

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, OCTOBER 6, 1785.

V I E N N A, June 22.

THE new prince of Moldavia has, according to custom, offered 60 purses to the new-appointed grand vizir, but that minister has refused them, and desired the hospodar to employ that sum in buying provisions to send to Constantinople, so that the necessaries of life may be rendered more reasonable than they are at present.

FRANKFORT, July 2. We have had very fine weather for some days; the Danube is entirely returned to its usual course, and notwithstanding the sudden rise of that river, very little damage was done.

The count d'Osterman, vice-chancellor of the imperial court of Russia, has caused to be delivered to all the deputies at the diet of Ratisbon, a circular letter, in which it is said that the emperor, far from wishing to diminish the rights and privileges of the empire, was, on the contrary, determined at all times to preserve the constitution of the Germanic body, and to prevent every encroachment on it.

PARIS, July 8. On the 29th of May a treaty of confederation was signed at Dresden between the king of Prussia, the king of Sweden, the electors Hanover, Saxony, and Tieves, the margrave of Anspach, and the duke of Deux Ponts; the purport of which treaty is to preserve the indivisibility of the empire.

L O N D O N, July 18.

We hear that ministers do not now mean to push the Irish resolutions through the Irish parliament this session; but that on their arrival in the sister kingdom, it is their intention to move for them to be printed, and allow time for their ample discussion.

We can assure the public, from authentic letters which we have seen, dated Strasburg, that in that city, and a variety of other towns and villages along the banks of the Rhine, arsenals, and store houses of all dimensions, have been recently built with prodigious expedition; and that, in these receptacles, immense quantities of all manner of warlike stores and provisions are deposited.

July 20. Government have declared their intention of taking up transports to send out troops to Jamaica. The two battalions on the Irish establishment ordered for that island will be carried out by the merchant ships that sail the earliest; and an agreement is now entering into by the navy board with the merchants for that purpose.

The Bee, Ruffel, from Antigua; Isabella, McAllister, and Boyd, Boyd, from Virginia; Fortane Boag, from Grenada; Kingston, Tarbut, from St. Vincent's; and Glasgow, Bowie, from Jamaica, are arrived at Clyde,

and William Collard, Boney, from Jamaica, at Bristol.

The following protest was entered on the lords journals.

"Die Jovis, 18 Julii, 1785.

"A motion was made that the house do agree to the report of the twenty resolutions for the final adjustment of the commercial intercourse between Great-Britain and Ireland.

"It was carried in the affirmative."

Dissentient.

Because we conceive the plan contained in the report, as well from the manner in which it has been introduced and conducted, as from the matter which it contains, to be likely to create and promote jealousy and dissatisfaction between the two kingdoms.

DERBY, WENTWORTH FITZWILLIAM, PLYMOUTH, NORTHINGTON.

Extract of a letter from Cadix, June 28.

"On the 22d of this month an Algerine corfair, of 28 guns, was sunk off Mahon by two Spanish frigates, after a most desperate engagement, and all on board perished. What is astonishing, those fierce and vindictive plunderers kept an incessant firing from their tops into the king's ships the very time their vessel was going down, which killed and wounded upwards of 20 men.

N E W - Y O R K, September 16.

Captain Prince, who arrived in twenty four days from Cayenne, informs us, that at his arrival at Cayenne, the first of August last, he there found one captain William Griffith, who had the misfortune of being overset at sea. The following are the particulars:

Captain Griffith, master of the schooner Dart, sailed from the coast of Africa the 1st of April, with 150 slaves, bound to the island of Barbados. But on the 19th of April, being then in lat. 11 S. long. 35 N. about 4 P. M. having all sail set, they were overtaken with a sudden white squall, which overset the vessel in an instant: Fortunately all the white people were on deck, except a passenger. The boat was washed overboard, which they got; and the captain, mate, and ten hands, with one slave, got into her; saved four monkeys and about 14 gallons of palm oil, but neither bread nor water. At 8 A. M. they left the wreck, with seven slaves on her side or bottom. The boat was but fourteen feet long, so that they had but just room to sit in her, being thirteen in number.

Captain Prince had the above particulars from captain Griffith, who dined on board his vessel, but who has since gone from Cayenne to Barbados. The schooner Dart was commanded by James Haslem when she sailed from Liverpool, but who died on the coast. The vessel belonged to Partien and Blackhouse, merchants in Liverpool.

Sept. 19. A letter from Salem, dated September 11, mentions, That the schooner Amity, the property of captain James Duncanson, which was lately seized and wrested from him by the piratical crew; (and the captain, mate, and boatwain, as lately mentioned in this paper, turned adrift in an open boat, at the peril of their lives, but were accidentally picked up and conducted safe into this port), is taken and carried into Salem. Captain Ingerioll from this place for Salem, spoke her on the coast, and on his arrival gave information, when Mr. Elias Haskit Derby, merchant, with several other gentlemen, went in pursuit of said schooner, fell in with her near the land, captured, and conducted her safe into port, and wrote captain Duncanson, informing him of the agreeable intelligence.

Sept. 21. Last Friday the sloop Unity, captain Nicholas Bailey, arrived here from New-Providence, where the captain, having sprung leak at sea, had put in, in distress, and immediately waited on the governor, who ordered him to the collector; and notwithstanding he was short of water, and in a leaky condition, the collector told him he could not repair until he went to the judge of the admiralty and got a warrant of survey of three mariners, and two ship-carpenters; which he ob-

tained, and the surveyors judged her not fit for sea, yet he was allowed only one day to rest, and informed if he did not depart in forty eight hours he should be seized, and vessel and cargo confiscated: this severe injunction compelled him to return here again with the whole of his cargo, except so much as was necessary to defray the expences, which were seventy pieces of eight to the judge of the admiralty and surveyors; twenty-one to the governor; to his secretary (a puppy who damn'd him and all the Americans for a rebellious set of rascals) fifteen.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, September 22.

A committee from a respectable meeting of citizens at Byrn's tavern, having waited on Dr. Franklin, to propose to him a seat in the executive council at the ensuing election; it is with the greatest satisfaction, the committee announce to the public his accession to their proposal, to which they do not apprehend there will be a dissenting voice in the city.

The committee of the constitutional society, who on Saturday last presented an address to Dr. Franklin, having signified to him the unanimous wish of the public, that he should become a member of the supreme executive council, he gave permission to have his name run as counsellor for the city of Philadelphia, at the ensuing election.

Since our last arrived here, the United States, Indian, captain Bell: By Dr. Thomas Redman, of said ship, we are informed, that they arrived at Barbados after a tedious passage of more than half a year, from Pondicherry; most of their men being ill, they petitioned the governor of that island to let them remain there a few days, but instead of granting their request, he ordered the fort to fire on the ship, if captain Bell did not proceed to sea in forty-eight hours. At the same time all the British subjects were ordered under arms. Captain Bell not having men enough to weigh his anchor, was obliged in consequence of this brutal command to ship more, and proceed.

Extract of a letter from one of the surveyors in the Western Country, to his friend in Carlisle, dated Hickorytown, 20th July, 1785.

"I was yesterday visited by Messieurs Halloway and Girty, the two greatest chiefs of the Six Nations, who delivered up to me John Steward, a prisoner boy, about 15 years of age. He was taken young, and can give no other account of his friends than that his father was killed when he was taken. The chiefs, who were attended by twenty of their countrymen, behaved very civilly and treated us heartily with rum, jerked venison and bears oil. The day being spent in counselling and demonstrations of friendship, the night came on. But such a night! such scenes of ebriety and savage mirth! you can conceive no likeness of it. After a sumptuous supper of dumplings and boiled venison with bears oil, washed down frequently by application of the rum keg, — we arose to dance, and I, being captain and great friend, must join in the company. I shall not attempt to describe those dances; only every one excited every faculty, in honour of their king and the young princesses, who were all mingled in the dance. Next morning the chiefs departed seemingly pleased. I hope, Sir, this will make you easy as to the danger which report alarms you with. These nations in general are inclined to peace, and what may be committed is generally in retaliation of some injustice done to them." (Carlisle Gazette.)

His excellency Alexander Martin, Esq; governor of North-Carolina, has published a long and spirited manifesto, directed to the inhabitants of the counties of Washington, Sullivan, and Greene.—He mentions having received letters from brigadier-general Sevier, under the style and character of governor; and from Messrs. Landon Carter and William Cage, as speakers of the senate and commons of the state of Franklin, informing him, that they, with the inhabitants of part of the territory ceded to congress, had declared themselves independent of North Carolina, and no longer considered themselves under the sovereignty and jurisdiction of the same; stating their reasons for their separation and revolt; among which it is alleged, that the Western Country was ceded to congress without their consent, by an act of the legislature, and the same was repealed in the like manner.—After much solid argument and sound reasoning, the governor concludes with recommending those who have revolted, to return to their duty, "and those who have stood firm, still to continue to support the government of this state, until the consent of the legislature be fully and constitutionally had for a separate sovereignty and jurisdiction. All which by virtue of the powers and authorities which your representatives and others of the state at large, have invested me with in general assembly, I will hereby command and require, as you will be liable to answer all the pains and penalties that may ensue on the contrary."

A N N A P O L I S, October 6.

The following letter to a gentleman in Philadelphia, from the celebrated Dr. Price, is worthy the attention of every friend to America; an author whose writings are so important and valuable, and whose endeavours for the prosperity of this country, have been so clearly demonstrated, merits our highest esteem.—It is therefore to be wished that every state in the union would adopt the sentiments of the venerable doctor in this letter;

such conduct will reflect a glory on our republican governments, and render them respectable to every free country.

DEAR SIR,  
The letters which I have just received from you, together with the considerations addressed to the legislature of Pennsylvania, have given me a great deal of pain. Before I received them I knew nothing of the test-law in Pennsylvania, and am truly sorry that such a law is maintained there, contrary to every principle of justice and good policy. The reasoning upon this subject, in the pamphlet you sent me, do the writer great honour, and appear to me scarcely capable of being resisted by unprejudiced and disinterested men. That is a miserable legislature which relies much upon the use of tests; for, in general, they bind only honest men. This test is expressed so strongly, that real friends to the American cause (and particularly quakers) might well scruple taking it when first proposed.

But to continue now the disfranchisement it occasioned, and thus to deprive two fifths of the inhabitants of the rights of citizenship, while any foreigner may entitle himself to their rights, is an act of oppression which I should have hardly thought possible to take place in Pennsylvania. Indeed, Sir, since the publication of my "Observations upon the American Revolution," I have heard so much that I do not like, that I have been sometimes afraid of having made myself ridiculous by what I have said of the importance of this revolution.

One of my correspondents in America, who has been all along attached to the American cause, assures me that nothing can be more utopian than the expectations I have formed; and he informs me of facts, which, if true, have a considerable tendency to lower my hopes. I will, however, still hope that the American revolution will prove an introduction to a better state of human affairs, and that in time the United States will become those seats of liberty, peace and virtue, which the enlightened and liberal parts of Europe are ardently wishing to see them.

"This letter will be conveyed to you by Dr. Franklin—he is leaving, for ever, this part of the world: May God grant him a prosperous voyage."

With great regard and every good wish, I am, dear Sir, your very obedient and humble servant,

RICHARD PRICE.

Newington-Green, July 22, 1785.

September 28, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Tuesday the 1st of November next,

A TRACT of land, containing 374 acres, known by the name of Brashear's Procopon, lying in Prince-George's county, within 6 miles of Bladensburg, and 15 of George town; the land is well timbered and improved, good for wheat, corn, rye, and tobacco, has on it a dwelling house 32 feet by 18, with two brick chimneys, a kitchen 16 feet square, a good meat and milk house, a valuable cellar in good repair, a quarter with a shed and brick chimney, 16 feet by 12, two bearing orchards, a tobacco house in good repair, 45 by 30, a valuable meadow is made on the land, and another may be made at a small expence; the whole is well watered. Half the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, credit will be given for the other half, on bond with good security, by

JOHN TURNER.

N. B. Any person desirous of purchasing at private sale may apply before the day of public sale.

### Houses and Lots for Sale.

Prince-George's county, September 5, 1785.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 1st of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THREE houses and lots in Pig-point, in Anne-Arundel county, on Patuxent river, two of which are stone houses, and perhaps superior to any other in that place, as they are new and in good repair; the other a small dwelling house, occupied at present by Mr. Sollers, it will be needless to say much in favour of that place, as it is so generally known to be one of the first inspections for tobacco on that river; they will be sold together or separate, as may best suit the purchasers. A very considerable credit will be given, on giving bond on interest, with approved security.

HENRIETTA M. WALKER.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 16th of January next, at the plantation of the late William Thomas, near Annapolis,

ABOUT twenty negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, among which are valuable plantation and house servants, also the stock of horses, black cattle, sheep, and hogs, with plantation utensils.

At same time will be exposed to sale, two thirds of that beautiful plantation, lying on the Mouth of South river, three miles from Annapolis, of about 800 acres in the whole, nearly half cleared, and of very good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, rye, and oats, with some meadow in timothy, and more may be made at a small expence. Six months credit will be given to the purchasers of the land and negroes, on giving bond with approved security.

MARY THOMAS.

September 28, 1785.

On Friday the 7th of October, at four o'clock, will be sold, at Mr. George Mann's, for ready cash, or short credit,

A NUMBER of very likely and valuable young negroes of both sexes.

Annapolis, October 4, 1785.  
JUST IMPORTED,  
In the TERRY, captain DENNIS BUTLER, from London,

A GENERAL assortment of European and East-India goods, suitable to the season, which are now opening at our store opposite the Church-Yard, and are for sale wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms, for ready money, bills of exchange, or tobacco.

The Terry will take in tobacco to the address of James Trecothick, Esq; and Company, merchants, in London, at seven pounds sterling per ton.

CRACROFT and HODGKIN.

September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to pass a law to empower the justices of Somerset county court, to extend the causeway through the marsh on the south side of Wicomico river, opposite the lower ferry, and to build a bridge across a small creek over which the road must pass, and also to build a wharf at the end of the said causeway.

Somerset, September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to lay out a new road beginning at Samuel Smith's, on the road leading from Back creek to Stevens's ferry, thence through the swamp between the lands of Samuel Smith and William Miles, Nehemiah King and William Mitchell, David Wilson and Jesse King, till it intersects the road leading from Miles's mill up the Pocomin's.

Prince-George's county.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, living near Nottingham, on Friday the 22d day of July, a sorrel MARE, with a long tail and mane, a natural trotter, about thirteen hands and a half high, galled on each shoulder by the collar, branded thus C. E. Whoever brings the said mare to the subscriber, or secures her so that the owner may get her again, shall receive six dollars reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

CHARLES EVERSFIELD.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the ESSEX and SAMUEL, captain JAMES MITCHELL, from London, and will be sold by the subscriber, at his store near the Dock, on the lowest terms, for cash or good bills of exchange on London,

A LARGE assortment of GOODS suitable to the season, amongst which are a great choice of the following articles, viz.

Superfine and fine broad-clothes, forest ditto, cassimers, milled and double milled drabs, 6, 7 and 8 quarters coatings, drab kersey, Devonshire ditto, German ferges, duffils, fearnoughts, Welch plains, knapped and plain cottons, half-thicks, flannels, baize, striped linseys, mixed frize, 8, 9 and 10 quarters blankets, match coat ditto, 7 and 8 quarters coverlets, 8, 9 and 10 quarters rugs, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, Irish and fleak dowlais, 3, 4 and 5 quarters checks, table-clothes, chintzes, calicoes, stamp'd cottons, corduroys, satin beavers, velverets, hair shags, silk and worsted hose, tammies, durants, camlets, blue and scarlet cardinals, jeans and lean twine, with a number of other goods not enumerated.

He likewise keeps all kinds of wet goods, which he sells, wholesale and retail, on the lowest terms, for cash.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

September 20, 1785.

JUST IMPORTED,  
In the ship ESSEX and SAMUEL, from London, and to be sold on the most reasonable terms by Ridgely and Evans, at their store near the head of the Dock, for cash, or good bills of exchange on London,

A N assortment of GOODS suitable to the season, among which are,

Superfine, second, and coarse broad clothes, double milled drab, Devonshire kerseys, Bath coatings, bear-fkins, hunters plains, German ferges, green and blue frizes, duffils, halfthicks, pennilions, fearnought, negro cottons, flannels, linseys, green baize, ready made great coats and pea jackets, green, blue, and mottled rugs, rose and striped blankets, durants, tammies, figured stuffs, shalloons, camlets and camletees, silk and stuff quilted petticoats, cotton corduroys, velverets and thickets, womens and girls scarlet cardinals and cloaks, mens, boys, and womens thread, cotton, and worsted hosiery, mens milled yarn ditto and gloves, sailors caps, 7-8ths and y-rd wide Irish linens, brown and white Irish and Russia sheetings, brown hollands, housewife linens, 3 quarters and 7-8ths Irish and loomed dowlais, osabrigs, table clothes, diapers, 3 quarters and 7-8ths striped bedtickings, bed bunts, striped linens and cotton checks, womens, maids, and girls stays, mens and boys shoes, womens, maids, and girls stuff, Morocco, and black leather shoes and pumps, mens, youths, and boys fashionable hats, stationary, white and coloured threads, calicoes and chintzes, cambricks and lawns, black and white lace, rich black satin, fashionable plain luteistrings, modes, farcenets, persians, ribands, gauzes, sprig lawn, gauze and muslin aprons, gauze handkerchiefs, muslin, gloves and mits, powder and strot, mustard, pewter, jeans, lean and sail twine, 2 inch white rope, bed cords and leading lines, single refined loaf sugar, hyson tea, Anderson's pills, Stoughton's bitters, elegant brass pillar fire dogs, shovels and tongs, copper and newmake iron tea kettles, bell metal mortars and pestles, brass candlesticks, an assortment of cutlery, with various other articles not enumerated.

Charles county, July 25, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of Maryland, for that useful Bridle-way, stopped up by Eleanor Boardman, to be opened.

Commissioner's office of army accounts, Annapolis, September 28, 1785.

HAVING long since taken every measure in my power to inform the officers and soldiers of the Maryland line, who have not received their arrears from the United States, that I should close the office for adjusting their claims in this state the first day of October, I find many have neglected to apply. Attention to their interest alone induces me to prolong the period until the tenth day of next November, after which no consideration whatever will render it possible to take notice of their demands, as the papers will then be sent to the commissioner for settling with the army, near congress, and should this intimation be neglected, the subscriber will hold himself fully justified from any difficulty or expence that may be the consequence.

JOHN WHITE, commissioner.

Annapolis, September 27, 1785.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly to confirm and make valid a certain instrument of writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of his late father.

BEALE HAMMOND.

September 20, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we intend presenting a petition to the next general assembly of this state, to empower us to make sale of certain lands being in the counties of Washington, Frederick, Prince-George's, and Charles, the property of the heirs of Dr. Adam Thompson, deceased.

JOHN HAWKINS,  
LILBURN WILLIAMS.

August 20, 1785.

THE subscriber, confined in the common goal of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

PATRICK RHEA.

August 19, 1785.

THE subscriber, confined in the common goal of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

THOMAS MANUEL.

August 30, 1785.

THIS is to give notice, that I intend to apply to the next general assembly for such restitution of, or compensation for, my property, which has been sold as confiscated, as they in justice shall think reasonable.

JONATHAN HAGAR.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next session of the general assembly, for a law to remedy the defect in a lease from Josias Shaw, late of Prince-George's county, to me, for the plantation where the said Shaw did live, the said lease not having been acknowledged and recorded in due time.

JAMES WILSON.

Charles county, September 16, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly at their next meeting, praying them to pass an act to alter the main road leading from Piles's warehouse to Allen's Fresh, the road as now laid out being impassable for carriages of any kind.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to give a title to a tract of land lying in Dorchester county, called Galloway's Fancy, unto James Poole.

JAMES POOLE,  
SARAH FERGUSON.

August 23, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly for an act to enable the subscriber to reconvey, in the name of Lucretia Edmondson, part of a tract of land in Caroline county, called Smith's Discovery, to Michael Smith, of the same county.

DAVID KERR.

Annapolis, September 20, 1785.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform all those that are indebted to him on open account to the end of the year 1784 or by note, to come and settle them.

He likewise would wish to inform his customers that he has at his store by wholesale, good Jamaica spirit, West-India and New-England rum, and the following articles by retail, Lisbon and Tenzrife wine, loaf and brown muscovado sugars, molasses, coffee chocolate, bohea tea, candles, soap, Liverpool and Lisbon salt, an assortment of earthen ware, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

To be rented, or leased for three years, A VALUABLE FARM, on the north side of Severn river, with a genteel house thereon, and all convenient out houses, &c. Possession will be given between this and Christmas. Application to be made to Richard Burland in Baltimore, or William Goldsmith in Annapolis.

THERE is at the plantation of William Holland Reynolds, in Calvert county, a negro man named JACK, who says he belongs to John Oliver, at the Warm Springs in Virginia; he is near six feet high, has a down look, and is pitted with the small-pox. This is to request the said Mr. Oliver, or any other person he belongs to, to take him away.

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objections

Lancelot Coop  
James Somerv  
James Brown  
Ditto Bla  
William and  
James Gord  
William Palm  
William Moh  
Ashburner and  
Anne C. Gre  
William Syde  
High Dean's  
Thomas Cock  
George Wells  
Lawrence On  
John Gardine  
Samuel Hand  
Rachel Pottin  
Nathan Hodg  
Samuel Higg  
Robert Potin  
Edward Parki  
Morice Miles  
John Gant  
Joseph Brashe  
Elizabeth Sin  
Benjamin Ha  
Richard Ducl  
Arnold Wate  
John Sellman  
Sarah Harwo  
Jeremiah Ma  
Joshua Clark  
Thomas D  
Jesse Simmon  
Jacob Green  
William Mei  
Anne Orme  
Mary Watkin  
George Gard  
Thomas Duc  
Lawrence O  
Samuel Han  
Richard Har  
Charles Gra  
Joseph Bro  
Thomas M  
Michael Jer  
Joshua Smit  
Archibald E  
Jenkins  
Edward Day  
Aquila Hal  
Gibson and  
Amos Davis  
Peter Hunte  
William Ev  
Hanson Bri  
John Gant  
Nathaniel C  
John Peter  
Richard Po  
Lawrence C  
George Cro  
George Co  
John Lowe  
Walter Wi  
James Wil  
John Gant  
Christophe  
John Cad  
Elizabeth  
Josiah Mit  
Col. Sharp  
William I  
Abram A  
Joseph Sti  
Andrew D  
Jean Cald  
James An  
William  
James Lo  
James Di  
Moses G  
Robert C  
Benjami  
Sabina  
Jane an  
Shields  
George  
John S  
Jonath

IN COUNCIL, AUGUST 18, 1783.  
RESOLVED,

THAT the following claims, which have been exhibited to this board, to be approved and passed in order for payment, out of those funds appropriated by law for satisfaction of certain debts, and which this board is of opinion ought not to be satisfied out of the said funds, or passed, and allowed, for the reasons and objections stated, be published, with the said reasons and objections, for the information of the claimants.

Claimants.	Against whom.	Reasons why not passed.
Lancelot Cooper	Richard Button	The claimant and debtor both being British subjects.
James Somerville	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Same.
James Brown and Co. Piscataway	The rev. Mr. Boucher	Same.
Ditto Bladensburg	Ditto	Same.
William and Robert Mollenon	Robert Alexander	Same.
James Gordon and Co.	Lloyd Dulany	Same.
William Palmer	Robert Christie, jun.	Same.
William Mollenon	Robert Alexander	Same.
Ahburner and Place	Ditto	Same.
Anne C. Green, deceased	James Christie	
William Sydebotham	The rev. Mr. Boucher	
Hugh Dean's bond	James and Robert Christie	
Thomas Cockey Deye	Ditto	
George Wells	James Christie	
Lawrence Oneal	John Glasford, and Co.	
John Gardiner	Gale, Fearon, and Co.	
Samuel Handy	Ditto	
Rachel Pottinger	Ditto	
Nathan Hodge	Ditto	
Samuel Higgins	Ditto	
Robert Pottinger	Ditto	
Edward Parkinson	Ditto	
Morice Miles	Ditto	
John Gant	Ditto	
Joseph Brathear	Ditto	
Elizabeth Simmons	Ditto	
Benjamin Harwood	Ditto	
Richard Duckett	Ditto	
Arnold Waters	Ditto	
John Sellman	Ditto	
Sarah Harwood	Ditto	
Jeremiah Magruder	Ditto	
Joshua Clark	Ditto	
Thomas Duckett	Ditto	
Jesse Simmons	Ditto	
Jacob Green	Ditto	
William Mears	Ditto	
Anne Orme	Ditto	
Mary Watkins	Ditto	
George Gardiner	Ditto	
Thomas Duckett and others	Ditto	
Lawrence Oneal	Mackie, Spiers, French, and Co.	
Samuel Handy	Ditto	
Richard Harbert	Nottingham Company	No evidence that the debts due to their estates are insufficient to satisfy the claims against them.
Charles Graham, deceased	Ditto	
Joseph Brownley	Ditto	
Thomas M <sup>c</sup> Lockland	Ditto	
Michael Jenkins	Ditto	
Joshua Smith	Ditto	
Archibald Buchanan and Co.	James Russell and Co.	
Jenkins	Ditto	
Edward Day & uxor	Ditto	
Aquila Hall, deceased	Ditto	
Gibson and Donaldson	Ditto	
Amos Davis	Ditto	
Peter Hunter, two accounts	Ditto	
William Evans	James Russell	
Hanson Briscoe	Ditto	
John Gant	Ditto	
Nathaniel Chapman's executors	Principio Company	
John Peter	Colin, Dunlop, and Co.	
Richard Ponsonby	Daniel Stephenson	
Lawrence Oneal	Cunningham, Finley, and Co.	
George Cross	Daniel Stephenson	
George Conn	Ditto	
John Lowe	Ditto	
Walter Williams, jun.	Ditto	
James Wilfon	Daniel Stephenson	
John Gant	Ditto	
Christopher Edelin	Henry Addison	
John Cadwalader, two accounts	Walter Dulany	
Elizabeth Humphries	The rev. Mr. Boucher	
Joshua Mitchell	Thomas French	
Col. Sharp	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	
William Inyard	Daniel Dulany, of Daniel	
Abram Andrews	Nottingham Company	
Joseph Stiles	James Christie	
Andrew Davidson	The rev. Mr. Edmiston	The property of Mr. Edmiston, which was restored to Mrs. Edmiston, is liable for the debts.
Jean Caldeleugh	Anthony Stewart	This debt was contracted after Mr. Stewart left the state.
James Anderson and son	James Chalmers	This debt originated since the revolution.
William Embleton	Lloyd Dulany	No vouchers to support the claim.
James Long	Robert Christie	The agreement on which this account is founded must be produced.
James Dick and Stewart	Ditto	The probate by the executor defective and insufficient.
Moses Galloway	Ditto	The probate not sufficient.
Robert Crawford	Ditto	M. Galloway's certificate is defective, the person, in whose possession Mr. Christie's books are, must certify what the claim is.
Benjamin Griffith and Co.	Ditto	This account will not pass, as the sheriff is chargeable only on supposition there was an escape, and there is no evidence produced of it.
Sabina Rumfey	Samuel Hyde	Not sufficient evidence of the claim, nor any confiscated property of Samuel Hyde's to pay his debts.
Jane and Thomas Contee	Ditto	Same.
Shields and Mattison	Dr. Henry Stevenson	The credits must be ascertained.
George M <sup>c</sup> Candlefs	Ditto	Same.
John Stevenson, deceased	Ditto	Same.
Jonathan Plowman's administrators	Dr. Henry Stevenson	Wants the necessary credits for Dr. Stevenson's attendance as a physician.

such conduct will reflect a glory on our republican governments, and render them respectable to every free country.

