

scribed, living named MIL... feet high of took with her up, white cottonabrig shift, woman carried out two years ago, with her air master gets ten miles from county, and TEEN DOLLARS, DOLLARS, ward, including WASHINGTON.

VERY. G-OFFICE. Lower Egypt in that country, tonnage; translated NOVELS. London editions, elegant bindings.

of JOHN BULL, on the culture and notes on American Farmer. is added, a com... containing all the a perfect practical bert Patterson, Pres- dency of Pennsylvania, Scots Lessons, 's Grammar.

Travels, Walkery Fordyce's Addressing and Chap ditto. thin and superior paper, Blank receipts, bills, Inksstands, Inkblack lead do. Sealing India rubber, Playing el county and the tis.

itation of a number beg leave to inform f as a candidate for ction of a sheriff of would I be fortunate robatation, that every general satisfaction your confidence and negotifm, and as few n more disagreeable n encompial, I shall farther professions of observe, that I have deputy to Mr. John y Howard, Esquire, rebly, I flatter myself e of the duties inc

WELCH, of BW. ING, &c. ARNE,

nts the ladies, gentle, in the city and ng his stay (which will month) he will unde- descriptions that may d that in the best man- , &c. he pledges him- best manner from the e durable polish. carefully lined, cleaned

NTED, elling-house, lately oc DUANEY, Esq; in the excellent garden, on pply to Mr. ANDREW ites, or to AMUEL RIDOUT.

OLIS: rick and SAMUEL EN.

AMERICAN GAZETTE

Published weekly, except on Sundays and Public Holidays, at No. 101 N. 3rd St. Philadelphia, Pa.

Advertisements for the first insertion are charged at the rate of one dollar per line for the first week, and fifty cents for each subsequent week. For longer terms, a discount will be made. All advertisements must be paid for in advance.

NOTICE. The undersigned has received from the Hon. Secretary of the Navy, a copy of the Report of the Board of Inquiry into the Cause of the Loss of the U. S. S. "Albatross" on the 25th of July, 1842.

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**JOHN HYDE,
TANNER and CURRIER,
ANNAPOLIS.**

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public generally, and to his friends particularly, for the encouragement he has hitherto received, and hopes for a continuance of their favours. He has now on hand a quantity of excellent foal and upper leather, which he will sell as low as can be purchased in Baltimore. He will give cash, or leather in exchange, for all kinds of hides, and will take one or two apprentices to the above businesses.

THIS is to give notice, that all persons indebted to the estate of JACOB GREEN, deceased, of Prince-George's county, by bond, note, or otherwise, are once more requested to make immediate payment, on or before the 10th day of September next, as no farther indulgence can possibly be given, likewise all those that are indebted for purchases made at the different sales of Jacob Green's property are also requested to make payment as above; suits will be commenced against all those that neglect this notice.

ADDISON CONAWAY, Executor.
August 22, 1803. 10/7/6

ELOPED from the subscriber this morning, a negro woman named SALL, who I have lately got home, and absconded under a pretence of freedom, being one of those that called themselves JOICE; she is a black, tall, slender woman, about twenty-seven years of age, she is so well known, that a further description is unnecessary. I will pay any person FIFTEEN DOLLARS that will deliver her, or commit her to prison in Annapolis.

RICHARD DARNALL.
August 19, 1803. 10/7/6

TAKEN up adrift, upset, off Herring Bay, a small SCHOONER BOAT, about 25 feet keel, with an anchor and cable, and all her sails standing. She had on board a chest and two trunks, and a small barrel, three jugs and a case, with rum in each, and a handkerchief of cloaths. Marked on her stern "The Polly of Vienna." She had no papers or money on board. The owner may have her again, by applying to the subscriber, living on Herring Bay, and paying all charges.

JOHN W. NORMAN.
10/7/6

By HIS EXCELLENCY
JOHN FRANCIS MERCER,
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appeareth unto me, by an inquest taken in Kent county, before JOSEPH HYN-SON, Esquire, one of the coroners of the said county, that an atrocious murder hath been committed on the person of ROBERT ASHLEY, late of Kent county, by a certain EPHRAIM ARMSTRONG, also of said county, who hath since absconded and fled from justice: And whereas it is the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be against the commission of such enormities, and to bring such offenders against the laws and peace of society to justice—I have therefore thought proper to issue this my proclamation, and do, by and with the advice and consent of the council, offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, to any person or persons who shall apprehend and secure the said Ephraim Armstrong in any goal in the United States, so that he be brought to justice.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this fifth day of August, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and three.

JOHN F. MERCER.
By his excellency's command,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

Description of the person of Ephraim Armstrong.
He is about thirty-five years of age, of a muscular make, five feet ten inches high, wears his own hair, which is short, black, and curls very much; his eyes are small, black and piercing; his complexion brown; his countenance remarkably dark and gloomy; when he speaks he works his mouth about a good deal. 'Tis said he has a brother some where in the western country, if so, it is probable he has gone to him.—He usually rode a grey mare, which it is supposed he rode away, as the is missing from his farm.

In COUNCIL, ANNAPOLIS, August 5, 1803.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation and description be published four times in each week, for the space of four weeks, in the American, Telegraph, and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore; the National Intelligencer, at Washington; the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; the Republican Advocate, Herald, and Burgis's paper, at Frederick-town; and Mr. Smith's paper, at Easton.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk.

PROFILE LIKENESSES,

Will be taken a week or two with the

Patent Phytognotrace,

At the house of Lloyd M. Lowe,

Corn-Hill-street. 2

Four for a quarter of a dollar.
Annapolis, August 12, 1803.

NOTICE,

That on the first day of September, will be SOLD, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

PART of the property of JOHN TUCKER, deceased, viz. Some household furniture, carpenter's tools, and likewise a sloop and scow, now in the possession of Mr. W. Tucker, and many other articles too tedious to mention. The terms of sale will be known on the day appointed.

SARAH TUCKER, Administratrix.
Annapolis, August 15, 1803. 2

THE subscribers to the ANNAPOLIS JOCKEY CLUB are requested to meet at William Caton's tavern, on Friday the 26th instant, at 12 o'clock, to make arrangements for the races.
Annapolis, August 11, 1803. 2X

In CHANCERY, August 15, 1803.

ORDERED, That the sale made by THOMAS ROGERS of the real estate of Gilbert Hamilton Smith and Thomas Dobbin, of three hundred and twenty-one and an half acres of land, at three pounds seven shillings and six-pence per acre, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the first day of October next, provided a copy of this order be inserted three times in the Maryland Gazette before the tenth day of September next.

True copy.
2 Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of ROWLES and MACKUBIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Those persons having claims against said concern will present them for payment, and those indebted will make immediate payment to Rezin Rowles, who is duly authorized to settle the business of said concern.

REZIN ROWLES,
WM. H. MACKUBIN.

N. B. Rezin Rowles means to continue at No. 56, Cumberland Row, in the grocery and commission business.—All those who have and will favour him with their custom, may rest assured of punctuality and dispatch.

Baltimore, August 9, 1803. 2

NOTICE.

FROM a variety of misfortunes in trade, and otherwise, I am under the disagreeable necessity of petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

BENJAMIN S. SMOOT.

