

The Salisbury Advertiser.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,
AT SALISBURY, MD.

One Copy, one year, in advance \$1.00
If not paid in 60 days, 1.50
Single copies five cents.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square—six lines or less, small measure
ment Nonpareil—inserted one time for \$1.00,
and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Bills for advertisements due after first insertion
for PAINTING Executed with neatness and
dispatch at the office of the Advertiser.

Professional Cards.

HUSTON HUMPHREYS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SALISBURY, MD.

Will attend strictly to all business entrusted
to his care. Office over the store of A. G.
Treadway & Co., Main Street.

EMUEL MALONE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SALISBURY, MD.

Will attend strictly to all legal business in-
trusted to him, and to the sale of Real Estate.

C. F. HOLLAND, G. W. COOPER

HOLLAND & COOPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

SALISBURY, MD.

Practice in the Courts of Maryland and Del-
aware.

J. HOPKINS TARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SALISBURY, MD.

Will practice in the Courts of Somerset, Wi-
comico, and Worcester Counties.

JAMES E. ELEGOD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SALISBURY, MD.

Will attend promptly to all business entrus-
ted to his care.

ISAAC D. JONES.

Attorney-General of Maryland,
Office over Chesapeake Bank,
Corner North and Fayette Streets,
BALTIMORE.

Practices in the Courts of Baltimore in
the Court of Appeals, and in the Supreme
Court of the United States.

D. R. L. S. BELL,

Graduate of "Balto. College of Dental Sur'y."

DENTIST,
SALISBURY, MD.

HOTEL,
PENINSULAR HOUSE,
MAIN STREET.—SALISBURY, MD.

J. TRACY, Proprietor.

A. J. McCOLLEY,
WITH

Jos. S. Bennett & Co.,
(Successors to Stretch, Bennett & Co.)

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 609 Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

June 18-19.

Wicomico & Pocomoke

SAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday, May 4th, daily Passen-
ger and Freight train will run on the Wi-
comico and Pocomoke Rail Road as follows:

Leave Berlin at 8.30 A.M.—Salisbury, 10.30 A.M.
Salisbury, 3.40 P.M.—Berlin, 5.15 P.M.

The trains for Salisbury will stop at St. Mar-
tin's, Whaleyville and Pittsville, making con-
nection at Salisbury with the Philadelphia and
Baltimore Mail Train.

Will leave Salisbury for Berlin and intermediate
points immediately after the arrival there of the
down Mail Train. H. R. FITT, Pres.

DELAWARE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.,
OF WILMINGTON, DEL.

JOHN P. McLEARY, President
M. M. CHILD, Secretary

BRANCH OFFICE:
N. W. Cor. Ninth & Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

GEO. W. STONE, Vice President, Manager

GEO. F. TURNER, Gen'l Agent & Attorney.

Purely Mutual.

Low Rates.

All Policies Non-forfeiting save One Annual
Payment.

Every accumulation consistent with guaran-
tee to Policy Holders.

Agents wanted giving full information concerning
the plans and rules of the Co. sent free upon ap-
plication to the Branch Office.

AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT THE STATES OF

PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY.

REFERENCES (by permission)—H. W. Gilpin, Chief Justice State of Delaware; Hon.

Thos. F. Bayard, U. S. Senator from Delaware; Rt. Rev. Alfred Lee, Bishop of Delaware; Gen.

Henry du Pont, Powder Manuf'g Co.; Gov-

ernor Slaughter, Gov. State of Del.; the Presi-

dent of the Bank in the City of Wilmington;

Hon. J. S. Valentine, Mayor City of Wilmington.

Aug 13-14

EDGAR I. OLIVER,

Commission Merchant,

AND DEALER IN

BERRIES, PEACHES AND APPLES, DRIED

FRUIT, RAISINS, POULTRY, EGGS &c.

Will be at No. 153 Centre Row,

House in Washington Market,

for the ref'res NEW YORK.

will be sever

to the day and best endeavors to promote the

interests of the buyers, by getting good pri-

cees, prompt and sending prompt

Parsons and Co., as may be de-

sired.

Salisbury, Aug 13-14

and no doubt their

tors to entertain PER DAY.

which will be present

girls who engage

in business who desire

from \$5 to \$10 per

time on the 4th, wou'll full particulars

to Barren Creek Spring Mill.

work should ad-

safe in saying that they

& Co., Portland,

the trip.

Salisbury Advertiser.

Vol. 4.

SALISBURY, WICOMICO COUNTY, MD., SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1871.

No. 42.

STATEMENT OF THE Expenses of Wicomico County, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1871.

Published by order of the County
Commissioners of Wicomico County, in
pursuance of Section 9, Article 28 of the
Code of Public General Laws.

At a meeting of the County Com-
missioners of Wicomico County, held in
their office, in the town of Salisbury, in
said county, on Tuesday, the 14th day of
June, anno Domini 1871, and continued
by adjournment until the 20th
day of the same month, of whom were
present

JAMES DUNCAN, Pres't,
JOSEPH R. COLLINS,
THOS. B. TAYLOR, Tres'
LEVIN M. DASHIELL,
DR. H. LAIRD TODD,
J. AUGUSTUS PARSONS, Clerk.

It was ascertained by a procedure ac-
cording to law, that the ordinary and
necessary expenses of the county for the said
term were, as shown by the follow-
ing, to wit:

Regulator.

Liver Regulator,

Prepared only by

J. H. ZEELIN & CO.

Drugists, Macon, Ga.

Price, \$1.50 by mail \$1.25.

For Sale by E. W. HUMPHREY, Drugist, Salis-
bury, Md.

May 7, '71.

We invite

Customers

at a

distance

from

Philadelphia

to send us

Their Orders,

Pledging them

Satisfaction

In respect

of

GOODS,

WORKMANSHIP,

FIT

PRINTING

PAINTING

SCULPTURE

PAINTING

Saturday, July 1, 1871.

AFTER a severe mental and physical struggle, the little-big attack of the Bachelor has again succeeded in unloading his Lilliputian mind, and like Gulliver and Munchausen, his distinguished prototypus, has astonished the world by publishing a long list of glaring falsehoods. As we expected, he has again disregarded every consideration which should weigh with gentlemen, and strengthened his merited reputation for scurrility, by dealing in language of the meanest quality. He, like all ignoramus, sneers at productions that do not emanate from himself, and while with many rhetorical flourishes, speaks derisively of our grammar, he is notorious for his miserable blunders in conversation, and rough, inelegant composition. His attempt to criticise our orthography was exceedingly far-fetched, and without intending it, he has run his own head into the very noose which he vainly prepared for us. We have only to point to last week's issue of the Bachelor for a confirmation of our assertion, and ask the people to carefully note the thousand and one mistakes that appeared in its *iniquitous* columns. Those mistakes were not the result of carelessness, but of gross, lamentable ignorance. If we had the courage we would read over his proof, and state just how many mistakes occurred in that issue, but the task would turn the stomach of an Anchoret or cause the lips of a street scavenger to pale with nausea. And yet this man, who deservedly belongs to the association of conceited fools, this self-consecrated critic of political platforms and grammar, this elegant essayist, profound political economist, astute philosopher, poet and sage, has the presumption to criticise that which is far superior to his own. There is only one way to excuse such conduct, it is on the commonly accepted opinion that a fool don't know he is a fool. Now this fellow, like most men of his small calibre, prides himself on his learning and ability. He would not hesitate to dictate the plan of a battle to General Sheridan—for did he not serve his country in the late war?—yes, he "fought bold and died" (figuratively) in the ranks of the Yankee army in sight of the national capital. He would not shrink the grave, responsible duty of constructing a political platform upon which a party might ride into power, for he figured in Washington politics several years, enjoying the confidence of the Radical party and receiving many substantial tokens, in the way of greenbacks, of his high regard for his valuable services. Can he map out a plan for a reform in the Civil Service of our government? Yes, for he occupied a desk in one of the Departments at Washington until Andy Johnson discovered that it required a man of brains to fill the position and turned him off. But the half of this man's wisdom has not yet been told. He can interlard his brilliant editorials with scraps of dog-latin, whole paragraphs copied from the World, appropriate the style of Stearns and call all his own. He is a perfect master of the geography of the Heavens, and intends some of these fine summer nights to explore the trackless expanse above in the vain search of a planet to rival him in his matchless brilliancy; and we would not be surprised if this modern Jonah should command the Sun to stand still while he is trying to extinguish the Advertiser. But with all his learning and ability, he is cornered politically—literally used up—and sooner than have the mortal courage to plainly state his political position, he resorts to the miserable subterfuge of trying to blind the eyes of his readers with sophistry, strengthened by a series of nourishing sentences which he would have his readers accept without composed editorial on the part of the Bachelor, but which in reality contain more pernicious than an invective of his vindictive desire to revenge on a man who merely commented that he was playing a dangerous game in politics. If he had any admissions plain and unambiguous to charge against him personally, it would have given us a chance to redress the error,

A Warning to New Jersey.

The village of Broadwater in New Jersey is in a painful state of apprehension lest it should suddenly be swallowed up bodily by the gaping earth. Last Monday soon after the earthquake was felt on Long Island, the earth gave way in several places in this hitherto peaceful town. The bottom of the canal fell out, permitting all the water to escape. Large tracts of land suddenly sank so deep that the tops of the highest trees only were visible. Not wanting to these irregular displays of activity, the earth soon after perceptibly shook, greatly disturbing the townsmen in general and trustees of one of the churches in particular—the latter promptly calling the attention of the local justice of the peace to these disorderly proceedings. The citizens are now in expectation that at any moment they and their possessions may vanish out of sight. Men shake not with their habitual fears and fever but with nervous apprehension, and women rush wildly into the street at the least rustle of a wandering mouse in the ceiling of their houses.

The Bust of Washington Irving.

This work, which is to be unveiled at Prospect Park with great ceremony tomorrow afternoon, was shown in bronze to a number of gentlemen at 161 Fifth Avenue. It is the head and shoulders of a man fourteen feet high, and is modelled with great care. It is said by Irving's friends to be a most perfect likeness, and the artist may be congratulated upon his success. The bust is the gift of James Deane Barnes to the park. The pedestal was made at the Mitchell Quarry, of granite. That peculiar park not which gives value to the bronze. The bust has been modelled principally from the original and only drawing ever made of Washington Irving. It is a perfect representation of the great story-teller's features, giving all that animated, intellectual, and cheerful expression which one cannot fail to recognize in the writings of the distinguished author.—World, June 28.

Horrible Murder Loudoun County Virginia.

From the Hamilton Enterprise, June 20.

On last Sunday afternoon Richard Lewis Parker and one or two other negroes, whose names we have not learned, were gambling in the woods on the farm of Mrs. Rachel Hoge, and, it seems that Parker was winning all the money. This made angry, and the consequence was that he and Parker, after quarrelling for some time came to blows, which resulted in the whipping of Parker, but after a little while the affray was made up and Lewis thought it was all over. Parker, however, walked off making some threats, to which the others paid no attention, and arriving at the house of Charles Graven (another negro), who lives in Hamilton and fully half a mile from the woods, Parker asked him to lend him a gun to shoot a squirrel he had down in the woods. The gun was handed to him and he loaded it with a minute ball and some shot, and started back in the woods. Arriving within good shooting distance and slipping up behind the fence, without saying a word, he levelled the gun and pulled the trigger, but the cap snapped, the gun did not go off. This alarmed Lewis and the other men, and looking around to see what was the matter, one of them made the remark that there was "something wrong." Scarcely had the word been uttered when Parker, having put another cap on, fired; Lewis fell, the contents of the gun entering his right side, passing through his bowels and coming out at his left side. He lived about four hours, and died suffering the most intense pain. A warrant was issued by Justice Gore for Parker's arrest, and he was taken up about 8 o'clock Sunday night with a bundle under his arm "striking out for parts unknown," and conveyed to Leesburg, where he was lodged in jail awaiting his trial.

Letter from Governor Bowles

RECESSIONAL NOMINATION—GOVERNOR BOWLES NOT A CANDIDATE.

ANNAFOLIS, June 26. 1871.

Editor Baltimore Gazette:

Gentlemen.—As I am in daily receipt of letters from prominent gentlemen in different sections of the State inquiring whether my name would be before the Democratic Convention for nomination, I take this public means of saying that, having several months since expressed my determination not to be a candidate if Judge Carmichael were, and having seen the authoritative announcement by the President of the Convention in Judge Carmichael's own county, that he had consented to serve, it nowonit I am not a candidate.

Respectfully, &c.,

OWEN BOWLES.

The first sale of coffee in bond made in Cincinnati since that city became a port of entry, took place a day or two since.

The Visit of the Duke to Berlin.

Berlin (June 9) Cor. of the London Telegraph.

