

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1785.

LONDON, December 1.

HE idea of war is prevalent in all parts of France; indeed some late military orders make such an event appear to be near at hand.

There are more reasons than good paragraphs writers are aware of, when they mention the returning state of health of a royal duke, as a reason for his staying another year on the continent. The fact is, his royal highness had the misfortune of losing above a year's revenue in one night to the marriage of Anjou; the liquidation of which will require some further assistance from the expense of pleasure of this capital.

The gentleman who accompanied Mr. Blanchard in his flying vessel, we hear, was Dr. Jefferies, from America.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Jefferies to Dr. ...

"I wrote you far, very far above the clouds. We have had a short, but most noble and enchanting voyage of 21 miles, over Shooter's hill, &c. and landed on the banks of the Thames, in the parish of Stone, in Kent, within half a mile of Essex. Our motion was very rapid, and all our ballast expended."

The example of the emperor of Germany has a most happy influence, if it be true that the king of the two Sicilies is suppressing convents; and that the grand seignior takes all christians in his dominions, whether catholics, protestants, or Greeks, the free exercise of their religion.

Letters received within these few days from India, state the following facts:—That immediately on the signing of terms on the part of general Meadows, the men, in consequence thereof, having laid down their arms, the troops of Tippe Saib, by whom they were surrounded, commenced a general plunder in the perpetration of which great cruelties were exercised upon the prisoners, and many were butchered.

The officers were divided into two parties, one of which with general Meadows at their head, was marched into Heyder's country; to plunder four hundred miles distant from the field of action. They were chained in couples, barefooted and bareheaded, and their bodies almost naked. When they arrived at the place of destination, it was determined to put them to death by torture. The general was killed by being boiling oil on his body; the other officers, by forcing melted lead down their throats.

In consequence of the cruelties exercised by Tippe Saib upon general Meadows and his officers, the officers in the service of the company have resolved, that in future wars they will neither give nor take quarter.

Copy of a letter from the right honourable lord George Gordon, president of the protestant association, to the right honourable Mr. Pitt, first lord of the treasury.

"SIR,
SEVERAL hundred seamen have addressed me to day; many of them, lately arrived from India, came in coaches. Acting lieutenants, mates, and midshipmen of the royal navy are among them. The following is the copy of the generality of their addresses:

"To the right honourable lord George Gordon, president of the protestant association.

"May it please your lordship,

"We, the seamen, whose names are underwritten, are able, willing, and ready, to serve the united protestant states of Holland against the king of the Romans, and all their popish enemies. And your petitioners will ever pray for lord George Gordon.

"Signed by Edward Robinson, and thirty-four seamen, at the Kettle Drum, Radcliff Highway, November 17, 1784."

"Several officers of distinction in the land service have also applied to me, and offered their services to the States General, particularly a field officer of Connecticut line, in the province of Massachusetts, and an officer who has lately left the Irish brigade of France, who wished to enter into a service more agreeable, and congenial to his sentiments and principles. Many of the guards have requested to go volunteers. Some Arhole Highlanders are on their way to town, who, I make no doubt, will engage in the good protestant cause of their High Mightinesses. Acquaint you, as prime minister, with these matters, that you may convince baron Van Lynden of the general good disposition of the people of these kingdoms to comply with his request, and to renew

again their old friendship with Holland upon the highest and solid foundation of the protestant interest.

"I am, Sir, with all due respect,
your humble servant,
G. GORDON."

Wellbeck Street, November 17, 1784.
Copy of a letter from the right honourable Mr. Pitt, first lord of the treasury, to the right honourable lord George Gordon.

Downing Street, November 19, 1784.

"I have hitherto returned no answer to the letters I received from your lordship on the 17th and 18th instants, because I did not think it my duty to enter into a correspondence with your lordship on the subject. But having been informed that many gentlemen have been induced to quit their occupations, in expectation of being employed to serve against the emperor, I think it proper to remind you, that whatever steps you have taken, have been without the smallest degree of authority or countenance from his majesty's ministers; and that it is for your lordship to consider what consequences may be expected from them.

"I am, my lord,
your lordship's obedient,
humble servant,
W. PITT."

Right honourable lord George Gordon.
Lord George Gordon's answer to Mr. Pitt.

"SIR,

I received your letter of to day just now. It was very rude in you not to answer my two letters sooner. I am glad to hear you say that many seamen have been induced to quit their occupations, in expectation of being employed to serve against the emperor. This is a most laudable and warm towards the states of Holland, and that they wish to lend a hand to assist them against their enemies. As soon as you, and the rest of his majesty's ministers, are pleased to authorize and countenance these honest contributions of the seamen to support those protestant states, I will make proposals to the Dutch ambassador, and to the house of Holland, to take them into immediate pay. The consequences may fall on the heads of the king's servants if they advise their sovereign, to take a part against the protestant interest.

"I am, Sir, your humble servant,
G. GORDON."

Wellbeck Street, November 19, 1784.

Boston, January 24.

Extract of a letter from ...

"The following romantic and melancholy affair happened in a village in this state, and has been much talked of.
A young gentleman, the son of an attorney, had conceived a violent passion for the daughter of an eminent planter, at some distance from the place of his residence, and found means to make her acquainted with it. But on account of the disparity of their circumstances, he was refused. An accident, however, some time after brought them together at the house of a friend of the lady, when the gentleman so far prevailed, as to be admitted on the terms of her lover; and they continued to go each other for several months. But at this time Mr. ... being disappointed in regard to fortune, it was judged proper for them to separate, till his affairs should take a more favourable turn, when the match might be proposed to the lady's friends with some prospect of success. Their confidence was still their friend. They corresponded under the fictitious signatures of Henry and Delia; to prevent detection; and their friend, whom, agreeably to their romantic plan, they called Juliana, was their female Mercury. As Henry of course was frequently at Juliana's house, it was thought proper, the better to cover their design, that he should pass for that lady's lover; and this was universally believed to be the case. As Henry's circumstances and expectations, though inferior to those of his mistress, were at least equal to Juliana's, the latter conceived the perfidious design of making him her lover in reality. To effect this, she endeavoured by indelicate insinuations, to prejudice him against the object of his love; hinted the little likelihood there appeared of such an union taking place, and how much happier marriages were likely to be, where there was a greater parity of fortune. Her endeavours however were fruitless. He saw through the artifice; and the discovery pained him the more, and he doubted not but she would use the same arts with his Delia, whom he could now neither caution against her, or, even if he could, her confidence in

her was so great, that she would not believe it. With Delia therefore he was successful. Tulligated by revenge, by the false and base suggestions, she effectually detached her from him, and it was not long after that she gave her hand to one of Juliana's relations. The news reached the unhappy Henry—Unable to bear the thought of her being possessed by another, in satisfaction and despair, he seized two loaded pistols, and running to the house which contained the pair who had that morning been wedded, he drove the contents of one of them through his Delia's heart, and the other through his own. The perfidious Juliana, so far from being affected, seemed to triumph in their fate. The hapless lovers are universally pitied; but she, though the law cannot touch her, is held in execration, and is now preparing to remove to some distant place, where her crime is not known, to avoid the insults which the constantly and justly receives.

The above narrative we are assured is literally true. The resemblance it bears to the catastrophe of the unfortunate Hackman, will be obvious to every reader. Extraordinary as the circumstance may appear, it is by no means so uncommon as at the first glance it may seem. In the 9th volume of the Spectator, published by Dr. Sewall, a similar story may be found.

The following curious account of a rattle-snake is an abstract from captain Carver's travels through the interior parts of North-America. It is of so peculiar a nature, we flatter ourselves, will render it worthy the attention of our readers. The author relates it in the following manner:

Mont. Pinnissance, a French trader, told me a remarkable story concerning one of these reptiles, of which, he said, he was an eye-witness. An Indian belonging to the Menomonic nation, having taken one of them, found means to tame it; and when he had done this, treated it as a deity, calling it his great father, and carrying it with him in a box wherever he went. This the Indian had done for several summers, when Mont. Pinnissance accidentally met with him at his carrying place, just as he was setting off for a winter's hunt. The French gentleman was surprised one day, to see the Indian place the box, which contained his god, on the ground, and opening the door, give him his liberty; telling him, whilst he did it, to be fare and return by the time he himself should come back, which was to be in the month of May following. At this was but October, Mont. told the Indian, whose simplicity astonished him, that he fancied he might wait long enough, when May arrived, for the arrival of his great father. The Indian was so confident of his creature's obedience, that he offered to lay the Frenchman a wager of two gallons of rum, that at the time appointed he would come and crawl into his box. This was agreed on, and the second week in May following fixed for the determination of the wager. At that period they both met there again, when the Indian set down his box, and calling for his great father, the snake heard him not; and the time being now expired, he acknowledged that he had lost. However, without seeming to be discouraged, he offered to double the bet, if his great father came not within two days more. This was further agreed on; when behold on the second day, about one o'clock, the snake arrived, and of his own accord crawled into the box, which was placed ready for him. The French gentleman vouched for the truth of this story, and from the accounts I have often received of the docility of those creatures, I see no reason to doubt his veracity.

An account of the extraordinary and sudden growth of a child, as it was given in by authentic vouchers to the royal academy of sciences at Paris, and is published in their memoirs.

The growth of bodies has its phenomena as well as the other operations of nature; some times it goes on but slowly, and sometimes it is so rapid as to exceed its usual time in a very surprising manner.

James Viala, a native of the village of Bouzanquet, in the diocese of Alais, though of a strong constitution, appeared to be knit and stiff in joints till he was about 4 years and a half old. During this time nothing farther was remarkable of him than an extraordinary appetite, which was satisfied no otherwise than by giving him plenty of the common aliments of the country, consisting of rye bread, chesnuts, bacon, and water; but, his limbs soon becoming supple and pliable, and his body beginning to expand itself, he grew up in so extraordinary a manner, that at the age of five years he measured 4 feet 3 inches; at five years and some months, he was four feet eleven inches; and, at six, five feet, and hunky in proportion—His growth was so rapid, that one might fancy one saw him grow; every

January 20, 1785, the general assembly give notice to be of credit of May money, or of scrip, that the iron, the same with be carried into the next, after which med, and in order holders of such bills the several counties to receive the same arrears of taxes, im- state, provided the next.

26, 1785.

wood land, Anne-Arundel to THOMAS

January 10, 1785, the general assembly the city of Annapolis, junior, justice of the peace senior; and when or was empowered misfeasance in his place, but the death of the said another appoint- tity to all whom it intends preferring assembly, praying the chancellor in the said law enable the place of the said since dead.

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STEWART.

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claims against the estate of Charles county, de- them in that they may left by the said de- debted are desired to without delay. administrator the will annexed.

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WILLIAM BAYLY.

be SOLD at office, 20

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Charles-Street

M A

S C H E M E O F L O T T E R Y

To raise 6000 dollars for the use of WASHINGTON COLLEGE, in the State of Maryland.

Prizes	Dollars.	Dollars.
1	4000	4000
2	500	1500
3	1000	2000
20	500	1500
60	100	2000
100	50	3000
3000	20	2000
	8	24000
3187 Prizes,		40,000 Dollars.
6813 Blanks,		
10,000 Tickets at 4 dollars each, are		40,000 Dollars.

THE PRIZES are subject to the usual deduction of fifteen per cent. to be applied to one of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

The scheme is calculated on the most favourable terms, those who wish to become adventurers and benefactors to their country, by advancing the interests of LEARNING; there being little more than two blanks to one prize, and the large sum of SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, contained in the four capital prizes. The visitors and governors of the college, as a corporation will be answerable for the due and faithful management of the lottery, which it is expected will be ready to be drawn at CHESTER, by the 15th day of April next, 1785. The fortunate numbers will be published in the Baltimore and some of the Philadelphia newspapers within four weeks after the drawing; and the prizes paid at CHESTER, or in the different counties on the eastern shore, by the college visitors for each respective county, who are as follows, and of whom tickets may be had at four dollars each.

- Annapolis, His excellency William Paca, Samuel Chase, Esquires.
 - Kent county, eastern shore, William Smith, D. D. Pelegine Lethbruy, Joseph Nicholson, John Scott, Isaac Perkins, Thomas Smyth, sen and jun. John Page, Thomas Van Dyke, Esquires.
 - Queen-Anne's county, Joshua Seney, Esq;
 - Talbot county, Hon. William Perry, Esq;
 - Dorchester county, Hon. Robert Goldborough, Hon. John Henry, Esquires, Rev. Samuel Keene.
 - Some set county, Levin Gale, Esq;
 - Worcester county, Peter Chaille, Esq;
 - Cæcil county, Rev. William Thomson.
- Prizes not demanded in six months after the publication of the drawing, are to be considered as generously given for the benefit of the college.

BUILDING.

Annapolis, January 18, 1785.
EDWARD VIDLER,
HAVING imported a number of able workmen in the building branch, will undertake to erect or repair either public or private buildings; he will survey, measure, or estimate, for those who please to favour him with their orders. He has several marble and Portland stone chimney pieces ready for fixing on the shortest notice.
N. B. A store will be opened on Monday next at his house (late Mr. Joseph Middleton's) near the dock.

BY virtue of a law passed this present session, for altering the time for holding the courts, notice is hereby given, That Saint Mary's county court will be held on the Monday before the fourth Tuesday in March, and on the Mondays before the first Tuesdays in June and September.
Charles county court, on the Monday before the first Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the second Tuesdays in June and September.
Prince George's county, on the Monday before the second Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the fourth Tuesdays in June and September.
Calvert county, on the Monday before the third Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the third Tuesdays in June and September.
Cæcil county, on the Monday before the second Tuesdays in March, June, and October.
Talbot county, on the Monday before the first Tuesdays in March, June, and November.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 1300 acres of land, lying near the Head of Severn, about 16 miles from Annapolis, and 17 from Baltimore; the soil is adapted both to farming and planting, and has the advantage of a very large tract of meadow ground, a considerable part of which is cleared and may be improved at a small expence; the land is chiefly wooded, and the lower parts abound with a great variety of lofty timbers, it is well watered, and has a good feat for a mill, and only six miles from navigation. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis.
JAMES STEUART.

FOR SALE,

For cash, certificates issued under the act to adjust the debts due from this state, or on credit.
THE plantation of the subscriber, lying on the north side of Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing about 600 acres. It lies on Severn river, about four miles from the city of Annapolis; the improvements are, a very good framed dwelling house, 30 odd feet by 16, two stories high, two rooms on each floor with fire places in all of them, and a cellar bricked up under the whole; a log kitchen or quarter 24 by 12, built this fall fall, with a brick chimney; a framed barn, 30 by 25, with sheds 12 feet wide on the sides, and on one end, raised on brick pillars, about two feet from the ground, the whole floored close, and covered with 18 inch cypress shingles, there is a granary above two small rehards, with some good fruit; milk and hen houses, and a tolerable stable.
JAMES PRICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land lying on Aquia run, in Stafford county, in Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia warehouse, about six miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Frederickburg, containing six thousand acres; it is well watered and abounding with timber, calculated for planting or farming; on this land are several valuable mill seats, one particular. The above will be sold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers; if sold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchase, if in small lots only one year's credit will be given for one half; the other being paid at the time of conveyance. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber opposite to Lower Marlborough, in Maryland, or colonel Bailey WASHINGTON, near to and adjoining the premises, who will shew the land.
WILLIAM WATZHUH.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

December 21, 1784.
RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man slave named SAM, about five feet seven inches high, well made, has a very flat nose, and when his mouth is shut his under lip looks very large and prominent, has a remarkable scar upon his neck reaching almost from his ear to his collar bone occasioned by an imposthume, but on which side I am not certain; had on and took with him various articles of clothing, among which were a coarse blue cloth coat, white kersey waistcoat, black worsted knit breeches, black leather shoes, white metal shoe buckles, striped holland coat, nankeen waistcoat and breeches, two osnabrig shirts and trousers, a crocus frock, and a new felt hat, but as he has been absent from my service since the 12th of July last it is probable he may have got other cloaths. I have been informed he has a forged pass and has changed his name from Sam to Jem, and endeavours to pass for a free man. Whoever will take up and secure said negro in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by
WILLIAM DAVIS, jun.

FOR SALE,

November 2, 1784.
THAT very valuable plantation, late the property of William Thomas, deceased, containing about 800 acres of land, beautifully situated on the mouth of South river, about three miles from the city of Annapolis, and about 300 acres cleared, the whole of exceeding good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, and rye; the improvements are, a very good convenient dwelling house, kitchen, corn house, stables, tobacco houses, &c. a good apple orchard, with a variety of other fruit trees; some meadow in timothy and more may be made at a very trifling expence; there are many advantages attending its situation too tedious to mention, among the number the convenience to markets, and for fishing and boating, as in the season there are a great abundance of fine blue crabs, oysters, and wild fowl. Likewise to be sold, a number of negroes, some of which are very valuable house servants, also some excellent horses fit for the road or draught. For terms enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises.
P. W. THOMAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscribers, to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to vest the real estate, devised by John Hammond, Esq; to the subscriber Elizabeth, in her and her heirs, in fee simple.
WILLIAM KING,
ELIZABETH A. KING.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to divide the real and personal property of Thomas Lamer, of London, among his heirs and assigns, in such manner as to them may seem reasonable.
WILLIAM HARDING.

Intendant's office, January 10, 1785.
IN consequence of a resolution of the general assembly, passed the 6th instant, I hereby give notice to such persons, who are possessed of bills of credit of May session 1781, commonly called red money, or of certificates for the said money lent the state, that the treasurer of the western shore will redeem the same with gold and silver, provided such bills be carried into the treasury before the 25th day of June next, after which time the said bills will not be redeemed; and in order to save trouble and expence to the holders of such bills or certificates, that the collectors of the several counties within this state, have directions to receive the same as gold and silver for all taxes and arrears of taxes, imposed by any law or laws of this state, provided the same be done by the first day of June next.
DANIEL OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER,
intendant of the revenue.
[Mr. Goddard, and the printers at Philadelphia, are requested to insert the above in their respective gazettes for four weeks.]

Annapolis, January 26, 1785. FOR SALE,

FIFTY acres of good level wood land, on Rhode river, in Anne-Arundel county. For terms apply to THOMAS HARWOOD, in Annapolis.

February 10, 1785. WHEREAS, by an act of the general assembly of Maryland, held at the city of Annapolis, in November 1784, George Shipley, junior, was appointed guardian and trustee of the person and property of George Shipley, senior; and whereas, by the said act, the chancellor was empowered to remove the trustee, in case of misfeasance in his office, and to nominate another in his place, but was not directed, in case of the death of the said George Shipley, junior, to make another appointment; This is therefore to notify to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends preferring a petition to the next general assembly, praying them to enlarge the powers of the chancellor in this behalf, and by a supplement to the said law enable him to nominate a trustee in the place of the said George Shipley, junior, who is since dead.

TALBOT SHIPLEY.

South river, January 18, 1785. THIS is to forewarn all persons from hunting or shooting on my plantation with dog or gun; as they may depend on being prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

MORDECAI STEWART.

THERE is at the plantation of Baldwin Lusby, near the Head of South river, a blue Hog, marked with a crop and a slit in the right ear, and a crop in the left. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

ALL persons that have claims against the estate of Basil Brooke, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to bring them in that they may be paid, as far as there are assets left by the said deceased, and those that are indebted are desired to pay off their respective accounts without delay.
JOSEPH BROOKE, administrator of the deceased with the will annexed.

LOST out of my pocket, about twelve weeks ago, a depreciation certificate, No. 2117, granted to John Burk, soldier of the Maryland line, for the sum of sixty pounds specie. Any person finding the same, upon producing it to the subscriber, living at George town, or William Campbell, at Annapolis, shall receive one guinea reward. All persons whatever are forewarned receiving the same, as it is my property. It is hoped that the treasurer will stop it, should it be offered to him in payment.
WILLIAM BAYLY.

Just imported, and to be SOLD at the Post-office,

A FEW elegant SPRING CLOCKS, in mahogany, black ornamental, and japan'd cases.

THERE are at the plantation of Joseph Gill, near South river ferry, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as strays, in the pasture of Mary Pearson, two mares, the one a roan, about six years old, has no perceivable mark about her; the other black, about ten and a half hands high, and has no perceivable mark or brand. The owner or owners may have them again on proving property and paying charges.

L O N D O

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1785.

LONDON, December 4.

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There are more reasons than good paragraph writers are aware of, when they mention the returning state of health of a royal duke, as a reason for his staying another year on the continent. The fact is, his royal highness had the misfortune of losing above a year's revenue in one night to the marriage of Anspach; the liquidation of which will require some further abstinence from the expensive pleasures of this capital.

The gentleman who accompanied Mr. Blanchard in his flying vessel, we hear, was Dr. Jefferies, from America.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Jefferies, at Dartmouth.

"I wrote you far, very far above the clouds. We have had a short, but most noble and enchanting voyage of 21 miles, over Shooters hill, &c. and landed on the banks of the Thames, in the parish of Stone, in Kent, within half a mile of Essex. Our motion was very rapid, and all our ballast expended."

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Letters received within these few days from India, state the following facts:—That immediately on the signing of terms on the part of general Meadows, his men, in consequence thereof, having laid down their arms, the troops of Tippo Saib, by whom they were surrounded, commenced a general plunder, in the perpetration of which great cruelties were exercised upon the prisoners, and many were butchered. The officers were divided into two parties, one of which with general Meadows at their head, was marched into Heyder's country, to a place four hundred miles distant from the field of action. They were chained in couples, barefooted and bareheaded, and their bodies almost naked. When they arrived at the place of destination, it was determined to put them to death by torture. The general was killed by pouring boiling oil on his body—the other officers by forcing melted lead down their throats.

In consequence of the cruelties exercised by Tippo Saib upon general Meadows and his officers, the officers in the service of the company have resolved, that in future wars they will neither give nor take quarter.

Copy of a letter from the right honourable lord George Gordon, president of the protestant association, to the right honourable Mr. Pitt, first lord of the treasury.

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"SEVERAL hundred seamen have addressed me to day; many of them, lately arrived from India, came in coaches. Acting lieutenants, mates, and midshipmen of the royal navy are among them. The following is the copy of the generality of their addresses:

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"May it please your lordship,

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"Signed by Edward Robinson, and thirty-four seamen, at the Kettle Drum, Radcliff Highway, November 17, 1784."

"Several officers of distinction in the land service have also applied to me, and offered their services to the States General, particularly a field officer of Connecticut line, in the province of Massachusetts, and an officer who has lately left the Irish brigade of France, who wished to enter into a service more agreeable, and congenial to his sentiments and principles. Many of the guards have requested to go volunteers. Some Athole Highlanders are on their way to town, who, I make no doubt, will engage in the good protestant cause of their High Mightinesses. I acquaint you, as prime minister, with these matters, that you may convince baron Van Lynden of the general good disposition of the people of these kingdoms to comply with his request, and to renew

again their old friendship with Holland upon the righteous and solid foundation of the protestant interest.

"I am, Sir, with all due respect, your humble servant, G. GORDON."

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"My Lord,

"I have hitherto returned no answer to the letters I received from your lordship on the 17th and 18th instant, because I did not think it my duty to enter into a correspondence with your lordship on the subject. But having been informed that many seamen have been induced to quit their occupation, in expectation of being employed to serve against the emperor, I think it proper to remind you, that whatever steps you have taken, have been without the smallest degree of authority or countenance from his majesty's ministers, and that it is for your lordship to consider what consequences may be expected from them.

"I am, my lord, your lordship's obedient, humble servant, W. PITT."

"Right honourable lord George Gordon."

Lord George Gordon's answer to Mr. Pitt.

"SIR,

"I received your letter of to day just now. It was very rude in you not to answer my two letters sooner. I am glad to hear you say that many seamen have been induced to quit their occupation, in expectation of being employed to serve against the emperor. This news the seamen's hearts are warm towards the States of Holland, and that they wish to lend a hand to assist them against their enemies. As soon as you, and the rest of his majesty's ministers, are pleased to authorize and countenance these honest endeavours of the seamen to support those protestant States, I will make proposals to the Dutch ambassador, and to the States of Holland, to take them into immediate pay. The consequences may fall on the heads of the king's servants if they advise their sovereign to take a part against the protestant interest.

"I am, Sir, your humble servant, G. GORDON."

Welbeck street, November 19, 1784.

BOSTON, January 24.

Extract of a letter from Virginia.

"The following romantic and melancholy affair happened in a village in this state, and has been much talked of.

"A young gentleman, the son of an attorney, had conceived a violent passion for the daughter of an eminent planter, at some distance from the place of his residence, and found means to make her acquainted with it. But on account of the disparity of their circumstances, he was refused. An accident, however, some time after brought them together at the house of a friend of the lady; when the gentleman so far prevailed, as to be admitted on the terms of her lover; and they continued to see each other for several months. But at this time Mr. — being disappointed in regard to fortune, it was judged proper for them to separate, till his affairs should take a more favourable turn, when the match might be proposed to the lady's friends with some prospect of success. Their confidants was still their friend. They corresponded under the fictitious signatures of Henry and Delia, to prevent detection; and their friend, whom, agreeably to their romantic plan, they called Juliana, was their female Mercury. As Henry of course was frequently at Juliana's house, it was thought proper, the better to cover their design, that he should pass for that lady's lover; and this was universally believed to be the case. As Henry's circumstances and expectations, though inferior to those of his mistress, were at least equal to Juliana's, the latter conceived the perfidious design of making him her lover in reality. To effect this, she endeavoured by insidious insinuations, to prejudice him against the object of his love; hinted the little likelihood there appeared of such an union taking place, and how much happier marriages were likely to be, where there was a greater parity of fortunes. Her endeavours however were fruitless. He saw through the artifice; and the discovery pained him the more, and he doubted not but she would use the same arts with his Delia, whom he could now neither caution against her, or, even if he could, her confidence in

her was so great, that she would not believe it. With Delia therefore she was successful. Infligated by revenge, by the falsest and basest suggestions, she effectually detached her from him, and it was not long after that she gave her hand to one of Juliana's relations. The news reached the unhappy Henry — Unable to bear the thought of her being possessed by another, in distraction and despair, he seized two loaded pistols, and rushing to the house which contained the pair who had that morning been wedded, he drove the contents of one of them through his Delia's heart, and the other through his own. — The perfidious Juliana, so far from being affected, seemed to triumph in their fate. The hapless lovers are universally pitied: but she, though the law cannot touch her, is held in execration, and is now preparing to remove to some distant place, where her crime is not known, to avoid the insults which she constantly and justly receives."

The above narrative we are assured is literally true. The resemblance it bears to the catastrophe of the unfortunate Hackman, will be obvious to every reader. Extraordinary as the circumstance may appear, it is by no means so uncommon as at the first glance it may seem. In the 9th volume of the Spectator, published by Dr. Sewell, a similar story may be found.

The following curious account of a rattle-snake is an abstract from captain Carver's travels through the interior parts of North-America. It is of so peculiar a nature as, we flatter ourselves, will render it worthy the attention of our readers. The author relates it in the following manner:

Monf. Pinnissance, a French trader, told me a remarkable story concerning one of these reptiles, of which, he said, he was an eye-witness. An Indian belonging to the Menomonie nation, having taken one of them, found means to tame it; and when he had done this, treated it as a deity, calling it his great father, and carrying it with him in a box wherever he went. This the Indian had done for several summers, when Monf. Pinnissance accidentally met with him at his carrying place, just as he was setting off for a winter's hunt. The French gentleman was surprised one day, to see the Indian place the box, which contained his god, on the ground, and opening the door, give him his liberty; telling him, whilst he did it, to be sure and return by the time he himself should come back, which was to be in the month of May following. As this was but October, Monf. told the Indian, whose simplicity astonished him, that he fancied he might wait long enough, when May arrived, for the arrival of his great father. The Indian was so confident of his creature's obedience, that he offered to lay the Frenchman a wager of two gallons of rum, that at the time appointed he would come and crawl into his box. This was agreed on, and the second week in May following fixed for the determination of the wager. At that period they both met there again, when the Indian set down his box, and calling for his great father, the snake heard him not; and the time being now expired, he acknowledged that he had lost. However, without seeming to be discouraged, he offered to double the bet, if his great father came not within two days more. This was further agreed on; when behold on the second day, about one o'clock, the snake arrived, and of his own accord crawled into the box, which was placed ready for him. The French gentleman vouched for the truth of this story, and from the accounts I have often received of the docility of those creatures, I see no reason to doubt his veracity.

An account of the extraordinary and sudden growth of a child, as it was given in by authentic vouchers to the royal academy of sciences at Paris, and is published in their memoirs.

The growth of bodies has its phenomena as well as the other operations of nature; some times it goes on but slowly, and sometimes it is so rapid as to exceed its usual time in a very surprising manner.

James Viala, a native of the village of Bouzanquet, in the diocese of Alais, though of a strong constitution, appeared to be knit and stiff in joints till he was about 4 years and a half old. During this time nothing farther was remarkable of him than an extraordinary appetite, which was satisfied no otherwise than by giving him plenty of the common aliments of the country, consisting of rye bread, chestnuts, bacon, and water; but, his limbs soon becoming supple and pliable, and his body beginning to expand itself, he grew up in so extraordinary a manner, that at the age of five years he measured 4 feet 3 inches; at five years and some months, he was four feet eleven inches; and, at six, five feet, and bulky in proportion — His growth was so rapid, that one might fancy one saw him grow; every

January 10, 1785. of the general assembly, hereby give notice to the bills of credit of May money, or of certificate, that the treasurer, the same with as be carried into the next, after which ordered; and in order holders of such bills of the several counties to receive the same arrears of taxes, in a state, provided the next.