August 13, 1803. 2

WHEREAS Henry Howard, the sheriff, has thought proper to publish my personal property in the Maryland Gazette for sale by him as sheriff, to wit: An undefined number of negroes, horses, and crop, to satisfy a debt due William Taylor. I should not have noticed said publication, but as an impression unfavourable to my credit might otherwise go abroad, I conceive it requisite to refute an aspersion so iniquitous; and as facts are such stubborn things, that no ingenious reasoning can overfet or even gain say, I state the facts, and leave my friends and the public to judge with what propriety the sheriff has advertised my property. In June, 1799, I gave my bond to William Taylor for 771 dollars, in a few days after said Taylor had obtained my bond, contrary to his promise to me, he instituted suit upon it, and assigned it away, and having reasons to be displeas'd with the above conduct of said Taylor, I suffered the bond to run to judgment, which was in May term, 1802, and as the sheriff became amerced for the debt by the precipitate and unwarranted conduct of the lawyer who brought the suit. I have since paid the sheriff, as the receipts can testify—in September last 400 dollars, in October 195, in November 300, and in the first week of the present month 70, in all 965 dollars, which covers the principal and interest of the debt, and sundry pounds over. I will now leave it to the public to judge with what motives so large a portion of my property should be advertised at the very time the whole debt had been satisfied and overpaid. Therefore my friends in particular, and the public in general, may rest assured that the above statement is correct, and that my property still stands upon a sure and solid foundation.

RICHARD HOPKINS, (Physician).

Patapsco, July 29. 2

Dissolved Partnership.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the partnership of WHEELER and SCOTT is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the subscriber is authorized to receive payment of all debts due the said firm. He takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for past favours, and informs them that he has removed to the small blue store, nearly opposite Mr. Caton's tavern, where he keeps a constant supply of wet goods and groceries, among which are, best James river tobacco and Spanish segars.

LEONARD SCOTT.

Annapolis, August 1, 1803. 3

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away yesterday from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, a negro woman named MILLY, about twenty-three years old, five feet high, of a yellowish complexion; had on and took with her two stamp cotton jackets, a calico gown, white cotton petticoat; two ofsnabrig petticoats, ofsnabrig shift, and a matchcoat blanket; the said woman carried with her a dark mulatto female child about two years old. Whoever takes up the said negro, with her child, and secures them, so that their master gets them again, shall receive, if taken ten miles from home, TEN DOLLARS, if out of the county, and above fifteen miles from home, FIFTEEN DOLLARS, if twenty miles TWENTY DOLLARS, and if out of the state, the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by

JOHN WORTHINGTON.

August 17, 1803. 2X

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

FOR SALE AT THE PRINTING-OFFICE,

DENON'S Travels in Upper and Lower Egypt during the campaigns of Gen. Buonaparte in that country, and published under his immediate patronage; translated from the French; 2 vols. with plates. Public Characters, foreign and American, The Noble Wanderer, 2 vols. Lottery of Life, 3 do. Orphan of Llangloed, 3 do. Lady of the Cave, 3 do. Castle of Caltheus, 2 do. D'Israeli's Romances, The Spectator, 8 vols. The Farmer's Boy, by Bloomfield.

A few copies of the celebrated Comedy of JOHN BULL, by Coleman.

Marriage Promises. Forsyth on Fruit Trees. An Epitome of Mr Forsyth's Treatise on the culture and management of Fruit Trees; also, Notes on American Gardening and Fruits, &c. by an American Farmer. Broad Grins, by Coleman.

Dilworth's Assistant; to which is added, a comprehensive System of Practical Gauging; containing all the rules, fully exemplified, necessary to a perfect practical knowledge of this useful art.—By Robert Patterson, Professor of the Mathematics in the University of Pennsylvania.—Fisher's Young Man's Companion, Scots Lessons, Looking Glass for the Mind, Harrison's Grammar.

Mungo Parke and Damberger's Travels, Walker's Pronouncing and Pray's Dictionary, Fordyce's Addresses to young Men, Pray's Books, Spelling and Chap ditto.

Folio post, quarto do. thick, thin and superior gilt, Demy and Foolscap writing paper, Blank receipt books, Cyphering and Copy do. Quills, Inksands, Ink-powder, Slates and slate-pencils, Black lead do. Sealing wax, Wafers, Wrapping paper, India rubber, Playing cards, Pasteboard, &c.

Annapolis, August 10, 1803.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel county and the City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN, ENCOURAGED by the solicitation of a number of my friends, I respectfully beg leave to inform you, that I intend offering myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing election of a sheriff of this county, and to assure you, should I be fortunate enough to meet with your approbation, that every exertion shall be made to give general satisfaction, and to prove myself worthy of your confidence and support.

As it is my wish to avoid egotism, and as few tasks can be imposed on a man more disagreeable than that of becoming his own encomiast, I shall therefore forbear making any farther professions of the score of abilities, than to observe, that I have acted for sometime past as deputy to Mr. John Welch, the late, and to Henry Howard, Esquire, the present sheriff, and have thereby, I flatter myself, acquired a competent knowledge of the duties incident to the office.

ROBERT WELCH, of BEN.

COACH PAINTING, &c.

MR. MILBOURNE,

Of the Theatre,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the ladies, gentlemen, and public in general, in the city and environs of Annapolis, that during his stay (which will be until the close of the next month) he will undertake to repair carriages of all descriptions that may stand in need of repainting, and that in the best manner, with arms, crests, cyphers, &c. he pledges himself to execute the same in the best manner from the common mode of varnish to the durable polish.

Family or furniture pictures carefully lined, cleaned, and repaired.

Orders left at G. I. Grammer's, at the sign of Mount-Vernon, near the town gate, Annapolis, will be duly attended to.

Annapolis, July 20, 1803. 6

To be RENTED,

THAT commodious dwelling-house, lately occupied by WALTER DULANY, Esq; in this city, to which belongs an excellent garden, out houses, &c. For terms apply to Mr. ADDISON now in possession of the premises, or to

SAMUEL RIDOUT.
Annapolis, May 17, 1802. 33

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1803.

New-York, August 22.

By the last sailing ship Atlantic, from Liverpool, we have received London papers to the 25th of July inclusive, and have made several extracts from them, as well as from Rotterdam papers, by the ship St. Charles, captain O'Brien. The papers are full of news. The first London paper is filled with accounts of the reception of Buonaparte at Amiens, Cherbourg, &c.

LONDON, July 5.

Our readers will see by our Dover letter, that an unusual thing has been heard of, supposed to have been in consequence of an attack made upon vessels of some description, or other on the French coast, at or near Calais. It may, however, turn out to have been only a salute to the first consul on his arrival in that port.

We have likewise received Brussels journals of the 17th. They announce the intention of the chief consul to visit Flushing, also before his return to Paris.

The French army in Italy is marching to take possession of Capua and other Neapolitan ports.

July 3.

The greatest military force in Great-Britain comprises three battalions of the line, and eighteen regiments of cavalry, independent of the troops in Ireland. The militia of the empire amounts to something more than a million of men, and a few weeks will add fifty thousand more to our ranks—these, with our volunteers and other supplementary force, will constitute an army of nearly three hundred thousand men.

The first consul is upon his long projected journey, but he had not arrived at Calais at ten o'clock on Thursday night. On Saturday at eleven A. M. he reached Calais, and alighted in the palace court, where he was received by the prefect of Oise, and all the constituted authorities; on the following day he visited the different manufactories. At Montdidier he stopped to change horses, and likewise received the military congratulations of the inhabitants. He passed through Amiens at seven o'clock on Saturday, where he found 30,000 of the inhabitants assembled to offer him their congratulations. All the streets through which he was to pass, were decorated with the products of the manufactories of the town. On Sunday he mounted his horse at six in the morning and pursued the ramparts of the place; at nine he embarked in the Somme, and returned to breakfast.