Berlin has worn during these two days a gala aspect which is not often seen in the business-like capital of Prussia. Royal carriages, filled with strange and brilliant uniforms, have been perpetually dashing up and down the Linden, between the King's palace and the Russian Embassy, and the usually slow traffic has been stopped altogether, in order to allow the quick-trotting horses free play. The Emperor, King, accompanied by the Princess of his house, the Crown Princess the Princess Liegnitz, old Marshal Von Wangel and a numerous staff, repaired to the East on Radway Station yesterday morning, to meet the Emperor of all the Russias. The station was gaily decorated, and the six handsome reception rooms were bright with exotic plants and divers colored costumes—the German Emperor and those of the Prince who hold honorary titles in the Russian service wearing Russian uniforms. On the arrival of the Czar the band of the Fusiliers Guards, a detachment of which was on duty, struck up the Russian National hymn, and when the "Father of Nations" was citizen of the United States, the great majority of the remainder, together with the nationalist accompanying the expedition, being Germans. This, however, is merely a matter of sentiment, and gives no good ground for finding fault with the expedition and its management. In regard to the cost of the expedition, there is more room for criticism, in spite of the fact that the expenses hitherto incurred are understood to be authorized by the President, in whose hands the \$50,000 appropriated by Congress were to be placed for disbursement.

The Palace has been thoroughly rebuilt,

at an expense nearly equivalent to the cost of a new vessel of like size. She has been fitted with the most exp. engines, and with every improvement which her commander has desired. The labor alone which has been employed upon her may be safely estimated to have cost the government at least \$30,000. As she is too small to carry all the coal and supplies necessary for the expedition the storeship Supply is to be sent as a tender to Greenland. The cost of keeping the latter in commission three or four months and the labor and materials used in fitting out the ship will scarcely fall short of \$150,000, and to this sum must be added the wages of the men composing the crew, which will have to be paid when the vessel returns.

Whether it is desirable to send an expedition to the Arctic regions and whether the present expedition has cost more than was absolutely necessary are not now under consideration. The expedition is to be sent, and every one wishes success to Captain Hall and his brave companions. It is, however, proper to inquire by what authority three times the amount of the appropriation made by Congress has been expended. President Grant was authorized to disburse \$50,000 in aid of Captain Hall's enterprise by what right does he disburse three times that amount? Such a course may be imperial in its lavish generosity, but it is hardly in accordance with the letter or spirit of the instructions virtually given by the Congress to Hall appropriating a fixed amount to defay the cost of the expedition.

To-day the Russian Ministers again attended the performances at the Open House. The State box in the centre of the house, was filled with the nobility, but the front row of chairs was left vacant the whole evening, the Royal personages preferring the comparative seclusion of the prominent boxes. The Emperor of Austria, who looks worn, and certainly not younger than his full age, sat in a stately box on the pit tier, and the King of Prussia who, on the contrary, is at least ten years younger in appearance than he has any right to look, occupied his customary place in the box immediately above. Compared with the plain and practical Prussian uniforms, the Russian, with their large epaulettes falling forward from the shoulder over the chest, look very gay and showy, and the corridors, at all times crowded with military men, were to-night even more unusually resplendent with decorations, and noisy with the sound of clanking swords and tinkling spurs.

PLANS OF THE MONARCHISTS.

London, June 25.—The Observer says the programme of the Orangemen in case the elections should show a Monarchical majority in the Assembly, is to move the establishment of a constitution, and when it is adopted to offer the throne to Count de Chamberlain. Should he decline, the position inconsistent with his dignity, the crown is to be tendered to Count de Paris.

The Duke de Chartres and Prince de Joinville returned to England yesterday.

ANNUAL BANQUET OF THE COBDEN CLUB.

London, June 25.—The annual banquet of the Cobden Club came off last evening.

The prominent speech of the occasion was made by Earl Granville, Secretary for Foreign Affairs. In the course of his remarks Lord Granville said if definite proposals in reference to a French treaty of commerce were made to Her Majesty's Government they would be received with most friendly consideration. Pasting to the Treaty of Washington, Earl Granville said Mr. Cobden always desired that America and England should be connected by ties of the warmest character.

Earl Granville, continuing his remarks, alluded to the United States as holding a strong protectionist opinion, but declared it better that the people of that country were fast coming to the conclusion that it is unprofitable to continue the collection of enormous tariffs. The Earl also spoke of the efforts of the United States to pay off its debt and in conclusion, expressed the hope that the two countries would always be friend.

GERMANY'S FRANCE IMPERATIVE.

Berlin, June 23.—An imperative demand has been made for immediate payment of the first instalment of the indemnity which it was agreed should be paid in thirty days after the re-establishment of the Versailles authority.

GERMANY AND ENGLAND—TROUBLE BREWING.

Serious complications have arisen between Germany and England. The subject is unknown, but we're debaters are pitting between Bismarck and Gramville.

SPAIN.

THE ADDRESS ADOPTED—RESIGNATION OF THE MINISTRY.

Madrid, June 23.—The Cortes, having adopted the address to the Crown by a vote of 164 to 98. The resignation of the whole Ministry was then announced. Marshal Serrano will, it is believed, be President of the new Ministry.

THE CRISIS IN THE CABINET.

The King has summoned the Presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies to a consultation. His Majesty has, up to the present time, refused to accept the resignations of the Ministers.

[LATER.]

Marshall Serrano has been entrusted with the formation of the new Spanish Ministry, and is expected to succeed.

The Empress and Empress of Brazil will make visits to Bayonne, Paris, Germany, England and Italy, and return to Brazil in February next.

BRAZIL.

EMANCIPATION OF SLAVES.

Rio Janeiro, June 6, via Lisbon, June 25.—In the Brazilian Chambers a vote has been taken on the clause of the speech from the throne relating to the emancipation of slaves belonging to the crown, and resulted in a majority of twenty-eight for the Government. The debate upon the Emancipation bill itself has not yet commenced.

Respectfully, &c.,

OWEN BOWLES.

The first sale of coffee in bond made in Cincinnati since that city became a port of entry, took place a day or two since.

The Presidential Polar Expedition.

Berlin (June 9) Cor. of the London Telegraph.

Berlin has worn during these two days a gala aspect which is not often seen in the business-like capital of Prussia. Royal carriages, filled with strange and brilliant uniforms, have been perpetually dashing up and down the Linden, between the King's palace and the Russian Embassy, and the usually slow traffic has been stopped altogether, in order to allow the quick-trotting horses free play. The Emperor, King, accompanied by the Princess of his house, the Crown Princess the Princess Liegnitz, old Marshal Von Wangel and a numerous staff, repaired to the East on Radway Station yesterday morning, to meet the Emperor of all the Russias. The station was gaily decorated, and the six handsome reception rooms were bright with exotic plants and divers colored costumes—the German Emperor and those of the Prince who hold honorary titles in the Russian service wearing Russian uniforms.

On Tuesday the Polarists sail from

the Brooklyn Navy-yard for the North Pole.

The expedition is under the control

of the Navy Department, and for its

expenses a special appropriation of \$50,000 was made by Congress. Since it is thus an American expedition it could be wished that those who accompany Captain Hall in his hazardous enterprise were also Americans. Of the twenty-five persons composing the crew it appears that only six are citizens of the United States, the great majority of the remainder, together with the nationalist accompanying the expedition, being Germans. This, however, is merely a matter of sentiment, and gives no good ground for finding fault with the expedition and its management. In regard to the cost of the expedition, there is more room for criticism, in spite of the fact that the expenses hitherto incurred are understood to be authorized by the President, in whose hands the \$50,000 appropriated by Congress were to be placed for disbursement.

The Polarists have been thoroughly rebuilt,

at an expense nearly equivalent to the cost of a new vessel of like size.

She has been fitted with the most exp. engines, and with every improvement which her commander has desired. The labor alone which has been employed upon her may be safely estimated to have cost the government at least \$30,000.

As she is too small to carry all the coal and supplies necessary for the expedition the storeship Supply is to be sent as a tender to Greenland.

The cost of keeping the latter in

commission three or four months and the labor and materials used in fitting out the ship will scarcely fall short of \$150,000, and to this sum must be added the wages of the men composing the crew,

which will have to be paid when the vessel returns.

Later in the forenoon the Czar, wearing

the Prussian uniform, paid a visit to

the Emperor of all the Russias.

There was a grand dinner at the

Emperor's Institute once a year in each county, in view of the provision of the School Board of Wicomico County project to hold an Institute in the Court room in the town of Salisbury, commanding on Tuesday the

15th of August next,

for the purpose of being re-examined. In order that they may continue their profession as Public School Teachers in this county.

By order of the Board:

JOHN W. DOUGHERTY,

Secretary.

July 1, 1871.

Notice.

All Public School Teachers whose cer-

tificates shall have expired before or on

the 15th day of AUGUST, next, will meet at

the Court room in the town of Salisbury, on the

aforesaid.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one

SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a cure for

EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy.

Chapter 13 of the Public School law of the

State provides for the holding of a Teach-

ers' Institute once a year in each county, in

view of the provision of the School Board of

Wicomico County project to hold an Institute

in the Court room in the town of Salisbury,

commanding on Tuesday the

15th of August next,

for the purpose of being re-examined. In order

that they may continue their profession as Public School Teachers in this county.

By order of the Board:

JOHN W. DOUGHERTY,

Secretary.

July 1, 1871.

AVERIL BARLOW,
MANUFACTURER
And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Superior Furniture.
Factory, 1126 and 1128 Charlotte Street,
WAREROOMS,
45 South Second Street, Philadelphia.

He makes his Furniture from Thoroughly Seasoned Lumber, and sells it lower than any other Dealer in Philadelphia, and warrants it five years. His Designs are New and Original, and the Woodwork equal to any in the City.

Testimonials from Lumber Dealers:

No one buys of us either or more thoroughly seasoned Lumber than A. Barlow.

ELLIS P. MOORE & CO., Fact. of Brown St.
HENRY, BATARD & CO. Bridge As & Master,
CHARLES ESTE, 17th & Caldwells.

He has also on hand the Finest Assortment of Cottage Furniture in the City, and a great variety of First Class Mattresses.

Call and examine his Stock, and compare prices with other Establishments.

Notice to Creditors:

This is to give notice that the subscriber, having obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County, letters of Administration on the estate of -

FREEDBORN G. BETTS

late of Wicomico county died. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit their claims with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

30th day of October, 1871, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 20th day of April 1871.

ISAAC H. PARSONS,
Administrator.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County, letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY FRENEY

late of said county died. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit their claims with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the

30th day of October, 1871, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 20th day of April 1871.

Elijah FRENEY,
Executor.

BALTIMORE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established upwards of half a century.

S. W. Cor South and Water st., Baltimore.

THIS company insures against loss or damage at risk, in the city or country, on the various descriptions of property.

This company also issues Fire-Proof or Permanent Policies.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

JOSHUA J. COHEN, President,
Wm. G. Harrison, Richard S. Smith,
George W. Jackson, John H. Brown,
Frank W. Atkinson, Herman Von Isen,
David St. Wilson, F. Robert Jenks,
Josiah Pennington, C. Marion Stewart,
Francia T. King, B. F. Newcomer,
Henry Carroll, Horville Herwitz,
William W. Taylor.

FREDERICK WOODWORTH, Secy.

Communications addressed to the Secretary, (Baltimore, Md.) will receive prompt attention.

April 30—3

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the undersigned has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County, letters of Administration on the estate of

JOHN C. BRADLEY,

late of said county died. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

6th day of November, 1871, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of May, 1871.

CANNON KNOWLES,
Administrator.

D. B. SLIFER'S

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

FURNITURE, CHAIR AND BEDDING

WAREROOMS,

No. 66 North 2nd St. Below Arch, West Side,

PHILADELPHIA.

Factory and Wholesale Department

1603 North Sixth Street, above Oxford,

Mar 25 1871

Particular attention paid to orders.

Sept 7 1871.

CORN AND OATS.

Whitelock's "Vegetable"

contains in a soluble condition every element necessary in the formation of Corn and Oats.

It is always uniform in quality, and the price having been reduced to \$50. per ton Farmers are invited to apply a small quantity by the side of any other makes they are using.

Each bag contains 50 pounds and the quantity required per acre should not exceed that of Peacock's Guano.

Orders for the same will be filled by E. H. JACKSON & CO., Salisbury, Md., or can be sent direct to

W. WHITELOCK & CO.,

66 South St., Baltimore.

Sept 7 1871.

8 O'CLOCK.

SEASON OF 1870-71.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET

ORGANS.

Important Improvements.

Patented June 21st, and August 23, 1870.

Reduction of Prices.

The Mason Hamlin Organ Co. have the pleasure of announcing important improvements in their Cabinet Organs, for which Patents were granted in the United States and England. These are not merely mere trivial attachments, but enhance the substantial excellence of the instruments.

They are also enabled by increased facilities for manufacture, to make, from this date, a further reduction of prices on several leading articles.

Having completed and added to their former facilities a large new manufacturing plant, we are enabled to supply all orders promptly.

The Cabinet Organ made by this Company is of such universal reputation, not only throughout America, but also in Europe, that few will need assurance of their superiority.