DEAR SIR,  
The letters which I have just received from you, together with the considerations addressed to the legislature of Pennsylvania, have given me a great deal of pain. Before I received them I knew nothing of the test-law in Pennsylvania, and am truly sorry that such a law is maintained there, contrary to every principle of justice and good policy. The reasoning upon this subject, in the pamphlet you sent me, do the writer great honour, and appear to me scarcely capable of being resisted by unprejudiced and disinterested men. That is a miserable legislature which relies much upon the use of tests; for, in general, they bind only honest men. This test is expressed so strongly, that real friends to the American cause (and particularly quakers) might well scruple taking it when first proposed.

But to continue now the disfranchisement it occasioned, and thus to deprive two fifths of the inhabitants of the rights of citizenship, while any foreigner may entitle himself to their rights, is an act of oppression which I should have hardly thought possible to take place in Pennsylvania. Indeed, Sir, since the publication of my "Observations upon the American Revolution," I have heard so much that I do not like, that I have been sometimes afraid of having made myself ridiculous by what I have said of the importance of this revolution.

One of my correspondents in America, who has been all along attached to the American cause, assures me that nothing can be more utopian than the expectations I have formed; and he informs me of facts, which, if true, have a considerable tendency to lower my hopes. I will, however, still hope that the American revolution will prove an introduction to a better state of human affairs, and that in time the United States will become those seats of liberty, peace and virtue, which the enlightened and liberal parts of Europe are ardently wishing to see them.

"This letter will be conveyed to you by Dr. Franklin—he is leaving, for ever, this part of the world: I may God grant him a prosperous voyage."

With great regard and every good wish, I am, dear Sir, your very obedient and humble servant,

RICHARD PRICE.

Newington-Green, July 22, 1785.

September 28, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Tuesday the 1st of November next,

A TRACT of land, containing 374 acres, known by the name of Brashear's Procopon, lying in Prince-George's county, within 6 miles of Bladensburg, and 15 of George town; the land is well timbered and improved, good for wheat, corn, rye, and tobacco, has on it a dwelling house 32 feet by 18, with two brick chimnies, a kitchen 16 feet square, a good meat and milk house, a valuable cellar in good repair, a quarter with a shed and brick chimney, 16 feet by 12, two bearing orchards, a tobacco house in good repair, 45 by 30, a valuable meadow is made on the land, and another may be made at a small expence; the whole is well watered. Half the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, credit will be given for the other half, on bond with good security, by

JOHN TURNER.

N. B. Any person desirous of purchasing at private sale may apply before the day of public sale.

### Houses and Lots for Sale.

Prince-George's county, September 5, 1785.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 1st of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THREE houses and lots in Pig-point, in Anne-Arundel county, on Patuxent river, two of which are stone houses, and perhaps superior to any other in that place, as they are new and in good repair; the other a small dwelling house, occupied at present by Mr. Sollers, it will be needless to say much in favour of that place, as it is so generally known to be one of the first inspections for tobacco on that river; they will be sold together or separate, as may best suit the purchasers. A very considerable credit will be given, on giving bond on interest, with approved security.

HENRIETTA M. WALKER.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 16th of January next, at the plantation of the late William Thomas, near Annapolis,

ABOUT twenty negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, among which are valuable plantation and house servants, also the stock of horses, black cattle, sheep, and hogs, with plantation utensils.

At same time will be exposed to sale, two thirds of that beautiful plantation, lying on the Mouth of South river, three miles from Annapolis, of about 800 acres in the whole, nearly half cleared, and of very good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, rye, and oats, with some meadow in timothy, and more may be made at a small expence. Six months credit will be given to the purchasers of the land and negroes, on giving bond with approved security.

MARY THOMAS.

September 28, 1785.

On Friday the 7th of October, at four o'clock, will be sold, at Mr. George Mann's, for ready cash, or short credit,

A NUMBER of very likely and valuable young negroes of both sexes.

2X

Annapolis, October 4, 1785.

JUST IMPORTED,  
In the TERRY, captain DENNIS BUTLER, from London,

A GENERAL assortment of European and East-India goods, suitable to the season, which are now opening at our store opposite the Church-Yard, and are for sale wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms, for ready money, bills of exchange, or tobacco.

The Terry will take in tobacco to the address of James Trecothick, Esq; and Company, merchants, in London, at seven pounds sterling per ton.

CRACROFT and HODGKIN.

September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to pass a law to empower the justices of Somerset county court, to extend the causeway through the marsh on the south side of Wicomico river, opposite the lower ferry, and to build a bridge across a small creek over which the road must pass, and also to build a wharf at the end of the said causeway.

Somerset, September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to lay out a new road beginning at Samuel Smith's, on the road leading from Back creek to Stevens's ferry, thence through the swamp between the lands of Samuel Smith and William Miles, Nehemiah King and William Mitchell, David Wilson and Jesse King, till it intersects the road leading from Miles's mill up the Pocomin's.

Prince-George's county.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, living near Nottingham, on Friday the 22d day of July, a sorrel MARE, with a long tail and mane, a natural trotter, about thirteen hands and a half high, galled on each shoulder by the collar, branded thus C E. Whoever brings the said mare to the subscriber, or secures her so that the owner may get her again, shall receive six dollars reward, and all reasonable charges paid by

CHARLES EVERSFIELD.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the ESSEX and SAMUEL, captain JAMES MITCHELL, from London, and will be sold by the subscriber, at his store near the Dock, on the lowest terms, for cash or good bills of exchange on London,

LARGE assortment of GOODS suitable to the season, amongst which are a great choice of the following articles, viz.

Superfine and fine broad-clothes, forest ditto, cassimers, milled and double milled drabs, 6, 7 and 8 quarters coatings, drab kersey, Devonshire ditto, German serges, duffels, fearnoughts, Welch plains, knapped and plain cottons, half-thicks, flannels, baize, striped linseys, mixed frize, 8, 9 and 10 quarters blankets, match coat ditto, 7 and 8 quarters coverlets, 8, 9 and 10 quarters rugs, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, Irish and sleek dowlais, 3, 4 and 5 quarters checks, table-clothes, rhintzes, calicoes, stamp'd cottons, corduroys, satin beavers, velverets, hair shags, silk and worsted hose, tammies, durants, camlets, blue and scarlet cardinals, seams and seam twine, with a number of other goods not enumerated.

He likewise keeps all kinds of wet goods, which he sells, wholesale and retail, on the lowest terms, for cash.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

September 20, 1785.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the ship ESSEX and SAMUEL, from London, and to be sold on the most reasonable terms by Ridgely and Evans, at their store near the head of the Dock, for cash, or good bills of exchange on London,

AN assortment of GOODS suitable to the season, among which are,

Superfine, second, and coarse broad clothes, double milled drab, Devonshire kerseys, Bath coatings, bearskins, hunters plains, German serges, green and blue frizes, duffels, halfthicks, pennilions, fearnought, negro cottons, flannels, linseys, green baize, ready made great coats and pea jackets, green, blue, and mottled rugs, rose and striped blankets, durants, tammies, figured stuffs, shalloons, camlets and camleets, silk and stuff quilted petticoats, cotton corduroys, velverets and thickets, womens and girls scarlet cardinals and cloaks, mens, boys, and womens thread, cotton, and worsted hosiery, mens milled yarn ditto and gloves, sailors caps, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, brown and white Irish and Russia sheetings, brown hollands, housewife linens, 3 quarters and 7-8ths Irish and loomed dowlais, osnabrigs, table clothes, diapers, 3 quarters and 7-8ths striped bedtickings, bed bunts, striped linens and cotton checks, womens, maids, and girls stays, mens and boys shoes, womens, maids, and girls stuff, Morocco, and black leather shoes and pumps, mens, youths, and boys fashionable hats, stationary, white and coloured threads, calicoes and chintzes, cambricks and lawns, black and white lace, rich black satin, fashionable plain lutealtrings, modes, farcenets, persians, ribands, gauzes, sprig lawn, gauze and muslin aprons, gauze handkerchiefs, muslin, gloves and mits, powder and shot, mustard, pewter, seams, seam and sail twine, a inch white rope, bed cords and leading lines, single refined loaf sugar, hyson tea, Anderson's pills, Stoughton's bitters, elegant brass pillar fire dogs, shovels and tongs, copper and newmake iron tea kettles, bell metal mortars and pestles, brass candlesticks, an assortment of cutlery, with various other articles not enumerated.

Charles county, July 25, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of Maryland, for that useful Bridge-way, stopped up by Eleanor Boardman, to be opened.

Commissioner's office of army accounts, Annapolis, September 28, 1785.

HAVING long since taken every measure in my power to inform the officers and soldiers of the Maryland line, who have not received their arrears from the United States, that I should close the office for adjusting their claims in this state the first day of October, I find many have neglected to apply. Attention to their interest alone induces me to prolong the period until the tenth day of next November, after which no consideration whatever will render it possible to take notice of their demands, as the papers will then be sent to the commissioner for settling with the army, near congress, and should this intimation be neglected, the subscriber will hold himself fully justified from any difficulty or expence that may be the consequence.

JOHN WHITE, commissioner.

Annapolis, September 27, 1785.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly to confirm and make valid a certain instrument of writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of his late father.

BEALE HAMMOND.

September 20, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we intend presenting a petition to the next general assembly of this state, to empower us to make sale of certain lands being in the counties of Washington, Frederick, Prin. & George's, and Charles, the property of the heirs of Dr. Adam Thompson, deceased.

JOHN HAWKINS,  
LILBURN WILLIAMS.

August 20, 1785.

THE subscriber, confined in the common goal of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

PATRICK RHEA.

August 19, 1785.

THE subscriber, confined in the common goal of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

THOMAS MANUEL.

August 30, 1785.

THIS is to give notice, that I intend to apply to the next general assembly for such restitution of, or compensation for, my property, which has been sold as confiscated, as they in justice shall think reasonable.

JONATHAN HAGAR.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next session of the general assembly, for a law to remedy the defect in a lease from Josias Shaw, late of Prince-George's county, to me, for the plantation where the said Shaw did live, the said lease not having been acknowledged and recorded in due time.

JAMES WILSON.

Charles county, September 16, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly at their next meeting, praying them to pass an act to alter the main road leading from Piles's warehouse to Allen's Fresh, the road as now laid out being impassable for carriages of any kind.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to give a title to a tract of land lying in Dorchester county, called Galloway's Fancy, unto James Poole.

JAMES POOLE,  
SARAH FERGUSON.

August 23, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly for an act to enable the subscriber to reconvey, in the name of Lucretia Edmondson, part of a tract of land in Caroline county, called Smith's Discovery, to Michael Smith, of the same county.

DAVID KERR.

Annapolis, September 20, 1785.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform all those that are indebted to him on open account to the end of the year 1784 or by note, to come and settle them.

He likewise would wish to inform his customers that he has at his store by wholesale, good Jamaica spirit, West-India and New-England rum, and the following articles by retail, Lisbon and Tensriffe wine, loaf and brown muscovado sugars, molasses, coffee chocolate, bohea tea, candles, soap, Liverpool and Lisbon salt, an assortment of earthen ware, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

To be rented, or leased for three years, A VALUABLE FARM, on the north side of Severn river, with a genteel house thereon, and all convenient out houses, &c. Possession will be given between this and Christmas. Application to be made to Richard Burland in Baltimore, or William Goldsmith in Annapolis.

THERE is at the plantation of William Holland Reynolds, in Calvert county, a negro man named JACK, who says he belongs to John Oliver, at the Warm Springs in Virginia; he is near six feet high, has a down look, and is pitted with the small-pox. This is to request the said Mr. Oliver, or any other person he belongs to, to take him away.

R E  
T H A  
is of opin  
objections

Lancelot Coop  
James Somervi  
James Brown a  
Ditto Blad  
William and  
James Gordon  
William Palm  
William Moll  
Ashburner and  
Anne C. Green  
William Syde  
Hugh Dean's  
Thomas Cock  
George Wells  
Lawrence One  
John Gardiner  
Samuel Hande  
Rachel Pottin  
Nathan Hodg  
Samuel Higgi  
Robert Pottin  
Edward Parki  
Morice Miles  
John Gant  
Joseph Brashe  
Elizabeth Sim  
Benjamin Har  
Richard Duck  
Arnold Water  
John Sellman  
Sarah Harwo  
Jeremiah Ma  
Joshua Clark  
Thomas D  
Jesse Simmon  
Jacob Green  
William Me  
Anne Orme  
Mary Watkin  
George Gard  
Thomas Duc  
Lawrence O  
Samuel Han  
Richard Har  
Charles Gra  
Joseph Bro  
Thomas M  
Michael Jer  
Joshua Smi  
Archibald I  
Jenkins  
Edward Day  
Aquila Hal  
Gibson and  
Amos Davi  
Peter Hunt  
William Ev  
Hanson Bri  
John Gant  
Nathaniel C  
John Peter  
Richard Po  
Lawrence C  
George Cro  
George Co  
John Lowe  
Walter Wi  
James Wil  
John Gant  
Christophe  
John Cadv  
Elizabeth  
Josiah Mit  
Col. Sharp  
William I  
Abram An  
Joseph Sti  
Andrew D  
Jean Cald  
James An  
William  
James Lo  
James Di  
Moses G  
Robert C  
Benjami  
Sabina  
Jane an  
Shields  
George  
John S  
Jonath

IN COUNCIL, AUGUST 18, 1783.  
RESOLVED,

THAT the following claims, which have been exhibited to this board, to be approved and passed in order for payment, out of those funds appropriated by law for satisfaction of certain debts, and which this board is of opinion ought not to be satisfied out of the said funds, or passed, and allowed, for the reasons and objections stated, be published, with the said reasons and objections, for the information of the claimants.

Claimants.	Against whom.	Reasons why not passed.
Lancelot Cooper	Richard Button	The claimant and debtor both being British subjects.
James Somerville	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Same.
James Brown and Co. Piscataway	The rev. Mr. Boucher	Same.
Ditto Bladensburg	Ditto	Same.
William and Robert Mollenon	Robert Alexander	Same.
James Gordon and Co.	Lloyd Dulany	Same.
William Palmer	Robert Christie, jun.	Same.
William Mollenon	Robert Alexander	Same.
Ashburner and Place	Ditto	Same.
Anne C. Green, deceased	James Christie	
William Sydebotham	The rev. Mr. Boucher	
Hugh Dean's bond	James and Robert Christie	
Thomas Cockey Deye	Ditto	
George Wells	James Christie	
Lawrence Oneal	John Glatford, and Co.	
John Gardiner	Gale, Fearon, and Co.	
Samuel Handy	Ditto	
Rachel Pottinger	Ditto	
Nathan Hodge	Ditto	
Samuel Higgins	Ditto	
Robert Pottinger	Ditto	
Edward Parkinson	Ditto	
Morice Miles	Ditto	
John Gant	Ditto	
Joseph Brashear	Ditto	
Elizabeth Simmons	Ditto	
Benjamin Harwood	Ditto	
Richard Duckett	Ditto	
Arnold Waters	Ditto	
John Sellman	Ditto	
Sarah Harwood	Ditto	
Jeremiah Magruder	Ditto	
Joshua Clark	Ditto	
Thomas Duckett	Ditto	
Jesse Simmons	Ditto	
Jacob Green	Ditto	
William Mears	Ditto	
Anne Orme	Ditto	
Mary Watkins	Ditto	
George Gardiner	Ditto	
Thomas Duckett and others	Ditto	
Lawrence Oneal	Mackie, Spiers, French, and Co.	
Samuel Handy	Ditto	
Richard Harbert	Nottingham Company	
Charles Graham, deceased	Ditto	
Joseph Brownley	Ditto	
Thomas M <sup>r</sup> . Lockland	Ditto	
Michael Jenkins	Ditto	
Joshua Smith	Ditto	
Archibald Buchanan and Co.	James Russell and Co.	
Jenkins	Ditto	
Edward Day & uxor	Ditto	
Aquila Hall, deceased	Ditto	
Gibson and Donaldson	Ditto	
Amos Davis	Ditto	
Peter Hunter, two accounts	Ditto	
William Evans	James Russell	
Hanson Briscoe	Ditto	
John Gant	Ditto	
Nathaniel Chapman's executors	Principio Company	
John Peter	Colin, Dunlop, and Co.	
Richard Ponsonby	Daniel Stephenson	
Lawrence Oneal	Cunningham, Finley, and Co.	
George Cross	Daniel Stephenson	
George Conn	Ditto	
John Lowe	Ditto	
Walter Williams, jun.	Ditto	
James Wilton	Daniel Stephenson	
John Gant	Ditto	
Christopher Edelin	Henry Addison	
John Cadwalader, two accounts	Walter Dulany	
Elizabeth Humphries	The rev. Mr. Boucher	
Josiah Mitchell	Thomas French	
Col. Sharp	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	
William Inyard	Daniel Dulany, of Daniel	
Abram Andrews	Nottingham Company	
Joseph Stiles	James Christie	
Andrew Davidson	The rev. Mr. Edmiston	
Jean Caldclough	Anthony Stewart	
James Anderson and son	James Chalmers	
William Embleton	Lloyd Dulany	
James Long	Robert Christie	
James Dick and Stewart	Ditto	
Moses Galloway	Ditto	
Robert Crawford	Ditto	
Benjamin Griffith and Co.	Ditto	
Sabina Rumfey	Samuel Hyde	
Jane and Thomas Contee	Ditto	
Shields and Mattison	Dr. Henry Stevenson	
George M <sup>r</sup> . Candless	Ditto	
John Stevenson, deceased	Ditto	
Jonathan Plowman's administrators	Dr. Henry Stevenson	
		No evidence that the debts due to their estates are insufficient to satisfy the claims against them.
		The property of Mr. Edmiston, which was restored to Mrs. Edmiston, is liable for the debts. This debt was contracted after Mr. Stewart left the state. This debt originated since the revolution. No vouchers to support the claim. The agreement on which this account is founded must be produced. The probate by the executor defective and insufficient. The probate not sufficient. M. Galloway's certificate is defective, the person, in whose possession Mr. Christie's books are, must certify what the claim is. This account will not pass, as the sheriff is chargeable only on supposition there was an escape, and there is no evidence produced of it. Not sufficient evidence of the claim, nor any confiscated property of Samuel Hyde's to pay his debts. Same. The credits must be ascertained. Same. Same. Wants the necessary credits for Dr. Stevenson's attendance as a physician.

Claimants.	Against whom.	Reasons why not passed.
Anne Ogle Ditto	Anthony Stewart Rev. Jonathan Boucher	The original bond must be produced. The original bond must be produced, and evidence that the debts due to Mr. Boucher are insufficient to satisfy the claims against him.
James Dick and Stewart Executors of James Dick	Anthony Stewart Ditto	Wants explanation, and the probate is defective and insufficient, not being made as prescribed by law. Wants explanation, and also not admissible for want of vouchers and a probate.
Charles Stewart, security with Daniel Dulany, of } Walter, for A. Stewart }	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Wants explanation and proof, and the obligee ought to be paid and bond taken up, before the one security be satisfied out of the estate of the other, as such satisfaction would be no bar to the obligee's right to take his remedy against the other security.
Charles Stewart, security for A. Stewart	Anthony Stewart	Wants explanation and better proof, and the bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim can be admitted.
Bennett Neale William Smith, security for Dr. Stevenson, to } A. Hoops } George Fitzhugh }	Alexander Lawson and Co. Dr. H. Stevenson Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Apply to A. Lawson and Co. for payment. The bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim is admissible. Probate wanting by George Fitzhugh, that he has received no satisfaction from Daniel Dulany, or indemnification for the said claim. Wants explanation and information.
Hambleton Davidson Clement Sewell	Robert Christie, jun. Robert Alexander	No probate that R. Alexander received the money; Mr. Sewell only makes a memorandum of his belief, not upon oath.
George M <sup>c</sup> Candlefs	Nottingham Company	This being a private account against Corbin Lee is inadmissible as a claim against the company.
Shields and Mattifon Clement Sewell, administrator of Mrs. Smith	Ditto James Chalmers	Same. It appears by Mr. Chalmers's books and other vouchers, that there will be nothing due the estate of Mrs. Smith on a settlement of their accounts.
Joseph Harris Barbara Harris Thomas Riche Sylvanus Prothero, assigned to Robert Anderson Joan Moore Gideon Haynes	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. Same.

By order,

T. J O H N S O N, jun. clk.

Charles county, Picawaxen, Aug. 27, 1785.  
**TEN POUNDS REWARD.**  
RAN away from the subscriber, the 25th of May 1784, a small black negro man, about 49 years old, named TOM, but most generally called and known by the name of TOBY; he has a good set of teeth, remarkably active, fond of waiting in public or private houses, a good groom, and a very handy fellow by water; he is supposed to be in the employ of some craft in Chesapeake bay, as a gentleman saw him in Annapolis about the month of June last, who knew the fellow, and asked some of the household of Mr. Middleton what employ that fellow (pointing as he passed by the door) followed, who answered, by water, and that he called himself Tom. It is to be hoped, that whoever employs the fellow will, upon this publication, secure him with as small expence as possible, and immediately advertise in the Annapolis papers. If any one is inclinable to purchase, the fellow is for sale.  
JOSEPH SHAW.

To be SOLD at the POST-OFFICE,  
*Webster's Grammatical Institute,*  
IN THREE PARTS,  
Being a spelling-book, a grammar, and an art of reading and speaking, recommended by many gentlemen of literature, as far preferable to Dilworth's, Fenning's, Lowth's, or any other foreign school book. It contains many improvements in the English language, and is the production of an American genius.

**Houses and lots for sale.**

March 23, 1785.  
To be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale, THREE very valuable houses and lots, standing on Prince-George's-street, one of the most commodious and convenient streets for trade of any in the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to the subscriber.  
THOMAS RUI LAND.

Montgomery county, May 27, 1785.  
**TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.**  
RAN away from the subscriber, on Wednesday the 25th instanc, a negro man named CESAR; he is a stout well made black fellow, aged about 45 years, his lips large and pouting, talks quick and loud when out of temper; his apparel chiefly consisted of striped country cloth when he went away; he was purchas'd of Allen Quynn, Esq; has had several masters in Anne-Arundel county, where he has commonly gone by the name of Lewin's Cesar; he ran away about 15 months ago, was taken up at Mr. Resin Hammond's quarter on the Head of Severn, where he had been hired a considerable time as a free man, and was brought home about 10 days since; he probably will change his name and pass for a free man again. Whoever apprehends the said negro, and secures him so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home.  
J. CRABB.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition on behalf of Mrs. Elizabeth Willson, to the next general assembly, for a restitution of her property.  
EDWARD FENWICK.

London-town, My 25, 1785.  
RAN away from the subscriber, the 28th of March last, a negro lad named WILL PRIMUS, about 20 or 22 years of age, tall and slender, has a long visage, and thick under lip, he is very artful, and a great rogue; he has been seen about the neighbourhood of Annapolis within these three weeks, but it is probable he has by this time gone farther, perhaps to Baltimore, as he has some acquaintances there. Whoever will bring him to me, or secure him so that I get him again, shall receive three-pounds, if taken out of this county five pounds.  
JAMES M<sup>c</sup>CULLOCH.

August 30, 1785.  
By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be exposed to public sale, THE real and personal estate of Thomas Harwood, late collector of Anne-Arundel county, on Friday the 30th of September next; on Saturday the 1st of October next, the real estate of Richard Wells; and on Monday the 10th of October next, the real and personal estate of Thomas Watkins, jun. deceased. The sales to begin at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, all of which will be sold on bond with security, payable the 1st day of January 1790. in specie, or specie certificates liquidated by this state, and the interest to be paid annually.  
RICHARD HARWOOD, jun. Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

Intendant's-office, September 2, 1785.  
NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the state of Maryland, that do not pay the interest due upon their bonds by the last day of October, that execution shall issue agreeably to the directions of the act for the emission of bills of credit not exceeding two hundred thousand pounds, on the security of double the value in lands, &c.  
DAN. OF ST. THO. JENFER, intendant of the revenue.

