

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, F E B R U A R Y 6, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 8, 1800.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, be published once in each week, for the term of eight weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and in Green, English, and Co's. paper, at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and one.

II. And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective counties for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and arrearages, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolventies, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorized by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this land thereto, and that the state does not guaranty the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchaser must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. And be it enacted, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and sheriffs are by law authorized to receive the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of unliquidated debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person so buying purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is

hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. And be it enacted, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. And be it enacted, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and reverted in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. And be it enacted, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorized and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorized and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sums allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and unduly refuses of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and served and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the directions and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorized to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of one thousand seven hundred and sixty nine, and one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by *secreta facias*, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall, within twenty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly, render to each branch of the legislature a fair and distinct account of the debts or sums of money due to the state, ranging the names of the debtors in alphabetical order, and give full and complete information of the manner in which, and the time when, each debt arose, and also the different steps and proceedings which have been taken by himself, or others, for the recovery thereof.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent. and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the agent be and he is hereby authorized and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons residents without the state of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorized to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorized to pay the amount of such order.

XXV. And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

MADRID, October 23.

TWO negotiators, an Austrian and a Prussian, are said to have arrived here, and proposed a basis for a general peace. Several councils of state have indeed been held for some time past, at Aranjuez, in presence of the prince of peace, but they are said to relate not so much to negotiations for peace, as to the state of our finances.

MILAN, November 1.

After several engagements, the French were again driven behind Coni, on the 29th ultimo. Generals Strauch and Dedowick still occupy Mount St. Gothard.

ROVEREDO, November 3.

General Melas having detached some battalions from the main army, to enable general Karaczai to resist the French, who were advancing towards Tortona, general Championnet attacked the Austrians, on the 28th ultimo, between Ceva and Mondovi. After a very serious engagement, the French were repulsed, and general Grenelle, with several other officers, and 500 men, made prisoners. On the following day, the enemy renewed their attack, when they succeeded to advance against Fullano and Savigliano. Further details are hourly expected. The blockade of Coni is raised. Letters from Venice, of the 31st ultimo, state the arrival of 22 Russian ships with troops in the harbour of Naples. At Naples, the number of Russians amounted, at that time, to 8000 men.

HEILBRUNN, November 5.

Talleyrand is appointed minister of foreign affairs.

General Championnet having resigned, and general Macdonald refused the command of the army of Italy, it is said to have been offered to gen. Moreau.

ASCHAFFENBURG, November 8.
Last night, at ten o'clock, official confirmation was received here of the victory gained by the Austrians near Ludwigsburg. The French are said to have had 2000 men killed. The commander of Chamboram hussars was killed, and general Ney is also said to have been wounded. The French were again attacked on their retreat by colonel Wrede, which was greatly impeded by him. An Imperial captain of cavalry, whom the archduke had sent to lead the peasants in the Odenwald, has marched with three thousand men to cut off a column of the enemy, but it is not known whether he has succeeded. Philippsburg is relieved; and, in the present situation of affairs, no other retreat seems to remain open for the French than through Mannheim, where they have only a flying bridge. The French prisoners say, that the Austrians had advanced against them from all quarters, and that their army would have suffered considerably more, had not the French artillery been successfully employed.

RATISBON, November 11.
On the 8th instant, the Imperial decree of ratification of the 31st ult. concerning the resolutions of the diet of the 6th September, granting 100 Roman months, and the furnishing of the quintuple contingents, was laid before the assembly of the empire. His Imperial majesty speaks in it of the measures of the French government taken for the destruction of Germany and its constitution, and calls upon the members of the empire, in virtue of his Imperial dignity, and in the name of his country, strictly to fulfil all their duties as members of that body, and also to promote the organization of the inhabitants, whose efficacy the subjects of Mentz have so strongly evinced.

VIENNA, November 6.
The report that the French government had made proposals for peace to our court, is still in circulation; and it is said that an armistice of 4 months had been concluded, during which period negotiations are to be carried on. Apartments are preparing in the Imperial palace for the reception of the archduke Charles, who is shortly expected here. Since the report of an armistice, and of an approaching peace, has gained ground, the public funds have risen five per cent; but, from the measures which our government are taking, there is no reason to hope for any change of affairs, the warlike preparations being continued with the utmost activity.

November 9.
It is still said, that negotiations for peace are carrying on, under the mediation of Prussia and Spain. The Spanish ambassador has had several conferences with baron Thugot, which are supposed to relate to negotiations.—To these reports it is added, that an armistice had already been agreed upon between the two armies.

BERLIN, November 16.
Negotiations for peace, under the mediation of our court, are now the general topic of conversation. It is likewise said, that general Buonaparte will arrive here, and some of our politicians have even fixed the day of his arrival, which, they say, will be on the 16th of next month. Though that report is very improbable, yet it seems to have gained some strength, from the statements in some public prints, that Buonaparte would go upon a diplomatic mission.

LONDON, November 17.
An expedition to the coast of France, is now very generally spoken of, the object of which is to be, to land an army in the neighbourhood of Brest, for the purpose of attacking the batteries which protect that port, while a squadron of our ships enter the harbour, to destroy the combined fleets by a coup de main. Such was the report of yesterday, which we should not have ventured to repeat, were it not that the wide circulation it obtained, deprived it even of the slightest veil of secrecy.

November 28.
Government received advices yesterday from the coast of Brittany, of the whole of the troops having been marched from Brest and its neighbourhood, to set against the Chouans, who have lately considerably increased in number, and who according to private letters proceeded last week against Quimper, and liberated a number of royalist prisoners from that place. We also understand that the republican army in that quarter is much divided on the subject of the late revolution, and that a formidable spirit of disaffection has begun to manifest itself against the new order of things. The combined fleets in the harbour of Brest are in a state of complete inactivity, and the batteries on shore are entirely manned with the sailors from the fleet.

NEW-YORK, January 23.
Extract of a letter from a respectable merchant in Cork to his correspondent in this city, dated November 22.
"I suppose, Sir, you have heard of Buonaparte's return to France. There is a report here that he has established a new directory, and has appointed some able persons to negotiate with the British ministry. We may hope his excellency, in the meekness of his heart, may be disposed to look amicably towards America."
The recent intelligence from Lisbon states, that the most serious apprehensions are entertained by the inhabitants of that city lest another earthquake as violent as that which happened in 1755, should take place. Two shocks were lately felt there in one night, with intervals only of ten minutes between them. The

first shock caused great alarm, and disturbed most of the inhabitants.

NORFOLK, January 18.
Arrived yesterday the brig *Maris*, captain Livingston, 23 days from Kingston, Jamaica. The day before captain L. failed martial law was proclaimed through the island, in consequence of the apprehension of some spies, from whom information was obtained of an attack being premeditated. One man had been condemned to death as a spy. The governor had ordered 400 French negroes off, and shipping were chartered to carry them to Martinique and Trinidad. Prisoners of war on parole at Kingston were ordered to be confined in fort Augusta, those with families excepted, who were, however, to find good security for their peaceable conduct.

From the (London) Courier.
Remarks of the editor on the late news from France. Such is the intelligence. Has Buonaparte, who achieved so much against the monarchs of Europe, proved himself at last the greatest friend of the coalition, and done that in a day, which Europe has vainly attempted for years? Is he ambitious of becoming a second monk? But it is absurd to argue upon slight foundation. That the revolution is a royalist one we disbelieve entirely.

But the most material point for this country is this. Will the change that has taken place accelerate a peace? What we hope is not perhaps what we have a right to expect. Yet we cannot but remark, that all the French journals are sanguine in their expectations of peace. Sieyès is stated to be decidedly pacific; and if credit is to be attached to the representations of the Paris papers, Buonaparte entertains the same sentiments.

A cabinet council, at which all the ministers assisted, was held this day at noon, at lord Grenville's office. It is as supposed to be upon the important news received from France. The council remained sitting when this paper was but to press.

BALTIMORE, February 1.
The following article appears under the Bourdesux head of November 11:

The directors have ordered the embargo on several vessels, and particularly on the *John* and *Richard*, an American vessel, to be taken off.

On the request of the consul of the United States, the minister of marine, after having consulted with that of the interior, charged the commissary superintendent of the marine to let at liberty all American prisoners detained in the prisons of this commune, who shall be claimed as natives of America, or as naturalized Americans. This measure, founded on the hope of an approaching treaty of alliance and of commerce between the government of the United States and that of the French republic, is a most happy omen for the speedy interchange of the immense commerce which formerly enriched both countries.

LEGISLATURE OF MASSACHUSETTS.
Monument to Washington.

The following resolution passed the senate and house, unanimously:
Resolved, That a statue or monument of marble be erected on the centre of the lower hall in the new state house, in memory of general *George Washington*, with inscriptions and devices adapted to impress a due sense of his sublime virtues, to extend and perpetuate their influence, and to express the public gratitude for his eminent services.

To be SOLD,
SIX HUNDRED acres of LAND, or thereabout, lying in the Neck on the north side of South river, and five miles from Annapolis; this land is bounded by the Bay, South river, Oyler creek, and Smith's creek, and is so situated that a line of fence, not exceeding 350 panels, extending from Oyler to Smith's creek, will enclose the whole; within its boundaries is comprehended the whole of Fishing creek. These creeks are famous for fish, oysters and wild fowl. This land is well wooded, and in general fertile, and is capable of being made a grazing farm, equal to most in the state for its size, there being a quantity of marsh of the first quality belonging to it. There are several small tenements on it, and a well of most excellent water. For terms apply to
J. T. CHASE.

February 4, 1800.
ANNIVERSARY.
First Company of Volunteers.

BEING strongly impressed with an opinion that none regret the loss of their common father, friend and benefactor, more than the citizens composing my company, they are earnestly requested to meet on the state-house hill, at 4 o'clock, the 22d instant, in order that they may join such other citizen soldiers, as may be then and there present; it is expected punctual attendance will be given, attired in a soldier-like manner, what every possible tribute of respect may be paid to the memory of our departed countryman and fellow-citizen, general *George Washington*.

SAMUEL GODMAN, Captain.
Annapolis, February 1, 1800.

CAUTION.
THE trustees of the poor desire that no person will sell spirituous liquors to those on the county, or have any dealings with them whatever, those who offend may rest assured the law will be put in force against them.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar,
The LAWS
OF
MARYLAND,
Passed November Session, 1799.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 14, 1800.
TALBOT SHIPLEY, of Anne-Arundel county, having exhibited a complaint against **BARUCH FOWLER**, surveyor of said county, **RESOLVED**, That Saturday, the eighteenth instant, be appointed for the hearing the said complaint, provided that notice of this order, and the complaint, be served on the said surveyor, and that the clerk of the governor and council issue any summons that may be applied for by either party.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the governor and council.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 18, 1800.
THE Governor and Council proceeded to the consideration of the complaint of **Talbot Shipley** against **Baruch Fowler**, the surveyor of Anne-Arundel county, and after hearing the evidence in favour of the complaint, and such evidence as said surveyor produced, **RESOLVED**, That the said complaint be dismissed with costs.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the governor and council.

I certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the proceedings of the governor and council.

N. PINKNEY, Cl. Gov. & Co.
January 24, 1800.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of **MARY EVITT**, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to attend at the store of **Ridgely and Evans**, on Friday the 14th of February, with their accounts, legally attested, that they may receive their proportion of assets in my hands; those who do not attend will lose all benefit of said estate, as I shall on that day finally close the administration.
JOSEPH EVANS, Administrator.
Annapolis, January 21, 1800.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber has obtained letters of administration on the estate of **AARON WELCH**, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, therefore requests all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, legally authenticated, for payment.
AARON WELCH, Administrator.
January 13, 1800.

Two Dollars Reward.
RAN away from the subscriber, on the 15th of October, 1799, an apprentice lad by the name of **GEORGE CRANDEL**, a carpenter by trade. Whoever will take him up and bring him home, shall receive the above reward, paid by
ISAAC HOLLAND.
N. B. I do forewarn all persons from harbouring or employing the said apprentice at their peril.
Annapolis, January 1, 1800.

THERE is at the plantation of **THOMAS SMITH**, living on the Head of Severn river, near col. *Hammond's* mill, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as strays, two young **COWS**, the one a black, with a white face; the other a black and white, both marked with a crop and slit in each ear. The owner may have them again on proving property and paying charges.

TAKE NOTICE,
THE subscriber having been much injured and deprived of the amusements of gunning on his farms on the Head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, for several years past, by a number of persons who have made a practice of hunting thereon for the benefit which they derive from marketing of the game killed on my said farms, these are therefore to forewarn all persons from hunting within my enclosure, on the farms aforesaid, with either dog or gun, those that hunt therein after this notice will have the law put in force against them immediately, by
P. HAMMOND.
November 28, 1799.

NOTICE.
A STRAY COW came on the plantation whereon the subscriber now resides some time about the beginning of October last, she appears to be about eight years old, of a reddish colour, hind feet and part of her tail white, her belly and flanks of the same colour, the right flank more so than the left, on her right side two white spots, one on the hip, the other on the shoulder, a white spot on her forehead, and another on her hip on the left side, small horns inclining to each other in their points, a crop and hole in each ear; she is forward with calf. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away from
JOHNSON MICHAEL O'REILLY,
near South river ferry, Anne-Arundel county.
January 8, 1800.

OF TRACTS and of not residents of due for the year severally respectively chargeable now due and unpaid, liable for, or chargeable

Persons Names

Abraham Arthur
Henry Boorer
William Bell
William Bell, John
and Thos. Jones
Thomas J. Beatty
Blackburn and Brent
Charles Beatty
James Beatty

Jeremiah Barry

Thomas Burgefs
Leonard Bevins
James Blair
William Birkerstaff
Archibald Chisholm
George Cooke
William Cooke

Richard Cabus
Margaret Chew
Joseph Compton

William Clark
Davidson and Muir
Peter Engles

George Every
Benjamin Edwards
Jacob Folk
George French
Gilbert Faulkner
Uriah Forrest

William Fitzhugh, sen
John Fitzhugh
George French

Priegrine Fitzhugh
Frederick Grammar

George Graham

Samuel Godman

Nathan Gregg
Thomas Hanson

Laurence Hensel
Henry Hoover
Baker Johnson

Thomas Johnson &
son
Thomas Johnson

Edward Jones
Thomas Johnson, of
John C. Jones

Denton Jeeves
Henry Kemp
Christopher Kealho

A list of lots with the belong, the taxes half-penny, each, owed.
William Amos 3
William Amos 1
William Alexander
William Alexander
Charles Boyles 1
Catherine Boyer
Samuel Beckwith
Aquila Browne 4
William Berryman
Archibald Chisholm
Peter Callanave
911, 1928, 1304,
1911, 245, 1861,
44, 3045, 1353,
1000, 3345, 3340,
342, 1330, 27, 1

A L I S T

Randolph B. Latimer

OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

Persons Names.	Names of Land.	Amt. Tax
Abraham Arthur	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Boorer	House and ditto ditto	2 6
William Bell	Williamson's Discovery	1 2 3
William Bell, John Steinmiz and Thos. Jones	Clifton and Sportsman's Fields	1 1 2
Thomas J. Beatty	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Blackburn and Brent	8 lots ditto ditto	13 4
Charles Beatty	Jacob's Ladder	8 4
James Beatty	Refurvey on Elk Lick	8 3
	The Request	2 10
	Joseph's Folly	1 5
	Loft Glove	9
	That's All	12 3
Jeremiah Barry	Milly's Chance	10 6
	Chance	3 8
Thomas Burgefs	Timber Plenty	2 5
Leonard Bevins	Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 9
James Blair	Part of I am Loft	4 8
William Bickerstaff	Bickerstaff's Beginning	1 6 4
Archibald Chisholm	Refurvey on Sawny War	2 10
George Cooke	Bottom	10 10
William Cooke	Stoney Ridge	4 2 6
	Deer Park	17
Richard Cabus	Much ado about Nothing	2 6
Margaret Chew	House and lot in Western Port	8 4
Joseph Compton	10 lots town of Cumberland	3 1 1/2
	Yanky Hill	2 1
	Two Yanky's	3 4
William Clark	Small Glade	5 11 3
Davidson and Muir	William and Mary	11
Peter Engles	Part of Mount Airy	4
	What you Please	1 5
George Every	Coal Mine	2 11
Benjamin Edwards	1 1/2 lots town of Cumberland	9 3
Jacob Folk	Part of Mount Nebo	12 1
George French	Honey Isle	3 9
Gilbert Faulkner	(Name unknown)	7 4 1/2
Uriah Forrest	Orme's Mistake	6 8
	Orme's Trouble	12 3
	The General's Wist	8 4
	13 lots in Western Port	2 6
	1 ditto ditto	2 15 7
William Fitzhugh, sen.	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
John Fitzhugh	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 1 8
George French	Walnut Bottom	1 9
	Castle Hill	3
	Deer Park	14 8
	Cresap's Prospect	5 11
Peregrine Fitzhugh	1/2 Beatty's Plains	2 9
Federick Grammar	White Oak Flats	3 1
	Walnut Ridge	5 2 1/2
	Little Worth	2 10
George Graham	Grammar's Discovery	5 11 2
	Chance	2 4 1/2
Samuel Godman	Royal Charlotte	9 10
	Mount Hope	5 8
Nathan Gregg	Water Works	7
Thomas Hanson	New Addition	8 4
	Walnut Level	11 2
	Dogwood Plains	5
	Horie Lick	4 7
Laurence Hensel	House and lot town of Cumberland	4 13 4
Henry Hoover	Hoffman's Prospect	3 9 6
Baker Johnson	Three Springs	1 9 5
	Covent Garden	6 12
	Mount Pleasant	8 7 1/2
	The Grove	2 10
	Kindness	5 9
	Addition to Policy	3 6 8
	(Name unknown)	4 3 4
	Squirrel Neck	3 2 6
Thomas Johnson & Baker Johnson	Part of Mount Airy	2 8
Thomas Johnson	Promised Land	9 3
	Thomas and Anne	16 6
	Peace and Plenty	5 7
Edward Jones	Part of Spruce Spring	2 10
Thomas Johnson, of Thos.	Half of Granary	6 6
John C. Jones	The Glades	2 10
	Part of Sugar tree Camp	1 8
	Clear Meadows	1 8
	Horie Pasture	5
Denton Jacques	Bottom	10
Henry Kemp	1 lot town of Cumberland	5
Christopher Kealhoofers	1 house and lot in ditto	10
	1 lot in ditto	10

