of a letter to Lord Townshend, censuring that Lord's conduct in Ireland: The orthography and passages relating to the military were afterwards corrected by General Harvey.

Of forty-two commissions in the army lately sent over by Lord Townshend, only five were returned signed by the King. The rest were rejected.

It is asserted, that certain advices have been received from France, that the report of the Pretender's marriage with the Princess of Stolberg is entirely destitute of truth.

B O S T O N, June 11.

Extract of a letter from London, dated the 11th of April.

"Every thing here is peaceable; the opposition is dead, and our corporation patriots and our aldermanic incendiaries are sunk into contempt." Governor Hutchinson has at last concluded to convene the General Assembly at Boston.

N E W - H A V E N, June 19.

The Governor of Rhode Island has issued a proclamation, offering a reward of one hundred pounds ster-

ling, for the discovery of the persons concerned in the destruction of his Majesty's schooner the Gaspee, on the 9th instant.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, June 29.

Capt. Hammond, arrived here from the coast of Africa, but last from Nevis, informs us, that he left Beeraloon about three months ago, where he heard there had been a very sickly time up the river Gambia; that Governor de Bert, and all the traders at James's Fort, on that river, were dead, and that the Doctor was the only white man living belonging to the fort. He also informs, that a few days before he sailed, Capt. Savery, in a brig belonging to London, trading at Camaranco, having got about 65 slaves on board, they rose upon the white people, killed the Captain, Mate, and all the crew, except a boy; and that the vessel was afterwards retaken by one Mr. Cleveland, a trader, who recovered about 20 of the slaves, and intended to send the brig home, for the benefit of the insurers.

Capt. Wilson, from Lisbon, informs, that on the first of May arrived there a packet, in five days, from Falmouth, who, it was said, brought an account, that ten ships of the line, two frigates, two bombs, and a fire-ship, had actually sailed from England for Denmark.—On his passage, the first instant, in lat. 29. 33, long. 57, he spoke a brig from Virginia for Grenada, out 22 days, who said, that a schooner, then in sight, was the Britannia, from Philadelphia for Grenada, out 13 days; June 5, in lat. 31. 56, long. 60. 30, spoke a brig from Piscataqua for Grenada.

T H E M A N A G E R S of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY, at their Meeting on the 4th of this Instant, have resolved to begin the Drawing on Thursday the Tenth of September next; any Tickets then undisposed of will be taken at the Rique of the Lottery. The Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, are now rolling up.

T O B E S O L D.

At Alexandria, on Monday the 17th of August, **T H E MARYLAND TRACT** of Land, containing Acres, situate in Frederick County and Province of Maryland.

This Land was formerly advertised to be sold the 28th Day of May last, at Frederick-Town, but some Misunderstanding betwixt the Buyers and Sellers nothing was done; we have therefore determined to dispose of the whole together, and shall strike it off to the highest Bidder at the Time and Place above-mentioned.

As it has already been sufficiently described in the former Advertisements, it is needless now to particularize it again, for it is very well known to be an exceeding valuable Tract. Those inclinable to view the Land will please apply to Mr. Charles Beatty at Frederick-Town, who is perfectly well acquainted with it, and will faithfully shew the whole.

One Third of the Purchase Money must be paid down, One Third in Twelve Months, and the other Third in Two Years, from the Sale, bearing Interest from the Date. Immediate Possession will be given, and a most clear and undoubted Title will be made to the Purchasers, by

ADAM STEUART,
THOMAS MONTGOMERIE,
CUMBERLAND WILSON.

P. S. It having been reported at the last Sale, that this Land bore a Quitrent of 10 per Cent. we think it necessary to inform the Publick, that it pays no more than 4 1/2, which a Sight of the Patent now in our Possession will sufficiently shew.

ROBERT BUCHANAN
Annapolis, July 9, 1772.

Has just imported, in the Hope, Capt. Hooper, from London, and has for Sale, upon the lowest Terms, wholesale or retail, at the Store next Door below the Coffee House.

A GENERAL Assortment of Goods, amongst which is a Variety of genteel Silks, Chintzes, Millenery and Broad Clothes; best Hyson Tea at 20s. fine Green at 12s. 6d. superfine Bohea at 10s. and common Bohea at 5s. per lb. He has likewise West India Rum at 3s. 6d. per Gallon by the Hoghead, 3s. 9d. by the Barrel, and 4s. 6d. by the single Gallon.

Baltimore, July 1, 1772.
On Monday the 27th Instant, at 10 o'Clock, a. m. at the Union Warehouse at Fell's Point, will be sold by publick Vendue, for the Benefit of the concerned, separate,

A S T of new Sails for a Ship of 600 Hogf. heads of Tobacco Burthen, imported and damaged on Board the Ship Patoumack, Daniel Cock, Master, per

(3w) **THOMAS BRERETON,** Broker.
N. B. I have some good Vinegar for Sale.

J O H N B A L L

H E R E B Y informs the Publick in general, and his Friends in particular, that he has removed from the House wherein he lately kept Tavern, to the House of Mr. Jonathan Pinkney near the Town Gate, which was formerly kept by Mrs. M'Clod, where he now keeps Tavern, and begs the Continuance of his former Customers. He assures all those who shall please to favour him with their Company, that it shall be his constant Study and Endeavour to give Satisfaction. (t.f.)

T H I S former Partnership of *Thomas Williams* and *Co.* is now nearly expired. It would be extremely agreeable, and it is quite necessary for the Partners, to have all former Accounts adjusted, especially all Accounts for Cash Articles, and a great Number of Accounts for dry Goods that has very far exceeded the Time of Credit given them. If all such Accounts are not immediately adjusted and paid off, they may depend on being sued, as no farther Notice will be given.

Just opened for Sale, a large and complete Variety of Goods from the several British Manufactories, and India, imported by the Captains *Nicholson* and *Gward* from London, and the Two last Ships from *Bristol*, which will be sold for little more than Cost and Charges, for ready Cash or short Credit,

Per **THOMAS WILLIAMS** and *Co.*
N. B. A few Pair of the best French Bur and Cogn Millstones, Size, 4 Feet 2 Inches, 4 Feet, and 3 Feet 7 Inches. For Terms apply to *F. W.* and *Co.* in Annapolis, or *Richard Button* in Baltimore. Any Sorts or Sizes of Millstones may be had, at a short Notice. from *F. W.* and *Co.* (3w)

A L L Persons indebted for Dealings in the Store lately kept by *William Coffing* in this City, are desired to make immediate Payment to the Subscriber, Mr. *Coffing* having made an Assignment of said Store Debts to Mr. *James Maccubbin* of Philadelphia. Those who do not speedily settle their Accounts will be pursued against as the Law directs.

WILLIAM WOODWARD, sen.
Attorney in Fact for *James Maccubbin.*

W H E R E A S I the Subscriber intend to leave this Province in a short Time, I hereby request all Persons indebted to me to make immediate Payment, and those who have any just Claims against me are desired to bring in their Accounts within 6 Months from the Date hereof, that they may be adjusted.

WILLIAM JOHNSON.
I have on Hand a Sloop's new Mainfall, which will suit a Vessel of about 28 or 30 Tons Burthen. Likewise a Schooner's Mainfall half worn, something smaller, which I will dispose of on very reasonable Terms, for Cash only. W. J.

W O R N or Wheat (not less than five Bushels) will be received at Mr. *John Brice's* Landing on the River, and returned in Flour at the same Rate, his Mill being lately repaired and in good Order.

ISAAC GOODING.
There is a very good Wharf, to which Vessels of any Size may come. I. G.

R A N away from the Subscriber, on the 5th Instant, an indented Servant Man named *John Brooks*, upwards of 30 Years of Age, of a dark Complexion, black Hair and black Beard, a long Chin, and is a Barber by Trade: Had on when he went away a Drugget Coat and Felt Hat, the rest of his Cloaths unknown. Whoever secures the said Servant in any Jail, that his Master may get him again, shall receive a Reward of Three Pounds and reasonable Charges, paid by

JAMES REID.
THREE POUNDS REWARD.

R A N away from the Subscriber, the 16th Instant, an Irish Servant Man named *Patrick Cannon*, between 40 and 45 Years of Age, about 6 Feet high, gray Hair, and a remarkable spotted Finger on his right Hand: Had on a Claret Coat, a striped flannel Waistcoat, a blue jacket, white Plush Breeches, Two Osnabrig Shirts, One Check ditto, Two Hats, Three Pair of Stockings, Crocus Trowsers, and some other Cloathing.

It is suspected he has a Pass, and it is probable he will change his Cloathing. He pretends to speak bad English. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so as his Master may get him again, shall receive the above Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

(w3) **CHARLES PERRY.**

T H E R E is at the Plantation of *Thomas Gault*, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a small brown bay Mare, 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock W, a switch Tail and hanging Mane. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

T H E R E is at the Plantation of *William Hallett*, in Dorchester County, taken up as a Stray, a reddish Roan Horse, about 10 Years old, switch Tail, about 14 Hands high, no Brand or Ear Mark to be observed. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

T H E R E is at the Plantation of *Peter Foubler*, on the great Road that leads from Baltimore Town to Hanover, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder something like S, is about 12 Hands and an Inch high, his near hind Foot white a little above the Hough, has a switch Tail and standing Mane, and appears to be about 6 Years old. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

S C H E M E	
For raising	
FOR CLEANING	
A N	
Number of Prizes	
1	-
2	-
4	-
5	-
10	-
25	-
50	-
750	-
848	Prizes
4152	Blacks
5000	Tickets
each,	a

B Y the above Four Blanks subject to a Deduction there are many others, not doubted but the Title of, especially as a drawing is engaged.

The Drawing will be the Tenth of September of the Managers venturers as chuse

The Managers *ham Reynolds, William Jennings, Samuel Cook, Robert Coudrey, John Davidson, James Williams, Roske, Robert John, Colin Campbell, James Brooks,* are to give Bond for the full Discharge of the

A List of Prizes which will be ready for drawing. Those who will be deemed as Managers of the City.

T I C K E T

A N N A P

Will begin on 9

T H E R E will be an Account of in this Gazette.

Upper Marlborough

T O B E S O L D.

On Wednesday the 2

good London Bill

T H R E E Acres

the Town and

ing Improvements

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Chimney, Two Bri

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The Subscribers

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with a view to unde

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JAMES I

JAMES C

SCHEME of a LOTTERY
For raising 1500 DOLLARS,
FOR CLEANING AND SECURING THE DOCK IN
ANNAPOLIS.

Number of Prizes	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 - of -	2000 - is -	2000
1 - of -	1000 - is -	1000
2 - of -	500 - are -	1000
4 - of -	250 - are -	1000
5 - of -	100 - are -	500
10 - of -	50 - are -	500
25 - of -	20 - are -	500
50 - of -	10 - are -	500
750 - of -	4 - are -	3000
848 Prizes.		10000
4152 Blanks.		
5000 Tickets, at Two Dollars } each, amount to - - -		10000

BY the above SCHEME, there are more than Four Blanks to a Prize, and the Prizes are subject to a Deduction of Fifteen per Cent. but as there are many of them very valuable, it is not doubted but the Tickets will very soon be disposed of, especially as a great Number of them are already engaged.

The Drawing will certainly begin on Thursday the Tenth of September next, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as chuse to attend.

The Managers are, Mess. Lancelot Jacques, William Reynolds, William Paca, Thomas Johnson, Thomas Jennings, Samuel Chase, James Tilghman, William Cook, Robert Couden, John Brice, Charles Wallace, John Davidson, Thomas Harwood, John Clapham, James Williams, Thomas Brooks Hodgkin, William Roche, Robert Johnson, William Deards, James Brice, Colin Campbell, James Dundas, John Galloway, James Brooks, and Samuel Harvey Howard; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of Prizes will be published in the Gazette, which will be ready to be paid in One Month after drawing. Those not demanded within Six Months will be deemed as generously given for the Emolument of the City.

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers.

ANNAPOLIS RACES

Will begin on Tuesday the 6th of October next. THERE will be Four Days Sport, a particular Account of which will be speedily inserted in this Gazette.

Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's County, June 30. TO BE SOLD, ON THE PREMISES,

On Wednesday the 23d of July next, for Sterling Cash, good London Bills of Exchange, or Current Money,

THREE Acres of Ground, being Three Lots in the Town aforesaid, on which are the following

Improvements: A Dwelling House, with Two good Rooms on a Floor, Two above and Two below, Two Brick Chimnies, and Three Fire-Places,

One above and Two below, there are convenient Closets and a good Buffet, a Kitchen, with a Brick Chimney, Two Fire Places, One above the other

below; a neat Brick Milk House; a House 50 by 40, with Partitions, which make Two good Work-

shops, a Chaise House and Stable; likewise a very good Garden and Yard paved in, and some Fruit-

Trees. One Lot of Ground adjoining, on which there are a Blacksmith's Shop, Two Sets of Tools,

fifty or Sixty Weight of best German Steel, and five or Six Hundred Bushels of Sea-Coal: The

above Lots lay in a pleasant Part of the Town, and are well watered. Also One Lot, No. 241. in The

Adjoin to George-Town, Frederick County. The

above mentioned the Purchaser may be made a good

right to, by a Deed and general Warrant. Like-

wise a neat new Country made Chaise, with Har-

ness, to be sold, on or before the Day of Sale be-

forementioned.

JOHN KINGSBURY,

N.B. As the Subscriber intends leaving this

Town and settling in Annapolis the last of November

next, he requests all Persons indebted to him to pay

immediately, and those having just Claims a-

gainst me are desired to bring them in, that they

may be settled. (3w) J. K.

Virginia, June 10, 1772.

to be LET to the lowest Bidder, on the First Monday

in August next, in Loudoun County, in the Parish

of Cameron,

THE building a Brick Church, 53 by 42 Feet

in the Clear, 28 Feet high, or not to exceed

16 Feet superficial Measure, with a Gallery.

The Subscribers will meet on the Day aforesaid,

a Spring on Joshua Evans's Land, near Sugarland

in said Parish, about Five Miles from Patow-

kes River, in order to agree for the building the

same. It is desired, that all those who may attend

with a view to undertake the same, will bring Plans

agreeable to the above Dimensions.

JAMES LANE, } Churchwardens.
JAMES COLEMAN, }

T O B E S O L D,
TRACT of Land, containing about 800 Acres, situate in Baltimore County, near to Hood's Mill, on Patuxet Falls, and within One Mile of said Mill, and within Four Miles of Two other Merchant Mills, that always give Baltimore-Town Price for Wheat, and within Ten Miles of said Town. The Soil is good for Grain or Grass, and has an extensive Range. For Particulars enquire of Edward Cook, at Mr. William Otley's, adjoining to said Land.

Annapolis, July 1, 1772.

We have just imported from London, in Capt. Hooper,

AN Assortment of Clothes, Linens, Silks, Millinery, Hosiery, Boots, Shoes, and Saddlery, which are to be disposed of at our Store, on the Front of the Dock, with a full Assortment of almost every Kind of dry Goods, at Wholesale or Retail, for a small Advance.

THOMAS HARWOOD, junr.
JOHN BRICE.

Annapolis, June 29, 1772.

ALL PERSONS any Ways indebted to the Estate of Francis Oneal, late of this City, deceased, are hereby required to discharge the same; and all Persons that have any just Claims against the said Estate are likewise desired to bring them in, properly attested, that they may be discharged by

CHARLES ONEAL, Administrator.

Prince-George's County, June 30, 1772.

B R O K E R J A I L,
On the Night of Wednesday the 10th Instant, and the following Prisoners escaped, viz.

JAMES SMITH, a stout Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, a Butcher by Trade, and has but One Hand, used formerly to row in the Ferry-Boat over Severn from Annapolis.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, about 25 or 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, has a Scald Head, and wears sometimes a marine-Cap of the Royal George Man of War, and plays a little on the Fife.

JOHN EARLS, a tall raw-boned Fellow, of a very swarthy Complexion, 25 Years old or thereabouts—Their Drefs is uncertain. I will give to Dollars Reward for Smith, and 20 Shillings Current Money for Campbell and Earls, if secured in any Jail, so that I may get them again, and reasonable Charges if brought Home to

RALPH FORSTER,
Sheriff of Prince-George's County.

Committed as Runaways, Alexander Downey and Henry Bayley, Sailors, and they say free Men, are willing to enter on Board any Ship whose Comman-

der they can agree with, for which Purpose they were travelling from Virginia, not knowing it was necessary to have a Pass. They are clean looking Men, and have much the Appearance of Seamen.

(2w) R. F.

I have for Sale a Negro Man, under 30 Years of Age, healthy, and One that can turn his Hand to any Sort of Plantation Business.

R. F.

June 27, 1772.

S T O L E N
From the Subscriber, living in Charles County, last

December,

A YOUNG bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, dock'd but not branded (unless since she was taken away), is dull, trots hard, and is apt to leer when any Person comes near her. Eight Dollars Reward and reasonable Charges for bringing or contriving her to

(w3) PETER DENT.

June 20, 1772.

WHEREAS I, the Subscriber, intend to petition the Assembly of the Province of Mary-

land, at their next Sitting, in order to obtain a Confirmation of the Title of Part of a certain Tract of Land, in Kent County in the said Province, called

Angle's Rest, which David Witherspoon, of Newcastle County, on Delaware, purchased of John Carstak of Talbot County in the Province of Maryland: These

are therefore to give Notice to all Persons who may have any Objection to such Petition, then and there to appear and shew the same, if any there be.

THOMAS WITHERSPOON.

St. Mary's County, June 2, 1772.

COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, a

Negro Man who calls himself GEORGE DUNN; he is a likely well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, has on a white Shirt, old Trousers, and a felt Hat. His Master (if any) is desired to take him away and pay Charges to

(4w) JENIFER TAYLOR, Sheriff.

There is at Charles Carroll's Plantation, be-

yond Elk-Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a dun Pieball Horse, his Head almost all white, four white Legs, nigh 13 Hands high. The Owner may have him on proving Property and paying Charges.

There is at the Plantation of Elisha Harrison,

near Pig-Point, taken up as a Stray, a Straw-

berry Roan Mare, about 12 Hands and a half high, branded on the near Buttock HA joined together, and is a natural Pacer. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Morris Mitchell, living near Major Joseph Sims in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a bright bay Horse, appears to be twelve or 13 Years old, branded on the near Buttock something like D about 13 Hands high, he is a great Jumper. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

WEST and HOBSON.

Annapolis, June 24, 1772.

FINDING it necessary to have a House in Annapolis, for the more conveniently carrying on our Business, and keeping a regular Correspondence with our Friends, I have agreed with Mr. Thomas French for that Purpose, who will forward all Orders and Letters directed to us; And I have imported, in the Friendship, Capt. Robinson, from London, a large and handsome Assortment of Goods fit for the City and Country, which are now opening, and will be sold on very reasonable Terms, for Tobacco, Cash, Bills, or Country Produce.

(4w) STEPHEN WEST.

The Friendship is to load in Patuxet, and her Loading will be insured.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Vestry of St. Anne's Parish intend to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of this Province, for an Act to pass for the Assentment of a Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds of Tobacco, on the Inhabitants of the said Parish, for the Purpose of erecting a new Church in the City of Annapolis.

Signed per Order,
FREDERICK GREEN, Register.

Anne-Arundel County, June 14, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near the Head of Severn, a likely Negro named JOE, a short thick made Fellow, talks fast, and not good English, and is fond of Liquor and Gaming: Had on and took with him when he went away, a Souff coloured Coat, a black Cloth Waistcoat, Leather Breeches, blue Stockings, old Shoes nailed, new Felt Hat, a blue great Coat, and several other Cloaths. He was sent from Philadelphia in December last by James Maccabbin, and it is likely he may make that Way: Whoever takes up the above Fellow and delivers him to me, or to William Farris in Annapolis, shall have if taken in the County Thirty Shillings, if out of the County Fifty Shillings, and if out of the Province Five Pounds, paid by me,

WILLIAM WOODWARD.

Charles County, Maryland, June 16, 1772.

COMMITTED to my Custody, as a Runaway,

a white Man, by the Name of John Buck, but since his Commitment says his true Name is John Cason, and that he belongs to Peter Rufner, in Frederick or Augusta County in Virginia. His Drefs is a blue Coat, Calico lappelled Jacket, white shirt, with a Broach in it, and Osnabrig Trousers. He is pitted with the Small-Pox, has light Hair, and says he is about Twenty Years of Age. His Master is desired to pay Charges, and take him from

(3w) GEORGE LEE, Sheriff.

There are at the Plantation of Robert Weir, living in Baltimore County, 17 Miles from Baltimore-Town, upon Patuxet Fall, taken up as

Strays, Two Horses, one a Sorrel, with a large Blaze on his Face, middle sized, his near hind Foot white, paces, and has Shoes on; the other a small brown Horse, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder MH joined together, paces and troes, and has Shoet on. The Owners may have them again on proving Property and paying Charges.

Just imported, and to be sold by the Subscriber, at his Store, near the Church in Annapolis,

A NEAT Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable to the Season, amongst which are a Parcel of genteel Silks, and fashionable super-fine Cloaths.

COLIN CAMPBELL.

June 6, 1772.

WHEREAS BOLTS TYEE BALTHROP, of Charles County, did, on or about the 15th Day of July, 1767, pass his Bond unto THOMAS BROWNING, of Kent County, to convey a Tract or Parcel of Land, lying in Kent County, and on the North Side of Chester River, called Holston; and whereas the said B. T. B. died before the Conveyance of the said Land, we therefore propose to apply to the next general Assembly of the Province of Maryland, for an Act of said Province, to enable the Executors to make a Deed agreeable to said Bond, and request all Persons concerned to take Notice thereof.

EDWARD SMOOT,
THOMAS BROWNING.

BENJAMIN SPRIGGS & JOHN DONALDSON,
TAILORS and HABIT-MAKERS, from LONDON,

TAKEN this Method of informing the Publick, that they have opened Shop at the House of Mr. Charles Bryan, in Annapolis, where all Ladies and Gentlemen, who please to favour them with their Custom, may depend upon their Orders being punctually complied with, in the neatest and best Manner, and on the shortest Notice. They desire no Favour beyond their Merit, and Recommendations grounded on that Principle, will be gratefully acknowledged.

P O E T R Y.
TO EVANDER—A HASTY BAGATELLE.

TELL me not of faces fair,
Coral lips or jetty hair,
Sparkling eyes, and snowy breast
Fondly heaving to be prest.—
I'm for something more alluring,
Charms more lasting, more enduring;
Deck'd with which, the lovely maid
Needs no transient color's aid.—
Yet when nature's utmost care
Forms a nymph that's wife and fair;
Where each grace and beauty meet,
Making mind and shape comp'ete;
Where the heart and face conspire
Ev'ry breast with love to fire;—
When we such a charmer see,
Who can gaze, and still be free?
If a nymph like this be nam'd,
Is not *Chloe's* fame proclaim'd?
Should, *Evander*, should thy friend
Prove to happy in the end,
As this treasure to possess?
(Gods! the very thought gives bliss)
Not the scepter's golden sway
Should entice my heart astray;
Not the blooming queen of love
E'er should make me fickle prove.
Though she, with beguiling air,
Gave me choice of ev'ry fair,
From the cottage to the throne;
Chloe I would have alone—
Chloe, loveliest of the plain,
I, by far, the happiest swain.