Annapolis, August 21, 1785.  
**TO BE SOLD,**  
A TRACT of land, lying in Tulley's Neck, Queen-Anne's county, containing 1100 acres, divided and rented out at present in three tenements; it will be sold separately, in tenements, or all together; it is good farming land, well wooded and watered, with a fine bottom of a mile and a half extent running through the land, capable of being improved into fine meadow, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to church and mills, and distant from the court-house 2x, and from Chelsetown twelve miles. The whole, or any tenement of the above tract, will be sold for specie, or any specie state certificates taken in payment, upon credit, with bond and good security, until the first day of January 1790. Apply to William Ringgold, of Chelsetown, or the subscriber,  
JAMES RINGGOLD.

September 1, 1785.  
**TO BE SOLD,**  
A VERY valuable tract of land, situate and lying on the mouth of Winter's Run, in Harford county, and containing about two hundred and twenty-seven acres; it is about twenty miles from Baltimore-town, about four from Harford-town, three from Joppa, a mile from Abington, and about the same distance from the navigable waters of Bush river; upwards of one hundred acres are a fine rich bottom. Also, five hundred acres, part of a tract of land lying on Bush river, and adjoining the town of Abington. For further particulars inquire of Mr. Richard Dallam, at Abington, in Harford county, or the subscriber, at Annapolis. w 8  
AQUILA PACA.

August 10, 1785.  
NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general assembly to make valid and good in law, a deed of bargain and sale from Erasmus Gill, sen. to me, for two tracts of land called Barneby Resurveyed, and Clovin Course, lying in Montgomery county, the deed is dated the fifth of June 1775, executed and acknowledged by Erasmus Gill and Cassandra his wife, not recorded as the act of assembly requireth.  
THOMAS CONTEE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to enable Sarah Ferguson to convey all the land lying on an island in Dorchester county, called Ferguson's Island, unto Thomas Donnack and his heirs.  
THOMAS DONNACK, SARAH FERGUSON.

August 8, 1785.  
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland, to make valid a deed from M<sup>c</sup>Kinsey Smock to him for certain lands.  
JOHN SMOCK.

September 12, 1785.  
NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned, that the subscriber intends to apply to the court of chancery, for a commission to take charge of the person and estate of John Kellam (son of William Kellam) an idiot.  
JOHN KELLAM.

A PETITION will be presented to the next general assembly, for an allowance in the several counties of balances due the estate of the late Mrs. Anne Catharine Green, as printer to the then province of Maryland.

Annapolis, September 25, 1785.  
THE members of the CINCINNATI in this state are hereby informed, that the meeting stands adjourned to the 17th of October next.  
JOHN KILTY, secretary.

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 13, 1785.

**BASSETERRE, (St. Kitts), August 27.**  
 ON the 24th instant commenced one of the most severe gales of wind, or rather hurricane, we have experienced since the fatal one of 1772. The weather for some days before had been extremely sultry; the apparent proximity of the neighbouring islands, together with the luminous appearance of the sky on the evening before, were but too certain signs of an approaching gale: about half after eleven at night it began to blow from the north-east, and continued increasing till half after four, when it suddenly shifted to the south-east, and from five till seven it blew with redoubled fury; the damage we have sustained in town is but trifling, only a few old houses being tumbled down, and most of the fences blown away; the country, from what we are informed, has suffered considerably, but we have not been able to collect the particulars further than, that the estate of Anthony Somersall, sen. Esq; in the parish of Saint Anne, sandy Point, has been deprived of all the buildings, except the dwelling-house. The dwelling-house of John St. Ledger Douglafs, Esq; in the parish of Saint Peter, Basseterre, is partly unroofed, many other estates have suffered, but as we have not been able to collect the particulars, we must defer it till our next.

At the time the gale commenced, there were only six sail of vessels in the road who all put to sea. The Spencer, captain Loran, since drove on shore and lost, crew saved. The Thomas, captain Furber, gone ashore, cargo and crew saved. The brig Venus, captain Clark son; Mr. Priddie's schooner Hazard, captain Gadderer; Messieurs Stack and M'Namara's schooner Jane, captain Lodwich; were drove out and not since heard of. Mr. Tyfon's schooner Betsey, captain Ridstrum, is ashore below Old Road.

We have just been informed from Deep Bay, that five vessels are run on shore and lost there, three of which are the property of Messieurs Woods and captain Richard Baiden, one of Mr. Patrick Burke, and the other of Mr. Forbes; and that the houses and estates in that parish have suffered considerably.

As far as we can judge, by the injury the canes have suffered in this parish, we may venture to assert, that one half of the next year's crop is lost, the forward pieces are entirely ruined, and the young sprouts so whipped and twisted, that they will not recover, even by moderate and seasonable weather, so as to make near as much sugar as was expected from them a few days ago.

### NEW-YORK, September 22.

The right honourable the marquis de la Fayette, never ceasing to promote the interest of America, has procured proposals from a company, for taking a large quantity of whale oil, of different qualities, from America, on very advantageous terms to the shippers, having obtained a remission of all duties, in France, in their favour; payment to be made in the produce and manufactures of that country.

It is likewise proposed that an American company be formed, to avail themselves of the benefit of the plan which promises so much advantage to those who may engage in it, as well as the community, from the encouragement it will afford to so important a branch of our commerce as the whale fishery.

The original articles on the part of the French company are duly executed, and now in the possession of Mr. Samuel Breck, of Boston, who has also a sample of the kind of whale oil required.

Sept. 27. Last Saturday a very heavy equinoctial storm did much injury to the shipping in our harbour, drove on shore at Governor's island, the Swedish ship Alstromer, but the next day she was happily got off without any material damage. A new built house in the Bowery Lane was, from the same cause blown down.

### PHILADELPHIA, September 30.

By a letter from St. Eustatius, dated September 1, we are informed that a general hurricane took place in the West-Indies the latter end of last month.—it prevailed at that island on the 25th and 26th of August, when all the shipping laying there (24 in number) put to sea, three of which it was known were lost, and the rest had not returned; but the buildings on the island sustained little damage.—The letter also contains the following account of vessels lost at the different islands:

- At St. Eustatius, 3 small vessels.
- At Dominiqu, 4 ditto ditto.
- At Antigua, 2 brigs and 4 small vessels.
- At St. Kitts, 2 ships and 9 ditto ditto.
- At St. Martins, 1 brig and 4 ditto ditto.
- At St. Bartholomew, 3 brigs lost, and 14 other vessels stranded, but most of them will be got off.

Total lost. 8 brigs, 2 ships, and 24 small vessels; besides the 14 stranded at St. Bartholomew.

We may daily expect the particulars of this very distressing event.

Extract of a letter from St. Croix, August 31, 1785.  
 "On Thursday last we had a most shocking hurricane. It began at nine o'clock, and continued till eight in the evening. That of 1772 did not equal this: the difference was that we had day-light. By 2 o'clock the vessels at Bassend were on shore, except two small craft which sunk in the harbour.

"Such destruction of the country was never known. Scarce a building standing from east to west end. Bassend

town did not suffer so much in the buildings as the country and West-end town.—We had only two ships at West end; they put out; I am greatly afraid both are lost, one belonged to Philadelphia, captain Nuttle, the other a Danish ship. We are all in the utmost distress. Our government have issued a proclamation giving liberty for all vessels to bring lumber and building materials, with flour, bread, pease, beans, corn, corn meal, &c. at 3 per cent. duty until the 25th November next, and to take off country produce in payment.—This will be a good market for all those articles for some time to come.

"My dwelling-house is entirely destroyed, and all my works in a wretched condition."

Oct. 3. We learn from St. Croix, that a most tremendous hurricane began at 12 o'clock on Thursday the 25th of August, and continued about six hours, and either sunk or drove ashore every vessel in the port. Several large Danish vessels with full cargoes were sunk, and many dismantled—and there is little expectation of getting off but few of those forced on shore. Very considerable damage has been sustained both in the town and country as a great number of houses have been blown down and levelled with the ground, and several plantations stripped of their crops, &c.

Captain Glover of this port arrived at St. Croix from St. Stacia, the day before the hurricane happened, and his vessel was ashore on her beam ends. His cargo, which was chiefly flour, will be saved, though some part of it is damaged. The vessel in all probability, will be lost.

Thursday the ship Philadelphia, captain Strong, arrived here from Charleston. On Saturday, the 24th ult. on soundings off Chincoteague, he met with a violent gale of wind, which he supposes must have been fatal to vessels on the coast, having, after the gale abated, discovered several pieces of wrecks, particularly part of a sloop, which he imagines was Bermudian built.

Requisitions upon the United States for the year 1785, being an extract from a report of the grand committee of congress on supplies.

The committee have not been able to obtain information how many states have complied with the resolution of February 17th, or that of April 18th, 1783, relative to a rule, for quoting federal requisitions.—they are therefore of opinion, that the several states which have not decided on that subject, be again solicited to come to a decision thereon, and to send forward the same, as a measure necessary to enable congress to effect a settlement of accounts with the several states, and to apportion to each a just quota of the public expences; but in the mean time, as the public faith renders it the duty of congress to continue their annual demand for money, the committee are of opinion, that in the apportionment thereof, the several states should be quoted agreeably to justice, on the best information congress may from time to time have upon the subject. And upon this principle recommend to congress, that the said sum of three millions of dollars, be quoted upon the several states, as follows, viz.

	Dollars.
New-Hampshire,	105,416
Massachusetts,	448,854
Rhode-Island and Providence } Plantations,	64,636
Connecticut,	264,182
New-York,	256,486
New-Jersey,	166,716
Pennsylvania,	410,378
Delaware,	44,886
Maryland,	283,034
Virginia,	212,901
North-Carolina,	218,011
South-Carolina,	192,366
Georgia,	32,060
	3,000,000

Which sums, when paid, shall be passed to the credit of the states respectively, on the terms prescribed by the resolution of congress of the 6th day of October, 1779, and together with the monies relied on to discharge the aforesaid deduction of 708,452 dollars, be applied in conformity with the several appropriations in the preceding part of this report, giving preference according to the order in which they are stated in the estimate.

As more than two thirds of the sum called for is to be applied to the payment of interest on the domestic debt; the committee are of opinion, that the several legislatures may so model the collection of the sums called for, that one third of any sum being paid in actual money, the other two thirds may be discharged by the issue due upon loan-office certificates and upon other certificates of the liquidated debts of the United States. And to ascertain the evidences of interest due upon loan office certificates, the holders thereof respectively, shall be at liberty to carry them to the office from which they issued, and the holders of other certificates of liquidated debts of the United States, to carry the same to the loan office of that state wherein they are inhabitants, or if a foreigner, to any loan-office within the United States, and to have the interest due thereon, settled and certified to the last day of the year 1784.

### RICHMOND, October 1.

Extract of a letter from Norfolk, dated Sunday morning, September 25, 1785.

"A higher tide and severer storm were never known at this place than happened yesterday; the damages sustained thereby are immense—almost all the ships in the harbour were drove from their moorings, and many warehouses were entirely carried away—vast quantities of salt, sugar, corn, lumber, and other merchandise were totally lost—the lower stories of many dwellings were filled with water."

### ALEXANDRIA, October 6.

On Saturday evening last arrived here the sloop Hebe, captain Cartwright, from St. Lucia, where she was seized and condemned, and the vessel and cargo bought in by the captain.

Captain Cartwright informs, that on the 24th ult. near the capes of Virginia, in a violent gale of wind, he shipped a heavy sea, which carried away his bowsprit, stove about thirty casks of rum and molasses, swept every thing off the deck, and laid the sloop on her beam ends; but fortunately the sloop righted. During the gale captain Cartwright saw five dismantled ships, apparently in great distress. After the gale had abated, he boarded a large ship, entirely dismantled, loaded with wheat, and without any person on board, which, by her papers and some windlor chairs he took out of her, he supposes to be a Dutch ship from Philadelphia. He spoke the \_\_\_\_\_, captain Savage, from Nachapungo, bound to Philadelphia, dismantled.

On Sunday last arrived here the ship Grandbourg, captain Le Joyille, in fifty-two days from Cadiz, with whom came passengers captain Ervin and his crew, who sailed from Cadiz in October last for this port, but were unfortunately taken and carried into Tangiers. Captain Ervin informs, that neither he or any of his people were put to service, but, on the contrary, treated in the most humane manner.

Captain Le Joyille informs, that he met with heavy gales of wind; and, from the number of wrecks he saw, it is to be feared great damage had been done.

Yesterday morning passed this port for George town, the ship Washington, captain \_\_\_\_\_, from London. She had a long passage; and, since the late gale, rolled away the heads of her fore and main masts.

### ANNAPOLIS, October 12.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the house of delegates in the ensuing general assembly, viz. For Anne-Arundel county, Brice T. B. Worthington, John Hall, Nicholas Worthington, and Nicholas Carroll, Esquires, without opposition.

For Calvert county, John Grahame, Michael Taney, Thomas Gantt jun. and Alexander Fraizer, Esquires. For the city of Annapolis, Samuel Chafe, and Allen Quynn, Esquires, without opposition.

For Frederick county, Abraham Faw, John Beatty, Mountjoy Bailey, and John D. Carey, Esquires.

For Baltimore-town, David M'Mechen, and John Steret, Esquires, without opposition.

For Washington county, John Steel, John Cellars, Jacob Funk, and Henry Snavely, Esquires.

For Montgomery county, Laurence Oneale, Thomas S. Wootton, Thomas Beall, of George, and Thomas Cranphin, Esquires.

For Baltimore county, captain Charles Ridgecy, Thomas C. Deye, Charles Ridgecy, of William, and John Stevenson, Esquires.

On Thursday last the Jock-y Club Purse of one hundred guineas was run for over the course near this city, and won by Mr. Pearce's horse Hotspur.

On Friday the Subscription Purse of twenty five pounds was won by Mr. Hammerley's horse Polly &c.

On Saturday the Subscription Purse of thirty-five pounds was won by Mr. Hammerley's horse Spry.

Yesterday afternoon a match was run over the course near this city for one hundred guineas, by Mr. Hammerley's brown horse Spry, and Mr. Pearce's gray horse Hotspur, which was won hollow by Spry.

By the ship Revolution, captain M'Clenny lately arrived at this port from London, we have received European prints to the 5th of August, from which are extracted the following articles.

### LONDON, August 2.

The king of France edict, laying a duty upon English goods, amounting in some instances to 35 per cent. ad valorem, has naturally occasioned a very general alarm in this country. The first knowledge of it which our manufacturers received was by a notice from the French houses countermanding all their orders; and more than a hundred looms in the gauze branch only were yesterday stopped in Spitalfields. The manufacturers had a conference with the marquis of Carmarthen, when the noble lord told them, that every step which government could take would be pursued on the occasion.—It was a policy he said which he had not provoked, and for which he could not account.

Whether we have provoked this policy or not is a question which the public must discuss. The French charge us with illiberality. They say, in our scarcity of corn they supplied us.—In their scarcity of hay we shut our ports. We sent Mr. Crawford to negotiate a commercial treaty with them, and furnished him with no adequate powers for that purpose.—We sent to them hardware, Manchester gauzes, &c. &c. and took nothing in return. The marquis of Lansdown said, we

would laugh to scorn the menaces and the arrests of our neighbours—They have made an experiment.

The circumstance of a Squadron of ships being ordered to Spithead has been differently talked about. That the fact is so is certain; and we understand the occasion to be simply as follows: The ministry have intelligence, that a number of ships are actually equipping in Great Britain and other ports, with the design of proceeding to the East Indies, and they therefore properly have determined to send out a Squadron of observation. Commodore Gower will take the command, and the ships are ordered to Spithead to be ready to sail when he comes round in the Hebe. This is the report.

Letters from Portsmouth of yesterday advise, that Admiral Montague went out to Spithead on Saturday last, in the Queen of 90 guns, accompanied by three other men of war; that three others followed him on Monday, and that he was to be joined by three more, which had orders to sail as yesterday for that purpose. Lord Howe is expected down to review these ships, and orders are received for fitting out six sail more of the line with all possible expedition. The Frigate, of 50 guns, is preparing to return to the Mediterranean with Commodore Colby, who certainly succeeds Sir J. Lindsay. The St. George, of 98 guns, will be launched in October next, and not before.

Aug. 5. The fleet at Spithead is designed only for a short cruise; perhaps only to manœuvre the ships; perhaps to observe the motions of France; but at any rate not provoke, nor to bring on, any question with our rival nation. Those who know our condition are sensible that we cannot covet war; and intelligent men are sensible that there is a very good reason why France will not push us to one. The prince will continue afloat during the cruise, and will be made a post-captain on his arrival.

Without pretending to say whether the French lugger's refusing to salute a British frigate, or the late royal arrest, was meant as an insult to this kingdom, the arrival of our ambassador from that court, just on the eve of those transactions, has the appearance that all is not right, and speculative men will draw conclusions, perhaps contrary to the real state of affairs; but when there is such a combination of events, they ought not to be condemned, if their fears induce them to take the gloomy side.

Extract of a letter from Paris, July 24.

On Friday last a man walked across the Seine, in sight of above 100 persons, beyond the bridge of Neuilly, opposite Surenne; he made his passage in 11 minutes: he stopped three or four times when he was in the middle of the river. He had on his feet a sort of cork buckles, and did not sink lower in the water than to mid-leg.

### Lands at Private Sale.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale, TWO very valuable tracts of land, situate and lying as follows, viz: one on the Head of South river, within three miles of navigable water on said river, and about the same distance from the river Patuxent, containing about 800 acres, well adapted for corn, wheat, or tobacco, and particularly the latter, it is well watered and timbered, and has a very good mill stream running through it; some meadow ground, and much more may be made; its improvements are, an exceeding good dwelling house with three large rooms on each floor, a kitchen and quarter, corn house, stable, tobacco house, two very fine apple orchards, together with a number of other very valuable fruit trees.

One other tract, containing nearly the same quantity of acres, lying within five miles of the above, situate in the fork of the river Patuxent, and commonly known by the name of the Fork Quarter, or Duvall's Range; several saw mills might be erected to great advantage, it being better wooded than any land within many miles; at least 200 acres of very excellent meadow may be made; its improvements are, a dwelling house, quarter, corn house, stable, tobacco house, also two apple orchards. No person need apply that cannot pay down at least two thirds of the purchase money for either of the above tracts of land; for the remaining third part twelve months credit will be allowed, on giving bond with approved security.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

Will be SOLD at VENDUE, on the deceased Joshua Sanders's plantation, at Newport, the first of November next, and continued until all are sold.

FOURTEEN valuable country born negroes, with all the stock and household furniture thereon, by WILLIAM LEIGH, for ANNE SANDERS, administratrix.

N. B. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

State of Maryland, September 27, 1785. ALL persons having any claims against the estate of Joshua Sanders, late of Charles county, deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, are requested to send them in, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to WILLIAM LEIGH, for ANNE SANDERS, administratrix.

Somerset, September 1, 1785. NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to lay out a new road beginning at Samuel Smith's, on the road leading from Back creek to Stevens's ferry, thence through the swamp between the lands of Samuel Smith and William Miles, Nehemiah King and William Mitchell, David Wilson and Jesse King, till it intersects the road leading from Miles's mill up the Pocofin's.

October 8, 1785. TO be SOLD, on Tuesday the 18th instant, at Mr. George Mann's tavern for cash, £. 2500 specie certificates.

EPHRAIM HOWARD of Henry, JOHUA HOWARD.

executors of JAMES HOWARD.

St. Mary's county, October, 1785. To be SOLD on the premises, to the highest bidder, agreeable to the last will and testament of Hugh Hopewell, deceased, on the third Friday in November next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

A VERY valuable tract of land, situated on Patuxent river, in St. Mary's county, containing upwards of 500 acres, four miles from the mouth of Patuxent, and adjoining Town creek; on the land are a large cow house, and several other houses convenient for three families; its prospect and situation for fish and oysters are equal to any on Patuxent river; there are about 200 acres in cultivation, and upwards of 300 well wooded and timbered; there may be erected a very good water mill at a small expence, as there formerly stood a mill, and nothing is now wanting but the house; the plantation is in good repair, and immediate possession will be given. Four or five years credit will be given the purchaser for the greatest part of the purchase money, as may be agreed on the day of sale, on his giving bond with interest and approved security.

All persons having claims against the aforesaid Hugh Hopewell, deceased, are desired to bring them to Charles Chilton, who is authorized to receive any monies due the estate of the said Hugh Hopewell, and give every necessary acquittance or discharge, or to the subscriber, that they may be adjusted and paid, and all those who are any ways indebted to the estate are requested immediately to settle and discharge the same. Those who neglect complying with this notice may depend on being dealt with as the law directs.

HANNAH HOPEWELL, executrix.

Queen Anne's county, October 1, 1785. BACON hams and shoulders of the best quality to be sold; if wanted for exportation they are warranted to keep perfectly sound a nine months voyage. If an equal number of each are taken, the price is fifteen pence per pound.

ROBERT BROWN.

London-town, October 11, 1785. THE subscriber being properly prepared for receiving a large quantity of hides and skins to tan and curry, takes this method of informing those who chuse to favour him with their custom, that they may depend on being served with punctuality and care. All hides or skins not taken away within thirteen months after they are delivered, the owners must expect to forfeit one half of the leather for tanning the other.

EDWARD SEFTON.

N. B. I have for sale a large quantity of negro shoes, which may be had on the most reasonable terms; they are likewise sold by Mr. William Wilkins, Mr. Absalom Ridgely, and Mr. James West, in Annapolis.

STOLEN on the night of the first instant, from the subscriber, on Wye river, Talbot county, a white flea bitten GELDING, about 15 hands high, well formed and spirited, 9 or 10 years old, trots and canters, neither brand or mark, has a small hole in the hoof of one of his fore feet. Whoever secures the said horse within the limits of Maryland, so that I get him again, shall be paid six dollars, and if out of the state five pounds, and reasonable charges paid for bringing him home, ten pounds will be paid on apprehending the thief so that he may be brought to justice.

RICHARD GRASON.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground in Annapolis, which I lately bought of Nathan Hammond, and which formerly was the property of col. Hammond, and by him purchased of Thomas Larkin.

10th Oct. 1785. W. PACA.

September 2, 1785. NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland, praying that a law may pass to convey in fee simple, part of two tracts of land, St. Andrew's Cross and the Fork, lying in Kent county, late the property of William Haley, deceased, and now in part belonging to minors incapable of making a legal title.

October 10 1785.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm the right and title of all those lands in and near the city of Annapolis, which were formerly the property of Thomas Bordley, and which have remained in the possession of his devisees and heirs for upwards of sixty years last past.

MATTHIAS BORDLEY.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that a report which has been in circulation almost six years, of his being married, is groundless.

WALTER DYER.

St. Mary's county, October 8, 1785. THE subscribers having become securities for Joseph Burroughs to the state of Maryland, for the payment of a tract of land in Culverton manor, Charles county, the said Burroughs having absconded without leaving effects sufficient to discharge the aforesaid debt: Notice is hereby given, that we intend to petition the next general assembly, for leave to sell the land purchased of the state by the aforesaid Burroughs.

JAMES CHAPPELEAR, THOMAS LOCKE.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Joshua Young, son of Joshua, a gray GELDING, about fourteen hands high, branded on the near buttock C, about seven years old, shod before, is a natural pacer, cants very easy, has a switch tail, and is cat ham'd. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

THERE are at the plantation of Edmund Wayman, in Anne-Arundel county, two stray cows, one red, right ear cropped, and a hole in the left, short tail, and has a young calf; the other a brindle, right ear cropped, and left slit; also a cow yearling, and a short tailed black and white steer. Their owner or owners may have them again on proving property and paying charges.

September 28, 1785. To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Tuesday the 1st of November next,

A TRACT of land, containing 374 acres, known by the name of Brasier's Procofon, lying in Prince-George's county, within 6 miles of Bladensburg, and 15 of George town; the land is well timbered and improved, good for wheat, corn, rye, and tobacco, has on it a dwelling house 32 feet by 18, with two brick chimnies, a kitchen 16 feet square, a good meat and milk house, a valuable cellar in good repair, a quarter with a shed and brick chimney, 16 feet by 12, two bearing orchards, a tobacco house in good repair, 45 by 30, a valuable meadow is made on the land, and another may be made at a small expence; the whole is well watered. Half the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, credit will be given for the other half, on bond with good security, by

JOHN TURNER.

N. B. Any person desirous of purchasing at private sale may apply before the day of public sale.

### Houses and Lots for Sale.

Prince George's county, September 3, 1785. To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 1st of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

THREE houses and lots in Pig-point, in Anne-Arundel county, on Patuxent river, two of which are stone houses, and perhaps superior to any other in that place, as they are new and in good repair; the other a small dwelling house, occupied at present by Mr. Sollers, it will be needless to say much in favour of that place, as it is so generally known to be one of the first inspections for tobacco on that river; they will be sold together or separate, as may best suit the purchasers. A very considerable credit will be given, on giving bond on interest, with approved security.

HENRIETTA M. WALKER.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 16th of January next, at the plantation of the late William Thomas, near Annapolis.

ABOUT twenty negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, among which are valuable plantation and house servants, also the stock of horses, black cattle, sheep, and hogs, with plantation utensils.

At same time will be exposed to sale, two thirds of that beautiful plantation, lying on the Mouth of South river, three miles from Annapolis, of about 800 acres in the whole, nearly half cleared, and of very good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, rye, and oats, with some meadow in timothy, and more may be made at a small expence. Six months credit will be given to the purchasers of the land and negroes, on giving bond with approved security.

