

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A Y 7, 1807.

## Family Medicine.

Just received from RICHARD LEE and SON, and for Sale by

Gideon White, Church-street,  
An Assortment of PATENT MEDICINE.

### Lee's Worm Destroying Lozenges.

THIS medicine, which is as innocent and mild as it is certain and efficacious in its operation, cannot injure the youngest infant, should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of what ever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

From the many cases of cures that daily come to our knowledge, we have selected the following:

Messrs. Richard Lee and Son.

You are at liberty to publish the astonishing cure performed by your Lozenges on my son, 10 years old, who was afflicted with fevers, pain in his side, and a continual headache, which reduced him so low that he was unable to sit up. One of my neighbours advised me to use your Lozenges, which has had the happy effect of restoring him to a better state of health than he has enjoyed for several years, in the short space of seventeen days.

JOHN KELLEY,  
Pitt-street.

Balt. Nov. 12, 1806.

Messrs. Richard Lee and Son.

My son, five years old, has for sometime past been very unhealthy, having fevers, headache and loss of appetite. Hearing of the many cures performed by your Worm Lozenges, I was induced to give them a trial. The effect was beyond my expectation, as a quantity of small worms was expelled; hundreds of them were alive for sometime after.

JOHN KENNEDY,  
Potter-street.

Balt. Jan. 4th, 1807.

Messrs. Richard Lee and Son.

Having observed in the news-paper, an advertisement describing the good qualities of your Worm Lozenges, induced me to call at the store of Warner Hanna, and to make a trial of them on a female friend of mine, who was in my care, which from symptoms of disease, viz. sickness, a picking at nose, offensive breath and other like circumstances, authorized myself and Mrs. McCormick to determine that worms was the complaint, accordingly a few days since, I made a trial of the medicine, according to the directions, and I am happy to say, on the third day afterwards the child evacuated worms, and other offensive matter, such as to be astonishing that any human being could have been so afflicted—particularly at so early an age as 2 1-2 years old—for the good of society I have much pleasure in mentioning the case, and to observe that the child is now perfectly well, and assumes a healthy appearance. Any other information I shall give with pleasure on application to me at my house in Frederick-street, near Messrs. Van Wyck and Dorsey's room.

Wm. McCormick.

Balt. Jan. 21, 1807.

### Lee's Elixir.

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, whooping Cough, Asthma, Sore throats, and approaching consumptions.

Persons who may have children afflicted with whooping Cough, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most distressing disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, no difficulty arises in taking it.

Messrs. R. Lee and Son.

For a long time I have been afflicted with a severe cold, attended with a distressing cough, sickness at the stomach, with a frequent inclination to vomit—having used a medicine which is said to have performed cures of this kind, but without receiving any benefit; I procured of Lee's Elixir, a bottle was procured at Messrs. Warner and Hanna's book store, which has entirely removed this distressing complaint—in fact it was not possible for one to say too much in favour of this valuable medicine; being convinced those persevering under severe cold, by the use of Lee's Elixir would soon be restored to a perfect state of health.

REDMOND MINCHEN.  
At Peter's Brewery.

Balt. Feb. 9, 1807.

### Lee's Grand Restorative.

Proved by long and extensive experience, to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, loss of appetite, impurity of blood, hysterical affections, inward weakness, violent cramps in the stomach and back, indigestion, melancholy, gout in the stomach, pains in the limbs, relaxations, involuntary emissions, obstinate gleet, flour albus (or whites,) impotency, barrenness, &c. &c.

### Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

### Lee's Genuine Essence & Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c.

### Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the use of other remedies.

### Lee's Genuine Eye-Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

### Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion.

### Lee's Damask Lip Salve.

### Toothach Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered, which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

### The Anodyne Elixir, for the cure of every kind of Headach.

### Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

### The Indian Vegetable Specific, for the Cure of Venereal Complaints.

A liberal allowance will be made to wholesale purchasers, by applying at Messrs. Warner and Hanna's book-store, corner of Gay and Market-streets. Feb. 19.

## NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of STEPHEN WATERS, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are requested to exhibit their claims to the subscribers, on or before the first day of February, 1807, and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

SAMUEL WATERS, } Executors.  
BASIL DUCKETT, }

### Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of HODGES and TILLARD, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved; all persons indebted to said firm will call and settle their respective balances with Benjamin Hodges, who is the only person authorized to settle the same.

BENJAMIN HODGES;  
JOHN H. TILLARD.

November 24, 1806.

## LAST NOTICE.

THE subscribers, intend to leave the Indian Landing in a few months, request all those indebted either on bond, note, or account, to call and settle, or suits will be commenced to April court, without respect to persons.

ISAAC and THOMAS H. DORSEY.  
January 3, 1807.

TAKEN up on my shore, about four months ago, a MAST, about 70 feet in length, and 16 inches through the partners. The owner may have it again on proving property and paying charges.

WOOLMAN GIBSON.

April 10, 1807.

## Valuable Family Medicines.

Just received, direct from the Patentees, and for sale, by

THOMAS SHAW, ANNAPOLIS.

DOCT. RAWSON'S Anti-bilious and Stomachic Bitters, which have proved so singularly efficacious for a few years past, for restoring weak and decayed constitutions of almost every description, and in removing all those complicated complaints so common in the fall season.

Those valuable bitters need not the aid of certificates to bring them into notice, but the following letter, coming from a very respectable physician, it is thought not improper to lay it before the public—

Extract of a letter from Doct. John Willcox, of the city of Vergennes, to the proprietor, dated Oct. 20, 1804.

"Dear Sir,

"I have been one of those that never put much faith in patent medicines until of late, but must acknowledge, by actual experience, that I have received more benefit from Doct. Rawson's Bitters, than from all the medicines I ever took before. I have been unwell with a low remittent fever.

"Respectfully your obdt. servt.

"JOHN WILLCOX, M. D."

Doct. Rawson's celebrated Itch or Beautifying Ointment.

The most certain and safe application of any now in use for curing that disagreeable complaint called the Itch, it also cures all kinds of eruptions on the face or skin, is very agreeable in smell, and leaves the skin smooth and beautiful.—Price only 42 cents a box.

Doct. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir, or Cough Drops.

The best preparation ever yet discovered for all complaints of the lungs, and has been known frequently to effect a cure after all other medicines have failed.—It is to be hoped that all those who are labouring under consumptive complaints will resort to this valuable medicine for relief.

Doct. Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

Which whitens and preserves the teeth, cures the scurvy in the teeth and gums, and gives an agreeable smell to the breath—it is a valuable preparation, and much used by all those who wish to preserve their teeth, and retain a sweet breath.

Specific Drops for the Tooth-Ach.

Said to give immediate relief in the most racking tooth-ach.—Price only 25 cents.

Doct. Thompson's celebrated Eye-Water.

A medicine very highly recommended, and is said to cure every description of eye disease.

Doct. Lee's genuine Windward Pills.

Hinkley's infallible remedy for the Piles.

Doct. Rawson's Anti-Bilious Pills.

Doct. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Doct. Rawson's celebrated Worm Powders.

And Doct. Church's Corn Plaister.

Particular directions accompany each of those valuable medicines.

## Public Sale.

On THURSDAY, the 11th day of June next, will be offered for Sale, to the highest bidder, on twelve month's credit, with approved security, on interest from the day of sale, at the residence of WILLIAM SOMERVILLE, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased.

A VARIETY of JACK ASSES, JENNIES, of all ages, equal in size and strength to any in this county, bred by the deceased out of Maltese Jennies, by the celebrated Jack Compound bred by the late general Washington; also several breeding mares and colts (fit for farmers,) cattle of every description, two carriages, a selection of old fashioned furniture, and the stock of groceries.

WILLIAM HEBB, Admr.

17th April, 1807.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be exposed at Public Sale, on Thursday the 14th day of May next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, at the late dwelling of RICHARD MARRIOTT, deceased, near the Indian Landing,

ALL the residue of the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of two negro girls, and a valuable mulatto boy, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock. Terms of sale ready cash.

BASIL BROWN, Administrator.

## JACOB'S LAW DICTIONARY.

Subscriptions for this valuable work, now printing in Philadelphia, in two volumes, &c., price 20 dollars, in boards, received at the printing-office.



## Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, May 7, 1807.

NICHOLAS BREWER, Esq; is appointed Register of the Court of Chancery for the state of Maryland, in the room of Samuel Harvey Howard, Esq; deceased.

The result of the election in Connecticut is, that governor Trumbull, lieutenant governor Treadwell, and the present secretary and treasurer, are re-elected by very large majorities. In the house of representatives we observe that a triumphant majority in favour of the steady habits of the state is again returned. The whole number of representatives is one hundred and ninety-four. Of these 62 are democratic, and 132 federalists.

[Fed. Gaz.]

### BRITISH NAVY.

The following is a statement of the distribution of the British naval force up to the 1st of March:—At sea eighty-six sail of the line; seven ships from 50 to 44 guns; 115 frigates, 152 sloops, and 182 gun brigs and smaller vessels, making a total of 542 ships of war. The number in commission is, 135 sail of the line, thirteen from 50 to 44 guns, 155 frigates, 152 sloops, &c. and 182 gun brigs, making a total, at sea and repairing, of 738.

Mr. Forbes, the American consul in Hamburg, has made it known to his countrymen, that American vessels have full liberty to sail from the Elbe, in ballast, or with such merchandise as is not prohibited, certified as such by him. The English cruisers permit American vessels to enter the Elbe, on like conditions.

### Remarkable Whirlwind.

On Wednesday last, about three o'clock, took place the most tremendous hurricane or whirlwind ever experienced in this country. At the Fork meeting-house called the Methodist Meeting, near the dwelling of Aquila Hall, Esq; were swept away seventeen houses, and several large trees and fences were swept off—in fact, not a single vestige left in that thriving place except the meeting-house, and dwelling-house of C. Gorfuch. The hurricane continued its course from thence northerly across the Falls of Gunpowder to Harford county; and, lamentable to tell! the devastation committed in blowing down trees and fences, and entirely destroyed the property of David Lee, junr. living near the Friends meeting-house, in said county, &c.

[American.]

### GRAND ARMY.

#### SIXTY-THIRD BULLETIN.

Osterode, 14th Feb. 1807.

Capt. Auzani, of the imperial horse guards, mortally wounded in the battle of Eylau, was laying upon the field of battle. His comrades came to carry him to the hospital. He recovered his senses only to say to them, "let me alone, my friends—I die contented, since we have gained the day, and that I can die upon the bed of honour, surrounded by cannons taken from the enemy and the wrecks of their defeat. Tell the emperor that I have but one regret; which is, that in a few moments I shall be no longer able to do any thing for his service and the glory of our fine France. To her my last breath." The effort he made to utter these words exhausted the little strength he had remaining.

All the reports we receive, agree in stating that the enemy lost at the battle of Eylau, twenty generals and 900 men killed and wounded, and upwards of 80,000 men disabled.

At the engagement of Ostrolenka, of the 16th, two Russian generals were killed and three wounded.

His majesty has sent to Paris the 16 standards of colours taken at the battle of Eylau. All the cannon are already sent off to Thorn. His majesty has ordered that these cannons shall be melted down and made into a brazen statue of general Hauptpoul, commander of the 2d division of cuirassiers, in his uniform of cuirassier.

The army is concentrated in its cantonments behind the Passarge, with its left supported by Marienwerder the island of Nogat, and Elbing, countries which afford resources.

Being informed that a Russian division had marched towards Braunsberg at the head of our cantonments, the emperor ordered it to be attacked. The prince of Ponte Corvo assigned the expedition to general Dupont, an officer of great merit. On the 26th, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, general Dupont presented himself before Braunsberg, attacked the enemy's division, 10,000 strong, overthrew it with fixed bayonets, drove it from the town and made it recross the Passarge, took from it 16 pieces cannon, 2 standards of colours, and made 2000 prisoners. We had very few men killed.

On the side of Gstadt, general Leger Belair repaired to the village of Peterswade at day-break on the 25th, upon receiving advice that a Russian column had arrived during the night at that village, overthrew it, took the general baron de Koff who commanded it, his staff, several lieutenant cols. and officers, and 400 men. This brigade was composed of ten battalions, which had suffered so much that they formed only 1600 men under arms.

The emperor, in testimony of his satisfaction to gen. Savary, for the engagement of Ostrolenka, has granted him the grand insignia of the legion of honour, and called him about his person. His majesty has given the command of the 5th corps to marshal Massena, marshal Lannes continuing to be sick.

At the battle of Eylau, marshal Augereau overran with rheumatic pains, was sick and hardly in his senses; but the cannon awakes the brave: he flew in full gallop to the head of his corps, after getting himself tied upon his horse. He was constantly exposed to the greatest fire, and was even slightly wounded. The emperor has just authorised him to return to France, for the purpose of taking care of his health.

The garrison of Zolberg and Dantzic, availing themselves of the little attention paid to them, had encouraged themselves by different exertions. An advanced post of the Italian division was attacked, on the 15th, at Stargard, by a party of 800 men, of the garrison of Colberg. Gen. Bonfati had with him only a few companies of the first Italian regiment of the line, which took to their arms in time, marched with resolution against the enemy, and routed him.

Gen. Teuli, on his side, with the main body of the Italian division, the regiment of musketeers of the guards and the first company of gens d'armes on duty, repaired to invest Colberg. On arriving at Naugard, he found the enemy intrenched occupying a fort beset with pieces of cannon. Col. Boyer, of the musketeers of the guards, gave an assault. Capt. Montemorency of the company of gens d'armes, made a successful charge. The fort was taken, 300 men made prisoners, and six pieces of cannon carried off. The enemy left a hundred men on the field of battle.

Gen. Dombrowski marched against the garrison of Dantzic; he fell in with it at Dirham, overthrew it, made 600 prisoners, took 7 pieces of cannon, and pursued it for several leagues at its heels. He was wounded with a musket ball. Marshal Lefevre arrived in the mean-time at the command of the 16th corps; he had been joined by the Saxons, and marched to invest Dantzic.

The weather is still changeable: it froze yesterday, it thaws to-day. The whole winter has passed over in this manner. The thermometer has never been lower than 5 degrees.

POSEN, February 24.

A proclamation was addressed the 1st of this month to the German inhabitants of Poland, which contains in substance as follows:

"German inhabitants of Poland,

Fidelity towards the state is only required of you, with tranquillity in your habitations. You have no other enemies than those who excite you, by menaces, to exercise hostilities against the Poles, and by encouraging you to revolt, expose you to the most terrible, yet just chastisement.

To avoid this evil, I order as follows:

1st. Germans who inhabit Poland shall enjoy the free exercise of their religion; they shall be protected in person and property; they shall be regarded as brethren and countrymen, as long as they remain quiet in their houses, and have no understanding with the enemy of the state; as they shall be faithful to the Polish government, and shall pay the contributions and fixed taxes.

2d. Those who will not fulfil those duties, and shall dare to hold a correspondence with the enemies of the French and Poles, betray the French or Polish troops, spread false reports or take up arms against the troops, shall be shot as soon as taken by the detachments.

3d. The constables, mayors, and authorities, who shall not use their exertions to stifle a growing revolt, or who do not give immediate advice of it to the nearest detachment of French or Polish troops, shall be regarded as principals of the revolt, and punished with death; and every parish in which a like revolt shall take place, shall not escape the most rigorous military execution.

DOMBROWSKI.

WARSAW, February 28.

According to the latest accounts, the Russian army still remained behind the Pregel, where it had received a considerable reinforcement, and where they were throwing up entrenchments. From the 12th to the 18th, the French army was observed to be in motion, which gave indications of another general battle; but we have since learned that it was only to reconnoitre the position of the enemy. The Russian general Benningsen, thinking that the French had weakened themselves on the Narew, to strengthen their grand army in East-Prussia, gave orders to general Essen to make an attempt in that quarter, which, as is known, fell out to the disadvantage of the Russians near Ostrolenka.

The emperor Napoleon has ordered that the sieges of Dantzic, Colberg, and Graudentz, be carried on with all possible activity, to curb the numerous excursions which are made in the rear of the army. We hear that the operations against Dantzic and Graudentz have successfully commenced.

The baron St. Vincent is returned hither from Cracow, and has had constant interviews with the Prince of Benevento ever since the 14th instant. Besides, couriers are daily dispatched to, and received from Vienna.

Frontiers of Pomerania, March 6.

To-day we heard a violent cannonade from the environs of Stralsund. It is said that the Swedes have made a powerful sortie from that citadel. A part of marshal Mortier's corps is at present at Grimme; and two regiments of it have already passed through griefswald on their route to Friedland, &c.

SCHIEDAM, March 30.

The British minister residing at Vienna, received intelligence on the 1st instant, that the Porte had declared war against England, admiral Louis having threatened to destroy Constantinople, in case the Porte did not consent to renew its treaties with Russia and England, and send off instantly the French minister and his suit. After a council of state had been held, it was resolved to seize on the person of the English ambassador and of all English subjects. Mr. Ashburnham, ambassador and of all English subjects. Mr. Ashburnham, ambassador and of all English subjects. Mr. Ashburnham, ambassador and of all English subjects.

The father of Prince Ypsilanti, had been strangled in this prison.

LONDON, March 23.

"It seems at length settled that we are to have a new administration, and that the duke of Portland has made great progress in, if not completely concluded, the new ministerial arrangement."

"The dispatches which government received from Ireland on Saturday last, are stated to be of an unfavourable nature; the counties in the north are in a state of awful discontent. Never, indeed, did the country require more delicate management. And we must add, the duke of Bedford, who is about to be called, is stated to be as generally beloved as his exertions in the cause of Ireland, so well merit."

"Dispatches from admiral Sterling, who commands in the River Plate, were received in the admiralty this morning. They are said to announce the arrival of the troops under Sir Samuel Auchmuty."

"Some scattered Dutch Journals have reached town since our last, but their contents are not important. They state that the towns of Elbing, Marienwerder, and Marienwerder, have been again occupied by the French, who are also in possession of the whole of the coast along the gulph of Frischtraff; but no considerable body of troops had arrived in the suburbs of Dantzic for the purpose of commencing the siege of that city. The reduction of Graudentz was, it was derided, to be effected before regular approaches were made against Dantzic. A large detachment of the Bavarian army, and a corps of 6000 Saxons, were on the point of marching to join the grand army in Poland. A great number of troops in Italy were on their march through the Tyrol for the purpose of effecting a junction with the grand army."

NEW-YORK, May 1.

### IMPORTANT.

Extract of a letter from Hugh G. Campbell, Esq; commander of the United States ship Constitution, dated Syracuse, 15th February, 1807, to Dep. Perseance & Co. of Leghorn, received here by the brig Swift.

"I left Tunis on the 26th ult. where col. Lina is now waiting for me to take him to Algiers; and am happy to inform you that our affairs with the Regency are amicably and honourably adjusted, placing us on a footing with the most favoured nations."

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in New-York to a captain in this city.

"I take the liberty of writing you in order to acquaint you of a reef which we discovered to the northward of Gaspar Island, it is in lat. 1, 36' 57" S. by meridian latitude of fun, Gaspar Island being from the reef S. 10 deg. distant about 10 or 12 leagues, being perfectly clear to the southward, Gaspar Island, in sight from the deck, just like a large cock, flattened, and the top of the bale or flat part of it, just above the horizon, from the foretopmast yard, founded in a boat upon the reef twelve feet, but the clump or coral seemed shoaler, in some places the run their oars down upon them, being cloudy Banca, could not get any cross bearings—found when passing it 19 to 21 fathoms, the boat had two little clumps, not extending more than 20 fathoms, S. E. by S. and N. W. by N. and about 10 or 20 fathoms broad. Being calm at the time, we discovered it by the current rippling over it, and dangerous, as it will never break upon it, the quantity of fish swimming about it, must be very of the water only discovers it. I would wish you make it as public as possible."

We understand that a warrant was issued by the chief justice, on the application of the governor, for the arrest of Joseph B. McKean, on Thursday last, for the arrest of Dr. Leib, on a charge of a conspiracy against the governor. The amount of recognizance demanded of Dr. Leib and his sureties, is 5000 dollars.

NORFOLK, April 30.

Yesterday morning, about 2 o'clock, the ship *fy*, capt. Treadwell, of New-York, was discovered on fire at Murray's wharf. The fasts were immediately cut, and it being ebb tide, the ship drifted down the river. We are sorry to add, that the vessel could not be arrested, but that this fine ship, which was fully laden, were consumed, and about 40 hogheads of tobacco, the greater part of which was damaged. We cannot help remarking that the dangerous practice of having fire and candles on board of vessels at the wharfs, after a certain early hour of the night, merits the attention of the police. Every one must be satisfied that if it had been flood, the extent of damage that might have ensued is incalculable. A boy who was in the age asleep was unfortunately burned.

THE parish of Saint-Anne's Annapolis, being vacant, is to engage a clergyman to officiate at the sacraments, applications made to Capt. R. O. Annapolis, will meet with immediate consideration. There is a good parsonage-house in the parish. Saint-Anne's Parish, May 7.

### The Clergy and

Of the Protestant Episcopal Church, are reminded, that the next church is to assemble, in the Wednesday, the 20th inst. JOSEPH G. May 1, 1807.

### LEWIS DU

AS received his supplies of fashionable GOODS, to be sold at the lowest price for cash, or on the usual terms. Annapolis, May 1, 1807.

### By Anne-Arundel

APRIL TERM. RULED by the court, that the ordinary licence be granted for the same, produce from three at least of his grace, that a tavern is necessary for the same reason, and character to keep a tavern.

By order, NICHOLAS

May 5th, 1807.

### State of Mar

ert county, orphans court application, by petition administrator of Alexander county, deceased, it is notice required by law, claims against the said be published once in three successive weeks, in JOSEPH WILKIN Calvert co.

### THIS IS TO GI

AT the subscriber obtained from the orphans court, in Maryland, letters of administration of the estate of ALE Calvert county, claims against the said to exhibit the same, the subscriber, at or next, they may claim from all benefit of any hand, this 27th day of May, 1807. PAR

### KEN up as a stray,

in Anne-Arundel county, about 7 or 8 years old shoe on his right high, trots and gallops white, some white brand, in tolerable main somewhat inclined him again on the 1st/16th day of May, 1807.

### Twenty Doll

AWAY, on street named JACK, about nine or ten inches had on a felt hat, a took with him some have a wife at Philadelphia, where he has been takes up the said ward, and all ready. EDWARD REYNOLDS 28th, 1807.

### Educ

Rev. Francis I. Lewis, Anne-Arundel county, for the instruction of the branches of education gentlemen to be immediately and remarkably healthy. Education to him, a

### This is to

I have obtained from the court, the personal property of Anne-Arundel county, having claims against them to make them known to the court. ABRAHAM S. 9, 1807.

### LAWYER

copies of the Printing-Office



March 20.  
Vienna, received  
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New-York, May 1.  
ANT.  
ugh G. Campbell, Esq.  
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5th ult. where col. Lan-  
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PHILADELPHIA, May 2.  
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on Thursday last, for the  
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urities, is 5000 dollars.

NORFOLK, April 21.  
about 2 o'clock, the ship  
of New-York, was discovered  
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being ebb tide, the ship  
are sorry to add, that the  
l, but that this fine ship,  
tobacco, wheat and flour,  
ladsen, were consumed, and  
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ed. We cannot help remark-  
practice of having fire and  
at the wharfs, after a certain  
night, merits the attention of  
must be satisfied that if the  
extent of damage that might  
ble. A boy who was in the  
fortunately burned.

THE parish of Saint-Anne's, including the city of Annapolis, being vacant, the Vestry are desirous to engage a clergyman to supply such vacancy. Applications made to Capt. ROBERT DANNY, in Annapolis, will meet with immediate attention. There is a good parsonage-house appendant to the parish. Saint-Anne's Parish, May 7, 1807.

**The Clergy and Vestries**  
OF the Protestant Episcopal church, in Maryland, are reminded, that the annual convention of the church is to assemble, in the city of Baltimore, Wednesday, the 20th instant. JOSEPH G. J. BEND, Secretary. May 1, 1807.

**LEWIS DUVALL,**  
HAS received his supply of fashionable and fashionable GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, all which he will sell for cash, or on the usual credit to punctual customers. Annapolis, May 1, 1807.

**By Anne-Arundel County court,**  
APRIL TERM, 1807.  
RULED by the court, that after this term, no ordinary licence be granted unless the person applying for the same, produce to the court a certificate from three at least of his or her neighbours, stating that a tavern is necessary where the person applying for the same resides, and that he is a fit and proper character to keep a tavern. By order, NICHOLAS HARWOOD, Ck. May 5th, 1807.

