

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1799.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 22, 1799.
 ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, be published in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, Frederick-town, Green and English's paper, at Georgetown, and in the Easton paper, once in each week for the space of six weeks.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of the State
of Maryland.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

II. And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shores for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and amerimants, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvencies, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorized by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains uncollected, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this state thereto, and that the state doth not guarantee the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchase must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. And be it enacted, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent for the time being, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and sheriffs are by law authorized to receive the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of unpaid debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person so having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and

with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. And be it enacted, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. And be it enacted, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property herefore purchased should be taken back and restored in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. And be it enacted, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorized and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorized and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and funds resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and served and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the direction and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorized to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds issued, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of seventeen hundred and sixty-nine, and seventeen hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by *sic* *facias*, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedules annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, showing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, four per cent, and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, four per cent.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the agent be and he is hereby authorized and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons residents without the state of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorized to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorized to pay the amount of such order.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the 10th day of March next; immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

January 22, 1799.

PARIS, December 2.

A LETTER from Madrid, dated 16 Brumaire (Nov. 6,) says, "We have just received from the Indian Seas the following intelligence, which gives us much pleasure: It is an account of a complete victory gained by the brave general Ava, who commanded a squadron of three ships and two frigates, having fallen in with an English squadron of nearly the same force, and after an obstinate battle, sunk one, and obliged the rest to strike."

LONDON, December 15.

MURDER of BUONAPARTES, and his officers.

Although the advices, which reached us on Thursday, led us to expect some very favourable news from Egypt, yet our most sanguine hopes could not have anticipated the glorious news received yesterday, and which will form a pleasant addition to lord Nelson's victory.

Yesterday morning early Mr. Fawcett, a king's messenger, arrived at the secretary of state's office, with dispatches from Sir Morton Eden, his majesty's minister at Vienna, dated the 3d instant. He landed at Harwich the preceding night from a bye-boat hired at Cuxhaven, as he was directed to make every possible expedition to England. The advices brought by him are as follow:

On the 2d inst. an extraordinary courier arrived at Vienna, with letters to baron Thugut, from baron Herbert the Imperial intendant at Constantinople, dated the 17th November. These letters state, that general Buonaparte having been made acquainted with the intentions of the Arab chief, Mourad Bey, who was marching towards Cairo with very considerable force to attack him, summoned a council of war, to which some of the leading men among the natives, who professed friendship to his views, as well as all the superior officers of his own army, were invited to attend, in order to consider of the best means of defending the country, and of levying impositions on the inhabitants to pay the troops.

Buonaparte having opened the business of the meeting, a gentleman from Tripoli, who was present, drew a pistol and shot Buonaparte dead on the spot.

The native officers followed the example of the Tripolitan gentleman, by falling on the other French officers, all of whom were put to death.—This proceeding was the signal for a general massacre of the French who were at Cairo; and as Mourad Bey was rapidly advancing, it was expected that very few of them would escape to tell their own tale of what had happened.

Such are the accounts received from Sir Morton Eden. Independent of the official manner in which they come to government, they are rendered highly probable to every information hitherto received from Egypt.—This event was evidently the result of a bold conspiracy formed to get Buonaparte and his superior officers together; and having dispatched them, to cause a general rising on the French troops who were dispersed over the immense city of Cairo. The many intercepted letters from the French officers in Egypt, are the best testimony of the avarice of the natives of the country to their barbarous invaders; and they now seem to have ample revenge for the terrible barbarities committed by Buonaparte and his officers, who delivered up the town of Alexandria to pillage and fury for four hours.

But the above is not the only news contained in Sir Morton Eden's dispatches. The pacha of Rhodes having landed at Abouki 8000 Barbary troops, who are the flower of the Mahometan militia, attacked the town of Alexandria, which was retaken without much resistance. The particulars of this capture are not known; but it is probable that all the French garrison remaining there has been put to the sword. The destruction or capture of all the French shipping in that port will now become a matter of course.

December 24.

SURRENDER OF THE ISLAND OF MINORCA.

Captain Gifford, aide-de-camp to general Stuart, arrived in town yesterday with the account of the surrender of the island of Minorca to the British troops, without the loss of a man on our part.

The troops destined for the expedition disembarked at Adaya Bay, on the 12th of last month; they were opposed, upon their landing by a considerable body of the force upon the island, but which retreated after a short cannonade from the British troops. The force was then divided; one part under the command of general Stuart, marching towards Fort Mahon; and the other, under the command of Sir Clair Erskine, towards Citadella, at the other extremity of the island. Both these forts capitulated on the 14th, and the Spanish and Swiss troops were made prisoners of war. The inhabitants congratulated general Stuart on his success, and seemed to be very glad to be again under their old masters.

The troops commanded by general Stuart amounted to about 300 men; the Spanish troops who were made prisoners to 4000. This event gives us the harbour of Mahon, one of the best in the Mediterranean.

The Petrell sloop, which was first dispatched with the intelligence, and which was taken by the Spaniards, was nobly retaken by one of the frigates under commodore Duckworth before she reached the Spanish coast.

The Park and Tower guns were fired in the afternoon of yesterday, on the receipt of the above intelligence, and a gazette extraordinary will be published this day.

The Echo of the 19th contains the following article relative to the conclusion of peace between the French republic on the one hand, and the German empire on the other.

RASTADT, 21 Frimaire, (December 11.)

"We invite the general Chatauneuf Randon to forward the enclosed to the minister for foreign affairs by the military telegraph."

"The ultimatum remitted on the 16th (Dec. 5), by the French legation, was accepted on the 19th (Dec. 9), by the deputation of the Empire. The conclusion to which the Imperial commissary adhered, has been officially transmitted to the French minister."

On the preceding day, December 10, the deputation for the pacification of the Empire presented a long note to the Imperial plenipotentiary at Rastadt, in which it states, that the French ministers having demanded a categorical answer to their notes of the 11th, 13th and 23d of November, and 6th of December, which contain their ultimatum, the deputation of the Empire agrees to the conditions proposed.—Such articles as require further elucidation, are to be regulated when the particular articles of the treaty shall be drawn up.

On the same day (Dec. 10), the French ministers officially notified to the deputation of the Empire, that the war which had again broken out in Italy should have no influence in impeding the negotiation at Rastadt.

From the interval of all intelligence between the 8th and 10th of December, the chain of connexion of facts must be evidently broken. Accordingly we find no notice of the entry of the Neapolitan troops into Rome, under the orders of general Mack, which must have taken place, as it is stated, on the 5th inst. The same troops, to the number 40,000 men, were defeated at Civita Castellana by 4000 French under the command of general Macdonald! It seems by no means improbable, that the Neapolitans may have received some check; but when the French force is stated to have consisted of 4000 men, and the Neapolitans of 40,000, 4000 of whom were made prisoners by 4000 French, it is evidently so exaggerated as to throw a doubt upon the whole account. Civita Castellana is exactly 25 English miles on this side of Rome, and consequently if the reported ac-

tion has taken place, the Neapolitans have advanced so far beyond that city, intending, as it would appear, to take possession of the strong pass of Redifocani, which protects the Roman frontier on the side of Tuscany.

"On the other hand, we have the pleasure to find that our naval enterprises continue to exhibit a career of victory unexampled in the annals of history. By a letter from Leghorn, dated the 30th of November, we learn that that city has been taken by a detachment of English and Portuguese ships, having Neapolitan troops on board. The following is a copy of the notification sent to the Directory on the subject:

CAPTURE OF LEGHORN.

Extract from a notification drawn up by the commander of the garrison of Leghorn, in consequence of a summons sent on shore by the commander of the English and Portuguese fleet.

"The illustrious Jacob Lavillette major-general of the troops of Ferdinand III. grand duke of Tuscany, notifies and makes known, that there appeared in the road of Leghorn a squadron composed of English and Portuguese ships of war, having on board a considerable number of troops for landing, belonging to his Sicilian majesty, the commander of which required of the governor of Leghorn to permit their landing; menacing at the same time, in case of a refusal, to effect it by force. The general major commandant of the place, the civil authorities, and a deputation of the houses of commerce assembled to deliberate on the summons of the commander of the said squadron, and being sensible of the superiority of their forces, the smallness of the garrison, and the impossibility of defending the port resolved immediately to allow the said troops to disembark, under the express condition of respecting the neutrality of the port of Tuscany."

Admiral Nelson has declared all the ports of the Ligurian republic to be in a state of blockade, and that all Ligurian vessels taken by ships of the coalesced powers shall be deemed good and lawful prizes.

The Genoese are suffering very severely by the pilage of the French by land. On the 1st inst. citizen Faypoul, the French minister at Genoa, laid the city under a contribution of 800,000 livres, for the use of the French army.

A council of all the cabinet ministers was on Saturday held at lord Grenville's office; the meeting, which it is said related to the important intelligence of the Neapolitan troops having entered Rome, lasted from half past 12 till 3 o'clock.

According to the last report from France, the Neapolitans are already in possession of Rome. Though better evidence of this event is wanting, it does not by any means surpass belief. The distance from the frontier to the old capital of the world is not much more than 40 English miles; Velletri the only place of any strength on the way; and the country particularly about Rome, opposes no great obstacle to an invader. The Neapolitan army might also expect its march to be facilitated by the assistance of the insurgents in the departments of Circeo, who lately shed their blood so freely, while endeavouring to prove religious fervour & match for republic enthusiasm.

The Dublin mail of the 18th and 19th instant, came to hand yesterday.—The subject of the proposed union seems entirely to engross the attention of the people of that country.—The merchants and bankers of the metropolis, and several other respectable bodies, following the example of the corporation, and gentlemen of the bar, have entered into resolutions highly disapproving of the plan.

Rear admiral Pazy is, we understand, to be appointed to command on the American station, in the room of vice-admiral Vandepoot.

It is now supposed that the report which we had for some days of the total reduction of Malta, is premature, as the dispatches relating to that event, if it had taken place, were expected to have been received by the Latona frigate.—It is supposed that the report arose from the Goza of Malta having been taken; but of a speedy reduction of the force, scarcely a doubt is entertained.

BOSTON, February 20.

We are informed by a gentleman from Cape Francois that in consequence of the spirited measures of the United States, in arming their vessels against the French pirates, and stopping all commercial intercourse with the French territories, the utmost distress prevails in the island;—that at the Cape business was wholly at a stand;—the stores were closed, and produce of every kind plenty and cheap. Coffee was 14 cents per lb.

The Constellation, captain Truxton, has chased into St. Bartholomew, a French letter of marque ship of 20 guns from Bourdeaux. She was proceeding from St. Bartholomew for Guadaloupe.—The American naval force is busily employed in convoying vessels.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.

Tuesday last the senate approved the nomination of OLIVER ELSWORTH, Esq; chief justice of the United States, PATRICK HENRY, Esq; late governor of Virginia, and WM. VANS MURRAY, Esq; our minister at the Hague, to be envoys extraordinary, and ministers plenipotentiary to the French republic, with full powers to discuss and settle by a treaty, all controversies between the United States and France. In the message of the president information was given that "it is not intended that the two former of these gentlemen shall embark for Europe, until they shall have received from the Executive Directory, assurance signified by their secretary of foreign relations, that they shall be received in character, that they shall enjoy all the prerogatives attached to that character by

the law of nations, and that a minister or ministers of equal powers shall be appointed and commissioned to treat with them."

CHARLESTON, February 11.

By the arrival of captain Woodman, in 60 days from Hamburg, we learn, that about the latter end of November, James Napper Tandy, and four other Irish officers, who had been on the expedition to Ireland, and who had put into Copenhagen, after the defeat of the fleet, arrived in Hamburg; they travel led as English messengers, and under feigned names.

—After being there several days, the British resident found them out, and at his instance they were imprisoned, and he demanded that they should be delivered up to him, to be sent to England; the French minister, on the other hand, had demanded their release. They were still in prison when captain Woodman sailed.

Captain Woodman further states, that there had been considerable disturbances in France, and the ceded countries, relative to the calling out the first requisition of young men. It was the general opinion, when he sailed, that there would be no war between the emperor of Germany and France. The Austrian army had not marched.

NORFOLK, February 21.

Yesterday arrived the schooner adventure, captain Devereux, from London, but last from Lisbon, 40 days. An intelligent gentleman, passenger in the schooner, informs, that the congress at Rastadt had broken up, after concluding and ratifying a peace between the French republic and the German Empire. A demand has been made by France, and acceded to, for permission to march 100,000 men through Spain to attack Portugal, and that numbers of men have received orders to march from the Rhine for that purpose.—Ten regiments were momently expected at Lisbon from England, to replace those destined for Gibraltar. The account of Buonaparte's death was generally discredited at Lisbon. There had been a conspiracy discovered at Gibraltar, to blow up the New Mole and give the place up to the Spaniards, several of the inhabitants, principally Jews, were seized and hanged; lord St. Vincent had, in consequence, brought part of his fleet from Cadiz to Gibraltar.

LEXANDRIA, February 23.

The ship Anne, captain Black, of this port has arrived at the mouth of Quantico, from Portsmouth, with a cargo of salt for Messrs. Robert and James Hamilton. She sailed from Portsmouth on the 20th December, under convoy of the British frigate Amphyon, but was parted from the convoy, consisting of 25 sail, on the third day, in a heavy gale of wind. On the 1st of January was taken by the La Impatiente, French privateer brig, of 14 guns and 95 men. The commander of the privateer behaved with politeness, but would not suffer the Anne to proceed without obtaining a bill for ransom. On the 26th fell in with, and spoke a large armed schooner from Carols, copper-bottomed, and commanded by J. Brown. On February 5, was boarded by the British sloop of war, Lynx.—To the polite attention of captain Black and Messrs. Hamiltons, the editor is indebted for London papers to December 14. The most important extracts follow:—Captain Black speaks highly of the resources of Great Britain; and the new coalition, in which it is probable the king of Prussia may take an active part, will entirely change the affairs of Europe. General Sinoe had taken leave of his majesty, and had sailed in the Janus frigate to take upon himself the government of St. Domingo.

LONDON, December 14.

GREAT NEWS FROM EGYPT!

DEATH OF BUONAPARTE.

This morning a messenger arrived at lord Grenville's office, who came over in an extra packet boat with dispatches from Vienna. They contain the following account:

Advices were received on the 3d instant at Vienna, brought from Constantinople on the 17th ultimo.

Seven different messengers had arrived there from Egypt, with accounts that Buonaparte had been shot in a council of war, to which he had called not only all his own general officers, but the chiefs of those countries which he organized.

He had called this council for the purpose of deliberating upon the best plan of opposing Mourad Bey, Ibrahim Bey, and Pachi Gaza, who were all advancing towards Cairo with a considerable force.—Upon his first opening the businels, the envoy from the bey of Tripoli, in Syria, drew a pistol from his girdle and shot Buonaparte dead upon the spot.

Upon Buonaparte's being shot, the inhabitants of Cairo rose upon the French soldiery, and massacred a great number.—Amongst the rest, two French generals fell. It was thought that upon the approach of the Beys, very few, if any, of the French would escape.

By the same messenger accounts were brought of the taking of Alexandria by the pacha of Rhodes, assisted by the squadron of English ships which have been cruising off that port since the battle of the Nile.

These accounts, we understand, were communicated to Sir Morton Eden by baron Thugut at Vienna, to whom they had been sent by the Imperial minister at Constantinople.

BALTIMORE, March 4.

We learn, by the arrival of captain Barbine, from Norfolk, that a dreadful fire happened in that town a few days ago; beginning in a shoe-makers shop (is

which it appears that a candle left) and consuming the whole number of 70 houses and received the Norfolk papers by give to just a statement of the should otherwise be enabled

By virtue of a decree of the subscriber will SELL, at the real estate of FRANK George's county, deceased

ON Saturday the 16th of the house of Mr. Gborough, that valuable piece of land, purchased by Daniel Carroll, on which with suitable buildings, & land is supposed to be a greater part is valuable proved, on which a con-

dition giving bond with security And, on Tuesday the 20th the premises, in Upper Marlboro, house of the said Frank Le with a passage and four kitchen, smoke house, & for the accommodation belonging to the lot on a large garden and yard, and a piece of land for ten acres, which will be

Also a framed dwelling low, with a small piece of land leading up to the street Also a valuable piece of the wharf, and lying on Marlborough, supposed to be sold by the acre, on the same terms as subscriber is empowered to dispose of the said made, instead of putting

And upon the approbation, by the chance receipt of the whole purchase of the subscriber, as true charters respectively the Leke had in the said property to his heir. The credit who have not yet exacted to bring the same, with chancery court within day of April.