MARY THOMAS.

Charles county, July 25, 1785. NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of Maryland, for that useful Bridle-way, stopped up by Eleanor Boardman, to be opened.

August 20, 1785. THE subscriber, confined in the common goal of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

PATRICK RHEA.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition on behalf of Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson, to the next general assembly, for a restitution of her property.

EDWARD FENWICK.

NOTICE referring a this state, to em being in the cou George's, and C Adam Thomp

J U S In the Essex a from London his store near or good bills

LARG A season, an following article

Superfine am ments, milled at ters coatings,

forges, duffins and plain cott linteys, mixed match coat dit

20 quarters r Irish and fleak ble clothes, ch roys, satin b

worsted hofe, scarlet cardins of other goods

He likewise sells, wholesale

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A N assortment among Superfine, milled drab,

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September 20, 1785.  
**NOTICE** is hereby given, that we intend presenting a petition to the next general assembly of this state, to empower us to make sale of certain lands being in the counties of Washington, Frederick, Prince-George's, and Charles, the property of the heirs of Dr. Adam Thompson, deceased.

**JOHN HAWKINS,  
LILBURN WILLIAMS.**

**JUST IMPORTED,**  
In the **ESSEX** and **SAMUEL**, captain **JAMES MITCHELL**, from London, and will be sold by the subscriber, at his store near the Dock, on the lowest terms, for cash or good bills of exchange on London,

**A LARGE** assortment of **GOODS** suitable to the season, amongst which are a great choice of the following articles, viz.

Superfine and fine broad-clothes, forest ditto, cassimers, milled and double milled drabs, 6, 7 and 8 quarters coatings, drab kersey, Devonshire ditto, German serges, duffels, fearnoughts, Welch plains, knapped and plain cottons, half-thicks, flannels, baize, striped linseys, mixed frize, 8, 9 and 10 quarters blankets, match coat ditto, 7 and 8 quarters coverlets, 8, 9 and 10 quarters rugs, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, Irish and sleek dowlas, 3, 4 and 5 quarters checks, table clothes, chintzes, calicoes, stamp'd cottons, corduroys, satin betters, velverets, hair flags, silk and worsted hose, tammies, durants, camlets, blue and scarlet cardinals, fans and fan twine, with a number of other goods not enumerated.

He likewise keeps all kinds of wet goods, which he sells, wholesale and retail, on the lowest terms, for cash.

**JAMES MACKUBIN.**

September 20, 1785.  
**JUST IMPORTED,**  
In the ship **ESSEX** and **SAMUEL**, from London, and to be sold on the most reasonable terms by **Ridgely and Evans**, at their store near the head of the Dock, for cash, or good bills of exchange on London,

**A** assortment of **GOODS** suitable to the season, amongst which are,

Superfine, second, and coarse broad clothes, double milled drab, Devonshire kerseys, Bath coatings, bearskins, hunters plains, German serges, green and blue frizes, duffels, half-thicks, penunions, fearnought, negro cottons, flannels, linseys, green baize, ready made great coats and pea jackets, green, blue, and mottled rugs, rose and striped blankets, durants, tammies, figured stuffs, shalloons, camlets and camletees, silk and fluff quilted petticoats, cotton corduroys, velverets and thickets, womens and girls scarlet cardinals and cloaks, mens, boys, and womens thread, cotton, and worsted hose, mens milled yarn ditto and gloves, sailors caps, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, brown and white Irish and Russia sheetings, brown hollands, housewife linens, 3 quarters and 7-8ths Irish and loomed dowlas, osabrigs, table clothes, diapers, 3 quarters and 7-8ths striped bedtickings, bed bunts, striped linens and cotton checks, womens, maids, and girls flays, mens and boys shoes, womens, maids, and girls stuff, Morocco, and black leather shoes and pumps, mens, youths, and boys fashionable hats, stationary, white and coloured threads, calicoes and chintzes, cambricks and lawns, black and white lace, rich black satin, fashionable plain lutelrings, modes, farcenets, perians, ribands, gauzes, sprig lawn, gauze and muslin aprons, gauze handkerchiefs, mullin, gloves and mits, powder and soap, mustard, pewter, fans, and fan twine, 2 inch white rope, bed cords and leading lines, single refined loaf sugar, hyson tea, Anderson's pills, Stoughton's bitters, elegant brass pillar fire dogs, shovels and tongs, copper and newmake iron tea kettles, bell metal mortars and pestles, brass candlesticks, an assortment of cutlery, with various other articles not enumerated.

Commissioner's office of army accounts, Annapolis, September 20, 1785.

**HAVING** long since taken every measure in my power to inform the officers and soldiers of the Maryland line, who have not received their arrears from the United States, that I should close the office for adjusting their claims in this state the first day of October, I find many have neglected to apply. Attention to their interest alone induces me to prolong the period until the tenth day of next November, after which no consideration whatever will render it possible to take notice of their demands, as the papers will then be sent to the commissioner for settling with the army, near Congress, and should this intimation be neglected, the subscriber will hold himself fully justified from any difficulty or expense that may be the consequence.

**JOHN WHITE**, commissioner.

Annapolis, September 27, 1785.  
**THE** subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly to confirm and make valid a certain instrument of writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of his late father.

**BEALE HAMMOND.**

August 19, 1785.  
**THE** subscriber, named in the common goal of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

**THOMAS MANUEL.**

August 30, 1785.  
**THIS** is to give notice, that I intend to apply to the next general assembly for such restitution of, or compensation for, my property, which has been sold as confiscated, as they in justice shall think reasonable.

**JONATHAN HAGAR.**

Charles county, September 26, 1785.  
**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly at their next meeting, praying them to pass an act to alter the main road leading from Piles's warehouse to Allen's Fresh, the road as now laid out being impassable for carriages of any kind.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next session of the general assembly, for a remedy the defect in a lease from Josias Shaw, in Prince-George's county, to me, for the plantation the said Shaw did live, the said lease not having been acknowledged and recorded in due time.

**JAMES WILSON.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to give a title to a tract of land lying in Dorchester county, called Galloway's Fancy, unto James Poole.

**JAMES POOLE,  
SARAH FERGUSON.**

August 23, 1785.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly for an act to enable the subscriber to reconvey, in the name of Lucretia Edmondson, part of a tract of land in Caroline county, called Smith's Discovery, to Michael Smith, of the same county.

**DAVID KERR.**

Annapolis, September 20, 1785.

**THE** subscriber takes this method to inform all those that are indebted to him on open account to the end of the year 1784 or by note, to come and settle them.

He likewise would wish to inform his customers that he has at his store by wholesale, good Jamaica spirit, West-India and New-England rum, and the following articles by retail, Lisbon and Tarragon wine, loaf and brown muscovado sugars, molasses, coffee, chocolate, bohea tea, candles, soap, Liverpool and Lisbon salt, an assortment of earthen ware, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

**ABSALOM RIDGELY.**

To be rented, or leased for three years, **A VALUABLE FARM**, on the north side of Severn river, with a genteel house thereon, and all convenient out houses, &c. Possession will be given between this and Christmas. Application to be made to Richard Burland in Baltimore, or William Goldsmith in Annapolis.

By the **UNITED STATES** in **CONGRESS** assembled, February 23, 1785.

**RESOLVED**, That the quartermaster-general, commissary of purchases, commissary of issues, commissary of forage, and all the late heads of departments, or their successors or agents, be required without delay, to forward to the board of treasury or to the comptroller, a list of their respective deputies who have been duly authorized to issue certificates. That the heads of departments aforesaid, and each of their deputies who have not settled their accounts, and all other persons who have issued certificates of debts due by the United States, loan-office certificates, and certificates of final settlement excepted, be required forthwith to deliver to the board of treasury, or to some commissioner of accounts in the state where such persons reside, a fair abstract of all the certificates which they have issued, and they shall specify those certificates for which they have taken receipts as for cash paid, and a copy of those abstracts shall be transmitted by the board of treasury to the several commissioners of accounts, to whom they may be of use in detecting frauds.

That a copy of these resolutions be published in the gazettes or public news-papers of the several states, and that if any person or persons so required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect for the space of two months from such publication, to deliver a full and just account of the certificates, he or they have issued, the board of treasury, or in case it is not at the time organized, the comptroller, shall take proper steps for causing him or them to be prosecuted according to law.

**RESOLVED**, That the commissioner of accounts be instructed, to be careful how they admit charges against the United States, on certificates which are not duly supported by the authority of congress, and the accounts of the officers who have issued them.

**CHARLES THOMSON**, secretary.

Charles county, Picauxen, Aug. 27, 1785.

**TEN POUNDS REWARD.**

**RAN** away from the subscriber, the 23th of May 1784, a small black negro man, about 49 years old, named **TOM**, but most generally called and known by the name of **TOBY**; he has a good set of teeth, remarkably active, fond of waiting in public or private houses, a good groom, and a very handy fellow by water; he is supposed to be in the employ of some craft in Chesapeake bay, as a gentleman saw him in Annapolis about the month of June last, who knew the fellow, and asked some of the household of Mr. Middleton what employ that fellow (pointing as he passed by the door) followed, who answered, by water, and that he called himself Tom. It is to be hoped, that whoever employs the fellow will, upon this publication, secure him with as small expense as possible, and immediately advertise in the Annapolis papers. If any one is inclinable to purchase, the fellow for sale.

**JOSEPH SHAW.**

**THE** subscribers have imported, in the Essex and Samuel, captain James Mitchell, from London, a large assortment of **GOODS** suitable to the season, amongst which are a very great choice of **MANCHESTRY** and some **FASHIONABLE SILKS**.

They will dispose of the goods they have on hand, with those now imported, at wholesale, much to the advantage of the purchaser, as a considerable part may be had on a credit of two or three years, upon having the payment secured, and so far as is necessary punctually complied with as will enable them to comply with the payments to their correspondents in London. The goods are all fresh and good in quality. Should the purchaser be desirous of carrying on business in Annapolis, the store now kept by them on the Dock may be had with the goods.

**THO. & BENJ. HARWOOD.**

July 5, 1785.

**RAN** away, this morning, from the subscriber, living in the Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man named **POMPEY**, about five feet eight inches high, twenty five years of age, very stout and smooth faced, stammers in his speech, and when he went away, a white shirt and pair of new striped holland trousers; it is probable he may change his name and dress, as he took with him other cloaths, and pass for a free man; it is desired he will either make for Annapolis or Baltimore, and endeavour to get on board some vessel, as he has formerly been used to this bay. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in gaol so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of five pounds, paid by

**ROBERT SANDERS.**

July 20, 1785.

**WAS** lost or stolen; from out of the subscriber's house, at Choptank-bridge, Caroline county, and state of Maryland, five state of Maryland certificates, dated September 20, 1784, numbered 5223, 5224, 5225, 5226, for £.100 specie each, and 5227, £.62 5 5 specie, on interest from the first of August 1780, issued by Christopher Richmond, Esq; auditor-general, to major Archibald Anderson, late of the state of Maryland, deceased, and received by the subscriber as attorney for Dr. William Molliston, of Dover, state of Delaware, administrator of the said major Archibald Anderson. Any person who hath found them, or who hath obtained possession of them, by bringing them to the subscriber, at Choptank-bridge, or delivering them to James Brice, Esq; of the city of Annapolis, (if not stolen) shall have a reward of £.100. They can be of no use to any one, as a deposit is lodged and payment stopped in the proper offices, by the subscriber.

**BENEDICT BRICE.**

An ACT for the discovery of confiscated British property.

**BE** it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the intendant of the revenue be authorized and required, at any time before the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-six, to call on all persons having confiscated British property in their possession, or the title papers thereon relating thereto, to discover and make known, and deliver up the same; and if the said intendant has probable and good ground to suspect, that any person holds the same in trust for any British subject, or conceals the same, or any deeds, writings or evidence of the title to such property, he may and shall direct the attorney-general to file a bill in the high court of chancery, on behalf of this state, for the discovery of such trust or concealed property, and for delivering up such deeds, writings and evidence of title to the same, and thereupon proceeding shall be had, and decree made, according to the rules of the high court of chancery in such cases.

And be it enacted, That if any person having possession of any confiscated British property, and not having a fair claim of title thereto, or having obtained the possession of any property formerly belonging to any British subject, in virtue of any gift, grant, sale, devise, or conveyance, made or executed since the nineteenth of April seventeen hundred and seventy-five, and before the first of December seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, by any person declared to be a British subject by the act to seize, confiscate and appropriate, all British property within this state, with intent and design to cover and protect such property from confiscation, or by any conveyance, gift, grant, sale or devise, made since the first of December seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, by any person declared a British subject as aforesaid, not bona fide in pursuance of some contract or agreement made before that day in writing, or for the just payment of a debt due before that day by the person making such grant, conveyance or sale, to the person receiving the same, and shall not discover the same property, and the circumstances under which the same is held, and deliver up the same and the title papers thereof to the intendant of the revenue, by the first day of January in the year seventeen hundred and eighty-six, such person shall forfeit one fourth of the value of the property; and if any person having possession of any such property shall voluntarily discover the same, the intendant shall have full power and authority to sell the same to such person at a reasonable price, secured to be paid to this state, and after the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-six, the intendant, on waving the penalty, may direct a bill to be filed as aforesaid, against any person having possession of such property.

September 12, 1785.

**NOTICE** is hereby given to all persons concerned, that the subscriber intends to apply to the court of chancery, for a commission to take charge of the person and estate of John Kellam (son of William Kellam) an idiot.

**JOHN KELLAM.**

Montgomery county, May 27, 1785.

**TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.**

**RAN** away from the subscriber, on Wednesday the 25th instant, a negro man named **CESAR**; he is a stout well made black fellow, aged about 45 years, his lips large and pouting, talks quick and loud when out of temper; his apparel chiefly consisted of striped country cloth when he went away; he was purchased of Allen Quynn, Esq; has had several masters in Anne-Arundel county, where he has commonly gone by the name of Lewin's Cesar; he ran away about 15 months ago, was taken up at Mr. Resin Hammond's quarter on the Head of Severn, where he had been hired a considerable time as a free man, and was brought home about 10 days since; he probably will change his name and pass for a free man again. Whoever apprehends the said negro, and secures him so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home.

**J. CRABB.**

September 1, 1785.

**T O B E S O L D,**

**A** VERY valuable tract of land, situate and lying on the mouth of Winter's Run, in Harford county, and containing about two hundred and twenty-seven acres; it is about twenty miles from Baltimore-town, about four from Harford town, three from Joppa, a mile from Abington, and about the same distance from the navigable waters of the river; upwards of one hundred acres are a fine bottom. Also, five hundred acres, part of a tract of land lying on Bush river, and adjoining the town of Abington. For further particulars inquire of Mr. Richard Dallam, at Abington, in Harford county, or the subscriber, at Annapolis. w 8

**AQUILARACA.**

August 10, 1785.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general assembly to make valid and good in law, a deed of bargain and sale from Erasmus Gill, sen. to me, for two tracts of land called Barneby Re surveyed, and Clovin Course, lying in Montgomery county, the deed is dated the sixth of June 1775, executed and acknowledged by Erasmus Gill and Cassandra his wife, not recorded as the act of assembly requireth.

**THOMAS CONTEE.**

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to enable Sarah Ferguson to convey all the land lying on an island in Dorchester county, called Ferguson's Island, unto Thomas Donnack and his heirs.

**THOMAS DONNACK,  
SARAH FERGUSON.**

August 8, 1785.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland, to make valid a deed from M<sup>r</sup>. Kinsey Smock to him for certain lands.

**JOHN SMOCK.**

**A** PETITION will be presented to the next general assembly for an allowance in the several counties of Baltimore due the estate of the late Mrs. Anne Catherine Green, as printer to the then province of Maryland.

Annapolis, September 25, 1785.

**T**HE members of the **CINCINNATI** in this state are hereby informed, that the meeting stands adjourned to the 17th of October next.

**JOHN KILTY, secretary.**

London-town, My 25, 1785.

**R**AN away from the subscriber, the 28th of March last, a negro lad named **WILL PRIMUS**, about 20 or 22 years of age, tall and slender, has a long visage, and thick under lip, he is very artful, and a great rogue; he has been seen about the neighbourhood of Annapolis within these three weeks, but it is probable he has by this time gone farther, perhaps to Baltimore, as he has some acquaintances there. Whoever will bring him to me, or secure him so that I get him again, shall receive three pounds, if taken out of this county five pounds.

**JAMES McCULLOCH.**

Intendant's-office, September 2, 1785.

**N**OTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the state of Maryland, that do not pay the interest due upon their bonds by the last day of October, that execution shall issue agreeably to the directions of the act for the emission of bills of credit not exceeding two hundred thousand pounds, on the security of double the value in lands, &c.

**DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER, intendant of the revenue.**

**T O B E S O L D,**

**A** TRACT of land, lying in Tulley's Neck, Queen-Anne's county, containing 1100 acres, divided and rented out at present in three tenements; it will be sold separately, in tenements, or all together; it is good farming land, well wooded and watered, with a fine bottom of a mile and a half extent running through the land, capable of being improved into fine meadow, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to church and mills, and distant from the court-house six, and from Chester-town twelve miles. The whole, or any tenement of the above tract, will be sold for specie, or any specie state certificates taken in payment, upon credit, with bond and good security, until the first day of January 1790. Apply to William Ringgold, of Chester-town, or the subscriber, w 8

**JAMES RINGGOLD.**

September 1, 1785.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to pass a law to empower the justices of Somerset county court, to extend the causeway through the marsh on the south side of Wicomico river, opposite the lower ferry, and to build a bridge across a small creek over which the road must pass, and also to build a wharf at the end of the said causeway.

Talbot court-house, July 4, 1785.

To be LET, for a term of years,

**T**HE plantation of the subscriber, now in possession of Clement Holly, contains about one hundred and twelve acres; the soil good and the situation healthy and pleasant, and convenient to one of the best markets for the seller in the United States; there will be a quantity of wheat sowed this fall. Possession will be given the first day of January next. No person need apply who will not give approved security for payment of the rents and performance of the covenants to be made, if required. For terms apply to Mr. Thomas Hyde, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber.

**DAVID KERR.**

**T O B E S O L D,**

**A** TRACT of land, containing about 1300 acres, which will be disposed of by the whole tract, or laid off in convenient lots, as will best suit those who are inclined to purchase; the land is situated near the Fork of Patuxent, about 16 miles from Annapolis, 18 from Baltimore and 6 from the Indian Landing; it is well adapted to farming or planting, is well timbered, and has the advantage of more than 100 acres of meadow ground, which can be improved at a small expence, as above 60 acres are cleared and ditched; the soil and improvements will be shewn by the overseer on the place, and the terms may be known, by applying to the subscriber, in Annapolis.

**JAMES STEUART.**

**F O R S A L E,**

**A** VALUABLE plantation, lying on Patowmack river, and south side of Piscataway creek, about 7 miles from the flourishing town of Alexandria, containing 304 acres, more or less; the quality of this land is equal if not superior to any in this part of the country, nearly the whole being level, with wood sufficient to support it with care for a great number of years, about 41 acres of excellent meadow may be made with very little trouble or expence; this beautiful and fertile spot is almost surrounded with water, where fish and fowl in their different seasons may be taken in abundance through the year, many other advantages attend the situation of this valuable seat of land too tedious to mention. I have likewise 150 acres of wood land, within one mile of the above tract, which I will sell together or separate, as may be found most advantageous. One thousand pounds is expected will be paid down, or within a very short time, and five years credit will be given for the remainder, upon bond with approved security. If the above lands are sold, there will be offered for sale, a number of likely country born slaves, likewise horses, cattle, hogs, and plantation utensils.

**J. H. BEANES.**

**T**HERE is at the plantation of Robert David, taken up as a stray, a dark brindled COW, she is marked with a crop in the right ear, and a slit in the left. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

Prince George's county, September 18, 1785.

**A** LL persons having claims against Joseph Brashears, late of Prince George's county, deceased, are requested to present them to the subscriber legally authenticated, that they may be paid; and those indebted are hereby called on to make payment immediately, to enable her to satisfy the just debts against the estate.

**MARY BRASHEARS, admx.**

September 20, 1785.

**L**OST, between my house and Pig-Point, two certificates, bearing date the 19th of May 1778, for sixty pounds each, one of them No. 201, the other 200 or 202; they being useless to the person into whose hands they have fallen, will by returning them oblige

**THOMAS HILLARD.**

Pig Point, September 15, 1785.

**R**AN away, on Monday the 28th of August, a negro man named **LUKE**; he is pretty tall, a black fellow, with a hole in either his right or left cheek occasioned by the tooth-ach, about 25 or 26 years of age, stutters much, and is rather battle-ham'd; had on when he went away, a London brown Bath coating coat faced with buff durant and silver plated buttons, a brown drab waistcoat with brass buttons, a pair of London brown duray breeches, and dark mixed silk and worsted hose; he took other cloaths with him on the day he ran away; he stole nearly 200 pounds. Any person that will deliver me this negro and the money stolen shall be paid five half joes, and for him without the money two half joes.

**BENNETT DARNALL.**

Prince George's county.

**S**TRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, living near Nottingham, on Friday the 22d day of July, a sorrel MARE, with a long tail and mane, a natural trotter, about thirteen hands and a half high, galled on each shoulder by the collar, branded thus C E. Whoever brings the said mare to the subscriber, or secures her so that the owner may get her again, shall receive six dollars reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

**CHARLES EVERSFIELD.**

The subscriber has just imported a large and extensive assortment of books, stationary, jewelry, &c.

**A** MONG which are, books in history, biography, poetry, voyages, and travels, &c. medical philosophical, and political, with a great collection of novels, most of them in elegant bindings; folio, quarto, octavo, and pocket bibles; English and French prayer books; manuals, psalters, &c. large and small testaments; Dilworth's, Dyche's, Watts's, and Fisher's spelling books; Wettenhall's Latin and Greek grammars; Brightland's, Priestley's, Greenwood's, and other English grammars; Johnson's, Bailey's, and Dyche's, and other dictionaries; superfine thick and thin folio and quarto post, thick and thin gilt and black edge ditto, foolscap, and pot writing paper; blue and demy blotting and brown paper; large royal broad folio, medium, demy, and foolscap ledgers, ruled and plain, with proper alphabets, bound in rough calf; long and broad folio, quarto, demy, and foolscap account books; common place books, neatly bound and clasped; demy and foolscap, long and broad, ruled and plain folio and quarto waste and day books, in marble covers; demy and foolscap red leather memorandum books, ruled and plain, interleaved, &c. large and small superfine message cards; demy and foolscap paper cases; large and small drawing and copy books; paste board files; marble palettes; lead note presses, round and flat rulers; paint shells and painting brushes; square and round pewter and lead ink stands; ivory and polished leather ink pots; large and best English and Dutch pens and quills; large and small slates, with slate pencils; a great variety of the most fashionable and superb large and small gentlemen and ladies etwee cases, with silver edges and locks; demy and foolscap red Morocco and black Liverpool dropt pocket books; asses skin memorandum books of various sizes; gentlemen and ladies writing and shaving boxes; black leather pocket ditto; fine razors and razor strops; shaving boxes, with fine scented soap; black hair riband and pins; fine tortoiseshell and other large and small tooth combs; tooth-pick cases and brushes; fine enamelled with cut glass smelling bottles; nutmeg graters, and needle case ditto; elegant tortoiseshell and fine polished leather silver mounted snuff boxes; paper and japan'd ditto; a great variety of ladies set and palte shoe buckles; gentlemen's set knee ditto; palte breast pins; gold locketts, rings, and ear-rings; gold and silver vellum lace; elegant gold and silver spangled buttons; sleeve ditto; gilt and fine steel watch chains, and seals with elegant cyphers; cane strings; fine sliding silk purses; gentlemen's fine beaver gloves; plated shoe and knee buckles; metal and pinchbeck ditto; plated and steel spurs; fine ivory and black horn table knives and forks; sugar nippers; fine pen knives with cases; scissars; temple spectacles; cork-screws, &c. a great variety of childrens red and green Morocco pumps; little histories, &c. drawing instruments with surgeons lancets; German flutes and instructors for ditto; fowling pices, and silver mounted pistols; elegant aquatintoes, mezzotintoes, and engraved prints, some of them executed in a masterly manner; charts of the Chesapeake bay, and maps of North-America on cloth and framed; a great assortment of plays and farces; fine shining patent blacking cakes; buckle brushes; fishing hooks and lines; gentlemen's elastic hat bands; lawyers red tape; black lead pencils; superfine sealing wax and waters; gold leaf, &c.

**STEPHEN CLARK.**

**N. B.** Binding in all its various branches, port folios of all sorts and sizes executed in a neat and elegant manner, and on the shortest notice, by S. C.

**T O B E S O L D,**

**A** LL that tract of land called Bunker's-hill, which did formerly belong to Henry Ayton. It lies in Anne-Arundel county, on the main road from Baltimore to Frederick-town, about 27 miles from the former, and contains 681 acres and a quarter, 100 acres of which are cleared and under fence. There are on it a good dwelling house, kitchen, and spinning house, with stone chimnies, a meat house, dairy, two corn houses, three tobacco houses, and a good framed barn, a mill seat and mill houses, a garden parcel in 110 feet square, apple and peach orchards, about 20 acres of meadow ground and 20 acres of wood land under a good chestnut fence 12 rails high; the land is level and soil good, and well adapted to growing tobacco; adjoining it there is a great deal of excellent range. Seven years credit will be given for the purchase money, on giving bond with good security the vector, and to pay the interest annually.

**J. T. CHASE.**

**J U S T I M P O R T E D,**

In the TERRY, captain DENNIS BUTLER, from London.

**A** GENERAL assortment of European and East-India goods, suitable to the season, which are now opening at our store opposite the Church-Yard, and are for sale wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms, for ready money, bills of exchange, or tobacco.