**State of Maryland, &c.**  
In and for the county of Calvert, April 27th, 1807. In application, by petition, of Young Parran, administrator of Alexander Parran, late of Calvert county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette. JOSEPH WILKINSON, Reg. Wills for Calvert county.

**THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,**  
THAT the subscriber, of Calvert county, obtained from the orphans court of Calvert county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of ALEXANDER PARRAN, late of Calvert county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby notified to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereunto, at or before the first day of May next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 27th day of April, 1807. JOHN PARRAN, Administrator.

**TAKEN** up as a stray, by the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, a chestnut sorrel horse, about 7 or 8 years old this spring, shod with old shoe on his right hind foot, about 15 high, trots and gallops, well formed, his left eye white, some white spots on his back, no pedigree, in tolerable good order, his tail short, main somewhat inclined to curl. The owner desires him again on proving property and paying the expenses. BENJAMIN SHIPLEY. 1, 1807.

**Twenty Dollars Reward.**  
RAN AWAY, on 5th instant, a negro man named JACK, about twenty years old, about nine or ten inches high, a remarkable large head on a felt hat, a brown half thick jacket and took with him sundry other cloaths; he pretends to have a wife at PHILIP W. THOMAS's, near Annapolis, where he has been hired this two years past. Whoever takes up the said fellow shall receive the reward, and all reasonable charges if brought forward, and all reasonable charges if brought forward. EDWARD REYNOLDS, Calvert county. 28th, 1807.

**Education.**  
The revd. Francis Barclay, rector of All-Hallows, Anne-Arundel county, has opened a school for the instruction of youth, in the classics and branches of education, and will take six or eight gentlemen to board with him; his house is commodious and airy. The situation is dry and healthy. The terms may be known on application to him, at London-town, near Annapolis.

**This is to give notice,**  
THAT I have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal property of SUSANNAH SIMMONS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby notified to make them known, and those indebted to her to pay the same. ABRAHAM SIMMONS, administrator. 9, 1807.

**LAWYER OF MARYLAND.**  
Copies of the LAWS of last session may be had of the Printing-Office.

**MY HOUSE and LOT** in Annapolis. In my absence from town application may be made to Mr. John Randall. JAMES MURRAY. March 23, 1807.

## UNION TAVERN, CITY OF ANNAPOLIS.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has moved from Upper-Maribor' to this city, where he has opened a house of ENTERTAINMENT, at that well known stand formerly occupied by GEORGE MANN, and hopes his endeavours to please will give satisfaction to gentlemen who may favour him with their custom. SAMUEL J. COOLIDGE. April 14, 1807.

**Ground Plaster of Paris and Plaster in the stone.**

FOR sale at the Plaster mills of the subscribers, corner of Franklin and Paca streets, near the New-Market and the road leading to Reister's town. ALSO at their warehouse adjoining, Ground-Allum and fine Salt, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Rice, Fish, French Brandy, Wine, Holland Gin, Rum, &c. &c.

They continue to purchase, Flour, Butter, Whiskey, Peach and Apple Brandy, and country produce generally. KENT & BROWNE. Baltimore, March 24, 1807.

The editors of the Eastern Star, Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; Republican Advocate, Fredericktown; Kline's paper, Carlisle, and Gruber's German paper, Hager's town, will please to insert the above once a week ten times, and forward their accounts to the office of the American.

**REMOVAL.**  
NICHOLAS WATKINS, begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his shop from Mr. SETH SWERTS, to a part of the house now occupied by Mr. JOHN MUNRO, a few doors below Ridgely, Weems, and Co. store, where he intends carrying on the Tailoring business in all its various branches, being well supplied with good workmen, and hopes to give general satisfaction to those who will please to favour him with their custom; he is extremely thankful for past favours, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same. Annapolis, 8th April, 1807.

**BARK.**  
THE subscriber wants, this spring, eighty or one hundred cords of good Spanish, water, black or white oak bark, he will give from seven to nine dollars per cord, or at any rate he will give one dollar more than the Baltimore price, if brought to this city; any one having that article to dispose of, within twenty miles of Annapolis, and find it inconvenient to peel or deliver it, he will get it himself, and give a good price in proportion. JOHN HYDE. Annapolis, April 8th, 1807.

**NOTICE.**  
WHEREAS many evil disposed persons have been in the habit of pulling down my fences, and passing and repassing through my enclosures, very much to my injury, this is therefore to forewarn all persons from repeating the aforesaid injuries, or in any manner committing trespasses on any of my farms, or from passing through my land where the new road is pretended to be laid out, till it is opened agreeably to law, as it cannot be a public road until all the requisites of the law are complied with on the part of the commissioners. I am determined to prosecute any offenders to this notice with the utmost powers of the law. JOHN WORTHINGTON. March 25th, 1807.

**NOTICE.**  
THE creditors of JAMES KANE, late of Charles county, deceased, are for the last time warned to exhibit their accounts, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 20th October, 1807, they will otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. EDWARD MEED, Adm'r of James Kane. Benedict, 16th April, 1807.

**This is to give notice,**  
THAT the subscribers, of the city of Washington, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the orphans court of Prince-George's county, in the state of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Duckett, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Those indebted to the deceased are desired to make immediate payment. All claims forwarded by mail must be post paid. ALLEN B. DUCKETT, Administrator. City of Washington, March 16, 1807.

**TO BE LET,**  
MY HOUSE and LOT in Annapolis. In my absence from town application may be made to Mr. John Randall. JAMES MURRAY. March 23, 1807.

**For Sale,**  
MY HOUSE and LOT, in the city of Annapolis, on a credit, or will be exchanged for wet goods. SAMUEL MACCUBBIN. December 29, 1806.

**Forty Dollars Reward.**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 3d inst. a negro girl named PHEBE, between 18 and 20 years of age, has a down look when spoken to, has an affected mode of speaking, she is very black, and slender made, her cloathing I cannot describe, as she left her own at home when she departed; she left her child behind only four months old, it is probable that her breast is not dried up, which may lead to a discovery on examination. I will give 20 dollars reward for her apprehension and securing her so that I get her again, and if taken out of the state 30 dollars. Likewise ran away from the subscriber, on Monday the 16th inst. a negro woman named LUGY, between 35 and 37 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, has an open free look, of yellow complexion, and very lassy made, she has also left her cloathing behind, therefore I cannot describe her dress; she has taken her two children with her, the eldest a boy named Anderson, about 4 years old, of a yellow complexion, the other a boy named Addison, 12 months old, also of a yellow complexion. I will give 20 dollars reward for the apprehension and security of Lucy and her two children, so that I get them again, and 30 dollars if taken out of the state, paid by JOSEPH POWELL.

N. B. It is presumed that they have or will make for the city of Baltimore, as Lucy has got a free son living there, who formerly belonged and waited on the late judge Sprigg. Phebe has a sister also there living with either capt. Kerr or capt. William Pitt, on Fell's Point. J. POWELL.

The said Powell lives within 2 miles of the Priests bridge. Anne-Arundel county, March 17, 1807.

**Fifty Dollars Reward.**

STOLEN, out of the stable of Mrs. ELIZABETH WELLS, near Queen-Anne, Prince-George's county, on Monday night last, the 16th instant, a BLACK HORSE, he is shedding, which makes him appear brown at this time; he has a scar under his throat which has young hair that is very black at this time; he is about fourteen and an half hands high, eight or nine years old, paces, trots and gallops, has a drooped rump, shod all round. TEN DOLLARS will be given for the horse alone, and all reasonable charges paid, and the above reward for horse and thief, by GEORGE W. WELLS. April 10, 1807.

**Six Cents Reward,**  
Including what the law allows.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, an apprentice boy, to the shoe-making business, named MICHAEL MORNING, about twenty years of age. I do hereby forewarn all persons from harbouring the said boy, and all masters of vessels from carrying him off at their peril. CALEB DAVIS.

**COMMITTED** to my custody, the 30th January, a runaway Negro Man, who calls himself WILLIAM THOMPSON, appears to be about 50 years of age, who says he was set free by COUNSELLOR CARTER, in the state of Virginia; he is a bright mulatto, about 5 feet 8 inches high; his cloathing is a blue cloth coat, one blue round jacket, a cambric shirt, old hat and shoes, the rest of his cloathing is so patched they cannot be described. The owner is requested to come forward, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold agreeably to law for his prison fees, &c. JOHN M'WILLIAMS, Sheriff of St. Mary's county. February 14, 1807.

**COMMITTED** to my custody as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself JOHN CURTIS WOOD, appears to be about thirty years of age, and says he was free born, and came from Binyard county, state of North-Carolina, he is black and spare made, about five feet 6 inches high, a small scar on his forehead, limps as he walks, occasioned by a fall from a horse; his cloathing is a dark coloured round jacket, gray cloth pantaloons, coarse hat and shirt, old shoes. The owner is desired to take him away or he will be sold agreeably to law. JOHN M'WILLIAMS, Sheriff of St. Mary's county.

**COMMITTED** to my custody as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself JOHN HAWKINS, says he belongs to Kenelm Blackstone, (I presume Blackstone) of St. Mary's county; he is about 25 years old, rather small in stature, wears rings in his ears, his cloathing is a kersey jacket and trousers, and an old shirt, he says he formerly belonged to Mrs. Pottinger, and was sold by Thomas Buchanan, Esq; to the above named Blackstone. His owner is desired to take him away, or he will be sold agreeably to law. NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of Prince-George's county. March 19, 1807.



THE Trustees of the College, the painful task imposed upon them by the public the material fact of the combination of the students in the regular authority of the college, founded on the most solid basis, and drawn from four sources, they trust, deserve the remote causes which are to be found in the perniciousness of some vicious influences into the institution, the almost unlimited access, given to many other young men, whose passions, experience and reflection, is originally the most dangerous and unlawful, dangerous into the College, and other places of the night, was a common among a portion of the Faculty, the positive evidence of the society. For the society, who, by their very popularity among the students, have established an able principle, that a student, however it be, was in the high evidence, therefore, which an act of discipline entirely on the view of the Faculty, the much the smallest of the protection of this disturbance to the order of the college, their infol door and windows of who had been the cause of some of them, made at midnight, fires, belonging, and some small building were informed, they were informed, no authority to punish, proof, yet that the college is, and who were lower to fend away, they deemed dangerous, misconduct of some interposition of the college necessity. The college exposed to the last resort of the moment, as has appeared, the general of the student, the authority of the college, or to diminish others in their college, and brought the Faculty, the college to certain, the laws, and the men, especially, Many of the college, were induced, the notion that in defence of a have since declared, and firm associati, their act, and without producing, probably, no excited passion, who had once t, of law. More was desir, faculty, request, in the case of, and under this, the remonstrance, in this comb, their reconstr, of a petition, by the gov, an imperious

LIST of LETTERS,  
Remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, March 31,  
1807.

**G**EORGE BEVANS, John Brice, sen. William Buchanan, Capt. Wm. Bayton, Capt. Thomas Betton, William C. Beard, Benjamin Berry (2). The Chancellor of the State of Maryland, (2), Felix Col. hitte (2), Nicholas Carroll, Thomas Contee, John Chapman, Maria Davidson, Francis Darnall, James Davis, Joseph Evans (2), Richard Grayson, William Gleaves, William Gardner, Nichs. Harwood, Samuel Harvey Howard (7), Capt. John Hall, John Hurst, John Hollinshead, Grace Hemmings, Ann Jones, Jones, living with capt. Leonard. J. G. Konecke, James Keith. Moses Clayland Legg, Walter J. Longe, Pt. Luyo. Wm. Hammond Marriott, Patrick M'Hugh, Ann Martin, Mary Owings, Richard Owings (2), Caesar Pitt, Sherff of Anne-Arundel county (3), Maria Scott, John Steven-son (2), James Tilgman, Charles Wallace (2), Joel West (2), Henry Waller, Henry Wells, James J. Williamson, Richard W. West, William Wells, Annapolis.

William Brogden, Samuel Bucy, Eliza Chew. Edward Hall, of Richd. Thomas Helms, Richard Hall, William J. Hall. Henry A. Johnson. Wil- liam Kirby. Lawrence Murray. Theophilus Nor- mas. Lawrence Robinson. Sarah Smith. Jesse Wheat, Robert Welch, jun. Anne-Arundel county. S. GREEN, P. M.

**A**T a meeting of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, on the 28th day of April, 1807, were present,

The worshipful { JAMES MACKUBIN, } Esquires.  
{ JONATHAN SELLMAN, }  
{ LEONARD SELLMAN, }

The court direct, that an order be published in the Maryland Gazette, and one of the Baltimore papers, calling on the representatives of EDWARD DORSEY and HENRIETTA MARIA DORSEY, to take out letters of administration on the estates of the said Edward and Henrietta Maria Dorsey, on or before the 21st day of May next, otherwise letters will be granted to the greatest creditor applying on that day.

I hereby certify, that the above is a true copy from the proceedings of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county.

**JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills,**  
Anne-Arundel county.

In CHANCERY, February term, 1807.  
Nicholas Norman,  
against

The heirs and representatives of Joseph Gott, deceased.

**T**HE object of this application is to obtain a decree to record a deed, executed by the said Joseph Gott to the said Nicholas Norman, on the 2d of April, 1794, for a tract of land called Ram Got Swamp, containing 105 acres, more or less.

The bill states, that the said deed was executed in consideration of the sum of five hundred pounds, current money, paid by the said Norman to Gott, on the date of the deed; that without any fraudulent design or intention, the same has been neglected to be recorded. It is therefore, on the complainant's motion, ordered, this 22d day of April, 1807, by William Kilty, chancellor, that the complainant cause a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three successive weeks, before the 22d day of May next, to the end that the heirs or other representatives of the said Joseph Gott may have notice of this application, and of the grounds thereof, and may be warned to appear in person or by a solicitor, on the 22d day of September next, and show cause, if any there be, why the same should not be granted.

Test, **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,**  
Reg. Cur. Can.

State of Maryland,  
CALVERT COUNTY, to wit:

October Term, 1806.—Among other things is the following, to wit:

**O**RDERED; by the court, that all suits transferred from the general court to this court under the act of assembly, entitled, An act to provide for the organization and regulation of the courts of common law in this state, and for the administration of justice, and continued under the said rule, and the suitors interested therein, are hereby required to appear to the same in person, or by counsel, on or before the second day of next term, or the same will be tried, or discontinued, as the case may be, during the said term.

County test, **WILLIAM S. MORSELL, Clk.**  
Calvert county court.

This is to give notice,

**T**HAT I have obtained from Anne Watkins, one of the executors of Benjamin Watkins, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, an assignment of all her right to the settlement of the said deceased's estate; and I do hereby authorize and empower Nicholas Watkins, of Thos. to settle the said estate of Benjamin Watkins, deceased. Given under my hand this 28th day of April, 1807.

**JOHN WATKINS, of STEPHEN,**  
one of the executors.

All persons having claims against the estate of the said Benjamin Watkins, are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment to **NICHOLAS WATKINS, of Thos.**

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 20, 1807.

**W**HEREAS by the resolutions passed at the last session of the general assembly of Maryland, the bills of exchange and certificates issued by virtue of the act of 1779, chapter 38, are directed to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, with interest and costs of protest.—And whereas speculators have, and may continue to avail themselves of the ignorance of the holders of said bills and certificates, and fraudulently obtain the same: Ordered, that said resolutions be published once a week, for the space of five weeks, in the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis, the American and Federal Gazette at Baltimore, the Republican Advocate at Frederick-Town, the Maryland Herald at Hagar's-Town, and the Republican Star at Easton.

By order, **NINIAN PINKNEY,**  
Clerk of the council.

**R**ESOLVED, That the holders of bills of exchange drawn or issued by the treasurer of the western shore, as commissioner appointed by the act of assembly, and passed at November session, seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, entitled, An act for calling out of circulation bills of credit emitted by act of assembly, are entitled to receive from this state the amount and principal of the said bills of exchange and certificates, with interest thereon from the dates of the said bills and certificates respectively, and costs of protest.

**R**ESOLVED, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby authorized to pay out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, to the holders and possessors of the said bills of exchange and certificates issued by the treasurer of the western shore, as commissioner, by virtue of the aforesaid act of assembly, the amount of the said bills of exchange or certificates by them respectively held and possessed together with interest thereon from the respective dates of such bills of exchange, and certificates of the costs of protest, and the treasurer is hereby directed to pay the bills, interest, and costs, at the par and exchange.

State of Maryland, &c.

Saint-Mary's county, Orphans court, April 15, 1807.

**O**N application, by petition, of William Hebb, administrator of William Somervell, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Federal Gazette, National Intelligencer, and Maryland Gazette.

**JAMES FORREST, Reg. Wills for**  
Saint-Mary's county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

**T**HAT the subscriber of Saint-Mary's county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Saint-Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of **WILLIAM SOMERVELL**, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 15th day of October next, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All those indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment without delay. Given under my hand, this 15th day of April, 1807.

**WILLIAM HEBB, Admr.**

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, April 7, 1807.

**O**N application, by petition of Margaret Royston, administratrix of James Royston, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

**JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for**  
Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

**T**HAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of **JAMES ROYSTON**, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the seventh day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 7th day of April, 1807.

**MARGARET ROYSTON, Administratrix.**

Notice is hereby given,

**T**HAT the subscriber intends applying to Calvert county court, or to some one of the judges thereof, for the benefit of the insolvent act, passed November session, 1805, and the supplement thereto passed November session, 1806.

**JAMES J. WILKINSON.**  
March 14, 1807.

NOTICE.

**B**EING unable to pay my debts I do hereby give notice, that I intend to apply to some one of the judges of Anne-Arundel county court, on the second Monday in July next, for the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

**WILLIAM PENNINGTON.**  
April 27th, 1807.

Each given for clean linen, and cotton RAGS.

**THE** Editor of the paper, of which the following is a prospectus is ardently desirous of rendering it useful to the fullest extent promised. But this without the aid of gentlemen of talents in the different parts of the country is impossible. Definite must be witnessed to be fully known. They must be fully known before adequate measures for dressing them can be proposed. The capacity giving the required aid abounds, and he intends that those who possess the ability may consider it as a duty to furnish the assistance which is necessary to the accomplishment of the important task in view.

THE OBSERVER.

The friend of Socrates, the friend of Plato,  
But above all the friend of truth.

PROSPECTUS.

**S**IX months' experience has convinced the Editor of the Companion, that notwithstanding the assiduity which have been devoted to conducting this work, the circumscribed nature of its original plan, has rendered it impossible to communicate in that degree of interest of which such a paper is naturally susceptible.

Variety is the essence of amusement; hence we abandon the smooth and unbroken plain, however productive of the most useful harvests, to range amidst scenes, where nature exhibits her more varied and picturesque, and fantastic forms.

We find then, that for a periodical work to command the attention of the public, it does not suffice that it should be alone "A Safe Companion and Easy Friend," but it must evince a spirited variety, must move in quick transition from "grave and gay, from lively to severe," if it would not remain unregarded and unknown.

But to communicate these qualities to a paper requires more time and attention than were compatible with the other avocations of the late Editor; to obviate this inconvenience, he took an associate labourer, and to this associate, he has ultimately devolved the proper management of the work.

The last volume of the Companion being completed by the advice of several judicious and enlightened friends, the present Editor has resolved to give work a more extensive range, and by many important alterations to merit for it, the encouragement of those who are friendly to the cause of the literature and science.

To advance the interests of morality and to ameliorate manners, and to polish taste, are the objects to which we shall devote every exertion; and this end we have the assurance of ample aid from many able and brilliant pens.

We are resolved no longer to confine our labours within the narrow limits prescribed by regulations of the Companion. We shall reserve on the part of our correspondents, the power to give full scope to the talents and to all those who may favour us with their views, forwarding our views.

But while we cease to be governed by the restraints, which have hitherto excluded us from aids of genius on the most interesting subjects, as the great political events, which no paper can be to the public ought to pass over in silence; it must be remembered, that the violence of party must never contaminate our pages.

General faire is one of the most successful weapons, for combating the vices and follies of the but indecent personalities, and malignant personalities must ever be productive of evil. We aim at enlightening the minds and improving the taste of the low-citizens, and being useful to society, as to individuals. But we know the language of the can never promote these great and honourable for if from fair and liberal discussion proceed bright rays of truth, which irradiate and enliven the mind, angry dispute by strengthening the influence of prejudice, and impeding the operation of reason, can only heighten the gloom and perpetuate the reign of ignorance.

The Companion then will henceforth be published under the title of the OBSERVER; but as the exacts, that we should at least be assured of the pences attending the work will be defrayed, no venture publication, until we have five Subscribers. If these are obtained, the paper commence on the first of January next.

To make it more interesting to country gentlemen every agricultural improvement at home and abroad will be regularly noticed.

CONDITIONS.

**T**HE OBSERVER shall be published every day, on good Type and Paper—each number containing Sixteen large Octavo Pages.

Price to subscribers, FIVE DOLLARS a year, payable half-yearly in advance.

**I**HEREBY forewarn all persons from pulling my fences, and passing through my corn, also from dealing with my slaves in any manner, ever, being determined to prosecute those who be guilty of the above, in the most rigorous manner that the law directs.

**RICHARD DARNALL, Portland Me.**  
April 21, 1807.

**ANNAPOLIS:**  
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.



## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1807.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, May 14, 1807.

From the New-Jersey Journal.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Trustees of the College of New-Jersey feel the painful task imposed upon them of stating to the public the material facts connected with a late combination of the students under their care to resist the regular authority of the institution. This statement, founded on the most impartial investigation of the facts, and drawn from sources the most authentic, they trust, deserve the entire confidence of the public.

The remote causes which have led to this event are to be found in the pernicious principles and loose manners of some vicious youths who have obtained admission into the institution; and still more, perhaps, the almost unlimited allowance of money, or of credit, given to many others, and which, in a society of young men, whose passions are not yet corrected by experience and reflection, are so apt to corrupt the originally the most innocent. And although the dangerous and unlawful practice of introducing various liquors into the College, and of frequenting the most dissipated and other places of entertainment, at late hours of the night, was known or believed to be common among a portion of the students, yet direct positive evidence of these facts could be obtained only against a few who were immediately dismissed from the society. For the more bold and artful offenders, who, by their very boldness commonly render themselves popular among their associates, had too successfully established among them this false but plausible principle, that, to give testimony against a fellow student, however gross his vices or faults might be, was in the highest degree dishonourable. Evidence, therefore, against this class of students, which an act of discipline could be founded, must be entirely on the vigilance and personal observation of the Faculty themselves. And though they were much the smallest class, yet were they able, under the protection of this principle, frequently to give disturbance to the order of the College, at different periods during the late session; and towards the close of it, their insolence assumed a bolder tone. The doors and windows of the room of one of the trustees who had been the cause of the detection and punishment of some of them, were broken. Attempts had been made at midnight to destroy certain convenient structures, belonging, and contiguous to the college, the small building was actually consumed by fire. They were informed that, although the Faculty possessed authority to punish, except on clear and positive proof, yet that the Trustees, whose property the college is, and who were to assemble in a few days, would send away all those students whose presence they deemed dangerous to the institution; and misconduct of some of them had now rendered interposition of that power a measure of indisputable necessity. Those who were most conscious of the exposure to the exercise of that power, which the last resort of the discipline of the College, from moment, as has appeared since by the confession of the students, planned a combination to re-establish the authority of the house, and thus to screen themselves, or to diminish their own disgrace, by inducing others in their fate. This combination was effected, and brought into immediate operation by an act of the Faculty suspending three of the students in violation to certain officers of the College in the discharge of their duty, or for other practices contrary to the laws, and clearly ascertained. One of these men, especially, was popular among his associates. Many of the more orderly students, and some even deserved praise for their regularity and discipline, were induced to enter into this combination on the notion that it was honourable to come forward in defence of a fellow student, and, as some of them have since declared, from a belief that a numerous and firm association would induce the Faculty to retract their act, and yield to the wishes of the association without producing any further disturbance. They probably, in apprehension of the violent effects of excited passions of such a number of young men who had once thrown themselves loose from the restraints of law. Many have said that they believed more was designed than a respectful petition to the Faculty, requesting them to review their proceedings in the case of the last mentioned young gentleman, and under this impression signed without reading the remonstrance which was presented. But the act in this combination had the address to express their remonstrance, which was drawn up under the name of a petition, such language as could not be read by the government of the College. It contained an imperious demand, which is not even decent

called by a few modest expressions accompanying it, to reinstate all the suspended persons in their former honourable stations in the College, under a menace, of no equivocal meaning, if their application should be rejected. It contains, further, a most indelicate requisition to certain members of the Faculty to retract expressions which, probably, for the particular purpose of the combination, had been reported among the students, to have been uttered by them. And, finally, in the pretended petition, they, in effect, erected themselves in to a tribunal to re-judge the decisions of the government of the institution. It was couched in the following terms. Common sense is sufficient to interpret their meaning:—

To the Members of the Faculty of the College of New-Jersey.