Lloyd and Paca

Henry Menadier
Ebenezer Mackey
Daniel Menadier
James M'Pherson
Honor Martin
James Martin

Lenox Martin

Luther Martin

Lewis Neth

John Orme

John Orr
James O'Quin
William Port
William Potts

Raphael Peale

Pearfall and Rogers
Walter Roe
Abraham Ridgely
Anthony Rentzel
John Ritchie

Richard Ridgely
Jacob Storm

George Smith
Gustavus Scott

Hugh Scott
Selby and Cookes

William and Joseph Scott
Samuel Selby, 3d

Michael Schnabley
Benjamin Stoddert

Abel Sargeant

Joseph Selby
James Smith
John Templeman

Francis Thomas
Joseph Tomlinson
John Williams
John Watts
George West
Conrad Young

Savage Ridge	2
Glade Farm	9 2 1/2
Buck Ridge	5 7
Small Meadows	13 19 2
Hunting Ground	7 4
Buck Bones	1 7 10
Rich Glade	6 4
Lilly of the Valley	1 10 6
Partnership	1 8 4
The Vale	3 4 8
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Refurvey on Hampstead Park	10 7 1/2
Vineyard	5 9
Duncan's Mistake	4 7 1/2
Sally's Choice	1 9
Blooming Plains	13 11
Hope	5 8
Sugar Cove	6 8
Addition to Seven Springs	2 5
Hope Well United	10 5
Addition to Seven Springs	5 9
Dry Hill	1 8
Part of Fox Chase	2 2
Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	1 7 10
1/2 Beatty's Plains	5 14
Mill Seat	7 10
Felicity	6 9
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Sparkling Camp	6 5
House and lot in Selby's Port	3 2
Price's Choice	1 12 11 1/2
Hinch's Discovery	2 1 8
Half of Granary	9 3
Half of Sanca Panca	3 4
Bull Pasture	2 4
Dunghill	1 5 11 1/2
Ridgely's first attempt Amended	2 7
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Potts Adventure	2 1 8
Constitution Vale	11 1
Addition to Hunting Ground	19 8
Rich Glade	11 4
Potatoe Garden	10 5
Elk Lick	5 8
Friendship's Refurvey	9 8 1/2
Part of Nothing	1 10 1/2
Godman's Disappointment	4 8 1/2
Smith's Fields	1 4
Governor's Neglect	1 8 8
Rooby's Delight	15 6
Orme's Attention	1 5 2
Chesnut Grove	17
Now or Never	1 2 1
2484	2 7
Hard Struggle	1 5 11
Ashby's Discovery	2 15 6 1/2
Grimes Point	15 6
Bear Creek Meadows	12 4
Wm. and Joseph's Amendment	4 1
White Oak Point	8
Locust Ridge Refurveyed	1 7
Refurvey on Recourse	2 1 1
Castle Hill	1 7 1/2
1/2 lot in town of Cumberland	7 2
Part of Aurin's Purchase	1 8
Mount Pifgh	1 6 2
Rooby's Delight & Ray's Discovery	1 7 11
New Cathage	4
Orme's Discovery	12 7 1/2
Mount Pleasant	19 11 1/2
Orme's Choice	10 6
Pleasant Ridge	7 10
Park	4 14 10
Mount Altus	1 19 11 1/2
The Diadem	1 15 4
Mill Seat	2 10
Pink of Allegany	5 17 4
First Venture	5 7
Republic	3 14 5 1/2
Addition	11 11
Caledonia	11 11
2 houses and lots in Western Port	10
8 lots in ditto	6 8
5 acres land	1 1 1/2
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Chance	1 9
Mill Seat	7 9
Refurvey on lot No. 346	1
Nancy's Pleasure Ground	1 8 1/2
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
1 ditto ditto	1 3
Lyon's Prospect	2 6
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
House and lot ditto	5
Independence	12 2
Honest Miller	8 9

A list of lots with the persons names to whom they belong, the taxes on which said lots is eight pence half-penny, each, unless where otherwise mentioned.

William Amos 340.
William Amos 1071.
William Alexander & K. Long 1042.
William Alexander 113.
Charles Boyles 1/8.
Catherine Boyer 208, 315, 326.
Samuel Beckwith 12.
Aquila Browne 489.
William Berryman 1877.
Archibald Chisholm 226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4034.
Peter Callanave 2473, 4, 5, 6, 1388, 1773, 52, 911, 1928, 1304, 1944, 1616, 1787, 1203, 2019, 1912, 245, 1861, 3035, 966, 894, 1780, 3027, 44, 3045, 1353, 1842, 231, 1048, 1587, 1220, 1000, 3345, 3340, 3347, 3348, 1972, 2018, 1160, 342, 1330, 27, 124, 1700.

Richard Cabus 2 lots number unknown.
William Coe 2534.
Samuel Davis 3163.
Thomas Donaldson 1397, 1134, 4157, 4156, 90, 123, 79, 859, 84, 130, 3098, 2888, 3632, 11, 1165, 1325, 1125, 1168, 469, 1912, 250, 1131.
Patrick Doran No unknown.
George Frofs 1423, 3123.
William Ferguson 255.
Richard Fleming 1963.
Philip Ford 404.
Frederick Grammar 4152, 214, 844, 845, 1371, 911, 215, 1106, 1171, 3121, 4158, 846, 847, 213.
John Guyer 1135, 174, 825, 976, 1838, 101, 1122, 1151, 876.
Robert Gover 1704, 819, 3129, 2425, 1325, 1423, 4055, 1317, 1121, 1834, 1010, 2548, 1009, 310.
Soloman Geer 2022, 3726, 1720.

Archibald Golder 1124.
Elisha Hall 197, 1305.
John Hamm 1386.
Thomas B. Hugo 1784.
Thomas Johnson 404 lots numbers unknown.
Elisha Jarrett 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 151, 932.
Randolph B. Latimer 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899, 3900, 1, 2, 2441, 2442, 2460, 2463, 897.
William Maley 1293, 3115, 1294.
Luther Martin 2734, 2672, 2670, 2661.
Henry Myers 188.
Richard Mackubin 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3318, 3341, 3342, 3343, 2621, 2612, 2613, 2614.
James R. Morris 11, 1142.
Gilbert Murdock 885, 931.
John Neile 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95.
Lewis Neth 2542, 2091.
Greenberry Neale 1558.
Samuel Norwood 1603, 4096, 4097.

William H. Park 131, 1792,
Richard Ponsoby 1777,
Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938,
3118.
Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555,
1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.
Iszta Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings
and nine-pence each.
John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1495, 1304.
George Rofs 334.
Charles Robinson 1268.
John Reid 301.
James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.
Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743,
Abfalom Ridgely 229.
Selby & Cooke 193, 1413.
John Schley 1237.
James Shaw 3066.
Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.
Philip Severer 3036.
Benjamin Stoddert 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884,
3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,
3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.
John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,
58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,
165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,
217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,
360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,
448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,
846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,
989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,
1059, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,
1132, 1156, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,
1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,
1295, 1299, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,
1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,
1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,
1502, 1508, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,
1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,
1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,
1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,
1844, 1849, 1865, 1827, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,
1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081,
2085, 2309, 2398, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008,
3034, 3043, 3247, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3119, 3125,
3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,
4053, 4055, 4296, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.
Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling
and four-pence half-penny.
John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and
four-pence each.
Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.
Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one
lot number unknown.
John Willson 4045, Edward Wright 217, 3039,
1289, 2540, 4064 1190, 118.
Philip L. Webster 283, 1435.
James West, jun. 2081, 1005.
Charles Wayman 82.
James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,
210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,
1038, 878, 2010.
John Warfield 266.
William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.
John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence
half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county
charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be
paid to William M'Mahon, collector of Allegany
county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the
lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part there-
of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,
shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,
HANSON BRISCOE,
JOHN REID,
Commissioners of the tax for
Allegany county.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-
Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC
SALE, on Thursday the 13th of February next,
at Mr. CHARLES WATERS'S mill,

THE NEGROES belonging to the estate of
MORDECAI RIDGELY, late of said coun-
ty, deceased, to wit: three men, one woman, and
two boys.

PEREGRINE RIDGELY, Administrator
of MORDECAI RIDGELY.

January 18, 1800.

To be sold, at private sale,

And possession given immediately,

THE HOUSE where MOSSES MACCUBBIN
now lives, opposite to Mrs. Mann's; it is one
of the best stands for business of any in Annapolis; the
house and lot is subject to a ground rent of ten pounds
eight shillings and four pence per annum. Any per-
son who is inclined to purchase may know the terms
of sale by applying to JOHN DAVIDSON, or MOSSES
MACCUBBIN, living in the said house.
January 20, 1800.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* to me directed
from the general court, will be SOLD, on Satur-
day the eighth day of February next, to the HIGH-
EST BIDDER, for READY CASH,

A BRICK HOUSE, three story high, and a good
stable, standing on School-street, in the city of
Annapolis; the above property is taken as the property
of JOHN WILMOT, and sold to satisfy a debt due
MARY BOYLE for the use of THOMAS HARRIS, jun.
The sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends to apply to the Baltimore county court,
to be held in April next, for a commission to mark and
bound the MOUNT CLARE, or GEORGIA PLANTA-
TION, as also a tract of land called BOND'S PLEASANT
HILLS, all situated near the city of Baltimore, agree-
ably to the provisions contained in the act of assembly,
passed at November session, 1786, entitled, An act
for marking and bounding lands, and the several sup-
plements thereto.

JAMES CARROLL.

January 10, 1800.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post Of-
fice Port-Tobacco, January 1, 1800, which, if not
taken up will be sent to the General Post-Office as
dead letters.

JAMES ADDERTON.

Charles Brent,
John Beas,
Mrs. Mary Boardman,
Mrs. Ann Chandler,
John W. Clements,
Benjamin Tasker Dulany,
George W. Dent
Andrew Flood,
Michael Fenwick,
William Green,
Elisha Harrison,
William Hamerly,
Miss Sarah M. Maddox.
James Russell, 4.
Benjamin Smoot, & Co. 4.
William Timms.
James Waters,
Miss Patty Wood.

SAMUEL HANSON, P. M.

January 21, 1800.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Of-
fice, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General
Post-Office as dead letters, if not taken up before
the first day of April next.

ARTHUR BRYAN, Geo. Buchanan, D. T.

Blake, Austin Bowler, Annapolis.
The Clerk General Court (2), William Cranch,
Thos. Croxall, Annapolis; Richard A. Contee, near
Annapolis.

Gabriel Duvall (2), James Davidson, John David-
son, Mr. Diant, Annapolis; maj. Richard Chew,
Herring Bay; Richard Darnall (3), Bennett Darnall,
near Pig Point.

Thomas Earl, Annapolis.
John Gwinn (7), Frederick Green (2), John Gib-
son (2), Mr. Guichard, Thomas Gill, Mrs. Gray,
George Godfrey, Annapolis; James H. Gill, Kent-
Island.

Alexander Contee Hanson (3), Nicholas Harwood,
Samuel Hughes, Wm. Hammond, John Huk, Marl-
bro S. Hamilton (2), Ephame Hamilton (2), Anna-
polis; Sally Hall, Herring Bay; George Hardey,
Anne-Arundel county.

Monf. Lallier, Annapolis; Thos. Linthicom, South
River.

Dinah Moore, Ann Mantle, John Montgomery,
Notley Maddox, Charles de Mollen, John M'Kirby,
sen. Annapolis; Joseph M'Concy (2), Walter Mago-
wan, Herring Creek; George Mitchell, Sandy Point.
George Purnell, John P. Paetz, Mr. Pritchett, Wal-
ter Phelps, Annapolis.

Abner Ritchie, general Charles Ridgely, Annapolis.
Besky Seivear, J. Stoneman, Shery Small, Robert
Smith, Annapolis; rev. William Sinclair (2), West
River; John Snowden, Richard Smith, Anne-Arun-
del county.

Monf. Varle, Annapolis.
Burton Whetcroft, John Wilmott, jun. (2), Anne
Warrin, Walter T. Worthington, John T. Worthing-
ton, Mr. West (2), Annapolis; Mrs. Westensy,
Herring Bay.

S. GREEN, P. M.

None of the above letters will be delivered without
the money.

January 1, 1800.

For SALE,

A YOUNG able NEGRO MAN, by trade a
carpenter and Sawyer. For terms apply to
EDWARD HOLLAND.

DANIEL FOWLER.

Annapolis, January 18, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber,
as guardian to GEORGE MAYO SELLMAN, a
minor, intends petitioning the Anne Arundel county
court, at their next April term, for a commission to
establish the lines and bounds of a tract of land called
UNITED FRIENDSHIP, lying and being in said county,
agreeably to an act of assembly of Maryland, passed
November session, 1786.

JOHNZEE SELLMAN.

January 17, 1800.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery the
subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION,
on the 17th day of February next, at Mr. Wharfe's
tavern, in the city of Annapolis, at 11 o'clock,
A. M. for the benefit of the representatives of
THOMAS JENINGS, Esq; deceased,

A COMMODIOUS two story brick DWELL-
ING-HOUSE, in the said city, with the ne-
cessary out buildings, and a large and elegant garden,
enclosed by a substantial brick wall. Possession will
be given on the first of March, and the terms will be
made known on the day of sale.

THOMAS JENINGS, Trustee.

Annapolis, January 16, 1800.

Annapolis, January 13, 1800.

Gentlemen,
HIS excellency the Governor has, by his deter-
mination of to-day, thought proper to change the day
of prayer, in the proclamation respecting general
George Washington, to the twenty-second of February
next; you will therefore, immediately upon the re-
ceipt of this, make the necessary alteration, and con-
sider this as your authority for so doing.

I am, with great respect,
Your obedient servant,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

Messrs. Green.

By his EXCELLENCY
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,
GOVERNOR of MARYLAND,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State,
penetrated with regret for the death of
the illustrious patriot general George Washington,
and zealous to express their high respect and veneration
for his eminent virtues and distinguished service
to his country, have, by a resolution unanimously
affected to on the 17th instant, requested me "to ap-
point, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humilia-
tion and prayer, throughout this state, and to recom-
mend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their
respective places of worship, to testify, in the most
public manner, their veneration for his memory, and
to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious
services, the best motives for the imitation of his vir-
tues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honou-
rable legislature in the measure proposed, and am
anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute
of grateful respect to the merits and long tried pa-
triotism of our deceased fellow-citizen, I have there-
fore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do
hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the
twenty-second day of February next be observed
throughout this state as a day of mourning, humiliation
and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into
mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from
their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred
duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues,
public services, and unshaken patriotism of the de-
ceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—
that they implore the Most High God to supply his
loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and
pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace
and knowledge throughout the land—and that he
would grant to the people of this and the United
States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington
may never cease to influence and direct our public
councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of An-
napolis, under the seal of the State of Mary-
land, this eighteenth day of December, in
the year of our Lord one thousand seven
hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, by his excellency the Governor, that
the foregoing proclamation be published every day,
until the 12th of February next, in the Federal Ga-
zette at Baltimore, the Maryland Gazette at An-
napolis, Mr. Cowan's paper at Balton, the Rights of
Man at Frederick town, the Washington Spy at Ha-
par's-town, and in Green, English, and Co. paper
at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY.

To the Voters of Anne Arundel county and City of
Annapolis.

Gentlemen,
OBSERVING that a number of persons are to be
candidates at the next ensuing election, for the of-
fice of sheriff for this county, and having acted for
several years past as a deputy under that commission,
and, I trust, with some degree of reputation to my-
self, and satisfaction to the public, I therefore now
take the liberty to solicit your suffrages for that office,
and should I be so fortunate as to meet with the ap-
probation of a majority of the freemen of my native
county, I can assure them, that no exertions on my
part shall be wanting to do justice to the office, and
the public in general.

I am, respectfully,
Your very humble servant,
HENRY HOWARD, of JOHN.

