

The Annapolis Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1836. NO. 36.

FRANCIS M. JARBOE,
 Church Street—Annapolis.
DR. R. BARWOOD
 OFFERS his Professional Services to his
 friends and the Public of South River
 and its vicinity. He can always be found at
 the Farm, Summer Hill, three miles from the
 city.
 May 21—R. Jarboe.

PROSPECTUS.
 THE Subscriber proposes to publish, in
 the month of October, a weekly journal, to be called
 "THE BULLETIN."
 An undertaking to supply this acknowledged
 desideratum to the populous and intelligent
 district in which the subscriber has the
 pleasure to reside, his hope of ultimate suc-
 cess is not its origin in sanguineousness of
 temperment, but proceeds from the eminent
 advantages of its location. Published in the
 metropolis of a large and wealthy county, sit-
 uated equidistant from the State and Na-
 tional capitals, facilities of an early com-
 munication of whatever may interest its patrons,
 particularly afforded to the Editor; and
 although he may not hope to present to his
 country much foreign information through the
 medium of his columns, it is still certain that in-
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THE GENTLEMEN'S VADE MECUM;
 OR, THE
 SPEAKING AND DRAMATIC COMPANION.
 Interspersed with a multitude of Engravings, includ-
 ing Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses, Philo-
 sophical and Natural Phenomena, Legends, &c.
 It is now six months since this publication was com-
 menced in Philadelphia—and although the publish-
 ers have used no extraordinary means to circulate a know-
 ledge of its merits, yet such is the satisfaction mani-
 fested by that portion of the public who have been made
 acquainted with its character and contents, that its list
 of patrons continues constantly and rapidly to increase.
 This paper is now distributed regularly every week over
 a wide portion of the Union, and the most satisfactory
 assurances are received that it will eventually become
 one of the most popular among the numerous excellent
 periodicals which issue from the American press. No
 exertions will be spared to establish its permanent repu-
 tation; more extensively; and if the liberal sanction of
 those for whom it is especially designed shall warrant
 its future improvement—both as regards typographical
 neatness and embellishment—will be materially advan-
 ced.

**ENLARGED SERIES OF THE MUSE-
 UM.**
 MR. LITTELL has much pleasure in an-
 nouncing to the patrons of the Muse-
 um, that he has made arrangements for the
 future publication of the work in a style much
 superior to the present—and nearly approach-
 ing what he has always desired that it should
 appear in. The circulation of the work is
 now so large, as to make it important to the
 proprietor that he should be able to give his
 whole attention to it. This has hitherto been
 prevented by the care and labour attendant
 upon a multifarious and widely extended busi-
 ness. With the view of completing more
 quickly the publication of Lodge's Portraits
 and Memoirs of Illustrious and Noble Char-
 acters, (a splendid work now in hand)—of
 effecting a settlement of accounts extending
 over the whole of the United States—and of
 making arrangements in all parts of the country
 for the vigorous prosecution of the pub-
 lication of the Museum, he has made a con-
 tract with Mr. Adam Waldie of this city to
 print the work, attend to its distribution, and
 manage all the financial concerns appertain-
 ing to it after the present year.

Mr. Waldie is a practical printer, not sur-
 passed in taste by any other in the country;
 and as he is advantageously and generally
 known as the publisher of the Select Circu-
 lating Library, it is supposed that he will
 have it in his power greatly to promote the
 sale of the Museum. He has contracted to
 issue it promptly, and thus will be corrected
 the greatest fault which has heretofore at-
 tended its management. The changes in the
 appearance of the work will be as follows:
 1. It will be regularly and promptly pub-
 lished.
 2. Will be uniformly and handsomely print-
 ed.
 3. On better paper.
 4. Will be considerably enlarged.

As the sale of the work has increased, Mr.
 Littell has always been desirous of devoting
 the enlarged profits to its improvement—and
 although he does not wish the appearance of
 the next volume to be considered as en-
 tirely carrying out his plan, he trusts that
 the subscribers will be convinced, upon com-
 paring it with any other work, that it is richly
 worth the price asked for it.

We shall not have satisfied our own wish-
 es, in respect to this work, until it shall be
 so far enlarged and improved as to make it
 clear to every purchaser that he will herein
 receive all that is desirable to an American
 reader from all the Foreign Periodicals. That
 we can do so in a single work, by making it
 contain four or five times as much matter as
 an ordinary periodical, we have no doubt.
 A great part of most of the Reviews and Mag-
 azines is composed of inferior articles, and
 we confidently appeal to those readers of the
 Museum who have been in the habit of look-
 ing over the British Journals, whether we
 have not already, in a very great degree, suc-
 ceeded in copying all that was worth pre-
 serving.

As the work will now be considerably en-
 larged, we shall be able more fully to accom-
 plish this object.
 In order that he may, by frequent journeys
 from home, be the earlier able to finish all o-
 ther business, and devote himself exclusively
 to the Museum, Mr. Littell has made ar-
 rangements with the Editor of Waldie's Li-
 brary to edit this work after December, 1834.
 However deficient the proprietor may be in
 other qualifications, he has always felt so
 zealous an affection for the Museum that he
 would not be willing to commit it, even for a
 time, to the care of another, were he not con-
 fident that the facilities, the experience and
 the ability of the new Editor, will render it
 more worthy of the patronage of the public
 than it has heretofore been. No change takes
 place in the Proprietorship.
 Philadelphia, April 9.
 Specimen Numbers may be seen
 at the Office of the Md. Gazette.

**CASH FOR
 ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES.**
 Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of
 age.
 PERSONS having likely Servants
 to dispose of, and wishing the high-
 est prices, will do well to give me
 a call, as I am determined to buy
 and give higher prices than any o-
 ther purchaser, who is now or may come into
 this market. I can at all times be found at
 Mr. James Hunter's Tavern, in Annapolis.
 All communications directed to me will be
 promptly attended to.
 ISAAC F. PURVIS.
 Aug. 27—6m.

NOTICE.
 ALL persons indebted to the late firm of
 James Williamson and Thomas Swann,
 prior to the 20th of October 1832, are re-
 quested to make payment without delay, to
 Mr. F. M. Jarboe, as it is necessary to col-
 lect all accounts as speedily as possible.
 ANN JANE SWANN,
 Adm'x. of T. Swann.
 June 4.
 All persons indebted to the above Firm
 prior to the above date, to whom accounts
 have been presented, are earnestly requested
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 FRANCIS M. JARBOE.

**LITTELL'S
 MUSEUM
 OF
 FOREIGN LITERATURE,
 SCIENCE AND ART.**
 PAID.—Six Dollars a year, in advance—
 seven dollars and a half, if not in advance.
 POSTAGE.—Five sheets, under 100 miles
 74 cents; over 100 miles, 194 cents.
 This work will be sent to any Post Of-
 fice in the United States, carefully wrapped
 up, upon receipt of five dollars in part pay-
 ment. A few complete sets are for sale.

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 neatness and embellishment—will be materially advan-
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The different Plays and Feroes that will appear in
 the course of a year, of themselves, will be worth more
 than FOUR times the amount of subscription. The
 following is a list of those which have already appear-
 ed:
 Charles the First, Miss Mitford.
 The She Brigand, R. P. Smith.
 The Hunchback, J. S. Knowles.
 The Deep, Deep Sea, J. R. Planché.
 Cheap Living, F. Reynolds.
 Shakespeare's Early Days, C. A. Somers.
 Henri Quatre, R. P. Smith.
 Roggar of Bethnal Green, J. S. Knowles.
 Husbands and Wives, Thomas Holcroft.
 Man of Ten Thousand, William E. Burton.
 The Ladies Man, Mrs. Inchbold.
 I'll Tell You What, Benjamin Webster.
 The Golden Farmer, F. M. Reynolds.
 Speculation, Flancho & Dance.
 Olympic Devils, W. T. Moncrieff.
 Englishman in India, M. G. Lewis.
 Shakespeare Festival, J. R. Planché.
 The East-Indian, H. M. Milner.
 My Friend the Governor, Mrs. Inchbold.
 Victorians, R. B. Peake.
 The Omnibus, W. Barrymore.
 The Child of Nature, W. Barrymore.
 The Rencontre, James Kennedy.
 The Duel, James Kennedy.
 The Sisters, James Kennedy.
 Hernani, James Kennedy.
 The MS. of the Irish Ambassador, the favourite and
 highly interesting drama, in which Tyrone Power so
 successfully obtained the Public, as Sir Patrick O'Mon-
 roe, has been obtained by the publishers, and will be pub-
 lished forthwith.

The Sporting Intelligence, at home and abroad, oc-
 cupies a considerable portion of our columns, and is
 collected from the most authentic sources. Among the
 Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses which have
 been given, are:
 The American Trotting Horse, Edwin Forrest.
 The Imported Racing Horse, Messenger.
 The favourite Racing Mare, Ariel, and her foal, by
 Eclipse.
 Bond's celebrated Trotting Horse, Norfolk Phenome-
 non.
 The well known English Race Horse, Touchstone.
 A correct Picture of a Race Course, occupying the
 width of seven columns.
 Among a variety of other Embellishments of subjects
 of interest, which have been published, are the follow-
 ing:
 A complete Treatise on Riding, with fourteen illus-
 trations, for the improvement of Ladies in that most
 healthy of all exercises.
 Explanation of the Automaton Chess Player, illus-
 trated by eleven engravings.
 The subjects which are particularly embraced in the
 Vade Mecum, will be more distinctly understood from
 the following summary of them:
 The Turf and all matters connected therewith.
 On the Structure and Character of the Horse.
 On the Improvement of Horned Cattle.
 Rules for Novices in Shooting.
 Methods for Feeding and Training Dogs.
 Biographies of celebrated Horses, with their Por-
 traits.
 Hunting, Fishing, Fowling, &c.
 Approved Games, from Hoyle and others.
 Criticisms on Plays and Actors.
 The most popular Songs, set to music.
 The art of Loggerdom illustrated.
 A variety of Receipts adapted to Domestic Economy.
 An Epitome of important passing events.
 Gentleman's Quarterly Review of the Fashions.
 The Vade Mecum is printed on large imperial paper,
 of a beautiful white texture, and is published every Sat-
 urday, at Three Dollars per annum, in advance. Orders
 from abroad, postage paid, will be promptly attended to,
 and the paper carefully packed to prevent it from rub-
 bing by mail.

The Modern Acting Drama, a volume of about 300
 pages—containing the Plays, Feroes, &c., which appear
 in the Vade Mecum, neatly printed, and bound in elastic
 covers, for transportation—is published every six weeks.
 Eight volumes will constitute a set, or one year's sub-
 scription, the terms for which is Three Dollars, pay-
 able in advance.
 Subscribers to the Vade Mecum are entitled to a de-
 duction of one-third. An order for four sets will be
 thankfully received, and the work forwarded to any
 direction, by enclosing a ten dollar note—postage paid.
 A premium, consisting of two volumes, 500 pages
 each, of the Novelist Magazine, containing eight dif-
 ferent Novels, by the most popular authors, will be pre-
 sented to the Agent, who shall procure four names to
 the Modern Acting Drama, or the Gentleman's Vade
 Mecum, and remit the amount of one year's subscrip-
 tion for each.
 Gentlemen wishing to subscribe to either of the a-
 bove works, will address CHARLES ALEXANDER,
 No. 3, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place—Philadel-
 phia.
 July 30.

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 lect all accounts as speedily as possible.
 ANN JANE SWANN,
 Adm'x. of T. Swann.
 June 4.
 All persons indebted to the above Firm
 prior to the above date, to whom accounts
 have been presented, are earnestly requested
 to call at the subscriber's office, and settle the
 same; and those at a distance are also re-
 spectfully requested to remit the amount of
 such accounts as have been forwarded them,
 on or before the 1st day of August ensuing.
 FRANCIS M. JARBOE.

NOTICE.
 ALL persons indebted to the late firm of
 James Williamson and Thomas Swann,
 prior to the 20th of October 1832, are re-
 quested to make payment without delay, to
 Mr. F. M. Jarboe, as it is necessary to col-
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 quested to make payment without delay, to
 Mr. F. M

THE SACRED CLASSICS.

THE subscriber has made arrangements to republish as fast as they are received from England, Series of the standard Theological works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS, OR, CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY.

With an original Introductory Essay to each author. Edited by RICHARD COTTERMOLE, B. D. and the Rev. HENRY STEBBING, M. A.

UNIFORM IN SIZE WITH DR. LARDNER'S CYCLOPEDIA, THE SUNDAY LIBRARY, &c.

PRICE ONLY THREE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE. On the 1st of January, 1854, will be published Vol. I. of a Series of the Standard Theological Works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS, OR, CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY: With an original Introductory Essay to each Author.

THE REV. HENRY STEBBING, M. A. Editor.

THE REV. RICH'D. COTTERMOLE, B. D. Editor.

THE REV. HENRY STEBBING, M. A. Editor.

It is intended to comprise in this collection, the best works of all the most celebrated writers, whose labours have been devoted to the elucidation and practical enforcement of the principles of revealed truth, whether in their application to the immortal interests of individuals, or to the order and well being of society.

To the production of each volume, or to each separate production, as the case may seem to require, will be prefixed an Introductory Essay, pointing out their characteristic excellencies; and, in some instances, comprehending a biographical sketch of the Author, with remarks on the state of religion in his time.

It is the desire of the Proprietors, in undertaking the Cabinet Library of Divinity, to present the collection to the public, at such a price, that he who purchases at present the cheapest of ephemeral publications, may, for the same or a less sum, possess himself of works which will be of far more permanent value and support to the highest exercises of his faculties, and of a more extensive utility to his country.

The work will be handsomely printed in facsimile on a good paper, will be pressed, neatly bound in Morocco Cloth, lettered and published in volumes of about 400 pages each, on the first day of every month.

Forming the cheapest series of works ever offered to the public.

The following names of Authors whose works are intended for publication is submitted in evidence of the impartiality of the selection.

- Isaiah Taylor, Bates, Boyle, Baxter, Owen, Calverly, Thomas A. Kempis, Burnett, How, Butler, Watson, Bunyan, Fenelon, Doddridge, South, Ball, Hammond, Barrow, Tillotson, Southey, Jortin, Farinon, Horsley, Hall, Sillingworth, Puffness, Locke, L'Etion, Cave, Cartwright, Hall, Jewel, Jackson, Flavel, Charnock, Wesley, Skelton, Watts, Lowth, Romaine, Waterland, Whichcote, Bilguy, Parsons, Ken, Newton, Stauphoe, Whitby, Hammond, Burkitt, Herbert, Doune, Merrick, &c. &c.

Vol. I. (to be published on the 1st of January) will contain

THE LIBERTY OF PROPHECYING, by Jeremy Taylor—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Richard Cottermole, B. D.

Vol. II. (to be published on the 1st of February) will contain

CAVE'S LIVES OF THE APOSTLES—with Notes, and an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Henry Stebbing, M. A.

Vol. III. (to be published on the 1st of March) will contain

BATES'S SPIRITUAL PERFECTION, UNFOLDED AND ENFORCED—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. John Pye Smith, D. D.

LONDON: John Hatchard and Son; Piccadilly. Whitaker & Co. Ave Maria Lane, Simpkin & Marshall, Stationers' Court; D. A. Stobbs, Oxford; J. & J. Dighton, Cambridge; Over & Boyd, Edinburgh; and J. Cumming, Dublin.

And to be had of every Bookseller throughout the Kingdom.

The English copy will cost, in England, a bound ten dollars. We propose to issue the American edition, under the superintendance of a learned American clergyman, in weekly numbers, on a single sheet of superfine paper, giving ninety-six large 12mo. pages, to be folded and stitched, and covered with strong envelope paper, at the rate of five dollars per annum.

DUFF GREEN. March 27.

NOVEL MODE OF CLUBBING. WALDIE'S LIBRARY, PORT FOLIO AND MUSEUM.

As the publications now issued from the office of the Select Circulating Library are of a highly popular cast, and of a character to be appreciated by the educated portions of the community, and to circulate every where, by consent with the proprietor of the Museum, that work, the Port Folio and Library, are offered to those who take the three on the following conditions, viz.

The Museum, Port Folio and Library, if paid for in advance and addressed to the same individual whether in town or country, will be supplied for \$12, thus enabling every individual to benefit by the clubbing system, without the necessity of applying to others. Those who have made a payment for the current year to either of the works, of whatever amount, will be privileged to avail themselves of this arrangement, by paying the balance—thus

1. Those who have paid or now pay \$5 for the Library, shall receive the Museum and Port Folio, the price of which separate is \$9, on the payment of \$7.

2. Those who have paid or now pay \$6 for the Museum, shall receive the Library and Port Folio, the price of which is separately \$8, on the payment of \$6.

3. Those who have paid or now pay for the Port Folio, shall receive the Library and Museum on paying such a sum as will be equal to \$12 on the whole.

4. The Circulating Library and Museum, will be sent to the same address on the payment of \$10.

REMARKS.—These three works thus issued together, comprise a greater amount of the current literature of the age, than is issued in a periodical form from any other office in the United States, and will, the proprietor believes, with the addition of a good newspaper, supply to families all the advantages which could be furnished in a most extensive reading room in one of our Atlantic cities. In the Library the newest and best books are regularly published in the Museum and Port Folio it has been found by experience that every thing we could wish to copy from the entire British literary periodicals, omitting mostly the political articles, can be rapidly issued. These publications embrace so much that is desirable to be known, and are so generally perused in the best circles in America, that to be without either is to drop a link in the literary chain. They are all under the control of one mind, and therefore the reader will very rarely indeed be compelled to pay for the same matter twice, as they are independent of each other, complete in themselves, and free in general from any repetitions of the same articles.

These views the proprietor respectfully throws out for the consideration of the friends of sound and wholesome literature.

ADAM WALDIE, 207 Chesnut Street, Philad. May 28.

PROSPECTUS OF THE EXTRA GLOBE.

THE undersigned propose to issue the first number of a new series of the EXTRA GLOBE, on Monday, the 25th of May next, and to publish it weekly for six months, making twenty-six numbers; the last to contain an Index to the whole. It will be printed upon fine double royal paper, made up in quarto form, like the Extra and Congressional Globes published by us last year. The 26 numbers will make 416 quarto royal pages.

It will contain the principal original articles of the Daily and Semi-Weekly Globes, notices of the public meetings, the elections, and public proceedings in every state in the Union, in relation to the canvass for the next Presidency—a contest which the indications of the present year will go far to decide.

The first number will contain the Proceedings of the Democratic National Convention, to be held at Baltimore on the 20th of next month. An excellent Reporter has already been engaged to report the Proceedings of the Convention, and the Speeches which may be made on the occasion.

We request the favour of those friends to whom this Prospectus may be sent, to circulate it, for the purpose of obtaining subscribers. A copy of the work will be sent to the newspapers that copy this Prospectus.

Subscribers should forward their names in time to reach us before the 25th May. If they do not, we may not be able to furnish them with all the numbers; because the work is put at so low a price, that we cannot afford to reprint any number that may be exhausted.

TERMS: One Dollar per copy, in advance. Eleven copies will be furnished for Ten Dollars; twenty-two copies for Twenty Dollars, and so on in proportion.

The price of this paper is so low, that we cannot afford to open accounts with those who subscribe for it. Therefore, no attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompanies it.

BLAIR & RIVES.

CHANCERY.

ORDERED, That the sale of the property in the case of Leonard Scott against Sarah Ann Ward and others, made and reported by the trustee Louis Gassaway, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the third day of October next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper, once in each of three successive weeks, before the third day of September next.

The report states that a lot or parcel of ground in the city of Annapolis sold for \$550 00

True copy—Test, RAMSAY WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can.

Aug. 6. 3

BALTIMORE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE subscriber has received from the President and Directors of this Company the appointment of AGENT for the city of Annapolis.

Its capital is Fifty Thousand Dollars, and the company intends to execute the following business:

- 1st. Insurance on Lives. 2d. Purchase and Sale of Annuities. 3d. Receiving Endowments. 4th. Receiving Money in Trust. 5th. The Management of Trust Estates.

Applications made to the subscriber at his Office in West street, opposite the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, will be promptly attended to.

SOMERVILLE PINKNEY.

Anne-Arundel County, Maryland, Sec'd

THIS day before me a Justice of the Peace for said county, Brice Hobbs brought an Old Chesnut Sorrel HORSE or GELDING; he says he took up said Horse as a stray, as he was passing through the village of Elk Ridge Landing, in the direction towards Washington, on Monday the 6th of July, instant. Said Horse has a switch tail, a small strip of white in the forehead, and a strip of white lower down on the face and nose, some white spots on the back, which appear to be saddle marks, a shoe on each right foot.

Witness my hand this 9th day of July, 1855. JOEL HOPKINS.

The owner of the above described animal is hereby required, to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. BRICE HOBBS. July 30.

ALLEGANY LANDS.

THE subscriber is authorized to sell a large body of Land in Allegany county, containing about 4500 ACRES. He will sell at private sale, and can be seen at his office in Annapolis, by any one desirous of purchasing. These lands if not sold before the 31st of AUGUST next, will be offered at public sale at the Exchange in Baltimore, on that day at twelve o'clock. Terms will be made known at the sale.

SOMERVILLE PINKNEY. July 17—ts.

COMPANION TO WALDIE'S LIBRARY.

The cheapest reprint from English Periodicals ever offered to the public.

BEFORE the Select Circulating Library had been long in existence, it was discovered that there was still something wanting—that many occurrences in the literary world not pass unknown, as regarded our agency, without an extension of the plan. To establish a tidier medium of communication and supply the desideratum, the Companion of Belles Lettres was added; which we have reason to believe has afforded general satisfaction. The very liberal patronage extended to the Library induced the proprietor to give that gratuitously as an evidence of his acknowledgments.

More extended experience has shown other desiderata which the "Companion" is intended to supply. While reading for the "Library" a large mass of material accumulates on the hands of the editor, of an interesting, entertaining, and instructive description, such as would properly come under the designation of Magazines, interspersed with the Reviews from the English Quarterly. To publish every thing of this nature which we deem desirable would encroach too much on the columns of the "Library" designed for books, and yet to pass them by is constantly a subject of regret.

To concentrate, therefore, the publication of Books entire, Reviews, lists of new works, the choicest contributions to Magazines, &c. &c. the "Companion to Waldie's Library" will be offered to the patronage of the present subscribers and the public at large. It is believed that with the "Library," the "Journal," and the "Companion," such an acquaintance with the literature of the age may be cultivated as to leave little further to be desired. Being all published from the same office, more facility offers for subscribing, and having fewer people to deal with, mistakes are less liable to occur, and more readily corrected when they do. The short interval of two weeks between the publication of each number, it is thought too, will be an advantage over monthlies and quarterlies.

The following plan is respectfully submitted.

1. The "COMPANION" will contain the earliest possible reprints of the best matter in the British periodicals.

2. It will be issued every fortnight, and the form will be the same as that of the Library—each number containing sixteen pages—thus, every six months, giving thirteen numbers, which can be bound with the Library at little or no more expense, and making a better sized volume; and to those who do not take the Library itself, a volume every year, of 416 quarto pages of the size of the present.

3. The price will be three dollars for a subscriber—five dollars for two—and clubs five and upwards will be supplied at two dollars each.

4. As the work will not be commenced, unless a sufficient patronage be obtained, no payment is required at present, only the name, sent free of postage. Those wishing

to support the publication will be pleased therefore to announce their intention as early as possible, as it is intended to commence the work on the first of January next. On the issuing of the second number payment will be expected, as its appearance will evince a sufficiency of patronage.

The proprietor of the "Select Circulating Library," fully aware from experience of the advantages to the public of the rapid diffusion of cheap and select literature, has been induced to add the important feature to the work, and of course leaves it optional with the present subscribers and others to take it or not.

It is confidently believed, that, with the attention on the part of the Editor, who has already at hand the material for such a work, all the really valuable matter of the English literary and amusing publications may be comprised in this form at a rate of subscription and postage, so trifling as scarcely to be felt. It will form the cheapest reprint of reviews and magazines ever attempted in any country; a comparison with others it were needless here to enter upon, the "Library" itself being the best test by which to judge of the difference between an octavo and a quarto page. It will be the study of the Editor to embody a record of the day, adapted to the wants of this country, which can have no competitor for value or cheapness; how far he is likely to do this he must leave at present to the decision of his readers.

Clubs of five individuals, who subscribe to the "Library" and "Companion" both, will obtain the two for six dollars, the postage (a very important consideration) to the most distant post office, on the two, will be one dollar and ninety five cents, divided into seventy eight payments, and half that sum for 100 miles or a less distance from Philadelphia, while the same matter, in the usual American reprints of reviews and magazines in octavo form would be eighteen dollars, and the postage as three to one. We make this assertion advisedly.

Subscriptions to the "Companion," will be taken either with or without the "Library." The proprietor trusts that his punctuality and exactness in executing his part of the contract in the publication of the "Library," will be considered a sufficient guarantee of the completion of his proposed undertaking.

ADAM WALDIE.

FOR ANNAPOIS, EASTON AND CAMBRIDGE.

The MARYLAND will go to Annapolis, Cambridge (by Castle Haven) and Easton on every Tuesday and Friday morning, leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock, from the lower end Dagan's wharf, her usual place of starting.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk. LEML. G. TAYLOR. April 30.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY COURT.

April Term, 1855.

ON application by petition in writing, of Robert F. Mercer, to the Judges of Anne Arundel County Court, praying the benefit of the insolvent laws of the state of Maryland, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, (on oath so far as he could ascertain them) being annexed to his said petition, and the said court being satisfied that the said Robert F. Mercer has resided in the state of Maryland for two years next preceding the date of his said petition, and having appointed Andrew Mercer trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said Robert F. Mercer, which said trustee has given bond in due form for the faithful performance of his trust, and the said Robert F. Mercer having executed a deed of conveyance to his said trustee for all his property, real, personal and mixed, and the said trustee having certified the delivery thereof to him, it is therefore hereby ordained and adjudged by the said court, that the said Robert F. Mercer be discharged from confinement, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis once a week for the term of three months, to appear before Anne Arundel County Court to be held in the city of Annapolis on the fourth Monday of October next, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Robert F. Mercer should not have the benefit of the said laws as prayed.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk. July 30.—3m.

\$100 REWARD.

RANAWAY on Thursday, the 25th day of July, from the subscriber, a Negro Man named

JOE SYMON, who is very black, and aged about 38—5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; when spoken to is very polite; had on his working clothes, but took with him a variety of clothing. I will give the above reward if taken out of the State—and \$50 if taken in the State or County, and all reasonable expenses paid, if delivered to me, living on West River, or secured in jail, so that I get him a gain.

GEORGE GALE. The Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; and the Baltimore Patriot will please insert the above, and send their accounts to the West River Post Office. July 30.

PRINTING

Neatly executed at this OFFICE.

TO THE PRINTERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

J. SPITTALL, WOOD LETTER CUTTER AND ENGRAVER, No. 21, Franklin Place, PHILADELPHIA.

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Printers of the United States, that he has commenced the manufacture of WOOD LETTERS.

Wood Letters of every description, from four to thirty-four lines Pica, or upward made to order on the shortest notice.

Ornamental Letters of entirely new and most splendid patterns, for Heads of Newspapers, Title Lines, &c. from two lines Gros Premier to any size larger.

His type will be made of materials of the best assortment, well seasoned and prepared by machinery, invented for the purpose, which ensures the most exact adjustment.

Specimens will be published as early as possible.

Engravings on Wood. Executed with neatness and promptness Heads for Newspapers, Fac-similes, Ornamental and Plain Rules, &c. &c. cut with the greatest accuracy in type metal or wood.

Old cast metal cuts, ornaments, &c. engraved over, and made equal to new for their original cost.

A liberal discount for cash. Six months credit on the most approved security. Orders from the country promptly attended to. All letters must be post paid.

Editors of papers in the country will give the above advertisement a few insertions, and forward a paper containing the same to the advertiser, will be paid thereon in any of the above mentioned materials. April 30.

MARYLAND COLONIZATION JOURNAL.

PROSPECTUS.—The Board of Managers of the State Colonization Society and the Board of Managers of the State Fair have resolved to publish a quarterly journal for the purpose of diffusing information concerning the principles and progress of the Maryland plan of Colonization. The Journal will also contain occasional notices of other parts of the Union. It will be published at least once a quarter, and sometimes oftener. Persons wishing to receive it regularly as published, may become subscribers by paying fifty cents per annum in advance. Donations for the support of the paper will be thankfully received. The friends of Colonization throughout the state will confer great favour by transmitting for the Journal any intelligence which may promote the cause it advocates.

All communications are to be directed to the "Maryland Colonization Journal," office of the Maryland State Colonization Society, Baltimore.

June 4.

Anne-Arundel County, Sec'd

ON application to the subscriber, one of the Judges of the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, and state of Maryland, petition in writing of Edward Brookes, Anne Arundel county, stating that he is in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at a session thereof in 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Edward Brookes having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years, within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of application, and the said Edward Brookes having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed a trustee, who has been bonded as such, and received from said Edward Brookes a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Edward Brookes be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne Arundel county, once a week for three months before the 4th Monday in October next to appear before the said County Court, at Court House of said county, at ten o'clock of the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why said Edward Brookes should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed.

Given under my hand this 21st day of February, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and thirty-five.

June 25—3m

FUNERALS.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has discontinued the Cabinet Making business, and intends to confine himself for the future altogether to that of an UNDERTAKER.

All orders for Funerals will be attended at the shortest notice, either in the usual manner, or according to special direction. He returns his thanks to the public for the patronage during the last twenty years, hopes that his promptness and attention continue to merit their favour.

WASHINGTON G. TUCKER. Feb. 26.

The Annapolis Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1835.

No. 26.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
at the Brick Building on the Public
Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.
BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
AT
FRANCIS M. JARBOE,
Cannon Street—Annapolis.
April 16.
DR. R. MARWOOD
OFFERS his Professional Services to his
Friends and the Public of South River
and its vicinity. He can always be found at
his Farm, Summer Hill, three miles from the
City.
May 21—R. Jarboe.

PROSPECTUS.
THE Subscriber proposes to publish, in
an Upper Marlboro', Prince George's county,
Maryland, a weekly journal, to be called—
THE BULLETIN.
In undertaking to supply this acknowledgment
of despatch to the populous and intelligent
district in which the subscriber has the
pleasure to reside, his hope of ultimate suc-
cess finds not its origin in sanguineness of
opinion, but proceeds from the eminent
advantages of its location. Published in the
metropolis of a large and wealthy county, sit-
uated equidistant from the State and Na-
tional capitals, facilities of an early com-
munication of whatever may interest its patrons,
and particularly afforded to the Editor; and
though he may not hope to present to his
readers much foreign information through the
medium of his columns, not derivable from
other journals, it is still certain that intelli-
gence of a local nature, interesting to all,
is important to many, and otherwise unat-
tainable, will by this means be communicated.
It will also offer to those whose means are in-
adequate to the expense of the larger jour-
nals, at least a synoptical view of all the im-
portant information they contain; and he
trusts that those of literary taste may some-
times find in its columns, articles not unwor-
thy of the employment of their leisure. As
the plan of every publication which is to find
its success in popular support, must first be
approved before public patronage can be ex-
pected, the Editor would here mark the out-
line of his design, with the full knowledge
that will constitute an ordeal, by which, to
determine both its merit and the fidelity of
its prosecution.

The Editor proposes to adapt his paper to the
wishes of those by whom he is immediately sur-
rounded, and among whom he must natur-
ally find a majority of his patrons: he knows
that to be intelligent and inquiring.—The
Literary department, shall, therefore, be as-
tutively regarded, and the most approved
domestic and foreign periodicals resorted to
for the latest letters notices. He knows them to
be patriotic, and that they feel a deep interest
in the welfare of our common country. To
reply to this sentiment to the extent of his ab-
ility, his columns shall afford whatever intelli-
gence of a political character may be calcula-
ble to interest them. No man, with the fac-
ility of thought, is at this crisis neutral in re-
ference to the party distinctions now prevail-
ing in this country, and the Editor does not wish
to disguise his political sentiments—they are
in opposition to the measures of the present
Administration. But having neither the tem-
porary motive of a partisan, his comments
upon party movements shall be characterized
by frankness of argument, not violence or abuse
as it never has been his practice, so shall
never become his habit to deal in political
invective or party violence. He will cheer-
fully lend the aid of his columns to communi-
cations from all parties—reserving to himself
the privilege of rejecting such as are objec-
tionable for personal allusion or indecorous lan-
guage. In addition to the advantages of ap-
propriate political and literary selections, he
desires also to tempt into exercise whatever of
active talent may surround him, and with such
views he may not presumptuously hope to render
his paper useful and interesting. He asks
for the patronage of his friends longer than
his efforts merit and repay it, as he wishes not
to owe that favour to personal feeling, which
would be degraded to his editorial labors.
The BULLETIN will be published on Thurs-
day in each week. Terms of subscription \$3
per annum.

WILLIAM H. HALL,
Upper Marlboro', Feb. 14, 1835

FINAL NOTICE.
THE underwritten would again respect-
fully request all persons indebted to
the late firm of Messrs. Williamson and
Swann to call and settle immediately, as this
notice may be considered final to all intents
and purposes.
FRANCIS M. JARBOE.
Aug. 20.