The Terry will take in tobacco to the address of James Trecothick, Esq; and company, merchants, in London, at seven pounds sterling per ton.

**CRACROFT and HODGKIN.**

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 20, 1785.

### ALGIERS, June 27.

On the 5th of this month a French frigate from Cadiz entered this port, having on board M. le comte d'Espili, charged with full power from the king of Spain to treat for a peace. On the 7th, the comte had an audience of the dey, who received him in a friendly manner. On the 13th, two Spanish men of war of 74 guns, a frigate of 36, and a brigantine of 18, under the command of rear-admiral J. Massorodo, came into the roads near the castle, displaying the white flag. Next morning the dey sent out a boat, bearing also the white flag, in which were the French consul, his chancellor, and the captain of the port, who remained on board the ships until three o'clock in the afternoon; on their departure the Spanish commander saluted them with seven guns. The consul reported to the dey, that the commander had come expressly, by order of the king, to conclude a peace, to which the dey answered, that "it was well," and he was pleased with his intention.

VIENNA, July 16. It is reported, that the empress of Russia has agreed to furnish the emperor with 30,000 Tartar cavalry, completely equipped for war; for which she is to be paid 30 florins per head. It is said the emperor will set out for Petersburg on the first of September.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 25. Messabey, who, on the late revolution, was advanced to the dignity of Musti, is deposed, after enjoying that office only six weeks, and he is succeeded by Arabade-Hienli. The Testerdar is also disgraced. The regret of the people for the death of the late grand vizir, who was inhumanly beheaded, every day comes more poignant.

ROTTERDAM, July 30. Last Monday, at six in the morning, an extraordinary courier arrived from Vienna with news that the commissioners of the republic had experienced a most gracious reception from his imperial majesty, who assured them, that he would immediately issue orders for the pacific negotiations to be resumed at Paris, between his minister and those of the republic, under the mediation of his most Christian majesty.

### L O N D O N, August 6.

Admitting that the French prohibitory edict should in some degree affect the consumption of British goods in that country, we may on the other hand, reasonably expect the advantage of new and additional demands for other markets, since the proudest nation on earth thus publicly declares to the world, that English manufactures are preferred even by Frenchmen themselves as far superior in quality to their own.

A gentleman who came from New-Brunswick a short time since, declares that in a very few years, the new settlers will be able to supply the West-India islands with all the articles they used to derive from New-England before the war; he adds, the number of settlers is rapidly increasing, and the progress made in clearing the land truly astonishing.

Some politicians offer considerable wagers that the new states are divided among the different powers of Europe, in the course of five years — This is certain, that if the Europeans could agree upon the division — the boasted dominion of the new states could be junk into separate dependencies in a hurry.

The chancellor was right, that nobleman has a manliness of mind, which will not stoop to the disguise of any honest sentiments that occur to him. That France has spies and emissaries in Ireland, is beyond a question; that they may have them here too, and that they may watch the debates of both houses, is equally probable. It was indeed observed, at the time the learned lord made the remark, that a well-dressed foreigner, who is a constant attendant, walked off soon after.

By an ancient ordinance of Spain, still in full force, the captains of ships of war are commanded to perish rather than lower the royal flag when once hung out — Surely, then, an English captain will not suffer the flag of his country to be insulted. — Even the Roman fleet, — mere boats compared to the modern British, — maintained a sovereignty in its own seas!

### B O S T O N, September 29.

The inhabitants of the three counties of York, Cumberland and Lincoln, or so many of them as incline, or can conveniently attend, have been requested, in the *Portsmouth Gazette*, "to meet at the meeting house of the rev. Messieurs Smith and Dean, in Portsmouth, on Wednesday the 5th day of October next, to join in a conference, then and there to be held, on the proposal of having the said counties erected into a separate government; and, if it should be thought best, to form a plan for collecting the sentiments of the people on the subject, and pursue some regular and orderly method of carrying the same into effect."

### N E W - Y O R K, October 1.

The Irish propositions having undergone great alterations, and passed in the highest degree to the parliament of that kingdom, as well as to the whole manufacturing interest of Great-Britain, a number of the principal personages from both houses of parliament, waited on his Britannic majesty, with the following address, having their proceedings respecting an arrangement of that commercial business. It was presented on Wednesday the 27th of July, and is copied from the latest accounts from Britain now in this city.

"THAT his faithful commons have taken into their most serious consideration the important subject of the commercial intercourse between Great-Britain and Ireland, recommended in his majesty's speech at the opening of the present session, and the resolutions of the two houses of parliament, which were laid before us by his majesty's command on the 22d of February last.

"That after a long and careful investigation of the various questions necessarily arisen out of this comprehensive subject, we have come to the several resolutions which we now humbly present to your majesty; and which, we trust, will form the basis of an advantageous and permanent commercial settlement between his majesty's kingdoms of Great-Britain and Ireland.

"That we have proceeded on the foundation of the rights of the parliament of Ireland; but in considering of so extensive an arrangement, we have found it necessary to introduce some modifications and exceptions, and we have added such regulations and conditions as appeared to us indispensably necessary in establishing the proposed agreement on just and equitable foundations, for securing to both countries those commercial advantages, to an equal enjoyment of which they are in future to be entitled: That his majesty's subjects in Ireland, being secured in a full and lasting participation of the trade with the British colonies, must, we are persuaded, acknowledge the justice of their continuing to enjoy it on the same terms with his majesty's subjects in Great-Britain; and it is, we conceive, equally manifest, that as the ships and mariners of Ireland are to continue in, and enjoy the same privileges with those of Great-Britain, the same provisions should be adopted in Ireland as may be found necessary in this country for securing those advantages exclusively to the subjects of the empire. This object is essentially connected with the maritime strength of his majesty's dominions, and consequently with the safety and prosperity of both Great-Britain and Ireland: We therefore deem it indispensable that those points should be secured as considered necessary to the existence and duration of the agreement between the two countries; they can only be carried into effect by the laws to be passed in the parliament of Ireland, which are alone competent to bind his majesty's subjects in that kingdom, and whose legislative rights we shall ever hold as sacred as our own.

"It remains for the parliament of Ireland to judge according to their wisdom and discretion, of these conditions, as well as of every part of the settlement proposed to be established by this act. One purpose in these resolutions is to promote alike the commercial intercourse of his majesty's subjects in both countries, and we are persuaded that the common prosperity of the two kingdoms will be greatly advanced; the subjects of each will in future apply themselves to those branches of commerce, which they can best exercise with most advantage and wealth, as will operate as a great benefit to the whole. We have so far performed our part in this important business; and we trust that in the whole of its progress, reciprocal interests and mutual affection will insure that spirit of union so essentially necessary to the great end which the two countries have equally in view. In this persuasion we look forward with confidence to the final conclusion of a measure which, while it tends to perpetuate harmony and friendship between the two kingdoms, must, by augmenting their resources, uniting their efforts, and consolidating their strength, afford his majesty the surest means of establishing a lasting foundation to the safety, prosperity, and glory of the empire."

Oct. 5. From New Fairfield, Connecticut, we learn, that on the 22d of last month, a gentleman of that place shot a Moose, exceeding twenty hands high, his gun being loaded only with pigeon shot: He was started in the Oblong about eight o'clock in the morning, and, after a chase of eight hours, gave over running, and attacked his pursuers, when the fortunate huntsman came up with the chate, about a mile north of the upper society meeting-house: in the evening he was handsomely dressed, and afforded a delicious repast to the sons of Nimrod.

### Extract of a letter from Cape-Hayne, September 26.

"A ship this day arrived from Bilbao, and has brought a large jack ass, a present from his catholic majesty to general Washington, attended by a spaniard to take care of him, &c. He cost four hundred dollars in Spain, and is one of four purchased for general Washington; the others are embarked in different vessels for this country. It is esteemed a great favour, as none of these animals (particularly this great breed) are ever allowed to be exported from Spain."

Oct. 8. By the last letters from Michilimackinac we learn, that the part of Illinois on the continent of America, has suffered considerably by the inundation. The village of Cahokia received the greatest damage, several houses having been carried away; and had it not been for the generous assistance of the inhabitants of the post at St. Louis, on the Spanish side, the consequences would have been of much more serious nature. There is no mention made of the number of lives lost; but all the grain was destroyed and the greater part of their cattle drowned. This event has occasioned so great a terror in the inhabitants, that many of them are determined to abandon the place, and establish themselves some leagues below.

Last Wednesday the foundation stone of the Roman catholic chapel was laid (on ground lately purchased in the parish of St. Paul's church, and now set apart for

the performance of divine service) by his excellency Don Gardoqui, minister from his majesty the king of Spain.

About a fortnight ago, an extreme heavy equinoxial tempest arose on the coast of North Carolina, which did prodigious execution upon the shipping and houses, to the immense loss of the inhabitants; a Flemish ship, a brigantine, a sloop, belonging to this port, and about twenty small craft were destroyed. Seven of the ship's hands, and one belonging to the brigantine were lost.

### PHILADELPHIA, October 6.

Monday last arrived here the sloop Delaware, captain Warner, from Turks-Island; on the 24th ult. lat. 36. 30, in 25 fathoms water, in a violent gale of wind at N. E. about 9 A. M. the sloop was laid on her beam ends, and shifted her hold, but by cutting away her mast, they got her righted about 7 in the evening, having lost every thing off the deck, and all her water stove, they were reduced to the greatest distress. The Tuesday following they spoke the sloop Nancy, captain Welsh, from New-York for Charleston, who had rode out the gale under Cape May, from whom they got some supplies, but no water; the next day they went on shore at Currituck, to get supplies, but the gale had been so severe there, that the sea had made a breach into the Sound, and laid the country under water for two or three miles, washed away many houses, together with most all their cattle and ground stock; many of the inhabitants were obliged to secure themselves in trees, several lives were lost, and the shore for some miles was covered with drowned cattle, household goods, &c. A Virginia built sloop was driven ashore in the gale, without any person on board, she had neither sails, spars or cargo. On the 29th, off Cape Henry, spoke a sloop, captain Petit, from Providence, Rhode-Island, for Baltimore, from whom they got a supply of water and other necessaries; the captain informed them he had that day seen a schooner of about 80 tons burthen, bottom upwards. Last Friday spoke a sloop, from Washington for this port, that had lost her anchors and cables at Ocracock bar; and on Saturday they met with a New-England schooner, who kindly took them in tow for upwards of thirty miles, till they got within our caps; they did not learn the captain's name, but acknowledge the kindness with gratitude.

Tuesday morning we had a very heavy shower of rain attended with heavy thunder and sharp lightning; and about six o'clock the house of Mr. Etris, in Fifth-street near Vine-street, was struck by the lightning, which did considerable damage to the two upper stories.

Oct. 7. The convention of the protestant episcopal church in several of the United States of America, viz. in the states of New-York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and Carolina, having sat in this city from the 27th of last month, finished their business in Christ's church, at 11 o'clock yesterday morning; and we hear, that the liturgy of the church of England, as altered by the said convention, will be read the first time in Christ's church this morning, at eleven o'clock; and that a sermon will be preached suitable to the occasion.

### Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Virginia, dated September 29.

"On Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, we had the most tremendous gale of wind ever known in this country, from N. E. to N. W. The whole town was overflown, and numbers of vessels drove into the cornfields and woods: store houses dived from their foundations, and every kind of property floated with the tide. It is supposed the damage will amount to £. 30,000. Not less than 30 fail of vessels are on shore, but it is expected the greatest part will be got off."

### Extract of a letter from the Orient, dated August 5, 1785.

"We heard a few days ago that the Algerines have declared war against the United States of America: the enclosed translation is a faithful copy of an authentic letter wrote to our consuls on that subject, and by them communicated to our consuls, to advise thereof any of your friends concerned in the shipping trade. We do not doubt congress will soon adopt some vigorous measure to quell those troublesome pirates."

### Copy of a letter from the consuls of Nantes to the consuls of l'Orient.

"Gentlemen, We annex to this the copy of a letter that we have just received from M. de Soulange, by which he informs us that the Algerines have declared war against the United States of America, and that they are fitting out eight ships to take the American vessels. We request of you gentlemen to impart this intelligence to the captains of that nation who may now be in your harbour, in order for them to take some measures as to avoid falling into the hands of those pirates.

"We have the honour to be, &c."

### Copy of M. de Soulange's letter to the consuls at Nantes, Toulon, 14th July, 1785.

"Gentlemen, Commodore Ligondes, who arrived from Algiers, on board the Minerva frigate, of which he has the command, has brought me intelligence that said state was fitting out eight ships, both xebecs and barques, from 18 to 36 guns, designed to cruise from Cape St. Vincent to the Western Islands, in order to take the Americans, against whom they have declared war. I send you immediate advice thereof, gentlemen,

both for your own interest and to request you will instantly give advice of this to the American captains.  
 "The Algerines have another division of four vessels, but too small to occasion any uneasiness."  
 "I am, &c."

**ANNAPOLIS, October 20.**

The Patowmack-Planter, captain Gover, from Virginia, bound to London, founded on the 9th of July last. Part of the people were taken on board the Hampshire, captain Burrows, arrived at Portsmouth, in England, and the rest on board a Dutch ship.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the house of delegates in the ensuing general assembly, viz.

For St. Mary's county, Philip Key, Thomas Bond, William Somerville, and John De Butts, Esquires.

For Kent county, Robert Maxwell, Peregrine Lethbrary, Richard Graves, and James Pearse, Esquires.

For Charles county, John Courts Jones, George Dent, jun. Zephaniah Turner, and John Hoskins Stone, Esquires.

For Talbot county, John Roberts, Pollard Edmondson, Howes Goldsborough, and John Bracco, Esquires.

For Dorchester county, Henry Waggaman, Levin Kirkman, William Ennalls Hooper, and Henry Ennalls, Esquires.

For Prince-George's county, Walter Bowie, George Digges, Robert Bowie, and Fielder Bowie, Esquires.

For Harford county, Benjamin Bradford Norris, John Love, James Bond, and Ignatius Wheeler, jun. Esquires.

For Queen-Anne's county, John Seney, Clement Sewell, Joshua Seney, and George Jackson, Esquires.

Annapolis, October 15, 1785.

**PUBLIC SALE,**

For ready money only,

On Wednesday the 26th instant, will be exposed to sale, near the Dock, for the benefit of the underwriters,

A GENERAL assortment of damaged goods, by the piece or package, from on board the ship Revolution from London.

JAMES RINGGOLD, FRANCIS CRACROFT, JAMES WILLIAMS, agents.

Frederick county, October 8, 1785.

To be SOLD by the subscriber,

TWO hundred and eighty-eight acres of exceeding good land, lying about seven miles from Frederick-town, on the road leading to Lancaster and Baltimore, on which are two good dwelling houses, two barns, and stables, with spring houses on each place, and some convenient out houses, two good apple orchards, with cherry, peach, and pear trees, twenty five acres of meadow, and about thirty more may be made; also a good mill seat on a good stream of water, and in a part where grain is very plenty, which makes a merchant mill very profitable; the land lies level, the situation very pleasant, and is as well adapted to grain, grass, and tobacco, as any in the settlement. State certificates will be taken in payment for the same. Any gentleman inclinable to purchase the said land may view the same, and know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

N. B. There are about seventy acres now in wheat and rye, which will be sold with the place.

Herring-bay, October 14, 1785.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE on Wednesday the 14th of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THIRTY valuable negroes, such as blacksmiths, carpenters, coopers, caulkers, sawyer, several lads and boys, and a few young women and children; some cattle and horses. The payments as follow, one fourth to be paid on delivery of the property, one fourth in four months, one fourth in eight months, and the other fourth in twelve months. Bonds on interest with approved security to be given before the property is delivered.

DAVID WHEMES.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday the first of November, if sold before at private sale,

A NEGRO GIRL, about fourteen years of age. Enquire of the printers.

**CHESTER-TOWN RACES.**

To be run for, on Wednesday the 2d of November next, over a course at Chester-town,

A PURSE of THIRTY GUINEAS, three mile heats, carrying weight agreeable to the rules of the jockey club at Annapolis, and on Tuesday following, will be run for, a purse of TWENTY GUINEAS, carrying weight for blood and age as follows, viz full blood aged horses to carry nine stone four pounds, to deduct seven pounds for every year under age, and ten pounds for every fourth deficiency in blood, the winning horse the first day excepted. Three reputed running hoeses to start, or a race. The judges will have ample power (in case of bad weather) to put off the racing to the ensuing fair day.

N. B. The eastern shore jockey club will sit at the same time at Chester-town, when applications for admittance into the same will be properly attended to.

**SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,**

FOR the disposal of fifty lots in la Fayette Village, beautifully situated at the Cool Springs in St. Mary's county, allowed by the best judges to be as advantageous a situation for a manufacturing town as any on this continent. Charlotte Hall school is now building within two hundred steps of the place. These lots are to be laid off, and the inhabitants will have the advantage of educating their children, and gentlemen at a distance will have the advantage of boarding their children in this village. The healthfulness of this place, and the virtue of the waters, are too generally known to need a description. The drawing will be performed under the inspection and by the directions of Messieurs Henry Tubman, William and John Cartwright, and Hanson Briscoe, managers, who will see the prizes punctually paid, and the lots conveyed to the fortunate adventurers; prizes not called for in six months will be deemed generously given to Charlotte Hall school. The drawing will commence at the Cool Springs on the tenth day of January 1786, or sooner if full, and the fortunate numbers will be inserted in the Annapolis and Alexandria newspapers.

The scheme is as follows: Fifty lots, to contain sixty feet front and one hundred feet back each, subject to a ground-rent of one penny per foot, and five shillings to be paid on every alienation, with so much woodland as annexed to each number.

1 is an improved lot with 10 acres of wood, value	£. 300
2 unimproved ditto with 5 acres ditto ditto	150
4 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	2 1/2 160
8 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	1 184
16 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	1/2 160
19 ditto ditto feet by 100	60 95
50 Lots	
450 Prizes at 20s and the first drawn 20s	450
500 Prizes	£. 1500 0 0
2000 Tickets at 15s	£. 1500 0 0

Annapolis, October 1, 1785.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground, in the precincts of Annapolis, which I formerly bought of a certain colonel Charles Hammond, and which was by him purchased of a certain Thomas Larkin, of Anne-Arundel county.

NATHAN HAMMOND

St. Mary's county, October 10, 1785.

THIS is to forewarn all persons from hunting or going through my plantation with gun or dogs from the date hereof, as I am determined to take the advantage of the law in that case made and provided.

WILLIAM GREENWELL, jun.

October 19, 1785.

ALL those that have any claims against the estate of Thomas Pindale, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are hereby once more requested to bring them in properly attested,

MARY PINDLE, executrix, RICHARD PINDLE, executor

October 14, 1785.

RAN away from Queen-Anne, on Monday the 10th instant, CHRISTOPHER SEAHORN, he is a well looking man, about 23 years of age, his cloathing not known, he is a young fellow who professes the dexterity of hand, and has been with a woman whom he calls his mother, and one Thompson, with Bailey's puppets; he took with him a young bay mare, ab ut 13 and a half hands high, with a long tail, trots and gallops, and has no other gait. Whoever secures him and the mare shall be paid for their trouble four pounds ten shillings, or four dollars for the mare alone, he is a villain, and it is to be hoped every good person will do their best endeavours to secure him; he likewise stole a parcel of cloaths from his companion which I cannot describe.

MARSH M. DUVAL.

Annapolis, October 19, 1785.

STOLEN or strayed from this city, about three weeks ago, a light gray HORSE, full fifteen hands and a half high, rising eight years old. Whoever will deliver the said horse to the printer shall receive four dollars reward.

THERE is at the plantation of Samuel Tyler, in Prince-George's county, near the governor's bridge, taken up as a stray, a bright bay MARE, about thirteen hands high, has a blaze face, four white feet, and branded on the near buttock with something like an horse shoe, and appears to be rising four years old. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

**Houses and Lots for Sale.**

Prince-George's county, September 5, 1785. To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 1st of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THREE houses and lots in Pig-point, in Anne-Arundel county, on Patuxent river, two of which are stone houses, and perhaps superior to any other in that place, as they are new and in good repair; the other a small dwelling house, occupied at present by Mr. Sollers, it will be needless to say much in favour of that place, as it is so generally known to be one of the first inspections for tobacco on that river; they will be sold together or separate, as may best suit the purchasers. A very considerable credit will be given, on giving bond on interest, with approved security.

HENRIETTA M. WALKER.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next session of the general assembly, for a law to remedy the defect in a lease from Josias Shaw, late of Prince-George's county, to me, for the plantation where the said Shaw did live, the said lease not having been acknowledged and recorded in due time.

JAMES WILSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to give a title to a tract of land lying in Dorchester county, called Galloway's Fancy, unto James Phole.

JAMES POOLE, SARAH FERGUSON.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly to confirm and make valid a certain instrument of writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of his late father.

BEALE HAMMOND.

August 19, 1785.

THE subscriber, confined in the common gaol of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

THOMAS MANUEL.

August 30, 1785.

THIS is to give notice, that I intend to apply to the next general assembly for such restitution of, or compensation for, my property, which has been sold as confiscated, as they in justice shall think reasonable.

JONATHAN HAGAR.

Charles county, September 16, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly at their next meeting, praying them to pass an act to alter the main road leading from Pile's warehouse to Allen's Fresh, the road as now laid out being impassable for carriages of any kind.

August 10, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general assembly to make valid a deed of bargain and sale from Erasmus Gill, sen. to me, for two tracts of land called Barneby Reurveyed, and Clovin Courfe, lying in Montgomery county, the deed is dated the sixth of June 1775, executed and acknowledged by Erasmus Gill and Cassandra his wife, not recorded as the act of assembly requireth.

THOMAS CONTEE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to enable Sarah Ferguson to convey all the land lying on an island in Dorchester county, called Ferguson's Island, unto Thomas Donnack and his heirs.

THOMAS DONNACK, SARAH FERGUSON.

A PETITION will be presented to the next general assembly, for an allowance in the several counties of balances due the estate of the late Mrs. Anne Catharine Green, as printer to the then province of Maryland.

September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to pass a law to empower the justices of Somerset county court, to extend the causeway through the marsh on the south side of Wicomico river, opposite the lower ferry, and to build a bridge across a small creek over which the road must pass, and also to build a wharf at the end of the said causeway.

Charles county, July 25, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of Maryland, for that useful Bridge-way, stopped up by Eleanor Boardman, to be opened.

August 20, 1785.

THE subscriber, confined in the common gaol of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

PATRICK RHEA.

IN COUNCIL, AUGUST 18, 1785.

RESOLVED,

THAT the following claims, which have been exhibited to this board, to be approved and passed in order for payment, out of those funds appropriated by law for satisfaction of certain debts, and which this board is of opinion ought not to be satisfied out of the said funds, or passed, and allowed, for the reasons and objections stated, be published, with the said reasons and objections, for the information of the claimants.