December 24, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on
3d December, a negro man named SAUL,
about 23 or 25 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high,
yellowish complexion; his cloathing a blue over
jacket, striped under jacket, and gray coating over-
alls; says he was bought from major SAMUEL CHAP-
MAN, of Charles county, by Messrs. WELLBORN and
BLAKE, of North-Carolina. His owners are desired
to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold
agreeably to law for prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of
Charles county.

December 5, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

LVth YEAR.

MA

In COUNCIL, ANN
ORDERED, That the
the year one thousand eight
in each week, for the ter
ryland Gazette, at Anna
Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's
of Man; at Frederick-t
and Co's. paper, at Geor
By order
NIN

An ACT to appoint an a
eight

BE it enacted, by the
That William Mar
execute the trust and pow
this act, from the first o
eight hundred, until the
and eight hundred and c

II. And be it enacted, T
the collection of all arre
the several collectors of
this state; and the said
required to call upon the
shores for an accurate t
balances due from such
shall be furnished by the

III. And be it enacted,
rised to superintend the
the state on the auditor's
and the said agent shall l
of, and, if necessary, to
and the said agent, with
nor and council, may m
debtors, and take bonds
curity, and give time to
years from the first day
hundred.

IV. And be it enacted,
rised to superintend the
the state for naval duti
and armaments, and
for ordinary, retailers, a
require payment, and, i
the same; and the said a
and credit any money th
with-by-law, and-for
he may take the advic
writing.

V. And be it enacted,
occasion to expose to
collector, or his securit
already issued, or to be
agent shall cause at least
given of such sale, and
shall appear that there
the debt due to the stat
state any property fo e
state, in payment, or pa
of the arrearages due t
may be so purchased, a
by this act shall be co
the state, unless a pub
made by the agent, or
such sale and purchase
for the use of the state,
to public auction on th
the use of the state, ar
which shall in no case e
said agent shall take bo
curity, to be approved
turn shore, from the p
all bonds by him fo e
accurate list thereof fu
of the western shore,
Property of such purch
the respective dates, or
in the schedule thereto

VI. And be it enacte
directed to dispose of
that remains unfold, a
sufficient security, an
thereof, not exceedin
of January, one tho
where the quantity o
rised to such sale exc
such land shall be disp
and place of which fal
lice shall be given by
the time of any sale b
shall make known th
state thereto, and that
title to the same, or a
chafe must be in all
chafer.

VII. And be it ena
by any officer or per
valid and effectual, u
western or eastern sh
made to the clerks an
in the cases where the
authorized to receive

VIII. And be it en
full power and autho
governor and council
to take back any pro
rison; and not yet
to having purchased,
of paying for the s
noon terms and prin
with the advice and

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, F E B R U A R Y 13, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 8, 1800.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, be published once in each week, for the term of eight weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and in Green, English, and Co's. paper, at George-town.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the governor and council.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Marbury be agent of this State, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and one.

II. And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this State; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shires for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of balances due to the State on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the State, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the State for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and amerciaments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvency, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the State, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the State, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorized by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the State, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the State, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the State, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the State, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this State thereto, and that the State doth not guaranty the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchase must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. And be it enacted, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the State shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and sheriffs are by law authorized to receive the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of unincurred debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person so having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is

hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. And be it enacted, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any State debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the State, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. And be it enacted, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and revealed in the State, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. And be it enacted, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorized and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorized and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the State for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and levied and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the directions and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorized to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds issued, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of one thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine, and one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by fieri facias, at the suit of the State, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the State.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this State as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall, within twenty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly, render to each branch of the legislature a fair and distinct account of the debts or sums of money due to the State, ranging the names of the debtors in alphabetical order, and give full and complete information of the manner in which and the time when, each debt arose, and also the different steps and proceedings which have been taken by himself, or others, for the recovery thereof.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent. and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the State, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the agent be and he is hereby authorized and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons residents without the State of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorized to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorized to pay the amount of such order.

XXV. And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person full giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

VENICE, November 12.

ANCONA has not yet fallen—General Frolich is forced to besiege it regularly.—The French have made a strong fortress of this place in a short time, and the Italian Jacobins who are in it, in conjunction with the garrison, make a desperate resistance.

November 13.

The siege of Ancona is one of the most obstinate which has been carried on during the present war. On the 2d instant the French made a desperate sortie to drive the Austrians from the hill, where the Lazaretto stands, and from which place the fortrefs may be bombarded. After a warm combat they were obliged to return to the city with the loss of 350 men killed and wounded. General Monnier and another were wounded. The Russian and Turkish frigates were obliged by stormy weather to give up the blockade of Ancona; but the Imperial bomb vessels which were built there, have anchored in the road of Ancona, and keep the port blockaded; they have taken several French vessels laden with provisions going into that place.

MANHEIM, November 22.

Couriers are exchanged almost every day, between this capital and Paris. It is said that general Lecourbe has demanded his dismissal, and that general Moreau has received orders speedily to inspect all the armies of the republic, after which he will take upon himself the chief command of the army of the Rhine, which is to be increased to 100,000 men before the end of February. Philippsburg will not be able to hold out a long blockade, the principal part of the French army being now before it, and its garrison having, during the last blockade, lost 700 men, who were to have joined general Gorgor. Divisions of troops are continually arriving here from Alface, to reinforce the

French army.—The rumours of an armistice being negotiating, still continue, but it is said that the French wish to extend their line farther into Suabia than it is in the power of the allies to grant them. Necker is become a regular small fortress.

FRANCFORT, November 23.

Peace is much spoken of here, and a Prussian minister is said to have already been nominated, to assist at the congress, which, some say, will be held at Nuremberg, on account of the largeness of many houses, the low rent, and its good situation for supplies of provisions. Anspach is mentioned by others, for that purpose. The French general Ney has been dismissed by the consuls.

PARIS, December 1.

Several plans of a constitution are circulated. The following form the principal basis of that which we are assured will be immediately submitted to discussion:

A representative government is preferred.

The number of active citizens is to be very much reduced. To entitle them to exercise their functions, they must immediately pay a contribution to the amount of 12 days pay.

The whole French republic will be divided into twenty-five grand divisions, to be called prefectures; each of which will be sub-divided into a certain number of cantons or districts. All the citizens in employment, shall meet in the chief place of their canton, and there reduce themselves to 100. Each of these centinels is to reduce itself to 10.

The total amount of these tenths, by a late estimate, will be 5000 citizens, who shall alone be eligible to the places to which the people have hitherto appointed.

But who will make these elections? There will be a constitutional jury, composed of 30 places, of which 20 will remain vacant, for the purpose herein after mentioned. It is this jury that will make all popular elections, and have power to depose for misconduct. It will have another function. Should one of the citizens elected by it, or any other person filling an employment of influence, become dangerous to liberty, whether from his great talents or his great successes, the jury is to pronounce against him a species of ostracism, and, according to the expression which is going to be consecrated to use, abscond him in depositing him, and calling him to one of the 20 places which we said were to remain vacant in the jury itself: and each of the citizens thus absconded shall rise by seniority as one of the 60 places becomes vacant.—Besides this, the constitutional jury has no influence in the government thus composed.

At its head shall be placed one citizen, to be called grand elector. Immediately under him will be two consuls, one for the interior, the other for the exterior. They are to be governors in fact, but deposable at the will of the grand elector. Under the grand elector and the two consuls will be a council of state, composed of six members and seven ministers. Such is the government.

The following is the composition and organization of the legislative body:

There will be two chambers, one of 220 members, to be called the senate; the other of 80, to be called the tribunate.

The tribunate shall alone possess initiative of the laws. It will discuss them in presence of the senate, who shall judge when the discussion ought to be closed, and decide in a secret scrutiny on their adoption, or rejection. The members of these two chambers shall continue five years in their functions, and be renewed a third at a time.

The constitutional jury is alone to appoint to places, but will be confined in its choice to the five thousand people declared eligible by the people.

The twenty-five prefectures, into which we have already said France is to be divided, shall be presided over, each by a single prefect, who shall have under him vice-prefects in each principal part of the canton.

In the judicial arrangement, each principal place of prefecture will be the seat of a supreme tribunal, from which there will be no appeal, and there will be also an inferior tribunal in each canton.

The new constitution will appear in complete organization, and contain the names of all the public functionaries whom it puts in activity.

LONDON, November 1.

The plan of the union of Ireland is settled, four Irish archbishops are to set permanently in the Imperial parliament. Cork and Dublin are to send two members each. The present members of the Irish parliament are to sit with the present British parliament, and no new elections is to take place till both parliaments are dissolved or expire.—Of the 8000 prisoners agreed to be given up by the duke of York, it is settled that there shall be 6500 French. The French agent is directed to prefer soldiers to sailors. The French are much in arrears with respect to the expense of supporting the prisoners here. They are therefore put on allowance.—The Chousses are very numerous on the French coast opposite Jersey.

BOSTON, January 29.

A letter from a gentleman of the first respectability at Paris, to his friend, an American gentleman, in London, dated November 17, '99, says, "I have conversed with many of the heads of the late revolution, and some of the committee of the constitution, (which is composed of Garrat, Lauffat, Regnier, Lenour, Luroche and Lemerrier,) who I think will propose as the basis of the new constitution, the model of that

of the United States—an elective president, and two houses of assembly."

January 31.

There has appeared at Paris a soldier from the army of Egypt; he quitted that country since Buonaparte; he states, that the army, who did not know what was become of their general in chief, was extremely discontented when they understood that he had quitted it; but they were soon perfectly reconciled by the high idea which they entertain of the talents of Kleber and Desaix. They are in a position which leaves no reason to fear that they can be attacked by the enemy, and the troops begin to be habituated to a climate so different from their own.

A letter from Mittau states, that some time ago M. Davary was reading to Louis XVIII. and his little court, a German gazette, in which it was stated that Louis and his brother had renounced the crown of France in favour of the duke of Angouleme, who married the daughter of Louis XVI.—was so struck with the passage, that he could not go on with it. Louis remarked it, and ordered him to read the article through. As soon as he finished, he turned to the daughter of Louis XVI. and said to her, "Had I a crown of roses, I would willingly place it on the head of my charming niece; but as mine is a crown of thorns, I will keep it myself."

PHILADELPHIA, February 1.

It is stated in political circles, as a fact, that about two years ago a Frenchman who had left his country on account of his principles, and resided in this city, affirmed, that he was on the committee of surgeons who examined the body of the child said to be the dauphin, and to have died of the scrofula, in the temple; that having known the prince while alive, on examining the face of the corps (contrary to positive instructions) he perceived no resemblance, and was convinced that some artifice had been used to preserve the life of the young prince. This circumstance is related by gentlemen of credit, who received it two years ago from the surgeon who was present at the dissection—and is, therefore, highly confirmative of the recent rumour, that Louis XVII. was really saved from the poisons of the national convention by an artifice of Sieyes, and is still in existence on the continent.

Private accounts from France, by the way of Boston, announce the arrival of La Fayette and his family, at Paris. This comes to us from the most respectable source, and may be relied upon:—Indeed the late conduct of Buonaparte clearly indicates a design of recalling the emigrants, who at different epochs of the revolution, have been compelled to quit their country. The general seems very hostile to the jacobins, and will form a coalition with any who will aid him in resisting their party.

A gentleman who arrived in town yesterday from New-York, and left there on Saturday, informs of the arrival of a vessel at that port, in 40 days from England, bringing advices four days later than any yet received,—but mentions no particulars.

BALTIMORE, February 8.

A REWARD

For the discovery of the person or persons who ROBBED THE MAIL,

BETWEEN THIS CITY AND BUSH-TOWN.

The mail which left this on Thursday morning, was between this and Bush town, cut open, and the way bag, taken therefrom.—ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS reward will be paid to any person, discovering on and prosecuting the thief to conviction on application to the printer.

The mail arrived last evening just before dark, but furnished us with nothing of particular import: Su-ward has received peremptory orders to return home—this is a serious business to the Austrians, who will have to stand solus in this case. This article comes by way of New-York; but no other article of moment is come to hand.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 4th day of March next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the house of the subscriber, in Calvert county, for READY MONEY,

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of WILLIAM FRAZIER, late of said county, deceased, consisting of three NEGROES, one woman and two girls. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

DANIEL FRAZIER, Administrator de bonis non.

N. B. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them in on that day legally attested.

February 11, 1800.

JUST PUBLISHED, And to be sold at the Printing-Office, Price, One Dollar,

The LAWS

OF

MARYLAND,

Passed November Session, 1799.

CAUTION.

THE trustees of the poor desire that no person will sell spirituous liquors to those on the county, or have any dealings with them whatever, those who offend may rest assured the law will be put in force against them.

To be SOLD,

SIX HUNDRED acres of LAND, or thereabouts, lying in the Neck on the north side of South river, and five miles from Annapolis; this land is bounded by the Bay, South river, Oyler creek, and Smith's creek, and is so situated that a line of fence, not exceeding 300 panels, extending from Oyler to Smith's creek, will enclose the whole; within its boundaries is comprehended the whole of Fishing creek. These creeks are famous for fish, oysters and wild fowl. This land is well wooded, and in general fertile, and is capable of being made a grazing farm, equal to most in the State for its size, there being a quantity of marsh of the first quality belonging to it. There are several small tenements on it, and a well of most excellent water. For terms apply to

J. T. CHASE.

February 4, 1800.

ANNIVERSARY.

First Company of Volunteers.

BEING strongly impressed with an opinion that none regret the loss of their common father, friend and benefactor, more than the citizens composing my company, they are earnestly requested to meet on the state-house hill, at 10 o'clock, the 22d instant, in order that they may join such other citizens as may be then and there present; it is expected punctual attendance will be given, attired in a soldier-like manner, that every possible tribute of respect may be paid to the memory of our departed countryman and fellow-citizen, general George Washington.

SAMUEL GODMAN, Captain.

Annapolis, February 1, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 14, 1800.

TALBOT SHIPLEY, of Anne-Arundel county, having exhibited a complaint against BARUCH FOWLER, surveyor of said county, RESOLVED, That Saturday, the eighteenth instant, be appointed for the hearing the said complaint, provided that notice of this order, and the complaint, be served on the said surveyor, and that the clerk of the governor and council issue any summons that may be applied for by either party.

By order, NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the governor and council.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 18, 1800.

THE Governor and Council proceeded to the consideration of the complaint of Talbot Shipley against Baruch Fowler, the surveyor of Anne-Arundel county, and after hearing the evidence in favour of the complaint, and such evidence as said surveyor produced, RESOLVED, That the said complaint be dismissed with costs.

By order, NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the governor and council.

I certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the proceedings of the governor and council.

N. PINKNEY, Cl. Gov. & Co.

January 24, 1800.

TAKE NOTICE,

THE subscriber having been much injured and deprived of the amusements of gunning on his farms on the Head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, for several years past, by a number of persons who have made a practice of hunting thereon for the benefit which they derive from marketing of the game killed on my said farms, these are therefore to forewarn all persons from hunting within my enclosure, on the farms aforesaid, with either dog or gun, those that hunt therein after this notice will have the law put in force against them immediately, by

P. HAMMOND.

November 28, 1799

ALL persons having claims against the estate of MARY EVITT, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to attend at the store of Ridgely and Evans, on Friday the 14th of February, with their accounts, legally attested, that they may receive their proportion of assets in my hands; those who do not attend will lose all benefit of said estate, as I shall on that day finally close the administration.

JOSEPH EVANS, Administrator.

Annapolis, January 21, 1800.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained letters of administration of the estate of AARON WELCH, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, therefore requests all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, legally authenticated, for payment.

AARON WELCH, Administrator.

January 13, 1800.

SETH SWEETSER,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will still continue to favour him with their custom, as he still carries on the business in all its branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner.

N. B. I have just received, from Boston, a quantity of the best sole leather and shoe thread, and a few barrels of New-England stuff shoes, all of which I will sell on moderate terms.

S. S.

November 5, 1799.

OF TRACTS not residents due for the year severally respectively chargeable now due and unpaid liable for, or charge

Persons Na

Abraham Arthur
Henry Boorer
William Bell
William Bell, John
and Thus. Jones
Thomas J. Beatty
Blackburn and Brent
Charles Beatty
James Beatty

Jeremiah Barry

Thomas Burges
Leonard Bevins
James Blair
William Bickerstaff
Archibald Chisholm
George Cooke
William Cooke

Richard Cabus
Margaret Chew
Joseph Compton

William Clark
Davidson and Muir
Peter Engles

George Every
Benjamin Edwards
Jacob Folk
George French
Gilbert Faulkner
Uriah Forrest

William Fitzhugh, Sr.
John Fitzhugh
George French

Peregrine Fitzhugh
Frederick Grammar

George Graham

Samuel Godman

Nathan Gregg
Thomas Hanlon

Laurene Hensel
Henry Hoover
Baker Johnson

Thomas Johnson &
son
Thomas Johnson

Edward Jones
Thomas Johnson, of
John C. Jones

Denton Jacques
Henry Kemp
Christopher Kcalhoof

A list of lots with the
belong, the taxes o
half-penny, each,
ened.