SUBSCRIPTIONS
TO THE London, Edinburgh, Foreign, and
Westminster Quarterly Reviews—the
Penny Magazine, Penny Cyclopaedia, Repub-
lic of Letters, Parley's Magazine, and the
New York Register, received at the "Room"
of the subscriber, where specimen Numbers
may be seen.
FRANCIS M. JARBOE.
Church street—Annapolis.
June 18.

LITTELL'S MUSEUM OF FOREIGN LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

PRICE.—Six Dollars a year, in advance—
seven dollars and a half, if not in advance.
POSTAGE.—Five sheets, under 100 miles
75 cents; over 100 miles, 1 1/2 cents.
This work will be sent to any Post Of-
fice in the United States, carefully wrapped
up, upon receipt of five dollars in part pay-
ment. A few complete sets are for sale.

ENLARGED SERIES OF THE MUSEUM.

MR. LITTELL has much pleasure in an-
nouncing to the patrons of the MUSEUM,
that he has made arrangements for the
future publication of the work in a style much
superior to the present—and nearly approach-
ing what he has always desired that it should
appear in. The circulation of the work is
now so large, as to make it important to the
proprietor that he should be able to give his
whole attention to it. This has hitherto been
prevented by the care and labour attendant
upon a multifarious and widely extended busi-
ness. With the view of completing more
quickly the publication of Lodge's Portraits
and Memoirs of Illustrious and Noble Cha-
racters, (a splendid work now in hand)—of
effecting a settlement of accounts extending
over the whole of the United States—and of
making arrangements in all parts of the coun-
try for the vigorous prosecution of the pub-
lication of the Museum, he has made a con-
tract with Mr. Adam Waldie of this city to
print the work, attend to its distribution, and
manage all the financial concerns appertain-
ing to it after the present year.

Mr. Waldie is a practical printer, not sur-
passed in taste by any other in the country;
and as he is advantageously and generally
known as the publisher of the Select Circu-
lating Library, it is supposed that he will
have it in his power greatly to promote the
sale of the Museum. He has contracted to
issue it promptly, and thus will be corrected
the greatest fault which has heretofore at-
tended its management. The changes in the
appearance of the work will be as follows:

1. It will be regularly and promptly published.
2. Will be uniformly and handsomely printed.
3. On better paper.
4. Will be considerably enlarged.

As the sale of the work has increased, Mr.
Littell has always been desirous of devoting
the enlarged profits to its improvement—and
although he does not wish the appearance of
the next volume to be considered as en-
tirely carrying out his plan, he trusts that
the subscribers will be convinced, upon com-
paring it with any other work, that it is richly
worth the price asked for it.

We shall not have satisfied our own wis-
hes, in respect to this work, until it shall be
so far enlarged and improved as to make it
clear to every purchaser that he will herein
receive all that is desirable to an American
reader from all the Foreign Periodicals. That
we can do so in a single work, by making it
contain four or five times as much matter as
an ordinary periodical, we have no doubt.—
A great part of most of the Reviews and Ma-
gazines is composed of inferior articles, and
we confidently appeal to those readers of the
Museum who have been in the habit of look-
ing over the British Journals, whether we
have not already, in a very great degree, suc-
ceeded in copying all that was worth pres-
ervation.

As the work will now be considerably en-
larged, we shall be able more fully to accom-
plish this object.

In order that he may, by frequent jour-
neys from home, be the earlier able to finish all
other business, and devote himself exclusively
to the Museum, Mr. Littell has made ar-
rangements with the Editor of Waldie's Li-
brary to edit this work after December, 1834.
However deficient the proprietor may be in
other qualifications, he has always felt so
zealous an affection for the Museum that he
would not be willing to commit it, even for a
time, to the care of another, were he not con-
fident that the facilities, the experience and
the ability of the new Editor, will render it
more worthy of the patronage of the public
than it has heretofore been. No change takes
place in the Proprietorship.
Philadelphia, April 9.
Specimen Numbers may be seen
at the Office of the Md. Gazette.

**CASH FOR
ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,**
Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of
age.
PERSONS having likely Servants
to dispose of, and wishing the high-
est prices, will do well to give me
a call, as I am determined to buy
and give higher prices than any o-
ther purchaser, who is now or may come into
the market. I can at all times be found at
Mr. James Hunter's Tavern, in Annapolis.
All communications directed to me will be
promptly attended to.
ISAAC F. PURVIS.
Aug. 27—6m.

THE GENTLEMAN'S VADE MECUM; OR, THE SPORTING AND DRAMATIC COMPANION.

Interpreted with a multitude of Engravings, includ-
ing Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses, Physi-
ological and Natural Phenomena, &c.
It is now six months since this publication was com-
menced in Philadelphia—and although the publish-
ers have used no extraordinary means to circulate a know-
ledge of its merits, yet such is the satisfaction mani-
fested by that portion of the public who have been made
acquainted with its character and contents, that its list
of patrons continues constantly and rapidly to increase.
This paper is now distributed regularly every week over
a wide portion of the Union, and the most satisfactory
assurances are received that it will eventually become
one of the most popular among the numerous excellent
periodicals which issue from the American press. No
exertions will be spared to establish its permanent repu-
tation more extensively; and if the liberal sanction of
those for whom it is especially designed shall warrant,
its future improvement—both as regards typographical
neatness and embellishment—will be materially advanc-
ed.

The different Plays and Farcas that will appear in
the course of a year, of themselves, will be worth more
than FOUR times the amount of subscription. The
following is a list of those which have already appear-
ed:—

- Charles the First.
- Is She a Brigand.
- The Hunchback.
- The Deep, Deep Sea.
- Chop Living.
- Shakespeare's Early Days.
- Henri Quatre.
- Hoggar of Bethnal Green.
- Husbands and Wives.
- Man of Ten Thousand.
- The Ladies Man.
- I'll Tell You What.
- The Golden Farmer.
- Speculation.
- Olympic Devils.
- Englishman in India.
- Shakespeare Festival.
- The East-Indian.
- My Friend the Governor.
- Victorias.
- The Omnibus.
- The Child of Nature.
- The Rencontre.
- The Duel.
- The Sisters.
- Viloco.
- Hernani.
- The MS of the Irish Ambassador.
- The most interesting dream.
- The East-Indian.
- My Friend the Governor.
- Victorias.
- The Omnibus.
- The Child of Nature.
- The Rencontre.
- The Duel.
- The Sisters.
- Viloco.
- Hernani.
- James Kennedy.

The MS of the Irish Ambassador, the favourite and
highly interesting dream, in which Tyrone Power so
successfully amused the Public, as Sir Patrick O'Mahony,
has been obtained by the publishers, and will be pub-
lished forthwith.

The Sporting Intelligence, at home and abroad, oc-
cupies a considerable portion of our columns, and is
collected from the most authentic sources. Among the
Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses which have
been given, are:—
The American Trotting Horse, Edwin Forrest.
The Imported Racing Horse, Messenger.
The favourite Racing Mare, Ariel, and her foal, by
Edwin.
Bonds celebrated Trotting Horse, Norfolk Phenome-
non.
The well known English Race Horse, Touchstone.
A correct Picture of a Race Course, occupying the
width of seven columns.

Among a variety of other Embellishments of subjects
of interest, which have been published, are the follow-
ing:—
A complete Treatise on Riding, with fourteen illus-
trations, for the improvement of Ladies in that most
healthy of all exercises.
Explanation of the Automaton Chess Player, illus-
trated by eleven engravings.
The subjects which are particularly embraced in the
Vade Mecum, will be more distinctly understood from
the following summary of them:—
The Turf and all matters connected therewith.
On the Structure and Character of the Horse.
On the Improvement of Horned Cattle.
Rules for Novices in Shooting.
Methods for Feeding and Training Dogs.
Biographies of celebrated Horses, with their Por-
traits.
Hunting, Fishing, Fowling, &c.
Approved Games, from Hoyle and others.
Criticism on Plays and Actors.
The most popular Songs, set to music.
The art of Legendising illustrated.
A variety of Recipes adapted to Domestic Economy.
An Epitome of important passing events.
Gentlemen's Quarterly Review of the Fashions.

The Vade Mecum is printed on large imperial paper,
of a beautiful white texture, and is published every Sat-
urday, at *Three Dollars* per annum, in advance. Orders
from abroad, postage paid, will be promptly attended to,
and the paper carefully packed to prevent it from rub-
bing by mail.
The Modern Acting Drama, a volume of about 300
pages—containing the Plays, Farcas, &c., which appear
in the Vade Mecum, neatly printed, and bound in elastic
covers, for transportation—is published every six weeks.
Eight volumes will constitute a set, or one year's sub-
scription, the terms for which is *Three Dollars*, paya-
ble in advance.

Subscribers to the Vade Mecum are entitled to a de-
duction of one-third. An order for four sets will be
thankfully received, and the work forwarded to any
direction, by enclosing a ten dollar note—postage paid.
A premium, consisting of two volumes, 500 pages
each, of the Novelist Magazine, containing eight dif-
ferent Novels, by the most popular authors, will be pre-
sented to the Agent, who shall procure four names to
the Modern Acting Drama, or the Gentlemen's Vade
Mecum, and remit the amount of one year's subscrip-
tion for each.
Gentlemen wishing to subscribe to either of the a-
bove works, will address CHARLES ALEXANDER,
No. 3, Athenian Building, Franklin Place—Philadel-
phia.
July 30.

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to the late firm of
James Williamson and Thomas Swann,
prior to the 20th of October 1832, are re-
quested to make payment without delay, to
Mr. F. M. Jarboe, as it is necessary to col-
lect all accounts as speedily as possible.
ANN JANE SWANN,
Adm'r. of T. Swann.
June 4.

All persons indebted to the above Firm
prior to the above date, to whom accounts
have been presented, are earnestly requested
to call at the subscriber's office, and settle the
same; and those at a distance are also re-
spectfully requested to remit the amount of
such accounts as have been forwarded them,
on or before the 1st day of August ensuing.
FRANCIS M. JARBOE.

POETRY.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
BY N. Y. WILLIS.

I love to look on a scene like this,
Of wild and careless play,
And peruse myself that I am not old,
And my looks are not yet gray;
For it stirs the blood in an old man's heart,
And it makes his pulses fly,
To catch the thrill of a happy voice,
And the light of a pleasant eye.
I have walked the world for four score years;
And they say that I am old,
And my heart is ripe for the reaper Death,
And my years are well nigh told,
It is very true; it is very true;
I'm old, and "I hide my time."
But my heart will leap at a scene like this,
And I half renew my prime.
Play on, play on; I am with you there,
In the midst of your merry ring,
I can feel the thrill of the dancing stamp,
And the rush of the breathless swing.
I hide with you in the fragrant hay,
And I whoop the smothered oaf,
And my feet slip up on the sooty floor,
And I care not for the fall.
I am willing to die when my time shall come,
And I shall be glad to go;
For the world, at best, is a weary place,
And my pulse is getting low:
But the grave is dark, and the heart will fail
In treading its gloomy way;
And it wiles my heart from its dreariness,
To see the young so gay.

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the N. Y. Transcript of July 22.
ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.

Most of our readers must have heard of the ro-
mantic episode in the loves and lives of the parents of
the celebrated Thomas A. Becket, Archbishop of Can-
terbury; being no less a circumstance than that the fa-
ther of the Archbishop went to fight the Infidel Saracens
in the Holy Land, and while there he was wound-
ed, taken prisoner, and was nursed by a beautiful young
female pagan, who like most warrior nurses, fell desper-
ately in love with the object of her attention and solici-
tude. After the elder Becket sailed from the Holy
Land for England, she became absolutely inconsolable
at his departure, and a short time afterwards she secretly
left her father's house, with a little money and a few
jewels, in her way to Acre, took her passage in a ship
bound for England, landed in London—and although
she could not speak a word of the language, except the
name of the being she loved, and only knew a part of
this, viz: that his christian name was Thomas, she went
crying that word through the streets of the great city un-
til she found him—soon after which they married. Singu-
lar as the above story seems, we have to record one to-
day almost equally singular and romantic. Some time
in the course of the last year, as one of our fast sailing
Liverpool vessels was dropping down the Mersey with
a fair wind and tide, for New-York, the hands on board
observed a small sail boat in the river astern of the ship,
containing a party of pleasure, which was upset by a
squall. The ship's yards were braced round, her top-
sails backed, and a boat lowered, which made for the
party in the water. They were all rescued except a
young lady, who becoming separated from the rest, was
carried down the river by the rapidity of the tide, and
must inevitably have been lost, had it not been for the
watchfulness and intrepidity of the mate of the ship,
who instantly jumped into the fore chains, dropped into
the water, swam to the drowning girl, and being a
strong young man, supported her till the boat reached
and took them both up. She was taken on board the
ship (which was here to) until she recovered, when the
rescued party were ultimately landed. Strange to say,
the parties all separated without the name of the vessel,
or any of her people being made known to the rescued
parties; and the ship was soon under way for New-
York. On her return to Liverpool, the mate—who was a
fine, handsome fellow, and who had not failed to ob-
serve, during their short acquaintance, that the lady he
had rescued was a very beautiful woman—thought it
might not be so much amiss to endeavor to find her out,
and acquire after her health. With this object in view,
he hurried over a file of old Liverpool papers, and dis-
covered that on such a day, 1831, a party of pleasure in
a sail boat, including Miss Mary—, had been rescued
from a watery grave by the crew of a vessel bound out,
but as some forty or fifty vessels (which had been wind
bound) sailed the same day, the name of the vessel was
not known. On making further enquiries, he found
that the young lady's brother (a surgeon) was one of the
rescued people, and that they had left Liverpool and
gone to reside in the country. He obtained leave of ab-
sence from the ship, and without any chart or compass
to steer by, he mounted a horse and rode out of the
town towards Warrington. He had not proceeded half
a dozen miles, before his horse took fright, ran off, and
threw him violently on his head. He was taken up
senseless, and carried to the nearest house, which for-
tunately happened to be a Surgeon's. He lay some days
in a critical state, and the first object that met his vi-
sion on regaining his senses, was the form of the fair
Mary above alluded to, seated by his bedside bathing
his temples and officiating as his nurse. She blushed
deeply on perceiving that he recognized her, and hastily
leaving the room, sent in her brother and an older but
less agreeable nurse. Finding him still too weak to
converse, they assured him that he was with friends,
dearly sensible of their indebtedness to him, and who
were but too happy to have it in their power to con-
tribute to his comfort. He was now convalescent, and
sinking into a sound sleep they left him. He awoke
very late next day much refreshed; but as neither his
brother nor the sister made their appearance, he enquired
for them, and learnt that they had been called up in the
night, and had gone some distance to attend the dying
bed of a near relative. Not thinking it necessary to ex-
plain to the old nurse, he did not state by her who he
was, but waited anxiously for the re-appearance of Ma-
ry, whom he had already begun to feel an interest for—
The next day he was surprised by the visit of his cap-
tain, who stated that the horse had found its way back
to the livery stable without a rider, which the owner re-
ported to the ship; he had tried to find out what had be-
come of the mate, but could not until that very day; he

had heard at an inn that a young sailor had been hurt,
and was lying at Mr. ——. The captain added that
the ship had been suddenly ordered to sea, had fallen in
her cargo, and was ready to sail with that afternoon's
tide. There being no time to lose, the mate wrote a
letter to the surgeon which he left unsealed on the ta-
ble, and in which he said all that was necessary, includ-
ing an intention to revisit them on his next voyage; a
carriage was then procured, and he, though feeble, went
to Liverpool, and that evening sailed in his old vessel
for New-York. The letter left by the mate, unfortu-
nately was never received by those for whom it was in-
tended, being, as was supposed, obtained read and de-
stroyed by a young lawyer, who had made Mary an offer
of marriage, and had been refused, but who still visited
the house.—Thus on their return home, Mary and her
brother were still without the best clue to the "local
habitation or name" of their preserver, with this excep-
tion that the lawyer, in the course of an incidental con-
versation, had sneeringly observed that the mate was "a
poor mean Yankee," but denied knowing his name.
Mary fretted and pined away, and at last took to her
bed, for almost unconsciously she had become deeply at-
tached to the sailor; her illness assumed at last a serious
character, and it being evident that she would not long
survive unless she again saw the object of her affections,
her brother (at her urgent request) took ship for North
America, and landed at Boston a few days ago, whence
they came on to this city on Sunday night. The pas-
sage, and the hope of meeting with the one she loved
restored her to comparative health and strength, and
they put up at a private boarding house in Pearl street.
Thus had Mary travelled double the distance of Becket's
mother, without knowing even the christian or surname
of her beloved. In the mean time the mate arrived at
New-York, was transferred to the command of a mer-
chantman in the southern trade, was cast away, fell ill,
wrote to Europe, his letter miscarried—he sailed him-
self for England, went to the surgeon's house, was told
all about Mary, and that she had then sailed about seven
days for Boston. He took passage in the first vessel
came on to New-York, and without knowing that they
were in the house actually put up at the same place, and
slept beneath the same roof with Mary and her brother
on Sunday night. In the morning when he descended
to the breakfast table, where he found the family already
assembled, the first object that met his view on entering
the room was the form of the fair traveller. She saw
his face—uttered no exclamation, but sprang from her
seat towards him, and would have fallen had he not
rushed forward and caught her in his arms, exclaiming,
"Good God! Mary, is that you!" as she fainted away.
When she recovered, mutual explanations and greetings
took place, and we are happy to say that they were
married yesterday afternoon, and set off the same even-
ing to spend the honeymoon at Albany, and by this
time doubtless know one another as well as though they
had been acquainted for years.

STATE OF MARYLAND, &c.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court,
July 28th 1835.

ON application by petition of Mary Mil-
ler and Peter Miller, administrators of
Peter Miller, late of Anne-Arundel county,
deceased, it is ordered that they give the
notice required by law for creditors to exhibit
their claims against the said deceased, and that
the same be published once in each week, for
the space of six successive weeks, in one of
the newspapers printed in Annapolis.
SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r.
Reg. Wills A. A. county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel
county, have obtained from the Orphans Court
of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, let-
ters of administration on the personal estate
of Peter Miller, late of Anne Arundel coun-
ty, deceased. All persons having claims
against the said deceased, are hereby warned
to exhibit the same, with the vouchers there-
of, to the subscribers, at or before the 28th
day of January next, they may otherwise by
law be excluded from all benefit of the said
estate. Given under our hands this 28th day
of July 1835.
MARY MILLER, Adm'r.
PETER MILLER,
July 30.—6w.

IN CHANCERY,

August 17th, 1835.

ORDERED, That the sale of the real es-
tate of Nicholas Welch, deceased, made
and reported by Joshua Werfield, of Ben-
son, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless
cause to the contrary be shewn on or before
the 17th day of October next, provided a co-
py of this order be published in some new-
spaper once in each of three successive weeks
before the 17th day of September next.
The report states the amount of sales to be
\$355 00.
True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Cas.
Aug. 20.

IN CHANCERY,

August 14th, 1835.

ORDERED, That the sale of the real es-
tate of Henry Hammond, deceased, be
made and reported by Robert Welch, of Ben-
son, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless
cause to the contrary be shewn on or before
the 14th day of October next, provided a co-
py of this order be published in some new-
spaper once in each of three successive weeks
before the 14th day of September next.
The report states the amount of sales to be
\$1902 00.
True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Cas.
Aug. 20.

ANNAPOLIS: Thursday, September 2, 1835.

FOR CONGRESS. Fourth District—Anne Arundel County and Cities of Annapolis and Baltimore.

Van Buren. ISAAC McKIM, BENJAMIN C. HOWARD, Anti Van Buren. JAMES P. HEATH, CHARLES R. STEWART. Independent. JOHN C. WEEMS, Genl. GEORGE H. STEUART.

DELEGATES TO ASSEMBLY. ANNAPOLES. Anti Van Buren. NICHOLAS BREWER, THOMAS DUCKETT. ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY. Van Buren. GRAFTON B. DUVAL, EDWARD HAMMOND, WESLEY LINTHICUM, Dr. ROBERT FRANKLIN.

Anti Van Buren. LEONARD IGLEHART, CHARLES S. RIDGELY, Dr. HOOD, JOHN MERCER.

that Mr. Barzillai and the next

The... at the head of Cur... on SATURDAY the 12th inst. at 12 o'clock. The Candidates for Congress, in... for the Legislature and the voters of all parties, are invited to attend. Sept. 3, 1835.

David Crockett has been defeated by his competitor for a seat in Congress, Col. Huntsman, by a majority of 200 votes.

RELIGION.

The "Protestant Episcopal Pulpit" for August, which we have just received, contains a Sermon by the Rev. GEORGE McELMINEY, Rector of St. Anne's Church, in this city. It is an excellent production, and just such an one in point of eloquence, style, and soundness, as those acquainted with that learned and exemplary Divine would expect from him. It ought to be within the reach of every parent, that he might place it in the hands of his children as an invitation for them to embrace "in the days of their youth," the Religion depicted in the following extract from it:—

"When Religion is faithfully portrayed, her aspect is perfectly amiable, irresistibly charming in the eyes of ingenuous and unsophisticated youth. She is clothed with a thousand attractions, which the coldness and apathy of dissolute or dissipated, or care-worn manhood, can neither discern nor appreciate. To be loved, she requires only to be seen; but the vision of the sensual and the worldly, has become dim and indistinct, and therefore, they are unable to estimate her beauties: they know her not, her lineaments are unfamiliar to them, she passes by them unheeded; although surrounded by a halo of splendour, attractive and glorious to the virtuous and the faithful, she is held with terror and disgust by the un-believing and the corrupt. Her countenance beams with sweet contentment, and peaceful joy; she dispenses heavenly gifts wherever she sojourns; no one who has given her entertainment can cease to remember the elevated delights of her holy converse. All the virtues march in her train; all the charities are her companions; her presence heightens and sanctifies every lawful and salutary gratification; she denies her votaries no indulgence which is not immediately or remotely injurious to themselves; health, peace and competence are her handmaids in this world, and glory, honour and immortality await her in eternity. Such, my youthful hearers, is the interesting being who solicits your friendship, and entreats you to receive her as a constant guest, and an inseparable associate."

Baltimore, 20th August, 1835.

The undersigned Ministers within the Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, respectfully request those individuals North of us who are agitating the question of immediate Abolition, to desist from sending to any of their inflammatory Periodicals, or their publications on the subject, as we never ordered or desired them, and are determined to have nothing to do with any of them, of which we request all Post Masters to take notice.

We beg leave to assure them also, that though we are neither slaveholders nor the friends of slavery, yet that, in our judgment, the rash and violent course they are pursuing, in conjunction with foreign emissaries, is doing immense mischief in all our Southern country, and especially calculated and tending to overwhelm our coloured population, both bond and free, with greatly aggravated afflictions and dangers, both temporal and spiritual, and to embroil the country in disgraceful and murderous riots.

It is well known that the Baltimore Annual Conference has always taken, and still takes, a decided stand in favour of gradual and ultimate emancipation; yet, so far as we know, the sentiments herein expressed are those of our brethren generally in this section, in regard to the interference of foreign agitators, in their most

delicate and embarrassing of all our domestic difficulties. Stephen G. Roszel, John A. Gers, James Sewell, Geo. G. Cookman, Wm. Edmonds, Wm. H. Enoes, Jobn Bernard, Joseph Merckin.

TRIALS AT BEL-AIR.

The case of the Bank of Maryland against Thomas Ellicott, was not concluded on Saturday—and will probably occupy the Court two or three days of the present week. On the prayer made by the defendant's counsel on Thursday, and the argument on which occupied part of Thursday and the whole of Friday—we understand the court rejected, as incompetent, part of the testimony offered on the part of the plaintiffs—consisting of certain entries made on the books of the Bank of Maryland, and in the books of Poultney, Ellicott & Co., and some certificates of deposits. Further testimony was offered on the part of the plaintiffs on Saturday, in support of their claim—and a number of witnesses, we learn, are yet to be examined.

The claim of the Bank is for the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, which the Trustees allege was paid to Mr. Ellicott out of the funds of the Bank, either without, or for an inadequate consideration. The Counsel for the Plaintiffs are F. S. Key, R. Johnson, R. W. Gill, and Bradford, Esqrs. For the Defendant, Walter James, J. Nelson, O. Scott, and A. Constable, Esqrs. [Balt. Gaz.]

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

On Tuesday last the Freemen of this State assembled in their respective towns, for the choice of Representatives to the General Assembly, and for Representatives to the 24th Congress of the U. S.

The following is a statement of the votes, from which it will be seen that the election has resulted in the choice of Messrs. Pearce and Sprague, the Administration candidates.

Pearce, 3362 Sprague, 3373 Burgess, 3321 Cranston, 3125 Sprague's majority over Burgess, 52 Pearce's majority over Burgess, 41 Sprague's majority over Cranston, 239 Pearce's majority over Cranston, 227

The next House of Delegates will consist of 39 Administration, and 33 Whig members. Newport Mercury.

ANOTHER ARREST.

We learn that the real "Black Hawk" who bore so conspicuous a part in the late riots in this city was arrested on Saturday afternoon, by the deputy sheriff, just as he was about to land from the Philadelphia steam boat. He is said to be a painter by trade.—Balt. Patriot.

We have now in this country a son of the Prince of Orange. A son of Louis Philippe, the Prince de Joinville, is daily expected at this port. Vice Admiral Sir George Cockburn, Lord Valentia the celebrated traveller, Lord Jocelyn, Miss Simms, and a select party of fashionable, are hourly expected at Quebec, from Halifax, to make a tour to Niagara.—N. Y. Gazette.

AN INTERESTING DISCLOSURE.

THE FRENCH CLAIMS, &c.—It may be remembered that some eight or nine weeks ago, an inquiry was made, through the columns of this paper, respecting the authenticity of a rumor, that Mr. Crawford, while Minister of the United States in Paris, had declined a proffer of the allies, when in possession of Paris, at the downfall of Napoleon—to include indemnity for the claims of America on France, in the amount of tribulations then exacted from that nation. No satisfactory answer was given, and we began to fear that, what cannot but be deemed a remarkable instance of sympathy for the altered fortunes of a friendly nation, and of generous confidence in its honor and justice under happier circumstances, might, after all, turn out to be merely an unfounded rumor.

Happily, the annexed statement, received by the Silveira de France, yesterday, sets the matter at rest.

The letter of Mr. Vail establishes that Mr. Crawford did receive and did decline, a proffer—indirect, but not, therefore, unauthorized—of the aid of the allies, to obtain indemnity of our claims on France; and the authentication of this fact should cause the blood of shame to tingle in the cheeks of those honorable Deputies, who, in the discussion of the treaty of July, were so lavish of epithets upon the bargain-driving spirit of the Americans.

We thank Mr. Vail for this contribution to American annals.—N. Y. Amer.

To the Editor of the New York American: PARIS, July 13, 1835.

Sir: your paper of June last, makes an appeal to any one who may have a knowledge of the fact, frequently repeated, that our government at a time of great pressure upon France, refused to avail itself of the means it had, of satisfying, by force, the claims provided for by the unexecuted treaty of 1831. You justly remark, that a fact so honorable in itself should be sustained and go authenticated to the world; and it affords me pleasure to be able to contribute to an act of justice which is, in the first place, due to the memory of an honest statesman, now no more, whose character, in point of honesty, at least, has passed unscathed through the violence of party; and then, to the government which nobly approved of his course. At the period so calamitous for France, when nearly the whole world was brandishing over her head the sword of vengeance, I, although very young, constituted a part of Mr. Crawford's legation at Paris, and I distinctly recollect that, in a conversation between General Lafayette, for whom the Emperor Alexander had a great personal regard, and Mr. Crawford, the former stated that the Russian Emperor, (and not, as you correspondent supposes, Lord Wellington,) had mentioned his particular solicitude for the United States; that he was very desirous of reconciling them with England, and had, moreover, intimated, that should the American Government desire it, he would cause our claims to be included in the aggregate amount then making out for settlement by France.

It may not be amiss to say, also, that such was the magnitude of the sum then claimed by the allies, our own would, if added to them, have been like a drop in the ocean. To this semi-official proposal, which doubtless might, if encouraged, have become a positive one, Mr. Crawford promptly replied, that it did not become the ancient ally of France to join its enemies at a time when that country was overwhelmed with misfortune, and that he thought he spoke the language of his government, when he, at once, declined the offer, and, in its name, said, that it preferred trusting to the good faith of France, and to its disposition, when able to do so, of discharging so just a debt.

The conversation alluded to was at the time, I believe, mentioned by Mr. Crawford in his semi-official correspondence, because, from the nature of the case, it could not have become the subject of a formal despatch; and it is more than probable that the private correspondence of the then Secretary of State contains it.

Such are the circumstances, as far as I can recollect, (and they made a deep impression on me at the time,) of an act, which instead of being, as our long forbearance has been, used against us, should on the contrary excite the admiration of nations, and cause the heart of every citizen of that one capable of performing it, to thrill with delight and pride.

I am, respectfully, your obedient servant. EUGENE A. VAIL.

ABOLITION AND ABOLITION.

We learn from the Lowell Journal that the Abolitionists have succeeded in securing the services of the "Reverend Ephraim K. Aery," and that he has resumed the clerical functions for the purpose of disseminating the beautiful tenets of that sect. He is a champion worthy of the cause, and the cause is worthy of him. A more appropriate alliance could hardly have been imagined.—N. Y. Cour.

PUBLIC MEETING OF THE CITIZENS.

New York Aug. 27, 1835. At a very numerous meeting of the citizens of New York, held in pursuance of public notice at the City Hall, this day, at four P. M., on motion of the Honourable C. P. White, His Honour the Mayor of the city was called to the chair. The following gentlemen were selected as Vice Presidents:

Thomas J. Oakley, Win. T. McCann, David B. Ogden, Henry Parish, Peter Crary, Walter Bowne, John J. Morgan, Luman Reed, Isaac S. Hons, Campbell P. White, Philip Hone, Joseph Cowdin, Thaddeus Phelps, George S. Robbins, Charles A. Davis, Reuben Withers, Chas. L. Livingston, Seth Geer, John D. Wolf, John L. Graham, Robert Benson, Isaac L. Varian, Robert Center, Wm. S. Johnson, Joseph D. Bears, and the following were appointed Secretaries: George Sharpe, John J. Bailey, Morgan L. Smith, James Lee, Seneca Stewart, H. C. Wetmore, George S. Easton.

The Lieutenant Governor, Supreme Judges, and State Senators, constituting the Court of Errors were introduced, and took their seats on the right of the chair.

Assistant Alderman Curtis stated that the resolutions he was about to offer for the consideration this large assembly, had been submitted to a numerous committee of citizens who had anxiously desired in the proceedings of the meeting, to embody a faithful expression of the sentiment of New-York on this interesting occasion. That they had met with the approbation of this committee, and he believed they would be favourably received by the meeting.

He then presented the following preamble and resolutions:—

PREAMBLE.

Whereas exertions are making by Abolitionists and Anti-Slavery Societies in the northern part of our Union, to influence the public mind on the subject of slavery, with the avowed design of eliciting the immediate emancipation of the slaves in the southern States, which exertions tend to array the excited feelings of one portion of our citizens against another, and to occasion violence and dishonour;

And whereas the great mass of our citizens do not concur in these proceedings, but regard them as involving an unjustifiable interference with the subject, whether they be considered in relation to the constitution and laws of the Union, or as depending for their justification on the assumption that slavery is, under all circumstances, necessarily immoral and criminal;

We, therefore, the citizens of New-York, convened on this occasion, deem it our duty to express our sentiments on the subject, in the hope thereby to allay the present excitement, to remove unfounded impressions as to there being any disposition among the people generally to countenance the views of the immediate abolitionists, and to arrest the tendency to hasty and injurious measures at the South—

While, therefore, we deplore the existence of slavery and all the evils which attend it, we dissent from the views and measures of the abolitionists and Anti-Slavery Societies, and wholly disapprove of their extravagant proceedings and violent recriminations—

And in particular, we dissent from their indiscriminate condemnation of all those who sustain the relation of masters to slaves as being equally guilty, whether that relation is a part of their inheritance under existing laws, or has proceeded from their voluntary conduct.

We thus dissent, because such condemnation implies that the relation is in all cases necessarily immoral, which we are by no means prepared to concede; believing, as we do, that the relation may exist without the fault of either of the parties, and against the will of both, and may impose on each, peculiar obligations; and

apprehending that this relation in the southern States would not make it the duty of the citizens of other States to interfere with it, even if there were nothing in the constitution and laws of the Union incompatible with their interference; and that to interfere, in opposition to the constitution and laws on the ground of morality or of abstract right, would be to proceed upon an assumption which, if sanctioned, would equally justify an interference with any and all other civil, social, and personal relations.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That while we maintain the rights of private judgment, and of free discussion on this as on other subjects as recognized in the constitution and laws, and subject always to a strict regard to the just rights of our southern brethren, we hold that the citizens of the north have no political right to interfere with the slavery of the southern States, nor moral right, under any circumstances, to adopt violent or aggressive measures for the purpose of abolishing it.

Resolved, That a legal, peaceful, and temperate expression of opinions and arguments, tending to induce the parties to the relation of slavery to perform their moral and social duties, is all that can with propriety be done by individuals who do not sustain that relation—and, that we regard the sending of abolition publications to the slave holding States, except to white citizens who may be voluntary subscribers, as a gross infringement of the rights of those States, and as tending either to insurrection on the part of the slaves, or to greater severity on the part of the masters, or both.