CLEANDER.

T O B E S O L D.

A LOT of Ground in the City of Annapolis, the Property of the late Capt. James Reith, whereon are a neat Brick Dwelling House, a good Stone Kitchen, and sundry other Improvements. For Terms apply to

JAMES WILLIAMS, Administrator.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Estate of the said James Reith, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, are desired to make immediate Payment; and all those who have Demands against said Estate are requested to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjusted. (t.f.) J. W.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT.

A YOUNG Man, who has had a liberal Academic Education, understands the Greek and Latin Languages, Mathematicks, Geography, and other Branches of polite Literature, can be well recommended, and would engage as a private Tutor, in a Gentleman's Family, or as a Master, in any publick or private School, on such Terms as shall be worth his Acceptance. For further Particulars enquire of the Printers.

Baltimore, May 20, 1772.

Imported from Liverpool in the Ship Cicely, and from London in the Ship Industry, Capt. Carcaud,

BROAD-CLOTH, Wilson Cloth, Sagathy, Cotton and Silk Gingham, Damascus, Cotton Gowns, superfine and common white Jeans, corded Dimity, Jennets, Shalloons, Velvets, Durants, Callimancoes, Tammys, Cambletees, India Persians, Pelongs, Alamodes, Cloth and Silk Cardinals, Russia Drabs, Russia Sheeting, printed Cottons and Calicoes, Chints, plain and flowered Lawns, Cambricks, Cotton and Silk Romals, Bandaones, Persian and China Taffeties, Mens and Womens Thread and Silk Hbse, German and British Osnabrigs, Irish Linens, Dowlas, brown and Cotton Hollands, Checks, Bombazeens, Blondines, Crapes, Table clothes and Towelling, Felt and Callor Hats, Leaf Sugar, Green and Hyson Tea, Hardware, Saddlery, Earthen and Glass Ware, Window Glass, Stationary, Anchors, Anvils, Iron Pots, Powder, Shot, Bar Lead, German Steel, and a great Variety of other Articles, will be sold on reasonable Terms, at their Stores in Baltimore and Alexandria, by

(w6) ASHBURNER and PLACE.

The Ship Cicely, now lying at Baltimore, has a few Servants on Board; she is a good, stout, new Vessel, burden about 180 Tons, and may be chartered for any Part of Europe, by applying to A. & P.

JAMES DICK and STEWART Have just imported, in the Betsy, Capt. James Hanrick, from London,

ALARGE Assortment of European and East India Goods, which they will sell cheap, either by Wholesale or Retail, at their Stores in Church-Street, Annapolis, and at London-Town. Among the above-mentioned Goods are, Hyson, Bloon, Green and Bohea Teas, best London double and single refined Sugars, in small Casks of 3 cwt. each, Linseed, Neatsfoot, Florence and Chamber Oil, and a large Assortment of China.

They have likewise for Sale, Sail Duck of all Numbers, Anchors from 1 1/2 to 12 cwt. Grapnels, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery and Cordage, made at Newington Ropewalk, where all Orders are complied with in the most expeditious Manner. Also, old Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, Hoghead or Quarter Cask.

Annapolis, June 15, 1772.

N. B. As we propose soon to decline the retailing Business in Annapolis, we will dispose of the whole or any Part of our Goods at a very moderate Advance, for ready Money, Country Produce, or short Credit. And we beg the Favour, that such of our Customers who have not lately either discharged or settled their Accounts, would pay as soon as is convenient, or in the mean Time settle their Balance by Note or Bond, which will oblige

JAMES DICK & STEWART.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

April 9, 1772.

BROKE out of Cecil County Jail on Tuesday the 7th Inst. Alexander Moore, and William Arnett, who were committed to my Custody as Criminals.—Moore is about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high: Had on, a grayish Coat and Jacket, Leather Breeches, blue Worsted Stockings, and plain Silver Buckles in his Shoes.—Arnett is about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high: Had on, a brown Half Coat, Leather Breeches, and white Stockings.—Whoever secures them, and delivers them to the Subscriber, shall have the above Reward, or Five Pounds for each.

(t.f.) RICHARD THOMAS, Sheriff.

June 17, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 15th Instant, an indented Servant Man named JOHN BRAND, a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet high, short black Hair, very much pitted with the Small-Pox, and his right Eye very red: Had on, an Onnabrig Shirt and Trowsers, Country made Shoes, an old Felt Hat, and Cotton Jacket; is supposed to have taken with him a brown Cloth Jacket with Mohair Buttons; and professes to be a Seinemaker and Groom. Whoever takes up the above Servant, and secures him, so as his Master may have him, shall receive a Reward of One Pistole, and all reasonable Charges, paid by

STEPHEN STEWARD.

Annapolis, June 10, 1772.

THE Judges of the Land-Office having represented to his Excellency the Governor, that there are a great Number of Certificates in their Office unpatented, many of them are returned by virtue of Warrants, which issued more than Two Years ago, and others where the Two Years are near expiring; His Excellency being desirous that those who purchased Warrants in the Lifetime of the late Lord Proprietary, should have the Benefit of such Warrants, has directed them to give publick Notice, that Patents are made out as usual, and that Applications for Warrants under the Proclamation will be received, and the Warrants issue to the first Discoverer, in preference to any other Person, whenever the Office shall be opened.

Signed per Order, WILLIAM STEWART, Cl. Ld. Office.

Annapolis, June 4, 1772.

JUST IMPORTED, In the Ship Eden, Capt. Nicholson, from London, and to be sold, on the most reasonable Terms, by the Subscriber, at their Store on the Front of the Dock in Annapolis, either Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or on short Credit.

ALARGE and general Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season. Amongst which is a great Variety of the genteel Silks and Millenery, embroidered Silk Shapes, Whalebone and all other Stay Goods, best London Porter, double and single refined Sugars of different Qualities, Sail-Cloth, Jewellery, best Barbadoes Muscovado Sugar, &c.

WALLACE, DAVIDSON & JOHNSON.

May 27, 1772. CHARLES County School being now vacant, the Visitors of said School give this Notice, that any Person well qualified for Master of the said School will find Encouragement, by applying to the Visitors aforesaid.

Signed per Order, THEOPHILUS HANSON, Clerk.

George-Town, Frederick County, June 11, 1772.

ALL Persons who have any just Claims against the Estate of John Orme, deceased, are desired to bring them in legally proved, that they may be settled. And those who are indebted to the said Estate are desired to pay off their Accounts immediately to

JAMES ORME, Executor,

and LUCY ORME, Executrix.

N. B. The Executrix will continue to keep Tavern for ready Money only. L. O.

Baltimore, May 27, 1772.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of Armstrong Buchanan, late of Baltimore, deceased, or against the late Partnership of Smith and Buchanan, are desired to bring in their Accounts properly proved; and all Persons indebted to the Estate of said Armstrong Buchanan, or to the late Partnership of Smith and Buchanan, are requested, speedily to discharge their respective Balances to the Subscriber, Administrator to the Estate of said deceased.

NATHANIEL SMITH.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS of the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

Just imported, in the Eden, Capt. Saml. Nicholson, and to be sold, Wholesale and Retail, on the usual Terms, by the Subscriber, in Church-Street, Annapolis.

ALARGE and general Assortment of European and East-India GOODS.

THOMAS GASSAWAY, Junr.

Annapolis, April 29, 1772.

THE Subscriber intends to leave the Province in a short Time; those indebted to him are requested to make immediate Payment; and those who have Claims against him are desired to bring in their Accounts that they may be settled.

JOHN LAYPOLE.

THREE Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, containing by Patent Six Acres, which will be sold for a very reasonable Price. For Terms apply to

SAMUEL HOWARD

(t.f.) JOHN HOWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Elk Ridge, in Anne-Arundel County and Province of Maryland, an Irish Convict Servant named Lawrence Robertson; appears to be about 16 or 17 Years of Age, slim made; about 5 Feet 3 Inches high; swarthy Complexion, thin visage, dark brown Hair, his Apparel but mean; Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him Home, shall have a Reward of 20 Shillings if taken within 20 Miles, 30 Shillings if 30 Miles, and if a greater Distance 50 Shillings, besides what the Law allows.

JOHN DORSETT.

RAN away from the Ship Molly, William Maynard Commander, then lying at Annapolis. Two indented Servant Men; the one named ROBERT CUMMINS, by Trade a Barber and Peruke maker, is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own Hair of a light Colour tied behind. Had on when he went away, a dark brown Coat and Buckskin Breeches, and a Hat covered with Oilskin. The other named RICHARD JONES, by Trade a House Carpenter and Joiner, about the same Height as the former, wears his own dark Hair, and is pitted with the Small-Pox: Had on a light coloured Coat and dirty Buckskin Breeches. Whoever takes up the above Servants, and secures them in any Jail within this Province, shall receive Three Pounds Reward, or Thirty Shillings for either, besides what the Law allows; and if taken out of the Province Five Pounds for both, or in Proportion.

(t.f.) WILLIAM MAYNARD.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready-Printed, most kinds of BOOKS, viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-Work performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 16, 1772.

C O P E N H A G E N, April 12.

Length some particulars have transpired of what passed before the great Commission on the 6th instant, which day will be memorable in the history of this kingdom. The Queen Carolina is condemned to perpetual imprisonment, and consequently her marriage with the King our Sovereign is null. Though the Court has not yet thought proper to publish this sentence, it is nevertheless true. Counsellor Bang read the accusations against the Queen, which seemed to be pretty numerous, as they filled four sheets of paper. The Attorney General Uldahl spoke in favour of the accused party, and acquitted himself with so much eloquence in the cause of the young Queen, that he drew tears from the whole audience. The five following questions gave rise to great debates amongst the Judges: 1st, How the divorce was to be performed? 2dly, What title the Queen should have after the dissolution of the marriage? 3dly, How to act with respect to the young Princess? 4thly, What pension should be allowed the Queen's imprisonment? The three ladies, who are to accompany the Queen in her imprisonment, which will probably be in the Castle of Aalborg, are to engage by oath not to absent themselves from the prison after eight o'clock in the evening in summer, and six in the winter.

The whole Court cannot but lament the fate of this unhappy Princess, who is not yet 21 years of age, and condemned to perpetual imprisonment. It is assured the King is going to visit his German dominion, and that he will set out the 23d instant. We are impatient to know the fate of the other state prisoners, to whom the present circumstances seem to presage nothing very favourable.

Mr. Keith having expressed a desire to return home, was answered that he might go whenever he thought proper. At the same time a courier was dispatched to Baron Dieden for his recall. It is said this Minister is ordered to declare to the British Court, that the Queen will be permitted to return to her own country, upon condition that she will give security never to set foot again in Denmark.

PARIS, April 17. The Porte has consented to the following conditions: 1. That the holding of a congress should be no longer delayed. 2. That this congress should be held in Walachia. 3. That the Danube should serve as a boundary to both armies during the congress. 4. That in case the negotiations for peace should prove fruitless, the armistice should nevertheless continue for the space of three months, reckoning from the day of the breaking up of the congress.

L O N D O N,

April 11. If there is any foundation for the report, that we are now going to pursue compulsive measures with the Court of Denmark, nothing can be more absurd; it should have been determined on the first intelligence, either that the Queen was to be considered here entirely as a subject of Denmark, or entirely as sister to the King of Great Britain. But it seems we did not choose to acknowledge the former, nor dare to avow the latter. There is somewhere or other in our state a fund of absurdity or inconsistency, of ill governed pride, and abject submission, not to be equalled in the most arbitrary state. In a country where Justice, to say the best, is administered in the most summary and despotic manner, where the constitution is unsullied, and where there is the greatest reason to suspect a formal design of changing the succession to the Crown, we have suffered an unfortunate Queen to languish in prison more than two months, without any guarantee for the safety of her person, than the feeble remonstrances of a single man, who, though highly spirited and indefatigable, has nothing in his power but to remonstrate; while her character has received a stain, which, though she be innocent, can never be erased out. The mysterious silence, in which every thing relating to her has been kept, has irrevocably fixed the stain of suspicion upon her.—Unhappy Princess! The blunders we are guilty of ought to be merely our own. Ridiculous as they have been, they have never, till now, been destructive except to ourselves.

April 14. The English masters and pilots of the Russian Squadron, who went from England under the command of Rear Admiral Elphinstone, and are returned, have not been able to obtain their wages.

The method Lord Mansfield takes to shorten the list of appeals, which stands for hearing before the House of Lords, is highly commendable; the calling in of Council by twelve o'clock, gets rid of a cause in one day, which otherwise must continue two days in hearing; and we wish that his example may be followed by every Speaker and Chancellor, when the business of the Courts below does not prevent them sitting at so early an hour; they will be sure of receiving the prayers and good wishes of every person, who, by necessity, is compelled to bring an appeal before that august assembly.

The scarcity is so great in Norway, that the peasants are driven to eat even the barks of trees, and in the towns the artisans are driven to still greater straits.

Last week the bills of the two greatest houses perhaps in the European world were refused to be done at the Bank, and the alarm occasioned by this circumstance is so general, that many houses of large property must, it is apprehended, stop through a want of immediate circulation.

The alarm occasioned by the extraordinary conduct of the Bank is not confined to England only, but has extended to the Continent; and judicious people much fear that foreigners will immediately draw their money from our funds, since the fountain head of credit thus strangely shuts up one of the principal streams of commerce, and leaves a channel entirely which it furnished at all times with the greatest avidity.

April 15. From a correspondent at Lisbon we learn, that for ten weeks past they have had extreme bad weather of rain, hail, and tempestuous wind, infomuch, that not one out of eleven ships, waiting for fruit, have a single chest on board; and that the common people are in a most starving and deplorable condition, cutting and eating the green corn.

April 16. It is strongly talked of at the west end of the town, that his Grace the Duke of Argyle will occupy an important post in the Administration before the breaking up of Parliament.

A noble Lord has declared, that a war with both France and Spain cannot be avoided many months longer.

Since last summer no fewer than seven vessels have been seized by the Spaniards off Cuba, on pretence of illicit trade.

Friday last the grand-daughter of an amiable old Duke eloped with a Captain of the Guards; the most diligent pursuit has been made after them, but to no purpose.

A rumour prevails in many knowing places about town, that the Grand Seigneur has for some time had a promise, which he can rely upon, from some power, which is not yet made publick, of joining him this summer, which is the only reason of his backwardness in coming to an accommodation with the Russians. In all probability, by next Christmas all Europe will be involved in a war.

A letter from Cadiz says, that 6000 troops, with a suitable quantity of military stores, &c. embarked on Cadiz Bay, on the 26th ult. for South America.

April 18. In our last Saturday's paper we mentioned, that his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester had held a conference with his Holiness the Pope in an open garden; we are now enabled to give a more circumstantial account of that interview. It must then be known, that the Pope, on every Ash-Wednesday, deals out the holy ashes to the Cardinals; the Duke of Gloucester went to see this ceremony; after it was over, the Pope went into a room in which he generally drinks coffee; a door from his chapel leads into his coffee-room, and the coffee-room opens into the great garden, where Pope Benedict first received his Spanish Majesty whilst he was King of Naples. It was in this garden the Pope first had a conference with the Duke of Gloucester, which we may safely conclude was highly interesting to his Holiness, since we learn, that on his Royal Highness's return to his own hotel, he there found a magnificent present from the Pope, consisting of a fine collection of coppers of antique and modern Rome, by the famous Piranesi, besides a picture of Cleopatra, and another of Virtue, in Mosaic work; and on the Friday following the Vatican Church was illuminated from one end to the other, in honour of his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, in the same manner as it had been illuminated about three years ago, in honour of the present Emperor of Germany.

The Russians, extremely jealous of having his Prussian Majesty their neighbour, have signified in form, that they cannot sit down as idle spectators, should he make any attempts for the appropriation of Dantzick and Royal Prussia. A war in the east of Germany is likely to proceed from the ensuing summer.

The haughtiness of the Turkish Emperor has got the better of the necessities of his affairs. Having repented of the powers with which he invested his Minister to the Russian General, an express arrived at Jassy, before the preliminaries were actually signed; so that another campaign is inevitable. The greatest preparations possible are making on both sides.

April 21. When the motion relative to the corn bill was under consideration in a great assembly on Wednesday last, it was urged, among many other arguments in its favour, "That the effect of regulating the importation and exportation, by a fixed scale and system, would keep the price of wheat at or about 5s. 6d. the bushel at an average, and all other grain in proportion; that the farmer knowing, from a fixed rule, what he had to depend upon as to a market, and the sale of his produce, would be no longer discouraged and embarrassed in cropping his ground, but would set about it earnestly to raise that produce, which he was assured he had an encouraging and free market for; that the merchant, having a fixed scale of prices, and leading to an assured rule for importing and ex-

porting, would know how to speculate, and would speculate accordingly; the consequence of which would be, that when an importation became really necessary, it would really take effect, which has not been, and never will be, the case by our temporary laws.

April 22. We are credibly informed, that the intention of sending a fleet to the Baltic is postponed, on account of some favourable advices received from Denmark, and that the stocks rose yesterday very considerably on the occasion.

April 23. The Parliament will rise the 21st of May. Jonathan Britain, who is now at Sherburne to take his trial at the next session, declares, in the most solemn manner, that he will seal the truth of his testimony relative to the fire at Portsmouth with his blood—that all he requires is a publick hearing on the affair, and if he cannot prove every tittle of his information, he is content and will cheerfully submit to any punishment he may be thought to deserve—that if any gentleman of character will insure him a hearing, either at the bar of the House of Commons or in a publick Court of Justice, he will deliver up all his papers into their hands.—But, a correspondent says, it is too evident, that the present trial for petty forgeries is designed to suppress an enquiry into the great national concern, the Portsmouth conflagration.

The Queen of Denmark, we hear, by a letter which comes from the British Minister at Copenhagen, has never once lost her fortitude in the midst of all the dangers that surrounded her; though a woman, and a very young one, she still maintained all the dignity of her rank, and determined to die at least with heroism, if she could not live with reputation.

Accounts from Corsica inform us of a most cruel war being carried on in that island between the French and miserable natives; a war resembling the hunting parties of savages on one side, and the brutal resistance of enraged beasts of prey on the other; who, as soon as those bloody conflicts are over, retreat again to their dens, caverns, and inaccessible fortresses.

We can assure the Publick, that an experiment is shortly to be made of a machine, invented by Dr. Dominicetti of Chelsea, by which he engages to prove, that provisions may be dressed for one thousand persons, in three hours time, with less fire than is commonly used in a parlour grate, and in all the various methods of cookery. It is said to be constructed on the most simple principle, and to be one of the most ingenious and useful inventions ever seen in this kingdom.

It is said Lord North will be called up to the House of Peers.—That the Seals will be offered to Lord Camden, and if he declines to Lord Chief Justice De Grey.

April 25. A letter from Copenhagen by yesterday's mail says, That the trial of the Queen is over; she is confined in the castle at Aalborg, to bear the title of Majesty, and her children are declared legitimate. Her Majesty is allowed to take the diversions of the country under a guard, but not to cohabit with the King. Count Struensee and Count Brandt are found guilty; the former will be executed, and the latter banished.

We are well assured, that, notwithstanding the seeming slowness of a great personage to undertake the cause of an illustrious young lady of his own family, his first address to his Minister, after receiving the news of her confinement, was, "Save her honour, save her life, and do what you please with your matter."

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, April 11.

"On the 9th Sir Robert Keith went to Cronenburg, and had a conference with her Majesty the Queen Carolina Matilda, and returned again yesterday; since which, it is said, he is to return to London."

Lord North, in a conversation which he lately had with a great personage, made use of the following expression, which deserves everlasting remembrance: "Peace, Sir, is the greatest blessing your people can enjoy, besides liberty and honour; and it shall be my perpetual study to secure it, while it can be obtained consistently with their freedom and their reputation."

April 27. The Duke of Cumberland wrote a very spirited letter to an august personage, requesting he might be sent with the Squadron lately fitting out for sea; and as far as lay in his power, acquit himself of the service he owed to his Sovereign and to his country.

'Tis certain, that his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland applied to his Majesty for the command of the Squadron fitting out for the Baltic, but his request was rejected, at the instigation of Lord Sandwich, in conjunction with the Mansfield junta.

An order has been lately issued out by the French Commandant at Dunkirk, which obliges all the English subjects, many of whom are of good character and in capital business, to leave that place immediately.

By letters received on Saturday last from Northamptonshire, and other counties in the very center of the kingdom, we are informed, that the poorer sort of people are starving in the midst of plenty. Wheat bread they never taste of, wheat being nine shillings per bushel, but eat barley bread. Mutton and bee;

Frederick County, July 16, 1772.

WHEREAS a certain Nathaniel Wickham, of Frederick County, hath passed his Obligation to us the making over a Tract or Parcel of Land lying in Frederick County, being Part of the Resurvey on Buck Range, now called Wickham's Discovery, containing eighty-one Acres, more or less: We have thought expedient to give this publick Notice of the Transfession, to prevent any Person from purchasing or taking a Mortgage of the said Land.

ROBERT WOOD,
JOSEPH WOOD, junr.

Charles-Town, Cecil County, July 7, 1772.

IN consequence of several Barrels of Fish being stolen at different Times, since the Middle of last fall, from the Subscriber's Fishery near Charles-Town, as well as from sundry other Persons near the same Place, and having received Intelligence of a Couple of small Schooners cruising in Elk River, whose Manner of trading was suspicious, I procured a Couple of Vessels to go in Search of them, who were so fortunate as to overtake them. The People belonging to the Schooners seeing themselves pursued, and being conscious of guilt, forsook their Vessels, and made their Escape to Shore. There were found on Board several Barrels of Herrings and had, some of them the very Fish stolen from me, some belonging to others, who have since made their Property appear; there was also on Board a quantity of Seine Rope, Tobacco, Slip Blocks, and sundry other small Things, which I presume were stolen; the Owners, upon proving their Property, and paying their proportional Part of the Expence, may have them again; and the Vessels and Goods claimed by the Owners within Two Months will be sold by publick Vendue, to defray the Expence and Damage sustained on the Occasion.

