

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 4, 1799.

## CONSTANTINOPLE, April 3.

VERY unfavourable accounts have been received here by two tartars from Ghezar, pacha of Acre, the Turkish commander in chief sent against Buonaparte. The French have not only taken Gaza, in Judea, but also Giffa, formerly Joppa, only nine leagues from Jerusalem, and 100 Italian miles from St. John d'Acre. Their progress has been particularly favoured by the mountaineers of Mount Lebanon, who have made an alliance with them and who have always been the avowed enemies of the Turkish government. Ghezar Pacha writes, that he is now between two enemies equally dangerous, and that he could not leave his residence, being himself afraid of an attack. He had sent 30,000 of his troops against the French general, but they had also been miserably defeated. He had demanded 10,000 Europeans of the Porte, but no more than 1000 had been sent him; he therefore earnestly renews his demand of reinforcements, being afraid to be besieged himself in his own castle by the French and Libanese. Great apprehensions are entertained at Constantinople, lest Damascus, Jerusalem, and all Syria, will fall into the hands of the French.

On the 1st of April a second fire broke out at Constantinople; and on the 2d, a third conflagration took place.

## LINDAU, April 16.

On the 13th instant, the Imperialists attacked the French, who were entrenched in the abbey of Petershausen, and drove them across the Rhine, whereby some hundreds who could not pass the river quick enough were taken prisoners. General Pischack thereupon summoned the garrison of Constance, which consists of French and Swiss troops, to surrender. This being refused, the Imperialists began to open their batteries upon the city, whereby the cathedral suffered considerably. On the 14th the garrison was summoned the second time, the commander demanded six hours for consideration—therefore Constance was bombarded anew yesterday or has surrendered. On the 10th the Imperialists destroyed about 60 Swiss vessels, which lay at Constance, by their shot. Col. Williams lay with his flotilla at Stands, between Morfburg and Constance. General Hotze was yesterday yet in his former position, between Feldkirk and Rheineck. On the 5th inst. the Helvetic directory demanded anew from the legislative body a declaration of war against Austria, but this proposal has been repeatedly rejected by the grand council; they answered that no means ought to be omitted to defend themselves against the attacks of an enemy, but the Helvetic people would declare war against nobody.

## CRACOW, April 10.

The other Russians will not pass through this city; but 60,000 men are marching by Slaton, through Hungary, to Italy. Fourteen thousand men have already passed through this town.

## BANKS of the NECKAR, April 13.

In the country called Oberwalde, on the borders of Franconia, the peasants have armed themselves with scythes, sickles, pikes and any weapon they could find, and risen against the French. At Weinheim, and other places on the great road from Franckfort to Basle, there have been several skirmishes. It is said that a considerable corps of Austrian troops is advancing from the vicinity of Wurzburg towards the Oberwalde.

## HEPPENHEIM, April 15.

We have here a war conducted by the peasantry of the country. All are under arms, and the whole of the Oberwalde has risen in a mass. The head quarters of this rustic army are here. They have their advanced posts in form, and their pickets of cavalry, and they are encamped from Eberstadt and Weinheim. In the whole they amount to not less than 20,000, armed with all kinds of weapons, just as they left their houses and farm yards. They are exasperated against the French, and determined no longer to submit tamely to their oppressions.

## VIENNA, April 14.

A letter from marshal Suwarow, dated Veliggio, April 18, states, that the French had repassed the Edda, after throwing fifteen thousand men into Mantua, and five thousand into Peschiera; and that the marshal was preparing to follow them, after leaving general Kray with a corps of about twenty thousand men to invest those two places. Marshal Suwarow's patrols had been pushed as far as Cremona, and general Klenau's to the neighbourhood of Bologna, without meeting any considerable body of the enemy.

By accounts received in the evening of the same day, it appears that the enemy were employed in throwing up intrenchments at Lodi and Cassano. Marshal Suwarow, with a body of between forty-

five and fifty thousand men, was to have marched on the 19th to Monta Chiaro, on the Chiefs, in order to occupy Brescia, and then to advance on to Oglio and Adda.

His royal highness the archduke Charles has reported the following particulars relative to the taking of Schaffhausen:

As the enemy still retained possession of the town of Schaffhausen and the suburb of Constance, called Petershausen, both situated on the right bank of the Rhine with an apparent view to assemble there, and particularly into Schaffhausen a number of troops, and to make an advantageous attack from both points upon the corps of lieutenant general count Nauendorf, which was posted in the neighbourhood, his royal highness directed that the enemy should be driven from these two points, and that their stations should be occupied by our troops.

In consequence of this arrangement, lieutenant general count Nauendorf was charged to order lieutenant general count Baillet to advance against Schaffhausen with a considerable body of light infantry and cavalry, supported by four battalions of the line and some reserve artillery. He obeyed these orders, and summoned the enemy to abandon the town in the course of half an hour, and to retire to the left bank of the river. The officer who commanded in Schaffhausen sought to gain time by negotiation, with a view to draw unto himself a reinforcement; but lieutenant general count Baillet, aware of the enemy's object, ordered his artillery, which he had posted to great advantage, to fire upon the bridge and gate of the town, and without further delay he attacked the enemy in the town; and notwithstanding a very obstinate resistance, he drove them across the Rhine, the bridge over which they burnt in their retreat.

The enemy lost upon this occasion several hundred men killed and wounded, and one hundred taken prisoners; seventeen pieces of cannon, and arms of various descriptions were taken. Our loss does not exceed twenty men.

## RASTADT, April 25.

The French ministers have now declared that they will leave Rastadt within three days, but they will be ready to recommence the negotiations for peace at Strasburg. The following is the note which they gave in to-day.

"The undersigned plenipotentiaries of the French republic for negotiating a peace with the German empire, having been officially informed by the baron d'Albini, the directorial minister, of the result of the sitting held the day before yesterday by the deputation of the empire, of which a certified copy has been transmitted to them, cannot but see, with great regret, that arbitrary acts, equally contrary to the rights of nations, and the express declaration of the letter of his majesty the emperor, of the date of the 13th Brumaire, 6th year, (November 3, 1798), together with the mournful prospect of the continuation of these vexatious proceedings, have compelled the deputation to suspend for the present the negotiations for peace: The undersigned could the less expect such a conduct, as a totally different example had been given by the general of the French army, who, passing the Rhine on the 11th Ventose (March 4) to resume his former position, in conformity to the orders of the French government, paid the most inviolable respect to the place where the congress was held, the freedom of its deliberations, the safety and inviolability of members, and deprived calumny of every pretext.

"The undersigned has seen with the greatest astonishment, the deputation reduced to less than two thirds of its members, by several of the states having recalled its envoys, so that it is impossible it should come to any resolution agreeable to the terms of its instructions. They had supposed, that though the states of the empire had the undoubted right of changing their sub-delegates at the congress, it only appertained to the diet, considered as a body, to withdraw the powers of the states themselves—in this situation of things and persons, the undersigned, to whom the Executive Directory, ever disposed to peace, has recommended not to leave the place of congress till the last extremity, eager to seize the hope offered them by the deputation of resuming the course of the negotiations, since they are only momentarily suspended; persuaded that the excesses which have impeded them will serve to convince the states of the empire of the lively interest they have taken to remove the scourge of war, and in general all the obstacles which violence or ill faith may oppose to the peace—considering besides,

1. "That the deputation has formally declared in its conclusion, and made it the principal motive of its resolution to quit Rastadt, that there was no longer either tranquillity or safety in the congress, whence it results that it was an actual state of oppression;

2. "That the existence of a congress between two free states ought to depend on the will of the con-

tracting parties, and can never be subordinate to the intervention of any force; they therefore remit to the deputation of the empire the following protestation and declaration: The undersigned protest,

1. "Against the violations of the rights of nations committed with respect to them by the Austrian troops and of which the object is positively announced in their note of the 30th Germinal, (April 19.)

2. "Against the answer which the commander of the Austrian troops, stationed at Gernsbach has returned to the directorial letter of 1 Floreal (April 20), an answer which the deputation, by making it the ground of its deliberation of the day before yesterday, has considered as the expression of the general orders of the Austrian army, and which is conceived in these terms:

To his excellency the baron d'Albini, intimate councillor of his Imperial majesty, and electoral minister of Mentz at Rastadt.

"I regret to be under the necessity, in conformity to my duty, of stating, in answer to the letter, remitted to me by councillor baron Munich, that in the present circumstances of the war, in which the safety as well of the military as of the country requires that patrols should be placed at Rastadt, and in the environs, it is impossible to make any satisfactory declaration relative to the maintenance of the diplomatic body now there, since the recal of his excellency the Imperial plenipotentiary, we can no longer on our part consider Rastadt as a place which the presence of a congress protects against hostile events, and that city must after this feel the necessity of conforming to the laws of war like any other place. I entreat your excellency, however, to be assured, that except in case of necessity imposed by the events of war, our military will consider personal inviolability as sacred; and that on my part, I will continually do my utmost to testify to you the profound respect with which I am your excellency's most humble servant,

(Signed)

"BARBACSY, colonel.

"They call in the name of the French republic insulted in its rights, the serious attention of the diet to an act equally contrary to its own independence, and subversive of all the principles hitherto practised among civilized nations. They expect a just and full redress. In fine, in consequence of what has been stated, the undersigned inform the deputation of the empire that in three days they will quit Rastadt; but wishing to give to Germany a last and signal proof of the forbearance of the French government, and its wish for peace, they declare that they will repair to Strasburg, where they will wait the recommencement of the negotiations, and attend to such propositions of peace as shall be made.

(Signed)

"BONNIER,  
"JEAN DEBRY.  
"ROBERJOT.

"Rastadt, 6th of Floreal, (April 25)  
7th year of the French republic."

## HAMBURG, May 1.

Constance is not taken, and the Austrians dare not, or to speak with more precision, are not in sufficient strength to make any serious attack upon Switzerland.—The longer they delay, the more Massena is fortifying himself there, and the greater addition does the directory make to his army, of all the troops that they are able, on this side of the Loire. The reinforcements which the archduke receives are not in the same proportion, which makes me apprehensive, as I have already said, that this prince may meet with great obstacles, and that he will put off the execution of his designs upon that country until the directory, in order to preserve Scherer, shall oblige Massena to send him 30,000 chosen men. This period cannot be far distant, for Mantua is already surrounded, and the French are retiring behind the Oglio.—Their head quarters are, it is said, at Lodi, and those of the Austrians at Goito on the Mincio.

The garrison of Mantua is composed of 20,000 men, consisting of French, Cisalpine, Piedmontese and Poles. Since the 5th, there has been nothing but feble engagements of advanced posts. General Klenau continues to make progress into the duchy of Ferrara, and to increase his army by a great number of insurgents who flock to join his standards. The inhabitants of the territory of Mantua, the Brescianese, the Bergamasco, and the Cremonese, in general testify the most favourable dispositions towards the Austrians:—they call upon them with loud cries, fly towards them as soon as they appear, and begin already to break out into insurrections at several points. Letters from Italy assure us, that general Macdonald is evacuating the kingdom of Naples with the greatest speed, in order to avoid being placed between two fires; and, in fact, he has no great time left for saving the wreck of his army, which is now reduced to 15,000 men, as very numerous bodies of insur-

gents are collecting between Naples and Rome, and they have already taken possession of several important posts.

A letter from a commissary of the archduke's army, which I have just seen, states that the French soldiers are very much disgusted, and desert in great numbers, on account of the ill treatment which they receive from their officers: that they are in want of every thing in Switzerland. On that very day on which he wrote, the 19th, 29 dragoons, all of them mounted had come up to him: several Swifs had also passed by, to join their worthy countrymen, general Hotze, who has already more than 2000 men under his command.

It is not possible to know exactly what is passing in the interior of Switzerland; commotions certainly prevail there, but the French give themselves little uneasiness on that account, owing to their force. The little town of Eglifan, between Schaffhausen and Waldshut, has also been taken possession of by the Austrians so that the Rhine is now the limits of the two armies. On the 19th, the enemy again made a fruitless attack between Bregentz and Feldkirch.

The army is increased in Holland by 10,000 men, and a national guard of 21,000 men, has been formed.

#### STRASBURG, April 20.

For some time the head quarters of prince Charles have alternately been at Engen, Stockak, Pfullendorf and Donoufchingen.

On the evening of the 20th, an Austrian flotilla of 26 sail, arrived at Lindau from Bregentz, and has taken troops on board, with which it has proceeded to an unknown destination. Fresh troops are continually arriving at Mayence and Mannheim, and others are daily passing through here towards Helvetia. *It would be painful to think we had calculated too confidently on the Helvetians.*

It is remarkable that general Hotze has now under his banners 3000 men, under the name of Swifs emigrants; while general Keeler, in the early part of March had only 1600 regular troops, and the militia of several cantons had declared that they were not at war with the emperor. If, however, Massena should beat the archduke the Swifs militia will act with the French.

#### PARIS, April 1.

General Suwarrow having received from Paul I. a letter announcing his promotion to the command in Italy, replied in these terms: "I accept, and set out instantly for Petersburg—I shall throw myself at your majesty's feet, and I will beat the French."

#### LONDON, May 2.

Yesterday we stopped the press to announce that intelligence had been received at the admiralty of the Brest fleet having put to sea. The account comes from lord Bridport, and was brought to Plymouth by the Dolly cutter of 8 guns. His lordship's dispatches state, that on Friday last it was discovered by his cruizers that the French fleet had come out of Brest harbour, and had steered to the southward. They had taken the advantage of a leading east wind to come out, and a thick fog prevented the English frigates appointed to watch their motions, from ascertaining precisely their force. Twenty-five or twenty-six ships were clearly numbered, but it was not certain whether more than 16 or 17 of these were ships of the line; 18 ships of the line had been observed in the outer road of Brest harbour several days before, but it was not possible to observe the exact number that put to sea. Lord Bridport also writes, that as the enemy had steered to the southward, he had dispatched a swift sailing vessel to apprise admiral earl St. Vincent of the fact; he had directed several frigates to pursue the course they had taken, appointing a rendezvous to which they should repair, or to which they should send information, and he himself had set sail for the coast of Ireland. He was between ten or twelve hours after the French fleet, but equipped as he is with 16 ships of the line, five of which are three deckers, fully manned, and with a body of officers, such as the enemy cannot equal, it is hoped that he will intercept them before they can effect a landing on any part of Ireland, if that kingdom be the point of their destination.

Some suppose that they may be bound to Cadiz, to force out the Spanish fleet; or perhaps to make their threatened descent upon Portugal; or they may be destined to the Mediterranean. It is even supposed that their object may be to convoy a body of troops to a certain latitude, which are appointed to attempt the reduction of Brazil. But Ireland is most probably the object they have in view. At any rate, we may trust that ministers have certain knowledge of their designs, and that they have taken certain measures to thwart their execution. It is not likely that the republican government of France should be able to carry on its projects of ambition with more concealment than the ancient monarchy.

One thing is certain: ministers were so well informed of their intention to sail (indeed we announced the operations of the enemy for this event some time ago) that provisional orders had been sent to the proper ports for the direction of our commanders, in case of an event taking place. Our letters received this morning from Plymouth, inform us, that all is bustle on board the men of war in that harbour, and that every ship that could possibly put to sea would sail yesterday. Four ships of the line and three frigates were already unmoored.

When we stated the preparations of the French, we also mentioned the exertions making in the ports of Holland to second their views. This intelligence is fully confirmed by some Dutch Gazettes which

reached us yesterday evening. A decree has been passed in the first and second chambers, in consequence of a message from the directory, that all merchant vessels shall be put in a state of requisition. An order which was issued in consequence of this decree, for making out lists to enable the directory to ascertain what of these can be best spared from the commerce of the country, ought to be considered as intended merely for a blind, for the purpose of impressing an idea that the period of the sailing of their fleet is yet at some distance. The decree, however, gives them the power to act when they will.

May 3.

Ministers believe the Brest fleet bound to the Texel.

General Hotze is reported to have defeated the French in the Swifs territory, and to have taken 13 pieces of cannon.

Some apprehensions are entertained at the Cape of Good Hope of a visit from the French; but every thing is in preparation for their repulse.

May 4.

It is confidently said the king of Prussia is about joining the coalition. He has interdicted the exportation of oats. It is said because he wants a large supply for his cavalry.

A Russian and Turkish fleet have been seen from the heights of Ancona. They are to land troops to assist in expelling the French from Italy.

Six hundred Hanoverians are ordered to Cuxhaven, as a measure of security.

The Hamburg agent was ordered to depart from Russia; but was suffered to remain as agent for Lubeck and Bremen.

Several vessels have failed to join lord Bridport's fleet.

A captain from Morlaix, says, the Brest fleet failed April 24, consisting of 25 sail of the line, and was avowedly bound to Cadiz.

May 5.

We have news from Hamburg to the 30th ult. April 21, the Imperial head quarters were at Stockak. It is said, a body of Austrian troops crossed the Rhine, April 18, between Zurich and Schaffhausen, in pursuit of the French, in the Bregentz country, on the 19th, general Hotze was engaged with the French. The result is not known. The French are about to abandon the environs of Mannheim.

Insurrection in Belgium and Switzerland, becomes daily more important. The Helvetic legislature refuse to declare war against the emperor, which they have been commanded to do.

The Austrian army in Italy receives continual reinforcements. April 15, the whole Imperial army was on Cisalpine ground.

The French are collecting their forces at Milan, drawing them from Rome, Naples and Tuscany. The Neapolitan royalists are consequently in great spirits.

A Russian army is forming on the frontiers of Poland, consisting of 80,000 men.

General Suwarrow, with the first division of his army, arrived at Verona, April 15. He is to commence the siege of Mantua, where the French have but 10,000 men; and of Peshiera, where they have but 5000.

The British government are to take into their pay 25,000 Turks to be employed in the Mediterranean.

The plague continues to rage in Egypt. Admiral Kingmill, on the Irish station, received early information of the sailing of the Brest fleet—and put to sea to join lord Bridport—who had not fallen in with that fleet when he wrote the letter which was received on the 4th instant.

The Neapolitans disturb the French in their country as much as possible. In consequence "fire and sword" are freely exercised by the fanaticalists. Trieste, Castel, Forte, and several other places are reduced to cinders. The French write "should this state of things last long, the whole face of the country will wear the marks of wretchedness and destruction."

The French deputies at Rastadt are ordered to remain as long as the emperor's deputies.

Moreau succeeds Scherer, as French general in chief in Italy. Joubert has declined the command to which he was appointed.

The directory have ordered several officers to be arrested and tried for their conduct in late actions.

Accusations have been brought against Neuschateau, ci-devant director.

Prussia has an army of 80,000 men in Silesia.

Several American vessels have been allowed to enter Cadiz, in consequence of an agreement between the English and Spanish governments.

#### NEW-YORK, June 14.

Captain Connel, of the Rein Deer, arrived on Saturday, informs us, that the governor of Surinam has received orders from the Batavian republic, to suffer no privateers, of any nation, to bring American prizes into that port; and, in case any should be brought in, he is further ordered to deliver them up to the proper owners, with costs.