## GENTLEMEN,

The students of the institution, fully satisfied that the procedure of its officers has been inconsistent with the principles of justice, or that they have proceeded precipitately in their decision of the cases of Messrs. Hyde, Metteau and Cumming, do respectfully request the reinstatement of these gentlemen in their former honourable stations. They humbly conceive that the members of the Faculty have not made those nice inquiries into their several cases, and have depended solely on the representations of a few who are probably prejudiced against the individuals, or who have formed erroneous conceptions of their general mode of conduct. They therefore request an immediate answer to this petition, since their future proceedings will greatly depend upon the propriety or impropriety of their decision. They, in addition to this, moreover request the members of the Faculty to retract or contradict certain expressions which have been thrown out by them, tending materially, in their own estimation and that of the community, to the destruction of their reputations, individually; such expressions being, in their opinion, destitute of the stamp of truth.

This paper was presented to one of the professors, in the name of the students, by a committee of nine. The Faculty immediately consulted with the only member of the corporation who resided in the vicinity of the college, on the measures proper to be pursued, and, in concurrence with him, determined on such as were at once decided and prompt, and, in their opinion, both necessary and temperate. The students being previously assembled in the public hall, it was represented to them that the laws, those laws which, at their admission into the College, and at the commencement of each session, they had solemnly pledged their truth and honour to obey, had foreseen and provided against such combinations as the present, in which a great proportion of them were engaged. The law which relates particularly to this case is in the following words:—"If any clubs or combinations of students shall, at any time take place, either for resisting the authority of the College, or interfering in its government, or for concealing or executing any evil or disorderly design, every student concerned in such combination shall be considered as guilty of the offence which was intended; and the Faculty are empowered and directed to break up all such combinations as soon as discovered, and to inflict a severer punishment on each individual than if the offence intended had been committed in his individual capacity, whatever be the number concerned, or whatever be the consequence to the College." On the ground of this law, the students were informed that nothing could be conceded to combination. On the contrary, if those who were concerned in this transaction did not return to their duty, and renounce the principle of uniting together to control the government of the College according to their humours, they would render themselves liable to be immediately suspended. Every argument was used to induce them to a proper conduct, and time was offered them to reflect on the part they had to act. But their leaders had their minds already prepared. One of them rose, and said they had all concurred in the same resolution, and would not retract any thing they had done. He left the hall, and the rest followed him with great tumult and disorder. The Faculty then pronounced the sentence of suspension on all who had departed in this irregular and tumultuous manner. The more thoughtless and intemperate among them were proceeding to acts of considerable violence, and still greater were threatened; but, by the prudent precautions which were employed, no serious injury was done to the College edifice.

That this combination did not originate entirely from sympathy with the young gentlemen on whose account ostensibly it was chiefly formed, but had a deeper root, and probably the same which has already been pointed out, appears from the following considerations: in the first place, the combination was much too extensive and violent for the occasion; for, although three persons are named in the remon-

strance as unjustly suspended, yet one of these is understood to have been the object of their principal concern. But, in the next place, if this were not so, and all the three stood equally high in the estimation of their fellow students, it was well known that the Board of Trustees was called to meet in a few days, and they were informed that to them lies an appeal from every sentence of the Faculty by any student who thinks himself aggrieved. To this tribunal, therefore, they would have had recourse if their pretensions had been sincere; if, indeed, the combination and revolt had not been previously resolved on by a great part of them, for other causes than those mentioned in the remonstrance. Lastly the young gentleman himself, whose fate is said to have given the chief occasion to the combination, in a letter addressed to the trustees, renounces the principle of combining among the students for attaining any object from the government, and condemns the whole proceeding in his own case.

The Trustees of the college convened on the 8th of April. Shortly after their meeting a paper was presented to them signed by six persons as a committee on behalf of the combination, and desiring to be heard before the board in that character. The trustees directed this paper to be returned to them with information that they could receive no committee who appeared in the name of students combined against the laws and government of the institution; but, if any student had any grievance to complain of in his own case he should be heard. Some persons in consequence of this intimation appeared before the board, renounced the principle on which they had associated together to resist the lawful authority under which they were placed; and pledged themselves to future submission and obedience. Others, more resolute in error, openly avowed, in the presence of the board, the principle of combination and resistance, whenever they thought themselves, or a fellow student, aggrieved by any proceeding of the Faculty. They spoke much of rights, comparing the college to a state of civil society in which the people if they are dissatisfied with the government, have a right to rise and resist, or even overturn it. This analogy would have been more perfect if they had founded the college, and appointed its officers; but since the college is the property of Trustees, and students reside in it only by permission, for their own improvement, and during good behaviour, this analogy is most absurd. Every student who is not contented with the administration of the laws, or the modes of instruction in the institution, has a right to withdraw from it; but while he remains in it, and subject to its laws, his right is obedience both by the nature of the thing, and his own solemn promises. He has surely no right to come to it only to violate its laws, and subvert its government.

The Trustees, after the most patient and diligent inquiry into all the circumstances of this infurrection, and taking into their most serious consideration the true and permanent interests of the institution, resolved by an unanimous vote, finally to expel eleven of those who, in their opinion, were the most prominent leaders in the disorder, and to dismiss without a public expulsion six whose improper conduct, in other respects, had rendered them unsafe members of such a literary and moral society. In regard to the residue, many of whom, through misrepresentation, misconception of the object of the combination, or menace, had been induced to join in it, the board, after confirming the sentence of the Faculty, thought proper still to leave the door open to their return to the college, upon their public and explicit renunciation of a principle which has led to such serious evils, and the manifestation of a proper penitence for their past fault.

Finally, letters were directed, on behalf of the board, to be addressed to the parents or guardians of the persons so expelled, dismissed or suspended, expressive of their regret at being compelled to adopt this apparently severe but necessary measure, and requesting such parents or guardians to co-operate in giving efficacy to the discipline of the college. A circular letter has also been addressed to the different colleges and universities of the United States, to which is annexed a correct list of the persons so expelled, dismissed, or suspended, that they may be apprised of the circumstances under which these young men have left the college, if any of them should apply for admission into any other institution.

And because dissipation has been found to be encouraged, and the spirit of insubordination emboldened, by an excessive allowance of money, or of credit, to many of the students, measures have been adopted, which will be laid before the public in a separate address, to restrain as far as may be in the power of the board, both these evils.

From the foregoing statement of facts, the public will easily perceive, that the single alternative left to the trustees is either to govern their own institution by their own officers, or resign it to the government of inconsiderate boys and passionate young men; when-

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ever a popular offender is pleased to call an assembly of students. In a government continually liable to combinations and revolts, there is an end of all just subordination.

If those who are sent to obey undertake to dictate—if they are to be subject to no control, but such as they think reasonable, all who have any acquaintance with human nature must know that a foundation is laid for the practice of every vice—for indolence, ignorance, and eventual ruin. Better far that no college should exist, than to exist on such terms. The number of the students will be diminished, for the present, by cutting off so many dangerous members from the institution; but the public will have a pledge in this act, of the vigour with which the trustees intend to preserve their discipline. It will even invite parents to confide their children with more security to the guardianship of those, who with such firmness and such faithfulness, are determined to superintend their morals as well as their improvements in science. Is it not then the sacred duty of the parents of all those youths who may be sent to this place for instruction, to co-operate with the guardians of the institution; and so far as lies in their power, to humble that indolent and usurping spirit, which tramples on the wholesome restraints of all legitimate authority, and which has led to the late unhappy disorders? Should they not impress on the minds of their offspring the importance of discipline as the indispensable means of their own improvement in science and morals—and insist on a prompt and unreserved submission to the laws of the college, as the absolute condition of their parents' future approbation and favour? Returning to the place of their education with such a temper and such views, those young gentlemen who have been misled by the more artful and unprincipled among their companions, and whose standing in college has hitherto been good, will be received with pleasure, and their indiscretion be forgiven. They will again experience that paternal discipline—that patient instruction—those zealous efforts which have always been so actively employed, to fix them in habits of diligence, of virtue and order, the sole aim and tendency of which are, to prepare them for usefulness and distinction in this life, and for a higher state of happiness in a better world.

Signed in behalf of the board of trustees,  
**JOSEPH BLOOMFIELD,**  
Governor of New-Jersey, and President,  
ex officio, of the Corporation.

Attested,  
**JOHN MACLEAN, Secretary.**  
Princeton, April 11, 1807.

One hundred and forty-seven students of Harvard University have formed the resolution of retiring, on account, as they represent the case, of ill usage, in their being supplied with bad and unwholesome victuals, cooked in a nauseous and disgusting manner.

[Journal.]

Having noticed the recent tumults at Cambridge University, we are happy to state that tranquillity is again restored, and that the literary exercises of the college now proceed as usual. This very desirable event has checked the exultation, which the enemies of that respectable seminary indulged so freely, on the late occasion. They shewed the cloven foot too soon, and this no doubt contributed to defeat their malicious wishes.

[Repertory.]

**REPORT**—It is reported that the British ministers Mr. Erskine, has been recalled, and that an express has been sent to Hampton-Roads, to stop the *Wasp*, now on her way to England.—This report comes by a gentleman by the last evening's stage, from Washington. By "recalled" we presume it is so understood, that Mr. E. is to be superseded by another minister. But this was to have been expected upon the late change of the ministry in England.

Mr. E.'s recall would certainly be no very favourable symptom of the friendly disposition of the present cabinet towards us; as he is married to an American woman; is a man of liberal sentiments, and the son of the celebrated Erskine, the friend and co-adjutor of Fox.

[Enquirer.]

#### MR. RANDOLPH.

America as well as this country is much indebted to Mr. RANDOLPH, for his persevering efforts to maintain peace between them.—This gentleman possesses great talents as a politician and an orator, but what is still more honourable to his character, he resolutely applies his talents to the support of those principles which are at once calculated to promote the interests of his own country, and those of all nations who are connected with each other by commercial intercourse. To the enlightened views and indefatigable exertions of this gentleman are the Americans as much indebted as to any of the most conspicuous characters who effected their independence as a people.

[Lon. Paper.]

A detachment of 110 men, United States troops, under the command of capt. Clemison, commenced their march from Philadelphia on Saturday last, for Pittsburg—destination the Missouri river.

Governor Patten, of the island of St. Helena, has been suspended by the British government, for having weakened the garrison of that place, by sending a part of the troops to Buenos Ayres.

The annual Spanish ship, from Manilla to Amoy, has been captured by the British frigate *Phaeton*, capt. Wood. This prize is valued on a moderate computation at 250,000*l.* sterling.

#### IRELAND.

**Ballinasloe Fair.**—Our late October fair was the largest known for some years past, and the improvement of this great show, both in numbers and quality of stock, exceeded every thing that could be expected. The attendance at dinner, at the new rooms, was more numerous and constant than before, which added much to the hilarity of this fine national scene; seldom so few as a hundred members dined together each day, and forty new members were proposed, which, on their election, will make this distinguished society full nine hundred strong.—An evident change of opinion has taken place in the old light breeders, by their hiring more thorough-bred rams, and bulls of the new light than ever.—**ASTLEY**, of Leicester-shire, let twenty-three rams to those old light graziers, who are clearly delirious not to shut their eyes any longer against the new! The sales at the fair stand thus on the toll book.

Sheep,	79,918	Sold
Do.	2,366	Unfold.
	82,284	
Black cattle,	7,101	Sold
Do.	3,003	Unfold.
	10,104	
Cattle,	82,294	
Sheep,		
Total of Stock,	92,398	

One buyer, Mr. Clerd, of the county of Cork, purchased bullocks at the fair, to the amount of eighteen thousand pounds.

#### USEFUL NOTICES.

**The gout.**—A new cure has been proposed for that disease in France, by an author of some celebrity, M. Cadet de Vaux. The remedy is to drink 48 glasses of warm water in 12 hours, a glass at the end of every quarter of an hour, taking nothing else during the time. This remedy is in pretty general use in France, and has had great success. It is supposed that the profuse perspiration which this process in general occasions is the cause of the cure.

**Method of washing white silk patent lace.**—Fold up the piece to the length of about a quarter of a yard, and stitch it up lightly together with a needle and thread; anoint the surface of the piece with a little sweet oil upon the end of a feather, and boil it one hour with strong soap and water. When taken out and dried, it will have a snowy whiteness superior to snow.

**Green succulent plants** are better preserved after a momentary immersion in boiling water, than otherwise. This practice has been successfully used in the preservation of cabbage, and other plants dried for keeping; it destroys the vegetable life at once, and in a great degree prevents that decay which otherwise attends them.

**Hawthorn.**—The necessity of enclosing land is generally known: hawthorn fences have been found most effectual, but are too tedious in their growth; to obviate this inconvenience Sml. Taylor, Esq; of Moston, near Manchester, (Eng.) has proved, by a variety of accurate experiments, that a greater increase of Hawthorn plants may be had from the cutting of the roots than by any other mode, and that such plants are stouter and quicker in growth.

[Aurora.]

A *Marine Spencer* has been invented to be worn in cases of danger at sea. The *Spencer* is a girdle of canvas, four feet six inches long, and eighteen inches broad, well stuffed with cork shavings; this is fastened loosely about the body with straps, and buckles, and, to prevent its slipping too low, two long tapes are brought over the shoulders, which fasten also with buckles. The first cost of this apparatus will not exceed five shillings, and from many experiments made at sea, it will effectually preserve any person from drowning. In cases of persons falling overboard, any one acquainted with swimming, if furnished with a *Marine Spencer*, might safely leap after them, and keep them from sinking until a boat could be launched.

#### STATEMENT,

Of the wilful and accidental deaths, which have come under the notice of the Coroner of the city and county of Philadelphia, from the 25th of March, 1806, to the 25th of March, 1807—viz.

- 29 Drowned.
- 23 Died suddenly.
- 8 of ill treatment.
- 4 by taking Laudanum.
- 4 by hanging themselves.
- 3 by cutting their throats.
- 3 by being exposed to the severity of the weather.
- 5 by accidents.
- 1 by shooting himself.
- 2 by strangling themselves.
- 1 by jumping out of a window.
- 1 by stabbing himself.
- 1 murdered.

**JOHN DENNIS, Coroner.**

Arrived at the city of Washington, on Monday, the 27th of April, lieut. Robert J. Spencer, who behaved himself in so gallant a manner off Tripoli.

He was seized by gen. Wilkinson's order, on the 25th of February last, on a supposition of being favourable to Burr's plans, and delivered to capt. Shaw, who sent him on to the city.

[Wash. Fed.]

Boston, May 1.

#### CAPTURE OF MONTE-VIEDO.

Our correspondent at Providence, has sent us the following intelligence, received at that place, by the *Favourite*, capt. Ruffel, from St. Salvador:

"On the 14th of December last, an English squadron arrived at Rio de Janeiro, of 21 sail, among which were the *Ardent*, of 60 guns, commodore Donnelly; the *Unicorn* frigate, a sloop of war, and several transports. The troops on board were commanded by general Abercromby, an American by birth, and general Lumney. The first was authorized to act as governor of the district of Monte-Viedo, should it be under the dominion of the English. The number of troops was given out to be six thousand, but from a variety of circumstances, it is probable they did not exceed three thousand. Great dispatch was used in watering and the squadron sailed for the River Plate on Monday, the 22d of December. The order of the troops was highly excited at the cruelties perpetrated by the Spaniards on the English prisoners, at the recapture of Buenos Ayres, and a spirit appeared to be universal to take ample vengeance. The *Favourite* sailed from St. Salvador on the 5th March; on the morning of which day, an arrival from Rio Grande, in 36 days, bro't intelligence that Monte-Viedo was in the hands of the English.—In comparing dates, it is probable it fell between the 10th and 15th of January. The news of the capture of this place was bro't to Rio Grande by an English vessel, which was dispatched there by the conquerors for provisions.

The private letters received at St. Salvador mention, that the place sustained a close siege of 6 days, and was at length carried by storm. They also implied, that the violence committed after the capture of Buenos Ayres were fully retaliated, it would seem from the want of provisions, the English suffered after the fall of Monte-Viedo; that the power could not extend far into the country. The Spaniards were extremely exasperated against the Americans, on account of the part acted by certain individuals in the conquest of Buenos Ayres; and an American vessel arrived from Monte-Viedo, which the *Favourite* lay at Rio de Janeiro, which had been permitted by the English to proceed to the former place, which gave information, that on her approach to the batteries, she was brought to and a boat dispatched to her, to let her know that if she continued within reach of the batteries another hour, she would certainly sink her.

NORFOLK, May 1.

A vessel in 14 days from Barbadoes, went up the bay yesterday, by which information is received, the advice had reached that island, stating that Monte-Viedo had been taken by the British troops, after a severe action, in which 1500 Spaniards were cut to pieces by the British soldiers, who were highly exasperated in consequence of the Spaniards having cut off the ears and otherwise mutilated some English prisoners taken a few days before.

The above vessel, off Martinico, was boarded by admiral sir Alexander Cochrane, who had with him one three decker and four two deckers: he was daily expecting the *Rochefort* squadron, and the *Cruizer* brig had arrived express from England, with dispatches for the admiral, informing him that the *Rochefort* squadron, composed of one three decker and five two deckers had failed.

ALEXANDRIA, May 4.

Captain Coleman, of the ship *United States*, arrived yesterday from Barbadoes, has politely favoured us with a newspaper of the 11th of April, from which we copy the following:—

Bridge-Town, April 11.

#### CONQUEST OF MONTE-VIEDO.

The following particulars of the event will be found highly gratifying, being given with accuracy, which does not admit of a doubt, and upon which further proof of the valour, discipline and enterprise of the British arms, we pay a most willing testimony. The account is received from the American by Troy, John Hazard, 44 days from Rio Grande, bro't to New-Orleans; spoke by his majesty's ship *John*, arrived here this morning from a cruise, communicated to us from the first authority.

Gen. Achmuty with a reinforcement of four or five hundred men, about the 7th of January last arrived at Maldenada, and after having embarked all the troops then there, proceeded up the river towards Monte-Viedo, landed at point Cartas, about three miles from town, the 19th, and immediately attacked and routed a body of Spaniards collected to prevent their landing, taking from them a twenty-four pounder. The English then marched and took possession of the watering place, about a mile from the town. On the 23d the Spaniards came out of Monte-Viedo with 5000 men to attack them. The English immediately decamped and formed an apparent retreat till they got three miles from the town, when they halted: the Spaniards who supposed them flying, pursuing in a most furious manner, huzzaing, &c. &c. ing his retreat a party of 300 cavalry, with some infantry, were landed between the enemy and the river. On being attacked, the enemy made a very faint resistance, and retired in the greatest confusion, only 3400 Spaniards getting back to town. The viceroy, with 100 men, escaped into the country. Our troops then proceeded to invest the town; and on the 8th Feb. having made a frigate the harbour, or North Gates, which drew the enemy's attention to that part, the English army, commanded by the Sea Gates, which they faced, and after a carnage, took possession of the town.

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days before.

off Martinico, who boarded the  
er Cochran, who had with him  
four two deckers; he was  
the Rochefort Squadron, and  
ived ex perts from England, and  
admiral, informing him that the  
composed of one three decker  
had failed.

ALEXANDRIA, May 4.  
of the ship United States, and  
barbadoes, has politely favoured  
of the 11th of April, from which  
ng:

Bridge-Town, April 11.  
**T OF MONTE-VIEDO.**  
particulars of the event will be  
fying, being given with accuracy  
nit of a doubt, and upon which  
e valour, discipline and enter-  
we pay a most willing testimony  
received from the American  
d, 44 days from Rio Grande, being  
poken by his majesty's ship Julia  
orning from a cruise, comman-  
first authority.

with a reinforcement of four or five  
ut the 7th of January last, and  
nd after having embarked all the  
e, proceeded up the river toward  
ded at point Cartas, about the  
the 19th, and immediately attack-  
of Spaniards collected to pre-  
ing from them a twenty-four  
h then marched and took pos-  
e, about a mile from the town.  
Spaniards came out of Monte-Viedo  
to attack them. The English  
ped and formed an apparent re-  
ree miles from the town, when the  
iards who supposed them flying, in  
rious manner, huzzing, &c. &c.  
party of 300 cavalry, with some  
On being attacked, the enemy  
ance, and retired in the greatest  
00 Spaniards getting back to  
roy, with 100 men, escaped into  
roops then proceeded to invest  
the 8th Feb. having made a fire  
North Gates, which drew the  
o that part, the English army  
which they faced, and after a  
sion of the town.

Boston, May 3.  
**FRENCH FLEET.**—Capt. Courcy, who arrived  
at Newburyport on Friday last from Alicante, informs,  
that on the 14th of March, in lat. 31, 4, long. 21, 40,  
he was bro't to by, and boarded from, a French fleet  
of eight sail of the line. Two days afterwards in long.  
23, 6, fell in with a British fleet of 120 sail of mer-  
chantmen, steering W. S. W. The same day was  
boarded from a French sloop of war.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 8.  
The frigate Chesapeake, captain Gordon, will this  
day drop down below the branch, and will proceed to  
Hampton-Roads with the first fair wind.

An almost miraculous instance of preservation from  
a watery grave occurred in the neighbourhood of  
Lancaster, on the evening of the 21st ult. As Mat-  
thew Dickenson, of Overton, was looking at his nets  
in the river Lune near Basil Point, between 8 and 9  
o'clock, he thought he heard the sound of oars, and  
called out but received no answer. The noise con-  
tinued to approach, and he supposed it to proceed  
from a porpoise, or other large fish; judge of his sur-  
prise, when he held up the light which he had in a  
lanthorn, on seeing a horse swimming towards him,  
and nearly exhausted. He shouted to it, to cherish  
it, and in a few minutes it reached the shore, when  
he found a cart body attached to it, in which was the  
body of a man, whom he was astonished to find alive,  
and proved to be Mr. James Kirby, of Heynham,  
Armer.—It appeared, that he had come through  
Lancaster, with his cart, that afternoon, and had  
called at Conder Green on his way to his father's at  
Bockham, from whence he was going to fetch some  
dried barley. He left the public-house, where some  
companions had stopped, between 7 and 8 o'clock,  
being much intoxicated, and got into the cart. On  
the green he lost his hat, which was found the next  
morning.—The cart being small, when he laid down  
it, his head was considerably raised at the fore part  
of it.—The horse having no guide, when it got over  
Lancaster Bridge, instead of going forwards to Cocker-  
ham, turned off towards Glaston, where it had been  
customed sometimes to cross the river at low-water  
when fordable. The tide, however, was scarcely  
out, and the horse took the river, and must have  
died, with the body of the cart, above a quarter of  
a mile, to the place where Dickenson discovered it,  
his light most probably it made for. Kirby was  
deep during this time, and awakened by the filter-  
man, though not to a sense of the imminent danger  
which he had so providentially escaped from.

[Am. Daily Adv.]

**POSTSCRIPT.**  
FROM PAPERS BY WEDNESDAY'S PACKET.  
NEW-YORK, May 9.  
**LATE AND INTERESTING.**  
By the arrival this morning of the brig Bedford,  
of Dunbar, in 39 days from Liverpool, we have  
received our regular file of London papers to the 27th  
of March inclusive. The papers furnish late and inter-  
esting intelligence from the continent. A letter  
from Altona, dated 20th March, states that a contin-  
ual series of battles were fought from the 26th of  
January to the 8th of March, in which the Rus-  
sians were victorious. A letter from Thorn states that  
French lost 15,000 men, five generals, 47 pieces  
cannon, and 15 eagles.

PHILADELPHIA, May 11.  
On Saturday evening last, arrived at the Mansion  
House Hotel, in this city, General MORCAU, from  
New-York.