Claimants.	Against whom.	Reasons why not passed.
Lancelot Cooper	Richard Butron	The claimant and debtor both being British subjects.
James Somerville	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Same.
James Brown and Co. Piscataway	The rev. Mr. Boucher	Same.
Ditto Bladensburg	Ditto	Same.
William and Robert Molleson	Robert Alexander	Same.
James Gordon and Co.	Lloyd Dulany	Same.
William Palmer	Robert Christie, jun.	Same.
William Molleson	Robert Alexander	Same.
Athburner and Place	Ditto	Same.
Anne C. Green, deceased	James Christie	
William Sydebotham	The rev. Mr. Boucher	
Hugh Dean's bond	James and Robert Christie	
Thomas Cockey Deye	Ditto	
George Wells	James Christie	
Lawrence Oneal	John Glasford, and Co.	
John Gardiner	Gale, Fearon, and Co.	
Samuel Handy	Ditto	
Rachel Pottinger	Ditto	
Nathan Hodge	Ditto	
Samuel Higgins	Ditto	
Robert Pottinger	Ditto	
Edward Parkinson	Ditto	
Morice Miles	Ditto	
John Gant	Ditto	
Joseph Brashear	Ditto	
Elizabeth Simmons	Ditto	
Benjamin Harwood	Ditto	
Richard Duckett	Ditto	
Arnold Waters	Ditto	
John Sellman	Ditto	
Sarah Harwood	Ditto	
Jeremiah Magruder	Ditto	
Joshua Clark	Ditto	
Thomas Duckett	Ditto	
Jesse Simmons	Ditto	
Jacob Green	Ditto	
William Mears	Ditto	
Anne Orme	Ditto	
Mary Watkins	Ditto	
George Gardiner	Ditto	
Thomas Duckett and others	Ditto	
Lawrence Oneal	Mackie, Spiers, French, and Co.	
Samuel Handy	Ditto	No evidence that the debts due to their estates are insufficient to satisfy the claims against them.
Richard Harbert	Nottingham Company	
Charles Graham, deceased	Ditto	
Joseph Brownley	Ditto	
Thomas M <sup>r</sup> . Lockland	Ditto	
Michael Jenkins	Ditto	
Joshua Smith	Ditto	
Archibald Buchanan and Co.	James Russell and Co.	
Jenkins	Ditto	
Edward Day & uxor	Ditto	
Aquila Hall, deceased	Ditto	
Gibson and Donaldson	Ditto	
Amos Davis	Ditto	
Peter Hunter, two accounts	Ditto	
William Evans	James Russell	
Hanson Briscoe	Ditto	
John Gant	Ditto	
Nathaniel Chapman's executors	Principio Company	
John Peter	Colin, Dunlop, and Co.	
Richard Ponsonby	Daniel Stephenfon	
Lawrence Oneal	Cunningham, Finley, and Co.	
George Crofs	Daniel Stephenfon	
George Conn	Ditto	
John Lowe	Ditto	
Walter Williams, jun.	Ditto	
James Wilson	Daniel Stephenfon	
John Gant	Ditto	
Christopher Edelin	Henry Addison	
John Cadwalader, two accounts	Walter Dulany	
Elizabeth Humphries	The rev. Mr. Boucher	
Josiah Mitchell	Thomas French	
Col. Sharp	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	
William Inyard	Daniel Dulany, of Daniel	
Abram Andrews	Nottingham Company	
Joseph Stiles	James Christie	
Andrew Davidson	The rev. Mr. Edmiston	
	Anthony Stewart	The property of Mr. Edmiston, which was restored to Mrs. Edmiston, is liable for the debts. This debt was contracted after Mr. Stewart left the state. This debt originated since the revolution. No vouchers to support the claim. The agreement on which this account is founded must be produced. The probate by the executor defective and insufficient. The probate not sufficient. M. Galloway's certificate is defective, the person, in whose possession Mr. Christie's books are must certify what the claim is. This account will not pass, as the sheriff is chargeable only on supposition there was an escape, and there is no evidence produced of it. Not sufficient evidence of the claim, nor any confiscated property of Samuel Hyde's to pay his debts. Same. The credits must be ascertained. Same. Same. Wants the necessary credits for Dr. Stevenfon's attendance as a physician.
Jean Caldcleugh		
James Anderson and son	James Chalmers	
William Embleton	Lloyd Dulany	
James Long	Robert Christie	
James Dick and Stewart	Ditto	
Moses Galloway	Ditto	
Robert Crawford	Ditto	
Benjamin Griffith and Co.	Ditto	
Sabina Rumfey	Samuel Hyde	
Jane and Thomas Conter	Ditto	
Shields and Mattison	Dr. Henry Stevenfon	
George M <sup>r</sup> . Candless	Ditto	
John Stevenfon, deceased	Ditto	
Jonathan Plowman's administrators	Dr. Henry Stevenfon	

Claimants.	Against whom.	Reasons why not passed.
Anne Ogle Ditto	Anthony Stewart Rev. Jonathan Boucher	The original bond must be produced. The original bond must be produced, and evidence that the debts due to Mr. Boucher are insufficient to satisfy the claims against him.
James Dick and Stewart Executors of James Dick	Anthony Stewart Ditto	Wants explanation, and the probate is defective and insufficient, not being made as prescribed by law. Wants explanation, and also not admissible for want of vouchers and a probate.
Charles Steuart, security with Daniel Dulany, of } Walter, for A. Stewart	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Wants explanation and proof, and the obligee ought to be paid and bond taken up, before the one security be satisfied out of the estate of the other, as such satisfaction would be no bar to the obligee's right to take his remedy against the other security.
Charles Steuart, security for A. Stewart	Anthony Stewart	Wants explanation and better proof, and the bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim can be admitted.
Bennett Neale William Smith, security for Dr. Stevenson, to } A. Hoops George Fitzhugh	Alexander Lawfon and Co. Dr. H. Stevenson Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Apply to A. Lawfon and Co. for payment. The bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim is admissible. Probate wanting by George Fitzhugh, that he has received no satisfaction from Daniel Dulany, or indemnification for the said claim.
Hambleton Davidson Clement Sewell	Robert Christie, jun. Robert Alexander	Wants explanation and information. No probate that R. Alexander received the money; Mr. Sewell only makes a memorandum of his belief, not upon oath.
George M <sup>c</sup> Candlest	Nottingham Company	This being a private account against Corbin Lee is inadmissible as a claim against the company.
Shields and Mattison Clement Sewell, administrator of Mrs. Smith	Ditto James Chalmers	Same. It appears by Mr. Chalmers's books and other vouchers, that there will be nothing due the estate of Mrs. Smith on a settlement of their accounts.
Joseph Harris Barbara Harris Thomas Riche Sylvanus Prothero, assigned to Robert Anderson John Moore Gideon Haynes	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. By an account current exhibited by Mr. Chalmers, it appears that Mr. Haynes is indebted to him for rent after the expiration of his lease.

By order,

T. J O H N S O N, jun. clk.

St. Mary's county, October, 1785.  
To be SOLD on the premises, to the highest bidder, agreeable to the last will and testament of Hugh Hopewell, deceased, on the third Friday in November next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

A VERY valuable tract of land, situated on Patuxent river, in St. Mary's county, containing upwards of 500 acres; four miles from the mouth of Patuxent, and adjoining Town creek; on the land are a large cow house, and several other houses convenient for three families; its prospect and situation for fish and oysters are equal to any on Patuxent river; there are about 200 acres in cultivation, and upwards of 300 well wooded and timbered; there may be erected a very good water mill at a small expence, as there formerly stood a mill, and nothing is now wanting but the house; the plantation is in good repair, and immediate possession will be given. Four or five years credit will be given the purchaser for the greatest part of the purchase money, as may be agreed on the day of sale, on his giving bond with interest and approved security.

All persons having claims against the aforesaid Hugh Hopewell, deceased, are desired to bring them to Charles Chilton, who is authorized to receive any monies due the estate of the said Hugh Hopewell, and give every necessary acquittance or discharge, or to the subscriber, that they may be adjusted and paid, and all those who are any ways indebted to the estate are requested immediately to settle and discharge the same. Those who neglect complying with this notice may depend on being dealt with as the law directs.

HANNAH HOPEWELL, executrix.

Somerset, September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to lay out a new road beginning at Samuel Smith's, on the road leading from Back creek to Stevens's ferry, thence through the swamp between the lands of Samuel Smith and William Miles, Nehemiah King and William Mitchell, David Wilson and Jesse King, till it intersects the road leading from Miles's mill up the Pocostin's.

State of Maryland, September 27, 1785.

ALL persons having any claims against the estate of Joshua Sanders, late of Charles county, deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, are requested to send them in, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

WILLIAM LEIGH, for ANNE SANDERS, administratrix.

Queen Anne's county, October 1, 1785.

BACON hams and shoulders of the best quality to be sold; if wanted for exportation they are warranted to keep perfectly sound a nine months voyage. If an equal number of each are taken, the price is fifteen pence per pound.

ROBERT BROWNE.

### Lands at Private Sale.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale, TWO very valuable tracts of land, situate and lying as follows, viz: one on the Head of South river, within three miles of navigable water on said river, and about the same distance from the river Patuxent, containing about 800 acres, well adapted for corn, wheat, or tobacco, and particularly the latter, it is well watered and timbered; and has a very good mill stream running through it; some meadow ground, and much more may be made; its improvements are, an exceeding good dwelling house with three large rooms on each floor, a kitchen and quarter, corn house, stable, tobacco house, two very fine apple orchards, together with a number of other very valuable fruit trees.

One other tract, containing nearly the same quantity of acres, lying within five miles of the above, situate in the fork of the river Patuxent, and commonly known by the name of the Fork Quarter, or Duvall's Range; several saw mills might be erected to great advantage, it being better wooded than any land within many miles; at least 200 acres of very excellent meadow may be made; its improvements are, a dwelling house, quarter, corn house, stable, tobacco house, also two apple orchards. No person need apply that cannot pay down at least two thirds of the purchase money for either of the above tracts of land; for the remaining third part twelve months credit will be allowed, on giving bond with approved security.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

Will be SOLD at VENDUE, on the deceased Joshua Sanders's plantation, at Newport, the first of November next, and continued until all are sold.

FOURTEEN valuable country born negroes, all the stock and household furniture thereon, by WILLIAM LEIGH, for ANNE SANDERS, administratrix.

N B. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland, praying that a law may pass to convey in fee simple, part of two tracts of land, St. Andrew's Cross and the Fork, lying in Kent county, late the property of William Haley, deceased, and now in part belonging to minors incapable of making a legal title.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground in Annapolis, which I lately bought of Nathaa Hammond, and which formerly was the property of col. Hammond, and by him purchased of Thomas Larkin.

10th Oct. 1785.

W. PACA.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Tuesday the 1st of November next,

A TRACT of land, containing 374 acres, known by the name of Braslier's Procton, lying in Prince-George's county, within 6 miles of Bladenburg, and 15 of George town; the land is well timbered and improved, good for wheat, corn, rye, and tobacco, has on it a dwelling house 32 feet by 18, with two brick chimnies, a kitchen 16 feet square, a good meat and milk house, a valuable cellar in good repair, a quarter with a shed and brick chimney, 16 feet by 12, two bearing orchards, a tobacco house in good repair, 45 by 30, a valuable meadow is made on the land, and another may be made at a small expence; the whole is well watered. Half the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, credit will be given for the other half, on bond with good security, by

JOHN TURNER.

N. B. Any person desirous of purchasing at private sale may apply before the day of public sale.

St. Mary's county, October 8, 1785.

THE subscribers having become securities for Joseph Burroughs to the state of Maryland, for the payment of a tract of land in Culverton manor, Charles county, the said Burroughs having absconded without leaving effects sufficient to discharge the aforesaid debt: Notice is hereby given, that we intend to petition the next general assembly, for leave to sell the land purchased of the state by the aforesaid Burroughs.

JAMES CHAPPELEAR, THOMAS LOCK.

October 10 1785.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm the right and title of all those lands in and near the city of Annapolis, which were formerly the property of Thomas Bordley, and which have remained in the possession of his devisees and heirs for upwards of sixty years last past.

MATTHIAS BORDLEY.

September 20, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we intend presenting a petition to the next general assembly of this state, to empower us to make sale of certain lands being in the counties of Washington, Frederick, Prince-George's, and Charles, the property of the heirs of Dr. Adam Thompson, deceased.

JOHN HAWKINS, LILBURN WILLIAMS.

August 23, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly for an act to enable the subscriber to reconvey; in the name of Lucretia Edmondson, part of a tract of land in Caroline county, called Smith's Discovery, to Michael Smith, of the same county.

DAVID KERR.

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 27, 1785.

## FRANKFORT, July 9.

THE trade on the Rhine is valued at 100,000,000 of florins per annum, the greatest part is in the hands of the Dutch; they employ near 1300 ships, the lading from one thousand to four thousand quintals.

BERLIN, July 16. It is certain that some differences subsist between this court and the city of Dantzick; which are attributed to the explication of the convention, and which prevents the execution of it relative to certain points; but we have reason to flatter ourselves that they will soon be adjusted to the satisfaction of the two high contracting parties.

## L O N D O N, August 2.

All the Spanish ships which were taken on the river Thames, are armed from ten to sixteen guns each, and full of men; the Dons having discovered that there is no other way of carrying on trade, on account of the Algerine pirates.

Aug. 3. All the foreign oriental companies have stopped sending ships to China, since the late regulations which put a stop to the smuggling of tea, except the French and Dutch; the first of these, however, only send seven, and even the Dutch but eleven.—Our own company will this year have thirty ships employed in that trade only, which will employ 3000 seamen: another year may probably increase them.

The eldest daughter of the late general Scott is on her way to London, to take possession of his brother's estate, which amounts to about 60,000l. This gentleman died lately in Percy street, and, what is remarkable, expired with 50,000l. in his hands, which he firmly grasped till the last moment of his existence.

Miss Scott possesses an immense fortune. Her father accumulated 150,000l. by play, at which he was fortunate to a degree of astonishment. At his death he left 150,000l. to his eldest daughter, and 50,000l. to each of his other two female children.

The eldest of the three ladies above alluded to is about fourteen years of age; and by her father's will she is obliged to reject every proposal of marriage from a peer, as the general was resolved that the bulk of his fortune should not fall into the hands of a cyphered nobleman.

Aug. 8. The arret of France, prohibiting British muslins and gauzes, will be found of very serious and material concern to this country. At the last India sale, the French purchased nearly three fourths of the whole quantity of muslin set up, and orders have been sent out for a quantity to supply succeeding sales. The consequence of the first sale, was an encouragement to the home manufactures: the consequence of the second will be, that the imported India muslins will become a drug, and stop the sale of home made goods.

### Extract of a letter from Madrid, July 2.

"The Infant don Louis is at the last extremity at Arenas, his usual residence.

"The last accounts from America are not of the most agreeable nature; they mention that the Indians of Buenos Ayres having approached the Spanish settlements in number about 20,000, the governor sent 200 foot and 50 horse against them, this corps was soon cut to pieces, and a small number only remained. M. de la Pietra, the intendant of that establishment, was so struck with this catastrophe, that he was seized with a fit of apoplexy, and died upon the spot.

"A vessel is arrived from the Havana at Cadiz, with the disagreeable account, that the arsenal at that place was burned to the ground, and the damage done cannot be ascertained.

"Several couriers are arrived from Barcelona, with dispatches from comte d'Albano, commandant of that place, bringing an account that the number of French troops in Rouillon and Navarre increase daily. No doubt we shall soon be made acquainted with the reason of these extraordinary movements."

### Extract of a letter from Dantzick, July 10.

"They write from Petersburg, that the Russian fleet at Cronstadt, consisting of 15 men of war, 4 frigates, 2 fire ships, and 2 hospital ships, are to sail immediately. This whole fleet is victualled for 6 months; part of it is to be commanded by rear admiral Krue; the other commanders are not yet known. They will sail to the North Sea, and keep together till they arrive in a certain latitude. A detachment of six or seven ships, 2 frigates, 2 fire-ships, and an hospital ship, will be then separated from them to cruise in the Mediterranean. The others will wait for the ship coming from Archangel to enter the North Sea. There are still remaining at Cronstadt 15 ships of the line ready for sailing, of which a division of eight or nine are victualled only for a short cruise to exercise the seamen."

A letter from Copenhagen says, that advice is received there, that a vessel belonging to Eifneur is taken by an armed xebec, belonging to the emperor of Morocco, and carried into Tunis, and the crew sent up the country into slavery: this account was sent to Copenhagen by the English consul. The affair has been represented to the king, who is determined to send some men of war to demand the above vessel and the crew to be released: on refusal, to take, sink, burn, and destroy all the Barbary vessels they meet with. The letter says, the king relents this affair more on account that the Morocco ambassador was loaded with presents when he went from Copenhagen a few months ago.

On Wednesday last the secretary at war issued orders for all the garrisons throughout the kingdom of Great-Britain to be immediately provided with six months stores of every kind before the winter sets in; and the several storekeepers are ordered to transmit directly an account of such articles as are wanting.

The building of ships of war, in most of our ports, is now carried on with the greatest assiduity. In the river there are as many building as at any period within the last ten years. This is not occasioned by an idea that the French or Spaniards are inclined to renew the war (for it is well known that their finances are as incapable of bearing the expences of one as ours) but by the formidable naval preparations which have for some time past been making at Brest and Rochfort, which was expected as a matter of certainty, for it was the avowed determination of the French ministry, at the time peace was settled, to keep up a more respectable marine establishment than was ever done in peaceable times before.

## P O R T S M O U T H, September 30.

Our neighbours, the inhabitants of the three counties of York, Cumberland, and Lincoln, in the commonwealth of Massachusetts, seem determined to resolve themselves into a separate state. A convention for this purpose is to be holden at Falmouth, on the 5th day of October next; and from the general concurrence of sentiment amongst them, we have every reason to expect that some spirited resolutions will then be entered upon.

A correspondent informs, that it is expected there will be the largest concourse of people ever known to assemble in the eastern territories, at the above intended meeting; and that a memorial to congress will be immediately agreed on.

## N E W - Y O R K, October 14.

In reading the doleful lamentations of the English merchants with respect to the late exclusion of British goods from France, one would easily suppose that Great-Britain furnished the whole kingdom with her manufactures, and that the prohibition contained in the arret of the 17th of July, would produce in England a revolution equal to the independence of America. But those who are better acquainted with the industry of the French nation, will perceive that these clamours are exaggerated to the highest degree; that, the capital excepted, the kingdom had never occasion for importing English manufactures, and that even in Paris, gauzes only and English buttons, were articles of some importance for the British commerce. Many Parisian shops were indeed known under the name of English warehouses; but, the two before mentioned articles excepted, they commonly sold French cloth and silk for British manufactures, because novelty induced the customers to purchase them at a much higher price than they would have paid for French ones. If the arret had not stopped the progress of this infatuation, the natural fickleness of the Parisian beau monde would have produced the same effect, and the precluded British manufactures would have been abandoned for the same reason for which they have been adopted, viz. for the sake of novelty. But it would have been prejudicial to the reputation of French manufactures, to let this folly subsist any longer, and to have their best produce sold for English workmanship. Therefore, the 7th article of the arret, very severely forbids to write over the shops, "Warehouse for English manufactures." The lamentations of the English gazetteers, are therefore as ill-founded as their triumph some months ago, when they asserted that Paris had entirely turned English, and that every fashion and manufacture was imported there from London.

By the London papers we find, that armies are reviewed and augmented; that ships of war are building in great numbers; that the navy has been scrupulously examined; that an armament is now under sailing orders, consisting of forty odd ships of the line and frigates; it is said on a cruise; that the army and navy of France is in the best order ever known to be, &c. The conjectures upon the subject are numerous, and upon the whole we are necessarily led to conclude; that all is not so well as the Europeans could wish.

## P H I L A D E L P H I A, October 17.

By the UNITED STATES IN CONGRESS assembled, New York, October 12, 1785.

WHEREAS it is indispensably necessary for the support of federal government, that the states should supply their quotas of money, for the purposes stated in the estimates of the subsisting requisitions of congress.

And whereas certificates for the interest arising on loan office certificates, and other certificates of liquidated debts, previously to the last day of Decemr, 1782, from the deficiencies of some of the state to comply with the requisition of the 4th of September, 1782, and 27th and 28th of April, 1784; will, in pursuance of the requisition of the 27th of September, 1785, be issued by the commissioners of the continental loan offices in such states.

And whereas the extra certificates which the said commissioners may issue for the payment of the said interest, should be called in or redeemed by the deficient states in order to complete their respective quotas of the interest of the domestic debt, specified in the said requisitions of the 4th of September, 1782, and 27th and 28th of April, 1784.

Resolved, That the several states be earnestly called on to complete without delay the whole of their quotas of the requisitions last mentioned, and that such of the states as may be deficient in paying their respective quotas of the interest of the domestic debt pursuant to the said requisitions, be required to collect and pay into the public treasury the amount of such deficiencies, either in certificates to be issued by the commissioners of the continental loan offices, pursuant to the requisition of the 27th of September, 1785, for the payment of the said interest, or in specie, to be applied to the redemption of such certificates; provided that the sum to be paid into the treasury in interest certificates as part of the requisition of the 27th and 28th of April, 1784, shall not at any time exceed the proportion of facilities to be paid into the treasury, agreeably to the requisition last mentioned.

Every arrival from the West-Indies, serves to confirm the melancholy accounts hitherto published of the havoc and destruction made in that quarter, both among the shipping and on the islands, by the terrible hurricane which happened on the 25th and 26th of August last.

### Extract of a letter from Norfolk, in Virginia, September 30.

"Many vessels have lately been lost on and off our coast, such as I have heard of, are as follow: The brig Nancy, captain Eastwood, from Madeira with a cargo of wines, the greatest part of which are entirely lost, the captain and a boy were the only persons saved; a ship from Antigua for this place, loaded with rum, a Dutch ship from Philadelphia, coming into this river to load with tobacco for France. Also a brig from Dumfries, loaded with tobacco, bound to London, lost in Lynhaven bay."

### Extract of a letter from Richmond, in Virginia, October 8.

"On Saturday last night the York packet, captain Walters, was drove from her moorings at Cherrestones, opposite colonel Savage's, and was carried into the bay, where she sunk. Captain Walters and the crew saved themselves by swimming.

"The Northampton Packet was drove over Hungar's bar, and supposed to be carried to sea.

"A sloop of Mr John Stratton's drove from her moorings in King's Creek, on the eastern shore, into a corn field of colonel Robins's. The crew in attempting to swim on shore, after she was in the field, perished."

### Extract of a letter from a master of a ship to a gentleman in this city, dated Cadiz, August 6, 1785.

"I cannot close this without relating to you the impediments I met with on my passage from England, by the Algerine cruizers. The first I met with was near the rock of Lisbon, who after a strict scrutiny of my pass and some detention, permitted me to proceed; the next I fell in with off Cape St. Vincent; a large ship then in company with me, drew the attention of the Algerine xebec, who dispatched her boat after me, and pursued the ship. Fortunately a breeze sprung up that gave me the advantage of the boat, who declined her chase, and joined the xebec, who by this time had commenced a running fight with the ship, that was obliged to take shelter under a Spanish fort; the next I fell in with off Cape St. Mary's, who made me hoist my boat out and send my pass on board him, who after a deal of examination and strict scrutiny into the reality of my pass, suffered me to go on. At 12 o'clock at night, not being then 10 leagues from Cadiz, was brought to by two more, who served me as before, and the next morning I was joyfully anchored here, where I am told they have extended themselves to the westward of the Western Islands in search of American and Portuguese vessels. At present there is a truce subsisting between them and Spain, but it is conjectured it will not terminate in a permanent peace."

## A N N A P O L I S, October 27.

His Britannic majesty's packet Carterett, captain Newman, will sail with the mail from New York for Falmouth, on Wednesday the 2d of November.

From the Virginia Gazette.

### Particulars of the fate of the ship Jesmond, captain Smith, bound from London to Virginia.

On Friday the 24th ult. at a P. M. making a point of land, which was supposed to be Cape Henry, bearing N. W. by W. and falling into shoal and irregular soundings, wore ship, till one A. M. under a heavy press of sail to avoid the lee shore. At three handed the fore and mizen-top-sails, the gale increasing; at six handed the main-sail, and reefed preventer forebraces, the sea shipping heavily fore and aft, and carried away the jib-boom. At eight pitched away the main-top-gallant-mast, and split the mizen stay-sail; in this situation hove overboard the driver and boom, steering-sail boom, and all the spars upon deck. At nine shallowed our water from twenty to eight fathoms, labouring under a tremendous sea, which threatened instant destruction. From blowing as described, a hurricane from the N. E. it fell calm, holed and sheeted home the mizen top-sail, with an intent to keep the ship's head to the sea; the ocean at this instant appeared in a most surprising agitation, shipped a dreadful sea upon our larboard quarter, which hove the ship upon her broad-side, and shifted all her cargo to larboard, washed a man out of the main-top (it being 30 feet above deck) and five from off the deck, one of whom was our carpenter, carried away our quarter gallery rails, boats, binnacle, cabouse, and in short every thing that could

Claimants.	Against whom.	Reasons why not passed.
Anne Ogle Ditto	Anthony Stewart Rev. Jonathan Boucher	The original bond must be produced. The original bond must be produced, and evidence that the debts due to Mr. Boucher are insufficient to satisfy the claims against him.
James Dick and Stewart Executors of James Dick	Anthony Stewart Ditto	Wants explanation, and the probate is defective and insufficient, not being made as prescribed by law. Wants explanation, and also not admissible for want of vouchers and a probate.
Charles Steuart, security with Daniel Dulany, of } Walter, for A. Stewart	Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Wants explanation and proof, and the obligee ought to be paid and bond taken up, before the one security be satisfied out of the estate of the other, as such satisfaction would be no bar to the obligee's right to take his remedy against the other security.
Charles Steuart, security for A. Stewart	Anthony Stewart	Wants explanation and better proof, and the bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim can be admitted.
Bennett Neale William Smith, security for Dr. Stevenson, to } A. Hoops George Fitzhugh	Alexander Lawfon and Co. Dr. H. Stevenson Daniel Dulany, of Walter	Apply to A. Lawfon and Co. for payment. The bond ought to be paid and taken up before the claim is admissible. Probate wanting by George Fitzhugh, that he has received no satisfaction from Daniel Dulany, or indemnification for the said claim.
Hambleton Davidson Clement Sewell	Robert Christie, jan. Robert Alexander	Wants explanation and information. No probate that R. Alexander received the money; Mr. Sewell only makes a memorandum of his belief, not upon oath.
George M <sup>c</sup> Candlefs	Nottingham Company	This being a private account against Corbin Lee is inadmissible as a claim against the company.
Shields and Mattison Clement Sewell, administrator of Mrs. Smith	Ditto James Chalmers	Same. It appears by Mr. Chalmers's books and other vouchers, that there will be nothing due the estate of Mrs. Smith on a settlement of their accounts.
Joseph Harris Barbara Harris Thomas Riche Sylvanus Prothero, assigned to Robert Anderson John Moore Gideon Haynes	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. By an account current exhibited by Mr. Chalmers, it appears that Mr. Haynes is indebted to him for rent after the expiration of his lease.

By order,

T. J. O. H. N. S. O. N, jun. clk.

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A VERY valuable tract of land, situated on Patuxent river, in St. Mary's county, containing upwards of 500 acres, four miles from the mouth of Patuxent, and adjoining Town creek; on the land are a large cow house, and several other houses convenient for three families; its prospect and situation for fish and oysters are equal to any on Patuxent river; there are about 200 acres in cultivation, and upwards of 300 well wooded and timbered; there may be erected a very good water mill at a small expence, as there formerly stood a mill, and nothing is now wanting but the house; the plantation is in good repair, and immediate possession will be given. Four or five years credit will be given the purchaser for the greatest part of the purchase money, as may be agreed on the day of sale, on his giving bond with interest and approved security.

All persons having claims against the aforesaid Hugh Hopewell, deceased, are desired to bring them to Charles Chilton, who is authorized to receive any monies due the estate of the said Hugh Hopewell, and give every necessary acquittance or discharge, or to the subscriber, that they may be adjusted and paid, and all those who are any ways indebted to the estate are requested immediately to settle and discharge the same. Those who neglect complying with this notice may depend on being dealt with as the law directs.

HANNAH HOPEWELL, executrix.

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State of Maryland, September 27, 1785.  
ALL persons having any claims against the estate of Joshua Sanders, late of Charles county, deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, are requested to send them in, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

WILLIAM LEIGH, for ANNE SANDERS, administratrix.

Queen Anne's county, October 1, 1785.