March 4, 1799.

To be SOLD, at the Monday in April, of the subscriber, county, if fair, or SIXTEEN NEGROES men and children twelve head of sheep; hold furniture, and any amount, not exceeding sum to give payable in twelve months.

March 4, 1799.

REGIMENT

THE officers commanding regiment are to be appointed to the military writing of all the platoons of their respective regiments, and a fine of April next, no person, and a copy to turn immediately to

JOHN

In CHANCELLORSHIP James M. Lingan against Abraham Fow and John Calloun, gomery county, for which the defendant bound of conveyance dated the 1st day of April by him assigned to that both the defendant thereupon, on motion adjudged, that he defrauded, at least once the Maryland Gazette next, to the intent have notice of the filing of the bill filed, a court on or before cause, if any they as prayed.

Test.

NOTICE is given tax for April and appear before the napolis, at the house Monday of March the collection of the

By

February 28, 1799.

which it appears that a candle had been negligently left and consuming the whole of Water-street, to the number of 70 houses and upwards. Not having received the Norfolk papers by the last mail, we cannot give so just a statement of this terrible accident as we should otherwise be enabled to do.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, the real estate of FRANK LEEKE, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, as follows:

ON Saturday the 16th of March, at 3 o'clock, at the house of Mr. Greenwell, in Upper-Marlborough, that valuable piece of ground, adjoining the said town, purchased by the said Frank Leeke of Daniel Carroll, on which there is a valuable mill, with suitable buildings, &c. the quantity of the said land is supposed to be about thirty acres, and the greater part is valuable meadow ground, well improved, on which a considerable quantity of hay has been annually made. The said land will be sold by the acre, on a credit of six months; the purchaser giving bond with security for the purchase money.

And, on Tuesday the 2d of April, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, in Upper-Marlborough, the late dwelling house of the said Frank Leeke, viz. a large brick house, with a passage and four rooms below, a store house, kitchen, smoke house, dairy, stables, &c. sufficient for the accommodation of a large family; there is belonging to the lot on which the said house stands a large garden and yard, and adjoining thereto a valuable piece of land for pasture, &c. containing about ten acres, which will be sold with the house.

Also a framed dwelling house, with two rooms below, with a small piece of ground adjoining, on the street leading up to the court-house.

Also a valuable piece of meadow ground adjoining the wharf, and lying on the creek leading to Upper-Marlborough, supposed to contain about seven acres, to be sold by the acre. The said property to be sold on the same terms as are above mentioned, and the subscriber is empowered, on either of the said days, to dispose of the said property by contract, publicly made, instead of putting it up at auction.

And upon the approbation, confirmation and ratification, by the chancellor of the sale, and upon the receipt of the whole purchase money (and not before) the subscriber, as trustee, will convey to the purchasers respectively the right which the said Frank Leeke had in the said property, and which descended to his heir. The creditors of the said Frank Leeke who have not yet exhibited their claims, are desired to bring the same, with the vouchers thereof, into the chancery court within three months from the said 2d day of April.

WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee.

March 4, 1799.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the first Monday in April next, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber, on West river, Anne-Arundel county, if fair, if not the first fair day ensuing,

SIXTEEN NEGROES, consisting of men, women and children, also fifteen head of cattle, and twelve head of sheep; likewise a few articles of household furniture, and farming utensils. Purchasers to pay any amount, not exceeding ten pounds, to pay cash, above that sum to give bond, with approved security, payable in twelve months.

ANNE CHESTON.

March 4, 1799.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS,

March 6, 1799.

THE officers commanding companies in the 22d regiment are requested, agreeably to the supplement to the militia law, to make out a list in writing of all the privates and non-commissioned officers of their respective companies, on or before the first of April next, noting in the same the age of every person, and a copy thereof, when so made out, to return immediately to

JOHN GASSAWAY, Lieut. Col.

In CHANCERY, February 28, 1799.

James M. Lingan
against
Abraham Faw and
John Calboun.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in a tract of land, lying in Montgomery county, called The Two Days Ramble, for which the defendant, John Calboun, gave his bond of conveyance to the defendant, Abraham Faw, dated the 1st day of February, 1790, and which was by him assigned to the complainant; the bill states, that both the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 23d day of March next, to the intent that the said absent defendants may have notice of the present application, and the object of the bill filed, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 23d day of July next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given to the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, that they be and appear before the Levy Court, in the city of Annapolis, at the house of Mr. James West, on the third Monday of March next, to settle their accounts for the collection of the said tax.

By order,
NICH. HARWOOD, Clerk.

February 28, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against THOMAS GOOD, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to appear at the dwelling house of the subscriber, near the Cool Springs, in the county aforesaid, on Thursday the twenty-first day of March next, and to exhibit their accounts against said deceased, legally authenticated, that they may receive their proportion of the assets in the hands of the subscriber, and all those indebted to the said deceased are requested to make immediate payment, to

GLADDEN HUNT, Administrator.

Charles county, February 18, 1799.

IN CHANCERY, February 21, 1799.

EDWARD PYE, an insolvent, of Charles county, makes application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is satisfied, by competent testimony, that he is at this time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this state, and of the United States; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the 23d day of September next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, before the 23d day of March next, in the Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said 23d day of September next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons that hath any claims or demands against the estate of Mr. THOMAS COALE, late of Anne-Arundel county, that they bring them in, properly authenticated, on or by the tenth day of April next, to receive a dividend of the personal estate, if necessary.

SARAH COALE, Surviving executrix.

Elk-Ridge, February 14, 1799.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at March term next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called FORTUNE'S RETREAT, lying in Zachiah Swamp, in Charles county.

EDWARD EDELEN.

February 12, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

Charles Faris, Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS received a few elegant chamber CLOCKS and Silver WATCHES of the first quality, Gold, Gilt and Steel Watch chains, Gold, Gilt and Scotch pebble seals, Holster and Pocket Pistols, with an assortment of Jewelry.

N. B. The highest price given for Old Silver.

To be RENTED, And immediate possession given,

AT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STEUART of
Mount Stewart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on the 14th instant, a dark mulatto girl, by name SABINA, about 17 or 18 years of age 5 feet high, who says she is the property of GERARD B. CAUSIN, Esq; and was hired this present year to WILLIAM GATES, of this county. The owner is desired to pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold agreeably to law for her prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of
Charles county.

January 22, 1799.

NOTICE.

BY virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the NEGROES of the late THOMAS GASSAWAY will be sold, for CASH, on Saturday the 2d of March next, among them is a valuable fellow, about 38 years of age, who has been used to working in a rope-walk. There is also a boy, about 11 years old, who is a good waiter. At the same time will be sold, two small tenements, on Corn-Hill, one now occupied by Mr. Fairbairn.

The sale to begin at eleven o'clock, at Mr. Wharfe's.

G. DUVAL, Administrator de bonis non of T. Gassaway.

Annapolis, February 13, 1799.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, for CASH, on Tuesday the 5th of March, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the late dwelling of MORDECAI RIDGELEY, deceased.

ALL the PERSONAL PROPERTY of said deceased, negroes excepted, consisting of hogs, horses, horned cattle and sheep, together with all the furniture, consisting of many articles too tedious to mention. Likewise will be exposed for sale, the valuable plantation where the deceased lived, the property of Mr. JOHN HAMMOND, with a valuable lot of timber, and several cords of wood cut on the same, all which must be gone off by the fifth of November next coming. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

PEREGRINE RIDGELY, Administrator.

February 14, 1799.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 20th of March next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the subscriber's, if not previously sold by private sale.

PART of a tract of LAND called FORREST FARM, containing about seventy two acres, adjoining the lands of the late Richard Beard, known by the name of Beard's Habitation, also the land of William Steuart, Esq; known by the name of Jones's Lot; upwards of thirty acres of the above land is well wooded. The terms of sale will be, two years credit, upon the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

BENJAMIN WATKINS.

February 18, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next county court, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called Harborough, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, agreeably to an act of assembly for that purpose.

JAMES G. HOWARD.

February 16, 1799.

In CHANCERY, February 18, 1799.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of JOSIAS FERGUSON, of Prince-George's county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain the same; on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Josias Ferguson is, and at the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this state, and the said Josias Ferguson, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is therupon adjudged and ordered, that the said Josias Ferguson, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette, before the twenty-third day of March next, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery office, at eleven o'clock, on the first day of April next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Josias Ferguson's then and there taking the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, February 18, 1799.

ENOS DUVAL FERGUSON, an insolvent debtor, of Prince-George's county, makes application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is satisfied, by competent testimony, that he is at this time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this state, and of the United States; it is therupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the twenty-third day of September next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, before the twenty-third day of March next, in the Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said twenty-third day of September, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

A LIST OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND, in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year 1798, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for or chargeable with the payment of the same.

Names of Land.	Amt. Tax.	Persons Names.
Lot No. 28 Cumberland	10	Harmanus Aldricks.
Williamson's Discovery	1 2 9	William Bell.
Clifton	13 4	William Bell, John Steinmitz,
Sportsman's Fields	7 9 1	and Thomas Jones.
Lot town of Cumberland	1 8	Thomas Beatty.
8 Lots town of Cumberland	13 4	Blackburn and Brent.
Lot No. 25 Cumberland	5 5	John Bell.
3 Lots town of Cumberland	5	John Bell.
Jacob's Ladder	8 4	Charles Beatty.
Fort Lip and Resurvey	11 11	Thomas Beatty.
Republican	15	
Flowery Meads	9 6 1	
Resurvey on Elk Lick	8 3	James Beatty.
The Requet	2 10	
Joseph's Folly	1 5	
Loft Glove	9	
That's All	11 2	
Milly's Chance	10 6	Jeremiah Berry, 3d.
Chance	3 8	
Timber Plenty	2 8 1	Thomas Burges.
Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 8 1	Leonard Bevins.
Resurvey on Shawney War	1 6 4	Archibald Chisholm.
Bottom	2 9 1	George Cooke.
Ginsang	10 11 1	Patrick Doran.
Part of Mount Airy	1 6 4	Peter Engles.
What you Please	4	
Ormes Mistake	7 4 1	
Ormes Trouble	6 8	Uriah Forrest.
The General's Wish	12 2 1	
White Oak Flats	5 11	Frederick Grammer.
Walnut Ridge	2 9 1	
Little Worth	3 1	
Chance	2 0 10	George Graham.
Royal Charlotte	5 11 1	Samuel Greenup.
Beaver Dam	8 8	

Mount Hope	2	4 1	Samuel Godman.
Water works	9	9 1	
Part of Spruce Spring	2	6	James Greenleaf.
Durham	14	1 1	Nathan Gregg.
New Addition	5	7 1	Paul Hoye.
The Gleanings	10	4	Peter Huff.
Part of Mount Nebo	12	6	William Hilton.
Hilton's Chase	6	1	
Walnut Level	6	1 1 1	Thomas Hanson.
Dogwood Plains	8	4	
Horse Lick	11	1 1	Thomas Johnson, of Thos.
The Glades	16	6	Edward Jones.
Half of Granary	9	2 1	Denton Jacques.
Bottom	2	9 1	Henry Kemp and Laurance Brengle.
Sugar Land		4 1	Henry Kemp.
Partnership		3 1	Leonard Lantz.
1 Lot town of Cumberland		1	Ebenezer Mackey.
Lot No. 31 town of Cumberland		6	Daniel Manedear.
Partnership	1	3 1	James M'Pherson.
The Vale	3	4	
Lot town of Cumberland	1	8	John Orme.
Mill Seat	7	9	John Orr.
Felicity	6	9	James Oquin.
1 Lot town of Cumberland	1	8	Raphael Peale.
Sparkling Camp	6	2 1	Charles P. Polk.
Half of Granary	9	2 1	Pearlal and Rogers.
Half of Sanca Panca	3	4	Walter Roe.
Half of Sanca Panca	3	4	
Bull Pasture	2	4	
Dunghill	1	5 1 1 1	
Governor's Neglect	1	8 7 1	
Rooby's Delight	15	6	Gustavus Scott.
Ormes Attention	1	5 2	
Chefnut Grove	16	1 1 1	
Now or Never	1	2 1	Hugh Scott.
Ashby's Discovery	2	15 6 1	William and Joseph Scott.
William and Joseph's Amendment	4	1	John Spurrier.
Cullom's Lot	8	8	Michael Snabley.
Part of Austin's Purchase	1	8	Joseph Usher.
Locust Tree Bottom	1	2 5	
296 Lots from No. 500 to 799		8 1 each lot	Thomas Johnson and James Greenleaf.
inclusive, except No. 661,			
662 and 684			

No. of Lots, and the persons names to whom they belong, with the amount of the tax on each lot.

The following lots eight pence half-penny each.

No. 340, William Amos, 1071, William Amos.

No. 298, 315, 326 Catharine Boyer, 12, Samuel Beckwith, 931, Valentine Brother, 297, 436, Michael Boyer, 489, Aquila Browne, 1877, William Berryman.

No. 226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4034, Archibald Chisholm, 2534, William Coe.

No. 3163, Samuel Davis, 1397, 1134, 4157, 4156, 90, 123, 79, 859, 84, 130, 308, 2088, 3632, 11, 1165, 1325, 1125, 1168, 469, 1912, 250, 1131, Thomas Donaldson.

No. 2180, 2182, Adam Fadley, 1423, 3123, George Frois, 225, William Furgisson, 1963, Richard Flemming, 404, Philip Ford.

No. 4152, 214, 844, 845, 1371, 911, 215, 1106, 1171, 3121, 4158, 846, 847, 213, Frederick Grammer, 266, Charles Giffian, 1135, 174, 825, 976, 1122, 1151, 876, 1838, 101, John Guyer, 1704, 810, 3129, 2425, 1325, 1425, 4055, 1317, 1121, 1834, 1010, 2548, 1009, 310, Robert Gover, 441, Philip Grubill, 2222, 3126, 1720, Solomon Geer, 1124, Archibald Golder, 141, 953, John Gilmore, 1399, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, John Gephart, 1135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131, 932, Elisha Jarrett.

No. 188, Henry Myers, 11, 1142, James R. Morris, 885, 931, Gilbert Murdock.

No. 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95, John Neill, 1558, Greenbury Neall, 1603, 4096, 4097, Samuel Norwood.

No. 131, 1792, William H. Parke, 1777, Richard Ponsonby.

No. 334, George Rose, 1263, Charles Robinson, 301, John Reed, 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583, James

Robinson, 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743, Christopher Richmond, 2363, 2304, 2365, 2366, John Randall, 950, 945, 885, 1950, 1130, 130, Thomas B. Randall.

No. 184, 144, 1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1501, 1502, 1508, 1516, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1582, 1590, 1593, 1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695, 1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762, 1766, 1769, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821, 1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926, 1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2010, 2038, 2081, 2085, 2309, 2398, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008, 3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3119, 3125, 3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038, 4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4031, John A. Sumner.

No. 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619, Thomas and Samuel Turner.

No. 4045, John Willson, 217, 3039, 1289, 2540, 4064, 1190, 118, Edward Wright, 2081, 1005, James Welt, junior, 82, Charles Wayman, 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735, William Woods.

No. 3756, Samuel McDugle.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county

charges due on the lands aforesaid shall be paid to

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Esquire, collector of Allegany

county, on or before the seventeenth day of July next,

the lands so charged as aforesaid, or such part thereof

as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,

shall be sold to the highest bidder for the payment of

the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD, AQUILA A. BROWNE, THOMAS CRESAP,

Allegany cty. December 3, 1798.

from office ought not to be introduced further than

public utility may absolutely require,

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland,

That so much of the said act as provides that no mem-

ber of the general assembly, or commissioner of the

tax, shall be appointed a justice of the levy court

under said act, be and the same is hereby repealed,

and made void and of no effect, any thing in the

said act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That each of the justices of the

levy courts aforesaid shall have and receive, as a com-

pensation for his services, the sum of two dollars,

and no more, for every day he shall attend the duty

of his office, the said allowance to be assessed and

levied as other county charges.

And be it enacted, That no justice of the peace of

any of the several counties of this state, other than

those justices appointed and commissioned by virtue

of this act, shall have or exercise any of the powers

given to the justices of the levy courts to be appointed

and commissioned in virtue of this act, any law to

the contrary notwithstanding.

This act to continue and be in force until the

twentieth day of October, one thousand eight hun-

dred and one, and until the end of the next session

of assembly that shall happen thereafter.

An ACT to repeal part of an act, entitled, A Supple-

ment to the act for the establishment and regula-

tion of levy courts in the several counties of this state.