BALTIMORE, May 11.  
The following paragraph appears in a Nantz Ga-  
zette, of the 3d of February, taken from a Paris pa-  
per.—  
We are assured, that the government of Spain,  
the United States, have actually come to a good  
understanding on all the points which divided them;  
that the cession of Florida is agreed to; that the  
debt is fixed; and that nothing remains to be set-  
tled but the mode of payment.

As we were putting our paper to press, captain  
Smith arrived from Rotterdam, whence he failed  
on the 23, but unfortunately brought no papers.  
Mentions as the report of the day, that Buona-  
parte was retreating.

[Charleston paper.]

**This is to give notice,**  
THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the or-  
phans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters  
administration on the personal property of ED-  
WARD ROBERTS, late of the aforesaid county,  
deceased. All persons having claims against the said  
deceased are hereby requested to make them known,  
those indebted to make immediate payment to  
RACHEL ROBERTS, Administratrix.  
May 12, 1807.

**Six Cents Reward.**  
ANAWAY from the subscriber some time early  
in October last, SARAH WHITE, who was  
married to her by the orphans court of Anne-Arundel  
county; she is about twelve or thirteen years of age.  
The subscriber will secure the said girl, so that I get her  
shall receive the above reward, and if brought  
to the subscriber living in Baltimore, all reason-  
able expenses will be paid by  
MAY A. JONES.  
Baltimore, May 13, 1807.

**NEW GOODS.**  
JOSEPH EVANS,  
HAS just received from Baltimore, a handsome  
ASSORTMENT of SPRING GOODS,  
which he offers for sale at reduced prices for Cash,  
and on the usual credit to punctual customers.  
Those who are indebted to him on open account,  
are requested to pay the same or close them by note  
or bond; and those who are indebted by note or  
bond are requested to discharge the same.  
N. B. TOBACCO will be received in payment.  
May 13, 1807.

**NEW GOODS.**  
Weems and Rawlings,  
HAVE just received a large assortment of  
SPRING GOODS, which are well bought in  
Philadelphia, and will be sold cheap for cash.  
Annapolis, May 13, 1807.

**The Commissioners of the Tax**  
FOR Anne-Arundel county, will meet at the city  
of Annapolis on the first Monday in June next,  
and will continue to sit for twenty days thereafter,  
to hear appeals and make transfers.  
May 12, 1807.

**This is to give notice,**  
THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the or-  
phans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Ma-  
ryland, letters of administration on the personal estate  
of SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, late of  
Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having  
claims against the deceased are requested to bring  
them in legally authenticated to Nicholas Brewer,  
Esquire, register in chancery; and those indebted to  
the estate to make payment to the said Nicholas  
Brewer, whom I have authorized to receive the same.  
MARY HOWARD, Administratrix.  
May 11, 1807.

**Public Sale.**  
By Virtue of an order from the Orphans court of  
Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose  
to Public sale the greater part of the personal estate  
of SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, late of the coun-  
ty aforesaid, deceased, on Monday the 25th in-  
stant, at his late dwelling, in the city of Annapo-  
lis:  
CONSISTING of a variety of HOUSEHOLD  
and KITCHEN furniture; and on the follow-  
ing day will be sold at the deceased's farm, near An-  
napolis, all the stock, consisting of horses, cattle,  
sheep and hogs; together with the farming utensils;  
there are some valuable negroes, men, women and  
children, which the subscriber will sell either at pub-  
lic or private sale. The foregoing property will be  
sold on a credit of six months for all sums above  
twenty dollars; under that, the cash to be paid.  
Bond with good and sufficient security, will be re-  
quired, with interest from the day of sale. The sale  
will commence on each day at ten o'clock, and con-  
tinue until all is sold.  
MARY HOWARD, Administratrix.  
May 12th, 1807.

In CHANCERY, May 11, 1807.  
ORDERED, That the sale made by JOHN  
LEIGH, trustee for the sale of the real estate of  
Robert Greenwell, mortgaged to George H. Leigh,  
shall be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the con-  
trary be shown before the tenth day of July next,  
provided a copy of this order be inserted three succes-  
sive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 8th  
day of June next.  
The report states, that two tracts of land, in St.  
Mary's county, called Little Yielding and Perch  
Hole Marsh, containing together 984 acres, were  
sold for 8 dollars per acre.  
True copy,  
Test.  
NICHOLAS BREWER, Reg. Cur. Can.

**Six Cents Reward,**  
Including what the law allows.  
RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in  
Anne-Arundel county, state of Maryland, an  
apprentice boy to the house carpenter's and joiners'  
business, named BENJAMIN ATWELL, about  
16 years of age. I do hereby forewarn all persons  
from harbouring the said boy, and all masters of ves-  
sels from carrying him off at their peril. The above  
reward and all reasonable charges paid if brought  
home.  
JOSEPH ATWELL.  
May 4, 1807.

**NOTICE.**  
ALL persons having claims against the estate of  
Mrs. ANN ROBERTS, late of Calvert coun-  
ty, Maryland, deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit  
them, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or  
before the 15th day of November next, otherwise  
they may by law, be precluded from all benefit there-  
of, and all persons indebted to said estate are request-  
ed to make immediate payment to the undersigned  
living in the aforesaid county and state.  
ALEXANDER BROME, Executor  
of the last will of the deceased.  
May 7th, 1807.

**Poet's Corner.**  
SELECTED.  
MEMORY.  
SAY, can the man, oppressed by grief, review,  
With tranquil eye, the pleasures that he knew  
When in content, with love and friendship blest,  
Their soft emotions charmed his youthful breast;  
And, as he gave each wild idea scope,  
Looked to new joy with renovated hope?  
Ah, no! his thoughts, with melancholy range,  
Traces the progress of the afflictive change,  
Adds to the immediate evil he endures,  
By strong control each struggling pang secures;  
Till, tired and shocked, he turns him in despair,  
From things that have been to the things that are.  
For what avails it now that once his mind  
Was light as air and frolic as the wind,  
Alike to sow or to vice unknown,  
That every moral solace was his own,  
Since, at an altered season, misery gave  
Sighs for the past and wishes for the grave?

Down in yon glade, beside that glassy pool,  
There stands, and long has stood, the village school;  
Hark! the gay murmurings of the sportive train,  
Freed from restraint, that gambol o'er the plain;  
Lift their shrill voices, and their burles of glee,  
Will future years recal their ecstacy?  
Perhaps some one, hereafter, of the band,  
From the brown summit of that jutting land,  
Shall eye the well known spot, the self-same scene,  
And the thin spire that peeps those groves between;  
Shall mark the peasant plodding as before,  
And the trim house-wife at the cottage door;  
Shall hear the pausing bell's pathetic toll,  
Born on the gale, announce the parting soul  
Of some old friend, who, to his childhood kind,  
Prepared the kite and steamed it to the wind;  
Some busy dame, for cakes and custards known,  
Who gave him credit when his pence were gone;  
Some truant ploughboy, who, neglecting toil,  
Joined him to seize the tempting orchard's spoil,  
Or in despite of peril spread the snare.  
As through the thicket passed the nightly hare:  
Then shall he think on all the woes of life,  
His thankless children, or his faithless wife,  
His fortune wasted, or his wifely cross,  
His tender brother, sister, parents lost,  
Till, every object sinking into shade,  
He sigh, and call oblivion to his aid!

[MERRY.]

**VARIETY.**  
The following appears as an advertisement, in "The  
Traveller," (a London paper,) of Feb. 11, 1807.  
"LADIES, who have fixed their affections, but  
have never avowed their prepossession, may be in-  
structed how to obtain their wishes. Any gentleman,  
who have yet formed a predilection for a lady, may  
be assisted in obtaining her.—Those who have yet  
formed no attachment, may have objects pointed out  
to them, and aided in gaining them, by a lady whose  
connexions enable her to effect what the undertakes;  
but she will not use her influence but for persons of  
unquestionable character.  
Apply, or address (post paid) to Mrs. MORRIS, at  
the bow window, next door to Margaret Chapel,  
Margaret-street, Cavendish square.  
Mrs. MORRIS is not at liberty to refer to those  
she has served; but whoever applies to her will be  
convinced that she is employed by persons of high re-  
spectability.

**EXTRACT.**  
THE following little anecdote will prove that  
magnanimity is an inmate of an Irish Cabin.—Dur-  
ing the march of a regiment, the honorable captain  
P—, who had the command of the artillery bag-  
gage, observing that one of the peasants, whose horse  
and car had been pressed for the regiment, did not  
drive as fast as he ought, went up to him and struck  
him. The poor fellow shrugged up his shoulders, and  
observed there was no occasion for a blow, and imme-  
diately quickened the pace of the animal. Some  
time afterwards, the artillery officer, having been out  
shooting all the morning, entered a cabin, for the  
purpose of resting himself, where he found the very  
peasant whom he had struck, at dinner with his wife  
and family; the man, who was very large and pow-  
erfully made, and whose abode was solitary, might  
have taken fatal revenge upon the officer; instead of  
which, immediately recognising him, he chose the  
best potatoe out of the bowl, and presenting it to his  
guest, said, "There, your honour, oblige me by tast-  
ing a potatoe, and I hope it is a good one; but you  
should not have struck me; a blow is hard to bear."

[Stranger in Ireland.]

A Parisian artist has obtained a patent for a new  
invention of a machine for joining the sides of all  
flexible matter. It is called the devil among the tai-  
lors, as he asserts, it will be particularly serviceable in  
preparing cloathing for the army or navy, as a man  
can do as much in a given time, with the machine as  
one hundred knights of the thimble with a needle.

[Paladium.]

A lady near this place can say her uncle is her fa-  
ther, her aunt is her mother, her father is her bro-  
ther, her mother is her sister, her sister is her niece,  
and her brother is her nephew.

[Norfolk Ledger.]



# LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, March 31, 1807.

**G**EORGE BEVANS, John Brice, sen. William Buchanan, Capt. Wm. Bayton, Capt. Thomas Betton, William C. Beard, Benjamin Berry (2). The Chancellor of the State of Maryland, (2), Felix Collette (2), Nicholas Carroll, Thomas Contee, John Chapman, Maria Davidson, Francis Darnall, James Davis, Joseph Evans (2), Richard Grayson, William Gleaves, William Gardner, Nich. Harwood, Samuel Harvey Howard (7), Capt. John Hall, John Hurst, John Hollinhead, Grace Hemmens, Ann Jones, Jones, living with capt. Leonard, J. G. Konecke, James Keith, Moses Clayland Legg, Walter J. Longe, Pt. Luyo, Wm. Hammond Marriott, Patrick M. Hugh, Ann Martin, Mary Owings, Richard Owings (2), Caesar Pitt, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county (3), Maria Scott, John Stevenson (2), James Tilghman, Charles Wallace (2), Joel West (2), Henry Waller, Henry Wells, James J. Williamson, Richard W. West, William Wells, Annapolis.

William Brogden, Samuel Bucy, Eliza Chew, Edward Hall, of Richd. Thomas Helms, Richard Hall, William J. Hall, Henry A. Johnson, William Kirby, Lawrence Murray, Theophilus Norman, Lawrence Robinson, Sarah Smith, Jesse Wheat, Robert Welch, jun. Anne-Arundel county. S. GREEN, P. M.

**A**T a meeting of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, on the 28th day of April, 1807, were present,

The worshipful { JAMES MACKUBIN, } Esquires.  
JONATHAN SELLMAN,  
LEONARD SELLMAN.

The court direct, that an order be published in the Maryland Gazette, and one of the Baltimore papers, calling on the representatives of EDWARD DORSEY and HENRIETTA MARIA DORSEY, to take out letters of administration on the estates of the said Edward and Henrietta Maria Dorsey, on or before the 21st day of May next, otherwise letters will be granted to the greatest creditor applying on that day.

I hereby certify, that the above is a true copy from the proceedings of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills, Anne-Arundel county.

In CHANCERY, February term, 1807.  
Nicholas Norman,  
against

The heirs and representatives of Joseph Gott, deceased.

**T**HE object of this application is to obtain a decree to record a deed, executed by the said Joseph Gott to the said Nicholas Norman, on the 2d of April, 1794, for a tract of land called *Ram Gut Swamp*, containing 105 acres, more or less.

The bill states, that the said deed was executed in consideration of the sum of five hundred pounds, current money, paid by the said Norman to Gott, on the date of the deed; that without any fraudulent design or intention, the same has been neglected to be recorded. It is therefore, on the complainant's motion, ordered, this 22d day of April, 1807, by William Kilty, chancellor, that the complainant cause a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three successive weeks before the 22d day of May next; to the end that the heirs or other representatives of the said Joseph Gott may have notice of this application; and of the grounds thereof, and may be warned to appear in person or by a solicitor, on the 22d day of September next, and shew cause, if any there be, why the same should not be granted.

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

## FOR SALE.

**T**HE subscriber offers for sale that small but valuable tract of LAND on West river, where the late STEPHEN STEWARD formerly carried on ship building; it contains 42 acres of rich land; the improvements are, a very convenient two story framed dwelling-house, two rooms and a passage below, and four rooms above, with a garret and cellar, and kitchen adjoining; there is another house, with two rooms and fire places, and shed, will do either for a dwelling or store, a large meat-house, with a cellar under it, a milk-house, supplied with water from the pump, a large corn-house, a warehouse and shed, with cellars under them, on the wharf, a stable and carriage house, two gardens, an apple and peach orchard, and sundry other fruits. This place is perhaps one of the first stands in the county for a country store, as it is the most convenient and most frequented landing on West river, where produce is shipped to, and goods received from, Baltimore. If it is not sold at private sale before harvest, it will after harvest be sold at vendue, of which public notice will be given. For terms apply on the premises, to

ARCHIBALD CHISHOLM.  
March 16, 1807.

## NOTICE.

**B**EING unable to pay my debts I do hereby give notice, that I intend to apply to some one of the judges of Anne-Arundel county court, on the second Monday in July next, for the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON.  
April 27th, 1807.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 20, 1807.  
**W**HENAS by the resolutions passed at the last session of the general assembly of Maryland, the bills of exchange and certificates issued by virtue of the act of 1779, chapter 38, are directed to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, with interest and costs of protest. And whereas speculators have, and may continue to avail themselves of the ignorance of the holders of said bills and certificates, and fraudulently obtain the same: Ordered, that said resolutions be published once a week, for the space of five weeks, in the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis, the American and Federal Gazette at Baltimore, the Republican Advocate at Frederick-Town, the Maryland Herald at Hagerstown, and the Republican Star at Easton.

NINIAN PINKNEY,  
Clerk of the council.

**R**ESOLVED, That the holders of bills of exchange drawn or issued by the treasurer of the western shore as commissioner appointed by the act of assembly, passed at November session, seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, entitled, An act for calling out of circulation bills of credit emitted by act of assembly, are entitled to receive from this state the amount and principal of the said bills of exchange and certificates, with interest thereon from the dates of the said bills and certificates respectively, and costs of protest.

**R**ESOLVED, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby authorized to pay out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, to the holders and possessors of the said bills of exchange and certificates issued by the treasurer of the western shore, as commissioner, by virtue of the aforesaid act of assembly, the amount of the said bills of exchange or certificates by them respectively held and possessed together with interest thereon from the respective dates of such bills of exchange, and certificates of the costs of protest, and the treasurer is hereby directed to pay the bills, interests and costs, at the par and exchange.

## State of Maryland, &c.

Saint-Mary's county, Orphans court, April 15, 1807.  
**O**N application, by petition, of William Hebb, administrator of William Somervell, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Federal Gazette, National Intelligencer, and Maryland Gazette.

JAMES FORREST, Reg. Wills for Saint-Mary's county.

## THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber of Saint-Mary's county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Saint-Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of WILLIAM SOMERVELL, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 15th day of October next, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All those indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment without delay. Given under my hand, this 15th day of April, 1807.

WILLIAM HEBB, Admr.

## State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, April 7, 1807.  
**O**N application, by petition, of Margaret Royston, administratrix of James Royston, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

## THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of JAMES ROYSTON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the seventh day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 7th day of April, 1807.

MARGARET ROYSTON, Administratrix.

## Public Sale.

**O**N THURSDAY, the 11th day of June next, will be offered for Sale, to the highest bidder, on twelve month's credit, with approved security on interest from the day of sale, at the residence of WILLIAM SOMERVELL, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased.

**A** VARIETY of JACK ASSES, JENNIES, of all ages, equal in size and strength to any in this county, bred by the deceased out of Maltese Jennies, by the celebrated Jack Compound bred by the late general Washington; also several breeding mares and colts (fit for farmers,) cattle of every description, two carriages, a selection of old fashioned furniture, and the stock of groceries.

WILLIAM HEBB, Admr.

17th April, 1807.

Cash given for clean linen and cotton RAGS.

## Saint-Anne's Parish.

**T**HE parish of Saint-Anne's, including the city of Annapolis, being vacant, the Vestry are desirous to engage a clergyman to supply such vacancy. Applications made to Capt. ROBERT DENNY, in Annapolis, will meet with immediate attention.

There is a good parsonage-house appendant to the parish.

Saint-Anne's Parish, May 7, 1807.

## The Clergy and Vestries

**O**F the Protestant Episcopal church, in Maryland, are reminded, that the annual convention of said church is to assemble, in the city of Baltimore, on Wednesday, the 20th instant.

JOSEPH G. J. BEND, Secretary.  
May 1, 1807.

## LEWIS DUVALL,

**H**AS received his supply of reasonable and fashionable GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, all which he will sell low for cash, or on the usual credit to punctual customers.

Annapolis, May 1, 1807.

## By Anne-Arundel County court,

APRIL TERM, 1807.

**R**ULED by the court, that after this term, no ordinary licence be granted unless the person applying for the same, produce to the court a certificate from three at least of his or her neighbours, stating that a tavern is necessary where the person applying for the same resides, and that he is a fit and proper character to keep a tavern.

By order,

NICHOLAS HARWOOD, Clk.

May 5th, 1807.

**T**AKEN up as a stray, by the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, a chestnut horse, about 7 or 8 years old this spring, with one old shoe on his right hind foot, about 11 hands high, trots and gallops, well formed, hind foot white, some white spots on his back, no perceivable brand, in tolerable good order, his tail short, and his main somewhat inclined to curl. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

BENJAMIN SHIPLEY.  
May 1, 1807.

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

**R**ANAWAY, on 5th instant, a negro man named JACK, about twenty years old, about five feet nine or ten inches high, a remarkable large mouth; had on a felt hat, a brown halfstock jacket, overalls, took with him sundry other cloths; he pretends to have a wife at PHILIP W. THOMAS's, in Annapolis, where he has been hired this two years. Whoever takes up the said fellow shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

EDWARD REYNOLDS, Calvert county.  
April 28th, 1807.

## State of Maryland, &c.

Calvert county, orphans court, April 27th, 1807.  
**O**N application, by petition, of Young Parran, administrator of Alexander Parran, late of Calvert county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.

JOSEPH WILKINSON, Reg. Wills for Calvert county.

## THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Calvert county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Calvert county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of ALEXANDER PARRAN, late of Calvert county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 27th day of April, 1807.

YOUNG PARRAN, Administrator.

## This is to give notice,

**T**HAT I have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal property of SUSANNAH SIMMONS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are requested to make them known, and those indebted make payment to

ABRAHAM SIMMONS, administrator.  
April 29, 1807.

## For Sale,

**M**Y HOUSE and LOT, in the city of Annapolis, on a credit, or will be exchanged for wet goods.  
SAMUEL MACCUBBIN.  
December 29, 1806.

ANNAPOLIS:  
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.



's Parish.  
ne's, including the city of  
ant, the Vestry are de-  
n to supply such vacancy.  
ROBERT DENNY, in At-  
mediate attention.  
e-house appendant to the  
y 7, 1807. 2  
and Vestries  
copal church, in Maryland,  
the annual convention of  
in the city of Baltimore,  
infant.  
J. BEND, Secretary.  
DUVALL,  
supply of reasonable and  
together with a general  
ES, all which he will feel  
ual credit to punctual ex-  
07. 2  
el County court,  
ERM, 1807.  
t, that after this term, a  
granted unless the person  
duce to the court a certi-  
f his or her neighbours, that  
Tary where the person ap-  
and that he is a fit and pro-  
vern. 2  
LAS HARWOOD, Clk.  
ay, by the subscriber, living  
el county, a chestnut horse  
8 years old this spring, and  
is right hind foot, about 15  
gallops, well formed, his left  
white spots on his back, no  
able good order, his tail short,  
inclined to curl. The owner  
proving property and paying  
BENJAMIN SHIPLEY.  
Dollars Reward.  
5th instant, a negro man  
about twenty years old, about  
5 feet high, a remarkable large  
head, a brown halfblack jacket  
and a fundry other cloaths; he was  
at PHILIP W. THOMAS'S, and  
has been hired this two years.  
said fellow shall receive the  
reasonable charges if brought  
EYNOLDS, Calvert county.  
2  
f Maryland, &c.  
phans court, April 27th, 1807.  
y petition, of Young Parran, of  
Alexander Parran, late of Cal-  
rd, it is ordered, that he be  
by law, for creditors to exhibit  
the said deceased, and that the  
once in each week, for the first  
weeks, in the Maryland Gazette.  
VILKINSON, Reg. Wills for  
Calvert county.  
TO GIVE NOTICE,  
Subscriber, of Calvert county,  
in the orphans court of Calvert  
and, letters of administration  
of ALEXANDER PARRAN, late of Cal-  
county, deceased. All persons  
infant the said deceased are hereby  
the same, with the vouchers there-  
ber, at or before the first day of  
May may otherwise by law be  
benefit of the said estate. Given  
his 27th day of April, 1807.  
NG PARRAN, Administrator.  
is to give notice,  
e obtained from the orphans  
rundel county, letters of admini-  
al property of SUSANNAH SHIPLEY,  
Anne-Arundel county, deceased.  
ims against the said deceased are  
hem known, and those indebted  
M SIMMONS, administrator.  
For Sale,  
E and LOT, in the city of An-  
a credit, or will be exchanged  
SAMUEL MACCUBBIN  
1806. 10  
NAPOLIS:  
FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
GREEN.

(LXIII<sup>rd</sup> YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 3149.)

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A Y 21, 1807.

## Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, Thursday, May 21, 1807.

*He comes, the Herald of a noisy world,  
News from all nations tumbling at his back.*

New-York, May 14.

### LATE FROM FRANCE.

THE brig Alonzo, which arrived at this port yesterday, left Bourdeaux on the 4th of April, the river on the 8th. It was currently reported at the brought Paris papers containing bulletins in the grand army to the 73d, and that they announced the complete overthrow of the Russians under general Benningen, who was represented to be a prisoner. We do not learn, however, that her Paris papers are later than the 30th of March. A file of it is in possession of the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser. It furnishes us with two additional bulletins, (the 65th and 66th) and these are the only ones of sufficient interest to be worth translating. General Benningen, according to our last accounts, was sick at Konigsberg.

Translated for the Mercantile Advertiser.

### FRENCH GRAND ARMY.

SIXTY-FIFTH BULLETIN.

Osterode, 10th March, 1807.

The army is cantoned behind the Passarge. The corps of Ponté Corvo at Holland and at Braunsberg. Marshal Soult at Liebstadt and Mohrungen. Marshal Ney at Gussadt.

Marshal Davoust at Allenstein, Hohenstein and open.

The head-quarters are at Osterode.

The Polish corps of observation, commanded by Marshal Zayoncheck, is at Nerdenburg.

The corps of Marshal Lefebvre before Dantzic.

The 5th corps on the Omulew.

The Bavarian division, commanded by the prince of Bavaria, at Warlaw.

The corps of Prince Jerome in Silesia; the 8th of observation in Swedish Pomerania.

The places of Breslau, Schweidnitz, and Brieg, are holding.

General Rapp, aid-de-camp to the emperor, is governor of Thorn.

We have thrown bridges over the Vistula at Maubourg and Dirschau.

Having been informed, on the 1st March, that the army, encouraged by the position which the army taken, had shewed themselves all along the right of the Passarge, the emperor ordered marshals Ney to reconnoitre, and to advance to re- take them. Marshal Ney marched on the Gussadt; Marshal Soult passed the Passarge at Wörmitt. The army immediately made a general movement, and moved towards Konigsberg. Their posts, which retired in great haste, were pursued three leagues.

That the French did not make any other movement, and that they were pursued only by the advanced guards who had left their regiments, two regiments of Russian grenadiers returned back, and in sight approached the cantonment of Zochern, 10th regiment received them with the bayonet.