William Amos 340
William Anols 10
William Alexander
William Alexander
Charles Boyles 1/8
Catherine Boyer 20
Samuel Beckwith 1
Annula Browne 48
William Berryman
Archibald Chisholm
Peter Callanave 2
931, 1928, 1504, 10
1042, 245, 1801, 3
441, 3045, 1353, 11
1000, 3345 3340, 3
344, 1330, 27, 124

A L I S T

OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

Persons Names.	Names of Land.	Amt. Tax
Abraham Arthur	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Boorer	House and ditto ditto	2 6
William Bell	Williamson's Discovery	1 2 3
William Bell, John Steinmiz and Thus. Jones	Clifton and Sportsman's Fields	1 1 2
Thomas J. Beatty	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Blackburn and Brent	8 lots ditto ditto	13 4
Charles Beatty	Jacob's Ladder	8 4
James Beatty	Refurvey on Elk Lick	8 3
	The Request	2 10
	Joseph's Folly	1 5
	Loft Glove	1 9
Jeremiah Barry	That's All	12 3
	Milly's Chance	10 6
	Chance	3 8
Thomas Burges	Timber Plenty	2 5
Leonard Bevins	Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 9
James Blair	Part of Lam Loft	4 8
William Bickerstaff	Bickerstaff's Beginning	1 6 4
Archibald Chisholm	Refurvey on Shawny War Bottom	2 10
George Cooke	Bottom	10 10
William Cooke	Stoney Ridge	4 2 6
	Deer Park	17
Richard Cabus	Much ado about Nothing	2 6
Margaret Chew	House and lot in Western Port	8 4
Joseph Compton	10 lots town of Cumberland	3 1 1/2
	Yanky Hill	2 1
William Clark	Two Yanky's	3 4
Davidson and Muir	Small Glade	5 11 3
Peter Engles	William and Mary	11
	Part of Mount Airy	4
	What you Please	1 5
George Every	Coal Mine	2 11
Benjamin Edwards	1 1/2 lots town of Cumberland	9 3
Jacob Folk	Part of Mount Nebo	12 1
George French	Honey Isle	3 9
Gilbert Faulkner	(Name unknown)	7 4 1/2
Uriah Forrest	Orme's Mistake	6 8
	Orme's Tr-ole	12 3
	The General's Wifh	8 4
	13 lots in Western Port	2 6
William Fitzhugh, sen.	1 ditto ditto	2 15 7
John Fitzhugh	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
George French	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 1 8
	Walnut Bottom	3
	Cattle Hill	14 8
	Deer Park	1 18
	Crelap's Prospect	5 11
Peregrine Fitzhugh	1/2 Beatty's Plains	2 9
Federick Grammar	White Oak Flats	3 1
	Walnut Ridge	5 2 1/2
	Little Worth	2 10
George Graham	Grammar's Discovery	5 11 2
	Chance	2 4 1/2
Samuel Godman	Royal Charlotte	9 10
	Mount Hope	5 8
	Water Works	7
Nathan Gregg	New Addition	8 4
Thomas Hanlon	Walnut Level	11 2
	Dogwood Plains	5
	Horse Lick	1 7
Lauree Henfel	House and lot town of Cumberland	4 7
Henry Hoover	Hoffman's Prospect	4 13 4
Baker Johnson	Three Springs	3 9 6
	Covent Garden	1 9 5
	Mount Pleasant	6 12
	The Grove	8 1/2
	Kindness	2 10
	Addition to Policy	5 9
	(Name unknown)	6
Thomas Johnson & Baker Johnson	Squirrel Neck	3 6 8
Thomas Johnson	Part of Mount Airy	4 3 4
	Promised Land	3 2 6
	Thomas and Anne	2 8
	Peace and Plenty	9 3
Edward Jones	Part of Spruce Spring	16 6
Thomas Johnson, of Thos.	Half of Granary	5 7
John C. Jones	The Glades	2 10
	Part of Sugar tree Camp	6 6
	Clear Meadows	2 10
	Horse Pasture	2 10
Denton Jacques	Bottom	1 8
Henry Kemp	1 lot town of Cumberland	5
Christopher Kealhoover	1 house and lot in ditto	10
	1 lot in ditto	

Randolph B. Latimer

Lloyd and Paca

Henry Menadier
Ehenezer Mackey
Daniel Menadier
James M'Pherson
Honor Martin
James Martin

Lenox Martin

Luther Martin

Lewis Neth

John Orme

John Orr
James O'Quin
William Port
William Potts

Raphael Peale

Pearfall and Rogers

Walter Roe
Abalom Ridgely
Anthony Rentzel
John Ritchie

Richard Ridgely
Jacob Storm

George Smith
Gullavus Scott

Hugh Scott
Selby and Cookes

William and Joseph Scott
Samuel Seiby, 3d

Michael Schnabley
Benjamin Stoddert

Abel Sargent

Joseph Selby
James Smith
John Templeman

Francis Thomas
Joseph Tomlinson
John Williams
John Watts
George West
Courad Young

Savage Ridge	2
Glade Farm	9 2 1/2
Buck Ridge	5 7
Small Meadows	13 19 2
Hunting Ground	7 4
Buck Bones	1 7 10
Rich Glade	1 6 4
Lilly of the Valley	1 10 6
Partnership	1 8 4
The Vale	3 4 8
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Refurvey on Hampstead Park	10 7 1/2
Vineyard	5 9
Duncan's Mistake	4 7 1/2
Sally's Choice	1 9
Blooming Plains	13 11
Hope	5 8
Sugar Cove	6 8
Addition to Seven Springs	2 5
Hope Well United	10 5
Addition to Seven Springs	5 9
Dry Hill	1 8
Part of Fox Chace	2 2
Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	1 7 10
1/2 Beatty's Plains	5 14
Mill Seat	7 10
Felicity	6 9
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Sparking Camp	6 5
House and lot in Selby's Port	3 2
Price's Choice	1 12 11 1/2
Hinche's Discovery	2 1 8
Half of Granary	9 3
Half of Sanca Panca	3 4
Bull Pasture	2 4
Dunghill	1 5 11 1/2
Ridgely's first attempt Amended	2 7
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Potts Adventure	2 1 8
Constitution Vale	11 1
Addition to Hunting Ground	19 8
Rich Glade	11 4
Potatoe Garden	10 5
Elk Lick	5 8
Friendship's Refurvey	9 8 1/2
Part of Nothing	1 10 1/2
Godman's Disappointment	4 8 1/2
Smith's Fields	1 4
Governor's Neglect	1 8 8
Rooby's Delight	15 6
Orme's Attention	1 5 2
Chestnut Grove	17
Now or Never	1 2 1
2484	2 7
Hard Struggle	1 5 11
Ashby's Discovery	2 15 6 1/2
Grimes Point	15 6
Bear Creek Meadows	12 4
Wm. and Joseph's Amendment	4 1
White Oak Point	8
Locust Ridge Refurveyed	1 7
Refurvey on Recourfe	2 1 1
Cattle Hill	1 7 1/2
1/2 lot in town of Cumberland	7 1/2
Part of AuKir's Purchase	1 8
Mount Piggh	1 6 2
Rooby's Delight & Ray's Discovery	1 7 11
New Carthage	4
Orme's Discovery	12 7 1/2
Mount Pleasant	19 11 1/2
Orme's Choice	10 6
Pleasant Ridge	7 10
Park	4 14 10
Mount Altus	19 11 1/2
The Diadem	1 15 4
Mill Seat	2 10
Pink of Allegany	5 17 4
First Venture	5 7 1/2
Republic	3 14 5 1/2
Addition	11 11
Caledonia	11 11
2 houses and lots in Western Port	10
8 lots in ditto	6 8
5 acres land	1 15 1/2
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Chance	1 9
Mill Seat	7 9
Refurvey on lot No. 345	1
Nancy's Pleasure Ground	1 8 1/2
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
1 ditto ditto	1 3
Lyon's Prospect	2 6
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
House and lot ditto	5
Independence	12 2
Honett Miller	2 9

A list of lots with the persons names to whom they belong, the taxes on which said lots is eight pence half-penny, each, unless where otherwise mentioned.

William Amos 340.
William Amos 1071.
William Alexander & K. Long 1042.
William Alexander 113.
Charles Boyles 1/8.
Catherine Boyer 298, 315, 326.
Samuel Beckwith 12.
Anqila Browne 489.
William Berryman 1877.
Archibald Chisholm 226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4034.
Peter Cassave 2473, 4, 5, 6, 1388, 1773, 52.
931, 1918, 1304, 1944, 1616, 1787, 1203, 2019,
1042, 245, 1861, 2035, 966, 894, 1780, 3027,
441, 3045, 1353, 1872, 231, 1048, 1587, 1220,
1000, 3345 3346, 3347, 3348, 1972, 2018, 1160,
341, 1330, 27, 124, 1709.

Richard Cabus 2 lots number unknown.
William Coe 2534.
Samuel Davis 3163.
Thomas Donaldson 1397, 1134, 4157, 4156, 90,
123, 79, 859, 84, 130, 3098, 2888, 3632, 11,
1115, 1325, 1125, 1168, 469, 1912, 250, 1131.
Patrick Doran No. unknown.
George Fros 1423, 3123.
William Ferguson 255.
Richard Fleming 1963.
Philip Ford 404.
Frederick Grammar 4152, 214, 844, 845, 1371,
911, 215, 1106, 1171, 3121, 4158, 846, 847,
213.
John Goyer 1135, 174, 825, 976, 1838, 101,
1122, 1151, 876.
Robert Gover 1704, 810, 3129, 2425, 1325,
1425, 4055, 1317, 1121, 1834, 1010, 2548, 1009,
310.
William Gier 2022, 3726, 1720.

Archibald Golder 1124.
Elisba Hall 197, 1305.
John Hamm 1386.
Thomas B. Hugo 1784.
Thomas Johnston 404 lots numbers unknown.
Elisba Jarrett 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131,
932.
Randolph B. Latimer 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899,
3900, 1, 2, 2441, 2442, 2460, 2463, 897.
William Maley 1293, 3115, 1294.
Luther Martin 2734, 2672, 2670, 2661.
Henry Myers 188.
Richard Mackubin 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3338,
3341, 3342, 3343, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614.
James R. Morris 11, 1142.
Gilbert Murdock 885, 931.
John Neile 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95.
Lewis Neth 2542, 2091.
Greenberry Neale 1558.
Samuel Norwood 1603, 4096, 4097.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, F E B R U A R Y 20, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 8, 1800.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, be published once in each week, for the term of eight weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and in Green, English, and Co's. paper, at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and one.

II. And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shires for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and amercements, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvency, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorized by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this state thereto, and that the state doth not guaranty the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchase must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. And be it enacted, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and sheriffs are by law authorized to receive the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of uninstalled debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is

hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. And be it enacted, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. And be it enacted, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and reverted in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. And be it enacted, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorized and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorized and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and levied and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the directions and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorized to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of one thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine, and one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by fieri facias, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall, within twenty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly, render to each branch of the legislature a fair and distinct account of the debts or sums of money due to the state, ranging the names of the debtors in alphabetical order, and give full and complete information of the manner in which, and the time when, each debt arose, and also the different steps and proceedings which have been taken by himself, or others, for the recovery thereof.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent. and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the agent be and he is hereby authorized and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons residents without the state of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorized to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorized to pay the amount of such order.

XXV. And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARSURY, Agent.

S A I E M, February 4.

Accounts from London say, that arrangements are making for a commercial intercourse between England and France, so far as to carry West-India produce to France, and bring back wheat in return.

NEW-YORK, February 7.

By recent accounts from St. Mary's, there is reason to apprehend the business of the commissioners, appointed to run the boundary line between the United States and Spain, on the Mississippi, is about to suffer a new interruption. The celebrated British Indian emissary, Bowles, has again appeared among the Creek nation, after an absence of some years in Europe; and assuming the title of director general of Indian affairs, denies the right, either of the United States or Spain, to run the boundary line; proseribes the commissioners as conspirators and orders their arrest, if found acting by virtue of their commissions after the 8th of November last. He menaces with death, those Indians who shall hold intercourse with the commissioners without his authority, or who shall in any way oppose his sovereign will and pleasure.

The issue, from the decided tone which the business has assumed, will be the expulsion of colonel Hawkins, the agent of the United States, from the ground or the extirpation of Bowles. Colonel Hawkins, by a pacific disposition, has obtained a great degree of popularity among the Indians; and combines a discreet, with a resolute and determined conduct. Bowles, however, possesses no inconsiderable degree of influence among those tribes; which, if exerted, must prove a source of much perplexity and expense to the United States.

This speculative enterprise of Bowles, is undoubtedly under the auspices of the British government; but such is the confidence reposed in our executive, that we feel assured, neither the honour or the interest of

the United States, will be insulted or infringed with impunity.

A new periodical publication has made its appearance in Boston, called the "Columbian Phoenix," upon the plan of a literary magazine. However arbitrary and whimsical the derivation of this title may be, we wish for the credit of our country, that this species of publication were better encouraged than they are at present.

By the Betsey, from Surinam, we are informed, that a putrid fever raged on board of the vessels in the harbour to a very alarming degree. The Betsey lost two men; other vessels had lost as many as eight hands. Several vessels were detained there for the want of sailors. What is somewhat singular, the inhabitants on shore are perfectly healthy.

February 10.

By the Eutaw, from Cape Francois, we have a file of St. Domingo papers to the 3d ult. On the 18th December advices were received there of the late change in the French government, which were confirmed by the schooner Ariades, captain Handy, 9 days from Baltimore, who arrived at Cape Francois on the 28th of the same month. The intelligence was proclaimed at the Cape in an address to the inhabitants, exhorting them to be assured, from the well known civism of the new rulers, that the most happy consequences will be likely to result from a change of men and measures; and that the vessel of the state, buffeted for ten years by the tempest of revolution, is about to enter the port in triumph and in peace.

The death of general Washington is announced in these papers in the following handsome terms:—"The hero of America, general George Washington, is dead of a quinsy. Liberty has lost in this great man one of her warmest admirers.—All America is in mourning. There is not an inhabitant of the United States who does not regret the loss of a father and a friend, and who does not believe that loss irreparable."

PHILADELPHIA, February 12.

A letter from Kingston (Jamaica), dated December 20, received via New-York, contains the following information:—"That the coast was infested with pirates who capture every vessel they meet; that the whole island, particularly Kingston, was in a state of great alarm and confusion. A spy had been apprehended, and was to be executed on the 21st.

February 13.

Extract of a letter from Richard V. Morris, Esq; commander of the frigate Adams, dated Basseterre Roads, St. Kitts, Jan. 20, 1800.

"The French privateer brig Italic Conquest has been captured by the Connecticut, capt. Fryon—the frigate struck after receiving the second broadside which carried away her main-top-mast, stove her boat, and wounded the captain and two of the men, one mortally."

Extract of a letter from William Cooper, Esq; commander of the U. S. ship Baltimore, to the secretary of the navy, dated

Basseterre Roads, Jan. 22.

"On the 12th day of January, in lat. 19. 40. N. and long. 60. 12. W. I had the good fortune to fall in with and capture the French schooner, Le Bullaut Jeanette, Joseph Maderia, commander, of 6 guns and 61 men.—During the chase they threw overboard four guns, both bower anchors, cable, and sundry small stores."

List of vessels taken by the U. S. brig Pickering, Benj. Hillar, Esq; commander, from 2d August to 31st December, '99.

Schooner Cynthia, Afa Ferfett, from New-York to Martinique—retaken.

Sloop —, an English sloop, re-captured.

Schooner Helen, Douglas, a French vessel—cargo valuable.

Brig Helen, Peter Shiel, from Altona bound to St. Domingo, a Danish vessel re-captured from the French.

Brig Brothers, George Prince, from Savanna to Martinique—re-captured.

Schooner Voltiguele, P. Hazard, French privateer, from Guadaloupe, on a cruise.

Schooner Harriet, Sears, from Newbern, N. C. to Antigua—re-captured.

SAVANNA, January 21.

The following communication has been transmitted to us from a correspondent at St. Mary's.

January 1, 1800.

This day an express arrived at Pointe Petre, with dispatches from colonel Hawkins, the Indian agent, to Mr. Ellicott, the United States commissioner for running the boundary line. Among the dispatches received there is a proclamation signed by William Augustus Bowles, signing himself, chief and director general of the Creek Nation, which has been stuck up and made public through the Creek towns. This proclamation exceeds in insolence, impudence and bombast, any thing that hath hitherto been exhibited by this well known adventurer. Bowles, in the most direct terms denies the right of either the United States or Spain to run the boundary line, or to have any intercourse with the Indians, but by his authority. He forbids this on pain of death, to all who may oppose his royal will and pleasure. Bowles orders the Indians to send Mr. Hawkins and others out of the nation. Certain it is, one or other of them ought not to be there; and the people of this country will soon see which of these men have most influence among the Indians, as Mr. Hawkins must quit the ground, or drive Bowles, after such proclamation and threats against him and his country.

It appears that most of the Simanolia Indians, and those on the lower parts of Chatahoche and Flint rivers, have joined Bowles. The dispatches which Mr. Ellicott sent from St. Marks to the governors of Pensacola and Mobile, were taken by the adventurer's Indian scouts, and brought to him: with these dispatches are duplicates of Mr. Ellicott's letters to the secretary of the United States.