WHEREAS by an act, entitled, A Supplement

to the act for the establishment and regulation of

levy courts in the several counties of this state,

passed at this present session of assembly, it is enacted,

that no member of the general assembly, nor com-

mmissioner of the tax, shall be appointed a justice of the

levy court under the said act, and whereas, exclusions

remaining seven resident in the county, any thing in

this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That the justices of the levy

courts aforesaid, or a majority of them, shall be and

are hereby invested with all powers which the justices

of the peace of said counties have had at their re-

spective meetings as levy courts of their said coun-

ties.

And be it enacted, That no member of the general

assembly, or commissioner of the tax, shall be ap-

pointed under this act.

And be it enacted, That each of the justices of the

levy courts aforesaid shall have and receive, as a com-

pensation for his services, the sum of two dollars,

and no more, for every day he shall attend the duty

of his office, the said allowance to be assessed and

levied as other county charges.

And be it enacted, That no justice of the peace

(LIVth YEAR.)

THE

(No. 2722.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1799.

NEW-YORK, March 3.

Extract of a letter from a highly respectable character, to his friend in this city.

ST. THOMAS, February 14.

CAPTAIN HOWARD, of St. Croix, has this moment arrived from Basseterre, St. Kitt's, and informs, that he saw an engagement on the 11th instant, off St. Kitt's, between the Constellation, captain Truxton, and a French frigate of 36 guns.

The action commenced at three o'clock, P.M. and lasted about two hours and a half, when the French frigate struck.

He saw the Constellation and the French frigate let go their anchors at Basseterre, as he was coming out.

The two frigates got into the harbour on the morning of the 12th.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

I transmit you a document which seems to be intended to be a compliance with the condition mentioned at the conclusion of my message to congress of the 21st June last.

Always disposed and ready to embrace every plausible appearance of probability of preserving or restoring tranquillity—I nominate Wm. Vans Murray, our minister resident at the Hague, to be minister plenipotentiary to the French republic.

If the Senate shall advise and consent to his appointment, effectual care shall be taken in his instructions, that he shall not go to France, without direct and unequivocal assurances from the French government, signified by their minister of exterior relations, that he shall be received in character, shall enjoy the privileges attached to his character, by the laws of nations; and that a minister of equal rank, title and powers, shall be appointed to treat with him, to discuss and conclude all controversies between the two republics, by a new treaty.

JOHN ADAMS.

United States, }
Feb. 18, 1799. }
[A Copy.]

[C O P Y.]

LIBERTY [L. S.] EQUALITY.

Exterior Relations, 3d Division.
Paris, 7th Vendémiaire, of the 7th year of the French republic, one and indivisible.

The minister of Exterior Relations, to citizen Pichon, secretary of Legation, of the French republic, near the Batavian republic.

I have received successively, citizen, your letters of the 22d and 27th Fructidor; they afford me more and more reason to be pleased with the manner you have adopted, to detail to me your conversation with Mr. Murray. These conversations at first, merely friendly, have required consistency, by the function I have given to them by my letter of the 11th Fructidor. I do not regret that you have trusted to Mr. Murray's honour, a copy of my letter. It was intended for you only, and contained nothing but what is conformable to the intentions of government. I am thoroughly convinced, that should explanations take place with confidence, between the two administrations, irritations would cease, a crowd of misrepresentations would disappear, and the ties of friendship would be more strongly united, as each party would cover the hand that sought to disunite them.

But I will not conceal from you, that your letters of the 2d and 3d Vendémiaire, just received, surprise me much. What Mr. Murray is still dubious of, has been explicitly declared, even before the president's message to congress, of the 3d Messidor last, was known in France. I had written it to Mr. Gerry, namely, on the 24th Messidor, and 4th Thermidor. I did not repeat it to him before he set out.—A whole paragraph of my letter to you, of the 11th Fructidor, of which Mr. Murray has a copy, is devoted to develop still more the fixed determination of the French government, according to these bases.—You were right to assert, that whatever plenipotentiary the government of the United States might send to France, to put an end to existing differences, between the two countries, would be undoubtedly received, with the respect due to the representative of a free, powerful, and independent nation.

I cannot, citizen, conceive, that the American government need any further declarations from us to induce them, in order to renew the negotiation, to adopt such measures as would be suggested to them by their desire to bring differences to a peaceable end.

If misunderstandings on both sides have prevented former explanations from reaching that end, it is pre-

sumable that those misunderstandings being done away, nothing henceforth will bring obstacles to the reciprocal dispositions. The president's instructions to his envoys at Paris, which I have only known by the copy given you by Mr. Murray, and received by me on the 21st Messidor, announcing (if they contain the whole of the American government's instructions) dispositions which could only have been added to those which the Directory has always entertained; and notwithstanding the irritating and almost hostile measures they have adopted, the Directory has manifested its perseverance in the sentiments which are deposited both in my correspondence with Mr. Gerry, and in my letter to you of the 11th Fructidor, and which I have herein before repeated in the most explicit manner. Carry, therefore, citizen, to Mr. Murray, those positive expressions in order to convince him of our sincerity, and prevail upon him to transmit them to his government.

I presume, citizen, that this letter will find you at the Hague; if not, I ask that it may be sent back to you at Paris.

Salute and fraternity.

(Signed)

CH. MAU. TALLEYRAND.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

THE proposition of a fresh negotiation with France, in consequence of advances made by the French government having excited so general an attention and so much conversation, as to have given occasion to many manifestations of the public opinion, by which it appears to me, that a new modification, of the embassy will give more general satisfaction to the nation, and perhaps better answer the purposes we have in view.

It is upon this supposition, and with this expectation, I now nominate Oliver Ellsworth, Esq; chief justice of the United States, Patrick Henry, Esq; late governor of Virginia, and Wm. Vans Murray, our minister resident at the Hague, to be envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to the French republic, with full powers to discuss and settle by treaty, all controversies between the United States and France.

It is not intended that the two former of these gentlemen shall embark for Europe, until they shall have received from the Executive Directory, direct and unequivocal assurances, signified by their secretary of foreign relations, and that they shall enjoy all the prerogatives attached to that character by the law of nations, and that a minister or ministers of equal power shall be appointed and commissioned to treat with them.

JOHN ADAMS.

February 25, 1799.

CHARLESTON, February 22.

IMPORTANT!!

His excellency, governor Rutledge, and the collector of this port, about five weeks ago received a letter from colonel Pickering, secretary of state of the United States, to the following effect:

That government had obtained intelligence that four persons were to embark from Hamburg for this port, as agents of the French Directory, with dispatches of a hostile nature to the peace and welfare of the United States.

The secretary of state then gave the names of the persons and their description; also of the vessel, and the passports which it was expected they would have; and informed further, that the dispatches and papers of consequence, would be secreted in two false bottomed tubs, and requested that the necessary steps should be taken to secure the suspected persons and their papers, as soon as they arrived here.

Captain Thompson, the boarding officer of the port, was accordingly instructed to notice particularly, and report without delay all passengers from Europe.

Yesterday he had the happiness and good fortune to board the brig Minerva, captain Cramp, in 119 days from Hamburg, and reported her arrival, and that there were four or five passengers on board. This brig was the expected vessel, and the collector major Simons, attended by Mr. William Crafts, agent of the United States for the naval and war departments, went immediately on board, with proper assistance, to examine and secure the suspected persons and their papers.

As soon as they got on board, they inquired for persons by names they had received, and were answered affirmatively; these were directly searched and given into custody, and the search continued for the tubs, which were fortunately discovered in the cabin; the tubs were broke open, and the papers taken out; the horrors of guilt were depicted strongly on the countenances of the guilty wretches, and their bodies shook with fear and trembling.

There was a design to have thrown them overboard from the cabin window, but it was prevented by the

expedition of the gentlemen who undertook the business. Three of the fellows are mulattoes, and one of them a white person; a woman was also taken up, who was evidently concerned in the conspiracy, and endeavoured to take care of the tubs under her arm.

The four men and their female accomplice, are now confined at Fort Pinckney, their trunks and baggage are taken to the custom-house, and the important TALES OF THE TUBS are under the examination of major-general Pinckney, to whom they were immediately delivered. The development will come out in season.

NORFOLK, March 2.

Extract of a letter from Buller Cocke, purser of the United States brig Ricomond, to Wm. Pennock, Esq; received by the brig Peggy and Bessy, arrived here from St. Kitt's, dated off St. Kitt's, February 11.

" Dear Sir,

" I have the pleasure of informing you we this day at 11 o'clock A.M. passed through roads bearing N.E. distant about four leagues, fell in with the United States frigate Constellation, captain Truxton, having in company the Insurgente, French frigate of 42 guns and 300 men, her prize, who struck after loosing 50 men, and otherwise very much damaged. The Constellation lost three men only. Captain Truxton gave us this information himself.

" From other information we learn, the action commenced off Nevis, and after a long running fight they came to close quarters off Sandy Point, when after a severe battle of one hour the French ship struck."

Captain Holmes, who was the bearer of the above letter, informs, that the day he left St. Kitt's, he fell in with the Constellation and her prize, which appeared to be very roughly handled, having her main-mast shot away; the rigging of the Constellation was a good deal shattered.

BALTIMORE, March 11.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman on board the United States' ship of war Montezuma, dated February 19th, 1799.

After giving an account of the capture of the French frigate Insurgente, he says, " Captain Truxton has sent a cartel to Guadaloupe, with 50 men of the prisoners, under the command of Mr. Robinson, one of his officers, who, on his arrival, was insulted and abused by the mob at Basseterre, Guadaloupe; he set off thence to Point Petre to treat with the general for an exchange of prisoners. Commodore Barry, of the United States' frigate, coming down from Barbadoes to Martinico, with a fleet, fell in with the French privateer L'Amour de Patrie, which sunk on the third shot being fired, and from which sixty men were saved. The British frigate La Concord brought into Basseterre, St. Kitt's, a corvette of 16 guns, belonging to Guadaloupe, who had thrown her guns overboard, on finding herself likely to be taken. Captain Nicholson, of the frigate Constitution, retook a British ship laden with naval stores, from the French, but after he had kept her a while, found that he had no instructions for doing so, let her go again, which has displeased the British very much in these islands.

" The French were on the point of starving in Guadaloupe lately, had it not been for the Insurgente, which escaped from the British, who were closely investing Point Petre, and before she was out 24 hours, captured 5 valuable ships from the British, which had scattered from the late convoy. It is said the Insurgente is a remarkable fast sailer; she has been chased often by the irigates to windward, but they could never come near her.

" We are going to cruise off Curacao a while and off Cuba. In six or eight weeks we shall return home."

On board the prize frigate L'Insurgente, St. Christopher's, 15th February, 1799.

MAJOR STODDERT,

Dear Sir,

It is with pleasure I inform you of the victory we have gained over the cursed violators of our peace. At meridian on the 10th inst. Nevis bearing W.S.W. distance 5 or 6 leagues; saw a large ship to the southward, bore away, and gave chase, at one P.M. made the British privateer signal for the day, it not being answered, made the American signal, neither of which being answered, it was suspected the chase was an enemy, notwithstanding she had an American ensign flying at the mizzen peak; soon after those suspicions proved well founded, for the American ensign was hauled down and the French national flag hoisted in its place, and a gun fired to windward, upon which, our brave commander (who well deserves the appellation) ordered the ship cleared, and every thing got ready for battle, according to our established rule on board that ship.

At two P. M. the chase carried away her main-top-mast, and bore away before the wind for a short time, after which, finding we continued the chase, she haled up within 8 points of the wind, on the starboard tack. At a quarter past 3 P. M. it blowing extremely hard, and our ship being rather cranky, we ran close under the enemy's lee, for the sake of working our guns with more facility.

As soon as we got abreast of the enemy, she hailed several times but no answer was given. The commodore ordered myself with the other lieutenants commanding divisions, to fire directly into the hull as soon as we could bring our guns to bear, and to load with two round shot principally during the action. All the orders being complied with, we raked her several times in the course of the action, which went on to our most sanguine expectation.

At a quarter past 4 P. M. the enemy struck; at the time she struck we lay directly athwart her stern, and should certainly have sent her to the infernal regions had we fired whilst in that position.

When she struck I was ordered to board and take possession, and to send the captain and first lieutenant on board the Constellation, which was done, and an exchange of prisoners immediately took place.

Although I would not have you think me bloody minded, yet I must confess the most gratifying sight my eyes ever beheld was seventy French pirates (you know I have just cause to call them such) wallowing in their gore, twenty-nine of whom were killed, and forty-one wounded.—She proved to be the famous French frigate Insurgente, mounting 40 guns and 3 swivels with 411 men.

This action of only one hour and a quarter has given to the arms of the United States at sea one of the fairest sailing, and finest frigates in the French navy, and that too with much less injury to the Constellation than is usual in captures of this sort, and without much blood being spilt on our side, having only one man killed, and two badly wounded, with two slightly wounded.

Knowing that you have the success of our infant navy at heart, and particularly attached to the Constellation, I have been induced to give you this particular detail.

Though I am not in the habit of boasting yet I candidly tell you I should feel happy with the same officers, and same men, on going along side of the best 50 gun ship the *all conquering* French republic have—at any rate.

I am, Sir, with esteem,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN ROGERS.

ANNAPOLIS, March 14.

The Easter vacation in St. John's College will begin on Friday the 22d instant, and continue during the ensuing week.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.

ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and the Herald, at Easton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. And be it enacted, That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. And be it enacted, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. And be it enacted, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections, in the city of Baltimore, all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, as also every part of the said constitution and form of government which relate to the judges, place, time and manner, of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. And be it enacted, That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written evidence to be an assessment of property to that amount, which assessment may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such assessment, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. And be it enacted, That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the fifth session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid in a

part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the 16th instant, at 10 o'clock, for READY MONEY, at the Stadt-house,

A QUANTITY of second hand furniture, consisting of tables, chairs, desks, book-cases, wardrobes, a clock, and several other useful articles for house-keeping.

JOHN SHAW.
Annapolis, February 12, 1799.

Will be SOLD, for CASH, on the second day of April, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the late plantation of NICHOLAS BREWER, deceased, near the head of Marley Creek, in Anne-Arundel county.

THE following property, viz. One horse, six head of cattle, four sheep, some hogs, a bar-
teau, two beds, household furniture, plantation utensils, and many other things too tedious to mention.

NICHOLAS JOYCE.

March 12, 1799.

In CHANCERY, March 5, 1799.

WILLIAM C. BITHRAY, an insolvent debtor

of the city of Annapolis, makes application, as a

trader, by petition to the chancellor in writing, pray-

ing the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry in-

solvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a

schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on

oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is

satisfied, by competent testimony, that he is at this

time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen

of this state, and of the United States; it is thereupon

adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chan-

cellor, in the chancery office, on the first day of

October next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the

said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that

by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in

each of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Ga-

zette, before the end of this month, he give notice

to his creditors to attend on the said first day of

October, for the purpose of recommending a trustee

for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor,

within six months from the time of the last publication,

(if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being ad-

mitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 6th instant,

R negro JEM, 22 years of age, about 5 feet 3

inches high, well made, and of a black complexion,

has a lively countenance when in a good humour, but

very stern when affronted, has rather a low forehead,

thick lips, is a little knock-kneed, and walks with his

toes much out; had on and took with him a felt hat,

about half worn, an old blue cloth coat, drab coloured

cloth jacket, with sleeves, in which, since made up,

he has cut pockets, and sewed the binding on awk-

wardly, which renders it remarkable, white cotton

breeches, mixed yarn stocking, country knit, common

nigro shoes, much worn, with a small cap on the toe

of each. Any person securing the said fellow in any

gaol, and giving me notice thereof, shall be entitled

to FIFTEEN DOLLARS, or the above reward if

brought home, with all reasonable charges.

FRANCIS HAMILTON,

Near Upper-Marlborough,

Prince-George's county.

February 20, 1799.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 20th of March next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the subscriber's, if not previously sold by private sale,

PART of a tract of LAND called FORREST

FARM, containing about seventy-two acres, ad-

joining the lands of the late Richard Beard, known

by the name of Beard's Habitation, situate in the land of William Steuart, Esq; known by the name of Jones's Lot; upwards of thirty acres of the above land is

well wooded. The terms of sale will be, two years

credit, upon the purchaser giving bond with approved

surety, and paying a sum to be agreed upon.

BENJAMIN WATKINS.

February 18, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends to apply to the next county court, for a
commission to mark and bound a tract of land called
Marlborough, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county,
agreably to an act of assembly for that purpose.

JAMES G. HOWARD.

February 16, 1799.