Resolved, That we view with deep indignation the interference of foreign emissaries in a matter so intimately connected with our social and civil relations, and that if in spite of arguments and entreaty, they shall persist in such interference, we recommend a resort to such constitutional legislation, as may meet the exigency of the case, and remove the evil.

Resolved, That we deem the excitement on this subject which is displayed by the partisans of immediate abolition in this part of the country, to be so far founded in passion and error as to justify the belief, that if not sustained by temperate opposition, it can neither be of long continuance, nor be extensively propagated among the mass of the reflecting, well disposed and orderly citizens.

Resolved, That we shall regard with deep regret the continuance of the excitement at the south, so far as it may be occasioned by the apprehension of danger from the exertions of the few misguided abolitionists in our community, because it implies too little confidence in the rectitude and patriotism of the citizens generally, at the north, and indicates too little reliance on the efficiency of the laws.

Resolved, That we are not unmindful of the constitutional obligations of the citizens of the Union for mutual defence and protection, as well in the case of domestic violence, as of foreign force; and however we may lament the necessity that the formation of our Government recognized as lawful the condition of slavery in the Southern States, and however ardently we might hail the day, if it shall ever come, when they may be able and willing to abolish it, till then, and while this constitution endures, we have no right to transcend its provisions, and as we are fully bound, so we are ever ready, to carry them fully into effect.

Resolved, That we deprecate all riotous or violent proceedings, all outrages on persons and property, and every illegal interference with the rights of citizens in the execution of summary justice in any mode not sanctioned by law—that moderation and forbearance at the present time, are peculiarly obligatory on all parties, and that we earnestly recommend to the ministers and professors of religion, and the conductors of the press, and all good citizens, to avoid all occasions of excitement, and to endeavour to tranquillize the public feeling.

The preamble and resolutions having been read, the meeting was addressed by Charles O'Connor, S. L. Gouverneur, and Willis Hall, Esqrs. The question being put by the chair, the preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted. On motion the meeting was adjourned. CORNELIUS W. LAWRENCE, Chairman.

From the Gentleman's Vade Mecum.

A PHRENOLOGIST'S STUDY.

Cats, boxes, and skulls ranged around the room.— DOCTOR BRAIN, MRS. ATKINS, and CHILD, discovered.

Dr. Brain.—Well, my good Mrs. Atkins, I see that you have brought your son to be examined.

Mrs. Atkins.—Yes, sir, if you will have the goodness. Children are a great pleasure, but they are a great care; and a widow, especially a lone woman, cannot help feeling anxious about setting them out in life. To be sure, I have only my twins, a girl, and this boy—but still it is a great trouble. One does not know what is fittest for them, poor things!

Dr. B.—Phrenology is precisely what will ease that trouble, Mrs. Atkins. Our discoveries are particularly to that point, by observing and following the natural indications. My friend, Mr. Howtown, I think, sent you to me?

Mrs. A.—Yes, sir; he told me that by looking at the boy's skull—take of your hat, William—and feeling the bumps—

Dr. B.—Organs, my good madam! Call them organs.

Mrs. A.—I beg your pardon, sir, I will. Mr. H. said, that by feeling his bump—organs, I mean—you would be able to tell me what to do with him. I should like to bring him up to the grocery line, like his father, and take him into the business at a proper time; but the boy, it seems, has read a foolish book, called Robinson Crusoe, and is wild to go to sea. Why don't you take off your hat, William, and let the doctor look at your bumps—organs? He won't hurt you, child. For all he is so bold and full of tricks, the boy is as shamed before company as his sister. Hold yourself up, William.

Dr. B.—How old is the young gentleman?

Mrs. A.—Twelve, come next Michaelmas.—He is but a shrimp of a thing, in spite of his great spirit—too puny by half for a boy. Fanny and he are so much alike that if it were not for their clothes, we should not know them asunder. But I suppose, doctor, that's only their face?

Dr. B.—Undoubtedly, my good Mrs. Atkins, the difference of sex is attended with sufficient facility. The perceptive organs, for instance, are usually more developed in woman; the rective organs in man. This is quite a boy forehand. Come, sit, let me feel. I shall do you no harm. (The doctor feels the child's head—Mrs. Atkins walks about the room, looking at the casts, and talking to herself.) A large distinction—a prodigious combination of firmness strongly developed—admirable sense—Really, Mrs. Atkins, this boy is the most striking instance of the truth of our science, that I ever met with in the thousands that I have examined. I never saw the propensity so strongly indicated. Let him go to sea, by all means indeed, it would be of no use if you were to keep him at home; with such a firmness of sensibility he would certainly run away. Besides it would be a thousand pities, to see all the organs that make a great warrior—such a perb distinction—a finer combination than Lord Nelson! I should like to have a cast of the boy.

Mrs. A.—Ah! well—well!

Dr. B.—Acquiesces strong too!

Mrs. A.—Why, what's that?

Dr. B.—Why, it means a desire to possess which, in a boy, probably shows itself in a love of martial and apples, without being very scrupulous as to the means by which they are acquired.

Mrs. A.—Oh! it's a wonderful art! See, William, how the doctor finds you out! Yes, he takes shame to say—stole all our apples off a nonpareil tree, last year, and we can't keep gooseberry in the garden for him. I can't keep his sister any where, she's such a good, quiet little thing; but William—

Dr. B.—Never fear Mrs. Atkins—it's an excellent organ under proper government, and will turn to a desire to capture Dutch spice-ship and Spanish argosies. You must send him to sea.

Mrs. A.—Ah! well—a-day! But doctor he is it that you can tell all these things!

Dr. B.—Why, look here, my good madam, you see that projection on the side of—just here Mrs. Atkins; here my good lady. If I had another child, I could show you in a moment what I mean.

Mrs. A.—Run and fetch your sister, William!

Dr. B.—Ay, then I can explain the difference—I'll venture to say there is not such combativeness—why don't you go for your sister my little man, as your mama bids you!

Mrs. A.—Why do you stand there like a specter! Go for Fanny, this moment!

Child.—Pray, mamma, don't be angry, I'm Fanny.

Mrs. A.—Oh dear! dear! this is one of William's unlucky tricks! Get along you good for nothing lussay. What will the doctor say be made such a fool of!

Dr. B.—Make a fool of me, Mrs. Atkins! should like to see the person that could do that. It is not all the tricks of men, women, and children that can put down Phrenology. But give you warning, my good madam, that whatever trouble you may have with your son, you've more with your daughter. I was never mistaken in my life, and there are organs in the little noddle fit to belong to Joan of Arc. Good morning, Mrs. Atkins. She'll follow the doctor I tell you—or go to sea. Good morning, madam. Make a fool of a phrenologist, indeed!

From the New York Evening Star. Summary of Foreign Intelligence.

They have their hail storms, also in England. The damage done recently by one of them to the county of Essex amounted to ten thousand pounds.

A most extraordinary scene took place recently at Edinburgh, in the execution of James Bell for the murder of Sergeant Major Marshall. The executioner was so affected that he shed tears in adjusting the rope whereby considerable delay was occasioned. After the case was let down it was a minute nearly before it dropped, during which, the poor criminal shook with a convulsive tremor. The mob was indignant and disposed for a rescue.

Sheridan Knowles has returned in high spirits (that is in his usual spirits), from the United States. His complimentary benefit at New York, produced him more than five hundred and fifty pounds sterling.

The following ingenious theft is about as clever a thing of the kind as we have seen—

On Friday a gentleman accidentally slipped down in Fleet street, and put his arm through a pane of glass in the shop window of an extensive linen-draper. The shopman ran out and demanded payment of the broken pane which he said cost three pounds. The party, offered at first five shillings, but at length agreed to give a sovereign, but pretending that he had not silver enough, tendered a ten pound note. The proprietor of the shop on getting hold of the note, said, 'now I shall take three pounds'; and consequently, gave seven sovereigns to the gentleman, who pretending to be greatly annoyed, left the house, asserting that he should seek reparation in another quarter. It was afterwards discovered that the note was a forged one!

One of the London Coaches recently carried down to Liverpool, 300,000 pounds of specie in dollars, weighing about 19 tons, together with numerous passengers.

We had thought our climate the most variable of any known, and the most extreme in its vicissitudes. We perceive, however, by the following extract of a letter dated in July, that Dumfriesshire, in Scotland, may challenge a comparison we believe with any of the conspicuous changes of temperature so common in America:

Was there ever such a variable climate as ours? Captain Ross's frightful country, Boothia Felix, possesses at least the character of fixedness, and it is something to know what may happen to-morrow. But here there is no such thing as calculating, even if we should take

Mr. Clayton, the V... stopped a sudden an... occasion which... at Lexington, K... of about two... appearance alluded to... account of it: At 23 minutes after... I discovered... filled the balloon... some tangled by... suspended, provid... and confirmed... not open the v... immediately bur... cord, and while... the neck and cord w... there was, the upper... with a tremendous... fall two... of a storm... a little checked... amount of my life... appeared calmness... for an awful see... part of the b... of the atmos... pressed against... descended into a... feet in diamete... the imperfect prac... the small me... of the silk... remaining surfac... side to side, a... of no use was no... but by the v... of the par... and then I was da... in a horizo... the opposite side... nearly a semi-circ... nearly fifty feet; an... were whirling... while in this situ... heard all my b... to the

...with Mr. M'Konzie, and the eyes...
...the thermometer fell almost instant...
...from 80 to 85, and indicated, in the absence...
...of every living thing, such a degree of...
...as could only be resisted by nerves...
...of steel and iron.
...We can scarcely believe the following state...
...Surely, it is not from fear that the sub...
...erage allied to, could have been resorted to...
...a government whose navy was until late, the...
...of the seas.
...John Bull.—Englishmen will read the follow...
...with feelings which we will not attempt to...
...by endeavouring to describe:
...—His Majesty's steam vessel Pitt...
...has been altered from a man-of-war to a...
...by giving her commander, Lieut. Duffill,
...a new commission. This vessel will sail from...
...the beginning of next week, with...
...Mr. Ellis and suite, as a yacht, and not as a...
...of war, in order to enable him to pass the...
...bushelles.
...And are we come to this?—Is the flag of Eng...
...so degraded that the man-of-war of the...
...British King carrying out his Majesty's repre...
...ative are to be called yachts, in order that...
...they may be permitted to navigate the seas?
...John Bull pays for the lease of Drury Lane, this...
...year, only £20,000, which is £1,000 less than...
...years since. The melo drama, opera, vaude...
...ville and the dioramas, and other showy...
...entertainments, have for a time, driven the legit...
...theatres into the shade.
...—France exports annually a million of...
...of raw silk, nine-tenths of which...
...from Italy, the rest from Turkey, China,
...Spain, &c. France exports to England six-se...
...of this amount, chiefly through Calais...
...and Marseilles.
...To show the ignorance of many of the Eng...
...lish concerning the affairs of this country, we...
...the following from the London Public...
...wherein allusion is made to a remark...
...of the Secretary of the Navy Mr. Dickerson,
...touching our dispute with France:
...at Philadelphia paper, however, asserts that...
...of this subject might be quieted, as...
...there was no ground for such an apprehension.
...—Mr. Dickerson, a gentleman connected...
...with the administration of Gen. Jackson, had...
...believed that the President of the U. S. and his...
...advised, as did also the King of the French...
...and his Ministers, the necessity of having the...
...settled amicably, and that a disposition...
...on both sides to effect a consummation...
...dearly to be wished."
...The "Unionists" in the Potteries in England,
...had a degree of brutal oppression towards the...
...which was not to be expected from...
...those who have constantly on their tongues the...
...phrases of "equal rights" and "equal...
...They have refused to permit the wo...
...leaders to be any longer employed in...
...particular branch ware. This is a very...
...in these poor females. Many of them...
...and a regular apprenticeship to the business...
...and some made from 10 to 12 shillings per...
...Francisco Cooper's "Monnikins" is pro...
...in England, a total failure, and the...
...they try it, descends to the tomb of the...
...Opulets" the better for his reputation. Let...
...the continue, say those transatlantic critics, to...
...his own eloquence, his natural domains,
...his broad prairie, the trackless pine forest and...
...the mighty ocean.
...The following is an epigram on the marriage...
...of Lord King to the Hon. Ada Byron:
...At, wife daughter of my house and heart
...To thee the Muse may sing—
...Go play at length a fitting part,
...Wife to a noble King.
...Mr. Clayton, the Western coroner, narrowly...
...escaped a sudden and violent end, during a bal...
...looning session which he made on the 21st Au...
...of Lexington, Ky. He had risen to an ele...
...of about two miles, when the perilous...
...experience alluded to took place. We copy his...
...account of it:
...At 25 minutes after 5, when at an altitude of...
...feet, I discovered that the gas had complet...
...filled the balloon, and that the neck had be...
...come entangled between the cords by which I...
...was suspended, preventing the surplus gas from...
...escaping, and confining the valve cord, so that I...
...could not open the valve.
...I immediately busied myself in liberating the...
...cord, and while in the act of doing this, the...
...neck and cord were snatched with violence...
...from me, the upper portion of the balloon burst...
...with a tremendous noise, and I and the whole...
...of the balloon fell three hundred feet, with the...
...velocity of a stone. The rapid descent was...
...a little checked; and now the most critical...
...moment of my life was at hand—an moment that...
...required calmness, presence of mind and activ...
...ity for an awful scene presented itself. The...
...lower part of the balloon, by the violent resis...
...tance of the atmosphere, in descending, had...
...pressed against the surface of the network, and...
...had descended into a parachute, of about twenty...
...feet in diameter; but through the centre of...
...the imperfect parachute I could behold the naked...
...earth, the small masses of the sea, and a great...
...portion of the silk on each side, which formed...
...the remaining surface, hung in ribbands, dashing...
...side to side, and producing a noise like the...
...of a ship in a tempest. This hur...
...noise was not produced by the rapid descent...
...alone, but by the violent oscillatory and rotary...
...motion of the parachute. At one moment I was...
...in a horizontal line with the parachute, and...
...then I was dashed through the air to a level...
...of the opposite side; thus describing an arc of...
...nearly a semi-circle, the radius of which was...
...about fifty feet; and at the same time I and my...
...were whirling with sickening velocity.
...While in this situation I succeeded in dashing o...
...ward all my bags of ballast, which weighed

In four minutes I descended about a mile, and reach...
ed the region of dense clouds. At this time I untied the...
upper end of my cable and held it in my hands, throw...
over my anchor and allowed it to swing at the full...
length of the rope; (150 feet) it was thrown at every vi...
bration, far above the level of my car.
On passing beneath the cloud, I saw the town of A...
thous a little to the south west of me—In five minutes...
I reached the ground with a pretty severe shock,
sustaining no injury worth mentioning. The whole...
balloon or parachute, was intently flat on the ground, a...
mass of ribbons. A few dark faces (negroes) appear...
ed at a short distance from me, with out-stretched hand...
screaming—frightened to death at the huge machine...
that came whirling over their heads, and still more...
frightened when they saw me spring out of it.

OHIO AND MICHIGAN.
We have been shown a letter from Perry county, Ohio, written, says the Harrisburg Intelligencer, by a respectable citizen of that state to a gentleman in this place, from which we copy the following:—
Somerset, Perry Co. Ohio, Aug. 18, 1835.
RESPECTED FRIEND:—Ohio is all tumult and fire against the proceedings of the citizens of Michigan Territory. There is a secret movement of our troops. Our Rifle Regiment, has this morning got orders to parade, and hold itself ready at a moment's warning. Ohio says with one voice, go, and relieve our citizens. How this matter will terminate, is unknown—unless the General Government puts a stop to the outrage of the Territory, there will be bloody work. It is thought there will be a call for 15,000 Rifle and Horse—all are ready and willing.

CHOLERA AT BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The Bloomsburg (Pa.) Register of Tuesday last contains this melancholy intelligence: "An afflictive dispensation of Providence has been hanging over us for some days past, and remains with us. Within 10 days seven persons have died within the border of our town and many are yet languishing on the bed of painful disease."
It is stated by our physicians, that the malignant character of the dysentery, manifested on its first appearance, has considerably abated, and it is hoped the remaining sick will all recover.

AN EFFECTUAL ESTOPPEL.
A clergyman named Scott, having unhappily become a convert to the doctrine of immediate abolition, and burning with zeal to disseminate his opinions, betook himself, last Monday, to the good and ancient town of Worcester in Massachusetts, for the purpose of delivering a lecture on Slavery. Notice had previously been given, and at the appointed time the town hall was tolerably well filled with auditors of both sexes—some of them abolitionists, but the greater number moved only for curiosity. The lecturer had made but little progress in his discourse before symptoms of disapproval on the part of the audience, which he was engaged more strongly manifested. As hissing became more frequent and loud, the speaker raised his voice in defiance of the murmurs of disapproval, till a person present walked up in front of the desk, and took away the lecturer's notes. The lecture was, of course, immediately suspended. A call was then made to clear the way for the females to pass out. The lecturer, and after a few moments Mr. Scott and his friends left the Hall without molestation, farther than that they were accompanied by a large crowd to his lodgings, which we understand, he left in a short time, making his departure from the town.

A tolerably peaceable and certainly effectual method of putting an end to an unwelcome discourse, but a still better would it have been to stay away altogether.—*N. Y. Commercial.*

ABOLITION MOVEMENTS.
The abolitionists of New York have had an immense printing establishment in Nassau street, constantly engaged in throwing off tracts, newspapers and pamphlets, for gratuitous distribution through the United States mail. Three large power steam presses are at work day and night. They possess lists of every lawyer, every merchant, and every person of consequence in the southern states. It is supposed that this single establishment circulates by mail more papers throughout the slaveholding states than the whole domestic press of that region does.—*N. Y. Morning Herald.*

A late number of the Emancipator calls upon the auxiliary societies to furnish additional funds for the support of travelling agents to distribute the 200,000 copies of the Abolition papers which are now printed monthly!

Jo Smith, the Mormon prophet has brought three mummies, and has discovered that they are the bodies of Joseph (the son of Jacob), and King Abimelech and his daughter. They are now carrying about the country with which to gull poor human nature.

OBITUARY.
Died, on Saturday morning last, at his residence, on Greenway's Point, after a short illness, Mr. JOHN WILLIAMS, leaving a widow, and several infant children.

A FARM FOR SALE.
THE subscriber will sell at Private Sale his Farm on Broad Creek, about five miles from Annapolis, containing about **One Hundred and Fifty Acres**, more or less. It is deemed unnecessary to give a further description of the Land, as those disposed to purchase will no doubt view the premises.
If the above Farm is not sold at Private Sale before MONDAY the 12th day of October next, it will on that day, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, at which time the terms will be made known.
THOMAS R. BEARD.

SEPT. 3.

NOTICE.
SEALED Proposals will be received by the subscriber until the 31st of September next, for the delivery at Fort Severn, Annapolis, Md., of **150 CORDS** of best upland Oak Wood, to measure full four feet in length, and sufficiently straight, and free from large knots, so as to pile compactly; the expenses of cording and inspection, to be borne by the Contractor.
S. B. DUBENBERRY,
Assist. Quar. Master.
Sept. 3.

CITY GUARDS AND GREYS, ATTENTION!!
YOU are hereby ordered to appear at your usual Parade Ground, on **SATURDAY EVENING** next, at 3 o'clock, in soldier-like order.
By order,
V. SEVERE, O. S.
J. PINKNEY, O. S.
Sept. 3.

THE CULTIVATOR
IS a monthly publication of 16 quarto pages, and comprises about 300 pages in a volume, published at Albany, by the New York State Agricultural Society. It is exclusively devoted to Agriculture and the Improvement of Youth. The publishing committee are J. Buel, J. P. Beckman, and J. D. Wason. The object of the publication is to disseminate useful information, among the agricultural community, in the cheapest practicable form; and the success of the undertaking, and the character of the paper, are indicated by the fact, that before its 1st volume was completed its subscribers exceeded eleven thousand, and comprised residents of twenty-one of the United States.
The second volume was commenced in March. The pages are so enlarged, that each number contains as much matter as eighteen pages of the first volume. It contains many engravings and cuts, executed by good artists, illustrative of implements, animals and operations of husbandry. Price **FIFTY CENTS** per annum. The postage will not exceed 10 cents per year to any part of the Union.
The first volume will continue to be furnished at 20 cents a single copy.
Communications to be addressed to J. Buel, Albany, N. Y.
Subscriptions received by J. Cowan, at this office, where a specimen of the work can be seen.
Aug. 27.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.
TO the creditors of Thomas Mattingly, deceased, that the administrator will attend at the Register of Wills' Office in St. Mary's county, on Tuesday the 23d day of September next, to make distribution of said deceased's estate, at which time and place the creditors are respectfully requested to attend with their claims, and the vouchers thereof, to receive their respective distributive shares.
L. E. BARBER, Adm'r.
of Thomas Mattingly.
Sept. 3.—Sw

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.
THAT an Election will be held at the Assembly Room on MONDAY the 5th day of October next for the purpose of electing Two Delegates from this city to the next General Assembly of this State, and also Two Representatives for the Fourth Congressional District in this State in the Congress of the United States.
G. H. DUVALL,
Cik. Corporation.
Sept. 3.—to

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY.
CLASS No. 18, for 1835.
To be drawn at Baltimore on Monday, September 7, 1835.
Approved by William R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners
Yates and McIntyre, Managers.

SPLENDID SCHEME.
1 prize of \$10,000
1 prize of 10,000
1 prize of 5,000
1 prize of 5,000
1 prize of 4,500
20 prizes of 500
30 prizes of 200
30 prizes of 150
35 prizes of 100
50 prizes of 50
56 prizes of 40
56 prizes of 30
56 prizes of 25
112 prizes of 20
2184 prizes of 10
15400 prizes of 5
18040 prizes, amt'g. to \$164,736
Tickets \$4.50—Halves 2.25—Qrs. 1.12 1/2 cts

Tickets and Shares for sale at
DUBOIS' LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,
(Church-street, Annapolis.)
FOR CHESTERTOWN AND CENTREVILLE.
The Steam Boat **MARYLAND**, will leave Baltimore, on every Monday morning, at 6 o'clock, for Centreville and Chestertown, starting from the lower end of Dugan's wharf, and return the same day. She will continue this arrangement for the season.
N. R.—All baggage at the owner's risk.
LEWIS G. TAYLOR.

MR. AND MRS. HAMILTON'S
BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Corner of Saratoga and Courtland Streets, BALTIMORE.
Will be re-opened on the first day of September next.
MR. and MRS. H. have provided their Seminary with every apparatus necessary to illustrate their instruction. Their Philosophical Apparatus is equal to any that can be found in private seminaries in this country, and their Chemical is sufficiently extensive to illustrate any subject treated upon in the text books of the school. Their Cabinet of Minerals, though small, contains upwards of 700 specimens. Their Seminary is also furnished with an Armillary Sphere, Cary's, Wilson's, and Gardner's Globes, several Pianos and a Harp; the instruments they possess are the best they could procure in this country, or in England.
The Library contains upwards of 2000 volumes, connected with the studies pursued in the school, to which the young ladies have access.
In all the departments the most competent teachers are engaged, whose instructions are given under the immediate eye of the principals.
The course of instruction is carried on in a regular system of academic studies, embracing all the scientific and ornamental branches.
Parents and Guardians who wish more particular information can obtain a prospectus of the Seminary, by sending, (post paid,) to the Principals.
August 20—6t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of William Brogden, a suit of Richard Marriott, for the use of Adam and John Miller, Thomas Davidson, and George McNeir, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, both at law and in equity, of said William Brogden, of in and to that tract or parts of a tract of land and premises, called "Roe Down," now occupied and in possession of said Brogden; also the following negroes, one negro man by the name of Harry, one ditto Aaron, one ditto John, and one ditto named Daniel; and on THURSDAY the 5th day of September next, at the store of Richard Heston, I shall proceed to sell the said property, or so much thereof as will satisfy the debts, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.
R. WELCH, of Ben.
Sh'ff. A. A. County.
Aug. 27.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Allen Warfield, a suit of Alfred Warfield, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, both at law and in equity, of said Allen Warfield, of in and to all those tracts or parts of tracts or parcels of land and premises, called "Mother's Care;" "Small Land;" "Brother's Love;" "Intervener;" "More Houses Generosity;" "Any Thing;" "Every Thing;" "Dorsey's Addition to Thomas's Lot;" also a part of "Thomas's Lot;" and on THURSDAY the 3d day of September next, at William Howard's store, I shall proceed to sell the said property above mentioned, or so much thereof as may be necessary to discharge the debt, &c., to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.
R. WELCH, of Ben.
Sh'ff. A. A. County.
Aug. 13.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of William H. McPherson, at the store of James Andrew Albridge, and John D. Higdon, and Elisha Dows, use of James Jones, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, both at law and in equity, of said William McPherson, of in and to, one Negro Man by the name of James, one Boy named Philip, and one Negro Woman named Nancy, and on THURSDAY the 17th day of September next, at Tracy's Landing, I shall proceed to sell the said Negroes to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.
R. WELCH, of Ben.
Sh'ff. A. A. County.
Aug. 27.—13.

CHANCERY SALE.
BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at Charles Water's Store, on TUESDAY 23d September next, at 11 o'clock A. M. all the Real Estate of the late John Ashpaw, deceased, consisting of parts of the tracts or parcels of Land called "Cromwell's Forest;" "George's Luck," and "Gossell's Choice;" and containing **200 ACRES OF LAND**, more or less. This land lies near the head of Curtis Creek, and from its vicinity to Baltimore would be eligible as a Market Farm.
Persons desirous to purchase are requested to view the premises before the sale.
The terms of Sale are,
That one fourth of the purchase money be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in six, nine, and twelve months from the day of sale, with interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by bond with security approved by the Trustee.
R. WELCH, of Ben.
Trustee.
Aug. 27.

"SIX MONTHS IN A CONVENT;"
Or the Narrative of REBECCA TREWICK REED who was under the influence of the Roman Catholics about two years, and an inmate of the Ursuline Convent on Mount Benedict, Charlestown, Mass.
An Answer to Six months in a Convent.
By the LADY SURKHON.
The above Books have just been received and are for sale by the subscriber.
F. M. BARBOE,
Church street, Annapolis.
July 2.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT the Clerk of the Corporation will attend at the City Hall on the 1st, 2d, and 3d days of September next, from the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. to 12 o'clock, M. for the purpose of granting the Licenses to owners of Carriages of pleasure and burden, in compliance with the By Laws of the city.
By order,
G. H. DUVALL, Ck.
R.
August 6.

SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
BY virtue of a Deed of Trust from Thomas Snowden, Jr. of Anne Arundel County Maryland, the undersigned Trustee will offer at **PUBLIC SALE**, at Swann & Iglerhart Hotel, in the City of Annapolis, the highest bidder, on **FRIDAY** the 4th day of September next, if fair, if not, on the next fair day thereafter at the hour of twelve o'clock, the real estate of which the said Thomas Snowden Jr. was seized and possessed at the time of the execution of said deed of trust; lying and being in Anne Arundel and Prince George's Counties, consisting of those tracts or parcels of land called Rutland's Purchase, Woodland Hill and Spington's Sweep, and containing **1100 ACRES**,
More or less. There is a first rate new Brick Dwelling House upon the premises, and all necessary and convenient out houses. The estate is in all respects highly valuable and desirable, being well adapted to both farming and planting purposes. There is a considerable quantity of first rate meadow land belonging to the estate. The purchaser will not be entitled to the grain crop now growing on the ground; to secure and remove which, free ingress and egress to the persons entitled to the same will be reserved.

TERMS OF SALE: The purchaser will be required to pay \$5000 within thirty days from the day of sale, and on making such payment he shall be entitled to the possession of the property. The residue of the purchase money to be paid in three equal annual instalments. The purchaser will be required to give bonds with satisfactory security to the Trustees, for payment of the several instalments with interest thereon from the day of sale. On the payment of the whole purchase money, with interest, the Trustees will execute a conveyance to the purchaser.
The sale will be certainly effected without fail to the highest bidder, on compliance with the terms.
The difficulties in regard to the title which were suggested at the time the property was offered for sale on the 15th instant, have been removed, and the Trustees believe they will be able to convey a clear and indisputable title.
W. S. ALEXANDER,
H. DUCKETT,
Trustees.
Aug. 16, 1835.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Alfred Warfield, a suit of Alfred Warfield, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, both at law and in equity, of said Allen Warfield, of in and to all those tracts or parts of tracts or parcels of land and premises, called "Mother's Care;" "Small Land;" "Brother's Love;" "Intervener;" "More Houses Generosity;" "Any Thing;" "Every Thing;" "Dorsey's Addition to Thomas's Lot;" also a part of "Thomas's Lot;" and on THURSDAY the 3d day of September next, at William Howard's store, I shall proceed to sell the said property above mentioned, or so much thereof as may be necessary to discharge the debt, &c., to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.
R. WELCH, of Ben.
Sh'ff. A. A. County.
Aug. 13.

STATE OF MARYLAND, DC.
Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court.
July 28th, 1835.
ON application by petition of Editha Williams, Executrix of the last will and testament of Edward Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.
SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r.
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.
THAT the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Edward Williams, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 28th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 24th day of July 1835.
EDITHA WILLIAMS, Ex'r.
July 30—6w.

Ang-Arundel County, To Wit:
HEREBY CERTIFY, that Michael Tierman, and Joseph S. Hamblin constable of said county, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said County, this 9th day of July in the year 1835, a **RAY GELDING**, supposed to be stolen, having been found under suspicious circumstances by the aforesaid Michael Tierman tied to a fence on the Columbia road. The said bay gelding is marked by a white oblong star in the forehead, a small white streak down the lower part of the nose, having the right forefoot, and the left hind-foot white, the other two feet black, being without shoes, and blind of the left eye. Given under my hand the day and date above written.
JAMES J. MURPHY.
The owner of the above described Gelding is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.
JOSEPH S. HAMBLIN.
July 23.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT the Clerk of the Corporation will attend at the City Hall on the 1st, 2d, and 3d days of September next, from the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. to 12 o'clock, M. for the purpose of granting the Licenses to owners of Carriages of pleasure and burden, in compliance with the By Laws of the city.
By order,
G. H. DUVALL, Ck.
R.
August 6.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT the Clerk of the Corporation will attend at the City Hall on the 1st, 2d, and 3d days of September next, from the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. to 12 o'clock, M. for the purpose of granting the Licenses to owners of Carriages of pleasure and burden, in compliance with the By Laws of the city.
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By order,
G. H. DUVALL, Ck.
R.
August 6.

THE SACRED CLASSICS.

THE subscriber has made arrangements to republish as fast as they are received from England, Series of the standard Theological works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS,

OR, CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY. With an original introductory essay to each author. Edited by RICHARD CUTTER MOLE, B. D. and the Rev. HENRY STEBBING, M. A. The following is the Advertisement of the London Publishers

UNIFORM IN SIZE WITH DR. LARDNER'S CYCLOPEDIA, AND THE SUNDAY LIBRARY, &c.

PRICE ONLY THREE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE. On the 1st of January, 1834, will be published Vol. I. of a Series of the Standard Theological Works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS, OR, CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY: With an original Introductory Essay to each Author.

EDITED BY THE REV. RICH'D. CUTTERMOLLE, B. D. AND THE REV. HENRY STEBBING, M. A.

NO other country has so rich an England in Sacred Literature. Her greatest Poets and Philosophers have adorned with their Divines, in setting forth and establishing the truths of Revelation, which the Divines have been distinguished alike by the copiousness and the depth of their reasoning.

The compass of literature thus given to the standard Theology of England has, thro' a variety of circumstances, been happily prevented from degenerating into the barrenness of scholasticism; and thus the ample series of our 'Sacred Classics,' is a well of truth and consolation, as open to the general reader as to the most learned student.

It is intended to comprise in this collection, the best works of all the most celebrated writers, whose labours have been devoted to the elucidation and practical enforcement of the principles of revealed truth, whether in their application to the immortal interests of individuals, or to the order and well being of society. Treatises on the Doctrines, Morality, and Evidence of Christianity, which have received the permanent stamp of general approbation; select Sermons of the most eminent Divines; the most interesting specimens of Religious Biography; and the choicest examples of Devotional and Sacred Poetry, will succeed each other in the order which may be judged most conducive to the benefit and gratification of the reader.

To the productions of each author, or to each separate production, as the case may seem to require, will be prefixed an Introductory Essay, pointing out their characteristic excellencies; and, in some instances, comprehending a biographical sketch of the Author, with remarks on the state of religion in his times.

It is the desire of the Proprietors, in undertaking 'THE CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY,' to present the collection to the public at such a price, that he who purchases at present the cheapest of ephemeral publications, may, for the same money, possess himself of works which cannot fail to afford him guidance and support in the highest exercises of his faculties, and under every vicissitude of life.

The work will be handsomely printed in 8vo. on good paper, cold pressed, neatly bound in Morocco Cloth, lettered, and published (in Volumes of about 400 pages each) on the first day of every month. Price, Three Shillings and Sixpence:

Forming the cheapest series of works ever offered to the public.