26, 1785. LE, level wood land, Anne-Arundel to THOMAS lis.

February 10, 1785. of the general assembly, at the city of Annapolis, George Shipley, junior, fruitee of the person senior; and where-llor was empowered of misfeasance in his er in his place, but the death of the said take another appoint-ivity to all whom it er intends preferring l assembly, praying the chancellor in this the said law enable the place of the said since dead.

ary 18, 1785. all persons from on my plantation they may depend on the utmost rigour STEWART.

be plantation of ear the Head of g, marked with a right ear, and a owner may have property and paying

claims against the estate of Charles county, de- them in that they may tets left by the said de- indebted are desired to ts without delay. E, administrator with the will annexed.

about twelve weeks ago, No. 2117, granted to yland line, for the sum of on finishing the same, upon r, living at George town, napolis, shall receive one whatever are forewarned y property. It is hoped, should it be offered to

WILLIAM BAYLY.

to be SOLD at office, 20

ant SPRING in mahogany, and japan'd cases.

plantation of Joseph Gill, rry in Anne-Arundel, in the pasture of Mary e a roan, about six years ark about her; the other lf hands big, and has brand. The owner or gain on proving property

EE, Charles-Street

month his clothes required to be made longer and wider; and, what was still very extraordinary in his growth, it was not preceded by any sickness, nor accompanied by any pain in the groin or elsewhere, and no complaint was made of any inconvenience but hunger, which the child was very sensible of from one meal to another.

At the age of five years his voice changed, his beard began to appear, and at six he had as much as a man of thirty; in short, all the unquestionable marks of puberty were visible in him. It was not doubted in the country, but that this child was, at five years old, or five and a half, in a condition of begetting other children; which induced the rector of the parish to recommend to his mother that she would keep him from too familiar a conversation with children of the other sex. Though his wit was riper than is commonly observable at the age of five or six years, yet its progress was not in proportion to that of his body. His air and manner still retained something childish, though by his bulk and stature he resembled a complete man, which at first sight produced a very singular contrast. However, it might be said that all was uniform in him, and he might be considered as an adult, though still far from being so; his voice was strong and manly, and few heard him speak without some emotion and surprise. His great strength rendered him already fit for the labours of the country. At the age of five years he could carry a good distance three measures of rye, weighing eighty-four pounds; when turned of six, he could lift up easily on his shoulders, and carry, loads of a hundred and fifty pounds weight, a good way off; and these exercises were exhibited by him, as often as the curious engaged him thereto by some liberality.

Such beginnings made people think that young Viala would soon shoot up into a giant. A mountebank was already soliciting his parents for him, and flattering them with hopes of putting him in a way of making a great fortune. But all these fine hopes suddenly vanished. His legs became crooked, his body shrank, his strength diminished, and his voice grew sensibly weaker. This sad alteration was attributed to the imprudent trials he was let to make of his strength; perhaps also it was occasioned by nature's suffering in so rapid an extension. He soon became just as he was at the age of six or seven years, and in a kind of imbecility. His parents were rather of the middle size, and their growth had nothing particular in it.

PHILADELPHIA, February 11.

Extract of a letter from Flanders, dated December 3, 1784.

"War is actually declared between us and the Dutch, and we have been already attacked by the latter near Fort Lillo; when our troops were obliged to retire on account of the inundation, occasioned by the Dutch breaking the dykes. Our cutter de Preupelen Duyrel is ready to sail on a cruise against the Dutch ships."

Extract of a letter dated Amsterdam, November 22, 1784.

"The situation of the public affairs is actually such, that we look on a war with the emperor as unavoidable. France still endeavours to bring on a reconciliation; but the success is very doubtful. Every necessary step is taken by our states to make a most vigorous opposition to the designs of the emperor. As this city is so situated as to render the approach of an army most impossible, we are under no apprehensions for our safety. We hardly doubt but, should matters not be amicably settled, that France and Prussia will join themselves in our behalf, in which case a general war is likely to take place on this continent."

Extract of a letter from Leyden, dated November 24.

"Letters from the empire mention a declaration made by the court of Russia to that of Versailles and Berlin, that if the emperor should be obstructed by other powers in his affair with the Dutch, she will assist him with all her forces."

Extract of a letter from Rotterdam, dated November 23.

"You well know that we have a war with the emperor, and of course it will be necessary to take neutral colours."

When we reflect on the immense force with which the emperor of Germany can take the field, we would almost be inclined to pronounce it madness in the Dutch to involve themselves in a war on account of the navigation of the Scheld. The Germanic empire is divided into nine circles, and possessed by near three hundred sovereign princes, of whom the emperor is the head. By the constitution, as established by Charles V. it is stipulated, that every prince must furnish a certain number of men, horse and foot, in time of war, the ecclesiastical princes are bound to furnish 74,500, and the secular 379,000 men, making in the whole, an enormous army of 453,500 men; nor will this account appear exaggerated, when the reader considers that the countries it is raised in, contain, upon a moderate computation, near twenty-two millions of inhabitants.

Feb. 16. A bill is now depending before the legislature of New York, for the gradual abolition of slavery in that state.

The sloop Susanna, captain William Earle, jun. of Providence, is arrived at Charleston, South-Carolina, from the river Mississippi, where the Spaniards would not permit him to trade, nor allow him to proceed up to New Orleans. On his arrival

in the river, a number of soldiers were sent on board his vessel, and a boat dispatched to New Orleans, which returned in eight days, with orders for him to put to sea immediately. Several other American vessels, as well as some British, had been compelled to quit the river, previous to the arrival of captain Earle.

A letter from Lisbon, inserted in a Boston paper, says, that an American brig, bound from Cadix to Virginia, has been taken by the Moors, and carried into Tangier; and that the Dutch resident had interceded for her release.

European accounts say, that there is a probability of a rupture between the emperor of Germany and the grand sultan. The cause of this is, the emperor having demanded of the sultan to concur with him in fixing precisely the boundaries of the two empires; and in his proposals on this subject, has claimed several districts now in possession of the Turks, and which the sultan refuses to deliver up. The court of France has offered her mediation between these powers.

France and Britain, these accounts farther say, are very busy in naval preparations: the workmen in Portsmouth harbour are ordered to work double tides, in order to fit out a fleet of observation, in case of a war with the emperor and the Dutch. The French navy is in such a state, that they could send to sea, in ten days time, a fleet of twenty-two sail of the line.

Prussia and France, it is added, have actually concluded a treaty for the defence of Holland; and that one of the articles is, that prince Henry of Prussia, who negotiated the treaty, is to have the command of the French army, in case of a rupture.

The emperor of Germany does not make war on Holland in his imperial character; but as count of Flanders and duke of Austria. As emperor of Germany, he can neither make peace nor war, nor levy taxes, without consent of a whole diet of the empire; but in his other character, he is sole arbiter and sovereign, and can command 100,000 men without any allies.

We are informed, (says a late London paper) that the grand signior suffers all christians in his dominions, whether catholics, protestants, or Greeks, the free exercise of their religion.

A letter from Madeira, November 10, says, "A consul from the American states is announced in this island, where the English trade is greatly decreased and decreasing."

BALTIMORE, February 18.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Ostend, to his friend in Philadelphia, dated September 3, 1784.

"By a letter received in this city last week from a correspondent in Frankfort upon the Rhine, we are informed, that the ingenious Mons. Van Rheindes, has constructed a balloon at Munich, the capital of Bavaria, of a most stupendous magnitude, and upon a very different construction from any heretofore made; it will hold one hundred persons, and is accommodated with four separate apartments, and other conveniences—this machine he has elevated to the distance of eleven English miles perpendicular above the city, where it has remained stationary some time.—He has obtained permission from the police to open an ordinary or eating house therein, and likewise has procured a number of skilful gentlemen from the different colleges in France and the empire, to assist in navigating smaller balloons, capable of holding from ten to twelve persons, for the purpose of conveying his guests to the tavern balloon and down again.—Many of the German princes, lords and gentlemen, have already spent whole days and nights there; and it is supposed that Mons. Van Rheindes has already cleared 150,000 florins, exclusive of his expences.—He proposes also to open tavern in the clouds, over Vienna and other capital cities in Europe."

ANNAPOLIS, March 3.

ABSTRACTS from some of the public acts passed last session of assembly.

An act to establish funds to secure the payment of the state debt within six years, and for the punctual payment of the annual interest thereon.

All the present funds belonging to this state, consisting of confiscated British property unsold, and not specifically reserved, subject to the disposal of the general assembly, and all debts for confiscated British property sold, and all other debts on bond, (except as herein after excepted) and on all arrearages of taxes due the state before Jan. 1, 1783, shall be consolidated and made a general and aggregate fund, and pledged to all the creditors of the state for the payment of the principal of their debt, on or before Jan. 1, 1790, and for payment of the interest annually, to commence Jan. 1, 1785.

Bonds taken and lodged in the treasury before the first of June next, for property heretofore sold, and payable in specie only, and where the money is due before Jan. 1, 1786, and so many of the bonds to be lodged in the treasury before June 1, next, for the payment of the emissions of June 1780, as may be necessary to ensure the payment of said bills, shall be kept apart for redeeming those emissions.

So many of the bonds to be lodged in the treasury before June 1, 1786, for redemption of the emissions of May 1781, and bonds which may be taken for property sold and not bonded for the redemption of the emissions of June 1780 and May 1781, as will be sufficient, with the bonds taken for the redemption of the emissions of June 1780, shall be added to the bonds first mentioned; and to determine what bonds of the emission of May 1781, and the bonds taken, and not bonded for the redemption of the emis-

sion of June 1780 and May 1781, shall be thus set apart; the whole of said bonds shall be listed and numbered, and put into a box, and so many of them drawn out by the treasurer as shall amount to the sum necessary to make up the deficiency.

Any creditor of the state on certificates on interest shall be allowed to discount such debt out of any debt due by such creditor, except the bonds appropriated as aforesaid, which can only be discharged in those emissions or debts.

If the intendant or auditor shall discover that any soldiers certificates have been fraudulently obtained, such certificates shall not be paid or discounted.

Indulgence to be given to debtors for confiscated property (except on bonds specially set apart) for five years, from Jan. 1, 1785; and to enforce the payment of interest due from said debtors, if not paid by the first of September annually, the intendant shall give six weeks notice in the Annapolis gazette, Baltimore journal, and Hall and Sellers's Philadelphia paper, to said debtors, and if the interest be not paid at the expiration of six weeks, execution shall issue agreeably to the act for the emission of bills of credit not exceeding 500,000 pounds; see upon bonds taken under that act; and the most speedy method shall be pursued upon bonds taken for property sold under any other act, which the directions of such act will warrant to compel payment; and if the emissions of June 1780 shall be redeemed before the time they become redeemable, the same indulgence shall be extended to such debtors, and out of the interest paid by state debtors, the creditors shall be paid the interest due them.

The emissions of June 1780, with the interest calculated thereon, and the emission of May 1781, and any certificate stipulated to be discounted in taxes, shall be received in payment of taxes due before March 1, 1784; and all certificates discountable in taxes, though since liquidated, shall be discounted in all taxes imposed or to be imposed.

Confiscated property that remains undisposed of, and consolidated and pledged to pay the state debt, (except New Connaught manor, and such part of My Lady's manor and reserves as are settled on, and to the purchasers of which a preference was given) be sold by the intendant for current money or certificates before mentioned, payable Jan. 1, 1789, with interest annually.

Every purchaser of confiscated property, who hath not given bond, shall give bond before April 1, with such security as the commissioners, under the direction of the intendant, shall require, for the payment of the purchase money with interest, agreeably to the contract, payable Jan. 1, 1790, with interest payable Sept. 1, annually; which indulgence shall not extend to bonds drawn for the redemption of the emissions of June 1780, but they shall be paid at the same time as others drawn, notwithstanding the time of payment mentioned in such bond; and if any purchaser shall neglect to give bond on or before April 1, the intendant is to enforce payment, if he shall judge such purchaser able to pay, and if unable the contract shall be void, and the property exposed to a second sale, for current money or certificates before mentioned, payable Jan. 1, 1790, with interest annually; and the intendant may direct suit to be brought against the first purchaser, to recover damages for the use, or waste committed on the premises, or the intendant may settle the damages, or have them ascertained by arbitrators; and in such suit it shall be only necessary for the attorney-general to issue a writ of trespass in the case, &c.

The tenants of New Connaught manor to have the preference of purchasing such parts as they possess on lease under the title of Talbot, or any late proprietors, on payment of a reasonable valuation, in current money or certificates, on giving bond payable as aforesaid; and the value of such lands, without improvements, shall be valued by the intendant, or any two or three persons to be nominated by him, such persons to be indifferent, or not living in Cecil county or within fifty miles thereof, and thereout shall be deducted the leases for lives or years, in the computation whereof the length of the term, the age and health of the tenant for life, and the chance of reversion, shall be considered; and if said tenant shall refuse or neglect to purchase, the intendant shall sell the same, on the same credit, for the highest price he can procure, in current money or certificates.

Tenants on manors and settlers on reserves shall have the preference of purchasing, on payment of a reasonable and moderate valuation therefor, to be ascertained as aforesaid, on giving bond, &c. payable as aforesaid, &c.

If the interest received from debtors be not sufficient to pay the interest due to creditors, the deficiency shall be paid out of the supplies for every year, until the principal be wholly discharged.

A tax of 1/5 shall be imposed annually, from the year 1785 to 1791 inclusive, on every 100 pounds worth of property, as the same shall be estimated in said years; and shall be annually paid to the treasurer of the western shore, and by him kept separate from other public money, and be inviolably appropriated to the payment of the principal and interest of the state debt; and if the said aggregate and sinking funds shall not be sufficient to answer the purposes for which they are applied, the faith of the state is pledged that such deficiency shall be provided for; and any specie certificate, &c. may be received in payment, but no collector shall have credit therefor, before he make oath, that he bona fide received the same in payment of said tax, and any collector (wearing falsely) shall be subject to the same punishment as for wilful and corrupt perjury; and any certificate received in payment shall be kept with the money, and shall be examined and destroyed by a committee of both houses.

After the amount of claims against the property of the Principio company shall be adjusted by the auditor, &c. such claimant may apply, before June 1, to the treasurer, for as many of the bonds taken for sale of property of said company, as will satisfy such claim; and all bonds taken on such sales shall be listed and numbered, and drawn out by the treasurer, and if any of the obligors shall bring in certificates issued for specie, the treasurer shall pay him cash to the amount, or the claimant may take certificates to the amount of their claim, and shall be paid on or before Jan. 1, 1786, out of the money by this act provided.

[To be continued.]

Annapolis, Intendant's office. To be SOLD, at Mr. Baltimore-town, on T. May next, if fair, if not, in ten days.

ONE fifth of the Baltimore of a furnace and 12,000 acres of land, negroes, and also stock of 3000 of the above land, now is now laying off some time in the same manner which the purchasers of greatly benefited. Bond will be required, payable 1790, with lawful interest current money, depreciated certificates of this state. If order is not ready with bond, the next bidder to the purchaser. Inventori day of sale. DAN. OF

To be SOLD at P. Wednesday the 30th of not the next fair day, on the north side of S. the ferry.

A PARCEL of valuable household furniture among which are, a well good ploughs, with sundry credit will be given for a if under that sum, the ca of the goods. Further to the day of sale.

YOUNG

An elegant thorough WILL cover this near the Queen's

Young Granby is a b and an inch high, with active. He was got by Old Britain, out of the by Mr. Delancy, of Ne Young Granby's fire known and established, his pedigree must be nee Good pasturage will b per week, and particular but I will not be answer

6 W

Maryland, St. Mary's c

RAN away, on the scribe, living ne Mary's county, a dark m who calls himself Nace years old, combs his hair for one of his complexion inches high, has a larg had on when he went aw negro cotton breeches, carried with him a silk may altogether have ch useful designing rogue; general court for his f remains undetermined. Bradford, at Bladensbu ran away; he went where he passed for a fi each for some time. W follows, and delivers hi pounds current money, he has a brother in M belongs to a Mr. Knott, harboured.

All persons are forbid him at their peril.

Intendant's c

To be co

THE carpenters w to the governor's cessary repairs to be m the hadt-house, both rection of Mr. Joseph C with the necessary parti said Clark, or the in March next to the 25th day proposals will be re DAN. OF ST. T

Anna

To be

A PARCEL of e

order. Inquire c

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of May 1781...
before March 1...
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sales shall be...
by the treasurer...
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him cash to...
certificates to...
on or before...
provided...
continued.]

Annapolis, Intendant's office, February 26, 1785.
To be SOLD, at Mr. M'Candle's tavern, in
Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the third day of
May next, if fair, if not, the first fair day there-
after, in ten shillings.
ONE fifth of the Baltimore iron works, consist-
ing of a furnace and two forges, with upwards
of 28,000 acres of land, more than two hundred
negroes, and also stock of every kind. Between 7 and
8000 of the above land, almost adjoining Baltimore-
town, is now laying off in lots, and will be sold
some time in the same month by the company, by
which the purchasers of these two tenths will be
greatly benefited. Bonds, with approved security,
will be required, payable the first day of January
1790, with lawful interest to be paid annually, in
current money, depreciation, or any other liquidated
certificates of this state for specie. If the last bid-
der is not ready with his securities, to enter into
bond, the next bidder to him will be considered as
the purchaser. Inventories will be produced on the
day of sale.
DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
Intendant of the revenue.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on
Wednesday the 30th of March instant, if fair, if
not the next fair day, at the house of John Givens,
on the north side of Severn, about one mile from
the ferry,
A PARCEL of valuable horses, cattle, and
household furniture; also plantation utensils;
among which are, a well fixed horse cart, and some
good ploughs, with sundry other articles. Six months
credit will be given for any sum above fifty shillings,
if under that sum, the cash must be paid on delivery
of the goods. Further terms will be made known on
the day of sale.
1007/6

February 20, 1785.
YOUNG GRANBY,
An elegant thorough bred HORSE,
WILL cover this season, at the subscriber's,
near the Queen-tree, in Saint Mary's county,
at the low rate of eight dollars a mare, and five
shillings to the groom.
Young Granby is a beautiful bay, fifteen hands
and an inch high, rising nine years old, and very
active. He was got by Old Granby, his dam by
Old Britain, out of the noted mare Dido, imported
by Mr. Delancy, of New-York. The character of
Young Granby's sire and grand-dam is so well
known and established, that further particulars of
his pedigree must be needless.
Good pasturage will be provided at three shillings
per week, and particular taken care of the mares,
but I will not be answerable for escapes.
6 w / NAT. EWING.

Maryland, St. Mary's county, February 20, 1785.
RAN away, on the first instant, from the sub-
scriber, living near the Queen-tree, in St.
Mary's county, a dark mulatto man named NACE,
who calls himself Nace Butler, about twenty-two
years old, combs his hair back, which is pretty long
for one of his complexion, he is about five feet eight
inches high, has a large scar over his right eye;
had on when he went away, a coat of red halfstitch,
negro cotton breeches, gray yarn stockings; he
carried with him a silk jacket which he stole, and
may altogether have changed his dress, as he is an
artful designing rogue; he lately petitioned the
general court for his freedom, which petition still
remains undetermined. His father lives with Mrs.
Audford, at Bladensburg, where he has been since
he ran away; he went last October to Annapolis,
where he passed for a free man, and hired himself as
such for some time. Whoever apprehends the said
fellow, and delivers him to me, shall receive three
pounds current money, besides what the law allows;
he has a brother in Montgomery county who be-
longs to a Mr. Knott, where he may be probably
harboured.
3 w / NAT. EWING.

All persons are forbid harbouring or dealing with
him at their peril.

Intendant's office, February 23, 1785.
To be contracted for,
THE carpenters work of a new roof and cover
to the governor's house, and also for the ne-
cessary repairs to be made to the dome and roof of
the state-house, both to be executed under the di-
rection of Mr. Joseph Clark, architect; the designs
with the necessary particulars, may be seen with the
said Clark, or the intendant, from the 25th of
March next to the 25th of April following, on which
day proposals will be received, by
DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant.

Annapolis, February 22, 1785.
To be SOLD,
A PARCEL of empty pork barrels, in good
order. Inquire of the printers.

TAKEN up as a stray, by George Simmer-
man, living in Frederick county, near James
Johnson's furnace, a gray MARE, about four years
old, and about thirteen hands high, appears to have
a brand on the near shoulder thus N. The owner
may have her again on proving property and paying
charges.
2

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, February
22, 1785.

THE general assembly having, at their last
session, required every purchaser of confi-
scated British property, for which bonds have not
been taken, to give bond before the first day of
April next, with such security as the commissioners,
under the direction of the Intendant, shall require,
for the payment of the money with interest agree-
ably to the contract, payable on the first day of Ja-
nuary 1790, with interest annually, to commence
from the first day of September last; Notice is here-
by given, that constant attendance is given by the
commissioners at their office in Annapolis, for the
purpose of taking bonds in the manner directed;
and that they will attend for the purpose aforesaid,
at Mr. M'Candle's in Baltimore-town, on the 22d,
23d, and 24th days of March next.

Suits are directed to be commenced against every
person who shall not give bond on or before the first
day of April, and payment enforced by the mode
directed by the ninth clause of the act of April ses-
sion 1782, entitled, An act respecting claims to confi-
scated British property, and to direct the commis-
sioners in certain cases.

2 CLEMENT HOLLYDAY,
GABRIEL DUVAL.

40 DOLLARS REWARD.
Montgomery county, February 20, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, in January,
1784, a negro man named CESAR, about
45 years of age, is a stout well made, black fellow,
his lips large and pouting, and talks loud and quick
when out of temper; he was formerly the property of
Allen Quynn, Esq; and raised by Mr. Lewis Lewin,
in Anne-Arundel county. I am informed he was
hired at Mr. John Thomas's quarter on West river,
in May last, where he passed for a free man. Ten
pounds with all reasonable charges shall be paid to
any person who apprehends and delivers him to the
subscriber, in Montgomery county, or secures him
so that I get him again.
A negro man named TOBY ran away in April,
1784, is a likely well made young fellow (swift of
foot) about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, was formerly
the property of Mrs. Crabb, near Queen-Anne, and
is supposed to be in that neighbourhood at this time.
Five pounds shall be paid to any person who will ap-
prehend or secure him so that I get him again.
2 JEREMIAH CRABB.

February 22, 1785.

THIS is to inform the acting attorney for Mrs.
Anne Pemberton, administratrix of Mr. Jo-
seph Pemberton, deceased, that I, Nicholas Leeke,
have been in the city of Annapolis for the three
months last past, and shall continue there some time
longer, and may be found at the house of colonel
Lloyd in the aforesaid city.

It has been pretended that the money due to me
was always ready for me to receive; why am I not
paid? the money has been due two years and a half,
and never any offered to me but once, and that by
way of composition to induce me to pay the costs;
yet by such pretence (I being absent in Talbot coun-
ty) the arbitrators did not allow me interest on my
account.
2 NICHOLAS LEEKE.

Prince-George's county, February 17, 1785.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of
Jeremiah Belt, late of this county, deceased,
are desired to bring them in legally proved as they
may be settled, and all those indebted unto the
same are earnestly requested to make immediate pay-
ment, unto
2 MARY BELT, executrix,
THOMAS BELT, executor.

Montgomery county, February 15, 1785.

WAS committed to my custody on the 15th of
July last, a certain THOMAS DULANY, for
dealing with a servant belonging to Mr. Robert
White, of George-town, but confessed himself a ser-
vant belonging to Morris Morrison, of Philadel-
phia; he is an Irishman born, about 5 feet 8 inches
high, middling likely, says he is a stocking weaver
by trade, and was free in January last. His matter,
if any, is desired to pay charges and take him away.
JOHN H. NICHOLLS, sheriff.

P. S. The above mentioned person since commit-
ted says his name is Thomas Heron. 2

Annapolis, February 22, 1785.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
A SKILFUL and industrious man, well ac-
quainted and would undertake to construct
FRAMES for the purpose of extending WHARFS
from Carroll's bank into the river Severn, in the
manner as now practised in Baltimore. Any person
well recommended will be treated with for terms,
on application to
2 THO. B. HODGKIN.

THERE are at the plantation of Joseph Gill,
near South river ferry, in Anne-Arundel
county, taken up as strays, in the pasture of Mary
Pearson, two mares, the one a roan, about six years
old, has no perceivable mark about her; the other
black, about ten and a half hands high, and has
no perceivable mark or brand. The owner or
owners may have them again on proving property
and paying charges.
3 X

THERE is at the plantation of William Jen-
kins, on Oxen-run, about five miles from
Alexandria ferry, taken up as a stray, a light bay
GELDING, about fourteen hands high, has a
star on his forehead, and some white spots on each
side of his head, the pole of his neck, and on each
side of his back, appears to be old, not docked, nor
has any perceivable brand. The owner may have
him again on proving property and paying charges.

Patowmack Canal.

Annapolis, February 12, 1785.

BY virtue of an act of the last general assembly of
Maryland, entitled, An ACT for establishing
a company for opening and extending the navigation
of the river Patowmack,

NOTICE is hereby given, that the laudable
subscription, so essentially necessary to accomplish a
work fraught with such universal advantages, is
now opened at Annapolis, where it will so continue
until the tenth day of May next, in the hands of
CHRISTOPHER RICHMOND,
JOHN DAVIDSON.

Intendant's office, February 11, 1785.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on
Monday the 4th of April, if fair, if not the first
fair day thereafter, at Vienna, in Dorchester
county, for current money, or specie certificates
liquidated and issued by the treasurer, or by the
commissioners appointed to settle the depreciation
and pay of the Maryland line to the first of Au-
gust, 1786.

ALL that tract of land in Dorchester county
commonly called the Indian Lands, lying up-
on Nanticoke river, containing upwards of six thou-
sand acres, laid off in convenient lots for the pur-
chasers. Bonds to be given with security, payable
the first day of January 1789, with legal interest
thereon, to be paid annually.

At the same time and place will be sold some re-
served lands adjoining Nanticoke manor. Also two
small tracts of land, containing one hundred and
forty acres, late the property of Anthony Stewart;
three ditto, containing two hundred and sixty-nine
acres, of Charles Blair; two ditto, James Fishwick,
seventy-four acres.

And on Thursday the seventh of April will be
sold at public vendue, at Salisbury, on the terms
aforesaid, the real and personal confiscated property
of Hugh Dean, Charles Hale, Speers, French and
Co. Isaac Collin, John H. Carey, John Maline,
Mary Caldwell, Isaac Atkinson, John Sterling, John
Harris, Major White, Joshua Dickson, William Smith,
Sarah Collin, John Bontlet, Obadiah Read, Caleb
Jones, William Atkinson, James Otley, James
Wheatly, all of Somerset and Worcester counties.

Likewise will be sold, part of Wicomico and
Walteot manors, with some reserved lands adjoin-
ing.
3 DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
Intendant of the revenue.

Intendant's office, February 11, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to the tenants on
the manors and reserves in St. Mary's and
Charles counties, and all others concerned, that the
Intendant of the revenue will attend at Le-nard-
town, on Tuesday the 8th day of March, to dis-
pose of the said lands; and on Wednesday the 16th of
the same month, at Port-Tobacco.

3 DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant.

January 28, 1785.

ECLIPSE,
Imported last summer,

STANDS this season at Collington Meadows, in
Prince-George's county, and will begin to cov-
er on the 20th day of March next, at six guineas a
mare, and one dollar to the groom; his colour is a
fine chestnut with a small blaze, and one white hind
foot, full fifteen hands and a half high, great bone,
and very handsome. Good pasturage for mares at
2/6 per week, but will not be answerable for escapes
or other accidents. The money to be sent with the
mares.
RICHARD B. HALL.

London, February 26, 1784.

Esteemed friend,
WE have procured you a horse of the first run-
ning blood, as you desired, and got by the celebrated
Eclipse. Enclosed is his pedigree, attested by Mr.
Tattersall, whose veracity may be depended on, and
who is allowed to have the most extensive knowledge
of the turf of any man in this country.
Oxley and HANCOCK.

Richard B. Hall.

THIS is to certify, that the chestnut horse I sold
Mr. Oxley was bred by the late Sir John Saelley,
bart. and was got by Eclipse, out of Phoebe, full
sister to Apollo. Phoebe was got by Regulus, her dam
by Cottingham, grand-dam by Snake, great grand-
dam by the Bald Galloway, great great-grand-dam by
lord Carlisle's Turk. Cottingham was got by Mr.
Hartley's blind horse. This horse was five years old
last grass. Witness my hand this 16th of February
1784.
RICHARD TATTERSALL.

N. B. The horse won several plates and matches,
&c. &c.
3 R. T.

To be rented by the year, and entered on immediately.

A VALUABLE FARM, on the north side of Severn river, with a genteel house thereon, and all convenient out-houses, &c. Application to be made to Mr. John Rice, on Fell's-point, or Richard Barland, in Baltimore-town. 2

Prince-George's county, February 10, 1785. **T**O prevent further trouble, all those indebted to the estate of William Urquhart, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Hugh Lyon, in Upper Marlborough; and all those who have claims against the said estate, are earnestly desired to bring them to the said Hugh Lyon properly attested, that they may be adjusted. 2

JANE URQUHART, executrix of William Urquhart.

TAKEN up as a stray, by John Fisher, in Anne Arundel county, a brown bay HORSE, about eight years old, fourteen hands high, or upwards, paces, trots, and canters, has no perceivable brand or flesh mark, and appears to be ill-natured. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 2 w 3

FIVE POUNDS REWARD. Annapolis, December 23, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, some time in the month of September last, a negro woman named LUCY, formerly the property of Benedict Calvert, Esq; of Prince-George's county; is about five feet four inches high, and has lost one eye; her wearing apparel is unknown. Whoever secures her so that her master may get her again, shall receive thirty shillings if taken up ten miles from home, if twenty miles fifty shillings and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by 10

ARCHIBALD GOLDER.