They now offer FOUR OCTAVE CABINET

ORGANS, in quite plain cases, but equal in quality to those made by the famous Double Bed, \$65. Five Tops, with Knee swell and Tremolo, in elegant case, with several of the Mason & Hamlin improvements, \$125. The same Extra, with new Vox Humana, Automatic Swell, &c., \$150. Five Octave, Three Sets Reeds, Seven Tops with Euphonie, a splendid instrument, \$200.

We have also a large catalogue with full information and reduced prices, are ready, and will be sent free, with a testimonial circular, presenting a great mass of evidence as to the superiority of these instruments, to any one sending his address to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., 154 Tremont St., Boston, or 5 Broadway, New York.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT MRS. A. E. WILLIAMS'

MAIN STREET.

SELLING off my entire Stock of Millinery, & Pictures, Lace, Trimmings, etc. at cost.

Having enlarged my Stock of Novelties, ladies will find here a complete assortment at very low prices.

Dress Making, Embroidery, knitting and all kinds of fancy needle work done neatly and cheap.

Sealing is becoming, so call and be convinced that you are saving, by purchasing at

Mrs. A. E. WILLIAMS,

Main Street, Salisbury, Md.

Jan. 28, 1871.

SHOES, SHOES;

Ladies & Gents

BOOTS AND SHOES

In Endless variety, At

A. J. WOOD & CO.,

Dealers in

Men & Boys

SOFTWEAR,

Made expressly for our trade. Suits

from \$6 to \$50.

A. J. WOOD & CO.,

Dealers in

Gents Furnishing Goods,

Consisting of Shirts, Marine Pants,

Rose, Gloves, Ties, Collars,

Cuffs &c.

MAIN STREET.

Newspaper Advertising.

A BOOK of 125 closely printed pages, lately issued, contains a list of the best American Advertising Mediums giving the names, circulations and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Papers, and the most popular Magazines in every part of the Union, and published in the Interest of Business, Agriculture, Literature, &c. We are Every Advertising, and every person who contemplates business, will find this book of great value. Address free to any address on receipt of fifteen cents. G. D. P. ROWE & CO., Publishers No. 49 Park Row, New York. The following year will be the second edition of this book.

The following year will be the third edition of this book.

The following year will be the fourth edition of this book.

The following year will be the fifth edition of this book.

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Local Advertiser.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.
AT SALISBURY, MD.

One Copy, one year, in advance . . . \$1.00
If not paid in 60 days, 1.50
Single copies five cents.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square inch lines or less, solid measure
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and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

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Join Painting Executed with neatness and
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Will attend strictly to all business entrusted
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Will practice in the Courts of Somerset, Wi-
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Will attend promptly to all business entrusted
to his care.

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Offices over Chesapeake Bank,
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Practices in the Courts of Baltimore, in
the Court of Appeals, and in the Supreme
Court of the United States.

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Graduate of "Balt. College of Dental Sur'y.)

DENTIST,
SALISBURY, MD.

HOTELS.

PENINSULAR HOUSE,

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J. TRACY, Proprietor.

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WITH

Jos. S. BENNETT & Co.,

(Successors to Stetch, Bennett & Co.)

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 609 Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

June 18-ly

Wicomico & Pocomoke

RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday, May 4th, daily Passen-
ger and Freight trains will run on the Wi-
comico and Pocomoke Rail Road as follows:

LEAVE ARRIVE AT
Berlin at 8:30 A.M. | Salisbury, 10:00 A.M.
Salisbury, 3:40 P.M. | Berlin, 5:15 P.M.

The trains for Salisbury will stop at St. Mar-
tin's, Whaleyville and Pittsville, making con-
nection at Salisbury with the Philadelphia and
Baltimore Mail Train.

Will leave Salisbury for Berlin and interme-
diate points immediately after the arrival there
of the down Mail Train. H. R. PITTS, Pres.

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Life Insurance Co.,
OF WILMINGTON, DEL.

JOHN P. MCLEAVY, President.

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N. W. Cor. Ninth & Chestnut Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

GEO. W. STONE, Vice President, Manager.

GEO. F. TURNER, Gen'l Agent & Attorney.

Purely Mutual.

Low Rates.

All Policies Non forfeiting at One Annual

Payment.

Every accommodation consistent with guar-
anteed Policy Holders.

Books containing full information concerning
the plans and Rules of the Co. sent free upon ap-
plication to the Branch Office.

AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT THE STATES OF

PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY.

REPRESENTATION (by permission) — H. W. E. W.

Giblin, Ofc. J. J. of State of Delaware, Hou-

Ther, Rev. Alfred Lee, Bishop of Delaware, Gen.

Henry du Pont, Powder Manuf'g, Hou-

Salisbury, Gov. of State of Del.; the Presidents

of all the Banks in the City of Wilmington;

Hon. J. Valentine, Mayor City of Wilmington.

Aug 13-ly

EDGAR I. OLIVER,

Commission Merchant,

AND DRAKE IN

BERRIES, PEACHES AND APPLES, DRIED

FRUITS, POULTRY, EGGS &c.

No. 153 Centre Row,

West Washington Market.

NEW YORK.

I will use my best endeavors to promote the
interests of my shipper by getting good pri-
ces, making daily reports, and sending prompt
returns once or twice a week, as may be desired.

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\$5 TO \$10 PER DAY.

Men, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS who engage
in business, are invited to send their names and
day in their own localities. Full particulars
and instructions sent free by mail. These in-
clude permanent, profitable work, should ad-
dress at once. GROVER STRONG & CO., Portland,

Maine.

to all orders
I work furnish-
ed 10-6pm.

Test: THOMAS F. RIDER, C'k.

True Copy, Test: THOMAS F. J. RAPER, C'k.

may 20 71.

Collins, Joseph H., extra services.

Collins, John B., repairing road in th

Oliver, Thos. L. B., supervisor 3d district

team and horses.

Collins, John B., to Alton

Houses.

Collins, John W., Consulting State in pre-
dicted case.

Conrad, Daniel J., Day on Inquest.

Crouch, A. B., Day on Inquest.

Conway, W. H., Day on Inquest.

Cook, L. B., Repairing Roads

Walking Road.

Crawford & Bounds, 6 yards muslin for

Crawford, Henry, use of room Registra-
tion and election.

Crawford, Henry, as committee

team and horses.

Craig, John, witness to Alton

Houses.

Craig, John W., witness to Alton

The Salisbury Advertiser.

GREEN & RICHARDSON, Editors & Proprietors.



Saturday, July 8, 1871.

It will be seen by reference to the report of County Convention, published in another column, that Gen. Humphrey Humphreys, Mr. Richard P. Darby and Mr. King V. White have been chosen to represent Wicomico County in the Democratic State Convention which will meet in Baltimore on the 19th inst., for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers.

These gentlemen are well fitted to serve the people in the Convention and their selection has given great satisfaction. The delegates were not instructed.

The Bachelor, either from a full comprehension of plain facts, or a wilful intention of misconstruing our position, has charged us with inconsistency. Upon that subject, its lips would be forever sealed. We thought our position was clearly understood by every one, but for the benefit of the great promulgator of independent political ideas, and unmeaning sophistries, we will add, that we accept the Constitution as it is, simply because it is the organic law of the land, and are compelled to act in accordance with the laws therein set forth. Yet we think these same laws are obnoxious to the growth and prosperity of our country, and therefore ought to be repealed. We feel safe in saying that such are the views of the Democratic party in this State, and that we are acting in unison with the Maryland Democracy. If the Bachelor fails to comprehend our meaning, we cannot indulge longer in what we consider a waste of words.

WHEN we stated last week that a prominent Radical in Wicomico county was offered the Editorial chair of the publication now known as the Bachelor before the present editors accepted the position, we spoke from a conviction of truth, and we will now prove it.

Shortly before the first issue of the Bachelor, in a conversation with Col. Samuel A. Graham, we mentioned the fact that R. R. Morgan and S. Q. Parker had decided to start an independent paper in Salisbury, and expressed a curiosity to know who was to edit it. Col. Graham then told us that Morgan had made proposals to him, but declined it on the ground that he could not devote any time to it, and added further that he did not care to edit a paper in which he could not speak his sentiments on all political matters. This is the evidence upon which we made the assertion last week.

Mr. Parker has since come out in a card, denying the whole thing, and branding us with falsehood, but unfortunately for him, Col. Graham admits what we have stated above, and has kindly permitted us to refer to him, for a confirmation of our assertion.

It is true, the proposition might have been made before the press and materials, with which the paper is printed, were purchased. But it was made by Morgan, whose name appears in the paper as one of its proprietors and publishers, and it stands to reason that Morgan would not have made this proposition to Col. Graham without Parker's consent, after they had positively decided to publish the paper. Common sense ought to teach any man that Morgan would not have taken such an important step as employing an editor without previously consulting his partner whose interests were concerned. It is not the publisher who gives tone and direction to the political and public life of a paper, but the man who edits it—and we would not do Messrs. Parker & Morgan, who are old publishers, the disservice to say that they are ignorant of this fact.

It is true, Messrs. Holland & Cooper gave the Bachelor its name. It is also true, we believe, that Mr. Parker's money paid for the press and materials of the office. But that does not prove that the position of editor was never offered to Col. Graham.

From the wording of Mr. Parker's card it is evident that he would have represented himself as a school-teacher, and say he was on his way to Aiken to deliver him up to the authorities.

he did pay for the materials. The following publisher's card appears in the columns of the Bachelor:

THE BACHELOR

Is Published Every Wednesday,

BY

S. Q. PARKER, Proprietor & R. R. MORGAN, Publishers.

Now, we submit to an unbiased public if we were not warranted in saying what we did. We have stated the conversation just as it occurred, and Mr. Parker may make the most of it. In law, as well as in common sense, the words and actions of one partner relating to the business of the partnership are binding on the other, and Mr. Parker cannot crawl out of this transaction by denying all knowledge of it and throwing the responsibility on his partner, Mr. Morgan.

The sickening details which reach us of the terrible vengeance taken by the French troops upon the Communists, make the heart shudder. The brutal assassinations perpetrated by the insurgents have been visited upon themselves and Paris which finally reduced, was delivered up as towns once were in former days when taken by assault. Worse still, the insurgents were not only slaughtered in hot blood, but, when taken at the barricades with arms in their hands, were marched off to be shot. In the garde of the Luxembourg, they were ranged against the terrace wall, surrounded by a stone I-musade, and shot down, man after man until they formed a human mass of palpitating but lifeless bodies the warm blood still oozing out from their ghastly wounds. In the yard of La Roquette prison, where the Communists had confined and massacred their most distinguished prisoners, merciless revenge did its work. The rifle, the revolver, the mitrailleuse, rained their hail of death upon the victims. At different points eighty or ninety men lay piled on each other, a mass of arms and legs, and hideous faces, while the pavement and the gutters were red with human gore.

At one time, when this indiscriminate massacre became wearisome, an officer in charge began to inspect the prisoners, condemned those only to death who had blue marks on their shoulders, from the recoil of the gun, or hands begrimed with powder. These and the *forcats* were made to suffer. The distance which was, in the beginning too great for prompt execution, was lessened so as to bring the muzzles of the guns almost up to the breasts of the victims. Then to make death sure, each individual was finished off with a revolver shot. From this ordeal, one man, strange to say escaped. Slightly wounded, he feigned death so well that he was spared the extra bullet. He lay seven hours beneath a mass of bleeding, quivering corpses. When he got up, and, approaching a sentinel said, "God has spared me, spare me too." His appeal was in vain.

The women who were taken were as defiant as they had been reckless. One of them, who had shot twenty regulars, said, "I have spared her breast, do your duty." The whole story of the revolt, the stage, the assault, and the terrible vengeance which followed it, reads more like a page from the dark ages of the world. It carries back to a period far beyond the birth of Christianity, or the days of the philosophers, and when we reflect that in the dim dawn of history the only law which was deemed fit for man's brutal instincts was "life for life," and that God himself chose the sword of the Amalekites and the Canaanites as the proper punishment for the headstrong rebellion of his chosen people, we shudder to think that, after all, it may be the brute power of man's nature which is the strongest and the most lasting. It is heart-breaking to find that, even in the centre of civilization, where the gospel of peace and love has been taught for hundreds of years, it is what is lowest and vilest in humanity which asserts itself when the passions are aroused. Can it be, that, in the long and terrible struggle between the Evil and the Good, it is the basest part of our nature which in the end is to triumph over the noble and the good?

Pennsylvania.

The Bigamist A Murderer.

The Scoundrel whom Grant has Pardon notwithstanding Mayor Hall's Appeal in Behalf of Common Honesty.

Concerning the bigamist Congressman Bowen some further facts have been attained from a high Federal official. An indictment exists against Bowen in Georgia for killing a man during the rebellion, in which he served as a Confederate officer.

