

VOL. 23.

Salisbury Cards.

SALISBURY

Marine Railway & Shipbuilding

COMPANY,

SALISBURY, MD.

ANNOUNCEMENT FOR 1890!

This Company is now prepared to do all

kind of SHIPBUILDING and REPAIRING

at their yard on the

WICOMICO RIVER,

2 miles from SALISBURY, in the most thorough

and complete manner, and at lowest rates.

Our yard is equipped with a full stock of

materials of all kinds used in the business, and

carrying a large stock of lumber, and

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Miscellaneous Cards.

NOTICE!

to the trade in general and consumers

in particular hereby given that the so

justly celebrated Beverages of the

GLOBE BREWERY

of BALTIMORE,

are bottled and sold at the city of Salis-

bury and vicinity by

S. ULMAN & BRO.,

Sole Agents Only.

and that any goods sold by other agents

or dealers are positively not of our man-

ufacture. We may as well state here that

our Gold Brand and Munich Beer are

exactly what we claim them to be. Made

of the finest Canada Malt and Choice

Bohemian Hops and a quantity of our

own malted barley and hops, and

our beer is brewed in the most

refined manner, and is of a

superior quality, and is

refreshing.

HEALTH GIVING

"STRENGTHENING."

The Wehr Hobelman Gottlieb,

Brewing and Malting Co.

210 N. E. Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 25-ly

WICOMICO RIVER,

2 miles from SALISBURY, in the most thorough

and complete manner, and at lowest rates.

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Miscellaneous Cards.

Valuable Farm.

I will sell at private auction my farm in

Prince Georges County, containing 100 acres.

This is a most desirable little property. The

house is a nice roomy frame structure, and is

in good condition. The land is well

cultivated. About half of the land is

in fruit and has a clay bottom with a

light hard loam surface. There is a

large pond on the property. The

farm is well situated for a

small farm or for a

large farm. The

land is well

cultivated.

For further

information

apply to

James K. Disher,

Wicomico Falls Mill, Salisbury, Md.

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LIKE THE SEA.

I would like the sea, that wide expanse

and grows more blue, as age

claps in its arms the sunset length of lands,

and would love her depths, and be as true

to men as the sea unto the sands.

I would like the rocks along her side.

My green pale was moon, that bending low

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# SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

Published Weekly at  
Salisbury, Wisconsin County, Maryland.

Office on Main Street.  
Thos. Perry, Editor and Proprietor.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of one dollar an inch for the first insertion and five cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers.

Local Notices less than a line for the first insertion and five cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free and not exceeding six lines. Military Notices five cents a line.

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Post Office at SALISBURY, MD., November 21st, 1897.

I hereby certify that the SALISBURY ADVERTISER, a newspaper published at this place, has been determined by the Third Assistant Postmaster-General to be a publication entitled to admission in the mails at the postpaid rate of postage, and entry of it is hereby authorized by the postmaster of this office.

Valid with the character of the publication remains unchanged.

BOLLA MOORE, Postmaster.

SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1898.

—Reports come from the South and especially about Norfolk that the vegetable crop is unusually promising. The average planted is unusually large and the growth is excellent, for an advance of the average season. The general impression with the farmers there is, that they will have a prosperous year. They think the crop be in market in time to realize paying prices upon.

—Governor Jackson seems to doubt the expediency at this time of affixing his name to the reassessment bill passed by the legislature that has just adjourned.

That a general reassessment of property in the State would put on the tax books much property that is now escaping taxation is generally conceded; that a reassessment of property would be to the interest of the farmer is certainly conceded; but there are two sides to the question. If those bills providing for amendments to the constitution are to effect the tax laws materially, the state can certainly afford to wait till these amendments are disposed of by the people, rather than to go to the expense of an assessment in the near future. One of these amendments provides that taxes shall be uniform on all property of the same class. If the State Tax Commissioner has been doing his duty all along, how can we hope to find such vast amounts of property by an assessment, that is now escaping taxation? The Tax Commissioner has power to make investigation of the assets of all corporations of the state and the county commissioners of the several counties, and the local government of the City of Baltimore of all individual property. Where then can we expect the assessors to find such a vast amount of property in secret hiding places escaping taxation?

An assessment under the present bill would be about as expensive as it is possible to have one. In addition to the useless body, the Board of Control and Review; it will be necessary for the Governor to call a special session of the State to confirm the appointments of officers to act under the law, thus making it doubly expensive. The principal demands for the assessment at this time seems to be from Baltimore City.

**Causes of Agricultural Depression.**  
The joint committee of members of the New Jersey State board of agriculture and both houses of the New Jersey Legislature, which have been acting since Governor Abbott for some weeks past in an effort to remedy present agricultural depression in New Jersey, agreed Tuesday on a memorial to Congress setting forth the most prominent grievances that require national legislation as a remedy. The memorial, which will be immediately forwarded to Washington, insists on the demoralization of silver as one of the causes of depression. It also inveighs against the opening up of further public lands to be given away to foreign syndicates and immigrants and there are still plenty of farms in the East to be cultivated. The memorial opposes irrigation by the government purpose of helping western farmers, and asks Congress to turn its attention for a while to needy farmers in the East. Trusts are condemned as the monopolies which control the Western beef and similar industries. Legislation is asked to reduce taxation within the actual needs of government and to reach the incomes of favored classes, and a fair distribution of the benefits of protection is asked in behalf of the farmer. The evils of adulterated food and its dangerous competition with honest farm products are set forth. Discrimination in favor of the Western and Southern farmer in the matter of freight rates is also referred to, but the committee have had a bill introduced in the State legislature for a railroad commission to look after these matters.