EDWARD PARKER.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

July 6, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscribers, living near Schuylers Delight, in Baltimore County, Maryland, a dark Mulatto Slave, who goes by the Name of CHARLES HARDING, but formerly by the Name of DICK; about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, large Nose, hollow eyed, low Forehead, has upwards of Forty Scars on his Head of different Sizes, well made, has a small Scar on the upper Part of his Nose on the left Side, a small Scar on the right side his under Lip, close kneed, his hands tend forwards, some Scars on the small of his back occasioned by wearing of irons, a large Scar on the Outside of his left Leg occasioned by a Burn, a Scar on one of his Thumbs, he has been unmercifully whipped from his Neck to his Knees, which he says was by his former Master, is a Carpenter and Joiner by Trade, and can paint, which he learned of Lewis Almon, of Nancoman County in Virginia, who told him to Edward Voss, a Bricklayer by Trade, and worked in sundry Parts of Virginia, and when the said Slave ran away from him, he was in King and Queen County near Rapahannab, and by Water to Philadelphia, and from thence travelled through Lancaster and York Counties to Hanover-Town, and worked there about a Year, and from thence into Baltimore County near Baltimore-Town, where he continued, from about the Year 1765 to the Year 1772, as a free Man, and since he has his former Masters in Virginia, has learnt to read and write, and to play on the Violin; it is probable he may forge a Pass and change his Name, he has done before: Took with him a Castor hat, a suit of white Russia Diab Cloaths, a blue cloth Coat, red striped Jacket, a new redish brown cloth Jacket much too large for him, new blackish colour'd Cotton-Velvet Breeches with large and lathioned Pocket Flaps, shirts, Stockings and shoes of different Sorts, and large plated Buckles. Whoever recures the above Slave in any Jail, so that his Masters get him again, shall receive Five Shillings, and if 50 Miles from Home Seven Pounds and Shillings, and if 100 Miles the above Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by SAMUEL OWINGS, junr. ALEXANDER WELLS.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

July 16, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 27th of last Month, a Negro Man named NAT, 20 Years old, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a smooth faced likely well made Fellow: Had on, a Felt Hat, old Fearnought Jacket, and blue Cloth under Girt, Osnabrig Shirt and Cotton Breeches. Whoever takes up and delivers the said Negro to his Master shall receive 20 Shillings, and above 10 Miles from Home 40 Shillings, and if out of the Province the above Reward, paid by BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

ROBERT BUCHANAN

Just imported, in the Hope, Capt. Hooper, from London, and has for Sale, upon the lowest Terms, Wholesale or Retail, at the Store next Door below the Coffee House,

A GENERAL Assortment of Goods, amongst which is a Variety of genteel Silks, Chintzes; Linenery and Broad Cloths; best Hyson Tea at 1 s. fine Green at 12 s. 6 d. superfine Bohea at 1 s. and common Bohea at 5 s. per lb.

THE MANAGERS of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY, at their Meeting on the 4th of this Instant, have resolved to begin the Drawing on Thursday the Tenth of September next; any Tickets then undisposed of will be taken at the Risque of the Lottery. The Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, are now rolling up.

TO BE SOLD,

At Alexandria, on Monday the 17th of August next, THE Merryland Tract of Land, containing 6300 Acres, situate in Frederick County and Province of Maryland.

This Land was formerly advertised to be sold on the 28th Day of May last, at Frederick-Town, but by some Misunderstanding betwixt the Buyers and Sellers nothing was done; we have therefore determined to dispose of the whole together, and shall strike it off to the highest Bidder at the Time and Place abovementioned.

As it has already been sufficiently described in the former Advertisements, it is needless now to particularize it again, for it is very well known to be an exceeding valuable Tract. Those inclinable to view the Land will please apply to Mr. Charles Beatty at Frederick-Town, who is perfectly well acquainted with it, and will faithfully shew the whole.

One Third of the Purchase Money must be paid down, One Third in Twelve Months, and the other Third in Two Years, from the Sale, bearing Interest from the Date. Immediate Possession will be given, and a most clear and undoubted Title will be made to the Purchasers, by

ADAM STEUART,
THOMAS MONTGOMERIE,
CUMBERLAND WILSON.

P. S. It having been reported at the last Sale, that this Land bore a Quitrent of 10 per Cent. we think it necessary to inform the Publick, that it pays no more than 4 1/2, which a Sight of the Patent now in our Possession will sufficiently shew.

Baltimore, July 1, 1772.

On Monday the 27th Instant, at 10 o'Clock, a. m. at the Union Warehouse at Fell's Point, will be sold by publick Vendue, for the Benefit of the concerned, separate,

A SUIT of new Sails for a Ship of 600 Hogheads of Tobacco Burthen, imported and damaged on Board the Ship Patowmack, Daniel Cock, Master, per

(3w) THOMAS BRERETON, Broker.

N. B. I have some good Vinegar for Sale.

JOHN BALL

HEREBY informs the Publick in general, and his Friends in particular, that he has removed from the House wherein he lately kept Tavern, to the House of Mr. Jonathan Pinkney near the Town Gate, which was formerly kept by Mrs. McCleod, where he now keeps Tavern, and begs the Continuance of his former Customers. He assures all those who shall please to favour him with their Company, that it shall be his constant Study and Endeavour to give Satisfaction. (t.f.)

THE former Partnership of Thomas Williams and Co. is now nearly expired. It would be extremely agreeable, and it is quite necessary for the Partners, to have all former Accounts adjusted, especially all Accounts for Cash Articles, and a great Number of Accounts for dry Goods that has very far exceeded the Time of Credit given them. If all such Accounts are not immediately adjusted and paid off, they may depend on being sued, as no farther Notice will be given.

Just opened for Sale, a large and compleat Variety of Goods from the several British Manufactories, and India, imported by the Captains Nicholson and Coward from London, and the Two last Ships from Bristol, which will be sold for little more than Cost and Charges, for ready Cash or short Credit, Per THOMAS WILLIAMS and Co.

N. B. A few Pair of the best French Bur and Collogn Millstones, Size, 4 Feet 2 Inches, 4 Feet, and 3 Feet 7 Inches. For Terms apply to T. W. and Co. in Annapolis, or Richard Button in Baltimore. Any Sorts or Sizes of Millstones may be had, at a short Notice, from T. W. and Co. (3w)

Virginia, June 10, 1772.

To be LET to the lowest Bidder, on the First Monday in August next, in Loudoun County, in the Parish of Cameron,

THE building a Brick Church, 53 by 42 Feet in the Clear, 28 Feet high, or not to exceed 2226 Feet superficial Measure, with a Gallery.

The Subscribers will meet on the Day aforesaid, at a Spring on Joshua Evans's Land, near Sugarland Run, in said Parish, about Five Miles from Patowmack River, in order to agree for the building the same. It is desired, that all those who may attend, with a view to undertake the same, will bring Plans agreeable to the above Dimensions.

JAMES LANE,
JAMES COLEMAN, } Churchwardens.

ANNAPOLIS RACES

Will begin on Tuesday the 6th of October next.

THERE will be Four Days Sport, a particular Account of which will be speedily inserted in this Gazette:

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Gantt, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a small brown bay Mare, 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock W, a switch Tail and hanging Mane. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Peter Fouble, on the great Road that leads from Baltimore Town to Hanover, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder something like 9, is about 12 Hands and an Inch high, his near hind Foot white a little above the Hough, has a switch Tail and standing Mane, and appears to be about 6 Years old. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges

Upper Marlborough, Prince George's County, June 30. TO BE SOLD, ON THE PREMISES,

On Wednesday the 23d of July next, for Sterling Cash, good London Bills of Exchange, or Current Money,

THREE Acres of Ground, being Three Lots in the Town aforesaid, on which are the following Improvements: A Dwelling House, with Two good Rooms on a Floor, Two above and Two below, Two Brick Chimnies, and Three Fire-Places, One above and Two below, there are convenient Closets and a good Buffer, a Kitchen, with a Bick Chimney, Two Fire-Places, One above the other below; a neat Brick Milk Houfe; a House 50 by 30, with Partitions, which make Two good Work-shops, a Chaise Houfe and Stable; likewise a very good Garden and Yard paved in, and some Fruit-Trees. One Lot of Ground adjoining, on which there are a Blacksmith's Shop, Two Sets of Tools, Fifty or Sixty Weight of best German Steel, and Five or Six Hundred Bushels of Sea-Coal. The above Lots lay in a pleasant Part of the Town and are well watered. Also One Lot, No. 241. in The Addition to George-Town, Frederick County. The abovementioned the Purchaser may be made a good Right to, by a Deed and general Warrant Likewise a neat new Country made Chaise, with Harness, to be sold, on or before the Day of Sale beforementioned.

JOHN KINGSBURY.

N. B. As the Subscriber intends leaving this Town and settling in Annapolis the last of November next, he requests all Persons indebted to him to pay off immediately, and those having just Claims against me are desired to bring them in, that they may be settled. (3w) J. K.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, containing about 800 Acres, situate in Baltimore County, near to Hood's Mill, on Patapsco Falls, and within One Mile of said Mill, and within Four Miles of Two other Merchant Mills, that always give Baltimore-Town Price for Whear, and within Ten Miles of said Town. The Soil is good for Grain or Grass, and has an extensive Range. For Particulars enquire of Edward Cook, at Mr. William Otley's, adjoining to said Land.

Annapolis, July 1, 1772.

We have just imported from London, in Capt Hooper,

AN Assortment of Clothes, Linens, silks, Millinery, Hosiery, Boots, Shoes, and Saddlery, which are to be disposed of at our Store, on the Front of the Dock, with a full Assortment of almost every Kind of dry Goods, at Wholesale or Retail, for a small Advance.

THOMAS HARWOOD, junr.
JOHN BRICE.

WEST and HOBSON.

Annapolis, June 24, 1772.

FINDING it necessary to have a House in Annapolis, for the more conveniently carrying on our Business, and keeping a regular Correspondence with our Friends, I have agreed with Mr. Thomas French for that Purpose, who will forward all Orders and Letters directed to us. And I have imported, in the Friendship, Capt. Robinson, from London, a large and handiome Assortment of Goods fit for the City and Country, which are now opening, and will be sold on very reasonable Terms, for Tobacco, Cash, Bills, or Country Produce. (4w) STEPHEN WEST.

The Friendship is to load in Patapsco, and her Loading will be insured.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Vestry of St. Anne's Parish intend to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of this Province, for an Act to pass for the Assisment of a Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds of Tobacco, on the Inhabitants of the said Parish, for the Purpose of erecting a new Church in the City of Annapolis.

Signed per Order,
FREDERICK GREEN, Register.

St. Mary's County, June 2, 1772.

COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself GEORGE DUNN; he is a likely well-made Fellow, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, has on a white Shirt, old Trousers, and a Felt Hat. His Master (if any) is desired to take him away and pay Charges to (4w) JENIFER TAYLOR, Sheriff.

P O E T R Y.

To THE P R I N T E R.

S I R,
T O such of your poetical Correspondents as are fond of kissing during this hot Weather, it will probably not be unentertaining to attempt a Translation of the following short Latin Ode, which I have set down from Memory, not having the Copy at Hand. I am

Your humble Servant,
OSCULATOR.

DA mihi centum
Bafia, da
Mille deinde,
Claudia dulcis.
Paucula sunt hæc,
Da mihi quot sunt
Gramina Campis
Tempore verno:
Da mihi quot sunt
Æquoris Undæ,
Flantibus Ausfris:
Da mihi quot sunt
Sidera Cælo,
Nocte silente;
Paucula sunt hæc
Quæ numerentur;
Bafia da mi,
Claudia dulcis,
Quot Numeri non
Prendere possunt;
Claudia, quam plus
Diligo, charius
His vel Ocellis!

S C H E M E of a L O T T E R Y

For raising 1500 DOLLARS,
FOR CLEANING AND SECURING THE DOCK IN
ANNAPOLIS.

Number of Prizes	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 - of -	2000 - is -	2000
11 - of -	1000 - is -	1000
2 - of -	500 - are -	1000
4 - of -	250 - are -	1000
5 - of -	100 - are -	500
10 - of -	50 - are -	500
25 - of -	20 - are -	500
50 - of -	10 - are -	500
750 - of -	4 - are -	3000
848 Prizes.		10000
4152 Blanks.		

5000 Tickets, at Two Dollars }
each, amount to - - - } 10000

RY the above SCHEME, there are more than Four Blanks to a Prize, and the Prizes are subject to a Deduction of Fifteen per Cent. but as there are many of them very valuable, it is not doubted but the Tickets will very soon be disposed of, especially as a great Number of them are already engaged.

The Drawing will certainly begin on Thursday the Tenth of September next, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as chuse to attend.

The Managers are, Mess. Lancelot Jacques, William Reynolds, William Paca, Thomas Johnson, Thomas Jennings, Samuel Chase, James Tilghman, William Cook, Robert Couden, John Brice, Charles Wallace, John Davidson, Thomas Harwood, John Clapham, James Williams, Thomas Brooke Hodgkin, William Rooke, Robert Johnson, William Deards, James Brice, Colin Campbell, James Dundasi, John Galloway, James Brooks, and Samuel Harvey Howard; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of Prizes will be published in the Gazette, which will be ready to be paid in One Month after drawing. Those not demanded within Six Months will be deemed as generously given for the Emolument of the City.

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON, at the PRINTING OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

JAMES DICK and STEWART
Have just imported, in the Betsey, Capt. James Harrick, from London,

A LARGE Assortment of European and East India Goods, which they will sell cheap, either by Wholesale or Retail, at their Stores in Church-Street, Annapolis, and at London-Town. Among the above-mentioned Goods are, Hyson, Bloon, Green and Bohea Teas, best London double and single refined Sugars, in small Casks of 3 cwt. each, Lintseed, Neatsfoot, Florence and Chamber Oil, and a large Assortment of China.

They have likewise for Sale, Sail Duck of all Numbers, Anchors from 1 1/2 to 12 cwt. Grapnels, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery and Cordage, made at Newington Ropewalk, where all Orders are complied with in the most expeditious Manner. Also, old Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, Hoghead or Quarter Cask.

Annapolis, June 15, 1772.

N. B. As we propose soon to decline the retailing Business in Annapolis, we will dispose of the whole or any Part of our Goods at a very moderate Advance, for ready Money, Country Produce, or short Credit. And we beg the Favour, that such of our Customers who have not lately either discharged or settled their Accounts, would pay as soon as is convenient, or in the mean Time settle their Balance by Note or Bond, which will oblige

JAMES DICK & STEWART.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

April 9, 1772.

BROKE out of Cecil County Jail on Tuesday the 7th Inst. Alexander Moore, and William Arnett, who were committed to my Custody as Criminals.—Moore is about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high: Had on, a grayish Coat and Jacket, Leather Breeches, blue Worsted Stockings, and plain Silver Buckles in his Shoes.—Arnett is about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high: Had on, a brown Half Coat, Leather Breeches, and white Stockings.—Whoever secures them, and delivers them to the Subscriber, shall have the above Reward, or Five Pounds for each.

(if) RICHARD THOMAS, Sheriff.

June 17, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 15th Instant, an indented Servant Man named JOHN BRAND, a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet high, short black Hair, very much pitted with the Small-Pox, and his right Eye very red: Had on, an Off-nabrig Shirt and Trowsers, Country made Shoes, an old Felt Hat, and Cotton Jacket; is supposed to have taken with him a brown Cloth Jacket with Mohair Buttons; and professes to be a Seinemaker and Groom. Whoever takes up the above Servant, and secures him, so as his Master may have him, shall receive a Reward of One Pistole, and all reasonable Charges, paid by

STEPHEN STEWARD.

Annapolis, June 10, 1772.

THE Judges of the Land-Office having represented to his Excellency the Governor, that there are a great Number of Certificates in their Office unpatented, many of them are returned by virtue of Warrants, which issued more than Two Years ago, and others where the Two Years are near expiring;

His Excellency being desirous that those who purchased Warrants in the Lifetime of the late Lord Proprietary, should have the Benefit of such Warrants, has directed them to give publick Notice, that Patents are made out as usual, and that Applications for Warrants under the Proclamation will be received, and the Warrants issue to the first Discoverer, in preference to any other Person, whenever the Office shall be opened,

Signed per Order,
WILLIAM STEUART, Cl. Ld. Office.

Annapolis, June 4, 1772.

JUST I M P O R T E D,
In the Ship Eden, Capt. Nicholson, from London, and to be sold, on the most reasonable Terms, by the Subscribers, at their Store on the Front of the Dock in Annapolis, either Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or on short Credit,

A LARGE and general Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season. Amongst which is a great Variety of the genteel Silks and Millenery, embroidered Silk Shapes, Whalebone and all other Stay Goods, best London Porter, double and single refined Sugars of different Qualities, Sail-Cloth, Jewellery, best Barbados Mufcovado Sugar, &c.

WALLACE, DAVIDSON & JOHNSON.

T O B E S O L D,
A LOT of Ground in the City of Annapolis, the Property of the late Capt. James Reith, whereon are a neat Brick Dwelling House, a good Stone Kitchen, and sundry other Improvements. For Terms apply to

JAMES WILLIAMS, Administrator.
N. B. All Persons indebted to the Estate of the said James Reith, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, are desired to make immediate Payment; and all those who have Demands against said Estate are requested to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjusted. (t. f.) J. W.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,
A YOUNG Man, who has had a liberal Academical Education, understands the Greek and Latin Languages, Mathematicks, Geography, and other Branches of polite Literature, can be well recommended, and would engage as a private Tutor, in a Gentleman's Family, or as a Master, in any publick or private School, on such Terms as shall be worth his Acceptance. For further Particulars enquire of the Printers.

J U S T P U B L I S H E D,
And to be sold at the PRINTING OFFICE,

T H E
VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS of
the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

Just imported, in the Eden, Capt. Samuel Nicholson, and to be sold, Wholesale and Retail, on the lowest Terms, by the Subscriber, in Church-Street, Annapolis,

A LARGE and genteel Assortment of European and EAST-INDIA GOODS.
THOMAS GASSAWAY, jun.

Annapolis, April 29, 1772.

THE Subscriber intends to leave the Province in a short Time; those indebted to him are requested to make immediate Payment, and those who have Claims against him are desired to bring in their Accounts that they may be settled.

JOHN LAYPOLE.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,
THREE Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, containing by Patent 610 Acres, which will be sold for a very reasonable Price. For Terms apply to

(if) SAMUEL HOWARD
JOHN HOWARD.

June 22, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel County and Province of Maryland, an Irish Convict Servant named Lawrence Robertson; appears to be about 16 or 17 Years of Age, slim made, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, swarthy Complexion, thin Visage, dark brown Hair, his Apparel but mean. Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him Home, shall have a Reward of 20 Shillings if taken within 20 Miles, 30 Shillings if 30 Miles, and if a greater Distance 50 Shillings, besides what the Law allows.

JOHN DORSY.

May 4, 1772.

RAN away from the Ship Molly, William Maynard Commander, then lying at Benedict, Two indented Servant Men; the one named ROBERT CUMMINS, by Trade a Barber and Peruke maker, is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own Hair of a light Colour tied behind: Had on when he went away, a dark brown Coat and Buckskin Breeches, and a Hat covered with Oilskin. The other named RICHARD JONES, by Trade a House Carpenter and Joiner, about the same Height as the former, wears his own dark Hair, and is pitted with the Small-Pox: Had on a light coloured Coat and dirty Buckskin Breeches. Whoever takes up the above Servants, and secures them in any Jail within this Province, shall receive Three Pounds Reward, or Thirty Shillings for either, besides what the Law allows; and if taken out of the Province Five Pounds for both, or in Proportion, and reasonable Charges if brought to Annapolis.

JOHN CLAPHAM.

June 27, 1772.

S T O O L E N
From the Subscriber, living in Charles County, December,

A YOUNG bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, taken away, is dull, trots hard, and is apt to leave when any Person comes near her. Eight Dollars Reward and reasonable Charges for bringing her to

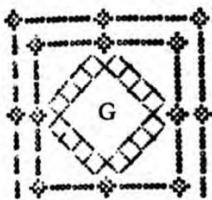
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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 23, 1772.

W A R S A W, April 8.



GENERAL Elmt has already entered Lithuania with a body of light troops, consisting of between 15 and 16000 horse, and 20 and 11000 foot.

Mr. Benoit, Envoy from the King of Prussia, has declared, that his master's troops had orders now to act against the Confederates; and the Russian Minister has in like manner declared, that from the present time they will no longer set at liberty any of the Confederates who may be made prisoners.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17. The Russians have again passed the Danube near Ruzzig, and obtained some advantage over the Turks, who wanted to hinder their passing that river.

We hear that the armistice between the Porte and Russia was concluded on the 5th of this month, and that a regular correspondence will be established between Jally (the place where the congress is to be held) and the cities of Vienna, Petersburg, Warsaw, Berlin, and Constantinople.

BERLIN, April 21. Major General Anhalt, whom the King sent about two months ago into Poland, to examine and set in order the line of his Majesty's troops there, is returned. Before his departure from Poland, this General dispersed, with 800 horse, a body of 2000, under the orders of Zarembo, who lost in this 400 men, that is to say, 250 killed on the spot, and 150 taken prisoners, together with 6 pieces of cannon. A little before the action the confederates insulted the line of our troops, on which General Anhalt acquainted Zarembo, that if he did so again he would attack them; but the confederates renewing their insults, General Anhalt kept his word, and gave them a thorough drubbing.

L O N D O N,

April 28. A company of foot, intended for the youngest son of Lord Holland, who is at present a Cornet of Horse, was among the commissions from Ireland that were rejected by the King, and sent back unsigned.

We are informed from good authority, that peace, in the east of Europe, notwithstanding the late cessation of arms, is far from being so certain an event as has been imagined. The Empress of Russia will not permit the Tartars of Crimea to return to their dependencies on the Porc, and the Turks, if they permit the Russians to navigate the Black Sea, may give up at once Constantinople.

Many a man has made his fortune by marriages. If the King of Denmark goes on as he has begun, he will probably do the same. He got, if we remember right, 100,000 l. with his wife. He now offers her in return 10,000 dollars, that is about 2000 l. so he will clear by the match 98,000 l. a pretty round sum! Few men, we believe, however averse to matrimony, would refuse to take a wife for two or three years upon the same conditions.

The advices from Copenhagen say, that six spacious apartments in the castle of Aalborough are to be allotted for the Queen of Denmark, and that there is to be a kind of Court kept up there, under certain limitations.

May 2. With regard to the fate of the Queen of Denmark, it is now with confidence asserted, that she is to be sent to Zell, and to have a pension in lieu of her portion from Denmark, equal to 4000 l. per annum sterling; also that her loose behaviour in the Court was so notorious to be in any manner vindicated; but there were other crimes of a blacker die laid against her. Our Court say, that the fine which they had ordered prevented any other punishment being inflicted upon her than a divorce. This is, however, doubted by many, who say, that upon a fleet's being ordered to be fitted out, the French and Prussian ministers interfered, which so effectually frightened our Court, that they gave private assurances, the orders for fitting out the fleet should be countermanded, if they would join in an application to the Danish Court to deliver up the Queen to the English Minister, who would conduct her to Zell; which has been complied with. Without metaphor or exaggeration, she may be justly called the Messalina of Denmark.

A letter from Constantinople, dated March 19, says, "A squadron is fitting out to oppose the enemies projects in the Black Sea, and several thousand workmen are sent to the Straights of Constantinople, to repair the forts and to erect new batteries and entrenchments, in order to make those straits as formidable as the Dardanelles. His Highness has entered into contract with several merchants of different nations to furnish this capital with provisions, and foreign vessels are daily arriving here with them; so that there is at present sufficient in the magazines for the support of an army."

The committee on the bill for allowing the free importation of rice from any of his Majesty's colonies in America into this kingdom, went through with amendments, to be reported to-morrow.

Made further progress in the bill for regulating the importation and exportation of corn.

Lord Mansfield continues to preside in the House of Peers for the Lord Chancellor, on account of the great number of petitions his Lordship has to hear, they amounting to upwards of 160, the greatest number ever remembered.

It is said that, during the course of the speech made by Lord North yesterday in the House of Commons, his Lordship prophesied a peace for ten years to come.