27th and 29th behaved in the same manner. In these little combats the Russians have had one man killed, wounded or prisoners.

After being thus assured of the movements of the army, the army had returned into its cantonments.

The grand duke of Berg, informed that a corps of army had approached Willemburg, caused it to be seized by prince Borghese, who at the head of his regiment, charged eight Russian squadrons, overthrew them to the route, and made about 100 prisoners, amongst whom are 3 captains and 8 subal-

terns. Marshal Lefebvre has entirely surrounded Dantzic, and begun at that place the works of circumval-

### SIXTY-SIXTH BULLETIN.

Osterode, March 14.

The grand army continues in cantonments, where taking repose. Little combats have taken place between the advanced posts of the two armies. Two regiments of Russian cavalry came on the 12th to dis-

lodge the 69th regiment of infantry of the line in its cantonment of Lingnau, and before Gussadt. One regiment of that regiment took arms, ambushed them-

self, and fired close to the enemy, who left 80 men on the field. General Guyot, who commanded the

advanced posts of Marshal Soult, has had several engagements, which have terminated to his advantage.

After the little battle of Willemburg, the grand duke of Berg has driven all the Cossacks from the bank of the Elbe, in order to assure himself

that the enemy was not concealing some movement. He came to Wartembour, Seeburg, Meniguth and Bischoffsburg. He has had some engagements with the enemy's cavalry, and has made about 100 Cossacks prisoners.

The Russian army have begun to concentrate the coast of Bartenstein on the Alle; the Russian division on the coast of Crensbourg.

The enemy has made a movement of one day's march towards Konigsberg. The whole of the French army is cantoned, and is supplied with provisions from the cities of Elbing, Braunsberg, and from the resources which are brought from the isle of Nogat, which is of very great fertility.

General Teulier has invested Colberg.

A division of 12,000 Bavarians, commanded by the prince royal of Bavaria, has passed the Vistula at Warlaw, and has just rejoined the army.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.

### LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Yesterday arrived the fast sailing ship Brutus, capt. Craig, from Londonderry, with passengers; we are favoured with Dublin papers to the 28th of March, and Derry papers to the 7th of April, from which we have only time for the following:

LONDONDERRY, April 7.

Notwithstanding a number of those deluded persons, denominated Threshers, have been found guilty and received sentence of death at the last assizes of Sligo, and notwithstanding the wholesome lesson which the late special commission, which was sent into that part of the country, should have afforded them; yet such is their blind delusion, that they are still continuing their depredations in that part of the country.

According to letters from Hamburg and Altona, considerable apprehensions were entertained in the former city of the landing of an English force either in the Elbe or at some contiguous port in the Baltic. So general was this impression that the French commandant and minister both prepared for a retreat.

A strong rumour again prevails, that Austria has drawn the sword against France.

DOVER, March 30.

By a ship which arrived in the Roads this afternoon from the Texel we learn that accounts had reached Holland of the Austrians having taken the field against the French, and that the latter were retreating out of Poland in all directions. It was ascertained that the diplomatic corps had already arrived at Berlin, and had brought miserable accounts of the state of the French army.

LONDON, March 28.

Government has received dispatches from the marquis of Douglas at St. Petersburg, as also some accounts from Vienna, which are said to be of a very gratifying description.

A letter from Gottenburg states, that part of the 500,000 pounds sent by the British government to the emperor of Russia had been detained at that place. The probability however is, that the part alluded to has been allowed to remain at Gottenburg as part of the subsidy due by Russia to Sweden. The Bullion left there for that purpose, is contained in sixty-four casks, of 5000 dollars each.

March 29.

The Prussian army under Lestocq, on the 13th instant, composed 47,000 men.

The queen of Prussia is recovering slowly from her late illness.

Augereau has returned to France in disgrace, and not in consideration of ill health. The occasion is thus stated: after several unsuccessful attempts to force the centre of the Russian army at Eylau, Buonaparte ordered Augereau to advance with his division to renew the attack. Augereau represented that it was morally and physically impossible, that the service could be attended with success. But Buonaparte, instead of abandoning the enterprise, in a gust of passion sent an adjutant to supersede Augereau, and to lead his column to the attack, in which it was nearly cut to pieces. Several wounded French officers have arrived at Hamburg, Leipsick, Berlin, &c. From their report it appears, that most of the recent operations of the French army have been made by Buonaparte in opposition to the opinion of his generals. Bernadotte, Ney, Soult, and Lannes, are stated to have provoked his displeasure by their remonstrances on the subject.

March 30.

Buonaparte has, by an address of the senate, been invited to return to Paris.

March 31.

An account from the seat of war, received through a most respectable channel, adds considerable weight to the statements we have already given of the deplorable situation of the French army. It is described as retreating with great rapidity, and in much confusion; and so daily harried by the Cossacks, that numbers continue to be made prisoners. It is added, that when Buonaparte's proposal for an armistice was rejected he really sent to general Benningen, to request that a species of warfare less severe might be adopted. This extraordinary message is supposed to have originated in the remonstrances of some of his generals, owing to the French army having been no less than eight days without bread!!

April 1.

Yesterday a mail from Hufum arrived, bringing Hamburg and Altona papers to the 26th ult. The French head-quarters were at Osterode on the 12th ult. and this, we believe, is the latest intelligence which has been received from that quarter. A letter from East Prussia, of the 18th ult. mentions, that they continued there on the preceding day, but this is probably a mistake. The latest intelligence from Berlin is of the 2d, and it is almost impossible that news from East-Prussia, considering the difficulties of communication, could have reached that city in four days.

The continental journals are so extremely reserved respecting the transactions in Poland, that it is not easy to discover what is doing there. We can, however, perceive that Buonaparte is not likely to repass the Vistula without once more appealing to his fortune. The part of his army which has been confined to Maffena, has been strongly reinforced. Uncommon efforts have been employed to fill up the immense void produced in the French army by the sanguinary conflicts in which it has been lately engaged; and, if general Benningen can maintain himself for a very short time against the talents and strength which will be brought to bear against him, we are not very apprehensive of his ultimate success.

ALTONA, March 24.

On the 19th inst. the French toll-ship stationed at Stad, carrying 12 guns and 75 men (soldiers and sailors) was boarded by two boats belonging to the British frigate stationed off the Elbe, and carried without the loss of a man on the part of the British.

EAST-PRUSSIA, March 13.

The imperial French head quarters were still at Osterode yesterday. The corps of Marshal Maffena is in motion, and important operations are expected.

Extract of a dispatch from general Benningen—  
Konigsberg, Feb. 22, 1807.

General Sedmoratsky, who has just effected a junction with my army, has bro't with him 1400 Prussian prisoners, from 2 to 300 Frenchmen, and a great deal of baggage, which he has taken from the enemy. The retrograde march of Buonaparte rather resembles a flight than a retreat. It is solely to the swiftness of our Cossack's horses, that we are indebted for the enormous quantity of prisoners that have been daily made since the battle of Eylau. The day before yesterday they took 200, yesterday 150, and to-day 385, 4 officers, besides baggage-waggons, forage and provisions. Every thing that we can come up with is taken.—The French soldiers, dying with hunger and fatigue, no longer feel a disposition to defend themselves. At the mere sight of our troops, they throw away their arms and demand bread. My advanced posts are at Liebstadt. The whole army is in full march. My head-quarters alone remain at Konigsberg, as my ill health, and the extreme fatigue I have undergone, compel me to take a few moments of repose here. I set out to-morrow. The Prussian division, commanded by general Plaets, is at the extremity of my right wing on the heights of Brandeburg. General Sedmoratsky, and general Lestocq, form together my left wing. The grand army is in the centre; and in this order we advance toward the Vistula, embracing Thorn on one side, and Elbing on the other. I hope my troops will soon shew themselves on the other side of that river.—In the meantime, my advanced guard, reinforced by general Platow's Cossacks, a considerable part of whom have already reached their destination, pursue the enemy without relaxation, and harra's them by their petty warfare, which is as strange to them as it is advantageous to us."

BANKS of the ELBE, March 23.

We have received accounts from Osterode of the 14th instant. It would appear that the head-quarters would not be removed so soon as was expected; since the latter end of February nothing of consequence had occurred in that neighbourhood, the two armies are occupied with receiving new reinforcements. The French direct themselves in great strength towards the corps of Marshal Maffena at Warlaw, which according to every appearance, will not long remain in active.



New-York, May 12.  
Mr. Goodwin, who arrived here in the sloop Semiramis, in 6 days from Charleston, politely handed us a paper of the 4th, from which we copy the following interesting article:

The public have already been informed, that the British sloop of war Driver, a vessel interdicted by the president from ever entering our harbours, anchored on Thursday last abreast of fort Johnston. Two U. States officers of that fort waited upon the governor, on Friday, to consult with him on measures necessary to be taken to expel her from the port; his excellency was not at home. On Saturday the commandant of fort Johnston addressed a letter to the commanding officer of the said vessel, of which the following is a copy:

Fort Johnston, harbour of Charleston,  
4, P. M. of May 2.

Sir,

The president of the United States of America, having, by proclamation, bearing date 3d May, 1806, forever interdicted his Britannic Majesty's sloop of war Driver from entering any port or harbour within the U. States, and the said vessel having entered this port, in contempt of the said proclamation, my duty compels me to demand that the Driver sloop of war do depart from this harbour within twenty-four hours from the date hereof.

Need I add, sir, how repugnant it would be to my feelings, should any blood be spilt, which must inevitably be the case, if this communication be not complied with.

Lieutenant Wyndham, of the artillery, is charged with the delivery of this; he will receive your reply.

I am, sir, your most obedient servant,  
MICHAEL KALTEISEN,  
Captain commanding.

To the commanding officer of his  
Britannic majesty's sloop Driver.

We understand by Mr. Parke, who arrived here in the Semiramis, that captain Love, of the Driver, on being told that the proclamation of the president, dated May 3, 1806, forever interdicted that vessel from entering a port of the United States, replied that, that proclamation would have disgraced the pen of the most petty tyrant of the states of Barbary; that he was not in absolute want of any supplies, but that his water was rather stale, and he would not leave the harbour till he had provided his ship with fresh water, and such other articles as he supposed he might stand in need of; that when he had so done, he should have no objection to proceed to sea as soon as the pilot was ready to take him out.

Thus much we state on the authority of Mr. Parke.

Several other letters passed between fort Johnston and captain Love, the contents of which were not known.

Dispatches on this subject have been forwarded to president Jefferson, by lieutenant Wyndham, who leaves town this morning for Monticello.

There was a great bustle in Charleston, some wished to have the guns mounted, and sink the sloop of war immediately; but others, more considerate, opposed it. Officers were placed at the wharfs of the city, to prevent supplies being sent to the Driver.

Capt. Love was not on board the Driver when she was off New-York; he was sent out from England, and Simpson, the former commander of the Driver, was ordered home to attend the trial of capt. Whitby.

From a Charleston paper of May 9.

The following is a copy of the answer of the commander of the British sloop of war Driver, to the letter of captain Kalteisen, which appeared in the City Gazette of Monday last.

[COPY]

H. M. S. DRIVER,  
Rebellion Roads, Charleston, May 3, 1807.

Sir—I have received your letter, and having some doubts as to the authority by which it was written, I thought proper to satisfy myself on that head before I should reply. By the threat it contains, you appear, like your government, to have something to learn. A British subject knows too well how to respect and obey the laws of his own country, to offer, intentionally, an outrage to those of others, when once they are known to be so: but I have to observe, the proclamation you mention to have been issued in May, 1807, I know nothing of: of that which was issued in May, 1806, I have only to say, that so far from being either creditable or becoming in the president of a country, wishing to be ranked amongst the civilized nations of the world, it would, in the opinion of every liberal and enlarged mind, have disgraced even the sanguinary pen of a Robespierre, or the most miserable petty state of Barbary. It appearing that the supposed offence is to be rendered by a repetition of the circumstances complained of, and that on those who, so far from having any thing to do with the supposed aggression, were not even on the American coast, at the time. And as capt. Whitby's trial may, probably at this moment be pending, with the concurrence of the United States, and the proclamation resting on his being brought to justice, it ought to have been thought of.

However, as my proceeding to sea, comes within the limits of my intentions, according to the orders I am under, I shall do so whenever the pilot thinks proper—which orders have for their view, the advantage of the American flag, as well as the protection of the British. But I must observe, that the difficulty I have experienced in obtaining a sufficient quantity of water for the purposes I wish, obliges me to have recourse to such methods as are completely within my power, which I otherwise should not have thought

of. In the mean-time, it is necessary to inform you, that his majesty's ship under my command, is at all times ready to resist, and punish, any insult that may be offered to the flag she has the honour to bear, to the last drop of blood that shall remain, of the dutiful and loyal subjects of a beloved sovereign, and an exalted country.

I have the honour to be,  
Sir, your humble servant,  
(Signed) WILLIAM LOVE.  
To captain Kalteisen, &c. &c.  
Fort Johnston, S. C.

May 15.  
Capt. Gray, from Havana, informs, that just before he sailed, the British ship of war Elephant, of 74 guns, while chasing an American pilot boat from La Vera Cruz, got aground about ten miles to the seaward of Havana, where she stuck five hours; but by heaving over most of her guns, was got off, and sailed from the coast next day, as was supposed, for Jamaica to repair. The Spaniards at Havana had made preparations to attack the Elephant, while on shore, on her getting off, they abandoned the enterprise: The pilot boat got safe into Havana.

Capt. Strange, of the brig Fair American, 60 days from Alicante, informs that Buonaparte had demanded of the King of Spain, 30,000 troops, a part of which number actually marched from Alicante for Madrid, while our informant was there—and capt. Strange was informed by the American consul, that the 30,000 men thus demanded had assembled at Madrid, and that they left that place on the 8th of March for France.

NORFOLK, May 13.

The ship Union, captain Remington, arrived this day from Rotterdam, which place he left on the 28th day of March. Capt. R. brings no papers, but he says that it was reported, and very generally believed, that the grand army under Buonaparte, had been defeated with great loss, although the papers were silent upon the subject. Capt. R. says that an army of 60,000 men was collecting at the Hague, in order to march and reinforce the grand army; on the day he left Rotterdam he saw the city guards of that place cross the Brielle, on their way to the general rendezvous at the Hague.

On Monday last his B. M. frigates Milan and Cleopatra, and sloop of war Halifax and Bermuda, anchored in the bay.

The United States frigate Chesapeake, captain Gordon, on her way down from Washington. Commodore James Barron goes out in this ship, to take command in the Mediterranean.

The Wasp sloop of war is yet at Craney Island. Mr. Purviance, who it is said is to go out in her with the British treaty, has not arrived from Washington.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 15.

Extract of a letter, dated Gibraltar, March 10, 1807.

"Yesterday a British hired schooner was captured by four Spanish gun-boats in the Gutt, she was commanded by a lieutenant of the navy, had dispatches from admiral Duckworth for the British government, left admiral Duckworth with 14 sail of the line at anchor by the Dardanelles, as the Turkish government had refused permission for the fleet to go up. The Turkish fleet was at Constantinople ready for sea, consisting of 17 ships of the line; this is the report received from said schooner previous to her being taken."

LITERARY INTELLIGENCE.

It is with pleasure we announce to the public that the life of Washington, by Ramsay, is ready for, and will be put to press in a few days in this city. Several gentlemen, who have seen the manuscript, do not hesitate to pronounce it, what would naturally be expected from the author and the subject, a work of the most classic elegance. It will be comprised in one volume octavo, and printed in an elegant manner. [American Citizen.]

May 13.

A magnificent statue of peace, to be placed in Napoleon's Hall of Audience, now occupies the time and talents of an eminent Parisian artist. The goddess is represented in a sitting posture, on a base of bronze, richly ornamented with wrought gold, and a variety of embossed figures, emblematical of commerce and agriculture. The height of the figure is almost seven feet, and said to be composed of solid silver. A galloon of gold, fastened with silver studs, adorns the back part of her robe. The laces of her buskins, and the prickly crown of Mala, which invests her temples, are of solid gold. In one hand the goddess holds a caduceus of silver, inlaid with gold, and in the other a cornucopia of the same costly material. This elegant figure was designed by Claudet and is to be executed by Cheret.

The famous bronze horses, with the statue of Fame, late in the front of Brandenburg gate at Berlin, arrived a few days ago at Hamburg, from whence they are to be transported to Stadt, in Hanover, and from thence conveyed to the Museum Napoleon at Paris. As the Elbe is quite free from ice, they will probably soon arrive at their destination, unless some British cruiser shall charitably intercept their passage.

There are eight ships of 300 tons burthen each now loading at our wharfs with flour for England, five for London and three for Liverpool. A continuation of the war and keeping of the Baltic shut will cause the demand for flour to increase in England and cannot fail to raise the price. [Phil. Pap.]

RICHMOND, May 1.

FAIRFIELD RACES.

FIRST DAY—Jockey Club Cup—Value 30 Guineas.  
Mr. R. Wormley's S. F. Nettletop, by Spread Eagle, 1  
Mr. Wade Mosby's Br. F. Hummingbird, by Alderman, 2  
Mr. Wm. Johnston's B. G. by Alderman, 3  
Col. H. Barnly's S. F. Casket, by Devil, 4  
Mr. E. Smock's B. F. Nosegay, by Knowsley, 5

Mr. Temple's D. C. by Americus, 6  
SECOND DAY—Jockey Club Purse—500 Dollars.  
Mr. Wormley's B. H. Top-Gallant, 1  
Col. Seldon's B. F. by Knowsley, 2  
Mr. Ball's S. Horse Sweet-Lips, 3  
Mr. Mosby's S. Horse Rattray, 4  
Mr. Lynch's G. G., 5

THIRD DAY—Proprietors Purse—250 Dollars.  
Mr. William Ball's B. F., 1  
Mr. R. Wormley's S. H. Stump the Dealer, 2

Mr. Wade Mosby's B. H. Monticello, 3  
FOURTH DAY—Handy-Cup—100 Dollars.  
Mr. Ball's S. Horse, Sir Harry, by Diomedes, 1  
Mr. R. Wormley's Black C. by Whip, 2  
Mr. W. Johnston's B. H. by Alderman, 3  
Col. Burnley's S. F. Casket by D. Devil, 4  
Mr. E. Smock's D. F. by Knowsley, 5

\* Stump the Dealer and Monticello, came nearly together, the former winning the first heat, and neither being allowed to start again, in consequence of foul riding were both deemed disqualified.

Arrived, at Baltimore, ship Oriental, West, 136 tons, from M. P. C. and 63 from Cape of Good Hope. The British brig Harriet, Findley, arrived at Cape of Good Hope with the loss of topmast and her sails in the gale off Bourbon, in which the company with the Biqueheim, of 74 guns, and via frigate, and it is supposed they were either masted or lost.

Three ships of the line, a sloop of war, an armed brig, and an American ship, were going into Cape, as the Oriental came out. [Fed. Gaz.]

General Wilkinson, says the Philadelphia American, has been summoned by the government to attend the trial of col. Burr. It is not believed, however, that he will be able to repair to Richmond in time. Commodore Truxton leaves town on Friday, for Richmond, col. Burr started on Friday.

Amidst the details of the battle we are informed the future destiny of the Louvre. The emperor has declared to consecrate it entirely to the service of literature. The French say that in the tower of the edifice Charles V. established the first public library in France; it was in all Europe.—That upon the death of Charles it contained about 900 volumes, which Henry VI. of England, violated. That Rich. IV. again appropriated it for valuable collection of the arts; but, say the French, other times, the cafes. It is now to be the place of the imperial library, which already contains 300,000 printed volumes, 70,000 manuscripts, 20,000 engravings, 10,000 medals, and 30,000 medals in gold. Napoleon has assigned this library for the Louvre, the first received its gift from Charles V. the wide eloquent, five hundred years from the present time. Filled with the great designs which employ his eyes, and within the enclosures of his own palace, the monuments of the sciences and of the arts, sustained by his arms, perfected and arranged under government. The museum of paintings will occupy the great gallery, and a new structure will be added to the palace or the statues. The other collections will be accommodated, so that those men's treasures of the Louvre, secured by might might never be endangered in the night by being the palaces inhabited by men.

Mr. Sullivan is elected governor of the state of Massachusetts by a majority of 3294.

DR. TISSOT'S

Celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops.  
Sold at Mr. Nara's Store—Price 2 dollars.

A CERTAIN cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, weakness of the joints, and all kinds of sprains—For gleans, be they ever so long standing and for the stone and gravel, it is perhaps the most active, penetrating and effectual remedy in the world. In the cramp and all pains in the head, face and dy, it is without an equal.

This medicine, which justly claims a pre-eminence over all others, as being decidedly adapted for speedy removal of those complaints above mentioned, owes its discovery to the celebrated Tissot—A physician of most exalted eminence in his profession, is chiefly the extract of an herb peculiar to Europe, to whose powerfully healing, restorative and balsamic qualities, this great man by the administering of much of his fame.

May 20, 1807.

For Sale,

MY HOUSE and LOT, in the city of Annapolis, on a credit, or will be exchanged for wet goods.  
SAMUEL MACCUBBIN  
December 29, 1806.

W A.  
RESPECTFUL public, the above his former by Mr. WILLIAM, assistance of their affords him pleasure particular business will be continued WATCHES of steel chains, for ladies polished, be furnished with bows, screws, pottence, pendan Logician's boat, mine whether it with some old pie

He has made so

JEWELLER

Forming a neat and at the effect prices. Likewise assorted Japanese and bottle stands with elegant glass unafactory, all beads, &c. &c. CUTLERY, man's, petit, p sorted scissars, fa pencil cases, (w tent cork-screws pocket-books, w cases, purses, & razor strops, d brushes, hones, a matum, hair po stemens spurs, w ment of LADIES mented, and pl clarified and colection of the be shell, steel, and tacle glasses of e frames, speculac un glasses.

At the above sta

DRUG

Amongst which roots, flowers, elixirs, ointment, Antimony, opium, &c. in Balsams—T Gums—Guaiacanth, kino, &c.—Of vander, juniper, ras, amber, pe cinnamon, rhodi or oil, fatted oil Salts—Glauc moniac, and Spirts—Of duplex, h ampor, and t Arsenic, aqua orax, benzoin ampor, canthi anella albi, cl Lavanna honey, p falve, licor, cal, orris roo sulphur, Staute nds, tapioca, A great var

ames's powder, ordial, Bate into mustard, I Wilkins's, B vi-bilious, all Perfumery, ill.

Drop lake, her dyes, C ceptions, Sp oling wax, quid.

DRY PAIN, ry black, P ridgese, re, pink, &c. rnish, Venu icles, usuall

U M C I

THE sub his friend ed from e opened a at well kno ANN, and t infaction to in custom, April 14,



RICHMOND, May 1.  
LD RACES.  
Cup—Value 20 Guineas.  
Nettleton, by  
Hummingbird,  
G. by Alderman  
Casket, by Dare  
Nosegay, by  
Americus,  
Club Purse—500 Dollars.  
Top-Gallant,  
Knowley,  
Ceci-Lips,  
Rattray,  
Victors Purse—250 Dollars.  
H. Stump the  
H. Monticello,  
Handy-Cup—100 Dollars.  
Sir Harry, by  
Jack C. by Whip,  
H. by Alderman,  
Casket by D. Devil,  
by Knowley,  
and Monticello, came  
former winning the first  
owed to start again, in  
were both deemed distant.  
e, ship Oriental, West, 135  
from Cape of Good Hope.  
Marriot, Findley, arrived at  
the Jols of topmast and  
ff Bourbon, in which the  
gunheim, of 14 guns, and  
supposed they were en  
line, a sloop of war, an  
can ship, were going in  
came out. [Fed. Gaz]  
on, says the Philadelphia In  
summoned by the govern  
ol. Burr. It is not believ  
able to repair to Richm  
Truxton leaves town on Th  
col. Burr started on Friday.  
4 of the battle we are inform  
the Louvre. The opera  
ate it entirely to the service  
ch say that in the tower of  
established the first public lib  
in all Europe. That lib  
contained about 900 volumes,  
England, violated. That lib  
ated it for valuable collection  
the French, other times, d  
to be the place of the imp  
y contains 300,000 printed  
icripts, 20,000 engravings, 4  
30,000 medals in gold. Na  
s library for the Louvre,  
ft from Charles V. the vic  
dred years from the present  
at designs which employ B  
collect as he did, under his  
the enlosures of his own pal  
the sciences and of the art  
perfected and arranged und  
e museum of paintings will b  
lery, and a new structure w  
ce or the statues. The othe  
accommodated, so that the  
of the Louvre, secured by  
dangered in the night by  
ited by men. [Salem Register]  
is elected governor of the fir  
a majority of 3294.  
Dr. TISSOT'S  
Gout and Rheumatic Drops,  
NATH'S store—Price 2 dollars.  
N cure for the gout, rheum  
weakness of the joints, and all  
gleets, be they ever so long  
and gravel, it is perhaps the  
ing and effectual remedy in the  
all pains in the head, face  
an equal.  
which justly claims a pre-  
as being decidedly adapted for  
of those complaints above men  
ery to the celebrated Tissot—  
exalted eminence in his profess  
extract of an herb peculiar to Eu  
finly healing, restorative and bu  
great man by the administering  
me. 1 A Child  
For Sale,  
SE and LOT, in the city of  
on a credit, or will be exchang  
SAMUEL MACCUBBIN  
9, 1806.