Captain C. states that the market in Surinam, is overstocked with produce, &c.

Two French privateers were lying in Surinam, to sail in three days for Cayenne.

Mr. Tufts, lately appointed American consul at Surinam, could not be acknowledged by the governor, the reason he gave for it, was, that he could not acknowledge a consul from the French republic.

A letter from London, says, "You may certainly expect the marquis to visit the United States before the summer passes." Query—As the marquis is a citizen of

the United States, how can government prevent his coming, if it wishes to?

In CHANCERY, June 28, 1799.  
*The creditors of general William Smallwood, deceased, against*

*The representatives.*

ORDERED, That on application, at any time after the first day of October next, the chancellor will proceed to decide on any contested claim against the estate of William Smallwood, deceased, provided a copy of this order be published in the Maryland Gazette three weeks successively before the 2d day of August next.

Those claimants against the said estate who have not exhibited satisfactory proofs, are requested to file in this court all their proofs and vouchers before the said 1st day of October.

Any depositions taken on behalf of either party before a judge or justice from a competent witness, will be received as evidence relative to any of the said claims.  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

ORDERED, That the sale made by WILLIAM KILTY, as stated in his report, of the real estate of FRANK LEEK, deceased, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 5th day of September next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three times during the present month.

The report states, the sale of a mill and appertinencies, with about 90 acres of land, for £. 1000, an old tenement for £. 78 15 0, 6 or 7 acres of meadow ground for £. 100, a dwelling-house, lot, &c. for £. 800, a lot for £. 75, all the property being in or near Upper-Marlborough.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

*John Furney,*

*against*

*David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.*

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 67½ acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

*Peter Shriner,*

*against*

*David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.*

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 80 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,  
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

#### NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at next August term, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in Zachiah Swamp, in Charles county, called FORTUNE'S RETREAT.

June 28, 1799.

EDWARD EDELIN.

NOTICE is hereby gives, that I intend to petition on the next Prince-George's county court, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, called DIAMOND, lying in Prince-Georges county, according to the act, entitled, an act for marking and bounding lands.

June 25, 1799.

LEONARD WILLIAMS.

In CHAN

*David Stripe, Christian*

*William, Jacob*

THE object of the complainant the legal title in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

In CHAN

*David Stripe, Christian*

*William, Jacob*

THE object of the complainant the legal title in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

In CHAN

*David Stripe, Christian*

*William, Jacob*

THE object of the complainant the legal title in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

RAN away from the head of Severn Thursday the 27th name of TOM, gentleman, accustomed to sail in Annapolis; he is about stout made, has large shews his teeth, and tobacco between his is about 25 years of every kind of plan lawyer at the whip unless intoxicated, look; he had on his went off, and took a and white shirt with cloths which is in several relations in he will make for B get off by water. Fetched in Baltimore and if brought home of the state thirty days for bringing him home.

N. B. Masters requested and fore away said negro at

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

John Lookingbill,

against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 229 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, purchased by him from Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

John Shrinor,

against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 101 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

Adam Esch,

against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 82 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe is the eldest son, and would have been sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near the head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, on Thursday the 27th of June last, a negro man of the name of TOM, generally called captain Tom, being accustomed to sail in a wood flat for the subscriber to Annapolis; he is about five feet five or six inches high, stout made, has large cheek bones, and when he laughs shows his teeth, and generally has a large chew of tobacco between his under lip and teeth. Said fellow is about 25 years old, and has been accustomed to every kind of plantation work, and is an excellent lawyer at the whip-law; he is rather slow in speech, unless intoxicated, and if spoke to sharp, has a down look; he had on his usual working cloaths when he went off, and took with him an old red casimer jacket, and white shirt with ruffles on it, and may have other cloaths which is unknown to the subscriber, as he has several relations in the neighbourhood. I do suspect he will make for Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get off by water. I will give 15 dollars if he is apprehended in Baltimore-town and confined in goal, and if brought home to me twenty dollars, and if out of the state thirty dollars, and all reasonable expences for bringing him home, agreeable to law.

BASIL BROWN.

N. B. Masters of vessels, and others, are hereby requested and forewarned not to harbour or carry away said negro at their peril.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

Nicholas Boyer,

against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 50 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son, and would be sole heir of the said Jacob Stripe, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

A MINISTER of the protestant episcopal church, who can come well recommended, will meet with lasting encouragement in King and Queen parish, Saint-Mary's county.

June 10, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, on the 20th instant, a negro man, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a swarthy complexion, who calls himself SOLOMON, and says he is the property of GERARD B. CAUSIN, Esquire, and was hired this present year to Moses Cawoid, of Prince-George's county. His owner is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold agreeably to law for his prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff Charles county.

June 25, 1799.

I WILL rent my now dwelling house, with about one and a half acres of ground, to a person able to pay and of good character; no one else need apply. I will sell, at public vendue, on the 6th of July next, several beds, bedsteads and furniture, and a variety of other articles; also a negro girl about 12 years of age. I will lease several unimproved lots, situate in the west of the city.

A. GOLDER.

June 25, 1799.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT JOHNSON, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, or legal proceeds will commence against them, and those who have claims against said estate are requested to present them, legally authenticated, to

JOHN JOHNSON, Administrator of ROBERT JOHNSON.

June 25, 1799.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Haggar's town, on the 31st of May, a negro man named DANIEL, formerly the property of major WILLIAM BROGDEN, living in Anne-Arundel county. When he absconded he had on a dark green jacket, a pair striped trousers, a hemp shirt, and a high crowned hat, has remarkable small legs and very long feet, and his foreteeth are very long, and in a decayed state; thin visage, very complainant when spoken to. Whoever apprehends said fellow, and secures him in any goal, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

JACOB KNODA.

Haggar's town, June 20, 1799.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living on South river, near Annapolis, a negro man named JOE, who formerly belonged to Mr. Henry Oneale Welsh; he has with him a note, given by Mr. Charles Wallace, of whom I bought him, to look for and get himself a maller, and that he would take twenty pounds for him, which Mr. Wallace neglected to take from him when he sold him to me. He pretends to have been tricked, and that he has got a lizard in his arm, which is all deception, for he is an able stout fellow, about fifty years of age, six feet four or five inches high, has a scar across his nose, occasioned by a cart running over him; two of his fingers on the right hand are off near the joint, and several scars about his face from burns. Whoever takes up and secures the said negro man, so that I get him again, shall receive, if taken thirty miles from home, ten dollars, and if out of the county the above reward.

RICHARD WHITE.

VALENTINE SNYDER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that during the summer season, the fare for passengers in his LAND STAGE to Annapolis, will be at the very low price of 150 cents each passenger, including 14 wt. baggage, and the same up again.

His stage leaves Mr. Eyan's as usual, on Monday and Friday mornings, at 8 o'clock—and Annapolis, Tuesdays and Saturdays, at the same hour.

In CHANCERY, June 6th, 1799.

Joseph Court and Thomas H. Lyles,

against

Alexander Hamilton Smith, Mary Hamilton Smith, John Thomas Smith, Philemon Smith, Upton Sheridene Smith, Hamilton Smith, Sarah L. C. Smith, Elizabeth Chew Lyles, heirs of Mary Lyles, and Samuel Chew, administrator of Mary Lyles.

THE object of the petition is to obtain a sale of the real estate which belonged to Mary Lyles, deceased, for the payment of her debts, and it is stated by the petitioner, that the said real estate descended equally to the defendants named as heirs; it is stated also, that the defendants Alexander Hamilton Smith, Philemon Smith, Hamilton Smith, and John Thomas Smith, have since the filing the petition removed out of this state, and are beyond the reach of this court; it is therefore, on the complainants notice, adjudged and ordered, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least three times in the Maryland Gazette before the 12th day of July next, to the intent that the defendants, which are out of the state, may have notice of the complainants applications, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear here in person, or by a solicitor, on or before the twelfth day of November next, to shew cause wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next Anne-Arundel county court for a commission to mark and bound my part of a tract or parcel of land called LYNCH'S PURCHASE, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed in the year 1785, entitled, An act for marking and bounding of lands.

JOSEPH HODGE.

June 18, 1799.

The subscribers being appointed trustees for the purpose of selling and conveying so much of the real estate of the late deceased major-general SMALLWOOD as may be necessary to discharge his debts, will OFFER for SALE, on Monday the 15th of July next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

SUNDRY LANDS belonging to the estate of the said deceased, consisting of eight or ten thousand acres, lying in Charles county, and situate chiefly on the Mattawoman creek, within a very few miles of the Patowmack river; as those lands are composed of a variety of tracts or parcels of different contents and descriptions, it is not in the power of the trustees particularly to designate them in an advertisement, but it can be said with certainty that they are well adapted to planting and farming, abound in good water, and are well stocked with timber and wood, besides a number of them having the advantage of fisheries equal to any in Maryland. The sale will commence at a place on the Mattawoman creek, well known by the name of Brawner's Mill, at 12 o'clock, on the day above mentioned, and will be continued from day to day, until it is completed, at such places as may then be made known by the trustees. Purchasers will be required to give bond, with good security, to the trustees for the amount of the purchase money, the one half thereof payable, with interest, within one year, and the residue, with interest, within two years from the time of sale. Possession will be given on the first of January next, and deeds executed to the respective purchasers when the whole of the money is paid, and not before. The said lands will be sold in such tracts or parcels as may appear to the trustees best to answer the design of the sale, and every information respecting them given at the time of sale that may come to the knowledge of the trustees.

JOHN CAMPBELL, HENRY H. CHAPMAN.

The thorough bred Horse ECLIPSE

IS in high perfection, and will stand the ensuing season at Mount Air, (near Piscataway, in Maryland) to cover mares, at ten dollars, but eight will be taken if paid by the first of August, and a dollar to the groom, the season to commence the 15th of April and end the 1st of August. Good pasturage for mares at half a dollar per week, and the greatest care taken, but will not be liable for accidents or escapes.

EDWARD EDELEN.

ECLIPSE is elegantly formed, full fifteen and an half hands high, rising six years old, a beautiful sorrel, strong, boney, lengthy and active, he was got by the imported horse Eclipse, Belle Air, the dam of Eclipse, was got by Othello, her dam an imported mare from the duke of Hamilton's stud by Spot, her grand-dam by Cartouch, her great-grand-dam by Old Traveller, her great-great-grand-dam by Sedbury, her great-great-great-grand-dam by Childers, out of a Barb mare. Eclipse was imported by Mr. Hall, of Maryland, he was got by O'Kelly's famous Eclipse out of Phebe, full sister to Apollo. Phebe was got by Regulus, her dam by Cottingham, grand-dam by Snake, great-grand-dam by the Bald Galloway, great-great-grand-dam by lord Carlyle's Turk. Cottingham was got by Mr. Hartly's famous foal getter called the Blind Horse. Certified by RICHARD TATTERSALL.

Mount Air, April 10, 1799.

A QUANTITY of fine HERRINGS for SALE, for CASH, by

JOSEPH SANDS.

Annapolis, June 7, 1799.

**Mrs. MATHER'S  
ACADEMY for YOUNG LADIES,**

(No. 96.) North Howard-Street, Baltimore.  
**BOARDING,** 140 dollars per An.  
**EDUCATION,** 32 dit. dit.  
 With Reading only, 20 dit. dit.  
 N. B. Writing, cyphering, letter writing, and teaching a just pronunciation, together with various parts of Fancy needle work included in the said education.—Music, drawing, dancing, &c. extra.  
 If air and water be any objects, the situation of Howard-street, is too well known to require any recommendation.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,  
 April 1, 1799.

**RESOLVED,** That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all persons indebted to this corporation the sum or sums of money due to the said corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give discharges for the same; and should any of the said debtors refuse or neglect to pay at least one third of the sum due by them, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, it shall be the duty of the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring suits for the recovery of the whole sum that may be due, and the treasurer of the corporation is hereby authorized and required, when applied to by the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, or either of them; to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purposes aforesaid.

By order,  
**A. GOLDR, Clk.**

**Take Notice,**

**ALL** persons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requested to pay the whole interest, and one third of the principal sum, to the subscribers, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, or suits will be instituted without discrimination, and without delay.

**P. B. KEY,  
 JOHN GWINN.**

**For Sale,**

**On very Moderate Terms,  
 A fast Sailing, strong Built, NEW  
 SCHOONER, forty-one feet long.**  
 Apply to

**Samuel or Horatio Ridout.**

Annapolis, May 15, 1799.

**Five Pounds Reward**

**FOR** apprehending and bringing home negro **TOM**, who has assumed the name of **TOM TILLARD**, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiskers, stammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlbrough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

**JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,  
 near Annapolis.**

I will handomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

**To be SOLD for CASH, or on  
 long credit,**

**A** FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expence of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.  
**PHILIP B. KEY.**  
 Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

**LAND for SALE.**

**I** WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.  
**WILLIAM WALKER.**  
 Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

**For SALE.**

**A** VALUABLE FARM, situate within one mile of Broad creek ferry, on Kent Island, Queen-Anne's county, containing about 220 acres of land, there is a good landing and deep water near the door, and the tobacco inspection of said island is on the premises; the improvements are, a handsome two story brick dwelling-house, with other necessary buildings, together with an excellent store-house, &c. within fifty yards of the landing; this island being in the centre of the island is the most advantageous for business, and has been occupied as such for thirty years past; there is sufficient timber and wood on the land for its support; the situation is healthy, has fine water, and is not exceeded by any for fishing and fowling in season. Possession may be had on the first of November next. The title indisputable. For further information apply on the premises, to

**SAMUEL BLUNT.**

**GABRIEL,  
 JUST IMPORTED,**

**S**TANDS this season at Belle-Air, Prince-George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all cases where the money is not paid, notes must be given, payable on or before the first of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extensive pasturage at 3/9 per week, but no responsibility for losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkstone, Iris and Planet; she was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miss Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purses, matches and sweepstakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve stone—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horse. N. B. Gabriel can be purchased.  
 Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799.

**To be RENTED,**

**And immediate possession given,**  
**T**HAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called **STRAWBERRY-HILL**, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

**HUGH THOMPSON, or  
 WILLIAM STEUART of  
 Mount Steuart.**

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

**C**OMMITTED to my custody as runaways, two negroes, one a man, the other a boy, both of this state. **SANDY**, a boy about 16 years of age, committed on Friday the 17th instant, who says he is the property of **JOHN MAGRUDER**, of Upper-Marlbrough, Prince-George's county, about five feet high; his cloathing an old fustian jacket, of snabrig shirt, and purple cloth breeches. **BILL**, committed on Monday the 27th instant, about 22 years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, well made, and says he is the property of **NATHAN CRAPMAN**, of Charles county, living on Pomonkey river; his cloathing is a Bath costing upper jacket, swandown under ditto, cotton shirt, Bath coating breeches, white jam stockings, and coarse shoes, with sundry other cloaths. Their masters are desired to pay charges and take them away in two months from their several dates, or they will be sold agreeably to law for their prison fees and other expences.

**JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of  
 Anne-Arundel county.**

May 28, 1799.

**MATHER & ABERCROMBY'S  
 SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory.**

At late Mr. Yeiser's Distillery, on Jones's falls, and (No. 86) North Howard-street, Baltimore.

**BROWN SOAP,** . . . . . per lb.  
**WHITE Ditto,** . . . . .  
**DIPPED CANDLES,** . . . . .  
**MOULD Ditto.** . . . . .

N. B. Shippers may be supplied with a quantity of the above manufactory at a short notice.

**WANTED,**

**A** FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

**T**HE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at **STRAWBERRY-HILL**, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.  
**HUGH THOMPSON.**  
 Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

**HIGH FLYER,**

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

**H**IGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tatterfall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the dam of Mr. Shaftoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and Miss Barfoth, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowsey, Torismond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Prioten and Villager; all capital runners, his great-grand-dam by Matchless, great great great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

**JOHN CRAGGS**

N. B. Gals will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.  
 March 10, 1799.

**A**LL persons having any just claims against the estate of **JOHN BULLEN**, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

**THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator  
 with the will annexed.**

**Valuable Lands for Sale.**

**O**N Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned," passed at November session, 1798.

**WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent  
 for the State of Maryland.**

April 10, 1799.

**JUST PUBLISHED,  
 And to be sold at the Printing-Office,  
 Price, One Dollar and an Half,**

**The LAWS  
 OF  
 MARYLAND,  
 Passed November Session, 1798.**

**R**AN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of **WILLIAM SANDERS**, on South river, a negro man named **DENBY**, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new mall round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of **TEN DOLLARS** will be paid for securing him in the goal of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or **FIVE POUNDS** if taken a greater distance.  
**WILLIAM BROGDEN.**

Sept. 10, 1798.

**R**AN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro **NELL**, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay **EIGHT DOLLARS** to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.  
 February 8, 1798. **WILLIAM HALL, 3d.**

**ANNAPOLIS:  
 Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
 GREEN.**

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# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 11, 1799.

VIENNA, April 24.

OUR funds have experienced a rise of four per cent. in consequence of our victories.—The English have made a descent in Calabria.—Two hundred thousand florins, which the French had exacted of the people of Ferrara, have fallen into our hands.

VERONA, April 17.

The Austrians took at Lago Sacro 200 pieces of cannon which the French had carried from the arsenal of Venice. The French lost 800 horses, 40 waggons, &c. at Giotto. The communication between Milan, Rome, and Naples is cut off.

April 18.

The peasants cut down the trees of liberty in every part of the Cisalpine republic, where the Imperial troops arrive and supply them with wine and provisions.—General Mercantin is dead of his wounds.

Our gazette contains the following article: We have received the official news, that the Austrians entered Brescia yesterday at noon. The Austrian flotilla disembarked troops yesterday at Sermoine, a mile to the north-west of Peschiera, which obliged the French flotilla to retire under the protection of that fortress.

April 19.

Head quarters were yesterday transferred to Monte Chiaro, a few miles from Brescia. The Imperial troops were received with great joy in that town, and the French and Cisalpine garrison retired into the castle.—General Kray has been ordered by general Suwarrow to begin the siege of Mantua, and the army has been directed to fall upon the enemy in every action with fixed bayonets. The Russians are not to give any quarter. The army began its march to-day, to give battle to the enemy, and, if we succeed in defeating him, we shall be masters of all Lombardy. The head quarters of the French have been removed from Lodi to Milan. It appears that the directory and the two Cisalpine councils have left Milan for Turin. General Hohenzollern has taken possession of Remona, where he found some pieces of cannon, ammunition waggons, &c. The Austrian hussars have already advanced as far as Pizzighitone, Lodi, Iseo and Bergamo.

VENICE, April 19.

We learn by this day's gazette, that the Mirandole has been taken by a detachment of general Klennau's army, and that several thousand peasants have joined the Austrians in the Cisalpine republic. All the country of Ferrara has risen against the French, and the Austrians are taking an immense booty all along the Po.

PARIS, May 3.