At the trial of Bowen on the charge of bigamy eleven jurors stood for conviction, and one for acquittal. The latter, a colored man, went into the jury room with his pockets filled with provision, saying that he would stay a week rather than agree with the other jurors. It was suspected at the time that he had been seen.

After Bowen's recent conviction, he admitted to District Attorney Fisher of Washington, it is said, that \$2,500 was paid for the spurious decree of divorce which had been used in his case.

He refused to tell from whom it was obtained.

County Clerk Loew is endeavoring to find out the guilty man who furnished the spurious document for his office, and it was for the purpose of facilitating the investigation that Grant was requested by the Mayor not to pardon Bowen until he had revealed the name of the man whom he bribed. Nevertheless Grant has pardoned the bigamist.

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Tennessee.

Terrible Accident on the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad—A Passenger Train Dashed into the Harpeth River—List of the Killed and Wounded.

Nashville, July 4.—A passenger train on the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad, which left here at twenty minutes past 8 o'clock p.m., yesterday, composed of two coaches and a sleeping car, met with a deplorable accident at Harpeth river, about eighteen miles from Nashville. After the locomotive and baggage car had crossed the bridge over the river, the bridge gave way, and the remainder of the train fell with it into the stream.

Fifteen persons, so far as known at present, were killed and twenty-three wounded.

The killed are John Marshall, of Nashville, Judge Hornerberger, of Clarksville; Charles Campbell, wife and child, of Edgefield, opposite Nashville, three men unknown, Mrs. Wm. S. Yeatman and Mrs. Thomas Dunn, of Kingston Springs; Mr. Petergrass and Mr. Wright, of White Bluff; J. C. Brocket and brother, William and Wiley Howard, of Marshall county.

The injured are W. W. Gooch, brakeman Y. Hale, Point Isabel, Ind., Mrs. Howard, Trenton, Tenn., J. W. Scott, Mr. Wilhoit, Miss Cleon Leake and John Campbell, Nashville, J. W. Thompson, Amherst Court House, Va., Alex. Wright, White Bluff, W. Walker, Union City, W. E. Yeatman, Memphis, Thomas R. Yeatman, Kingston Springs, Mrs. Brown, Johnsonville, John Pegram and brother, Conductor Landis, S. S. Brown, Nashville; Robert Daniel Bedford county and Thomas Dunn, Kingston Springs. None of the wounded are mortally hurt.

The dead and wounded were brought to Nashville, and presented a sickening spectacle at the depot. The bodies of the dead strangers are left at the undertaker's for burial.

The accident was the result of the weakness of the bridge. The train was running slowly.

Pennsylvania.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT ON THE WYOMING CANAL.

New York, July 5.—The Wyoming Canal, of Pennsylvania, has been the subject of a singular accident near Wilkesbarre. Yesterday morning about fifty feet sank completely, draining the whole level. The canal had been built over deserted chambers of a coal mine, the roof of which caved in, causing the disaster. Fortunately, the accident occurred on a holiday, as the water which rushed through the opening filled the adjoining chambers, and had the usual number of miners been at work escape from the mines would have been cut off causing a fearful loss of life.

ARREST OF A MAIL ROBBER.

Philadelphia, July 5.—Edward S. Gamble, the driver of a mail wagon, has been held in jail for robbing the mail wagon of letters. He was taken up while drunk, and over two hundred letters found on his person and at his home. The letters were mostly from Philadelphia for Wilmington, and from Harrisburg.

VICE-PRESIDENT COFLAX DECLINES A RE-ELECTION.

OUTRAGE BY ARMED NEGROES IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

Augusta, Ga., July 8.—On Saturday evening, twenty-five armed negroes went to the plantation of Vice-President Coflax, in which he denies the statement that he has reconsidered his determination to retire from public life. He says, with the sincerest gratitude to his Republican friends for their long-continued confidence, and while expressing hopes for the continued triumph of their principles and candidates, he does not intend to be a candidate for political honor, but to retire to private life at the end of the present term.

West Virginia.

TERrible Storm in WHEELING.

Wheeling, July 4.—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon a terrible storm of wind and rain, accompanied by thunder and lightning, passed over the lower portion of our city. Houses were shattered, and chimneys, trees and houses blown down. Great damage was done to the wheat and corn crops in Marshal county. The boat Star was blown from her moorings across the river, but escaped injury.

TORTURES

TO live now. Have

Diamond K. Co., Wilmington, Del.

rept. 10-3m.

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He refused to tell from whom it was obtained.

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LOCAL ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY MORNING, July 8, 1871.

On Sunday afternoon last, the wife of Mr. John Bhark, living near Salisbury, accidentally fell from the door step, and broke her neck.

Musics at the Park.—We are informed by members of the Band that there will be music at the Park two evenings in the week, during this summer.

Railroad Affairs.—At a meeting of the directors of the E. S. R. R., held at Princess Anne, on Tuesday, July 4th, Dr. George R. Dennis was chosen President of the road in place of Hon. J. W. Crisfield.

Cutting Affray.—Last Wednesday a difficulty occurred between Mordecai Holloway, and Joshua Pollitt, which resulted in the cutting of Holloway in the hand, arm and ear, by a knife in the hands of Pollitt. Pollitt had a hearing before Justice Fooks, who held him to appear at the next term of Court.

Fruit Growers Association.—Many gentlemen in Salisbury and vicinity, engaged in the culture of fruits, have organized a Fruit Grower's Association. We hail this as a good move, and sincerely hope that the people throughout the county will enter their names. Experience has demonstrated the usefulness of these organizations in other Counties, and we are glad that our people are being awakened to the fact.

Rhetoric.—Witty Ballif of Circuit Court, in the store of one of our prominent merchants, in his suavest tone.—Mr. Clerk, have you one of those things which go together and which, and make a gentle, balmy, breeze, sometimes called Je ne Lind Color?

Merchant Hand down six and make no charge.

County Democratic Convention.—At the county convention held in the Court house, on the 1st day of July 1871, for the purpose of selecting three delegates to the State Convention to be held in Baltimore, July 19, 1871, to nominate candidates for Governor Comptroller of the Treasury, Attorney General, and Clerk of the Court of Appeals, on motion of Col. Wm. J. Leonard, Jas. Duncan, Esq., was called to the Chair. On motion of Jas. E. Cathell Jas. E. Ellegood was elected Secretary.

There being no delegation from the Trappe District, no primary meeting having been held, it was moved and carried that Jas. W. Kent and Wesley Hearn, Esq., of that district, be admitted to seats in the convention. Col. Wm. J. Leonard then stated the object of the Convention, and nominated K. V. White, of Dennis' district as delegate, and W. G. Gordy, of Pittsboro as alternate. H. Humphreys, of Parsons' as delegate, and W. S. Parsons, as alternate, and R. P. Darby, of Sharpsburg as delegate, and T. J. Turpin, of Quantico, as alternate. The nominations being seconded, were put to vote and carried. It was moved and carried that the proceedings be printed in the County papers.

On motion the Convention adjourned.

JAS. DUNCAN, Pres't

Jas. E. Ellegood, Sec'y

Dinner at 11 a.m. on the 4th of July.—The celebration which was held on last Thursday, in the Park at this town under the auspices of the Salisbury Brass Band, was, we are glad to say, a success. At an early hour in the forenoon, the Band passed through the streets discoursing stirring music, and our citizens generally seemed to have put on their holiday regalia in honor of the occasion. In the afternoon the people assembled at the Park, and about 3 P. M., the meeting was organized by electing Mr. Wm. Walker, president. The president then introduced Mr. G. R. Rider, who read the Declaration of Independence, after which, Mr. Lemuel Malone being repeatedly called upon by the audience mounted the platform and delivered a short address. After Mr. Malone concluded, Mr. G. W. M. Cooper was loudly called for, who in an eloquent speech of thirty minutes fully sustained his reputation as a fine orator. At the conclusion of Mr. Cooper's address the meeting adjourned.

BARRON CREEK.

the day went by pleasantly, and our friends there express perfect satisfaction with their success. Mr. J. Augustus Parsons and Mr. J. E. Ellegood, were the speakers, and Mr. Thomas B. Taylor, our efficient County Commissioner, presided. Reports from

ROCKAWALKING.

inform us that the people out there met with flattering success. The day was celebrated in other parts of the county, and it is highly probable that the 4th of July was never celebrated with more enthusiasm than it was in this year. We are glad to notice a returning disposition among the people to celebrate the anniversary of American Independence with demonstrations of joy. It convinces that the spark of patriotism, which was well nigh quenched by the late civil war, is rekindling—and although these demonstrations are by many considered a useless waste of enthusiasm and money, yet we believe them to be beneficial to the masses of the people.

Proceedings of the Circuit Court,—On Wednesday the Circuit Court for Wicomico County met—present—Associate Judges, Hon. J. R. Franklin and Hon. L. T. H. Irving, T. Humphreys, State's Attorney, T. E. J. Rider, Clerk, J. D. Johnson, Sheriff.

The March Term was adjourned and July Term called.

Wednesday was occupied in calling the docket and hearing the case of Winder Hastings vs. George Layfield, appeal from Justice Truitt, Judgment affirmed with costs by the appellee.—J. H. Handy, and J. H. Tarr, for plaintiff and defendant.

Thursday—John Hancock vs. Geo. M. Richardson—appeal from Justice Truitt, Judgment affirmed. Spence & Graham, for plaintiff, J. H. Tarr, for defendant.

State vs. Marcellus Phillips—assault and battery—traversed before the Court. Thee. Humphreys, for State, Huston Humphreys, for Traverser—Guilty, fined \$100 and costs.

The balance of the day was occupied in taking orders and Judgments, at 3 P. M., Court Adjourned.

THE STRAWBERRY AND ITS CULTURE

In this, our beautiful country, the gift of all good, has given us many delicious fruits, and of all them, there are none which exceed the *Strawberry*.

It is God's first fruit-gift of the early season, and he who neglects to cultivate it, is not wise. The rich and the poor may, and ought to have it upon their tables at every meal, during the three or four weeks of its fruiting, for no fruit does so much to put the system in a condition for resisting the malarious seasons of the year.

Plucked fresh from the vines, when fully ripe and eaten with or without sugar, it is a valuable alternative to the system. Don't counteract its health-giving qualities by eating it with cream. Eat simply with sugar, it removes tartar from the teeth and aids digestion by its peculiar acid, and is of far more benefit than the waters of any Mineral Spring yet discovered.

No person having a plot of ground and has once successfully raised this berry, will be willing to go without it.

In addition to its value for home consumption, it has another, and to some perhaps, more desirable quality, viz.: it puts money into the pocket, and too, at a season of the year when the pockets of farmers are most troubled with leanness, and contraction of price.

To illustrate and urge this peculiar characteristic, I am sure I need not, for the county is already made to ring with the wonderful stories of its success, although among us its cultivation for market purposes is only of recent introduction. Here as elsewhere, it has had to contend against the prejudices and incrustations of the past.

Though of humble position in growth, in reputation its life-giving properties of the elements of all business enterprises is famed throughout the land. Of these more anon.

With a few simple directions about the selection and preparation of ground, the further elaboration and illustration is reserved for the future.

1st.—A plat of ground gently sloping to the South and East, if you would have them early, or a plat of ground protected on the North and West by trees.

2d.—A good, deep, rich soil that will bring fine corn or potatoes, and if it is not so, make it so before you plant it.

3d.—Clean cultivation between the rows and in the rows, but beware how you dig about, and under, and into the roots of the plant.

4th.—A renewal of plantation by planting a new one, as often as three years.

5th.—Be careful in the selection of the variety, and be sure you get that which is adapted to your soil if you would realize most satisfactorily.

ETIENNE,

PENINSULAR ITEMS.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

On Wednesday of last week, Mr. Thos. Ballard, of Potato Neck, while threshing out wheat, met with a painful accident. In attempting to draw some straw from the thresher, his hand was drawn in between the rapidly revolving wheels of the machinery, and was crushed so badly that amputation of the arm below the elbow became necessary. He is now doing well.

The Store house of Messrs Jones & Lloyd was entered on the night of the 26th ult., and robbed of \$500. The guilty parties have been arrested and confined in jail.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

The commencement exercises of the Academy, which took place on the 22d ult., at Snow Hill, were well attended, the entertainment was of an interesting character, and merited a deep and lively interest from the entire audience.

On the 22d ult., Mr. James E. Bonnewell had his left leg broken by the falling of a scatting.

Track laying on the Worcester Railroad commenced last week.

TALBOT COUNTY.

The sessions of the Teachers' Institute commenced in Easton, on Monday last.

Fred. Lawrence will be hung at Easton, on the 14th inst.

The Oration exercises of the Easton Lyceum, took place on Friday last at Easton.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

THOMPSON, LILLY & CO., 28 Hanover St., Baltimore

DELAWARE.
At the recent meeting of the Peach Grower's Association, held at Dover, the estimate of the crop of 1871 for this Peninsula is 3,975,000 crates.

There is a current rumor that the National Government has purchased land near Delaware City, on which it will shortly build an auxiliary battery to Fort Delaware.