The following names of Authors whose works are intended for publication, is submitted in evidence of the impartiality of the selection:

Jeremy Taylor, Bates, Boyle, Baxter, Owen, Cutler, Thomas A. Kempis, Burnet, Howe, Butler, Wilson, Bunyan, Fenelon, Doddridge, South, Bull, Hammond, Barrow, Tillotson, Sherlock, Justin, Farndon, Hurdley, Hale, Stillingfleet, Porteus, Locke, L'Etion, Cave, Channing, Hall, Jewel, Jackson, Flavel, Charnock, Wesley, Skelton, Watts, Louth, Parnson, Ken, Newton, Stanhope, Whitty, Hammond, Burkitt, Herbert, Doune, Merrick, &c. &c.

Vol. I. (to be published on the 1st of January) will contain

THE LIBERTY OF PROPHECYING, by Jeremy Taylor—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Richard Cuttermole, B. D.

Vol. II. (to be published on the 1st of February) will contain

CAVE'S LIVES OF THE APOSTLES—with Notes, and an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Henry Stebbing, M. A.

Vol. III. (to be published on the 1st of March) will contain

BATES'S SPIRITUAL PERFECTION, UNFOLDED AND ENFORCED—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. John Pye Smith, D. D.

LONDON: John Hatchard and Son; Piccadilly. Whittaker & Co. and Maria Lane, Simpkin & Marshall, Stationers' Court; D. A. Talbot, Oxford; J. & J. Broughton, Can. bridge; Oliver & Boyd, Edinburgh; and J. Cumming, Dublin.

And to be had of every Bookseller throughout the Kingdom. March 4th, 1834.

The English copy will cost, in England, about ten dollars. We propose to issue the American Edition, under the superintendence of a learned American clergyman, in weekly numbers on a single sheet of superfine paper, giving twenty-six large 12mo. pages, to be folded and stitched, and covered with strong orange paper, at the rate of five dollars per annum.

DUFF GREEN.

March 27.

ROYAL MODE OF CLUBBING.

WALDIE'S LIBRARY, PORT FOLIO AND MUSEUM.

As the publications now issued from the office of the Select Circulating Library are of a highly popular cast, and of a character to be appreciated by the educated portions of the community, and to circulate every where, by consent with the proprietor of the Museum, that work, the Port Folio and Library, are offered to those who take the three on the following conditions, viz.

The Museum, Port Folio and Library, if paid for in advance and addressed to the same individual: whether in town or country, will be supplied for \$12, thus enabling every individual to benefit by the clubbing system, without the necessity of applying to others.

Those who have made a payment for the current year to either of the works, of whatever amount, will be privileged to avail themselves of this arrangement, by paying the balance—

1. Those who have paid or now pay \$5 for the Library, shall receive the Museum and Port Folio, the price of which separate is \$9, on the payment of \$7.

2. Those who have paid or now pay \$6 for the Museum, shall receive the Library and Port Folio, the price of which is separately \$8, on the payment of \$6.

3. Those who have paid or now pay for the Port Folio, shall receive the Library and Museum on paying such a sum as will be equal to \$12 on the whole.

4. The Circulating Library and Museum, will be sent to the same address on the payment of \$10.

REMARKS.—The three works thus issued together, comprise a greater amount of the current literature of the age, than is issued in a periodical form from any other office in the United States, and will, the proprietor believes, with the addition of a good newspaper, supply to families all the advantages which could be furnished in a most extensive reading room in one of our Atlantic cities.

In the Library the newest and best books are regularly published; in the Museum and Port Folio it has been found by experience that every thing we could wish to copy from the entire British literary periodicals, omitting mostly the political articles, can be rapidly issued. These publications embrace so much that is desirable to be known, and are so generally perused in the best circles in America, that to be without either is to drop a link in the literary chain.

They are all under the control of one mind, and therefore the reader will very rarely indeed be compelled to pay for the same matter twice, as they are independent of each other, complete in themselves, and free in general from any repetition of the same articles.

These views the proprietor respectfully throws out for the consideration of the friends of sound and wholesome literature.

ADAM WALDIE, 207 Chesnut-street, Philad. May 28.

PROSPECTUS Of the Extra Globe.

THE undersigned propose to issue the first number of a new series of the EXTRA GLOBE, on Monday, the 25th of May next, and to publish it weekly for six months, making twenty six numbers; the last to contain an Index to the whole. It will be printed upon fine double royal paper, made up in quarto form, like the Extra and Congressional Globe published by us last year. The 26 numbers will make 416 quarto royal pages.

It will contain the principal original articles of the Daily and Semi-Weekly Globes, notices of the public meetings, the elections, and public proceedings in every state in the Union, in relation to the canvass for the next Presidency—a contest which the indications of the present year will go far to decide.

The first number will contain the Proceedings of the Democratic National Convention, to be held at Baltimore on the 20th of next month. An excellent Reporter has already been engaged to report the Proceedings of the Convention, and the Speeches which may be made on the occasion.

We request the favour of those friends to whom this Prospectus may be sent, to circulate it, for the purpose of obtaining subscribers. A copy of the work will be sent to the newspapers that copy this Prospectus.

Subscribers should forward their names in time to reach us before the 25th May. If they do not, we may not be able to furnish them with all the numbers; because the work is put at so low a price, that we cannot afford to reprint any number that may be exhausted.

TERMS: One Dollar per copy, in advance. Eleven copies will be furnished for Ten Dollars; twenty-two copies for Twenty Dollars, and so on in proportion.

The price of this paper is as low, therefore cannot afford to open accounts with those who subscribe for it. Therefore, no attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompanies it.

BLAIR & RIVES.

IN CHANCERY.

ORDERED, That the sale of the property in the case of Leonard Scott against Sarah Ann Ward, and others, made and reported by the Trustee Louis Gasaway, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the third day of October next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper, once in each of three successive weeks, before the third day of September next.

The report states that a lot of parcel of ground in the city of Annapolis sold for \$350 00

True copy—Test. RAMSAY WATERS, Reg. Car. Cal.

Aug. 6.

BALTIMORE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE subscriber has received from the President and Directors of this Company the appointment of AGENT for the city of Annapolis.

Its capital is Fifty Thousand Dollars, and the company intends to execute the following business:

1st. Insurance on Lives. 2d. Purchase and Sale of Annuities. 3d. Receiving Endowments. 4th. Receiving Money in Trust. 5th. The Management of Trust Estates.

Applications made to the subscriber at his Office in West street, opposite the Farmers Bank of Maryland, will be promptly attended to.

SOMERVILLE PINKNEY.

Anne-Arundel County, Maryland, Se.

THIS day before me a Justice of the Peace for said county, Brice Hobbs brought an Old Chesnut Sorrel HORSE or GELDING; he says he took up said Horse as a stray, as he was passing through the village of Elk Ridge Landing, in the direction towards Washington, on Monday the 6th of July, instant. Said Horse has a switch tail, a small strip of white in the forehead, and a strip of white lower down on the face and nose, some white spots on the back which appear to be saddle marks, a shoe on each right foot.

Witness my hand this 9th day of July, 1835. JOEL HOPKINS.

The owner of the above described animal is hereby required to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

July 30. BRICE HOBBS.

ALLEGANY LANDS.

THE subscriber is authorized to sell a large body of Land in Allegany county, containing about 4500 ACRES. He will sell at private sale, and can be seen at his office in Annapolis, by any one desirous of purchasing. These lands if not sold before the 31st of AUGUST next, will be offered at public sale at the Exchange in Baltimore, on that day at twelve o'clock. Terms will be made known at the sale.

SOMERVILLE PINKNEY.

July 6.—ts.

COMPANION TO WALDIE'S LIBRARY.

The cheapest reprint from English Periodicals ever offered to the public.

BEFORE the Select Circulating Library had been long in existence, it was discovered that there was still something wanting—that many occurrences in the literary world must pass unknown, as regarded our agency, without an extension of the plan. To establish a fuller medium of communication and supply the desideratum, the Journal of Belles Lettres was added; which we have reason to believe has afforded general satisfaction. The very liberal patronage extended to the Library induced the proprietor to give that gratuitously as an evidence of his acknowledgments.

More extended experience has shown other desiderata which the "Companion" is intended to supply. While reading for the "Library" a large mass of material accumulates on the hands of the editor, of an interesting, entertaining, and instructive description, such as would properly come under the designation of *Magaziniana*, interspersed with the Reviews from the English Quarterlies. To publish every thing of this nature which we deem desirable would encroach too much on the columns of the "Library" designed for books, and yet to pass them by is constantly a subject of regret. To concentrate, therefore, the publication of Books entire, Reviews, lists of new works, the choicest contributions to *Magazines*, &c. &c. the "Companion to Waldie's Library" will be offered to the patronage of the present subscribers and the public at large. It is believed that with the "Library," the "Journal," and the "Companion," such an acquaintance with the literature of the age may be cultivated as to leave little farther to be desired. Being all published from the same office, more facility offers for subscribing, and having fewer people to deal with, mistakes are less liable to occur, and more readily corrected when they do. The short interval of two weeks between the publication of each number, it is thought too, will be an advantage over monthlies and quarterlies.

The following plan is respectfully submitted. 1. The "COMPANION" will contain the earliest possible reprints of the best matter in the British periodicals.

2. It will be issued every fortnight, and the form will be the same as that of the Library—each number containing sixteen pages—thus, every six months, giving thirteen numbers, which can be bound with the Library at little or no more expense, and making a better sized volume; and to those who do not take the Library itself, a volume every year, of 416 quarto pages of the size of the present.

3. The price will be three dollars for a subscriber—five dollars for two—and clubs five and upwards will be supplied at two dollars each.

4. As the work will not be commenced, unless a sufficient patronage be obtained, no payment is required at present, only the name, sent free of postage. Those wishing

to support the publication will be pleased therefore to announce their intention as early as possible, as it is intended to commence the work on the first of January next. On the issuing of the second number payment will be expected, as its appearance will evince a sufficiency of patronage.

The proprietor of the "Select Circulating Library," fully aware from experience of the advantages to the public of the rapid diffusion of cheap and select literature, has been induced to add the important feature to the work, and of course leaves it optional with the present subscribers and others to take it or not.

It is confidently believed, that, with the attention on the part of the Editor, who has already at hand the material for such a work, all the really valuable matter of the English literary and amusing publications may be comprised in this form at a rate of subscription and postage, so trifling as scarcely to be felt. It will form the cheapest reprint of reviews and magazines ever attempted in any country; a comparison with others there were unless here to enter upon, the "Library" itself being the best test by which to judge of the difference between an octavo and a quarto page. It will be the study of the Editor to embody a record of the day, adapted to the wants of this country, which can have no competitor for value or cheapness; how far he is likely to do this he must leave at present to the decision of his readers.

Clubs of five individuals, who subscribe to the "Library" and "Companion" both, will obtain the two for six dollars, the postage (a very important consideration) to the most distant post office, on the two, will be one dollar and ninety five cents, divided into seventy eight payments, and half that sum for 100 miles or a less distance from Philadelphia, while the same matter, in the usual American reprints of reviews and magazines in octavo form would be eighteen dollars, and the postage as three to one. We make this assertion advisedly.

Subscriptions to the "Companion," will be taken either with or without the "Library." The proprietor trusts that his punctuality and exactness in executing his part of the contract in the publication of the "Library," will be considered a sufficient guarantee of the completion of his proposed undertaking.

ADAM WALDIE.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, EASTON AND CAMBRIDGE.

The MARYLAND will go to Annapolis, Cambridge (by Castle Haven) and Easton on every Tuesday and Friday morning, leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock, from the lower end Dugan's wharf, her usual place of starting.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk. LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

April 30.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY COURT.

April Term, 1835.

ON application by petition in writing, of Robert T. Mercer, to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, praying the benefit of the insolvent laws of the state of Maryland, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, (on oath so far as he could ascertain them,) being annexed to his said petition, and the said court being satisfied that the said Robert T. Mercer has resided in the state of Maryland for two years next preceding the date of his said petition, and having appointed Andrew Mercer trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said Robert T. Mercer, which said trustee has given bond in due form for the faithful performance of his trust, and the said Robert T. Mercer having executed a deed of conveyance to his said trustee for all his property, real, personal and mixed, and the said trustee having certified the delivery thereof to him, it is therefore hereby ordained and adjudged by the said court, that the said Robert T. Mercer be discharged from confinement, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis once a week for the term of three months, to appear before Anne Arundel County Court to be held in the city of Annapolis on the fourth Monday of October next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Robert T. Mercer should not have the benefit of the said laws as prayed.

Test. WM. S. GREEN, Clk.

July 9.—3m.

\$100 REWARD.

RANAWAY on Thursday, the 31st day of July, from the subscriber, a Negro Man named

JOE SYMSON, who is very black, and aged about 38—5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; when spoken to is very polite; had on his working clothes, but took with him a variety of clothing. I will give the above reward if taken out of the State—and \$50 if taken in the State or County, and all reasonable expenses paid, if delivered to me, living on West River, or secured in jail, so that I get him again.

GEORGE GALE.

The Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; and the Baltimore Patriot, will please insert the above, and send their accounts to the West River Post Office.

July 30.

PRINTING

Neatly executed at this OFFICE.

TO THE PRINTERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

J. SPETTALL, WOOD LETTER CUTTER AND ENGRAVER No. 21, Franklin Place, PHILADELPHIA.

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Printers of the United States, that he has commenced the manufacture of WOOD LETTERS.

Wood Letters of every description, from four to thirty-four lines Pica, or upward made to order on the shortest notice.

Ornamental Letters of entirely new and most splendid patterns, for Heads of Newspapers, Title Lines, &c. from two lines Gross Primer to any size larger.

His type will be made of materials of the best assortment, well seasoned and prepared by machinery, invented for the purpose, which ensures the most exact adjustment.

Specimens will be published as early as possible.

Engravings on Wood, Executed with neatness and promptness. Heads for Newspapers, Fac-similes, Ornamental and Plain Rules, &c. &c. cut with the greatest accuracy in type metal or wood.

Old cast metal cuts, ornaments, &c. engraved over, and made equal to new for less than their original cost.

A liberal discount for cash. Six month credit on the most approved security. Orders from the country promptly attended to. All letters must be post paid.

Editors of papers in the country will give the above advertisement a few insertions, and forward a paper containing the same to the advertiser, will be paid thereon in any of the above mentioned materials. April 30.

MARYLAND COLONIZATION JOURNAL.

PROSPECTUS.—The Board of Managers of the State Colonization Society and the Board of Managers of the State Fund have resolved to publish a quarterly journal for the purpose of diffusing information concerning the principles and progress of the Maryland plan of Colonization. The Journal will also contain occasional notices of the operations of the friends of Colonization in other parts of the Union. It will be published at least once a quarter, and sometimes oftener. Persons wishing to receive it regularly as published, may become subscribers by paying fifty cents per annum in advance. Donations for the support of the paper will be thankfully received. The friends of Colonization throughout the state will confer great favour by transmitting for the Journal any intelligence which may promote the cause.

All communications are to be directed to the "Maryland Colonization Journal," Office of the Maryland State Colonization Society, Baltimore. June 4.

Anne-Arundel County, Se.

ON application to the subscriber, one of the Judges of the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, and state of Maryland, petition in writing of Edward Brookes, Anne Arundel county, stating that he is in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at a certain session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Edward Brookes having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Edward Brookes having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed a trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Edward Brookes a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Edward Brookes be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne Arundel county, once a week for three months before the 4th Monday of October next to appear before the said County Court, at the Court House of said county, at ten o'clock of the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to show cause, if any they have, why the said Edward Brookes should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed.

Given under my hand this 21st day of February, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and thirty-five.

GIDEON WHITE.

FUNERALS.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has discontinued the Cabinet Making Business, and intends to confine himself for the future altogether to that of an UNDERTAKER.

All orders for Funerals will be attended at the shortest notice, either in the usual manner, or according to special direction. He returns his thanks to the public for the patronage during the last twenty years, and hopes that his promptness and attention will continue to merit their favour.

WASHINGTON G. TUCK.

Feb. 25.

THE SACRED CLASSICS.

The subscriber has made arrangements to republish as fast as they are received from England, Series of the standard Theological works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS, OR CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY.

With an original Introductory Essay to each author Edited by RICHARD COTTERMOLE, B. D. and the Rev. HENRY STEBBING, M. A. The following is the Advertisement of the London Publishers:

UNIFORM IN SIZE WITH DR. LARDNER'S CYCLOPEDIA, THE SUNDAY LIBRARY, &c.

PRICE ONLY THREE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE. On the 1st of January, 1854, will be published Vol. I. of a Series of the Standard Theological Works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS, OR CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY:

With an original Introductory Essay to each Author. EDITED BY THE REV. RICH'D. COTTERMOLE, B. D. AND

THE REV. HENRY STEBBING, M. A.

No other country is so rich as England in Sacred Literature. Her greatest Poets and Philosophers have shared with her Divines, in setting forth and establishing the basis of Revelation, while her Divines have been distinguished alike by the copiousness and the depth of their learning.

The soundness of character thus given to the standard Theology of England has, through a variety of circumstances, been happily prevented from degenerating into the harshness of scholasticism; and thus the whole series of our "Sacred Classics," is a well of truth and consolation, as open to the general reader as to the most learned student.

It is intended to comprise in this collection, the best works of all the most celebrated writers, whose labours have been devoted to the elucidation and practical enforcement of the principles of revealed truth, whether in their application to the immortal interests of individuals, or to the order and well-being of society. Treatises on the Doctrines, Morality, and Evidences of Christianity, which have received the permanent sanction of general approbation; select Sermons of the most eminent Divines; the most interesting specimens of Religious Biography; and the choicest examples of Devotional and Sacred Poetry, will succeed each other in the order which may be judged most conducive to the benefit and gratification of the reader.

To the productions of each author, or to each separate production, as the case may seem to require, will be prefixed an Introductory Essay, pointing out their characteristic excellencies; and, in some instances, comprehending a biographical sketch of the Author, with remarks on the state of religion in his times.

It is the desire of the Proprietors, in undertaking "THE SACRED CLASSICS," to present the collection to the public at such a price, that he who purchases at present the cheapest of ephemeral publications, may, for the same money, possess himself of works which cannot fail to afford him guidance and support in the highest exercises of his faculties, and an ever increasing store of wisdom.

The work will be handsomely printed in Foolscap 8vo. on good paper, cloth pressed, neatly bound in Morocco Cloth, lettered; and published (in Volumes of about 400 pages each) on the first day of every month. Price, Three Shillings and Sixpence.

Forming the cheapest series of works ever offered to the public.

The following names of Authors whose works are intended for publication is submitted in evidence of the impartiality of the selection:

- Jeremy Taylor, Bates, Boyle, Baxter, Owen, Calverley, Thomas A. Kempis, Bunyan, Howe, Butler, Wilson, Bunyan, Fenelon, Doddridge, South, Bull, Hammond, Barrow, Colston, Sherlock, Jortin, Farinon, Horley, Hale, Sillingfleet, Porteus, Locke, Leighton, Caryl, Chillingworth, Hall, Jewel, Jackson, Flavel, Charnock, Wesley, Skelton, Watts, Lawth, Romaine, Waterland, Whitcombe, Balguy, Pearson, Ken, Newton, Stanhope, Whithy, Hammond, Burkitt, Herbert, Doune, Merrick, &c. &c.

Vol. I. (to be published on the 1st of January) will contain

THE LIBERTY OF PROPHECYING by Jeremy Taylor—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Richard Cottermole, B. D.

Vol. II. (to be published on the 1st of February) will contain

CAVE'S LIVES OF THE APOSTLES—with Notes, and an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Henry Stebbing, M. A.

Vol. III. (to be published on the 1st of March) will contain

BATES'S SPIRITUAL PERFECTION, UNFOLDED AND ENFORCED—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. John Pye Smith, D. D.

LONDON: John Hatchard and Son; Piccadilly; Whittaker & Co. Ave Maria Lane; Simpkin & Marshall, Stationers' Court; D. A. Talboys, Oxford; J. & J. Deighton, Cambridge; Oliver & Boyd, Edinburgh; and J. Cumming, Dublin.

And to be had of every Bookseller throughout the Kingdom. March 4th, 1854.

The English copy will cost, in England, a about ten dollars. We propose to issue the American edition, under the superintendence of a learned American clergyman, in weekly numbers, on a single sheet of superfine paper, giving ninety-six large 10mo. pages, to be folded and stitched, and covered with strong envelope paper, at the rate of five dollars per annum. DUFF GREEN.

March 27

NOVEL MODE OF CLUBBING.

WALDIE'S LIBRARY, PORT FOLIO AND MUSEUM.

As the publications now issued from the office of the Select Circulating Library are of a highly popular cast, and of a character to be appreciated by the educated portions of the community, and to circulate every where, by consent with the proprietor of the Museum, that work, the Port Folio and Library, are offered to those who take the three on the following conditions, viz.

The Museum, Port Folio and Library, if paid for in advance and addressed to the same individual, whether in town or country, will be supplied for \$12, thus enabling every individual to benefit by the clubbing system, without the necessity of applying to others. Those who have made a payment for the current year to either of the works, of whatever amount, will be privileged to avail themselves of this arrangement, by paying the balance—thus

1. Those who have paid or now pay \$5 for the Library, shall receive the Museum and Port Folio, the price of which separate is \$9, on the payment of \$7.
2. Those who have paid or now pay \$6 for the Museum, shall receive the Library and Port Folio, the price of which is separately \$8, on the payment of \$6.
3. Those who have paid or now pay for the Port Folio, shall receive the Library and Museum on paying such a sum as will be equal to \$12 on the whole.
4. The Circulating Library and Museum, will be sent to the same address on the payment of \$10.

REMARKS.—The three works thus issued together, comprise a greater amount of the current literature of the age, than is issued in a periodical form from any other office in the United States, and will, the proprietor believes, with the addition of a good newspaper, supply to families all the advantages which could be furnished in a most extensive reading room in one of our Atlantic cities. In the Library the newest and best books are regularly published; in the Museum and Port Folio it has been found by experience that every thing we could wish to copy from the entire British literary periodicals, omitting mostly the political articles, can be rapidly issued. These publications embrace so much that is desirable to be known, and are so generally perused in the best circles in America, that to be without either is to drop a link in the literary chain. They are all under the control of one mind, and therefore the reader will very rarely indeed be compelled to pay for the same matter twice, as they are independent of each other, complete in themselves, and free in general from any repetitions of the same articles.

These views the proprietor respectfully throws out for the consideration of the friends of sound and wholesome literature.

ADAM WALDIE, 207 Chesnut-street, Philad. May 28.

PROSPECTUS OF THE EXTRA GLOBE.

THE undersigned propose to issue the first number of a new series of the EXTRA GLOBE, on Monday, the 25th of May next, and to publish it weekly for six months, making twenty six numbers; the last to contain an Index to the whole. It will be printed upon fine double royal paper, made up in quarto form, like the Extra and Congressional Globe published by us last year. The 26 numbers will make 416 quarto royal pages.

It will contain the principal original articles of the Daily and Semi-Weekly Globes, notices of the public meetings, the elections, and public proceedings in every state in the Union, in relation to the canvass for the next Presidency—a contest which the indications of the present year will go far to decide.

The first number will contain the Proceedings of the Democratic National Convention, to be held at Baltimore on the 20th of next month. An excellent Reporter has already been engaged to report the Proceedings of the Convention, and the Speeches which may be made on the occasion.

We request the favour of those friends to whom this Prospectus may be sent, to circulate it, for the purpose of obtaining subscribers. A copy of the Prospectus will be sent to the newspapers that copy this Prospectus.

Subscribers should forward their names in time to reach us before the 25th May. If they do not, we may not be able to furnish them with all the numbers; because the work is put at so low a price, that we cannot afford to reprint any number that may be exhausted.

TERMS:

One Dollar per copy, in advance. Eleven copies will be furnished for Ten Dollars; twenty-two copies for Twenty Dollars, and so on in proportion.

The price of this paper is so low, that we cannot afford to open accounts with those who subscribe for it. Therefore, no attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompanies it.

BLAIR & RIVES.

Anne-Arundel County, Maryland, &c.

This day before me a Justice of the Peace for said county, Brice Hobbs brought an Old Chestnut Sorrel HORSE or BELDING; he says he took up said Horse as stray, as he was passing through the village of Elk Ridge Landing, in the direction towards Washington, on Monday the 6th of July, instant. Said Horse has a switch tail, a small strip of white in the forehead, and a strip of white lower down on the face and nose, some white spots on the back, which appear to be saddle marks, a shoe on each right foot.

Witness my hand this 9th day of July, 1855. JOEL HOPKINS.

The owner of the above described animal is hereby required to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. BRICE HOBBS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

To the creditors of Thomas Mattingly, deceased, that the administrator will attend at the Register of Wills' Office in St. Mary's county, on Tuesday the 29th day of September next, to make distribution of said deceased's estate, at which time and place the creditors are respectfully requested to attend with their claims, and the vouchers thereof, to receive their respective distributive shares.

I. E. BARBER, Adm'r. of Thomas Mattingly. Sept. 3

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT an Election will be held at the Assembly Room on MONDAY the 5th day of October next for the purpose of electing Two Delegates from this city to the next General Assembly of this State, and also Two Representatives for the Fourth Congressional District in this State in the Congress of the United States.

G. H. DUVALI, C/Pk. Corporation. Sept. 2

STATE OF MARYLAND, &c. Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court.

July 28th 1835.

ON application by petition of Mary Miller and Peter Miller, administrators of Peter Miller, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the news-papers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r. Reg. Wills A. A. county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Peter Miller, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 28th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 28th day of July 1835.

MARY MILLER, } Adm'rs. PETER MILLER, } July 30—6w.

COMPANION TO WALDIE'S LIBRARY.

The cheapest reprint from English Periodicals ever offered to the public.

BEFORE the Select Circulating Library had been long in existence, it was discovered that there was still something wanting—that many occurrences in the literary world must pass unrecorded, as regarded our agency, without an extension of the plan. To establish a fuller medium of communication and supply the desideratum, the Journal of Belles Lettres was added; which we have reason to believe has afforded general satisfaction. The very liberal patronage extended to the Library induced the proprietor to give that gratuitously as an evidence of his acknowledgments.

More extended experience has shown other desiderata which the "Companion" is intended to supply. While reading for the "Library" a large mass of material accumulates on the hands of the editor, of an interesting, entertaining, and instructive description, such as would properly come under the designation of *Magazinians*, interspersed with the Reviews from the English Quarterlies. To publish every thing of this nature which we deem desirable would encroach too much on the columns of the "Library" designed for books, and yet to pass them by is constantly a subject of regret. To concentrate, therefore, the publication of Books, entire, Reviews, lists of new works, the choicest contributions to *Magazines*, &c. &c. the "Companion to Waldie's Library" will be offered to the patronage of the present subscribers and the public at large. It is believed that with the "Library," the "Journal," and the "Companion," such an acquaintance with the literature of the age may be cultivated as to leave little further to be desired. Being all published from the same office, more facility offers for subscribing, and having fewer people to deal with, mistakes are less liable to occur, and more readily corrected when they do. The short interval of two weeks between the publication of each number, it is thought too, will be an advantage over monthly and quarterly.

The following plan is respectfully submitted.

1. The "COMPANION" will contain the earliest possible reprints of the best matter in the British periodicals.
2. It will be issued every fortnight, and the form will be the same as that of the Library—each number containing sixteen pages—thus, every six months, giving thirteen numbers, which can be bound with the Library at little or no more expense, and making a better sized volume; and to those who do not take the Library itself, a volume every year, of 416 quarto pages of the size of the present.
3. The price will be three dollars for a subscriber—five dollars for two—and clubs five and upwards will be supplied at two dollars each.
4. As the work will not be commenced, unless a sufficient patronage be obtained, no payment is required in present, only the name, sent free of postage. Those wishing

to support the publication will be pleased therefore to announce their intention as early as possible, so it is intended to commence the work on the first of January next. On the issuing of the second number payment will be expected, as its appearance will evince a sufficiency of patronage.

The proprietor of the "Select Circulating Library," fully aware from experience of the advantages to the public of the rapid diffusion of cheap and select literature, has been induced to add the important feature to the work, and of course leaves it optional with the present subscribers and others to take it or not.

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April Term, 1835.

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Test, WM. S. GREEN, Ck. July 23.

\$100 REWARD.

RANAWAY on Thursday, the 23d day of July, from the subscriber, a Negro Man named

JOE SYMON, who is very black, and aged about 38—5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; when spoken to is very polite; had on his working clothes, but took with him a variety of clothing. I will give the above reward if taken out of the State—and \$50 if taken in the State or County, and all reasonable expenses paid, if delivered to me, living on West River, or secured in jail, so that I get him again.

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The Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1858.

NO. 38.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
at the Brick Building on the Public
Circle.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.
TO THE LONDON, EDINBURGH, FOREIGN, AND
WESTMINSTER QUARTERLY REVIEWS—the
Penny Magazine, Penny Cyclopaedia, Repub-
lican Letters, Parley's Magazine, and the
New York Register, received at the "Room"
of the subscriber, where specimen Numbers
may be seen.

FRANCIS M. JARBOE,
Church street—Annapolis.

PROSPECTUS.
The Subscriber proposes to publish, in
Upper Marlboro', Prince George's county,
Maryland, a weekly journal, to be called

THE BULLETIN.
In undertaking to supply this acknowledged
want to the populous and intelligent
district in which the subscriber has
residence, he has the hope of ultimate suc-
cess in his efforts to give to the emi-
nent talents of his county, and to the
advantages of a large and wealthy county, sit-
uated equidistant from the State and Na-
tional capitals, facilities of an early com-
munication of whatever may interest its patrons,
and particularly afforded to the Editor; and
though he may not hope to present to his
readers much foreign information through the
medium of his columns, not derivable from
other journals, it is still certain that intelli-
gence of a local nature, interesting to all,
and of importance to many, and otherwise unat-
tainable, will by this means be communicated.

It will also offer to those whose means are in-
adequate to the expense of the larger jour-
nals, at least a synoptical view of all the im-
portant information they contain; and he
trusts that those of literary taste may some-
times find in those columns, articles not un-
worthy of the employment of their leisure. As
the plan of every publication which is to find
success in popular support, must first be
approved before public patronage can be ex-
pected, the Editor would here mark the out-
line of his design, with the full knowledge
that it will constitute an ordeal, by which, to
determine both its merit and the fidelity of
its prosecution.

The Editor proposes to adapt his paper to the
wishes of those by whom he is immediately sur-
rounded, and among whom he must naturally
find a majority of his patrons: he knows
them to be intelligent and inquiring.—The
Literary department, shall, therefore, be as-
sistingly regarded, and the most approved
domestic and foreign periodicals resorted to
for the best letters and notices. He knows them
to be patriotic, and that they feel a deep interest
in the welfare of our common country. To
strengthen this sentiment to the extent of his
ability, his columns shall afford whatever intelli-
gence of a political character may be calcu-
lated to interest them. No man, with the fa-
culty of thought, is at this crisis neutral in re-
ference to the party distinctions now prevail-
ing in this country, and the Editor does not wish
to disguise his political sentiments—they are
in opposition to the measures of the present
Administration. But having neither the tem-
per nor the motive of a partisan, his comments
upon party movements shall be characterized
by frankness of argument, not violence or abuse
and as it never has been his practice, so shall
it never become his habit to deal in political
invective or party violence. He will cheer-
fully lend the aid of his columns to communi-
cations from all parties—reserving to himself
the privilege of rejecting such as are ob-
scure, or for personal attack or indecorous lan-
guage. In addition to the advantages of ap-
propriate political and literary selections, he
desires to tempt into exercise whatever of
talent may surround him, and with such
talents may not presumptuously hope to render
his paper useful and interesting. He asks
the patronage of his friends longer than
his efforts merit and repay it, as he wishes not
to have that favour to personal feeling, which
would be denied to his editorial labors.

The BULLETIN will be published on Thurs-
day in each week. Terms of subscription \$3
per annum.

WILLIAM H. HALL,
Upper Marlboro', Feb. 14, 1835.

FINAL NOTICE.
The undersigned would again respect-
fully request all persons indebted to
the late firm of Messrs. Williamson and
Gibson to call and settle immediately, as this
notice may be considered final to all intents
and purposes.

FRANCIS M. JARBOE.

**TOM CHESTERTOWN AND CEN-
TREVILLE.**

The Steam Boat MA-
RYLAND, will leave
Baltimore, on every
Monday morning, at 6
o'clock, for Centreville
and Chestertown, starting from the lower end
of the wharf, and return the same day. She
will continue this arrangement for the season.
N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L G. TAYLOR.

LITTELL'S MUSEUM OF FOREIGN LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

PRICE.—Six Dollars a year, in advance—
seven dollars and a half, if not in advance.
POSTAGE.—Five sheets, under 160 miles
71 cents; over 100 miles, 124 cents.

This work will be sent to any Post Of-
fice in the United States, carefully wrapped
up, upon receipt of five dollars in part pay-
ment. A few complete sets are for sale.

ENLARGED SERIES OF THE MUSE- UM.

MR. LITTELL has much pleasure in an-
nouncing to the patrons of the MUSE-
UM, that he has made arrangements for the
future publication of the work in a style much
superior to the present—and nearly approach-
ing what he has always desired that it should
appear in. The circulation of the work is
now so large, as to make it important to the
proprietor that he should be able to give his
whole attention to it. This has hitherto been
prevented by the care and labour attendant
upon a multifarious and widely extended busi-
ness. With the view of completing more
quickly the publication of Lodge's Portraits
and Memoirs of Illustrious and Noble Cha-
racters, (a splendid work now in hand)—of
effecting a settlement of accounts extending
over the whole of the United States—and of
making arrangements in all parts of the coun-
try for the vigorous prosecution of the pub-
lication of the Museum, he has made a con-
tract with Mr. Adam Waldie of this city to
print the work, attend to its distribution, and
manage all the financial concerns appertain-
ing to it after the present year.