The attention lavished upon the consular party at the different towns through which they passed, is greatly disgusting. The prefect of the Somme, composed his address in the following words:—'Father of the country, continue through our abundant fields, through our embellished cities, amidst universal joy, by your aid and triumphant march; but let England tremble! Let the English, abandoned to the feebleness and arrogance of its ministers, to the folly and insincerity of its orators, contemplate with affright the arms of France, advancing to punish perjury, to impale on the pikes of the sea the yoke of peace, and to march on the ruins of Alton the commercial independence of France!'—That of the bishop of Amiens was equally ridiculous; but the climax made by the prefect is certainly the most striking piece of any ever offered to the triumph of prostitution. Addressing himself to Madame Buonaparte, he says, 'Exalted by your august husband to the highest rank, you have shared happily by the side of glory. May! Happiness! rare associations, reserved for the heroines of France, as the wisest of men, and formed by you, Madame, by you who have become a model to all women. Every attribute of your sex which embellishes the life of man, personal graces, mental endowments, sweet and sympathizing tenderness; and all other gifts, you have received from nature; you have cultivated them with care, and each day you employ them to the noblest ends!'

An account in the Brussels papers, from the Hague, dated the 22d, states that some discontented persons at Rotterdam, and some other towns of the republic, had endeavoured to excite the soldiers and sailors to revolt, and enter the English service. The government has ordered the subject to be investigated.

It is reported that the army under general Delfo is about to enter the Neapolitan territory; their route is by the town of Capua. The French are immediately to be equipped, and placed at the disposal of the government.

The army which moved from the coast of France, to land at Calais, is reported to have been dispersed, under the command of the British, and the soldiers to have been sent to the West-India islands.

Private letters from Holland state, that the number of small craft collected in the different ports for the invasion, amounts to nine hundred.

The following article having appeared in the Hamburg Correspondent, is considered as a proof that the French will not occupy that town.

'A declaration has been made to all the foreign ambassadors now at Paris, signifying, that although the French government has found it necessary to occupy the electorate of Hanover, the French troops have, however, strict orders not to pass beyond the limits of that electorate, and to remain only on one side of the Elbe.'

The celebrated Pichegru is in London, and about to be employed by our government.

Advice was received on Friday, of the failure of a great banking house in the north, the effects of which will be severely felt in all the manufacturing towns.

The Longitude.

Mr. E. Hawlings is said to have effected the great and important discovery of the longitude at sea. His plan he executes without the aid of trigonometry, of geometry, of logarithms, or of time pieces. It is performed by an instrument and tables, by inspection only, which direct the course to steer, and what distance the seaman is from his intended port, when driven out of his course by storms, when carried by a current, when he has lost his reckoning, or by any other accident.

Count Cobenzel has been ordered to present a note to the French government, relative to the invasion of Hanover. The English ambassador still remains at Vienna, and is treated with great kindness; he was to quit that capital on leave; but his journey is for the present suspended.

Considerable military preparations are making in Denmark, the frontiers of which are to be covered with troops. Telegraphs are now erecting along the coast. Accounts from Copenhagen mention that a general increase is about to be made of the army.

The report that the French insist on occupying all the Neapolitan ports, is fully confirmed by letters received at Vienna, from Naples. In consequence of this measure, a great activity prevails in the correspondence between the Neapolitan government and the Imperial court, which, on its part, sends frequent couriers to Petersburg.

The Prussian minister at Hamburg has given positive assurances on the part of the French government, that the neutrality of the Hanse-towns shall be respected. The Hamburgers therefore expect the French troops to remove from Ritzbuttel.

The Porte has sent a large fleet to the Archipelago and the Mediterranean, to protect its neutrality.

The order for suspending the assembling an army at Deventer, has been countermanded; and troops are marching thither with all expedition.

According to letters from Florence, all the English merchants in that country have been obliged to give their parole of honour not to quit it.

Accounts from Verona, of the 7th inst. say, the French army of Italy has entered the Roman state. The left wing, commanded by general St. Cyr, arrived at Ancona on the 4th instant. It will proceed towards Ancona, and occupy the Neapolitan ports on the Adriatic; another division will advance along the western shores to occupy the Neapolitan ports on the Mediterranean.

Letters from Bayonne, of the 12th, announce the arrival of several Spanish ships at Cadix, Corunna, and St. Andero, with 12,000,000 dollars on board.

A contribution of eight millions has been imposed on the electorate of Hanover. Of this sum there has already been paid 80,000 crowns.

July 4.

The chief consul was saluted with a little thunder while at Boulogne; as one of our men of war lay to off that place, and fired several shots into it.

On Thursday afternoon it was understood by our cruisers, that Buonaparte had reached Calais; and a frigate, supposed to be the Immortalite, with Sir Sidney Smith on board, was close in, taking soundings all the way, and at length got near enough to throw several shot into the town.

Buonaparte was expected to leave Calais on Saturday at noon for Gravesend, and to proceed thence to Dunkel. The chief consul is closely attended by his Ministers.

A lady of distinction is arrived from Paris, who has a very extraordinary piece in the form of that capital, and in most of the towns and villages through which she passed in her journey. It is an invitation to the people of France to join the army of England; and after a number of the usual falsehoods against

this country, it concludes with a promise of silver and pillage to the invaders; and that the booty may be more rich, it assures them that no quarter is to be given to their brave English who fight for their perfidious government; that they are to be put to the sword, and their property distributed among the soldiers of the victorious army!!

July 5.

A report yesterday prevailed in the city of the Island of Elba, in the Mediterranean, having been captured by a British force from Malta. It could not, however, be traced to any authentic source. It probably originated from the circumstance of the blockade of the island alluded to, as well as the port of Leghorn, having been commenced on our part. The fact is announced in the last Paris journal; and we are happy to find that a system so vigorous, and from which the most important advantages may be expected to result, has been so extensively adopted by his majesty's government.

Last Monday, letters from Hamburg and Bremen, dated the 19th ult. were received in Hull, by several respectable houses, stating the arrival there of the Joseph, Beatty, Louisa and Joaze Margareta, from that port, without any other interruption by the French than till they had paid the duty at Stade, which formerly was received by the elector of Hanover. These letters further stated, that the inhabitants of these ports were assured that their neutrality would be strictly observed; and that English goods in neutral vessels would be allowed to enter as usual. In consequence of this assurance, neutral vessels began loading there on Wednesday, for Hamburg and Bremen, and the demand for colonial produce consequently greatly increased. Other letters which have since been received, dated the 21st ult. corroborate the statement above given.

We received this morning the *Moniteur* to the 2d instant. They contain a very long and pompous account of the late and illuminations which took place at Amiens, in honour of the chief consul. The inscriptions upon the triumphal arches, the designs on the various transparencies, were all expressive of the most slavish adulation to the first consul, and of the most rancorous hostility against England. Upon the door of the hotel of the prefecture was a transparency, representing the vessel of the republic in full sail; a star appeared in a point of the horizon; it was the star of Buonaparte, with this inscription:—'It enlightens and directs France.' Upon the house of citizen Grenier was a Latin inscription, stating that the whole world had proclaimed Buonaparte to be a great hero, but that to France he was Tutelar Deity. Upon another house was the following inscription:—'France loves him, England fears him, and the universe admires him.' Another transparency contained the following quotation from Horace:—
Præfens divus habeitur
Augustus, adjectis Britannis
Imperio.

Another house displayed the following inscription:—
The god of war has become the god of arts; it is the wish of his liberal and magnanimous soul. Upon the tri-coloured flag of a vessel on the river was inscribed, 'A good wind and thirty-six hours, &c. &c.'

The *Moniteur* complains very bitterly of the capture of the French fishing vessels, which is termed an act of piracy worthy of the Barbarians of the north. It states that ten of those vessels belonging to Boulogne, and four belonging to Calais, each worth from 2 to 600 livres, and having on board 126 men, have been already taken. But the *Moniteur* very prominently omits to state, that these poor innocent fishermen, while favoured by the liberality of England to pursue their occupation in safety, occasionally amused themselves by capturing any defenceless English ship that fell in their way.