Extract of a letter from the (French) head quarters at Lodi, dated April 17.

"A report is spread that our retreat is concerted with the Austrians for the purpose of giving up the Cisalpine republic to the emperor. Some of the public functionaries at Milan began to pack up their baggage, but the French ambassador prevented their pusillanimous flight, by threatening to shoot those who quitted their posts.

"I have this moment learned that our head quarters are moved from Lodi to Cremsa.  
"We evacuated Cremona yesterday morning."

LONDON, May 11.

French papers just received admit Moreau has experienced a defeat in Italy. The French have already, it is said, lost 35,000 men this campaign.

The Austrians found in Ferrara, 18,000 muskets, 4 millions money, 8 waggons of uniforms, and a convoy of military stores; also took 10 armed vessels. Salo and Breveia are taken.

The last levy of 200,000 men in France produced only 40,000.

BASSETERRE, (St. Kitts) June 7.

On Wednesday morning arrived from a cruise, the United States brig Norfolk, captain Bainbridge, with the loss of both her top-masts, in chase of a large French three masted privateer schooner of 16 guns and full of men. As soon as they saw the accident of the Norfolk, they bore down upon her with a view to take advantage of her situation, but finding the wreck had been cut away, and the Norfolk endeavouring to bring them to action, they thought proper to make sail and stand for Guadaloupe.

June 11.

The following letter we have copied from a St. Vincent paper of the 11th instant:

CASSA, at sea, April 28, '99.

Sir, Having fallen in with a packet from Falmouth, I take the opportunity by her to acquaint you, that the

Brest fleet put to sea on Friday last, and went through the passage du Raz, with a strong northerly wind.

The fleet under the command of the right hon. lord Bridport is in quest of the enemy—it is supposed they are destined for Ireland.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

JAMES SAUMAREZ.

To any officer, commanding }  
one of his majesty's ships. }

NASSAU, (N. P.) June 4.

By the Mentor privateer, captain Gibson, just now arrived from a cruise to windward, intelligence is brought of general Maitland having completely effected the object of his mission of St. Domingo. It is understood, that free admission into all the ports of St. Domingo is allowed to the British and American traders; and that the Mole is to be garrisoned by British troops.

General Maitland had been at Cape Francois and the Mole; and from the latter proceeded for Gonaive, taking under his convoy a vessel laden with military stores sent by general Touffaint to that place, for its defence against an expected attack of Rigaud.

Immediately before the American vessel from which captain Gibson obtained this intelligence, sailed from the Mole, an express arrived there from Jeremie, in consequence of which a salute from the batteries was fired. This induced the Americans to suppose that the express brought advice of Rigaud's having relinquished all opposition to the new arrangements.

PORTLAND, June 27.

Monday arrived schooner Swallow, captain White, 24 days from Dominique. On his passage home, June 10, lat. 38, long. 70, 30, discovered a wreck, which appeared to have been a schooner of about 130 tons—part of her masts and rigging lay to windward, her quarter deck entirely gone; as she was on her beam ends he could only discover "George-town" on her stern, and that she had spruce butts to the wind-luffs.

Extract of a letter from a young gentleman in Hollowell, to his friend in Boston, dated June 15.

We have had the greatest freshes known here these ten years. It was nine feet above high water mark; the damage it has done up the river is incalculable; as the chief part of the logs, timber, &c. haled out last winter, together with several mills, mill-dams, &c. have been destroyed.

One mill on said river, is supposed to have lost 2000 logs, together with part of their mill and dam.

"The whole loss may be estimated at 30,000 dollars on the river Kennebeck."

On the 13th instant, in and near Portsmouth, much damage was done by lightning. A ship of colonel Ladd's was considerably injured—at Rochester, 4 men were killed—at New Market a barn was nearly destroyed—at Rye, a new house was struck, and the people working in it.

NEW-YORK, July 2.

Mr. Millis, who arrived here last evening in the sloop Cato, five days from Bermuda, informs us of the DEATH OF TOUSSAINT. The news was received there in a schooner from Montego Bay, and was told to Mr. Millis by the governor of Bermuda, who, though he had not the particulars, believed it. It is conjectured his death was not natural.

July 4.

A letter received in town yesterday by a respectable mercantile house, from Philadelphia, has the following painful sentence:

"The Fever is, we are sorry to say, now actually here; and has made some considerable progress."

Yesterday arrived the frigate Constellation, from Norfolk; captain Truxton; she anchored at the watering place. We understand captain Truxton is gone to Amboy, and the ship will not come up to town.

July 5.

POSTSCRIPT.

Captain Fox, of the British armed schooner Hound, arrived here yesterday afternoon, in 14 days from Barbadoes, obligingly favoured us with the following very important information:

"Penelope packet arrived at Barbadoes, 20th June, in 27 days from Falmouth, gives accounts, that the Austrians, assisted by the Swiss, have driven the French out of Switzerland, with great slaughter. In Italy, the first blow the Russians struck, was the capture of Milan, and the French were retreating from that country with the utmost rapidity. Their armies were filled with terror when opposed to the Russians.

"Report says that a counter revolution had been effected in France. No account had been received in England of lord Bridport's sailing in with the French Squadron from Brest, that left that port the 26th of April—the last said, that he was in close pursuit of them, and when last seen by our frigates, they were standing to the southward."

ALBANY, June 8

THE HESSIAN FLY.

Extract of a letter to the printers of the Albany gazette.

"I have noticed in some of your late papers, that the Hessian fly has again made its appearance in the United States; and that not only in Virginia, and some other of the southern states, but also in some parts of this state, melancholy proofs of the ravages of this devouring insect have been discovered; I have myself also observed that in the county of Washington, in which I reside, the fly is again desolating our fields of wheat.

"I hope so potent an enemy will not be treated with unconcern and neglect, by the friends of agriculture, but that they will unite their experience with their energy to repel and counteract his insidious and baneful influence, and if possible arrest his progress in its first onset.

"The result of my observations respecting the Hessian fly, when he before ravaged this country, and the plan adopted for destroying him which appeared to me the most effectual, I here subjoin, with a request you will give the same a place in your paper.

"The fly deposits its eggs in the new wheat soon after its springing up, in autumn, and before there are any severe frosts—propagates in the spring—remains in a torpid state till some time after reaping—is invariably found in the first or second joint of the stalk, and takes wing in the course of August.—Cut your wheat high, remove it immediately from off the land, and without delay burn the stubble—This destroys the insect while in its torpid state, and if the burning be effectual, cuts off the Hessian fly root and branch in one season.

"I think I may safely pledge myself to you, that if this plan of cutting the wheat and burning the stubble is universally adopted, we shall hear no more of the Hessian fly; and that in addition thereto, we shall have larger crops of grain, as the burning greatly enriches the land, and has nearly the same effect as a coat of good manure."

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.

Extract of a letter from Hamburg, dated April 27, 1799, to a merchant in Philadelphia.

"The reports that exist of the emperor of Russia having laid a temporary embargo upon a few of our ships in his ports, causes little or no sensation, as matters will easily be explained to general satisfaction, and we can fairly assert that we consider our situation at present such as not to leave the smallest apprehension of our preserving that continued tranquillity which, thank God, we have hitherto so happily enjoyed, and which it is obviously the interest of the different belligerent powers to respect and even to support—of this we deem the past the best of all possible proofs, in spite of the unfounded reports which those envious of the advantageous situation of Hamburg and its consequence in prosperity, are ever ready to circulate."

July 4.

Extract of a letter from a clergyman in Charleston, South Carolina, to his friend in this city.

"As it is our duty to communicate any information which may be of advantage to mankind, I shall here take the liberty of mentioning to you, the excellent effects I have observed, in this city, from the SENECA SNAKE ROOT, in cases of the yellow fever—from which awful visitation, may a kind Providence preserve you this season!

"I first tried the Seneca snake root in my own family, and then among my friends—and in 12 or 13 cases, where it was regularly used, the persons all recovered. It was in those cases given in the same manner as for the pleurisy, and may be administered in the usual form, at the same time the calomel and jalap are given. It facilitates the evacuation of the bowels, at the same time that it has a powerful effect in removing the inflammation which exists in the first stage of the disease; and from its antiseptic and sudorific qualities, is of great use in the latter stages. It does not supercede bleeding in the first stage, where the subject is of a plethoric habit, or the inflammation great; but frequently renders the repetition of bleeding unnecessary. I cannot help hoping that, by the blessing of God, the free use of the Seneca snake root may be a mean of preserving many lives in the northern states, where the rich blood and general health of the inhabitants seem to expose them in a high degree to the rage of this fatal disorder.

**BALTIMORE, July 6.**  
**N E W S.**

Yesterday the schooner America arrived at the fort, in 7 days from St. Thomas's. In the America came passenger, captain Watts of this port, who gives us the following important intelligence!

That a cutter had arrived at Guadaloupe in 25 days passage from Cadiz, with dispatches to the administration, containing intelligence that the French fleet from Brett had arrived off Cadiz, where they fell in with admiral Jarvis; that an engagement took place, in which the English were severely beaten; that they lost SEVEN SAIL OF THE LINE, besides frigates. Captain Watts could not obtain particulars—he communicates to us the information just as he received it, from a supercargo of Mr. Jacob Myers, of Norfolk, who was at Guadaloupe when the express arrived, and brought the news to St. Thomas's. [American]

[There appears to be nothing to invalidate the above news, so much as its coming through the channel of Guadaloupe. Our intelligence before from Cadiz was to about the 25th of May, when the French and British fleets were said to be off that port.] [Fed. Gaz.]

**Annapolis, July 11.**

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Philadelphia, to his friend in Baltimore, dated July 3d, 1799.

"Respecting the alarm we have had here of the yellow fever, I have now to assure you, from the best authority, that no such exists here at present. A few sudden deaths taking place, and the apprehensions of the people being so great, soon spread the alarm. Should any thing novel take place on this particular, you may depend on the earliest intelligence."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in St. Thomas's, dated 25th June, to a gentleman in Baltimore.

"There is no news here of late date, but there is a report of the French and Spanish fleets consisting of 27 sail of line of battle ships being out bound for Ireland, and of their having chased lord Bridport with 9 sail; I hope the latter may fall in with them with only 20 sail; I think they will give a good account of them. Sir Sydney Smith has gone to Algiers on a secret expedition. The affairs of the continent wear a different aspect to what they did some time ago. The Austrians have beat the French in all directions; on the one side they have forced them to repass the Rhine, and on the side of Italy have driven them back to Rome; the Swis have risen and expelled them from the cantons, and in short, to give you a striking idea of their distresses, the directory have declared the republic in danger."

At a dinner prepared by Mr. Wharfe, for the celebration of American independence, where his excellency the Governor presided, the following toasts were drank:

1. The day we celebrate.
  2. The constitution of the United States.
  3. The senate and house of representatives. May they continue to act with dignity, energy, and patriotism.
  4. The president of the United States. May he remain wise in his councils, and uniform in his decisions.
  5. General George Washington. Long may he be preferred as a bulwark to defend the rights of his darling Columbia.
  6. The American army. May they add fresh laurels to the American wreath.
  7. The American navy. May each ship be a Constellation in the American galaxy; every commander emulate a Truxton; and all their enemies meet the fate of an Insurgent.
  8. The voice that spoke our independence; the arm that maintained it; and the memory of those heroes who died in its defence.
  9. The people of America. May they never permit the glare of pretended patriotism to impair their confidence in the government of their choice.
  10. The State of Maryland. May she preserve her importance by a proper exercise of Federal measures.
  11. The fair daughters of Columbia. May their charms never afford a banquet to an enemy of their country.
  12. A restoration of honourable peace to all the world.
  13. A speedy grave to French rapacity.
  14. May our harmony never be disturbed by factious intrigue, or foreign influence.
  15. The contemplated embassy to France. May it terminate to the interest and honour of our country; but in no degree relax our preparations of defence.
  16. May party cease; unanimity prevail; and every citizen rally round the standard of genuine liberty.
- When his excellency the Governor and the hon. Robert G. Harper retired, the company drank as volunteer toasts,
- The governor of Maryland.  
Hon. Robert G. Harper.

By the PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES of AMERICA,  
**A PROCLAMATION.**

WHEREAS by an act of the congress of the United States, passed the 9th day of February last, entitled, "An act further to suspend the commercial intercourse between the United States and France, and the dependencies thereof," it is provided, That at any time after the passing of this act, it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, if he shall deem it expedient, and consistent with the interests of the United States, by his order, to remit and dis-

continue for the time being, the restraints and prohibitions by the said act imposed, either with respect to the French republic, or to any island, port or place belonging to the said republic, with which a commercial intercourse may safely be renewed; and also to revoke such order, whenever in his opinion the interests of the United States shall require; and he is authorized to make proclamation thereof accordingly.

And whereas the arrangements which have been made at St. Domingo for the safety of the commerce of the United States, and for the admission of American vessels into certain ports of that island, do in my opinion render it expedient, and for the interest of the United States, to renew a commercial intercourse with such port,

THEREFORE, I JOHN ADAMS, PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the above recited act, do hereby remit and discontinue the restraints and prohibitions therein contained, within the limits and under the regulations here following, to wit:

1. It shall be lawful for vessels which have departed or may depart from the United States, to enter the ports of Cape Francois and Port Republicain, formerly called Port-au-Prince, in the said island of St. Domingo, on and after the first day of August next.
2. No vessel shall be cleared for any other port in St. Domingo, than Cape-Francois and Port Republicain.
3. It shall be lawful for vessels which shall enter the said ports of Cape Francois and Port Republicain, after the thirty-first day of July next, to depart from thence to any other port in said island between Monte Christi on the north, and Petit-Goave on the west; provided it be done with the consent of the government of St. Domingo, and pursuant to certificates or passports expressing such consent, signed by the consular general of the United States, or consular residing at the port of departure.
4. All vessels failing in contravention of these regulations, will be out of the protection of the United States, and be moreover liable to capture, seizure, and confiscation.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States, at Philadelphia, the twenty-sixth day of June, in the year of our L. S. Lord seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and of the independence of the said States, the twenty-third.

JOHN ADAMS.  
By the president,  
TIMOTHY PICKERING, Secretary of State.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,  
June 26, 1799.

(CIRCULAR.)  
To the COLLECTORS of the CUSTOMS.

SIR,  
I HEREWITH transmit a copy of a proclamation which has been issued by the president of the United States, remitting and discontinuing, from and after the 31st day of July next, in respect to a part of the island of St. Domingo, the prohibitions and restraints imposed by an act of congress passed on the 9th of February, 1799, entitled, "An act further to suspend the commercial intercourse between the United States and France and the dependencies thereof."

The district with which commerce is permitted by this proclamation, comprehends the ports in the northern and western parts of the island, between Monte Christi and Petit-Goave. In respect to all other ports in the island, the restrictions imposed by the act of congress, remain in force.

The ports of Cape Francois and Port Republicain, formerly called Port-au-Prince, are established by the government of St. Domingo, as the only ports of entry: for these two ports clearances may be granted immediately; although they cannot be entered until the first of August. Vessels which may attempt to enter other ports, without special permission, as hereafter mentioned, will be liable to seizure and confiscation.

It is expected that permission will be granted to vessels which shall have made report at one of the ports of entry before mentioned, to proceed for purposes of commerce, to any other ports within the district aforesaid. When the consent of the government of St. Domingo, can be obtained for this purpose, the American vessels will be furnished with certificates or passports expressing such permission, which will be signed by the consular general of the United States, or the consular residing at the port of entry; the certificates or passports aforesaid, are to be exhibited to the collectors of the customs, on the arrival of any vessel in the United States, except from one of the ports of entry above mentioned.

Vessels which may proceed from one of the ports of entry to any of the out ports within the district above mentioned, without passports expressing the permission of the government of St. Domingo, will be liable to seizure and confiscation.

American vessels which may obtain cargoes in the island of St. Domingo, are to proceed therewith directly to some port in the United States; if such vessel shall be detained or captured, while proceeding on a voyage elsewhere, they will not be entitled to claim the interposition of the American government in their favour.

The masters and owners of American vessels are to be cautioned, as they would avoid the risque of seizure in St. Domingo, not to permit any Frenchmen to embark on board their vessels for any part of the said island, without special passports from the secretary of State.

No persons except citizens of the United States, are to be brought from the island of St. Domingo, unless they produce the written passports of the general in

chief of the army of St. Domingo, authorizing their departure, and also separate passports from the consular general of the United States.

(Signed)  
OLIVER WOLCOTT.

"DIED, on Sunday morning, the 7th instant, Mrs. FRANCES BREWER, relict of Mr. NICHOLAS BREWER, jun. of this city, after a long and painful illness; the fortitude, patience and resignation, which she displayed during her indisposition plainly evinced that she had a full confidence in the enjoyment of the blessings of Heaven.

"Farewell departed friend—adieu!  
Whose virtues many, but whose faults were few,  
Whose sympathetic heart could never hear  
Misfortune's tale, without a tear;  
Away to Heav'n and join the happy few,  
Go and receive what is thy due,  
Thy Maker's praise, a heav'nly crown,  
The joys of Heav'n are all thine own;  
Thy friends may mourn, but why complain,  
Their loss alas! is thy eternal gain."

To the VOTERS of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY,  
GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public, that he offers himself a candidate at the approaching election for the office of Sheriff, and should be happy in meeting their support and suffrages.

JOSEPH HARWOOD.

July 9, 1799.

To be SOLD, agreeably to the directions of the commissioners of the tax of Anne-Arundel county, for the payment of taxes, on Thursday the first day of August next, to the highest bidder, for CASH, only.

ONE acre of LAND, being part of a tract or parcel of land called His LORDSHIP'S BOUNTY, late the property of CHARLES COWLEY.

GILBERT H. SMITH, Collector.  
July 10, 1799.

**JUST PUBLISHED,**

And for sale at this office, price 25 cents per pack, A neat edition of the much admired

**Courting, or Conversation Cards.**

Each pack contains 60 cards, 30 questions in black, and 30 answers in red, and are to be constructed as to cause each answer to suit any question, if played indiscriminately.

From billiards, cards and dice, much mischief springs, These cards have neither aces, treys, nor kings, Nor knaves, nor queens, nor diamonds, club or spades, For LOVE'S pure purpose they are wholly made: Of gaming cards they don't possess one part, Save that at times they tend to win the heart. Love's language, soft, and all its sweet contents, With these you buy for five and twenty cents. Two thousand packs of these cards have actually met with a rapid sale in Baltimore.

Also may be had A few elegant copies of Burkitt on the New Testament, Neatly bound and lettered, price 8 dollars each copy. Teliamed, or The World Explained, Price 1 1/2 Dollars.