P. S. The runners who brought the dispatches say, that Bowles has a vessel arrived with goods from England, for the Indians: this, however, wants confirmation.

CHARLESTON, January 23.

Extract of a letter from captain James Lamont, of the ship Lucy, of this port, dated Hamburg, November 24th.

"On my passage from Charleston, in lat. 46. 20. long. 18, I was boarded by a French privateer of 20 guns and 200 men, which examined my papers, treated me very kindly, and told me to proceed on my voyage."

A gentleman who came passenger in the ship Haron, from Hamburg, saw captain Lamont in Altona, who repeated the same fact to him as is contained in the above extract; and adds, that several other American vessels had arrived on the continent, which had been examined by French vessels and detained.

BALTIMORE, February 14.

A letter from colonel Gaither, commandant of the federal troops in Georgia, dated at Fort Wilkinson, early in January, mentions, that the captain general of his Catholic majesty's provinces, has issued a proclamation, offering a reward of one thousand pounds sterling, for William Augustus Bowles, who styles himself director general of Mississippis, to be paid on his delivery at any one of the royal prisons of said province.

Annapolis, February 20.

From the Gazette of the United States.

IS THE MAN A GIANT?

A pair of shoes was made a few days ago in this city, by Mr. William Gram, in Chestnut alley, between Fifth and Sixth Streets, for a man in the Jersey; the size of which is so astonishing, that we communicate their dimension to the public, incredible as it may appear, the fact is to be relied on, that the measurement of one shoe is as follows:—

	Inches.
The length of the shoe	28½
length of the hind quarter	15½
length of the vamp	9
length of the heel	6
width of the sole	6½
width of the heel	5½
length of the vamp over the instep	12½
circumference over the instep	20
circumference length ways	44

N. B. In one of these shoes, two sizeable men put all four of their feet, and did not fill it; nevertheless, it is supposed that the shoes will be rather tight on the man's feet for whom they are made. The price of making them was six dollars. We are told that the man has no disease in his feet, but they are of their natural size; and that he is an active smart man, of prodigious bulk. It is in contemplation to procure a pair of his old shoes for the museum if he will agree to it.

Fifty Pounds Reward.

WHEREAS four or five of the boundaries (as marked and placed by the commissioners for marking and bounding the lines of WARBURTON MANOR and FRANKLAND, tracts of land in Prince-George's county) have been taken up and moved by some evil minded person or persons, the subscriber hereby offers a reward of fifty pounds to any person who will discover the person or persons who took up and moved away the said boundaries, so that they may be prosecuted to conviction for so doing, according as the law directs.

THOMAS A. DIGGES.

Warburton, February 5, 1800.

Notice is also hereby given,

THAT the subscriber having experienced great depredation upon his wood and timber, will prosecute any person who shall hereafter trespass upon his plantations and woods on FRANKLAND and WARBURTON MANOR, either on foot or horseback, or by driving of carts or waggons, or otherwise than for the purpose of getting snail and herrings from his different fishing landings on Patowmack river and Piscataway creek; and he will also prosecute any person who shall, without leave for so doing, hale sein nets at his different landings above the tide mark after the 25th of March next.

THOMAS A. DIGGES.

Warburton, February 5, 1800.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to the sundry debtors to the estate of the late SIMON RETALLACK, blacksmith, unless they will pay off their several accounts, on or before the first of April next, to the subscriber, to enable her to settle the estate, that suits will commence immediately against such as will not comply.

ELIZABETH RETALLACK, Administratrix.
February 11, 1800.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at March term next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, situate in Zachee Swamp, in Charles county, called FORTUNE'S RE-TREAT.

EDWARD EDELEN.

Charles county, February 11, 1800.

I HEREBY certify that FIELDER POPE has this day brought before me a trespassing stray, bright bay horse, about seven or eight years old, trots, gallops and paces, a little shod before, has no perceivable brand or natural mark. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

THOMAS BOWIE.

January 24, 1800.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 4th day of March next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the house of the subscriber, in Calvert county, for READY MONEY,

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of WILLIAM FRAZIER, late of said county, deceased, consisting of three NEGROES, one woman and two girls. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

DANIEL FRAZIER, Administrator

de bonis non.

N. B. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them in on that day legally attested.

February 11, 1800.

ANNIVERSARY.

First Company of Volunteers.

BRING strongly impressed with an opinion that none regret the loss of their common father, friend and benefactor, more than the citizens composing my company, they are earnestly requested to meet on the 21st house hill, at 10 o'clock, the 22d instant, in order that they may join such other citizen soldiers, as may be then and there present; it is expected punctual attendance will be given, attired in a soldier-like manner, that every possible tribute of respect may be paid to the memory of our departed countryman and fellow-citizen, general George Washington.

SAMUEL GODMAN, Captain.

Annapolis, February 1, 1800.

Annapolis, January 13, 1800.

Gentlemen,

HIS excellency the Governor has, by his determination of to-day, thought proper to change the day of prayer, in the proclamation respecting general George Washington, to the twenty-second of February next; you will therefore, immediately upon the receipt of this, make the necessary alteration, and consider this as your authority for so doing.

I am, with great respect,

Your obedient servant,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk

of the governor and council.

Messrs. Green.

By his EXCELLENCY

BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire.

GOVERNOR of MARYLAND,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State, penetrated with regret for the death of the illustrious patriot general George Washington, and zealous to express their high respect and veneration for his eminent virtues and distinguished services to his country, have, by a resolution unanimously assented to on the 17th instant, requested me "to appoint, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer, throughout this State, and to recommend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their respective places of worship, to testify, in the most public manner, their veneration for his memory, and to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious services, the best motives for the imitation of his virtues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honorable legislature in the measure proposed, and am anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute of grateful respect to the merits and long tried patriotism of our deceased fellow-citizen, I have therefore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the twenty-second day of February next be observed throughout this State as a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues, public services, and unshaken patriotism of the deceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—that they implore the Most High God to supply his loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace and knowledge throughout the land—and that he would grant to the people of this and the United States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington may never cease to influence and direct our public councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this eighteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

OF TRACTS and not residents of due for the year seven respectively chargeable now due and unpaid, liable for, or chargeable

Persons Name

Abraham Arthur
Henry Boorer
William Bell
William Bell, John
and Thos. Jones
Thomas J. Beatty
Blackburn and Brent
Charles Beatty
James Beatty

Jeremiah Barry

Thomas Burgeis
Leonard Bevins
James Blair
William Bickerstaff
Archibald Chisholm
George Cooke
William Cooke

Richard Cabus
Margaret Chew
Joseph Compton

William Clark
Davidson and Muir
Peter Engles

George Every
Benjamin Edwards
Jacob Folk
George French
Gilbert Faulkner
Uriah Forrest

William Fitzhugh, for
John Fitzhugh
George French

Peregrine Fitzhugh
Frederick Grammar

George Graham

Samuel Godman

Nathan Gregg
Thomas Hanson

Laurence Hensfel
Henry Hoover
Baker Johnson

Thomas Johnson &
son
Thomas Johnson

Edward Jones
Thomas Johnson, of
John C. Jones

Denton Jacques
Henry Kemp
Christopher Kealho

A list of lots with the belong, the taxes of half-penny, each, and

William Amos 34
William Amos 10
William Alexander
William Alexander
Charles Boyles 1/
Catherine Boyer 2
Samuel Beckwith
Aquila Browne 48
William Berryman
Archibald Chisholm
Peter Cuffanave
931, 1928, 1304,
1942, 245, 1861,
441, 3045, 1353,
1000, 3345 3346,
341, 1330, 27, 12

A L I S T

OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

Persons Names.	Names of Land.	Amt. Tax
Abraham Arthur	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Boorer	House and ditto ditto	2 6
William Bell	Williamson's Discovery	1 2 3
William Bell, John Steinmitz and Thos. Jones	Clifton and Sportsman's Fields	1 1 2
Thomas J. Beatty	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Blackburn and Brent	8 lots ditto ditto	13 4
Charles Beatty	Jacob's Ladder	8 4
James Beatty	Refurvey on Elk Lick	8 3
	The Request	2 10
	Joseph's Folly	1 5
	Loft Grove	9
	That's All	12 3
Jeremiah Barry	Milly's Chance	10 6
	Chance	3 8
	Timber Plenty	2 5
Thomas Burges	Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 9
Leonard Bevins	Part of I am Loft	4 8
James Blair	Bickerstaff's Beginning	3
William Bickerstaff	Refurvey on Saawny Water Bottom	1 6 4
Archibald Chisholm	Bottom	2 10
George Cooke	Stoney Ridge	10 10
William Cooke	Deer Park	4 2 6
	Much ado about Nothing	17
Richard Cabus	House and lot in Western Port	2 6
Margaret Chew	10 lots town of Cumberland	8 4
Joseph Compton	Yanky Hill	3 1 1/2
	Two Yanky's	2 1
William Clark	Small Glade	3 4
Davidson and Muir	William and Mary	5 11 3
Peter Engles	Part of Mount Airy	11
	What you Please	4
George Every	Coal Mine	1 5
Benjamin Edwards	1 1/2 lots town of Cumberland	2 11
Jacob Folk	Part of Mount Nebo	9 3
George French	Honey Isle	12 1
Gilbert Faulkner	(Name unknown)	3 9
Uriah Forrest	Orme's Mistake	7 4 1/2
	Orme's Trouble	6 8
	The General's Wish	12 3
	13 lots in Western Port	8 4
	1 ditto ditto	2 6
William Fitzhugh, sen.	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
John Fitzhugh	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
George Franck	Walnut Bottom	2 1 8
	Cattle Hill	1 9
	Deer Park	3
	Cresap's Prospect	14 8
Peregrine Fitzhugh	1/2 Betty's Plains	1 18
Frederick Grammar	White Oak Flats	5 11
	Walnut Ridge	2 9
	Little Worth	3 1
	Grammar's Discovery	5 2 1/2
George Graham	Chance	2 10
	Royal Charlotte	5 11 2 1/2
Samuel Godman	Mount Hope	2 4 1/2
	Water Works	9 10
	New Addition	5 8
Nathan Gregg	Walnut Level	7
Thomas Hanson	Dogwood Plains	8 4
	Horse Lick	11 2
Laurence Hensel	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Hoover	Hoffman's Prospect	1 7
Baker Johnson	Three Springs	4 7
	Covent Garden	4 13 4
	Mount Pleasant	3 9 6
	The Grove	1 9 5
	Kindness	6 12
	Addition to Policy	8 7 1/2
	(Name unknown)	2 10
Thomas Johnson & Baker Johnson	Squirrel Neck	5 9
Thomas Johnson	Part of Mount Airy	6
	Promised Land	3 6 8
	Thomas and Anne	4 3 4
	Peace and Plenty	3 2 6
	Part of Spruce Spring	2 8
Edward Jones	Half of Granary	9 3
Thomas Johnson, of Thos.	The Glades	16 6
John C. Jones	Part of Sugar tree Camp	5 7
	Clear Meadows	2 10
	Horse Pasture	6 6
Denton Jacques	Burom	2 10
Henry Kemp	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Christopher Kealhoover	1 house and lot in ditto	5
	1 lot in ditto	10

Randolph B. Latimer

Lloyd and Paca

Henry Menadier
Ebenezer Mackey
Daniel Menadier
James M'Pherson
Honor Martin
James Martin

Lenox Martin

Luther Martin

Lewis Neth

John Orme

John Orr
James O'Quin
William Port
William Potts

Raphael Peale

Pearfall and Rogers
Walter Roe
Abfalom Ridgely
Anthony Renzel
John Ritchie

Richard Ridgely

Jacob Storm

George Smith

Gustavus Scott

Hugh Scott

Selby and Cookes

William and Joseph Scott

Samuel Selby, 3d

Michael Schnabley

Benjamin Stoddert

Abel Sargent

Joseph Selby

James Smith

John Templeman

Francis Thomas

Joseph Tomlinson

John Williams

John Watts

George West

Conrad Young

Savage Ridge

Glade Farm

Buck Ridge

Small Meadows

Hunting Ground

Buck Bones

Rich Glade

Lilly of the Valley

Partnership

The Vale

1 lot town of Cumberland

Refurvey on Hampstead Park

Vineyard

Duncan's Mistake

Sally's Choice

Blooming Plains

Hope

Sugar Cove

Addition to Seven Springs

Hope Well United

Addition to Seven Springs

Dry Hill

Part of Fox Chase

Part of Eden's Paradise Regained

1/2 Betty's Plains

Mill Seat

Felicity

1 lot town of Cumberland

Sparkling Camp

House and lot in Selby's Port

Price's Choice

Hinche's Discovery

Half of Granary

Half of Sanca Panca

Bull Pasture

Dunghill

Ridgely's first attempt Amended

1 lot town of Cumberland

Potts Adventure

Constitution Vale

Addition to Hunting Ground

Rich Glade

Potatoe Garden

Elk Lick

Friendship's Refurvey

Part of Nothing

Godman's Disappointment

Smith's Fields

Governor's Neglect

Rooby's Delight

Orme's Attention

Chestnut Grove

Now or Never

2484

Hard Struggle

Alby's Discovery

Grimes Point

Bear Creek Meadows

Wm. and Joseph's Amendment

White Oak Point

Locust Ridge Refurveyed

Refurvey on Recouise

Cattle Hill

1/2 lot in town of Cumberland

Part of Audin's Purchase

Mount Pisgah

Rooby's Delight & Ray's Discovery

New Carriage

Orme's Discovery

Mount Pleasant

Orme's Choice

Pleasant Ridge

Park

Mount Altus

The Diadem

Mill Seat

Pink of Allegany

First Venture

Republic

Addition

Calcedonia

2 houses and lots in Western Port

8 lots in ditto

5 acres land

1 lot town of Cumberland

Chance

Mill Seat

Refurvey on lot No. 346

Nancy's Pleasure Ground

1 lot town of Cumberland

1 ditto ditto

Lyon's Prospect

1 lot town of Cumberland

House and lot ditto

Independence

Honest Miller

2

9 2 1/2

5 7

13 19 2

7 4

1 7 10

6 4

1 10 6

1 8 4

3 4 8

10 7 1/2

5 9

4 7 1/2

1 9

13 11

5 8

6 8

2 5

10 5

5 9

1 8

2 2

1 7 10

5 14

7 10

6 9

1 8

6 5

3 2

1 12 11 1/2

2 1 8

9 3

3 4

2 4

1 5 11 1/2

2 7

1 8

2 1 8

11 1

19 8

11 4

10 5

5 8

9 8 1/2

1 10 1/2

4 8 1/2

1 4 8

1 8 8

15 6

1 5 2

17

1 2 1

2 7

1 5 11

2 15 6 1/2

15 6

12 4

4 1

8

1 7

2 1 1

1 7 1/2

7 1/2

1 8

1 6 2

1 7 11

4

12 7 1/2

19 11 1/2

10 6

7 10

4 14 10

19 11 1/2

1 15 4

2 10

5 17 4

5 7

3 14 5 1/2

11 11

11 11

10

6 8

1 1 1/2

1 8

1 9

7 9

1

1 3 1/2

1 8

1 3

2 6

1 8

5

12 2

3 9

William H. Park 131, 1792,
Richard Ponsonby 1777,
Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938,
3118.
Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555,
1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.
Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings
and nine-pence each.
John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.
George Rofs 334.
Charles Robinson 1268.
John Reid 301.
James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.
Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743.
Abraham Ridgely 229.
Selby & Coakes 193, 1413.
John Schley 1237.
James Shaw 3066.
Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.
Philip Severer 3036.
Benjamin Stoddert 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884,
3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,
3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.
John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,
58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,
165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,
217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,
260, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,
448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,
846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,
989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,
1069, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,
1132, 1156, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,
1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,
1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,
1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,
1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,
1502, 1508, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,
1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,
1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,
1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,
1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,
1923, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081,
2085, 2369, 2398, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008,
3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3119, 3125,
3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,
4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.
Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling
and four-pence half-penny.
John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and
four-pence each.
Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.
Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one
lot number unknown.
John Willson 4045. Edward Wright 217, 3039,
1289, 2540, 4064, 1190, 118.
Phillip L. Webster 283, 1435.
James West, jun. 2081, 1005.
Charles Wayman 82.
James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,
210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,
1038, 878, 2010.
John Warfield 266.
William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.
John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence
half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county
charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be
paid to William M. Mahon, collector of Allegany
county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the
lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part there-
of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,
shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,
HANSON BRISCOE,
JOHN REID,
Commissioners of the tax for
Allegany county.

To be sold, at private sale,
And possession given immediately,
THE HOUSE where MOSES MACCUBBIN
now lives, opposite to Mrs. Mann's; it is one
of the best stands for business of any in Annapolis; the
house and lot is subject to a ground rent of ten pounds
eight shillings and four-pence per annum. Any per-
son who is inclined to purchase may know the terms
of sale by applying to JOHN DAVIDSON, or MOSES
MACCUBBIN, living in the said house.
January 20, 1800.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-
Arundel county, on the Head of South river,
negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-
eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet
four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in
common used to house work, she is a very good
spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing
about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took
with her more than one suit; she has been seen in
Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may
now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to
any person that will bring her home, or secure her so
that I get her again. WILLIAM HALL, 3d.
February 8, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber,
as guardian to GEORGE MAYO SELLMAN, a
minor, intends petitioning the Anne-Arundel county
court, at their next April term, for a commission to
establish the lines and bounds of a tract of land called
UNITED FRIENDSHIP, lying and being in said county,
agreeably to an act of assembly of Maryland, passed
November session, 1786.