WAS committed to my custody, on the 8th in-

stant, a negro man who calls himself BILL,

and then said he belonged to JOHN CROMPTON, of St.

Maryland, Maryland, since which acknowledges

his right master is GEORGE HILL, living on the

South Branch, Virginia, and was sold to him by

MATTHEW CROMPTON; he is about 5 feet 6 inches

high, strait made, with a small scar over his right

eye; his cloathing is an old hat, an old pair of gray

trousers, old olsnabrig shirt, and a clouded nankeen

jacket, much worn. His master is desired to come and

take him away, or he will be sold for his prison fees

and other expences according to law.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of

Charles county.

February 16, 1799.

By virtue of a decree of the
subscriber will SELL, at PU
real estate of FRANK L
George's county, deceased.

On Saturday the 16th of

O the house of Mr. Gre
borough, that valuable piece of
said town, purchased by the
Daniel Carroll, on which
with suitable buildings, &c.
land is supposed to be about
greater part is valuable me
proved, on which a confide
been annually made. The
the acre, on a credit of six
giving bond with security for

And, on Tuesday the 2d of
the premises, in Upper-Marl
house of the said Frank Leek
with a passage and four ro
kitchen, smoke house, dair
for the accommodation of
belonging to the lot on whi
large garden and yard, and
able piece of land for pastu
ten acres, which will be sol

Also a framed dwelling ho
low, with a small piece of
street leading up to the cou

Also a valuable piece of
the wharf, and lying on the
Marlborough, supposed to
be sold by the acre. T
on the same terms as the
subscriber is empowered
to dispose of the said pro
made, instead of putting it

And upon the approba
fication, by the chancellor
receipt of the whole purch
the subscriber, as trustee
chaser respectively the t
Leek had in the said prop
to his heir. The credito
who have not yet exhib
to bring the same, with the
chancery court within the
day of April.

WIL

March 4, 1799.
To be SOLD, at PU
Monday in April next
of the subscriber, on
county, if fair, if not a

SIXTEEN NEGRO
S men and children, a
twelve head of sheep; like
hold furniture, and far
soy amount, not exceed
above that sum to give b
payable in twelve month

March 4, 1799.

REGIMENT

THE officers com
pliment to the militia
writing of all the priv
ficers of their respective
fall of April next, noti
perion, and a copy the
turn immediately to

JOHN

In CHANCERY

James M. Lingan

against

Abraham Faw and

John Calboun.

gomery county, called

for which the defend

bond of conveyance to

dated the 1st day of Fe

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, the real estate of FRANK LEEKE, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, as follows:

ON Saturday the 16th of March, at 3 o'clock, at the house of Mr. Greenwell, in Upper-Marlborough, that valuable piece of ground, adjoining the said town, purchased by the said Frank Leeke of Daniel Carroll, on which there is a valuable mill, with suitable buildings, &c. the quantity of the said land is supposed to be about thirty acres, and the greater part is valuable meadow ground, well improved, on which a considerable quantity of hay has been annually made. The said land will be sold by the acre, on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with security for the purchase money.

And, on Tuesday the 2d of April, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, in Upper-Marlborough, the late dwelling house of the said Frank Leeke, viz. a large brick house, with a passage and four rooms below, a store house, kitchen, smoke house, dairy, stables, &c. sufficient for the accommodation of a large family; there is belonging to the lot on which the said house stands a large garden and yard, and adjoining thereto a valuable piece of land for pasture, &c. containing about ten acres, which will be sold with the house.

Also a framed dwelling house, with two rooms below, with a small piece of ground adjoining, on the street leading up to the court house.

Also a valuable piece of meadow ground adjoining the wharf, and lying on the creek leading to Upper-Marlborough, supposed to contain about seven acres, to be sold by the acre. The said property to be sold on the same terms as are above mentioned, and the subscriber is empowered, on either of the said days, to dispose of the said property by contract, publicly made, instead of putting it up at auction.

And upon the approbation, confirmation and ratification, by the chancellor of the sale, and upon the receipt of the whole purchase money (and not before) the subscriber, as trustee, will convey to the purchasers respectively the right which the said Frank Leeke had in the said property, and which descended to his heir. The creditors of the said Frank Leeke who have not yet exhibited their claims, are desired to bring the same, with the vouchers thereof, into the chancery court within three months from the said 2d day of April.

WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee.

March 4, 1799.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the first Monday in April next, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber, on West river, Anne-Arundel county, if fair, if not the first fair day ensuing,

SIXTEEN NEGROES, consisting of men, women and children, also fifteen head of cattle, and twelve head of sheep; likewise a few articles of household furniture, and farming utensils. Purchasers to pay amount, not exceeding ten pounds, to pay cash, above that sum to give bond, with approved security, payable in twelve months.

ANNE CHESTON.

March 4, 1799.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS,
March 6, 1799.

THE officers commanding companies in the 22d regiment are requested, agreeably to the supplement to the militia law, to make out a list in writing of all the privates and non-commissioned officers of their respective companies, on or before the 1st of April next, noting in the same the age of every person, and a copy thereof, when so made out, to return immediately to

JOHN GASSAWAY, Lieut. Col.

In CHANCERY, February 28, 1799.

James M. Lingan
against
Abraham Faw and
John Calhoun. THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in a tract of land, lying in Montgomery county, called The Two Days RAMBLE, for which the defendant, John Calhoun, gave his bond of conveyance to the defendant, Abraham Faw, dated the 1st day of February, 1790, and which was by him assigned to the complainant; the bill states, that both the defendants reside out of the state; it is therupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 23d day of March next, to the intent that the said absent defendants may have notice of the present application, and the object of the bill filed, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 23d day of July next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given to the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, that they be and appear before the Levy Court, in the city of Annapolis, at the house of Mr. James West, on the third Monday of March next, to settle their accounts for the collection of the said tax.

By order,
NICH. HARWOOD, Clerk.
February 28, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of MORDECAI RIDGELY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to make them known, legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment, to PEREGRINE RIDGELY, Administrator.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against THOMAS GOOD, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to appear at the dwelling house of the subscriber, near the Cool Springs, in the county aforesaid, on Thursday the twenty-first day of March next, and to exhibit their accounts against said deceased, legally authenticated, that they may receive their proportion of the assets in the hands of the subscriber, and all those indebted to the said deceased are requested to make immediate payment, to

GLADDEN HUNT, Administrator.

Charles county, February 18, 1799.

In CHANCERY, February 21, 1799.

EDWARD EYE, an insolvent, of Charles county, makes application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is satisfied, by competent testimony, that he is at this time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this state, and of the United States; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the 23d day of September next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, before the 23d day of March next, in the Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said 23d day of September next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons that hath any claims or demands against the estate of Mr. THOMAS COALE, late of Anne-Arundel county, that they bring them in, properly authenticated, on or by the tenth day of April next, to receive a dividend of the personal estate, if necessary.

SARAH COALE, Surviving executrix.

Elk-Ridge, February 14, 1799.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at March term next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called FORTUNE'S RETREAT, lying in Zachariah Swamp, in Charles county.

EDWARD EDELEN.

February 12, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

Charles Faris,
Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS received a few elegant chamber CLOCKS and Silver WATCHES of the first quality, Gold, Gilt and Steel Watch chains, Gold, Gilt and Scotch pebble seals, Holster and Pocket Pistols, with an assortment of Jewelry.

N. B. The highest price given for Old Silver.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given, THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STEUART of
Mount Steuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on the 14th instant, a dark mulatto girl, by name SABINAH, about 17 or 18 years of age 5 feet high, who says she is the property of GERARD B. CAUSIN, Esq; and was hired this present year to a WILLIAM GATES, of this county. The owner is desired to pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold agreeably to law for her prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of
Charles county.

January 22, 1799.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

PHILIP B. KEY.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

ALL persons are forewarned from troubling or crediting any one on account of the subscriber without a line from

JOHN HESSELIUS.

Pimrose-Hill, near Annapolis.

AN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new small round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the gaol of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

September 10, 1798.

AN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

I WILL SELL, on moderate terms, several small tracts of LAND, within two miles of the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to

JOHN HESSELIUS.

Pimrose Hill, November 10, 1798.

To the VOTERS OF PRINCE-GEORGE'S COUNTY.

I AM solicited by my friends to offer myself as a candidate at your next election, and at the particular request of some of the leading characters on Patowmack I now take my pen to address you on that head. It has been said in our county that I am not a decided character, you know my heart too well for me to dwell on that subject—true, I never was of any party in my life; I trust I never shall. I admit our constitution as one of the best in the world, and I hope I ever shall be watchful of the rights and liberties of our citizens—if you think me a character worthy of your confidence I shall humbly thank you for your votes—Should I be elected I pledge my honour honestly shall be my motto, sincerity my creed. Give me leave to subscribe myself

Your humble servant,

R. A. CONTEE.

Bladensburg, December 5, 1798.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for apprehending the following negroes, and securing them in gaol, so that I may get them, WILL, about sixty years of age, of a dark complexion, and five feet ten or eleven inches high. TOM, about thirty-six or seven years of age, a dark mulatto, about six feet high, and well proportioned, and BETTY, a likely dark mulatto girl, about seventeen years of age; the last two call themselves THOMAS, and all of them have been frequently seen in Annapolis, where I have reasons to suppose they now are. The above reward shall be paid for apprehending the said negroes, or ten dollars for either of them, and reasonable charges if brought home. All persons are forewarned from harbouring them at their peril.

JAMES MORRISS.

Charles county, September 25, 1798.

Randall and Dobbin,

PROPRIETORS of HOPE MILLS, at the Head of Magothy river, are now ready to purchase wheat, corn, and rye, at the mills, or, for convenience to sellers, they will receive grain at Annapolis, where they mean to keep a constant supply of fresh superfine flour, corn meal, and bran for sale; they will always keep a quantity of grain ground at the mills to accommodate those who may come from a distance by water with grain to be ground.

They expect in a few days to have a neat assortment of wet and dry goods, which they will sell low for cash or produce.

Hope Mills, July 17, 1798.

A LIST of TRACTS and LOTS of LAND, in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year 1798, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for or chargeable with the payment of the same.

Names of Land.	Amt. Tax.	Persons Names.
Lot No. 28 Cumberland	10	Harmanus Aldricks.
Williamson's Discovery	1 2 9	William Bell.
Clifton	13 4	William Bell, John Steinmitz,
Sportsman's Fields	7 9 1	and Thomas Jones.
Lot town of Cumberland	1 8	Thomas Beatty.
8 Lots town of Cumberland	13 4	Blackburn and Brent.
Lot No. 25 Cumberland	5 5	John Bell.
3 Lots town of Cumberland	5	John Bell.
Jacob's Ladder	8 4	Charles Beatty.
Fort Lip and Resurvey	11 11	Thomas Beatty.
Republican	15	
Flower'd Meads	9 6 1	
Resurvey on Elk Lick	8 3	
The Request	2 10	James Beatty.
Joseph's Folly	1 5	
Lost Glove	9	
That's All	11 2	
Milly's Chance	10 6	Jeremiah Berry, 3d.
Chance	3 8	
Timber Plenty	2 8 1	Thomas Burges.
Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 8 1	Archibald Chisholm.
Resurvey on Shawney War	1 6 4	George Cooke.
Bottom	2 9 1	Patrick Doran.
Gintang	10 11 1	Peter Engles.
Part of Mount Airy	4	
What you Please	7 4 1	Uriah Forrest.
Ormes Mistake	6 8	
Ormes Trouble	12 2 1	Frederick Grammer.
The General's Wish	5 11	
White Oak Flats	2 9 1	George Graham.
Walnut Ridge	3 1	
Little Worth	2 0 10	Samuel Greenup.
Chance	5 11 1	
Royal Charlotte	8 8	
Beaver Dam		

No. of Lots, and the persons names to whom they belong, with the amount of the tax on each lot.

The following lots eight pence half-penny each.

No. 340, William Arnois, 1071, William Amos.

No. 298, 315, 326 Catharine Boyer, 12, Samuel Beckwith, 931, Valentine Brother, 297, 436, Michael Boyer, 489, Aquila Browne, 1877, William Berryman.

No. 226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4034, Archibald Chisholm, 2534, William Coe.

No. 3163, Samuel Davis, 1397, 1134, 4157, 4156,

90, 123, 79, 859, 84, 130, 3098, 2088, 3032, 11,

1165, 1325, 1125, 1168, 469, 1912, 250, 1131,

Thomas Donaldson.

No. 2180, 2182, Adam Fadley, 1423, 3123,

George Frots, 225, William Furgusson, 1963, Richard Flemming, 404, Philip Ford.

No. 4152, 214, 844, 845, 1371, 911, 215, 1106,

1171, 3121, 4158, 846, 847, 213, Frederick Gram-

mer, 266, Charles Gillian, 1135, 174, 825, 976,

1122, 1151, 876, 1838, 101, John Guyer, 1704,

81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163, 165,

170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216, 217,

220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337, 360,

382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403, 448,

Philip Grabill, 2022, 3126, 1720, Solomon Geer,

1124, Archibald Golder, 141, 953, John Gilmore,

1399, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, John Gephart,

No. 4091, 4092, 4093, 4094, Paul Hoye, 197,

1305, Elisha Hail, 3194, 3195, 3196, 3197, Levy

Hughes, 1386, John Hamm, 1784, Thomas B.

Hugo.

No. 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131, 932, Elisha

Jarrett.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 29, 1799.

ORDERED, That the act, entitled, A Supple-

ment to the act for the establishment and regulation

of levy courts in the several counties of this state, the

act, entitled, An act to repeal part of an act, entitled,

A Supplement to the act for the establishment and re-

gulation of levy courts in the several counties of this

state, and the supplement to the act for the direc-

tion of sheriffs and coroners in the return of jurors, and for

the better regulation of juries, be published once in

each week, for the term of six weeks, in the Mary-

land Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at

Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town,

Green and English's paper, at George-town, and in

the Easton paper.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Ck.

A Supplement to the act for the establishment and re-

gulation of levy courts in the several counties of this

state.

BE it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland,

That the governor and council be authorized and

required annually to appoint and commission for each

county in this state, seven of the most discreet and

best qualified persons of the said county, from the

list of those annually commissioned as justices of the

peace, who shall be styled in the commission insi-

tices of the levy court of such county, and who shall

be dispersed as equally as may be through the county;

and that in case any vacancy shall happen in any of

the said courts by refusal to act, death, removal out

of the county, resignation or disqualification, the go-

vernor and council be authorized and required from

time to time to supply such vacancy.

And be it enacted, That the governor and council

shall appoint eleven justices of the peace as justices of

the levy court for Baltimore county, four of whom

shall be resident in the city of Baltimore, and the

Mount Hope	2 4 1	Samuel Godman.
Water works	9 9 1	James Greenleaf.
Part of Spruce Spring	2 6	James Greenleaf.
Durham	14 1 1	Nathan Gregg.
New Addition	5 7 2	Paul Hoye.
The Gleanings	10 14 4	Peter Huff.
Part of Mount Nebo	12 6	William Hilton.
Hilton's Chase	6 1	
Walnut Level	6 11 1	
Dogwood Plains	8 4	Thomas Hanson.
Horse Lick	11 1 1	
The Glades	16 6	Thomas Johnson, of Thos.
Half of Granary	9 2 1	Edward Jones.
Bottom	2 9 1	Denton Jacques.
Sugar Land	4 4	Henry Kemp and Laurence Brengle.
Partnership	1 8	Henry Kemp.
1 Lot town of Cumberland	6 3	Leonard Lantz.
Lot No. 31 town of Cumberland	1 8 3 1	Ebenezer Mackey.
Partnership	3 4	Daniel Manedcar.
The Vale	1 1 8	James M'Pherson.
Lot town of Cumberland	7 9	John Orme.
Mill Seat	6 9	John Orme.
Felicity	1 8	John Orme.
1 Lot town of Cumberland	1 8	John Orme.
Sparkling Camp	6 2 1	James Oquin.
Half of Granary	9 2 2	Raphael Peale.
Half of Sanca Panca	3 4	Charles P. Polk.
Half of Sanca Panca	2 4	Pearlal and Rogers.
Bull Pasture	1 5 1 1	Walter Roe.
Dunghill	1 8 7 5	
Governor's Neglect	15 6	Gustavus Scott.
Rooby's Delight	1 5 2	
Ormes Attention	10 11 1	
Chestnut Grove	1 2 1	
Now or Never	2 5	Hugh Scott.
Ashby's Discovery	1 2 1	William and Joseph Scott.
William and Joseph's Amendment	4 1	John Spurrier.
Cullom's Lot	8 8	Michael Snabley.
Part of Austin's Purchase	1 8	Joseph Usher.
Locust Tree Bottom	2 5	Thomas Johnson and James Greenleaf.
296 Lots from No. 500 to 799 inclusive, except No. 661, 662 and 684	8 1 each lot	

No. 188, Henry Myers, 11, 1142, James R.