Mr. Waldie is a practical printer, not sur-
passed in taste by any other in the country;
and as he is advantageously and generally
known as the publisher of the Select Circu-
lating Library, it is supposed that he will
have it in his power greatly to promote the
sale of the Museum. He has contracted to
issue it promptly, and thus will be corrected
the greatest fault which has heretofore at-
tended its management. The changes in the
appearance of the work will be as follows:

1. It will be regularly and promptly pub-
lished.
2. Will be uniformly and handsomely print-
ed.
3. On better paper.
4. Will be considerably enlarged.

As the sale of the work has increased, Mr.
Littell has always been desirous of devoting
the enlarged profits to its improvement—and
although he does not wish the appearance of
the next volume to be considered as en-
tirely carrying out his plan, he trusts that
the subscribers will be convinced, upon com-
paring it with any other work, that it is richly
worth the price asked for it.

We shall not have satisfied our own wish-
es, in respect to this work, until it shall be
so far enlarged and improved as to make it
clear to every purchaser that he will herein
receive all that is desirable to an American
reader from all the Foreign Periodicals. That
we can do so in a single work, by making it
contain four or five times as much matter as
an ordinary periodical, we have no doubt.—
A great part of most of the Reviews and Ma-
gazines is composed of inferior articles, and
we confidently appeal to those readers of the
Museum who have been in the habit of look-
ing over the British Journals, whether we
have not already, in a very great degree, suc-
ceeded in copying all that was worth preser-
vation.

As the work will now be considerably en-
larged, we shall be able more fully to accom-
plish this object.

In order that he may, by frequent journeys
from home, be the earlier able to finish all o-
ther business, and devote himself exclusively
to the Museum, Mr. Littell has made ar-
rangements with the Editor of Waldie's Li-
brary to edit this work after December, 1834.
However deficient the proprietor may be in
other qualifications, he has always felt so
zealous an affection for the Museum that he
would not be willing to commit it, even for a
time, to the care of another, were he not con-
fident of the ability of the new Editor, will render
it more worthy of the patronage of the public
than it has heretofore been. No change takes
place in the Proprietorship.

Philadelphia, April 9.
Specimen Numbers may be seen
at the Office of the Md. Gazette.

CASH FOR

ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,
Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of
age.

PERSONS having likely Servants
to dispose of, and wishing the highest
prices, will do well to give me
a call, as I am determined to buy
and give higher prices than any o-
ther purchaser, who is now or may come into
this market. I can at all times be found at
Mr. James Hunter's Tavern, in Annapolis.
All communications directed to me will be
promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Aug. 27—6p.

A FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at Private Sale
his Farm on Broad Creek, about five
miles from Annapolis, containing about
One Hundred and Fifty-four Acres,
more or less. It is deemed unnecessary to
give a further description of the Land, as
those disposed to purchase will no doubt view
the premises.

If the above Farm is not sold at Private
Sale before MONDAY the 12th day of Octo-
ber next, it will on that day, if fair, if not
the first fair day thereafter, be offered at Pub-
lic Sale, on the premises, at which time the
terms will be made known.

THOMAS R. BEARD.
Sept. 3.—

THE GENTLEMAN'S VADE MECUM; OR, THE SPORTING AND DRAMATIC COMPANION,

Interpersed with a multitude of Engravings, includ-
ing Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses, Philo-
sophical and Natural Phenomena, Gardens, &c.
It is now six months since this publication was com-
menced in Philadelphia—and although the publish-
ers have used no extraordinary means to circulate a know-
ledge of its merits, yet such is the satisfaction mani-
fested by that portion of the public who have been made
acquainted with its character and contents, that its list
of patrons continues constantly and rapidly to increase.
This paper is now distributed regularly every week over
a wide portion of the Union, and the most satisfactory
assurances are received that it will eventually become
one of the most popular among the numerous excellent
periodicals which issue from the American press. No
exertions will be spared to establish its permanent re-
putation more extensively; and if the liberal sanction of
those for whom it is especially designed shall warrant,
its future improvement—both as regards typographical
neatness and embellishment—will be materially ad-
vanced.

The different Plays and Farces that will appear in
the course of a year, of themselves, will be worth more
than FOUR times the amount of an ordinary paper. The
following is a list of those which have already appear-
ed:

- | | |
|--|---|
| Charles the First,
Isaac a Brand, and
The Hunchback,
The Deep, Deep Sea,
Cheap Living,
Shakespeare's Early Days,
Hourly Quarrels,
Huggins of Bathurst Green,
Husbands and Wives,
Man of Ten Thousand,
The Ladies Man,
Ill Tell You What,
The Golden Farmer,
Speculation,
Olympic Devils,
Englishman in India,
Shakespeare Festival,
The East-Indian,
My Friend the Governor,
Victories,
The Omnibus,
The Child of Nature,
The Rencontre,
The Duel,
The Sisters,
Vidua,
Herman, | Miss Matford,
R. P. Smith,
J. S. Knowles,
J. R. Planché,
F. Reynolds,
C. A. Somers,
R. F. Smith,
J. S. Knowles,
This is Herodotus,
W. on E. Burton,
Mrs. Inchbald,
Ben. and Webster,
F. M. Reynolds,
Planché & Danco,
W. F. Mendenhall,
M. G. Lewis,
J. R. Planché,
H. M. Miller,
Mrs. Inchbald,
K. B. Peake,
W. Barrymore,
James Kennedy, |
|--|---|

The MS. of the Irish Ambassa, or the favourite and
highly interesting drama, in which a Tyrone Power so
successfully amused the Public, a Sir Patrick O'Flaherty,
has been obtained by the publishers, and will be pub-
lished forthwith.

The Sporting Intelligence, at home and abroad, oc-
cupies a considerable portion of our columns, and is
collected from the most authentic sources. Among the
Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses which have
been given, are:

- The American Trotting Horse, Edwin Forrest.
- The Imported Racing Horse, Messenger.
- The favourite Racing Mare, Ariel, and her foal, by
Edwards.
- Hand's celebrated Trotting Horse, Norfolk Phenome-
non.
- The well known English Race Horse, Touchstone.
- A correct Picture of a Race Course, occupying the
width of seven columns.

Among a variety of other Embellishments of subjects
of interest, which have been published, are the follow-
ing:

- A complete Treatise on Riding, with fourteen illus-
trations, for the improvement of Ladies in that most
healthy of all exercises.
- Explanation of the Automaton Chess Player, illus-
trated by eleven engravings.
- The subjects which are particularly embraced in the
Vade Mecum, will be more distinctly understood if in
the following summary of them:
- The Turf and all matters connected therewith.
- On the Structure and Character of the Horse.
- On the Improvement of Horned Cattle.
- Rules for Novices in Shooting.
- Methods for Feeding and Training Dogs.
- Biographies of celebrated Horses, with their Por-
traits.
- Hunting, Fishing, Fowling, &c.
- Approved Games, from Hoyle and Actors.
- Criticisms on Plays and Actors.
- The most popular Songs, set to music.
- The art of Legendein adapted to Domestic Economy.
- A variety of Recipes adapted to passing events.
- An Epitome of important passing events.
- Gentlemen's Quarterly Review of the Fashions.

The Vade Mecum is printed on large imperial paper,
of a beautiful white texture, and is published every Sat-
urday, at Three Dollars per annum, in advance. Orders
from abroad, postage paid, will be promptly attended to,
and the paper carefully packed to prevent its from rub-
bing by sea.

The Modern Acting Drama, a volume of about 300
pages—containing the Plays, Farces, &c., which appear
in the Vade Mecum, neatly printed, and bound in elastic
covers, for transportation—is published every six weeks.
Eight volumes will constitute a set, or one year's sub-
scription, the terms for which is Three Dollars, pay-
able in advance.

Subscribers to the Vade Mecum are entitled to a deduc-
tion of one-third. An order for long notes will be
thankfully received, and the work forwarded to any
direction, by enclosing a ten dollar note—postage paid.

A premium, consisting of two volumes, 500 pages
each, of the Novelist's Magazine, containing eight dif-
ferent Novels, by the most popular authors, will be pre-
sented to the Agent, who shall procure four names to
the Modern Acting Drama, or the Gentleman's Vade
Mecum, and remit the amount of one year's subscrip-
tion for each.

Gentlemen wishing to subscribe to either of the a-
bove works, will address CHARLES ALEXANDER,
No. 3, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place—Philadel-
phia.
July 30.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GERMAN STUDENT'S STORY.

From Norman Leslie, a new novel by T. S. Pay, now
in the Press of Harper & Brothers, New York.
"I have myself," said Kreutzner, "witnessed many
duels; but we are not so blood thirsty, generally speak-
ing, as you moral Americans. We usually settle these
matters with a sword, a better method, by the way, and
more worthy of a soldier than your cold, murderous pis-
tol-firing. Any poltroon may pull a trigger, but it re-
quires the firm hand and steady eye of a man to manage
the steel. However, as I was saying, when I was at
Jena they called each other out as merrily as beaux and
belles to a dance. It was but the tramping on the toes—
the brushing of an elbow; nay, an accidental look that
fell on them when they wished not observation, and the
next day, or, by St. Andrew, the next hour there was
a clash of steel, and the stamping of feet on the green
sward; and the kindling and flashing of fiery eyes—and
plunge and parry, and cut and thrust, till one or both
lay stretched at length; a pass through the body—a gash
open in the cheek—the skull cleft down, or a hand off,
and the blood bubbling and gushing forth like a rill of
mountain water. There were more than one of those
fellows—devils, I must say, who, when they found a-
mong them some strange student, timid or retired,
with whose character they were unacquainted, or whose
courage they doubted, would pass the hint out of
mere sport; brush his skirt, charge the offence upon
him, demand an apology too humble for a hare, and dis-
miss him from the adventure only with an opened shout,
der, or a flight through his body.

"There was among us one fellow named Mentz, who,
assumed, and wore with impunity the character of head
bully. He was foremost in all the devilry. His pistol
was death, and his broadsword cut like the scissors of
fate. It was curious to see the fellow fire—one, two,
three, and good by to his antagonist. His friendship
was coveted by all; or to be his enemy was to lie in a
bloody grave. At length, grown fearless of being cal-
led to account, he took pride in insulting strangers, and
even women. His appearance was formidable; a great
bony body, with shaggy black hair, huge whiskers, and
grim most eyes, three inches long, twisted under his
nose. A sort of beauty he had too; and among the wo-
men—heaven help us!—wherever those mustaches show-
ed themselves every opponent abandoned the ground.
It was, at last, really dangerous to have a sweet heart;
for out of pure ire vade Mentz would push forward,
mark how to the lady, and either
tear off her face, or should the doted lover
offer any resistance, he had no more to do but call a
surgeon, and it ppy enough he considered himself if he
escaped with the loss of his teeth or an eye. He had
killed four men who never injured him—wounded
seventeen, and fought twenty duels. He once challeng-
ed a whole club, who had black-balled him anonymous-
ly; and was pitched only by being re-admitted, though
all the members immediately resigned, and the club was
broken up.

At last there came a youth into the university—
slender, quiet, and bashful-looking, with a handsome
face, though somewhat pale. His demeanour, though
generally shy, was noble and self-possessed. He had
been but a short time among us, however, before he was
set down as a really creature, and prime game for
the 'devils broke loose,' as the gang of Mentz termed
themselves. The coy youth shunned all the riots and
revels of the university—insulted no one; and if his
mouth brushed against that of another, apologized so
immediately, so gracefully, and so gently, that the devil
himself could not have fixed a quarrel upon him. It
soon appeared, too, that Gertrude, the lovely daughter
of the Baron de Saale—the toast of all the country—upon
whom the most of us had gazed as on something
quite above us—it soon appeared that the girl loved this
young stranger. Now Mentz had singled Gertrude
out for himself, and avowed his preference publicly.
Arnold, for this was the new student called, was rarely,
if ever, tempted to our feasts; but once he came un-
expectedly on a casual invitation. To the great surprise
and interest of two company Mentz himself was there,
and seated himself unbidden at the table, though an
unbidden guest. The strongest curiosity at once arose
to witness the result, for Mentz had sworn that he
would compel Arnold, on their first meeting, to beg par-
don on his knees for the audacity of having addressed
his mistress. It had not appeared that Arnold knew
anything of Mentz's character, for he set cheerfully
and gaily at the board, with so much the manners of a
high-born gentleman, that every one admitted at once
his goodness, his grace, and his beauty; and regretted
the shyness on the brink of which he unconsciously
stood.

"What, ho!" at length shouted Mentz, as the evening
had a little advanced, and the wine began to mount:
'toast! Come—drink it all; and he who refuses is a pol-
troon and a coward. I quaff this goblet—fill to the brim
—to the health and happiness of Gertrude de Saale—the
fairest of the fair! Who says he knows a fairer is a
black liar, and I will write the word on his forehead
with a red hot brand."

"Every goblet was emptied but one, which stood un-
tasted—untouched. On perceiving this, the ruffian lea-
ned forward, fixed his eyes on the cup, struck his brawny
hand down, fiercely on the table, which returned a
thundering crash and rattle, and then repeated, in a
voice husky with rage—
"There is a cup full; by St. Anthony! I will make
the owner swallow its measure of molten lead, if it re-
mains thus one instant longer!"

"Drink it, Arnold—drink it, boy; keep thy hand out
of useless broils," whispered a student near him, rather
advanced in age.
"Drink, friend! muttered another, dryly, 'or he will
not be slow in doing his threat, I promise thee.'
"Empty the cup, man!" cried a third; 'never frown
and turn pale, or thy young head will lie lower than thy
feet ere to-morrow's sunset."

"It is Mentz the duellist," said the fourth.—"Dost
thou not know his woodcock skill. He will kill thee as
if thou wert a deer, if thou oppose him in his wine.
He is more merciful than a wild boar. Drink, man,
drink!"

"During this interesting scene, the youth had remain-

ed motionless, cool, and silent. A slight gallous but
evidently more of indignation than fear, came over his
handsome features; and his eyes dilated with emotion,
resting full and firm upon Mentz.

"By the mass, gentlemen!" he said at length, I am a
stranger here, and ignorant of the manners prevalent in
universities; but if yonder person be *seru*, and this no
joke—

"Joke!" thundered Mentz, foaming at the lip.
"I must tell you that I come from a part of the coun-
try where we neither give nor take such jokes, or such
insults."

"Hast thou taken leave of thy friends?" said Mentz,
partly hushed by astonishment; and art thou tired of
life, that thou hurriest on so blindly to a bloody pillow?
Boy! drink, as I have told thee, to Gertrude, fairest of
the fair! And his huge round eyes opened, like those
of a bull, upon a daring victim.

"That Gertrude de Saale is fair and lovely," cried the
youth, rising, "may not be denied by me. But—I de-
mand by what mischance I find her name this night
common at a board of rioters, and polluted by the lips of
a drunkard and a ruffian!"

"By the bones of my father," said Mentz, in a tone of
deep and dire anger, which had ere then appalled many
a stout heart—by the bones of my father, your fate is
sealed! Be your blood upon your own head.—But, said
he, observing that the youth, instead of cowering, bore
himself more loftily, 'what folly is this! Drink, lad,
drink! and I hurt thee not! I love thy gallant bearing,
and my game is not such as thine.'

"He added this with a wavering manner which had
never been witnessed in him, for never before had he
been opposed so calmly and so fiercely; and, for a mo-
ment, he quailed beneath the fiery glances darted at him
from one whom he supposed weaker than the dove.
But, ashamed of his trans-act fear, he said:
"Come to me, poor child! Bring with thee thy gob-
let—bond at my foot—quaff it as I said, and—out of my
eye—I spare thy young head."

"What was the astonishment of the company on be-
holding Arnold, as if effectually awed by a moment's
reflection, and the ferocious omity of so celebrated and
deadly a foe, actually do as was commanded.—He rose,
took the cup, slowly approached the seat of his insulter,
knelt and raised the rim to his lips. Murmurs of
'shame, shame, poltroon, coward!' came hot and thick
from the group of spectators who had arisen in the ex-
citement of their curiosity, and stood eagerly bending
forward, with every eye fixed upon the object of their
contempt. A grim smile of savage triumph distorted the
features of Mentz, who shouted, with a hoarse and
drunken laugh—

"Drink deep—down with it—to the dregs!"
Arnold, however, only raised the rim to his lips, and
waited a moment's silence, with an expression, so scorn-
ful and composed that the hisses and exclamations were
again quelled; when every sound had ceased to a dead
silence:

"Never," he said, shall I refuse to drink to the glory
of a name I once loved and honored—Gertrude, fairest
of the fair! But, he added, suddenly rising and drawing
up his figure, with a dignity that silenced every breath,
"for thee, thou drunken, bragging, foolish beast! I
scorn—I spit upon—I defy thee! and thus be punish-
ed thy base, brutal insolence, and thy stupid presump-
tion."

"As he spoke he dashed the contents of the simple
goblet full into the face of Mentz; and then, with all his
strength, hurled the massy goblet itself at the same
mark. The giant reeled and staggered a few paces
back, and, amid the shining liquor on his drenched
clothes and dripping features, a stream of blood was
observed to trickle down his forehead.

"Never before was popular feeling more suddenly and
violently reversed. The object of their vilest exera-
tions flashed upon them with the immediate brightness
of a superior being. A loud and irrepressible burst
of applause broke from every lip, till the broad and heavy
rafters about their heads, and the very foundation of the
floor, shook and trembled. But the joy and ap-
probation soon ceased; for although this inspiring drama
had so nobly commenced it was uncertain how it might
terminate. Before the tyrant recovered from the stupe-
fied and bewildered trance into which the blow, cou-
nured with shame, grief, astonishment and drunkenness, had
thrown him, several voices, after the obstrepous call
for silence usual on such occasions, addressed the
youth, who stood cool and erect, with folded arms, wait-
ing the course of events.

"Brave Arnold! Noble Arnold! A gallant
deed!—The blood of a true gentleman in his
veins!"

"But, canst thou fight," cried one.
"I am only a simple student, and an artist by
profession. I have devoted myself to the pen-
cil—not the sword."
"But thou canst use a little—canst not?"
asked another.

"But indifferently," answered the youth.
"And how art thou with a pistol?" demanded a
third.

"My hand is unpractised," replied Arnold.
"I have no skill in shedding human blood."
"Fore heaven! then, rash boy, what has
tempted thee to this fatal extremity!"
"Hatred of oppression," replied the youth, "in
all its forms, and a willingness to die rather
than submit to insult."
"Die then thou shalt! and that ere to-morrow's
sun shall set! thundered Mentz, starting up in
a frenzy, and with a hoarse and broken voice
that made the hearts of the hearers shudder as
if at the howl of a dog or a demon. "I chal-
lenge thee to mortal combat."
"And I accept the challenge."
"It is for thee to name time, place and wea-
pon; but, as thou lovest me, let it not be longer
than to-morrow night, or I shall burst with rage
and impatience."
"I love thee not, base dog!" replied Arnold;
"but thou shalt not die so inglorious a death. I
will fight with thee, therefore, to-night!"
"By heaven, boy!" cried Mentz, more and
more surprised, 'thou art in haste to sup in hell!"

and the ruffian lowered his voice. 'Art thou mad?'

'Be that my chance,' answered Arnold; 'I shall not be likely to meet, even in hell, a companion so brutal as thou—unless, which I mean shall be the case, thou bear me company.'

'To night then be it,' said Mentz; 'though to night my hand is not steady; for wine and anger are no friends to the nerves.'

'Dost thou refuse me, then?' demanded the youth with a sneer.

'By the mass, no! but to-night is dark; the moon is down; the stars are clouded, and the wind goes by in heavy puffs and gusts. Hear it even now.'

'Therefore,' said the youth, apparently more coldly composed as his fierce rival grew more perceptibly agitated—therefore will we lay down our lives here—in this hall—on this spot—on this instant—even as thou standest now.'

'There is no one here who will be my friend,' said Mentz; so evidently sobered and subdued by the singular composure and self-possession of his antagonist, that all present held him in contempt, and no one stirred.

'No matter,' cried Arnold; 'I will myself forego the same privilege.'

'And your weapons?' said Mentz.

'Are here,' cried Arnold, drawing them from his bosom, in a surer pair never drew blood. 'The choice is yours.'

'The company began now to fancy that Arnold had equivocated in disclaiming skill as a duellist; and, from his invincible composure, thought him a more fatal master of the weapon than the bully himself. The latter also put on of his opinion.

'Young man, he cried, in a voice clouded and low, but steep and said no further.

'Your choice,' said Arnold, presenting the pistol.

'I will choose,' said Arnold, and said—

'I choose my sword,' said Arnold, then shall he be dead.' He then turned and drew the sword.

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Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS: Thursday, September 17, 1835.

The Citizens of Annapolis, friendly to the Election of Messrs. McKim and Howard, as Representatives from this District to the next Congress of the U. S. are requested to meet in the Ball Room TO-NIGHT (Thursday) at 8 o'clock, when important business will be presented to their consideration.

JAMES MURRAY, Esq. will be supported as a Delegate to the General Assembly by MANY VOTERS.

We are authorized to announce SPRIGG HARWOOD, Esq. as a Candidate for the next Legislature.

FOR CONGRESS. Fourth District—Anne Arundel County and Cities of Annapolis and Baltimore.

Van Buren. ISAAC McKIM, BENJAMIN C. HOWARD.

Anti Van Buren. JAMES P. HEATH, CHARLES R. STEWART.

Independent. JOHN C. WEEMS, Gen'l. GEORGE H. STEUART.

DELEGATES TO ASSEMBLY. ANNAPOLIS.

Anti Van Buren. NICHOLAS BREWER, THOMAS DUCKETT.

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY. Van Buren. GRAFTON R. DU'VALL, EDWARD HAMMOND, WESLEY LINTHICUM, Dr. ROBERT FRANKLIN.

Anti Van Buren. LEONARD IGLEHART, CHARLES S. RIDGELY, Dr. HOOD, JOHN MERCER.

The Sloop —, Capt. Creighton, laden with lumber from Port Deposit, grounded on Horn Point on Tuesday, the row-boat belonging to the sloop broke from her fastening, when Capt. C. on a raft pushed off in order to recover her, but finding the boat drifting faster than the raft, he plunged into the water, for the purpose of reaching it, and was unfortunately drowned.

We have now in our office four Onions of the red kind, raised from seed sown in April last by Mr. Wm. Laing, of Buck's county, Pennsylvania, Bristol Township, weighing two pounds eight ounces, averaging in circumference twelve inches. Mr. L. raised 300 bushels from seed this season on three-quarters of an acre of land.

At a meeting of the friends of the Administration of the General Government, in the 5th District A. A. county, held at Ellicott's Mills, Sept. 9th, George Cooke was called to the Chair, and Edward Alexander appointed Secretary; when it was

Resolved, That in order to promote the election of members of Congress, and delegates to the General Assembly of Maryland, who are in favour of Martin Van Buren as President, and R. M. Johnson as Vice President of the United States, it is necessary that the party be organized in such a manner as will ensure the active cooperation of every member of the party—Therefore,

Resolved, That a committee of vigilance of 25 persons be appointed for the fifth district, whose duty it shall be to ascertain the strength of the Jackson party, and to take such measures as will ensure the attendance at the polls on the day of election of the whole party in this district.

Resolved, That a committee of correspondence of 10 persons be appointed for the fifth district, who shall communicate with the party in the county, and cities of Baltimore and Annapolis, and to ascertain what measures are necessary to promote the success of our party.

Resolved, That the following persons compose the Committee of Vigilance: Vachel Harnden, Dr. Alexander, Dr. Thomas, James Shipley, Jno. Worthington, James Clarke, James Rawlings, Math. Hammond, Hammond Dorsey, Charles Hammond, Thos. Landsdale, Nicholas R. Ridgely, Wm. Frost, James Gosling, Jas. J. Murphy, John Butler, John Iglehart, Edward Feinour, Geo. Bond, Jer. Berry, Saml. Graham, Greenbury Gaither, Jesse Haines, Capt. Selby, Larkin Dorsey.

Resolved, That the following persons compose the Committee of Correspondence: Dr. Thomas, Dr. Alexander, James Clarke, James Rawlings, John O'Donnell, C. G. Ridgely, Washington Gaither, Hammond Dorsey, Math. Hammond, George Cooke.

Resolved, That the above committees meet every Wednesday at the Union Hotel Ellicott's Mills, and at Alfred Bell's, late Porter's, every Saturday at 4 o'clock P. M.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the Baltimore Republican, and Maryland Gazette, Annapolis.

GEO. COOKE, Chairman. Ed. ALEXANDER, Sec'y.

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sept. 8, 1835.

In pursuance of notice given, a number of the citizens of the Sixth District, assembled at Whalen's Tavern, when Dr. GUSTAVUS WARFIELD was appointed Chairman, and Thomas S.

Herbert, Secretary. On motion the following named gentlemen were appointed a committee to prepare resolutions for the consideration of the meeting, viz: Gustavus Warfield, Geo. Howard, Samuel Dorsey, Samuel Brown, Reuben Warfield, and James Sykes. The Committee submitted the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by the meeting:

WHEREAS, it can no longer be doubted that there are incendiaries passing through our country. The papers of every section are teeming with accounts of those infamous characters, who fend-like are using every effort to disturb the domestic quiet of our country. None but base scoundrels or infuriated fanatics can lend themselves to such a purpose. The South has acted with all the prompt and fiery energy of the Southern character—Virginia has spoken in language not to be misunderstood—Boston, N. York and Philadelphia, with many other places, have responded in terms appropriate to cool heads and warm hearts. The good sense and patriotism of our country will always guard us against any permanent effects of incendiary movements; we are to guard against any sudden ebullitions. We firmly believe our immediate population does not contain one individual so base as wilfully to throw a firebrand into his neighbour's dwelling: If there should unfortunately be any such, we hope and believe a merciful Deity has given him a heart too cowardly to permit the attempt. But no man knows who may come amongst us to disseminate incendiary feelings; it is necessary therefore that we should be prepared to meet all such at our thresholds, and to let them feel that the eye of coolness and determination is upon them; Therefore,

Resolved, That this meeting views with deep reprobation all such attempts, and accordingly declares and makes known its determination to regard as enemies to the peace of society, and traitors to the country, all persons engaged in the nefarious design.

Resolved, That in case the plan shall be persisted in, it will become the imperative duty of the Southern people to endeavour by any means within their reach to obtain possession of the leaders of so unprincipled an undertaking, in order that they meet with that punishment which the violated feelings of a whole people may consider just and proper.

Resolved, That this meeting declares its detestation of all lawless proceedings except so far as they are inculcated by the laws of nature and of nature's God for the protection and preservation of property and life.

Resolved, That this meeting views with un-mixed feelings of admiration, the efforts of that portion of our Eastern brethren who are exerting themselves to put a stop to the proceedings of this band of enemies to our Constitution and our Country.

Resolved, That we are determined to resist, regardless of consequences, all attempts to interfere with our constitutional rights, and in pursuance of this determination, a Committee be appointed by the Chair, whose duty it shall be to make, forthwith, a military enrolment of three companies of Volunteers, and that the Executive of this State be applied to for arms and equipments for the same.

Resolved, That a Committee of Vigilance be appointed, whose duty it shall be to have a general superintendance of this subject, and to ascertain, if practically, whether there are any persons within the district engaged in the circulation of incendiary tracts and hand-bills.

Resolved, That our Representatives in Congress be and they are hereby requested, to bring the subject before the National Legislature at an early day, in order that such laws may be enacted as may tend to suppress the unwholesome purpose, and to punish, as Traitors, those who may continue to persevere in, what, if persevered in, must destroy our now flourishing and happy Union.

Resolved, That the Post-Masters be respectfully requested to prevent (if possible) the circulation of insurrectionary publications, and to report to the Committee of Vigilance all valuable information which may come into their possession.

Resolved, That the Reverend Clergy be respectfully requested to dispense with all night meetings during the present state of excitement.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Annapolis and Baltimore papers.

GUSTAVUS WARFIELD, Chairman. THOMAS S. HERBERT, Secretary.

Committee of Enrollment.—George Howard, Richard N. Snowden, Eli Hewitt, Upton D. Welsh, Bela Warfield, Tilghman Warfield, Basil Crabster, Reuben Warfield, Thomas S. Herbert, Mortimer Dorsey, Dr. R. Hewitt, Saml. Dorsey, of Edw'd.

Committee of Vigilance.—Gustavus Warfield, Gen. Thomas Hood, Charles D. Warfield, James Sykes, Peter Gorman, Thomas Burgess, Charles W. Wood, Dr. John Owings, Jas. B. Matthews, Dr. Benjamin Hood, Samuel Biddle, John Hood, Henry Whalen, Walter Brown, Geo. Howard.

FROM THE SOUTH.

We have a letter before us, says the N. York Commercial Advertiser, from South Carolina, written by a Presbyterian clergyman to a brother clergyman in this city, from which we are permitted to make the following extracts:—

'What are you all doing at the north? Really, dear brother, the movements of certain people do more harm than we are all able to counteract. If they do not desist, they will be the means of driving not only ministers from the north, but even southern ministers, from this country, and render the slave population entirely inaccessible. I am afraid that the latter is effected already. Since these recent movements of the abolitionists, I am not permitted by public sentiment even to preach to the blacks exclusively. From the fact that a few of the lead-

ers are Presbyterians, the greatest efforts are made to identify the proceedings of the abolitionists with the Presbyterian church, and with great success, where the people are either ignorant or disaffected toward Presbyterians. I am certain, if these men knew what they were doing, and if they were not blind to the cause of religion, they would desist.

'They appear to be running mad on the subject of temperance. If they do not mind, they will destroy that cause in the south. However the banishing of wine from the communion may take at the north, it will never go down here; and if the proposition is not abandoned, you may bid farewell to the temperance cause in this country.'

THE PURCHASE OF TEXAS.

We mentioned a few weeks ago that there was a rumour abroad that a treaty was in Washington between the United States and Mexico, by which Texas was ceded to the former. Our information now is such as to leave us but little doubt of the fact. To avoid all constitutional questions as to the right to purchase, the following plan, we understand has been adopted: as the line between Mexico and the United States has never been run by the authority of the two governments and of course is still unsettled, to avoid all expense and controversy hereafter, for a certain payment in money to be made to the Mexican government, by the United States, it is agreed that the Rio del Norte shall be the dividing line.—Natchez Courier.

From the Richmond Enquirer. ANOTHER CALM APPEAL FROM THE SOUTH TO THE NORTH!

Fellow Citizens of the North! Beloved Citizens of a Common Country!

Let us address you again upon the present crisis. A darker question never threatened our horizon. It will require all our prudence and all our kindness for each other, to save the South from commotion, the Union from dissolution, and the election of the Chief Magistrate from the prejudices and excitements of the day.

We are indeed rejoiced to see you arousing and responding to the appeal of your Southern brethren, Portland, and Bath, and Augusta, and Boston, and Philadelphia, have come forth in the majesty of their strength:—Old Faneuil Hall has rung with the eloquence of Fletcher and Sprague, and Otis. The city of New York, too has spoken to us in a spirit of kindness. But she has also thrown into her resolutions certain metaphysical opinions, which are utterly irrelevant to the question, and which materially counteract their effect. She, the very seat of Tappanism, the very mint from which these incendiary publications are principally issued, the great Commercial Emporium with which the South has so many intimate connections, has spoken the weakest, whereas she was bound to speak in the strongest language. But we yet hope that Albany will do her duty, and utter the genuine voice of the citizens of New York.

Besides these manifestations of the public sentiment, we have seen recent unavailing attempts made to get up affiliated Abolition Societies. We have seen, too, the great body of the public Journalists taking sides with us. We are informed also by private letters and by Southern citizens who have just returned from the North, that public sentiment in that quarter is most decidedly with us—that Arthur Tappan is probably about to leave the country, and that the audacious Thompson is in bad odour in New England.

So far we hail with satisfaction the signs of the times. But it is not to be concealed, that the work is not yet accomplished; and that public opinion has not done its office. The fire must be put out, or it must spread. What have we just seen?—the large manufacturing town of the nation of Lowell threatened but the other day, to prevent the formation of an anti-Abolition Society. And it was but on Friday last, that Arthur Tappan and his fanatical crew issued in the city of New York, the following Bulletin of their future designs.

'TO THE PUBLIC'—

'In behalf of the American Anti-Slavery Society, we solicit the candid attention of the public to the following declarations of our principles and objects.—Were the charges which are brought against us, made only by individuals who are interested in the continuance of slavery, and by such as are influenced solely by unworthy motives, this address would be unnecessary; but there are those who merit and possess our esteem, who would not voluntarily do us injustice, and who have been led by gross misrepresentations, to believe that we are pursuing measures at variance not only with the constitutional rights of the South, but with the precepts of humanity and religion. To such we offer the following explanations and assurances.

'1st. We hold that Congress has no more right to abolish slavery in the Southern States than in the French West India Islands. Of course we desire no national legislation on the subject.