The departments of France seem to vie with each other in voting money for the construction of ships of war; and innumerable addresses are pouring in from all quarters to the first consul.

Letters from Milan state, that a division of the French army has entered the Neapolitan territory.

YARMOUTH, July 4.

This morning Mr. Liden and family, with Lord Brougham and servants, and Mr. Dring, being a messenger, and two Neapolitan messengers, embarked on board the *Amethyst* frigate, and sailed for Copenhagen.

PLYMOUTH, July 5.

In the beginning of war, perhaps a more gallant vessel has not been performed than was attached to the coast of La Loire, of 60 guns, capt. Maitland off the 10th of Dec. on the 10th La Loire was dispatched upon a fortnight's cruise from this port on that day, to intercept any vessel on

rd. scribe, living named MIL feet high, of took with her up, white cot- ofnabrig shift, roman carried about two years ago, with her air master gets en miles from the county, and TEEN DOL- DOLLARS, ward, including HINGTON. NERY. G-OFFICE, Lower Egypt e in that country, onage; translated NOVELS. London editions, elegant binding. of JOHN BULL, on the culture and Notes on American American Farmer. is added, a com- containing all the a perfect practical bert Patterson, Pro- sity of Pennsylvania, Scots Lessons, 's Grammar. Travels, Walker's Fordyce's Addresses ng and Chap ditto. thin and superior aper, Blank receipt ills, Inksands, Ink- ack lead do. Sealing adia rubber, Playing el county and the lia. citation of a number beg leave to inform f as a candidate for ction of a sheriff of ould I be fortunate robatation, that every general satisfaction, your confidence and egotism, and as few n more disagreeable n enconial, I shall farther professions o observe, that I have eputy to Mr. John y Howard, Elquins, rebry, I flatter myself e of the duties inc- WELCH, of BEN. ING, &c. ERNE, tre, nts the ladies, gentle- al, in the city and ng his stay (which will month) he will under- descriptions that may d that in the best man- &c. he pledges him- best manner from the e durable polish. carefully lined, cleaned, mmer's, at the sign of n gate, Annapolis, will N T E D, elling-house, lately oc DULANY, Esq; in the excellent garden, ou- ply to Mr. Addison ities, or to AMUEL RIDOUT. OL IS: rick and SAMUEL EN.

that part of the coast of France; cruising in those, capt. M. saw a line brig at anchor under a battery, and finding La Loire draw too much water to go near her with effect for her destruction, had all hands turned up, and asked who would volunteer to cut her out. Immediately 70 seamen and royal marines pushed aft to offer their services. A launch and a cutter were immediately manned and armed, under the command of lieutenants Temple and Bowen. The boats pushed in briskly, and were fired at by some heavy guns from the French brig; the shot passed over them, on which the boats crew gave three cheers; on hearing her another round was fired, which also passed over their heads a second time; the jolly tars and royal marines gave again three cheers, were soon alongside, and after a terrible conflict on both sides, lieutenants Temple and Bowen, with the boats crews, boarded the gun brig, fought and pushed their way aft, and having killed three men and wounded ten, our gallant lads struck her colours; on the part of La Loire's boats four British seamen and royal marines were wounded; they are now in the royal navy hospital for cure, and will receive every attention incident to that establishment. The 1st and 2d captains of the brig were killed, and many officers wounded. La Loire, arrived yesterday with her prize, which is a very formidable vessel of her class, being a gun brig of four long 18 pounders, and six 36 pounders, is manned with 80 men; is called the La Venetoux. She went up the harbour immediately.

CUXHAVEN, June 16.

Our town has been taken possession of by the French troops. A few days before the arrival of the French, the English pressed a great proportion of the sailors. They carried on the press with the greatest vigour and authority. Among the rest, a great number of American sailors were pressed. In this neighbourhood, as at Hamburg, Bremen and Hanover, there prevails the greatest indignation against the conduct of England. There is no man of reflection who is not convinced that the repose of the continent depends on the repression of the insolence of that turbulent government. It is further to be noticed that the influence of the English in the north is awakened. All the bills of exchange which have been presented from England have been protested.

PARIS, June 25.

Chaptal, minister of the interior, has addressed a letter to the prefects, of which the following is the substance:—

In the position in which France is at present with the kind of enemies with whom we have to combat, the bravery of the French would remain fruitless on the shores of the ocean, if the means of reaching their enemy were not furnished them by numerous vessels. It is to the construction of vessels, therefore, that all our efforts ought to be directed: commerce, agriculture and industry, will suffer the less, the more speedy the execution. A flat-bottomed boat of the first kind will cost 30,000 francs (1200l.) one of the second from 18,000 to 20,000; and one of the third from 4000 to 6000. Two feet water are sufficient to carry a flat-bottomed boat not armed; there are but few towns, therefore, that cannot execute an enterprise of this nature. These boats will be distinguished by the names of the towns, and the departments which have constructed them. The government will accept with satisfaction from a ship of the line down to the smallest transport. If each department and each large town, by a general and rapid movement, put vessels on the stocks, the French army will soon go and dictate laws to the British government, and establish the repose of Europe, the liberty and prosperity of commerce, on the only basis by which their duration can be ensured.

HAGUE, June 21.

At the sitting of the legislative body, this day, a message was read from the government, announcing, that this republic is obliged as an ally of France, to take part in the war; that it now only remains for us to put our trust in Divine protection and the justice of our cause. It then announces that it has satisfied the desires of the first consul, and placed the Batavian army under the order of the French commander.

NEW-YORK, August 25.

London papers to the 13th July, inclusive, were last evening received at the office of the Mercantile Advertiser, through the politeness of capt. Henderson, of the ship Caledonia, from Liverpool. We acknowledge our obligations, also, to capt. Sterling, of the ship Mercury, for Rotterdam papers to the 9th July; and to the captain of the brig Sea Nymph, for Bourdeaux papers to the 6th.

These papers contain very little intelligence of moment.

The expedition against England, it is said, will consist of 500,000 men, in 5 divisions, to be commanded by Buonaparte, Moreau, and Bourmonville; of which it is calculated that 200,000 will be destroyed in the attempt, and that the remainder will be a force sufficient to conquer the island.

Robert Alliett, late assistant to the principal cashier of the bank of England, had his trial on the 24th for embezzling property belonging to the bank to the amount of 200,000l. sterling, and was acquitted without examining the witnesses, on the ground that the exchequer bills alleged to have been stolen had not been formally signed under the authorities constituted in the act by which they were issued. He was, however, remanded to prison for a civil debt due to the bank of upwards of 100,000l.

LONDON, July 11.

It is not improbable that letters of marque and reprisals will, in a short time, be issued against Spain. Government has we are assured received authentic information that the wishes expressed by the court of Madrid to preserve a strict neutrality, have been completely frustrated by the positive injunctions of Buonaparte, who requires every possible exertion on the part of Spain to co-operate in his views against this country, by the assistance of her navy. In consequence of this requisition, officially communicated to the Spanish government, orders were sent to the commandant of the marine at Cadix, to procure ten sail of the line with all possible dispatch for sea, and they are now actually equipping at the Isle de Leon in the harbour. The intelligence reached government on the 23th ult. and measures were immediately adopted by earl St. Vincent to strengthen our fleet in the Mediterranean. It was in consequence of that determination, that the Malta and Calopus, of 80 guns, and the Sceptre and Conqueror of 74, were dispatched for the Straits last Tuesday, from the Channel fleet. They will probably put into the Tagus, or cruise between Lisbon and Gibraltar, until reinforced by some other vessels from England. The blockade of Cadix and Ferrol does not seem very distant. Notwithstanding the departure of these four ships, admiral Cornwallis's force is adequate to the accomplishment of every object we have in view, his squadron, which is now cruising in different points before Brest, consists of 16 sail of the line, and the port of Rochefort is blocked up by three more under the command of Sir Edward Pellew.