**J. HUGHES,**  
**WATCH-MAKER,**  
**RESPECTFULLY** acquaints his friends, and the  
public, that he has REMOVED four doors  
above his former stand, to the house lately occupied  
by Mr. WILLIAM WILKINS, where he invites a con-  
tinuance of their favour and encouragement, which it  
affords him pleasure to acknowledge. To his above  
particular business he promises constant attention, and  
will be continually supplied with a few warranted  
WATCHES of different descriptions, and a com-  
plete assortment of watch materials: Gold, gilt, and  
steel chains, seals and keys, elegant plated strings,  
ladies polished watch chains, &c. Old watches may  
be furnished with new faces, hands, springs, glasses,  
bows, screws, all sorts of wheels, holes, pinions,  
potence, pendants, pillars, or plates, until, like the  
Logician's boat, it would puzzle the learned to deter-  
mine whether it was yet the old watch, or a new one  
with some old pieces in it.  
He has made some additions to his former assort-  
ment of fashionable  
**JEWELLERY AND SILVER WARE,**  
Forming a neat collection of the best workmanship,  
and at the established Baltimore and Philadelphia  
prices. Likewise a few plated and Britannia articles;  
assorted japanned tea-boards, waiters, trays, souffler  
and bottle stands. A few handsome looking-glasses,  
with elegant gilt frames, from the Philadelphia ma-  
nufactory, of all size ditto, common paint boxes,  
beads, &c. &c. &c. A beautiful collection of FINE  
CUTLERY, superior quality penknives, sports-  
man's, petit, pruning, fruit, and pocket ditto, af-  
fected scissars, lancets, and lancet cases, pencils, and  
pencil cases, (with and without pens,) plain, and pa-  
tent cork-screws, and polished steel snuffers ditto,  
pocket-books, with and without instruments, the ad-  
cases, purses, &c. A selection of RAZORS, and  
razor strops, dressing boxes, shaving boxes and  
brushes, hoes, tooth brushes and powder, soaps, po-  
matum, hair powder, and perfumery. A few gen-  
tleman's spurs, whips, and canes. An elegant assort-  
ment of LADIES COMBS; gold and gilt orna-  
mented, and plain tortoise-shell, mock tortoise-shell,  
clarified and common horn ditto. Likewise a col-  
lection of the best spectacles, silver, plated, tortoise-  
shell, steel, and metal mounted, together with spec-  
tacle glasses of every focus and for all ages, to fit in  
frames, spectacle cases, goggles, reading glasses and  
sun glasses.  
At the above stand is likewise offered for sale a com-  
plete assortment of  
**DRUGS AND MEDICINES,**  
Amongst which are the following:—The different  
roots, barks, tinctures, extracts, essences,  
elixirs, ointments, and plasters that are most approved  
of.—Antimony, aloes, alafedita, mercury, vitriol,  
opium, &c. in their various forms and preparations.  
Balsams.—Tolu, Peru, Copaiva, Turfington, &c.  
Gums.—Guaiacum, ammoniac, dragoniac, myrrh,  
tragacanth, kino, Arabic, elastic, &c.  
Oils.—Of vitriol, almonds, spice, lemon, bergamo-  
tender, juniper, mint, peppermint, rosemary, fassa-  
ras, amber, pennyroyal, cloves, margoram, olives,  
cinnamon, rhodium, stone, wormseed, aniseed, cas-  
tor oil, salted oil, &c.  
Salts.—Glauber, Rochelle, tartar, lemon, nitre,  
ammoniac, and ammoniac volatile.  
Spirits.—Of wine, sal ammoniac, nitre dulcis  
and duplex, hartshorn, vitriol, sea salt, saponis,  
amphor, and turpentine.  
Aromatic, aquafortis, arsenic hole, alkali, ether,  
orax, benzoin, cream of tartar, crocus martis,  
amphor, cantharides, cinnamon, callosum, Colombo,  
anella albi, cloves, digitallis, gamboge, gentian,  
lavanna honey, lpecacuanha, jallap, lapis calimernus,  
p salve, licorice, magnesia, manna, nitre, orange  
oil, orris root, potash, prepared chalk, rhubarb,  
sulphur, Stauton's bitters, sago, spermaceti, tama-  
rinds, tapioca, zinc, &c.  
A great variety of PATENT MEDICINES,  
amongst them,  
James's powders, British oil, Harlem oil, Godfrey's  
ordial, Batenan's drops, essence of peppermint,  
atto mustard, Delby's carminative, rich ointment, &c.  
Wilkins's, Lee's, Anderson's, Eahn's, Fisher's,  
tribilious, alafedita, opium, and mercury pills.  
Perfumery, palm, violet and Windsor soap, soap  
balls.  
Drop lake, cochinnelle, turmeric, ar-netto, and  
other dyes.—Cloves and nage, Indian rubber, pum-  
ice-stone, sponge, spunk, wafers, black and red  
poling wax, white wax, patent blacking, cake and  
quid.  
DRY PAINTS.—White, red, and black lead,  
grey black, Prussian blue, Spanish brown, vermilion,  
regrease, red ochre, king's yellow, yellow ochre,  
pink, &c. Litharge, bright varnish, copell  
umish, Venus turpentine, and a variety of other  
articles, usually kept in apothecary stores.  
Annapolis, May 20, 1807.

**UNION TAVERN**  
**CITY OF ANNAPOLIS.**  
THE subscriber takes this method of informing  
his friends and the public generally, that he has  
moved from Upper-Marlboro' to this city, where he  
has opened a house of ENTERTAINMENT, at  
at well known stand formerly occupied by GEORGE  
ANN, and hopes his endeavours to please will give  
satisfaction to gentlemen who may favour him with  
their patronage. SAMUEL J. COOLIDGE.  
April 14, 1807.

**Family Medicine.**  
Just received from RICHARD LEE and SON, and for  
Sale by  
**Gideon White, Church-street,**  
An Assortment of PATENT MEDICINE—  
For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant  
fevers, is recommended  
**Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills.**  
Each article has on the outside wrapper, the signa-  
ture of  
**RICHARD LEE and SON.**  
Without which, none are genuine.  
Prepared by Richard Lee and Son, Baltimore.  
PERSONS wishing to purchase this valuable medi-  
cine, are requested to be particular in inquiring for  
Lee's anti-bilious pills, put up in wooden boxes,  
having on the outside wrapper the signature Rich-  
ard Lee and Son—this is necessary, as there are o-  
ther pills of the same name.  
THE operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so  
as to be used with safety by persons in every  
situation and of every age.  
They are excellently adapted to carry off superflu-  
ous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to relieve  
and amend the appetite—produce a free perspiration,  
and thereby prevent colds, which are often of fatal  
consequences—a dose never fails to remove a cold, if  
taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated  
for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the sto-  
mach and severe headach—and ought to be taken by  
all persons on a change of climate.  
They have been found remarkable efficacious in  
preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voy-  
ages, and should be procured and carefully preserved  
for use by every seaman.  
Messrs. Richard Lee and Son.  
The high opinion I have of your bilious pills, and a  
desire to make known their utility for the benefit of  
mankind, I wish you to publish the following:  
For two months past, I have been afflicted with a  
violent sickness at the stomach, an inclination to vo-  
mit, and a loss of appetite—by taking two doses of  
your pills, I am restored to a perfect state of health—  
which induced my wife to try them also, which was  
attended with the same good effects, being now able  
to attend to her domestic concerns: in my opinion,  
this medicine is unequalled in stomach and bowel com-  
plaints, not being attended with that griping pain,  
common to other remedies.  
**JOHN SCOTT,**  
Delaney-street, near Columbia Gardens.  
Balt. Dec 10, 1807.

**BAKK.**  
THE subscriber wants, this spring, eighty or  
one hundred cords of good Spanish, water,  
black or white oak bark, he will give from seven to  
nine dollars per cord, or at any rate he will give one  
dollar more than the Baltimore price, if brought to  
this city; any one having that article to dispose of,  
with in twenty miles of Annapolis, and find it incon-  
venient to peal or deliver it, he will get it himself,  
and give a good price in proportion.  
**JOHN HYDE.**  
Annapolis, April 8th, 1807.

**This is to give notice,**  
HAT the subscriber, of the city of Washing-  
ton, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained  
from the orphans court of Prince-George's county,  
in the state of Maryland, letters of administration on  
the personal estate of Thomas Duckett, late of said  
county, deceased. All persons having claims against  
the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the  
same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on  
or before the first day of October next, they may  
otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the  
said estate. Those indebted to the deceased are de-  
fired to make immediate payment.  
All claims forwarded by mail must be post paid.  
**ALLEN B. DUCKETT, Administrator.**  
City of Washington, March 16, 1807.

**Education.**  
THE revd. Francis Barclay, rector of All-Hal-  
lows, Anne-Arundel county, has opened an  
academy, for the instruction of youth, in the classics  
and other branches of education, and will take six or  
eight young gentlemen to board with him; his house  
being commodious and airy. The terms may be known  
on application to him, at London-town, near An-  
napolis.

**STOLEN** from the subscriber's shelter, on the  
27th ult. a grey MARE, about fourteen hands  
high, six years old, trots and gallops, and full of  
spirit, she has a bob tail, and ragged mane, and has  
been snaggd under her left shoulder. Whoever takes  
up and secures the said mare, so that I get her again,  
shall receive FIVE DOLLARS, paid by  
**ISAAC JONES, near Queen-Anne.**  
Anne-Arundel county, February 1, 1807.

**An Overseer**  
IS wanted by the subscriber, at his Farm on Road  
river; liberal wages will be given to one suitable  
in all respects. Letters addressed to me in Baltimore,  
and left at the Haylands, or in Annapolis, at Mr.  
Alexander's store, with William Johnson, jun. will  
be duly received and attended to.  
**JAMES CARROLL.**

**Poet's Corner.**  
SELECTED.  
**MY NATIVE HOME.**  
O'er breezy hill and woodland glade,  
At morning's dawn or closing day,  
In summer's bounding pomp arrayed,  
Or pensive moonlight's silver ray,  
The wretch in sadness still shall roam,  
Who wanders from his native home.  
While at the foot of some old tree,  
As meditation soothes the mind,  
Lulled by the hum of wandering bee,  
Or rippling stream, or whispering wind,  
His vagrant fancy still will roam,  
And lead him to his native home.  
Though love a fragrant couch may weave,  
And fortune heap the festive board,  
Still, memory oft would turn to grieve,  
And reason scorn the splendid hoard;  
While he, beneath the proudest dome,  
Would languish for his native home.  
To him the rushy roof is dear,  
And sweetly calm the darkest gloom,  
While pomp and power and pride appear  
At best the glittering pictures of dream;  
Unfought by those who never roam,  
Forgetful of their native home.  
Let me to summer shades retire,  
With meditation and the muse,  
Or round the social winter fire  
The glow of tempered mirth diffuse;  
Though winds may howl and waters foam,  
I still shall bless my native home.  
And oh, now youth's extatic hour  
And passion's glowing noon are past,  
Should age behold the tempest hour,  
And sorrow blow its eventful blast,  
My shade no longer doomed to roam,  
Shall find the grave—a peaceful home.  
From a London Paper.  
**BUDAPARTE AND THE ECHO.**  
The following is a translation from the French of the  
libel, for the publication of which the bookseller  
Palm, of Nuremberg, was lately shot, by sen-  
tence of a court martial at Brannau.  
Alone I am in this sequestered spot, not over heard!  
Heard!  
Sdeath! who answers me? who is it there nigh?  
I!  
Now I guess! to report my accents, Echo has made  
her task?  
Know's whether London will henceforth continue to  
resist?  
Whether Vienna and other courts will oppose me al-  
ways?  
O Heaven; what must I expect after so many re-  
verses?  
What, should I, like a coward vile, to compound be  
reduced?  
After so many bright exploits, be forced to restitu-  
tion?  
Restitution of what I've got by true heroic feats and  
martial address?  
What will be the fruit of so much toil and trouble?  
What will become of my people, already too unhappy?  
What should I then be, that think myself immortal?  
The whole world is full of the glory of my name, you  
know?  
Formerly its fame struck this vast globe with terror!  
Sad echo, begone! I grow infuriate—I die!  
Die!!!

**NOTICE.**  
ALL persons having claims against the estate of  
**STEPHEN WATERS,** late of Prince-  
George's county, deceased, are requested to exhibit  
their claims to the subscribers, on or before the first  
day of February, 1807, and all persons indebted are  
requested to make immediate payment.  
**SAMUEL WATERS, } Executors.**  
**BASIL DUCKETT, }**  
**LAST NOTICE.**  
THE subscribers, intend to leave the Indian  
Landing in a few months, request all those  
indebted either on bond, note, or account, to call  
and settle, or suits will be commenced to April court,  
without respect to persons.  
**ISAAC and THOMAS H. DORSEY.**  
January 5, 1807.  
HEREBY forewarn all persons from pulling down  
my fences, and passing through my enclosures;  
also from dealing with my slaves in any manner what-  
ever, being determined to prosecute those who may  
be guilty of the above, in the most rigorous manner  
that the law directs.  
**RICHARD DARNALL, Portland Manor.**  
April 21, 1807.  
**To BE LET,**  
**MY HOUSE and LOT** in Annapolis. In my ab-  
sence from town application may be made to  
Mr. John Randall.  
**JAMES MURRAY.**  
March 23, 1807.



## NEW GOODS.

JOSEPH EVANS,

HAS just received from Baltimore, a handsome ASSORTMENT of SPRING GOODS, which he offers for sale at reduced prices for Cash, and on the usual credit to punctual customers.

Those who are indebted to him on open account, are requested to pay the same or close them by note or bond; and those who are indebted by note or bond are requested to discharge the same. N. B. TOBACCO will be received in payment. 2  
May 13, 1807.

## NEW GOODS.

Weems and Rawlings,

HAVE just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS, which are well bought in Philadelphia, and will be sold cheap for cash. 2  
Annapolis, May 13, 1807.

The Commissioners of the Tax

FOR Anne-Arundel county, will meet at the city of Annapolis on the first Monday in June next, and will continue to sit for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers. 2  
May 12, 1807.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are requested to bring them in legally authenticated to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, register in chancery; and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the said Nicholas Brewer, whom I have authorized to receive the same. MARY HOWARD, Administratrix. 2  
May 11, 1807.

Public Sale.

By Virtue of an order from the Orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to Public sale the greater part of the personal estate of SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, late of the county aforesaid, deceased, on Monday the 25th instant, at his late dwelling, in the city of Annapolis: CONSISTING of a variety of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN furniture; and on the following day will be sold at the deceased's farm, near Annapolis, all the stock, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, together with the farming utensils; there are some valuable negroes, men, women and children, which the subscriber will sell either at public or private sale. The foregoing property will be sold on a credit of six months for all sums above twenty dollars, under that, the cash to be paid. Bond with good and sufficient security, will be required, with interest from the day of sale. The sale will commence on each day at ten o'clock, and continue until all is sold. 2  
MARY HOWARD, Administratrix.  
May 12th, 1807.

In CHANCERY, May 11, 1807.

ORDERED, That the sale made by JOHN LEIGH, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Robert Greenwell, mortgaged to George H. Leigh, shall be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown before the tenth day of July next, provided a copy of this order be inserted three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 8th day of June next.

The report states, that two tracts of land, in St. Mary's county, called Little Yielding and Perch Hole Marsh, containing together 984 acres, were sold for 8 dollars per acre. 2  
True copy,

NICHOLAS BREWER, Reg. Cor. Can.

COMMITTED to my custody, the 30th January, a runaway Negro Man, who calls himself WILLIAM THOMPSON, appears to be about 30 years of age, who says he was set free by COUNSELLOR CARTER, in the state of Virginia; he is a bright mulatto, about 5 feet 8 inches high; his clothing is a blue cloth coat, one blue round jacket, ozenabrig shirt, old hat and shoes, the rest of his clothing is so patched they cannot be described. The owner is requested to come forward, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold agreeably to law for his prison fees, &c. 2  
JOHN M'WILLIAMS, Sheriff  
of St. Mary's county.  
February 14, 1807.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself JOHN CURTIS WOOD, appears to be about thirty years of age, and says he was free born, and came from Binyard county, state of North-Carolina, he is black and spare made, about five feet 6 inches high, a small scar on his forehead, limps as he walks, occasioned by a fall from a horse; his clothing is a dark coloured round jacket, gray cloth pantaloons, coarse hat and shirt, old shoes. The owner is desired to take him away or he will be sold agreeably to law. 2  
JOHN M'WILLIAMS, Sheriff  
of St. Mary's county.

Saint-Anne's Parish.

THE parish of Saint-Anne's, including the city of Annapolis, being vacant, the Vestry are desirous to engage a clergyman to supply such vacancy. Applications made to Capt. ROBERT DENNY, in Annapolis, will meet with immediate attention. There is a good parsonage-house appendant to the parish. 3X  
Saint-Anne's Parish, May 7, 1807.

State of Maryland, &c.

Calvert county, orphans court, April 27th, 1807. ON application, by petition, of Young Parran, administrator of Alexander Parran, late of Calvert county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette. JOSEPH WILKINSON, Reg. Wills for Calvert county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Calvert county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Calvert county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of ALEXANDER PARRAN, late of Calvert county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 27th day of April, 1807. 3X  
YOUNG PARRAN, Administrator.

State of Maryland, &c.

Saint-Mary's county, Orphans court, April 15, 1807. ON application, by petition, of William Hebb, administrator of William Somervell, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Federal Gazette, National Intelligencer, and Maryland Gazette. JAMES FORREST, Reg. Wills for Saint-Mary's county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber of Saint-Mary's county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Saint-Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of WILLIAM SOMERVELL, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 15th day of October next, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All those indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment without delay. Given under my hand, this 15th day of April, 1807. 4  
WILLIAM HEBB, Admr.

State of Maryland, &c.

Anne-Arundel county, orphans court, April 7, 1807. ON application, by petition of Margaret Royston, administratrix of James Royston, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette. JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills for Anne-Arundel county.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of JAMES ROYSTON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the seventh day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 7th day of April, 1807. 4X  
MARGARET ROYSTON, Administratrix.

Six Cents Reward,

Including what the law allows.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, state of Maryland, an apprentice boy to the house carpenter's and joiners' business, named BENJAMIN ATWELL, about 16 years of age. I do hereby forewarn all persons from harbouring the said boy, and all masters of vessels from carrying him off at their peril. The above reward and all reasonable charges paid if brought home. 2  
May 4, 1807. JOSEPH ATWELL.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Mrs. ANN ROBERTS, late of Calvert county, Maryland, deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of November next, otherwise they may by law, be precluded from all benefit thereof, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned living in the aforesaid county and state. 2  
ALEXANDER BROME, Executor  
of the last will of the deceased.  
May 7th, 1807.

LEWIS DUVALL,

HAS received his supply of fashionable and fashionable GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, all which he will sell low for cash, or on the usual credit to punctual customers. 3  
Annapolis, May 1, 1807.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal property of EDWARD ROBERTS, late of the aforesaid county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby requested to make them known, and those indebted to make immediate payment to RACHEL ROBERTS, Administratrix. 2  
May 12, 1807.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber some time early in October last, SARAH WHITE, who was bound to her by the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county; she is about twelve or thirteen years of age. Whoever will secure the said girl, so that I get her again shall receive the above reward, and if brought home to the subscriber living in Baltimore, all reasonable expenses will be paid, by MARY ANN JONES. 2  
Baltimore, May 13, 1807.

By Anne-Arundel County court,

APRIL TERM, 1807.

RULED by the court, that after this term, no ordinary licence be granted unless the person applying for the same, produce to the court a certificate from three at least of his or her neighbours, stating that a tavern is necessary where the person applying for the same resides, and that he is a fit and proper character to keep a tavern. 3  
By order,

NICHOLAS HARWOOD, Clk.

May 5th, 1807.

TAKEN up as a stray, by the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, a chestnut horse, about 7 or 8 years old this spring, and with one old shoe on his right hind foot, about 15 hands high, trots and gallops, well formed, his hind foot white, some white spots on his back, no perceivable brand, in tolerable good order, his tail short, and his main somewhat inclined to curl. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 3X  
BENJAMIN SHIPLEY.  
May 1, 1807.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY, on 5th instant, a negro man named JACK, about twenty years old, about five feet nine or ten inches high, a remarkable large mouth; had on a felt hat, a brown halfbitch jacket and overalls, took with him sundry other cloths; he pretends to have a wife at PHILIP W. THOMAS'S, now Annapolis, where he has been hired this two years past. Whoever takes up the said fellow shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home. 3X  
EDWARD REYNOLDS, Calvert county.  
April 28th, 1807.

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY, the 11th day of June next, will be offered for Sale, to the highest bidder, on twelve months' credit, with approved security, on interest from the day of sale, at the residence of WILLIAM SONERVELL, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, A VARIETY of JACK ASSES, JENNIES, of all ages, equal in size and strength to any in this county, bred by the deceased out of Maltese Jennies, by the celebrated Jack Compound bred by the late general Washington; also several breeding mares and colts (fit for farmers,) cattle of every description, two carriages, a selection of old fashioned furniture, and the stock of groceries. 4  
WILLIAM HEBB, Admr.  
17th April, 1807.

NOTICE.

BEING unable to pay my debts I do hereby give notice, that I intend to apply to some one of the judges of Anne-Arundel county court, on the second Monday in July next, for the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors. 4  
WILLIAM PENNINGTON.  
April 27th, 1807.

This is to give notice,

THAT I have obtained from Anne Watkins, one of the executors of Benjamin Watkins, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, an assignment of her right to the settlement of the said deceased's estate; and I do hereby authorize and empower Nicholas Watkins, of Thos. to settle the said estate of Benjamin Watkins, deceased. Given under my hand this 28th day of April, 1807. 3X  
JOHN WATKINS, of STEPHEN, one of the executors.

All persons having claims against the estate of said Benjamin Watkins, are requested to make them known; and those indebted to make payment to NICHOLAS WATKINS, of Thomas.

ANNAPOLIS:  
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.



## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A Y 28, 1807.

## Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, Thursday, May 28, 1807.

## ARLINGTON SHEEP SHEARING.

THE annual meeting took place on Thursday the 28th of April. The badness of the day prevented any of the company from assembling; nevertheless, the meeting was very respectably attended. At two o'clock the premium was adjudged to a fine lamb bred by John Scott, Esq. of Strawberry Vale, in the county of Fairfax. This lamb was bred from a Spanish sheep imported from the mountains of Andalusia, his fleece is of a fine and beautiful texture, and weighed 6 pounds and 3 quarters—great weight for the descendant of a Spanish sheep. Mr. Conitt has met with every success he could have hoped for, thus far, in his improvements. The present state of the weather has prevented his shearing any of his improved lambs, except in one instance, where the fleece of a sheep, whose weight would not exceed ten pounds per quarter, has produced six pounds of very long and fine wool.—Bakewell, the great ram of 1805, continues to be the stud at Arlington: ten of his lambs are intended for Smith's flock this fall, and will greatly improve the native stock in the length of their wool.

A small specimen of Smith's island wool was exhibited at the meeting, and obtained fresh celebrity. Soon as the season will admit, we shall endeavour to obtain an account of the shearing of the Arlington improved lambs, and transmit it to our readers, feeling much pleasure in being able to lay before the public any thing which may interest the cause of agriculture or domestic manufacture.