**High License Complicating.**  
PHILADELPHIA, April 8.—Another interesting question turned up in the License Court today, in which Judge Gordon disagreed with his colleagues. An applicant, who, in the usual form, had declared himself to be a man of moral character, who had obeyed the law, and who had often been held up as a model on Sundays. He declined to answer on the ground that it might minimize him to do so. The court sustained him in that and allowed his license to be given without proof his good moral character, but Judge Gordon dissented. He said that the applicant could not be compelled to answer a question if the answer would minimize him, but his only alternative was to withdraw his petition. He had himself declared his good moral character, and he must answer questions bearing on that issue if he would maintain his position. Judge Gordon concluded that the application should be at once and summarily dismissed. The court is expected to get through with the hearings of applicants this week.

During a storm Tuesday lightning struck the dwelling of Dr. J. E. Beatty, on East Main street, Chestertown Md. A large hole was torn in the chimney and roof and the great tree on the farm of Mr. Herman L. Bostman was also struck by lightning.

**That tired feeling** is entirely overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is a feeling of buoyancy and strength to the whole system.

**Harpesburg Niagara.**  
Many years ago Sir William Thompson, the famous English electrician, pointed out the vast power of Niagara for running dynamos and carrying electricity as a source of light and power to long distances inland. The suggestion of Sir William Thompson is now, it appears, about to bear fruit, but in a somewhat different way. The Niagara Falls Power Company has entered into a contract with the Ontario Construction Company for cutting a subterranean tunnel from a point below the falls to the Niagara river above the falls. This tunnel, "beginning at the water level below the falls, is to extend in an upward sloping line through the rock to the upper river, about a mile above the falls, where a head of one hundred and twenty feet is obtained. The tunnel will thence extend parallel with the shore of the river one and a half miles to an average depth of 180 feet below ground and about 400 feet distant from the navigable waters of the river, with which it will be connected by transverse surface conduits. The fall of the water from these conduits into the Niagara river will produce the power, and the plans adopted will furnish 120,000 horse power." The site selected for a new manufacturing town ranges from one to two and a half miles below the falls, the transverse canals and mill sites being located on a level plain in open country, now occupied chiefly as farming lands. They will be in close connection with the New York Central and Hudson River and the New York, Erie and Western railways, which run nearly parallel with the proposed new manufacturing town, where the arrangements are to be such as will not only offer facilities for the location of mills, grain elevators and shops, but also for the handling and transshipment of grain and both raw and manufactured materials. Besides the space allotted on the plain to power, mills, elevators and warehouses, there will also remain, it is said, ample room on either side for the mercantile needs of a great city. It is claimed by the projectors that as a cotton manufacturing centre the property will be more accessible by cheap freights from the cotton fields and to the Canadian markets than the famous cotton mill cities on the Merrimack river, and will be a much more central distributing station for the manufactured cloths and prints. Power and lighting currents may be electrically transmitted to neighboring cities, and possibly storage batteries may be electrically charged and recharged many times forwarded for use in surrounding cities. The economy of water power is one-fifth the cost of steam power under such conditions as exist at Niagara Falls. It is observed that this great engineering project in no way affects the integrity of the falls, the water for the tunnels and its transverse conduits being drawn from the river below, while the diversion of the water for power purposes would not affect, except to an infinitesimal amount, the volume of water passing over the falls, it being estimated that the quantity diverted from the river "would be only one-tenth of one per cent of the passing water." The one great advantage that the water power of Niagara would have over all others would be in the steadiness and permanency of supply. The project which is now about to enter into the constructive phase, and is supported by many heavy capitalists, appears to be one that promises to be quite as successful as the enterprise of building up the town of Lowell by the Lawrence and its associates. In some respects the enterprise would be greater, not only in the certainty and volume of the water supply, but also because the new town would be nearer to the great lakes and would have superior facilities for the handling of the great trunk lines of railroad.

**A Golden Wedding.**  
Mr. and Mrs. James J. Farren, of Cincinnati, celebrated their golden wedding in that city last Wednesday evening amid an admiring throng, who paid tribute to the signal occasion which thus crowns fifty years of prominent, useful and happy life in that community. From 1844 to 1889 Mr. Farren was one of the proprietors of the Cincinnati Enquirer, fifty-five years ago he was elected to the Ohio Legislature, and forty-six years ago he was elected to Congress for the first time. In 1855 he was mayor of Cincinnati, and a happy brood of children and grandchildren were present at Wednesday's rejoicings. The occasion was one long to be remembered, and one in which the whole city took profound interest and affectionate pride.

**Democratic Gains in Indiana.**  
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 7.—Little interest was shown in the township elections held in Indiana to-day. The few reports that have been received from the various townships indicate that the Republican vote is light. The Democratic vote, however, is comparatively large. In this city the average of Democratic gains is forty net in each precinct and a Republican majority of 1,400 two years ago has been overcome. The Democratic majority is estimated at from 1,200 to 1,500, representing a Democratic gain in the township of from 2,500 to 3,000.

**Every Spring.**  
Says one of the best housewives in New England, "We feel the necessity of taking a good medicine to purify the blood, and we all take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It keeps the children free from humors, my husband says it gives him a good appetite, and for myself I am sure I could never do all my work if it was not for this splendid medicine. It makes me feel strong and cheerful, and I am never tired with headache or that tired feeling as I used to be." April 5th.