Morris, 885, 931, Gilbert Murdock.

No. 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95, John Neill, 1558,

Greenbury Neall, 1603, 4096, 4097; Samuel Nor-

wood.

No. 131, 1792, William H. Parke, 1777, Ri-

chard Ponsonby.

No. 334, George Rose, 1263, Charles Robinzon,

301, John Reed, 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583, James

Robinzon, 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743, Christopher

3119, 3123, 3125, 3129, 3101, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023,

Randall, 4024, 4038, 4053, 4055, 4060, 4098, 4110, 4115,

No. 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619, Thomas and Samuel

Turner.

No. 4045, John Willson, 217, 3039, 1289, 2540,

4064, 1190, 118, Edward Wright, 2081, 1005,

James West, junior, 82, Charles Wayman, 2723,

No. 3750, Samuel M'Dugie.

NO NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county

charges due on the lands aforesaid finally be paid to

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Esquire, collector of Allegany

county, on or before the seventeenth day of July next,

the lands so charged as aforesaid, or such part thereof

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1799:

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.

ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and the Herald, at Elton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. And be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts; Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. And be it enacted, That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. And be it enacted, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. And be it enacted, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections, in the city of Baltimore, all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, as also every part of the said constitution and form of government which relate to the judges, place, time and manner, of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. And be it enacted, That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offsets to vote, this written evidence to be an affidavit of property to that amount, which affidavit may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such affidavit, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. And be it enacted, That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 29, 1799.

ORDERED, That the act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state, passed at this present session of assembly, it is enacted;

That no member of the general assembly, nor commissioner of the tax, shall be appointed a justice of the levy court under the said act; and whereas exclusions from office ought not to be introduced further than public utility may absolutely require,

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That so much of the said act as provides that no member of the general assembly, or commissioner of the tax, shall be appointed a justice of the levy court under said act, be and the same is hereby repealed and made void and of no effect; any thing in the said act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the direction of sheriffs and coroners in the return of jurors, and for the better regulation of juries.

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That the general court, and every county court, shall at all times have power to direct talemen to be summoned to serve on juries, where, without such talemen, there would not be twenty of the original panel exclusive of the jury charged, from whom a jury can be formed, and if the parties, or their counsel, agree, the drawing of a panel of twenty jurors in any cause may be dispensed with.

To THE VOTERS OF PRINCE-GEORGE'S COUNTY.

I AM solicited by my friends to offer myself as a candidate at your next election, and at the particular request of some of the leading characters on Patowmack I now take my pen to address you on that head. It has been said in our county that I am not a decided character, you know my heart too well for me to dwell on that subject—true, I never was of any party in my life; I trust I never shall. I admit our constitution as one of the best in the world, and I hope I ever shall be watchful of the rights and liberties of our citizens—if you think me a character worthy of your confidence I shall humbly thank you for your votes—Should I be elected I pledge my honour honestly shall be my motto, sincerity my creed. Give me leave to subscribe myself

Your humble servant,

R. A. CONTEE.

Bladensburg, December 5, 1798.

A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state.

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland,

That the several counties of this state, for the

PHILADELPHIA, March 13.

The following important letter has just come to hand. From a thorough knowledge of the character of the gentleman who writes this letter, of his caution in communicating political intelligence, and his practice of noticing no report in his letters, which has not been perfectly well authenticated, as well as from a review of the uniform correctness of all former information from the same source, I am enabled to assert, that the following may be relied on minutely true.

Extract of a letter from Lisbon to a respectable mercantile house in this city, dated 5th January last.

"The French have lately met a severe check in Italy.—The king of Naples, at the head of his army, has taken possession of the Pope's dominions, and everywhere beat the French army most severely. On the Neapolitans entering the city of Rome, general Mack, the commander in chief, summoned the castle of St. Angelo, which was still in possession of the French, to surrender, which they refused—He then sent them a message declaring that if they fired on the city, that for every gun, he would deliver a Frenchman to the populace—This did not intimidate the French—they fired several guns, and general Mack, as good as his word, delivered as many Frenchmen to the mob, who murdered them in the most cruel manner—he then sent them another message relating what he had done, and what had happened to the poor Frenchmen, who had fallen victims to their folly, on which they ceased firing and delivered up the castle. A few days after that, a severe engagement took place between 25,000 French, and about 35,000 Neapolitans, in which the latter were victorious—they took about 4000 prisoners, and killed in battle about 5000.

"The loss of the Neapolitans was very trivial compared with that of the French. The son of the king of Naples was arrived with a division of the army of Civita Vecchia, and had taken possession of that city and port. The Romans were every where flocking in great numbers to enter the Neapolitan army. I have no doubt but the French will be more rapidly driven out of Italy than they entered it. Buonaparte, all accounts agree, was shot at a council of war, by an Egyptian soldier, and his whole army by this time destroyed—so much for that expedition.

"Malta is also taken, and the Neapolitan flag hoisted on the fortifications. Minorca is also taken by the English, which is of great consequence to their Mediterranean fleet, as Port Mahon is very convenient and commodious for repairing their men of war and cruisers in those seas.

"This year will, in my opinion, be a year of the greatest events that have ever happened in Europe; and if the talk of coalition takes place, which no doubt must for its own internal defence of the combined nations, I should not be surprised to see a king on the throne of France again, or Europe become one barbarous banditti."

The president of the United States left town yesterday, for his seat in Massachusetts.

By further private accounts from Northampton, we learn that the insurrection gathers head there.

The Marshal, with a few mounted followers, set off again on Monday for the scene of insurrection, with a view of arresting some of the leading rebels.

Several outrages have been recently committed upon the persons of the most respectable characters, by the Northampton rebels.

Extract of a letter from captain Thomas Truxton, to the secretary of the navy, dated on board the United States ship Constitution, in sight of the island of St. Christopher's, February 10, 1799.

DEAR SIR,

I WROTE you the 4th instant, to which I must beg leave to refer, and soon after weighed from Basseterre road, St. Christopher's, and proceeded to sea, having made the necessary arrangements with the merchants and masters of vessels for a convoy, to sail this day for the United States, under charge of the Norfolk and Richmond, which vessels I directed to cruise, in the mean-time, near St. Bartholomew's and St. Martins, so as to be at hand to proceed with the convoy at the time appointed. As soon as I left the road of Basseterre (which I did with the Constellation) I stretched under Montserrat and towards Guadalupe by the wind, and from thence under the lee of Antigua and Barbuda. In this route I only met two merchant vessels, and a British frigate. I therefore thought it best to change my ground, which I did, and run down towards the island of Nevis, and on the 9th instant, at noon, that island bearing W. S. W. five leagues distance, discovered a large ship to leeward, on which I bore down; she hoisted American colours, and I made our private signals for the day, as well as that of the British, but finding her answered neither, I immediately suspected her to be an enemy, and in a short time after found, that my suspicions were well founded, for she hoisted the French national colours, and fired a gun to windward (which is a signal of an enemy). I continued bearing down on her, and at a quarter past 3 p. m. she hailed me several times; and as soon as I got in a position for every shot to do execution, I answered by commencing a close and successful engagement, which lasted until about half past four p. m. when she struck her colours to the United States ship Constitution, and I immediately took possession of her. She proved to be the celebrated French national frigate Insurgente, of 40 guns and 407 men, lately out from France, commanded by Monsieur Bureau, and is esteemed one of the fastest sailing ships in the French navy. I have been much shattered in my rigging and sails, and my fore-top-mast rendered, from wounds, etc., you may depend the enemy is not less so.

I intend to get into Basseterre road, St. Christopher's; if possible with my prize; but the wind being adverse and blowing hard, & much doubt, in the crippled state of both ships, whether I shall effect it, and if not, I must make a port to leeward.—The high state of our discipline, with the gallant conduct of my officers and men, would have enabled me to have compelled a more formidable enemy to have yielded, had the fortune of war thrown one in my way; as it is, I hope the president and my country will, for the present, be content with a very fine frigate being added to our infant navy, and that too with the loss of only one man killed, and two wounded, while the enemy had (the French surgeon reports) 52 or 53 killed and wounded. Several were found dead in the tops, &c. and thrown overboard 18 hours after we had possession. I must not omit, in this hasty detail, to do justice to Monsieur Bureau, for he defended his ship manfully, and from raking him several times fore and aft, and being athwart his stern ready with every gun to fire when he struck his colours, we may impute the conflict not being more bloody on our side, for had not these advantages been taken, the engagement would not have ended so soon, for the Insurgent was completely officered and manned.

Insurgente's weight of metal.

4 Cannon, 36 Pounds.
2 ditto, 24 ditto.
2 ditto, 18 ditto.
24 ditto, 12 ditto.
8 ditto, 6 ditto.

40 Guns.

Extract from captain Thomas Truxton to the secretary of the navy, dated 14th February.

"On the 13th, after the greatest exertions having been made, we gained these roads with both ships, and anchored them safe about noon. It is impossible for me to state to you the joy demonstrated by the inhabitants on this occasion; the ship was filled with gentlemen of the first dignities in the island, and a salute requested, in order that it might be returned, which was complied with on my part, particularly as it came from a member of the king's council, Mr. Tyson, an old friend of mine of many years standing.

"I have just received a polite letter of congratulation from the commander in chief, who offers me every service in his power; and I have directed all the wounded from the Insurgent to be immediately landed, and sent to the hospital.

"The following is an accurate return made me this morning by lieutenant Rogers, commanding the prize, taken from the examining officers, of the killed and wounded on board the Insurgent, viz.

killed,	29
badly wounded,	22
wounded more slightly,	19

Total killed and wounded, 70

"We had, as I wrote you before, only one man killed, and two badly wounded, one of which is since dead, the other is a midshipman, Mr. McDouough, who lost his foot; an ordinary seaman was afterwards discovered to be slightly wounded: this is the whole number lost and injured on board the Constellation.

"I shall proceed to repair the damages sustained by both ships as speedily as possible, and until the pleasure of the president of the United States is known, I intend to give lieutenant John Rogers an order to command the Insurgent. He was one of the first lieutenants appointed, has a claim of being among the first promotions, but a very strong one, for behaving well, and being the first lieutenant of the Constellation, at the capture of the first governmental ship of any consequence, ever made by the arms of the United States at sea since our being known as a nation; the other officers I shall appoint in the same way.

"My gun deck is divided into three divisions, the first of five guns and opposite, superintended by the first lieutenant, Mr. Rogers. The second of five guns and opposite, by the second lieutenant, Mr. Cowper. The third of four guns and opposite, by the third lieutenant, Mr. Sterett. The zeal of these three officers in performing their duty, and complying strictly with my orders, cannot be surpassed, but I must not, in praise of them, be silent as to the good conduct of Mr. Shirly, the master, and Mr. Archer, the fourth lieutenant, who acted their part near my person on the quarter deck, and who are also deserving of notice; but for the honour of our nation, I must declare that it is impossible for officers and men in any service to have behaved better than my people did generally on this occasion; it must therefore not be understood, because I have mentioned the names of a few of the principal gentlemen, that those of an inferior grade in their stations are less deserving; on the contrary, to the latter I always feel myself most indebted for their exertions in the hour of battle, as they have generally much less at stake, than those in higher stations, and consequently less inducement to display their valour."

NOTICE is hereby given to the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, that they be and appear before the Levy Court, in the city of Annapolis, at the house of Mr. James West, on Friday the 12th of April next, to settle their accounts for the collection of the said tax.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Clk.

March 19, 1799.

By his EXCELENCY:
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears by the deposition of William Crofton and representation of Henry Hall Dorsey, Esquire, of Anne-Arundel county, that a certain John Tuft, of the said county, on the second day of January last, beat, in a cruel manner, the said William Crofton, and that the said Tuft still threatens the aforesaid Crofton, and refuses to be taken by the officers of government, or to submit to the laws, so that the said Crofton is duly in danger of his life; and whereas it is obviously the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be against the commission of such enormities, and to bring such offenders against the laws and peace of society to justice, I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice of the council, to issue this my proclamation, authorizing and enjoining all sheriffs, and other officers of the peace, to apprehend and convey before some one of the judges or justices within this state the said John Tuft, in order that he may be dealt with according to law; and I do hereby exhort and require the good people of this state to be aiding and assisting the said officers in the execution of their duty.

Given in Council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this eleventh day of March, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Governor and Council.

In COUNCIL, March 11, 1799.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published every day for the space of six weeks in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, and the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE uncommon severity of the weather having interrupted the sales of the PERSONAL PROPERTY, belonging to the estate of the late RICHARD SPRIGG, Esq; at West river, and at Spriggin's Point; what remains unfold will be exposed to PUBLIC VENDUE, for CASH, at West river, on Thursday the 28th instant, at fair, if not the first fair day, consisting, among other things, of some very valuable stock, such as work oxen, steers, and horses—all the household linen, and articles of furniture of various kinds—plantation tools and utensils, two old coaches, one wanting but little repair, an old chariot, several old carriages—Timber wheels, one of them of the largest and most valuable kind—six of the largest timber-chains and gin blocks—an excellent money chest of wrought iron, a full of 40 gallons but little used, and its worm and tub—a very large quantity of seasoned ship timber and plank, lying on the shore ready for transportation—Also will be offered for sale, the sloop Julia, formerly the Cool and Easy, a packet out of Annapolis, to the eastern shore, bought for £1 mould, entirely rebuilt with new timbers and plank, except her bottom plank (adjudged good) and raised so as to carry 900 bushels of grain, or nine cords of wood, she sails as fast and draws as little water for her size as any craft on Chesapeake waters, she will want most of her rigging new.

JOHN F. MERCER.

West river, March 15, 1799.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends moving to Baltimore the first of May next, and in consequence of which OFFERS, at PUBLIC SALE, for READY CASH, on the third Monday in April next, All his LOTS, with the improvements thereon, situated in Port Tobacco-town, Charles county, which has always rented for one hundred and seventy-seven pounds ten shillings, per year. Also three lots, lying and being on the Point, in said town, with one small house on them, which has rented for thirty-five pounds per year, but at this time I have negroes living in the house; the first three lots all front the court house. Also several likely country born negroes, consisting of women, men, girls and boys, which have no claim to freedom, a few work steers, and cart, several good horses, riding carriage, and all kinds of household furniture, &c. &c. The sale to be commenced at one o'clock precisely, and continue till all is sold. Those that have claims against the subscriber will attend the sale, also those who are indebted are requested to make immediate payment, or they will be dealt with as the law directs. I have often advertised my property for sale, but some evil minded persons have been kind enough to prevail on those that would wish to purchase that I did it out of a sham, I do hereby declare that I intend to sell on the day of sale, fetch what it may due to them, secondly, the amount of two thousand dollars, the time of paying judged and ordered a copy of this order three successive weeks before the twentieth instant to his creditors at eleven o'clock, the purpose of re-trustee for their benefit, then and there taking up his property.

CHARLES MANKIN.

WAS found on my shore, at the mouth of Magothy river, the following articles, to wit: a surveyor's compass, quadrant, old spy-glass, a musket, tea-pot, whip, plated mounting, two pipes, and gimblet, with a padlock, all in the trunk of a vessel, also a tow boat, with a bag of turnips in it. The above articles are in my possession, and the owners are requested to comply with the law, and take them away, otherwise they will be given up to the negro that found them.

JOHN GIBSON.

Magothy, March 19, 1799.

Atten

HAVING undertaken for the year given, that, for the convenience of the following ploughing, when and where I request to be fixed upon, the following ploughing, At Tracy's Landing on Friday the 2d, At Pig Point on Tuesday the 6th, At Mrs. Rawling's tavern on Wednesday the 7th, At Mr. John Dent's tavern on Thursday the 8th, At Mr. Joseph Holland's on Friday the 9th, At Mr. Basil Green's store on Saturday the 10th, At Mr. Smith's, Poplar Street, on Sunday the 11th, At Mr. Peter Littig's tavern on Monday the 12th, At Mr. John Talbot's tavern on Tuesday the 13th, At Mr. W. Spurrier's tavern on Wednesday the 14th, At Mr. L. Shipley's, Elk Mills, on Thursday the 15th, At Mr. Steeple's tavern on Friday the 16th, And at Hope Mills, on Saturday the 17th, I hope it will not be necessary for me to ride a few miles, but I will either attend and pass by a neighbour; those failing on before I leave the next day, declare, my first visit, a court, shall be the last.