'2d. We hold that slavery can only be lawfully abolished by the Legislatures of the several States in which it prevails, and that the exercise of any other than moral influence to induce such abolition, is unconstitutional.

'3d. We believe that Congress has the same right to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, that the State governments have within their respective jurisdictions, and that it is their duty to efface so foul a blot from the national escutcheon.

'4th. We believe that American Citizens have the right to express and publish their opinions of the Constitution, Laws and Institutions of any and every State and Nation under Heaven; and we mean never to surrender the liberty of speech, of the press, or of conscience—blessings we intend, as far as we are able, to transmit unimpaired to our children.

'5th. We have uniformly deprecated all forcible attempts on the part of Slaves to recover their Liberty. And were it in our power to address them, we would exhort them to observe a quiet and peaceful demeanour, and would assure them no insurrectionary movement on their part would receive from us the slightest aid or countenance.

'6th. We would deprecate any servile insurrection, both on account of the calamities which would attend it, and on account of the occasion which it might furnish of increased severity of oppression.

'7th. We are charged with sending incendiary publications to the South. If by the term incendiary is meant publications containing arguments and facts to prove Slavery to be a moral and political evil, and that duty and policy require its immediate abolition, and that charge is true. But if this term is used to imply publications encouraging insurrection, and designed to ex-

cite the slaves to break their fetters, the charge is utterly and unequivocally false. We have never followed such a course; and we have never intended to do so. These publications are not intended for the South, nor were they able to read they would find in them, as a encouragement to insurrection.

'8th. We are accused of sending our publications to the States to distribute our publications. We have never held one such Agent. We have sent no packages of our papers to any person in those States, for distribution, except to five respectable resident citizens at their own request. But we have sent by mail, single copies addressed to public officers, editors of newspapers, gentlemen and others. If therefore, our object is to send the slaves to insurrection, the Messrs. are our agents.

'9th. We believe Slavery to be sinful, injurious to and to every other country in which it prevails; we believe immediate emancipation to be the duty of every slaveholder, and that the immediate abolition of Slavery, by those who have the right to abolish it, would be safe and wise. These opinions we have freely expressed, and we certainly have no intention to refrain from expressing them in future, and urging them upon the consciences and hearts of our fellow-citizens who are slaves or apologists for slavery.

'10th. We believe that the education of the poor is required by duty, and by a regard for the permanence of our republican institutions. There are thousands of thousands of our fellow-citizens, even in the States, sunk in abject poverty, and who, on account of their complexion, are virtually kept in ignorance, whose instruction in certain cases actually prohibits law! We are anxious to protect the rights, and to promote the virtue and happiness of the colored portion of our population, and on this account we have been charged with a design to encourage intermarriage between the whites and blacks. This charge has been repeatedly, and is now again denied while we repeat that tendency of our sentiments is to put an end to criminal amalgamation that prevails wherever slaves exist.

'11th. We are accused of acts that tend to a dissolution of the Union and even of wishing to dissolve it. We have never calculated the value of the Union, because we believe it to be inestimable; and that the abolition of slavery will remove the chief danger of its dissolution, and one of the many reasons why we cheerfully and will endeavor to preserve the Constitution, it restrains Congress from making any law abridging freedom of speech or of the press.

'Such fellow-citizens, are our principles, they unworthy of Republicans and of Citizens! Or are they in truth so atrocious that they order to prevent their diffusion, you are yourselves willing to surrender to the dictates of others the invaluable privilege of free discussion, the birthright of Americans! Will you order that the abominations of slavery may be concealed from public view, and that the evil of your Republic may continue to be, now is, under the sanction of Congress, great slave mart of the American Continent, consent that the general government, in acknowledged defiance of the Constitution laws, shall appoint throughout the length and breadth of your land, ten thousand censorial presses, each of whom shall have the right to inspect every document you may commit to Post Office, and to suppress every pamphlet newspaper, whether religious or political, in which his sovereign pleasure he may adjudge contain an incendiary article? Surely we do not remind you, that if you submit to such encroachment on your liberties, the days of Republic are numbered, and that although lionists may be the first, they will not be last victims offered at the shrine of arbitrary power.

ARTHUR TAPPAN, President. JOHN RANKIN, Treasurer. WILLIAM JAY, Sec. Fur. Cor. ELIZUR WRIGHT, Jr. Sec. Do. ABRAHAM L. COX, M. D. Rec. S. Members of the Executive Committee. LEWIS TAPPAN, JOSHUA LEAVITT, SAMUEL E. CORNISH, SIMON S. JOCELYN, THEODORE S. WRIGHT.

New York, Sept. 3d, 1835.

These men then tell us, that they intend to persevere in their audacious crusade against the South! Their paper is as false in fact as it is in argument. It is false, that the circulation of their incendiary publications has been extensively confined to the white people. It is notorious that copies have been addressed to people of colour. We know this to be a fact from the official letter of the Postmaster of our Richmond Post Office. Besides; why are any of their pamphlets disgraced with the most noxious cuts? Why are they decorated with scourges and chains, if they are not addressed to the senses of the black man who is unable to read their falsehoods? Yet these men have audacity to tell us that they deprecate all insurrections of the slaves! Nor are these men confined to arguments and facts—but they tell with the most impassioned appeals and with vilest lies and caricatures of Southern society. By their own confession, too, they would convert the public mail into a public nuisance, even admitting that they have sent no communications to the South, yet do they not confess that they have sent five packages of their paper to the desks of the South? Have they not sent on their Pandora's boxes of 2000 papers, to a citizen of Philadelphia for distribution, without knowledge or request? They have the impudence to add, that they respect the rights of Legislature, and that they would cherish the Union as an 'inestimable' blessing; yet they have done every thing in their power to destroy it. They have established presses to kindle the torch of discord, and they throw the torch into a flame which threatens to destroy the Temple of the Union itself. And still they

A BY-LAW.

For the better protection of the Public Pumps. BE it established and ordained, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common-Council of the City of Annapolis, That from and after the passage of this By-Law, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to cleanse Flesh, Fish, or Vegetables, at any of the Public Pumps, and for each and every such offence shall be fined in the sum of not more than one dollar, nor less than fifty cents, one half to the informer, and the residue to the Corporation; And be it further provided, that if the person or persons offending shall be slaves, that then and in that case the owner or owners of said slave or slaves shall be subject to the penalties aforesaid as herein provided.

D. CLAUDE Mayor. Sept. 17.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel County will meet at the Court House in the city of Annapolis on TUESDAY the 27th day of October next, for the purpose of hearing appeals, and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court.

By order, R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Sept. 17.—tw.

the erroneous folly to say, that they, who are not conversant with our civil institutions, and so ignorant of the very evil they depict and the remedy they propose, as to insist upon the immediate Abolition of our whole population, that are the only persons who are calculated to remove the chief danger of its dissolution. Why the impudence of these men is equalled only by their fanaticism. They tell us, too, that they will insist upon the Abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia, and upon the duty of Congress to efface so foul a blot from the National escutcheon!!

We cannot condescend to address any argument to such infuriated madmen as these—but when they go on to tell us, that they intend to prosecute their mischievous and nefarious designs—that they mean never to surrender the liberty of speech, of the press, and of conscience, upon a subject which belongs entirely to ourselves, under the solemn compact which binds these States together, that they will thrust themselves into our own households, and that like the frogs of Egypt, they will force themselves into our ovens and kneading troughs—When they proclaim in our ears, that they certainly have no intention to refrain from expressing their dangerous opinions in future, and urge upon us—and that they will continue to urge the Education of our Slaves, in spite of ourselves, turns, it does become us to address you, Dear Brethren of the North, a few words of soberness and truth.

Do you intend to permit these madmen to put down the edifice which was cemented with the blood of our forefathers—to destroy the noble Constitution which ever banished upon benighted man? We do not mean to threaten you, but your own good sense; the scenes that are passing around us, and the history of the strong-armed persons that have agitated human societies, ought to convince you that there is some, nay much danger, hovering over this blessed Union. See the train of events that have already arisen. We have strengthened our position. We have been compelled to interrupt the public markets. We have held public meetings, and organized committees of safety, as in the days of the Revolution, to what the footsteps of the enemies. The intercourse of our citizens has been subjected to a jealous surveillance. These measures are destined to increase with the cause that produced them. Do you not read the Resolutions of our meetings? Do you not feel the gathering whirlwind of the popular sentiment? Do you not see the propositions that are made to annihilate all the free people of color from amongst us—to cut off all intercourse and trade with the Abolitionists—to extend the prohibition to the towns which they inhabit—to transfer our dealing to other commercial cities? Do you not perceive that Lowell is to be put under the ban of the South? Do you not hear the hints that are openly made to give up the Union? Do you not see how the selfish politician, availing himself of the fury of the fanatics, as desperate in his fortunes as he is in his designs, willing to promote the purposes of his party at almost any expense, and almost ready to dissolve this Union sooner than submit to a Northern President, is anxious to raise the whirlwind and to direct the storm? Such will tell us, that the South can protect herself against almost every assailant, that we have less to fear from your enmity than from your embraces, that we can dispense with your manufactures and your shipping, and employ those of Great Britain.—If you can view these scenes with tranquility, it is more than we can. If you can despise the portents which these times carry with them, it is more than we, who are placed amid these agitating scenes, can possibly do. It may not be immediate nor imminent, but it will daily increase. The cloud will darken—the excitement will extend—the sense of our danger will augment the panic.—Factions will lash up to the apost. Some of the very men who have increased it for their own purposes, will be themselves unable to control the passions of others, and a scene may take place that will ring the heart of the Friends of Liberty throughout the world.

We then affectionately and most respectfully appeal to you, to awaken, and to assist us in saving our country from such deplorable consequences. In the words of Joseph R. Ingersoll, of Philadelphia, we say to you.

The unhappy conflict can be no longer shunned, and all however reluctantly they may enter into the lists, must be parties to it on the right side or on the wrong one. If the few will raise disturbances, it is for the many to put them down. If the few falsify the character and complexion of the community, give out ambiguous or deceitful voices, and under their neighborhood by proclaiming as the sentiments of all, the sentiments of a handful, it is for the many to come forth in the majesty of truth and the boldness of indignant patriotism, and rebuke themselves and all about them, (all except a dissident and misjudging few), from the reproach and degradation. Who will silently submit to be falsely considered a violator of the law—a promoter of civil discord—a stimulator of crime and havoc—of bloodshed?

We then earnestly beg your attention to the following essay. It is from the pen of a Virginian who is proud of the land of his birth—of an American, who is devoted to the Union.—and of a man who, like the eloquent H. of Philadelphia, has profoundly studied the Constitution of the country and the laws of human society. If public opinion among you is not sufficient, put down the Fanatics by more efficient measures. You should act as well as resolve. If necessary give us the use of your laws to restrain the conduct of our peace. Banish Thompson from the soil which he disgraces. Carry out the pledges of Portland and Philadelphia.

We look with much anxiety to the proceedings of the Legislature of Massachusetts, now in session, and we will with pleasure follow.

ing extract from the Speech of Lieut. Gov. Armstrong, delivered on the 2d instant.

In the full possession of all those blessings which are indicated by unsurpassed prosperity, abounding health, and undisturbed tranquility among ourselves, we see demonstrations of an unwonted excitability in some portions of the country, upon the subject of domestic slavery. To allay this excitement, by any suitable mode, seems obviously the duty of the philanthropist and the patriot. Our Constitution guarantees to each of the States the exclusive control and management of its own internal affairs. Whatever may be the opinions of the desirers of the People of Massachusetts, in regard to slavery as it exists in our country, it is most assuredly believed, that they are utterly opposed to the countenance of any measures having for their object the disturbance of the peace, or the abridgement of the constitutional rights of any of the States of this Union.

Whatever measures may be necessary now, or at any future period for the removal of the existing evils, must and should be referred to the prudence, justice and compassion of those who are most deeply interested in the results, awaiting their decision, and whose final accountability is to Him who has made of one blood all men. We have confidence that the decision to which our slave-holding countrymen shall ultimately come, will be founded in equity. We cherish the Union of these States as the chief of our political blessings, and as the pillar on which lean the hopes of those who are quickly to succeed us in the scenes of this world; for the perpetuity of this Union, we will readily acquiesce in sacrifices as large and liberal as duty does, or shall require. We firmly hold now, as in every vicissitude we have held, an unfeigned and unabated attachment to the Constitution of the country; that Constitution, which forms the basis of our nation's peace, honour and hope.

We say with Mr. Armstrong, let us allay this excitement by any suitable mode—and we can have nothing further to ask. We do most earnestly beg, in the name of our common country—in the name of that precious Union, which was bequeathed to us by our fathers—in the name of Liberty itself, which has made us the admiration of the world—that it may be mitable and efficient. It is hoped, that the Legislature of Massachusetts may calmly take up the subject, and provide the means of allaying all excitement, and removing all danger.

Upon this one point let us all agree. Let us be just to each other. THE UNION MUST BE PRESERVED.

The Globe states that the President has appointed James S. Hoxson, of Virginia, Secretary of the Territory of Michigan, Charles Shaler having declined the appointment. Mr. H. it is added, has accepted the appointment, and is now on his way to Detroit.

We are gratified to find the following paragraph in the National Intelligencer, on the subject of the difficulties between Ohio and Michigan:

Since the publication of yesterday's paper, we learn with great satisfaction, that there is less reason for apprehension of immediate collision between the authorities (and people) of Ohio and Michigan than we had supposed. The orders from the acting Governor of Michigan, under which volunteers were said to be on the march to the disputed Territory, appear to have been issued on the presumption that a force from Ohio would be in attendance to protect a Court about to be held. We learn, however, that no orders have been given by the Governor of Ohio to volunteers to march, as was supposed. We learn, moreover, that no Court would be attempted to be held under the authority of Ohio, either with or without the protection of a military force, the Court itself not being fully organized, no Sheriff having been yet appointed for the new county.

Let us hope, then, that the apprehended storm will yet blow over.

GARRISON AND THOMPSON.

We understand that a slight ebullition of the popular feeling towards these reformers was exhibited in this city on Thursday night. Mr. Thompson arrived in town in the evening and lodged in the house of Mr. Garrison in Brighton-street. On the following morning it was found that a gallows had been erected during the night, opposite the door of the house, with two ropes suspended therefrom. On the cross bar was an inscription, *Judge Lynch's Law*.—When the fact came to the knowledge of the municipal authorities, it was ordered to be taken down. We hope that the authors of this proceeding will content themselves with this hint, and that they will not attempt to rival the acts of violence which have been witnessed in some other parts of the country.—*Boston Daily Ad.*

From the Mobile Register Sept.

Yesterday, the free blacks, who arrived here in the *Warsaw*, a week or two ago, produced much excitement in this community, and who were arrested for having in possession a number of incendiary papers, were taken from prison and re-shipped to New York in the same vessel. It is a subject of congratulation, that with the exception of the Lynch discipline inflicted in the first instance on that one of them upon whom circumstances seemed to fix plausibly, the suspicion of being an agent of mischief,—the whole affair was left where it rightfully belonged, in the hands of the constituted authorities. They have acted on their legal responsibility, and in following the dictates of their own judgment, upon the evidence before them, they have, properly, been unshaken by officious dictation from abroad.

HYMENEA!

Married, on Tuesday evening, the 8th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Wright, THOMAS G. PRATT, Esq. of Upper Marlboro', Prince George's county, to Miss ABIGAIL MACKENZIE, eldest daughter of Col. Robert W. Kent, of South River.

—on Wednesday morning, in this city, by the Rev. Mr. McElhinny, Mr. EDWARD BARBER, of Jno. to Miss ANNE BARBER.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Sunday morning, 8th inst. at Carroll's Quarters near Annapolis, Mrs. MARRALL, wife of William Nichols, of Wm. She has left an affectionate husband and several children, also a numerous circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn her loss.

—on Saturday, the 5th instant, of a bilious remittent fever complicated with an affection of the heart, in the 36th year of her age, at the residence of her father, in Anne Arundel county, Mrs. MARY ANN MARRICK, consort of the Rev. Richard H. Meeklen, of Baltimore, and eldest daughter of the Rev. Benjamin Hood, leaving a large family and numerous friends to lament their irreparable loss.

FIRST RATE CHINA, &c.

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at the Auction Room of Mr. Wm. McNeir, consisting of a quantity of first rate WHITE CHINA, GILT EDGED, and FANCY GILT, at reduced prices. Also an assortment of FANCY GOODS, such as BRITISH LACE, &c. The China will be for sale for a few days only.

JOHN BROCKLEHURST.

Sept. 17.—

NEW GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR, MERCHANT TAILOR, HAS just received, and is now opening at his new establishment, second door from his former place of business, a large and general assortment of Cloths, Cassimers and Vesting; selected in Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the greatest care. He invites his friends and the public to give him a call.

Sept. 17.—

Farmers Bank of Maryland, September 15, 1835.

THE President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland have declared a dividend of two and a half per cent. on the stock of the said Bank, for six months ending the 30th instant, and payable on or after the first Monday of October next, to stockholders on the Western Shore at 2 1/2 Bank of Annapolis, and to stockholders on the Eastern Shore at the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct sample order.

By order, SAM. MAYNARD, Cash.

Sept. 17—law G W R

The Gazette, and American Baltimore, will insert the above law G W.

ELECTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an Election will be held at the several places designated by law for holding elections in Anne Arundel county, on the first MONDAY of October next, for the purpose of electing Four Delegates to the next General Assembly of Maryland, and two Representatives, to represent the 4th Congressional District in the next Congress of the United States.

ROBERT WELCH, of Ben., Sh'rs.

Sept. 17.

IN CHANCERY.

4th Sept. 1835.

Alpheus W. Marriott, vs. Thomas Hammond and Philip Hammond.

THE object of the bill of complaint in this case is to obtain a decree for the sale of about four hundred acres of land, situate in Baltimore county, heretofore mortgaged to Thomas Hammond of Frederick county, by Philip Hammond of Baltimore county.

The bill states, that Philip Hammond of Baltimore county, became justly indebted by bond dated the fifth day of December 1832, to Thomas Hammond of Frederick county, in the sum of thirteen hundred and seventy-seven dollars, with legal interest—that the said Philip Hammond, in order to the better securing the payment of the principal sum of money in the said bond specified, with the lawful interest, in and by a certain deed of mortgage bearing date the day and year aforesaid, did grant, bargain, sell, alien, release, enfeoff and convey unto the said Thomas Hammond all the following described tracts of land in Baltimore county, consisting of part of the Resurvey on Gibbon and Rauler's Rairring, including the whole of the said Philip's land in Baltimore county—that on the thirteenth day of January 1834, the said Thomas Hammond made a bona fide assignment of said bond to Alpheus W. Marriott the complainant in this case—that said sum of thirteen hundred and seventy-seven dollars, and interest, secured by said mortgage, is now justly due and owing to the said Marriott, and that the said Philip Hammond hath hitherto neglected and refused to pay the said sum of money, and interest. The bill also states, that the said Philip Hammond resides beyond the limits of the State of Maryland.

It is thereupon ordered, that the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper once a week for three successive weeks, before the 10th day of October next, give notice to the said absent defendant of the substance and object of this bill, that he may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the fourth day of February next, to shew cause, if any he has, why a decree shall not be passed as prayed.

True copy—Test, RAMSAY WATERS, Reg. Cbr. Can.

Sept. 10.

A BY-LAW.

Providing for the Grading, Paving, and Curbing of certain Streets and Public Places in the City of Annapolis.

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Annapolis and by the authority of the same, That the city Commissioners, be and they are hereby authorized to cause that part of the church circle, attached to the church enclosures, which has not been graded, curbed and paved, to be graded, curbed and paved, and also that part of the State House Circle, adjoining the private lots thereon, which has not been graded, curbed and paved, to be graded and curbed.

And be it further established and ordained, That it shall be the duty of each and every person claiming any lot or part of a lot, bounding on the aforesaid part of the State House Circle, to cause the same to be paved out to the curb line on said streets and public places, and to be laid in good red paving brick in such manner as the Commissioners for curbing said streets, or a majority of them, shall direct.

And be it further established and ordained, That it shall be the duty of the city Commissioners aforesaid, to notify each occupant of any lot or part of a lot on the aforesaid part of the State House Circle, to have the same paved as provided in the second section of this by-law, and under the direction of the said Commissioners, within such time as the said Commissioners or a majority of them shall limit and appoint, and in case any person holding any such lot or part of a lot, shall neglect or refuse to pave the same within ninety days after the expiration of the time limited by the said Commissioners, such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars for each and every week that he, she or they shall suffer the same to remain unpaved, to be recovered in the same manner as other penalties, and applied to the use of the Corporation.

And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in all cases when the owner of any such lot or lots shall be a non-resident, and the tenant or occupier shall neglect or refuse to pave the same within such time as said Commissioners, in their secretions, may limit and appoint, it shall be the duty of the said Commissioners to have the same paved at the expense of the Corporation, and it shall be the duty of the said Commissioners to make a just account of such expense, and return a true copy of the same to the Corporation, and the said Commissioners for their services shall receive a commission of ten per centum on the amount of said expenses.

And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the Corporation, in case of a violation of the provisions of the fourth section of this by-law, to cause process of attachment to be issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, for the recovery of the same as justly due, and every non-resident.

And be it further established and ordained, That the city Commissioners cause the front of the lot owned and occupied by the Methodist Episcopal Society, for a meeting house, to be paved with bricks of the same width as of the circle, at the expense of the Corporation.

Sept. 17. / D. CLAUDE, Mayor.

A BY-LAW.

To explain a By-Law passed 11th August, 1834, to license and regulate Carriages of pleasure and Carts.

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the By-Law passed 11th August, 1834, to license and regulate Carriages of pleasure and Carts, be so far repealed as to exclude from its operation the Carts of individuals which are exclusively used for their own private use.

Sept. 17. / D. CLAUDE, Mayor.

A BY-LAW.

For the further protection of Public Property.

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That if any person or persons shall wilfully break, pull down, hurt or destroy, any tree or trees, which are now or may hereafter be planted in any of the streets, or other public places of the city aforesaid, or injure the fence or inclosure of any property belonging to the city aforesaid, said person or persons so offending, shall forfeit and pay a sum not more than ten dollars, and not less than one dollar, for every offence, to be recovered as other fines are, one half for the use of the Corporation, and the other half to the informer, and if the offender be a slave, and the owner refuse or neglect to pay the fine imposed, he shall be subject to be publicly whipped, not exceeding thirty-nine lashes, at the discretion of the authority before whom the case is tried.

Sept. 17. / D. CLAUDE, Mayor.

MAGNIFICENT!

\$30,000! 25 OF \$1,000!!

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY,

For the benefit of the Dismal Swamp Canal Company.

CLASS No. 19, for 1835.

To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. Sept. 19, 1835.

75 No. Lottery—13 Drawn Balloets.

Tickets \$10 00, Shares in proportion.

Tickets and Shares for sale at **DUBOIS' LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,** (Church-street, Annapolis.)

Sept. 10.

MR. AND MRS. HAMILTON'S

Boarding School for Young Ladies, Corner of Saratoga and Courtland Streets, BALTIMORE.

Will be re-opened on the first day of September next.

MR. and MRS. H. have provided their Seminary with every apparatus necessary to illustrate their instructions. Their Philosophical Apparatus is equal to any that can be found in private seminaries in this country, and their Chemical is sufficiently extensive to illustrate any subject treated upon in the text books of the school. Their Cabinet of Minerals, though small, contains upwards of 700 specimens. Their Seminary is also furnished with an Armillary Sphere, Cary's, Wilson's, and Gardner's Globes, several Pianos and a Harp; the instruments they possess are the best they could procure in this country, or in England.

The Library contains upwards of 2000 volumes, connected with the studies pursued in the school, to which the young ladies have access.

In all the departments the most competent teachers are engaged, whose instructions are given under the immediate eye of the principals.

The course of instruction is carried on in a regular system of academic studies, embracing all the scientific and ornamental branches.

Parents and Guardians who wish more particular information can obtain prospectus of the Seminary, by sending (post paid,) to the Principals.

August 20—St.

CHANCERY SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at Charles Water's Store, on TUESDAY 22d September next, at 11 o'clock A. M. all the Real Estate of the late John Ashpaw, deceased, consisting of parts of the tracts or parcels of Land called "Croucher's Forest;" "George's Luck," and "Gusnell's Choice;" and containing 300 ACRES OF LAND, more or less. This land lies near the head of Curtis' Creek, and from its vicinity to Baltimore would be eligible as a Market Farm.

Persons desirous to purchase are requested to view the premises before the sale.

The terms of Sale are, That one fourth of the purchase money be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in six, nine, and twelve months from the day of sale, with interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by bond with security to be approved by the Trustee.

ROBERT WELCH, of Ben., Trustee.

Aug. 27.

NOTICE.

SEALED Proposals will be received by the subscriber until the 21st of September next, for the delivery at Fort Severn, Annapolis, Md., of 150 CORDS of best upland Oak Wood, to measure full four feet in length, and sufficiently straight, and free from large knots, so as to pile compactly; the expense of cording and inspection, to be borne by the Contractor.

S. B. DUSENBERRY, Assist. Quar. Master.

Sept. 3.

"SIX MONTHS IN A CONVENT;"

Or the Narrative of REBECCA FLEMING FRED who was under the influence of the Roman Catholics about two years, and an inmate of the Ursuline Convent on Mount Benedict, Charlestown, Mass.

An Answer to Six Months in a Convent, By the LADY SUPERIOR.

The above Books have just been received and are for sale by the subscriber.

F. M. JARBOE, Church street, Annapolis.

July 5.

A BY-LAW.

Compensating the City Commissioners.

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority aforesaid, That the acting City Commissioner shall be entitled to receive for his services, for the year 1835, at the rate of 150 dollars per year.

Sept. 10. / D. CLAUDE, Mayor.

THE CULTIVATOR

Is a monthly publication of 16 quarto pages, and comprises about 200 pages in a volume, published at Albany, by the New York State Agricultural Society. It is exclusively devoted to Agriculture and the Improvement of Youth. The publishing committee are J. Buel, J. P. Beekman, and J. D. Wasson. The object of the publication is to disseminate useful information, among the agricultural community, in the cheapest practicable form; and the success of the undertaking, and the character of the paper, are indicated by the fact, that before its 1st volume was completed its subscribers exceeded eleven thousand, and comprised residents of twenty-one of the United States.

The second volume was commenced in March. The pages are so enlarged, that each number contains as much matter as eighteen pages of the first volume. It contains many engravings and cuts, executed by good artists, illustrative of implements, animals and operations of husbandry. Price FIFTY CENTS per annum. The postage will not exceed 18 cents per year to any part of the Union.

The first volume will continue to be furnished at 50 cents a single copy. Communications to be addressed to J. Buel, Albany, N. Y.

Subscriptions received by A. Cowan, at this office, where a specimen of the work can be seen.

Aug. 27.

THE SACRED CLASSICS.

The subscriber has made arrangements to republish as fast as they are received from England, Series of the standard Theological works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS,

OR CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY.

With an original introductory essay to each author. Edited by **RICHARD COTTERMOLE, B. D.** and the **REV. HENRY STEBBING, M. A.** The following is the Advertisement of the London Publishers:

UNIFORM IN SIZE WITH DR. LARDNER'S CYCLOPEDIA, THE SUNDAY LIBRARY, &c.

PRICE ONLY THREE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE. On the 1st of January, 1834, will be published Vol. I. of a Series of the Standard Theological Works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS,

OR CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY: With an original Introductory Essay to each Author.

EDITED BY

THE REV. RICH'D. COTTERMOLE, B. D.

AND

THE REV. HENRY STEBBING, M. A.

To other countries as well as England, in a Sacred Library. The greatest Poets and Philosophers have shared with her Divines, in the study and explanation of the Scriptures. The Christian Divines have been distinguished by the copiousness and lucidity of their learning.

The series of works thus given to the Christian Church of England has, through a variety of circumstances, been happily preserved from falling into the hands of our "Sacerdotal Clergy," as a well of truth and consolation, as open to the general reader as to the most profound student.

It is intended to comprise in this collection, the best works of all the most celebrated writers, whose labours have been devoted to the elucidation and practical enforcement of the principles of revealed truth, whether in their application to the immortal interests of individuals or to the order and well-being of society. Treatises on the Doctrines, Morality and Evidences of Christianity, which have received the permanent sanction of a general approbation; select Sermons of the most eminent Divines; the most interesting specimens of Religious Biography; and the choicest examples of Devotional and Sacred Poetry, will succeed each other in the order which may be judged most conducive to the benefit and gratification of the reader.

To the production of each volume or to each separate production, as the case may seem to require, will be prefixed an Introductory Essay, pointing out the characteristic excellences and, in some instances, comprehending a biographical sketch of the Author, with remarks on the state of religion in his times.

It is the desire of the Proprietors, in undertaking this *Cabinet Library of Divinity*, to present the collection to the public at such a price, that he who purchases at present the cheapest of ephemeral publications, may, for the same money, possess himself of works which cannot fail to afford him guidance and support in the highest exercises of his faculties, and under every vicissitude of life.

The work will be handsomely printed in Foolscap 8vo. on good paper, cold-pressed, neatly bound in Morocco Cloth, lettered and published (in Volumes of about 400 pages each) on the first day of every month. Price, Three Shillings and Sixpence.

Forming the cheapest series of works ever offered to the public.

The following names of Authors whose works are intended for publication is submitted in evidence of the impartiality of the selection:

Jeremy Taylor, Bates, Boyle, Baxter, Owen, Colbatch, Thomas A. Kempis, Burnet, Howe, Butler, Wilson, Bunyan, Fenelon, Doddridge, South, Hall, Hammond, Barrow, Filastou, Saerbeck, Jortin, Farndon, Horsley, Hays, Southwell, Porteus, Locke, Ligonier, Cave, Chillingworth, Hall, Jewel, Johnson, Flavel, Charnock, Wesley, Scudder, Watts, Law, Parnson, Waterland, Waterhouse, Balguy, Pearson, Ken, Newton, Sturtevant, Whitby, Hammond, Burkitt, Heber, Donne, Merrett, &c. &c.

Vol. I. (to be published in the 1st of January) will contain

THE LIBERTY OF PROPHECYING, by Jeremy Taylor—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Richard Cottermole, B. D.

Vol. II. (to be published on the 1st of February) will contain

GAVE'S LIVES OF THE APOSTLES—with Notes, and an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Henry Stebbing, M. A.

Vol. III. (to be published in the 1st of March) will contain

BATES'S SPIRITUAL PERFECTION, UNFOLDED AND ENFORCED—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. John Pye Smith, D. D.

LONDON: John Hatchard and Son; Piccadilly; Whittaker & Co. Ave Maria Lane; Simpkin & Marshall, Stationers' Court; D. A. Talboys, Oxford; J. & J. Deighton, Cambridge; Oliver & Boyd, Edinburgh; and J. Cumming, Dublin

And to be had of every Bookseller throughout the Kingdom. March 4th, 1834.

The English copy will cost, in England, about ten dollars. We propose to issue the American edition, under the superintendence of a learned American clergyman, in weekly numbers, on a single sheet of superfine paper, giving ninety-six large 12mo. pages, to be folded and stitched, and covered with strong envelope paper, at the rate of five dollars per annum.

DUFF GREEN,

March 27

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of William J. McPherson, at suit of John Jones, Andrew Aldridge, and Benjamin D. Higgin, and Elisha Davis use of John Jones, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, both at law and in equity, of said William McPherson, of, in and to, one Negro Man by the name of James, one Boy named Philip, and one Negro Woman named Nancy, and on THURSDAY, the 17th day of September next, at Tracy's Landing, I will proceed to sell the said Negroes to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

R. WELCH, of Ben. F. A. A. County.

NOVEL MODE OF CLUBBING. WALDIE'S LIBRARY, PORT FOLIO AND MUSEUM.

As the publications now issued from the office of the Select Circulating Library are of a highly popular cast, and of a character to be appreciated by the educated portions of the community, and to circulate every where, by concert with the proprietor of the Museum, that work, the Port Folio and Library, are offered to those who take the three on the following conditions, viz:

1. Those who have paid or now pay \$5 for the Library, shall receive the Museum and Port Folio, the price of which separate is \$3, on the payment of \$7.
2. Those who have paid or now pay \$6 for the Museum, shall receive the Library and Port Folio, the price of which is separately \$8, on the payment of \$6.
3. Those who have paid or now pay for the Port Folio, shall receive the Library and Museum on paying such a sum as will be equal to \$12 on the whole.
4. The Circulating Library and Museum, will be sent to the same address on the payment of \$10.

REMARKS.—The three works thus issued together, comprise a greater amount of the current literature of the age, than is issued in a periodical form from any other office in the United States, and will, the proprietor believes, supply to families all the advantages which could be furnished in a most extensive reading room in one of our Atlantic cities. In the Library the newest and best books are regularly published; in the Museum and Port Folio it has been found by experience that every thing we could wish to copy from the entire British literary periodicals, omitting mostly the political articles, can be rapidly issued. These publications embrace so much that is desirable to be known, and are so generally perused in the best circles in America, that to be without either is to drop a link in the literary chain. They are all under the control of one mind, and therefore the reader will very rarely be compelled to pay for the same matter twice, as they are independent of each other, complete in themselves, and free in general from any repetitions of the same articles.

These views the proprietor respectfully throws out for the consideration of the friends of sound and wholesome literature.