It looks as though we were going to have considerable trouble in finding a man who will accept the position of State Treasurer, said Senator Gorman to a Star reporter on Saturday evening. "The office only pays \$2,500 a year—a miserable pittance—while the bond required amounts to \$200,000. There are but few men in Maryland who would be acceptable that would not take the place. The salary is too small."—Washington Star.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets (the Original Little Liver Pills) have to-day the largest sale of any pills sold by druggists. For all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, they are unequalled. One dose, 25 cents a vial.

Two Italian boys on their way home from an Easter frolic at Tomkins's Cove, N. Y., Monday morning, quarreled, and because so interested in punning each other that they failed to notice a West Shore railroad train, which killed one and fatally wounded the other.

"That tired feeling" is entirely overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is a feeling of buoyancy and strength to the whole system.

**The Church and the Negro.**  
New York, April 9.—At the last day's session of the New York Methodist Episcopal conference the Rev. James S. Chadwick, corresponding secretary of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education Society, offered for adoption the resolution: "The colored race is the south with their inherited tendencies of superstition and the long, dreary history of ignorance, thriftlessness and slavery are entitled to education to the fullest extent." The resolution was adopted by a vote of 100 to 10. The speaker, Mr. Chadwick, said that the colored race is the south with their inherited tendencies of superstition and the long, dreary history of ignorance, thriftlessness and slavery are entitled to education to the fullest extent. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 100 to 10. 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# SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

100 PER ANNUM.

SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1890.

## SALISBURY DIRECTORY.

### MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.

MAYOR.  
A. G. Towdine, Esq.

### CITY COUNCIL.

W. H. Jackson, Pres.  
J. H. Towdine, Sec'y.  
A. G. Towdine, Treas.

### BOARD OF TRADE.

W. H. Jackson, Pres.  
J. H. Towdine, Sec'y.  
A. G. Towdine, Treas.

### SALISBURY NATIONAL BANK.

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A. G. Towdine, Treas.

### SALISBURY PERMANENT BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

W. H. Jackson, Pres.  
J. H. Towdine, Sec'y.  
A. G. Towdine, Treas.

### DELAWARE ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.

John P. Owens, Local Manager.

### WATER COMPANY.

R. P. Dennis, Pres.  
L. S. Bell, Sec'y and Treas.

### LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Randolph Humphreys' young

night mare, "Queega," aged three

years, weighed 1285 lbs. a few days ago.

—Messrs. Grier shipped from their

machine shops in Salisbury last Wednes-

day a lot of special machinery to millmen

over 500,000 feet of North Carolina

yellow pine lumber arrived

Salisbury last week for Messrs. W. H.

Jackson and Son.

—Rev. W. B. Walton preached at As-

sembly church last Sunday night.

The inference of the M. E. church stationed

at Walton at Snow Hill.

—Mr. W. E. Wailes left Salisbury

yesterday for the purpose of introducing

the new Patent Sash Holder.

—Messrs. Laws & Purnell are now

preparing for the Household Sewing

Machine. They keep a supply ready for

their customers at their store on Main

street.

—The members of the Methodist Epis-

copal church at Salisbury gathered at the

church on Arbor Day and planted out

several young shade trees in the church-

yard.

—The Mite Society of the Presbyterian

church will meet at the residence of Mr.

W. G. Gundry on Camden avenue, Tues-

day evening next. A full attendance is

sought.

—Messrs. Ellis & Doward, the Salisbury

carriage makers, have just shipped a fine

carriage to Snow Hill. It is to be a

resting-place of the remains of Mrs.

Bo. S. Payne.

—Sheriff Jones took George Britt to

the House of Correction Wednesday

here he was sentenced at the last ses-

sion to the State Prison for a term of

four months for assaulting Jas. Rob-

erts.

—All persons who are interested in the

organization of the hook and ladder

and hose companies are requested to

meet at the engine room next Friday

evening, April 19th, at 8 o'clock.

F. A. GILES,  
Chief of Salisbury Fire Department.

—Miss Alice Dick's school entertain-

ing, which was advertised to be given

the evening of Arbor Day, was postponed

because of the storm which pre-

ceded it. It will now be given on

Friday evening, April 19th, at 8 o'clock.

—Mr. Jeff D. Venables who left this

city several years ago to reside in

Indiana, Ohio, has been home on a

visit to his relatives in Barren Creek

for a week. He is a son of the late

Charles Venables and brother of Eugene,

who conducted a fire insurance agency

in 1887.

—Postmaster Moore has selected Mr.

E. L. Price, son of Levin B. Price Esq.,

Allen, Md., for assistant postmaster

Salisbury. Deputy Postmaster G. V.

Allen, who was Mr. Price's assistant

at the post office at Salisbury, Bal-

timore, has been with Mr. Moore since

induction into office, will remain un-

der the new management.

—The River and Harbor Committee

appropriated \$5000 to the improve-

ment of the river between White

# Gen. Ensign's Courtesy.

A party of young Salisburyans were in

Baltimore the early part of the present

week, and before leaving the city pre-

parations were made for an enjoyable trip

down on the Pratt Tuesday night. The

party which formerly belonged to the

steamer was transferred several months

ago to the Kent. This left the Pratt

without a steamer. With no money

there could be no dancing, and without

some dancing the party's pleasure would

be considerably abridged. A representa-

tive of the party volunteered to wait on

President Ensign and ask him as a

favor to place the plane back on the Pratt.

With pleasing urbanity the General li-

stened to the request of the delegate

and assured him that the Steamboat

Company would be glad to do anything

to accommodate himself and his friends.