As I intend to make the best of myself, it will not be necessary to call upon individuals, out of the question. I shall and those having but little to do with me, on that head, for make the principal part known, the taxes must be paid promptly, it will be as well as to the public; at an early day require that I shall within the time prescribed thought proper to give generally should be early to act uniformly by this time is not paid, to any exception whatever.

W. ALEXANDER.

As my business will absence from town, a few days, I may wish to pay their debts before request them to call who will be so obliging.

my absence, and give me

JUST P.

And to be sold at a price, One

The

MAR

Passed November

N C

IS hereby given to LACKLAND, county, that the subscriber of April next, at the city of Annapolis, to deceased; the credit attend to their debts, so far as assets able to law.

GEORGE V.

ANNE HIG.

Administrator.

In CHANCERY

ON application of Richard F., writing, of Montgomery county, for the relief of sundry debtors, on the schedule of his property, far as he can ascertain, to his petition, having been filed, by competent it, and at the time citizen of the United States, the said Richard F., his petition, having assent in writing of re-trustee for their benefit, due to them, secondly, the amount of two thousand dollars, the time of paying judged and ordered a copy of this order three successive weeks before the twentieth instant to his creditors at eleven o'clock, the purpose of re-trustee for their benefit, then and there taking up his property.

Tent. SAM

Attention!

HAVING undertaken the collection of the county assessment for the year 1798, notice is hereby given, that, for the convenience of the people, I have fixed upon the following places and times of meeting, when and where I request they will be pleased to meet me, prepared to pay their respective accounts, viz.

At Tracy's Landing on Friday, May 17th.

At Pig Point on Tuesday 21st.

At Mrs. Rawlings's tavern on Friday 24th.

At Mr. John Dent's tavern on Monday 27th.

At Mr. Joseph Holland's tavern on Friday 30th.

At Mr. Basil Green's store on Monday, June 3d.

At Mr. Smith's, Poplar Spring, on Thursday 6th.

At Mr. Peter Littig's tavern, new road, on Monday 10th.

At Mr. John Talbot's tavern on Thursday 13th.

At Mr. W. Spurrier's tavern on Monday 17th.

At Mr. L. Shipley's, Elk Ridge Landing, on Thursday 20th.

At Mr. Steeple's tavern, lower ferry, on Monday 24th.

And at Hope Mills, on Magothy, on Thursday 27th.

I hope it will not be thought a hardship by any one to ride a few miles, but that every man in the county will either attend and pay his tax, or send the money by a neighbour; those failing to do so, must be waited on before I leave the neighbourhood, and I positively declare, my first visit, after having delivered the accounts, shall be the last.

As I intend to make the whole collection of the county myself, it will not be in my power to make repeated calls upon individuals, therefore indulgence is totally out of the question. I shall not spare the most opulent, and those having but little to pay need not expect favour on that head, for the aggregate of small sums make the principal part of the levy. Every man knows the taxes must be paid, and if discharged promptly, it will be as well a benefit to the individuals as to the public; at any rate, both my interest and duty require that I should complete the collection within the time prescribed by law. I have therefore thought proper to give this notice, that the people generally should be early apprised of my determination to act uniformly by this plain rule, where the assessment is not paid, to execute immediately, without any exception whatever.

W. ALEXANDER, Col. A. A. county.

As my business will necessarily often occasion my absence from town, and knowing that many persons may wish to pay their accounts in Annapolis, I therefore request them to call upon James Mackubin, Esq; who will be so obliging to receive money for me in my absence, and give receipts for the same.

W. A.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

The LAWS OF MARYLAND, Passed November Session, 1798.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to the creditors of Mr. JOSHUA LACKLAND, deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, that the subscribers will attend, on the first day of April next, at Mr. JAMES WEST's tavern, in the city of Annapolis, to receive all claims against the said deceased; the creditors are requested on that day to attend with their claims, properly authenticated, at which time the subscribers will discharge the said debts, so far as assets have come to their hands, agreeably to law.

GEORGE WASHINGTON HIGGINS,
ANNE HIGGINS,
Administrators.

In CHANCERY, March 15, 1799.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of RICHARD FOREST, of Montgomery county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, as far as he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor is satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Forrest is, and at the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this State, and the said Richard Forrest, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the affidavit in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is therefore adjudged and ordered, that the said Forrest, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette, before the twentieth day of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery office, at eleven o'clock, on the third day of May next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Richard Forrest's behalf and there taking the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, March 14, 1799.

George Cato
against
James Parsons, Clement
Parsons, James Mol-
lehan, and Mary his
wife, Edward Fen-
wick, and others.

THE object of the bill is to obtain a decree for the redemption by the complainant of a tract of land in Charles county, heretofore, viz. June 12th, 1760, mortgaged, with other land, by Robert Cato, father of the complainant, to Edward Cole, and after a variety of mesne conveyances and devises, devised by Clement Parsons to the aforesaid defendant, James Parsons, Clement Parsons, and Mary Mollehan, and to Joseph Parsons and John Parsons, two other defendants; the bill states the several mesne conveyances and devises, and states further, that after the death of Edward Cole the land descended to James Cole, who devised it to James and Edward Fenwick, whose father, Ignatius Cole, without title, conveyed it to Ignatius Greenwell, under whom the before mentioned defendants claim; that the mortgage money has been fully paid, and the complainant, by his petition this day filed, alleges, that since the filing of his bill the aforesaid defendants, James and Clement Parsons, and James and Mary Mollehan, and Edward Fenwick, have removed out of the state, and now reside in other states; it is therefore, on his motion, adjudged and ordered, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted three times successively in the Maryland Gazette before the 12th day of April next, to the intent that the nonresident defendants may each have notice of his application to this court, and of the substance and object of his bill, and may be warned to appear here in person, or by solicitor, on or before the second Tuesday in August next, to shew cause wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, March 18, 1799.

JAMES A. CORRY, an insolvent debtor, of Charles county, makes application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is satisfied, partly by testimony, and partly from his own knowledge, that he is at this time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this state, and of the United States; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the tenth day of October next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three times before the tenth day of April next, in the Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said tenth day of October, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a bar and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tatterfall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beaten. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the dam of Mr. Shastoe's Hunter Omnia, Herald, and Miss Barlow, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowley, Torismond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnia Filly, by Cade, the dam of Prioten and Villager, all capital runners, his great-great-grand-dam by Matchless, great-great-great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Gras will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the rev. WALTER HANSON HARRISON, of Charles county, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make speedy payment, to

WILLIAM G. ADAMS, Executor.

Nanjemoy, Charles county.

A LL persons are forewarned from trusting or crediting any one on account of the subscriber without a line from

JOHN HESSELIUS.

Primrose-Hill, near Annapolis.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of TOM TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiskers, flammes very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off sometime in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

Will be SOLD, for CASH, on the second day of April, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the late plantation of NICHOLAS BREWER, deceased, near the head of Marley Creek, in Anne-Arundel county.

THE following property, viz. One horse, six head of cattle, four sheep, some hogs, a battery, two beds, household furniture, plantation utensils, and many other things too tedious to mention.

NICHOLAS JOYCE.

March 12, 1799.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

R AN away from the subscriber, on the 6th instant, a negro JEM, 22 years of age, about 5 feet 3 inches high, well made, and of a black complexion, has a lively countenance when in a good humour, but very stern when affronted, has rather a low forehead, thick lips, is a little knock-kneed, and walks with his toes much out; had on and took with him a felt hat, about half worn, an old blue cloth coat, drab coloured cloth jacket, with sleeves, in which, since made up, he has cut pockets, and sewed the binding on awkwardly, which renders it remarkable, white cotton breeches, mixed yarn stockings, country knit, common negro shoes, much worn, with a small cap on the toe of each. Any person securing the said fellow in any gaol, and giving me notice thereof, shall be entitled to FIFTEEN DOLLARS, or the above reward if brought home, with all reasonable charges.

FRANCIS HAMILTON,
Near Upper-Marlborough,
Prince-George's county.

February 20, 1799.

TAKEN up as a stray by the subscriber, living in Prince George's county, near the city of Washington, a brown HORSE, about thirteen hands high, has four white feet, a blaze in his forehead, a small spot on his nose, a full switch tail, shod all round, and appears to be about ten years old, no perceptible artificial marks. The owner is requested to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

RICHARD SPALDING.

February 8, 1799.

I DO hereby make known to all those it may any way interest, that I have this day, as agent for FINDLAY, HOPKIRKS, and Co. of the city of Glasgow, merchants, appointed Mr. FRANCIS B. FRANKLIN, jun. of Charles county, to recover, by every means in his power, and with the utmost expedition, all monies, or other effects, due to the said company, at their late stores at Port-Tobacco and Leonardtown, heretofore under the management of Mr. Matthew Blair.

GAB. WOOD.

Port-Tobacco, February 1, 1799.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; & also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, about November last, a black and white COW, about seven or eight years old, an under cut in the right ear, and a slit in the left, is remarkable on account of her horns, as they have grown like those of a sheep. The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

NATHAN VENNUMS.

Anne-Arundel county, January 26, 1799.

BACON'S LAWS

For SALE.

A FEW copies of Bacon's Abridgement of the laws of Maryland may be had at this office.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, the real estate of FRANK LEEKE, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, as follows:

ON Saturday, the 16th of March, at 3 o'clock, at the house of Mr. Greenwell, in Upper-Marlborough, that valuable piece of ground adjoining the said town, purchased by the said Frank Leeke of Daniel Carroll, on which there is a valuable mill, with suitable buildings, &c. the quantity of the said land is supposed to be about thirty acres, and the greater part is valuable meadow ground, well improved, on which a considerable quantity of hay has been annually made. The said land will be sold by the acre, on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with security for the purchase money.

Aud, on Tuesday the 2d of April, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, in Upper-Marlborough, the late dwelling house of the said Frank Leeke, viz. a large brick house, with a passage and four rooms below, a store house, kitchen, smoke house, dairy, stables, &c. sufficient for the accommodation of a large family; there is belonging to the lot on which the said house stands a large garden and yard, and adjoining thereto a valuable piece of land for pasture, &c. containing about ten acres, which will be sold with the house.

Also a framed dwelling house, with two rooms below, with a small piece of ground adjoining, on the street leading up to the court-house.

Also a valuable piece of meadow ground adjoining the wharf, and lying on the creek leading to Upper-Marlborough, supposed to contain about seven acres, to be sold by the acre. The said property to be sold on the same terms as are above mentioned, and the subscriber is empowered, on either of the said days, to dispose of the said property by contract, publicly made, instead of putting it up at auction.

And upon the approbation, confirmation and ratification, by the chancellor of the sale, and upon the receipt of the whole purchase money (and not before) the subscriber, as trustee, will convey to the purchasers respectively the right which the said Frank Leeke had in the said property, and which descended to his heir. The creditors of the said Frank Leeke who have not yet exhibited their claims, are desired to bring the same, with the vouchers thereof, into the chancery court within three months from the said 2d day of April.

WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee.

March 4, 1799.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the first Monday in April next, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber, on West river, Anne-Arundel county, if fair, if not the first fair day ensuing.

SIXTEEN NEGROES, consisting of men, women and children, also fifteen head of cattle, and twelve head of sheep; likewise a few articles of household furniture, and farming utensils. Purchasers to any amount, not exceeding ten pounds, to pay cash, above that sum to give bond, with approved security, payable in twelve months.

March 4, 1799.

ANNE CHESTON.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS,

March 5, 1799.

THE officers commanding companies in the 22d regiment are requested, agreeably to the supplement to the militia law, to make out a list in writing of all the privates and non-commisioned officers of their respective companies, on or before the first of April next, noting in the same the age of every person, and a copy thereof, when so made out, to return immediately to

JOHN GASSAWAY, Lieut. Col.

IN CHANCERY, February 28, 1799.

James M. Lingan against Abraham Faw and John Calboun. THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in a tract of land, lying in Montgomery county, called The Two Days Ramble, for which the defendant, John Calboun, gave his bond of conveyance to the defendant, Abraham Faw, dated the 1st day of February, 1790, and which was by him assigned to the complainant; the bill states, that both the defendants reside out of the state; it is therefore, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 23d day of March next, to the intent that the said absent defendants may have notice of the present application, and the object of the bill filed, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 23d day of July next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expence of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

PHILIP B. KEY.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

In CHANCERY, March 5, 1799.

WILLIAM C. BITHRAY, an insolvent debtor of the city of Annapolis, makes application, as a trader, by petition to the chancellor in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is satisfied, by competent testimony, that he is at this time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this state, and of the United States; it is whereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the first day of October next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, before the end of this month, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said first day of October, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next county court, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called Harborough, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, agreeably to an act of assembly for that purpose.

JAMES G. HOWARD.

February 16, 1799.

WAS committed to my custody, on the 8th instant, a negro man who calls himself BILL, and then said he belonged to JOHN CROMPTON, of St. Mary's county, Maryland, since which acknowledges his right master is GEORGE HILL, living on the South Branch, Virginia, and was sold to him by MATTHEW CROMPTON; he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, strait made, with a small scar over his right eye; his cloathing is an old hat, an old pair of gray trousers, old osnabrig shirt, and a clouded nankeen jacket, much worn. His master is desired to come and take him away, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences according to law.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

February 16, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against THOMAS GOOD, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to appear at the dwelling house of the subscriber, near the Cool Springs, in the county aforesaid, on Thursday the twenty-first day of March next, and to exhibit their accounts against said deceased, legally authenticated, that they may receive their proportion of the assets in the hands of the subscriber, and all those indebted to the said deceased are requested to make immediate payment, to

GLADDEN HUNT, Administrator.

Charles county, February 18, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons that hath any claims or demands against the estate of MR. THOMAS COALE, late of Anne-Arundel county, that they bring them in, properly authenticated, on or by the tenth day of April next, to receive a dividend of the personal estate, if necessary.

SARAH COALE, Surviving executrix.

Elk-Ridge, February 14, 1799.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or

WILLIAM STEUART OF Mount Steuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for apprehending the following negroes, and securing them in gaol, so that I may get them, WILL, about sixty years of age, of a dark complexion, and five feet ten or eleven inches high. TOM, about thirty-six or seven years of age, a dark mulatto, about six feet high, and well proportioned, and BETTY, a likely dark mulatto girl, about seventeen years of age; the last two call themselves THOMAS, and all of them have been frequently seen in Annapolis, where I have reasons to suppose they now are. The above reward shall be paid for apprehending the said negroes, or ten dollars for either of them, and reasonable charges if brought home. All persons are forewarned from harbouring them at their peril.

JAMES MORRISS.

Charles county, September 25, 1798.

AN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waist-coat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new small round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the gaol of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

September 10, 1798.

AN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do anything about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on the 14th instant, a dark mulatto girl, by name SABINAH, about 17 or 18 years of age 5 feet high, who says she is the property of GERARD B. CAUSIN, Esq; and was hired this present year to a WILLIAM GATES, of this county. The owner is desired to pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold agreeably to law for her prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

January 22, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody the 17th instant, a negro man by the name of CHARLES, who says he is a free man, and was set free by JOHN TALBOT, of Frederick county, he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 40 years of age, and well made, and says that he was born in Barbadoes, talks in the Guinea language, and marked on the right temple in the Guinea manner, and has lost his two lower front teeth; his cloathing is an old hat, short brown jacket with large brass buttons, purple breeches, coarse stockings, and old slippers. His master is desired to come and take him away two in months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne Arundel county.

January 29, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of THOMAS GASSAWAY, or Mrs. ELIZABETH GASSAWAY, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to make them known, legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make payment without delay, to

GODFREY DUVAL, Administrator de bonis non of THOMAS GASSAWAY, and administrator of ELIZABETH GASSAWAY.

January 29, 1799.

ON the 30th of January last was committed to my custody, as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself NACEY, and says he is the property of Benjamin Mackall, of Montgomery county; the aforesaid negro is about five feet eight or nine inches high, well made, his cloathing is an old blue cloth jacket, gray trousers, and yarn stockings. His master is requested to come and pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold agreeable to law, for his prison fees.

RICHARD IRELAND, Jun. Sheriff of Calvert county.

February 14, 1799.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOSHUA FRAZIER, late of the city of Baltimore deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those to whom the said estate may be indebted are desired to bring in their respective claims, legally authenticated, to

RICHARD FRAZIER, Executor of JOSHUA FRAZIER.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing about one hundred sixty-one and a half acres.