A correspondent says the following may be depended on: Every thing is accommodated with the Court of Denmark. Two men of war are ordered to sail immediately to Copenhagen, with several officers of his Majesty's household on board, to conduct the Queen of Denmark to Patatz, from thence to Hanover, where she is to reside during life.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen.

"That part of the account in the London prints which I have read here, relating to our Queen, is certainly true, though not altogether in the manner you have it. You must know, our Attorney General acted with great spirit in the trial, and dwelt much upon the part the King has acted in this business. He reminded them, that the King was not the prosecutor, though the offence was alleged against him; nay, his Majesty did not accuse, but declared he was satisfied with the Queen; he confessed he thought her too good a woman for him, and acknowledged that he had long since been convinced in his own conscience, that he was not a man good enough for her; and though he plainly perceived she was no stranger to his infirmities, she never would turn her back upon her husband. When the High Commission Court had heard all this, they began to relent, and, instead of the heavy punishment which was expected, they ordered she should have two stout men every night to attend her."

A nobleman lately arrived in the neighbourhood of St. James's, from Rome, is greatly suspected to have come here on a secret embassy; it is known that he had several audiences of a great personage, and that he does not send his dispatches to Rome by the post, but by special messengers.

A correspondent observed, that those who blame Lord Chatham for neglecting his duty in Parliament, during the whole of the present session, without once appearing there, ought to excuse his Lordship, as it is the first fault of the kind he has been guilty of from the time he first became a member.

We hear that the Spanish Ambassador now here is shortly to be recalled, and that he will be succeeded by the Duke de Villharmosa lately arrived here.

The act passed for the relief of insolvent debtors will clear those who were prisoners or fugitives for debt on or before the first day of January 1772; and the sum allowed every prisoner out of his effects (on delivering up all on oath), for wearing apparel, bedding for himself and family, working tools and necessary implements for his occupation and calling, is not to exceed 20 l. In the preceding insolvent acts the sum allowed was only 10 l. for those uses.

Extract of a letter from Mr. John Downward, cast away on the coast of Barbary, the 22^d of March, 1771, to his parents in Liverpool, dated St. Cruz, Feb. 25, 1772.

"I arrived here only two days ago, bought by the Jew Lazon Salem, for the King of Barbary, where I believe all the rest of our ship's company are; the only raiment allowed me is about three fourths of a yard of check, and half a yard wide, my food parched barley and water once a day. In this miserable state I lived five months. After five months I was brought to the market, and sold to another Moor for 8 l. 13 s. 4 d. sterling, the price of slaves there. Mr. Walbrond being informed of an Englishman being here, sent me a letter to comfort me, informing me he would do his endeavour to redeem me; the King ordered him at his peril to purchase me, as he would purchase me himself, which he has done, and I am to proceed either to the King of Morocco, or Megzinor, three days journey north. The merchant I am now with informs me, it would be proper, and a speedy means, for you and your friends to write to the Governor of Gibraltar, who, on the arrival of the letters, will send a courier to his Majesty to deliver the Christians into his hands."

Letter from an English gentleman at the Danish Court, an attentive observer of what has been passing there ever since the marriage of the present King.

S I R,
BEFORE this can reach London, you will, undoubtedly, have heard of the sudden change that has happened in the Court of Denmark. This comes by favour of Capt. T—, as it is unsafe to write of what passes here by the ordinary post.

You must know, Sir, that, ever since the marriage of the reigning King, but more particularly since the birth of the young Prince, the Dowager Queen, second consort to the late King, despairing of seeing the Crown descend to her son Frederick (now in his 19th year) by lineal succession, has been plotting the ruin of the reigning family, by every artifice her active genius

could suggest. She is, in truth, a woman of consummate policy, and has the art of covering the worst designs, under the mask of the most acceptable services.

She began very early to practise upon the young Queen, and, by counterfeiting, at the first interview, a real maternal fondness for her amiable person, she took advantage of her Majesty's youth and inexperience, and ensnared her by deceit. Her dissimulation has all along been carried on with an air of openness and kindness that gained her entire confidence; and, by her ascendancy over the Queen's conduct, she has directed measures in such an unpopular manner, as to make her the chief instrument of her own undoing.

It was, indeed, visible enough, to some who were nearest her person, that, from the moment the Queen was welcomed into Denmark by the acclamations of a joyful people, the Dowager conceived a jealousy of her popularity. It was, however, to no purpose to counsel her to be upon her guard; she never could be persuaded to suspect the sincerity of a mother, who, by her assiduities, gave daily proof of her affectionate regard.

The Dowager found the Queen passionately fond of the fashionable diversions of the English nation, and it was her only foible to pay too slight an attention to the genius and manners of the Danish people. The Dowager encouraged her in her attachment to the one, and in the disregard she was but too apt to shew to the other. At the same time her policy was such, that, while she flattered her Majesty's vanity by applauding her elegance and taste, she was in secret fomenting a party against her, and insinuating that the Queen had nothing at heart but imitating foreign splendor, and amusing herself with foreign entertainments—entertainments calculated, indeed, to captivate the minds of giddy youth, but of the most pernicious tendency to corrupt their morals; that she despised the simplicity and plainness of the Danish Court, and would in time cause English levity, and English libertinism, to triumph over the opposite virtues for which the Court of Denmark had ever been respected.

By these insinuations the first poisoned the minds of her select friends, who only whispered their discontent to their confidants; but, as soon as the Prince was born, and the King had made his tour to England, reports of a like or worse tendency were circulated with unbridled freedom all over the kingdom. Every motion and every action of the King and Queen were then narrowly watched; and those measures, which the Dowager countenanced and encouraged by her subtlety at Court, she had the audacity to disapprove and condemn to those whom she knew seldom or never frequented it.

Men do not, in this country, so frequently attend the accouchment of ladies, as in England. The physician who presided at the birth of the Prince, by his care and assiduities during that critical period, very naturally attracted the notice of the Queen. He became a favourite of the King; and, being a gentleman by birth and by profession, insensibly grew into familiarity about the palace. Sovereigns have not always the discretion to preserve the dignity of supreme power, by keeping those with whom they are daily conversant at a proper distance. This gentleman was, however, the more acceptable, as he was useful in two respects, and served both as a physician and linguist to the Queen, who, not being mistress of the language of the people over whom she was destined to reign, was more than ordinary solicitous to acquire that qualification, with a view to render her conversation more general, as well as more pleasing, to those who casually came about the Court.

The Dowager did not fail, when the proper opportunity offered, to interpret this innocent familiarity into the most scandalous and infamous correspondence, and to whisper, among her party, that the intercourse between St—e and the Queen might be traced in the features of the young Princess. Happy it was for the Queen, and it may be for the whole nation, that the prying eye of malice could never discover the least blemish in her Majesty's deportment before the birth of the young Prince; for, though the atrociousness of the crime caused the calumny to be received with abhorrence, when first it was insinuated, yet the balls and masquerades, that had been promoted and countenanced, and the consequences that had been predicted to follow, happening just as the Dowager formerly foretold, the gravest matrons about the Court, who are ever most readily disposed to credit the worst, did not hesitate to pronounce, that there was but too much room for suspicion, since balls and masquerades, and other licentious entertainments, were the Queen's favourite amusements, and since infidelity to husbands, among persons of condition in England, was so frequent, it was hardly held a crime. Thus, what at first was utterly disbelieved, and could hardly be endured without visible resentment, even by her worst enemies, took air at last among the multitude, and was currently reported in every village.

All this while the Dowager had the address to carry on her plot without being suspected even by those with whom she was most intimate. Her discourse, at the time she was suggesting the worst practices, was always tempered with seeming concern for the young Sov-

reigns; and, while she was dispensing the poisonous pills, she was crafty enough to gild it over with a golden leaf. This duplicity in her behaviour gave her an opportunity of frequenting the Court without suspicion; and, while every body thought she was employed in stifling the evil reports which herself had raised, (though she always gave out such things were told to her); she was in fact the chief instrument in spreading them.

The depth of her policy will hardly meet with credit from those who are not conversant in court intrigues; yet it may be in some measure penetrated by a short retrospect to her past conduct. No one was more forward than the Dowager in applauding the curiosity of the King to visit England; the nation of whose manners he had heard to much, and with whose Sovereign he was so intimately connected, both as a brother and an ally. She even pressed him to undertake the journey, and named the noblemen whom she judged the most proper to attend him: These were persons of inflexible fidelity to his person, and who, she knew, would be most acceptable to his Majesty to accompany him. Her views may be easily discerned in advising the one, and nominating and recommending the other. By the latter, she removed from the kingdom the great enemies to her projects; and, by the former, she acquired the greater freedom to set her incendiary engines to work, and to supply them with fuel to keep them in full play.

The Physician St—see, who had quitted his ordinary practice, was by the King's favour advanced to the peerage, and was now wholly employed at Court. In the absence of the King, the government of the kingdom was, in a great measure, committed to his care, and he had many private conferences with the Queen on the affairs of state. In one of these, it is said, he hinted to her Majesty his suspicions of the Dowager; but she would believe her capable of harm, and rejected his advice with manifest dislike.

Among other arts the Dowager made use of, while his Majesty remained abroad, it was a masterpiece to insinuate into the Queen's mind a jealousy of the King. To do this, his Majesty's long absence furnished her with a favourable opportunity. She even named the persons with whom his Majesty had formed connexions, and was to particular in mentioning times and circumstances, that the Queen could not entertain the least doubt of the truth of the intelligence: and although she behaved, on this occasion, with a dignity and firmness superior to her sex, never giving the most distant hint in any of her letters to the King while abroad; yet his Majesty could not help discerning on his return home a kind of reserve in the Queen that was not natural to her, though at that time he attributed it to quite another cause.

This stroke of female policy laid the foundation of every evil that has since overwhelmed the unhappy Queen. It paved the way, in every respect, to facilitate the purpose which the Dowager intended by it. It made the King more easily susceptible of the bad suggestions that were afterwards to be infused. It gave him a suspicion of the officers who attended him, as if they had misrepresented his conduct while abroad, and had reported something to his disadvantage which had reached the ears of the Queen. And it has given the people reason to conclude, that the Queen had formed in his absence that odious connexion which has since been laid to her charge.

WILLIAMSBURG.

The publick may be assured, upon the best authority, that the petition lately presented to his Majesty for an AMERICAN BISHOP was rejected; it having been considered, in its true light, as the desire of a few meddling Priests, and not of the People.

PROVIDENCE, July 4.

Since our last Capt. John Peck arrived here from the river Mississippi, with whom came passenger Joseph Nash, Esq; of this town. By him we learn, that since the conclusion of the peace the French and Spaniards had seduced seven nations of Indians from the English, by means of medals, coonurs, and other presents, and settled them on the western banks of the Mississippi; but that John Thomas, Esq; deputy superintendent of Indian affairs in that department, has lately arrived there, and, from his former acquaintance with the Indians, and surprising influence he has over them, all the above nations have determined to return and settle on the English side of the river. The warlike nation of the Arkansas have determined to join the Chickasaws, Shawanese, and Cherokees, in a war against the Kickapoos, for killing some English settlers on the Ohio and Mississippi.

We further learn, that an unhappy dispute having lately arisen between the superintendent and Mr. Harris, a merchant's clerk at Fort Bute, on the river, they both drew their swords, when Mr. Harris was killed on the spot, and the superintendent slightly wounded. He immediately delivered himself up, and was to take his trial at Pensacola.

NEW-YORK, July 13.

In our paper of the 29th ult. we gave an account of Capt. Davies, and some other Captains, that left their vessels at sea, and went to Swan's Island, near the Bay of Honduras, in order to turn some turtle, &c. and that they were supposed to be either taken off by the Spaniards, or drowned; since which we have received the following relation of that matter, viz. That the Captains, Davies, Burk, and Chambers, with three of their men, remained on the island the night they went ashore, and next day put to sea to look for their vessels, it being pretty calm, but could not discover them; when they endeavoured to make the island again, but were not able to effect it, and the sea breeze blowing very fresh, they were obliged to bear away, and after nine days got to Rattan, having nothing to subsist on during that time but two dogs and their own urine. Capt. Davies and three of the men died a few hours

after they landed at Rattan, and were buried on the north side of the island.

A snow from Liverpool arrived at Barbados last May, the Captain of which, being a man of veracity, reported, that about 62 leagues E.S. from that island he discovered a flat curled rock, a little above the surface of the water; that he hoisted out his boat, went close to it, but could find no bottom with a line of 90 fathom.

We hear from Cockferry, in Albany county, that, on Friday the 3d instant, there fell at that place a most terrible shower of hail, some of it being near the size of geese eggs. The damage done by it is so great, that it is said whole fields of grass and corn are destroyed, and many farmers will have no harvest this season: several calves, sheep, and hogs, were killed, and two negroes, who happened to be out in the storm, were very much hurt.

T O B E S O L D.

By Way of publick Vendue, on the Premises, the 3d of September next, the following Tracts of Land, viz.

NEW-YORK, containing 180 Acres (very well wooded and watered) improved, with an Orchard, consisting of Apple and Peach Trees, a Dwelling House, 24 Feet long, 16 wide, Plank floored and shedded, a very good logged House and Tobacco House double shedded.—Part of Wolliston's Manor, containing 183 Acres, with a Dwelling House 16 Feet square, shedded, Kitchen, Quarter, Corn House, and a large Tobacco House almost new. The above Tracts of Land are very level, suitable for either planting or farming, in good Repair, and commodiously situated, for fishing or fowling, on Cuckold's-Creek, in Cob-Neck, Charles County. They will be sold, jointly or severally, as shall appear most convenient, and a general Warranty given for each of them. Credit will be given for Half the Cash, on giving Bond and good security to

(w6) RAPHAEL BOARMAN, jun.

DANIEL KING, BRASS FOUNDER, At the Sign of the Bell and Brand, in Front-Street, near Walnut-Street, Philadelphia,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Ladies and Gentlemen of Maryland, that he intends for Annapolis about the End of this Month or the Beginning of August, with a neat Assortment of Brass Fire Lugs and Fenders, Fire Shovels and Tongs, and Chimney Backs for the same, on a new Construction, to be fixed in a neat Manner to Marble, Tile or Wood; all which he can with Safety say are neater and more to Order than any yet made on the Continent; they are equal in Strength to any Iron Fire Dogs, and much easier kept clean. As said King served his Apprenticeship in London, and worked in some of the best Shops in England, he flatters himself he can sell his Work as cheap and give his Employers as much Satisfaction, as though they were to import them. He purposes to open his Work at Mr. John Warren's Tavern in Annapolis, where Orders will be received and punctually complied with, by their humble Servant,

DANIEL KING.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A WHEELWRIGHT, who thoroughly understands his Business, either to be hired or bought. Good Encouragement will be given by John Cavender, near the Dock in Annapolis.

Prince-George's County, July 14, 1772.

COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, Joseph Loveday, says he belongs to the Hon. Col. John Taylor in Virginia. His Master is desired to pay Charges and take him from

(2w) RALPH FORSTER, Sheriff.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the Subscribers, near the Head of Rock-Creek, Frederick County, Maryland, Two Irish Convict Servant Men, viz.

PATRICK DUFFEE, about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, a thick well set Fellow, red Complexion, short black Hair, and has a Blemish in one of his Eyes: Had on an old Russia Drab Coat and Breeches, Osnabrig Shirt, Felt Hat, and Country made Shoes and Stockings. He has been in the Country about Eight Months.

THOMAS MARTIN, 25 Years of Age (about the same Height of Patrick Duffee, though not so lusty), dark Complexion, black Eyes, short black Hair, and is marked with the Small-Pox: Had on and took with him Two Osnabrig Shirts, Country Linen Trowsers, old blue worsted Stockings, half worn Shoes, dark coloured Pea Jacket, striped Flannel ditto, and a new Felt Hat. He has been in the Country about Six Weeks.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them, so that their Masters may get them again, shall receive the above Reward, or Five Pounds for either of them, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

JOHN BAKER, BASIL BROOKE.

THERE is at the Plantation of Samuel M'Gray, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a bright bay Gelding, about 14 Hands high, with a Star on his Forehead, branded thus PS on the near Buttock. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

July 23, 1772.
WHEREAS my Wife Sarah White has eloped from my Bed and Board, these are to forewarn all Persons from crediting her on my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting after the Date hereof.

RICHARD WHITE.

T O B E S O L D.

Purivant to the last Will and Testament of Henry Hall, of Anne-Arundel County,

ALL the Lands belonging to the Deceased, lying in Frederick County, in Two large Bodies, viz.

Part of Middle Plantation, on the Branches of Linagrove, being all that Tract of Land not heretofore sold out or contracted for by the Testator in his Life Time, containing in the Part now to be sold about Three Thousand Acres. The Soil in some Places good, in others stony and broken; the whole full of Timber, and within Ten Miles of Frederick-Town.

The other Lands lie on the Branches of Bennett's Creek, consisting chiefly of the Henry and Elizabeth enlarged; also some lesser Tracts lying contiguous, such as Ebony Marsh, The Land of Promise, Miller's Grove, Partnership, and others adjoining, containing upwards of Three Thousand Acres; within Fourteen Miles of Frederick-Town and Thirty from George-Town; Plenty of Rail Timber and Firewood, and in some Places Meadow Ground: Also an excellent Mill Seat, and one of the best Ranges for Stock in that County; the Land good for Wheat or Tobacco.

The Sale to begin at Frederick-Town, on the Thursday of Frederick County August Court.—The Title is thought to be indisputable. The Heir at Law, who is now of Age, will join in the Deeds if required. The Terms will be made known on the Day of Sale. Attendance will be given by

THOMAS WATKINS, } adding
THOMAS HENRY HALL, } Executors.

July 14, 1772.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLICK VENDUE, On Wednesday the 19th Day of August next, at the House of Samuel Swearingham, in Frederick Town,

A TRACT or Parcel of Land called Pleasant Plain, containing One Hundred Acres, more or less, lying on the main Road leading from Annapolis to Frederick Town, and within 12 Miles of said Town. Likewise a young Negro Wench, who has always been brought up to House Work, and undertakes every Thing that is necessary to be done in a House. The Sale to be for ready Current Money, Sterling Cash, or good London Bills of Exchange.

THOMAS RUTLAND, jun.

Baltimore, July 14, 1772.

WILLIAM HAMMOND Has just imported, in the Hope, Capt. Hooper, the Choptank, Capt. Coward, from London, and the Cicely, Capt. Hanby, from Liverpool,

A GENERAL Assortment of European and East India Goods, suitable to the Season, which he will sell Wholesale, at his Store in Mr. Gough's Buildings, on very reasonable Terms, for Cash, Country Produce, or short Credit. (6w)

Annapolis, July 15, 1772.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with Two compleat Workmen in the Shoemaking Business, acquaints the Publick, that he makes all Kinds of Mens Shoes, Ladies Silk and Stuff ditto, in the neatest Manner: Also Boots at a low and reasonable Price.

(3w) JOHN HOWARD.

Charles-Town, Cecil County, July 7, 1772.

IN consequence of several Barrels of Fish being stolen at different Times, since the Middle of May last, from the Subscriber's Fishery near Charles-Town, as well as from sundry other Persons near the same Place, and having received Intelligence of a Couple of small Schooners cruising in Elk River, whose Manner of trading was suspicious, I procured a Couple of Vessels to go in search of them, who were so fortunate as to overtake them. The People belonging to the Schooners seeing themselves pursued, and being conscious of guilt, forsook their Vessels, and made their Escape to Shore. There were found on Board several Barrels of Herrings and Shad, some of them the very Fish stolen from me, and some belonging to others, who have since made their Property appear; there was also on Board a Quantity of Seine Rope, Tobacco, Ship Blocks, and sundry other small Things, which I presume were stolen; the Owners, upon proving their Property, and paying their proportional Part of the Expence, may have them again; and the Vessels (unless claimed by the Owners within Two Months) will be sold by publick Vendue, to defray the Expence and Damage sustained on the Occasion.

(w4) EDWARD PARKER.

ROBERT BUCHANAN

Has just imported, in the Hope, Capt. Hooper, from London, and has for Sale, upon the lowest Terms, wholesale or retail, at the Store next Door below the Coffee House,

A GENERAL Assortment of Goods, amongst which is a Variety of genteel Silks, Chintzes, Millenery and Broad Cloths; best Hyson Tea at 20s. fine Green at 12s. 6d. superfine Bohea at 10s. and common Bohea at 5s. per lb.

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T O B E S O L D,
 THE Time of an indentured Servant Man, by Trade a Cabinetmaker and House Joiner, who about Three Years to serve. For Particulars enquire of the Printer.

J U S T I M P O R T E D,

the Ship Martha, Capt. Brooks, from London, and opened for Sale, by ROBERT ADAM and Co. at their Store in Alexandria, upon very low Terms, by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills, Country Produce, or short Credit.

- PACKING
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- fine Hats
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- ers
- ire Broad Clothes
- ditto
- ditto
- le Cloth
- Ware, a Variety
- 's Snuff
- g Silk, all Colours
- Garters
- and Garland Trim-
- g
- urses
- Cauls
- Lace
- o Silk, and Thread
- of all Kinds
- is
- rens Shoes
- nd of all Kinds
- a Variety
- st Cloaks and Cardi-
- Satin Caps and Hats
- ams
- ty, a Variety
- o Gla's, and China
- re
- ens Silk and Satin
- ionable Bonnets and
- 2od. 3od.
- ens Silk and Satin
- ks

- Trace Rope
- Leading Lines
- Bed Cords
- Fishing Lines and Hooks
- Sewing Twine
- Ropeing ditto
- Drabs or Drilling
- India Chintz
- Printed Cotton and Linen
- Diaper Table Clothes
- Ditto Tea Napkins
- Diaper
- Muflin
- Silk Handkerchiefs, a Va-
- riety
- Taffeties
- Paduasoy
- Spiceries
- Saltpetre
- Sulphur
- Jar Raisins
- Lask ditto
- Currants
- Brown Candy
- White ditto
- Pepper
- Roll Brimstone
- Checks, 3-4, 7-8, and 6-4,
- Cotton and Linen
- Furniture ditto
- Bedtick
- Bolster ditto
- Bedbunts
- Striped Holland
- Silk and Worsted Breeches
- Patterns of different Co-
- lours
- Black Velveret
- Cotton Velver, a Variety
- Died Pillow
- Ditto Jeans
- White ditto
- Figured Dimity
- Thickset, different Co-
- lours
- Copper Ware, a Variety
- Cases of Pickles
- White Lead ground in Oil
- Florence Oil
- Mens and Womens Shoes
- and Pumps
- Mens Boots
- Necklaces, a Variety
- Ear-rings, ditto
- Egrets
- Head and Breast Flowers
- A small Assortment of
- Medicines
- Reels of Fishinglines
- Ribbons
- Ivory Combs
- Horn ditto
- Tortoiseshell ditto
- Mens Gloves
- Womens ditto and Mitts
- Twist Buttons
- Mohair ditto
- Silk Ferrets
- Worsted Bindings
- Scarf and Silk Twist
- Mohair
- Bohea Tea
- Hyson ditto
- Souchong ditto
- Rugs
- Matrasses
- Striped Coverlids
- Bedquilts
- Cotton Counterpanes
- Iron Pots
- Corks
- Bath Stoves
- Gunpowder
- Grindstones
- Best London old Porter, in
- Casks and Hampers
- Best old red Port ditto
- White ditto
- A large Assortment of
- Cutlery
- Hoes
- Axes
- Scythes
- Square Steel
- Blistered ditto
- Fryingpans
- Nails, 3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d.
- 2od. 3od.
- Dutch Ovens
- Brushes, all Sorts, &c. &c.
- &c.