An expert was ordered to tune the in-

strument and put it in the best condition;

then the boat hands were directed to

make the transfer, but owing to some

alteration which had recently been

made in the engine, the boat could not

be taken down. This fact was reported to

Mr. Ensign, who, remarking that he was

bound to oblige the Salisbury party, sent

an order to Knab & Co., for a new in-

strument to be placed on the Pratt, and

to be christened by the Salisburyans.

If General Ensign's reward for this

kindness is proportionate with the hap-

piness he afforded the girls and boys,

then he will be well repaid for the ac-

tion.

## Artificial Ice.

W. H. Jackson, Dr. S. P. Dennis, Judge

C. F. Holland, James E. Ellegood, Judge

S. Adams and Dr. L. S. Bell have as in-

corporators, secured a charter to organize

a company for the manufacture of arti-

ficial ice in this town. The capital stock

is fixed at \$20,000. The machinery has

been bought and will be put in opera-

tion by the first of June. The factory

will probably be erected near the factory

of W. H. Jackson & Son at the depot.

Its capacity will be 125 tons a day. The

directors of the company for the first

year are W. H. Jackson, W. P. Jackson,

Dr. S. P. Dennis, L. S. Adams, Dr. L. S.

Bell, of Salisbury, and Mr. John S. Moore

of Havre de Grace.

The officers will be W. H. Jackson,

president; W. P. Jackson, treasurer;

and L. S. Adams, Secretary. The man-

agement of the company has not yet been

selected.

We are glad to see such an enterprise

in our midst. We believe it can be made

pay well as an investment. Salisbury

is unquestionably a good point for dis-

tribution. The men selected to manage it

are certainly business men and will make

it a success if it is possible to do it.

Among the other stockholders are Gov-

ernor Jackson, the Governor of the State,

more Mr. A. P. McComb of Havre de

Grace. In connection with the enter-

prise has been mentioned also a cream-

ery. It is this that our farmers are es-

pecially interested in. Nothing would

make good farmers of them so quickly.

The name of the company is to be

The Salisbury Crystal Ice Company.

## Arbor Day Observed.

Maryland's Second Arbor Day was ob-

served at Salisbury yesterday. The Gov-

ernor should have flattered that his pro-

clamation, declaring Wednesday, April 9th,

a day to be devoted to the planting of

trees, etc., was so universally observed.

In Wisconsin county the observance

of the day was chiefly for the public

schools. All the schools, in pursuance

to instructions from the School Board,

devoted all or part of the day to special

exercises. Trees and evergreens were

set out on the school premises, and

various exercises commemorative of the

occasion, were in order. The kinds of

# "CHRIST IS RISEN."

Songs of Praise and Prayers of Joy at the

Salisbury Church on Easter Day.

See the lights are burning, like our spirits

glowing, the flowers are blooming, like our souls

desires;

Smother Thy love upon us, O Christ, the risen

Lord.

Easter Day was bright and joyous. At

the churches in Salisbury appropriate

services were held and very largely at-

tended. At the Methodist Episcopal Church

and the Methodist Protestant church

were closed, the former being without a

pastor, and the latter's shepherd having

just gone to the annual Conference of his

church.

St. Peter's Church, Rev. William Man-

ford, rector, was handsomely decorated

with flowers.

Assembly M. E. Church, Rev. T. E. Mar-

tindale, pastor, was beautifully adorned

with Easter lilies and cut flowers.

Flowers and ferns were used in de-

coring the Trinity M. E. Church, South, Rev.

J. T. Bosman, pastor. Over the chancel

was the following inscription, in large

green letters: "The Lord is Risen, In-

deed; War, War, Ye Winds, His Story."

All the ministers preached able ser-

mons about Christ and his resurrection.

The following music was used:

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.

Morning service—organ voluntary from

Haydn's First Mass; Voluntary, "I am the

Resurrection," McGowan, Organist.

"Hallelujah for the Cross," McGowan;

Hymns, 686, 687 and 688. Evening service—

Voluntary, "Redeemed," Toward; Of-

feratory, "One Day Nearer Home," Mc-

Gowan; Hymns, 456, 457 and 458.

Miss Emma Powell presided at the

organ.

## ASSEMBLY M. E. CHURCH.

Morning service—Anthem "Christ is Risen"

"Hallelujah," Organist. "The Resur-

rection Hope," Hallelujah. The Volun-

tary in the evening was by Hallelujah.

"The Shadow of the Cross," Miss Sallie

Woodcock, organist.

## ST. PETER'S E. CHURCH.

Morning service—Processional Hymn, 103;

Anthem, "Christ Our Passover";

"Te Deum," Toward; "Hallelujah,"

Hymn 98; "Kyrie and Gloria," Toward;

Hymns, 103 and 104. Evening service—

Processional Hymn, 103; "Hallelujah,"

Hymn 103; "Hallelujah," Hymn 103;

"Hallelujah," Hymn 103; "Hallelujah,"

Hymn 103; "Hallelujah," Hymn 103;

"Hallelujah," Hymn 103; "Hallelujah,"

Hymn 103; "Hallelujah," Hymn 103;

"Hallelujah," Hymn 103; "Hallelujah,"

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Hymn 103; "Hallelujah," Hymn 103;

"Hallelujah," Hymn 103; "Hallelujah,"

Hymn 103; "Hallelujah," Hymn 103;

"Hallelujah," Hymn 103; "Hallelujah,"

Hymn 103; "Hallelujah," Hymn 103;







## Salisbury Cards.

## SALISBURY

Marine Railway &amp; Shipbuilding

COMPANY,

SALISBURY, MD.

ANNOUNCEMENT FOR 1890!

This Company is now prepared to do all kinds of SHIPBUILDING and REPAIRING work on their yard on the

WICOMICO RIVER,

Boats from SALISBURY, in the most thorough manner, and at lowest rates.