In the event of invasion, the king, it is stated, will take the field in person, and will be assisted in the conduct of the war by a military council. His majesty certainly will, in the course of the autumn, review the various camps near London.

The following intelligence has been received from Falmouth, which we communicate on no other authority than the account itself affords. We can only express our hope that more authentic information may soon enable us to confirm the truth of it. Tuesday last a pilot, belonging to Hellstone, in Godwall, boarded a Russian galliot, from Alicante, with salt, which vessel had the morning before been boarded by some persons belonging to a Guernsey privateer, returning from a cruise, which persons said, that admiral Cornwallis had taken the convoy from St. Domingo, including the men of war.

July 12.

The Brussels papers contain some important intelligence from Hanover and the Elbe. It seems that the French seem determined to cross that river, which the Hanoverians seem as determined to oppose. The ostensible object for the advance of the French army across the Elbe, is to disarm the Hanoverian army, in fulfilment of the treaty of Sublingen; but we presume they must have more important objects in view, as they meditate the crossing at three different places. The next accounts from that quarter will be interesting.

Alexandria, in Egypt, has, for a time at least, been wrested from the Porte by a part of the garrison, who mutined from want of pay, and after committing great excesses, made themselves masters of the place.

A letter from Amsterdam, of the 4th instant, says, "We are informed that the French government has demanded in the most precise manner, that similar measures to those adopted in France, should be taken in this republic to prevent every kind of communication, direct or indirect, with England. It is expected that the exportation of every kind of provisions will be severely prohibited, orders are already given for the examination of vessels at their sailing, and for sequestrating all those whose papers are not conformable to regulations, &c."

Letters from Marseilles state, that a convoy has arrived in that port from America worth seven millions of livres.

July 13.

Some of the Paris journals, upon the authority of the German Gazettes, speak of the court of Berlin being concerned in the mediation which Russia had offered between this country and France. They add, that a plan has been actually formed by the court of Berlin, for settling the disputes between England and France; of which the following are the principal articles:—That Malta shall be occupied by Russian troops for ten years, and that sixty shall be paid by England and France jointly. That Malta shall be ceded to the order at the expiration of ten years, and shall be garrisoned by Neapolitan troops; and that the island of Lampedusa shall be ceded to Great Britain. We believe that some overture of this nature has actually been made to our government, but no one who understands the real ground of the war between the two countries, can believe that it would be listened to for a moment. It is possible, however, that the offer of Prussia may revive the negotiation for a little, which before was considered as at an end; but we cannot promise it.

A bill was last night brought in by the lord mayor, for raising an additional military force by the city.

PORTSMOUTH, July 9.

Arrived the Dart, national brig, from Martinique for Havre, taken by his majesty's ship Apollo. The following were passengers:—Mont. Ferrero, Madame Duplessis and a servant boy, Monsieur Fiere Bous, Mademoiselle Tacher de la Pagerie. The two latter are cousins to Madame Buonaparte. The Dart, after being captured, was engaged by three different privateers, keeping up a running fight all the time.

Mr. Little was wounded slightly in the right hand. The Falcon cutter, which arrived here this morning, brings intelligence of the loss of the merchant ship Nemora, of 23 guns, commanded by captain Brenton. She went on shore, in a very heavy fog, on a tack near Clisbury, close under the batteries, which, the moment the fog cleared away, began a very heavy frigate. Capt. Brenton, finding resistance ineffectual, was under the painful necessity of retreating. None of the officers or men were killed or wounded. Immediately on their landing they were made prisoners, and marched into the country.

NEWBURYPORT, August 19.

Guadeloupe, from which we have had numerous arrivals the week past, remains perfectly quiet, nor do they apprehend any danger from the English at present. The body of the English fleet, by the 15th inst., were gone against Demerara and Surinam.

PHILADELPHIA, August 23.

Captain Brown of the schooner Farmer's Delight, arrived at the Lazaretto, informs that the day before he sailed, the mail arrived from Barbadoes, brought an account that the French fleet from St. Domingo, with general Rochambeau on board, were taken. Martinique and Guadeloupe were said to be blockaded. The English made an attack on the former, but were repulsed.

August 24.

The report that general Rochambeau had retired at the eastward from Cape Francois is unfounded. We have conversed with a French gentleman, passenger in the schooner Diana, captain Nichols, who left the Cape on 4th instant. He informs, that they were provisions enough in the place to last eight months, and that it was the determination of general Rochambeau to hold it to the last extremity. The late intelligence had been received from Aux Cayes or Jarmel. It was expected the inhabitants of Port Republic would be compelled to abandon their homes and retreat to the Cape, as they were short of provisions, and the English possessed all supplies of water, and the blacks had possession of the whole of the interior. General La Lande came past the Diana, and will proceed in a few days to France.

August 26.

Yesterday morning about four o'clock, the inhabitants of Philadelphia, were alarmed by the cry of fire. It proceeded from a building occupied by Mr. Phineas Daniel, as a lead shot manufactory, known in Water between Market and Chestnut streets. The citizens assembled on this occasion, gave a strong evidence of the utility and usefulness of the hydrant and hose. For although the situation of the building prevented the effectual approach of many of the engines, the fire was extinguished before 5 o'clock, after having only consumed the building, in which it originated, and injuring the roofs of two adjoining houses. The wind which has blown from the north east for the previous 24 hours, changed previously to a light air from the south-west, and to this we may in some measure, attribute the preservation of the adjacent property. We have not been able to obtain a satisfactory account of the cause of the fire. Whichever may be the loss of property, it can be accounted nought when compared to the personal injury sustained on this occasion. At the time the fire was nearly extinguished, by the fall of a chimney, three persons were bricked dead on the ground on which they stood, and six or seven severely wounded. The persons deprived of life by this dreadful casualty, were:—

Mr. John Clarke, grocer, of this city, who has a large family, and numerous relatives to whom he is a deprivation.

Mr. John Nailer, carpenter, of this city.

Thomas Riley, a young man about 30 years of age, who served his time to the shoe-making, and was born and bred near Baltimore, but latterly employed on board a shallop in the river trade.

The persons wounded, are:—

A son of William Patton, George's street.

Mr. Wilson, of Mount Holly, his thigh broken, conveyed to the Pennsylvania hospital.

Thomas Jones, apprentice to Atkinson Role, tailor in Market street.

Isaac Taylor, apprentice to Mosker and Bales, shoe-makers.

Francis —, apprentice to Mr. —, millwright, in Second street.

— Rice, apprentice to —, Wright's shoe-maker.

And one boy, apprentice to —, Davidson's shoe-maker.

The names of two or three others who have been less injured, we have not obtained. It becomes especially to us to participate in misfortune, but in this instance we deem it necessary for the information of the relatives of the parties who are distant.

Accounts from New York, represent the situation of that city in the most distressing terms. The loss is fatal in nearly all the sales of its stocks, and so thing has prevented the mortality from swelling to an enormous amount, but the timely and universal flight of the citizens. We sincerely hope that the circumstances, added to the present calamities, will not long stay the patience.

BALTIMORE, August 26.

As a number of people do not appear to comprehend the value of the late publication, it may be necessary

to inform them that the penalties of that clause do not take place until the 16th day of February next, six months after the notice from the transferee. Until that day coopers will be legal tender...