T H E M A N A G E R S of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY, at their Meeting on the 4th of this Instant, have resolved to begin the Drawing on Thursday the Tenth of September next; any Tickets then undisposed of will be taken at the Risque of the Lottery. The Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, are now rolling up.

T O B E S O L D,

At Alexandria, on Monday the 17th of August next, THE Merryland Tract of Land, containing 6300 Acres, situate in Frederick County and Province of Maryland.

This Land was formerly advertised to be sold on the 28th Day of May last, at Frederick-Town, but by some Misunderstanding betwixt the Buyers and Sellers nothing was done; we have therefore determined to dispose of the whole together, and shall strike it off to the highest Bidder at the Time and Place above-mentioned.

As it has already been sufficiently described in the former Advertisements, it is needless now to particularize it again, for it is very well known to be an exceeding valuable Tract. Those inclinable to view the Land will please apply to Mr. Charles Beatty at Frederick-Town, who is perfectly well acquainted with it, and will faithfully shew the whole.

One Third of the Purchase Money must be paid down, One Third in Twelve Months, and the other Third in Two Years, from the Sale, bearing Interest from the Date. Immediate Possession will be given, and a most clear and undoubted Title will be made to the Purchasers, by

ADAM STEUART,
 THOMAS MONTGOMERIE,
 CUMBERLAND WILSON.

P. S. It having been reported at the last Sale, that this Land bore a Quitrent of 10 per Cent. we think it necessary to inform the Publick, that it pays no more than 4 1/2, which a Sight of the Patent now in our Possession will sufficiently shew.

Baltimore, July 1, 1772.
 On Monday the 27th Instant, at 10 o'Clock, a. m. at the Union Warehouse at Fell's Point, will be sold by publick Vendue, for the Benefit of the concerned, separate,

A SUIT of new Sails for a Ship of 600 Hogf. heads of Tobacco Burthen, imported and damaged on Board the Ship Patowmack, Daniel Cock, Master, per
 (3w) THOMAS BRERETON, Broker.
 N. B. I have some good Vinegar for Sale.

J O H N B A L L

HEREBY informs the Publick in general, and his Friends in particular, that he has removed from the House wherein he lately kept Tavern, to the House of Mr. Jonathan Pinkney near the Town Gate, which was formerly kept by Mrs. M'Leod, where he now keeps Tavern, and begs the Continuance of his former Customers. He assures all those who shall please to favour him with their Company, that it shall be his constant Study and Endeavour to give Satisfaction. (t.f.)

THE former Partnership of Thomas Williams and Co. is now nearly expired. It would be extremely agreeable, and it is quite necessary for the Partners, to have all former Accounts adjusted, especially all Accounts for Cash Articles, and a great Number of Accounts for dry Goods that has very far exceeded the Time of Credit given them. If all such Accounts are not immediately adjusted and paid off, they may depend on being sued, as no farther Notice will be given.

Just opened for Sale, a large and compleat Variety of Goods from the several British Manufactories, and India, imported by the Captains Nicholson and Coward from London, and the Two last Ships from Bristol, which will be sold for little more than Cost and Charges, for ready Cash or short Credit,
 Per THOMAS WILLIAMS and Co.

N. B. A few Pair of the best French Bur and Cologn Millstones, Size, 4 Feet 2 Inches, 4 Feet, and 3 Feet 7 Inches. For Terms apply to T. W. and Co. in Annapolis, or Richard Button in Baltimore. Any Sorts or Sizes of Millstones may be had, at a short Notice, from T. W. and Co. (3w)

Virginia, June 10, 1772.
 To be LET to the lowest Bidder, on the First Monday in August next, in Loudoun County, in the Parish of Cameron,

THE building a Brick Church, 53 by 42 Feet in the Clear, 28 Feet high, or not to exceed 2226 Feet superficial Measure, with a Gallery.

The Subscribers will meet on the Day aforesaid, at a Spring on Joshua Evans's Land, near Sugarland Run, in said Parish, about Five Miles from Patowmack River, in order to agree for the building the same. It is desired, that all those who may attend, with a view to undertake the same, will bring Plans agreeable to the above Dimensions.

JAMES LANE,
 JAMES COLEMAN, } Churchwardens.

A N N A P O L I S R A C E S

Will begin on Tuesday the 6th of October next. THERE will be Four Days Sport, a particular Account of which will be speedily inserted in this Gazette:

T H R E E P O U N D S R E W A R D.

July 16, 1772.
 RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 27th of last Month, a Negro Man named NAT; 20 Years old, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a smooth faced, likely well made Fellow: Had on, a Felt Hat, old Fearnought Jacket, old blue Cloth under ditto, Osnabrig Shirt and Crocus Breeches. Whoever takes up and delivers the said Negro to his Master shall receive 20 Shillings, if above 10 Miles from Home 40 Shillings, and if out of the Province the above Reward, paid by

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

T O B E S O L D,

A TRACT of Land, containing about 800 Acres, situate in Baltimore County, near to Hood's Mill, on Patapsco Falls, and within One Mile of said Mill, and within Four Miles of Two other Merchant Mills, that always give Baltimore-Town Price for Wheat, and within Ten Miles of said Town. The Soil is good for Grain or Grass, and has an extensive Range. For Particulars enquire of Edward Cook, at Mr. William Ottey's, adjoining to said Land.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Vestry of St. Anne's Parish intend to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of this Province, for an Act to pass for the Assessment of a Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds of Tobacco, to the Inhabitants of the said Parish, for the Purpose of erecting a new Church in the City of Annapolis.

Signed per Order,
 FREDERICK GREEN, Register.

St. Mary's County, June 2, 1772.

COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself GEORGE DUNN; he is a likely well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, has on a white Shirt, old Trousers, and a Felt Hat. His Master (if any) is desired to take him away and pay Charges to

JENIFER TAYLOR, Sheriff.

T H R E E P O U N D S R E W A R D.

Frederick County, June 18, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscriber, the 16th Instant, an Irish Servant Man named PATRICK CANNON, between 40 and 45 Years of Age, about 6 Feet high, gray Hair, and a remarkable crooked Finger on his right Hand: Had on a Claret colored Coat, a strip'd flannel Waistcoat, a blue Cotton Jacket, white Plush Breeches, Two Osnabrig Shirts, One Check ditto, Two Hats; Three Pair of Stockings, Crocus Trousers, and some other Cloathing. It is suspected he has a Pass, and it is probable he will change his Cloathing. He pretends to speak bad English. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so as his Master may get him again, shall receive the above Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

CHARLES PERRY.

Annapolis, July 7, 1772.

WHEREAS I the Subscriber intend to leave this Province in a short Time, I hereby request all Persons indebted to me to make immediate Payment, and those who have any just Claims against me are desired to bring in their Accounts within 2 Months from the Date hereof, that they may be adjusted.

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

N. B. I have on Hand a Sloop's new Mainfail, which will suit a Vessel of about 28 or 30 Tons Burthen; likewise a Schooner's Mainfail half worn; something smaller, which I will dispose of on very reasonable Terms, for Cash only. W. J.

CORN or Wheat (not less than Five Bushels) will be received at Mr. John Brice's Landing on Severn River, and returned in Flour at the same Place, his Mill being lately repaired and in good Order.

ISAAC GOODING.

N. B. There is a very good Wharf, to which Vessels of any Size may come. I. G.

June 20, 1772.

WHEREAS I, the Subscriber, intend to petition the Assembly of the Province of Maryland, at their next Sitting, in order to obtain a Confirmation of the Title of Part of a certain Tract of Land, in Kent County in the said Province, called Angle's Rest, which David Witherpoon, of Newcastle County, on Delaware, purchased of John Carlslak of Talbot County in the Province of Maryland: These are therefore to give Notice to all Persons who may have any Objection to such Petition, then and there to appear and shew the same, if any there be.

THOMAS WITHERSPOON.

J U S T P U B L I S H E D,
 And to be sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

T H E
 V O T E S A N D P R O C E E D I N G S
 of the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Ganit, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a small brown bay Mare, 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock W, a switch Tail and hanging Mane. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

P O E T R Y.

BLEST was that Age when free from mad'ning Strife, The peaceful Shepherd told his plaintive Tale; And free from all those Cares that harras Life, Found real Bliss sequester'd in the Vale.

Content alone the humble Swain pursu'd, He trac'd her Footsteps in the shady Grove; His fleecy Wealth around, he joyous view'd, And sunk in artless Strains the Maid he lov'd.

No proud aspiring Thoughts perplex'd his Breast, Or Search of fordid Gain his Peace destroy'd; Blythe was each Day—and when he sunk to Rest Sweet were the Slumbers which the Swain enjoy'd.

To polish Life, fair Science rear'd her Head, And num'rous Arts appear'd to deck the Land; Truths Moral and Divine their Influence shed, And social Virtues clos'd the shining Band.

O had Mankind, with noblest Views elate, Improv'd the Blessings bount'ous Heav'n gave; Then had they not suppos'd a partial Fate, Or shrunk with Horror from the gloomy Grave.

Founded in Rapine pow'ful Empires rose; And wild Ambition rul'd the human Mind; Fell Difcord pour'd around her baleful Woes, And Friends were faithless!—Lovers were unkind!

The scepter'd Tyrant, swell'd with Hopes of Fame, Exulting, thunders from the gorgeous Carr, Dooms Realms to Slaughter, for a pompous Name, And proudly glories in the Guilt of War.

By stern Oppression struck, the helpless Poor From much lov'd Cottages and Hamlets fly; Drov'd of all—they Heav'n for Aid implore, Neglected droop,—and unlamented die!

Religion!—sent by Heav'n to heal each Grief, To point the Road where human Evils cease; Give rank'ling Misery a sure Relief, And looth the warring Passions into Peace;

By Bigot-Zeal, and Superstition fir'd, With horrid Fury scatters Death around; And deems that Wretch, most pious, most inspir'd, Who strikes, with ruthless Hand, the direful Wound.

Sea-girt Britannia—Mistress of the Isles!— Where Faith, and Liberty, united reign; Around whose fertile Shores glad Nature smiles, And Ceres crowns with Gifts the induit'rous Swain.

Thy gen'rous daring Sons have nobly toil'd, To guard thy Cliffs from arbitrary Sway; In well fought Fields the baffled Tyrant foil'd, Where glorious Freedom led the ard'ous Way.

Now through the Land Diffension stalks confest, With foul Mistrust, and Hatred in her Train; The dire Infection runs from Breast to Breast, And Statesmen plan,—and Patriots plead in vain.

All gracious Heav'n, avert th' impending Storm, Bid ev'ry jealous—jarring Faction cease; Let sweet Content resume her lovely Form, And o'er the Realm diffuse perpetual Peace!

And—when again our Colours are unfurl'd, May Britons nobly join one common Cause; With rapid Conquests strike the wond'ring World, In firm Support of Liberty and Laws.

P H I L A S T E R.

THERE is at the Plantation of Morris Mitchell, living near Major Joseph Sim, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a bright bay Horse, appears to be twelve or 13 Years old, branded on the near Buttock something like D about 13 Hands high, he is a great Jumper. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON, at the PRINTING OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANK viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

S C H E M E of a L O T T E R Y For raising 1500 DOLLARS, FOR CLEANING AND SECURING THE DOCK IN ANNAPOLIS.

Table with 3 columns: Number of Prizes, Dollars, and Dollars. It lists prizes from 1 to 750, including 848 Prizes for 10000 Dollars and 4152 Blanks.

BY the above SCHEME, there are more than Four Blanks to a Prize, and the Prizes are subject to a Deduction of Fifteen per Cent. but as there are many of them very valuable, it is not doubted but the Tickets will very soon be disposed of, especially as a great Number of them are already engaged.

The Drawing will certainly begin on Thursday the Tenth of September next, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as chuse to attend.

The Managers are, Mess. Lancelot Jacques, William Reynolds, William Paca, Thomas Johnson, Thomas Jennings, Samuel Chase, James Tilghman, William Cook, Robert Couden, John Brice, Charles Wallace, John Davidson, Thomas Harwood, John Clapham, James Williams, Thomas Brooke Hodgkin, William Rooke, Robert Johnson, William Deards, James Brice, Colin Campbell, James Dundas, John Galloway, James Brooks, and Samuel Harvey Howard; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of Prizes will be published in the Gazette, which will be ready to be paid in One Month after drawing. Those not demanded within Six Months will be deemed as generously given for the Emolument of the City.

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers.

JAMES DICK and STEWART Have just imported, in the Betsey, Capt. James Hanrick, from London,

A LARGE Assortment of European and East India Goods, which they will sell cheap, either by Wholesale or Retail, at their Stores in Church-Street, Annapolis, and at London-Town. Among the above-mentioned Goods are, Hyson, Bloon, Green and Bohea Teas, best London double and single refined Sugars, in small Casks of 3 cwt. each, Lintfeed, Neatsfoot, Florence and Chamber Oil, and a large Assortment of China.

They have likewise for Sale, Sail Duck of all Numbers, Anchors from 1 1/2 to 12 cwt. Grapnels, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery and Cordage, made at Newington Ropewalk, where all Orders are complied with in the most expeditious Manner. Also, old Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, Hoghead or Quarter Cask.

Annopolis, June 15, 1772. N. B. As we propose soon to decline the retailing Business in Annapolis, we will dispose of the whole or any Part of our Goods at a very moderate Advance, for ready Money, Country Produce, or short Credit. And we beg the Favour, that such of our Customers who have not lately either discharged or settled their Accounts, would pay as soon as is convenient, or in the mean Time settle their Balance by Note or Bond, which will oblige

JAMES DICK & STEWART.

T O B E S O L D, A LOT of Ground in the City of Annapolis, the Property of the late Capt. James Reith, whereon are a neat Brick Dwelling House, a good Stone Kitchen, and sundry other Improvements. For Terms apply to

JAMES WILLIAMS, Administrator.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Estate of the said James Reith, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, are desired to make immediate Payment; and all those who have Demands against said Estate are requested to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjusted. (t. f.) J. W.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 15th Inst. an indented Servant Man named JOHN BRAND, a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet high, short black Hair, very much pitted with the Small Pox, and his right Eye very red: Had on, an Onnabrig Shirt and Trowsers, Country made Shoes, an old Felt Hat, and Cotton Jacket; is supposed to have taken with him a brown Cloth Jacket with Mohair Buttons; and professes to be a Seinemaker and Groom. Whoever takes up the above Servant and secures him, so as his Maister may have him shall receive a Reward of One Pistole, and all reasonable Charges, paid by

STEPHEN STEWARD

Annopolis, June 10, 1772. THE Judges of the Land-Office having represented to his Excellency the Governor, that there are a great Number of Certificates in their Office unpatented, many of them are returned by virtue of Warrants, which issued more than Two Years ago, and others where the Two Years are near expiring.

His Excellency being desirous that those who purchased Warrants in the Lifetime of the late Lord Proprietary, should have the Benefit of such Warrants, has directed them to give publick Notice, that Patents are made out as usual, and that Applications for Warrants under the Proclamation will be received, and the Warrants issue to the first Discoverer, in preference to any other Person, whenever the Office shall be opened.

Signed per Order, WILLIAM STEUART, Cl. Ld. Off.

Annopolis, June 4, 1772. JUST IMPORTED In the Ship Eden, Capt. Nicholson, from London and to be sold, on the most reasonable Terms, by the Subscriber, at their Store on the Front of the Dock in Annapolis, either Wholesale or Retail, for Bills of Exchange, or on short Credit,

A LARGE and general Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season. Amongst which is a great Variety of the finest Silks and Millinery, embroidered Silk Shawls, Whalebone and all other Stay Goods, best London Porter, double and single refined Sugars of different Qualities, Sail-Cloth, Jewellery, best Barbadoes Sugar, &c.

WALLACE, DAVIDSON & JOHNSON

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 22d Inst. Ridge, in Anne-Arundel County and Province of Maryland, an Irish Convict Servant named Lawrence Robertson; appears to be about 16 or 17 Years of Age, slim made, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, swarthy Complexion, thin Visage, dark brown Hair, his Apparel but mean. Whoever secures the Servant, and brings him Home, shall have a Reward of 20 Shillings if taken within 20 Miles, Shillings if 30 Miles, and if a greater Distance Shillings, besides what the Law allows.

JOHN DORRIS

May 4, 1772. RAN away from the Ship Molly, William Rind Commander, then lying at Benedict, indented Servant Men; the one named ROBERT CUMMINS, by Trade a Barber and Peruke maker is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own Hair of a light Colour tied behind: Had on when he went away, a dark brown Coat and Buckskin Breeches and a Hat covered with Oilskin. The other named RICHARD JONES, by Trade a House Carpenter and Joiner, about the same Height as the former, has his own dark Hair, and is pitted with the Small Pox: Had on a light coloured Coat and dirty Buckskin Breeches. Whoever takes up the above Servants, and secures them in any Jail within this Province, shall receive Three Pounds Reward, or Ten Shillings for either, besides what the Law allows, and if taken out of the Province Five Pounds Reward, both, or in Proportion, and reasonable Charges brought to Annapolis.

JOHN CLAPHAM

Just imported, and to be sold by the Subscriber, at their Store, near the Church in Annapolis,

A NEAT Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable to the Season, amongst which are a Parcel of genteel Silks, and fashionable fine Clothes.

COLIN CAMPBELL

THERE is at Charles Carroll's Plantation, beyond Elk-Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a Pieball Horse, his Head almost all white, white Legs, nigh 13 Hands high. The Owner may have him on proving Property and paying Charges.



ancan noise was heard as long as the ROTTERDAM, April 18. ere from the East I English are besieging it; and they further forts from Negapat Tanjour. This evening Dutch Company, as ion, ruin the Dutch WARSAW, April 18. Congress is opened a ans, Mr. Simolin is h Seraskier Mouffou he warlike preparati peace will render t VIENNA, April 18. as entered Poland a which formed the li esia to the country with the Prussians a terates.

HAMBURG, April 18. that the Comm assembled to interro a regiment of drago that cattle. These examination which made a very pathetic the eyes of his Judge Wiud; that he cont clemency of his Sovo that he might suffer exposed to publick v soliciting favour to b disgrace he had been of the tribunal hav burg. Several thin which discretion wil

L O April 29. His Maj high price of prov week to be added to n Richmond and K for the better suppo May 1. By a gen are informed, the P years devoted to hi the deed of matrimo Court to preserve th venience to their a that the French Ki prince's fortune.

Yesterday orders ety's domesticks, t rit notice, for Cop olina Matilda fro orate of Manover, lence.

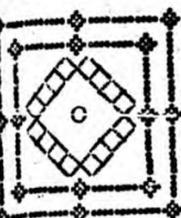
The same day or who is appointed to ship and two frigate occasion the first op On Thursday the e given to the Con on and exportation on for regulating t arley; and to per from America duty to be imported, du portation thereof in and Ireland to The same day the o bill relating to ws concerning rel until the propositio Committee of the e House; which er of the House.

stra'd of a letter The design of wed, our army n ards that place. gainst a strong fo arjour. The en ight, and we too morning. We arjour are within

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1772.

L I S B O N, April 7.



At the 5th instant, soon after midnight, an earthquake happened here, which continued for two minutes. The weather was serene, the sky star light, and the air perfectly calm. The direction of the shock was from south to north, with equal vibrations, which were strong and lasting. A subterranean noise was heard at the same time, which continued as long as the shocks.

ROTTERDAM, April 13. Advice has been received here from the East Indies, which informs us, that the English are besieging the Nabob of Tanjour in his capital; and they further add, that they intend to build fortresses at Negam, a maritime port about half a league from Negapatnam, belonging to the Nabob of Tanjour. This event will be very disagreeable to the Dutch Company, as the English may, by that situation, ruin the Dutch trade there.

WARSAW, April 15. It is now certain, that the Congress is opened at Jassy. On the part of the Russians, Mr. Sinolin is in correspondence with the Turkish Seraskier Mousson Oglou. Notwithstanding this, the warlike preparations continue, but it is hoped that peace will render them unnecessary.

VIENNA, April 18. It is assured that Count Esterhazy has entered Poland at the head of the Imperial troops, which formed the line from the frontiers of Upper Silesia to the county of Zips, in order to act in concert with the Prussians and the Russians against the Confederates.

HAMBURG, April 24. Letters from Copenhagen advise, that the Commission of Enquiry has been again assembled to interrogate Col. Falkenchiold, and that a regiment of dragoons is sent to Aalborg to guard that castle. These letters add, that during the last examination which Count Struensee underwent, he made a very pathetic speech, which drew tears from the eyes of his Judges, particularly the President Juell Wind; that he confessed himself guilty, implored the clemency of his Sovereign, and begged if he must die, that he might suffer privately in the castle, and not be exposed to public view: he finished his discourse with soliciting favour to be shewn the other prisoners, whose disgrace he had been the author of. The commissaries of the tribunal have been with the Queen at Cronenburg. Several things have been said on that subject, which discretion will not permit us to publish.

L O N D O N,

April 29. His Majesty, in consideration of the present high price of provisions, has ordered one shilling per week to be added to the pay of each labourer employed at Richmond and Kew, and also a pot of beer per day, for the better support of their wives and families.

May 1. By a gentleman just arrived from Paris we are informed, the Pretender, from his being so many years devoted to his bottle, had no great devotion to the deed of matrimony, but was edged on by the French Court to preserve the breed of Stuart, as a future convenience to their machinations. It is likewise said, that the French King has added considerably to the Princess's fortune.

Yesterday orders were given to several of his Majesty's domesticks, to be in readiness to embark, on the first notice, for Copenhagen, to conduct Princess Carolina Matilda from that place to Zell, in the electorate of Manover, which is to be her place of residence.

The same day orders were sent to Capt. Hamilton, who is appointed to have the command of one capital ship and two frigates, to sail to Copenhagen on said occasion the first opportunity.

On Thursday the House ordered, that an instruction be given to the Committee for regulating the importation and exportation of corn, that they make a provision for regulating the importation and exportation of barley; and to permit the importation of Indian corn from America duty free. Also to admit wheat, &c. to be imported, duty free, from Ireland, when the exportation thereof shall be prohibited from Great Britain and Ireland to foreign countries.

The same day the House unanimously resolved, that no bill relating to religion, or the alteration of the laws concerning religion, be brought into this House, until the proposition shall have been first considered in Committee of the whole House, and agreed unto by the House; which resolution was made a standing order of the House.

Abstract of a letter from Poonamula, near Madras, dated October 8, 1771.

The design of taking Tanjour having been renewed, our army marched the 21st of last month towards that place. On the 18th batteries were opened against a strong fort called Vellum, seven miles from Tanjour. The enemy deserted it the 20th at midnight, and we took possession of it the 21st, early in the morning. We now hear that the batteries against Tanjour are within 100 yards of the place.

May 4. It is now confidently said, that nothing but the customary supplies will be demanded from the Parliament; and that this advantage is owing to the prudent administration of Lord North, who, besides avoiding the imposition of any new burdens upon the subject, has paid off 1,800,000l. of the national debt in the course of the past winter.