Boats of all kinds with a full stock of materials of all kinds used in the business, and a large force of skilled mechanics, and a large amount of work will be promptly and carefully executed.

Being located on shallow water, this SALISBURY yard is perfectly accessible by the water route, and is the best place for the protection of the boats against the water.

Plenty of room in shallow water adjacent to the wharf, where vessels can lie at anchor, while being overhauled, scraped and painted.

Applications for work respectfully solicited.

SAMUEL A. GRHAM, President.

A. A. GRHAM, Treasurer.

W. M. W. SMITH, Manager.

Jan 25-17

SIZE, SYMMETRY,

STANDING,

HIGH IN FANCY POINTS.

T. H. C. MORGAN,

SALISBURY, MD.

Breeder of the Heavy Weight Champion

Strain of LIGHT BRAHMS.

\$1.00 per setting. All correspondence

cheerfully answered.

GEORGE C. HILL,

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

DOCK STREET, SALISBURY, MD.

COFFINS AND CASKETS

of every description made and furnished.

Burial Rights constantly in stock.

Immediate attention given to funerals

in City or Country.

SALISBURY LEADING JEWELER,

A. W. WOODCOCK.

SALISBURY MACHINE SHOP,

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

Pumps, Shells, Hangers, Couplings, Circular Saw

Blades, Roller Feeders, Iron and Brass Castings.

GRATE BARS FOR DUST, COAL OR WOOD.

We can repair or replace any part of your

machinery at a low price.

Practically as good as new.

Corn Shellers and all Agricultural Machinery in

stock.

Agents for the best Engines & Saw Mills in the Peninsula.

GRIER BROS.,

SALISBURY, MD.

PALACE LIVERY STABLES.

Sale and Exchange.

We have the best accommodations on the

Shore. A large number of GOOD

TRAMPS to hire at reasonable prices.

Traveling Salesmen taken to all parts

of the Peninsula.

We are also prepared to board teams

by the mile or month.

Sirman & Lowe

C. E. HARPER,

THE LEADING

Jeweler and Optician,

has been receiving a large and well selected

lot of new goods: Gold and Silver Watches of

every style, and of all kinds of jewelry.

He also has a large stock of silverware, and

all kinds of goods, and is prepared to

execute all orders in a prompt and

careful manner.

He is also prepared to repair and

renew all kinds of jewelry.

He is also prepared to make and

repair all kinds of watches.

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repair all kinds of jewelry.

## Miscellaneous Cards.

## NOTICE!

to the public in general and connoisseurs

in particular is hereby given that the so

called Celebrated Beverages of the

GLOBE BREWERY

of BALTIMORE,

are bottled and sold at the city of Salisbury

and vicinity by

S. J. ULMAN & BROS.,

Sole Agents Only.

and that any goods sold by other agents

or dealers are positively not of our manufac-

ture. We may as well state here that

our Old Brand and Munich Beer are ex-

actly what we claim them to be. Made

of the finest Canada Malt and Choicest

Bohemian Hops and many of our out-

standing physicians con-

firmly recommend them.

REFRESHING.

HEALTH-GIVING

STRENGTHENING.

The Wehr Hobelmann Gottlieb,

Brewing and Malting Co.

211 East Baltimore St.

We invite attention to our line of Of-

fice Furniture, Bank, Insurance, and

Commercial Bank Books made in all

styles, and in the most durable and

reliable manner. Check Books, Lith-

ographed and Printed on Safety Paper

and in the most durable and reliable

manner. BOX PAPERS in large variety.

GOLD PENCILS, Pens and Chalks made

in the most durable and reliable man-

ner. GOLD KEY-RINGS, Fine Assortment

from 50 cents to \$5.00 each.

LEATHER GOODS—Our specialty.

Please give us a call or come to our

store, where you will find a large stock

of goods, and in the most durable and

reliable manner. Office Supplies of all kinds, including

Stationery, Letter Heads and Envelopes. Address,

W. J. C. Dulaney & Co.,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

No. 22 Baltimore St., three doors below

Charles St.

Baltimore, Md.

Refer to Pub. of this paper.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

Cor. Chambers St. & W. Broadway,

NEW YORK.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS

FOR 400 GUESTS.

This Hotel is conducted on the European

plan. There is a Lunch Counter with en-

tire service for Ladies and Gentlemen, entrance on Cham-

bers Street.

On the 1st of July, 1890, interest will

be paid on all bonds of \$100 and up-

wards, on the 1st of July, 1890, interest

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## Miscellaneous Cards.

## Valuable Farm.

I will sell at private auction my farm in

Nutter's District, containing 140 acres. This

is a most desirable little property. The

dwelling is a nice stone frame structure, and

is in good condition. The same may be said of

the outbuildings. About half of the cleared

land is in corn, and the other half is in

timber and has a day bottom with a

large tract of water. There is a plenty of

timber for fuel and repair, with some

timber for building. The farm is well

located, and is within half mile

of the farm house, and is a very

pleasant place to live. Reason for

wanting to sell, need capital to

develop other business.

I also have some good machinery which

I will sell for much less than its actual

value. One lot of shaffet feet long, 24

inches in diameter, 12 inch, one lot of

shaffet feet long, 12 inch, one lot of

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This image shows a vertical strip of aged, textured paper or parchment. The surface is light-colored with a mottled appearance, showing signs of wear, discoloration, and small dark spots. A dark, irregular border runs along the right edge, suggesting it might be a fragment from a larger document or a scan of a physical object. There is no text or other markings visible on the strip.











# SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT  
Salisbury, Wisconsin County, Maryland.

OFFICE ON MAIN STREET.  
Thos. Perry, Editor and Proprietor.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of one dollar an inch for the first insertion, and fifty cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount will be made for cash payment. Local Notices two cents a line for the first insertion and five cents for each additional insertion. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free when not exceeding six lines. Ordinary Notices five cents a line. Subscription price, one dollar per annum, in advance. Single copy, three cents.

POST OFFICE AT SALISBURY, MD.  
November 24th, 1887.

I hereby certify that the SALISBURY ADVERTISER, a newspaper published at this place, has been determined by the United States Postmaster-General to be a publication entitled to admission in the mails at the pound rate postage, and entry of it as such is accordingly made on the books of this office. Valid while the character of the publication remains unchanged.

ROLLA MOORE, Postmaster.

SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1890.

The seat of the late Samuel J. Randall, who represented one of the Congressional districts of Philadelphia, will be held by the tariff reformers led by such men as A. K. McClure, editor Times, and W. M. Singler, editor Record. The district is strongly democratic and there is a strong sentiment in it in opposition to sending a democrat in name and republican in policy.

"The impression is growing that Governor Jackson was more of a success as a lumber merchant than he is as a Governor."—*Constitutional Observer*.

We read these lines with some little surprise but our surprise vanished as soon as our eyes fell on the next paragraph, of the *Observer* which runs like this: "Does the appointment of Mr. Edwin H. Brown to the Treasury position eliminate Queen Anne's for the Congressional nomination?"

And between the lines we read that the *Observer* is the organ of the old Keating faction in the county and opposed to everybody in sympathy with the ruling element of the county, represented by Mr. Brown, his brother John B. Brown, and ex-Senator Turpin.

Governor Jackson finally decided last week to veto the reassessment bill, passed by the last legislature. In declining to sign the bill he says: "I have determined that I will not sign bill No. 638, which provides for the general valuation and assessment of property in this State. In my message to the General Assembly at the beginning of the session of 1889, I frankly said that I thought a new valuation and assessment of property in this State ought to be provided for. I remain of that opinion. I thought that such new assessment ought to be made in a manner which would yield profitable results without vesting in the assessing officers extraordinary and offensive powers, and without subjecting the citizen to unnecessary interference with his private affairs. I was then and am now of the opinion that no system of taxation ought to be made offensive to those upon whom it is intended to operate, and that novel and extraordinary and questionable powers ought not to be vested in subordinate taxing officers of the State. Our people are not accustomed to see such powers exercised. The bill under consideration is not framed in such a manner as to avoid these difficulties. It grants more power to the assessing officers than they ought to have and it exposes the citizen to the malice of informers in cases where probably there would be no cause of complaint. The effect of the bill would be, in my judgment, to drive more taxes out of the State than it would add to our basis of taxation, while our aim should be to encourage, by all fair and just means, the bringing of capital to our State. I cannot, therefore, sign the bill on the ground of the individual public and general discontent which would certainly follow if I approved this bill and set its machinery in motion. There are particular inconsequential defects in the bill upon which I might dwell at length, but it is not necessary. But I am obliged to say that, although I began the study of the bill with a strong desire to sign it, the provisions and methods are so objectionable to me that I have finally determined it is my duty not to approve it."

Among other objectionable features of the bill is that of double taxation. For example private corporations of the State would be compelled to pay taxes on their property at its full valuation and then pay taxes on its bonded debt. Take for instance the Salisbury Water Works, whose plant cost \$20,000, upon which there is a bonded debt of \$12,000; the company would first be compelled to pay taxes on the \$20,000, then the holders of the \$12,000 worth of bonds, representing the debts of the concern, would have to pay taxes on this sum, thus making a \$32,000 plant pay taxes on \$32,000. Another objectionable feature of the bill, as we understand it, is the assessors would have power to compel persons to testify under oath their knowledge of other people's property, thus setting up a sort of inquisition.

We believe now as we have done all along that a reassessment is needed, but taking into consideration the cost of the assessment, the depreciated condition of property, the fact that there are a number of constitutional amendments to be submitted in 1891, and the objectionable manner of assessing property, the governor has probably done the best thing.

Honors to President Carnot.  
PARIS, April 23.—The train on which President Carnot was traveling from Ajaccio, Corsica, was prevented from reaching Bastia on the 23rd by the derailment of the train preceding it.

At Corte, 31 miles south-west of Bastia, President Carnot received the municipal authorities. He made an address in which he congratulated them that the elections in Corsica had ended and that only a French party, united by patriotism, remained.

The track was finally cleared and when the president reached Bastia he was welcomed by an immense crowd. A French naval squadron, which was lying in the harbor, fired a salute in honor of the president.

Don't hawl, and blow, and spit, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Of Druggists, 50 cts.