Anne-Arundel county, January 31, 1785. **T**HE subscriber, having received a power of attorney of Mr. John Hall, son of Edward, empowering him to ask, demand, and receive, all and every the debts now due and owing him, Hereby gives notice to all those indebted, by bond, note, or otherwise, that unless payment is made by the 20th day of February next, suits will commence to March court, without respect to persons. 3X

HENRY BALDWIN.

February 1, 1785. **To be SOLD cheap, for cash,** A LIKELY NEGRO GIRL, about ten years old; she has been used to wait in the house. For particulars enquire of the printers hereof. 3X

Annapolis, January 26, 1785.

FOR SALE,

FIFTY acres of good level wood land, on Rhode river, in Anne-Arundel county. For terms apply to **THOMAS HIRWOOD,** in Annapolis. 4X

February 10, 1785.

WHEREAS, by an act of the general assembly of Maryland, held at the city of Annapolis, in November 1784, George Shipley, junior, was appointed guardian and trustee of the person and property of George Shipley, senior; and whereas, by the said act, the chancellor was empowered to remove the trustee, in case of misfeasance in his office, and to nominate another in his place, but was not directed, in case of the death of the said George Shipley, junior, to make another appointment; This is therefore to notify to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends preferring a petition to the next general assembly, praying them to enlarge the powers of the chancellor in this behalf, and by a supplement to the said law enable him to nominate a trustee in the place of the said George Shipley, junior, who is since dead. 3

TALBOT SHIPLEY.

LOST out of my pocket, about twelve weeks ago, a deprecation certificate, No. 2117, granted to John Cook, soldier of the Maryland line, for the sum of sixty pounds specie. Any person finding the same, upon producing it to the subscriber, living at George town, or William Campbell, at Annapolis, shall receive one guinea reward. All persons whatever are forewarned receiving the same, as it is my property. It is hoped that the treasurer will stop it, should it be offered to him in payment. 5

WILLIAM BAYLY.

Just imported, and to be SOLD at the Post-office, 2/

A FEW elegant SPRING CLOCKS, in mahogany, black ornamental, and japan'd cases.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the Post-Office, Charles-Street

FOR SALE,

For cash, certificates issued under the act to adjust the debts due from this state, or on credit, **T**HE plantation of the subscriber, lying on the north side of Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing about 600 acres. It lies on Severn river, about four miles from the city of Annapolis; the improvements are, a very good framed dwelling house, 30 odd feet by 16, two stories high, two rooms on each floor with fire places in all of them, and a cellar bricked up under the whole; A log kitchen or quarter 24 by 12, built this last fall with a brick chimney; a framed barn, 30 by 25, with sheds 12 feet wide on the sides, and on one end, raised on brick pillars, about two feet from the ground, the whole floored close, and covered with 18 inch cyprus shingles, there is a granary above two small orchards, with some good fruit; milk and hen houses, and a tolerable stable. 8 w

JAMES BRICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land lying on Aquia run, in Stafford county, in Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia warehouse, about six miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Fredericksburg, containing six thousand acres; it is well watered and abounding with timber, calculated for planting or farming; on this land are several valuable mill seats, one particularly so. The above will be sold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers; if sold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchase, if in small lots only one year's credit will be given for one half; the other being paid at the time of conveyance. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber opposite to Lower Marlborough, in Maryland, or colonel Bailey Washington, near to and adjoining the premises, who will shew the land. 19

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD. December 27, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man slave named SAM, about five feet seven inches high, well made, has a very flat nose, and when his mouth is shut his under lip looks very large and prominent, has a remarkable scar upon his neck reaching almost from his ear to his collar bone occasioned by an imposthume, but on which side I am not certain; had on and took with him various articles of cloathing, among which were a coarse blue cloth coat, white kersey waistcoat, black worked knit breeches, black leather shoes, white metal shoe buckles, striped holland coat, nankens waistcoat and breeches, two osnabrig shirts and trousers, a crocus frock, and a new felt hat, but as he has been absent from my service since the 15th of July last it is probable he may have got other cloaths. I have been informed he has a forged pass and has changed his name from Sam to Lem, and endeavours to pass for a free man. Whoever will take up and secure said negro in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by 10

WILLIAM DAVIS, jun.

November 2, 1784.

FOR SALE,

THAT very valuable plantation, late the property of William Thomas, deceased, containing about 800 acres of land, beautifully situated on the mouth of South river, about three miles from the city of Annapolis, and about 300 acres cleared, the whole of exceeding good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, and rye; the improvements are, a very good convenient dwelling house, kitchen, corn house, stables, tobacco houses, &c. a good apple orchard, with a variety of other fruit trees; some meadow in timothy and more may be made at a very trifling expence; there are many advantages attending its situation too tedious to mention, among the number the convenience to markets, and for fishing and tawling, as in the season there are a great abundance of fine fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl. Likewise to be sold, a number of negroes, some of which are very valuable house servants, also some excellent horses fit for the road or draught. For terms enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises. 17

P. W. THOMAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscribers, to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to vest the real estate, devised by John Hammond, Esq; to the subscriber Elizabeth, in her and her heirs, in fee simple. 3

WILLIAM KING, ELIZABETH A. KING.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to divide the real and personal property of Thomas Lamer, of London, among his brothers and sisters, in such manner as to them may seem reasonable. w 8

WILLIAM HARDING.

S C H E M E

LOTTERY

To raise 6000 dollars for the use of Washington College, in the state of Maryland.

Prize	Dollars	Dollars
1	4000	4000
2	1500	1500
3	1000	2000
4	500	1500
5	100	2000
6	50	3000
7	20	2000
8	10	24000

3187 Prizes, 6813 Blanks, 10,000 Tickets at 4 dollars each, are 40,000 Dollars.

THE PRIZES are subject to the usual deduction of fifteen per cent. to be applied to one of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

The scheme is calculated on the most favourable terms; those who wish to become adventurers and benefactors to their country, by advancing the interests of LEARNING; there being little more than two blanks to one prize, and the large sum of SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, contained in the four capital prizes. The visitors and governors of the college, as a corporation will be answerable for the due and faithful management of the lottery, which it is expected will be ready to be drawn at CHESTER, by the 15th day of April next, 1785. The fortunate numbers will be published in the Baltimore and some of the Philadelphia newspapers within four weeks after the drawing; and the prizes paid at CHESTER, or in the different counties on the eastern shore, by the college visitors for each respective county, who are as follows, and of whom tickets may be had at four dollars each.

Annapolis, His excellency William Paea, Samuel Chase, Esquires.

Kent county, eastern shore, William Smith, D. D. Peregrine Lettbruy, Joseph Nicholson, John Scott, Isaac Perkins, Thomas Smyth, sen. and jun. John Page, Thomas Van Dyke, Esquires.

Queen-Anne's county, Joshua Seney, Esq; Talbot county, Hon. William Perry, Esq; Dorchester county, Hon. Robert Goldborough, Hon. John Henry, Esquires, Rev. Samuel Keese.

Somerset county, Levin Gale, Esq; Worcester county, Peter Chaille, Esq; Cecil county, Rev. William Thomson. 9

Prizes not demanded in six months after the publication of the drawing, are to be considered as generously given for the benefit of the college.

BUILDING.

Annopolis, January 13, 1785.

EDWARD VIDLER,

HAVING imported a number of able workmen in the building branch, will undertake to erect or repair either public or private buildings; he will survey, measure, or estimate, for those who please to favour him with their orders. He has several marble and Portland stone chimney pieces ready for fixing up on the shortest notice.

N. B. A store will be opened on Monday next at his house (late Mr. Joseph Middleton's) near the dock.

BY virtue of a law passed this present session, for altering the time for holding the courts, notice is hereby given, That Saint Mary's county court will be held on the Monday before the fourth Tuesday in March, and on the Mondays before the first Tuesdays in June and September.

Charles county court, on the Monday before the first Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the second Tuesdays in June and September.

Prince George's county, on the Monday before the second Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the fourth Tuesdays in June and September.

Calvert county, on the Monday before the third Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the third Tuesdays in June and September.

Cecil county, on the Monday before the second Tuesdays in March, June, and October.

Talbot county, on the Monday before the first Tuesdays in March, June, and November. 7

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 1300 acres of land, lying near the Head of Severn, about 16 miles from Annapolis, and 17 from Baltimore; the soil is adapted both to farming and planting, and has the advantage of a very large tract of meadow ground, a considerable part of which is cleared and may be improved at a small expence; the land is chiefly wooded, and the lower parts abound with a great variety of lofty timbers, it is well watered, and has a good feat for a mill, and only six miles from navigation. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis. 10

JAMES STUART.

(XLth YEAR)

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1785.

LONDON, November 25.

It gives universal pleasure to all true lovers of their country, to hear that lord Camden will no longer continue deaf to the voice of the public, as the weight of his abilities and integrity has too long been wanting to establish the confidence which the nation at large will then place in the present administration.

Nov. 26. Yesterday the court of directors of the India company received a packet over land from Mr. Hastings, containing the most favourable account of the state of affairs in Oude. By these it appears, that all the dominions of the vizier were in perfect tranquillity—that Mr. Hastings had received 450,000, or forty-nine lacks, being part of the balance due from the vizier to the company—that the remainder would be paid in the course of the year. Mr. Hastings was in perfect health.

When general Sloper was appointed at the India-house to the rejection of general Campbell, we hear that Mr. Pitt hesitated whether he should not resign his office; but he was prevailed on to overlook the matter.

The people are in a distracted state, in every part of Holland; their prints abound with libels of the severest sort against their High Mightinesses, who are considered as the agents of the French court employed to overturn their liberties.

The mortality in the human species must be much increased, wherever the Dutch think proper to overflow the lands.—Intermittents and putrid fevers are already beginning to be very rife in all the neighbourhood about the inundation!

The Hessian troops, and those from Waldeck, which we had in pay in our last war, are now subsidied by the emperor. Some Swiss troops on the contrary are going into the service of the Dutch.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, November 20.

Yesterday came on in the court of the king's bench, the pleadings to shew cause why an attachment should not be granted against counsellor Lytler, and the other gentlemen who held the meeting in the town of Roicommon, for electing members to attend the congress. Mr. Curran, in an elegant speech of three hours, pointed out such defects in the affidavit, that the court refused to make an order for attaching the gentlemen concerned at the meeting.

The Dutch, by the destruction of the country round Fort Lillo, have given a specimen what they are further determined to do, in case the emperor perseveres in his hostile declaration; and wherever the Austrian troops march, the country will be laid under water, and they may perhaps experience the same fate which one or two armies of the Spaniards did, when the states were struggling for their liberty, and which obliged the Dons to surrender themselves prisoners of war, to prevent their being drowned.

The emperor will find the Dutch much better prepared for war than he expected, as they have lately increased their army very rapidly, besides taking into their pay a considerable number of mercenary soldiers, who are now on their march from different parts of the continent for Holland.

Several Dutch families are arrived in England in the last packets from Holland, and a number of others have retired into France, till the dispute between their country and the emperor is finally adjusted.

The king of Denmark has lately made such considerable additions to his naval and military forces, as gives reason to suspect he has formed an alliance that will engage the Danes as parties in the contest between Holland and the house of Austria. The capital of Denmark is now completely garrisoned, and all the towns in Holstein are put into the same state of strength.

We hear from Ireland, that the armed protestant volunteer corps have begun to address the president of the protestant association.

It is said the friends of an insatuated and intemperate young nobleman have confined him.

Lord George Gordon is gone down to the seat of his second brother, lord William, in company with two relations, where he is expected to continue some months.

Nov. 29. By a gentleman of character, who arrived in town last night from Paris, we are assured that great divisions had taken place in the cabinet at Versailles, on account of the impending war between the emperor and the Dutch.

The people seem unfeignedly well satisfied with the known sentiments of administration in regard to the continental war: the immutable determination of the cabinet, is a fixed neutrality.

The above-mentioned determination has been conveyed in form to the applications both of the Dutch and Imperial ministers.

Extract of a letter from Florence, October 20.

The dutchess of Albany arrived here, at the house of the pretender, her father, on the 7th instant; their interview was very affecting, her father not having seen her since she was six years of age. Her arrival was no sooner made known to the grand duke, than he sent one of his gentlemen to compliment her; and the pretender having expressed a wish that the box given her at the theatre might be distinguished from the common ones, the grand duke ordered it to be ornamented in the same manner as that of the grand dutchess's, with the tapestry fringed with gold. When the dutchess of Albany went to the opera, the court and city honoured her on her passage; she is both young and beautiful, and being dressed in the Parisian taste, and ornamented with all her father's jewels, she cut a splendid figure. Her father was enchanted at her reception; and it is hoped that this fine young lady will make him happy in his old age.

Dec. 1. The revenue of Great-Britain increases to a degree beyond the most sanguine expectation; the duties on some articles have more than doubled; and it is now found the sinking fund will amount to three millions; one million and a half of which is to be applied next spring to the reduction of the national debt, which at the present price of three per cents will pay off near three millions.

Dec. 4. While Spain is exhausting herself in a petty guerre with the Algerines; while France is waiting her treasure, and literally almost pulled down by the depression of her fallen allies in the united provinces; while Ireland is fighting windmills, and Germany and Holland are occupied in negotiating manœuvres; Great-Britain alone, unembarrassed with any foreign politics, has full leisure and opportunity to cultivate and enjoy the blessings of security and peace.

The prince of Orange is uncommonly popular with the lower class of people in Holland, more especially since the duke of Brunswick resigned his command; his being requested to do this, is considered an invasion on the prince's prerogative.

Notwithstanding the treaty of peace gives to Britain all the river Gambia, yet the French by some finesse have made a claim to Albrede, which is the best situated for commerce, and commands all the rest of the trade. From the representation made of this business to ministry by the naval commander lately arrived from the African station, Mr. Crawford is gone to Paris to treat as commissary from the British court.

The convenience which the Dutch will find in the English harbours, in case of a war with the emperor, will induce them to preserve terms of friendship and civility with this country.

A majority of the German electors are decidedly with the emperor; indeed the opening of the Scheld would be universally beneficial to the empire, by introducing more trade and more money.

The vigour of old Frederick's mind, the brilliancy of that spirit which astonished all the world twenty years ago, is daily giving way to the obligations of mortality; his ardour for the field may not be entirely abated, but has greatly subsided within the last three years. The emperor well knows this, and presumes upon the knowledge. He is aware that his Prussian majesty will take the field in favour of the Dutch, but does not consider it in so important a point of view as the politicians of this country regard it. At all events, he is determined to risk the issue of a campaign, and to support his own dignity, which must be sullied, if his opposition to the Dutch is abandoned.

A singular instance of longevity, combined with strong health, is afforded in the person of Cornet Low, who for half a century has been upon half-pay, during almost the whole of which period he has resided at his present retirement at Warley-Bank, near Wednesbury, in Staffordshire. This veteran, who is a hundred and four years of age, rides ten or fifteen miles every day, when the weather permits; and, what is singular, though he keeps a livery-servant, he is constantly followed on horse-back by a venerable female attendant, who has been his nurse upwards of forty years.

The French ambassador quitted Paris a few days since to visit London; couriers rode before him all the way to Calais, to expedite his journey. He embarked for Dover half an hour after his arrival at Calais, and instantly set off for London. His instructions how to treat, in regard to the contest between the emperor and the Dutch, it is suspected will puzzle our ministry not a little.

If lord Thurlow's abilities as a lawyer, or his independent spirit as a man, would not have rendered his name immortal, the late translation respecting Dr. Johnson, will hand his name down to posterity as long as the most elegant productions of the English language shall find a reader.

Bets are laid that a certain crack-brained popular gentleman (lord George Gordon) will be in the Tower in less than three months; and indeed his present conduct favours very much of offence to the constitution of the country, and the dictates of common sense.

One of the princes of Mecklenburgh has been named as the successor of the duke of Brunswick, in the Dutch service. But the command remains yet unaccepted.

The squabble between the emperor and the Dutch is likely to be productive of one piece of essential service to the community, by affording immediate employment to a number of poor distressed seamen.

A petition was presented to his majesty, on Sunday last, in behalf of the sailors who are entirely out of employ, and not suffered to be employed in foreign service.

Letters from Edinburgh, dated November 9, mention, that several gentlemen of family and fortune were preparing to embark for Holland, in order to serve as volunteers in the army of the States General, upon the present convulsion between Holland and the emperor.

Though the alarm which prevails in Holland on account of the emperor, has in some measure silenced the contention which has long prevailed between the States General and the stadtholder, yet it is clear, that extraordinary jalousies are still subsisting, as appears from the prince's last defence to an attack made upon his character, and sanctioned by public authority. The language of the prince carries something more with it than expostulation, as he obliquely charges them with countenancing a malicious charge, which they knew had no foundation.

The Dutch now acknowledge they have lost five millions at St. Eustatia. Sir George R. does not estimate the goods at three millions, which sum, added to the great number of ships taken in the harbour, the Dutchmen extend to the sum first mentioned.

Stocks continue dreadfully flat in Holland. The last prices were worse than any that have yet arrived.

The inhabitants of Wapping, Ratcliff Highway, and other places in that quarter, are likely to have a fine time of it; a number of houses for the reception of sailors, being opened; here one for the emperor, there another for the Dutch, and so on alternately.

On Saturday the stocks—mirabile dictu!—rose a little; and from what impulse, gentle reader, do you think? Neither more nor less, than a report of seventy brass cannon having been furnished by the French to the imperialists! N. B. The above id cannon were call at the much accustomed foundery in 'Change-alley.

Copy of a letter from the right honourable count O'Rourke, to the right honourable lord George Gordon.

Cary-street, opposite Lincoln's Inn, November 24, 1784.

My lord George, I SHALL be glad to know what motive or what interest you can have in being so vehement against the ancient catholic religion? Has your lordship forgot that you sprung from ancestors who thought that way of thinking right; and that at this moment your aunt professes it in all its original forms? That which was the religion of your family at so late a period as in the time of your grandfather, should not be so reviled by you. Give me leave to ask what religion it is that you profess which recommends persecution? surely not the protestant! I acknowledge that I am, and all my forefathers were, Roman catholic;—my family can boast of antiquity before that of the Gordons;—well known to the British court;—well known at all the courts in Europe;—I am at present the chief of that family, and as I before observed, profess the same way of thinking that they did, in matters of religion;—but I am not for persecution;—men of late, of both religions, have got a more liberal way of thinking; toleration has diffused itself over the world, and shewed men the folly of falling out about religion, and that it is not any particular mode of worship that will open the road to Heaven. What became of your lordship, that you did not share or partake of that blessing? Did you envelope yourself in so great a degree in enthusiasm, as to prevent its approaching you? In former times no wars were carried on, no disaffection to government, in short, no plot, though ever to wicked, but

Table of exchange rates for various locations including Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia.

Advertisement for a building project in Annapolis, listing names like William Paca and William Thomson.

Advertisement for land for sale near Annapolis, listing details about the acreage and location.

had, as its covering, the security of religion. The interest of the established church has been, and you intend shall again be your foundation for tumults, riots, &c. simi ar to those of 1780. Take care, my lord, hearken to my advice, desist from your late conduct; let every man go to Heaven his own way; his majesty has not more loyal or better subjects in his dominions than the catholics; they have committed no outrage, they have not disturbed the public peace, nor attempted to distress the government of this country when at war with many great powers? Forget the odious word papist, which you so frequently make use of, when speaking of the Roman catholics—but should it endeavour to force up, take a draught of warm water and force it down again.

"I had the honour of being a captain in a Scotch regiment in the French service; in it were men of different religions, yet we lived like friends, not suffering the difference of religion to create feuds and dissensions among us; lord Lewis Drummond commanded the regiment—it would have been fortunate for you had you passed a few years in it; it might have given you a more liberal way of thinking, and kept you out of a vast deal of trouble; it is not too late to mend; and when your lordship pleases to call on me, I shall be happy to enlarge on the subject with you; and perhaps if you are not predetermined, I may be able to convince you that you are wrong.

I have the honour to be,
Your lordship's most obedient
Humble servant,
O'ROURKE.

"P. S. I should be glad to know who this officer of the Irish brigade is, that you so pompously mention in your letter to Mr. Pitt: if he has quitted that brave corps with the approbation of his commanders, and with the character of a man of honour, and is so in reality, I am sure you can have no influence over him to make him join in your present schemes. I must also remark, that when you speak of the emperor, you should observe the respect due to so great a public, and so illustrious a private character."

Lord GEORGE GORDON's answer.

"SIR,
"YOUR letter, dated the 24th, was not delivered at my house till yesterday the 28th.—In reply to it, give me leave to inform you, that, as president of the protestant association, I am answerable to my constituents for my watchfulness and fidelity in discharging the important trust they have reposed in me; I am also accountable to government and the magistrates, if I, in any degree, transgress the laws of the land; but I am no way responsible for my public conduct to you or any other private individual. You will therefore excuse me for declining the offer you make me, of calling upon you to enlarge on the subject.

I am, Sir,
Your most obedient,
and humble servant,
G GORDON."

Welbeck-street, November 29, 1784.

Extract of a letter from Edinburgh, November 15.
"A scheme is proposed by some gentlemen in this city to apply to his majesty, who has been always the patron of literature, for a grant of the palace of Holyrood-house, to convert it into a college. The royal palace is of no use at present, and must go into decay, notwithstanding the expence government is at in keeping it up, which would be saved by the above scheme. If thirty or forty thousand pounds were raised by lottery, and laid out in repairing and fitting up Holyrood house, and in additional buildings, it would make a very elegant and complete college. The chief objection to this scheme seems to be its distance from the infirmary, and its not being so central as the present university."

BOSTON, February 3.

A gentleman from New-York informs, that the grand council of America, are carrying on their deliberations with dignity and vigour in that metropolis.

NEW-YORK, February 9.

We feel extreme concern in announcing the death of major Robert Mellison, formerly a merchant in Maryland; a bilious disorder has deprived the world of a most amiable ornament of society, the loss of whom is most sincerely regretted by a very extensive acquaintance in Europe and America. He died at Philadelphia.

Extract of a letter from London, December 1.

"The unhappy dispute between the emperor and the Dutch, I am apprehensive, will involve most of the powers of Europe in their difficulties, as the emperor is inflexible in his determination of opening the navigation of the Scheld. Wheat is now selling here at the enormous price of seven shillings sterling per bushel, in consequence of the expectancy of a war, and contractors from other powers buying up large quantities. I sincerely believe France is pacific, and would wish to heal the breach; but alas! I fear all in vain, and that nothing short of a bloody war must decide the dispute."

Feb. 15. By recent advices from the northward, we are informed, that the garrison of the British post at Niagara, are fortifying that place in the strongest manner possible. From this circumstance, the plan now in agitation in the British cabinet, of exchanging with Spain, Gibraltar for Florida, and the re-

monstrance lately made to the grand council of America by the Spanish agent, against our navigating the river Mississippi, seem to indicate something of a hostile nature to be not far distant.

Extract of a letter from London, December 2, 1784.

"The old king of Prussia is as busy in his military matters, as if at the eve of a war; and appears desirous to take an active part in the war between the emperor and the Dutch. His majesty is now very old, and it is thought it would be more to his interest to commence a spiritual warfare against the common enemy of mankind, than to assist the ambitious Joseph in cutting the throats of the industrious cheesemongers of Batavia."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, November 16.

"These are perilous times, my friend. The contest between the aristocracy and government, on the one side, and the volunteers and people on the other, has nearly arrived at that crisis, which will decide the future fate of poor Ireland.

"You are well acquainted with the headlong violence of the man, whose fiat regulates all the councils of our lord lieutenant. Relying on the number of troops in the kingdom, and the various leaders he has by bribery and other arts detached from the patriot cause, he incessantly echoes in Rutland's ear, to push matters to extremities, and to strike a terror into the minds of those who have set themselves in opposition to the plan of subjugation he has laid down."

Feb. 17. We are informed that a number of counterfeit French guineas are at present in circulation; they are very badly executed, and may be easily detected from their lightness.

The English news-papers have long continued in an error, touching the commander of the British troops in East India; on every occasion respecting that service, they mention lieutenant-general Matthew at the head of the army, instead of major-general Meadows, who, it will be found, is the identical person described in that line, to have undergone all the violent reveries of fortune, some weeks past intimated to us in the public accounts. Major-general Meadows acted in this country, under generals Howe and Clinton, and was well known to, and highly respected by, all the military, British and American, during several years of the late contest. A more valiant officer,

"Never let a squadron in the field."

Lieutenant-general Edward Matthew, a native of the West-Indies, of great estate, and of most accomplished manners, is solely invested with the military power of each leeward island, as commander in chief there.

PHILADELPHIA, February 16.

Extract of a letter from London, December 2.

"The emperor has consented to a mediation, principally on the part of France. By that mediation the Scheldt will probably be opened. By suffering this bustle, France will have the means of rendering herself of consequence to Germany and Holland. If the preceding apprehension take place, it is well if Prussia and the stadholder are not equally paid with France and Germany, as the stronger are often led to compound their own quarrels at the expence of those who are weaker.

"The king, without sollicitation, has made lord Shelburne marquis of Lansdown, as a reward for past services: He is come to town for a day to kiss hands."

Feb. 21. Francis Hughes, mariner, was yesterday committed to gaol by his honour the judge of the admiralty, being charged with piracy in running away with the schooner Free Mason and her cargo, the property of Mr. Charles Travers, on her late voyage from Philadelphia to Hispaniola.

BALTIMORE, March 1.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Louisville, (Falls of the Ohio) to his friend in Frederick-town, dated October 19, 1785.

"The people in this part are still settled in stations which will afford harbours to a number of rats, who support their families by hunting and stealing; but as the farmers are moving out to farms this fall, those gentry will have no shelter, and our lands will be cultivated so as to yield a support for emigrants, which this part does by no means at present; and unless the emigrants of this fall and next spring take care to come well stocked, there will be a famine next summer on the frontier. Flour has been not less than six dollars per hundred since July, and a month it was as high as ten; corn currently at a dollar per bushel, and has started the present crop at three shillings Virginia currency, though the produce is from ten to twelve barrels per acre. In the upper counties, where the settlements are thick, it may be bought for one shilling and six-pence, though the current price there has been the late summer from three to four shillings. The Monongahalia, however, will produce a sufficiency, if the people are provident to bring it down; and the stoppage of the exportation to New-Orleans will put it amply in their power.

"You would laugh at my ideas of continuing here, perhaps, if the cabins of Louisville could be presented to your sight, at this moment, with the complicated scenes of wretchedness amongst the inhabitants. The small-pox attacked in the spring—the intermittent and bilious fevers succeeded—then the measles and hooping-cough came on, and swept off whole families of children, in want of every ne-

cessary comfort. Not a pound of sugar, or a drop of wine to be had; nay some, I believe, wanted the coarsest food.—In short, my friend, except in the year 1776, the distress of our poor sick soldiers hardly exceeded the miseries of this place. The expence of living here is enormous. In the middle of the war, I could have lived at the fountain-head of luxury at Philadelphia and kept my horses and servant at nearly as small an expence as I could here the last summer, and only drank a comfortable quantity of grog."

ANNAPOLIS, March 10.

ABSTRACTS from some of the public acts passed last session of assembly.

An act to authorise the delegates of this state in congress to consent to an alteration in the eighth of the articles of confederation, and in its place to subscribe and ratify another.

So much of the eighth article of confederation as is contained in the following words: "All charges of war, and all other expences that shall be incurred for the common defence, or general welfare, and allowed by the United States in Congress assembled, shall be defrayed out of a common treasury, which shall be supplied by the several states, in proportion to the value of all land within each state, granted to or surveyed for any person, as such land and the buildings and improvements thereon shall be estimated, according to such mode as the United States in Congress assembled shall from time to time direct and appoint"—shall be revoked and made void, so far as it extends to this state; and the delegates in congress from this state are to subscribe and ratify the following, in the place of the part revoked: "That all charges of war, and all other expences that have been or shall be incurred for the common defence and general welfare, and allowed by the United States in Congress assembled, except in far as shall be otherwise provided for, shall be defrayed out of a common treasury, which shall be supplied by the several states, in proportion to the whole number of white and other free citizens and inhabitants, of every age, sex, and condition, including those bound to servitude for a term of years, and three fifths of all other persons not comprehended in the foregoing description, except Indians, not paying taxes in each state"—which alteration shall be as valid as the part before revoked.

An act concerning fugitive criminals.

The governor may, on demand of the executive of the state from which any person charged with treason, felony, or other high misdemeanors, in any state, and who has fled from justice, and shall be found and arrested in this state, deliver up such offender; and the sheriffs, &c. are to give due obedience to the commands of the governor in the execution of said power and authority.

Governor, judge, or justice, may issue warrant to arrest such offenders, and commit or bail them; but if such offender be charged by a private citizen, the information must be on oath, and the evidence such as afford grounds to believe the charge is true.

If circumstances require such offender to be bailed, governor, &c. may take recognizance, with sufficient security, the condition of which shall be as follows: "The condition of the above obligation and recognizance is such, that if the said — shall make his personal appearance before the governor, at the city of Annapolis, on the — day of — and not depart from thence without his leave or permission, then the above obligation and recognizance shall be void."

When such offender shall be arrested by any judge or justice, and committed or bailed, such judge, &c. shall forward a transcript of such proceeding, with the recognizance, to the governor, who shall give information to the offended state, and if no demand be made within a reasonable time, after such communication, the party arrested may be discharged.