A curious piece of antiquity on the crucifixion of Our Saviour and the two thieves, Price 6 cents. Truxton Triumphant, &c. &c. a new song, Price 6 cents. The Nightingale, or Songsters Companion, Price 25 cents. Ambrose and Eleanor, a new work, Price 1 Dollar.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Piscataway, July 1, which, if not taken up by the first of October, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

D. R. WILLIAM BAKER, near Piscataway, P. G. county, 2.

- Thomas B. Clemons, Charles county, 2.
- Barton Carrico, Piscataway.
- Nicholas Craycroft, near Piscataway.
- Messrs. Perry & Culver, Nanville, P. G. county.
- Overton Carr, Piscataway.
- Rev. Mr. John David, to the care of Mr. Richard Borman, Piscataway.
- Rev. Mr. John Fenwick, near Piscataway, P. G. C.
- Mr. Andrew Fitzgerald, Piscataway.
- Mr. Alexander Hamilton, near Piscataway.
- Mr. John Hesselius, Piscataway, P. G. county.
- Mr. Richard Lanham, Log Hall, Piscataway.
- Notley Maddox, Sheriff of P. G. county.
- Doct. Thomas Marshall, near Piscataway.
- Mr. Dennis Magruder, Broad Creek.
- Mr. Thomas N. Mudd, near Piscataway.
- Mr. Thomas Marlow, Charles county, near Piscataway.
- Mr. Charles Nevitt, Piscataway, P. G. C.
- Mr. Lewis Randolph, Piscataway, near B. Creek.
- Capt. Francis Speake, Chickamuxon.
- Mrs. Margaret Turner, Piscataway.
- Nicholas Young, Esq; near Piscataway, 2.

ISIDORE HARDEY, P. M.

**HOPKINS'S**

NEW INVENTED SUPERIOR ELASTIC RAZOR STROPS and COMPOSITION, may be had at this office.

**MUSIC AND MESSIEURS RE-**  
M respectfully inform that during their residence in France of employing the few scholars. For partic-

ALL persons having col. JOHN THOMAS, deceased, are requested to authenticate, to the debtors to the said estate, immediate payment.

ANNELINE of col. Charles county, July

ALL persons having CHARLES MANNING, deceased, of Annapolis, deceased, fame, legally attested, indebted to the said estate, immediate payment, to SARAH MANNING, Annapolis, July 9, 1799.

COMMITTED to the 10th instant, PHILL, who says that with TOLLIVER, living in Virginia, and that he is about 5 feet 10 age, and slim made; he is clothed in a country cloth jacket, faced with country cloth trousers, fore teeth below. His name is taken away in two or he will be sold for purposes, according to law.

June 24, 1799.

In CHANCERY

David Strips, Christian William, Jacob, &c.

THE object of the present is to explain the law in Frederick county, in the purchase of David Strips, deceased, the ancestor of that David Strips, one son, and would be for except for the operation of the bill further states out of the state; it complainant, ordered copy of this order to of three successive weeks for the 2d day of August, and the substance and warned to appear in court, on or before the show cause, if any not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL

NOTICE is hereby application to a commission to court for a commission to a tract or parcel of land lying and being in the an act of assembly, passed June 18, 1799.

The subscribers being of selling and conveying of the late deceased may be necessary FER for SALE, if fair, if not the SUNDRY LANDS, said deceased, acres, lying in Charles county, the Mattawoman and the Patowmack rivers, a variety of tracts or descriptions, it is particularly to designate can be said with certainty planting and farming well stocked with timber them living the adjacent Maryland. The Mattawoman and Brawner's Mill, at the above mentioned, and will be it is completed, as known by the trust to give bond, with the amount of the purchase of payable, with residue, with interest of sale. Possession of the same, and the next, and the chafers when the same not before. The or parcels as may appear design of the sale them given at the knowledge of the

**MUSIC and DANCING.**

**MESSEURS REINAGLE and FRANCIS** respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen; that during their residence in Annapolis, they are desirous of employing their leisure time in attending a few scholars. For particulars apply at the theatre.

**ALL** persons having claims against the estate of **col. JOHN THOMAS**, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, those who are indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment.

**ANNE THOMAS**, Administratrix of col. JOHN THOMAS.

Charles county, July 1, 1799.

**ALL** persons having claims against the estate of **CHARLES MACCUBBIN**, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same, legally attested, for payment, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

**SARAH MACCUBBIN**, Administratrix.

Annapolis, July 9, 1799.

**COMMITTED** to my custody as a runaway, on the 10th instant, a negro man by the name of **PHILL**, who says that he is the property of **BALDWIN TOLLIVER**, living in Orange county, State of Virginia, and that he was bought of **Travers Daniel**; he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, about 35 years of age, and slim made; his cloathing is an old hat, gray cloth jacket, faced with blue, of a brig shirt, striped country cloth trousers, and old shoes, and has lost his fore teeth below. His master is desired to come and take him away in two months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences, according to law.

**JOHN WELCH**, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

June 24, 1799.

In **CHANCERY**, July 1, 1799.

*Nicholas Boyer,*  
against

*David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.*

**THE** object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 50 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on **Stripe's Purchase**, bought by him of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that **David Stripe**, one of the defendants, is the eldest son, and would be sole heir of the said **Jacob Stripe**, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the *Maryland Gazette* before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next Anne-Arundel county court for a commission to mark and bound my part of a tract or parcel of land called **ЛУЧНИКЪ'S PURCHASE**, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed in the year 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding of lands.

June 18, 1799.

**JOSEPH HODGE.**

The subscribers being appointed trustees for the purpose of selling and conveying so much of the real estate of the late deceased major-general **SMALLWOOD** as may be necessary to discharge his debts, will **OFFER** for SALE, on Monday the 15th of July next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

**SUNDRY LANDS** belonging to the estate of the said deceased, consisting of eight or ten thousand acres, lying in Charles county, and situate chiefly on the **Mattawoman creek**, within a very few miles of the **Patowmack river**; as those lands are composed of a variety of tracts or parcels of different contents and descriptions, it is not in the power of the trustees particularly to designate them in an advertisement, but it can be said with certainty that they are well adapted to planting and farming, abound in good water, and are well stocked with timber and wood, besides a number of them having the advantage of fisheries equal to any in Maryland. The sale will commence at a place on the **Mattawoman creek**, well known by the name of **Brawner's Mill**, at 12 o'clock, on the day above mentioned, and will be continued from day to day, until it is completed, at such places as may then be made known by the trustees. Purchasers will be required to give bond, with good security, to the trustees for the amount of the purchase money, the one half thereof payable, with interest, within one year, and the residue, with interest, within two years from the time of sale. Possession will be given on the first of January next, and deeds executed to the respective purchasers when the whole of the money is paid, and not before. The said lands will be sold in such tracts or parcels as may appear to the trustees best to answer the design of the sale, and every information respecting them given at the time of sale that may come to the knowledge of the trustees.

**JOHN CAMPBELL,**  
**HENRY H. CHAPMAN.**

In **CHANCERY**, July 1, 1799.

*John Loringbill,*  
against

*David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.*

**THE** object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 229 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on **Stripe's Purchase**, purchased by him from **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that **David Stripe**, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, and would have been sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the *Maryland Gazette* before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

In **CHANCERY**, July 1, 1799.

*John Shriver,*  
against

*David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.*

**THE** object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 101 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on **Stripe's Purchase**, bought by him of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that **David Stripe**, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the *Maryland Gazette* before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

In **CHANCERY**, July 1, 1799.

*Adam Bijo,*  
against

*David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.*

**THE** object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 82 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on **Stripe's Purchase**, bought of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that **David Stripe** is the eldest son, and would have been sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the *Maryland Gazette* before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

**RAN** away from the subscriber, living near the head of **Severn**, in Anne-Arundel county, on Thursday the 27th of June last, a negro man of the name of **TOM**, generally called captain **TOM**, being accustomed to sail in a wood flat for the subscriber to Annapolis; he is about five feet five or six inches high, stout made, has large cheek bones, and when he laughs shews his teeth, and generally has a large chew of tobacco between his under lip and teeth. Said fellow is about 25 years old, and has been accustomed to every kind of plantation work, and is an excellent sawyer at the whip-law; he is rather slow in speech, unless intoxicated, and if spoke to sharp, has a down look; he had on his usual working cloaths when he went off, and took with him an old red casimer jacket, and white shirt with ruffles on it, and may have other cloaths which is unknown to the subscriber, as he has several relations in the neighbourhood. I do suspect he will make for Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get off by water. I will give 25 dollars if he is apprehended in Baltimore-town and confined in goal, and if brought home to me twenty dollars, and if out of the state thirty dollars, and all reasonable expences for bringing him home, agreeable to law.

**BASIL BROWN.**

N. B. Masters of vessels, and others, are hereby requested and forewarned not to harbour or carry away said negro at their peril.

In **CHANCERY**, June 28, 1799.

*The creditors of general William Smallwood, deceased,*  
against  
*The representatives.*

**ORDERED**, That on application, at any time after the first day of October next, the chancellor will proceed to decide on any contested claims against the estate of **William Smallwood**, deceased, provided a copy of this order be published in the *Maryland Gazette* three weeks successively before the 2d day of August next.

Those claimants against the said estate who have not exhibited satisfactory proofs, are requested to file in this court all their proofs and vouchers before the said 1st day of October.

Any depositions taken on behalf of either party before a judge or justice from a competent witness, will be received as evidence relative to any of the said claims.

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

In **CHANCERY**, July 1, 1799.

**ORDERED**, That the sale made by **WILLIAM KILTY**, as stated in his report, of the real estate of **FRANK LEEKS**, deceased, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 5th day of September next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the *Maryland Gazette* three times during the present month.

The report states, the sale of a mill and appertencencies, with about 90 acres of land, for £ 1000, an old tenement for £ 78 15 6, 6 or 7 acres of meadow ground for £ 100, a dwelling-house, lot, &c. for £ 800, a lot for £ 75; all the property being in or near **Upper-Marlborough**.

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

In **CHANCERY**, July 1, 1799.

*John Furney,*  
against

*David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.*

**THE** object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 67½ acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on **Stripe's Purchase**, bought of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that **David Stripe**, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the *Maryland Gazette* before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

In **CHANCERY**, July 1, 1799.

*Peter Shriver,*  
against

*David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.*

**THE** object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 80 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on **Stripe's Purchase**, bought by him of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that **David Stripe** is the eldest son of **Jacob Stripe**, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the *Maryland Gazette* before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy,

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

**NOTICE.**

**THE** subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at next August term, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in **Zachiah Swamp**, in Charles county, called **FORBURN'S RETREAT**.

**EDWARD EDELIN.**

June 28, 1799.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next Prince-George's county court, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, called **DIAMOND**, lying in Prince-Georges county, according to the act, entitled, an act for marking and bounding lands.

**LEONARD WILLIAMS.**

June 25, 1799.

**A** MINISTER of the protestant episcopal church, who can come well recommended, will meet with lasting encouragement in King and Queen parish, Saint-Mary's county.

June 10, 1799.

**Mrs. MATHER'S**  
**ACADEMY for YOUNG LADIES,**

(No. 96.) North Howard-Street, Baltimore.  
BOARDING, 140 dollars per An.  
EDUCATION, 32 dit. dit.  
With Reading only, 20 dit. dit.  
N. B. Writing, cyphering, letter writing, and teaching a just pronunciation, together with various parts of Fancy needle work included in the said education—Music, drawing, dancing, &c. extra.  
If air and water be any objects, the situation of Howard-Street, is too well known to require any recommendation.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,  
April 1, 1799.

RESOLVED, That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all persons indebted to this corporation the sum or sums of money due to the said corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give discharges for the same; and should any of the said debtors refuse or neglect to pay at least one third of the sum due by them, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, it shall be the duty of the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring suits for the recovery of the whole sum that may be due, and the treasurer of the corporation is hereby authorized and required, when applied to by the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, or either of them, to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purposes aforesaid.

By order,  
A. GOLDBER, Clk.

**Take Notice,**

ALL persons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requested to pay the whole interest, and one third of the principal sum, to the subscribers, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, or suits will be instituted without discrimination, and without delay.

P. B. KEY,  
JOHN GWINN.

**For Sale,**

On very Moderate Terms,  
A fast Sailing, strong Built, NEW  
SCHOONER, forty-one feet long.  
Apply to

Samuel or Horatio Ridout.

Annapolis, May 15, 1799.

**Five Pounds Reward**

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of TOM TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiffers, flammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,  
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

**To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,**

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.  
PHILIP B. KEY.  
Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

**LAND for SALE.**

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.

WILLIAM WALKER.

Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

**For SALE.**

A VALUABLE FARM, situate within one mile of Broad creek ferry, on Kent Island, Queen-Anne's county, containing about 320 acres of land, there is a good landing and deep water near the door, and the tobacco inspection of said island is on the premises; the improvements are, a handsome two story brick dwelling-house, with other necessary buildings, together with an excellent store-house, &c. within fifty yards of the landing; this land being in the centre of the island is the most advantageous for business, and has been occupied as such for thirty years past; there is sufficient timber and wood on the land for its support; the situation is healthy, has fine water, and is not exceeded by any for fishing and fowling in season. Possession may be had on the first of November next. The title indisputable. For further information apply on the premises, to

SAMUEL BLUNT.

**GABRIEL,  
JUST IMPORTED,**

STANDS this season at Belle-Air, Prince-George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all cases where the money is not paid, notes must be given, payable on or before the first of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extensive pasturage at 3/9 per week, but no responsibility for losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkstone, Iris and Planet; she was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miss Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purses, matches and sweepstakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve stone—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horse. N. B. Gabriel can be purchased, Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799.

**To be RENTED,**

And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or  
WILLIAM STEUART of  
Mount Stuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, two negroes, one a man, the other a boy, both of this state. SANDY, a boy about 16 years of age, committed on Friday the 17th instant, who says he is the property of JOHN MAGRUDER, of Upper-Marlborough, Prince-George's county, about five feet high; his clothing an old lullian jacket, of snabrig shirt, and purple cloth breeches. BILL, committed on Monday the 27th instant, about 22 years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, well made, and says he is the property of NATHAN CHAPMAN, of Charles county, living on Pomony riv.; his clothing is a Bath coating upper jacket, swandown under ditto, cotton shirt, Bath coating breeches, white yarn stockings, and coarse shoes, with sundry other cloaths. Their masters are desired to pay charges and take them away in two months from their several dates, or they will be sold agreeably to law for their prison fees and other expences.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of  
Anne-Arundel county.

May 28, 1799.

**MATHER & ABERCROMBY'S**  
SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory.

At late Mr. Yeiser's Distillery, on Jones's falls, and (No. 85) North Howard-Street, Baltimore.

BROWN SOAP, . . . per lb.  
WHITE Ditto, . . .  
DIPPED CANDLES, . . .  
MOULD Ditto, . . .

N. B. Shippers may be supplied with a quantity of the above manufactory at a short notice.

**WANTED,**

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

**HIGH FLYER,**

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white-foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tattersall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the dam of Mr. Shaftoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and Miss Barfith, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowsey, Torimond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Prioten and Villager; all capital runners, his great-grand-dam by Matchless, great-great-great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Grads will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator  
with the will annexed.

**Valuable Lands for Sale.**

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned, passed at November session, 1798.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent  
for the State of Maryland.

April 10, 1799.

JUST PUBLISHED,  
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,  
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

**The LAWS**

OF

MARYLAND,

Passed November Session, 1798.

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waist-coat, and an old pair of gored breeches, a new small round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the goal of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

Sept. 10, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

February 8, 1798. WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

**ANNAPOLIS:**

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(LIVth YEAS)

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# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 1 8, 1 7 9 9.

### KINGSTON, (Jam.) May 25.

**FRENCH** privateer schooner, of 10 four pounders and 94 men, we learn, arrived at Rio de la Hache on the 15th instant, with an American brig of 8 guns, bound from Curraeos to Carthagena, with dry goods to the amount of 45,000 dollars. An American schooner of equal force had an engagement with her, and beat her off, in which action five of her men were killed.

### BERMUDA, June 15.

By a vessel from Jamaica, we learn that the Queen of 98 guns, admiral Parder, lately fell in with three Spanish 74 gun ships which engaged for a considerable time and beat off with great slaughter. The Queen lost near 300 men. By this vessel we also learn that general Touffaint, of St. Domingo, died a short time since; and that the British government has declared that island independent.

### BOSTON, July 8.

A correspondent observes, that a slight shock of an earthquake was felt in this town last Monday morning, which happened about five minutes after nine. Its duration was about two seconds. It was also felt at Salem, the same day and hour.

The fort lately erected at Portland, was by order of the secretary at war, named Fort Sumner, under the discharge of 15 twenty-four pounders.—The secretary in his letter to the proper officer, says, "The death of governor Sumner is not to prevent the naming of the fort at Portland, as heretofore directed; for this tribute of respect is no less due to his memory, than to his living virtues."

### COOPERSTOWN, June 28.

The day before yesterday and the evening of the same day, presented to the inhabitants of Cooperstown, and its vicinity, a spectacle surpassing every thing of the kind, which has been witnessed since it has been penetrated by civilized beings.—Towards evening, the clouds gathered and produced unusual torrents, so as to render lighted candles necessary an hour before sunset—soon the rain poured from the clouds with unusual torrents, accompanied by heavy winds, and the lightning emitted almost a constant blaze, accompanied by its attendant companion, thunder; in the evening the flashes were almost incessant, and the rain which fell during the night, raised the waters of lake Otsego, the surface of which, covers 20,000 acres, from two to three feet—a circumstance which has never occurred within the knowledge of the oldest inhabitant of this country, in the same time.

The damage done by the lightning is considerable. The house of Mr. Waldo, of Cherry Valley, has been struck and injured, and another in Middlefield, several cattle killed, persons injured but none killed, as we have heard—vast damage has been done by the destruction of the crops, bridges, mills, mill-dams, and tan-works. A grist-mill in Burlington, was carried down the stream by the rapidity of the torrent, with such force and effect, that the first discoverable remains of the mill were the mill-stones, the nearest of which was found 50 rods below the site of the mill.

### NEW-YORK, July 11.

We last evening received by the ship Olive, from Cadiz, the following correct general statement relative to the British, French and Spanish fleets, in the Mediterranean.

On the 5th May, 23 sail of French ships, 3 being 3 deckers, passed up the straits, besides a 74, a store ship and some frigates.

The 10th, admiral Jarvis left Gibraltar with 18 ships of the line, one ship of 50 guns, and several frigates.

The 14th, admiral Massaredo left Cadiz, bound to the Straits, with 17 ships of the line, 5 three deckers, one 80, eleven 74's, four frigates and three brigs.

The 18th, 5 British ships of the line, one a three decker, are said to have passed the Straits.

Lord Nelson was in the Mediterranean with 14 or 16 74's, and 4 Portuguese ships. It was reported the Turkish and Russian fleet was 14 ships of the line, with some Neapolitan ships of war, number unknown.

No accounts of Buonaparte. The destination of the French and Spanish fleets, was not known.

It was said, that the French armies had been beaten every where.

Nothing had transpired relative to either of the fleets, previous to the sailing of the Olive.

The ship Olive, captain M'Fall, arrived yesterday in 49 days from Cadiz, with a cargo of wine, &c. consigned to J. B. DeLoisy.