BACON hams and shoulders of the best quality to be sold; if wanted for exportation they are warranted to keep perfectly sound a nine months voyage. If an equal number of each are taken, the price is fifteen pence per pound.

ROBERT BROWNÉ.

Lands at Private Sale.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale, TWO very valuable tracts of land, situate and lying as follows, viz: one on the head of South river, within three miles of navigable water on said river, and about the same distance from the river Patuxent, containing about 800 acres, well adapted for corn, wheat, or tobacco, and particularly the latter, it is well watered and timbered, and has a very good mill stream running through it; some meadow ground, and much more may be made; its improvements are, an exceeding good dwelling house with three large rooms on each floor, a kitchen and quarter, corn house, stable, tobacco house, two very fine apple orchards, together with a number of other very valuable fruit trees.

One other tract, containing nearly the same quantity of acres, lying within five miles of the above, situate in the fork of the river Patuxent, and commonly known by the name of the Folk Quarter, or Duvall's Range; several saw mills might be erected to great advantage, it being better wooded than any land within many miles; at least 200 acres of very excellent meadow may be made; its improvements are, a dwelling house, quarter, corn house, stable, tobacco house, also two apple orchards. No person need apply that cannot pay down at least two thirds of the purchase money for either of the above tracts of land; for the remaining third part twelve months credit will be allowed, on giving bond with approved security.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

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WILLIAM LEIGH, for ANNE SANDERS, administratrix.

N. B. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland, praying that a law may pass to convey in fee simple, part of two tracts of land, St. Andrew's Cross and the Fork, lying in Kent county, late the property of William Haley, deceased, and now in part belonging to minors incapable of making a legal title.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground in Annapolis, which I lately bought of Nathaa Hammond, and which formerly was the property of col. Hammond, and by him purchased of Thomas Larkin.

10th Oct. 1785. W. PACA.

September 28, 1785.  
To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Tuesday the 1<sup>st</sup> of November next,

A TRACT of land, containing 374 acres, known by the name of Brashier's Procopon, lying in Prince-George's county, within 6 miles of Bladensburg, and 15 of George town; the land is well timbered and improved, good for wheat, corn, rye, and tobacco, has on it a dwelling house 32 feet by 18, with two brick chimnies, a kitchen 16 feet square, a good meat and milk house, a valuable cellar in good repair, a quarter with a shed and brick chimney, 16 feet by 12, two bearing orchards, a tobacco house in good repair, 45 by 30, a valuable meadow is made on the land, and another may be made at a small expence; the whole is well watered. Half the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, credit will be given for the other half, on bond with good security, by

JOHN TURNER.

N. B. Any person desirous of purchasing at private sale may apply before the day of public sale.

St. Mary's county, October 8, 1785.

THE subscribers having become securities for Joseph Burroughs to the State of Maryland, for the payment of a tract of land in Culverton manor, Charles county, the said Burroughs having absconded without leaving effects sufficient to discharge the aforesaid debt: Notice is hereby given, that we intend to petition the next general assembly, for leave to sell the land purchased of the state by the aforesaid Burroughs.

JAMES CHAPPELEAR, THOMAS LOCK.

October 10 1785.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm the right and title of all those lands in and near the city of Annapolis, which were formerly the property of Thomas Bordley, and which have remained in the possession of his devisees and heirs for upwards of sixty years last past.

MATTHIAS BORDLEY.

September 20, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we intend presenting a petition to the next general assembly of this state, to empower us to make sale of certain lands being in the counties of Washington, Frederick, Prince-George's, and Charles, the property of the heirs of Dr. Adam Thompson, deceased.

JOHN HAWKINS, LILBURN WILLIAMS.

August 23, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly for an act to enable the subscriber to reconvey; in the name of Lucretia Edmondson, part of a tract of land in Caroline county, called Smith's Discovery, to Michael Smith, of the same county.

DAVID KERR.

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 27, 1785.

## FRANKFORT, July 9.

THE trade on the Rhine is valued at 100,000,000 of florins per annum, the greatest part is in the hands of the Dutch; they employ near 1300 ships, the lading from one thousand to four thousand quintals.

BERLIN, July 16. It is certain that some differences subsist between this court and the city of Dantzick; which are attributed to the explication of the convention, and which prevents the execution of it relative to certain points; but we have reason to flatter ourselves that they will soon be adjusted to the satisfaction of the two high contracting parties.

## LONDON, August 2.

All the Spanish ships which have lately arrived in the river Thames, are armed from ten to sixteen guns each, and full of men; the Dons having discovered that there is no other way of carrying on trade, on account of the Algerine pirates.

Aug. 3. All the foreign oriental companies have stopped sending ships to China, since the late regulations which put a stop to the smuggling of tea, except the French and Dutch; the first of these, however, only send seven, and even the Dutch but eleven.—Our own company will this year have thirty ships employed in that trade only, which will employ 3000 seamen: another year may probably increase them.

The eldest daughter of the late general Scott is on her way to London, to take possession of his brother's estate, which amounts to about 60,000l. This gentleman died lately in Percy street, and, what is remarkable, expired with 30,000l. in his hands, which he firmly grasped till the last moment of his existence.

Miss Scott possesses an immense fortune. Her father accumulated 250,000l. by play, at which he was fortunate to a degree of astonishment. At his death he left 150,000l. to his eldest daughter, and 50,000l. to each of his other two female children.

The eldest of the three ladies above alluded to is about fourteen years of age; and by her father's will she is obliged to reject every proposal of marriage from a peer, as the general was resolved that the bulk of his fortune should not fall into the hands of a cyphered nobleman.

Aug. 8. The arret of France, prohibiting British muslins and gauzes, will be found of very serious and material concern to this country. At the last India sale, the French purchased nearly three fourths of the whole quantity of musling set up, and orders have been sent out for a quantity to supply succeeding sales. The consequence of the first sale, was an encouragement to the home manufactures: the consequence of the second will be, that the imported India muslins will become a drug, and stop the sale of home made goods.

### Extract of a letter from Madrid, July 2.

The infant don Louis is at the last extremity at Arenas, his usual residence.

The last accounts from America are not of the most agreeable nature; they mention that the Indians of Buenos Ayres having approached the Spanish settlements in number about 20,000, the governor sent 200 foot and 50 horse against them, this corps was soon cut to pieces, and a small number only remained. M. de la Pietra, the intendant of that establishment, was so struck with this catastrophe, that he was seized with a fit of apoplexy, and died upon the spot.

A vessel is arrived from the Havana at Cadiz, with the disagreeable account, that the arsenal at that place was burned to the ground, and the damage done cannot be ascertained.

Several couriers are arrived from Barcelona, with dispatches from comte d'Artois, commandant of that place, bringing an account that the number of French troops in Roussillon and Navarre increase daily. No doubt we shall soon be made acquainted with the reason of these extraordinary movements.

### Extract of a letter from Dantzick, July 10.

They write from Peterburgh, that the Russian fleet at Cronstadt, consisting of 15 men of war, 4 frigates, 2 fire ships, and 2 hospital ships, are to sail immediately. This whole fleet is victualled for 6 months; part of it is to be commanded by rear admiral Krute; the other commanders are not yet known. They will sail to the North Sea, and keep together till they arrive in a certain latitude. A detachment of six or seven ships, 3 frigates, 2 fire-ships, and an hospital ship, will be then separated from them to cruise in the Mediterranean. The others will wait for the ship coming from Archangel to enter the North Sea. There are still remaining at Cronstadt 15 ships of the line ready for sailing, of which a division of eight or nine are victualled only for a short cruise to exercise the team.

A letter from Copenhagen says, that advice is received there, that a vessel belonging to Eisleur is taken by an armed xebec, belonging to the emperor of Morocco, and carried into Tunis, and the crew sent up the country into slavery: this account was sent to Copenhagen by the English consul. The affair has been represented to the king, who is determined to send some men of war to demand the above vessel and the crew to be released; on refusal, to take, sink, burn, and destroy all the Barbary vessels they meet with. The letter says, the king relents this affair more on account that the Morocco ambassador was loaded with presents when he went from Copenhagen a few months ago.

On Wednesday last the secretary at war issued orders for all the garrisons throughout the kingdom of Great-Britain to be immediately provided with six months stores of every kind before the winter sets in; and the several storekeepers are ordered to transmit directly an account of such articles as are wanting.

The building of ships of war, in most of our ports, is now carried on with the greatest assiduity. In the river there are as many building as at any period within the last ten years. This is not occasioned by an idea that the French or Spaniards are inclined to renew the war (for it is well known that their finances are as incapable of bearing the expences of one as ours) but by the formidable naval preparations which have for some time past been making at Brest and Rochfort, which was expected as a matter of certainty; for it was the avowed determination of the French ministry, at the time peace was settled, to keep up a more respectable marine establishment than was ever done in peaceable times before.

## PORTSMOUTH, September 30.

Our neighbours, the inhabitants of the three counties of York, Cumberland, and Lincoln, in the commonwealth of Massachusetts, seem determined to resolve themselves into a separate state. A convention for this purpose is to be holden at Falmouth, on the 5th day of October next; and from the general concurrence of sentiment amongst them, we have every reason to expect that some spirited resolutions will then be entered upon.

A correspondent informs, that it is expected there will be the largest concourse of people ever known to assemble in the eastern territories, at the above intended meeting; and that a memorial to congress will be immediately agreed on.

## NEW-YORK, October 14.

In reading the doleful lamentations of the English merchants with respect to the late exclusion of British goods from France, one would easily suppose that Great-Britain furnished the whole kingdom with her manufactures, and that the prohibition contained in the arret of the 17th of July, would produce in England a revolution equal to the independence of America. But those who are better acquainted with the industry of the French nation, will perceive that these clamours are exaggerated to the highest degree; that, the capital excepted, the kingdom had never occasion for importing English manufactures, and that even in Paris, gauzes only and English buttons were articles of some importance for the British commerce. Many Parisian shops were indeed known under the name of English warehouses; but, the two before mentioned articles excepted, they commonly sold French cloth and silk for British manufactures, because novelty induced the customers to purchase them at a much higher price than they would have paid for French ones. If the arret had not stopped the progress of this infatuation, the natural fickleness of the Parisian beau monde would have produced the same effect, and the precluded British manufactures would have been abandoned for the same reason for which they have been adopted, viz. for the sake of novelty. But it would have been prejudicial to the reputation of French manufactures, to let this folly subsist any longer, and to have their best produce sold for English workmanship. Therefore, the 7th article of the arret, very severely forbids to write over the shops, "Warehouse for English manufactures." The lamentations of the English gazetteers, are therefore as ill-founded as their triumph some months ago, when they asserted that Paris had entirely turned English, and that every fashion and manufacture was imported there from London.

By the London papers we find, that armies are reviewed and augmented; that ships of war are building in great numbers; that the navy has been scrupulously examined; that an armament is now under sailing orders, consisting of forty odd ships of the line and frigates; it is said on a cruise; that the army and navy of France is in the best order ever known to be, &c. The conjectures upon the subject are numerous, and upon the whole we are necessarily led to conclude, that all is not so well as the Europeans could wish.

## PHILADELPHIA, October 17.

By the UNITED STATES IN CONGRESS assembled, New York, October 12, 1785.

WHEREAS it is indispensably necessary for the support of federal government, that the states should supply their quotas of money, for the purposes stated in the estimates of the subsisting requisitions of congress.

And whereas certificates for the interest arising on loan office certificates, and other certificates of liquidated debts, previously to the last day of December, 1782, from the deficiencies of some of the state to comply with the requisition of the 4th of September, 1782, and 27th and 28th of April, 1784, will, in pursuance of the requisition of the 27th of September, 1785, be issued by the commissioners of the continental loan offices in such states.

And whereas the extra certificates which the said commissioners may issue for the payment of the said interest, should be called in or redeemed by the deficient states in order to complete their respective quotas of the interest of the domestic debt, specified in the said requisitions of the 4th of September, 1782, and 27th and 28th of April, 1784.

Resolved, That the several states be earnestly called on to complete without delay the whole of their quotas of the requisitions last mentioned, and that such of the states as may be deficient in paying their respective quotas of the interest of the domestic debt pursuant to the said requisitions, be required to collect and pay into the public treasury the amount of such deficiencies, either in certificates to be issued by the commissioners of the continental loan-offices, pursuant to the requisition of the 27th of September, 1785, for the payment of the said interest, or in specie, to be applied to the redemption of such certificates; provided that the sum so to be paid into the treasury in interest certificates as part of the requisition of the 27th and 28th of April, 1784, shall not at any time exceed the proportion of facilities to be paid into the treasury, agreeably to the requisition last mentioned.

Every arrival from the West-Indies, serves to confirm the melancholy accounts hitherto published of the havoc and destruction made in that quarter, both among the shipping and on the islands, by the terrible hurricane which happened on the 25th and 26th of August last.

### Extract of a letter from Norfolk, in Virginia, September 30.

Many vessels have lately been lost on and off our coast, such as I have heard of, are as follow: The brig Nancy, captain Eastwood, from Madeira with a cargo of wines, the greatest part of which are entirely lost, the captain and a boy were the only persons saved; a ship from Antigua for this place, laden with rum, a Dutch ship from Philadelphia, coming into this river to load with tobacco for France. Also a brig from Dumfries, loaded with tobacco, bound to London, lost in Lynnhaven bay.

### Extract of a letter from Richmond, in Virginia, October 3.

On Saturday evening the York packet, captain Walters, was drove from her moorings at Cherriford, opposite Colonel Savage's, and was carried into the bay, where she sunk. Captain Walters and the crew saved themselves by swimming.

The Northampton Packet was drove over Hungar's bar, and supposed to be carried to sea.

A sloop of Mr. John Statton's drove from her moorings in King's Creek, on the eastern shore, into a corn field of Colonel Robbins's. The crew in attempting to swim on shore, after the vessel in the field, perished.

### Extract of a letter from a master of a ship to a gentleman in this city, dated Cadiz, August 6, 1785.

I cannot close this without relating to you, the impediments I met with on my passage from England, by the Algerine cruisers. The first I met with was near the rock of Lisbon, who after a short scrutiny of my pass and some detention, permitted me to proceed; the next I fell in with off Cape St. Vincent; a large ship then in company with me, drew the attention of the Algerine xebec, who dispatched her boat after me, and pursued the ship. Fortunately a breeze sprung up that gave me the advantage of the boat, who declined her chase, and joined the xebec, who by this time had commenced a running fight with the ship, that was obliged to take shelter under a Spanish fort; the next I fell in with off Cape St. Mary's, who made me hoist my boat out and send my pass on board him, who after a deal of examination and strict scrutiny into the reality of my pass, suffered me to go on. At 12 o'clock at night, not being then 10 leagues from Cadiz, was brought to by two more, who served me as before, and the next morning I was joyfully anchored here, where I am told they have extended themselves to the westward of the Western Islands in search of American and Portuguese vessels. At present there is a truce subsisting between them and Spain, but it is conjectured it will not terminate in a permanent peace.

## ANNAPOLIS, October 27.

His Britannic majesty's packet Carteret, captain Newman, will sail with the mail from New-York for Falmouth, on Wednesday the 2d of November.

From the Virginia Gazette.

### Particulars of the fate of the ship Jesmond, captain Smith, bound from London to Virginia.

On Friday the 24th ult. at 2 P. M. making a point of land, which was supposed to be Cape Henry, bearing N. W. by W. and falling into shoal and irregular soundings, wore ship, till one A. M. under a heavy press of sail to avoid the lee shore. At three handed the fore and mizen-top-sails, the gale increasing; at six handed the main-sail, and reefed preventer forebraces, the sea shipping heavily fore and aft, and carried away the jib-boom. At eight pitched away the main-top-gallant-mast, and split the mizen stay-sail; in this situation hove overboard the driver and boom, steering-fail boom, and all the spars upon deck. At nine shallowed our water from twenty to eight fathoms, labouring under a tremendous sea, which threatened instant destruction. From blowing as described, a hurricane from the N. E. it fell calm, hove and sheeted home the mizen top-sail, with an intent to keep the ship's head to the sea; the ocean at this instant appeared in a most surprising agitation, shipped a dreadful sea upon our larboard quarter, which hove the ship upon her broad-side, and shifted all her cargo to starboard, washed a man out of the main-top (it being 30 feet above deck) and five from off the deck, one of whom was our carpenter, carried away our quarter gallery rails, boats, binnacle, cabouse, and in short every thing that could

possibly be moved. After being about ten minutes calm, the hurricane burst forth with enraged fury from the S. W. Our situation now became truly deplorable, without boats, with but half our hands, wrecked of all our masts, deprived of our compasses, the ship labouring, and often overwhelmed with the most tremendous seas, and expecting every instant to be dashed on the shoals of Hatteras. Language wants expression to paint the horrors of the distressed crew and passengers. After every effort to right the ship, we resigned her to the sea, to the mercy of the wind and weather, having lost all our masts and most of our seamen. The next day's sun, raised our drooping spirits to make some feeble effort towards righting ship and making a jury mast, still drifting unmanageably as the elements would have us. The morning of the third day, we discovered a vessel bearing N. by W. about ten miles distant, which perceiving our distress bore down and spoke us, hoisted out her boat and gave us relief. She proved to be the Crown, captain Henry Fox, from Norfolk to Falmouth. Too much cannot be said of this good man's humanity, who without exaction, relieved our distresses, in administering comfort to the exhausted spirits of the passengers, and giving relief to the wounds and bruises of the worthy seamen.

The above, I hope, will strike the attention of my countrymen, towards erecting a light-house at Cape Henry as well to preserve the lives and property of thousands as to give encouragement to foreigners.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of January next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

HENRY ARMSTRONG, Salisbury town-ship; Mr. All, Mrs. Annis, Mr. Ashmead, Pe-regine Alque, Annapolis.

Thomas Bourke, Cambridge; James Berry, Choptank; Basil Brown, Queen's-town; Alexander Bell, Lower Marlborough; Samuel Baldwin, Talbot; Monsieur le capitain Boyent, Jesse Bowlin, Stephen Bullock, Annapolis.

Rev. Mr. Cutting, Snow-hill; John Cowman, South river; Joseph Cowman West river; Thomas Crackels, Port-Tobacco; Richard Bennet Carmichael, Wye river; Samuel Chew, Herring bay; Joshua Clarke, near Queen-Anne; Nicholas Carberry (1), Henry Carberry, St. Mary's county; John Callahan, Jeremiah T. Chate (2), Annapolis.

John Davidson, Anne Dowds, Lewis Devow, Annapolis.

James Elsey, jun. Somerset county; John Eversfield, near Nottingham.

Captain James Fenwick, St. Mary's county. Joshua George, ten. Kent county.

Robert Harrison, Cambridge; David Hart, Kent county; Thomas Hicks, Dorchester county; Hugh Hopkins, Talbot county; William Hamilton, Charles county; Philip Hall, John Hall, near Annapolis; James Harper, John Henry, Monsieur John Hall, hon. R. H. Harrison, Annapolis.

The Justices of St. Mary's county; Thomas Jordan, Talbot county; Edward Jones, Port-Tobacco; Thomas Johnson, Calvert county; John Johnston, Thomas Jennings, Mr. Ireland, Denton Jacques, Annapolis.

William Kirkpatrick, Charles county; John Kilty, John Kirkham, Annapolis.

J. Linley, Snow-hill; Robert Lamar, Queen Anne; Robert Lillburn, St. Mary's county; William Leigh, near Port-Tobacco; George Lewis, Annapolis.

John Booker Meek, Charles county; Dr. Charles Mayer, Queen-Anne's county; Austin Milburn, James Martin, St. Mary's county; Mrs. Manson, Elizabeth Montague, Beriah Maybury, Annapolis.

Alexander Ogg, Calvert county.

Messieurs N. and V. Peers (2), Port-Tobacco; James Priclety, Calvert county; Charles Philiphill, Salisbury.

William Rofs, Vienna; Littleton Robins, John Purnell Robins, Simeonuxent; Sarah Rencher, Charles county; Mary Rose, Annapolis.

Henry Sumner, Queen's-town.

Alexander Trueman, Annapolis.

John Voss, Caroline county.

William Wakely, Benefield; Levin Wails, Patuxent; Arnold Wilkens, St. Mary's county; Mrs. Wilson (2), Joseph Wilkason, Calvert county.

Parker Young, Calvert county.

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, October 21, 1785.

On Monday the 21st of November next, will be sold, at Mr. M'Candless's, in Baltimore-town, the undermentioned confiscated property, which belonged to the Nottingham and Principio companies, to wit:

THAT part of the White Marsh plantation which lies below the road, and was purchased at a former sale by John Hammond Cromwell. Lot No. 78, containing 219 1/2 acres. No. 6, 66 1/2 acres. No. 70, 212 1/2 acres, in the neighbourhood of Baltimore town. Also 7 acres of valuable meadow adjoining Baltimore-town, which belonged to James Christie. And lot No. 76 of My Lady's Manor, containing 114 1/2 acres.

At Frederick-town, on Saturday the 26th of November, will be sold, sundry lots of Monocacy Manor, to wit: Lot No. 29, 138 acres. No. 36, 252 acres. No. 63, 133 acres.

The property will be sold for current money, or any specie state certificates, payable on the first day of January 1790, with interest annually. Bond with approved security to be given on the day of sale.

CLEMENT HOLLYDAY, GABRIEL DUVALL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next general assembly for restitution of, or compensation for, that part of his confiscated property which remains unsold.

HENRY ADDISON.

October 26, 1785.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Friday the 11th of November, if fair, if not the next fair day.

A VALUABLE plantation, lying on the North Run, near the Head of South river, containing two hundred and two acres; the improvements are, a good dwelling house and other out-houses, two good meadows, and a good apple orchard.

ROBERT ELLIOTT.

N. B. The conditions of the sale to be, one half of the purchase money to be paid down, the other half in two equal payments, one at the end of six months, the other at twelve. Bond with security will be required.

Maryland, October 8, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of land, called Resurvey on Locust Thicket; it lies in Montgomery county, and contains one hundred and eighty-eight acres; the soil is well adapted to corn, wheat, or tobacco, and is well watered and timbered; there are about forty acres cleared, and about fifteen acres which may be improved into valuable meadow; it lies within two miles and a half of Montgomery court-house. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by applying to James Symphon, living at George-town, or to the subscriber, living near Port-Tobacco.

PETER GREEN.

Pursuant to the last will and testament of the late Mr. John Chew, of Anne-Arundel county, will be exposed to public sale, at his late dwelling, on Friday the 4th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, for ready money,

PART of a tract of land called Birchhead's Lot, containing forty-nine acres, more or less, adjoining to his late dwelling plantation; also six negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, with the stock of horses, cattle, and plantation utensils, &c.

SAMUEL CHEW, executor

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, at the house of the subscriber, opposite Alexandria, on Monday the 28th of November, if fair, if not the next fair day,

ALL the personal estate of George Frazier Hawkins, Esq; deceased, consisting of negroes of different ages and sexes, cattle, sheep, hogs, and horses, and a variety of household furniture. Six months credit, with bond and good security, will be given for all sums above twenty-five shillings.

All persons who have claims against the estate, are requested to bring them in legally proved, and all those who are indebted to the same, will, by discharging them, much oblige their humble servant,

ANNA J. HAWKINS, executrix.

October 20, 1785.

LOST or stolen from my pocket, in Marlborough, the 5th instant, a red Morocco Pocket Book, containing an agreement between Mr. James Perry and myself for a tract of land, a bond for conveyance of said land, two final settlement certificates, signed by Mr. John Peirce, commissioner for settling the accounts of the army, and counter-signed John White, D. C. dated the first of February 1785, viz.

No. 89.456—1573 3/8 Dollars, on interest from the first of January 1783.

No. 89.457—1555 3/8 Dollars, on interest from March 1783.

I have taken proper methods to prevent any persons imposing the certificates on the continental treasurer, and the bonds can be of no service; I therefore will take it a particular favour of any person to return said certificates, besides a reward of eight dollars, paid by

SAMUEL B. BEALL.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Edward Boardman, sen. late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have claims are desired to bring them in properly attested, that they may be settled, by

JAMES BOARMAN.

TAKEN up as a stray, by William Hays, in Anne-Arundel county, a small black gelding, eight years old, about twelve hands high, has a snip on his nose, his off hind foot white, hanging mane and bob tail, and two wall eyes. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

W 3

TAKEN up as a stray, by Michael Mackinsey, a bay horse, about six years old, thirteen and a half hands high, trots and shod before, has a star in his forehead, some white on his nose, his fore feet white to his fetlocks, and has no perceivable brand. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

W 3

Montgomery county, August 20, 1785.

THERE is in the rev. Mr. Williamson's enclosure, a stray red steer, with large a star in his forehead, has a swallow fork in the right and an under bit in the left ear. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

ALEXANDER ALLEN, manager.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 16th of January next, at the plantation of the late William Thomas, near Annapolis,

ABOUT twenty negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, among which are valuable plantation and house servants, also the stock of horses, black cattle, sheep, and hogs, with plantation utensils.

At same time will be exposed to sale, two thirds of that beautiful plantation, lying on the Mouth of South river, three miles from Annapolis, of about 800 acres in the whole, nearly half cleared, and of very good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, rye, and oats, with some meadow in timothy, and more may be made at a small expence. Six months credit will be given to the purchasers of the land and negroes, on giving bond with approved security.

MARY THOMAS.

P. S. The other third of the abovementioned plantation being dower land, will be sold or rented on the day of sale, as may be then agreed on with the purchaser of the two thirds, and should there be no sale, the whole will be rented and possession given immediately.

M. T.

CHESTER-TOWN RACES.