If such offender shall forfeit his recognizance, the governor shall deliver the same to the clerk of the general court, who shall issue such process against the offender and his sureties as the law for recovery of forfeited recognizances directs.

President of council, in absence of the governor, may exercise all power and authority hereby given to the governor.

[To be continued.]

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 10th day of May next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

THE houses and lot belonging to the late James Dick, in Annapolis, where James Dick and Stewart formerly kept store. The day following will be exposed to sale, at Newington rope walk, within one mile of Annapolis, about sixty acres of land, laid out in acre lots; likewise the houses and utensils belonging to the said rope walk. Terms will be made known on the day of sale, or by applying to the subscribers,

MARY M'ULLOCH,
CHARLES STEUART,
JAMES M'ULLOCH,
executors of James Dick.

February 28, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,
A NEAT CHARIOT, with harness complete for two horses. Enquire of the printers hereof.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of William Steuart, are requested to bring them in that they may be adjusted, and those who are indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, to
CHARLES STEUART, administrator.

To the P
THOMAS STANE
form his friends
he is possessed of an i
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N. B. Those who are r
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1076

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called Old Field's Inclusion
hereof made by a certain
1
R. B. Harwood

WHEREAS John
Anne's county, o
7th day of December 17
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to be his last will and
same instrument of writ
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that I intend to prefer a
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To the PUBLIC.

THOMAS STANE takes this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he is possessed of an infallible cure for the most inveterate and obdurate cancers. Any person afflicted with that dreadful disorder, may apply to said Thomas Stane, at his dwelling house, in Walnut-street, near Fifth-street, in Philadelphia, or send a note directed as above, and he will wait on them, at any distance, and shall not ask for any money, but for his expences of travelling, until the patients are entirely cured.

N. B. Those who are not able to pay will be attended gratis.

Cecil county, February 21, 1785.

DO hereby give notice to the creditors of William Bateman, that I will attend at the courthouse in Charles-town, on the 21st day of March next, to make distribution of the money in my hands for his property sold by me.

RICHARD BOND, sheriff of Cecil county.

Talbot county, March 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next general assembly, to sell in them a good and sufficient title in fee simple, in part of a certain tract of land in Caroline county, called Old Field's Inclosure, agreeable to a purchase hereof made by a certain John Price of Joseph Gill.

BENJAMIN BENNY, SUSANNAH BENNY, REBECCA PRICE, MARY PRICE.

R. B. Hawwood

WHEREAS Joshua Lee, late of Queen-Anne's county, did, in his life time, on the 17th day of December 1784, sign and seal an instrument of writing, which he published and declared to be his last will and testament; and whereas the same instrument of writing was subscribed by two witnesses only, by reason whereof the same is by law insufficient to pass the real estate therein intended to be devised: Notice is therefore hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of this state, praying an act to pass, whereby the instrument of writing aforesaid, may be declared and confirmed to be the last will and testament of the aforesaid Joshua Lee, and good and sufficient for the purpose aforesaid.

RACHEL LEE.

Bladensburg, March 9, 1785.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Christopher Lowndes, late deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, are desired to make payment; it is expected that those who cannot comply conveniently with this request will settle their accounts and renew their obligations. Persons having claims against the estate are desired to bring them legally attested, to

BENJAMIN LOWNDES, FRANCIS LOWNDES, administrators.

March 9, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near the Head of South river, on the 28th of February last, a short well-set negro fellow named PETER, twenty-two years old, about five feet three or four inches high, has a very flat face and nose, and remarkable short fingers; his clothing is unknown. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to the subscriber, shall receive eight dollars, paid by

EDWARD EDWARDS.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Walter Car, living on Elk Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, a grey HORSE COLT, about three years old, thirteen and a half hands high, with a star in his forehead, some white on his near hind foot, docked, and has no perceivable brand. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

VALUABLE FARM, on the north side of Severn river, with a genteel house thereon, and all convenient out-houses, &c. Application to be made to Mr. William King, in Annapolis.

Annapolis, February 22, 1785.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A SKILFUL and industrious man, well acquainted and would undertake to construct FRAMES for the purpose of extending WHARFS from Carroll's bank into the river Severn, in the manner as now practised in Baltimore. Any person well recommended will be treated with for terms, on application to

THO B. HODGKIN.

Prince George's county, February 17, 1785.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Jeremiah Belt, late of this county, deceased, are desired to bring them in legally proved as they may be settled, and all those indebted unto the same are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, unto

MARY BELT, executrix, THOMAS BELT, executor.

Patowmack Canal.

Annapolis, February 12, 1785.

BY virtue of an act of the last general assembly of Maryland, entitled, An ACT for establishing a company for opening and extending the navigation of the river Patowmack,

NOTICE is hereby given, that the laudable subscription, so essentially necessary to accomplish a work fraught with such universal advantages, is now opened at Annapolis, where it will continue until the tenth day of May next, in the hands of CHRISTOPHER RICHMOND, JOHN DAVISON.

4

Intendant's office, February 11, 1785.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 4th of April, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, at Vienna, in Dorchester county, for current money, or specie certificates liquidated and issued by the treasurer, or by the commissioners appointed to settle the depreciation and pay of the Maryland line to the first of August, 1780,

ALL that tract of land in Dorchester county commonly called the Indian Lands, lying upon Nanticoke river, containing upwards of six thousand acres, laid off in convenient lots for the purchasers. Bonds to be given with security, payable the first day of January 1789, with legal interest thereon, to be paid annually.

At the same time and place will be sold some reserved lands adjoining Nanticoke manor. Also two small tracts of land, containing one hundred and forty acres, late the property of Anthony Stewart; three ditto, containing two hundred and sixty-nine acres, of Charles Blair; two ditto, James Fishwick, seventy-four acres.

And on Thursday the seventh of April will be sold at public vendue, at Salisbury, on the terms aforesaid, the real and personal confiscated property of Hugh Dan, Charles Hale, Speers, French and Co. Isaac Coffin, John H. Carey, John Malone, Mary Caldwell, Isaac Atkinson, John S. Erling, John Harris, Major White, John Dickson, William Smith, Sarah Coffin, John Bontlet, Obadiah Read, Caleb Jones, William Atkinson, James Otley, Jamison Wheatly, all of Somerset and Worcester counties.

Likewise will be sold, part of Wicomico and Walcott manors, with some reserved lands adjoining.

DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant of the revenue.

4

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, February 21, 1785.

THE general assembly having, at their last session, required every purchaser of confiscated British property, for which bonds have not been taken, to give bond before the first day of April next, with such security as the commissioners, under the direction of the intendant, shall require, for the payment of the money with interest agreeably to the contract, payable on the first day of January 1790, with interest annually, to commence from the first day of September last; Notice is hereby given, that constant attendance is given by the commissioners at their office in Annapolis, for the purpose of taking bonds in the manner directed; and that they will attend for the purpose aforesaid, at Mr. M'Candle's in Baltimore town, on the 22d, 23d, and 24th days of March next.

Suits are directed to be commenced against every person who shall not give bond on or before the first day of April, and payment enforced by the mode directed by the ninth clause of the act of April session 1782, entitled, An act respecting claims to confiscated British property, and to direct the commissioners in certain cases.

3

CLEMENT HOLLYDAY, GABRIEL DUVALL.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Montgomery county, February 20, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, in January, 1784, a negro man named CÆSAR, about 45 years of age, is a stout well made, black fellow, his lips large and pouting, and talks loud and quick when out of temper; he was formerly the property of Allen Quynn, Esq; and raised by Mr. Lewis Lewin, in Anne-Arundel county. I am informed he was hired at Mr. John Thomas's quarter on West-river, in May last, where he passed for a free man. Ten pounds with all reasonable charges shall be paid to any person who apprehends and delivers him to the subscriber, in Montgomery county, or secures him so that I get him again.

A negro man named TOBY ran away in April, 1784, is a likely well made young fellow (swift of foot) about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, was formerly the property of Mrs. Crabb, near Queen-Anne, and is supposed to be in that neighbourhood at this time. Five pounds shall be paid to any person who will apprehend or secure him so that I get him again.

JEREMIAH CRABB.

3

THERE is at the plantation of William Jenkins, on Oxen-run, about five miles from Alexandria ferry, taken up as a stray, a light bay GELDING, about fourteen hands high, has a star on his forehead, and some white spots on each side of his head, the pole of his neck, and on each side of his back, appears to be old, not docked, nor has any perceivable brand. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

3X

Annapolis, Intendant's office, February 26, 1785. To be SOLD, at Mr. M'Candle's tavern, in Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the third day of May next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, in tenth.

ONE fifth of the Baltimore iron works, consisting of a furnace and two forges, with upwards of 28,000 acres of land, more than two hundred negroes, and also stock of every kind. Between 7 and 8000 of the above land, almost adjoining Baltimore-town, is now laying off in lots, and will be sold some time in the same month by the company, by which the purchasers of these two tenths will be greatly benefited. Bonds, with approved security, will be required, payable the first day of January 1790, with lawful interest to be paid annually, in current money, depreciation, or any other liquidated certificates of this state for specie. If the last bidder is not ready with his securities to enter into bond, the next bidder to him will be considered as the purchaser. Inventories will be produced on the day of sale.

2

DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant of the revenue.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the 30th of March instant, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the house of John Givens; on the north side of Severn, about one mile from the ferry.

A PARCEL of valuable horses, cattle, and household furniture; also plantation utensils; among which are, a well fixed horse cart, and some good ploughs, with sundry other articles. Six months credit will be given for any sum above fifty shillings, if under that sum, the cash must be paid on delivery of the goods. Further terms will be made known on the day of sale.

February 20, 1785.

YOUNG GRANBY,

An elegant thorough bred HORSE. WILL cover this season, at the subscriber's, near the Queen-tree, in Saint Mary's county, at the low rate of eight dollars a mare, and five shillings to the groom.

Young Granby is a beautiful bay, fifteen hands and an inch high, rising nine years old, and very active. He was got by Old Granby, his dam by Old Britain, out of the noted mare Dido, imported by Mr. Delancy, of New-York. The character of Young Granby's sire and grand-dam is so well known and established, that further particulars of his pedigree must be needless.

Good pasturage will be provided at three shillings per week, and particular taken care of the mares, but I will not be answerable for escapes.

NAT. EWING.

Maryland, St. Mary's county, February 20, 1785.

RAN away, on the first instant, from the subscriber, living near the Queen-tree, in St. Mary's county, a dark mulatto man named NACE, who calls himself Nace Butler, a out twenty two years old, combs his hair back, which is pretty long for one of his complexion, he is about five feet eight inches high, has a large scar over his right eye; had on when he went away, a coat of red halfstitch, negro cotton breeches, gray yarn stockings; he carried with him a silk jacket which he stole, and may altogether have changed his dress, as he is an artful designing rogue; he lately petitioned the general court for his freedom, which petition still remains undetermined. His father lives with Mrs. Bradford, at Bladensburg, where he has been since he ran away; he went last October to Annapolis, where he passed for a free man, and hired himself as such for some time. Whoever apprehends he said fellow, and delivers him to me, shall receive three pounds current money, besides what the law allows; he has a brother in Montgomery county who belongs to a Mr. Knott, where he may be probably harboured.

2

NAT. EWING.

All persons are forbid harbouring or dealing with him at their peril.

Intendant's office, February 23, 1785.

To be contracted for,

THE carpenters work of a new roof and cover to the governor's house, and also for the necessary repairs to be made to the dome and roof of the staid house, both to be executed under the direction of Mr. Joseph Clark, architect; the designs with the necessary particulars, may be seen with the said Clark, or the intendant, from the 25th of March next to the 25th of April following, on which day proposals will be received, by

DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant.

Annapolis, February 22, 1785.

To be SOLD,

A PARCEL of empty pork barrels, in good order. Inquire of the printers.

TAKEN up as a stray, by George Simmerman, living in Frederick county, near James Johnson's furnace, a gray MARE, about four years old, and about thirteen hands high, appears to have a brand on the rear shoulder thus N. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

3X

March 10.

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RY M'CULLOCH,

RES STEUART,

ES M'CULLOCH,

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uary 28, 1785.

SOLD,

RIOT, with bar-

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EUART, administrator,

FOR SALE,

For cash, certificates issued under the act to adjust the debts due from this state, or on credit, THE plantation of the subscriber, lying on the north side of Severn river, in Anne Arundel county, containing about 600 acres. It lies on Severn river, about four miles from the city of Annapolis; the improvements are, a very good framed dwelling house, 30 odd feet by 16, two stories high, two rooms on each floor with fire places in all of them, and a cellar bricked up under the whole; a log kitchen or quarter 24 by 12, built this last fall, with a brick chimney; a framed barn, 30 by 25, with sheds 12 feet wide on the sides, and on one end, raised on brick pillars, about two feet from the ground, the whole floored close, and covered with 18 inch cypres shingles, there is a granary above; two small orchards, with some good fruit; milk and hen houses, and a tolerable stable.

JAMES BRICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land lying on Aquia run, in Stafford county, in Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia warehouse, about six miles from Damfrier, and twelve miles from Fredericksburg, containing six thousand acres; it is well watered and abounding with timber, calculated for planting or farming; on this land are several valuable mill seats, one particularly so. The above will be sold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers; if sold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchase, if in small lots only one year's credit will be given for one half; the other being paid at the time of conveyance. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber opposite to Lower Marlborough, in Maryland, or colonel Bailey Washington, near to and adjoining the premises, who will show the land.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

December 21, 1784. RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man slave named SAM, about five feet seven inches high, well made, has a very flat nose, and when his mouth is shut his under lip looks very large and prominent, has a remarkable scar upon his neck reaching almost from his ear to his collar bone occasioned by an imposthume, but on which side I am not certain; had on and took with him various articles of clothing, among which were a coarse blue cloth coat, white kersey waistcoat, black worsted knit breeches, black leather shoes, white metal shoe buckles, striped holland coat, nankeen waistcoat and breeches, two osnabrig shirts and trousers, a coarsen frock, and a new felt hat, but as he has been absent from my service since the 15th of July last it is probable he may have got other cloaths. I have been informed he has a forged pass and has changed his name from Sam to Jim, and endeavours to pass for a free man. Whoever will take up and secure said negro in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

WILLIAM DAVIS, jun.

FOR SALE,

THAT very valuable plantation, late the property of William Thomas, deceased, containing about 800 acres of land, beautifully situated on the mouth of South river, about three miles from the city of Annapolis, and about 300 acres cleared, the whole of exceeding good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, and rye; the improvements are, a very good convenient dwelling house, kitchen, corn house, stables, tobacco houses, &c. a good apple orchard, with a variety of other fruit trees; some meadow in timothy and more may be made at a very trifling expence; there are many advantages attending its situation too tedious to mention, among the number the convenience to markets, and for fishing and towing, in the season there are a great abundance of fine fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl. Likewise to be sold, a number of negroes, some of which are very valuable house servants, also some excellent horses fit for the road or draught. For terms enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises.

P. W. THOMAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscribers, to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to vest the real estate, devised by John Hammond, Esq; to the subscriber Elizabeth, in her and her heirs, in fee simple.

WILLIAM KING, ELIZABETH A. KING.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to divide the real and personal property of Thomas Lamer, of London, among his brothers and sisters, in such manner as to them may seem reasonable.

WILLIAM HARDING.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 29th of June 1784, a mulatto man named PETER, forty years of age, five feet four inches high, he has a sneaking down look, is a dark skinned mulatto, has big eyes, and has lost almost all his teeth; had on when he went away, a black and white country cloth jacket, and white country cloth breeches, osnabrig shirt, an under jacket without sleeves of a dark colour. Whoever takes up the said mulatto man, and secures him so that his master may get him again, shall receive if taken six miles from home eight dollars, if twenty miles five pounds, if forty miles or further ten pounds, paid by

BALDWIN LUSBY.

N. B. He has been harboured in the neighbourhood all the summer, and it is supposed that he has since been harboured by Mrs. Dulany's negro Jack, who probably has contrived him away from Annapolis by water.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Sutliff Bowen, living on the north side of Severn, near the Head of Cypres creek, in Anne Arundel county, a black MARE, about twelve hands and a half high, docked, but no perceivable brand. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

THE subscriber has by him a few suits of cloaths, of exceeding good quality, which were imported for the use of the army, and will sell them extremely cheap, for ready cash, wheat, corn, or oats, at the market price, delivered at Annapolis.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

Prince-George's county, February 10, 1785

TO prevent further trouble, all those indebted to the estate of William Uquhart, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Hugh Lyon, in Upper Marlborough; and all those who have claims against the said estate, are earnestly desired to bring them to the said Hugh Lyon properly attested, that they may be adjusted.

JANE UQUHART, executrix of William Uquhart.

TAKEN up as a stray, by John Fisher, in Anne Arundel county, a brown bay HORSE, about eight years old, fourteen hands high, or upwards, paces, trots, and canters, has no perceivable brand or flesh mark, and appears to be ill natured. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

ARCHIBALD GOLDER.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Annapolis, December 23 1784. RAN away from the subscriber, some time in the month of September last, a negro woman named LUCY, formerly the property of Benedict Calvert, Esq; of Prince George's county; is about five feet four inches high, and has lost one eye; her wearing apparel is unknown. Whoever secures her so that her master may get her again, shall receive thirty shillings if taken up ten miles from home, if twenty miles fifty shillings and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

ARCHIBALD GOLDER.

February 10, 1785. WHEREAS, by an act of the general assembly of Maryland, held at the city of Annapolis, in November 1784, George Shipley, junior, was appointed guardian and trustee of the person and property of George Shipley, senior; and whereas, by the said act, the chancellor was empowered to remove the trustee, in case of misfeasance in his office, and to nominate another in his place, but was not directed, in case of the death of the said George Shipley, junior, to make another appointment; This is therefore to notify to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends preferring a petition to the next general assembly, praying them to enlarge the powers of the chancellor in this behalf, and by a supplement to the said law enable him to nominate a trustee in the place of the said George Shipley, junior, who is since dead.

TALBOT SHIPLEY.

LOST out of my pocket, about twelve weeks ago, a depreciation certificate, No. 2217, granted to John Burk, soldier of the Maryland line, for the sum of sixty pounds specie. Any person finding the same, upon producing it to the subscriber, living at George town, or William Campbell, at Annapolis, shall receive one guinea reward. All persons whatever are forewarned receiving the same, as it is my property. It is hoped that the treasurer will stop it, should it be offered to him in payment.

WILLIAM BAYLY.

Just imported, and to be SOLD at the Post-office.

A FEW elegant SPRING CLOCKS, in mahogany, black ornamental, and japan'd cases.

S C H E M E

LOTTERY,

To raise 6000 dollars for the use of WASHINGTON COLLEGE, in the state of Maryland.

	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 Prize	4000	4000
1	1500	1500
2	1000	2000
3	500	1500
20	100	2000
60	50	3000
100	20	2000
300	8	24000

3187 Prizes, 6814 Blanks, 10,000 Tickets at 4 dollars each, are } 40,000 Dollars.

THE PRIZES are subject to the usual deduction of fifteen per cent. to be applied to one of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

The scheme is calculated on the most favourable terms, those who wish to become adventurers and benefactors to their country, by advancing the interests of LEARNING; there being little more than two blanks to one prize, and the large sum of SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, contained in the four capital prizes. The visitors and governors of the college, as a corporation will be answerable for the due and faithful management of the lottery, which it is expected will be ready to be drawn at CHESTER, by the 15th day of April next, 1785. The fortunate numbers will be published in the Baltimore and some of the Philadelphia newspapers within four weeks after the drawing; and the prizes paid at CHESTER, or in the different counties on the eastern shore, by the college visitors for each respective county, who are as follows, and of whom tickets may be had at four dollars each

Annapolis, His excellency William Paca, Samuel Chase, Esquires.

Kent county, eastern shore, William Smith, D. D. Prigme Lethrouy, Joseph Nicholson, John Scott, Isaac Perkins, Thomas Smyth, sen. and jun. John Page, Thomas Van Dyke, Esquires.

Queen-Anne's county, Joshua Sogoy, Esq; Talbot county, Hon. William Perry, Esq;

Dorchester county, Hon. Robert Goldborough, Hon. John Henry, Esquires, Rev. Samuel Keene.

Somerset county, Levin Gale, Esq; Worcester county, Peter Chaille, Esq; Cecil county, Rev. William Thomson.

Prizes not demanded in six months after the publication of the drawing, are to be considered as generously given for the benefit of the college.

BUILDING.

Annapolis, January 18, 1785.

EDWARD VIDLER,

HAVING imported a number of able workmen in the building branch, will undertake to erect or repair either public or private buildings; he will survey, measure, or estimate, for those who please to favour him with their orders. He has several marble and Portland stone chimney pieces ready for fixing up on the shortest notice.

N. B. A store will be opened on Monday next at his house (late Mr. Joseph Middleton's) near the dock.

BY virtue of a law passed this present session, for altering the time for holding the courts, notice is hereby given, That Saint Mary's county court will be held on the Monday before the fourth Tuesday in March, and on the Mondays before the first Tuesdays in June and September.

Charles county court, on the Monday before the first Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the second Tuesdays in June and September.

Prince George's county, on the Monday before the second Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the fourth Tuesdays in June and September.

Calvert county, on the Monday before the third Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the third Tuesdays in June and September.

Cecil county, on the Monday before the second Tuesday in March, June, and October.

Talbot county, on the Monday before the first Tuesdays in March, June, and November.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 1300 acres of land, lying near the Head of Severn, about 16 miles from Annapolis, and 17 from Baltimore; the soil is adapted both to farming and planting, and has the advantage of a very large tract of meadow ground, a considerable part of which is cleared, and may be improved at a small expence; the land is chiefly wooded, and the lower parts abound with a great variety of lofty timbers, it is well watered, and has a good feat for a mill, and only six miles from navigation. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis.

JAMES STEUART.

FOR SALE,

For cash, or tickets issued under the act to adjust the debts due from this state, or on credit, THE plantation of the subscriber, lying on the north side of Severn river, in Anne Arundel county, containing about 600 acres. It lies on Severn river, about four miles from the city of Annapolis; the improvements are, a very good framed dwelling house, 30 feet by 16, two stories high, two rooms on each floor with fire places in all of them, and a cellar bricked up under the whole; a big kitchen or quarter 24 by 12, built this last fall, with a brick chimney; a framed barn, 30 by 25, with sheds 12 feet wide on the sides, and on one end, raised on brick pillars, about two feet from the ground, the whole floored close, and covered with 15 inch cypress shingles, there is a granary above; two fine orchards, with some good fruit; milk and hen houses, and a tolerable stable. 8w

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TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land lying on Aquia ran, in Stafford county, in Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia warehouse, about six miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Fredericksburg, containing six thousand acres; it is well watered and abounding with timber, calculated for planting or farming; on this land are several valuable mill seats, one particularly so. The above will be sold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers; if sold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchase, if in small lots only one year's credit will be given for one half; the other being paid at the time of conveyance. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber opposite to Lower Marlborough, in Maryland, or Colonel Bailey Washington, near to and adjoining the premises, who will show the land. 20

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

December 21, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne Arundel county, near Queen Anne, a negro man five named SAM, about five feet seven inches high, well made, has a very flat nose, and when his mouth is shut his under lip looks very large and prominent, has a remarkable scar upon his neck reaching almost from his ear to his collar bone occasioned by an imposthume, but on which side I am not certain; had on and to know him various articles of clothing, among which were a coarse blue cloth coat, white kersey waistcoat, black worsted knit breeches, black leather shoes, white men shoe buckles, striped holland coat, nankeen waistcoat and breeches, two osnabrig shirts and trousers, a topus frock, and a new felt hat, but as he has been absent from my service since the 12th of July last it is probable he may have got other cloaths. I have been informed he has a forged pass and has changed his name from Sam to Jem, and endeavours to pass for a free man. Whoever will take up and secure said negro in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by 11

WILLIAM DAVIS, jun.

FOR SALE,

November 2, 1784.

THAT very valuable plantation, late the property of William Thomas, deceased, containing about 800 acres of land, beautifully situated on the mouth of South river, about three miles from the city of Annapolis, and about 300 acres cleared, the whole of exceeding good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, and rye; the improvements are, a very good convenient dwelling house, kitchen, corn house, stables, tobacco houses, &c. a good apple orchard, with a variety of other fruit trees; some meadow in timothy and more may be made at a very trifling expence; there are many advantages attending its situation too tedious to mention, among the number the convenience to markets, and for fishing and towing, as in the season there are a great abundance of blue fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl. Likewise to be sold, a number of negroes, some of which are very valuable house servants, also some excellent horses fit for the road or draught. For terms enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises. 10

P. W. THOMAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscribers, to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to vest the real estate, devised by John Hammond, big; to the subscriber Elizabeth, in her and her heirs, in fee simple. 4

WILLIAM KING, ELIZABETH A. KING.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to divide the real and personal property of Thomas Lamer, of London, among his brothers and sisters, in such manner as to them may seem reasonable. 8

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RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 29th of June 1784, a mulatto man named PETER, forty years of age, five feet four inches high, he has a sneaking down look, is a dark skinned mulatto, has big eyes, and has lost almost all his teeth; had on when he went away, a black and white country cloth jacket, and white country cloth breeches, osnabrig shirt, an under jacket without sleeves of a dark colour. Whoever takes up the said mulatto man, and secures him so that his master may get him again, shall receive if taken six miles from home eight dollars, if twenty miles five pounds, if forty miles or further ten pounds, paid by 2

BALDWIN LUSBY.

N. B. He has been harboured in the neighbourhood all the summer, and it is supposed that he has since been harboured by Mrs. Dulany's negro Jack, who probably has contrived him away from Annapolis by water.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Surliff Bowen, living on the north side of Severn, near the Head of Cypress creek, in Anne Arundel county, a black MARE, about twelve hands and a half high, docked, but no perceivable brand. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. 2

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WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

Prince-George's county, February 10, 1785

TO prevent further trouble, all those indebted to the estate of William Uquhart, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Hugh Lyon, in Upper Marlborough; and all those who have claims against the said estate, are earnestly desired to bring them to the said Hugh Lyon properly attested, that they may be adjusted. 3X

JANE UQUHART, executrix of William Uquhart.

TAKEN up as a stray, by John Fisher, in Anne Arundel county, a brown bay HORSE, about eight years old, fourteen hands high, or upwards, paces, trots, and canters, has no perceivable brand or flesh mark, and appears to be ill natured. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 3X w3

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ARCHIBALD GOLDER.

February 10, 1785.

WHEREAS, by an act of the general assembly of Maryland, held at the city of Annapolis, in November 1784, George Shipley, junior, was appointed guardian and trustee of the person and property of George Shipley, senior; and whereas, by the said act, the chancellor was empowered to remove the trustee, in case of misfeasance in his office, and to nominate another in his place, but was not directed, in case of the death of the said George Shipley, junior, to make another appointment; This is therefore to notify to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends preferring a petition to the next general assembly, praying them to enlarge the powers of the chancellor in this behalf, and by a supplement to the said law enable him to nominate a trustee in the place of the said George Shipley, junior, who is since dead. 4

TALBOT SHIPLEY.

LOST out of my pocket, about twelve weeks ago, a deprecation certificate, No. 2117, granted to John Burk, soldier of the Maryland line, for the sum of sixty pounds specie. Any person finding the same, upon producing it to the subscriber, living at George town, or William Campbell, at Annapolis, shall receive one guinea reward. All persons whatever are forewarned receiving the same, as it is my property. It is hoped that the treasurer will stop it, should it be offered to him in payment. 6X

WILLIAM BAYLY.

Just imported, and to be SOLD at the Post-office, 22

A FEW elegant SPRING CLOCKS, in mahogany, black ornamental, and japan'd cases. 19

WILLIAM HARDING.

S C H E M E

LOTTERY,

To raise 6000 dollars for the use of WASHINGTON COLLEGE, in the state of Maryland.

Prize	Dollars.	Dollars.
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3187 Prizes, 6813 Blanks, 10,000 Tickets at 4 dollars each, are } 40,000 Dollars.

THE PRIZES are subject to the usual deduction of fifteen per cent, to be applied to one of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

The scheme is calculated on the most favourable terms, those who wish to become adventurers and benefactors to their country, by advancing the interests of LEARNING; there being little more than two blanks to one prize, and the large sum of SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, contained in the four capital prizes. The visitors and governors of the college, as a corporation will be answerable for the due and faithful management of the lottery, which it is expected will be ready to be drawn at CHESTER, by the 15th day of April next, 1785. The fortunate numbers will be published in the Baltimore and some of the Philadelphia newspapers within four weeks after the drawing; and the prizes paid at CHESTER, or in the different counties on the eastern shore, by the college visitors for each respective county, who are as follows, and of whom tickets may be had at four dollars each

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Queen Anne's county, Joshua Sorey, Esq; Talbot county, Hon. William Perry, Esq;

Dorchester county, Hon. Robert Goldborough, Hon. John Henry, Esquires, Rev. Samuel Keene.

Somerset county, Levin Gale, Esq; Worcester county, Peter Chaille, Esq; 10

Cecil county, Rev. William Thomson.

Prizes not demanded in six months after the publication of the drawing, are to be considered as generously given for the benefit of the college.

BUILDING.

Annapolis, January 18, 1785.

EDWARD VIDLER,

HAVING imported a number of able workmen in the building branch, will undertake to erect or repair either public or private buildings; he will survey, measure, or estimate, for those who please to favour him with their orders. He has several marble and Portland stone chimney pieces ready for fixing up on the shortest notice. 6X

N. B. A store will be opened on Monday next at his house (late Mr. Joseph Middleton's) near the dock.

BY virtue of a law passed this present session, for altering the time for holding the courts, notice is hereby given, that Saint Mary's county court will be held on the Monday before the fourth Tuesday in March, and on the Mondays before the first Tuesdays in June and September.