Captain M'Fall informs, that the Spanish fleet, consisting of 17 sail of the line, besides frigates, &c. had left Cadiz, and gone up the Straits; that the Spanish and French fleets, it was supposed, intended to form a junction; and that the latter consisted of 22 sail of the line, besides frigates, &c. Our readers will recollect that we gave this intelligence in our paper of Monday last, with the addition of the British fleet having left their station off Cadiz some time previous.

### PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

From Algiers and Gibraltar.

To captain Smith, of the United States polacre, the Dey, arrived yesterday at the fort, from Algiers and Gibraltar, we are indebted for the following information.

The following is the information I received at Gibraltar on my arrival there from Algiers. It may be relied on as coming from the best authority.—

On the 22d May arrived at Gibraltar: was there visited by a boat belonging to a guard ship. They informed me I had to perform a quarantine. I hoisted a flag at the usual place for the prodic master, who in a short time came along side.—From him and others I afterwards received the following information: That a few days previous to my arrival there, captain Smith, of and from Baltimore, had a severe action with several French gun-boats, and was taken: that he was severely wounded, having received several musket shot in several parts of his body, and that he was then on board the ship at the port of Algiers, and was allowed no surgeon to attend him. About the same time, captain Adams, of and from New-York, in a ship belonging to Mr. Murray of New-York, was taken and carried into the same port, by this banditti. Of their treatment of others who were so unfortunate as to be captured by them, I had no information. I was likewise informed, that a brig, of and from Baltimore, was upset in the Mediterranean, off the island of Alboran. This island is about 30 leagues above Gibraltar. The crew was saved. She was pilot boat built.

I was likewise informed, that on the 5th May, part of the Spanish fleet sailed from Cadiz, and was joined by the French fleet from Brest: and that lord St. Vincent had been driven from his station by continued gales of wind from the westward; but on the 7th, seeing the fleet to windward, he made every exertion to gain them, but to no effect, the whole of his fleet being on a lee-shore in 9 fathoms water. The French and Spaniards, taking advantage of his situation, steered to the southward in order to avoid falling in with his lordship. As soon as the weather moderated, he steered to the southward in pursuit of them. After five days research, and no appearance of the enemy, he bore away for the Mediterranean, which the former had entered on the 13th, their fleet consisting of seventeen sail of the line. On the morning of the 17th his lordship passed Gibraltar, with his fleet, amounting to fifteen sail of the line, with some lighter vessels. There have since passed Gibraltar six seventy-fours\* to reinforce his lordship. These I saw on the 20th about 20 leagues above Gibraltar.

May 25th, failed from Gibraltar in company with four sail of Americans, who were waiting an opportunity to get down the gut.—They were the following, viz. ship Eliza, of Boston, from Legnano, bound to London—brig of Salem, captain Horn, bound to Salem; brig Katy, of Newburyport, Wm. Cottle, master, bound to Newburyport, and a schooner belonging to Kingston in the bay. The captain informed me, that he had been three months in Gibraltar waiting an opportunity to get out of the gut. We took her under our convoy. There is no possibility of any vessel passing the gut but those which are well manned and armed; or by availing themselves of the sailing of an English convoy, which is not very frequent, as most of their private ships that visit this quarter, are themselves well equipped with men and guns. On the night of the 23d, two vessels failed from Gibraltar, under cover of the dark: they had scarcely made sail, when one of them was fired at by three French privateers, and taken into Algiers. In three hours from their leaving the port, they were both captured in sight of the shipping lying in the road, and within shot of the English gun-boats. One of them was a Swede, the other a brig under English colours.—The same night passed through the gut, a fleet of Spanish merchantmen, from Malaga, under convoy of 21 sail of Spanish gun-boats. On the morning following the gun-boats were all standing for Algiers, and were anchored there in the course of the day. There are from 50 to 60 sail of those French privateers or rather pirates under French colours, that intercept the trade between Cape Spartal and Bute Point. But only three of them are of any considerable force, viz. one brig mounting 18 long twelves, and

\* This is the squadron under the command of admiral Whipple.

90 men—one schooner of 8 nines and twelves, and 90 men, and a lugger of 9 nines and sixes. The others principally consist of one or two guns in the bow, with some swivels and muskets. Their practice is to attempt to board, and if they are repulsed, row away to windward, out of gun-shot, in a short time; so that, unless you have a breeze, you can do nothing with them; but during a breeze, they are sure never to attack you if you are of any force.

The afternoon of my departure from Gibraltar, it was reported the French and Spanish fleets were in Carthagena; and that six sail of the Spaniards having failed on a cruise, met with a heavy gale of wind, and were dismasted.

On the night of the 26th, parted company with the before mentioned American vessels, they being in all safe outside of the gut, Cape Spartal bearing E. by N. distant about 20 leagues.

Done on board the United States polacre Dey, lying at Gibraltar from May 22d to 25.

[True Copy.]

The Bashaw of Tripoli has ordered away the American agent, who has arrived at Carthagena. Said bashaw has made some new demands on the United States; and declares, that if they are not complied with, that his corsairs will be ordered by him to take American vessels. This information captain Smith will communicate to all Americans he shall meet, that they might use the necessary precautions, and that captain Smith will proceed with dispatches for the United States, and follow his original instructions, which he has received from the underwritten consul for the United States.

RICHARD O'BRIAN.

To captain Smith, commander of the United States polacre, the Dey, Algiers, April 25, 1799.

### AUTHENTIC PARTICULARS.

Letters have been received at the office of the secretary of state, from Gibraltar, the contents of which, we understand, are as follow:

Admiral Gardner was cruising off Cadiz with 14 sail of the line, when he received advices in 6 days that the Brest fleet was out—he left his station and stood for Cape St. Vincent's, in hopes to meet them—May the 5th, the Brest fleet of 19 sail of the line passed up the Straits. On the 10th, admiral Gardner arrived off Gibraltar, with his fleet, not having seen the enemy, and the next day lord St. Vincent having joined him, they went in pursuit of the French with 17 sail of the line, and on the 13th the Spanish fleet of 15 sail of the line passed up in the rear of St. Vincent's; on the 20th, a reinforcement of 6 sail of the line passed up to join lord St. Vincent's. As soon as the sailing of the Brest fleet reached Gibraltar, lord St. Vincent embargoed all the American vessels, and detained them until the fleet passed through the gut. A letter from the consul of the United States, at Gibraltar of which the following is a copy, was received this morning at the office of the secretary of state.

Gibraltar, 17th May, 1799.

SIR,

The bearer of my last being still detained, I have now to inform you that on the 4th inst. arrived the British majesty's sloop of war Childres, in six days from the Channel fleet, with advices of the French fleet, consisting of 15 sail of the line, having slipped out of Brest in a fog, unperceived. Said sloop met an English frigate from whom she learned that she had been chased by the out scouts of an enemy's fleet of 19 sail of the line, supposed to be the above one, joined by 4 Spanish ships from Ferrol—they were seen in the latitude of Oporto. This the earl St. Vincent communicated to me, that I might apprise the commanders of American vessels bound to the westward, of their danger. Admiral lord Keith, with the British fleet of 14 sail of the line, was at anchor off Cadiz: on receipt of the above intelligence they got under way, and went for Cape St. Vincent. A French admiral and several officers arrived at Cadiz some days ago, to take the command of some of the Spanish ships; from which it is conjectured a junction of these fleets was in agitation. When the Childres left the Channel fleet it was proceeding for the coast of Ireland.

On the evening of the 5th instant, the French fleet passed the gut, going to the eastward, with a fresh southerly wind, and very hazy; twenty-four sail were counted, of which 19 were of the line. Next morning earl St. Vincent sent to inform me that the Americans bound to the westward should be ready to proceed the moment the wind came about, as the French fleet went past us yesterday. Open boats, &c. are sent to endeavour to get out of the gut with dispatches to apprise lord Keith of the French fleet having passed this, and to follow them. I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient and most humble servant,

JOHN GAVINO.

15th May.  
On the 10th instant, lord Keith, with his fleet, arrived here from off Cadiz, when earl St. Vincent embarked, and they sailed next day with 16 sail of the line, of which 6 were three deckers, for the east. It seems that Spain has given up to France 15 sail of the line at Cadiz; and by the report of several boats, 19 sail of the line from thence, with some frigates, passed this port to the east two nights ago. Several cutters in quest of the Brest fleet, and dispatches, &c. have arrived from England. Admiral Gardner is expected off Cadiz with 15 sail of the line, which no doubt will go up the Mediterranean when they find the French and Spaniards are gone there.

Captain Smith, who carried out the Hassan Bathaw from this port, to the dey of Algiers, has just returned to this city. Captain Smith left Gibraltar the 25th May. On the 23d, in his way from Algiers to that port, met six sail of British men of war, going to reinforce earl St. Vincent.

On the 25th a report was in circulation at Gibraltar, that six of the French ships of the line had been destroyed.

The New-Jersey Federalist of Monday, has the following article:—The heavy rain which fell, during the thunder storm on Saturday fortnight, has done great injury in many parts of this state westward. The roads are gullied in many places, so as to render the passage of them extremely difficult and dangerous, and several banks and dams have been broken. On the Rancocus creek in particular we learn, that the waters rose to a much greater height than has been known for 30 years past. The dams of five mills on the creek, in the neighbourhood of Mount-Holly, were entirely carried away, and a number of light buildings contiguous, swept with the current several miles from their station. In the town of Mount-Holly, which in general lies low, on each side of the creek, very great damage was sustained; for some distance up the streets from the creek, the first floor of most of the houses was under water; and the people were obliged to pass in boats from door to door to do their necessary business; and what is mentioned as a singular occurrence, during the fresh, a fishing sein was past through the streets, and many of the inhabitants partook of fish thus caught before their own doors.

From the New-York Mercantile Advertiser.

New-York, July 8.

The ship Charlotte, arrived on Saturday last from Teneriffe, which place she left on the 22d of May—Captain Orange, who was passenger in her came up from the quarantine ground yesterday, and has politely favoured us with the following important article:—That on the 10th of May at 3 o'clock in the morning, a French privateer schooner arrived in the road of Santa Cruz from Cadiz, after a passage of 7 days—captain Orange being desirous to obtain some information from her, remained there until 12 o'clock, at which time the visiting boat came ashore.—By her he learned that three or four days before the privateer left Cadiz the Spanish fleet, said to consist of 22 sail of the line, had failed, their destination the Mediterranean, supposed with a view to form a junction with the French fleet which had got up the Straits.—The British fleet had left its situation before Cadiz, some time previous. A French admiral, name forgotten, was with the Spaniards, and was the second in command, which it was supposed would give umbrage to the Spanish naval officers.

NORFOLK, July 9.

A gentleman from Guadaloupe (via St. Thomas's), has furnished us with the following information:

About the 14th of June, a tartane arrived at Guadaloupe, in 26 days from Cadiz, with dispatches for general Desfourneaux. This vessel brought intelligence, that two days before her sailing, the Brest fleet appeared off Cadiz. Vice-admiral Bruix, who commanded, sent in a corvette to give admiral Massaredo notice of the same. A division of the Spanish fleet came out immediately, and was followed the next day by a second division, the whole amounting to 26 sail of the line, with frigates in proportion. After forming a junction, the fleets proceeded for the Mediterranean. Earl St. Vincent had put into Gibraltar. The combined fleets were to be joined by 6 Spanish ships of the line at Carthagena, and 3 French ships at Toulon, with troops on board—the whole destined to act in the Mediterranean.

Admiral Massaredo had the command in chief. French officers were put on board each of the Spanish ships to regulate the signals; they had a double set of officers; and any commander disobeying the signals of the admiral, was to be immediately tried, and shot on the deck of his own vessel, and his place supplied from the supernumerary officers.

Advices had been received in France, that a fleet which sailed from Toulon with 8,000 troops on board, had succeeded in safely landing them in Egypt.—The Texel fleet, it was also said, had sailed with from 18 to 20,000 troops on board, for Ireland, directing its course by the Orkney islands, for the north of Ireland, while lord Bridport was waiting for the Brest fleet to the southward, off Cape Clear.

BALTIMORE, July 11.

By letters received at Philadelphia, from Cadiz it appears, that his catholic majesty, having taken into consideration the injuries which the Spanish commerce has sustained, and the advantages derived to his enemies by the illicit intercourse carried on with the Spanish colonies in South-America, he has ordered by a public edict, dated the 9th of April last, that the Spanish ports of South-America be shut against all neutrals as well as the subjects of belligerent nations.

ANNAPOLIS, July 18.

At a meeting of the Visitors and Governors of St. John's College, in the State of Maryland, on the 13th day of July, 1799.

RESOLVED, That, on the 1st day of October next, this board will proceed to elect a professor of English and grammar, who shall receive for his services at the rate of £.200 per annum, to be paid quarterly, and that public notice thereof be given, &c. &c.

Test.

A. C. HANSON.

N. B. The office aforesaid hath just become vacant by the resignation of a gentleman whose affairs require the immediate undertaking of a voyage by sea.

It is the duty of the said professor (to whom an assistant is allowed) to teach the English language grammatically, and to prepare students for a superior school, by teaching them the latin grammar, the vocabulary and corderly. Writing is to be taught to all his scholars at stated hours; and to those boys who are not destined for the superior school, are to be taught, at the discretion of their parents or guardians, arithmetic, and other branches of science usually taught in English schools. A complete knowledge of latin, arithmetic, &c. is considered indispensable in the professor: and it is expected that candidates, who are not known to the board, will submit to an examination, as well as produce testimony of their good morals and fair character.

The printers within the United States are requested to insert in their papers the foregoing resolution and remarks, and to repeat the publication, as often as convenience will admit, until the 20th day of September next.

To the VOTERS of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS and ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN,

IN consequence of the many solicitations of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate at the approaching election for the office of sheriff, and, as I have been upwards of five years employed in that business, consider myself fully adequate to discharge its several duties; should I have the honour to become your choice, no exertion on my part shall be wanting to give general satisfaction in the faithful execution of that important trust. I have the honour to be, with great respect, the public's most obedient and humble servant,

JASPER EDWARD TILLY.

July 15, 1799.

FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscribers will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, at the late dwelling house of THOMAS LANE, deceased, on Friday the 31st day of August next, for CASH only,

SUNDRY negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, some of whom are excellent house servants and waiters; the said negroes will be sold to discharge the debts due from the aforesaid Thomas Lane; and all persons having claims against him are requested to exhibit them to the subscribers, legally authenticated, on or before the day of sale, in order to obtain their dividends.

BARBARA LANE,  
OSBORN S. HARWOOD, } Executors.

July 15, 1799.

Land for Sale.

On Friday the 31st day of August next, the subscriber will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises,

A SMALL tract of very valuable LAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, distant one and an half miles from Rawlings's tavern, called PART of BROWSELY HALL, containing one hundred acres, more or less. Terms of sale, cash.

BARBARA LANE.

July 15, 1799.

Patowmack Company.

THE Stockholders of the Patowmack company will please to take notice, that a general meeting of said company will be held at the Union tavern in George-town, on the 5th day of next month; when a state of their affairs, with the treasurer's account, will be laid before them—An election of president and directors, to manage the business for the year ensuing, will also be held—It is therefore desired that the stockholders may generally attend.

All those who have claims, against the Patowmack Company, will bring them in to Wm. HARTSHORNE before the general meeting, that measures may be taken to put them in a course of payment.

By order of the president and directors,  
Wm. HARTSHORNE, Treasurer.  
Alexandria, 7th mo. 6, 1799.

One Cent Reward.

A BSCONDFD from his master's employment an apprentice lad named THOMAS PRYSE. Whoever will deliver the said apprentice to his master shall receive the above reward, paid by EDWARD J. PRYSE.

To the VOTERS of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public, that he offers himself a candidate at the approaching election for the office of sheriff, and should be happy in meeting their support and suffrages.

JOSEPH HARWOOD.

July 9, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of October next.

WILLIAM ATWELL, care of Benjamin Atwell, Annapolis.

Miss Brice, James Bryce, Dominick T. Blake, William Bayly, Annapolis.

Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Jer. T. Chase, John Callahan, Robert Courtenay, Henry Croft, Annapolis; Joseph Cowman, West river; George Collins, Anne-Arundel county.

Gabriel Duvall, John Davidson, Jesse Dewees, William Dallam, Annapolis; Benst. Darnall (2), Richd. Darnall, Pig Point.

Monf. Generes, Frederick & Samuel Green, Annapolis; Jacob Green (2), Pig Point.

Alexander Contee Hanson (2), John Henry, Aquila Hall, Andrew Hamilton, John Hurst (2), William Hilliary, Abraham Huff, sen. Nicholas Harwood (2), William Harwood, care of Thos. Harwood, Sarah Holowhawk, Annapolis; Edward Hall, West river; Dr. Walter Harrison, Martha Hall, Francis Holland, Anne-Arundel county.

James Iredell (2), R. D. Jennings, Horner Jennings, Annapolis.

Willm. M'Machen, Hugh M'Guire (2), Patrick Merdock, Patrick Macgregor, care of Mr. M'Guire, Thomas D. Meriott, Annapolis; Thomas M'Clung, near Annapolis; Hannah Mitchell, Sandy point.

William Prentiss, John Pomey, Annapolis; Samuel Pool, Anne-Arundel county.

Henrietta Rogers, Thomas B. Randall (2), Jno. Bill Ricketts, Annapolis.

Right Worshipful Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, Robert Smith, Nicholas Sluby, Annapolis; rev. Charles Steward, near Annapolis; Samuel L. Smith, Samuel Smith, Pig Point.

Thos. Tucker, Annapolis.

Henry Van Dyke (2), Annapolis.

William Watson (2), care of J. B. Ricketts, Annapolis.

S. GREEN, D. P. M.

None of the above letters will be delivered without the money.

July 1, 1799.

To be SOLD, agreeably to the directions of the commissioners of the tax of Anne-Arundel county, for the payment of taxes, on Thursday the first day of August next, to the highest bidder, for CASH, only.

ONE acre of LAND, being part of a tract or parcel of land called HIS LORDSHIP'S BOWNTY, late the property of CHARLES COWLEY.

GILBERT H. SMITH, Collector.

July 10, 1799.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale at this office, price 25 cents per pack, A neat edition of the much admired

Courting, or Conversation Cards.

Each pack contains 60 cards, 30 questions in black, and 30 answers in red, and are so constructed as to cause each answer to suit any question, if played indiscriminately.

From billiards, cards and dice, much mischief springs, These cards have neither aces, treys, nor kings, Nor knaves, nor queens, nor diamonds, club or spade, For Love's pure purpose they are wholly made:

Of gaming cards they don't possess one part, Save that at times they tend to win the heart, Love's language lost, and all its sweet contents, With these you buy for five and twenty cents.

Two thousand packs of these cards have actually met with a rapid sale in Baltimore.

Also may be had

A few elegant copies of

Burkitt on the New Testament,

Neatly bound and lettered, price 8 dollars each copy.