To be run for, on Wednesday the 2d of November next, over a course at Chester-town,

PURSE of THIRTY GUINEAS, three mile heats, carrying weight agreeable to the rules of the jockey club at Annapolis, and on Thursday following, will be run for, a purse of TWENTY GUINEAS, carrying weight for blood and age as follows, viz full blood aged horses to carry nine stone four pounds, to deduct seven pounds for every year under age, and ten pounds for every fourth deficiency in blood, the winning horse the first day excepted. Three reputed running horses to start, or no race. The judges will have ample power (in case of bad weather) to put off the racing to the ensuing fair day.

EDWARD WORRELL.

N. B. The eastern shore jockey club will sit at the same time at Chester-town, when applications for admittance into the same will be properly attended to.

2 X W 2

Herring-bay, October 13, 1785.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 14th of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THIRTY valuable negroes, such as blacksmiths, carpenters, coopers, caulkers, sawyers, several lads and boys, and a few young women and children; some cattle and horses. The payments as follow, one fourth to be paid on delivery of the property, one fourth in four months, one fourth in eight months, and the other fourth in twelve months. Bonds on interest with approved security to be given before the property is delivered.

DAVID WREMS.

2

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tuesday the first of November, if not sold before at private sale,

A NEGRO GIRL, about fourteen years of age. Enquire of the printers.

2 X

St. Mary's county, October, 1785.

To be SOLD on the premises, to the highest bidder, agreeable to the last will and testament of Hugh Hopewell, deceased, on the third Friday in November next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

A VERY valuable tract of land, situated on Patuxent river, in St. Mary's county, containing upwards of 500 acres, four miles from the mouth of Patuxent, and adjoining Town creek; on the land are a large cow house, and several other houses convenient for three families; its prospect and situation for fish and oysters are equal to any on Patuxent river; there are about 200 acres in cultivation, and upwards of 300 well wooded and timbered; there may be erected a very good water mill at a small expence, as there formerly stood a mill, and nothing is now wanting but the house; the plantation is in good repair, and immediate possession will be given. Four or five years credit will be given the purchaser for the greatest part of the purchase money, as may be agreed on the day of sale, on his giving bond with interest and approved security.

All persons having claims against the aforesaid Hugh Hopewell, deceased, are desired to bring them to Charles Chilton, who is authorized to receive any monies due the estate of the said Hugh Hopewell, and give every necessary acquittance or discharge, or to the subscriber, that they may be adjusted and paid, and all those who are any ways indebted to the estate are requested immediately to settle and discharge the same. Those who neglect complying with this notice may depend on being dealt with as the law directs.

HANNAH HOPEWELL, executrix.

3

August 19, 1785.

THE subscriber, confined in the common goal of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

THOMAS MANUEL.

OX W 8

THE full Joseph for the payme- nor, Charles e- scended without the aforesaid d- intend to peti- leave to sell t- aforesaid Burro

3

NOTICE be pref- lay out a new- the road lead- thence throu- Samuel Smith- and William- King, till it in- mill up the Po-

NOTICE be pref- Maryland, pr- in fee simp- drew's Crofs- late the prop- now in part- making a leg-

THIS is a cern, t- assembly at th- my right and- which I lately- which form- and by him p- 10th Oct.

NOTICE will be to pass a law- county court, marsh on the- the lower fer- creek over w- build a whar-

THIS cence- assembly at- my right an- cincts of A- certain col- by him-pur- Anne-Arund-

THIS cern, t- sibly at th- right and th- of Annapoli- Thomas B- possession of- sixty years

NOTICE ferrin- this date, to- being in the- George's, a- Adm- Tho-

NOTICE be p- an act to- move of J- land in C- to Michae-

NOTICE appl- sibly, to- Justice Shav- the planta- lease not- due time.

THE rel- instrument- and tollan-

NOTICE be p- May 1785-

St. Mary's county, October 8, 1785.  
**T**HE subscribers having become securitias for Joseph Burroughs to the state of Maryland, for the payment of a tract of land in Culverton manor, Charles county; the said Burroughs having absconded without leaving effects sufficient to discharge the aforesaid debt: Notice is hereby given, that we intend to petition the next general assembly, for leave to sell the land purchased of the state by the aforesaid Burroughs.

JAMES CHAPPELEAR,  
THOMAS LOCK.

Somerlet, September 1, 1785.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to lay out a new road beginning at Samuel Smith's, on the road leading from Back creek to Stevens's ferry, thence through the swamp between the lands of Samuel Smith and William Miles, Nehemiah King and William Mitchell, David Wilson and Jesse King, till it intersects the road leading from Miles's mill up the Pocohans.

September 2, 1785.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland, praying that a law may pass to convey in fee simple, part of two tracts of land, St. Andrew's Cross and the Fork, lying in Kent county, late the property of William Haley, deceased, and now in part belonging to minors incapable of making a legal title.

**T**HIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground in Annapolis, which I lately bought of Nathan Hammond, and which formerly was the property of col. Hammond, and by him purchased of Thomas Larkin.

September 1, 1785.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to pass a law to empower the justices of Somerlet county court, to extend the causeway through the marsh on the south side of Wicomico river, opposite the lower ferry, and to build a bridge across a small creek over which the road must pass, and also to build a wharf at the end of the said causeway.

Annapolis, October 1, 1785.  
**T**HIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground, in the precincts of Annapolis, which I formerly bought of a certain colonel Charles Hammond, and which was by him purchased of a certain Thomas Larkin, of Anne Arundel county.

October 10 1785.  
**T**HIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm the right and title of all those lands in and near the city of Annapolis, which were formerly the property of Thomas Bordley, and which have remained in the possession of his devisees and heirs for upwards of fifty years last past.

September 20, 1785.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that we intend presenting a petition to the next general assembly of this state, to empower us to make sale of certain lands being in the counties of Washington, Frederick, Prince George's, and Charles, the property of the heirs of Dr. Adam Thompson, deceased.

August 23, 1785.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly for an act to enable the subscriber to recover, in the name of Lucretia Edmondson, part of a tract of land in Caroline county, called Smith's Discovery, to Michael Smith, of the same county.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next session of the general assembly, for a law to remedy the defect in a lease from Julius Shaw, late of Prince George's county, to me, for the plantation where the said Shaw did live, the said lease not having been acknowledged and recorded in due time.

Annapolis, September 27, 1785.  
**T**HE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly to confirm and make valid a certain instrument of writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of his late father.

Charles county, July 1, 1785.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of Maryland, for that useful bridge-way, now ped up by Richard Burdett, to be opened.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to give a title to a tract of land lying in Dorchester county, called Galloway's Fancy, unto James Poole.

JAMES POOLE,  
SARAH FERGUSON.

August 30, 1785.  
**T**HIS is to give notice, that I intend to apply to the next general assembly for such restitution of, or compensation for, my property, which has been sold as confiscated, as they in justice shall think reasonable.

Charles county, September 16, 1785.  
**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly at their next meeting, praying them to pass an act to alter the main road leading from Piles's warehouse to Allen's Fresh, the road as now laid out being impassable for carriages of any kind.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the next general assembly to pass a law to enable Sarah Ferguson to convey all the land lying on an island in Dorchester county, called Ferguson's Island, unto Thomas Donnack and his heirs.

**A** PETITION will be presented to the next general assembly, for an allowance in the several counties of balances due the estate of the late Mrs. Anne Catharine Green, as printer to the then province of Maryland.

August 20, 1785.  
**T**HE subscriber, confined in the common goal of Cecil county for debt, intends to petition the general assembly at their first sitting for his liberation.

Will be SOLD at VENDUE, on the deceased Joshua Sanders's plantation, at Newport, the first of November next, and continued until all are sold.

**F**OURTEEN valuable country born negroes, all the stock and household furniture thereon, by WILLIAM LEIGH, for ANNE SANDERS, administratrix.

**N. B.** The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

September 20, 1785.  
**J**UST IMPORTED, In the ship ESSEX and SAMUEL, from London, and to be sold on the most reasonable terms by Ridgely and Evans, at their store near the head of the Dock, for cash, or good bills of exchange on London.

**A** N assortment of GOODS suitable to the season, among which are, Superfine, second, and coarse broad clothes, double milled drab, Devonshire kerseys, Bath coatings, bearskins, hunters plains, German serges, green and blue frizes, duffins, half-thicks, penitents, farnought, negro cottons, flannels, linseys, green baize, ready made great coats and pea jackets, green, blue, and mottled rags, role and striped blankets, durants, tammies, figured stuffs, shalloons, camlets and camleets, silk and stuff quilted petticoats, cotton corduroys, velvets and thickets, womens and girls scarlet cardinals and cloaks, mens, boys, and womens thread, cotton, and worsted hosiery, mens milled yarn ditto and gloves, silken caps, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, brown and white Irish and Russia sheetings, brown holland, housewife linens, 3 quarters and 7-8ths Irish and loomed dowlas, osabrigs, table clothes, diapers, 3 quarters and 7-8ths striped bedtickings, bed bunts, striped linens and cotton checks, womens, maids, and girls stays, mens and boys shoes, womens, maids, and girls stuff, Morocco, and black leather shoes and pumps, mens, youths, and boys fashionable hats, stationary, white and coloured threads, calicoes and chintzes, cambricks and lawns, black and white lace, rich black satin, fashionable plain lincetrings, moles, tarcanets, perians, rionands, gauzes, spring lawn, gauze and muslin aprons, gauze handkerchiefs, mullin, gloves and mitts, powder and shot, mustard, pewter, leans, lean and sail twine, 2 inch white rope, bed cords and leading lines, single refined loaf sugar, hyton tea, Anderson's pills, Stoughton's bitters, elegant brass pillar fire dogs, shovels and tongs, copper and newmake iron tea kettles, bell metal mortars and pestles, brass candlesticks, an assortment of cutlery, with various other articles not enumerated.

Annapolis, September 20, 1785.  
**T**HE subscriber takes this method to inform all those that are indebted to him on open account to the end of the year 1784 or by note, to come and settle them.

He likewise would wish to inform his customers that he has at his store by wholesale, good Jamaica spirit, West-India and New-England rum, and the following articles by retail, Lisbon and Teneriffe wine, loaf and brown muscovado sugars, molasses, coffee, chocolate, bohea tea, cludies, soap, Liverpool and Lisbon salt, an assortment of earthen ware, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

**A** VALUABLE FARM, on the north side of Severn river, with a genteel house thereon, and all convenient out houses, &c. Possession will be given between this and Christmas. Application to be made to Richard Burdett in Baltimore, or William Goldsmith in Annapolis.

Commissioner's office of army accounts, Annapolis, September 28, 1785.

**H**AVING long since taken every measure in my power to inform the officers and soldiers of the Maryland line, who have not received their arrears from the United States, that I should close the office for adjusting their claims in this date the first day of October, I find many have neglected to apply. Attention to their interest alone induces me to prolong the period until the tenth day of next November, after which no consideration whatever will render it possible to take notice of their demands, as the papers will then be sent to the commissioner for settling with the army, near congress, and should this intimation be neglected, the subscriber will hold himself fully justified from any difficulty or expense that may be the consequence.

JOHN WHITE, commissioner.

**T**HE subscribers have imported, in the Essex and Samuel, captain James Mitchell, from London, a large assortment of GOODS suitable to the season, amongst which are a very great choice of MANCHESTER and some FASHIONABLE SILKS.

They will dispose of the goods they have on hand, with those now imported, at wholesale, much to the advantage of the purchaser, as a considerable part may be had on a credit of two or three years, upon having the payment secured, and so far as is necessary punctually complied with as will enable them to comply with the payments to their correspondents in London. The goods are all fresh and good in quality. Should the purchaser be desirous of carrying on business in Annapolis, the store now kept by them on the Dock may be had with the goods.

THO. & BENJ. HARWOOD.

London-town, May 25, 1785.  
**R**AN away from the subscriber, the 28th of March last, a negro lad named WILL PRIMUS, about 20 or 22 years of age, tall and slender, has a long visage, and thick under lip, he is very artful, and a great rogue; he has been seen about the neighbourhood of Annapolis within these three weeks, but it is probable he has by this time gone further, perhaps to Baltimore, as he has some acquaintances there. Whoever will bring him to me, or secure him so that I get him again, shall receive three pounds, if taken out of this county five pounds.

JAMES McCULLOCH.

**J**UST IMPORTED, In the TERRY, captain DENNIS BUTLER, from London.

**A** GENERAL assortment of European and East-India goods, suitable to the season, which are now opening at our store opposite the Church Yard, and are for sale wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms, for ready money, bills of exchange, or tobacco.

The Terry will take in tobacco to the address of James Trecothick, Esq; and Company, merchants, in London, at seven pounds sterling per ton.

CRACROFT and HODGKIN.

London-town, October 11, 1785.  
**T**HE subscriber being properly prepared for receiving a large quantity of hides and skins to tan and curry, takes this method of informing those who chuse to favour him with their custom, that they may depend on being served with punctuality and care. All hides or skins not taken away within thirteen months after they are delivered, the owners must expect to forfeit one half of the leather for tanning the other.

**N. B.** I have for sale a large quantity of negro shoes, which may be had on the most reasonable terms; they are likewise sold by Mr. William Wilkins, Mr. Absalom Ridgely, and Mr. James Weil, in Annapolis.

**J**UST IMPORTED, In the ESSEX and SAMUEL, captain JAMES MITCHELL, from London, and will be sold by the subscriber, at his store near the Dock, on the lowest terms, for cash or good bills of exchange on London.

**A** LARGE assortment of GOODS suitable to the following articles, viz.

Superfine and fine broad-clothes, forest ditto, cassimers, milled and double milled drabs, 6, 7 and 8 quarters coatings, drab kersey, Devonshire ditto, German serges, duffins, farnoughts, Welch plains, knapped and plain cottons, half-thicks, flannels, baize, striped linseys, mixed frize, 8, 9 and 10 quarters blankets, match coat ditto, 7 and 8 quarters coverlets, 8, 9 and 10 quarters rugs, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, Irish and sleek dowlas, 3, 4 and 5 quarters checks, table-clothes, rhintzes, calicoes, stamp'd cottons, corduroys, satin beavers, velvets, hair shags, silk and worsted hosiery, tammies, durants, camlets, blue and scarlet cardinals, leans and lean twine, with a number of other goods not enumerated.

He likewise keeps all kinds of wet goods, which he sells, wholesale and retail, on the lowest terms, for cash.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

**T**AKEN up as a stray, by Joshua Young, son of Joshua, a gray GELDING, about fourteen hands high, branded on the near buttock C, about seven years old, shod before, is a natural pacer, cants very easy, has a switch tail, and is cat ham'd. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

State of Maryland, September 27, 1785.

**A**LL persons having any claims against the estate of Joshua Sanders, late of Charles county, deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, are requested to send them in, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

WILLIAM LEIGH, for ANNE SANDERS, administratrix.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS assembled, February 23, 1785.

RESOLVED, That the quartermaster-general, commissary of purchases, commissary of issues, commissary of forage, and all the late heads of departments, or their successors or agents, be required without delay, to forward to the board of treasury or to the comptroller, a list of their respective deputies who have been duly authorized to issue certificates. That the heads of departments aforesaid, and each of their deputies who have not settled their accounts, and all other persons who have issued certificates of debts due by the United States, loan-office certificates, and certificates of final settlement excepted, be required forthwith to deliver to the board of treasury, or to some commissioner of accounts in the state where such persons reside, a fair abstract of all the certificates which they have issued, and they shall specify those certificates for which they have taken receipts as for cash paid, and a copy of those abstracts shall be transmitted by the board of treasury to the several commissioners of accounts, to whom they may be of use in detecting frauds.

That a copy of these resolutions be published in the gazettes or public news-papers of the several states, and that if any person or persons so required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect for the space of two months from such publication, to deliver a full and just account of the certificates, he or they have issued, the board of treasury, or in case it is not at the time organized, the comptroller, shall take proper steps for causing him or them to be prosecuted according to law.

RESOLVED, That the commissioners of accounts be instructed, to be careful how they admit charges against the United States, on certificates which are not duly supported by the authority of congress, and the accounts of the officers who have issued them.

CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

An ACT for the discovery of confiscated British property.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the intendant of the revenue be authorized and required, at any time before the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-six, to call on all persons having confiscated British property in their possession, or the title papers thereof or relating thereto, to discover and make known, and deliver up the same; and if the said intendant has probable and good ground to suspect, that any person holds the same in trust for any British subject, or conceals the same, or any deeds, writings or evidence of the title to such property, he may and shall direct the attorney-general to file a bill in the high court of chancery, on behalf of this state, for the discovery of such trust or concealed property, and for delivering up such deeds, writings, and evidence of title to the same, and thereupon proceedings shall be had, and decree made, according to the rules of the high court of chancery in such cases.

And be it enacted, That if any person having possession of any confiscated British property, and not having a fair claim of title thereto, or having obtained the possession of any property formerly belonging to any British subject, in virtue of any gift, grant, sale, devise, or conveyance, made or executed since the nineteenth of April seventeen hundred and seventy-five, and before the first of December seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, by any person declared to be a British subject by the act to seize, confiscate and appropriate, all British property within this state, with intent and design to cover and protect such property from confiscation, or by any conveyance, gift, grant, sale or devise, made since the first of December seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, by any person declared a British subject as aforesaid, not bona fide in pursuance of some contract or agreement made before that day in writing, or for the just payment of a debt due before that day by the person making such grant, conveyance or sale, to the person receiving the same, and shall not discover the same property, and the circumstances under which the same is held, and deliver up the same and the title papers thereof to the intendant of the revenue, by the first day of January in the year seventeen hundred and eighty-six, such person shall forfeit one fourth of the value of the property; and if any person having possession of any such property shall voluntarily discover the same, the intendant shall have full power and authority to sell the same to such person at a reasonable price, secured to be paid to this state, and after the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-six, the intendant, on waiving the penalty, may direct a bill to be filed as aforesaid, against any person having possession of such property.

July 5, 1785.

RAN away, this morning, from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man named POMPEY, about five feet eight or ten inches high, twenty-five years of age, very black and smooth faced, stammers in his speech; had on when he went away, a white shirt and a pair of new striped holland trousers; it is probable he may change his name and dress, as he took with him other cloths, and pass for a free man; it is likely he will either make for Annapolis or Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get on board some vessel, as he has formerly been used to this way. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in any gaol so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of five pounds, paid by

ROBERT SANDERS.

September 12, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned, that the subscriber intends to apply to the court of chancery, for a commission to take charge of the person and estate of John Kellam (son of William Kellam) an idiot.

JOHN KELLAM.

Talbot court-house, July 4, 1785.

To be LET, for a term of years,

THE plantation of the subscriber, now in possession of Clement Hollyday, Esq; with six working negroes; it contains about three hundred and twelve acres; the soil good and situation healthy and pleasant, and convenient to one of the best markets for the seller in the United States; there will be a quantity of wheat sowed this fall. Possession will be given the first day of January next. No person need apply who will not give approved security for payment of the rents and performance of the covenants to be made, if required. For terms apply to Mr. Thomas Hyde, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber.

DAVID KERR.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, containing about 1300 acres, which will be disposed of by the whole tract, or laid off in convenient lots, as will best suit those who are inclined to purchase; the land is situated near the Fork of Patuxent, about 16 miles from Annapolis, 18 from Baltimore, and 6 from the Indian Landing; it is well adapted to farming or planting, is well timbered, and has the advantage of more than 100 acres of meadow ground, which can be improved at a small expence, as above 60 acres are cleared and ditched; the soil and improvements will be shewn by the overseer on the place, and the terms may be known, by applying to the subscriber, in Annapolis,

JAMES STEUART.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE plantation, lying on Patowmack river, and south side of Piscataway creek, about 7 miles from the flourishing town of Alexandria, containing 304 acres, more or less; the quality of this land is equal if not superior to any in this part of the country, nearly the whole being level, with wood sufficient to support it with care for a great number of years, about 41 acres of excellent meadow may be made with very little trouble or expence; this beautiful and fertile spot is almost surrounded with water, where fish and fowl in their different seasons may be taken in abundance through the year, many other advantages attend the situation of this valuable seat of land too tedious to mention. I have likewise 150 acres of wood land, within one mile of the above tract, which I will sell together or separate, as may be found most advantageous. One thousand pounds is expected to be paid down, or within a very short time, and five years credit will be given for the remainder, upon bond with approved security. If the above lands are sold, there will be offered for sale, a number of likely country born slaves, likewise horses, cattle, hogs, and plantation utensils.

J. H. BEANES.

Prince-George's county.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, living near Nottingham, on Friday the 22d day of July, a sorrel MARE, with a long tail and mane, a natural trotter, about thirteen hands and a half high, galled on each shoulder by the collar, branded thus C E. Whoever brings the said mare to the subscriber, or secures her so that the owner may get her again, shall receive six dollars reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

CHARLES EVERSFIELD.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, lying in Tulley's Neck, Queen Anne's county, containing 1100 acres, divided and rented out at present in three tenements; it will be sold separately, in tenements, or all together; it is good farming land, well wooded and watered, with a fine bottom of a mile and a half extent running through the land, capable of being improved into fine meadow, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to church and mills, and distant from the court-house six, and from Chester-town twelve miles. The whole, or any tenement of the above tract, will be sold for specie, or any specie state certificates taken in payment, upon credit, with bond and good security, until the first day of January 1790. Apply to William Ringgold, of Chester-town, or the subscriber,

JAMES RINGGOLD.

THERE are at the plantation of Edmund Wayman, in Anne Arundel county, two stray cows, one red, right ear cropped, and a hole in the left, short tail, and has a young calf; the other a brindle, right ear cropped, and left slit; also a cow yearling, and a short tailed black and white steer. Their owner or owners may have them again on proving property and paying charges.

WALTER DYER.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that a report which has been in circulation almost six years, of his being married, is groundless.

Intendant's-office, September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the state of Maryland, that do not pay the interest due upon their bonds by the last day of October, that execution shall issue agreeably to the directions of the act for the emission of bills of credit not exceeding two hundred thousand pounds, on the security of double the value in lands, &c.

DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER, intendant of the revenue.

September 17, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land, situate and lying on the mouth of Winter's Run, in Harford county, and containing about two hundred and twenty-seven acres; it is about twenty miles from Baltimore-town, about four from Harford-town, three from Joppa, a mile from Abington, and about the same distance from the navigable waters of Bush river; upwards of one hundred acres are a fine rich bottom. Also, five hundred acres, part of a tract of land lying on Bush River, and adjoining the town of Abington. For further particulars inquire of Mr. Richard Dallam, at Abington, in Harford county, or the subscriber, at Annapolis.

AQUILA PACA.

The subscriber has just imported a large and extensive assortment of books, stationary, jewelry, &c.

AMONG which are, books in history, biography, poetry, voyages, and travels, &c. medical philosophical, and political, with a great collection of novels, most of them in elegant bindings; folio, quarto, octavo, and pocket bibles; English and French prayer books; manuals, hymns, psalters, &c. large and small testaments; Dilworth's, Dyche's, Watts's, and Fisher's spelling books; Wetenhall's Latin and Greek grammars; Brightland's, Priestley's, Greenwood's, and other English grammars; Johnson's, Bailey's, and Dyche's, and other dictionaries; superfine thick and thin folio and quarto post, thick and thin gilt and black edge ditto, foolscap, and pot writing paper; blue and demy blotting and brown paper; large royal broad folio, medium, demy, and foolscap papers, ruled and plain, with proper alphabets, bound in rough calf; long and broad folio, quarto, demy, and foolscap account books; common-place books, neatly bound and clasped; demy and foolscap, long and broad, ruled and plain, folio and quarto waste and day books, in marble covers; demy and foolscap red leather memorandum books, ruled and plain, interleaved, &c. large and small superfine message cards; demy and foolscap paper cases; large and small drawing and copy books; palette board files; marble palettes; lead note presses, round and flat rulers; paint shells and painting brushes; square and round pewter and lead ink stands; ivory and polished leather ink pots; large and best English and Dutch pens and quills; large and small slates, with slate pencils; a great variety of the most fashionable and superb large and small gentlemen and ladies etwec cases, with silver edges and locks; demy and foolscap red Morocco and black Liverpool stropt pocket books; asses skin memorandum books of various sizes; gentlemen and ladies writing and shaving boxes; black leather pocket ditto; fine razors and razor strops; shaving boxes, with fine scented soap; black hair riband and pins; fine tortoiseshell and other large and small tooth combs; tooth-pick cases and brushes; fine enamelled with cut glais smelling bottles; nutmeg graters, and needle case ditto; elegant tortoiseshell and fine polished leather silver mounted snuff boxes; paper and japan'd ditto; a great variety of ladies set and pate shoe buckles; gentlemen's set knee ditto; pate breast pins; gold lockets, rings, and ear-rings; gold and silver vellum lace; elegant gold and silver spangled buttons; sleeve ditto; gilt and fine steel watch chains, and seals with elegant cyphers; cane strings; fine sliding silk purses; gentlemen's fine beaver gloves; plated shoe and knee buckles; metal and pinchbeck ditto; plated and steel spurs; fine ivory and black horn table knives and forks; sugar nippers; fine pen knives with cases; scissars; temple spectacles; cork-screws, &c. a great variety of childrens red and green Morocco pumps; little histories, &c. drawing instruments with surgeons lancets; German flutes and instructors for ditto; fowling pieces, and silver mounted pistols; elegant aquatintoes, mezz-tintoes, and engraved prints, some of them executed in a masterly manner; charts of the Chesapeake bay, and maps of North-America on cloth and framed; a great assortment of plays and farces; fine shining patent blacking cakes; buckle brushes; fishing hooks and lines; gentlemen's elastic hat bands; lawyers red tape; black lead pencils; superfine sealing wax and waters; gold leaf, &c.

STEPHEN CLARK.

N. B. Binding in all its various branches, port folios of all sorts and sizes executed in a neat and elegant manner, and on the shortest notice, by S. C.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition on behalf of Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson, to the next general assembly, for a restitution of her property.

EDWARD FENWICK.