JOHNZEE SELLMAN.

January 17, 1800.

JUST RECEIVED,

From LEE's and Co. Patent and Family Medicine
store Baltimore, and for sale by
GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.
DR. HAMILTON's celebrated
WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

The astonishing success which has constantly at-
tended the administration of this medicine, emboldens
the proprietor to offer a return of the purchase money
whenever the desired effects are not produced. Indeed
a single instance of their failure has not come to his
knowledge, where the printed directions have been fol-
lowed.

A tenth part of the evidence already detailed to the
public, is sufficient to convince even the most pre-
judiced, that this medicine is so certain in its operati-
on, and so salutary in its effects, as to claim the high-
est degree of confidence from the afflicted, or those
otherwise interested in the cure or prevention of all
disorders of the stomach and bowels, especially those
resulting from worms.

The proprietor offers to the inspection of every ap-
plicant, a list of cures with the particulars, longer he
is persuaded than any one will be at the trouble of
reading.

AFFIDAVIT OF RECENT CURES.

MICHAEL DUFFEY, residing at No. 47, Wilke's
street, Fell's-Point, in the city of Baltimore, volun-
tarily maketh oath, that the following statement is just
and true.

In the beginning of May last, my three children,
a boy of seven, and two girls, the one five and the
other three years of age, were taken very ill, nearly
at the same time, of a common fever, as I then sup-
posed; but was soon convinced the disorder was
caused by worms—they were frequently troubled with
convulsion fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and
with almost continual vomiting and purging, particu-
larly the youngest. I made immediate application to
a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines
were administered with a confidence of success which
only increased our disappointment. The children
grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes
of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared al-
most devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant
of this world. In this distressing moment, I was told
that HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES
had performed many cures in cases equally desperate
—I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of
them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most
desirable effects; the eldest voided a great number of
very large worms, and the second, thousands of small
ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch long—
in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had
the appearance of skins and of slimy matter. I re-
peated the dose agreeable to the paper of direction,
and they all speedily recovered a good state of health,
which they still enjoy, though five months have nearly
elapsed since they were on the borders of the grave,
and the death of the whole appeared to be inevita-
ble.

Sworn before me this 26th day of Sept. 1799.
J. SMITH.

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for

Evacuating superfluous bile, and preventing its mor-
bid secretion—removing obstinate costiveness, and re-
storing lost appetite.

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these
drops, after the bark and every other medicine has
proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has
had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not
half a bottle.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE
GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing
them root and branch, without giving pain.

CHURCH'S GENUINE COUGH DROPS,

A sovereign, speedy and effectual remedy in

Head-aches,	Sore throats,
Catarrhs,	Wheezings,
Shortness of breath,	Congealed phlegm,
Ticklings in the throat,	Spitting of blood,
Tightness of the chest,	Soreness of the breast and
Hooping cough,	stomach, &c. &c.

Asthmas and consumptions,

And all disorders of the breasts and lungs.

ESSENCE OF MUSTARD,

FOR the cure of rheumatism, gout, rheumatic
gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white-swellings,
chilblains, sprains, bruises, acute and chronic rheuma-
tism.

(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid state for external use.)
This remedy has performed more cures in the com-
plaints than all the medicines ever before made public
—it eminently contains the medicinal properties of
mustard, concentrated in a small compass, and entirely
divested of the impurities so abundant in its crude state
—the virtues of other powerful anti-rheumatics are
combined with it, and render its efficacy unequalled.

THE PILLS

strengthen the tone of the stomach, remove cold or
windy complaints, promote the circulation of the
blood, and insensible perspiration, and by throwing
off the redundant humours of the body in this salu-
tary manner, effectually relieve the most inveterate
rheumatism, gout, palsy, dropsy, &c.

The FLUID ESSENCE

from its warm and penetrating nature, excels every
other application for sprains, bruises, chilblains, numb-
ness, weakness of the joints, white-swellings, pains
of the back, and rheumatic complaints of every de-
scription.

A single bottle or box (or both as the case may re-
quire) will prove a complete remedy in slight or recent
complaints, and has never been known to fail, when
persisted in, to effect a permanent cure in any case
whatever.

SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure on once using.

Being the most speedy, effectual, and pleasant re-
medy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfac-
tion of the timorous, the proprietor maketh oath, that
this ointment doth not contain a single particle of
mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its com-
position, and may be used with the most perfect safety
by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

PATENT

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

For the cure of

Veneral complaints of every description.

An extensive trial of near four years has proved the
Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the ven-
ereal virus, however deeply rooted in the constitution,
and has restored health to many who have been
brought to the grave, by the improper administration
of mercury. Within this period upwards of four
thousand patients have experienced its salutary ef-
fects.

With the medicine is given a description of the
symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease,
with copious directions for their treatment, so as to
accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and
with the least inconvenience possible.

Those who wish to purchase any of the above ar-
ticles are cautioned against the imposition of inferior
medicines, and to inquire for them only of Mr. Gideon
White.

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal profit by ad-
dressing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends to apply to the Baltimore county court,
to be held in April next, for a commission to mark and
bound the MOUNT CLARE, or GEORGIA PLANTA-
TION, as also a tract of land called BOND'S PLEASANT
HILLS, all situated near the city of Baltimore, agree-
ably to the provisions contained in the act of assembly,
passed at November session, 1786, entitled, An act
for marking and bounding lands, and the several sup-
plements thereto.

JAMES CARROLL.

January 10, 1800.

SETH SWEETSER,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public, and
his customers in particular, for past favours, and
hopes they will still continue to favour him with their
custom, as he still carries on the business in all its
branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner.
N. B. I have just received, from Boston, a quan-
tity of the best sole leather and shoe thread, and a few
barrels of New-England stuff shoes, all of which I
will sell on moderate terms.

S. S.

November 5, 1799.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar,

The LAWS

OF

MARYLAND,

Passed November Session, 1799.

CAUTION.

THE trustees of the poor desire that no person will
sell spirituous liquors to those on the county, or
have any dealings with them whatever, those who of-
fend may rest assured the law will be put in force
against them.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on
3d December, a negro man named SAUL,
about 23 or 25 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high,
yellowish complexion; his cloathing a blue over-
jacket, striped under jacket, and gray coating over-
alls; says he was bought from major SAMUEL CHAP-
MAN, of Charles county, by Messrs. WELLBORN and
BLAKE, of North-Carolina. His owners are desired
to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold
agreeably to law for prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of
Charles county.

December 5, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(LVth YEAR.)

MA

VIENNA

LAST night, at 10 o'clock,
the engineers, arrive
marshal-lieutenant Frohlich
intelligence, that after the
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13th, on the afternoon of
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Imperial troops.

The garrison, besides
of 6 generals of brigade,
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The Imperialists found
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guns, two of 64, and 5
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missing and taken prison

BERNE

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we may believe some pri
agree well.

PARIS

A paper announces the
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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, F E B R U A R Y 27, 1800.

VIENNA, November 23.

LAST night, at 10 o'clock, captain Maranz, of the engineers, arrived here as courier from field-marshal lieutenant Fröhlich, and brings the pleasing intelligence, that after the fortress of Ancona had been bombarded during the whole of the 10th, and the fire being vigorously answered by the enemy, the general of division, Mouser, commenced negotiation on the evening of the same day, which were continued to the 13th, on the afternoon of which day a capitulation was agreed upon between field-marshal lieutenant Fröhlich and the commandant, in consequence of which the fortress of Ancona was surrendered to the Imperial troops.

The garrison, besides the commandant, consisting of 6 generals of brigade, 23 staff-officers, 202 commissioned officers, and 2559 non-commissioned officers and privates, surrendered as prisoners of war, but in consideration of their brave defence, they are permitted to return to France, on promising not to serve against his majesty's troops and those of his allies, till they are duly exchanged.

The Imperialists found there 585 metal and iron guns of naval and land artillery, 32,294 wt. of powder, and a considerable quantity of other ammunition, 4400 small arms; in the harbour a ship of war of 70 guns, two of 64, and 5 smaller vessels of war.

Our loss during the whole siege amounts to 35 killed, 5 officers and 171 privates wounded, and 12 missing and taken prisoners.

BERNE, November 26.

It is said here, that the brother of the consul, Roger Ducos, has had some conferences with the archduke Charles, and that there is an idea of an armistice. If we may believe some private letters they appeared to agree well.

PARIS, December 3.

A paper announces that the city of Anspach, the capital of Anspach and Bareuth, in Franconia, belonging to the king of Prussia, is destined for holding a congress for peace. The plenipotentiaries of the belligerent powers will assemble there under the protection of a numerous Prussian army, and will open there new negotiations for a general peace.

December 6.

The general rumour of to-day is, that a part of those who have examined the new constitution do not wish for a grand elector. Persons who pass for being well informed, give it as certain that Buonaparte opposes the idea of that magistrate being for life. If the idea of a grand elector is adopted, he thinks it necessary for ten years, and is of opinion, that employments which are the object of every intrigue should cease to offer to parties the subject of continual agitation. One man, according to him, being less imposed upon than several, runs less risk of being dissuaded from good selections, and may more easily direct them towards the desired end, the public prosperity. We do not guarantee this as being the consul's opinion, but it is that which is attributed to him. Others, on the contrary, wish for a grand elector for life, or not at all.

(Journal des Hommes Libres.)

December 8.

We understand that a victory has been obtained near Genoa, by the army of Italy, the head quarters of which were established on the 4th Frimaire at Pietra, but nothing official has hitherto been published.

They ascribe to Talleyrand Perigord the idea of forming a board of admiralty on the model of the English.

A letter from Nantes, of the 25th Brumaire written by citizen Chevry, commander of the resident national guard of that commune announces, "that the report respecting the hostage act has already produced the happiest effects in the Western departments. Several of the rebel chiefs seem disposed to surrender their arms. The civil war cannot, however, be easily extinguished, unless the commissioners to pacify the country, be seconded by an imposing military force."

December 12.

On the 22d inst. (the 13th Dec) the legislative body will be assembled, and on the 27th the constitution will be officially transmitted to the departments.

Several journals have stated that citizen Sieves is to be president of the constitutional jury. We think that we can state with confidence that this jury will have no president. All the members composing it will be equally qualified to exercise the functions of temporary president, according to the mode of election to be adopted. A number of other reports of the same nature, which promote this or the other citizen, and confer places before they exist, deserve no greater credit.

(Redacteur)

Different journals have given in a list of the candidates for the consulship. The greater part of them have pointed out citizens Volney, Berthier and Talleyrand Perigord, as colleagues to Buonaparte—others, who pretend to an equal degree of information, assure us that Buonaparte will be the first consul, and will

have for his colleagues Garat and Cambaceres. The faction of the impatient are eagerly desirous of seeing every thing elucidated.—We think they must yet wait at least ten days.

Paris is at this moment the rendezvous of almost all our generals.

Six frigates coming from Newfoundland, have arrived at L'Orient, where they have taken possession of fifty English ships, which they have burnt. They have taken 2000 prisoners.

Moreau has left Paris to take the chief command of the united armies of the Rhine and the Danube.

Berthier at the head of the war department, promises to repair the misconduct of his predecessors.

NEW CONSTITUTION.

Buonaparte assembled at the consular palace, on the 8th December, the two legislative commissions—Roger Ducos took the chair.

Dauou read the plan of the new constitution, of which we have only hitherto collected imperfect fragments.

The discussion was calm, and every way worthy of so great a cause. They first discussed it in whole, and then article by article.

Some of the articles were strongly combated, but they were carried by a great majority; others were rejected; and it was here that Buonaparte manifested his wonderful powers; for after having collected all the opinions for and against an article, he commented on the argument advanced, and concluded by bringing the majority to agree to the propositions which he made.

The assembly did not separate till 7 o'clock next morning; and the estimable Dauou was appointed to digest the alterations which were made; and the act will be made public in a few days.

Citizen Rœderer has now lifted up another corner of the curtain that concealed the new constitution. The following is the sketch which he gives of the public establishment:

Legislative power.

"There is to be a council of state to propose laws, which council of state constitutes part of the executive power. For the discussion of these proposed laws, there is a tribunate, or a select body of the representatives of the people; and a legislative body, to decide on the propositions, after they have been discussed or assented to.

"The legislative body is to consist of 300 members; the tribunate of 100; and the council of state of 30."

Executive power.

"There is to be a first or principal consul invested with power to appoint and remove ministers, generals, ambassadors and counsellors of state.—There are to be two other consuls to discuss public matters in concert with the first consul. They are to have but a consultative voice; their persons are inviolable. They are named for ten years; they may be re-elected; they will have a guard. The grand consul will have 500,000 francs of salary. There are besides two councils of state, the one for the department of foreign affairs, and the other for the home department. This latter council will have the initiative. It will have also to judge and decide on litigated questions in the department of the admiralty. Such is the government.

The administration is confided.

1. To ministers, or councils of administration, such as the admiralty.
2. To administrations of communes of 20 square myriametres, assisted by commissioners to be named by the consul.
3. To intermediate bureaus, charged only with the transmission of the orders of the ministers to the communal administrations, and of the reports of the execution of the orders by the administrative, as well as of petitions and appeals of the people to the ministers, from the acts of the administrative bodies.

"The consular acts must be signed by a minister before they can be executed. The ministers are responsible, each in his department, for the execution of consular acts, which shall be contrary to the law, and for the non-execution of consular acts agreeable to the law."

Judicial power.

"It shall be afterwards organized by the constitutional means established for the formation of the laws."

Conservative power.

"There is to be a body of from 30 to 100 members elected for life. They must have a qualification and rental of 25,000 francs a year. They name themselves to vacancies in their own body. A person must be 40 years of age to be admissible. This body shall exercise various functions.

"1. They elect the members of the legislative body and the tribunate, and take them from the list of the notables of the nation, or selected out of the third degree.

"2. They shall pronounce on the unconstitutional acts committed by the inviolable bodies of the legislative or executive powers.

"3. They shall exercise the right of censure on the list of the notables of the nation, which they may every year reduce one hundredth part.

"4. They are or they probably may become a grand jury to try the crimes of high treason, imputed to the great responsible functionaries.

"The consuls in going out of office, or on giving their resignation, shall enter of right into the conservative body.

"The manner in which the conservative power shall fill up vacancies in their own body, is—three candidates shall be presented to them—one by the grand council, one by the legislative body, and one by the tribunate.

"The grand consul will alone be lodged at the Luxemburg, the two others in the palace of the 500. The tribunate and the senate in the pavilion of the Thuilleries. The conservative jury at the Louvre, in the place of the institute, and the institute in the buildings of the Sarbonne. The invalids will be transferred to Versailles, and every thing that belongs to the ministry at war, such as the etats-major, the administrations, &c. &c."

LONDON, December 14.

The armistice between the French consuls and Chouan chiefs has by no means put an end to the hopes of our government from that predatory war. They learn by private letters that they still continue in great force, and that they exercise their adherents in open day. The plan of an expedition to the coast of Normandy is therefore preserved with increasing spirit, and they hope to make a descent on France with 100,000 troops of different nations, English, Russian, Swiss and French.

Captain Taylor, the duke of York's secretary, goes to St. Petersburg to assist in digesting the new plan of a subsidiary treaty; and it is believed that we shall contract for more troops than we ever purchased in any former year. Whether they are to be employed in this service or not, we cannot say; but we know that the rumour of such a design will do more to unite all the hostile parties in France, than the affected moderation of the consuls, or the short lived energy which the government has derived from the late military convulsion.

It was generally reported yesterday in political circles, that Mr. Dundas's journey to Scotland was from deep political reasons. Some say that he is about to retire from office, and is to be called up to the house of peers. Another pretext for his going to Scotland is, that he may have a personal interview with Sir Ralph Abercrombie, and do away some misunderstanding which has occurred on the late expedition to Holland.

A letter from our Dublin correspondent of the 7th inst. says, "our apprehensions of scarcity have subsided, but they are succeeded by our apprehension of French invasion, and the troops forwarding to this country seem to shew that your government also is not without expectations of such an event."

The consulate have agreed to the demand made by general Knox, of residing at Calais, for the purpose of being better enabled to carry into effect the release of the 8000 French prisoners, stipulated by the convention concluded at Alkmaar. Gen. Humbert is to accompany him.

A German paper says: "About 800 Irish rebels arrived at Embden, and were received by a Prussian officer, who gave them one dollar, or three shillings sterling bounty each. Being lodged in the barracks, they thought of regaling themselves with gin after their voyage; unfortunately they got too much inspired, and begun talking of cutting off kings heads, and singing revolutionary songs. The next morning the Prussian officer had them mustered on the parade, and about a dozen of the most noisy were saluted with 50 strokes of the cane, by way of welcome and example to all the rest, who seemed to be all fine young paddies, from 18 to 30 years of age. They afterwards were divided in small parties, and conveyed under strong escorts to different regiments, where, the officer told them, they should be most particularly taken care of, as they came so very strongly recommended."