Since the declaration of war, we have had much trouble with American seamen, many left their vessels to enter on board French privateers. The tonnage was not allowed to present such conduct, and applied to the officers of government to know if it was allowed to captains of privateers to entice seamen from their respective vessels, by making them large offers. They assured the consul that it was not allowed, and that they would lead their assistance in preventing such conduct. The consular office of marine very readily gave his aid, and put only threatened the captains with imprisonment, but stopped at the consul's request, the blond, a French privateer (formerly the American of Salem) for a week, until the captain had delivered to the consul sixteen American seamen he had shipped, who are now in prison and will be sent home, I believe, to take their trial, as an example.

Fifty other American seamen, who were about entering on board corsairs, were arrested by the consular office of police by the consul's request, and, after a few days confinement were distributed on board the different American vessels, and are not allowed to come on shore. Without these severe steps, not an American vessel would have had a man to go to sea with; and had the same measures been pursued here, the last war, so many of our seamen would not have fallen into the hands of the British.

The cession of West-Florida, as mentioned in letters from our minister at Paris, is, we understand, an affair of construction. Louisiana is ceded by France to the United States in the same manner as received from Spain. The ancient boundaries recognized in these transactions are found to comprise West-Florida. The latter is of course included in the present cession.

If this statement is correct, and we understand it to be considered both by Mr. Livingston and Mr. Monroe, there can be no doubt of our obtaining from Spain on easy terms the trifling residuary territory. (N. W. Horn Chron.)

August 27.

A Rutland paper of the 15th inst. says, "We are informed that in the month of July last, in Pittsford 35 persons died—in Brandon, 29—in Ghittendon, 12—in Ormell, 11—in Shoreham and other adjacent towns a similar mortality seems to have prevailed. In this village a general complaint evidences a predisposition to malignant disease, and the paucity of deaths in proportion to the prevalence of disorder, evinces here a skillful and learned practice. A malignant dysentery scourges our country, and the land seems to mourn for the dead, and in hollow murmurs, as high to the groans of the living."

Annapolis, September 1.

In the Voters of Anne-Arundel county, On Saturday the third day of September, a beef will be roasted at Ornduff's tavern, on the Frederick road, at which time it is expected a discussion of politics will take place by the candidates that offer to represent said county in the next general assembly. A. VOTER.

CONVENTION

OF THE MEDICAL AND CHIRURGICAL FACULTY OF MARYLAND.

Baltimore, June, 1803. THE faculty at their general convention in 1802, receiving that the intention of the institution had been carried completely into effect, deemed it expedient to aid the imbecilities of the law by appointing censors for all the cities, towns, and counties of the state respectively, by this resolve it was required of the censors, that they should see that the medical and chirurgical law be not infringed by unlicensed practitioners; that the legal penalties be inflicted on trespassers; that they do all such acts as may be required of them by the by-laws; and that they make complete returns of all the practitioners of medicine and surgery within their respective districts, to the general faculty at the next convention. Notwithstanding these explicit requisitions and the perfect assurance of the faculty that many persons are now practicing contrary to the letter and spirit of the law, they have been with concern that many of the censors have made no returns to the general convention. That the censors may plead no apology for their omission, the secretary begs leave to republish these articles, with a confidence (in which he flatters himself he shall not be disappointed) that they will exercise with fidelity the trust reposed in them by the faculty.

The following are the censors for the western shore:

- For Baltimore city, Drs. Coulter, Crawford and ...
- For Annapolis, Drs. Small and Giffin
- For Frederick town, Drs. Tyler and Baltzell
- For Hagerstown, Dr. Finella
- For Washington county, Drs. Cransell and Love
- For Loudoun county, Drs. Warfield and ...
- For Stafford county, Drs. Davis and John Ar...
- For Prince George's county, Drs. Smith and Hyllary
- For Montgomery county, Drs. Young and Jacques
- For Allegany county, Drs. King and Murray

- For Montgomery county, Drs. Anderson and Ma...
- For Prince George's county, Drs. Bean and Mar...
- For Calvert county, Drs. Parran and Bourne
- For Charles county, Drs. Wood and Jameloni
- For St. Mary's county, Drs. Jackson and Mosch...
- For Cecil county, Drs. King and Miller
- For Kent county, Drs. Warrell and Scott
- For Queen Anne's county, Drs. Noel and Thomas
- For Talbot county, Drs. Martin and Johnson
- For Caroline county, Drs. Keene and Mace
- For Dorchester county, Drs. White and Wyette
- For Somerset county, Drs. King and Jones
- For Worcester county, Dr. Follet

The following resolve of the faculty, passed at the convention of 1802, was not published as required of the secretary, he having been deprived of the records of the faculty, until after the limited time of publication.

Resolved, That the following be a by-law of the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland, viz. That all applicants for licences, to practise medicine and surgery in this state, shall make known their intention at least three weeks before the annual meeting, to two of the examiners of each shore respectively; and that it shall be the duty of the secretary to publish this resolve for two months, twice a week at least, in two of the newspapers on the Western, and one of the papers on the eastern shore, for two months previous to the three weeks before the annual meetings of the examiners for each shore respectively.

Inasmuch as the faculty conceived it would conduce to the interests of the institution to elect a quorum of examiners residing in the city of Baltimore, they moreover agreed that the candidates for examination shall be at liberty to call upon the examiners for examination at any time during the intervals of the stated meetings, although the certificates can only be obtained at the constitutional meetings of the faculty.

The following gentlemen were elected officers of the faculty for the next two years.

- Board of Examiners for the Western Shore:
 - Doctors J. ARCHER, senior
 - GEORGE BROWN
 - CH. A. WARFIELD
 - JOHN CRAWFORD
 - JAMES STEUART
 - A. ALEXANDER
 - NATHL. POTTER

- For the Eastern Shore:
 - Doctors ENNALLS MARTIN
 - S. T. JOHNSON
 - P. E. NOEL
 - T. THOMAS
 - J. M. ANDERSON, jun

Dr. Shastif having declined a re-election, Dr. H. Wilkins was elected treasurer of the faculty.

Those gentlemen who have received diplomas from medical schools will please to bear in mind, that they are nevertheless to receive certificates from the faculty of the state.

The faculty adjourned to meet on the first Monday in June, 1803.

NATHL. POTTER, Secretary M. and Ch. F. Maryland.

The faculty knowing of no other physician in Worcester, could only appoint Dr. Fossett.

RIVER MONOCACY.

Mr. Leonard Harbaugh has engaged to remove all impediment from the Monocacy, so as to render it navigable for boats of 100 barrels burthen, to a considerable distance above Frederick-town. It is said that the work will be nearly completed by October or November. [Wash. pap.]

We are authorized to state that Dr. Archibald Dorsey will serve his fellow-citizens of Anne-Arundel county in the next general assembly elected.

WE are authorized to say that the present Governor of Maryland will serve in the legislature, if elected by his fellow-citizens of Anne-Arundel county one of their representatives at the next election.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

A JOCKEY CLUB PURSE, of not less than THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS, will be run for at Annapolis, on Tuesday the 25th day of October next; heats four miles each, carrying weights agreeably to the rules of the club.

On Wednesday the 26th a colt's purse will be run for, of not less than ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS; heats two miles each.

On Thursday the 27th a subscription purse will be run for, of not less than ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS; heats three miles each.

FOR SALE, OR RENT,

THAT valuable farm lying in Broad Neck, on the north side of Severn river, about five miles from this city, this farm contains upwards of 600 acres of rich, level, and fertile land, and is so productive perhaps as any farm in Maryland of its size. If sold a credit will be given for two thirds of the purchase money, and if rented, the person renting may have negroes, stock of all kinds, and plantation utensils, with the farm. One hundred and twenty bushels of wheat may be sown this fall on the corn ground now in cultivation. J. H. STONE. Annapolis, August 27, 1803.