ADAM WALDIE,

207 Chestnut-street, Philad.

PROSPECTUS of the Extra Globe.

THE undersigned propose to issue the first number of a new series of the EXTRA GLOBE, on Monday, the 25th of May next, and to publish it weekly for six months, making twenty six numbers; the last to contain an Index to the whole. It will be printed upon fine double royal paper, made up in quarto form, like the Extra and Congressional Globes published by us last year. The 26 numbers will make 416 quarto royal pages.

It will contain the principal original articles of the Daily and Semi-Weekly Globes, notices of the public meetings, the elections, and public proceedings in every state in the Union, in relation to the canvass for the next Presidency—a contest which the indications of the present year will go far to decide.

The first number will contain the Proceedings of the Democratic National Convention, to be held at Baltimore on the 20th of next month. An excellent Reporter has already been engaged to report the Proceedings of the Convention, and the Speeches which may be made on the occasion.

We request the favour of those friends to whom this Prospectus may be sent, to circulate it, for the purpose of obtaining subscribers. A copy of the work will be sent to the newspapers that copy this Prospectus.

Subscribers should forward their names in time to reach us before the 25th May. If they do not, we may not be able to furnish them with all the numbers; because the work is put at so low a price, that we cannot afford to reprint any number that may be exhausted.

TERMS:

One Dollar per copy, in advance. Eleven copies will be furnished for Ten Dollars; twenty-two copies for Twenty Dollars, and so on in proportion.

The price of this paper is so low, that we cannot afford to open accounts with those who subscribe for it. Therefore, no attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompanies it.

BLAIR & RIVES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO the creditors of Thomas Mattingly, deceased, that the administrator will attend at the Register of Wills' Office in St. Mary's county, on Tuesday the 23rd day of September next, to make distribution of said deceased's estate, at which time and place the creditors are respectfully requested to attend with their claims, and the vouchers thereof, to receive their respective distributive shares.

L. E. BARBER, Adm'r.

Sept. 3.—3w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT an Election will be held at the Assembly Room on MONDAY the 5th day of October next for the purpose of electing Two Delegates from this city to the next General Assembly of this State, and also Two Representatives for the Fourth Congressional District in this State in the Congress of the United States.

G. H. DUVALL, Cl'k. Corporation.

STATE OF MARYLAND:—

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,

July 28th 1835.

ON application by petition of Mary Miller and Peter Miller, administrators of Peter Miller, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r.

Reg. Wills A. A. county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Peter Miller, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 28th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 28th day of July 1835.

MARY MILLER, Adm'rs.

PETER MILLER, } July 30.—6w.

COMPANION TO WALDIE'S LIBRARY.

The cheapest reprint from English Periodicals ever offered to the public.

BEFORE the Select Circulating Library had been long in existence, it was discovered that there was still something wanting—that many occurrences in the literary world must pass unknown, as regarded our agency, without an extension of the plan. To establish a fuller medium of communication and supply the desideratum, the Journal of Belles Lettres was added; which we have reason to believe has afforded general satisfaction. The very liberal patronage extended to the Library induced the proprietor to give that gratuitously as an evidence of his acknowledgments.

More extended experience has shown other desiderata which the "Companion" is intended to supply. While reading for the "Library" a large mass of material accumulates on the hands of the editor, of an interesting, entertaining, and instructive description, such as would properly come under the designation of *Magazines*, interspersed with the Reviews from the English Quarterlies. To publish every thing of this nature which we deem desirable would encroach too much on the columns of the "Library" designed for books, and yet to pass them by is constantly a subject of regret.

To concentrate, therefore, the publication of Books entire, Reviews, lists of new works, the choicest contributions to *Magazines*, &c. &c. the "Companion to Waldie's Library" will be offered to the patronage of the present subscribers and the public at large. It is believed that with the "Library," the "Journal," and the "Companion," such an acquaintance with the literature of the age may be cultivated as to leave little further to be desired. Being all published from the same office, more facility offers for subscribing, and having fewer people to deal with, mistakes are less liable to occur, and more readily corrected when they do. The short interval of two weeks between the publication of each number, it is thought too, will be an advantage over monthlies and quarterlies.

The following plan is respectfully submitted.

1. The "COMPANION" will contain the earliest possible reprints of the best matter in the British periodicals.

2. It will be issued every fortnight, and the form will be the same as that of the Library—each number containing sixteen pages—thus, every six months, giving thirteen numbers, which can be bound with the Library at little or no more expense, and making a better sized volume; and to those who do not take the Library itself, a volume every year, of 416 quarto pages of the size of the present.

3. The price will be three dollars for a subscriber—five dollars for two—and clubs five and upwards will be supplied at two dollars each.

4. As the work will not be commenced, unless a sufficient patronage be obtained, no payment is required at present, only the name, sent free of post. Those wishing

to support the publication will be pleased therefore to announce their intention as early as possible, as it is intended to commence the work on the first of January next. On the issuing of the second number payment will be expected, as its appearance will evince a sufficiency of patronage.

The proprietor of the "Select Circulating Library," fully aware from experience of the advantages to the public of the rapid diffusion of cheap and select literature, has been induced to add the important feature to the work, and of course leaves it optional with the present subscribers and others to take it or not.

It is confidently believed, that, with the attention on the part of the Editor, who has already at hand the material for such a work, all the really valuable matter of the English literary and amusing publications may be comprised in this form at a rate of subscription and postage, so trifling as scarcely to be felt. It will form the cheapest reprint of reviews and magazines ever attempted in any country; a comparison with others it were useless here to enter upon, the "Library" itself being the best test by which to judge of the difference between an octavo and a quarto page. It will be the study of the Editor to embody a record of the day, adapted to the wants of this country, which can have no competitor for value or cheapness; how far he is likely to do this he must leave at present to the decision of his readers.

Clubs of five individuals, who subscribe to the "Library" and "Companion" both, will obtain the two for six dollars, the postage (a very important consideration) to the most distant post office, on the two, will be one dollar and ninety five cents, divided into seventy eight payments, and half that sum for 100 miles or a less distance from Philadelphia, while the same matter, if the usual American reprints of reviews and magazines in octavo form would be eighteen dollars, and the postage as three to one. We make this assertion advisedly.

Subscriptions to the "Companion," will be taken either with or without the "Library."

The proprietor trusts that his punctuality and exactness in executing his part of the contract in the publication of the "Library," will be considered a sufficient guarantee of the completion of his proposed undertaking.

ADAM WALDIE.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, EASTON AND CAMBRIDGE.

The MARYLAND will go to Annapolis, Cambridge (by Castle Haven) and Easton on every Tuesday and Friday morning,

leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock, from the lower end Dugan's wharf, her usual place of starting.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

April 30.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY COURT,

April Term, 1835.

ON application by petition in writing, of Robert T. Mercer, to the Judges of Anne Arundel County Court, praying the benefit of the insolvent laws of the state of Maryland, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, (on oath so far as he could ascertain them,) being annexed to his said petition, and the said court being satisfied that the said Robert T. Mercer has resided in the state of Maryland for two years next preceding the date of his said petition, and having appointed Andrew Mercer trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said Robert T. Mercer, which said trustee has given bond in due form for the faithful performance of his trust, and the said Robert T. Mercer having executed a deed of conveyance to his said trustee for all his property, real, personal and mixed, and the said trustee having certified the delivery thereof to him, it is therefore hereby ordained and adjudged by the said court, that the said Robert T. Mercer be discharged from confinement, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis once a week for the term of three months, to appear before Anne Arundel County Court to be held in the city of Annapolis on the fourth Monday of October next, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Robert T. Mercer should not have the benefit of the said laws as prayed.

Test,

WM S. GREEN, Clk.

July 23.—3m.

\$100 REWARD.

RANAWAY on Thursday, the 25th day of July, from the subscriber, a Negro Man named

JOE SYMON,

who is very black, and aged about 38—5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; when spoken to is very polite; had on his working clothes, but took with him a variety of clothing. I will give the above reward if taken out of the State—and \$50 if taken in the State or County, and all reasonable expenses paid, if delivered to me, living on West River, or secured in jail, so that I get him again.

GEORGE GALE,

The Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; and the Baltimore Patriot, will please insert the above, and send their accounts to the West River Post Office.

July 30.

PRINTING

Neatly executed at this

OFFICE.

TO THE PRINTERS OF THE

UNITED STATES.

J. SPITALL,

WOOD LETTER CUTTER AND ENGRAVER,

No. 21, Franklin Place,

PHILADELPHIA.

RESPECTFULLY announces

to Printers of the United States, that he has commenced the manufacture of

WOOD LETTERS.

Wood Letters of every description from four to thirty-four lines Pica, or made to order on the shortest notice.

Ornamental Letters, of entirely new and most splendid patterns, for Heads of Newspapers, Title Lines, &c. &c. cut with the greatest accuracy in type metal or wood.

His type will be made of materials of the best assortment, well seasoned and prepared by machinery, invented for the purpose, which ensures the most exact adjustment.

Specimens will be published as early as possible.

Engravings on Wood.

Executed with neatness and promptitude.

Heads for Newspapers, Fac-similes, Ornamental and Plain Rules, &c. &c. cut with the greatest accuracy in type metal or wood.

Old cast metal cuts, ornaments, &c. engraved over, and made equal to new for their original cost.

A liberal discount for cash. Six months credit on the most approved security. Orders from the country promptly attended to. All letters must be post paid.

Editors of papers in the country who will give the above advertisement, a few insertions, and forward a paper containing the same to the advertiser, will be paid therefor in any of the above mentioned materials.

April 30.

MARYLAND COLONIZATION

JOURNAL.

PROSPECTUS.—The Board of Managers of the State Colonization Society and the Board of Managers of the State Fund have resolved to publish a quarterly journal for the purpose of diffusing information concerning the principles and progress of the Maryland plan of Colonization. The Journal will also contain occasional notices of the operations of the friends of Colonization in other parts of the Union. It will be published at least once a quarter, and sometimes oftener. Persons wishing to receive it regularly as published, may become subscribers by paying fifty cents per annum in advance. Donations for the support of the paper will be thankfully received. The friends of Colonization throughout the state will confer great favour by transmitting for the Journal any intelligence which may promote the cause it advocates.

All communications are to be directed to the "Maryland Colonization Journal, Office of the Maryland State Colonization Society, Baltimore."

June 4.

Anne Arundel County, St.

ON application to the subscriber, one of the Judges of the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, and state of Maryland, petition in writing of Edward Brookes, Anne Arundel county, stating that he is in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereon, on the terms therein mentioned; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Edward Brookes having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Edward Brookes having taken the path by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him and having appointed a trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Edward Brookes a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Edward Brookes be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne Arundel county, once a week for three months before the 4th Monday in October next to appear before the said County Court, at the Court House of said county, at ten o'clock of the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Edward Brookes should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed.

Given under my hand this 21st day of February, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and thirty five.

GIDEON WHITE.

FUNERALS.

The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has discontinued the Cabinet Making Business, and intends to confine himself to his future avocations to that of an UNDERTAKER.

All orders for Funerals will be attended at the shortest notice, either in the usual manner, or according to special direction.

He returns his thanks to the public for the patronage during the last twenty years, and hopes that his promptness and attention will continue to merit their favour.

WASHINGTON G. TUCKER.

Feb. 20.

land met but twice, and both times in presence of her husband. Towards the close of 1832 Bascral returned from Geneva, and went to Montpellier to take out a doctor's diploma. In going and returning he called on Madame Priolaud, and it was in one of those interviews, he states, that she proposed to him the project of putting themselves to death—a proposal which at first he looked upon as mere badinage, but which soon took irresistible possession of his mind. Resolutions were finally made to accomplish this object, and they parted in the end of February. They met again on the 4th of March at Poitiers, and 22d of March was the day fixed for the execution of their project. On the 17th of March they arrived in Paris, and went to lodge at an hotel as man and wife. On the evening fixed for the accomplishment of their horrible plan, Madame Priolaud ordered a foot bath to be brought into her chamber, and at 11 o'clock, every thing being ready, the horrible tragedy began. Bascral states that she then asked him to put an end to her life; upon which he bled her twice in her legs. She lost a great deal of blood, and would have fallen from the chair had he not supported her. After some time his strength failed, and she fell upon the floor, but he subsequently succeeded in placing her upon the bed, and they lay there side by side. The hours wore away, she still lived. He asked her if she wished to live; she said "No." He then asked her if she wished him to use the bistouri; she said she objected to the iron entering her heart. She had chosen blood-letting as the means to be used to deprive her of life, because she said she wished to see herself dying. After some further delay, he, with her own consent, gave her some acetate of morphine which he had provided, and then took a dose himself—they both suffered nausea and vertigo in consequence of taking the morphine, but its effects were not sufficiently powerful, and the bistouri was at length resorted to. He stabbed her once without effect; but on his inflicting a second and deeper wound she pressed his hand, and never moved afterwards. He then stabbed himself three times, but the wounds did not prove fatal. A friend of Bascral's named Cassemoussé, next morning received a letter which had been written by the former, who, in anticipation of death, had requested that he would see Madame Priolaud and himself buried in the same coffin—When Cassemoussé went to the room, and had the doors forced open, Bascral and his victim were stretched on the bed, the latter quite dead, and the former still living, though a stream of blood was issuing from a large wound in his left breast. Bascral having recovered from his wound, was on Saturday last brought to trial for the murder of Madame Priolaud. Great interest was excited in the court, which was crowded to excess by ladies anxious to hear the result of this romantic affair. After a long investigation, the jury returned a verdict of "Not Guilty." Bascral is described as being a young man, small in stature, with black hair and eyes, and of a pale countenance, expressive of deep settled melancholy.

CHANCERY,
4th Sept'r. 1835.

Thomas Hammond and Philip Hammond.
THE object of the bill of complaint in this case is, to obtain a decree for the sale of about four hundred acres of land, situate in Baltimore county, heretofore mortgaged to Thomas Hammond of Frederick county, by Philip Hammond of Baltimore county.

The bill states, that Philip Hammond of Baltimore county, became justly indebted by bond dated the 11th day of December 1832, to Thomas Hammond of Frederick county, in the sum of thirteen hundred and seventy-seven dollars, with legal interest—that the said Philip Hammond, in order to the better securing the payment of the principal sum of money in the said bond specified, with the lawful interest, in and by a certain deed of mortgage bearing date the day and year aforesaid, did grant, bargain, sell, alien, release, enfeoff and convey unto the said Thomas Hammond all the following described tracts of land in Baltimore county, consisting of part of the Reserve on ribbon and Rauler's Rairring, including the whole of the said Philip's land in Baltimore county—that on the thirtieth day of January 1834, the said Thomas Hammond made a bona fide assignment of the said bond to Alpheus W. Marriott the complainant in this case—that said sum of thirteen hundred and seventy-seven dollars, and interest, secured by said mortgage, is now justly due and owing to the said Marriott, and that the said Philip Hammond hath hitherto neglected and refused to pay the said sum of money, and interest. The bill also states, that the said Philip Hammond resides beyond the limits of the State of Maryland.

It is thereupon ordered, that the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper once a week for three successive weeks, before the 10th day of October next, give notice to the said absent defendant of the substance and object of this bill, that he may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the fourth day of February next, to shew cause, if any he has, why a decree shall not be passed as prayed.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.
Sept. 10.

A BY-LAW.
Compensating the City Commissioner.
BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority aforesaid, that the acting City Commissioner shall be entitled to receive for his services, for the year 1835, at the rate of 150 dollars per year.

D. CLAUDE, Mayor.
Sept. 10.

NOTICE.
The Commissioners for Anne Arundel County will meet at the Court House in the city of Annapolis on TUESDAY the 27th day of October next, for the purpose of hearing appeals, and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, September 24, 1835.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.
There will be preaching at this Church on Sunday next at half past ten. Vespers in the evening.

BARBACUE.
There will be a Barbecue near the Fork Bridge, in the 2d Election District, A. A. county, on Friday the 2d October, to which the Candidates for Congress, the Candidates for the Legislature, and the Public of all parties, are invited.
Sept. 24.

JAMES MURRAY, Esq. will be supported as a Delegate to the General Assembly by MANY VOTERS.

We are authorized to announce SPRIGG HARWOOD, Esq. as a Candidate for the next Legislature.

FOR CONGRESS.
Fourth District—Anne Arundel County and Cities of Annapolis and Baltimore.

- Van Buren.
ISAAC McKIM,
BENJAMIN C. HOWARD.
Anti Van Buren.
JAMES P. HEATH,
CHARLES R. STEWART.
Independent.
JOHN C. WEEBNS,
GEN'L. GEORGE H. STEUART.

DELEGATES TO ASSEMBLY.
ANNAPOLIS.

- Anti Van Buren.
NICHOLAS BREWER,
THOMAS DUCKETT.
ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.
Van Buren.
GRAFTON B. DUVALL,
EDWARD HAMMOND,
WESLEY LINTHICUM,
DR. ROBERT FRANKLIN.
Anti Van Buren.
LEONARD IGLEHART,
CHARLES S. RIDGELY,
Dr.—HOOD,
JOHN MERCER.

At a large and respectable meeting of the Voters of the City of Annapolis, friendly to the election of Isaac McKim, and Benjamin C. Howard, for Congress, held at the Assembly Room on Thursday evening last, RICHARD J. CRABB, Esq. was appointed Chairman, and John Nicholas Watkins Secretary.

On motion, the following resolutions were proposed, and adopted without a dissent:—
Resolved, That this meeting heartily concur in opinion with the friends of the Administration lately convened in the 5th Election District of Anne Arundel county, as to the necessity of organizing the party in favour of Martin Van Buren as President, and Richard M. Johnson as Vice President, of the United States.

Resolved, That Henry H. Harwood, Charles T. Flusser, Thomas Franklin, John H. T. Magruder, and Louis G. Gassaway, be a Committee of Correspondence for the city of Annapolis, to correspond with the like committees of the city of Baltimore and Anne Arundel county, or wherever it may promote the views of the party.

Resolved, That Wm. Bryan, Wm. Murdock, John T. Barber, Wm. Dawson, Jonathan Hutton, Philip C. Clayton, Jona. Pinkney, L. Coulter, Jas. Sands, Abijah Tyler, Wash. Elliott, Jas. Richardson, Samuel Richardson, John Maco, Edward P. Bowers, Thomas J. Parker, Alexander Duvall, John Nicholas Watkins, Nicholas H. Green, Robert B. Holt, Noah Porter, Wm. Harwood, Jas. H. Iglehart, and John Sullivan, be a Committee of Vigilance for the city of Annapolis.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Maryland Gazette, and Baltimore Republican.

RICHARD J. CRABB, Chairman.
JOHN NICHOLAS WATKINS, Sec'y.

DEPLORABLE ACCIDENT.
We learn from a friend that a party of young men, belonging to Stoneham in this State, went on a shooting excursion last Friday, and after having had their game cooked at a public house, it was proposed to amuse themselves with a sham fight. They accordingly commenced discharging their guns loaded with powder only, when one of the company, Mr. James Wilson, exclaimed that he was shot. His companions supposing him in jest, laughed at him, until on going to him, it was found that a ramrod, discharged from the gun of a Mr. Clough, who stood very near him, had struck him in the right side and passed entirely through his body, coming out at the left. At six o'clock, Friday evening, Mr. Wilson was living, but the physicians in attendance had no hope of his recovery. This melancholy result of carelessness should be a warning to avoid ever pointing a loaded gun towards another person. No true sportsman will ever be guilty of such folly.—*Boston Advocate.*

Correspondence of the Boston Atlas.
Concord, N. H. Sept. 12, 1835.

CAPITAL TRIAL—CONVICTION OF A BRAHAM PRESCOTT.
It may, perhaps, interest the people from New Hampshire, particularly from this neighbourhood, located in Boston, to learn through the Atlas, that Abraham Prescott (under an indictment since September, 1833, for the murder of

Mrs. Sally Cochran, at Pembroke, on Sunday, the 23d day of June, 1833, was this day declared by the Jury Guilty of the charge, and in all probability will suffer the punishment by law affixed to the crime, and it is the only offence which by the laws of New Hampshire is punishable with DEATH. The prisoner was indicted in September, 1833, and trial postponed to the ensuing February.—At that time, by reason of the inclement season, the difficulty in conveying aged witnesses to the town from the lower part of the State, and the non-attendance of gentlemen of the faculty attached to the Lunatic Hospitals of Charlestown, Pepperell and Worcester, the Court postponed the trial until September, 1834, and at that time, as you may be aware, a verdict of GUILTY was returned, after a full and fair trial of four days' duration; but from the fact that the jury were located at a public house, and through the remissness of the Deputy Sheriffs were not sufficiently removed from the conversation of the multitude, the verdict was set aside, and a new trial granted, which has just been concluded, commencing on Tuesday last. It was had last September in the North Meeting House; this term in the County Court House, except the arguments of counsel, and the charge, which were delivered in the Baptist Church.

This is one of the very few capital trials ever had in this State; and at both times has drawn crowded assemblages of people. Messrs. Ichabod Bartlett and Charles H. Poor, Esq's, counsel for the prisoner; the solicitor, John Whipple, Esq. and the Hon. George Sullivan for the State.

As this case, here and elsewhere, has created great interest; as it has drawn out a larger amount of facts touching insanity than almost any other on the judicial records of N. England, the books being with untiring industry searched for mono-mania, madness, morbid delusion, and insanity, I may not perhaps be thought to exceed the bounds of a letter, in stating that the prisoner then about 18 years old, living with Mr. Chaucey Cochran, in the adjoining town of Pembroke, arose early on Monday morning, the 6th of Jan. 1833, and with an axe proceeded to the sleeping room of Mr. Cochran, and inflicted, in the dark, several severe blows upon Mr. C. and his wife, nearly killing him and severely wounding his wife. He alarmed the mother of Mr. C. and stated that he believed he had done some injury; said that he arose in his sleep and did the deed; affected sorrow therefor, &c. &c. These facts were published at the time, and passed off as a remarkable case of "somnambulism." Prescott continued to live in the family, and on Sunday, June 23d, with a stake, in a retired part of a field, not a great distance from the house, smote down and killed Mrs. Cochran, young and beautiful, the mother of two children, the pride of her husband, a loved member of a rural neighbourhood in quiet New England. He proceeded to the house, and Mr. Cochran who was engaged reading Avery's trial, and for that reason had declined going into the field, and never ascertained the least suspicion of any kind against Prescott, hearing a moaning sound proceed from the back building, went and found P. seated upon the sill in the shed door, who said he killed Sally in the brook field—that he had the tooth-ache, and down upon a stump; something came over him, and when he had recovered found he had killed Mrs. C. Deceased had expressed a wish, it seems, about 9 o'clock, to step into an adjacent field and pick strawberries. Prisoner (Mrs. C. being engaged in the kitchen) went to Mr. C. and informed him to that effect; but he being engaged as above stated, declined, and Prescott, against whom neither C. nor wife suspected aught, accompanied her; and as is supposed, offered her violence in a retired part of the field. No house was in sight—it was a retired place, and yet a female might have gone as far as she did without shadowing her own character, or been thought wanting in perception, not sooner to have suspected the prisoner's motive. The body was dragged three or four rods by the head, into some bushes, and there found about 10 o'clock, by the astonished and weeping neighbours.

Messrs. Wyman, of the Insane Hospital Charlestown, Mr. Cutter, of Pepperell, and a gentleman connected with the Worcester Hospital, were present and examined at much length. The prisoner has been ably defended. The argument of the counsel and charge, occupied the Court from 9 o'clock, A. M. until 7, P. M.

GOOD AND TRUE.
A distinguished gentleman of Maine told us an anecdote a few days since, which is not only good in itself, but literally true, in our opinion, in its application to a great portion of our modern agitators. Gen. F. of that state, is a famous Abolitionist, and is so active in his labours in that behalf, that the negroes of that region look upon him as little less than a demigod. Upon a late occasion, he had made a thundering speech at an Abolition Conventicle, and Messieurs the "Gentlemen of Colour," got up a jollification, in order to do him due honour for the effort. A prominent member of the assemblage was called upon for a toast; and desirous of conveying the idea by the sentiment he should give, that the General, though he was a white man, was nevertheless full of sympathy for the negroes, he rose and gave the following: "Massa General F.—though he has a white skin, he got a black heart."—N. Y. Cour.

LETTER FROM DR. HUMPHREY.
We have been favoured with the perusal of a letter from President Humphrey, of Amherst College, to a gentleman in this town, from which we are permitted to make the following extract. It cannot fail to be read with interest. Dr. H. gives it as his opinion, that whatever difficulty there may seem to be in regard to the adjustment of the American Indemnity treaty, the

French have no serious notion of breaking lance with us about it; and that a war with the United States would distress the manufacturing population of France exceedingly, and put every thing even the throne, in jeopardy.—*Salon Landmark.*

PARIS, June 24th, 1835.
REVEREND AND DEAR SIR.—I have now been a week in this great and polished and wicked city, and have seen some of the most interesting places and things—such as the Statuary and Gallery of Paintings in the Louvre—the Garden of Plants—the Pere La Chaise—the King's Library—the Foundling Hospital—the Palace of the Luxembourg—Notre Dame—the Garden of the Tuileries, &c. &c.

My expectations were high, but I must say, that upon the whole, they are more than realized. The vast extent of the public buildings in Paris, and the richness and variety of its curiosities, both of nature and art, fill me with astonishment. The paintings, for example, in the Louvre; think of a gallery fifteen hundred feet in length, and the walls completely covered on both sides to the height of twenty feet, with the finest pieces of first masters. I spent two or three hours there the other day, and came out completely bewildered with the multitude and gorgeous splendor of the pictures. I intend to go once more, hope to bring away with me a more distinct impression of what I see.

When my American friends here ask me how I like Paris, my answer is, that I see more to admire and abhor than ever before in my life. Such vast libraries and galleries of the fine arts, open, free of expense, to citizens and strangers—such advantages for study and so cheap—such collections of curiosities in every department of natural history, and of ancient coins and medals and statues from all parts of the world—such palaces—such gardens—such churches—these are the things which excite not only your admiration but your astonishment.

But then, on the other hand, such wide spread infidelity—such popish idolatry—such an awful profanation of the Sabbath—such naked statues and paintings in all the most public places of resort—such abominable prints in a thousand shop windows—such wide spread and unblushing licentiousness—such an utter disregard, by thousands and tens of thousands, of all the most tender and sacred ties of human society—these are the things that make you shudder and weep and despair.

Those who have known Paris for many years, however, assure me, that the state of things is better than it was, or rather that it is not so bad. There is more gospel light and some piety. The Protestant churches are increasing in numbers and gaining strength.—There are six or seven places in the city, where the truth is preached; in some of them, with much earnestness and power. The number of those who mourn over the frightful desolations of the place is increasing. We know that this great and wicked nation will be converted; but when will it be? When can it be? With men it is impossible, but with God all things are possible.

You know the main object of my taking this long tour; and I am sure you will rejoice with me in many thanksgivings to God for his goodness and mercy.—The voyage was twenty-five days coast of medicine; but I presume it was none too long or thorough. I have been gaining in health ever since, and am now better than I have been at any time within the last three or four years. I cannot but hope, that by the month of October, when I expect to be again at my post, I shall be able to assume my labours with renewed strength and energy. My design was, to see the Alps and Geneva, and I do not entirely abandon the hope yet; but as I can find no one here, who is going to Switzerland soon enough for me, I think it most probable that I shall make my way from this to Brussels, and thence by Antwerp back to England, about which, if we live to meet again, I shall have a great deal to say.

FOREIGN.

LATER FROM EUROPE.
By the packet ship Havre, Capt. Depceyter, the Journal of Commerce has received Havre papers to the evening of August 16th, and Paris to the evening of the 14th, containing London dates to the evening of the 13th.

Sentence was pronounced by the Court of Peers on the Lyonsese insurgents, Aug. 13th. The bill relative to the Assizes passed the Chamber of Deputies on the 14th by a vote of 212 to 72. We do not find that the bill imposing restrictions upon the press, had been definitely acted upon.

London, August 12.—One of the reasons on which the present attack on the Press of France is justified is the support of the great body of the citizens. That is a distinct proof, however, that the agitating and Republican Press has no hold of the people, and may therefore with safety be despised. If it be universally condemned, and measures of rigour against it universally called for, it can neither be much read nor much admired. We have in fact heard, that the circulation of the Republican Journals are very small, and is continually declining. But for the continual prosecutions to which they have been subjected, they would have been wholly forgotten by this time. If they had not changed their politics or abated their violence, it is clear, from the present general attachment to repose, they would have found no readers. The malice of the Government has in fact made them of importance and kept them alive. As long as they were continually exposed to its attacks, they were made to appear its equals in the eyes of half the nation.

Condemned, despised, almost unpurchased and almost unread, as the Republican Journals now are, they are like a drunken man fallen helpless on the earth, whom nobody will help to set again upon his legs; and while they are in this condition the Government fall upon them,

beat them, insult them, and swear that they shall never get up any more. If the Government wished to enlist the active sympathy of the French in favour of the Republican press, and wished to place itself completely in the wrong, it could not do better than to mistreat and beat those who are already weak and down. To attack the fallen is cowardly, and to mistreat men side with the oppressed. The feelings of the Republican press, though now so severely received, will soon be forgotten in a new injury arising from the general resolutions, when indignation has gathered, on some occasion, to a head against the Government, and will be forcibly liberated, and will strike a deadly blow at the Orleans dynasty. We wish to see the Government of Louis Philip, but we see upon its present proceedings as cowardly, oppressive and impolitic, and as calculated to do nothing so certain as its own final extinction.
London Courier.

Paris, Aug. 13.—Marshal Soult is said to have come to Paris at the express desire of the King. This circumstance, added to the frequency of the audiences he has had of the Majesty since his return, has given rise to a rumor that he is about to enter the Ministry, and the Marshal Maison will resume his Embassy at St. Petersburg.

Though the first division of the Legion Foreigners did not sail from Algiers till the 1st inst. its arrival at Majorca has been already announced at Barcelona.

The Government has decided to send a reinforcement of cavalry to Algiers. Orders have been dispatched to several regiments for each of them to furnish a detachment of 20 men.

Address of the Americans in Paris to the King.
The following is the Address presented to the King by the numerous deputation from the Americans in Paris, on Sunday last:
"SIR.—The undersigned citizens of the United States, participating in the common grief which is felt at the presidential escape of Your Majesty from the murderous attempt lately made upon your life, beg leave to offer to your Majesty, and to the royal family, as well as to a French nation, their sincere congratulations. In doing this, they cannot withhold the expression of their abhorrence of the deep depravity in which that attempt originated, nor of the cordial sympathy with the friends and relatives of those who unhappily fell victims to it. They beg leave, at the same time, to express their earnest wishes for the happy prolongation your Majesty's life, and for the continued prosperity of the French nation."

His Majesty replied in these terms:
"Gentlemen,—I am much gratified by the congratulations of the Americans now residing in Paris. I wish, gentlemen, I could express to satisfaction how highly I appreciate your sentiments on the late horrid attempt; but you understand the feelings of my heart better than I can express them to you. Gentlemen, I adore your country, and I am deeply impressed with gratitude for the many acts of kindness extended to me when the stormy vicissitudes of my younger days drove me to seek an asylum in America; and I wish you may individually convey to your fellow citizens the feelings which I receive you, and the assurances of grateful recollection of the hospitality I have enjoyed among you during my residence in the United States, as well as the expression of sincere and hearty good wishes for the well and prosperity of your nation."

This reply, not less gratifying to the body whom it was addressed than honourable to generous recollections of the royal speaker, delivered by his majesty with a tone of cordiality and feeling, which was felt by every individual present. The deputation then its leave.

JUDGMENT OF THE PEERS.

In the case of the Prisoners Implicated in the disturbances of April, 1834.

The court of Peers assembled on the 13th pronounced sentence on the Lyonsese prisoners implicated in the insurrection of April, 1834. Seven of the prisoners have been condemned transportation for life; 2 to 20 years imprisonment; and the remainder to various terms of imprisonment, such as one, three, five, ten, and fifteen years. Nine of the prisoners have been acquitted.

The whole of the accused parties belong to the Lyons divisions have thus been disposed of, with the exception, however, of the *coaccusés*, with regard to whom the procurator general presented a requisitory, on which the court retired to deliberate. Immediately after judgment had been pronounced, the chief register of the court proceeded to the prison of the Luxembourg, and signified their sentences to the prisoners detained there. He then went to the prison of St. Pelagie, and executed the same office with regard to nineteen prisoners who were not in court during the latter part of proceedings.

RIOT AT BERLIN.—Serious riots occurred in the Prussian capital on the 3d August, and were repeated on the 15th.

The riots do not appear to have been connected with political questions.