December 16.

The Clynce, George, Wennel, and three other vessels, on his majesty's late proclamation permitting a commercial intercourse with Holland, cleared out of the custom house in London in ballast for Amsterdam, where, on their arrival, they were seized, and their crews lodged in goal; the Batavian government alleging, that they had not opened their ports to England.

December 18.

The good understanding which subsists between Prussia and the French republic is cemented more and more every day. This appears from the proposal

lately made by Mr. Schladen, a general in the Prussian service, of a cartel, by virtue of which the generals belonging to the two powers, and also the generals of the Batavian troops, shall reciprocally surrender their deserters.

NEW-YORK, February 15.

The ship *Tanner*, capt. O'Brian, arrived here yesterday from London.

The advices by the *Tanner* are to the 23d December, at which date the ship sailed from Gravesend: she passed the Downs on the 25th.

The articles of verbal news are, that no event of consequence has occurred at Paris, since the 9th and 10th November, except that Buonaparte and Sieyès continue to absorb all power, legislative as well as executive: that the Irish parliament had been prorogued; and the prevailing opinion was that they would not meet again; that the coalition were resolved upon another campaign; and though the Russians had left the field, their return was determined upon on the opening of the campaign: and that Denmark had joined the coalition.

There was no intelligence in London of the arrival of our commissioners at Paris.

An article under the *Turin* head, of November 12, states the loss of the French, in the actions which took place in Italy from the 5th to the 8th, at 13,000 men, in killed, wounded and prisoners.

[From another paper.]

We understand, from the best information which can be collected, that the late revolution at Paris, affords no prospect of peace in Europe. On the contrary, another campaign is expected; and it is believed the Danes and Swedes will also come into the coalition against France.

The retreat of the Russians into Bavaria, is supposed only to be a temporary arrangement to pass the winter in a plentiful country; and that with the opening of the campaign, they will march to join the Austrians on the Rhine.

Switzerland, it is supposed, will be declared neutral, and in consequence, the offensive operations of the next year directed to the countries on the banks of the Rhine—to the Low Countries—and to Italy.

By the latest accounts from Paris, every thing was quiet in that city. A plan of a new constitution has been proposed: but nothing yet decided on. Every exertion was making to raise money, and to recruit the armies.

The consuls were pursuing a moderate system of government; several odious decrees of the late directory had been done away, and many emigrants permitted to return.

The combined French and Spanish fleet lay in Brest harbour, off which port an English fleet of 20 sail of the line, under admiral Gardner, was cruising to observe them.

The harvest in England has not turned out to be so bad as was expected, and the prices of grain had declined considerably.

PHILADELPHIA, February 17.

The frigate *Philadelphia*, capt. Decatur, now in this port, will be ready for sea, and we understand, has received orders to sail on the first Monday in March, wind and weather permitting.

A letter from capt. Truxton, dated on board the *Constellation*, Basseterre Roads, 22d Jan. mentions that a 44 gun French ship, and a corvette of 28 guns were at Guadaloupe. The *Constellation* was then preparing to sail from Basseterre to watch the movements of the Frenchmen.

Annapolis, February 27.

Saturday last, the 22d instant, being the day appointed by the proclamations of the President of the United States, and of the Governor of this State, "as a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer," the same was observed in this city in the most public and solemn manner, as a just tribute to the memory of our beloved citizen, and venerated chief, general GEORGE WASHINGTON.

The dawn of day was announced by a morning gun; and the colours were suspended from the dome of the stadthouse, in mourning.

At half past ten o'clock the procession, which had been previously formed, proceeded from the stadthouse, in the following order:

The Governor,
Ministers of the Gospel.
Executive.
Chancellor and Judges of the General Court.
Officers of Government.
Professors of the College.
Mayor and Corporation of the City.
Officers of Militia.
Infantry.
Citizens.

During the procession minute guns were fired—the bell tolling.

As soon as the citizens were assembled, the service for the day was performed. The rev. Mr. Higginbotham delivered a discourse from the following words: *It is appointed for all men once to die.* In which the eminent virtues and distinguished services of the deceased were portrayed in strong and elegant language.—He recommended to the imitation of the rising generation an example so conspicuously set before them—
"and implored the Most High God to supply his place by inspiring us with a love of true liberty and religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace and knowledge throughout the land; and that he would grant to the people of this and the United States that

the wisdom and virtues of a WASHINGTON might never cease to influence and direct our public councils."

In the afternoon the rev. Mr. Roberts officiated in the same church. The service commenced by a hymn suitable to the occasion. A pious and pertinent prayer was then addressed to the Supreme Being—After which he delivered an eloquent and masterly discourse from the following text: *Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen this day in Israel.*

Never did we witness such a numerous or respectable assemblage in this church (both in the morning and evening,) than on the above melancholy occasion. Every heart attested the truth of the expression, *That take him all in all we never shall look upon his like again.*

From *The AMERICAN*, (Baltimore) of the 25th inst. INTERESTING.

Extract of a letter from an officer on board the *Enterprise cutter*, captain Shaw, to a gentleman of the first respectability in this city, dated

PORT PENN, (Del) Feb. 22

"We yesterday arrived here with dispatches for government, from captain Truxton, who has had an engagement with a 54 gun French ship; the *Constellation* fought five hours, had 19 men killed, and 20 wounded, lost all her masts, and was reduced almost to a wreck. The guns of the Frenchmen were silenced, and the ship would have been taken, had not the *Constellation* lost her main-mast, at the time she was about to give the Frenchman a finishing blow. By this means the enemy got off, or sunk, for she was not to be seen on the morning. Truxton has gone to Jamaica to rest.

"The *Enterprise* has taken two prizes on this, her first cruise."

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 10th of March next, at the house of JAMES WHARFE, in the city of Annapolis,

ALL the household furniture, plate, &c. &c. belonging to the said James Wharfe, consisting of feather beds, bedsteads and bed furniture, window curtains, mahogany and walnut dressing tables, card and chamber ditto, walnut and Windsor chairs, a pyramid and sundry china and glass ware, kitchen furniture, and irons, &c. &c. on a credit of twelve months, with approved security; also two women cooks. The sale to continue until all is sold.

N. B. No bond will be taken for less than £40. Annapolis, February 24, 1800.

A New Edition OF THE LAWS of MARYLAND,

Compiled by WILLIAM KILTY, Esquire, Attorney at Law.

Under the authority of the Legislature, And now publishing by

FREDERICK GREEN, printer to the State.

Subscriptions for the above mentioned publication are received by Messrs. Thomas and Caldwell, No. 141, Baltimore street, Baltimore; by the clerks of the several counties, and by the printer hereof.

The subscription to the above will be closed in May, and the price considerably enhanced to non-subscribers, there being only three hundred sets for sale.

In CHANCERY, February 18, 1800.

JOHN BEARD,

An insolvent of Anne-Arundel county,

MAKES application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required, and the said John Beard being a person known to the chancellor to be at this time a citizen of the United States, and of this State, and to have been such at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the fifteenth day of September next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, before the fifteenth day of March next, in the *Maryland Gazette*, he gives notice to his creditors to attend on the said fifteenth day of September, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, near Annapolis, a negro man named GEORGE, of about twenty-four years of age, is large, very black and remarkable, has a tooth out before, and the hair is mostly rubbed off his head; had on a sailor's dress, blue jacket and trousers; I expect he will aim to go to sea. Any person that will secure the said fellow in goal, and give Mr. SAMUEL SWAN, at Easton, or myself notice, shall receive the above reward.

EDWARD M'GEHEE.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are forewarned from harbouring or carrying off said fellow at their peril.

February 20, 1800.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the property of JAMES CADLE, sen. late of said county, deceased, all persons having just claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers thereof, to THOMAS BICKWELL, of said county, on or before the 10th day of April next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 20th day of February, 1800.

WILLIAM WALKER, Administrator.

One Cent and one Old Leather Glove Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the first day of January last, an apprentice lad named SAMUEL LEWIS, about nineteen years of age. Whoever will take up said lad, and bring him home to the subscriber, living on Fatapico, in Anne-Arundel county, shall receive the above reward, paid by me.

HENRY EVANS.

P. S. I do hereby forewarn all persons from labouring or employing said apprentice at their peril.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Mr. Walter Bowie's, in Prince-George's county, State of Maryland, on the 15th of January last, a tall black man named CHARLES, a slim well set fellow, twenty years of age, about five feet nine or ten inches high, has a down look when questioned, and has lost both his little toes; I am informed he left the neighbourhood with an intention of going to Annapolis, which I think is very likely, as he has relations living in and near that place; he has probably changed his name and obtained a pass, and will endeavour to pass as a free man; had on when he went away, a white kersey jacket and breeches, yarn stockings, and a pair of coarse shoes; it is likely he may change his dress. If taken up within fifteen miles of home FIVE DOLLARS will be paid, if over fifteen miles TEN DOLLARS, and if exceeding fifty miles the above reward, with reasonable travelling charges for bringing him home, or FIVE DOLLARS for securing him in any goal, and giving me information, so that I get him again.

JOHN W. PRATT.

February 20, 1800.

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the 21st of February, a negro man named DICK, about forty years of age, five feet six inches high, round full face, large eyes, very bow legged, slow of speech, and fond of smoking a pipe, he is a methodist preacher; took along with him a country cloth coat, and one gray coloured, and breeches, two osabrig shirts, short kersey coat and trousers, shoes nailed. Whoever takes up the said negro, and secures him in any goal, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable charges, paid by me.

HUGH DRUMMOND.

February 24, 1800.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at March term next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, situate in Zachia Swamp, in Charles county, called FORTUNE'S RE-TREAT.

CHARLES EDLEN.

Charles county, February 11, 1800.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 4th day of March next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the house of the subscriber, in Calvert county, for READY MONEY.

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of WILLIAM A. FRAZIER, late of said county, deceased, consisting of three NEGROES, one woman and two girls. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

DANIEL FRAZIER, Administrator de bonis non.

N. B. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them in on that day legally attested.

February 11, 1800.

To be SOLD,

SIX HUNDRED acres of LAND, or thereabouts, lying in the Neck on the north side of South river, and five miles from Annapolis; this land is bounded by the Bay, South river, Oyster creek, and Smith's creek, and is so situated that a line of fence, not exceeding 300 panels, extending from Oyster to Smith's creek, will enclose the whole; within its boundaries is comprehended the whole of Fishing creek. These creeks are famous for fish, oysters and wild fowl. This land is well wooded, and in general fertile, and is capable of being made a grazing farm, equal to most in the State for its size, there being a quantity of marsh of the first quality belonging to it. There are several small tenements on it, and a well of most excellent water. For terms apply to

February 4, 1800. J. T. CHASE.

I HEREBY certify that FIELDER POPE has this day brought before me a trespassing Irish, bright bay horse, about seven or eight years old, trots, gallops and paces, a little shod before, has no perceivable brand or natural mark. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

January 24, 1800. THOMAS BOWIE.

OF TRACTS of land not residents of due for the year seven respectively chargeable now due and unpaid liable for, or chargeable

Persons Name

Abraham Arthur
Henry Boorer
William Bell
William Bell, John
and Thos. Jones
Thomas J. Beatty
Blackburn and Brent
Charles Beatty
James Beatty

Jeremiah Barry

Thomas Burgess
Leonard Bevins
James Blair
William Bickerstaff
Archibald Chisholm
George Cooke
William Cooke

Richard Cabus
Margaret Chew
Joseph Compton

William Clark
Davidson and Muir
Peter Engles

George Every
Benjamin Edwards
Jacob Folk
George French
Gilbert Faulkner
Uriah Forrest

William Fitzhugh, sen
John Fitzhugh
George French

Peregrine Fitzhugh
Frederick Grammar

George Graham

Samuel Goodman

Nathan Gregg
Thomas Hanion

Laurence Hensel
Henry Hoover
Peter Johnson

Thomas Johnson & B
son
Thomas Johnson

Edward Jones
Thomas Johnson, of T
John C. Jones

Denton Jacques
Henry Kemp
Christopher Kealhoofe

A list of lots with the
belong, the taxes on
half penny, each,
oned.
William Amos 340.
William Amos 107
William Alexander
William Alexander
Charles Boyles 1/8
Catherine Boyer 29
Samuel Beckwith 1
Aquila Browne 480
William Berryman
Archibald Chisholm
Peter Cassanoe 24
371, 1928, 1304, 19
1044, 245, 1861, 30
141, 3045, 1353, 18
1000, 3345, 3340, 33
341, 1330, 27, 124,

A L I S T

OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

Persons Names.	Names of Land.	Amt. Tax
Abraham Arthur	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Boorer	House and ditto ditto	2 6
William Bell	Williamson's Discovery	1 2 3
William Bell, John Steinmitz and Thos. Jones	Clifton and Sportsman's Fields	1 1 2
Thomas J. Beatty	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Blackburn and Brent	8 lots ditto ditto	13 4
Charles Beatty	Jacob's Ladder	8 4
James Beatty	Refurvey on Elk Lick	8 3
	The Request	2 10
	Joseph's Folly	1 5
	Lost Glove	9
Jeremiah Barry	That's All	12 3
	Milly's Chance	10 6
	Chance	3 8
Thomas Burgefs	Timber Plenty	2 5
Leonard Bevins	Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 9
James Blair	Part of I am Lost	4 8
William Bickerstaff	Bickerstaff's Beginning	4 3
Archibald Chisholm	Refurvey on Shawny War	1 6 4
George Cooke	Bottom	2 10
William Cooke	Stoney Ridge	10 10
	Deer Park	4 2 6
	Much ado about Nothing	17
Richard Cabus	House and lot in Western Port	2 6
Margaret Chew	10 lots town of Cumberland	8 4
Joseph Compton	Yanky Hill	3 1 1/2
	Two Yanky's	2 1
William Clark	Small Glade	3 4
Davidson and Muir	William and Mary	5 11 3
Peter Engles	Part of Mount Airy	11
	What you Please	4
George Every	Coal Mine	1 5
Benjamin Edwards	1 1/2 lots town of Cumberland	2 11
Jacob Folk	Part of Mount Nebo	9 3
George French	Honey Isle	12 1
Gilbert Faulkner	(Name unknown)	3 9
Uriah Forrest	Orme's Mistake	7 4 1/2
	Orme's Trouble	6 8
	The General's Wish	12 3
	13 lots in Western Port	8 4
William Fitzhugh, sen.	1 ditto ditto	2 6
John Fitzhugh	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
George French	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
	Walnut Bottom	2 1 8
	Cattle Hill	1 9
	Deer Park	3
Peregrine Fitzhugh	Cresap's Prospect	14 8
Frederick Grammar	1/2 Beatty's Plains	1 18
	White Oak Flats	5 11
	Walnut Ridge	2 9
	Little Worth	3 1
George Graham	Grammar's Discovery	5 2 1/2
	Chance	2 10
Samuel Godman	Royal Charlotte	5 11 2
	Mount Hope	2 4 1/2
	Water Works	9 10
Nathan Gregg	New Addition	5 8
Thomas Hanion	Walnut Level	7
	Dogwood Plains	8 4
	Horse Lick	11 2
Laurence Hensel	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Hoover	Hoffman's Prospect	1 7
Reber Johnson	Three Springs	4 7
	Covent Garden	4 13 4
	Mount Pleasant	3 9 6
	The Grove	1 9 5
	Kindness	6 12
	Addition to Policy	8 7 1/2
	(Name unknown)	2 10
Thomas Johnson & Baker Johnson	Squirrel Neck	5 9
Thomas Johnson	Part of Mount Airy	6
	Promised Land	3 6 8
	Thomas and Anne	4 3 4
	Peace and Plenty	3 2 6
Edward Jones	Part of Spruce Spring	2 8
Thomas Johnson, of Thos.	Half of Granary	9 3
John C. Jones	The Glades	16 6
	Part of Sugar tree Camp	5 7
	Clear Meadows	2 10
Denton Jacques	Horse Pasture	6 6
Henry Kemp	Bottom	2 10
Christopher Kealhooper	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
	1 house and lot in ditto	5
	1 lot in ditto	10

A list of lots with the persons names to whom they belong, the taxes on which said lots is eight pence half-penny, each, unless where otherwise mentioned.

William Amos 340.
 William Amos 1071.
 William Alexander & K. Long 1042.
 William Alexander 113.
 Charles Boyles 1/8.
 Catherine Boyer 298, 325, 326.
 Samuel Beckwith 12.
 Aquila Browne 489.
 William Berryman 1877.
 Archibald Chisholm 226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4024.
 Peter Cassanova 2473, 4, 5, 6, 1388, 1773, 52.
 John 1528, 1304, 1944, 1610, 1787, 1203, 2019.
 1944, 245, 1861, 3035, 966, 894, 1780, 3027.
 441, 3045, 1353, 1842, 231, 1048, 1587, 1220,
 1000, 3345, 3346, 3347, 3348, 1972, 2018, 1160,
 341, 1330, 27, 124, 1700.