Charles county court, on the Monday before the first Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the second Tuesdays in June and September.

Prince George's county, on the Monday before the second Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the fourth Tuesdays in June and September.

Calvert county, on the Monday before the third Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the third Tuesdays in June and September.

Cecil county, on the Monday before the second Tuesdays in March, June, and October.

Talbot county, on the Monday before the first Tuesdays in March, June, and November. 0X

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 1300 acres of land, lying near the Head of Severn, about 16 miles from Annapolis, and 17 from Baltimore; the soil is adapted both to farming and planting, and has the advantage of a very large tract of meadow ground, a considerable part of which is cleared, and may be improved at a small expence; the land is chiefly wooded, and the lower parts abound with a great variety of lofty timbers, it is well watered, and has a good feat for a mill, and only six miles from navigation. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis. 19

JAMES STEUART.

R Y,

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1785.

L O N D O N, December 4.

VERY extraordinary and unfortunate affair happened lately at the theatre of M. Nicolet, at Paris, two performers, in the course of the play, had occasion to fight a duel, when accidentally the end of one of the player's swords or file broke, and immediately entered (by the force of the opponent's thrust) the heart of the other tragedian, and killed him on the spot. We mention this affair, in hopes that the performers of both our theatres may be upon their guard, lest a similar accident should happen to them, for it is not long since Mr. Palmer had nearly suffered the same fate, by Mrs. Crawford in the character of Euphrasia.

A very extraordinary fellow (it is said) will shortly make his appearance, among whose wonderful pretensions, is one as cannot fail of putting every sinner out of countenance, whether natives or foreigners, viz. that of balancing an eel perfectly live on his nose, and this done to the entire satisfaction of the audience, without the least shuffling or equivocaling, confederacy or deception whatsoever.

A bitch belonging to James Horrocks, of Clockley, in Manchester, whelped about a month ago: she had seven, one of which is a very great curiosity, having two distinct bodies in an erect posture upon the hinder legs, perfectly shaped and handsomely marked; it has two tails and seven legs; two of which project in a particular manner in front, and one at the back, which is exactly in the form of a bear's paw. This extraordinary animal lived two weeks, and is now stuffed and preserved in a perfect state.

The progress of Sunday schools in Liverpool, promises the most salutary effects. Several are now begun in different parts, which are attended by some hundreds of children. The change already wrought in the manners of these poor little wanderers, is truly delightful; they vie with each other in coming to school as neat and clean as their situations will allow; and are anxious to receive the instructions offered them. Such are the blessed effects of an institution calculated for the wisest purposes! This laudable institution was first established at Leeds, where it has met with very great encouragement, and has been since adopted by most of the towns in the north of England, in every one of which the most beneficial consequences have been the result. A correspondent observes, that a more popular measure, or one that bids fairer to reclaim the unhappy young creatures with which this city is at present infested, and whose chief, if not only employment, appears to be that of thieving, could not be adopted by the gentlemen who have just been called to the government of this great and populous city. Sunday, it is well known, is not a principal day in the week on which deprecations on the property of the inhabitants are made, is probably that on which plans for this purpose are concerted; because on that day, being perfectly idle, they have a much better opportunity of associating together without being suspected. Were Sunday schools erected, they would not only be productive of infinite service to the unhappy youths themselves, by instructing them in the principles of religion and virtue, but be the best protection imaginable to the property of the citizens at large.

Dec. 14. However ludicrous the following may appear, yet we can assure the public of its authenticity: A man, who lives at Kilkullen, in the county of Kildare, whose early industry had furnished him with a sum sufficient (as he thought) to last him the remainder of his days, took into his head, to secure part of his property; to effect which, he went to a rabbit burrow adjoining the town, and, at the edge of one of the holes dug up the earth, and deposited six guineas in the aperture, after which he began to make his observations of the place, that he might remember where his treasure was laid, but unfortunately took the light of the moon, which shone full upon the spot, as an unerring mark: The next night he visited the place where his money was lodged; when either from a different hour, the clearness of the night, or his perplexity of mind, he discovered a number of holes to exactly alike, that he knew not which to fix on; his confusion and distress was so great, that he alarmed his neighbours, and informed them of his misfortune; but notwithstanding their assistance, the money still lies embowelled in the earth, so many deprecations have been since committed by the country people, in digging about the place, that the owner of the warren is now obliged every night to have a number of men well armed, to prevent its being totally demolished.

HALIFAX, (N.S.) January 14.

An intercourse with the West-India islands is at present a subject greatly attended to both in Great-Britain and America.—It is, however, generally expected that the Americans will not obtain it, but that agreeably to Lord Sheffield's advice, the navigation act will be strictly enforced.

B O S T O N, February 17.

Tuesday last arrived here the brig Christiana, captain Silas Jones, from Amsterdam. Captain Jones sailed from the Texel the first of December, and by letters received by him, dated Amsterdam, 26th of November, we have certain advices, That the long subsisting dispute between the emperor of Germany and the Dutch had actually terminated in a war between those powerful nations, which it was feared would prove both long and bloody.—That it was generally supposed in Holland, that France and Prussia would afford a powerful assistance to the Dutch, the latter having positively refused any of the imperial troops marching through the Prussian territories.

Feb. 21. Saturday last his excellency John Hancock, Esq; met the two branches of the legislature convened in the representatives chamber, when, after a most judicious and elegant speech, he resigned his commission as governor of this commonwealth, a station he has filled with the greatest dignity, and to which he has been elected by the free suffrages of his countrymen, for five years past. His excellency's health, by reason of a steady attention to public business ever since the year 1774 has been much impaired, which obliges him to retire from the busy theatre of public life, to the repose of domestic tranquillity.

H A R T F O R D, March 1.

We hear from Berkhamsted, that on the 17th ult. about an hour before break of day, one Thomas Goss murdered his wife in a most shocking manner as she lay in bed with three children. He perpetrated this crime with an ax, which he plunged into her forehead even to her brains; by a second stroke he made an incision from her temple to her neck. Waiting till day, he took an infant child, beheaded in its mother's blood as it lay at her breast, and another child from the bed; and went to a neighbouring house, where he confessed the atrocious deed, and said he expected to be commended for it; as he had, for some time, thought his wife was possessed with a familiar spirit. He was arrested and committed to Litchfield gaol. It is difficult to determine whether he was insane or not; as he has constantly attended to his secular concerns and even to religious duties; and his conversation has been regular and rational. The corpse was interred on the 19th, and a sermon delivered on the occasion by the rev. Mr. Gaylord, of Hartland, from Job 1. 20, 21.

N E W - Y O R K, February 23.

A review of the public as well as private transactions, says a correspondent, which have taken place since the war, will convince every mind of the dangerous consequences of our commerce with Britain, and of the immediate necessity of a change in our behaviour towards them. That degenerate country (divested either of justice or humanity) has carried on a seven years war with these states, (marked with unheard cruelties) for supporting and defending that liberty which was once the boast of Englishmen, and at length have been obliged to put a period to it, not from motives either of compassion or regard, but from the just apprehensions of their own safety. Do we receive any benefit from such a trade? Is it our interest to persevere in it? or, are we not going on the direct road to a national bankruptcy, by cherishing so close an intimacy with them? are we not daily experiencing the disadvantages of it, in seeing our circulating medium, which is our greatest resource, sent in large remittances to a country whose name ought not to be mentioned in this part of the world without the greatest abhorrence and detestation, for articles which at best only tend to administer fresh materials to the luxury of this country? If this is not the case, why has not some advocate for the present mode of procedure informed the public, by an impartial detail of facts, of the advantages resulting therefrom, and proved, to the satisfaction of the people, the impossibility that this state, which has so lately and so effectually manifested its determined opposition to the measures of England, should again passively submit to become the dupes of their artifice, and forge for themselves the chains which the whole force of degenerate Britain have in vain attempted? But if we consider the justice, friendship, and assistance of the French nation, which we have so re-

cently experienced, are not our minds impressed with a deep sense of their dissimulation? Do we not wish to make all the return we possibly can (consistent with our national dignity) for the important services they have rendered us: They ask nothing from us which does not tend to the mutual advantage of both nations; and gratitude, as well as interest, teaches us to give them the preference in point of trade. If we bear a true regard to our national honour and justice, let us evidence our desire of conciliating that bond of union which at present subsists between the two nations, by removing every thing that might cause a jealousy. If we wish to extend our trade, preserve our liberty, and to make our name respectable among the nations of the earth, let us pay a due deference to the interests of France, with which our own is so nearly connected, bearing on our minds, that while we preserve entire our friendship with France, we have nothing to fear from any other power on earth. It remains with ourselves, whether we will pay a due regard to the principles of justice, or go on in the path of ingratitude; the disease is not yet past a remedy.

It is a maxim, says another correspondent, in which truth is blended with conciseness, that to remedy an evil, the cause must be removed. To apply this maxim, we must take notice of a certain set of people now among us to whose doors the charge of introducing many luxuries and extravagancies now fostered in our bosom, can with the strictest truth be laid. Absurd and ridiculous as our conduct must ever appear to the world, and although the time limited by the treaty with respect to a great number of them, is expired, we daily see those miscreants the refugees insolently patrolling those streets they would have deluged in a torrent of blood. Let us, for a moment, take a retrospective view of their conduct during the war, and ask who were the perpetrators, as Cato says,

"Of murders, treasons, sacrilege and crimes,
That damp my soul with horror, but to name them."

Ask the ghosts of fluddy, and a thousand others, massacred in cool blood, poisoned in the hold of a prison ship, or strangled on a gibbet—who were the chief instruments that cut short the thread of your existence, and consigned you to the world of spirits, without allowing you one hour to prepare?—In solemn accents will these dreary phantoms answer, The board of the refugees. Ask the present poor, whom the malice of ruthless incendiaries has rendered homeless, from the inhabitant of the spacious mansion to the peasant in the cot, and who once could boast of plenty and a home. What wretches so inhuman could thus alter your condition? Will not the torments, be the answer, as quick as the question is asked. And astly, ask the father, the son, or the brother, who have been witnesses to the sensations which the loss of a son, a father, or a brother, murdered, stifled or hang by these parasites, is capable of producing. What punishment ought to await the perpetrators? And will they not say, the utmost vengeance of the state? It is men like these who can best tell what punishment they merit? To those who have not particularly suffered, their crimes appear like a tale of antiquity, which creates slight emotions, and when the story is finished it is thought of no more. If we consider that the refugees conceived no enormities too flagitious, nor cruelties too brutal, when their countrymen were the objects: That they exhibited a conduct at which the savages with whom they associate, would shudder, and the most depraved imaginations view with horror: That like an overflowing inundation they scattered destruction over the devoted land; and by villainies which blackening as they roll down the torrent of time, will never arrive to their proper hue, they have endeavoured its annihilation.—Even now, when the clarion of war has ceased its din, do they not endeavour, by every means in their power, to sap the foundation of our great superstructure of independence. Can we, knowing these things, entertain one idea of permitting them to tarry, after the time allowed them by the treaty is expired? And is it not now expired with many of them? Shall intemperance, with her sickly train, and riot and debauchery, with their contagious attendants, be introduced with impunity, by these miscreants, and shall they be permitted to intoxicate our youth with the candied pill? Shall those arts we baffled in the field, be suffered to rain us in the hour of tranquillity, shall we see the storm rapidly approaching, and not lift an arm to avert the shock. In vain do we complain of the increase of dissipation, in vain will be our attempts to remedy our evils, if we permit the source from which they flow, to receive nourishment in our soil. The great

40,000 Dollars. The usual deduction applied to one of the purposes, the necessary additions and mechanical the most favourable me adventurers and advancing the in- ing little more than large sum of SEVEN DOLLARS, contained visitors and govern- management of the will be ready to be the 15th day of April be.s will be publish- or the Philadelphia after the drawing; TER, or in the dif- fore, by the college ty, who are as fol- be had at four dol- William Paca, Samuel William Smith, D.D. icholson, John Scott, sen. and jun. John uires. na Sogoy, Esq; n Perry, Esq; Robert Goldborough, Rev. Samuel Keene. e, Esq; aille, Esq; 10 Thomson. noths after the publi- t. be considered as go- of the college.

ING. is, January 18, 1785. VIDLER, number of able workmen will undertake to erect buildings; he will (un- of: who please to favour has several marble and ready for fixing up on d of Monday next at his to's) near the dock. his present session, for al- ing the courts, notice in- ry's county court will be the fourth Tuesday in before the first Tuesdays in the Monday before the first Mondays before the September. in the Monday before the d on the Mondays before and September. Monday before the third Mondays before the third Monday before the second and October. Monday before the first Tues- November. O X

SOLD, of land, lying near the ut 16 miles from Annap- ore; the soil is adapted ting, and has the advantage of a meadow ground, a cleared, and may be im- the land is chiefly wood- ound with a great variety watered, and has a good ix miles from navigation scribe in Annapolis. JAMES STEUART. CE, Charles-Street

finews of commerce they will deprive us of; their influence in our councils they will endeavour to establish; and then their hankering after the leeks and onions of Britain will be openly shown. Rouse then my fellow citizens;—demand of the fathers of the people, redress! Bid them point out the method which shall extirpate the leeches, and then unanimously put it in execution.

Feb. 26. We are informed that John Adams, Esq; is, by the honourable Congress of the United States, appointed to be ambassador from this empire, to the court of London.

March 4. The honourable the senate have passed a bill for investing the United States in Congress with powers to prohibit the importation or exportation of all goods or merchandises, for the term of fifteen years.

The bill for the manumission of the negro slaves in this state, has passed the senate; but we hear meets with great alteration in the assembly.

This bill states, that every male negro child born subsequent to its date, shall, when arrived at the age of twenty-five, be entitled to his freedom; and all females at twenty-two: They are to be educated in some degree liberally, and at the expiration of their servitude, to be entitled to a freedom suit and bible.

By authentic advices received by the last French packet, we have the pleasure of assuring the public that his Most Christian Majesty, ever disposed to render these United States every advantage in his power, has been pleased to establish free ports in the French West-Indies, where the American traders will have an opportunity of disposing of their cargoes to advantage. But which of these islands is to experience this very partial favour, was a matter not determined when our information was dated.

March 5. Congress have been pleased to appoint colonel William Smith, late aid-de-camp to his excellency general Washington, to be secretary to the embassy from the United States of America to the court of London—his appointment, we are told is 1200l per annum. This choice meets with universal approbation.

Accounts lately received from Quebec, mention that general Haldimand, who embarked last summer for London, went for Europe at his own request, and on his family affairs. The British ministers consented, but with great reluctance, to his departure, which was granted on condition only of his return to that country in the course of the current year.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.

A correspondent says he is of opinion, the Spaniards have learned a bad precedent from the administration of Sir Robert Walpole in England. That minister, whose schemes of corruption and speculation, would be totally unhinged by war, suffered the Spaniards in the year 1728, to commit with impunity the most daring acts of outrage and piracy on the British merchant ships in the West-Indies while the Dons triumphed at the supineness of the British court. But these petty and illiberal practices were entirely unknown while Mr. Pitt ruled the British cabinet. In conjunction with the United States, then British colonies, he humbled the haughtiness of Spain, and made the Dons repent of their proceedings. Surely, continues our correspondent, when we had citizens virtuous enough to despise, and brave enough to oppose and lay prostrate the power of Britain, at the utmost pitch of her greatness, we have patriots left from the ravages of war, to demand satisfaction for the insults our flag has received, in violation of treaty, in the Mississippi. If the court of Madrid does not afford proper satisfaction, there can be no hesitation, respecting the steps America should take. If she wishes to be respected as an independent nation, let her adopt the motto—*Nemo me impune lacessit*.

Extract of a letter from London, dated November 4, 1784.

"Your favour of the —, we duly received, wherein you desire to have an assortment of —, to the value of —, for which we are very much obliged to you; and sincerely wish the very great loss we have met with in America, had not acted so very powerfully upon us, as almost to root out the confidence we would wish to place in mankind: the great failures in this country, from American connections, make us act with still more caution than we otherwise should have done: therefore hope you will not entertain an unfavorable opinion of us, for not executing your order. There is a gentleman in Philadelphia, with whom we do business, who gives us the acceptance of a friend here, payable in three months; if those conditions would be agreeable to you, (or if three months longer) shall be happy to receive your commands.—We thank you for your candour, and do assure you, if the first house in America had sent us an order, we should have returned the same answer. We remain,

Sirs, your most humble servants.

March 3. It is said that the cause of Tippe Saib's deliberate murdering general Matthews and his party, while prisoners, is said to have arisen from the general's having allowed his troops, in the sunshine of prosperity, to massacre all the men they found in the fortresses of Onore, on the Malabar coast, which he took by storm a short time previous to his defeat. The women in this scene of slaughter, were treated with the most horrid indecency; and the eldest of the Bramins, with two of his priests, destroyed by the fury of the soldiers. This venerable character was idolized by the natives for his numerous virtues; and the rish of Ikari insisted on Tippe's sacrificing general Matthews and his people, by way of retaliation.

A countryman from Lancaster county, brought some flour to market here, the beginning of last week, and shortly after his arrival sold it to a merchant, from whom he received a check on the bank, for fifty two dollars, the amount of his flour. Going to the bank

with the check in his hand, he was accosted by two sharpers, who had by some stratagem discovered the whole transaction, and the business he was going upon. They inquired if he was not from such a place, mentioning the town where he resided: he answering in the affirmative, they pretended an acquaintance with a Mr. Hoofsogle, in that neighbourhood, and invited the countryman to a tavern, until they should write their pretended correspondent a letter, which they requested the countryman would deliver. He, unsuspectingly, consented, and they adjourned to a tavern, where, while one of them was writing, the other pulled out a copper, with which he began to play tricks; he threw it on the table, and desired the countryman to cry head or tail; the poor countryman said, head, the sharper swore it was tail; and snatching the check out of his hand, ran off. The countryman pursued him; but finding it in vain, he went to the merchant from whom he had received the check, to whom he told how he had been gulled. The merchant immediately sent his clerk to the bank, with a second check, and orders to stop payment of the first: but unfortunately, it had been paid a few minutes before, to a woman. The person in the bank, who had paid the money, ran to the door, and the woman being still in view, he flew her to the countryman and the clerk, who immediately secured and brought her before a justice of the peace, by whom she was sent to the work house, after she had discovered on the sharpers. Durant, one of them, was shortly after apprehended, and committed to goal, and it is hoped that Thompson, the other, will meet a like reward for his villany.

March 7. We are informed that Williamsburgh in Virginia, has been fixed upon as the place for holding the federal court instituted for settling the controversy at present depending between the States of New York and Massachusetts. The honorable Robert Hanson Harrison, and Thomas Johnson, Esquires of the State of Maryland; the honorable John Rutledge, Esq; of the State of South-Carolina; the honorable George Wythe, William Grayson and James Munro, Esquires, of the State of Virginia; the honorable George Read, Esq; of the State of Delaware; and the honorable Isaac Smith, and William Patterson, Esquires, of the State of Jersey, are appointed judges for determining the said dispute.

Extract of a letter from the Orient, to a gentleman in New-York, dated December 20, 1784.

"The packet boat, Courier de New York, was stopped by order of the court, as she was going out of port, by an officer who came exprels from Paris. Opinions are divided with regard to her being stopped, but I think I can assure she was stopped to send to India, to carry the news of a war which appears inevitable. All Europe has put on a face of war, with the expectancy of being involved in this unhappy dispute. The English have declared openly to the emperor, that he may depend upon their assistance; and they are arming their fleet with the greatest activity, which confirms my conjectures."

Extract of a letter from Caen in Normandy, to a gentleman in New-York, dated December 20.

"There is a new circumstance which bids fair to embarrass trade. War is certainly declared by the emperor against the Hollanders. Hostilities commenced the 6th instant. The imperial forces attacked several of the Dutch forts, which induced them to open their sluices, and cause a most direful inundation, which has drowned a great part of the imperial Low Countries. The mediation of France has been rejected by the emperor, and there is great reason to fear that this unlucky quarrel will set all Europe in flames."

ANNAPOLIS, March 17.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS assembled, February 23, 1785.

RESOLVED, That the quartermaster general, commissary of purchases, commissary of issues, commissary of forage, and all the late heads of departments, or their successors or agents, be required without delay, to forward to the board of treasury or to the comptroller, a list of their respective deputies who have been duly authorized to issue certificates. That the heads of departments aforesaid, and each of their deputies who have not settled their accounts, and all other persons who have issued certificates of debts due by the United States, loan-office certificates, and certificates of final settlement excepted, be required forthwith to deliver to the board of treasury, or to some commissioner of accounts in the State where such persons reside, a fair abstract of all the certificates which they have issued, and they shall specify those certificates for which they have taken receipts as for cash paid, and a copy of those abstracts shall be transmitted by the board of treasury to the several commissioners of accounts, to whom they may be of use in detecting frauds.

That a copy of these resolutions be published in the gazettes or public newspapers of the several States, and that if any person or persons so required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect for the space of two months from such publication, to deliver a full and just account of the certificates, he or they have issued, the board of treasury, or in case it is not at the time organized, the comptroller, shall take proper steps for causing him or them to be prosecuted according to law.

RESOLVED, That the commissioners of accounts be instructed, to be careful how they admit charges against the United States, on certificates which are not duly supported by the authority of congress, and the accounts of the officers who have issued them.

CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

March 15, 1785.

To be SOLD, for ready cash, on Monday the 4th of April next, at the house of Robert Johnson, deceased, near Thomas's-point, and about four miles from the city of Annapolis.

THE personal property of the said Robert Johnson, consisting of some valuable negroes, stock of various kinds, household furniture, and plantation utensils, &c.

RACHEL JOHNSON, executor.

George-town, Patowmack river, March 7, 1785. Will be SOLD to the highest bidder, on the 20th day of April next, if fair, if not the next day.

SEVERAL valuable lots in this town, one of which is a very commodious house, calculated for a store, and the reception of a small family. The terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale.

BERNARD O'NEILL, WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.

George-town, Patowmack river, March 8, 1785. Will be SOLD to the highest bidder, on the 20th day of April next, if fair, if not the next day.

A NUMBER of valuable lots in the late addition to this town, pleasantly situated, convenient to the river, and well worth the attention of new adventurers.

WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.

Frederick county, March 12, 1785. To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises, on Friday the 15th day of April next, at 12 o'clock, agreeable to contract between the subscriber and Elijah Beatty.

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, lying on Linganore creek, in the county aforesaid, about 5 miles from Frederick-town, 47 from Baltimore-town, and 48 from George-town, called the Refurvey on part of Middle Plantation, containing 800 acres; that excellent stream of water, the Linganore, runs through the land for a considerable distance, and affords an excellent mill seat or two. Some of the land is very well timbered, and plenty of excellent meadow may be made with little expense; there is a small mill erected on the land, on a part of the creek where a fall may be had sufficient for mills, and water plenty the year round for two or three water wheels; the upland is not quite so good as on Monocacy, but will produce good grain; it will be laid off in lots to suit the purchasers, from 20 to 200 acres; 200 acres will be laid off and sold with the mill; one fifth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, the other four fifths to be paid in four yearly payments, the last payment to become due the 15th of April 1789; an indisputable title will be given for the land, by

THOMAS BEATTY.

N. B. The subscriber has also for sale the following lands, which he will sell for current money, or specie certificates of this State, signed either by the State treasurer or auditor-general, viz: Eve of peace, 64 acres, on Bennett's creek; the Olive Branch, 40 acres, on the road from Frederick-town to Baltimore, and about 8 miles from the former; First and Second Negroes, 506 acres, lying near the Olive Branch. For further particulars inquire of my son Thomas Beatty, or the subscriber hereof. All those indebted for the estate of John Waters, son of John, late of Frederick county, deceased, are desired to settle the same speedily, either by cash, bond, or note, with approved security if required, or they may expect to be dealt with according to law; and those that have claims against said estate, are desired to bring them in speedily, that they may be adjusted by

THOMAS BEATTY, administrator of said Waters.

Montgomery county, Maryland, March 2, 1785. To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the subscriber's plantation, on the 30th instant.

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, on the head of Rock creek, within sixteen miles of George-town, containing 520 acres, about 150 of which are cleared; the improvements are, a dwelling house, negro quarter, and tobacco house, all in good repair; 40 bushels of grain are sown on the land; there is a good orchard, consisting of apple and other fruit-trees; there are about 6 or 8 acres in grass and 20 or 30 more may be made; its situation and water is equal to any in the State, and is adapted for tobacco, wheat, corn, rye, oats, &c. The terms are, one third of the purchase money to be paid in August next, and the remaining two thirds annually, with interest, and if the terms are not complied with, the purchaser shall be liable to be sued for the whole.

EDWARD O. WILLIAMS.

N. B. Another tract of land, containing 160 acres and a valuable mill seat, will be sold on the same day, and on the above terms.

B. O. W.

Montgomery, February 12, 1785. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend applying to the next general assembly, for a title to confirm my right to part of a tract of land called Beall's Good-will, containing 261 1/2 acres, the property of the late Henry Hunter, deceased, who devised it to public sale, which was compiled with, but the executor's decess before the execution of the deed makes this step necessary to be taken, by

THOMAS MORTON.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Lancelot Dorsey, in Anne-Arundel county, a black MARE, about seven years of age, fourteen hands high, paces, trots, and canters, her hind feet white above her footlocks, a small white spot above her nostril, a snip on her nose, has a brand, but not distinguishable. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

A L. person indebted to John Killy, late of the State, and desired to be satisfied to produce them to the court of the said John Killy.

W. A. S. On Friday last, in GREEN and white two whole Joes and a ver has found it, and George Mann's, shall be Joes, if required.

Certificates of fire

ON Sunday night, the Market-street, Baltimore to Nicholas Ricketts amount of each as follows:

No.	Doll.
82594	69
82603	107
82640	160
82620	217
82644	600
82645	600

The whole amounting forty-nine dollars and has found the above men deliver them to major W. house in Baltimore, or Annapolis, shall receive grateful thanks of the Gov.

N. B. All persons are chase, or receive assign mentioned certificates, a be stopped.

FOUND near Mr. Rawlings's tavern a SADDLE and have it again by applying to the proprietor.

THIS is to inform Anne Pemberton, late of the city of Baltimore, and may be to Lloyd in the aforesaid city. It has been pretended was always ready for me and never any offered to me by such pretence (I b by) the arbitrators did amount.

ECL Imported

STANDS this season Prince-George's col on the 20th day of March, and one dollar to the chestnut with a small full fifteen hands very handsome. G 6 per week, but will other accidents. Th

Lot Elected friend, WE have procured blood, as you desire. Enclosed is a letter; whose veraci who is allowed to have of the turf of any man

Richard B. Hall. THIS is to certify, the Oxley was bred in and was got by to Apollo. Phoebe Cottingham, grand by the Bald Gallow and Carlisle's Turk. Hatley's blind horse. Witness my hand and seal this 4th day of March 1785. N. B. The horse was

March 7, 1785.
 idder, on the 30th
 not the next fair
 his town, on one
 house, calculated
 of a small family
 made known on the
 O'NEILL,
 DEAKINS, jun.
 March 8, 1785.
 idder, on the 30th
 if not the next fair
 lots in the late
 fantly situated, con-
 worth the attention
 DEAKINS, jun.
 March 12, 1785.
 VENDUE, on the
 th day of April next,
 contract between the
 LAND, lying on
 county aforesaid,
 town, 47 from Bal-
 ge-town, called the
 plantation, containing
 of water, the line
 and for a considerable
 lent mill: seat or two
 timbered, and plenty
 made with little ex-
 ed on the land, as
 may be had sufficient
 year round for two
 and is not quit: so good
 ce good grain; it will
 purchasers, from
 will be laid off and sold
 the purchase money to
 the other four fifths to
 ents, the last payment
 April 1789; an indivi-
 the land, by
 THOMAS BEATTY,
 also for sale the follow-
 for current money, &c.
 e, signed either by the
 al, viz: Eve of peace,
 the Olive Branch, &c.
 derick-town to Bal-
 the former; First and
 lying near the Olive
 ars inquire of my son
 ber hereof. All those
 a Waters, son of John
 ceased, are desired to
 ther by cash, bond, or
 if required, or they
 according to law; and
 said estate, are desired
 at they may be adjust-
 ATTY, administrator
 ers.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of captain John Killy, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, are desired to make speedy payment, and those who have claims against the said estate, are desired to produce them legally proved, to JOHN KILLY, administrator.

Web-river, March 13, 1785.
W A S L O S T,
 On Friday last, in the city of Annapolis, GREEN and white parted pair, containing two whole joes and seven half ditto. Whoever has found it, and will bring or send it to Mr. George Mann's, shall have the reward of two half joes, if required.
 STEPHEN STEWARD, sen.

Certificates of final settlement lost.
 ON Sunday night, the 13th instant, were lost, in Market-street, Baltimore, six certificates, payable to Nicholas Ricketts, or bearer, numbers and amount of each as follows, viz.

No.	Doll.	cents.
\$2594	63	46
\$2603	102	23
\$2646	166	60
\$2620	216	60
\$2644	600	
\$2645	600	
1749		9

The whole amounting to seventeen hundred and forty-nine dollars and nine ninetieths. Whoever has found the above mentioned certificates, and will deliver them to major William Brown, at his coffee-house in Baltimore, or to Mr. Joseph Brewer, in Annapolis, shall receive three pounds reward and the grateful thanks of the owner.