SPAIN.
BORDEAUX, Aug. 11.—It is confidently expected that, in consequence of the mission of English Consul, Don Carlos has given orders all his battalions not to violate the treaty with Lord Elliot, but to exercise the propriety towards the prisoners. Extract of a letter from Madrid, dated July 29.—On 24th there was a violent disturbance at Alicante the populace shouting.—*The Constitutionnel* has given down with the Movement of Ferdinand! According to information obtained from the Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs, the Government is negotiating with our Government for the extradition of Isabella II as legitimate Queen of Spain. If Don Carlos loses this support, upon what can he rely? While his Holiness thus abandons Don Carlos to Providence, the Infante Don

charge, but happily the rioters were dispersed without the necessity of firing upon them. This has been the most serious disturbance ever seen at Berlin; those immediately after the revolution of 1830 were trifling in comparison. Those in November, 1832, on the entrance of the Prussian Royal, created no animosity between the people and the soldiery; but on this occasion, at least on the 3d, the troops were at one time nearly losing the mastery, and this has added considerably to the importance of the occurrence in a political point of view. The upper and middle classes of society are, however, indignant at the conduct of the populace, and will lend their aid to the Government if there should be a renewal of the disorders. We hope, however, they are at an end; and as a proof that they have not been considered of political importance, the funds have not been effected by them to-day any more than yesterday. The number of wounded is not known, nor is it certain that there have been any killed, though several persons have asserted that they saw some dead.

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FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

By the packet ship Napoleon, Captain Smith, the Journal of Commerce has received English papers to the 24th of August, inclusive. Col. Fairman, Secretary of the Orange Institution, was on the 20th, ordered to be committed to Newgate for refusing to produce certain documents in his possession demanded by the House. The affair produced, as may be imagined, a strong sensation, both within and without the halls of Parliament.

Handbills an ounce that Dr. Channing's short discourse against War, would be read in the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute at Plymouth, on the evening of the 20th. The object was, to prevent enlistments for the Spanish service. There is nothing important from Spain, unless it be the spread of the Anti-Convent outrage, which extends, in many cases, not only to the burning of the convents, but to the murder of more or less of the inmates.

The Paris Court of Peers closed their session as a judicial body on the 17th, having on that day passed sentence upon the remainder of the Lyonsese prisoners. The Chamber of Deputies were engaged on the Jury Bill.

An earthquake was felt in Lancashire, England, on the 20th. Halley's comet has been seen both in England and France. The cholera has made its appearance in Georgia.

Favourable news had been received at Cape Town, (South Africa), from the exploring expedition under Dr. Smith that had gone into the interior of the Continent.

The Budget.—On the 13th the Chancellor of the Exchequer brought forward his Budget. The income of the year ending the 5th of April next is estimated at £45,550,000; the expenditure will be £44,715,000, leaving a surplus of £835,000. Of this sum, however, between £800,000 and £700,000 will be required for the interest of the West India Compensation Loan, so that the total surplus available for the reduction of taxes will not exceed £150,000 or £200,000. The taxes to be reduced are the additional duty in soap last year on spirits licenses, where the quantity of spirits does not exceed fifty gallons annually; a reduction from sixpence to two-pence per pound on the manufacture of flat glass; and the removal of the stamp duty on awards in Ireland.

House of Commons, Aug. 10. Mr. Hume moved that Colonel Fairman, Deputy Grand Treasurer and Secretary of the Orange Institution of Great Britain, be called to the bar for refusing to produce to the committee on Orange institutions a letter-book which he admitted to be in his possession.

The motion having been agreed to, Colonel Fairman was brought to the bar, when he persisted in his refusal to produce the letter-book, on the ground that it was a private book of his own.

Mr. Wallace, member for Greenock, then moved that Colonel Fairman be taken into the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms, and carried to his house, where the Sergeant-at-Arms should seize the book, with such other papers as might be found there relating to Orange Lodges.

After a discussion, it was agreed, on motion of Mr. S. Rice, that Col. Fairman should be called to the bar and informed that the House was of opinion that he was bound to produce the book. Col. Fairman having been called in, was addressed by the speaker in the following terms:—It is my duty to inform you that the House is of opinion that you are bound to produce the book of which you have spoken in your evidence, and which you have declined to lay before the committee. Without adverting to a foundation of what you considered a point of honour, I am confident that when the House has come to the decision that you ought to produce the book you will forthwith comply, because you must be aware that the first duty of a witness, and one which supercedes all private and personal considerations, is to yield a prompt obedience to the pleasure of this House.

Colonel Fairman withdrew, and here the matter dropped for the present. Aug. 2.—Mr. Hume having reported that Colonel Fairman had refused to produce the book which the Orange Lodges Committee called for, moved that Colonel Fairman had been guilty of a breach of privilege. The motion having been carried, Mr. Hume moved that Colonel Fairman be committed to Newgate, which motion was agreed to.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Additional facilities have been given by the Bank of England to the money market this morning, by consenting to make advances on stock as well as on other approved securities, for a short period. The more immediate cause of this, a very unusual measure,

is said to be the very large amount of payments in full made on the scrip of the new loan, for conversion into stock, which was sensibly felt in the money market, and likely to lead to some further pressure upon it so as to make money inconveniently scarce.

FALMOUTH, Aug. 14.—This morning the Cumberland steamer, which left this port on the 8th inst. for Santander, returned after having landed 400 troops embarked from Glasgow, under the command of Col. Tupper. By this vessel we learn that Commodore Henley had recently made a capture of a Carlist Schooner, mounting 4 guns, and had taken her into Santander. On the days previously to the arrival of the Cumberland, the Carlist chief at the latter place had caused to be shot five French and one Polish officer, who had landed on some part of the coast with which they were unacquainted, and missed their way and on enquiring of a woman the direction of the Carlist camp, were betrayed by her to the garrison at Santander. The Lord Lynedoch transport had also arrived, and landed all well, the 500 troops embarked from the Isle of Dogs; and on the Cumberland's departure from Santander she left there three His Majesty's ship Castor, a French brig of War, and two Spanish men of war steam vessels.—No later news from the interior.

From the Monitor. The news from Spain is becoming more and more afflicting. At Mantoro, and upon several other points, there have been new risings of the people, accompanied by cries of "Death to the monks! Death to the nobles! Death to the rich! Long live liberty!" At Farragona the King's lieutenant and the town-major were massacred. Valencia has likewise been the theatre of deplorable excesses. At Barcelona numbers of proclamations are being issued. The inhabitants have been called upon to take up arms, in order to exterminate the Carlists, and second the popular movement. The inhabitants of Saragossa, governed by the junta, are awaiting patiently an answer to the demands addressed to them by the Government. It is affirmed that Don Carlos wishes now to direct all his efforts upon Castile.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Paris papers of the 20th and our correspondent's letter bring a variety of intelligence from the different parts of Spain, according to which the exasperation against the monks seems to be gaining ground over the whole surface of the country beyond Navarre and the Basque provinces. In the capital itself, tranquility remained uninterupted, but nothing was known of the measures that the Government would have thought it necessary to adopt under the extraordinary circumstances by which it was surrounded. Our letter from Barcelona supplies more information from that quarter than the paper before us.

The Indicture of Bordeaux of Aug. 15th, inst. states, a Spanish Cabinet Courier passed through that city on Thursday. When he left Madrid on the evening of the 9th, every thing was tranquil, and no attack had been made on the Queen Regent's authority.

The Monitor publishes the following despatches:—Don Carlos marched on the 10th in the direction of Vittoria. Cordova, who is at Lyons, directs all his movements. Three battalions of Carlists arrived on the 12th at Avoy; they talked of entering Aragon but I. Arizte, who arrived the same day at Pamplona with his column, and Guacros, who is at Arzajona with his division, are fully prepared to prevent them.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The tranquillity of Madrid had well nigh been seriously disturbed on the 5th inst. in consequence of a dispute between some Urbino and Royal Guards, in which one of the latter was killed. Two Urbino having been arrested on the occasion, their comrades turned out and tumultuously demanded their release, which was accordingly granted. A great crowd assembled round the building in which the prisoners were confined, and vociferated cries of "Death to the Ministers!" and "the wife of Honor!" and vivas for "liberty and the Constitution of 1812!" In the evening, however order was restored.

FRENCH COURT OF PEERS, Aug. 17. At 1 o'clock the Peers and the law officers of the Crown entered the court, and after the usual formalities the President proceeded to read the judgment agreed upon in their previous sitting with closed doors upon the remainder of the prisoners implicated in the charges arising out of the insurrection at Lyons, who had refused to plead. The penalties pronounced by this judgment are, transportation for some, and an imprisonment of 20, 15, 10, and a lesser number of years for others.

OBITUARY. Died, on the 18th day of May last, in Montecello, Alabama, after a short illness, leaving a wife and four children, Mr. ALLEN NICHOLS, formerly of this city.

DR. C. H. STEELE OFFERS his Professional Services to the Public. Office adjoining Mrs. Loucker-man's residence. Sept. 24.

NOTICE. Those Persons entitled to a distributive Share of the Personal Estate of the late Benjamin Harwood, are informed that a FIRM DIVIDEND has been struck, which will be paid to them on application to H. H. Harwood, at the Farmers Bank of Maryland. HENRY H. HARWOOD, Surv'g. Adm'r. of B. Harwood. Sept. 24.

FIRST RATE CHINA, &c. JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at the Auction Room of Mr. Wm. McNeir, consisting of a quantity of first rate WHITE CHINA, GILT EDGED, and FANCY GILT, at reduced prices. Also an assortment of FANCY GOODS, such as BRITISH LACE, &c. The China will be for sale for a few days only. JOHN BROCKLEHURST. Sept. 17.

NOTICE. THE subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the estate of Richard Harwood, of Thomas, late of said county, deceased. Persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payments—Creditors are also desired to present their claims with the vouchers thereof, as early as practicable to THOS. S. ALEXANDER. Sept. 24.—lawSw.

NOTICE. THE Commissioners of Primary Schools for Anne Arundel County, will meet at the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of October next, at 10 o'clock P. M. The Trustees of the several school districts are earnestly requested to forward their Reports to the Secretary at as early a day after the 1st of October as practicable. When sent by mail the postage must be paid. Those who are not supplied with the Blank Printed Reports can procure them on application to the subscriber. JNO. RIDOUT, Sec'y. Sept. 24.

CAPITAL PRIZE \$10,000. 100 PRIZES OF \$500! GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY, EXTRA CLASS No. 7 for 1835. To be drawn at Washington, Monday, Sept. 28, 1835. Yates and McIntyre, Managers.

SPLENDID SCHEMES.	
1 prize of	\$10,000
1 prize of	3,000
1 prize of	2,000
1 prize of	2,000
1 prize of	1,263
100 prizes of	500
20 prizes of	200
20 prizes of	150
2 prizes of	100
64 prizes of	50
64 prizes of	40
64 prizes of	30
64 prizes of	20
128 prizes of	16
128 prizes of	12
3008 prizes of	8
22176 prizes of	4

25-16 prizes, am'tg. to \$202,375
Tickets \$4 00, Shares in proportion.
Tickets and Shares for sale at
DUBOIS
LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,
(Church street, Annapolis.)
Sept. 24.

NEW GOODS. GEORGE McNEIR, MERCHANT TAILOR, HAS just received, and is now opening at his new establishment, second door from his former place of business, a large and general assortment of
Cloth, Cassimers and Vestings
selected in Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the greatest care. He invites his friends and the public to give him a call. Sept. 17.—B.

ELECTION. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an Election will be held at the several places designated by law for holding elections in Anne Arundel county, on the first MONDAY of October next, for the purpose of electing Four Delegates to the next General Assembly of Maryland, and two Representatives, to represent the 4th Congressional District in the next Congress of the United States.
ROBERT WELCH, of Ben., S.M.R. Sept. 17.

MR. AND MRS. HAMILTON'S BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, Corner of Saratoga and Courtland Streets, BALTIMORE, Will be re-opened on the first day of September next. MR. and MRS. H. have provided their Seminary with every apparatus necessary to illustrate their instruction. Their Philosophical Apparatus is equal to any that can be found in private seminaries in this country, and their Chemical is sufficiently extensive to illustrate any subject treated upon in the text books of the school. Their Cabinet of Minerals, though small, contains upwards of 700 specimens. Their Seminary is also furnished with an Armillary Sphere, Cary's, Wilson's, and Gardner's Globes, several Pianos and a Harp; the instruments they possess are the best they could procure in this country, or in England.

The library contains upwards of 2000 volumes, connected with the studies pursued in the school, to which the young ladies have access. In all the departments the most competent teachers are engaged, whose instructions are given under the immediate eye of the principals. The course of instruction is carried on in a regular system of academic studies, embracing all the scientific and ornamental branches.

Parents and Guardians who wish more particular information can obtain a prospectus of the Seminary, by sending, (post paid,) to the Principals.
August 20—86. 5

A BY-LAW. BE it established and ordained, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the city Commissioners, be and they are hereby authorized to cause that part of the church circle, attached to the church enclosures, which has not been graded, curbed and paved, and also that part of the State House Circle, adjoining the private lots thereon, which has not been graded, curbed and paved, to be graded and curbed. And be it established and ordained, That it shall be the duty of each and every person, claiming any lot or part of a lot, bounding on the aforesaid part of the State House Circle, to cause the same to be paved out to the curb line on said streets and public places, and to be laid in good red paving brick in such manner as the Commissioners for curbing said streets, or a majority of them, shall direct. And be it further established and ordained, that it shall be the duty of the city Commissioners aforesaid, to notify each occupant of any lot or part of a lot on the aforesaid part of the State House Circle, to have the same paved as provided in the second section of this by-law, and under the direction of the said Commissioners, within such time as the said Commissioners or a majority of them shall limit and appoint, and in case any person holding any such lot or part of a lot, shall neglect or refuse to pave the same within ninety days after the expiration of the time limited by the said Commissioners, such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars for each and every week that he, she or they shall suffer the same to remain unpaved, to be recovered in the same manner as other penalties, and applied to the use of the corporation.

And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in all cases when the owner of any such lot or lots shall be a non-resident, and the tenant or occupier shall neglect or refuse to pave the same within such time as said Commissioners, in their discretion, may limit and appoint, it shall be the duty of the said Commissioners to have the same paved at the expense of the Corporation, and it shall be the duty of the said Commissioners to make a just account of such expense, and return a true copy of the same to the Corporation, and the said Commissioners for their services shall receive a commission of ten per centum on the amount of said expenses.

And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the Corporation, in case of a violation of the provisions of the fourth section of this by-law, to cause process of attachment to be issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, for the recovery of the same against each and every non-resident. And be it further established and ordained, That the city Commissioners cause the front of the lot owned and occupied by the Methodist Episcopal Society, for a meeting house, to be paved with bricks of the same width as of the circle, at the expense of the Corporation.
Sept. 17. 2 D. CLAUDE, Mayor.

A BY-LAW. BE it established and ordained, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That if any person or persons shall wilfully break, pull down, hurt or destroy, any tree or trees, which are now or may hereafter be planted in any of the streets, or other public places of the city aforesaid, or injure the fence or inclosure of any property belonging to the city aforesaid, said person or persons so offending, shall forfeit and pay a sum not more than ten dollars, and not less than one dollar, for every offence, to be recovered as other fines are, one half for the use of the Corporation, and the other half to the informer, and if the offender be a slave, and the owner refuse or neglect to pay the fine imposed, he shall be subject to be publicly whipped, not exceeding thirty-nine lashes, at the discretion of the authority before whom the case is tried.
Sept. 17. 2 D. CLAUDE, Mayor.

"SIX MONTHS IN A CONVENT!" Or the Narrative of HENRICKA THURMBA REED who was under the influence of the Roman Catholics about two years, and an inmate of the Ursuline Convent on Mount Benedict, Charlestown, Mass.
An Answer to Six months in a Convent, By the LADY SUPERIOR. The above Books have just been received and are for sale by the subscriber.
F. M. JARBOE, Church street, Annapolis. July 2.

A BY-LAW. BE it established and ordained, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Annapolis, That from and after the passage of this By-Law, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to cleanse Flesh, Fish, or Vegetables, at any of the Public Pumps, and for each and every such offence shall be fined the sum of not more than one dollar, nor less than fifty cents, one half to the informer, and the residue to the Corporation; And be it further provided, that if the person or persons so offending shall be slaves, that then and in that case the owner or owners of said slave or slaves shall be subject to the penalties aforesaid as herein provided.
Sept. 17. 2 D. CLAUDE Mayor.

THE SACRED CLASSICS

The subscriber has made arrangements to republish as fast as they are received from England, Series of the standard Theological works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS,

CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY.

With an original introductory essay to each author. Edited by RICHARD CATTERMOLK, B. D. and the Rev. HENRY STEBBING, M. A. The following is the Advertisement of the London Publisher:

UNIFORM IN SIZE WITH DR. LARDNER'S CYCLOPEDIA, THE SUNDAY LIBRARY, &c.

PRIOR ONLY THREE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE. On the 1st of January, 1834, will be published Vol. I. of a Series of the Standard Theological Works of England, under the general title of

THE SACRED CLASSICS,

OR, CABINET LIBRARY OF DIVINITY:

With an original Introductory Essay to each Author.

EDITED BY

THE REV. RICH'D. CATTERMOLK, B. D.

AND

THE REV. HENRY STEBBING, M. A.

Our country is so rich in England in Sacred Literature. Her greatest Poets and Philosophers have shared with her Divines in setting forth and establishing the truths of Revelation, while her Divines have been distinguished alike by the copiousness and the depth of their learning.

The success of a character thus given to the standard Theology of England has, through a variety of circumstances, been happily preserved. It has not only retained its merits, but it has also acquired a wider and more general readership than it ever possessed.

It is the desire of the Proprietors, in undertaking this Collection, to present the collection to the public at such a price, that the few purchases at present the extent of economical publications, may, for the same money, possess a greater amount of work than cannot fail to afford guidance and support in the higher branches of his faculties, and under every vicissitude of life.

The work will be handsomely printed in Foolscap 8vo. on good paper, collated, neatly bound in Morocco Cloth, lettered, and published (in Volumes of about 400 pages each) on the first day of every month. Price, Three Shillings and Sixpence.

Forming the cheapest series of works ever offered to the public.

The following names of Authors whose works are intended for publication, is submitted to the consideration of the Proprietors:

Jeremy Taylor, Bates, Boyle, Baxter, Owen, Giddens, Thomas A. Kempis, Burnet, Howe, Butler, Wilkins, Bunyan, Fenelon, Doddridge, Keble, Walsby, Hammond, Barrow, Tillotson, Southey, Jortin, Farinon, Horsley, Hales, Southey, Parsons, Locke, Ledgion, Cava, Southey, the Hall, Jewel, Jackson, Flavel, Chauncy, Wesley, Skelton, Watts, Lowth, Rouse, Waterland, Whitehead, Balguy, Parsons, Keble, Newton, Staehlepe, Whitby, Howland, Burt, Keble, Doune, Merdley, &c. &c.

Vol. I. to be published on the 1st of January, 1834, will contain

THE LIBERTY OF PROPHECYING, by Jeremy Taylor—with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Richard Cattermole, B. D.

Vol. II. to be published on the 1st of February, will contain

SAVE'S LIVES OF THE APOSTLES— with Notes, and an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Henry Stebbing, M. A.

Vol. III. to be published on the 1st of March, will contain

BATES'S SPIRITUAL PERFECTION, UNFOLDED AND ENFORCED— with an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. John Pye Smith, D. D.

LONDON: John Hatchard and Son; Piccadilly; Whitaker & Co. Ave Maria Lane, Simpkin & Marshall, Stationers' Court; J. A. Talboys, Oxford; J. & J. Deighton, Cambridge; Oliver & Boyd, Edinburgh; and J. Conning, Dublin

And to be had of every Bookseller throughout the Kingdom. March 4th, 1834.

The English copy will cost, in England, about ten dollars. We propose to issue the American edition, under the superintendence of a learned American clergyman, in weekly numbers, on a single sheet of superfine paper, giving ninety-six large 12mo. pages, to be folded and stitched, and covered with strong envelope paper, at the rate of five dollars per annum.

DUFF GREEN.

March 17.

Farmers Bank of Maryland,

September 16, 1834.

The President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland have declared a dividend of two and a half per cent. on the stock of the said Bank, for six months ending the 30th instant, and payable on or after the first Monday of October next, to stockholders on the Western Shore at the Bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the Eastern Shore at the Branch Bank at Blaton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order.

By order, SAM. MAYNARD, Cash. Sept. 17—1834. R

77 The Gazette and American Baltimore, will insert the above Jan 3w.

NOVEL MODE OF CLUBBING.

WALDIE'S LIBRARY, PORT FOLIO AND MUSEUM.

AS the publications now issued from the office of the Select Circulating Library are of a highly popular cast, and of a character to be appreciated by the educated portions of the community, and to circulate every where, by concert with the proprietor of the Museum, that work, the Port Folio and Library, are offered to those who take the three on the following conditions, viz.

The Museum, Port Folio and Library, if paid for in advance and addressed to the same individual, whether in town or country, will be supplied for \$12, thus enabling every individual to benefit by the clubbing system, without the necessity of applying to others. Those who have made a payment for the current year to either of the works, of whatever amount, will be privileged to avail themselves of this arrangement, by paying the balance—

1. Those who have paid or now pay \$5 for the Library, shall receive the Museum and Port Folio, the price of which separate is \$9, on the payment of \$7.

2. Those who have paid or now pay \$6 for the Museum, shall receive the Library and Port Folio, the price of which is separately \$8, on the payment of \$6.

3. Those who have paid or now pay for the Port Folio, shall receive the Library and Museum on paying such a sum as will be equal to \$12 on the whole.

4. The Circulating Library and Museum, will be sent to the same address on the payment of \$10.

REMARKS.—The three works thus issued together, comprise a greater amount of the current literature of the age, than is issued in a periodical form from any other office in the United States, and will, the proprietor believes, with the addition of a good newspaper, supply to families all the advantages which could be furnished in the most extensive reading room in one of our Atlantic cities. In the Library the newest and best books are regularly published in the Museum and Port Folio it has been found by experience that every thing we could wish to copy from the entire British literary periodicals, omitting mostly the political articles, can be rapidly issued. These publications embrace so much that is desirable to be known, and are so generally perused in the best circles in America, that to be without either is to drop a link in the literary chain. They are all under the control of one mind, and therefore the reader will very rarely indeed be compelled to pay for the same matter twice, as they are independent of each other, complete in themselves, and free in general from any repetitions of the same articles.

These views the proprietor respectfully throws out for the consideration of the friends of sound and wholesome literature.

ADAM WALDIE,
207 Chesnut-street, Philad.

PROSPECTUS

Of the Extra Globe.

THE undersigned propose to issue the first number of a new series of the EXTRA GLOBE, on Monday, the 25th of May next, and to publish it weekly for six months, making twenty-six numbers; the last to contain an Index to the whole. It will be printed upon fine double royal paper, made up in quarto form, like the Extra and Congressional Globe published by us last year. The 26 numbers will make 416 quarto royal pages.

It will contain the principal original articles of the Daily and Semi-Weekly Globes, notices of the public meetings, the elections, and public proceedings in every state in the Union, in relation to the canvass for the next Presidency—a contest which the indications of the present year will go far to decide.

The first number will contain the Proceedings of the Democratic National Convention, to be held at Baltimore on the 20th of next month. An excellent Reporter has already been engaged to report the Proceedings of the Convention, and the Speeches which may be made on the occasion.

We request the favour of those friends to whom this Prospectus may be sent, to circulate it, for the purpose of obtaining subscribers. A copy of the work will be sent to the newspapers that copy this Prospectus.

Subscribers should forward their names in time to reach us before the 25th May. If they do not, we may not be able to furnish them with all the numbers; because the work is put at so low a price, that we cannot afford to reprint any number that may be exhausted.

TERMS: One Dollar per copy, in advance. Eleven copies will be furnished for Ten Dollars; twenty-two copies for Twenty Dollars, and so on in proportion.

The price of this paper is so low, that we cannot afford to open accounts with those who subscribe for it. Therefore, no attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompanies it.

BLAIR & RIVES,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

To the creditors of Thomas Mattingly, deceased, that the administrator will attend at the Register's Office in St. Mary's county, on Tuesday the 22d day of September next, to make distribution of said deceased's estate, at which time and place the creditors are respectfully requested to attend with their claims, and the vouchers thereof, to receive their respective distributive shares.

J. E. BARBER, Adm'r. of Thomas Mattingly.

Sept. 17—1834

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT an Election will be held at the Assembly Room on MONDAY the 5th day of October next for the purpose of electing Two Delegates from this city to the next General Assembly of this State, and also Two Representatives for the Fourth Congressional District in this State in the Congress of the United States.

G. H. DUVAL, Clk. Corporation.

Sept. 3—1834

THE CULTIVATOR

IS a monthly publication of 16 quarto pages, and comprises about 200 pages in a volume, published at Albany, by the New York State Agricultural Society. It is exclusively devoted to Agriculture and the Improvement of Youth. The publishing committee are J. Buel, J. P. Beckman, and J. D. Watson. The object of the publication is to disseminate useful information, among the agricultural community, in the cheapest practicable form; and the success of the undertaking, and the character of the paper, are indicated by the fact, that before its first volume was completed its subscribers exceeded eleven thousand, and comprised residents of twenty-one of the United States.

The second volume was commenced in March. The pages are so enlarged, that each number contains as much matter as eighteen pages of the first volume. It contains many engravings and cuts, executed by good artists, illustrative of implements, animals and operations of husbandry. Price FIFTY CENTS per annum. The postage will not exceed 18 1/2 cents per year to any part of the Union.

The first volume will continue to be furnished at 50 cents a single copy. Communications to be addressed to J. Buel, Albany, N. Y.

Subscriptions received by J. Cowan, at this office, where a specimen of the work can be seen.

Aug. 27

COMPANION TO WALDIE'S LIBRARY.

The cheapest reprint from English Periodicals ever offered to the public.

BEFORE the Select Circulating Library had been long in existence, it was discovered that there was still something wanting—that many occurrences in the literary world must pass unknown, as regarded our agency, without an extension of the plan. To establish a fuller medium of communication and supply the desideratum, the Journal of Belles Lettres was added; which we have reason to believe has afforded general satisfaction. The very liberal patronage extended to the Library induced the proprietor to give that gratuitously as an evidence of his acknowledgments.

More extended experience has shown other desiderata which the "Companion" is intended to supply. While reading for the "Library" a large mass of material accumulates on the hands of the editor, of an interesting, entertaining, and instructive description, such as would properly come under the designation of *Magaziniana*, interspersed with the Reviews from the English Quaterlies.

To publish every thing of this nature which we deem desirable would encroach too much on the columns of the "Library" designed for books, and yet to pass them by is constantly a subject of regret. To concentrate, therefore, the publication of Books entire, Reviews, lists of new works, the choicest contributions to Magazines, &c. &c. the "Companion to Waldie's Library" will be offered to the patronage of the present subscribers and the public at large. It is believed that with the "Library," the "Journal," and the "Companion," such an acquaintance with the literature of the age may be cultivated as to leave little further to be desired. It will be published from the same office, more facility offers for subscribing, and having fewer people to deal with, mistakes are less liable to occur, and more readily corrected when they do. The short interval of two weeks between the publication of each number, it is thought too, will be an advantage over monthlies and quaterlies.

The following plan is respectfully submitted.

1. The "COMPANION" will contain the earliest possible reprints of the best matter in the British periodicals.

2. It will be issued every fortnight, and the form will be the same as that of the Library—each number containing sixteen pages—thus, every six months, giving thirteen numbers, which can be bound with the Library at little or no more expense, and making a better sized volume; and to those who do not take the Library itself, a volume every year, of 416 quarto pages of the size of the present.

3. The price will be three dollars for a subscriber—five dollars for two—and clubs

five and upwards will be supplied at two dollars each.

4. As the work will not be commenced, unless a sufficient patronage be obtained, no payment is required at present, only the name, sent free of postage. Those wishing to support the publication will be pleased therefore to announce their intention as early as possible, as it is intended to commence the work on the first of January next. On the issuing of the second number payment will be expected, as its appearance will evince a sufficiency of patronage.

The proprietor of the "Select Circulating Library," fully aware from experience of the advantages to the public of the rapid diffusion of cheap and select literature, has been induced to add the important feature to the work, and of course leaves it optional with the present subscribers and others to take it or not.

It is confidently believed, that with the attention on the part of the Editor, who has already at hand the material for such a work, all the really valuable matter of the English literary and amusing publications may be comprised in this form at a rate of subscription and postage, so trifling as scarcely to be felt. It will form the cheapest reprint of reviews and magazines ever attempted in any country; a comparison with others it were useless here to enter upon, the "Library" itself being the best test by which to judge of the difference between an octavo and a quarto page. It will be the study of the Editor to embody a record of the day, adapted to the wants of this country, which can have no competitor for value or cheapness; how far he is likely to do this he must leave at present to the decision of his readers.

Units of five individuals, who subscribe to the "Library" and "Companion" both, will obtain the two for six dollars, the postage (a very important consideration) to the most distant post office, on the ten, will be one dollar and ninety five cents, divided into seventy eight pny cents, and half that sum for 100 miles or a less distance from Philadelphia, while the same matter, in the usual American reprints of reviews and magazines in octavo form would be eighteen dollars, and the postage as three to one. We make this assertion advisedly.

Subscribers to the "Companion," will be taken either with or without the "Library."

The proprietor trusts that his punctuality and exactness in executing his part of the contract in the publication of the "Library," will be considered a sufficient guarantee of the completion of his proposed undertaking.

ADAM WALDIE.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, EASTON AND CAMBRIDGE.

The MARYLAND will go to Annapolis, Cambridge (by Castle Haven) and Easton on every Tuesday and Friday morning, leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock, from the lower end Dugan's wharf, her usual place of starting.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk. LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

April 30.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY COURT,

April Term, 1835.

ON application by petition in writing, of Robert T. Mercer, to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, praying the benefit of the insolvent laws of the state of Maryland, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, (on oath so far as he could ascertain them,) being annexed to his said petition, and the said court being satisfied that the said Robert T. Mercer has resided in the state of Maryland for two years next preceding the date of his said petition, and having appointed Andrew Mercer trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said Robert T. Mercer, which said trustee has given bond in due form for the faithful performance of his trust, and the said Robert T. Mercer having executed a deed of conveyance to his said trustee for all his property, real, personal and mixed, and the said trustee having certified the delivery thereof to him, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged by the said court, that the said Robert T. Mercer be discharged from confinement, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis once a week for the term of three months, to appear before Anne Arundel County Court to be held in the city of Annapolis on the fourth Monday of October next, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Robert T. Mercer should not have the benefit of the said laws as prayed.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.

July 23—3m.

A BY-LAW,

To explain a By-Law passed 14th August, 1834, to license and regulate Carriages of pleasure and Carts.

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common-Council of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the By-Law passed 14th August, 1834, to license and regulate Carriages of pleasure and Carts, be so far repealed as to exclude from its operation the Carts of individuals which are exclusively used for their own private use.

Sept. 17. D. CLAUDE, Mayor.

PRINTING

Neatly executed at this OFFICE.

WASHINGTON G. TICK.

Feb. 26.

TO THE PRINTERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

J. SPITT has commenced the manufacture of WOOL LETTERS of every description, from four to thirty-four lines Pica, or 1800 made to order on the shortest notice.

Ornamental Letters of various new most splendid patterns, for Heads of Papers, Title Lines, &c. from two lines G Primer to any size larger.

His type will be made of materials of best assortment, well seasoned and prepared by machinery, invented for the purpose, ensures the most exact adjustment. Specimens will be published as early as possible.

Engravings on Wood. Executed with neatness and promptitude for Newspapers, Fac-similes, Oriental and Plain Rules, &c. cut with the greatest accuracy in type metal on wood.

Old cast metal cuts, ornaments, &c. graved over, and made equal to new for their original cost.

A liberal discount for cash. Six months credit on the most approved security. Orders from the country promptly attended to. All letters must be post paid.

Editors of papers in the country will give the above advertisement a few sections, and forward a paper containing same to the advertiser, will be paid thereon in any of the above mentioned materials.

April 30.

MARYLAND COLONIZATION JOURNAL.

PROSPECTUS.—The Board of Managers of the State Colonization Society and the Board of Managers of the State have resolved to publish a quarterly journal for the purpose of diffusing information concerning the principles and progress of Maryland plan of Colonization. The Journal will also contain occasional notices of operations of the friends of Colonization other parts of the Union. It will be published at least once a quarter, and sometimes oftener. Persons wishing to receive it regularly as published, may become subscribers by paying fifty cents per annum in advance. Donations for the support of the paper will be thankfully received. The friends of Colonization throughout the state will confer great favour by transmitting for the Journal any intelligence which may promote the cause it advocates.

All communications are to be directed to the "Maryland Colonization Journal," office of the Maryland State Colonization Society, Baltimore.

June 4.

Anne-Arundel County, Sc.

Application to the subscribers, one of the Judges of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, and state of Maryland, petition in writing of Edward Brookes, Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is in actual confinement, and praying for benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the December session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath so far as he could ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said court being satisfied that the said Edward Brookes having satisfied me by competent testimony that he resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of application, and the said Edward Brookes having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed a trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Edward Brookes a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Edward Brookes be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne Arundel county, once a week for three months before the 4th Monday in October next to appear before the said County Court at Court House of said county, at ten o'clock of the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Edward Brookes should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed.

Given under my hand this 21st day of February, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and thirty-five.

GIDEON WHITE.

FUNERALS.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has discontinued the Cabinet Making Business, and intends to confine himself to the future attention to that of an UNDERTAKER.

All orders for Funerals will be attended at the shortest notice, either in the usual manner, or according to special directions. He returns his thanks to the public for the patronage during the last twenty years, and hopes that his promptness and attention will continue to merit their favour.

WASHINGTON G. TICK.

Feb. 26.