Randolph B. Latimer

Lloyd and Paca

Henry Menadier
 Ebenezer Mackey
 Daniel Menadier
 James M'Pherson
 Honor Martin
 James Martin

Lenox Martin

Luther Martin

Lewis Neth

John Orme

John Orr
 James O'Quin
 William Pott
 William Potts

Raphael Peale

Pearfall and Rogers
 Walter Roe
 Absalom Ridgely
 Anthony Rentzel
 John Ritchie

Richard Ridgely
 Jacob Storm

George Smith
 Gustavus Scott

Hugh Scott
 Selby and Cookes

William and Joseph Scott
 Samuel Selby, 3d

Michael Schnabley
 Benjamin Stoddert

Abel Sargent

Joseph Selby
 James Smith
 John Templeman

Francis Thomas
 Joseph Tomlinson
 John Williams
 John Waits
 George West
 Conrad Young

Savage Ridge
 Glade Farm
 Buck Ridge
 Small Meadows
 Hunting Ground
 Buck Bones
 Rich Glade
 Lilly of the Valley
 Partnership
 The Vale
 1 lot town of Cumberland
 Refurvey on Hampstead Park
 Vineyard
 Duncan's Mistake
 Sally's Choice
 Blooming Plains
 Hope
 Sugar Cove
 Addition to Seven Springs
 Hope Well United
 Addition to Seven Springs
 Dry Hill
 Part of Fox Chase
 Part of Eden's Paradise Regained
 1/2 Beatty's Plains
 Mill Seat
 Felicity
 1 lot town of Cumberland
 Sparking Camp
 House and lot in Selby's Port
 Price's Choice
 Hinche's Discovery
 Half of Granary
 Half of Sanea Panca
 Bull Pasture
 Dunghill
 Ridgely's first attempt Amended
 1 lot town of Cumberland
 Potts Adventure
 Constitution Vale
 Addition to Hunting Ground
 Rich Glade
 Potato Garden
 Elk Lick
 Friendship's Refurvey
 Part of Nothing
 Godman's Disappointment
 Smith's Fields
 Governor's Neglect
 Rooby's Delight
 Orme's Attention
 Chesant Grove
 Now or Never
 2484
 Hard Struggle
 Ashby's Discovery
 Grimes Point
 Bear Creek Meadows
 Wm. and Joseph's Amendment
 White Oak Point
 Locust Ridge Refurveyed
 Refurvey on Recourse
 Castle Hill
 1/2 lot in town of Cumberland
 Part of Austin's Purchase
 Mount Pisgah
 Rooby's Delight & Ray's Discovery
 New Carthage
 Orme's Discovery
 Mount Pleasant
 Orme's Choice
 Pleasant Ridge
 Park
 Mount Altus
 The Disdem
 Mill Seat
 Pink of Allegany
 First Venture
 Republic
 Addition
 Caledonia
 2 houses and lots in Western Port
 8 lots in ditto
 5 acres land
 1 lot town of Cumberland
 Chance
 Mill Seat
 Refurvey on lot No. 346
 Nancy's Pleasure Ground
 1 lot town of Cumberland
 1 ditto ditto
 Lyon's Prospect
 1 lot town of Cumberland
 House and lot ditto
 Independence
 Honest Miller

2
 9 2 1/2
 5 7
 13 19 2
 7 4
 1 7 10
 6 4
 1 10 6
 1 8 4
 3 4 8
 1 8
 10 7 1/2
 5 9
 4 7 1/2
 1 9
 13 11
 5 8
 6 8
 2 5
 10 5
 5 9
 1 8
 2 2
 1 7 10
 5 14
 7 10
 6 9
 1 8
 6 5
 3 2
 1 12 11 1/2
 2 1 8
 9 3
 3 4
 2 4
 1 5 11 1/2
 2 7
 1 8
 2 1 8
 11 1
 10 8
 11 4
 10 5
 5 8
 9 8 1/2
 1 10
 4 8 1/2
 1 4
 1 8 8
 15 6
 1 5 2
 17
 2 7
 2 5 11 1/2
 2 15 6 1/2
 15 6
 12 4
 4 1
 8
 1 7
 2 1 1
 1 7 1/2
 1 8
 1 6 2
 1 7 11
 4
 12 7 1/2
 19 11 1/2
 10 6
 7 10
 4 14 10
 19 11 1/2
 1 15 4
 2 10
 5 17 4
 5 7
 3 14 5 1/2
 11 11
 11 11
 10
 6 8
 1 1 1/2
 1 8
 1 9
 7 9
 1 8 1/2
 1 8
 1 3
 2 6
 1 8
 5
 12 2
 2 9

Archibald Golder 1124.
 Eliza Hall 197, 1305.
 John Hamm 1386.
 Thomas B. Hugo 1784.
 Thomas Johnson 404 lots numbers unknown.
 Eliza Jasrett 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131, 932.
 Randolph B. Latimer 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899, 3900, 1, 2, 2441, 2442, 2460, 2463, 897.
 William Maley 1293, 3115, 1294.
 Luther Martin 2734, 2672, 2670, 2661.
 Henry Myers 188.
 Richard Mackubin 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3328, 3341, 3342, 3343, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614.
 James R. Morris 11, 1142.
 Gilbert Murdock 885, 931.
 John Neale 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95.
 Lewis Neth 2542, 2091.
 Greenberry Neale 1558.
 Samuel Norwood 1603, 4096, 4097.

Richard Cabus 2 lots number unknown.
 William Coe 2534.
 Samuel Davis 3163.
 Thomas Donaldson 1397, 1134, 4157, 4156, 90, 123, 79, 859, 84, 130, 3098, 2888, 3632, 11, 1105, 1325, 1125, 1168, 469, 1912, 250, 1131.
 Patrick Doran No unknown.
 George Frois 1423, 3123.
 William Ferguson 255.
 Richard Fleming 1963.
 Philip Ford 404.
 Frederick Grammar 4158, 214, 844, 845, 1371, 911, 215, 1106, 1171, 3121, 4158, 846, 847, 213.
 John Guyer 1135, 174, 825, 976, 1838, 101, 1122, 1151, 876.
 Robert Gover 1704, 810, 3129, 2425, 1325, 1425, 4055, 1317, 1121, 1834, 1010, 2543, 1009, 310.
 Solomon Geer 2022, 3726, 1720.

William H. Park 131, 1792,
Richard Ponsoby 1777,
Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938,
1113.
Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555,
1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.
E. a Robinon 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings
and nine-pence each.
John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.
George Rofs 334.
Charles Robinon 1268.
John Reid 301.
James Robinon 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.
Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743.
Abfalom Ridgely 229.
Selby & Cookes 193, 1413.
John Schley 1237.
James Shaw 3066.
Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.
Philip Severer 3036.
Benjamin Stodert 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884,
3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,
3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.
John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,
58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,
165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,
217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,
360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,
448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,
846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,
989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,
1169, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,
1132, 1156, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,
1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,
1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,
1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,
1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,
1502, 1508, 1530, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,
1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,
1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,
1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,
1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,
1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081,
2085, 2369, 2398, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008,
3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3119, 3125,
3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,
4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.
Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling
and four-pence half-penny.
John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and
four-pence each.
Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.
Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one
lot number unknown.
John Willson 4045. Edward Wright 217, 3039,
1289, 2540, 4064 1190, 118.
Philip L. Webster 283, 1435.
James West, jun. 2081, 1005.
Charles Wayman 82.
James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,
210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,
1038, 878, 2010.
John Warfield 266.
William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.
John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence
half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county
charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be
paid to William M'Mahon, collector of Allegany
county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the
lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part there-
of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,
shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,
HANSON BRISCOE,
JOHN REID,
Commissioners of the tax for
Allegany county.

To be sold, at private sale,
And possession given immediately,
THE HOUSE where Moses Maccubbin
now lives, opposite to Mr. Mann's; it is one
of the best stands for business of any in Annapolis; the
house and lot is subject to a ground rent of ten pounds
eight shillings and four-pence per annum. Any per-
son who is inclined to purchase may know the terms
of sale by applying to JOHN DAVIDSON, or Moses
Maccubbin, living in the said house.
January 20, 1800

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-
Arundel county, on the Head of South river,
negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-
eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet
four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in
common used to house work, she is a very good
spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing
about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took
with her more than one suit; she has been seen in
Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may
now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to
any person that will bring her home, or secure her so
that I get her again. WILLIAM HALL, 3d.
February 3, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber,
as guardian to GEORGE MAYO SELLMAN, a
minor, intends petitioning the Anne Arundel county
court, at their next April term, for a commission to
establish the lines and bounds of a tract of land called
UNITED FRIENDSHIP, lying and being in said county,
agreeably to an act of assembly of Maryland, passed
November session, 1786.
JOHNZEE SELLMAN.

January 17, 1800.

JUST RECEIVED,

From LEE's and Co. Patent and Family Medicine
store Baltimore, and for sale by
GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.
DR. HAMILTON's celebrated
WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

The astonishing success which has constantly at-
tended the administration of this medicine, emboldens
the proprietor to offer a return of the purchase money
whenever the desired effects are not produced. Indeed
a single instance of their failure has not come to his
knowledge, where the printed directions have been fol-
lowed.

A tenth part of the evidence already detailed to the
public, is sufficient to convince even the most pre-
judiced, that this medicine is so certain in its operati-
on, and so salutary in its effects, as to claim the high-
est degree of confidence from the afflicted, or those
otherwise interested in the cure or prevention of all
disorders of the stomach and bowels, especially those
resulting from worms.

The proprietor offers to the inspection of every ap-
plicant, a list of cures with the particulars, longer he
is persuaded than any one will be at the trouble of
reading.

AFFIDAVIT OF RECENT CURES.

MICHAEL DUFFEY, residing at No. 47, Wilke's
street, Fell's-Point, in the city of Baltimore, volun-
tarily maketh oath, that the following statement is just
and true.

In the beginning of May last, my three children,
a boy of seven, and two girls, the one five and the
other three years of age, were taken very ill, nearly
at the same time, of a common fever, as I then sup-
posed; but was soon convinced the disorder was
caused by worms—they were frequently troubled with
convulsion fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and
with almost continual vomiting and purging, particu-
larly the youngest. I made immediate application to
a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines
were administered with a confidence of success which
only increased our disappointment. The children
grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes
of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared al-
most devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant
of this world. In this distressing moment, I was told
that HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES
had performed many cures in cases equally desperate
—I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of
them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most
desirable effects: the eldest vomited a great number of
very large worms, and the second, thousands of small
ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch long—
in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had
the appearance of skins and of slimy matter. I re-
peated the dose agreeable to the paper of direction,
and they all speedily recovered a good state of health,
which they still enjoy, though five months have nearly
elapsed since they were on the borders of the grave,
and the death of the whole appeared to be inevita-
ble.

Sworn before me this 26th day of Sept. 1799.
J. SMITH.

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for
Evacuating superfluous bile, and preventing its mor-
bid secretion—removing obnoxious costiveness, and re-
storing lost appetite.

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these
drops, after the bark and every other medicine has
proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has
had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not
half a bottle.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE AND GENUINE
GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing
them root and branch, without giving pain.

CHURCH'S GENUINE COUGH DROPS,

A sovereign, speedy and effectual remedy in
Head-aches, Sore throats,
Catarrhs, Wheezings,
Shortness of breath, Congerated phlegm,
Ticklings in the throat, Spitting of blood,
Tightness of the chest, Soreness of the breast and
Hooping cough, Stomach, &c. &c.

Asthma and consumptions,
And all disorders of the breasts and lungs.

ESSENCE OF MUSTARD,

FOR the cure of rheumatism, gout, rheumatic
gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white-swelling,
chilblains, sprains, bruises, acute and chronic rheuma-
tism.

(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid state for external use.)
This remedy has performed more cures in the com-
plaints than all the medicines ever before made public
—it eminently contains the medicinal properties of
mustard, concentrated in a small compass, and entirely
devoid of the impurities so abundant in its crude state
—the virtues of other powerful anti-rheumatics are
combined with it, and render its efficacy unequal-
led.

THE PILLS

strengthen the tone of the stomach, remove cold or
windy complaints, promote the circulation of the
blood, and insensible perspiration, and by throwing
off the redundant humours of the body in this salu-
tary manner, effectually relieve the most inveterate
rheumatism, gout, palsy, dropsy, &c.

The FLUID ESSENCE

from its warm and penetrating nature, excels every
other application for sprains, bruises, chilblains, numb-
ness, weakness of the joints, white-swelling, pains
of the back, and rheumatic complaints of every de-
scription.

A single bottle or box (or both as the case may re-
quire) will prove a complete remedy in slight or recent
complaints, and has never been known to fail, when
performed in, to effect a permanent cure in any case
whatever.

SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure as once used.

Being the most speedy, effectual, and pleasant re-
medy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfac-
tion of the timorous, the proprietor maketh oath, that
this ointment doth not contain a single particle of
mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its com-
position, and may be used with the most perfect safety
by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

PATENT

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

For the cure of

Veneral complaints of every description.

An extensive trial of near four years has proved the
Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the ven-
ereal virus, however deeply rooted in the constitution,
and has restored health to many who have been
brought to the grave, by the improper administration
of mercury. Within this period upwards of four
thousand patients have experienced its salutary ef-
fects.

With the medicine is given a description of the
symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease,
with copious directions for their treatment, so as to
accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and
with the least inconvenience possible.

Those who wish to purchase any of the above ar-
ticles are cautioned against the imposition of inferior
medicines, and to inquire for them only of Mr. Gideon
White.

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal profit by ad-
dressing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends to apply to the Baltimore county court,
to be held in April next, for a commission to mark and
bound the MOUNT CLARE, or GEORGIA PLANTA-
TION, as also a tract of land called BOND'S PLEASANT
HILLS, all situated near the city of Baltimore, agree-
ably to the provisions contained in the act of assembly,
passed at November session, 1786, entitled, An act
for marking and bounding lands, and the several sup-
plements thereto.

January 10, 1800.

JAMES CARROLL.

SETH SWEETSER,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public, and
his customers in particular, for past favours, and
hopes they will still continue to favour him with their
custom, as he still carries on the business in all its
branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner.
N. B. I have just received, from Boston, a quan-
tity of the best sole leather and shoe thread, and a few
barrels of New-England stuff shoes, all of which I
will sell on moderate terms.

S. S.

November 5, 1799.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar,

The LAWS

OF
MARYLAND,
Passed November Session, 1799.

CAUTION.

THE trustees of the poor desire that no person will
sell spirituous liquors to those on the county, or
have any dealings with them whatever, those who of-
fend may rest assured the law will be put in force
against them.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on
3d December, a negro man named SAUL,
about 23 or 25 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high,
yellowish complexion; his cloathing a blue over
jacket, striped under jacket, and gray coating over-
alls; says he was bought from major SAMUEL CHAP-
MAN, of Charles county, by Messrs. WELLS and
BLAKE, of North-Carolina. His owners are desired
to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold
agreeably to law for prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of
Charles county.

December 5, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

In COUNCIL, An-
ORDERED, That th
the year one thousand eig
in each week, for the ter
ryland Gazette, at Ann
Baltimore, Mr. Cowan
of Man, at Frederi
and Co's. paper, at Geor
By order
NIN

An ACT to appoint an e
eigh

BE it enacted, by the
That William Mar
execute the trust and pow
this act, from the first
eight hundred, until the
said eight hundred and

II. And be it enacted,
the collection of all ar
the several collectors of
this state; and the said
required to call upon t
stores for an accurate
balances due from such
shall be furnished by the

III. And be it enacted,
rised to superintend the
the state on the auditor
and the said agent shall
of, and, if necessary, to
and the said agent, with
nor and council, may m
debtors, and take bonds
curity, and give time fo
years from the first day
hundred.

IV. And be it enacted,
rised to superintend the
the state for naval dut
and armaments, and
for ordinary, retailers
require payment, and
the same; and the said
and credit any money t
with by law, and for
he may take the advi
writing.

V. And be it enacted,
occasion to expose to
collector, or his securit
already issued, or to be
agent shall cause at leas
given of such sale, and
shall appear that there
the debt due to the sta
chase any property fo
state, in payment, or p
of the arrearages due
may be so purchased,
by this act shall be co
the state, unless a pub
made by the agent, or
such sale and purchase,
for the use of the state,
to public auction on th
the use of the state, a
which shall in no case
said agent shall take be
curity, to be approved
tern here, from the p
all bonds by him so t
accurate list thereof su
of the western shore
property of such purc
the respective dates, or
in the schedule thereto

VI. And be it enacte
directed to dispose of
that remains unsold, a
sufficient security, a
thereof, not exceedin
of January, one th
where the quantity
just to such sale exc
such land shall be disp
and place of which sal
lice shall be given by
the time of any sale b
shall make known th
state thereto, and tha
the same, or a
time must be in all
other.

VII. And be it ena
by any officer or per
valid and effectual, u
wherein or either G
made, to the clerks ar
in the cases where the
authorised to receive
authorised to receive
VIII. And be it en
full power and autho
governor and council
to take back any pro
person, and not yet
to having purchased,
of paying for the
upon terms and priv
with the advice and