N. RICKETTS.
 N. B. All persons are hereby notified not to purchase, or receive assignments, on any of the above mentioned certificates, as the payment of them will be stopped.

March 7, 1785.
FOUND near Mr. Lewis Stockert's, between Rawlings's tavern and South river church, a man's SADDLE almost new. The owner may have it again by applying at the said Lewis Stockert's, on proving his property and paying charges.

February 22, 1785.
THIS is to inform the acting attorney for Mrs. Anne Pemberton, administratrix of Mr. Joseph Pemberton, deceased, that I, Nicholas Leeke, have been in the city of Annapolis for the three months last past, and shall continue there some time longer, and may be found at the house of colonel Lloyd in the aforesaid city.
 It has been pretended that the money due to me was always ready for me to receive; why am I not paid? The money has been due two years and a half, and never any offered to me but once, and that by way of composition to induce me to pay the costs; but by such pretence (I being absent in Talbot county) the arbitrators did not allow me interest on my account.

January 28, 1785.
ECLIPSE,
 Imported last summer,
 STANDS this season at Collington Meadows, in Prince-George's county, and will begin to cover on the 20th day of March next, at six guineas a year, and one dollar to the groom; his colour is a chestnut with a small blaze, and one white hind leg, full fifteen hands and a half high, great bone, and very handsome. Good pasturage for mares at 20 per week, but will not be answerable for escapes or other accidents. The money to be sent with the mare.

Richard B. Hall.
 London, February 26, 1784.
 Esteemed friend,
 WE have procured you a horse of the first running blood, as you desired, and got by the celebrated Eclipse. Enclosed is his pedigree, attested by Mr. Luterfall, whose veracity may be depended on, and who is allowed to have the most extensive knowledge of the turf of any man in this country.
OXLEY and HAWCOCK.
 Richard B. Hall.

THIS is to certify, that the chestnut horse I sold to Oxley was bred by the late Sir John Shelley, and was got by Eclipse, out of Phoebe, full sister to Apollo. Phoebe was got by Regulus, her dam by Cottingham, grand-dam by Snake, great-grand-dam by the Bald Galloway, great great-grand-dam by Carlisle's Turk. Cottingham was got by Mr. Hatley's blind horse. This horse was five years old at grass. Witness my hand this 16th of February 1784.
RICHARD TATTERSALL.
 N. B. The horse won several plates and matches.

Montgomery county, February 15, 1785.
WAS committed to my custody on the 15th of July last, a certain THOMAS DULANEY, for dealing with a servant belonging to Mr. Robert White, of George town, but confessed himself a servant belonging to Morris Morrison, of Philadelphia; he is an Irishman born, about 5 feet 8 inches high, middling likely, says he is a stocking weaver by trade, and was free in January last. His master, if any, is desired to pay charges and take him away.
JOHN H. NICHOLLS, sheriff.
 P. S. The above mentioned person since committed says his name is Thomas Heron.

Intendant's office, February 11, 1785.
To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 4th of April, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, at Vienna, in Dorchester county, for current money, or specie certificates liquidated and issued by the treasurer, or by the commissioners appointed to settle the depreciation and pay of the Maryland line to the first of August, 1780.

ALL that tract of land in Dorchester county commonly called the Indian Lands, lying upon Nanticoke river, containing upwards of six thousand acres, laid off in convenient lots for the purchasers. Bonds to be given with security, payable the first day of January 1789, with legal interest thereon, to be paid annually.

At the same time and place will be sold some reserved lands adjoining Nanticoke manor. Also two small tracts of land, containing one hundred and forty acres, late the property of Anthony Stewart; three ditto, containing two hundred and sixty-nine acres, of Charles Blair; two ditto, James Fishwick, seventy-four acres.

And on Thursday the seventh of April will be sold at public vendue, at Salisbury, on the terms aforesaid, the real and personal confiscated property of Hugh Dean; Charles Hale, Speers, French and Co. Isaac Coffin; John H. Carey, John Malone, Mary Caldwell, Isaac Atkinson, John Sterling, John Harris, Major White, Joshua Dickson, William Smith, Sarah Coffin, John Bontlet, Obadiah Read, Caleb Jones, William Atkinson, James Otley, Jamison Wheatly, all of Somerset and Worcester counties.

Likewise will be sold, part of Wiccomaco and Waltcot manors; with some reserved lands adjoining.
DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER,
 Intendant of the revenue.

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, February 22, 1785.

THE general assembly having, at their last session, required every purchaser of confiscated British property, for which bonds have not been taken, to give bond before the first day of April next, with such security as the commissioners, under the direction of the intendant, shall require, for the payment of the money with interest agreeably to the contract, payable on the first day of January 1790, with interest annually, to commence from the first day of September last; Notice is hereby given, that constant attendance is given by the commissioners at their office in Annapolis, for the purpose of taking bonds in the manner directed; and that they will attend for the purpose aforesaid, at Mr. McCandle's in Baltimore-town, on the 22d, 23d, and 24th days of March next.

Suits are directed to be commenced against every person who shall not give bond on or before the first day of April; and payment enforced by the mode directed by the ninth clause of the act of April session 1782, entitled, An act respecting claims to confiscated British property, and to direct the commissioners in certain cases.

CLEMENT HOLLYDAY,
GABRIEL DUVAL.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the 30th of March instant, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the house of John Givens, on the north side of Severn, about one mile from the ferry.

A PARCEL of valuable horses, cattle, and household furniture; also plantation utensils; among which are, a well fixed horse cart, and some good ploughs, with sundry other articles. Six months credit will be given for any sum above fifty shillings, if under that sum, the cash must be paid on delivery of the goods. Further terms will be made known on the day of sale.

Bladensburg, March 9, 1785.
ALL persons indebted to the estate of Christopher Lowndes, late deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, are desired to make payment; it is expected that those who cannot comply conveniently with this request will settle their accounts and renew their obligations. Persons having claims against the estate are desired to bring them legally attested, to
BENJAMIN LOWNDES,
FRANCIS LOWNDES, administrators.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Walter Car, living on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, a bay HORSE COLT, about three years old, thirteen and a half hands high, with a star in his forehead, some white on his near hind foot, docked, and has no perceivable brand. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 10th day of May next, if fair, if not the next fair day.
THE houses and lot belonging to the late James Dick, in Annapolis, where James Dick and Stewart formerly kept store. The day following will be exposed to sale, at Newington rope walk, within one mile of Annapolis, about sixty acres of land, laid out in acre lots; likewise the houses and utensils belonging to the said rope walk. Terms will be made known on the day of sale, or by applying to the subscribers.

MARY McCULLOCH,
CHARLES STEUART,
JAMES McCULLOCH,
 executors of James Dick.

To the PUBLIC.

THOMAS STANE takes this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he is possessed of an infallible cure for the most inveterate and obstinate cancers. Any person afflicted with that dreadful disorder, may apply to said Thomas Stane, at his dwelling house, in Walnut-street, near Fifth-street, in Philadelphia, or send a line directed as above, and he will wait on them, at any distance, and shall not ask for any money, but for his expences of travelling, until the patients are entirely cured.

N. B. Those who are not able to pay will be attended gratis.

Cecil county, February 21, 1785.
I DO hereby give notice to the creditors of William Bateman, that I will attend at the court-house in Charles-town, on the 21st day of March next, to make distribution of the money in my hands for his property sold by me.
RICHARD BOND, sheriff
 of Cecil county.

WHEREAS Joshua Lee, late of Queen-Anne's county, did, in his life time, on the 27th day of December 1784, sign and seal an instrument of writing, which he published and declared to be his last will and testament; and whereas the same instrument of writing was subscribed by two witnesses only, by reason whereof the same is by law insufficient to pass the real estate therein intended to be devised: Notice is therefore hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of this state, praying an act to pass, whereby the instrument of writing aforesaid, may be declared and confirmed to be the last will and testament of the aforesaid Joshua Lee, and good and sufficient for the purpose aforesaid.
RACHEL LEE.

March 9, 1785.
RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near the Head of South river, on the 28th of February last, a short well-set negro fellow named PETER, twenty-two years old, about five feet three or four inches high, has a very flat face and nose, and remarkable short fingers; his clothing is unknown. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to the subscriber, shall receive eight dollars, paid by
EDWARD EDWARDS.

Maryland, St. Mary's county, February 20, 1785.
RAN away, on the first instant, from the subscriber, living near the Queen-tree, in St. Mary's county, a dark mulatto man named NACE, who calls his self Nace Butler, a out twenty two years old, combs his hair back, which is pretty long for one of his complexion, he is about five feet eight inches high, has a large scar over his right eye; had on when he went away, a coat of red halfhick, negro cotton breeches, gray yarn stockings; he carried with him a silk jacket which he stole, and may altogether have changed his dress, as he is an artful designing rogue; he lately petitioned the general court for his freedom, which petition still remains undetermined. His father lives with Mrs. Bradford, at Bladensburg, where he has been since he ran away; he went last October to Annapolis, where he passed for a free man, and hired himself as such for some time. Whoever apprehends the said fellow, and delivers him to me, shall receive three pounds current money, besides what the law allows; he has a brother in Montgomery county who belongs to a Mr. Knott, where he may be probably harboured.
NAT. EWING.

February 28, 1785.
TO BE SOLD,
A NEAT CHARIOT, with harness complete for two horses. Enquire of the printers hereof.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Sattliff Bowen, living on the north side of Severn, near the Head of Cypress creek, in Anne Arundel county, a black MARE, about twelve hands and a half high, docked, but no perceivable brand. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

FOR SALE,

For cash, certificates issued under the act to adjust the debts due from this state, or on credit, THE plantation of the subscriber, lying on the north side of Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing about 600 acres. It lies on Severn river, about four miles from the city of Annapolis; the improvements are, a very good framed dwelling house, 30 odd feet by 16, two stories high, two rooms on each floor with fire places in all of them, and a cellar bricked up under the whole; a log kitchen or quarter 24 by 12, built this last fall, with a brick chimney; a framed barn, 30 by 26, with sheds 12 feet wide on the sides, and on one end, raised on brick pillars, about two feet from the ground, the whole floored close, and covered with 18 inch cypress shingles, there is a granary above; two small orchards, with some good fruit; milk and hen houses, and a tolerable stable. 8 w
JAMES BRICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land lying on Aquia run, in Stafford county, in Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia warehouse, about six miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Frederickburg, containing six thousand acres; it is well watered and abounding with timber, calculated for planting or farming; on this land are several valuable mill seats, one particularly so. The above will be sold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers; if sold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchase, if in small lots only one year's credit will be given for one half; the other being paid at the time of conveyance. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber opposite to Lower Marlborough, in Maryland, or Colonel Bailey Washington, near to and adjoining the premises, who will shew the land. 21
WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

December 21, 1784.
 RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man slave named SAM, about five feet seven inches high, well made, has a very flat nose, and when his mouth is shut his under lip looks very large and prominent, has a remarkable scar upon his neck reaching almost from his ear to his collar bone occasioned by an imposthume, but on which side I am not certain, had on and took with him various articles of cloathing, among which were a coarse blue cloth coat, white kersey waistcoat, black worsted knit breeches, black leather shoes, white metal shoe buckles, striped holland coat, nankeen waist coat and breeches, two osinabrig shirts and trousers, a cravat frock, and a new felt hat, but as he has been absent from my service since the 15th of July last it is probable he may have got other cloaths. I have been informed he has a forged pass and has changed his name from Sam to Jem, and endeavours to pass for a free man. Whoever will take up and secure said negro in any gaol, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by
 12
WILLIAM DAVIS, jun.

FOR SALE,

November 2, 1784.
 THAT very valuable plantation, late the property of William Thomas, deceased, containing about 800 acres of land, beautifully situated on the mouth of South river, about three miles from the city of Annapolis, and about 300 acres cleared, the whole of exceeding good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, and rye; the improvements are, a very good convenient dwelling house, kitchen, corn house, stables, tobacco houses, &c. a good apple orchard, with a variety of other fruit trees; some meadow in timothy and more may be made at a very trifling expence; there are many advantages attending its situation too tedious to mention, among the number the convenience to markets, and for fishing and towing, as in the season there are a great abundance of fine fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl. Likewise to be sold, a number of negroes, some of which are very valuable house servants, also some excellent horses fit for the road or draught. For terms enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises.
 19
P. W. THOMAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscribers, to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to vest the real estate, devised by John Hammond, Esq; to the subscriber Elizabeth, in her and her heirs, in fee simple.
 5
WILLIAM KING, ELIZABETH A. KING.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to divide the real and personal property of Thomas Lamer, of London, among his brothers and sisters, in such manner as to them may seem reasonable. w 8
 3
WILLIAM HARDING.

Annapolis, Intendant's office, February 26, 1785.
 To be SOLD, at Mr. M'Candle's tavern, in Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the third day of May next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, in ten days,

ONE fifth of the Baltimore iron works, consisting of a furnace and two forges, with upwards of 28,000 acres of land, more than two hundred negroes, and also flock of every kind. Between 7 and 8000 of the above land, almost adjoining Baltimore-town, is now laying off in lots, and will be sold some time in the same month by the company, by which the purchasers of these two tenths will be greatly benefited. Bonds, with approved security, will be required, payable the first day of January 1790, with lawful interest to be paid annually, in current money, depreciation, or any other liquidated certificates of this state for specie. If the last bidder is not ready with his securities to enter into bond, the next bidder to him will be considered as the purchaser. Inventories will be produced on the day of sale.

3 DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant of the revenue.

February 20, 1785.

YOUNG GRANBY,

An elegant thorough bred HORSE, WILL cover this season, at the subscriber's, near the Queen-tree, in Saint Mary's county, at the low rate of eight dollars a mare, and five shillings to the groom.

Young Granby is a beautiful bay, fifteen hands and an inch high, rising nine years old, and very active. He was got by Old Granby, his dam by Old Britain, out of the noted mare Dido, imported by Mr. Delancy, of New-York. The character of Young Granby's sire and grand-dam is so well known and established, that further particulars of his pedigree must be needless.

Good pasturage will be provided at three shillings per week, and particular taken care of the mares, but I will not be answerable for escapes.

6 w 3 NAT. EWING.

Intendant's office, February 23, 1785.

To be contracted for,

THE carpenters work of a new roof and cover to the governor's house, and also for the necessary repairs to be made to the dome and roof of the said house, both to be executed under the direction of Mr. Joseph Clark, architect; the designs with the necessary particulars, may be seen with the said Clark, or the intendant, from the 25th of March next to the 23th of April following, on which day proposals will be received, by
 4
 DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER, intendant.

Patowmack Canal.

Annapolis, February 12, 1785.

BY virtue of an act of the last general assembly of Maryland, entitled, An ACT for establishing a company for opening and extending the navigation of the river Patowmack,

NOTICE is hereby given, that the laudable subscription, so essentially necessary to accomplish a work fraught with such universal advantages, is now opened at Annapolis, where it will continue until the tenth day of May next, in the hands of
 5
CHRISTOPHER RICHMOND, JOHN DAVIDSON.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Montgomery county, February 20, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, in January, 1784, a negro man named CAESAR, about 45 years of age, is a stout well made black fellow, his lips large and pointing, and talks loud and quick when out of temper; he was formerly the property of Allen Quyan, Esq; and raised by Mr. Lewis Lewin, in Anne-Arundel county. I am informed he was hired at Mr. John Thomas's quarter on West river, in May last, where he passed for a free man. Ten pounds with all reasonable charges shall be paid to any person who apprehends and delivers him to the subscriber, in Montgomery county, or secures him so that I get him again.

A negro man named TOBY ran away in April, 1784, is a likely well made young fellow (swift of foot) about 6 feet 6 or 8 inches high, was formerly the property of Mrs. Crabb, near Queen-Anne, and is supposed to be in that neighbourhood at this time. Five pounds shall be paid to any person who will apprehend or secure him so that I get him again.
 4
JEREMIAH CRABB.

Talbot county, March 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next general assembly, to vest in them a good and sufficient title in fee simple, in part of a certain tract of land in Caroline county, called Old Field's Inclosure, agreeable to a purchase thereof made by a certain John Price of Joseph Gill.
 2
BENJAMIN BENNY, SUSANNAH BENNY, REBECCA PRICE, MARY PRICE.

LOTTERY.

To raise 6000 dollars for the use of Washington College, in the state of Maryland.

	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 Prize	4000	4000
2	1500	1500
3	1000	3000
3	500	1500
20	100	2000
60	50	3000
100	30	3000
3000	8	24000

3187 Prizes, 6813 Blanks, 10,000 Tickets at 4 dollars each, are } 40,000 Dollars.

THE Prizes are subject to the usual deduction of fifteen per cent. to be applied to one of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

The scheme is calculated on the most favourable terms, those who wish to become adventurers and benefactors to their country, by advancing the interests of LEARNING; these being little more than two blanks to one prize, and the large sum of SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, contained in the four capital prizes. The visitors and governors of the college, as a corporation will be answerable for the due and faithful management of the lottery, which, it is expected will be ready to be drawn at CHESTER, by the 15th day of April next, 1785. The fortunate numbers will be published in the Baltimore and some of the Philadelphia newspapers within four weeks after the drawing; and the prizes paid at CHESTER, or in the different counties on the eastern shore, by the college visitors for each respective county, who are as follows, and of whom tickets may be had at four dollars each.

Annapolis, His excellency William Paca, Samuel Chase, Esquires.

Kent county, eastern shore, William Smith, D. D. Peregrine Letourney, Joseph Nicholson, John Scott Isaac Perkins, Thomas Smyth, sen and jun. John P. ge, Thomas Van Dyke, Esquires.

Queen-Anne's county, Joshua Seney, Esq; Talbot county, Hon. William Perry, Esq;

Dorchester county, Hon. Robert Goldborough, Hon. John Henry, Esquires, Rev. Samuel Keen.

Somerset county, Levin Gale, Esq; Worcester county, Peter Chaille, Esq;

Cecil county, Rev. William Thomson.

Prizes not demanded in six months after the publication of the drawing, are to be considered as generously given for the benefit of the college.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 1300 acres of land, lying near the Head of Severn, about 16 miles from Annapolis, and 17 from Baltimore; the soil is adapted both to farming and planting, and has the advantage of a very large tract of meadow ground, a considerable part of which is cleared and may be improved at a small expence; the land is chiefly wooded, and the lower parts abound with a great variety of lofty timbers, it is well watered, and has a good feat for a mill, and only six miles from navigation. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis.
 20
JAMES STEUART.

February 10, 1785.

WHEREAS, by an act of the general assembly of Maryland, held at the city of Annapolis, in November 1784, George Shipley, junior was appointed guardian and trustee of the person and property of George Shipley, senior; and whereas, by the said act, the chancellor was empowered to remove the trustee, in case of misfeasance in his office, and to nominate another in his place, but was not directed, in case of the death of the said George Shipley, junior, to make another appointment; This is therefore to notify to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends presenting a petition to the next general assembly, praying them to enlarge the powers of the chancellor in the behalf, and by a supplement to the said law enable him to nominate a trustee in the place of the said George Shipley, junior, who is since dead.
 5
TALBOT SHIPLEY.

THE subscriber has by him a few suits of cloaths, of exceeding good quality, which were imported for the use of the army, and will sell them extremely cheap, for ready cash, wheat, corn, or oats, at the market price, delivered at Annapolis.
 19
WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

To be read by the year, and entered on immediately.

A VALUABLE FARM, on the north side of Severn river, with a genteel house thereon, and all convenient out-houses, &c. Application to be made to Mr. William King, in Annapolis.

M A M

Extracted from the records of the king's colonies, with the trade of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

THE king ever increase and g colonies, with the trade of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1785.

FRANCE.

ARRET of the king's council of state, concerning foreign commerce with the French islands in America, of the 30th of August, 1784.

HE king ever diligent to conciliate the increase and growth of his American colonies, with the general extension of the trade of his kingdom, has never lost sight of the means which might contribute to the prosperity of his possessions beyond the seas without diminishing the advantages due to the metropolis from their establishments—but the principles to be adopted to attain this end produced difficulties, which could alone be surmounted in proportion as experience should show what alteration might be proper in this important branch of administration. By the late his majesty had laid before him of those which have hitherto taken place, he has discovered, that it had become necessary, from time to time, to moderate the rigorous regulations first adopted in pursuance of the letters patent of the month of Oct. 1727, the stipulation whereof entirely barred foreigners from holding any part in the trade of the colonies; and that in order to maintain a just equilibrium between these interests, which ought mutually to promote each other, a variety of modifications of those severe regulations had, from time to time, become indispensably adopted.

Considering also, that the present circumstances of things require further indulgences, his majesty has resolved, that in adopting them it would be needful to increase the number of free ports in the French Windward and Leeward islands, to make a better choice thereof, and to open them only to such parts where they may be under the eye of government and the national trade, in order to prevent destructive illicit commerce; or to punish it with the greater severity; that to his majesty having provided for the necessities of his colonies, the infractors of his laws might be the more inexcusable. To accomplish all which purposes, after having heard the report made to him on this subject. The king being present in council, his majesty has ordained, and does ordain as follows, viz.

Article I. That in the island of St. Lucia, the only free port therein heretofore appointed, shall continue such, viz. the Carenage of that island, and three new ones shall be opened for the Windward Islands, viz. one at St. Pierre for Martinique, one at Pointe a Petre for Gaudalope and its dependencies, and one at Scarborough for Tobago. Three new ones shall also be opened for Hispaniola, one at Cape Francois, one at Port-au-Prince, and one at Caye St. Louis, that heretofore existing at St. Nicolas Mole in the same island, to be henceforth shut and abolished.

Article II. His majesty permits for a time, and until it shall please him to order otherwise, all foreign ships of the burthen, at least, of sixty tons, loaded with only lumber of all kinds, dye-wood, coal, the cattle of all kinds, salted beef, but no pork, cod and other salted fish, rice, Indian corn, vegetables, tanned hides, furs, rosin, pitch and tar, to proceed and trade therewith at the free ports mentioned in the preceding article.

Article III. Foreign ships who shall fail to the said free ports, either to carry there the articles allowed in the preceding article, or in ballast to load for account of foreigners, shall only be permitted to take away melasses, taffia or manufactures imported from France.

Article IV. All merchandise, the importation or exportation whereof is permitted foreigners in the said free ports, shall be subject to the local duties existing in each colony, and shall pay over and above one per centum on the value.

Article V. Exclusive of the duty of one per cent. mentioned in the preceding article, salted beef, cod and salted fish shall pay three livres per quintal duty, and the proceeds of the said three livres shall be applied as a fund, out of which premiums or bounties shall be paid on the importation of cod and salted fish from the French fisheries.

Article VI. Foreign salted provisions which shall be brought into the colonies by French vessels sailing directly from some port of the kingdom, shall not be subject to the payment of the duties mentioned in the two preceding articles.

Article VII. In each free port a number of officers shall be appointed to see that no other merchandises shall be imported or exported than those mentioned in the second and third articles of this arret; and in order that no doubt may exist as to their exactness, his majesty authorizes the French merchants and captains of ships residing in each of the said free ports,

to name from among them commissaries who shall report all neglects or abuses they may discover, and shall attend when they may see proper at any inspections which may take place on foreign vessels arriving or sailing.

Article VIII. Captains of foreign ships, who may proceed to the said free ports, shall be held on pain of confiscation of their vessels and cargoes and a fine of one thousand livres over and above, to keep off and give signals of their arrival, that immediately two officers may be sent on board and a guard, if possible, to prevent any thing being loaded until after the vessel has been inspected. If the said captains arrive in the morning they shall in all the day, or if they arrive at night they shall the next morning, make an exact entry, as well in his majesty's custom-house as in the register's office of the admiralty (where they shall perform all the usual formalities,) of the species and quantity of the merchandise of which their cargo is composed; they shall present their bills of lading and charter parties, and shall not proceed to unload but with the care of the office and in the presence of two officers, who shall inspect the said merchandise and make due report of their attending at the discharge of the vessel. In like manner, when the said vessels shall leave the said free ports, they shall not take in any cargo without first making a similar declaration in the presence of the same number of officers, obtaining the same declaration in due form of their attendance at the loading of the said vessel, and a permit from the board for her departure.

Article IX. If at the time of the inspecting of the said vessels, during or previous to the loading or unloading of the same, there should be found on board any such foreign ships arriving in the said free ports, or sailing therefrom, any merchandise, other than that of which the importation and exportation are permitted by the 2d and 3d articles, the officers making such inspection shall make a due statement thereof, and shall immediately deliver the same into the register's office of the admiralty, where the attorney-general of his majesty shall immediately demand of the officers of that court, the seizure of both vessel and cargo, the confiscation whereof shall be by them decreed, together with a fine of one thousand livres: provided always, that liberty be allowed to appeal to the council or other superior tribunal of the district.

Article X. French merchants, whether of the kingdom, or French colonies or islands, who shall be desirous to engage in the importation of the foreign wares allowed of by the 2d article, or in the exportation to foreign ports of the merchandise permitted in the 3d article to be exported, shall be subjected to the like precautions, formalities and inspections: ordained for the ships of foreigners; they shall suffer the like penalties in case of contraband, and pay the same duties, excepting only the duty of one per cent. mentioned in the 4th article, from which they shall be exempted.

Article XI. All captains and owners of French ships, fitted either from the ports of this kingdom, or from those of the French colonies, who may be desirous to sail from the said colonies to the American coast, or even to St. Pierre and Miquelon, shall only be permitted to proceed from one of the free ports, under penalty of confiscation of vessel and cargo, and one thousand livres fine; the said captains or owners shall as usual be bound to take out the prescribed permission of the governor and intendant, and the passport of the admiral, all of which shall be recorded in the admiralty; they shall, moreover, produce all the necessary documents, and submit to all the inspections that may be requisite to ascertain the contents of their cargoes, which shall also consist of melasses, taffia, and manufactures of France, in like manner as if they were foreigners.

Article XII. Clearances for foreign ports shall not be delivered unless for those where his majesty has consuls, vice consuls or agents, to whom they shall be presented at their arrival and departure, to be by the said consuls examined and attested, and by the captains to be produced on their return to France or the colonies.

Article XIII. French ships which may have sailed from any of the free ports for the American coast, or even for St. Pierre and Miquelon, or such as may have sailed from any port of the kingdom, and have touched at a foreign port, or even at the said islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, shall not, under pain of confiscation of vessel and cargo, and of one thousand livres fine, return to the said French islands or colonies, unless after first stopping at one of the free ports, in order to be subjected there to the like inspections and visits that foreign ships are exposed to;

they shall be held to make the same declarations and undergo the same formalities, and shall only bring with them the same merchandise, the importation whereof is permitted: after undergoing the said visits and inspections, they shall obtain proper discharges, certificates whereof being delivered to the captains or supercargoes by the directions of his majesty's board of customs, they shall be at liberty to proceed to such port or harbour of the colony as they may see fit.

Article XIV. French vessels fitted either from the French islands or some port of the kingdom, who may have touched at a foreign port, or at St. Pierre and Miquelon, and who may enter one of the free ports, shall be held under pain of the like confiscation and fine, to hoist at three leagues distant such flag or signal, as the admiral shall direct, in order that at the time of their arrival officers from his majesty's customs may be sent on board.

Article XV. His majesty orders that under the same penalties, foreign ships which have been permitted for a limited time, to introduce cargoes of blacks into the different admiralty ports of the Windward Islands, shall in future not be permitted to bring them to any other ports than the Carenage, St. Pierre, Pointe a Petre and Scarborough, in this respect repealing the arret of council of the 28th of June, 1783, which in all other matters shall continue to be executed according to the form and tenor thereof.

Article XVI. The proceeds of the confiscations and penalties decreed, shall belong totally to the officers of his majesty's board of customs, who may have effected or caused the seizure. As to vessels taken in contraband trade by the ships or guarda costas of his majesty, the same shall belong to the commanders, officers and crews of the ships so capturing—conducting only the costs of suit, one tenth for the admiral, and six deniers on every livre for the benefit of the invalids of the marine service. When there shall have been any informants, one third of the proceeds shall go to their profit.

Article XVII. His majesty forbids expressly, all French subjects to lend their names to simulated papers for foreign ships, under the pain of three thousand livres fine, to be applied to the benefit of the hospitals of the place where it happens, exclusive of the forfeiture of the vessel, already ordained by the various regulations made on the subject of navigation. His majesty enjoins his attorneys in the admiralty courts, to take all necessary steps to prosecute those who may contravene this order, on pain of being themselves made answerable in case of neglect.

Article XVIII. His majesty reserves to himself the right, if it shall hereafter be thought proper, to open a free port for Cayenne and French Guyane, after the expiration of the time fixed by the arret of his council, for the general liberty of trade of that colony, dated 15th May last. Provided always, that until the expiration of that term, foreign or French vessels, which may have touched at any port or harbour of Cayenne or French Guyane, shall not go to any other than the free ports of the Windward or Leeward Islands, on the same conditions, precautions, rules and penalties, mentioned in the preceding 13th and 14th articles.

Article XIX. Moreover the stipulations mentioned in the letters patent of the month of October, 1727, and the ordonnances and regulations subsequently made, respecting the foreign trade of the French islands and colonies, shall exist in full force and virtue, unless when they are repealed by the present arret.

His majesty orders Monsieur le duc de Penthiere, admiral of France, and all governors, lieutenant-generals, commanders, intendants, commissary-generals, ordonnateurs, and all others whom it may appertain, each for his own jurisdiction, to see to the execution of this arret. His majesty also orders all councils and superior tribunals of the French colonies in America, to proceed to the recording the same, that it may be read, published, and set up wherever it may be necessary.