WILLIAM WALKER.

Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

I WILL SELL, on moderate terms, several small tracts of LAND, within two miles of the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to

JOHN HESSELius.

Primrose Hill, November 10, 1798.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis ORDERED, That the act pal certain parts of the constitution of this state as are to alter, abolish and re-constitute and form of government herein mentioned, be week, for the term of three months, in the Gazette, at Annapolis, the F. Herald, at Easton, and in Gre- at George-town.

By order, NINIAH of the

An ACT to alter, abolish and re-constitute and form of go- therin mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding place in each county with great inconvenience to said place, and operates to the intent to suffrage from the electors of the senate, and ties, shall be divided as it is desirable that the full people should be represented in the functionaries of government.

II. Be it enacted, by the land. That the several counties for the purpose of holding all future elections of the senate, and ties, shall be divided into smaller districts, Calvert shall be laid off into three separate districts, Talbot shall be divided and laid off into two districts, Somers and laid off into three districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Talbot county shall be divided into two districts, Harford county into five separate districts, divided and laid off into four districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Talbot county shall 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Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into five districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1799.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.
 ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and the Herald, at Easton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,
 NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
 of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. And be it enacted, That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. And be it enacted, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. And be it enacted, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections, in the city of Baltimore, all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, as also every part of the said constitution and form of government which relate to the judges, place, time and manner, of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. And be it enacted, That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written evidence to be an affidavit of property to that amount, which affidavit may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such affidavit, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. And be it enacted, That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government;

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several counties of this state, for the

purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

And be it enacted, That the governor and council shall appoint eleven justices of the peace as justices of the levy court for Baltimore county, four of whom shall be resident in the city of Baltimore, and the remaining seven resident in the county, any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That the justices of the levy courts aforesaid, or a majority of them, shall be and are hereby invested with all powers which the justices of the peace of said counties have had at their respective meetings as levy courts of their said counties.

And be it enacted, That no member of the general assembly, or commissioner of the tax, shall be appointed under this act.

And be it enacted, That each of the justices of the levy courts aforesaid shall have and receive, as a compensation for his services, the sum of two dollars, and no more, for every day he shall attend the duty of his office, the said allowance to be ascertained and levied as other county charges.

And be it enacted, That no justice of the peace of any of the several counties of this state, other than those justices appointed and commissioned by virtue of this act, shall have or exercise any of the powers given to the justices of the levy courts to be appointed and commissioned in virtue of this act, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

This act to continue and be in force until the twentieth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and one, and until the end of the next session of assembly that shall happen thereafter.

An ACT to repeal part of an act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state.

WHEREAS by an act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state, passed at this present session of assembly, it is enacted, that no member of the general assembly, nor commissioner of the tax, shall be appointed a justice of the levy court under said act, be and the same is hereby repealed and made void and of no effect, any thing in the said act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That so much of the said act as provides that no member of the general assembly, or commissioner of the tax, shall be appointed a justice of the levy court under said act, be and the same is hereby repealed and made void and of no effect, any thing in the said act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the direction of sheriffs and coroners in the return of jurors, and for the better regulation of juries.

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That the general court, and every county court, shall at all times have power to direct talem to be summoned to serve on juries, where, without such talem, there would not be twenty of the original panel exclusive of the jury charged, from whom a jury can be formed, and if the parties, or their counsel, agree, the drawing of a panel of twenty jurors in any cause may be dispensed with.

To THE VOTERS OF PRINCE-GEORE'S COUNTY.

I AM solicited by my friends to offer myself as a candidate at your next election, and at the particular request of some of the leading characters on Patowmack I now take my pen to address you on that head. It has been said in our county that I am not a decided character, you know my heart too well for me to dwell on that subject—true, I never was of any party in my life; I trust I never shall. I admit our constitution as one of the best in the world, and I hope I ever shall be watchful of the rights and liberties of our citizens—if you think me a character worthy of your confidence I shall humbly thank you for your votes—Should I be elected I pledge my honour honorably shall be my motto, sincerity my creed. Give me leave to subscribe myself

Your humble servant,
 R. A. CONTEE.
 Bladensburg, December 5, 1798.

L O N D O N, December 26.

U N I O N O F I R E A N D .

On Tuesday last a very numerous and respectable assembly of the bankers and merchants of Dublin met on the subject of an union, when the right hon. the lord mayor being called to the chair, the following resolution, moved by the right hon. D. Latouche, and seconded by Mr. John Claudio Beresford, were unanimously agreed to:

"Resolved, That since the renunciation of the power of Great Britain, in the year 1782, to legislate for Ireland, the commerce and pottery of this kingdom have eminently increased."

"Resolved, That we attribute these blessings, under Providence, and the gracious favour of our beloved sovereign, to the wisdom of the Irish parliament.

"Resolved, That we look with abhorrence on any attempt to deprive the people of Ireland of their parliament, and thereby of their constitutional rights and immediate power to legislate for themselves."

"Resolved, That impelled with every sentiment of loyalty to our king, and affectionate attachment to British connexion, we conceive, that to agitate in the parliament a question of the legislative union between this kingdom and Great-Britain, would be highly dangerous and impolitic."

The corporation of smiths held a meeting at their hall on Thursday last, to take into consideration, the measure of an union, when resolutions, highly disapproving of the measure, were agreed to without a dissenting voice.

At a meeting of the corporation of carpenters, held last week, similar resolutions were agreed to.

K I N G S T O N, (Jamaica) February 22.

A letter of a recent date from Barbadoes, mentions that a considerable number of troops have been sent from France to Cayenne, with some views, it is supposed, against Demarara; but in order to defeat their purpose, a detachment of 300 men has been sent from Barbadoes, to reinforce that settlement. The same letter mentions that two French 44 gun ships, and twelve stout privateers, have arrived at Guadaloupe from France. On their passage they captured an English ship, which was re-taken, and sent to Martinique.

Since the departure of Victor Hugues for France, admiral Harvey, has sent a cartel with a number of negroes on board that have been taken from slaves by him, to serve on board his privateers. The new governor of Guadaloupe has, on the receipt of them, sent them back to the properties they belong to, and assured admiral Harvey, that such descriptions of people would never be employed in the like manner in future.

Tuesday arrived at Port-Royal the American brig William, from Boston, bound to Port Antonio with lumber. She had been taken by a French privateer, and retaken by his majesty's ship Lark off St. Jago de Cuba.

We understand that a letter received from a mercantile house in London, dated 28th November last, brought by the Prince Royal packet to Barbadoes, and forwarded here by the fleet, mentions, that the treaty executed by general Toussaint, and carried home by general Maitland, has been ratified by his majesty in council: The treaty stipulates that Great-Britain is to employ a certain number of frigates to protect the coast and neutrality of St. Domingo, but not to hold any landing on shore, except as a trading nation: In return we are to have a free trade to all parts of St. Domingo, and the produce of that island to be received in all parts of the British dominions.

N E W - Y O R K, March 19.

By the brig Quebec, capt. Chester, who left Martinique the 1st instant, we learn, that the frigate United States, commodore Barry, had arrived there on the 28th ultimo, with an English ship from Europe, which she had recaptured from a French privateer. The English ship had just been taken by the French privateer, after a severe action; and was left in such a state of confusion, that the killed and wounded remained on deck till after her arrival at Martinique. This we have from one of the hands—not being able to see the captain.

We have seen a letter from Martinique which confirms the above capture.

Another letter of the same date mentions, that commodore Barry had brought in both the prize and privateer.

Yesterday two companies of federal troops marched from our fortifications, for the purpose of being in readiness to aid in quelling the insurrection in the counties of Northampton, Montgomery, and Bucks, in the state of Pennsylvania. We are informed there are now under marching orders 400 federal troops, who are to rendezvous at Bristol, to co-operate with the militia of Pennsylvania—all to be commanded by William Macpherson, Esquire, who is appointed brigadier-general of the army of the United States.

T R E N T O N, March 19.

We learn that 2000 militia have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to march against the insurgents of Pennsylvania—Should these daring and wicked violators of their country's laws not speedily abandon their criminal and unjustifiable proceedings, agreeable to the president's friendly admonition, it is to be hoped that the principal instigators will shortly meet with a just reward for their villainy.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, March 18.

Letters have been received in this city from Hamburg, of date the 12th of January—which contain

particulars of a very interesting nature concerning the grand expedition under Buonaparte, who, it appears, had in November complete and undisturbed possession of Egypt and Syria. That the organization of the new departmental and municipal system had been completed throughout Egypt, and that a numerous body of Arabian cavalry had been formed under the command of French officers, that several caravans had been under the escort of these new raised corps, and conducted without molestation across the desert. That the communication with Persia had been opened, and two Waseels had arrived at Cairo from the sultan of Mysore. That war had commenced in India between the natives and the British, and that French officers had been sent to Kandahar and the countries bordering on the Caspian sea to lead a vast army into Hindostan.

March 21.

Yesterday Herman Hartman, Adam Stephan and Henry Shankweiler, of Millerstown, Northampton county, arrived in town and delivered themselves up to the marshal, who conducted them to judge Peters, before whom they entered into recognizances for their appearance at the next circuit court of the United States. These men were amongst the most violent opposers of the laws in Northampton county; and we are informed that others of the principal rioters are on their way to this city, for the purpose of making the like submission.

Mellis Hartzell, Horn and Kern, members of the legislature, arrived in town yesterday from Northampton. The report of these gentlemen confirms our account in yesterday's paper, respecting the situation of affairs in that quarter. The preparations for enforcing obedience to the constituted authorities, are supposed to have brought those deluded people to a sense of the dangerous situation in which their intemperate proceedings have placed them.

W A R D E P A R T M E N T,

March 20th, 1799.

SIR,

To suppress the insurrection now existing in the counties of Northampton, Bucks, and Montgomery, in the state of Pennsylvania, in opposition to the laws of the United States, the president has thought it necessary to employ a military force, to be composed in part of such of the militia of Pennsylvania, whose situation and state of preparation will enable them to march with promptitude. The corps of militia first defined on this occasion are the troops of cavalry belonging to this city, and one troop from each of the counties of Philadelphia, Bucks, Chester, Montgomery, and Lancaster; these troops I have the honour to request your excellency will order to hold themselves in readiness to march on or before the 28th instant, under the command of brigadier-general Macpherson.

I have the honour to be,
With the greatest respect,
Your excellency's most obedient
and humble servant,

JAMES M'HENRY.

His excellency
Governor Thos. Mifflin.

SIR,

The secretary of war has this moment communicated to me, the president's intention to employ a military force, in suppressing the insurrection now existing in the counties of Northampton, Bucks and Montgomery, with a request that the troops of cavalry belonging to this city, and a troop from each of the counties of Philadelphia, Bucks, Chester, Montgomery and Lancaster, may be ordered to hold themselves in readiness to march, on or before, the 28th instant, under the command of brigadier-general Macpherson.

You will, therefore, immediately issue general orders for complying with the president's request; and communicate by express, with the commanding officers of the several corps. As soon as the troops are ready to march, you will make your report to me; sending the returns of the officers, from time to time, as you receive them.

I am, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
THOMAS MIFFLIN.

Philadelphia, 20th March, 1799.

3 o'clock, P. M.

To Peter Baynton, Esq; adjutant-general of the militia of Pennsylvania.

G E N E R A L O R D E R S.

Philadelphia, March 20, 1799.

The following corps of cavalry are to hold themselves in readiness to march on or before the 28th instant:

Captain Dunlap's, Captain Singer's, Captain Morell's, Captain Leiper's, Of the city of Philadelphia.
Captain Lester's, of the county of Philadelphia.
Captain Sims's, of the county of Bucks.
Captain Taylor's, of the county of Chester.

Captain Montgomery's, of the county of Lancaster.
Captain Kennedy's, of the county of Montgomery.

The officers commanding the above corps of cavalry will make report to the adjutant-general as soon as their respective corps are in readiness to march.

By order of the commander in chief,

PETER BAYNTON,
Adjutant-general of the militia of Pennsylvania.

C H A R L E S T O N, February 25.

The brig Two Brothers, of Altona, captain Schow, from Lisbon, which place he left on the 11th

of November, on her passage, in lat. 37° long. 59°, met with a severe gale of wind, which carried away both masts, the rudder, two men, and every thing upon deck. The crew were then unable to guide the vessel and she drifted at the mercy of the waves into the latitude of the West-Indies. On the 25th of January, one of the people died with hunger, and it was agreed by the crew on board to cut him into pieces and eat him, when fortunately, on the 26th fell in with the schooner Aurora, captain Cowles, of Boston, bound to Charleston, from Demarara, which supplied them with provisions and necessities, and took the vessel in tow to the edge of the gulph, where the cable broke in the night, when the vessel drifted again, until she fell in with a coaster from Charleston to Georgetown, commanded by captain Harrison, who politely supplied the people on board with water, and piloted the vessel into Bull's Bay. The crew were without water seven days, and for six days only of a cat, and some rats.

N O T I C E is hereby given,

T H A T the subscriber (from having experienced great depredations upon his property) will prosecute any person who shall hereafter trespass or travel through his plantations on Frankland and Warburton Manor, either on foot, or driving of carts and wagons, otherwise than for the purpose of getting fish, during the shad and herring season, on his different fish landings upon Warburton Manor, on Patowmack river and Piscataway creek; and he will also prosecute any person or persons who shall attempt to hale the fish at his landings above the tide mark after the 25th March next.

THOMAS ATTWOOD DIGGES.

N. B. The subscriber has to let out, for the fishing season, four fish landings, viz. the Swan Creek Landing, the Point or Digges's Landing, and the Cliff and Old Piscataway Landings, which are inferior to very few for the take of shad and herring.

Warburton, February 15, 1799.

In CHANCERY, March 25th, 1799.

O RDERED, That the sales made by HENRY HOWARD, Trustee, as stated in his report, of certain mortgaged land of MICHAEL BEACHOOD, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn, on or before the 29th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the next Maryland Gazette.

The said sale was of 58 acres, 3 rood and 21 perches, at the rate of 50s per acre.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, March 27, 1799.

O N application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of THOMAS GASSAWAY, of Allegany county, praying the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Thomas Gassaway is, and at the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this state, and the said Gassaway, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor, the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is therefore adjudged and ordered, that the said Thomas Gassaway, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each week, of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette before the last day of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear at the chancery office at eleven o'clock, on the eighth day of May next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Gassaway's then and there taking the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

N O T I C E is hereby given to the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, that they be and appear before the Levy Court, in the city of Annapolis, at the house of Mr. James West, on Friday the 12th of April next, to settle their accounts for the collection of the said tax.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Clerk.

March 19, 1799.

Will be SOLD, for CASH, on the second day of April, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the late plantation of NICHOLAS BREWER, deceased, near the head of Marley Creek, in Anne-Arundel county.

T HE following property, viz. One horse, six head of cattle, four sheep, some hogs, a bullock, two beds, household furniture, plantation utensils, and many other things too tedious to mention.

NICHOLAS JOYCE.

March 12, 1799.

A LL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator with the will annexed.

T H A T agreeably to the county chargers this day made a return of ground, in said county charges due thereon lands and lots of ground colts thereon, will be sold

Part of Bakers Addition
Part of Gibb's Folly, P
Batt's Neck, Pytherston
Lots in Elk Ridge Lan
Lots in ditto
Lots in ditto
Part of Thomas's Lot
Part of Half Pone
Andover and part Walk
Land, name unknown
Jones, Dan, and lots a
Birkhead's Adventure
Hartion's Enlargement
Addition to Saint Jerome
Taylor's Settlement
Part of Worthington's
Part of Worthington's
Taibot's Adventure, C
tune, Prudence, C
Reputation Supported
Part of Duval's and p
Moore's New Market
Part of Hammond's F
Part of Abington, I
Hereford
Part of Worthington's
Part of Brookby's Po
Pinkstone's Fancy, I
Ridgely's Chance
Part Snowden's Reput
Parishes Chance and C

March 26, 1799.

By virtue of a decree of the subscriber will SELL real estate of F

George's county, O N Saturday the 26th of April next, at the house of Daniel Carroll, on the premises, with suitable buildings, land supposed to be greater part is value proved, on which a

been annually made the acre, on a credit giving bond with sec

And, on Tuesday the 27th of April next, in the house of the said Francis with a passage and kitchen, smoke house for the accommodation belonging to the lot large garden and yardable piece of land ten acres, which wi

Also a framed dw low, with a small p street leading up to

Also a valuable p the wharf, and lying Marbury, supposed to be sold by the act on the same terms subscriber is emplo to dispose of the same made, instead of put

And upon the application, by the collector, of the whole of the subscriber, as executors respectively, Lette had in the fa to his heir. The who have not yet to bring the same, chancery court will be held on the 26th day of April.