The report of Sir Robert Keith's return from Copenhagen, as an intention of hostility against the Danes, is entirely without foundation. All matters are now finally settled between the two Courts, and if Sir Robert comes over for any time, it will be just as Sir Joseph Yorke has done, merely on his own private affairs, with a view of returning the very first opportunity.

On Sunday morning five loaded waggons, with provisions and other necessaries, were sent away from St. James's for Deal, to be put on board his Majesty's ships destined for the Baltic, to escort her Royal Highness Carolina Matilda to Zell, and this morning several persons belonging to the Board of Green Cloth will set out, to embark on board the said ships for that purpose.

Carlton House is now fitting up with great magnificence for the reception of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales. The additional furniture (though that in the Princess Dowager's time was very splendid) it is said, will amount to 15,000l. and the Prince will reside there the beginning of next winter, as by that time his household will be thoroughly established.

May 5. Friday last Lord North, in the House of Commons, opened the Budget, and it was now known that the Treasury are to pay off 1,500,000l. at two instalments, namely, 750,000l. on Midsummer day, all in three per cents; no person is allowed to subscribe a greater sum than 10,000l. and every subscribing creditor is to be paid 90l. for every 100l. three per cents, and to be indulged with a douceur of four lottery tickets. His Lordship declared, that, so far as he could obtain any lights into the present system of the different courts in Europe, all was peace, and nothing seemed to hinder this so general a peace from continuing ten years, which if he did, and he should continue at the head of the Treasury, he proved, from uncontrovertible computations, that he should, within that period, pay off 17,600,000l. of the national debt; and farther, that when this sum should be thus paid off, the clear net revenue of this kingdom would amount to six millions annually, which would be a sum equal to the undertaking of any war, whether naval or military, or both, with all the combined powers of Europe. His Lordship observed, that the King of France was equally solicitous for a peace, and that although many British officers, both in the navy and army, might very naturally wish for war, in order to signalize their superior courage and abilities, yet it was the special duty and province of a First Lord of the Treasury to consider the event either of peace or war, not in a partial but in a general light; adding, that he had considered it in the latter point of view; and though he was as highly sensible of the abilities of his Majesty's naval and military forces as any person in the kingdom, yet, upon a comprehensive and general view of things, he was clearly convinced, that it was the advantage of this kingdom not to go into war, unless absolutely compelled so to do, which hitherto had not been the case, since, whenever his Majesty thought the honour of his Crown any ways insulted, the insulters had always made ample acknowledgment and confession.

The state of the nation, with which Lord North on Friday acquainted the Parliament at the opening of the Budget, is such as must give universal satisfaction to the people, however interested writers may endeavour to shew us the happiness of being miserable; our public debt is reduced, our fleet is in a formidable situation, our army well disciplined, and unanimity once more happily re-established among us; these are real blessings, and, if the opening of the ports shall fortunately produce a plenty of provisions, we shall reach the summit of political happiness, in spite of foreign foes and domestic incendiaries.

We are informed, that this morning his Excellency the Russian Ambassador notified in form to our Court, that a suspension of arms has actually taken place between the Turks and Russians, and that a congress is already begun.

Some letters from Paris mention, that orders have been sent to the French commander in the Mediterranean to sail for Algiers, to demand satisfaction for some indignities lately offered to the French consul at that place.

May 6. One of the famous modern Nabobs was frequently heard to declare, some time ago, that, during one year, while he was in the East Indies, his income was equal to five hundred pounds a day. What an immense sum for a private coffer! and how many poor Indians must have bled for it! This honest gentleman, now dreading the eagle-eyed Committee who are scrutinizing these affairs, denies that he ever said any such thing.

May 7. Lord North had some conversation yesterday with a foreign Minister, who asked him why he was so strongly wedded to an opinion, that the general pacifi-

cation of Europe would continue ten years? His Lordship answered, that if the various powers of Europe really knew their own interest, there never would be another war, but that policy itself would become a guarantee to the rights of humanity.

A gentleman who arrived on Sunday night last from Paris brings advice, that the French King has been attacked with a sudden illness, from which it is thought he cannot recover.

Abstract of a letter from Copenhagen, dated April 18.

Saturday last, early in the forenoon, the Committee of Enquiry pronounced sentence against John Frederick Struensee and Enevold Brandt, which was accordingly presented to the Privy Council without his Majesty's attendance. In the afternoon the Privy Council met again; in the evening, towards seven o'clock, the King arrived from Charlottenburgh, and presided at the Council Board, when, after consulting the sentence, he went directly to the Italian opera.

Same day, at twelve at noon, both the prisoners were acquitted by their Counsellors with their sentences. Struensee received and read it with extraordinary composure, which naturally astonished all those present; to whom he observed, they ought, as he did, to impute it to his constant apprehensions and his long preparations for his unhappy fate. His uneasiness appeared much greater, when he found Brandt's sentence equal to his own. Brandt also seemed tolerably resigned on hearing his sentence; but the following morning his spirits totally sunk, there being no barber sent him, as usual, to be shaved. Mess. Munter and Itee have been, since Saturday, seldom absent from Struensee and Brandt. Both prisoners delivred to their Counsellors hands, on their leaving them on Saturday last, two letters, one for the King and one for the Committee of Enquiry. Yesterday they both took the Holy Sacrament.

Struensee's sentence takes up five full sheets of paper: Among the charges therein contained against him are, his having assumed too great a power to himself; his injuring the King's treasure for more than fifteen tons of gold; his forging (or falsifying) a draught; his discharging the guards; the suspicious arrangements he had been ordering within the walls of this place, &c.

Brandt's sentence expressly says, that, on account of his designs agitated immediately against the sacred person of his Majesty, the exceptions he made could not be admitted, and therefore declared guilty and condemned. Towards the conclusion of their sentence is added, in virtue of the Danish Law Book, B, VI. Cap. IV. Art. 1. both Count John Frederick Struensee, and Count Enevold Brandt, having made themselves guilty, and as an example to others, stand justly condemned to forfeit their honours, lives, and property; and are entirely degraded from the dignities belonging to their titles of Earls; their Earls coats of arms are to be broken by the hands of the common hangman; this being done, their right arm will be cut off, next their heads, then will their bodies be quartered and laid upon the wheel, and their heads and hands fixed upon iron spikes.

The aforesaid dead warrants were this morning executed in a field without the eastern gate; a scaffold was erected of nine yards in height and eight yards square, whither both the prisoners were carried in hackney coaches; in the first went the Attorney General, and some attendants; Brandt appeared first on the scaffold; he had on a gold laced hat, a green suit of cloaths, with gold binding, and boots; he spoke for some little time to his clergyman Mr. Hee, after which the sentence was read and executed; his head was several times exposed to the view of an immense croud of spectators. Next appeared Struensee on the scaffold, accompanied by Dr. Munter, having his hat in his hand, and dressed in a blue superfine suit; he spoke to Dr. Munter; when done, his sentence was executed in every shape like the foregoing one; their corpses were carried to the usual place of execution, to be there exposed; Struensee behaved very penitently, but this cannot be said of Brandt, for his whole conduct was remarkably bold; several files of soldiers and sailors guarded the scaffold, and the town guards were also reinforced; though immense numbers were, for want of room, disappointed of seeing this execution, and all seeming for a while in a violent ferment, yet the whole went off undisturbed and quietly.

Notwithstanding the late peaceable protestations of Lord North in an august assembly, the following circumstance, we can assure the publick, is a fact, that there are just now ordered from Deal to Sheerness, to be ready for sea at an hour's notice, three 74 gun ships, two bomb ketches, a fire ship, and a yacht. Where this fleet is destined is no doubt uncertain; still it looks as if matters were not fully accommodated between our Court and that of Denmark.

We hear that cocking George has discovered his usual forecast, on the freedom he and his brother members have been treated with in a poem just published, called The Senators; and yesterday spoke to several members to second him in a motion to call the author and publisher to account. Amongst the rest he applied to Charles Fox, who jocosely answered him,

"Let them alone, George, printers, you know, are no Game for you."

May 8. A discovery of great consequence is just made in the physical world, which is, that antimony is a sovereign remedy in fevers, in warm climates particularly, and recovered several men on board the Juno, Capt. Stott, in her voyage to Falkland's islands, after the usual methods were used in vain.

May 9. It is said that Zell will be only a temporary retreat for the Queen of Denmark, as it is resolved that she shall return to England when matters have somewhat subsided.

May 10. Notwithstanding all the preparations at Zell, for the reception of her Danish Majesty, we have received a letter from Copenhagen, of very good authority, dated the 5th instant, which assures us, that the Queen Matilda is so insurmountable, that she has absolutely and finally declared, she will upon no consideration whatever be separated from the King; and that she persists in protesting against the confessorial decree of April the 6th, by which she was sentenced to be divorced from her royal consort, she still resolutely insists and persists, that she is either guilty or innocent; if the former, then she demands the same punishment that has been inflicted upon Struensee and Brandt; if the latter, then she demands, as a matter of right, an ample restitution of her honour and royal dignity. This resolution has greatly embarrassed the Court of Copenhagen, and the result of it remains as yet a mystery of state.

May 12. Major Rogers, who was so serviceable in the command of a body of irregulars last war in America, has just obtained a commission from his Majesty for leading out the north-west passage in that quarter. He is to be allowed 3l. a day for himself, and four shillings each for fifty companions of his own choosing. From the intimate acquaintance this gentleman has with the country, his knowledge of the Indian language, and, above all, having the object much at heart, the scheme seems to preface a very successful issue.

May 16. On Thursday the House of Commons agreed to the following resolutions, viz.

That, after the expiration of the present drawback of the duties of the customs upon tea exported to Ireland and the British plantations, a drawback be allowed of three-fifths parts of the duties of customs payable upon the importation of such teas, for a limited time.

May 19. Advice is received from Sir Robert Murray Keith, that the Court of Denmark are plotting something more against the Queen, in order to take her off; but that he apprehends, before they proceed any further against her, some other persons, who are well willed to her, will be cut off; it having been noticed to the publick, that there will be more executions in a short time.

Orders are given for a fleet of ships to be ready to sail at a few hours notice; their destination is not known, but it is imagined they are bound up the Baltic.

Letters from the north of Ireland advise, that the insurrections of the populace are entirely quelled, and that many of the insurgents, who were chiefly composed of farmers and weavers, are preparing to embark for America.

B O S T O N, July 9.

Two English seamen arrived last week in a vessel at Nantucket from the Havanna, where we learn they have been imprisoned six or seven years. One of them came to town this week, and informs, that he was taken on the Spanish Main, and carried prisoner to the Havanna, for being concerned in an illicit trade (as it is phrased by those who do not chuse to resent the behaviour of the Doas). During his imprisonment he suffered many hardships, and at length, growing old and infirm, was released. He says, there were forty-six stout able-bodied English seamen imprisoned at the Havanna when he left it.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, July 20.

By a gentleman who came passenger with Capt. Peel, from Lisbon, we have advice, that the ship Polly, Capt. Barnichael, from London for Maryland, having sprung leak at sea, put into Lisbon in great distress; she had three feet water in her hold, and all the pumps choaked with the ballast. It is imagined she will be detained some time to repair.

The Publick are cautioned to beware of counterfeit Pennsylvania TWENTY SHILLING Bills, as some are passing among us, dated May 1, 1760; they are badly cut on copper plate, and may easily be distinguished, the paper looking whiter and smoother than the true bills.

A N N A P O L I S, JULY 30.

The Publick may be assured that the Small-Pox has not spread, not a single Person having taken the Infection, except those who were confined to the House of Correction for their Reception, which is near 100 Yards distant from any other Dwelling House, and as the Guard is still continued, there is the greatest Reason to believe that the Town will be clear of it by the ensuing August Court.

T O T H E P R I N T E R.

IT is said to be the opinion of some of our lawyers, that the act for the establishment of religious worship in this province, made in the year 1701-2, is, for some reason or other, absolutely null and void. Now, I find that this act repeals the act of 1700, entitled, *An Act for the Service of Almighty God, &c.* But can a law be repealed by a writing, which is a meer dead letter? Can the act of 1701-2, void *ab initio*, repeal the act of 1700?—May it not, then, be a question, whether, upon a supposition of the nullity of the act of 1701-2, the act of 1700 is not now in full force?—

What is the act of 1700? Does it not impose the payment of 40 per poll on the people?—Does it give less power to the clergy; is it less oppressive to the people?—Does it breathe a more benign and charitable spirit on Dissenters?—It is to be hoped, that those, who have an opportunity, will oblige the publick with a copy of this act in the Gazette; that we may be able to determine whether it will be worth our pains to destroy an old establishment, if we must be subject to another, perhaps not less exceptionable. And may we not expect from our lawyers, such of them especially as are our representatives, a full, frank, and explicit declaration of their sentiments upon both these acts? Surely, they will not, any longer, suffer the people to be bewildered in doubt and perplexity; when it is in their power to give light to their steps, and direct them to the right road.

Tell us not of the policy of suppressing opinions. That policy is nothing but trick and artifice, which would shut out truth from the eyes of a people in matters of important concern to them—of a people especially, who wish to pursue it; and desire nothing more ardently than to be informed how to conduct themselves with justice and propriety.—Here, however, I must enter my caveat against *haranguing*, as the proper mode of conveying instruction. It is, at best, too partial a communication for an object of universal concern. But, in the hands of *men of art*, it is too apt to palm upon us chicanery for argument; and, instead of advancing truth, is a powerful instrument of amusement and delusion; more especially, if we consider who make up the bulk of hearers upon these occasions.—No, let us have it in plain black and white; that we may weigh it with deliberation, exercise our judgments coolly upon it, and form our best conclusions upon the genuine merits of the question.

I am yours,
JACK FRANK.

Annapolis, July 29, 1772.

THE MEMBERS of the Maryland JOCKEY CLUB are desired to meet at the Coffee-House, to Dinner, on Tuesday next.

W. EDDIS, Secretary.

Lower Marlborough, July 21, 1772.

WHEREAS sundry Gentlemen of the Counties of St. Mary's, Charles, Calvert, and Prince-George, have expressed a Desire that the Free School Lands of each of these Counties should be sold, and that the Money arising from the Sales thereof should be put into a general Fund, for the Purpose of forming an Academy, or Seminary of Education, in some healthy and agreeable Situation, the most convenient to the said Counties collectively: And whereas also, a Sum of Twelve Hundred Pounds and upwards has already been subscribed by many Individuals of these and other Counties, towards the Furtherance of so benevolent a Scheme: We, the undersigned, elected by a Majority of the Subscribers of the said Twelve Hundred Pounds, as Trustees of the above Plan, conceiving it to be of very general and considerable Importance, do request a general Attendance of the Inhabitants of each of the said Counties, at Lower Marlborough, on the Monday after the Fourth Tuesday in August, being the 31st Day of the said Month, in order more maturely to consider and instruct us where and how finally to complete this useful Design.

BENEDICT CALVERT,
WILLIAM FITZHUGH,
GEORGE PLATER,
HENRY ADDISON,
THOMAS THORNTON,
THOMAS JOHN CLAGETT,
JONATHAN BOUCHER,
THOMAS GANTT,
EDWARD GANTT,
BENJAMIN MACKALL,

Alexandria, July 12, 1772.

TO BE SOLD AT ALEXANDRIA, On Monday the 17th of August next, being Court Day, THE Brig *Swift*, together with all her Appurtenances; she is of the Burden of 100 Tons and upwards, and well calculated for the West India Trade, in good Order for taking in a Cargo immediately.—Or if any are inclined to charter the said Brig, they may know the Terms, by applying to

CARLYLE and DALTON,
(3w)

or ROBERT ADAM, and Co.

Baltimore, July 25, 1772.

M. E V A N S,
Lately arrived from London; at her Store, next Door to Benjamin Rogers, Esq; in Baltimore,

RESPECTFULLY begs Leave to acquaint the Ladies in Annapolis, and the Publick in general, that she has imported the fashionable Net and Gauze Bonnets, Terezas to match, Hats and long Cloaks in the French gray Queen's Silk, ditto in white Sarfenet, ditto in black Mode, Caps called the masquerading Caps, Fillets for young Ladies, Bonnets and Tippets for ditto, Puddings for Children, Italian Egrets, fashionable Stomachers and Sleeve-knots with Italian Flowers, Trimmings for Gowns, Paste Combs, Sprigs, Pins, Ear-rings, Dangles, Stay-hooks to match, ditto in Garnets, ditto in blue Stone set with Maquafites, worked Aprons, black Velvet Collars, which are now worn instead of Necklaces, with Dangles, &c. &c. &c.

Mr. L' A R G E A U

BEGS leave to acquaint the Publick, that he has opened his Dancing School in Baltimore, and that he proposes in about Three Weeks to open another in Annapolis, in both which Places his utmost Abilities and Diligence will be used, to obtain the Favour and Approbation of those Ladies and Gentlemen who think proper to countenance him; he having now determined to continue his Schools in the above Places, as long as he meets with Encouragement.

The Subscriber takes this Method of acquainting the Publick, that he has opened an Academy, in Upper Marlborough, where he proposes teaching the Greek and Latin Languages, Geography, Mathematics, and other improving Branches of Literature, at Four Guineas each Scholar per Annum; at which Place, he intends to deliver an Oration, on the Advantages of a Liberal Education, on Wednesday the 20th of August. Those Gentlemen, who are pleased to favour him with their Sons, are desired to make speedy Application to

Their very humble Servant,
(w3) ARTHUR WALKER, A. M.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Number of the Inhabitants of Cecil County, do intend to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of this Province, praying a Removal of the Courts of Justice and Prison from where they are now held, to the publick Square in Charles-Town, allotted for that Purpose by the Commissioners for said Town, pursuant to an Act of Assembly passed in 1742.—And also for an Act to pass for the Abolishment of such a Sum or Quantity of Tobacco, as may be deemed sufficient for erecting a Court House and Prison on said Square.

Frederick County, Maryland.

S K I P T O N R A C E S.

To be run for at Skpton, on Tuesday the 15th of September,

A PURSE of Twenty Pounds, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the best of Three Three Mile Heats, to carry Weight for Inches, viz. A Horse, &c. of 14 Hands high, to carry 126 Pounds, Saddle and Bridle included, and to raise and fall 14 Pounds the first Inch, and 7 Pounds for every Inch they may be higher or lower.

On Wednesday the 16th, at the same Place, will be run for, a Purse of Ten Pounds, with the Entrance Money of the first Day added, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the best of Three Three Mile Heats, to carry 9 Stone, Bridle and Saddle included.

On Thursday the 17th, at the same Place, will be run for, the Entrance Money of the second Day, a Sweep-Stakes, blooded Horses excepted.

The Horses for the first and second Day to be entered with *Moses Rawlings*, on Monday the 14th of September, and to pay, if a Subscriber, One Shilling in the Pound, if not, Two Shillings, and if at the Post double, the winning Horse, &c. the first Day only excepted.

Proper Judges will be appointed to determine all Disputes that may arise.

S A R A H C H I L T O N

BEGS Leave to inform the Publick, that she has opened Tavern in that large and commodious Brick House in Baltimore-Street, Baltimore-Town, opposite to the House where Mess. *Alburner* and *Plant* lately lived. She hath furnished herself with a Stock of excellent Liquors and other Necessaries, and is provided with good Stables and Provender for Horses. She humbly hopes for the Favour and Countenance of the Publick, and flatters herself she will be able to give Satisfaction to those who may think proper to favour her with their Company.

Lower Marlborough, July 20, 1772.

THIS is once more to desire all Persons indebted to the Subscriber to make Payment by the last of August; those who neglect may depend on being dealt with as the Law directs, without Respect of Persons, which will be very disagreeable to

Their humble Servant,
(4w) DANMUND CRAMPHIN.

AN away from the Subscriber near the City of Annapolis, on the 26th Day of this Inst. July, a Convict Servant Man, named GEORGE BATHUM, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, born in the West of England, a thick well set Fellow, of a ruddy Complexion, and short black Hair: Had on, when he went away, a Felt Hat about half worn, an Osnabrig Shirt and Crocus Trousers; he is much addicted to Liquor, and when drunk is very impudent. Whoever takes up and secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, if taken up out of the County shall have 3 Pounds Currency, if 20 Miles from Home 40 Shillings, if 10 Miles 30 Shillings, if within 10 Miles 20 shillings, and all reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

SAMUEL HOWARD.

COMMITTED to Anne Arundel County Jail, a Runaway, an elderly Negro Man, calls himself *Will*, says he belongs to *William Lyles* in Prince-George's County. His Master is desired to take him away and pay Charges to

JOHN CLAPHAM, Sheriff.

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Prince-George's County, July 21, 1772.
COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, a Negro Woman, who says her Name is *Efber*, and that she belongs to a certain *George Neal* near *Baltimore-Town*. Her Master is desired to pay Charges and take her from
RALPH FORSTER, Sheriff.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Rutland*, jun. taken up as a Stray, a small dark bay Horse, about 11 Hands high, marked with the Letter P on the near Shoulder and Buttock, is wounded on the near Shoulder, which runs very much, trots, paces and gallops. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Zachariah Ellis*, in *Frederick County*, about 6 Miles below the Mouth of *Monockajey*, on *Patowmack River*, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, about 13 Hands high, paces and trots, is shod before, branded on the near Thigh something like 16, has a Star on her Fore-head, and has got a turn-up Leather Collar and a Bell, scratched on the Staple with IH. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at *Charles Carroll's* Plantation, beyond *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a dun Piebald Mare, her Head almost all white, Four white Legs, high 13 Hands high. The Owner may have her on proving Property and paying Charges.

TO B E S O L D,
By Way of publick Vendue, on the Premises, the 3d of September next, the following Tracts of Land, viz.

NEW-YORK, containing 180 Acres (very well wooded and watered) improved, with an Orchard, consisting of Apple and Peach Trees, a Dwelling House, 24 Feet long, 16 wide, Plank floored and shedd'd, a very good logged House and Tobacco House double shedd'd.—Part of *Wollifman's* Manor, containing 183 Acres, with a Dwelling House 16 Feet square, shedd'd, Kitchen, Quarter, Corn House, and a large Tobacco House almost new. The above Tracts of Land are very level, suitable for either planting or farming, in good Repair, and commodiously situated, for fishing or fowling, on *Cuckold's-Creek*, in *Cob-Neck*, *Charles County*. They will be sold, jointly or severally, as shall appear most convenient, and a general Warranty given for each of them. Credit will be given for Half the Cash, on giving Bond and good Security to
RAPHAEL BOARMAN, jun.

DANIEL KING, BRASS FOUNDER,
At the Sign of the Bell and Brand, in Front-Street, near Walnut-Street, Philadelphia,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Ladies and Gentlemen of *Maryland*, that he intends for *Annapolis* about the End of this Month or the Beginning of *August*, with a neat Assortment of Brass Fire Stoves and Fenders, Fire Shovels and Tongs, and Chimney Backs for the same, on a new Construction, to be fixed in a neat Manner to Marble, Tile or Wood; all which he can with Safety say are neater and more to Order than any yet made on the Continent; they are equal in Strength to any Iron Fire Dogs, and much easier kept clean. As said *King* served his Apprenticeship in *London*, and worked in some of the best Shops in *England*, he flatters himself he can sell his Work as cheap and give his Employers as much Satisfaction, as though they were to import them. He purposes to open his Work at *Mr. John Warren's* Tavern in *Annapolis*, where Orders will be received and punctually complied with, by their humble Servant,
DANIEL KING.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
A WHEELWRIGHT, who thoroughly understands his Business, either to be hired or bought. Good Encouragement will be given by *John Cavender*, near the Dock in *Annapolis*.