NOTICE

By virtue of a decree of the court of chancery, will be SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, at twelve o'clock, on Monday the nineteenth day of September next, if sale, it is on the first fair day thereafter,

PART of lot No. 11, in the town of Bladenburg, containing about half an acre, with the buildings and improvements thereon, for the payment of the debts of William J. Jackson; the purchaser to give bond, with security, approved of by the trustee, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale.

N. BREWER, Trustee. NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of William John Jackson, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, to exhibit their claims, with the vouchers thereon, to the chancery, within four months from the day of sale.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, at Pig-Point, on Saturday the 18 day of October next, on a long credit, if not sold before at private sale, of which due notice will be given,

BETWEEN five and six hundred acres of valuable LAND, being part of a tract called WRIGHTON, situated on the river Patuxent, convenient to the best fisheries, and adjoining to Pig-Point, where it commonly inspected from 500 to 1000 hhd of tobacco annually, a warehouse among the first in reputation in the river; there are on this tract of land a comfortable dwelling-house, out-houses, &c. with an orchard. For further particulars apply to the vestry, or any one of them. To accommodate purchasers the above land if necessary will be laid off in two or more lots.

By order of the vestry, WILLIAM H. HALL, Register. Herring Creek, August 9, 1803.

Will be SOLD, on the first Tuesday of October, at the dwelling-house of JOSEPH M'GUANIN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased,

A VARIETY of articles too tedious particularly to enumerate, consisting of plantation utensils and stock, household furniture, negroes, &c. &c. A credit of six months allowed upon notes being given by each purchaser, the amount of whose bill of sale exceeds five pounds.

DORCAS M'CUBBIN, Administratrix.

TAKEN up, by the subscriber, living near the Bodkin, on the 24th of May, between the Bodkin point and Rock point, adrift, a WHALE BOAT, about eleven feet ten inches keel, painted on the outside yellow, black bends, painted on the inside with different colours; said boat built principally with trunnels, a plate of iron on her stern, and has eight row locks.

FRANCIS ATKINSON.

FOR SALE,

TWO valuable young NEGRO WOMEN, who are good house servants; one has three likely children, a girl about eight years of age, and two boys about six and four years old, the other has one child, a girl, about seven years of age; they are sold for no fault, but want of employ. Also a very likely girl, about eleven years of age; as they will be disposed of for no fault in them they will not be sold out of the State. For terms of sale apply to JOHN DAVENSON, of the city of Annapolis, who has a power from me to dispose of them.

DAVID KERR. Annapolis, July 12, 1803.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, a negro man by the name of JOSEPH, who says he belongs to GRIFFIN GARLAND, of Richmond county, Virginia, he is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; and has a dark smooth skin; his clothing a white flannel short coat, an old long yellow cloth coat; a pair of old fullian pantaloons, an old white shirt, a pair of old white yarn stockings, a pair of old shoes, one of them longer than the other; and an old hat. His owner is requested to release him, or he will be sold for his fees as the law directs.

FRANCIS MILLARD, Sheriff of Saint-Mary's county, Maryland. May 30, 1803.

Forty Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending and securing negro SAM, he is about twenty-five or twenty-six years of age, of a dark complexion, and upwards of five feet high, very stout made, and had on a felt hat, nearly new, a short round blue jacket, and a pair of new ticklenburg trousers, fringed at the bottom. He made his escape in the month of May, 1803, and very likely has changed his clothing; he is said to relate a negro quarter of Mr. Rice Worthington's, where his father lives, and at other times at Mr. John Chew Thomas's, where he formerly had a wife. Whoever takes up and secures him in gaol, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by

STEPHEN BEARD, Jun.

TO THE PUBLIC,

I TAKE this mode of informing those who may have property for sale, that I will act as auctioneer, on application. My experience and ability in that line may be known on inquiry. Annapolis, August 17, 1803. C. MILLS.

**JOHN HYDE,
TANNER AND CURRIER,
ANNAPOLIS.**

Returns his sincere thanks to the public generally, and to his friends particularly, for the encouragement he has hitherto received, and hopes for a continuance of their favours. He has now on hand a quantity of excellent foot and upper leather, which he will sell as low as can be purchased in Baltimore. He will give cash, or leather in exchange, for all kinds of hides, and will take one or two apprentices to the above business.

This is to give notice, that all persons indebted to the estate of **JACOB GREEN**, deceased, of Prince-George's county, by bond, note, or otherwise, are once more requested to make immediate payment, on or before the 10th day of September next, as no farther indulgence can possibly be given, likewise all those that are indebted for purchases made at the different sales of Jacob Green's property are also requested to make payment, as above; suits will be commenced against all those that neglect this notice.

ADDISON CONAWAY, Executor.
August 22, 1803.

ELOPED from the subscriber this morning, a negro woman named **SALL**, who I have lately got home, and absconded under a pretence of freedom, being one of those that called themselves **JOCKEY**; she is a black, tall, slender woman, about twenty-seven years of age, she is so well known, that a further description is unnecessary. I will pay any person **FIFTEEN DOLLARS** that will deliver her, or commit her to prison in Annapolis.

RICHARD DARNALL.
August 19, 1803.

TAKEN up adrift, upset, off Herring Bay, a small **SCHOONER BOAT**, about 25 feet keel, with an anchor and cable, and all her fails standing. She had on board a chest and two trunks, and a small barrel, three jugs and a case, with rum in each, and a handkerchief of cloaths. Marked on her stern "The Polly of Vienna." She had no papers or money on board. The owner may have her again, by applying to the subscriber, living on Herring Bay, and paying all charges.

JOHN W. NORMAN.

**By HIS EXCELLENCY
JOHN FRANCIS MERCER,
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND,
A PROCLAMATION.**

WHEREAS it appeareth unto me, by an inquest taken in Kent county, before **JOSEPH HYNESON**, Esquire, one of the coroners of the said county, that an atrocious murder hath been committed on the person of **ROBERT ASHLEY**, late of Kent county, by a certain **EPHRAIM ARMSTRONG**, also of said county, who hath since absconded and fled from justice; And whereas it is the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be against the commission of such enormities, and to bring such offenders against the laws and peace of society to justice—I have therefore thought proper to issue this my proclamation, and do, by and with the advice and consent of the council, offer a reward of **TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS**, to any person or persons who shall apprehend and secure the said Ephraim Armstrong in any goal in the United States, so that he be brought to justice.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this fifth day of August, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and three.

JOHN F. MERCER.

By his excellency's command,
NINIAN PINNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

Description of the person of Ephraim Armstrong.

He is about thirty-five years of age, of a muscular make, five feet ten inches high, wears his own hair, which is short, black, and curls very much; his eyes are small, black and piercing; his complexion brown; his countenance remarkably dark and gloomy; when he speaks he works his mouth about a good deal. This said he has a brother some where in the western country, if so, it is probable he has gone to him. He usually rode a grey mare, which it is supposed he rode away, as he is missing from his farm.

In COUNCIL, ANNAPOLIS, August 5, 1803.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation and description be published four times in each week, for the space of four weeks, in the American, Telegraphic, and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore; the National Intelligencer, at Washington; the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; the Republican Advocate, Herald, and Bazaar's paper, at Fredericktown; and Mr. Smith's paper, at Easton.

By order,
NINIAN PINNEY, Clerk.

PROFILE LIKENESSES.

Will be taken a week or two with the **Patent Physiognotrace.**

At the house of Lloyd M. Lane,
Crown Hill Street.

Four for a quarter of a dollar.
Annapolis, August 13, 1803.

NOTICE.

That on the first day of September, will be SOLD, if fair, if not the first day thereafter.