## Christ the Only Bishop Recognized.

"Rosa Mit Him," German for "Out with him." The cry which rang through the court of Pontius Pilate was heard in a Christian Church in Chicago Sunday, and, exciting the action to the world, angry men forcibly ejected from the church a preacher of the gospel. It was the culmination of the trouble in the Illinois Conference of the Evangelical Alliance, which resulted in the division of the conference last week into two sections, each claiming to alone possess the ecclesiastical authority of the conference. Each conference appointed pastors for all the churches in the State, so that each church has two pastors. At the Humboldt Park Church Sunday afternoon the Rev. Mr. Morlock was to preach his farewell sermon, and, under the itinerant system, his successor was to be installed. The adherents and appointees of both conferences were on hand, each determined to take possession of the church and to install its pastor. The Wisconsin Conference had appointed Rev. John Vetter, and the Sheffield Wisconsin Conference licensed Rev. A. H. Heilmann. When Pastor Morlock and Pastor-elect Heilmann attempted in company to close the Sunday-school preparatory to other services, Sunday-school Superintendent Thos. Krueger and Pastored-elect Vetter rushed into the sanctuary. Immediately a number of the congregation leaped from their seats and seized Mr. Vetter while Mr. Heilmann jumped down from the pulpit and across the chancel rail. The confusion and shouting were such that the Rev. Mr. Heilmann, who was in the door, Mr. Vetter's friends shrieking, "They are killing our preacher!" while his opponents yelled, "Rosa mit him!" Mr. Vetter finally was landed outside, and, notwithstanding he produced his license, was refused admission by Mr. Heilmann, who stood in the doorway. When Mr. Vetter and his friends retired the Rev. Morlock preached his sermon. He deplored the scene but said that Christ was the only bishop they were recognizing at present. The feeling between the factions is very high and that section of Chicago is greatly excited over the affair.

The Jute Bagging Problem Solved.  
ANGUSTA GA., April 21.—Mr. William F. Jackson, a well-known lawyer of this city, has solved the jute bagging problem that has agitated cotton circles for so long. Mr. Jackson has perfected mechanical appliances for making bagging from cotton stalks two millions of dollars annually will go into the pockets of the farmers for what is now cleared from the fields at an expense. Augusta will be the headquarters for the company's mills and offices, which will extend from Virginia to Texas. Mr. Jackson had the roll of bagging which is exhibited woven by the jute bagging looms of Mr. J. C. Todd, at Patterson, N. J., and that expert soon pronounced it equal to its rivals. The cotton stalk bagging is less inflammable, and is only a shade darker than jute. Cotton circles here are jubilant.

New England in the South.  
Hand to hand, shoulder to shoulder, in the most perfect union that ever reconciled two once embittered and divided sections of our common country, the people of New England are working with the people of the South. They have agreed, they are coming to us from the bleak hills and valleys, not as travelers of ill-fame, impelled by curiosity; not seeking to revive the memories of our battle fields looking for blood stains upon the white breasts of our children, but as men forging and forgetful, even as we have forgiven and forgot in the new life which has dawned on us, in the new conditions which surround us, and have cast their lot with us for the upbuilding of a new South, whose wealth has waned them, whose unlimited resources give such a promise of rich rewards that while a few of their brethren, who have followed the South, have been the victims of the war, pictured with prejudice in the columns of a partisan press, remaining at home and preach dull sectional sermons to us, these, wiser in their day and generation, with coats of arms and crests rolled up are telling side by side the Southern men in prosperous Southern cities.

An Indian Romance.  
CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., April 23.—One of the most romantic incidents that has ever taken place on the great Sioux reservation, culminated in the marriage of Frank Foot and Miss Mary Gray Bird, both full-blooded Indians, at Lower Brule Agency yesterday.

An Indian named Tommy Tomkins had been engaged to marry Mary Gray Bird. Tomkins had bought a new suit of clothes, and Mary's friends and relatives had joined together and purchased her wedding outfit. Numerous presents had been procured and a wedding feast was arranged for. At this juncture Frank Foot, one of the attractive young bucks of the tribe, appeared on the scene.

The night before the wedding was to have occurred he persuaded Mary that he was the proper man for her to marry and, both being apparently of the same mind, they eloped. On the following day the discarded lover met Foot and an encounter took place with loss of considerable Foot's blood. Frank took his punishment quietly, pocketed his wounds, and walked back from his face, proceeded to the agency and the ceremony was performed.

"Every Spring."  
Says one of the best housewives in New England: "We feel the necessity of taking a good medicine to purify the blood, and we all take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It keeps the children free from humors, my husband says it gives him a good appetite, and for myself I am sure I could never do all my work if it was not for this splendid medicine. It makes me feel strong and cheerful, and I am never tired with headache or any other trifling ailment as I used to be." apr 5-1m

A Priest Suspended.  
Bishop Wadhams has suspended Father Peter H. J. Ryan, of St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, Lowell, N. Y., and expelled him from the priesthood on the ground of acts unbecoming a priest. The chief complaint against him is his methods of assessing the congregation and exhorting money from them. The trouble was brought to a climax a few Sundays ago when the priest's demands upon a lady member of his congregation for her share of a certain assessment was resisted. He became angry and struck the lady in the face with a prayer-book and used language unbecoming a priest. The congregation then appealed to the bishop, with the result stated.

Advice to Mothers.  
Mrs. Winslow's *Soothing Syrup* should always be used for children's teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Garibaldi's son, Menotti, is a member of the Italian Parliament and an alderman of Rome.

## The Object of Stealing Senators.

The New York Times says: By the creation of four new states and the stealing of the senators of one of them the Republicans have made for themselves a majority of ten in the United States Senate, that body now consisting of forty-seven Republicans and thirty-seven Democrats. The stealing of Messrs. Sanders and Powers, of Montana, was an act of sheer partisanship, the sole motive of which was an increase of Republican strength for the future. Its effect in Montana itself was shown in advance of the final action by the result of local elections, and its general effect can hardly fail to be unfavorable to the party guilty of an act of such gross unfairness. But it is evident that the majority in the Senate was so intent upon interchanging itself by two additional votes against the chances of the future that it did not stop to calculate the incidental political effect. It looks rather as though the Republicans were calculating upon an adverse tendency against their party, and making sure of the one important body of governing men, the Senate, by changing by revolutions in public sentiment. The Senate cannot be directly affected by the popular vote, and the elections of a single year can hardly change its political complexion when the Republican party has so many Democratic representatives in the House of Representatives as they did in Mr. Cleveland's term. This possibility apparently furnished the motive for boldly stealing the two Montana Senators.