Prince-George's County, July 14, 1772.
COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, *Joseph Lovelady*, says he belongs to the Hon. Col. *John Tayloe* in *Virginia*. His Master is desired to pay Charges and take him from
RALPH FORSTER, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLICK VENDUE,
On *Wednesday* the 19th Day of *August* next, at the House of *Daniel Swearingham*, in *Frederick-Town*,

A TRACT or Parcel of Land called *Pleasant Plain*, containing One Hundred Acres, more or less, lying on the main Road leading from *Annapolis* to *Frederick-Town*, and within 12 Miles of said Town. Like- wise a young Negro Wench, who has always been brought up to House Work, and understands every Thing that is necessary to be done in a House. The Sale to be for ready Current Money, Sterling Cash, or good London Bills of Exchange.
THOMAS RUTLAND, jun.

WILLIAM HAMMOND
Has just imported, in the Hope, Capt. Hooper, the Choprunk, Capt. Coward, from London, and the Cicely, Capt. Hanby, from Liverpool,

A GENERAL Assortment of *European and East India* Goods, suitable to the Season, which he will sell Wholesale, at his Store in *Mr. Gough's* Buildings, on very reasonable Terms, for Cash, Country Produce, or short Credit.
(6w)

T O B E S O L D,
Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of *Henry Hall*, of *Anne-Arundel County*,

ALL the Lands belonging to the Deceased, lying in *Frederick County*, in Two large Bodies, viz.

Part of *Middle Plantation*, on the Branches of *Lingamore*, being all that Tract of Land not heretofore sold out or contracted for by the Testator in his Life Time, containing in the Part now to be sold about Three Thousand Acres. The Soil in some Places good, in others stoney and broken; the whole full of Timber, and within Ten Miles of *Frederick-Town*.

The other Lands lie on the Branches of *Bennett's Creek*, consisting chiefly of the *Henry and Elizabeth enlarged*; also some lesser Tracts lying contiguous, such as *Ebony Marsh*, *The Land of Promise*, *Miller's Grove*, *Partnership*, and others adjoining; containing upwards of Three Thousand Acres; within Fourteen Miles of *Frederick-Town* and Thirty from *George-Town*; Plenty of Rail Timber and Firewood, and in some Places Meadow Ground: Also an excellent Mill Seat, and one of the best Ranges for Stock in that County; the Land good for Wheat or Tobacco.

The Sale to begin at *Frederick-Town*, on the Thursday of *Frederick County August* Court.—The Title is thought to be indisputable. The Heir at Law, who is now of Age, will join in the Deeds if required. The Terms will be made known on the Day of Sale. Attendance will be given by
THOMAS WATKINS, } acting
THOMAS HENRY HALL, } Executors.

Annapolis, July 25, 1772.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with Two compleat Workmen in the Shoemaking Business, acquaints the Publick, that he makes all Kinds of Mens Shoes, Ladies Silk and Stuff ditto, in the neatest Manner: Also Boots at a low and reasonable Price.
(3w) JOHN HOWARD.

Charles-Town, Cecil County, July 7, 1772.

IN consequence of several Barrels of Fish being stolen at different Times, since the Middle of *May* last, from the Subscriber's Fishery near *Charles-Town*, as well as from sundry other Persons near the same Place, and having received Intelligence of a Couple of small Schooners cruising in *Elk River*, whose Manner of trading was suspicious, I procured a Couple of Vessels to go in Search of them, who were so fortunate as to overtake them. The People belonging to the Schooners seeing themselves pursued, and being conscious of guilt, forsook their Vessels, and made their Escape to Shore. There were found on Board several Barrels of Herrings and Shad, some of them the very Fish stolen from me, and some belonging to others, who have since made their Property appear; there was also on Board a Quantity of Seine Rope, Tobacco, Ship Blocks, and sundry other small Things, which I presume were stolen; the Owners, upon proving their Property, and paying their proportional Part of the Expence, may have them again; and the Vessels (unless claimed by the Owners within Two Months) will be sold by publick Vendue, to defray the Expence and Damage sustained on the Occasion.
(w4) EDWARD PARKER.

ROBERT BUCHANAN

Has just imported, in the Hope, Capt. Hooper, from London, and has for Sale, upon the lowest Terms, wholesale or retail, at the Store next Door below the Coffee House,

A GENERAL Assortment of Goods, amongst which is a Variety of genteel Silks, Chintzes, Millenery and Broad Clothes; best Hyson Tea at 20s. fine Green at 12s. 6d. superfine Bohea at 10s. and common Bohea at 5s. per lb.

T O B E S O L D,

THE Time of an indented Servant Man, by Trade a Cabinetmaker and House Joiner, who has about Three Years to serve. For Particulars enquire of the Printer.

THE MANAGERS of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY, at their Meeting on the 4th of this Instant, have resolved to begin the Drawing on Thursday the Tenth of *September* next; any Tickets then undisposed of will be taken at the Risque of the Lottery. The Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, are now rolling up.

Virginia, June 10, 1772.

To be LET to the lowest Bidder, on the First Monday in *August* next, in *Loudoun County*, in the Parish of *Cameron*,

THE building a Brick Church, 53 by 42 Feet in the Clear, 28 Feet high, or not to exceed 2226 Feet superficial Measure, with a Gallery.

The Subscribers will meet on the Day aforesaid, at a Spring on *Joshua Evans's* Land, near *Sugarland Run*, in said Parish, about Five Miles from *Patowmack River*, in order to agree for the building the same. It is desired, that all those who may attend, with a view to undertake the same, will bring Plans agreeable to the above Dimensions.
JAMES LANE, } Churchwardens.
JAMES COLEMAN, }

T O B E S O L D,
At *Alexandria*, on *Monday* the 17th of *August* next,

THE *Merryland* Tract of Land, containing 6300 Acres, situate in *Frederick County* and Province of *Maryland*.

This Land was formerly advertised to be sold on the 28th Day of *May* last, at *Frederick-Town*, but by some Misunderstanding betwixt the Buyers and Sellers nothing was done; we have therefore determined to dispose of the whole together, and shall strike it off to the highest Bidder at the Time and Place a-bove mentioned.

As it has already been sufficiently described in the former Advertisements, it is needless now to particularize it again, for it is very well known to be an exceeding valuable Tract. Those inclinable to view the Land will please apply to *Mr. Charles Beatty* at *Frederick-Town*, who is perfectly well acquainted with it, and will faithfully shew the whole.

One Third of the Purchase Money must be paid down, One Third in Twelve Months, and the other Third in Two Years, from the Sale, bearing Interest from the Date. Immediate Possession will be given, and a most clear and undoubted Title will be made to the Purchasers, by
ADAM STEUART,
THOMAS MONTGOMERIE,
CUMBERLAND WILSON.

P. S. It having been reported at the last Sale, that this Land bore a Quitrent of 10 per Cent. we think it necessary to inform the Publick, that it pays no more than 4 1/2, which a Sight of the Patent now in our Possession will sufficiently shew.

J O H N B A L L

HEREBY informs the Publick in general, and his Friends in particular, that he has removed from the House wherein he lately kept Tavern, to the House of *Mr. Jonathan Pinkney* near the Town Gate, which was formerly kept by *Mrs. McCleod*, where he now keeps Tavern, and begs the Continuance of his former Customers. He assures all those who shall please to favour him with their Company, that it shall be his constant Study and Endeavour to give Satisfaction.
(t.f.)

ANNAPOLIS RACES

Will begin on *Tuesday* the 6th of *October* next. THERE will be Four Days Sport, a particular Account of which will be speedily inserted in this Gazette.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

July 16, 1772.
RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Annapolis*, on the 27th of last Month, a Negro Man named *NAT*, 20 Years old, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a smooth faced likely well made Fellow: Had on, a Felt Hat, old Fearnought Jacket, old blue Cloth under ditto, Osnabrig Shirt and Crocus Breeches. Whoever takes up and delivers the said Negro to his Master shall receive 20 Shillings, if above 10 Miles from Home 40 Shillings, and if out of the Province the above Reward, paid by
BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Vestry of *St. Anne's* Parish intend to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of this Province, for an Act to pass for the Assessment of a Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds of Tobacco, on the Inhabitants of the said Parish, for the Purpose of erecting a new Church in the City of *Annapolis*.
Signed per Order,
FREDERICK GREEN, Register.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

Frederick County, June 18, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscriber, the 16th Instant, an *Irish* Servant Man named *PATRICK CANNON*, between 40 and 45 Years of Age, about 6 Feet high, gray Hair, and a remarkable crooked Finger on his right Hand: Had on a Claret colour'd Coat, a strip'd flannel Waistcoat, a blue Cotton Jacket, white Plush Breeches, Two Osnabrig Shirts, One Check ditto, Two Hats, Three Pair of Stockings, Crocus Trousers, and some other Cloathing. It is suspected he has a Pass, and it is probable he will change his Cloathing. He pretends to speak bad *English*. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so as his Master may get him again, shall receive the above Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by
(w3) CHARLES PERRY.

T O B E S O L D,

A TRACT of Land, containing about 800 Acres, situate in *Baltimore County*, near to *Hood's Mill*, on *Patapsco Falls*, and within One Mile of said Mill, and within Four Miles of Two other Merchant Mills, that always give *Baltimore-Town* Price for Wheat, and within Ten Miles of said Town. The Soil is good for Grain or Grass, and has an extensive Range. For Particulars enquire of *Edward Cook*, at *Mr. William Ottey's*, adjoining to said Land.

J U S T P U B L I S H E D,
And to be sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,
T H E
V O T E S A N D P R O C E E D I N G S of
the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

"Let them alone, George, printers, you know, are no Game for you."

May 8. A discovery of great consequence is just made in the physical world, which is, that antimony is a sovereign remedy in fevers, in warm climates particularly, and recovered several men on board the Juno, Capt. Stott, in her voyage to Falkland's islands, after the usual methods were used in vain.

May 9. It is said that Zell will be only a temporary retreat for the Queen of Denmark, as it is resolved that she shall return to England when matters have somewhat subsided.

May 10. Notwithstanding all the preparations at Zell, for the reception of her Danish Majesty, we have received a letter from Copenhagen, of very good authority, dated the 5th instant, which assures us, that the Queen Matilda is so insurmountable, that she has absolutely and finally declared, she will upon no consideration whatever be separated from the King; and that she persists in protesting against the confistorial decree of April the 6th, by which she was sentenced to be divorced from her royal consort, she still resolutely insists and persists, that she is either guilty or innocent; if the former, then she demands the same punishment that has been inflicted upon struensee and Brandt; if the latter, then she demands, as a matter of right, an ample restitution of her honour and royal dignity. This resolution has greatly embarrassed the Court of Copenhagen, and the result of it remains as yet a mystery of state.

May 12. Major Rogers, who was so serviceable in the command of a body of irregulars last war in America, has just obtained a commission from his Majesty for leading out the north-west passage in that quarter. He is to be allowed 31. a day for himself, and four shillings each for fifty companions of his own choosing. From the intimate acquaintance this gentleman has with the country, his knowledge of the Indian language, and, above all, having the object much at heart, the scheme seems to preface a very successful issue.

May 16. On Thursday the House of Commons agreed to the following resolutions, viz.

That, after the expiration of the present drawback of the duties of the customs upon tea exported to Ireland and the British plantations, a drawback be allowed of three-fifth parts of the duties of customs payable upon the importation of such teas, for a limited time.

May 19. Advice is received from Sir Robert Murray Keith, that the Court of Denmark are plotting something more against the Queen, in order to take her off; but that he apprehends, before they proceed any further against her, some other persons, who are well willed to her, will be cut off; it having been noticed to the publick, that there will be more executions in a short time.

Orders are given for a fleet of ships to be ready to sail at a few hours notice; their destination is not known, but it is imagined they are bound up the Baltic.

Letters from the north of Ireland advise, that the insurrections of the populace are entirely quelled, and that many of the insurgents, who were chiefly composed of farmers and weavers, are preparing to embark for America.

B O S T O N, July 9.

Two English seamen arrived last week in a vessel that had been taken from the Havanna, where we learn they had been imprisoned six or seven years. One of them came to town this week, and informs, that he was taken on the Spanish Main, and carried prisoner to the Havanna, for being concerned in an illicit trade (as it is phrased by those who do not chuse to resent the behaviour of the Doas). During his imprisonment he suffered many hardships, and at length, growing old and infirm, was released. He says, there were forty-six stout able-bodied English seamen imprisoned at the Havanna when he left it.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, July 20.

By a gentleman who came passenger with Capt. Peel, from Lisbon, we have advice, that the ship Polly, Capt. Barnichal, from London for Maryland, having sprung leak at sea, put into Lisbon in great distress; she had six feet water in her hold, and all the pumps choaked with the ballast. It is imagined she will be detained some time to repair.

The Publick are cautioned to beware of counterfeit Pennsylvania TWENTY SHILLING Bills, as some are passing among us, dated May 1, 1760; they are badly cut on copper plate, and may easily be distinguished, the paper looking whiter and smoother than the true bills.

A N N A P O L I S, July 30.

The Publick may be assured that the Small-Pox has not spread, not a single Person having taken the Infection, except those who were confined to the House of Correction for their Reception, which is near 100 Yards distant from any other Dwelling House, and as the Guard is still continued, there is the greatest Reason to believe that the Town will be clear of it by the ensuing August Court.

T O T H E P R I N T E R.

IT is said to be the opinion of some of our lawyers, that the act for the establishment of religious worship in this province, made in the year 1701-2, is, for some reason or other, absolutely null and void. Now, I find that this act repeals the act of 1700, entitled, *An Act for the Service of Almighty God, &c.* But can a law be repealed by a writing, which is a meer dead letter? Can the act of 1701-2, void *ab initio*, repeal the act of 1700?—May it not, then, be a question, whether, upon a supposition of the nullity of the act of 1701-2, the act of 1700 is not now in full force?

What is the act of 1700? Does it not impose the payment of 40 per poll on the people?—Does it give less power to the clergy; is it less oppressive to the people?—Does it breathe a more benign and charitable spirit on Dissenters?—It is to be hoped, that those, who have an opportunity, will oblige the publick with a copy of this act in the Gazette; that we may be able to determine whether it will be worth our pains to destroy an old establishment, if we must be subject to another, perhaps not less exceptionable. And may we not expect from our lawyers, such of them especially as are our representatives, a full, frank, and explicit declaration of their sentiments upon both these acts? Surely, they will not, any longer, suffer the people to be bewildered in doubt and perplexity; when it is in their power to give light to their steps, and direct them to the right road.

Tell us not of the policy of suppressing opinions. That policy is nothing but trick and artifice, which would shut out truth from the eyes of a people in matters of important concern to them—of a people especially, who wish to pursue it; and desire nothing more ardently than to be informed how to conduct themselves with justice and propriety.—Here, however, I must enter my caveat against *haranguing*, as the proper mode of conveying instruction. It is, at best, too partial a communication for an object of universal concern.—But, in the hands of men of art, it is too apt to palm upon us chicanery for argument; and, instead of advancing truth, is a powerful instrument of amusement and delusion; more especially, if we consider who make up the bulk of hearers upon these occasions.—No, let us have it in plain black and white; that we may weigh it with deliberation, exercise our judgments coolly upon it, and form our best conclusions upon the genuine merits of the question.

I am yours,
JACK FRANK.

Annapolis, July 29, 1772.

THE MEMBERS of the Maryland JOCKEY CLUB are desired to meet at the Coffee-House, to Dinner, on Tuesday next.

W. EDDIS, Secretary.

Lower Marlborough, July 21, 1772.

WHEREAS sundry Gentlemen of the Counties of St. Mary's, Charles, Calvert, and Prince-George, have expressed a Desire that the Free School Lands of each of these Counties should be sold, and that the Money arising from the Sales thereof should be put into a general Fund, for the Purpose of forming an Academy, or Seminary of Education, in some healthy and agreeable Situation, the most convenient to the said Counties collectively; And whereas also, a Sum of Twelve Hundred Pounds and upwards has already been subscribed by many Individuals of these and other Counties, towards the Furtherance of so benevolent a Scheme: We, the undersigned, elected by a Majority of the Subscribers of the said Twelve Hundred Pounds, as Trustees of the above Plan, conceiving it to be of very general and considerable Importance, do request a general Attendance of the Inhabitants of each of the said Counties, at Lower Marlborough, on the Monday after the Fourth Tuesday in August, being the 31st Day of the said Month, in order more maturely to consider and instruct us where and how finally to complete this useful Design.

BENEDICT CALVERT,
WILLIAM FITZHUGH,
GEORGE PLATER,
HENRY ADDISON,
THOMAS THORNTON,
THOMAS JOHN CLAGETT,
JONATHAN BOUCHER,
THOMAS GANTT,
EDWARD GANTT,
BENJAMIN MACKALL,

(4w)

Alexandria, July 12, 1772.

TO BE SOLD AT ALEXANDRIA, On Monday the 17th of August next, being Court Day, THE Brig *Sawitt*, together with all her Appurtenances; she is of the Burden of 100 Tons and upwards, and well calculated for the West India Trade, in good Order for taking in a Cargo immediately.—Or if any are inclined to charter the said Brig, they may know the Terms, by applying to

CARLYLE and DALTON,
or
ROBERT ADAM, and Co.

Baltimore, July 25, 1772.

M. E. V. A. N. S.,
Lately arrived from London, at her Store, next Door to Benjamin Rogers, Esq; in Baltimore,

RESPECTFULLY begs Leave to acquaint the Ladies in Annapolis, and the Publick in general, that she has imported the fashionable Net and Gauze Bonnets, Terezas to match, Hats and long Cloaks in the French gray Queen's Silk, ditto in white Sarfenet, ditto in black Mode, Caps called the masquerading Caps, Fillets for young Ladies, Bonnets and Tippets for ditto, Puddings for Children, Italian Egrets, fashionable Stomachers and Sleeve-knots with Italian Flowers, Trimmings for Gowns, Paste Combs, Sprigs, Pins, Ear-rings, Dangles, Stay-hooks to match, ditto in Garnets, ditto in blue Stone set with Marquasites, worked Aprons, black Velvet Collars, which are now worn instead of Necklaces, with Dangles, &c. &c. &c.

Mr. L' A R G E A U

BEGS leave to acquaint the Publick, that he has opened his Dancing School in Baltimore, and that he proposes in about Three Weeks to open another in Annapolis, in both which Places his utmost Abilities and Diligence will be used, to obtain the Favour and Approbation of those Ladies and Gentlemen who think proper to countenance him; he having now determined to continue his Schools in the above Places, as long as he meets with Encouragement.

THE Subscriber takes this Method of acquainting the Publick, that he has opened an Academy, in Upper Marlborough, where he proposes teaching the Greek and Latin Languages, Geography, Mathematicks, and other improving Branches of Literature, at Four Guineas each Scholar per Annum; at which Place, he intends to deliver an Oration, on the Advantages of a liberal Education, on Wednesday the 20th of August. Those Gentlemen, who are pleased to favour him with their Sons, are desired to make speedy Application to

their very humble Servant,
ARTHUR WALKER, A. M.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Number of the Inhabitants of Cecil County, do stand to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of this Province, praying a Removal of the Courts of Justice and Prisons from where they are now held, to the publick Square in Charlestown, allotted for that Purpose by the Commissioners for said Town, pursuant to an Act of Assembly passed in 1742.—And also for an Act to pass for the Assessment of such a Sum or Quantity of Tobacco, as may be deemed sufficient for erecting a Court House and Prison on said Square.

Fredrick County, Maryland.

S K I P T O N R A C E S.

To be run for at Skipton, on Tuesday the 15th of September,

A PURSE of Twenty Pounds, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the best of Three Heat Mile Heats, to carry Weight for Inches, viz. A Horse, &c. of 14 Hands high, to carry 26 Pounds, Saddle and Bridle included, and to raise and fall 14 Pounds the first Inch; and 7 Pounds for every Inch they may be higher or lower.

On Wednesday the 16th, at the same Place, will be run for, a Purse of Ten Pounds, with the Entrance Money of the first Day added, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the best of Three Heat Mile Heats, to carry 9 Stone, Bridle and Saddle included.

On Thursday the 17th, at the same Place, will be run for, the Entrance Money of the second Day, a Sweep-Stakes, blooded Horses excepted.

The Horses for the first and second Day to be entered with *Moses Rawlings*, on Monday the 14th of September, and to pay, if a Subscriber, One Shilling in the Pound, if not, Two Shillings, and if at the Post double, the winning Horse, &c. the first Day only excepted.

Proper Judges will be appointed to determine all Disputes that may arise.

S A R A H C H I L T O N

BEGS Leave to inform the Publick, that she has opened Tavern in that large and commodious Brick House in Baltimore-Street, Baltimore-Town, opposite to the House where Mess. *Alburtus* and *Plant* lately lived. She hath furnished herself with a Stock of excellent Liquors and other Necessaries, and is provided with good Stables and Provender for Horses. She humbly hopes for the Favour and Countenance of the Publick, and flatters herself she will be able to give Satisfaction to those who may think proper to favour her with their Company.

Lower Marlborough, July 20th 1772.
THIS is once more to desire all Persons indebted to the Subscriber to make Payment by the last of August; those who neglect may depend on being dealt with as the Law directs, without Respect of Persons, which will be very disagreeable to
Their humble Servant,
DANMUND CRAMPHIN.

(4w)

AN away from the Subscriber near the City of Annapolis, on the 26th Day of this Inst. July, a Convict Servant Man, named GEORGE BATHUM, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, born in the West of England, a thick well set Fellow, of a ruddy Complexion, and short black Hair: Had on, when he went away, a Felt Hat about half worn, an Off-nabrig Shirt and Crocus Trowsers; he is much addicted to Liquor, and when drunk is very impudent. Whoever takes up and secures the said Servant, for that he may be had again, if taken up out of the County shall have 3 Pounds Currency, if 20 Miles from Home 40 Shillings, if 10 Miles 30 Shillings, if within 10 Miles 20 shillings, and all reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

SAMUEL HOWARD.

COMMITTED to Anne Arundel County Jail, a Runaway, an elderly Negro Man, calls himself *Will*, says he belongs to *William Lyles* in Prince George's County. His Master is desired to take him away and pay Charges to

JOHN CLAPHAM, Sheriff.

COMMI Negro and that the Baltimore-Town Charges and (2w)

THERE Jun: Horie, about ter P on the on the near paces and ga on moving i

THERE in Fr Mouth of M up as a stray paces and tre High some head, and h Bell, scratch may have he Charges.

THERE yond Pieball Ma white Legs, may have h Charges.