March 4, 1799.

To be SOL

A FAMILY his wife, and four girls, the youngest twelve months old, a good gardener, a all work; honest and sober, town, and the relation children sold, or only reason of their master, in the con gatherer, and many eight years of age.

Annapolis, O

TAKE NOTICE

THAT agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1797, for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this State, the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county have this day made a return to the commissioners of the tax of said county of the following list of lands, and lots of ground, in said county, wherein no personal property can be found to pay the tax, and that unless the county charges due thereon are paid within the space of thirty days after the publication of this notice, the said lands and lots of ground, or such parts or parcels thereof as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes due, and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, as the law directs.

Names of Land,	Amt. Tax.	Names of Persons.
Part of Bakers Addition	0 10 7	Nazman Williams.
Part of Gibb's Folly, Pound and Bear Neck	2 6 2	George Wells.
Batt's Neck, Pytherston and Homewood's Purchase	7 18 8½	Richard A. Conte.
Lots in Elk Ridge Landing	2 10 7	Edward Spurrier.
Lots in ditto	1 14 6	Dennis Griffith's trustees.
Lots in ditto	1 6 10	Samuel Godman's trustees.
Part of Thomas's Lot	0 5 9	Basil Williams.
Part of Half Pone	0 12 3½	John Barlow.
Andover and part Walker's Inheritance	10 7 5	Thomas Harrison, deceased.
Land, name unknown,	4 7 3	Thomas Dobbins.
Jones, Dan, and lots at Pig Point	9 7 2	Henrietta Walker.
Birkhead's Adventure	1 11	Charles Cowley.
Harrison's Enlargement	3 18 1½	Samuel Lane.
Addition to Saint Jeromes	4 17 6	Francis Worthy.
Taylor's Settlement	25 8 5	Benjamin Galloway.
Part of Worthington's Beginning	6 2 8	Thomas Worthington, of John:
Part of Worthington's Beginning	0 18 6	Joshua Watts.
Taibor's Adventure, part Littleton, Soldier's Fort-	4 14 6	John and Samuel Snowden.
tune, Prudence, Chance, and part of Snowden's		
Reputation Supported		
Part of Duval's and part of Trusty Friend	11 18 6	John Snowden.
Moore's New Market	2 8 11	Mercer Stevens.
Part of Hammond's Forest	0 7 8	Elijah Robeson.
Part of Abbington, Hereford, and the Addition to	6 16 11	William King.
Hereford	2 17 6	Capt. Elie Dorsey.
Part of Worthington's Beginning	1 19 6½	Henry H. Dorsey.
Part of Brookby's Point	1 15 8½	Nicholas Ridgely.
Pinkstone's Fancy, Barber's Addition, and part	1 3 9	Elizabeth Gary.
Ridgely's Chance	3 10 3	Peter Parish.
Part Snowden's Reputation Supported		
Parishes Chance and Clary's Hope		
JOHN BRICE, JAMES DISNEY, WILLIAM HALL, &c. THOMAS WORTHINGTON, of Nich		Commissioners.

March 26, 1799.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, the real estate of FRANK LEEKE, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, as follows:

ON Saturday the 16th of March, at 3 o'clock, at the house of Mr. Greenwell, in Upper-Marlborough, that valuable piece of ground, adjoining the said town, purchased by the said Frank Leeke of Daniel Carroll, on which there is a valuable mill, with suitable buildings, &c. the quantity of the said land is supposed to be about thirty acres, and the greater part is valuable meadow ground, well improved, on which a considerable quantity of hay has been annually made. The said land will be sold by the acre, on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with security for the purchase money.

And, on Tuesday the 2d of April, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, in Upper-Marlborough, the late dwelling house of the said Frank Leeke, viz. a large brick house, with a passage and four rooms below, a store house, kitchen, smoke house, dairy, stables, &c. sufficient for the accommodation of a large family; there is belonging to the lot on which the said house stands a large garden and yard, and adjoining thereto a valuable piece of land for pasture, &c. containing about ten acres, which will be sold with the house.

Also a framed dwelling house, with two rooms below, with a small piece of ground adjoining, on the street leading up to the court-house.

Also a valuable piece of meadow ground adjoining the wharf, and lying on the creek leading to Upper-Marlborough, supposed to contain about seven acres, to be sold by the acre. The said property to be sold on the same terms as are above mentioned, and the subscriber is empowered, on either of the said days, to dispose of the said property by contract, publicly made, instead of putting it up at auction.

And upon the approbation, confirmation and ratification, by the chancellor of the sale, and upon the receipt of the whole purchase money (and not before) the subscriber, as trustee, will convey to the purchasers respectively the right which the said Frank Leeke had in the said property, and which descended to his heir. The creditors of the said Frank Leeke who have not yet exhibited their claims, are desired to bring the same, with the vouchers thereto, into the chancery court within three months from the said 2d day of April.

WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee.

March 4, 1799.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a truly market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expence of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

PHILIP B. KEY.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

By his EXCELLENCY
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire;
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears by the deposition of William Croftman and representation of Henry Hall Dorsey, Esquire, of Anne-Arundel county, that a certain John Tuff, of the said county, on the second day of January last, beat, in a cruel manner, the said William Croftman, and that the said Tuff still threatens the aforesaid Croftman, and refuses to be taken by the officers of government, or to submit to the laws, so that the said Croftman is duly in danger of his life; and whereas it is obviously the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be against the commission of such enormities, and to bring such offenders against the laws and peace of society to justice, I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice of the council, to issue this my proclamation authorising and enjoining all sheriffs, and other officers of the peace, to apprehend and convey before some one of the judges or justices within this state the said John Tuff, in order that he may be dealt with according to law; and I do hereby exhort and require the good people of this state to be aiding and assisting the said officers in the execution of their duty.

Given in Council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this eleventh day of March, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Governor and Council.

In COUNCIL, March 11, 1799.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published every day for the space of six weeks in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, and the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends moving to Baltimore the first of May next, and in consequence of which OFFERS, at PUBLIC SALE, for READY CASH, on the third Monday in April next, All his LOTS; with the improvements thereon, situated in Port-Tobacco-town, Charles county, which has always rented for one hundred and seventy-seven pounds ten shillings, per year. Also three lots, lying and being on the Point, in said town, with one small house on them, which has rented for thirty-five pounds per year, but at this time I have negroes living in the house; the first three lots all front the court house. Also several likely country born negroes, consisting of women, men, girls and boys, which have no claim to freedom, a few work horses, and cart, several good horses, riding carriage, and all kinds of household furniture, &c &c. The sale to be commenced at one o'clock precisely, and continue till all is sold. Those that have claims against the subscriber will attend the sale, also those who are indebted are requested to make immediate payment, or they will be dealt with as the law directs. I have often advertised my property for sale, but some evil minded persons have been kind enough to prevail on those that would wish to purchase that I did it out of a sham, I do hereby declare that I intend to sell on the day of sale, fetch what it may.

CHARLES MANKIN.

WAS found on my shore, at the mouth of Magoghy river, the following articles, to wit: a surveyor's compass, quadrant, old spy-glass, a musket, tea-pot, whip, plated mounting, two pipes, and gimblet, with a padlock, all in the trunk of a vessel, also a tow boat, with a bag of turnips in it. The above articles are in my possession, and the owners are requested to comply with the law, and take them away, otherwise they will be given up to the negro that found them.

JOHN GIBSON.

Magoghy, March 19, 1799.

I WILL SELL, on moderate terms, several small tracts of LAND, within two miles of the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to JOHN HESSELIUS.

Primrose Hill, November 10, 1798.

In CHANCERY, March 5, 1799.

WILLIAM C. BITHRAY, an insolvent debtor of the city of Annapolis, makes application, as a trader, by petition to the chancellor in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is satisfied, by competent testimony, that he is at this time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this state, and of the United States; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the first day of October next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, before the end of this month, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said first day of October, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

GAB. WOOD.
Port-Tobacco, February 1, 1799.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever without leave in writing from himself, or some one of his family; this notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis,
Jane 12, 1798.

Attention!

HAVING undertaken the collection of the county assessment for the year 1798, notice is hereby given, that, for the convenience of the people, I have fixed upon the following places and times of meeting, when and where I request they will be pleased to meet me, prepared to pay their respective accounts, viz.

At Fries's Landing on Friday, May 17th.

At Pig Point on Tuesday 21st.

At Mrs. Rawling's tavern on Friday 24th.

At Mr. John Dent's tavern on Monday 27th.

At Mr. Joseph Holland's tavern on Friday 30th.

At Mr. Basil Green's store on Monday, June 3d.

At Mr. Smith's, Poplar Spring, on Thursday 6th.

At Mr. Peter Littig's tavern, new road, on Monday 9th.

At Mr. John Talbot's tavern on Thursday 13th.

At Mr. W. Spurrier's tavern on Monday 17th.

At Mr. L. Shipley's, Elk Ridge Landing, on Thursday 20th.

At Mr. Steeple's tavern, lower ferry, on Monday 24th.

And at Hope Mills, on Magothy, on Thursday 27th.

I hope it will not be thought a hardship by any one to ride a few miles, but that every man in the county will either attend and pay his tax, or send the money by a neighbour; those failing to do so, must be waited on before I leave the neighbourhood, and I positively declare, my first visit, after having delivered the accounts, shall be the last.

As I intend to make the whole collection of the county myself, it will not be in my power to make repeated calls upon individuals, therefore indulgence is totally out of the question. I shall not spare the most opulent, and those having but little to pay need not expect favour on that head, for the aggregate of small sums make the principal part of the levy. Every man knows the taxes must be paid, and if discharged promptly, it will be as well a benefit to the individuals as to the public; at any rate, both my interest and duty require that I should complete the collection within the time prescribed by law. I have therefore thought proper to give this notice, that the people generally should be early apprised of my determination to act uniformly by this plain rule, where the assessment is not paid, to execute immediately, without any exception whatever.

W ALEXANDER, Col. A. A. county.

As my business will necessarily often occasion my absence from town, and knowing that many persons may wish to pay their accounts in Annapolis, I therefore request them to call upon James Mackubin, Esq; who will be so obliging to receive money for me in my absence, and give receipts for the same.

W. A.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

The LAWS OF MARYLAND, Passed November Session, 1798.

NOTICE

I hereby give to the creditors of Mr. JOSHUA JACKLAND, deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, that the subscribers will attend, on the first day of April next, at Mr. JAMES WEST's tavern, in the city of Annapolis, to receive all claims against the said deceased, the creditors are requested on that day to attend with their claims, properly authenticated, at which time the subscribers will discharge the said debts, so far as affords have come to their hands, agreeably to law.

GEORGE WASHINGTON HIGGINS,
ANNE HIGGINS,
Administrators.

In CHANCERY, March 15, 1799.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of RICHARD FORREST, of Montgomery county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Forrest is, and at the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this State, and the said Richard Forrest, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the affidavit in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is therefore adjudged and ordered, that the said Forrest, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette, before the twentieth day of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery office, at eleven o'clock, on the third day of May next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Richard Forrest's behalf, and there taking the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, March 18, 1799.

George Cato
against
James Parsons, Clement Parsons, James Mollebon, and Mary his wife, Edward Fenwick, and others.

THE object of the bill is to obtain a decree for the redemption by the complainant of a tract of land in Charles county, heretofore, viz. June 12th, 1760, mortgaged, with other land, by Robert Cato, father of the complainant, to Edward Cole, and after a variety of mesne conveyances and devises, devised by Clement Parsons to the aforesaid defendant, James Parsons, Clement Parsons, and Mary Mollebon, and to Joseph Parsons and John Parsons, two other defendants; the bill states the several mesne conveyances and devises, and states further, that after the death of Edward Cole the land descended to James Cole, who devised it to James and Edward Fenwick, whose father, Ignatius Cole, without title, conveyed it to Ignatius Greenwell, under whom the before mentioned defendants claim; that the mortgage money has been fully paid, and the complainant, by his petition this day filed, alleges, that since the filing of his bill the aforesaid defendants, James and Clement Parsons, and James and Mary Mollebon, and Edward Fenwick, have removed out of the state, and now reside in other states; it is therefore, on his motion, adjudged and ordered, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted three times successively in the Maryland Gazette before the 12th day of April next, to the intent that the nonresident defendants may each have notice of his application to this court, and of the substance and object of his bill, and may be warned to appear here in person, or by solicitor, on or before the second Tuesday in August next, to shew cause wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, March 18, 1799.

JAMES A. CORRY, an insolvent debtor, of Charles county, makes application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is satisfied, partly by testimony, and partly from his own knowledge, that he is at this time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this state, and of the United States; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the tenth day of October next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three times before the tenth day of April next, in the Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said tenth day of October, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tatterfall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the dam of Mr. Shaftoe's Hunter Omnia, Herald, and Miss Barfuth, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Mrs. Dam, the dam of Twigs, Drowsey, Torlmond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnia Filly, by Cade, the dam of Priotan and Villager; all capital runners, his great-great-grand-dam by Matchless, great-great-great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Gras will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the rev. WALTER HANSON HARRISON, of Charles county, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make speedy payment, to

WILLIAM G. ADAMS, Executor.

Nanjemoy, Charles county.

ALL persons are forewarned from trifling or crediting any one on account of the subscriber without a line from

JOHN HESSELIUS.

Primrose-Hill, near Annapolis.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro **T**OM, who has assumed the name of Tom TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiskers, flammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Spriggs, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next county court, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called Harborough, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, agreeably to an act of assembly for that purpose.

JAMES G. HOWARD.

February 16, 1799.

WAS committed to my custody, on the 8th instant, a negro man who calls himself BILL, and then said he belonged to JOHN CROMPTON, of St. Mary's county, Maryland, since which acknowledges his right master is GEORGE HILL, living on the South Branch, Virginia, and was sold to him by MATTHEW CROMPTON; he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, straight made, with a small scar over his right eye; his cloathing is an old hat, an old pair of gray trousers, old stockings, and a clodden unknit jacket, much worn. His master is desired to come and take him away, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences according to law.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

February 16, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

To be RENTED,
And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STUART of Mount Stuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on the 14th instant, a dark mulatto girl, my name SABINAH, about 17 or 18 years of age 5 feet high, who says she is the property of GERARD B. CAULIN, Esq; and was hired this present year to a WILLIAM GATES, of this county. The owner is desired to pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold agreeably to law for her prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

January 22, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody the 17th instant, a negro man by the name of CHARLES, who says he is a free man, and was set free by JOHN TALBOT, of Frederick county, he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 40 years of age, and well made, and says that he was born in Barbadoes, talks in the Guinea language, and marked on the right temple in the Guinea manner, and has lost his two upper front teeth; his cloathing is an old hat, short brown jacket with large brass buttons, purple breeches, coarse stockings, and old shoes. His master is desired to come and take him away two months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

January 29, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons that hath any claims or demands against the estate of Mr. THOMAS COALE, late of Anne-Arundel county, that they bring them in, properly authenticated, on or by the tenth day of April next, to receive a dividend of the personal estate, if necessary.

SARAH COALE, Surviving executrix.

Elk-Ridge, February 14, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

An ACT to alter, abolish and change the constitution and form of government of the state of Maryland, and for other purposes.

WHEREAS the holdings in each county with great inconvenience to the inhabitants of the said place, and operates to the disadvantage of the electors of the said place, it is expedient to provide for the better government of the said place, and to secure the rights of the inhabitants of the said place.

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly, That the several counties of the state, for the purpose of holding all future elections of members of the General Assembly, shall be divided into smaller districts, and the electors of the said districts shall be entitled to vote for members of the General Assembly.

III. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly, That the several counties of the state, for the purpose of holding all future elections of members of the General Assembly, shall be divided into smaller districts, and the electors of the said districts shall be entitled to vote for members of the General Assembly.

IV. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly, That the several counties of the state, for the purpose of holding all future elections of members of the General Assembly, shall be divided into smaller districts, and the electors of the said districts shall be entitled to vote for members of the General Assembly.

V. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly, That the several counties of the state, for the purpose of holding all future elections of members of the General Assembly, shall be divided into smaller districts, and the electors of the said districts shall be entitled to vote for members of the General Assembly.

VI. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly, That the several counties of the state, for the purpose of holding all future elections of members of the General Assembly, shall be divided into smaller districts, and the electors of the said districts shall be entitled to vote for members of the General Assembly.