Done at the king's council of state, his majesty being present, held at Versailles the 30th day of Aug. 1784.

(Signed) LE CROIX MARECHAL DE CASTRIES.

By the duc de Penthiere, admiral of France—Seeing the above arret of council to us addressed, and every other part of the same: We command all those over whom our jurisdiction extends, and order all officers of the admiralty of the French colonies and islands, each for his own department to see it duly executed, and conform to the parts thereof belonging to them respectively. We command the of-

Vertical text on the left margin, including names like 'ALBO SHIPLEY' and 'JAM CAMPBELL'.

Officers of the said admiralty jurisdictions, to register the same in the proper offices of their courts.

Done at Paris the 31st of August, 1784.

(Signed) L. I. M. DE BOURBON.

And below, by order of his Most Serene Highness.
(Signed) PERRIER.

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) February 15.

From Kingston, in Jamaica, we learn, that Maurice Katon, the pirate and murderer, was executed at Cuckoo's point, on the 27th of December last, near Port Royal, and afterwards his body was suspended to a lofty gibbet, in chains. He met his fate with uncommon resignation, penitence and fortitude; and told the surrounding multitude, after he was tied up, that he was not afraid of death, but courted the grim tyrant as a relief from all sorrows. He then turned to the executioner, and forbid him to take away the ladder, saying he would jump off himself when he was ready, which he accordingly did in about two minutes afterwards.

We are likewise informed that Joseph Twentyman, one of the persons who was charged with piracy and murder, died in the goal of Kingston.

PROVIDENCE, February 26.

Captain Benjamin Page, in the brig Providence, arrived here on Sunday last from Jamaica, after a passage of 30 days. He sailed in company with captain Grant, in a brig belonging to Salem, and a ship bound to Liverpool. On the first instant, in beating up for the Gulf of Florida, they fell in with the Cayfal Keys, when the wind being high, captain Grant was unable to weather them, and ran over a reef, where he came to anchor. What damage his vessel sustained is not known. Captain Page saw her three days after in the same situation, but as it continued to blow hard, he could not afford the least assistance. The mate of the Providence died on her passage, and one man was lost off the jib boom end in a gale of wind. They were both Europeans.

The permission for importing provisions and lumber into the island of Jamaica, in foreign bottoms, was limited to "four months, and until further orders," according to the resolution of the governor and council. The period of four months expires the beginning of March, and whether the permission will then continue, was uncertain when captain Page sailed; a party in that island, who are unfriendly to these United States, wishing to exclude us from trading the e.

We learn that the ship Union, captain Hazard, which sailed from this port in January last, is arrived at Charleston, South Carolina, having been overtaken in a gale of wind at sea, and lost her bowsprit, two anchors, and one cable.

NEW-YORK, March 7.

According to a foreign print, the president-general of the order of Benedictines has written a letter to the emperor of Germany, respecting the suppression of religious societies; couched in terms the most nervous, expressive, dignified, and elegant. This ancient and learned body pleaded the universal use they have been of to mankind, and of whose order they say, there have been 20 popes, 200 cardinals, 700 archbishops, 41,500 bishops, 4000 saints, and upwards of 3000 martyrs.

By the Betsey, captain Feston, from Hispaniola, we learn, that all the ports in that island were declared free. That previous to this, two brigs from Philadelphia with flour, had been seized, one of which had been condemned, vessel and cargo; but the other the cargo only; and that flour was as low as seven and a half dollars per barrel.

The emperor of Germany has commissioned two gentlemen at present in Charleston, to collect for him such different productions of nature as are to be found in that part of the country, either in the animal or vegetable class: they have been already very successful in their pursuits, and the cabinet at Vienna will receive no inconsiderable addition, from the unbounded variety with which bountiful nature has adorned South Carolina.

March 9. The American merchant in Spain, who was some time since mentioned as being seized and lodged in the hands of the officers of the inquisition, for speaking disrespectfully of the Romish church, we hear, is Mr. Hartwell, a gentleman from one of the eastern states.

Postscript of a letter from Martinique, to a gentleman in Salem, January 11, 1785.

"Since I wrote my letter I will just inform you, that this day is laid on here a duty of 4 liv. 10 s. on every quintal of cod fish and salt provisions, and an additional duty of five and a half per cent. on melleasses and rum."

The vessel by which the above account came, was loaded with melleasses, and the captain informs, that he paid five and a half per cent. duty on all he had on board, and adds, he could not on any terms bring one barrel of sugar or coffee, unless he did it at the risk of his vessel and cargo.

From undoubted authority we can assure the public, that a new loan of two millions of gilders, has been negotiated by the honourable John Adams, minister plenipotentiary of the United States of America, to the State General of the United Netherlands, and now ambassador to the court of London, in behalf of the said states, with Messieurs Wilhelm and Jan Wilkinck, Nicholas Jacob Van Staphorst, and de la Lande and Fynje. This contract has been

ratified and declared obligatory on the United States of America, by congress.

We learn, that in consequence of a request from that aged and venerable patriot Dr. Franklin, congress have permitted him to retire from public employment; and they have it now in contemplation, to appoint a minister to succeed him at the court of Versailles.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.

His Most Christian Majesty's packet Le Courier de l'Orient, captain Coetnempren, will sail from New-York for l'Orient the 15th instant; and his Britannic Majesty's packet Spedy, captain d'Anvergne, will sail for Falmouth from New-York on the 12th.

The Christian, Bibles, from Lisbon; Betsey, Feston, from Hispaniola; Pilgrim, Vail, from Charleston; and Suckey and Betsey, Halloster, from North-Carolina, are arrived at New-York.

A MESSAGE from the president and the supreme executive council, to the general assembly.

GENTLEMEN,

WE have the pleasure of informing you, that at a treaty held last October, at Fort Stanwix, with the Six Nations, called Mohocks, Oneidas, Onondagoes, Cayugas, Senecaes, and Tuscaroraes; and at another, held last January, at Fort-Macintosh, with the Two Nations, called Wyandots, and Delawarees, the commissioners, on the part of this commonwealth, have purchased from the said Indians, all that territory within the acknowledged limits of the state, that had not been before bought from them.

The minutes of these treaties, the deeds, and copies of our instructions, and several other papers relating to this business, will be delivered with this message.

These conveyances completing the sale of all the lands in this state, thus, happily finishing the transactions of a century, on that subject; having been obtained at public treaties; agreeably to ancient custom; with the approbation of the United States; the Indians acknowledging themselves "kindly" and "generously" dealt with—declaring that "Pennsylvania has never deceived or wronged them—and, thanking her, not only from their lips, but also from their hearts." We are persuaded, that such a fair, equitable, and honourable confirmation of the public interest, in so very large and valuable a tract of country, must be exceedingly agreeable to the good people of Pennsylvania.

It is cause of additional satisfaction, that in accomplishing this important object, a due regard has been had for the federal councils, and that a friendly correspondence between the continental commissioners and our own, subsisted throughout the treaties.

As we have every reason to believe, that the affections of the Indians are now conciliated, their confidence gained, and their former friendship restored, in such a manner, that their present dispositions may, by proper measures, be improved to great advantage. We hope your honourable house will judge their requests worthy of immediate attention.

We should not do justice to the merit of our commissioners, if we omitted to express ourselves very sensible of the ability, diligence, frugality and fidelity with which they have discharged the trust reposed in them.

JOHN DICKINSON.

Council Chamber,

Philadelphia, February 24th, 1785.

Extract of a letter received from Europe by a gentleman in Philadelphia.

"On the 11th of October an armed ship belonging to the emperor of Morocco, carried into the ports of Tangiers, a Virginia vessel called the Ranger, captain Irwin. It is apprehended this example will be followed by other piratical powers of the Mediterranean sea.

"As soon as the charge d'affaires of the United States, at the court of Madrid, received the above intelligence, he applied to the charge d'affaires of France, who wrote a letter to the French consul at Tangiers, for the relief of the unfortunate American captives. A similar letter has been obtained from the Dutch ambassador at Madrid; the Spanish ministers have also promised their intercession.

"Such applications may prove effectual in the present case: but something must certainly be done towards an agreement with those piratical monarchs, or the same accidents must be continually apprehended."

The monthly reviewers in their critical observations on the literary productions of November, 1785, have made the following remark on a letter from general Washington to general Greene, &c. viz.

"An exposition of the motives of this American Cincinnatus for returning again to the plough. His reasons do honour to his good understanding and amiable disposition; and his parting advice to the United States, is such as they ought to write in letters of gold, on the front of their state-house—if they had enough of that precious metal to spare from more pressing demands."

This verifies the adage,—that he is

Vir etiam ab hoste laudandus!

SHIP NEWS.

The Pitt, M^{rs}teal, from l'Orient; Melwill, Tarrant, from North-Carolina, and Mercury, Coffin, from Boston, are arrived at Baltimore.

A Danish ship from Lisbon, after 21 weeks passage; a ship from Bristol; a brig from Ayre in Scotland, and a ship from Liverpool, also after long passages, are arrived at Norfolk in Virginia.

The Dolly, Newman, from Jamaica, is arrived at Newbury-Port.

The Jane, Clark, from St. Eustatis, is arrived at New-York.

From a late New-York Paper.

The following letter intended for my negro Quakee, was, by mistake, delivered to me. As the author therein possessed of a very laudable ambition, and already feels the spirit of liberty, I cannot but contents it afforded me exquisite pleasure; and doubt not it will be a most acceptable present to every other person who has been instrumental in affecting the emancipation of the poor Africans; you will therefore be pleased to give it a place in your paper.

Dear Quakee,

I Bin here grate nees, wat you tink? Dey tel me de legelatermen hab mak de blak peplee free. O Quakee, mi hart most jump out mi trot; mi wife Dina most frac wid joi; an our Gato tod laf al da. My master bin berry cro; no marre, me lone be gud man as he. Ten a litti bit, I spec, Cato, marri be dauter, an be Allen-man. Dina fa she no care nou bou much chillen hab; yu biebe me, I use ax her toder time, she ax me nou. O I like forget, I so glad, Orange Waldron set up for sembleman for King counti; as he peke best strong, an be hexile, I tink he make gud member; yu an (udjo) mus vot for him. Nex time I rite more. Dina fa I mus tum bed, she no care hou mani fre man she hab nou.

Gu nite, yu Coutriman.

CUFFER.

Houses and lots for sale.

March 23, 1785.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale, THREE very valuable houses and lots, standing on Prince-George's street, one of the most commodious and convenient streets for trade of any in the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to the subscriber.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

March 13, 1785.

C U B,

FORMERLY the property of Colonel Francis Thorton, is in high perfection at the subscriber's, and will cover mares the ensuing season at sixteen dollars.

Cub is from the first stock in England and Arabia, as appears from his pedigree, which is so well known, to infer it now will be useless.

The uncommon strength, activity, and great performance of Cub's colts on the turf, renders him in estimation equal to any horse on the continent.

I have exceeding good pasturage at 2/6 per week, but will not be answerable for escapes or other accidents.

WILLIAM COURTS.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

For apprehending two negro men.

Annapolis, March 24, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber's plantation on the north side of Severn river, two country born negro men (who are brothers) the elder named PETER, twenty-five years of age, five feet ten or eleven inches high, stout and well made, his face rather small and black, affects a lofty style of speech; his apparel is a short white coarse cloth coat, and I think blue cloth cuffs and cape, black corded worsted stuff jacket and breeches, of snabrig shirt, yarn stockings, and double soled negro shoes, but may have other cloaths unknown to me.

Negro GEORGE, about twenty-three years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, has a very lubberly gait, stoops forward, and has a very down look; his apparel, a white country cloth jacket and breeches, of snabrig shirt, yarn stockings and negro shoes; he likewise may have other cloaths.

Negro Peter went away some time in the fore part of the last month, and negro George went away in the beginning of this present month; it is supposed negro Peter lurked in and about the town until he saw his brother, and that they are now together, as a few days after George ran away, one other negro fellow was met from the same plantation on his way to Annapolis, and being examined, said he was going to join Peter, whom he siled captain Peter.

Whoever apprehends the above negroes, Peter and George, and delivers them to me in Annapolis, shall receive as a reward ten dollars, or five for each, if in or within ten miles of Annapolis; twenty dollars if above ten miles, or ten dollars for each; and if out of the county thirty dollars, if secured in any county gaol, or fifteen dollars for either so that I get them again; and if brought home all reasonable charges paid by

THOMAS HYDE.

N. B. The above negroes ran away last summer; George was taken, Peter was absent near three months, and was taken in Annapolis, he said he had been at work about the Head of South river; it is hoped they will not be employed or entertained by any person after this notice.

Saint Margaret's Westminster parish, March 11, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to pass a law directing and empowering the justices of Anne-Arundel county, to assess on the inhabitants of Saint Margaret's Westminster parish, the sum of fifty-four pounds seven shillings sterling, with interest, to repay the reverend Mr Magowan a sum of money by him advanced for the completion of the Chapel of Ease, in the said parish.

APPLICATION will be made to the general assembly of the province, to make a correct map of the Upper Marlborough, in order to ascertain and correct the same.

THERE is at the plantation, near the Easton, a fray, an iron gray GELLY, branded, about thirteen hands high, mane, tail, and legs, mane, and has several black spots on his body. The owner is willing to improve property and pay for the same.

TAKEN up as a free near Mount Pleasant HORSE, about twelve hands high, no perceivable brand, both of age, has been lately trimmed, mane, black head, a small eye, is very poor. The owner is willing to improve property and pay for the same.

RAN away from the fair Annapolis, on the 25th of March, a man named PETER, four inches high, he has a dark skinned mulatto, has most of his teeth had on black and white country cloth breeches, of jacket without sleeves of the same, takes up the said mulatto that his master may get him taken six miles from home, miles five pounds, if found, pounds, paid by

N. B. He has been harboured all the summer, and since been harboured by Mr. who probably has contrived to get him by water.

FIVE FOUND

RAN away from the plantation, on the 10th of September, a young girl named LUCY, formerly the property of Prince-George's county, five feet high, and has lost her hair, her name is unknown. Whoever finds her may get her again, taken up ten miles from home, and if out of the county what the law allows brought home, paid by

ALL persons having a claim on William Steuart, are desired that they may be adjusted to the said estate, by payment, to CHARLES STEUART.

To be SOLD, for ready money, the real and personal estate of the late Thomas VACHEL, deceased; near Thomas Vachel's plantation, five miles from the city of Annapolis, consisting of several tracts of land, of various kinds, household furniture, &c.

Intendant's office. To be SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Monday the 4th of April next, at the fair day thereafter, in Anne-Arundel county, for current use, the real and personal estate of the late Thomas Vachel, deceased, and pay of the Maryland tax, 1780.

ALL that tract of land, commonly called the Naticoke river, contains about 100 acres, laid off in several tracts, and is to be given to the first day of January, 1786, to be paid annuities thereon, at the same time and place as the said lands adjoining the Naticoke river, and of the size of the said tract, containing about 100 acres, of Charles Blair; seventy-four acres.

And on Thursday the 11th of April next, at the public vendue, the real and personal estate of the late Thomas Vachel, deceased, near the plantation of Hugh Dean, Charles Co. Isaac Coffin, John Co. Isaac Coffin, John Co. Mary Caldwell, Isaac Atkinson, Major White, John Co. Sarah Coffin, John Co. Jones, William Atkinson, &c. all of Somerset County, which will be sold at public vendue, with the Naticoke manors, with

DAN.

per. my negro Quick, the author from and already feels it afforded me will be a most who has been ation of the poor fed to give it
Dey tel me di pice fre. O Qu mi wife Dina ma da. My master be d man as he. To ator, an be Allen much chill-in the time, the ax and range Waldron as i, as he peke bud member, ye time I rite most hou man fre man
CUFFEE.
for sale.
March 23, 1785, at private sale, fcs and lots, fad et, one of the mod ets for trade of ay terms apply to
AS RUTLAND.
March 13, 1785.
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LIAM COURTS.
S REWARD
negro men.
March 24, 1785, riber's plantation a river, two county ers) the elder man's age, five feet ten d well made, his fac a lofty stile of spech, arfc cloth coat, and l black corded worled brig shirt, yarn stock shoes, but may have
twenty-three years of ches high, has a very and has a very h white country cloi shirt, yarn stockings may have other ch-athic time in the fore part George went away in month; it is supposed about the town until he are now together, as away, one other negro plantation on h's way named, said he was ge-illed captain Peter above negroes, Peter em to me in Annapolis, dollars, or five for each, Annapolis; twenty dol- in dollars for each; and dollars, if secured in any for either so that I get home all reasonable
THOMAS HYDE.
ran away last summer; was absent near three nnapolis, he said he had ead of South river; it employed or entertained by
ter parish, March 16
5.
yica, that a petition will next general assembly, empowering the justices to assess on the inhabitants inister parish, the sum of illings sterling, with in- end Mr Magowan a fund for the completion of said parish.

APPPLICATION will be made to the next general assembly of this state, to appoint commissioners to make a correct survey of the town of Upper Marlborough, in Prince-George's county, in order to ascertain and establish the boundaries thereof.

THREE is at the plantation of Thomas Wilcox, near the Eastern Branch, taken up as a fray, an iron gray GELDING, not docked nor branded, about thirteen hands high, dark gray mane, tail, and legs, mane hanging on the near side, and has several black spots on different parts of his body. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 10/3/76

TAKEN up as a fray, by Richard Ticing, near Mount Pleasant ferry, a small dun HORSE, about twelve hands and a half high, has no perceivable brand, between eight and ten years of age, has been lately trimmed, and has a standing mane, black head, a small star in his forehead, and is very poor. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 10/3/76

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, on the 20th of June 1784, a mulatto man named PETER, forty years of age, five feet four inches high, he has a sneaking down look, is a dark skinned mulatto, has big eyes, and has lost almost all his teeth; had on when he went away, a black and white country cloth jacket, and white country cloth breeches, of a bright shirt, an under jacket without sleeves of a dark colour. Whoever takes up the said mulatto man, and secures him so that his master may get him again, shall receive if taken six miles from home eight dollars, if twenty miles five pounds, if forty miles or further ten pounds, paid by BALDWIN LUSBY.

N. B. He has been harboured in the neighbourhood all the summer, and it is supposed that he has been harboured by Mrs. Dulany's negro Jack, who probably has contrived him away from Annapolis by water. 3X

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.
Annapolis, December 25, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, some time in the month of September last, a negro woman named LUCY, formerly the property of Benedict Calvert, Esq. of Prince-George's county; is about five feet four inches high, and has lost one eye; her wearing apparel is unknown. Whoever secures her so that her master may get her again, shall receive thirty shillings if taken up ten miles from home, if twenty miles fifty shillings, and if out of the state the above reward, in addition what the law allows, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by ARCHIBALD GOLDER. 12X

ALL persons having claims against the estate of William Stewart, are requested to bring them in that they may be adjusted, and those who are indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, to CHARLES STEUART, administrator. 2

March 15, 1785.
To be SOLD, for ready cash, on Monday the 4th of April next, at the house of Robert Johnson, deceased; near Thomas's-point, and about four miles from the city of Annapolis.

THE personal property of the said Robert Johnson, consisting of some valuable negroes, stock of various kinds, household furniture, and plantation tools, &c. 2 VACHEL JOHNSON, executor.

Intendant's office, February 11, 1785.
To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 4th of April, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, at Vienna, in Dorchester county, for current money, or specie certificates liquidated and issued by the treasurer, or by the commissioners appointed to settle the depreciation and pay of the Maryland line to the first of August, 1780.

ALL that tract of land in Dorchester county commonly called the Indian Lands, lying upon Nanticoke river, containing upwards of six thousand acres, laid off in convenient lots for the purchasers. Bonds to be given with security, payable the first day of January 1789, with legal interest thereon, to be paid annually.

At the same time and place will be sold some reserved lands adjoining Nanticoke manor. Also two small tracts of land, containing one hundred and forty acres, late the property of Anthony Stewart; three ditto, containing two hundred and sixty-nine acres, of Charles Blair; two ditto, James Fishwick, twenty-four acres.

And on Thursday the seventh of April will be sold at public vendue, at Salisbury, on the terms aforesaid, the real and personal confiscated property of Hugh Dean, Charles Hale, James, French and Co. Isaac Coffin, John H. Cox, John Malone, Mary Caldwell, Isaac Atkinson, John Sterling, John Harris, Major White, Joshua Dickson, William Smith, Sarah Coffin, John Bontlet, Obadiah Read, Caleb Jones, William Atkinson, James Otley, Jamison Wheatly, all of Somerset and Worcester counties. Likewise will be sold, part of Wicomico and Walcott manors; with some reserved lands adjoining DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant of the revenue. 6

George-town, Patowmack river, March 7, 1785. Will be SOLD to the highest bidder, on the 20th day of April next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

SEVERAL valuable lots in this town, on one of which is a very commodious house, calculated for a store, and the reception of a small family. The terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale. 2 BERNARD O'NEILL, WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.

George-town, Patowmack river, March 8, 1785. Will be SOLD to the highest bidder, on the 20th day of April next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

A NUMBER of valuable lots in the late addition to this town, pleasantly situated, convenient to the river, and well worth the attention of new adventurers. 2 WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.

Frederick county, March 12, 1785.
To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises, on Friday the 15th day of April next, at 12 o'clock, agreeable to contract between the subscriber and Elijah Beatty.

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, lying on a Linganore creek, in the county aforesaid, about 5 miles from Frederick-town, 47 from Baltimore-town, and 40 from George-town, called the Refurvey on part of Middle Plantation, containing 800 acres; that excellent stream of water, the Linganore, runs through the land for a considerable distance, and affords an excellent mill seat or two. Some of the land is very well timbered, and plenty of excellent meadow may be made with little expense; there is a small mill erected on the land, on a part of the creek where a fall may be had sufficient for mills, and water plenty the year round for two or three water wheels; the upland is not quite so good as on Monocacy, but will produce good grain; it will be laid off in lots to suit the purchasers, from 50 to 200 acres; 200 acres will be laid off and sold with the mill; one fifth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, the other four fifths to be paid in four yearly payments, the last payment to become due the 15th of April 1789; an indisputable title will be given for the land, by THOMAS BEATTY.

N. B. The subscriber has also for sale the following lands, which he will sell for current money, or specie certificates of this state, signed either by the state treasurer or auditor-general, viz: Eve of peace, 64 acres, on Bennett's creek; the Olive Branch, 48 acres, on the road from Frederick-town to Baltimore; and about 8 miles from the former; First and Second Neglect, 506 acres, lying near the Olive Branch. For further particulars inquire of my son Thomas Beatty, or the subscriber hereof. All those indebted to the estate of John Waters, son of John, late of Frederick county, deceased, are desired to settle the same speedily, either by cash, bond, or note, with approved security if required, or they may expect to be dealt with according to law; and those that have claims against said estate, are desired to bring them in speedily, that they may be adjusted by THOMAS BEATTY, administrator of said Waters. 2

Montgomery county, Maryland, March 2, 1785.
To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the subscriber's plantation, on the 30th instant,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, on the head of Rock creek, within sixteen miles of George-town, containing 520 acres; about 150 of which are cleared; the improvements are, a dwelling house, negro quarter, and tobacco house, all in good repair; 40 bushels of grain are sown on the land; there is a good orchard, consisting of apple and other fruit-trees; there are about 6 or 8 acres in grass and 20 or 30 more may be made; its situation and water is equal to any in the state, and is adapted for tobacco, wheat, corn, rye, oats, &c. The terms are, one third of the purchase money to be paid in August next, and the remaining two thirds annually, with interest, and if the terms are not complied with, the purchaser shall be liable to be sued for the whole. EDWARD O. WILLIAMS.

N. B. Another tract of land, containing 160 acres, and a valuable mill seat, will be sold on the same day, and on the above terms. 2 E. O. W.

Montgomery, February 12, 1785.
NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend applying to the next general assembly, for a title to confirm my right to part of a tract of land called Beall's Good-will, containing 261 1/2 acres, the property of the late Henry Hunter, deceased, who devised it to public sale, which was complied with, but the executor's decess before the execution of a deed makes this step necessary to be taken, by THOMAS MORTON. 2

TAKEN up as a fray, by Lavoclor Dorsey, in Anne-Arundel county, a black MARE, about seven years of age, fourteen hands high, paces, trots, and canters, her hind feet white above her footlocks, a small white spot above her nostril, a snip on her nose, has a brand, but not distinguishable. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. 2

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 10th day of May next, if fair, if not the next fair day.

THE houses and lot belonging to the late James Dick, in Annapolis, where James Dick and Stewart formerly kept store. The day following will be expired to sale, at Newington road walk, within one mile of Annapolis, about sixty acres of land, laid out in acre lots; likewise the houses and utensils belonging to the said rope walk. Terms will be made known on the day of sale, or by applying to the subscribers.

MARY M'CUCCLOCH, CHARLES STEUART, JAMES M'CUCCLOCH, executors of James Dick. 3

To the PUBLIC.

THOMAS STANE takes this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he is possessed of an infallible cure for the most inveterate and obstinate cancers. Any person afflicted with that dreadful disorder, may apply to said Thomas Stane, at his dwelling house, in Walnut-street, near Fifth-street, in Philadelphia, or send a line directed as above, and he will wait on them, at any distance, and shall not ask for any money, but for his expences of travelling, until the patient is entirely cured.

N. B. Those who are not able to pay will be attended gratis. 3X

WHEREAS Joshua Lee, late of Queen-Anne's county, did, in his life time, on the 27th day of December 1784, sign and seal an instrument of writing, which he published and declared to be his last will and testament; and whereas the same instrument of writing was subscribed by two witnesses only, by reason whereof the same is by law insufficient to pass the real estate therein intended to be devised: Notice is therefore hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of this state, praying an act to pass whereby the instrument of writing aforesaid, may be declared and confirmed to be the last will and testament of the aforesaid Joshua Lee, and good and sufficient for the purpose aforesaid. RACHEL LEE. 3

March 9, 1785

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near the Head of South river, on the 28th of February last, a short well-set negro fellow named PETER, twenty-two years old, about five feet three or four inches high, has a very flat face and nose, and remarkable short fingers; his coating is unknown. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to the subscriber, shall receive eight dollars, paid by EDWARD EDWARDS. 3

-February 28, 1785.
TO BE SOLD, ANEAT CHARIOT, with harness complete for two horses. Enquire of the printers hereof. 3

ALL persons indebted to the estate of captain John Kilty, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to make speedy payment, and those who have claims against the said estate, are desired to produce them legally proved, to JOHN KILTY, administrator. 2

Well-river, March 13, 1785.
W A S L O S T.

On Friday last, in the city of Annapolis, GREEN and white pated puris, containing two whole loaves and seven half ditto. Whoever has found it, and will bring or send it to Mr. George Mann's, shall have the reward of two half loaves, if required. 2 STEPHEN STEWARD, sen.

Bladensburg, March 9, 1785.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Christopher Lowndes, late deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, are desired to make payment; it is expected that they cannot comply conveniently with this notice, will settle their accounts and renew their obligations. Persons having claims against the estate are desired to bring them legally attested, to BENJAMIN LOWNDES, FRANCIS LOWNDES, administrators. 3X

TAKEN up as a fray, by Walter Car, living on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, a bay HORSE COLT, about three years old, thirteen and a half hands high, with a star in his forehead, some white on his near hind foot, docked, and has no perceivable brand. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 2X

March 7, 1785.
FOUND near Mr. Lewis Stocker's, between Rawlings's tavern and South river church, a man's SADDLE almost new. The owner may have it again by applying at the said Lewis Stocker's, on proving his property and paying charges. 2

FOR SALE,

For cash, certificates issued under the act to adjust the debts due from this state, or on credit.

THE plantation of the subscriber, lying on the north side of Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing about 600 acres. It lies on Severn river, about four miles from the city of Annapolis; the improvements are, a very good framed dwelling house, 30 odd feet by 16, two stories high, two rooms on each floor with fire places in all of them, and a cellar bricked up under the whole; a log kitchen or quarter 24 by 12, built last fall, with a brick chimney; a framed barn, 30 by 25, with sheds 12 feet wide on the sides, and on one end, raised on brick pillars, about two feet from the ground, the whole floored close, and covered with 18 inch cypress shingles, there is a granary above; two small orchards, with some good fruit; milk and hen houses, and a tolerable stable.

JAMES BRICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land lying on Aquia run, in Stafford county, in Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia warehouse, about six miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Frederickburg, containing six thousand acres; it is well watered and abounding with timber, calculated for planting or farming; on this land are several valuable mill seats, one particularly so. The above will be sold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers; if sold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchase, if in small lots only one year's credit will be given for one half; the other being paid at the time of conveyance. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber opposite to Lower Marlborough, in Maryland, or colonel Bailey Washington, near to and adjoining the premises, who will show the land.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

December 21, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man have named SAM, about five feet seven inches high, well made, has a very flat nose, and when his mouth is shut his under lip looks very large and prominent, has a remarkable scar upon his neck reaching almost from his ear to his collar bone occasioned by an imposthume, but on which side I am not certain; had on and took with him various articles of cloathing, among which were a coarse blue cloth coat, white kersey waistcoat, black worsted knit breeches, black leather shoes, white metal shoe buckles, striped holland coat, nankeen waistcoat and breeches, two osnabrig shirts and trousers, a crocus frock, and a new felt hat, but as he has been absent from my service since the 15th of July last it is probable he may have got other cloaths. I have been informed he has a forged pass and has changed his name from Sam to Jim, and endeavours to pass for a free man. Whoever will take up and secure said negro in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

WILLIAM DAVIS, jun.

November 2, 1784.