ANOTHER LARGE SUIT IN PROSPECT.—The land on which the city of Wilmington, Del., is situated is likely to become the subject of litigation. It is stated that some two hundred years ago, more or less, a man named Springer leased 800 acres of land to a German for ninety-nine years—that at the end of that time no one appearing to claim the land, it was sold, and became the site of the flourishing city of Wilmington. The Springer family, have found the original papers and deeds, and are about to lay claim to the fee simple of the 800 acres of land, now valued at about eighty millions of dollars. The heirs of the original Springer now reside in Illinois, St. Louis, Potosi, Missouri, and elsewhere. If this should prove to be true, it will cause a terrible rattling among the dry bones of the Wilmington real estate owners.—Star.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

St. Mary's Catholic Church, 6th Sunday after Pentecost, July 9th, 1871.—Rev. Edw. I. Taylor, Pastor.

Mass. — G. A. M.

Mass and Sermon. — 10:30 A. M.

Evening service. — 7:30 P. M.

Pulpit Services.—M. E. Church, Salisbury Md., Rev. O. W. Buoy, Pastor.

Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School 2 P. M.

Methodist Protestant Church—Rev. J. L. Mills pastor. Service every Sabbath at 10:30 A. M., 7:30 p. m. Sunday School 8:30 A. M.

Prayer Meeting and Lecture every Thursday Evening at 7:30 o'clock.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Ask the recovered dyspeptics, Bilious sufferers, victims of Fever and Ague, the incurable diseased patient, how they recovered health, cheerful spirits, and good appetites—they will tell you by taking Spring's Liver Regulator.

CONSUMPTION.

ITS CURE, ITS PREVENTIVE.

BY J. H. SCHENK, M. D.

MANY a human being has pined away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of the physician to present means of cure.—The nearer and dear to family and friends are the sick, the greater is the clamor to which they are subjected.

Dr. Schenk has induced many to take up the study of this important science.

He has collected a number of cases

and will themselves of his successful efficacious method of treatment.

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BALTIMORE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established upwards of half a century.
B. W. Cor. South and Water sts., Baltimore.
This company insures against loss or damage by fire, in the city or country, on the various descriptions of property.

This company also issues INSURANCE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. JOHNSON, President,
Wm. G. Harrison, Richard S. Stewart,
George R. Vickers, Wm. H. Brune,
Francis W. Aticks, Herman Von Kappf,
David S. Wilson, F. Robert Jenkins,
Josiah Pennington, C. Merton Stewart,
Francis T. King, B. F. Newcomer,
Henry Carroll, Orville Horowitz,
William W. Taylor.

FREDERICK WOODWORTH, Secy.

Communications addressed to the Secretary, (Baltimore, Md.) will receive prompt attention April 30—7.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY FREYRE

Date of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit their claims with the vouchers thereto, before the subscriber, or on or before the 30th day of October, 1871,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand, this 23d day of April 1871.

ELIJAH FREYRE,
Executor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the undersigned has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County letters of Administration on the estate of

JOHN C. BRADLEY

Date of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said dec'd, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereto, before the subscriber or before the 6th day of November, 1871,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of May, 1871.

CANNON KNOWLES,
Administrator.

D. B. SLIFER'S
WHOLESALE & RETAIL

FURNITURE, CHAIR AND BEDDING

WAREROOMS,

No. 66 North 2d St. Below Arch, West Side,
PHILADELPHIA.

Factory and Wholesale Department
1603 North Sixth Street, above Oxford,
May 31st 1871

L. H. BLACK,
Cloak, Dress-Making, Suit

AND

MILLINERY EMPORIUM,
No. 107 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE.

Particular attention paid to orders.
april 8 11 am.

CORN AND OATS.

Whitelock's "Vegetator"
contains in a soluble condition every element necessary in the formation of Corn and Oats. It is always uniform in quality, and the price having been reduced to \$50 per ton Farmers are invited to apply a small quantity by the side of any other manure they are using.

Each bag contains 100 pounds and the quantity applied per acre should not exceed that of Peruvian Guano.

Orders for the same will be filled by E. E. JACKSON & CO., Salisbury, Md., or can be sent direct to W. WHITELOCK & CO., 44 South St., Baltimore.

april 8 11-1 m.

OFFICE BOOTH & GARBETT LABORATORY, &c.

Philadelphia, March 24th, 1871.

It is our constant practice to make chemical analysis of the Phosphate manufactured by Messrs. WANTSON & CLARKE of this city.—We analyze the materials employed in the manufacture, the market value of the course of manufacture, and the finished product ready for exportation. We know for a certainty that it is the constant endeavor of W. X. C. to throw into market a uniform and reliable fertilizer, which shall not be inferior to the best, but rather surpass them. The average analysis of the part year's work shows the contents of their fertilizer to be:

Soluble Phosphoric Acid about 7 per cent. equivalent to 100 lbs. per ton.

Insoluble Phosphoric Acid about 15 per cent. equivalent to total Bone Phosphate 32 1/2 per cent.

Amonia about 1 per cent. equivalent to Solphate of Ammonia, 4 per cent.

The Soluble Phosphoric Acid fluctuates from 4 1/2 to 7 1/2 per cent., the total from 14 to 16 per cent., and the Ammonia, from 1 to 1 1/2 per cent.

Up to now we have made numerous analysis of similar fertilizers, made by other firms, we ascertain that the article made by W. X. C. is not surpassed by any others on sale that we have examined, but that it is decidedly superior to the greater part of them, and is, moreover, very uniform in composition.

Respectfully yours,

BOOTH & GARBETT.

To Sale by J. JOHNSON & CO.,
Salisbury, Maryland.

april 8 11-1 m.

Livery Stable.

The proprietor takes pleasure in announcing that he is prepared to furnish the services of public with horses and carriages at any hour.

He has added largely to his stables in HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c. and is now prepared to take passengers to any part of the Peninsula at reasonable rates.

His saddle horses will be found easy and pleasant. Stable on Camden Street, Salisbu-

ry, Md.

C. H. WOOD,
Proprietor.

april 8 11-1 m.

8 O'CLOCK.

Imperial

SEASON OF 1870-71.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.
Important Improvements.

Patented June 21st, and August 23, 1870.

Reduction of Prices.

The Mason & Hamlin Organ Co. have the pleasure of announcing important improvements in their Cabinet Organs, for which Patent was granted in June and August last. These are not merely mere trifling improvements, but enhance the substantial excellence of the instruments.

They are also enabled by increased facilities for manufacture, to make, from this date, a further reduction of prices on several leading styles.

Having completed and added to their former facilities a large new manufacturing, they hope to offer still more reduced prices.

The Cabinet Organs made by this Company are of such universal reputation, not only throughout America, but also in Europe, that few will need assurance of their superiority.

They now offer FOUR OCTAVE CABINET ORGANS, in quite plain cases, but equal to those made, for \$50 each. The same Double Reed, 555, Five Octaves, with Keyboards, and a complete set of pipes, including the organ, as well as several of the Mason & Hamlin improvements, \$125. The same with new Vox Humana, Auto-pneumatic Swell, &c., \$150. Five Octaves, Three Sets Reeds, Seven Stopes with Envelope; a splendid instrument, \$175.

A new illustrated catalogue with full information and reduced prices, is now ready, and will be sent free, with a testimonial circular containing a great many testimonials as to the superiority of these instruments, to any one sending his address to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., 154, Traction St., Boston, or 596 Broadway New York.

E. A. WILLIAMS,
Proprietor.

REduction of prices.

Reduction of prices.</p

The Salisbury Advertiser.
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,
AT SALISBURY, MD.

One Copy, one year, in advance \$1.00
If not paid in 60 days, 1.50

Single copies five cents.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square—six lines or less, solid measure
ment Nonpareil—inserted one time for \$1.00,
and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Bills for advertisements due after first insertion.

JO. PANTYPOE Executed with newness and
dispatch at the office of the Advertiser.

Professional Cards.

HUSTON HUMPHREYS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

SALISBURY, Md.

Will attend strictly to all business entrusted
to his care. Office over the store of A. G.
Tudway & Co., Main Street.

L EMUEL MALONE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

SALISBURY, Md.

Will attend strictly to all legal business in-
trusted to him, and to the sale of Real Estate.

G. F. HOLLAND. G. W. M. COOPER

HOLLAND & COOPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

SALISBURY, MD.

Practice in the Courts of Maryland and Del-
aware.

J. HOPKINS TARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SALISBURY, MD.

Will practice in the Courts of Somerset, Wi-
comico, and Worcester Counties.

JAMES E. ELLEGOOD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SALISBURY, MD.

Will attend promptly to all business entrusted
to his care.

ISAAC D. JONES,

Attorney-General of Maryland,

Office over Chesapeake Bank,

Corner North and Fayette Streets,

BALTIMORE.

Practices in the Courts of Baltimore in
the Court of Appeals, and in the Supreme
Court of the United States.

D. L. S. BELL,

Graduate of Balt. College of Dental Sur.

DENTIST,

SALISBURY, MD.

HOTELS.

PENINSULAR HOUSE,

MAIN STREET—SALISBURY, MD.

J. TRACY, Proprietor.

A. J. MCCOLLEY,

WITH

Jos. S. Bennett & Co.,

Successors to Stetich, Bennett & Co.]

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 609 Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

June 18-19.

Wicomico & Pocomoke

BAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday, May 4th, daily Passen-
ger and Freight trains will run on the Wi-
comico and Pocomoke Rail Roads as follows:

Leave ARRIVE AT Berlin at 8.30 A.M.—Salisbury, 10.00 A.M.—
Salisbury, 3.40 P.M.—Berlin, 5.15 P.M.

The trains for Salisbury will stop at St. Mar-
tin's, Whaleyville and Pittsville, making con-
nection at Salisbury with the Philadelphia and
Baltimore Mail Train.

Will leave Salisbury for Berlin and inter-
mediate points immediately after the arrival there
of the down Mail Train. H. R. MITT, Pres.

At Junction,
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The Salisbury Advertiser.

FRENT & RICHARDSON, Editors & Proprietors.



Saturday, July 15, 1871.

The Louisiana News.

The infinite nigger is once more making things lively, this time in Louisiana. The Governor there is a white carpet-bagger named Warmoth, the Lieutenant-Governor a negro named Dunn. Warmoth having mashed his foot on a police patrol boat was not long since laid up in ordinary, and forth emerged Dunn to claim that he was now Governor and would operate during, i.e., the reconstructed State government, himself. Dire was the wrath of the crippled carpet-bagger; but, minding him not, the black broke in, perhaps butted in, the doors of the executive office, and began to sign and counter-sign, and direct and redirect in a manner very plentious and most beautiful to see. Certain bills in particular which the man with the game leg had failed to approve he announced his intention of converting into law, and would infallibly have signed them had not his private secretary deftly whisked them all off across the lake. Then the black rose resplendent in his wrath, began proceedings against Mr. Secretary for robbing the executive office, and breathes terrible vengeance against him for obstructing his operation of dising. Contemporaneously with this hot work another turbulent appearance of the infinite nigger is presented. New Orleans is the head centre of a species of idolatrous negro worship known as *routon or hoodoo*, and supposed to be the relics of native African superstitions, and annually do the *routon* persuasion go out to the lake on the shores of which his Excellency now nurses his sore toe, and there boil snakes, dance en chemise, howl, tear one another's wool, elect a "conjor" king or queen, and practice black art generally. The election of a monarch is a prime point not altogether unattended with some danger to the person chosen, and this year it seems the choice fell on a person who became exceedingly skittish at a certain growing glare in the eyes of his new subjects. Pierrot and Pierrot appeared this glare, keeping time in a Santo Domingo rhyme, no doubt with the tom-tom's gentle gurgle, until the person lately elect could stand it no more, but leaping wildly from his throne ran over his prime minister, trampled the high priest upon a choice kettle of boiled snakes, and fled howling into town. Here he arrived quite crazed, and is now in the insane asylum, making with the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor above mentioned a trio of Republican politicians as mad at this writing in Louisiana as so many March hares.—*New York World.*

The Orange-Catholic Riots.