By Way of p September NEW-Y wood chard, conf Dwelling H floored and Tobacco Ho ten's Manor, House 16 Fd Corn House new. The suitable for e pair, and co ing, on Cuck ty. They w appear molt given for e Half the Cal (w6)

DANIEL At the Sign near

TAKES Annapolis abo ginning of A Fire logs a and Chimne struction, to Tile or Wood neater and m Continent; Fire Dogs, a King served ed in some o himself he e Employers were to im Work at M where Order plied with,

WANT A WHE A stand bought, G John Cavend

COMMI Joseph Col. John Q to pay Char (2w)

TO BE On Wean/sda of same TRAC A contain ing on the rick Towns while a y ung up to Houte necessary. ready Curr Bills of Exc

W I L has just in Chopran Cicely, A GEN A Indi will sel buildings, Country P

Prince-George's County, July 21, 1772.
COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, a Negro Woman, who says her Name is *Ebber*, and that she belongs to a certain *George Neal* near *Baltimore-Town*. Her Master is desired to pay Charges and take her from
RALPH FORSTER, Sheriff.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Rutland*, jun. taken up as a Stray, a small dark bay Horse, about 11 Hands high, marked with the Letter P on the near Shoulder and Buttock, is wounded on the near Shoulder, which runs very much, trots, paces and gallops. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Zachariah Ellis*, in *Frederick County*, about 6 Miles below the Mouth of *Monocacy*, on *Patoxmack River*, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, about 13 Hands high, paces and trots, is shod before, branded on the near High something like 16, has a Star on her Forehead, and has got a turn-up Leather Collar and a Bell, scratched on the Staple with IH. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at *Charles Carroll's* Plantation, beyond *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a dun Pieball Mare, her Head almost all white, Four white Legs, high 13 Hands high. The Owner may have her on proving Property and paying Charges.

T O B E S O L D,

By Way of publick Vendue, on the Premises, the 3d of September next, the following Tracts of Land, viz.

NEW-YORK, containing 180 Acres (very well wooded and watered) improved, with an Orchard, consisting of Apple and Peach Trees, a Dwelling House, 24 Feet long, 16 wide, Plank floored and sheded, a very good logged House and Tobacco House double sheded.—Part of *Wolffiten's* Manor, containing 183 Acres, with a Dwelling House 16 Feet square, sheded, Kitchen, Quarter, Corn House, and a large Tobacco Houe almost new. The above Tracts of Land are very level, suitable for either planting or farming, in good Repair, and commodiously situated, for fishing or fowling, on *Cuckold's-Creek*, in *Cob-Neck*, *Charles County*. They will be sold, jointly or severally, as shall appear most convenient, and a general Warranty given for each of them. Credit will be given for Half the Cash, on giving Bond and good Security to
RAPHAEL BOARMAN, jun.

DANIEL KING, BRASS FOUNDER,
At the Sign of the Bell and Brand, in Front-Street, near Walnut-Street, Philadelphia,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Ladies and Gentlemen of *Maryland*, that he intends for *Annapolis* about the End of this Month or the Beginning of *August*, with a neat Assortment of Brass Fire Hogs and Fenders, Fire Shovels and Tongs, and Chimney Backs for the same, on a new Construction, to be fixed in a neat Manner to Marble, Tile or Wood; all which he can with Safety say are neater and more to Order than any yet made on the Continent; they are equal in Strength to any Iron Fire Dogs, and much easier kept clean. As said *King* served his Apprenticeship in *London*, and worked in some of the best Shops in *England*, he flatters himself he can sell his Work as cheap and give his Employers as much Satisfaction, as though they were to import them. He purposes to open his Work at *Mr. John Warren's* Tavern in *Annapolis*, where Orders will be received and punctually complied with, by their humble Servant,
DANIEL KING.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
A WHEELWRIGHT, who thoroughly understands his Business, either to be hired or bought. Good Encouragement will be given by *John Cavender*, near the Dock in *Annapolis*.

Prince-George's County, July 14, 1772.
COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, *Joseph Lownday*, says he belongs to the Hon. Col. *John Tayloe* in *Virginia*. His Master is desired to pay Charges and take him from
RALPH FORSTER, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLICK VENDUE,

On *Wednesday* the 19th Day of *August* next, at the House of *Samuel Swearingham*, in *Frederick-Town*,
A TRACT or Parcel of Land called *Pleasant Plain*, containing One Hundred Acres, more or less, lying on the main Road leading from *Annapolis* to *Frederick-Town*, and within 12 Miles of said Town. Like a young Negro Wench, who has always been brought up to House Work, and understands every Thing that is necessary to be done in a House. The Sale to be for ready Current Money, Sterling Cash, or good London Bills of Exchange.
THOMAS RUTLAND, jun.

WILLIAM HAMMOND
Has just imported, in the Hope, Capt. Hooper, the Chopratic, Capt. Coward, from London, and the Cicely, Capt. Hanby, from Liverpool,

A GENERAL Assortment of European and East India Goods, suitable to the Season, which he will sell Wholesale, at his Store in *Mr. Gough's* Buildings, on very reasonable Terms, for Cash, Country Produce, or short Credit.
(6w)

T O B E S O L D,

Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of *Henry Hall*, of *Anne-Arandel County*,

ALL the Lands belonging to the Deceased, lying in *Frederick County*, in Two large Bodies, viz.
Part of *Middle Plantation*, on the Branches of *Linganoze*, being all that Tract of Land not heretofore sold out or contracted for by the Testator in his Life Time, containing in the Part now to be sold about Three Thousand Acres. The Soil in some Places good, in others stoney and broken; the whole full of Timber, and within Ten Miles of *Frederick-Town*.

The other Lands lie on the Branches of *Bennett's Creek*, consisting chiefly of the *Henry and Elizabeth enlarged*; also some lesser Tracts lying contiguous, such as *Ebony Marsh*, *The Land of Promise*, *Miller's Grove*, *Partnership*, and others adjoining; containing upwards of Three Thousand Acres; within Fourteen Miles of *Frederick-Town* and Thirty from *George-Town*; Plenty of Rail Timber and Firewood, and in some Places Meadow Ground: Also an excellent Mill Seat, and one of the best Ranges for Stock in that County; the Land good for Wheat or Tobacco.

The Sale to begin at *Frederick-Town*, on the Thursday of *Frederick County August* Court.—The Title is thought to be indisputable. The Heir at Law, who is now of Age, will join in the Deeds if required. The Terms will be made known on the Day of Sale. Attendance will be given by
THOMAS WATKINS, acting
THOMAS HENRY HALL, Executors.

Annapolis, July 25, 1772.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with Two compleat Workmen in the Shoemaking Business, acquaints the Publick, that he makes all Kinds of Mens Shoes, Ladies Silk and Stuff ditto, in the neatest Manner: Also Boots at a low and reasonable Price.
(3w) JOHN HOWARD.

Charles-Town, Cecil County, July 7, 1772.

In consequence of several Barrels of Fish being stolen at different Times, since the Middle of *May* last, from the Subscriber's Fishery near *Charles-Town*, as well as from sundry other Persons near the same Place, and having received Intelligence of a Couple of small Schooners cruising in *Elk River*, whose Manner of trading was suspicious, I procured a Couple of Vessels to go in Search of them, who were so fortunate as to overtake them. The People belonging to the Schooners seeing themselves pursued, and being conscious of guilt, forsook their Vessels, and made their Escape to Shore. There were found on Board several Barrels of Herrings and Shad, some of them the very Fish stolen from me, and some belonging to others, who have since made their Property appear; there was also on Board a Quantity of Seine Rope, Tobacco, Ship Blocks, and sundry other small Things, which I presume were stolen; the Owners, upon proving their Property, and paying their proportional Part of the Expence, may have them again; and the Vessels (unless claimed by the Owners within Two Months) will be sold by publick Vendue, to defray the Expence and Damage sustained on the Occasion.
(w4) EDWARD PARKER.

ROBERT BUCHANAN

Has just imported, in the Hope, Capt. Hooper, from London, and has for Sale, upon the lowest Terms, wholesale or retail, at the Store next Door below the Coffee House,

A GENERAL Assortment of Goods, amongst which is a Variety of genteel Silks, Chintzes, Millenery and Broad Clothes; best Hyson Tea at 20 s. fine Green at 12 s. 6 d. superfine Bohea at 10 s. and common Bohea at 5 s. per lb.

T O B E S O L D,

THE Time of an indented Servant Man, by Trade a Cabinetmaker and House Joiner, who has about Three Years to serve. For Particulars enquire of the Printer.

THE MANAGERS of the **ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY**, at their Meeting on the 4th of this Instant, have resolved to begin the Drawing on Thursday the Tenth of *September* next; any Tickets then undisposed of will be taken at the Risque of the Lottery. The Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, are now rolling up.

Virginia, June 10, 1772.

To be LET to the lowest Bidder, on the First Monday in *August* next, in *Loudoun County*, in the Parish of *Cameron*,

THE building a Brick Church, 53 by 42 Feet in the Clear, 28 Feet high, or not to exceed 226 Feet superficial Measure, with a Gallery. The Subscribers will meet on the Day aforesaid, at a Spring on *Joshua Evans's* Land, near *Sugarland Run*, in said Parish, about Five Miles from *Patoxmack River*, in order to agree for the building the same. It is desired, that all those who may attend, with a view to undertake the same, will bring Plans agreeable to the above Dimensions.
JAMES LANE,
JAMES COLEMAN, Churchwardens.

T O B E S O L D,

At Alexandria, on Monday the 17th of August next,
THE *Maryland* Tract of Land, containing 6300 Acres, situate in *Frederick County* and Province of *Maryland*.

This Land was formerly advertised to be sold on the 28th Day of *May* last, at *Frederick-Town*, but by some Misunderstanding betwixt the Buyers and Sellers nothing was done; we have therefore determined to dispose of the whole together, and shall strike it off to the highest Bidder at the Time and Place above mentioned.

As it has already been sufficiently described in the former Advertisements, it is needless now to particularize it again, for it is very well known to be an exceeding valuable Tract. Those inclinable to view the Land will please apply to *Mr. Charles Beatty* at *Frederick-Town*, who is perfectly well acquainted with it, and will faithfully shew the whole.

One Third of the Purchase Money must be paid down, One Third in Twelve Months, and the other Third in Two Years, from the Sale, bearing Interest from the Date. Immediate Possession will be given, and a most clear and undoubted Title will be made to the Purchasers, by

ADAM STRUART,
THOMAS MONTGOMERIE,
CUMBERLAND WILSON.

P. S. It having been reported at the last Sale, that this Land bore a Quitrent of 10 per Cent. we think it necessary to inform the Publick, that it pays no more than 4 s. which a Sight of the Patent now in our Possession will sufficiently shew.

J O H N B A L L

HEREBY informs the Publick in general, and his Friends in particular, that he has removed from the House wherein he lately kept Tavern, to the House of *Mr. Jonathan Pinkney* near the Town Gate, which was formerly kept by *Mrs. McCleod*, where he now keeps Tavern, and begs the Continuance of his former Customers. He assures all those who shall please to favour him with their Company, that it shall be his constant Study and Endeavour to give Satisfaction. (t.f.)

ANNAPOLIS RACES

Will begin on *Tuesday* the 6th of *October* next.

THERE will be Four Days Sport, a particular Account of which will be speedily inserted in this Gazette.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

July 16, 1772.
RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Annapolis*, on the 27th of last Month, a Negro Man named *NAT*, 20 Years old, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a smooth faced likely well made Fellow: Had on, a Felt Hat, old Fearnought Jacket, old blue Cloth under ditto, Onabrig Shirt and Crocus Breeches. Whoever takes up and delivers the said Negro to his Master shall receive 20 Shillings, if above 10 Miles from Home 40 Shillings, and if out of the Province the above Reward, paid by
BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Vestry of *St. Anne's* Parish intend to prefer a Petition to the next General Assembly of this Province, for an Act to pass for the Assessment of a Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds of Tobacco, on the Inhabitants of the said Parish, for the Purpose of erecting a new Church in the City of *Annapolis*.
Signed per Order,
FREDERICK GREEN, Register.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

Frederick County, June 18, 1772.
RAN away from the Subscriber, the 16th Instant, an Irish Servant Man, named *PATRICK CANNON*, between 40 and 45 Years of Age, about 6 Feet high, gray Hair, and a remarkable crooked Finger on his right Hand: Had on a Claret colour'd Coat, a strip'd flannel Waistcoat, a blue Cotton Jacket, white Plush Breeches, Two Onabrig Shirts, One Check ditto, Two Hats, Three Pair of Stockings, Crocus Trousers, and some other Cloathing. It is suspected he has a Pass, and it is probable he will change his Cloathing. He pretends to speak bad *English*. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so as his Master may get him again, shall receive the above Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by
(w3) CHARLES PERRY.

T O B E S O L D,

A TRACT of Land, containing about 800 Acres, situate in *Baltimore County*, near to *Hood's Mill*, on *Patox Falls*, and within One Mile of said Mill, and within Four Miles of Two other Merchant Mills, that always give *Baltimore-Town* Price for Wheat, and within Ten Miles of said Town. The Soil is good for Grain or Grass, and has an extensive Range. For Particulars enquire of *Edward Cook*, at *Mr. William Ottey's*, adjoining to said Land.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,
T H E
VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS of
the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

Annapolis, July 7, 1772.
WHEREAS I the Subscriber intend to leave this Province in a short Time, I hereby request all Persons indebted to me to make immediate Payment, and those who have any just Claims against me are desired to bring in their Accounts within 2 Months from the Date hereof, that they may be adjusted.

WILLIAM JOHNSON.
 N. B. I have on Hand a Sloop's new Mainfail, which will suit a Vessel of about 28 or 30 Tons Burthen; likewise a Schooner's Mainfail half worn, something smaller, which I will dispose of on very reasonable Terms, for Cash only. W. J.

Just imported, in the Eden, Capt. Samuel Nicholson, and to be sold, Wholesale and Retail, on the lowest Terms, by the Subscriber, in Church-street, Annapolis,

A LARGE and genteel Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS.
THOMAS GASSAWAY, jun.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,
THREE Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, containing by Patent 610 Acres, which will be sold for a very reasonable Price. For Terms apply to

SAMUEL HOWARD
JOHN HOWARD.

THERE is at the Plantation of Peter Fouble, on the great Road that leads from Baltimore-Town to Hanover, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, branded on the near Shoulder something like 9, is about 12 Hands and an Inch high, his near hind Foot white a little above the Hough, has a switch Tail and standing Mane, and appears to be about 6 Years old. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

Annapolis, July 1, 1772.
We have just imported from London, in Capt. Hooper,
A Assortment of Clothes, Linens, Silks, Millinery, Hosiery, Boots, Shoes, and Saddlery, which are to be disposed of at our Store, on the Front of the Dock, with a full Assortment of almost every Kind of dry Goods, at Wholesale or Retail, for a small Advance.

THOMAS HARWOOD, junr.
JOHN BRICE.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

July 6, 1772.
RAN away from the Subscribers, living near Soldiers Delight, in Baltimore County, Maryland, a dark Mulatto Slave, who goes by the Name of CHARLES HARDING, but formerly by the Name of DICK; about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, large Nose, hollow eyed, low Forehead, has upwards of Forty Scars on his Head of different Sizes, well made, has a small Scar on the upper Part of his Nose on the left Side, a small Scar on the right Side his under Lip, close kneed, his Shins bend forwards, some Scars on the small of his legs occasioned by wearing of Irons, a large Scar on the Outside of his left Leg occasioned by a Burn, a Scar on one of his Thumbs, he has been unmercifully whipped from his Neck to his Knees, which he says was by his former Master, is a Carpenter and Joiner by Trade, and can paint, which he learned of Lewis Allmorn, of Nanceman County in Virginia, who sold him to Edward Voss, a Bricklayer by Trade, and worked in sundry Parts of Virginia, and when the said Slave ran away from him, lived in King and Queen County near Rapabannab, got by Water to Philadelphia, and from thence travelled through Lancaster and York Counties to Hanover-Town, and worked there about a Year, and from thence into Baltimore County near Baltimore-Town, where he continued, from about the Year 1765 to the Year 1772, as a free Man, and since he left his former Masters in Virginia, has learnt to read and write, and to play on the Violin; it is possible he may forge a Pass and change his Name, as he has done before: Took with him a Castor Hat, a Suit of white Russia Drab Cloaths, a blue Cloth Coat, red striped Jacket, a new redish brown Broad-Cloth Jacket much too large for him, new darkish coloured Cotton-Velvet Breeches with large old fashioned Pocket Flaps, Shirts, Stockings and Shoes of different Sorts, and large plated Buckles. Whoever secures the above Slave in any Jail, so that his Masters get him again, shall receive Five Pounds, and if 50 Miles from Home Seven Pounds Ten Shillings, and if 100 Miles the above Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

SAMUEL OWINGS, jun.
ALEXANDER WELLS.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY
 For raising 1500 DOLLARS,
 FOR CLEANING AND SECURING THE DOCK IN
 ANNAPOLIS.

Number of Prizes	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 - of -	2000 - is -	2000
1 - of -	1000 - is -	1000
2 - of -	500 - are -	1000
4 - of -	250 - are -	1000
5 - of -	100 - are -	500
10 - of -	50 - are -	500
25 - of -	20 - are -	500
50 - of -	10 - are -	500
750 - of -	4 - are -	3000
848 Prizes.		10000
4152 Blanks.		
5000 Tickets, at Two Dollars each, amount to		10000

BY the above SCHEME, there are more than Four Blanks to a Prize, and the Prizes are subject to a Deduction of Fifteen per Cent. but as there are many of them very valuable, it is not doubted but the Tickets will very soon be disposed of, especially as a great Number of them are already engaged.

The Drawing will certainly begin on Thursday the Tenth of September next, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as chuse to attend.

The Managers are, Mess. Lancelot Jacques, William Reynolds, William Paca, Thomas Johnson, Thomas Jennings, Samuel Chase, James Tilghman, William Cook, Robert Couden, John Brice, Charles Wallace, John Davidson, Thomas Harwood, John Clapham, James Williams, Thomas Brooke Hodgkin, William Rooke, Robert Johnson, William Deards, James Brice, Colin Campbell, James Dundas, John Galloway, James Brooks, and Samuel Harvey Howard; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of Prizes will be published in the Gazette, which will be ready to be paid in One Month after drawing. Those not demanded within Six Months will be deemed as generously given for the Emolument of the City.

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers.

JAMES DICK and **STEWART**
Have just imported, in the Betsey, Capt. James Hanrick, from London,

A LARGE Assortment of European and East India Goods, which they will sell cheap, either by Wholesale or Retail, at their Stores in Church-Street, Annapolis, and at London-Town. Among the above-mentioned Goods are, Hyson, Bloon, Green and Bohea Teas, best London double and single refined Sugars, in small Casks of 3 cwt. each, Lintseed, Neatsfoot, Florence and Chamber Oil, and a large Assortment of China.

They have likewise for Sale, Sail Duck of all Numbers, Anchors from 1 1/2 to 12 cwt. Grapnels, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery and Cordage, made at Newington Ropewalk, where all Orders are complied with in the most expeditious Manner. Also, old Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, Hoghead or Quarter Cask.

Annapolis, June 15, 1772.
 N. B. As we propose soon to decline the retailing Business in Annapolis, we will dispose of the whole or any Part of our Goods at a very moderate Advance, for ready-Money, Country Produce, or short Credit. And we beg the Favour, that such of our Customers who have not lately either discharged or settled their Accounts, would pay as soon as is convenient, or in the mean Time settle their Balance by Note or Bond, which will oblige

JAMES DICK & STEWART.

T O B E S O L D,
A LOT of Ground in the City of Annapolis, the Property of the late Capt. James Reith, whereon are a neat Brick Dwelling House, a good Stone Kitchen, and sundry other Improvements. For Terms apply to

JAMES WILLIAMS, Administrator.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Estate of the said James Reith, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, are desired to make immediate Payment; and all those who have Demands against said Estate are requested to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjusted. (t.f.) J. W.

June 17, 1772.
RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 15th Instant, an indentured Servant Man, named JOHN BRAND, a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet high, short black Hair, very much pitted with the Small-Pox, and his right Eye very red: Had on, an Onabrig Shirt and Trowsers, Country made Shoes, an old Felt Hat, and Cotton Jacket; is supposed to have taken with him a brown Cloth Jacket with Mohair Buttons; and professes to be a Scrimmaker and Groom. Whoever takes up the above Servant, and secures him, so as his Master may have him, shall receive a Reward of One Pistole, and all reasonable Charges, paid by

STEPHEN STEWARD.

Annapolis, June 10, 1772.
THE Judges of the Land-Office having represented to his Excellency the Governor, that there are a great Number of Certificates in their Office unpatented, many of them are returned by virtue of Warrants, which issued more than Two Years ago, and others where the Two Years are near expiring; His Excellency being desirous that those who purchased Warrants in the Lifetime of the late Lord Proprietary, should have the Benefit of such Warrants, has directed them to give publick Notice, that Patents are made out as usual, and that Applications for Warrants under the Proclamation will be received, and the Warrants issue to the first Discoverer, in preference to any other Person, whenever the Office shall be opened.

Signed per Order,
WILLIAM STEUART, Cl. Ld. Office.

Annapolis, June 4, 1772.
J U S T I M P O R T E D,
In the Ship Eden, Capt. Nicholson, from London, and to be sold, on the most reasonable Terms, by the Subscribers, at their Store on the Front of the Dock in Annapolis, either Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or on short Credit,

A LARGE and general Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the Season. Amongst which is a great Variety of the genteelst Silks and Millinery, embroidered Silk Shapes, Whalebone and all other Stay Goods, best London Porter, double and single refined Sugars of different Qualities, Sail-Cloth, Jewellery, best Barbados Muscovado Sugar, &c.

WALLACE, DAVIDSON & JOHNSON,

June 22, 1772.
RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Edinburg, in Anne-Arundel County and Province of Maryland, an Irish Convict Servant named Lawrence Robertson; appears to be about 16 or 17 Years of Age, slim made, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, swarthy Complexion, thin Vifage, dark brown Hair, his Apparel but mean. Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him Home, shall have a Reward of 20 Shillings if taken within 20 Miles, 30 Shillings if 30 Miles, and if a greater Distance 50 Shillings, besides what the Law allows.

JOHN DORSEY.

May 4, 1772.
RAN away from the Ship Molly, William Maynard Commander, then lying at Benedict, Two indentured Servant Men; the one named ROBERT CUMMINS, by Trade a Barber and Peruke maker, is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own Hair of a light Colour tied behind: Had on when he went away, a dark brown Coat and Buckskin Breeches, and a Hat covered with Oilskin. The other named RICHARD JONES, by Trade a House Carpenter and Joiner, about the same Height as the former, wears his own dark Hair, and is pitted with the Small-Pox: Had on a light coloured Coat and dirty Buckskin Breeches. Whoever takes up the above Servants, and secures them in any Jail within this Province, shall receive Three Pounds Reward, or Thirty Shillings for either, besides what the Law allows; and if taken out of the Province Five Pounds for both, or in Proportion, and reasonable Charges if brought to Annapolis.

Just imported, and to be sold by the Subscriber, at his Store, near the Church in Annapolis,

A NEAT Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable to the Season, amongst which are a Parcel of genteel Silks, and fashionable superfine Clothes.

COLIN CAMPBELL.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Gantt, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a small brown bay Mare, 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock W, a switch Tail and hanging Mane. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

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