FOR SALE,

THAT very valuable plantation, late the property of William Thomas, deceased, containing about 800 acres of land, beautifully situated on the mouth of South river, about three miles from the city of Annapolis, and about 300 acres cleared, the whole of exceeding good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, and rye; the improvements are, a very good convenient dwelling house, kitchen, corn house, stables, tobacco houses, &c. a good apple orchard, with a variety of other fruit trees; some meadow in timothy and more may be made at a very trifling expence; there are many advantages attending its situation too tedious to mention, among the number the convenience to markets, and for fishing and towing, as in the season there are a great abundance of fine fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl. Likewise to be sold, a number of negroes, some of which are very valuable house servants, also some excellent horses fit for the road or draught. For terms enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises.

P. W. THOMAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscribers, to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to vest the real estate, devised by John Hammond, Esq; to the subscriber Elizabeth, in her and her heirs, in fee simple.

WILLIAM KING, ELIZABETH A. KING.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to divide the real and personal property of Thomas Lager, of London, among his brothers and sisters, in such manner as to them may seem reasonable.

WILLIAM HARDING.

Annapolis, Intendant's-office, February 26, 1785. To be SOLD, at Mr. McCandle's tavern, in Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the third day of May next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, in tenths.

ONE fifth of the Baltimore iron works, consisting of a furnace and two forges, with upwards of 28,000 acres of land, more than two hundred negroes, and also stock of every kind, between 7 and 8000 of the above land, almost adjoining Baltimore-town, is now laying off in lots, and will be sold some time in the same month by the company, by which the purchasers of these two tenths will be greatly benefited. Bonds, with approved security, will be required, payable the first day of January 1790, with lawful interest to be paid annually, in current money, depreciation, or any other liquidated certificates of this state for specie. If the last bidder is not ready with his securities to enter into bond, the next bidder to him will be considered as the purchaser. Inventories will be produced on the day of sale.

DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant of the revenue.

February 20, 1785.

YOUNG GRANBY,

An elegant thorough bred HORSE, WILL cover this season, at the subscriber's, near the Queen-tree, in Saint Mary's county, at the low rate of eight dollars a mare, and five shillings to the groom.

Young Granby is a beautiful bay, fifteen hands and an inch high, rising nine years old, and very active. He was got by Old Granby, his dam by Old Britain, out of the noted mare Dido, imported by Mr. Delancy, of New-York. The character of Young Granby's sire and grand-dam is so well known and established, that further particulars of his pedigree must be needless.

Good pasturage will be provided at three shillings per week, and particular taken care of the mares, but I will not be answerable for escapes.

NAT. EWING.

Intendant's-office, February 23, 1785.

To be contracted for,

THE carpenters work of a new roof and cover to the governor's house, and also for the necessary repairs to be made to the dome and roof of the state house, both to be executed under the direction of Mr. Joseph Clark, architect; the designs with the necessary particulars, may be seen with the said Clark, or the intendant, from the 25th of March next to the 25th of April following, on which day proposals will be received, by

DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER, Intendant.

Patowmack Canal.

Annapolis, February 12, 1785.

BY virtue of an act of the last general assembly of Maryland, entitled, An ACT for establishing a company for opening and extending the navigation of the river Patowmack,

NOTICE is hereby given, that the laudable subscription, so essentially necessary to accomplish a work fraught with such universal advantages, is now opened at Annapolis, where it will so continue until the 10th day of May next, in the hands of

CHRISTOPHER RICHMOND, JOHN DAVIDSON.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Montgomery county, February 20, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, in January, 1784, a negro man named CESAR, about 45 years of age, is a stout well made, black fellow, his lips large and pouting, and talks loud and quick when out of temper; he was formerly the property of Allen Quynn, Esq; and raised by Mr. Lewis Lewin, in Anne-Arundel county. I am informed he was hired at Mr. John Thomas's quarter on West-river, in May last, where he passed for a free man. Ten pounds with all reasonable charges shall be paid to any person who apprehends and delivers him to the subscriber, in Montgomery county, or secures him so that I get him again.

A negro man named TOBY ran away in April, 1784, is a likely well made young fellow (swift of foot) about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, was formerly the property of Mrs. Crabb, near Queen-Anne, and is supposed to be in that neighbourhood at this time. Five pounds shall be paid to any person who will apprehend or secure him so that I get him again.

JEREMIAH CRABB.

Talbot county, March 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next general assembly, to vest in them a good and sufficient title in fee simple, in part of a certain tract of land in Caroline county, called Old Field's Inclosure, agreeable to a purchase thereof made by a certain John Price of Joseph Gill.

BENJAMIN BENNY, SUSANNAH BENNY, REBECCA PRICE, MARY PRICE.

S O M E T H I N G

LOTTERY,

To raise 6000 Dollars for the use of Washington College, in the state of Maryland.

Prize	Dollars.	Dollars.
1	4000	4000
1	1500	1500
2	1000	2000
3	500	1500
20	100	2000
100	50	3000
3000	20	2000
	8	24000
3187 Prizes, 681 Blanks, 10,000 Tickets at 4 dollars each, are		40,000 Dollars.

THE Prizes are subject to the usual deduction of 10 per cent. to be applied to one of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

The scheme is calculated on the most favourable terms, those who wish to become adventurers and benefactors to their country, by advancing the interests of LEARNING; there being little more than two blanks to one prize, and the large sum of SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, contained in the four capital prizes. The visitors and governors of the college, as a corporation will be answerable for the due and faithful management of the lottery, which, it is expected will be ready to be drawn at CHESTER, by the 15th day of April next, 1785. The fortunate numbers will be published in the Baltimore and some of the Philadelphia news-papers within four weeks after the drawing; and the prizes paid at CHESTER, or in the different counties on the eastern shore, by the college visitors for each respective county, who are as follows, and of whom tickets may be had at four dollars each

- Annapolis, His excellency William Paca, Samuel Chase, Esquires.
- Kent county, eastern shore, William Smith, D. D. Peregrine Lettrbu.y, Joseph Nicholson, John Scott, Isaac Perkins, Thomas Smyth, sen. and jun. John Page, Thomas Var Dyke, Esquires.
- Queen-Anne's county, Joshua Seney, Esq;
- Talbot county, Hon. William Perry, Esq;
- Dorchester county, Hon. Robert Goldborough, Hon. John Henry, Esquires, Rev. Samuel Keena.
- Somerset county, Levin Gale, Esq;
- Worcester county, Peter Chalmers, Esq;
- Cecil county, Rev. William Thomson.

Prizes not demanded in six months after the publication of the drawing, are to be considered as generously given for the benefit of the college.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 1300 acres of land, lying near the Head of Severn, about 16 miles from Annapolis, and 17 from Baltimore; the soil is adapted both to farming and planting, and has the advantage of a very large tract of meadow ground, a considerable part of which is cleared and may be improved at a small expence; the land is chiefly wooded, and the lower parts abound with a great variety of lofty timbers, it is well watered, and has a good feat for a mill, and only six miles from navigation. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis.

JAMES STEUART.

February 10, 1785.

WHEREAS, by an act of the general assembly of Maryland, held at the city of Annapolis, in November 1784, George Shipley, junior, was appointed guardian and trustee of the person and property of George Shipley, senior; and whereas, by the said act, the chancellor was empowered to remove the trustee, in case of misfeasance in his office, and to nominate another in his place, but was not directed, in case of the death of the said George Shipley, junior, to make another appointment; This is therefore to notify to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends presenting a petition to the next general assembly, praying them to enlarge the powers of the chancellor in this behalf, and by a supplement to the said law enable him to nominate a trustee in the place of the said George Shipley, junior, who is since dead.

TALBOT SHIPLEY.

THE subscriber has by him a few suits of cloaths, of exceeding good quality, which were imporsed for the use of the army, and will sell them extremely cheap, for ready cash, wheat, corn, or oats, at the market price, delivered at Annapolis.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

To be rented by the year, and entered on immediately.

A VALUABLE FARM, on the north side of Severn river, with a genteel house thereon, and all convenient out-houses, &c. Application to be made to Mr. William King, in Annapolis.

M A

L O N D O N

Extract of a letter from

FEW days from this port from the Governor-general's frigate, the Mary took his departure for New

Extract of a letter from

We learn from Ofter Van Pittenhoven, who has Dutch squadron in ende Scheld, is returned to Oker

Dec 9 A letter from Okerican ship called the Union loaded with wheat and flour, was lost going over the ice; the crew were rescued, and landed at Oport

Dec. 14. The following vessel, in the mails of yellow

The envoy from the emperor, to inform his majesty, to inform his

was about to send 80,000 king of Prussia answered, emperor for his intelligence

ambassador at Vienna who the Prussian troops had

ments. The king would not particular audience, but received with six of his generals, but on maps some geograph

Dec. 21. A farmer in Cheshire of horses, but had not

ery, having occasion to go on Friday, actually saddled

triumph to and from the numerous concourse of laughing

enjoyed the joke.

A few months since, a reputation in this city, passed into Wales; their day fixed, and a carriage

himself, his wife, child, and set off on the proposed journey, soon recollecting that

and him, of martial conduct, stopped and the maid served

after she was gone, the gentleman to go on, and the maid

some day in Wales, the mourning, having the misadventure. The friends of the

to circumstances and pl. receiving any satisfactory information a suspicion of injustice, and applied to the

to compel the day was accepted, and the lady's father of her friends attended, and the poor lady's

from the dead, and a supra petena, by the whole court was in answer to the application

judge. After absence which she answered on the 2d complaint to make—Wolled husband? This was necessary to be attended with her support. She chose to go with the stated accordingly. The account for the mystery of a revolution in the entered; as the queen of the arms of France general brother: with assistance of national faith

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, MARCH 31, 1785.

L O N D O N, December 7.

Extract of a letter from Cadix, October 30.

FEW days since general Galv z failed from this port, being appointed governor-general of Cuba; and in another frigate an ambassador extraordinary to the United States of America took his departure for New-York.

Extract of a letter from Antwerp, November 29.

We learn from Ostend, that captain Michael Van Pittenhoven, who had been stopped by the Dutch squadron in endeavouring to sail up the Scheldt, is returned to Ostend, having been released.

Dec 9 A letter from Oporto says, that an American ship called the Unicorn, from Philadelphia, loaded with wheat and flour, and was to take in wines, was lost going over the bar, the wind blowing hard; the crew were taken up by a Portuguese vessel, and landed at Oporto.

Dec. 14. The following are the particulars contained in the mails of yesterday.

The envoy from the emperor waited on his Prussian majesty, to inform him, that his imperial fervent, displeas'd with the conduct of the Dutch, was about to send 80,000 men against them. The king of Prussia answered, that he was obliged to the emperor for his intelligence, and that the Prussian ambassador at Vienna would inform the emperor, that the Prussian troops had also made some movements. The king would not grant the envoy a particular audience, but received him while engaged with six of his generals, to whom he was pointing out on maps some geographical dispositions.

Dec. 21. A farmer in Cheshire, who keeps a good number of horses, but had not entered one at a hackney, having occasion to attend Stock-port market on Friday, actually saddled a cow, and rode her in triumph to and from the market, attended by a numerous concourse of laughing spectators, who heartily enjoyed the joke.

A few months since, a gentleman of credit and reputation in this city, prepared his family for a journey into Wales; their baggage was picked the day fixed, and a carriage provided, which took up himself, his wife, child, and maid servant, and thus set off on the proposed journey; but the gentleman very soon recollecting that he left a small parcel behind him, of material consequence, the carriage was stopped and the maid servant sent to fetch it. Soon after the was gone, the gentleman ordered the driver to go on, and the maid was left behind. After some stay in Wales, the gentleman returned in mourning, having the misfortune to lose wife and child. The friends of the lady becoming inquisitive as to circumstances and place of her death, and not receiving any satisfactory information on the subject, formed a suspicion injurious to the character of the husband, and applied to the chief justice of the King's Bench, to compel him to give an account of himself: the day was accordingly fixed for this purpose, and the lady's father, mother, and many other of her friends attended, anxious to learn the particulars of the poor lady's fate—when, lo! she had risen from the dead, and was handed into court in propria persona, by the afflicted husband. The whole court was in amazement, and the mother wept at the apparition. She was questioned by the judge, if her absence had been voluntary? To which she answered in the affirmative, and that she had no complaint to make—Was she married to her supposed husband? This was a question that she did not seem necessary to be answered—Was she inclined to return with her supposed husband, or with her father? She chose to go with the husband; and they retired according to their friends are still at a loss to account for so mysterious a conduct.

A revolution in the French ministry has been intimated; as the queen expresses her disapprobation of the arms of France being turned against her imperial brother: with Vergennes urges a due observance of national faith pledged to Holland.

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mercial regulations, which will place the trade of the two kingdoms upon a more equal and consistent footing.

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KINGSTON. (Jamaica) December 25.

We learn that a few months since, a considerable body of Caribbee Indians from one of the French islands, landed on the island of Barbuda, and destroyed several plantations, carrying off with them a great number of negroes, with some cattle, corn, &c. It is said they were encouraged and assisted by the French in this predatory expedition.

NASSAU, (New-Providence) January 8.

On Monday arrived here from East Florida, John Haley, Esq; and Mr. Benjamin Lord, with their families.

We are well informed, that a reinforcement of more than one thousand troops, was lately sent from the Havana to New-Orleans. The vast numbers of Americans settling on the frontiers of Louisiana, and the uneasiness they manifest at being restrained from the free navigation of the Mississippi, afford to the Spanish government, good grounds of jealousy and distrust.

The detachments to Florida, Louisiana, and South-America, have so reduced the military force of Cuba, that just now no inconsiderable part of the garrison duty of the Havana, is done by the militia.

Don Antonio Claraco, y Sauz, governor of these islands, when under the Spanish dominion, is confined in the Moro Cattle: It was not known whether he would be tried by a court martial at the Havana, or sent home to Spain.

Don Galvez, lately appointed to the government of Cuba, &c. &c. was daily expected at the Havana, when the Porcupine sloop of war left it.

The sloop Hanna, John Brice, master, from Jamaica for Philadelphia, having sprung her main, bore away for the Havana. On entering the harbour the 25th ult. she was brought too under the Moro, and boarded by a launch with upwards of thirty armed men, who immediately confined the master and crew in the hold, and towed the vessel four leagues out to sea, where they left her. On Thursday last the Hanna put in here.

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) February 24.

We hear from East-Florida, that a schooner had appeared off that coast, and piratically taken and plundered several vessels belonging to the Spaniards. She had a skirmish with an armed ship, in which one of the crew was wounded and taken; he made an ample confession of the transactions which he had been engaged in, and expired soon after. The schooner sailed from this port in the month of January.

An ingenious gentleman, of the name of Ferdon, has erected a saw-mill at Winnibrough, which bids fair to become a considerable advantage to that part of the state, on account of its being worked with horses; as its being first opened, in the presence of a great number of spectators, a log was pulled on the carriage, which the mill cut out in 58 minutes; it measured 134 feet 2 inches, which is at the rate of 1664 feet per day; and he adds, that he doubts not, when every thing is complete, but he can make it cut as much more.

BOSTON, February 28.

The bills now pending in the general assembly of this state, to promote the establishment of a national revenue adequate to our public necessities, must give pleasure to every one who has the least feeling for the honour, or interest, of his country; as they must operate to confirm our independency, and are of unquestioned utility in preserving the vigour inseparable from any government, that would appear with decency to the world, or would act with justice to its friends. They are designed to empower congress, to carry their long projected plan of a general impost, into immediate operation, when eleven other states have agreed in the measure, and at the same time to lay such duties on the importations of any delinquent state into this, as must work an entire prohibition—Such determined resolution in a government, confessedly one of the first in the

union, in point of numbers, wealth and ability, will not fail of a happy effect in the revival of public credit, and in giving a new force to our constitution; which must languish, and would perhaps even dissolve, if not supported by these, or by similar expedients.

SPRINGFIELD, March 1.

We hear from Windfor, in the county of Berkshire, that on the 15th of February, Mr. Benjamin Cole, of that town, was going to a neighbour's house, he heard a great cry out. Upon his nearer approach, found it to be one of his neighbour's daughters beset by a wolf; the wolf took a dog in his mouth which was with the girl, and made off; Mr. Cole pursued him with a cudgel; upon this the wolf turned and met him three or four rods, but Mr Cole engaged the wolf with his cudgel and killed him on the spot.

NEW-YORK, March 10.

The honourable Henry Knox, Esq; late a major-general in the army of the United States, has, by the appointment of congress, been invested with the direction of all our military affairs; as minister at war.

The emperor of Morocco, says a correspondent, by whose order several American vessels have already been seized, found his pretext for such a procedure, on the neglect or silence of our federal head, in not honouring him with an answer to some propositions which, we hear, has been made by him as an advance to a friendly connexion with us. However, the reasons which have induced congress to remain thus silent, when explained, will no doubt, give every satisfaction: we may flatter ourselves that the period is not far distant when the flag of liberty shall be waved to every quarter of the globe, as free from barbarian insults, as the nation to which it belongs, by its virtues, shall give dignity to its supporters, and incessantly increase its lustre.

By the Jane, captain Clarke, from St. Eustatia, who arrived on Monday, we learn, that he sailed in company with a Portuguese brig, captain Don Joseph de Andro de Carvalho, who, on his passage from Oporto to this port, had been blown off the coast, and put into that island. Twenty days after they sailed the brig sprung a leak, and parted with the Jane in a hard gale of wind.

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A Jamaica paper of the 15th of January says, "By a gentleman who arrived on Monday from Cuba, we learn, that Don Galvez, who was lately appointed governor-general of Louisiana and Cuba, has made his appearance, from Old Spain, at Leguira, a port on the Spanish Main, with ten sail of the line, four frigates, twenty transports, and seven thousand veteran troops, who have served at the siege of Gibraltar."

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We are informed that colonel William Palfrey, an American gentleman, who went from this country for France in 1781, in the capacity of consul, and was supposed to have been lost at sea, was captured by an Algerine corsair, and is now a slave at the oar. [New Haven gazette]

Vertical text on the left margin containing various notices and advertisements, including names like 'WILLIAM CAMPBELL' and 'TALBOT SHIPLEY'.



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Extract of a letter We learn from

Van Pittenhoven Dutch Squadron

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Dec 9 A letter from a ship called

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Dec 14 The letter arrived in the mail

The envoy from the Emperor

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ambassador at Vienna

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A R C H 31, 1785.

L O N D O N, December 7.

Extra of a letter from Cadix, October 30.

FEW days since general Galvez failed from this port, being appointed governor-general of Cuba; and in another frigate an ambassador extraordinary to the United States of America took his departure for New-York."

Extra of a letter from Antwerp, November 29.

"We learn from Ostend, that captain Michael Van Pittenhoven, who had been stopped by the Dutch Squadron in endeavouring to sail up the Scheldt, is returned to Ostend, having been released."

Dec 9 A letter from Oporto says, that an American ship called the Unicorn, from Philadelphia, loaded with wheat and flour, and was to take in wines, was lost going over the bar, the wind blowing hard; the crew were taken up by a Portuguese vessel, and landed at Oporto.

Dec. 14. The following are the particulars contained in the mails of yesterday.

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FOR SALE,

For cash, certificates issued under the act to adjust the debts due from this state, or on credit, THE plantation of the subscriber, lying on the north side of Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing about 600 acres. It lies on Severn river, about four miles from the city of Annapolis; the improvements are, a very good framed dwelling house, 30 odd feet by 16, two stories high, two rooms on each floor with fire places in all of them, and a cellar bricked up under the whole; a log kitchen or quarter 24 by 12, built this last fall, with a brick chimney; a framed barn, 30 by 25, with sheds 12 feet wide on the sides, and on one end, raised on brick pillars, about two feet from the ground, the whole floored close, and covered with 18 inch cypress shingles, there is a granary above; two small orchards, with some good fruit; milk and hen houses, and a tolerable stable. 8 w
JAMES BRICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land lying on Aquia run, in Stafford county, in Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia warehouse, about six miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Frederickburg, containing six thousand acres; it is well watered and abounding with timber, calculated for planting or farming; on this land are several valuable mill seats, one particularly so. The above will be sold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers; if sold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchase, if in small lots only one year's credit will be given for one half; the other being paid at the time of conveyance. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber opposite to Lower Marlborough, in Maryland, or colonel Bailey Washington, near to and adjoining the premises, who will shew the land. 22
WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

December 21, 1784.
RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man slave named SAM, about five feet seven inches high, well made, has a very flat nose, and when his mouth is shut his under lip looks very large and prominent, has a remarkable scar upon his neck reaching almost from his ear to his collar bone occasioned by an imposthume, but on which side I am not certain; had on and took with him various articles of cloathing, among which were a coarse blue cloth coat, white kersey waistcoat, black worsted knit breeches, black leather shoes, white metal shoe buckles, striped holland coat, nanken waistcoat and breeches, two osnabrig shirts and trousers, a crocus frock, and a new felt hat, but as he has been absent from my service since the 14th of July last it is probable he may have got other cloaths. I have been informed he has a forged pass and has changed his name from Sam to Jim, and endeavours to pass for a free man. Whoever will take up and secure said negro in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by
WILLIAM DAVIS, jun.

FOR SALE,

November 2, 1784.
THAT very valuable plantation, late the property of William Thomas, deceased, containing about 800 acres of land, beautifully situated on the mouth of South river, about three miles from the city of Annapolis, and about 300 acres cleared, the whole of exceeding good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, and rye; the improvements are, a very good convenient dwelling house, kitchen, corn house, stables, tobacco houses, &c. a good apple orchard, with a variety of other fruit trees; some meadow in Timothy and more may be made at a very trifling expence; there are many advantages attending its situation too tedious to mention, among the number the convenience to markets, and for fishing and fowling, as in the season there are a great abundance of fine fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl. Likewise to be sold, a number of negroes, some of which are very valuable house servants, also some excellent horses fit for the road or draught. For terms enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises. 21
P. W. THOMAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscribers, to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to vest the real estate, devised by John Hammond, Esq; to the subscriber Elizabeth, in her and her heirs, in fee simple.
WILLIAM KING, ELIZABETH A. KING.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for a law to divide the real and personal property of Thomas Lamer, of London, among his brothers and sisters, in such manner as to them may seem reasonable. w 8
WILLIAM HARDING.

Annapolis, Intendant's-office, February 26, 1785.
To be SOLD, at Mr. M'Candle's tavern, in Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the third day of May next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, in tenths,
ONE fifth of the Baltimore iron works, consisting of a furnace and two forges, with upwards of 28,000 acres of land, more than two hundred negroes, and also stock of every kind. Between 7 and 8000 of the above land, almost adjoining Baltimore-town, is now laying off in lots, and will be sold some time in the same month by the company, by which the purchasers of these two tenths will be greatly benefited. Bonds, with approved security, will be required, payable the first day of January 1790, with lawful interest to be paid annually, in current money, depreciation, or any other liquidated certificates of this state for specie. If the last bidder is not ready with his securities to enter into bond, the next bidder to him will be considered as the purchaser. Inventories will be produced on the day of sale.
DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER,
 Intendant of the revenue.

YOUNG GRANBY,

An elegant thorough bred HORSE. WILL cover this season, at the subscriber's, near the Queen-tree, in Saint Mary's county, at the low rate of eight dollars a mare, and five shillings to the groom.
 Young Granby is a beautiful bay, fifteen hands and an inch high, rising nine years old, and very active. He was got by Old Granby, his dam by Old Britain, out of the noted mare Dido, imported by Mr. Delancy, of New-York. The character of Young Granby's sire and grand-dam is so well known and established, that further particulars of his pedigree must be needless.
 Good pasturage will be provided at three shillings per week, and particular taken care of the mares, but I will not be answerable for escapes. 6 w 5
NAT. EWING.

Intendant's-office, February 23, 1785.
To be contracted for,
THE carpenters work of a new roof and cover to the governor's house, and also for the necessary repairs to be made to the dome and roof of the said house, both to be executed under the direction of Mr. Joseph Clark, architect; the designs with the necessary particulars, may be seen with the said Clark, or the intendant, from the 25th of March next to the 25th of April following, on which day proposals will be received, by
DAN. or ST. THO. JENIFER, intendant.

Patowmack Canal.

Annapolis, February 12, 1785.
BY virtue of an act of the last general assembly of Maryland, entitled, An ACT for establishing a company for opening and extending the navigation of the river Patowmack,
NOTICE is hereby given, that the laudable subscription, so essentially necessary to accomplish a work fraught with such universal advantages, is now opened at Annapolis, where it will so continue until the tenth day of May next, in the hands of
CHRISTOPHER RICHMOND, JOHN DAVIDSON.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Montgomery county, February 20, 1785.
RAN away from the subscriber, in January, 1784, a negro man named CÆSAR, about 45 years of age, is a stout well made, black fellow, his lips large and pouting, and talks loud and quick when out of temper; he was formerly the property of Allen Quynn, Esq; and raised by Mr. Lewis Lewin, in Anne-Arundel county. I am informed he was hired at Mr. John Thomas's quarter on West river, in May last, where he passed for a free man. Ten pounds with all reasonable charges shall be paid to any person who apprehends and delivers him to the subscriber, in Montgomery county, or secures him so that I get him again.
 A negro man named TOBY ran away in April, 1784, is a likely well made young fellow (swift of foot) about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, was formerly the property of Mrs. Craub, near Queen-Anne, and is supposed to be in that neighbourhood at this time. Five pounds shall be paid to any person who will apprehend or secure him so that I get him again.
JEREMIAH CRABB.

Talbot county, March 1, 1785.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next general assembly, to vest in them a good and sufficient title in fee simple, in part of a certain tract of land in Caroline county, called Old Field's Inclosure, agreeable to a purchase thereof made by a certain John Price of Joseph Gill.
BENJAMIN BENNY, SUSANNAH BENNY, REBECCA PRICE, MARY PRICE.

S C H E M E OF A LOTTERY,

To raise 6000 dollars for the use of WASHINGTON COLLEGE, in the state of Maryland.

	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 Prize	4000	4000
1	1500	1500
2	1000	2000
3	500	1500
20	100	2000
60	50	3000
100	20	2000
3000	8	24000
3187 Prizes,		40,000 Dollars.
6813 Blanks,		
10,000 Tickets at 4 dollars each, are		40,000 Dollars.

THE PRIZES are subject to the usual deduction of fifteen per cent. to be applied to one of the most liberal and public spirited purposes, the finishing the buildings, and making necessary additions to the library, and the philosophical and mechanical apparatus of the college.

The scheme is calculated on the most favourable terms, those who wish to become adventurers and benefactors to their country, by advancing the interests of LEARNING; there being little more than two blanks to one prize, and the large sum of SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, contained in the four capital prizes. The visitors and governors of the college, as a corporation will be answerable for the due and faithful management of the lottery, which, it is expected will be ready to be drawn at CHESTER, by the 15th day of April next, 1785. The fortunate numbers will be published in the Baltimore and some of the Philadelphia newspapers within four weeks after the drawing; and the prizes paid at CHESTER, or in the different counties on the eastern shore, by the college visitors for each respective county, who are as follows, and of whom tickets may be had at four dollars each

- Annapolis, His excellency William Paca, Samuel Chase, Esquires.
- Kent county, eastern shore, William Smith, D. D. Pelegine Letrouby, Joseph Nicholson, John Scott, Isaac Perkins, Thomas Smyth, sen. and jun. John Page, Thomas Van Dyke, Esquires.
- Queen-Anne's county, Joshua Seney, Esq;
- Talbot county, Hon. William Perry, Esq;
- Dorchester county, Hon. Robert Goldborough, Hon. John Henry, Esquires, Rev. Samuel Keene.
- Somerset county, Levin Gale, Esq;
- Worcester county, Peter Chaille, Esq;
- Cecil county, Rev. Wilham Thomson.

Prizes not demanded in six months after the publication of the drawing, are to be considered as generously given for the benefit of the college.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 1300 acres of land, lying near the Head of Severn, about 16 miles from Annapolis, and 17 from Baltimore; the soil is adapted both to farming and planting, and has the advantage of a very large tract of meadow ground, a considerable part of which is cleared and may be improved at a small expence; the land is chiefly wooded, and the lower parts abound with a great variety of lofty timbers, it is well watered, and has a good feat for a mill, and only six miles from navigation. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis.
 22
JAMES STEUART.

February 10, 1785.
WHEREAS, by an act of the general assembly of Maryland, held at the city of Annapolis, in November 1784, George Shipley, junior, was appointed guardian and trustee of the person and property of George Shipley, senior; and whereas, by the said act, the chancellor was empowered to remove the trustee, in case of misfeasance in his office, and to nominate another in his place, but was not directed, in case of the death of the said George Shipley, junior, to make another appointment; This is therefore to notify to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends presenting a petition to the next general assembly, praying them to enlarge the powers of the chancellor in this behalf, and by a supplement to the said law enable him to nominate a trustee in the place of the said George Shipley, junior, who is since dead.
TALBOT SHIPLEY.

March 7, 1785.
FOUND near Mr. Lewis Stockett's, between Rawlings's tavern and South river church, a man's SADDLE almost new. The owner may have it again by applying at the said Lewis Stockett's, on proving his property and paying charges.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of captain John Kilty, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to make speedy payment, and those who have claims against the said estate, are desired to produce them legally proved, to
 3X
JOHN KILTY, administrator.

(XLth YEAR.)
M A R

 In all for founding a college on
 late, and constituting the same
 ten college on the eastern shore,
 name of The University of Mary

ND be it enacted,
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 they be not repugnant to the f
 any law of this state.

And for animating and encou
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 further, That no person or
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And be it enacted, That th
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