The much-talked-of and long expected riot took place in New York yesterday. The greatest excitement prevailed throughout the city all the previous night and during the day. The simplest and most thorough preparations were made for the anticipated trouble, and no measure of precaution appears to have been omitted. Each soldier was supplied with forty ball cartridges, with one day's rations, and knapsacks. The troops were stationed in strong force along the route of the procession—and cannot planted at various points. The main duty of the police was the protection of individuals and the preservation of order both before and after the demonstration. At half-past 2 the procession moved from Twenty-ninth street and Eighth avenue, guarded by four hundred policemen and detachments of the National Guard. It made but a small show, numbering only about two hundred, with a band of music. Three banners only were borne—one, the Stars and Stripes, another, a picture of William of Orange on horseback, and the third a smaller one, with the inscription "American Freeman, fallin'." Continued attacks were made, and rioting, more or less violent in its character, prevailed during several hours. The troops repeatedly fired upon the assailants, and bayonet charges by the soldiers and dashes by the policemen into the crowd were of frequent occurrence. It is difficult to determine with any degree of accuracy from the mass of despatches—many of them entirely contradictory—the number of the killed and wounded. That of the former cannot have been less than twenty-five or thirty, and of the latter, perhaps five times as many. The number of prisoners is reported at a hundred and thirty. The prosecution ended in Fourth avenue, opposite the Cooper Institute; its members put their badges and regalia in their pockets, and mingling with the crowd, quietly dispersed. The police took charge of the prisoners, and last night, the city seemed, at a comparatively early hour, to have settled into rather unusual quiet.—*Baltimore Gazette of July 13th.*

Charlotte Cushman, the famous actress, having a mortgage for some \$20,000 on her household of the Spencer House, Boston, advertised it for sale through the papers the other day, but not a bidder made his appearance.

A Mysterious Fire.

From the *Sheffield (England) Telegraph*, June 24.

One of the most remarkable fires which has ever broken out in Sheffield is now raging underneath property of considerable value almost in the centre of the town. The scene of this singular occurrence is Trinity Works, Eyre street, in the occupation of Messrs. Andrews Brothers, who carry on business as cutlery manufacturers and merchants, under the title of Messrs. Butler & Co. They let off a large portion of the premises to other persons in the cutlery trade, and to Mr. Wilson, a glass grinder; also supplying their tenants with steam power. In connection with the engine is an immense boiler, thirty feet in length. For some time past this boiler has been observed to be gradually sinking, but this has not gone on to so serious an extent as to warrant a careful investigation. The cause of the subsidence, however, was discovered early Monday morning in a most singular manner.

Killed—Hector McMillan, Archibald Brown, and Hector McNeill. Wounded—D. McCormick, Berry Barnes and James Lowry, the latter a colored man and cousin of Lowry, but co-operating with the Sheriff's posse.

ROBBERY AND OUTRAGES.

Memphis, July 10.—A despatch to the *Appeal from Corinth, Mississippi*, says that a tobacco dealer from Louisville, named Shady, was robbed of \$8000 at the supper-table, on Friday night, while conversing with a Deputy United States Marshal named Meesler. The latter took up a lamp for the purpose of looking for the money, but purposely or by accident broke it, and the burning oil fell on Shady's lap, burning him so badly that little hope is entertained of his recovery. In the confusion the purse was forgotten. It is generally believed the lamp was broken to conceal the crime.

ROBBERY AND OUTRAGES.

Wilmington, July 11.—A fearful burglary was perpetrated in Robeson county yesterday afternoon, by Henry Berry Lowry and a band of negroes. A sheriff's posse, having in charge Lowry's wife and several others, who had been aiding and abetting the negroes, was ambuscaded near Bur's store, on the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad. The following of the sheriff's posse were killed and wounded:

Killed—Hector McMillan, Archibald Brown, and Hector McNeill. Wounded—D. McCormick, Berry Barnes and James Lowry, the latter a colored man and cousin of Lowry, but co-operating with the Sheriff's posse.

The fight resolved itself into a regular battle, which lasted some time. The sheriff's posse fought and followed the negroes into the recesses of the swamp, but it is not certainly known that any of the outlaws were killed.

Lowry, the leader of the band, and Captain F. M. Wishart, had a regular duel on the railroad track, each loading and firing deliberately five or six times, but neither was wounded.

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BALTIMORE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established upwards of half a century.
S. W. Cor. South and Water st., Baltimore.
THIS company insures against loss or damage by FIRE, in the city or country, or on the various descriptions of property.

This company also issues PERPETUAL or PRE-
MATURE POLICIES.

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Wm. G. Garrison, Richard S. Stewart,
George R. Vickers, Wm. H. Braine,
Francis W. Alricks, Herman Von Kappf,
David S. Wilson, F. Robert Jenkins,
Jonah Pennington, C. Morton Stewart,
Francis T. King, B. F. Newcomer,
Henry Carroll, Drville Horwitz,
William W. Taylor.

FREDERICK WOODWORTH, Secy.

Communications addressed to the Secretary,
(Baltimore, Md.) will receive prompt attention
April 30—

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County letters Testamentary on the estate of

MARY FRENEY

late of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit their claims with the executors thereof, before the subscriber, or on or before the 30th day of October, 1871,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand, this 29th day of April 1871.

Elijah Freney,
Executor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the undersigned hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Wicomico County letters of Administration on the estate of

JOHN C. BRADLEY,

late of said county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said dec'd, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the executors thereof before the subscriber or on or before the 6th day of November, 1871,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of May, 1871.

CAXTON KNOWLES,
Administrator.

D. B. SLIFER'S

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

FURNITURE, CHAIR AND BEDDING

WAREROOMS,

No. 66 North 2nd St. Below Arch, West Side,
PHILADELPHIA.

Factory and Wholesale Department

1603 North Sixth Street, above Oxford.

May 25 1871

L. H. BLACK,

Cloak, Dress-Making, Suit
AND

MILLINERY EMPORIUM,

No. 107 West Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE.

Particular attention paid to orders.

april 5-71 6m.

CORN AND OATS.

Whitelock's "Vegetator"

contains a soluble condition every element necessary in the formation of Corn & Oats. It is always uniform in quality, and the price having been reduced to \$20, per ton Farmers are invited to apply a small quantity by the side of any other manure they are using.

Each bag contains 100 pounds and the quantity supplied per acre should not exceed that of Peasant Guano.

Orders for the same will be filled by E. E. JACKSON & CO., Salisbury, Md., or can be sent direct to

W. WHITELOCK & CO.

44 South St., Baltimore.

april 8-71-1m

OFFICE BOOTH & GARRETT LABORATORY, &c.

Philadelphia, March 24th, 1871.

It is our constant practice to make chemical analysis of all kinds of materials employed by

Wm. WATSON & CLARK, of this city. We analyze the materials employed in the manufacture, the materials in the course of manufacture, and the finished product ready for commerce. We know from our analysis that it is the constant endeavor of W. C. to throw into market a uniform and reliable fertilizer, which shall not be inferior to the best, but rather surpass it. The average analysis of our fertilizer's work shows the contents of their fertilizer to be:

Soluble Phosphoric Acid about 7 per cent, equivalent to Total Bone Phosphate 15 per cent.

Total Phosphoric Acid about 15 per cent, equivalent to Total Bone Phosphate 32 1/2 per cent.

Ammonia about 1 per cent, equivalent to Soluble Ammonia, 4 per cent.

The Soluble Phosphoric Acid fluctuates from 6 1/2 to 7 1/2 per cent, the total from 14 to 16 per cent, and the Ammonia, from 1 to 1 1/2 per cent.

As we have made numerous analysis of similar fertilizers, made by other firms, we can assert that the article made by W. C. is not surpassed by any others we have that we have examined, but that it is decidedly superior to the greater part of them, and is, moreover, very uniform in composition.

Respectfully yours,

BOTH & GARRETT.

For Sale by J. JOHNSON & CO.,

Salisbury, Maryland.

april 22 17-6m.

Livery Stable.

THE proprietor takes pleasure in announcing, that he is prepared to furnish the traveling public with horses and carriages at any hour.

He has added largely to his stables in HORSES & CARRIAGES, and is now prepared to take passengers to any part of the Peninsula at reasonable rates.

His saddle horses, will be found well and servant. Stables on Camden Street, Baltimore.

C. H. WOOD,

Proprietor.

8 O'CLOCK.

1871

SEASON OF 1870-71.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

Important Improvements.

Patented June 21st, and August 23, 1870.

Reduction of Prices.

The Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., have the pleasure of announcing important improvements in their Cabinet Organs, for which Patent was granted them in June and August last. These are not merely meritorious additions, but enhance the substantial excellence of the instruments.

They are also enabled by increased facilities for manufacture, to make, from this date, a further reduction of prices on several leading styles.

Having completed and added to their former facilities a large new and satisfactory, hope to offer all orders.

The Cabinet Organs made by this Company are of such universal reputation, not only throughout America, but also in Europe, that few will need assurance of their superiority.

They now offer FOUR OCTAVE CABINET ORGANS, in quite plain cases, but equal according to their capacity to anything they make, for \$50 each. The same, Double Reed, Five Stops, with Knob swell and Tremolo in each case, \$125. The same Extra, with New Humana, Automatic Swell, &c., \$160. Four Octave. Three Sets Reeds, Seven Stops with Euphone; a splendid instrument, \$250.

A new illustrated catalogue with full information and reduced prices, now ready, and will be sent free, with a testimonial circular, presenting a great deal of evidence of the superior quality of the Organs, and sealing addresses to the Mason & Hamlin Organs Co., 154, Tremont St., Boston, or 396 Broadway New York.

In Endless variety, At

A. J. WOOD & CO., Main St.

Dealers in

A. J. WOOD & CO., Dealers in

MEN & BOYS CLOTHING.

Made expressly for our trade. Suits

from \$6 to \$50.

A. J. WOOD & CO., Dealers in

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

Consisting of Shirts, Marino Pauls,

Hose, Gloves, Ties, Collars,

Cuffs &c.

MAIN STREET.

Newspaper Advertising.

A Book of 125 closely printed pages, fully

illustrated, containing a list of the best American Advertising Mediums, giving the names, circulations, and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Political and Family Newspapers, together with all those having large circulations, published in the interest of Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c. Every Advertiser, and every person who contemplates advertising with us, will find of great value, Made free to any advertiser of fifteen cents. G. P. BOWELL & CO., Publishers, No. 40 Park Row, New York. The Pittsburgh (Pa.) Leader, in its issue of May 2, 1870, says: "The firm of G. P. Bowell & Co., which issues this interesting and valuable book, is the largest and best Advertising Agency in the United States, and we can cheerfully recommend it to the attention of those who desire to advertise their business scientifically and systematically in such a way that it secures the largest amount of publicity for least expenditure of money."

The former Editor of this paper, who purchased a Washer and Wringer, thus testifies to the value of this book.

We are knowingly recommend these machines to be just what their manufacturer represents them. We have had them in regular use in our own family for over six months, and we find that all the really hard labor and drudgery of washing is entirely dispensed with by their use. Washing is a neat and pleasant employment for a lady with one of Doty's Washing Machines and Wringer, and we have thought that many a woman would be disposed to whom to bestow his fortune, would become one of the greatest beneficiaries of his race by endowing a fund with which to give one of these washing Machines to the thousands of overtasked washerwomen which we have in our land. Notice the liberal offer made by Mr. Browning in his advertisement. There no deception in this offer, and we would be willing to guarantee its fulfillment to the letter. Let every family which can possibly do so buy Doty's Washing Machine and Wringer.

WHEN YOU PURCHASE A WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER, GET THE BOOK.

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The Salisbury Advertiser.

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AT SALISBURY, MD.
One Copy, one year, in advance . . . \$1.00
If not paid in 60 days, 1.50
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ment Nonpareil—inserted one time for \$1.00,
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HUSTON HUMPHREYS,
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Will attend strictly to all business entrusted to his care. Office over the store of A. G. Tandy & Co., Main Street.

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Will attend strictly to all legal business intrusted to him, and to the sale of Real Estate.

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Will practice in the Courts of Somerset, Wicomico, and Worcester Counties.

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Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to his care.

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Court of the United States.

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Graduate of Balto. College of Dental Sur'y.)

DENTIST,

SALISBURY, MD.

HOOTELS.

PENINSULAR HOUSE,

MAIN STREET—SALISBURY, MD.

J. TRACY, Proprietor.

A. J. MCCOLLEY,

WITH

Jos. S. Bennett & Co.,

(Successors to Stretch, Bennett & Co.)

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 609 Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

June 18-19

Wicomico & Pocomoke

RAIL ROAD.

On and after Monday, May 4th, daily Passen-

ger and Freight trains will run on the Wi-

comico and Pocomoke Rail Roads as follows:

LEAVE ARRIVE AT

Berlin at 8.30 A.M. | Salisbury, 10.00 A.M.

Salisbury, 3.40 P.M. | Berlin, 5.15 P.M.

The trains for Salisbury will stop at St. Mar-

tin's, Whiteley and Pittsville, making con-

nection at Salisbury with the Philadelphia and

Baltimore Mail Train.

Will leave Salisbury by Berlin and interme-

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of the down Mail Train. H. R. PITTS, Pres.

DELAWARE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.,

OF WILMINGTON, DEL.

JOHN P. McLEAR, President.

M. M. CHILD, Secretary.

BRANCH OFFICE:

N. W. CORNTH & CO.,

PHILADELPHIA.

GEORGE W. STONE, Vice President, Manager.

GEO. F. TURNER, Gen'l Agent & Attorney.

Low Rates.

All Policies Non forfeiting after One Annual

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Every accommodation consistent with guaran-

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Books containing full information concerning

the plans and Rules of the Co. sent free upon

application to the Branch Office.

AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT THE STATES OF

PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY:

REFERENCE (by permission)—H. L. E. W.

GILPIN, Chief Justice of Delaware; Hon.

THOMAS F. BAYARD, U. S. Senator from Dela-

ware; Hon. ROBERT LOUD, Mayor of Delaware; Gen.

Henry de Pont, Powder Manuf'g' Hon. Gov.

Salisbury, Gov. State of Del.; the Presidents

of all the Banks in the City of Wilmington;

Hon. J. S. Valentine, Mayor City of Wilmington;

Aug 13-14

EDGAR I. OLIVER,

Commission Merchant,

AND DEALER IN

BERRIES, PEACHES AND APPLES, DRINK

FRUITS, POULTRY, EGGS &c.

No. 153 Centre Row,

West Washington Market,

NEW YORK.

I will use my best endeavors to promote the

interests of my shippers, by getting the best

prices, making daily reports, and sending prompt

returns once or twice a week, as may be desired.

[In 13 lbs.]

\$5 TO \$10 PER DAY.

MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS who engage in

our new business make from \$5 to \$10 per

day in their local towns. Full particular

and instructions sent by mail. These are

of permanent, profitable work, should ad-

dress at once. George Strickson & Co., Portland,

Maine.

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The Salisbury Advertiser.

FRENT & RICHARDSON, Editors & Proprietors.



Saturday, July 29, 1871.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
Hon. W. Pinkney Whyte.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
Andrew K. Syester.

FOR COMPTROLLER,
Col. Levin Woolford.

BIRDS OF A FEATHER.

It is just now officially made known that Governor Bullock, the reconstructed executive of Georgia, has during his incumbency granted 408 out of 463 applications for pardon made him, and refused but 55. Among the offences pardoned we find 56 murders, 81 manslaughters, 36 assaults with intent to commit murder, and 52 burglaries—making something like one-half of the condonations vouchsafed those of the gravest crimes. Some time since, when the terrible condition of affairs in South Carolina under Republican management claimed public attention, it was known that out of 486 convictions in a single year the Governor of that State, Scott, nullified the action of the courts by his pardon in 205 instances, and it was then thought so monstrous abuse of the pardoning power must remain without parallel. Bullock, however, so far exceeds it that the rascally action of his brother executive seems even in comparison, and the reflection is forced upon us that if we could gain a like insight into the criminal statistics of the other States of the South there would appear much to justify those occasional local disturbances of which we hear in that section. It is not in human nature to endure calmly the prostitution of powers organized to protect society into an alliance with the criminal classes; and where the action of the courts is thus persistently nullified it is to be expected that society, reverting to first principles, will protect itself. Instead of wondering that any disorders occur South, it is but matter of surprise in these cases that there is any respect left for law at all, and when the general good order there is considered a very lively view of patience under the hand of malignant men can be obtained.

There is another consideration that is pressed upon the attention in considering such an abuse of the pardoning power as is presented in these statistics from the present State government of Georgia. It is hard to be supposed that Governor Bullock, or for that matter his conferees Scott, or any other low fellow suddenly foisted into power, is so unusually imbued with softness of heart as to grant all these pardons from mere clemency alone. It has been asserted, and perhaps with some truth that in the prerogative of mercy attached to the executive office they offer a source of profit, just as from the other powers of the same position money is expressed, and are more loath to open the penitentiary gates or remove the scaffold halter for a valuable consideration had and received. Knowing themselves in office only by virtue of a great political convolution, and feeling that when once out they possess nothing in themselves to either put them again into power or renege from an ignoble oblivion, it is but in their nature to lay hand on as much of the spoil as may be as a preparation against that dreaded day. To money therefore, in part are to be attributed these many pardons; but this is not all the secret. Political favoritism is in part also the occasion; but mainly the reason, as we take it, is a moral obtuseness which fails to perceive the enormity of crime. He who has wrought his way into office by fraud and violence is not likely to be much horrified by violence or fraud in others, and when beset by the friends or advocates of any criminal is little apt to be sustained against their solicitations by any ideas that crime must be punished or the welfare of the commonwealth vindicated against those who have done it injury. A pardon is almost a matter of course, and it is not the least evil of this laxity that it affords a handle to the unthinking to argue in favor of an abolition of the pardoning power. The abuse seems so great that its only apparent remedy is the inhibition even of the use; and yet the real occasion of the trouble is that men to whom crime is not crime are set in the seat of judgment. They are birds of a like feather with their suppliants, and out of the very necessity of their nature cannot be hard upon that in others which is not vile to themselves.—*New York World.*

The Decadence of Speculation.

From the New York Bulletin.

My list of transactions at the exchange tell a mournful tale of the decadence in Wall street. The sums of value of a few hundred thousand dollars, each session of the board suggest a satisfactory reply to the inquiry, how hundreds of brokers make their

offices expenses, to say nothing of the larger expenditures connected with their private high life? We confess we cannot solve this enigma, and are forced to the conclusion that these gentlemen are living rather on their hopes than their commissions. The truth is, that, for the last three years, there has been a steady decline in the speculative spirit of Wall street. One after another, the operators who there sought a short cut to wealth have disappeared, and the brokers' parlors, where the faces were once familiar, present only a spectacle of vacant chairs. Still there are the magnates who control our railroads, and carry the large blocks of stocks, but the men of more modest means, who have been wont to buy and sell on the supposed movements of the railway kings, having given first gloom and then "scooby," are gone into seclusion, probably to reflect upon the uncertainty of human fortunes. It is the old thing over again; they have gambled with men who held the trump cards, and have lost the game. The remarkable thing, however, is that a second crop of victims is not forthcoming. It does seem singular, in view of the attractions of speculation, that the old habits of the street having been used up, there are no new dupes to take their place. A few weeks ago there seemed to be some prospect of getting in a good haul of outsiders. Some long-absent operators appeared in the arena; a few merchants seemed inclined to employ some of their capital in margins; the length of the stock lists suddenly doubled, and brokers flattered themselves that old times were coming back again. The failure of one large operator, spreading confusion among the cliques, however, scattered the new comers in a twinkling, and the hope of the rings that they would unload on the green "outsiders" was rudely blighted. The quick departure of these neophytes in speculation shows that they entered the market with cautious misgivings, and affords another illustration of the indisposition of men of business to indulge in Wall street ventures. In the gold room, a similar condition of things prevails, the consequences being that the daily clearings at the Gold Exchange Bank now average only about \$40,000,000, against a former to of \$100,000,000 to \$140,000, Q.D.

CALIFORNIA.

The Troubles in AMADOR.

San Francisco, July 25.—The outrages of the miners (strikers) in Amador County have been renewed. Mr. Hatch, bookkeeper of the Amador mine, has been murdered. Troops will be dispatched there to-day.

A Reign of TERROR.

The Miners' League has begun a reign of terror in Amador county. Gangs of men, wearing masks, were abut last night searching for the officers of the different mining companies, with intent to murder them. The officers of Amador county, and a force of men not belonging to the League, are now besieged, but they are determined to hold out to the utmost.

Hatch, the bookkeeper of the Amador mine, was assassinated by the leaguers, but before he fell he shot one McMenomy, a leader of the League.

The extent of the trouble is unknown, as communication with the operators is difficult. In consequence of the proceedings of members of the League, troops will be ordered to the scene of the disturbance from different points immediately.

Strained Fighting with the INDIANS.

San Francisco, July 25.—Advices from Tucson, under date of July 18th, state that a supply train in charge of Captain A. L. Smith and a company of soldiers, en route for Camp Bowie, when about twenty miles east of Tucson was attacked by a band of Indians. The captain and nearly all of the company were a mile ahead of the wagons. As soon as the rear wagons were attacked word was sent forward, and Lieutenant Miller returned with half the company. With these and the wagons he engaged the Indians, and had a spirited fight, killing thirteen warriors, and losing one soldier killed, three wounded and three horses killed. General Crooke, with his command of guides and scouts and 200 soldiers, are in the mountains eastward, and have not been heard from for several days.

KENTUCKY.

BOLD AND SUCCESSFUL EXPRESS ROBBERY.

Louisville July 25.—A daring express robbery was committed on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, in Hickman County, Ky., last Saturday night. Three men got into the train at Union City and at Moscow, where the train halted, and two of the robbers got off, and a confederate remained on the platform. As the train moved out from the depot, the two jumped into the express car, overpowered the messenger, robbed the safe of \$20,000, halted the train, jumped off, and disappeared in the dark. Twenty-five citizens turned out to hunt for the robbers, but they are not yet found.

Maryland Democrats and Ohio Republicans.

The Democratic State Convention of Maryland met last week and nominated State officers, made no reference to Federal policy, measures or policy, and therewith the Grant organs open up a howl against the Maryland Democrats, and denounce them as cowards and dudgers. Ohio Republican papers are not behind their party contemporaries of other States in their sneers and game-making at the Maryland Democrats and yet the Republican central organ of Ohio—Ohio State Journal—says: "The Ohio Republican State platform, no more commits the party to either protective or strictly revenue tariff than it does to the San Domingo policy, or against it." Well if the platform does not commit the party for or against it, what does it do but dodge? There is nothing more positive and binding in the Ohio Republican platform, on those points, than there is in the Maryland platform which is silent altogether. It comes with an ill name from Ohio Republicans to swear at their sneers and game-making at the Maryland Democrats and yet the Republican central organ of Ohio—Ohio State Journal—says: "The Ohio Republican State platform, no more commits the party to either protective or strictly revenue tariff than it does to the San Domingo policy, or against it." Well if the platform does not commit the party for or against it, what does it do but dodge? There is nothing more positive and binding in the Ohio Republican platform, on those points, than there is in the Maryland platform which is silent altogether. It comes with an ill

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New Jersey

A FURIOUS STORM AT CAPE MAY—WEATHER-BRATED PLEASURE.

SEASIDE.

Cape May, July 26.—A terrible storm yesterday carried off the pleasure yacht Sunshine, belonging to E. M. Grubb, of Barbington, New Jersey, from the stemboat landing where she was at anchor. Only a portion of the crew were aboard, the sailing master having come ashore in a boat, which was swamped, rendering his return impossible. The pilot refused a reward offered of \$500 to take the sailing master on board again alleging the Government life-boat was unsatisfactory for such a heavy sea. It was ascertained this morning that she is safe, having brought up with an anchor off Middle Sound, between Cape May and Henlopen, and can be brought back with proper assistance.

The steamer Sue, from Philadelphia, was unable to land her passengers last evening, and put back into Morris river for a harbor. They were landed this morning and are busy narrating their experiences of the storm. The weather is beautiful today, and bathing is highly enjoyed.

MISSOURI.

FATAL AND DESTRUCTIVE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

St. Louis, July 26.—A terrible railroad accident occurred at fifteen minutes past 6 last evening, on the Toledo and Wabash Railroad, sixteen miles from the city and two miles this side of Edwardsville, Illinois. A freight train of thirty-three cars, heavily laden with grain, going south at great speed, collided with a gravel train, on which there were a number of laborers returning home from their work. Six laborers were killed outright and four others so seriously injured that little hopes are entertained of their recovery. About half of the remainder of the laborers were more or less injured, some quite seriously. The track was not cleared at a late hour last night, and express trains transferred their passengers at the scene of the wreck.

The collision occurred on a short curve, and neither of the engineers was aware that another train was on the track until too late to prevent a collision. The engineers and firemen of both trains jumped off in time to save their lives. Both engines and a large number of cars were demolished. The names of the killed and wounded were not ascertained.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE SHERIFFALTY.

EOS. ADVERTISER:—

You will please insert in your paper, the name of THOMAS A. WALSTON, Esq., as a candidate for the Sheriffality of Wicomico Co., subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating Convention. By request of

HIS FRIENDS.

MRS. EDITORS:—

You will please announce SAMUEL H. FOOTE, as a candidate for the Sheriffality of Wicomico Co., subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating Convention. J. J. 71. MANY VOTERS.

WANTED AGENTS, wherever to canvas

the country, for Agents, to sell

LOCAL ADVERTISER.

PENINSULAR ITEMS.

SATURDAY MORNING, July 29, 1871.

The people of Quantico are making preparations to rebuild the M. E. Church of that place.

A Camp Meeting will be held at Wood Lawn, near Quantico, commencing on the 11th of August.

Owing to press of work we are compelled to postpone the publication of the proceedings of the School Teachers' Institute, until next week.

Valuable Horse Lost.—Mr. R. H. Ellegood of this town, lost his valuable black stallion, on Wednesday last, with Lock-jaw. It originated from a severe sore on the back, and it is thought the spinal column was injured.

To be, or not to be?—It is rumored that our Southern Methodist friends contemplate holding a camp-meeting in the grove at Shad Point, where the recent basket meeting was held. Is it to be, or not to be? that's the question."

Storm.—Last Thursday this Peninsula was visited by a storm of wind and rain from the northeast. The storm commenced early in the morning and lasted until the middle of the night. It was so cool during the prevalence of the storm that many persons found it necessary to don overcoats.