Telamed, or The World Explained,

Price 1 1/2 Dollars.

A curious piece of antiquity on the crucifixion of

Our Saviour and the two thieves,

Price 6 cents.

Truxton Triumphant, &c. &c. a new song,

Price 6 cents.

The Nightingale, or Songsters Companion,

Price 25 cents.

Ambrose and Eleanor, a new work,

Price 1 Dollar.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned, passed at November session, 1798.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent

for the State of Maryland,

April 10, 1799.

MUSIC: MESSIEURS respectfully inform that during their residence of employing a few scholars. For pa

ALL persons having col. JOHN T. deceased, are requested to be authenticated, to the said estate, to the immediate payment.

ANNAPOLIS, of Charles county, Ju

ALL persons having CHARLES M. of Annapolis, deceased, legally attested indebted to the said estate, to the immediate payment, to SARAH M. Annapolis, July 9,

COMMITTED the 10th instant PHILL, who says that WIN TOLLIVER, living in Virginia, and that he is about 5 feet tall, age, and slim made; cloth jacket, faced w country cloth trousers fore teeth below. He take him away in t or he will be sold for peres, according to

June 24, 1799. In CHAN

David Stripe, Christ William, Jacob

THE object of the complainant the late Frederick Stripe's Purchase, bonded, the ancestor of that David Stripe, or son, and would be for except for the operation of the bill further stated out of the state; its complainant, ordered copy of this order of of three successive weeks for the 2d day of A defendants may have and the substance and warned to appear in court, on or before the show cause, if any not pass as prayed.

NOTICE is hereby application to the court for a commission a tract or parcel of lying and being in an act of assembly. An act for marking a

June 18, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS, Piscataway, by the first of Oct Post-Office as de

D. R. WILLIAM G. county, 2 Thomas B. Clemons Barton Carrico, Pife Nicholas Craycroft, Messrs. Perry & Cul Overton Carr, Pife Rev. Mr. John D. Borman, Piscataway Rev. Mr. John Fen Mr. Andrew Fitzge Mr. Alexander Ham Mr. John Hesselius, Mr. Richard Lanhan Notley Maddox, the Doct. Thomas Mar Mr. Dennis Magrud Mr. Thomas N. Mu Mr. Thomas Marlo way. Mr. Charles Nevitt, Mr. Lewis Randolph Capt. Francis Speak Mrs. Margant Turn Nicholas Young, B

ALL persons having STEUART, requested to make are requested to mak WILLIAM ANNE-ARUNDEL CO

MUSIC and DANCING.

MESSIEURS REINAGLE and FRANCIS respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen, that during their residence in Annapolis, they are desirous of employing their leisure time in attending a few scholars. For particulars apply at the theatre.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of col. JOHN THOMAS, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, those who are indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment.

ANNE THOMAS, Administratrix of col. JOHN THOMAS.

Charles county, July 1, 1799.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of CHARLES MACCUBBIN, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same, legally attested, for payment, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to SARAH MACCUBBIN, Administratrix.

SARAH MACCUBBIN, Administratrix. Annapolis, July 9, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on the 10th instant, a negro man by the name of PHILL, who says that he is the property of BALDWIN TOLLIVER, living in Orange county, State of Virginia, and that he was bought of Travers Daniel; he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, about 35 years of age, and slim made; his cloathing is an old hat, gray cloth jacket, faced with blue, of a brig shirt, striped country cloth trousers, and old shoes, and has lost his fore teeth below. His master is desired to come and take him away in two months from the above date, or he will be sold for his priton fees and other expenses, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

June 24, 1799.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799. Nicholas Boyer, against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 50 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son, and would be sole heir of the said Jacob Stripe, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application; and the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, TELL. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next Anne Arundel county court for a commission to mark and bound my part of a tract or parcel of land called LYONS'S PURCHASE, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed in the year 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding of lands.

JOSEPH HODGE.

June 18, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, Piscataway, July 1, which, if not taken up by the first of October, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

D. R. WILLIAM BAKER, near Piscataway, P. G. county, 2.

- Thomas B. Clemons, Charles county, 2-
Barton Carico, Piscataway.
Nicholas Craycroft, near Piscataway.
Messrs. Perry & Culver, Nanville, P. G.
Overton Carr, Piscataway.
Rev. Mr. John David, to the care of Mr. Richd. Borman, Piscataway.
Rev. Mr. John Fenwick, near Piscataway, P. G. C.
Mr. Andrew Fitzgerald, Piscataway.
Mr. Alexander Hamilton, near Piscataway.
Mr. John Hesselius, Piscataway, P. G. county.
Mr. Richard Lanham, Log Hall, Piscataway.
Notley Maddox, sheriff of F. G. county.
Doct. Thomas Marshalls, near Piscataway.
Mr. Dennis Magruder, Broad Creek.
Mr. Thomas N. Mudd, near Piscataway.
Mr. Thomas Marlow, Charles county, near Piscataway.
Mr. Charles Nevitt, Piscataway, P. G. C.
Mr. Lewis Randolph, Piscataway, near B. Creek.
Capt. Francis Speake, Chickamuxon.
Mrs. Margaret Turner, Piscataway.
Nicholas Young, Esq; near Piscataway, 2.

ISIDORE HARDEY, P. M.

ALL persons having claims against CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceased, are requested to make them known, and those indebted are requested to make payment, to WILLIAM STEUART, Administratrix.

WILLIAM STEUART, Administratrix. Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

John Lookingbill, against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 229 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, purchased by him from Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, TELL. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

John Sbriner, against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 101 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, TELL. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

Adam Bish, against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 82 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe is the eldest son, and would have been sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, TELL. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near the head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, on Thursday the 27th of June last, a negro man of the name of TOM, generally called captain TOM, being accustomed to sail in a wood flat for the subscriber to Annapolis; he is about five feet five or six inches high, stout made, has large cheek bones, and when he laughs shews his teeth, and generally has a large chew of tobacco between his under lip and teeth. Said fellow is about 25 years old, and has been accustomed to every kind of plantation work, and is an excellent Sawyer at the whip-law; he is rather slow in speech, unless intoxicated, and if spoke to sharp, has a down look; he had on his usual working cloaths when he went off, and took with him an old red casimer jacket, and white shirt with ruffles on it, and may have other cloaths which is unknown to the subscriber, as he has several relations in the neighbourhood. I do suspect he will make for Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get off by water. I will give 15 dollars if he is apprehended in Baltimore-town and confined in gaol, and if brought home to me twenty dollars, and if out of the state thirty dollars, and all reasonable expences for bringing him home, agreeable to law.

BASIL BROWN.

N. B. Masters of vessels, and others, are hereby requested and forewarned not to harbour or carry away said negro at their peril.

In CHANCERY, June 28, 1799.

The creditors of general William Smallwood, deceased, against The representatives.

ORDERED, That on application, at any time after the first day of October next, the chancellor will proceed to decide on any contested claim against the estate of William Smallwood, deceased, provided a copy of this order be published in the Maryland Gazette three weeks successively before the 2d day of August next.

Those claimants against the said estate who have not exhibited satisfactory proofs, are requested to file in this court all their proofs and vouchers before the said 1st day of October.

Any depositions taken on behalf of either party before a judge or justice from a competent witness, will be received as evidence relative to any of the said claims.

TELL. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

ORDERED, That the sale made by WILLIAM OKILTY, as stated in his report, of the real estate of FRANK LEEK, deceased, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary, be shewn on or before the 5th day of September next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three times during the present month.

The report states, the sale of a mill and appertinencies, with about 90 acres of land, for £. 1000, an old tenement for £. 78 15 0. 6 or 7 acres of meadow ground for £. 100, a dwelling-house, lot, &c. for £. 800, a lot for £. 75; all the property being in or near Upper-Marlborough.

TELL. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

John Furney, against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 67 1/2 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe, one of the defendants, is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and of the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court on or before the 2d day of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, TELL. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, July 1, 1799.

Peter Sbriner, against

David Stripe, Christian Eury, and Catharine his wife, William, Jacob, Polly, Warner, Sally and Elizabeth Stripe.

THE object of the bill is to obtain to the complainant the legal title in 80 acres of land, lying in Frederick county, part of the resurvey on Stripe's Purchase, bought by him of Jacob Stripe, deceased, the ancestor of the defendants; the bill states, that David Stripe is the eldest son of Jacob Stripe, deceased, and would have been his sole heir, except for the operation of the act to direct descents; the bill further states, that all the defendants reside out of the state; it is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, ordered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 2d day of August next, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of the present application, and the substance and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 2d of December next, to shew cause, if any they have, why a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy, TELL. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at next August term, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in Zachish Swamp, in Charles county, called FORTUNE'S RETREAT.

EDWARD EDELIN.

June 28, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby gives, that I intend to petition the next Prince-George's county court, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, called DIAMOND, lying in Prince-Georges county, according to the act, entitled, an act for marking and bounding lands.

LEONARD WILLIAMS.

June 25, 1799.

A MINISTER of the protestant episcopal church, who can come well recommended, will meet with lasting encouragement in King and Queen parish, Saint-Mary's county.

June 10, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,  
April 1, 1799.

RESOLVED, That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all persons indebted to this corporation the sum or sums of money due to the said corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give discharges for the same; and should any of the said debtors refuse or neglect to pay at least one third of the sum due by them, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, it shall be the duty of the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring suits for the recovery of the whole sum that may be due, and the treasurer of the corporation is hereby authorized and required when applied to by the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, or either of them, to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purposes aforesaid.

By order,

A. GOLDER, Clk.

Take Notice,

ALL persons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requested to pay the whole interest, and one third of the principal sum, to the subscribers, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, or suits will be instituted without discrimination, and without delay.

P. B. KEY,  
JOHN GWINN.

For Sale,

On very Moderate Terms,  
A fast Sailing, strong Built, NEW  
SCHOONER, forty-one feet long.  
Apply to

Samuel or Horatio Ridout.

Annapolis, May 15, 1799.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of TOM TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiflers, flammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Mariborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,  
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on  
long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trully market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.  
PHILIP B. KEY.  
Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.

WILLIAM WALKER.

Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Hagar's town, on the 31st of May, a negro man named DANIEL, formerly the property of major WILLIAM BROGDEN, living in Anne-Arundel county. When he absconded he had on a dark green jacket, a pair striped trousers, a hemp shirt, and a high crowned hat, has remarkable small legs and very long feet, and his foreteeth are very long, and in a decayed state; thin visage, very complaisant when spoken to. Whoever apprehends said fellow, and secures him in any goal, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home.  
JACOB KNODA.

Hagar's town, June 20, 1799.

## GABRIEL, JUST IMPORTED,

STANDS this season at Belle-Air, Prince-George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all cases where the money is not paid, notes must be given, payable on or before the first of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extensive pasturage at 3/9 per week, but no responsibility for losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkstone, Iris and Planet; she was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miss Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purses, matches and sweepstakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve stone—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horse.

N. B. Gabriel can be purchased.  
Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799.

## The thorough bred Horse ECLIPSE

IS in high perfection, and will stand the ensuing season at Mount Air, (near Piscataway, in Maryland) to cover mares, at ten dollars, but eight will be taken if paid by the first of August, and a dollar to the groom, the season to commence the 15th of April and end the 1st of August. Good pasturage for mares at half a dollar per week, and the greatest care taken, but will not be liable for accidents or escapes.

EDWARD EDELEN.

ECLIPSE is elegantly formed, full fifteen and an half hands high, rising six years old, a beautiful forc'd, strong, boney, lengthy and active, he was got by the imported horse Eclipse. Belle Air, the dam of Eclipse, was got by Othello, her dam an imported mare from the duke of Hamilton's stud by Spot, her grand-dam by Cartouch, her great-grand-dam by Old Traveller, her great-great-grand-dam by Sedbury, her great-great-great-grand-dam by Childers, out of a Barb mare. Eclipse was imported by Mr. Hall, of Maryland, he was got by O'Kelly's famous Eclipse out of Phebe, full sister to Apollo. Phebe was got by Regulus, her dam by Cottingham, grand-dam by Snake, great-grand-dam by the Bald Galloway, great-great-grand-dam by lord Carlyle's Turk. Cottingham was got by Mr. Hartly's famous foal getter called the Blind Horse. Certified by RICHARD TATTERSALL.  
Mount Air, April 10, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, on the 20th instant, a negro man, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a swarthy complexion, who calls himself SOLOMON, and says he is the property of GERARD B. CAUSEN, Esquire, and was hired this present year to Moses Cawood, of Prince-George's county. His owner is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold agreeably to law for his prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff  
Charles county.

June 25, 1799.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT JOHNSON, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, or legal process will commence against them, and those who have claims against said estate are requested to present them, legally authenticated, to

JOHN JOHNSON, Administrator  
of ROBERT JOHNSON.

June 25, 1799.

VALENTINE SNYDER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that during the summer season, the fare for passengers in his LAND STAGE to Annapolis, will be at the very low price of 150 cents each passenger, including 14 wt. baggage, and the same up again.

His stage leaves Mr. Evan's as usual, on Monday and Friday mornings, at 8 o'clock—and Annapolis, Tuesdays and Saturdays, at the same hour.

TAKEN up adrift, off Sandy Point, by the subscriber, living in Annapolis, a small Mofes built BOAT, about twelve feet keel, has five row locks, three of them new, part of her gunwale new, and has a small twisted chain in her bow. She is now in the care of Mr. ARCHIBALD DORBIN, at the Hope Mills, on Magoth river, in Anne-Arundel county, where the owner may get her again on proving property and paying charges.

NATHANIEL SHEPHERD.

June 17, 1799.

CASH given for Clean  
Linen and Cotton  
RAGS,  
At the Printing-Office.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given,  
THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or  
WILLIAM STEWART of  
Mount Stuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator  
with the will annexed.

JUST PUBLISHED,  
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,  
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

The LAWS  
OF  
MARYLAND,  
Passed November Session, 1798.

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new mill round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the goal of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

Sept. 10, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

Ship timber wanted.

THE subscriber being authorized to contract with one or more persons for the timber of a seventy-four gun ship, to be built at the Navy Yard, at the city of Washington, will receive proposals for any part thereof until a sufficient quantity is engaged. The timber chiefly to consist of white oak, red cedar, mulberry, and pine, for which good prices will be given.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Naval Agent.

June 10, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late SAMUEL LLOYD CHEW, are requested to make them known, and the creditors of the said Chew are requested to meet the subscriber at the house of Mr. Wharfe, in the city of Annapolis, on the second Tuesday in July next, with their respective claims, legally attested, to receive such proportion of the assets in hand to which they are respectively entitled.

RICHARD HARRISON, Administrator.

May 25, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:  
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
GREEN.

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# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 25, 1799.

VIENNA, April 29.

LIEUTENANT GUGESIOS, of the regiment of Nadassy, arrived here this day with the news that the town and fortrefs of Brescia were taken on the 20th instant, in the following manner:—Field marshal lieutenant Kray, charged with this enterprize, detached for the purpose field marshal lieutenant Otto, with his divisions, who had already marched on the 17th from his position at Monte Chiaro, by Caste Nedolo, to reconnoitre the town.

The 20th, at midnight, field marshal Otto quitted his camp with his division in two columns. The battalion of Nadassy, posted in the Rezero, upon the high road by Euphemis, as far as the entrance of the suburbs of Brescia.

Colonel Biteskuti advanced on the high road leading from Caste Nedolo to Brescia, with a battalion of the Anthony Esterhazy, which he commanded, and two battalions of Nadassy, commanded by colonel Absaiter, with the necessary artillery.—The battalion of Esterhazy was posted on the left of the high road near the town, to cover the bomb batteries; and the battalion of Nadassy posted on the right to keep up the communication with the battalion stationed near St. Euphemis. The third battalion of Nadassy remained in reserve near St. Polo.

These battalions directed their attack against the gate or Torro Longo. One battalion of Esterhazy, commanded by major-general Kraus, which was at Chedi, marched on the high road of Cremona by St. Zeno, against the gate of St. Alexander. This column was augmented by a corps of horse artillery, and all the rest of the cavalry, commanded by colonel Sommativa, pushed forward as far as the high road to Crema, to cover the left wing.

This enterprize was supported by 500 Cossacks, 1000 foot chassieurs, and 500 grenadiers, under the orders of the two Russian generals, the princes Gortschop, and Bagration. The division of field marshal lieutenant Zoph was kept in reserve in case of necessity.

After these dispositions, field marshal lieutenant Otto sent a second summons to the French commander, and having received his refusal, the town began to be bombarded at 6 o'clock in the morning, and in the space of an hour and a half several cannon were dismounted. This circumstance, together with the approach of the battalion of Nadassy, of the gate of Pelchiers, caused the enemy, to give way, and to retire with precipitation into the citadel.

Our pioneers immediately forced the gate, and by the exertions of field marshal lieutenant Kray the inhabitants assembled upon the ramparts, lowered the drawbridge. The battalion of Nadassy then entered the town, drums beating and colours flying.

One wing of the dragoons of Lobkowitz which was posted in the rear, under the orders of major count Kersch, and a battalion of a regiment of Esterhazy, took possession of the avenues and streets of the town, of all the roads leading to the citadel, and thus secured this important place.

The enemy kept up a continual fire from the citadel, but without doing any mischief. This induced field marshal lieutenant Kray to summons the commander of the citadel, who at first demanded permission to withdraw his troops unconditionally: but perceiving the alarming preparations of the Imperial and Russian troops to take the citadel by assault, he refused to capitulate. By this capitulation, the garrison, consisting of 1000 men, were made prisoners of war. Forty pieces of cannon, 18 mortars, 480 cwt. of powder, a great number of muskets and gun carriages, with ammunition and provision of every kind, and a great quantity of stores, have fallen into our hands. This important conquest has cost us only one artilleryman.

May 4.

Field marshal lieutenant count Bellegarde has written on the 24th April from Naunders, that he (in order to strengthen the operations of the Italian army on the advancing over the Chiése towards the Oglio) has given orders to major-general Vukassovich to co-operate with his troops to the utmost. At the same time that general received an order from field marshal Suwarrow, to advance across Fetsone towards Iseo, to support the movement of the army.

Before count Bellegarde knew of the movements of the army of Italy, he gave orders to colonel Strauch to enter into the Nal Camonion from Michael Wallis, and to advance from Tonalover, Ponte di Legno towards Edolo.

After a most fatiguing march over mountains covered with snow more than two feet deep, the colonel arrived at Vione. The first posts of the enemy retired without much resistance; but the enemy defended themselves with obstinacy behind the intrenchment at Vione, but were driven from them by the bayonet.

Colonel Strauch marched then to Vezza, and took possession of Anounzeno and the passes which lay be-

tween Ponte di Legno and Edolo, towards Camonica.

Our loss was but trifling, and colonel Strauch says, that his troops in this very fatiguing enterprize, and with such unfavourable weather, have shewn a praiseworthy and indefatigable perseverance, and in their battles an uncommon bravery.