PART of the property of **JOHN TUCKER**, deceased, viz. Some household furniture, carpenter's tools, and likewise a sheep and scow, now in the possession of Mr. W. Tucker, and many other articles too tedious to mention. The terms of sale will be known on the day appointed.

SARAH TUCKER, Administratrix.
Annapolis, August 15, 1803.

THE subscribers to the ANNAPOLIS JOCKEY CLUB are requested to meet at William Cotton's tavern, on Friday the 26th instant, at 12 o'clock, to make arrangements for the race.
Annapolis, August 11, 1803.

In CHANCERY, August 14, 1803.

ORDERED, That the sale made by **THOMAS ROBERTS** of the real estate of Gilbert Hamilton Smith and Thomas Dobbin, of three hundred and twenty-one and an half acres of land, at three pounds seven shillings and six-pence per acre, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the first day of October next, provided a copy of this order be inserted three times in the Maryland Gazette before the tenth day of September next.

True copy.
Test. **SAMUEL H. HOWARD,**
Reg. Cur. Can.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of **HOWLES and MACKUBIN**, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Those persons having claims against said concern will present them for payment, and those indebted will make immediate payment to **Rezin Rowles**, who is duly authorized to settle the business of said concern.

**REZIN ROWLES,
WM. H. MACKUBIN.**

N. B. Rezin Rowles means to continue at No. 56, Cumberland Row, in the grocery and commission business. All those who have and will favour him with their custom, may rest assured of punctuality and dispatch.
Baltimore, August 9, 1803.

NOTICE.

FROM a variety of misfortunes in trade, and otherwise, I am under the disagreeable necessity of petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of intolvency, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

BENJAMIN S. SMOOT.

August 13, 1803.

WHEREAS Henry Howard, the sheriff, has thought proper to publish my personal property in the Maryland Gazette for sale by him as sheriff, to wit: An undischarged number of negroes, horses, and crops, to satisfy a debt due William Taylor. I should not have noticed said publication, but as an impression unfavourable to my credit might otherwise go abroad, I conceive it requisite to refute an aspersion so iniquitous, and as facts are such stubborn things, that no ingenious reasoning can overset or even gain say, I state the facts, and leave my friends and the public to judge with what propriety the sheriff has advertised my property. In June, 1799, I gave my bond to William Taylor for 771 dollars, in a few days after said Taylor had obtained my bond, contrary to his promise to me, he instituted suit upon it, and assigned it away, and having reasons to be displeas'd with the above conduct of said Taylor, I suffered the bond to run to judgment, which was in May term, 1803, and as the sheriff became amerced for the debt by the precipitate and unwarranted conduct of the lawyer who brought the suit. I have since paid the sheriff, as the receipts can testify, in September last 400 dollars, in October 195, in November 300, and in the first week of the present month 70, in all 965 dollars, which covers the principal and interest of the debt, and sundry pounds over. I will now leave it to the public to judge with what motives so large a portion of my property should be advertised at the very time the whole debt had been satisfied and overpaid. Therefore my friends in particular, and the public in general, may rest assured that the above statement is correct, and that my property still stands upon a sure and solid foundation.

RICHARD HOPKINS, (Physician).

Patapsco, July 23.

Dissolved Partnership.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the partnership of **WHEELER and SCOTT** is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the subscriber is authorized to receive payment of all debts due the said firm. He takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for past favours, and informs them that he has removed to the small blue store, nearly opposite Mr. Cotton's tavern, where he keeps a constant supply of wet goods and groceries, among which are, first James river tobacco and Spanish cigars.

LEONARD SCOTT.

Annapolis, August 1, 1803.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away the Wednesday last, a negro boy named **HEB**, about 15 years of age, five feet high, he is a black, thin, and flatters when spoken to, he is an artist miller, and on the left or right shoulder is a mark by which when a child; had on when he went away, a blue coat, a pair of corduroy pantaloons, an off-white shirt. I suppose he is harboured by his father who belongs to Walter Claggett, in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne. Whoever takes up said delinquent and secures him in any goal, to clear I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by **BENJ. DUVAL**, of ELKLAND.

N. B. I forewarn all persons from harboring said fellow on their part.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

FOR SALE AT THE PRINTING OFFICE.

DEVON'S Travels in Upper and Lower Egypt during the campaigns of Gen. Bonaparte in that country, and published under his immediate patronage, translated from the French; 3 vols. with plates.
Public Characters, foreign and American, The Noble Wanderer, 2 vols.
Lottery of Life, 1 do.
Opus of Languedoc, 2 do.
Lady of the Cave, 1 do.
Castle of Calistness, 2 do.
D'Israeli's Romances, 2 do.
The Spectator, 8 vols.
The Farmer's Boy, by Bloomfield.
A few copies of the celebrated Comedy of **JOHN BULL**, by Coleman.
Marriage Promises,
Forsyth on Fruit Trees,
An Epitome of Mr. Forsyth's Treatise on the culture and management of Fruit Trees also, **Notes on American Gardening and Fruits,** &c. by an American Farmer.
Spald Griggs, by Coleman.
Dilworth's Assistant; to which is added, a copious System of Practical Gauging; containing all the rules, fully exemplified, necessary to a perfect practical knowledge of this useful art.—By Robert Furmen, Professor of the Mathematics in the University of Pennsylvania.—**Risher's Young Man's Companion,** Second Edition.
Looking Glass for the Mind, Harrison's Grammar.
Mungo Parke and Dampier's Travels, Walker's Etymology and Perry's Dictionary, Fordyce's Address to young Men, Prayer Books, Spelling and Chap. Bk.
Folio post, quarto do. Thick, thin and improved gilt, Demy and Foolscap writing paper, Blank note books, Copying and Copy do. Quills, Inkstands, Gun powder, States and stamp pencils, Black lead, the English wax, Waters, Wrapping paper, India rubber, Paper cards, Pasteboard, &c.
Annapolis, August 16, 1803.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel county and the City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the solicitation of a number of my friends, I respectfully beg leave to inform you, that I intend offering myself as a candidate for your suffrage at the ensuing election of a Sheriff of this county, and to assure you, should I be fortunate enough to meet with your approbation, that every exertion shall be made to give general satisfaction, and to prove myself worthy of your confidence and support.

As it is my wish to avoid egotism, and as few talks can be imposed on a man more disagreeable than that of becoming his own encomiast, I had therefore forbear making any farther professions of the score of abilities, than to observe, that I have acted for some time past as deputy to Mr. John Welch, the late, and to Henry Howard, Esquire, the present sheriff, and have thereby, I believe, acquired a competent knowledge of the duties incumbent to the office.

ROBERT WELCH, of Esq.

COACH PAINTING, &c.

MR. MILBOURN,
Of the Theatre.

RESPECTFULLY requests the Ladies, gentlemen, and public in general, in the city and environs of Annapolis, that during his stay (which will be until the close of the next month) he will undertake to repair carriages of all descriptions that may stand in need of repairing, and that in the best manner, with neatness, credit, and dispatch. He engages himself to execute the same in the best manner, and the common mode of varnish on the wheels, &c.
Family or furniture pictures are fully painted, cleaned, and repaired.

Orders left at **G. J. Gammeter's**, at the Sign of Mount-Vergne, near the town gate, Annapolis, will be duly attended to.
Annapolis, July 20, 1803.

To be RENTED.

THAT commodious dwelling house, lately occupied by **WALTER DOLAN, Esq.** in this city, to which belongs an excellent garden, and houses, &c. For terms apply to **Mr. Anderson**, now in possession of the premises, or to **SAMUEL RIDGOT.**
Annapolis, May 17, 1803.

ANNAPOLIS.

Printed by **FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.**