Notice.—The Members of Newton Lodge, No. 50. I. O. O. F., are requested to meet the Lodge at their Hall, in Salisbury, on Wednesday evening, August 7th, at the usual hour of meeting, as business of importance to the Old Fellows will come up.

By order of the Lodge.

P. W. BRADLEY, R. S.

Salisbury, July 29, 1871.

Bishop Lay.—To the disappointment of many persons in this county, Bishop Lay was unexpectedly prevented from filling his appointments at this place, Spring Hill and Green Hill, because of his daughter having received a dangerous kick from a horse. Owning to his failure to arrive, the time honored annual festival at Green Hill will not take place this year.

The business of the Messrs. Fairbanks, the celebrated Scale Manufacturers, is rapidly increasing. From the factory in St. Johnsbury, Vermont, nearly 50,000 Scales are annually distributed in all parts of the world, and the demand for them is constantly increasing. Farmers, Manufacturers, Merchants, and all using scales, are rapidly learning that it is economy to purchase anything the most reliable, and the Fairbank standard is usually considered a perfect model beyond all appeal.

Farmers were going with their teams, and Merchants with their carriages, till the late warm days made them all stop as well as the corn to untwist blades and hold up its face to kiss the falling waters. There are favorable reports of a good crop from many portions of the county. Only those sections where corn was planted early will be cut short.

May Providence still rain on us.

Installation of Officers.—D. G. C. John P. Windsor installed, July 6th, at Officers of Quantico Lodge No. 84, K. P. for the ensuing Term:

Wm. J. Wailes, W. C.
J. Zack Taylor, V. C.
L. S. Wilson, G.
Wm. W. Ackworth, I. S.
W. B. McLarmore, O. S.

This Lodge is represented in a flourishing condition, with a membership of 84 and \$600 or \$700 in their Bank.

Drowned.—On Wednesday last, Wm. Jarrett, son of Capt. Wm. Jarrett, of Tyaskin, was drowned off Poplar Island in Chesapeake Bay. The unfortunate young man was a sailor on board the schooner Old Fellow, and during a violent storm was knocked overboard by the gibing of the main boom. His body has not yet been recovered. The deceased was about 22 years of age.

House blown down.—One day last week, a tenant house on the farm of Mr. Josephus Humphreys was blown to the ground by a hurricane which passed through his farm, uprooting trees and twisting the limbs from others. The house was occupied by a family, the mother and several children on the lower floor, the father and one child in the attic, all were caught under the ruins but one injured. The wind did no other serious damage, as it path was short and narrow.

Disgraceful.—It seems that the worst passions of meanest element among the inhabitants of this locality have been recently given full play, and our town has been made the scene of several disgraceful broils. One fellow knocked his brother senseless with a saucer. Another man, filled with rage, cut one of his companions nose with a scissor. A woman tried to cut off the nose of another woman with a scissor. This woman nearly to death. If this continues, we will have a few

new condition of things, and new demands have come to us which are loudly knocking at our doors, and now what are we going to do?

There is good ahead in store for us if we but improve or heed this knocking. But if like the bull, we refuse to listen, there is danger, and by and by we will find that we have forfeited our inheritance. Even like, for a mess of porridge, and will wake up to our advantages and realize what we have lost when we see it in the hands of others.

In recent strolls in this and adjoining county, I found men here and there, who were catching glimpses of the good things in store for them, and was eagerly inquired of as to the profitableness of the strawberry—and how and when to plant. There was one man I found who evidently was suffering from the incrustations of the past; for in reply to the question, "what do you think of the strawberry?" he said, "I think it is some new fangled thing like some Mulberry plants which some years ago were brought down here by some Yankees, to speculate on, and the old man was induced to buy some of them and that was the last of his money." I tried to convince him to the contrary. He listened quietly until I was through and then replied, "my father raised me and my brothers and sisters on his land and hominy, and what was good enough for us is good enough for my boys and girls." This, however, I hope, is an isolated case and with all such time and patience will work a cure. To those who have determined to plant and are inquiring "when shall we plant?" I answer. In practice there are two seasons of the year, either of which is good, provided you are ready—but neither of them are good if you are not ready. In this section any time after the 1st of October until winter sets in, provided you can good strong plants near at hand, you can with safety set them out. But to get good strong plants in the Fall always, you cannot with any degree of certainty; for the long hot, and frequently dry summers which we have retarded the growth of new plants, except in lands where there is an abundance of moisture. If we have enjoyed such a Summer, growers of plants will but seldom take up their plants early in the Fall, for to do so is a loss to them. To determine therefore to set out a plantation in the Fall, I think is a mistake. You may occasionally do so and get good strong plants. Another objection to Fall setting is, you will have to give them two hand workings extra, which adds much to the expense of cultivation, for the grass and weeds will start much earlier in lands plowed in the Fall. I therefore advise Spring planting or in February if we have an open spell as we frequently do, and then during the Fall prepare the soil, and put your plants in the ground while it is cool and full of moisture, and they will grow right off and you need not lose a plant, if carefully set out. Unless cut by worms, moles and mice, which in some of these sandy soils are very destructive. The last you know how to manage. The first I believe, can be destroyed entirely or nearly so, by a Fall application of ten bushels of salt to the acre, put on broadcast and at the same time benefit your strawberry plants. Those of you who can afford it and do not live near salt water, try it. It will do good and is not expensive. You need not fear its injuring the plants provided it is put on the ground the Fall before you set out your plants—or if you mix that quantity per acre with your compost, to put underneath your plants, provided it is thoroughly dissolved and mixed through the compost, you will find it advantageous. Applied in this way however, it will not destroy the cut worm. With this I leave you. When we meet next week, I may continue this subject and in connection therewith will consider the varieties that are adapted to your sandy soils, for market purposes.

Guaranteed.—We offer a great opportunity, with immense reductions, now offered to procure FASHIONABLE AND FRESH-

AND DEXTEROUS

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURERS,

E. S. BREWINGTON,

AND DEALERS IN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Unwilling to be Shot.

A CALIFORNIA EDITOR'S FAREWELL TO LADY FRIENDS.

Emotional insanity having been so often pleaded successfully by husbands in California, in defense of shooting or killing suspected gallants, the San Francisco News Letter says:

"All men's wives who have hitherto enjoyed the advantage of our acquaintance, are hereby notified that this ceases to-day, never to be renewed. It is with deep grief that we disrupt the social relations which promised so much, but we feel compelled thereto by the first law of nature.—Our lady friends who have the misfortune to be married to other and inferior men, will please stick like a leek to their legal protectors, and not recognize us on the street. We have taken considerable pleasure in their society—pleasure which we flattered ourselves has been mutual—but this thing can no longer be permitted to go on. We trust that our motives—which is pure cowardice—will not be misconstrued. Somebody perishes ingloriously every day for being upon speaking terms with married women, and we do not care to have our turn come round. Deeply grateful for the past forbearance of aggrieved husbands, we make our bow and retire. Hereafter our nods and smiles will be lavished upon girls and widows exclusively; no others need apply. Who-soever shall attempt to introduce me to his own wife, or that of another man, will be regarded as a conspirator against our precious life, and subject to abuse in the columns of this journal. Nature is strong in us, and we do not wish to die. Whenever we shall feel a desire that way, we shall treat somebody's wife with common courtesy, get shot, and go quietly to our reward."

The Sad Fate of Dr. Livingstone.

A Western exchange gets off the following burlesque on the much discussed question of the fate of the great African traveler:

Si Roderick Murchison is hereby informed that Dr. Livingstone is very dead, indeed. An intelligent gorilla has recently been imported to this city, who had the good fortune to serve the doctor as a body servant in the interior of Africa, and thus describes the manner of his master's death. The doctor was accustomed to pass his nights in the stomach of an acquaintance—a crocodile about 50 feet long. Stepping out one evening to take an observation of one of the lunar eclipses to the country, he spoke to his host saying "that as he should not return until after bed time, he would not trouble him to sit up to let him in; he would just leave the door open until he came home. By way of doing so, he set up a stout fence rail between his landlord's distended jaws and went away. Returning about midnight, he took off his boots outside, so as not to awaken his friend, entered softly, knocked away the prop, and prepared to turn in.

But the noise of pounding on the rail had aroused the householder, and so great was the feeling of relief induced by the relaxation of the maxillary muscles, that he unconsciously shut his mouth to smile, without giving his tenant time to get into bed. The doctor was just stooping to untie his drawers, when he was caught between the floor and the ceiling of the reception room, like a lemon in a squeezer.—Next day the melancholy remains were given to our informant, who displays a singular reticence regarding his disposition of them; merely picking his teeth with his claws in an absent, thoughtfull kind of way, as if the subject was too mournful to be discussed in all its harrowing details.—None of the doctor's maps or instruments were recovered; his bereaved landlord holds them as security for certain rents claimed to be due and unpaid. It is probable that Great Britain will make a formal demand for them, and if they are not surrendered—will submit her claims to a conference.

Dr. FRANKLIN'S GIFT.—Dr. Franklin used to wish that he might, after a good long nap, live the last half of his allotted years some time in the Nineteenth Century. His equanimity, the greatest with which a great man was ever endowed, might be a little disturbed if he should wake up just now in Boston. He left by will a small sum of money, the income of which was to be lent to "young married artificers." This has been invested and reinvested, until it now amounts to more than \$150,000, but no young married artificer has ever been favored with a parting of it.—It is now proposed to lend it in small sums to persons of moderate means, to enable them to secure neat and comfortable homes in the vicinity of the City of Boston.

THE SNAKE NUT.—This is one of the most remarkable productions of the vegetable kingdom. It is found in British Guinea, and specimens are occasionally brought down the coast for sale as curiosities to the passengers by West India steamers. The nuts vary in size from about a small walnut to that of an ordinary egg, and the kernel closely resembles a small box constrictor, coiled up as if asleep. While the nut is unripe, the kernel can be uncoiled, and its resemblance to the body, fang, and tail of a reptile is most extraordinary.

This woman that makes a pudding in silence is better than one who makes reply.

SEASON OF 1870-71.

MASON & HAMILTON CABINET ORGANS.

Important Improvements.

Patented June 21st, and August 23, 1870.

Reduction of Prices.

The Mason & Hamlin Organ Co. have the pleasure of announcing important improvements in their Cabinet Organs, for which Patents were granted them in June and August last. These are really meritorious attachments, but enhance the substantial excellence of the instruments.

They are also enabled by improved facilities for manufacture, to make, from this date, a further reduction of prices on several leading styles.

Having completed and added to their former facilities a large number of new and hope facilities, they will offer all orders promptly.

The Cabinet Organ made by this Company are of such universal reputation, not only throughout America, but also in Europe, that few will need assurance of their superiority.

They now offer FOUR OCTAVE CABINET ORGANS, in quite plain cases, but equal according to their capacity to anything now offered for \$125. The Double Reed Set, \$150. With Knee swell and Tremulant, in elegant case, with several of the Mason & Hamlin improvements, \$125. The Extra, with new Vox Humana, Automatic Swell, &c., \$175. Five Octaves, Three Sets Reeds, Seven Stops with Euphone; a splendid instrument, \$325.

A new illustration of the organ with full information of reduced prices, is now ready, and will be sent free, with a testimonial circular, presenting a great mass of evidence to the superiority of these instruments, to any one sending his address to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Co., 153 Tremont St., Boston, or 596 Broadway New York.



DOTY'S WASHING-MACHINE.

LATELY MUCH IMPROVED—AND THE NEW

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER

Improved with Bowell's Patent Double Cog-wheels, and the Patent Stop, are now unquestionably far superior to any apparatus for washing clothes ever invented, and will save their cost twice a year, by saving labor and clothes.

The former Editor of this paper, who purchased a Wringer and Wringer, thus testifies as to their value:

We have included these machines to be in what their manufacturers represent them. We have had them in regular use in our own family for over six months, and we find that all the really hard labor and drudgery of washing is entirely dispensed with by their use. Washing is a most pleasant employment for a lady with one of Doty's Washing Machines and Wringer, and we have thought it right to give this offer and we would be willing to guarantee its fulfillment to the letter. Let every family which can possibly do so buy Doty's Washing Machine and Wringer.

PRICES—A Fair Offer.

If the Merchants in your place will not furnish, or send the Machines, send us the retail price, Washer \$14. Extra Wringer \$8, and we will forward either or both machines, free postage, to any place in the United States, and assure you, we are well pleased that you agree to refund the money if any one wishes to return the machines free of freight, after a month's trial, according to directions.

No husband, father or brother should permit the drudgery of washing with the hands, fifty-two weeks in the year, when it can be done better, more expeditiously, with less labor, and no expense, than by a Doty Clothes Washer, and a Universal Wringer.

Sold by dealers generally, to whom liberal discounts are made.

R. C. BROWNING, Gen Agent

32 Cortlandt St., New York.

Sept 10-3m.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

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