The premiums at Arlington for the next and succeeding years, are fifty dollars, or a silver cup of value, bearing an appropriate inscription and date, at the will of the successful candidate; also, fifty dollars for ten yards of what is commonly called virginia cloth, being composed of cotton alone, and woven by native Americans only. The specimens to be submitted to judges in the usual way. [Alexandria paper.]

## Shearing of four lambs of the Arlington improved or American long woolled breed of Sheep.

Agreeably to our promise to our readers, we have given an accurate account of the shearing of four of the improved lambs, with the estimate of the weight of carcass; from which may be formed a comparative view of the value of the fleece. Mr. Vint and Mr. Young from the city, both of whom were in the habit of breeding sheep in England, and from long experience best calculated to judge in the present instance, attended on Saturday, the 26th inst., and sheared the four lambs above mentioned, whose fleece and weight was as follows:

An Ewe of one year old, carcass estimated at ten pounds per quarter. Fleece seven pounds and eight ounces.

A Ram lamb of one year old, carcass ten pounds and a half per quarter. Fleece seven and a half pounds. Length nine inches.

A Ram lamb of one year old, carcass eleven pounds per quarter. Fleece seven pounds and a quarter. Length nine inches.

An Ewe lamb of one year old, carcass eight pounds per quarter. Fleece five pounds and three quarters. Length eight inches.

The lambs were all bred from Bakewell, the prize ram of 1806, and crossed upon the last improvement. [Ibid.]

## Attend to your sheep.

The activity of our woollen manufactures is such, the price of wool is advanced fifty per cent. within a few years, to the greatest benefit of the raisers of sheep. This appears the more remarkable, when the enormous increase of Cotton is remembered. It is highly recommended to the farmers to attend to the European books about the management of sheep. Wool is of vast importance. Our beef, pork, and horses increase so rapidly, that no animals will yield so much profit as sheep, and it is known in Europe that grazing farms are much the most profitable. [Press.]

The number of carding machines, erected in this State, within two years, is really surprising; and the quantity of wool carded, spun, dyed, and woven into cloth, exceeds every calculation that has been made for years past. [Aurora.]

Machinery for carding and spinning cotton, is now polished in Kentucky, on a very liberal scale. Arrangements are making to introduce cotton spinning machinery in Tennessee. [Ibid.]

## COMMUNICATION.

Having observed in your paper an account of the Arlington sheep shearing, I am induced, for the reputation of my neighbourhood, to inform you that there was sheared, at Northampton, in Prince-George's county, the residence of Mr. Osborn Sprigg, from nine sheep, seventy-two pounds of fine long wool. It is to be lamented, for the interest of domestic manufactures, which deeply concern us all, that the laudable example of Messrs. Cullis and Sprigg is not generally attended to.

## A Subscriber.

We have it from unquestionable authority, that in the same county a number of years ago, a ram lamb was sheared which yielded twelve and an half pounds of wool. [Wash. Fed.]

The commissioners of the Baltimore and York turnpike roads have closed their subscription book, having taken five thousand shares, the whole amount agreeably to law being 100,000 dollars. The Pennsylvania commissioners for said road have taken in Baltimore 41,000 dollars, and 13,000 dollars in York—in all 56,000 dollars; there is little doubt that it will all be taken in a short time. The liberality and activity of the Baltimoreans, and of the inhabitants of the borough of York, and the inhabitants of said road in taking their road stock, which is to make a turnpike to York, and of course to the Falls of Conowago, is very meritorious and highly commendable; and the consequence that will flow from it to the commercial and agricultural interests of Maryland and Pennsylvania, will greatly increase their wealth, splendour, and prosperity. [Balt. Paper.]

Extract of a letter from a respectable gentleman at Leyden, to the honourable JOHN ADAMS, Esq; late president of the United States, dated January 17th, 1807.

"Immediately connected in a disinterested friendship for many years with Mr. John Luzac, Professor at Leyden, who often confided to me the marks of esteem he received from you, his respected friend, as well as of the immortal Washington, I now take the mournful task to announce to you his death, in a dreadful manner, by the explosion of a barge with gunpowder, that laid, contrary to law, in the centre of the city of Leyden—the two thirds and best part of which is ruined by the force of it, which is to be conceived by the quantity, being thirty thousand weight. His house is dashed to pieces; his children were saved before it fell down. His absence from thence, of about five minutes, makes it almost certain, that he was, at the fatal time, at the place where the barge laid. Thousands perished with him, and the town is a heap of rubbish. The churches and a considerable number of houses threaten to fall, and are taking down, to prevent more mischief. This catastrophe took place on the 12th inst. at four o'clock in the afternoon. Not fifty houses are left without being damaged.

"Mr. Luzac, great by his profound learning, by his unremitting assiduity and labour, and by his incorruptible honesty, was reckoned to be the greatest, deepest and most virtuous politician in Europe. Neglected by the intriguing herd, they did him all the evil they dared; they feared his piercing eye, and wounded him in the dark. He disdained and withstood them on all points.—His enemies were those of his unhappy country, whose fall he tried to prevent; but his voice was stifled, his principles calumniated, the spirit of party, of ambition, of self-interest, and intrigue prevailed, and his country was ruined. Even those whom he had instructed and fed, became his oppressors. The more he was ill treated and persecuted, the greater he became in the eyes of those that saw him act—the greater he became in the eyes of Almighty God, whom he always fervently served, and who, judging him to have fulfilled the hard task he had given him, took him home in a moment—to everlasting felicity!"

The emperor of Russia has suppressed the Imperial Seminary for the reception of young ladies, founded by the empress Elizabeth, on the same model as the convent of St. Cyr, in France. In the preamble of his edict, he declares, that those funds may be used to greater advantage, if applied to the education of those youths who are intended to serve their country; and that the education of a female being limited to domestic management, she will learn it sooner in her father's house, than in a sumptuous establishment, where it is vainly attempted to teach the sciences, the knowledge of which nature forbids them.

On the 15th ult. two shocks of an Earthquake were felt at Montreal. A number of panes of glass in one house were cracked; and what is remarkable, the cracks uniformly ran in a diagonal direction.

## Grand Lodge of the state of Maryland.

At an annual communication of the Grand Lodge of the state of Maryland, began and held in the city of Baltimore on Monday the 12th May, 1807, the following grand officers were duly elected and installed for the ensuing year:

John Crawford, M. D.—P. G. M.—R. W. G. M.  
John Kilty, Esq. P. D. G. M.—R. W. D. G. M.  
John Scott, Esq. R. W. S. G. W.  
Leonard Frailey, R. W. J. G. W.  
John Lewis Wampler, R. W. G. Secretary.  
Peter Little, Esq. R. W. G. Treasurer.

The following appointments were likewise made:

Rev. William Sinclair, Grand Chaplain.  
W. H. Winstanley, Dep. G. Secretary.  
Thomas Sweeting, Dep. G. Treasurer.  
Samuel Bruff, Grand Marshal.  
P. P. Ekel, Grand Steward.  
Benj. Chastellier, Grand Sword Bearer.  
Thomas Boyle, Grand Purveyor.  
William Cook, Grand Tyler.

## From a London paper.

The following is a list of the persons who have died in Great-Britain, at very extraordinary ages, during the last year:—

At the age of 100.—Ann Dixon, of Fenwick Hall; Margaret Barrow, of Holker; Mr. Hornidge, of Gloucester; J. Bell, of Moorhouse; Mr. Battie, of Throbbles; Mary Gregory, of Bristol; Mrs. Crisp, of London, Norfolk; Mary Evans, of Oswestry; Samuel Griffiths, of Kennarth; and Andrew Frazer, of the Isle of Sky.

At the age of 101.—Margaret Sherwin, of Kirkby; T. Willy, of Buckland, St. Mary; Margaret Tate, of South Shields; J. Moore, of Newcastle; Mrs. Galey, of Norwich; and Mrs. Hammond, of Hordean.

At the age of 102.—Mrs. Chafe, of Polman; and Ann Jolm, of Llandulog.

Aged 103.—Sarah Fisher, of Knutsford; Mary Lazell, of Colchester; Mrs. Hunt, of Limerick; G. Thomas, of Capel Creig; & J. Turner, of Eventhope.

Aged 104.—Maria Twiss, of Birmingham; John Potts, of Edingham; and S. Austley, of Colethell.

Aged 105.—Eliza Spencer, of Fareham; Mrs. Lawrence, of Lincoln; Janet Camack, of Whitehall, Scotland; Mary Biggs, of Thornbury; and R. Sheriffs, of Udney.

Aged 106.—Ann Griffiths, of Hereford; J. Hunter, of Elh; and J. Shortall, in Ireland.

Aged 107.—J. Benbow, of Northwood; Susan Payman, of Great Glenham; J. Freeman, of Reading, America; J. Stubbings, of Beccles; W. Marchant, of Liverpool; and Sarah Parris, of Jamaica.

Aged 111.—Ann Strouge, of Eltham.

Aged 112.—Mary Farmer, of Sunderland.

Aged 113.—Mrs. Roope, of Thurston.

Aged 114.—J. Blakeney, of Skibbreen.

Aged 120.—Sarah O'Leary, of Ireland.

Aged 125.—Mr. Creek, of Thurlow.

Aged 131.—J. Tucker, of Ichen Ferry.

Aged 134.—Catharine Lopez, of Jamaica.

Of the above 48 persons, 19 were males, and 29 females. Only 16 are recorded as persons who had been married, though it is probable many more had been so; and 10 of them are mentioned as having enjoyed all their faculties to the last.

## HOARDING.

A miserable old man died lately in an obscure lane in the Liberty, Dublin, who for a great number of years had been the victim of disease, and the most deplorable poverty. On taking off an old wig, which he constantly wore under his night-cap during his illness, some papers were found sewed up in the caul, which, on inspection, proved to be bank notes to the amount of £975; and in various parts of his tattered apparel, 71 half guineas were found sewed up.—It was a fortunate circumstance that his only son, a private in the marines, arrived from Plymouth but four hours before his death, to visit him, and into whose hands the property fell.

## AGRICULTURAL.

M. Leroi, who has made many successful experiments in agriculture, advises persons by no means to procure grain for sowing from a soil north of their own land, but from a country south of it; because, he says, it is a general rule, that the product of seed improves in going from south to north, and that it decreases in virtue in going from north to south.—He recommends boiled carrots as an excellent and cheap food for the fattening of pigs.

The Cotton Factory at Patterson, New-Jersey, was destroyed by fire on the night of the 15th inst. including all the machinery and a quantity of unmanufactured cotton. The loss is estimated at upwards of 20,000 dollars.

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MARY ANN JONES.

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EM, 1807.

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moving property and paying  
ENJAMIN SHIPLEY.

Hars Reward.

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feet high, a remarkable large  
a brown half-buck jacket and  
undry other cloaths; he pro  
PHILIP W. THOMAS, now  
been hired this two years past.  
said fellow shall receive the  
reasonable charges if brought  
YNOLDS, Calvert county.

3X

Public Sale.

1th day of June next, will be  
the highest bidder, on two  
approved security, on inter  
at the residence of WILLIAM  
Saint-Mary's county, deceased.  
JACK ASSES, JENNIES,  
in size and strength to any  
the deceased out of Mathe's  
Jack Compound bred by the  
on; also several breeding mares  
cattle of every description  
selection of old fashioned farm  
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WILLIAM HEBB, Adm.

NOTICE.

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WILLIAM PENNINGTON.

4

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by authority and empower Nicholas  
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deceased. Given under my  
of April, 1807.

N WATKINS, of STEPHEN  
one of the executors,  
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AS WATKINS, of Thomas

APOLIS:

FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
GREEN.



BOSTON, May 18.

*From the Mediterranean.*

Captain Atkins, arrived here on Saturday, from Taragonia, was boarded on the 2d April, by a British sloop of war, the lieutenant of which informed him, that on the 25th March he fell in with a British schooner, seven days from Algiers, and received from the captain the following intelligence:—"That the U. S. frigate Constitution arrived at Algiers from Tunis, two days before he sailed, with information, that the English under Sir Sydney Smith and admiral Louis, had taken Alexandria, and afterwards proceeded for the Dardanelles."

NEW-HAVEN, May 14.

On Monday last, in raising a bridge about a mile west of the town of Willingford, a little below the mill-dam, Mr. Joseph Ives, a carpenter, slipped off the timber, the water below being deep, and the current strong, he immediately went down, (and as it was known he could not swim) Mr. Augustus Rogers, a good swimmer, went immediately into the water after him, with his cloaths on, and as he did not succeed, and neither Ives or Rogers appeared, Mr. Beri Tuttle, with his cloaths on, immediately went in after them, and unfortunately all were drowned. These were all respectable men and left families.

NEW-YORK, May 21.

We have received New-Orleans papers to the 20th April, by the ship Vigilant; and Cork papers to the 9th of the same month, (containing London dates to the 3d) by the brig Olprey; but they are wholly barren of intelligence.

Captain Weeks, of the ship Washington, has favoured the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser, with a file of Paris papers to the 2d of April, and Rochelle to the 5th, both inclusive; from which the following articles are copied:

*Translated for the Mercantile Advertiser.*  
PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, March 18.

The emperor Napoleon is expected here every moment. It is believed that his majesty, after a short stay in this city, will set off for Dresden, where great preparations are making for his reception.

A French commissary, convicted of divers frauds, has been condemned to death, and shot in the garden of the menagerie.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, March 21.

The court Gazette of to-day contains an article which leaves not the smallest doubt of a close union having been formed between England and Russia, against the independence of the Porte. This article says that the squadron of admiral Louis stationed off the isle of Tenedos, has been reinforced by four 3 deckers and several frigates and corvettes; that on the 21st February they attempted to force the passage of the Dardanelles, which is defended by seven forts; that the action was very warm and little favourable to the small number of vessels which the Turks had to oppose against them. Even in the midst of the action the English began to negotiate, and proposed accommodations, which were still going on at the departure of the courier. It is believed that the Porte will not suffer itself to be intimidated.

Letters from Hungary say that the Russians have renounced their enterprise against the isle of Lefina, in Dalmatia. The Russian Squadron under admiral Sinavin, cruising in the Ionian seas, has been reinforced by three ships of the line, and nine other smaller vessels of war.

The public funds have not yet risen; we know not to what cause this depression is to be attributed.

GERMANY.

FRANKFORT, March 26.

The fortresses of Moldavia and Wallachia are about to be repaired and supplied with every article requisite for maintaining a long siege, in case it should be necessary. All the Turks have retired from the Danube. From other quarters we hear that the Russians are preparing to abandon Wallachia.

Hourshid-Pacha, who has been for some time governor of Egypt, is appointed Pacha of Widdin, vacant by the death of Passwan-Oglou Multapha-Baï-ractar; a Pacha of three tails continues to command the Ottoman troops, which are along the right bank of the Danube.

According to letters from Warsaw of the 17th March, the cold weather is very sensibly felt in that country. The thermometer of Reaumur was for several days at 10 degrees below 0. The grand army is repelling itself in its cantonments.

Accounts from Pomerania say that marshal Mortier's corps of the army will shortly be augmented to 25,000 men. Dutch troops have replaced the French regiments which have been sent to East Prussia. Other reinforcements are on the march to join those already arrived. In short that corps of the army will be sufficiently numerous to carry on the siege of Stralsund, if it should enter into the general's view to undertake it. An expedition prepared at Wolgast, is, it is believed, destined against the isle of Reingen.

WIRTEMBERG.

STUTTGARD, March 25.

A courier, which left Warsaw on the 16th March, and arrived here yesterday, announces that the French imperial head-quarters were still at Okerode. Excepting some insignificant skirmishes of advanced posts, nothing new has taken place between the two

armies. From the frequent and successive journeys of general Bertrand, his majesty's aid-de-camp, to Koningberg and Memel, it is presumed all hopes of negotiations for peace are not vanished. The minister, prince Benevento, who had gone to the French imperial head-quarters, had returned to Warsaw. The Turkish and Persian legations were still at that city at the departure of the courier, but would soon remove to Berlin, the diplomatic body having already set off for that capital.

By the Washington, from Rochelle, we have received Paris papers to the 1st of April. The ARGUS of the 31st March contains a letter of Wm. Temple Franklin, grandson of the late Dr. Franklin, repelling the 'foul' charges of the American Citizen, that he had sold his grandfather's manuscripts to the British government, that they might be suppressed. He declares that the originals, with the copy prepared for the press, are now in the hands of the bankers in London; and that they are not left to the world, but will be published in a manner worthy of his ancestor's great name;—that he had offered them to several eminent bookellers in London, but none would undertake to publish them, alleging as a reason that the period was not propitious for their publication, owing to the state of affairs in Europe, which occupied solely the public attention, so that no work of any extent would sell.

The Paris papers, as usual, contain no news. Augereau had gone to the waters of Barège for the recovery of his health. No fresh bulletins.

MAY 22.

The negroes at Barbadoes lately formed a plan of revolt, which was discovered just before the time it was intended to have carried it into execution, and 13 of the ringleaders have been shot.

Capt. Shepherd, of the brig Ceres, from Guadeloupe, informs that the day before he sailed, a British vessel from England, bound to Cape Francois, with a cargo of 200,000 dollars value, was brought into Point Petre, by a French privateer.

A passenger in the same vessel informs that a vessel arrived there from St. Thomas the day before he sailed, with intelligence that a French squadron out of Rochefort had taken the Cape of Good-Hope.

The hon. Samuel L. Mitchell, of New-York, has been elected a member of the society for promoting sciences, Belles lettres and commerce, at Marseilles, in France. This institution is of nearly a hundred years standing, and its president, Mous. Antoine D'Anthony, is the mayor of the city, and brother-in-law to Joseph Buonaparte, king of Naples.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.

We have received accounts from New-Orleans to the end of last month. The report of gen. Wilkinson being under arrest, is erroneous.

The general and governor Claiborn had received a summons from the president, to attend the trial of col. Burr, and would sail for the United States early in May.

MAY 23.

In the Lydia, captain Hill, arrived at Boston from the North-West coast of America, John Rogers Jewett and John Thompson, came passengers. They are the only survivors of the crew of the ship Bolton, capt. John Salter, the rest having been murdered by the natives on the coast. Capt. Hill was in the Columbia river, on the Pacific ocean, after captains Lewis and Clark left it on their return home, and saw some of the medals left by them with the Indians.

HUNTINGDON, (Pa.) May 7.

A letter from a friend in Canoe Valley, states, that a malignant fever rages in that place. Out of one family, (Mr. Christian Harnish's) four persons have died—his wife on the 2d, one son on the 12th and two others on the 27th ultimo. One or two of Mr. H's. family are yet confined, and we understand Mr. Daniel Sprinkle of the same place, also fell a victim to that disease on Friday last.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 13.

Ice.—Yesterday a boat arrived at this port from Kentucky, loaded with ice. This is mentioned as being the first cargo of the kind ever brought to this market.

LEXINGTON, (Ken.) April 27.

A gentleman under the sanction of government is now in this place collecting proofs against col. Burr. It is reported that he is to proceed to the mouth of Cumberland, and to return to Richmond, (Vir.) by the 22d May next.

On this day week two ships were wrecked at the Falls—the one owned by Mr. Clarke, the other by Mr. Jones. Mr. Clarke had also the misfortune to have a boat burnt at Bear Grabs, laden with tobacco, &c. at mid-day. Col. Lord's ship, after passing the Falls in safety, broke her anchor and drifted on Sandy Island, where it is supposed the will be lost.

Mr. Gallagher's ship did not attempt to cross. The two gun-boats built at Louisville, were launched on Monday last, and are supplied by competent judges to be the best belonging to the government. Stranded last Monday, whilst passing the Falls, two square rigged vessels built at Marietta, Ohio, one belonging to Mr. Lord the other to Mr. Gilman.

NORFOLK, May 9.

We are informed, and that from a respectable source, that col. JOHN MAYO, of Richmond, has offered to furnish Granite stone to build the contem-

plated Pyramid at James-town, in commemoration of the first settlement in this state. The stone lies within two miles of Richmond, on a good navigation.

MAY 15.

The French fleet, by which captain Couby was brought to, it is probable was not bound to the West-Indies, or it must have arrived before the date of our last advices from Barbadoes. The British convoy which captain C. fell in with two days after, had arrived at Barbadoes before the 11th of April. This circumstance strengthens us in the opinion that the French fleet was not bound to the West-Indies, as it is not probable that a convoy of merchantmen could have out-failed a fleet of ships of war. Our advices from Barbadoes, and it is possible that the French fleet might have reached Martinique, and the circum-stances not be known at Barbadoes. We rather incline to think that this fleet was bound to South-America or the East-Indies. Captain C. says the fleet were eight sail of the line; the Rochefort Squadron was six sail of the line and two frigates. We think this is the Rochefort Squadron.

The schooner Susannah, Ruffel, arrived this day, (after the preceding article was composed) left Martinique the 26th of April, at which time the French fleet had not arrived there, but was expected.

BALTIMORE, May 22.

A letter from Port-au-Prince, dated the 22d April, says, That a few days previous, an engagement had taken place between the rival chiefs Petion and Christophe, in which the former had the advantage. Christophe's men were daily coming over to Petion. The writer adds as his opinion that the reign of Christophe will soon be terminated.

Extract of a letter from an officer of the U. S. army, at Fort Stoddert, to his friend in Augusta, dated April 14th.

"The Spaniards at Mobile, have assumed a degree of insolence, altogether intolerable. In open opposition to the assurances which we last fall received from gen. Howard, of Pensacola, of the free passage of our vessels and effects by Mobile, they put up people to the trouble, risk, and expense, of loading every article of their cargoes, and make them pay a toll of 12 per cent. thereon. The schooner Victory, of N. Y. left this port a few days ago, with a cargo of cotton, for N. Orleans, the duties on which at Mobile amounted to 1140 dollars. The day before, laden with stores for the troops at this place, and goods for the Choctaw factory, has been detained since the middle of last month, under the pretext that some of the papers are wanting to enable them to do the duties!"

A passenger in the Vigilant, from New-Orleans informs us, that a few days previous to his sailing, gen. Wilkinson had dispatched major Sparks, with detachment of troops, to fort Stoddert, but the Spanish commandant would not permit them to go to the Mobile, and Gen. W. had ordered them to turn.

[N. Y. Com. Adv.]

VALUABLE INVENTION.

We are authorized to inform the public that Daniel Leberger, an ingenious blacksmith of this place, has invented a new mode of making iron for felling mills, printing-offices, &c. which is much more powerful and lasting, than those formerly in use; the boxes of which he cuts out of the iron, without the aid of any brads or binding whatever, and which he can furnish at a low rate. A person desirous of proving the superior power and advantages of this screw, may see one in use at Samuel Way's felling-mill, on Bob's creek, who confides in Leberger's invention as very valuable to manufacturers and mechanics of every description, who demand the use of screws of superior power and permanency; as highly honourable to the ingenuity of the inventor.

[Bedford Gazette.]

An operation has been lately performed upon Butler, of North-Carolina, by the Physicians of the Penn. hospital, by which a wen was removed weighing five pounds and an half. One of seven years was removed last year from James Hayes, with success.

[Balt. American.]

Capt. Smith, arrived at New-York from Londonderry, states, that "on Friday morning the 13th off Sandy Hook, he experienced a heavy shower of rain, with great quantities of SMALL FISH came down like HAIL!"

A hog of the following dimensions was lately killed by George Colhoun, of Milton, Pennsylvania.

	Feet.	Inches.
Length from the ears to the end of the tail,	5	3
Height,	4	5
Girth,	5	5
Weight—cleaned 695 pounds.		

The ladies of Paris are at least as much attached to thin clothing as those of London. Madam Camier, having become very conspicuous for the thinness of her attire, one day, when she had a great deal of company, a packet was brought directly to her, and entitled "dress for Madam Camier." It was brought up, and thinking it was an elegant one she had ordered from her milliner, the lady proceeded to treat her friends with a sight of this new mode of fancy. It was opened, and there appeared a

SPORTING.

On Monday the Courle, the first day heats, was won by Joseph Clark's bay by Ranger, 6 years old. Gen. Ridgely's ch. Medley, 4 years old.

On Tuesday the Murray Shilling's Florizel, 123 lb. Gen. C. Ridgely's Grey Medley, 4 years old.

J. Clark's b. Highflyer, 6 years old. Dickenson Gorseley, 4 years old, 100 lb.

On Wednesday, and won by, gen. Leake.

We understand that a letter from the Bey of Tunis towards the information, by the time Department of State effected an entire ad-

the Bey.