Field marshal count Bellegarde gave orders on the 22d to reconnoitre in different directions on the borders of Engadien and Brettegau, to examine the mountains, which were not passable according to reports.

The mountains being impassable, determined field marshal count Bellegarde to delay reconnoitring; but major Schmidt of Naugebauer, who was ordered to make a diversion towards Fimbs Joch with a battalion of this regiment, had not received the counter order.

This active and skilful staff-officer commenced his march on the 21st, over Blockig Alpe, towards Fimbs Joch—after marching over this very difficult point, they met the first piquets of the enemy near Jarsenboden, who gave way without resistance, and retreated towards Manas. The advanced guard pursued the enemy warmly into the village, where an obstinate battle ensued. The enemy in the mean-time succeeded in bringing up their reserve, to harass the retreat of our troops fatigued by so difficult a march. Major Schmidt had on this occasion the misfortune to fall into the hands of the enemy with a part of his troops and some officers. The rest of the battalion returned to Ysgal.

UPPER RHINE, May 2.

We have the melancholy confirmation that the two French ambassadors at the congress, viz. Roberjot and Bonnier, were murdered on the 28th April, in the evening, on their return from Raftadt to Selz: the following are the most ample particulars:

BADEN, May 2.

The congress at Raftadt terminated on the 28th ult. about 7 o'clock in the evening; a squadron of the Hussars of Seckler, the same day entered Raftadt, and a trumpeter brought a dispatch from the Imperial colonel Barbackzy, commanding at Gernsbach, to baron Albini, to the purport that the French ministers were to quit Raftadt in 24 hours, that city, owing to the operations of war, being to be occupied by the emperor's orders, and that no further residence should be granted to them or any other French citizens. In the evening 400 more Austrians took charge of the gates of Raftadt. This notice having been given to the French ministers, Bonnier, in particular, expressed much dissatisfaction at it; they resolved, however, though night was coming on, to set out; the minister of Mentz, baron Albini, solicited passports for the French ministers, but could not obtain them from colonel Barbackzy, who declared that only the archduke Charles could give passports on such occasions. The remaining members of the deputation and the Prussian ministers offered to accompany them to the Rhine, but they declined the offer.

No sooner had they set off in the evening of the 28th, and proceeded to the distance of a short quarter of a league, than some people having the appearance of Hussars fell in with the carriages: it was dark—the French ministers were stopped, and their passports demanded of them. Bonnier is said to have refused to give any further account than answering, that they were the French ministers who wanted to return to France. A violent altercation then ensued, and the melancholy acts of outrage were committed. Jean de Brie received cuts on the head, but was not killed. He returned to Raftadt, with the secretary of legation, citizen Rolentstreich.

Some persons were immediately sent from Raftadt, to convey the remains of Roberjot and Bonnier to that place. The carriages of the ambassadors were entirely plundered of all they contained. On the 29th, in the evening, the remains of Bonnier and Roberjot were solemnly buried at Raftadt by torch light.

The out lines of another account, of the 4th May.

The French ministers departed drawn by the carriage of Baden's horses, which were purposely sent from Carlstruhe to Raftadt. Colonel Barbackzy is said to have promised them a card or ticket, instead of a passport, but they set out before he came. It is farther reported, that Bonnier as soon as he was stopped, jumped out of the carriage, drew his sabre, and fired his pistol at one of the assailants. The men are then said to have committed the murder. The ministers were escorted by two dragoons.

CORFU, April 15.

Yesterday the combined Russian and Turkish fleet, consisting of 40 ships of war and 46 transports, with troops on board, set sail for Italy.

PALERMO, April 16.

Two great armies are formed in this kingdom, which hold themselves in readiness to embark on an

expedition to the main land of Italy. All the ships in the harbour of Sicily are ready to sail, and the English force by land and sea, which will support this expedition is very great. In the kingdom of Naples the discontents of the people against the French daily increases; and in Calabria and Abruzzo, all are under arms who are capable of bearing them, with a firm resolution to defend the monarchical constitution at the expence of their lives.

TRENT, May 3.

Colonel Strauch has advanced with his column by Tanale to Edolo, and forced the French to retreat into the Valteline.—He immediately took possession of the passes of Africa and Montrolo, and took 60 prisoners. At the latter place the French attacked him with a reinforcement; but the Austrians using only the bayonet, forced them to retreat, notwithstanding the deep snow, with a loss of 700 killed and wounded. The Austrians lost 200 men and three officers. The French in the Valteline are 6000 strong.

STRASBURG, May 9.

The private papers of the French secretary of legation, which on the 28th of April were thrown into the Murg, and carried down into the Rhine, have been taken up by the people of Zermerheim and restored to him.

SUABIA, May 10.

On the 8th instant the Russian general count Tolstot, passed through Ausburg, on his way to the head quarters of the archduke Charles, to regulate with him the march of a Russian army of reserve, which is already in West Galicia, and on its way to the Rhine.

MILAN, April 30.

The battle near Cassano, on the 27th of April, was extremely obstinate, and lasted above ten hours. The Russian advanced guard attacked with incredible fury a column of the enemy of superior force, and great numbers were killed on both sides; which so enraged the Russian troops that they afterwards gave no quarter. On the 27th in the evening the Austrian advanced guard entered this city, and, on the 28th, the head quarters and the army arrived.—General Melas immediately re-established a tribunal of police, and appointed Manzoni its president.

General Suwarrow took up his head quarters in the house of the marquis Castillon, near the eastern gate; and general Melas in the palace Belgioso.—Count Gocastelli is Imperial commilitary to the Italian army.

Yesterday arrived here general Serrurier, with the 3000 French who surrendered prisoners to general Vukassovich. The French garrison in the citadel here has been summoned to surrender, but has refused; and preparations are making for the attack. The head quarters are removing to-day towards the Tessin.

Terms of capitulation offered by the general of division Serrurier, commanding a corps of troops in the service of the French republic, to the Austrian general Vukassovich:

All the French and Piedmontese troops stationed near Verderio surrender themselves prisoners of war on the following conditions.—Granted.

Art. 1. All generals, staff and commissioned officers, are to keep their arms, horses, and baggage; the soldiers, horse and foot, both French and Piedmontese, are also to keep their baggage.—Granted.

Art. 2. Both shall be exchanged by the army in the usual order.—Granted.

Art. 3. In expectation of a general exchange, as many French prisoners as have been taken in the action shall be exchanged for as many Austrian prisoners.—Refused.

Art. 4. The other Frenchmen are to remain prisoners of war by virtue of the present capitulation, the generals, staff and other officers, whether French or Piedmontese, are dismissed and permitted to return to France and Piedmont, on promising not to serve against his majesty the empire and king, nor his allies, until they be so respectively exchanged.—Granted.

Art. 5. The same favour is requested as in the preceding article, for all non-commissioned officers of cavalry that may remain prisoners of war.—Refused.

Verderio, the 9th Floreal, 7th year of the republic. August 28, 1799.

(Signed)

SERRURIER.

N. B. General Vukassovich promises, that the soldiery made prisoners of war should not be sent back further than the six Venetian territories, so that by the interference of general Serrurier with his government an exchange may in a short time be made, rank for rank, and man for man.

LONDON, May 20.

French papers to the 5th inst. were received yesterday. They contain a variety of interesting intelligence. From a message of the directory to the Coun-

cil of Five Hundred it would appear that the Spanish squadron, which sailed from Ferrol, has arrived in the road of the island of Aix, with three thousand troops on board. A resolution of the council has authorized the directory to disembark the Spaniards, and it is hinted in the message, that in consequence of subsequent combinations, it may be necessary to march them through a part of the territory of the republic. The French papers afford no conjecture as to the object of this expedition.

A letter from Strasburg states, that in consequence of the murder of the French ministers, the army of the Danube has resolved to give no quarter, and that this resolution has actually been carried into effect in some skirmishes which have lately occurred on the Lower Rhine.

All the Cisalpine republic is in the possession of the allied armies. The evacuation of Milan is attributed by the French to the loss of a pitched battle between Lodi and Ravia, which was only finished by darkness. They retreated, it is stated, in good order to Pavia, and on the third day of May their head quarters had fallen back to Novara, in the territory of Piedmont. It is thought they will be removed to Genoa, to support their right with the division sent into Tuscany in order to meet the army of Naples.

Rewbell goes out of the directory by lot, Syeyes and Delacroix are the principal candidates to succeed him.

In addition to what we (Sun) yesterday stated respecting the French fleet, there remains little to be added. By the packet dispatched by general Cuyler and Mr. Walpole, a few private letters were brought, from one of which the following is an extract, upon the authenticity of which we can rely:

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated May 11, nine o'clock at night.

"Various expresses announce the important intelligence that a large enemy's squadron is at sea, and it is said they have been seen off Porto. Report goes so far as to say, 19 sail of the line, 16 of which left Brest on the 28th ult. and three Spanish from Ferrol joined the 1st inst. Letters by yesterday's post from Madrid mention that the Ferrol squadron was at anchor, and had 4000 troops on board, a great deal of camp equipage, and three months provisions. A frigate is gone to Gibraltar to apprise earl St. Vincent of all this, and we are anxiously waiting the result of so interesting an expedition."

#### BOSTON, July 16.

##### The fleets.

Yesterday arrived, captain James Freeman, in 53 days from Malaga. He communicated to us the following sketch of intelligence:

May 6. The French fleet passed Gibraltar, 25 sail of the line.

May 10. The English fleet, under earl St. Vincents, passed Gibraltar, 22 sail of the line.

May 12. The Spanish fleet left Cadiz, 17 sail of the line.

[May 23 captain F. failed from Malaga.]

May 24. Off Gibraltar was boarded from an English sloop of war, commanded by captain Moor, from earl St. Vincents, bound to Gibraltar, with dispatches, had sailed 600 miles in 48 hours. On being asked the news, captain Moore said he was not at liberty to make any particular communication, until he had delivered the letters of which he was the bearer; he, however, declared that the French and English fleets had engaged, and that the latter had got the better; but the action was not decisive—as the French progressed up, and the English was following; expecting the French would be met in front by lord Nelson with his squadron, and some Russian and Turkish ships, which, with the co-operation of earl St. Vincents below, would render their defeat easy and complete—Cutters had been seasonably dispatched, to require lord Nelson's assistance, with all the vessels he could collect. Captain Moore said, that the French expedition had been frustrated by the engagement with earl St. Vincents; that the re-capture of Minorca was intended to be the first act of it.—Captain Moore further said, that off Carthagena he fell in with the Spanish fleet from Cadiz, which had experienced a very violent storm, and 7 sail of the line were completely dismantled. After leaving this fleet, off Cape de Gatt, fell in with 6 English ships bound up, which were sufficient to destroy the Spanish ships in their then miserable situation.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, May 3, received by captain Freeman.

"French papers observe silence relative to the late events in Italy and on the Rhine. We know by private letters, that the directory is much alarmed; and they add, that every man, from the age of 20 to 32, is ordered into the field, under a new requisition, and distinct from the conscript. Many have declared they would sooner die by their own hands, than leave their families, to farther the ambitious views of the directory. The elections have been turbulent in many parts of France; and assassinations never were more frequent than at present.

"The Austrians have entered Switzerland, and have taken Basle. Jourdan is elected a member of the council of ancients. A courier from Leghorn, says, there are only 300 French troops there; and it is said the French are about to evacuate Tuscany."

There is a royal order passed, which will be published in a few days; which prohibits all intercourse with the Spanish settlements in neutral vessels; or other than Spanish subjects. The order says, the Spanish nation receives no benefit from the permission given to neutrals to trade with its settlements; on the contrary, that it is a disadvantage to the nation at

large, and that the neutral is the only person that gains.—This will cut off our trade with the Havanna for a short time. Spain cannot supply her colonies during the war.

The day captain Freeman failed from Malaga, a letter was received from Madrid, dated May 10, which said, that the king of Naples was reinstated in his throne, and that the French had evacuated Tuscany. Mantua and Milan are taken by the Austrians.

#### BALTIMORE, July 22.

(By late arrivals at New-York.)

After a considerable dearth, our columns are again refreshed with foreign news, 14 days later than our last. Success flows in the same channel, and the flood of victory has almost overwhelmed the armies of France, and swept them from the face of the countries they have ravaged. Jean d'Acre has proved fatal to Buonaparte; before which place he has been defeated by the instrumentality of Sir Sidney Smith. Serrurier with 3000 prisoners has fallen into the hands of the Austrians. The Russians have taken Milan, previous to which in one engagement, the French lost 6000 men killed, and 5000 wounded, and 80 pieces of artillery. Pefchira and Brechia (the latter with a garrison of 3000 men) have also fallen into the hands of the Russians.

In Switzerland the peasants throughout the whole country are in arms against the French, and slay them wherever they meet them.

The armies on the Rhine remain inactive. In Ireland several counties still are under martial law, and many acts of rebellion, &c. are punished by military executions.

Of the Mediterranean fleets we have no further accounts. Should the French be destined for Sicily, they will probably meet a warm reception, as two large armies have been raised there, and the British naval force is said to be very much augmented.

From the Philadelphia Gazette, of the 19th instant.

#### COMMERCIALLY IMPORTANT.

The following letter, which was issued yesterday from the office of the secretary of state to the different ports of the United States, will account for the paragraph which appeared in the gazette of yesterday, relative to the

#### ST. DOMINGO TRADE.

Extract of a letter from Robert Liston, Esq; minister plenipotentiary of his Britannic majesty to the United States, dated New-York, July 13, 1799, to his excellency vice admiral Sir Hyde Parker.

"I have just learnt with concern, by a letter from brigadier-general Maitland, dated at sea (lat. 35, N. long. 68, W.) the 2d of this month, that there has been a misunderstanding on the subject of the time fixed for re-opening the commercial intercourse between the United States and St. Domingo.

"In the agreement entered into by general Maitland and myself with the American ministers, it was clearly understood by all parties, and fixed that the stipulated ports in the island should be open on a certain day, for the reception of the merchant vessels of Great Britain and the United States: not that the ports of Jamaica and America should be open on a certain day. In consequence of this understanding, and the subsequent arrangements between general Maitland and the American consul general in St. Domingo, the president has, by a proclamation dated the 26th of June, informed the inhabitants of this country, that it shall be lawful for vessels, which have departed or may depart from the United States, to enter the ports of Cape-Francois and Port-au-Prince, on or after the 1st of August next.

"Dr. Stevens, it seems, now conceives the meaning of the agreement to have been that vessels should not clear out from the American states till the 1st of August, and general Maitland informs me that you have given orders to your cruisers accordingly.

"It is impossible, however, considering the time that has elapsed and the extent of the territory of the United States, that the president should now make any alteration in the measures adopted (were it desirable, that he should do so); indeed many vessels have already sailed, and are daily sailing from the different American ports with a view to be ready to enter Cape-Francois and Port-au-Prince on the day appointed.

"I take the first opportunity of mentioning this embarrassing circumstance, regretting that it was not in my power to give you the information sooner; and it remains that I should entreat you to be pleased without loss of time to take such measures, in concert with Dr. Stevens and his majesty's lieutenant governor of Jamaica, as may be calculated to effect the opening of the ports in question with the least possible delay; and I trust that you will, at the same time, have the goodness to give such orders to your cruisers as will ensure to the American vessels, which have thus left their ports, without any view to fraudulent commerce, and by the express permission of their government, every necessary attention and good treatment."

I Timothy Pickering, secretary for the department of state for the United States of America, hereby certify, that the foregoing proclamation is a true copy of the original remaining in my office, and that the foregoing extract is faithfully copied from an original letter to Sir Hyde Parker, sent to me under a flying seal by Mr. Liston for my information; given under my hand and official seal, at Philadelphia, this 17th day of July, A. D. 1799.

TIMOTHY PICKERING.

To the VOTERS of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY and the CITY of ANNAPOLIS.

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING observed an address in the Maryland Gazette, of the 11th instant, which solicited your votes and interest at the approaching election for the office of sheriff, I flatter myself that the voters of the county and city will not engage themselves, as a gentleman, well known in the county and city, intends shortly to offer for the office, and he presumes all who are acquainted with him will be satisfied he is fully competent to the duties of the office, and facts as are not will naturally make the necessary inquiry, and should he be fortunate enough to become the choice of the people, no exertions will be wanting to give general satisfaction in the execution of that important trust.

A CITIZEN of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, July 18, 1799.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the public, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will still continue to favour him with their custom.

He takes this method to inform them that he has removed from his store in Corn-hill-street to a large brick house opposite the market, next door to Mr. Jonathan Pinkney's, where he has opened, and now offers for sale, an assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching season, among which are,

Superfine and coarse broad clothes,	Mens brown thread and cotton hose,
Drab plains & flannels,	Womens cotton ditto,
Stuffs of various kinds,	Mens fine and coarse hats,
Best white ticklenburgs & brown hempen linens,	Brooms and scrubbing brushes,
Russia sheeting,	Blacksmith's files assorted,
5-4 Irish ditto,	Spinning cotton,
Yard wide Irish linens,	Scin twine,
Irish and Dutch dowlas,	Osnabrig & whited brown threads,
Corded-dimities,	Best shoe thread in 1/2 balls,
Ginghams,	Coloured, stitching and news thread,
Plain & striped nankeens,	Twills & sewing silk, and an assortment of earthen ware.
Striped & white cottons,	
Stamped calicoes and chintzes,	
Stamped linens and bordered book muslin handkerchiefs,	

#### ALSO, GROCERIES.

Best souchong and hyson-skin teas, Best Liverpool salt, Bacon, Herring by the barrel. Brown & loaf sugars, Coffee & molasses, with a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate, all of which he is determined to sell at the most reduced prices for cash, and on the usual credit to his punctual customers.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

#### For S A L E,

The following tracts of land, to wit:

TEN thousand acres, lying upon Bear Creek, formerly the property of Samuel Evans.

Three thousand four hundred acres, lying upon Indian Camp Creek, formerly the property of Jonathan Swift.

One thousand one hundred acres, lying upon Rough Creek, formerly the property of Jacob Souther.

Six hundred and forty acres, lying upon Rough Creek, formerly the property of John Houston.

Four hundred and ninety five acres, lying upon Green River, formerly the property of William Whitely.

The above lands are situate in the State of Kentucky, Haden county, in the midst of a fertile and thick settled neighbourhood; they are of an excellent quality, will be sold on a credit from one to four years. Unquestionable titles will be given upon the payment of the purchase money. The tracts will not be divided.

REZIN DAVIDGE.

Annapolis, July 22, 1799.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his fellow-citizens, that having taken out licence as auctioneer, and given security agreeably to law, he is now ready to receive goods and other articles for public sale, and that they may count upon his utmost endeavours to give them satisfaction.

He has for private sale a tract of land, containing 222 acres, about 20 miles from the city of Baltimore; this tract is well watered and timbered, on which is an excellent mill seat.

A quantity of prime shad and herrings for sale.

JAMES WHARFE.