Dr. Talmage Offended.  
BROOKLYN, April 22.—At the meeting of the Brooklyn Board of Education, there was due from Dr. Talmage's Tabernacle \$440. Rev. Dr. Archibald McCullough said if the Tabernacle did not feel that they could meet the Presbytery tax some recommendations should be made to the Board of Education by a committee to assess the amount of the tax. But in any event he hoped some remedy would be made to meet the deficit. Dr. Talmage said, with some asperity, that the Tabernacle would meet the deficit by its own means, and he would not see the necessity for any such action on the part of the board.

Treasurer Ann said he had left word at Dr. Talmage's house concerning the deficit. Dr. Talmage replied that he had not heard of it since. He then left the assessment personally, and returning to his seat in the pew, said with much feeling: "As the fact that my dearly beloved church had not paid the assessment was a cause of shame to me, I wish to say that this peculiar and high handed attempt to cast a slur upon it is unwarranted. I have the receipt in my pocket for \$440 assessment which was overlooked. At the same time I wish to protest against the Board of Education's action against the Tabernacle, and to say that against the imputation sought to be cast."

There was no response to Dr. Talmage's remarks, and a few minutes later he took up his hat and left to attend a funeral.

A Train Wrecker's Work.  
DES MOINES, Ia., April 23.—A Rock Island passenger train was badly derailed yesterday morning by an open switch. One coach was turned over in the ditch, and several passengers were severely hurt but none fatally. The engine and one car passed over safely and trainmen assert that the switch was turned by means of an iron bar in the hands of a train wrecker who was lying beside the track. All the clerks of the train reported the theory that it was a deliberate attempt to wreck the train either for revenge or for the sake of plunder. The injured are: Mrs. E. M. Post, Omaha; Mrs. Carrie Schaff, Iowa; A. A. Trimmer, Ames; and William Piper, Des Moines.

General News.  
Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses curative powers exclusively its own, and which make it "peculiar to itself." Be sure to take it.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton has gone to Europe, and will live henceforth in London, near her daughter and her son, Theodore Stanton.

Alphonse Daudet is acting as a jurymen, at the Paris Assizes. The novelist has suffered severely from rheumatism during the winter.

Ish, cured in 30 minutes by Woolf's Sarsaparilla. Never fail to take it. R. K. Fruit and Sons, Druggists, Salisbury.

Mrs. Lizzie Mead, widow of Professor Hiram Mead, of Oberlin, Ohio, has accepted the presidency of Mount Holyoke College. She is now studying in Germany.

Miss K. Constance Stone is the first female physician who has been registered in the Australian colonies. She has just been registered in Melbourne.

Joseph Hoffmann, the boy pianist, who is living at Eisenach, practices steadily, and has been composing more or less, but has not played in public since he was in this country.

The McCalla court-martial was continued in New York Wednesday. A number of the crew of the Enterprise testified to having been cruelly treated by the commander.

Isaac Pitman, the inventor of phonography, is a hoary-haired man with a scholarly stoop, and still presides over the Phonographic Institute, Bala, England, where he has resided uninterruptedly for more than half a century. He is rising 78, yet he supervises a correspondence of 30,000 letters a year, besides editing the Phonographic Journal and compiling the numerous books which he annually publishes.

"A small pond" reports the New Bedford Standard, "which supplies the Brookville mill at Sucker Brook, near the Rhode Island line, is literally alive with white perch. From the pond the water flows through a dam about one hundred feet long to the water-wheel, and for several days the management has run the dam down, and each time captured two bushels of perch and allowed the fish to take them."

The Chicago *Foreman*, a leading journal, is overheard of Maryland's stride towards eminence as a region of fine horses, and in its last number says: "Stock farms are now found in nearly every county, and it is a rare thing for a week to pass without an important purchase for that State being reported. Nature has given Maryland an admirable climate for stock raising, and in the near future it will be an important factor in the breeding world."

## Henry E. Dixey's Game of Hearts.

Henry E. Dixey, the actor, is having some trouble over an old debt in Chicago. About two years ago Duncan B. Harrison obtained judgment against Dixey for some \$2,200 on a note which an actor had given him. It was claimed the money represented by the note had been lost at cards and Dixey repudiated the debt, but judgment was given against him. The judgment was never satisfied, and on Monday James G. Parnell, acting for Harrison, issued an execution against the player for \$2,200. Tuesday Dixey was granted an injunction by Judge Jamieson, in Chicago, restraining Parnell from further proceeding toward the collection of the money. The injunction was issued on a bill filed by Dixey, in the Superior Court, in which "Adonis" tells the story of a game of hearts: "In 1886," says Dixey, "Harrison of St. Louis and I joined in the fascinating game, which was commenced for a stake of five cents a heart and ended with a valuation of \$10 per heart for each of the cards of that suit found in the hand of the loser Harrison. In this game Dixey lost \$1,905, which he promised to pay Harrison at some future date. He did not keep his promise, and February 7, 1888, while in Chicago, he was visited by the sheriff, who seized his jewelry and wardrobe. The judgment was never satisfied, and on Monday James G. Parnell, acting for Harrison, issued an execution against the player for \$2,200. Tuesday Dixey was granted an injunction by Judge Jamieson, in Chicago, restraining Parnell from further proceeding toward the collection of the money. 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