MARRIED, on Phing, the 20th inst. by J. W. BUTLER, P. M. GARET T. ELLIOT.

DIED, in this city, and severe illness, M. Black county.

ATTENTION. A meeting of the COMPANY is on the 30th inst. at the grade ground. I will not be re-ut that they will and accoutrements May 28, 1807.

Farmers. NOTICE to the ment of tes comes due and pay- stockholder failing to instalment, such stock free from inter- until such instalment the dividend thereat well upon the mo- the money paid ly from the tim- made good.

By order,

This

HAT the full hath obtain since George's co- illustration on the ANE, late of F persons having crebly warned to ereof, to the sub- November next ded from all b- ofe indebted are ent to the subsc- 30th day of May.

OSBORN

Ten

STOLEN from River, in 1807, the 16th inst. thirteen hands high, white hairs in her white hairs in her any person giving in shall receive

West-River, 2-

The person sup- is supposed, lef- tificate:

ANNE-AR IHEREBY c- said county, b- or fifteen hands out ten years o- gh, and under- flesh, trots and der the hand o- the county at-

The owner is charges and take- 100 7/



## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

On Monday the 18th inst. over Canton Race Course, the first day's purse, 300 dollars, 4 mile heats, was won by  
Joseph Clark's bay horse Anti-Democrat, by Ranger, 6 years old, 120 lb.

Gen. Ridgely's chestnut mare, Elvira, by G. Medley, 4 years old, 97 lb.

On Tuesday the second day's purse was run for, and won by

Murray Shilling's b. gelding Polydore, by Florizel, 123 lb.

Gen. C. Ridgely's bay filly Roxalana, by Grey Medley, 4 years old, 97 lb.

J. Clark's b. h. Duke of Marlboro', by Highflyer, 6 years old, 120 lb.

Dickenson Gorfuch's b. h. Medley, by Medley, 4 years old, 100 lb.

On Wednesday, the third day's purse was run for, and won by, gen. Ridgely's b. h. Oscar, with great ease.

We understand that the president has just received a letter from the Bey of Tunis, couched in terms of friendship towards the United States, and that information, by the same opportunity, was received at the Department of State from col. Lear, of his having effected an entire adjustment of our differences with the Bey.

## The Knot.

MARRIED, at Philadelphia, on Wednesday evening, the 20th inst. by the reverend Mr. Janeway, Mr. W. BUTLER, Printer, of Baltimore, to Miss MARGARET T. ELLIOTT, of Philadelphia.

## The Kneel.

DIED, in this city, on Friday night last, after a long and severe illness, Miss FRANCES REED, of Frederick county.

## ATTENTION!

A meeting of the ANNAPOLIS VOLUNTEER COMPANY is requested on Saturday next, the 30th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M. on the usual parade ground. It is hoped and expected the members will not be remiss in turning out on that day, and that they will punctually attend, with arms and accoutrements in soldier-like order.  
May 28, 1807.

## Farmers Bank of Maryland,

May 22, 1807.

NOTICE to stockholders, that the second installment of ten dollars a share on their stock becomes due and payable the 13th June next. Any stockholder failing to make regular payment of any installment, such stockholder's money in bank will remain free from interest, and not entitled to dividend, until such installment or call shall be made good; and the dividend thereafter to be paid to such stockholder, well upon the money by him regularly paid, as upon the money paid after default, will be calculated from the time when said last installment was made good.

By order,

JONA. PINKNEY, Cashier.

## This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Prince George's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of MICHAEL ANE, late of Prince-George's county, deceased; and persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 20th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate; and all those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand this 10th day of May, 1807.

OSBORN WILLIAMS, Administrator.

## Ten Dollars Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber, living on West-River, in Anne-Arundel county, on Friday night the 16th inst. a DARK BAY MARE, about thirteen hands high, six years old this spring, a few white hairs in her forehead, a short dock and some white hairs in her tail, shod before, trots and canters; any person giving information so that I get her again shall receive the above reward.

RICHARD LAUGHLIN,

West-River, 22d May, 1807.

The person suspected of stealing the above mare, is supposed, left the one described in the following certificate:

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, to wit:  
I HEREBY certify, that RICHARD LAUGHLIN, said county, brought before me a stray bay mare, or fifteen hands high, with a star in her forehead, about ten years old, branded on the near shoulder and thigh, and under the main with the figures 19, thin flesh, trots and canters, four stout shoes on. Given under the hand of me one of the justices of the peace for the county aforesaid, this 21st day of May, 1807.

EDWARD HALL, West-River.

The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

RICHARD LAUGHLIN.

## Interesting to the Public.

TRAVELLERS wishing a short water passage from the Eastern to the Western Shore, will find a PACKET ready at 9 o'clock to leave BROAD CREEK FERRY, and one at the same hour will start from ANNAPOLIS to KENT ISLAND. The convenience of this ferry is so well known 'tis only necessary for the public to be informed of the certainty of crossing every day in the week to command a preference. Every attention will be paid to give general satisfaction.

MOSES C. LEGG.

Kent Island, Broad Creek Ferry, May 24, 1807.

## Notice is hereby given,

THAT the property of WILLIAM GAMBRILL, of William, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY, the 15th day of June next, at the house of HARRIOT GAMBRILL, on Curtis's Creek. The said property consists of Negroes, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, Hogs, Household Furniture, Plantation Utensils, and sundry other articles too tedious to mention.

RICHARD FISHER, Administrator.

May 23, 1807.

## Lands for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery, the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC SALE, at the UNION TAVERN, at the city of Annapolis, on FRIDAY, the 26th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, all the right and estate of SAMUEL GODMAN, deceased, and to the following lands, viz.

Talbot County.—NEGLECT, 17 1/2 acres.

Anne-Arundel county.—Addition to Something or Other, 18 acres; Timber Level, 28 acres; The Addition to Deep Run Meadow, 1 1/2 acres; Flank, 1 acre 63 perches; Deep Run Meadow, 2 acres, partly in Anne-Arundel and partly in Baltimore county.

Worcester county.—Hardship, 78 1/2 acres; Five Pond Ridge, 67 1/2 acres; Macom's Ridge, 77 1/2 acres; Retirement, 167 acres.

Washington county.—Mannan's Fancy, 32 1/2 acres; Friendship, 26 1/2 acres; More Trouble Yet, 31 acres; One Field More, 15 1/2 acres; Rotte-dam, 15 1/2 acres; David's Friend Defeated, 5 1/2 acres; Cloudy Weather, 19 1/2 acres; One Hundred Hills, 10 1/2 acres; Addition to Freeman's Forest, 9 1/2 acres; Addition to White Oak Valley, 22 1/2 acres; Addition to White Oak Land, 60 1/2 acres; Freeman's Mistake, 5 acres.

Harford county.—Bond's Neglect, 19 acres; Rich Angle, 13 1/2 acres; Timber Grove, 42 acres; Taylor's Mistake, 17 acres; Webster's Neglect, 47 acres; Silver Hills Secured, 56 acres; Saint-George's Neighbour, 38 acres; Leonard's Disappointment, 10 acres; Oblong 12 acres; Orchard and Spring Rectified, 15 1/2 acres.

Allgany county.—Mount Hope, 64 1/2 acres; Water Works, 352 1/2 acres.

Baltimore county.—Godman's Beginning, 34 1/2 acres; Timoneum Defeated, 2 1/2 acres; Adventure, 4 1/2 acres.

Caroline county.—The Recovery Secured, 113 1/2 acres; Barren Hill Secured, 36 1/2 acres; Fowler's Plain Dealing Secured, 50 1/2 acres.

Dorchester county.—Bear's Addition, 24 acres; Godman's Advantage, 41 1/2 acres.

Charles county.—The Seat Resurveyed, 18 1/2 acres.

The terms of sale of the above property are, that the purchaser or purchasers of any part shall give bond, with approved security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the time of sale.

The creditors of the said Samuel Godman, deceased, are hereby notified to bring in their respective claims, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of October next.

JOHN BREWER, Trustee.

May 27, 1807.

N. B. The subscriber has for sale, a young NEGRO WOMAN, with 2 male children. For terms apply to

J. B.

## Six Cents Reward,

Including what the law allows.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, late of Maryland, an apprentice boy to the house carpenter's and joiners' business, named BENJAMIN ATWELL, about 16 years of age. I do hereby forewarn all persons from harbouring the said boy, and all masters of vessels from carrying him off at their peril. The above reward and all reasonable charges paid if brought home.

May 4, 1807.

## NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Mrs. ANN ROBERTS, late of Calvert county, Maryland, deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of November next, otherwise they may by law be precluded from all benefit thereof, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned living in the aforesaid county and state.

ALEXANDER BROME, Executor of the last will of the deceased.

May 7th, 1807.

Cash given for clean linen and cotton RAGS.

## Poet's Corner.

## SELECTED.

## ON HOPE.

WITHIN the mine of Sorrow's boding thought,  
What varying sources of affliction rise!  
But fancy, sitting through the darksome vault,  
Fondly on Hope's sustaining power relies.

If thou, bright Goddess! with propitious smile,  
Rais'd not the pilgrim's eye to meet thy way,  
His wretched hours, ah! how could he beguile,  
Mark'd by misfortune's melancholy day.

Weak are we all, and little us'd to fear  
The cherish'd wishes that our bosom heave;  
For often when we form some favourite plan,  
'Tis then, alas! Hope takes her sudden leave.

## SONNET.

LOUDLY the blast breaks through the sullen wood,  
O'er whose dark brow alternate lightnings play;  
In hollow murmur rolls the sweeping flood,  
And fable night utters the throne of day;  
While mid the tumult that portends a storm,  
Each trembling insect seeks a covert warm.

Ah! where shall I (more lowly I than they)  
Find their repose when winter rules the field,  
Shall I, without regret, arise with May,  
And taste the sweets refreshing Spring shall yield.

Let me, like these, though threat'ning ills assail,  
Pursue the meridian of my summer's sun,  
Shield my frail youth, its fleeting tenure veil,  
And wake to nobler joys when life is done.

## THOUGHTS ON SPRING.

O! WITH what rapture do my longing eyes  
Gaze on the swelling bud that first proclaims  
The mild return of Spring! how tenderly  
The mimic leaf unfolds its satin vest,  
Cautious and fearful, lest the biting breeze  
Should nip the infant efforts of the year,  
And blight the embryo blossom in its cell!  
Ravage we the forest o'er whose swinging head  
Late roared the tempest in destructive ways,  
How calm, how peaceful now! the southern breeze,  
Awaking vegetation into life,  
Creeps thro' the thicket, and, with odorous breath,  
Prompts every feather'd tenant of the grove  
To swell the song of joy and gratitude.

Nature! in every varied form and work,  
How regular, how beautiful art thou!  
Compar'd with thee, how vain the boasted art,  
How trifling all the vaunted pride of man?  
Vain mortal! learn to venerate the power  
That can arrest the torrent in its course,  
Enchain the mighty river in its bed,  
Or, with a breath, release the fetter'd stream:  
O! reverence Him, that with a father's care,  
Caters for all his children, and provides  
Ev'n for the little wren his winter store;  
That weaves the living carpet for our feet,  
With flowers embellish'd bids the flowers to fall,  
The tree to blossom, and the ripen'd fruit  
To hang in rich profusion from the bough.  
Think but on these, and gratefully adore  
The Wildom that ordain—The Power that guides.

## W A R.

By Hannah More.

..... "WAR! what art thou!  
After the brighten'd conquest, what remains  
Of all thy glories? For the vanquish'd, chains!  
For the proud victor, what! Alas! to reign  
O'er desolated nations!—a drear waste!  
By one man's crime, by one man's lust of power,  
Unpeopled, naked plains, and ravag'd fields,  
Succeed to smiling harvests, and the fruits  
Of peaceful olive, luscious fig and vine!  
Here rifled temples are the cavern'd dens  
Of savage beasts, or haunt of birds obscene;  
There populous cities blacken in the sun,  
And in the gen'ral wreck proud palaces  
Lie undistinguish'd save by the dun smoke  
Of recent conflagration! When the song  
Of dear-bought joy, with many a triumph swell'd  
Salutes the victor's ear and fothers his pride,  
How is the grateful harmony profan'd  
With the sad dissonance of virgin cries,  
Who mourn their brothers slain! Of matrons hoar,  
Who clasp their wither'd hands, and fondly ask,  
With iteration shrill, their slaughter'd sons!  
How is the laurel's verdure stain'd with blood,  
And soil'd with widow's tears!"

## ANECDOTES.

OLIVER MAILLARD, a Cordelier, had the reputation of being one of the most famous preachers of his time. Having glanced, in his sermon, at some traits applicable to the conduct of Louis XI. the irritated monarch desired the preacher to be told that he would drown him. "The king is master," replied Maillard; "but tell him I shall arrive sooner in Paradise by water, than he will with all his post horses."

FONTENELLE, at the age of 97, after saying many amiable and gallant things to the young and beautiful Mad. Helvetius, passed before her, without perceiving her, in order to place himself at table. "See," said Madame Helvetius, "how I ought to value your gallantries; you pass before me without looking at me." "Madame," said the old man, "If I had looked at you I could not have passed."



**J. HUGHES,**  
—WATCH-MAKER,—  
RESPECTFULLY acquaints his friends, and the public, that he has REMOVED four doors above his former stand, to the house lately occupied by Mr. WILLIAM WILKINS, where he invites a continuance of their favour and encouragement, which it affords him pleasure to acknowledge. To his above particular business he promises constant attention, and will be continually supplied with a few warranted WATCHES of different descriptions, and a complete assortment of watch materials: Gold, gilt, and steel chains, seals and keys, elegant plated strings, ladies polished watch chains, &c. Old watches may be furnished with new faces, hands, springs, glasses, bows, screws, all sorts of wheels, holes, pinions, pottence, pendants, pillars, or plates, until, like the Logician's boat, it would puzzle the learned to determine whether it was yet the old watch, or a new one with some old pieces in it.

He has made some additions to his former assortment of fashionable

**JEWELLERY AND SILVER WARE,**  
Forming a neat collection of the best workmanship, and at the established Baltimore and Philadelphia prices. Likewise a few plated and Britannia articles; assorted japanned tea-boards, waiters, trays, snuffer and bottle stands. A few handsome looking-glasses, with elegant gilt frames, from the Philadelphia manufactory, of all size ditto, common paint boxes, beads, &c. &c. A beautiful collection of FINE CUTLERY, superior quality penknives, sportsman's, petit, pruning, fruit, and pocket ditto, assorted scissors, lancets, and lancet cases, pencils, and pencil cases, (with and without pens,) plain and patent cork-screws, and polished steel snuffers ditto, pocket-books, with and without instruments, thread cases, purses, &c. A selection of RAZORS, and razor strops, dressing boxes, shaving boxes and brushes, hones, tooth brushes and powder, soaps, pomatum, hair powder, and perfumery. A few gentlemen's spurs, whips, and canes. An elegant assortment of LADIES COMBS, gold and gilt ornamented, and plain tortoise-shell, mock tortoise-shell, clarified and common horn ditto. Likewise a collection of the best spectacles, silver, plated, tortoise-shell, steel, and metal mounted, together with spectacle glasses of every focus and for all ages, to fit in frames, spectacle cases, goggles, reading glasses and sun glasses.

At the above stand is likewise offered for sale a complete assortment of

#### DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Amongst which are the following:—The different roots, flowers, barks, tinctures, extracts, essences, elixirs, ointments, and plasters that are most approved of.—Antimony, aloes, asafoetida, mercury, vitriol, opium, &c. in their various forms and preparations.

Balsams.—Tolu, Peru, Copaiva, Turlington, &c.

Gums.—Guaiacum, ammoniac, dragoniac, myrrh, tragacanth, kino, Arabic, elastic, &c.

Oils.—Of vitriol, almonds, spica, lemon, bergamot, lavender, juniper, mint, peppermint, rosemary, saffron, amber, pennyroyal, cloves, margaom, olives, cinnamon, rhodium, stone, wormseed, anniseed, castor oil, falled oil, &c.

Salts.—Glauber, Rochelle, tartar, lemon, nitre, ammoniac, and ammoniac volatile.

Spirits.—Of wine, sal ammoniac, nitre dulcis and duplex, hartshorn, vitriol, sea salt, sponis, camphor, and turpentine.

Arsenic, aquafortis, arsenia hole, alkali, ether, borax, benzoine, cream of tartar, crocus martus, camphor, cantharides, cinnamon, callorum, columbo, canella alb, cloves, digitillia, gamboge, gentian, Havanna honey, ipecacuanha, jallop, lapis calimeranus, lip salve, licorice, magnesia, manna, nitre, orange peel, orris root, potash, prepared chalk, rhubarb, sulphur, Stauton's bitters, sago, spermaceti, tamarinds, tapioca, zinc, &c.

A great variety of PATENT MEDICINES, amongst them,

James's powders, British oil, Harlem oil, Godfrey's cordial, Bateman's drops, essence of peppermint, ditto mustard, Delby's carminative, itch ointment, &c. Wilkins's, Lee's, Anderson's, Hahn's, Fisher's, anti-bilious, asafoetida, opium, and mercury pills.

Perfumery, palm, violet and Windsor soap, soap balls.

Drop lake, cochinnelle, turmeric, arenetto, and other dyes.—Cloves and mace, Indian rubber, pumicestone, sponge, spunk, wafers, black and red sealing wax, white wax, patent blacking, cake and liquid.

DRY PAINTS.—White, red, and black lead, ivory black, Prussian blue, Spanish brown, vermilion, verdigraie, red ochre, king's yellow, yellow ochre, rose, pink, &c. Lithrage, bright varnish, copell varnish, Venus turpentine, and a variety of other articles, usually kept in apothecary stores.

Annapolis, May 20, 1807.

**UNION TAVERN,**  
CITY OF ANNAPOLIS.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has moved from Upper-Matibro' to this city, where he has opened a house of ENTERTAINMENT, at that well known stand formerly occupied by GEORGE MANN, and hopes his endeavours to please will give satisfaction to gentlemen who may favour him with their custom.

SAMUEL J. COOLIDGE.

April 14, 1807.

## NEW GOODS.

**Weems and Rawlings,**  
HAVE just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS, which are well bought in Philadelphia, and will be sold cheap for cash. 3X  
Annapolis, May 13, 1807.

#### Valuable Family Medicines.

Just received, direct from the Patentees, and for sale, by

THOMAS SHAW, ANNAPOLIS.

DOCT. RAWSON'S Anti-bilious and Stomachic Bitters, which have proved to singularly efficacious for a few years past, for restoring weak and decayed constitutions of almost every description, and in removing all those complicated complaints so common in the fall season.

Those valuable bitters need not the aid of certificates to bring them into notice, but the following letter, coming from a very respectable physician, it is thought not improper to lay it before the public.

Extract of a letter from Doct. John Willcox, of the city of Vergennes, to the proprietor, dated Oct. 20, 1807.

"Dear Sir,  
"I have been one of those that never put much faith in patent medicines until of late, but must acknowledge, by actual experience, that I have received more benefit from Doct. Rawson's Bitters, than from all the medicines I ever took before. I have been unwell with a low remittant fever.

"Respectfully your obdt. servt."  
"JOHN WILLCOX, M. D."

Doct. Rawson's celebrated Itch or Beautifying Ointment.

The most certain and safe application of any now in use for curing that disagreeable complaint called the Itch, it also cures all kinds of eruptions on the face or skin, is very agreeable in smell, and leaves the skin smooth and beautiful.—Price only 42 cents a box.

Doct. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir, or Cough Drops.

The best preparation ever yet discovered for all complaints of the lungs, and has been known frequently to effect a cure after all other medicines have failed.—It is to be hoped that all those who are labouring under consumptive complaints will resort to this valuable medicine for relief.

Doct. Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

Which whitens and preserves the teeth, cures the scurvy in the teeth and gums, and gives an agreeable smell to the breath—it is a valuable preparation, and much used by all those who wish to preserve their teeth, and retain a sweet breath.

Specific Drops for the Tooth-Ach.

Said to give immediate relief in the most racking tooth-ach.—Price only 25 cents.

Doct. Thompson's celebrated Eye-Water.

A medicine which comes very highly recommended, and is said to cure sore eyes of every description.

Also for sale, as above,

Doct. Lee's genuine Windham's Bilious Pills.

Hinkley's infallible remedy for the Piles.

Doct. Rawson's Anti-Bilious Pills.

Doct. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Doct. Rawson's celebrated Worm Powders.

And Doct. Church's Corn Plaster.

Particular directions accompany each of those valuable medicines.

**The Commissioners of the Tax**

FOR Anne-Arundel county, will meet at the city of Annapolis on the first Monday in June next, and will continue to sit for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers.

May 12, 1807.

**This is to give notice,**

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are requested to bring them in legally authenticated to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, register in chancery; and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the said Nicholas Brewer, whom I have authorized to receive the same.

MARY HOWARD, Administratrix.

May 11, 1807.

**NOTICE.**

BEING unable to pay my debts, I do hereby give notice, that I intend to apply to some one of the judges of Anne-Arundel county court, on the second Monday in July next, for the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON.

April 27th, 1807.

**Six Cents Reward.**

RANAWAY from the subscriber some time early in October last, SARAH WHITE, who was bound to her by the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county; she is about twelve or thirteen years of age. Whoever will secure the said girl, so that I get her again shall receive the above reward, and if brought home to the subscriber living in Baltimore, all reasonable expenses will be paid, by

MARY ANN JONES.

Baltimore, May 13, 1807.

## NEW GOODS.

**JOSEPH EVANS,**  
HAS just received from Baltimore, a handsome ASSORTMENT of SPRING GOODS, which he offers for sale at reduced prices for Cash, and on the usual credit to punctual customers.

Those who are indebted to him on open account, are requested to pay the same or close them by note or bond; and those who are indebted by note or bond are requested to discharge the same.

N. B. Tobacco will be received in payment.

May 13, 1807.

**State of Maryland, se.**

Saint-Mary's county, Orphans court, April 15, 1807.

ON application, by petition, of William Hebb, administrator of William Somervell, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in the Federal Gazette, National Intelligencer, and Maryland Gazette.

JAMES FORREST, Reg. Wills for Saint-Mary's county.

**THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,**

THAT the subscriber of Saint-Mary's county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Saint-Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of WILLIAM SOMERVELL, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 15th day of October next, they may, otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All those indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment without delay. Given under my hand, this 15th day of April, 1807.

WILLIAM HEBB, Admr.

In CHANCERY, May 11, 1807.

ORDERED, That the sale made by JONAS LEIGH, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Robert Greenwell, mortgaged to George H. Leigh, shall be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown before the tenth day of July next, provided a copy of this order be inserted three several weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 10th day of June next.

The report states, that two tracts of land, in St. Mary's county, called Little Fielding and Pond Hole Marsh, containing together 98½ acres, were sold for \$8 dollars per acre.

True copy,

NICHOLAS BREWER, Reg. Cur. Co.

**Public Sale.**

On THURSDAY, the 11th day of June next, will be offered for Sale, to the highest bidder, on twelve months' credit, with approved security, on interest from the day of sale, at the residence of WILLIAM SOMERVELL, late of Saint-Mary's county, deceased,

A VARIETY of JACK ASSES, JENNIES, of all ages, equal in size and strength to any in this county, bred by the deceased out of Maltese Jennies, by the celebrated Jack Compound bred by the late general Washington; also several breeding mares and colts (fit for farmers,) cattle of every description, two carriages, a selection of old fashioned furniture, and the stock of groceries.

WILLIAM HEBB, Admr.

17th April, 1807.

**This is to give notice,**

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal property of EDWARD ROBERTS, late of the aforesaid county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby requested to make them known, and those indebted to make immediate payment to

RACHEL ROBERTS, Administratrix.

May 12, 1807.

**By Anne-Arundel County court,**

APRIL TERM, 1807.

RULED by the court, that after this term, an ordinary licence be granted unless the person applying for the same, produce to the court a certificate from three at least of his or her neighbours, stating that a tavern is necessary where the person applying for the same resides, and that he is a fit and proper character to keep a tavern.

By order,

NICHOLAS HARWOOD, Clk.

May 5th, 1807.

**NOTICE.**

THE creditors of JAMES KANE, late of Charles county, deceased, are for the last time warned to exhibit their accounts, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 20th October, 1807, they will otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

EDWARD MEED, Adm' of James Kane.

Benedict, 16th April, 1807.

**ANNAPOLIS:**

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL

GREEN.