N. B. He will also sell, or barter, a schooner well calculated for the bay trade or West-Indies, and may be fitted for sea at a small expence.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

#### Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, a mulatto man named ISAAC, about thirty years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, has a down look, and is extremely knock kneed; took with him sundry articles of cloathing, among them a blue broad cloth coat, a red striped swandown waistcoat, and nankeen breeches. TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in any gaol, so that he be had again, or the above reward for bringing him home.

EDWARD HALL,

July 21, 1799.

#### Notice

THAT the subscriber, Anne-Arundel September next, for a tract of land called the Upper river, agrees the act of assembly, titled, An act for the several supplements

Baltimore, July 22.

#### N O T I C E

WHEREAS WOOD has absconded from my bond, these are therefore crediting her on my account, and discharging her debts of her contract suits against any person. At the time she was with her, harbouring or employing

Charles county, 1799.

ALL persons who have been indebted to SIMON REED, are desired to attend, that they be discharged, and that they be discharged to ELIZABETH

The blacksmiths the firm of Elizabeth who respectfully inform that they intend to shop of the late Simon Reed, in the continuation of the they will with great and endeavour, by to merit their favour in general.

Annapolis, July 22.

#### D E C L A R A T I O N

ABSCONDED A devious, on hours of 9 and 10, born in Ireland, in years, five feet five blue eyes, short black in the service of the June, 1799. Who deserter shall receive DOLLARS.

N. B. If McGraw will appear a little u

Annapolis, July 22.

#### Eight

RAN away from June last, a nineteen years old, high, she was pregnant was taken up at some night made her fine, and supposed belongs to col. Merrett negro, so that I get reward, and if brought, by

Calvert county, 1799.

#### Ten Dollars

RAN away from lower ferry, about 19 years of age, high, slender made, a long fear on his right side fellow belonging near South river in Martin, in Baltimore. The above reward will secure him in a and reasonable charge

N. B. BEN had away.

July 7, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby application court for a commission a tract or parcel of lying and being in an act of assembly, An act for marking

June 18, 1799.

ALL persons who have been indebted to col. JOHN REED, are desired to attend, that they be discharged, and that they be discharged to the said mediate payment.

AN

Charles county, 1799.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to apply to the Anne-Arundel county court, to be held in September next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called HANNOVER, lying on Patuxent river, agreeable to the provisions contained in the act of assembly, passed at the session of 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, and the several supplements thereto.

J. G. HOWARD.

Baltimore, July 20, 1799.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS my wife VIRLINDA SMALLWOOD has, for some cause unknown, absconded from my bed and board, on the 8th of April last, these are therefore to forewarn all persons from crediting her on my account, or entertaining her in any manner whatever, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting, and am determined to bring suits against any person who may harbour or entertain her. At the time of her going away she took sundry negroes with her, which I forewarn all persons from harbouring or employing at their peril.

HENRY SMALLWOOD.

Charles county, Maryland, July 15, 1799.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of SIMON RETALLACK, late of this city, deceased, are desired to bring them in, legally authenticated, that they may be settled, and all those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to ELIZABETH RETALLACK, Executrix.

The blacksmiths business will be carried on under the firm of Elizabeth Retallack and Richard Goodin, who respectfully inform their friends, and the public, that they intend to carry on the same as usual, at the shop of the late Simon Retallack, and hope for the continuance of the late Mr. Retallack's customers; they will with great thanks receive their commands, and endeavour, by a strict attention to their business, to merit their favours, and the favours of the public in general.

E. RETALLACK, R. GOODIN.

Annapolis, July 23, 1799.

DESERTER.

ABSCONDED from the city of Annapolis rendezvous, on Saturday night last, between the hours of 9 and 10, one PATRICK M'GROGAN, born in Ireland, in the county of Antrim, aged 21 years, five feet five inches high, light complexion, blue eyes, short black hair, a bottler by trade, enlisted in the service of the United States on the 12th of June, 1799. Whoever apprehends and secures said deserter shall receive a REWARD of EIGHT DOLLARS.

REZIN DAVIDGE, Captain in the 9th reg. U. S. inf.

N. B. If M'Grogan is not favourably measured he will appear a little under measure. R. D. Annapolis, July 22, 1799.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 24th of June last, a negro woman named KATE, about nineteen years old, dark complexion, about five feet high, she was pregnant and near having a child; she was taken up at col. Mercer's, West river, and the same night made her escape from where she was confined, and supposed to be assisted by her husband, who belongs to col. Mercer. Whoever will secure the said negro, so that I get her again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home reasonable charges allowed, by

ISAAC SIMMONS.

Calvert county, July 8, 1799.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living at the lower ferry, Patuxent, a negro lad, named BEN, about 19 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, slender made, a small scar on his forehead and a long scar on his right leg; his clothing unknown. Said fellow belonged to parson Moscrop, who lived near South river ferry. And was sold to Mr. John Martin, in Baltimore.

The above reward shall be paid to any person who will secure him in any goal, so that I get him again, and reasonable charges paid if brought home, by WILLIAM J. STEPLES.

N. B. BEN had an iron collar on when he went away. July 7, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to make application to the next Anne-Arundel county court for a commission to mark and bound my part of a tract or parcel of land called LYNCH'S PURCHASE, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed in the year 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding of lands.

JOSEPH HODGE.

June 18, 1799.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of col. JOHN THOMAS, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, those who are indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment.

ANNE THOMAS, Administratrix of col. JOHN THOMAS.

Charles county, July 1, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of October next.

WILLIAM ATWELL, care of Benjamin Atwell, Annapolis. Miss Brice, James Bryce, Dominick T. Blake, William Bayly, Annapolis.

Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Jer. T. Chase, John Callahan, Robert Courtenay, Henry Cross, Annapolis; Joseph Cowman, West river; George Collins, Anne-Arundel county.

Gabriel Duvall, John Davidson, Jesse Dewees, William Dallam, Annapolis; Bent. Darnall (2), Richd. Darnall, Pig Point.

Monf. Genere, Frederick & Samuel Green, Annapolis; Jacob Green (2), Pig Point.

Alexander Contee Hanson (2), John Henry, Aquila Hall, Andrew Hamilton, John Harst (2), William Hilliary, Abraham Haff, sen. Nicholas Harwood (2), William Harwood, care of Thos. Harwood, Sarah Hollowhawk, Annapolis; Edward Hall, West river; Dr. Walter Harrison, Martha Hall, Francis Holland, Anne-Arundel county.

James Fredell (2), R. D. Jennings, Horner Jennings, Annapolis.

Willm. M'uschen, Hugh M'Guire (2), Patrick Merdock, Patrick Macgrogen, care of Mr. M'Guire, Thomas D. Mriott, Annapolis; Thomas M'Clung, near Annapolis; Hannah Mitchell, Sandy point.

William Prentiss, John Pomery, Annapolis; Samuel Pool, Anne-Arundel county.

Henrietta Rogers, Thomas B. Randall (2), Jno. Bill Ricketts, Annapolis.

Right Worshipful Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, Robert Smith, Nicholas Sluby, Annapolis; rev. Charles Steward, near Annapolis; Samuel L. Smith, Samuel Smith, Pig Point.

Thos. Tucker, Annapolis.

Henry Van Dyke (2), Annapolis.

William Watson (2), care of J. B. Ricketts, Annapolis.

S. GREEN, D. P. M.

None of the above letters will be delivered without the money.

July 1, 1799.

To be SOLD, agreeably to the directions of the commissioners of the tax of Anne-Arundel county, for the payment of taxes, on Thursday the first day of August next, to the highest bidder, for CASH, only.

ONE acre of LAND, being part of a tract or parcel of land called HIS LORDSHIP'S BOUNTY, late the property of CHARLES COWLEY.

GILBERT H. SMITH, Collector.

July 10, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Piscataway, July 1, which, if not taken up by the first of October, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

D. R. WILLIAM BAKER, near Piscataway, P. G. county, 2.

Thomas B. Clemens, Charles county, 2.

Bartou Carrico, Piscataway.

Nicholas Craycroft, near Piscataway.

Messrs. Perry & Culver, Nanville, P. G.

Overton Carr, Piscataway.

Rev. Mr. John David, to the care of Mr. Richd. Borman, Piscataway.

Rev. Mr. John Fenwick, near Piscataway, P. G. C.

Mr. Andrew Fitzgerald, Piscataway.

Mr. Alexander Hamilton, near Piscataway.

Mr. John Hestelius, Piscataway, P. G. county.

Mr. Richard Lanham, Log Hall, Piscataway.

Notley Maddox, sheriff of P. G. county.

Doct. Thomas Marshalls, near Piscataway.

Mr. Dennis Magruder, Broad Creek.

Mr. Thomas N. Mudd, near Piscataway.

Mr. Thomas Mariow, Charles county, near Piscataway.

Mr. Charles Nevitt, Piscataway, P. G. C.

Mr. Lewis Randolph, Piscataway, near B. Creek.

Capt. Francis Speake, Chickamuxon.

Mrs. Margant Turner, Piscataway.

Nicholas Young, Esq; near Piscataway, 2.

ISIDORE HARDEY, P. M.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at next August term, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in Zachiah Swamp, in Charles county, called FORTUNE'S RETREAT.

EDWARD EDELIN.

June 28, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition on the next Prince-George's county court, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, called DIAMOND, lying in Prince-Georges county, according to the act, entitled, an act for marking and bounding lands.

LEONARD WILLIAMS.

June 25, 1799.

MUSIC and DANCING.

MESSEURS REINAGLE and FRANCIS respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen, that during their residence in Annapolis, they are desirous of employing their leisure time in attending a few scholars. For particulars apply at the theatre.

A QUANTITY of fine HERRINGS for SALE, for CASH, by

JOSEPH SANDS.

Annapolis, June 7, 1799.

At a meeting of the Visitors and Governors of St. John's College, in the State of Maryland, on the 13th day of July, 1799.

RESOLVED, That, on the 1st day of October next, this board will proceed to elect a professor of English and grammar, who shall receive for his services at the rate of £. 200 per annum, to be paid quarterly, and that public notice thereof be given, &c. &c.

Test. A. C. HANSON.

N. B. The office aforesaid hath just become vacant by the resignation of a gentleman whose affairs require the immediate undertaking of a voyage by sea.

It is the duty of the said professor (to whom an assistant is allowed) to teach the English language grammatically, and to prepare students for a superior school, by teaching them the latin grammar, the vocabulary and cordery. Writing is to be taught to all his scholars at stated hours; and to those boys who are not destined for the superior school, are to be taught, at the discretion of their parents or guardians, arithmetic, and other branches of science usually taught in English schools. A complete knowledge of latin, arithmetic, &c. is considered indispensable in the professor; and it is expected that candidates, who are not known to the board, will submit to an examination, as well as produce testimony of their good morals and fair character.

The printers within the United States are requested to insert in their papers the foregoing resolution and remarks, and to repeat the publication, as often as convenience will admit, until the 20th day of September next.

To the VOTERS of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN, THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public, that he offers himself a candidate at the approaching election for the office of sheriff, and should be happy in meeting their support and suffrages.

JOSEPH HARWOOD.

July 9, 1799.

To the VOTERS of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS and ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN, IN consequence of the many solicitations of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate at the approaching election for the office of sheriff, and, as I have been upwards of five years employed in that business, consider myself fully adequate to discharge its several duties; should I have the honour to become your choice, no exertion on my part shall be wanting to give general satisfaction in the faithful execution of that important trust. I have the honour to be, with great respect, the public's most obedient and humble servant,

JASPER EDWARD TILLY.

July 15, 1799.

One Cent Reward.

ABSCONDED from his master's employment an apprentice lad named THOMAS PRYSE. Whoever will deliver the said apprentice to his master shall receive the above reward, paid by

EDWARD J. PRYSE.

N. B. All persons are forewarned from harbouring or employing the said apprentice at their peril.

FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscribers will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, at the late dwelling house of THOMAS LANE, deceased, on Friday the 31st day of August next, for CASH only,

SUNDRY negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, some of whom are excellent house servants and waiters; the said negroes will be sold to discharge the debts due from the aforesaid Thomas Lane; and all persons having claims against him are requested to exhibit them to the subscribers, legally authenticated, on or before the day of sale, in order to obtain their dividends.

BARBARA LANE, OSBORN S. HARWOOD, } Executors.

July 15, 1799.

Land for Sale.

On Friday the 31st day of August next, the subscriber will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises,

A SMALL tract of very valuable LAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, distant one and an half miles from Rawlings's tavern, called PART of BROWSELY HALL, containing one hundred acres, more or less. Terms of sale, cash.

BARBARA LANE.

July 15, 1799.

Patowmack Company.

THE Stockholders of the Patowmack company will please to take notice, that a general meeting of said company will be held at the Union tavern in George-town, on the 5th day of next month; when a state of their affairs, with the treasurer's account, will be laid before them—An election of president and directors, to manage the business for the year ensuing, will also be held—It is therefore desired that the stockholders may generally attend.

All those who have claims, against the Patowmack Company, will bring them in to Wm. HARTSHORNE before the general meeting, that measures may be taken to put them in a course of payment.

By order of the president and directors, Wm. HARTSHORNE, Treasurer Alexandria, 7th mo, 6, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,  
April 1, 1799

RESOLVED, That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all persons indebted to this corporation the sum or sums of money due to the said corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give discharges for the same; and should any of the said debtors refuse or neglect to pay at least one third of the sum due by them, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, it shall be the duty of the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring suits for the recovery of the whole sum that may be due, and the treasurer of the corporation is hereby authorized and required, when applied to by the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, or either of them, to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purposes aforesaid.

By order,  
A. GOLDBER, Clk.

### Take Notice,

ALL persons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requested to pay the whole interest, and one third of the principal sum, to the subscribers, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, or suits will be instituted without discrimination, and without delay.

P. B. KEY,  
JOHN GWINN.

### For Sale,

On very Moderate Terms,  
A fast Sailing, strong Built, NEW  
SCHOONER, forty-one feet long.  
Apply to

Samuel or Horatio Ridout.

Annapolis, May 15, 1799.

### Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of TOM TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiffers, stammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,  
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good matter in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.  
PHILIP B. KEY.  
Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

### LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.

WILLIAM WALKER.  
Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

### Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Hagar's town, on the 31st of May, a negro man named DANIEL, formerly the property of major WILLIAM BROGDEN, living in Anne-Arundel county. When he absconded, he had on a dark green jacket, a pair striped trousers, a hemp shirt, and a high crowned hat, his remarkable small legs and very long feet, and his foreteeth are very long, and in a decayed state; thin visage, very complaisant when spoken to. Whoever apprehends said fellow, and secures him in any goal, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

JACOB KNODA.  
Hagar's town, June 20, 1799.

## GABRIEL, JUST IMPORTED,

STANDS this season at Belle-Air, Prince-George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all cases where the money is not paid, notes must be given, payable on or before the first of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extensive pasturage at 3/9 per week, but no responsibility for losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkstone, Iris and Planet; she was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miss Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purses, matches and sweepstakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve stone—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horse. N. B. Gabriel can be purchased.  
Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799.

### The thorough bred Horse ECLIPSE

IS in high perfection, and will stand the ensuing season at Mount Air, (near Piscataway, in Maryland) to cover mares, at ten dollars, but eight will be taken if paid by the first of August, and a dollar to the groom, the season to commence the 15th of April and end the 1st of August. Good pasturage for mares at half a dollar per week, and the greatest care taken, but will not be liable for accidents or escapes.

EDWARD EDELEN.

ECLIPSE is elegantly formed, full fifteen and an half hands high, rising six years old, a beautiful sorrel, strong, boney, lengthy and active, he was got by the imported horse Eclipse, Belle Air, the dam of Eclipse, was got by Othello, her dam an imported mare from the duke of Hamilton's, stud by Spot, her grand-dam by Cartouch, her great-grand-dam by Old Traveller, her great great grand-dam by Sedbury, her great-great-great-grand-dam by Childers, out of a Barb mare. Eclipse was imported by Mr. Hall, of Maryland, he was got by O'Kelly's famous Eclipse out of Phebe, full sister to Apollo. Phebe was got by Regulus, her dam by Cottingham, grand-dam by Snake, great-grand-dam by the Bald Galloway, great-great-grand-dam by lord Carlyle's Turk. Cottingham was got by Mr. Hartly's famous foal getter called the Blind Horse. Certified by RICHARD TATTERSALL.  
Mount Air, April 10, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, on the 20th instant, a negro man, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a swarthy complexion, who calls himself SOLOMON, and says he is the property of GERARD B. CAUSIN, Esquire, and was hired this present year to Moses Caw'd, of Prince-George's county. His owner is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold agreeably to law for his prison fees, &c.  
THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff  
Charles county.

June 25, 1799.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT JOHNSON, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, or legal process will commence against them, and those who have claims against said estate are requested to present them, legally authenticated, to

JOHN JOHNSON, Administrator  
of ROBERT JOHNSON.

June 25, 1799.

### VALENTINE SNYDER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that during the summer season, the fare for passengers in his LAND STAGE to Annapolis, will be at the very low price of 150 cents each passenger, including 14 wt. baggage, and the same up again.

His stage leaves Mr. Evan's as usual, on Monday and Friday mornings, at 8 o'clock—and Annapolis, Tuesdays and Saturdays, at the same hour.

TAKEN up adrift, off Sandy Point, by the subscriber, living in Annapolis, a small Moses built BOAT, about twelve feet keel, has five row locks, three of them new, part of her gunwale new, and has a small twisted chain in her bow. She is now in the care of Mr. ARCHIBALD DOBBIN, at the Hope Mills, on Magothy river, in Anne-Arundel county, where the owner may get her again on proving property and paying charges.  
NATHANJEL SHEPHERD.

June 17, 1799.

CASH given for Clean  
Linen and Cotton  
RAGS,  
At the Printing-Office.

### To be RENTED, And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or  
WILLIAM STEWART of  
Mount Stewart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

### WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.  
HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to  
THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator  
with the will annexed.

JUST PUBLISHED,  
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,  
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

## The LAWS

OF  
MARYLAND,  
Passed November Session, 1798.

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waist coat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new mall round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the goal of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.  
WILLIAM BROGDEN.

Sept. 10, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit. She has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

### Ship timber wanted.

THE subscriber being authorized to contract with one or more persons for the timber of a seventy-four gun ship, to be built at the Navy Yard, at the city of Washington, will receive proposals for any part thereof until a sufficient quantity is engaged. The timber chiefly to consist of white oak, red cedar, mulberry, and pine, for which good prices will be given.  
WILLIAM MARBURY, Naval Agent.

June 10, 1799.

### NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late SAMUEL LLOYD CHRW, are requested to make them known, and the creditors of the said Chew are requested to meet the subscriber at the house of Mr. Wharfe, in the city of Annapolis, on the second Tuesday in July next, with their respective claims, legally attested, to receive such proportion of the assets in hand to which they are respectively entitled.  
RICHARD HARRISON, Administrator.  
May 25, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:  
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
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